IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

JAMES J. COTTER, JR., derivatively on behalf of Reading International, Inc., Appellant, v.	Aug 30 2019 12:12 p.m Aug 30 2019 12:12 p.m Supreme Collitabeth MoB75073 Consolidated with Caup None Court 76981, 77648 & 77733
DOUGLAS MCEACHERN, EDWARD KANE, JUDY CODDING, WILLIAM GOULD, MICHAEL WROTNIAK, and nominal defendant READING INTERNATIONAL, INC., A NEVADA CORPORATION Respondents.	District Court Case No. A-15-719860-B Coordinated with: Case No. P-14-0824-42-E)

Appeal (77648 & 76981)

Eighth Judicial District Court, Dept. XI The Honorable Elizabeth G. Gonzalez

JOINT APPENDIX TO OPENING BRIEFS FOR CASE NOS. 77648 & 76981 Volume XI JA2559 - JA2808

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I am an employee of MORRIS LAW GROUP; I am familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing documents for mailing; that, in accordance therewith, I caused the following document to be e-served via the Supreme Court's electronic service process. I hereby certify that on the 28th day of August, 2019, a true and correct copy of the foregoing JOINT APPENDIX TO OPENING BRIEFS FOR CASE NOS.

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By: <u>/s/ Gabriela Mercado</u>

years, under the Compensation Committee Charter approved by our Board on March 10, 2016, our Compensation Committee will have full authority to approve these matters). Specifically, a participant in the short-term incentive plan will be advised of his or her annual potential target bonus expressed as a percentage of the participant's base salary and by dollar amount. The participant will be eligible for a short-term incentive bonus once the participant achieves goals identified at the beginning of the year for a threshold target, the potential target or potential maximum target bonus opportunity. The bonus will vary depending upon the achievements made by the individual participants, the division and the corporation. Corporate goals for 2016 will include levels of earnings before interest, depreciation, taxes and amortization ("non-GAAP Operating Income") and property development milestones. Division goals for 2016 will include levels of division cash flow and division milestones and individual goals will include specific unique performance goals specific to the individual's position with us. Each of the corporate, division and individual goals carries a different percentage weight in determining the officer's or other team member's bonus for the year.

Ms. Ellen M. Cotter, our President and Chief Executive Officer, has a potential target bonus opportunity of 95% of Base Salary, or \$427,500 at target based on Ms. Cotter's achievement of her performance goals and over achievement of corporate goals discussed above. Of that potential target bonus opportunity, a threshold bonus of \$213,750 may be achieved based upon Ms. Cotter's achievement of certain performance goals and our achievement of certain corporate goals, and a potential maximum target of \$641,250 is based on achieving additional performance goals. Ms. Cotter's aggregate annual bonus opportunity can range from \$0 to \$641,250. Mr. Dev Ghose, our EVP, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Corporate Secretary, has a potential target bonus opportunity of 50% of Base Salary, or \$200,000 at target, which is based on achievement of his performance goals and our achievement of corporate goals, as discussed above. Mr. Ghose's aggregate annual bonus opportunity can range from \$0 to \$300,000 (the maximum potential target if additional performance goals are met by Mr. Ghose). Mr. Andrzej J. Matyczynski, our EVP - Global Operations, has a target bonus opportunity of 50% of Base Salary, or \$168,000 at target, which is based on achievement of his performance goals, our achievement of corporate goals and certain divisional goals. Mr. Matyczynski's aggregate annual bonus opportunity can range from \$0 to \$252,000 (the maximum potential target if additional performance goals are met by Mr. Matyczynski). Mr. Robert Smerling, President, US Cinemas, has a target bonus opportunity of 30% of base pay, or \$112,500 at target, which is based on achievement of his performance goals, our achievement of corporate goals and certain divisional goals. Mr. Smerling's aggregate annual bonus opportunity can range from \$0 to \$168,750 (the maximum potential target if additional performance goals are met by Mr. Smerling). Mr. Wayne Smith, Managing Director, Australia and New Zealand, has a target bonus opportunity of 40% of Base Salary, or A\$148,000 at target, which is based on achievement of his performance goals, our achievement of corporate goals and certain divisional goals. Mr. Smith's aggregate annual bonus opportunity can range from A\$0 to A\$222,000 (the maximum potential target if additional performance goals are met by Mr. Smith). The positions of other management team members have target bonus opportunities ranging from 20% to 30% of Base Salary based on achievement certain goals. The highest level of achievement, participants may be eligible to receive up to a maximum of 150% of his or her target bonus

Long-Term Incentives

Long-Term incentives will utilize the equity-based plan under our 2010 Incentive Stock Plan, as amended (the "2010 Plan"). For 2016, executive and management team participants will receive awards in the following forms: 50% time-based restricted stock units and 50% non-statutory stock options. The grants of restricted stock units and options will vest ratably over a four (4) year period with 1/4th vesting on each anniversary date of the grant date.

On March 10, 2016, the following grants were made:

		Dollar Amount of Restricted Stock	Dollar Amount of Non- Statutory Stock
Name	Title	Units	Options ^(t)
Ellen M. Cotter	President and Chief Executive Officer	\$150,000	\$150,000
Dev Ghose (2)	EVP, Chief Financial	0	0
	Officer, Treasurer and Corporate Secretary		
Andrzej J. Matyczynski	EVP Global Operations	37,500	37,500
	25		

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Robert F. Smerling	President, US Cinemas	50,000	50,000
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- (1) The number of shares of stock to be issued will be calculated using the Black Scholes pricing model as of the date of grant of the award.
- Mr. Dev Ghose was awarded 100,000 non-statutory stock options vesting over a 4-year period on commencing on Mr. Ghose's first day of employment or May 11, 2015.
- (3) Although Mr. Smith was paid 50% of \$75,000 in Australian Dollars, the amount shown above is quoted in U.S. Dollars.

All long-term incentive awards will be subject to other terms and conditions set forth in the 2010 Plan and award grant.

Other Elements of Compensation

Retirement Plans

We maintain a 401(k) retirement savings plan that allows eligible employees to defer a portion of their compensation, within limits prescribed by the Internal Revenue Code, on a pre-tax basis through contributions to the plan. Our named executive officers other than Mr. Smith, who is a non-resident of the U.S., are eligible to participate in the 401(k) plan on the same terms as other full-time employees generally. Currently, we match contributions made by participants in the 401(k) plan up to a specified percentage, and these matching contributions are fully vested as of the date on which the contribution is made. We believe that providing a vehicle for tax-deferred retirement savings though our 401(k) plan, and making fully vested matching contributions, adds to the overall desirability of our executive compensation package and further incentivizes our employees, including our named executive officers, in accordance with our compensation policies.

Other Retirement Plans

During 2012, Mr. Matyczynski was granted an unfunded, nonqualified deferred compensation plan ("DCP") that was partially vested and was to vest further so long as he remained in our continuous employ. The DCP allowed Mr. Matyczynski to defer part of the cash portion of his compensation, subject to annual limits set forth in the DCP. The funds held pursuant to the DCP are not segregated and do not accrue interest or other earnings. If Mr. Matyczynski were to be terminated for cause, then the total vested amount would be reduced to zero. The incremental amount vested each year was made subject to review and approval by our Board. Please see the "Nonqualified Deferred Compensation" table for additional information. In addition, Mr. Matyczynski is entitled to a lump-sum severance payment of \$50,000, provided there has been no termination for cause and subject to certain offsets, upon his retirement.

Upon the termination of Mr. Matyczynski's employment, he will also be entitled under the DCP agreement to payment of the vested benefits under his DCP in annual installments following the later of (a) 30 days following Mr. Matyczynski's 65th birthday or (b) six months after his separation from service for reasons other than his death or termination for cause. The DCP was to vest over seven years and with full vesting to occur in 2019 at \$1,000,000 in deferred compensation. However, in connection with his changed employment to EVP - Global Operations, the Company and Mr. Matyczynski agreed that the Company would cease making contributions to the DCP on April 15, 2016 and that the final contributions by the Company to the DCP would be \$150,000 for 2015, and \$21,875 for 2016, satisfying the Company's total contribution obligations under the DCP at an amount of \$621,875.

The DCP is an unfunded contractual obligation of the Company. DCP benefits are paid from the general assets of the Company. However, the Company reserves the right to establish a grantor trust from which DCP benefits may be paid.

In March 2016, the Compensation Committee approved a one-time retirement benefit for Robert Smerling, President, Cinema Operations, due to his significant long term service to the Company. The retirement benefit an amount equal to the average of the two highest total cash compensation (base salary plus cash bonus) years paid to Mr. Smerling in the then most recently completed five year period.

We currently maintain no other retirement plan for our named executive officers.

Key Person Insurance

We maintain life insurance on certain individuals who we believe to be key to our management. In 2015, these individuals included James Cotter, Jr. (through September 13, 2015), Ellen M. Cotter, Margaret Cotter, William Ellis, Dev Ghose, Andrzej Matyczynski, Robert Smerling, Craig Tompkins and Wayne Smith. If such individual ceases to be our employee, Director or independent contractor, as the case may be, she or he is permitted, by assuming responsibility for all future premium payments, to replace our Company as the beneficiary under such policy. These policies allow each such individual to purchase up to an equal amount of insurance for such individual's own benefit. In the case of our employees, the premium for both the insurance as to which we are the beneficiary and the insurance as to which our employee is the beneficiary, is paid by us. In the case of named executive officers, the premium paid by us for the benefit of such individual is reflected in the Compensation Table in the column captioned "All Other Compensation."

Employee Benefits and Perquisites

Our named executive officers are eligible to participate in our health and welfare plans to the same extent as all fulltime employees generally. We do not generally provide our named executive officers with perquisites or other personal benefits. Historically, many of our other named executive officers also received an automobile allowance. The table below shows car allowances granted to certain officers under their employment agreements or arrangements. From time to time, we may provide other perquisites to one or more of our other named executive officers.

Officer Officer	Annual Allowance (\$)
Dev Ghose	12,000
William Ellis (1)	15,000
Andrzej J. Matyczynski	12,000
Ellen M. Cotter	13,800
James Cotter, Jr. 63	15,000
Robert F. Smerling	18,000

(1) Mr. Ellis and Mr. Cotter, Jr. are no longer employees of the Company.

Tax and Accounting Considerations

Deductibility of Executive Compensation

Subject to an exception for "performance-based compensation," Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code generally prohibits publicly held corporations from deducting for federal income tax purposes annual compensation paid to any senior executive officer to the extent that such annual compensation exceeds \$1.0 million. Our Compensation Committee and our Board consider the limits on deductibility under Section 162(m) in establishing executive compensation, but retain the discretion to authorize the payment of compensation that exceeds the limit on deductibility under this Section.

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation

We believe we are operating, where applicable, in compliance with the tax rules applicable to nonqualified deferred compensation arrangements.

At our Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on May 15, 2014, we held an advisory vote on executive compensation. Our stockholders voted in favor of our Company's executive compensation. The Compensation

Committee reviewed the results of the advisory vote on executive compensation in 2014 and did not make any changes to our compensation based on the results of the vote. We expect that our next advisory vote of our stockholders on executive compensation will be at our 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

Our Compensation Committee is currently composed of Mr. Kane, who serves as Chair, Dr. Codding, and Mr. McBachern. Mr. Storey, who served on our Board until October 11, 2015, served on our Compensation Committee until that date. Mr. Adams served until May 14, 2016, and was succeeded by Mr. McBachern. None of the members of the Compensation Committee was an officer or employee of the Company at any time during 2015. None of our executive officers serves as a member of the board of directors or compensation committee of any entity that has or had one or more executive officers serving as a member of our Boardor Compensation Committee.

REPORT OF THE COMPENSATION COMMITTEE

The Compensation Committee has reviewed and discussed with management the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" required by Item 401(b) of Regulation S-K and, based on such review and discussions, has recommended to our Board that the foregoing "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" be included in this Proxy Statement.

Respectfully submitted,

Edward L. Kane, Chair Guy W. Adams Judy Codding

Executive Compensation

This section discusses the material components of the compensation program for our executive officers named in the 2015 Summary Compensation Table below. In 2015, our named executive officers and their positions were as follows:

- Ellen M. Cotter, Chair of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer, interim President and Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer – Domestic Cinemas and Chief Executive Officer of Consolidated Entertainment, LLC.
- Dev Ghose, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer.
- William D. Ellis, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary
- Robert F. Smerling, President Domestic Cinema Operations.
- Wayne Smith, Managing Director Australia and New Zealand.
- James Cotter, Jr., former Vice Chair, President and Chief Executive Officer.
- Andrzej J. Matyczynski, former Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Corporate Secretary.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table shows the compensation paid or accrued during the last three fiscal years ended December 31, 2015 to (i) Mr. James Cotter, Jr., who served as our principal executive officer until June 12, 2015, (ii) Bllen M. Cotter, who served as our interim principal executive officer from June 12, 2015 through December 31, 2015, (iii) Mr. Andrzej J. Matyczynski, who served as our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer until May 11, 2015, and (iv) Mr. Dev Ghose, who served as our Chief Financial Officer starting May 11, 2015, and (v) the other three most highly compensated persons who served as executive officers in 2015. The following executives are herein referred to as our "named executive officers."

	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)(1)	Option Awards (\$)(1)	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earning (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Ellen M. Cotter (2)	2015	402,000	250,000				25,465 (3)	677,465
Interim	2014	335,000			-		75,190 (3)(4)	410,190
President and Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer - Domestic Cinemas	2013	335,000			_		24,915 ⁽³⁾	359,915
James Cotter, Jr. (5)	2015	195,417		-	50,027-		16,161 (3)	261,605
Former President and	2014	335,000		-	50,027-		26,051 (3)	411,078
Chief Executive Officer	2013	195,417			29,182-		9,346 (3)	233,945
Dev Ghose (6)	2015	257,692	75,000		382,334		15,730 ⁽³⁾	407,005
Chief Financial	2014				_		-	
Officer and Treasurer	2013				-		-	_
Andrzej J.	2015	324,000			33,010	150,000 (8)	27,140 (3)	534,150
Matyczynski (7)	2014	308,640			33,010	150,000 (8)	26,380 ⁽³⁾	518,030
Former Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer	2013	308,640	35,000		33,010	50,000 (8)	25,755 (3)	452,405
William Ellis	2015	350,000	60,000		57,194		28,330 ⁽³⁾	495,524
General Counsel (10)	2014	71,795	10,000		9,532		2,500 (3)	93,827
	2013			_	_			-
Robert F. Smerling	2015	350,000	75,000		_		22,899 (3)	447,899
President –	2014	350,000	65,000		_		22,421 (3)	437,421
Domestic Cinema Operations	2013	350,000	25,000	-	-	M in	21,981 (3)	396,981
Wayne Smith (11)	2015	274,897	71,478		_		2,600 (3)	348,975
Managing Director	2014	324,295	72,216		_		2,340 (3)	398,851
-Australia and New Zealand	2013	340,393	48,420		_		2,075 (3)	390,888

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent the aggregate grant date fair value of awards computed in accordance with ASC Topic 718, excluding the effects of any estimated forfeitures. The assumptions used in the valuation of these awards are discussed in the Notes to our consolidated financial statements. Amounts do not include the value of restricted stock units that will not vest within 60 days following the date of which this information is provided.

⁽²⁾ Ms. Ellen M. Cotter was appointed our interim President and Chief Executive Officer on June 12, 2015.

⁽³⁾ Includes our matching employer contributions under our 401(k) plan, the imputed tax of key person insurance, and any automobile allowances. Aside from the car allowances only the employer contributions for the 401(k) plan exceeded \$10,000, see table below. See the table in the section entitled "Employee Benefits and Perquisites" for the

amount of each individual's car allowance.

Employer Contribution for 401(k) Plan

Name	2015	2014	2013
Ellen M. Cotter	\$10,600	\$10,400	\$10,200
James Cotter, Jr.	6,700	10,400	0
Dev Ghose	4,000	0	0
Andrzej J. Matyczynski	10,600	10,400	10,200
William Ellis	10,500	0	0
Robert F. Smerling	0	0	0
Wayne Smith	0	0	0

- (4) Includes a \$50,000 tax gross-up for taxes incurred as a result of the exercise of nonqualified stock options that were intended to be issued as incentive stock options.
- (5) Mr. Cotter, Jr., served as our Chief Executive Officer until June 12, 2015. In the case of Mr. Cotter Jr., the "All Other Compensation" column includes \$43,750 in severance payments paid pursuant to Mr. Cotter Jr.'s employment agreement. Of this amount, the Company has a claim against Mr. Cotter Jr. for approximately \$18,000, which, if the Company is successful in this claim, may be recovered from Mr. Cotter Jr.
- (6) Mr. Ghose became Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer on May 11, 2015, as such, he was paid a prorated amount of his \$400,000 salary for 2015.
- (7) Mr. Matyczynski resigned as our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer on May 11, 2015, and acted as our Strategic Corporate Advisor until March 10, 2016.
- (8) Represents the increase in the vested benefit of the DCP for Mr. Matyczynski. Payment of the vested benefit under his DCP will be made in accordance with the terms of the DCP.
- (9) Mr. Cotter, Jr. had an annual base salary of \$335,000 for 2015. As his employment ended in June 2015, Mr. Cotter, Jr. earned a prorated base salary of \$195,417 for 2015, which includes his severance payment paid through the end of July 2015.
- (10) Mr. Ellis became General Counsel and Corporate Secretary on October 20, 2014 as such he was paid a prorated amount of his \$350,000 salary in 2014. Mr. Ellis submitted his resignation on February 18, 2016.
- (11) Mr. Smith is paid in Australian Dollars. Amounts in the table above are shown in U.S. Dollars, using the conversion rates of 0.9684 for 2013, 0.9027 for 2014 and 0.7524 for 2015.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards

The following table contains information concerning the stock grants made to our named executive officers for the year ended December 31, 2015:

		Estimate <u>Non-Equ</u>	Under		Under I	d Future: Equity In an Awan		Stock Awards: Number of Shares of	Securities	Exercise or Base Price	of Stock
<u>Name</u>	Grant Date	Threshold (\$)	Target	Maximun _(\$)_	Threshold	l Target l	Maximum <u>(#)</u>		Options	of Option Award (\$/share) (3)	Awards (\$)
Bilen M. Cotter James Cotter, Jr.	-	- -		•	 		- -	-	• -	-	• -
					40)					

Dev Ghose 5-11- 2015			-	-	-	•	100	000	13.42 \$382,334
Andrzej J	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	<u>,-</u>	-
Matyczynski									
William Ellis -	-					-	-	æ	-
Robert F	-			-	-	-	_	-	-
Smerling									
Wayne Smith 7-16-		<u> -</u>		<u> </u>		6	.000 -	+	\$84,000
(1) 2015									

- (1) Mr. Wayne Smith was issued an award of restricted Class A Common Stock, which vests in equal installments on May 13, 2015 and May 13, 2016. The closing price per share for the Class A Common Stock on the date of grant was \$14.00. The awards issued to Mr. Wayne Smith are related to his prior-year performance.
- (2) Mr. Dev Ghose was issued an option to purchase 100,000 shares of Class A Common Stock at the commencement of his employment, which award vests in four equal installments.
- (3) Options are granted with an exercise price equal to the closing price per share on the date of grant.
- (4) Represents the total option value estimated as per ASC 718.

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation

Name	Executive contributions in 2015 (\$)	Registrant contributions in 2015 (\$)	Aggregate earnings in 2015 (\$)	Aggregate withdrawals/distributions (\$)	Aggregate balance at December 31, 2015 (\$)
Andrzej J. Matyczynski	0	150,000	0	Ø	600,000

See "Potential Payments upon Termination of Employment or Change in Control".

On May 13, 2010, our stockholders approved the Plan at the annual meeting of stockholders in accordance with the recommendation of the Board of the Company. The Plan provides for awards of stock options, restricted stock, bonus stock, and stock appreciation rights to eligible employees, Directors, and consultants. The Board approved an amendment to the Plan to permit the award of restricted stock units on March 10, 2016. The Plan permits issuance of a maximum of 1,250,000 shares of Class A Stock. The Plan expires automatically on March 11, 2020.

Equity incentive bonuses may be awarded to align our executives' long-term compensation to appreciation in stockholder value over time and, so long as such grants are within the parameters of the Plan, historically were entirely discretionary on the part of Mr. Cotter, Sr. Other stock grants are subject to Board approval. Equity awards may include stock options, restricted stock, bonus stock, or stock appreciation rights.

If awarded, it is generally our policy to value stock options and restricted stock at the closing price of our common stock as reported on the NASDAQ Stock Market on the date the award is approved or on the date of hire, if the stock is granted as a recruitment incentive. When stock is granted as bonus compensation for a particular transaction, the award may be based on the market price on a date calculated from the closing date of the relevant transaction. Awards may also be subject to vesting and limitations on voting or other rights.

Outstanding Equity Awards

The following table sets forth outstanding equity awards held by our named executive officers as of December 31, 2015 under the Plan:

Outstanding Equity Awards at Year Ended December 31, 2015

			Option Awards	;		Stoc	k Awards
James Cotter.	Class	Number of Shares Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable	Number of Shares Underlying Unexercised Options Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date 06/02/2018	Number of Shares or Units of Stock that Have Not Vested	Market Value of Shares or Units that Have Not Vested (\$)
Jr. ⁽¹⁾	•••	•		•			
Ellen M.	Α	20,000	_	5.55	03/06/2018	0	0
Cotter			oncommentament accommentament constraint	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	a-nononconconcanación	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	warranceantatachtacatatachtachtachtach
William Ellis [©]	A	_ 8,815	40,000	8,94	12/31/2016	0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Dev Ghose	Α	25,000 ^{©)}	75,000	13.42	05/10/2020	0	0
Andrzej I. Matyczynski	Α	25,000		6,02	08/22/2022	0	0
Robert F.	Α	43,750	m-4	10.24	05/08/2017	0	0
Smerling Wayne Smith	Α	-	+		÷	3,000 ⁶⁹	42,000

- (1) Mr. Cotter, Jr. has stated that he has unvested options to acquire 50,000 shares of Class A Stock at an exercise price of \$6.31 per share, expiring February 6, 2018, of an original stock option grant of 100,000 Class A Stock. Mr. Cotter, Jr. exercised 50,000 stock options in June 2015. The Company's position is that all unvested options expired upon the termination of Mr. Cotter, Jr.'s employment. The matter is under review by the Compensation Committee.
- (2) Mr. Ellis submitted his resignation on February 18, 2016, effective March 11, 2016. As part of his separation agreement, 20,000 of the 40,000 remaining unvested shares will vest on October 20, 2016. Thereafter, no additional options will vest.
- (3) 25,000 of Mr. Ghose's options vested on May 11, 2016.
- (4) Mr. Smith was granted 6,000 restricted shares of Class A stock on July 16, 2015, which vest over two years in annual installments.

Option Exercises and Stock Vested

The following table contains information for our named executive officers concerning the option awards that were exercised and stock awards that vested during the year ended December 31, 2015:

		Option A	wards	Stock	Awards
Name ·	Class	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise	Value Realized on Exercise (\$)	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting	Value Realized on Vesting (\$)
James Cotter, Jr. (1)	B A A A B	100,000 50,000 12,500 10,000 50,000	1,024,000 315,500 48,375 83,500 512,000	 	- - - -

Andrzej J.	Α	35,100	180,063	 _
Matyczynski				

(1) Mr. Cotter, Jr. has stated that he has unvested options to acquire 50,000 shares of Class A Stock at an exercise price of \$6.31 per share, expiring February 6, 2018, of an original stock option grant of 100,000 Class A Stock. Mr. Cotter, Jr. exercised 50,000 stock options in June 2015. The Company's position is that all unvested options expired upon the termination of Mr. Cotter, Jr.'s employment. The matter is under review by the Compensation Committee.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table sets forth, as of December 31, 2015, a summary of certain information related to our equity incentive plans under which our equity securities are authorized for issuance:

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders ⁵⁷ Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders Total	486,565 (2) 486,565	\$ 8.68	551,800

- (1) These plans are the Company's 1999 Stock Option Plan and 2010 Stock Incentive Plan.
- (2) Represents outstanding options only.

Pension Benefits

The following table contains information concerning pension plans for each of the named executive officers for the year ended December 31, 2015:

Name	Plan Name	Number of Years of Credited Service	Present Value of Accumulated Benefit as of 12/31/2015 (\$)	Payments During Last Fiscal Year (\$)
Andrzej J. Matyczynski	DCP	6	600,000	\$ -

Potential Payments upon Termination of Employment or Change in Control

The following paragraphs provide information regarding potential payments to each of our named executive officers in connection with certain termination events, including a termination related to a change of control of the Company, as of December 31, 2015:

Mr. Dev Ghose — Termination without Cause. Under his employment agreement, we may terminate Mr. Ghose's employment with or without cause (as defined) at any time. If we terminate his employment without cause or fail to renew his employment agreement upon expiration without cause, Mr. Ghose will be entitled to receive severance in an amount equal to the salary and benefits he was receiving for a period of 12 months following such termination or non-renewal. If the termination is in connection with a "change of control" (as defined), Mr. Ghose would be entitled to severance in an amount equal to the compensation he would have received for a period two years from such termination.

Mr. William Ellis – Termination without Cause. Mr. Ellis resigned his employment effective March 11, 2016. We have entered into a separation agreement with Mr. Ellis which provides, among other things, that, in consideration of the payment to Mr. Ellis of \$205,010 (to be paid in 19 equal semi-monthly installments of \$10,790) and the vesting of options to acquire 20,000 shares of our Class A Common Stock on October 15, 2016, Mr. Ellis has agreed to be available to advise us on matters on which he previously worked until December 31, 2016. Mr. Ellis' employment agreement contained a noncompetition clause that did not extend beyond his termination.

Mr. Wayne Smith — Termination of Employment for Failing to Meet Performance Standards. If Mr. Smith's employment is terminated by the Board for failing to meet the standards of his anticipated performance, Mr. Smith will be entitled to a severance payment of six months' base salary.

Mr. Andrzej J. Matyczynski — Deferred Compensation Benefits. During 2012, Mr. Matyczynski was granted an unfunded, nonqualified deferred compensation plan ("DCP") that was partially vested and was to vest further so long as he remained in our continuous employ. If Mr. Matyczynski were to be terminated for cause, then the total vested amount would be reduced to zero. The incremental amount vested each year was made subject to review and approval by our Board. Please see the "Nonqualified Deferred Compensation" table for additional information.

Upon the termination of Mr. Matyczynski's employment, he will be entitled under the DCP agreement to payment of the vested benefits under his DCP in annual installments following the later of (a) 30 days following Mr. Matyczynski's 65th birthday or (b) six months after his separation from service for reasons other than his death or termination for cause. The DCP was to vest over seven years and with full vesting to occur in 2019 at \$1,000,000 in deferred compensation. However, in connection with his employment as EVP Global Operations, the Company and Mr. Matyczynski agreed that the Company would cease making contributions to the DCP on April 15, 2016 and that the final contributions by the Company to the DCP would be \$150,000 for 2015 and \$21,875 for 2016, satisfying the Company's obligations under the DCP. Mr. Matyczynski's agreement contains nonsolicitation provisions that extend for one year after his retirement.

Under Mr. Matyczynski's agreement, on his retirement date and provided there has not been a termination for cause, Mr. Matyczynski will be entitled to a lump sum severance payment in an amount equal to \$50,000, less certain offsets.

Robert F. Smerling – Retirement Benefit. In March 2016, the Compensation Committee approved a one-time retirement benefit for Robert Smerling, President, Cinema Operations, due to his significant long-term service to the Company. The retirement benefit is the average of the two highest total cash compensation (base salary plus cash bonus) years paid to Mr. Smerling in the then most recently completed five year period.

No other named executive officers currently have employment agreements or other arrangements providing benefits upon termination or a change of control. The table below shows the maximum benefits that would be payable to each person listed above in the event of such person's termination without cause or termination in connection with a change in control, if such events had occurred on December 31, 2015, at price equal to the closing price of the Class A stock on that date, which was of \$13.11.

Mr. Ellis' agreement terminated when his employment ended as of March 11, 2016. As such, his information is excluded from the table below.

	Payable on upon Termination without Cause (\$)			Payable up Connection Control (\$)	Payable upon Retirement (\$)		
	Severance Payments	Value of Vested Stock Options	Value of Health Benefits	Severance Payments	Value of Vested Stock Options	Value of Unvested Stock Options Accelerated	Benefits Payable under Retirement Plans or the DCP
Ellen Gotter Dev Ghose	400,000	C		0 800,000	0	0	0 0
Wayne Smith Andrzej J.	175,000 50,000 ^{e)}	39,330 ⁰⁾ 177,250	0	0 0	800180000000000000000000000000000000000	39,330 ⁶⁾	600,000
Matyczynski Robert F. Smerling	0	125,562	0	0	125,562	0	415,000 ⁽⁹⁾

- (1) Represents value of restricted stock award rather than stock option.
- (2) Mr. Matyczynski's severance payment is payable upon his retirement, and is subject to certain offsets as set forth in his agreement, and is subject to certain offsets.
- (3) Mr. Smerling's one-time retirement benefit is based on the average of the two highest total cash compensation years paid to Mr. Smerling in the most recently completed five-year period. The figure quoted in the table represents the average of total compensation paid for years 2015 and 2014.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The members of our Audit Committee are Douglas McEachern, who serves as Chair, Edward Kane, and Michael Wrotniak. Management presents all potential related party transactions to the Audit Committee for review. Our Audit Committee reviews whether a given related party transaction is beneficial to our Company, and approves or bars the transaction after a thorough analysis. Only Committee members disinterested in the transaction in question participate in the determination of whether the transaction may proceed. See the discussion entitled "Review, Approval or Ratification of Transactions with Related Persons" for additional information regarding the review process.

Sutton Hill Capital

In 2001, we entered into a transaction with Sutton Hill Capital, LLC ("SHC") regarding the master leasing, with an option to purchase, of certain cinemas located in Manhattan including our Village East and Cinemas 1, 2, 3 theaters. In connection with that transaction, we also agreed (i) to lend certain amounts to SHC, to provide liquidity in its investment, pending our determination whether or not to exercise our option to purchase and (ii) to manage the 86th Street Cinema on a fee basis. SHC is a limited liability company owned in equal shares by the Cotter Estate and/or the Cotter Trust and a third party.

As previously reported, over the years, two of the cinemas subject to the master leasing agreement have been redeveloped and one (the Cinemas 1, 2, 3 discussed below) has been acquired. The Village East is the only cinema that remains subject to this master lease. We paid an annual rent of \$590,000 for this cinema to SHC in each of 2015, 2014, and 2013. During this same period, we received management fees from the 86th Street Cinema of \$151,000, \$123,000 and \$183,000.

In 2005, we acquired (i) from a third party the fee interest underlying the Cinemas 1, 2, 3, and (ii) from SHC its interest in the ground lease estate underlying and the improvements constituting the Cinemas 1, 2, 3. The ground lease estate and the improvements acquired from SHC were originally a part of the master lease transaction, discussed above.

In connection with that transaction, we granted to SHC an option to acquire at cost a 25% interest in the special purpose entity (Sutton Hill Properties, LLC ("SHP") formed to acquire these fee, leasehold and improvements interests. On June 28, 2007, SHC exercised this option, paying \$3.0 million and assuming a proportionate share of SHP's liabilities. At the time of the option exercise and the closing of the acquisition of the 25% interest, SHP had debt of \$26.9 million, including a \$2.9 million, non-interest bearing intercompany loan from the Company. As of December 31, 2015, SHP had debt of \$19.4 million (again, including the intercompany loan). Since the acquisition by SHC of its 25% interest, SHP has covered its operating costs and debt service through cash flow from the Cinemas 1, 2, 3, (ii) borrowings from third parties, and (iii) pro-rata contributions from the members. We receive an annual management fee equal to 5% of SHP's gross income for managing the cinema and the property, amounting to \$153,000, \$123,000 and \$183,000 in 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively. This management fee was modified in 2015, as discussed below, retroactive to December 1, 2014.

On June 29, 2010, we agreed to extend our existing lease from SHC of the Village East Cinema by 10 years, with a new termination date of June 30, 2020. This amendment was reviewed and approved by our Audit Committee. The Village East lease includes a sub-lease of the ground underlying the cinema that is subject to a longer-term ground lease between SHC and an unrelated third party that expires in June 2031 (the "cinema ground lease"). The extended lease provides for a call option pursuant to which Reading may purchase the cinema ground lease for \$5.9 million at the end of the lease term. Additionally, the lease has a put option pursuant to which SHC may require Reading to purchase all or a portion of SHC's interest in the existing cinema lease and the cinema ground lease at any time between July 1, 2013 and December 4, 2019. SHC's put option may be exercised on one or more occasions in increments of not less than \$100,000 each. We recorded the Village East Cinema building as a property asset of \$4.7 million on our balance sheet based on the cost carry-over basis from an entity under common control with a corresponding capital lease liability of \$5.9 million.

In February 2015, SHP and we entered into an amendment to the management agreement dated as of June 27, 2007 between SHP and us. The amendment, which was retroactive to December 1, 2014, memorialized our undertaking to SHP with respect to \$750,000 (the "Renovation Funding Amount") of renovations to Cinemas 1, 2, 3 funded or to be funded by us. In consideration of our funding of the renovations, our annual management fee under the management agreement was increased commencing January 1, 2015 by an amount equivalent to 100% of any incremental positive cash flow of Cinemas 1, 2, 3 over the average annual positive cash flow of the Cinemas 1, 2, 3 over the three-year period ended December 31, 2014 (not to exceed a cumulative aggregate amount equal to the Renovation Funding Amount), plus a 15% annual cash-on-eash return on the balance outstanding from time to time of the Renovation Funding Amount, payable at the time of the payment of the annual management fee. Under the amended management agreement, we are entitled to retain ownership of (and any right to depreciate) any furniture, fixtures and equipment purchased by us in connection with such renovation and have the right (but not the obligation) to remove all such furniture, fixtures and equipment (at our own cost and expense) from the Cinemas upon the termination of the management agreement. The amendment also provides that, during the term of the management agreement, SHP will be responsible for the cost of repair and maintenance of the renovations. In 2015, we received a management fee of \$153,000. This amendment was approved by SHC and by the Audit Committee of our Board.

OBI Management Agreement

Pursuant to a Theater Management Agreement (the "Management Agreement"), our live theater operations were, until recently, managed by Off-Broadway Investments, LLC ("OBI Management"), which is wholly owned by Ms. Margaret Cotter, the daughter of the late Mr. James J. Cotter, Sr., the sister of Ellen M. Cotter and James Cotter, Jr., and a member of our Board. The Management Agreement was terminated effective March 10, 2016 in connection with the retention by our Company of Margaret Cotter as a full time employee. The Theater Management Agreement generally provided for the payment of a combination of fixed and incentive fees for the management of our four live theaters. Historically, these fees have equated to approximately 21% of the net cash flow generated by these properties. OBI was paid \$589,000 with respect to 2015. This includes \$389,000 for theater management services performed in 2015 and \$200,000 for property development services with respect to our Company's Union Square and Cinemas 1,2,3 properties, some of which property development services were provided in periods prior to 2015 and during the period ended March 10, 2016. We paid \$397,000 and \$401,000 in fees for theater management services with respect to 2014, and 2013, respectively. No fees were paid in these periods for property development services. We also reimbursed OBI for certain travel expenses, shared the cost of an administrative assistant, and provided office space at our New York offices. The fees payable to OBI for the period January 1, 2016 through and including March 9, 2016, will be prorated.

OBI Management historically conducted its operations from our office facilities on a rent-free basis, and we shared the cost of one administrative employee of OBI Management. We reimbursed travel related expenses for OBI Management personnel with respect to travel between New York City and Chicago in connection with the management of the Royal George complex. Other than these expenses, OBI Management was responsible for all of its costs and expenses related to the performance of its management functions. The Management Agreement renewed automatically each year unless either party gave at least six months' prior notice of its determination to allow the Management Agreement to expire. In addition, we could terminate the Management Agreement at any time for cause.

Effective March 10, 2016, Margaret Cotter became a full time employee of the Company and the Management Agreement was terminated. As Executive Vice-President Real Estate Management and Development - NYC, Ms. Cotter will continue to be responsible for the management of our live theater assets, will continue her role heading up the pre-redevelopment of our New York properties and will be our senior executive responsible for the actual redevelopment of our New York properties. Pursuant to the termination agreement, Ms. Cotter has given up any right she might otherwise have, through OBI, to income from STOMP.

Ms. Cotter's compensation as Executive Vice-President was set as part of an extensive executive compensation process. For 2016, Ms. Cotter's base salary will be \$350,000, she will have a short term incentive target bonus opportunity of \$105,000 (30% of her base salary), and she was granted a long term incentive of a stock option for 19,921 shares of Class A common stock and 4,184 restricted stock units under the Company's 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended, which long term incentives vest over a four year period.

Live Theater Play Investment

From time to time, our officers and Directors may invest in plays that lease our live theaters. The play STOMP has been playing in our Orpheum Theatre since prior to the time we acquired the theater in 2001. The Cotter Estate and/or the Cotter Trust and Mr. Michael Forman own an approximately 5% interest in that play, an interest that they have held since prior to our acquisition of the theater.

Shadow View Land and Farming, LLC

Director Guy Adams has performed consulting services for James J. Cotter, Sr., with respect to certain holdings that are now controlled by the Cotter Estate and/or the Cotter Trust (collectively the "Cotter Interests"). These holdings include a 50% non-controlling membership interest in Shadow View Land and Farming, LLC (the "Shadow View Investment" and "Shadow View" respectively), certain agricultural interests in Northern California (the "Cotter Farms"), and certain land interests in Texas (the "Texas Properties"). In addition, Mr. Adams is the CFO of certain captive insurance entities, owned by a certain trust for the benefit of Ellen M. Cotter, James Cotter, Jr., and Margaret Cotter (the "captive insurance entities").

Shadow View is a consolidated subsidiary of the Company. The Company has from time to time made capital contributions to Shadow View. The Company has also, from time to time, as the managing member, funded on an interim basis certain costs incurred by Shadow View, ultimately billing such costs through to the two members. The Company has never paid any remuneration to Shadow View. Mr. Adams' consulting fees with respect to the Shadow View Interest were to have been measured by the profit, if any, derived by the Cotter Interests from the Shadow View Investment. He has no beneficial interest in Shadow View or the Shadow View Investment. His consulting fees with respect to Shadow View were equal to 5% of the profit, if any, derived by the Cotter Interests from the Shadow View Investment after recoupment of its investment plus a return of 100%. To date, no profits have been generated by Shadow View and Mr. Adams has never received any compensation with respect to these consulting services. His consulting fee would have been calculated only after the Cotter Interests had received back their costs and expenses and two times their investment in Shadow View, Mr. Adams' consulting fees would have been 2.5% of the then-profit, if any, recognized by Shadow View, considered as a whole.

The Company and its subsidiaries (i) do not have any interest in, (ii) have never conducted any business with, and (iii) have not made any payments to, the Cotter Family Farms, the Texas Properties and/or the captive insurance entities.

Document Storage Agreement

In consideration of the payment of \$100 per month, our Company has agreed to allow Ellen M. Cotter and Margaret Cotter to keep certain files related to the Cotter Estate and/or the Cotter Trust at our Los Angeles Corporate Headquarters. This arrangement, however, has not been implemented.

Review, Approval or Ratification of Transactions with Related Persons

The Audit Committee has adopted a written charter, which includes responsibility for approval of "Related Party Transactions." Under its charter, the Audit Committee performs the functions of the "Conflicts Committee" of the Board and is delegated responsibility and authority by the Board to review, consider and negotiate, and to approve or disapprove on behalf of the Company the terms and conditions of any and all Related Party Transactions (defined below) with the same effect as though such actions had been taken by the full Board. Any such matter requires no further action by the Board in order to be binding upon the Company, except in the case of matters that, under applicable Nevada Law, cannot be delegated to a committee of the Board and must be determined by the full Board. In those cases where the authority of the Board cannot be delegated, the Audit Committee nevertheless provides its recommendation to the full Board.

As used in the Audit Committee's Charter, the term "Related Party Transaction" means any transaction or arrangement between the Company on one hand, and on the other hand (i) any one or more directors, executive officers or stockholders holding more than 10% of the voting power of the Company (or any spouse, parent, sibling or heir of any such individual), or (ii) any one or more entities under common control with any one of such persons, or (iii) any entity in which one or more such persons holds more than a 10% interest. Related Party Transactions do not include matters related to employment or employee compensation related issues.

The charter provides that the Audit Committee reviews transactions subject to the policy and determines whether or not to approve or ratify those transactions. In doing so, the Audit Committee takes into account, among other factors it deems appropriate:

- the approximate dollar value of the amount involved in the transaction and whether the transaction is material to us;
- whether the terms are fair to us, have resulted from arm's length negotiations and are on terms at least as
 favorable as would apply if the transaction did not involve a Related Person;
- the purpose of, and the potential benefits to us of, the transaction;
- whether the transaction was undertaken in our ordinary course of business;
- the Related Person's interest in the transaction, including the approximate dollar value of the amount of the Related Person's interest in the transaction without regard to the amount of any profit or loss;
- required public disclosure, if any; and
- any other information regarding the transaction or the Related Person in the context of the proposed transaction that would be material to investors in light of the circumstances of the particular transaction.

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Summary of Principal Accounting Fees for Professional Services Rendered

Our independent public accountants, Grant Thornton LLP, have audited our financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, and are expected to have a representative present at the Annual Meeting, who will have the opportunity to make a statement if he or she desires to do so and is expected to be available to respond to appropriate questions.

Audit Fees

The aggregate fees for professional services for the audit of our financial statements, audit of internal controls related to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and the reviews of the financial statements included in our Forms 10-K and 10-Q provided by Grant Thornton LLP for 2015 and 2014 were approximately \$931,500 and \$661,700, respectively.

Audit-Related Fees

Grant Thornton LLP did not provide us any audit related services for 2015 or 2014.

Tax Fees

Grant Thornton LLP did not provide us any products or any services for tax compliance, tax advice, or tax planning for 2015 or 2014.

All Other Fees

Grant Thornton LLP did not provide us any services for 2015 or 2014, other than as set forth above.

Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

Our Audit Committee must pre-approve, to the extent required by applicable law, all audit services and permissible non-audit services provided by our independent registered public accounting firm, except for any de minimis non-audit services. Non-audit services are considered de minimis if (i) the aggregate amount of all such non-audit services constitutes less than 5% of the total amount of revenues we paid to our independent registered public accounting firm during the fiscal year in which they are provided; (ii) we did not recognize such services at the time of the engagement to be non-audit services; and (iii) such services are promptly submitted to our Audit Committee for approval prior to the completion of the audit by our Audit Committee or any of its members who has authority to give such approval. Our Audit Committee pre-approved all services provided to us by Grant Thornton LLP for 2015 and 2014.

STOCKHOLDER COMMUNICATIONS

Annual Report

A copy of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31,2015 is being provided with this Proxy Statement.

Stockholder Communications with Directors

It is the policy of our Board that any communications sent to the attention of any one or more of our Directors in care of our executive offices will be promptly forwarded to such Directors. Such communications will not be opened or reviewed by any of our officers or employees, or by any other Director, unless they are requested to do so by the addressee of any such communication. Likewise, the content of any telephone messages left for any one or more of our Directors (including callback number, if any) will be promptly forwarded to that Director.

Stockholder Proposals and Director Nominations

Any stockholder who, in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the proxy rules of the SEC, wishes to submit a proposal for inclusion in our Proxy Statement for our 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, must deliver such proposal in writing to the Annual Meeting Secretary at the address of our Company's principal executive offices at 6100 Center Drive, Suite 900, Los Angeles, California 90045. Unless we change the date of our 2017 annual meeting by more than 30 days from the anniversary of the prior year's meeting, such written proposal must be delivered to us no later than December 23, 2016 to be considered timely. If our 2017 Annual Meeting is not held within 30 days of the anniversary of our 2016 Annual Meeting, to be considered timely, stockholder proposals must be received no later than ten days after the earlier of (a) the date on which notice of the 2017 Annual Meeting is mailed, or (b) the date on which the Company publicly discloses the date of the 2017 Annual Meeting, including disclosure in an SEC filing or through a press release. If we do not receive notice of a stockholder proposal on or before March 8, 2017, the proxies that we hold may confer discretionary authority to vote against such stockholder proposal, even though such proposal is not discussed in our Proxy Statement for that meeting.

Our Boards will consider written nominations for Directors from stockholders. Nominations for the election of Directors made by our stockholders must be made by written notice delivered to our Secretary at our principal executive offices not less than 120 days prior to the first anniversary of the date that this Proxy Statement is first sent to stockholders. Such written notice must set forth the name, age, address, and principal occupation or employment of such

nominee, the number of shares of our Company's common stock that is beneficially owned by such nominee and such other information required by the proxy rules of the SEC with respect to a nominee of the Board.

Under our governing documents and applicable Nevada law, our stockholders may also directly nominate candidates from the floor at any meeting of our stockholders held at which Directors are to be elected.

OTHER MATTERS

We do not know of any other matters to be presented for consideration other than the proposals described above, but if any matters are properly presented, it is the intention of the persons named in the accompanying proxy to vote on such matters in accordance with their judgment.

DELIVERY OF PROXY MATERIALS TO HOUSEHOLDS

As permitted by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, only one copy of the proxy materials are being delivered to our stockholders residing at the same address, unless such stockholders have notified us of their desire to receive multiple copies of the proxy materials.

We will promptly deliver without charge, upon oral or written request, a separate copy of the proxy materials to any stockholder residing at an address to which only one copy was mailed. Requests for additional copies should be directed to our Corporate Secretary by telephone at (213) 235-2240 or by mail to Corporate Secretary, Reading International, Inc., 6100 Center Drive, Suite 900, Los Angeles, California 90045.

Stockholders residing at the same address and currently receiving only one copy of the proxy materials may contact the Corporate Secretary as described above to request multiple copies of the proxy materials in the future.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Ellen M. Cotter Chair of the Board

May 19, 2016

PROXY VOTING INSTRUCTIONS

YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT, PLEASE VOTE TODAY.
We announge you to take advantage of internet or telephone writing.
Both are available 28 hours a day, 7 days a week.
Internet and telephone voting is available through 1: 28 a.m., PT, on June 1: 2016.

VOTE BY INTERNET

WWW.FCRVCTE.COMRIG

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Proceeded by Malaningster³⁶ Document Research³⁶
The Information contained bends may not be crapted, ethicid or distributed and is an exemined to be examined to the scattery complete or linear, The user secures all news for any demagns or losses enterly from any use of this Information, except in the extent such company or losses content be invited or excluded by applicable law. Pleas through performance in an uppartment of future reseals.

SIGN, DATE AND MAIL YOUR PROXY TODAY, UNLESS YOU HAVE VOTED BY INTERNET OR TELEPHONE.

IF YOU HAVE NOT VOTED BY INTERNET OR TELEPHONE, PLEASE DATE, MARK, SIGN AND RETURN
THIS PROXY PROMPTLY. YOUR VOTE, WHETHER BY INTERNET, TELEPHONE OR MAIL, MUST BE
RECEIVED NO LATER THAN 11:59 P.M. PACIFIC TIME, JUNE 1; 2016,
TO BE INCLUDED IN THE YOTING RESULTS. ALL VALID PROXIES RECEIVED PRIOR TO 11:59 P.M.
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SEE REVERSE SIDE

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ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

June 2, 2015, 11:00 s.m.

THIS PROXY IS SOLICITED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The undersigned hereby appoints Ellen M. Cottler and Angizej Matyrzycish, and as on offinem, the attorneys, agents, and proves of the undersigned, with full powers of substantion to each, to effect and so as proxy or provides of the undersigned at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Reading International, Inc. to be field at the Countywidthy Markott Las Angière Westers, located at 5033 Bristol Particley, Curier City, Castine 90230 on Thursday, June 2, 2010 at 11:00 a.m., localitine, and at and with respect to any and all adjournments or postponements thereof, and to vote as specified herein the number of shares which the undersigned if personally present, would be entitled to vote.

The undersigned hereby sufficient of confirms of that the attorneys and product, or any of their, of their substitutes, shall invitudy do of cause to be done by virtue hereof, and hereby revokes any and all product hereby the given by the undersigned to vote of the Armusi Meeting. The undersigned school/seges receipt of the Notice of Annual Meeting and the Prody Statement accompanying such notice.

THE PROXY, WHEN PROPERLY EXECUTED AND RETURNED PRIOR TO THE ARMUAL MEETING, WILL BE VOTED AS DIRECTED IF NO DIRECTION IS GIVEN, IT WILL BE VOTED "FOR" PROPOSAL), AND IN THE PROXY HOLDERS "DISCRETION" AS TO ANY OTHER MATTER THAT MAY PROPERLY COME BEFORE THE ARMUAL MEETING OR ANY POSTPONEMENT OR ADJOURNMENT THEREOF.

SEF REVERSE SIDE



Published on Reading International Investor Center (http://investor.readingrdi.com) on 07-18-2016

Board of Directors of Reading International Rejected Non-Binding Indication of Interest

Release Date:

7/18/16 6:00 am EDT

Terms:

Corporate [1]

Dateline City:

LOS ANGELES

LOS ANGELES--(BUSINESS WIRE [2])--Reading International, Inc. (NASDAQ: RDI) ("Reading" or the "Company") confirmed today that in June 2016, it rejected an unsolicited, non-binding indication of interest from a third party to acquire all of Reading's outstanding stock at \$17 per share. The non-binding indication of interest, and its rejection, were disclosed last week by Board member James J. Cotter, Jr., in a public filing he made in the derivative litigation in the District Court for Clark County, Nevada.

To clarify the record, our Board of Directors, after receiving input from management and its outside advisors, carefully evaluated the indication of interest. Following this review, the Board of Directors determined that our stockholders would be better served by pursuing our independent, stand-alone strategic business plan and communicated this to the third party. Reading's Board strongly believed that the proposed transaction was not in the best interest of our Company or our stockholders.

The statements made by Mr. Cotter, Jr. in his litigation filing were not authorized by the Company, do not constitute Company communications, and the Company takes no responsibility for their accuracy. Typically, it is not our practice to disclose unsolicited expressions of interest and Reading undertakes no obligation to further update this disclosure.

About Reading International, Inc.

Reading International (http://www.readingrdi.com (1) is in the business of owning and operating cinemas and developing, owning, and operating real estate assets. Our business consists primarily of:

- the development, ownership, and operation of multiplex cinemas in the United States, Australia, and New Zealand; and
- the development, ownership, and operation of retail and commercial real estate in Australia, New Zealand, and the
 United States, including entertainment-themed centers in Australia and New Zealand and live theater assets in
 Manhattan and Chicago in the United States.

Reading manages its worldwide business under various brands:

- in the United States, under the
 - Reading Cinema brand (http://www.readingcinemasus.com [4]);
 - Angelika Film Center brand (http://www.angelikafilmcenter.com [5]);
 - Consolidated Theatres brand (http://www.consolidatedtheatres.com [6]);
 - City Cinemas brand (http://www.citycinemas.com [7]);
 - Beekman Theatre brand (http://www.beekmantheatre.com [8]);
 - \bullet The Paris Theatre brand ($\underline{\text{http://www.theparistheatre.com}}$ [9]);
 - Liberty Theatres brand (http://libertytheatresusa.com [10]); and
 - Village East Cinema brand (http://villageeastcinema.com [11]).
- in Australia, under the
 - Reading Cinema brand (http://www.readingcinemas.com.au [12]);
 - Newmarket brand (http://readingnewmarket.com.au [13]); and
 - Red Yard brand (http://www.redyard.com.au[14]).
- in New Zealand, under the
 - Reading Cinema brand (http://www.readingcinemas.co.nz [15]);
 - Rialto brand (http://www.nalto.co.nz [16]);
 - Reading Properties brand (http://readingproperties.co.nz [17]);
 - Courtenay Central brand (http://www.readingcourtenay.co.nz [18]); and
 - Steer n' Beer restaurant brand (http://steembeer.co.nz [19]).

<u>Cautionary Statement</u>

This press release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act").

For a detailed discussion of these and other risk factors, please refer to Reading International's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and other fillings Reading International makes from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), which are available on the SEC's Web site (http://www.sec.gov [20]).

investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date such statements are made. Reading international does not undertake any obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements to reflect events, circumstances or new information after the date of this press release, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Language:

English

Contact:

Reading International, Inc. Dev Ghose Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer (213) 235-2240 Andrzej Matyczynski Executive Vice President - Global Operations (213) 235 2240 Joele Frank, Wilkinson Brimmer Katcher Kelly Sullivan or Matthew Gross (212) 355-4449

Ticker Slug:

Ticker: RDI Exchange: NASDAQ US7554081015

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15	CLARK COUN	TY, NEVADA
16	JAMES J. COTTER, JR. individually and	Case No.: A-15-719860-B Dept. No.: XI
17	derivatively on behalf of Reading International, Inc.,	Case No.: P-14-082942-E
18	Plaintiffs,	Dept. No.: XI
19	V.	Related and Coordinated Cases
20	MARGARET COTTER, ELLEN COTTER, GUY ADAMS, EDWARD KANE, DOUGLAS	BUSINESS COURT
21	McEACHERN, WILLIAM GOULD, JUDY CODDING, MICHAEL WROTNIAK, and	INDIVIDUAL DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT
22	DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,	(NO. 4) ON PLAINTIFF'S CLAIMS RELATED TO THE EXECUTIVE
23	Defendants.	COMMITTEE
24	AND	Judge: Hon. Elizabeth Gonzalez
25	READING INTERNATIONAL, INC., a Nevada corporation,	Date of Hearing: 10/25/16
26	Nominal Defendant.	8:30 AM
27		
28	TO ALL PARTIES, COUNSEL, AND THE CO	OURT:

Pursuant to Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 56, Defendants Margaret Cotter, Ellen 1 2 Cotter, Guy Adams, Edward Kane, Douglas McEachern, Judy Codding, and Michael Wrotniak 3 (collectively, the "Individual Defendants"), by and through their counsel of record, 4 Cohen|Johnson|Parker|Edwards and Quinn Emanuel Urquhart & Sullivan, LLP, hereby submit 5 this Motion for Partial Summary Judgment (No. 4) as to the First, Second, Third, and Fourth 6 Causes of Action in Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint ("SAC"), to the extent that they 7 assert claims and damages related to the Executive Committee. 8 This Motion is based upon the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the 9 accompanying Declaration of Noah S. Helpern and exhibits thereto, the pleadings and papers on 10 file, and any oral argument at the time of a hearing on this motion. 11 /// 12 /// 13 /// 14 /// 15 /// 16 /// 17 /// 18 /// 19 /// 20 ///

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1	Dated: September 23, 2016	
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1 NOTICE OF MOTION 2 TO: TO ALL PARTIES, COUNSEL, AND THE COURT: 3 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above Motion will be heard on October 25 4 AM in Department XXVII of the above designated Court or as soon 5 thereafter as counsel can be heard. 6 7 Dated: September 23, 2016 COHEN|JOHNSON|PARKER|EDWARDS 8 9 By: /s/ H. Stan Johnson H. STAN JOHNSON, ESQ. 10 Nevada Bar No. 00265 sjohnson@cohenjohnson.com 11 255 East Warm Springs Road, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 12 Telephone: (702) 823-3500 13 Facsimile: (702) 823-3400 14 **QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART &** SULLIVAN, LLP 15 CHRISTOPHER TAYBACK, ESQ. California Bar No. 145532, pro hac vice 16 christayback@quinnemanuel.com MARSHALL M. SEARCY, ESQ. 17 California Bar No. 169269, pro hac vice marshallsearcy@quinnemanuel.com 18 865 South Figueroa Street, 10th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90017 19 Telephone: (213) 443-3000 20 Attorneys for Defendants Margaret Cotter, Ellen Cotter, Douglas McEachern, Guy Adams, 21 Edward Kane, Judy Codding, and Michael 22 Wrotniak 23 24 25 26 27 28

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Nevada law and Reading International, Inc.'s ("RDI" or "the Company") bylaws both expressly authorize the establishment of committees that, like RDI's Executive Committee, "have and may exercise the powers of the board of directors in the management of the business and affairs of the corporation." Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.125(1). Nonetheless, Plaintiff James Cotter, Jr. ("Plaintiff") claims that the Individual Defendants breached their fiduciary duties by allowing the existence of a "repopulat[ed] and reactivat[ed]" Executive Committee. Plaintiff urges that the existence of the Executive Committee is a breach of the directors' fiduciary duties because the Executive Committee allegedly makes decisions that should be made by RDI's whole Board of Directors (the "RDI Board" or "Board").

The undisputed material facts relating the claim, however, require that judgment be granted in Individual Defendants' favor. First, Plaintiff does not dispute that the Executive Committee is authorized by law, or that the Executive Committee has the same powers now as when he served as chair of the Executive Committee. The only difference is that Ellen Cotter—the current CEO—has replaced him on the Executive Committee.

Second, the business judgment rule and Nevada Revised Statute § 78.138(7) protect directors who make rational business judgments. Here, the business judgment rule shields the Individual Defendants from personal liability because the RDI Board's decision to have an Executive Committee can be attributed to rational business purposes—*e.g.*, serving the Company in between meetings of the RDI Board. Third, to prevail on a claim for breach of fiduciary duty, Plaintiff must show damages to RDI. Clearly, the "reconstitution" and "reactivation" of the Executive Committee, without more, cannot be said to have damaged RDI. Plaintiff must show that RDI was damaged by some decision by the Executive Committee. To the extent Plaintiff can even identify any decisions made by the Executive Committee that he disagrees with, none of those decisions have caused any damage to RDI. The Executive Committee's decisions to set a record date and to appoint a member of the Audit and Conflicts Committee are administrative

decisions for which Plaintiff cannot identify any meaningful impact on RDI, and about which his purported damages expert is completely silent.

Accordingly, because the Executive Committee is duly authorized by law, and Plaintiff cannot show any improper or injurious decisions made by the Committee, summary judgment should be granted on Plaintiff's claims relating to the Executive Committee.

II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

A. <u>Prior to Plaintiff's Termination, the Executive Committee Exists and Has the Power to Make Important Decisions</u>

RDI's corporate bylaws authorize the establishment of committees that, like RDI's Executive Committee, "have and may exercise the power of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation" (See Attached Declaration of Noah S. Helpern ("HD") \P 2(a).) Section 10 of Article II of RDI's Bylaws provide, in relevant part:

The Board of Directors may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the whole Board, designate one or more committees of the Board of Directors, each committee to consist of at least one or more directors of the Corporation which, to the extent provided in the resolution, shall have and may exercise the power of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation

(Id. \P 2.) The Executive Committee was "authorized, to the fullest extent permitted by Nevada law, to take action on matters between meetings of the full board." (Id. \P 3(a).)

Plaintiff admits that RDI's Executive Committee predates Plaintiff's termination as President and CEO of RDI. (*See id.* ¶ 4(a).) Prior to his termination, Plaintiff was a member and chair of the Executive Committee, along with members Margaret Cotter, Edward Kane, and Guy Adams. (*Id.* ¶¶ 3(b), 4(a)-(b).)

During the time that he was chair of the Executive Committee, Plaintiff assumed that the Executive Committee could be used to make "very important decision[s] that needed to be made

¹ The documentary and testimonial evidence supporting this Motion is attached to the Declaration of Noah S. Helpern. The citations to the "HD" refer to the paragraph of that Declaration that authenticate and correspond to the relevant supporting evidence.

 by the board" under certain circumstances. (Id. \P 4(c).) Plaintiff admits that he "did not object to the executive committee having that power[.]" (Id. \P 5(b).)

B. The RDI Board Adopts a Resolution Providing that the Executive Committee Shall Be Comprised of Ellen Cotter, Margaret Cotter, Edward Kane, and Guy Adams

On June 12, 2015, after Plaintiff's termination as President and CEO of RDI, the RDI Board adopted a resolution that provided that the Executive Committee shall be comprised of Ellen Cotter, Margaret Cotter, Edward Kane, and Guy Adams. (*Id.* ¶ 6(a).) Except for Plaintiff, all Board members approved the motion. (*Id.*) Ellen Cotter asked William Gould if he would like to be a member of the "reconstituted" Executive Committee, but he declined, stating he did not have time for it. (*Id.* ¶¶ 7(b), 8(a).)

The "reconstituted" Executive Committee has "the authority to take any and all actions that the Board may take (other than as restricted by Nevada law and the Bylaws of the Company) between the regular and special meetings of the Board of Directors." (Id. ¶ 6(b).) As Plaintiff admits, the "reconstituted" Executive Committee has the same power that the Executive Committee had in 2015 when Plaintiff was a member of the Executive Committee. (Id. ¶ 5(a).)

C. <u>Plaintiff Struggles to Identify Decisions by the Executive Committee to</u> Which He Objects

In his pleadings, Plaintiff has not identified any actions taken by the Executive Committee. Asked, on the first day of his deposition, if it was correct that he could not recall any actions or decisions by the executive committee that were reported back to the Board to which he objected, Plaintiff answered: "There were a number of actions taken by the executive committee that I cannot recall at this point, **yes, that's correct**." (*Id.* ¶ 4(d) (emphasis added).) In his subsequent testimony, Plaintiff changed his answer—51 days later—to identify two actions: (1) "the determination of the record date, a simple determination that . . . could easily have been made by the board"; and (2) the use of the Executive Committee to appoint Michael Wrotniak, a member who Plaintiff felt was unqualified, to serve on RDI's Audit Committee. (*Id.* ¶ 5(c).)

III. LEGAL STANDARD

Summary judgment is warranted under Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 56 whenever the "pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, admissions, and affidavits, if any, that are properly before the court demonstrate that no genuine issue of material fact exists, and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." *Wood v. Safeway, Inc.*, 121 Nev. 724, 731 (2005). "The substantive law controls which factual disputes are material and will preclude summary judgment; other factual disputes are irrelevant." *Id.*; *see also Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.*, 477 U.S. 242, 248 (1986) ("Factual disputes that are irrelevant or unnecessary will not be counted."). A factual dispute is "genuine" only "when the evidence is such that a rational trier of fact could return a verdict for the nonmoving party." *Holcomb v. Ga. Pac., LLC*, 289 P.3d 188, 192 (Nev. 2012) (citation omitted).

While the pleadings and other proof are "construed in the light most favorable to the nonmoving party," *LaMantia v. Redisi*, 118 Nev. 27, 29 (2002), that party "bears the burden to more than simply show that there is some metaphysical doubt as to the operative facts in order to avoid summary judgment." *Wood*, 121 Nev. at 732 (citation and internal quotation marks omitted) (rejecting the "slightest doubt" standard). The nonmoving party "is not entitled to build a case on the gossamer threads of whimsy, speculation, and conjecture," *id.* (citation omitted), but instead must identify "admissible evidence" showing "a genuine issue for trial." *Posadas v. City of Reno*, 109 Nev. 448, 452 (1993); *Shuck v. Signature Flight Support of Nev., Inc.*, 126 Nev. 434, 436 (2010) ("bald allegations without supporting facts" are insufficient); *LaMantia*, 118 Nev. at 29 (nonmovant must "show specific facts, rather than general allegations and conclusions"). A nonmoving party that fails to make this showing will "have summary judgment entered against him." *Wood*, 121 Nev. at 732 (citation omitted).

IV. ARGUMENT

A. There Was No Breach Because the Executive Committee Is Authorized Under Nevada Law

Summary judgment is appropriate for Plaintiff's claims related to the Executive Committee because Nevada law expressly authorizes the establishment of committees by boards of directors. Nevada Revised Statute § 78.125(1) provides:

Unless it is otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, the board of directors may designate one or more committees which, to the extent provided in the resolution or resolutions or in the bylaws of the corporation, have and may exercise the powers of the board of directors in the management of the business and affairs of the corporation.²

In addition to being expressly permitted by Nevada law, the Executive Committee is also authorized by RDI's Bylaws, which provide, in relevant part:

The Board of Directors may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the whole Board, designate one or more committees of the Board of Directors, each committee to consist of at least one or more directors of the Corporation which, to the extent provided in the resolution, shall have and may exercise the power of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation

(HD \P 2(a).) The Executive Committee has "the authority to take any and all actions that the Board may take (other than as restricted by Nevada law and the Bylaws of the Company) between the regular and special meetings of the Board of Directors." (*Id.* \P 6(b).)

Plaintiff served on the Executive Committee, which was already in existence when Plaintiff joined it; Plaintiff even chaired the Executive Committee. (See id. ¶¶ 3(b), 4(a).) In fact, when Plaintiff chaired the Executive Committee, three out of four of the members of that Executive Committee are on what Plaintiff alleges in his Second Amended Complaint to be the "reconstituted" Executive Committee; the only difference is that Ellen Cotter replaced Plaintiff. (See id. ¶¶ 3(b), 4(b), 6(a).) Plaintiff admits that, while on the Executive Committee, he assumed that it could be used to make "very important decision[s] that needed to be made by the board" under certain circumstances, and Plaintiff admits that he "did not object to the executive

Notably, the report of Plaintiff's purported expert, Myron Steele, fails to cite any case law in support of Plaintiff's argument that Individual Defendants breached fiduciary duties in connection with the Executive Committee. *See* Report of Myron Steele at 29.

committee having that power[.]" (*Id.* ¶¶ 4(c), 5(b).) Plaintiff also admits that, in his view, the "reconstituted" Executive Committee has the same power that the "prior" Executive Committee had. (*Id.* ¶ 5(a).) Accordingly, under Nevada law, RDI's Bylaws, and Plaintiff's own admissions, the Executive Committee is properly authorized to carry out its duties, including the setting of a record date and the appointment of members to the Audit and Conflicts Committee.

B. Individual Defendants Are Protected by the Business Judgment Rule

The business judgment rule is a "presumption that in making a business decision the directors of a corporation acted on an informed basis, in good faith and in the honest belief that the action taken was in the best interests of the company." *Shoen v. SAC Holding Corp.*, 122 Nev. 621, 632 (2006) (citation omitted); *see also* NRS 78.138(3) (codifying the rule under Nevada law). "The business judgment rule postulates that if directors' actions can arguably be taken to have been done for the benefit of the corporation, then the directors are presumed to have been exercising their sound business judgment rather than to have been responding to self-interest motivation." *Horwitz v. Sw. Forest Indus., Inc.*, 604 F. Supp. 1130, 1135 (D. Nev. 1985). "An application of the traditional business judgment rule places the burden on the 'party challenging the [board's] decision to establish facts rebutting the presumption." *Unitrin, Inc. v. Am. Gen. Corp.*, 651 A.2d 1361, 1373 (Del. 1995) (citing *Aronson v. Lewis*, 473 A.2d 805, 812 (Del. 1984)). "[T]he business judgment rule shields directors from personal liability if, upon review, the court concludes the directors' decision can be attributed to any rational business purpose." *Id.* at 1374. "[E]ven a bad decision is generally protected by the business judgment rule." *Shoen*, 122 Nev. at 636.

1. The Executive Committee Serves a Rational Business Purpose

Here, the business judgment rule shields the Individual Defendants from personal liability because the RDI Board's decision to "reconstitute" the Executive Committee can be attributed to two "rational business purpose[s]." First, the "reconstitution" of the Executive Committee can be attributed to the rational business purpose of serving the Company in between meetings of the RDI Board and/or dealing with issues that might not require convening the entire Board.

Director William Gould testified that the Executive Committee "was to take care of matters that

came to the board – would be necessary for a group to look at in between board meetings." (HD $\P 10(a)$.)

Second, the Executive Committee also serves as a sounding board for RDI's CEO. Ellen Cotter testified that the RDI Board "wanted to have an executive committee in place to support whoever the interim C.E.O. was." (Id. ¶ 9(a).) Ellen Cotter "thought that having an executive committee was a way for the C.E.O. to have a sounding board." (Id. ¶ 7(a).)

2. <u>In the Absence of Gross Negligence, Defendants Did Not Lose the Protections of the Business Judgment Rule</u>

The Nevada Supreme Court has stated that, "[w]ith regard to the duty of care, the business judgment rule does not protect the gross negligence of uninformed directors and officers[.]" *Shoen*, 122 Nev. at 640. Gross negligence is the "reckless indifference to or a deliberate disregard of the whole body of stockholders' or actions which are 'without the bounds of reason'." *Kahn v. Roberts*, No. C.A. 12324, 1995 WL 745056, at *4, 8, 9 (Del. Ch. Dec. 6, 1995) (finding "no evidence from which any reasonable person could infer Defendants were grossly negligent" and granting defendants' motion for summary judgment dismissing plaintiff's claims for breach of the duty of care and breach of duty of candor) (citations omitted), *aff''d sub nom. Kahn on Behalf of DeKalb Genetics Corp. v. Roberts*, 679 A.2d 460 (Del. 1996).

Plaintiff alleges that Individual Defendants "abdicated, or caused other directors to abdicate, their fiduciary responsibilities as directors by creating and acting through the EC Committee[,]" (SAC ¶ 177(b)), but Plaintiff cannot produce any evidence of gross negligence. There is no evidence of "reckless indifference to or a deliberate disregard of the whole body of stockholders' or actions which are 'without the bounds of reason'." *Kahn*, 1995 WL 745056, at *4. As demonstrated above, the RDI Board's decision to "reconstitute" the Executive Committee is within the "bounds of reason," and Plaintiff cannot point to any evidence that the Individual Defendants' actions were "so egregious" as to be grossly negligent. *See McMillan v. Intercargo Corp.*, 768 A.2d 492, 505 (Del. Ch. 2000) (stating that a plaintiff is "obligat[ed] to set forth facts from which one could infer that the defendants' lack of care was so egregious as to meet Delaware's onerous gross negligence standard[]" and granting directors' motion for

judgment on the pleadings). Thus, Plaintiff cannot meet the gross negligence showing required to strip the Individual Defendants of the protections of the business judgment rule.

C. <u>In the Absence of Intentional Misconduct, Fraud, or a Knowing Violation of the Law, The Individual Defendants Are Not Liable as a Matter of Law</u>

Even if Individual Defendants had breached some fiduciary duty by "reconstituting" the Executive Committee (they did not), another independent reason to grant Individual Defendants' motion is that they are statutorily immune to individual liability where, like here, the breach did not involve intentional misconduct, fraud, or a knowing violation of law. Nevada Revised Statute § 78.138(7) provides, in relevant part:

[A] director or officer is not individually liable to the corporation or its stockholders or creditors for any damages as a result of any act or failure to act in his or her capacity as a director or officer unless it is proven that: . . . (b) The breach of those duties involved intentional misconduct, fraud or a knowing violation of law.

In other words, "directors and officers may only be found personally liable for breaching their fiduciary duty of loyalty if that breach involves intentional misconduct, fraud, or a knowing violation of the law." *Shoen*, 122 Nev. at 640 (citing Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.138(7)); *In re AgFeed USA, LLC*, 546 B.R. 318, 330-31 (Bankr. D. Del. 2016) (citing *Shoen* and concluding that "the second cause of action fail[ed] to state a claim for breach of the duty of loyalty because the complaint [fell] well short of alleging intentional misconduct, fraud, or a knowing violation of the law."); *see also Stewart v. Kroeker*, No. CV04-2130L, 2006 WL 167938, at *1, 2, 6-7 (W.D. Wash. Jan. 23, 2006) (stating that "plaintiffs are required to show not only that defendants' actions or omissions constituted a breach of their fiduciary duties, but also that the 'breach of those duties involved intentional misconduct, fraud or a knowing violation of law[,]" applying NRS § 78.138(7)(b) to multiple claims, and granting motion for summary judgment).

"As for the terms *knowing violation* and *intentional misconduct*," the Tenth Circuit has stated that "both require knowledge that the conduct was wrongful." *In re ZAGG Inc. S'holder Derivative Action*, No. 15-4001, 2016 WL 3389776, at *7, 11 (10th Cir. June 20, 2016) (affirming dismissal of complaint because Plaintiffs failed to adequately plead that presuit demand on the Board would have been futile) (emphasis in original). Thus, in order for Plaintiff

to avoid summary judgment, Plaintiff must show either that (1) each Defendant engaged in misconduct or a violation of law, knowing that the conduct was wrongful; or (2) each Defendant engaged in fraud.

1. <u>Plaintiff Cannot Show Intentional Misconduct or a Knowing</u> Violation of the Law

Plaintiff cannot point to cognizable evidence showing that, in connection with the "reconstituted" Executive Committee, Individual Defendants engaged in misconduct or a violation of the law, knowing that the conduct was wrongful, because no such evidence exists. Plaintiff suggests that the Executive Committee is used to make decisions without input from Plaintiff, William Gould or Timothy Storey. But neither Gould nor Storey was on the Executive Committee when Plaintiff was CEO or when Plaintiff chaired the Executive Committee. (*See* HD ¶ 3(b), 4(a)-(b).) Ellen Cotter actually asked Mr. Gould to serve on the Executive Committee, but he declined to do so. (*Id.* ¶¶ 7(b), 8(a).) Mr. Storey has retired from the RDI Board. (*Id.* ¶ 11(a).) Nor is there anything wrongful or illegal about Ellen Cotter—the current CEO—replacing Plaintiff—the former CEO—on the Executive Committee.

2. Plaintiff Cannot Show Fraud

Furthermore, Plaintiff does not have any cognizable evidence of fraud. Plaintiff alleges that "RDI has failed to file a Form 8-K with respect to the EC Committee, which is a development that materially deviates from the prior practices of RDI and RDI's SEC disclosures with respect to those practices." (SAC ¶ 101(c).) But Plaintiff admits that the "reconstituted" Executive Committee was not a departure from the "prior" Executive Committee. (See HD ¶ 5(a).) Just as the "prior" Executive Committee was "authorized, to the fullest extent permitted by Nevada law, to take action on matters between meetings of the full board[,]" the "reconstituted" Executive Committee has "the authority to take any and all actions that the Board may take (other than as restricted by Nevada law and the Bylaws of the Company) between the regular and special meetings of the Board of Directors." (Id. ¶¶ 3(a), 6(b).) Plaintiff does not dispute that the "reconstituted" Executive Committee has the same power as the "prior"

Executive Committee. (See id. ¶ 5(a).) Accordingly, Plaintiff cannot produce evidence of anything approaching fraud. The Executive Committee's powers remained unchanged.

In the absence of intentional misconduct, fraud, or a knowing violation of the law, Individual Defendants are therefore statutorily immune from any potential liability based on the "reconstituted" Executive Committee.

D. There Are No Damages to RDI Caused by the "Reconstituted" Executive Committee

Another independent reason to grant Individual Defendants' motion is that Plaintiff cannot demonstrate any injury from the "reconstituted" Executive Committee. To avoid summary judgment, Plaintiff must produce cognizable evidence showing damages, an essential element of a breach of fiduciary duty claim. *See Brown v. Kinross Gold U.S.A., Inc.*, 531 F. Supp. 2d 1234, 1245 (D. Nev. 2008) (A claim for breach of fiduciary duty requires a plaintiff to demonstrate "the existence of a fiduciary duty, the breach of that duty, and that the breach proximately caused the damages.") (applying Nevada law). Here, Plaintiff cannot demonstrate any damages from the "reconstituted" Executive Committee. Clearly, the "reconstitution" of the Executive Committee, without more, cannot be said to have damaged RDI. Plaintiff must show that RDI was damaged by some decision by the Executive Committee.

In his pleadings, Plaintiff does not identify any decisions by the Executive Committee to which he objects. The only place where Plaintiff has identified any such decisions are in changes to his deposition testimony, where Plaintiff identified two decisions: (1) "the determination of the record date, a simple determination that . . . could easily have been made by the board"; and (2) the use of the Executive Committee to appoint Michael Wrotniak, a member who Plaintiff felt was unqualified, to serve on RDI's Audit Committee. (Id. ¶ 5(c).)³ Neither of these decisions, however, are alleged to have caused any damage or injury to RDI. Plaintiff's

³ The Executive Committee's decisions in setting the record date and appointing Michael Wrotniak are protected by the business judgment rule because they can be attributed to the rational business purposes—*e.g.*, saving the time of members of the Board by having the Executive Committee make non-substantive decisions without convening the entire RDI Board.

purported damages expert is silent on damages from the "reconstituted" Executive Committee. *See* Report of Tiago Duarte-Silva.

Thus, Plaintiff cannot demonstrate injury—a deficiency fatal to all claims to the extent they are based on the "reconstituted" Executive Committee.

V. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

For the foregoing reasons, the Individual Defendants respectfully request that the Court grant them summary judgment as to the First, Second, Third, and Fourth Causes of Action set forth in Plaintiff's SAC, to the extent that they assert claims and damages related to the Executive Committee.

Dated: September 23, 2016

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DECLARATION OF COUNSEL NOAH S. HELPERN IN SUPPORT OF THE INDIVIDUAL DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT (NO. 4) ON PLAINTIFF'S CLAIMS RELATED TO THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

- I, Noah Helpern, state and declare as follows:
- 1. I am a member of the Bar of the State of California, and am an attorney with the law firm of Quinn Emanuel Urquhart & Sullivan, LLP ("Quinn Emanuel"), attorneys for Defendants Margaret Cotter, Ellen Cotter, Guy Adams, Edward Kane, Douglas McEachern, Judy Codding, and Michael Wrotniak. I make this declaration based upon personal, firsthand knowledge, except where stated to be on information and belief, and as to that information, I believe it to be true. If called upon to testify as to the contents of this Declaration, I am legally competent to testify to its contents in a court of law.
- 2. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 is a true and correct copy of the Amended and Restated Bylaws of Reading International, Inc., in which the following pages are relevant:
- a. 6 (Section 10 of Article II of RDI's Bylaws provides, in part: "The Board of Directors may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the whole Board, designate one or more committees of the Board of Directors, each committee to consist of at least one or more directors of the Corporation which, to the extent provided in the resolution, shall have and may exercise the power of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation")
- 3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2 is a true and correct copy of a Form 10-K/A filed by RDI on May 8, 2015, in which the following pages are relevant:
- a. GA00005644 (The Executive Committee was "authorized, to the fullest extent permitted by Nevada law, to take action on matters between meetings of the full board.")
- b. GA00005644 ("A standing executive committee currently comprised of Mr. Cotter, Jr., who serves as chair, Ms. Margaret Cotter, and Messrs. Adams and Kane, is authorized to the fullest extent permitted by Nevada law, to take action on matters between meetings of the full board.")
 - 4. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3 is a true and correct copy of transcript excerpts from

the deposition of James J. Cotter, Jr. ("Plaintiff"), taken on May 16, 2016, in which the following pages are relevant:

- a. 44:6-7 ("I was the chairman of the executive committee, appointed in May of 2014, I believe.");
 - b. 44:7-9 ("My sister Margaret was on the committee, Guy Adams and Ed Kane.")
- c. 48:16-22 ("My assumption was that in the event that there was some calamity or some situation in which all of the directors could not meet or could not get together and there was some very important decision that needed to be made by the board in a very short amount of time, that the executive committee could be used.")
- d. 49:25-50:6 (Mr. Tayback: "And as you sit here now, you can't recall any actions or decisions by the executive committee that were reported back to the board at which you were present to which you object; is that correct?" Plaintiff: "There were a number of actions taken by the executive committee that I cannot recall at this point, yes, that's correct.")
- 5. Attached hereto as Exhibit 4 is a true and correct copy of transcript excerpts from the deposition of Plaintiff, taken on July 6, 2016, in which the following pages are relevant:
- a. 805:6-10 (Mr. Tayback: "[T]he power that the executive committee has is the power that it has now and is the power it had in 2015; correct?" Plaintiff: "Right.")
 - b. 805:16-18 ("I did not object to the executive committee having that power[.]")
- c. 806:25-807:20 ("Well, there were a number of actions that it took, some of which I felt benefited Ellen and Margaret as stockholders, such as the determination of the record date, a simple determination that . . . could easily have been made by the board and it had been made by the executive committee. . . . I believe that it appointed Michael Wrotniak to the audit committee, and I objected to the use of the executive committee to appoint a member who I felt was unqualified to serve on the audit committee.")
- 6. Attached hereto as Exhibit 5 is a true and correct copy of the Minutes of the Meeting of the RDI Board of Directors held on June 12, 2015, in which the following pages are relevant:
 - a. RDI0054570 (adopting a resolution, approved by all board members except for

Plaintiff, stating "The Executive Committee shall be comprised of the following members of the Board of Directors of the Company: Ellen Cotter, Margaret Cotter, Ed Kane and Guy Adams.")

- b. RDI0054570 (The "reconstituted" Executive Committee has "the authority to take any and all actions that the Board may take (other than as restricted by Nevada law and the Bylaws of the Company) between the regular and special meetings of the Board of Directors.")
- 7. Attached hereto as Exhibit 6 is a true and correct copy of transcript excerpts from the deposition of Ellen Cotter, taken on May 19, 2016, in which the following pages are relevant:
- a. 335:19-336:10 ("I also thought that having an executive committee was a way for the C.E.O. to have a sounding board.")
 - b. 343:18-19 ("I had asked Bill Gould to be on the executive committee.")
- 8. Attached hereto as Exhibit 7 is a true and correct copy of transcript excerpts from the deposition of William Gould, taken on June 8, 2016, in which the following pages are relevant:
- a. 25:8-23 ("Ellen asked me if I would like to be a member of the executive committee. And I said 'No, I don't have time for it.' I knew that would be an extensive job.")
- 9. Attached hereto as Exhibit 8 is a true and correct copy of transcript excerpts from the deposition of Ellen Cotter, taken on May 18, 2016, in which the following pages are relevant:
- a. 154:7-9 (the RDI Board "wanted to have an executive committee in place to support whoever the interim C.E.O. was.")
- 10. Attached hereto as Exhibit 9 is a true and correct copy of transcript excerpts from the deposition of William Gould, taken on June 29, 2016, in which the following pages are relevant:
- a. 400:2-7 (the Executive Committee "was to take care of matters that came to the board -- would be necessary for a group to look at in between board meetings.")
- 11. Attached hereto as Exhibit 10 is a true and correct copy of a Form 8-K filed by RDI on October 13, 2015, in which the following pages are relevant:
 - a. 2 ("Effective October 11, 2015, Tim Storey retired from the Board.")
 - 12. This declaration is made in good faith and not for the purpose of delay.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on the 23rd day of September, 2016, in Los Angeles, California. /s/ Noah Helpern Noah Helpern

EXHIBIT 1

AMENDED AND RESTATED

BYLAWS

OF

Reading International, Inc.

A Nevada Corporation

(formerly Citadel Holding Corporation)

AMENDED AND RESTATED

BYLAWS

OF

READING INTERNATIONAL, INC.

A Nevada Corporation

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AMENDED AND RESTAED

BYLAWS1

OF

READING INTERNATIONAL, INC.

A Nevada Corporation

ARTICLE I STOCKHOLDERS

SECTION 1 ANNUAL MEETING

Annual meetings of the stockholders, commencing with the year 2000, shall be held each year within 150 days of the end of the fiscal year on the third Thursday in May if not a legal holiday, and if a legal holiday, then on the next secular day following at ten o'clock a.m., or such other date and time as may be set by the Board of Directors² from time to time and stated in the notice of the meeting, at which the stockholders shall elect by a plurality vote a Board of Directors and transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

SECTION 2 SPECIAL MEETINGS

Special meetings of the stockholders, for any purpose or purposes, unless otherwise prescribed by statute or by the Articles of Incorporation, may be called by the Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Board or the President, and shall be called by the Chairman, Vice Chairman or President at the written request of a majority of the Board of Directors or at the written request of stockholders owning outstanding shares representing a majority of the voting power of the Corporation. Such request shall state the purpose or purposes of such meeting.

SECTION 3 NOTICE OF MEETINGS

Written notice of stockholders meetings, stating the place, date and hour thereof, and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be given to each stockholder entitled to vote thereat at least ten days but not more than sixty days before the date of the meeting, unless a different period is prescribed by statute. Business transacted any special meeting of the stockholders shall be limited to the purpose or purposes stated in the notice.

¹ These Amended and Restated Bylaws are hereinafter referred to as the Bylaws.

² The "Board" and "Board of Directors" are hereinafter used in reference to the Board of Directors of Reading International, Inc.

SECTION 4 PLACE OF MEETINGS

All annual meetings of the stockholders shall be held in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, at such place as may be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors, or at such other place within or without the State of Nevada as the directors shall determine. Special meetings of the stockholders may be held at such time and place within or without the State of Nevada as shall be stated in the notice of the meeting, or in a duly executed waiver of notice thereof. Business transacted at any special meeting of stockholders shall be limited to the purposes stated in the notice.

SECTION 5 STOCKHOLDER LISTS

The officer who has charge of the stock ledger of the Corporation shall prepare and make, not less than ten nor more than sixty days before every meeting of stockholders, a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, arranged in alphabetical order, and showing the address of each stockholder and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. Such list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder, for any proper purpose germane to the meeting, during ordinary business hours for a period not less than ten days prior to the meeting, either at a place within the city where the meeting is to be held, which place shall be specified in the notice of the meeting, or, if not so specified, at the place where the meeting is to be held. The list shall also be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any stockholder who is present.

SECTION 6 QUORUM; ADJOURNED MEETINGS

The holders of a majority of the stock issued and outstanding and entitled to vote thereat, present in person or represented by proxy, shall constitute a quorum at all meetings of the stockholders for the transaction of business except as otherwise provided by statute or by the Articles of Incorporation. If, however, such quorum shall not be present or represented at any meeting of the stockholders, the stockholders entitled to vote thereat, present in person or represented by proxy, shall have the power to adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present or represented. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present or represented, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally noticed. If the adjournment is for more than thirty days, or if after the adjournment a new record date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting.

SECTION 7 VOTING

Except as otherwise provided by statute or the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, and except for the election of directors, at any meeting duly called and held at which a quorum is present, a majority of the votes cast at such meeting upon a given matter by the holders of outstanding shares of stock of all classes of stock of the Corporation entitled to vote thereon who are present in person or by proxy shall decide such matter. At any meeting duly called and held for the election of directors at which a quorum is present, directors shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast by the holders (acting as such) of shares of stock of the Corporation entitled to elect such directors.

SECTION 8 PROXIES

At any meeting of the stockholders any stockholder may be represented and vote by a proxy or proxies appointed by an instrument in writing. In the event that any such instrument in writing shall designate two or more persons to act as proxies, a majority of such persons present at the meeting, or, if only one shall be present, then that one shall have and may exercise all of the powers conferred by such written instrument upon all of the persons so designated unless the instrument shall otherwise provide. No proxy, proxy revocation or power of attorney to vote shall be used at a meeting of the stockholders unless it shall have been filed with the secretary of the meeting; provided, however, nothing contained herein shall prevent any stockholder from attending any meeting and voting in person. All questions regarding the qualification of voters, the validity of proxies and the acceptance or rejection of votes shall be decided by the inspectors of election who shall be appointed by the Board of Directors, or if not so appointed, then by the presiding officer of the meeting.

SECTION 9 ACTION WITHOUT MEETING

Any action which may be taken by the vote of the stockholders at a meeting may be taken without a meeting if authorized by the written consent of stockholders holding at least a majority of the voting power, unless the provisions of the statutes governing the Corporation or of the Articles of Incorporation require a different proportion of voting power to authorize such action in which case such proportion of written consents shall be required. Prompt notice of the taking of the corporate action without a meeting by less than unanimous written consent shall be given to those stockholders who have not consented in writing.

Section 10 Certain Limitations

The Board of Directors shall not, without the prior approval of the stockholders, adopt any procedures, rules or requirements which restrict a stockholders right to (i) vote, whether in person, by proxy or by written consent; (ii) elect, nominate or remove directors; (iii) call a special meeting; or (iv) to bring new business before the stockholders, except as may be required by applicable law.

ARTICLE II DIRECTORS

SECTION 1 MANAGEMENT OF CORPORATION

The business of the Corporation shall be managed by its Board of Directors, which may exercise all such powers of the Corporation and do all such lawful acts and things as are not by statute or by the Articles of Incorporation or by these Bylaws directed or required to be exercised or done by the stockholders.

SECTION 2 NUMBER, TENURE, AND QUALIFICATIONS

The number of directors, which shall constitute the whole board, shall be nine (9). Thereafter, the number of directors may from time to time be increased or decreased to not less than one nor more than ten by action of the Board of Directors. The directors shall be elected by

the holders of shares entitled to vote thereon at the annual meeting of the stockholders and, except as provided in Section 4 of this Article, each director elected shall hold office until his successor is elected and qualified. Directors need not be stockholders.

SECTION 3 CHAIRMAN AND VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

The directors may elect one of their members to be Chairman of the Board of Directors and one of their members to be Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors. The Chairman and Vice Chairman shall be subject to the control of and may be removed by the Board of Directors. The Chairman and Vice Chairman shall perform such duties as may from time to time be assigned to them by the Board of Directors.

SECTION 4 VACANCIES; REMOVAL

Vacancies in the Board of Directors, including those caused by an increase in the number of directors, may be filled by a majority of the remaining directors, though less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director, and each director so elected shall hold office until his successor is elected at an annual or a special meeting of the stockholders. The holders of no less than two-thirds of the outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote may at any time peremptorily terminate the term of office of all or any of the directors by vote at a meeting called for such purpose or by written consent filed with the Secretary or, in his absence, with any other officer. Such removal shall be effective immediately, even if successors are not elected simultaneously.

A vacancy or vacancies in the Board of Directors shall be deemed to exist in case of the death, resignation or removal of any directors, or if the authorized number of directors be increased, or if the stockholders fail at any annual or special meeting of stockholders at which any director or directors are elected to elect the full authorized number of directors to be voted for at that meeting.

If the Board of Directors accepts the resignation of a director tendered to take effect at a future time, the Board or the stockholders shall have power to elect a successor to take office when the resignation is to become effective.

No reduction of the authorized number of directors shall have the effect of removing any director prior to the expiration of his term of office.

SECTION 5 ANNUAL AND REGULAR MEETINGS

Annual and regular meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held at any place within or without the State of Nevada that has been designated from time to time by resolution of the Board of Directors or by written consent of all members of the Board of Directors. In the absence of such designation, annual and regular meetings shall be held at the registered office of the Corporation. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held without call or notice at such time and at such place as shall from time to time be fixed and determined by the Board of Directors.

SECTION 6 FIRST MEETING

The first meeting of each newly elected Board of Directors shall be held at such time and place as shall be fixed by the vote of the stockholders at the annual meeting and no notice of such meeting shall be necessary to the directors in order legally to constitute the meeting, provided a quorum is present. In the event of the failure of the stockholders to fix the time and place of such first meeting, or in the event such meeting is not so held, the meeting may be held at such time and place as shall be specified in a notice given as hereinafter provided for special meetings of the Board of Directors, or as shall be specified in a written waiver signed by all of the directors.

SECTION 7 SPECIAL MEETINGS

Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Board or the President upon notice to each director, either personally or by mail or by telegram. Upon the written request of a majority of the directors, the Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Board or the President shall call a special meeting of the Board to be held within two days of the receipt of such request and shall provide notice thereof to each director, either personally or by mail or by telegram.

SECTION 8 BUSINESS OF MEETINGS

The transactions of any meeting of the Board of Directors, however called and noticed or wherever held, shall be as valid as though had at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice, if a quorum be present, and if, either before or after the meeting, each of the directors not present signs a written waiver of notice, or a consent to holding such meeting, or an approval of the minutes thereof. All such waivers, consents or approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meeting.

Section 9 Quorum; Adjourned Meetings

A majority of the authorized number of directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, except to adjourn as hereinafter provided. Every act or decision done or made by a majority of the directors present at a meeting duly held at which a quorum is present shall be regarded as the act of the Board of Directors, unless a greater number is required by law or by the Articles of Incorporation. Any action of a majority, although not at a regularly called meeting, and the record thereof, if assented to in writing by all of the other members of the Board shall be as valid and effective in all respects as if passed by the Board of Directors in a regular meeting.

A quorum of the directors may adjourn any directors meeting to meet again at a stated day and hour; provided, however, that in the absence of a quorum, a majority of the directors present at any directors' meeting, either regular or special, may adjourn from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum is present.

Notice of the time and place of holding an adjourned meeting need not be given to the absent directors if the time and place are fixed at the meeting adjourned.

SECTION 10 COMMITTEES

The Board of Directors may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the whole Board, designate one or more committees of the Board of Directors, each committee to consist of at least one or more directors of the Corporation which, to the extent provided in the resolution, shall have and may exercise the power of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation and may have power to authorize the seal of the Corporation to be affixed to all papers which may require it; but no such committee shall have the power to amend the Articles of Incorporation, to adopt an agreement or plan of merger or consolidation, to recommend to the stockholders a sale, lease or exchange of all or substantially all of the Corporation's assets, to recommend to the stockholders dissolution or revocation of dissolution, or to amend these Bylaws, and, unless the resolution or the Articles of Incorporation expressly so provide, no such committee shall have the power or authority to declare a dividend or to authorize the issuance of stock. Such committee or committees shall have such name or names as may be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors. The Board may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any committee, who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee. The members of any such committee present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting may, whether or not they constitute a quorum, unanimously appoint another member of the Board of Directors to act at the meeting in the place of any absent or disqualified member. At meetings of such committees, a majority of the members or alternate members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the act of a majority of the members or alternate members at any meeting at which there is a quorum shall be the act of the committee.

The committees, if required by the Board, shall keep regular minutes of their proceedings and report the same to the Board of Directors.

SECTION 11 ACTION WITHOUT MEETING; TELEPHONE MEETINGS

Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors or of any committee thereof may be taken without a meeting if a written consent thereto is signed by all members of the Board of Directors or of such committee, as the case may be, and such written consent is filed with the minutes of proceedings of the Board or committee.

Nothing contained in these Bylaws shall be deemed to restrict the powers of members of the Board of Directors, or any committee thereof, to participate in a meeting of the Board or committee by means of telephone conference or similar communications equipment whereby all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other.

SECTION 12 SPECIAL COMPENSATION

The directors may be paid their expenses of attendance at each meeting of the Board of Directors and may be paid a fixed sum for attendance at each meeting of the Board of Directors or a stated salary as director as fixed by the Board of Directors. No such payment shall preclude any director from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefor. Members of committees may be allowed like reimbursement and compensation for attending committee meetings.

ARTICLE III NOTICES

Section 1 Notice of Meetings

Whenever, under the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation or applicable law or these Bylaws, notice is required to be given to any director or stockholder, it shall not be construed to mean personal notice, but such notice may be given in writing, by mail, addressed to such director or stockholders, at his address as it appears on the records of the Corporation, postage prepaid, and such notice shall be deemed to be given at the time when the same shall be deposited in the United States mail. Notice to directors may also be given by telegram.

Notices of meetings of stockholders shall be in writing and signed by the President or a Vice-President or the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary or by such other person or persons as the directors shall designate. Such notice shall state the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called and the time and the place, which may be within or without this State, where it is to be held. Personal delivery of any notice to any officer of a corporation or association, or to any member of a partnership, shall constitute delivery of such notice to such corporation, association or partnership. In the event of the transfer of stock after delivery of such notice of and prior to the holding of the meeting it shall not be necessary to deliver or mail notice of the meeting to the transferee.

Section 2 Effect of Irregularly Called Meetings

Whenever all parties entitled to vote at any meeting, whether of directors or stockholders, consent, either by a writing on the records of the meeting or filed with the secretary, or by presence at such meeting and oral consent entered on the minutes, or by taking part in the deliberations at such meeting without objection, the doings of such meeting shall be as valid as if had at a meeting regularly called and noticed, and at such meeting any business may be transacted which is not excepted from the written consent or to the consideration of which no objection for want of notice is made at the time, and if any meeting be irregular for want of notice or of such consent, provided a quorum was present at such meeting, the proceedings of said meeting may be ratified and approved and rendered likewise valid and the irregularity or defect therein waived by a writing signed by all parties having the right to vote at such meeting; and such consent or approval of stockholders may be by proxy or attorney, but all such proxies and powers of attorney must be in writing.

SECTION 3 WAIVER OF NOTICE

Whenever any notice whatever is required to be given under the provisions of the statutes, the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, a waiver thereof in writing, signed by the person or persons entitled to said notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent thereto.

ARTICLE IV OFFICERS

SECTION 1 ELECTION

The officers of the Corporation shall be elected annually at the first meeting by the Board of Directors held after each annual meeting of the stockholders and shall be a President, one or more Vice Presidents, a Treasurer and a Secretary, and such other officers with such titles and duties as the Board of Directors may determine, none of whom need be directors. The President shall be the Chief Executive Officer, unless the Board designates the Chairman of the Board as Chief Executive Officer. Any person may hold one or more offices and each officer shall hold office until his successor shall have been duly elected and qualified or until his death or until he shall resign or is removed in the manner as hereinafter provided for such term as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors from time to time.

SECTION 2 CHAIRMAN AND VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors at its first annual meeting after each annual meeting of the stockholders may choose a Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Board from among the directors of the Corporation. The Chairman of the Board, and in his absence the Vice Chairman, shall preside at meetings of the stockholders and the Board of Directors and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are carried into effect.

SECTION 3 PRESIDENT

The President shall be the chief operating officer of the Corporation, shall also be a director and shall have active management of the business of the Corporation. The President shall execute on behalf of the Corporation all instruments requiring such execution except to the extent the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly designated by the Board of Directors to some other officer or agent of the Corporation.

SECTION 4 VICE-PRESIDENT

The Vice-President shall act under the direction of the President and in the absence or disability of the President shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the President. The Vice-President shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the President or the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe. The Board of Directors may designate one or more Executive Vice-Presidents or may otherwise specify the order of seniority of the Vice-Presidents. The duties and powers of the President shall descend to the Vice-Presidents in such specified order of seniority.

SECTION 5 SECRETARY

The Secretary shall act under the direction of the President. Subject to the direction of the President, the Secretary shall attend all meetings of the Board of Directors and all meetings of the stockholders and record the proceedings. The Secretary shall perform like duties for the standing committees when required. The Secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all

meetings of the stockholders and special meetings of the Board of Directors, and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the President or the Board of Directors.

SECTION 6 ASSISTANT SECRETARIES

The Assistant Secretaries shall act under the direction of the President. In order of their seniority, unless otherwise determined by the President or the Board of Directors, they shall, in the absence or disability of the Secretary, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Secretary. They shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the President or the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe.

SECTION 7 TREASURER

The Treasurer shall act under the direction of the President. Subject to the direction of the President, the Treasurer shall have custody of the corporate funds and securities and shall keep full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the Corporation and shall deposit all monies and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Corporation in such depositories as may be designated by the Board of Directors. The Treasurer shall disburse the funds of the Corporation as may be ordered by the President or the Board of Directors, taking proper vouchers for such disbursements, and shall render to the President and the Board of Directors, at its regular meetings, or when the Board of Directors so requires, an account of all transactions as Treasurer and of the financial condition of the Corporation.

If required by the Board of Directors, the Treasurer shall give the Corporation a bond in such sum and with such surety or sureties as shall be satisfactory to the Board of Directors for the faithful performance of the duties of such person's office and for the restoration to the Corporation, in case of such person's death, resignation, retirement or removal from office, of all books, papers, vouchers, money and other property of whatever kind in such person's possession or under such person's control belonging to the Corporation.

SECTION 8 ASSISTANT TREASURERS

The Assistant Treasurers in the order of their seniority, unless otherwise determined by the President or the Board of Directors, shall, in the absence or disability of the Treasurer, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Treasurer. They shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the President or the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe.

SECTION 9 COMPENSATION

The Board of Directors shall fix the salaries and compensation of all officers of the Corporation.

SECTION 10 REMOVAL; RESIGNATION

The officers of the Corporation shall hold office at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. Any officer elected or appointed by the Board of Directors, or any member of a committee, may

be removed at any time, with or without cause, by the Board of Directors by a vote of not less than a majority of the entire Board at any meeting thereof or by written consent. Any vacancy occurring in any office of the Corporation by death, resignation, removal or otherwise shall be filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired portion of the term.

Any director or officer of the Corporation, or any member of any committee, may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Board, the President, or the Secretary of the Corporation. Any such resignation shall take effect at the time specified therein or, if the time is not specified, then upon receipt thereof. The acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

ARTICLE V CAPITAL STOCK

SECTION 1 CERTFICATED AND UNCERTIFICATED SHARES OF STOCK

Shares of stock in the Corporation shall be represented by certificates, or shall be uncertificated, as determined by the Board of Directors in its discretion. As to any shares represented by certificates, every stockholder shall be entitled to have a certificate signed by the Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors, the President or a Vice-President and the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, or the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Corporation, certifying the number of shares owned by such person in the Corporation. If the Corporation shall be authorized to issue more than one class of stock or more than one series of any class, the designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights of the various classes of stock or series thereof and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions of such rights, shall be set forth in full or summarized on the face or back of any certificate which the Corporation shall issue to represent such stock; provided, however, that except as otherwise provided in NRS 78.242, in lieu of the foregoing requirements, there may be set forth on the face or back of any certificate which the Corporation shall issue to represent such class or series of stock, a statement that the Corporation will furnish without charge to each stockholder who so requests, the designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights of the various classes or series thereof and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions of such preferences and/or rights.

If a certificate representing stock is signed (1) by a transfer agent other than the Corporation or its employees or (2) by a registrar other than the Corporation or its employees, the signatures of the officers of the Corporation may be facsimiles. In case any officer who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon a certificate shall cease to be such officer before such certificate is issued, such certificate may be issued with the same effect as though the person had not ceased to be such officer. The seal of the Corporation, or a facsimile thereof, may, but need not be, affixed to any certificates representing stock.

Section 2 Surrendered; Lost or Destroyed Certificates

The Board of Directors or any transfer agent of the Corporation may direct a new certificate or certificates to be issued, or, if such stock is no longer certificated, a registration of such stock, in place of any certificate or certificates theretofore issued by the Corporation alleged to have been lost or destroyed upon the making of an affidavit of that fact by the person claiming

the certificate of stock to be lost or destroyed. When authorizing such issue of a new certificate or certificates, or new registration of uncertificated stock, the Board of Directors (or any transfer agent of the Corporation authorized to do so by a resolution of the Board of Directors) may, in its discretion and as a condition precedent to the issuance or registration thereof, require the owner, of such lost or destroyed certificate or certificates, or the owner's legal representative, to advertise the same in such manner as it shall require and/or give the Corporation a bond in such sum as it may direct as indemnity against any claim that may be made against the Corporation with respect to the certificate alleged to have been lost or destroyed.

SECTION 3 REGULATIONS

The Board of Directors shall have the power and authority to make all such rules and regulations and procedures as it may deem expedient concerning the issue, transfer and cancellation of stock of the Corporation and replacement of any stock certificates representing stock and registration and re-registration of any uncertificated stock.

SECTION 4 RECORD DATE

The Board of Directors may fix in advance a date not more than sixty days nor less than ten days preceding the date of any meeting of stockholders, or the date for the payment of any distribution, or the date for the allotment of rights, or the date when any change or conversion or exchange of capital stock shall go into effect, or a date in connection with obtaining the consent of stockholders for any purpose, as a record date for the determination of the stockholders entitled to notice of and to vote at any such meeting, and any adjournment thereof, or entitled to receive payment of any such distribution, or to give such consent, and in such case, such stockholders, and only such stockholders as shall be stockholders of record on the date so fixed, shall be entitled to notice of and to vote at such meeting, or any adjournment thereof, or to receive payment of such dividend, or to receive such allotment of rights, or to exercise such rights, or to give such consent, as the case may be, notwithstanding any transfer of any stock on the books of the Corporation after any such record date fixed as aforesaid.

SECTION 5 REGISTERED OWNER

The Corporation shall be entitled to recognize the person registered on its books as the owner of the shares to be the exclusive owner for all purposes, including voting and distribution, and the Corporation shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to or interest in such share or shares on the part of any other person, whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof, except as otherwise provided by the laws of Nevada.

ARTICLE VI GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1 REGISTERED OFFICE

The registered office of the Corporation shall be in the County of Clark, State of Nevada. The principal office of the Corporation shall be located in the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

The Corporation may also have offices at such other places both within and without the State of Nevada as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine or the business of the Corporation may require.

SECTION 2 CHECKS; NOTES

All checks or demands for money and notes of the Corporation shall be signed by such officer or officers or such other person or persons as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate.

SECTION 3 FISCAL YEAR

The fiscal year of the Corporation shall be fixed by resolution of the Board of Directors.

SECTION 4 STOCK OF OTHER CORPORATIONS OR OTHER INTERESTS

Unless otherwise ordered by the Board of Directors, the President, the Secretary, and such other attorneys or agents of the Corporation as may be from time to time authorized by the Board of Directors or the President, shall have full power and authority on behalf of the Corporation to attend and to act an vote in person or by proxy at any meeting of the holders of securities of any corporation or other entity in which the Corporation may own or hold shares or other securities, and at such meetings shall possess and may exercise all the rights and powers incident to the ownership of such shares or other securities which the Corporation, as the owner or holder thereof, might have possessed and exercised if present. The President, the Secretary or other such attorneys or agents may also execute and deliver on behalf of the Corporation, powers of attorney, proxies, consents, waivers and other instruments relating to the shares or securities owned or held by the Corporation.

SECTION 5 CORPORATE SEAL

The corporation will have a corporate seal, as may from time to time be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors. If a corporate seal is adopted, it shall have inscribed thereon the name of the corporation and the words "Corporate Seal" and "Nevada." The seal may be used by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or affixed or in any manner reproduced.

SECTION 6 ANNUAL STATEMENT

The Board of Directors shall present at each annual meeting, and at any special meeting of the stockholders when called for by a vote of the stockholders, a full and clear statement of the business and condition of the Corporation.

SECTION 7 DIVIDENDS

Dividends upon the capital stock of the Corporation, subject to the provision of the Articles of Incorporation, if any, may be declared by the Board of Directors at any regular or special meeting pursuant to law. Dividends may be paid in cash, in property, or in shares of the capital stock of the Corporation, subject to the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation.

Before payment of any dividend, there may be set aside out of any funds of the Corporation available for dividends such sum or sums as the directors from time to time, in their absolute and sole discretion, think proper as a reserve or reserves to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing or maintaining any property or the Corporation, or for such other purpose or purposes as the directors believe to be in the interest of the Corporation, and the directors may modify or abolish any such reserve in the manner in which it was created.

SECTION 8 CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

In the event of any proposed transaction which would result in the merger of the Corporation with or into any other company or entity, or the sale, dividend, spin-off or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation, whether in one or more related transactions (a "Covered Transaction"), such Covered Transaction shall require the approval of a two-thirds majority of the Board of Directors after a review and written report of the terms and fairness of such transaction have been conducted and prepared by a special committee of the Board appointed to conduct such review. Such special committee shall consist of not less than two directors and shall be composed entirely of directors who are neither employees, directors, officers, agents or appointees or representatives of any company or entity affiliated with any party to the Covered Transaction, other than the Corporation. Such special committee is authorized to retain such professional advisors, including investment bankers, attorneys, and accountants as it may determine, in its sole discretion, to be appropriate under the circumstances.

ARTICLE VII INDEMNIFICATION

SECTION 1 INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS, EMPLOYEES AND AGENTS

Every person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to or is involved in any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that such person or a person of whom that person is the legal representative is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation or for its benefit as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, or as its representative in a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, shall be indemnified and held harmless to the fullest extent legally permissible under the NRS from time to time against all expenses, liability and loss (including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid or to be paid in settlement) reasonably incurred or suffered by such person in connection therewith. The expenses of officers, directors, employee or agents incurred in defending a civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding must be paid by the Corporation as they are incurred and in advance of the final disposition of the action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the director, officer, employee or agent to repay the amount if it is ultimately determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that such person is not entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation. Such right of indemnification shall be a contract right, which may be enforced in any manner desired by such person. Such right of indemnification shall not be exclusive of any other right which such directors, officers, employees or agents may have or hereafter acquire and, without limiting the generality of such statement, they shall be entitled to their respective rights of indemnification under any bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders, provision of law or otherwise, as well as their rights under this Article VII.

SECTION 2 INSURANCE

The Board of Directors may cause the Corporation to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, or as its representative in a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against such person and incurred in any such capacity or arising out of such status, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify such person.

SECTION 3 FURTHER BYLAWS

The Board of Directors may from time to time adopt further Bylaws with respect to indemnification and may amend these and such Bylaws to provide at all times the fullest indemnification permitted by the laws of the State of Nevada.

ARTICLE VIII AMENDMENTS

SECTION 1 AMENDMENTS BY STOCKHOLDERS

The Bylaws may be amended by the stockholders at any annual or special meeting of the stockholders by a majority vote, provided notice of intention to amend or repeal shall have been contained in the notice of such meeting.

SECTION 2 AMENDMENTS BY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors at any regular or special meeting by a majority vote may amend these Bylaws, including Bylaws adopted by the stockholders, but the stockholders may from time to time specify particular provisions of the Bylaws, which shall not be amended by the Board of Directors.

CERTIFICATE OF SECRETARY

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that I am the duly elected and qualified Secretary of Reading International, Inc. (formerly Citadel Holding Corporation), a Nevada corporation (the "Company"), and that the foregoing Bylaws, consisting of 17 pages (including cover page and table of contents), constitute the Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company as duly adopted by the Board of Directors on November 19, 1999 and amended by the Board of Directors on March 21, 2002, September 26, 2002, October 15, 2004, December 27, 2007 and December 28, 2011

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name this 28th of December, 2011.

Andrzej Matyczynski, Secretary

EXHIBIT 2

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K/A Amendment No. 1

(Mark (One)
X	ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACTOR 1934
	For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014
	or
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the transaction period from to
	Commission file number: 1-8625

Reading International, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Nevada

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

95-3885184 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

6100 Center Drive, Suite 900 Los Angeles, CA (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

90045

(Zip Code)

(213) 235-2240 (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of Each Class</u>

Class A Nonvoting Common Stock, \$0.01 Par Value per Share

Class B Voting Common Stock, \$0.01 Par Value per Share

Name Of Each Exchange On Which Registered NASDAQ NASDAQ



Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes □ No ☒

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes \square No \boxtimes

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that

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the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square				
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate websit fany, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation Sduring the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and postuch files). Yes ⊠ No □				
Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K ($\S 229.405$) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this From 10-K or any amendment to this From 10-K. \square				
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, accelerated filer or non-accelerated filer (See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) (Check one).				
Large accelerated filer□ Accelerated filer ⊠				
Non-accelerated filer □ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company □				
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \square No \boxtimes				
The aggregate market value of voting and nonvoting stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was \$139,379,701 as of June 30, 2014.				
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. As of May 6, 2015, there were outstanding 21,745,484 shares of class A non-voting common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 1,580,590 shares of class B voting common stock, par value \$0.01 per share.				

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A (this "Amendment") amends Reading International, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, originally filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, on March 7, 2015 (the "Original Filing"). We are amending and refiling Part III to include information required by Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 because our definitive proxy statement will not be filed within 120 days after December 31, 2014, the end of the fiscal year covered by our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In addition, pursuant to the rules of the SEC, we have also included as exhibits currently dated certifications required under Section 302 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Because no financial statements are contained within this Amendment, we are not including certifications pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. We are amending Part IV to reflect the inclusion of those certifications.

Except as described above, no other changes have been made to the Original Filing. Except as otherwise indicated herein, this Amendment continues to speak as of the date of the Original Filing, and we have not updated the disclosures contained therein to reflect any events that occurred subsequent to the date of the Original Filing. The filing of this Annual Report on Form 10-K/A is not a representation that any statements contained in items of our Annual Report on Form 10-K other than Part III, Items 10 through 14, and Part IV are true or complete as of any date subsequent to the Original Filing.

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PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The following table sets forth the name, age and position held by each of our executive officers and directors as of April 30, 2015. Directors are elected for a period of one year and thereafter serve until the next annual meeting at which their successors are duly elected by the stockholders.

Name	Age	Position
Ellen M. Cotter	49	Chair of the Board and Chief Operating Officer -
		Domestic Cinemas
James J. Cotter, Jr.	45	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (1)(2)
Margaret Cotter	47	Vice Chair of the Board(1)
Guy W. Adams	64	Director(1)(5)
William D. Gould	76	Director (3)
Edward L. Kane	77	Director $(1)(2)(4)(5)$
Douglas J. McEachern	63	Director (4)
Tim Storey	57	Director (4)(5)

- (1) Member of the Executive Committee.
- (2) Member of the Tax Oversight Committee.
- (3) Lead independent director.
- (4) Member of the Audit and Conflicts Committee.
- (5) Member of the Compensation and Stock Options Committee.

The following sets forth information regarding our directors and our executive officers:

Ellen M. Cotter. Ellen M. Cotter has been a member of the board since March 7, 2013, and on August 7, 2014 was appointed as Chair of our board. She joined our company in March 1998, is a graduate of Smith College and holds a Juris Doctorate from Georgetown Law School. Prior to joining our Company, Ms. Cotter spent four years in private practice as a corporate attorney with the law firm of White & Case in Manhattan. Ms. Cotter is the sister of James J. Cotter, Jr. and Margaret Cotter.

Ms. Cotter brings to the board her 16 years of experience working in our company's cinema operations, both in the United States and Australia. For the past 13 years, she has served as the senior operating officer of our company's domestic cinema operations. She has also served as the Chief Executive Officer of our subsidiary, Consolidated Entertainment, LLC, which operates substantially all of our cinemas in Hawaii and California. Ms. Cotter also is a significant stockholder in our company.

James J. Cotter, Jr. James J. Cotter, Jr. has been a director of our company since March 21, 2002, and was appointed Vice Chair of the Board in 2007. The board appointed Mr. Cotter, Jr. to serve as our President, beginning June 1, 2013. On August 7, 2014, he resigned as Vice Chair and was appointed to succeed his late father, James J. Cotter, Sr., as our Chief Executive Officer. He served as Chief Executive Officer of Cecelia Packing Corporation (a Cotter family-owned citrus grower, packer, and marketer) from July 2004 until 2013. Mr. Cotter, Jr. served as a director to Cecelia Packing Corporation from February 1996 to September 1997 and as a director of Gish Biomedical from September 1999 to March 2002. He was an attorney in the law firm of Winston & Strawn, specializing in corporate law, from September 1997 to May 2004. Mr. Cotter, Jr. is the brother of Margaret Cotter and Ellen M. Cotter.

Mr. Cotter, Jr. brings to the board his experience as a business professional, including as chief Executive Officer of Cecelia Packing Corporation, and corporate attorney, and his operating experience as the Chief Executive Officer of Cecelia. As the Vice Chair of our company, since 2007 he has chaired the weekly

Australia/New Zealand Executive Management Committee and the weekly U.S. Executive Management Committee meetings. In addition, he is a significant stockholder in our company.

Margaret Cotter. Margaret Cotter has been a director of our company since September 27, 2002, and on August 7, 2014 was appointed as Vice Chair of our board. Ms. Cotter is the owner and President of OBI, LLC, a company that provides live theater management services to our live theaters. Pursuant to that management arrangement, Ms. Cotter also serves as the President of Liberty Theaters, LLC, the subsidiary through which we own our live theaters. Ms. Cotter receives no compensation for this position, other than the right to participate in our company's medical insurance program. Ms. Cotter manages the real estate which houses each of the four live theaters under our Theater Management Agreement with Ms. Cotter's company, OBI LLC. Ms. Cotter secures leases, manages tenancies, oversees maintenance and regulatory compliance of these properties as well as heads the day to day pre-development process and transition of our properties from theater operations to major realty developments. Ms. Cotter was first commissioned to handle these properties by Sutton Hill Associates, which subsequently sold the business to our company along with other real estate and theaters in 2000. Ms. Cotter is also a theatrical producer who has produced shows in Chicago and New York and a board member of the League of Off-Broadway Theaters and Producers. Ms. Cotter, a former Assistant District Attorney for King's County in Brooklyn, New York, graduated from Georgetown University and Georgetown University Law Center. She is the sister of James J. Cotter, Jr. and Ellen M. Cotter.

Ms. Cotter brings to the board her experience as a live theater producer, theater operator and an active member of the New York theatre community, which gives her insight into live theater business trends that affect our business in this sector. Operating and overseeing our theater these properties for over 16 years, Ms. Cotter contributes to the strategic direction for our developments. In addition, she is a significant stockholder in our company.

Guy W. Adams. Guy W. Adams has been a director of the Company since January 14, 2014. He is a Managing Member of GWA Capital Partners, LLC, a registered investment adviser managing GWA Investments, LLC. The fund invests in various publicly traded securities. Over the past eleven years, Mr. Adams has served as an independent director on the boards of directors of Lone Star Steakhouse & Saloon, Mercer International, Exar Corporation and Vitesse Semiconductor having served in various capacities as lead director, Audit Committee Chair and/or Compensation Committee Chair. Prior to this time, Mr. Adams provided investment advice to various family offices and invested his own capital in public and private equity transactions. Mr. Adams received his Bachelor of Science degree in Petroleum Engineering from Louisiana State University and his Masters of Business Administration from Harvard Graduate School of Business Administration.

Mr. Adams brings many years of experience serving as an independent director on public company boards, and in investing and providing financial advice with respect to investments in public companies.

William D. Gould. William D. Gould has been a director of our company since October 15, 2004 and has been a member of the law firm of TroyGould PC since 1986. Previously, he was a partner of the law firm of O'Melveny & Myers. We have from time to time retained TroyGould PC for legal advice. As an author and lecturer on the subjects of corporate governance and mergers and acquisitions, Mr. Gould brings to the board specialized experience as a corporate attorney. Mr. Gould's corporate transactional experience and expertise in corporate governance matters ensures that we have a highly qualified advisor on our board to provide oversight in such matters.

Edward L. Kane. Edward L. Kane has been a director of our company since October 15, 2004. Mr. Kane was also a director of our company from 1985 to 1998, and served as President from 1987 to 1988. Mr. Kane currently serves as the Chair of our Tax Oversight Committee and of our Compensation and Stock Option Committee (which we refer to as our Compensation Committee). He also serves as a member of our Executive Committee and our Audit and Conflicts Committee. Since 1996, Mr. Kane's principal occupation has been healthcare consultant and advisor. In that capacity, he has served as President and sole shareholder of High Avenue Consulting, a healthcare consulting firm, and as the head of its successor proprietorship. At various times during the past three decades, he has been Adjunct Professor of Law at two of San Diego's Law

Schools, most recently in 2008 and 2009 at Thomas Jefferson School of Law, and prior thereto at California Western School of Law.

Mr. Kane brings to the board his many years as a tax attorney and law professor, which experience well-serves our company in addressing tax matters. Mr. Kane also brings his experience as a past President of Craig Corporation and of Reading Company, two of our corporate predecessors, as well as a former member of the boards of directors of several publicly held corporations.

Douglas J. McEachern. Douglas J. McEachern has been a director of our company since May 17, 2012 and Chair of our Audit and Conflicts Committee since August 1, 2012. He has served as a member of the board and of the Audit and Compensation Committee for Willdan Group, a NASDAQ listed engineering company, since 2009. Mr. McEachern is also the Chair of the board of Community Bank in Pasadena, California and a member of its Audit Committee. He also is a member of the Finance Committee of the Methodist Hospital of Arcadia. Since September 2009, Mr. McEachern has also served as an instructor of auditing and accountancy at Claremont McKenna College. Mr. McEachern was an audit partner from July 1985 to May 2009 with the audit firm, Deloitte and Touche, LLP, with client concentrations in financial institutions and real estate. Mr. McEachern was also a Professional Accounting Fellow with the Federal Home Loan Bank board in Washington DC, from June 1983 to July 1985. From June 1976 to June 1983, Mr. McEachern was a staff member and subsequently a manager with the audit firm, Touche Ross & Co. (predecessor to Deloitte & Touche, LLP). Mr. McEachern received a B.S. in Business Administration in 1974 from the University of California, Berkeley, and an M.B.A. in 1976 from the University of Southern California.

Mr. McEachern brings to the board his more than 37 years' experience meeting the accounting and auditing needs of financial institutions and real estate clients, including our company. Mr. McEachern also brings his experience reporting as an independent auditor to the boards of directors of a variety of public reporting companies and as a board member himself for various companies and not-for-profit organizations.

Tim Storey. Tim Storey has been a director of our company since December 28, 2011. Mr. Storey has served as the sole outside director of our company's wholly-owned New Zealand subsidiary since 2006. He has served since April 1, 2009 as a director of DNZ Property Fund Limited, a commercial property investment fund based in New Zealand and listed on the New Zealand Stock Exchange, and was appointed Chair of the board of that company on July 1, 2009. Since July 28, 2014, Mr. Storey has served as a director of JustKapital Litigation Partners Limited, an Australian Stock Exchange-listed company engaged in litigation financing. From 2011 to 2012, Mr. Storey was a director of NZ Farming Systems Uruguay, a New Zealand-listed company. NZ Farming Systems Uruguay owns and operates dairy farms in Uruguay. Prior to being elected Chair of DNZ Property Fund Limited, Mr. Storey was a partner in Bell Gully (one of the largest law firms in New Zealand). Mr. Storey is also a principal in Prolex Advisory, a private company in the business of providing commercial advisory services to a variety of clients and related entities.

Mr. Storey brings to the board many years of experience in New Zealand corporate law and commercial real estate matters. He serves as a director of our New Zealand subsidiary.

Andrzej Matyczynski. Andrzej Matyczynski has served as our Chief Financial Officer since November 1999. Mr. Matyczynski resigned as our Chief Financial Officer effective May 11, 2015, but will continue as an employee until April 15, 2016 in order to assist in the transition of our new Chief Financial Officer, Mr. Ghose, whose information is set forth below.

Robert F. Smerling. Robert F. Smerling has served as President of our domestic cinema operations since 1994. Mr. Smerling has been in the cinema industry for 57 years and, immediately before joining our company, served as the President of Loews Theatres Management Corporation.

William D. Ellis. William D. Ellis was appointed our General Counsel and Secretary in October 2014. Mr. Ellis has more than 30 years of hands-on legal experience as a real estate lawyer. Before joining our company, he was a partner in the real estate group at Sidley Austin LLP for 16 years. Before that, he worked at the law firm of Morgan Lewis & Bockius LLP. Mr. Ellis began his career as a corporate and securities lawyer

(handling corporate acquisitions, IPO's, mergers, etc.) and then moved on to real estate specialization (handling leasing, acquisitions, dispositions, financing, development and land use and entitlement across the United States). He had a substantial real estate practice in New York and Hawaii, which experience will help us with our real estate and cinema developments there. Mr. Ellis graduated Phi Beta Kappa from Occidental College with a B.A. degree in Political Science. He received his J.D. degree in 1982 from the University of Michigan Law School.

Wayne D. Smith. Wayne D. Smith joined our company in April 2004 as our Managing Director - Australia and New Zealand, after 23 years with Hoyts Cinemas. During his time with Hoyts, he was a key driver, as Head of Property, in growing that company's Australian and New Zealand operations via an AUD\$250 million expansion to more than 50 sites and 400 screens. While at Hoyts, his career included heading up the group's car parking company, cinema operations, representing Hoyts as a director on various joint venture interests, and coordinating many asset acquisitions and disposals the company made.

Devasis ("Dev") Ghose. On April 20, 2015, we agreed to retain Devasis Dev Ghose to be our new Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, effective May 11, 2015. Mr. Ghose served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and in a number of senior finance roles for 25 years with three NYSE-listed companies: Shurgard Storage Centers, Inc. (an international company focused on the acquisition, development and operation of self-storage centers in the US and Europe; now part of Public Storage), Skilled Healthcare Group (a health services company, now part of Genesis HealthCare), and HCP, Inc., (which invests primarily in real estate serving the healthcare industry), and as Managing Director-International for Green Street Advisors (an independent research and trading firm concentrating on publicly traded real estate corporate securities in the US & Europe). Earlier, Mr. Ghose worked for 10 years for PricewaterhouseCoopers in the US & KPMG in the UK. He qualified as a Certified Public Accountant in the U.S. and a Chartered Accountant in the U.K., and holds an Honors Degree in Physics from the University of Delhi, India and an Executive M.B.A. from the University of California, Los Angeles.

Relationships

Ellen M. Cotter, Margaret Cotter and James J. Cotter, Jr. are directors and officers of our company and of various of its subsidiaries, affiliates or consultants. According to their respective Schedules 13D filed with the SEC, all three consider their beneficial stock holdings in our company to be long-term family assets, and they intend to continue our company in the direction established by their father.

Committees of the Board of Directors

Our board has a standing Executive Committee, Audit and Conflicts Committee, Compensation and Stock Options Committee, and Tax Oversight Committee. These committees are discussed in greater detail below.

The Cotter family members who serve as directors and officers of our company collectively own beneficially shares of our Class B Stock representing more than 70% of the voting power for the election of directors of our company. Therefore, our board has determined that our company is a "Controlled Company" under section 5615(c)(1) of the listing rules of The NASDAQ Capital Stock Market (the "NASDAQ Rules"). After reviewing the benefits and detriments of taking advantage of the exceptions to the corporate governance rules set forth in section 5605 of the NASDAQ Rules, our board has unanimously determined to take advantage of all of the exceptions from the NASDAQ Rules afforded to our company as a Controlled Company.

A Controlled Company is not required to have an independent nominating committee or independent nominating process. It was noted by our directors that the use of an independent nominating committee or independent nominating process would be of limited utility, since any nominee would need to be acceptable to James J. Cotter, Sr., our former controlling stockholder, in order to be elected. The Cotter family, as the holders of a majority of the voting power of our company, are able under Nevada corporations law and our charter documents to elect candidates to our board and to remove a director from the board without the vote of

our other stockholders. Historically, Mr. Cotter, Sr. identified and recommended all nominees to our board in consultation with our other incumbent directors.

Our directors have not adopted any formal criteria with respect to the qualifications required to be a director or the particular skills that should be represented on our board, other than the need to have at least one director and member of our Audit and Conflicts Committee who qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert," and have not historically retained any third party to identify or evaluate or to assist in identifying or evaluating potential nominees. We have no policy of considering diversity in identifying director nominees.

James J. Cotter, Sr. served as our Chair and Chief Executive Officer until August 7, 2014, when he stepped down for health reasons. Mr. Cotter, Sr. subsequently passed away on September 13, 2014. In connection with his passing, our board determined to appoint Ellen M. Cotter as Chair of the Board with a view to rotating the office of Chair annually among the Cotter family members. The board also has designated William D. Gould to serve as our lead independent director. In that capacity, Mr. Gould chairs meetings of the independent directors and acts as liaison between our Chair and our Chief Executive Officer and our independent directors.

Our board oversees risk by remaining well-informed through regular meetings with management and the personal involvement of our Chief Executive Officer in our day-to-day business, including any matters requiring specific risk management oversight. Our Chief Executive Officer chairs regular senior management meetings addressing domestic and overseas issues. The risk oversight function of our board is enhanced by the fact that our Audit and Conflict Committee is comprised entirely of independent directors.

Executive Committee

A standing Executive Committee, currently comprised of Mr. Cotter, Jr., who serves as Chair, Ms. Margaret Cotter and Messrs. Adams and Kane, is authorized, to the fullest extent permitted by Nevada law, to take action on matters between meetings of the full board. Mr. Cotter, Sr. also served on the Executive Committee until May 15, 2014.

In 2014, the Executive Committee did not take any action with respect to any company matter. With the exception of matters delegated to the Audit and Conflicts Committee or the Compensation and Stock Options Committee, all matters requiring board approval during 2014 were considered by the entire board.

Audit and Conflicts Committee

Our board maintains a standing Audit and Conflicts Committee, which we refer to as the "Audit Committee." The Audit Committee operates under a Charter adopted by our board that is available on our website at www.readingrdi.com. Our board has determined that the Audit Committee is comprised entirely of independent directors (as defined in section 5605(a)(2) of the NASDAQ Rules), and that Mr. McEachern, the Chair of our Audit Committee, is qualified as an Audit Committee Financial Expert. During 2014, our Audit and Conflicts Committee was comprised of Mr. McEachern, who served as Chair, and Messrs. Kane and Storey.

Compensation and Stock Options Committee

Our board has a standing Compensation and Stock Options Committee, which we refer to as the "Compensation Committee," comprised entirely of independent directors. The current members of Compensation Committee are Mr. Kane, who serves as Chair, and Messrs. Adams and Storey. Mr. Adams replaced our former director, Alfred Villaseñor, on the Compensation Committee following his election to our board in June 2014.

The Compensation Committee evaluates and makes recommendations to the full board regarding the compensation of our Chief Executive Officer and other Cotter family members and performs other compensation related functions as delegated by our board.

Tax Oversight Committee

Given our operations in the United States, Australia, and New Zealand and our historic net operating loss carry forwards, our board formed a Tax Oversight Committee to review with management and to keep the board informed about our company's tax planning and such tax issues as may arise from time to time. This committee is comprised of Mr. Kane, who serves as Chair, and Mr. Cotter, Jr.

Code of Ethics

We have adopted a Code of Ethics applicable to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller and Company employees. The Code of Ethics is available on our website at www.readingrdi.com.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our executive officers and directors, and persons who own more than 10% of our common stock, to file reports regarding ownership of, and transactions in, our securities with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and to provide us with copies of those filings. Based solely on our review of the copies received by us and on the written representations of certain reporting persons, we believe that the following Forms 3 and 4 for transaction that occurred in 2014 were filed later than is required under Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

- James J. Cotter, Sr. failed to timely file 16 Forms 4 with respect to 70 transactions in our common stock;
- James J. Cotter, Jr. failed to timely file one Form 4 with respect to one transaction in our common stock;
- Ellen M. Cotter failed to timely file one Form 4 with respect to one transaction in our common stock;
- Margaret Cotter failed to timely file one Form 4 with respect to one transaction in our common stock;
- Mr. Storey failed to timely file one Form 4 with respect to one transaction in our common stock

All of the transactions involved were between the individual involved and our company or related to certain inter-family or estate planning transfers, and did not involve transactions with the public. Insofar as we are aware, all required filings have now been made.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Role and Authority of the Compensation Committee

Our board has established a standing Compensation Committee consisting of two or more of our nonemployee directors. As a Controlled Company, we are exempt from the NASDAQ Rules regarding the determination of executive compensation. The Compensation Committee has no formal charter, and acts pursuant to the authority delegated to the Compensation Committee from time to time by our board.

The Compensation Committee recommends to the full board the compensation of our Chief Executive Officer and of the other Cotter family members who serve as officers of our company. Our board with the Cotter family directors abstaining, typically has accepted without modification the compensation recommendations of the Compensation Committee, but reserves the right to modify the recommendations or

take other compensation actions of its own. Prior to his resignation as our Chair and Chief Executive Officer on August 7, 2014, during 2014, as in prior years, James J. Cotter, Sr. was delegated by our board responsibility for determining the compensation of our executive officers other than himself and his family members. The board exercised oversight of Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s executive compensation decisions as a part of his performance as our former Chief Executive Officer.

On August 7, 2014, James J. Cotter, Jr. was appointed to succeed Mr. Cotter, Sr. as our Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Cotter, Sr. subsequently passed away on September 13, 2014. No discretionary annual bonuses have yet been awarded to our executive officers, including the Cotter family executives for 2014.

Throughout this section, the individuals named in the Summary Compensation Table, below, are referred to as the "named executive officers."

CEO Compensation

The Compensation Committee recommends to our board the annual compensation of our Chief Executive Officer, based primarily upon the Compensation Committee's annual review of peer group practices and the advice of an independent third-party compensation consultant. The Compensation Committee has established three components of our Chief Executive Officer's compensation -- a base cash salary, a discretionary annual cash bonus, and a fixed stock grant. The objective of each element is to reasonably reward our Chief Executive Officer for his performance and leadership.

In 2007, our board approved a supplemental executive retirement plan ("SERP) pursuant to which we agreed to provide Mr. Cotter, Sr. supplemental retirement benefits as a reward for his more than 25 years of service to our company and its predecessors. Neither Mr. James J. Cotter, Jr., Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s successor as our Chief Executive Officer, nor any of our other current or former officers or employees, is eligible to participate in the SERP, which is described in greater detail below under the caption "Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan." Because this plan was adopted as a reward to Mr. Cotter, Sr. for his past services and the amounts to be paid under that plan are determined by an agreed-upon formula, the Compensation Committee did not take into account the benefits under that plan in determining Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s annual compensation for 2014 or previous years. The amounts reflected in the Executive Compensation Table under the heading "Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings" reflect any increase in the present value of the SERP benefit based upon the actuarial impact of the payment of Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s cash compensation and changes in interest rates. Since the SERP is unfunded, this amount does not reflect any actual payment by our Company into the plan or the value of any assets in the plan (of which there are none). The benefits to Mr. Cotter, Sr. under the SERP were tied to the cash portion only of his compensation, and not to compensation in the form of stock options or stock grants.

2014 CEO Compensation

The Compensation Committee originally engaged Towers Watson, executive compensation consultants, in 2012 to analyze our Chief Executive Officer's total direct compensation compared to a peer group of companies. In preparing the analysis, Towers Watson, in consultation with our management, including James J. Cotter, Sr., identified a peer group of companies in the real estate and cinema exhibition industries, our two business segments, based on market value, industry, and business description.

For purposes of establishing our Chief Executive Officer's 2014 compensation, the Compensation Committee engaged Towers Watson to update its analysis of Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s compensation as compared to his peers, which updated report was received on February 26, 2014. The company paid Towers Watson \$11,461 for the updated report.

The Towers Watson analysis focused on the competitiveness of Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s annual base salary, total cash compensation and total direct compensation (*i.e.*, total cash compensation plus expected value of long-term compensation) relative to a peer group of United States and Australian companies and published compensation survey data, and to our company's compensation philosophy, which was to target Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s total direct compensation to the 66th percentile of the peer group.

The peer group consisted of the following 18 companies:

Acadia Realty Trust
Amalgamated Holdings Ltd.
Associated Estates Realty Corp.
Carmike Cinemas Inc.
Cedar Shopping Centers Inc.
Cinemark Holdings Inc.
Entertainment Properties Trust
Glimcher Realty Trust
IMAX Corporation

Inland Real Estate Corp.
Kite Realty Group Trust
LTC Properties Inc.
Ramco-Gershenson Properties Trust
Regal Entertainment Group
The Marcus Corporation
Urstadt Biddle Properties Inc.
Village Roadshow Ltd.

Towers Watson predicted 2014 pay levels by using regression analysis to adjust compensation data based on estimated annual revenues of \$260 million (i.e., our company's approximate annual revenues) for all companies, excluding financial services companies. Towers Watson did not evaluate Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s SERP, because the SERP is fully vested and accrues no additional benefits, except as Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s annual cash compensation may change.

The Towers Watson analysis indicated that the peer group data, with the exception of annual base salary, was above Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s pay levels in 2013. The peer group is partially comprised of companies that are larger than our company, and the 66th percentile level tends to reflect the larger peers. However, Towers Watson analysis also indicated that the size of the peers does not materially affect the pay levels at the peer companies. The published survey data of companies of comparable size reviewed by Towers Watson was below our Chief Executive Officer pay levels.

Towers Watson averaged the data from the peer group and the published survey data to compile "blended" market data. As compared to the blended market data, Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s 2013 cash compensation and total direct compensation, which includes the expected value of long-term incentive compensation, was in line with the 66th percentile.

Because our company is comparable to the smaller companies in the peer group, Towers Watson reviewed whether the size of the proxy peer group of companies had a meaningful impact on reported CEO pay levels, and concluded that there is a weak correlation between company size and CEO compensation. It concluded, therefore, that it was not necessary to separately adjust the peer group data based on the size of our company.

The Compensation Committee met on February 27, 2014 to consider the Towers Watson analysis. At the meeting, the Compensation Committee determined to recommend to our board the following compensation for Mr. Cotter, Sr. for 2014 and on March 13, 2014, our board accepted the Compensation Committee's recommendation without modification:

Salarv:

\$750,000

The Compensation Committee recommended maintaining Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s 2014 annual base salary at its 2013 level of \$750,000, which approximates the 75th percentile of the peer group.

Discretionary Cash Bonus:

Up to \$750,000.

In 2013, the Compensation Committee recommended and our board approved a total cash bonus to Mr. Cotter, Sr. of \$1,000,000, as compared to the target bonus of \$500,000. This resulted in total 2013 compensation to Mr. Cotter, Sr. above the 75th percentile of the peer group and total direct compensation near the 66th percentile. At its meeting on February 27, 2014, the Compensation Committee determined to increase the upper range of Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s discretionary cash bonus for 2014 to \$750,000 from the 2013 target level of \$500,000. The bonus was subject to Mr. Cotter, Sr. being employed by our Company at year-end, unless

his employment were to terminate earlier due to his death or disability. No other benchmarks, formulas or quantitative or qualitative measurements were specified for use in determining the amount of cash bonus to be awarded within this range. As in 2013, the Compensation Committee also reserved the right to increase the upper range of discretionary cash bonus amount based upon exceptional results of our company or Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s exceptional performance, as determined in the Compensation Committee's discretion.

At its meeting on August 14, 2014, the Compensation Committee determined that Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s successful completion of our sale of the Burwood property in Australia and other accomplishments in 2014 justified the award to Mr. Cotter, Sr. of the full \$750,000 cash bonus, plus an additional cash bonus of \$300,000. The Compensation Committee's determination to award the extraordinary cash bonus was based in part on the advice of Towers Watson.

Stock Bonus:

\$1,200,000 (160,643 shares of Class A Stock).

At its meeting on February 27, 2014, the Compensation Committee determined that, so long as Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s employment with the Company is not terminated prior to December 31, 2014 other than as a result of his death or disability, he was to receive 160,643 shares of our Company's Class A Stock; the number of shares of Class A nonvoting common stock equal to \$1,200,000 divided by the closing price of the stock on February 27, 2104, the date the Committee approved the stock bonus. This compares to a similar stock bonus to Mr. Cotter, Sr. of \$750,000 in 2013.

The stock bonus was paid to the Estate of Mr. Cotter, Sr. in February 2015.

Following his appointment on August 7, 2014 as our Chief Executive Officer, James J. Cotter, Jr. continued to receive the same base salary of \$335,000 that he had previously been receiving in his capacity as our President.

Mr. Cotter, Jr. has not yet been awarded a discretionary cash bonus for 2014.

Total Direct Compensation

We and our Compensation Committee have no policy regarding the amount of salary and cash bonus paid to our Chief Executive Officer or other named executive officers in proportion to their total direct compensation.

Compensation of Other Named Executive Officers

The compensation of Mr. James J. Cotter, Jr. and Ms. Ellen M. Cotter as executive officers of our company is determined by the Compensation Committee based on the same compensation philosophy used to determined Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s 2014 compensation. The Cotter family members' respective compensation consists of a base cash salary, discretionary cash bonus and periodic discretionary grants of stock options.

Mr. Cotter, Sr. set the 2014 base salaries of our executive officers other than himself and members of his family. Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s decisions were not subject to approval by the Compensation Committee or our board, but our Compensation Committee and our board considered Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s decisions with respect to executive compensation in evaluating his performance as our Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Cotter, Sr. informed us that he did not use any formula, benchmark or other quantitative measure to establish or award any component of executive compensation, nor did he consult with compensation consultants on the matter. Mr. Cotter, Sr. also advised us that he considered the following guidelines in setting the type and amount of executive compensation:

- 1. Executive compensation should primarily be used to:
 - attract and retain talented executives;
 - reward executives appropriately for their individual efforts and job performance; and

- afford executives appropriate incentives to achieve the short-term and long-term business objectives established by management and our board.
- In support of the foregoing, the total compensation paid to our named executive officers should be:
 - fair both to our company and to the named executive officers;
 - reasonable in nature and amount; and
 - competitive with market compensation rates.

Personal and company performances were just two factors considered by Mr. Cotter, Sr. in establishing base salaries. We have no pre-established policy or target for allocating total executive compensation between base and discretionary or incentive compensation, or between cash and stock-based incentive compensation. Historically, including in 2014, a majority of total compensation to our named executive officers has been in the form of annual base salaries and discretionary cash bonuses, although stock bonuses have been granted from time to time under special circumstances. No stock bonuses were awarded in 2014 to our named executive officers other than Mr. Cotter, Sr.

These elements of our executive compensation are discussed further below.

Salary: Annual base salary is intended to compensate named executive officers for services rendered during the fiscal year in the ordinary course of performing their job responsibilities. Factors considered by Mr. Cotter, Sr. in setting the base salaries may have included (i) the negotiated terms of each executive's employment agreement or the original terms of employment, (ii) the individual's position and level of responsibility with our Company, (iii) periodic review of the executive's compensation, both individually and relative to our other named executive officers, and (iv) a subjective evaluation of individual job performance of the executive.

<u>Cash Bonus</u>: Historically, we have awarded annual cash bonuses to supplement the base salaries of our named executive officers, and our board of directors has delegated to our Chief Executive Officer the authority to determine in his discretion the annual cash bonuses, if any, to be paid to our executive officers other than the Cotter family executives. Any discretionary annual bonuses to the Cotter family executive have historically been determined by our board based upon the recommendation of our Compensation Committee.

In light of Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s death in September 2014, cash bonuses for 2014 have not yet been determined by Mr. Cotter, Jr. or, in the case of the Cotter family members, recommended by the Compensation Committee or approved by our board. Factors to be considered in determining or recommending any such cash bonuses include (i) the level of the executive's responsibilities, (ii) the efficiency and effectiveness with which he or she oversees the matters under his or her supervision, and (iii) the degree to which the officer has contributed to the accomplishment of major tasks that advance the company's goals.

Stock Bonus: Equity incentive bonuses may be awarded to align our executives' long-term compensation to appreciation in stockholder value over time and, so long as such grants are within the parameters set by our 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, historically were entirely discretionary on the part of Mr. Cotter, Sr. Other stock grants are subject to board approval. Equity awards may include stock options, restricted stock, bonus stock, or stock appreciation rights. Apart from the stock award to Mr. Cotter, Sr., no stock bonuses were awarded to our executive officers in 2014.

If awarded, it is generally our policy to value stock options and restricted stock at the closing price of our common stock as reported on the NASDAQ Capital Market on the date the award is approved or on the date of hire, if the stock is granted as a recruitment incentive. When stock is granted as bonus compensation for a particular transaction, the award may be based on the market price on a date calculated from the closing date of the relevant transaction. Awards may also be subject to vesting and limitations on voting or other rights.

Andrzej Matyczynski, our Chief Financial Officer, has a written employment agreement with our company that provides for a specified annual base salary and other compensation. Mr. Matyczynski resigned as our Chief Financial Officer effective September 1, 2014, but he and our company agreed to postpone the effective date of his resignation. Upon termination of Mr. Matyczynski's employment, he will become entitled under his employment agreement to a lump-sum severance payment of six months' base salary and to the payment of his vested benefit in accordance with the terms of the deferred compensation plan discussed below in this section.

Other than Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s and Mr. Cotter, Jr.'s role as Chief Executive Officer in setting compensation, none of our executive officers play a role in determining the compensation of our named executive officers.

2014 Base Salaries and Target Bonuses

We have historically established base salaries and target discretionary cash bonuses for our named executive officers through negotiations with the individual named executive officer, generally at the time the named executive officer commenced employment with us, with the intent of providing annual cash compensation at a level sufficient to attract and retain talented and experienced individuals. Our Compensation Committee recommended and our board approved the following base salaries for Mr. Cotter, Jr. and Ellen M. Cotter for 2014:

Name	2013 Base Salary (\$)	2014 Base Salary (\$)
James J. Cotter, Jr.	195,417	335,000
Ellen M. Cotter	335,000	335,000

The base salaries of our other named executive officers were established by Mr. Cotter, Sr. as shown in the following table:

Name	2013 Base Salary (\$)	2014 Base Salary (\$)
Andrzej Matyczynski	309,000	309,000
Robert F. Smerling	350,000	350,000
Wayne Smith	339,000	324,295

All named executive officers are eligible to receive a discretionary annual cash bonus. Cash bonuses are typically prorated to reflect a partial year of service. Our board reserves discretion to adjust bonuses for the Cotter family members based on its own evaluations of the recommendations of our Compensation Committee as it did in both 2013 and 2014 in Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s case.

We offer stock options and stock awards to our employees, including named executive officers, as the long-term incentive component of our compensation program. We sometimes grant equity awards to new hires upon their commencing employment with us and from time to time thereafter. Our stock options allow employees to purchase shares of our common stock at a price per share equal to the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant and may or may not be intended to qualify as "incentive stock options" for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Generally, the stock options we grant to our employees vest over four years in equal installments upon the annual anniversaries of the date of grant, subject to their continued employment with us on each vesting date.

Other Elements of Compensation

Retirement Plans

We maintain a 401(k) retirement savings plan that allows eligible employees to defer a portion of their compensation, within limits prescribed by the Internal Revenue Code, on a pre-tax basis through contributions to the plan. Our named executive officers other than Mr. Smith, who is a non-resident of the U.S., are eligible to participate in the 401(k) plan on the same terms as other full-time employees generally. Currently, we match contributions made by participants in the 401(k) plan up to a specified percentage, and these matching contributions are fully vested as of the date on which the contribution is made. We believe that providing a vehicle for tax-deferred retirement savings though our 401(k) plan, and making fully vested matching contributions, adds to the overall desirability of our executive compensation package and further incentivizes our employees, including our named executive officers, in accordance with our compensation policies.

Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan

In March 2007, our board approved the SERP pursuant to which we agreed to provide Mr. Cotter, Sr. supplemental retirement benefits. Under the SERP, following his separation from our company, Mr. Cotter, Sr. was to be entitled to receive from our company for the remainder of his life or 180 months, whichever is longer, a monthly payment of 40% of his average monthly base salary and cash bonuses over the highest consecutive 36-month period of earnings prior to Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s separation from service with us. The benefits under the SERP are fully vested. In October 2014, following Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s death, we began accruing monthly supplemental retirement benefits of \$57,000 in accordance with the SERP, but have not yet paid any such benefits to Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s designated beneficiaries.

The SERP is unfunded and, as such, the SERP benefits are unsecured, general obligations of our company. We may choose in the future to establish one or more grantor trusts from which to pay the SERP benefits. The SERP is administered by the Compensation Committee.

Other Retirement Plans

During 2012, Mr. Matyczynski was granted an unfunded, nonqualified deferred compensation plan ("DCP") that was partially vested and was to vest further so long as he remained in our continuous employ. If Mr. Matyczynski were to be terminated for cause, then the total vested amount would be reduced to zero. The incremental amount vested each year was made subject to review and approval by our board. Mr. Matyczynski's DCP vested as follows:

December 31	Total Vested Amount at the End of Each Vesting Year
2013	\$300,000
2014	\$450,000

Mr. Matyczynski resigned his employment with the company effective September 1, 2014, but he and our company agreed to postpone the effective date of his resignation until May 11, 2015. Upon the termination of Mr. Matyczynski's employment, he would become entitled under the DCP agreement to payment of the vested benefits under his DCP in annual installments following the later of (a) 30 days following Mr. Matyczynski's 65th birthday or (b) six months after his separation from service, unless his employment were to be terminated for cause.

We currently maintain no other retirement plan for our named executive officers.

Key Person Insurance

Our company maintains life insurance on certain individuals who we believe to be key to our management. These individuals include James J. Cotter, Jr., Ellen M. Cotter, Margaret Cotter and Messrs. Matyczynski, Smerling and Smith. If such individual ceases to be an employee, director or independent contractor of our company, as the case may be, she or he is permitted, by assuming responsibility for all future premium payments, to replace our company as the beneficiary under such policy. These policies allow each such individual to purchase up to an equal amount of insurance for such individual's own benefit. In the case of our employees, the premium for both the insurance as to which our company is the beneficiary and the insurance as to which our employee is the beneficiary, is paid by our company. In the case of named executive officers, the premium paid by our company for the benefit of such individual is reflected in the Compensation Table in the column captioned "All Other Compensation."

Employee Benefits and Perquisites

Our named executive officers are eligible to participate in our health and welfare plans to the same extent as all full-time employees generally. We do not generally provide our named executive officers with perquisites or other personal benefits, although in the past we provided Mr. Cotter, Sr. the personal use of our West Hollywood, California, condominium, which was used as an executive meeting place and office and sold in February 2015, a company-owned automobile and a health club membership. Historically, all of our other named executive officers also have received an automobile allowance. From time to time, we may provide other perquisites to one or more of our other named executive officers.

Tax Gross-Ups

As a general rule, we do not make gross-up payments to cover our named executive officers' personal income taxes that may pertain to any of the compensation paid or provided by our company. In 2014, however, we reimbursed Ms. Ellen M. Cotter \$50,000 for income taxes she incurred as a result of her exercise of stock options that were deemed to be nonqualified stock options for income tax purposes, but which were intended by the Compensation Committee and her to be so-called incentive stock options, or "ISOs", when originally granted. Our Compensation Committee believe it was appropriate to reimburse Ms. Cotter because it was our company's intention at the time of the issuance to give her the tax deferral feature applicable to ISOs. Due to the application of complex attribution rules, even though she was an executive officer of our company and not a director, she did not in fact qualify for such tax deferral. Accordingly, upon exercise, she received less compensation than the Compensation Committee had intended.

Tax and Accounting Considerations

Deductibility of Executive Compensation

Subject to an exception for "performance-based compensation," Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code generally prohibits publicly held corporations from deducting for federal income tax purposes annual compensation paid to any senior executive officer to the extent that such annual compensation exceeds \$1.0 million. The Compensation Committee and our board consider the limits on deductibility under Section 162(m) in establishing executive compensation, but retain the discretion to authorize the payment of compensation that exceeds the limit on deductibility under this Section as in the case of Mr. Cotter, Sr.

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation

We believe we are operating, where applicable, in compliance with the tax rules applicable to nonqualified deferred compensation arrangements.

Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

Beginning on January 1, 2006, we began accounting for stock-based payments in accordance with the requirements of Statement of Accounting Standards No. 123(R). Our decision to award restricted stock to

Mr. Cotter, Sr. and other named executive officers from time to time was based in part upon the change in accounting treatment for stock options. Accounting treatment otherwise has had no significant effect on our compensation decisions.

Say on Pay

At our Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on May 15, 2014, we held an advisory vote on executive compensation. Our stockholders voted in favor of our company's executive compensation. The Compensation Committee reviewed the results of the advisory vote on executive compensation in 2014 and did not make any changes to our compensation based on the results of the vote.

Compensation Committee Report

The Compensation Committee has reviewed and discussed with management the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" required by Item 401(b) of Regulation S-K and, based on such review and discussions, has recommended to our board that the foregoing "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" be included in this Form 10-K/A.

Respectfully submitted,

Edward L. Kane, Chair Guy W. Adams Tim Storey

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

There are no "interlocks," as defined by the SEC, with respect to any member of the Compensation Committee during 2014.

Executive Compensation

This section discusses the material components of the compensation program for our executive officers named in the 2014 Summary Compensation Table below. In 2014, our named executive officers and their positions were as follows:

- James J. Cotter, Sr., former Chair of the Board and former Chief Executive Officer.
- James J. Cotter, Jr., Chief Executive Officer and President.
- Andrzej Matyczynski, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer.
- Robert F. Smerling, President Domestic Cinema Operations.
- Ellen M. Cotter, Chair of the Board, Chief Operating Officer Domestic Cinemas and Chief Executive Officer of Consolidated Cinemas, LLC.
- Wayne Smith, Managing Director Australia and New Zealand.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table shows the compensation paid or accrued during the last three fiscal years ended December 31, 2014 to (i) Mr. James J. Cotter, Sr., who served as our principal executive officer until August 7, 2014, (ii) Mr. James J. Cotter, Jr., who served as our principal executive officer from August 7, 2014 through

December 31, 2014, (iii) Mr. Andrzej Matyczynski, our financial officer, and (iv) the other three persons who served as executive officers in 2014. The following executives are herein referred to as our "named executive officers."

Summary Compensation Table

						Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred		
	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)(1)	Option Awards (\$)(1)	Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
James J. Cotter, Sr.(2)	2014	452,000	1,050,000	1,200,000		197,000(3)	20,000(4)	2,919,000
Chair of the Board	2013	750,000	1,000,000	750,000		1,455,000(3)	25,000(4)	3,980,000
and Chief Executive Officer	2012	700,000	500,000	950,000	***	2,433,000(3)	24,000 (4)	4,607,000
James J. Cotter, Jr.(5)	2014	335,000					27,000(7)	362,000
President and Chief	2013	195,000					20,000(7)	215,000
Executive Officer	2012						0	0
Andrzej Matyczynski	2014	309,000			33,000	150,000(6)	26,000(7)	518,000
Chief Financial Officer	2013	309,000	35,000		33,000	50,000(6)	26,000(7)	453,000
and Treasurer	2012	309,000			11,000	250,000(6)	25,000(7)	617,000
Robert F. Smerling	2014	350,000	25,000				22,000(7)	397,000
President - Domestic	2013	350,000	50,000				22,000(7)	422,000
Cinema Operations	2012	350,000	50,000				22,000(7)	422,000
Ellen M. Cotter	2014	335,000					75,000 (7)(8)	410,000
Chief Operating Officer	2013	335,000					25,000(7)	360,000
Domestic Cinemas	2012	335,000	60,000	H 77			25,000(7)	420,000
Wayne Smith	2014	324,000	45,000		22		19,000(7)	388,000
Managing director -	2013	339,000					20,000(7)	359,000
Australia and New Zealand	2012	357,000	16,000	; <u></u>	22,000	1	19,000 (7)	414,000

- (1) Amounts represent the aggregate grant date fair value of awards computed in accordance with ASC Topic 718, excluding the effects of any estimated forfeitures. The assumptions used in the valuation of these awards are discussed in Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, filed with the SEC on March 17, 2015.
- (2) Mr. Cotter, Sr. resigned as our Chair and Chief Executive Officer on August 7, 2014.
- (3) Represents the present value of the vested benefits under Mr. Cotter. Sr.'s SERP. In October 2014, we began accruing monthly supplemental retirement benefits of \$57,000 in accordance with the SERP, but have not yet paid any such benefits to Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s designated beneficiaries. Under the SERP, such payments are to continue for a 180-month period.
- (4) Until February 25, 2015, we owned a condominium in West Hollywood, California, which we used as an executive meeting place and office. "All Other Compensation" includes the estimated incremental cost to our company of providing the use of the West Hollywood Condominium to Mr. Cotter, Sr., our matching contributions under our 401(k) plan, the cost of a company automobile used by Mr. Cotter, Sr., and health club dues paid by our company.
- (5) Mr. Cotter, Jr. was appointed as our Chief Executive Officer on August 7, 2014.
- (6) Represents the increase in the vested benefit of the DCP for Mr. Matyczynski. Payment of the vested benefit under his DCP will be made in accordance with the terms of the DCP.
- (7) Represents our matching contributions under our 401(k) plan, the cost of key person insurance, and any automobile allowances.
- (8) Includes the \$50,000 tax gross-up described in the "Tax Gross-Up" section of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

Employment Agreements

James J. Cotter, Jr. On June 3, 2013, we entered into an employment agreement with Mr. James J. Cotter, Jr. to serve as our President. The employment agreement provides that Mr. Cotter, Jr. is to receive an annual base salary of \$335,000, with employee benefits in line with those received by our other senior executives. Mr. Cotter, Jr. also was granted a stock option to purchase 100,000 Class A shares at an exercise price equal to the market price of our Class A shares on the date of grant and which will vest in equal annual increments over a four-year period, subject to his remaining in our continuous employ through each annual vesting date.

Under his employment agreement, we may terminate Mr. Cotter Jr.'s employment with or without cause (as defined) at any time. If we terminate his employment without cause, Mr. Cotter Jr. will be entitled to receive severance in an amount equal to the compensation he would have received had he remained employed by us for 12 months.

William D. Ellis. On October 20, 2014, we entered into an employment agreement with Mr. William D. Ellis, pursuant to which he agreed to serve as our General Counsel for a term of three years. The employment agreement provides that Mr. Ellis is to receive an annual base salary of \$350,000, with an annual target bonus of at least \$60,000. Mr. Ellis also received a "sign-up" bonus of \$10,000 and is entitled to employee benefits in line with those received by our other senior executives. In addition, Mr. Ellis was granted stock options to purchase 60,000 Class A shares at an exercise price equal to the closing price of our Class A shares on the date of grant and which will vest in equal annual increments over a three-year period, subject to his remaining in our continuous employ through each annual vesting date.

Under his employment agreement, we may terminate Mr. Ellis' employment with or without cause (as defined) at any time. If we terminate his employment without cause, Mr. Ellis will be entitled to receive severance in an amount equal to the compensation he would have received for the remainder of the term of his employment agreement, or 24 months, whichever is less. If the termination is in connection with a "change of control" (as defined), Mr. Ellis would be entitled to severance in an amount equal to the compensation he would have received for a period of twice the number of months remaining in the term of his employment agreement.

Andrzej Matyczynski. Mr. Matyczynski, our Chief Financial Officer, has a written employment agreement with our company that provides for a specified annual base salary and other compensation. Mr. Matyczynski resigned as our Chief Financial Officer effective May 11, 2015, but will continue as an employee until April 15, 2016 in order to assist in the transition of our new Chief Financial Officer, Mr. Ghose, whose information is set forth above. Upon termination of Mr. Matyczynski's employment, he will become entitled under his employment agreement to a lump-sum severance payment of six months' base salary and to the payment of his vested benefit under his deferred compensation plan discussed above in this section.

2010 Equity Incentive Plan

On May 13, 2010, our stockholders approved the 2010 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan") at the annual meeting of stockholders in accordance with the recommendation of the board of directors of the Company. The Plan provides for awards of stock options, restricted stock, bonus stock, and stock appreciation rights to eligible employees, directors, and consultants. The Plan permits issuance of a maximum of 1,250,000 shares of class A nonvoting common stock. The Plan expires automatically on March 11, 2020.

Equity incentive bonuses may be awarded to align our executives' long-term compensation to appreciation in stockholder value over time and, so long as such grants are within the parameters of the Plan, historically were entirely discretionary on the part of Mr. Cotter, Sr. Other stock grants are subject to board approval. Equity awards may include stock options, restricted stock, bonus stock, or stock appreciation rights. Apart from the stock award to Mr. Cotter, Sr., no stock bonuses were awarded to our executive officers in 2014.

If awarded, it is generally our policy to value stock options and restricted stock at the closing price of our common stock as reported on the NASDAQ Capital Market on the date the award is approved or on the date of hire, if the stock is granted as a recruitment incentive. When stock is granted as bonus compensation for a particular transaction, the award may be based on the market price on a date calculated from the closing date of the relevant transaction. Awards may also be subject to vesting and limitations on voting or other rights.

Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences

Non-qualified Stock Options. There will be no federal income tax consequences to either the Company or the participant upon the grant of a non-discounted NQSO. However, the participant will realize ordinary income on the exercise of the NQSO in an amount equal to the excess of the fair market value of the common stock acquired upon the exercise of such option over the exercise price, and the Company will receive a corresponding deduction. The gain, if any, realized upon the subsequent disposition by the participant of the common stock will constitute short-term or long-term capital gain, depending on the participant's holding period.

Incentive Stock Options. There will be no regular federal income tax consequences to either the Company or the participant upon the grant or exercise of an incentive stock option. If the participant does not dispose of the shares of common stock for two years after the date the option was granted and one year after the acquisition of such shares of common stock, the difference between the aggregate option price and the amount realized upon disposition of the shares of common stock will constitute long-term capital gain or loss, and the Company will not be entitled to a federal income tax deduction. If the shares of common stock are disposed of in a sale, exchange or other "disqualifying disposition" during those periods, the participant will realize taxable ordinary income in an amount equal to the excess of the fair market value of the common stock purchased at the time of exercise over the aggregate option price (adjusted for any loss of value at the time of disposition), and the Company will be entitled to a federal income tax deduction equal to such amount, subject to the limitations under Code Section 162(m).

While the exercise of an incentive stock option does not result in current taxable income, the excess of (1) the fair market value of the option shares at the time of exercise over (2) the exercise price, will be an item of adjustment for purposes of determining the participant's alternative minimum tax income.

SARs. A participant receiving an SAR will not recognize income, and the Company will not be allowed a tax deduction, at the time the award is granted. When a participant exercises the SAR, the amount of cash and the fair market value of any shares of common stock received will be ordinary income to the participant and will be allowed as a deduction for federal income tax purposes to the Company, subject to limitations under Code Section 162(m). In addition, the Board (or Committee), may at any time, in its discretion, declare any or all awards to be fully or partially exercisable and may discriminate among participants or among awards in exercising such discretion.

Restricted Stock. Unless a participant makes an election to accelerate recognition of the income to the date of grant, a participant receiving a restricted stock award will not recognize income, and the Company will not be allowed a tax deduction, at the time the award is granted. When the restrictions lapse, the participant will recognize ordinary income equal to the fair market value of the common stock, and the Company will be entitled to a corresponding tax deduction at that time, subject to the limitations under Code Section 162(m).

Outstanding Equity Awards

The following table sets forth outstanding equity awards held by our named executive officers as of December 31, 2014 under the Plan:

Outstanding Equity Awards At Year Ended December 30, 2014

			Option Awards			Stock A	wards
	Class	Number of Shares Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable	Number of Shares Underlying Unexercised Options Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock that Have Not Vested	Market Value of Shares or Units that Have Not Vested (\$)
James J. Cotter, Sr.	В	100,000		10.24	09/05/2017		
James J. Cotter, Jr.	Α	12,500		3.87	07/07/2015		
James J. Cotter, Jr.	Α	10,000	22	8.35	01/19/2017	-	
James J. Cotter, Jr.	Α	100,000		6.31	02/06/2018		
Ellen M. Cotter	Α	20,000		5.55	03/06/2018		
Ellen M. Cotter	В	50,000		10.24	09/05/2017		_
Andrzej Matyczynski	A	25,000	25,000	6.02	08/22/2022	-	
Robert F. Smerling	Α	43,750		10.24	09/05/2017	_	

Option Exercises and Stock Vested

The following table contains information for our named executive officers concerning the option awards that were exercised and stock awards that vested during the year ended December 31, 2014:

	Option	Awards	Stock A	Awards
Name	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise	Value Realized on Exercise (S)	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting	Value Realized on Vesting (\$)
James J. Cotter, Sr.	-		160,643	1,200,000
Andrzej Matyczynski	35,100	180,063		, , ,

Pension Benefits

The following table contains information concerning pension plans for each of the named executive officers for the year ended December 31, 2014:

Name	Plan Name	Number of Years of Credited Service	Present Value f Accumulated Benefit (S)	Payments During Last Fiscal Year (\$)	
James J. Cotter, Sr.(1)	SERP	27	\$ 7,595,000	\$ 	
Andrzei Matyczynski(2)	DCP	5	\$ 450 000	\$ 22	

Director Compensation

During 2014, all of our directors, except Mr. James J. Cotter Sr., Mr. James J. Cotter, Jr. and Ms. Ellen M. Cotter, received an annual fee of \$35,000 (prorated for the year in which a director is first elected or appointed). In addition to their annual directors fee, the following directors received a one-time fee of \$5,000 for their services as a member of the board and of all board committees on which they serve; Messrs. Adams, Gould, McEachern and Kane. Mr. Storey received a one-time fee of \$10,000, for his services as a member of the board and of all board committees on which he served. Messrs. McEachern and Storey also each received an additional \$6,000 for their participation in Special Committee Meetings. For 2014, the Chair of our Audit and Conflicts Committee received an additional fee of \$7,000, the Chair of our Compensation Committee received an additional fee of \$18,000.

Upon joining our board, new directors have historically received immediately vested five-year stock options to purchase 20,000 shares of our Class A Stock at an exercise price equal to the market price of the stock at the date of grant. From time to time our directors also are granted additional stock options as compensation for their service on our board. Historically, these awards were based upon the recommendations of our former Chair and principal shareholder, Mr. James J. Cotter, Sr., which recommendations were reviewed and acted upon by our entire board. When such additional awards have been made, typically, each sitting director (other than Mr. Cotter, Sr., who historically did not participate in such awards) was awarded the same number of options on the same terms. Historically, we have granted our officers and directors replacement options where their options would otherwise expire with exercise prices that were out of the money at the time of such expiration.

In November 2014, our board of directors determined to make grants to our non-employee directors on January 15 of each year of stock options to purchase 2,000 shares of our Class A Stock. The options will be for a term of five years, have an exercise price equal to the market price of Class A Stock on the grant date and be fully vested immediately upon grant.

The following table sets forth information concerning the compensation to persons who served as our non-employee directors during 2014 for their services as directors.

Director Compensation Table

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Option Awards (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Margaret Cotter (1)	35,000	0	0	35,000
Guy W. Adams (2)	40,000	69,000	0	109,000
William D. Gould	35,000	0	0	35,000
Edward L. Kane	63,000	. 0	0	63,000
Douglas J. McEachern	53,000	0	0	53,000
Tim Storey	51,000	0	21,000(3)	72,000
Alfred Villaseñor (4)	10,000	0	0	10,000

- (1) In addition to her director's fees, Ms. Margaret Cotter receives a combination of fixed and incentive management fees under the OBI Management Agreement described under the caption "Certain Transactions and Related Party Transactions OBI Management Agreement." below.
- (2) Mr. Adams joined the board on January 14, 2014 and was granted on that date a five-year stock option to purchase 20,000 shares of our Class A Stock at an exercise price of \$7.40 per share.
- (3) This amount represents fees paid to Mr. Storey as the sole independent director of our company's wholly-owned New Zealand subsidiary.
- (4) Represents fees paid to Mr. Villaseñor prior to our 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, when he declined to stand for re-nomination as a director.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Except as described below, the following table sets forth the shares of Class A Stock and Class B Stock beneficially owned on April 30, 2015 by:

- each of our incumbent directors;
- each of our incumbent named executive officers set forth in the Summary Compensation Table of this Proxy Statement;

- each person known to us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of our Class B Stock;
 and
- all of our incumbent directors and incumbent executive officers as a group.

The beneficial ownership of 327,808 shares of our outstanding Class B Stock, which we refer to as the "disputed shares," and 100,000 shares of Class B Stock underlying a currently exercisable stock option, which we refer to as the "disputed option," is disputed by the Cotter family members, and the following table does not ascribe to any person or entity the beneficial ownership of the disputed shares or of the shares underlying the disputed option.

Except as noted, we believe that each beneficial owner has sole voting power and sole investment power with respect to the shares shown. An asterisk (*) denotes beneficial ownership of less than 1%.

	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership (1)				
	Class A Stock Class B Stock				
Name and Address of	Number of	Percentage	Number of	Percentage	
Beneficial Owner	Shares	of Stock	Shares	of Stock	
Disease AN AF AF OF					
Directors and Named Executive Officers	2 220 251	147	606.000	44.0	
James J. Cotter, Jr. (2)(9)(10)	3,220,251	14.7	696,080	44.0	
Ellen M. Cotter (3)(9)(10)	2,818,995	13.0	746,080	47.2	
Margaret Cotter (4)(9)(10)	3,111,572	14.3	731,180	46.3	
Guy W. Adams	- 0 -		- 0 -		
William D. Gould (5)	54,340	*			
Edward L. Kane (6)	19,500	*	100	*	
Andrzej Matyczynski	25,789	*			
Douglas J. McEachern (7)	37,300	*	-		
Tim Storey (8)	27,000	*			
Robert F. Smerling (8)	43,750	*			
5% or Greater Stockholders					
James J. Cotter Living Trust (9)(10)	1,897,649	8.7	696,080	44.0	
James J. Cotter Living Trust/Estate of James			4000 - 0.00 4 0000000000		
J. Cotter, Deceased(9)(10)	408,263	1.9	427,808	25.5	
More Cubon (11)	72.164	*	207 (11	12.1	
Mark Cuban (11) 5424 Deloache Avenue	72,164	3.370	207,611	13.1	
Dallas, Texas 75220					
Duitas, 10Aus 13220					
PICO Holdings, Inc. and PICO Deferred			97,500	6.2	
Holdings, LLC (12)			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0.2	
875 Prospect Street, Suite 301					
La Jolla, California 92037					
The state of the s					
All directors and executive officers as a	5,476,570	24.9	1,209,088	71.9	
group (10 persons)(13)			2 2		

⁽¹⁾ Percentage ownership is determined based on 21,745,484 shares of Class A Stock and 1,580,590 shares of Class B Stock outstanding on May 6, 2015. Except as described in footnote (13) with respect to the beneficial ownership of all directors and executive officers as a group, the table does not ascribe to any person or entity the beneficial ownership of the disputed shares or of the shares underlying the disputed option. Except as described with respect to the disputed shares and the disputed option, beneficial ownership has been determined in accordance with SEC rules. Shares subject to options that are presently exercisable, or exercisable within 60 days of May 6, 2015, which are indicated by footnote, are deemed to be

- beneficially owned by the person holding the options and are deemed to be outstanding in computing the percentage ownership of that person, but not in computing the percentage ownership of any other person.
- (2) The Class A Stock shown include 97,500 shares subject to stock options. The Class A Stock shown also include 289,390 shares held by a trust for the benefit of James J. Cotter, Sr.'s grandchildren (the "Cotter grandchildren's trust") and 102,751 held by the James J. Cotter Foundation. Mr. Cotter, Jr. is co-trustee of the Cotter grandchildren's trust and of the Cotter Foundation and, as such, is deemed to beneficially own such shares. Mr. Cotter, Jr. disclaims beneficial ownership of such shares except to the extent of his pecuniary interest, if any, in such shares. The Class A Stock shown also includes 1,897,649 shares held by the James J. Cotter Living Trust, or the "Living Trust," which became irrevocable upon Mr. Cotter, Sr.'s death on September 13, 2014. See footnotes (9) and (10) for information regarding beneficial ownership of the shares held by the Living Trust that is disputed by the Cotter family members.
- (3) The Class A Stock shown includes 20,000 shares subject to stock options. The Class A Stock shown also include 102,751 shares held by the James J. Cotter Foundation. Ms. Cotter is co-trustee of the Cotter Foundation and, as such, is deemed to beneficially own such shares. Ms. Cotter disclaims beneficial ownership of such shares except to the extent of her pecuniary interest, if any, in such shares. The Class A Stock shown also includes 408,263 shares that Ms. Cotter maintains are part of the Estate of James J. Cotter, Deceased (the "Cotter Estate") that is being administered in the State of Nevada and that Mr. Cotter, Jr. contends are held by the Living Trust. On December 22, 2014, the District Court of Clark County, Nevada, appointed Ellen M. Cotter and Margaret Cotter as co-executors of the Cotter Estate. As such, Ellen M. Cotter would be deemed to beneficially own such shares. As co-trustees of the Living Trust, the three Cotter family members would be deemed to beneficially own such shares depending upon the outcome of the matters described in footnote (9). The shares shown also include 1,897,649 shares held by the Living Trust. See footnotes (9) and (10) for information regarding beneficial ownership of the shares held by the Living Trust that is disputed by the Cotter family members.
- (4) The Class A Stock shown includes 17,000 shares subject to stock options. The Class A shares shown also include 289,390 shares held by the Cotter grandchildren's trust and 102,751 shares held by the James J. Cotter Foundation. Ms. Cotter is cotrustee of the Cotter grandchildren's trust and of the Cotter Foundation and, as such, is deemed to beneficially own such shares. Ms. Cotter disclaims beneficial ownership of such shares except to the extent of her pecuniary interest, if any, in such shares. The Class A Stock shown includes 408,263 shares that Ms. Cotter maintains are part of the Cotter Estate and that Mr. Cotter, Jr. contends are held by the Living Trust. As co-executor of the Cotter Estate, Ms. Cotter would be deemed to beneficially own such shares. As co-trustees of the Living Trust, the three Cotter family members would be deemed to beneficially own such shares depending upon the outcome of the matters described in footnote (9). The shares shown also include 1,897,649 shares held by the Living Trust. See footnotes (9) and (10) for information regarding beneficial ownership of the shares held by the Living Trust that is disputed by the Cotter family members.
- (5) Includes 17,000 shares subject to stock options.
- (6) The Class A Stock shown includes 2,000 shares subject to stock options.
- (7) Includes 27,000 shares subject to stock options.
- (8) Consists of shares subject to stock options.
- (9) James J. Cotter, Jr., Ellen M. Cotter and Margaret Cotter are the Co-trustees of the Living Trust. On June 5, 2013, the Declaration of Trust establishing the Living Trust was amended and restated (the "2013 Restatement") to provide that, upon the death of James J. Cotter, Sr., the Trust's shares of Class B Stock were to be held in a separate trust, to be known as the "Reading Voting Trust," for the benefit of the grandchildren of Mr. Cotter, Sr. Mr. Cotter, Sr. passed away in September 2014. The 2013 Restatement also names Margaret Cotter the sole trustee of the Reading Voting Trust and names James J. Cotter, Jr. as the first alternate trustee in the event that Ms. Cotter is unable or unwilling to act as trustee. On June 19, 2014, Mr. Cotter, Sr. signed a 2014 Partial Amendment to Declaration of Trust (the "2014 Amendment") that names Margaret Cotter and James J. Cotter, Jr. as the co-trustees of the Reading Voting Trust and provides that, in the event they are unable to agree upon an important trust decision, they shall rotate the trusteeship between them annually on each January 1st. It further directs the trustees of the Reading Voting Trust to, among other things, vote the Class B Stock held by the Reading Voting Trust in favor of the appointment of Ellen Cotter, Margaret Cotter and James J. Cotter, Jr. to our board and to take all actions to rotate the chairmanship of our board among the three of them. On February 6, 2015, Ellen Cotter and Margaret Cotter filed a Petition in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles, captioned In re James J. Cotter Living Trust dated August 1, 2000 (Case No. BP159755). The Petition, among other things, seeks relief that could determine the validity of the 2014 Amendment and who between Margaret Cotter and James J. Cotter Jr. will have authority as trustee or co-trustees of the Reading Voting Trust to vote the shares of Class B Stock shown (in whole or in part) and the scope and extent of such authority. Mr. Cotter, Jr. has filed an opposition to the Petition. As co-trustees of the Living Trust, Mr. Cotter, Jr., Ellen M. Cotter and Margaret Cotter would share voting and investment power of the shares held by the Living Trust and, as such, would be deemed to beneficially own such shares. As trustee or co-trustees of the Reading Voting Trust, Margaret Cotter or Mr. Cotter, Jr., or both, would be deemed to beneficially own the Class B Stock shown. Each of Mr. Cotter, Jr., Ellen M. Cotter and Margaret Cotter disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares held by the Living Trust except to the extent of his or her pecuniary interest, if any, in such shares.

- (10) Our stock register reflects that the 327,808 disputed shares of Class B Stock, which constitute approximately 20.7% of the voting power of our outstanding capital stock, and the disputed option to purchase 100,000 shares of Class B Stock, are standing in the name of Mr. Cotter, Sr. Ellen M. Cotter and Margaret Cotter dispute that Mr. Cotter, Sr. executed a written assignment that purported to transfer the disputed shares to the Living Trust and contend that, until such time as they pour over into the Living Trust, the disputed shares make up a part of the Cotter Estate. Ellen M. Cotter and Margaret Cotter also contend that the disputed option belongs to the Cotter Estate, while Mr. Cotter, Jr. disputes these contentions. Because the disputed shares and the shares underlying the disputed option together represent a material amount of our outstanding Class B stock, on April 29, 2015, we filed in the District Court of Clark County, Nevada, a petition requesting instructions from the Court regarding the disputed shares and the disputed option. A copy of our petition is set forth as an exhibit to our current report on Form 8 K filed with the SEC on May 4, 2015. Depending upon the outcome of this matter, the beneficial ownership of our Class B Stock will change, perhaps materially, from that presented in this table. The Cotter family also dispute whether the Class A Stock shown is held by the Living Trust or by the Cotter Estate.
- (11) Based on Mr. Cuban's Form 4 filed with the SEC on July 18, 2011 and Schedule 13G filed on February 14, 2012.
- (12) Based on the PICO Holdings, Inc. and PICO Deferred Holdings, LLC Schedule 13G filed with the SEC on February 15, 2011.
- (13) The Class A Stock shown includes 408,263 disputed shares of Class A Stock and 251,250 shares subject to options. The Class B Stock shown includes the 327,808 disputed shares and the 100,000 shares subject to the disputed option.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE.

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The members of our Audit and Conflicts Committee are Edward Kane, Tim Storey, and Douglas McEachern, who serves as Chair. Management presents all potential related party transactions to the Conflicts Committee for review. Our Conflicts Committee reviews whether a given related party transaction is beneficial to our company, and approves or bars the transaction after a thorough analysis. Only Committee members disinterested in the transaction in question participate in the determination of whether the transaction may proceed.

Sutton Hill Capital

In 2001, we entered into a transaction with Sutton Hill Capital, LLC ("SHC") regarding the leasing with an option to purchase of certain cinemas located in Manhattan including our Village East and Cinemas 1, 2 & 3 theaters. In connection with that transaction, we also agreed to lend certain amounts to SHC, to provide liquidity in its investment, pending our determination whether or not to exercise our option to purchase and to manage the 86th Street Cinema on a fee basis. SHC is a limited liability company that is owned by Sutton Hill Associates, which was a 50/50 partnership between James J. Cotter, Sr. and Michael Forman. The Village East is the only cinema subject to this lease, and during 2014, 2013 and 2012 we paid rent to SHC in the amount of \$590,000 annually.

On June 29, 2010, we agreed to extend our existing lease from SHC of the Village East Cinema in New York City by 10 years, with a new termination date of June 30, 2020. The Village East lease includes a sub-lease of the ground underlying the cinema that is subject to a longer-term ground lease between SHC and an unrelated third party that expires in June 2031 (the "cinema ground lease"). The extended lease provides for a call option pursuant to which Reading may purchase the cinema ground lease for \$5.9 million at the end of the lease term. Additionally, the lease has a put option pursuant to which SHC may require us to purchase all or a portion of SHC's interest in the existing cinema lease and the cinema ground lease at any time between July 1, 2013 and December 4, 2019. SHC's put option may be exercised on one or more occasions in increments of not less than \$100,000 each. In 2005, we acquired from a third party the fee interest and from SHC its interest in the ground lease estate underlying and the improvements constituting the Cinemas 1, 2 & 3. In connection with that transaction, we granted to SHC an option to acquire a 25% interest in the special purpose entity formed to acquire these interests at cost. On June 28, 2007, SHC exercised this option, paying the option exercise price through the application of its \$3 million deposit plus the assumption of its proportionate share of SHP's liabilities, giving SHC a 25% non-managing membership interest in SHP. We manage this cinema property for an annual management fee equal to 5% of its annual gross income.

In February 2015, we and SHP entered into an amendment to the management agreement dated as of June 27, 2007 between us and SHC. The amendment, which was retroactive to December 1, 2014, memorialized our undertaking to SHP with respect to \$750,000 (the "Renovation Funding Amount") of renovations to Cinemas 1, 2 & 3 funded or to be funded by us. In consideration of our funding of the renovations, our annual management fee under the management agreement was increased commencing January 1, 2015 by an amount equivalent to 100% of any incremental positive cash flow of Cinemas 1, 2 & 3 over the average annual positive cash flow of the Cinemas over the three-year period ended December 31, 2014 (not to exceed a cumulative aggregate amount equal to the Renovation Funding Amount), plus a 15% annual cash-on-cash return on the balance outstanding from time to time of the Renovation Funding Amount, payable at the time of the payment of the annual management fee. Under the amended management agreement, we are entitled to retain ownership of (and any right to depreciate) any furniture, fixtures and equipment purchased by us in connection with such renovation and have the right (but not the obligation) to remove all such furniture, fixtures and equipment (at our own cost and expense) from the Cinemas upon the termination of the management agreement. The amendment also provides that, during the term of the management agreement, SHP will be responsible for the cost of repair and maintenance of the renovations.

OBI Management Agreement

Pursuant to a Theater Management Agreement (the "Management Agreement"), our live theater operations are managed by OBI LLC ("OBI Management"), which is wholly owned by Ms. Margaret Cotter who is our Vice Chair and the sister of James J. Cotter, Jr. and Ellen M. Cotter.

The Management Agreement generally provides that we will pay OBI Management a combination of fixed and incentive fees, which historically have equated to approximately 21% of the net cash flow received by us from our live theaters in New York. Since the fixed fees are applicable only during such periods as the New York theaters are booked, OBI Management receives no compensation with respect to a theater at any time when it is not generating revenue for us. This arrangement provides an incentive to OBI Management to keep the theaters booked with the best available shows, and mitigates the negative cash flow that would result from having an empty theater. In addition, OBI Management manages our Royal George live theater complex in Chicago on a fee basis based on theater cash flow. In 2014, OBI Management earned \$397,000, which was 20.9% of net cash flows for the year. In 2013, OBI Management earned \$401,000, which was 20.1% of net cash flows for the year. In 2012, OBI Management earned \$390,000, which was 19.7% of net cash flows for the year. In each year, we reimbursed travel related expenses for OBI Management personnel with respect to travel between New York City and Chicago in connection with the management of the Royal George complex.

OBI Management conducts its operations from our office facilities on a rent-free basis, and we share the cost of one administrative employee of OBI Management. Other than these expenses and travel-related expenses for OBI Management personnel to travel to Chicago as referred to above, OBI Management is responsible for all of its costs and expenses related to the performance of its management functions. The Management Agreement renews automatically each year unless either party gives at least six months' prior notice of its determination to allow the Management Agreement to expire. In addition, we may terminate the Management Agreement at any time for cause.

Live Theater Play Investment

From time to time, our officers and directors may invest in plays that lease our live theaters. The play STOMP has played in our Orpheum Theatre since prior to our acquisition of the theater in 2001. Mr. Cotter, Sr. owned an approximately 5% interest in that play.

Shadow View Land and Farming LLC

During 2012, Mr. Cotter, Sr., our former Chair, Chief Executive Officer and controlling shareholder, contributed \$2.5 million of cash and \$255,000 of his 2011 bonus as his 50% share of the purchase price of a land parcel in Coachella, California and to cover his 50% share of certain costs associated with that acquisition. This land is held in Shadow View Land and Farming, LLC, which is owned 50% by our company. Mr. Cotter, Jr. contends that the other 50% interest in Shadow View Land and Farming, LLC is

owned by the James J. Cotter, Sr. Trust, while Ellen Cotter and Margaret Cotter contend that such interest is owned by the Cotter Estate. We are the managing member of Shadow View Land and Farming, LLC, with oversight provided by our Audit and Conflicts Committee.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

Summary of Principal Accounting Fees for Professional Services Rendered

Our independent public accountants, Grant Thornton, LLP, have audited our financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, and are expected to have a representative present at the Annual Meeting who will have the opportunity to make a statement if he or she desires to do so and is expected to be available to respond to appropriate questions.

Audit Fees

The aggregate fees for professional services for the audit of our financial statements, audit of internal controls related to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and the reviews of the financial statements included in our Forms 10-K and 10-Q provided by Grant Thornton LLP for 2014 and 2013 were approximately \$661,700 and \$550,000, respectively.

Audit-Related Fees

Grant Thornton, LLP did not provide us any audit related services for 2014 or 2013.

Tax Fees

Grant Thornton, LLP did not provide us any products or any services for tax compliance, tax advice, or tax planning for 2014 or 2013.

All Other Fees

Grant Thornton, LLP did not provide us any services for 2014 or 2013 other than as set forth above.

Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

Our Audit Committee must pre-approve, to the extent required by applicable law, all audit services and permissible non-audit services provided by our independent registered public accounting firm, except for any *de minimis* non-audit services. Non-audit services are considered *de minimis* if (i) the aggregate amount of all such non-audit services constitutes less than 5% of the total amount of revenues we paid to our independent registered public accounting firm during the fiscal year in which they are provided; (ii) we did not recognize such services at the time of the engagement to be non-audit services; and (iii) such services are promptly submitted to our Audit Committee for approval prior to the completion of the audit by our Audit Committee or any of its members who has authority to give such approval. Our Audit Committee pre-approved all services provided to us by Grant Thornton LLP for 2014 and 2013.

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a)(3) The following exhibits are filed as part of this report:

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer dated March 7, 2014 pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer dated March 7, 2014 pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

READING INTERNATIONAL, INC.

Date: May 8, 2015

By: /s/ ANDRZEJ MATYCZYNSKI Name: Andrzej Matyczynski Title: Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT UNDER SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, James J. Cotter, Jr., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K/A of Reading International, Inc.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report.
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a–15(e) and 15d–15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a–15(f) and 15d–15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 8, 2015

/s/ JAMES J. COTTER, JR. James J. Cotter, Jr.

Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT UNDER SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Andrzej Matyczynski, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K/A of Reading International, Inc.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report.
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a–15(e) and 15d–15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a–15(f) and 15d–15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date:	May	8	201	5
Daic.	TATELA	U.	201	

/s/ ANDRZEJ MATYZYNSKI Andrzej Matyczynski

Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT 3

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1
               EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
 2
                     CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
 3
     JAMES J. COTTER, JR., derivatively
 4
     on behalf of Reading International,
 5
     Inc.,
         Plaintiff,
 6
                                          Case No.
                   VS.
 7
     MARGARET COTTER, ELLEN COTTER,
                                        A-15-719860-B
     GUY ADAMS, EDWARD KANE, DOUGLAS
     MCEACHERN, TIMOTHY STOREY,
     WILLIAM GOULD, JUDY CODDING,
     MICHAEL WROTNIAK, and DOES 1
10
     through 100, inclusive,
         Defendants.
11
     and
12
     READING INTERNATIONAL, INC.,
13
     a Nevada corporation,
         Nominal Defendant.
14
15
             (CAPTION CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE.)
16
         VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF JAMES COTTER, JR.
17
                    Los Angeles, California
18
                     Monday, May 16, 2016
19
                           Volume I
20
21
22
     Reported by:
     JANICE SCHUTZMAN, CSR No. 9509
23
24
     Job No. 2312188
     Pages 1 - 297
25
                                                   Page 1
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1
     T2 PARTNERS MANAGEMENT, LP, a
     Delaware limited partnership,
 2
     doing business as KASE CAPITAL
     MANAGEMENT, et al.,
 3
         Plaintiffs,
 4
     MARGARET COTTER, ELLEN COTTER,
 5
     GUY ADAMS, EDWARD KANE, DOUGLAS
     McEACHERN, WILLIAM GOULD, JUDY
 6
     CODDING, MICHAEL WROTNIAK, CRAIG
 7
     TOMPKINS, and DOES 1 through 100,
     inclusive,
         Defendants.
 8
 9
     and
10
     READING INTERNATIONAL, INC., a
     Nevada corporation,
         Nominal Defendant.
11
12
13
14
15
         Videotaped Deposition of JAMES COTTER, JR.,
16
     Volume I, taken at 865 South Figueroa Street,
17
     10th Floor, Los Angeles, California, commencing
18
     at 10:09 a.m. and ending at 5:40 p.m., Monday,
19
     May 16, 2016, before Janice Schutzman, CSR No. 9509.
20
21
22
23
24
25
     PAGES 1 - 297
                                                   Page 2
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1	committee of four I think it's four members.	
2	It's been in existence for some time. It has never	
3	been utilized by the company for at least the last	
4	five to seven years and maybe longer, but it has	
5	never been utilized by the company.	10:45:41
6	I was the chairman of the executive	
7	committee, appointed in May of 2014, I believe. My	
8	sister Margaret was on the committee, Guy Adams and	
9	Ed Kane.	
10	That committee, on or shortly after my	10:45:59
11	termination, was reconstituted and reactivated so	
12	that it took all of the authority of the board, and	
13	it acted, in effect, as the board of directors, and	
14	it had the effect of disenfranchising the other	
15	directors because decisions were made by that	10:46:25
16	executive committee.	
17	Q. Was there a I think you said activation.	
18	Was there a moment in time or a particular	
19	action at a board meeting or elsewhere where the	
20	executive committee became activated?	10:46:42
21	A. As I testified, shortly after my	
22	termination or, actually, on the date of my	
23	termination, I was removed from the executive	
24	committee. It was reconstituted. And then at	
25	some between that board meeting and the following	10:47:08
		Page 44

1	Q. And do you recall there being discussion	
2	about why they needed to appoint you to a committee	
3	that wasn't doing anything?	
4	A. No.	
5	Q. Did you ask any questions at that meeting	10:50:03
6	about what would be possibly entailed or required of	
7	you to be on this executive committee?	
8	A. No.	
9	Q. Did that executive committee ever meet	
10	while you were on it?	10:50:15
11	A. Since 2002, when I was appointed to the	
12	Reading board, I have never known of an instance in	
13	which the executive committee met.	
14	Q. Did you ever ask any questions about why we	
15	have an executive committee that never meets?	10:50:31
16	A. My assumption was that in the event that	
17	there was some calamity or some situation in which	
18	all of the directors could not meet or could not get	
19	together and there was some very important decision	
20	that needed to be made by the board in a very short	10:50:50
21	amount of time, that the executive committee could	
22	be used.	
23	Q. And that's your assumption based upon some	
24	of the materials you think you may have read;	
25	correct?	
		Page 48

1 It's my assumption based on the historical practice of never utilizing the executive committee 2 that clearly existed and based on my recollection of 3 reading through Reading's filings. 4 Now I want to ask you some questions about 10:51:19 the executive committee after it was activated, to 7 use your word. What decisions are you aware of that that 8 executive committee has made to which you object? 9 A. Sitting here right now, I cannot think of 10:51:33 10 11 any specific decisions that were made by the executive committee. 12 Q. Can you think of any specific actions taken 13 by the executive committee? 14 15 Again, sitting here today, I cannot recall 10:51:43 16 specifically certain actions taken by the executive 17 committee. 18 Q. Can you think of any --19 Because you're still on the Reading board; 20 correct? 21 A. Correct. 22 0. The executive committee has reported to the board: correct? 23 24 A. Correct. 25 And as you sit here now, you can't recall 10:52:04 Page 49

JAMES COTTER, JR. 05/16/2016 1 any actions or decisions by the executive committee that were reported back to the board at which you 2 were present to which you object; is that correct? 3 A. There were a number of actions taken by the executive committee that I cannot recall at this 10:52:27 5 6 point, yes, that's correct. 7 Q. Meaning there were a number of actions but you can't recall any of them? 8 9 A. At this -- today, sitting here, I cannot recall 10 10:52:36 Q. Okay. You understand this is your 11 deposition in the derivative suit; right? 12 I do. 13 A. Yeah. 14 0. 15 A. Of course. 10:52:41 16 Q. You mentioned that the process for a search for the CEO as something that is a grievance of 17 yours in this case -- withdraw that. 18 Back to the executive committee. 19 20 To redress the perceived wrong of 10:53:05 activating this executive committee to take actions 21 that you can't recall now, what do you want the 22 23 company to do --24 MR. KRUM: Objection --25 BY MR. TAYBACK:

> Veritext Legal Solutions 866 299-5127

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EXHIBIT 4

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1
               EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
 2
                     CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
 3
     JAMES COTTER, JR., derivatively
 4
     on behalf of Reading International,
 5
     Inc.,
         Plaintiff,
 6
                                         Case No.
                   VS.
 7
     MARGARET COTTER, ELLEN COTTER,
                                        A-15-719860-B
     GUY ADAMS, EDWARD KANE, DOUGLAS
     McEACHERN, TIMOTHY STOREY,
     WILLIAM GOULD, JUDY CODDING,
     MICHAEL WROTNIAK, and DOES 1
10
     through 100, inclusive,
         Defendants.
11
     and
12
     READING INTERNATIONAL, INC.,
13
     a Nevada corporation,
         Nominal Defendant.
14
15
     (CAPTION CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE.)
16
17
         VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF JAMES COTTER, JR.
18
                    Los Angeles, California
19
                    Wednesday, July 6, 2016
20
                          Volume III
21
22
     Reported by:
23
     JANICE SCHUTZMAN, CSR No. 9509
24
     Job No. 2343561
25
     Pages 568 - 838
                                                 Page 568
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1
     T2 PARTNERS MANAGEMENT, LP, a
     Delaware limited partnership,
2
     doing business as KASE CAPITAL
     MANAGEMENT, et al.,
3
         Plaintiffs,
4
                  VS.
     MARGARET COTTER, ELLEN COTTER,
     GUY ADAMS, EDWARD KANE, DOUGLAS
     McEACHERN, WILLIAM GOULD, JUDY
6
     CODDING, MICHAEL WROTNIAK, CRAIG
7
     TOMPKINS, and DOES 1 through 100,
     inclusive,
8
         Defendants.
9
     and
10
     READING INTERNATIONAL, INC., a
     Nevada corporation,
         Nominal Defendant.
11
12
13
14
15
         Videotaped Deposition of JAMES COTTER, JR.,
16
     Volume III, taken at 865 South Figueroa Street,
     10th Floor, Los Angeles, California, commencing
17
18
     at 9:51 a.m. and ending at 5:13 p.m., Wednesday,
19
     July 6, 2016, before Janice Schutzman, CSR No. 9509.
20
21
22
23
24
25
     PAGES 568 - 838
                                                 Page 569
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1	THE WITNESS: Right. Yes.	
2	BY MR. TAYBACK:	
3	Q. So my question is whether that's an	
4	accurate statement of the executive committee?	
5	A. Appears to be.	04:22PM
6	Q. And whether it's taken action or not taken	
7	action is another fact, but the power that the	
8	executive committee has is the power that it has now	
9	and is the power it had in 2015; correct?	
10	A. Right.	04:22PM
11	Q. And you didn't object to it having	
12	MR. KRUM: Objection	
13	BY MR. TAYBACK:	
14	Q that power?	
15	MR. KRUM: vague and ambiguous.	04:22PM
16	THE WITNESS: I did not object to the	
17 18	executive committee having that power, no, because	
18	it had never exercised that power.	
19	BY MR. TAYBACK:	
20	Q. Let me just make sure.	04:22PM
21	Do you feel like that the power is okay as	
22	long as it's not used?	
23	MR. KRUM: Objection.	
24	BY MR. TAYBACK:	
25	Q. Is that your contention?	04:22PM
		Page 805

1	MR. KRUM: Incomplete hypothetical.
2	THE WITNESS: Well, depends on how the
3	power is used.
4	BY MR. TAYBACK:
5	Q. So it depends on the decisions that are 04:22PM
6	made?
7	A. No. Depends on how the power is used.
8	Q. Okay. So if so the question isn't
9	whether or not is your contention in this lawsuit
10	that the executive committee is improper or that it 04:22PM
11	just should not have been used?
12	MR. KRUM: Objection, incomplete
13	hypothetical. Actually, no, no. Strike that.
14	Objection, assumes fact not in evidence,
15	mischaracterizes the pending complaint, which speaks 04:23PM
16	for itself.
17	THE WITNESS: The repopulation of the
18	committee with those directors and the delegation
19	and the use of the committee was improper in my
20	opinion. It was used for improper reasons. 04:23PM
21	BY MR. TAYBACK:
22	Q. And the specific actions that this
23	executive committee took that you object to are
24	what?
25	A. Well, there were a number of actions that 04:23PM
	Page 806

1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 8 9 10	it took, some of which I felt benefited Ellen and	
2	Margaret as stockholders, such as the determination	
3	of the record date, a simple determination that has	
4	always could easily have been made by the board	
5	and it had been made by the executive committee.	04:24PM
6	Q. And do you disagree with the determination	
7	it made or the fact that the executive committee	
8	made that determination?	
9	A. I disagree with both.	
10	Q. What are the other specific actions taken	04:24PM
11	by the executive committee that you object to?	
12	A. I believe that it appointed Michael	
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Wrotniak to the audit committee, and I objected to	
14	the use of the executive committee to appoint a	
15	member who I felt was unqualified to serve on the	04:24PM
16	audit committee.	
17	Q. And do you have well, let me ask you.	
18	Okay. Any other actions by the executive	
19	committee to which you object?	
20	A. I can't think of any at this time.	04:25PM
21	Q. You agree with me that as you certified	
22	previously, whether the executive committee took	
23	action or not, that, in fact, the executive	
24	committee is authorized to the fullest extent of	
25	Nevada law to take action?	04:25PM
		Page 807

JA2671

Confidential - Filed Under Seal

EXHIBIT 5

EXHIBIT 6

```
1
 2
                       DISTRICT COURT
 3
                    CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
 4
    JAMES J. COTTER, JR.,
 5
   individually and
    derivatively on behalf of)
    Reading International,
    Inc.,
 7
                                Case No. A-15-719860-B
            Plaintiff,
                                Coordinated with:
 8
       vs.
                              ) Case No. P-14-082942-E
 9
    MARGARET COTTER, et al.,
10
            Defendants.
11
    and
    READING INTERNATIONAL,
12
    INC., a Nevada
13
   corporation,
14
            Nominal Defendant)
15
16
           VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF ELLEN COTTER
17
                   TAKEN ON MAY 19, 2016
18
                         VOLUME II
19
20
21
22
     Job Number 308469
23
24
    REPORTED BY:
25
     PATRICIA L. HUBBARD, CSR #3400
```

ELLEN COTTER, VOLUME II - 05/19/2016

```
Page 335
 1
     about September 1, 2015 -- well, strike that.
 2
                Is this -- this is an email exchange
 3
     starting with an email from Mr. Storey to you on
 4
     August -- on or about August 31, 2015, right?
 5
           Α.
                Yes.
           0.
                Did you receive Mr. Storey's email on or
 7
     about that date?
 8
           Α.
                I did.
 9
                And you see that he has several
10
     observations, the -- to the effect that he thought
     an executive committee was unnecessary?
11
                I see that.
12
           Α.
13
           0.
                Did you disagree with any of those
     observations?
14
15
           Α.
                I did.
                Did you ever respond to him?
16
           Q.
                It says that I did. I can't -- I don't
17
           A.
     recall if I emailed him. I called him on the phone.
18
19
                Okay. What -- with which of his
           0.
     observations made in his email dated August 31, 2015
20
     did you disagree?
21
                Well, having the executive committee in
22
23
     place in my mind was giving us the opportunity to
24
     get certain things done when the board couldn't be
25
     put together. We were having a lot of board
```

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```
Page 336
     meetings, and there were certain things that could
 1
 2
     have been handled at -- by an executive committee.
                I never -- I certainly never intended
 3
 4
     and I -- I know the other members of the executive
 5
     committee never intended to take any responsibility
 6
     away from the full board. We are very mindful of
 7
     that.
 8
                I also thought that having an executive
 9
     committee was a way for the C.E.O. to have a
10
     sounding board.
11
                Can you identify any board of directors
           0.
12
     meetings that had a sufficient number of directors
     unable to participate in person or by telephone that
13
14
     the meeting could not go forward?
15
                MR. SEARCY: Objection. Vague, lacks
     foundation.
16
                THE WITNESS: Are you asking do I recall
17
     of any board meeting that had less than a quorum
18
19
     available?
     BY MR. KRUM:
20
21
           0.
                Okay.
                       That's --
22
                No.
           Α.
23
                Okay.
                       Do you recall any board meeting
24
     that at which you or anybody else said "We can't get
     together as a board, we need to have an executive
25
```

Page 343 1 quess. 2 VIDEOTAPE OPERATOR: Got about two minutes. 3 BY MR. KRUM: 5 Q. So, how was it that you selected 6 Margaret Cotter, Ed Kane and Guy Adams to be on the 7 executive committee? 8 I don't remember the specific 9 discussions. 10 Ο. I mean as a practical matter, is it as simple as you put together an executive committee 11 that consisted of only people that had -- who voted 12 to terminate Jim Cotter, Jr., and everyone who had 13 voted to terminate Jim Cotter, Jr., with the single 14 15 exception being Doug McEachern? MR. SEARCY: Objection. Argumentative 16 17 and vaque. THE WITNESS: No. I had asked Bill 18 19 Gould to be on the executive committee. BY MR. KRUM: 20 21 What did you say and what did he say? 0. 22 I called him and I asked him to be on Α. 23 I -- you know, he has a lot of experience with 24 the company, is a well respected attorney. I asked him to be on it. 25

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EXHIBIT 7

```
1
 2
                       DISTRICT COURT
 3
                    CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
 4
    JAMES J. COTTER, JR.,
 5
   individually and
    derivatively on behalf of)
    Reading International,
    Inc.,
 7
                                Case No. A-15-719860-B
            Plaintiff,
                                Coordinated with:
 8
       vs.
                              ) Case No. P-14-082942-E
 9
    MARGARET COTTER, et al.,
10
            Defendants.
11
    and
    READING INTERNATIONAL,
12
    INC., a Nevada
13
   corporation,
14
            Nominal Defendant)
15
16
           VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF WILLIAM GOULD
17
                   TAKEN ON JUNE 8, 2016
18
                         VOLUME 1
19
20
21
22
23
     JOB NUMBER 315485
24
    REPORTED BY:
25
     PATRICIA L. HUBBARD, CSR #3400
```

Page 25 three members of the C.E.O. search committee? 1 2 Α. No. Okay. So let me backfill a little bit. 3 Q. 4 So the first step in the C.E.O. search 5 process was formation of the committee; is that right? 7 Α. Yes. 8 Q. And how did that come to pass? 9 Early on when -- there were two 10 committees that were being formed. One committee was a committee -- was an executive committee, one 11 committee was a search committee. 12 13 This happened, oh, I would say, in June 14 of 2015, around that time, June or July. 15 Ellen asked me if I would like to be a member of the executive committee. 16 And I said "No, I don't have time for 17 it." I knew that would be an extensive job. But I 18 did tell her at that time that I would be willing to 19 serve on the search committee. 20 So, when the board approved it, she 21 22 basically included my name as one of the four 23 persons who would be on that committee. 24 Did Ellen select the four members of the 25 committee?

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EXHIBIT 8

```
1
 2
                        DISTRICT COURT
 3
                     CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
 4
    JAMES J. COTTER, JR.,
 5
   individually and
    derivatively on behalf of)
    Reading International,
    Inc.,
 7
                                Case No. A-15-719860-B
            Plaintiff,
                                Coordinated with:
 8
       vs.
                              ) Case No. P-14-082942-E
 9
    MARGARET COTTER, et al.,
10
            Defendants.
    and
11
    READING INTERNATIONAL,
12
    INC., a Nevada
13
   corporation,
14
            Nominal Defendant)
15
16
           VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF ELLEN COTTER
17
                    TAKEN ON MAY 18, 2016
18
                          VOLUME 1
19
20
21
22
23
24
     REPORTED BY:
25
     PATRICIA L. HUBBARD, CSR #3400
```

Page 154 1 raised the subject of repopulating and providing a 2 new charter for the executive committee of RDI -executive committee of the RDI board of directors, I 3 should have said? 4 5 Α. I would have. 0. Why did you do so? 7 Α. Because we wanted to have an executive 8 committee in place to support whoever the interim 9 C.E.O. was. 10 Q. Why? Because it would be a new role. And 11 having that support, in my opinion, would have been 12 13 important. 14 0. What do you mean when you say "support"? 15 Having a committee of directors to Α. bounce ideas off of. 16 17 Whose idea was it to repopulate and 18 provide a new charter to the executive committee of RDI's board of directors? 19 MR. SEARCY: Objection. Vague. 20 21 THE WITNESS: I don't know whose 22 specific idea it was. BY MR. KRUM: 23 24 With whom did you consult before determining to propose that? 25

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EXHIBIT 9

```
1
 2
                        DISTRICT COURT
 3
                    CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
 4
    JAMES J. COTTER, JR.,
 5
   individually and
    derivatively on behalf of)
    Reading International,
    Inc.,
                                Case No. A-15-719860-B
 7
            Plaintiff,
                                Coordinated with:
 8
       vs.
                              ) Case No. P-14-082942-E
 9
    MARGARET COTTER, et al.,
10
            Defendants.
11
    and
    READING INTERNATIONAL,
12
    INC., a Nevada
13
   corporation,
14
            Nominal Defendant)
15
16
           VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF WILLIAM GOULD
17
                   TAKEN ON JUNE 29, 2016
18
                          VOLUME 2
19
20
21
22
23
     Job No.: 319129
24
    REPORTED BY:
25
     PATRICIA L. HUBBARD, CSR #3400
```

WILLIAM GOULD - 06/29/2016

Page 400 MR. RHOW: Join as well. 1 2 THE WITNESS: There was an executive committee formed, but it was not to supplant the 3 board of directors in every respect. It was to take 5 care of matters that came to the board -- would be 6 necessary for a group to look at in between board 7 meetings. 8 BY MR. KRUM: 9 So, was it your expectation that that 10 executive committee was going to continue after a new C.E.O. -- a permanent C.E.O. was hired? 11 I had no understanding on that. 12 Α. What discussions, if any, occurred with 13 0. 14 any of the C.E.O. candidates other than Ellen about 15 the executive committee? I don't recall any conversations with 16 Α. any candidate about the executive committee. 17 18 Do you know if the executive 0. 19 committee -- strike that. Do you know if any of the candidates had 20 21 been apprised of the existence of the executive 22 committee? 23 Α. They didn't raise it. They saw the --24 the public filings. But they all indicated they had read the RDI public filings. But that subject never 25

EXHIBIT 10

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

Current Report
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of Earliest Event Reported): October 5, 2015				
	READING INTERNAT	TIONAL, INC.		
12	(Exact Name of Registrant as S			
	Nevada			
tt	(State or Other Jurisdiction	of Incorporation)		
	1-8625	95-3885184		
-	(Commission File Number)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)		
	6100 Center Drive			
	Suite 900			
	Los Angeles, California	90045		
(Ad	dress of Principal Executive Offices)	(Zip Code)		
	(213) 235-22	240		
	(Registrant's Telephone Number	r, Including Area Code)		
	n/a			
8	(Former Name or Former Address, if	Changed Since Last Report)		
Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):				
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 unde	or the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425).		
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the	ne Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12).		
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Re 240.14d-2(b)).	ule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR		
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rt 240.13e-4(c)).	ule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR		

Item 5.02 Departure of Directors or Principal Officers; Election of Directors; Appointment of Principal Officers

On October 5, 2015, the Board of Directors of Reading International, Inc. ("Reading") elected Dr. Judy Codding to the Board of Directors of Reading (the "Board") for an initial term expiring at Reading's next annual meeting of stockholders and thereafter until her successor is duly elected and qualified.

Effective October 11, 2015, Tim Storey retired from the Board. Mr. Storey has agreed to serve as a consultant to the Company for a year (for which he will be paid a \$50,000 annual consulting fee, payable quarterly). He has also agreed to continue to serve as a Director of the Company's New Zealand subsidiary, on the same terms as he currently serves in that position (\$21,000 per year).

On October 12, 2015, the Board elected Michael J. Wrotniak to the Board for an initial term expiring at Reading's next annual meeting of stockholders and thereafter until his successor is duly elected and qualified.

Dr. Codding (70) is a globally respected education leader. She is currently, and has since 2010 been, the Managing Director of "The System of Courses," a division of Pearson, PLC (NYSE:PSO), a leading education company providing education products and services to institutions, governments and direct to individual learners. Prior to that time, and for more than the past five years, Dr. Codding served as the Chief Executive Officer and President of America's Choice, Inc., which she founded in 1998 and which was acquired by Pearson in 2010. America's Choice, Inc. was a leading educational organization offering comprehensive, proven solutions to the complex problems educators face in the era of accountability.

Dr. Codding has a Doctorate from University of Massachusetts at Amherst, and completed post-doctoral work and served as a teaching associate in Education at Harvard University.

Dr. Codding serves on various boards including the Board of Trustees of Curtis School, Los Angeles, CA (2011 to present) and the Board of Trustees of Educational Development Center, Inc. (EDC) since 2012.

Mr. Wrotniak (48) is a specialist in foreign trade and brings to the Board considerable experience in international business, including foreign exchange risk mitigation. Since 2009, Mr. Wrotniak has been the Chief Executive Officer of Aminco Resources, LLC, a privately held international commodities trading firm. He is, and has been for more than the past five years, a trustee of St. Joseph's Church in Bronxville, New York and is a member of the Board of Advisors of the Little Sisters of the Poor (LSP) at their nursing home in the Bronx, New York.

Mr. Wrotniak graduated from Georgetown University in 1989 with a B.S.B.A (cum laude).

During the last five years, neither Dr. Codding nor Mr. Wrotniak has been (a) convicted in a criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations or similar misdemeanors) or (b) a party to any civil proceeding of a judicial or administrative body of competent jurisdiction and as a result of

which such person was or is subject to a judgment, decree or final order enjoining future violations of, or prohibiting or mandating activities subject to, Federal or State securities laws, or finding any violation with respect to such laws.

Item 5.03 Amendments to Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws; Change in Fiscal Year.

On October 5, 2015, the Board amended Reading's bylaws decreasing the number of directors from 10 to 9. Article, II, Section 2, has been amended to read as follows:

The number of directors, which shall constitute the whole board, shall be nine (9). Thereafter, the number of directors may from time to time be increased or decreased to not less than one nor more than ten by action of the Board of Directors. The directors shall be elected by the holders of shares entitled to vote thereon at the annual meeting of stockholders, and except as provided in Section 4 of this Article, each director elected shall hold office until his successor is elected and qualified. Directors need not be stockholders.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: October 13, 2015 READING INTERNATIONAL, INC.

By: \s\ William D. Ellis
William D. Ellis
Corporate Secretary

Electronically Filed 09/23/2016 02:36:19 PM

1	0064	4	
2	COHEN JOHNSON PARKER EDWARDS H. STAN JOHNSON, ESQ.	Alm & Lanin	
3	Nevada Bar No. 00265	CLERK OF THE COURT	
	sjohnson@cohenjohnson.com MICHAEL V. HUGHES, ESQ.		
4	Nevada Bar No. 13154 mhughes@cohenjohnson.com		
5	255 East Warm Springs Road, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119		
6	Telephone: (702) 823-3500 Facsimile: (702) 823-3400		
7	QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART & SULLIV	AN II.P	
8	CHRISTOPHER TAYBACK, ESQ.	AN, DEI	
9	California Bar No. 145532, pro hac vice christayback@quinnemanuel.com		
10	MARSHALL M. SEARCY, ESQ. California Bar No. 169269, <i>pro hac vice</i>		
11	marshallsearcy@quinnemanuel.com 865 South Figueroa Street, 10 th Floor		
12	Los Angeles, CA 90017 Telephone: (213) 443-3000		
13	Attorneys for Defendants Margaret Cotter,		
14	Ellen Cotter, Douglas McEachern, Guy Adams, Edward Kane, Judy Codding, and Michael Wrotni	ak	
15	EIGHTH JUDICIAL	DISTRICT COURT	
16	CLARK COUN	ΓY, NEVADA	
17	JAMES J. COTTER, JR. individually and	Case No.: A-15-719860-B Dept. No.: XI	
18	derivatively on behalf of Reading International, Inc.,	Case No.: P-14-082942-E	
19	Plaintiffs,	Dept. No.: XI	
20	v.	Related and Coordinated Cases	
21	MARGARET COTTER, ELLEN COTTER, GUY ADAMS, EDWARD KANE, DOUGLAS	BUSINESS COURT	
22	McEACHERN, WILLIAM GOULD, JUDY CODDING, MICHAEL WROTNIAK, and	INDIVIDUAL DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT	
23	DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,	(NO. 5) ON PLAINTIFF'S CLAIMS RELATED TO THE APPOINTMENT OF	
24	Defendants.	ELLEN COTTER AS CEO	
25	AND	Lider Heat Court	
26	READING INTERNATIONAL, INC., a Nevada	Judge: Hon. Elizabeth Gonzalez Date of Hearing:	
27	corporation,	Time of Hearing:	
28	Nominal Defendant.		

TO ALL PARTIES, COUNSEL, AND THE COURT:

Pursuant to Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 56, Defendants Margaret Cotter, Ellen Cotter, Guy Adams, Edward Kane, Douglas McEachern, Judy Codding, and Michael Wrotniak (collectively, the "Individual Defendants"), by and through their counsel of record, Cohen|Johnson|Parker|Edwards and Quinn Emanuel Urquhart & Sullivan, LLP, hereby submit this Motion for Partial Summary Judgment (No. 5) as to the First, Second, Third, and Fourth Causes of Action in Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint ("SAC"), to the extent that they assert claims and damages related to the appointment of Ellen Cotter as CEO.

This Motion is based upon the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the accompanying Declaration of Noah S. Helpern and exhibits thereto, the pleadings and papers on file, and any oral argument at the time of a hearing on this motion.

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Dated: September 23, 2016 1 COHEN|JOHNSON|PARKER|EDWARDS 2 3 By: /s/ H. Stan Johnson H. STAN JOHNSON, ESQ. 4 Nevada Bar No. 00265 sjohnson@cohenjohnson.com 5 255 East Warm Springs Road, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 6 QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART & 7 SULLIVAN, LLP CHRISTOPHER TAYBACK, ESQ. 8 California Bar No. 145532, pro hac vice christayback@quinnemanuel.com 9 MARSHALL M. SEARCY, ESQ. California Bar No. 169269, pro hac vice 10 marshallsearcy@quinnemanuel.com 865 South Figueroa Street, 10th Floor 11 Los Angeles, CA 90017 12 Attorneys for Defendants Margaret Cotter, Ellen Cotter, Douglas McEachern, Guy Adams, 13 Edward Kane, Judy Codding, and Michael Wrotniak 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

1 NOTICE OF MOTION 2 TO: ALL PARTIES, COUNSEL, AND THE COURT: PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above Motion will be heard on 10-25-163 2016 at 8:30A 4 in Department XXVII of the above designated Court or as soon 5 thereafter as counsel can be heard. 6 Dated: September 23, 2016 COHEN|JOHNSON|PARKER|EDWARDS 7 8 By: /s/ H. Stan Johnson H. STAN JOHNSON, ESQ. 9 Nevada Bar No. 00265 sjohnson@cohenjohnson.com 10 255 East Warm Springs Road, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 11 12 **QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART &** SULLIVAN, LLP 13 CHRISTOPHER TAYBACK, ESQ. California Bar No. 145532, pro hac vice 14 christayback@quinnemanuel.com MARSHALL M. SEARCY, ESQ. California Bar No. 169269, pro hac vice 15 marshallsearcy@quinnemanuel.com 865 South Figueroa Street, 10th Floor 16 Los Angeles, CA 90017 17 Attorneys for Defendants Margaret Cotter, Ellen Cotter, Douglas McEachern, Guy Adams, 18 Edward Kane, Judy Codding, and Michael Wrotniak 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

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2728			Thorough	13
			-i-	

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1 TABLE OF AUTHORITIES 2 Page 3 Cases 4 In re AgFeed USA, LLC, 5 Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc., 6 7 Aronson v. Lewis, 473 A.2d 805 (Del. 1984) 8 Brown v. Kinross Gold U.S.A., Inc., 9 10 Carlson v. Hallinan, 11 Golden Cycle, LLC v. Allan, 12 13 Holcomb v. Ga. Pac., LLC, 289 P.3d 188 (Nev. 2012)......6 14 Horwitz v. Sw. Forest Indus., Inc., 15 16 Kahn v. Roberts. No. C.A. 12324, 1995 WL 745056 (Del. Ch. Dec. 6, 1995), aff'd sub nom. Kahn on 17 18 LaMantia v. Redisi, 19 20 21 Posadas v. City of Reno, 22 Shoen v. SAC Holding Corp., 23 Shuck v. Signature Flight Support of Nev., Inc., 24 25 Stewart v. Kroeker. 26 Unitrin, Inc. v. Am. Gen. Corp., 27 28 -iii-

	In we Walt Dispose Co. Desirenting Lities
1 2	In re Walt Disney Co. Derivative Litig., 906 A.2d 27 (Del. 2006)
3	Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 Nev. 724 (2005)
4	In re ZAGG Inc. S'holder Derivative Action,
5	No. 15-4001, 2016 WL 3389776 (10th Cir. June 20, 2016)
6	Statutes and Rules
7	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.130
8	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.138(3)
9	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.138(7)
10	Nev. Rule of Civil Procedure 56
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	-iv-

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Plaintiff alleges that Defendants breached their fiduciary duties in selecting Ellen Cotter, who was the interim CEO of Reading International, Inc. ("RDI" or "the Company"), to become the Company's permanent CEO. According to Plaintiff, Defendants did not conduct an adequate search to fill the position. But Plaintiff cannot point to any statute or case law that supports his claim, or to any reason why Ellen Cotter should not be CEO. As Plaintiff admits, there is not any law that restricts directors in their appointment of corporate officers. In fact, before he was terminated in June 2015, Plaintiff was appointed as CEO of RDI without any search being conducted on behalf of the Company; nevertheless, Plaintiff believes that the Directors fulfilled their fiduciary duties in appointing **him** as CEO.

In any event, the undisputed facts are that the Directors appointed a CEO Search Committee ("Search Committee"), that Committee hired a third-party search firm and interviewed candidates, and terminated the search after concluding that it had found the right candidate for the CEO position—an executive who had already demonstrated her ability to run the company as interim CEO. After discussion and consideration of the Search Committee's findings, the Board of Directors—most of whom knew Ellen through her years of work at the Company—appointed Ellen Cotter as permanent CEO. Moreover, Plaintiff concedes that since the time that Ellen Cotter has become CEO, he does not have any criticism of any of the actions she has taken.

Under the business judgment rule, directors may not be held liable for their decision-making—even if their decisions are wrong—except under very limited circumstances. None of those circumstances are present here, where a Board of Directors has fully and thoughtfully decided to hire a CEO candidate. Additionally, Nevada law provides an additional protection to members of boards of directors. Under Nevada Revised Statute § 78.138(7), a director cannot be personally liable for breach of fiduciary duty unless "the breach of those duties involved intentional misconduct, fraud or a knowing violation of law." Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.138(7). Here,

in connection with the hiring of the Company's CEO, Plaintiff cannot produce cognizable evidence to support an allegation of such an actionable breach of duty by any director.

Finally, even if Plaintiff could overcome the business judgment rule and Nevada Revised Statute § 78.138(7), his claims would still fail because he cannot show that RDI was injured. As Plaintiff admits, nothing leads him to believe Ellen Cotter is doing a bad job. Accordingly, Plaintiff's breach of fiduciary duty claims related to the hiring of Ellen Cotter as permanent CEO fail as a matter of law.

II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

A. Without a Search Process, the RDI Board Appoints Plaintiff CEO in 2014

As Plaintiff admits, the RDI Board did not undertake a search when it appointed Plaintiff as CEO on August 7, 2014. (*See* Attached Declaration of Noah S. Helpern ("HD") Ex. 1 (May 16, 2016 James Cotter, Jr. Dep.) at 75:20-25.)¹ Plaintiff admits that he did not make any objection to the process by which he was appointed CEO at the board meeting on August 7, 2014 and that the did not consider the procedure for his appointment to be a breach of the RDI Board's fiduciary duties. (*See id.* at 191:8-192:19.)

B. After Plaintiff's Termination, the Board Appoints Ellen Cotter as Interim CEO

After Plaintiff was terminated as CEO, the Board appointed Ellen Cotter as interim CEO. (See id. Ex. 2 (2015 Proxy Statement) at 11.) At the time of her appointment as interim CEO, Ellen Cotter had been with the Company since 1998. (Id. at 14.) Since 2002, she had been the senior operating officer of the Company's domestic cinema operations, responsible for the acquisition and development, marketing and operation of the Company's cinemas. (Id.) Additionally, Ellen Cotter has been a member of the Board of Directors since March 13, 2013, and she was appointed chair of the Board on August 7, 2014. (Id.)

¹ The documentary and testimonial evidence supporting this Motion is attached to the Declaration of Noah S. Helpern. The citations to the "HD" refer to the paragraph of that Declaration that authenticate and correspond to the relevant supporting evidence.

C. The Search Committee Conducts a Thorough Search for a Permanent CEO

After Plaintiff was terminated as CEO, the Board began a process for finding a permanent CEO. A Search Committee was formed, comprised of Ellen Cotter, William Gould, Douglas McEachern, and Margaret Cotter. (*See id.* Ex. 6.)

Despite being RDI's interim CEO, Ellen Cotter did not initially consider becoming a candidate for the position of permanent CEO and President of RDI. (*See id.* Ex. 4 (June 16, 2016 Ellen Cotter Dep.) at 84:6-85:4 ("But I remember looking at some of the candidates that Korn Ferry was having us consider. . . . And looking at their résumés, I thought, well, I could probably do this."); 87:3-8 ("I didn't consider myself being a permanent CEO until probably well after we got the résumés.").) However, before the candidate interviews commenced, Ellen Cotter informed the Search Committee that she was going recuse herself from the Search Committee. (*See id.* Ex. 5 (June 29, 2016 William Gould Dep.) at 356:6-19.)

1. The Search Committee Interviews Candidates

For its search for a permanent CEO and President to replace Plaintiff, RDI engaged Korn Ferry International ("Korn Ferry"). (*Id.* Ex. 3 at JCOTTER008291.) Korn Ferry "researched over 200 prospective candidates, had contact with approximately 60, interviewed 11, and ultimately presented six external candidates to [RDI's Search] Committee." (*Id.* at JCOTTER008292.)

On November 13, 2015, the remaining members of the Search Committee interviewed four candidates:

(See id. Ex. 6; Ex. 3 at JCOTTER008292.) On December 4, 2015, the Search Committee interviewed a fifth candidate,

(See id. Ex. 7.)

After interviewing five candidates, the Search Committee reached a "preliminary consensus that, if, after the interview process, Ellen Cotter was the preferred candidate, then it likely would not make sense for the Company to incur the costs and expense of additional assessment activities by Korn Ferry given the Committee members' extensive past experience with Ellen Cotter." (*Id.* Ex. 3 at JCOTTER008293). Asked what was the expense that would have been saved by having Korn Ferry stand down, Gould testified: "It was, you know, maybe . .

venture, the Cotter family stake in the venture, we talked about how well received she was by the

why we felt that.... We talked about those things, continuity, we talked about her stake in the

staff and . . . what a good job she had done as the co-head of the theatrical division.")

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The Search Committee met again on December 29, 2015. (*Id.* Ex. 3 at JCOTTER008294.) The Search Committee noted that "the candidates presented by Korn Ferry had varying backgrounds, skill sets and compensation requirements, but were all of the highest caliber, and that any of them would likely be competent to run a company such as Reading." (*Id.* at JCOTTER008294-95.) After discussion, the Search Committee resolved to recommend to the RDI Board Ellen Cotter as CEO and President. (*Id.* Ex. 9.) William Gould and Douglas McEachern each voted in favor of the motion. (*Id.*) Margaret Cotter abstained, but stated her concurrence with and support of the Search Committee's recommendation. (*Id.*)

Plaintiff admits that both of the voting members of the Search Committee were independent: For William Gould, Plaintiff testified: "Again, technically, he may be independent. . . . Technically, I believe he's independent," (*Id.* Ex. 1 at 78:25-79:13.) and, "For a period of time, Bill was independent but has -- yes, I mean, he is independent." (*Id.* at 80:7-8.) For Douglas McEachern, Plaintiff testified: "[H]e's independent. He's got no relationship with Ellen and Margaret or, you know, no business relationship with Ellen and Margaret." (*Id.* at 84:21-85:1.)

D. The RDI Board Receives a Draft Report and Recommendation of the CEO Search Committee on January 5, 2016

Three days prior to an RDI Board meeting scheduled for January 8, 2016, a Draft Report and Recommendation of the CEO Search Committee (the "Search Committee Report") was circulated to all nine members of RDI's Board. (*See id.* Ex. 10 at JCOTTER008284-85.) The seven page Search Committee Report described, among other things, the background of the search, the work of the Search Committee, the topics discussed by the Search Committee, and the Search Committee's determination. (*Id.* Ex. 3 at JCOTTER008291-97.) Attached to the Search Committee Report were: (1) a copy of the Company's agreement with Korn Ferry; (2) a copy of the "position specification" prepared by Korn Ferry; and (3) copies of the resumes of each of the six external candidates identified presented by Korn Ferry and interviewed by the Search Committee. (*See id.* at JCOTTER008291-365.)

E. The RDI Board Votes to Appoint Ellen Cotter as CEO on January 8, 2016

On January 8, 2016, a telephonic meeting of the RDI Board was held for the sole purpose of considering the Search Committee Report. (*Id.* Ex. 11 at RDI0054762.) William Gould reviewed with the RDI Board the Search Committee Report, "going through in some detail the procedures followed by the CEO Search Committee" (*Id.*) The directors participated in a discussion, (*id.* at RDI0054763), and a motion was made to accept the Search Committee's Report and recommendation to appoint Ellen Cotter as permanent CEO and President. (*Id.* at RDI0054764.) The RDI Board discussed "the procedures followed, the appropriateness of such procedures, and the appropriateness of the appointment of Ellen Cotter as permanent President and Chief Executive Officer." (*Id.*) Seven of the nine RDI directors voted to appoint Ellen Cotter as permanent CEO and President. (*Id.*) Plaintiff voted against the motion, and Ellen Cotter, who had been excused from this portion of the Board meeting, did not participate. (*Id.*)

F. Plaintiff Does Not Give Negative Assessment of Ellen Cotter's Performance

At his deposition, when asked about Ellen Cotter's performance as CEO, Plaintiff admitted that "[t]here's nothing that would lead [him] to believe that she's doing a good job, a bad job." (*Id.* Ex. 12 (May 17, 2016 James Cotter, Jr. Dep.) at 558:25-559:15.)

III. <u>LEGAL STANDARD</u>

Summary judgment is warranted under Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 56 whenever the "pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, admissions, and affidavits, if any, that are properly before the court demonstrate that no genuine issue of material fact exists, and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." *Wood v. Safeway, Inc.*, 121 Nev. 724, 731 (2005). "The substantive law controls which factual disputes are material and will preclude summary judgment; other factual disputes are irrelevant." *Id.*; *see also Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.*, 477 U.S. 242, 248 (1986) ("Factual disputes that are irrelevant or unnecessary will not be counted."). A factual dispute is "genuine" only "when the evidence is such that a rational trier of fact could return a verdict for the nonmoving party." *Holcomb v. Ga. Pac., LLC*, 289 P.3d 188, 192 (Nev. 2012) (citation omitted).

While the pleadings and other proof are "construed in the light most favorable to the

nonmoving party," *LaMantia v. Redisi*, 118 Nev. 27, 29 (2002), that party "bears the burden to more than simply show that there is some metaphysical doubt as to the operative facts in order to avoid summary judgment." *Wood*, 121 Nev. at 732 (citation and internal quotation marks omitted) (rejecting the "slightest doubt" standard). The nonmoving party "is not entitled to build a case on the gossamer threads of whimsy, speculation, and conjecture," *id.* (citation omitted), but instead must identify "admissible evidence" showing "a genuine issue for trial." *Posadas v. City of Reno*, 109 Nev. 448, 452 (1993); *Shuck v. Signature Flight Support of Nev., Inc.*, 126 Nev. 434, 436 (2010) ("bald allegations without supporting facts" are insufficient); *LaMantia*, 118 Nev. at 29 (nonmovant must "show specific facts, rather than general allegations and conclusions"). A nonmoving party that fails to make this showing will "have summary judgment entered against him." *Wood*, 121 Nev. at 732 (citation omitted).

IV. ARGUMENT

A. There Was No Breach Because No Search Was Required

Summary judgment is warranted for claims related to the appointment of Ellen Cotter as CEO because no search was required. Plaintiff cannot point to any statute or case law requiring that a Board of Directors undertake a search before hiring a CEO, much less that a Board must engage a third-party search firm or setting forth requirements for such a search. To the contrary, Nevada law does not specify how officers are to be chosen and provides only that officers "must be chosen in such manner. . . as may be prescribed by the bylaws or determined by the board of directors." *See* Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.130. "[I]n corporate law, the election of officers is generally left to the board of directors." *Carlson v. Hallinan*, 925 A.2d 506, 527 (Del. Ch. 2006).³

³ As discussed in Section IV.A of Individual Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment on Plaintiff's Termination and Reinstatement Claims, courts have, for good reason, regularly rejected attempts by former officers to use fiduciary duty law when challenging the propriety of their removals. So too should this Court reject Plaintiff's attempt to challenge the propriety of Ellen Cotter's appointment as CEO. Actions such as Plaintiff's threaten to transform every officer appointment into a derivative attack on a board's exercise of its duties, thereby requiring Nevada courts to become arbiters, months after the fact, of the intimate judgments a board must make in appointing officers. Plaintiff's attempted expansion of fiduciary duty law to cover appointments is bad policy.

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Plaintiff's own purported "legal" expert, Myron Steele, admits: "I am aware of no case law that discusses the fiduciary duties and standards applicable to the appointment of officers." Report of Myron Steele at 29. Indeed, as Plaintiff admits, the RDI Board did not undertake a CEO search before appointing Plaintiff as CEO. (HD Ex. 1 at 75:20-25.)

B. The Business Judgment Rule Shields the Individual Defendants from Liability

The business judgment rule is a "presumption that in making a business decision the directors of a corporation acted on an informed basis, in good faith and in the honest belief that the action taken was in the best interests of the company." Shoen v. SAC Holding Corp., 122 Nev. 621, 632 (2006) (citation omitted); see also NRS 78.138(3) (codifying the rule under Nevada law). "The business judgment rule postulates that if directors' actions can arguably be taken to have been done for the benefit of the corporation, then the directors are presumed to have been exercising their sound business judgment rather than to have been responding to selfinterest motivation." Horwitz v. Sw. Forest Indus., Inc., 604 F. Supp. 1130, 1135 (D. Nev. 1985). "An application of the traditional business judgment rule places the burden on the 'party challenging the [board's] decision to establish facts rebutting the presumption." Unitrin, Inc. v. Am. Gen. Corp., 651 A.2d 1361, 1373 (Del. 1995) (citing Aronson v. Lewis, 473 A.2d 805, 812 (Del. 1984)). "[T]he business judgment rule shields directors from personal liability if, upon review, the court concludes the directors' decision can be attributed to any rational business purpose." Unitrin, Inc., 651 A.2d at 1373. "[E]ven a bad decision is generally protected by the business judgment rule." Shoen, 122 Nev. at 636. Under Delaware law, the business judgment rule applies to decisions regarding employment of corporate officers. See In re Walt Disney Co. Derivative Litig., 906 A.2d 27, 69-73 (Del. 2006).

Here, the business judgment rule shields the RDI Board from liability because the RDI Board's decision to appoint Ellen Cotter as permanent CEO can be attributed to a number of "rational business purpose[s]"—*e.g.*, as Director Gould testified, benefitting from selecting a CEO who has the confidence of the senior management team; is known to and respected by the

Board of Directors, knows the Company, and provides management stability.⁴ When considering Ellen Cotter's qualifications to be permanent CEO, Directors Guy Adams and Edward Kane advised the RDI Board that, independent of the Search Committee Report and the recommendation of the Search Committee, "based on their own interaction and experience as Directors with Ellen Cotter, they believed that she was qualified and the right candidate for the job and that her appointment as President and Chief Executive Officer was in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders." (HD Ex. 11 at RDI0054763.) Judy Codding and Michael Wrotniak stated that, "based on their own more limited interaction and experience as Directors with Ellen Cotter, they too believed that she was qualified and the right candidate for the job, and that her appointment as President and Chief Executive Officer was in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders." (*Id.*)

Furthermore, the decision to appoint Ellen Cotter was fully deliberated and carefully considered by the Board of Directors. First, the uncontroverted evidence shows that, prior to their decision, the RDI Board received information about the CEO search and the Search Committee's recommendation. Three days prior to the RDI Board meeting scheduled for January 8, 2016, a Draft Report and Recommendation of the CEO Search Committee was circulated to all nine members of RDI's Board. (*See id.* Ex. 10 at JCOTTER008284-85.) The seven page Search Committee Report described, among other things, the background of the CEO search, the work of the Search Committee, the topics discussed by the Search Committee, and the Search Committee's Determination. (*Id.* Ex. 3 at JCOTTER008291-97.) Attached to the

⁴ Plaintiff's purported expert, Myron Steele, alleges that Ellen Cotter and Margaret Cotter "revised the search criteria to more closely align with their wishes, including adding a requirement that the CEO be aligned with the majority stockholders." Report of Myron Steele at 30. But Mr. Steele does not have any evidence, only idle speculation, to support this assertion. Moreover, the business judgment rule would still shield the Individual Defendants from liability, because even the decision to revise the search criteria to purportedly require that the CEO be aligned with the majority stockholders can be attributed to "rational business purpose[s]"—e.g., decreasing the likelihood of distracting discord between the CEO and significant stockholders and thereby increasing the likelihood that the CEO wants to stay at RDI. See Unitrin, 651 A.2d at 1373 ("[T]he business judgment rule shields directors from personal liability if, upon review, the court concludes the directors' decision can be attributed to any rational business purpose.").

Search Committee Report were: (1) a copy of the Company's agreement with Korn Ferry; (2) a copy of the "position specification" prepared by Korn Ferry; and (3) copies of the resumes of each of the six external candidates presented by Korn Ferry and interviewed by the Search Committee. (*See id.* at JCOTTER008291-365.)

Second, the uncontroverted evidence shows that the RDI Board deliberated about the CEO search at an RDI Board meeting on January 8, 2016. (*See id.* Ex. 11 at RDI0054762-65.) After William Gould reviewed the Search Committee Report with the RDI Board, "going through in some detail the procedures followed by the CEO Search Committee," the directors participated in a discussion. (*Id.* at RDI0054762-73.) The RDI Board also discussed "the procedures followed, the appropriateness of such procedures, and the appropriateness of the appointment of Ellen Cotter as permanent President and Chief Executive Officer." (*Id.* at RDI0054764.) Seven of the nine RDI directors voted to appoint Ellen Cotter as permanent CEO and President. (*Id.*) Thus, the RDI Board's decision was protected by the business judgment rule.

C. Though Not Required, A Thorough Search Was Conducted

Accordingly, even if a search had been required (it was not), Plaintiff cannot meet the gross negligence showing required to strip the Individual Defendants of the protections of the business judgment rule. The Nevada Supreme Court has stated that, "[w]ith regard to the duty of care, the business judgment rule does not protect the gross negligence of uninformed directors and officers[.]" *Shoen*, 122 Nev. at 640. Gross negligence is the "reckless indifference to or a deliberate disregard of the whole body of stockholders' or actions which are 'without the bounds of reason'." *Kahn v. Roberts*, No. C.A. 12324, 1995 WL 745056, at *4, 8, 9 (Del. Ch. Dec. 6, 1995) (finding "no evidence from which any reasonable person could infer Defendants were grossly negligent" and granting defendants' motion for summary judgment dismissing plaintiff's claims for breach of the duty of care and breach of duty of candor) (citations omitted), *aff'd sub nom. Kahn on Behalf of DeKalb Genetics Corp. v. Roberts*, 679 A.2d 460 (Del. 1996).

Here, there is no evidence of "reckless indifference to or a deliberate disregard of the whole body of stockholders' or actions which are 'without the bounds of reason'." *Kahn*, 1995

WL 745056, at *4. Nor can Plaintiff produce evidence that the Individual Defendants' actions were "so egregious" as to be grossly negligent. *See McMillan v. Intercargo Corp.*, 768 A.2d 492, 505 (Del. Ch. 2000) (stating that a plaintiff is "obligat[ed] to set forth facts from which one could infer that the defendants' lack of care was so egregious as to meet Delaware's onerous gross negligence standard[]" and granting directors' motion for judgment on the pleadings). Rather, the uncontroverted evidence shows that the Search Committee conducted a thorough search, decided to bring the search to an end once they found the appropriate candidate, then presented their results to the Board of Directors for discussion and consideration. There is nothing unusual, much less grossly negligent, about conducting the CEO search in such a manner.

D. The RDI Board Is Protected from Liability by Nevada Revised Statute § 78.138(7)

Even if Individual Defendants had breached some fiduciary duty, they are statutorily immune to individual liability where, like here, the breach did not involve intentional misconduct, fraud, or a knowing violation of law. Nevada Revised Statute § 78.138(7) provides, in relevant part:

[A] director or officer is not individually liable to the corporation or its stockholders or creditors for any damages as a result of any act or failure to act in his or her capacity as a director or officer unless it is proven that: . . . (b) The breach of those duties involved intentional misconduct, fraud or a knowing violation of law.

In other words, "directors and officers may only be found personally liable for breaching their fiduciary duty of loyalty if that breach involves intentional misconduct, fraud, or a knowing violation of the law." *Shoen*, 122 Nev. at 640 (citing Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.138(7)); *In re AgFeed USA, LLC*, 546 B.R. 318, 330-31 (Bankr. D. Del. 2016) (citing *Shoen* and concluding that "the second cause of action fail[ed] to state a claim for breach of the duty of loyalty because the complaint [fell] well short of alleging intentional misconduct, fraud, or a knowing violation of the law."); *see also Stewart v. Kroeker*, No. CV04-2130L, 2006 WL 167938, at *1, 2, 6-7 (W.D. Wash. Jan. 23, 2006) (stating that "plaintiffs are required to show not only that defendants' actions or omissions constituted a breach of their fiduciary duties, but also that the 'breach of

those duties involved intentional misconduct, fraud or a knowing violation of law[,]" applying NRS § 78.138(7)(b) to multiple claims, and granting motion for summary judgment).

"As for the terms *knowing violation* and *intentional misconduct*," the Tenth Circuit has stated that "both require knowledge that the conduct was wrongful." *In re ZAGG Inc. S'holder Derivative Action*, No. 15-4001, 2016 WL 3389776, at *7, 11 (10th Cir. June 20, 2016) (affirming dismissal of complaint because Plaintiffs failed to adequately plead that presuit demand on the Board would have been futile) (emphasis in original). Thus, in order for Plaintiff to avoid summary judgment, Plaintiff must show either that (1) each Defendant engaged in misconduct or a violation of law, knowing that the conduct was wrongful; or (2) each Defendant engaged in fraud.

1. <u>Plaintiff Cannot Show Intentional Misconduct or a Knowing Violation of the Law</u>

Again, Plaintiff and his expert cannot point to any law governing fiduciary duties of directors applicable to the appointment of officers. As such, Plaintiff cannot show any intentional misconduct or knowing violation of the law in relation to the CEO search. Furthermore, Plaintiff cannot produce evidence showing that Individual Defendants engaged in misconduct or a violation of the law, knowing that the conduct was wrongful, because no such evidence exists.

2. Plaintiff Cannot Show Fraud

Plaintiff cannot produce evidence showing that the appointment of Ellen Cotter as CEO involved fraud, because no such evidence exists. Plaintiff alleges that statements in proxy statements and a press release were materially misleading; Plaintiff, however, cannot show fraud through such statements because they were made subsequent to the appointment of Ellen Cotter. Even if subsequent misleading statements could show fraud under Nevada Revised Statute § 78.138(7), for the reasons discussed below, the purportedly misleading statements identified by Plaintiff do not show fraud.

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(a) <u>Individual Defendants Are Protected from Liability Because</u> <u>There Is No Evidence of an Undisclosed Plan</u>

Plaintiff alleges that page 11 of the 2015 Proxy Statement was materially misleading because "Plaintiff is informed and believes that the undisclosed plan is to make EC President and CEO after conducting a search the purpose of which is to create the misimpression of a bona fide process[.]" (SAC ¶ 135(d).) But Plaintiff cannot produce evidence showing that such a plan existed, because there is none. On the contrary, the uncontroverted evidence shows that RDI engaged a search firm, interviewed a number of candidates, and chose Ellen Cotter as CEO after a discussion by the full Board. (*See* HD Ex. 3 at JCOTTER008291; Ex. 6; Ex. 11 at RDI0054762-65.)

(b) <u>Individual Defendants Are Protected from Liability Because</u> the CEO Search Was Accurately Described as Thorough

Plaintiff alleges that the statement in a press release on January 11, 2016 was "materially misleading if not inaccurate, including because it implies erroneously that the selection of [Ellen Cotter] was the result of a (supposedly) 'thorough search process.'" (SAC ¶ 101(f).) But, as demonstrated above in Section IV.B, the uncontroverted evidence shows that the RDI Board did engage in a detailed search process. Therefore, the statement was not fraudulent, impliedly or otherwise.

(c) Individual Defendants Are Protected from Liability Because the Discussion of the CEO Search in the 2016 Proxy Was Not Misleading

Plaintiff alleges that 2016 Proxy Statement was materially misleading because "[i]t describes (at page 8) the supposed CEO search in a manner that implies that EC timely resigned from the CEO search committee, that that committee relied on Korn Ferry and that Korn Ferry evaluated EC as a candidate for the CEO position[.]" (SAC ¶ 136(b).) However, the text discussing the CEO search on page 8 of the 2016 Proxy Statement cannot be read to suggest such implications. First, the text states: "Ellen M. Cotter resigned from the Search Committee when she concluded that she was a serious candidate for the position." (HD Ex. 13 (2016 Proxy Statement) at 8.) This statement is indisputably accurate. Second, the text refers to Korn Ferry only twice, stating: (1) "The Board . . . retained Korn Ferry to evaluate candidates for the Chief

Executive Officer position[;]" and (2) "Korn Ferry screened over 200 candidates and ultimately presented six external candidates to the Search Committee." (*Id.*) This statement is also indisputably accurate. These two sentences do not suggest, as Plaintiff asserts, that the Search Committee "relied on Korn Ferry and that Korn Ferry evaluated EC as a candidate for the CEO position[.]" (SAC ¶ 136(b).)

In sum, in the absence of intentional misconduct, fraud, or a knowing violation of the law, Individual Defendants are therefore statutorily immune from any potential liability based on the appointment of Ellen Cotter and CEO and President.

E. There Are No Damages from the Appointment of Ellen Cotter as CEO

Another independent reason to grant Individual Defendants' motion is that Plaintiff cannot demonstrate any injury from the appointment of Ellen Cotter as CEO. To avoid summary judgment, Plaintiff must produce cognizable evidence showing damages, an essential element of a breach of fiduciary duty claim. *See Brown v. Kinross Gold U.S.A., Inc.*, 531 F. Supp. 2d 1234, 1245 (D. Nev. 2008) (A claim for breach of fiduciary duty requires a plaintiff to demonstrate "the existence of a fiduciary duty, the breach of that duty, and that the breach proximately caused the damages.") (applying Nevada law).

Plaintiff's testimony exposes his inability to demonstrate any damages from the appointment of Ellen Cotter as CEO. Asked about Ellen Cotter's performance as CEO, Plaintiff admitted that "[t]here's nothing that would lead [him] to believe that she's doing a good job, a bad job." (HD Ex. 12 at 558:25-559:15.)

In support of a damages claim, Plaintiff has served the report of his purported expert, Tiago Duarte-Silva.

(Silva Rep., ¶ 36.) Nevertheless, Dr. Duarte-Silva's report does not provide any evidence of damages because it does not even try to establish that the appointment of Ellen Cotter as CEO, or any action or decision made by Ellen Cotter as CEO has caused any of the purported losses. There is not a single sentence in Dr. Duarte-Silva's report that attempts to tie

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the supposed declines in Reading's stock value to anything Ellen Cotter has done as CEO.⁵ Because Dr. Duarte-Silva has not reviewed any of the deposition testimony in this case, and has only looked at one document produced in discovery, he in fact has no idea what Ellen Cotter has done as CEO. (Silva Rep., Ex. 2.) Dr. Duarte-Silva does not know how, if it all, the direction or implementation of Reading's corporate strategy changed after Plaintiff was terminated. He does not know if Plaintiff would have done anything differently than Ellen Cotter had he remained CEO. He does not know how, if at all, the Company has changed its approach to cinema exhibition or real estate since Plaintiff was fired. A claim for breach of fiduciary duty requires that a plaintiff demonstrate "that the breach proximately caused the damages." See Brown, 531 F. Supp. 2d at 1245. Mr. Duarte-Silva's assertions regarding RDI's performance since Ellen Cotter's appointment as CEO are meaningless unless proximate causation is established, which Mr. Duarte-Silva does not and cannot purport to do.

Additionally, Plaintiff's allegation that "the engagement and payment of Korn Ferry . . . amounts to waste of at least the monies paid to Korn Ferry[,]" (SAC ¶ 166), fails as a matter of law. "To recover on a claim of corporate waste, the plaintiffs must shoulder the burden of proving that the exchange was 'so one sided that no business person of ordinary, sound judgment could conclude that the corporation has received adequate consideration." Walt Disney, 906 A.2d at 74. "A claim of waste will arise only in the rare, 'unconscionable case where directors irrationally squander or give away corporate assets." Id. Here, there is no genuine dispute that the exchange of RDI's money for Korn Ferry's services was not so one sided as to be unconscionable. Instead, the uncontroverted evidence shows that Korn Ferry "researched over 200 prospective candidates, had contact with approximately 60, interviewed 11, and ultimately presented six external candidates to [RDI's Search] Committee." (HD Ex. 3 at

⁵ Defendants have moved to exclude the proposed expert testimony of Dr. Duarte-Silva on the basis of, inter alia, his failure to offer testimony demonstrating or even suggesting there is any causal connection between the supposed losses he observes and any action by Defendants. See Defendants' Motion In Limine to Exclude Expert Testimony.

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JCOTTER008292.) Even Plaintiff's own expert refers to Korn Ferry as a "reputable search firm." (Spitz Rep., ¶ 43). Accordingly, Plaintiff's waste claim fails as a matter of law.

Thus, Plaintiff cannot demonstrate injury—a deficiency fatal to all his fiduciary duty claims to the extent they are based on the appointment of Ellen Cotter as CEO.⁶

V. **CONCLUSION**

For the foregoing reasons, the Individual Defendants respectfully request that the Court grant them summary judgment as to the First, Second, Third, and Fourth Causes of Action set forth in Plaintiff's SAC, to the extent that they assert claims and damages related to the appointment of Ellen Cotter as CEO.

Dated: September 23, 2016

COHEN|JOHNSON|PARKER|EDWARDS

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⁶ As discussed in Section IV.C of Individual Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment on Plaintiff's Termination and Reinstatement Claims, Plaintiff's demand for reinstatement is untenable and unsupportable. So, too, is any demand to remove Ellen Cotter from the position of President and CEO. There are strong policy reasons against compelling the Board to remove Ellen Cotter against its wishes, including the difficulty of supervision. If

removed, Ellen Cotter could simply be appointed again by the Board, another factor cutting against reinstatement since equity does not require the taking of futile actions. Months have elapsed since Ellen Cotter's appointment as interim CEO in June 2015 and permanent CEO in January 2016, which also counsels against her removal.

Attorneys for Defendants Margaret Cotter, Ellen Cotter, Douglas McEachern, Guy Adams, Edward Kane, Judy Codding, and Michael Wrotniak marshallsearcy@quinnemanuel.com 865 South Figueroa Street, 10th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90017 Telephone: (213) 443-3000 Attorneys for Defendants Margaret Cotter, Ellen Cotter, Douglas McEachern, Guy Adams, Edward Kane, Judy Codding, and Michael Wrotniak

DECLARATION OF COUNSEL NOAH S. HELPERN IN SUPPORT OF THE INDIVIDUAL DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT (NO. 5) ON PLAINTIFF'S CLAIMS RELATED TO THE APPOINTMENT OF ELLEN COTTER AS CEO

- I, Noah Helpern, state and declare as follows:
- 1. I am a member of the Bar of the State of California, and am an attorney with the law firm of Quinn Emanuel Urquhart & Sullivan, LLP ("Quinn Emanuel"), attorneys for Defendants Margaret Cotter, Ellen Cotter, Guy Adams, Edward Kane, Douglas McEachern, Judy Codding, and Michael Wrotniak. I make this declaration based upon personal, firsthand knowledge, except where stated to be on information and belief, and as to that information, I believe it to be true. If called upon to testify as to the contents of this Declaration, I am legally competent to testify to its contents in a court of law.
- 2. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 is a true and correct copy of transcript excerpts from the deposition of James J. Cotter, Jr. ("Plaintiff"), taken on May 16, 2016.
- Attached hereto as Exhibit 2 is a true and correct copy of RDI's 2015 Proxy
 Statement.
- 4. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3 is a true and correct copy of the Board Package containing Draft Report and Recommendation for the CEO Search Committee dated December 31, 2015 for the RDI Board Meeting, held on January 8, 2016.
- 5. Attached hereto as Exhibit 4 is a true and correct copy of transcript excerpts from the deposition of Ellen Cotter, taken on June 16, 2016.
- 6. Attached hereto as Exhibit 5 is a true and correct copy of transcript excerpts from the deposition of William Gould, taken on June 29, 2016.
- 7. Attached hereto as Exhibit 6 is a true and correct copy of an email sent by Anjelica Zalin at Korn Ferry re: interviews of dated November 2, 2015.
- 8. Attached hereto as Exhibit 7 is a true and correct copy of an email sent by Laura Batista at RDI re: interview of dated November 17, 2015.
 - 9. Attached hereto as Exhibit 8 is a true and correct copy of transcript excerpts from

the deposition of William Gould, taken on June 8, 2016.

- 10. Attached hereto as Exhibit 9 is a true and correct copy of the Minutes of the Meeting of the Search Committee, held on December 29, 2015.
- 11. Attached hereto as Exhibit 10 is a true and correct copy of an email sent by Susan Villeda at RDI to all nine RDI Board Members re: Draft Report and Recommendation of the CEO Search Committee, dated January 5, 2016.
- 12. Attached hereto as Exhibit 11 is a true and correct copy of the Minutes of the Meeting of the RDI Board of Directors held on January 8, 2016.
- 13. Attached hereto as Exhibit 12 is a true and correct copy of transcript excerpts from the deposition of Plaintiff, taken on May 17, 2016.
- 14. Attached hereto as Exhibit 13 is a true and correct copy of RDI's 2016 Proxy Statement.
 - 15. This declaration is made in good faith and not for the purpose of delay.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on the 23rd day of September, 2016, in Los Angeles, California.

/s/ Noah Helpern Noah Helpern

EXHIBIT 1

JAMES COTTER, JR. 05/16/2016

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1
               EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
 2
                     CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
 3
     JAMES J. COTTER, JR., derivatively
 4
     on behalf of Reading International,
 5
     Inc.,
         Plaintiff,
 6
                                          Case No.
                   VS.
 7
     MARGARET COTTER, ELLEN COTTER,
                                        A-15-719860-B
     GUY ADAMS, EDWARD KANE, DOUGLAS
     McEACHERN, TIMOTHY STOREY,
     WILLIAM GOULD, JUDY CODDING,
     MICHAEL WROTNIAK, and DOES 1
10
     through 100, inclusive,
         Defendants.
11
     and
12
     READING INTERNATIONAL, INC.,
13
     a Nevada corporation,
         Nominal Defendant.
14
15
             (CAPTION CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE.)
16
         VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF JAMES COTTER, JR.
17
                    Los Angeles, California
18
                     Monday, May 16, 2016
19
                           Volume I
20
21
22
     Reported by:
     JANICE SCHUTZMAN, CSR No. 9509
23
24
     Job No. 2312188
     Pages 1 - 297
25
                                                   Page 1
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Veritext Legal Solutions 866 299-5127 JAMES COTTER, JR. 05/16/2016

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1
     T2 PARTNERS MANAGEMENT, LP, a
     Delaware limited partnership,
 2
     doing business as KASE CAPITAL
     MANAGEMENT, et al.,
 3
         Plaintiffs,
 4
     MARGARET COTTER, ELLEN COTTER,
 5
     GUY ADAMS, EDWARD KANE, DOUGLAS
     McEACHERN, WILLIAM GOULD, JUDY
 6
     CODDING, MICHAEL WROTNIAK, CRAIG
 7
     TOMPKINS, and DOES 1 through 100,
     inclusive,
         Defendants.
 8
 9
     and
10
     READING INTERNATIONAL, INC., a
     Nevada corporation,
         Nominal Defendant.
11
12
13
14
15
         Videotaped Deposition of JAMES COTTER, JR.,
16
     Volume I, taken at 865 South Figueroa Street,
17
     10th Floor, Los Angeles, California, commencing
18
     at 10:09 a.m. and ending at 5:40 p.m., Monday,
19
     May 16, 2016, before Janice Schutzman, CSR No. 9509.
20
21
22
23
24
25
     PAGES 1 - 297
                                                   Page 2
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Veritext Legal Solutions 866 299-5127 JAMES COTTER, JR. 05/16/2016

1	MR. KRUM: Objection	
2	BY MR. TAYBACK:	
3	Q because you're a Cotter?	
4	MR. KRUM: Objection, foundation.	
5	THE WITNESS: Mr. Tayback, you'd have to	11:22:32
6	ask the directors who appointed me. I don't know	
7	what they were thinking.	
8	BY MR. TAYBACK:	
9	Q. Well, you were on the board; correct?	
10	A. I was.	11:22:38
11	Q. Did the board before appointing you as	
12	CEO, did the board undertake a CEO search?	
13	A. Since 2009, the board agreed to a	
14	succession plan that I would succeed my father in	
15	the event he became incapacitated or resigned from	11:23:00
16	the board. And that succession plan was in place as	
17	early, to my knowledge, as 2009.	
18	Q. So the answer's no?	
19	A. Right.	
20	Q. So when I say did the board before	11:23:15
21	appointing you as CEO, did the board undertake a CEO	
22	search, the answer's no?	
23	A. The answer is no.	
24	Q. And the succession plan that you described,	
25	that was a succession plan that you understood	11:23:32
		Page 75

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