

1 **MOTN**
2 **MICHAEL LASHER, ESQ.**

3 Michael Lasher LLC
4 Nevada Bar No. 13805
5 827 Kenny Way
6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89107
7 (510) 507-2869
8 Michaellasher2@gmail.com
9 Attorney for Appellant

Electronically Filed
Apr 21 2020 11:39 a.m.
Elizabeth A. Brown
Clerk of Supreme Court

8 **DISTRICT COURT**

9 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

10
11 **THE STATE OF NEVADA,**

12 Plaintiff,

13 vs.

14
15 **RAMON MURIC DORADO,**

16 Defendant.

Supreme Court Case No.: 79556

Dist. Ct. Case No.: C-17-323098-1

17 **APPELLANT RAMON DORADO'S MOTION FOR BAIL ON APPEAL UNDER**
18 **NRS 178.488**

19 COMES NOW, appellant RAMON DORADO, by and through his attorney,
20 MICHAEL LASHER, ESQ. and hereby submits the following Motion for Bail on
21 Appeal under NRS 178.488. This Motion is made and based upon the papers and
22 pleadings on file in this matter, the Points and Authorities which follow, and
23 argument of counsel hereinafter entertained by the Court at any hearing of said
24 Motion.
25
26

27 DATED this 21st day of April, 2020
28

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED:



MICHAEL LASHER, ESQ.

Michael Lasher LLC

Nevada Bar No. 13805

827 Kenny Way

Las Vegas, Nevada 89107

(510) 507-2869

Michaellasher2@gmail.com

Attorney for Appellant

1
2
3 **NOTICE OF MOTION**

4 TO: STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff; and

5 TO: STEVEN WOLFSON, District Attorney, Attorney for Plaintiff

6 YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the
7
8 above and foregoing MOTION FOR BAIL ON APPEAL UNDER NRS 178.488 on
9 the 21st day of April, 2020 in the above entitled Court, or as soon thereafter as
10 counsel may be heard.

11 RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED:

12 
13

14 MICHAEL LASHER, ESQ.

15 Michael Lasher LLC

16 Nevada Bar No. 13805

17 827 Kenny Way

18 Las Vegas, Nevada 89107

19 (510) 507-2869

20 Michaellasher2@gmail.com

21 Attorney for Appellant
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2 **MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

3
4 **I. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND**

5 On April 27, 2017, the State of Nevada filed an indictment charging
6 appellant Ramon Dorado with three counts of sexual assault (NRS 200.366.2b)
7 occurring 18 years prior, in April of 1999. The delay was entirely attributable to
8 the State's failure to conduct DNA testing for lack of funds. In the intervening
9 years, the State lost and destroyed critical evidence against Dorado, who was
10 convicted on June 20, 2019 after a jury trial. 2 AA 180. He was sentenced to
11 twenty years to life. 2 AA 181-82.
12

13
14 Appellate pleading is nearly complete. Appellant's Opening Brief was filed
15 on. Respondent's Answering Brief was filed on April 3, 2020. And appellant's
16 reply is due on May 13, 2020.
17

18 **II. RELEVANT BACKGROUND**

19 On the January 30, 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a Public Health
20 Emergency.¹ On April 5, 2020, the Surgeon General of the United States called the
21 week one of the saddest for most Americans and compared it to our "Pearl Harbor"
22 and "9/11" moments.² The spread of the COVID-19 virus across the world,
23
24

25 ¹ See The WHO, [http://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-](http://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/events-as-they-happen)
26 [2019/events-as-they-happen](http://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/events-as-they-happen), 31 December 2019.

27 ² See, e.g., [https://www.time.com/5815870/jerome-adams-surgeon-general-saddest-](https://www.time.com/5815870/jerome-adams-surgeon-general-saddest-week-covid-19)
28 [week-covid-19](https://www.time.com/5815870/jerome-adams-surgeon-general-saddest-week-covid-19).

1 including every state in the country, poses an unprecedented danger that no person
2 fully understands. We have been told by the authorities to stay home, wash hands
3 repeatedly, and socially distance ourselves by not getting closer than six feet to
4 anyone. The Center for Disease Control (“CDC”) states that there is a “high-risk of
5 severe illness” for those individuals who are: (1) aged 65 years or older; (2) living in
6 a long-term care facility; (2) people with serious heart conditions; (3) people with
7 chronic lung disease or moderate to severe asthma; (4) people of any age with
8 severe obesity; or (5) people with an underlying medical condition, such as
9 diabetes.³ Under the best of circumstances, the conditions of a detention facility
10 maximize virus transmission. With the increased risk of contracting Covid-19 the
11 court in this matter should consider a compassionate release of detainees until
12 such time as the COVID-19 risk abates.
13
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16 This Motion is brought pursuant to the changed circumstances and health
17 concerns related to the COVID-19 pandemic, as Mr. Dorado is considered high risk
18 due to his respiratory medical condition. As of April 21, 2020, Clark County alone
19 has 2,998 confirmed cases of the COVID-19 and 137 confirmed deaths from the
20 virus⁴ and High Desert State Prison, where appellant is housed, is among the
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25 ³ See CDC, [https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extra-precautions/](https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extra-precautions/groups-at-higher-risk.html)
26 [groups-at-higher-risk.html](https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extra-precautions/groups-at-higher-risk.html).

27 ⁴ See [https://www.reviewjournal.com/news/politics-and-](https://www.reviewjournal.com/news/politics-and-government/nevada/number-of-new-covid-19-cases-in-clark-county-nevada-holds-steady-2010271/)
28 [government/nevada/number-of-new-covid-19-cases-in-clark-county-nevada-holds-](https://www.reviewjournal.com/news/politics-and-government/nevada/number-of-new-covid-19-cases-in-clark-county-nevada-holds-steady-2010271/)
[steady-2010271/](https://www.reviewjournal.com/news/politics-and-government/nevada/number-of-new-covid-19-cases-in-clark-county-nevada-holds-steady-2010271/)

1 facilities infected with the fatal virus.⁵ Both the total number of confirmed cases
2 and death toll are growing every day and incarcerated individuals, particularly
3 those with underlying health conditions, are at even higher risk than other
4 populations.

5
6 On March 15, 2020, Governor Sisolak ordered a shutdown of non-essential
7 services in Nevada. Other than hospitals, jails and prisons are the only places left
8 with large populations of people. COVID-19 is a new, constantly evolving threat to
9 the health and safety of every person, but particularly to incarcerated people.
10 According to public health experts, incarcerated individuals “are at special risk of
11 infection, given their living situations,” and “may also be less able to participate in
12 proactive measures to keep themselves safe.”⁶

13
14
15 The coronavirus outbreak has reached correctional facilities throughout the
16 entire United States and specifically, on April 13, 2020, CCDC announced its first
17 confirmed case of COVID-19.⁷ On April 15, 2020, CCDC announced three more
18 inmates had tested positive.⁸ And cases have been reported at High Desert State
19

20
21 ⁵ See <https://www.reviewjournal.com/local/local-nevada/178-coronavirus-cases-in-nevada-nursing-homes-prisons-2005745/>

22 ⁶ See *Achieving A Fair and Effective COVID-19 Response: An Open Letter to Vice*
23 *President Mike Pence, and Other Federal, State, and Local Leaders from Public*
24 *Health and Legal Experts in the United States*, signed by over 800 health experts and
agencies (March 2, 2020) (available at <https://bit.ly/2W9V6oS>).

25 ⁷ See *Inmate at Clark County Detention Center treated for COVID-19*, (April 14, 2020)
26 (https://www.fox5vegas.com/coronavirus/inmate-at-clark-county-detention-center-treated-for-covid-19/article_fd96da8c-7de0-11ea-81a9-eb87d52a1ce4.html)

27
28 ⁸ See *Three More Clark County Jail Inmates test Positive for Coronavirus* (April 15, 2020)
(<https://lasvegassun.com/news/2020/apr/15/3-clark-county-jail-inmates-test-positive-virus/>)

1 Prison even earlier, allowing the pandemic an even longer time to spread.⁹ Courts
2 and correctional institutions throughout the United States have started releasing
3 inmates to halt the virus's spread, which would be catastrophic in a prison setting.

4 ¹⁰

5
6 Jails and prisons are notoriously unsanitary and the protective measures
7 necessary to avoid COVID-19 simply aren't available to appellant or any other
8 inmate. It is virtually impossible to achieve social distancing in the prison or jail.
9 Inmates share toilets, sinks, showers, eat in cafeterias and have limited access to
10 soap, hot water, and other necessary hygiene items. Inmates are controlled by the
11 jail staff and can only wash their hands when officials allow it, are unable to avoid
12 touching high-touch surfaces, or even clean and disinfect their own living space
13 when necessary.¹¹ Additionally, staff at CCDC pose a severe risk to the inmates,
14 they enter and exit daily to go home to their communities and with inadequate
15 infection screening procedures, the spread of COVID-19 within the jail is
16 inevitable. Overcrowding, scarce medical care, and the number of vulnerable
17 people in custody make the risk of uncontrolled spread of COVID-19 in jails or
18 prison even greater. Scarce medical care is also of grave concern as doctors,
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23 ⁹ See [https://www.reviewjournal.com/crime/courts/nevada-prisons-a-powder-keg-in-](https://www.reviewjournal.com/crime/courts/nevada-prisons-a-powder-keg-in-a-pandemic-lawyers-say-2001662/)
24 [a-pandemic-lawyers-say-2001662/](https://www.reviewjournal.com/crime/courts/nevada-prisons-a-powder-keg-in-a-pandemic-lawyers-say-2001662/)

25 ¹⁰ *The Marshall Project, Tracking Prisons' Response to Coronavirus* (March 17, 2020; updated
26 March 18, 2020) (available at <https://bit.ly/2IXeZHT>).

27 ¹¹ *Prisons and Jails are Vulnerable to COVID-19 Outbreaks, The Verge*, (Mar. 7, 2020)
28 (available at <https://bit.ly/33qGcfC>).

1 nurses, hospitals and clinics are already overwhelmed because of shortages of
2 supplies, beds and resources. When treatment is absolutely necessary, inmates will
3 get transferred to hospitals, if beds are available, as bad cases of COVID-19 can't
4 be treated by medical staff at CCDC. Further, symptoms will likely go unnoticed or
5 untreated until the very last minute. Releasing appellant will not only protect him
6 from the risk of infection when the coronavirus outbreak inevitably gets worse in
7 High Desert State Prison, but also avoids the inevitable impact upon the quality of
8 the medical care he requires by taxing an already taxed system.¹²

11 Based on research, healthy individuals and/or inmates can weather the virus
12 if they get it, however, appellant may not be able to since he is among the group of
13 people the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention categorizes as being the
14 most at-risk for contracting COVID-19. Appellant has a heightened risk of
15 contracting severe forms of the virus because he has chronic asthma.¹³

17 On information and belief, appellant's chronic asthma is well documented in
18 his medical records.¹⁴ He is currently is being treated at the Detention Center for
19 his respiratory disease. He is prescribed an asthma inhaler with Xopenex-HFA by
20 Dr. Martin (prescription number 324471) and Amoxicillin (prescription number
21

23 ¹² See *U.S. Dep't of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Laura M. Maruschak, Marcus*
24 *Berzofsky, and Jennifer Unangs, Medical Problems of State and Federal Prisoners and Jail*
25 *Inmates*, 2011-2012 at 1-22 (Feb. 2015) (available at <https://bit.ly/2WpPiI7>).

26 ¹³ See *CDC, If You Are at Higher Risk* (last visited April 21, 2020) (available at
27 <https://bit.ly/2UhHAwT>).

28 ¹⁴ Counsel is in the process of obtaining a copy of appellant's prison medical records
and will provide these when available if requested or required by this Court.

1 324470) for bronchitis. In sum, appellant's health condition places him at a high
2 risk for COVID-19 and contracting the virus could be fatal in his case. As such,
3 this motion has been brought to notify this Court of appellant's serious and
4 sensitive medical condition, as it relates to contracting the COVID-19 deadly virus,
5 and it is respectfully requested that same be taken into consideration in releasing
6 him on his own recognizance or in setting a reasonable bail in light of this current
7 local and national crisis.
8

9 **III. LEGAL ARGUMENT**

10
11 NRS 178.488 states that "bail may be allowed pending appeal or certiorari
12 unless it appears that the appeal is frivolous or taken for delay." The statute
13 specifically allows this Court to entertain such motion. In *Bergna v. State*, 120
14 Nev. 869, 874, 102 P.3d 549 (2004), this Court noted that a court which considers a
15 request for appeal bail can consider the strength and quality of the evidence, the
16 nature and circumstances of the offense, and the appellant's danger to the
17 community should he be released.
18

19 *i. Frivolity of the Appeal and Strength/Quality of the Evidence*

20
21 Dorado's appeal is not frivolous. He raises seven issues: Almost Twenty
22 Years of Pre-indictment Delay Prejudiced Appellant; The Court Lacked
23 Jurisdiction Because the Statute of Limitations Bars Prosecution; Appellant was
24 Denied Due Process by the State's Failure to Collect Evidence and Preserve What
25 they Did Collect; The State used Race-Based Peremptory Strikes; The District
26 Court Erroneously Limited Defense Expert Witness Testimony; The District
27
28

1 Court Erroneously Denied Relevant Defense Evidence; and The Prosecutor
2 Committed Multiple Acts of Misconduct During Closing Argument. Each issue
3 requires reversal.

4 Regarding the first issue, preindictment delay, it is clear that Due Process
5 has been violated under the test articulated in *United States v. Ross*, 123 F.3d
6 1181, 1185 upon balancing the State's reason for the delay against the prejudice
7 to Dorado. Here, the reason for the delay was at best negligence or recklessness
8 since the State frankly admitted that at the time of the alleged crimes, Metro did
9 not have the funds to conduct testing. 3 AA 203. Nonetheless, law enforcement
10 had the name and potential residence of the suspect but did no further
11 investigation. 9 AA 856. Nor is there any indication that the police attempted to
12 speak to the three people Lehr identified at the apartment: the young man in the
13 apartment and two women who Lehr passed as she left. See exhibits to October
14 29, 2018 State's Opposition. 2 AA 114 et seq. Worse, law enforcement destroyed
15 the physical evidence that they had collected a mere eight months after the
16 alleged incident. The State's own witness, Detective Cody, testified that protocols
17 are different now, indicating that the prior investigation was poor. 9 AA 856.

18 Dorado was significantly prejudiced. The SANE nurse, who had a chance
19 to observe the alleged victim's demeanor and who concluded the injuries were
20 minimal, died in 2011. 1 AA 71. Furthermore, at trial, Detective Cody
21 enumerated all of the physical and documentary evidence that was lost. 9 AA
22 865, 867. All that remained was the DNA, the poor transcript of Lehr's voluntary
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1 statement, and law enforcement's continuation report but not the original police
2 report. 2 AA 114 et seq. Lost to time were the original tape recording of Lehr's
3 statement to the detective, her clothing on the night of the crime (2 AA 115; 9 AA
4 865, 867), the 911 call (2 AA 158), and any business records of 2101 Sunrise,
5 which had been torn down in the intervening years (1 AA 94). And because the
6 police destroyed Lehr's clothing, Lehr's statement that the pantyhose were ripped
7 could not be ascertained.
8

9 The destruction of the evidence is an additional strong ground for relief.
10 Dismissal is warranted as a violation of due process when the State loses critical
11 evidence that it had previously gathered. *Cook v. State*, 114 Nev. 120, 125 (1998),
12 a sexual assault case in which the defendant and complaining witness had
13 significantly different versions of the events, held, "A conviction may be reversed
14 when the state loses evidence if the defendant is prejudiced by the loss or the
15 state acted in bad faith in losing it." In the instant case, Metro collected and then
16 lost (1) the original audiotape of Lehr's statement to the detective (2 AA 115; 9
17 AA 865, 867), (2) the clothing she wore on April 24, 1999 (*Ibid*), and (3) the 911
18 call (2 AA 158). The law is clear that the charges must be dismissed because
19 Dorado suffered prejudice. Here, the audiotape of Lehr's statement, her clothing,
20 and the 911 call all could have each impeached her trial testimony. The
21 audiotape could be used to fill in the extensive missing sections of the transcript,
22 including whether the alleged assailant used a condom. As well, the 911 call is
23 often more truthful than a complaining witness' later statement. Furthermore,
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1 the clothing, destroyed after only a few weeks, could have shown a lack of
2 struggle.

3 As just one more example of a strong appellate issue, the district court
4 erroneously excluded evidence that Lehr's best friend doubted Lehr's statement
5 that she had been raped because Lehr and she had had "crazy nights" in which
6 Lehr had sexual relations with men in the two months prior to this incident. 8
7 AA 792, 796. Notably, this proffered testimony directly contradicted Lehr's
8 testimony that this was the first time she left her two-year-old son alone and the
9 first time she went out to socialize since his birth. 7 AA 643, 689. As well, the
10 friend's statement could have rebutted the State's theory that all of the injuries
11 were caused by Dorado.
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15 Clearly the appeal is not frivolous and the issues are strong.

16 *ii. Nature and Circumstances of the Offense*

17 Dorado has always maintained his innocence and that his interactions
18 with Ms. Lehr were consensual. Ms. Lehr, the only percipient witness to the
19 events, testified that she went dancing with friends at the Silver Saddle late in
20 the evening on April 23, 1999. 7 AA 635. After socializing with band members
21 and bar staff, they made a plan to go to PT's Pub. 7 AA 648. Dorado got in the
22 car with Ms. Lehr and said he needed to go to a friend's apartment to call work. 7
23 AA 650-51. Once there, she testified that Dorado picked her up and carried her
24 towards the bedroom. 7 AA 661. He put her on the bed and tried to take her
25 clothes off. 7 AA 662-63. Ms. Lehr blanked out for a second or two. 7 AA 665.
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1 Dorado allegedly put his mouth on her vagina, rubbed his half-erect penis against
2 her, and put his fingers inside her. 7 AA 666, 669, 670. Ms. Lehr left and
3 eventually went to the police and then UMC. 7 AA 674-75. In 2007, she was
4 convicted of conspiracy to commit theft. 7 AA 684-85, 688.

5
6 *iii. Potential Danger to the Community*

7 Dorado would not be a danger to the community should he be released.
8 First, he has a strong support system and a large group of family and friends.
9 Should he be released, his sister, Blanca Muric, has offered him a place to live in
10 Las Vegas. She has no felony convictions and works in the TJ Maxx distribution
11 center. His elderly mother, Virginia Dorado, also lives in Las Vegas and he
12 would be expected to care for her. Dorado's adult children, Ruby and Ramon,
13 also live in Las Vegas, as does his other sister, Lorena Muric and her children.
14 Dorado sporadically lived in Las Vegas in 1998 and then permanently beginning
15 in 2003. His ties to the community are clearly strong and his support system
16 consists of reputable people that will vouch for his reliance and responsibility.
17
18

19
20 Should Dorado be released, he will seek gainful employment. Prior to his
21 arrest, he obtained his commercial driver's license and worked as a truck driver
22 for EnviroTech Drilling. Exh. 1. At the moment, there is a great need for
23 commercial truckers and Dorado should easily find a job.
24

25 Proper measures can be pursued, and conditions set, such as house arrest, to
26 protect the community and ensure that Dorado is not a threat to anyone, including
27 the issuance of a stay-away order from Ms. Lehr. That he poses little threat is
28

1 demonstrated by the fact that he has used his time while incarcerated to better
2 himself by completing classes to assist in his re-entry, including programs from
3 New Beginnings and Turning Point. Exh. 1.

4
5 Finally, the current circumstances in which Nevada and the United States
6 are operating because of the global pandemic, COVID-19, should be considered in
7 determining whether Dorado should be afforded bail on appeal. Dorado is not only
8 at high risk to contract the virus because he is incarcerated but most importantly,
9 he is among the population that is most at risk based on his underlying medical
10 condition effecting his respiratory health.

13 **IV. CONCLUSION**

14 Dorado respectfully requests that this Court release him on reasonable
15 bail. Given the changed circumstances of the underlying case related to the local
16 and global COVID-19 pandemic and Dorado's chronic asthma, he should be
17 considered for release because he is at high risk for contracting the possible fatal
18 COVID-19 virus and spreading it through the jail. Also, given his family and
19 communal ties, his employment history, he does not pose a risk of absconding
20 and does not pose a risk to the community. Finally, the appeal is not frivolous
21 and contains matters which will lead to reversal of the convictions. For these
22 reasons, this Court should exercise its discretion in favor of fairness and release
23 Dorado on a reasonable bail with reasonable conditions to ensure the safety of
24 the community.

1 DATED this 21st day of April, 2020.

2 RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED:

3
4 MICHAEL LASHER, ESQ.

5 Michael Lasher LLC

6 Nevada Bar No. 13805

7 827 Kenny Way

8 Las Vegas, Nevada 89107

9 (510) 507-2869

10 Michaellasher2@gmail.com

11 Attorney for Appellant

12 **CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC SERVICE**

13 Pursuant to NRCP5(b), I certify that on this 21st day of April, 2020 I caused
14 the foregoing document entitled **MOTION FOR BAIL ON APPEAL UNDER NRS**
15 **178.488** to be served upon those persons designated by the parties in the E-service
16 Master List for the above-referenced matter in the Eighth Judicial District Court
17 eFiling System in accordance with the mandatory electronic service requirements
18 of Administrative Order 14-2 and the Nevada Electronic Filing and Conversion
19 Rules.
20

21
22 
23 Michael Lasher
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EXHIBIT 1

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STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
RE-ENTRY PROGRAM CERTIFICATE


This certifies that:

Ramon Muric

has successfully completed a prescribed course in
FAMILY REUNIFICATION

consisting of 8 hours of formal instruction.
Dated this 22nd day of MAY, 2014

"Family Reunification begins with me."


A. Smith, Job Developer


Isidro Baca, Warden

EXHIBIT **I** 1 OF 10

COPY

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
ACHIEVEMENT CERTIFICATE

This certifies that:

Ramon Muric

has successfully completed a prescribed course in the
Re-Entry Program ~ Bronze Phase
New Beginnings

Dated this 25th day of June, 2014

"Everyday is a New Beginning"



A. Smith, Workforce Developer

Isidro Baca, Warden

COPY

[F]

2 of 10

STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
RE-ENTRY PROGRAM CERTIFICATE

This certifies that:


Ramon Muric

has successfully completed a prescribed course in
TURNING POINT

consisting of 23 hours of formal instruction.

Dated this 25TH day of June, 2014

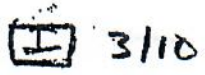
"Being Prepared Insures the Future"


I. Baca, Warden


A. Smith, Workforce Developer



COPY

 3110

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
CORRECTIONAL PROGRAMS DIVISION

hereby certifies that:

RAMON MURIC

Has satisfactorily completed

COMMITMENT TO CHANGE II

Granted: 8/19/14

MaryAnn Chabot-Fenke psych II (NWNCC)



COPY

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
CORRECTIONAL PROGRAMS DIVISION

hereby certifies that:

RAMON MURIC

Has satisfactorily completed

VICTIM IMPACT

Granted: 10/6/14



Mary Ann Chabot-Fence Psych II (SNMCC)



COPY



5/14

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
CORRECTIONAL PROGRAMS DIVISION

hereby certifies that:

RAMON MURIC

Has satisfactorily completed

COMMITMENT TO CHANGE III

Granted: 10/6/14




Mary Ann Chabot - Pence psych II (NVC)

COPY

I

6/10

STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
RE-ENTRY PROGRAM CERTIFICATE

This certifies that:

Ramon Muric

*has successfully completed a prescribed course in
HOUSES OF HEALING
consisting of 10 hours of formal instruction.*

Dated this 30th day of October, 2014

*"Healing yourself is connected with
healing others"*

L. Walsh
A. Smith, Program Officer II
L. Walsh
L. Walsh, Associate Warden of Programs



COPY

8/10

STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
RE-ENTRY PROGRAM CERTIFICATE

This certifies that:

Ramon Muric

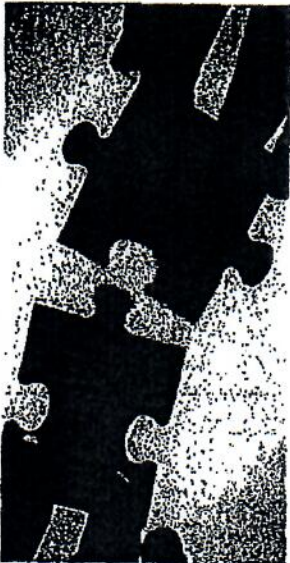
has successfully completed a prescribed course in

PRACETICAL SOLUTIONS

consisting of 12 hours of formal instruction.

Dated this 6th day of November, 2014

"I am only the sum of my words and thoughts"



A. Smith, Program Officer II

L. Walsh, Associate Warden of Programs

COPY

01/10 H

STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
RE-ENTRY PROGRAM CERTIFICATE

This certifies that:

Ramon Muric

has successfully completed a prescribed course in

Thinking for a Change

consisting of 37.5 hours of formal instruction.

Dated this 8th of July, 2015

"Thinking controls behavior."

William Smith
A. Smith, Program Officer II

Isidro Baca, Warden

T4C

COPY

10/10
[H]



Thank you for your application with the
Nevada Department of Motor Vehicles for your
COMMERCIAL DRIVER LICENSE

This interim document expires on: 07/23/2016

DLN/ID:2103905859

Issued: 06/08/2016

**MURIC
RAMON JR**
12405 S GRASS VALLEY RD
WINNEMUCCA NV 89445-4702

Class: A
Sex: M
Eyes: BLK
End: NT
Ht: 5'7"
Hair: BLK

Rest: J
Wt: 195
DOB: 11/27/1972

Signature



- This document is not valid to establish identity, eligibility for employment, or public benefits.
- If you are applying for a driver's license or instruction permit, this document is valid to drive only.
- This is an official document. It is a violation of Nevada state law to alter, forge, counterfeit, or to transfer the use of this document to another person.

Fold Here

- If you have not received your driver's license or identification card in the mail by the expiration date at the top of this form, please contact the DMV at:

Reno/Sparks/Carson City (775) 684-4DMV (4368)
Las Vegas Area (702) 486-4DMV (4368)
Rural Nevada (877) 368-7828

- NRS 482.385 requires new residents to register all vehicles operated in the state of Nevada within 30 days of becoming a resident or at the time they obtain a driver's license, whichever occurs earlier.
- If you were informed by DMV staff that your immigration documents are pending verification with the Department of Homeland Security, it is your responsibility to resolve any discrepancies to ensure issuance of your driver's license or identification card. Call (800) 375-5283 to speak with a USCIS representative.

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