IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

* * * * * * * * * *

SIAOSI VANISI,

Appellant,

Supreme Court No Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

vs.

WILLIAM GITTERE, WARDEN, and AARON FORD, ATTORNEY GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF NEVADA. District Court No. 98CR0516

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Respondents.

APPELLANT'S APPENDIX

Appeal from Order Denying Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) Second Judicial District Court, Washoe County The Honorable Connie J. Steinheimer

> RENE L. VALLADARES Federal Public Defender

RANDOLPH M. FIEDLER Assistant Federal Public Defender Nevada State Bar No. 12577 411 E. Bonneville, Suite 250 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 388-6577 randolph fiedler@fd.org

Attorneys for Appellant

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28	150.	Declaration of Scott Thomas April 6, 2011AA05944 – AA05946
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28	152.	Declaration of Luisa Finau April 7, 2011AA05950 – AA05955
28	153.	Declaration of Leanna Morris April 7, 2011AA05956 – AA05960
28	155.	Declaration of Maile (Miles) Kinikini April 7, 2011AA05961 – AA05966
28	156.	Declaration of Nancy Chiladez April 11, 2011
28-29	159.	Transcript of Proceedings, Trial Volume 1, State of Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 January 11, 1999

29-31	160.	Transcript of Proceedings, Trial Volume 2, State of Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 January 12, 1999
31	163.	Neuropsychological and Psychological Evaluation of Siaosi Vanisi, Dr. Jonathan Mack April 18, 2011
31-32	164.	Independent Medical Examination in the Field of Psychiatry, Dr. Siale 'Alo Foliaki April 18, 2011
32	172.	Motion for Change of Venue, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 July 15, 1998
32	173.	Declaration of Herbert Duzant's Interview with Tongan Solicitor General, 'Aminiasi Kefu April 17, 2011
32	175.	Order Denying Rehearing, Appeal from Denial of Post-Conviction Petition, <i>Vanisi vs. State of Nevada</i> , Nevada Supreme Court, Case No. 50607 June 22, 2010
32	178.	Declaration of Thomas Qualls April 15, 2011AA06707 – AA06708
32	179.	Declaration of Walter Fey April 18, 2011AA06709 – AA06711
32	180.	Declaration of Stephen Gregory April 17, 2011AA06712 – AA06714
32	181.	Declaration of Jeremy Bosler April 17, 2011AA06715 – AA06718

32	183.	San Bruno Police Department Criminal Report No. 89-0030
		February 7, 1989
32	184.	Manhattan Beach Police Department Police Report Dr. # 95-6108
		November 4, 1995
32	185.	Manhattan Beach Police Department Crime Report
		August 23, 1997AA06728 – AA06730
32	186.	Notice of Intent to Seek Death Penalty, State of Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial
		District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 February 26, 1998
32	187.	Judgment, State of Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 November 22, 1999
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5 <u>/</u>	190.	Correspondence to The Honorable Connie Steinheimer from Richard W. Lewis, Ph.D.
		October 10, 1998AA06741 – AA06743
32	195.	Declaration of Herbert Duzant's Interview of Juror Richard Tower
		April 18, 2011
32	196.	Declaration of Herbert Duzant's Interview of Juror Nettie Horner
		April 18, 2011
32	197.	Declaration of Herbert Duzant's Interview of Juror Bonnie James
		April 18, 2011AA06750 – AA06752

32	198. Declaration of Herbert Duzant's Interview of Juror Robert Buck April 18, 2011AA06753 – AA06755
12	Remittitur, <i>Vanisi v. State of Nevada, et al.</i> , Nevada Supreme Court, Case No. 35249
	November 27, 2001
15	Remittitur, <i>Vanisi v. State of Nevada, et al.</i> , Nevada Supreme Court, Case No. 50607
	July 19, 2010 AA03031 – AA03032
35	Remittitur, <i>Vanisi v. State of Nevada, et al.</i> , Nevada Supreme Court, Case No. 65774
	January 5, 2018AA07319 – AA07320
12	Reply in Support of Motion to Withdraw as Counsel of Record, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 December 27, 2002
39	Reply to Opposition to Motion for Leave to File Supplement to Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, Vanisi v. State of Nevada, et al., Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 October 15, 2018
36	Reply to Opposition to Motion to Disqualify the Washoe County District Attorney's Office, <i>Vanisi v. State of Nevada, et al.</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 July 27, 2018
	EXHIBITS
36	1. Response to Motion for a Protective Order, <i>Vanisi v.</i> State of Nevada, et al., Second Judicial District Court

	of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 March 9, 2005AA07640 – AA07652
36	 Letter from Scott W. Edwards to Steve Gregory re Vanisi post-conviction petition. March 19, 2002
36	3. Supplemental Response to Motion for a Protective Order, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 March 16, 2005
36	4. Appellant's Appendix, Volume 1, Table of Contents, Vanisi v. State of Nevada, Nevada Supreme Court, Case No. 50607 August 22, 2008
36	5. Facsimile from Scott W. Edwards to Jeremy Bosler
35	April 5, 2002
	EXHIBIT
35	1. Petitioner's Waiver of Appearance (and attached Declaration of Siaosi Vanisi), April 9, 2018
13	Reply to Response to Motion for Stay of Post-Conviction Habeas Corpus Proceedings and for Transfer of Petitioner to Lakes Crossing for Psychological Evaluation and treatment (Hearing Requested), <i>State of Nevada v.</i> <i>Vanisi</i> . Second Judicial District Court of Nevada.

	Case No. CR98-0516 November 17, 2004AA02609 – AA02613
36	Reply to State's Response to Petitioner's Suggestion of Incompetence and Motion for Evaluation, <i>Vanisi v. State of Nevada, et al.</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 August 6, 2018
	EXHIBIT
36	1. Declaration of Randolph M. Fiedler August 6, 2018 AA07682 – AA07684
36	Request from Defendant, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 July 24, 2018
32	Response to Opposition to Motion to Dismiss Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction), State of Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 October 7, 2011
36	Response to Vanisi's Suggestion of Incompetency and Motion for Evaluation, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 July 30, 2018
35	State's Opposition to Motion for Reconsideration and Objection to Petitioner's Waiver of Attendance at Evidentiary Hearing, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 April 11, 2018

EXHIBIT

	1. Declaration of Donald Southworth, <i>Vanisi v. State of Nevada, et al.</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 April 11, 2018
36	State's Sur-Reply to Vanisi's Motion to Disqualify the Washoe County District Attorney's Office, <i>Vanisi v. State of Nevada, et al.</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 August 31, 2018
	EXHIBIT
36	1. Transcript of Proceedings – Status Hearing, <i>Vanisi v. State of Nevada</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 July 1, 2002
36	Suggestion of Incompetency and Motion for Evaluation, State of Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 July 25, 2018
37	Transcript of Proceedings – Competency for Petitioner to Waive Evidentiary Hearing, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 September 24, 2018
37-38	Transcript of Proceedings – Report on Psychiatric Evaluation, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 September 24, 2018

13	Transcript of Proceedings – Conference Call – In Chambers, State of Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516
	February 5, 2003
35	Transcript of Proceedings – Conference Call, <i>State</i> of Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 May 10, 2018
34	Transcript of Proceedings – Decision (Telephonic), <i>Vanisi v.</i> State of Nevada, et al., Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 March 4, 2014
12	Transcript of Proceedings – In Chambers Hearing & Hearing Setting Execution Date, <i>Vanisi v. State of Nevada, et al.</i> , Second Judicial District of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 January 18, 2002
13	Transcript of Proceedings – In Chambers Hearing, Vanisi v. State of Nevada, et al., Second Judicial District of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 January 19, 2005
13	Transcript of Proceedings – In Chambers Hearing, Vanisi v. State of Nevada., et al., Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 January 24, 2005
35	Transcript of Proceedings – Oral Arguments, <i>State</i> of Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 May 30, 2018

38	Transcript of Proceedings – Oral Arguments, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516
	January 25, 2019
32-33	Transcript of Proceedings - Petition for Post-Conviction (Day One), State of Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 December 5, 2013
	EXHIBITS Admitted December 5, 2013
33	199. Letter from Aminiask Kefu November 15, 2011AA06967 – AA06969
33	201. Billing Records-Thomas Qualls, Esq. Various Dates
33	214. Memorandum to File from MP March 22, 2002
33	Transcript of Proceedings - Petition for Post-Conviction (Day Two), <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 December 6, 2013
	EXHIBITS Admitted December 6, 2013
33	200. Declaration of Scott Edwards, Esq. November 8, 2013
33	224. Letter to Scott Edwards, Esq. from Michael Pescetta, Esq. January 30, 2003

12-13	Transcript of Proceedings – Post-Conviction, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District	
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	January 28, 2003AA02576 – AA02582	
13	Transcript of Proceedings – Post-Conviction, State of Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial District	
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1	Transcript of Proceedings – Pre-Trial Motions, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi,</i> Second Judicial District	
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13	Transcript of Proceedings – Report on Psychiatric Evaluation, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case	
	No. CR98-0516	
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37-38	Transcript of Proceedings – Report on Psychiatric	
	Evaluation, State of Nevada v. Vanisi, Second	
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13-14	Transcript of Proceedings – Report on Psychiatric	
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36-37	Transcript of Proceedings – Status Conference, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of		
	Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516		
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3-5	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial V Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516		
	September 20, 1999	AA00622 – AA00864	
5-6	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial V Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516		
	September 21, 1999	AA00865 – AA01112	
1-2	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial V Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 January 13, 1999	District Court of	
6-7	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial V Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 September 22, 1999	District Court of	
2-3	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial V Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 January 14, 1999	District Court of	
7	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial V Nevada v. Vanisi, Second Judicial Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 September 23, 1999	District Court of	

3	Transcript of Proceedings, Trial Volume 5, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516
	January 15, 1999AA00524 – AA0550
7-8	Transcript of Proceedings, Trial Volume 5, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi,</i> Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 September 24, 1999
8	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial Volume 6, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 September 27, 1999
8-9	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial Volume 7, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 September 28, 1999
9	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial Volume 8, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 September 30, 1999
9-10	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial Volume 9, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 October 1, 1999
10-11	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial Volume 10, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516 October 4, 1999

11-12	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial Volume 11, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516
	October 5, 1999
12	Transcript of Proceedings – Trial Volume 12, <i>State of Nevada v. Vanisi</i> , Second Judicial District Court of Nevada, Case No. CR98-0516
	October 6, 1999

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that this document was filed electronically with the Nevada Supreme Court on the 26th day of September, 2019. Electronic Service of the foregoing Appellant's Appendix shall be made in accordance with the Master Service List as follows:

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1	lunch hour to accommodate a doctor's appointment. From
2	12:00 until 2:00.
3	MR. GAMMICK: That will give us some idea, Your
4	Honor.
5	THE COURT: Then we'll go until 5:00. I think
6	we're going to try to do pretty much the same schedule next
7	week, too, if that helps you. Tuesday morning we'll start
8	by 10:15, and Thursday morning is our bad morning where
9	we'll hear most of the criminal cases.
10	MR. GAMMICK: Okay, good.
11	THE COURT: And I am still we're getting
12	used to starting at 10:00 or we can start at 9:00 and not
13	have early hearings on Wednesday, we're not sure where we're
14	going to go. But for this trial, we'll keep it the way it
15	is. Anything further?
16	MR. GREGORY: No, Your Honor.
17	MR. STANTON: Yes, Your Honor. The exercise of
18	peremptory challenges, can you explain so that at least I'm
19	confident of how you are going to do that and where the
20	cutoff is for the panel? I have it as juror 28 would be 12
21	and the rest would be alternates.
22	THE COURT: Okay. Now, I guess that's a
23	compound question
24	MR. STANTON: It is.
25	THE COURT: Mr. Stanton. I'll try to get
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this straight. The way I utilize the 36 is I allow counsel to exercise their first eight anywhere they want. It is their choice.

Then what we will do is we'll count one through 12 starting with juror No. 1, the first juror who is still sitting here, and count up to 12. Then you will exercise your next two peremptory challenges to the remaining. The alternates do not come from the backup. They would be — if you never exercised an alternate challenge, they would be the 13th and 14th and 15th and 16th person. Does that make sense?

MR. STANTON: I think so. At the conclusion of exercising eight, and you can exercise eight anywhere through the 36, would then reorganize it one through 12 based upon where they are seated, moving in this fashion?

THE COURT: Moving from seat number one, whoever is still left, we'll count 12 names.

MR. STANTON: After that?

THE COURT: You can exercise your alternates anywhere you want.

MR. STANTON: So the next --

THE COURT: The first, second, third and fourth alternates will be in that order right after the 12th juror. So it would be like you were picking 16 jurors in numerical order. So if you never exercised a challenge at all, the

1	alternates would be Jurors No. 13, 14, 15, 16, not 36, 35,
2	34 and 33.
3	MR. STANTON: Okay. And finally, Your Honor,
4	the method for exercising peremptory?
5	THE COURT: We played with this a couple
6	different times, and frankly, I don't remember how you all
7	did it last time.
8	MR. STANTON: We went to the podium and
9	exercised the preempts, or I can't remember if we passed the
10	form back and forth between counsel table.
11	THE COURT: I think you passed it back and
1 2	forth. If that's the way you want to do it again, that's
13	fine with me.
14	MR. STANTON: It's fine with the State. I
15	think relative to exercising the peremptories, although I
16	can't envision, I think that is the best method for Batson.
17	And also, the only question is there was, for example, there
18	was a problem with your staff as far as how you call the
19	jurors that have been preempted, whether you do that at the
20	end. There wasn't a problem last time.
21	THE COURT: I think we did it at the end,
22	didn't we, last time? We just did them all at one time and
23	said, Thank you very much, you are excused.
24	MR. STANTON: Yes.
25	THE COURT: That is fine. We'll be able to
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work on that. And you both operated off of the exact same 1 2 jury list? 3 MR. STANTON: Correct. 4 THE COURT: So you saw each other's challenge 5 and what had already been challenged, and the original was 6 saved to show who had exercised and where. And then the 7 clerk brought it up to me, and before I let anyone go, that 8 gives you an opportunity to make your Batson challenge, if 9 you have one. We can resolve it outside the presence of the 10 jury at the bench, and then either I will allow the 11 challenge -- the peremptory challenge to stand or I won't, and that way we can count off the jurors and where you are 12 13 at. 14 MR. STANTON: That's all the questions the 15 State had. 16 THE COURT: Mr. Bosler, you are clear on that 17 procedure and agree with it? 18 MR. BOSLER: Yes, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: That is the way we'll do it. Thank 20 you. 21 Court is in recess. 22 (Court recessed for day at 5:23 p.m.) 23 24 25 SIERRA NEVADA REPORTERS (775) 329-6560

Code 4185

FILED

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IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

THE HONORABLE CONNIE STEINHEIMER, DISTRICT JUDGE

-000-

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

Case No. CR98-0516

Dept. No. 4

VS.

SIAOSI VANISI,

Defendant.

ORIGINAL

TRIAL - VOLUME 2 September 21, 1999 Reno, Nevada

APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiff:

RICHARD A. GAMMICK

District Attorney DAVID L. STANTON

Chief Deputy District Attorney

75 Court Street Reno, Nevada

For the Defendant:

STEPHEN GREGORY

and JEREMY BOSLER

Deputies Public Defender One South Sierra Street

Reno, Nevada

The Defendant:

Reported by:

SIAOSI VANISI

ERIC V. NELSON, CCR No. 57

DENISE PHIPPS, CCR No. 234

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1	RENO, NEVADA, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1999, 10:32 A.M.
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4	(Whereupon, the following proceedings were held
5	in open court, in the presence of the jury panel.)
6	THE COURT: The clerk will call the roll of the
7	prospective jurors.
8	(Roll call taken of prospective jury.)
9	THE COURT: Any objection to the jury panel as
10	they are present here today?
11	MR. STANTON: No. The State is ready to move
12	forward.
13	MR. BOSLER: None from us, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: We are ready to start with
15	Mr. Bosler again, but I'd like to speak with counsel at the
16	bench. So if you would please approach.
17	(Whereupon, a bench conference was held among Court and counsel as follows:)
18	court and counser as forlows.
19	THE COURT: Okay. When we recessed yesterday,
20	we left it that I was going to instruct the jury with regard
21	to the potential penalties, and you all requested that I be
22	pretty specific about how I instruct them. So I have come
23	up with the Court's proposed special instruction B that I
24	have given you all, and I thought I would just read this.
25	My clerk said there was a concern about the
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first form of it, and I did change it a little bit.

Are you comfortable with this? Do you think this is an accurate statement of the law, and are you comfortable with me reading it?

MR. GAMMICK: The instruction looks fine as long as channels with Sonner. And I didn't get a chance to look to make sure we're dead on with the language. Aside from that, it looks good, so I'm not too concerned about it.

The only other thing I was kind of wondering if the Court would do is, even after giving this instruction, if the Court feels that maybe a little bit more people explanation, here is the steps, here is what this means type thing, so that they understand the process. That was the only concern during voir dire, they understand what they are going to be asked to do.

THE COURT: In terms of the fact that they first make a determination of guilt or innocence and then only after that determination has been made that they can consider penalty and these are the considerations.

MR. STANTON: Right. Even beyond that, Judge, once again if you want to, is the way I was going to do it in my -- because I'll be handling the penalty phase -- is discussing with them first they determine obviously guilt or innocence and then go into the penalty phase, if they find aggravating circumstances beyond a reasonable doubt. If

they don't find any, the death penalty is excluded.

Then once they find the aggravators, they listen to the mitigators, and then they determine whether or not the aggravators outweigh the mitigators. If they find the aggravators outweigh the mitigators, death is still an option, but it is not required, even if they find more aggravators than mitigators. Then they take all the evidence and determine what the punishment is.

THE COURT: I think I have covered that basically by saying that death is never mandatory, and I have basically taken the instructions that we would use at the end of the trial and that I have used in previous death penalty cases to come up with this instruction. I'm going to be a little careful how far we go. I think that explaining the process first and then reading the instruction would be appropriate.

MR. GAMMICK: What gave me some concern, the reason I brought this up is the exchange that was going on between Mr. Bosler and Miss Ziler. I don't think she understands the process. I think once it is explained to her, and she says, I'll give him death every time anyway, then we know where that is going. At this time it seemed like she was trying to use legalese without knowing what she was doing.

THE COURT: Mr. Bosler?

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MR. BOSLER: My understanding after the last hearing is you were going to instruct the jurors on the alternative theories of first degree murder and lying in wait and felony murder. That was the last objection.

THE COURT: I wonder if we have a necessity to do that. I don't think it is necessary for the jury to decide at this stage in the proceedings what is first degree murder and what is second degree. I think the purpose here is to let them know that they are going to be given that job and if they do decide first degree.

Because we could get into many legal treatises on the different degrees of murder and when this defense applies or that defense applies. And I don't think that it is necessary for purposes here.

MR. BOSLER: How would I field an objection when someone comes in and says, on a first degree murder, they always impose death if it is premeditated? Same objection. I can't respond unless the jury is instructed.

THE COURT: I think if I instruct them this way, if they say, if it is premeditated, I'm going to give death no matter what, then you have got an objection because they won't consider mitigation. If they won't consider mitigation, they won't consider mitigation.

MR. GAMMICK: I think the objection came because it was more of this like any confusion on the juror.

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Does she understand everything? This may very well rectify it. We agree with the instruction and would ask the Court to explain further if necessary.

THE COURT: If we still have a problem, come on up to the bench and we'll talk about it again.

So it is all right, Mr. Bosler?

MR. BOSLER: Not having a chance to look at Sonner, I'll read through the instruction right now. If I have a problem, I will inform the Court.

(Whereupon, the following proceedings were held in open court, in the presence of the jury.)

THE COURT: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. Welcome back. We are going to begin our voir dire process again this morning, and if you remember, I had finished with my questions and the State had finished with their questions, and Mr. Bosler on behalf of the defense was proceeding to inquire of you.

Now, I want to give you a little bit more information than what you were given yesterday so far, just so you understand the process of what's going to happen in this case. The jury that we are selecting today will be hearing a case involving a charge of murder. In addition, there are some other additional charges. You remember there was that comment about those additional charges.

The statutes allow for a jury to determine the

penalty only in certain circumstances, only in certain kinds of cases, one being if the jury returns a verdict, the only case actually in the State of Nevada, of murder in the first degree.

Now, I will be instructing you as to what murder in the first degree is in terms of the law, and then after you have heard the evidence, you will decide the facts and decide if it is in fact murder in the first degree.

So I would ask that you not be particularly concerned about what kind of murders may be brought to your attention because I'm going to give you many instructions in that regard.

However, if in fact the jury finds beyond a reasonable doubt that murder in the first degree was committed by the defendant in this case, then the jury and only then will the jury consider the potential penalties. Will instruct you further as to those potential penalties that you may even consider.

Now, what first happens in the first part of the trial is the guilt phase. You make a determination as to guilt or innocence and degree of guilt. After that, only in certain circumstances as I just told you would you even get to the point of determining penalty. And then if you are in the kind of case and you do make the findings that would require you to sit for the penalty phase would you be

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dealing with the issues that we're now talking about in the voir dire.

If the defendant is convicted of first degree murder, the possible penalties are: a prison term of 50 years with eligibility for parole beginning when a minimum of 20 years has been served. This does not mean that the defendant would be paroled after 20 years, but only that he would be eligible for parole after that period of time; .

or life imprisonment with the possibility of parole is a sentence that is available. This sentence provides that the defendant would be eligible for parole after a period of 20 years. This does not mean that he would be paroled after 20 years but only that he would be eligible for parole after that period of time; .

or life imprisonment without the possibility of parole. This means exactly what it says, that the defendant shall not be eligible for parole; .

or death. If you sentence the defendant to death, you must assume that the sentence will be carried out.

The following factors are the only circumstances by which murder of the first degree may be aggravated in this case. If you find beyond a reasonable doubt that the murder was committed by the defendant in the commission or attempting to commit the crime of robbery with

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the use of a deadly weapon; and/or the murder was committed by the defendant upon a peace officer; or the victim was killed while engaged in the performance of his official capacity, and the defendant knew or reasonably should have known the victim was a peace officer; and/or the murder involved torture or mutilation of the victim; and/or the murder was committed by the defendant because of the actual and perceived race, color or national origin of the victim.

The State has the burden of proving beyond a reasonable doubt that an aggravating circumstance or circumstances exist in this case. If you have a reasonable doubt as to the aggravating circumstance or circumstances in this case, or find a mitigating circumstance or circumstances are sufficient to outweigh the aggravating circumstances that you have found, or for any other reason decline to impose the death penalty, the defendant is entitled to a verdict of life imprisonment with or without the possibility of parole, or a term of 50 years in the Nevada State Prison. And you will be required to specify whether such life imprisonment will be with or without the possibility of parole.

Murder of the first degree may be mitigated by any circumstances, even though the mitigating circumstance is not sufficient to constitute a defense or reduce the degree of crime. The law never compels the imposition of

1 the death penalty.

Even if you find any or all of the aggravating circumstances have been proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and even if you also do not find that any mitigating circumstances exist, you are not required to return a verdict of the sentence of death as punishment, but may instead sentence the defendant to life in the Nevada State Prison with or without the possibility of parole or a term of 50 years in the Nevada State Prison.

Counsel, you may continue to inquire.

MR. BOSLER: Your Honor, I think we would need to approach the bench one more time.

THE COURT: Okay.

(Whereupon, a bench conference was held among Court and counsel as follows:)
MR. BOSLER: I guess this would be an

appropriate time to also instruct them about the weapons enhancement, that all those penalties would be doubled if they were to find the use of a deadly weapon, and how that would affect their view of the years. The term of years is now 40 to a hundred instead of 50 to a hundred.

MR. STANTON: This is not the time to do it now, Your Honor.

THE COURT: We can handle that I think at the end. It is just whether or not you double a death penalty, you double the death penalty. It's not going to make a

difference.

MR. BOSLER: For people considering the term of years, it would make a difference.

MR. GREGORY: Judge, if we are going to instruct on the potential sentence, we would like them properly instructed so that they know that they find that a deadly weapon was used, which they will find in this case, that it is a doubling of the sentence.

And I apologize to the Court. The Court's secretary only gave one copy to us, and with Mr. Vanisi in between, and had I looked at it, I would have brought it up earlier. I'm sorry.

MR. GAMMICK: This is just voir dire, what is their opinion how they feel about the death penalty. That is all we are questioning them about. If we are going to do a full-blown penalty phase at this time, we will redo everything we have been trying to do.

MR. GREGORY: We have started it. Let's do it right.

MR. STANTON: It is not a question of doing it right or not. The issue we're addressing here is whether or not they are Whitt or Witherspoon death and life qualifying the jury. The issue of doubling up for weapons enhancement isn't going to answer the question.

MR. GREGORY: We got into the other penalties.

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Since we did that, let's make it clear.

THE COURT: But I can't. I have to get into the other penalties. I can't tell them that death is the only option. I have to be accurate.

I don't think it's a problem not to instruct on the deadly weapon. And I don't think it's going to be error. So I'm going to deny your request.

MR. BOSLER: Your Honor, I think that my position is that their ability to consider other potential penalties, which would be penalties that are doubled for weapons enhancement, is also part of the analysis of Witherspoon, Whitt. So for that reason, we would ask you to instruct

THE COURT: If somebody says, I don't think that 20 years is enough in prison, and therefore, I'm going so go with death, that may become relevant, but I don't see it.

MR. BOSLER: I don't know what they are thinking in their minds. We just note an objection for the record. That is fine.

MR. STANTON: Your Honor, the question is whether or not that life or death qualifying a jury, and what they are doing now is arguing what should be done at the penalty phase.

THE COURT: I'm going to deny the request.

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1	(Whereupon, the following proceedings were held
2	in open court, in the presence of the jury panel.)
3	
4	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler, go ahead and inquire.
5	MR. BOSLER: Good morning, ladies and
6	gentlemen.
7	THE PROSPECTIVE JURY: Good morning.
8	MR. BOSLER: Did everybody kind of understand
9	what the judge said earlier about the instructions, how the
10	system works?
11	Miss Ziler, we kind of left off yesterday with
12	an issue still kind of pregnant. The way things work, the
13	only time you would consider death is if you actually found
14	a murder was a first degree murder. Are you comfortable
15	with that concept?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
17	MR. BOSLER: I understand from your answers
18	yesterday that in that situation, where you found that first
19	degree murder, for you, you feel that if it's first degree
20	murder, the death penalty is warranted.
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	MR. BOSLER: And since we got a chance to talk
23	about it for a little while now, I get the impression that
24	is kind of a personal recent decision you have made?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not that recent, no.
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MR. BOSLER: Is this decision that is personal to you based upon your moral stance on these type -- on this particular issue?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: That being said, is there anything that I could tell you about the defendant that would change that view? If you found that he was guilty of first degree murder or found a person was guilty of first degree murder, is there anything I could tell you about that person that would change your view?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If you told me they were the victim of an assault and the deceased was the assaultee, that would be circumstances that put a different light on it.

MR. BOSLER: So if it was a self-defense situation, one person ended up dying --

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: Again, these are legal subtleties.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: If I told you that wouldn't be the type of case that would be a first degree murder case, and we went back to the first degree murder case, premeditated murder, not one having defense, self-defense, defense of another person, is there anything then that I could tell you about a person that you would say, Well, this person doesn't

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1	deserve death?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I can't honestly say yes
3	or no to that one.
4	MR. BOSLER: You realize my problem.
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You would have to tell
6	me, and I would make a judgment at that time. But not
7	knowing, I can't say.
8	MR. BOSLER: That's fair. I appreciate your
9	telling me that.
10	What would you would it matter to you if
11	there was a mental illness involved, the person who
12	committed the crime was suffering from a mental illness?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, but if they were
14	suffering from mental illness, would they still be held
15	what is that? competent to stand trial?
16	MR. BOSLER: Assume that they would, yes.
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That would be a different
18	light, yes.
19	MR. BOSLER: Why is that important, in your
20	analysis?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Because it might be
22	premeditated, but maybe their logic is out of whack. A
23	mental incapacity to make a rational judgment.
24	MR. BOSLER: That's fair. Have you had any

experience with people who were suffering from mental

1	illnesses or mental defects, in your own life?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
3	MR. BOSLER: Does that affect the way you look
4	at that issue, that mitigation?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think so. They
6	weren't affected violently. They were not inflicting pain
7	on themselves or anybody else.
8	MR. BOSLER: And if you could, I don't mean
9	to
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, that's fine.
11	MR. BOSLER: intrude, if you could tell me
12	these people that you knew. Family, friends?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, family.
14	MR. BOSLER: What about something like use of
15	alcohol or drugs at the time the murder is committed? How
16	would that weigh upon your view of a penalty?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think that that
18	would affect anything, because it's a conscious choice to
19	take drugs and alcohol.
20	MR. BOSLER: I agree with that.
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: So I would still hold
22	them accountable for whatever they did under the influence.
23	MR. BOSLER: Do you have any experience of
24	whether you have had to, maybe not in your normal manner,
25	under the influence of alcohol or known somebody who
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, look at me when I'm
2	not taking my hormones. It actually causes an imbalance,
3	and I can be a little flaky. Don't injure anybody but
4	MR. BOSLER: I appreciate you sharing that.
5	How about somebody who maybe didn't have any experience with
6	alcohol and drugs and the effect was a little bit stronger
7	on them? Would that play into your analysis?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Possibly.
9	MR. BOSLER: Can you tell me why it is a
10	difference now?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If it were like the first
12	time getting drunk, it might, but there's so much
13	information out there of the hazards of substance abuse,
14	that's still a conscious choice on their part to do it
1 5	anyway.
16	MR. BOSLER: So for someone who I think drank
17	before, gets drunk before, to you that's not really a
18	mitigating factor because they have had an experience with
19	alcohol?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, and I'd probably
21	still feel the same way if it were my son or daughter. They
22	know the hazards. If they make the conscious choice, they
23	need to pay the consequences, whatever that may be.
24	MR. BOSLER: What about something like a person
25	who commits a first degree murder but has really no other
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1	Criminal history, has not been in trouble with the law? How
2	does that weigh on your decision of what type of penalty
3	they should face?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If it still comes out
5	that it is a first degree premeditated?
6	MR. BOSLER: That's what we're talking about.
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think that would
8	change my opinion.
9	MR. BOSLÉR: If you could, why would a lack of
10	criminal history not be an important factor for you?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Because chances are that
12	there is a history, that it's just never shown up, never
13	been caught before.
14	MR. BOSLER: It's a chance we have all done
15	something, we have never been caught.
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: This is correct. This
17	may be the first time somebody has gotten caught for it.
18	Wife beaters do it for years before they get caught. So
19	there may be no criminal history, but that doesn't mean that
20	there hasn't been a crime committed.
21	MR. BOSLER: Fair enough. I think we got those
22	facts out in this little jury pool, sometimes those events
23	happen and no one ever finds out about it. But if you were
24	given something, instruction by the Court that you are not
25	supposed to speculate on whether people have done things,

never got caught for it, but simply look at it like you have heard before, the evidence presented in court, and you don't find significant criminal history, are you still saying — and I know this is a long question — are you still saying that doesn't figure in your analysis? Because you know that they may have done something and have not been caught, you don't really care about that issue?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The way I feel at the moment, no, it wouldn't make a difference. But I have never been in the situation, so I can't honestly tell you that I wouldn't change my mind.

MR. BOSLER: All right. So if I put you in that situation right now, what you're saying is that you'd have to wait and see what kind of evidence came forward before you'd decide?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, I think I would.

But the way I feel personally, it wouldn't weigh. Something may come out during the trial that maybe I might change my thinking a bit.

MR. BOSLER: You make things very difficult for the lawyers if you say that. Because it's really your personal feelings, everybody's personal feelings. That is all that matters. There is no right answer, wrong answer.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.

MR. BOSLER: If you have personal feelings that

1 maybe say that you know Miss Smith, Mr. Brown, they are not 2 good jurors in a capital case, so be it. There is other 3 jury trials, other things you can do. What I'm trying to 4 get at is those personal feelings because I need to get some 5 ideas. 6 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm pretty hard line. 7 MR. BOSLER: Miss Ziler, if you were given 8 information as to lack of significant criminal history, the 9 way you think --10 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm sorry? 11 MR. BOSLER: If you are given information about 12 a lack of a significant criminal history, as you sit now, 13 with your personal makeup, everything that's happened to 14 you, your life experiences, you don't think that's something you would consider as a mitigating factor? 15 16 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That would be difficult 17 to do. 18 MR. BOSLER: And why? A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, you can't unlearn 19 20 experience. 21 MR. BOSLER: I agree. 22 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: So it would be difficult 23 to not realize in the back of your mind that this is still 24 possible. There is that little voice that is going to be

talking to you. How well you can ignore it is a different

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1	story.
2	MR. BOSLER: How well do you think you could
3	ignore it, unlearn it?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't honestly know.
5	MR. BOSLER: Well, if you could, think about
6	it, and I got some other jurors to talk to. I would like to
7	visit with you again about this issue if you don't mind.
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That's fine.
9	MR. BOSLER: Miss Patch, I see you back there.
10	You worked for the Sheriff's Department for a little while?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	MR. BOSLER: Your husband is currently a deputy
13	sheriff?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
15	MR. BOSLER: I kind of fear, I have this
16	feeling that in a case involving the death of a police
17	officer, that that would affect your, not only view of the
18	trial, but would affect your view of what penalty would be
19	appropriate. What do you think about that?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I disagree with you.
21	MR. BOSLER: And why do you disagree?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Because I want to be able
23	to look at the evidence and base it on the facts of the case
24	and go from there, with law in mind.
25	MR. BOSLER: Hopefully
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: What's right and wrong.
2	The whole case, all the evidence, not just I mean, my
3	husband is not here. He's not telling me what to think. He
4	never does. What else do you want to know?
5	MR. BOSLER: Well, you have heard another
6	person say, this other person has a relation to the law
7	enforcement, and that person said, you know, I can't put it
8	out of my mind, that because my relation does this type of
9	work, I see them in the same situation, and that is always
10	going to be churning in my mind when I sit on this type of
11	case. Do you feel the same way or different?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Different, It could
13	happen to anybody, but anything can happen to anybody at any
14	given day. We don't know when
15	MR. BOSLER: Unfortunately, that is true.
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: we're going to go.
17	MR. BOSLER: So you don't share those feelings
18	that that other person had?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not in that way, no.
20	MR. BOSLER: You wrote in your questionnaire
21	that you have neutral your stance is neutral on the death
22	penalty.
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	MR. BOSLER: Is that an accurate statement?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
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1	MR. BOSLER: What about an offense we're
2	talking first degree murder now, a case where you found it
3	was first degree murder, premeditated, and this person not
4	only killed a police officer like we spoke about, but had
5	done it in the commission of another crime? What type of
6	punishment do you think would be appropriate under those
7	circumstances?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If he was involved in a
9	crime and somebody I don't see it as being premeditated
10	exactly. You would have to prove that it was, he knew he
11	was going to also kill somebody at the time that he was
12	committing that crime.
13	MR. BOSLER: Assume that the reason the person
14	is killed is in order to complete the crime. So in that
15	sense, there's a level of premeditation or design.
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's a level. It's not
17	quite the same, I don't think, as setting out to actually
18	kill somebody and do the crime, you know, complete a
19	different crime.
20	MR. BOSLER: So under those circumstances, am I
21	correct in assuming you would think of other types of
22	penalties other than death?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	MR. BOSLER: If you could - and I apologize for
25	kind of like a law school analysis; this is what they teach
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1	us in law school - further assume that you have this offense
2	when an officer is killed, allegedly in the commission of
3	another crime, and that the officer was targeted for this
4	event because of his perceived color or his perceived
5	national origin. How does that affect your analysis?
6	MR. STANTON: Your Honor, I object to the form
7	of the question. Counsel is now interjecting facts of the
8	case, and I believe it is an improper question because he is
9	asking for what this juror will decide in the penalty phase
10	without hearing any of the evidence.
11	THE COURT: I'm going to sustain the objection.
12	I don't think it is necessary to delve into her
13	predisposition one way or another with regard to death.
14	MR. BOSLER: That is a pretty general
15	statement, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: Well, I don't want to get into a
17	lot unless you want to approach the bench and we can have a
18	discussion about it. But I don't think I'm going to
19	sustain the objection. If you want more of a discussion,
20	you can approach the bench.
21	MR. BOSLER: That is probably going to be
22	necessary, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Okay. Approach.
24	(Whereupon, a bench conference was held among
25	Court and counsel as follows:)

MR. BOSLER: Your Honor, I think we kind of had this discussion earlier, that the view of statutory aggravators and potential mitigators is clearly what Morgan vs. Illinois says is necessary for life-qualification of a jury. And we had this discussion where you asked me what type of aggravators I was going to talk about. I said the ones that are alleged, because otherwise it does not make any sense for me to talk about aggravators in general.

If someone tells me based upon the four aggravators, they would always vote for the death penalty, then they are *Morgan* excludable. I can't see how I reach that point without asking them about the four aggravators.

MR. STANTON: Well, first of all, that's — unless counsel can cite to a more specific portion of that case, that case doesn't stand for the proposition that he's stating. First of all, it has never been held that during a voir dire selection in a capital case, that counsel can ask whether or not all the aggravators that exist in the case, would you vote for the death penalty. Because the big question is nonsensical. Of course they could because that is what the law allows them to do.

In addition, the question that has not been put in context is whether a consideration of all the evidence, the mitigation and the aggravation of the evidence that's presented to them, then would they fairly consider death or

1 life, all the sentencing options. That's the appropriate 2 question that the law allows to life and death qualify. 3 The form of the question is what's objectionable, Mr. Bosler, the way he's doing it. You can't 4 5 ask them: In this case, if you found that he had killed a 6 police officer, in the commission of a robbery, because he ٠7 was white, would you vote for the death penalty? That's an 8 unfair question. 9 THE COURT: I sustained it because of the form 10 of the question. (Whereupon, the following proceedings were held 11 in open court, in the presence of the jury.) 12 I apologize, Miss Patch. 13 MR. BOSLER: You have 14 heard the Court instruct you earlier that death is never 15 required under the law. 16 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right. 17 MR. BOSLER: No matter how many aggravators you found, even if you found nothing that mitigated the offense, 18 you can still say, I'm not going to vote for death. Do you 19 20 understand that? 21 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right. MR. BOSLER: And when I pose these questions, 22 do you understand that there is still the possibility of 23 24 mitigation coming into evidence?

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Yes.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR:

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MR. BOSLER: Maybe I could pose a question a
different way. Assume that everything I told you was true
about the events of the murder. Is there things in your
mind that would mitigate any potential sentence and put an
idea in your mind, no, this person deserves a sentence of
less than death?
A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Can you repeat the
question?
MR. BOSLER: We have already talked about a
fact circumstance where murder is committed under certain
other things happened during the murder. In your mind, can
you think of facts that would be presented that would tell
you even though all this stuff is happening, that the
offense is mitigated, it is lessened, there is a reason for
a lesser penalty? I talked to
THE COURT: That's a question mark; right?
MP ROSIED: Tust to holp hor a little hit I

ark; right? Just to help her a little bit, I talked to Miss Ziler about that.

THE COURT: I'm getting confused. So if that's the question, let's give her a chance to answer it, and if she doesn't answer it, you can elaborate further.

Did you understand what his question was? A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think I do. If there is other mitigating factors in the case and where he could be sentenced to one of the three sentences, would I consider

1	any of the others other than the death sentence? Yes.
2	MR. BOSLER: And my next question is
3	THE COURT: Your answer was what?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My answer is yes.
5	MR. BOSLER: What type of things would you want
6	to hear?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: What type of things?
8	MR. STANTON: Objection, Your Honor. That is
9	an improper question.
10	THE COURT: Sustained.
11	MR. BOSLER: Where we left off, a lack of
12	significant criminal history, would that be something you'd
13	consider?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
1 5	MR. BOSLER: How about a person who is
16	suffering from some mental illness, mental defect?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	MR. BOSLER: And why do you think those two
19	things are important?
20	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler, I don't think if she
21	answers negatively, I'll let you inquire, but she says
22	she'll consider it. I think that is sufficient for your
23	determination at this stage. Certainly sufficient for my
24	determination.
25	MR. BOSLER: Your Honor, seeing as I'm going to
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1	pick the people from the jury, I think that I'm asking
2	really the basis for her opinion.
3	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler, you're gone.
4	MR. BOSLER: I'll note an objection for the
5	record, not allowing me sufficient voir dire.
6	THE COURT: It is noted.
7	MR. BOSLER: You talked about I believe it was
8	the mental illness, lack of criminal history, drug and
9	alcohol usage. Is that something you'd consider as
10	mitigating or aggravating in this type of event?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mitigating.
12	MR. BOSLER: And why? You seem to have some
13	trouble with that issue.
14	MR. STANTON: Your Honor, I'm going to object
15	again. The statutory definition of aggravating factors and
16	mitigating factors is already determined by the Legislature
1 7	of this state.
18	THE COURT: I don't want speaking objections.
19	Counsel approach, please.
20	(Whereupon, a bench conference was held among Court and counsel as follows:)
21	
22	MR. STANTON: Once again, Your Honor, I object
23	to the form of the question. Counsel is attempting to
24	indoctrinate this jury in making a commitment to what they
25	believe are mitigating evidence, which is improper, number
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one; number two, what would they consider to be mitigating evidence in this case. The objection is to the form of the question and attempting to indoctrinate the jury to some commitment in the case.

MR. BOSLER: And I totally disagree, Your
Honor. I'm only asking if they would consider it, not that
they are going to bind themselves one way or the other; and
in fact, intoxication is a defense under Nevada law and
should be considered as mitigation. If a juror says, I
would always consider intoxication as an aggravator, I think
I have a valid basis to try and exclude that juror. Unless
I ask them how they feel about it, I'll never know that
issue.

MR. STANTON: If I'm reading his statement correctly, intoxication is a defense under Nevada law and should be considered as mitigation. What is the legal basis for that statement?

MR. BOSLER: Well, something that is a defense shouldn't be considered as an aggravator. Common sense.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Bosler, I think we have a difference of opinion, a strong difference of opinion of what is appropriate questioning and what is not. I'm going to sustain the State's objection.

If a juror answers a question that I will not consider as mitigation, something that you want them to

consider, I will reconsider if you approach the bench and tell me why you think you should be allowed to inquire further. Otherwise I'll not allow the inquiry as it is going now.

I sustained two objections. You have argued with me on the reconsider.

I sustained two objections. You have argued with me at the bench, you have argued with me on the record, and I'm encouraging you not to argue with me on the record in front of the jury.

MR. BOSLER: All right.

THE COURT: If you want to approach, you have an opportunity to approach. We'll have every discussion on the record. But do not argue with me in front of the jury. It is not in your client's best interests.

MR. BOSLER: Your Honor, if I might. Will the Court give me some guidance then? Am I allowed to talk about aggravators and mitigators, or no?

THE COURT: The aggravators, the only aggravators that may be considered are the ones that I read. If you want to ask a question: Are you going to consider other things in aggravation, beyond what the Court has instructed you you can consider, you can ask that question. And then we'll see what goes.

But you are going way beyond what is appropriate. And the form of your question continually is inappropriate. It's very difficult for me to preguess, but

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what you are doing is you are saying to me, Judge, tell me what I can say and can't say in vague terms, and then we tell you you can do it and then you form the question inappropriately.

You can't ask this jury to prejudge the case. You can't require them to make a determination without any facts as to what the potential penalty is that they are going to vote for. You may qualify them as jurors in this case in a manner that you may exclude people who will never consider mitigation of any kind and will always vote for the death penalty. That's the purpose of this inquiry. And you have to keep your questions in that regard.

MR. BOSLER: All right. And I'd like the record to reflect I have always used the word "consider" when I have asked jurors both about aggravation and mitigation. So I'm not asking them to commit.

MR. STANTON: Mr. Bosler, -- and I'm directing these comments to the Court -- the appropriate questions regarding mitigation, there are the ones that are specifically articulated in the statute. So counsel could ask a question, these are -- and you can even pick out which ones you think are relevant in this case -- these are mitigation evidence. Would you consider them as evidence in the sentencing phase?

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1	statute, any other case, you can ask the question: Would
2	you consider other things besides the ones I have just given
3	you in mitigation in determining a sentence. That is the
4	proper question. Not asking them: What do you consider
5	mitigation?
6	THE COURT: I agree with Mr. Bosler.
7	MR. BOSLER: You agree with Mr. Stanton. You
8	said "Mr. Bosler."
9	THE COURT: Mr. Stanton.
10	MR. BOSLER: I knew better.
11	THE COURT: I agree with you occasionally,
12	Mr. Bosler.
13	(Whereupon, the following proceedings were held in open court, in the presence of the jury.)
14	in open court, in the presence of the jury.)
1 5	THE COURT: Objection is sustained.
16	MR. BOSLER: Miss Patch, we have heard some
17	discussion about aggravators, mitigators, mitigators like
18	lack of criminal history, a mitigator by statute, someone
19	suffering from a severe mental defect or illness.
20	Is there any other factors that you would
21	consider as factors that would mitigate a first degree
22	murder to the extent the death penalty wouldn't be
23	warranted?
24	MR. STANTON: Objection for the reasons stated
25	at side bar.

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THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. BOSLER: Miss Patch, if you consider a first degree murder with the aggravators I listed - you have heard the Court mention them - a first degree murder that is committed in the course of a robbery; a first degree murder that is committed upon a police officer, upon someone who the other person should know is a peace officer; a first degree murder is committed upon a person because of their perceived race or national origin; and a first degree murder that allegedly involves mutilation of the dead person, under those circumstances, are you still willing to consider a penalty less than death?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Weighing all the evidence, yes.

MR. BOSLER: Weighing all the evidence.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: Thank you very much, Miss Patch.

Mr. Kennedy, you say that you attended Officer Sullivan's funeral as part of the honor guard?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.

MR. BOSLER: Were you invited or did you

volunteer?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I belong to the honor quard for the fire department, and we always as a group collectively attend funerals of police officers and the fire

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department.

MR. BOSLER: When the call comes in, the honor guard reports to whatever event?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: How long have you belonged to that honor quard?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Six years.

MR. BOSLER: Do you have friends who knew Officer Sullivan?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Acquaintances, other fire fighters that knew him from one of the other fire departments.

MR. BOSLER: Is this something you guys kind of discussed on your way to the funeral as the honor guard?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. We try to -- I think there was some fire fighters that went on that particular call that day, but we have a duty not to relinquish information about the call and try to keep that code of silence amongst ourselves.

MR. BOSLER: I didn't know that. How do you feel about, with your relationship with police officers, because they are kind of involved in your daily work and you know friends who may have known Mr. Sullivan, how do you feel about judging a case where his death is the issue and someone else's life may ultimately be an issue?

1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I feel comfortable with
2	it.
3	MR. BOSLER: And why is that?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You know, just in my
5	profession, I have to deal with a lot of life and death
6	situations as it is; and you know, it's just something I'm
7	trying to do, and I just feel comfortable being put in that
8	position.
9	MR. BOSLER: So you think you have a little bit
10	more professional preparation for this type of thing?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	MR. BOSLER: Same question to you. In a type
13	of case, a first degree murder case, where you find that the
14	killing was done with those four statutory aggravators
15	I'll say them again if you need me to, otherwise I'll try to
16	save some time you find those four statutory aggravators,
17	can you consider would there be any information that
18	would help you let me rephrase it some way that is not
19	going to raise an objection.
20	Would you consider a sentence less than death
21	even if you found those four aggravators?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
23	MR. BOSLER: Would things like the mental state
24	of the person who did the murder, would that be important?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I think it's
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1	critical information. I'd have to hear it, but again, I
2	deal with people that are mentally ill quite a bit.
3	MR. BOSLER: Drug and alcohol usage?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Everything you can
5	imagine.
6	MR. BOSLER: So pretty much everything could be
7	considered?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	MR. BOSLER: But you are willing to sort that
10	stuff out to decide what role it plays?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	MR. BOSLER: Let's talk about your special
13	experiences as a fire fighter. I guess you have occasion to
14	deal with intoxicated people?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. Like I said,
16	everything, intoxicated people, people taking drugs, violent
17	crimes. 90 percent of our calls are medical emergencies.
18	MR. BOSLER: Does the fire department I
1 9	imagine they give you some special training in like dealing
20	with people who are on drugs or alcohol and learning how to
21	recognize those symptoms?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
23	MR. BOSLER: Do you think that kind of gives
24	you a special life experience to draw from in this type of
25	case?

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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
2	MR. BOSLER: If I could, Shaylene, getting back
3	to you, you have heard some of the earlier questions; right?
4	I know that you especially have familial legal
5	relationships, people involved in law enforcement. And you
6	earlier expressed that I think the word was, I used it,
7	pushed you towards death and kind of figured in your
8	analysis.
9	In a case - and this is a first degree murder
10	case - in a case where you found that it is not only first
11	degree murder but it is the murder of a police officer, do
12	you think the appropriate penalty is death?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
14	MR. BOSLER: And why, if you could?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Consequences for your
16	actions.
17	MR. BOSLER: Is it an eye for an eye or just
18	this is the first degree murder and police officer idea?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: All of it.
20	MR. BOSLER: And how long have you felt this
21	way?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Since I was an adult,
23	since I was old enough to figure things out.
24	MR. BOSLER: And you are still pretty young, to
25	me. If you tell me how long that's been.

me. If you tell me how long that's been.

1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know. Fifteen
2	years, I guess.
3	MR. BOSLER: Fifteen years? Is this something
4	you have given a certain amount of thought?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
6	MR. BOSLER: And a reasoned moral decision you
7	have made, this is the way you look at life?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	MR. BOSLER: That being said, can you think of
10	anything that I could tell you or that could be presented in
11	a first degree murder of a police officer that would
12	convince you to impose a sentence of less than death?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
14	MR. BOSLER: This is also taking into
15	consideration the Judge told you several times she is going
16	to instruct you how you are supposed to analyze things, how
17	you are supposed to weigh aggravators, mitigators, how you
18	are supposed to debate a little, all those things being
19	said, this is how you feel about first degree murder, police
20	officer involved? There is no right or wrong.
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	MR. BOSLER: I appreciate your honesty. I make
23	a challenge, Your Honor.
24	MR. STANTON: Counsel, can we have a side bar
25	so I can make a speaking objection?

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THE COURT: Okay.

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(Whereupon, a bench conference was held among Court and counsel as follows:)

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MR. STANTON: The State would traverse Mr. Bosler's motion for the following reasons. His question and the answer of the juror doesn't make her excludable. The basis of the juror finding that the death of a police officer in the performance of a duty is a statutory aggravator. She could find death penalty would be the verdict that she gives in this case is not in violation of

the law and certainly doesn't make her excludable under any

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MR. BOSLER: What she said, Your Honor, is under the circumstances she's not going to consider

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mitigation.

THE COURT: You didn't actually ask her if she would consider mitigation or if she would even look at mitigating factors and consider them. You asked her if she could think of anything that would change her mind. I think there is a difference. The jurors aren't responsible for putting on your client's case in voir dire.

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21 MR. BOSLER: So can I now ask her about

Supreme Court decision that I'm aware of.

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mitigation?

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THE COURT: Well, there's never been a question that you couldn't ask. Would you consider? As Mr. Stanton

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told you, and I agreed, you can go through mitigation that is allowed by statute. You can say, would you consider, would you look at this? It doesn't matter what the result

If it's okay with the Court, if the questioning goes where I think it's going, I'm going to ask to ask specific questions of this juror and I'll --

I'll let you do that right now because he made the motion and you are traversing it.

> (Whereupon, the following proceedings were held in open court, in the presence of the jury

THE COURT: Mr. Stanton, you may inquire.

MR. STANTON: Thank you, Your Honor.

Miss Grate, counsel's question about an aggravator about killing a police officer, you all know now as a matter of law in the State of Nevada that is an aggravating circumstance that permits the death penalty as being an option. The question ultimately that I want to question you about is whether or not the fact this case involves the murder of Sergeant Sullivan, whether that would close your mind as a juror in this case when you deliberate the penalty phase of this trial, would it close your mind to any other options or evidence pursuant to the Court's instruction that you follow?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, yeah. I mean, yes.

MR. STANTON: Yes, it would close your mind?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.

MR. STANTON: Let me ask you this. The process in a penalty phase is that the State, like in the guilt phase, bears the burden of proof; and in a capital murder case, it is a proof beyond a reasonable doubt that aggravating circumstances, four in this particular case. If the jury doesn't find beyond a reasonable doubt the State has proven any of the aggravators, death is not an option.

So the first decision is for the jury to determine whether or not aggravating circumstances have been proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and if it has, then they can go to the next stage in the analysis, and that is to determine whether or not any mitigating evidence exists.

Mr. Bosler has mentioned some of those.

After that, the jury must determine whether or not the aggravating factors outweigh the mitigating factors, if any, in this case. Only if the aggravating factors outweigh the mitigating is death an option.

The next stage is considering all that, you are now at the point, assuming this hypothetical, the jury has found aggravating circumstances, found them beyond a reasonable doubt and they outweigh the mitigating, the next analysis comes, and that is the jury can still decide any of

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the punishments, four in this case, that are available. Death is never required to be found.

So the question now, Miss Grate, is knowing a little bit more how this process goes -- Mr. Bosler asked you the question about death of a police officer. Is it your opinion of your personality and character - and I understand that you have relations with law enforcement that if you were a juror back in there, you'd say, I'm sorry, he killed a police officer, that's the end of the hunt and in my mind there is only one punishment and that is the death penalty, because, and for no other reason, he killed a police officer? Is that how you would deliberate?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, if all the aggravating circumstances were more?

MR. STANTON: No, I want to focus strictly now on your view about law enforcement and the fact that a police officer was killed. Are you the type of person that, looking inside yourself, that if you were back in that jury room deliberating the punishment in this case, that you would sit there and say, Look, he killed a police officer, that is the end of the hunt, I'm not going to listen to any other evidence, I'm not going to listen to the instructions of law, that's it for me?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Honestly, I have to say yeah, because of how I feel.

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MR. STANTON: You would not consider or keep an open mind regarding other evidence, and more importantly, the instructions of law?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, yeah, I would keep an open mind, the evidence and the instructions of law, but that's my nature to go towards the death penalty. That's just my --

MR. STANTON: I understand that. The one thing that counsel, myself and Mr. Bosler cannot do is try and get a commitment from you right now as to what you are going to do in this case. The question is: Can you keep an open mind?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. STANTON: Whether the fact that you may be leaning towards a particular punishment one way or another, the death penalty or life. Obviously, if the only aggravator was killing a police officer, that could be a death penalty case.

So in this case it's not whether it leans you towards it, but the more — the crucial inquiry is whether or not you will shut your mind out to consider other evidence, and more importantly, whether or not you would shut your mind to the instructions of law, that is that requires you to consider other evidence.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I wouldn't shut my

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1	mind to the law, and I would definitely keep an open mind to
2	the evidence.
3	MR. STANTON: Thank you. For those reasons, I
4	would traverse Mr. Bosler's motion.
5	THE COURT: You may continue your inquiry. At
6	this time, your motion is denied.
7	MR. BOSLER: Miss Grate, if you could, killing
8	a police officer, what when would you think that the
9	death penalty was inappropriate for killing a police
10	officer?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Was not appropriate?
12	MR. BOSLER: Yes.
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Never. I mean, that's of
14	anyone really, not just a police officer. Of course, I
15	don't have all the facts yet, you know.
16	MR. BOSLER: I appreciate you saying that you
17	want to reserve your decision until you get those facts.
18	But in a certain way, we need to have a little information
19	before that happens. If I'm hearing you correctly, I
20	thought that you had said that it's killing a police
21	officer, for you it is a death penalty case.
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: In this case.
23	MR. BOSLER: In this case? Why do you say
24	that?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Just from, like I said,
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the limited information that I have. What he said about
keeping your open mind, you know. Like I said, I don't have
the big picture yet. But from what I know right at this
moment, that's where I stand.
MR. BOSLER: All right. Fair enough. And
maybe I'll get a chance to ask you about what you know in a
little while.

It kind of brings me back to ground one. You have killing of a police officer, this case. Let's assume a hypothetical case.

A person kills a police officer. Later it is shown in this hypothetical case that the murder was committed in the course of a robbery, taking of property, and the murder was committed because of the murderer's perceived, the way he perceived the victim because of his race or national origin. We have another factor in this hypothetical case that the body of the deceased is damaged to the extent that it was torture or mutilation.

Those circumstances, is there a situation where you would consider a penalty of less than death?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'd have to say no.

MR. BOSLER: All right. And I know that you are trying to be open-minded as you sit here. You are trying to be fair. You are trying to be unbiased.

Knowing that those things are supposed to

1	happen, you are supposed to be open-minded, the Court is
2	going to instruct you, do you honestly feel that you would
3	actually consider a penalty of less than death under those
4	circumstances?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Under those, what you
6	just gave me right now?
7	MR. BOSLER: Those four circumstances.
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I could not.
9	MR. BOSLER: Let me go to the next step. Is
10	there information I could give you if you found this first
11	degree murder, those four circumstances, is there
12	information I could give you that would make you think,
13	well, hold on, even though I find these four aggravating
14	circumstances, there is something that lessens this offense
15	and I can consider a different penalty?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know what that
17	would be.
18	MR. BOSLER: Something like if there was a
19	mental defect or mental illness.
20	MR. STANTON: Your Honor, I object for the
21	reasons stated at side bar.
22	THE COURT: Sustained.
23	MR. BOSLER: If there was a statutory mitigator
24	that said you can consider lack of criminal history of a
25	person, in determining a punishment, is that something you'd

1	consider in this fact pattern with these four aggravators?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: But they still committed
3	the murder.
4	MR. BOSLER: In this situation, yes.
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It still happened.
6	MR. BOSLER: In this situation, yes.
7	MR. STANTON: Your Honor, I object to the form
8	of the question. Same reasons stated at side bar.
9	THE COURT: We use certain words differently
10	than what people may put the common meaning to. So I don't
11	know what the question is. The way the question was formed
12	from a legal sense, we are asking if you will consider, look
13	at, think about, this mitigator.
14	If you look at it as a common layperson might
15	look at this question, the form of it seems to be implying
16	what will you do, what will your decision be.
17	Mr. Bosler may not ask you what your decision
18	will be. You may not make a decision. I tell you at every
19	break, you may not form or express a decision, an ultimate
20	opinion as to the decision that will be reached.
21	But his question is appropriate if it's
22	understood that he's asking you: Will you look at this,
23	will you consider it? Not what your decision will be, but
24	will you look at it?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
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1	THE COURT: So if that's the way and meaning of
2	the question, I will allow the juror to answer.
3	MR. BOSLER: Objection overruled?
4	THE COURT: It's sustained sort of and
5	overruled sort of.
6	MR. BOSLER: Thank you, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: You are welcome.
8	Did you understand the question?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, and yes, I would
10	look at the information. It's not like I would close my
11	mind and not look at anything. Obviously I need to make an
12	informed decision when I do make a decision.
13	MR. BOSLER: Would you consider mental illness?
14	I got to that question because of the objection.
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You said, would I look at
16	it?
17	MR. BOSLER: Consider it, look at it.
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
19	MR. BOSLER: Would you consider whether what
20	other factors? I can probably list 50 things that I would
21	offer you. What other things would you consider?
22	MR. STANTON: Objection, improper question.
23	THE COURT: Sustained. You can ask her
24	specific things you want to find out if she will look at.
25	You can't inquire of the jury to come up with their own
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ideas.

MR. BOSLER: Will the Court allow me then to pose things that would fall into nonstatutory mitigators?

THE COURT: If you have got something you think

you want the jury to think about.

MR. BOSLER: I'll lead a little bit more about the law.

We have this statute, this law that says these things are aggravating circumstances. If you find first degree murder, you find one or more of these aggravating circumstances, it can be a death penalty case.

Same book, couple pages later, says these things are statutory mitigators. If you find, the jury would find these things, it is a lesser burden of proof, these things could be considered as reasons to impose a penalty less than death. They are mitigators.

Also on that page, the very bottom, there is a number that says any other factor the jury may consider. So the law allows you to look at anything, in the whole world, that you think is something about Siaosi Vanisi, something about his childhood, his life, anything like that, that's something you can consider.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: So you understand now this weighing stuff. Something like whether Mr. Vanisi was or

1	what this person, hypothetical person, was strongly involved
2	in the church. Is that something you would consider?
3	MR. STANTON: Objection. The proper question
4	is whether or not they would consider other mitigating
5	evidence, not getting the juror to commit what is a
6	mitigating evidence. That is improper.
7	THE COURT: That's what we have said at all the
8	side bars, Mr. Bosler. She said already she'll consider
9	several mitigating
10	MR. BOSLER: Statutory mitigators.
11	THE COURT: Yes. So I don't understand where
12	you want to go here.
13	MR. BOSLER: I don't want to argue with the
14	Court. Can we approach?
15	THE COURT: If you are going to repeat what you
16	already told me, I will sustain the objection. If you have
17	something new, we will approach.
18	MR. BOSLER: I was going to ask for guidance
19	from the Court.
20	THE COURT: Approach.
21	(Whereupon, a bench conference was held among Court and counsel as follows:)
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23	MR. BOSLER: As I understand it, I can't ask a
24	vague question about, would you consider other things as
25	mitigation, nonstatutory mitigators, and I'm not allowed to
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_	pose to the juror things that I would believe would be
2	nonstatutory mitigators. And I'm just at a loss if I can't
3	pose the question: What would you consider, what things are
4	important to you that aren't statutory mitigators? and I
5	can't create them myself.
6	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler, you lost me.
7	MR. STANTON: I'd just like to say, Mr. Bosler,
8	did you attend the National Judicial College? I think
9	before we started this trial, you indicated that you
10	attended the National Judicial College seminar on the death
11	penalty; correct?
12	MR. BOSLER: Yes. Is this going to be an
13	insult?
14	MR. GREGORY: Is this going to get ugly here?
15	Quit cranking it up, David. Let me
16	MR. STANTON: We are, because I'm getting
17	pissed off because of him trying to indoctrinate the jury in
18	this case.
19	You know, the law is clear. You cannot get
20	jurors to commit what is mitigating evidence. So your
21	question was, the last question you posed: What in your
22	mind would be mitigating evidence? And then you say: Would
23	going to church be mitigating evidence? You can't do that.
24	MR. BOSLER: If I can't ask them to speculate
25	about what they would consider as mitigating evidence and

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then I'm also not allowed to ask them about things they may consider as nonstatutory mitigators, what can I ask?

MR. STANTON: The question you can ask, just like the State can ask, is: Would you consider mitigating evidence that's presented?

You have already told them that there is a statute that provides anything else can be considered mitigating evidence. Anything under the sun. So you ask the jury: Would that, as an instruction of law, would you consider all types of evidence in mitigation?

MR. BOSLER: This is where it gets more detail oriented. If I offer a nonstatutory mitigator as my client's --

THE COURT: The problem here is you want to find out from each of the jurors whether or not they will consider the mitigators that you want to put on. And that's where I think you are going, and you can't do that.

MR. BOSLER: It is a little bit more refined than that, Your Honor. I think if I was to in my case offer a nonstatutory mitigator and if a juror said, No, I'm not going to consider that as a mitigator, it is not important to me, then that would provide a basis for Mr. Vanisi to at least more intelligently exercise his peremptory challenges. I'm not just talking about Witherspoon. These are facts he may want to know to use his peremptory challenges. Maybe

that is where we're kind of not crossing lines here.

MR. STANTON: But the law doesn't permit you in exercising your peremptory challenge to inquire into anything that you may want. You may want to ask someone his political philosophy. That doesn't mean that gives you a legal right in voir dire to ask some questions about what their political philosophy to render your peremptory as more intelligent.

The law permits certain questions to be asked relative to the death penalty, and committing jurors to what is mitigating evidence is not one of them.

THE COURT: I think there are other ways to find out if people consider church important. But church is a very ticklish question, and religion is not a proper area unless it's -- it's very unusual that we go into people's religious preferences or anything like that.

MR. BOSLER: I'm not asking them their religious preferences.

THE COURT: I understand. But I think that the form of your question and it's couched in terms of mitigation is asking for a predisposition from the jury as to how they will rule and how they will vote in a verdict, and I'm not going to allow that. The objection is going to be sustained.

MR. GREGORY: I want to understand. So the

1	Court has indicated that specific aggravators can be
2	mentioned to the jury, but specific mitigators, even couched
3	in the terms of hypothetical, cannot.
4	THE COURT: I said that you could ask the
5	statutory mitigators. I already said that. I have allowed
6	you to ask the statutory mitigators. I will also allow you
7	to ask if they will consider any other mitigation evidence
8	that you present.
9	I will not allow you to ask the jury specific
10	questions as to things you want them to consider.
11	MR. BOSLER: Note my objection for the record.
12	MR. GREGORY: Thank you, Judge.
13	(Whereupon, the following proceedings were held in open court, in the presence of the jury
14	panel.)
15	
16	MR. BOSLER: Difficult process even for the
17	lawyers.
18	Miss Grate, in your questionnaire, you wrote
19	that you can't be fair, and I think that is the
20	questionnaire you got after you were told what case you were
21	going to be asked to be a juror on. You wrote that you
22	couldn't be fair. Do you remember saying that?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not really but okay. I
24	believe that I said it. Okay?
25	MR. BOSLER: What makes you think that you
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1	could be fair now? What in your mind has changed? Because
2	I know yesterday you said, Well, the more I sit here, the
3	less biased I become or something.
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The more information I
5	receive. I mean, the information I have is from what I have
6	seen on TV and what was in the questionnaire. So from that
7	information, obviously I'm going to have an opinion based on
8	that information.
9	MR. BOSLER: And why do you think now that a
10	week later you're more fair?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know that I am.
12	I know that there's more information being revealed that I
13	didn't know. And again, like I said, I can keep an open
14	mind as to information. When someone tells me something, I
15	can logically put it together and, you know, believe that
16	information.
17	MR. BOSLER: I don't mean to imply that you are
18	not going to be able to do that. If I could, I'll move on.
19	Miss Minassian, is that the correct
20	pronunciation?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, it is.
22	MR. BOSLER: You said in your questionnaire
23	that you strongly favor the death penalty.
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	MR. BOSLER: And why is that?

1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, in a rare instance.
2	That is probably the hardest question to answer, to be
3	honest with you. But I think in rare instances, yes.
4	MR. BOSLER: I couldn't hear.
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: In a rare instance, yes.
6	No remorse, something willfully done, absolutely.
7	MR. BOSLER: Remorse, and I'm sorry?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Someone is found guilty
9	of first degree murder, premeditated, preplanned, yes, I
10	believe in it.
11	MR. BOSLER: You believe in the death penalty?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
13	MR. BOSLER: Miss Minassian, you know we're
14	talking about first degree murder.
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
16	MR. BOSLER: So we're not talking about
17	self-defense, manslaughter, anything like that, drunken
18	driving accident, nothing like that. Are you telling me
19	if this is your opinion, that's fine are you telling me
20	that it's first degree murder, for you, you think the death
21	penalty is the appropriate penalty?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, I'd have to
23	consider all the evidence. I feel I can be open-minded to
24	evidence presented and follow the Court's instruction and
25	law.

1	MR. BOSLER: Those are the magic words. What
2	about a first degree murder where it's not only first degree
3	murder, not only premeditated murder, it is the murder
4	involving the killing of a police officer?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I still feel the same
6	way. I could weigh the evidence, follow the Court's
7	instruction and try to consider those factors.
8	MR. BOSLER: Unfortunately, it is three steps
9	further, the killing of a police officer, commission of a
10	robbery, due to perceived nationality, a mutilation of the
11	dead body. Does that change the way you feel about your
12	view of first degree murder and penalty?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
14	MR. BOSLER: Would you be willing to consider
1 5	in a hypothetical situation - I'm not asking you to commit -
16	in a hypothetical situation, will you consider evidence
17	regarding the mental health or whether the person involved
18	was suffering from mental illness?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I could consider
20	that.
21	MR. BOSLER: What about something like lack of
22	a significant criminal history?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would consider that
24	also.
25	MR. BOSLER: Something like the age of the
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1	defendant, youthful person as opposed to an older person?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would consider that
3	also.
4	MR. BOSLER: Use of alcohol, drugs, something
5	you would be willing to consider?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I'm willing to
7	consider that.
8	MR. BOSLER: So you are at least willing to
9	listen to other evidence?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Absolutely.
11	MR. BOSLER: Before you decide what punishment
12	is appropriate?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
14	MR. BOSLER: The concept that even if you found
15	all the aggravators and no mitigators, you would still have
16	an opportunity to vote for a penalty of less than death, do
17	you find that concept troubling?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
19	MR. BOSLER: Why is that?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, I would, like I
21	say, I'd like to consider all the evidence and the way it is
22	presented, following the Court's instruction, I feel I'm
23	able to do that. Be open-minded and try to do the right
24	thing.
25	MR. BOSLER: I appreciate you saying that.
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1	Thank you for your candor.
2	Mr. Grider, you strongly favor the death
3	penalty?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If the facts show that,
5	yes.
6	MR. BOSLER: You wrote some other information
7	on your questionnaire, and I didn't see you raise your hand
8	during a lot of the things that went on in court. You wrote
9	on your questionnaire that you knew Officer Sullivan?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I had met him on a few
11	occasions, yes.
12	MR. BOSLER: If you could, what type of
13	occasions were those?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: We do a lot of flooring
15	work up at the university, did a lot of night work so we
16	don't disturb classes during the day, and he comes around
17	and checks on the buildings to make sure everything is okay.
18	MR. BOSLER: Have you actually had words with
19	Mr. Sullivan?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
21	MR. BOSLER: Is there a reason why you didn't
22	raise your hand to let the judge know that you actually knew
23	one of the parties involved?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That question got
25	bypassed past me.
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1	MR. BOSLER: Well, having been involved at the
2	university and having at least some words with Mr. Sullivan,
3	how do you feel about sitting on a case where his death is
4	an issue and someone's life may be an issue, too, someone
5	else's life?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I just I knew him as a
7	person. It is not going to affect my decision on whether he
8	was an officer or somebody else. I don't know a lot about
9	him. I just talked to him job wise. I don't know his
10	personal demeanor.
11	MR. BOSLER: All right. How long have you been
12	strongly in favor of the death penalty?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: As long as I can
14	remember. If the facts show that it's that way, I go that
15	way. But I could consider a lesser charge also.
16	MR. BOSLER: I appreciate your honesty,
17	Mr. Grider.
18	So what you are telling me is that even though
19	you know Mr. Sullivan, and even in a case involving his
20	death, you feel you could be fair?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
22	MR. BOSLER: You also wrote something else on
23	your questionnaire that I have a concern about. You came
24	out and said I'm prejudiced against minorities.
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I am.
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1	MR. BOSLER: Do you remember saying that?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I do.
3	MR. BOSLER: Anything that you have changed
4	your mind about that statement?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If you remember my
6	explanation on that, it's because I feel like I'm a minority
7	anymore because everything is favored towards minorities.
8	MR. BOSLER: And you had a certain physical
9	altercation with a minor.
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I did.
11	MR. BOSLER: So you are saying that you still
12	feel this prejudice in your mind against minorities?
1 3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I do.
14	MR. BOSLER: Is there any particular minority
15	or all minorities?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Any particular. All of
1 7	them.
18	MR. BOSLER: All of them. All minorities. So
19	if I told you that Siaosi Vanisi is a minority, that he is a
20	Tongan, very small minority, even in our own community, I
21	guess it necessarily follows that you would be prejudiced.
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not towards my decision
23	based on the facts of the case.
24	MR. BOSLER: Can you explain that to me? You
25	are prejudiced towards all minorities, why is your prejudice
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1	less if he is charged with killing a white person?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm prejudiced about how
3	they are treated as to us, how they get all the breaks and
4	all that. I mean, there's all black colonies, there is no
5	white colonies.
6	That is how I'm prejudiced. I'm not prejudiced
7	against each and every minority as a person.
8	MR. BOSLER: So it is classes you are
9	prejudiced. What is your familiarity with Tongans?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Never had any.
11	MR. BOSLER: Never known anybody like that?
12	Nothing anything about their social history or cultural
13	history?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: (Shakes head negatively.)
15	MR. BOSLER: Ever met any Tongans at the
16	university?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I haven't.
18	MR. BOSLER: Does it concern you that based
19	upon your ideas I'm not saying they are wrong, we're all
20	entitled to our own opinions. That is what the United
21	States is about.
22	Does it concern you that after you wrote that,
23	I'm prejudiced against minorities, the defendant being a
24	minority, that the accused is someone you knew, at least
25	talked with who was white, you're saying race, does it

1	concern you that all of those things are going to be played
2	out in the next couple weeks?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, not at all. I would
4	listen to the facts and make a decision from there.
5	MR. BOSLER: All right. Thank you, Mr. Grider.
6	Miss Bell, if I could, you also wrote in your
7	questionnaire that you strongly favor the death penalty.
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
9	MR. BOSLER: How long have you had that?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: As long as I can
11	remember. Don't ask me my age.
12	MR. BOSLER: So safe to say it's more than five
13	years?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, that would be a safe
15	assumption.
16	MR. BOSLER: Have you discussed this with
17	members of your family, or with other people?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Through the years, yes.
19	MR. BOSLER: Has this always, since you can
20	remember, this has always been your view towards capital
21	punishment, you strongly favor it?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: As long as it's pretty
23	well cut and dried, there's no questions, there's no gray
24	area, there is no room for doubt, yes.
25	MR. BOSLER: And if you could explain gray
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areas. In the law there is gray areas.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm talking about like if somebody goes out, buys a gun, walks up, looks at you, doesn't like you and shoots you, just dead on the spot, and there's 50 witnesses that watched him do it.

MR. BOSLER: So in a case where there's no factual issues for you, I mean, if it was videotaped and things like that --

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would have to listen to the evidence and come up with my own.

MR. BOSLER: Well, let's get back to your hypothetical. You said we're talking about death penalty. You said in a situation where it's cut and dried, black and white, is that the type of case that you think is appropriate for the death penalty?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: And I don't want to belabor this. We're talking about first degree murder. That's the first thing going on. If you found beyond a reasonable doubt that someone was guilty of a first degree murder, do you think that that's the type of case the death penalty is warranted?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. But that doesn't mean I'm not open to other ideas or other suggestions.

Until I hear everything that's going on or until I know everything about the facts, I can't really make an opinion

or a statement.

MR. BOSLER: And I can't ask you a vague question. What if it is first degree murder involving again the death of a police officer?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would feel the same way if it was involving the death of a police officer or involving the death of you or involving the death of the gentleman next to me.

MR. BOSLER: And why is that?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Because I feel life is precious, and I think if someone is goes out and deliberately murders somebody, they deserve the death penalty.

MR. BOSLER: That is what I'm trying to get at.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think it has to
do with being a police officer or lawyer or judge or just

grocery store clerk.

MR. BOSLER: Attorney?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That, too. My boss, a teacher.

MR. BOSLER: I don't mean to make light of what's going on. I'm kind of at a loss because I hear you say that it is that intentional, deliberate, premeditated, you buy a gun, kill somebody type murder, it is a death penalty case. But then I hear you say, well, I'm not going

to stand by that because I want to say I can listen to other stuff. Do you see?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. If it's a first degree murder where the person deliberately goes out and does it, I believe it is a death penalty case. I'm not saying that I definitely would vote for the death penalty. I'm saying I would listen to the other options, weigh them against other circumstances that may or may not come out.

MR. BOSLER: Well, let's talk about a hypothetical situation. Hopefully the jurors can understand why I have to do this one person at a time.

Let's suppose this hypothetical situation, you have this premeditated, deliberate, willful, unlawful, first degree murder. You also have it is a murder committed upon a peace officer. You also have the officer was killed in the commission of a robbery. You also have that the officer was killed because of the defendant's perception about his race, origin, nationality. You also have this other thing about the body of the officer being damaged, mutilated in the killing. That type of case.

Is that not the type of case where you think that if all those things are happening, then automatically it is a death penalty case?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You have to prove that all those things are happening. I have to honestly believe

1	that all those things did in fact happen.
2	MR. BOSLER: And I can't ask you to commit, but
3	only to get your view of this. Putting in your mind those
4	things are satisfied, they have been proven.
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Then I would listen to
6	what the Judge instructed me to do.
7	MR. BOSLER: And follow the instructions?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh. Absolutely.
9	MR. BOSLER: Is there anything that I could
10	tell you if you found those things, if I advised you that
11	or you have this situation, this murder, all those
12	circumstances that I spoke of, if you heard evidence
1 3	involving a mental illness, mental defect in the accused,
14	would it be something you'd be willing to consider?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Absolutely.
16	MR. BOSLER: Consider a penalty less than
17	death?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
19	MR. BOSLER: How about something like this
20	accused has a lack of significant criminal history?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It would be something
22	that I would be open to listen to.
23	MR. BOSLER: Would it sway you one way or
24	another?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I can't say if it would
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Т	sway me one way or another. I can't answer that.
2	MR. BOSLER: How about use of alcohol or drugs?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Once again, I would have
4	an open mind and listen to what you presented to me and what
5	she says.
6	MR. BOSLER: Can you think, without telling me,
7	can you think of other things, other than the things I
8	mentioned, that in your mind you might consider is a reason
9	to judge somebody whether they live or die, that might be
10	considered by you as mitigation, without mentioning
11	anything?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
13	MR. BOSLER: That is as far as I can go.
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You didn't want to hear
15	that one, did you?
16	MR. BOSLER: If you can think of things, you
17	can consider them. That is what I want to know.
18	I'll move down.
19	Mr. Sheahan, you said that you knew one of the
20	officers we saw on the list?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I knew one of the
22	witnesses.
23	MR. BOSLER: One of the witnesses. Was it a
24	witness involved in law enforcement?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
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1	MR. BOSLER: I have taken a lot of notes. I
2	apologize if I misquoted you. You said you knew some
3	officers as part of your daily life?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I knew some officers,
5	yes.
6	MR. BOSLER: Still have a relation with them?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I do.
8	MR. BOSLER: Or contact?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I do.
10	MR. BOSLER: How well, how often?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Oh, my ex-brother-in-law
12	once or twice a year. My ex-wife's oldest sister's son I
13	see at Christmas, Easter, all the holidays.
14	MR. BOSLER: He is a police officer?
1 5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, Sparks policeman.
16	MR. BOSLER: How long has he been a police
17	officer?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Approximately five years.
19	MR. BOSLER: And do you guys talk about police
20	officer stuff when he comes to Christmas?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A little bit. Not that
22	much.
23	MR. BOSLER: You wrote in your questionnaire
24	that you favor the death penalty.
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I do.
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1	MR. BOSLER: And why?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I figure if he committed
3	the crime, he needs to serve.
4	MR. BOSLER: And I have to ask you to clarify
5	that a little bit. If you find a person has committed a
6	first degree murder, are you telling me that you believe
7	it's an eye-for-an-eye situation?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I do.
9	MR. BOSLER: How long have you felt this way?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Probably 20 years, 25
11	years.
12	MR. BOSLER: Have you discussed this opinion
13	with other people?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Family a little bit. Not
15	a lot.
16	MR. BOSLER: So you have publicly announced
17	this is the way you feel?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
19	THE COURT: I'm going to have you stop there
20	for the lunch hour.
21	MR. BOSLER: This is good.
22	THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen of the jury
23	panel, I'm going to have you come back at 1:00 o'clock, and
24	we'll continue the voir dire process. We will have to take
25	roll again when you come back from lunch, so please be sure
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1	that you are back here on time. As you remember yesterday,
2	we could not start without your presence. So we have to
3	have you here.
4	Remember the admonition that I have given you
5	at all the breaks. Yes.
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Can we leave our stuff
7	here?
8	THE COURT: You may leave everything right
9	where you have it, if you wish. Okay.
10	I'm going to ask that everyone remember the
11	admonition, but I am going to ask Miss Grate and Miss
12	O'Keefe to remain when everyone else leaves.
13	Ladies and gentlemen of the jury panel, during
14	this recess, remember the admonition. You may not form or
15	express any opinion about the ultimate outcome of this case.
16	You may not discuss the case among yourselves or with anyone
17	else, or any matter having to do with this case.
18	You may not allow anyone to attempt to
19	influence you with regard to it or speak to you about it.
20	If anyone so does, you must report it to the bailiff
21	immediately outside the presence of the other potential
22	jurors.
23	The audience may go ahead and leave at this
24	time for the lunch recess.
25	I'm going to ask you to all be seated for a
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1	minute.
2	Counsel approach.
3	(Whereupon, a bench conference was held among Court and counsel as follows:)
4	Court and Counsel as lollows.
5	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler asked my secretary to
6	give me a note that said he wanted to inquire privately of
7	Miss Grate and Miss O'Keefe regarding pretrial publicity.
8	MR. BOSLER: Yesterday she said give me the
9	jurors we thought had that issue before 9:00 o'clock this
10	morning. So I called.
1 1	MR. STANTON: Okay.
12	THE COURT: I'm just thinking I'm hungry,
13	too, but we could do it now and get it out of the way while
14	we get everyone out of here, if that's all right with you.
15	MR. STANTON: Fine with the State.
16	MR. GREGORY: Sounds like they want to eat.
17	MR. BOSLER: I object to that, Your Honor.
18	That is fine.
19	THE COURT: I mean, I just think or you all
20	can come back. But they would have to stay then even
21	longer.
22	MR. BOSLER: This is probably the easiest way.
23	THE COURT: Are you going to ask a lot of
24	questions?
25	MR. BOSLER: I'm going to ask them to tell me
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1	what they know. It may take a lot of paper. I don't know.
2	THE COURT: I want to give everybody needs a
3	little break. Let's at this time break and have them come
4	back a few minutes early.
5	MR. BOSLER: Maybe you can take a longer
6	afternoon recess and we can do it then.
7	THE COURT: We'll do it that way.
8 9	(Whereupon, the following proceedings were held in open court, in the presence of the jury panel.)
10	THE COURT: Okay. Miss Grate and Miss O'Keefe,
11	you get to go to lunch with everyone else. We'll see you
12	all back at 1:00 o'clock. Wait.
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I just wondered, I have
14	to make a plan for tomorrow morning. What time are we
15	starting tomorrow morning?
16	THE COURT: 10:00 a.m.
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Thank you.
18	THE COURT: Court is in recess.
19	(Recess taken at 12:00 p.m.)
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1	RENO, NEVADA, TUESDAY, JANUARY SEPTEMBER 21, 1999, 1:12 P.M.
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4	(Whereupon, the following proceedings were held
5	in open court, in the presence of the jury panel.)
6	THE COURT: The clerk will call the roll of the
7	jurors.
8	(Whereupon the roll call of the prospective
9	jury was taken.)
10	THE COURT: Counsel stipulate to proceeding?
11	MR. STANTON: Yes, Your Honor.
12	MR. BOSLER: So stipulated, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler.
14	MR. BOSLER: Thank you, Your Honor.
15	Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen, again. I
16	appreciate your patience. The patience of people out there.
17	I think I left off with Mr. Sheahan.
18	Mr. Sheahan, you wrote in your questionnaire
19	that you there's a question there whether you can be
20	unbiased or impartial, and you said, "I can't be impartial
21	in this case based upon the facts of the case." Do you
22	remember saying that?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't remember saying
24	that.
25	MR. BOSLER: Let me see if I can find the exact
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words.

THE COURT: Are you looking at the transcript?

MR. BOSLER: No. It's in his questionnaire. I
have a questionnaire.

This question: I truly believe this man is guilty of a terrible crime for killing a person, and therefore, you didn't think you could be impartial. Does that sound familiar?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You're right.

MR. BOSLER: Has something changed in your mind from the time you wrote that questionnaire? Let me stop there. I guess you were given the questionnaire by the Jury Commissioner.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right.

MR. BOSLER: Did the Jury Commissioner provide you with a space to fill out the questionnaire or did you get to bring it home?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I filled it out there. I was in a hurry and almost everybody was turning theirs in. I was trying to rush through.

MR. BOSLER: Did you feel like other people were kind of watching you or wondering what you were going to say?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sort of, yes.

MR. BOSLER: Do you feel like you didn't have

1	any privacy when you wrote that?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I had privacy.
3	MR. BOSLER: What I'm asking is: How are you
4	at public speaking?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not very well.
6	MR. BOSLER: It's kind of uncomfortable to
7	speak in front of a crowd.
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	MR. BOSLER: Many of your fellow jurors
10	probably feel the same way. You said on you questionnaire
11	when you had a chance to fill it out, you thought you could
12	be impartial. I want to ask you if anything has changed. I
13	want you to know, I'm cognizant you're in front of a group
14	of strangers, too.
15	Has something changed in your mind that you now
16	feel you can be impartial in this case?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think if all the facts
18	are presented in front of me, I could go with that.
19	MR. BOSLER: When you wrote what you wrote on
20	your questionnaire, did you think that maybe you wouldn't be
21	presented facts or somehow you'd be kept in the dark?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was sort of confused a
23	little bit, I think.
24	MR. BOSLER: You also wrote on you
25	questionnaire that you had an opinion as to the guilt or
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1	innocence in this case. Do you recall saying that?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Vaguely, yes.
3	MR. BOSLER: Knowing that you once had said you
4	couldn't be impartial, that you had an opinion as to
5	Mr. Vanisi's guilt or innocence, you had already formed that
6	opinion, do you think you're the type of person who could
7	fairly sit in judgment of another person, not only for guilt
8	but on the issue of life and death?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think I could,
10	providing the evidence, everything was put in front of me
11	that I could see.
12	MR. BOSLER: You're saying that's because
13	you're going to get to consider the evidence?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right.
1 5	MR. BOSLER: I'll apologize to the Court. I
16	don't know exactly where we left off.
17	Did we talk about aggravating circumstances,
18	Mr. Sheahan?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think so.
20	MR. BOSLER: I don't think we did either.
21	Say you were a juror presented with a case, a
22	first degree murder case, and in that case you were
23	presented facts about premeditated killing of a person who
24	happened to be a police officer. And the police officer was
25	killed in the commission of a robbery, and you later learned
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1	that the officer was killed due to his due to the
2	killer's perceived view of him as he belonged to a certain
3	race group or ethnic group, and that there was a mutilation
4	or damage to the officer after he had died, that type of
5	case.
6	As an honest person, you look at a case like
7	that, do you think you can envision circumstances where you
8	would impose the penalty of less than death?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
10	MR. BOSLER: Things like whether the defendant
11	had been suffering from some mental illness at the time,
12	would that be something you would consider?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Very much so.
14	MR. BOSLER: What about alcohol, drug use at
15	the time?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would look at that.
17	MR. BOSLER: It wouldn't matter whether it was
18	voluntary drug use, involuntary drug use, is that an issue
19	for you?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It would matter,
21	definitely.
22	MR. BOSLER: How about if this person who had
23	done this we'll try to speak hypothetically. This person
24	who had done this thing caused the death of another person.
25	Would you want to know whether they had any prior criminal

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1	history?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Definitely.
3	MR. BOSLER: Is that something you would
4	consider in imposing the penalty?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
6	MR. BOSLER: Would you agree, without
7	committing yourself, when you sit and judge whether someone
8	lives or someone dies, are there other factors other than
9	the ones I've just talked to you about in this decision of
10	whether someone lives or dies, are you willing to consider
11	other factors?
1 2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'd want to weigh the
13	factors that you and everybody else presented in front of me
14	and go from there.
15	MR. BOSLER: I appreciate your honesty.
16	Mr. McMoran, you have some family in law
17	enforcement.
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I do.
19	MR. BOSLER: If you could refresh my
20	recollection.
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My brother is a deputy
22	sheriff back in Colorado. I have two brother-in-laws
23	correctional officers in California.
24	MR. BOSLER: They know you're sitting on this
25	case?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
2	MR. BOSLER: How do you feel knowing that you
3	have family members involved in law enforcement, sitting on
4	a case where a law enforcement officer has been allegedly
5	killed?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think it really
7	has an impact one way or the other.
8	MR. BOSLER: Why is that?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know what to tell
10	you. I just don't.
11	MR. BOSLER: Just in your mind, it's not a
12	significant issue for you?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think it's a
14	significant issue. I think it's a very serious case that
15	gives serious thought. I know one of the earlier questions
16	was: Would you feel you had to justify it and all this sort
17	of thing. I certainly don't think so.
18	MR. BOSLER: So for you, the fact that it's a
19	first degree murder is really the primary issue regardless
20	of who is actually killed for you?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's an important case,
22	yes.
23	MR. BOSLER: I apologize. I don't mean to drag
24	this on, but I need to ask you some specific questions.
25	Again, hopefully everybody understands why this is

1 important.

A police officer is killed. I'd like to speak in a hypothetical situation. A police officer is killed. The same four factors I've explained to Mr. Sheahan exist, or you're given information about them, and I'll assume you find that they've existed. What type of penalty do you think is warranted under those circumstances?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: From what we said, there's several different potential penalties that I would have to weigh. I think the death penalty is obviously one of them.

MR. BOSLER: Obviously it would be something you would consider, right?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: Would you agree in this analysis that if contrary information that mitigated the events, nonaggravators, mitigators, if you were given information about the mental condition of the accused, is that something you would be willing to consider?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's a very serious penalty. I would certainly consider that.

MR. BOSLER: Based upon the nature of the penalty, you would consider the mental condition of the defendant?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

1	MR. BOSLER: Something like his age, would that
2	be something relevant to your consideration?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know. I suppose
4	it would. I'm not sure how that would fit in, but
5	MR. BOSLER: No line that you could think,
6	after 25, before 25, something like that?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Never really considered
8	it.
9	MR. BOSLER: Would you be interested in knowing
10	about whether the person had a prior criminal history or
11	even a violent history before the event?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would like to be able
13	to consider it.
14	MR. BOSLER: That would be something you'd be
15	interested in knowing and considering?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
17	MR. BOSLER: Drug use, alcohol use?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would consider that.
19	MR. BOSLER: Can you think in your mind as you
20	sit here today, would there be other factors and I can't
21	mention them other factors that when you make this
22	life-death decision, you'd be willing to consider before you
23	ultimately said someone should live or someone should die?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's a very severe
25	penalty and I would consider whatever we had, instructions
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1	we were allowed to consider. It's not taken lightly.
2	MR. BOSLER: I didn't mean to interrupt.
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't take it lightly.
4	MR. BOSLER: So you're at least willing to
5	listen to everything that's presented?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
7	MR. BOSLER: Mr. Ralston, if you could, I know
8	that you earlier had said that you were involved in a case
9	where there were gruesome photos given and that had some
10	impact on you. Do you remember saying that?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	MR. BOSLER: Give me á little more idea.
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was a child abuse
14	case. The little boy had died and he was they had
15	pictures of him before, during and after the autopsy. And I
16	had nightmares about it.
17	MR. BOSLER: Had it been the first time that
18	you'd been exposed to autopsy, forensic type?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I also found an
20	employee that was murdered in Houston, Texas and was a
21	witness in that trial. But the little boy was the one that
22	was hard to take.
23	MR. BOSLER: So you had actually been the
24	person who discovered a dead body in a business?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
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1	MR. BOSLER: Knowing what you've heard from the
2	District Attorney, there is going to be photos. I would be
3	untruthful to you if I didn't say that they're disturbing,
4	gruesome type photos. How is that going to affect you when
5	you sit as a juror knowing that it's going to conjure up
6	these old memories? Do you feel uncomfortable about that?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, I feel
8	uncomfortable about it. But I think I'm probably better
9	prepared for it than some people here.
10	MR. BOSLER: That could be true. How long ago
11	was this, the child case?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was in '92.
13	MR. BOSLER: Roughly seven years, give or take
14	a couple months.
15	You also put in your questionnaire that you
16	consider yourself as favoring the death penalty.
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	MR. BOSLER: Why is that?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I believe that if someone
20	takes another person's life and premeditates doing it, that
21	that penalty is just.
22	MR. BOSLER: Is the fact that it's premeditated
23	murder that makes you think about the death penalty?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think that and other
25	circumstances can heighten that feeling that I have toward
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MR. BOSLER: The presence of aggravators?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.

MR. BOSLER: You heard me discuss several times the type of aggravators that may be considered in this case. We'll wait and see whether they're proved.

In that type of case, you have a premeditated murder. That's a given. If in this hypothetical case you have a premeditated murder and you have the four aggravators — do you remember the ones I've spoken of earlier? — you have the killing of a police officer in the commission of a robbery, you have the officer supposedly being picked as a person because of race or national origin, ethnicity, and you have damage, mutilation of the body.

That type of case, that type of first degree murder case, in your mind is there a situation where you would consider a penalty of less than death?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If I found that all of those or most of those were — if I felt that they were true, I would have a hard time thinking of anything that would lessen my feeling about the death penalty.

MR. BOSLER: I appreciate your sharing that.

There may be other people that feel the same way.

If you were presented with those facts, is SIERRA NEVADA REPORTERS (702) 329-6560

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there facts that you would consider as a reason to impose a penalty of less than death? Can you think in your mind — even though this crime has happened and these factors are there, either all of them or a majority of them, is there other things you would consider that would bring you away from that decision that, no, this other person deserves to die also?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Could you go through that again?

MR. BOSLER: I can't repeat it verbatim, I'm sure.

I've just said, in your mind, as you sit there, thinking of a crime, and you have to put yourself in the hypothetical situation. I'm not going to ask you to commit this — in this hypothetical situation where you've found these four factors and you're sitting as a juror in a first degree murder case, can you think — are there other things you would want to know that would take you away from that decision to impose death, or for you is it just if all those factors are there then, unfortunately, the sentence is death?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: So you're saying they're not there and I have to find them or --

MR. BOSLER: No. Could there be? Could there

be factors that would lead you away from this thought that deserves death?

MR. STANTON: I'm going to object. May counsel approach?

THE COURT: Yes.

(A bench conference was held among Court and counsel as follows:)

MR STANTON: Your Honor my objection here

MR. STANTON: Your Honor, my objection here is the authority, the Morgan case that counsel relies on. My concern is that Mr. Bosler once again is asking improper question of this and several jurors. I'm now objecting in addition to an improper question of subject matter pursuant to his own authority, Morgan v. Illinois. I'm also objecting now for tactical reasons because of the State's continual necessity to object during his voir dire process.

For the record, when I stand up and objected this morning, I heard audible responses from prospective panel members in the back when I object. Tactically, I think the State's now in a position where we're constantly having to do that.

I don't know if Mr. Bosler is attempting and revisiting these same areas again for that reason or not. But I want to impose that as an objection as well. Morgan v. Illinois stands for the proposition that to exercise challenges for cause, not to intelligently exercise peremptory challenges, counsel may inquire as to whether

they would consider mitigating evidence.

The State has permitted them to go further than that to address in a hypothetical factor the four aggravators here, and now he's asking them not the operative question that I think *Morgan* allows and that is: After you've weighed aggravating versus mitigating, would you still consider other evidence? That's what they're permitted to do, not go into specifics that Mr. Bosler is telling.

MR. BOSLER: Just for clarification, are you saying I can't ask about, ask the jurors about specific mitigators?

MR. STANTON: Yes. You can't ask about what -the State's objection is that I do not believe that the law
permits defense counsel to inquire into what is specific
mitigation.

The presentation at the Judicial College indicated that in a relationship to mitigating evidence as jury instructions, it's the what-how test. You cannot instruct a jury about what mitigation is. You can instruct a jury how to consider mitigation evidence. If that's the rule regarding the law through jury instructions, it has to be the rule of law during voir dire.

THE COURT: Okay. So is it your position, now, Mr. Stanton, that he shouldn't even be asking questions

regarding the statutory indicated mitigators?

MR. STANTON: For the purposes of what the State has already permitted, the State's not making the objection now. It is absolutely the State's position that we have permitted voir dire examination by defense counsel beyond what Morgan v. Illinois permits. The only thing that Morgan permits them to do is: Can you consider mitigating evidence after the aggravating and mitigating evidence has been presented to them?

He's asked five jurors now the question, the hypothetical of the aggravators: Would you then consider the death penalty as the only possible punishment? That's an improper question.

If he makes any challenges for cause, it's not a basis to do it because he's not giving them the rest of the analysis. And that is a consideration of all the evidence. Aggravators and mitigators. That's what he should be restricted to.

And, Judge, I'm asking that the State not have to bounce up like a pogo stick every time he goes down this area. He's now done it with — we're not even done through the second row of five rows and, tactically, the State's in a predicament of continually objecting to his voir dire. And for tactical reasons, we'd prefer not to have to constantly object to his improper inquiry.

THE COURT: Well, I keep sustaining the objections, so do you have a suggestion?

MR. STANTON: Yes. If Mr. Bosler can say on the record -- we can have some conclusive -- I don't know what Mr. Bosler is attempting to do, why he keeps on going down this road about actual mitigation evidence. Maybe he can cite to the Court and to me where in Morgan he believes it permits him to ask a hypothetical stating the aggravators and then what mitigators a potential juror has to articulate or whether defense counsel can ask that question. I don't see it in Morgan. My problem with it is -- I don't want to object every single time he goes down the same line.

MR. BOSLER: I thought you said you wanted it done as a hypothetical because it was less committal than assuming these things actually existed.

THE COURT: I don't think I ever used the word "hypothetical" today.

MR. STANTON: I don't believe you did either.

THE COURT: I don't remember ever using that word.

MR. BOSLER: I need to talk about specific aggravators and specific mitigators. I think what the District Attorney is saying is that he's objecting that I don't go through the aggravators and go through the mitigators before I ask the juror will he consider a penalty

less than death.

THE COURT: I think what I have to do and why I require the questions in writing in advance is because many of your questions are improper as to form. They may not be improper in totality in terms of content. But the form of your questions continually are improper. Now, I don't know -- I can't give you an indication of what's okay unless I do the voir dire for you or Mr. Stanton does it for you. And I don't think that's appropriate.

You keep asking me to tell you how to ask a question. And I can't do that. You have to know how to ask the question. If you want to write them down and submit them to me and let Mr. Stanton see it, the questions you want to ask in a general format, that's okay. That's why I offered it last week. But if you don't, you've gotta figure out the right way to ask the questions.

Now, I do keep sustaining the objection. And when I go back and read this transcript, I'm sure it's going to be very confusing because every time you come up here, I hear something different.

I don't know exactly what you're going for except for I get the sense that you think you're entitled to broader inquiry than the Witherspoon issues and Morgan, because you want to use the information to exercise peremptory challenges. And I think at the last meeting I

said no, you're going beyond what is permissible for even peremptory challenges.

So I think this inquiry has got to be curtailed to what's required under *Morgan*, *Witherspoon* and the rest of the case law. I'm not going to let you ask every juror what their whole life thought process is in order to make your peremptory challenges.

It's being very protracted at this point. So do you want to write down your questions? If you want me to say what the form is or do you understand what is okay and not okay?

MR. BOSLER: Will the Court allow me to ask people if they found a murder with these four aggravating factors, would they always consider death as the only possible punishment?

MR. STANTON: I don't have an objection to counsel asking the question in the form that he does, like he just did, but what counsel tends to do is he begins to slowly modify that question.

If he wants to ask the question as Morgan contemplates, what they call second weighing process, after the weighing of the aggravating and mitigating circumstances, would they still keep an open mind in sentencing alternatives, that's what Morgan says is proper. So if — and I think that's what should be permitted as a

question.

THE COURT: So the question that you just asked is okay. The modifications of that question that you've made as you go through juror after juror is not okay.

MR. BOSLER: That question about the aggravators is okay. Is the question about statutory mitigators okay?

THE COURT: Why don't you repeat the question that you want to ask.

MR. BOSLER: Would you consider the presence of a particular statutory aggravator -- you could insert any of the ones I've spoken about -- would you consider that as a reason to impose the penalty of less than death?

THE COURT: The problem you get with that question, which I have to clarify with at least one juror, is that they don't understand that you are -- the difference between "consider" and whether or not it makes a difference in their determination.

The problem that we're getting into is jurors think you're asking them: What will the result be if I prove this mitigator to you? That's the way they're answering and that's the problem. And I interceded myself with regard to one of the jurors earlier this morning. And I explained that "consider" means, will you look at the evidence.

The question is confusing. It's confusing to the jury. It has a double meaning. And in that double meaning, you're having a lot of problems with the jurors' responses. So I guess no, I won't let you ask it in that format.

MR. BOSLER: So object to the word "consider" as being confusing?

THE COURT: The way you're using it when you ask them would they consider that in not imposing the death penalty, you're asking them, will that be a reason not to impose the death penalty for them. That isn't the way — that isn't telling them: Will you look at that evidence? You need to separate it out.

MR. BOSLER: Can I ask them if they would consider that as a part of their decision-making process?

MR. STANTON: What is proper is the judge has already instructed them about what the aggravators that have been noticed in this case. You can ask the juror what Morgan — the authority you're relying on for those things is Morgan — permits you to ask jurors whether or not they would consider all the evidence in the sentencing phase to include aggravating evidence and mitigating evidence, or any formulation of the question along those lines. That's what I believe, Your Honor, Morgan states is proper inquiry.

THE COURT: I haven't reviewed Morgan again,

but that's the way I've been ruling in terms of what I'll let you ask. And I'm not going to let you confuse the issue. I don't think you necessarily are doing that on purpose, but it is happening. And so we have to be very careful about the way you go about this.

So the point here is: Will the juror consider, in our definition of the term, evidence in making a determination as to what the appropriate penalty is? Or will they always vote a particular way in spite of evidence? It is not whether or not they'll consider particular pieces of evidence that you plan to put on. So the question is a broad question if they will consider things. You do not have a right to have a jury that will only consider as mitigation those things that you think are mitigating. That's not the point here.

MR. STANTON: Once again, counsel's questions about -- that you're posing about alcohol, about the ones that aren't statutory mitigating evidence is violating the rule that you cannot tell a jury what mitigating evidence is. I've permitted it so far, but I'm at the juncture now when they ask that question again outside of the statutory articulating mitigating evidence, I'm going to object.

THE COURT: Do you want a few minutes to collect your thoughts or are you ready to go?

MR. BOSLER: If you want to order me, I can't

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1	talk about specific mitigators, and I know we need to talk
2	about mitigation in general, will they consider that, then
3	I'll follow that order.
4	THE COURT: Follow the Morgan case.
5	MR. BOSLER: We have a dispute about how Morgan
6	reads.
7	THE COURT: Do you have a cite that you can
8	give me? I have the case right here.
9	MR. BOSLER: If you'll give me time to look at
10	it, I'll find it.
11	MR. BOSLER: Can you help him, Mr. Gregory? Do
12	you know where it is that he thinks
13	MR. GREGORY: I'm sorry, Your Honor?
14	THE COURT: Do you know where it is that he can
15	do this in <i>Morgan</i> ?
16	MR. GREGORY: No, Your Honor. I'd have to look
17	at the case again.
18	THE COURT: Let's continue. I'm going to deny
19	it. I just don't we've kind of beat this over and over
20	and over. Curtail your inquiry into the permissible
21	inquiry, which is whether or not they will look at other
22	evidence in determining penalty.
23	MR. BOSLER: So don't talk about specific
24	mitigators?
25	THE COURT: No.

1	MR. STANTON: Other than the ones that are
2	listed in the statute.
3	THE COURT: That's right. Do you want the
4	statute?
5	MR. BOSLER: No.
6	THE COURT: Sustained.
7	(Whereupon, the following proceedings were held in open court, in the presence of the jury.)
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9	MR. BOSLER: Let me collect my thoughts.
10	I'll finish up with you, Mr. Ralston. You
11	talked about aggravators, and I think you said you would
12	consider other evidence as it related to your decision on
13	guilt or penalty. And correct me if I'm wrong, you would
14	consider use of alcohol as one of those things that helped
15	you in your ultimate decision, use of alcohol or drugs.
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: We didn't talk about
17	that. I sort of look negatively upon that as an influence
18	against capital punishment. I don't look at it as an excuse
19	to commit that kind of a crime.
20	MR. BOSLER: I think the judge is going to
21	instruct you that mitigators aren't offered as an excuse. I
22	think that's part of what she read this morning. I don't
23	want you to think that it's been offered as an excuse. You
24	don't think that alcohol, drug use is a factor that
25	lessens
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
2	MR. BOSLER: Any particular reason or life
3	experience why you say that?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I just think that it's
5	sort of a cumulative decision that you make. If you go down
6	that road, people start somewhere making the wrong decision.
7	MR. BOSLER: So the voluntariness of it, kind
8	of your own fault for drinking?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think so.
10	MR. BOSLER: Fair enough.
11	If I could, Ms. O'Keefe, you also wrote in your
12	questionnaire that you strongly fear the death penalty.
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
14	MR. BOSLER: And why is that?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's just how I was
16	raised.
17	MR. BOSLER: Could you give me a little bit
18	more information as to how you were raised?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My parents believe in
20	that. They taught me to believe in that. It's something
21	I've always believed in.
22	MR. BOSLER: You've felt this way for all your
23	life, pretty much?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
25	MR. BOSLER: Talked about it with friends?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Friends, family.
2	MR. BOSLER: Is this view that you strongly
3	believe in the death penalty, is that view, does it come
4	into play when you think of first degree murder?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
6	MR. BOSLER: You know what we've been talking
7	about, premeditated murder? We're not talking about
8	self-defense, manslaughter, vehicle homicide, accidental
9	death, anything like that.
10	In your mind we're each individuals here.
11	In your mind, a first degree murder case, do you think
12	there's any other penalty that should be imposed other than
13	death?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
15	MR. BOSLER: You've had a lifetime to come to
16	this opinion, right?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right.
18	MR. BOSLER: Is that opinion basically just on
19	your moral decision as a person?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
21	MR. BOSLER: If you believe a first degree,
22	premeditated, deliberate murder should be automatically the
23	death penalty, what about a premeditated, deliberate murder
24	involving an officer?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
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1	MR. BOSLER: Involving the four things I've
2	spoken of earlier?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Definitely.
4	MR. BOSLER: Does that sway you more towards
5	the automatic imposition of death?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
7	MR. BOSLER: You heard me talk about some other
8	things that might be offered to lessen a penalty, not as an
9	excuse. Does that have any weight with you, any of those
10	things?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I don't believe so.
12	MR. BOSLER: You don't believe so because why?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Just what I believe in.
14	If you kill somebody, then I believe the same punishment
1 5	should be inflicted upon you.
16	MR. BOSLER: I appreciate your honesty.
17	If you heard evidence regarding intoxication at
18	the time of the event, would that matter to you?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
20	MR. BOSLER: Evidence of a mental distress,
21	defect, illness?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
23	MR. BOSLER: Is there anything that the judge,
24	when it tells you you're supposed to follow her
25	instructions, is that going to change your moral opinion
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1	about this issue?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
3	MR. BOSLER: Is there any evidence I can give
4	you that would take you away from this position that if you
5	found first degree murder and under these circumstances, you
6	would always impose death?
7 ·	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think so.
8	MR. BOSLER: You don't think so or you know so?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would say I'm 90
10.	percent sure I would impose the death penalty.
11	MR. BOSLER: Which leads me to the next
1 2	question. What's the 10 percent?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If evidence suggests
14	otherwise, then I would consider that. But I'm swayed
15	towards the death penalty.
16	MR. BOSLER: But that 10 percent evidence
17	wouldn't be mental illness, suffered by the person at the
18	time of the crime?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I really don't know. I
20	would have to once the evidence is presented, I would
21	make a decision at that time. It's hard to tell what I'm
22	going to do before all the evidence is presented.
23	MR. BOSLER: Sure.
24	We're going to ask you to work in the

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hypothetical arena right now. So you're telling me that you

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1	would consider if the person was suffering from mental
2	illness at the time of the event, you would consider that in
3	your ultimate decision of penalty.
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not necessarily mental
5	illness. I don't know what factors there are that would
6	make me consider not imposing the death penalty. The
7	factors that you've listed?
8	MR. BOSLER: Yes.
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think the death penalty
10	should be imposed. Whether alcohol, drugs, mental illness,
11	any of that, I still think it should be imposed.
12	MR. BOSLER: All right.
13	I apologize for kind of being very specific
14	about this. Are you saying that even if you were presented
15	evidence as to those things I talked about, to you, you
16	don't consider them mitigation?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
18	MR. BOSLER: Thank you for your candor.
19	I make a <i>Morgan</i> challenge. Let the District
20	Attorney traverse.
21	MR. STANTON: Your Honor, he hasn't I don't
22	need to traverse at this juncture. He hasn't even satisfied
23	Morgan, that is that I don't know if the Court wants me
24	to
25	THE COURT: I'll ask the question. Would you
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1	automatically vote for the death penalty no matter what?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
3	THE COURT: You don't believe there's any
٠4	evidence that you would ever consider?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
6	THE COURT: Mr. Stanton, would you like to
7	inquire?
8	MR. STANTON: Yes.
9	Ms. O'Keefe, I talked earlier this morning
10	about a process that occurs in a death penalty case in the
11	penalty phase. Do you remember kind of the two- or
12	three-stage process?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
14	MR. STANTON: Did anything about that process
15	which are, in a quick summary, the instructions of law that
16	the jury in this case will be given regarding how to
17	consider the penalty phase, did anything about that process
18	bother you so that you couldn't follow that process?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
20	MR. STANTON: In this case, in this state, the
21	process at a penalty phase is upon conviction of first
22	degree murder, evidence is presented, presented aggravating
23	circumstances. You've all heard that term now. Those are
24	reasons why someone should be sentenced to death.
25	Mitigating evidence is reasons why someone should not.

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1	Basically the law is going to instruct you that
2	you've got to consider both of those items of evidence,
3	aggravating and mitigating. And then make your decision.
4	No one can tell you or suggest to you what is or is not
5	mitigating evidence and how you're to consider it or whether
6	it will make a difference. Only you as an individual juror
7	and collectively as a jury can answer that question.
8	With that kind of as a context, could you do
9	your sworn duty in this case and listen to aggravating and
10	mitigating evidence and make your decision from that?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
12	MR. STANTON: I use an example with jurors
13	about doors being opened. Your mind, if you will, being
14	receptive to listening to evidence. I'll ask it just
15	straightforward. Are those doors going to be shut relative
16	to the consideration of mitigating evidence in this case?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	MR. STANTON: We would not object to the
19	motion.
20	THE COURT: Ms. O'Keefe, you're excused from
21	further service. The clerk will call the name of another
22	prospective juror.
23	THE CLERK: Connie E. Ryan.
24	THE COURT: Go ahead and take a moment,
25	Ms. Ryan, to read that list of names. Thank you.

1	You've had a chance to review the list. Are
2	you related to or familiar with anyone on that list?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
4	THE COURT: Have you been able to hear all my
5	questions yesterday and today?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
7	THE COURT: Did you keep a list to those
8	questions you would respond to?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I did.
10	THE COURT: Would you please tell me which
11	questions you would have responded to?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a brother who is
13	in the military police.
14	THE COURT: Is there anything about your
15	brother's occupation that would cause you difficulty serving
16	in this case?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. Because I mean,
18	he's my brother and he's put in that kind of position every
19	day of his life and everything. He does work with very I
20	don't know how to put it in dangerous situations.
21	THE COURT: Do you believe that it would impact
22	your decision-making in this case?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, I think so.
24	THE COURT: How?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know. Kind of
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going a little bit further on, but because he's in the police department and everything, per se. You know, if something happened to him, then I'd want justice served for the person who killed him.

THE COURT: Have you predecided this case or are you willing to decide and make a determination as to what the facts are after you hear the evidence?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I've pretty much formed my own opinion.

THE COURT: You would not be swayed by the evidence that's presented?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.

THE COURT: What else did you answer in that?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That, yeah, I saw, like,

news reports after the questionnaire last week.

THE COURT: Did you watch those news --

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. Just like maybe hearing it on the radio. I have a radio at my work. It's listened to all the time and I'm too busy to change the channel, so it will be on. And I might hear a few passing words on that. Or just at home, you know, if the news is on and I'm in the other room, I'll hear a few passing words on that, too.

Another one was if a law enforcement officer was up here as a witness, I would take his word as credible

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1	because he's sworn to his duty to tell the truth also. And,
2	yes, I've been a witness and I've had my own case in court
3	for family.
4	THE COURT: You've had a family court matter?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I've been in family
6	courts before.
7	THE COURT: Is there anything about your
8	experience in family court that would cause you difficulty?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not on this case, no.
10	It's something completely different.
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: In the case that you were
12	a witness where you actually did you testify in court?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
14	THE COURT: Was that in your own case or a
15	different case?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Kind of in my own case.
17	I was in a car accident and I had to testify with that.
18	THE COURT: Is there anything about the
19	experience that you had as a witness that would cause you
20	difficulty serving in this case?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think so, no.
22	THE COURT: Have you heard all Mr. Stanton's
23	questions?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I believe, if I can
25	remember, yes.
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THE COURT: Did you note anything that you wanted to respond to?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If I can remember what he asked. I think one of them was if there was outside influence, if other people were talking about the case. Yeah, a lot of my family and in-laws have been talking about it. And they all know that I've been selected for a jury duty but not this particular one. They've brought it up before. I mean, they kind of guessed. It's big news in the paper.

THE COURT: Do you remember any specific questions that you want to respond to?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not that I know of, no.

THE COURT: Mr. Stanton, you may inquire.

MR. STANTON: Thank you, Your Honor.

Ms. Ryan, at the time that you filled out your questionnaire, your initial questionnaire, you indicated an employment. Has that employment changed since today?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.

MR. STANTON: In this case there, as I'm sure you've listened to in the back of the courtroom, charges of murder of a police officer. In addition, there's two charges that allege that Mr. Vanisi robbed two convenience stores, 7-Eleven and another mini-mart. Based upon your occupation, does that cause you any problem sitting on a

1 jury in this case?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, because I have that kind of a fear every day that I work, that I can be robbed.

My store has been robbed several times in the year since I've worked there.

MR. STANTON: Would that fear or that connection with your employment and the facts that are involved in this case, facts of people that work at the particular convenience stores, would that cause you to be something less than a fair and impartial juror?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think so, yes.

MR. STANTON: Do you think it would affect your ability to be a juror in this case for this defendant?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, if it was proven that he did actually rob those convenience stores, yes.

MR. STANTON: You indicated also a vacation that's occurring probably during the middle or a portion of this trial.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The beginning of October.

MR. STANTON: Is that a prepaid vacation?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. STANTON: And, Ms. Ryan, did you hear my question relative to the process of selecting a foreperson in a jury?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, I did.

1	MR. STANTON: If you were selected foreperson.
2	of the jury in this case, and assuming that the facts and
3	the law supported the imposition of the death penalty, could
4	you sign a verdict form putting the defendant to death?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I couldn't.
6	MR. STANTON: You couldn't under any
7	circumstances?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
9	MR. STANTON: No further questions.
10	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler?
11	MR. BOSLER: No questions.
12	MR. STANTON: I want to make a motion to excuse
13	Ms. Ryan for several different reasons that she stated.
14	THE COURT: Any objection? You can inquire.
15	You can object. You cannot object.
16	MR. BOSLER: What I'm going to do, and I
17	appreciate that, Your Honor, is I'm going to concur partly
18	with the DA's motion. I don't think the fact that she's not
19	willing to be a foreperson and is unwilling to sign the
20	death verdict in and of itself makes her a Witherspoon
21	excludable.
22	However, I think she's honestly indicated some
23	bias and I think that is a reason that the Court should
24	exclude her. With that, I'll submit the matter to the
25	Court. Thank you.
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1	THE COURT: I find that Ms. Ryan should be
2	excused for cause.
3	Ma'am, you're excused for cause.
4	MR. BOSLER: Would the Court articulate the
5	reasons for cause?
6	THE COURT: We'll do that later.
7	MR. BOSLER: Thank you, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: The clerk will call the name of
9	another potential juror.
10	THE CLERK: Kevin M. Stevens.
11	MR. BOSLER: Kevin Stevens?
12	THE CLERK: Correct.
13	THE COURT: Go ahead and look at that list,
14	Mr. Stevens.
15	Mr. Stevens, are you related to or acquainted
16	with anyone on that list?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
18	THE COURT: Have you been able to hear all of
19	my questions yesterday?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I have.
21	THE COURT: Did you keep track of those
22	questions you would have responded to?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have no questions or I
24	have no responses.
25	THE COURT: You wouldn't have raised your hand?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
2	THE COURT: Is there anything in particular
3	that you remember that you would have responded to to
4	Mr. Stanton?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
6	THE COURT: Is there anything in particular
7	that I know most of Mr. Bosler's questions have been
8	individual, but any of his general questions that you would
9	have responded to?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
11	THE COURT: Mr. Stanton, you may inquire.
12	MR. STANTON: Thank you.
13	Mr. Stevens, you indicated an occupation during
14	your general questionnaire, that you engage in the same form
15	of occupation as you were when you filled out the
16	questionnaire.
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	MR. STANTON: Now, you know the facts of this
19	case. Does your occupation cause you any difficulty in
20	being anything but a fair and impartial juror in this case?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
22	MR. STANTON: Nothing involved with your
23	employment that would cause you concern or Mr. Vanisi and
24	his counsel concern to be a juror in this case?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
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1	MR. STANTON: Did you hear my question as being
2	selected as a foreperson?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
4	MR. STANTON: If you were selected as a
5	foreperson and the facts and the law supported in your mind
6	the decision that the death penalty would be appropriate,
7	could you sign the verdict form putting Mr. Vanisi to death?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I could.
9	MR. STANTON: Nothing further.
10	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler, you may continue your
11	inquiry of the entire panel.
12	MR. BOSLER: I believe Mr. Stevens has the hot
13	seat anyway.
14	Mr. Stevens, just so we know, you're a UNR
15	professor?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That's correct.
17	MR. BOSLER: How long have you been a UNR
18	professor?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Eight years.
20	MR. BOSLER: Can you tell me the subject?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I teach history.
22	MR. BOSLER: In your job as a professor at UNR,
23	do you have occasion to come in contact with the UNR Police
24	Department?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
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1	MR. BOSLER: Do they ever patrol your building
2	late at night when you were working?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If I'm working there
4	late, I might see a car, of course. But I haven't actually
5	come in personal contact.
6	MR. BOSLER: No direct contact with UNR police
7	officers?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
9	MR. BOSLER: Have you, fellow professors, I
10	guess students, teachers aides, people like that, have you
11	discussed the killing of Mr. Sullivan?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
13	MR. BOSLER: It wasn't something that
14	happened obviously it happened during your tenure.
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It happened when I was
16	away at Cambridge, so I kind of have a distance from this
17	case anyway.
18	MR. BOSLER: When were you at Cambridge?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Two years ago in
20	December, early January.
21	MR. BOSLER: How long after the death of
22	Mr. Sullivan did you return to UNR?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I guess it was a week,
24	two weeks.
25	MR. BOSLER: Did you go right back to work?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
2	MR. BOSLER: Never questioned by the UNR Police
3	Department or anything like that?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
5	MR. BOSLER: Mr. Stevens, you wrote in your
6	questionnaire you strongly favor the death penalty.
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: (Nodded head
8	affirmatively).
9	MR. BOSLER: How long have you felt that way?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I guess all of my adult
11	life.
12	MR. BOSLER: Any particular reason you favor
13	the death penalty?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think it's a proper
1 5	punishment for a first degree murder.
16	MR. BOSLER: You're probably a pretty smart
17	guy.
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not necessarily.
19	MR. BOSLER: You heard what's been going on in
20	the courtroom, right? We're only talking about first degree
21	murder. We're not talking about self-defense, imperfect
22	self-defense, any other variation of murder.
23	In a case where you found first degree murder,
24	premeditated murder, do you believe that the death penalty
25	is the only appropriate punishment?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
2	MR. BOSLER: And why is that?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'd have to weigh the
4	case. I think there are perhaps other circumstances that
5	would mitigating circumstances that would call for
6	another punishment.
7	MR. BOSLER: You've been paying attention
8	today.
9	We'll talk about well, in that first degree
10	murder case, assume you remember the four aggravators
11	that have already been mentioned with the other jurors. We
12	have killing of a police officer, the race issue, the
13	commission of a robbery and the damage and mutilation of the
14	corpse.
15	In that type of case, would you be willing to
16	consider a penalty less than death?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	MR. BOSLER: Would you be willing to
19	consider in your ultimate decision on what type of
20	punishment should be imposed, would you be willing to
21	consider something like the mental health or mental state of
22	the defendant at the time of the offense?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	MR. BOSLER: Something like alcohol or drug
25	use?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would consider it, yes.
2	MR. BOSLER: A factor like lack of significant
3	or even violent criminal history, lack of that?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would consider it, yes.
5	MR. BOSLER: I'm only asking if you would
6	consider it.
7	Age, is that something you would consider?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	MR. BOSLER: You also noted on your
10	questionnaire there would be a certain hardship for your
11	students if you're called away from your employment. Does
12	that still exist or is there a way for another history
13	professor to cover your classes?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Currently we don't have
15	substitute teachers. This would be my only concern for this
16	case. If it indeed lasted, say, three weeks, it would be a
17	hardship for my students.
18	MR. BOSLER: Would there be anybody to teach
19	the class?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
21	MR. BOSLER: How many students are there that
22	would be
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Roughly 75.
24	MR. BOSLER: As a professor, I guess you don't
25	want to see your students put in a hardship; would that be
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1	correct?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
3	MR. BOSLER: They pay money to go to your
4	class?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Exactly.
6	MR. BOSLER: Do you know some of these students
7	from other classes? Are they working their way up through
8	the 200, 300, 400 level classes?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sure.
10	MR. BOSLER: With that hardship in place, do
11	you think that's going to affect your ability to sit here
12	and think about just what happens on the stand and what the
13	lawyers do?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
15	MR. BOSLER: So you'll be able to put that
16	aside?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Absolutely.
18	MR. BOSLER: Any reason you can think of that I
19	should be worried you're a UNR professor, we're talking
20	about a killing involving a UNR employee, any reason I
21	should be worried about you sitting as a juror?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
23	MR. BOSLER: If you were to exchange places
24	with Mr. Vanisi, any reason he should be worried if the
25	spots were switched, would you be the type of person that
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1	you think should be sitting in judgment on this type of
2	case.
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
4	MR. BOSLER: No reason to worry?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
6	MR. BOSLER: Ms. Kruse, you indicated during
7	the initial questioning this happened a little yesterday,
8	you kind of formed an opinion about this case.
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A little bit.
10	MR. BOSLER: I'm trying to keep track. I think
11	you did. Would that be untrue?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh, as far as I did,
13	did I say this yesterday?
14	MR. BOSLER: I don't know. Your issue about
15	the prepaid vacation, has that been resolved?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I guess I'll go Friday
17	night.
18	MR. BOSLER: Not going to lose a lot of money
19	or anything?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, it's driving down for
21	baseball games.
22	MR. BOSLER: Give me a moment. You still work
23	as an operating room nurse?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	MR. BOSLER: So if you were to see pictures of
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1	a body, a dead body, is that something that would affect
2	your ability to be fair?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
4	MR. BOSLER: I'm sure it's something you would
5	find disturbing, but is it going to disturb you in the sense
6	that you couldn't sit fairly on this type of case?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, that doesn't bother
8	me.
9	MR. BOSLER: That type of blood or depiction of
10	the human body?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. It doesn't bother
12	me.
13	MR. BOSLER: How long have you been an
14	operating room nurse?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: For the last year. Then
16	I was an oncology medical nurse.
17	MR. BOSLER: Any of this education take place
18	
TO	at UNR?
19	at UNR? A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I did four years of
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I did four years of
19 20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I did four years of elementary education at UNR before I switched over to
19 20 21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I did four years of elementary education at UNR before I switched over to Truckee Meadows.
19 20 21 22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I did four years of elementary education at UNR before I switched over to Truckee Meadows. MR. BOSLER: And correct me if I'm wrong, since
19 20 21 22 23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I did four years of elementary education at UNR before I switched over to Truckee Meadows. MR. BOSLER: And correct me if I'm wrong, since I've already been wrong once, isn't the education building

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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think so.
2	MR. BOSLER: Is that accurate?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sure.
4	MR. BOSLER: How about in your schooling, did
5	you ever have contact with UNR police officers?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I had to go up there to
7	pay a few parking tickets.
8	MR. BOSLER: Anything about that interaction,
9	involuntary interaction with the police department, that
10	makes you feel uncomfortable about sitting as a juror today?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
12	MR. BOSLER: Any experience as a nurse or maybe
13	even your education education, any experience with mental
14	illness, studying people with mental illness, ADD, ADHD type
15	things?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Absolutely.
17	MR. BOSLER: What kind of stuff have you
18	studied?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: We had to do about four
20	weeks at the state institute with my nursing training. And
21	then we had at Saint Mary's medical floor, we did receive a
22	lot of alcohol and some mentally ill patients on that floor
23	that I took care of.
24	MR. BOSLER: Were you like a primary caregiver
- 25	or supervising nurse?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Primary caregiver.
2	MR. BOSLER: You probably know where I'm going
3	with this. Assume you had a first degree murder case
4	involving the death of a police officer. Under the
5	circumstances I've already explained to the professor next
6	to you, when you sat down with your fellow jurors and you
7	came to the point where that person being convicted of first
8	degree murder, you had to choose whether they lived or
9	whether they died, would you be willing in that general
10	analysis, be willing to consider the use of alcohol, drugs,
11	the time of the event?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
13	MR. BOSLER: Would you be willing to consider
14	the mental state
1 5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
16	MR. BOSLER: of the person?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	MR. BOSLER: How about something that is so
19	seemingly innocuous as lack of a violent criminal history?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sure.
21	MR. BOSLER: That would be something you would
22	consider?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
24	MR. BOSLER: Age?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sure.
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1	MR. BOSLER: Would you be willing to abide by
2	the law and at least consider this magical catchall
3	exception that says whatever you as a person thinks is
4	relevant, you may consider as a mitigating factor, are you
5	willing to at least take part in that analysis?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
7	MR. BOSLER: I appreciate your talking with me.
8	Mr. Miller, you have a friend who is a district
9	attorney?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
11	MR. BOSLER: If you could, tell me what office,
12	local or California?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I can't even tell you.
14	Dave Vial. He was in my fraternity in college. I've been
15	over to his house.
16	MR. STANTON: Mr. Watts-Vial is a deputy
17	district attorney in our office working within the civil
18	division.
19	MR. BOSLER: Fraternity brother?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
21	MR. BOSLER: You don't owe him your life or he
22	owes you your life?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
24	MR. BOSLER: How often do you see him, not very
25	often since you graduated?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think I've been to his
2	house three times in the past year.
3	MR. BOSLER: Two district attorneys sitting
4	opposite me here in the courtroom, any reason I should be
5	nervous considering your relationship to this person?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
7	MR. BOSLER: Let's talk about your view that
8	you strongly favor the death penalty. That's accurate?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
10	MR. BOSLER: That's an accurate description of
11	your current view?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
13	MR. BOSLER: How long have you felt that way?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Ever since I formed a
15	political opinion or those kind of moral opinions.
16	MR. BOSLER: College? High school?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'd say college was when
18	I really started thinking about that.
19	MR. BOSLER: And I guess that's probably been a
20	good five, 10 years ago, right?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: At least.
22	MR. BOSLER: Is it an opinion you've discussed
23	with, like, family members, your fraternity friend, your
24	district attorney friend?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
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1	MR. BOSLER: Do you feel it's a pretty strongly
2	held moral position?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
4	MR. BOSLER: Let's talk about first degree
5	murder. You've heard the litany of questions that I've
6	posed, in a first degree murder?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
8	MR. BOSLER: If you had a first degree murder,
9	would you always think the death penalty as the only
10	punishment that should be imposed?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
12	MR. BOSLER: You can think of circumstances
13	where it would be inappropriate?
·14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
15	MR. BOSLER: How about a first degree murder
16	involving the four things, the death of a police officer
17	and I won't go through them.
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The aggravating causes
19	that you've talked about, no, that is not an automatic.
20	MR. BOSLER: Okay. And it gets me to my next
21	question.
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The mitigating ones,
23	would I consider everything you talked about ad nauseam?
24	MR. BOSLER: That little magical thing, that
25	nonstatutory.
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would consider all
2	mitigating circumstances.
3	MR. BOSLER: You would consider anything you
4	might feel is appropriate in that ultimate decision?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
6	MR. BOSLER: I appreciate your honesty, your
7	insult.
8	(Laughter.)
9	MR. BOSLER: Brings me to Mr. Buck. You're an
10	investigator?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	MR. BOSLER: Tell me how you became an
13	investigator.
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Basically found out the
15	job was open and I applied for it.
16	(Laughter.)
1 7	MR. BOSLER: Did you have to take any special
18	law enforcement training?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not prior. We have a
20	national certification. After you get hired you have to
21	pass that.
22	MR. BOSLER: If you could explain to me a
23	little bit about what that entails.
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's a counseling
25	licensure it's a CLER certification. CLER is counselor
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T	on licensure enforcement and regulation, something like
2	that. I'm not that familiar. I don't have them memorized.
3	MR. BOSLER: How long ago did this happen? Was
4	it several years ago, the licensure, the certification?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My certification is
6	about, yeah, I got it about five years ago.
7	MR. BOSLER: As part of that certification
8	program, did you have to do things with police officers, go
9	to a crime lab, anything like that?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. Well, there were
11	some police officers they're not they were formerly
12	police officers that taught sections in a class.
13	MR. BOSLER: All right. And if you could give
14	me an idea, were they the normal faculty or was it kind of
15	an exceptional thing where they came and
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: They were I'm not sure
17	I quite understand.
18	MR. BOSLER: Everyday teachers or just like
19	special subjects?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, they taught that CLER
21	program, they probably taught it four times a year.
22	MR. BOSLER: If you could, you say that you're
23	a registered nurse also?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	MR. BOSLER: As an investigator, do you
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1	investigate medical claims or issues? Give me an idea.
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Claims against nurses.
3	You actually have to go out and interview people and take
4	notes.
5	Most of our interviewing is done over the
6	phone.
7	MR. BOSLER: Some people may say that's kind of
8	a quasi law enforcement type thing.
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
10	MR. BOSLER: How do you feel about that? Do
11	you consider yourself kind of quasi law enforcement?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not really.
13	MR. BOSLER: Any concern I should have about
14	you in your position being involved in a case involving the
15	death of a law enforcement officer?
16 .	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
17	MR. BOSLER: You wrote on your questionnaire
18	you remembered very little about the incident involving this
19	case. Were you in town at that time?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I believe I was here.
21	MR. BOSLER: Do you not normally read the
22	newspaper, watch TV, not that type of person?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
24	MR. BOSLER: The ad nauseam questions, I've
25	previously asked the jurors, in your mind, if you find a
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1 case where a killing is a first degree murder involving a 2 police officer who is killed in the commission of a robbery 3 due to perceived ethnic identity and that there's damage or 4 mutilation to the corpse, in that type of case, do you feel 5 the death penalty is always the appropriate penalty? 6 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. 7 MR. BOSLER: In that type of case, when you 8 were to decide the ultimate decision, should the accused 9 live or should the accused be put to death, would you be 10 willing to consider in that decision whether the person had 11 a prior violent history, criminal history? 12 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 13 MR. BOSLER: Would you be willing to consider their mental condition at the time of the event? 14 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 15 16 MR. BOSLER: Whether the condition is 17 treatable? A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 18 MR. BOSLER: Use of alcohol or other drugs? 19 20 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. MR. BOSLER: There's kind of a little magical 21 22 number that says you can consider anything you want because. the law says you never have to impose death. Is that an 23 analysis you're willing to take part in as a juror? 24 25 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: To consider?

1	MR. BOSLER: To consider that type of thing.
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would be willing to
3	consider it.
4	MR. BOSLER: Mr. Butler, you also wrote in your
5	jury questionnaire that you strongly favor the death
6	penalty.
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That's correct.
8	MR. BOSLER: In fact, you went so far as to
9	say I'm quoting you so hopefully this is correct, "I am a
10	strong believer in capital punishment. Our judicial system
11	needs to be more aggressive and strong punishment for more."
, 12	Is that a correct quotation?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
14	MR. BOSLER: How long have you felt that way?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: 30 plus years, going back
16	to high school.
17	MR. BOSLER: What happened in high school?
· 18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Just the philosophy of my
19	parents. Part of the culture I grew up in, what we've
20	talked about, whenever there was a major crime of some sort.
21	And it's a topic that got discussed frequently.
22	MR. BOSLER: Any time since your high school
23	years that this has wavered, you've changed your mind? It's
24	been constant?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, not at all.
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1	MR. BOSLER: Children of your own?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
3	MR. BOSLER: Are their views of capital
4	punishment the same or have their views changed?
5	MR. STANTON: The prospective juror's
6	children's view of the death penalty is irrelevant.
7	MR. BOSLER: I think it goes to depth of how
8	strong that conviction is.
9	THE COURT: I'm going to sustain the objection.
10	MR. BOSLER: This view has never wavered?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
12	MR. BOSLER: First degree murder. Can you
13	think of a first degree murder in your mind that wouldn't be
14	the type of case that you would automatically impose the
15	death penalty?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
17	MR. BOSLER: We're talking about this
18	premeditated. If you feel that way about a premeditated
19	first degree murder, if you later were given information
20	that the murder was, one, committed in the course of a
21	robbery, upon a police officer, who was chosen because of
22	perceived race or ethnicity, and that there was damage or
23	mutilation to the body after the death, does that make your
24	opinion stronger or weaker?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, it doesn't change it
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1	at all.
2	MR. BOSLER: You just feel it's a first degree
3	murder, death penalty should be imposed?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	MR. BOSLER: I appreciate your candor.
6	That of course brings me to my next set of
7	questions. I appreciate your patience.
8	If you have this opinion, is there anything
9	that, if you were later given information about the mental
10	condition of the accused at the time of the offense, is that
11	something you would consider in your decision, whether it's
12	an automatic death penalty or something else?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
14	MR. BOSLER: That's something you would
15	disregard?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: (Nodded head
17	affirmatively).
18	MR. BOSLER: Things about alcohol, drug use
19	during the event, disregard this?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
21	MR. BOSLER: The age of the defendant at the
22	time of the event?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Disregard it.
24	MR. BOSLER: Lack of criminal history, violent
25	or otherwise?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Disregard it.
2	MR. BOSLER: So essentially you feel that first
3	degree murder, death penalty?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
5	MR. BOSLER: Automatic situation?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
7	MR. BOSLER: Anything that the District
8	Attorney or the judge can say that's going to make you
9	waffle on that?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have problems with the
11	lack of the victim's mitigating circumstances or there are
12	no mitigating circumstances for the victim. That's why I
13	have this feeling or this opinion, this belief.
14	MR. BOSLER: I don't know if it's proper to
15	tell them there's potential for victim impact statements. I
16	don't know whether the Court thinks that's fair. That's his
17	concern, that the victim doesn't have mitigation evidence.
18	Is it okay to discuss that?
19	THE COURT: Well, it's true, if we get there,
20	that the people who are affected by the death are allowed to
21	make statements and those statements are allowed to be
22	considered by the sentencing authority. I don't know if
23	Mr. Butler is saying that he has an automatic position in
24	all cases of first degree murder or if that would make a
25	difference.

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1	MR. BOSLER: Does that fact make a difference
2	to you?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That
4	MR. BOSLER: That there's a of course the
5	victim can't speak, but the family, there's people who meet
6	statutory definitions of people who can come to court and
7	say this is the crime, this is how it's affected me as a
8	person. Does that change your essentially automatic view
9	that first degree murder is the death penalty?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
11	THE COURT: You have to answer out loud for the
12	court reporter.
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, it does not.
14	MR. BOSLER: I will make the challenge, Your
1 5	Honor.
16	THE COURT: Would you like to inquire?
17	MR. STANTON: Yes.
18	THE COURT: You may do so.
19	MR. STANTON: Mr. Butler, there are several
20	jurors who have talked about the concept of premeditated
21	murder. And none of you at least in this panel, 36 of you,
22	have indicated an occupation as an attorney. We
23	collectively, the lawyers in this room, have a very precise
24	and specific definition of premeditated murder. That's what
25	I want to first want to talk to you about.
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If you and me decide to rob a bank and I'm the driver, never go in the bank, never step foot in it, I don't have a gun. In fact, I tell you before you go in, don't hurt anybody, no weapons. In fact, unbeknownst to me, you go in with a weapon and someone is killed. I do not premeditate or believe or intend to kill, yet I'm guilty of first degree murder. Would that affect your thinking relative to all first degree murders deserve the death penalty? A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, it would, because you were, in my opinion, based on what you've told me, not 11 12 the one who perpetrated the murder. MR. STANTON: But in the eyes of the law, my 13 conduct in what we call the felony murder rule, legal 14 15 doctrine, is that we are committing an inherently dangerous felony, such that if a consequence that is foreseeable --16 and robbing a bank and someone getting hurt or killed is 17 foreseeable -- you and I are guilty of the same thing, even 18

> Does that change your mind as far as your comment -- and I know this is your first time and experience in a situation like this, but that not all cases involving first degree murder may fit what I perceive your definition of premeditated murder means.

though I never touched the gun or never pulled the trigger.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That would be a correct

1 statement.

MR. STANTON: When you say premeditated, are you talking about someone who thinks about murder, plans murder and then goes out and commits it in a particular fashion; is that what you mean by premeditated?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. Premeditated to me would be the example you used, me being in that situation of going into the bank with a gun, being prepared to use it and to kill somebody.

MR. STANTON: In Nevada, not all murders are death penalty cases. In fact, very few are. Do you agree with that or disagree with that?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Generally speaking, I would probably disagree with it.

MR. STANTON: In Nevada, the only way a case can be a death penalty case is if it is sought by the prosecution and they have evidence to support a list of aggravating factors that's defined by statute. If it doesn't have any of those, death penalty cannot legally be an option. Do you agree with that?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: With the information given me, yes.

MR. STANTON: So the process is that collectively the citizens of the State of Nevada determine through their Legislature what are capital cases. And by

1	that decision, they decide the negative, what cases are not.
2	MR. BOSLER: I object to that, Your Honor. The
3	District Attorney decides that, not the citizens.
4	MR. STANTON: In the aggravating factors, last
5	time I checked, the District Attorneys of the State of
6	Nevada don't choose the aggravating circumstances.
7	THE COURT: Okay. Wait. Ladies and gentlemen
8	of the jury panel, we're trying to be as precise as possible
9	in our questioning, and sometimes things mean different
10	things to lawyers than they do mean to the general
11	layperson.
12	The Legislature enumerates what acts or facts
13	can be considered aggravating circumstances.
14	The District Attorney of the County decides
15	whether a particular case fits into those. A jury
16	determines whether or not those aggravating circumstances
17	exist.
18	MR. STANTON: Do you have any problem with that
19	concept?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I don't.
21	MR. STANTON: So in the case of this case
22	before you as a prospective juror, if you were to find in
23	the first portion of this trial, what we call the guilt
24	phase, that Mr. Vanisi was guilty of murder in the first
25	degree, would the only punishment you would consider be the

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1	death penalty?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
3	MR. STANTON: If the judge instructed you that
4	you cannot consider the death penalty in a vacuum or
5	automatically, that you must as a obligation, duty as a
6	juror to consider aggravating, mitigating evidence, could
7	you follow that instruction?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I truly won't know until
9	I'm there, but I don't believe I could.
10	MR. STANTON: And that's kind of what
11	Mr. Bosler and I are attempting to do is to reach in your
12	mind and ask you what you think fairly is going to happen
13	when you get to the deliberative process, no what not
14	what you're going to do but would you agree with a mind that
1 5	is open.
16	In this case, could you do that? Could you
17	follow the Court's instruction?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't believe so.
19	MR. STANTON: Thank you. I do not object to
20	the motion.
21	THE COURT: Would you like to make the motion,
22	Mr. Bosler?
23	MR. BOSLER: Please, Your Honor, a Witherspoon
24	challenge.
25	THE COURT: Motion to disqualify Mr. Butler for

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1	cause is granted.
2	Thank you, Mr. Butler, you're excused.
3	MR. BOSLER: Thank you, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: The clerk will call another juror.
5	THE CLERK: Shawna L. Mefford.
6	THE COURT: Ma'am, please read that list of
7	potential witnesses, please.
8	Have you had a chance to read it, ma'am?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
10	THE COURT: Are you related to or acquainted
11	with anyone on that list?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
13	THE COURT: Have you had an opportunity to hear
14	my questions yesterday and today?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
16	THE COURT: Did you keep a record of those
17	questions you would respond to?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
19	THE COURT: Would you please respond to those?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have several family
21	members involved in the police force, uncles in Sparks
22	Police Department, and also I'm a very good friend with one
23	of the psychics that work with the police department in
24	solving crimes.
25	THE COURT: What's the name of what's your
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1	uncle's name?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Kenny McCone.
3	THE COURT: And now would you feel that you
4	would have to justify any particular result to your uncle?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
6	THE COURT: Go ahead and proceed.
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Alaina Prophet who works
8	with the District Attorney's Office as a psychic, I'm very
9	good friends with her. And I did have a gallbladder attack
10	last Monday so I'm going to the doctor on Thursday to see
11	what happens with it. I don't know if it will or will not
12	be a problem. And business reasons is that I own five
13	businesses and it's very hard for me to be out for three to
14	four weeks on a case like this.
15	THE COURT: It's two to three. Does that make
16	it any better?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: We hope. Yeah.
18	THE COURT: The psychic works for the police
19	department?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh. Works with.
21	THE COURT: Have you discussed this case with
22	her?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	THE COURT: It is a her?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
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1	THE COURT: And when you discussed the case
2	with her, did you tell us on your questionnaire the
3	information that you were given?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, because I wasn't
5	thinking about it at the time when I answered the
6	questionnaire.
7	THE COURT: Do you feel you've gotten
8	additional information from her?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I wouldn't say additional
10	information. But we did discuss it before when I did fill
11	the questionnaire out. But I did not put that on my
12	questionnaire at the time because I wasn't thinking of it.
13	THE COURT: But the information you put on the
14	questionnaire, you don't know anything more than what you
15	put on? Or do you want to look at it again to tell me the
16	answer to that?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. I wouldn't say that
18	I not facts, just hearsay.
19	THE COURT: Okay. Is there anything about your
20	friend's employment that would cause you difficulty serving
21	on this jury?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
23	THE COURT: Anything else you would want to
24	respond to my questions?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
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1	THE COURT: Were you able to hear Mr. Stanton's
2	questions?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
4	THE COURT: Are any of those questions specific
5	questions you wrote down that you want to respond to?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I absolutely do not
7	believe in death penalty.
8	THE COURT: And any others?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
10	THE COURT: Any specific questions that
11	Mr. Bosler has asked so far that you would want to respond
12	to?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Hu-huh.
14	THE COURT: Yes or no?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
16	THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Stanton, you may
17	inquire.
18	MR. STANTON: Thank you, Your Honor.
19	Ma'am, tell me the correct pronunciation of
20	your last name.
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mefford.
22	MR. STANTON: You said you absolutely don't
23	believe in the death penalty. I'd like to ask you a couple
24	quick questions regarding that. Under no circumstances
25	could you ever impose the death penalty?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think it's the worst
2	punishment for them to have to wake up with every day and
3	deal with it than to be put to death. I think that's a way
4	out.
5	MR. STANTON: Assuming that it bothers them.
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right.
7	(Laughter.)
8	MR. STANTON: I would move for cause for
9	Ms. Mefford for the reasons stated.
10	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler, would you like to
11	inquire?
12	MR. BOSLER: Please.
13	THE COURT: You may do so.
14	MR. BOSLER: Ms. Mefford, you said that in your
15	mind, life imprisonment can be worse than death.
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
1 7	MR. BOSLER: Why is that?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think that no matter
19	what you have ever done in your life, you have to wake up
20	and think about it every single day. Even criminals I'm
21	sure have to face that every single day, and I think that's
22	far worse than taking the way out as death.
23	MR. BOSLER: Ever had any access to maximum
24	security prison to see what living conditions these people
25	live under?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
2	MR. BOSLER: Some people go to visit with
3	police officers or with school.
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I've been on a tour of
5	Parr Boulevard but not in an actual prison.
6	MR. BOSLER: Never to a maximum security
7	facility?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
9	MR. BOSLER: Your impressions of Parr
10	Boulevard?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was horrible.
12	THE COURT: There's a motion to excuse her for
13	cause and I'm going to allow you to inquire as to the
14	aspects of her cause, whether or not she has a predetermined
15	situation that cannot waiver.
16	MR. BOSLER: Ms. Mefford, Mr. Stanton asked you
17	if there's any case you would consider for the death
18	penalty. Do you remember that question?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
20	MR. BOSLER: Do you understand that no matter
21	how bad the case is, you never have to impose the death
22	penalty?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	MR. BOSLER: I think the issue you've heard us
25	discuss is whether you'll consider if you're provided with
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1	first degree murder and evidence is presented as to the
2	aggravating factors. Is that something you'll consider?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I would not.
4	MR. BOSLER: Not even consider mitigating
5	evidence?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
7	MR. BOSLER: Just automatically believe in your
8	mind?
. 9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
10	MR. BOSLER: Even though the courts can tell
11	you to follow the instructions?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's one of the three
13	options that are available. I just don't feel like it's an
14	option that I would choose no matter what circumstances they
15	were.
16	MR. BOSLER: No one could ask you to choose it.
17	No one can order that. The issue is, you can choose life or
18	you can choose life with or without. But will you consider
19	as an option what the other jurors are asked to consider
20	which is death?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I wouldn't consider
22	it an option.
23	MR. BOSLER: You would automatically vote for
24	life?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right.
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1	MR. BOSLER: No circumstance could change your
2	opinion?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
4	MR. BOSLER: I'll submit the matter, Your
5	Honor.
6	THE COURT: Ms. Mefford, you are excused for
7	cause.
8	Call the name of another prospective juror.
9	THE CLERK: Mark W. Phillips.
10	THE COURT: We don't have Mr. Mark W. Phillips.
11	MR. GAMMICK: Your Honor, I have that
12	individual listed as AWOL from last week. He hasn't been
13	here at all.
14	THE COURT: It was accidentally included,
15	counsel. Anyone have an objection to proceeding with the
16	selection not with Mr. Phillips present?
17	MR. STANTON: No, Your Honor.
18	MR. BOSLER: Has any information changed since
19	the Jury Commissioner
20	THE COURT: We've still not heard from him.
21	MR. BOSLER: No objection.
22	THE COURT: Call the name of another
23	prospective juror.
24	THE CLERK: Raul B. Frias.
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Are we going to be
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1	breaking soon?
2	THE COURT: Yes.
3	Go ahead and review that list.
4	THE COURT: Have you had a chance to read the
5	list of names? You have to answer out loud for the court
6	reporter.
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay.
8	THE COURT: Are you acquainted with or related
9	to anyone on that list?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
11	THE COURT: Have you been able to hear my
12	questions yesterday and today?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, your Honor.
14	THE COURT: And did you keep a record of which
1 5	questions you would have responded to if you were sitting in
16	the jury box the whole time?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
18	THE COURT: Did you
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I don't have any
20	questions.
21	THE COURT: You heard all my questions?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I heard all your
23	questions.
24	THE COURT: Are you telling me that after every
25	question, you never would have raised your hand and said,
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1	yes, that applies to me?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
3	THE COURT: You're not acquainted with any law
4	enforcement officers?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: You're not related to any of them?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
8	THE COURT: You don't know either side, either
9	the attorneys or the parties?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
11	THE COURT: Were you able to hear Mr. Stanton's
12	questions? He's the prosecutor over there. You were able
1 3	to hear his questions?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
1 5	THE COURT: Would you have raised your hand and
16	responded to any of his general questions?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Pardon?
18	THE COURT: Would you have raised your hand and
19	responded to any of his general questions?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
21	THE COURT: Which ones?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I changed my mind.
23	MR. STANTON: Your Honor, may counsel approach?
24	THE COURT: Yes.
25	(Bench conference between Court and counsel as
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follows:)

MR. STANTON: Judge, I believe I had a couple things that I might suggest that Mr. Frias has a language difficulty. Not only have his responses to your questions been inconsistent, but his initial juror questionnaire was primarily left blank.

In addition, his supplemental questionnaire appears, from at least the State's perspective, that he might have difficulty with the English language, both written and oral. His questions — his response to your question about hearing my questions this morning was inconsistent with his ultimate answer, and I think he's — my impression of his demeanor is that he's somewhat concerned about his embarrassing himself about not knowing the language.

MR. BOSLER: Your Honor, he made it here. We had another juror who had a language problem who couldn't -- appeared couldn't figure out how to contact the Jury Commissioner. He's here on time. He's checked the boxes in the jury questionnaire. That indicates he read it. If the State wants --

MR. GREGORY: I have no objections to the Court asking him if he has any difficulty with the English language.

THE COURT: I'm going to inquire as to his SIERRA NEVADA REPORTERS (702) 329-6560

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1 2 3 4 5 6 him, but we'll ask him. 7 8 panel.) 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 afternoon? 17 18 19 20 of the things I was saying. 21 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR:

ability to understand English. And then I might allow further questions without going further. But I'm reticent to release him if he can understand English, but if he can't, which does seem to be he's having a little bit of difficulty with my questions, then we will have to release

> (Whereupon, the following proceedings were held in open court, in the presence of the jury

THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen of the jury panel, remember, I try to go two hours and so if you are getting antsy, which I do sense just a little bit, you can watch the clock and we have a few more minutes. We will try to keep going until 3:00 before we take another recess.

Mr. Frias, have you been able to understand all the words everybody has been using all morning and

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Most of them.

THE COURT: I don't want to embarrass you but it seemed like maybe you were a little confused about some

There's one thing I want to say. I oppose the death penalty and nothing is going to change my decision.

THE COURT: Okay. Apart from that, I was really going to just ask you about how you were doing with

1	understanding my words in English. I was going to let the
2	lawyers deal with whether or not you feel that way about it,
3	but you feel that strongly about it, the death penalty?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: (Nodded head
5	affirmatively).
6	THE COURT: How strongly do you feel about it?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I oppose the death
8	penalty.
9	THE COURT: I'm going to allow counsel to
10	inquire further, but you're not having any trouble at all
11	with the English language?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, some of it.
13	THE COURT: Would you raise your hand
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would let them know if
15	I wouldn't understand what they're saying.
16	THE COURT: You will let me know that?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I will.
18	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler, you may inquire.
19	MR. BOSLER: Mr. Frias, you oppose the death
20	penalty?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	MR. BOSLER: How long have you held that view?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Pardon me?
24	MR. BOSLER: How long have you held that view?
25	How long have you felt that way?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Since I was a kid.
2	MR. BOSLER: And have you had a chance to
3	listen to what's been going on this afternoon?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	MR. BOSLER: You know what we're talking about,
6	first degree murder, that's the type of case we're talking
7	about?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: (No audible response.)
9	THE COURT: We can't record a nod of the head.
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay.
11	THE COURT: Yes or no?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
13	MR. BOSLER: And in the context of first degree
14	murder, there are certain things that jurors are supposed to
15	do, which is namely consider all the evidence. Is that
16	something you're willing to do is consider evidence?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	MR. BOSLER: The law allows you to, in
19	considering evidence, consider three types of punishments.
20	Actually it's four. You can send someone to prison for a
21	number of years. Do you understand that?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
23	MR. BOSLER: You can send them to prison for
24	life with a chance of being paroled. Do you understand
25	that?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
2	MR. BOSLER: You could sentence them to life
3	without a chance of ever being paroled. Do you understand
4	that?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
6	MR. BOSLER: You could send someone to prison
7	or to be put to death ?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	MR. BOSLER: You understand those are four
10	options?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I understand.
12	MR. BOSLER: Some people may feel strongly that
13	the death penalty is always warranted. Other people may be
14	opposed to the death penalty. The issue is whether they're
15	willing to at least consider other possible punishments
16	before they make that decision. Are you at least willing to
17	consider other punishments?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, I could consider
19	other punishments.
20	MR. BOSLER: No further questions, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: Mr. Stanton?
22	MR. STANTON: Thank you.
23	Mr. Frias, on April 8th of this year, you
24	filled out the initial questionnaire in this case. Do you
25	remember that?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I do.
2	MR. STANTON: There was a lot of the
3	questionnaire that you didn't fill out. Do you remember
4	this questionnaire? Does it look familiar?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I didn't
6	MR. STANTON: Does that look familiar or do you
7	want me to come a little closer to you?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sure.
9	MR. STANTON: May I approach, Your Honor?
10	THE COURT: You may.
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You want me to read it?
12	I don't have my glasses.
13	MR. STANTON: I don't want you to read it but
14	does it look familiar to you?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
16	MR. STANTON: There's a lot in fact almost
17	the entire form you didn't fill out. Can you tell me why
18	you didn't fill it out?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I forgot to bring my
20	glasses with me.
21	MR. STANTON: So you couldn't read it?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I couldn't read it.
23	MR. STANTON: There's a couple of things we
24	haven't asked a lot of people because we already knew this
25	information. But can you tell me how you're currently
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1	employed?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I used to be a bartender.
3	When I inherited a little fortune, I decided to take a
4	little rest.
5	MR. STANTON: So you retired, kind of?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Same idea.
7	MR. STANTON: Are you married, sir?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
9	MR. BOSLER: I wish to note the objection.
10	I'll let counsel continue but I don't know if this goes
11	beyond the challenge as to the death penalty qualification.
12	THE COURT: Well, it probably does, but he gets
13	to inquire first anyway.
14	MR. BOSLER: You're allowing general
15	THE COURT: He can talk to him. These are
16	questions that we do when we normally have them filled out.
17	MR. STANTON: You're married, sir?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
19	MR. STANTON: What does your wife do for a
20	living?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She's a cafeterian.
22	MR. STANTON: Are you related to any law
23	enforcement officers?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
25	MR. STANTON: Have you ever served as a juror
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before?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.

MR. STANTON: Is there any reason about either the spoken English language or reading jury instructions that you think would cause you a problem sitting as a juror in this case?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not really.

MR. STANTON: You think you could follow all the evidence and read the instructions of law?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.

MR. STANTON: And if there was a problem in that you couldn't understand a question or an answer that was given during the trial, are you comfortable enough in your personality --

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would let them know.

MR. STANTON: You would raise your hand and let

somebody know?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.

MR. STANTON: I'd like to talk to you about your thoughts on the death penalty.

Is it your position, sir, that there is absolutely no case whatsoever that you could ever impose the death penalty.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, I believe that prison, life in prison would be worse punishment.

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1	MR. STANTON: That may be the worse punishment.
2	My question is, could you ever impose the death penalty?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
4	MR. STANTON: Absolutely not under any
5	circumstances?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
7	MR. STANTON: In this case, the instructions of
8	law speak about consideration of all mitigating and
9	aggravating circumstances. One of the options is the death
10	penalty. You'd never consider that?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
12	MR. STANTON: Never an option with you?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
14	MR. STANTON: Thank you. I would challenge
15	Mr. Frias for cause, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler?
17	MR. BOSLER: Just briefly, Mr. Frias. I know
18	you said life imprisonment to you is a greater punishment
19	than death. And you can't think of a case where you would
20	want to impose the death penalty; is that accurate? Would
21	that be true?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
23	MR. BOSLER: I asked you earlier, we talked
24	about the types of punishments that are available for first
25	degree murder. And you said you're willing to at least
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1	consider them, even if you don't want to impose death.
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would consider the
3	three, life imprisonment, life without parole, but not the
4	death penalty.
5	MR. BOSLER: So you would consider the term,
6	the years in prison, life without, life with?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
8	MR. BOSLER: Are you willing to at least read
9	the Court's instructions about what cases may be eligible
10	for the death penalty? Would you read the Court's
11	instructions?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
13	THE COURT: How do you answer?
14	MR. BOSLER: You don't think you would be able
15	to read the Court's instructions?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would, but it wouldn't
17	change my position.
18	MR. BOSLER: If you read the Court's
1 9	instructions and the Court said consider this, you don't
20	have to ever impose death but you should at least consider
21	these different types of punishments, are you willing to, at
22	least to take part in that even if you don't arrive in to
23	that penalty?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	MR. BOSLER: That's all I need to ask. I think
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1	that's what the law requires. We'll oppose the challenge.
2	THE COURT: Mr. Frias, are you saying you
3	and Mr. Bosler were talking over each other so I couldn't
4	exactly hear what you were saying. You will consider as a
5	potential penalty in this case the term of years and life in
6	prison with or without the possibility of parole?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
8	THE COURT: Will you consider the death
9	penalty?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
11	THE COURT: It would, under no circumstance at
12	any time would you ever consider the death penalty?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
14	THE COURT: Motion for excusing for cause is
15	granted.
16	Mr. Frias, you are excused. Thank you.
17	We'll call the name of another juror before we
18	recess.
19	THE CLERK: Susan E. Johnson.
20	THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, go ahead and read the
21	list of names.
22	You've read the list?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	THE COURT: Are you acquainted with or related
25	to anyone on that list?

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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
2	THE COURT: Were you able to hear my questions?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
4	THE COURT: Did you keep track of what you
5	would respond to?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
7	THE COURT: You may tell me what that list is.
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Did I hear any news and I
9	say yes to that?
10	THE COURT: After you filled out your
11	questionnaire?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
13	THE COURT: And did you hear new information?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
15	THE COURT: So everything that you wrote down
16	on your questionnaire is an accurate reflection of what you
1 7	know about this case?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. And those are the
19	only questions from you.
20	THE COURT: Then you had questions you would
21	respond to for the other attorneys?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
23	THE COURT: Why don't you tell us what those
24	are now.
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: From Mr. Stanton, the
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only one was the being chosen as a foreperson. I wouldn't want to be chosen as that because I would not want to sign my name on there. And that was the only -- that's it.

THE COURT: I'm going to let everyone go on their recess now, and when you come back, I will allow the attorneys to inquire of you and then everyone else.

Now, ladies and gentlemen, we are going to do what we did yesterday. And that is, you, with the assistance of the bailiff, who do not smoke, will stay on this floor and this floor only. You will not leave the floor. You have a 15- or so minute recess. Walk around and then come back in the courtroom.

Those of you who do smoke will go with Mr. Anderson and my administrative assistant, Ms. Clements, who is waiting outside. They'll take you across the street. Try to get away from the entrance to do your smoking. But you stay together, too.

Now, remember, while you're all walking around and stretching, you are not to discuss this case among yourselves or with anyone else. You're not to form or express any opinion regarding the ultimate outcome of this case. You're not to allow anyone else to attempt to influence you in any manner regarding this matter. Do not view any news media accounts regarding this case should there be any.

1 Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, we will be in 2 recess for 15 minutes. You must be back at that time. 3 (Recess taken.) 4 (Whereupon, the following proceedings were held in open court, outside the presence of the 5 jury.) 6 THE COURT: You all don't have to move out of 7 the way, but I understand that there is a request from 8 Mr. Walker. 9 Mr. Walker. 10 MR. STANTON: It's on behalf of the State, Your 11 Honor. Mr. Walker prepared the motion. Since we were in 12 trial, it's a material witness warrant on behalf of the 13 State due to the unavailability of a witness. 14 THE COURT: Do you want to proceed with it? 15 MR. GAMMICK: I can go ahead and handle this, 16 Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Thank you. I've had an opportunity 18 to review the affidavit and the motion. I see no reason not to issue a bench warrant. I'd like to hear you with regard 19 20 to the amount of bond. 21 MR. GAMMICK: Your Honor, we'd ask in this 22 matter, since it is based on the fact she's out of state, 23 we'd ask for a \$50,000 bail at this time, fully 24 understanding that once this is executed then we can have a 25 hearing once the person is returned to this jurisdiction. SIERRA NEVADA REPORTERS (702) 329-6560

1	THE COURT: No problem with the requested
2	amount.
3	MR. GAMMICK: Thank you, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: The order will issue in the amount
5	of 50,000.
6	Any other issues that counsel has with regard
7	to the case?
8	Mr. Bosler, you're back up. Anything else
9	outside the presence of the jury before we continue with
10	jury selection?
11	MR. BOSLER: I'll still defer to the Court. I
12	think we have several people you wanted to talk to
13	individually about information they gathered about the case
14	from other than public sources. I'll leave that to the
15	Court when the Court feels it's an opportune time to address
16	that.
17	THE COURT: We seem to be doing pretty well.
18	You had two people that you had requested. And
19	MR. BOSLER: We have Ms. Mefford.
20	THE COURT: One of them is gone. I think
21	Ms. Grate is the only person left and then Ms. Mefford. But
22	what she said is that she didn't have any additional
23	information over what was on her questionnaire.
24	MR. BOSLER: Your Honor, just for the sake of
25	safety, if we're going to do it, I'd ask you bring her in,
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1	too, Ms. Grate and Ms. Mefford.
2	MR. STANTON: Ms. Mefford has been excused.
3	MR. BOSLER: That's right. I think we're down
4	to one.
5	THE COURT: Let's go ahead and bring the jury
6	panel in and get everyone seated. We're ready to start back
7	up. Court's in recess for a few minutes.
8	(Recess taken.)
9	
10	(Whereupon, the following proceedings were held in open court, in the presence of the jury.)
11	in open court, in the presence of the jury.)
12	THE COURT: Counsel stipulate to the presence
3	of the jury?
14	MR. STANTON: The State will, Your Honor.
15	MR. BOSLER: So stipulated, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: And the bailiff has informed me he
17	thinks everyone is in the audience that's been
18	participating.
19	Are you stipulating that you may proceed with
20	voir dire without calling the roll?
21	MR. BOSLER: Yes, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: I'm sorry, is it your turn,
23	Mr. Stanton.
24	MR. STANTON: It is, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: Thank you. For a moment I just
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1	could not remember.
2	MR. STANTON: Ms. Johnson, you indicated that
3	you heard all my questions and you only had concerns about
4	one; is that correct?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
6	MR. STANTON: That was my question about being
7	selected as a foreperson?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	MR. STANTON: You indicated on your
10	supplemental questionnaire your feelings about the death
11	penalty, and that you're opposed to the death penalty?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I said strongly. I
13	didn't say I was totally opposed.
14	MR. STANTON: You're strongly opposed to it?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
16	MR. STANTON: Is there any case where you
17	believe the death penalty would be appropriate punishment?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
19	MR. STANTON: You do?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
21	MR. STANTON: And there's nothing about this
22	case that would prohibit you from considering all the facts
23	and the evidence and all the sentencing possibilities in
24	this case; is that correct?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would consider all of
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1	it.
2	MR. STANTON: Are there any other concerns that
3	have been raised by any of the questions so far?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
5	MR. STANTON: No further questions.
6	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler.
7	MR. BOSLER: Thank you, Your Honor.
8	If I could, thank you for joining us,
9	Ms. Johnson.
10	Ms. Scolari, any relation to the grocery store
11	chain?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Probably.
13	MR. BOSLER: During the jury selection the
14	Court asked anybody if there was any reason they thought
15	that they may not be a fair person for the jury. Do you
16	remember that?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	MR. BOSLER: And correct me if I'm wrong, I
19	think I read from your questionnaire that you're on the
20	committee to raise money for the Sullivan family?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was.
22	MR. BOSLER: Tell me how that came about.
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Actually through my
24	boyfriend. He was on a committee to help raise, and I
25	helped him.
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1	MR. BOSLER: Tell me a little bit more about
2	your involvement. Exactly how long were you on the
3	committee?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I just accepted the
5	calls, mostly. I didn't do any of the work on it.
6	MR. BOSLER: Where did you accept calls; at
7	your own home?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: At home. It was more
9	calls for him than me. He belonged to the Reno Chamber of
10	Commerce, and they were trying to do a musical fund-raiser
11	for the family, which didn't happen.
12	MR. BOSLER: Pardon my ignorance. Did you like
13	put out a phone number, then people would call you if they
14	wanted to make donations?
1 5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He would. And they would
16	call him. Actually, he dealt more with just the Chamber at
17	that time. And I had to answer the calls coming from them.
18	MR. BOSLER: Do you have any official position,
19	were you considered like a co-chairperson or anything like
20	that?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
22	MR. BOSLER: How long did this committee work
23	last?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A couple months.
25	MR. BOSLER: Any reason why you didn't mention
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1	that when the judge was asking general questions about
2	things that might affect your fairness?
3	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think it will.
4	MR. BOSLER: You stated on your jury
5	questionnaire, I'll quote you, I think I'm correct, if the
6	accused is guilty of such a crime, I feel he should be
7	punished accordingly.
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	MR. BOSLER: Something you remember writing
10	down on your questionnaire?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	MR. BOSLER: And then the questionnaires are
13	given to you by the Jury Commissioner?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
1 5	MR. BOSLER: You're told to fill them out, turn
16	them in when you're done?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right.
18	MR. BOSLER: Did you feel a lot of pressure on
19	you while you were filling out the questionnaire?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not really.
21	MR. BOSLER: How about today, do you kind of
22	feel, speaking in front of a group, it's a little bit more
23	pressure?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	MR. BOSLER: I want to talk to you about what
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1	you mean, if a person commits such a crime they should be
2	punished accordingly. You've heard the litany of questions
3	ad nauseam that I've proposed or posed to jurors. Just to
4	be clear, we're only talking about first degree murder. You
5	understand that?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
7	MR. BOSLER: Is that what you mean when you say
8	that if a person commits this
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Under all the
10	circumstances that involve the case, if it comes to that
11	point, I believe that he should be punished by death.
12	MR. BOSLER: And I just have to clarify this.
13	You have a first degree murder. Is that what you mean if
14	it's a first degree murder, you think the punishment should
15	be death?
16 .	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, according to the
17	circumstances, yes.
18	MR. BOSLER: A first degree murder involving a
19	police officer who is killed in the commission of a robbery,
20	who is killed due to some perceived ethnic group,
21	nationality issue, and whose body is damaged or mutilated
22	after death, that type of case, that's the type of case I
23	want you to talk about.
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	MR. BOSLER: And in that type of case do you
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1	think the death penalty is always warranted?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
3	MR. BOSLER: So you think under those
4	circumstances there would be reason to consider other
5	penalties?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You'd have to weigh all
7	the evidence and go from there.
8	MR. BOSLER: And if I could talk to you, do you
9	remember what the District Attorney and the Court explained
10	to you about mitigation and aggravation?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	MR. BOSLER: You understand that no matter how
13	much aggravation you find, the law says life is always an
14	option?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right.
16	MR. BOSLER: Life imprisonment?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right.
18	MR. BOSLER: In the way you think, I just know
19	your quotation from your questionnaire, when you make this
20	profound, I don't know how to describe this, but when you
21	make this decision whether someone lives or dies, are you
22	willing to consider in your decision-making process things
23	like whether the person who committed the offense suffered
24	from a mental illness?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
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1	MR. BOSLER: When you decide how this scheme of
2	life works, are you willing to consider lack of a prior
3	criminal history?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	MR. BOSLER: Would the use of alcohol or drugs
6	near the time of the event be something you would consider
7	in your decision-making process?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	MR. BOSLER: Something like the age of the
10	accused, is that something you would consider?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	MR. BOSLER: Knowing that you are a member of,
13	you at least participated in this committee to raise money
14	for the Sullivan family, any reason I should be worried
15	about your impartiality, your ability to sit through this
16	trial?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
18	MR. BOSLER: Nothing you can think of?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
20	MR. BOSLER: Ms. Martin, you put in your
21	questionnaire that you favor the death penalty?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
23	MR. BOSLER: You didn't say strongly, you just
24	said favorably?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
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1	MR. BOSLER: Why is that?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If you kill a person and
3	the evidence and everything says that you're guilty.
4	MR. BOSLER: You think death is the next step?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If everything weighs out
6	to that, yes. If it doesn't, then they might get something
7	else for punishment.
8	MR. BOSLER: You also wrote some things on your
9	questionnaire
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Do you have to read it?
11	MR. BOSLER: If it makes you completely
12	uncomfortable, we can approach the bench.
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, at this time it
14	would.
15	MR. BOSLER: That's exactly what's supposed to
16	happen.
17	If we could approach, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Yes. Ms. Martin.
19	(Whereupon, a bench conference was held between
20	Court and counsel, outside the presence of the jury.)
21	
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm totally embarrassed.
23	MR. BOSLER: If you could, do you remember
24	writing on your questionnaire "I think Vanisi is guilty"?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. Because what I've
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1	read on TV, I've read every newspaper article up until this
2	date, and that's the way I formed my decision.
3	MR. BOSLER: You also wrote that you couldn't
4	follow the Court's instructions, and you said, quote, "If
5	he's guilty, he should get the death penalty, which he is."
6	Do you remember saying that?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. I did. But now
8	that I've heard other stuff, it's that I don't really.
9	MR. BOSLER: You're uncomfortable about other
10	things. I'm not going to mention these in front of the
11	jury.
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I hope you don't.
13	THE COURT: But go ahead. What were you going
14	to say? I couldn't hear what you were saying.
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It depends on the
16	evidence, what else you guys have been saying, you have to
17	weigh the evidence and hear the evidence and everything.
18	But at the time when I filled this out it was like from what
19	I read in the paper, watched on TV and everything, I
20	thought, hey, he's guilty, he said he was going to kill a
21	cop, so he's guilty.
22	THE COURT: Now that you've participated in the
23	voir dire, do you believe that you would be able to wait and
24	hear the evidence as it's presented in court?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: As it's presented in
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1	court, yeah.
2	THE COURT: So this opinion is not one that you
3	still hold?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
5	MR. BOSLER: I just wanted to put that part on
6	the record. I could question her. I'm not going to mention
7	her statement, but I can ask her what she wrote without
8	mentioning it. That's all I wanted to do.
9	THE COURT: Do you have any other questions
10	with regard to this?
11	MR. STANTON: No, I don't have any questions.
12	THE COURT: Thank you. You can go and sit
13	down.
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Can I go and hide first?
15	THE COURT: No.
16	(Whereupon, the following proceedings were held in open court, in the presence of the jury.)
17	in open coult, in the probates of the july
18	MR. BOSLER: Now Ms. Martin, can you think, in
19	the concept of first degree murder cases, first degree
20	murder cases, you wouldn't impose death automatically?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	MR. BOSLER: In the case where you have a first
23	degree murder and there's four aggravating circumstances,
24	the same four I've already mentioned, in a case like that,
25	are you willing to consider a penalty of less than death?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
2	MR. BOSLER: Just briefly, in the grand sense
3	of the scheme, whether someone lives or dies and what
4	happens in a penalty phase, would it be part of your general
5	consideration I guess that's fine if you had evidence
6	that the person was using alcohol or drugs at the time of
7	the offense?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I might weigh that into
9	it. I'd weigh the other things into it. But alcohol,
10	drugs, that would be iffy.
11	MR. BOSLER: Any particular reason that's iffy
12	for you?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Someone in my family is
14	an abuser of alcohol.
15	MR. BOSLER: Have you noticed behavior changes
16	in them based upon that?
17	MR. STANTON: Object to the question as being
18	irrelevant.
19	THE COURT: Sustained.
20	MR. BOSLER: Just for the record, this is not
21	the Witherspoon/Whitt analysis.
22	THE COURT: I understand. Thank you.
23	MR. BOSLER: In this general scheme of deciding
24	this question, would you be able to consider evidence of
25	lack of a criminal history, violent or otherwise?
22 23	THE COURT: I understand. Thank you. MR. BOSLER: In this general scheme of de

1	A DDAGDECTIVE TIDAD. IId consider it
	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'd consider it.
2	MR. BOSLER: The mental state of the person who
3	committed the crime, would that be something you would
4	consider?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'd consider it.
6	MR. BOSLER: Age of the accused a
7	consideration?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: To some extent.
9	MR. BOSLER: There are no things you wouldn't
10	consider at all, those are at least things you would put in
11	your analysis?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I'd consider them.
13	MR. BOSLER: You are a delivery driver at this
14	point?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
16	MR. BOSLER: Anything about that job that
17	brings you into contact with law enforcement officers?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. If they're going to
19	write me a ticket or something, I try and avoid it, or plead
20	not for it.
21	MR. BOSLER: Don't run into them if you deliver
22	early in the morning or anything like that?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, not really. I bypass
24	them on the street.
25	MR. BOSLER: Nothing about any relationship
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1	with police or relatives that should cause me concern?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
3	MR. BOSLER: Ms. Petrilak; is that right?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. That's close.
. 5	MR. BOSLER: Good afternoon, Ms. Petrilak. You
6	wrote in your jury questionnaire you strongly favor the
7	death penalty?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I do.
9	MR. BOSLER: Can you tell me a little bit about
10	that? How long have you held that view?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: As long as I can remember
12	learning about the law and things out there in life.
13	MR. BOSLER: Any particular reason you've
14	reached that opinion in your life?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Basically my family.
16	MR. BOSLER: Kind of like a family value passed
17	down?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
19	MR. BOSLER: Any particular reason you think
20	why the death penalty is important or why you feel it's an
21	appropriate punishment for murder?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If it's a violent crime,
23	then they shouldn't be able to live a life. They took what
24	life away for their life to be taken away.
25	MR. BOSLER: Is it kind of an eye for an eye
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type analysis for you?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: In the context of first degree murder -- I have to ask you these questions. In the context of first degree murders, do you feel that if someone commits a first degree murder, their punishment should be death?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh, yes.

MR. BOSLER: If you feel that way, that's an opinion you've had for quite some time, would that be safe to say?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: Moral decision you've made about the way you feel about life?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.

MR. BOSLER: If you had this first degree murder and you also had factors I've already explained to other jurors, the death of a police officer, you also have in the commission of a robbery, you have the perceived ethnicity of the deceased, and you have mutilation, damage to the body after death, does that make your position stronger that you think that's an automatic death penalty case?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think the nationality has anything to do with it. It's the nature of the crime.

1	MR. BOSLER: So even without the aggravating
2	factors you feel that a first degree murder should be
3	punished by death?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right.
5	MR. BOSLER: You heard the Court explain the
6	way the jury instructions worked. There's other options
7	available for consideration in a capital case. Do you
8	remember that?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right.
10	MR. BOSLER: Am I correct in assuming that
11	those considerations aren't going to enter into your mind
12	because you think death is
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, they wouldn't.
14	MR. BOSLER: So you wouldn't consider the other
15	options?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
17	MR. BOSLER: Anything I can say, anybody else
18	can say, that can change your view?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
20	MR. BOSLER: I'd make a Whitt challenge, Your
21	Honor.
22	THE COURT: Mr. Stanton.
23	MR. STANTON: Thank you, Your Honor.
24	Ms. Petrilak, I talked on a couple of
25	occasions, I'm sure you were listening, about the doors
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1	being opened and the consideration of evidence, not to
2	commit to you what you're going to do as far as the
3	aggravators Mr. Bosler was talking about, but whether or not
4	you would keep an open mind to listen to the evidence and
5	consider it. Could you do that?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think I could.
7	MR. STANTON: You don't think you could?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. I know I couldn't.
9	MR. STANTON: You know you couldn't?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
11	MR. STANTON: No further questions. I would
12	not object to the motion.
13	THE COURT: Ma'am, at the possibility of
14	mispronouncing your name, I'm not going to go there.
1 5	Thank you for your service. You're excused.
16	The clerk will call the name of another
17	potential juror.
18	THE CLERK: Kerry L. Humphries.
19	THE COURT: Ma'am, go ahead and have a seat and
20	review the witness list, please.
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I've read it.
22	THE COURT: Have you had a chance to read it?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know anybody.
24	THE COURT: You're not related to anybody on
25	that list?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, ma'am.
2	THE COURT: Have you been able to hear all my
3	questions thus far?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	THE COURT: And would you have responded to any
6	of my questions had you been sitting up here the whole time?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The only one would be
8	that I do know Sergeant Dennis Syfers. That's it.
9	THE COURT: And is there anything about your
10	relationship with the retired sergeant that would cause you
11	difficulty serving as a fair and impartial juror in this
12	case?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
14	THE COURT: Were you able to hear Mr. Stanton's
15	questions?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
17	THE COURT: Would you have responded to any of
18	those, the general questions?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
20	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler's general questions?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, the only thing is
22	that I am totally for the death penalty.
23	THE COURT: So you think someone should explore
24	that with you?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I guess it would be
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1	yeah, go with Stanton, that I am for the death penalty.
2	THE COURT: Well, I'll allow whoever wants to
3	inquire. Mr. Stanton, do you want to proceed?
4	MR. STANTON: Yes. Thank you.
5	Ms. Humphries, the questionnaire that you
6	filled out in April indicated employment that may have
7	changed since today. Has it changed since you filled it out
8	in April?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Probably not. I don't
10	work.
11	MR. STANTON: Prior to that were you employed
12	in what kind of occupation?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Delivery driver.
14	MR. STANTON: For what kind of company?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Auto paint store.
16	MR. STANTON: And Ms. Humphries, you indicated
17	in your questionnaire that a relative of yours had had some
18	legal problems here in Reno relatively recently, an uncle?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
20	MR. STANTON: Is there anything about that
21	experience as you know it that causes you a problem with law
22	enforcement?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
24	MR. STANTON: Did you think your uncle was
25	treated fairly?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, I guess, with what
2	the law is.
3	MR. STANTON: Was that here in Washoe County?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	MR. STANTON: Do you know what prosecuting
6	agency prosecuted him?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He hasn't gone to trial
8	yet. He's still incarcerated in Carson City.
9	MR. STANTON: It would be through the Washoe
10	County District Attorney's Office as the prosecuting agency
11	and it hasn't formally been disposed of?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
13	MR. STANTON: Are you close to your uncle?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
15	MR. STANTON: Do you discuss or have you
16	discussed his case, his legal problems with him?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
18	MR. STANTON: You indicated a question
19	initially by the judge relative to your position on the
20	death penalty. Could you tell me what that is?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm for it. I totally
22	believe in it.
23	MR. STANTON: Do you remember filling out the
24	supplemental questionnaire when you came in last week?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
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1	MR. STANTON: Do you remember what your
2	response was to question number ten, the question about the
3	death penalty?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm pretty sure I put I
5	believe in it.
6	MR. STANTON: Can I show it to you to refresh
7	your memory?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sure.
9	MR. STANTON: May I approach?
10	THE COURT: Yes.
11	MR. STANTON: I'll show you page four, line
12	seven, question number ten.
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I didn't read it
14	correctly.
15	MR. STANTON: Can you tell me which one you
16	would have answered out of those five options?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am in favor of capital
18	punishment. I'm strongly in favor of it as an
19	appropriate the last one.
20	MR. STANTON: The last one down here?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	MR. STANTON: No further questions.
23	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler.
24	MR. BOSLER: Thank you, Your Honor.
25	Ms. Humphries, how long have you strongly been
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1	in favor of the death penalty?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Ever since I can remember
3	it being an option. Since I was old enough to understand.
4	MR. BOSLER: Your view is strong enough that
5	you actually wanted to make sure we knew about that before
6	we started our questioning?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
8	MR. BOSLER: I guess you may know what the
9	questions are going to be. Strongly in favor of the death
10	penalty. First degree murder, that's all we're talking
11	about today. We're not talking about other types of murder.
12	Do you feel in a first degree murder case death, the death
13	penalty is the only proper punishment?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Absolutely.
15	MR. BOSLER: If you found that this first
1 6	degree murder was aggravated by other factors, would that
17	make you feel stronger about automatically imposing the
18	death penalty?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
20	MR. BOSLER: Is there anything that I could,
21	any information I could give you that would make you
22	consider the penalty of less than death for someone who is
23	convicted of first degree murder?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
25	MR. BOSLER: None of the things you've heard me
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1	mention to any of the other jurors?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
3	MR. BOSLER: It's just a moral decision you've
4	made?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I just feel that that's
6	something that there's gotta be something wrong for you
7	to do an awful crime like that. I just don't think there's
8	any other way except for them to be put to death.
9	MR. BOSLER: Anything I can say that's going to
10	change that?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
12	MR. BOSLER: You wouldn't consider any other
13	information?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
15	MR. BOSLER: I appreciate your candor. I
16	believe it's a Whitt challenge, Your Honor.
17	MR. STANTON: The State would not traverse the
18	motion.
19	THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, you are excused. I
20	mean Ms. Humphries.
21	Sorry, Ms. Johnson. Don't try to go.
22	(Laughter.)
23	THE COURT: The clerk will call the name of
24	another prospective juror.
25	THE CLERK: Holly R. Jenkins.
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1	THE COURT: Go ahead and review the list,
2	Ms. Jenkins.
3	Did you get a chance to review it?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	THE COURT: You're not related to anybody?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
7	THE COURT: Have you been able to hear all my
8	questions yesterday and today?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
10	THE COURT: Did you keep track of those
11	questions you would have responded to if you had been
12	sitting here the whole time?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If I've attended jury
14	duty before, yes, I have, here in this court about three
15	years ago. It was a civil case. What was your other
16	question? If we came to a verdict? Yes. And I am familiar
17	with some of the people on the jury.
18	THE COURT: Who else do you know?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Just a couple girls I
20	used to go to school with. I'm familiar with Judy Kruse and
21	Shaylene up at the top. I think it's Grate now. It used to
22	be Springer.
23	THE COURT: Shaylene?
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Shaylene.
25	It's been a while.
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1	THE COURT: Who is the other person?	
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Pat Grider.	
3	THE COURT: Anyone else?	
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.	
5	THE COURT: Anything about sitting on the same	
6	juror with these people that would cause you a problem?	
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.	
8	THE COURT: Ms. Kruse, Ms. Grate, Mr. Grider,	
9	do any of you have difficulty sitting on the same jury with	
10	Ms. Jenkins?	
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.	
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.	
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.	
14	THE COURT: Ms. Jenkins, any other questions?	
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, those are the only	
16	ones.	
17	THE COURT: Mr. Stanton, you may inquire.	
18	MR. STANTON: Ms. Jenkins, you indicated on	
19	your initial questionnaire back in April an employment that	
20	didn't catch my eyes, if I understood what that is. Could	
21	you explain that to me a little bit what you do for a	
22	living.	
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's actually a sales	
24	consulting firm. We go into big organizations, Fortune 500	
25	companies, and teach them a sales process that they use	
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1	internationally throughout their organization.
2	MR. STANTON: You work primarily here out of
3	Reno?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	MR. STANTON: Were you able to hear all my
6	questions?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
8	MR. STANTON: Is there any problems or concerns
9	with any of the questions I asked?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not that I recall.
11	MR. STANTON: Ms. Jenkins, if you were selected
12	the foreperson of this jury and you believed under the facts
13	and the law the death penalty was the appropriate
14	punishment, could you fill it out as the foreperson and
15	sentence that man to death?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
17	MR. STANTON: Thank you. Nothing further.
18	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler.
19	MR. BOSLER: Thank you, Your Honor.
20	Ms. Jenkins, you also put in your questionnaire
21	that you didn't recall many of the specifics about the case.
22	What's your access to public media?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I never watch TV, to be
24	perfectly honest with you. I never read the paper or watch
25	TV. I've heard a little here or there on the news when I'm
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1	getting ready for work, but I don't have a radio at work.
2	So very limited.
3	MR. BOSLER: Does your work call you away from
4	Reno also as part of your training?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Once in a great while but
6	it's not something that's normal. Just gave two weeks
7	notice at that location anyway, so they're not going to call
8	me to do anything.
9	MR. BOSLER: You're still going to work with
10	the same company but a different location?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I'm moving to a
12	different organization here in Reno.
13	MR. BOSLER: Same type of work?
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Same type of work.
15	MR. BOSLER: How long were you at Miller
16	Heiman?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Five years.
18	MR. BOSLER: Is that correct?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Miller Heiman.
20	MR. BOSLER: You said in your questionnaire you
21	favor the death penalty?
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not strongly; but yes, I
23	do. I believe in it.
24	MR. BOSLER: How long have you felt that way?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Since I understood I
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1	mean since I could rationalize that it's an option.
2	MR. BOSLER: In view of some of the other
3	questions I've asked jurors about whether they would believe
4	in first degree murder, death is always the appropriate
5	punishment, is that something you feel?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I wouldn't say it's
7	always true, no.
8	MR. BOSLER: In a case involving, do you
9	remember the four things we've talked about, in a first
10	degree murder case like that, do you feel that death is
11	always the appropriate punishment?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If that's all there was
13	to it, yes; but if there's the mitigating circumstances,
14	I'll consider them.
15	MR. BOSLER: If you found all those
16	aggravators, you think death is the proper punishment?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Possibly, yes.
18	MR. BOSLER: Would that mean that you would the
19	other side to prove up some mitigation in order for you to
20	consider a penalty of less than death?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. I guess I should
22	take that back. I don't know all the evidence to say I
23	mean if they prove that he did all four of those things,
24	then yes, I need proof that there's other reasons why or
25	something. I would also consider the other options.
	11

1	MR. BOSLER: If I could kind of split hairs	
2	here; if you have a case where you find those four	
3	aggravators, you realize the law is going to instruct you	
4	that no matter how many aggravators, four or 40, you always	
5	have the option for life; is that an instruction you would	
6	consider and follow?	
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.	
8	THE COURT: Mr. Bosler, I'm going to stop you	
9	for a minute.	
10	Go ahead.	
11	MR. BOSLER: In the case where we have a first	
12	degree murder, there's evidence of these four aggravators,	
13	are you willing to consider, in your ultimate decision	
14	whether someone lives or dies, evidence of mental illness?	
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.	
16	MR. BOSLER: Will you consider evidence of	
17	intoxication or drug usage on or about the time the crime is	
18	committed?	
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Would I consider it, yes.	
20	MR. BOSLER: We can only ask you if you would	
21	consider it.	
22	How about something like a lack of a violent	
23	criminal history, another character act?	
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would consider it.	
25	I'll be honest. I don't know how much weight I would give	
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1	to it.
2	MR. BOSLER: It would be something you would
3	think about?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
5	MR. BOSLER: I guess what it comes down to is
6	the law allows you as a citizen, an individual, to say I
7	don't care how many aggravators. There is this thing in the
8	law that says any other circumstance, any other circumstance
9	that I feel is appropriate. So the law allows you to
10	essentially say it may be some other thing he did in his
11	childhood, that's enough for me to say that he doesn't
12	deserve to die. Are you going to at least engage in that
13	analysis before you decide what type of punishment should be
14	imposed?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
16	MR. BOSLER: Ms. Knight, I think we talked a
17	little bit I heard you say yesterday that the process is
18	not difficult because you don't feel like you're judging
19	anybody as part of the process; would I be accurate in that?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
21	MR. BOSLER: Could you explain to me what
22	you're trying to say?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Are you talking about my
24	original statement?
25	MR. BOSLER: I think you actually said it while

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you were sitting down here in court yesterday.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Say what I said again. Because I don't think I said that.

MR. BOSLER: You didn't feel that you're actually really judging anything; you're just comparing the facts to the law.

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I said that there was a problem in semantics. So I went home and looked up "judge" in the dictionary. And then I realized that, yes, in fact you were correct, or somebody was correct that, no, that "judge" does mean that you look at evidence and that you justly and wisely, unbiasly and fairly look at the evidence and you make a decision.

Originally when I said "judge," that was a hard word for me, because I'm in education. What I teach my little ones is that we — it's not good or bad. I'm not talking about big things. When I wrote that down, I was just immediately thinking about what I tell my kids. Let's not look at it as good or bad; let's look at — because when you constantly tell kids if they're not good, they automatically think they're bad. So I teach them not to look in terms of good and bad or judge it, let's just look at it and let's look at the consequences. And the word kind of bothered me. But then when I looked at it, what it really meant, then I knew that I could justly, unbiasly,

1	wisely, fairly look at the evidence. And it probably didn't
2	sound like that yesterday. But that's what I really did.
3	I went home and I thought about it, what do these words
4	mean. Because it's important. But it was a matter of
5	semantics, I really believe.
б	MR. BOSLER: So you think you used the word
7	correctly but it may have been taken out of context?
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I think it was a
9	semantic miscommunication.
10	MR. BOSLER: Profound decision the jury makes
11	in a capital case?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's a very profound
13	decision. It's not one we do easily.
14	MR. BOSLER: You've heard me talk about the
15	death penalty, options, life imprisonment versus death
16	penalty. Is there any case if you had a first degree
17	murder case where you would find a person guilty of first
18	degree murder, find the four aggravating circumstances
19	alleged by the State did in fact exist, are you still
20	willing to consider penalties less than death?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Absolutely.
22	MR. BOSLER: You heard me mention things that
23	are mitigating factors, things like that are things would
24	they operate in your consideration of whether someone lives
25	or dies?

1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Absolutely.	
2	MR. BOSLER: As I stand here, I don't know a	
3	lot about any of the jurors, anything that I should be	
4	concerned about having you sit here and you belong to any	
5	organization that is going to influence your opinion or you	
6	have pressure from your close friends or relatives, anything	
7	like that I need to know about?	
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I don't believe so.	
9	No.	
10	MR. BOSLER: You think the way the word "judge"	
11	is defined, that's something you could do?	
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, absolutely.	
13	MR. BOSLER: Mr. Carmichael, good afternoon.	
14	You're in favor of the death penalty also,	
15	right?	
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.	
17	MR. BOSLER: Held that opinion very long?	
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: As long as I can	
1 9	remember, yes.	
20	MR. BOSLER: Any particular reason you've come	
21	to that conclusion that life imprisonment, the death penalty	
22	is better or worse than life imprisonment?	
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's not necessarily	
24	better. That's not what I mean by it. Just as far as the	
25	consequences and the facts come to in a first degree murder	
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1	with the evidence, then I would agree to it.	
2	MR. BOSLER: In a first degree murder case, are	
3	you saying that you always think death is the automatic	
4	punishment?	
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.	
6	MR. BOSLER: So you could find a first degree	
7	murder case where death isn't an automatic punishment?	
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.	
9	MR. BOSLER: How about a first degree murder	
10	case where it has the four circumstances I've spoken about,	
11	that I've posed to other jurors, that type of first degree	
12	murder case?	
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.	
14	MR. BOSLER: Automatic death penalty?	
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not necessarily	
16	automatic, because there's always other factors, too.	
17	MR. BOSLER: In this factoring, this decision	
18	whether someone lives or dies, are you willing to consider,	
19	put in your consideration things like mental illness?	
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.	
21	MR. BOSLER: Use of alcohol or drugs?	
22	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.	
23	MR. BOSLER: Lack of criminal history?	
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.	
25	MR. BOSLER: Something as innocuous as the age	
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1 of the accused?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.

MR. BOSLER: What about this separate issue that there's always in your province, in your power as a juror, when you judge someone's life, is to look beyond what the statute says and say, well, there's this other factor there, I think it's important, I'm willing to consider things that aren't listed in the statute and make that part of my consideration of the penalty, whether it's some childhood act or whatever it is, are you at least willing to engage in that type of decision making?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: Can you think of any reason -- I know that you were asked whether you knew any Tongans, I think. I think you said you had gone to school with a couple of them?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: In fact, you thought you knew one of the people listed on the witness list?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Maybe the first name wasn't so familiar but the last name was familiar?

MR. BOSLER: Mr. Taukieuvea, does that sound familiar?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: If I'm pronouncing it correctly.

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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's just the
2 .	pronunciation.
3	MR. BOSLER: What you said I think you were
4	asked do you still have contact with him or other Tongans.
5	You said that you went to school with some of them and you
6	don't have any contact with them anymore. I'm concerned
7	about the word "them", that you're kind of
8	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That race. A Tongan,
9	just as being around them in school, that's all. There's no
10	socializing really, nothing against them, no nothing.
11	MR. BOSLER: It's not an us versus them type?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, not at all.
13	MR. BOSLER: All right.
14	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I didn't mean it that way at all.
15	MR. BOSLER: I just wanted to clarify that.
16	Mr. Tower, strongly favor the death penalty?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	MR. BOSLER: Work for the Gazette-Journal?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
20	MR. BOSLER: Interestingly, you say in your
21	questionnaire you don't believe everything that's put in
22	print. Is that accurate?
23	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	MR. BOSLER: How long have you held this
25	opinion about the death penalty?
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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Since high school.
2	MR. BOSLER: Anything in high school that
3	happened that brought this about or just something that you
4	kind of formulated in the natural course of the time?
5	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Becoming a young adult,
6	yes.
7	MR. BOSLER: Have you discussed it with
8	relatives, family, something you publicly admit this is your
9	position on the death penalty?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
11	MR. BOSLER: If you could, give me a little bit
12	more information. You said you were involved in a
13	merchandise reclamation, I don't know what the proper
14	terminology is, that you were involved in the arrest of
15	someone who had taken property from a store and were shot
16	at?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right. I was a store
18	manager for Sav-On Drugs.
19	MR. BOSLER: You were the manager. How long
20	had you done that work?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I did it for six months.
22	MR. BOSLER: Ever have any closer call with law
23	enforcement or was that your one thing that you did to try
24	to break up a crime? Were you ever involved in law
2 5	enforcement, work with an agency involved in law
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1	enforcement

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.

MR. BOSLER: In terms of strongly favoring the death penalty, and again assuming a first degree murder case, do you believe as you sit as a juror that if it's a first degree murder case automatically the penalty should be death for the other person?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not automatically, no. But I'm happy that it's a choice I can make.

MR. BOSLER: Why? Why is that?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Because I think it's appropriate in certain instances.

MR. BOSLER: Let's talk about that a little bit.

Assume an instance that involves the killing of a police officer, the reasons I've previously stated, is that one of the times you'd be happy to impose the death penalty?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. BOSLER: Although you're happy to impose the death penalty in that situation, will you be willing to consider penalties less than death?

A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Absolutely.

MR. BOSLER: Things like mental condition of the accused at the time of the offense?

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1	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Certainly. You're
2	talking about taking someone else's life. You have to
3	consider everything. It's probably the most important
4	decision another human can make about a human being. It's
5	certainly not something you're just going to a knee-jerk
6	reaction to the circumstances.
7	MR. BOSLER: Right. Not everybody feels that
8	way. That's why I'm asking these questions.
9	Anything as I stand here in my position I
10	should be worried about as a juror?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think so.
12	MR. BOSLER: I'm sure everybody will be happy
13	to know I'm almost done, Your Honor.
14	Mr. Estes, you are still an engineer?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I am.
16	MR. BOSLER: Mechanical engineering?
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mechanical engineering.
18	MR. BOSLER: Your Honor, if I could approach
19	the bench, there may be a sensitive matter.
20	THE COURT: You may approach.
21	
22	(Whereupon there was bench conference between court and counsel, outside the presence of the
23	jury.)
24	
25	MR. BOSLER: Mr. Estes put on his questionnaire
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1	that he knew the PD was trying to be removed from the case.
2	I'd rather not get into how he feels about that and our
3	representation in front of the rest of the jury if they
4	don't have that information. So he's like one of those
5	people I want to include with Ms. Grate, if the Court's
6	willing to let me talk to him about that issue outside the
7	presence of the rest of the jury.
8	THE COURT: Why don't you finish up with
9	everybody else first.
10	MR. BOSLER: Will the Court allow me to do
11	that?
12	THE COURT: What questions do you want to ask
13	him?
14	MR. BOSLER: He put in his questionnaire that
15	he knew the PD wanted to withdraw. What else does he know
16	about that, how does that affect the way he views us as
17	attorneys in this case, if he knows we're Public Defenders,
18	and we're trying to withdraw from the case.
19	THE COURT: Yeah, but I don't know if we'll do
20	it we might do it here at the bench.
21	MR. STANTON: Want to bring him up right now?
22	THE COURT: We can.
23	MR. STANTON: That would be fine.
24	THE COURT: Mr. Estes, would you please come
25	forward. Go ahead and have a seat.
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1	Everybody will get nice and close and personal
2	here.
3	MR. BOSLER: Mr. Estes, you put in your
4	questionnaire that you had read that the Public Defender's
5	Office had tried to withdraw from this case?
6	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Did 1?
7	MR. BOSLER: Yes. Do you have information
8	about that?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
10	MR. BOSLER: Did you read that in the paper?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Repeat what you said. I
12	guess I missed something here.
13	MR. BOSLER: On the questionnaire, the
14	questionnaire that you gave to the commissioner, you shared
1 5	information that the Public Defender's Office was trying to
16	withdraw from representing the defendant.
17	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I remember that now.
18	MR. BOSLER: Now, the reason I want to bring
19	this up is because not everybody knows that. How does that
20	affect the way you perceive us as attorneys?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That wouldn't bother me.
22	That doesn't affect me one way or another. I just had heard
23	it on the news and that was all.
24	MR. BOSLER: What information do you have as to
25	why that was occurring?
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1 A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm not sure I know. 2 just had heard on the news. 3 4 5 the defendant, something legal. б 7 8 9 10 11 go back to the hard chair. 12 13 14 15 16 17 Mr. Sullivan's death? 18 19 20 21 22 23

way it happened.

That it happened. It seems to me the best I can recall is there was some disagreement between you and MR. BOSLER: And that doesn't cause you any uncomfortableness sitting as a juror in this case? A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. MR. BOSLER: That's all I need, Your Honor. THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Estes. You have to (Whereupon, the following proceedings were held in open court, in the presence of the jury.) MR. BOSLER: You put in the questionnaire you didn't recall a lot about the circumstances involving A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. And that's because I thought about it, why I didn't, and I realize that I was working long hours at that time. And I really didn't read any newspapers or listen to any television. I didn't at work. When I came home, I was so tired I usually fell asleep. It's unusual for me because I usually try to keep up on the news but in this particular incident it's just the

1	MR. BOSLER: In a first degree murder case, in
2	your opinion do you think that every person that's convicted
3	of first degree murder automatically deserves to die?
4	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not automatically.
5	MR. BOSLER: Even in a murder such as the one
6	we've been talking about over the last two days, day and a
7	half, is that a case you think automatically deserves the
8	death penalty?
9	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I don't think it's
10	automatic in any case.
11	MR. BOSLER: Would you be willing to consider,
12	in this profound decision-making process who lives or dies,
13	would you be willing to put in your consideration things
14	about the defendant like if he was suffering from a mental
1 5	illness at the time of the event?
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
17	MR. BOSLER: Use of alcohol?
18	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would consider all the
19	evidence.
20	MR. BOSLER: All the things I've talked about?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	MR. BOSLER: That little mystery, little number
23	that says anything else you think is important, whether it's
24	a childhood act or anything, you can consider that as part
25	of your decision-making process; is that something you're
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1	willing to do?
2	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. I would say I would
3	consider all the evidence in my decision making.
4	MR. BOSLER: Thank you, Mr. Estes.
5	Ms. Frazer, you said you knew quite a few
6	police officers?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
8	MR. BOSLER: You indicated that you had no
9	really strong held opinions about this case, I guess, is
10	what you put in your questionnaire?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right.
12	MR. BOSLER: Is that accurate?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: About this case? Right.
14	I mean I was out of town when it happened so I don't recall
15	a bunch about it then. I have read things since, but I
16	don't
17	MR. BOSLER: In the course of your working in
18	an attorney's office have you had you're an escrow agent?
19	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: But it didn't occur to me
20	to mention yesterday, but my attorney that just handled my
21	divorce just quit private practice and went to work for the
22	District Attorney's Office. I didn't think about that
23	yesterday.
24	MR. BOSLER: His name?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's JoLee Wickes. She
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1	works in the juvenile division.
2	MR. GAMMICK: Your Honor, I would indicate that
3	she was just recently hired by our office and she is in the
4	juvenile division. It has nothing to do with the
5	prosecution of criminal cases.
6	THE COURT: Thank you.
7	MR. GAMMICK: Excuse me, criminal adult cases.
8	MR. BOSLER: And she is your private attorney,
9	was your private attorney?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
11	MR. BOSLER: For how long was she your private
12	attorney?
13	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A year and a half.
14	MR. BOSLER: Consider her a close friend?
15	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I did go to high school
16	with her. I hadn't seen her for several years. And I
1 7	needed an attorney. I ran into her. And she represented me
18	in my divorce.
19	MR. BOSLER: So there's not a bias against all
20	attorneys?
21	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She was fine. It was my
22	husband's attorney I didn't care for.
23	MR. BOSLER: He's not on the witness list or
24	anything like that?
25	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
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1	MR. BOSLER: Knowing that this person who you
2	kind of know from back in high school, is an attorney works
3	for the District Attorney's Office, anything I should be
4	concerned about that you look towards them as being the
5	bread winner or putting money or food in your friend's mouth
6	or anything like that?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It has no effect on my
8	opinion of this case.
9	MR. BOSLER: You say you favor the death
10	penalty?
11	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: In some cases, yes.
12	MR. BOSLER: I'll try to be brief. In the case
13	such as the one we were discussing the last day and a half,
14	killing of a police officer during the commission of a
15	robbery, you know, that evidence presented that the officer
16	was chosen because of ethnicity or some perceived
17	nationality, mutilation, damage to the corpse after death,
18	is that the type of case you think in the murder spectrum
19	always deserves the death penalty?
20	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not always.
21	MR. BOSLER: So under the circumstances you
22	would be willing to consider a penalty less than death? I
23	can only ask you to be honest.
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	MR. BOSLER: When you sat down, if you were
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1	chosen for the jury, sat down with your fellow jurors and
2	decided, if you got to the penalty phase, and decided this
3	huge, profound decision whether someone lives or dies, would
4	you be willing to make part of your analysis, make part of
5	your consideration something like whether the accused was
6	suffering from mental illness?
7	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
8	MR. BOSLER: Or sickness at the time of the
9	death?
10	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
11	MR. BOSLER: Drug use, alcohol use?
12	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think it would have to
13	be coupled with something. I don't think just alcohol use
14	alone would be a good enough excuse for me.
15	MR. BOSLER: All right. Something you
16	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A lot of people do a lot
17	of stupid things. And murder isn't a lot of people have
18	done a lot of drinking and haven't gone and murdered
19	somebody. So I think it would have to be more than just
20	that they had too much to drink or were under the influence
21	of drugs.
22	MR. BOSLER: How about something like lack of a
23	violent criminal history or any criminal history, is
24	A PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would consider that.
25	MR. BOSLER: Age?
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