IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL ASSOCIATION,

Appellant,

VS.

LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT,

Respondent.

Supreme Court No.: 77511

Electronically Filed Mar 12 2019 11:55 a.m.

District Court Case Na Alabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

Department 4

JOINT APPENDIX VOLUME 1 of 4

FROM THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT THE HONORABLE JUDGE KERRY EARLEY, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

DEANNA L. FORBUSH Nevada Bar No. 6646 COLLEEN E. MCCARTY Nevada Bar No. 13186 CLARK HILL PLLC 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300 Attorneys for Appellant Republican Attorneys General Association

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

- BY U.S. MAIL: by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at Las Vegas, Nevada addressed as set forth below.
- BY PERSONAL DELIVERY: by causing personal delivery of the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.
- BY ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION: submitted to the above-entitled Court for electronic filing and service upon the Court's Service List for the above-referenced case.

MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING Nick D. Crosby, Esq. Jackie V. Nichols, Esq. 10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorneys for Respondent Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department.

An Employee of Clark Hill PLLC

Electronically Filed 9/6/2018 8:15 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

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DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL

ASSOCIATION,

Petitioner,

ll vs.

LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT,

Respondent.

A-18-780538-W Case No.:

Dept. No.:

Department 18

PUBLIC RECORDS ACT APPLICATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239.001/PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

EXPEDITED MATTER PURSUANT TO NRS 239.011

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"Petitioner"), by and through its undersigned counsel of record, Deanna L. Forbush, Esq. and Colleen E. McCarty, Esq. of the law firm of Clark Hill PLLC, and hereby brings this Petition for Writ of Mandamus seeking an Order requiring the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department ("Metro") to provide Petitioner access to public records. Petitioner also requests an award for all fees and costs associated with its efforts to obtain the withheld public records as provided for by NRS 239.011(2). Further, Petitioner respectfully asks that this matter be expedited pursuant to NRS 239.011(2). Petitioner hereby alleges as follows:

COMES NOW Petitioner, Republican Attorneys General Association ("RAGA" or

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Page 1 of 13

JA000001

NATURE OF ACTION

- 1. Petitioner brings the application for relief pursuant to NRS 239.001 *et seq.*, commonly known as the Nevada Public Records Act ("NPRA"). *See also Reno Newspapers, Inc. v. Gibbons*, 127 Nev. 873, 884 n.4, 266 P.3d 623, 630 n.4 (2011).
- 2. Petitioner's application to this Court is the proper means to secure Metro's compliance with the NPRA. *See id.*; *see also DR Partners v. Bd. of Cty. Comm'rs of Clark Cty.*, 116 Nev. 616, 621, 6 P.3d 465, 468 (2000) (citing *Donrey of Nev. v. Bradshaw*, 106 Nev. 630, 798 P.2d 144 (1990)) (writ of mandamus is the appropriate procedural remedy to compel compliance with the NPRA).
- 3. Petitioner is entitled to an expedited hearing on this matter pursuant to NRS 239.011(2), which mandates that "[t]he court shall give this matter priority over other civil matters to which priority is not given by other statutes."

PARTIES

- 4. Petitioner RAGA is a national organization whose mission is to elect Republican candidates to the Office of State Attorney General. RAGA recruits strong candidates and raises money to ensure their success. In doing so, RAGA works with attorneys general across the country to support the rule of law and conservative values, including but not limited to, cooperative federalism, free enterprise, and aggressive crime fighting. RAGA is based at 1747 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Suite 800, Washington, D.C., 20006.
- 5. Respondent Metro is a public agency in the County of Clark, State of Nevada. Metro is subject to the NPRA pursuant to NRS 239.005(5)(b).
- 6. The records at issue pertain to Aaron Ford, sitting Nevada State Senator and current Democratic candidate for the Office of State Attorney General. Release of the requested records is in the public interest and particularly important because they document a law enforcement contact involving a candidate seeking election as the State's chief law enforcement Page 2 of 13

officer. The information contained therein may inform and influence the public regarding their choice of candidate for Nevada's next Attorney General and voters are scheduled to go to the polls beginning October 20, 2018.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 7. This Court has jurisdiction to issue writs of mandamus. Nev. Const. Art. VI, § 6; NRS 34.160.
- 8. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to NRS 239.011(1), as the court of Clark County where all relevant public records sought are held.
- 9. Venue is proper in the Eighth Judicial District Court pursuant to NRS 239.011(1), as Metro and all relevant actions that are the subject of this action are in Clark County, Nevada.

STANDING

10. Petitioners have standing to pursue this expedited action pursuant to NRS 239.010 because the public records they have requested from Metro have been unjustifiably withheld.

FACTS

- 11. On December 5, 2017, Petitioner RAGA, through its agent, sent Metro a request pursuant to the NPRA seeking "all body camera footage and or audio from body camera footage" relating to police interactions with Senator Aaron Ford between October 1, 2017 to December 5, 2017 ("First Request"). *See* Exhibit 1-A to the Declaration of Colleen E. McCarty, attached hereto as Exhibit 1.
- 12. On December 14, 2017, after the statutory deadline for Metro's response had elapsed, Metro indicated via email that it could not process the request without additional information, i.e. Metro event number, date and time of event, or officer's badge number. *See* Exhibit 1-B.

13. Thereafter, on January 25, 2018, RAGA, through its agent, sent Metro a more detailed request ("Second Request") pursuant to the NPRA seeking the following public records:

[A]ll body cam footage and or audio from body camera footage (if visual images do not exist), the police or investigative report or summary, witness and or victim statements, all computer aided dispatch (CAD) between all LVMPD personnel at the scene and with dispatch, or any other statements by officers or witnesses relating to an incident with LVMPD Officer Zarkowski concerning minor child . . . and/or . . . Aaron D. Ford (State Senator) at approximately 3:00PM on November 13, 2017 at 7008 Connor Cove Street, Las Vegas, NV 89118.

See Exhibit 1-C.

- 14. Also on January 25, 2018, Metro confirmed receipt of the Second Request. See Exhibit 1-D.
- 15. On February 5, 2018, after the statutory deadline for Metro's response had elapsed and no response had been received from Metro regarding the Second Request, RAGA, through its agent, emailed Metro seeking an update of its status. *See id*.
- 16. Metro responded to RAGA on February 6, 2018. It refused to provide any records, claiming that because the requested body camera recordings were part of an "active criminal investigation" they were "considered evidence according to the Nevada Public Records Act." See Exhibit 1-E.
- 17. In its response to RAGA's request, Metro did not cite to any specific provision of the NPRA to justify its refusal. *See id.*
- 18. The same day, RAGA indicated its intent to obtain the records upon the completion of the criminal investigation. *See id.* To facilitate its standing request, RAGA inquired as to whether Metro would advise it of the completion of the investigation, or whether RAGA instead should resubmit its public records request at regular intervals. *See* Exhibit 1-E.

- 19. Metro responded that it was unable to provide RAGA with notice of the closure of the investigation and invited RAGA to resubmit its request. *See id*.
- 20. On March 19, 2018, RAGA sent Metro a third request pursuant to the NPRA ("Third Request"). See Exhibit 1-F.
- 21. The Third Request sought the identical information previously requested in the Second Request. *See id.*
- 22. On March 20, 2018, Metro confirmed receipt of the Third Request. *See* Exhibit 1-G.
- 23. On May 2, 2018, more than one and a half months after the statutory deadline for Metro's response had elapsed and no response had been received from Metro, RAGA requested a status update regarding the Third Request from Metro. *See id.*
- 24. Metro responded to RAGA on May 15, 2018. See Exhibit 1-H. This time, Metro refused to provide any of the records sought in the Third Request (which were identical to those sought in the Second Request) because the "investigation involved juvenile suspects" and "juveniles arrested" and were, therefore, confidential. See id. Metro cited NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030 as authority for its refusal. See id.
- 25. Metro provided no explanation for its conflicting responses to the Second and Third Requests and its refusal to provide the requested records. *See id.* Further, it failed to indicate whether it completed the investigation of the incident at issue. *See id.*
- 26. On May 17, 2018, RAGA sent Metro a Fourth Request¹ pursuant to the NPRA ("Fourth Request") in response to Metro's denial of its Second and Third Requests. *See*Exhibit 1-1. The Fourth Request narrowed the records requested in the Second and Third

¹ The Fourth Request, dated May 17, 2018, was incorrectly entitled "Third Request for Public Records."

Requests to those "relating to or depicting Aaron D. Ford's (State Senator) interactions with LVMPD Officer Zarkowski or other LVMPD personnel..." *See id.*

- 27. The Fourth Request specifically excluded "any information that may be confidential pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030" and reminded Metro of its duty pursuant to NRS 239.010(3) to redact, delete, conceal or separate purportedly confidential information to provide responsive records that are otherwise not confidential. *See id.*
- 28. The Fourth Request further challenged Metro's overly-broad interpretation of NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030 and its unreasonable delay (57 days at that time) in providing a response to the Third Request. *See id*.
- 29. On June 15, 2018, after the statutory deadline for Metro's response had elapsed, Metro denied the Fourth Request on the basis that it disagreed with RAGA's "broad interpretation of NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030." *See* Exhibit 1-J. Metro further advised that RAGA should direct its Fourth Request for Metro records to the juvenile courts. *See id.*
- 30. To date, Metro has provided no responsive documents to any of the requests made by RAGA between December, 2017 and May, 2018.

LEGAL AUTHORITY

Legal Authority for Petitioner's Request

31. The NPRA states that records of governmental entities belong to the public in Nevada. NRS 239.010(1) mandates that, unless a record is confidential, "all public books and public records of a governmental entity must be open at all times during office hours to inspection by any person, and may be fully copied[.]" The NPRA states specific legislative findings and declarations that "[its] purpose . . . is to foster democratic principles by providing members of the public with access to inspect and copy public books and records to the extent

permitted by law" and that its provisions "must be construed liberally to carry out this important 1 2 purpose[.]" NRS 239.001(1) and (2). 3 The Records Requested by Petitioner Are Public Records 4 32. Under Nevada law, all video and audio recordings made by police-worn body 5 cameras are public records subject to inspection. See NRS 289.830(2) (emphasis 6 added): 7 Any record made by a portable event recording device² pursuant to 8 this section is a public record which may be: 9 (a) Requested only on a per incident basis; and (b) Available for inspection only at the location where the record is 10 held if the record contains confidential information that may not otherwise be redacted. 11 See also Metro Form LVMPD 556 (entitled "Body-Worn Camera Video Public Records 12 13 Request, Pursuant to NRS 239"), https://www.lvmpd.com/en-us/Documents/ 14 LVMPD556 BWC 10-15v2 07-2017.pdf. 15 33. Similarly, police and arrest reports are public records. And, Metro has not 16 established otherwise. 17 34. Chapter 179A of the Nevada Revised Statutes governs dissemination of "records 18 of criminal history." Pursuant to NRS 179.070(1), arrest reports fall within the definition of a 19 "record of criminal history:" 20 21 [I]nformation contained in records collected and maintained by agencies of criminal justice, the subject of which is a natural person, consisting of 22 descriptions which identify the subject and notations of summons in a **criminal action**, warrants, **arrests** . . . detentions, decisions of a district attorney 23 or the Attorney General not to prosecute the subject, indictments, informations or other formal criminal charges and dispositions of charges, including, without 24 limitation, dismissals, acquittals, convictions, sentences, information . . . 25 concerning the status of an offender on parole or probation, and information concerning a convicted person who has registered as such pursuant to chapter 26 179C of NRS. The term includes only information contained in a record, 27

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² "'Portable event recording device' means a device issued to a peace officer by a law enforcement agency to be worn on his or her body and which records both audio and visual events occurring during an encounter with a member of the public while performing his or her duties as a peace officer." NRS 289.830(3)(b).

maintained in written or electronic form, of a formal transaction between a person and an agency of criminal justice in this State, including, without limitation, the fingerprints and other biometric identifiers of a person who is arrested and taken into custody and of a person who is placed on parole or probation and supervised by the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department.

NRS 179.070(1) (Emphasis added).

- 35. Metro falls within the definition of an "agency of criminal justice" set forth in Chapter 179A, which includes "[a]ny governmental agency or subunit of any governmental agency which performs a function in the administration of criminal justice pursuant to a statute or executive order, and which allocates a substantial part of its budget to a function in the administration of criminal justice." NRS 179A.030(2).
- 36. NRS 179A.100(1)(b) explicitly permits the dissemination of records of criminal history for open matters to any person. It provides that "records of criminal history may be disseminated by an agency of criminal justice without any restriction pursuant to this chapter:

 (a) Any which reflect records of conviction only; and (b) Any which pertain to an incident for which a person is currently within the system of criminal justice, including parole or probation."

 This makes clear that arrest reports may be disseminated without restriction, to any person, if the person who is the subject of the record is currently within the system of criminal justice.
- 37. Likewise, all recordings of phone calls and computer aided dispatch logs received by Metro through its 911 call center are "public records" as defined by the NPRA. *See* NRS 239.010(1). *See also* Sparks, Nev. City Atty. Opinion Mem., *Status of Records of 911 Calls to Dispatch and Dispatch Logs as "Public Records"* (Apr. 2, 2008) (concluding that "unless an exception . . . exists, a copy of a 911 dispatch call must be made available to a person making a proper (i.e., written) request."), http://cityofsparks.us/wpcontent/uploads/2016/12/atty-opinion-2008-7.pdf.

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within five (5) business days of receiving a request if it is denying the request on the basis that the documents sought are confidential:

"Filf the governmental entity must deny the person's request

"[i]f the governmental entity must deny the person's request because the public book or record, or a part thereof, is confidential, [the governmental entity will] provide to the person, in writing: (1) Notice of that fact; and (2) A citation to the specific statute or other legal authority that makes the public book or record, or a part thereof, confidential."

The NPRA provides that a governmental entity must provide specific notice

NRS 239.0107(1)(d).

38.

- 39. In accordance with the presumption of openness and "emphasis on disclosure," both the NPRA and the Nevada Supreme Court place a high burden on a governmental entity to justify nondisclosure. First, the law requires that, if a governmental entity seeks to withhold or redact a public record in its control, it must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the record or portion thereof is confidential. See NRS 239.0113; see also Reno Newspapers, 127 Nev. at 882, 266 P.3d at 629; accord Nev. Policy Research Inst., Inc. v. Clark Cty. Sch. Dist., No. 64040, 2015 WL 3489473, at *2 (Nev. May 29, 2015) (unpublished). Moreover, as a general matter, "[i]t is well settled that privileges, whether creatures of statute or the common law, should be interpreted and applied narrowly." DR Partners, 116 Nev. at 621, 6 P.3d at 468 (citing Ashokan v. State Dep't of Ins., 109 Nev. 662, 668, 856 P.2d 244, 247 (1993)). Especially in the public records context, any restriction on disclosure "must be construed narrowly." NRS 239.001(2) and (3).
- 40. Second, unless the privilege is absolute, the governmental entity bears the burden of establishing that the interest in withholding documents outweighs the interest in disclosure pursuant to the balancing test first articulated in *Donrey of Nevada v. Bradshaw*, 106 Nev. 630, 798 P.2d 144 (1990). *See DR Partners*, 116 Nev. at 621, 6 P.3d at 468 ("Unless a statute

privilege based upon confidentiality can only be satisfied pursuant to a balancing of interests[.]"); see also Reno Newspapers, 127 Nev. at 879, 266 P.3d at 627 ("when the requested record is not explicitly made confidential by a statute, the balancing test set forth in Bradshaw [Donrey] must be employed" and "any limitation on the general disclosure requirements of [NRS] § 239.010 must be based upon a balancing or 'weighing' of the interests of non-disclosure against the general policy in favor of open government" (citation omitted)).

- 41. Further, in applying the *Donrey* balancing test, the burden remains squarely on the agency: "In balancing the interests . . . , the scales must reflect the fundamental right of a citizen to have access to the public records as contrasted with the incidental right of the agency to be free from unreasonable interference The citizen's predominant interest may be expressed in terms of the burden of proof which is applicable in this class of cases; the burden is cast upon the agency to explain why the records should not be furnished." *DR Partners*, 116 Nev. at 621, 6 P.3d at 468 (quoting *MacEwan v. Holm*, 226 Or. 27, 359 P.2d 413, 421-22 (1961) and citing *Bradshaw*, 106 Nev. at 635-36, 798 P.2d at 147-48).
- 42. Here, Metro has not and cannot meet its heavy burden in establishing that the public records sought are subject to any claim of confidentiality, let alone that the interests in non-disclosure outweigh the public interest in access.

Metro Must Produce the Requested Records

43. In its First Request, RAGA requested body camera footage and/or audio from body camera footage, police or investigative reports or summaries, witness and/or victim statements, computer aided dispatch records, and any other statements by officers or witnesses concerning the incident at issue involving Senator Ford.

- 44. In its untimely response of February 6, 2018 to the Second Request, Metro refused to provide the body camera video on the basis that it was part of an "active criminal investigation" and "considered evidence" under the NPRA.
- 45. Metro did not address the remainder of RAGA's Second Request, nor did it provide any of the requested reports or records.
- 46. As Metro wholly failed to timely cite any specific statutory or legal basis to justify withholding the remaining requested records, it has waived its ability to now assert claims of confidentiality and the requested records must be immediately produced. *See* NRS 239.0107.
- 47. RAGA also requested body camera footage and/or audio from body camera footage regarding the law enforcement contact involving Senator Ford and a juvenile (Second through Fourth Requests). To protect the privacy of any juvenile involved, RAGA narrowly tailored its request to include only that information which relates to and/or depicts Senator Ford.
- 48. Under Nevada law, all video and audio recordings made by police-worn body cameras are public records subject to inspection. *See* NRS 289.830(2).
- 49. Metro refused to provide the requested records on the purported basis that they are confidential pursuant to NRS 62H.025, the statute which governs the disclosure of records of a **juvenile justice agency**. (Emphasis added). Specifically, NRS 62H.025 permits juvenile justice agencies to release juvenile justice information to stakeholders within the juvenile justice system under certain circumstances. "Juvenile justice agency" is defined as the "Youth Parole Bureau or a director of juvenile services." *See* NRS 62H.025(6)(a). NRS 62H.025 in no way precludes or even contemplates the disclosure of records created and held by Metro, and does not render Metro's body camera video and audio confidential.
- 50. Likewise, Metro unlawfully refused to provide the requested records on the purported basis that they are confidential pursuant to NRS 62H.030, which governs the Page 11 of 13

1	5. Any further relief the Court deems appropriate.
2	Dated this 6th of September, 2018.
3	CLARK HILL PLLC
4	
5	By: Allen E. / helen
6	DEANNA L. FORBUSH
7	Nevada Bar No. 6646 COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ.
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EXHIBIT 1

EXHIBIT 1

DECLARATION OF COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF PUBLIC RECORDS ACT APPLICATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239.001/ PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

- I, Colleen E. McCarty, depose and declare as follows:
- 1. I am an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada and am an associate in the law firm of Clark Hill PLLC, attorneys for Petitioner Republican Attorneys General Association ("RAGA" or "Petitioner").
- 2. I am competent to testify to the matters asserted herein, of which I have personal knowledge, except as to those matters stated upon information and belief. As to those matters stated upon information and belief, I believe them to be true.
- I make this Declaration in Support of Public Records Act Application Pursuant to NRS 239.001/Petition for Writ of Mandamus.
- 4. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 1-A** is a true and correct copy¹ of a public records request made by RAGA, through its agent, to the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department ("Respondent" or "Metro"), dated December 5, 2017 ("First Request").
- 5. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 1-B** is a true and correct copy of Metro's response confirming receipt of the First Request and seeking additional information, dated December 14, 2017.
- 6. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 1-C** is a true and correct copy of a public records request made by RAGA, through its agent, to Metro, dated January 25, 2018 ("Second Request").
- 7. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 1-D** is a true and correct copy of a string of emails containing the following communications: (i) Metro's response confirming receipt of the Second

Request, dated January 25, 2018; and (ii) RAGA'S request, through its agent, for an update on the status of the Second Request, dated February 5, 2018.

- 9. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 1-E** is a true and correct copy of a string of emails containing the following communications: (i) Metro's response to RAGA denying the Second Request, dated February 6, 2018; (ii) RAGA's response, through its agent, to Metro indicating its desire to make the Second Request a standing request and seeking guidance from Metro, dated February 6, 2018; and (iii) Metro's response to RAGA indicating it is unable to provide it with notice of the closure of the investigation and inviting RAGA to resubmit its request, dated February 6, 2018.
- 12. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 1-F** is a true and correct copy of a public records request made by RAGA, through its agent, to Metro, dated March 19, 2018 ("Third Request").
- 13. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 1-G** is a true and correct copy of a string of emails containing the following communications: (i) Metro's response confirming receipt of the Third Request, dated March 20, 2018; and (ii) RAGA's request, through its agent, to Metro seeking an update on the status of the Third Request, dated May 2, 2018.
- 15. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 1-H** is a true and correct copy of Metro's response to RAGA denying the Third Request, dated May 15, 2018.
- 16. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 1-I** is a true and correct copy of a public records request made by RAGA, through its agent, to Metro, dated May 17, 2018 ("Fourth Request").
 - 17. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 1-J** is a true and correct copy of Metro's response to

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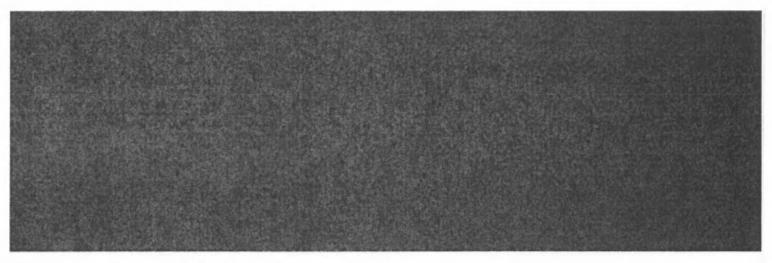
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¹ To protect the privacy of the juveniles involved, RAGA has redacted their identifying information.

RAGA denying the Fourth Request, dated June 15, 2018.
Executed this day of September, 2018.
Allen E. Mela
COLLEEN E. MCCARTY
NRS 53.045 Use of unsworn declaration in lieu of affidavit or other sworn declaration. Any matter whos existence or truth may be established by an affidavit or other sworn declaration may be established with the sam effect by an unsworn declaration of its existence or truth signed by the declarant under penalty of perjury.

EXHIBIT 1-A

EXHIBIT 1-A



From: Jeremy hughes <JHughes@novemberinc.com>

Date: Tuesday, December 5, 2017 at 2:49 PM

To: "BWCRECORDSREQUEST@LVMPD.COM" <BWCRECORDSREQUEST@LVMPD.COM>

Subject: Body-Worn Camera Video Public Records Request

Thank you, Jeremy

LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT

BODY-WORN CAMERA VIDEO

PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST

Pursuant to NRS 239

This form is <u>ONLY</u> to be used to request body-worn camera video that is in the legal custody or control of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department.

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IN WRITING:	1 FAX 1 2 MAIL BWC LAS V BUILE 400 S	ACK INK ONLY, YOU MAY: FO (702) 828-2688 OR TO: DISSEMINATION MANAGER /EGAS METROPOLITAN POLITION GCT, 4th FLGOR S. MARTIN LUTHER KING BLY /EGAS, NEVADA 89106	ICE DEPARTMEN	ИТ			
VIA EMAL		ING THE INTERACTIVE FORM REQUEST@LVMPD.COM WIT				ID ADDRESS A	N EMAIL TO
In PERSON:	RECEPTION DES	LUTHER KING BLVD.	HEADQUARTERS				
BY PHONE:	(702) 828-8947				D BY VERIFICATION OF SUB HOWN ABOVE BEFORE PRO		MATION
REQUESTOR	INFORMATION (Info	rmation with an asterisk (*) is required.)				
Your Name:*	Mr. Mrs.	Ms. Other		Your Phone	Number;*	Your Fax I	Number:
	Jeremy	/ Hughes		702	2-304-1414		
Email Address		vemberinc.com		Business N	ame:		
Your Mailing A	ddress:* (Nun	ber and Street)		<u></u>	City*	State:*	Zip Code:*
	PC	Box 371553			Las Vegas	NV	89137
assist staff in	eo you are requesting locating the video.	g. Please be as specific as Define the content and na or clarification or additiona	arrow the scor	event numb oe as much	er, date, time, location, o as possible since video	officer's name os can be le	or badge number, etc.) to ngthy. The Dissemination
LVMPD co	ncerning mind	a footage and or a or child 017 to December	and/or	n body c			
LVMPD Heado	uarters for verification	information above is true n prior to a copy being ma- ent upon full payment. By f	de (if a copy is	desired). La	ilso understand that ther	e is a fee for	must inspect the video at redacting and copying the

Date:

12/05/2017

Jeremy Hughes

Requester Signature Required.
(If submitting this form via email, the Requester's typed name on the line
above will serve as a valid signature.)

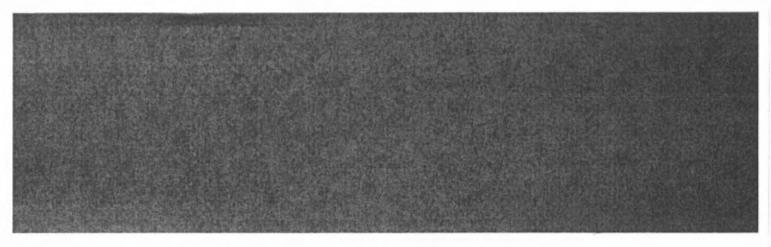
LVMPD STAFF USE ONLY

Assigned To		Receipt of Request	(Date)	Acknowledgement or Follow-up Contact (Date)
Inspection Appointment (Date	3;		Cost Estimate (/	Amount)
Request Status (Check one)	Authorization to Request Withdo Record Confide	rawn	Customer Signa	iture
Payment Received (Amount)			Receipt Number	
DESCRIPTION OF RE	LEASED VIDEO			
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Date Request Closed:			Ву:	
Reviewed By:	Nama a	nd D#		

to Miller and to train 100 Page 2

EXHIBIT 1-B

EXHIBIT 1-B



From: BWC Records Request < BWCRecords Request @LVMPD.COM >

Date: Thursday, December 14, 2017 at 1:09 PM
To: Jeremy hughes < JHughes@novemberinc.com>

Subject: NPRA #354

Greetings,

Regarding your request for body worn camera video additional information is needed in order to research your request. Please provide additional information, (LVMPD event number or officer's badge number, date and time of the occurrence).

Thank you,

Body Camera Detail Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Dept. Mon-Fri. 0600-1600 Office: (702)828-1905 Email: <u>BodyCamera@LVMPD.COM</u>

Fax: (702)828-2688

Sec.

EXHIBIT 1-C

EXHIBIT 1-C

From:

Kristopher Anderson < kris@prospectstrategic.com>

Sent:

Thursday, January 25, 2018 7:46 AM

To:

bwcrecordsrequest@lvmpd.com

Subject:

NV Public Records Request — BWC Footage/Audio

Attachments:

LVMPD BWC Records Request Form.pdf

Dear Public Records Officer-

Please see attached for a NV Public Records Act request for body-worn camera video footage/audio. Please do not hesitate to contact me via email (kris@prospectstrategic.com) with any questions or requests for further info.

When possible, please transmit any responsive documents to me in electronic form via e-mail.

Thank you for your assistance!

-Kris

Kristopher Anderson 3033 Wilson Blvd., Ste. E-116 Arlington, VA 22201 kris@prospectstrategic.com

LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT **BODY-WORN CAMERA VIDEO** PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST Pursuant to NRS 239

This form is ONLY to be used to request body-worn camera video that is in the legal custody or control of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department.

INSTRUCTIONS:

REQUESTS CAN BE MADE IN WRITING, IN PERSON, VIA EMAIL, OR TELEPHONICALLY, ALL INFORMATION REQUESTED ON THIS FORM MUST BE PROVIDED REGARDLESS OF THE METHOD OF REQUEST. INCOMPLETE REQUESTS WILL NOT BE HONORED. ALL FORMS MUST BE SIGNED ** BEFORE THE REQUEST WILL BE PROCESSED. ONLY VIDEOS THAT ARE CLEARLY DEFINED AS PUBLIC RECORDS WILL BE RELEASED. YOU WILL BE CONTACTED WITHIN FIVE (5) BUSINESS DAYS TO ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF YOUR REQUEST AND TO ARRANGE AN INSPECTION APPOINTMENT, YOU WILL BE CONTACTED IN WRITING IF THE REQUESTED VIDEO CANNOT BE LOCATED, NO LONGER EXISTS, OR IS NOT A PUBLIC RECORD.

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TYPE OR USE BLACK INK ONLY, YOU MAY:

- FAX TO (702) 828-2688 QB
- MAIL TO:

BWC DISSEMINATION MANAGER

LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT

BUILDING "C", 4th FLOOR

400 S. MARTIN LUTHER KING BLVD.

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89106

VIA EMAIL:

AFTER COMPLETING THE INTERACTIVE FORM ON YOUR COMPUTER, SAVE IT FOR YOUR RECORDS AND ADDRESS AN EMAIL TO

BWCRECORDSREQUESTICL VMPD. COM WITH YOUR COMPLETED FORM AS AN ATTACHMENT.

IN PERSON:

BRING THE COMPLETED FORM TO LVMPD HEADQUARTERS

RECEPTION DESK, BUILDING C 400 S. MARTIN LUTHER KING BLVD. LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89106

BY PHONE:

(702) 828-8947

NOTE: TELEPHONIC REQUESTS MUST BE FOLLOWED BY VERIFICATION OF SUBMITTED INFORMATION

AND A SIGNATURE, IN PERSON, AT THE ADDRESS SHOWN ABOVE BEFORE PROCESSING.

REQUESTOR INFORMATION (Information with an asterisk (*) is required.)

Your Name:* OMr. OMrs. OMs. Other	Your Phone	: Number:*	Your Fax N	umber:
Kristopher Anderson	206.	999.7227		
Email Address:	Business N	ame:		
kris@prospectstrategic.com	Prosp	ect Strategio	Com	munications
Your Mailing Address:" (Number and Street)		City*	State:*	Zip Code:*
3033 Wilson Blvd., Ste. E-116	6	Arlington	VA	22201
	Kristopher Anderson Email Address: kris@prospectstrategic.com Your Mailing Address:* (Number and Street)	Kristopher Anderson 206. Email Address: Business N kris@prospectstrategic.com Prosp	Kristopher Anderson 206.999.7227 Email Address: kris@prospectstrategic.com Prospect Strategic Your Mailing Address:* (Number and Street) City*	Kristopher Anderson 206.999.7227 Email Address: kris@prospectstrategic.com Your Mailing Address:* (Number and Street) City* State:*

BWC VIDEO REQUESTED

Identify the video you are requesting. Please be as specific as possible (i.e., event number, date, time, location, officer's name or badge number, etc.) to assist staff in locating the video. Define the content and narrow the scope as much as possible since videos can be lengthy. The Dissemination Manager may have to contact you for clarification or additional information.

Pursuant to Nevada Public Records Act § 239.001, we request all body camera footage and or audio from body camera footage (if visual images do not exist), the police or investigative report or summary, witness and or victim statements, all computer aided dispatch (CAD) between all LVMPD personnel at the scene and with dispatch, or any other statements by officers or witnesses relating to an incident with LVMPD Officer Zarkowski concerning minor child and/or Aaron D. Ford (State Senator) at approximately 3:00PM on November 13, 2017 at 7008 Connor Cove Street, Las Vegas, NV 89118. We request a copy of the records in electronic form to be physically mailed and/or emailed.

I, the requestor, understand there may be a fee which will be paid in full before receiving the copy; I also understand that I will receive from a records official a written estimate to reproduce the public record if the estimated actual cost of reproducing the record is more than \$25.

Sincerely. Kristopher Anderson

By signing below, I certify that the information above is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. I understand that I must inspect the video at LVMPD Headquarters for verification prior to a copy being made (if a copy is desired). I also understand that there is a fee for redacting and copying the video and that its release is contingent upon full payment. By Nevada law, some videos may not be a public record.

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01/25/2018

Requester Signature Required. (If submitting this form via email, the Requester's typed name on the line above will serve as a valid signature.)

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NOTES				
Date Request Closed:			By:	

LVMPD STAFF USE ONLY

LVMPD 656 (Rev. 10/15) PDF -- Page 2

Name and P#

Reviewed By:

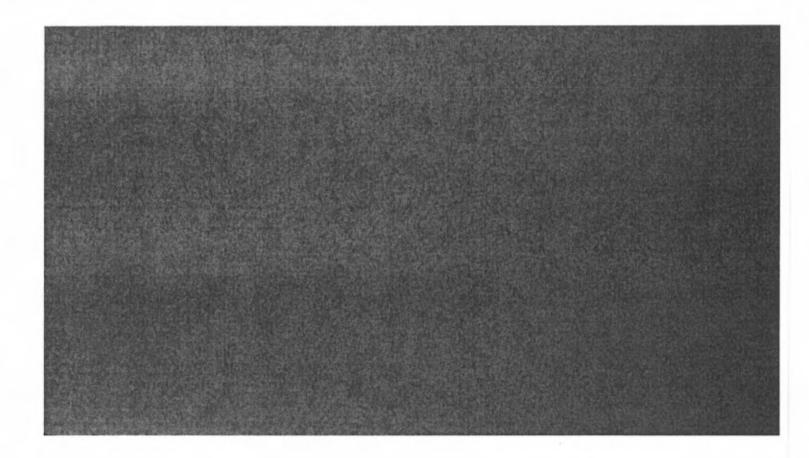
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(Please keep with page 1 when mailing or delivering your paperwork)

Name and P#

EXHIBIT 1-D

EXHIBIT 1-D



From: Kristopher Anderson [mailto:kris@prospectstrategic.com]

Sent: Monday, February 5, 2018 12:40 PM

To: BWC Records Request < <u>BWCRecordsRequest@LVMPD.COM</u>> **Subject:** RE: NV Public Records Request -- BWC Footage/Audio

Hello,

Thank you again for considering my NV Public Records Act request. Do you have any updates on the status of this records request?

-Kris

From: BWC Records Request [mailto:BWCRecordsRequest@LVMPD.COM]

Sent: Thursday, January 25, 2018 8:50 AM

To: Kristopher Anderson < kris@prospectstrategic.com >

Cc: BWC Records Request < BWCRecordsRequest@LVMPD.COM > **Subject:** RE: NV Public Records Request — BWC Footage/Audio

Greetings,

With this email the Las Vegas Metropolitan Dept. Body Camera Detail hereby acknowledge receipt of your request for body camera video submitted on (1/25/18).

In an effort to consider your request, research will be performed to determine dissemination eligibility. You will be notified regarding your request.

Thank you,

V/r, Body Camera Detail Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Dept. Mon-Fri. 0600-1600

Email: BWCRecordsRequest@LVMPD.COM

Office: (702)828-1905 Fax: (702)828-2688



From: Kristopher Anderson [mailto:kris@prospectstrategic.com]

Sent: Thursday, January 25, 2018 7:46 AM

To: BWC Records Request < BWCRecordsRequest@LVMPD.COM > Subject: NV Public Records Request — BWC Footage/Audio

Dear Public Records Officer-

Please see attached for a NV Public Records Act request for body-worn camera video footage/audio. Please do not hesitate to contact me via email (kris@prospectstrategic.com) with any questions or requests for further info.

When possible, please transmit any responsive documents to me in electronic form via e-mail.

Thank you for your assistance!

-Kris

Kristopher Anderson 3033 Wilson Blvd., Ste. E-116 Arlington, VA 22201 kris@prospectstrategic.com

EXHIBIT 1-E

EXHIBIT 1-E

From:

Kristopher Anderson < kris@prospectstrategic.com>

Sent:

Tuesday, February 06, 2018 12:39 PM

To:

BWC Records Request

Subject:

RE: NPRA # 390

Great, will do. Thank you again.

From: BWC Records Request [mailto:BWCRecordsRequest@LVMPD.COM]

Sent: Tuesday, February 6, 2018 12:38 PM

To: Kristopher Anderson < kris@prospectstrategic.com>

Cc: BWC Records Request <BWCRecordsRequest@LVMPD.COM>

Subject: RE: NPRA # 390

We are unable to notify you when the case is closed but you are more than welcome to resubmit your request.

Thank you.

Body Camera Delail PMVB / Body Camera Detail

702-828-1905

From: Kristopher Anderson [mailto:kris@prospectstrategic.com]

Sent: Tuesday, February 6, 2018 7:54 AM

To: BWC Records Request <BWCRecordsRequest@LVMPD.COM>

Subject: RE: NPRA # 390

Hello,

Thank you for your reply to my BWC Records Request. Fully understand that the footage will not be available until after the criminal investigation is complete.

I still would like this footage, so I will be requesting again after the investigation is finished. Can you provide notification when the footage is available for request, or would you prefer I just re-submit the request every few weeks?

Thank you again for your help!

-Kris

From: BWC Records Request [mailto:BWCRecordsRequest@LVMPD.COM]

Sent: Tuesday, February 6, 2018 7:28 AM

To: Kristopher Anderson < kris@prospectstrategic.com >

Cc: BWC Records Request < BWCRecords Request @LVMPD.COM>

Subject: NPRA # 390

Greetings,

Your request for body camera video is denied.

Research shows there is an active criminal investigation occurring for the requested event number. As a result the body camera video recording(s) is considered evidence according to the Nevada Public Records Act.

If the videos are wanted for court proceedings, the request should be made through the discovery process with the respective court system. If not, eligibility for release of body camera video(s) can be reevaluated, once any court cases have been adjudicated, upon your request.

If you have questions about the Nevada Public Record laws or why the request was denied, you may contact us at the Body Camera Detail using the contact information listed below.

Body Camera Detail Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Dept. Mon-Fri. 0600-1600 Office: (702)828-1905

Email: <u>BodyCamera@LVMPD.COM</u> Fax: (702)828-2688



From: Kristopher Anderson [mailto:kris@prospectstrategic.com]

Sent: Monday, February 5, 2018 12:40 PM

To: BWC Records Request < <u>BWCRecordsRequest@LVMPD.COM</u>> **Subject:** RE: NV Public Records Request -- BWC Footage/Audio

Hello,

Thank you again for considering my NV Public Records Act request. Do you have records request?

-Kris

From: BWC Records Request [mailto:BWCRecordsRequest@LVMPD.COM]

Sent: Thursday, January 25, 2018 8:50 AM

To: Kristopher Anderson < kris@prospectstrategic.com >

Cc: BWC Records Request < BWCRecords Request@LVMPD.COM > Subject: RE: NV Public Records Request -- BWC Footage/Audio

Greetings,

With this email the Las Vegas Metropolitan Dept. Body Camera Detail hereby acknowledge receipt of your request for body camera video submitted on (1/25/18).

EXHIBIT 1-F

EXHIBIT 1-F

From:

Kristopher Anderson < kris@prospectstrategic.com>

Sent:

Monday, March 19, 2018 4:57 PM

To:

BWC Records Request

Subject:

Attachments:

NV Public Records Request — BWC Footage/Audio

LVMPD BWC Records Request Form - 03192018.pdf

Dear Public Records Officer-

Please see attached for a NV Public Records Act request for body-worn camera video footage/audio. Please do not hesitate to contact me via email (kris@prospectstrategic.com) with any questions or requests for further info.

When possible, please transmit any responsive documents to me in electronic form via e-mail.

Thank you for your assistance!

-Kris

Kristopher Anderson 3033 Wilson Blvd., Ste. E-116 Arlington, VA 22201 kris@prospectstrategic.com

LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT BODY-WORN CAMERA VIDEO PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST

Pursuant to NRS 239

This form is <u>ONLY</u> to be used to request body-worn camera video that is in the legal custody or control of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department.

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REQUESTS CAN BE MADE IN WRITING, IN PERSON, VIA EMAIL, OR TELEPHONICALLY. ALL INFORMATION REQUESTED ON THIS FORM MUST BE PROVIDED REGARCLESS OF THE METHOD OF REQUEST. INCOMPLETE REQUESTS WILL NOT BE HONORED. ALL FORMS MUST BE SIGNED¹¹ BEFORE THE REQUEST WILL BE PROCESSED. ONLY WIDEOS THAT ARE CLEARLY DEFINED AS PUBLIC RECORDS WILL BE RELEASED. YOU WILL BE CONTACTED WITHIN FIVE (5) BUSINESS DAYS TO ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF YOUR REDUEST AND TO ARRANGE AN INSPECTION APPOINTMENT. YOU WILL BE CONTACTED IN WRITING IF THE REQUESTED VIDEO CANNOT BE LOCATED, NO LONGER EXISTS, OR IS NOT A PUBLIC RECORD.

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TYPE OR USE BLACK INK ONLY, YOU MAY:

- 1. FAX TO (702) 828-2688 OR
- 2. MAIL TO

BWC DISSEMINATION MANAGER

LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT

BUILDING "C". 4th FLOOR

400 S. MARTIN LUTHER KING BLVD

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89106

VIA EMAIL:

AFTER COMPLETING THE INTERACTIVE FORM ON YOUR COMPUTER, SAVE IT FOR YOUR RECORDS AND ADDRESS AN EMAIL TO

BWCRECORDSREQUESTIBLIVMPD.COM WITH YOUR COMPLETED FORM AS AN ATTACHMENT.

IN PERSON:

BRING THE COMPLETED FORM TO LVMPD HEADQUARTERS

RECEPTION DESK, BUILDING C 400 S. MARTIN LUTHER KING BLVD. LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89106

BY PHONE:

(702) 828-8947

NOTE: TELEPHONIC REQUESTS MUST BE FOLLOWED BY VERIFICATION OF SUBMITTED INFORMATION

AND A SIGNATURE, IN PERSON, AT THE ADDRESS SHOWN ABOVE BEFORE PROCESSING.

REQUESTOR INFORMATION (Information with an asterisk (*) is required.)

Your Name:* Mr. Mrs. Ms. Other		Your Phone Number:*		Your Fax Number:	
Kristopher Anderson	206.	999.7227			
Email Address:	Business Name:				
kris@prospectstrategic.com	Prosp	ect Strategio	c Com	munications	
Your Mailing Address:" (Number and Street)		City*	State:*	Zip Code:*	
3033 Wilson Blvd., Ste. E-116		Arlington	VA	22201	

BWC VIDEO REQUESTED

Identify the video you are requesting. Please be as specific as possible (i.e., event number, date, time, location, officer's name or badge number, etc.) to assist staff in locating the video. Define the content and narrow the scope as much as possible since videos can be lengthy. The Dissemination Manager may have to contact you for clarification or additional information.

Pursuant to Nevada Public Records Act § 239.001, we request all body camera footage and or audio from body camera footage (if visual images do not exist), the police or investigative report or summary, witness and or victim statements, all computer aided dispatch (CAD) between all LVMPD personnel at the scene and with dispatch, or any other statements by officers or witnesses relating to an incident with LVMPD Officer Zarkowski concerning minor child and/or and and/or all and/or account a copy of the records in electronic form to be physically mailed and/or emailed.

I, the requestor, understand there may be a fee which will be paid in full before receiving the copy; I also understand that I will receive from a records official a written estimate to reproduce the public record if the estimated actual cost of reproducing the record is more than \$25.

Sincerely, Kristopher Anderson

By signing below, I certify that the information above is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. I understand that I must inspect the video at LVMPD Headquarters for verification prior to a copy being made (if a copy is desired). I also understand that there is a fee for redacting and copying the video and that its release is contingent upon full payment. By Nevada law, some videos may not be a public record

Date:	3/19/2018

Requester Signature Required.
(If submitting this form via email, the Requester's typed name on the line above will serve as a valid signature.)

Assigned To		Receipt of Request (Date)		Date) Acknowledgement or Follow-up Contact (Date)	
nspection Appointment (Date		Cost Estimate (Amount)			
Request Status (Check one)		n to Proceed	Customer Signa	alure	
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LVMPD STAFF USE ONLY

LVMPD 556 (Rev. 10/15) PDF ~ P#04 2

Name and P#

Reviewed By:

(Please keep with page 1 when mailing or delivering your paperwork)

Name and P#

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EXHIBIT 1-G

EXHIBIT 1-G

From:

Kristopher Anderson < kris@prospectstrategic.com>

Sent:

Wednesday, May 02, 2018 8:39 AM

To:

BWC Records Request

Subject:

RE: NPRA# 443

Hello,

Just wanted to check on the status of my NPRA request. Thank you for your assistance!

-Kris

From: BWC Records Request < BWCRecords Request@LVMPD.COM>

Sent: Tuesday, March 20, 2018 9:41 AM

To: Kristopher Anderson < kris@prospectstrategic.com>

Subject: NPRA# 443

Greetings,

With this email the Las Vegas Metropolitan Dept. Body Camera Detail hereby acknowledge receipt of your request for body camera video submitted on

In an effort to consider your request, research will be performed to determine dissemination eligibility. You will be notified regarding your request.

Thank you,

Project Management and Video Bureau Body Camera Detail, Mon-Thurs 0600-1600

Desk: (702)828-7253

BWC Office: (702)828-1905

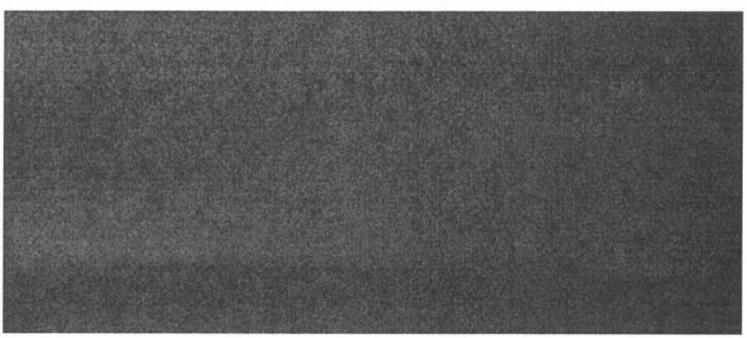
N.P.R.A. Dissemination: (702)828-8947

Fax: (702)828-2688



EXHIBIT 1-H

EXHIBIT 1-H



From: BWC Records Request < BWCRecords Request@LVMPD.COM>

Sent: Tuesday, May 15, 2018 9:19 AM

To: Kristopher Anderson < kris@prospectstrategic.com>

Subject: NPRA# 443

Mr. Kristopher Anderson,

Your request to view or obtain body camera video is denied.

Research shows the investigation involved juvenile suspects. Therefore, because it involves juveniles arrested our Office of General Counsel has determined that it is confidential pursuant to Nevada Revised statutes NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030.

If you have questions about the Nevada Public Record laws or why the request was denied, you may contact us at the Body Camera Detail at 702-828-1905.

Thank you,

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Dept. Body Camera Detail Office: (702)828-1905



EXHIBIT 1-I

EXHIBIT 1-I

May 17, 2018

THIRD REQUEST FOR PUBLIC RECORDS

On May 15, 2018, your office denied our Second Request for public records related to a specific law enforcement incident occurring on November 13, 2017, on the basis that "it involves juveniles arrested." It has been five months since our first request for this information, and we now submit our <u>Third</u> Request for these public records, clarified as follows:

Pursuant to Nevada Public Records Act § 239.001, we request all body camera footage and or audio from body camera footage (if visual images do not exist), the police or investigative report or summary, all computer aided dispatch (CAD) between all LVMPD personnel at the scene and with dispatch, or any other statements by officers or witnesses, relating to or depicting Aaron D. Ford's (State Senator) interactions with LVMPD Officer Zarkowski or other LVMPD personnel at approximately 3:00PM on November 13, 2017, at 7008 Connor Cove Street, Las Vegas, NV 89118. We request a copy of the records in electronic form to be physically mailed and/or emailed.

I, the requestor, understand there may be a fee which will be paid in full before receiving the copy; I also understand that I will receive from a records official a written estimate to reproduce the public record if the estimated actual cost of reproducing the record is more than \$25.

To clarify, this request excludes any information that may be confidential pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030. However, pursuant to NRS 239.010, your office has an obligation to "redact, delete, conceal or separate" any such confidential information and provide to the requestor the responsive records that are not otherwise confidential.

Additionally, your office's denial of our Second Request was based on an incorrect and overly-broad interpretation of NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030. Under these statutes "juvenile justice information is confidential and may only be released" under certain circumstances. But, "juvenile justice information" is a defined term, and does not encompass all situations "involving juveniles arrested," the explanation your office gave for its last denial. Instead, "juvenile justice information' means any information which is *directly* related to a child ... subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court." (emphasis added)

Information falling within the scope of our request, but that does not *directly* relate to a child, would include, among other things, Senator Aaron D. Ford's statements to officers and the body camera footage of those statements.

It should also be brought to your attention that denials based on NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030 must be made "not later than 5 business days after receipt of the request." Your denial was made 57 days after our last request and only after a follow-up email was submitted in regard to the March 19 request. Based on this unreasonable delay, and in the interest of obtaining the responsive, non-confidential records your office possesses, should you have any questions about the scope of our request, please contact me at (206) 999-7227 so that we prevent further unwarranted delays or denials.

Sincerely,

X.2

Kristopher Anderson 3033 Wilson Blvd., Ste. E-116

Arlington, VA 22201 206.999.7227

kris@prospectstrategic.com

LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT

BODY-WORN CAMERA VIDEO PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST

Pursuant to NRS 239

This form is ONLY to be used to request body-worn camera video that is in the legal custody or control of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department.

INST	RU	CT	ON	15

VIA EMAIL:

REQUESTS CAN BE MADE IN WRITING, IN PERSON, VIA EMAIL, OR TELEPHONICALLY. ALL INFORMATION REQUESTED ON THIS FORM MUST BE PROVIDED

REGARDLESS OF T	HE METHOD OF REQUEST, INCOMPLETE REQUESTS WILL NOT BE HONORED. ALL FORMS MUST BE SIGNED** BEFORE THE REQUEST WILL BE
PROCESSED. ONLY	<u>VIDEOS THAT ARE CLEARLY DEFINED AS PUBLIC RECORDS WILL BE RELEASED. YOU WILL BE CONTACTED WITHIN FIVE (5) BUSINESS DAYS TO </u>
ACKNOWLEDGE RE	CEIPT OF YOUR REQUEST AND TO ARRANGE AN INSPECTION APPOINTMENT, YOU WILL BE CONTACTED IN WRITING IF THE
REQUESTED VID	PEO CANNOT BE LOCATED, NO LONGER EXISTS, OR IS NOT A PUBLIC RECORD.
IN WRITING:	TYPE OR USE BLACK INK ONLY, YOU MAY
	1. FAX TO (702) 828-2688 OR
	2 MAIL TO:
	BWC DISSEMINATION MANAGER
	LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT
	BuilDing "C", 4th FLOOR
	400 S. MARTIN LUTHER KING BLVD.
	Las Vegas, Nevada 89106
	CAS AESAS LAEANDA DE LOS

AFTER COMPLETING THE INTERACTIVE FORM ON YOUR COMPUTER, SAVE IT FOR YOUR RECORDS AND ADDRESS AN EMAIL TO

BWCRECORDSREQUEST@LVMPD.COM WITH YOUR COMPLETED FORM AS AN ATTACHMENT. IN PERSON:

BRING THE COMPLETED FORM TO LVMPD HEADQUARTERS RECEPTION DESK, BUILDING C 400 S. MARTIN LUTHER KING BLVD. LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89106

NOTE: TELEPHONIC REQUESTS MUST BE FOLLOWED BY VERIFICATION OF SUBMITTED INFORMATION BY PHONE: (702) 828-8947 AND A SIGNATURE, IN PERSON, AT THE ADDRESS SHOWN ABOVE BEFORE PROCESSING.

RECITESTOR INFORMATION (Information with an asterisk (*) is required.)

REQUESTOR INFORMATION (Information with an asterisk () is required.)		
Your Name:* Mr. O Mrs. O Ms. Other	Your Phone Number:*	Your Fax Number:
Kristopher Anderson	206.999.7227	
Email Address:	Business Name:	
kris@prospectstrategic.com	Prospect Strategic	c Communications
Your Mailing Address:* (Number and Street)	City*	State:* Zip Code:*
3033 Wilson Blvd., Ste. E-	116 Arlington	VA 22201

BWC VIDEO REQUESTED

Identify the video you are requesting. Please be as specific as possible (i.e., event number, date, time, location, officer's name or badge number, etc.) to assist staff in locating the video. Define the content and narrow the scope as much as possible since videos can be lengthy. The Dissemination

See Attached Letter			

By signing below, I certify that the information above is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. I understand that I must inspect the video at LVMPD Headquarters for verification prior to a copy being made (if a copy is desired). I also understand that there is a fee for redacting and copying the video and that its release is contingent upon full payment. By Nevada law, some videos may not be a public record.

Date:	05/17/2018	x /2-2	
*		Requester Signature Required.	
		(If submitting this form via email, the Requester's typed name on the	line
		above will serve as a valid signature.)	

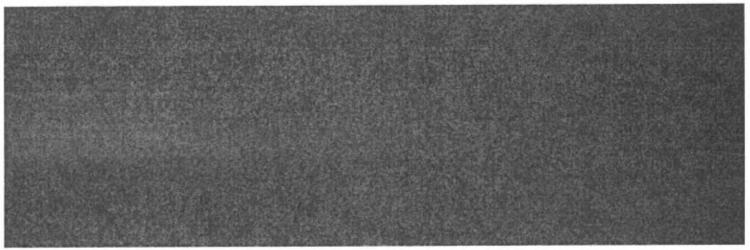
LVMPD STAFF USE ONLY

Assigned To	Rece	eipt of Request (Date)	Acknowledgement or Follow-up Contact (Date)
Inspection Appointment (Date	e:	Cost Estima	te (Amount)
Request Status (Check one)	Authorization to Proc Request Withdrawn Record Confidential		gnature
Payment Received (Amount)		Receipt Num	nber
DESCRIPTION OF REL	LEASED VIDEO	<u> </u>	
NOTES			
Date Request Closed:		Ву:	Name and P#
Reviewed By:	Name and P#		

a management

EXHIBIT 1-J

EXHIBIT 1-J



From: BWC Records Request < BWCRecordsRequest@LVMPD.COM>

Date: June 15, 2018 at 2:21:07 PM PDT

To: "Krista prospectstrategic.com" < Kris@prospectstrategic.com>

Subject: NPRA request # 443

Mr. Kristopher Anderson,

Your request to view or obtain body camera video is denied.

The Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department's Office of General Counsel reviewed your request dated May 17, 2018 and disagrees with your broad interpretation of NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030.

Any documents involving the arrests of juveniles is confidential pursuant to NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030. Therefore, you should direct your request to the juvenile courts.

Sincerely,

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Body Camera Detail Office: (702)828-1905



Electronically Filed 9/11/2018 11:33 AM Steven D. Grierson

GLERK OF THE COUR Attorney or Party without Attorney: Clark Hill, PLC Deanna L. Forbush (SBN 6646) 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500 Las Vegas, NV 89169 Telephone No: (702) 862-8300 Attorney For: Petitioner Ref. No. or File No.: 56943-338431 Insert name of Court, and Judicial District and Branch Court: District Court Clark County Nevada Plaintiff: REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL ASSOCIATION, Defendant: LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT, AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE Hearing Date: Time: Dept/Div: Case Number: A-18-780538-W 1. At the time of service I was at least 18 years of age and not a party to this action. 2. I served copies of the Summons; Public Records Act Application Pursuant to NRS 239.001/Petition for Writ of Mandamus a. Party served: Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department b. Person served: Teresa Walter, Risk Management, a person of suitable age and discretion authorized to accept at address shown in item 4. 4. Address where the party was served: c/o General Counsel 400 S. Martin Luther King Blvd., Building B Las Vegas, NV 89106 5. I served the party: a. by personal service. I personally delivered the documents listed in item 2 to the party or person authorized to receive process for the party (1) on: Fri, Sep 07 2018 (2) at: 11:22 AM Fee for Service: \$0.00 I Declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of NEVADA that the foregoing is true and correct. 6. Person Who Served Papers: a. Leidy Serna (R-029907, Clark) b. FIRST LEGAL NEVADA PI/PS LICEN5E 1452 2920 N. GREEN VALLEY PARKWAY, SUITE 514 HENDERSON, NV 89014 c. (702) 671-4002 (Signature) 7. STATE OF NEVADA, COUNTY OF Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before on this 2018 by Leidy Serna (R-029907, Clark) day of proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person who appeared before me. (Notary Signature) D.R.M. BELTRAN NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF NEVADA My Commission Expires: 09-19-20 Certificate No. 18-3583-1

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AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL ASSOCIATION, PLAINTIFF(S) VS. LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT, DEFENDANT(S) CASE NO.: A-18-780538-W

DEPARTMENT 4

NOTICE OF HEARING

TO: Deanna Forbush Colleen E. McCarty

Please be advised that the above-entitled matter has been scheduled for **Petition Hearing**, to be heard by the Honorable KERRY EARLEY, at the Regional Justice Center, 200 Lewis Ave, Las Vegas, Nevada 89155, on the 17th day of October, 2018, at the hour of 9:00 AM, in RJC Courtroom 12D, Department 4.

YOUR PRESENCE IS NECESSARY

HONORABLE KERRY EARLEY

By: Deborah Boyer

Judicial Executive Assistant

KERRY EARLEY DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT 4 LAS VEGAS, NV 89101 27

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 1 2 I hereby certify that on or about the date e-filed, I served a copy of the foregoing document 3 by causing the original of the same to be deposited in the United States Mail, postage 4 prepaid, addressed as follows: 5 by placing a copy in the attorney's folder located in the Regional Justice Center to: 6 Deanna Forbush 7 Clark Hill PLLC c/o: Deanna L. Forbush 8 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500 9 Las Vegas, NV 89169 10 Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department 11 Deborah Boyer 12 13 Deborah Boyer Judicial Executive Assistant 14 Department 4 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

KERRY EARLEY DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT 4 LAS VEGAS, NV 89101 28

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Electronically Filed 9/21/2018 11:43 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT SAO 1 DEANNA L. FORBUSH 2 Nevada Bar No. 6646 Email: dforbush@clarkhill.com 3 COLLEEN E. MCCARTY Nevada Bar No. 13186 4 Email: cmccarty@clarkhill.com 5 **CLARK HILL PLLC** 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500 6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300 7 Facsimile: (702) 862-8400 Attorneys for Petitioner 8 Republican Attorneys General Association 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 11 Case No.: A-18-780538-W REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL ASSOCIATION, Dept. No.: IV 12 13 Petitioner, STIPULATION AND ORDER 14 REGARDING BRIEFING SCHEDULE vs. 15 LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT, 16 17 Respondent. 18 Petitioner Republican Attorneys General Association ("RAGA") and Respondent Las 19 Vegas Metropolitan Police Department ("Metro") wish to pursue a briefing and hearing 20 schedule in this matter that allows for full briefing of the legal issues but also expedites this 21 matter as quickly as feasible in accordance with NRS. § 239.011(2) ("[t]he court shall give this 22 matter priority over other civil matters to which priority is not given by other statutes). 23 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate and agree as follows: 24 25 /// 26 1/1 27 28 Page 1 of 4 ClarkHill\47485\337934\220259372.v1-9/14/18

Case Number: A-18-780538-W

JA000052

1	7. By entering this stipulation neith	er party waives any rights, responses, defenses,
2	or arguments concerning the Application filed	by RAGA, other than any arguments regarding
3	the timeliness of the Application and any relate	d supporting briefing, response, or reply should
4	the parties comply with the deadlines set forth h	erein.
5	DATED this 147 day of September, 2018.	DATED this day of September, 2018.
6 7		
8	CLARK HILL PLLC	MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING
9	By: Allen E. Mo DEANNA L. FORBUSH	Ву:
10	Nevada Bar No. 6646 COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ.	JACKIE V. NICHOLS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 14246
11	Nevada Bar No. 13186	10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, NV 89145
12	3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169	Telephone: (702) 207-6091 Attorney for Respondent
13	Telephone: (702) 862-8300 Attorneys for Petitioner	Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department
14 15	Republican Attorneys General Association	Боракинон
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2	or arguments concerning the Application filed by RAGA, other than any arguments regarding		
3	the timeliness of the Application and any related supporting briefing, response, or reply should		
4	the parties comply with the deadlines set forth herein.		
5	DATED this day of September, 2018.	DATED this 17 day of September, 2018.	
6 7	CLARK HILL PLLC	MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING	
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	By: DEANNA L. FORBUSH Nevada Bar No. 6646 COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 13186 3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy., #500 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300 Attorneys for Petitioner, Republican Attorneys General Association	By: JACKIE V. NICHOLS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 14246 10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, NV 89145 Telephone: (702) 207-6091 Attorney for Respondent, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department	
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1	ORDER
2	IT IS SO ORDERED this 19th day of September, 2018.
3	IT IS SO FURTHERED ORDERED that the hearing on the Application shall be set for
4	9 a.m/p.m. on the 17 day of October 2018.
5	Kon P & Q
6	DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
7	
8	Submitted by:
9	CLARK HILL PLLC
10	By: Colleen E. Mas
11	DEANNA L. FORBUSH
12	Nevada Bar No. 6646 COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ.
13	Nevada Bar No. 13186 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500
14	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
15	Telephone: (702) 862-8300 Attorneys for Petitioner
16	Republican Attorneys General Association
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Electronically Filed 9/25/2018 10:52 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT **NEO** 1 DEANNA L. FORBUSH 2 Nevada Bar No. 6646 Email: dforbush@clarkhill.com 3 COLLEEN E. MCCARTY Nevada Bar No. 13186 4 Email: cmccarty@clarkhill.com 5 CLARK HILL PLLC 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500 6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300 7 Facsimile: (702) 862-8400 Attorneys for Petitioner 8 Republican Attorneys General Association 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 11 REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL Case No.: A-18-780538-W ASSOCIATION, Dept. No.: IV 12 13 Petitioner, NOTICE OF ENTRY OF STIPULATION 14 AND ORDER REGARDING BRIEFING VS. **SCHEDULE** 15 LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT, 16 17 Respondent. 18 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on the 21st day of September, 2018, the above-entitled 19 Court entered its Stipulation and Order Regarding Briefing Schedule. A copy of this Stipulation 20 and Order is attached hereto as Exhibit "1." 21 Dated this 25 of September, 2018. 22 **CLARK HILL PLLC** 23 24 DEANNA L. FORBUSH 25 Nevada Bar No. 6646 COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ. 26 Nevada Bar No. 13186 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500 27 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300 28 Attorneys for Petitioner Republican Attorneys General Association Page 1 of 2 JA000057 ClarkHill\47485\337934\220259372.v1-9/14/18

Case Number: A-18-780538-W

1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 2 Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Clark Hill PLLC, and that on this 25th day of September, 2018, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing 3 4 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF STIPULATION AND ORDER REGARDING BRIEFING 5 SCHEDULE by electronic means by operation of the Court's electronic filing system, upon 6 each party in this case who is registered as an electronic case filing user with the Clerk. 7 Nick D. Crosby, Esq. 8 Jackie V. Nichols, Esq. MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING 10001 Park Run Drive 10 Las Vegas, NV 89145 ncrosby@maclaw.com 11 inichols@maclaw.com Attorneys for Respondent 12 Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department 13 14

An Employee of Clark Hill PLLC

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EXHIBIT 1

EXHIBIT 1

Electronically Filed 9/21/2018 11:43 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 SAO DEANNA L. FORBUSH 2 Nevada Bar No. 6646 Email: dforbush@clarkhill.com 3 COLLEEN E. MCCARTY Nevada Bar No. 13186 4 Email: cmccarty@clarkhill.com 5 CLARK HILL PLLC 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500 6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300 Facsimile: (702) 862-8400 Attorneys for Petitioner Republican Attorneys General Association 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL Case No.: A-18-780538-W ASSOCIATION, Dept. No.: IV 12 13 Petitioner. STIPULATION AND ORDER 14 REGARDING BRIEFING SCHEDULE VS. 15 LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT, 16 17 Respondent. 18 Petitioner Republican Attorneys General Association ("RAGA") and Respondent Las 19 Vegas Metropolitan Police Department ("Metro") wish to pursue a briefing and hearing 20 schedule in this matter that allows for full briefing of the legal issues but also expedites this 21 matter as quickly as feasible in accordance with NRS. § 239.011(2) ("[t]he court shall give this 22 matter priority over other civil matters to which priority is not given by other statutes). 23 24 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate and agree as follows: 25 /// 26 111 27 28

Page 1 of 4

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1	7. By entering this stipulation neith	er party waives any rights, responses, defenses,		
2	or arguments concerning the Application filed	by RAGA, other than any arguments regarding		
3	the timeliness of the Application and any related supporting briefing, response, or reply should			
4	the parties comply with the deadlines set forth herein.			
5	DATED this day of September, 2018.	DATED this day of September, 2018.		
6 7				
8	CLARK HILL PLLC	MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING		
9	By: Allan E. Malant	By:		
10	DEANNA L. FORBUSH Nevada Bar No. 6646	JACKIE V. NICHOLS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 14246		
11	COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 13186	10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, NV 89145		
12	3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169	Telephone: (702) 207-6091 Attorney for Respondent		
13	Telephone: (702) 862-8300 Attorneys for Petitioner	Las Vegas Metropolitan Police		
14	Republican Attorneys General Association	Department		
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1	7. By entering this stipulation neit	her party waives any rights, responses, defenses,	
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3	the timeliness of the Application and any related supporting briefing, response, or reply should		
4	the parties comply with the deadlines set forth herein.		
5	DATED this day of September, 2018.	DATED this 17 day of September, 2018.	
6 7	CLARK HILL PLLC	MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING	
8		19/1	
9	By:	(1)	
10	DEANNA L. FORBUSH Nevada Bar No. 6646	JACKIE V. NICHOLS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 14246	
11	COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 13186	10001 Park Run Drive	
12	3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy., #500 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169	Las Vegas, NV 89145 Telephone: (702) 207-6091	
13	Telephone: (702) 862-8300 Attorneys for Petitioner,	Attorney for Respondent, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police	
14	Republican Attorneys General	Department	
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1	ORDER
2	IT IS SO ORDERED this 19th day of Septender, 2018.
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4	9 (i.m)/p.m. on the 17 day of October 2018.
5	Leval Ed
6	DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
7	
8	Submitted by:
9	CLARK HILL PLLC
10	By: College E. Man
11	DEANNA L. FORBUSH Nevada Bar No. 6646
12	COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ.
13	Nevada Bar No. 13186 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500
14	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300
15	Attorneys for Petitioner
16	Republican Attorneys General Association
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9/26/2018 4:53 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT **PTOB** DEANNA L. FORBUSH 2 Nevada Bar No. 6646 Email: dforbush@clarkhill.com 3 COLLEEN E. MCCARTY Nevada Bar No. 13186 4 Email: cmccarty@clarkhill.com 5 CLARK HILL PLLC 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500 6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300 7 Facsimile: (702) 862-8400 Attorneys for Petitioner 8 Republican Attorneys General Association 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL Case No.: A-18-780538-W 12 ASSOCIATION, Dept. No.: IV 13 Petitioner, REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL 14 ASSOCIATION'S OPENING BRIEF VS. IN SUPPORT OF PUBLIC RECORDS ACT 15 APPLICATION PURSUANT TO NRS LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE 239.001/PETITION FOR WRIT OF 16 DEPARTMENT. **MANDAMUS** 17 Respondent. Hearing Date: October 17, 2018 18 Heating Time: 9:00 a.m. 19 Petitioner, Republican Attorneys General Association ("RAGA" or "Petitioner"), by and 20 through its attorneys of record, Deanna L. Forbush, Esq. and Colleen E. McCarty, Esq., of the law 21 firm of Clark Hill PLLC, hereby submits the instant Opening Brief in Support of Public Records Act 22 Application Pursuant to NRS 239.001/Petition for Writ of Mandamus (the "Petition"), pursuant to the 23 24 Court's order setting briefing schedule entered September 20, 2018. 25 /// 26 27 28 Page 1 of 14

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This Opening Brief is made and based on the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the Declaration of Colleen E. McCarty, Esq. attached hereto as **Exhibit 2** and the exhibits thereto, the papers and pleadings already on file herein, and any argument the Court may permit at the hearing of this matter.

Dated this 26th of September, 2018.

CLARK HILL PLLC

DEANNA L. FORBUSH Nevada Bar No. 6646

COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 13186

3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300 Attorneys for Petitioner

Republican Attorneys General Association

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I.

INTRODUCTION

Early voting begins in Nevada on October 20, 2018. And, unless this Court intervenes, and quickly, voters will go to the polls without information contained in public records that may determine their choice of candidate. There is no dispute that one or more police officer body worn cameras recorded sitting State Senate Majority Leader and Democratic candidate for the Office of Nevada Attorney General, Aaron Ford ("Senator Ford"), during a law enforcement encounter with Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department ("Metro") officers on November 13, 2017. Information provided to RAGA suggests that Senator Ford used his position of authority as an elected official to influence the outcome of the encounter. Senator Ford's campaign offered a different version of events, stating publicly that it was Metro that contacted Senator Ford to ensure that the matter, which

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involved several juveniles, would be dealt with privately. See Exhibit 2-A¹, attached hereto. As objective evidence of the encounter exists in public records, voters should not be left to wonder where the truth lies.

Accordingly, to provide the public with the information it deserves and to fulfill the NPRA's important purpose, RAGA respectfully requests this Court grant the Petition and enter an Order in its favor and against Metro including, but not limited to the following relief:

- Injunctive relief ordering Metro to immediately make available complete copies of all requested records;
 - Reasonable attorney's fees and costs, as required by NRS 239.011(2); and
 - Any other relief this Court deems appropriate.

RAGA also requests that this Court address this matter on an expedited basis. This is vital because the NPRA provides for expeditious access to public records, including priority over all other civil matters to which priority is not given by other statutes. NRS 239.011(2). And, in addition to the right of voters to be informed regarding the public actions of its elected officials, this case clearly implicates the right of the media to report on public figures, which right is guaranteed by the First Amendment, especially with regard to a public figure running for Nevada Attorney General, an office deserving of the highest level of public trust.

II.

STATEMENT OF FACTS AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

As detailed in the Petition, RAGA has been attempting for over nine months to obtain its limited request for audio and video from body worn camera(s) in operation during an interaction between Senator Ford and Metro officers that took place at approximately 3:00 p.m. on November 13, 2017. RAGA made its first request on December 5, 2017, seeking body camera audio and video

¹ Exhibits I-A through I-J attached to the Petition are incorporated by reference as stated herein. All Exhibits attached to this Opening Brief are numbered sequentially thereafter beginning with Exhibit 2.

relating to any police interactions with Senator Ford occurring during a narrowly specified time frame. See Exhibit 1-A. At Metro's request, and without conceding its entitlement to the entirety of the records requested, RAGA made clear that it would accept body camera audio and video depicting only Senator Ford's interactions with the officers. See Exhibit 1-I. Metro, in turn, failed to respond in a timely manner to any of RAGA's requests and continues to fail to produce any records, changing its stated basis for the refusal to comply on multiple occasions. See Exhibits 1-B, 1-E and 1-H, respectively.

For ease of reference, the table below provides the date of each RAGA public record request, the specific request made, and the date and reason given by Metro for its denial:

DATE	REQUEST	METRO RESPONSE
12/5/17 – RAGA First Request (See Exhibit 1-A)	"[A]II body camera footage and or audio from body camera footage relating to an incident with LVMPD concerning minor child [redacted] and/or [redacted] Aaron D. Ford (State Senator) between on or about 1 October 2017 to December 5, 2017."	12/14/17 – Metro issued an untimely denial and request for additional information stating "Please provide additional information, (LVMPD event number or officer's badge number, date and time of the occurrence)." (See Exhibit 1-B)
1/25/18 – RAGA Second Request (See Exhibit 1-C)	"[A]II body camera footage and or audio from body camera footage (if visual images do not exist), the police or investigative report or summary, witness and or victim statements, all computer aided dispatch (CAD) between all LVMPD personnel at the scene and with dispatch, or any other statements by officers or witnesses relating to an incident with LVMPD Officer Zarkowski concerning minor child [redacted] and/or [redacted] Aaron D. Ford (State Senator) at approximately 3:00PM on November 13, 2017 at [redacted]."	(See Exhibit 1-B) 2/6/18 – Metro issued an untimely and incomplete denial stating "Your request for body camera video is denied. Research shows there is an active criminal investigation occurring for the requested event number. As a result, the body camera video recording(s) is considered evidence according to the Nevada Public Records Act." (See Exhibit 1-E)
3/19/18 – RAGA Third Request (See Exhibit 1-F)	"[A]Il body camera footage and or audio from body camera footage (if visual images do not exist), the police or investigative	5/15/18 – Metro issued an untimely and incomplete denial stating "Your request to obtain or view body camera video is

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	5/17/18 – RAGA Fourth Request ²	report or summary, witness and or victim statements, all computer aided dispatch (CAD) between all LVMPD personnel at the scene and with dispatch, or any other statements by officers or witnesses relating to an incident with LVMPD Officer Zarkowski concerning minor child [redacted] and/or [redacted] Aaron D. Ford (State Senator) at approximately 3:00PM on November 13, 2017 at [redacted]."	denied. Research shows the investigation involved juvenile suspects. Therefore, because it involves juveniles arrested our Office of General Counsel has determined that it is confidential pursuant to Nevada Revised statutes NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030." (See Exhibit 1-H)
10	(See Exhibit 1-1)	or audio from body camera footage (if visual images do not exist), the police or investigative	untimely and incomplete denial stating "Your request to view or obtain body camera video is
11		report or summary, all computer aided dispatch (CAD) between	denied Any documents involving the arrests of juveniles
12		all LVMPD personnel at the scene and with dispatch, or any	is confidential pursuant to NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030.
13		other statements by officers or witnesses, relating to or	Therefore, you should direct your request to the juvenile courts."
15		depicting Aaron D. Ford's (State Senator) interactions with	(See Exhibit 1-J)
16		LVMPD Officer Zarkowski or other LVMPD personnel at	
17		approximately 3:00PM on November 13, 2017 To	
18		clarify, this request excludes any information that may be	
19		Revised Statutes 62H.025 and 62H.030."	
20 ¹		0211.050,	

III.

LEGAL ARGUMENT

Pursuant to the NPRA, all governmental records are presumed to be public unless explicitly deemed confidential by law. NRS 239.010. To overcome this presumption, a governmental entity seeking to withhold public records "has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the public book or record, or a part thereof, is confidential." NRS 239.0113(2). The NPRA

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 $^{^2\,}$ A clerical error resulted in RAGA's Fourth Request being entitled "Third Request for Public Records."

further mandates that, if a governmental entity intends to withhold records on the basis of confidentiality, it must provide written notice of that fact within five business days and provide "[a] citation to the specific statute or other legal authority that makes the public book or record, or a part thereof, confidential." NRS 239.0107(1)(d)(1) and (2). In the instant case, Metro did not provide timely notice of the legal bases for its assertion that the records requested as early as December 5, 2017, and as late as May 17, 2018, are confidential, and it has yet to respond substantively to any of RAGA's outstanding requests. Moreover, Metro cannot meet its heavy burden of proving that the withheld records are confidential. As such, Metro has waived its right to assert that it is entitled to withhold any of the records in question.

A. Metro Waived Any Entitlement to Withhold Public Records That It Did Not Timely Assert.

The Court need look no further than Metro's failure to respond within five business days to any of RAGA's four public records requests in order to grant RAGA's Petition. The NPRA's response time frame stated in NRS 239.0107(1) is crystal clear, and its provisions are mandatory. By failing to assert any claim of confidentiality within five business days of any of RAGA's four public records requests, the Court would be well within its discretion to find Metro has waived its right to assert any entitlement to withhold the requested documents based upon a statute or other legal authority.

The NPRA specifically provides that a governmental entity must provide timely and specific notice if it is denying a request because the entity determines the documents sought are confidential. Specifically, NRS 239.0107(1) outlines the actions a governmental entity may take in responding to a public records request:

1. Not later than the end of the fifth business day after the date on which the person who has legal custody or control of a public book or record of a governmental entity receives a written or oral request from a person to inspect, copy or receive a copy of the public book or record, a governmental entity shall do one of the following, as applicable:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, allow the person to inspect or copy the public book or record or, if the request is for the person to receive a copy of the public book or record, provide such a copy to the person.

(b) If the governmental entity does not have legal custody or control of the public book or record, provide to the person, in writing:

(1) Notice of that fact; and

(2) The name and address of the governmental entity that has legal custody or control of the public book or record, if known.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d), if the governmental entity is unable to make the public book or record available by the end of the fifth business day after the date on which the person who has legal custody or control of the public book or record received the request, provide to the person, in writing:

(1) Notice of that fact; and

(2) A date and time after which the public book or record will be available for the person to inspect or copy or after which a copy of the public book or record will be available to the person. If the public book or record or the copy of the public book or record is not available to the person by that date and time, the person may inquire regarding the status of the request.

(d) If the governmental entity must deny the person's request because the public book or record, or a part thereof, is confidential, provide to the person, in writing:

(1) Notice of that fact; and

(2) A citation to the specific statute or other legal authority that makes the public book or record, or a part thereof, confidential.

(Emphases added.). Thus, an entity that withholds records must provide timely and specific notice, and it must do so within five business days.

Prior District Court Judges who have addressed this issue, although their decisions are not binding precedent, have made rulings this Court may find persuasive. In each case, the District Court in question held that when a government agency fails to follow this mandate, it is thereby barred from raising any non-cited statute or legal authority in responding to a filed lawsuit. First, in the matter styled *Las Vegas Review-Journal v. Clark County School District*, District Court Case No. A-17-750151-W, the District Court found that the Clark County School District failed to timely respond to requests and failed to assert any claims of confidentiality within the period mandated by NRS 239.0107(1), in response to a request from the Review-Journal seeking records about Trustee Kevin Child. *See* Exhibit 2-B, attached hereto. In granting the Review-Journal's writ petition, the District Page 7 of 14

Court cited the failure to timely assert any claim of confidentiality as a basis for its determination that CCSD failed to meet its burden of demonstrating the existence of any claim of confidentiality that justified withholding the requested records. *Id.* at 6:26-27.

Second, in the matter styled Las Vegas Review-Journal v. Clark County Office of the Coroner/Medical Examiner, District Court Case No. A-17-758501-W, the Review-Journal sent a public records request to the Coroner's Office requesting copies of certain autopsy reports. See Exhibit 2-C, attached hereto. Although the Coroner's Office timely responded, it failed to cite binding legal authority within five business days as required, and the District Court explained that the Coroner's Office "cannot rely on privileges, statutes, or other authorities that it failed to assert within five (5) business days to meet its burden of establishing that privilege attaches to any of the requested records." Id., at 7:1-3 and 9:23-26.

Because it failed to respond to <u>any</u> of RAGA's records requests in the time and manner prescribed by the NPRA, Metro has waived the ability to rely on legal authority it failed to timely assert. Moreover, Metro simply ignored RAGA's requests for investigative records, witness and/or victim statements, computer aided dispatch communications and other statements related to the incident, made in conjunction with the requests for body camera footage. Thus, Metro has waived the right to rely on any legal authority to justify withholding the requested public records and should be directed to release those records immediately.

B. Metro Cannot Meet Its Burden to Overcome the Open Records Presumption Based Upon Statutory Confidentiality.

The NPRA clearly states that public records are to be made available to the public for inspection or copying. NRS 239.010(1); see also Reno Newspapers, Inc. v. Gibbons, 127 Nev. 873, 882, 266 P.3d 623, 628 (2011). The purpose of the NPRA is to "foster democratic principles by providing members of the public with access to inspect and copy public books and records to the extent permitted by law[.]" NRS 239.001(1). To that end, the NPRA must be construed liberally;

government records are presumed public records subject to the act; and any limitation on the public's access to public records must be construed narrowly. NRS 239.001(2) and 239.001(3); *see also Gibbons*, 127 Nev. at 882, 266 P.3d at 629 ("the provisions of the NPRA place an <u>unmistakable</u> emphasis on disclosure") (emphasis added).

If a statute explicitly makes a record confidential, the public entity may not be required to produce it. NRS 239.0107(1)(d). The burden, however, rests with the entity to establish, by a preponderance of the evidence, the existence of the entitlement not to produce based upon confidentiality. NRS 239.0113; see also DR Partners v. Bd. of Cty. Comm'rs of Clark Cty., 116 Nev. 616, 621, 6 P.3d 465, 468. "It is well settled that privileges, whether creatures of statute or the common law, should be interpreted and applied narrowly." See DR Partners, 116 Nev. at 621, 6 P.3d at 468. If a government entity denies a request on the basis of confidentiality, it must provide the requesting party with notice and a citation to legal authority that justifies nondisclosure. NRS 239.0107(1)(d); see also Gibbons, 127 Nev. at 885, 266 P.3d at 631. "[M]erely pinning a string of citations to a boilerplate declaration of confidentiality" fails to satisfy the government's obligation under the NPRA. See Gibbons, 127 Nev. at 885, 266 P.3d at 631. Further, if a public record contains confidential information only in part, in response to a request for access to the record, a governmental entity shall redact the confidential information and produce the record in redacted form. NRS 239.010(3).

In the instant case, after first denying RAGA's request on the basis that it involved an "active criminal investigation," Metro inexplicably changed its position to assert that the requested body camera video involved "juvenile suspects" and "juveniles arrested" and was, therefore, confidential under NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030. Metro provided no explanation whatsoever as to how the statutes it cited supported its claim of confidentiality or even how they were applicable to the requested records involving Senator Ford, an adult. Moreover, even after RAGA further clarified the scope of its request, provided a detailed analysis regarding the inapplicability of NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030 to Page 9 of 14

records involving Senator Ford, an adult, and reminded Metro of its obligation to disclose, with redactions, any such confidential information, Metro offered nothing more than a nonsensical response. The email from Metro dated June 15, 2018, a full six months after RAGA's initial request, stated that Metro's General Counsel "disagrees with your broad interpretation of NRS 62H.025 and 62H.030" and directed RAGA to request the body camera video of Senator Ford from the juvenile courts. *See* Exhibit 1-J. Not only has Metro wholly failed to establish that the requested body camera footage and other related records are confidential by a preponderance of the evidence, as required under the NPRA, it has not even demonstrated that it reviewed the records in question, or, for that matter, fairly considered or even fully understood, RAGA's request.

C. Metro Cannot Meet Its Burden to Overcome the Open Records Presumption Under the Donrey Balancing Test.

In the absence of a statutory basis to assert confidentiality, Metro bears the burden in this case of establishing that the interest in withholding documents outweighs the interest in disclosure pursuant to the balancing test first articulated in *Donrey of Nevada v. Bradshaw*, 106 Nev. 630, 798 P.2d 144 (1990); *see also DR Partners v. Bd. of Cty. Comm'rs of Clark Cty.*, 116 Nev. at 621, 6 P.3d at 468 ("Unless a statute provides an absolute privilege against disclosure, the burden of establishing the application of a privilege based upon confidentiality can only be satisfied pursuant to a balancing of interests."), which it cannot do.

In applying the *Donrey* balancing test, the Court held that the burden remains squarely on the governmental entity:

In balancing the interests....the scales must reflect the fundamental right of a citizen to have access to the public records as contrasted with the incidental right of the agency to be free from unreasonable interference....The citizen's predominant interest may be expressed in terms of the burden of proof which is applicable in this class of cases; the burden is cast upon the agency to explain why the records should not be furnished.

Id. (quoting MacEwan v. Holm, 226 Or. 27, 46, 359 P.2d 413, 422 (1961) and citing Donrey, 106 Nev. at 635-36, 798 P.2d at 147-48. Further, if a public record contains confidential information only in part, in response to a request for access to the record, a governmental entity shall redact the confidential information and produce the record in redacted form. NRS 239.010(3). In addition, a governmental entity cannot rely on conjecture or hypothetical concerns to justify nondisclosure of public records. DR Partners, 116 Nev. at 628, 6 P.3d at 472-73 (County cannot meet "its burden by voicing non-particularized hypothetical concerns") (citation omitted).

Following its application of the balancing test, the Supreme Court in *Donrey* concluded that the investigative report in question should be released to the media entities. *Donrey*, 106 Nev. at 636, 798 P.2d at 147. This conclusion was based on the facts that no criminal proceeding was pending or anticipated, no confidential sources or investigative techniques were contained in the report, there was no possibility of denying anyone a fair trial, and disclosure did not jeopardize law enforcement personnel. *Id*; *see also Reno Newspapers v. Sheriff*; 126 Nev. 211, 219, 234 P.3d 922, 927 (2010) ("A mere assertion of possible endangerment does not 'clearly outweigh' the public interest in access to these records.") (quotation omitted).

Applying this guidance to the instant case, Metro cannot meet its burden to show that the body camera footage and other related records should not be released. Metro has never asserted that any criminal proceeding related to the incident that took place on November 13, 2017 is pending. Second Metro has not established, nor can it based on RAGA's understanding of what occurred, that any confidential sources or investigative techniques exist within the requested records. And, based on the statement from Senator Ford's campaign, there is no possibility that someone could be denied a fair trial or law enforcement personnel jeopardized should the requested records be released.

As discussed above, Metro cannot rely on conjecture or speculation about the contents of the body camera footage and related records to justify withholding them. Instead, Metro can only meet its burden by providing specific information about what, if any, aspects of the requested records that Page 11 of 14

contain information that would jeopardize an ongoing case, the fairness of a pending trial, the safety of law enforcement personnel, or other compelling reason that would outweigh the public's fundamental right to access. Metro has not, and indeed cannot, articulate any such interest and must be required to immediately release the records in their un-redacted form.

D. Metro Was Obligated to Provide a Privilege Log of Any Records Withheld.

As the Nevada Supreme Court stated in *Gibbons*, after the commencement of a lawsuit pursuant to the NPRA, to continue to support the claims Metro has asserted, a government entity withholding requested records is generally required to provide the requesting party with a log which details the records and sufficient information about the bases for withholding. *Gibbons*, 127 Nev. at 882-83, 266 P.3d at 629 ("[A] claim that records are confidential can only be tested in a fair and adversarial manner, and in order to truly proceed in such a fashion, a log typically must be provided to the requesting party.").

Accordingly, as an additional basis to grant its Petition, RAGA respectfully asserts Metro's wholesale failure to timely produce a log identifying the documents being withheld and setting forth the specific bases for withholding, which could have given the Court a foundation for review of the propriety of the withholding, precludes the Court from exercising any discretion in Metro's favor.

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CONCLUSION

For all of the reasons set forth above, RAGA respectfully requests this Court grant the relief requested in the Petition in its entirety and issue an Order requiring that Metro immediately release to RAGA any and all body camera footage and other related records resulting from the interaction between State Senator Aaron Ford and Metro officers on November 13, 2017 and pay all of the attorney's fees and costs incurred by RAGA in bringing the Petition.

Dated this 26th of September, 2018.

CLARK HILL PLLC

DEANNA L. FORBUSH

Nevada Bar No. 6646

COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 13186

3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300 Attorneys for Petitioner

Republican Attorneys General Association

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Clark Hill PLLC, and that on this day of September, 2018, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing OPENING BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF PUBLIC RECORDS ACT APPLICATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239.001/ PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS by electronic means by operation of the Court's electronic filing system, upon each party in this case who is registered as an electronic case filing user with the Clerk.

Nick D. Crosby, Esq.
Jackie V. Nichols, Esq.
MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING
10001 Park Run Drive
Las Vegas, NV 89145
ncrosby@maclaw.com
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Attorneys for Respondent
Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

An Employee of Clark Hill PLLC

EXHIBIT 2

EXHIBIT 2

DECLARATION OF COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF OPENING BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF PUBLIC RECORDS ACT APPLICATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239.001/PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

I, Colleen E. McCarty, depose and declare as follows:

- 1. I am an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada and am an associate in the law firm of Clark Hill PLLC, attorneys for Petitioner Republican Attorneys General Association ("RAGA" or "Petitioner").
- 2. I am competent to testify to the matters asserted herein, of which I have personal knowledge, except as to those matters stated upon information and belief. As to those matters stated upon information and belief, I believe them to be true.
- 3. I make this Declaration in support of RAGA's Opening Brief in Support Of Public Records Act Application Pursuant To NRS 239.001/Petition For Writ of Mandamus.
- 4. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 2-A** is a true and correct copy an article from the Nevada Independent entitled "Republican AG Group Files Lawsuit Seeking Police Footage of Interaction with Democratic Candidate Aaron Ford and His Child," dated September 6, 2018.
- 5. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 2-B** is a true and correct copy of the Order Granting Writ of Mandate in the matter styled *Las Vegas Review Journal v. Clark County School District*, Eighth Judicial District Court Case No. A-17-750151-W, dated February 22, 2017.
- 6. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 2-C** is a true and correct copy of the Order Granting Petitioner LVRJ's Public Records Act Application Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.001/Petition for Writ of Mandamus in the matter styled *Las Vegas Review Journal v. Clark County Office of the Coroner/Medical Examiner*, Eighth Judicial District Court Case No. A-17-758501-W, dated

Executed this 26% day of September, 2018.

NRS 53.045 Use of unsworn declaration in lieu of affidavit or other sworn declaration. Any matter whose existence or truth may be established by an affidavit or other sworn declaration may be established with the same effect by an unsworn declaration of its existence or truth signed by the declarant under penalty of perjury.

EXHIBIT 2-A

EXHIBIT 2-A

REPUBLICAN AG GROUP FILES LAWSUIT SEEKING POLICE FOOTAGE OF INTERACTION WITH **DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE AARON FORD AND HIS** CHILD



RILEY SNYDER

SEPTEMBER 6TH, 2018 - 3:04PM

The Republican Attorneys General Association has filed a lawsuit against Las Vegas police over thwarted attempts to obtain body camera footage that involves Democratic candidate for attorney general, Aaron Ford.

The lawsuit, which was filed against the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department on Thursday, alleges that Metro repeatedly—and improperly—refused to turn over body camera footage of Ford, the Democratic state Senate majority leader, related to an incident with a Metro officer and a minor child on Nov. 13, 2017.

Ford did not immediately return a call seeking comment. In a statement, his campaign manager Jessica Adair called the suit a "low and desperate" move by his general election opponent, Wes Duncan, and said the police were the ones who initially called Ford.

"It was a minor incident on private property involving one of their pre-teen children," she said in an emailed statement. "Metro called the parents of all the kids involved so that they could deal with the issue privately. Wes Duncan should be ashamed of himself for trying to use this in his political campaign."

Zack Roday, a spokesman with RAGA, said in a conference call with reporters on Thursday that the organization had received information from a "credible" anonymous source that Ford tried to "influence an outcome" with a law enforcement officer and minor child in November 2017, and that the organization wanted to know more about the event. Roday declined to give more details on the identity of the minor or the circumstances of the police encounter and said the organization only wanted to know what Ford may have said to law enforcement officers.

"The focus is on the public official that showed up on the scene and tried to impact an outcome, based on the source," he said, "The lawsuit, and the public records request, is very specific to Aaron Ford's involvement at that scene. Nothing else is of concern to us. We want to know exactly why he was there."

A Metro spokeswoman said in an email that the agency doesn't comment on pending litigation.

According to the lawsuit, RAGA submitted at least four public records requests for police body camera footage between December 2017 and May 2018, all of which were denied by the Las Vegas police agency. The suit alleges that Metro missed statutory deadlines to respond to the records requests, and then refused to release the footage, first claiming that it was part of an active investigation, and then stating that it couldn't because the footage involved a minor.

RAGA states in the lawsuit that it tailored its request to omit any footage of the minor and that state law didn't allow the agency to withhold the records for that purpose.

In a statement sent Friday, the Democratic Attorneys General Association called the filing of a lawsuit a "racist" attack, and noted that several of the

records requests did not specifically a request to exclude any footage not including Ford.

"Using someone's child as a vehicle to get footage that would undoubtedly be used in ads to push a false narrative about Senator Ford is disgusting, and now they are lying about the requests they made, claiming they did not request information about a minor," DAGA Executive Director Sean Rankin said in a statement.

Nevada law generally holds that any footage from a portable recording device worn by a law enforcement officer is considered a "public record," as long as its requested on a per incident basis and can be made available for inspection at the location where the record is held if it contains confidential information that cannot be redacted. Metro's own body camera policy contains similar provisions.

Colleen McCarty, an attorney with Clark Hill PLLC and the attorney representing RAGA in the case, said that the "wholesale withholding" of records by Metro wasn't permitted under state law and expected a hearing on the case to occur before the start of early voting in October.

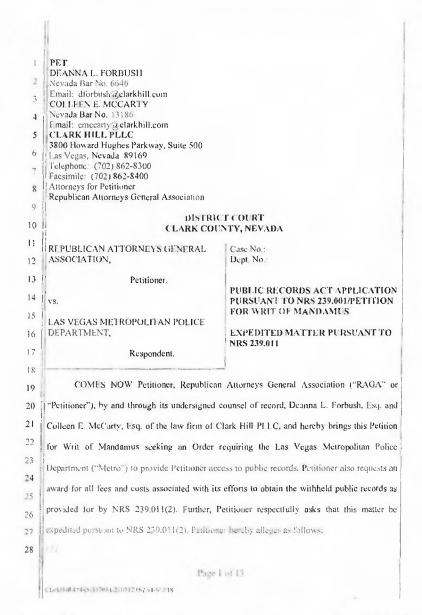
"Litigation, really, is always the last resort, and it's unfortunate that RAGA had to take this step, but it's the only mechanism available to address the department's refusal to turn over these records," she said.

As a lawmaker, Ford sponsored a 2015 bill requiring Nevada Highway Patrol officers be outfitted with body cameras, and authored a 2017 bill expanding the requirement to all public-facing law enforcement officers in the state.

Sheriff Joe Lombardo has endorsed Ford's Republican opponent, Wes Duncan. The Duncan campaign is not a party to the suit.

Disclosure: Joe Lombardo has donated to The Nevada Independent. You can see a full list of donors here.

RAGA Final Petition With Exhibits by Riley Snyder on Scribd



Updated at 5:06 p.m. to include responses from Metro and DAGA.

FROM THE EDITOR

The Nevada Independent is a 501(c)3 nonprofit. We need help to attain the elusive goal of sustainability. We depend on recurring donations from you, the readers who believe in our mission of nonpartisan, transparent journalism. I know you are busy. I know you have many commitments. But

EXHIBIT 2-B

EXHIBIT 2-B

Electronically Filed 02/22/2017 03:18:18 PM

CLERK OF THE COURT

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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

LAS VEGAS REVIEW-JOURNAL,

Petitioner,

VS.

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CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT,

Respondent.

Case No.: A-17-750151-W

Dept. No.: XVI

ORDER GRANTING WRIT OF

-1 1 3:

MANDATE

The Las Vegas Review-Journal's Petition for Writ of Mandamus having come on for hearing on February 14, 2017, the Honorable Timothy C. Williams presiding, Petitioner LAS VEGAS REVIEW-JOURNAL ("Review-Journal") appearing by and through its attorneys, MARGARET A. MCLETCHIE and ALINA M. SHELL, and Respondent CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT ("District Attorney"), appearing by and through his attorneys, CARLOS M. MCDADE and ADAM HONEY, and the Court having read and considered all of the papers and pleadings on file and being fully advised, and good cause appearing therefor, the Court hereby grants the Petition and makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law:

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I.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY AND FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. On December 5, 2016, Review-Journal reporter Amelia Pak-Harvey (the "Reporter") sent CCSD a request on behalf of the Review-Journal and pursuant to the Nevada Public Records Act, Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.001 et seq. (the "NPRA"). The request sought certain documents pertaining to CCSD Trustee Kevin Child (the "Request"). The Request asked CCSD to produce:
 - All incident reports filed by CCSD staff, CCSD police or any other
 CCSD officials that involve grief counselors and Trustee Kevin Child;
 - All emails from CCSD staff, CCSD police or CCSD officials regarding school visits conducted by Kevin Child; and
 - All emails and correspondence relating to the guidelines issued to CCSD staff on December 5, 2016 regarding Trustee Kevin Child's visits to schools and interaction with staff.
- On behalf of CCSD's Office of Community and Government Relations,
 Cynthia Smith-Johnson confirmed receipt on December 9, 2016.
- 3. The Reporter supplemented the Request on December 9, 2016 ("Supplemental Request"). The Supplemental Request asked CCSD to produce "any written complaints the Clark County School District has received regarding Trustee Kevin Child."
- 4. After CCSD failed to provide documents or assert any claim of confidentiality pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.0107, the Review-Journal initiated this action on January 26, 2017, requesting expedited consideration pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.011.
- 5. CCSD subsequently produced thirty six (36) pages of documents but asserted that there were twenty-three (23) additional pages that required redactions (the "Redacted Records"). After informal efforts to set a briefing schedule and/or obtain copies the Redacted Records sought failed, the Review-Journal submitted an ex parte motion for order shortening time and requesting an expedited hearing on February 8, 2017.

	6.	On February 8, 2017, this Court ordered that CCSD either fully produce
all req	uested re	ecords (in unredacted form) by 12 p.m. on Friday, February 14, 2017 or tha
the ma	itter wou	ald proceed to hearing.

- 7. On February 8, 2017, CCSD provided the Redacted Records, as well as an unredacted corresponding set of records, to the Court. It did not provide a copy of the Redacted Records to the Review-Journal.
- 8. Then, later on February 8, 2017, in response to the February 8, 2017 Order, CCSD provided a copy of the Redacted Records to the Review-Journal.
- 9. On February 10, 2017, CCSD provided the Redacted Records with fewer redactions to Court and the Review-Journal.
- 10. On February 13, 2017, CCSD provided a further version of the Redacted Records to the Court and the Review-Journal, along with a log listing the following legal bases for the redactions: Nev. Rev. Stat § 386.230 and CCSD Regulations 1212 and 4110.
- 11. On February 13, 2017, CCSD also provided ten (10) additional pages not previously identified (the "Additional Redacted Records"). CCSD also provided a new log ("Revised Log") including the Additional Redacted Records and additionally asserting the following bases for the redactions:
 - a) "safety and well-being of employees (fear of retaliation) and inherent chilling effect if names of individual employees are released;" and
 - b) "inherent chilling effect if names of . . . general public are released."

Finally, CCSD provided an unredacted version of the Additional Redacted Records to Court.

12. Nev. Rev. Stat § 239.010 "does not explicitly provide that the records are confidential, and provides that, unless expressly provided for in the NPRA or other listed statutes, Nev. Rev. Stat § 239.010, or "unless otherwise declared by law to be confidential,"

all public books and public records of a governmental entity must be open at all times during office hours to inspection by any person, and may be fully copied or an abstract or memorandum may be prepared from those public books and public records. Any such copies, abstracts or memoranda may be used to supply the general public with copies, abstracts or memoranda of the records or may be used in any other way to the advantage of the governmental entity or of the general public. This section does not supersede or in any manner affect the federal laws governing copyrights or enlarge, diminish or affect in any other manner the rights of a person in any written book or record which is copyrighted pursuant to federal law.

13. Nev. Rev. Stat § 386.230 ("General powers; exceptions") provides:

Each board of trustees is hereby given such reasonable and necessary powers, not conflicting with the Constitution and the laws of the State of Nevada, as may be requisite to attain the ends for which the public schools, excluding charter schools and university schools for profoundly gifted pupils, are established and to promote the welfare of school children, including the establishment and operation of schools and classes deemed necessary and desirable.

- 14. CCSD Regulation 1212 ("CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION: ALL EMPLOYEES") provides that "Confidential information concerning all personnel will be safeguarded.
- 15. CCSD Regulation 4110 pertains to "EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT: ALL EMPLOYEES."
- 16. The Redacted Records and Additional Records consist of various records regarding Trustee Child.
- 17. On February 14, 2017, the Court heard oral arguments on the Review-Journal's Petition for Writ of Mandamus.
- 18. The Court has also performed an in-camera review of the Redacted Records, the Additional Redacted Records, and the unredacted version of both sets of records.

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II.

ORDER

- 19. The purpose of the NPRA is to "foster democratic principles by providing members of the public with access to inspect and copy public books and records to the extent permitted by law[.]" Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.001(1). To that end, the NPRA must be construed liberally, and any limitation on the public's access to public records must be construed narrowly. Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.001(2) and § 239.001(3).
- 20. Unless explicitly confidential, public records are to be made available to the public for inspection or copying. NRS 239.010(1); *Newspapers, Inc. v. Gibbons*, 127 Nev. Adv. Rep. 79, 12 266 P.3d 623, 628 (2011). If a statute explicitly makes a record confidential or privileged, the public entity need not produce it. *Id.* "
- 21. If a public record contains confidential or privileged information only in part, in response to a request for access to the record, a governmental entity shall redact the confidential information and produce the record in redacted form. Nev. Rev. Stat. § NRS 239.010(3).
- 22. A petition for Writ of Mandamus is the appropriate vehicle by which to pursue production under the NPRA, where a governmental entity has refused it. Reno Newspapers, Inc. v. Gibbons, 127 Nev. 873, 884, n.4, 266 P.3d 623, 630, n.4 (2011); citing DR Partners v. Board of County Comm'rs, 116 Nev. 616, 620, 6 P.3d 465, 468, citing NRS 34.160.
- 23. A governmental entity seeking to withhold or redact records must prove by a preponderance of evidence that the records are confidential or privileged. *Gibbons*, 127 Nev. at 880, 266 P.3d at 628 (citations omitted).
- 24. "[I]n the absence of a statutory provision that explicitly declares a record to be confidential, any limitations on disclosure must be based upon a broad balancing of the interests involved, . . . and the state entity bears the burden to prove that its interest in

nondisclosure clearly outweighs the public's interest in access" *Id.* (citing *DR Partners*, 116 Nev. at 622, 6 P.3d at 468).

- 25. A governmental entity cannot meet its "... burden by voicing non-particularized hypothetical concerns[.]" *DR Partners v. Board of County Comm'rs*, 116 Nev. 616, 628, 6 P.3d 465, 472-73 (2000).
- 26. In Reno Newspapers, Inc. v. Gibbons, the Nevada Supreme Court held that a Vaughn index is not required when the party that requested the documents has enough information to fully argue for the inclusion of documents. 127 Nev. 873, 881-82 (Nev. 2011). The Nevada Supreme Court has also held that if a party has enough facts to present "a full legal argument," a Vaughn index is not needed. Id. at 882. However, the Nevada Supreme Court held that a party requesting documents under NPRA is entitled to a log, unless the state entity demonstrates that the requesting party has enough facts to argue the claims of confidentiality. Id. at 883. A log provided by a governmental entity should contain a general factual description of each record and a specific explanation for nondisclosure. Id. In a footnote, the Nevada Supreme Court notes that a log should provide as much detail as possible, without compromising the alleged secrecy of the documents. Id. at n. 3. Finally, attaching a string cite to a boilerplate denial is not sufficient under the NPRA. Id. at 885.
- 27. The Review-Journal does not contest redacting the names of direct victims of sexual harassment or alleged sexual harassment, or the name of students and staff persons that are not administrators being redacted.
- 28. With regard to CCSD's other proposed redactions, which include the names of schools, teachers, administrators, and program administrators, the Court finds that CCSD failed to meet its burden in demonstrating the existence of an applicable privilege.
- 29. First, CCSD failed to assert any claim of confidentiality within five (5) days as required by Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.0107(d).
 - 30. Second, the Revised Log does not sufficiently articulate that the information

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redacted by CCSD is protected by confidentiality. CCSD Regulation 1212 pertains to personnel records, and the parties agree that the records produced are not personnel records. CCSD Regulation 4110 pertains to protections from sexual harassment. To the extent that it is applicable, the parties have agreed that the names of victims of sexual harassment, or alleged sexual harassment, shall be redacted. This also addresses any chilling effect that may occur. Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.010 and § 386.230 do not provide that the records are confidential.

- 31. Third, even if CCSD did assert an applicable privilege by a preponderance of the evidence, it failed to articulate the application to each piece of information it sought to redact. *Gibbons*, 127 Nev. at 883, 266 P.3d at 629.
- 32. Thus, CCSD failed to prove by a preponderance of evidence that the records are confidential or privileged. *Gibbons*, 127 Nev. at 880, 266 P.3d at 628.
- 33. Fourth, even if it met its burden of establishing the existence of an applicable privilege, CCSD has failed to establish that the interests in secrecy outweigh the interests in disclosure. See, e.g., Gibbons, 127 Nev. at Adv. Rep. at 881, 66 P.3d at 628. (citing DR Partners, 116 Nev. at 622, 6 P.3d at 468). "[I]n the absence of a statutory provision that explicitly declares a record to be confidential, any limitations on disclosure must be based upon a broad balancing of the interests involved, . . . and the state entity bears the burden to prove that its interest in nondisclosure clearly outweighs the public's interest in access"
- 34. Accordingly, both because CCSD did not timely assert any claim of confidentiality and because it still has not met its burden in redacting public records, the Court orders CCSD to provide the Review-Journal with new versions of the Redacted Records and Additional Redacted Records, with only the following redactions: the names of direct victims of sexual harassment or alleged sexual harassment, students, and support staff.

- 35. CCSD may not make any other redactions, and must unredact the names of schools, all administrative-level employees, including but not limited to deans, principals, assistant principals, program coordinators), and teachers.
 - 36. CCSD must comply with this Order within two (2) days.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 22 day of February, 2017.

HONORAB E JUDGE TIMOTHY C. WILLIAMS

Respectfully submitted,

Margaret A. McLetchie, Nevada State Bar No. 10931 Alina M. Shell, Nevada State Bar No. 11711 MCLETCHIE SHELL, LLC. 701 E. Bridger Avenue, Suite 520 Las Vegas, NV 89101

Counsel for Petitioner, Las Vegas Review-Journal

EXHIBIT 2-C

EXHIBIT 2-C

Stipulated Dismissal

Motion to Dismiss by Deft(s)

Default Judgment

☐ Judgment of Arbitration

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PROCEDURAL HISTORY AND FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. On April 13, 2017, the LVRJ sent the Coroner's Office a request pursuant to the Nevada Public Records Act, Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.001 et seq. (the "NPRA").
- 2. The LVRJ's request sought all autopsy reports of autopsies conducted of anyone under the age of 18 from 2012 through the date of the request.
- 3. The Coroner's Office responded via email on April 13, 2017. It provided a spreadsheet with information consisting of the Coroner case number, name of decedent, date of death, gender, age, race, location of death, and cause and manner of death, but refused to provide "autopsy reports, notes or other documents."
- 4. In its April 13, 2017 email, the Coroner's Office stated it would not disclose the autopsy reports because they contain medical information and confidential information about a decedent's body. The Coroner's Office relied on Attorney General Opinion, 1982 Nev. Op. Atty. Gen. No. 12 ("AGO 82-12") as the basis for non-disclosure.
- 5. The LVRJ followed up by emailing the Clark County District Attorney's Office on April 13, 2017, requesting legal support for the refusal to provide records.
- 6. The District Attorney's Office, Civil Division, on behalf of the Coroner's Office, responded via email on April 14, 2017, again relying on AGO 82-12 and also relying on Assembly Bill 57, 79th Sess. (Nev. 2017) (a bill then pending consideration in the 2017 session of the Nevada Legislature and proposing changes to Nevada law regarding a coroner's duty to notify next-of-kin of the death of a family member but not addressing public records) as the bases for its refusal to disclose the requested records.
- 7. The Coroner's Office did not assert any other basis for withholding records within five (5) business days.
- 8. On May 9, 2017, following a meeting between the Coroner and the LVRJ, the Coroner mailed a second spreadsheet to the LVRJ listing child deaths dating back to 2011 in which the Coroner conducted autopsies.

- 9. On May 23, 2017, counsel for the LVRJ wrote to the Coroner's Office to address concerns with the Coroner's Office's refusal to provide access to any of the requested juvenile autopsy reports.
- 10. On May 26, 2017, the Coroner's Office (via the District Attorney) responded to the May 23, 2017 letter, again relying on the legal analysis in AGO 82-12, and agreed to consider providing redacted versions of autopsies of juveniles if the LVRJ provided a specific list of cases it wished to review.
- 11. In its May 26, 2017 response, the Coroner's Office for the first time also asserted that the records may be protected by Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407 and that privacy interests outweighed public disclosure.
- 12. The LVRJ provided the Coroner's Office with a list of specific cases it wanted reports for via email on May 26, 2017.
- 13. The Coroner's Office responded to the May 26, 2017 email on May 31, 2017.
- 14. In its May 31, 2017 response, the Coroner's Office stated that responsive records were "subject to privilege will not be disclosed" and that it would also redact other records. However, it did not assert any specific privilege.
- 15. The Coroner's Office also asked the LVRJ to specify the records it wanted to receive first, which the LVRJ did on June 12, 2017.
- 16. On July 9, 2017, in a response to a further email from the LVRJ inquiring on the status of the records, the Coroner's Office indicated it would not produce any records that pertained to any case that was subsequently handled by a child death review team pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407. By that time, the Coroner had determined which cases were not handled by the child death review team and provided a list to the LVRJ.
- 17. On July 11, 2017, the Coroner's Office provided sample files of redacted autopsy reports for other autopsies of juveniles that were not handled by a child death review team. The samples files were heavily redacted; the Coroner's Office asserted that the redacted language consisted of information that was medical, related to the health of the

decedent's mother, could be marked with stigmata or considered an invasion of privacy. Statements of diagnosis or opinion that were medical or health related that went to the cause of death were not reducted.

- 18. On July 11, 2017, the Coroner's Office also demanded that the LVRJ commit to payment for further work in redacting files for production, and declined to produce records without payment. The Coroner's Office indicated it would take two persons 10-12 hours to redact the records it was willing to produce, and that the LVRJ would have to pay \$45.00 an hour for the two reviewers, one of which would be an attorney. The Coroner's Office contended that conducting a privilege review and redacting autopsy reports required the "extraordinary use of personnel" under Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.055. The Coroner's Office stated it did not intend to seek fees for the work associated with the previously provided spreadsheets and redacted reports.
- 19. On July 17, 2017, the LVRJ filed its Application Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Sta. § 239.001/Application for Writ of Mandamus/Application for Declaratory and Injunctive Relief ("Application"), and requested expedited consideration pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.011(2).
- 20. On August 17, 2017, the LVRJ submitted a Memorandum in support of its Application. The Coroner's Office submitted its Response on August 30, 2017, and the LVRJ submitted its Reply on September 7, 2017. The LVRJ also submitted a Supplement on September 25, 2017 that included autopsy records the LVRJ had received from White Pine County and Lander County in response to public records requests.
- 21. The Court held a hearing on the LVRJ's Application on September 28, 2017.

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CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

22. The purpose of the NPRA is to foster democratic principles by ensuring easy and expeditious access to public records. Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.001(1) ("The purpose of this chapter is to foster democratic principles by providing members of the public with

access to inspect and copy public books and records to the extent permitted by law"); see also Reno Newspapers, Inc. v. Gibbons, 127 Nev. 873, 878, 266 P.3d 623, 626 (2011) (holding that "the provisions of the NPRA are designed to promote government transparency and accountability").

- 23. To fulfill that goal, the NPRA must be construed and interpreted liberally; government records are presumed public records subject to the Act, and any limitation on the public's access to public records must be construed narrowly. Nev. Rev. Stat. §§ 239.001(2) and 239.001(3); see also Gibbons, 127 Nev. at 878, 266 P.3d at 626 (noting that the Nevada legislature intended the provisions of the NPRA to be "liberally construed to maximize the public's right of access").
- 24. The Nevada Legislature has made it clear that—unless they are explicitly confidential—public records must be made available to the public for inspection or copying. Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.010(1); see also Newspapers, Inc. v. Gibbons, 127 Nev. 873, 879-80, 266 P.3d 623, 627 (2011).

A. The Coroner's Office Has Not Met Its Burden in Withholding or Redacting Records.

- 25. The NPRA "considers all records to be public documents available for inspection unless otherwise explicitly made confidential by statute or by a balancing of public interests against privacy or law enforcement justification for nondisclosure." Reno Newspapers v. Sheriff, 126 Nev. 211,212, 234 P.3d 922, 923 (2010).
- 26. If a statute explicitly makes a record confidential or privileged, the public entity need not produce it. *Id.*
- 28. If a governmental entity seeks to withhold a document that is not explicitly made confidential by statute, it must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the records are confidential or privileged, and must also prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the interest in nondisclosure outweighs the strong presumption in favor of public access. See, e.g., Gibbons, 127 Nev. at 880, 266 P.3d at 628; see also Donrey of Nevada, Inc. v. Bradshaw, 106 Nev. 630, 635, 798 P.2d 144, 147–48 (1990).

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- 30. Pursuant to the NPRA and Nevada Supreme Court precedent, the Court hereby finds that the Coroner's Office has not established by a preponderance of the evidence that the withheld records are confidential or privileged such that withholding the autopsy records pertaining to cases that were subsequently handled by a child death review team pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407(6) in their entirety is justified, nor has it established by a preponderance of the evidence that any interest in nondisclosure outweighs the strong presumption in favor of public access.
- Further, with regard to the proposed redactions to the autopsy reports the 31. Coroner's Office was willing to disclose, the Court finds that the Coroner's Office has not established by a preponderance of the evidence that the redacted material is privileged or confidential.

The Coroner's Office Did Not Comply With the NPRA's Mandate to Provide Legal Authority in Support of Its Decision to Withhold or Redact Records Within Five Days.

32. The NPRA provides that a governmental entity must provide timely and specific notice if it is denying a request because the entity determines the documents sought are confidential. Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.0107(1)(d) states that, within five (5) business days of receiving a request,

> [i]f the governmental entity must deny the person's request because the public book or record, or a part thereof, is confidential, provide to the person, in writing: (1) Notice of that fact; and (2) A citation to the specific statute or other legal authority that makes the public book or record, or a part thereof, confidential.

33. The Coroner's Office cannot rely on privileges, statutes, or other authorities that it failed to assert within five (5) business days to meet its burden of establishing that privilege attaches to any of the requested records.

The Attorney General Opinion Does Not Justify Non-Disclosure.

- 34. In its April 13, 2017 response to the LVRJ's records request, the Coroner's Office relied on a 1982 Attorney General Opinion, 1982 Nev. Op. Atty. Gen. No. 12 as a basis for its refusal to produce the requested autopsy reports.
- 35. The Court finds that, consistent with Nevada Supreme Court precedent, Attorney General Opinions are not binding legal authority. See Univ. & Cmty. Coll. Sys. of Nevada v. DR Partners, 117 Nev. 195, 203, 18 P.3d 1042, 1048 (2001) (citing Goldman v. Bryan, 106 Nev. 30, 42, 787 P.2d 372, 380 (1990)); accord Redl v. Secretary of State, 120 Nev. 75, 80, 85 P.3d 797, 800 (2004).
- 36. Because it is not binding legal authority, the legal analysis contained in AGO 82-12 does not satisfy the Coroner's Office's burden of establishing that the records are confidential and that the interest in non-disclosure outweighs the presumption in favor of access.

Nevada Assembly Bill 57 Does Not Justify Non-Disclosure.

- 44. The Coroner's Office also cites to Assembly Bill 57, a bill adopted during the 2017 legislative session which made changes to Nevada laws pertaining to next-of-kin notifications as evidence that the privacy interest in autopsy reports outweighs the public's right of access.
- 45. The Court finds that Assembly Bill 57 (which had not been passed by Nevada Legislature at the time the Coroner's Office cited it in its April 14, 2017 email) is not "legal authority" as required by Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.0107(d)(1).
- 46. Moreover, the Court finds that Assembly Bill 57 does not demonstrate a legislative intent to undermine or negate the NPRA's mandates regarding producing public records. Thus, the Coroner's Office cannot rely on Assembly Bill 57 to meet its burden of

establishing that the records are confidential and that the interest in non-disclosure outweighs the presumption in favor of access.

Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407 Does Not Justify Non-Disclosure.

- 37. On July 9, 2017, in a response to a further email from the LVRJ inquiring on the status of the records, the Coroner's Office indicated it would not produce any records that pertained to any case that was subsequently handled by a child death review team pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.403, et. seq. The Coroner's Office specifically cited Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407, a statute which pertains to information acquired by child death review teams, as a basis for refusing to produce the records.
- 38. In addition to not being timely cited, Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407 does not satisfy the Coroner's Office's burden of establishing that any interest in nondisclosure outweighs the public's interest in the records.
- 39. Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.403, the State can organize child death review teams to review the records of selected cases of children under the age of 18 to assess and analyze the deaths, make recommendations for changes to law and policy, support the safety of children, and a prevent future deaths.
- 40. Under Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407(1), a child death review team may access, inter alia, "any autopsy and coroner's investigative records" relating to the death of a child. Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407(1)(b). Section 432B.407(6) in turn provides that "information acquired by, and the records of, a multidisciplinary team to review the death of a child are confidential, must not be disclosed, and are not subject to subpoena, discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil or criminal proceeding."
- 41. However, the Court finds that nothing in the language of Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407(6) indicates that records obtained by child death review teams are automatically confidential simply because the Coroner's Office transmitted those records at some point in time to a child death review team.
- 42. Moreover, to the extent that Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407 renders any records confidential, nothing in the language of Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407 indicates

records obtained by a child death review team must be kept confidential in perpetuity. Instead, the records of a child death review team must be kept confidential only during a child death review team's review of a child fatality.

43. Thus, the Coroner's Office's reliance on Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407 does not meet its burden of establishing that the records are confidential and that the interest in non-disclosure outweighs the presumption in favor of access.

HIPAA Does Not Justify Non-Disclosure.

- 44. In addition to its reliance on Nev. Rev. Stat. § 432B.407, the Coroner's Office in its September 7, 2017 Response also pointed to privacy protections for medical data under the Health Insurance Portability and Privacy Act (HIPAA) and NRS Chapter 629, as persuasive authority for its position that the requested records should be kept confidential.
- 47. However, in addition to that fact that the Coroner's Office failed to timely cite HIPAA as a basis for withholding or redacting the requested records, the Coroner's Office, it is not a covered entity under HIPAA.
- 48. Pursuant to 45 C.F.R. § 160.103, a covered entity is defined as: (1) a health plan; (2) a "health care clearinghouse;" or (3) "[a] health care provider who transmits any health information in electronic form in connection with a transaction covered by [HIPAA]." Moreover, 42 C.F.R. § 160.102 specifically states that HIPAA only applies to those three categories of health care entities. Thus, by its plain language, HIPAA is not intended to apply to autopsy records, and cannot be used by the Coroner's Office to withhold the requested records.
- 49. Accordingly, both because the Coroner's Office did not timely assert any legal or statutory authority to meet its burden in withholding the records, and because it has not met its burden in withholding or redacting the requested records, the Court finds that the Coroner's Office must disclose the requested records to the LVRJ in unredacted form.

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B. The NPRA Does Not Permit Government Entities to Charge to Redact or Withhold Records or to Conduct a Privilege Review.

50. The fees provisions relevant to public records requests are those set forth in Nev. Rev. Stat. §§ 239.052 and 239.055(1).

- 51. The Coroner's Office relied on Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.055(1) for fees for "extraordinary use." That statute provides that "... if a request for a copy of a public record would require a governmental entity to make extraordinary use of its personnel or technological resources, the governmental entity may, in addition to any other fee authorized pursuant to this chapter, charge a fee not to exceed 50 cents per page for such extraordinary use...." In its Responding Brief, even the Coroner's Office acknowledged that in 2013, the Nevada Legislature modified Nev. Rev. Stat. § 39.055 to limit fees for the "extraordinary use of personnel" to 50 cents per page.
- 52. The Court finds that Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.055(1) does not allow governmental entities to charge a fee for privilege review or to redact or withhold records. Interpreting Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.055 to limit public access by requiring requesters to pay public entities to charge for undertaking a review for responsive documents, confidentiality, and redactions would be inconsistent with the plain terms of the statute and with the mandate to liberally construe the NPRA. See Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.001(3).
- 53. Further, allowing a public entity to charge a requester for legal fees associated with reviewing for confidentiality is impermissible because "[t]he public official or agency bears the burden of establishing the existence of privilege based upon confidentiality." *DR Partners v. Bd. of Cty. Comm'rs of Clark Cty.*, 116 Nev. 616, 621, 6 P.3d 465, 468 (2000).
- 54. Moreover, the Court finds that no provision within the NPRA allows a governmental entity to charge a requester for a privilege review. Rather, the NPRA provides that a governmental entity may charge for providing a copy of a record, (Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.052(1)), for providing a transcript of an administrative proceeding, (Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.053), for information from a geographic information system (Nev. Rev. Stat. §

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239.054), or for the "extraordinary use" of personnel or technology. Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.055. A privilege review does not fall within any of these provisions.

- 55. The Court therefore finds that the Coroner's Office cannot charge the LVRJ a fee under Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.055(1) to conduct a review of the requested records.
- 56. Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.052(1) "a governmental entity may charge a fee for providing a copy of a public record." However, that fee may not exceed the "actual cost to the governmental entity to provide a copy of the public records ..." Id.
- The LVRJ indicated it wished to receive electronic copies of the requested 57. records. The LVRJ is not requesting hard copies, and the NPRA does not permit a per page fee to be charged for electronic copies. Thus, because the only cost for electronic copies is that of the medium (a CD), the Court finds that the Coroner's Office may not charge any additional fee besides the cost of the CD.

III.

ORDER

- 58. Based on the foregoing findings of fact and conclusions of law, the Court hereby orders as follows:
- 59. The Coroner's Office shall produce autopsy reports of autopsies conducted of anyone under the age of 18 conducted from 2012 through April 13, 2017 to the LVRJ in unredacted form.
- The Coroner's Office shall make the records available to the LVRJ 60. expeditiously and on a rolling basis. The Coroner's Office must provide all the requested records to the LVRJ by no later than December 28, 2017.
- At the hearing, the Coroner's Office stated it would be able to produce CDs with electronic copies of the requested records at a cost of \$15.00 per CD, and the LVRJ stated it was willing to pay such a fee or provide its own CD. In producing the requested records, the Coroner's Office may charge the LVRJ a fee of up to \$15.00 per CD consistent with Nev. Rev. Stat. § 239.052(1). No additional fees shall be permitted.

A758501 - ORDER GRANTING PETITIONER LURIS PUBLIC RECORDS ACT APPLICATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239.001 PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS ORDER It is so ORDERED this day of 2017. DISTRIC Prepared and submitted by: Margaret A. McLetchie, NBN 10931 Alina M. Shell, NBN 11711 McLetchie Shell, LLC 701 East Bridger Ave., Suite 520 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Counsel for Petitioner ATTORNEYS AT LAW
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Electronically Filed 9/27/2018 9:44 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT **MEXM** 1 DEANNA L. FORBUSH 2 Nevada Bar No. 6646 Email: dforbush@clarkhill.com 3 COLLEEN E. MCCARTY Nevada Bar No. 13186 Email: cmccarty@clarkhill.com **CLARK HILL PLLC** 5 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500 6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300 7 Facsimile: (702) 862-8400 Attorneys for Petitioner 8 Republican Attorneys General Association 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL Case No.: A-18-780538-W 12 Dept. No.: IV ASSOCIATION, 13 Petitioner, REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL 14 ASSOCIATION'S EMERGENCY MOTION FOR EXAMINATION OF VS. 15 WITHHELD RECORDS ON ORDER LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE SHORTENING TIME 16 DEPARTMENT, 17 Date: Time: Respondent. 18 19 Petitioner, Republican Attorneys General Association ("RAGA" or "Petitioner"), by and 20 through its attorneys of record, Deanna L. Forbush, Esq. and Colleen E. McCarty, Esq., of the 21 law firm of Clark Hill PLLC, hereby submits its Emergency Motion for Examination of 22 Withheld Records on Order Shortening Time ("Emergency Motion"), which pertains to the 23 video and audio recordings made by police-worn body cameras Metro has identified as 24 25 responsive to RAGA public records requests, in order to ensure that the claim said records are 26 confidential and unable to be redacted is tested in a fair and adversarial matter. See e.g. Reno 27 Newspapers, Inc. v. Gibbons, 127 Nev. 873, 882-83, 266 P.3d 623, 629 (2011). 28 Page 1 of 10

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JA000109

1	This Emergency Motion is made and based on the following Memorandum of Points
2	and Authorities; the Declaration of Colleen E. McCarty, Esq., included therein; the papers and
3	pleadings already on file; and any argument the Court may permit at the hearing of this matter.
4	Dated this 25th of September, 2018.
5	CLARK HILL PLLC
6	
7 8	By: Oller E. M. DEANNA L. FORBUSH
9	Nevada Bar No. 6646
10	COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 13186
11	3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500
	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300
12	Attorneys for Petitioner Republican Attorneys General Association
13	
14	ORDER SHORTENING TIME
15	Having considered the Declaration of Counsel in Support of Order Shortening Time, and
16	good cause appearing:
17	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the time to hear the instant Emergency Motion for
18	Examination of Withheld Records is shortened and set on the day of
19	2018, atp.m., in Dept. IV of the Eighth Judicial District Court. Petitioner shall
20 21	file and electronically serve Respondents the same day the OST is returned signed by the Court.
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1	Respondent shall have until the day of, 2018 to file a writter
2	Opposition. Petitioner shall be permitted to reply orally at the time set for the hearing, above.
3	Dated this 26 day of September, 2018.
4	Leng Carles
5	KERRY EARLEY DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
6	Respectfully submitted by:
7	CLARK HILL PLLC
8	CLARK HILL PLLC
9	By: Colleen E. M. a
10	DEANNA L. FORBUSH Nevada Bar No. 6646
11	COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ.
12	Nevada Bar No. 13186 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500
13	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300
14	Attorneys for Petitioner Republican Attorneys General Association
15	
16	DECLARATION OF COLLEEN E. MCCARTY IN SUPPORT OF
17	EMERGENCY MOTION ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME
18	I, COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, attest and declare as follows:
19	1. I am an attorney licensed to practice before all the courts of the State of Nevada,
20	and I am admitted to practice before this Court. I am one of the attorneys for the Republican
21	Attorneys General Association ("RAGA"), the Petitioner in the instant matter.
22	2. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated in this Declaration. If called upon
23	to testify to the same, I am competent to do so.
24	3. The purpose of RAGA's Emergency Motion is to ensure that Respondent, Las
25	Vegas Metropolitan Police Department ("Metro"), provides opposing counsel and the Court a
26	fair opportunity to argue and ultimately determine whether disclosure of the video and audio
27	recordings made by police-worn body cameras at the time of the encounter between Metro

police officers and State Senator Aaron Ford ("Senator Ford") on November 13, 2017 will be made, with or without redaction.

- 4. In an effort to determine whether this matter might be resolved informally, I initiated a teleconference with counsel of record for Metro, Jackie V. Nichols, Esq. of the law firm Marquis Aurbach Coffing, which took place on Monday, September 24, 2018. The purpose of the call was to confirm the published statement by Senator Ford's campaign in response to the instant lawsuit that "[I]t was a minor incident on private property involving one of their pre-teen children," and that "Metro called the parents of all the kids involved so that they could deal with the issue privately," In such case, RAGA believed the video and audio recording made by police-worn body cameras would not be confidential under the provisions of NRS 62H.025 and NRS 62H.030 pertaining to juvenile justice records, and Metro would be in a position to stipulate to disclosure.
- 5. Contrary to Senator Ford's campaign statement, however, Ms. Nichols disclosed for the first time on behalf of Metro that there is substantial body camera video of the encounter in question, that the juveniles at the scene were arrested, and that there was no way to provide redacted versions of any of the videos because the entirety of the encounter concerned juveniles being arrested.
- 6. In light of the complete disparity between Senator Ford's campaign statement and the claim of Metro's counsel concerning the substance of the body camera videos, I emailed Ms. Nichols to request that her client stipulate to a temporary protective order for an attorneys' eyes only viewing of the videos as soon as possible. I explained that, absent the opportunity to view the videos, we would have insufficient information with which to meaningfully contest

¹ Riley Snyder, "Republican AG Group Files Lawsuit Seeking Police Footage of Interaction With Democratic Candidate Aaron Ford and His Child, *The Nevada Independent*, September 6, 2018; https://thenevadaindependent.com/article/republican-ag-group-files-lawsuit-seeking-police-footage-of-interaction-with-democratic-candidate-aaron-ford-and-his-child.

Metro's claim of confidentiality and would have no alternative but to seek Court intervention.

- 7. In response, Ms. Nichols explained that pursuant to NRS 62H.025, Metro did not have the authority to enter into an agreement to allow for attorney's eyes only viewing of the video in question and denied RAGA's request. Ms. Nichols asserted that because the videos ostensibly contain juvenile justice information the body camera footage in its entirety is confidential and may not be redacted.
- 8. Ms. Nichols also advised that the body worn camera video of the event at issue is encompassed in some 16 hours of unrelated video because the officers left their body cameras rolling continuously. Such continuous activation is contrary to Metro's body worn cameras policy, which generally requires officers to activate the cameras at the beginning of an event and to deactivate the cameras when the event concludes. Further, Ms. Nichols did not confirm what quantity of footage actually relates to the event at issue, only to state that it was less than 16 hours' worth.
- 9. The Court previously entered the parties' Stipulation and Order Regarding Briefing Schedule on September 21, 2018 and set RAGA Public Records Act Application Pursuant to NRS 239.001/Petition for Writ of Mandamus ("Petition") on for expedited hearing on October 17, 2018. If there is to be any reasonable opportunity for counsel and the Court to receive and view the videos in question, RAGA's Emergency Motion must be heard by the Court at the very earliest opportunity, preferably no later than Monday, October 1, 2018.
- 10. As a former investigative journalist for KLAS-TV, I am well versed in video editing and am uniquely qualified to review the videos in question to assist the Court in determining whether the videos may, in fact, be redacted or otherwise edited to separate the confidential information from the information that is not confidential, as required pursuant to NRS 239.010(3).
 - 11. This request for Order Shortening Time is made in good faith and without Page 5 of 10

1	dilatory motive, and is meant to assist the Court in the timely disposition of all pending matters.
2	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada (NRS 53.045) ²
3	that the foregoing is true and correct.
4	Dated this 25th day of September, 2018.
5	COLLEEN E. MCCARTY
7	
8	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES
9	I.
10	STATEMENT OF RELEVANT FACTS
11	The facts relevant to the instant Emergency Motion are contained within the Declaration
12	of Colleen E. McCarty, Esq., supra, and are incorporated by reference herein.
13	II.
14	RESPONDENT SHOULD BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE THE WITHHELD RECORDS
15	TO PETITIONER'S COUNSEL AND THE COURT FOR EXPEDITED REVIEW
17	Under Nevada law, all video and audio recordings made by police-worn body cameras
18	are public records subject to inspection. NRS 289.830(2) states in pertinent part:
20	Any record made by a portable event recording device ³ pursuant to this section is a public record which may be: (a) Requested only on a per incident basis; and
21 22 23	(b) Available for inspection only at the location where the record is held if the record contains confidential information that may not otherwise be redacted.
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26 27 28	NRS 53.045 Use of unsworn declaration in lieu of affidavit or other sworn declaration. Any matter whose existence or truth may be established by an affidavit or other sworn declaration may be established with the same effect by an unsworn declaration of its existence or truth signed by the declarant under penalty of perjury, and dated, in substantially the prescribed form. "Portable event recording device' means a device issued to a peace officer by a law enforcement agency to be worn on his or her body and which records both audio and visual events occurring during an encounter with a member of the public while performing his or her duties as a peace officer." NRS 289.830(3)(b). Page 6 of 10

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(Emphasis added.) *See also* Metro Form LVMPD 556 (entitled "Body-Worn Camera Video Public Records Request, Pursuant to NRS 239"), https://www.lvmpd.com/en-us/Documents/LVMPD556 BWC 10-15v2 07-2017.pdf.

The Nevada Public Records Act ("NPRA") reflects that records of governmental entities belong to the public in Nevada. NRS 239.010(1) requires that, unless a record is confidential, "all public books and public records of a governmental entity must be open at all times during office hours to inspection by any person, and may be fully copied[.]" The NPRA also contains specific legislative findings and declarations that "[its] purpose . . . is to foster democratic principles by providing members of the public with access to inspect and copy public books and records to the extent permitted by law" and that its provisions "must be construed liberally to carry out this important purpose[.]" NRS 239.001(1)-(2). Further, "[a]ny exemption, exception or balancing of interests which limits access to public books and records....must be construed narrowly." NRS 239.001(3).

Beyond the general provisions of NRS 239.001, the NPRS contains the specific mandate that a governmental entity:

"....shall not deny a request....to inspect or copy a public book or record on the basis that the public book or record contains information that is confidential if the governmental entity can redact, delete, conceal or separate the confidential information from the information included in the public book or record that is not otherwise confidential."

NRS 239.010(3) (emphasis added).

In the instant case, Metro's counsel has taken the firm position that redaction of the videos in question is impossible. In light of the contrary position advanced by Senator Ford's campaign, RAGA's counsel and the Court are left in the untenable position of guessing at the truth of the matter. Even now, some nine months after RAGA's initial public records request, Metro still cannot or will not provide even the most basic information regarding the body

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III.

CONCLUSION

For all of the reasons set forth above, RAGA respectfully requests this Court grant its Emergency Motion and require Metro to provide copies of all audio and video recordings of police-worn body cameras related to the encounter between Metro officers and Senator Ford on November 13, 2017 to the Court and to RAGA's counsel for its attorney's eyes only review, in order to allow Metro's claim of confidentiality to be tested and decided in a fair and adversarial manner.

Dated this 25th of September, 2018.

CLARK HILL PLLC

DEANNA L. FORBUSH

Nevada Bar No. 6646 COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 13186

3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 862-8300

Attorneys for Petitioner

Republican Attorneys General Association

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Clark Hill PLLC, and that of
3	this 27 th day of September, 2018, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoin
4	REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL ASSOCIATION'S EMERGENCY MOTION
5	FOR EXAMINATION OF WITHHELD RECORDS ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME
7	by electronic means by operation of the Court's electronic filing system, upon each party in thi
8	case who is registered as an electronic case filing user with the Clerk.
9	Nick D. Crosby, Esq.
10	Jackie V. Nichols, Esq. MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING
11	10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, NV 89145
12	ncrosby@maclaw.com jnichols@maclaw.com
13	Attorneys for Respondent
14	Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department
15	
16	
17	An Employee of Clark Hill PLLC

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	Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT
1	Marquis Aurbach Coffing Nick D. Crosby, Esq.
2	Nevada Bar No. 8996 Jackie V. Nichols, Esq.
3	Nevada Bar No. 14246
4	10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89145
5	Telephone: (702) 382-0711 Facsimile: (702) 382-5816
6	ncrosby@maclaw.com jnichols@maclaw.com
7	Attorneys for Respondent, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department
8	DISTRICT COURT
9	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
10	REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL Case No.: A-18-780538-W Dept. No.: IV
11	The state of the s
12	Petitioner,
13	VS.
14	LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT,
15	Respondent.
16	RESPONDENT LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT'S
17	OPPOSITION TO REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL ASSOCIATION'S EMERGENCY MOTION FOR EXAMINATION OF WITHHELD RECORDS ON
18	ORDER SHORTENING TIME
19	Respondent Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department ("LVMPD" or the
20	"Department"), by and through its attorneys of record, Nicholas Crosby, Esq. and Jackie Nichols,
21	Esq., of the law firm of Marquis Aurbach Coffing, hereby files an Opposition to Republican
22	Attorneys General Association's Emergency Motion for Examination of Withheld Records on
23	Order Shortening Time.
24	111

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This Opposition is made and based upon the papers and pleadings on file herein, the Memorandum of Points and Authorities, and any oral argument allowed by the Court at a hearing on this matter.

Dated this day of October, 2018.

MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING

By:

Nick D. Crosby, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 8996 Jackie V. Nichols, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 14246 10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorneys for Respondent, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

T. INTRODUCTION

The Court is charged with making a simple determination: Whether the records requested pertain directly to a child subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. If the Court determines that the incident involves a child subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, this Court must dismiss the instant Petition because the juvenile court retains exclusive jurisdiction over this matter. It is undisputed that the records sought pertain to a minor child or children, as demonstrated by RAGA's own requests. Thus, it is LVMPD's position that the records sought contain juvenile justice information, placing subject matter jurisdiction over this case in the hands of the juvenile court. Nevertheless, if the Court retains jurisdiction over this matter, then the Court must decide this case on the merits and determine whether the production of the records is required. Importantly, prior to an order requiring the dissemination of records, including to opposing counsel, this Court must notify Juvenile Justice Services and afford it an opportunity to be heard.

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Should this Court determine that the Nevada Public Records Act applies, RAGA's Emergency Motion is premature. While the burden is on the government to demonstrate confidentiality, LVMPD has not yet been afforded the opportunity to prove its case on the merits. The Supreme Court has specifically addressed similar situations where the requester contends it does not have sufficient information to argue against confidentiality. In those scenarios, the court must first entertain the Petition for Writ of Mandamus to determine whether the government has met its burden. If the government's response is deficient, the court may order the agency to provide a Vaughn Index—not an examination of the records. Under no circumstances is an agency required to turn over the records it deems confidential prior to the matter being heard on the merits.

In sum, the actual footage from the videos is entirely irrelevant to LVMPD's objections to disclosure and RAGA's request that counsel be permitted to review the records is unprecedented and wholly improper prior to this matter being heard on the merits.

II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

RAGA'S REQUEST FOR JUVENILE JUSTICE INFORMATION. Α.

Republican Attorneys General Association ("RAGA") has sought records pertaining to juveniles. See Petition for Writ of Mandamus ("Petition") at Exhibits 1-A, 1-C, 1-F, and 1-I. While RAGA claims it only seeks the Body Worn Camera ("BWC") footage from a particular event involving juveniles, its request specifically seeks the following information:

[W]e request all body camera footage and or audio from body camera footage (if visual images do not exist), the police or investigative report or summary, witness and or victim statements, all computer aided dispatch (CAD) between all LVMPD personnel at the scene and with dispatch or any other statements by officers or witnesses related to an incident with LVMPD Officer Zarkowski concerning minor child and/or Aaron D. Ford (State Senator) at approximately 3:00 p.m. on November 13, 2017 at 7008 Connor Cove Street, Las Vegas, NV 89118.

Id. at Exhibit 1-C, I-F, and 1-I (emphasis added). Notably, RAGA redacted the minor child's name(s) in its Petition with Court because it recognized that juvenile information is protected under NRS 62H.020 and 62H.025. Nevertheless, it cannot be any clearer that RAGA's request directly relates to a minor child. Id.

Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 (702) 382-0711 FAX: (702) 382-5816

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B. RAGA'S IMPROPER AND FLAWED EMERGENCY MOTION.

In its Emergency Motion, RAGA argues that it seeks information related to Senator Ford and not the minor child. In support of disclosure, RAGA argues that statements between Senator Ford and the police officers do not directly relate to a child. See Petition at Exhibit 1-I. RAGA, however, continues to ignore the simple fact that the footage requested directly pertains to a juvenile incident. Any communications between the officers and any other individual regarding the subject incident directly relates to the juveniles and is deemed confidential. See NRS 62H.025.

RAGA's Emergency Motion is also factually flawed. Counsel claims that the first time it learned that the juveniles were arrested was through a phone call with LVMPD's counsel. See Emergency Motion at p.4, ¶ 5. To the contrary, on May 15, 2018, LVMPD informed RAGA that the juveniles had been arrested. See Petition at Exhibit 1-I. LVMPD further explained that NRS 62H.025 and NRS 62H.030 governed dissemination of the requested records. *Id.* In response, RAGA claimed that LVMPD's interpretation was too broad and "does not encompass all situations 'involving juveniles arrested[.]" See Petition at Exhibit 1-I. Whether by mistake, or misrepresentation, RAGA's claim that it recently learned of the arrests is simply not true. Indeed, RAGA learned that the juveniles involved in the subject incident had been arrested nearly four months prior to Senator Ford's campaign press release.

RAGA's Motion also misstates the communication between counsel. On September 24, 2018, Ms. McCarty contacted the undersigned to discuss LVMPD's position on the requested records. See Declaration of Jackie V. Nichols, Esq., attached hereto as Exhibit A. It was explained to Ms. McCarty that LVMPD maintained the same position—the requested records were subject to NRS 62H.025 and NRS 62H.030 and not subject to disclosure given that the juveniles had been arrested. Id. Redaction of the footage was not discussed. Id. Ms. McCarty also inquired into facts regarding the video footage including how many videos regarding the incident existed and how many hours of footage existed. Id. At the time, counsel for LVMPD had not yet reviewed the records and estimated approximately either 24 hours of footage or 24 videos. Id.

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The following day, Ms. McCarty followed up with an email to LVMPD's counsel claiming that this was the first time she had heard of the juveniles being arrested. See a true and correct copy of the emails between counsel attached hereto as Exhibit B. Quite tellingly, Ms. McCarty later acknowledged that the arrest of the juveniles would implicate the confidentiality provisions set forth in NRS 62H.025 and prohibit disclosure. Id. Ms. McCarty also requested, without any supporting authority, that she be provided copies of the footage prior to the matter being heard on the merits. Id.

In response, the undersigned clarified that there were 16 total hours of footage associated with the incident and explained that the officers involved had their cameras activated prior to responding to the incident subject to RAGA's request, resulting in continuous footage. Id. Counsel for LVMPD also indicated that LVMPD does not manipulate the footage, but associates the entire video with the incident, despite the fact that entire video(s) may not be relevant to the incident. Id. Nevertheless, in the event the Court orders production, the footage not relevant to RAGA's request would be redacted. Id.

C. THE NOVEMBER 13, 2017 INCIDENT.

On November 13, 2017, LVMPD investigated an incident involving certain juveniles. See Declaration of Officer Zarkowski attached hereto as Exhibit C. As a result of the investigation, the juveniles were arrested for an alleged violation of law. Id. The incident did not involve an arrest of any adult. Id. As a result of the arrest of the juveniles, LVMPD provided its investigative file, including Body Worn Camera footage, to relevant personnel within the juvenile justice system. *Id.*

III. LEGAL ARGUMENT

LEGAL STANDARD. A.

Under the Nevada Public Records Act ("NPRA"), a person may request to inspect or have a copy made of a public record from a governmental entity. See NRS 239.010. A governmental agency may deny a public records request if the public record sought is deemed confidential. NRS 239.0107(1)(d). In doing so, the governmental entity must inform the requester that the requested records are confidential and cite to the legal authority that renders

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the records confidential. *Id.* Upon denial of a request to inspect or copy records, the requester may apply to the district court for an order requiring the disclosure or inspection of records. NRS 239.011(1). Generally, a court is to presume that all public records are open to disclosure unless either: (1) a statute has expressly created an exemption or exception to disclosure; or (2) after balancing the interests for nondisclosure against the general policy of access, the court determines restriction of public access is appropriate. *See City of Sparks v. Reno Newspapers, Inc.*, 399 P.3d 352, 355 (2017). During a *judicial proceeding* regarding the confidentiality of records, the governmental entity has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the requested record is confidential. NRS 239.0113 (emphasis added).

B. THE RECORDS SOUGHT ARE DIRECTLY RELATED TO JUVENILES.

Nevada maintains statutes that directly address juveniles and dissemination of related records. *See* NRS Chapters 62 and 63. In its Petition, RAGA justifies its request under NRS Chapter 179A, claiming that the record being sought pertains to criminal history information. NRS 179A.070(2)(b), however, specifically excludes juveniles records from criminal history information. Rather, NRS Chapter 62H governs the confidentiality and dissemination of juvenile records. In particular, NRS 62H.025 provides:

Juvenile justice information is confidential and may only be released in accordance with the provisions of this section or as expressly authorized by other federal or state law.

The statute further defines "juvenile justice information" as "any information which is directly related to a child in need of supervision, a delinquent child or any other child who is otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court." NRS 62H.025(6)(b). A child living or found within the county who is alleged to have committed a delinquent act, is subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. NRS 62B.330. With respect to this particular statute, a child commits a delinquent act when such an act violates the law. NRS 62B.330(2)(a)-(b).

Here, the juveniles were arrested for allegedly committing a delinquent act, rendering the child subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. Whether the footage depicts Senator Ford, or any other adult, is of no consequence. The focus must be on the information being recorded. In this instance, the information recorded and sought, concerns an incident involving the arrest of

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juveniles. It follows that any communication between victims, witnesses, and officers regarding the arrest of the juveniles on the body worn camera footage is directly related to the incident involving a child subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, i.e., juvenile justice information. Thus, any record directly related to the juvenile incident at issue would be deemed juvenile justice information and subject to the provisions in NRS 62H.025 and not the NPRA.

C. JUVENILE RECORDS ARE NOT GOVERNED BY THE NPRA.

In 2013, the Legislature made significant changes to the NPRA, and specifically to NRS 239.010 based upon recent Supreme Court decisions. *See* Assembly Bill 31, 77 Nev. Leg., *generally*. Today, NRS 239.010 provides:

Except as otherwise stated in this section and . . . NRS 62H.025, NRS 62H.030 . . and unless otherwise declared by law to be confidential . . . all public books and public records of a governmental entity must be [subject to inspection] and may be fully copied . . .

There is no doubt that the lists of statutes now enumerated within NRS 239.010 serve as exceptions from the NPRA. In fact, the entire purpose of codifying statutes was to provide clarity to both the public and government in determining what records were exempt from the NPRA. *See* Hearing on AB 31 Before the Assembly Committee on Government Affairs, 77 Leg. (Nev. Feb. 7, 2013).

Based on the inclusion of NRS 62H.025 and NRS 62H.030 within the set of statutes exempted from the NPRA, it is clear that the Legislature recognized an exception to the NPRA for juvenile records. In determining whether the instant juvenile records are required to be disclosed, the Court must rely on NRS 62H.025 and NRS 62H.030—not the NPRA. However, because this matter involves juvenile records, the juvenile court retains exclusive jurisdiction. NRS 62B.310 and NRS 62B.410. Thus, this Court lacks jurisdiction to enter an order providing for the dissemination of the subject juvenile records.

D. THE JUVENILE COURT RETAINS EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OVER THE RECORDS BEING REQUESTED.

As indicated above, the records at issue pertain to a child subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. Because the records stem from the incident that placed the juvenile within the Page 7 of 12

juvenile court's jurisdiction, the juvenile court retains exclusive jurisdiction over the instant case. A juvenile court retains exclusive jurisdiction over the juvenile and related records until the juvenile court terminates its jurisdiction. NRS 62B.310 and NRS 62B.410; see also Montesano v. Donrey Media Group, 99 Nev. 644, n.4, 868 P.2d 1081 (1983) (recognizing that although a juvenile court loses jurisdiction over an individual who is 21 years old, publication of juvenile records after the child reaches 21 years old is wholly without merit given the protective goals of the Juvenile Court Act, which seeks to encourage rehabilitation of the youthful offenders). Because the records being sought pertain to the very incident that placed the child within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, the juvenile court maintains jurisdiction to determine whether the requested records may be disseminated.

In 2002, the Attorney General issued an opinion related to the dissemination of juvenile records. *See Juveniles; Sex offenders; Parole and Probation*, Op. Att'y Gen. No. 2002-47 (December 31, 2002). The Attorney General addressed whether the Nevada Department of Public Safety's Division of Parole and Probation ("Division") was prohibited from disseminating unsealed juvenile record information, related to a violent crime or sex offense, to a third party such as an employer, spouse, or potential victim. *Id.* at *1. While the Attorney General ultimately determined that the Division is not prohibited from releasing violent crime or sex offense information under certain circumstances, it also indicated that the Division should defer to the juvenile court and NRS Chapter 62 for guidance. *Id.* at *5. Indeed, the Attorney General recommended that the Division refer the requester to the juvenile court to demonstrate a legitimate interest in the records. *Id.* Furthermore it is the juvenile court that may order the records to be disseminated. *Id.*

Despite amendments to NRS Chapter 62 since 2002, the purpose and policy of the Juvenile Court Act has remained intact. Juvenile records, including juvenile justice information, must be sought from the juvenile court, as it is in the best position to determine whether or not dissemination of such records is appropriate pursuant to NRS 62H.025. Thus, the juvenile court retains exclusive jurisdiction to hear matters concerning the juvenile and related records.

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Because this Court lacks jurisdiction, the Petition must be dismissed. Alternatively, this Court should enter an order directing this case to the juvenile court.

E. LVMPD IS NOT THE PROPER PARTY TO THIS CASE.

NRS Chapter 62 makes clear that the Juvenile Justice Agency is responsible for releasing records related to juveniles. The Juvenile Justice Agency may only release juvenile justice information in certain circumstances outlined in NRS 62H.025. Generally, a request for juvenile justice information must be directed at the Juvenile Justice Agency, not the law enforcement agency. NRS 62H.025(3). A Juvenile Justice Agency may deny a request for information if the request does not demonstrate good cause or the release of information would cause material harm to the child or prejudice a court proceeding. Id. It is the Juvenile Justice Agency, not LVMPD, in the position to make the determination whether the juvenile records are appropriate for release. Not only are the subject records not governed by the NPRA, but a request for the records must be directed to the Juvenile Justice Agency and not LVMPD.

Even if this Court determines that LVMPD is a proper party to this action, the Juvenile Justice System is an indispensable party. See NRCP 19(b). To be sure, a Court that orders juvenile justice information to be released must provide the Juvenile Justice Agency with notice and an opportunity to be heard before the issuance of such order. NRS 62H.025(2)(r). Thus, prior to ordering LVMPD to disseminate the requested records, including to opposing counsel, this Court must notify the Juvenile Justice Agency¹ and give the agency an opportunity to be heard on the matter.

F. THE NPRA DOES NOT SUPPORT RAGA'S REQUEST FOR **EXAMINATION OF RECORDS.**

The NPRA does not permit records to be pre-disclosed prior to the case being heard on the merits. RAGA improperly relies on NRS 239.010(3) to support its position that the records should be provided to counsel. An agency is required to redact confidential information within

¹ It is LVMPD's understanding that the Juvenile Justice Services is the proper Juvenile Justice Agency to be notified.

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public records as it relates to disclosure to the requester—not counsel. NRS 239.010(3). Notably, RAGA's counsel is not seeking to examine redacted versions of the records, but requests to review all 16 hours of footage. More importantly, no language within the NPRA requires, or even permits, records to be provided to counsel prior to the case being heard on the merits. The Supreme Court has established the proper procedural vehicle for addressing the very issue RAGA raises. The NPRA places the burden on the government agency to demonstrate that the records at issue are confidential. NRS 239.0113. LVMPD has not yet been given this opportunity. If LVMPD demonstrates that the records are, in fact, confidential, the inquiry ends. RAGA, however, may argue that it was not given an opportunity to argue against confidentiality. If the Court determines that LVMPD did not meet its burden and RAGA was not given an opportunity to rebut confidentiality, the Court may order LVMPD to produce a Vaughn Index. Reno Newspapers v. Gibbons, 127 Nev. 873, 882-84, 266 P.3d 623, 629-631 (2011). In Gibbons, the court determined that the agency had failed to meet its burden and the in camera proceeding was improper. Id. The court further explained that to preserve the adversarial process the requester should have been provided the log that was given to the court, or at least been provided a factual explanation of the emails and the privilege asserted. Id. The court remanded the case to the lower court with instructions to direct the agency to provide the requester with a log. Id.

This case does not require a *Vaughn* Index. RAGA's request specifically outlines that it seeks the BWC footage related to the incident involving minor children. Despite requesting footage that depicts Senator Ford, the information within the videos explicitly pertains to juvenile justice information which is deemed confidential per statute.² Moreover, when a per se exemption exists, like NRS 62H.025 provides, a *Vaughn* Index is not required. *See Lewis v. Internal Revenue Service*, 823 F.2d 375, 380 (9th Cir. 1987) (determining that a *Vaughn* Index was not required because the documents requested were *per se* exempt from disclosure,

² As counsel for LVMPD indicated previously, footage not related to the incident would be redacted as it is not responsive to RAGA's request. Nevertheless, the footage responsive to RAGA's request, directly concerns the incident involving the juveniles, who are subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.

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regardless of the content of the records, and the government did not gain an advantage by access to material facts that the requester lacked).

The question in this case pertains to whether NRS 62H.025 and NRS 62H.030 prohibit disclosure of the requested information. In other words, this Court must determine whether or not the records are considered juvenile justice information. Neither a privilege log nor a cursory review of the footage will assist RAGA in arguing against confidentiality pursuant to NRS 62H.025. More importantly, it is the Court—not Ms. McCarty herself—who must apply the law and test the veracity of LVMPD's confidentiality arguments. This, however, is done after LVMPD has had an opportunity to argue the merits of the case. There is simply no legal authority that supports RAGA's request for examination of records prior to LVMPD being given the opportunity to meet its burden.

IV. **CONCLUSION**

Based on the foregoing, LVMPD requests that this Court deny RAGA's Emergency Motion for examination of the body worn camera footage and dismiss the Petition for lack of jurisdiction. If this Court determines it has jurisdiction, prior to ordering disclosure, it must notify Juvenile Justice Services and provide it an opportunity to be heard on the matter. Finally, neither a privilege log nor review of the records is proper in this case because the records are per se exempt pursuant to NRS 62H.025 and NRS 62H.030 and would not assist RAGA in arguing against confidentiality.

Dated this 3 day of October, 2018.

MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING

Bv:

Nick D. Crosby, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 8996 Jackie V. Nichols, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 14246

10001 Park Run Drive

Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorneys for Respondent, Las Vegas

Metropolitan Police Department

MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING 10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 (702) 382-0711 FAX: (702) 382-5816

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that the foregoing RESPONDENT LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN

POLICE DEPARTMENT'S OPPOSITION TO REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL

ASSOCIATION'S EMERGENCY MOTION FOR EXAMINATION OF WITHHELD

RECORDS ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME was submitted electronically for filing and/or service with the Eighth Judicial District Court on the day of October, 2018. Electronic service of the foregoing document shall be made in accordance with the E-Service List as follows:³

Deanna L. Forbush, Esq.
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Counsel for Petitioner,
Republican Attorneys General Association

I further certify that I served a copy of this document by mailing a true and correct copy thereof, postage prepaid, addressed to:

N/A

An employee of Marquis Aurbach Coffing

³ Pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a), each party who submits an E-Filed document through the E-Filing System consents to electronic service in accordance with NRCP 5(b)(2)(D).

EXHIBIT "A"

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DECLARATION OF JACKIE V. NICHOLS, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF OPPOSITION TO EMERGENCY MOTION FOR EXAMINATION OF WITHHELD RECORDS

JACKIE V. NICHOLS, ESQ., declares as follows:

- 1. I am over the age of 18 years and have personal knowledge of the facts stated herein, except for those stated upon information and belief, and as to those, I believe them to be true. I am competent to testify as to the facts stated herein in a court of law and will so testify if called upon.
- 2. I am duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada and have personal knowledge of and I am competent to testify concerning the facts herein.
- 3. I make this declaration in support of Respondent Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department's Opposition to Republican Attorneys General Associate's Emergency Motion for Examination of Withheld Records on Order Shortening Time filed on behalf of the Respondent, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department ("LVMPD"), in the case Republican Attorneys General Association v. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, District Court Case No. A-18-780538-W.
 - I am the attorney for the Respondent, LVMPD in the above-referenced matter. 4.
- 5. On September 24, 2018, Ms. McCarty contacted me to discuss LVMPD's position on the requested records.
- I explained to Ms. McCarty that LVMPD maintained the same position—that the 6. records requested are subject to NRS 62H.025 and NRS 62H.030 and not subject to disclosure given that the juveniles had been arrested.
- 7. Neither redaction nor examination of the body worn camera footage was discussed.
- 8. Ms. McCarty also inquired into facts regarding the video footage including how many videos regarding the incident there were and how many hours of footage existed.
- At the time, I had not yet reviewed the records but had an understanding that there 9. may be approximately either 24 hours of footage or 24 videos.

10. On September 25, 2018, Ms. McCarty followed up with an email requesting that the body worn camera footage be provided for her review prior to this matter being heard on the merits. See a true and correct copy of the email exchange between counsel attached to the Opposition to Emergency Motion for Examination of Withheld Records as **Exhibit B**.

Pursuant to NRS § 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this 2 day of October, 2018.

NICHOLS, ESQ.

EXHIBIT "B"

Jackie V. Nichols

From:

McCarty, Colleen E. <cmccarty@clarkhill.com>

Sent:

Tuesday, September 25, 2018 12:13 PM

To:

Jackie V. Nichols

Cc:

Nick Crosby; Forbush, Deanna L.; Robertson, Cristina P.

Subject:

RE: RAGA v. LVMPD

Attachments:

image001.jpg

Ms. Nichols,

Thank you for your prompt response. For clarification, RAGA's request is solely for records involving Senator Aaron Ford, an adult. As we have stated, we have no interest in obtaining records regarding juveniles. And, until we spoke yesterday, based on the statements from Senator Ford's campaign, we were under the impression that no juveniles had actually been arrested, negating the applicability of NRS 62H.025.

Further, the recording you describe, i.e. 16 hours of continuous recording, is contrary to Metro policy which requires generally that officers activate the body camera when they respond to a call and deactivate it when the call concludes. I am unfamiliar with any scenario wherein an office would simply record all day as that would render labeling and categorizing the videos nearly impossible. Such inconsistencies make it all that more necessary for counsel to view the videos as soon as possible.

Finally, NRS 239.010(3) requires redaction of confidential information from information that is not otherwise confidential. Any records involving Senator Ford, an adult, are in no way confidential and should be produced. In order to ensure that we are able to have adequate adversarial testing of Metro's claims regarding the video, we believe your client's response leaves my client with no alternative but to seek a court order to view the video in question and we will proceed accordingly.

Colleen

Colleen E. McCarty

Associate

<u>CLARK HILL PLLC</u>
3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 500 | Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 697-7502 (direct) | (702) 862-8400 (fax)
CMccarty@ClarkHill.com | www.clarkhill.com

From: Jackie V. Nichols [mailto:jnichols@maclaw.com]

Sent: Tuesday, September 25, 2018 8:57 AM

To: McCarty, Colleen E.

Cc: Nick Crosby; Forbush, Deanna L.; Robertson, Cristina P. **Subject:** RE: RAGA v. LVMPD [IWOV-iManage.FID1042505]

Ms. McCarty,

For clarification, there is approximately 16 hours of video. The reason for 16 hours is that the officers involved had their body worn cameras running for hours prior to the event that you are seeking records for. Because the cameras were continuously recording, the entire video is associated with incident. In other words, LVMPD does not manipulate the recording to only include the subject incident if the officer's video includes other unrelated footage. Nonetheless, this information does not pertain to your client's request. The request at issue specifically identifies the incident involving minor children on November 13, 2017, at 7008 Connor Cove Street. The actual footage related to the incident is less than the total 16 hours of footage. Thus, the information contained within

those videos, such as traffic stops, would be redacted in the event of production because they are not subject to your request and entirely unrelated.

However, as I explained on the phone, and as recognized by your client's request, this incident involves juveniles. Indeed, the request asks for records related to the minor children. In accordance with NRS 62h.025, this information contains juvenile justice information which is only to be released to certain individuals or entities under certain circumstances. Nothing within that statute provides for redaction given the sensitive information. Given the provisions of NRS 62h.025, LVMPD does not have authority to enter into any agreement to allow you to review records that are clearly confidential.



Jacqueline V. Nichols, Esq. 10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, NV 89145 t | 702.207.6091 f | 702.856.8991 jnichols@maclaw.com



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From: McCarty, Colleen E. [mailto:cmccarty@clarkhill.com]

Sent: Monday, September 24, 2018 1:29 PM

To: Jackie V. Nichols

Cc: Nick Crosby; Forbush, Deanna L.; Robertson, Cristina P.

Subject: RAGA v. LVMPD

Ms. Nichols,

Thank you for taking the time to speak with me this morning. In follow-up to our conversation, I was surprised to learn, based on my understanding of the facts and circumstances at issue (albeit limited) that there are 24 to 26 hours of videos, or 24 to 26 videos at play. I was also surprised to learn that the entirety of the video involved juvenile arrests such that redactions would be unavailable.

Accordingly, it seems clear to me that in order to provide the Court with a clear picture of the public records at issue, and the potential for redaction, counsel will need to view the videos. To that end, would your client agree to a stipulated temporary protective order for attorney's eyes only viewing of the videos as soon as possible? Absent that, counsel will have insufficient information with which to meaningfully contest Metro's claim of confidentiality and my client will have no alternative but to seek Court intervention.

JA000136

Given the time sensitivity of this matter, if I do not receive a response from you by noon tomorrow, September 25, 2018, I will assume your client is unable and/or unwilling to agree to our request.

In an effort to accommodate any logistical concerns, counsel is willing to view the videos at Metro HQ at your earliest convenience. Should you wish to discuss this matter further, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Colleen

Colleen E. McCarty

Associate

CLARK HILL PLLC
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This email message and any attachments are confidential and may be privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, please notify us immediately by reply email and destroy all copies of this message and any attachments. Please do not copy, forward, or disclose the contents to any other person. Thank you.

EXHIBIT "C"

DECLARATION OF SEBASTIAN ZARKOWSKI, POLICE OFFICER II LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT

- I, Sebastian Zarkowski, hereby declare under the penalty of perjury:
- 1. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated herein, except for those stated upon information and belief, and, as to those, I believe them to be true. I am competent to testify as to the facts stated herein in a court of law and will so testify if called upon.
- 2. That I am employed by the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department (LVMPD) as a Police Officer II.
- 3. That on November 13, 2017 at approximately 1600 hours I was dispatched to a call involving juveniles under LVMPD Event No. 17113-2462.
- 4. That the juveniles were arrested for an alleged violation of law. The incident did not involve an arrest of any individual adult.
- 5. As a result of the arrest of the juveniles, LVMPD provided its investigative file to relevant personnel within the juvenile justice system.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. NRS 53.045.

EXECUTED this 2nd day of October, 2018.

Signature

Seco July

Separation Zarkowski

1 TRAN DISTRICT COURT 2 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 3 4 5 REPUBLICAN ATTORNEYS GENERAL 6 ASSOCIATION, CASE NO. A-18-7805387 Plaintiff, 8 DEPT. NO. VS. 9 10 LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE) Transcript of Proceedings DEPARTMENT, 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE KERRY EARLEY, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 ORDER SHORTENING TIME 14 FRIDAY, OCTOBER 5, 2018 15 **APPEARANCES:** 16 For the Plaintiff: COLLEEN E. MCCARTY, ESQ. 17 DEANNA FORBUSH, ESQ. 18 19 For the Defendants: JACQUELINE NICHOLS, ESQ. NICHOLAS D. CROSBY, ESQ. 20 21 RECORDED BY: SHARON NICHOLS, DISTRICT COURT 22 TRANSCRIBED BY: KRISTEN LUNKWITZ 23 24 Proceedings recorded by audio-visual recording, transcript

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produced by transcription service.

1	FRIDAY, OCTOBER 5, 2018 AT 9:00 A.M.	
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3	THE COURT: 780538. Counsel, give your appearance	
4	for the record.	
5	MS. MCCARTY: Good morning, Your Honor.	
6	THE COURT: Yes.	
7	MS. MCCARTY: Colleen McCarty on behalf of the	
8	Republican Attorneys General Association, joined by Deanna	
9	Forbush.	
10	THE COURT: Okay.	
11	MS. FORBUSH: Good morning.	
12	THE COURT: Good morning.	
13	MS. NICHOLS: Good morning, Your Honor. Jackie	
14	Nichols on behalf of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police	
15	Department.	
16	THE COURT: Okay.	
17	MR. CROSBY: Good morning, Your Honor. Nick	
18	Crosby on behalf of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police	
19	Department.	
20	THE COURT: Okay. All right. I've reviewed	
21	everything. I'm trying a little bit to figure out what the	
22	plaintiff wants. As you know, I did give an earlier date	
23	on the Petition for 10/17 and that's confirmed. A lot	
24	sorry. That's horrible. A lot of the argument in here is	

the substance and I know some of it overlaps. It's kind of

similar. I did a lot of criminal law.

Are what you asking me is basically that the judge looking at some -- the body cam footage to prepare for the hearing? Because, obviously, I can't have you look at -- that's -- I'm not going to -- that's waiving the privilege. I've never heard of a counsel saying, well, let me look at it. I mean, if what you're saying -- and I'm just trying to figure it out. So you can correct this crazy voice, but, I mean, I needed to -- I had sexual assault cases and there was some footage of some things that you can imagine that they felt were privileged. The defense would say, hey, DA or Metro, you're telling us it's this, this, and this. We don't know that. We want you, Judge. We understand privileges.

So, I kind of equated it to that. If I misunderstood, help me. What is it that you want today for relief? That would help me out.

MS. MCCARTY: Absolutely, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. MCCARTY: You, obviously, have read response, Opposition, and --

THE COURT: I --

MS. MCCARTY: -- so have we.

THE COURT: I've read everything.

MS. MCCARTY: And --

1 THE COURT: I actually even went to the Petition. 2 MS. MCCARTY: Right. And, respectfully, --3 THE COURT: To be on -- the arguments. 4 MS. MCCARTY: Respectfully, the Petition is not offered today. 5 6 THE COURT: No. Absolutely not. I could not --7 MS. MCCARTY: What is offered today --8 THE COURT: -- give an order shortening time. 9 just try to work with people when I -- if I think there is 10 something that may help facilitate the Petition, is how I 11 reviewed it. 12 MS. MCCARTY: Correct. 13 What we are asking for is an order from this Court 14 for attorneys' eyes only viewing of the video in question. 15 THE COURT: Okay. 16 MS. MCCARTY: And we believe that not only do you 17 have the authority to order such a review, the case law 18 demands such a review. 19 Just for the point of clarification because this 20 point keeps getting misstated, what we are asking for is 21 the videotape that involves Senator Aaron Ford, an adult. 22 That is what we have asked for. That is all we have asked

THE COURT: Okay. And so why is there a

for is the videotape and the records that relate to Senator

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Ford, the adult.

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  miscommunication here? Because they mentioned -- they
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   have actually said they would get -- I mean, I read
   everything. Right? That's not the issue. You -- at least
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   when I read it, tell us what you want, if there is a
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   separate part that just shows Aaron Ford in the body cam
   that does not contain any footage of the -- any juvenile.
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   Do you have any problem with that?
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            MS. NICHOLS: Yes, Your Honor, because --
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            THE COURT: Okay.
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            MS. NICHOLS: -- our --
11
            THE COURT: In what way?
12
            MS. NICHOLS: Our argument is that the footage
13
   pertains to a juvenile incident. So, for example, --
14
            THE COURT: Pertains to a juvenile incident?
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            MS. NICHOLS: Correct.
            THE COURT: Okay. So, by that general umbrella,
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17
   even if a juvenile is not in the footage, it's still
18
   protected under the privilege?
            MS. NICHOLS: That's correct. Under 62H.025.
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            THE COURT: No. I know the privilege. How do you
21
   have cases that make it that broad? Are you saying that
22
   the body cam footage would contain -- because I haven't
23
   seen it. As you know, I'm just trying to reason through --
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            MS. NICHOLS: Yes, Your Honor.
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THE COURT: -- what might -- that the body cam

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   footage, because of the substance within it, it would
2
   pertain to privileged information regarding juveniles?
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            MS. NICHOLS: That's correct, Your Honor.
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            THE COURT: Okay. All right. I'm just trying to
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   figure it out.
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            MS. NICHOLS: Just -- for an example, if they're
7
   discussing the actual incident that the juveniles were
8
   arrested for, that is pertaining --
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            THE COURT: That is -- because that is pertained -
10
11
            MS. NICHOLS: -- to the juvenile incident.
12
            THE COURT: Okay. Okay. All right. So, -- all
13
   right.
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            MS. MCCARTY: So, Your Honor, we're not here,
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   again, to argue the Petition today.
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            THE COURT: No, we're not. I know and I felt like
17
   I'm --
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            MS. MCCARTY: But, you know, when we do that --
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            THE COURT: Yeah, last night I was doing it.
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            MS. MCCARTY: -- we will certainly --
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            THE COURT: Okay. You tell me. I have never,
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   ever heard that an attorney who is trying to get a video
   from an entity saying, well, we can look at it, eyes only,
23
   and we can decide whether it's -- or we can look at it and
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we can decide better to argue whether it's privileged, I

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   guess is kind of what you've said in your thing. We need -
   - here's how I read it. I apologize for my voice. I hope
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   it doesn't -- it's irritating me.
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            How I read what you said is: Hey, we need to
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   prepare for the Petition and so we need to look at it so we
6
   can better prepare our argument for the Petition.
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            MS. MCCARTY: That is absolutely --
8
            THE COURT: Okay.
9
            MS. MCCARTY: -- correct.
10
            THE COURT: Now, you stood up and said to me I
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   must give it. What --
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            MS. MCCARTY: Correct.
13
            THE COURT: -- case says that?
14
            MS. MCCARTY: Gibbons. Gibbons versus Reno
15
   Newspapers.
16
            THE COURT: Oh, no -- okay.
17
            MS. MCCARTY: It is 127 --
18
            THE COURT: No. I read Reno. You -- it's -- I
   read that case.
19
20
            MS. MCCARTY: And what it says -- let me first
21
   give you a broad --
22
            THE COURT: Yeah. No. Help me with the quotes
23
   because --
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            MS. MCCARTY: -- overview. All right.
25
            First of all, when we do argue the Petition, we're
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most certainly going to argue that 62H is inapplicable 1 2 here. THE COURT: Of course. I get --3 MS. MCCARTY: 62H is inapplicable --4 5 THE COURT: -- all that because otherwise --MS. MCCARTY: -- here because --6 THE COURT: Yeah. 7 MS. MCCARTY: -- NRS 289.830, which is the body 8 cam statute, says without qualification, any record made by 9 10 a portable event recording device pursuant to this section 11 is a public record. 12 THE COURT: I'm not even going to argue --13 MS. MCCARTY: Period. 14 THE COURT: Listen, I -- I've heard -- I've had 15 body cam footage in a lot of my criminal -- this isn't my 16 first round of body cam footage -- usually it's the DA --17 MS. MCCARTY: Right. 18 THE COURT: -- to be very honest or the lady in-19 house for Metro, not you, because it's usually not involved 20 Believe me, I've heard this statute. I've looked civilly. 21 at body cams -- a lot of body cams to decide whether 22 something is or is not privileged. 23 MS. MCCARTY: Okay. 24 THE COURT: It's usually under a sexual assault

where there's -- there are statutes on privilege. I agree.

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   If there's not a privilege then you -- it -- you know, it
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   is a public record. No question. But my -- what I'm
   trying to figure out is the authority to say you -- I'm not
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   waiving their privilege by giving it to you. Because what
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   are you going to do with it? You're going to make the
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   determination whether it's privileged or not? Because I
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   think I'm supposed to do that.
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            MS. MCCARTY: Actually, --
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            THE COURT: So, --
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            MS. MCCARTY: -- because it says it must be both.
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            THE COURT: It must be what?
            MS. MCCARTY: Both. You and I.
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            THE COURT: Oh, I did not read that case -- I've
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   never --
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            MS. MCCARTY: Okay.
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            THE COURT: -- heard of that. So, tell me where
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   it says --
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            MS. MCCARTY:
                          Sure.
            THE COURT: -- both in the case. I have the case.
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            MS. MCCARTY: Absolutely.
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            THE COURT: I know I pulled the case. Wallah.
22
            MS. MCCARTY: If you can turn to --
23
            THE COURT: Tell me where.
24
            MS. MCCARTY: If you turn to page 7. I don't know
25
   what your printout looks like but it would be --
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1 THE COURT: My printout -- okay. Hold on just a 2 minute. 3 MS. MCCARTY: -- 883. 4 THE COURT: My printout is 127 Nevada 873. 5 MS. MCCARTY: Paragraph 6 begins --6 THE COURT: Hold on. Paragraph 6. Okay. It's by 7 I'll find it. I read it three -- ah. -- hold on. three -- okay. Para -- in and of itself? 8 9 MS. MCCARTY: In and of itself, --10 THE COURT: Correct. MS. MCCARTY: -- an in-camera review is not 11 12 improper. 13 THE COURT: Right. 14 MS. MCCARTY: In parenthesis, in-camera review reinforces the notion that the courts, rather than 15 16 government officials, are the final arbiter of what 17 qualifies as a public record. An in-camera review, 18 however is not a replacement for a log when a log is 19 necessary to preserve a fair adversarial proceeding. 20 It must be --21 THE COURT: Correct. You haven't asked for an in-22 camera log, which I think they would have a difficult time 23 -- on these body cams, logs usually apply when you have a 24 lot of records, you know, and they're trying to say there's

a privilege because I even starred where you -- I don't

know. I starred what you were talking about because I
thought I'm not sure a log -- I don't even --

MS. MCCARTY: Well, --

THE COURT: -- think we could do a log and I agree. I read it and it says a log doesn't necessarily substitute for an in-camera review. My question is: What -- I've looked at -- I have no problem. My thoughts were I'll do an in-camera review. I've looked at more footage than some days I would like to look at, but I totally agree that that would be my job. I don't mind -- I mean, I have no problem at all looking at -- but I'm not going to look at 16 hours. Okay.

I assume, right, because there's a 16 hours reference because they didn't -- the officer didn't turn off the body cam. Because that happens sometimes. You know, they're supposed to turn it off when an event -- no. I don't know their policy.

MS. MCCARTY: That is their policy.

THE COURT: It is -- okay. It is my experience -- it is my experience, from the body cams that have come into this courtroom that when an event is concluded that it is turned off. Okay.

MS. MCCARTY: Correct.

THE COURT: Okay. I guess -- and I agree with you on the log. I read that. I would -- I have never, ever,

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   and that's my -- had any attorney from opposing side ask to
   review a privileged -- what the other side is claiming a
   privilege. I want to be careful. I'm not -- I haven't
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   real -- I mean, the in-camera review, I get. I'm a little
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   -- the basis to say that you should be able -- an attorney
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   for your side should be able to be it is what kind of --
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   I'm not used to or I've never seen.
            MS. MCCARTY: I think perhaps -- let me try to
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9
   reorient you. Rather than thinking of this as a criminal
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   matter, --
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            THE COURT: It's not. It's the same issue though.
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            MS. MCCARTY: -- this is a civil matter.
13
            No.
                  but it's not. I mean, essentially, my
14
   opinion --
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            THE COURT: Wait a minute. A body cam, whether it
   is or is not privileged, how is it different for a criminal
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17
   case than a civil case?
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            MS. MCCARTY: Because in a civil case,
   effectively, if I am not allowed to see this video, I will
19
   be coming into argue on the 17<sup>th</sup> on what is essentially a
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21
   dispositive motion not having seen any of the evidence.
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            THE COURT: All --
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            MS. MCCARTY: And that is not what our rules
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   provide for, that is not what --
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THE COURT: Well, --

MS. MCCARTY: -- Gibbons provides for. Gibbons stands for --

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THE COURT: No. Under NRCP -- I mean, you can either get a privilege log or as for in-camera. I have never seen a Discovery Commissioner or myself in a civil matter, if they're -- if the other side is claiming a privilege, they're -- I've seen the log or asking for the -- an in-camera review. I've -- I don't see -- and maybe I'm wrong. I don't know. I've never seen -- I have not treated it differently whether it's a civil matter or -- I mean, I understand whether it's a civil or criminal matter a privilege is a privilege. Now, I agree, many times in the criminal situation, they don't want to do a log. They just want the Judge to look, honestly, because those cases -- well, yours is a little bit that way, it goes very quickly. I mean, there's more that -- which is why I took your Motion. More of a sense of urgent -- sorry. More of a sense of urgency to get the documents. As, in civil, as you and I know, they'll fight for months over what the privilege log says. Right? Not disparaging any civil attorneys, but they will. I used to do it, too.

MS. MCCARTY: Your Honor, --

THE COURT: Okay. Okay. But I --

MS. MCCARTY: -- Gibbons doesn't stand for the proposition that a log must be provided. Gibbons stands

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   for the proposition that a disclosure must be provided that
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   allows for adequate adversarial testing. Gibbons case was
   about a log, but that's not --
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            THE COURT: No. I know.
            MS. MCCARTY: -- what the decision is. The
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   decision is --
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7
            THE COURT: I agree.
            MS. MCCARTY: -- that they have to have adequate,
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9
   adversarial testing. It says: --
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            THE COURT: Adequate --
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            MS. MCCARTY: -- In view of the emphasis placed
12
       on the --
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            THE COURT: Where are you? Let me -- because I
14
   have it in front of me.
            MS. MCCARTY: I'm sorry. Absolutely. I'm at --
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16
            THE COURT: I'm sorry. I wrote --
17
            MS. MCCARTY: -- 882, the paragraph that begins:
18
   In view of.
            THE COURT: Okay. I can't look at the pages --
19
20
   okay. What are you -- are you still on paragraph 6?
21
            MS. MCCARTY: No. I'm back -- would be --
22
   paragraph 4.
23
            THE COURT: Okay.
24
            MS. MCCARTY: Yes. 4.
25
            THE COURT: 4 and 5? All right. In front of that
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is in view of the emphasis.

MS. MCCARTY: That's the -- yes. That's the one.

THE COURT: Okay. I've got it.

MS. MCCARTY: In view of the emphasis placed on disclosure and the importance of testing claims of confidentiality in an adversarial setting, we agree with the Vaughn court that it is anomalous and inequitable to deny the requesting party basic information about the withheld records, thereby relegating it to advocating from a nebulous position where it is powerless to contest a claim of confidentiality.

Furthermore, requiring a requesting party to blindly argue for a disclosure, not only runs contrary to the spirit to the Nevada Public Records Act and our NRPA jurisprudence, but it seriously distorts the traditional adversary nature of our legal system's form dispute resolution.

THE COURT: Okay. And then keep reading.

MS. MCCARTY: In such a claim, the records are confidential and can only be tested in a fair and adversarial manner, and in order to truly proceed in such a fashion, a log typically must be provided by the requesting party.

THE COURT: Not an in-camera review by the

adversarial side, but a log.

MS. MCCARTY: Gibbons was a valid log, but it doesn't stand for the proposition that you only get a log. It stands for the proposition that --

THE COURT: I'm not --

MS. MCCARTY: -- you get the information you need to make an argument. There is no log here that's going to provide me the information I need to make an argument.

THE COURT: And I agree with you there because I tried to figure out -- if -- a way, in fairness, to both -- if I can do a log. I cannot -- I could not come up with a way that -- and I actually looked at cases on when they do or do not provide a log and I -- I'm not going to disagree with you there. I could not think of a way to do a log that would provide the information. I agree with you there.

MS. MCCARTY: And, Your Honor, I'm an Officer of the Court. I understand what my ethical obligations are and I'm asking to view this video for the sole purposes of being able to have adequate adversarial testing. Metro doesn't get to come in and say: We have 16 hours of video that's confidential and even though the Nevada Public Records Act requires us to redact, if you were to find that 16H applies, which it does not, we say it's confidential, we say it all involves juveniles, too bad, so sad, you

1 That's not fair. That's not what the Nevada Public lose. 2 Records Act requires. 3 THE COURT: Okay. 4 MS. NICHOLS: Thank you. 5 THE COURT: What about if I do the in-camera 6 review? 7 MS. MCCARTY: I think Gibbons is clear it must be 8 both. 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 MS. NICHOLS: Thank you, Your Honor. 11 THE COURT: Thank you. That's an interesting argument. Now, I've heard that one before. 12 13 MS. NICHOLS: In going back to the Gibbons case, if you -- I don't have it in front of me and so --14 THE COURT: I do, but if --15 16 MS. NICHOLS: -- I'm going to kind of summarize 17 it. 18 But, in essence, when you're talking about the privilege log, first, the government entity was afforded 19 the opportunity to make its case before they even got to 20 21 the privilege log. THE COURT: No. I know. She's smart -- but my 22 23 thought is she's -- I get that. But I think this is a --24 the reason I review -- I think it's fair we're just -- she

-- and I get it. The plaintiff wants to make sure that

1 when they do have the Petition, that they have the most 2 information. Because what happens on some of this, and 3 I'll be honest, you argue it, and then I do an in-camera 4 review. I'm going to be very honest and I looked at this 5 after I looked at her ex parte and the case law thinking 6 that she was just -- that the plaintiffs were trying to get 7 one step ahead. I'll be honest. And I don't find fault with that, to be very honest. I don't. So, I don't -- I 9 thought it was ripe to argue. Okay. I'm not -- not the 10 whole privilege, but ripe to argue what remedy, if 11 anything, is available for them to be prepared for the Petition on October 17th. That's how I looked at it. 12 13 MS. NICHOLS: Sure. THE COURT: Hopefully. And that's how you want 14 15 That's what Reno -it. 16 MS. MCCARTY: Right. We're just asking for a 17 level playing field. 18 THE COURT: No. I --

MS. MCCARTY: They know the information. WE do not.

THE COURT: I know that.

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MS. MCCARTY: And I can't dispute their argument without it.

THE COURT: Okay. And I --

MS. NICHOLS: Your Honor, this case --

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            THE COURT: I understand that.
            MS. NICHOLS: -- is about juvenile records. And
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   while they want to say that it's about Senator Ford, the
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   request was not for body cam footage pertaining to Senator
   Ford. If you look at the request, it was for body worn
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   camera footage --
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            THE COURT: Do I have the request as any part of
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   exhibits here?
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            MS. NICHOLS: It's related --
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            MS. MCCARTY: Request Number 4 --
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            THE COURT: Okay. Hold on. It's -- she gets to
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   speak. I'm sorry.
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            MS. MCCARTY: I'm sorry. My apologies.
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            THE COURT: I tried to be fair to you. I'm --
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            MS. MCCARTY: My apologies, Your Honor.
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            THE COURT: Yeah. I -- just if you're -- if you
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   have an exhibit, I'd like to look at it so I can follow it.
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            MS. NICHOLS: It's part of the initial Petition,
   Your Honor.
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            THE COURT: Okay. Well, I -- once again, I'm not
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   here to do the Petition.
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            MS. NICHOLS: I understand.
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            THE COURT: Okay.
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            MS. NICHOLS: But the --
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            THE COURT: Okay. So what's the -- let me ask
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   this because I -- did you give -- did -- in the request,
   did you in any way modify it or say the sections of the
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   body cam that we feel are privileged dealing because of the
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   content is concerning juveniles and under the statute is
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   there any of what they asked that you did offer to produce
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   that just has Aaron Ford -- and I don't know. I haven't
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   seen it. So I'm not -- I'm just -- I'm giving a
   hypothetical --
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            MS. NICHOLS: No, Your Honor --
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            THE COURT: -- okay so don't --
            MS. NICHOLS: No, Your Honor, but --
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            THE COURT: -- anyone think I've seen it or
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   something, but Aaron Ford has footage talking separately to
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   the police officer saying, yes, this -- I don't know.
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   don't know anything about this. Okay? So, yes, this is my
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   house or anything like that. Was that -- it -- if
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   something like that is on -- let me ask this. Would that
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   have been considered, in your viewpoint, concerning a
   juvenile and you didn't produce it? Okay. Or not?
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            MS. NICHOLS: It --
            THE COURT: -- couldn't tell by reading --
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            MS. NICHOLS: Yes, because it would be concerning
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            THE COURT: Okay.
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MS. NICHOLS: -- the juvenile incident.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. NICHOLS: The incident that's at issue involves three juveniles. And, so, any information related to that specific incident that's contained in the body cam footage would be confidential.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. NICHOLS: And now --

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. NICHOLS: -- there is 16 hours, but, as I had mentioned in my e-mail to counsel, the full 16 hours is not relevant to the specific --

THE COURT: Okay. How --

MS. NICHOLS: -- request.

THE COURT: -- much is?

MS. NICHOLS: I have not had a chance -- I'm in the process of obtaining a declaration from an officer detailing the videos, which is why we believe that this -- an in-camera review is not proper yet because we get the chance to meet our burden and with --

THE COURT: Haven't they been asking you for this since May or something? I mean, I did it -- just, hold on just a minute. You can answer. I tried to do a timeline. Haven't you -- because I'm looking: Why is this coming, no offense, to me, the last minute, time sensitive, which I look at order shortening time because, you know, everything

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   seems to be a catastrophe at times and I get it. That's
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   why I did do it. Have they not been asking since around
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   May or am I misinterpret -- I --
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            MS. MCCARTY: It's December, Your Honor. We've
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   been almost a year.
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            THE COURT: Last December? Last -- there's only
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   been on December. Right? That's December of 2017.
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   long week. Okay. All right. So, then, your argument to
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   me is: Well, we haven't had time to look at the footage or
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   review it and you don't think an in-camera is fair because
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   you're not ready for the judge to do an in-camera?
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            MS. NICHOLS: No, Your Honor. That's not it.
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            THE COURT: Okay. Okay.
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            MS. NICHOLS: We were retained as counsel once the
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   Petition was filed.
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            THE COURT: Oh.
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            MS. NICHOLS: The Department has reviewed and they
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            THE COURT:
                        There you go.
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            MS. NICHOLS: And they do note, which is why I am
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   getting the declaration from the officer who has reviewed
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   the body cam footage, and it's our position that the body
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THE COURT: I've gotten it. I -- I'm -- I get

cam footage related to the juvenile incident is completely

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confidential.

1 your side and I get your side. I'm just trying --MS. NICHOLS: So, --2 3 THE COURT: -- to figure out if -- and I 4 understand. Unfortunately, your client is Las Vegas 5 Metropolitan Police Department. So, actions they did prior 6 to retaining you, you -- that's part of what you --7 MS. NICHOLS: I understand. THE COURT: -- have obligated to do when you --8 9 not obligated, but that's part of when you get a case. 10 Okay? So, I just -- I get it. I understand that. I'm not 11 finding fault with your firm or anything. Okay. I don't 12 want you to think that you --13 MS. NICHOLS: No, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: In May, you guys sat on it because I 15 get this is a civil case and we hear them. I'm not doing 16 that at all. I'm just trying to figure out what the -- you 17 know, if Metro -- if Las Vegas Metropolitan Police 18 Department -- did they work -- I'm sorry. I can't think of the lady's name. She was in here all the time. Who's 19 their in-house. Did you look --20 21 MS. NICHOLS: Charlotte Bible, Ruth Miller, Lisa 22 Freidman, Martina --23 THE COURT: No. Martina -- her. Right. What's her last name? 24

MS. NICHOLS: Geinzer.

1 THE COURT: Yes. Martina. Okay. So, Ms. 2 McCarty, were you working with someone like Martina Geinzer 3 or someone within Metro's Legal Department before it went 4 to Marquis Aurbach? 5 MS. MCCARTY: The chain of events, Your Honor, --THE COURT: Okay. Just to help me on the timing. 6 MS. MCCARTY: Sure. The chain of the events, 7 8 based on the records, as I understand, is this. 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 MS. MCCARTY: In December of '17, my client asked 11 for audio and video footage of Senator Ford, related to 12 this incident. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Like in a subpoena, a --14 MS. MCCARTY: In a written public records request. 15 THE COURT: A written. Okay. Okay. That's fine. 16 MS. MCCARTY: At that time, Metro came back and 17 We don't have enough information. You need to give said: 18 us some additional information. 19 THE COURT: Okay. Okay. 20 MS. MCCARTY: Additional information was provided 21 in the second records request and my client asked for 22 records pertaining to Senator Ford and/or a minor child 23 because it wasn't sure how Metro was categorizing and

filing the records. So they asked for both to ensure that

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they got what they needed.

1 THE COURT: When was that? 2 MS. MCCARTY: At that time, --THE COURT: When was the second records request 3 4 timing wise? 5 MS. MCCARTY: I've got it right here, Your Honor. 6 [Pause in proceedings] 7 MS. MCCARTY: Actually, I'm sorry, Your Honor. I 8 don't have that with me. 9 THE COURT: That's fine. I a, -- it just -- it 10 impacts what I'm doing. I'm trying to figure out the time thing and I --11 12 MS. MCCARTY: I thought I had it. Oh, right here. 13 Oh, yes. I do. I'm sorry. 14 So, on 12/5 of '17, the first request was made. 15 THE COURT: I -- okay. 16 MS. MCCARTY: They came back a month later. 17 untimely response. And said: We need more information. 18 On March -- I'm sorry. One -- so, it was denied on 12/14, asking for more info. On 1/25/28, so January, we 19 20 made the second request. 21 THE COURT: 1/25. Okay. 22 MS. MCCARTY: Wherein we asked for the footage and 23 some additional police records related to the incident for 24 either Senator Ford and/or the juvenile.

THE COURT: Juvenile.

MS. MCCARTY: Again, unclear as to how Metro would be categorizing and filing that information. That was denied on 2/6. Again, untimely. And, at that point, the reason for the denial was that it was an open and active criminal investigation, which, as I'm sure this Court is aware, is not a basis to deny a public records request.

RAGA said: Okay. Fine. We'll keep checking back and when the investigation is closed, we would like the records.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. MCCARTY: So they came back on March 19th of 2018 with the third records request, again, asking for the same information from the second. On May 15th, again, untimely. They came back and changed their position and said: Now, you can't have it because it implicates juvenile suspects or juveniles arrested and, therefore, it's confidential under 62H. On 5/17, so immediately thereafter, RAGA wrote a fourth request further clarifying that all it was looking for was the records relating to Senator Ford.

THE COURT: All records related to -- so they took off the juvenile --

MS. MCCARTY: Correct.

THE COURT: -- to Aaron Ford. Okay.

MS. MCCARTY: And explained that they were not

looking for any records that were implicated by 62H. The entire purpose of the public records request is that Senator Ford is running for the office of Attorney General.

THE COURT: I'm aware of that.

MS. MCCARTY: And it's RAGA's position that the public has a right to know whether or not he interfered with a law enforcement activity. And, so, they made it as clear as they could, hoping to --

THE COURT: Okay. So, what was the response to that when they then limited the fourth request to in -- the body cam footage regarding Aaron Ford? What -- the --

MS. MCCARTY: So, on 6/15. Again, untimely. They came back and the response didn't even make any sense, which --

THE COURT: Okay. Just let me have it.

MS. MCCARTY: Sure.

THE COURT: I could --

MS. MCCARTY: It says: Your request to view or obtain the body cam is denied. Any documents involving the arrest of juveniles is confidential and., therefore, you should withdraw your request -- you should direct your request to the juvenile court.

But the other thing they said is they didn't agree with our broad interpretation of 62H and we, of course, are arguing for the most limited --

THE COURT: Well, that's why you're here. 1 2 MS. MCCARTY: Yes. 3 THE COURT: I --4 MS. MCCARTY: Interpretation. 5 THE COURT: I've got that. I see why you're here. 6 MS. MCCARTY: But we don't know why the --7 THE COURT: Okay. MS. MCCARTY: -- change in position, it was never 8 9 explained, and it is certainly --10 THE COURT: Okay. 11 MS. MCCARTY: -- untimely. 12 THE COURT: Okay. 13 MS. MCCARTY: One more piece of information if 14 you'll indulge me. 15 THE COURT: No. Okay. 16 MS. MCCARTY: After we filed the lawsuit, Senator 17 Ford's campaign made public statements to the media and, in 18 those statements, Senator Ford's campaign said that he was 19 called to the scene, as were all the parents of these 20 juveniles, so that the matter could be resolved informally, 21 which suggests that there were no arrests, which is why we 22 have questions as to whether 62H was even implicated. 23 Metro is now saying there were arrests. Okay. Fine. But 24 that's part of our confusion is we have two different

reasons for denial and then we have conflicting information

from Senator Ford's campaign.

THE COURT: So you're saying that's why -- that's part of the reason that -- looking at their position now, you've had conflicting positions. I get that. All right. All right.

MS. NICHOLS: Your Honor, just to clarify for the record that the petitioners knew since May of 2018 that the juveniles were arrested. That's what our response to them was and why 62H applied was because they were, in fact, arrested. Now, even though Ford -- Senator Ford's campaign comes in and says something different, that doesn't mean that now all of a sudden they weren't arrested. What Senator Ford says in his camp --

THE COURT: No. I don't think it impacts that. I agree.

MS. NICHOLS: In his campaign is completely different. And, now, attached to our response was a declaration from the officer that the juveniles in this incident were, in fact, arrested. So there's no dispute here that they were arrested.

If they are looking for records that pertain to Senator Ford, the Department doesn't have records responsive to their request because the incident did not involve Senator Ford. It involved the juveniles.

THE COURT: Well, wait a minute. Just to say

1 whether Senator Ford is or is not on the body cam, to say 2 it didn't involve, that makes no -- I mean, I don't know 3 what that means. I'll be very honest. That's not --MS. NICHOLS: Just for clarification --4 5 THE COURT: I'm not going to -- I don't think I --6 I see body cam footage all the time that doesn't involve 7 the defendant, but there's other issues that may come up, whether they got certain rights and stuff. Okay. So, --8 9 MS. NICHOLS: And I understand. THE COURT: Okay. 10 11 MS. NICHOLS: And for clarification, Your Honor, -12 13 THE COURT: Okay. 14 MS. NICHOLS: -- the way that the Department 15 categorizes the body cam footage is related to the specific incident. It's not --16 17 THE COURT: I have that. They have an event 18 number and everything goes into that event number. 19 MS. NICHOLS: Exactly. 20 THE COURT: That I am extremely familiar with. 21 I've had more testimony on -- and I get why -- it's 22 perfect. That doesn't necessarily mean for privilege purposes that everything within that evidence, which it 23 24 should be. It all goes to an event number because that's

why they gather the evidence because then it's related --

everything. I understand that completely. I am very familiar with the event numbers and that's how Metro does it. I understand that.

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What I am most concerned is now you're saying to me, well, you know, we're sitting here October 5th. Right? Okay. October 5th. I do want to do an in-camera review but you're kind of saying: Well, we don't know what's there or we're still working with our client. That is of great concern to the Court because they -- I do -- I've read Reno and I -- anything -- I understand what they're saying and I understand, you know, it's almost -- and I don't mean this ugly, but, you know, like trust me. And I don't mean that ugly. Not you personally, but the client. You know, trust what I'm saying, which is hence why cases like Reno, why I -- you know, like if we can't do a privilege log. That's our first go to. I -- do you agree? I can't think of a way to possibly do a privilege log that would make any sense on a body cam, at least for my experiences looking at body cam because they're just random, wherever the police officer happens to be pointed -- looking, because it's right here. So, it only goes to where the police officer's body is looking. And I assume there is an audio. Sometimes they don't put the audio on. I don't know if they did or not on this one.

MS. NICHOLS: There are -- there is audio.

1 THE COURT: There's audio. Okay. Because 2 sometimes I've seen it where they don't hit the audio, too, 3 because, you know, every -- it's not an easy situation with 4 the body cams. I mean, there's a lot of things that 5 happen. Okay. 6 My biggest concern is if you can't say to me that 7 your client is ready -- I'm not looking at 16 hours. they have to know, even though it's under that event number, what is or is not related to the actual event. 9 10 MS. NICHOLS: That's correct, Your Honor. 11 THE COURT: Correct? Okay. So, do you have any feel -- how much information that is? 12 13 MS. NICHOLS: I do not --14 THE COURT: Okay. Because I'm --15 MS. NICHOLS: -- personally know that but I do 16 know that my client knows that. 17

THE COURT: Okay. Well, so here's what I'm going to do. I'm going to rule that I'm going to do an in-camera review under the Reno Newspaper versus Gibbons case to look at the footage and I want all of it. Okay? I want what you say is privileged. Everything that is related to this event. I don't want any of the 16 hours that's not. Don't overwhelm me with footage that's not applicable. Okay?

Yes?

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MS. MCCARTY: Your Honor, I do not see how that

provides me the information I need to make an argument on the 17th. Metro's counsel is standing here making --

THE COURT: Well, it certainly provides me with the information to understand their viewpoint. You --

MS. MCCARTY: But how am I supposed to defend against their position if I do not know what's on the tape? They haven't even seen it and they're making representations to you --

THE COURT: Oh, don't yell. Don't yell. Don't yell. Don't yell. Don't don't don't do that in this courtroom. I'm not putting up with this. This is not appropriate behavior.

MS. MCCARTY: Sure.

THE COURT: I will be able to know. I'm the one that has to make the decision whether it's privileged or not. You can give me the information you have as to why you don't think the privilege applies. I can look at the video and listen to your fact -- your argument as to why you think I can listen to their argument and why it is and I can make the decision. I'm very comfortable with that. I've -- and that's what I'm doing.

What I am requiring is that you give me the video because these general statements of, well, it generally includes juveniles, or because it's under an event number that includes juveniles -- I haven't looked at the statute,

but that's extremely broad. Your answer is: We don't want anything that -- you know, that involves juveniles. You've said it in your papers. Because you can't get it. You cannot give it under the privilege. But if there's information that includes Aaron Ford -- I mean, I know what you're looking -- I'm educated. I mean, I have been educated on your papers. I do understand why you want this information and if it's not privileged, why you are entitled to it. If it's privileged, you're not. I need to look at it.

I know both sides -- so, my concern is when can you get it to me because I'm not -- the hearing is the 17th. And I -- once again, don't give me 16 hours. So I'm not going to be buried in things that I have -- as you know, I ethically do my duty, but I can't look through 16 hours, in fairness. So I'm looking to you to make sure what you're giving me is tailored to what the plaintiffs are asking for. All right? We're all on the same page on that?

MS. NICHOLS: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. It's not like I'm an attorney out there and you're getting -- you know, I just had a case where --

MS. NICHOLS: So, --

THE COURT: -- they gave 1,000 documents and maybe two in the whole 1,000 were relevant to the request. I

can't do that.

MS. NICHOLS: So, what I propose to do, Your Honor, is contact my client after this hearing and I can then either send a letter or contact your JEA along with opposing counsel and let you know and how quick we get it to you.

THE COURT: Well, --

MS. NICHOLS: By this afternoon I can have an answer for you.

THE COURT: Okay. I'm trying to think if you guys want to come back Tues -- what's on Tuesday? I'm just -- I always -- I get concerned when people start doing e-mails and I have time constraints. I'm not real comfortable how this e-mail has already gone in this case. So, let's do this. Please do that.

[Colloquy at the bench]

THE COURT: Hold on. Let me just look at my calendar.

[Colloquy at the bench]

THE COURT: Let me look -- this courtroom is being updated for JAVS next week. So I can't use it. So I've been requesting other courtrooms. So, I don't think we can get one Wednesday. Right? I can't -- hold on just a minute.

[Colloquy at the bench]

1 THE COURT: Hold on a minute. I'm sorry. Work 2 with me. They don't make it easy. Because I've set you on the 17th, this Wednesday. 3 4 [Colloquy at the bench] 5 THE COURT: Well, if I set you, I want to tell you what courtroom I'm in. 6 7 MS. MCCARTY: Well, yes. 8 THE COURT: It would help. Right? Would that 9 help? 10 MS. MCCARTY: That would. 11 [Colloquy at the bench] 12 THE COURT: Hold on and I'll tell you how I want 13 to work this the best I can. All right. We're pretty sure 14 it's 11C. Right, Liz? 15 THE JUDICIAL EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT: Yes. 16 THE COURT: All right. Okay. Okay. Here's what 17 I'm going to do. 11C. Right? Thanks. 18 I don't know who that is. 11C. Do you --19 Department --20 THE CLERK: Department 21. 21 THE COURT: Department 21, 11C. Just find 11C. Go to the 11th floor. I'm 12D. So, it's to the right on 22 23 11. 24 So, what I'm going to do for next Tuesday, which

is October 9th, I'm going to order that we come back on a

status check. At that time, I'm expecting to be able to review video that you are asserting is relevant to this case and relevant to their request is available in some kind of capacity so I can review it for the 17th hearing. If it's not, I need a due diligence or a good faith reason why your client can't do that. Okay?

MS. NICHOLS: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Because that's the only fair way for me to look at it and be ready for the 17th because I don't want to continue that. And that's why I did this. So, we'll set it -- I don't know what else is on but I'll -- for October 9th in Department 4 but I'm going to be in courtroom 11C. So don't get confused. Okay?

MS. NICHOLS: And at what time, Your Honor? THE COURT: 9 o'clock.

And what I'll do -- what I try to do -- I don't know how long that calendar is. If yours is a little bit quicker, what I do with my marshal and my law clerk, I don't go by how you are on your calendar page. I go by how quickly I feel I can handle your argument or, you know, if something's a big, long, you know, we had a three-hour one yesterday on a summary judgment, I make sure I'm as efficient as I can for you guys, too, that I do it in that order. So just because I'm now putting you the last on the calendar doesn't -- that does not mean that at all. Okay.

I try very much to be efficient that way. 1 2 MS. MCCARTY: And, Your Honor, just for the sake 3 of clarification, --4 THE COURT: Sure. 5 MS. MCCARTY: -- so will you be viewing the video from this entire event? I'm --6 7 THE COURT: I am going to view what -- I don't 8 know what you mean by entire event. What I said to them I 9 want to review everything that is under the request, which 10 includes Aaron Ford in it and anything related to this 11 event. The event number and what's gone under that, not 12 because it happens to be on it. And I know Metro knows the 13 difference on that. 14 MS. NICHOLS: Yes, Your Honor. 15 THE COURT: Trust me they do because they know the 16 difference. Okay? So, that's what I need to review. 17 MS. NICHOLS: Understood, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: Okay. Not even the juvenile -- what they -- they're saying they whole thing is privileged. 19 20 Okay? I -- at least -- right? 21 MS. NICHOLS: To the -- that depicts the actual 22 event, yes. The -- there's hours beforehand, those --23 that's not related. 24 THE COURT: Okay. Well --

MS. NICHOLS: And that's the hours that you don't

1 want. THE COURT: I don't want to view that. I don't 2 3 want to review --4 MS. NICHOLS: Yes, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: -- anything that's not relevant. MS. NICHOLS: Yes, Your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: It would not help the plaintiff and it 8 will certainly will --9 MS. NICHOLS: I understand, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: I'm plenty busy. I have no problem 11 reviewing what's relevant. 12 So, everything that has to do with this event 13 number that's relevant to this event number. 14 MS. NICHOLS: Yes. THE COURT: Which would -- so -- which, Ms. 15 16 McCarty, that actually gives me the whole range, which I 17 need, not just -- since I kind of thought it might be 18 piecemealed, they're going to give you some of Aaron Ford, 19 but if their position is broad, that even makes me more 20 want to do an in-camera review to do a fair ruling on this. 21 So, prefect. Okay? 22 So I'll see you back here 9 o'clock. Don't 23 forget. 11C. Make sure whoever you need to -- I mean, 24 because somebody may look it up in your office and they go

-- you know, maybe we could put a sign out there, too.

We'll do that. If for some reason somebody forgets in your office or somebody else comes, we'll put a sign out here where I am those days. Okay? Because I'm in three different courtrooms.

MS. NICHOLS: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. You're welcome.

MS. MCCARTY: Thank you.

THE COURT: So really what I' going to do is I'm going to continue this hearing until then. Right now I need further information to do my in-camera review, but I'll continue the hearing in case something comes then that changes my perception on what I should do on this because in case -- do you know where I'm going with this? In case I -- I think he knows where I'm going with it. In case I'm not getting what I need to do an in-camera review, then we've got to figure -- then I may have to do another ruling. So, let's do it that way.

And I'm not calling it a tentative ruling, but I need that piece of information to rule what I think is appropriate. I think I've clarified that. Like, you're right, sometimes when I try to clarify it, I'm going -- but as long -- you understand where I'm going -- your client.

MS. NICHOLS: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Because that's the most important. All right. Thank you. You guys have a good

1	weekend.	
2		MR. CROSBY: Thank you, Your Honor. You as well
3		MS. MCCARTY: You too.
4		THE COURT: You too. See you in 11C
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6		PROCEEDING CONCLUDED AT 9:42 A.M.
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CERTIFICATION

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the audio-visual recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter.

AFFIRMATION

I affirm that this transcript does not contain the social security or tax identification number of any person or entity.

KRISTEN LUNKWITZ

INDEPENDENT TRANSCRIBER

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Writ of Mandamus COURT MINUTES October 05, 2018

A-18-780538-W Republican Attorneys General Association, Plaintiff(s) vs.
Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, Defendant(s)

October 05, 2018 09:00 AM OST

HEARD BY: Earley, Kerry COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12D

COURT CLERK: Vargas, Elizabeth RECORDER: Nichols, Sharon

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Colleen E. McCarty Attorney for Plaintiff
Deanna Forbush Attorney for Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Jackie Nichols, Esq. and Nick Crosby, Esq. present on behalf of Defendant. Court noted it reviewed all documents. Ms. McCarty requested an order for an attorney's eyes-only viewing of the video and records involving Senator Aaron Ford pursuant to case law. Ms. Nichols argued the body camera video footage pertains to a juvenile incident and was privileged. Court noted the interpretation of the request, and inquired what case states the Court must give counsel the video. Ms. McCarty provided and discussed case law. Court stated case law provided for a body camera log, not an in camera review. Arguments by counsel regarding the records request and case law. COURT ORDERED, Court to conduct an in camera review the video footage related to this event to determine if the footage was privileged or not; Defendant to produce all video footage pertaining to the event. COURT FURTHER ORDERED, matter CONTINUED.

Prepared by: Elizabeth Vargas