IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

DAVID BURNS,

Appellant,

VS.

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Respondent.

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ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT

RESCH LAW, PLLC d/b/a Conviction Solutions Jamie J. Resch Nevada Bar Number 7154 2620 Regatta Dr., Suite 102 Las Vegas, Nevada, 89128 (702) 483-7360

ATTORNEYS FOR RESPONDENT

CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTY. Steven B. Wolfson 200 Lewis Ave., 3rd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 (702) 455-4711

NEVADA ATTORNEY GENERAL Aaron Ford 100 N. Carson St. Carson City, Nevada 89701 (775) 684-1265

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1	MR. SGRO: No objection.
2	THE COURT: It'll be received.
3	(State's Exhibit 299 admitted.)
4	BY MR. DiGIACOMO:
5	Q Can you tell me what the phone number of the
6	of the phone that is being requested?
7	A Yeah. It's right at the top and it's right
8	after the word "MSISDN." And basically that's just a real
9	a fancy name for phone number. The number is 702-927-8742.
10	Q And who is the registered or the billing
11	account name?
12	A Billing account name is Winifred F. Hill.
13	Q And can you tell from this document whether or
14	not it is a prepaid or a postpaid phone?
15	A It's a postpaid phone, which is a monthly phone.
16	It's billed monthly to the address.
17	MR. ORAM: Counsel, I'm sorry, could you give me the
18	last four digits of that? Is it 8742?
19	MR. DiGIACOMO: 8742.
20	MR. ORAM: Sorry.
21	BY MR. DiGIACOMO:
22	Q And and I'm sorry, you were answering that
23	it's a postpaid?
24	A It is.
25	Q So this is like somebody gets a normal bill at

the end of the month?

A Yes. Yes.

Q Now I'm going to show you State's Proposed Exhibit 303 and ask you if you recognize what that document is?

A I do. These are records, billing records which include cell site records. When we get a request for cell site information, at the — at the time back in 2010, this is the application that we would go to in order to pull that information out, cell site information, and that's what this record is for.

Q And is that the corresponding cell site records for the 927-8742 number?

A It is. It's — the number matches the subscriber number for the — for these records.

Q And they're true, fair and accurate copies, they're business records of T-Mobile?

A Yeah. The only thing that this isn't going to pick up will be text messaging. And the reason for that is when we get a request for cell site information, when our — our people at our office run it, they run only voice calls, because it's the voice calls that generate the cell site information. Our — our records don't capture the cell site information for text messaging, so they won't be on here.

Q So these are -- are voice calls that establish

that there's cell tower communication of those voice calls? 1 Yes. Yes. Α And because they're -- text messages don't 3 actually capture the cell tower information, that wouldn't be 4 contained in this document? 5 Right. They don't run them with the text 6 Α messaging for that reason. 7 8 MR. DiGIACOMO: Move to admit 303. No objection. MR. ORAM: MR. SGRO: No objection. 10 THE COURT: It'll be received. 11 12 (State's Exhibit 303 admitted.) 13 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 14 Set this one aside for just a moment. 300. Do 15 you recognize what's been marked as State's Proposed Exhibit 300? 16 17 I do. Α 18 And what is that? Q 19 Again, this is a subscriber page. An Α in-house-built system for us to utilize. And again, it has 20 certain information, the subscriber phone number, account 21 22 information, name. In this case, does not have the address. 23 And this is a prepaid phone. 24 And is this the subscriber information 25 for 512-629-0041?

1	A It says, "Billing account name Dequita None
2	Clark [phonetic]." And the "none" is a placeholder. We see
3	that on the records quite often with the prepaid.
4	Q What I was asking is it for the phone number
5	512-629
6	A Oh, oh, I'm sorry, the phone number. Okay.
7	Q 0041?
8	A 512-629-0041, yes.
9	Q Okay. And once again that's a business record?
10	A Yes, it is.
11	Q And it appears to be a true, fair and accurate
12	copy?
13	A Yes.
14	MR. DiGIACOMO: Move to admit 300.
15	MR. ORAM: No objection.
16	MR. SGRO: No objection.
17	THE COURT: Be received.
18	(State's Exhibit 300 admitted.)
19	BY MR. DiGIACOMO:
20	Q And you sort of answered my question. The
21	billing name is a Dequita Clark?
22	A Yes.
23	Q And then this is a prepaid phone?
24	A It is.
25	Q Based upon the fact that it's prepaid, is there
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any — well, let me — I guess I should ask you when someone has a postpaid customer, is there a check to make sure this is actually the person who's purchasing the phone so that they're getting their cell phones on a kind of credit, whether it gets paid?

A There is. Because the company needs to verify that information. So they have to — when they are opening an account, they would have to produce a — a picture ID, typically a government type, like a drivers license. Because it — they're going to get billed each month. It's a credit situation that the company wants to make sure that they are the person who they are that's going to be paying the bill and it's going to go to that address. Where —

Q You're about to go to where. On a prepaid, is it different?

A On a prepaid it's a little different. Because there are no bills that go to the house or to an address. The company has no business need for that information. So there's really no checking on a person that's opening the account. You can walk into the store, you can — you can put whatever name you want down. We see all kinds. Or no information at all. And a lot of times you could just buy a prepackaged phone with a SIM card and walk out the door with it with — with no information at all. Just, again, the company doesn't need that information because there's no credit checks done,

there's no billing sent to the house. Everything is paid for 1 up front for the prepay. 2 I'm going to show you State's Exhibit --3 Proposed Exhibit 304. Is that the corresponding cell site 4 information for the 512-629-0041? 5 Yes, it is. 6 Α 7 Let me ask you a question, then, about the two separate cell site informations, 303 and 304. On those cell 8 site, there's a date and time of calls being placed and calls being terminated. The date and time that's on there, is it 10 correlated to any information as to -- so the -- so whether or 11 12 not we know it's an accurate time? Do you understand my question? 13 14 Α No. 15 All right. Let me ask it this --16 I don't understand it. THE COURT: 17 MR. DiGIACOMO: I know. It was a terrible question. BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 18 19 Let me ask it this way. The date and time, how Q 20 is the date and time generated on these documents? 21 These documents, the date and time is the --Α 22 obviously the date -- the date and time of the activity of the 23 phone. And this information is pulled out of a server that gets the time stamping from the switch. 24 25 So if the switch is located in Las Vegas, Q

1	Nevada, the time on the record should be local time, Las
2	Vegas, Nevada?
3	A Yes.
4	Q So now I'm going to ask you about State's
5	Proposed Exhibit No. 324. Do you recognize that document?
6	A Yes, I do.
7	Q And are these also records of T-Mobile that are
8	kept in the ordinary course of business?
9	A Yes, they are.
10	Q And they're true, fair and accurate records?
11	A Yes.
12	MR. DiGIACOMO: Move to admit 324.
13	MR. ORAM: No objection.
14	MR. SGRO: No objection.
15	THE COURT: Received.
16	(State's Exhibit 324 admitted.)
17	BY MR. DiGIACOMO:
18	Q Now, 324, there's actually a copy of what
19	appears to be 300 as page 2, and then there's pages 3 through
20	27, which appears to be some sort of phone records. Can you
21	explain to the ladies and gentlemen of the jury what 324 is?
22	A This is an application, we have a lot of
23	applications. But this is an application that we utilize.
24	applications. But this is an application that we utilize. Again, this was a system built in-house for us in order to pull subscriber information and also call detail information.
25	pull subscriber information and also call detail information.

And so these are what we -- we call billing records, call 1 detail records. And it would show the subscriber phone number, date, time of the activity and the type of activity at the bottom.

There's a legend or a key down there that will show you if you see nothing next to the calls, that just means just a regular old call. Sometimes you might see things, like you see a lot of D's on here. Those are text messages.

Now, on the time stamp that is on that record, 0 is that time stamp different than is going to be on -- I guess I should back up.

This is for 512-629-0041; is that correct?

Yes. Α

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And then is the time record that is Okay. Q contained on State's Exhibit No. 324 going to be different than the time record that's on State's Exhibit No. 304?

Well, these times, call times for prepay and Α SMS, which is text messaging, and it says right on here are in Pacific time. And this, to go a little further, these records are back in August and -- of 2010. And during that time, these -- these records are time stamped when they go to billing. And the billing computers for prepay are on the West So that's why they get time stamped on Pacific time.

However, one other thing is in the summertime, like in August, daylight saving time, there were certain years that

the records -- or the billing computers, when they did time 1 stamping, didn't compensate for daylight saving time. 2 3 Okay. So daylight savings time, and this is the \bigcirc first week in November or October, somewhere around there, 4 fall, you fall back. So you go back an hour. So if on these 5 records, for example, if we go to August 7th of 2010, and only 6 because I remember off the top of my head that there's going 7 to be a record on here at 3:49 in the morning -- oh, sorry, 8 3:29 in the morning --3:29. 10 Α -- that call actually took place at 4:29 in the 11 12 morning? 13 And I have to do math. Α 14 You'd add a hour? Q 15 So it would be an hour ahead here in Las Α Yeah. 16 Vegas. Yes. 17 So -- so these records are going to be an hour 18 off for the call detail records --19 Yes. Α 20 -- these records which are on 304? 21 Yes. Α 22 Now, I want to put on the overhead for you, how Q 23 we read some of these records for the ladies and gentlemen of 24 the jury. So we're going to have to zoom in on the various

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columns here. So let me just start on the left side. And you

can just -- there we go.

Can you see on your screen there?

A I don't see -- there's nothing up there. Want me just to go down there and do it? Or --

MR. DiGIACOMO: Judge, may I have him step down if -THE COURT: No. Hang on.

THE WITNESS: There it is. Just came on.

BY MR. DiGIACOMO:

Q Can you read that from there?

A I can. Yes, sir.

Q Okay. And actually if you touch the screen, it'll actually make a mark on this TV in front of the jury. So I'm just going to touch my finger on — onto here, but the first column starts with LAC, and there's a bunch of numbers here. What is LAC?

A LAC is — LAC is a location area code. And these are numbers that are assigned by engineering to switch or market areas. And the reason that we need LACs is because cell site ID numbers, which will be the next number we talk about, is — they'll — they repeat themselves throughout the country. And a lot of times even within a state, those numbers will repeat themselves.

So engineering will assign LACs to a particular cell site with a cell site ID number. So when we look at a call and want to know where that cell site is, we will match the

cell site ID number and the LAC together and look at the address next to that. And that's going to be the location of that cell site.

If it wasn't — if we weren't looking at the LACs, you could see four or five, six cell site ID numbers. And with different addresses, you wouldn't know which one it — it went to.

So, basically, the LAC is similar to, say, an area code on your phone. I know it's 702 out here. I know you're from Las Vegas. 201 for me, you'd know I was from New Jersey. So LACs kind of operate the same way. So we match the LAC with the cell site ID number.

Q Let me ask you this. Can — can LACs overlap? For example, can LAC 146 also be the same as LAC, you know, 24597; could they still be in the same location in the valley?

A They can be. What — what happens when engineering will put more equipment onto a cell site structure, tower, building or whatever. When they add more equipment to it, they may assign a LAC to that new equipment. So you may have two — as you go down looking at the list, you may have two LACs at the same address and you'd be — scratch your head, saying what the heck is this. But that's how they're assigned. So you can have more than one LAC assigned to the same cell site address.

Q Then cell ID. This may be somewhat

self-explanatory after your last answer, but just explain what a cell ID is?

A Well, cell site ID is, again, every cell site has a number assigned to it. And normally ours are five digits. They don't always have to be, they can be less. The interesting thing with the cell site ID, if you look at the last digit of the cell site ID, that is the sector that the signal hit that cell site on.

And cell site is broken down to typically —

typically a three-sector site. And your kind of northeast

area, north area would be Sector 1. Your southern area would

be Sector 2, and Sector 3 would be kind of your northwest

area. Those are broken down to 120 degrees each to make 360

degrees, similar to a compass.

Q And then the latitude — well, I guess the next one — you just sort of talked abut the orientation on the horizon, or maybe it's horizontal?

A The orientation is — not all cell sites face exactly north. So the orientations are important. To look at the first one, there's an orientation of zero. So this particular cell site would be facing north. It's the Sector 1 and zero orientation. So what would happen is your cell sectors are, with the three-sector site, 120 degrees each. At zero is the center of that sector. And you would just go out 60 degrees to one side, 60 degrees to the other side of that

zero, and that's the coverage of that sector.

Q So if we skip down to the third one, which is LAC 281, Cell Site 11021, and the — or the orientation is 45, that cell site is at — the 1 is at 45 degrees, and so you'd go 60 in one direction, 60 in the other direction?

A From 45 degrees you go 60 one way, 60 the other way to make -- yes -- 120.

Q Okay. And then the latitude and longitude?

A Latitude and longitude is the actual location of the cell site. When we would plot these on a map, we would use the latitude and longitude instead of the actual address for the cell site. The address for the cell site is for — so engineering knows where to go when they have to go up and work on the cell site or look at it. It's kind of like a mailing address. But the cell site may not be right exactly at that address on the street. It'd be like if you live on One Main Street, your houses might be on the street, or it could be 50 yards back from the street. So the same concept.

Cell sites normally aren't that far from the physical address. But the latitude, longitude is what we would use to map the cell site.

Q So if you were to go onto Google Maps and enter the latitude and longitude, you get a point as exactly what the tower is, not necessarily what the street address was?

A Yes.

Q Okay. It says the market is San Francisco and the region is West, I think that's going to be somewhat self-explanatory, because then there's a physical address, state, ZIP code, the county of Nevada that that cell site is in, and then it gives you information on which switch is being

A That's a multi-switch center. It's just another type of switch.

used. And then what's the MSC at the end?

Q So now I want to go to, first, the 927 cell site record, which is 303, and put those up there. I'm going to start off on — start right there.

So explain to the ladies and gentlemen of the jury what information you can gather from the call type?

A Call type, when you see MOC, that's a mobile outgoing call. That's a call from the subscriber's handset to another number. And you may see — you look down, further down, about part way down, you see a MTC, that's mobile terminating call. That is a call that terminated at the subscriber's handset. So, basically, an incoming call from another phone.

Q Okay. IMSI?

A IMSI is international mobile subscriber identity number. That is a number that's particular to the SIM card to the — linked into that person's account. The first couple—three digits are country code. Then the 260 is like a

1	company code. And then you start looking at the individual
2	number that would be hooked into that person's SIM card or
3	their account.
4	Q The calling number?
5	A The calling number is the phone that is making
6	the call.
7	Q And since since this one is an MOC, it's an
8	outgoing call, the calling number is in fact the subscriber of
9	these records, 702-927-8742?
10	A Yes. Correct.
11	Q Okay. And then next one is the called number?
12	A Called number. That's the number that's being
13	called.
14	Q And in this case it's our other record, the
15	512-629-0041. And then the translated number, does that have
16	any meaning for those of us in the courtroom or what is that?
17	A Not that I know of. Those translated numbers,
18	that's something engineering would look at that's switch-type
19	information, brings the call through the switches. So I don't
20	I don't know a lot more beyond that.
21	Q Slide over, some of this may be somewhat
22	self-explanatory. But the duration is what?
23	A Call duration, those are in seconds.
24	Q And that call duration, is that necessarily the
25	call is that going to correlate to the answer time and the

disconnect time, or is that a different number?

A Well, it — when you look at the record, depending on how these records are pulled, you would look at the answer time and the disconnect time, and add those times together. And if you have time left over, you may have four seconds, five seconds, nine seconds left over, that would be the switch time, it would go beyond the actual connection time between the phones. It would be the time of the signal going through the switch prior to connection.

Q The next two columns is the answer and disconnect, and on line 1 the answer time is 47 minutes after midnight and 19 seconds, and the disconnect time is five seconds later, but your call duration is 29 seconds. So there's 24 seconds of additional time that the phones weren't actually in contact with each other?

A Correct. Yes.

Q And then there is — let me slide it over so they can see both — there's a first cell ID and a last cell ID, and then there's a first LAC and a last LAC.

A First cell ID is the first cell site that the call initiated on. So at the start of the call, that's the cell site that handled the signal from that call or from that phone. And the last cell ID is the last tower that the call terminated on at the end of the call. That's the tower it was on. We only show in our records the beginning cell site and

the ending cell site. Our records don't show any intermediate cell sites. So if there were any connection to cell sites beside the first and last, we wouldn't show those on the records.

Q And on this one, it's 64292 is the cell ID and the first LAC — I guess they're the same, but the LAC is 146 and the cell ID is 64292?

A Yes.

Q Okay. So if I go to the record we were just on previously, you would then go to — let me see if I can — 146, 64292, the center of that array is 120 degrees, then you'd get your cell site location, and then if you were to continue to slide over, you'd see that it was 1514. It looks like the column's cut off, because that's going to be North Nellis, I believe. Then you can keep on going over through the records —

A Yes.

Q -- would that be true?

A Yes.

Q Okay. And then I just wanted for the jury to see the very next phone call is actually — the cell ID is 6 — well, the next phone call — let me ask you this. The next phone call, there is no information that is included in the cell ID, first cell, last cell; does that indicate anything to you?

A I'm pretty sure I know what it is, but if you could just go back over toward the -- so I can see the number.

Q You need to see -- just tell me when I need to stop.

A So that — when you see on the records there's a 805-637-7249. So just remember an 805 number that ends in 7249 or 7243, those are numbers are — from our voicemail platforms. And these are calls that are dropping into voicemail. And sometimes they will show a cell site ID number, sometimes they won't. If the phone's on, typically you'll get a cell site ID number. If the phone is off, then — or out of network, whatever, it won't generate the cell site ID number. But those 7249, 7243 are voicemail platform numbers.

Q When you see the 805-whatever-whatever, 7749, you're going to know that that's a — the voicemail that comes — kicks over to the voicemail; either it did connect to the phone or didn't connect to the phone, but it certainly went to voicemail?

A Right. Yes. And sometimes it'll show the number calling in. A lot of times it won't. It just depends on which platform it went through at any particular time. I think, if I remember looking at a majority of these, it doesn't show the number that was calling into voicemail. It just shows calls dropping to voicemail.

And also when a call drops to voicemail, it's going to look like an outgoing call. You're going to see an MOC for mobile outgoing call. And the reason for that, even though it's really an incoming call that makes it go to voicemail, is the phone pushes it to voicemail. So it's going to, in our records, anyway, for whatever reason, it's going to look like an outgoing call. I can see MOC.

Q And then I want you to jump down to that third line for a second. If you notice the — the cell ID, while it's a different, you know, side of the tower, but it's 6429, but the LAC is 24597 instead of 146; do you see that?

A Yes.

Q Okay. So now I want to go back to these records so — so the jury can read all of the records when they have them. There is, in fact, a different LAC, 24597, with the 64293, even though it's showing the same location as the 146. So there could be multiple LACs on the same tower?

A Can be, sure.

Q There is also times — and we had a chance to review these records this morning; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q Okay. There are times when you'll see two phone calls that overlapped in connection and disconnection time; do you remember my questions about those?

A Yes.

Q Okay. Is there a reason why that could happen, as well?

A There — there are reasons. It's — you can — if you're on the call — if you're on a call and somebody else calls you, you can — it could come in on call-waiting, you can click — click — I don't usually do it so I don't know, but you can kind of click the button and put them on hold and then bring the other call in on call-waiting, so it'll look like two calls at the same time. I don't know how many times you can do it, but, you know, you can bring other people in.

There is also another way of doing a conference-type call on your cell phone, bringing more than one person in on a call. So those — just a couple things that I — I know about offhand. So.

Q And then last thing I'm just going to put up here — put 304. There's a few less columns on 304, but essentially there's similar type information. You get the call type in the first column, and — and it's the same MOCs versus MTCs; is that correct?

A Yes. Yes.

Q Okay. So the MOC is the outgoing call, the MTC is the incoming call?

A Yes.

Q This is a different IMSI, because I'm assuming that each phone has their own unique IMSI or each SIM card

1	does, anyway?
2	A Yeah. The SIM cards, yes.
3	Q The calling number is the number actually
4	dialing out the phone?
5	A Yes.
6	Q And so in this case it's an outgoing call. This
7	is the record for 512-629-0041, and then there's the number
8	that has been called?
9	A Yes.
10	Q All right. On this they skipped the column that
11	has the
12	A Translations.
13	Q — translations —
14	A [Indiscernible] on there.
15	\mathbb{Q} and then just went to apparently the oops,
16	going to slide back here. This one has column, the first
17	column is the duration, then it has the cell site information,
18	and then the date and time which is correlated to the switch
19	on the right side; is that correct?
20	A Yes.
21	Q Thank you, sir.
22	MR. DiGIACOMO: Judge, I pass the witness.
23	THE COURT: Mr. Sgro?
24	MR. SGRO: Thank you.
25	CROSS-EXAMINATION

1	BY MR. SGRO:
2	Q Good morning, sir.
3	A Good morning.
4	Q Okay. I just have a couple questions. And I
5	guess I'll start backwards.
6	You — you said there can be reasons for some of the
7	calls to show multiple calls because of caller ID and
8	conference calls; do you remember just saying that a minute
9	ago?
LO	A Call-waiting?
L1	Q Call-waiting?
L2	A Yes. Yes.
L3	Q And and I think you said, I don't know how
L4	many ways or how many times you can do caller ID, but that
L5	would be one example; would that be fair?
L6	A Correct. Yeah. I I don't do it, so I don't
L7	know how how many different numbers you can bring in at one
L8	time. So.
L9	Q So — so I think you offered as explanations
20	caller ID, conference calls, and then you said a couple other
21	things; is that right?
22	A I I don't remember. I I don't know.
23	THE COURT: I think you said call-waiting.
24	BY MR. SGRO:
25	Q Right. Call-waiting, caller ID, and I and I
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heard conference calls; did you also say that? 1 I said call-waiting, and I'm not sure why I would say caller ID, but call-waiting, and conference calls. 3 Okay. 4 Q I don't -- I don't know beyond that, so I don't 5 6 know. 7 But there are other explanations beyond that? Q There could be. I don't know. Α Okay. So let's start with -- I'm just -- you Q went through a couple of exhibits and testified about some of 10 the entries on some of the exhibits, right? 11 12 Yes. Α 13 Okay. Now, I'm showing you Exhibit 324. Q so -- I'll show it to you so you see which one we're talking 14 15 about. 16 Okay. Α 17 Okay? So this is a 512 area code, correct? Q 18 Yes. Α 19 And do you know 512 comes from Texas? Q 20 Not offhand, no. If you say so, I don't know. Α Pardon me? 21 Q 22 I don't know. I -- I don't know. Α 23 Let's assume 512 comes from Texas. Texas is two 24 hours ahead of us, right? They're in a different time zone? 25 Yes. Α

1	Q All right. So Texas is two hours ahead of us,
2	right? If I'm right
3	A Yes, I don't know. Yeah. Okay. Go ahead.
4	Q We have different time zones in the United
5	States
6	A Yes.
7	Q — you recognize that? Okay. Daylight savings
8	time we have to start from the preface that I'm confused.
9	Okay. So I need you to walk me through a couple of things.
LO	In 2010, daylight savings time started on March 14th, 2010,
L1	right?
L2	A It's sometime over the summer, yes. I don't
L3	know when.
L4	Q Well, do you consider March of 2010 over the
L5	summer?
L6	A Well, it would be the spring. But I mean, I
L7	don't know exactly when it starts or ends. I do know over the
L8	warmer months you have daylight savings time. So.
L9	Q Sir, you just told the jury that somehow
20	daylight savings times may have impacted records that
21	generated in August. You just said that, right?
22	A That's correct. Because
23	Q Okay. So —
24	A I know August is within that time period.
25	Q Okay. If you come in and testify and tell the
1	

jury that day -- daylight savings time has an impact, would it 1 be fair to assume you knew when daylight saving time began? 3 I know August is in daylight saving time. The Α exact date it begins or ends, I don't know. 4 Do you see where it says there -- and I'm not -sorry, sir, I -- I said there. I don't mean to direct you 6 away from your screen. Can you see it on the screen? 7 Yes. Α You can. Do you see where it says there 0 all call times were prepaid and all SMS messages are Pacific 10 time, right? 11 12 Α Yes. 13 There's nothing on this record that talks about Q a convoluted explanation of the impact of daylight savings 14 15 time and how it affects this record, fair? 16 There's nothing on the record that says that, Α 17 correct. 18 And if I flip through this record, every page Q 19 says Pacific time, right? 20 Α Yes. And daylight savings time ended in 2010 and 21 22 November 7th; does that sound about right? 23 Yeah, I -- I guess. Yeah, I don't know. So your testimony is essentially every single 24 25 entry on Exhibit 324, every single time entry on this exhibit

is wrong, correct? 1 It's only wrong if you don't know the reason behind it. 3 Well, sir, if I'm your customer and I get this 4 Q bill --You don't get that bill. Prepaid doesn't 6 Α receive bills. 7 As -- as the reader of this document, if I don't 8 have you at my side to explain, every single entry in Exhibit 9 324 is wrong; you agree? 10 Well, who would be looking at it besides us? I 11 12 mean, that's why I'm here, right? To explain it. 13 Are you willing to concede, sir, that as Q printed, Exhibit 324 is wrong? 14 15 No. Α 16 No? Q 17 It's not wrong, because that is how the records were done in 2010 in August. They -- they did not compensate 18 -- on the billing computers, did not compensate for daylight 19 20 saving time. Where is the --21 22 They're only wrong if you don't know why the Α 23 time is -- is --24 They're only wrong if I look at it and I see an 25 originating call that happened at 8:13 and I need to know it's

9:13, according to you, right? 1 It doesn't -- it doesn't make it incorrect. Α This doesn't --3 \bigcirc It's just the way that they did the records. 4 Α I understand what you're saying, sir. record does not comport with any time differentials because of 6 ways that "they did records"; would you agree with that? 7 Those records are off by an hour. Α Yes. what I said. Do you have anything with you to tell us or to 10 show us this record-keeping process of this daylight savings 11 12 time phenomenon where it -- you need to have that in 13 conjunction with this to understand how to read these; is there some document you have? 14 15 I -- no, I don't have any document with me. 16 Is -- is there a record from a machine or a Q 17 computer that explains the calibration process of how this is done? 18 19 I'm sure somewhere there may be in the company. Α I -- I don't know offhand. 20 21 Were you asked to bring it? Q 22 No. Α 23 You were simply asked to tell people, Hey, this 24 is how it works, right? 25 That's -- yes. That's -- that's how the billing Α

computers were set up at that time. 1 Okay. Are they changed now? Are they different? 3 It depends. They -- they -- at the bottom of 4 Α the -- a lot of the records now, they'll -- they'll say that 5 its Pacific Daylight Time or Pacific Standard Time. Here they 6 just had Pacific time. So. 7 And in 2010 they had distinguishing 8 characteristics, like Pacific Daylight Time or Pacific 10 Daylight Savings Time, correct? Correct. 11 12 That existed in 2010 even at T-Mobile, didn't Q 13 it? 14 But the records don't say they were in -- on --Α 15 on daylight saving. They say --16 You're --17 -- Pacific time. You're kind of making my point. These records 18 19 don't use some of the very descriptors that were available to 20 T-Mobile in 2010, correct? These records don't have it, right? 21 22 They don't, right. Α 23 So, because it doesn't have it on the record, you're assuming -- you're assuming that Pacific time really 24 25 means after it's been calibrated by the computer differently,

right? 1 I don't assume, because I know that that's how 3 it was done. You know? 4 Yes. Α You -- were you there in 2010 as the computer 6 was printing out these records? 7 8 No. Α Okay. Q Court's indulgence, Your Honor. MR. SGRO: 10 (Pause in proceedings) 11 12 BY MR. SGRO: 13 Does the fact -- and I appreciate you said you Q don't know that 512 is from Texas. And I appreciate your 14 15 taking my representation that Texas is two hours ahead. Okay. 16 If Texas is two hours ahead, and -- and I'm using my -- my 17 Texas cell number, and the computer recalibrates and changes it an hour, wouldn't these records be one hour in front of 18 19 Pacific time? 20 Yeah, trust me, that's the same look I have over here. 21 22 I'm not sure what you're asking. Α 23 Okay. A cell phone that you -- that we just 24 went over -- and I'll put it up here again. This 3 -- I just 25 want to make sure you understand the -- this is still 324, and

1	this is the one that we were talking about. You see all the
2	512 numbers there on the left?
3	A Yes.
4	Q Okay. The 512 number, if you accept my
5	representation it comes from Texas, okay, and that Texas is
6	two hours ahead let's kind of put a pause button on that.
7	Do you remember telling the jury that the impact of
8	what the computer did when it generated these documents is it
9	put them back an hour, right?
10	A It
11	Q That's the gist of what you said?
12	A They're off by an hour, yes.
13	Q They're off by an hour?
14	A Right.
15	Q So if I'm in Pacific Standard Time and I have
16	records that start two hours ahead, right? We're going from
17	zero to plus-two. Then I have a computer that puts them
18	minus-one. Two minus one means these phone records would be
19	an hour ahead if I compared them to another phone that didn't
20	go through this same sort of machination process?
21	A But where was the phone at the time?
22	Q Well
23	A Was it in Texas or was it in Las Vegas?
24	Q Does it matter?
25	A Yes.

1	Q Okay. So your testimony is that the time
2	difference in Texas doesn't matter, the location is what
3	controls, right?
4	A Because that the switch it goes through.
5	Yes.
6	Q And the fact that so if I'm using an
7	out-of-state number in Las Vegas, I'm on Pacific time?
8	A For a prepay, yes.
9	Q Okay. So if I'm using a so I just want to
10	make sure I got it correct. If I'm using a Texas number and
11	I'm in Las Vegas, I'm on Pacific time?
12	A Yes.
13	Q And then I have another document that that
14	also says a 512 number, while in Las Vegas, was on Pacific
15	time, right?
16	A It would be on the switch on Las Vegas time.
17	But if it's a prepay, it would obviously on these records,
18	would be Pacific time.
19	Q Right. The switches are all on Pacific time,
20	right? In Las Vegas, aren't they?
21	A I guess it's the same time, yeah. I I don't
22	know.
23	Q You don't know if all the
24	A I'm not familiar with with this area. So I
25	don't know what time zone it's on. If it's on Pacific time

zone, then yes. 1 Are you aware of any towers in Las Vegas that 3 are not on Pacific time? Assuming Las Vegas is on Pacific time, which I 4 Α believe it is, then they -- they would be on Pacific time, 5 6 yes. 7 Okay. You understand, sir, you're the one Q that's been designated from T-Mobile as a representative to 8 come here and explain this stuff to us. Do you -- you understand that --10 11 Yes. Α 12 -- correct? And do you remember telling the 13 jury about all your qualifications, you worked in the legal department, you respond to these things. I imagine this sort 14 15 of interplay is something you do quite often, fair? 16 Yes. Α Do you try to prepare when you go to a --17 Okay. you're not from Las Vegas, right? 18 19 Correct. Α 20 Do you try to prepare when you go to a different city to explain potential differentials in time zones? 21 22 I don't really consider the differences in time Α 23 zones unless it comes up, then I'll sit there and try to --24 try to figure out who's in what time zone. 25 So if I understand what you're saying Q

1	correctly, if I'm in Las Vegas with an out-of-state number,
2	I'm on Pacific time, right?
3	A Yes.
4	Q The records that I showed you that referenced a
5	Texas phone that was being dialed in Las Vegas says all these
6	times are Pacific time, correct?
7	A Correct.
8	Q The — the technology about the differential
9	between Pacific Daylight Time and Pacific Savings Time, that
10	was available to T-Mobile in 2010, right?
11	A Yes.
12	Q And on this record, those entries do not appear,
13	right?
14	A What entries?
15	Q Sorry about entry. There's there is nothing
16	in the entire text of Exhibit 324 that references Pacific
17	Daylight Savings Time or anything else, correct?
18	A It just says Pacific time on those records.
19	(Pause in proceedings.)
20	MR. SGRO: Apologize, Your Honor.
21	BY MR. SGRO:
22	Q Now, the billing records that T-Mobile sends
	out, okay, we had Exhibit 24 is not a billing record, correct?
24	And I'm sorry, this is it's this the same one we keep
25	talking about.

1	A Well, the customer doesn't receive a bill if
2	it's a a prepay. But these are records I mean, we we
3	refer to them as billing records. They can be called detail
4	records. I mean, we look at them as pretty much the same.
5	So.
6	Q Do you know what a pen register is?
7	A I do.
8	Q Is this a pen register?
9	A No.
10	Q Exhibit 304, what what record would you call
11	that?
12	A These are records that come off called detail
13	records. These are records that come off a server, it pulls
14	the information from the switch.
15	Q Okay. And just so we're all on the same page,
16	304 is referencing which telephone number?
17	A 512-629-0041.
18	Q What time zone is 304 on?
19	A Well, I don't see any switch information, so I
20	can't answer that.
21	Q Okay. Now, we just spent about 10 or 15 minutes
22	discussing the guy from Texas that has a Texas phone in Las
23	Vegas, the Pacific time zone, etcetera, right?
24	A Yes.
25	Q All right. Now we have another exhibit that

appears to correlate with the same telephone number, right? 1 Yes. Α 3 Would we expect, if it's the same phone and 0 T-Mobile produced both sets of records, what if we expect them 4 to match? 5 Match? 6 Α If I -- hypothetical, if there's a call on 324 7 that was made at 1:00 p.m., because of the recalibration done 8 by the computer in -- on the West Coast, okay. A 1:00 p.m. 10 call on 324, should I have a 1:00 p.m. call on 304? 11 We would have to look. We could look at Α No. the cell site and the LAC and see where -- where the phone was 12 13 at the time. 14 So even as you sit there, you'd want to look at 15 these documents to determine inconsistency? 16 Well, once again, these records are going to be Α off by an hour from those records. 17 18 Let me ask that. You just said these, Q Okay. 19 324, is going to be off an hour. So now, without having any information, you're presupposing that 304 is also off by an 20 hour; is that your testimony? I'll show them to you --21 22 Off an hour from what? 23 -- it's the same phone. Well, look, 304 is a 512 area code --24 25 Uh-huh. Α

1	Q — right? Is this also a phone number, 512?
2	A Yes.
3	Q If what you said is true to the jury by this
4	whole one-hour-off thing, 304 and 324 should both suffer from
5	the same one-hour recalibration because of the computer on the
6	West Coast, right?
7	A No. These were. These come off the switch.
8	Q So even amongst the same phone the same
9	phone, the same Texas number, all the time zone things we
10	talked about, there's still going to be inconsistencies in
11	between the two records that describe the same phone, right?
12	A They're — they're going to be off by the hour,
13	yes.
14	Q If they're off by something other than an hour,
15	would you say there's an error in the records?
16	A I would have to look at it and see. But I would
17	have to assume that if it's less than an hour, if it's
18	Q What if they're the same; would you assume that
19	there's an error in the records?
20	A No.
21	Q No? So they should be off an hour, but if if
22	they're the same, there's still no error; is that what you're
23	saying?
24	A So are you what what you're asking is
25	or saying that these records and these records match time

1	exactly?
2	Q Sir, what I'm asking you is you made some
3	statements about some time differences that exist because of
4	the phone that was used and because of how T-Mobile operated
5	at a certain time, and this West Coast computer; do you
6	remember that?
7	A Yes.
8	Q Okay. Now I have in front of you two bills that
9	are talking about the same phone.
LO	A Okay.
L1	Q Would you expect, then, that since T-Mobile did
L2	the same treatment to the phones, that all the times match.
L3	Okay. So we have three choices. One, all the times match
L4	between the two bills that talk about the same phone; is that
L5	what you would expect?
L6	A Well, no.
L7	Q Okay. Choice B, all the times between one
_8	exhibit and the other are an hour off; is that what you would
L9	expect?
20	A Yes. These
21	Q Okay.
22	A — would be off by an hour.
23	Q Now, let's say the calls between those two
24	exhibits match time; would that be an error?
25	A I suppose it would it would be an an error

of me thinking that -- that -- I'd have to see where this 1 2 phone was. Let's assume -- fair -- fair point. Let's 3 assume the phone's always in Las Vegas for the timeframe that 4 5 we're talking about, okay? The phone's always in Vegas, we're August of 2010, and those records, let's say they match. You 6 would agree, then, based on your testimony, that one of the 7 records is wrong, right? Because they should be an hour off. 8 Sir? Can I see the other cell site records? 10 Which ones do you need? Is this the one that 11 \bigcirc 12 you're looking at? 13 Sir, I just have to do this for the record. Are you -- are you looking to compare 303? 14 I -- I'm looking at 303. 15 16 Q Okay. MR. DiGIACOMO: I apologize. But isn't 304 the 17 record that --18 19 I asked --MR. SGRO: 20 -- correlates to the two? MR. DiGIACOMO: 21 I was asking him about 304. He asked to MR. SGRO: 22 look at that one. 23 MR. DiGIACOMO: Oh, okay. 24 Counsel, did you move to admit 304? THE COURT:

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25

didn't hear.

MR. DiGIACOMO: We moved to admit all those records. 1 2 So 304 is in. THE COURT: I think 304 is in, has been received. 3 THE CLERK: 4 Okay. I think so, too. 5 MR. SGRO: Okay. 6 THE WITNESS: BY MR. SGRO: 7 Well, okay --8 Q These -- these --Α Well, hold -- hold on. 10 Q Okay. 11 Α 12 Q Hold on. If two bills both generated by T-Mobile match relative to the time that the calls are 13 14 reflected on those documents, would one of them be in error? 15 And I'll tell you why. Α No. 16 Well, hold on. Hold on. So then do you modify Q 17 your position that this computer from the West Coast recalibrated records and made them an hour off? 18 19 No. Α 20 All right. Okay. Bear with me. All right. 21 Α 22 What -- what would your position be if the same Q 23 phone was examined by T-Mobile such that these documents could 24 be created and calls appear on one of the two records, but not 25 on the other; would that be a mistake in the records?

1	A I'm sorry?
2	Q Okay. You have two bills there
3	A Yeah.
4	Q — that talk about the same phone, right?
5	THE COURT: They're not bills.
6	BY MR. SGRO:
7	Q Two documents, sorry. Two documents talk about
8	the same phone. Going back to my hypothetical, if if I'm
9	calling you and we're both T-Mobile prepaid customers,
10	etcetera, I call you at 1:00 p.m., those two documents should
11	both reflect my call to you at 1:00 p.m., right?
12	A It may not reflect the same times, but it would
13	the call would be there.
14	Q Okay. So now there's a there's a caveat
15	potentially on the time, but you're certain the call would be
16	there on both, right?
17	A Well, I mean, there are there are instances
18	where calls may not show on on on these records. An
19	attempted call won't show on these records. They may show on
20	on these records.
21	Q Okay.
22	A Calls dropping to voicemail will show on these
23	records, but they won't show on these records.
24	Q So there are times
25	A Like that. Yes.

1	Q — when calls are made that would show on one
2	record that was done for a phone, yet another record done for
3	the very same phone won't show those calls?
4	A Yes.
5	Q All right. So can you go to page 20 of 27 of
6	324, and can you look down
7	MR. DiGIACOMO: Sorry, Judge. Can I just look over
8	either his shoulder or
9	MR. SGRO: Yeah.
10	BY MR. SGRO:
11	Q So I'm showing you a copy, because mine are
12	highlighted. So I want you to go do you see sir, can
13	you look on
14	A Oh, yeah.
15	Q — your screen? Do you see what I have
16	highlighted there?
17	A Yes, I do.
18	Q Okay. Now these are on 324, right? You have to
19	go to your exhibit now. Do you see them on your exhibit?
20	Does that help?
21	A No, you keep moving it around.
22	Q Look over here, look over here.
23	A Okay.
24	Q Do do you have
25	A I see the 3:29 call.

Okay. Can you find the three -- let's just take 1 Q that one, the 3:29 call. Can you find that call on the other 3 document that was prepared by T-Mobile for the same phone? And by other document, I'm talking about 304. 4 Do you see it? I do. 6 Α 7 Okay. Q May I approach the witness, Your Honor? 8 MR. SGRO: THE COURT: Yes. 10 BY MR. SGRO: 11 Can you --12 It's 3:29 and I can't say for a fact that it's Α 13 the same call, because on a voicemail it's not showing the incoming number that's calling. But at 4:29 there is a call 14 15 there, which is off by an hour. 16 Right. So now this would be an example of you Q 17 making your best guesstimate to -- to show one call to the other, we have to do a guesstimate of a couple of things. 18 19 Number one, we have to assume that the two records that are 20 about the same telephone came back with different times on them, right? One because of the West Coast thing, but one 21 22 that wasn't impacted by the West Coast thing, right? 23 Right. Α 24 The West Coast computer. Okay. So the first Q

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thing we have to do is we have to presuppose that the same

phone was examined and the times came back differently. And 1 then if you look on -- on the exhibit I'm showing you, the 2 3 call that you can't find specifically lasts two minutes, right? 4 Well, we bill out to the minute. Α that's anything between a minute to two minutes. So, yeah. 6 And the 4:29 call on the other one? Okay. So it's 10 seconds, then there's another Okav. Α one for 15 seconds. Or 15 --9 And you just said you bill to the minute. 10 Q We do. 11 Α 12 Correct? Q 13 Yep. Α 14 Okay. So now on this one telephone call, we Q 15 have to get past the time differential, then we have to get past the differential of the length of the call, correct? 16 17 Yes. Α 18 And if you bill by the minute and an exhibit Q 19 shows a 10-second bill, would that also be something unusual 20 in the realm of how T-Mobile operates? It would be, assuming it's the same call. 21 Α 22 yes. 23 Assuming it's the same call? Q 24 Uh-huh. Α 25 Could be a different call, correct? Q

1	A It could be. I mean, I don't know. I mean,
2	there there's a call that dropped to voicemail around the
3	same time. I mean, that's all I can tell you
4	Q Right.
5	A — is what's on the record. So.
6	Q And you just try to guess, right?
7	A Well, I I guess. Yeah. I mean, it's, you
8	know, it's
9	Q Okay. Can you do me a favor, sir, can we do the
10	same thing on the next one? You see and 324, I want to
11	start with 324. See the second one that's highlighted? It's
12	going to just be one below the one you just examined.
13	A 3:46?
14	Q Yes, sir.
15	MR. SGRO: The DA said I'm fine, Judge.
16	MR. DiGIACOMO: He's fine.
17	THE COURT: Oh, we've all been wrong.
18	BY MR. SGRO:
19	Q Do you have you located it, sir? Literally,
20	you have your finger on it, right?
21	A I do on this one.
22	Q Okay. Can you find it on the other one?
23	A No, I don't see it here.
24	Q Pardon me?
25	A I don't see it here.

1	Q Okay. So would this be an example of of a
2	phone that was looked at by T-Mobile for which two documents
3	were generated, one that reflects a call at 3:46 by the
4	way, how many minutes was that call according to Exhibit 324?
5	A Looks like three.
6	Q Three minutes. And that three-minute call you
7	can't find it at all on the other document, right?
8	A I don't I don't see it, no. Oh, wait a
9	minute. There's a 4 4:46. See if it's the same call or
10	not.
11	THE COURT: We lost our screen.
12	MR. DiGIACOMO: Well, he just took the he took the
13	exhibit.
14	MR. SGRO: What happened?
15	THE COURT: Oh. You took the
16	THE WITNESS: There's a call at 4:46 for 147 seconds.
17	BY MR. SGRO:
18	Q Okay. Now, this one again, let's start with
19	T-Mobile bills by the minute.
20	A Uh-huh.
21	Q That particular document shows bills in seconds,
22	correct?
23	A Yes.
24	Q All right. Now, on this one, three minutes and
25	140 seconds, close enough?

_	
1	A I don't know. I could take my phone out and my
2	calculator and figure it out. But
3	Q Okay. But on this one, then, we would just have
4	to figure out that the time is off, right?
5	A Would be off by the hour, yes.
6	Q All right. So and lastly
7	MR. SGRO: May I approach, Your Honor?
8	THE COURT: Yes.
9	BY MR. SGRO:
10	Q 305. What's the what's the phone number
11	associated with Exhibit 305?
12	A There are no phone numbers associated with it.
13	These are the corresponding addresses for
14	Q For cell towers?
15	A — for cell towers. Yeah.
16	Q Okay. So if I understand correctly, 304 and 324
17	both deal with a phone number that starts with area code 512,
18	right?
19	A Yep.
20	Q Okay. 305 is the cell tower information, right?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Now, before we move onto the last exhibit,
23	relative to cell tower information, would you agree that that
24	512 area code doesn't have a cell tower location for every
25	phone call?

Correct. 1 Α All right. Specifically, for the 3:29 and 3:46 3 a.m. telephone numbers, is there a cell tower that corresponds with those calls? 4 On which -- which phone, now? 5 Α 324. 6 \bigcirc Okay. 7 Α It's the same calls we've been looking at. I 8 Q want you to tell the jury what the cell tower is? 9 By looking --10 Α What --11 \bigcirc 12 -- only at 324? Α 13 You have -- whatever documents you have. Q 14 Okay. Α 15 You have all of them there. Q 16 Would -- would any of the jurors like a THE COURT: mid-morning break? I think we -- we need to take a break for 17 a few minutes. 18 19 During the recess, ladies and gentlemen, it's again 20 your duty not to converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject connected with this trial, or to read, watch, 21 22 or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial from any 23 medium of information including newspapers, television, or

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radio. You may not form or express an opinion on any subject

connected with this case until it's finally submitted to you.

24

Be in recess for about 10 minutes. 1 (Jury recessed at 11:25 a.m.) THE COURT: Record reflect that the jury has exited 3 4 the courtroom. Off the record. And counsel, will you approach the bench. (Court recessed at 11:25 a.m. until 11:39 a.m.) 6 (In the presence of the jury.) THE COURT: You may be seated. This is Burns and Mason. The record will reflect the presence of both 10 defendants, their counsel, the district attorneys and all members of the jury. We're still on recross-examination by 11 12 Mr. Sgro. 13 CROSS-EXAMINATION (continued) 14 BY MR. SGRO: 15 Q During the break, did we talk about the last 16 question that was pending, about the tower? 17 Α Yes. All right. And did the State and I come here 18 Q 19 and you were able to find some information out? 20 Α Yes. So just to make it quick, the entries above the 21 22 ruler, the 3:29 and 3:46, you would agree that there is no 23 corresponding tower information for those times for those two 24 calls, correct? 25 Correct. Α

1	Q	And then you went and looked at 4:29 and 4:46,
2	right?	
3	А	Yes.
4	Q	And you found some tower information based on
5	those times	, correct?
6	А	Yes.
7	Q	When is the first time you told anyone about
8	this daylig	ht savings with the West Coast computer, how that
9	impacts it?	Do you remember ever discussing that before in
10	this case?	
11	А	As regards specifically to this case?
12	Q	Yes, sir.
13	А	Oh, okay. It was either yesterday or the day
14	before mayb	e.
15	Q	Okay. Prior to that you hadn't, correct?
16	А	To the best of my what I can remember, right.
17	Yes.	
18	Q	Do you know who Detective Bunting is? Chris
19	Bunting, do	es that name ring a bell?
20	А	Chris Bunting. Not offhand, no.
21	MR	. SGRO: That's all, Your Honor.
22	TH	E COURT: Anything further, Mr. Langford?
23	MR	. LANGFORD: Nothing, Your Honor.
24	TH	E COURT: Mr Mr. McDonald, if a person
25	subscribes	to a T-Mobile cellphone by going into a T-Mobile

you get a T-Mobile phone, and does that phone have the area -- have the prefix or the area code for where it's sold?

code?

THE WITNESS:

Typically. However --

store and opening an account, and they're going to pay for it,

THE COURT: And can you request a different area

THE WITNESS: You can. You can request different area codes. It's not specific to a local area, like through land lines it was to that area. For instance, like my wife, we're moving back up to Boston and she wanted a Boston number, so —

THE COURT: I was wondering what that accent was.

THE WITNESS: Yeah. Yeah, it's not in Jersey. But you have to live somewhere, right. But anyway, she wanted a Boston number ahead of time, so I called and got her a Boston number. For some reason my daughter wanted a Hawaii number, I don't know. To impress her friends, I don't know. But so she has an 80 -- 808 number, I guess. So you can get numbers for just probably whatever area code you'd -- normally you can.

THE COURT: And if you purchase a prepaid phone, you often walk into a convenience store or an airport or a market or someplace like that, and you can just purchase the phone right off the shelf, right?

THE WITNESS: Yes. Yes.

THE COURT: And you get whatever --

1	THE WITNESS: Whatever you get.
2	THE COURT: whatever you get?
3	THE WITNESS: Yes.
4	THE COURT: Now, you don't necessarily get the area
5	where you purchased it, do you?
6	THE WITNESS: Probably most of the time you would,
7	but that doesn't have to hold true, no.
8	THE COURT: So the fact that a 512 area code phone is
9	involved in what you were discussing here, which may or may
10	not be from Texas, I don't know, but the fact that it doesn't
11	mean that that phone was purchased in Texas. It could have
12	been purchased in Nevada —
13	THE WITNESS: It could
14	THE COURT: subscribed to in Nevada?
15	THE WITNESS: It could have been, or I mean, you
16	can you can just
17	THE COURT: Or it could have been purchased in
18	Wyoming?
19	THE WITNESS: It could have been, or you could just
20	have bought it off somebody else too. I mean, I don't know.
21	THE COURT: Okay. Anything further briefly?
22	MR. DiGIACOMO: Just very briefly.
23	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
24	BY MR. DiGIACOMO:
25	Q A lot of discussion. Let me ask it this way.

If we go to 303, 304, which is the actual cell tower records, 1 these times are going to be accurate to the switch or the wherever that tower is situated, correct? 3 Yes, where the phone -- the phone's making the 4 Α calls through that particular switch. 5 And the Daylight Savings Time versus the 6 Q Standard Time, it's irrelevant when it comes to these records; 7 these should be whatever date and time that these calls were 8 made at the location where those towers were? Yes. Because it's coming off switch time versus 10 Α the other records we were looking at, where it's time stamped 11 12 on the West Coast through the billing, when they go through 13 the billing computers. 14 And it is irrelevant what the area code is when 15 it comes to a cellphone; that has no bearing whatsoever on the 16 records and what's generated on those records, correct? Besides the phone number, no. 17 Α Okay. So but it's not relevant as it goes to 18 Q 19 time? 20 [No audible response.] 21 So the only issue between these two records, 22 which is 3:24 and 3:04, is that there may be -- like for an 23 example, there is no entry on 3:04, for 3:29, and 3:46 on 8/7

A Correct.

of 2010, correct?

24

1	Q Now, if you are an hour off, like you think you
2	might be on these records, you would expect to find a call at
3	4:29 to the 92 or from the 927 number, I guess, that lasted
4	approximately two minutes; would that be correct?
5	A Yes.
6	Q And then you would expect to find a call at
7	4:46, same number, for approximately three minutes, correct?
8	A Yes.
9	Q And then you'd expect to find a call at 4:10,
10	somewhere around a minute, and that is the voice mail number
11	that's generated; is that correct?
12	A That's a voice mail number, yes.
13	Q Okay. So now I want to go back to 304 for just
14	a second here, and I'm going to back out a little bit here so
15	the jury can see. But really you only need to see the time,
16	but I'll slide it back over in just a minute. And I want to
17	start down here at the bottom and ask you to read, though you
18	need to see this number over here, what number oh, I guess
19	you need to see this too, that it's a terminating call.
20	There is a terminating call from 702-927-8742 to
21	512-629-0041 that's 127 seconds that hit on the tower at
22	4:29:43 on 8/7 of 2010; would that be correct?
23	A Yes.
24	Q Now, do you get billed for the time the phone is

actually connected, or do you get billed for the entire

1	network time?
2	A You get billed for the time that the phone's
3	actually connected.
4	Q Okay.
5	A Well
6	Q And it
7	A Yeah, on these. Yeah.
8	Q And this call connected at 4:29:43 and
9	disconnected at 4:31:42. So wherever that person was, was
LO	lucky, because the 119 seconds, just short of two minutes;
L1	would that be correct?
L2	A Give or take, I guess, yeah. Yes.
L3	Q So now I should slide this down, the very next
L4	thing, better should be 4:46. Oh, it is. So let's slide
L5	this over. You have a mobile terminating call. It is from
L6	that 927 number. It is to the 512 number. It's 147 seconds,
L7	and it's at 4:46 in the morning on August 7, 2010; is that
L8	correct?
L9	A Yes.
20	Q And the 147 seconds is somewhere over 120
21	seconds and somewhere less than 180 seconds, correct?
22	A Yes.
23	Q So that should bill out at
24	A Three minutes.
25	Q the three minutes that Mr. Sgro was asking
1	

you about, correct? 1 Yes. Α 3 And then if I were to slide my ruler down one, there's one with no tower on this record, correct? 4 It's voice mail again. So it did not connect to the phone. So because 6 \bigcirc it didn't connect to the phone, would you expect to see it on 7 this record, the 3:24 record? 8 Incoming? Was it incoming, did you say? Α Well, it's actually a -- it says "MOC to voice 10 mail, " is what it says. MOC to voice mail. 11 12 Okay. Yeah. It wouldn't be on the billing Α 13 record, so to speak. It wouldn't be on --It would not be on this record? 14 Q 15 It wouldn't be on that record though, no. Α 16 So the next call we should find that's on this Q 17 record is an originating call at 4:10 or 5:10 in the morning, so we go to the bottom here. Originating call. It's that 18 voice mail number that we just talked about. It says the 19 network time connection is 65 seconds, but the actual time is 20 exactly one minute at 5:10 on 8/7 of 2010, correct? 21 22 Yes. Α 23 And based upon that, would you expect -- taking 24 out the D's that are on these, because these are text 25 messages --

1	A Text messaging.
2	Q — that shouldn't be on here?
3	A Correct.
4	Q And anything that wouldn't generate on here,
5	like the voice mails that don't connect to a tower or other
6	items, would you expect that you could go through these
7	records and correlate them to every one of these records that
8	are on 304?
9	A Yes.
10	MR. DiGIACOMO: Nothing further, Judge.
11	THE COURT: Anything from Mr. Sgro, Mr. Langford?
12	MR. SGRO: No, Your Honor.
13	MR. LANGFORD: No.
14	THE COURT: All right. Mr. McDonald, thank you for
15	being a witness. You'll be excused, sir.
16	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
17	THE COURT: Would you like to call an additional
18	witness this morning?
19	MS. WECKERLY: Yes, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: All right.
21	MS. WECKERLY: Devonia Newman.
22	DEVONIA NEWMAN, STATE'S WITNESS, SWORN
23	THE CLERK: Please state your name and spell your
24	first and last name for the record.
25	THE WITNESS: Can you repeat that?

-			
1	THE CLERK: Can you please state your name and spell		
2	your first and last name for the record.		
3	THE WITNESS: My name is Devonia Newman.		
4	THE MARSHAL: Hold on one second. You speak real		
5	soft, so we're going to make this speak right into the		
6	microphone.		
7	THE COURT: And move up a little bit.		
8	THE WITNESS: My name is Devonia		
9	THE COURT: Move up. Thank you.		
10	THE WITNESS: My name is Devonia Newman.		
11	MS. WECKERLY: Can you spell your name, please.		
12	THE WITNESS: D-e-v-o-n-i-a.		
13	MS. WECKERLY: And can you I'm sure it's spelled		
14	how it sounds, but could you spell Newman for us too, please.		
15	THE WITNESS: N-e-w-m-a-n.		
16	DIRECT EXAMINATION		
17	BY MS. WECKERLY:		
18	Q And can I call you Devonia, or do you prefer		
19	Ms. Newman?		
20	A It doesn't matter.		
21	Q Okay. Devonia, how old are you today?		
22	A Seventeen.		
23	Q Seventeen. And so back in August of 2010, how		
24	old were you?		
25	A Eleven.		

1	Q	Eleven. And when is your birthday?
2	А	December 9, 1997.
3	Q	December 9, 1990?
4	А	Seven.
5	Q	Back in 2010, in August, how well, where were
6	you living?	Do you remember the street?
7	А	No.
8	Q	Okay. Do you remember if it was a house or
9	apartment?	
10	А	Apartment.
11	Q	I'm sorry?
12	А	Apartment.
13	Q	Okay. And who lived there with you back then?
14	А	My mom, my dad and my three siblings.
15	Q	Your mom's first name?
16	А	Derecia.
17	Q	And did you call your dad Dad?
18	А	No.
19	Q	What'd you call him?
20	А	C-Note.
21	Q	And then you had three
22	А	Younger siblings.
23	Q	Okay. So you were the oldest?
24	А	[No audible response.]
25	Q	Was that yes?
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1	A Yes.
2	Q Okay. The place that you lived, was it do
3	you remember how many bedrooms it was?
4	A Two.
5	Q Two. And where did everybody stay in terms of
6	the bedrooms when they were sleeping?
7	A I slept in the room with my siblings and my mom
8	and dad slept in their room.
9	Q And what what do you remember the kind of
10	beds that were in the room that you slept in?
11	A Bunk beds.
12	Q Bunk beds. And so there were four of you,
13	right, so one on each bed?
14	A Yeah.
15	Q Okay. Back at that time, do you remember I
16	guess you have a cousin or named Erica?
17	A Yeah.
18	Q And what explain how you're related to her.
19	A That's my mom's sister.
20	Q Okay.
21	A She's my aunt.
22	Q So she's really your aunt. How old was or
23	how old is she in related to you? Are you guys about the same
24 25	age?
25	A Yes.

1	Q	So back at that time and maybe even today, do
2	you do you	two spend a lot of time together?
3	A	Yes.
4	Q	Does it seem like she's more like a sister?
5	A	Yes.
6	Q	Do you remember if she stayed over at your house
7	on August 6, 2	2010?
8	A	Yes.
9	Q	And do you remember why she was there?
10	A	Because she always comes over and just
11	Q	Okay. What do you remember about the evening of
12	August 6?	
13	A	I woke up like around 2:00, and I was with my
14	mom for like a	a short period of time, and
15	Q	Can I just interrupt you one second, and I'm
16	sorry. Before	e you went to bed, because you said you woke up,
17	right?	
18	A	Yeah.
19	Q	Who was in the house?
20	A	My mom, my dad and my siblings and Erica.
21	Q	Do you remember where everyone, at least the
22	kids, were sle	eeping?
23	A	Yes.
24	Q	Could you tell us where that was?
25	A	In the room, the room with

1	Q	Is that in the bunk bed room?
2	A	Yes.
3	Q	And you said you woke up?
4	A	Yes.
5	Q	Had you been sleeping in that room?
6	A	Yes.
7	Q	How did you all fit? Because there's five of
8	you then, rig	ht? Because there's Erica?
9	А	Yeah. Like sometimes the two little ones would,
10	Cashmere and	Cordazia would lay in the same one, and Erica
11	would sleep i	n the one on the top.
12	Q	Okay. And you wake up, I think you said about
13	2:00?	
14	A	Yeah.
15	Q	Do you get out of bed?
16	A	Yeah.
17	Q	Where did you go?
18	A	In the living room with my mom.
19	Q	And when you saw your mom, did you see anybody
20	else in the r	oom?
21	A	Yes.
22	Q	And who was in there?
23	A	This lady named Stephanie.
24	Q	And I want to I want to back up just a little
25	bit before th	at. Do you know where C-Note was before

1	А	In the bedroom.
2	Q	all [inaudible]?
3	In	the bedroom?
4	А	[No audible response.]
5	Q	Do you remember what you and your mom were doing
6	right before	e you see Stephanie? Like like were you
7	watching TV	? Were you
8	А	No.
9	Q	Do you remember where you were?
10	А	In the living room, but I don't like recall like
11	what I was	exact doing.
12	Q	Okay. Now, let's talk about Stephanie for a
13	second. Oka	ay. Do you know do you know someone named
14	Stephanie Co	ousins?
15	А	Hmm?
16	Q	Do you know someone named Stephanie Cousins?
17	А	Yes.
18	Q	And how long had you known her in 2010?
19	А	I known her when I was like since I was like
20	six. I was	real close to her niece.
21	Q	Okay. So was she someone that would sometimes
22	come over to	the house?
23	А	Yeah.
24	Q	And would you see her more than once a year, do
25	you think?	

1	А	Yeah.
2	Q	Okay. Now, you said that at some point you see
3	Stephanie at	your house?
4	А	Mm-hmm.
5	Q	Is that yes?
6	А	Yes.
7	Q	Okay. Before you see Stephanie, were there any
8	calls or any	body else awake that you remember?
9	А	No.
10	Q	Okay. And at the time Stephanie comes over, are
11	the little k	ids all in the room with Erica?
12	А	Yeah. They were asleep.
13	Q	And then where was C-Note?
14	А	In the bedroom.
15	Q	And where were you?
16	А	In the living room.
17	Q	And where was your mom?
18	А	And she came well, she came from out of the
19	room into th	ne living room.
20	Q	Okay. And how did you all know that Stephanie
21	was there?	
22	А	There was a knock at the door.
23	Q	Did you answer it, or your mom?
24	А	My mom answered the door.
25	Q	But you're in the living room area?

1	А	7	Yeah.
2	Q	2	Do you remember if you were sitting or standing?
3	А	7	No.
4	Q	2	What happens as your mom answers the door?
5	А	Ā	Stephanie came in and my mom told her to close
6	the door,	and	she didn't.
7	Q	2	She didn't? What happened after that?
8	А	Ā	A man entered, pushed the door open and entered
9	and shot h	ner.	
10	Q)	Shot who?
11	А	7	My mother.
12	Q)	Do you remember where on her body?
13	А	7	In her face.
14	Q)	And do you remember where Stephanie was when
15	that happe	ened?	?
16	А	7	Like like in front of the door.
17	Q)	Okay. Do you remember Stephanie's reaction at
18	all?		
19	А	Ā	Yeah. Like she like fell to the ground.
20	Q)	Okay. Did you was your impression that
21	Stephanie	was	surprised?
22	А	7	No.
23	Q	2	Why not?
24	А	Ā	Just body language and the like the reaction.
25	Q	2	Okay. What happened after your mom was shot?
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1	Ā	Ą	I ran. I ran into my mother's bedroom.
2	Ç	Q	Okay. Was that down that hallway?
3	Ī	A	Yes.
4	Ç	2	And so if I'm understanding you, you didn't turn
5	into the 1	room	where the bunk beds are?
6	Ā	Ą	No.
7	Ç	Q	So you run to your mother's bedroom. Did you
8	hear anyth	ning	as you were running?
9	Ā	Ą	No.
10	Ç	Q	As you ran into your mother's bedroom, what did
11	you do?		
12	Ā	A	I went to the bathroom.
13	Ç	2	And was there anyone in the bathroom?
14	Ĩ	Ą	My dad.
15	Ç	2	Did you were you yelling, or do you remember
16	anything a	about	
17	Ī	Ą	No. I just know that I tried to close the
18	bathroom (door.	
19	Ç	Q	Explain what happened as you did that.
20	Ī	A	As I was trying to close the door, I got shot in
21	the stomad	ch.	
22	Ç	Q	Do you remember a shot going through the door?
23	Ā	A	No.
24	Ç	Q	Were when you're shot in the stomach, can you
25	explain to	o us	a little bit about how you were positioned?

1	A	I was standing up like trying to like push it
2	closed.	
3	Q	What happened after you were shot?
4	A	The man went, was like checking my pockets
5	looking for s	something.
6	Q	Were you standing up at this time, or were you
7	on the ground	1?
8	A	On the ground.
9	Q	And do you remember anything about what clothes
10	you were wear	ing?
11	A	Not really.
12	Q	And so are you laying on the ground? Are these
13	your front po	ockets that the man's checking?
14	A	Yeah.
15	Q	Did he say anything?
16	A	No. Not that I know of.
17	Q	Okay. What were you doing as he as he was
18	saying that -	- or as he was checking your pockets?
19	A	Laying there.
20	Q	Were you crying or were you in shock?
21	A	I don't really like recall.
22	Q	You don't recall?
23	A	No.
24	Q	What happened after that?
25	A	And after he was done like checking my pockets
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1	he left, and	that's when my dad came from out of the shower
2	and he was li	ke, Lay there, and he's calling the police and
3	he's like, La	y there. And then that's when like two minutes
4	later I seen	like the ambulance and stuff.
5	Q	Okay. So paramedics came
6	A	Yeah.
7	Q	to get you?
8	A	Yeah.
9	Q	Did you go to the hospital?
10	A	Yes.
11	Q	Do you remember being in the hospital?
12	A	Yeah.
13	Q	How long were you there?
14	A	Three months.
15	Q	Do you remember getting surgery over those three
16	months?	
17	A	No.
18	Q	Did you have procedures done on you
19	A	Yeah.
20	Q	that you know of? Was that
21	A	Yes.
22	Q	Okay. And what grade were you in at the time
23	this happened	.?
24	A	I would have been going to the sixth grade.
25	Q	To the sixth grade. Okay. So you kind of
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1	you were i	n th	ne hospital, so you missed the school year
2	obviously?		
3	А	L	No.
4	Q)	The first part of it?
5	А	_	Yeah.
6	Q)	Okay. While you were in the hospital, were you
7	ever visited by Cornelius or C-Note or your dad?		
8	A	L	No.
9	Q)	Were you visited do you remember if the
10	police ever came to talk to you?		
11	А	<u>.</u>	Yes.
12	Q)	Do you remember when that was?
13	А	_	No.
14	Q)	Do you remember if they recorded you?
15	А	L	No. Well, now I do.
16	Q)	Now you know?
17	A	L	Yeah.
18	Q)	But you don't have an independent recollection
19	of that?		
20	А	L	No.
21	Q)	Do you remember the police coming another time
22	and showing you some pictures?		
23	А	L	Yes.
24	Q)	I want to talk a little bit about the man, okay,
25	that you s	aid	comes in after Stephanie.

1	A Mm-hmm. Yes.		
2	Q Was that yes? Okay. I just want to be clear		
3	who we're talking about. Do you remember, as you sit here		
4	today, anything about him?		
5	A No. I just remember like basically what he had		
6	on.		
7	Q What did he have on?		
8	A He had on an orange cap and like — like		
9	suspender type of things.		
10	Q Okay. Would it		
11	THE COURT: What type of things?		
12	THE WITNESS: Like I don't know how to explain it.		
13	Like over overalls.		
14	THE COURT: Overalls.		
15	THE WITNESS: Yeah.		
16	BY MS. WECKERLY:		
17	Q So you remember a cap —		
18	A Yeah.		
19	Q — and some overalls?		
20	A Yeah.		
21	Q Did you — do you remember like what race he		
22	was?		
23	A No. I just remembered hair.		
24	Q Okay. And as you sit here today, do you		
25	remember anything about the gun?		

1		A No. I can't recall. No.
2		Q You do know, you know now or you you're aware
3	now that	the police did interview you while you were in the
4	hospital?	
5		A Yes.
6		Q Do you remember giving the height and weight and
7	sort of a	what I would call a physical description of the man,
8	like he's	tall or skinny or, you know, like that?
9		A Hmm.
10		Q Do you remember the police asking you about
11	that?	
12		A No.
13		Q I'm sorry?
14		A No.
15		Q I'm going to show you
16		MS. WECKERLY: May I approach the witness, Your
17	Honor?	
18		THE COURT: Yes. Is this to refresh her
19	recollection?	
20		MS. WECKERLY: Yes.
21		THE COURT: Okay.
22	BY MS. WE	CKERLY:
23		Q I'm going to show you, Devonia, this document.
24	Have you	seen this before?
25		A Yes.

1	Q And do you know what it is now?
2	A Yeah. It's a copy of my interview.
3	Q Okay. And I'm going to flip to page 4 of it,
4	and just ask you well, we'll read the bottom of the page 3.
5	MS. WECKERLY: It's the bottom of page 3, Counsel.
6	MR. SGRO: Got it. Thank you.
7	BY MS. WECKERLY:
8	Q Sort of in the middle of the page. Can you just
9	read this section to yourself.
10	A [Complies.]
11	Q Have you read that little bit?
12	A Yeah.
13	Q Okay. And then we're going to go on to page 4.
14	A You want me to read all of it?
15	Q Yeah. Can you get all the way to the end,
16	please.
17	A I'm finished.
18	Q Okay. Now, having looked at that, does that
19	refresh your recollection as to whether or not you gave a
20	description of what this person looked like to the police?
21	A No. I don't remember saying that.
22	Q You don't?
23	A No.
24	Q And is it because you don't remember saying
25	these words, or are you saying these words are incorrect?

1	A I don't remember saying it.	
2	Q Okay. But in looking at the document, would you	
3	agree with me that there is actually a description written on	
4	this piece of paper that	
5	A Yes.	
6	Q is on here, I guess?	
7	You just don't remember this at all?	
8	A Yes.	
9	Q Okay. Do you remember that when the police	
10	talked to you, that you gave some description of the gun? Do	
11	you remember that?	
12	A I don't recall that.	
13	Q I'm sorry?	
14	A I don't recall that.	
15	MS. WECKERLY: Okay. And this time, Counsel, it will	
16	be on page 6.	
17	MR. SGRO: Thank you.	
18	BY MS. WECKERLY:	
19	Q And if you could just read just this, this	
20	little bit right here, and just let me know when you finish	
21	that line. Okay.	
22	A [Complies.]	
23	Q And having looked at that, does that refresh	
24 25	your recollection at all about whether or not you were you	
25	gave some description of the gun?	

1	A No.
2	Q And again, I'm just asking you is it that you
3	don't remember giving the description, or this just doesn't
4	refresh your memory
5	A I don't remember giving the description.
6	Q You don't remember giving the description?
7	A Yes.
8	Q Okay. But you would agree with me that on page
9	6, there is a little bit of a description of the gun?
10	A Yes.
11	Q When the I want to go back to the events of
12	that night. Okay. When the after you had been shot and
13	when the man was going through your pockets, could you see if
14	he went anywhere else in the bedroom or if he took anything?
15	Could you see anything else that he did?
16	A He went over by the nightstand.
17	Q He went over by the nightstand?
18	A Yes.
19	Q And do you know what was on the nightstand,
20	or
21	A I don't recall.
22	Q Okay. Did you see him go anywhere else in the
23	room?
24	A No.
25	Q Just by the nightstand?
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1	A Yes.
2	Q Do you remember seeing your dad at all before
3	you went into the bathroom?
4	A No.
5	Q Do you remember if your dad had anything with
6	him in the bathroom?
7	A No.
8	Q Do you remember talking to the police about your
9	dad picking up his phone and some money?
10	A No.
11	MS. WECKERLY: And this, Counsel, is it's sort of
12	on page 8 and 10.
13	MR. SGRO: Okay.
14	BY MS. WECKERLY:
15	Q Okay. So this is the middle of page 8.
16	Devonia, I'm just going to ask you to read just the first
17	the first half. Okay. So you read to here?
18	A Mm-hmm.
19	Q Okay. So you looking at again, this
20	transcript of your interview, does that refresh your memory at
21	all about discussions about what the man did in the room?
22	A Can you repeat that?
23	Q Sure. That was a really long question. You've
24	read that little bit I
25	A Mm-hmm. Yes.

1	Q	referenced for you on page 8?
2	Does	that help you remember other things that the man
3	did in the ro	om or what he might have taken?
4	A	No.
5	Q	And is it the same thing, where you just don't
6	remember givi	ng this interview?
7	А	Yeah. I just don't remember.
8	Q	Okay. Is it well, would you agree though,
9	that there is	a discussion about that in the interview?
10	A	Yes.
11	Q	The events of that night into the morning, we're
12	about almost	five years ago, is it hard for you to remember
13	them?	
14	А	Yes.
15	Q	Devonia, I'm going to show you this piece of
16	paper that's	marked as State's Exhibit 277. Do you recognize
17	this?	
18	А	No.
19	Q	Do you remember drawing this at all?
20	А	No.
21	Q	So you have no recollection of this item at all?
22	А	No.
23	Q	I have one more thing for you to look at. Now
24		ou two State's 280. I don't know if you would
25	have seen tha	t page, but the second page of it, do you see
	li	

1	some writing?	
2	А	Mm-hmm.
3	Q	Is that yes?
4	А	Yes.
5	Q	Okay. Does that look like your writing to you?
6	А	Yes.
7	Q	And then there's someone circled?
8	A	Yes.
9	Q	Did you do that?
10	А	I don't recall.
11	Q	You don't recall?
12	А	But it's my handwriting, but I don't remember.
13	Q	Okay. That does look like your handwriting
14	though?	
15	А	Yes.
16	Q	Do you remember the police showing you this
17	group of pict	ures at all?
18	А	No.
19	Q	I'm sorry?
20	А	No.
21	Q	Okay. When this well, let me ask you this.
22	When the man	who shot you, could that have been C-Note?
23	А	No.
24	Q	And do you think you could have been confused at
25	all about whe	ther it was C-Note?

1	A N	[O.
2	QI	t was someone had you ever seen that person
3	before?	
4	А Н	m—mm.
5	Q I	s that
6	A N	[O.
7	Q –	- no?
8	After	you were shot, do you remember whether or not
9	your stomach wa	s bleeding a lot?
LO	A N	[O.
L1	Q D	o you remember anything about what your clothes
L2	looked like at	all after you were shot?
L3	A N	[O.
L4	Q B	ut you do remember you were wearing some kind
L5	of pants?	
L6	A Y	es.
L7	Q D	id C-Note or Cornelius, I call him Cornelius,
L8	did he ever tel	l you what to tell the police?
L9	A N	O.
20	Q H	as any did anyone ever tell you what to say
21	in this intervi	ew?
22	A N	O •
23	MS. WE	CKERLY: Your Honor, at this time I'd like to
24	admit move t	o admit her voluntary statement. We can
25	certainly do it	the audio, because I know defense counsel

1	had
2	THE COURT: Of course the best evidence is the
3	audio
4	MS. WECKERLY: Right.
5	THE COURT: but if they have no objection to the
6	transcript as opposed to the audio.
7	MR. SGRO: The Court's indulgence, Your Honor.
8	(Pause in proceedings)
9	MR. SGRO: Your Honor, I brought the audio with me.
10	MR. DiGIACOMO: I have a previously marked
11	MR. SGRO: Oh, you do?
12	THE COURT: Do you want the audio instead of the
13	transcript, or is the transcript acceptable? It may be easier
14	for the jurors to read the transcript later on during
15	deliberations.
16	MR. DiGIACOMO: For the record, Judge, the audio's
17	been marked as State's Proposed 291.
18	MS. WECKERLY: So I would move to admit that.
19	THE COURT: All right. That will be received.
20	(State's Exhibit 291 admitted.)
21	THE COURT: Does that conclude your direct?
22	MS. WECKERLY: The Court's indulgence for one second.
23	(Pause in proceedings)
24	MS. WECKERLY: Thank you, Your Honor. I'll pass the
25	witness.

1	THE COURT: Any cross?
2	MR. SGRO: Yes, sir.
3	CROSS-EXAMINATION
4	BY MR. SGRO:
5	Q Hi, Devonia. How are you doing?
6	A Hello.
7	Q Do you remember talking to me a little a few
8	months back with my investigator about this case?
9	A I think so.
10	Q Remember when we came over, I think it was your
11	grandma's house?
12	A Oh, yes. Yes.
13	Q You remember that? I was way younger back then.
14	Devonia, so I want to ask you about a couple things
15	about your statement. The DA showed you this statement,
16	right, the typewritten document?
17	A Yes.
18	Q You know you talked to the police at some point,
19	right? You just don't remember
20	A Yes.
21	Q Okay. And you don't remember what the words are
22	that you said, right?
23	A Yes.
24	Q Now, do you remember when you met when you
25	met with me, do you remember my investigator also?

1	A I'm not sure.
2	Q Let me get to his
3	MR. SGRO: May I approach the clerk, Your Honor?
4	THE COURT: Yes.
5	(Pause in proceeding.)
6	MR. SGRO: May I approach the witness, Your Honor?
7	THE COURT: Yes.
8	BY MR. SGRO:
9	Q Do you see over here at this table there is a
10	woman sitting in the dark suit?
11	A Hmm.
12	Q Yes?
13	A Yes.
14	Q And then next to her is a guy with a dark suit
15	and a light colored shirt?
16	A Yes.
17	Q And you remember he was with me when we came?
18	A Yes.
19	MR. SGRO: Okay. And may I approach?
20	THE COURT: Yes.
21	BY MR. SGRO:
22	Q And this is Exhibit T like Tom. That's my
23	investigator, right?
24	A Yes.
25	Q And then there was another woman that was with
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1	us, remember that?
2	A Yes.
3	Q And we sat around your kitchen table there,
4	right?
5	A Yes.
6	Q Okay. Now, you were asked some questions about
7	things in your statement, and you said you didn't remember
8	saying certain things, right?
9	A Yes.
10	Q Now, do you remember telling us that after you
11	read your statement things on the statement didn't seem right?
12	A Yes.
13	Q In other words, once you had the benefit of
14	reading your statement and then looking back on what you
15	remembered, your statement didn't seem very accurate to you?
16	A Yes.
17	Q Do you remember saying things like, they asked
18	me how old he was, how am I supposed to know how old he was?
19	A Yes.
20	Q And you still believe that today, right? You
21	have no idea how old this person was?
22	A Yes.
23	Q And they asked you how tall he was and you said,
24	A Yes. Q And they asked you how tall he was and you said, "How would I know. I was on the ground." Do you remember that?
25	that?

1	A Yeah.
2	Q And you still stick with that today, you would
3	have no idea how tall he was, right?
4	A Yes.
5	Q Now, you were asked some questions about
6	complexion. Do you remember you told us that his skin tone
7	was darker than your skin tone? Do you remember telling us
8	that?
9	A I don't recall.
10	Q Okay. Do you recall drawing something for us?
11	A Yes.
12	Q I had a white piece of paper here. Here it is.
13	Now, when we talked about the difference between what you
14	told or what appeared on that police statement and what you
15	remembered, do you remember telling us that there were some
16	things you remembered different?
17	A Yes.
18	Q And do you remember telling us that you
19	remembered that this man had a hat?
20	A Yes.
21	Q And you remember telling us he had a bandanna?
22	A Yes.
23	Q And remember and I think you said, I just was
24	able to see his eyes and that's it.
25	A Yes.

1	MR. SGRO: May I approach the witness, Your Honor?
2	THE COURT: Sure.
3	MR. SGRO: I'm handing you just a blank piece of
4	paper and a pen.
5	Your Honor, may I move this box just for a moment?
6	THE COURT: Sure.
7	BY MR. SGRO:
8	Q So Devonia, you were kind enough to draw me a
9	picture back when we met a few months ago at your grandma's,
10	right?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Do you mind doing that for me again, please.
13	Can you and just tell me when you're done.
14	A I'm finished.
15	Q Do you mind signing your name on that for me,
16	please.
17	A [Complies.]
18	Q Thank you.
19	MR. SGRO: And may I approach the clerk, Your Honor?
20	THE COURT: Yes.
21	MR. SGRO: Your Honor, I'd move into evidence Defense
22	Exhibit V, like Victor.
23	THE COURT: It will be received.
24	(Defendant's Exhibit V admitted.)
25	MR. SGRO: May I publish?
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1	THE COURT: Yes.
2	MR. SGRO: Sorry.
3	MR. LANGFORD: No objection, Your Honor.
4	BY MR. SGRO:
5	Q Do you remember when we talked about the police
6	statement that's on the tape, you were kind of upset because
7	you thought people were putting words in your mouth about what
8	the description was, right?
9	A Yes.
10	Q And you remember part of your being upset was
11	because you tried to tell the DA's and they said, Don't worry
12	about it?
13	A Yes.
14	Q I'm sorry?
15	A Yes.
16	Q Okay. Now, just for an example
17	THE COURT: Put that box back so she can
18	MR. SGRO: I'm sorry. Sorry.
19	THE COURT: There you go.
20	BY MR. SGRO:
21	Q So one of the things that you told us when we
22	were together was, you know, they asked me or you realized
23	that on your statement you described some facial hair, like
24	mustaches and stuff?
25	A Yes.

_		
1	Q	And when you looked back and recalled, you
2	realized that	if the person had a bandanna on you weren't
3	going to be al	ole to tell if he had a mustache or not?
4	A	Yes.
5	Q	And these are parts of the reasons why you were
6	frustrated who	en you saw your police statement, right?
7	A	Yes.
8	Q	And did you also tell me that after reading your
9	police stateme	ent, it appeared to you like the detectives put
10	words in your	mouth?
11	A	Yes.
12	Q	And you don't I think what you said is, I
13	don't talk lil	ke that, and you were pointing to your statement,
14	right?	
15	A	Yes.
16	Q	Do you remember when C-Note or Cornelius came to
17	visit with you	ı in the hospital?
18	A	He never came and visited me in the hospital.
19	Q	Okay. And you were asked something about some
20	suspenders	
21	А	Yes.
22	Q	remember that?
23	And y	you don't remember drawing anything having to do
24	with suspender	rs, right?
25	А	No. Yes, I do.

1	Q	Oh, you do remember
2	A	I don't no, I didn't draw I don't remember
3	drawing anyth:	ing, but I remember saying something about it.
4	Q	Okay. And let me back up, if I misspoke. You
5	don't remembe	r drawing, drawing it actually on a piece of
6	paper?	
7	A	No.
8	Q	You spent some time with CPS after this case, or
9	after the sho	oting happened, right?
10	А	Yes.
11	Q	And you also told people at CPS
12	A	Well, no. I never been down to the place. I
13	was in the ho	spital
14	Q	Okay.
15	A	for three months and I moved with my aunt.
16	Q	Okay. Did you speak to people from CPS though?
17	A	No.
18	Q	You don't remember that?
19	A	No.
20	Q	Do you remember if you ever told anyone from CPS
21	that your stat	tement didn't look right to you?
22	A	No.
23	Q	Did that ever come up? Okay.
24	Corne	elius or C-Note has been outside for a couple
25	days, right?	

1	A	Huh?
2	Q	C-Note has been outside the courtroom waiting to
3	testify and t	hen testified, right?
4	А	Yes.
5	Q	And you've seen him out there?
6	А	Yes.
7	Q	Did he tell you what he testified about when he
8	was	
9	А	No.
10	Q	on the stand?
11	Okay	. Now, you said that Stephanie didn't seem
12	surprised whe	n someone broke in or pushed her away, right?
13	А	Yes.
14	Q	And you do remember telling me that Stephanie
15	could have be	en acting?
16	А	Yes.
17	Q	Okay. The fact and you used those words,
18	right; Stepha	nie could have been acting?
19	А	Yes.
20	Q	Could the phrase "Stephanie could have been
21	acting," could	d that have come from Cornelius, or no?
22	А	No.
23	Q	Now, when we when we spoke, do you remember
24	anything abou	t C-Note before before going into the ing some stuff out of the drawer?
25	bathroom, tak	ing some stuff out of the drawer?

1	А	No.
2	Q	Okay. If I if I put it in the context of
3	getting money	for some school clothes remember, this was
4	August, right	; school was about a couple weeks away?
5	А	Yes.
6	Q	Does it refresh your memory if I tell you in the
7	context of sc	hool clothes that you had said Cornelius got some
8	money for som	e school clothes out of the drawer before he went
9	in the bathro	om?
10	А	I don't recall saying that.
11	Q	Okay. Did you remember at any point seeing
12	C-Note by tho	se drawers as you're here today?
13	А	No.
14	Q	Does C-Note, back in August of 2010, did he have
15	two brothers?	
16	A	I'm not sure. I wasn't really close to his
17	family.	
18	Q	Had you ever met his brothers, or no?
19	A	No, not that I know of.
20	Q	All right. Do you remember that there was some
21	questions abo	ut what kind of clothes you had on; you said you
22	had some pant	s on?
23	A	Huh?
24	Q	On the night that the shooting happened
25	А	Yes.

1	Q Ms. Weckerly just asked you what kind
2	A Yes.
3	Q of clothes you had on.
4	Okay. On that night, could you have been wearing
5	stretch pants like the, you know, the tight stretchy ones that
6	don't have pockets?
7	A No.
8	Q Okay. So
9	A Well, I don't know. I'm not sure.
10	Q You may have been wearing stretch pants, you may
11	not have been?
12	A Yeah.
13	Q Had you seen — back in the summertime right
14	before the shooting happens, had you ever seen C-Note in
15	ownership or possession of a gun?
16	A No.
17	Q Do you remember telling CPS that you felt that
18	C-Note saved your life? Did that ever come up?
19	A I don't remember talking to CPS, no.
20	THE COURT: She said she doesn't remember talking to
21	C-Note or to CPS.
22	BY MR. SGRO:
23	Q You don't remember any conversations at all with
24	CPS?
25	A No.

1	MR. SGRO: Okay. Thank you, Judge.		
2	BY MR. SGRO:		
3	Q So let me ask you this question. Do you believe		
4	that night that C-Note saved your life?		
5	A Like I don't get like what you mean like.		
6	Q Okay. Was the bathroom that you ran into, was		
7	it pretty small?		
8	A [No audible response.]		
9	Q How much room was it, do you know?		
10	A I'm not really sure.		
11	Q Do you remember telling the police after		
12	after you record this statement, you've seen the police since		
13	that time, right, and before		
14	A No.		
15	Q You haven't seen the police. Have you spent		
16	time with the DA's?		
17	A Yeah.		
18	Q Have you ever told them that you saw three men		
19	grabbing drugs and money		
20	A No.		
21	Q — does that ring a bell?		
22	Do you remember anything about C-Note winning a big		
23	basketball bet in August of 2010?		
24	A No.		
25	Q Was he a gambler as far as you know?		

1	A No.
2	Q Do you remember him ever winning \$2500?
3	A No.
4	Q Was there was there crack cocaine in that
5	apartment?
6	A I don't recall.
7	Q You don't recall if
8	A No.
9	Q — there was any cocaine?
10	Would you know if there was any marijuana?
11	A I'm not sure.
12	Q Pardon me?
13	A I'm not sure.
14	MR. SGRO: Okay. May I approach the clerk, Judge?
15	THE COURT: Yes.
16	(Pause in proceeding.)
17	MR. SGRO: And may I approach the witness, Your
18	Honor?
19	THE COURT: Yes.
20	BY MR. SGRO:
21	Q Devonia, I wanted to show you a couple pictures.
22	Okay. You tell me if you've ever seen these people before.
23	A Okay.
24	Q Okay. The first one, see the letter W on the
25	back?

_	-		
1		A	Mm-hmm.
2		Q	All right. Defense Exhibit W, do you know
3	who ha	ave y	ou ever seen that person?
4		A	No.
5		Q	Defense Exhibit Y, have you ever seen that
6	person?		
7		A	No.
8		Q	And do you remember telling me that you got a
9	vibe from	n the	person, the man that came into the house, you
10	got a vik	oe fr	om his eyes? Does that sound familiar?
11		A	I'm not sure. I don't get like your question.
12		Q	Okay. Defense Exhibit X, does he look familiar
13	at all?		
14		A	No.
15		MR.	SGRO: Okay. That's all I have, Your Honor.
16		THE	COURT: Anything further, Mr. Langford?
17		MR. 1	LANGFORD: Yes, Your Honor.
18			CROSS-EXAMINATION
19	BY MR. LA	NGFO:	RD:
20		Q	Devonia, a couple things. You knew Stephanie
21	Cousins;	is t	hat right?
22		A	Yes.
23		Q	How did you know Stephanie Cousins?
24		A	When I was a little girl, I used to live in this
25	neighborh	nood	and I was real close with her niece.

1	Q	Okay. And did she did she have a sister that
2	you knew?	
3	А	Yeah.
4	Q	And did her sister's kids used to come over to
5	your house a l	ot?
6	А	Just her sister's one daughter.
7	Q	Okay. And your mom would watch her; is that
8	right?	
9	А	Yeah.
10	Q	Okay. How often would you say Stephanie was
11	over to your h	ouse?
12	А	Like sometimes like every other couple of
13	like probably	like two times out of the month.
14	Q	Okay. Prior to this happening, would you say
15	that Stephanie	Cousins was a good friend of your mom's?
16	А	I'm not sure. I don't really recall.
17	Q	When she was over, would they argue and fight?
18	А	Sometimes they would bump heads.
19	Q	Sometimes they would
20	А	Sometimes. Sometimes.
21	Q	About what? What would they fight about?
22	А	I don't know.
23	Q	You didn't know what they were fighting about?
24	А	No.
25	Q	You're just sure they were fighting?

1	A Not fighting, but like I don't know. Like I	
2	don't know how to explain.	
3	Q Is it possible you don't want to say that she	
4	was a friend today because of what has happened?	
5	A Yeah, you can say that.	
6	Q Now, you said also that when you gave the	
7	statement to the police officers, that you don't remember a	
8	lot about that today, right?	
9	A Yes.	
10	Q That's a true statement; you don't	
11	A Yes.	
12	Q remember very much about that?	
13	You were under a lot of medication at the time?	
14	A Yes.	
15	Q You also were in a hospital room, right?	
16	A Yes.	
17	Q People coming and going, hospital staff coming	
18	and going as they're taking care of you, correct?	
19	A Yeah.	
20	Q And you had been there about, I don't recall how	
21	long, but do you recall how long you'd been there when you	
22	started when you gave that statement?	
23	A No.	
24	Q Is it possible that you may have received visits	
25	from other people as well that you just don't recall?	

1	A No. My aunt said they had it set up a certain		
2	way where only you have to be on the visitors list.		
3	Q Okay. There was a security guard there, right?		
4	A Yes.		
5	Q Okay. Making sure that only certain people got		
6	in to see you, correct?		
7	A Yes.		
8	MR. LANGFORD: Nothing further, Your Honor.		
9	THE COURT: Does that conclude the		
10	MS. WECKERLY: No, Your Honor. I have a couple		
11	questions, please.		
12	THE COURT: Okay. I wanted to finish her before we		
13	head to break, but I it's getting late, so.		
14	MS. WECKERLY: I'll just be like five minutes.		
15	THE COURT: All right.		
16	REDIRECT EXAMINATION		
17	BY MS. WECKERLY:		
18	Q Devonia, what from that night that this		
19	happened and the guy who shot you, what is as you sit here		
20	today, can you give us any description of what you remember		
21	about him?		
22	A I remember hair.		
23	Q You remember hair?		
24	A Hair.		
25	Q What was the hair like?		

1		73	
1		A	It was like curly. It stuck out the hat.
2		Q	Curly and stuck out of the hat?
3		A	Yeah.
4		Q	And do you remember his race?
5		A	No.
6		Q	And do you remember how tall he was?
7		A	No.
8		Q	And do you remember I think you talked of
9	that you	do r	emember something about the clothing?
10		A	Yeah.
11		Q	And what was that?
12		A	The overalls.
13		Q	The overalls. Mr. Sgro called it suspenders.
14	Do you know the difference, or do you consider those the same		
15	or diffe	rent?	
16		A	Under the same, because they both have the
17	straps.		
18		Q	Okay. And when you say overalls, like how
19	how would	d tho	se look on the front of somebody?
20		A	Like like kind of square shape at the top.
21		Q	Square across here
22		А	Yeah.
23		Q	across the chest?
24		Okay	. This picture, Defense Exhibit V
25		A	Yeah.

1	Q — how are you able to draw the face? Is that		
2	like I guess what I'm asking, can you remember the face of		
3	the person back on August 7, 2010?		
4	A No. I just remember like mask on the face.		
5	Q Okay. So this is based on your memory as you		
6	sit here		
7	A Yes.		
8	Q — today?		
9	A Yes.		
10	Q Okay. And it's been about 4 1/2 years.		
11	A Yes.		
12	Q Okay. You said that you were that you		
13	believed that the police kind of put words in your mouth?		
14	A Yes.		
15	Q Can you give me examples of that from the the		
16	interview, if you look at it? Maybe you could point one out		
17	to me?		
18	A Well, there was just like confusion like when		
19	they said		
20	THE COURT: You're going to have to speak up, Miss.		
21	THE WITNESS: Oh, I'm sorry. It was just like		
22	confusion, like when they were like saying I was describing		
23	like how old he was and his height. Like I don't remember.		
24	BY MS. WECKERLY:		
25	Q You don't remember saying it?		

1	A Saying it.		
2	Q Do you think they —		
3	A So that's why I thought until I heard it, it was		
4	just like I just don't remember.		
5	Q So you don't remember?		
6	A Yeah.		
7	Q Did did you feel like they were telling you		
8	to say certain things?		
9	A Yeah. But then like when I heard it, it was		
10	like I did say that, but I don't recall saying it.		
11	Q Okay. So you heard your		
12	A Because my memory, I just don't, really just		
13	don't remember.		
14	Q Okay. So when you heard it, you didn't did		
15	you hear them suggesting answers to you, or it's just no, I		
16	don't even remember saying that?		
17	A When I just heard it, I was just like, wow,		
18	yeah, don't remember saying it.		
19	Q Don't remember saying it. Now tell me about the		
20	meeting you had with defense counsel where Mr. Sgro was there		
21	and the investigator was there. How many people were talking		
22	to you?		
23	A I think it was like five of them. Five.		
24	Q One at a time?		
25	A Sometimes they would talk at the same time, and		

1	then then they'd		
2	Q Imagine that, with lawyers.		
3	A Yeah. They just like like two people would		
4	be talking at me at once, and it was just like kind of		
5	sometimes confusing.		
6	Q So it was a little confusing?		
7	A Yeah.		
8	Q Did they tell you who they were?		
9	A No. I found out like the next day.		
10	Q Did they tape record you?		
11	A No.		
12	Q Did you feel any pressure one way or the other		
13			
	in that meeting?		
14	A No, not really.		
15	Q How about when you met with me and Mr.		
16	DiGiacomo, did you feel pressured?		
17	A No.		
18	Q Did we tell you how you had to answer any		
19	questions?		
20	A No.		
21	Q Do you consider C-Note your dad?		
22	A Yes.		
23	MS. WECKERLY: Thank you.		
24	MR. SGRO: One question, Your Honor.		
25	THE COURT: Okay.		

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

$\nabla x = x$	T /	$\alpha \alpha D \alpha$
BY	MR .	SGRO:

Q Devonia, any doubt that the person that came in that night had a mask on?

A Huh?

Q Do you have any doubt that the person that came into that apartment last night had a mask on?

A Are you like asking me like if he did or didn't like --

Q Yeah. Did he? Did he have a mask on?

A From my memory, yes.

MR. SGRO: Okay. Thank you, Judge.

MR. LANGFORD: Nothing, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Devonia, thank you very much for being a witness. You'll be excused.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

THE COURT: We'll take our luncheon recess now, ladies and gentlemen. Again, it's your duty not to converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject connected with this trial, or to read, watch or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial from any medium of information, including newspapers, television and radio. You may not form or express an opinion on any subject connected with this case until it is finally submitted to you.

Be in recess for about an hour for lunch. We'll see

1	you back here as soon as and the marshal will tell you when		
2	we're ready to go.		
3	(Jurors recessed at 12:40 p.m.)		
4	THE COURT: Don't walk away with the exhibits.		
5	MR. DiGIACOMO: Excuse me. He has three defense		
6	exhibits, doesn't he?		
7	MR. SGRO: I do?		
8	MR. DiGIACOMO: Or did he give those back?		
9	THE CLERK: Yes. No. That's the three you had me		
10	mark.		
11	THE COURT: She'll tackle you on the way out if		
12	you've got exhibits. Don't think my clerk can't do it.		
13	MR. ORAM: What time, Judge? What time do you want		
14	us back?		
15	THE COURT: The record will reflect that the jury has		
16	exited the courtroom. Anything further on the record?		
17	MR. ORAM: What time are you telling us to come back,		
18	1:45?		
19	THE COURT: Oh, an hour. As quickly as you can.		
20	MS. WECKERLY: Your Honor, thank you for		
21	accommodating that witness and counsel.		
22	(Court recessed at 12:41 p.m. until 1:54 p.m.)		
23	(Outside the presence of the jury.)		
24	THE COURT: All right. We're on the record. Burns		
25	and Mason. The record will reflect the presence of the		

defendants, their counsel, and the district attorneys.

Before we get to your matter, I was informed a few minutes ago that one of the jurors has to leave on a plane tonight to attend a funeral and I had promised we will be through before 5:00.

MR. ORAM: That's fine.

MR. DiGIACOMO: That's not going to be an issue.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I just wanted you to know.

All right. You had something you wanted to put on the record.

MR. ORAM: Your Honor, you have just heard a 911 tape. And the 911 tape apparently is Stephanie Cousins relaying to another party information, and now this other party is becoming an accuser of which we will not be about to confront Stephanie Cousins who is the original accuser.

There's actually a U.S. Supreme Court case that addresses 911 calls. And it talks about whether the call is for, in other words, emergency, come and — come and help in which they can use it. But they cannot use it in the event that they are doing it for investigative purposes. And when I heard that, one, it's — it's — that is inadmissible and hearsay on a number of different grounds because we are not able to cross—examine Stephanie Cousins.

And so, to me, that seems obvious unless the State thinks that they can get that in, in which case we're probably

going to have to go, I'll have to go get that case, because I briefed this issue before in the Nevada Supreme Court. I don't think they have a chance of letting that in.

MR. DiGIACOMO: If I could, Mr. Oram is confusing two things. He's talking about Washington v. Davis, which is related to the 911 call. But there is a step that you have to get through before that, which is the statements of Stephanie Cousins. I believe we'll be able to lay the foundation to the next witness that Stephanie came, her feet were bleeding, she's screaming, she's upset, she's clearly under the effects of the event.

And there's a whole lot of case law that says if there is an exception to the hearsay rule it's not confrontation. The statements made by Stephanie daughter are excited utterances. What the daughter then does is call 911 and we're offering it for two separate purposes. One of which is obviously the woman on this tape is excited. She's here. She's going to be cross—examined as to her statements.

But also at the end she provides two separate phone numbers that she utilizes and ultimately it's going to be relevant in her testimony because they show up on our phone records and are going to be admissible as it relates to her phone — to her phone records. So both the initial statements that Stephanie made to — to her daughter were — we were intending to elicit that while the witness is on the stand, as

well as I don't know that she remembers.

As a matter of fact I know she doesn't remember. She may have found out since our pretrial what the numbers were, but I know she doesn't remember it. So we are going to play the 911 to establish the — the phone numbers that she was using, as well as what she's saying on the 911 is come to my house because I've got a problem, which is Washington v. Davis says that's admissible if the 911 call is to seek help from the police because of an emergency situation.

And she's thinking Cornelius is coming to kill her and she's telling the police he's coming to kill her because Willie killed somebody at this house on Christy Lane and Lake Mead, which is right next to our crime scene. All of that is admissible.

MR. ORAM: Judge, I -- I --

MR. DiGIACOMO: Well, then she says, yeah, Willie is coming to kill her because my mom is saying something to the effect of if I say anything I'll get killed.

MR. ORAM: When she says these other people are involved, there are three other people involved. This is what causes me concern. That woman doesn't know that at all. She didn't see any of this. And so I think we've run a reasonably clean trial. I think to let this in against Mr. Burns would be devastating.

And I'm not sure -- when I hear Mr. DiGiacomo say

that, I think he probably should — we should either brief this over the weekend so we can give the Court, since it's a recording, it's not going anywhere, we can give the Court briefs and determine whether this is admissible because that, to me, sounds like inadmissible hearsay that is particularly a violation of —

THE COURT: I heard the tape. It sounded to me like it was an emergency call.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Well, she -- she's --

THE COURT: I would consider that an emergency.

Now, I -- you know, I'm willing to listen to your arguments,

but --

MR. ORAM: Could we at least brief it? Or could -- or we could just simply remove the portion out where she says --

MR. SGRO: Exactly.

MR. ORAM: We can remove out — if they want it for other purposes, but if we can remove out she says there — I forget exactly the two or three other people that she has no knowledge of whatsoever, then I have no — I don't have a difficulty with it. I don't have a difficulty with 95 percent of that. It's that one little blur that I thought, boy, that's — that is — she becomes an accuser of Burns through Stephanie Cousins and that is hearsay and it's a violation of confrontation.

1	MR. DiGIACOMO: Well, except for that so long as the
2	statement of Ms. Cousins is an excited utterance at the time
3	that she makes it to her daughter, there is no issue.
4	MR. ORAM: Yeah, but that's not that's not what
5	you're bringing in. She's not bringing it's not as though
6	this woman is coming in and
7	THE COURT: That's the only way she knows to say
8	that to the police is what she hears from Stephanie; right?
9	MR. DiGIACOMO: Correct.
10	MR. ORAM: So so what I would do, Judge, is I
11	would suggest since we're going to be out of here and starting
12	back up on Monday, that we simply brief it.
13	MR. DiGIACOMO: Except for the witness is here.
14	THE COURT: Yeah, the witness is here.
15	MR. ORAM: She's local.
16	MR. DiGIACOMO: The witness is
17	MR. ORAM: She's local
18	MR. DiGIACOMO: going to testify.
19	MR. ORAM: though; right?
20	MS. WECKERLY: She is local.
21	MR. DiGIACOMO: She's local, but, I mean, she is
22	here to testify today.
23	THE COURT: I think it's probably admissible.
24	MR. SGRO: Judge.
25	THE COURT: Are we ready to go?

MR. SGRO: We're not — one more thing to supplement the record. We never got this tape in discovery, okay. We never got it. We have a computer generated what they call the CAD, but we never got access to the tape. They're springing this on now. You have already previously ruled in this case. And I remember you telling me at one time, well, if it was produced in discovery, they can use it.

THE COURT: That's right.

MR. SGRO: This was not produced in discovery.

THE COURT: I don't know why it wasn't produced in discovery. It should have been.

MR. DiGIACOMO: I can address that, Judge. As it relates to the photographs that are in evidence, and Mr. Sgro acknowledged that, too, 911 calls and jail records, those are the three items that get released to the defense. We give them the CADs. They can order the 911 calls, they can order the photographs, and they can order the jail records.

MR. SGRO: No, no, no.

MR. LANGFORD: That's not right.

MR. SGRO: We subpoena, they do a motion to quash, we come into court --

MR. LANGFORD: Every time.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Not as it relates to those three items, Judge. And so this CAD we made a request to Metro saying, hey, we have the CAD that has —

1	THE COURT: When did you get it?
2	MR. DiGIACOMO: all this information.
3	THE COURT: When did you get it?
4	MR. DiGIACOMO: Friday.
5	MS. WECKERLY: Friday or Thursday.
6	MR. DiGIACOMO: Friday.
7	MR. SGRO: And we're hearing this
8	MR. DiGIACOMO: I sent
9	MR. SGRO: right now?
10	MR. DiGIACOMO: I sent an e-mail off to them
11	saying
12	THE COURT: You got it last Friday?
13	MR. DiGIACOMO: Yes.
14	THE COURT: A week ago today?
15	MR. DiGIACOMO: Yeah, a week ago today. Maybe it
16	was Monday.
17	MR. SGRO: How is that not trial by ambush, Your
18	Honor? And, Judge, just by the way in this case
19	MR. DiGIACOMO: Well, we can put the CAD in.
20	THE COURT: Why didn't you get it sooner than that?
21	MR. DiGIACOMO: Because I I never even looked at
22	the CAD until we talked to the woman who came in and she says
23	I'm the person who called. Because the CAD shows it's a
24	Christine Cyrill (phonetic) and the woman's name is actually
25	Christine something else.

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THE COURT: It concerns me that you didn't get this
 1
    before then and you didn't give it to them before then.
2
               MR. DiGIACOMO: Well -- well, I -- well, I
 3
 4
    understand that. We gave them the computerated generated
     computer list that shows a 911 call was made on this date at
 5
     this time at this location and here is what it says.
6
 7
               THE COURT: Oh, they had -- you had the transcript?
               MR. DiGIACOMO: Well, it's not --
              MR. SGRO:
                          No.
10
              MR. LANGFORD: No.
              MR. DiGIACOMO: -- a transcript. It's a CAD.
11
12
              MR. SGRO:
                          No.
13
              MR. LANGFORD: Not a transcript.
14
              MR. DiGIACOMO: I can pull it up for you, Judge.
15
    It's a --
16
              MR. SGRO: No, we did not have a transcript. Here's
    the -- here's the situation, Your Honor. We didn't know --
17
18
                                  Time out. Either you had a
               THE COURT:
                           Wait.
19
    transcript or you didn't.
20
               MR. SGRO: We did not.
21
               MR. DiGIACOMO: We have a CAD.
22
               MR. SGRO:
                         We have a CAD.
23
               THE COURT: I don't know what a CAD is.
24
               MR. SGRO:
                         A CAD is --
25
               MR. DiGIACOMO: I'll pull it up --
```

MR. SGRO: -- a computer --

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MR. DiGIACOMO: -- for the Court, Judge.

MR. SGRO: -- it's a computerated -- computer generated -- it's like -- it's the difference between a court transcript and a minute order or in the court minutes. The minutes serve to very summarily reflect the proceedings in a courtroom. That's what a CAD is to 911 calls. That's all we had. We didn't talk about this in opening. We didn't talk about this through any examination of any of the other witnesses. We didn't -- we, Your Honor, are completely surprised by this.

It's far more — even — even if the Court finds that it's — it's somehow an exception to the hearsay rule, and by the way you'd have to do a double loop, excited utterance to excited utterance, which I've never heard of before. I understand if I'm excited and I relay information, that's maybe an exception. But if I'm excited and then I get Mr. Oram excited and then he goes and tells somebody else, is my initial excited utterance admissible through him?

THE COURT: You can cross-examine her on it why she said what she said.

MR. SGRO: Well, the other — the other issue is —

THE COURT: That's not the important thing. I think

it's an excited statement to the — calling to the police,

asking for help. I think that that's good enough to get it

into evidence. Now, the only issue I'm concerned about is why 1 this wasn't produced as part of discovery. 3 MR. SGRO: And the other issue is the prejudice versus the probative value. Even if they meet the hearsay 4 exception, I'll tell you why, Your Honor. She says Willie 5 Mason, and then she says the word them. Them. The -- the --6 the inability of us to examine of who them is or who --7 THE COURT: You can cross-examine her. MR. SGRO: We can't because she doesn't know. She -- in order to cross-examine --10 THE COURT: I thought she was going to testify. 11 12 MR. SGRO: Yeah, but we have to cross-examine her based on what her mother told her. She wasn't there at the 13 scene. How are we going to do that? 14 15 THE COURT: You can still cross-examine her. She's going to be -- she's going to be on the stand. 16 17 MR. DiGIACOMO: Judge, on your screen -- yes. And 18 on your screen is the document that they got showing the event 19 number, the call, and then the report of the -- the call taker's notes as to what it is that this person is reporting 20 is going on at that location at that time. 21 22 MR. SGRO: Right. And that's Cornelius Mayo. As we 23 read the discovery in its entirety, this CAD is Cornelius 24 Mayo. 25 MR. DiGIACOMO: Really? It says suspect, Willie

Mason, black male adult, 27 years old --1 MR. SGRO: Right. MR. DiGIACOMO: -- 5'4, 130 pounds, black hair, and 3 have no further description, white Jeep, unknown plates, two 4 other suspects also involved. Suspects known to do drive, this male --6 It does sound like you had it. 7 THE COURT: We're going to go ahead. Let's go. 8 right. MR. DiGIACOMO: Thank you, Judge. THE COURT: Bring in the jury. 10 THE MARSHAL: Yes, sir. 11 12 Judge, just to prefect the record, just MR. ORAM: 13 -- I understand the ruling --14 THE COURT: Bring in the jury. 15 (In the presence of the jury.) 16 State of Nevada versus Mason and Burns. THE COURT: 17 The record will reflect the presence of the defendants, their 18 counsel, the district attorneys, and all members of the jury. We're ready to proceed with the State's next witness. 19 20 Thank you, Your Honor. The State MS. WECKERLY: 21 calls Monica Monroe. 22 MONICA MONROE, STATE'S WITNESS, SWORN 23 THE CLERK: Please be seated. Please state your 24 name and spell your first and last name for the record. 25 THE WITNESS: Monica Monroe; M-O-N-I-C-A

1	M-O-N-R-O-E.		
2	DIRECT EXAMINATION		
3	BY MS. WECKERLY:		
4	Q Ms. Monroe, are you related to someone named		
5	David Burns?		
6	A Yes.		
7	Q Ma'am, can you say yes or no for the record		
8	just because		
9	A Yes.		
10	Q of our recording? Thank you. And do you		
11	see him in the courtroom today?		
12	A Yes.		
13	Q Could you point to him and describe what he's		
14	wearing?		
15	A Over here in the blue.		
16	MS. WECKERLY: Your Honor, may the record reflect		
17	identification?		
18	THE COURT: The record will so reflect.		
19	MS. WECKERLY: Thank you.		
20	BY MS. WECKERLY:		
21	Q How are you related to him, ma'am?		
22	A He's my cousin, second cousin.		
23	Q Okay. And back in August and September of		
24	Q Okay. And back in August and September of 2010, can you give us the county or just sort of general description of where you were living?		
25	description of where you were living?		

1	A Victorville, San Bernardino County.
2	Q Okay. At the towards the beginning of
3	August of 2010, did you receive some phone calls from Mr.
4	Burns?
5	A I received a phone call, and the reason I know
6	that was because it was on an answering machine. That's it.
7	Not
8	Q Okay. And do you know or can you remember the
9	number that he was dialing from?
10	A I remember a digit.
11	Q What do you remember?
12	A There was a 5. That's what I told the
13	deputies when they came. Well, the officers when they came
14	out.
15	Q Okay. And some detectives did come and talk
16	to you in September of '10; correct?
17	A Yes.
18	Q And they were asking you about these calls?
19	A They asked me have I heard from my cousin and
20	I said, yeah, on my answering machine he called. And then
21	they didn't ask the number yeah, they did ask the number
22	and I gave them a 5 because I remember there it was a 5
23	something.
24	Q Okay. Do you remember giving them a number
25	that you received a call from that was a 909 area code?

1	A I don't recall.	
2	Q Okay.	
3	A I don't know.	
4	Q You did give a taped statement to them?	
5	A No. He asked for one.	
6	Q Okay.	
7	MS. WECKERLY: Can I may I approach the witness,	
8	Your Honor?	
9	THE COURT: Yes.	
10	MS. WECKERLY: This is the top of page 5.	
11	MR. ORAM: Thank you, Counsel.	
12	BY MS. WECKERLY:	
13	Q Ms. Monroe, I'm showing you a document which	
14	you I don't know if you've seen it before.	
15	A No.	
16	Q But it appears to be a transcript of an	
17	interview that you gave to the detectives. Do you recall	
18	that?	
19	A I've never seen that.	
20	Q Okay.	
21	A Uh-huh.	
22	Q Do you recall them speaking with you?	
23	A Yeah.	
24	Q Okay. And they sort of start the interview	
25	out and they say they're with you. And they discuss	

1	A They came, they knocked at the door, they
2	asked me did I know a guy, and they said his name.
3	Q Uh—huh.
4	A And I said yeah. And they said he was
5	[indecipherable] in Las Vegas and we would like to talk with
6	him.
7	Q Okay. And so are you saying you didn't do
8	this tape recorded statement?
9	A No, I didn't do a tape recorded statement.
10	Q Okay.
11	A I don't recall doing no tape recorded
12	statement. The man asked me and I told him no.
13	Q Okay. You will agree with me, though, that
14	there is a question here about how you're related to a David
15	it says Burn in the transcript. This is page 2. And you
16	somewhat answer his cousin.
17	A I always say second cousin because his mom is
18	my first.
19	Q Okay.
20	A I said cousin.
21	Q So you're denying that this is you talking
22	maybe? Or what are your what do you remember about that?
23	A I remember talking to him and he asked me
24	could he record it and I told him no.
25	Q Okay. So if there's a recorded statement

1	where the detec	ctives are openly recording you
2	A	Uh-huh.
3	Q	that's not you on the tape?
4	A	If it's my voice, it's my voice. But I didn't
5	he wasn't re	ecording me. I don't recall him recording me.
6	Q	Okay. Is it possible they could have recorded
7	you and you dor	n't remember it?
8	A	Could be.
9	Q	Okay. Let me let me have you look at a
10	different page.	
11	MS. V	WECKERLY: And this will be page 5, counsel, at
12	the top.	
13	THE V	WITNESS: Okay.
14	BY MS. WECKERLY:	
15	Q	And it looks like they ask you well, the
16	detective starts off I showed you a couple of numbers that	
17	those phone cal	ls came from and he gives a a 909-233-0860
18	phone number; correct?	
19	А	I don't know about that because he asked me
20	Q	Right. And what is your
21	А	did I get a call. And the only thing I
22	said to him was	s yeah.
23	Q	Okay.
24	А	And I told him the number was a 5-something
25	number. But he	e was mentioning another number, but I never

1	said I got a call from no other number. I said 5 because he		
2	only called one time that I could recall because I never		
3	talked to him verbally.		
4	Q	Uh-huh.	
5	A	He was on the answering machine. He just said	
6	Auntie and held	the phone	
7	Q	Okay.	
8	А	when he called.	
9	Q	And now we're referring page 3 and into page	
10	4. Can you read	d the bottom of page 3 and to the top half of	
11	page 4 and just	let me know when you're doing reading it,	
12	please.		
13	А	Start here?	
14	Q	Yeah. Just to yourself, though.	
15	А	Uh-huh.	
16	Q	Whoops. The next page is underneath.	
17	А	Okay.	
18	Q	That's okay.	
19	А	I don't remember this. Seriously. Okay. I'm	
20	old in the brain.		
21	Q	That's okay. No, that's okay.	
22	А	I remember	
23	Q	Is it is it jogging	
24	А	Uh-huh.	
25	Q	your memory a little bit?	
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1	A T	Jh-huh. And the shoe thing. Yeah.
2	Q (Okay.
3	A	Jh-huh.
4	Q I	Was there was there more than one call to
5	the best of your	recollection after you read this?
6	A	I don't remember.
7	Q	Is it fair to say there's a discussion about
8	there maybe being	g a couple calls in the interview?
9	A	Yeah, because this shoe thing. Yeah.
10	Q (Okay. So a couple calls about shoes.
11	A I	No, I don't remember. Just that one and then
12	the other one was just the answering machine.	
13	Q	Okay. So maybe there were two calls.
14	Α	Yeah.
15	Q	Okay. And they ask you about this 909 number.
16	And at least your answer on the transcript is yes; right? Or	
17	yeah?	
18	A I	Well, when he asked me I kept saying no
19	because I didn't	know this was that there. All I remember is
20	checking the answ	wering machine and seeing a 5 number.
21	Q	Okay.
22	A	So I never said yes to that number. But if
23	this came from th	nat number, it must have been yes, but I never
24	said yes to that	number. I just said 5. He called me from a er.
25	5-something number	er.

1	Q	Okay. Would you agree with me, though, that
2	your answer afte	er he says the 909 number, at least on the
3	transcript says	yeah?
4	А	I guess because
5	Q	Okay.
6	А	I mean, like it was so long ago and I don't
7	remember	
8	Q	Sure.
9	А	saying that, so I don't
10	Q	Okay. And then and then he does mention
11	the number that	you're talking about; right?
12	А	Yeah.
13	Q	The 512?
14	А	Well, I told him that it was a 5 number
15	because that's	the only one I remember.
16	Q	Okay. And you actually said he might have
17	called from 512	•
18	А	5-something number. Yeah.
19	Q	What is your answer there? Can you read that?
20	А	Oh, and I said he might have called from a
21	512. Well, may	pe, then, I did say that.
22	Q	Okay. So at least that's what it says on
23	the	
24	А	Uh-huh.
25	Q	Is that yes? Sorry.
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1	А	Yes, that's yes.
2	Q	Okay.
3	А	Uh-huh.
4	Q	And just one last question. Does David Burns
5	doe she have	a nickname?
6	A	I was told he has a nickname.
7	Q	Have you ever
8	A	I've never called him a nickname.
9	Q	Okay. Have you ever
10	A	Peep. That's all I've called him. But I've
11	never called him	m a nickname. I was told when they asked me.
12	Q	Okay. Have you heard the nickname D-Shot?
13	A	They asked me that. Yeah.
14	Q	And you actually indicated you had.
15	A	I've heard it, yes.
16	Q	Ma'am, at that time what was your home number?
17	A	Oh, God.
18	Q	Do you remember if you told the detectives?
19	A	Yeah, I did. I think I did because I remember
20	him telling him	the other officer go get like go get, I
21	guess, the info	rmation for their phone number.
22	Q	Okay. And did you tell them yourself, too?
23	A	Most likely. I probably did.
24	Q	Okay.
25	MS. W	ECKERLY: And then, counsel, this is at page 9.

4	
1	BY MS. WECKERLY:
2	Q Maybe this will help you remember. Looking at
3	the middle of page 9 they actually ask you what was your cell
4	number, and what's the answer you give?
5	A 909. That was my cell, yes.
6	Q And what is it?
7	A 909-522-7798.
8	Q And then they ask you your home number; right?
9	A Uh-huh.
10	Q Is that yes?
11	A Yes, that's the home number, 760-596-3191 was
12	it.
13	Q Okay. So your home number is 760-596-31
14	A 3191.
15	Q Okay. Thank you.
16	A Uh-huh.
17	MS. WECKERLY: I'll pass the witness.
18	MR. ORAM: No questions, Your Honor.
19	MR. LANGFORD: No questions, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: Thank you for being a witness, miss.
21	THE WITNESS: Okay.
22	THE COURT: You will be excused.
23	THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.
24	MS. WECKERLY: Christine Pierce.
25	TAMIKA PIERCE, STATE'S WITNESS, SWORN

1	THE CLERK: Please be seated. Please state your
2	name and spell your first and last name for the record.
3	THE WITNESS: Tamika Pierce; T-A-M-I-K-A
4	P-I-E-R-C-E.
5	THE CLERK: I'm sorry. I didn't hear the first
6	name.
7	THE COURT: Your first name is?
8	THE WITNESS: Tamika.
9	THE COURT: And spell Tamika again.
10	THE WITNESS: T-A-M-I-K-A.
11	THE CLERK: Thank you.
12	THE COURT: Thank you.
13	DIRECT EXAMINATION
14	BY MS. WECKERLY:
15	Q And do you call your — do you go by
16	Christine?
17	A Yes.
18	Q Is that your middle name?
19	A Yes.
20	Q Are you related to Stephanie Cousins?
21	A Yes.
22	Q And can you —
23	THE MARSHAL: I'm sorry, ma'am. Can you
24	BY MS. WECKERLY:
25	Q — pull that a little closer to you?
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1	THE COURT: Yeah, would you move up a little closer
2	to that microphone. Talk right into it please.
3	THE WITNESS: Okay.
4	BY MS. WECKERLY:
5	Q You are related to Stephanie Cousins?
6	A Yes.
7	Q How?
8	A She's my mother.
9	Q Okay. Back in August of 2010, what street
10	were you living on?
11	A Aloha.
12	Q And where was your mom living?
13	A On Vegas Valley.
14	Q How close were your two residences?
15	A Like two minutes away. Right across the
16	street.
17	Q As of August of 2010, did you know someone by
18	the name of Willie Mason?
19	A Yes.
20	Q Do you see him in the courtroom today?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Could you point to him and describe what he's
23	wearing today, please.
24	A A burgundy plaid shirt.
25	MS. WECKERLY: Your Honor, may the record reflect
	KARR REPORTING, INC.

1	identification of Mr. Mason.
2	THE COURT: The record will so reflect.
3	BY MS. WECKERLY:
4	Q How did you — how did you know Mr. Mason?
5	A I've known him for years through my kids'
6	father.
7	Q Okay. And what's your child's father's name?
8	A Latoy.
9	Q Latoy what?
10	A Clinkscale.
11	Q Okay. And did Latoy have any brothers?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Who were the brothers?
14	A Shawn Clinkscale.
15	Q Okay. Did you know anyone at that time by the
16	name of Jerome Thomas?
17	A Not by that name, but yes.
18	Q How about Job-Loc?
19	A Yes.
20	Q Okay. Did you know him socially, or you just
21	kind of were aware of him?
22	A We were all social.
23	Q Social?
24	A Yeah.
25	Q I'm that yes?
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1	A	Yes.
2	Q	I'm sorry. We're recording, so you have to
3	say yes or no ra	ther than yeah just so it's a little bit
4	clearer.	
5	A	Okay.
6	Q	Thank you. Did you know Mr. Mason's mom?
7	A	Yes.
8	Q	What was her name or what is her name?
9	A	Natalie.
10	Q .	And how long as of 2010, how long had you
11	known Mr. Mason?	
12	A	From 2002, eight years.
13	Q	So a pretty long time.
14	A	Yeah.
15	Q	Is that yes?
16	A	Yes. I'm sorry.
17	Q	That's okay. And you said you kind of
18	socialized with	him?
19	A	Yes.
20	Q	Now, as of August 2010, did you well, using
21	that date as a m	arker, August 2010, how much previous had you
22	heard from Mr. M	ason?
23	A	The last time before then, the last time I
24	heard from him w	as in May of 2009.
25	Q	Okay. May of 2009 you hear from him. And do
		KARR REPORTING, INC.

1	you hear from h	im in August of 2010?
2	А	Yes.
3	Q	So a little over a year later?
4	А	Yes.
5	Q	How is it that you come in you get
6	contacted or do	you contact him or he contacts you in August?
7	А	He contacted me.
8	Q	In person or how?
9	А	Over the phone.
10	Q	And when he contacted you in person, was it a
11	voice call?	
12	А	We in the year 2010 we never had no
13	personal contac	t.
14	Q	In August?
15	А	Yeah, we never seen each other in August.
16	Q	Okay. But was it a voice call like on a cell
17	phone?	
18	А	Yes.
19	Q	Okay. And tell us about the conversation that
20	you had.	
21	А	He was telling me to come help him, save him,
22	and he needed h	elp.
23	Q	And when you got the call, do you remember if
24	it was towards	the beginning of August?
25	А	It was towards it was like, yeah, the
		KARR REPORTING, INC.

beginning of August, end of July. He called a few times. 1 And when you spoke to him when he was saying 3 come to help me -- or come help me, was there anything else discussed between the two of you? 4 5 No, he --Α MR. LANGFORD: Your Honor, may we approach. 6 7 THE COURT: Certainly. (Bench conference.) 8 MR. LANGFORD: I just want to make sure that they have pre-trialed this witness not to say anything about my 10 client's --11 12 THE COURT: I'm sorry. I can't hear you. 13 MR. LANGFORD: I just want to make sure that they 14 have pre-trialed this witness that she's not to say anything 15 about my client's background. 16 MR. DiGIACOMO: Yes. We have instructed her both at 17 the pre-trial and I just walked outside and said no gang, no prison. 18 19 THE COURT: What's -- what's his background? 20 MR. LANGFORD: That he went to prison on a robbery. THE COURT: Oh, okay. He was in prison. 21 22 MR. DiGIACOMO: Yes, so --23 THE COURT: Okay. 24 MR. DiGIACOMO: -- we said no gang, no prison. 25 THE COURT: All right. Good.

1	MR. DiGIACOMO: She's been instructed.
2	MR. LANGFORD: All right.
3	(End of bench conference.)
4	BY MS. WECKERLY:
5	Q May I call you Christine?
6	A Uh-huh.
7	THE COURT: You've got to say yes or no.
8	THE WITNESS: Yes.
9	THE COURT: Thank you.
10	BY MS. WECKERLY:
11	Q We're going to bother you every time you do
12	that.
13	A I see.
14	Q In August 2010 you get a voice call from him.
15	A Yes.
16	Q And is it just a single call or is there more
17	than one call?
18	A He called me more than one time, but the
19	majority of the conversation was through text message.
20	Q Okay. The first time is it a voice call?
21	A Yes.
22	Q And that's the help me, come get me?
23	A That was the first call was before August,
24	A That was — the first call was before August, like the end of July was the first call. And he called me for a ride, but I wasn't available to go pick him up. The calls
25	a ride, but I wasn't available to go pick him up. The calls

-	
1	after that was the call stating to come help him.
2	Q Okay. And the when he asked you for a
3	ride, did you know where he was?
4	A No.
5	Q And did you give him a ride?
6	A No.
7	Q Okay. After that there were text messages,
8	you said?
9	A Yes.
LO	Q And what was the nature of the text messaging?
L1	What was talked about?
L2	A He had sent me a picture of himself looking
L3	sad and depressed, scared, and asking me to come help him.
L4	Q Okay. And did you answer I'll come help you?
L5	A No, I avoided the text messages because it
L6	didn't seem right. Like it was weird to me.
L7	Q Okay. Did he ask — did he ever send another
L8	text besides the sad picture and come help me?
L9	A Yes.
20	Q And what was that message?
21	A It was to come help him, and then the text
22	message regarding, you know, his mom and my mom getting back
23	in contact with each other.
24	Q Okay. When — explain what that message was.
25	A Which one, the contact message?

_		
1	Q	Yes.
2	А	Oh, that his mom wanted my mom's number and I
3	sent my mom's n	umber.
4	Q	And was your mom friends with his mom?
5	А	Yes.
6	Q	And so did that seem like a normal request?
7	А	Yes.
8	Q	So you you, I guess, text messaged Mr.
9	Mason your mom'	s phone number?
10	А	Yes.
11	Q	Okay. Do you remember what time of day it was
12	that you did th	at?
13	А	The only thing I could say was night because I
14	was in the bed.	I don't know the time.
15	Q	Did you get any response from your mom after
16	you sent that t	ext message?
17	А	When I called and told her that I gave him the
18	number to give	to Natalie and she yelled at me because she was
19	at the slot mac	hines gambling. And I was like, well, don't
20	answer the phon	e, then.
21	Q	Okay.
22	А	And that was it.
23	Q	And after that conversation with your mom, did
24	you have any mo	re contact with your mom or Mr. Mason that
25	evening?	

1	A No, not until after the incident took place.
2	Q Okay.
3	A That's when I got contact from my mom.
4	Q After that conversation with mom, your mom,
5	how many hours passed before you have contact with your mom
6	again?
7	A After hours because it was like early morning,
8	late early morning when I heard back from her.
9	Q Okay. And I'm I'm not trying to give you a
10	hard time, but was it like two hours or more like five hours?
11	Or if you don't remember.
12	A I'm going to be honest with you. This was so
13	long ago I don't remember.
14	Q Okay.
15	A But I know it was hours in between.
16	Q And how is that you come in contact with your
17	mom those hours later?
18	A She came beating down my door.
19	Q And was the knock on the door like just a
20	gentle, you know, knock or
21	A No, it was a police knock of beating down my
22	door.
23	Q Okay. A pretty hard knock.
24	A Yes.
25	Q And was it — were you in bed or were you
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1	awake or	
2	А	We were in bed, but we were woke. The kids
3	were in bed.	
4	Q	Okay. Was the knock pretty hard?
5	А	Yes, loud and hard.
6	Q	Did you open the door?
7	А	No, my husband did.
8	Q	And did you see who it was eventually.
9	А	Once they came into my room and they were
10	screaming and h	ollering, yeah, I knew it was my mom.
11	Q	Okay. So your husband answers the door, but
12	then your husba	nd and your mom appear in your bedroom?
13	А	Yes.
14	Q	And describe how your mom looked at that time.
15	A	Hysterical, shaken up, red eyes, crying, feet
16	cut up.	
17	Q	And her feet were cut up?
18	А	Yes.
19	Q	Did she have shoes on?
20	А	No.
21	Q	And you could actually see like blood or
22	injuries to her	feet?
23	A	Yes.
24	Q	And you used the word hysterical.
25	А	Yes.

Was her voice raised? 1 Q She was screaming and hollering they're Α dead, they're dead. I'm like, who? What are you talking 3 about? Like --4 Were her -- was -- I mean, was she -- was she 5 able to hold still physically, or how would you describe how 6 she was moving around? 7 No, she was not holding still physically because then her phone ended up ringing and she's on her phone screaming and hollering and you hear the other voice screaming 10 and hollering. So I'm like, calm down, call the police. And 11 12 that's when I called the police. 13 Okay. Did you talk to -- did you under --Q well, let me back up. Did you have a conversation with your 14 15 mom or could you get any information out of her before you 16 called the police? Somewhat, yes. She was saying -- that's how I 17 Α knew who did it because she was able to say that. And I'm 18 19 like he did what? What did he do and who? And I was able to 20 know the people, plus the victim's husband called. So it like all put two and two together. 21 22 As you listened to what your mom was saying, Q 23 did you react at all emotionally or how did you feel after what your -- your discussion with your mom? 24 25 Yeah, it scared me because now you're running Α

1	to my house and I got like eight kids up in here. And either
2	they can come for you or the other people can come for you,
3	but you're bringing it to my house around my kids now.
4	Q Okay. So
5	A So, yeah, it scared.
6	Q So you decide you're going to call the police?
7	A Yeah.
8	Q And we've met before; correct?
9	A Uh-huh.
10	Q Is that a yes?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Okay. And we actually played you your 911
13	phone call?
14	A Yes.
15	Q And you recognize that as your voice?
16	A Yes.
17	MS. WECKERLY: At this time the State will move to
18	admit 293, which is the disc of the recording.
19	THE COURT: All right. It'll be received.
20	(State's Exhibit 293 admitted.)
21	MS. WECKERLY: And, Your Honor, we'd move to publish
22	it.
23	THE COURT: All right.
24	(State's Exhibit 293 played.)
25	BY MS. WECKERLY:

1	Q So the at the end of the that 911
2	recording you're giving some phone numbers and you actually
3	say sort of like you're calling from a phone that's not yours?
4	A Yeah. Okay.
5	Q Explain that to me.
6	A Yes. All of our phone numbers started with
7	622, so the four digits of everybody's phone number was
8	different. So I had my brother's phone and my phone. But
9	being that it was so long ago and I no longer have that
10	number, my sister who is outside, the phones was in her name.
11	She told me the last four digits of the phone number, that
12	0829 was my brother's number and other one was mine.
13	Q You don't remember what your number was back
14	then?
15	A No.
16	Q Okay. Would it be fair to say you tried to
17	give an accurate number to the 911 operator?
18	A Yeah. Well, both numbers were accurate.
19	Q Okay. That's that's actually my question.
20	Do you know of a person by the name of Cornelius Mayo?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Okay. And — and your facial expression
23	suggests he's someone you're not fond of?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Okay. How how long have you known him?
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1	A 2001.
2	Q Is he someone you socialize with?
3	A No.
4	Q How is it that you know who he is, then?
5	A Him and my aunt and my mother are friends.
6	They socialize.
7	Q Okay. After this after your mom comes to
8	your house on the morning of the 7th when she's upset, do you
9	ever hear from Cornelius Mayo?
10	A Yes.
11	Q And do you ever actually hear him on the phone
12	and hear what he's saying?
13	A I actually talked to him on the phone.
14	Q Okay. And what types of things was was he
15	saying on that morning?
16	A Threatening messages. He was going to come to
17	her house and kill her, he was going to kill her family,
18	trying to find our location and
19	Q So he was aggressive and threatening to you?
20	A Yes.
21	Q Prior to the 7th you said you knew of him or
22	he socialized with your mom since about 2001?
23	A Yes.
24	Q Had you ever been over to his residence?
25	A I've been to his residence. Not inside his
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1	residence.
2	Q Okay. And what was your purpose to drive
3	in driving over to the residence and not going inside?
4	A Because I don't affiliate with people like
5	that and I was taking my mother over there.
6	Q Okay. You're you're taking your mother
7	over there. After your after you took your mother there,
8	did she ever come back and you give her a ride home?
9	A Yes.
LO	Q And did she have anything with her?
L1	A Yes.
L2	Q What?
L3	A Narcotics.
L4	Q Okay. And so did she have that before you
L5	you let her drop her off there?
L6	A No, that was my whole purpose of taking her
L7	over there.
L8	Q Okay. And your mom is someone who how
L9	would you describe how would you describe her in terms of
20	narcotics?
21	A She's an addict.
22	Q And how long has that been the case?
23	A Like 25 years.
24	Q After you make the 911 call, we're into, I
25	guess, the early morning of the 7th. So are you kind of with

1	me on the	time	frame I'm talking about?
2		A	Uh-huh.
3		Q	That's yes?
4		А	Yes.
5		Q	Okay. Do you ever hear from Willie Mason
6	again?		
7		А	Yes, he called later on that day.
8		Q	What did he say?
9		A	Is moms okay, what's going on?
10		Q	Who is moms?
11		А	My mother, Stephanie.
12		Q	Okay. And what did you say?
13		А	I went off. I cussed him out.
14		Q	Okay. So you're angry?
15		А	Yeah.
16		Q	And so you cuss him out. I mean, do you
17	remember a	nythi	ng about the nature of what you said?
18		А	What the fuck you mean what's going on? You
19	know what	the f	uck you did.
20		Q	Okay.
21		А	Just went off from there.
22		Q	What was his response to what you said?
23		А	He paused. I hung up. And Detective Marty
24	came.		
25		Q	And who is Detective Marty?
			KARR REPORTING, INC.

1	A The detective who worked the case.
2	Q Okay. And so when you had that first phone
3	call well, not the first one. When you had the phone call
4	where you're cussing him out, is Detective Marty there at tha
5	time or does he come right after?
6	A He came right after.
7	Q And so do you you interact with Detective
8	Marty?
9	A Yes.
LO	Q Do you try to call Willie Mason back?
L1	A He told me to call back and I called back. I
L2	didn't get a response.
L3	Q Since that attempt at calling back, have you
L4	had any other phone contact with him?
L5	A No.
L6	Q Did in the calls prior to the incident
L7	where you said you had several calls with Willie Mason, you
L8	had the one call, I guess, is the voice call where it's come
L9	help me and the picture sent, and then you said there are tex
20	messages?
21	A Uh-huh.
22	Q Is that yes?
23	A Yes.
24	Q Okay. Was there ever any conversation about
25	any kind of drugs?

1	A He asked me one time for some marijuana. That
2	was about it.
3	MR. LANGFORD: Objection. Foundation.
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	BY MS. WECKERLY:
6	Q Do you remember about when that text was?
7	A July, like the end of July.
8	Q The end of July. Okay. Thank you very much.
9	A Uh-huh.
10	THE COURT: Cross-examination.
11	MR. ORAM: None, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Mr. Langford.
13	MR. LANGFORD: Thank you, Your Honor.
14	CROSS-EXAMINATION
15	BY MR. LANGFORD:
16	Q We just listened to the 911 tape and that's
17	clearly you on the phone; is that correct?
18	A Yes.
19	Q Okay. You were angry; is that right?
20	A I was scared.
21	Q You were scared?
22	A Yes.
23	Q And angry?
24	A No, I wasn't angry.
25	Q You weren't
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1	А	I was scared.
2	Q	You weren't angry that I think you said
3	earlier you wer	e upset that your mother brought this to your
4	house; is that	right?
5	А	When she asked me a question pertaining to
6	something else.	It wasn't pertaining to the 911 call when she
7	asked me the qu	estion.
8	Q	When she asked you what question?
9	А	She had asked me a question pertaining to
LO	something else.	Yes, I was mad my mom brought it to my house.
_1	I had eight kid	s there.
_2	Q	Okay.
L3	А	But it had nothing to do with the 911 call.
_4	Q	Okay. So you're mad she brought this to your
L5	house, but then	you're not mad when you make the 911 call?
_6	А	If you're getting threatening messages and you
7	have kids at yo	ur house, wouldn't you be more scared than mad?
_8	Q	Probably a little bit of both. Yeah. Yeah.
_9	А	Well, no, I was more scared.
20	Q	Okay. You were getting text messages. Who
21	were those text	messages from?
22	A	Willie.
23	Q	Okay. And they were threatening?
24	А	I never stated Willie sent me a threatening
25	text messages.	

1		Q	Okay. So we'll
2		A	Now, if you want the threats came to my mom's
3	phone.		
4		Q	Okay.
5		A	Not mine.
6		Q	Okay. And then you also said, then, a little
7	later Wil	lie ca	lled and you talked with Willie; is that right?
8		А	No, I said I only had one voice call with
9	Willie.		
10		Q	Okay.
11		A	And then he called after, hours after the
12	incident.		
13		Q	Okay. Hours after the incident you talked to
14	him again	; is t	hat right?
15		A	Yes.
16		Q	Okay. And in that call he said how is your
17	mom?		
18		A	Yes.
19		Q	He didn't threaten?
20		A	No.
21		Q	He didn't threaten you?
22		A	No.
23		Q	Did you talk to Cornelius Mayo that day?
24		A	That morning, yes.
25		Q	You personally talked to Cornelius?
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1	A	Yes, I answered my mom's phone.
2	Q	How long after your mom had showed up before
3	you talked to C	Cornelius Mayo?
4	A	I don't know. This is like four years ago.
5	Q	Possibly you talked to Cornelius before you
6	made the 911 ca	all?
7	A	No. She probably talked to him before I made
8	the 911 call, k	out, no, I didn't talk to him until after and
9	that's a known	fact.
10	Q	But you think she talked to him before you
11	made the 911 ca	111?
12	A	Nine times out of ten, yes.
13	Q	Okay. In other words you're almost sure that
14	happened?	
15	A	Nine times out of ten.
16	Q	Other than you say there are three guys; is
17	that right?	
18	A	I'm going off hearsay, yes.
19	Q	Okay. It's all hearsay. So your you say
20	there's three g	ruys?
21	A	Yes.
22	Q	That's what you said on the 911 call?
23	A	Yes.
24	Q	Other than Willie Mason, you didn't know
25	anybody else; c	correct?
	1	

-	
1	A No.
2	Q Fair to say you were pretty angry at Willie at
3	that point?
4	A I'm not going to say I was pretty angry at him
5	because, one, I know Willie himself wouldn't do nothing like
6	this. I'm more so I feel he was stupid. Yeah. So I wasn't
7	angry at him.
8	MR. LANGFORD: No further questions, Your Honor.
9	THE COURT: Anything further?
10	MS. WECKERLY: No, Your Honor. Thank you.
11	THE COURT: Thank you for being a witness, miss.
12	You'll be excused.
13	MR. DiGIACOMO: Judge, may we approach?
14	THE COURT: Yes.
15	(Bench conference.)
16	MR. DiGIACOMO: I don't think we have anybody here
17	until 3:00, so you want to let the jury out for just a few
18	minutes? Then we have just a fingerprint expert. This is
19	because we had Larry
20	THE COURT: That's only 15. We'll take a break
21	right now and then we'll okay.
22	(End of bench conference.)
23	THE COURT: All right. The attorneys have a witness
24	coming, but it will be a few minutes. So we're going to take
25	our mid-afternoon recess right now, ladies and gentlemen.

During the recess it's again your duty not to 1 converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject 3 connected with this trial, or to read, watch, or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial from any medium of 4 information, including newspapers, television, and radio. 5 may not form or express an opinion on any subject connected 6 with this case until it is finally submitted to you. 7 And by the way, for those of you that need to leave early, we will be through before 5:00. I promise. 9 (Jury recessed at 2:48 p.m.) 10 The record will reflect that the jury is 11 THE COURT: 12 out of the courtroom. Tell us when you're witness is here --13 MS. WECKERLY: Sure. 14 THE COURT: -- so we can get everybody together. 15 MS. WECKERLY: Thank you. 16 Thank you, Judge. MR. SGRO: 17 (Court recessed at 2:48 p.m. until 3:05 p.m.) 18 (Outside the presence of the jury.) 19 When I asked her, Do you know who --MR. ORAM: 20 should they bring the jury in? 21 THE COURT: She what? 22 They're bringing the jury in. MR. ORAM: 23 MS. WECKERLY: I just told them to wait. 24 It's -- she says that -- I asked her, Do MR. ORAM: 25 you know of either one of these two? She said, Yes, I know

1	that one of them is my cousin. I said, Which one? She said,		
2	David Burns.		
3	THE COURT: Okay. Well, tell her to keep away.		
4	UNIDENTIFIED ATTORNEY: Absolutely.		
5	THE COURT: You can bring them in.		
6	(Jury entering 3:10 p.m.)		
7	THE COURT: State of Nevada versus Mason and Burns.		
8	The record will reflect the presence of the defendants, their		
9	counsel, the district attorneys and all members of the jury.		
10	And okay. You were hiding. I didn't see you		
11	there for a second. All right. You can call your next		
12	witness.		
13	MS. WECKERLY: Thank you.		
14	KATHRYN AOYAMA, STATE'S WITNESS, SWORN		
15	THE CLERK: Please be seated.		
16	THE WITNESS: Thank you.		
17	THE CLERK: Please state your name and spell your		
18	first and last name for the record.		
19	THE WITNESS: Kathryn Aoyama. K-a-t-h-r-y-n,		
20	A-o-y-a-m-a.		
21	DIRECT EXAMINATION		
22	BY MS. WECKERLY:		
23	Q And how are you employed?		
24	A I'm a forensic scientist with the latent-print		
25	unit of Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department's forensic		

1 | laboratory.

Q And what does a forensic scientist in the latent-print section do?

A As a latent print examiner for LVMPD, it is our job to analyze prints — latent prints that are collected in the field for comparison quality and compare those to known exemplars or take those higher qualities prints and search them through the databases looking for investigative leads. We also process evidence for latent prints to compare or search for investigative leads and issue reports with our findings.

Q And what's your training or educational background that allows you to work in latent prints?

A I have a bachelor's degree from the University of California, San Diego from the Biology Department in Animal Physiology. I've successfully completed a two-year training program at Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department in the latent-print unit doing hundreds of exercises and researching certain topics designed to train my eye to look at fingerprints and eventually looking to search latent prints against known prints.

Q And have you testified before in the area of latent fingerprint identification and comparison?

A I have.

Q Can you just distinguish for us what a latent

fingerprint is versus a known fingerprint.

A A known print is usually an electronic capture or an ink capture of a known person's fingerprints or exemplars. So they either roll with ink or electronically against a glass platen the image of your — of each finger and then of the four fingers and the thumb. Like, they call it a flat impression, where you just press down and record that impression.

So those are what's known as known prints, where you know the source of those fingerprints, as opposed to a latent prints which is called latent because it's usually not immediately visible to the naked eye, and it usually becomes visible with black powder processing or chemical processing to develop that print.

Q And how is it that people leave fingerprints on an object?

A Every time you touch an object, you won't necessarily leave a print, but it depends on various conditions. It depends on the condition of your skin. People who do a lot of outdoor work, masonry, that type of jobs will have — tend to have dry rough skin, and it will probably be harder for them to leave a clean impression of their fingerprint as opposed to somebody who — like a masseuse who has their hands well hydrated all day long.

So every time you touch an object, you may or may not

leave a print. Like when you got dressed today, you touched your clothes in every different way imaginable to put them on and fix them and adjust them. Well, the cloth itself, if it's very smooth, like silk, you may be able to leave an impression if you had enough residue left on your hands, but, of course, if you didn't have very much residue or your hands tend to be dry, you won't be able to leave a print.

And prints are more readily developed on certain surfaces than others, clothing, more difficult as opposed to smooth plastic, which is better. A glass or a glass surface is a better surface to leave a print on because that print — that — I'm sorry — that surface is nonporous, as opposed to a more porous surface, like paper is a porous surface, but it is also a good surface to develop latent prints on.

Q Now, besides which surfaces are more likely to I guess hold the latent fingerprint or one that you're more likely to leave a print on, are there environmental factors that can affect whether or not a latent fingerprint is left on an object or how long it might remain on an object?

A Environmental factors of course do affect whether or not a latent print is detectable on a surface. The drier it — because the transferred impression is — depends on how — how much residue is present on your hand, oil, sweat and the like. If your hands are — like I said, if your hands are really dry and it's a hot sunny day, of course what little

residue was on your fingers is evaporating with the temperature and the environment.

If it's raining, that could have an effect, too. If you're really sweaty and you left a sweaty print on a car and it started raining torrential rain, like it was a few months ago, then of course it would be more difficult to retrieve a print from the surface, even though you put your hand on the surface, and it's a nice nonporous surface, readily — it's a nice good surface — receptive surface to a latent print, but, of course, the environment could — environmental conditions are such that it won't stay for very long if you do leave a print.

Q And, I mean, why are fingerprints valuable in a forensic setting?

A Fingerprints are — we like to say highly discriminating and persistent, which means the pattern that develops in utero that you're born with is yours for your entire life. There are — it doesn't change, meaning you don't have additional ridges popping up here and there in between ridges. Those ridges that are present are yours for life. Of course, there are things that happen over time. The older you get, your skin starts to flatten out and smooth — smooth out, but those ridges are still there.

Q And so fingerprints are unique to the individual?

1	A The information in those prints are highly
2	discriminating, enough so that we can distinguish one person's
3	prints from another's.
4	Q Now, why you're here this afternoon with us is
5	you were asked to analyze some latent fingerprints that were
6	collected from a crime scene, from a car, and then also you
7	were asked to look at a weapon, correct?
8	A Yes, I was.
9	Q You had exemplars of certain individuals that
_0	you were looking at to compare with the latent prints that
L1	were recovered from these three locations?
_2	A Yes, I was.
_3	Q Can you tell the members of the jury the
L4	exemplars that you had. Whose known prints did you have for
_5	comparison?
_6	A I would have to refer to my report.
7	Q If that'll refresh your recollection, and if
-8	THE COURT: Please do.
_9	THE WITNESS: In this case, I was asked to compare
20	prints from Monica Martinez, a Stephanie Cousins, a David
21	Burns, Willie Mason, Jerome Thomas, Donovon Rowland, and
22	Derecia Newman.
23	BY MS. WECKERLY:
24	Q Okay. Now, let's talk about each of the areas
25	that you kind of looked at for latents, and one of the items

that you were asked to look at was a gun and a holster for the 1 Do you recall that? qun. Yes, I was asked to process a gun and a holster 3 Α for latent prints. 4 And is it unusual for the expert who does the comparison to process a particular item of evidence? 6 It's not unusual. As I said, part of our job is Α to evaluate the prints that are submitted by outside personnel 8 and also to process evidence in the lab. Now, in terms of the holster, did you process 10 that item for the presence of latent fingerprints? 11 12 The holster, I did not process for evidence. It Α 13 was a highly textured canvas-type of material. So it's not conducive to latent print retrieval. 14 15 Okay. And what about the gun? 16 The firearm, I did process for latent prints. Α 17 What methods did you do -- or did you utilize to 0 18 attempt to I guess locate a latent fingerprint on that gun? 19 For the firearm, because it is a nonporous item, Α 20 first, we visually inspect it to see if I can see any latent prints that are present on the surface itself without any 21 22 processing. There was no visible latent prints. So then I 23 proceeded to use cyanoacrylate fuming or -- it's a thicker type of superglue basically that we fume in a humidified 24 25 chamber, and that fumes -- those vapors of superglue adhere to

any residue that is present on the firearm itself. 1 And after that process, I visually inspect it to see if there are any latent prints of value for comparison that I 3 might retrieve from the firearm, and then following the 4 cyanoacrylate fuming, I applied a fluorescent dye stain to it, 5 which also adheres to the cyanoacrylate itself in order to 6 bring up fluorescence under laser light. And after completing those processes, were you able to recover any latent fingerprints off that gun? 10 I was not. There were no -- there were no Α latent prints of value for comparison developed on the gun. 11 12 And do you know of any other method or process 0 13 that could be used to attempt any further, I guess, treatment 14 of the gun in order to locate a latent print? That is the normal process that we go through in 15 Α 16 the laboratory to develop prints on nonporous items. 17 So no prints were discovered or found on the 18 qun? 19 Correct. Α 20 You were also given prints collected from an address identified to you as being from Meikle Lane? 21 22 Yes. Α 23 Do you recall approximately how many fingerprint lift cards were turned into you for analysis? 24 25 Exactly? Α

Uh-huh. Well, just an approximation. 1 Q Approximately 30 -- 20 -- sorry -- 23. Α 3 And what were your findings with regard to those Q fingerprint cards collected from Meikle Lane? 4 Those latent print cards did not have any latent prints of value for comparison on them. So there was nothing 6 that I could compare to a known print to make a determination of identification or exclusion. 8 And is there anything else you could do to those 0 cards to enhance the latent or get it to a point where you 10 could do a comparison, or is it just the nature of the 11 12 fingerprint collection that sometimes you just don't get a 13 usable print? 14 Sometimes there's just nothing to -- to -that's present on the card for you to compare. We could take 15 a closer look under glass. We usually use what we call a loop 16 17 to get a magnified view of what is on the card to see if 18 there's anything of value that we might compare. And none were of value from that location? 19 Q 20 Α Correct. Now, there were also latent print cards 21 22 submitted to you from a Crown Victoria vehicle or purportedly. 23 You just -- you don't look at the car. You get the cards that 24 were lifted from the vehicle? 25 Correct. Α

Q And in terms of your findings from the list from the car, were you able to identify any individuals' fingerprints in that car?

A I was.

Q Who were the individuals you were able to identify?

A I was able to identify Monica Martinez, and I identified two other individuals through a fingerprint database search, Albert Brody and Jermaine Brody.

Q And can you explain what that database search is.

A AFIS is an Automatic — Automatic Fingerprint Identification System, and it houses known fingerprints of individuals. So we take the latent print and mark the minutia.

And when I'm talking about minutia, I'm speaking of

-- if you are looking at the details on your palms and on your

fingers, you'll see -- if you follow the ridges, you'll see

that they end, and that's what we call a ridge ending, or they

fork or bifurcate, and we mark those ridge endings and

bifurcations in relationship to each other and to the core or

the center of the fingerprint.

And then that database is searched. It comes up with a candidate list of possible candidates based on the minutia that we marked because the machine itself is looking at the

1	minutia, the relative distance between each of them and the	
2	relationship to each other.	
3	Q So in that vehicle, you found latent prints	
4	belonging to Monica Martinez, Jermaine Brody and Albert Brody	
5	A Yes, I did.	
6	Q Can you can you tell when you look at a	
7	latent fingerprint how old it is or how long it might have	
8	been at a particular location?	
9	A No, we have no way of evaluating how long a	
10	fingerprint has been on a surface.	
11	Q So it could've been there a month? It could've	
12	been there a year? It could've been there a day?	
13	A Correct.	
14	Q And is there any way to determine that that you	
15	know of?	
16	A Not my knowledge.	
17	Q The locations of those prints, can you tell us	
18	where Ms. Martinez's were.	
19	A Ms. Martinez was identified on the a lift	
20	card from the right side of the exterior front windshield of	
21	the vehicle and also on the interior driver's window of the	
22	vehicle.	
23	Q And what about Jermaine Brody?	
24	A Jermaine Brody was identified on the exterior	
25	left rear wing window of the vehicle and on the right side of	

_	
1	the exterior of the front windshield of the vehicle.
2	Q Okay. So both of Jermaine Brody's prints were
3	on the outside of the car?
4	A Correct.
5	Q And what about Albert Brody?
6	A Albert Brody was identified on the small rear
7	window of the exterior left rear window of Vehicle 1 and also
8	from the exterior left rear wing window of Vehicle 1.
9	Q And so Albert Brody's prints were both on the
10	outside of the car as well?
11	A Correct.
12	MS. WECKERLY: I'll pass the witness.
13	CROSS-EXAMINATION
14	BY MR. ORAM:
15	Q Good afternoon.
16	A Good afternoon.
17	Q Okay. So you prepared a report in this case,
18	and I believe the first report you prepared and completed, the
19	distribution date was April 12, 2012; is that
20	A Yes, correct.
21	Q And in that report, you actually asked am I
22	moving too fast?
23	A Nope. Go ahead.
24	Q Okay. In that report, you recall it's
25	approximately six pages long?

1	A Yes.	
2	Q And at the end of on page 6, you ask for	
3	additional exemplars?	
4	A I did.	
5	Q Okay. And that's because there's something	
6	you're seeing as an expert that you think, I need some more	
7	information?	
8	A Not all exemplars are going to look exactly the	
9	same. So some are more well captured than others, and in this	
10	case, I was looking for palm exemplars because there was a	
11	section of the palm exemplars from two individuals that I	
12	needed better exemplars, or it was missing, or the information	
13	wasn't there for me to determine whether or not that person	
14	left the impression based on the information that was	
15	recorded.	
16	Q And that was on card Q37?	
17	A It was.	
18	Q And so what was card Q37? Was that the exterior	
19	left rear window of the vehicle?	
20	A Correct.	
21	Q So you wanted a palm print, and the two people	
22	you wanted the palm print on would've been Mr. Burns, and	
23	Cousins?	
24	A Correct.	
25	Q Okay. And then you obtained that information,	
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1	didn't you?		
2		А	I did.
3		Q	And you prepared a subsequent report September
4	20, 2013	3?	
5		А	I did.
6		Q	And in that report, you determined that Mr.
7	Burns is excluded?		
8		А	Correct.
9		Q	So you looked at a bunch of different
10	fingerpr	rints :	from the Meikle address; is that correct?
11		А	I looked at the lift cards submitted by the
12	person i	n the	field for that address.
13		Q	Do you remember where in the apartment these
14	fingerpr	cints v	were located?
15		А	Do I remember? No, I would have to look at the
16	report for the exact locations of the lift cards.		
17		Q	It seems like how many were there? Do you
18	recall?		
19		A	From the address, I believe I 23
20	approxim	nately	23.
21		Q	Do you remember how many came from a bathroom
22	door?		
23		А	I don't recall. There's there appears to be
24	approxim	nately	four lift cards from the doorframe of the
25	central		

1	Q Okay. And let's go through those. Which cards
2	are those?
3	A Q4.
4	\mathbb{Q} $\mathbb{Q}4$, and that was a print listed from the east
5	side of the doorframe of the east facing door to the west
6	central bathroom?
7	A Correct, it is a lift card. It's not
8	necessarily a print because there were no prints on it to
9	compare.
10	Q Okay. Fair to say that you looked at all of
11	these prints, and you compared them to a man named Mr. Burns?
12	A I did. I looked at all the lift cards that had
13	comparison quality prints on them and then compared them to
14	the subjects that were listed.
15	Q And as of September 20, 2013, once you did the
16	supplemental report, you can tell us to a reasonable degree of
17	scientific certainty that Mr. Burns is not located on any of
18	these prints in any of the fingerprints you analyzed?
19	A My report has excluded Mr. Burns as the source
20	of any of the comparable prints in this case.
21	Q Okay. Now, I'd like to talk to you about these
22	individuals, the Brody Albert Brody and Jermaine Brody,
23	okay. Where did you locate their fingerprints?
24	A On the exterior of the vehicle.
25	Q Could you be as exact as you could, please, with

1	regard to Albe	ert Brody first?
2	А	Albert Brody
3	Q	Yes.
4	А	was identified on the small rear window.
5	Q	Okay. Which card number?
6	А	Card No. Q39.
7	Q	Okay.
8	A	And I'm sorry the small rear window of the
9	exterior left	rear window of Vehicle No. 1.
10	Q	So if we're if we're looking at a vehicle and
11	I'm the driver of the vehicle, okay, that would be the door	
12	behind the driver?	
13	A	Left rear, correct.
14	Q	And that, it came back as the index finger of
15	Albert Brody?	
16	А	Yes, it did.
17	Q	And is that the only time that you find his
18	fingerprint?	
19	А	No, I identified him a second time.
20	Q	And what card number is that?
21	A	Q45.
22	Q	And that lift card is from the exterior left
23	rear wing wind	dow of Vehicle No. 1?
24	A	Yes, it is.
25	Q	And he is located there?
		IMADA DEDODETTIC TITO

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1	A Yes, his Albert Brody is identified. His
2	left palm is identified on that location.
3	Q And how about Jermaine, is he also on there?
4	A Yes.
5	Q On the same card?
6	A On the same card, correct. There were two
7	latent prints of value for comparison, and they were each
8	identified, one palm to Mr. Jermaine Brody and one to Mr.
9	Albert Brody.
10	Q So Jermaine Brody, right palm; Albert Brody,
11	left palm?
12	A Yes, that is correct.
13	Q Okay. How about Q50 card Q50?
14	A Q50 was lifted from the right side of the
15	exterior front windshield of Vehicle No. 1.
16	Q And my understanding is, at least on your
17	report, it says you searched AFIS and received positive
18	results?
19	A I did.
20	Q And that was a criminal record database?
21	A It is — AFIS has both criminal and civil prints
22	in them. For example, our local base our local database
23	has everybody who applies for a CCW. It has everyone who
24	works for Las Vegas Metro. It's not necessarily just a
25	criminal database.

1	Q Do you know whether Albert and Jermaine Brody
2	have been charged with extraordinarily serious crimes?
3	A I have no way of knowing that. The database
4	doesn't tell me anyone's criminal history or reasons why their
5	prints are in the system.
6	Q Were you specifically asked to look further into
7	Brody's palm prints?
8	A I don't understand your question.
9	Q Did you talk to homicide in this case
10	homicide investigators?
11	A I don't recall.
12	Q Okay. Fair enough. Fair to say there is
13	absolutely you looked at the gun. You decided not to test
14	the holster because you didn't think it would be a good
15	material to obtain prints on, right?
16	A It's a heavily textured surface. So, no, it was
17	not a good receptive.
18	MR. ORAM: Okay. That concludes cross-examination.
19	THE COURT: Mr. Langford.
20	MR. LANGFORD: Yes, Your Honor.
21	CROSS-EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. LANGFORD:
23	Q Were you able to match any of the latent prints
24	that you collected to Mr. Mason?
25	A I was not.

1	Q None?
2	A There were no prints identified to Mr. Mason.
3	MR. LANGFORD: Nothing further.
4	THE COURT: Any redirect?
5	MS. WECKERLY: Yes, just one question.
6	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
7	BY MS. WECKERLY:
8	Q Just to be well, actually, two. Just to be
9	clear, there were no prints of value that you could make a
10	comparison to anybody from the Meikle Lane address?
11	A That is correct. There were lift cards
12	submitted, but on closer examination of each lift card, there
13	were no there was no friction-ridge detail present or not
14	sufficient friction-ridge detail present in order to evoke a
15	comparison in which I could determine, yes, it someone had
16	left the print or people were excluded from leaving the print.
17	Q So there's no inclusion or exclusion when the
18	print isn't of value?
19	A Correct.
20	Q The card —
21	A Well, the card. So there are no suitable latent
22	so when we make a determination of no suitable latent
23	prints, there's either no friction-ridge detail on the card,
2425	or there's friction-ridge detail present but not sufficient to
25	compare to an individual.

_		
1	Q And that's the same with the gun?	
2	A Correct.	
3	MS. WECKERLY: Thank you.	
4	THE COURT: Nothing further? Thank you, Miss, for	
5	being a witness. You'll be excused.	
6	THE WITNESS: Thank you.	
7	THE COURT: I understand that that's our last witness	
8	for this afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. So you'll be coming	
9	back on Monday morning. We anticipate starting at 9:30 Monday	
10	morning. We'll see you then.	
11	During the recess, it's again your duty not to	
12	converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject	
13	connected with this trial or to read, watch or listen to any	
14	report of or commentary on the trial from any medium of	
15	information including newspapers, television and radio, and	
16	you may not form or express an opinion on any subject	
17	connected with this case until it is finally submitted to you.	
18	Have a good weekend. We'll see you Monday morning at	
19	9:30.	
20	(Jury recessed 3:38 p.m.)	
21	THE COURT: The record will reflect the exit the	
22	jurors have exited the courtroom.	
23	Anything further on the record this afternoon,	
24	gentlemen?	
25	MR. DIGIACOMO: Judge, there is one issue, and I had	

spoken to both Mr. Oram and Mr. Sgro about that. We expect Detective Bunting to get on the stand either sometime Monday or Tuesday, and they were supposed to tell me a very long time ago what it is they do or do not object to in Mr. Burns's statement because we may decide to play his entire statement to the police.

THE COURT: I didn't know he had a statement.

MR. DIGIACOMO: He did. Mr. Mason does not have a statement. Mr. Burns does — well, Mr. Mason has a statement that we agreed not to use in pretrial rulings. Mr. Burns does have a statement, and I understand that there's things that we may agree to redact, and then there's one thing that we need to argue about the redactions for, and at some point — it's going to take me a night to do the redactions. So at some point they need to be able to get this to me so this can get done.

MR. SGRO: Well, Your Honor, from our perspective, it's very simple. So just so the Court has an idea of the statement, Mr. Burns is reticent during the interview, and by that I mean he's doing a lot more listening than he is talking, and there are — the statement itself isn't that many pages.

It takes a long time, and what you have in what they're calling Mr. Burns's statement is really the police on and on, sometimes for five, six pages. They're just

telling him, We know it was you. We know you went there, and you did this. Why don't you be a man? Why don't you take responsibility? The Court knows exactly what I'm talking about.

The long and short of it is, I said to Mr. DiGiacomo a couple weeks ago, We're going to object because that's not Mr. Burns's statement. So to the extent that there is a question posed and an answer given, then if they want to play it, they can play it; however, our objection and our redaction would be to any of the colloquy by the police.

So it won't take a lot of imagination to understand what we want redacted because, like I said, literally — I think that near the end of the statement there is literally a five-page run—on where it's just transcription of what the police are saying to Mr. Burns, where he says nothing, and that would be —

MR. DIGIACOMO: There's two issues I would have,

Judge, and to the extent that the detectives make a statement,

and — and I know we did this in Crawley because they had the

same objection — the Court instructs the jury that they're

not offered for the truth of the matter asserted, but there's

two reasons why it's relevant in this case, one is they tell

him a number of things, and then ultimately he makes a few

admissions. They tell him some other things. He kind of

sings and hums. Then it goes back and forth for some period

of time.

One of the things they tell him that is highly important, which is actually false, is, We know everything we're telling you from Mr. Mason, G-Dogg. And what happens after that is that Mr. Burns tells Job-Loc, G-Dogg ratted on me. And what you will hear and what you will see in the testimony is that Job-Loc then writes a letter to Mr. Mason saying, I can't believe you ratted everybody out. I can't believe you ratted everybody out.

Mr. Mason then makes admissions by writing back to him, Hey, unless you get this in black and white, I didn't say a damn thing to anybody. The people that sung in this case were the two women. And then there is a response back from Job, You know what? I'm sorry. I'm wrong. Mr. Burns just told me you didn't rat out.

Well, then you go to Mr. Burns's letters to Job, and he comes back and tells him, I found out from my discovery, these aren't the people — G-Dogg didn't rat me out. It was the rest of these people that ratted me out.

THE COURT: To the extent that there's a colloquy where there's some sort of an arguable admission, that's probably going to come in. The rest of it, if it's just statements by the law enforcement saying, This is what we know, you know, I'd exclude that.

MR. DIGIACOMO: Okay. But at the very least, I need

to be able to establish that law enforcement told Mr. Burns 1 they got this information from --2 3 THE COURT: I don't quarrel with that. MR. DIGIACOMO: -- from Mr. Mason. 4 THE COURT: I'm just saying that if you've got 5 sections where all we've got is just the law enforcement 6 7 giving a colloquy -- actually a story --MR. DIGIACOMO: Right. THE COURT: -- about what they think they know and he doesn't agree with it or doesn't make any admission to it, 10 it's of no value. 11 12 MR. DIGIACOMO: But if the response is some sort of 13 admission, for example --14 THE COURT: If there is an admission to it, I don't 15 have a problem. 16 MR. DIGIACOMO: -- like, they show him videos of --17 If there is an admission to it, I don't THE COURT: have any problem --18 19 MR. DIGIACOMO: -- and then they make statements. 20 -- but if there's no admission to it, it doesn't come in. 21 22 MR. DIGIACOMO: Well, then I need them to give me --23 by let's say Sunday morning -- what they believe needs to be taken out of the statement. 24 25 Maybe over the weekend you could do that. THE COURT:

MR. SGRO: Yes, I'll send him over a redacted copy, 1 and then we can argue about it on Monday. 3 MR. DIGIACOMO: I mean, I may agree to most of it, or I may agree to all of it. I don't know. As long as they --4 If it's of no value, take it out. THE COURT: Sure. No, I understand that. I just 6 MR. DIGIACOMO: 7 -- I need them to tell me, and I know Mr. Sgro may be more liberal than I am as to whether it's an admission or not. 8 THE COURT: Well, that's probably true, but you know what I'm saying. 10 11 MR. DIGIACOMO: So let me see what he says, but 12 certainly any time the cops ask Mr. Burns a question, and he 13 chooses to start humming, like -- like, We have a 12-year-old girl here who's been shot, and he's humming and he's singing 14 15 and all that. They may not think that's admission. 16 certainly do. 17 He starts whistling, and he starts, like --There's some poetic license with the 18 MR. SGRO: 19 description of the statement being taken by the State right I would tell you this, Your Honor. I will submit a 20 now. redacted --21 22 THE COURT: See if you can get it worked out. 23 We'll see if we can get it worked out. MR. SGRO: I'll get it to him on Sunday with what I think should be 24 25 eliminated, and then he can let us know. What we can do for

sure is come to court on Monday with a minor area in dispute. 1 THE COURT: Why don't we come to court on Monday at 8:30, and we'll resolve it. 3 4 MR. DIGIACOMO: That would be great. MR. SGRO: Your Honor, I can't -- I -- with all due respect, Your Honor, we have a lot we have to get 6 7 accomplished. THE COURT: You've got a whole weekend to do this. MR. SGRO: Yes, sir, but my -- you know what, we can work all day and all night every day, but unfortunately, 10 people we rely on cannot. They cannot, and so we've been very 11 12 diligent in this case, one-hour lunch instead of 90 minutes. We're here on time. 13 14 Who takes a 90-minute lunch? THE COURT: 15 Every other case I've done. MR. SGRO: 16 MR. DIGIACOMO: Only because he asks. 17 THE COURT: Not with me you haven't. 18 MR. SGRO: No, sir, not with you, but what I'm 19 suggesting is 9:30 cuts it right to the dime for us for what we have to get done in the mornings so we can come ready to 20 21 So we can come at 9:30 -roll. 22 THE COURT: How about 9 o'clock? 23 MR. SGRO: We'll be here. We'll be here by 9. 9 o'clock. We'll see you at 9 o'clock on 24 THE COURT: 25 Tuesday -- Monday morning.

MS. WECKERLY: Thank you. MR. DIGIACOMO: Thank you, Judge. MR. SGRO: Thank you, Your Honor. (Court recessed for the evening at 3:46 p.m.)

CERTIFICATION

I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDING OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.

AFFIRMATION

I AFFIRM THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT DOES NOT CONTAIN THE SOCIAL SECURITY OR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY.

KARR REPORTING, INC. Aurora, Colorado

KIMBERLY LAWSON

TRAN

Alun & Lauren
CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
* * * * *

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

Vs.

WILLIE DARNELL MASON, AKA

WILLIE DARNELL MASON, JR.,

AKA G-DOGG,

DAVID JAMES BURNS, AKA

D-SHOT,

Defendants.

CASE NO. C-10-267882-1

C-10-267882-2

TRANSCRIPT OF

PROCEEDING

BEFORE THE HONORABLE CHARLES THOMPSON, SENIOR DISTRICT JUDGE

JURY TRIAL - DAY 12

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 2015

APPEARANCES:

For the State: MARC P. DIGIACOMO, ESQ.

PAMELA C. WECKERLY, ESQ.

Chief Deputy District Attorneys

For Defendant Mason: ROBERT L. LANGFORD, ESQ.

For Defendant Burns: CHRISTOPHER R. ORAM, ESQ.

ANTHONY P. SGRO, ESQ.

RECORDED BY SUSAN DOLORFINO, COURT RECORDER TRANSCRIBED BY: KARR Reporting, Inc.

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LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 2015, 9:34 A.M.

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As to Mr. Burns. THE COURT:

MR. SGRO: As to Mr. Burns only. Mr. Burns would

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(Outside the presence of the jury.)

THE COURT: We're on the record. State of Nevada vs. Mason and Burns. The record will reflect the presence of the defendants, their counsel and the district attorneys. record should also reflect the absence of the ladies and gentlemen of the jury.

Counsel advised me that they've entered into a stipulation or agreement that may affect the remaining portion, or at least the phase two of the trial, and I'd like them to announce that on the record at this time.

MR. SGRO: Yes, sir. Thank you, Your Honor. We are going to submit a written agreement to the Court, but because the trial is nearing at its end and mitigation, and witnesses for us that are all out of state are in the midst of making travel arrangements, we wanted to do a brief canvas now, and that is to memorialize the following:

The State and the defense on behalf of Mr. Burns have agreed to conclude the remainder of the trial, settle jury instructions, do closings, et cetera. If the jury returns a verdict of murder in the first degree, Mr. Burns would agree that the --

agree that the appropriate sentencing term would be life without parole. The State has agreed to take the death penalty off the table, so they will withdraw their seeking of the death penalty.

If the verdict comes back at anything other than first degree murder and there's guilty on some of the counts, and the judge — then Your Honor will do the sentencing in ordinary course like it would any other case. In — and I believe that states the agreement, other than there is a proviso that we, for purposes of further review down the road, we are not waiving any potential misconduct during the closing statements. We understand that to be a fertile area of appeal.

The State has assured us that they are — would never do anything intentionally. The Court's been put on notice to be careful relative to the closing arguments, so that there's not unnecessary inflamed passion, et cetera, et cetera.

Mr. Mason has not given up his rights to appeal, and so there is a prophylactic safety measure that exists relative to the arguments advanced by the prosecution at the time of the closing statements.

So the long and short of it is, Your Honor, the State's agreed to abandon their seeking of the death penalty in exchange for Mr. Burns is agreeing to life without after we get through the trial. Yeah. And the waiver of his appellate

rights.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Correct. So that it's clear, should the jury return a guilty — a verdict of guilty in murder of the first degree or murder of the first degree with use of a deadly weapon, Mr. Mason and the State will agree to waive the penalty hearing with the stipulated life without the possibility of parole on that count, as well as he will waive appellate review of the guilt phase issues.

Mr. Mason's attorney and us have not yet reached any agreement, but certainly any agreement about waiving penalty will not involve him waiving his appellate rights, and so the continued prophylactic rule of any misconduct —

THE COURT: Have you not agreed not to have the jury determine penalty on it?

MR. DiGIACOMO: We haven't had that discussion yet. We just had --

MS. WECKERLY: No. Yes.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Oh, we did?

MR. LANGFORD: Yes. Yes.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Oh, okay. Apparently we've now had that discussion. I apologize, Judge. I wasn't part of that discussion. So apparently Mr. Mason will waive, if he gets convicted of first degree murder, and allow the Court to sentence him.

THE COURT: Impose penalty.

MR. DiGIACOMO: But he is not waiving his appellate rights as part of the agreement.

THE COURT: I understand. Mr. — let me start with Mr. Mason. Mr. Mason, would you stand up, please. Mr. Mason, in a day or so the jury is going to receive this case and determine the guilt phase; in other words, whether or not you are guilty of any of the crimes charged. Do you understand that?

DEFENDANT MASON: Yes, sir. I understand that.

THE COURT: In the event the jury finds you guilty of one or more offenses, at least of the first degree murder offense, you have a right to have the penalty for that decided by the jury. Your attorney tells me that pursuant to the agreement that's been placed on the record a few minutes ago, that you are waiving the right to have the jury determine punishment and consenting to myself determining punishment; is that correct?

DEFENDANT MASON: Yes. That's what I spoke to my attorney about.

THE COURT: And you agree with that?

DEFENDANT MASON: Yes. He said that's in my best interest.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Burns. Mr. Burns, as you're aware, the State has sought a conviction of first degree murder and other offenses, and in the event you were

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found guilty by the jury of first degree murder, the State was going to seek the death penalty.

In the colloquy that has been provided to me a few minutes ago, the attorneys explained to me that the State is waiving, giving up its right to seek the death penalty in exchange for which you are agreeing, in the event the jury returns a verdict of murder in the first degree, that I will sentence you to life without the possibility of parole. Do you understand this?

DEFENDANT BURNS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you have any questions about it?

DEFENDANT BURNS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you agree with it?

DEFENDANT BURNS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: You understand that you have a right to have a penalty hearing where the jury would determine the punishment in the event they found you guilty of first degree murder?

DEFENDANT BURNS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: You understand you're giving up that right to have the jury determine that punishment?

DEFENDANT BURNS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And in exchange for which the State will waive its right to seek the death penalty against you, and you are giving — and you are agreeing that I will impose a

punishment -- in the event you're found guilty of murder in 1 the first degree, I will impose a punishment of life without 3 the possibility of parole. Do you understand that? DEFENDANT BURNS: Yes, sir. 4 You understand that there are -- in the THE COURT: event I impose a sentence of life without the possibility of 6 7 parole, you're never going to get paroled, you're never going to get out, do you understand that? 8 9 DEFENDANT BURNS: Yes, sir. THE COURT: You're also giving up your appellate 10 Do you understand that? rights. 11 12 DEFENDANT BURNS: Yes, sir. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Anything further on the record? No, sir. Just a moment now to go --14 MR. SGRO: 15 THE COURT: And you can have a few minutes to go call 16 your staff and tell them to call off the witnesses that you 17 would be calling had we had a penalty hearing. 18 MR. SGRO: Thank you, sir. 19 THE COURT: Off the record. 20 MR. DiGIACOMO: We'll make a -- we'll draft a written stipulation, Judge, [inaudible] up here so we can have it all 21 22 signed [inaudible]. 23 THE COURT: You can go off. 24 (Court recessed at 9:41 a.m. until 9:48 a.m.) 25 (In the presence of the jury.)

1	THE COURT: State of Nevada vs. Mason and Burns. The			
2	record will reflect the presence of the defendants, their			
3	counsel, the district attorneys and all members of the jury.			
4	Good morning, ladies and gentlemen.			
5	We're still in the State's case in chief, and you can			
6	call your next witness.			
7	MS. WECKERLY: Danielle Keller.			
8	DANIELLE KELLER, STATE'S WITNESS, SWORN			
9	THE CLERK: Please state your name and spell your			
10	first and last name for the record.			
11	THE WITNESS: Danielle Keller, D-a-n-i-e-l-l-e,			
12	K-e-l-l-e-r.			
13	DIRECT EXAMINATION			
14	BY MS. WECKERLY:			
15	Q How are you employed?			
16	A I'm a senior crime scene analyst with the Las			
17	Vegas Metropolitan Police Department.			
18	Q How long has you worked as a crime scene analyst			
19	for Metro?			
20	A About seven years.			
21	Q And so you were a crime scene analyst back in			
22	2010?			
23	A Yes.			
24	Q What kind of training did you go through to be a			
25	crime scene analyst?			

1	A I have a bachelor's degree in criminal justice,
2	and then I completed the academy and field training program,
3	as well as training ever since then.
4	Q On the 13th
5	THE COURT: Would you move up just a little bit and
6	get closer to that microphone?
7	THE WITNESS: [Complies.]
8	THE COURT: You have a soft voice, so we need you to
9	speak up.
10	THE WITNESS: Speak up.
11	THE COURT: Thank you.
12	BY MS. WECKERLY:
13	Q On the 13th of August of 2010, did you assist
14	with a search warrant at an apartment located on Torrey Pines?
15	A Yes.
16	Q And do you remember the detectives that were
17	with you for the service of the warrant?
18	A I believe it was Shoemaker and Wildemann.
19	Q And as a crime scene analyst, what were your
20	duties with regard to service of that warrant?
21	A I just took pictures of the apartment and
22	everything in it, and then recovered evidence.
23	Q I've shown defense counsel what's been marked as
24	State's 191 through 249. Could you just look through those
25	photographs and just let me know when you're done, please.

1	A Okay.
2	Q Are those a fair and accurate representation of
3	some of the photographs you took that day?
4	A Yes.
5	MS. WECKERLY: State moves to admit 191 to 249.
6	MR. SGRO: No objection.
7	MR. LANGFORD: No objection.
8	THE COURT: They'll be received.
9	(State's Exhibit 191 through 249 admitted.)
10	MS. WECKERLY: And may I publish some of these, Your
11	Honor?
12	THE COURT: Yes.
13	BY MS. WECKERLY:
14	Q Can you give us just a general overall
15	description of what the place was that you searched?
16	A It was just a one bedroom apartment.
17	Q And it was located off Torrey Pines?
18	A Yes.
19	Q We'll put up State's 193 first. And is your
20	screen on there in front of you?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Okay. Can you tell us what we're looking at in
23	that photograph, please.
24	A That's the living room.
25	Q And is it like can you kind of orient us
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1	where the front door would be?	
2	А	You know, I'm not sure. I don't recall what
3	direction the	front door faced, but I I think it's to the
4	right.	
5	Q	And I mean, you didn't already take furniture
6	out of there;	that was just
7	А	No.
8	Q	how it appeared on that date?
9	А	That's how it was, yes.
10	Q	And how about 200, can you describe what we're
11	looking at in	State's 200?
12	A	That's the living room floor.
13	Q	Okay. And what sort of items are marked with
14	those cones?	
15	A	It's a knee brace, or some kind of brace, jeans.
16	And then in th	ne back there's some cigarette packages and
17	gloves.	
18	Q	And what type of material were the gloves made
19	out of?	
20	A	There were some latex. I think those are the
21	latex gloves.	
22	Q	And State's 203, please. Oh, sorry. 202. Is
23	that a closer	picture of the knee brace?
24	А	Yes.
25	Q	And was that item impounded?
1	Ī	

1	A	Yes.
2	Q	Besides the latex gloves and the cigarettes,
3	were there (or the latex gloves and the knee brace, were
4	there also cig	arettes located in the residence?
5	A	Yes.
6	Q	Can you describe for the members of the jury
7	generally where	e those were located?
8	A	There were some in the living room, and I think
9	some in the bea	droom as well.
10	Q	And Marc, can you put up 212, please.
11	Is th	at just a view from the opposite direction?
12	A	Yes.
13	Q	And let's look at 214. That's obviously the
14	kitchen area o	f the residence?
15	A	Yes.
16	Q	Did you examine that area for cigarette butts or
17	anything that :	might have potential DNA evidence on it?
18	A	Yes. We looked in the kitchen.
19	Q	And what do you remember any items that had
20	potential DNA	evidence that you collected?
21	А	I know there was that Sprite can. I'm not I
22	don't recall w	nat else was in there, but I think there were a
23	few items from	the kitchen.
24	Q	And what about the bathroom area, why would you
25	look in the ba	throom area for particular items of evidence?

1	A	We looked in the entire apartment, but anything
2		rush or a pair anything that would have DNA,
3	we looked in	
	_	
4	Q	And 217, please. What are we looking at in that
5	photograph?	
6	А	This is paperwork in the kitchen.
7	Q	And it appears like some of the paperwork is
8	medical	
9	А	Yes.
10	Q	is that correct?
11	And	was that collected as well?
12	А	Yes.
13	Q	Is that just how it appeared when you got there?
14	А	Yes.
15	Q	Except for the cone that's out there?
16	А	The cone. Yes, except for the cone.
17	Q	And then you said you also looked in the
18	bathroom as w	ell?
19	A	Yes.
20	Q	Was there any medication that you recovered from
21	the residence	?
22	А	Yes.
23	Q	This is State's 233, please. And is that the
24	medication th	at was recovered?
25	А	Yes.

1	Q	And what's the name of the patient?
2	А	Albert Davis.
3	Q	All three of those items were collected,
4	correct?	
5	A	Yes.
6	Q	Could you put on 237.
7	What	are we looking at in that picture?
8	A	That's the bedroom.
9	Q	And obviously the cones are placed there by
10	Metro, but ev	erything else is how it appeared?
11	A	Correct.
12	Q	What is 240?
13	A	Those are cigarette butts.
14	Q	And those were all taken from the residence?
15	A	Yes.
16	Q	What was the purpose of collecting those?
17	А	For potential DNA.
18	Q	Are you the person that does the DNA testing
19	after collect	ion of those cigarette butts?
20	А	No.
21	Q	That's done by an expert in Metro's lab?
22	А	Correct.
23	Q	Ms. Keller, I'm showing you what's been marked
232425	as State's 32	1, and it was actually opened in the presence of
25	defense couns	el prior to court. Do you recognize what this

1	item is?
2	A Yes.
3	Q What is it?
4	A It's a package of clothing that I recovered from
5	the apartment.
6	Q And the contents in this bag would be what?
7	A There's boxer briefs, pants, the knee brace, and
8	then a pair of pants or shorts. Sorry.
9	Q And does the bag, aside from it being opened,
10	appear to be in the condition that from when you impounded it
11	at the apartment?
12	A Yes.
13	Q And I think you have I'm taking out
14	[inaudible] for the record, which has been marked as 321C.
15	What is this item of evidence?
16	A I believe that's the knee brace.
17	Q Can you remove it from the packaging? Do you
18	need gloves?
19	A Yes, please.
20	MS. WECKERLY: Can I have some gloves, please. Thank
21	you. Here you go.
22	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
23	BY MS. WECKERLY:
24	Q And is that the item that you saw at the
25	apartment that day?

1	A Yes.		
2	MS. WECKERLY: The State moves to admit 321 and the		
3	contents.		
4	MR. LANGFORD: No objection, Your Honor.		
5	MR. SGRO: No objection.		
6	THE COURT: It will be received.		
7	(State's Exhibit 321 admitted.)		
8	MS. WECKERLY: And I just want to see if I have one		
9	picture of the bathroom, if I could have the Court's		
10	indulgence for one second.		
11	(Pause in proceeding.)		
12	MS. WECKERLY: Can you put on the overhead 222,		
13	please.		
14	BY MS. WECKERLY:		
15	Q Is that the bathroom area?		
16	A Yes.		
17	Q What is in the bathtub itself?		
18	A It's just the shower curtain.		
19	Q Okay. And can you do 221.		
20	Is that still a wider view of the bathroom area?		
21	A Yes.		
22	Q And can you do 225.		
23	All of that sort of disarray was how the apartment		
24	appeared that that day when you did the warrant?		
25	A Yes.		

1	Q Can you do 224.
2	In the on the counter of the bathroom sink there
3	that we're looking at in 224, there appear to be some
4	toothbrushes. Were those collected for potential DNA
5	evidence?
6	A Yes.
7	Q Thank you.
8	MS. WECKERLY: I'll pass the witness, Your Honor.
9	THE COURT: Do you need the bag with exhibits,
10	Mr. Sgro?
11	MR. SGRO: I do not.
12	THE COURT: Why don't you return that to the clerk.
13	MR. SGRO: Your Honor, the State and I the State
14	has agreed with me to the admission of Defense Exhibit
15	Proposed Exhibit Z, like zebra.
16	THE COURT: It'll be received. Is it marked?
17	MR. SGRO: It is.
18	(Defendant's Exhibit Z admitted.)
19	CROSS-EXAMINATION
20	BY MR. SGRO:
21	Q Good morning, ma'am.
22	A Good morning.
23	Q You were one of the participants in the search
24	at the Torrey Pines residence; is that right?
25	A Yes.

1	Q And I wanted to ask you, I'm not sure if I g	ot
2	it or not, but the date of the search was August 13. Does	
3	that ring a bell?	
4	A Correct.	
5	Q So if an event occurred here that's related	to
6	this Torrey Pines residence and I tell you it's August 7,	this
7	search would have occurred about six days afterwards?	
8	A Correct.	
9	Q Do you make it a point to follow up with the	!
10	things that you collect and you forward on for testing?	
11	A No, I don't.	
12	Q So some questions were asked, you know, did	you
13	pick up a cigarette butt for example and send it to DNA, t	0
14	the people who do DNA.	
15	A Correct.	
16	Q Do you follow back up and find out what the	
17	results are?	
18	A No. Sometimes they will notify us, but we d	.on't
19	often follow up on them.	
20	Q Did you review the search warrant before	
21	testifying today?	
22	A No.	
23	Q Do you remember the search warrant for this	
24	particular residence calling for any telephones or telepho	nic
25	information; to include caller ID, answering machine messa	aes,

1	phone director:	ies, and call history stored electronically in a
2	residential or a cellular phone?	
3	A 1	No, I don't.
4	MR. S	GRO: May I approach, Your Honor?
5	THE CO	DURT: Sure.
6	BY MR. SGRO:	
7	Q ⁻	This is the warrant. So I just want to see if
8	this jogs your	memory. Do you see here Apartment 2057 of
9	Brittnae Pines	apartments?
10	Α	Yes.
11	Q (Okay. And that's where you were at, correct?
12	Α (Correct.
13	Q A	And it's typical in a search warrant for the
14	police to ask a	a judge for permission to look for specific
15	items?	
16	A	Correct.
17	Q A	And that's what it looks like happened here?
18	A	Yes.
19	Q (Okay. Do you see I have highlighted Number 3?
20	Can you read th	nat to yourself?
21	Α (Okay.
22	Q (Okay. Does that refresh your memory that one of
23	the things you	were looking for were cellphones?
24	Α	Yes.
25	Q 1	Now, do you know what a search warrant return
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1	is?
2	A Yes.
3	Q Okay. And is it true that the return is the
4	area after the search warrant's executed, the police officers,
5	they need to write what they found
6	A Correct.
7	Q —— or what they took of evidentiary value?
8	A Yes, what they took.
9	Q All right. You do you recall as you sit here
10	today specifically whether or not cellphones were taken?
11	A I did not recover any cellphones. No.
12	Q Do you recall any cellphones being listed on the
13	return?
14	A I don't recall.
15	MR. SGRO: May I approach, Your Honor?
16	THE COURT: Yes.
17	MR. SGRO: Same document, Counsel.
18	BY MR. SGRO:
19	Q So I'm just showing you the return. Does the
20	return appear to be filled out correctly and signed by
21	Detective Wildemann that you referenced during your direct?
22	A Yes.
23	Q And on the return, does it list a number of
24	items that were recovered; such as the gloves you've talked
25	about, the knee brace you talked about, correct?

1	А	Yes.
2	Q	Can you tell the jury if any cellphones were
3	taken?	
4	A	It doesn't appear so.
5	Q	Now, you would agree with me that you had a
6	court order t	to take them?
7	А	Correct.
8	Q	And it doesn't look like any were taken?
9	А	No.
10	Q	And now I'm showing you what the State has
11	stipulated in	nto evidence, Defense Exhibit Z.
12	May	I have the ELMO, please.
13	Ther	re is a cone in Defense Exhibit Z that is next to
14	three cellpho	ones; is that right?
15	А	Correct.
16	Q	Do you know why those phones weren't taken?
17	А	No. Typically in search warrants the detectives
18	will take the	em, but I don't recall
19	Q	Okay.
20	А	why they weren't.
21	Q	Do you remember being asked to recover them?
22	А	No.
23	Q	Do you see to the left of the cellphones on
24	Defense Exhik	oit Z there's a disposable camera?
25	А	Yes.

1	MR. SGRO: And if I may approach, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Sure.
3	BY MR. SGRO:
4	Q The disposable camera that's just to the left of
5	the cellphones was taken, correct?
6	A It's on the return, yes.
7	Q I want to show you State's Exhibit 233. This is
8	the one that had the prescriptions on it, correct?
9	A Correct.
10	Q Now, what's the date that these prescriptions
11	were filled, do you know?
12	A I don't recall. No.
13	Q Were there any pills inside these bottles?
14	A I don't recall that either.
15	Q So the bottles were left behind, right, these
16	prescription bottles, correct?
17	A No. I believe those were impounded.
18	Q I'm sorry. They were impounded. They were left
19	behind by the tenant of this residence.
20	A They were in the apartment. I don't know how
21	they got there, but
22	Q And also you recovered a knee brace, right?
23	A Yes.
24	Q So assuming someone was there before you that
25	lived there, that would have been another item left behind

1	that you were able to impound?
2	A Yes.
3	Q And the medical records that you saw were all
4	under the name of Albert Davis?
5	A I believe so, yes.
6	Q Are you aware of medical records that were
7	impounded relative to the prognosis and treatment of an
8	injury? Does that make sense?
9	A I didn't read the records, if that's what
10	Q Okay. So you just picked them up?
11	A Mm-hmm. Correct.
12	MR. SGRO: That's all I have, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: Mr. Langford.
14	MR. LANGFORD: Nothing from Mr. Mason, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: Okay. Anything further?
16	MS. WECKERLY: No, Your Honor.
17	THE COURT: Thank you for being a witness,
18	Ms. Keller. You'll be excused.
19	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
20	MR. DiGIACOMO: Officer Batu.
21	JIM BATU, STATE'S WITNESS, SWORN
22	THE CLERK: Please state your name and spell your
23	first and last name for the record.
24	THE WITNESS: My name is Jim Batu. It's J-i-m. Last
25	name's spelled B-a-t-u.

1	MD DiCTACOMO. Mar I incluina Indea?
	MR. DiGIACOMO: May I inquire, Judge?
2	THE COURT: Yes.
3	DIRECT EXAMINATION
4	BY MR. DiGIACOMO:
5	Q Sir, how are you employed?
6	A I'm sorry?
7	Q How are you employed?
8	A With LVMPD.
9	Q And what do you what's your assignment with
10	the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department?
11	A Corrections.
12	Q How long have you been in the corrections
13	division?
14	A Going on seven years.
15	Q I want to direct your attention to December of
16	2014. Were you one of the officers assigned to the third
17	floor EF unit of the Clark County Detention Center?
18	A Yeah.
19	Q Were you?
20	A Yes.
21	Q Okay. And did you at that point in time have
22	contact with a woman identified to you as a Monica Martinez?
23	A Yes. She's housed in that unit.
24	Q And did you have a conversation with Ms.
25	Martinez related to some threats she was receiving through a

1	vent?	
2	A Y	Zes.
3	Q	okay. And based upon the conversation with her,
4	did you ultimat	ely determine who the person housed above her
5	on 5EF was?	
6	A N	Not in the beginning until she mentioned who it
7	was.	
8	Q S	So she has a conversation with you and she
9	mentions who th	ne person who's threatening her?
10	A F	Imm.
11	Q P	and ultimately do you receive the name of David
12	Burns from her?	
13	A Y	Zes.
14	Q P	and do you do an investigation to determine
15	whether or not	David Burns is in fact the guy who's housed in
16	the 5EF module?	
17	A N	Im-hmm.
18	Q V	Was that a yes?
19	A Y	Zes.
20	Q I	Let me ask you this. Normally would an inmate
21	on the third fl	oor know who was housed on the fifth floor?
22	A I	Is it normal?
23	Q Y	Yeah.
24	A N	10.
25	QI	s there a mechanism between the third floor EF
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1	cell to communicate to the fifth floor, or vice versa?
2	A It's through the vents.
3	Q Okay. Explain that to the ladies and gentlemen
4	of the jury.
5	A Basically each and every module, the way the
6	building's structured, if somebody's on top of you or below
7	you, there are vents inside the cell rooms and if you can talk
8	on those vents, anybody above you or underneath you could hear
9	what you're talking about.
10	Q Based upon the determination that Mr. Burns was
11	housed directly above Ms. Martinez, did you make it a request
12	that Mr. Burns be moved out of that cell so he could no longer
13	have contact with Ms. Martinez?
14	A Yes.
15	Q Thank you, sir.
16	MR. DiGIACOMO: Judge, I pass the witness.
17	THE COURT: Mr. Oram.
18	CROSS-EXAMINATION
19	BY MR. ORAM:
20	Q Good morning, sir.
21	A Good morning.
22	Q How many inmates do you have at the Clark County
23	Detention Center?
24	A Roughly close to 4,000.
25	Q Four thousand. So it's somewhat coincidental
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1	that two people in the same case could be in close proximity
2	to each other; is that right?
3	A Yes, it's coincidental.
4	Q It's just coincidence, right?
5	A [No audible response.]
6	Q Now, we've heard about Monica Martinez saying,
7	oh, I'm being threatened. Okay. You didn't hear that; that's
8	just what Monica Martinez may have expressed to you, right?
9	A That's correct.
10	Q Have you ever heard the term "garbage in,
11	garbage out"?
12	A No.
13	Q In other words, that you're not here to say,
14	yeah, I heard these threats. You're here to say that's what
15	Monica Martinez said?
16	A I never heard the threats.
17	Q So in order to even believe that they're
18	threats, we have to believe this person Monica Martinez; is
19	that right?
20	A Yes.
21	MR. ORAM: Nothing further.
22	MR. LANGFORD: Nothing, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Anything further?
24	MR. DiGIACOMO: No.
25	THE COURT: Thank you for being a witness, Officer.

1	You'll be excused.
2	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
3	MS. WECKERLY: Jennifer Thomas [sic].
4	JENNIFER BROWN, STATE'S WITNESS, SWORN
5	THE CLERK: Please state your name and spell your
6	first and last name for the record.
7	THE WITNESS: Jennifer, J-e-n-n-i-f-e-r, Brown,
8	B-r-o-w-n.
9	DIRECT EXAMINATION
10	BY MS. WECKERLY:
11	Q How are you employed?
12	A I am a forensic scientist in the DNA section of
13	the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department.
14	Q And how long have you worked as a DNA analyst
15	for Metro?
16	A About 7 1/2 years.
17	Q And what's your educational background that
18	allows you to work as a DNA analyst?
19	A I have a Bachelor's of Science Degree in
20	molecular biology from the University of California, San
21	Diego. I also have six years of previous experience at the
22	Arizona Department of Public Safety.
23	Q And have you testified before in the area of DNA
24	analysis and comparison?
25	A Yes.

1	Q Do you have an idea about how many times?
2	A About 20.
3	Q Can you explain for the members of the jury what
4	we're talking about when we say DNA?
5	A DNA is like a genetic blueprint or set of
6	instructions for life. It's how information is passed down
7	from generation to generation. You get half your DNA from
8	your mother and half from your father. And when we're looking
9	at a DNA profile, we're looking at 15 specific locations, and
10	also a marker that tells me if it's a male or a female.
11	Q Is the majority of DNA of human beings the same?
12	A Yes. The majority is the same, and we're
13	looking at a very small percentage that's different and
14	unique.
15	Q Okay. So this small percentage or this part
16	we're looking at on the that we're looking at in a forensic
17	setting is the part that differentiates individual to
18	individual?
19	A Yes.
20	Q And you said that half of it is determined by
21	your biological mother and the other half on the strand is
22	determined by your biological father?
23	A Yes.
24	Q In a forensic setting, what types of materials
25	or substances contain this unique part of the DNA?

A I look for many different things. I look for blood and semen. I also look for items that may have saliva, such as a cigarette butt or a cup. And I also look for things that may have skin cells that have been handled by somebody, like a weapon, you know, a gun or a knife. And also I can look at clothing, a shirt, a hat, and try to get skin cells from that.

Q And when you get an item of evidence that appears to have blood on it, what is the process you go through to obtain what the DNA profile of that spot of blood is or stain of blood?

A First we'll do a chemical test if something appears that it might be blood, and that'll give us an indication that, yes, this, you know, could be blood. We'll then take maybe a cutting, or if what I received was a swab, I'll take part of that swab on for DNA. Would you like me to go through the whole process?

Q Sure.

A So we take it into the lab. And so we'll have like a little tube that'll either have a cutting from a shirt or a piece of, you know, a part of a cotton swab. I'll add some chemicals to it and I'll get the DNA out. It'll basically break open the cells. The DNA is contained in the nucleus or the center of the cells.

So basically I'll add some chemicals and I'll get the

DNA out. We'll take it through a process where we make many copies of it. It's called PCR, polymerase chain reaction, and it just makes many copies of the DNA. And then we'll run it through an instrument that separates out all the little fragments, and basically you put it in a computer, a computer program that will give us — basically, a DNA profile is just a set of numbers.

So I'll get a set of numbers as the profile. And we're looking at 15 locations, as I stated. So if I have one or two numbers at each of those locations, it's typically indicative of a single source or of one profile. Sometimes we'll get items though, that have numerous different people on it, like a mixture of profile, and there will be lots of numbers at every location.

Q So if I'm understanding you, we're looking at a DNA strand and at 15 different locations, and at each one there's a component of the mom and a component of the dad at each of those 15 locations?

A Yes.

Q And that's what you're generating from the spot of blood or some type of evidence?

A Yes.

Q And then in the forensic setting, do you typically deal with known samples or someone's DNA sample as well?

1	A Yes. We often have known samples to make
2	comparisons to.
3	Q And what's a buccal swab?
4	A A buccal swab actually is just a cheek cell
5	swab. The inside of your cheeks are called buccal cells, and
6	so a lot of our known samples, most of them anymore are just
7	swabs of the inside of a cheek.
8	Q Okay. And is your DNA profile the same
9	regardless of whether you take it from a buccal swab or say
10	blood, or a part of a body organ or something like that?
11	A Yes.
12	Q And so it'll show that same unique profile?
13	A Yes.
14	Q In this — in this particular case you were
15	asked to analyze or look for the presence of DNA on many,
16	many, many items of evidence; is that correct?
17	A Yes, many.
18	Q What were the known samples that you had?
19	A I had known samples from six individuals.
20	Q Can you give us the names?
21	A May I read them from my report?
22	THE COURT: Certainly.
23	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
24	THE COURT: You're going to need your report for
25	this, so you might as well pull it out.

1	THE WITNESS: Thank you. So I had six buccal swab
2	samples from Derecia Newman, David Burns, Monica Mitchell, aka
3	Monica Martinez, Willie Mason, Stephanie Cousins and Donovon
4	Rowland.
5	BY MS. WECKERLY:
6	Q And so from those buccal swabs you were able to
7	determine each of those individuals' DNA profile?
8	A Yes.
9	Q And how they were different at each of those 15
10	locations?
11	A That's correct.
12	Q And then just generally, and we'll go through
13	each of the items, but generally what types of evidence were
14	you comparing those known profiles to in this case? What was
15	the questioned evidence?
16	A There was many different things. There were
17	some swabs, swabs from a kitchen, swabs from a car. There
18	were cigarette butts and, I think, drink containers, things
19	like that.
20	Q Okay. And why would like a cigarette butt or a
21	drink container contain DNA or be something you could generate
22	a DNA sample from?
23	A They often have saliva, and saliva is actually a
24	very good source of DNA.
25	Q And in terms of like swabs that you would get

off a kitchen knob or a dresser knob, is that typically a successful source or a successful place to recover DNA from?

A Often it can be very challenging in those situations one, because if you think of a kitchen counter or maybe your car, maybe there's multiple people who have touched that item. And when you're talking about skin cells, the skin cells you shed very easily actually don't have DNA because they're dead. They don't have a nucleus. They're kind of like easily shed cells.

So it kind of just depends on how easy, we call them shedders, if you shed your skin cells a lot. So sometimes it's just there's just not a lot of DNA there, and sometimes it can be a mixture.

Q Okay. You prepared some charts for your testimony this morning, correct?

A Yes.

Q I'm showing you State's 335 -- 333, 334 and 335. Are those the charts you prepared?

A Yes.

Q Are they a fair and accurate representation of your results, or some of the results in this case?

A Yes.

MS. WECKERLY: The State moves to admit 333 to 335.

MR. ORAM: No objection.

MR. LANGFORD: No objection, Your Honor.

THE COURT: They'll be received. 1 (State's Exhibit 333 through 335 admitted.) 3 MS. WECKERLY: And is the overhead on? COURT RECORDER: 4 Yes. MS. WECKERLY: Oh, thank you. 6 BY MS. WECKERLY: I'm putting on the overhead 335. Let me just 7 zoom in a little bit. Can you see that on your screen? 8 Yes. Α 10 Okay. So looking at the far left where there are, you know, blue, green and all these letters and numbers, 11 12 explain, if you could, to the members of the jury what that 13 column is representing on the far left. 14 Each of those different colored areas represent Α 15 the DNA location that I'm looking at. So when I mentioned 16 that there was 15 locations, there's 15 here plus something called amelogenin, which helps me to determine if it was a 17 male or a female. 18 19 So when you talked earlier about the unique part Q of our DNA where it differentiates among individuals, this is 20 actually what that DNA strand is represented by, or this is 21 22 the name of that strand or those alleles that make up the 23 strand? 24 It's the name of the location. Α 25 Okay. Q

1	A Yes.
2	Q And this one that is sex determinative is on
3	here as well?
4	A Yes.
5	Q Okay. And so at each of these locations as we
6	go down, you will get you will inherit one number
7	representation from your mother and one from your father?
8	A That's correct.
9	Q And the numbers themselves are just are they
LO	just a way of identifying each of those DNA components?
L1	A They actually represent what we're looking at
L2	is actually something called STR, and it's short tandem
L3	repeats. So it's just basically we're looking at these
L4	repeated segments within the DNA. And so if somebody has, say
L5	if you look at that first location, from their mother, this
L6	person or the profile on this cigarette butt got a 13 repeat
L7	segment from their mother or father, and the other segment
L8	would be a 14 repeat segment.
L9	Q Okay. So at the 13, 14 on the at the first
20	allele location, that would we can't tell which one's from
21	the mom and which one's from the dad?
22	A I cannot, no.
23	Q Okay. But when you look at that location and
24	you see two numbers, does that tell you anything regarding
25	whether or not that cigarette butt constitutes a mixture or is

a single source of DNA on that cigarette butt?

A I would look at the profile as a whole. And as a whole, because there's only one or two numbers in each location, I'm confident that it would be from a single source.

Q Are there times when you recover more numbers than two at those 15 locations?

A Yes.

Q And when you see those types of numbers, what does that tell you as a scientist?

A It tells me that most likely more than one person contributed DNA to that sample. Sometimes if one person contributed the most amount of DNA, there would be a major person and I can make a determination of that. Or sometimes we can't pull out a major and sometimes we can still make a conclusion on a mixture, and then sometimes it's just too many people or it's just too much information that we're not able to make a conclusion.

Q Okay. So you took this questioned piece of evidence, which was a cigarette recovered from a search warrant, and you went through the process that you described earlier and developed this DNA profile from it?

A Yes.

Q And you had a buccal swab taken from Willie Mason, and that is represented on the right side of the screen, correct?

1	A That's correct.				
2	Q And so as an analyst, you actually got results				
3	from the cigarette butt, and what do you do to determine				
4	whether or not Willie Mason is the source of that cigarette				
5	butt?				
6	A We make a comparison, just a direct comparison,				
7	and then if we include somebody, then we'll add a statistical				
8	calculation to that.				
9	Q And so if we were to make the comparison that				
LO	you go through just in court, the cigarette butt is the 13,				
L1	14; he has a 13, 14 at that location. At the next location				
L2	it's 28, 30.2; he is that profile at the next location as				
L3	well. Third one is an 8; he's an 8. Why would there only be				
L4	one number at this location?				
L5	A It simply means that this person got or this				
L6	profile got both the same, the same 8 from both the mother and				
L7	the father.				
L8	Q So at that location the mom was an 8 and the dad				
L9	was an 8?				
20	A Yes.				
21	Q Okay. And as we go down all the columns,				
22	there's a match at every location?				
23	A Yes.				
24	Q Now, what if, looking at Column 3, there was an				
25	8 and the number here was like 10 or 9 or a different number,				

1	what would you conclude from that?					
2	A If everything else was the same?					
3	Q Yes.					
4	A We would it could be someone who's related to					
5	them. But we would basically basically what I do is I go					
6	through the profile I get from the evidence and I determine					
7	every single location that I believe I can compare. So in					
8	this situation, if that happened to be a 10, and looking over					
9	at the buccal swab from Willie Mason it was an 8, then it					
10	would be an exclusion.					
11	Q So all of these would have to match in order to					
12	be included as the source?					
13	A Yes.					
14	Q And in this particular example, this cigarette					
15	butt, there is a match at every location?					
16	A Yes.					
17	Q And you said after you get a match you go					
18	through a statistical calculation?					
19	A Yes.					
20	Q And can you describe for non-math people what					
21	that is?					
22	A Basically we have a computer program that can					
23	take the frequencies of the numbers at each location, and					
24	because the DNA, each of these locations is considered unrelated, it's considered unlinked, we're able to multiply					
25 	unrelated, it's considered unlinked, we're able to multiply					

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took 100 times the world population, and when we get to that

point where something is that rare, we say -- we feel

confident we can say something is the source.

23

24

25

1	Q And that's why you say identity is assumed?			
2	A Yes.			
3	Q And you said that that's 100 times the world's			
4	population?			
5	A Yes.			
6	Q Are there situations where you get DNA results			
7	that fall well below that threshold of one in 650 billion,			
8	or			
9	A Yes. It doesn't always reach that point.			
10	Q So that's what it happened to reach on this			
11	particular item of evidence?			
12	A Yes.			
13	Q Now I'm putting on the overhead, this is State's			
14	334, and it's another cigarette butt recovered from a search			
15	warrant. And this would be your Item 13A, so it's another			
16	cigarette butt. Now, right away when we look at 334, there			
17	appear to be far more numbers on the cigarette butt than in			
18	the prior chart that we saw.			
19	A That's correct.			
20	Q And what can you explain to us what we're			
21	looking at, why is that on that cigarette butt?			
22	A I believe this to be a mixture. I believe that			
23	more than one person contributed DNA to this cigarette butt.			
24	Q And when you look at the cigarette butt profile,			
25	some of the numbers you have on the chart are in brackets.			

What does that signify?

A Any of the numbers in brackets are less than 60 percent of the other numbers there in that same, just across there in that same location. So that first one, D8S1179, there's both 12 and a 13 in brackets; that means those are less than 60 percent of the 14 and the 15.

Q And is that what you use; you spoke earlier about determining a major profile versus the minor contributor?

A Yes.

Q And so the bracketed ones are less than 60 percent, so that's the minor?

A Yes. That's correct.

Q And then there's also numbers on there that are in red, or smaller?

A Yes. The numbers in red are ones that were beneath our threshold. We have a threshold that everything must achieve before we'll make a conclusion about it, because sometimes we'll get things that are so low where we can't be confident that we've got all the information.

So all the numbers in red were information that was there, but we didn't do any — we weren't able to do anything with it, but we just wanted to like have it represented so you would know that there was more information. So anything in red is just something that's below our threshold for

interpretation, but it did show up. 1 Now, when you say threshold for interpretation, is there a machine or something that you're using to detect 3 the DNA? 4 Yes. Α And so if it -- is that machine like calibrated 6 Q 7 to be reliable at a certain threshold? It gives us data down to a very, very low Α threshold, but we only will interpret data that's above a 10 certain threshold. In this case it's 100 RFU, and that just happens to be the unit that we use from this machine. 11 12 And so are the numbers in red below that, Q 13 they're below that threshold? 14 That's correct. 15 But you report it out just to indicate that Q there is a mixture and this is what it appears to be? 16 17 This is just exactly as we got it how it Α Yeah. 18 appeared to us, and -- or as it appeared to me, and then we 19 would just make conclusions on anything that was over our 20 threshold and able to be made -- have conclusions made from 21 it. 22 So looking at this chart, we also have on the Q 23 right-hand side the known sample from a buccal swab of David 24 Burns, and if we compare it to the cigarette butt of 13A, it

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looks like he's a 14, 15 at the first marker, which is

25

D8S1179, and there is a 14, 15 at that first location?

A Yes. So when I first got this profile, I would have — from the cigarette butt, I would have gone through and determined what I believed to be the major. I would do that first, before looking at any known samples, and then I would make the comparison. So at the first one the major — or the major markers are 14 and 15 at that first location.

Q And then at the third location there is an 8, but there's also a 10, 11, and he's a 10, 11. So that 8 is a minor contributor?

A That 8 is, it is a minor contributor. It's even below our threshold, so we would never have done anything with that information, but there was a little bit more information there.

Q Okay. And then he's a 15, 17. And as we go down the chart, his profile is evident at each of the locations; is that fair?

A Yes.

Q And when you have a mixture like this with so much data from the cigarette butt itself, is — are you able to do a statistical calculation?

A Yes. In this case, because I was able to pull out a major profile, I was able to do a statistical calculation similar to the one in the previous one that was a single source.

Q Now, when it — when you're looking at what's the major profile, is it just when you're looking at the instrument that produces the results on DNA testing the major profile just appears more dominant, or like at a higher level of RFU or a higher level of presence?

A Yeah. What we actually are looking at is a set of peaks. So at every single location we'll see peaks. And so these peaks were bigger and they actually have a number associated with them. It's not on here, but there is a number associated with them.

So they'll have a number, say value of just as an example like 1,000, and then maybe the minor one would have something that was 500, and so then that would be the minor because it would be less than 60 percent of those major ones.

Q And so what were your conclusions regarding David Burns as a source of the DNA on this cigarette butt which is 13A?

A The DNA profile obtained from the cigarette butt is consistent with a mixture of at least two individuals including at least one male. The major profile was consistent with David Burns. The estimated frequency of this major profile among unrelated individuals in the general population is rarer than one in 650 billion. Identity is assumed.

And then we compared other profiles in this case to the minor component, or I compared. Unknown Male No. 4 cannot

be excluded as a possible contributor to this mixture. I did develop some unknown profiles in this case. So Unknown Male

No. 4 couldn't be excluded as a possible minor contributor.

And Derecia Newman, Monica Mitchell, aka Martinez, Willie Mason, Stephanie Cousins, Donovon Rowland, Unknown Female No. 1, Unknown Male No. 1, Unknown Female No. 2, Unknown Male No. 3, and Unknown Male No. 5 can be excluded as possible contributors to the mixture profile obtained.

Q So let's go through at each location in our case what you tested and what your results were. Our murder scene was on — I know you didn't go there, but was on Meikle Lane, and what did you look at that was impounded from that location?

A There were — there was a cigarette butt. There were some swabs from a front door, some kitchen cabinet swabs, a nightstand drawer swab, and that looks like the kitchen cabinet swabs. There was multiple swabs from different kitchen cabinets.

- Q And a \$20 bill, right?
- A Yes.

- Q Let's start with the \$20 bill and what were your findings with regard to that.
- A It was a complex mixture. As you can imagine, a \$20 bill has been handled by many people. So when I did it,

1	basically what I did is I took a swabbing of that \$20 bill,				
2	and it was just a mixture profile that was not interpretable.				
3	Q And that's because there's just so much DNA on				
4	money?				
5	A Yes.				
6	Q What about the swabs that were taken from the				
7	nightstands?				
8	A Let's see.				
9	Q I think that's JS5 or JT5, sorry.				
10	A So yes, they both both of them were either				
11	inconclusive or a limited partial; meaning I couldn't make				
12	conclusions on them. They were either degraded, just too				
13	not enough information for me to make a conclusion. Most				
14	likely also they could have been mixtures.				
15	Q So the fact that someone touches something like				
16	a knob or a handle on a nightstand, would you necessarily				
17	expect to recover a complete DNA profile from a location like				
18	that?				
19	A It — it would just depend on the house and how				
20	many people have touched it. And you think of other things				
21	that could be degrading the DNA, like maybe some lotions or				
22	things like that, that you maybe have on your hands when you				
23	touch it. It would it would be it wouldn't be uncommon				
24	to not find a full, complete, or a good usable profile to				

compare to from such things like that when it's a touch DNA

sample. 1 Okay. So on both the nightstands there wasn't enough data recovered, and then in the case of the \$20 bill 3 there was like too much --4 That's correct. Yes. Α -- to make any interpretation? 6 Q Yes. Α 8 And there were also swabs taken from the kitchen Q 9 cabinets, and I think those would be --The 3A through the 3H. 10 Α JT3. 11 Yes. Q 12 Yes. Α 13 What were your findings with regard to swabs Q from the kitchen cabinets at the crime scene? 14 15 I had a couple different -- different results. Α 16 I mean, I was able to make conclusions on a couple of them, but -- let's see. So I guess 3C and 3H I was able to make a 17 conclusion on, and the other ones were I was not able to make 18 19 any conclusions on. 20 So there was one that was like below threshold and one that was probably either like too complex, like our 21 22 \$20 bill and our nightstand? 23 I had a mix of both. I had some that Α Yeah. 24 were limited partial, meaning there was just barely any DNA, 25 and then I had at least one that was a complex mixture,

meaning there was way too much DNA. 1 One of the swabs though, or actually two of the 3 swabs though from the kitchen cabinets you were able to obtain 4 results, correct? That's correct. And with regard to, I think it's 3C, what were 6 \bigcirc your findings? 7 The DNA profile obtained from the kitchen 8 Α cabinet swabs, JT3C, is consistent with a mixture of at least two individuals with at least one being male. The major 10 profile is consistent with an Unknown Female No. 2, and no 11 12 conclusions could be made with regard to the minor 13 contributors. 14 Now, the Unknown Female No. 2, you had the known 0 15 profile of Derecia Newman, correct? 16 That's correct. Α 17 And were you able to make a determination regarding whether that Unknown Female No. 2 could be a 18 19 biological child of Derecia? 20 Unknown Female No. 2 was consistent with Α Yes. being the daughter of Derecia Newman. 21 22 Now, there was another mixture profile from the Q 23 kitchen cabinets, I think it's 3H? 24 Yes. Α 25 And what were your findings with regard to that? Q KARR REPORTING, INC.

1	A The DNA profile obtained from the kitchen			
2	cabinet swabs JT3H is consistent with a mixture of at least			
3	two individuals, including at least one male. The major			
4	profile is consistent with an Unknown Male No. 1.			
5	Q Now, that Unknown Male No. 1 profile from the			
6	kitchen cabinet was also found in a cigarette butt at the			
7	scene, correct? That's			
8	A Yes.			
9	Q — 1A?			
10	A I believe yes. Yes.			
11	Q And —			
12	A Under JT2.			
13	Q Yes.			
14	A Yes.			
15	Q And then there was another cigarette butt found			
16	at the scene, and who was that consistent with? That's JT1C.			
17	A There was a cigarette butt the DNA profile			
18	obtained from the cigarette butt JT1C is consistent with			
19	Derecia Newman.			
20	Q Okay. So one of the cigarette butts is			
21	Derecia's. And then there's an unknown male, and he's on a			
22	kitchen cabinet and also a cigarette butt, right?			
23	A That's correct.			
24	Q And then there's another cigarette butt found			
25	outside the complex or outside the door of the apartment,			

1	and that would be, I think, 1A?			
2	A I'm not sure where it was found.			
3	Q Well, it's reported to you as that.			
4	A The Kool cigarette butt?			
5	Q Yes.			
6	A Yes. That was consistent with an Unknown Female			
7	No. 1.			
8	Q And then we have Unknown Female No. 2, who was			
9	on the kitchen cabinet, but is consistent with being a			
10	biological child of Derecia Newman?			
11	A That's correct.			
12	Q Now, you also would have examined evidence taker			
13	from the fingernail clippings of Derecia Newman at autopsy?			
14	A That's correct.			
15	Q And what were the findings with regard to those			
16	fingernail clippings?			
17	A On the right hand I obtained a partial profile.			
18	A partial DNA profile obtained from the right-hand fingernail			
19	swab, JT6C, is consistent with Derecia Newman. There are			
20	indications of a male contributor below threshold, however no			
21	conclusions can be made.			
22	Q And why is it that no conclusions can be made			
23	for that male portion that seems to be present?			
24	A Similar to what we were talking about earlier,			
25	we have a threshold. And so we were able to see that there			

was a male, a Y showed up below threshold, but we weren't able 1 to make any comparisons to that data. 2 So basically we have Derecia Newman's DNA taken 3 from her own fingernails? 4 That's correct, yes. Α Which isn't necessarily a surprising result? 6 Q No. Α You also looked at clothing that was impounded Q from UMC hospital. I'm going to put it on the overhead. This is State's 255, and it's a pair of blue pants. And I think 10 you examined that as well, correct? 11 12 That's correct. Α 13 And what part of this, of these pants were you Q looking at? 14 15 I took a cutting, I believe, from some of the Α stained area. If you want to know specifically, I'd have to 16 17 look at my picture. Ms. Weckerly, that hasn't been admitted. 18 THE CLERK: 19 MS. WECKERLY: Oh, these are by stip. 20 Oh, I'm sorry. THE WITNESS: 21 The defense, I think, stipulated MS. WECKERLY: to 255. 22 23 I'm sorry. I misspoke. I actually did THE WITNESS:

a swabbing of the inside of the pocket of these pants.

24

25

1	BY MS. WECKERLY:				
2	Q So you swabbed the inside of the pocket. Why				
3	would you have done that in this particular case?				
4	A I believe to see if there was any foreign DNA				
5	inside the pockets of the pants.				
6	Q And what were your findings with regard to the				
7	pockets?				
8	A The DNA profile obtained from the light blue				
9	pants, JT21A, is consistent with a mixture of at least two				
LO	individuals. The major profile is consistent with the Unknown				
L1	Female No. 2. There are indications of a male contributor				
L2	below threshold, however no conclusions can be made.				
L3	Q Now, is there anything that could be done to				
L4	enhance the identification of that unknown male portion that				
L5	you found on the pockets?				
L6	A Not anything that we could have done, no. It				
L7	was unfortunately too low.				
L8	Q And the rest of the results, the major component				
L9	is Unknown Female No. 2, which you also found on the kitchen				
20	cabinet?				
21	A That's correct.				
22	Q And this is the person who is consistent with				
23	being the biological child of Derecia Newman?				
24	A That's correct.				
25	Q You were also given samples taken from a car.				

Do you recall that? 1 Yes. Α And those were swabs taken from what areas of 3 the car? 4 They were some door handle swabs, some grip Α swabs, gear shift and mirror, seat belt, latch plate swabs, 6 steering wheel. Everything. 7 Pretty much all over the car? Yes, yes. Α And what -- where were you able to get results 10 from those swabs? 11 12 JT8A, which is the steering wheel, which is Α 13 steering wheel swabs, I was able to obtain some results. The DNA profile obtained from the steering wheel swabs, JT8A, is 14 15 consistent with a mixture of at least three individuals, 16 including at least one male. 17 The major profile is consistent with Monica Mitchell, aka Martinez. The estimated frequency of this major DNA 18 19 profile among unrelated individuals in the general population 20 is rarer than one in 650 billion. Identity assumed. there's no conclusions could be made regarding the minor 21 contributors on that. 22 23 Okay. So Monica Mitchell Martinez's DNA is on the steering wheel in the car? 24 25

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Correct.

Α

1	Q And were you able to recover any DNA from, I
2	think, like the seat belt latches or other areas of the car?
3	A Yes. So one of the seat belt latch swabs,
4	actually a couple of them I was able to obtain some
5	information.
6	Q Okay.
7	A The DNA profile obtained from the seat belt
8	latch plate swabs, JT8F, is consistent with a possible
9	mixture. The major profile is consistent with an Unknown Male
10	No. 2. No conclusions regarding any of the possible
11	additional contributors can be made.
12	Q And are you able to look at Unknown Male No. 2's
13	profile and determine whether that unknown male could be the
14	biological child of Ms. Martinez?
15	A Yes. I determined that that Unknown Male No. 2
16	could not be the son of Monica Martinez.
17	Q Was there also presence of an unknown another
18	unknown in, I think, the seat belt, another seat belt latch
19	swab?
20	A Yes.
21	Q What were your findings there?
22	A The partial DNA profile obtained from the seat
23	belt latch plate swabs, JT8G, is consistent with a possible
24	belt latch plate swabs, JT8G, is consistent with a possible mixture profile. The major profile is consistent with an Unknown Male No. 3. No conclusions with regard to the
25	Unknown Male No. 3. No conclusions with regard to the

1	possible additional contributors can be made.			
2	Q And could that Unknown Male No. 3 be the			
3	biological child of Ms. Martinez?			
4	A Yes.			
5	Q Now, you also examined a gun for the presence of			
6	DNA, correct?			
7	A That's correct.			
8	Q And we have a chart for that, and this is			
9	State's 333. So would you have swabbed the gun yourself in			
10	order to see if you could recover any DNA material from the			
11	gun?			
12	A Sometimes we receive guns previously swabbed by			
13	a crime scene person, and sometimes we swab them ourselves.			
14	Q And in terms of this gun, do you recall what you			
15	did, if you were the swabber?			
16	A I did swab this one.			
17	Q And there was also a holster submitted			
18	A Yes.			
19	Q that went with the gun. What were your			
20	findings with regard to the holster?			
21	A The holster had a complex mixture that's too			
22	much information, couldn't make any conclusions on it.			
23	Q And the gun itself, does 333 represent your			
24	findings at least partially with regard to the gun?			
25	A Yes.			

1	Q And it looks like in Column 2, again moving from			
2	left to right, it's again a situation where there's a mixture			
3	profile?			
4	A Yes.			
5	Q And you compared it in this particular slide to,			
6	or in this particular chart to Monica Martinez, correct?			
7	A That's correct. In this case the profile I			
8	obtained, I couldn't pull out a major profile, so I had to			
9	make a comparison to the mixture as a whole.			
10	Q And when you do that, is that because there's so			
11	much DNA at the same levels?			
12	A Yes. There's DNA at similar levels. There just			
13	wasn't a clear major all the way across the profile to be able			
14	to pull it out.			
15	Q And what were your findings with regard to			
16	Ms. Mitchell and this gun?			
17	A The DNA profile obtained from the Ruger			
18	revolver, JT8B, is consistent with a mixture of at least three			
19	individuals, including at least one male. Monica Mitchell,			
20	aka Martinez, JT27, and Donovon Rowland, JT30, cannot be			
21	excluded as contributors to the mixture profile.			
22	Approximately one in 36 individuals in the general population			
23	are included as possible contributors to the mixture profile			
24	obtained.			
25	Q One in 36?			

A Yes.

Q So can you say that either Monica Martinez
Mitchell or Donovon Rowland are the source of the DNA on this
gun?

A I could not say that they're the source, no. In this case, because it's a mixture, I was only able to look at certain locations to do statistics on. In this case I only did statistics on four locations. The rest of the areas, when there was red information, the red numbers below, we can't do statistics on those locations because there could be more information.

Q And if I understood you correctly, one in 36 people, or less than one in 600 billion, one in 36 people could be consistent with the data collected from that gun?

A With the locations that we did comparisons to, yes. So again, there's four locations out of 15 that we did comparisons to, and the two individuals were included, but other people could certainly be included. We could never say that these people were the source of that DNA on there.

Q Because you could pick one — get 36 people in a room, pick one at random, and that's what, you know, we would expect one of them at least to be consistent with the four locations?

- A Statistically it's possible, yes.
- Q And that, I mean, the reason why we get a number

like that, like one in 36 as opposed to one in 600 billion is just because of what was actually recovered on the item of evidence?

A Yes. It was definitely at least two, probably three people minimally on this — on this gun, therefore we just couldn't in this case, or I couldn't in this case pull out a significant contributor.

Q I'd like to move to items that were recovered from an apartment at Torrey Pines. And there were, to be fair, a ton of cigarette — well, not a ton, but several cigarette butts found at this location, correct?

A Yes.

Q And can you just go through your findings with regard to the cigarette butts?

A So on — well, some of them I've already read. Do you want me to continue?

Q Well, we can skip the ones that we have in the chart.

A Okay. So I guess the cigarette butt, JT13B, the DNA profile obtained from that cigarette butt is consistent with a possible mixture. The major profile is consistent with an Unknown Male No. 4. No conclusions can be made regarding additional contributors. So at this location we definitely — we had some more unknown profiles that were developed.

Q Okay. And we have the one where Burns is

identified. Was Monica Mitchell identified on a cigarette butt? And I think this is 13C.

A Yes. The DNA profile obtained from the cigarette butt, JT13C, is consistent with a mixture of at least two individuals. The major profile is consistent with Monica Mitchell, aka Martinez, JT27. The estimated frequency of this major DNA profile among unrelated individuals in the general population is rarer than one in 650 billion. Identity is assumed.

Q And there was one profile which is 13F, which was a mixture of Monica Martinez and Unknown Male No. 4?

A Yes. The DNA profile obtained from the cigarette butt JT3F is consistent with a mixture of at least two individuals including at least one male. Monica Mitchell, aka Martinez and Unknown Male No. 4 cannot be excluded as contributors to the mixture profile obtained. Approximately one in 63 individuals in the general population are included as possible contributors to the mixture profile obtained.

Q And so that's similar to the gun, where it's like there's so much DNA recovered, or because of the nature of the DNA recovered you're not able to get a discriminating statistical calculation?

A That's correct.

Q And this Unknown Male No. 4 appeared on a mixture, on JT26 with David Burns, correct?

1	A JT.	2
2	Q Uh:	
3	A JT.	2
4	is consistent wi	t
5	excluded and	U
6	contributor.	
7	Q Di	C

10

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24

25

26?

And 24A, I think. -huh.

24A is a cigarette butt, and the major profile th David Burns, and unknown male cannot be Jnknown Male No. 4 cannot be excluded as a

d you also test toothbrushes that were recovered from this scene?

> I did. Α

And what were your findings with regard to the toothbrushes? These would be 17.

The DNA profile obtained from the blue CVP Α toothbrush, JT17A, is consistent with Willie Mason. The estimated frequency of the DNA profile among unrelated individuals in the general population is rarer than one in 650 Identity is assumed. billion.

One of the cigarette -- or I'm sorry. One of the toothbrushes, the DNA profile obtained from the red and white Colgate toothbrush is consistent with Unknown Male No. 4. the DNA profile obtained from the blue Colgate toothbrush is consistent with Donovon Rowland. The estimated frequency of this DNA profile among unrelated individuals in the general population is rarer than one in 650 billion. Identity is assumed.

> Now, did you also analyze, for the presence of Q

DNA, some either latex gloves or knit gloves?

A Yes. I did.

Q And were any findings made with regard to those items?

A The black knit gloves I was not able to make any conclusions on. They were just complex mixtures. One of the DNA profiles I did not obtain — I'm sorry. One of the latex gloves I did not obtain a DNA profile from. Some of the latex gloves there was not enough information available, so I wasn't able to make any conclusions.

And the DNA profile obtained from the latex glove JT11B is consistent with an Unknown Female No. 3. There are indications of a male contributor below threshold, however no conclusions could be made on that.

Q So from looking at all the gloves, the only, I guess, identification or the only thing you could identify was a profile of another Unknown Female No. 3, correct?

A Yes.

Q Now, when you're doing the analysis of DNA, all the — when we have unknowns at each different scene, like we had an Unknown Female No. 1 and an Unknown Female No. 2 at Meikle Lane, those remain compared to anything else you found, or anything else you generated DNA from at a different location, correct?

A That's correct.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

DAVID	BU	RNS	Ò,
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Appellant,

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Supreme Court Case No. 77424

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Respondent.

APPELLANT'S APPENDIX

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that this document was filed electronically with the Nevada Supreme Court on the 28th day of February, 2019. Electronic Service of the foregoing document shall be made in accordance with the Master Service List as follows:

Steven Wolfson, Clark County District Attorney's Office Aaron Ford, Nevada Attorney General Jamie J. Resch, Resch Law, PLLC d/b/a Conviction Solutions

By:

Employee, Resch Law, PLLC d/b/a Conviction Solutions