SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA

Case No. 79669

GREENMART OF NEVADA NLV LLC,; an Electronically Filed NEVADA ORGANIC REMEDIES, LLC Appellants/Cross-Respondents, Clerk of Supreme Court

v.

ETW MANAGEMENT GROUP LLC; GLOBAL HARMONY LLC; GREEN LEAF FARMS HOLDINGS LLC; GREEN THERAPEUTICS LLC; HERBAL CHOICE INC.; JUST QUALITY LLC; LIBRA WELLNESS CENTER LLC; ROMBOUGH REAL ESTATE INC. D/B/A MOTHER HERB; NEVCANN LLC; RED GARDENS LLC; THC NEVADA LLC; ZION GARDENS LLC; and MMOF VEGAS RETAIL INC., *Respondents/Cross-Appellants*,

and

THE STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION, *Respondent*,

Appeal from the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada District Court Case # A-19-797004-B The Honorable Elizabeth Gonzalez

<u>APPELLANT'S APPENDIX – VOLUME 5</u>

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20	Order Granting in Part Motion to Coordinate Cases for Preliminary Injunction Hearing	7/11/19	AA 004938 - AA 004940	
22	Order Granting Preliminary Injunction (Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law)	8/23/19	AA 005277 - AA 005300	
46, 47	Preliminary Injunction Hearing, Defendant's Exhibit 2009 Governor's Task Force Report	n/a	AA 011408 - AA 011568	
47	Preliminary Injunction Hearing, Defendant's Exhibit 2018 List of Applicants for Marijuana Establishment Licenses 2018	n/a	AA 011569 - AA 011575	

VOL.	DOCUMENT	DATE	BATES
47	Preliminary Injunction Hearing, Defendant's Exhibit 5025 Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC's Organizational Chart	n/a	AA 011576 - AA 011590
47	Preliminary Injunction Hearing, Defendant's Exhibit 5026 Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC's Ownership Approval Letter	n/a	AA 011591, AA 011592
47	Preliminary Injunction Hearing, Defendant's Exhibit 5026 Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC's Ownership Approval Letter as Contained in the Application	n/a	AA 011593 - AA 011600
47	Preliminary Injunction Hearing, Defendant's Exhibit 5038 Evaluator Notes on Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC's Application	n/a	AA 011601 - AA 011603
47	Preliminary Injunction Hearing, Defendant's Exhibit 5045 Minutes of ther Legislative Commission, Nevada Legislative Counsel Bureau	n/a	AA 011604 - AA 011633
47	Preliminary Injunction Hearing, Defendant's Exhibit 5049 Governor's Task Force for the Regulation and Taxation of Marijuana Act Meeting Minutes	n/a	AA 011634 - AA 011641
47	Register of Actions for Serenity Wellness Center, LLC v. State of Nevada, Department of Taxation, Case No. A-18-786962-B	n/a	AA011642 - AA 011664
27	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Joinder to MM Development Company Inc. and LivFree Wellness, LLC Development Company Inc. and LivFree Wellness, LLC's's Motion to Amend the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law Granting Motion for Preliminary Injunction	9/30/19	AA 006506 - AA 006508
2	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Complaint	1/4/19	AA 000343 - AA 000359
0	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Corrected First Amended Complaint	7/11/19	AA 004907 - AA 004924
5, 6	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Ex Parte Motion for Leave to file Brief in Support of Motion for Preliminary Injunction in Excess of Thirty Pages in Length	4/10/19	AA 001163 - AA 001288

VOL.	DOCUMENT	DATE	BATES
20	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s First Amended Complaint	7/3/19	AA 004889 - AA 004906
40	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Joinder to MM Development Company Inc. and LivFree Wellness, LLC Development Company Inc. and LivFree Wellness, LLC's's Motion for Preliminary Injunction	5/20/19	AA 003603 - AA 003636
23	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Joinder to MM Development Company Inc. and LivFree Wellness, LLC Development Company Inc. and LivFree Wellness, LLC's's Objection to Court's Exhibit 3	8/27/19	AA 005540 - AA 005543
27	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Joinder to Nevada Wellness Center, LLC's Motion to Amend the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law Granting Motion for Preliminary Injunction	10/7/19	AA 006528 - AA 006538
4	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Motion for Preliminary Injunction	3/19/19	AA 000769 - AA 000878
18	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Reply in support of Motions for Summary Judgment	5/22/19	AA 004395 - AA 004408
29	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Second Amended Complaint	11/26/19	AA 007131 - AA 007153
5	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Summons to State of Nevada, Department of Taxation	3/26/19	AA 001031 - AA 001034
19	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Supplemental Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Preliminary Injunction	6/10/19	AA 004564 - AA 004716
6	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Answer to ETW Management Group, LLC et al.'s Amended Complaint	4/17/19	AA 001313 - AA 001326
19	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Answer to ETW Management Group, LLC et al.'s Second Amended Complaint	6/4/19	AA 004513 - AA 004526
5	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Answer to MM Development Company Inc. and LivFree Wellness, LLC Development Company Inc. and LivFree Wellness, LLC's's First Amended Complaint	4/10/19	AA 001150 - AA 001162

VOL.	DOCUMENT	DATE	BATES
6	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Answer to Nevada Wellness Center, LLC's Complaint	5/2/19	AA 001342 - AA 001354
15	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Answer to Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Complaint	5/20/19	AA 003637 - AA 003648
20	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Answer to Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Corrected First Amended Complaint	7/15/19	AA 004949 - AA 004960
11	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Opposition to MM Development Company Inc. and LivFree Wellness, LLC Development Company Inc. and LivFree Wellness, LLC's's Motion for Preliminary Injunction	5/20/19	AA 002704 - AA 002724
11-14	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Opposition to MM Development Company Inc. and LivFree Wellness, LLC Development Company Inc. and LivFree Wellness, LLC's's Motion for Preliminary Injunction, Appendix	5/20/19	AA 002725 - AA 003444
24	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Opposition to Motion to Amend the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law Granting Motion for Preliminary Injunction	9/23/19	AA 005984 - AA 005990
28	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Opposition to Motion to Nevada Wellness Center, LLC's Amend the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law Granting Motion for Preliminary Injunction	10/24/19	AA 006827 - AA 006832
28	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Opposition to Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC's Application for Writ of Mandamus to Compel State of Nevada, Department of Taxation to Move Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC Into "Tier 2" of Successful Conditional License Applicants	10/24/19	AA 006889 - AA 006954
10	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Opposition to Serenity Wellness Center, LLC et al.'s Motion for Preliminary Injunction	5/9/19	AA 002273 - AA 002534
19-20	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Pocket Brief Regarding Regulatory Power Over Statutes Passed by Voter Initiative	6/10/19	AA 004717 - AA 004777

VOL.	DOCUMENT	DATE	BATES		
20	State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's Supplement to Pocket Brief Regarding Regulatory Power Over Statutes Passed by Voter Initiative	6/24/19	AA 004879 - AA 004888		
5	Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearing and Extend Briefing Schedule for Motion for Preliminary Injunction	4/8/19	AA 001144 - AA 001149		
46	46Transcripts for Hearing on Objections to State's Response, Nevada Wellness Center, LLC's Motion Re Compliance Re Physical Address, and Bond Amount Set8/29/19AA 011				
29	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 1	5/24/19	AA 007170 - AA 007404		
30	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 2 Volume 1	5/28/19	AA 007405 - AA 007495		
30, 31	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 2 Volume 2	5/28/19	AA 007496 - AA 007601		
31	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 3 Volume 1	5/29/19	AA 007602 - AA 007699		
31, 32	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 3 Volume 2	5/29/19	AA 007700 - AA 007843		
32, 33	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 4	5/30/19	AA 007844 - AA 008086		
33	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 5 Volume 1	5/31/19	AA 008087 - AA 008149		
33, 34	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 5 Volume 2	5/31/19	AA 008150 - AA 008369		
34, 35	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 6	6/10/19	AA 008370 - AA 008594		
35, 36	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 7	6/11/19	AA 008595 - AA 008847		

VOL.	DOCUMENT	DATE	BATES
36	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 8 Volume 1	6/18/19	AA 008848 - AA 008959
36, 37	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 8 Volume 2	6/18/19	AA 008960 - AA 009093
37	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 9 Volume 1	6/19/19	AA 009094 - AA 009216
38	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 10 Volume 1	6/20/19	AA 009350 - AA 009465
38, 39	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 10 Volume 2	6/20/19	AA 009466 - AA 009623
39	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 11	7/1/19	AA 009624 - AA 009727
39, 40	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 12	7/10/19	AA 009728 - AA 009902
40, 41	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 13 Volume 1	7/11/19	AA 009903 - AA 010040
41	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 13 Volume 2	7/11/19	AA 010041 - AA 010162
41, 42	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 14	7/12/19	AA 010163 - AA 010339
42	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 15 Volume 1	7/15/19	AA 010340 - AA 010414
42, 43	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 15 Volume 2	7/15/19	AA 010415 - AA 010593
43	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 16	7/18/19	AA 010594 - AA 010698

VOL.	DOCUMENT	DATE	BATES
43, 44	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 17 Volume 1	8/13/19	AA 010699 - AA 010805
44	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 17 Volume 2	8/13/19	AA 010806 - AA 010897
44, 45	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 18	8/14/19	AA 010898 - AA 011086
45	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 19	8/15/19	AA 011087 - AA 011165
45, 46	Transcripts for the Evidentiary Hearing on Motions for Preliminary Injunction Day 20	8/16/19	AA 011166 - AA 011332

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that the foregoing **APPELLANT NEVADA ORGANIC REMEDIES, LLC'S OPENING BRIEF** was filed electronically with the Nevada Supreme Court on the 17th day of January, 2020. Electronic service of the foregoing document shall be made in accordance with the Master Service List as follows:

Adam Fulton and Maximilien D. Fetaz Brownsein Hyatt Farber Shreck, LLP

Counsel for Respondents,

ETWManagement Group LLC; Global Harmony LLC; Green Leaf Farms Holdings LL; Green Therapeutics LLC; Herbal Choice Inc.; Just Quality LLC; Libra Wellness Center LLC; Rombough Real Estate Inc. d/b/a Mother Herb; NEVCANN LLC; Red Gardens LLC; TH Nevada LLC; Zion Gardens LLC; and MMOF Vegas Retail Inc.

Ketan D. Bhirud, Aaron D. Ford, Theresa M. Haar, David J. Pope, and Steven G. Shevorski **Office of the Attorney General** *Counsel for Respondent, The State of Nevada Department of Taxation*

David R. Koch, Steven B. Scow, Daniel G. Scow, and Brody R. Wight **Koch & Scow, LLC** *Counsel for Appellant*,

Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC

Margaret A. McLetchie, Alina M. Shell **McLetchie Law** *Counsel for Appellant, Counsel for GreenMart of Nevada NLV LLC*

/s/ David R. Koch

Koch & Scow

claim or defense, and the main action, have a question of law or a question of fact in common."
 Nev. R. Civ. P. 24(b)(1)(B). "In exercising its discretion" on this issue, "the court must consider
 whether the intervention will unduly delay or prejudice the adjudication of the original parties'
 rights." Nev. R. Civ. P. 24(b)(3).

5 Here, as discussed above, Lone Mountain's motion to intervene is timely and will not prejudice any of the parties in the case. Additionally, Lone Mountain's defense, and anticipated 6 7 counterclaims, present a common question of law and question of fact with the main action. Moreover, allowing Lone Mountain to intervene in this suit will not unduly delay or prejudice 8 9 the adjudication of the current parties' rights. If anything, allowing intervention will promote 10 judicial economy and spare the parties from needing to litigate a similar case in another district. 11 See Dangberg Holdings Nevada, L.L.C., 115 Nev. 129, 142, 978 P.2d 311, 319 (1999) (where the court found "bringing all of the parties together in one proceeding before one tribunal will 12 foster the principles of judicial economy and finality"); see also Venegas v. Skaggs, 867 F.2d 13 527, 531 (9th Cir. 1989) (noting that "judicial economy is a relevant consideration in deciding a 14 motion for permissive intervention"), aff'd sub nom. Venegas v. Mitchell, 495 U.S. 82, 87, 110 S. 15 Ct. 1679, 109 L.Ed.2d 74 (1990). Accordingly, this Court should grant Lone Mountain's Motion 16 17 to Intervene.

18 II. CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, Lone Mountain respectfully requests that this Court grant its
application to intervene. Attached as Exhibit B is Lone Mountain's Answer to Plaintiffs' First
Amended Complaint. Lone Mountain expressly reserves its right to amend this Proposed Answer
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///

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to include counterclaims should this Court permit Lone Mountain's intervention. A proposed 1 2 Order Granting the Motion to Intervene is attached as Exhibit C. Dated this 22nd day of March 2019. 3 H1 LAW GROUP 4 5 Eric D. Hone, NV Bar No. 8499 6 eric@h1lawgroup.com Jamie L. Zimmerman, NV Bar No. 11749 7 jamie@h1lawgroup.com Moorea L. Katz, NV Bar No. 12007 8 moorea@h1lawgroup.com 9 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Tel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-608-3759 Henderson NV 89074 10 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Phone 702-608-3720 Fax 702-608-3759 11 Attorneys for Intervenor 12 Lone Mountain Partners, LLC 13 14 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 15 The undersigned, an employee of H1 Law Group, hereby certifies that on the 25th day of 16 March 2019, she caused a copy of the foregoing to be transmitted by electronic service in 17 accordance with EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f), the Eighth Judicial District court's electronic filing 18 system, to all interested parties, through the Court's Odyssey E-File & Serve system. 19 Donaldoor 20 Bobbye Donaldson, an employee of H1 LAW GROUP 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 12

H1 LAW GROUP

EXHIBIT A

		Electronically Filed 2/11/2019 4:28 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT			
1	TRAN	Otivers, Strum			
2					
3					
4	CLARK COUNT	r, NEVADA			
5 6	MM DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, INC,				
7	Plaintiff(s),))) Case No. A-18-785818-W			
8	VS.))) DEPT. IX			
9	STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION,				
10	Defendant(s).				
11					
12	BEFORE THE HONORAB	LE DAVID BARKER,			
13	SENIOR DISTRICT COURT JUDGE				
14					
16	TUESDAY, FEBRU	JARY 5, 2019			
17 18	TRANSCRIPT OF PRO ALL PENDING				
19 20 21		LLIAM SIMON KEMP, ESQ. THANAEL R. RULIS, ESQ.			
22		BERT E. WERBICKY, ESQ. VID J. POPE, ESQ.			
23 24 25	RECORDED BY: ROBIN PAGE, COU	RT RECORDER			
	1				
	Shawna Ortega • CET-562 • Certified Ele	ctronic Transcriber • 602.412.7667			
	Case Number: A-18-785818-W				

1 THE COURT: I'm concerned I have authority. And I'm sure 2 Mr. -- or Judge Bailus was too. MR. KEMP: Well, Your Honor, when -- when this started, 3 when we first requested the preservation order, we had been informed 4 that the grading was done by some out-of-state consultant, like, you 5 know, a big accounting firm or someone like that. 6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 8 MR. KEMP: It wasn't till we actually got to the hearing that counsel informed us that the State had hired Manpower to do this, which 9 was rather shocking to us, and it's been shocking to pretty much 10 everyone who's looked at it. You know, we quoted Commissioner 11 Kelesis's comments, he was shocked. I mean, the State charged these 12 13 people two and a half million dollars for application fees and then they 14 went and hired Manpower to -- to rate these applications. And the amount of money involved is staggering, Your Honor. 15 The -- the estimate -- we attached a copy of the complaint in the Verano 16 17 case. The Verano people were winning bidders. They won 11 licenses. So they estimate that each one of those is worth \$30 million. I think 18 that's probably a little on the high side, to be candid with the Court. But 19 20 let's just say they're worth 10. So what we're talking about here is over 60 licenses, 10 21 million apiece, that were rated by this -- this process, that the 22 governor's -- the governor's own proclamation calls it opaque. Okay. 23 24 That's the governor of our state is calling it opaque. But in any event, so what has happened here, Your Honor, is 25 10

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1 a number of people who were previous licensees, including our clients, 2 MM Development and Livfree, we were ranked fourth and fifth by the State last time. 3

THE COURT: All right. Okay.

4

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22

MR. KEMP: Okay. Now we're not even in the top 30. The 5 only new factor added to the rating criteria was diversity. And if -- if 6 7 anything, we should have gone -- MM Development should have gone 8 up, because one quarter of the business is owned by American Indians. So if diversity is really a factor, we -- we should have went up. 9

10 Instead, we saw a situation where three Canadian-controlled companies won substantially all of the licenses, especially in Clark 11 County. I've already mentioned Verano. They're financed -- they're a 12 13 Chicago company, but they get their money out of Canada. They 14 won 11. Another group won eight. Another group won seven. These are all big Canadian companies. 15

And to say the industry was shocked I think would be 16 17 understating it. Because everyone thought, you know, if we win one 18 license, it's great. If we win two, it's -- you know, that's wonderful.

THE COURT: That's \$10 million. That's \$10 million. 20 MR. KEMP: Yeah. Yeah, they were dreaming about winning -- yeah, these are lottery tickets, Your Honor. 21

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. KEMP: And so this one company wins 11 out of 11, 23 24 Verano. And, you know, that -- the Department comes in and says, Well, you have no proof that anything inappropriate happened. Well, we 25

11

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1 do, Your Honor. Verano has already -- the partners in Verano have 2 already sued themselves and the -- the partner that runs the dispensary here is run by Robert Frey. I don't know if Your Honor's familiar with that 3 name, he's a long-time businessman here in Nevada. 4 THE COURT: No. 5 MR. KEMP: Has a number of cigar stores. 6 7 Anyway, according to his lawsuit, he arranged with the Illinois 8 people who were in the process of merging with him, that they would file applications, the 11 applications, on behalf of both of them. And so they 9 10 used Mr. Frey's dispensary, they used his taxation, they used his trademarks. And lo and behold, they won 11 out of 11. 11 Mr. Frey contact him and said, Boy, we did great. 12 And they said, Well, what's this we stuff? These are all our 13 14 licenses. So he's filed a lawsuit. This is the winning bidder -- the 15 winning bidder that's won the most licenses has filed a lawsuit saying 16 17 that there was fraud, that there was misappropriation of his trademarks, that the process was not appropriate. The winning bidder has said this, 18 Your Honor. We also say this for the reasons I've indicated, we were 19 20 ranked four and five. But anyway, this all shines a bright spotlight on how these 21 22 applications were graded and evaluated. THE COURT: Okay. 23 MR. KEMP: So when we came here with Judge Bailus, I 24 disagree with counsel that we weren't talking about imaging at that time. 25 12 Shawna Ortega • CET-562 • Certified Electronic Transcriber • 602.412.7667

EXHIBIT B

H1 LAW GROUP 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Tel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-608-3759	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	ANS HI LAW GROUP Eric D. Hone, NV Bar No. 8499 eric@h1lawgroup.com Moorea L. Katz, NV Bar No. 12007 moorea@h1lawgroup.com 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson NV 89074 Phone 702-608-3720 Fax 702-608-3759 Attorneys for Intervenor Lone Mountain Partners, LLC EIGHTH JUDICIAL DIS CLARK COUNTY MM DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, INC., a Nevada corporation, LIVFREE WELLNESS LLC, dba The Dispensary, a Nevada Limited liability company, Plaintiffs, vs. STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION; AND DOES 1 through 10; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 through 10. Defendants. LONE MOUNTAIN PARTNERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability partnership, Applicant in Intervention. Lone Mountain Partners, LLC ("Lone Mount hereby files this answer to the First Amended Compl Company, Inc., and Livfree Wellness, LLC dba The Mountain states as follows: Lone Mountain denies each and every allegat that are admitted, qualified, or otherwise answered h	NEVADA Case No. A-18-785818-W Dept. No. 18 LONE MOUNTAIN PARTNERS, LLC'S [PROPOSED] ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT AND PETITION FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW OR WRIT OF MANDAMUS
		1	

	1	I. PARTIES & JURISDICTION					
	2	1. Answering paragraph 1, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or					
	3	information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph.					
	4	2. Answering paragraph 2, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or					
	5	information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph.					
	6	3. Answering paragraph 3, Lone Mountain admits that the Department of Taxation is					
	7	an agency of the State of Nevada. Lone Mountain states that the duties of the Department are					
	8	outlined by applicable law and regulation. Lone Mountain admits the allegations in this					
759	9	paragraph only insofar as they accurately reflect these laws and regulations.					
-608-3	10	4. Answering paragraph 4, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or					
Tel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-608-3759	11	information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph.					
0 Fa	12	II. GENERAL ALLEGATIONS					
372	13	5. Answering paragraph 5, Lone Mountain states that Assembly Bill 422 speaks for					
702-6(14	itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the					
Tel:	15 content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admir						
	16 insofar as the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced in this p						
	17	6. Answering paragraph 6, Lone Mountain states that the August 16, 2018 letter					
	18	from the Department speaks for itself and no response is required. To the extent a response is					
	19	required, Lone Mountain admits only insofar as the allegations accurately quote the contents of					
	20	that letter.					
	21	7. Answering paragraph 7, Lone Mountain admits.					
	22	8. Answering paragraph 8, Lone Mountain admits.					
	23	9. Answering paragraph 9, and subparagraphs 9(a)-(h), Lone Mountain states that no					
	24	response is required as the allegations contained in this paragraph and subparagraphs are					
	25	Plaintiffs' legal conclusions regarding the content of laws or regulations. These laws and					
	26	regulations speak for themselves. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits					
	27	only insofar as the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced in this					
	28						
		2					

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AA 001010

1 paragraph and subparagraphs.

10. Answering paragraph 10, Lone Mountain admits, in part, that the Department
represented that it would issue recreational retail store conditional licenses no later than
December 5, 2018. Lone Mountain denies the allegations in this paragraph to the extent that
they impose a legal obligation on the Department that is inconsistent or outside the requirements
set forth in NRS 453D.210.

7 11. Answering paragraph 11, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
8 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
9 denies.

10 12. Answering paragraph 12, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
11 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
12 denies.

13 13. Answering paragraph 13, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
14 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
15 denies.

16 14. Answering paragraph 14, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
17 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
18 denies.

19 15. Answering paragraph 15, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
20 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
21 denies.

16. Answering paragraph 16, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
denies.

17. Answering paragraph 17, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
denies.

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Henderson, Nevada 89074

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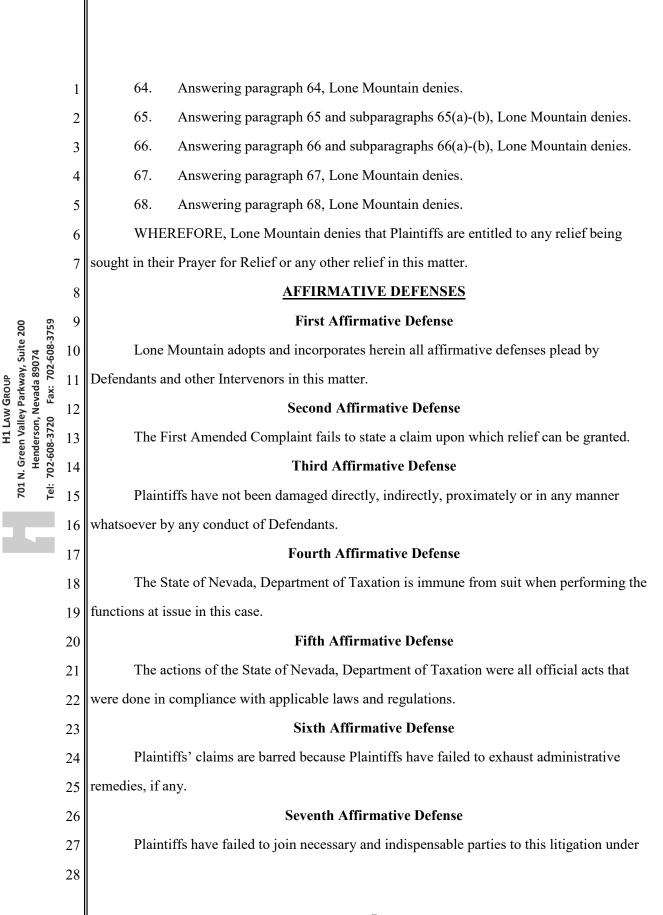
<u>ei:</u>

18. Answering paragraph 18, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 1 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore 2 denies. 3 19. Answering paragraph 19, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 4 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations that pertain to entities who are not Lone 5 6 Mountain, and therefore denies. Insofar as the allegations pertain to the Lone Mountain, Lone 7 Mountain denies. 20. Answering paragraph 20, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 8 9 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph that pertain to Fax: 702-608-3759 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 10 entities that are not Lone Mountain, and therefore Lone Mountain denies. Insofar as the Henderson, Nevada 89074 allegations pertain to Lone Mountain, Lone Mountain denies that the Department improperly 11 granted Lone Mountain licenses. 12 702-608-3720 III. **CLAIMS FOR RELIEF** 13 **First Claim for Relief** 14 Tel: 15 (Declaratory Relief) 21. Lone Mountain repeats and realleges all prior paragraphs as though fully set forth 16 17 herein. 22. Answering paragraph 22, Lone Mountain denies. 18 23. 19 Answering paragraph 23, Lone Mountain denies. 24. Answering paragraph 24, Lone Mountain denies. 20 25. Answering paragraph 25, Lone Mountain denies. 21 22 26. Answering paragraph 26, Lone Mountain denies. 27. Answering paragraph 27, Lone Mountain denies. 23 28. Answering paragraph 28 and subparagraphs 28(a)-(h), Lone Mountain denies any 24 allegations contained in this paragraph and subparagraphs and denies that Plaintiffs are entitled 25 to any requested relief. 26 29. Answering paragraph 29, Lone Mountain denies. 27 28

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	1	30.	Answering paragraph 30, Lone Mountain denies.		
	2	31.	Answering paragraph 31, Lone Mountain denies.		
	3		Second Claim for Relief		
	4		(Injunctive Relief)		
	5	32.	Lone Mountain repeats and realleges all prior paragraphs as though fully set forth		
	6	herein.			
	7	33.	Answering paragraph 33, Lone Mountain denies.		
	8	34.	Answering paragraph 34, Lone Mountain denies.		
.00 759	9	35.	Answering paragraph 35, Lone Mountain denies.		
GROUP Parkway, Suite 200 evada 89074 Fax: 702-608-3759	10	36.	Answering paragraph 36, Lone Mountain denies.		
оиР кway, 3 da 890 : 702-	11	37.	Answering paragraph 37, Lone Mountain denies.		
> > Z	12	38.	Answering paragraph 38, Lone Mountain denies.		
H1 LAW GROUP 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Tel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-608-3759	13		Third Claim for Relief		
N. Gre Hen	14		(Violation of Procedural Due Process)		
701 Tel:	15	39.	Lone Mountain repeats and realleges all prior paragraphs as though fully set forth		
	16	herein.			
	17	40.	Answering paragraph 40, Lone Mountain denies.		
	18	41.	Answering paragraph 41, Lone Mountain denies.		
	19	42.	Answering paragraph 42, Lone Mountain denies.		
	20	43.	Answering paragraph 43, Lone Mountain denies.		
	21	44.	Answering paragraph 44, Lone Mountain denies.		
	22	45.	Answering paragraph 45, Lone Mountain denies.		
	23		Fourth Claim for Relief		
	24		(Violation of Substantive Due Process)		
	25	46.	Lone Mountain repeats and realleges all prior paragraphs as though fully set forth		
	26	herein.			
	27	47.	Answering paragraph 47, Lone Mountain denies.		
	28				
			5		

H1 LAW GROUP 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Tel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-608-3759	1	48. Answering paragraph 48, Lone Mountain denies.
	2	49. Answering paragraph 49, Lone Mountain denies.
	3	50. Answering paragraph 50, Lone Mountain denies.
	4	Fifth Claim for Relief
	5	(Equal Protection Violation)
	6	51. Lone Mountain repeats and realleges all prior paragraphs as though fully set forth
	7	herein.
	8	52. Answering paragraph 52, Lone Mountain denies.
	9	53. Answering paragraph 53, Lone Mountain denies.
	10	54. Answering paragraph 54, Lone Mountain denies.
	11	55. Answering paragraph 55, Lone Mountain denies.
	12	56. Answering paragraph 56, Lone Mountain denies.
	13	Sixth Claim for Relief
	14	(Petition for Judicial Review)
	15	57. Lone Mountain repeats and realleges all prior paragraphs as though fully set forth
	16	herein.
	17	58. Answering paragraph 58, Lone Mountain denies.
	18	59. Answering paragraph 59, Lone Mountain denies.
	19	60. Answering paragraph 60, Lone Mountain denies.
	20	61. Answering paragraph 61 and subparagraphs 61(a)-(c), Lone Mountain denies any
	21	allegations contained in this paragraph and subparagraphs and denies that Plaintiffs are entitled
	22	to any requested relief.
	23	62. Answering paragraph 62, Lone Mountain denies.
	24	Seventh Claim for Relief
	25	(Petition for Writ of Mandamus)
	26	63. Lone Mountain repeats and realleges all prior paragraphs as though fully set forth
	27	herein.
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	1	NRCP 19 as the Court cannot grant any of Plaintiffs' claims without affecting the rights and					
	2	privileges of those parties who received the licenses at issue as well as other third parties.					
	3	Eighth Affirmative Defense					
	4	The occurrences referred to in the First Amended Complaint and all alleged damages, if					
	5	any, resulting therefrom, were caused by a third party of which Defendants had no control.					
	6	Ninth Affirmative Defense					
	7	The actions of the State of Nevada, Department of Taxation were not arbitrary or					
	8	capricious, and the State of Nevada, Department of Taxation had a rational basis for all of the					
200	9	actions taken in the licensing process at issue.					
H1 LAW GROUP 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074 fel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-608-3759	10	Tenth Affirmative Defense					
H1 LAW GROUP Green Valley Parkway, Sui Henderson, Nevada 89074 (2-608-3720 Fax: 702-60	11	Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by their failure to perform or satisfy					
H1 LAW GROUP N Valley Parkwa erson, Nevada 8 -3720 Fax: 7	12	required conditions precedent and by their own bad acts.					
H1 LA en Vall lerson 8-3720	13	Eleventh Affirmative Defense					
H1 LA ¹ N. Green Valle Henderson, 702-608-3720	14	Plaintiffs are not in possession and/or control of the documents and/or witnesses					
701 h Tel: 7	15	necessary to prove its alleged causes of action against Defendants.					
100	16	Twelfth Affirmative Defense					
	17	The claims, and each of them, are barred by the failure of Plaintiffs to plead those claims					
	18	with sufficient particularity.					
	19	Thirteenth Affirmative Defense					
	20	Plaintiffs have failed to allege sufficient facts and cannot carry the burden of proof					
	21	imposed on it by law to recover attorney's fees incurred to bring this action.					
	22	Fourteenth Affirmative Defense					
	23	Injunctive relief is unavailable to Plaintiffs, because the State of Nevada, Department of					
	24	Taxation has already completed the tasks of issuing the conditional licenses.					
	25	Fifteenth Affirmative Defense					
	26	Plaintiffs have no constitutional rights to obtain privileged licenses.					
	27	///					
	28						
	-						
		8					
	l	AA 001016					

	1	Sixteenth Affirmative Defense				
	2	Mandamus is not available to compel the members of the executive branch to perform				
	3	nonministerial, discretionary tasks.				
	4	Seventeenth Affirmative Defense				
	5	Plaintiffs are not entitled to judicial review on the denial of a license.				
	6	Eighteenth Affirmative Defense				
	7	Declaratory relief will not give the Plaintiffs the relief that they are seeking.				
	8	Nineteenth Affirmative Defense				
200 2759	9	Plaintiffs lack standing to seek the relief they request.				
H1 LAW GROUP 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Fai: 707-608-3770	10	Twentieth Affirmative Defense				
ROUP Irkway ada 89	11	Pursuant to Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, all possible affirmative defenses may not				
H1 LAW GROUP Green Valley Parkway, Sui Henderson, Nevada 89074 P.5608.3770 Fav: 707.601	12	have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry				
H1 LA N. Green Valle Henderson, 702-608-3720	13	upon the filing of this answer and, therefore, Lone Mountain reserves the right to amend this				
L N. Gr Hei		answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation warrants.				
701 Tel:	15	WHEREFORE, Lone Mountain prays for judgment as follows:				
	16	1. Plaintiffs take nothing by way of their First Amended Complaint;				
	17	2. The First Amended Complaint, and all causes of action against Defendants and				
	18	Lone Mountain alleged therein, be dismissed with prejudice;				
	19	3. For reasonable attorney fees and costs to be awarded to Lone Mountain; and				
	20	4. For such other and further relief the Court may deem just and proper.				
	21	Dated this day of 201 H1 LAW GROUP				
	22					
	23	Eric D. Hone, NV Bar No. 8499				
	24	eric@h1lawgroup.com				
	25	Jamie L. Zimmerman, NV Bar No. 11749 jamie@h1lawgroup.com				
	26	Moorea L. Katz, NV Bar No. 12007 moorea@h1lawgroup.com				
	27	701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson NV 89074				
	28	nenueison iv v 890/4				
		9				

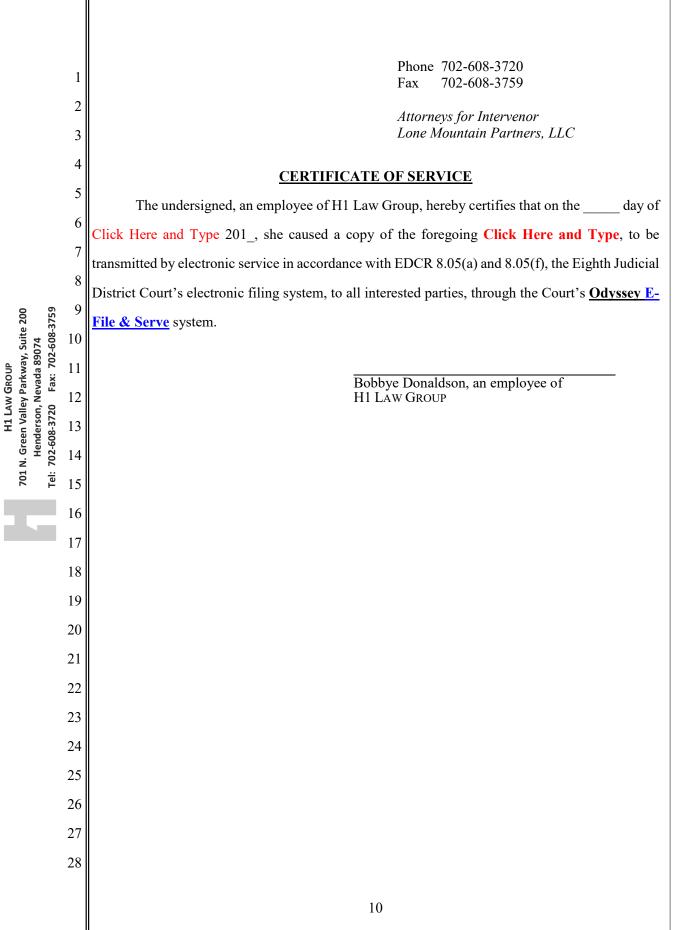
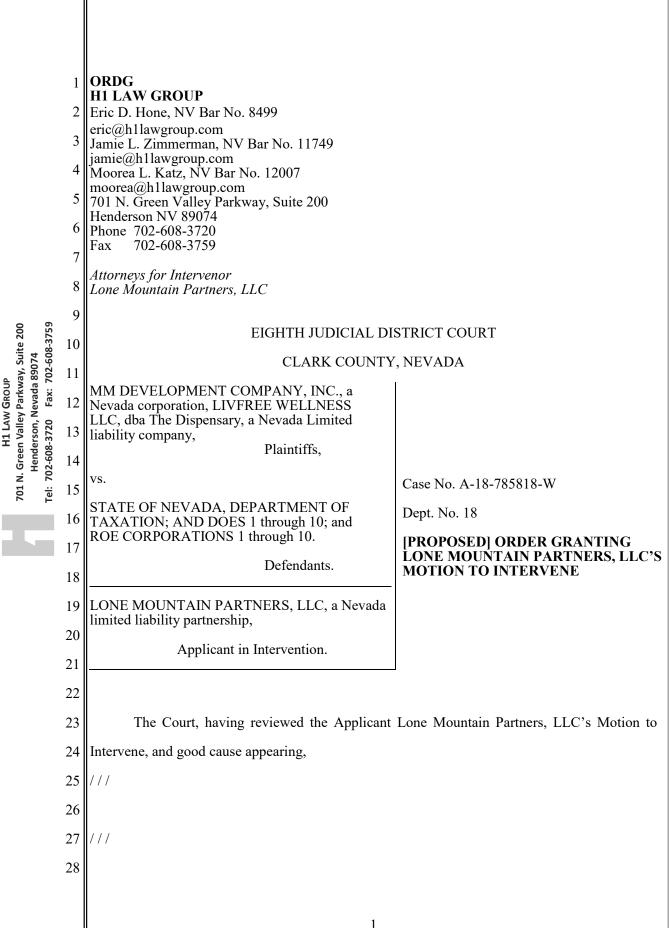


EXHIBIT C



1 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED: Applicant's Motion to Intervene is granted, and Lone Mountain Partners, LLC shall 2 intervene as a Defendant/Real Party in Interest in the above-captioned case as a necessary party to 3 the action pursuant to NRCP 24 and NRS 12.130. 4 5 6 DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 7 DATED: 8 Respectfully submitted by: 9 Fax: 702-608-3759 H1 LAW GROUP 10 11 Eric D. Hone, NV Bar No. 8499 12 eric@h1lawgroup.com Jamie L. Zimmerman, NV Bar No. 11749 702-608-3720 13 jamie@h1lawgroup.com 14 Moorea L. Katz, NV Bar No. 12007 moorea@h1lawgroup.com 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Tel: 15 Henderson NV 89074 16 Phone 702-608-3720 702-608-3759 Fax 17 Attorneys for Intervenor Lone Mountain Partners, LLC 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200

H1 LAW GROUP

Henderson, Nevada 89074

Attorney or Party without Attorney: Parker, Nelson & Associates, Chtd. Theodore Parker, III, Esq. (SBN 4716) 2460 Professional Court Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89128 Telephone No: (702) 868-8000				Electronically Filed 3/25/2019 12:30 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERKOMTHE COURT	
Attorney For: Plaintiff	Ref. No. of	Ref. No. or File No.: NV WELLNESS CENTER/DEPT		a	
Insert name of Court, and Judicial District and Branch Co District Court Clark County Nevada	urt:		Nr		
Plaintiff: NEVADA WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company, Defendant: STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION, et al.					AND DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTION
AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE	Hearing Date;	Time:	Dept/Div;	Case Number: A-19-787540-W	A Description of the second

1. At the time of service I was at least 18 years of age and not a party to this action.

2. I served copies of the Summons, Complaint and Petition for Judicial Review or Writ of Mandamus

- 3. a. Party served: State of Nevada, Department of Taxation b. Person served: Diana Herrara, Administrative Aide II, a person of suitable age and discretion authorized to accept service.
- 4. Address where the party was served: 100 N. Carson Street, Carson City, NV 89701
- 5. I served the party:

a. by personal service. I personally delivered the documents listed in item 2 to the party or person authorized to receive process for the party (1) on: Mon, Mar 18 2019 (2) at: 01:10 PM

> Fee for Service: \$0,00 I Declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of NEVADA that the foregoing is true and correct.

6. Person Who Served Papers:

a. Toni Ruckman (R-052005, Washoe) b. FIRST LEGAL NEVADA PI/PS LICENSE 1452 2920 N. GREEN VALLEY PARKWAY, SUITE 514 HENDERSON, NV 89014 c. (702) 671-4002

22 Mar 19 Jour L Ruckman (Date) (Signature)

7. STATE OF NEVADA, COUNTY OF 🚺 Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before on this VL proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person who appeared before me.

day of Maran



(Notary Signature)

2019 by Toni Ruckman (R-052005, Washoe)



AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE

Appointment Recorded in Washoe County

No: 18-4458-2 - Expires Nov. 06, 2022

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		Electronically Filed 3/26/2019 12:10 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT		
1	David R. Koch (NV Bar #8830)	Atump. Atum		
2	Steven B. Scow (NV Bar #9906) Brody R. Wight (NV Bar #13615)			
3	Daniel G. Scow (NV Bar #14614) KOCH & SCOW LLC			
4	11500 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 210 Henderson, Nevada 89052			
5	Telephone: 702.318.5040			
6	Facsimile: 702.318.5039 <u>dkoch@kochscow.com</u>			
7	<u>sscow@kochscow.com</u>			
8 9	Attorneys for Defendant Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC			
-	EIGHTH JUDICIAL D	ISTRICT COURT		
10	CLARK COUNT	Y, NEVADA		
11				
12	SERENITY WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, et al.,	Case No. A-19-786962-B Dept. No. 11		
13	Plaintiffs, vs.	1		
14 15		MOTION TO STRIKE PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR		
15	STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION; NEVADA ORGANIC	PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION,		
10	REMEDIES, LLC, a Nevada limited liability	OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, MOTION TO CONTINUE THE		
17	company	HEARING ON PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR A PRELIMINARY		
10	Defendants	INJUNCTION ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME		
20	and			
20 21	NEVADA ORGANIC REMEDIES, LLC	HEARING REQUESTED ON SHORTENED TIME		
21	Defendant-Intervenor.			
22				
23	C C	"), by and through its attorneys, Koch &		
25	Scow, LLC, hereby moves for an order striki			
23 26	,	Injunction, or, in the alternative, for an order to continue the hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion		
20 27	for a Preliminary Injunction. This Motion is sup	ported by the following Memorandum of		
27				
20				

1	Points and Authorities and exhibits attached thereto, the pleadings and papers on file			
2	herein, and any other materials this Court may wish to consider.			
3				
4	DATED: March 26, 2019 KOCH & SCOW, LLC			
5	By: <u>/s/ David R. Koch</u> David R. Koch, Esq.			
6	Attorneys for Defendant-Intervenor Nevada Organic Remedies			
7	Nevada Organic Remedies			
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1.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Plaintiffs' Motion for a Preliminary Injunction is procedurally flawed in several
fatal respects. Although the rules expressly impose a 30-page limit on motions, Plaintiffs
filed a bloated behemoth totaling 47 pages. NOR is further informed that Plaintiffs have
not even served defendant the State of Nevada, Department of Taxation (the
"Department") with the Complaint in this action let alone served the Department with
their Motion for Preliminary Injunction. Additionally, Plaintiffs have failed to provide
notice of the Motion to many of the parties that Plaintiffs are seeking to enjoin.¹ And
while the Motion seeks to enjoin the use of licenses held by a number of third parties,
Plaintiffs have failed to name those parties in this action. For all of these reasons, the Court
should strike Plaintiffs' Motion in its entirety.

In the alternative, NOR asks that the Court continue the hearing on Plaintiffs'
Motion so that the Department and the other necessary parties may be properly served the
Complaint, may respond to the Complaint, and may receive adequate notice of Plaintiffs'
Motion along with sufficient time to oppose the motion.

ARGUMENT

A. The Court Should Strike Plaintiff's Motion for a Preliminary Injunction in Its Entirety

The Briefing Attached to Plaintiffs' Motion Exceeds 30 Pages in Violation of EDCR 2.20

Under the Eighth District Court Rule 2.20(a), "papers submitted in support of pretrial and post-trial briefs **shall be limited to 30 pages**, excluding exhibits" unless the Court enters an order permitting a longer brief. The Rule promotes judicial economy by forcing parties to bring forward only their key arguments and to make those arguments succinctly.

¹ NOR only received notice of the Motion for Preliminary Injunction because it moved to intervene in the case.

1 Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction flouts the requirements of EDCR 2 2.20(a) entirely. In their 47-page Motion, Plaintiffs make no attempt to argue succinctly 3 or to bring forward their primary arguments. Just as their central case relies upon the 4 belief that the marijuana licensing rules should not apply to them, Plaintiffs have 5 ignored the Court's page limitation and blithely written on-and-on with the end coming 6 only when Plaintiffs have decided to stop writing. Undoubtedly aware that their 7 substantive arguments are untenable when examined on their merits—Plaintiffs have 8 filled their motion with innumerable arguments in a scattershot approach to litigation. 9 Asserting dozens of baseless arguments, many of which are only mentioned in an 10 introduction and then never mentioned again, Plaintiffs are apparently hoping that at 11 least one of their numerous arguments sticks. Such a strategy creates a problem for 12 opposing parties such as NOR (which is now forced to respond to all of Plaintiffs' 13 arguments within a 30-page limit) and to the Court—which must now review and 14 dismiss all of Plaintiffs' arguments.

EDCR 2.20(a) is designed to prevent parties from doing exactly what Plaintiffs
did here, and the Court should enforce the rules by striking Plaintiffs' Motion for their
failure to comply with the page limit stated in the Court's rules.

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2. Plaintiffs Have Not Provided Notice of the Lawsuit or the Motion to the Department

20 Perhaps more troubling than the length of the Motion is the fact that it was 21 apparently filed **before the Complaint was served on the Department**. Though the 22 Motion asks the Court to issue an injunction against the Department (the only defendant 23 actually named in the Complaint), Plaintiffs have yet to file any affidavit of service 24 indicating that the Department has been served the Complaint, and the Department has 25 not answered the Complaint or filed any other responsive motion or pleading. Plaintiffs 26 did not even attach a Certificate of Service to the Motion as required by EDCR 8.05(f), 27 nor have they made any indication that they served the Motion on any party

whatsoever. The only reason NOR heard of the Motion was because it actively moved to intervene in this case and has been monitoring the case.

- Plaintiffs were required under both NRCP 65(a)(1) and EDCR 2.10(a) to provide proper notice of the Motion to the "adverse part[ies]," otherwise, the Court cannot issue the preliminary injunction. Since Plaintiffs apparently have not even served the Complaint to the Department or waited for the Department to answer, this Motion is procedurally improper, and the Court should strike the Motion.

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Plaintiffs Have Failed to Join Necessary Parties and Failed to Provide Notice of the Motion for Preliminary Injunction

10 Plaintiffs' requested preliminary injunction is extremely broad. It asks for an 11 order enjoining "the enforcement of the conditional licenses" to sell recreational 12 marijuana that the Department has already granted to numerous parties and asks for an 13 order restoring the *status quo ante* prior to the Department's adoption of the regulations 14 found in NAC 453D. Since several parties, including NOR, have already been granted 15 the conditional licenses referenced in Plaintiffs' Motion, and many other parties 16 (including Plaintiffs themselves) were previously granted licenses under the earlier 17 adoption of the same regulations, the Court cannot grant the motion for preliminary 18 injunction without enjoining all of the parties that currently hold licenses.

Under NRCP 65(d)(2), preliminary injunction orders can only bind parties to an
action; the parties' officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys; and other
persons who are "in active concert or participation" with the parties or their officers, etc.
Each of the parties that now holds a license that Plaintiffs seek to enjoin, which includes
every party that now holds a recreational marijuana license in Nevada, would need to be
included as a party to be enjoined, and Plaintiffs' Motion cannot be granted without
seeking relief against those parties.

Further, in a more general sense Plaintiffs are actively attempting to enjoin the
enforcement of valuable licenses, and each party holding such a license is a necessary

party to this action under NRCP 19(a). The Court should not entertain a motion
affecting those parties' rights without their participation in the action. Under NRCP
19(a), a party must be joined to an action when disposing of the action in the party's
absence may "as a practical matter impair or impede the person's ability to protect [its]
interest." Just as NOR was granted leave to intervene in this action, other licensees also
have the right to intervene and the right to participate as a party to this action.
Therefore, the Court should strike Plaintiffs' Motion until all of the parties Plaintiffs seek
to enjoin are given notice and the opportunity to participate as parties to this action.

B. In the Alternative, The Court Should Continue the Hearing on the Motion to Provide the Parties to Be Enjoined with Notice and a Chance to Respond to the Motion

If the Court does not strike Plaintiffs' Motion in its entirety for failure to comply with the rules cited above, NOR asks the Court to continue the hearing on the Motion. At the least, the Motion should not be heard until the Department has been properly served with the Complaint, has had the opportunity granted to it by the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure to respond to the Complaint, and has received notice and the opportunity to respond to Plaintiffs' Motion.

The hearing on the Motion should be continued until all the parties holding a
license that Plaintiffs seeks to enjoin are named in the action and have an opportunity to
receive notice and respond to Plaintiffs' Motion. As of the date this Motion to Strike was
filed, several such parties, including Integral Associates, LLC and Essence Tropicana,
LLC have filed motions to intervene that are currently set to be heard <u>after</u> the current
hearing date on Plaintiffs' Motion.

Finally, even if none of the other relief described above were not granted, at a
minimum a continuance should be provided to allow NOR to file an opposition to
Plaintiffs' Motion. As Plaintiffs have far exceeded the page limit with their Motion, NOR
should not be required to oppose the Motion until the Court has ruled on the Motion to

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1	Strike. NOR is concurrently applying for an order shortening time on this Motion to
2	Strike, but it will may not be heard until after April 2, 2019, the date NOR's opposition to
3	Plaintiffs' Motion is now due. Therefore, equity demands at least a three-week
4	continuance to allow the responding parties to have adequate time to draft an
5	opposition to Plaintiffs' overly long Motion.
6	<u>CONCLUSION</u>
7	For the reasons set forth above, NOR respectfully requests that this Court enter an
8	Order striking Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction, or, in the alternative
9	continuing the hearing on the Motion so that the parties Plaintiffs seek to enjoin have an
10	opportunity to respond.
11	
12	KOCH & SCOW, LLC
13	By: <u>/s/ David R. Koch</u> David R. Koch
14	Attorneys for Defendant-Intervenor
15	Nevada Organic Remedies
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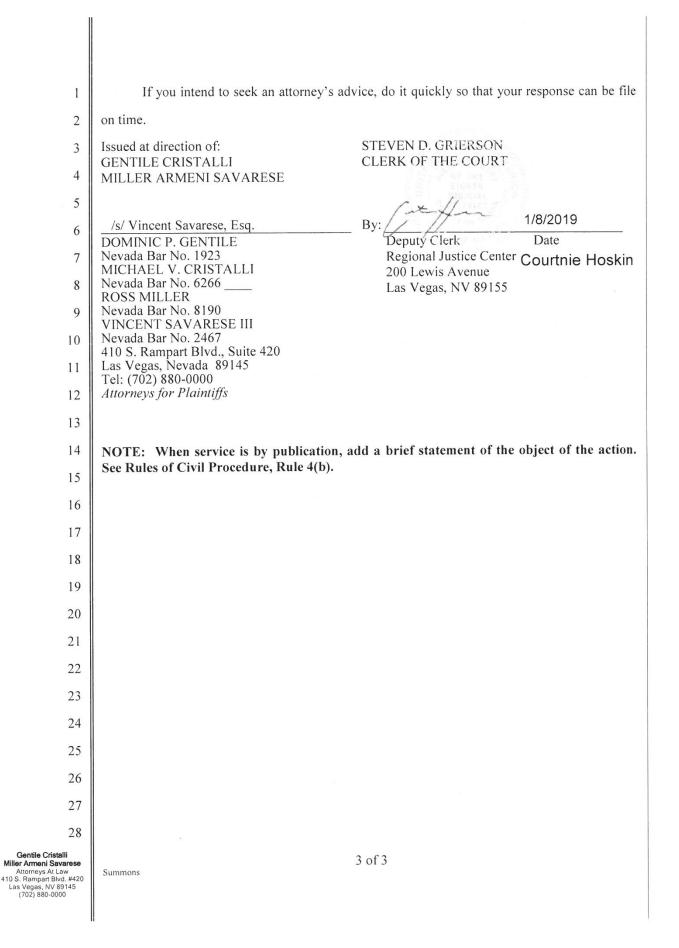
1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE				
2	I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury, that I am over the age				
3	of eighteen (18) years, and I am not a party to, nor interested in, this action. I certify that on March 26, 2019, I caused the foregoing document entitled:				
4	MOTION TO STRIKE PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION, OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, MOTION TO CONTINUE THE				
5	HEARING ON PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME to be served as follows:				
6	[X] Pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f), to be electronically served through				
7	the Eighth Judicial District court's electronic filing system, with the date and time of the electronic service substituted for the date and place of				
8	deposit in in the mail; and/or;				
9	 by placing same to be deposited for mailing in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was prepaid in Henderson, Nevada; and/or 				
10	[] Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, to be sent via facsimile; and/or				
11	 [] hand-delivered to the attorney(s) listed below at the address indicated below; 				
12	[] to be delivered overnight via an overnight delivery service in lieu of delivery by mail to the addressee (s); and or:				
13	[] by electronic mailing to:				
14	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC: ShaLinda Creer (screer@gcmaslaw.com)				
15	Nevada Organic Remedies LLC:				
16	David Koch (<u>dkoch@kochscow.com</u>)				
17	Steven Scow (<u>sscow@kochscow.com</u>) Brody Wight (<u>bwight@kochscow.com</u>)				
18	Andrea Eshenbaugh - Legal Assistant (<u>aeshenbaugh@kochscow.com</u>) Daniel Scow (<u>dscow@kochscow.com</u>)				
19	Integral Associates, LLC d/b/a Essence Cannabis Dispensaries:				
20	MGA Docketing (<u>docket@mgalaw.com</u>)				
21	Lone Mountain Partners, LLC: Eric Hone (<u>eric@h1lawgroup.com</u>)				
22	Jamie Zimmerman (j <u>amie@ĥ1lawgroup.com</u>)				
23	Bobbye Donaldson (<u>bobbye@h1lawgroup.com</u>) Moorea Katz (<u>moorea@h1lawgroup.com</u>)				
24	Margaret McLetchie (<u>maggie@nvlitigation.com</u>)				
25	Cami Perkins, Esq. (<u>cperkins@nevadafirm.com</u>)				
26	Executed on March 26, 2019 at Henderson, Nevada.				
27	<u>/s/ Andrea Eshenbaugh</u> Andrea Eshenbaugh				
28					
	-8-				

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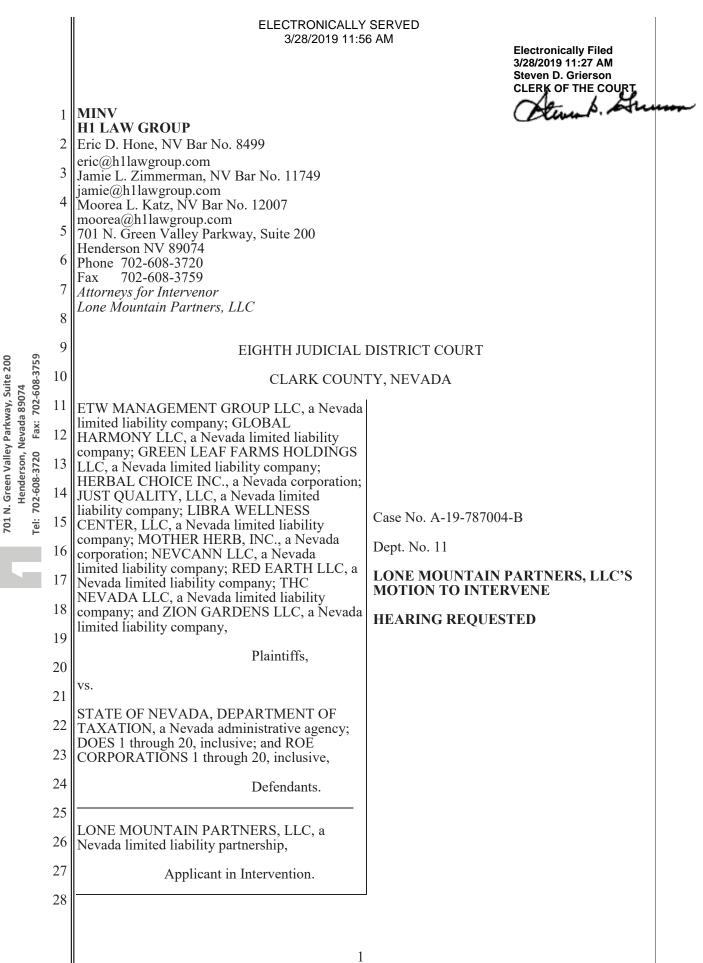


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1	SUMM GENTILE CRISTALLI	(Crumerican)
2	MILLER ARMENI SAVARESE	
3	DOMINIC P. GENTILE Nevada Bar No. 1923	
4	Email: <u>dgentile@gcmaslaw.com</u> MICHAEL V. CRISTALLI	
4	Nevada Bar No. 6266	
5	Email: mcristalli@gcmaslaw.com ROSS MILLER	
6	Nevada Bar No. 8190	
7	Email: rmiller@gcmaslaw.com VINCENT SAVARESE III	
8	Nevada Bar No. 2467 Email: <u>vsavarese@gcmaslaw.com</u>	
	410 South Rampart Blvd., Suite 420	
9	Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Tel: (702) 880-0000	
10	Fax: (702) 778-9709	
11	Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
12	DISTR	ICT COURT
	CLARK CO	UNTY, NEVADA
13		
14	SERENITY WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, TGIG, LLC, a	CASE NO.: A-19-786962-B DEPT. NO.: 11
15	Nevada limited liability company, NULEAF	
16	INCLINE DISPENSARY, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, NEVADA HOLISTIC	
17	MEDICINE, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, TRYKE COMPANIES SO NV, LLC,	
5040020	a Nevada limited liability company, TRYKE	SUMMONS
18	COMPANIES RENO, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, PARADISE WELLNESS	
19	CENTER, LLC, a Nevada limited liability	
20	company, GBS NEVADA PARTNERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, FIDELIS	
21	HOLDINGS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, GRAVITAS NEVADA, LLC, a	
	Nevada limited liability company, NEVADA	
22	PURE, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, MEDIFARM, LLC, a Nevada limited liability	
23	company; DOE PLAINTIFFS I through X; and ROE ENTITIES I through X,	
24		
25	Plaintiffs,	
26	vs.	<i>x</i>
	THE STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT	
27	OF TAXATION,	
28	Defendants.	
Gentile Cristalli Miller Armeni Savarese Attorneys At Law 410 S. Rampart Bivd. #420	Summons	3
Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 880-0000		
	Case Number: A-19-78696	2-B

1	TO: THE STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION			
2	NOTICE! YOU HAVE BEEN SUED. THE COURT MAY DECIDE AGAINST			
3	YOU WITHOUT YOUR BEING HEARD UNLESS YOU FILE A RESPONSE WITH THE COURT WITHIN 20 DAYS. READ THE INFORMATION BELOW CAREFULLY.			
4	To the Defendant named above:			
5	A civil Complaint has been filed by the Plaintiffs against you. Plaintiffs are seeking to			
6	recover the relief requested in the complaint, which could include a money judgment against you			
7	or some other form or relief.			
8	If you intend to defend this lawsuit, within 20 days ¹ after this Summons is served on you			
9	(not counting the day of service), you must:			
10	1. File with the Clerk of the Court, whose address is shown below, a formal written			
11	response (typically a legal document called an "answer," but potentially some other response) to			
12	Plaintiffs' complaint.			
13	2. Pay the required filing fee to the court, or file an Application to Proceed <i>In Forma</i>			
14	<i>Pauperis</i> and request a waiver of the filing fee.			
15	3. Serve (by mail or hand delivery) a copy of your response upon the Plaintiffs			
16	whose name and address is shown below.			
17	Information and forms to assist you are available, free of charge, at the Civil Law Self-Help			
18 19	Center at the Regional Justice Center, 200 Lewis Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada and on the center's website at <u>www.civilawselfhelpcenter.org</u> .			
20	If you fail to respond, the Plaintiffs can request your default. The court can then enter			
21	judgment against you for the relief demanded by the Plaintiffs in the complaint, which could			
22	result in money or property being taken from you or some other relief requested in Plaintiffs'			
23	complaint.			
24				
25				
26				
27	¹ The State of Nevada, its political subdivisions, agencies, officers, employees, board members, commission			
28	members, and legislators each have 45 days after service of this Summons within which to file a response to Plaintiff's complaint			
Gentile Cristalli Miller Armeni Savarese Attorneys At Law 410 S. Rampart Blvd. #420 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 880-0000	2 of 3			



1 2	AFFT Gentile Cristalli Miller Armeni Savarese Vincent Savarese III 410 S. Rampart Blvd., Suite 420	
3	Las Vegas, Nv 89145 State Bar No.: 2467 Attorney(s) for: Plaintiffs	
5	DISTRIC	T COURT
6	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA
7		
8	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, et al.	Case No.: A-19-786962-B
9	Plaintiff(s),	Dept. No.: 11
10	vs.	Date: 4/22/2019 Time: 9:00 a.m.
11	The State of Nevada, Department of Taxation	
12	Defendant(s).	AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE
13	I, Tonya Malone, being duly sworn deposes and sa	
14	of the United States, over 18 years of age, licensed license #1926, and not a party to or interested in the state of the s	I to serve civil process in the State of Nevada under ne proceedings in which this Affidavit is made. The
15	Affiant received <u>1 copy</u> of the: <u>Summons; Comp</u> Injunction; Exhibits on the <u>20th</u> day of March, 20	laint; Notice of Hearing; Motion for Preliminary 19 and served the same on the 21st day of March.
16 17	2019 at <u>3:06pm</u> by serving <u>The State of Nevada, D</u> leaving a copy at <u>1550 College Pkwy., Carson C</u>	epartment of Taxation, by personally delivering and ity, NV 89706 with Tina Padovano as Executive
18	Assistant an agent lawfully designated by statute to	accept service of process.
19		
20		
20		
22		
23		
24	State of Nevada, County of Washoe SIGNED AND SWORN to before me on this	
25	<u>15</u> day of <u>March</u> , <u>2019</u>	UU
26	By: Tonya Malone	Affiant: Tonya Malone
27	Mill VE: UM	#: R-100246
28	Notary Public:	J & L Process Service, License # 1926 Work Order No: 19-7205
& L Process Service) N. Nellis Bivd., A3-197, Las Vegas, NV 89110 (702) 883-5725 ProcessSvc@gmail.com	MICHAELLON ALBIOR-MUNOZ NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF NEVADA My Commission Expires: 11-08-20 Certificate No: 16-4303-2	f 1



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Lone Mountain Partners, LLC ("Lone Mountain"), by and through counsel undersigned,
 respectfully moves to intervene in the above captioned case pursuant to NRCP 24 and NRS
 12.130 (the "Motion").

This Motion is based upon the record and the exhibits attached hereto and by reference
incorporated herein. The requested relief is based on the following Memorandum of Points and
Authorities.

7

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702-608-3720

<u>ei:</u>

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

8 I. INTRODUCTION

9 Lone Mountain seeks to intervene in this action to protect its vested interests in eleven conditional retail marijuana dispensary licenses it was awarded by the State of Nevada 10 Department of Taxation ("Department") on December 5, 2018. Lone Mountain's licenses are 11 jeopardized by the proceedings in this action as Plaintiffs are challenging the Department's 12 issuance of a type of license for which there is a statutorily-limited supply, and for which 13 applicants compete against one another through a ranking system. Thus, Plaintiffs' requested 14 relief directly impacts the licenses already awarded to Lone Mountain and Lone Mountain 15 respectfully requests to be permitted to protect its interests by intervening in the action. 16

17 Plaintiffs have argued that because they only seek monetary damages and declaratory relief in this action, current license holders do not have a substantial interest in the litigation and 18 should not be permitted to intervene. Yet in their claim for declaratory relief, Plaintiffs request 19 the Court to declare that the entire licensing process was in violation of statute. Such a 20 declaration would necessitate the re-distribution of the current license awards such that Lone 21 Mountain's licenses are under direct threat. Accordingly, Lone Mountain has a significant 22 protectable interest in this action. Moreover, Nevada statute requires that "[w]hen declaratory 23 relief is sought, all persons shall be made parties who have or claim any interest which would be 24 affected by the declaration, and no declaration shall prejudice the rights of persons not parties to 25 the proceeding." NRS § 30.130.¹ 26

27

28

¹ Plaintiffs' failure to name current license holders as real parties in interest is arguably fatal to Plaintiffs' lawsuit. See

Lone Mountain holds numerous licenses, has a vested interest in this action, and meets
 the standards of NRS § 12.130(c) and NRCP 24 such that Lone Mountain should be permitted to
 intervene and protect its valuable interests.

4 II. STATEMENT OF RELEVANT FACTS

5 On November 8, 2016, Nevada voters passed the Regulation and Taxation of Marijuana
6 Act (the "Act") (Ballot Question 2). The Act legalized the purchase, possession, and
7 consumption of recreational marijuana for adults 21 and older.

8 The Department was to adopt regulations necessary to carry out the Act, including 9 regulations that set forth the "[p]rocedures for the issuance, renewal, suspension, and revocation 10 of a license to operate a marijuana establishment" and "[q]ualifications for licensure that are 11 directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a marijuana establishment." Nev. Rev. Stat. 12 § 453D.200(1)(a)-(b). On January 16, 2018, the Nevada Tax Commission unanimously approved 13 permanent regulations ("Approved Regulations"). LCB File No. R092-17. The Approved 14 Regulations went into effect on February 27, 2018.

Thereafter, on August 16, 2018, the Department issued a Notice of Intent to Accept
Applications ("Notice") for sixty-four (64) recreational marijuana retail store licenses, which are
to be located throughout various jurisdictions in Nevada. The Notice required that all
applications be submitted between 8:00 a.m. on September 7, 2018 and 5:00 p.m. on September
20, 2018.

Pursuant to section 80 of the Approved Regulations, if the Department received more
than one complete and qualified application for a license the Department would rank all
applications within each jurisdiction from first to last based on compliance with NRS § 453D
and the Approved Regulations. R092-17, Sec. 80. The Department is then required to go down
the list and issue the highest scoring applicants the available licenses. *Id.*

On December 5, 2018, the Department issued sixty-one (61) recreational marijuana retail
 store conditional licenses, including 10 licenses for Unincorporated Clark County, Nevada; 10
 27

28 a

also NRS 233B.130(2)(a); see also Washoe Cnty. v. Otto, 128 Nev. 424, 432, 282 P.3d 719, 725 (2012); NRCP 19(a).

3

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1 licenses for Las Vegas, Nevada; 6 licenses for Henderson, Nevada; 5 licenses for North Las Vegas, Nevada; 6 licenses for Reno, Nevada; 1 license for Sparks, Nevada; and 1 license for Nye 2 County, Nevada. Lone Mountain was granted eleven (11) of these conditional licenses. 3 Under their conditional licenses, Lone Mountain has twelve (12) months to receive a final 4 inspection for a marijuana establishment. R092-17, Sec. 87. If a marijuana establishment does 5 not receive a final inspection within twelve (12) months, the marijuana establishment must 6 surrender the license to the Department. Id. The Department may extend the period specified in 7 8 this subsection if the Department, in its discretion, determines that extenuating circumstances prevented the marijuana establishment from receiving a final inspection within the period 9 specified in this subsection. Id. 10 On January 4, 2019, Plaintiffs, with the exception of Green Therapeutics LLC, filed their 11 Complaint against the Department, and on February 8, 2019, the FAC was filed naming Green 12 Therapeutics LLC as an additional plaintiff. Plaintiffs allege that the Department's review and 13 14 scoring of applicants' applications for the recreational marijuana licenses was done "errantly, arbitrarily, irrationally, and partially." (FAC at ¶ 45). <u>rel:</u> 15 The FAC contains numerous claims for relief, including: 16 17 Claims for violation of substantive due process, procedural due process • and equal protection each of which is alleged to have rendered the Department's denial of Plaintiffs' license applications improper, 18 warranting compensatory damages. (See generally id. at \P 50-84); 19 A claim for Declaratory Relief, seeking a judicial declaration that (1) the factors for ranking do not comply with NRS 453D.210(6), (2) the 20 Department applied the factors for ranking of applicants in an arbitrary and irrational matter, (3) the Department violated Section 80(5) of the 21 Regulations by issuing multiple retail marijuana licenses to same entity or group of entities, and (4) the denial notices did not comply with 22 453D.210(4)(b). (See generally id. at ¶ 86-96). 23 Given the nature of the relief sought by Plaintiffs, a disposition of this case will 24 irrefutably impact Lone Mountain's unique legal interests in its conditional licenses. As such, 25 Lone Mountain respectfully requests to be permitted to intervene in this action. 26 11 27 28 11

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1 III. LEGAL ARGUMENT

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A. Legal Standard

Pursuant to NRS § 12.130, any person "[b]efore the trial, [...] may intervene in an action 3 or proceeding, who has an interest in the matter in litigation, in the success of either of the 4 parties, or an interest against both." Nev. Rev. Stat. § 12.130(1)(a). "Intervention is made as 5 provided by the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure." Nev. Rev. Stat. § 12.130(c). 6

In furtherance, NRCP § 24(a)(2) governs non-statutory intervention of right and states 7 that upon timely intervention "the court must permit anyone to intervene who ... claims an 8 interest relating to the property or transaction that is the subject of the action, and is so situated 9 that disposing of the action may as a practical matter impair or impede the movant's ability to 10 protect its interest, unless existing parties adequately represent that interest." Nev. R. Civ. P. 11 24(a)(2). NRCP § 24(b)(1)(B) governs permissive intervention and allows for intervention 12 when an applicant "has a claim or defense that shares with the main action a common question of 13 law or fact." Nev. R. Civ. P. § 24(b)(1)(B). 14

Lone Mountain Is Entitled to Intervene as of Right **B**.

A party applying to intervene as of right must show: (1) the application is timely; (2) the 16 applicant has sufficient interest in the property or transaction which is the subject of the action; 17

(3) the applicant is so situated that the disposition of the action may as a practical matter impair 18

or impede its ability to protect that interest; and (4) the applicant's interest is inadequately 19

represented by the parties to the action. See American Home Assurance Corp. v. Eighth Judicial 20

District Ct. ex rel. County of Clark, 122 Nev. 1229, 1238, 147 P.3d 1120, 1126 (2006).² 21

Determining whether an applicant has met these four requirements is within the district court's 22

- sound discretion. Am. Home Assur. Co., 122 Nev. at 1126. 23
- 24

When evaluating whether the requirements for intervention of right are met, a court

- generally follows practical and equitable considerations and construes the governing rule broadly 25
- 26

² Federal decisions involving the federal civil procedure rules are persuasive authority when this court examines its 27 equivalent rules. See Executive Mgmt. v. Ticor Title Ins. Co., 118 Nev. 46, 53, 38 P.3d 872, 876 (2002). The 2019 amendment specifically conform NRCP 24 to its Federal counterpart, FRCP 24. See Nev. R. Civ. P. 24 (advisory 28 committee note on the 2019 amendment).

H1 LAW GROUP 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074 rel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-608-3759 in favor of proposed intervenors. *Wilderness Soc'y v. U.S. Forest Service*, 630 F.3d 1173, 1179
 (9th Cir. 2011) (en banc) (quoting *United States v. City of Los Angeles*, 288 F.3d 391, 397 (9th
 Cir. 2002)). This is because "'[a] liberal policy in favor of intervention serves both efficient
 resolution of issues and broadened access to the Courts." *Wilderness Soc'y*, 630 F.3d 1173
 (quoting *City of Los Angeles*, 288 F.3d at 397-98).

6

1. Lone Mountain's Application to Intervene Is Timely

When determining the timeliness of an application to intervene "[t]he most important
question to be resolved [...] is not the length of the delay by the intervenor but the extent of
prejudice to the rights of existing parties resulting from the delay." *See Dangberg Holdings Nevada, L.L.C. v. Douglas Cty. & its Bd. of Cty. Commr's*, 115 Nev. 129, 141, 978 P.2d 311,
318 (1999); *see also American Home Assurance Corp.*, 122 Nev. at 1244, nn.49-50 (citations
omitted).

Here, Lone Mountain's intervention will not prejudice the existing parties. This case is in
the early stages of litigation. *See Citizens for Balanced Use v. Montana Wilderness Ass'n*, 647
F.3d 893, 897 (9th Cir. 2011) (where the Court found the parties would not have suffered
prejudice from the grant of intervention at the early stage of litigation).

Indeed, Plaintiffs filed the Amended Complaint on February 8, 2019 and the Department
has yet to file an answer or responsive pleading. In *Citizens for Balanced Use*, the Ninth Circuit
found that a motion filed less than three months after the complaint was filed and less than two
weeks after the first filing of an answer to the complaint was timely. *Id.* The court reasoned that
an intervention so early in the litigation would not cause disruption or delay in the proceedings. *Id.* Similarly, here, there will be no delay resulting from Lone Mountain's intervention.

Through this action, Plaintiffs are attempting to undermine the rights of Lone Mountain to its conditional licenses. Because Lone Mountain may be gravely prejudiced if not permitted to intervene and all other parties within this action would not suffer any prejudice, this Court should find that Lone Mountain request to intervene is timely.

- 27 / / /
- 28 / / /

2. Lone Mountain Has a Significant Interest in the Litigation's Subject Matter

While there is no "bright-line" test to determine if a sufficient interest exists, an applicant 3 must make a showing of a "significant protectable interest." See Am. Home Assur. Co., 122 Nev. 4 1229, 1238, 147 P.3d 1120, 1127 (2006). Whether a proposed intervenor has a significant 5 protectable interest is a "practical, threshold inquiry," and the party seeking intervention need not 6 establish any "specific legal or equitable interest." Citizens for Balanced Use v. Montana 7 Wilderness Ass'n, 647 F.3d 893, 897 (9th Cir. 2011) (internal quotations omitted) (quoting Nw. 8 Forest Res. Council v. Glickman, 82 F.3d 825, 837 (9th Cir. 1996)). To meet its burden, a 9 proposed intervenor "must establish that the interest is protectable under some law and that there 10 is a relationship between the legally protected interest and the claims at issue." Id. The question 11 of whether there is a significant protectable interest does not turn on "technical distinctions." 12 California v. United States, 450 F.3d 436, 441 (9th Cir. 2006). Instead, courts "have taken the 13 view that a party has a sufficient interest for intervention purposes if it will suffer a practical 14 impairment of its interests as a result of the pending litigation." See id. 15 Here, Lone Mountain has a sufficient interest in the subject matter of this action—the

Here, Lone Mountain has a sufficient interest in the subject matter of this action—the conditional licenses to operate a recreational marijuana retail store. Lone Mountain was issued eleven (11) of the licenses by the Department. Plaintiffs, through this lawsuit, are essentially attempting to void the Department's application process, which could impair Lone Mountain's interest in its conditional licenses. Accordingly, Lone Mountain has a significant protectable interest in this action.

22

23

3. The Disposition of This Action May Impair or Impede Lone Mountain's Ability to Protect Its Interests

Once a significant protectable interest is established, courts look to whether the proposed intervenor's ability to protect that interest would be "impair[ed] or impede[ed]" by "the disposition of the action." *Citizens for Balanced Use*, 647 F.3d at 897 (citation omitted). "If an absentee would be substantially affected in a practical sense by the determination made in an

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action, [it] should, as a general rule, be entitled to intervene...." *Id.* at 898 (quoting Fed R. Civ. P.
 24 advisory committee's note).

Here, Plaintiffs have challenged the entire licensing process and indirectly challenged the
Department's award of licenses to Lone Mountain. Plaintiffs assert that the licenses awarded to
current license holders, such as Lone Mountain, rightfully belong to Plaintiffs. Plaintiffs seek a
declaration that the Department's entire licensing process violated Nevada law. This relief, if
granted, would necessarily harm the successful applicants that were awarded licenses.
Accordingly, Lone Mountain's interests may be impaired by the disposition of this case, as it
risks losing its conditional licenses.

4. Lone Mountain's Interests Are Not Adequately Represented 10 Generally, "[t]he burden of showing inadequacy of representation is minimal and 11 satisfied if the [party seeking intervention] can demonstrate that representation of its interests 12 may be inadequate." Citizens for Balanced Use, 647 F.3d at 898 (internal quotation omitted); see 13 also Trbovich v. United Mine Workers, 404 U.S. 528, 538 n. 10, 92 S.Ct. 630, 636 n. 10, 30 14 L.Ed.2d 686 (1972) (holding that the requirement of inadequate representation is satisfied if the 15 applicant shows that representation "may be" inadequate). In making this determination, courts 16 examine three factors: (1) whether the interest of a present party is such that it will undoubtedly 17 make all of a proposed intervenor's arguments; (2) whether the present party is capable and 18 willing to make such arguments; and (3) whether a proposed intervenor would offer any 19 necessary elements to the proceeding that other parties would neglect. Citizens for Balanced Use, 20 647 F.3d at 898 (quoting Arakaki v. Cayetano, 324 F.3d 1078, 1086 (9th Cir. 2003)). "The most 21 important factor in assessing the adequacy of representation is how the interest compares with 22 the interests of existing parties." Citizens for Balanced Use, 647 F.3d at 898 (internal quotation 23 and citation omitted). Where a proposed intervenor and an existing party "share the same 24 ultimate objective, a presumption of adequacy of representation arises." Citizens for Balanced 25 Use, 647 F.3d at 898 (citation omitted). A presumption of adequacy "must be rebutted with a 26 compelling showing." Id. (citation omitted). 27

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Here, Lone Mountain's interests are not adequately represented by the Department. A
 proposed intervenor "should be treated as the best judge of whether the existing parties
 adequately represent . . . [its] interests, and . . . any doubt regarding adequacy of representation
 should be resolved in [its] favor." 6 Edward J. Brunet, Moore's Federal Practice § 24.03[4][a]
 (3d ed. 1997).

6 The Department will presumably defend its application evaluation process by showing
7 that it complied with NRS Chapter 453D and the Approved Regulations. However, the
8 Department will not defend Lone Mountain's, or other licensees', unique and valuable licenses.
9 The Department simply has no interest in specifically defending Lone Mountain's licenses
10 versus other applicants.

Even the other proposed intervenors are not adequate representatives of Lone Mountain's 11 interests. To obtain any one of the licenses an applicant had to rank higher than other applicants 12 in any given jurisdiction. Thus, all applicants are competing with one another for a limited 13 supply of licenses, and their interests are therefore by their very nature divergent. Plaintiffs have 14 challenged the entire ranking process, and to the extent that Plaintiffs' challenge is considered, 15 Lone Mountain will need to defend its licenses against *all* other applicants, including other 16 17 current license holders. Accordingly, Lone Mountain has met its "minimal" burden of showing that their interests may not adequately represented such that its intervention is proper. 18

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C. Lone Mountain Should Be Permitted to Intervene Pursuant to Permissive Intervention

Even if this Court where to find that Lone Mountain cannot establish intervention as of right, Lone Mountain may still intervene pursuant to NRCP 24(b), which governs permissive intervention. Permissive intervention is available when the motion is timely and "the applicant's claim or defense, and the main action, have a question of law or a question of fact in common." Nev. R. Civ. P. 24(b)(1)(B). "In exercising its discretion" on this issue, "the court must consider whether the intervention will unduly delay or prejudice the adjudication of the original parties' rights." Nev. R. Civ. P. 24(b)(3).

Here, as discussed above, Lone Mountain's motion to intervene is timely and will not
 prejudice any of the parties in the case. Additionally, Lone Mountain's defense of its licenses,
 and anticipated counterclaims, present a common question of law and question of fact with the
 main action.

Moreover, allowing Lone Mountain to intervene in this suit will not unduly delay or 5 prejudice the adjudication of the current parties' rights. If anything, allowing intervention will 6 promote judicial economy and spare the parties from needing to litigate a similar case in another 7 district. See Dangberg Holdings Nevada, L.L.C., 115 Nev. 129, 142, 978 P.2d 311, 319 (1999) 8 (where the court found "bringing all of the parties together in one proceeding before one tribunal 9 will foster the principles of judicial economy and finality"); see also Venegas v. Skaggs, 867 10 F.2d 527, 531 (9th Cir. 1989) (noting that "judicial economy is a relevant consideration in 11 deciding a motion for permissive intervention"), aff'd sub nom. Venegas v. Mitchell, 495 U.S. 12 82, 87, 110 S. Ct. 1679, 109 L.Ed.2d 74 (1990). Accordingly, this Court should grant Lone 13 Mountain's Motion to Intervene. 14

15 II. CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, Lone Mountain respectfully requests that this Court grant its
application to intervene. Attached as Exhibit A is Lone Mountain's Answer to Plaintiffs'
Complaint. Lone Mountain expressly reserves its right to amend this Answer to include
///

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702-608-3720

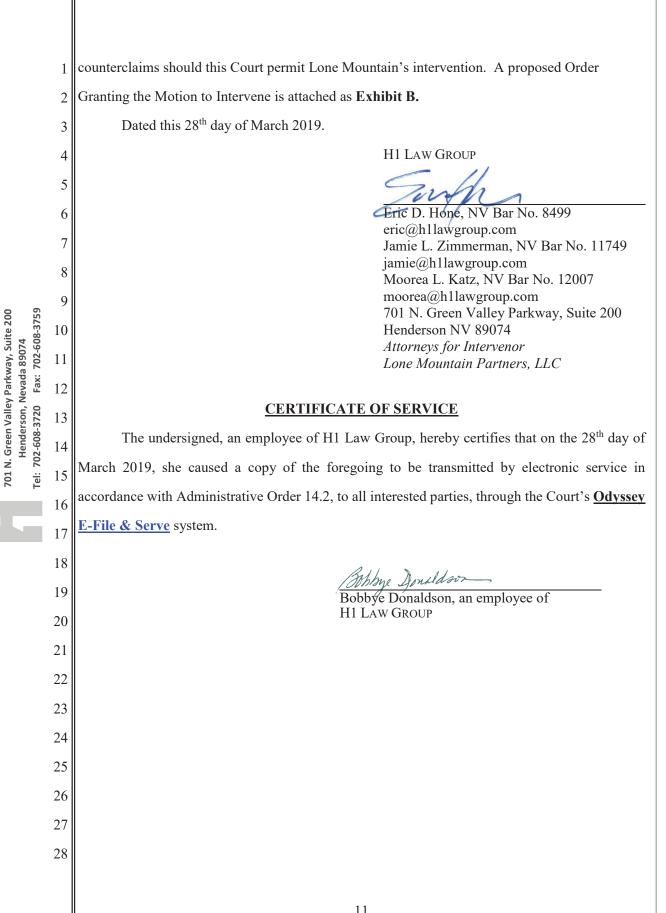
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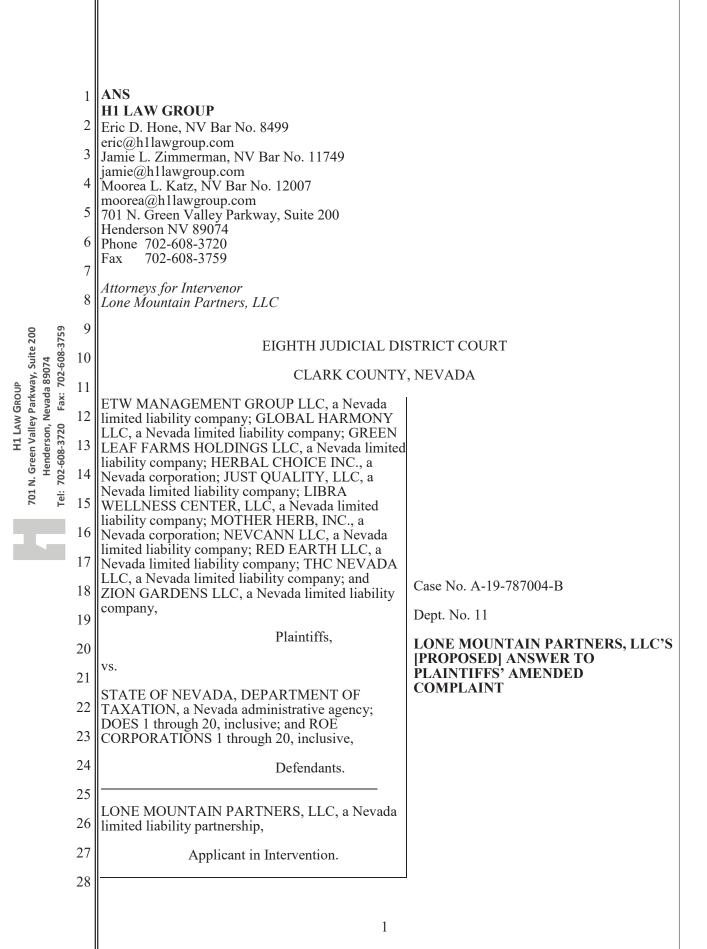
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- 26 27 ///
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EXHIBIT A



Lone Mountain Partners, LLC ("Lone Mountain"), by and through counsel undersigned, 1 hereby files this answer to the Amended Complaint filed by Plaintiffs ETW Management Group 2 LLC, Global Harmony LLC, Green Leaf Farms Holdings LLC, Herbal Choice Inc., Just Quality, 3 LLC, Libra Wellness Center, LLC, Mother Herb, Inc., Nevcann LLC, Red Earth LLC, THC 4 Nevada LLC, and Zion Gardens LLC (collectively "Plaintiffs"). Lone Mountain states as 5 6 follows:

7 Lone Mountain denies each and every allegation in the Amended Complaint except those allegations that are admitted, qualified, or otherwise answered herein. 8

PARTIES

10 1. Answering paragraph 1, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. 11

2. 12 Answering paragraph 2, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. 13

3. Answering paragraph 3, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 14 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. 15

4. Answering paragraph 4, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 16 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. 17

5. Answering paragraph 5, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 18 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. 19

6. Answering paragraph 6, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 20 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. 21

22 7. Answering paragraph 7, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. 23

8. Answering paragraph 8, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 24 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. 25

9. Answering paragraph 9, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 26 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. 27

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Tel:

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10. Answering paragraph 10, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 1 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. 2 11. Answering paragraph 11, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 3 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. 4 5 12. Answering paragraph 12, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. 6 7 13. Answering paragraph 13, admit. 14. Answering paragraph 14, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 8 9 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph. Fax: 702-608-3759 10 JURISDICTION AND VENUE Henderson, Nevada 89074 15. Answering paragraph 15, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 11 12 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore 702-608-3720 13 denies. 16. Answering paragraph 16, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 14 Ē information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore 15 denies. 16 **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS** 17 17. Answering paragraph 17, Lone Mountain incorporates and realleges all prior 18 paragraphs as through fully set forth herein. 19 Answering paragraph 18, admit. 18. 20 19. Answering paragraph 19, admit. 21 22 20. Answering paragraph 20, Lone Mountain states that NRS 453D.200(1) speaks for itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the 23 content of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only insofar as the 24 allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph. 25 Answering paragraph 21, Lone Mountain states that NRS 453D.210(d)(1) speaks 21. 26 for itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the 27 28

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content of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only insofar as the
 allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph.

22. Answering paragraph 22, Lone Mountain states that NRS 453D.210(d)(5) speaks
for itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the
content of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only insofar as the
allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph.

Answering paragraph 23, Lone Mountain states that NRS 453D.210(6) speaks for
itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the
content of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only insofar as the
allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph.

24. Answering paragraph 24, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
denies.

14 25. Answering paragraph 25, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
15 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
16 denies.

Answering paragraph 26, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
denies.

20 27. Answering paragraph 27, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
21 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
22 denies.

23 28. Answering paragraph 28, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
24 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
25 denies.

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29. Answering paragraph 29, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
 denies.

30. Answering paragraph 30, Lone Mountain states that the regulations speak for
themselves. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the
content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only
insofar as the allegations accurately state the regulations referenced in this paragraph.

8 31. Answering paragraph 31, Lone Mountain states that the regulations speak for 9 themselves. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the 10 content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only 11 insofar as the allegations accurately state the regulations referenced in this paragraph.

12 32. Answering paragraph 32, Lone Mountain states that the regulations speak for 13 themselves. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the 14 content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only 15 insofar as the allegations accurately state the regulations referenced in this paragraph.

Answering paragraph 33, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
denies.

34. Answering paragraph 34, Lone Mountain states that the regulations speak for
themselves. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the
content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain states that
Section 80(5) of the regulations should be considered in its full context and denies the accuracy
the allegations.

35. Answering paragraph 35, Lone Mountain states that the laws and regulations
speak for themselves. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements
regarding the content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required, Lone

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Mountain admits only insofar as the allegations accurately state the laws and regulations
 referenced in this paragraph.

3 36. Answering paragraph 36, Lone Mountain states that NRS 453D.210 speaks for 4 itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the 5 content of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only insofar as the 6 allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph.

7 37. Answering paragraph 37, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
8 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
9 denies.

38. Answering paragraph 38, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
denies.

39. Answering paragraph 39, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
denies.

40. Answering paragraph 40, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
denies.

41. Answering paragraph 41, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
denies.

42. Answering paragraph 42, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
denies.

43. Answering paragraph 43, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or
information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore
denies.

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44. Answering paragraph 44, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 1 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore 2 denies. 3 45. Answering paragraph 45, deny. 4 46. Answering paragraph 46, deny. 5 47. Answering paragraph 47, deny. 6 7 48. Answering paragraph 48, deny. FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF 8 9 Violation of Substantive Due Process Fax: 702-608-3759 49. 10 Answering paragraph 49, Lone Mountain repeats and realleges all prior Henderson, Nevada 89074 paragraphs as though fully set forth herein. 11 12 50. Answering paragraph 50, Lone Mountain states that the Fourteenth Amendment 702-608-3720 speaks for itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements 13 regarding the content of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only 14 Tel: insofar as the allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph. 15 51. 16 Answering paragraph 51, Lone Mountain states that the Nevada Constitution 17 speaks for itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the content of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only 18 insofar as the allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph. 19 52. Answering paragraph 52, Lone Mountain denies. 20 53. Answering paragraph 53, Lone Mountain denies. 21 54. Answering paragraph 54, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or 22 information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph and therefore 23 denies. 24 55. Answering paragraph 55, Lone Mountain denies. 25 56. Answering paragraph 56, Lone Mountain denies. 26 57. Answering paragraph 57 and subparagraphs 57(a)-(f), Lone Mountain denies. 27 28

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	1	59 Answering new grant 59 Long Mountain denies					
	1	 58. Answering paragraph 58, Lone Mountain denies. 50. Answering paragraph 50. Long Mountain denies. 					
	2	59. Answering paragraph 59, Lone Mountain denies.					
	3	60. Answering paragraph 60, Lone Mountain denies.					
	4	SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF					
	5	Violation of Procedural Due Process					
	6	61. Answering paragraph 61, Lone Mountain repeats and realleges all prior					
	7	paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.					
	8	62. Answering paragraph 62, Lone Mountain states that the Fourteenth Amendment					
e 200 -3759	9	speaks for itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements					
JP vay, Suite 200 a 89074 702-608-3759	10	regarding the content of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only					
GROUP Parkwa evada 8 Fax: 70	11	insofar as the allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph.					
≥ z z	12	63. Answering paragraph 63, Lone Mountain states that the Nevada Constitution					
H1 LA N. Green Valle Henderson, 702-608-3720	13	speaks for itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements					
1 N. Gr He : 702-	14	regarding the content of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only					
701 Tel:	15	insofar as the allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph.					
	16	64. Answering paragraph 64, Lone Mountain denies.					
	17	65. Answering paragraph 65, Lone Mountain denies.					
	18	66. Answering paragraph 66, Lone Mountain states that no response is required as the					
	19	allegations in this paragraph are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions regarding the contents of laws or					
	20	regulations. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only insofar as the					
	21	allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced.					
	22	67. Answering paragraph 67, Lone Mountain denies.					
	23	68. Answering paragraph 68, Lone Mountain denies.					
	24	69. Answering paragraph 69, Lone Mountain denies.					
	25	70. Answering paragraph 70, Lone Mountain denies.					
	26	71. Answering paragraph 71, Lone Mountain denies.					
	27	72. Answering paragraph 72, Lone Mountain denies.					
	28						
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1	THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF						
2	Violation of Equal Protection						
3	73. Answering paragraph 73, Lone Mountain repeats and realleges all prior						
4	paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.						
5	74. Answering paragraph 74, Lone Mountain states that the Fourteenth Amendment						
6	speaks for itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements						
7	regarding the content of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only						
8	insofar as the allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph.						
9	75. Answering paragraph 75, Lone Mountain states that the Nevada Constitution						
10	speaks for itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements						
11	regarding the content of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only						
12	insofar as the allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph.						
13	76. Answering paragraph 76, Lone Mountain denies.						
14	77. Answering paragraph 77, Lone Mountain denies.						
15	78. Answering paragraph 78, Lone Mountain admits only insofar as the term Factors,						
16	as used by Plaintiffs, accurately comports with those laws and regulations referenced in the						
17	definition of the term "Factors."						
18	79. Answering paragraph 79, Lone Mountain denies.						
19	80. Answering paragraph 80, Lone Mountain denies.						
20	81. Answering paragraph 81 and subparagraphs 81(a)-(f), Lone Mountain denies.						
21	82. Answering paragraph 82, Lone Mountain denies.						
22	83. Answering paragraph 83, Lone Mountain denies.						
23	84. Answering paragraph 84, Lone Mountain denies.						
24	FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF						
25	Declaratory Judgment						
26	85. Answering paragraph 85, Lone Mountain repeats and realleges all prior						
27	paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.						
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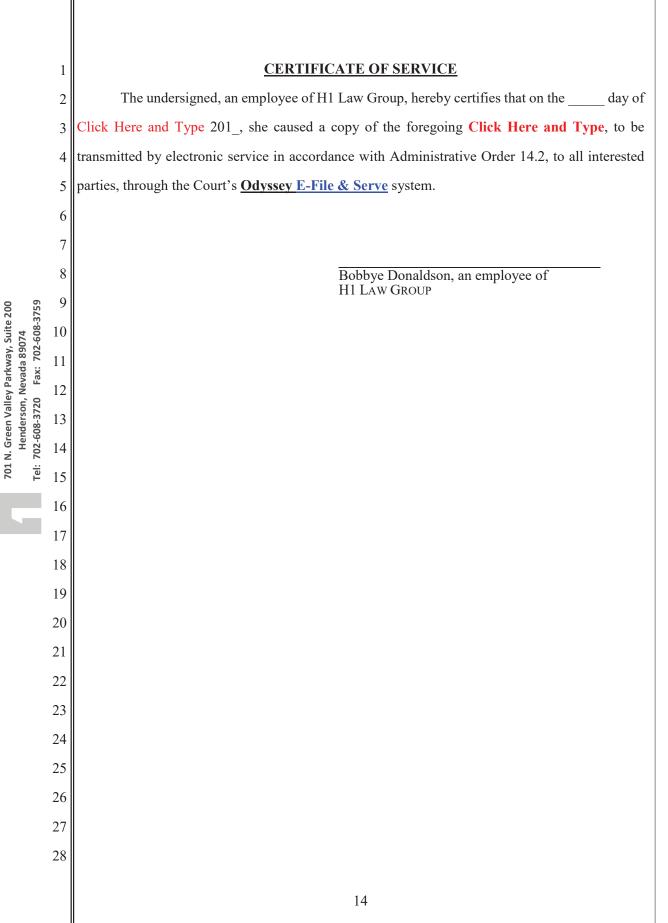
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	1	86. Answering paragraph 86, Lone Mountain states that the Uniform Declaratory					
	2	Judgment Act speaks for itself. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or					
	3	statements regarding the content of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain					
	4	admits only insofar as the allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph.					
	5	87. Answering paragraph 87, Lone Mountain lacks sufficient knowledge or					
	6	information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained in this paragraph.					
	7	88. Answering paragraph 88, Lone Mountain denies.					
	8	89. Answering paragraph 89, Lone Mountain states that NRS 453D.210(6) speaks for					
200	9	self. No response is required for Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the					
JP vay, Suite 200 a 89074 702-608-3759	10	ontent of laws. To the extent a response is required, Lone Mountain admits only insofar as the					
H1 LAW GROUP 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Tel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-608-3759	11	allegations accurately state the laws referenced in this paragraph.					
H1 LAW GROUP 1 Valley Parkwa erson, Nevada 8 -3720 Fax: 7	12	90. Answering paragraph 90 and subparagraphs 90(a)-(f), Lone Mountain denies.					
H1 La ¹ N. Green Valle Henderson, 702-608-3720	13	91. Answering paragraph 91, Lone Mountain denies.					
L N. Gr Hei	14	92. Answering paragraph 92, Lone Mountain denies.					
701 Tel:	15	93. Answering paragraph 93, Lone Mountain denies.					
	16	94. Answering paragraph 94, Lone Mountain admits.					
	17	95. Answering paragraph 95, Lone Mountain denies.					
	18	96. Answering paragraph 96, Lone Mountain denies any allegations. Lone Mountain					
	19	also denies that Plaintiffs are entitled to the requested relief.					
	20	WHEREFORE, Lone Mountain denies that Plaintiffs are entitled to any relief being					
	21	sought in their Prayer for Relief or any other relief in this matter.					
	22	<u>AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES</u>					
	23	First Affirmative Defense					
	24	Lone Mountain adopts and incorporates herein all affirmative defenses plead by					
	25	Defendants and other Intervenors in this matter.					
	26	Second Affirmative Defense					
	27	The Amended Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.					
	28						
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	1	Third Affirmative Defense						
	2	Plaintiffs have not been damaged directly, indirectly, proximately or in any manner						
	3	whatsoever by any conduct of Defendants.						
	4	Fourth Affirmative Defense						
	5	The State of Nevada, Department of Taxation is immune from suit when performing the						
	6	functions at issue in this case.						
	7	Fifth Affirmative Defense						
	8	The actions of the State of Nevada, Department of Taxation were all official acts that						
200 759	9	were done in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.						
GROUP Parkway, Suite 200 evada 89074 Fax: 702-608-3759	10	Sixth Affirmative Defense						
.OUP rkway, ada 890 x: 702	11	Plaintiffs' claims are barred because Plaintiffs have failed to exhaust administrative						
H1 LAW GROUP 1 Valley Parkwa erson, Nevada 8 -3720 Fax: 7(12	remedies, if any.						
H1 LAW GROUP 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074 fel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-608-3755	13	Seventh Affirmative Defense						
N. Gre Hen 702-6	14	Plaintiffs have failed to join necessary and indispensable parties to this litigation under						
701 Tel:	15	NRCP 19 as the Court cannot grant any of Plaintiffs' claims without affecting the rights and						
	16	privileges of those parties who received the licenses at issue as well as other third parties.						
	17	Eighth Affirmative Defense						
	18	The occurrences referred to in the Amended Complaint and all alleged damages, if any,						
	19	resulting therefrom, were caused by a third party of which Defendants had no control.						
	20	Ninth Affirmative Defense						
	21	The actions of the State of Nevada, Department of Taxation were not arbitrary or						
	22	capricious, and the State of Nevada, Department of Taxation had a rational basis for all of the						
	23	actions taken in the licensing process at issue.						
	24	Tenth Affirmative Defense						
	25	Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by their failure to perform or satisfy						
	26	required conditions precedent and by their own bad acts.						
	27	///						
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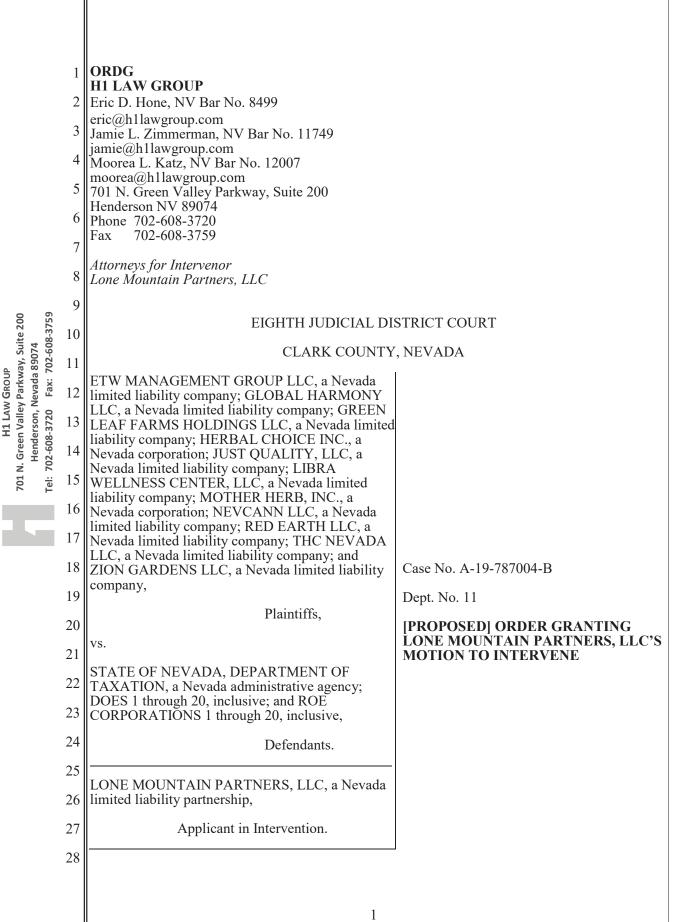
	1	Eleventh Affirmative Defense					
	2	Plaintiffs are not in possession and/or control of the documents and/or witnesses					
	3	necessary to prove its alleged causes of action against Defendants.					
	4	Twelfth Affirmative Defense					
	5	The claims, and each of them, are barred by the failure of Plaintiffs to plead those claims					
	6	with sufficient particularity.					
	7	Thirteenth Affirmative Defense					
	8	Plaintiffs have failed to allege sufficient facts and cannot carry the burden of proof					
200	9	imposed on it by law to recover attorney's fees incurred to bring this action.					
H1 LAW GROUP 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074 fel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-608-3759	10	Fourteenth Affirmative Defense					
:0UP rkway, ada 89 x: 702	11	Injunctive relief is unavailable to Plaintiffs, because the State of Nevada, Department of					
s z ž	12	Taxation has already completed the tasks of issuing the conditional licenses.					
H1 LAW GROUP 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Sui Henderson, Nevada 89074 Tel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-60	13	Fifteenth Affirmative Defense					
N. Gre Hen 702-6	14	Plaintiffs have no constitutional rights to obtain privileged licenses.					
701 Tel:	15	Sixteenth Affirmative Defense					
	16	Mandamus is not available to compel the members of the executive branch to perform					
	17	nonministerial, discretionary tasks.					
	18	Seventeenth Affirmative Defense					
	19	9 Plaintiffs are not entitled to judicial review on the denial of a license.					
	20	Eighteenth Affirmative Defense					
	21	Declaratory relief will not give the Plaintiffs the relief that they are seeking.					
	22	Nineteenth Affirmative Defense					
	23	Plaintiffs lack standing to seek the relief they request.					
	24	Twentieth Affirmative Defense					
	25	Pursuant to Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, all possible affirmative defenses may not					
	26	have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry					
	27						
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	1	upon the filing of this answer and, therefore, Lone Mountain reserves the right to amend this						
	2	answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation warrants.						
	3	WHEREFORE, Lone Mountain prays for judgment as follows:						
	4	1. Plaintiffs take nothing by way of their Amended Complaint;						
	5	2. The Amended Complaint, and all causes of action against Defendants and Lone						
	6	Mountain alleged therein, be dismissed with prejudice;						
	7	3. For reasonable attorney fees and costs to be awarded to Lone Mountain; and						
	8	4. For such other and further relief the Court may deem just and proper.						
200 759	9	Dated this day of 201						
, Suite 074 2-608-3	10	III LAW CROWN						
GROUP Parkway, Suite 200 evada 89074 Fax: 702-608-3759	11	H1 LAW GROUP						
H1 LAW GROUP n Valley Parkwa erson, Nevada 8 -3720 Fax: 7	12							
H1 LAW GROUP 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Tel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-608-3759	13	Eric D. Hone, NV Bar No. 8499 eric@h1lawgroup.com						
. N. Gro Hei 702-6	14	Jamie L. Zimmerman, NV Bar No. 11749 jamie@h1lawgroup.com						
701 Tel:	15	Moorea L. Katz, NV Bar No. 12007 moorea@h1lawgroup.com						
	16	701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200						
	17	Henderson NV 89074 Phone 702-608-3720						
	18	Fax 702-608-3759						
	19	Attorneys for Intervenor Lone Mountain Partners, LLC						
	20	Lone Mountain 1 armers, LLC						
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EXHIBIT B



1 The Court, having reviewed the Applicant Lone Mountain Partners, LLC's Motion to Intervene, and good cause appearing, 2 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED: 3 Applicant's Motion to Intervene is granted, and Lone Mountain Partners, LLC shall 4 intervene as a Defendant/Real Party in Interest in the above-captioned case as a necessary party to 5 the action pursuant to NRCP 24 and NRS 12.130. 6 7 8 DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 9 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Fax: 702-608-3759 DATED: 10 Respectfully submitted by: Henderson, Nevada 89074 11 H1 LAW GROUP 12 702-608-3720 13 E. D. Horie, NV Bar No. 8499 14 eric@h1lawgroup.com Jamie L. Zimmerman, NV Bar No. 11749 15 Tel: jamie@h1lawgroup.com 16 Moorea L. Katz, NV Bar No. 12007 moorea@h1lawgroup.com 17 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson NV 89074 Phone 702-608-3720 18 702-608-3759 Fax 19 Attorneys for Intervenor 20 Lone Mountain Partners, LLC 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	MINV Jared Kahn, Esq. Nevada Bar # 12603 JK Legal & Consulting, LLC 9205 West Russell Rd., Suite 240 Las Vegas, NV 89148 P: (702) 708-2958 F: (866) 870-6758 jkahn@jk-legalconsulting.com Attorneys for Defendant Intervenor Helping Hands Wellness Center, Inc.
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 JK LEGAL & 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA SERENITY WELLNESS CENTER, LLC) a Nevada limited liability company; () DEPT NO.: XI NULEAF INCLINE DISPENSARY, LLC, () 0 a Nevada limited liability company; () MOTION TO INTERVENE AS NEVADA HOLISTIC MEDICINE, LLC, a () MOTION TO INTERVENE AS Dependition of the second and the
9205 West Russell Rd., Suite 240 Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 (702) 702-2958	1 of 12 Case Number: A-19-786962-B

1) HELPING HANDS WELLNESS)
2	CENTER, INC., a Nevada corporation.
3	Applicants for Intervention)
4	
5	Defendants in Intervention HELPING HANDS WELLNESS CENTER, INC.,
7	("HHWC" or "Intervenor"), by and through their counsel Jared Kahn, Esq., of JK Legal &
8	Consulting, LLC, hereby respectfully moves this Court to intervene in the above-referenced
9	matter pursuant to NRCP 24 and NRS §12.130. This Motion is made and based upon the
10	Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the pleadings and papers on file herein, and upon any
11	oral argument of counsel at the time of hearing.
12	DATED: April 1, 2019
13	<u>/s/ Jared B. Kahn</u> Jared B. Kahn, Nevada Bar # 12603
14	JK Legal & Consulting, LLC 9205 W. Russell Rd., Suite 240
15	Las Vegas, NV 89148 jkahn@jk-legalconsulting.com
16	Of Attorneys for Defendant Intervenor
17	NOTICE OF HEARING ON MOTION
18 19	TO: ALL PARTIES AND ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:
20	Please take notice that the undersigned will bring the foregoing MOTION TO
21	INTERVENE AS DEFENDANTS on for hearing before the above-entitled Court in
22	Department XI on the day of, 2019, at am/pm, or as soon
23	thereafter as counsel may be heard.
	therearter as counser may be neard.
24	DATED: April 1, 2019
24 25	DATED: April 1, 2019 <u>/s/ Jared B. Kahn</u> Jared B. Kahn, Nevada Bar # 12603
	DATED: April 1, 2019 /s/ Jared B. Kahn Jared B. Kahn, Nevada Bar # 12603 JK Legal & Consulting, LLC 9205 W. Russell Rd., Suite 240
25	DATED: April 1, 2019 <u>/s/ Jared B. Kahn</u> Jared B. Kahn, Nevada Bar # 12603 JK Legal & Consulting, LLC 9205 W. Russell Rd., Suite 240 Las Vegas, NV 89148
25 26 27 28	DATED: April 1, 2019 /s/ Jared B. Kahn Jared B. Kahn, Nevada Bar # 12603 JK Legal & Consulting, LLC 9205 W. Russell Rd., Suite 240
25 26 27	DATED: April 1, 2019 <u>/s/ Jared B. Kahn</u> Jared B. Kahn, Nevada Bar # 12603 JK Legal & Consulting, LLC 9205 W. Russell Rd., Suite 240 Las Vegas, NV 89148

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

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3 HHWC timely files this Motion to Intervene in this matter to protect its interests as 4 owner and recipient of three conditional recreational marijuana dispensary licenses (the 5 "HHWC Licenses") issued to it on December 5, 2018, by the State of Nevada Department of 6 Taxation (the "Department"). The instant action challenges the entire process by which the 7 Department assessed applications, scored the applications, ranked and issued recreational 8 9 marijuana dispensary licenses (the "Licenses") to HHWC and the other applicants. The 10 Plaintiffs seek to void the entire application process alleging the Department's application 11 process and issuance of the Licenses was flawed and improper. If the Court were to entertain 12 granting Plaintiffs the extreme relief sought then HHWC's interests would be unjustly impaired 13 despite HHWC properly and appropriately submitting its application and ranking higher in each 14 jurisdiction of Clark County, City of Las Vegas and North Las Vegas, than the Plaintiffs' 15 rankings. Therefore, it is imperative HHWC is permitted to intervene in the instant action to 16 17 protect its own interests and the HHWC Licenses.

HHWC meets the standards for intervention pursuant to NRCP 24 and this Motion to
Intervene should be granted to permit HHWC's intervention and participation in this action.
HHWC respectfully requests this Court consider this Motion on an emergency and expedited
basis due to the Plaintiffs' recently filed Motion for Preliminary Injunction seeking to enjoin the
HHWC Licenses and all issued Licenses from obtaining final license issuance by the
Department.

Attached hereto as Exhibit A is HHWC's Proposed Answer to Plaintiff's Complaint.
 HHWC expressly reserves the right to amend the Proposed Answer to include counterclaims,
 should this Court allow HHWC to intervene.

II. BACKGROUND

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a. Retail Marijuana License Application Process

3 In November 2016, Nevada legalized the purchase, possession, and consumption of 4 recreational marijuana for adults 21 and older by passing the Regulation and Taxation of 5 Marijuana Act (the "Act"). The Act required the Department to adopt regulations necessary to 6 carry out the Act, including regulations that set forth the "[p]rocedures for the issuance, 7 renewal, suspension, and revocation of a license to operate a marijuana establishment" and the 8 9 "[q]ualifications for licensure that are directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a 10 marijuana establishment." NRS §453D.200(1)(a-b). The Nevada Tax Commission 11 unanimously approved the Department's permanent regulations ("Regulations"), which went 12 into effect on February 27, 2018. LCB File No. R092-17. 13

Thereafter, on August 16, 2018, the Department issued the Notice of Intent to Accept
Applications to qualified existing Nevada marijuana licensees to apply for the available sixtyfour (64) recreational marijuana retail store licenses to be located throughout various
jurisdictions in Nevada. The application submittal period would be open from September 7,
2018 through September 20, 2018. The Department indicated it would issue its decision to
successful and unsuccessful applicants on December 5, 2018.

In the event the Department receives more than one complete and qualified application for a license for each available jurisdiction then the Regulations require the Department to issue a ranking of all applications from first to last within each jurisdiction. R092-17, Sec. 80. The Department is then required to issue the available conditional Licenses in each jurisdiction to the highest scoring applicants. *Id*.

On December 5, 2018, HHWC received notice it received approval of three conditional Licenses, among the Department's issuance of sixty-one (61) Licenses. The recipients of the

1	conditional Licenses have twelve (12) months to receive a final inspection and license for their				
2	retail marijuana establishment. Id., at Sec. 87. If a final inspection is not obtained within the				
3	twelve (12) months, the License must be surrendered to the Department. Id.				
4	b. The Lawsuit's Claims for Relief				
5	Plaintiffs initiated the instant action against the Department after their applications were				
6 7	deemed by the Department inadequate to obtain Licenses. Among the various unfounded				
8	allegations, Plaintiffs allege "the Department's denial of their license applications was not				
9	properly based upon actual implementation of the impartial and objective bidding process				
10	mandated by NRS 453D.210, but rather based upon the arbitrary and capricious exercise of				
11	administrative partiality and favoritism." <i>Complaint</i> at ¶ 33.				
12					
13	The Complaint seeks various claims for relief, including:				
14	• Claims for violation of procedural due process, substantive due process and equal protection, each of which is alleged to have rendered the Department's				
15	denial of Plaintiffs' license applications void and unenforceable. Id. at ¶¶ 37-42,				
16	66-68, 70-74;Declaratory relief, seeking a judicial declaration the Department's ranking of				
17	applicants and issuance of conditional licenses was improper, the denial of Plaintiffs' license applications was improper and void ab initio, and the Department must issue Plaintiffs the licenses for which they applied. <i>Id.</i> at ¶¶				
18					
19	43-44, 50-52;Injunctive relief seeking an Order requiring the Department to issue Plaintiffs the				
20	licenses for which they applied. <i>Id.</i> at ¶¶ 53, 59;				
21	 Petition for Judicial Review of the Department's application process seeking a determination the Department's denial of the Plaintiffs' applications lacked 				
22	substantial evidence and is void ab initio. <i>Id.</i> at 75-80;				
23 24	• Petition for Writ of Mandamus, alleging the Department's denial of Plaintiffs' applications was arbitrary and capricious due to lack of substantial evidence and				
24 25	was done "solely to approve other competing applicants without regard to the merit of Plaintiffs' application" and seeking an Order compelling the Department				
25 26	to "review the application on its merits and/or approve it." <i>Id.</i> at $\P\P$ 81-86.				
27	HHWC now seeks to intervene to protect its unique legal interests in the HHWC				
28					
JK LEGAL & CONSULTING, LLC 9205 West Russell Rd., Suite 240 Las Vegas, Nevada 98148 (702) 702-2958	5 of 12				
	A A 001068				

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Licenses issued by the Department because the claims for relief sought, if somehow granted, 1 2 would directly impact and impair HHWC from obtaining its final inspection causing a jeopardy 3 to not obtaining final issuance and the possible surrender of the Licenses – a potential goal of 4 the Plaintiffs with this litigation to instead interfere and delay the conditional license process in 5 hopes of obtaining a surrendered or forfeited license in the future. As a result of the recent 6 filing of the Motion for Preliminary Injunction, HHWC needs to intervene immediately so 7 HHWC can participate in responding to the Motion for Preliminary Injunction and participating 8 9 at the hearing set on April 22, 2019. 10 III. LEGAL ARGUMENT 11 a. Standard for Granting a Motion for Intervention as a Matter of Right 12 Pursuant to NRS § 12.130, anytime before the trial commences, "any person ... may 13 intervene in an action or proceeding, who has an interest in the matter in the litigation, in the 14 success of either of the parties, or an interest against both." NRS § 12.130(1)(a). "Intervention 15 is made as provided by the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure." NRS § 12.130(c). 16 17 Upon timely application, intervention is permitted "when the applicant claims an interest 18 relating to the property or transaction which is the subject of the action and the applicant is so 19 situated that the disposition of the action may as a practical matter impair or impede the 20 applicant's ability to protect that interest, unless the applicant's interest is adequately 21 represented by existing parties." NRCP 24(a)(2). 22 The Supreme Court of Nevada imposed four requirements for seeking to intervene in an 23 24 action: (1) the application must be timely; (2) the applicant must claim a sufficient interest 25 relating to the property or transaction which is the subject of the action; (3) the applicant must 26 be so situated that the disposition of the action may as a practical matter impair or impede its 27 ability to protect that interest; and (4) the applicant's interest must be inadequately represented

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1	by the parties to the action. American Home Assurance Corp. v. Eighth Judicial District Ct. ex
2	rel. County of Clark, 122 Nev. 1229, 1238, 147 P.3d 1120, 1126 (2006). Determining whether
3	an applicant has met these four requirements is within the district court's sound discretion. Id.
4	at 1126. A court generally follows practical and equitable considerations and construes the
5	governing rule broadly in favor of proposed intervenors. Wilderness Soc'y v. U.S. Forest
6 7	Service, 630 F.3d 1173, 1179 (9 th Cir. 2011) (en banc) (quoting United States v. City of Los
8	Angeles, 288 F. 3d 391, 397 (9 th Cir. 2002)). This is because "[a] liberal policy in favor of
9	intervention serves both efficient resolution of issues and broadened access to the Courts." <i>Id.</i>
10	i. HHWC's Application to Intervene is Timely
11	HHWC timely filed its Motion to Intervene. In determining the timeliness of an
12	application to intervene, the Nevada Supreme Court held "[t]he most important question to be
13	resolved is not the length of the delay by the intervenor but the extent of prejudice to the
14	
15	rights of existing parties resulting from the delay." Dangberg Holdings Nevada, LLC, v.
16	Douglas Cty. & its Bd. Of Cty. Commr's, 115 Nev. 129, 141, 978 P.2d 311, 318 (1999); see also
17	American Home Assurance Corp., 122 Nev. at 1244, n.49 and n.50 (citations omitted).
18	Here, HHWC's application for intervention will not cause prejudice to the Plaintiffs nor
19	the Department or other intervenors, given the case is in the early stages of litigation. See
20	Citizens for Balanced Use v. Montana Wilderness Ass'n, 647 F.3d 893, 897 (9th Cir. 2011)
21	(where the Court found the parties would not suffer prejudice from the grant of intervention in
22 23	the early stage of litigation). The Department has not filed an Answer. No substantive Orders
23 24	have been issued by the Court. Discovery has not initiated. The Court in <i>Citizens for Balanced</i>
25	<i>Use</i> found a motion for intervention was timely when it was filed less than three months after
26	the Complaint was filed and less than two weeks after the first filing of an answer to the
27	
28	complaint. <i>Id.</i> The Court found the intervention was so early in the litigation it would not

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cause disruption or delay the proceedings. Id. Similarly, HHWC's Motion to Intervene will not 1 2 cause delay given the application being filed so early in the litigation. 3 In contrast, HHWC would be materially prejudiced if it were precluded from intervening 4 in this action. HHWC was awarded three (3) conditional licenses. The Plaintiffs in the instant 5 action are seeking to undermine HHWC's rights in the HHWC Licenses and to impair and 6 impede HHWC's ability to obtain the requisite final inspections. Without intervention, HHWC 7 will be severely prejudiced, however, the other parties will not suffer any prejudice if the 8 9 Motion is granted. 10 ii. HHWC Maintains a Significant Interest in the Litigation Subject Matter 11 HHWC maintains a significant interest in the litigation's subject matter. The Nevada 12 Supreme Court held, that while there is "no bright line test", an applicant must make a showing 13 of a "significant protectable interest." Am. Home Assur. Co., 122 Nev. 1229, 1238, 147 P.3d 14 1120, 1127 (2006). Whether a proposed intervenor has a significant protectable interest is a 15 "practical, threshold inquiry" and the party seeking intervention need not establish any "specific 16 17 legal or equitable interest". Citizens for Balanced Use v. Montana Wilderness Ass'n, 647 F.3d 18 at 897 (quoting Nw. Forest Res. Council v. Glickman, 82 F.3d 825, 837 (9th Cir. 1996). To meet 19 its burden, a proposed intervenor "must establish that the interest is protectable under some law 20 and that there is a relationship between the legally protected interest and the claims at issue." 21 *Id.* Courts "have taken the view that a party has a sufficient interest for intervention purposes if 22 it will suffer a practical impairment of its interests as a result of the pending litigation." Id. 23 24 Here, HHWC maintains a sufficient interest in the subject matter of this action - the 25 HHWC Licenses awarded by the Department. Plaintiffs are attempting to void and unwind the 26 Department's application process which may result in the impairment or impeding of HHWC's 27 ability to obtain final licenses within the twelve-month deadline. Therefore, HHWC has 28

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demonstrated a significant protectable interest in this action.

iii. The Disposition of this Matter May Impair or Impede HHWC's Ability to Protect Its Interests

The instant litigation may impair or impede HHWC's ability to protect its interests – the HHWC Licenses. Once a significant protectable interest is established, courts look to whether the proposed intervenor's ability to protect that interest would be "impaire[d] or impede[d]" by "the disposition of the action." *Citizens for Balanced Use*, 647 F.3d at 897. "If an absentee would be substantially affected in a practical sense by the determination made in an action, [it] should, as a general rule, be entitled to intervene …" *Id.* at 898.

Here, Plaintiffs' manufactured and unfounded claims with the litigation are an attempt to destabilize the legitimacy of the Department's application process with the desired result of undermining the HHWC Licenses and other Licenses issued to successful applicants. Plaintiffs seek to be awarded licenses that were awarded to HHWC and the other successful applicants. The result would be to displace the current license holders so Plaintiffs can be awarded licenses instead despite not qualifying through the Department's scoring and ranking system. The relief sought by Plaintiffs would undoubtedly harm one or more of the successful applicants.

Therefore, HHWC's interests may be impaired by the disposition of this case due to the risk of losing the HHWC Licenses.

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iv. HHWC's Interests May Not Be Adequately Represented

Defendant's interests may not be adequately represented by the present parties in the event this Court should deny the motion to intervene. "The burden of showing inadequacy of representation is minimal and satisfied if the [party seeking intervention] can demonstrate that representation of its interests may be inadequate." *Citizens for Balanced Use*, 647 F.3d at 898; *see also Trbovich v. United Mine Workers*, 404 U.S. 528, 538 n.10, 92 S.Ct. 630, 636 n.10, 30

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L.Ed.2d 686 (1972) (holding that the requirement of inadequate representation is satisfied if the
applicant shows that representation "may be" inadequate). Courts examine three factors for
determining the adequacy of representation: (1) whether the interest of a present party is such
that it will undoubtedly make all of a proposed intervenor's arguments; (2) whether the present
party is capable and willing to make such arguments; and (3) whether a proposed intervenor
would offer any necessary elements to the proceeding that other parties would neglect. *Citizens for Balanced Use*, 647 F.3d at 898.

9 The *Citizens* ' court stated the "most important factor in assessing the adequacy of
10 representation is how the interest compares with the interests of existing parties." *Id.* The court
11 continued when a proposed intervenor and an existing party "share the same ultimate objective,
12 a presumption of adequacy of representation arises." *Id.* A presumption of adequacy "must be
13 rebutted with a compelling showing." *Id.*

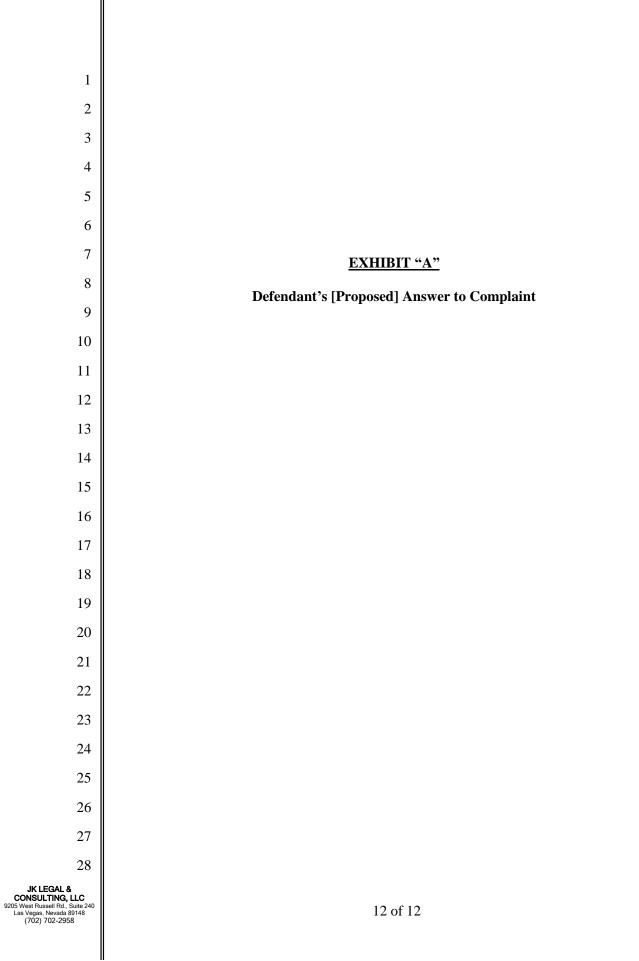
Here, HHWC's interests would not be adequately represented by the Department or the intervening defendant Nevada Organic Remedies ("NOR"). The Department presumably will defend its application evaluation process by showing it complied with NRS Chapter 453D and the Regulations throughout the application process. However, the Department will not defend HHWC or the other licensees' unique and valuable licenses. The Department has no interest in specifically defending HHWC's licenses versus other applicants, nor is the Department equipped to do so.

HHWC anticipates Plaintiffs will argue NOR shares the same ultimate objective thus the Motion to Intervene should be denied. However, no such alignment of objectives exist particularly since each of the sixty-one (61) conditional licenses is unique and valuable, and, each applicant was uniquely positioned in order to acquire such licenses. Each licensee was individually ranked in order to obtain their licenses and each licensee will have to defend their

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22

1	1 own ranking if the application evaluation process is called into question. HHWC will need to					
2	defend their application against all other applicants. In addition, the arguments recently					
3	presented by Plaintiffs in the Motion for Preliminary Injunction regarding the number of retail					
4	licenses awarded potentially violating anti-monopoly regulations or licensees being awarded					
5	multiple licenses within a jurisdiction do not apply to HHWC, which is in a unique position to					
6 7	have been awarded Licenses without prior retail marijuana establishments as opposed to other					
8	intervenors. Therefore, only HHWC would be in a position to defend against such arguments,					
9	such as those presented by Plaintiffs in the Motion for Preliminary Injunction. Accordingly,					
10	HHWC has met its burden of showing its interest may not be adequately represented.					
11	IV. CONCLUSION					
12						
13	For the foregoing reasons, HHWC respectfully requests this Court grant the instant Motion					
14	to Intervene, on an expedited basis, ordering HHWC to intervene as a Defendant in this action.					
15	DATED: April 1, 2019 /s/ Jared B. Kahn					
16	Jared B. Kahn, Nevada Bar # 12603 JK Legal & Consulting, LLC					
17	9205 W. Russell Rd., Suite 240 Las Vegas, NV 89148					
18	jkahn@jk-legalconsulting.com Of Attorneys for Defendant Intervenor					
19	Of Attorneys for Defendant intervenor					
20						
21 22						
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	ANS Jared Kahn, Esq. Nevada Bar # 12603 JK Legal & Consulting, LLC 9205 West Russell Rd., Suite 240 Las Vegas, NV 89148 P: (702) 708-2958 F: (866) 870-6758 jkahn@jk-legalconsulting.com Attorneys Helping Hands Wellness Center, In	nc.			
8	EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT				
9	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA				
10 11	SERENITY WELLNESS CENTER, LLC)			
11	a Nevada limited liability company; TGIG, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company;))	CASE NO: A-19 DEPT NO.: XI	9-786962-B	
13	NULEAF INCLINE DISPENSARY, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company;))			
14	NEVADA HOLISTIC MEDICINE, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; TRYKE)	DEFENDANT WELLNESS	HELPING CENTER,	HANDS INC.'S
15	COMPANIES SO NV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; TRYKE)	[PROPOSED] COMPLAINT	ANSWER	ТО
16 17	COMPANIES RENO, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; PARADISE)			
17	WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; GBS NEVADA PARTNERS, LLC, a Nevada limited)			
19	liability company; GRAVITAS NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company;)			
20	NEVADA PURE, LLC, Nevada limited liability company; MEDIFARM, LLC, a)			
21	Nevada limited liability company; DOE PLAINTIFFS I through X; and ROE)			
22	ENTITY PLAINTIFFS I through X,)			
23 24	Plaintiff,)			
24	VS.)			
26	THE STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION,)			
27	Defendants.)			
28)			
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1 2 3	HELPING HANDS WELLNESS) CENTER, INC., a Nevada corporation.) Defendant in Intervention)
4 5 6 7	Defendant in Intervention Helping Hands Wellness Center, Inc., ("HHWC" or
8	"Defendant"), by and through their counsel Jared Kahn, Esq., hereby answers the Complaint
9	filed by Plaintiffs, as follows:
10	PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE
11	1. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
12	1 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the allegations
13	of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
14	2. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
15	2 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the allegations
16 17	
17	of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
10	3. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
20	3 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the allegations
21	of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
22	4. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
23	4 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the allegations
24	of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
25	5. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
26	5 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the allegations
27	of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
28	of the aforementioned paragraphs of the complaint.
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1	6. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
2	6 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the allegations
3	of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
4	7. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
5	7 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the allegations
6 7	of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
8	8. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
9	8 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the allegations
10	of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
11	9. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
12	9 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the allegations
13	of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
14	10. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
15	
16 17	10 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the
17	allegations of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
10	11. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
20	11 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the
21	allegations of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
22	12. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
23	12 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the
24	allegations of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
25	13. Defendant admits the allegations of paragraph 13 of the Complaint.
26	14. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
27	14 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the
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allegations of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.

15. The allegations of paragraph 15 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion to which a response is not required. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the allegations of paragraph 15 of the Complaint.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

16. The allegations of paragraph 16 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion or contain statements regarding the content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required and the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, Defendant admits to these allegations. To the extent the allegations do not accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, then Defendant denies those allegations. 17. The allegations of paragraph 17 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion or contain statements regarding the content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required and the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, Defendant admits to these allegations. To the extent the allegations do not accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, then Defendant denies those allegations. 18. The allegations of paragraph 18 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion or contain statements regarding the content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required and the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, Defendant admits to these allegations. To the extent the allegations do not accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, then Defendant denies those allegations. 19. The allegations of paragraph 19 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion or contain statements regarding the content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required and the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, Defendant admits to these allegations. To the extent the allegations do not accurately

1	state the large an approximation of the sain them. Defendent denies these all extirms
1	state the laws or regulations referenced therein, then Defendant denies those allegations.
2 3	20. The allegations of paragraph 20 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion or contain
5 4	statements regarding the content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is
4 5	required and the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein,
6	Defendant admits to these allegations. To the extent the allegations do not accurately
7	state the laws or regulations referenced therein, then Defendant denies those allegations.
8	21. The allegations of paragraph 21 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion or contain
9	statements regarding the content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is
10	required and the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein,
11	Defendant admits to these allegations. To the extent the allegations do not accurately
12	state the laws or regulations referenced therein, then Defendant denies those allegations.
13	22. Defendant admits the allegations of paragraph 22 of the Complaint.
14	23. Defendant admits the allegations of paragraph 23 of the Complaint.
15 16	24. The allegations of paragraph 24(a-h) of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion or
10	contain statements regarding the content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response
18	
19	is required and the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein,
20	Defendant admits to these allegations. To the extent the allegations do not accurately
21	state the laws or regulations referenced therein, then Defendant denies those allegations.
22	25. The allegations of paragraph 25 reference documents, which the contents of such alleged
23	documents will speak for themselves. In the event a response is required, Defendant
24	admits the allegations of the aforementioned paragraph of the Complaint.
25	26. The allegations of paragraph 26 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion or contain
26	statements regarding the content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is
27	required and the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein,
28	
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1	Defendant admits to these allegations. To the extent the allegations do not accurately
2	state the laws or regulations referenced therein, then Defendant denies those allegations.
3	27. The allegations of paragraph 27 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion or contain
4	statements regarding the content of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is
5	required, then Defendant denies those allegations.
6	
7	28. Defendant admits the allegations of paragraph 28 of the Complaint that the Department
8	of Taxation announced it would issue recreational retail store conditional licenses no
9	later than December 5, 2018. Defendant denies the allegations to the extent it imposes a
10	legal obligation on the Department that is inconsistent or outside of the requirements set
11	forth in Section 4 of NRS 453D.210.
12	29. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
13	29 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the
14 15	allegations of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
15	30. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
10	30 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the
18	
19	allegations of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
20	31. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
21	31 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the
22	allegations of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
23	32. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
24	32 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the
25	allegations of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
26	33. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
27	33 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the
28	55 of the complaint. In the event a response is required, Derendant defites the
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1	allegations of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
2	34. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
3	34 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the
4	allegations of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
5	35. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
6	35 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the
7	
8	allegations of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
9	III.
10	CLAIMS FOR RELIEF
11	FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF
12 13	(Violation of Civil Rights)
13	(Due Process Deprivation of Property)
14	36. Defendant repeats and realleges its answers to paragraphs 1 through 35 above, and
16	incorporates the same herein by reference as though fully set forth herein.
17	37. The allegations of paragraph 37 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
18	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
19	denies these allegations.
20	
21	38. The allegations of paragraph 38 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
22	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
23	denies these allegations.
24	39. The allegations of paragraph 39 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
25	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
26	denies these allegations.
27	40. The allegations of paragraph 40 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
28	
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1	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
2	denies these allegations.
3	41. The allegations of paragraph 41 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
4	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
5	
6	denies these allegations.
7	42. The allegations of paragraph 42 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
8	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
9	denies these allegations.
10	43. The allegations of paragraph 43 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
11	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
12	denies these allegations.
13	44. The allegations of paragraph 44 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
14	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
15 16	denies these allegations.
10	
17	45. The allegations of paragraph 45 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
10	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
20	denies these allegations.
21	46. The allegations of paragraph 46 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
22	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
23	denies these allegations.
24	47. The allegations of paragraph 47 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
25	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
26	denies these allegations.
27	48. The allegations of paragraph 48 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
28	
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1	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
2	denies these allegations.
3	49. The allegations of paragraph 49 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
4	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
5	denies these allegations.
6	50. The allegations of paragraph 50(a-g) of the Complaint contain statements of legal
7	conclusion or are not factual in nature, to which a response is not required. To the
8	
9 10	extent a response is required, Defendant denies these allegations.
10	51. The allegations of paragraph 51 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion
12	or are not factual in nature, to which a response is not required. To the extent a response
13	is required, Defendant denies these allegations.
14	52. The allegations of paragraph 52 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
15	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
16	denies these allegations.
17	53. The allegations of paragraph 53 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
18	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
19	denies these allegations.
20	54. The allegations of paragraph 54 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
21	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
22	denies these allegations.
23 24	55. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation of paragraphs
24 25	
26	55 of the Complaint. In the event a response is required, Defendant denies the
20	allegations of the aforementioned paragraphs of the Complaint.
28	56. Defendant admits the allegations of paragraph 56 of the Complaint.
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1	57. The allegations of paragraph 57 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
2	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
3	denies these allegations.
4	58. The allegations of paragraph 58 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
5	
6	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
7	denies these allegations.
8	59. The allegations of paragraph 59 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
9	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
10	denies these allegations.
11	60. The allegations of paragraph 60 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
12	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
13	denies these allegations.
14	61. The allegations of paragraph 61 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
15	
16	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
17 18	denies these allegations.
18	SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF
19 20	(Violation of Civil Rights)
20	(Due Process: Deprivation of Liberty)
21	62. Defendant repeats and realleges its answers to paragraphs 1 through 61 above, and
23	incorporates the same herein by reference as though fully set forth herein.
24	63. The allegations of paragraph 63 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
25	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
26	denies these allegations.
27	
28	64. The allegations of paragraph 64 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
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1	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
2	denies these allegations.
3	65. The allegations of paragraph 65 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
4	
5	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
6	denies these allegations.
7	66. The allegations of paragraph 66 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
8	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
9	denies these allegations.
10	67. The allegations of paragraph 67 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
11	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
12	denies these allegations.
13	68. The allegations of paragraph 68 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
14	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
15	
16	denies these allegations.
17 18	69. The allegations of paragraph 69 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
18 19	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
20	denies these allegations.
20	THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF
21	(Violation of Civil Rights)
23	(Equal Protection)
24	70. Defendant repeats and realleges its answers to paragraphs 1 through 69 above, and
25	incorporates the same herein by reference as though fully set forth herein.
26	71. The allegations of paragraph 71 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
27	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
28	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Detendant
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1	denies these allegations.
2	72. The allegations of paragraph 72 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
3	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
4	denies these allegations.
5	73. The allegations of paragraph 73 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
6	
7	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
8	denies these allegations.
9	74. The allegations of paragraph 74 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
10	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
11	denies these allegations.
12	FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
13	(Petition for Judicial Review)
14	
15	75. Defendant repeats and realleges its answers to paragraphs 1 through 74 above, and
16	incorporates the same herein by reference as though fully set forth herein.
17	76. The allegations of paragraph 76 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
18	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
19	denies these allegations.
20	77. The allegations of paragraph 77 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
21	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
22	
23	denies these allegations.
24	78. The allegations of paragraph 78 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,
25	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant
26	denies these allegations.
27	79. The allegations of paragraph 79(a-c) of the Complaint contain statements of legal
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1	conclusion, to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required,	
2	Defendant denies these allegations.	
3	80. The allegations of paragraph 80 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,	
4	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant	
5		
6	denies these allegations.	
7	FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF	
8	(Petition for Writ of Mandamus)	
9	81. Defendant repeats and realleges its answers to paragraphs 1 through 80 above, and	
10	incorporates the same herein by reference as though fully set forth herein.	
11	82. The allegations of paragraph 82 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,	
12	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant	
13	denies these allegations.	
14 15	83. The allegations of paragraph 83(a-b) of the Complaint contain statements of legal	
15	conclusion, to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required,	
10	Defendant denies these allegations.	
18		
19	84. The allegations of paragraph 84(a-b) of the Complaint contain statements of legal	
20	conclusion, to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required,	
21	Defendant denies these allegations.	
22	85. The allegations of paragraph 85 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,	
23	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant	
24	denies these allegations.	
25	86. The allegations of paragraph 86 of the Complaint contain statements of legal conclusion,	
26	to which a response is not required. To the extent a response is required, Defendant	
27	denies these allegations.	
28		
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1	97 To the extent and allocations require a menone set otherwise addressed having	
1	87. To the extent any allegations require a response not otherwise addressed herein,	
2 3	Defendant denies every allegation not expressly admitted to herein.	
4	ANSWER TO PRAYER FOR RELIEF	
5	Defendant denies Plaintiffs are entitled to the relief being sought in the Plaintiffs' prayer	
6	for relief or to any relief in this matter.	
7	AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES	
8	1. Plaintiffs have failed to state a claim upon which relief may be granted.	
9	2. The State of Nevada Department of Taxation is immune from suit when perofrming the	
10	functions at issue in this case.	
11	3. The actions of the State of Nevada Department of Taxation were all official acts that	
12	were done in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.	
13	4. The damages alleged by Plaintiffs in the Complaint are attributable to and were caused	
14	by Plaintiffs by their own negligence and Plaintiffs shall take nothing by way of its	
15	Complaint as a result of its own comparative fault in causing the damages it is alleged to	
16 17	have incurred.	
18		
19	5. Plaintiffs have failed to join necessary and indispensable parties to this litigation	
20	pursuant to NRCP 19 because the Court cannot grant any of the Plaintiffs' claims	
21	without affecting the rights and privileges of those parties who received the licenses at	
22	issue as well as other third parties.	
23	6. The Plaintiffs alleged damages, if any, resulted from or were caused by a third party the	
24	Defendant had no control.	
25	7. Plaintiffs' claims for relief are barred for failing to exhaust administrative remedies, if	
26	any.	
27	8. The actions of the State of Nevada Department of Taxation were not arbitrary or	
28		
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1	capricious, and the State of Nevada Department of Taxation had a rational basis for all
2	of the actions taken in the licensing process at issue.
3	9. Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by their failure to perform or satisfy
4	required conditions precedent and by their own bad acts.
5	10. Plaintiffs are not in possession and/or control of the documents and/or witnesses
6	necessary to prove its alleged causes of action against Defendants.
7	
8	11. Plaintiffs' claims are barred for failure to plead those claims with sufficient particularity.
9 10	12. Plaintiffs' have failed to allege sufficient facts and cannot meet their burden of proof
10	imposed on it by law to recover attorneys' fees incurred to bring this action.
11	13. Injunctive relief is unavailable to Plaintiffs' because the conditional licenses have
12	already been issued the task completed.
14	14. Plaintiffs have no constitutional right to obtain privileged licenses.
15	15. Plaintiffs' relief seeking mandamus is not available to compel the members of the
16	executive branch to perform non-ministerial, discretionary tasks.
17	16. Plaintiffs are not entitled to judicial review based on the denial of a license.
18	17. Plaintiffs are not entitled to declaratory relief because declaratory relief will not provide
19	the relief sought.
20	18. Defendant may have additional defenses unknown to them at this time, which may be
21	discovered through the course of these proceedings. Defendant does not wish to waive
22	these defenses and specifically assert them hereby, reserving the right to amend this
23	
24 25	Answer and to plead other affirmative defenses as they become known.
23 26	WHEREFORE, Defendant prays for judgment as follows:
20 27	1. Plaintiffs take nothing by way of their Complaint.
27	2. The Complaint, and all causes of action against Defendants alleged therein, be
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1	dismissed with prejudice;
2	3. For reasonable attorney fees and costs to be awarded to Defendants; and,
3	 For such other relief the Court may deem just and proper.
4	
5	DATED: April 1, 2019.
6	<u>/s/ Jared B. Kahn</u> Jared B. Kahn, Nevada Bar # 12603
7	JK Legal & Consulting, LLC 9205 W. Russell Rd., Suite 240
8	Las Vegas, NV 89148 (702) 708-2958 Phone
9	(866) 870-6758 Fax
10	jkahn@jk-legalconsulting.com Of Attorneys for Defendant in Intervention
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1	ORDR JASON R. MAIER, ESQ.	Atumb. Atu			
2	Nevada Bar No. 8557				
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	Nevada Bar No. 9046 MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES				
4	8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue				
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89148				
6	Telephone: (702) 629-7900 Facsimile: (702) 629-7925				
7	E-mail: jrm@mgalaw.com				
	jag@mgalaw.com				
8	Attorneys for Defendants in Intervention,				
9	Integral Associates LLC d/b/a Essence Cannabis D	1			
10	Essence Tropicana, LLC, Essence Henderson, LLC CPCM Holdings, LLC d/b/a Thrive Cannabis Mark				
11	Commerce Park Medical, LLC, and Cheyenne Med				
11	DIGTORIO	COUDE			
12	DISTRICT COURT				
13	CLARK COUN	TY, NEVADA			
14					
15	SERENITY WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, TGIG, LLC,	Case No. : A-19-786962-B Dept. No.: XI			
	a Nevada limited liability company, NULEAF	•			
16	INCLINE DISPENSARY, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, NEVADA	ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO			
17	HOLISTIC MEDICINE, LLC, a Nevada limited	INTERVENE			
18	liability company, TRYKE COMPANIES SO NV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,				
19	TRÝKE ĆOMPANIES RENO, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, PARADISE				
	WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a Nevada limited				
20	liability company, GBS NEVADA PARTNERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,				
21	FIDELIS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Nevada limited				
22	liability company, GRAVITAS NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,				
22	NEVADA PURE, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, MEDIFARM, LLC, a Nevada				
23	limited liability company, DOE PLANTIFFS I				
24	through X; and ROE ENTITY PLAINTIFFS I through X,				
25					
26	Plaintiffs, vs.				
27	THE STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT				
	OF TAXATION.				
28]			
	1				
I	Case Number: A-19-7869	962-В			

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1	Defendants.
2	INTEGRAL ASSOCIATES LLC d/b/a
3	ESSENCE CANNABIS DISPENSARIES, a Nevada limited liability company; ESSENCE
4	TROPICANA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; ESSENCE HENDERSON, LLC, a
5	Nevada limited liability company; CPCM HOLDINGS, LLC d/b/a THRIVE CANNABIS
6	MARKETPLACE, COMMERCE PARK MEDICAL, LLC, a Nevada limited liability
7 8	company; and CHEYENNE MEDICAL, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company.
9	Defendants in Intervention.
10	The Court, having reviewed the Intervenors' Motion to Intervene, and good cause appearing,
11	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:
12	Intervenors' Motion to Intervene is granted, and Integral Associates, LLC d/b/a Essence
13	Cannabis Dispensaries, Essence Tropicana, LLC, Essence Henderson, LLC, CPCM Holdings, LLC
14	d/b/a Thrive Cannabis Marketplace, Commerce Park Medical, LLC, and Cheyenne Medical, LLC
15	shall intervene as Defendants in the above-captioned case as a necessary party to the action pursuant
16	to NRCP 24 and NRS § 12.130. The proposed answer attached to the Motion to Intervene as Exhibit
17	B shall be filed in this case.
18	DATED this day of April, 2019.
19	DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
20	Respectfully submitted by:
21 22	MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES
22	Az.
23	JASON R. MAIER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 8557
25	JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9046
26	8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue
27	Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 Attorneys for Defendants in Intervention
28	
	2

. 24 Малияна С С С С С С С С С С С С С С С С С С С	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	MINV MARGARET A. MCLETCHIE, Nevada Bar N ALINA M. SHELL, Nevada Bar No. 11711 MCLETCHIE LAW 701 East Bridger Avenue, Suite 520 Las Vegas, NV 89101 Telephone: (702) 728-5300 Email: maggie@nvlitigation.com Counsel for Proposed Intervenor, GreenMart of EIGHTH JUDICIAL I CLARK COUNT	FILE WITH MASTER CALENDAR F Nevada NLV LLC DISTRICT COURT	~
ATOLETCHIE LAW ATORKSATLAW 70 LAST BRIDGER AVE., SUITE 520 (702)254-500 (7) (702)224-220 (F) WWW WALTICATION COM	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Serenity Wellness Center, LLC, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION; and NEVADA ORGANIC REMEDIES, LLC, Defendants. GREENMART OF NEVADA NLV LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, Applicant in Intervention	Case No.: A-19-786962-B Dept. No.: XI MOTION TO INTERVENE ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME HEARING REQUESTED Date: $\frac{4/8}{19}$ Time: $9:00 \ Q.M.$	
	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	GreenMart of Nevada NLV LLC ("Gr counsel, respectfully moves to intervene in the Rule of Civil Procedure 24 and Nev. Rev. Stat. shortening time. /// /// /// /// /// /// /// /// ///		
		Coop Number A 40	26062 B	

1	This motion is made and based upon the following memorandum of points and
2	authorities, and any oral argument of counsel at the time of hearing.
3	DATED this the 2^{nd} day of April, 2019.
4	
5	MARGARETA. MCLETCHIE, Nevada Bar No. 10931
6	ALINA M. SHELL, Nevada Bar No. 11711 MCLETCHIE LAW
7	701 East Bridger Avenue, Suite 520
8	Las Vegas, NV 89101 Telephone: (702) 728-5300
9	Email: maggie@nvlitigation.com
10	Counsel for Proposed Intervenor, GreenMart of Nevada NLV LLC
11	DECLARATION OF ALINA M. SHELL IN SUPPORT OF ORDER SHORTENING
12	TIME
13	Alina M. Shell declares as follows:
14	1. I am an attorney duly licensed to practice before this Court.
15	2. I am counsel for GreenMart of Nevada NLV, LLC ("GreenMart"). As such,
16	I am knowledgeable about the facts contained herein and am competent to testify thereto.
17	3. I am making this declaration in support of hearing GreenMart's Motion to
18	Intervene on an Order Shortening Time pursuant to EDCR 2.26.
19	4. On March 19, 2019, Plaintiffs file their Motion for Preliminary Injunction.
20	5. The hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction is currently
21	scheduled for April 22, 2019 at 9:00 a.m.
22	6. Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction raises arguments directly
23	adverse to GreenMart's interests, and a ruling on the motion may gravely impact GreenMart.
24	7. If GreenMart filed the instant motion in the ordinary course, Intervenor
25	would not have the opportunity to oppose Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction; a
26	motion which requests, inter alia, for the Court to enjoin the State of Nevada, Department of
27	Taxation from enforcing the denial of Plaintiffs' licenses. If permitted to intervene,
28	GreenMart would vigorously oppose Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction because

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ATTORNEVS AT LAW 701 EAST BRIDGER AVE., SUITE 520 2005 200 470 (702)28-5300 (70)762-520 (F) WWW.NVLITIGATION COM 1 four (4) of the licenses requested by Plaintiffs belong to GreenMart.

8. For the foregoing reasons, GreenMart respectfully requests that this Court
consider its Motion to Intervene on shortened time.

9. I declare under the penalties of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 2nd day of April, 2019.

ALINA M. SHELL

MOLETOHIE LAW ATTORNEYS AT LAW 701 EAST BRIDGER AVEN SUITE 520 LAS VEGAS, NV 89101 (702)245-5300 (T) / (702)425-8220 (F) WWW.NVLTIGATION COM

1 **ORDER SHORTENING TIME** 2 TO: ALL INTERESTED PARTIES. 3 Upon the Declaration of Alina M. Shell, and good cause appearing therefor, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the time for hearing the above-4 entitled matter will be shortened and will be heard before Department XI on the \leq 5 2019, at <u>9</u>: _a.m./p.m., or as soon thereafter as counsel day of 6 7 may be heard. 8 119 9 Honorable Judge Elizabeth Gonzalez 10 Respectfully submitted by, 11 12 13 ATTORNEYS AT LAW 701 EAST BRIDGER AVE: SUITE 520 LAS VEGAS, NV 89101 (7027)28-5300 (T) (702/125-8220 (F) WWW.NVLITIGATION.COM RGARET A. MCLETCHIE, Nevada Bar No. 10931 MA 14 ALINA M. SHELL, Nevada Bar No. 11711 MCLETCHIE LAW 15 701 East Bridger Avenue, Suite 520 Las Vegas, NV 89101 16 Telephone: (702) 728-5300 17 Email: maggie@nvlitigation.com Counsel for Proposed Intervenor, GreenMart of Nevada NLV LLC 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 4

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

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GreenMart of Nevada NLV, LLC ("GreenMart") timely seeks to intervene in this matter to protect its vested interests in four conditional retail marijuana licenses it was awarded by the State of Nevada Department of Taxation (the "Department") on December 5, 2018.

7 Plaintiffs Serenity Wellness Center, LLC, TGIG, LLC, Nuleaf Incline Dispensary, 8 LLC, Nevada Holistic Medicine, LLC, Tryke Companies So NV, LLC, Tryke Companies 9 Reno, LLC, Paradise Wellness Center, LLC, GBSNevada Partners, LLC, Fidelis Holdings, LLC, Gravitas Nevada, LLC, Nevada Pure, LLC, and Medifarm, LLC (collectively 10 "Plaintiffs") initiated the instant lawsuit against the Department, alleging that the 11 12 Department's issuance of conditional licenses to operate recreational marijuana retail stores 13 was done improperly. (See generally Complaint.) Plaintiffs also seek an injunction to undo the Department's issuance of a type of license for which there is a statutorily limited supply, 14 15 and for which applicants compete against once another through a ranking system. (See March 16 19, 2019 Motion for Preliminary Injunction.) If granted, this relief (as well as the other relief 17 sought by Plaintiffs) would directly impact the licenses already award to GreenMart. Thus, 18 GreenMart should be permitted to intervene in this action to protect its interests.

19 This Court recently permitted the intervention of another conditional license holder. 20 Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC ("NOR"), on substantially similar grounds to those 21 presented here. (See March 22, 2019 Notice of Entry of Order Granting Motion to Intervene.) 22 Additionally, on April 1, 2019, this Court permitted the intervention of several other 23 conditional license holders. (See minutes of April 1, 2019 hearing on motions to intervene.) 24 Just like the other intervenors, GreenMart holds numerous licenses, has a vested interest in 25 this action, and meets the standards for intervention under Nev. Rev. Stat. § 12.130(c) and 26 Nev. R. Civ. P. 24 such that GreenMart should be permitted to intervene and protect its 27 valuable interests.

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II.

STATEMENT OF RELEVANT FACTS

On November 8, 2016, Nevada voters passed the Regulation and Taxation of
Marijuana Act (the "Act") (Ballot Question 2). The Act legalized the purchase, possession,
and consumption of recreational marijuana for adults 21 and older.

The Department was to adopt regulations necessary to carry out the Act, including regulations that set forth the "[p]rocedures for the issuance, renewal, suspension, and revocation of a license to operate a marijuana establishment" and "[q]ualifications for licensure that are directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a marijuana establishment." Nev. Rev. Stat. § 453D.200(1)(a)-(b). On January 16, 2018, the Nevada Tax Commission unanimously approved permanent regulations ("Approved Regulations"). LCB File No. R092-17. The Approved Regulations went into effect on February 27, 2018.

Thereafter, on August 16, 2018, the Department issued a Notice of Intent to Accept Applications ("Notice") for sixty-four (64) recreational marijuana retail store licenses, which are to be located throughout various jurisdictions in Nevada. The Notice required that all applications be submitted between 8:00 a.m. on September 7, 2018 and 5:00 p.m. on September 20, 2018.

Pursuant to section 80 of the Approved Regulations, if the Department received more than one complete and qualified application for a license the Department would rank all applications within each jurisdiction from first to last based on compliance with NRS § 453D and the Approved Regulations. R092-17, Sec. 80. The Department is then required to go down the list and issue the highest scoring applicants the available licenses. *Id.*

On December 5, 2018, the Department issued sixty-one (61) recreational marijuana
retail store conditional licenses, including ten (10) licenses for Unincorporated Clark County,
Nevada; ten (10) licenses for Las Vegas, Nevada; six (6) licenses for Henderson, Nevada;
five (5) licenses for North Las Vegas, Nevada; six (6) licenses for Reno, Nevada; one (1)
license for Sparks, Nevada; and one (1) license for Nye County, Nevada. GreenMart was
granted four of these conditional licenses.

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Under their conditional licenses, GreenMart has twelve (12) months to receive a final inspection for a marijuana establishment. *See* R092-17, Sec. 87. If a marijuana establishment does not receive a final inspection within twelve (12) months, the marijuana establishment must surrender the license to the Department. *Id.* The Department may extend the period specified in this subsection if the Department, in its discretion, determines that extenuating circumstances prevented the marijuana establishment from receiving a final inspection within the period specified in this subsection. *Id.*

On January 4, 2019, Plaintiffs filed their Complaint against the Department.
Plaintiffs allege that the Department improperly granted licenses to certain applicants such
as NOR while improperly failing to grant licenses to Plaintiffs. Specifically, Plaintiffs allege
"that the Department's denial of their license applications was not properly based upon actual
implementation of the impartial and objective bidding process mandated by NRS 453D.210,
but rather, was . . . based upon the arbitrary and capricious exercise of administrative
partiality and favoritism." (Complaint, ¶ 33.)

The Complaint contains numerous claims for relief, including claims for violation of procedural due process, substantive due process and equal protection rights (*id.*, ¶¶ 37-42, 66-68, 70-74), a claim for declaratory relief (*Id.*, ¶¶ 43-44, 50-52), a claim for injunctive relief (*id.*, ¶¶ 53, 59), a petition for judicial review (*id.*, ¶¶ 75-80), and a petition for a writ of mandamus. (*Id.*, ¶¶ 81-86.) The claims asks the Court to reverse the granting of licenses to parties such as GreenMart and to grant Plaintiffs those licenses.

GreenMart wishes to intervene in this action to protect its unique legal interests in
the licenses issued to it by the Department. Accordingly, GreenMart respectfully requests
that this Court enter an Order allowing GreenMart to intervene in this action as a defendant,
and to file the [Proposed] Answer attached hereto as Exhibit A.

III. LEGAL ARGUMENT

A. <u>Legal Standard</u>

Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 12.130, any person "[b]efore the trial, [...] may
intervene in an action or proceeding, who has an interest in the matter in litigation, in the

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success of either of the parties, or an interest against both." Nev. Rev. Stat. § 12.130(1)(a).
 "Intervention is made as provided by the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure." Nev. Rev. Stat.
 § 12.130(c).

4 In furtherance, Nev. R. Civ. P. § 24(a)(2) governs non-statutory intervention of right and states that upon timely intervention "the court must permit anyone to intervene who 5 6 ... claims an interest relating to the property or transaction that is the subject of the action, 7 and is so situated that disposing of the action may as a practical matter impair or impede the 8 movant's ability to protect its interest, unless existing parties adequately represent that 9 interest." Nev. R. Civ. P. § 24(a)(2). Rule § 24(b)(1)(B) governs permissive intervention and allows for intervention when an applicant "has a claim or defense that shares with the main 10 11 action a common question of law or fact." Nev. R. Civ. P. § 24(b)(1)(B).

B. GreenMart Should Be Permitted to Intervene as of Right.

A party seeking to intervene as of right must satisfy four requirements: (1) the application must be timely; (2) the applicant must claim a sufficient interest relating to the property or transaction which is the subject of the action; (3) the applicant must be so situated that the disposition of the action may as a practical matter impair or impede its ability to protect that interest; and (4) the applicant's interest must be inadequately represented by the parties to the action. *See American Home Assurance Corp. v. Eighth Judicial District Ct. ex rel. County of Clark*, 122 Nev. 1229, 1238, 147 P.3d 1120, 1126 (2006) 3. Determining whether an applicant has met these four requirements is within the district court's sound discretion. *Am. Home Assur. Co.*, 122 Nev. at 1238, 147 P.3d at 1126.

However, when evaluating whether the requirements for intervention of right are met,
a court generally follows practical and equitable considerations and construes the governing
rule broadly in favor of proposed intervenors. *Wilderness Soc 'y v. U.S. Forest Service*, 630
F.3d 1173, 1179 (9th Cir. 2011) (en banc) (quoting *United States v. City of Los Angeles*, 288
F.3d 391, 397 (9th Cir. 2002)). This is because "'[a] liberal policy in favor of intervention
serves both efficient resolution of issues and broadened access to the Courts." *Wilderness Soc 'y*, 630 F.3d 1173 (quoting *City of Los Angeles*, 288 F.3d at 397-98).

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1. GreenMart's Motion to Intervene is Timely.

2 When determining the timeliness of an application to intervene "[t]he most 3 important question to be resolved [...] is not the length of the delay by the intervenor but the extent of prejudice to the rights of existing parties resulting from the delay." See Dangberg 4 5 Holdings Nevada, L.L.C. v. Douglas Cty. & its Bd. of Cty. Commr's, 115 Nev, 129, 141, 978 6 P.2d 311, 318 (1999); see also American Home Assurance Corp., 122 Nev. at 1244, n.49 and 7 n.50 (citations omitted). Here, intervention by GreenMart will not cause prejudice to the 8 Plaintiffs nor the other parties currently involved in this action-including the Department 9 and NOR—because the case is in the early stages of litigation. See Citizens for Balanced Use 10 v. Montana Wilderness Ass'n, 647 F.3d 893, 897 (9th Cir. 2011) (finding that the parties 11 would not have suffered prejudice from the grant of intervention at the early stage of 12 litigation).

13 NOR just recently intervened in the matter, and the Department has yet to file an answer to Plaintiffs' complaint. In Citizens for Balanced Use, the Ninth Circuit found that a 14 motion filed less than three months after the complaint was filed and less than two weeks 15 after the first filing of an answer to the complaint was timely. Id. at 897. The Court reasoned 16 17 that an intervention so early in the litigation would not cause disruption or delay in the 18 proceedings. Id. These are traditional features of a timely motion. See Nw. Forest Res. 19 Council v. Glickman, 82 F.3d 825, 836 (9th Cir.1996). Similarly, here, there will be no delay 20 resulting from GreenMart's intervention.

GreenMart, in contrast, would be significantly prejudiced if they are precluded from intervening. GreenMart holds the interest to four (4) of the conditional licenses. Through this action, Plaintiffs are attempting to undermine the rights of GreenMart to its conditional licenses. Because GreenMart may be gravely prejudiced if not permitted to intervene and all other parties within this action would not suffer any prejudice, this Court should find that GreenMart's request to intervene is timely.

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2. GreenMart Has a Sufficient Interest in the Litigation's Subject Matter.

2 GreenMart has a sufficient interest in the litigation's subject matter. While there is 3 no "bright-line" test to determine if a sufficient interest exists, the Supreme Court of Nevada 4 has held that an applicant must make a showing of a "significant protectable interest." Am. 5 Home Assur. Co., 122 Nev. 1229, 1238, 147 P.3d 1120, 1127 (2006). Whether a proposed 6 intervenor has a significant protectable interest is a "practical, threshold inquiry," and the 7 party seeking intervention need not establish any "specific legal or equitable interest." 8 Citizens for Balanced Use v. Montana Wilderness Ass'n, 647 F.3d 893, 897 (9th Cir. 2011) 9 (internal quotations omitted) (quoting Nw. Forest Res. Council v. Glickman, 82 F.3d 825, 10 837 (9th Cir. 1996)).

To meet its burden, a proposed intervenor "must establish that the interest is protectable under some law and that there is a relationship between the legally protected interest and the claims at issue." *Citizens for Balanced Use*, 647 F.3d at 897 (citation omitted). The question of whether there is a significant protectable interest does not turn on "technical distinctions." *California v. United States*, 450 F.3d 436, 441 (9th Cir. 2006). Instead, courts "have taken the view that a party has a sufficient interest for intervention purposes if it will suffer a practical impairment of its interests as a result of the pending litigation." *See id.*

Here, GreenMart has a sufficient interest in the subject matter of this action—the
conditional licenses to operate a recreational marijuana retail store. GreenMart was issued
four (4) of the licenses by the Department. Plaintiffs, through this lawsuit, are essentially
attempting to void the Department's application process, which could impair GreenMart's
interest in their conditional licenses. Accordingly, GreenMart has a significant protectable
interest in this action.

3. The Disposition of This Action May Impair or Impede GreenMart's Ability to Protect Its Interests.

As a practical matter, the disposition of this action may impair or impede GreenMart's ability to protect its interests. Once a significant protectable interest is

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established, courts look to whether the proposed intervenor's ability to protect that interest
would be "impair[ed] or impede[ed]" by "the disposition of the action." *Citizens for Balanced Use*, 647 F.3d at 897 (citation omitted). "If an absentee would be substantially
affected in a practical sense by the determination made in an action, [it] should, as a general
rule, be entitled to intervene...." *Id.* at 898 (quoting Fed R. Civ. P. 24 advisory committee's
note).

7 Here, the claims made by Plaintiffs in this action are an attempt to manufacture a 8 dispute in the hope of undermining the rights of GreenMart and other successful applicants. 9 Plaintiffs have asserted allegations that they should have received one or more of the licenses 10 that were awarded to GreenMart (or other licensees). Simply put, Plaintiffs seek to displace 11 the conditional licenses from the current holders for purposes of obtaining them for 12 themselves. This relief, if granted, would necessarily harm at least one or more of the 13 applicants who ranked higher than Plaintiffs. Accordingly, GreenMart's interests may be 14 impaired by the disposition of this case, as they risk losing its conditional licenses.

4. GreenMart's Interest May Not Be Adequately Protected.

16 Finally, GreenMart's interests may not be adequately represented should this Court 17 deny it intervention. Generally, "[t]he burden of showing inadequacy of representation is 18 minimal and satisfied if the [party seeking intervention] can demonstrate that representation 19 of its interests may be inadequate." Citizens for Balanced Use, 647 F.3d at 898 (internal 20 quotation omitted); see also Trbovich v. United Mine Workers, 404 U.S. 528, 538 n. 10 21 (1972) (holding that the requirement of inadequate representation is satisfied if the applicant 22 shows that representation "may be" inadequate). In making this determination, courts 23 examine three factors: (1) whether the interest of a present party is such that it will 24 undoubtedly make all of a proposed intervenor's arguments; (2) whether the present party is 25 capable and willing to make such arguments; and (3) whether a proposed intervenor would 26 offer any necessary elements to the proceeding that other parties would neglect. Citizens for 27 Balanced Use, 647 F.3d at 898 (quoting Arakaki v. Cayetano, 324 F.3d 1078, 1086 (9th Cir. 28 2003)).

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"The most important factor in assessing the adequacy of representation is how the
interest compares with the interests of existing parties." *Citizens for Balanced Use*, 647 F.3d
at 898 (internal quotation and citation omitted). Where a proposed intervenor and an existing
party "share the same ultimate objective, a presumption of adequacy of representation
arises." *Id.* (citation omitted). A presumption of adequacy "must be rebutted with a
compelling showing." *Id.* (citation omitted).

Here, GreenMart's interests would not be adequately represented by the
Department or the other intervenors. Specifically, the Department will presumably defend
its application evaluation process by showing that it complied with NRS Chapter 453D and
the Approved Regulations throughout the application process. The Department will not
defend GreenMart's or other licensees' unique and valuable licenses. The Department simply
has no interest in specifically defending Defendants' licenses versus other applicants, nor is
the Department equipped to do so.

14 The other intervenors are not adequate representatives of GreenMart's interests. To 15 obtain any one of the licenses an applicant had to rank higher than other applicants in any 16 given jurisdiction. Thus, all applicants are competing with one another for a limited supply 17 of licenses, and their interests are therefore necessarily divergent. Plaintiffs have challenged 18 the entire ranking process, and to the extent that Plaintiffs' challenge is considered, 19 GreenMart will need to defend its licenses against all other applicants, including current 20 license holders. Thus, GreenMart has met its minimal burden of showing that their interests 21 may not be adequately represented.

C. GreenMart Should Be Permitted to Intervene Pursuant to Permissive Intervention.

Even if this Court where to find that GreenMart cannot establish intervention as right, GreenMart may still intervene pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 24(b), which governs permissive intervention. Permissive intervention is available when the motion is timely and "the applicant's claim or defense, and the main action, have a question of law or a question of fact in common." Nev. R. Civ. P. 24(b)(1)(B). "In exercising its discretion" on this issue,

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"the court must consider whether the intervention will unduly delay or prejudice the
 adjudication of the original parties' rights." Nev. R. Civ. P. 24(b)(3).

As discussed above, GreenMart's motion to intervene is timely and will not
prejudice any of the parties in the case. Additionally, GreenMart's defense and anticipated
counterclaims present a common question of law and question of fact with the main action.

Moreover, allowing GreenMart to intervene in this suit will not unduly delay or 6 7 prejudice the adjudication of the current parties' rights. If anything, allowing intervention 8 will promote judicial economy and spare the parties from needing to litigate a similar case in 9 another district. See Dangberg Holdings Nevada, L.L.C., 115 Nev. 129, 142, 978 P.2d 311. 319 (1999) (where the court found "bringing all of the parties together in one proceeding 10 11 before one tribunal will foster the principles of judicial economy and finality"); see also 12 Venegas v. Skaggs, 867 F.2d 527, 531 (9th Cir. 1989) (noting that "judicial economy is a 13 relevant consideration in deciding a motion for permissive intervention"), aff'd sub nom. Venegas v. Mitchell, 495 U.S. 82, 87 (1990); cf. Nev. R. Civ. P. 1 (mandating that the Rules 14 of Civil Procedure "should be construed, administered, and employed by the court and the parties to secure the just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of every action and proceeding"). Accordingly, this Court should grant GreenMart's Motion to Intervene.

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1 IV. **CONCLUSION**

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2 For these reasons, GreenMart respectfully requests that this Court grant its Motion 3 to Intervene. Attached as Exhibit A is GreenMart's proposed Answer to Plaintiff's First 4 Amended Complaint. GreenMart expressly reserves its right to include counterclaims should 5 the Court permit GreenMart's intervention. A proposed Order Granting the Motion to 6 Intervene is Attached as Exhibit B.

DATED this the 2nd day of April, 2019.

MARGARET'A. MCLETCHIE, Nevada Bar No. 10931 ALINA M. SHELL, Nevada Bar No. 11711 MCLETCHIE LAW 701 East Bridger Avenue, Suite 520 Las Vegas, NV 89101 Telephone: (702) 728-5300 Email: maggie@nvlitigation.com Counsel for Proposed Intervenor, GreenMart of Nevada NLV LLC

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

16 I hereby certify that on this 2nd day of April, 2019, pursuant to Administrative 17 Order 14-2 and N.E.F.C.R. 9, I did cause a true copy of the foregoing MOTION TO 18 INTERVENE ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME in Serenity Wellness Center, LCL, et al. 19 v. State of Nevada, Department of Taxation, et al., Clark County District Court Case No A-20 19-786962-B, to be served electronically using the Odyssey File & Serve system, to all 21 parties with an email address on record.

An Employee of McLetchie Law

INDEX OF EXHIBITS TO MOTION TO INTERVENE ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME

Exhibit Description Α Defendant's [Proposed] Answer to Plaintiffs' Complaint В [Proposed] Order Granting Motion to Intervene

EXHIBIT A

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 10 11 12 13 14 10 11 12 13 14 10 11 12 13 14 10 11 12 13 14 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 16 17 16 17 17 16 17 17 17 17 16 17 17 17 17 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	MARGARET A. MCLETCHIE, Nevada Bar No. ALINA M. SHELL, Nevada Bar No. 11711 MCLETCHIE LAW 701 East Bridger Avenue, Suite 520 Las Vegas, NV 89101 Telephone: (702) 728-5300 Email: maggie@nvlitigation.com <i>Counsel for Proposed Intervenor, GreenMart of</i> EIGHTH JUDICIAL E CLARK COUNT Serenity Wellness Center, LLC, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION; and NEVADA ORGANIC REMEDIES, LLC, Defendants. GREENMART OF NEVADA NLV LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, Defendant in Intervention Defendant in Intervention GreenMart Undersigned counsel, McLetchie Law, hereby Serenity Wellness Center, LLC; TGI, LLC; T Holistic Medicine, LLC; Tryke Companies SO Paradise Wellness Center, LLC; GBS Nevada Gravitas Nevada, LLC; Nevada Pure, LLC; and as follows:	^C Nevada NLV LLC DISTRICT COURT Y, NEVADA Case No.: A-19-786962-B Dept. No.: XI DEFENDANT'S [PROPOSED] ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT of Nevada NLV LLC, by and through its answers the Complaint filed by Plaintiffs Nuleaf Incline Dispensary, LLC; Nevada NV, LLC; Tryke Companies Reno, LLC; a Partners, LLC; Fidelis Holdings, LLC; Medifarm, LLC (collectively "Plaintiffs"), llegation in the Complaint except those
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1 I. 2 PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE 3 1. Answering paragraph 1 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient 4 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and 5 on that basis denies these allegations. 6 2. Answering paragraph 2 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient 7 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and on that basis denies these allegations. 8 9 3. Answering paragraph 3 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and 10 11 on that basis denies these allegations. 12 4. Answering paragraph 4 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient 13 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and 14 on that basis denies these allegations. 15 5. Answering paragraph 5 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and 16 17 on that basis denies these allegations. 18 6. Answering paragraph 6 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient 19 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and 20 on that basis denies these allegations. 21 7. Answering paragraph 7 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient 22 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and 23 on that basis denies these allegations. 24 8. Answering paragraph 8 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient 25 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and 26 on that basis denies these allegations. 27 9. Answering paragraph 9 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient 28 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and 2

MCLETCHIE LAW ATTORNEYS AT LAW 701 EAST BRIDGER AVE., SUITE 520 LAS VEGAS, NV 89101 (702)728-5300 (T) / (702)425-8220 (F) www.nvl.ttiGATTON.COM 1 on that basis denies these allegations.

2 10. Answering paragraph 10 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient
3 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and
4 on that basis denies these allegations.

5 11. Answering paragraph 11 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient
6 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and
7 on that basis denies these allegations.

8 12. Answering paragraph 12 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient
9 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and
10 on that basis denies these allegations.

11 13. Answering paragraph 13 of the Complaint, Defendant admits these12 allegations.

14. Answering paragraph 14 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and on that basis denies these allegations.

16 15. Answering paragraph 15 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant is without sufficient knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity
of the allegations contained therein, and on that basis denies these allegations.

II.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

16. Answering paragraph 16 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant is without sufficient knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity
of the allegations contained therein, and on that basis denies these allegations.

26 17. Answering paragraph 17 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
27 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the
28 contents of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required and the allegations

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1 accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, Defendant admits these 2 allegations.

3 18. Answering paragraph 18 of the Complaint, no response is required as the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the 4 5 contents of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required and the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, Defendant admits these 6 7 allegations.

8 19. Answering paragraph 19 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 9 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the 10 contents of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required and the allegations 11 accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, Defendant admits these 12 allegations.

20. Answering paragraph 20 of the Complaint, no response is required as the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the contents of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required and the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, Defendant admits these allegations.

18 21. Answering paragraph 21 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 19 allegations therein reference a document that speaks for itself. To the extent a response is 20 required and the allegations accurately state the contents of the document referenced therein, 21 Defendant admits these allegations.

22 22. Answering paragraph 22 of the Complaint, Defendant admits these 23 allegations.

24 23. Answering paragraph 23 of the Complaint, Defendant admits these 25 allegations.

26 24. Answering paragraph 24(a)-(h) of the Complaint, no response is required as 27 the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the 28 contents of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required and the allegations

accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, Defendant admits these
 allegations.

3 25. Answering paragraph 25 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
4 allegations therein reference a document that speaks for itself. To the extent a response is
5 required and the allegations accurately state the contents of the document referenced therein,
6 Defendant admits these allegations.

Answering paragraph 26 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the
contents of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required and the allegations
accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, Defendant admits these
allegations.

27. Answering paragraph 27 of the Complaint, no response is required as the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions or statements regarding the contents of laws or regulations. To the extent a response is required and the allegations accurately state the laws or regulations referenced therein, Defendant denies these allegations.

28. Answering paragraph 28 of the Complaint, Defendant admits that the
Department of Taxation announced it would issue recreational retail store licenses no later
than December 5, 2018. Defendant denies these allegations to the extent that it imposes a
legal obligation on the Department that is inconsistent or outside of the requirements set forth
in Nev. Rev. Stat. § 453D.210.

22 29. Answering paragraph 29 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient
23 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and
24 on that basis deny these allegations.

30. Answering paragraph 30 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient
knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and
on that basis deny these allegations.

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1 31. Answering paragraph 31 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient 2 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and 3 on that basis deny these allegations.

4 32. Answering paragraph 32 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and 5 6 on that basis deny these allegations.

7 33. Answering paragraph 33 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 8 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is 9 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

10 Answering paragraph 34 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 34. 11 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is 12 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

35. Answering paragraph 35 of the Complaint, no response is required as the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is required, Defendant denies these allegations.

III.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Violation of Civil Rights)

(Due Process; Deprivation of Property)

(U.S. Const., Amendment XIV; Nev. Const. Art. 1, Sec. 1, 8; Title 42 U.S.C. § 1983) 21 36. Answering paragraph 36 of the Complaint, Defendant hereby repeats and 22 realleges its answers to paragraphs 1 through 35 above, and incorporates the same herein by 23 reference as though fully set forth herein.

24 37. Answering paragraph 37 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 25 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is 26 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

27 38. Answering paragraph 38 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 28 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is

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1 | required, Defendant denies these allegations.

39. Answering paragraph 39 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

40. Answering paragraph 40 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

8 41. Answering paragraph 41 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
9 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
10 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

42. Answering paragraph 42 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

43. Answering paragraph 43 of the Complaint, no response is required as the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is required, Defendant denies these allegations.

44. Answering paragraph 44 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

45. Answering paragraph 45 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

46. Answering paragraph 46 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

47. Answering paragraph 47 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

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Answering paragraph 48 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 1 48. 2 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is 3 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

4 49. Answering paragraph 49 of the Complaint, no response is required as the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is 5 6 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

7 50. Answering paragraph 50(a)-(g) of the Complaint, no response is required as 8 the allegations contained therein are not factual in nature and/or contain legal conclusions. 9 To the extent a response is required, Defendant denies these allegations.

10 51. Answering paragraph 51 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 11 allegations contained therein are not factual in nature and/or contain legal conclusions. To 12 the extent a response is required, Defendant denies these allegations.

52. Answering paragraph 52 of the Complaint, no response is required as the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is required, Defendant denies these allegations.

53. Answering paragraph 53 of the Complaint, no response is required as the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is required, Defendant denies these allegations.

19 54. Answering paragraph 54 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 20 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is 21 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

22 55. Answering paragraph 55 of the Complaint, Defendant is without sufficient 23 knowledge or information as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and 24 on that basis denies these allegations.

25 56. Answering paragraph 56 of the Complaint, Defendant admits these 26 allegations.

27 57. Answering paragraph 57 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 28 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is

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1 | required, Defendant denies these allegations.

2 58. Answering paragraph 58 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
3 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
4 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

5 59. Answering paragraph 59 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

8 60. Answering paragraph 60 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
9 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
10 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

61. Answering paragraph 61 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Violation of Civil Rights)

(Due Process: Deprivation of Liberty)

(U.S. Const., Amendment XIV; Nev. Const. Art. 1, Sec. 1, 8; Title 42 U.S.C. § 1983)

17 62. Answering paragraph 62 of the Complaint, Defendant hereby repeats and
18 realleges its answers to paragraphs 1 through 61 above, and incorporates the same herein by
19 reference as though fully set forth herein.

20 63. Answering paragraph 63 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
 21 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
 22 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

64. Answering paragraph 64 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

65. Answering paragraph 65 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

66. Answering paragraph 66 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

4 67. Answering paragraph 67 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
5 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
6 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

68. Answering paragraph 68 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

69. Answering paragraph 61 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Violation of Civil Rights)

(Equal Protection)

(U.S. Const., Amendment XIV; Nev. Const. Art. 1, Sec. 1; Title

17 70. Answering paragraph 70 of the Complaint, Defendant repeats and realleges
18 its answers to paragraphs 1 through 69 above, and incorporates the same herein by reference
19 as though fully set forth herein.

20 71. Answering paragraph 71 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
21 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
22 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

23 72. Answering paragraph 72 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
24 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
25 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

73. Answering paragraph 73 of the Complaint, no response is required as the
allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is
required, Defendant denies these allegations.

74. Answering paragraph 74 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 2 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is 3 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Petition for Judicial Review)

6 75. Answering paragraph 75 of the Complaint, Defendant repeats and realleges 7 its answers to paragraphs 1 through 74 above, and incorporates the same by reference herein 8 as though fully set forth herein.

9 Answering paragraph 76 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 76. 10 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is 11 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

77. Answering paragraph 77 of the Complaint, no response is required as the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is required, Defendant denies these allegations.

78. Answering paragraph 78 of the Complaint, no response is required as the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is required, Defendant denies these allegations.

18 79. Answering paragraph 79(a)-(c) of the Complaint, no response is required as 19 the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is 20 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

21 80. Answering paragraph 80 of the Complaint, no response is required as the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is 22 23 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Petition for Writ of Mandamus)

81. Answering paragraph 81 of the Complaint, Defendant repeats and realleges 26 27 its answers to paragraphs 1 through 80 above, and incorporates the same herein by reference 28 as though fully set forth herein.

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1 82. Answering paragraph 82 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 2 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is required, Defendant denies these allegations. 3

4 83. Answering paragraph 83(a)-(b) of the Complaint, no response is required as 5 the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is 6 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

7 84. Answering paragraph 84(a)-(b) of the Complaint, no response is required as 8 the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is 9 required, Defendant denies these allegations.

10 85. Answering paragraph 85 of the Complaint, no response is required as the 11 allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is required, Defendant denies these allegations. 12

13 86. Answering paragraph 86 of the Complaint, no response is required as the allegations contained therein are Plaintiffs' legal conclusions. To the extent a response is required, Defendant denies these allegations.

GENERAL DENIAL

To the extent a further response is required to any allegation set forth in the Complaint, Defendant denies such allegation.

ANSWER TO PRAYER FOR RELIEF

20 Answering the allegations contained in the entirety of Plaintiffs' prayer for relief. Defendant denies that Plaintiffs are entitled to the relief sought therein or to any relief in this 21 22 matter.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

24 Defendant, without altering the burdens of proof the parties must bear, asserts the 25 following affirmative defenses to Plaintiffs' Complaint, and all causes of action alleged 26 therein, and specifically incorporates into these affirmative defenses its answers to the 27 preceding paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

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		1	FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
		2	The Complaint and all the claims for relief alleged therein, fails to state a claim	
		3	upon which relief can be granted.	
		4	SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
		5	Plaintiffs have not been damaged directly, indirectly, proximately, or in any manner	
		6	whatsoever by any conduct of Defendant.	
		7	THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
		8	The State of Nevada, Department of Taxation is immune from suit when	
		9	performing the functions at issue in this case.	
		10	FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
		11	The actions of the State of Nevada, Department of Taxation were all official acts	
		12	that were done in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.	
WW.	(E)	13	SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
	LAW 2, SUITE 5 39101 425-8220 0N.COM	14	Plaintiffs' claims are barred because Plaintiffs have failed to exhaust administrative	
CLETCHIE	NEVS AT DGER AVE GAS, NV 1 (T) / (702) LITIGATIO	15	remedies.	
<u> </u>	ATTOR ATTOR LAST BRIE LAS VEG 28-5300 (28-5300 (WWW.NVI	16	SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
\geq	701 E (702)7	17	The actions of the State of Nevada, Department of Taxation, were not arbitrary or	
		18	capricious, and the State of Nevada, Department of Taxation had a rational basis for all the	
		19	actions taken in the licensing process at issue.	
		20	EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
		21	Plaintiffs have failed to join necessary and indispensable parties to this litigation	
		22	under Nev. R. Civ. P. 19, as the Court cannot grant any of Plaintiffs' claims without affecting	
		23	the rights and privileges of those parties who received the licenses at issue as well as other	
		24	third parties.	
		25	NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
		26	The claims, and each of them, are barred by the failure of Plaintiffs to plead those	
		27	claims with sufficient particularity.	
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		1	TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
		2	Plaintiffs have failed to allege sufficient facts and cannot carry the burden of proof	
		3	imposed on them by law to recover attorney's fees incurred to bring this action.	
		4	ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
		5	Injunctive relief is not available to Plaintiffs, because the State of Nevada,	
		6	Department of Taxation has already completed the task of issuing conditional licenses.	
		7	TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
		8	Plaintiffs have no constitutional right to obtain privileged licenses.	
		9	THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
		10	Plaintiffs are not entitled to judicial review on the denial of a privileged license.	
		11	FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
		12	Mandamus is not available to compel the members of the executive branch to	
AWA	20 (F)	13	perform non-ministerial, discretionary tasks.	
	LAW ., SUITE 5: 9101 425-8220 N.COM	14	FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
1CF	NEYS AT J GER AVE JAS, NV 8 T) / (702) JTIGATIO	15	Declaratory relief will not give the Plaintiffs the relief they are seeking.	
MOLETCHIE	ATTORI AST BRID LAS VEC 28-5300 (VWW.NVI	16	SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
≥	701 E (702)7	17	Pursuant to the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, all possible affirmative defenses	
		18	may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after	
		19	reasonable inquiry upon the filing of this answer and, therefore, Defendant hereby reserves	
		20	the right to amend this answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent	
		21	investigation warrants.	
		22	SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
		23	Defendant expressly reserves the right to amend this Answer to bring counterclaims	
		24	against Plaintiffs.	
		25	PRAYER FOR RELIEF	
		26	WHEREFORE, Defendant prays for judgment as follows:	
		27	1. Plaintiffs take nothing by way of their Complaint.	
		28	2. The Complaint, and all causes of action alleged against Defendant therein	
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1 be dismissed with prejudice.

3. For reasonable attorney's fees and costs be awarded to Defendant.

4. For any such other and further relief the Court deems just and proper under

4 | the circumstances.

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DATED this the _____ day of _____, 2019.

MARGARET A. MCLETCHIE, Nevada Bar No. 10931 ALINA M. SHELL, Nevada Bar No. 11711 MCLETCHIE LAW 701 East Bridger Avenue, Suite 520 Las Vegas, NV 89101 Telephone: (702) 728-5300 Email: maggie@nvlitigation.com *Counsel for Proposed Intervenor, GreenMart of Nevada NLV LLC*

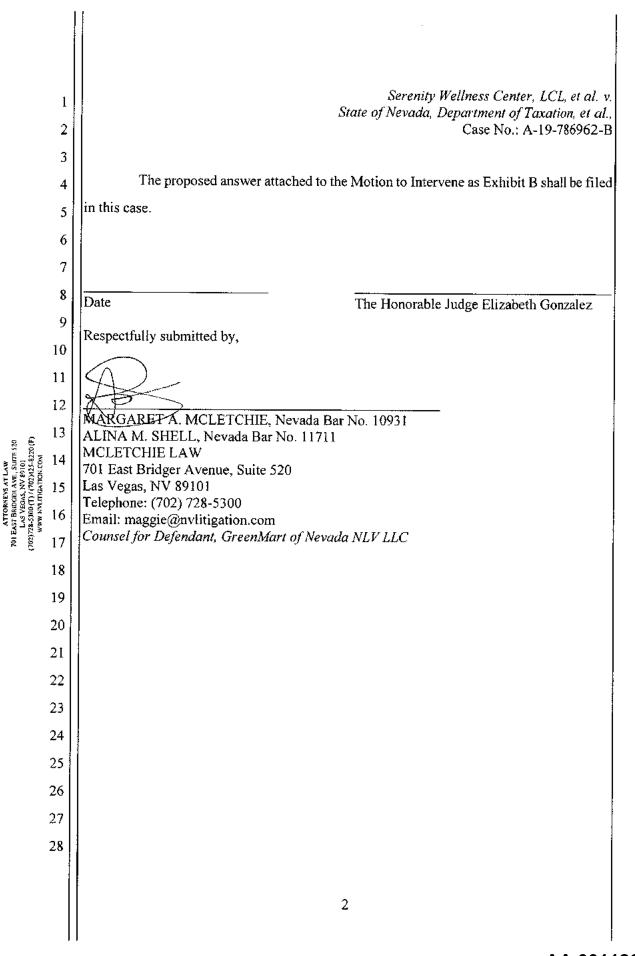
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 2nd day of April, 2019, pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2 and N.E.F.C.R. 9, I did cause a true copy of the foregoing DEFENDANT'S [PROPOSED] ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT in *Serenity Wellness Center*, *LCL, et al. v. State of Nevada, Department of Taxation, et al.*, Clark County District Court Case No A-19-786962-B, to be served electronically using the Odyssey File & Serve system, to all parties with an email address on record.

An Employee of McLetchie Law

EXHIBIT B

ATTORNES ALLAW ATTORNES ALLAW 701 EAST BRIDGER AVE., SUITE 520 LAST BREAS, NV 8-910 (102)228-5300(T) (102)228-520 (F) WAY INFORMATION COMMUNICATION COMPANICATION COM	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Intervene, and good cause appearing, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:	WLV LLC DISTRICT COURT TY, NEVADA Case No.: A-19-786962-B Dept. No.: XI ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO INTERVENE Mart of Nevada NLV LLC's Motion to otion to Intervene is granted, and GreenMart efendant in the above-captioned case as a
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Electronically Filed 4/2/2019 4:30 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

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	JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ.	Olim
2	Nevada Bar No. 9046	
3	JASON R. MAIER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 8557	
5	MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES	
4	8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue	
_	Las Vegas, Nevada 89148	
5	Telephone: (702) 629-7900 Facsimile: (702) 629-7925	
6	E-mail: jrm@mgalaw.com	
	jag@mgalaw.com	
7		
0	PHILIP M. HYMANSON, ESQ.	
8	Nevada Bar No. 2253 HENRY JOSEPH HYMANSON, ESQ.	
9	Nevada Bar No. 14381	
	HYMANSON & HYMANSON	
10	8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue	
11	Las Vegas, NV 89148 Telephone: (702) 629-3300	
11	Facsimile: (702) 629-3332	
12	Email: Phil@HymansonLawNV.com	
10	Hank@HymansonLawNV.com	
13	Attorneys for Defendants in Intervention,	
14	Integral Associates LLC d/b/a Essence	
	Cannabis Dispensaries, Essence Tropicana, LLC,	
15	Essence Henderson, LLC, CPCM Holdings, LLC	
16	d/b/a Thrive Cannabis Marketplace, Commerce Park Medical, LLC, Cheyenne Medical, LLC	
10	<i>I une medicui, LLC, Cheyenne medicui, LLC</i>	
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18	DISTRICI	COURT
10	CLARK COUN	TY. NEVADA
19		
•		
20	SERENITY WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a	Case No.: A-19-786962-B Dept. No.: XI
21	Nevada limited liability company, TGIG, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, NULEAF	Dept. No.: AI
	INCLINE DISPENSARY, LLC, a Nevada	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER
22	limited liability company, NEVADA	GRANTING MOTION TO INTERVENE
22	HOLISTIC MEDICINE, LLC, a Nevada limited	
23	liability company, TRYKE COMPANIES SO NV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,	
24	TRYKE COMPANIES RENO, LLC, a Nevada	
	limited liability company, PARADISE	
25	WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a Nevada limited	
26	liability company, GBS NEVADA PARTNERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,	
20	FIDELIS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Nevada limited	
27	liability company, GRAVITAS NEVADA,	
20	LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,	
28	NEVADA PURE, LLC, a Nevada limited	l

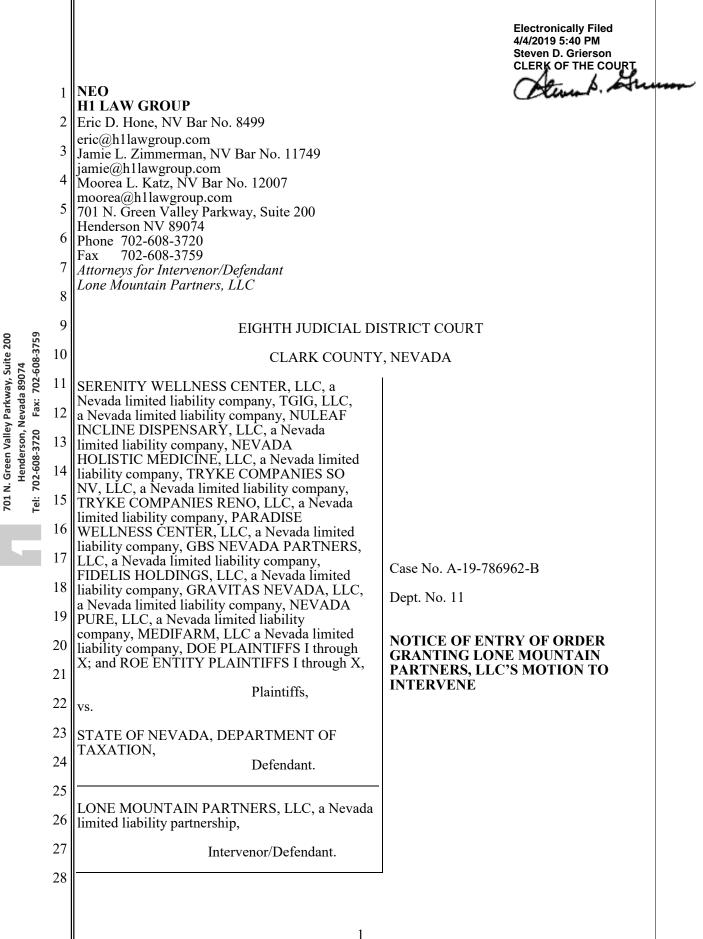
		l
1	liability company, MEDIFARM, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, DOE PLANTIFFS I	
2	through X; and ROE ENTITY PLAINTIFFS I through X,	
3	Plaintiffs,	
4	vs.	
5 6	THE STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION,	
7	Defendants.	
8	INTEGRAL ASSOCIATES LLC d/b/a ESSENCE CANNABIS DISPENSARIES, a Nevada limited liability company; ESSENCE	
9 10	TROPICANA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; ESSENCE HENDERSON, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; CPCM	
11	HOLDINGS, LLC d/b/a THRIVE CANNABIS MARKETPLACE, COMMERCE PARK MEDICAL, LLC, a Nevada limited liability	
12	company; and CHEYENNE MEDICAL, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company.	
13	Defendants in Intervention.	
14 15	TO: ALL PARTIES AND THEIR COUNSEL OF RECORD.	
16	YOU AND EACH OF YOU will please take notice that an ORDER GRANTING MOTION	
10	TO INTERVENE was hereby entered on the 1 st day of April, 2019. A copy of which is attached	
	hereto.	
18	DATED this 2 nd day of April, 2019.	
19	Respectfully submitted,	
20	Maier Gutierrez & Associates	
21		
22 23	<u>/s/ Joseph A. Gutierrez</u> Joseph A. Gutierrez, Esq. Navada Par No. 0046	
	Nevada Bar No. 9046 JASON R. MAIER, ESQ.	
24	Nevada Bar No. 8557 8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue	
25	Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 Attorneys for Defendants in Intervention	
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27		
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1	Δ.Δ. 001128	1

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2, a copy of the NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER
3	GRANTING MOTION TO INTERVENE was electronically filed on the 2 nd day of April, 2019
4	and served through the Notice of Electronic Filing automatically generated by the Court's facilities
5	to those parties listed on the Court's Master Service List and by depositing a true and correct copy
6	of the same, enclosed in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was fully prepaid, in the
7	U.S. Mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, addressed as follows (Note: All Parties Not Registered Pursuant
8	to Administrative Order 14-2 Have Been Served By Mail.):
9	Dominic P. Gentile, Esq.
10	Michael V. Cristalli, Esq. Ross Miller, Esq.
11	Vincent Savarese III, Esq. GENTILE CRISTALLI MILLER ARMENI SAVARESE
12	410 South Rampart Blvd., Suite 420
13	Las Vegas, NV 89145 Attorneys for Plaintiffs
14	David R. Koch, Esq.
15	Steven B. Scow, Esq. Brody R. Wright, Esq.
16	Daniel G. Scow, Esq.
17	KOCH & SCOW, LLC 11500 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 210
18	Henderson, NV 89052 Attorneys for Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC
19	
20	Margaret A. McLetchie, Esq. MCLETCHIE LAW GROUP, PLLC
21	701 E. Bridger Ave, Suite 520 Las Vegas, NV 89101
22	Cami M. Perkins, Esq.
23	HOLLEY DRIGGS WALCH FINE PUZEY STEIN & THOMPSON
24	4400 S. 4 th Street 3 rd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89101
25	///
26	///
27	///
28	///
	3
	AA 001129

1 2	Jared Kahn, Esq. JK LEGAL & CONSULTING, LLC 9205 West Russell Rd., Suite 240
3	Las Vegas, NV 89148 Attorneys for Defendant Intervenor
4	Helping Hands Wellness Center, Inc.
5	
6	<u>/s/ Brandon Lopipero</u>
7	An Employee of MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES
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Electronically Filed 4/1/2019 5:22 PM Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT** 1 ORDR JASON R. MAIER, ESO. 2 Nevada Bar No. 8557 JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ. 3 Nevada Bar No. 9046 **MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES** 4 8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 Telephone: (702) 629-7900 6 Facsimile: (702) 629-7925 E-mail: irm@mgalaw.com 7 jag@mgalaw.com 8 Attorneys for Defendants in Intervention, 9 Integral Associates LLC d/b/a Essence Cannabis Dispensaries, Essence Tropicana, LLC, Essence Henderson, LLC, 10 CPCM Holdings, LLC d/b/a Thrive Cannabis Marketplace, Commerce Park Medical, LLC, and Chevenne Medical, LLC 11 DISTRICT COURT 12 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 13 14 Case No. : A-19-786962-B SERENITY WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a Dept. No.: XI 15 Nevada limited liability company, TGIG, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, NULEAF INCLINE DISPENSARY, LLC, a Nevada 16 ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO limited liability company, NEVADA INTERVENE HOLISTIC MEDICINE, LLC, a Nevada limited 17 liability company, TRYKE COMPANIES SO NV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, 18 TRYKE COMPANIES RENO, LLC, a Nevada 19 limited liability company, PARADISE WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a Nevada limited 20 liability company, GBS NEVADA PARTNERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, FIDELIS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Nevada limited 21 liability company, GRAVITAS NEVADA, 22 LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, NEVADA PURE, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, MEDIFARM, LLC, a Nevada 23 limited liability company, DOE PLANTIFFS I through X; and ROE ENTITY PLAINTIFFS I 24 through X, 25 Plaintiffs, 26 VS. THE STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT 27OF TAXATION. 28 1

1	Defendants.
2	INTEGRAL ASSOCIATES LLC d/b/a
3	ESSENCE CANNABIS DISPENSARIES, a Nevada limited liability company; ESSENCE
4	TROPICANA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability
5	company; ESSENCE HENDERSON, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; CPCM
6	HOLDINGS, LLC d/b/a THRIVE CANNABIS MARKETPLACE, COMMERCE PARK
7 8	MEDICAL, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; and CHEYENNE MEDICAL, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company.
9	Defendants in Intervention.
10	The Court, having reviewed the Intervenors' Motion to Intervene, and good cause appearing,
11	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:
12	Intervenors' Motion to Intervene is granted, and Integral Associates, LLC d/b/a Essence
13	Cannabis Dispensaries, Essence Tropicana, LLC, Essence Henderson, LLC, CPCM Holdings, LLC
14	d/b/a Thrive Cannabis Marketplace, Commerce Park Medical, LLC, and Cheyenne Medical, LLC
15	shall intervene as Defendants in the above-captioned case as a necessary party to the action pursuant
16	to NRCP 24 and NRS § 12.130. The proposed answer attached to the Motion to Intervene as Exhibit
17	B shall be filed in this case.
18	DATED this day of April, 2019.
19 20	DISTRICT COUKT JODGE
21	Respectfully submitted by:
22	MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES
23	12
24	JASON R. MAIER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 8557
25	JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9046
26	8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89148
27	Attorneys for Defendants in Intervention
28	
	_
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H1 LAW GROUP

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on this 3rd day of April 2019, an Order was entered 1 granting Lone Mountain Partners, LLC's Motion to Intervene. A copy of said Order is attached 2 hereto and by reference incorporated herein. 3 Dated this 4th day of April 2019. 4 H1 LAW GROUP 5 6 Eric D. Hone, NV Bar No. 8499 7 eric@h1lawgroup.com 8 Jamie L. Zimmerman, NV Bar No. 11749 jamie@h1lawgroup.com 9 Moorea L. Katz, NV Bar No. 12007 moorea@h1lawgroup.com 10 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Henderson NV 89074 11 Phone 702-608-3720 12 Fax 702-608-3759 Attorneys for Intervenor/Defendant 13 Lone Mountain Partners, LLC 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 2

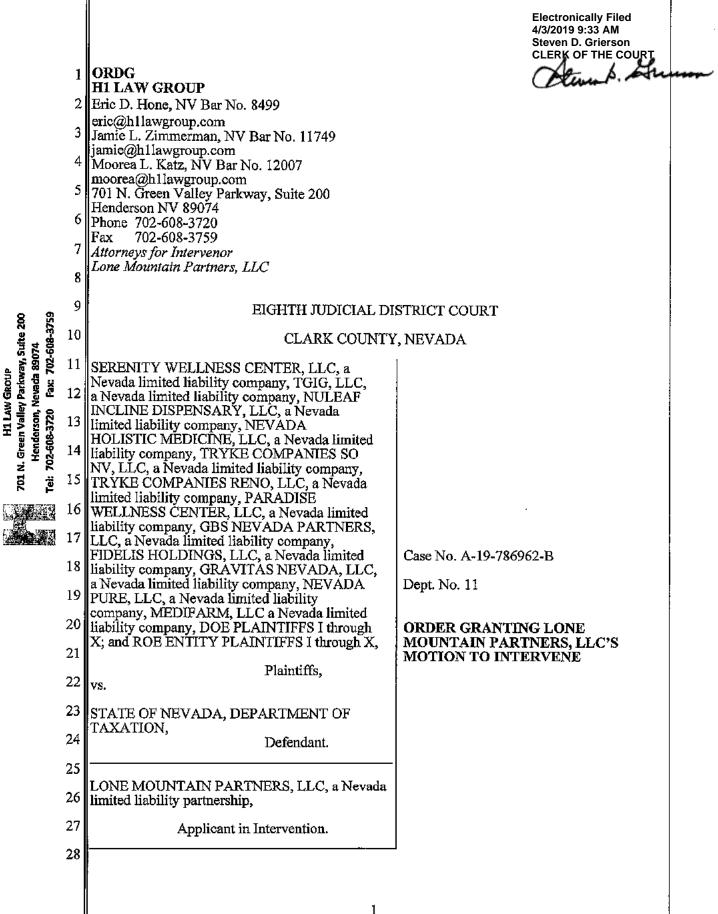
701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200

H1 LAW GROUP

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE The undersigned, an employee of H1 Law Group, hereby certifies that on the 4th day of April 2019 she caused a copy of the foregoing to be transmitted by electronic service in accordance with Administrative Order 14.2, to all interested parties, through the Court's Odyssey E-File & Serve system. mildoor Bobbye Donaldson, an employee of H1 LAW GROUP Tel: 702-608-3720 Fax: 702-608-3759

H1 LAW GROUP 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200

Henderson, Nevada 89074



The Court, having reviewed the Applicant Lone Mountain Partners, LLC's Motion to 1 2 Intervene, and good cause appearing,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

Applicant's Motion to Intervene is granted, and Lone Mountain Partners, LLC shall 4 5 intervene as a Defendant/Real Party in Interest in the above-captioned case as a necessary party to the action pursuant to NRCP 24 and NRS 12.130. 6

JNDGE -2019 DATED:

Respectfully submitted by:

H1 LAW GROUP

701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 Fax: 702-608-3759 Henderson, Nevada 89074 H1 LAW GROUP 702-608-3720

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13 Erie D. Hone, NV Bar No. 8499 14 eric@h1lawgroup.com 15 Jamie L. Zimmerman, NV Bar No. 11749 jamie@h1lawgroup.com Moorea L. Katz, NV Bar No. 12007 16 moorea@h1lawgroup.com 701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 200 17 Henderson NV 89074 Phone 702-608-3720 18 702-608-3759 Fax 19 Attorneys for Intervenor Lone Mountain Partners, LLC 20 21 22 23 24 25

27 28

	1 2 3 4 5 6	Will Kemp, Esq. (#1205) Nathanael R. Rulis, Esq. (#11259) n.rulis@kempjones.com KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17 th Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 385-6000 <i>Attorneys for Plaintiffs</i>	Electronically Filed 4/5/2019 9:50 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT
	7	CLARK COUNTY	. NEVADA
KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway Seventeenth Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-6001 kic@kempiones.com	 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	MM DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, INC., a Nevada corporation; LIVFREE WELLNESS LLC, dba The Dispensary, a Nevada limited liability company Plaintiff, vs. STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION; and DOES 1 through 10; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 through 10. Defendants. and NEVADA ORGANIC REMEDIES, LLC Defendant-Intervenor.	Case No.: A-18-785818-W Dept. No.: IX PLAINTIFFS'/COUNTER- DEFENDANTS' ANSWER TO COUNTERCLAIM
	22	Counterclaimant,	
	23	vs.	
	24	MM DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, INC., A	
	25 26	Nevada corporation, LIVFREE WELLNESS, LLC, d/b/a The Dispensary, a Nevada Limited	
	20	liability company Counter-Defendants	
	28	1 Case Number: A-18-785818-W	

Plaintiffs/Counter-Defendants MM Development Company, Inc. ("MM") and Livfree Wellness, LLC d/b/a The Dispensary ("Livfree") (collectively, "Plaintiffs" or "Counter- Defendants") answer the Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC's ("NOR") Counterclaim (the "Counterclaim") as follows: PARTIES 1. Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraphs 1, 2, and 3 of the Counterclaim. 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 10 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 10 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 10 10 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 10 10 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		
Wellness, LLC d/b/a The Dispensary ("Livfree") (collectively, "Plaintiffs" or "Counter- Defendants") answer the Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC's ("NOR") Counterclaim (the "Counterclaim") as follows: PARTIES 1. Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraphs 1, 2, and 3 of the Counterclaim. URISDICTION 2. Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraph 4 of the Counterclaim. GENERAL ALLEGATIONS 3. Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraph 5, 6, and 7 of the Counterclaim. 4. Counter-Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to base a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraphs 8, 9, and10 of the Counterclaim and, therefore, deny them. 5. Counter-Defendants admit that any entity granted a conditional license has 12 months to receive a final inspection as alleged in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. 6. Counter-Defendants admit that they contend they received high scores for medical marijuana establishments during the 2015 application review process, and that the "Department improperly granted 'conditional' licenses to applicants who were ranked		
OUTCONTINUE (Conterchain) (Conterchain) (Conterchain) (Conterchain) 0 <th>1</th> <td>Plaintiffs/Counter-Defendants MM Development Company, Inc. ("MM") and Livfree</td>	1	Plaintiffs/Counter-Defendants MM Development Company, Inc. ("MM") and Livfree
OPERATING PARTIES 1 Counterclaim") as follows: 1 Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraphs 1, 2, and 3 of the 1 Counterclaim. 1 URISDICTION 2 Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraph 4 of the Counterclaim. 11 Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraph 5, 6, and 7 of the 11 Counter-Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to base a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraphs 8, 9, and10 of the 11 Counter-Defendants admit that any entity granted a conditional license has 12 months to receive a final inspection as alleged in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. Therefore, deny them. 25 7. Counter-Defendants admit that they contend they received high scores for medical marijuana establishments during the 2015 application review process, and that the "Department improperty granted 'conditional' licenses to applicants who were ranked	2	Wellness, LLC d/b/a The Dispensary ("Livfree") (collectively, "Plaintiffs" or "Counter-
Opposite of the counterclaim") as follows: Opposite of the counterclaim. Image: the counterclaim. <	3	Defendants") answer the Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC's ("NOR") Counterclaim (the
OTOPUTIOODYSET Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraphs 1, 2, and 3 of the Counterclaim. 9 JURISDICTION 10 Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraph 4 of the Counterclaim. 11 Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraph 4 of the Counterclaim. 11 Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraph 4 of the Counterclaim. 11 Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 of the Counterclaim. 11 Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 of the Counterclaim. 14 Counter-Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to base a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraphs 8, 9, and10 of the Counterclaim and, therefore, deny them. 15 Counter-Defendants admit that any entity granted a conditional license has 12 months to receive a final inspection as alleged in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim and, therefore, deny them. 15 Counter-Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to base a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 12 of the Counterclaim and, therefore, deny them. 16 Counter-Defendants admit that they contend they received high scores for medical marijuana establishments during the 2015 application review process, and that the "Department improperly granted 'conditional' license		"Counterclaim") as follows:
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8 Counterclaim. 11 1 11 1 11 1 11 1 11 1 11 1 12 Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraph 4 of the Counterclaim. 11 1 11 1 12 Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 of the Counterclaim. 13 Counter-Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to base a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraphs 8, 9, and10 of the Counterclaim and, therefore, deny them. 14 Counter-Defendants admit that any entity granted a conditional license has 12 months to receive a final inspection as alleged in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim, R092-17, Sec. 87 speaks for itself. 15 Counter-Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to base a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 12 of the Counterclaim and, therefore, deny them. 17 Counter-Defendants admit that they contend they received high scores for medical marijuana establishments during the 2015 application review process, and that the 'Department improperly granted 'conditional' licenses to applicants who were ranked		1. Counter-Defendants admit the allegations in paragraphs 1, 2, and 3 of the
9 Image: Display of the constraint of the consterelist of the consterelist of the constraint		Counterclaim.
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 months to receive a final inspection as alleged in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim, R092-17, Sec. 87 speaks for itself. 6. Counter-Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to base a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 12 of the Counterclaim and, therefore, deny them. 7. Counter-Defendants admit that they contend they received high scores for medical marijuana establishments during the 2015 application review process, and that the "Department improperly granted 'conditional' licenses to applicants who were ranked 		5. Counter-Defendants admit that any entity granted a conditional license has 12
 remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim, R092-17, Sec. 87 speaks for itself. 6. Counter-Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to base a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 12 of the Counterclaim and, therefore, deny them. 7. Counter-Defendants admit that they contend they received high scores for medical marijuana establishments during the 2015 application review process, and that the "Department improperly granted 'conditional' licenses to applicants who were ranked 	19	months to receive a final inspection as alleged in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim. As to the
 6. Counter-Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to base a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 12 of the Counterclaim and, therefore, deny them. 7. Counter-Defendants admit that they contend they received high scores for medical marijuana establishments during the 2015 application review process, and that the "Department improperly granted 'conditional' licenses to applicants who were ranked 		remaining allegations in paragraph 11 of the Counterclaim, R092-17, Sec. 87 speaks for itself.
 to base a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 12 of the Counterclaim and, therefore, deny them. 7. Counter-Defendants admit that they contend they received high scores for medical marijuana establishments during the 2015 application review process, and that the "Department improperly granted 'conditional' licenses to applicants who were ranked 		
 and, therefore, deny them. 7. Counter-Defendants admit that they contend they received high scores for medical marijuana establishments during the 2015 application review process, and that the "Department improperly granted 'conditional' licenses to applicants who were ranked 		
 7. Counter-Defendants admit that they contend they received high scores for medical marijuana establishments during the 2015 application review process, and that the "Department improperly granted 'conditional' licenses to applicants who were ranked 		
 medical marijuana establishments during the 2015 application review process, and that the "Department improperly granted 'conditional' licenses to applicants who were ranked 		
 27 "Department improperly granted 'conditional' licenses to applicants who were ranked 28 	26	
28	27	
2	28	2 sparation improperty granted conditional needses to applicants who were ranked
		2

substantially lower than Counter-Defendants on the 2015 rankings," as alleged in paragraph 13
 of the Counterclaim. As to all other allegations in paragraph 13 of the Counterclaim, Counter Defendants deny.

8. Counter-Defendants deny the allegations in paragraph 14 of the Counterclaim.
 9. Counter-Defendants admit that they have sought relief that might limit or
 preclude NOR from being able to move forward with obtaining final inspections for marijuana
 establishments under current regulations as alleged in paragraph 15 of the Counterclaim. As to
 all other allegations in paragraph 15 of the Counterclaim, Counter-Defendants deny.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Declaratory Relief)

10. In response to paragraph 16, Counter-Defendants repeat and reincorporate all previous responses to the Counterclaim.

11. Counter-Defendants admit that the State of Nevada, Department of Taxation's 15 (the "Department") actions and/or inactions have created an actual justiciable controversy ripe 16 17 for judicial determination between Counter-Defendants and the Department with respect to the 18 construction, interpretation, and implementation of NRS 453D, NAC 453D, and R092-17 as to 19 Counter-Defendants. As to all other allegations in paragraph 17 of the Counterclaim, Counter-20 Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to base a belief as to 21 the truth of the allegations and, therefore, deny them. 22

12. Counter-Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which
to base a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 18 of the Counterclaim
and, therefore, deny them.

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13. Counter-Defendants deny the allegations in paragraph 19 of the Counterclaim.

 KEMP, JONES & COUL THARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway Seventeenth Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-6001 kic@kempiones.com 10

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	1	14. As to the allegations in paragraph 20 of the Counterclaim, Counter-Defendants				
	2	admit that they did not initially name NOR as a defendant in this action, however, Counter-				
	3	Defendants have sought relief that might limit or preclude NOR from being able to move				
	4	forward with obtaining final inspections for marijuana establishments under current regulations.				
	5 6	As to all other allegations in paragraph 20 of the Counterclaim, Counter-Defendants deny.				
	7	15. Counter-Defendants deny the allegations in paragraphs 21 and 22 of the				
	8	Counterclaim.				
	9	AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES				
ď	10	1. The Counterclaim fails to state a claim against Counter-Defendants upon which				
D, LL	11	relief may be granted.				
HARI arkway 1 9169) 385-60	12	2. Counterclaimants' claim is barred due to the absence of any legitimate				
DULT ughes P th Floo vada 8 x (702) ones.cc	13 14	controversy between Counterclaimant and Counter-Defendants.				
NES & COUL TH Howard Hughes Part Seventeenth Floor s Vegas, Nevada 891 5-6000 • Fax (702) 3 stic@kempiones.com	15	3. Counterclaimant failed to mitigate, minimize, or otherwise avoid its losses,				
ONES 00 How Sev Las Ve 385-60 kica	16	damages, or expenses.				
MP, J(38((702)	17	4. If Counterclaimant was injured and damaged as alleged, which is specifically				
KEMI (7	18	denied, then the injuries and damages were caused, in whole or in part, by the acts or omissions				
	19	of others, whether individual, corporate or otherwise, whether named or unnamed in the				
	20 21	Counterclaim, for whose conduct Counter-Defendants are not responsible.				
	21	5. Counterclaimant's claim is barred by waiver.				
	23	6. Counterclaimant's claim is barred by the doctrine of unclean hands.				
	24	7. Counterclaimant is barred from seeking equitable relief because it has adequate				
	25	legal remedies from any alleged injuries.				
	26					
	27					
	28					
		4				
		AA 001141				

KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway Seventeenth Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-6001 kic@kempiones.com	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 Counterclaimant has been unjustly enriched to the injury and detriment of the Counter-Defendants, and therefore, is not entitled to any relief by way of Counterclaimant's claim. In performing the actions complained of, the Counter-Defendants acted in the ordinary course of business. Counterclaimant's claims fail because of intervening and superseding causes for the injury alleged in the Counterclaim. Counter-Defendants have insufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to whether there may be addition, as yet unstated, affirmative defenses and, therefore, reserves the right to allege other affirmative defenses as they become appropriate or known through the course of discovery. PRAYER FOR RELIEF WHEREFORE, Counter-Defendants pray for judgment as follows: That Counterclaimant takes nothing by way of its Counterclaim and that the same be dismissed with prejudice; For costs of suit and reasonable attorneys' fees; and For all other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper. DATED this <u>5th</u> day of April, 2019. KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD LLP
		3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
	27 28	
		5

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that on the <u>5th</u> day of April, 2019, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing Plaintiffs'/Counter-Defendants' Answer to Counterclaim via the Court's electronic filing system only, pursuant to the Nevada Electronic Filing and Conversion Rules, Administrative Order 14-2, to all parties currently on the electronic service list. /s/ Ali Augustine An employee of Kemp, Jones & Coulthard, LLP

2 3 4 5 6	David R. Koch (NV Bar #8830) Steven B. Scow (NV Bar #9906) Brody R. Wight (NV Bar #13615) Daniel G. Scow (NV Bar #14614) KOCH & SCOW LLC 11500 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 210 Henderson, Nevada 89052 Telephone: 702.318.5040 Facsimile: 702.318.5039 <u>dkoch@kochscow.com</u> sscow@kochscow.com	Electronically Filed 4/8/2019 9:06 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT				
8	Attorneys for Defendant Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC					
	EIGHTH JUDICIAL D	ISTRICT COURT				
10	CLARK COUNT	Y, NEVADA				
11						
12	SERENITY WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, et al.,	Case No. A-19-786962-B Dept. No. # × (
13	Plaintiffs, vs.					
14	STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF	STIPULATION AND ORDER TO				
15	TAXATION;	CONTINUE HEARING AND				
16	Defendant, and	EXTEND BRIEFING SCHEDULE FOR MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY				
17	NEVADA ORGANIC REMEDIES, LLC, LONE	INJUNCTION				
18	MOUNTAIN PARTNERS, LLC, INTEGRAL ASSOCIATES LLC d/b/a ESSENCE	Prior Hearing Date: April 22, 2019				
19	CANNABIS DISPENSARIES, et al.	New Hearing Date: May 6, 2019				
20						
21	Defendant-Intervenors.					
22	······································					
23	It is hereby stipulated and agreed u	pon by Plaintiffs Serenity Wellness				
24 25	Center, LLC, L.P., et al., and Defendant-Inte					
25	LLC, Integral Associates, LLC d/b/a/ Essence Cannabis Dispensaries, Essence					
26	Tropicana, LLC, Essence Henderson, LLC, C	•				
27	Cannabis Marketplace, Commerce Park Mec	lical, LLC, Cheyenne Medical, LLC,				
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1 and Lone Mountain Partners, LLC (collectively, "Defendant-Intervenors"), by and 2 through their respective counsel as follows:

3 WHEREAS, Plaintiffs Serenity Wellness Center, et al. filed a Motion for 4 Preliminary Injunction on March 19, 2019, which was set for hearing on April 22, 5 2019;

6 WHEREAS, the Defendant-Intervenors have recently intervened in this 7 action as defendants:

8 WHEREAS, in order to provide adequate time for the Defendant-9 Intervenors to file responses to the Motion for Preliminary Injunction, the parties 10 agree that additional time will be necessary;

11 WHEREAS, on March 22, 2019, Nevada Organic Remedies filed a Motion 12 to Strike Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction on the grounds that it 13 exceeded the 30-page limit for motions and that additional parties which may be 14 affected by the Motion for Preliminary Injunction should have the opportunity to 15 be heard.

16 THEREFORE, the parties who have appeared in this case to date stipulate 17 and agree as follows:

- 18 1. The hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction shall be 19 continued to May 6, 2019, or to a later date according to the Court's 20 availability;
- 2. Any Oppositions to the Motion for Preliminary Injunction shall be 22 filed by April 16, 2019;
 - 3. Any Reply filed by the Plaintiffs shall be filed in accordance with the timing provided by NRCP and EDCR based on the new hearing date;
 - 4. Nevada Organic Remedies withdraws its Motion to Strike and requests that the hearing set on April 15, 2019 be vacated;
 - 5. Plaintiffs may file a request to exceed the 30-page limit provided in
- 28

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1 EDCR 2.20 for their Motion for Preliminary Injunction, with the 2 Court to decide whether such request will be granted. 3 6. Defendant-Intervenors will not file an opposition to the request to 4 exceed 30 pages. 5 IT IS SO STIPULATED: 6 Dated this <u>Z</u> day of April, 2019 Dated this _____ day of April, 2019 7 KOCH & SCOW, LLC GENTILE CRISTALLI MILLER 8 ARMENI SAVARESE 9 Michael V. Cristalli, Esq. 10 David R. Koch Brody D. Wight Vincent Savarese, III, Esq. 11 11500 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 210 410 S. Rampart Blvd., Ste. 420 Henderson, NV 89052 Las Vegas, NV 89145 12 Attorneys for Nevada Organic Attorneys for Plaintiffs 13 Remedies, LLC 14 Dated this ____ day of April, 2019 Dated this 2nd day of April, 2019 15 16 MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES H1 LAW GROUP 17 18 Joseph A. Gutierrez, Esq. Eric D. Hong, Esq. Joseph Maier, Esq. Jamie L. Zimmerman, Esq. 19 701 N. Green Valley Pkwy Suite 200 8816 Spanish Ridge Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89148 Henderson, NV 89074 20 Attorneys for Defendants Integral Attorneys for Lone Mountain Partners, 21 Associates, LLC d/b/a/ Essence Cannabis LLC 22 Dispensaries, Essence Tropicana, LLC, Essence Henderson, LLC, CPCM 23 Holdings, LLC d/b/a/ Thrive Cannabis Marketplace, Commerce Park Medical, 24 LLC, Cheyenne Medical, LLC 25 26 27 ORDER 28 -3-

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54) 2	1	EDCR 2.20 for their Motion	for Preliminary I	njunction, with the	
	2	Court to decide whether such r	request will be gra	inted.	
	3	6. Defendant-Intervenors will no			
	4	exceed 30 pages.	11		
	5	IT IS SO STIPULATED:			• • • • • • •
	6	Dated this day of April, 2019	Dated this	ay of April, 2019	
	7			T	
	8	KOCH & SCOW, LLC	GENTILE CRIST ARMENISAY	ARESE	
	9		APT	<u>/</u>	_
	10	David R. Koch Brody D. Wight	Michael V. Crista Vincent Savarese		
	11 12	11500 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 210 Henderson, NV 89052	410 S. Rampart B. Las Vegas, NV 8	lvd., Ste. 420	
	12	Attorneys for Nevada Organic	Attorneys for Pla	intiffs	
	14	Remedies, LLC			
	15	Dated this day of April, 2019	Dated this d	lay of April, 2019	
	16	MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES	H1 LAW GROUN	2	
	17				
	18	Joseph A. Gutierrez, Esq.	Eric D. Hone, Esc	1.	-
	19	Joseph Maier, Esq. 8816 Spanish Ridge Ave.	Jamie L. Zimmer		
	20	Las Vegas, NV 89148	Henderson, NV		- 55
	21	Attorneys for Defendants Integral		ne Mountain Partners,	
	22	Associates, LLC d/b/a/ Essence Cannabis Dispensaries, Essence Tropicana, LLC,	; LLC		10 P - 15
C. HOUSE MARK	23	Essence Henderson, LLC, CPCM Holdings, LLC d/b/a/ Thrive Cannabis			
489.4	24	Marketplace, Commerce Park Medical, LLC, Cheyenne Medical, LLC			10. T
A PORT	25	ELC, Cheyenne Medical, ELC			100 mg/04 mg/14
	26		a de Ender		- A
	27	OP	THER		
	28		<u>RDER</u>		
4.6					-
		201 201	-3-		201
				AA 0011	47

1	EDCR 2.20 for their Motion f	or Preliminary Injunction, with the	
2	Court to decide whether such request will be granted.		
3	6. Defendant-Intervenors will not file an opposition to the request to		
4	exceed 30 pages.		
5	IT IS SO STIPULATED:		
6			
7	Dated this day of April, 2019	Dated this day of April, 2019	
8	KOCH & SCOW, LLC	GENTILE CRISTALLI MILLER ARMENI SAVARESE	
9	-		
10	David R. Koch	Michael V. Cristalli, Esq.	
11	Brody D. Wight 11500 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 210	Vincent Savarese, III, Esq. 410 S. Rampart Blvd., Ste. 420	
12	Henderson, NV 89052	Las Vegas, NV 89145	
13	Attorneys for Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC	Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
14			
15	Dated this <u></u> day of April, 2019	Dated this day of April, 2019	
16	MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES	H1 LAW GROUP	
17			
18	Joseph A. Gutierrez, Esq.	Eric D. Hone, Esq.	
19	Joseph Maier, Esq.	Jamie L. Zimmerman, Esg.	
20	8816 Spanish Ridge Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89148	701 N. Green Valley Pkwy Suite 200 Henderson, NV 89074	
21	Attorneys for Defendants Integral	Attorneys for Lone Mountain Partners,	
22	Associates, LLC d/b/a/ Essence Cannabis Dispensaries, Essence Tropicana, LLC,	LLC	
23	Essence Henderson, LLC, CPCM Holdings, LLC d/b/a/ Thrive Cannabis		
24	Marketplace, Commerce Park Medical,		
25	LLC, Cheyenne Medical, LLC		
26			
27			
28	ORDER		
	-	3-	

1	The Court, having considered the Stipulation of the parties, and good caus		
2	appearing, orders as follows:		
3	1. The April 22, 2019 hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary		
4	Injunction is continued to May 6, 2019 at a.m.;		
5	2. Any Oppositions to Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction		
6	may be filed by April 16, 2019;		
7	3. Any Reply filed by the Plaintiffs shall be filed in accordance with		
8	the timing provided by NRCP and EDCR based on the new hearing		
9	date;		
10	4. Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC's Motion to Strike Plaintiffs'		
11	Motion for Preliminary Injunction is withdrawn, and the hearing on		
12	April 15, 2019 is vacated; and		
13	5. If Plaintiffs believe that their Motion for Preliminary Injunction		
14	should exceed the 30-page limit provided in EDCR 2.20, they shall file a		
15	request to exceed the page limitation with the Court to decide whether		
16	the request will be granted.		
17			
18	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
19 20	Dated this <u>4</u> day of April, 2019 <u>EXAMPLE</u> DISTRICT COURT JUDGE		
21	Plathet Court Job GE		
22	Submitted by:		
23	KOCH & SCOW, LLC		
24	/s/ David R. Koch		
25	David R. Koch Attorneys for Defendant-Intervenor		
26	Nevada Organic Remedies, LLC		
27			
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	ANAC AARON D. FORD Attorney General David J. Pope (Bar No. 8617) Senior Deputy Attorney General Robert E. Werbicky (Bar No. 6166) Deputy Attorney General Vivienne Rakowsky (Bar No. 9160) Deputy Attorney General Office of the Attorney General 555 E. Washington Ave., Ste. 3900 Las Vegas, NV 89101 (702) 486-3420 (phone) (702) 486-3416 (fax) DPope@ag.nv.gov VRakowsky@ag.nv.gov RWerbicky@ag.nv.gov Attorneys for Defendant, State of Nevada, Department of Taxation DISTRIC	Electronically Filed 4/10/2019 12:33 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT		
14	CLARK COUL	NTY, NEVADA		
15 16	MM DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, INC., a Nevada corporation; LIVFREE WELLNESS LLC, dba The Dispensary, a Nevada limited liability company	Case No. A-18-785818-W Dept. No. IX ANSWER TO AMENDED COMPLAINT		
 17 18 19 20 	Plaintiffs, vs. STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION; and DOES 1 through 10; and POE COPPORATIONS 1 through 10			
21	ROE CORPORATIONS 1 through 10,			
22	Defendants.	ant of Taxation (the "Denewtment") ensured		
23 24	The State of Nevada ex rel. Department of Taxation (the "Department") answers Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint as follows:			
24 25	<u>I.</u>			
23 26	PARTIES & JURISDICTION			
20 27	1. Answering Paragraph 1, the Department is without sufficient knowledge and			
28	information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations and therefore denies the same.			
	Page	1 of 13		
	Case Number: A-18-785818-W			

1	2. Answering Paragraph 2, the Department is without sufficient knowledge and	
2	information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations and therefore denies the same.	
3	3. Answering Paragraph 3, the Department states that it was created under	
4	NRS 360.120 and has certain duties related to the regulation and licensing of marijuana	
5	under Nevada law, including NRS 453D and NAC 453D.	
6	4. Answering Paragraph 4, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
7	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
8	denies the allegations contained therein.	
9	<u>II.</u>	
10	GENERAL ALLEGATIONS	
11	5. Answering Paragraph 5, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
12	to which no response is required.	
13	6. Answering Paragraph 6, the Department states that the August 16, 2018	
14	letter from the Department speaks for itself.	
15	7. Answering Paragraph 7, the Department states that the notice speaks for	
16	itself.	
17	8. Answering Paragraph 8, the Department states that the notice speaks for	
18	itself.	
19	9. Answering Paragraph 9, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
20	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the	
21	Department denies the allegations contained therein.	
22	10. Answering Paragraph 10, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
23	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
24	denies the allegations contained therein.	
25	11. Answering Paragraph 11, the Department admits that the allegation	
26	accurately depicts the allocation of some, but not all, of the licenses that were to be allocated	
27	during the September 7, 2018, through September 20, 2018, application round.	
28	///	

1 12. Answering Paragraph 12, the Department states that because it was not 2 involved with the medical marijuana licensing procedure, it is unable to form a belief as 3 to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 12.

4 13. Answering Paragraph 13, the Department states that because it was not
5 involved with the medical marijuana licensing procedure, it is unable to form a belief as
6 to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 13.

7 14. Answering Paragraph 14, the Department states that because the terms
8 "substantially similar" and "factors" are vague and ambiguous and because the Department
9 was not involved with the medical marijuana licensing procedure, the Department is
10 unable to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 14.

11 15. Answering Paragraph 15, the Department states that because the term "major
12 difference" is vague and ambiguous and because the Department was not involved with the
13 medical marijuana licensing procedure, the Department is unable to form a belief as to
14 the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 15.

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16. Answering Paragraph 16, the Department admits the allegations.

16 17. Answering Paragraph 17, the Department denies that an application was
17 submitted for Elko County and admits the remaining allegations with the addition that an
18 application was submitted for Lyon County.

19 18. Answering Paragraph 18, the Department states that because the term 20 "exceptional ranking" is vague and ambiguous and because the Department was not 21 involved with the medical marijuana licensing procedure, the Department is unable to 22 form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 18 except that 23 the Department admits that around December 5, 2018, the Plaintiffs were sent a notice 24 of rejection setting forth the reasons why the Department did not approve their license 25 application.

26

19.

Answering Paragraph 19, the Department denies the allegation.

27 20. Answering the allegation contained in Paragraph 20, the Department denies28 the allegation.

Page 3 of 13

1	III.	
1 2	CLAIMS FOR RELIEF	
2	FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF	
3 4	(Declaratory Relief)	
5	21. Answering Paragraph 21, the Department states that this incorporating	
6	reference does not require a response.	
7	22. Answering Paragraph 22, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
8	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
9	denies the allegations contained therein.	
10	23. Answering Paragraph 23, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
11	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
12	denies the allegations contained therein.	
13	24. Answering Paragraph 24, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
14	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
15	denies the allegations contained therein.	
16	25. Answering Paragraph 25, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
17	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
18	denies the allegations contained therein.	
19	26. Answering Paragraph 26, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
20	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
21	denies the allegations contained therein.	
22	27. Answering Paragraph 27, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
23	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
24	denies the allegations contained therein.	
25	28. Answering Paragraph 28, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
26	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
27	denies the allegations contained therein.	
28	29. Answering Paragraph 29, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
	Page 4 of 13	

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to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
 denies the allegations contained therein.
 30. Answering Paragraph 30, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion

4 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
5 denies the allegations contained therein.

31. Answering Paragraph 31, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
denies the allegations contained therein.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Injunctive Relief)

11 32. Answering Paragraph 32, the Department states that this incorporating
12 reference does not require a response.

33. Answering Paragraph 33, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
denies the allegations contained therein.

16 34. Answering Paragraph 34, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
17 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
18 denies the allegations contained therein.

19 35. Answering Paragraph 35, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
20 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
21 denies the allegations contained therein.

36. Answering Paragraph 36, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
denies the allegations contained therein.

37. Answering Paragraph 37, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
denies the allegations contained therein.

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Answering Paragraph 38, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion

to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
 denies the allegations contained therein.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Violation of Procedural Due Process)

39. Answering Paragraph 39, the Department states that this incorporating
reference does not require a response.

40. Answering Paragraph 40, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
denies the allegations contained therein.

41. Answering Paragraph 41, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
denies the allegations contained therein.

42. Answering Paragraph 42, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
denies the allegations contained therein.

43. Answering Paragraph 43, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
denies the allegations contained therein.

44. Answering Paragraph 44, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
denies the allegations contained therein.

45. Answering Paragraph 45, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
denies the allegations contained therein.

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FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Violation of Substantive Due Process)

46. Answering Paragraph 46, the Department states that this incorporatingreference does not require a response.

Page 6 of 13

47. Answering Paragraph 47, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
 denies the allegations contained therein.

4 48. Answering Paragraph 48, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
5 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
6 denies the allegations contained therein.

49. Answering Paragraph 49, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
denies the allegations contained therein.

10 50. Answering Paragraph 50, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
11 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
12 denies the allegations contained therein.

13

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FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Equal Protection Violation)

15 51. Answering Paragraph 51, the Department states that this incorporating
16 reference does not require a response.

17 52. Answering Paragraph 52, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
18 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
19 denies the allegations contained therein.

20 53. Answering Paragraph 53, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
21 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
22 denies the allegations contained therein.

54. Answering Paragraph 54, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
denies the allegations contained therein.

26 55. Answering Paragraph 55, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion
27 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department
28 denies the allegations contained therein.

56.Answering Paragraph 56, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion 1 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department 2 denies the allegations contained therein. 3 SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF 4 5 (Petition for Judicial Review) 6 57.Answering Paragraph 57, the Department states that this incorporating reference does not require a response. 7 58.Answering Paragraph 58, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion 8 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department 9 denies the allegations contained therein. 10 59. Answering Paragraph 59, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion 11 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department 12 denies the allegations contained therein. 13 60. Answering Paragraph 60, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion 14 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department 15 denies the allegations contained therein. 16 17 61. Answering Paragraph 61, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department 18 denies the allegations contained therein. 19 62. Answering Paragraph 62, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion 20 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department 21 denies the allegations contained therein. 22 SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF 23 (Petition for Writ of Mandamus) 24 63. Answering Paragraph 63, the Department states that this incorporating 25 reference does not require a response. 26 64. Answering Paragraph 64, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion 27 to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department 28 Page 8 of 13

1	denies the allegations contained therein.	
2	65. Answering Paragraph 65, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
3	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
4	denies the allegations contained therein.	
5	66. Answering Paragraph 66, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
6	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
7	denies the allegations contained therein.	
8	67. Answering Paragraph 67, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
9	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
10	denies the allegations contained therein.	
11	68. Answering Paragraph 68, the Department states that this is a legal conclusion	
12	to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Department	
13	denies the allegations contained therein.	
14	GENERAL DENIALS	
15	The Department denies any and all allegations in the Amended Complaint not	
16	specifically admitted in this Answer.	
17	The Department denies that Plaintiffs are entitled to any of the relief prayed for in	
18	the Amended Complaint.	
19	AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES	
20	The Department denies any and all liability in this matter and asserts the following	
21	affirmative defenses:	
22	1. Plaintiffs have failed to state a claim for which relief can be granted.	
23	2. Plaintiffs do not have a property right in a privilege license that they do not	
24	have.	
25	3. Plaintiffs do not have a fundamental right to a privilege license.	
26	4. Chapter 453D does not provide for a hearing when a retail marijuana license	
27	is not issued.	
28		
	Page 9 of 13	

1	5.	The Nevada Administrative Procedures Act, NRS Chapter 233B, does not
2	provide for	a hearing when a retail marijuana license is not issued.
3	6.	The Department's actions were neither arbitrary, capricious, nor an abuse of
4	discretion.	
5	7.	The Department's interpretation of the statutes and regulations it is
6	authorized	to execute is given great deference.
7	8.	The Department used an impartial and numerically scored competitive
8	bidding pro	cess.
9	9.	Plaintiffs did not have a statutory entitlement to a license.
10	10.	The U.S. Constitution does not protect the right to engage in a business that
11	is illegal un	der federal law.
12	11.	Plaintiffs do not have standing.
13	12.	Plaintiffs have failed to exhaust their administrative remedies.
14	13.	The Complaint fails to present a justiciable controversy.
15	14.	This Court lacks jurisdiction to hear Plaintiffs' claims.
16	15.	The Department is immune from liability pursuant to Nevada Revised
17	Statutes 41	.031, et. seq.
18	16.	Plaintiff failed to name the Department properly as required by
19	NRS 41.031	.(2).
20	17.	Plaintiffs' claims, including the declaratory and/or equitable claims are barred
21	by the doc	trines of waiver, ratification, estoppel, unclean hands and other equitable
22	defenses.	
23	18.	Plaintiffs' claims are barred by the applicable statute of limitations and/or the
24	doctrine of I	aches.
25	19.	Plaintiffs' claims are barred based on impossibility.
26	20.	Plaintiffs' claims have been waived because of the wrongful acts, omissions
27	and conduct	t of Plaintiffs.
28	21.	Plaintiffs would be unjustly enriched if awarded damages.
		Page 10 of 13

2 22. The Department has no contractual relationship with Plaintiffs to give rise to
 any declaratory relief.

3 23. The damages sustained by the Plaintiff, if any, were caused by the acts of
4 unknown third persons who were not agents, servants, or employees of the Department,
5 and who were not acting on behalf of the Department in any manner or form, and, as such,
6 the Department is not liable in any manner to Plaintiff.

7 24. The Department is not legally responsible for the actions and/or omissions of
8 other third parties.

9 25. Plaintiffs fail to name a party necessary for full and adequate relief essential
10 in this action.

26. Plaintiffs failed to comply with a condition precedent.

12 27. Plaintiffs have not suffered any damages attributable to the actions of the13 Department.

14

11

28. Plaintiffs have failed to timely protect and/or enforce their alleged rights.

15 29. Plaintiffs' claims are barred as Plaintiffs have failed, refused, or neglected to
16 take reasonable steps to mitigate damages, therefore barring or diminishing the ability to
17 recover.

18 30. The Department has an objective good faith belief that it acted reasonably and
19 in good faith and the Department's actions were legally justified.

20

31. The Department substantially complied with NRS and NAC Chapter 453D.

32. The Department, at all relevant times, acted with due care and circumspection in the performance of its duties; exercised the degree of skill and learning ordinarily possessed and exercised by members of its profession in good standing, practicing in similar localities and that at all times, used reasonable care and diligence in the exercise of its skills and the application of its learning, and at all times acted according to its best judgment and met the applicable standard of care.

27 33. Plaintiffs' claims for relief are barred as Plaintiff's alleged damages are
28 speculative and cannot be calculated with any certainty or reliability.

34. Each purported claim for relief is barred by the doctrines of *res judicata* and/or
 collateral estoppel.

3 35. Each purported claim for relief is barred as Plaintiffs are estopped from
4 pursuing any claim against the Department in accordance with equitable principles of
5 jurisprudence.

36. The Department alleges that the damages, if any, alleged by the Plaintiffs
were the result of independent intervening acts, over which the Department had no control,
which resulted in the superseding cause of Plaintiffs alleged damages.

9 37. The Department avails itself of all affirmative defenses set forth in and or
10 arising out of NRS Chapter 453D and NRS Chapter 360 and all applicable regulations and
11 subparts.

38. All possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged inasmuch as
insufficient facts and other relevant information may not be available after reasonable
inquiry and, pursuant to NRCP 11, the Department hereby reserves the right to amend
these affirmative defenses as additional information becomes available. Additionally, one
or more of these Affirmative Defenses may have been pled for the purposes of non-waiver.
Respectfully submitted: April 10, 2019.

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AARON D. FORD Attorney General

By: <u>/ s / Vivienne Rakowsky</u> VIVIENNE RAKOWSKY Deputy Attorney General (Bar No. 9160)

Page 12 of 13

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I certify that I am an employee of the Office of the Attorney General, State of
3	Nevada, and that on April 10, 2019, I filed the foregoing document via this Court's
4	electronic filing system. Parties that are registered with this Court's EFS will be served
5	electronically.
6	
7	<u>/s/ Michele Caro</u> Michele Caro, an employee of the Office of the
8	Nevada Attorney General
9	
10	
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	Page 13 of 13

$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 20 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 23 \\ 24 \\ 25 \\ 26 \\ \end{array} $	MOT GENTILE CRISTALLI MILLER ARMENI SAVARESE DOMINIC P. GENTILE Nevada Bar No. 1923 Email: dgentile@gcmaslaw.com VINCENT SAVARESE III Nevada Bar No. 2467 Email: vsavarese@gcmaslaw.com MICHAEL V. CRISTALLI Nevada Bar No. 6266 Email: mcristalli@gcmaslaw.com ROSS MILLER Nevada Bar No. 8190 Email: mcristalli@gcmaslaw.com 410 South Rampart Blvd., Suite 420 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Tel: (702) 880-0000 Fax: (702) 778-9709 <i>Attorneys for Plaintiffs</i> DISTRICT CLARK COUN SERENITY WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, TGIG, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, TGIG, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, NULEAF INCLINE DISPENSARY, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, NULEAF NCLINE DISPENSARY, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, TRYKE COMPANIES RENO, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, TRYKE COMPANIES RENO, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, TRYKE COMPANIES RENO, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, RYKE COMPANIES RENO, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, GRAYNESS CENTER, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, TPJELIS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, GRAYNTAS NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, NEVADA PURE, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, GRAYNTAS NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, NEVADA PURE, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, DCE PLAINTIFFS I through X; MEDIFARM, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, DCE PLAINTIFFS I through X; Plaintiffs, VS.	
	THE STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION,	
27	Defendant.	
28		
Gentile Cristalli Miller Armeni Savarese Attorneys At Law 410 S. Rampart Bvd. #420 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 880-0000	1 of Dispensary– Pltfs' Ex Parte Mtn. for Leave Case Number: A-19-78696	

	1
1	COME NOW the Plaintiffs, Serenity Wellness Center, LLC, TGIG, LLC, Nuleaf Incline
2	Dispensary, LLC, Holistic Medicine, LLC, Tryke Companies SO NV, LLC, Tryke Companies
3	Reno, LLC, Paradise Wellness Center, LLC, GBS Nevada Partners, LLC, FIDELIS
4	HOLDINGS, LLC, GRAVITAS NEVADA, LLC, NEVADA PURE, LLC, and MEDIFARM,
5	LLC, (collectively "Plaintiffs") by and through counsel their counsel of record, Dominic P.
6	Gentile, Vincent Savarese, Michael V. Cristalli, and Ross Miller and of the law firm of Gentile
7	Cristalli Miller Armeni Savarese, and pursuant to the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution
8	of the United States; Article 1, Sections 1 and 8 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada; and
9	Rule 2.20(a) of the Rules of Practice for the Eighth Judicial District Court of the State of
10	Nevada ("EDCR"), hereby respectfully make their ex parte request that this Honorable Court
11	grant them leave to file a brief in support of their Motion for Preliminary Injunction in the above-
12	entitled matter exceeding 30 pages in length (47 pages).
13	IN THE ALTERNATIVE, Plaintiffs respectfully request leave to file an amended brief in
14	support of their Motion for Preliminary Injunction not to exceed 30 pages in length.
15	THIS MOTION is made and based upon the following Memorandum of Points and
16	Authorities; the papers and pleadings already on file herein and supporting exhibits thereto; and
17	any argument the Court may permit at the hearing of this matter.
18	Dated this day of April, 2019.
19	GENTILE CRISTALLI
20	MILLER ARMENI SAVARESE
21	/s/ Vincent Savarese DOMINIC P. GENTILE
22	Nevada Bar No. 1923 VINCENT SAVARESE III
23	Nevada Bar No. 2467
24	MICHAEL V. CRISTALLI Nevada Bar No. 6266
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27	Attorneys for Plaintiffs
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Miller Armeni Savarese Attorneys At Law 410 S. Rampart Blvd. #420 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 880-0000	2 of 7 Dispensary– Pltfs' Ex Parte Mtn. for Leave
l	

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

EDCR 2.20(a) provides: "Unless otherwise ordered by the court, papers submitted in support of pretrial and post-trial briefs shall be limited to 30 pages, excluding exhibits. Where the court enters an order permitting a longer brief or points and authorities, the papers shall include a table of contents and table of authorities" (emphasis added).

As the Nevada Supreme Court, sitting en banc, acknowledged in *Hernandez v. State*, 117 6 Nev. 463, 467, 24 P.3d 767, 770 (2001), like EDCR 2.20(a), "NRAP 28(g)¹ provides: '*Except by* 7 *permission of the court*, briefs shall not exceed 30 pages, exclusive of pages containing the table 8 9 of contents, tables of citations and any addendum containing statutes, rules, regulations, etc. As the rule indicates, we are aware of the need for briefs longer than 30 pages in some cases...." 10 (emphasis added). And, as the Hernandez Court pointed out, this may be necessary in 11 consideration of "the seriousness and complexity of th[e] [particular case]," (117 Nev. at 468, 12 24 P.3d at 770); in order to ensure that "no critical issue or fact is omitted," 117 Nev. at 468, 24 13 P.3d at 770; and to "provide . . . [litigants in a complex matter] ample and fair opportunity to 14 15 obtain an adjudication on the merits [of their claims]." Id. (emphasis added). Thus, in that case, although our Supreme Court denied the appellant's motion for leave to file a 124 page opening 16 17 brief on direct appeal, it nonetheless granted him permission to file a brief of not more than 80 pages—50 pages longer than the 30 page limit imposed by the rule. 117 Nev. at 463, 24 P.3d at 18 19 768 (emphasis added).

Plaintiffs in this matter respectfully request leave to file a brief in support of their Motion
for Preliminary Injunction in the above-entitled matter which likewise exceeds the otherwise
applicable 30 page limit (albeit to a far lesser extent) for the reasons stated by our Supreme Court
in *Hernandez*. And attached hereto is a copy of the 47 page brief at issue containing the Table of
Contents and Table of Authorities required of briefs in excess of 30 pages by EDCR 2.20(a).

25 26 27

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¹ Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure

Dispensary-Pltfs' Ex Parte Mtn. for Leave

Gentile Cristalli Miller Armeni Savarese Attorneys At Law 410 S. Rampart Blvd. #420 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 880-0000 revidu rules of rippende rioeedure

3 of 7

Plaintiffs mount a complex, sophisticated and comprehensive statutory and constitutional

As this Court is aware, in their Motion for Preliminary Imjunction in this matter,

challenge upon an administrative regulatory licensing team governing the evolving business of 1 retail marijuana stores and their oversight, involving analysis of a new statutory scheme based 2 upon a recent Ballot Initiative, contending that, in promulgating the subject regulatory scheme 3 4 and in determining whether to grant or deny licensing applications, the Defendant Nevada Department of Taxation has exceeded and violated the scope of the discretionary authority 5 delegated to it by the Legislature; has violated several key provisions of its own regulation; and, 6 7 in the process, has arbitrarily and capriciously deprived Plaintiffs of access to what they contend 8 are statutory entitlements to property and liberty interests in state licensing cognizable as such 9 under the Fourteenth Amendment Due Process Clause and the Nevada Constitution. And as the Court is certainly well aware millions of dollars in business revenue is at stake in the 10 determination of this litigation. 11

While lengthy, Plaintiffs' respectfully contend that the brief in question is nonetheless concisely written and well-organized in addressing a number sophisticated issues of constitutional magnitude, is in no respect repetitive, and that to reduce its scope would deprive Plaintiffs a fair opportunity to address all of the defects both in the promulgation and the administration of the challenged regularory and licensing scheme in view of the textual provisions of the enabling statutory scheme and its constitutional implications.

Thus, Plaintiffs respectfully submit that, within the meaning and contemplation of *Hernandez*, "the seriousness and complexity of [this case]," (117 Nev. at 468, 24 P.3d at 770); the interest in ensuring that "no critical issue or fact is omitted" in determining its merits, (117 Nev. at 468, 24 P.3d at 770); and the interest in "provide[ing] . . . [litigants in such complex matters] ample and fair opportunity to obtain an adjudication on the merits [of their claims]," (*id.*), justify Plaintiffs' request to file a lengthy brief in support of their request for preliminary injunctive relief in this case.

And in exchange for the concession of undersigned counsel to permit additional time for response to the subject motion and brief, counsel for Intervenors Defendants have agreed to withdraw their motion to strike the same pursuant to stipulation which has been filed with this Court.

Gentile Cristalli Miller Armeni Savarese Attorneys At Law 410 S. Rampart Blvd. #420 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 880-0000

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27

28

Dispensary- Pltfs' Ex Parte Mtn. for Leave

1	Moreover, Plaintiffs' most respectfully suggest that to simply and arbitrarily refuse to
2	consider the last 17 pages of the brief in this case (pp. 31-47) would be wholly inappropriate.
3	And that, at minimum, counsel for Plaintiffs should be given at least the opportunity to amend
4	their brief to one of shorter length. Middleton v. Warden, 120 Nev. 664, 668, 98 P.3d 694, 697
5	(2004) ("To comply with the 80-page limit, Lindsay made no effort to amend the opening brief
6	and chose instead to tear out the final eight pages, abruptly ending the discussion of one issue
7	and completely omitting any discussion of four other issues listed in the brief's table of
8	contents").
9	CONCLUSION
10	WHEREFORE, for all the foregoing reasons, Plaintiffs respectfully pray that this
11	Honorable Court grant them leave to file a brief in support of their Motion for Preliminary
12	Injunction in the above-entitled matter exceeding 30 pages in length (47 pages), or, in the
13	alternative, allow them leave to file an amended brief in support of their Motion for Preliminary
14	Injunction not to exceed 30 pages in length.
15	Respectfully submitted this <u>10th</u> day of April, 2019.
16	GENTILE CRISTALLI
17	MILLER ARMENI SAVARESE
18	/s/ Vincent Savarese DOMINIC P. GENTILE
19	Nevada Bar No. 1923 VINCENT SAVARESE III
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25	Attorneys for Plaintiffs
25 26	
20 27	
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∠ð Gentile Cristalli	
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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
2	The undersigned, an employee of Gentile Cristalli Miller Armeni Savarese, hereby	
3	certifies that on the day of April, 2019, I served a copy of PLAINTIFFS' EX PARTE	
4	MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' MOTION	
5	FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION IN EXCESS OF THIRTY (30) PAGES IN	
6	LENGTH, OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE, FOR LEAVE TO FILE AMENDED BRIEF	
7	NOT TO EXCEED THIRTY (30) PAGES IN LENGTH in CASE NO.: A-19-786962-B	
8		
9	DEPT. NO. 11, by electronic service in accordance with Administrative Order 14.2, to all	
10	interested parties, through the Court's Odyssey E-File & Serve, system addressed to:	
11	Aaron Ford, Esq.	
12	Attorney General Robert Werbicky, Esq.	
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27	Attorneys for Defendants Integral Associates LLC d/b/a Essence Cannabis Dispensaries,	
28	Essence Tropicana, LLC, Essence Henderson,	
stalli		
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	NLV, LLC
23	
24	haling light
25	An employee of GENTILE CRISTALLI
26	MILLER ARMENI SAVARESE
27	
28 Gentile Cristalli	
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EXHIBIT 1

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EXHIBIT 1

	1	мот	
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	10	Fax: (702) 778-9709	
	11	Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
	11	DISTR	ICT COURT
	12		UNTY, NEVADA
	13	SERENITY WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a	CASE NO . A 10 79(0(2 D
	15	Nevada limited liability company, TGIG, LLC, a	CASE NO.: A-19-786962-B DEPT. NO.: 11
	14	Nevada limited liability company, NULEAF	
1		INCLINE DISPENSARY, LLC, a Nevada	
	15	limited liability company, NEVADA HOLISTIC MEDICINE, LLC, a Nevada limited liability	
	16	company, TRYKE COMPANIES SO NV, LLC,	MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY
	1.11.201.1	a Nevada limited liability company, TRYKE	INJUNCTION
	17	COMPANIES RENO, LLC, a Nevada limited	
	18	liability company, PARADISE WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a Nevada limited liability	
	10	company, GBS NEVADA PARTNERS, LLC, a	
	19	Nevada limited liability company, FIDELIS	
	20	HOLDINGS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability	5
	20	company, GRAVITAS NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, NEVADA	
	21	PURE, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,	
		MEDIFARM, LLC, a Nevada limited liability	
	22	company, DOE PLAINTIFFS I through X; and ROE ENTITY PLAINTIFFS I through X,	
	23	KOE ENTITI FLAINTIFFST ulfough A,	
		Plaintiffs,	
	24		
	25	VS.	
	25	THE STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT	
	26	OF TAXATION,	
	27		
7	27	Defendant.	
C	28		
Gentile C	00000140		
Miller Armeni Attorneys	Savarese At Law		
410 S. Rampan Las Vegas, N	V 89145		
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1		MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES
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6	В. С	Constitutional Provisions vii
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8 9	D. R	Regulations viii
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11	2. Statemer	nt of Facts
12	3. Legal Sta	andard
13	4. Argumer	nt
14	I. T D	The Provisions of the Regulation Textually Exceed the Parameters of the Delimited Regulatory Authority Delegated to the Department by the Ballot
15	II	nitiative and Its Codification by the Nevada Legislature Pursuant to NRS Chapter 453D 17-31
16	А	
17 18		Allocating Licenses According To Local Municipalities And Unincorporated Areas Within A County Rather Than On a County-Wide Basis
19	В	
20		Arbitrary, Irrelevant, Vague, Ambiguous, Undisclosed And Unpublished Criteria To Rank Applications
21	C	
22		C. The Department Failed To Issue The Number Of Licenses Required By Statute
23	E	
24		Each Applicant To Only One License Per Locality
25	E	(Albeit Otherwise Invalid) Regulation By Exceeding The Cap On The
26		Number Of Licenses That Can Be Issued To A Single Company And By Failing To Fairly And Objectively Score Applications
27		1. The Department Exceeded The Cap On The Number Of Licenses That Can Be Issued To A Single Company
28		That Can be issued 10 A Single Company
		i
I	I	۸۸ 00117

1		2. The Department Did Not Fairly And Objectively Score The Applications
2		
3	II.	The Provisions Of The Regulation Are Facially Repugnant To Federal And State Constitutional Provisions
4		A. The Regulation Textually Permits The Arbitrary And Capricious
5		Deprivation Of A Qualified And Prevailing, Properly-Ranked Applicant's Property Interest In Conditional Licensure In Derogation Of
6		Such An Applicant's Statutory Entitlement Thereto Under The Provisions
7		Of NRS 453D.200 And NRS 453D.210, And Therefore In Violation Of The Due Process Protections Guaranteed By The Fourteenth Amendment
8		To The Constitution Of The United States And Article 1, Sections 1 And
		8 Of The Constitution Of The State Of Nevada
9		B. The Regulation Textually Permits The Arbitrary And Capricious
10		Deprivation Of A Qualified And Prevailing, Properly-Ranked Applicant's
11		Liberty Interest In Conditional Licensure In Derogation Of Such An Applicant's Statutory Entitlement Thereto Under The Provisions Of NRS
12		453D.200 And NRS 453D.210, And Therefore In Violation Of The Due
13		Process Protections Guaranteed By The Fourteenth Amendment To The Constitution Of The United States And Article 1, Sections 1 And 8 Of The
14		Constitution Of The State Of Nevada And The Fundamental Constitutional Right To Pursue A Lawful Occupation
15		C. The Regulation Textually Permits The Arbitrary And Capricious
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17		Property And Liberty Interests In Conditional Licensure In Derogation Of Such An Applicant's Statutory Entitlement Thereto Under The Provisions
18		Of NRS 453D.200 And NRS 453D.210 And The Fundamental Constitutional Right To Pursue A Lawful Occupation, And Therefore In
19		Violation Of An Applicant's Right To The Equal Protection Of The Law
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21		State Of Nevada
22	II.	On Information And Belief, The Denial Of Plaintiffs' Applications For Licensure By The Department Was In Fact Affected By Actual Arbitrary And Capricious
23		Decision-Making; And The Licensing Process Was Thereby Rendered
24		Unconstitutional In Its Application As To Plaintiffs
25	III.	The Department's Improper Refusal To Issue Conditional Licensure To Plaintiffs In Accordance With Legislative Mandate Has Unreasonably Interfered With
23 26		Plaintiffs' Business Interests And Has Thereby Caused And Continues To Cause
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28	IV.	The Department Will Suffer No Harm By Following The Requirements Of Legislative Mandate In Properly Administering The Regulation Of The Licensing ii

1			Application Process
2		V.	The Public Interest Is Consistent With Plaintiffs' Interests In The Proper
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COME NOW the Plaintiffs, SERENITY WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a Nevada limited 1 liability company, TGIG, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, NULEAF INCLINE 2 DISPENSARY, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, NEVADA HOLISTIC MEDICINE, 3 4 LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, TRYKE COMPANIES SO NV, LLC a Nevada limited liability company, TRYKE COMPANIES RENO, LLC, a Nevada limited liability 5 company, PARADISE WELLNESS CENTER, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, GBS 6 NEVADA PARTNERS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, FIDELIS HOLDINGS, LLC, 7 a Nevada limited liability company, GRAVITAS NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability 8 9 company, NEVADA PURE, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, MEDIFARM, LLC, a 10 Nevada limited liability company; DOE PLAINTIFFS I through X; and ROE ENTITIES I through X, by and through their counsel, DOMINIC P. GENTILE, ESQ., VINCENT 11 SAVARESE III, ESQ., MICHAEL V. CRISTALLI, ESQ., and ROSS MILLER, ESQ., of the 12 13 law firm of Gentile Cristalli Miller Armeni Savarese, and pursuant to the Fourteenth Amendment 14 to the Constitution of the United States; Article 1, Sections 1 and 8 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada; Title 42, United States Code ("U.S.C."), Section 1983; 2016 Initiative Petition, 15 16 Ballot Question No. 2 entitled the "Regulation and Taxation of Marijuana Act" (the "Ballot 17 Initiative"); Nevada Revised Statutes ("NRS"), Chapter 453D ("the enabling statutes"); Nevada Administrative Code ("NAC"), Chapter 453D ("the Regulation"); Section 80 of the Adopted 18 19 Regulation of the Department of Taxation, LCB File No. R092-17 ("R092-17"); NRS 33.010, 20 and other laws and regulations of the State of Nevada, hereby respectfully request that this 21 Honorable Court enter a preliminary injunction providing them with the following relief pending a trial on the merits and a final judgment in this matter, as requested in the Complaint on file 22 herein: 23

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A. An order enjoining the enforcement of the denial by the State of Nevada Department of Taxation ("the Department") of Plaintiffs' applications for conditional licenses to operate adult-use recreational marijuana retail stores;

B. An order enjoining the enforcement of the conditional licenses to operate such recreational marijuana retail stores granted by the Department to other applicants;

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	1 C. An order enjoining the enforcement and implementation of the current regulation
C	2 governing the adult-use recreational marijuana retail store conditional licensing
	application and determination process adopted by the Department codified at Nevada
	Administrative Code ("NAC") Chapter 453D ("the Regulation") pursuant to which
	5 Plaintiffs' applications for conditional licensure were denied and the applications of
	6 other applicants for conditional licensure were granted by the Department;
	D. An order restoring the <i>status quo ante</i> prior to the Department's adoption of the
	8 Regulation;
	E. An order compelling the Department to disclose all applications and scoring
1	information pertaining to each and every applicant for conditional licensure;
1	F. An order compelling the Department to disclose the identities, training, and
1	qualifications of each and every scorer of the various applications;
1	G. An order compelling the Department to disclose the policies, procedures, guidelines,
1	and/or regulations which governed the manner by which the various scorers assessed
1	numerical points to each criterion applied in the license application determination
1	5 process, whether published or unpublished, and the manner by which uniformity and
1	7 consistency of scoring assessment was ensured.
1	THIS MOTION is made and based upon all pleadings and papers on file in this action,
1	the exhibits appended hereto, the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities and such
2	evidence and argument as the Court may require at time of hearing.
2	IN SUPPORT OF THIS MOTION Plaintiffs respectfully assign the following grounds:
2	1. The provisions of the Regulation and the licensing determinations of the Department
2	exceed the parameters of the delimited regulatory authority delegated to the
2	Department by the Ballot Initiative and its codification by the Nevada Legislature at
2	5 NRS Chapter 453D, in that:
2	A. NAC 453D.272(3) textually permits the Department to rank applications and
2	allocate conditional licenses according to the proportionate populations of specific
2	3
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1	municipal jurisdictions and unincorporated areas within a county, rather than on a
2	county-wide basis as textually required by NRS 453D.210;
3	B. NAC 453D.272(1) textually permits the Department to rank applications and
4	allocate conditional licenses based upon arbitrary, irrelevant, vague, ambiguous,
5	undisclosed, and unpublished criteria, rather than criteria "that are directly and
6	demonstrably related to the operation of a marijuana establishment," as textually
7	required by NRS 453D.200(1)(b) and rather than pursuant to "an impartial and
8	numerically scored competitive bidding process" as textually required by NRS
9	453D.200(2) and NRS 453D.210(6);
10	C. The Regulation does not assign specific numerical point values, or numerical
11	point value ranges, applicable to any of the licensing criteria that are listed in
12	NAC 453D.272(1) and certainly cannot do so with respect to the undisclosed and
13	unpublished, additional criteria referred to therein only as "additional criteria,"
14	and does not require that all such criteria be equally weighted, uniformly and
15	consistently assessed, or scored by adequately trained and qualified personnel, all
16	of which is further inconsistent with the "impartial and numerically scored
17	competitive bidding process" textually required by NRS 453D.200(2) and NRS
18	453D.210(6);
19	D. The Department has failed to issue the number of conditional licenses required by
20	NRS 453D.210(5):
21	E. The Department has engaged in unlawful ad hoc rule-making by arbitrarily
22	limiting each applicant to a single conditional license per locality absent
23	legislative authorization by NRS Chapter 453D:
24	F. On information and belief, the Department has failed to conduct the background
25	check required by NRS 453D.200(6) in order to determine that "each prospective
26	owner" has not been convicted of certain felony offenses and has not served as an
27	owner of a marijuana establishment that has had its license revoked, particularly
28	with respect public-company applicants, as textually required by NRS
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	1	453D.210(5)(f) and NAC 453D.312(1), which requires the Department to deny
C	2	any application that is not in compliance with any provision of NRS Chapter
	3	453D;
	4	G. The Department has failed to send written notices of rejection to un-approved
	5	applicants adequately setting forth the reasons why it did not grant their
	6	conditional license applications as textually required by NRS 453D.210(4)(b);
	7	H. The Department has arbitrarily and capriciously refused to permit un-approved
	8	applicants to review the scoring for their conditional license application until after
	9	the time to appeal the licensing determination has expired (pursuant to NRS
	10	233B.130); will not provide them with any explanation as to how their score for
	11	each published criterion was determined; will not advise them whether
	12	undisclosed, unpublished "additional criteria" were considered in rejecting their
	13	applications, and if so, provide them with any explanation as to how their score
	14	for each such criterion was determined; and will not provide them with copies of
	15	the scoring for their own applications or the applications of any other applicants
	16	who were either granted or denied licenses; and therefore, the Department has
	17	effectively deprived Plaintiffs of information necessary to determine whether the
	18	Department accurately scored their applications; meaningfully exercise their right
	19	to appeal the Department's licensing determinations; or meaningfully obtain
	20	informed and appropriate judicial review of the Department's administrative
	21	decisions; and
	22	I. The Department has arbitrarily and capriciously allocated and issued conditional
	23	licenses in violation of its own (albeit otherwise invalid) Regulation.
	24	2. The provisions of the Regulation are facially repugnant to the above-cited federal and
	25	state constitutional provisions, in that:
	26	A. For the foregoing reasons, they textually permit the arbitrary and capricious
	27	deprivation of a qualified and prevailing, properly-ranked applicant's property
Q	28	interest in conditional licensure, in derogation of such an applicant's statutory
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entitlement thereto under the provisions of NRS 453D.200 and NRS 453D.210, and therefore in violation of the due process protections guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States and Article 1, Sections 1 and 8 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada;

- B. For the foregoing reasons, they likewise textually permit the arbitrary and capricious deprivation of such an applicant's liberty interest in conditional licensure, in derogation of such an applicant's statutory entitlement thereto under the provisions of NRS 453D.200 and NRS 453D.210, and therefore in violation of the due process protections guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States and Article 1, Sections 1 and 8 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada and the fundamental federal constitutional right to pursue a lawful occupation; and
 - C. For the foregoing reasons, they further likewise textually permit the arbitrary and capricious deprivation of such an applicant's aforesaid property and liberty interests in conditional licensure in violation of the equal protection of the law guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States and Article 1, Sections 1 and 8 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada.
- 3. On information and belief, the denial of Plaintiffs' applications for conditional licensure by the Department was in fact affected by actual arbitrary and capricious decision-making in derogation of the provisions of NRS 453D; and therefore, the licensing process was also thereby rendered unconstitutional in its application as to Plaintiffs for the reasons set forth *supra*.

4. The Department's improper denial of conditional licensure to Plaintiffs in violation of the above-cited constitutional and statutory provisions has unreasonably interfered with Plaintiffs' business interests and has thereby caused and continues to cause irreparable harm to Plaintiffs for which Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law;

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1	5. The Department will suffer no harm by following the requirements of the above-cited
2	constitutional and statutory provisions in properly administering the regulation of the
3	conditional licensing process;
4	6. The public interest is consistent with Plaintiffs' interests in the proper administration
5	of a transparent, impartial and objective licensing process in accordance with the
6	above-cited constitutional and statutory provisions; and
7	7. For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiffs are likely to succeed on the merits in this
8	litigation.
9	Dated this 18 day of March, 2019.
10	GENTILE CRISTALLI
11	MILLER ARMENI SAVARESE
12	Kunein Lewing
13	DOMINIC P. GENTILE
14	Nevada Bar No. 1923 VINCENT SAVARESE III
15	Nevada Bar No. 2467 MICHAEL V. CRISTALLI
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	1	NOTICE OF MOTION
	2	
(3	YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, will please take notice that the undersigned will bring the
		above foregoing motion on for Hearing before this Court on the day of,
	4	2019, at the hour of a.m./p.m. of said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard
	5	in Department 11.
	6	Dated this 18 day of March, 2019.
	7	GENTILE CRISTALLI
	8	MILLER ARMENI SAVARESE
	9	Muced Havener
	10	DOMINIC P. GENTILE Nevada Bar No. 1923
	11	VINCENT SAVARESE III Nevada Bar No. 2467
	12	MICHAEL V. CRISTALLI
	13	Nevada Bar No. 6266 ROSS MILLER
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	15	410 S. Rampart Blvd., Suite 420 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145
C		Tel: (702) 880-0000 Attorneys for Plaintiffs
	16	moneys for 1 mmmys
	17	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES
	18	1.
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	20	INTRODUCTION
	21	In 2017, after the voters of the State of Nevada embraced the sale of marijuana to adults
	22	for recreational use, the Nevada Department of Taxation was tasked by the Legislature with
	23	implementing a new licensing application process for the sales of recreational marijuana in this
	24	state.
	25	By 2018, it had become clear that the application scheme and grading process that the
	26	Department had established completely lacked transparency for stakeholders across the board.
	27	The taxpaying public, license-holding members of the Nevada cannabis industry and their
\Box	28	employees who pioneered the sale of medical marijuana, regulators at the county and municipal
Gentile Crist Miller Armeni Sa Attorneys At I 410 S. Rampart Bl Las Vegas. NV 1 (702) 880-00	avarese Law Ivd. #420 89145	8 of 47

1 level, and members of the media were completely unable to audit what was going on and ensure 2 the accountability of those involved in the licensing process. The public concern regarding the 3 possibility of the presence of organized criminal cartels (that previously had absolute control 4 over the cultivation and distribution of marijuana) in this new taxed and regulated industry was 5 unable to be addressed. The Department of Taxation – refusing to reveal the information 6 necessary to audit the process under the guise of "privacy concerns" – has cavalierly taken the 7 position of: "just trust us."

This has resulted in the recreational marijuana retail store licensing application process 8 adopted and administered by the Department being inconsistent with the enabling statutes 9 enacted by the Nevada Legislature and unconstitutional, both on its face in that it permits the 10 11 arbitrary and capricious deprivation of an applicant's due process, property and liberty interests, and as applied with regard to the denial of conditional licensing that resulted. The Department's 12 closed-door approach to licensing determinations in one of Nevada's most lucrative emerging 13 industries which, until now, has been completely controlled by lawless and violent elements, 14 15 runs counter to Nevada's longstanding tradition of transparency in the licensing of liquor and gaming establishments. Nevada's history of dealing with such licensing in the light of day has 16 long established the Silver State's approach as the "gold standard" for entitlement processes. 17

Conversely, it is precisely this type of "closed system" which the Department implemented in 2018 that is ripe for the potential of corruption of both the application system and officials involved in the entitlement process. This lack of transparency is of even graver concern given the fact that the market has established that cannabis licenses are worth tens of millions, even hundreds of millions, of dollars. Given the Department's lack of transparency in the 2018 application scheme, the system is therefore ripe for corruption on all levels.

Among the most troubling outcomes of the 2018 licensing scheme was the fact that some Nevada residents who were owners of recreational sales and cultivation licenses with essentially perfect records of operation were completely shut out. They were granted no new licenses. At the same time, non-Nevada residents and foreign nationals were awarded a significant number of licenses. This occurred despite the fact these non-residents and foreign nationals had absolutely

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no record of operation in Nevada's cannabis industry. Worse still, they acquired their interests in
 the applying entities by purchasing shares in publicly-traded companies with anonymous
 stockholders, *after* the applications were filed by their original owners.

Among the issues which make Plaintiff's claims likely to prevail at trial is that it is 4 widely understood that even though these licenses are worth millions of dollars, the decision-5 making process by the Nevada Department of Taxation was conducted by temporary workers 6 contracted on a daily basis by "Manpower," whose training, consistency and supervision are 7 unascertainable, and who were not susceptible to the accountability of regular government 8 employees. Despite this troubling lack of judgment, experience, and accountability, the 9 Department's position is that there is no right of appeal from the denial of a license application, 10 and no right of redress in the administrative process. This arbitrary and capricious approach to a 11 "final verdict" in administrative licensing is in direct contravention of the due process 12 protections of the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution. 13

Finally, Plaintiffs allege, on information and belief, that as a result of the Department's refusal to allow daylight to enter the machinations of the process so as to permit effective scrutiny by the public and others with direct interest in it, the denial of their applications for licensure by the Department has in fact been affected by actual arbitrary, capricious or corrupt decision-making based upon administrative partiality or favoritism. And as a result, the licensing process was thereby rendered unconstitutional in its application as to Plaintiffs.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

2.

The Nevada Legislature passed a number of bills during the 2017 legislative session concerning the licensing, regulation, and operation of recreational marijuana establishments in the State of Nevada. One of those bills, Assembly Bill 422, transferred responsibility for the registration, licensing, and regulation of marijuana establishments from the State of Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health to the State of Nevada Department of Taxation ("the Department"). This legislation was approved by the voters at the General Election of 2016 as Initiative Petition, Ballot Question No. 2, entitled the "Regulation and Taxation of Marijuana 10 of 47

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	1 Act," ("the Ballot Initiative"), appended hereto and incorporated herein by reference as "Exhibit
0	2 A." It was enacted by the Nevada Legislature; and is codified at NRS Chapter 453D.
	3 NRS 453D.200 provides, in pertinent part:
	4 "1. Not later than January 1, 2018, the Department <i>shall</i> adopt all regulations
	5 necessary or convenient to carry out the provisions of this chapter. The regulations must not prohibit the operation of marijuana establishments, either
	6 expressly or through regulations that make their operation unreasonably impracticable. The regulations <i>shall</i> include:
	 7 (a) Procedures for the issuance, renewal, suspension, and revocation of a license to operate a marijuana establishment;
	8 (b) Qualifications for licensure that are directly and demonstrably related to
	9 the operation of a marijuana establishment;
	2. The Department <i>shall approve or deny</i> applications for licenses <i>pursuant</i> to NRS 453D.210."
1	(Emphasis added.)
	NRS 453D.210, in turn, provides, in pertinent part:
1	 "4. Upon receipt of a complete marijuana establishment license application, the
1	4 Department shall, within 90 days:
1	5. The Department <i>shall approve</i> a license application if:
1	6 (a) The prospective marijuana establishment has submitted an application in compliance with regulations adopted by the Department and the application fee
1	7 required pursuant to NRS 453D.2;
1	store within a single county, the Department shall use an impartial and
1	9 numerically scored competitive bidding process to determine which application or applications among those competing will be approved."
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2	And NRS 453D.210 requires the Department to rank applications and allocate conditional
2	3 licenses according to proportionate <i>county-wide</i> populations.
2	The Department thereupon adopted a regulation governing the adult-use recreational
2	5 marijuana retail store conditional licensing application and determination process, which is
2	codified at NAC Chapter 453D ("the Regulation").
2	Rather than criteria "that are directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a
2	marijuana establishment," as textually required by NRS 453D.200(1)(b) as set forth supra,
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1	NAC 453D.272(1) textually purports to permit the Department to rank applications and allocate	
2	conditional licenses based upon all of the following enumerated criteria:	
3	a. Operating experience of another kind of business by the owners, officers or	
4	board members that has given them experience which is applicable to the	
5	operation of a marijuana establishment;	
6	b. Diversity of the owners, officers or board members;	
7	c. Evidence of the amount of taxes paid and other beneficial financial	
8	contributions;	
9	d. Educational achievements of the owners, officers or board members;	
10	e. The applicant's plan for care, quality and safekeeping of marijuana from seed to	
11	sale;	
12	f. The financial plan and resources of the applicant, both liquid and illiquid;	
13	g. The experience of key personnel that the applicant intends to employ; and	
14	h. Direct experience of the owners, officers, or board members of a medical	
15	marijuana establishment or marijuana establishment in this state.	
16	(Emphasis added.)	
17	Moreover, NAC 453D.272(1)(i) further purports to allows the Department to rank	
18	applications based on "[a]ny other [undisclosed and unpublished, additional] criteria that the	
19	Department determines to be relevant" (emphasis added). And consistent therewith, Section 6.3	
20	of the conditional licensing application form created by the Department, (appended hereto and	
21	incorporated herein by reference as "Exhibit B"), states that "[a]pplications that have not	
22	demonstrated a sufficient response related to the [specifically enumerated] criteria set forth	
23	above will not have additional [undisclosed, unpublished] criteria considered in determining	
24	whether to issue a license and will not move forward in the application process" (emphasis	
25	added). Thus, conversely, by necessary implication, in order for it to "move forward in the	
26	application process," that section of the application form textually subjects an application which	
27	has in fact demonstrated a sufficient response related to the specifically enumerated, published	
28	criteria set forth above to "additional [unspecified, unknown, and unpublished] criteria"-	
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consideration of which by the Department will determine whether or not a license application will ultimately be approved—notwithstanding the textual requirement of NRS 453 D. 200.1(b) that the Department "shall" adopt regulations that prescribe only "[q]ualifications for licensure that are *directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a marijuana establishment*" (emphasis added).

Furthermore, rather than pursuant to "an impartial and numerically scored competitive 6 bidding process" as textually required by NRS 453D.200(2) and NRS 453D.210(6), by 7 purporting to allow the Department to rank applications based on "[a]ny other [undisclosed, 8 9 unknown and unpublished, additional] criteria that the Department determines to be relevant," NAC 453D.272(1)(i) textually permits the Department to undertake unbridled 10 discretion to rank applications based on criteria that are arbitrary and unknown to the applicants 11 and the public-not only in the absence of legislative delegation of authority, but clearly in 12 derogation of expressed legislative intent to specifically delimit and cabin administrative 13 discretion in licensing determinations. And, due to the absence of transparency thereby 14 enshrined, there is no accounting for the potential of partiality, favoritism, or even outright 15 16 corruption in the decision-making process (emphasis added).

Nor does the Regulation assign specific numerical point values, or numerical point value ranges, applicable to any of the licensing criteria that are listed in NAC 453D.272(1), and certainly cannot do so with respect to the undisclosed and unpublished, additional criteria referred to therein. Neither does it require that all such criteria be equally weighted, uniformly and consistently assessed, or scored by adequately trained and qualified personnel.

NAC 453D.272(3) further textually permits the Department to allocate conditional licenses according to the proportionate populations of specific municipal jurisdictions and unincorporated areas *within* a county, rather than on a *county-wide* basis as required by NRS 453D.210. Indeed, NRS 453D.210(5)(d) sets presumptive caps on the number of licenses issued in each county, according to *county-wide* population. And NRS 453D.210(5)(d)(5) permits the Department to issue *more* licenses, but only if the *county* requests that it do so.

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Pursuant to NRS 453D.210(5)(d)(1), the cap in Clark County is 80 licenses. However, the Department issued only 78 licenses in Clark County.

And, absent statutory authority to do so, the Department's application form states that "[n]o applicant may be awarded more than 1 (one) retail store license in a jurisdiction/locality, unless there are less applicants than licenses allowed in the jurisdiction." Exhibit A at page 8.

6 On Information and belief, the Department has failed to conduct the background check 7 required by NRS 453D.200(6) in order to determine that "*each* prospective owner," (emphasis 8 added), has not been convicted of certain felony offenses and has not served as an owner of a 9 marijuana establishment that has had its license revoked, particularly with respect to shareowners 10 of public companies, as required by NRS 453D.210(5)(f) and NAC 453D.312(1)—which 11 requires the Department to deny any application that is not in compliance with any provision of 12 NRS Chapter 453D.

The Department has further failed to send written notices of rejection to un-approved applicants adequately setting forth the specific reasons why it did not grant their conditional license applications as required by NRS 453D.210(4)(b). Rather, the notices of rejection merely state, in every case, that the applicant did not attain a high enough score.

17 The Department will not permit un-approved applicants to review the scoring for their conditional license application until after the time to appeal the licensing determination has 18 19 expired (pursuant to NRS 233B.130); will not provide them with any explanation as to how their score for each published criterion was determined; will not advise them whether or not 20 undisclosed, unpublished criteria were considered in rejecting their applications, and if so, 21 provide them with any explanation as to how their score for each such unpublished and 22 undisclosed criterion was determined; and will not provide them with copies of the scoring for 23 their own applications or any information regarding the applications of any other applicants who 24 were either granted or denied licenses; and will not discuss the scoring provided or the 25 application review process; and therefore, the Department has effectively deprived Plaintiffs with 26 information necessary to determine whether the Department accurately scored their applications; 27 appeal the Department's licensing determinations; or obtain informed and appropriate judicial 28

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review of the Department's administrative decisions. See Marijuana Establishment (ME)
 Application Score Review Meeting Procedures, appended hereto and incorporated herein by
 reference as "Exhibit C."

Plaintiffs were among those applicants which sought licenses to own and operate recreational marijuana retail stores pursuant to the Regulation, having submitted their applications in compliance with the requirements thereof together with the required application fee in accordance with NRS 453D.210.

8 However, Plaintiffs have all been informed by the Department that each of their 9 Applications were denied. And in each instance, Plaintiffs were simply informed by letter from 10 the Department that a license was not granted to the Plaintiff applicant "because it did not 11 achieve a score high enough to receive an available license."

On information and belief, Plaintiffs allege that the Department improperly denied their license applications and, conversely, improperly granted licenses to other competing applicants, absent implementation of the impartial and objective competitive bidding process mandated by NRS 453D.210, and based upon the assumption of arbitrary and capricious exercise of impermissibly unbridled administrative discretion.

And on information and belief, Plaintiffs allege that the Department has further violated its own Regulation by granting more than one recreational marijuana store license per local jurisdiction to certain applicants, owners, or ownership groups.

3.

LEGAL STANDARD

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"An injunction may be granted in the following cases:

NRS 33.010 (Cases in which injunction may be granted) provides:

1. When it shall appear by the complaint that the plaintiff is entitled to the relief demanded, and such relief or any part thereof consists in restraining the commission or continuance of the act complained of, either for a limited period or perpetually.

 When it shall appear by the complaint or affidavit that the commission or continuance of some act, during the litigation, would produce great or irreparable injury to the plaintiff.

3. When it shall appear, during the litigation, that the defendant is doing or threatens, or is about to do, or is procuring or suffering to be done, some act in

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Gentile Cristalli Miller Armeni Savarase Attorneys At Law 410 S. Rampart Blvd. 4420 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 880-0000 violation of the plaintiff's rights respecting the subject of the action, and tending to render the judgment ineffectual."

NRS 30.040.1 (Questions of construction or validity of instruments, contracts and

statutes) provides:

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"Any person interested under a deed, written contract or other writings constituting a contract, or whose rights, status or other legal relations are affected by a statute, municipal ordinance, contract or franchise, may have determined any question of construction or validity arising under the instrument, statute, ordinance, contract or franchise and obtain a declaration of rights, status or other legal relations thereunder."

And 42 U.S.C. § 1983 provides:

"Every person who, under color of any statute, ordinance, regulation, custom, or usage, of any State or Territory or the District of Columbia, subjects, or causes to be subjected, any citizen of the United States or other person within the jurisdiction thereof to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the Constitution and laws, shall be liable to the party injured in an action at law, *suit in equity*, or other proper proceeding for redress, except that in any action brought against a judicial officer for an act or omission taken in such officer's judicial capacity, injunctive relief shall not be granted unless a declaratory decree was violated or declaratory relief was unavailable. For the purposes of this section, any Act of Congress applicable exclusively to the District of Columbia shall be considered to be a statute of the District of Columbia."

(Emphasis added.)

Thus, as the Nevada Supreme Court has explained, under NRS 33.010: "A preliminary injunction to preserve the status quo is normally available upon a showing that the party seeking it enjoys a reasonable probability of success on the merits and that the defendant's conduct, if allowed to continue, will result in irreparable harm for which compensatory damage is an inadequate remedy." *Dixon v. Thatcher*, 103 Nev. 414, 415, 742 P.2d 1029, 1029 (1987). *See also e.g., City of Sparks v. Sparks Mun. Court*, 129 Nev. 348, 357, 302 P.3d 1118, 1124 (2013); *University Sys. v. Nevadans for Sound Gov't*, 120 Nev. 712, 721, 100 P.3d 179, 187 (2004); *Dangberg Holdings Nevada, L.L.C. v. Douglas Cty. & its Bd. of Cty. Comm'rs*, 115 Nev. 129, 142, 978 P.2d 311, 319 (1999).

"The decision whether to grant a preliminary injunction is within the sound discretion of the district court, whose decision will not be disturbed on appeal absent an abuse of discretion."

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1	Dangberg Holdings, 115 Nev. at 142-43, 978 P.2d at 319 (1999). See also e.g., State, Dep't of	
2	Bus. & Indus., Fin. Institutions Div. v. Nevada Ass'n Servs., Inc., 128 Nev. 362, 366, 294 P.3d	
3	1223, 1226 (2012). However, our Supreme Court has pointed out that "when [as in this case] the	
4	underlying issues in the motion for preliminary injunction involve[] questions of statutory	l
5	construction, including the meaning and scope of a statute, we review those questions [of	
6	law] de novo." Id. See also e.g., City of Sparks, 129 Nev. at 357, 302 P.3d at1124-25 (2013)	
7	("Whether to grant or deny a preliminary injunction is within the district court's discretion.	
8	Nevadans for Sound Gov't, 120 Nev. at 721, 100 P.3d at 187. In the context of an appeal from a	
9	preliminary injunction, we review questions of law de novo and the district court's factual	
10	findings for clear error or a lack of substantial evidentiary support").	
11	4.	
12	ARGUMENT	
13	I.	
14	THE PROVISIONS OF THE REGULATION TEXTUALLY EXCEED THE	
15	PARAMETERS OF THE DELIMITED REGULATORY AUTHORITY DELEGATED	
16	TO THE DEPARTMENT BY THE BALLOT INITIATIVE AND ITS CODIFICATION BY THE NEVADA LEGISLATURE PURSUANT TO NRS CHAPTER 453D.	
17	Because administrative regulations have the force of law and are legislative in nature, an	
18	administrative agency must be given statutory authority to adopt regulations. Cty. of Clark v. LB	
19	Props., Inc., 129 Nev. 909, 912, 315 P.3d 294, 296 (2013). Thus, an administrative agency	
20	cannot enact regulations that exceed the rule-making authority delegated to it by enabling statute.	
21	Village League to Save Incline Assets, Inc. v. State, 388 P.3d 218, 225 (Nev. 2017). And	
22	therefore, courts "will not hesitate to declare a regulation invalid when the regulation violates the	
23	constitution, conflicts with existing statutory provisions or exceeds the statutory authority of the	
24	agency or is otherwise arbitrary and capricious." Div. of Ins. v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.,	
25	116 Nev. 290, 293, 995 P.2d 482, 485 (2000).	
26	The process the Department has used to grant or deny the new licenses for retail	
27	marijuana stores was illegal and the Department's licensing determinations must therefore be set	
28	aside. Thus, as discussed infra, the Department violated the requirements of the Ballot Initiative	
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and NRS Chapter 453D in numerous respects, including: by ranking and allocating licenses according to the populations of specific localities within a county; by ranking and allocating applications using arbitrary, irrelevant, undisclosed and unpublished criteria; by failing to issue the required number of licenses; and by limiting the number of licenses to one per applicant for each local jurisdiction.

The Regulation Violates NRS 453D.210 By Ranking Applications And Allocating Licenses According To Local Municipalities And Unincorporated Areas Within A County Rather Than On A County-Wide Basis.

A.

NAC 453D.272(1) states that the Department will allocate licenses and rank applications according to the proportionate populations of various local jurisdictions *within* a single county. This process directly conflicts with NRS 453D.210, which requires the Department to rank and issue licenses on a *county-wide* basis.

NAC 453D.272 is invalid because it exceeds the Department's rule-making authority and

directly conflicts with NRS 453D.210. Thus, NAC 453D.272(3) provides in relevant part:

"The Department will allocate the licenses for retail marijuana stores described in paragraph (d) of subsection 5 of NRS 453D.210 to jurisdictions within each county and to the unincorporated area of the county proportionally based on the population of each [such] jurisdiction and of the unincorporated area of the county."

19 (Emphasis added.)

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That subsection further states:

"Within each such jurisdiction or area, the Department will issue licenses for retail marijuana stores to the highest-ranked applicants until the Department has issued the number of licenses authorized for issuance."

(Emphasis added.)

Nothing in NRS Chapter 453D authorizes the Department to rank applications or allocate licenses to certain local jurisdictions *within* a county. Rather, the Initiative and NRS Chapter 453D clearly delimit the Department's authority to issue licenses according to *county* only. Thus, the Department does not have the authority to pick and choose the jurisdictions *within* a county where licenses will be issued, or to decide how many it will issue on that basis.

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Gentile Cristalli Miller Armeni Savarese Attorneys At Law 410 S. Rampart Bivd. #420 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 880-0000 Indeed, NRS 453D.210(6) provides: "When competing applications are submitted for a
 proposed retail marijuana store *within a single county*, the Department *shall* use an impartial
 and numerically scored competitive bidding process to determine which application or
 applications among those competing will be approved" (emphasis added).

5 Thus, the Ballot Initiative and enabling statutes already make provision for situations in which there are multiple "competing applications" for licenses in a single county. The statute's 6 reference to "competing applications ... within a single county" plainly shows that it is all the 7 applications within a county (not an intra-county local jurisdiction) that are "competing." The 8 9 statute further mandates that the Department "shall" use a competitive bidding process to determine which applications "among those competing" will be approved. Thus the phrase 10 "among those competing" must be construed to refer to those "applications for licenses in a 11 single county." And therefore, the statute must be construed to require the competitive bidding 12 13 process to apply on a county-wide basis.

NRS 453D.210(6) is *mandatory*, and therefore *requires* the Department to rank all competing applications within the county as a whole, and to issue licenses according to applicants' rankings on that basis, and does not permit the Department to rank applications or allocate licenses according to the population of specific localities *within* a county. NAC 453D.272 directly conflicts with this mandate by purporting to authorize the Department to rank and allocate licenses on a completely different basis, *i.e.*, population of certain localities. Ans accordingly, NAC 453D.272 is invalid because it conflicts with NRS 453D.210(6).

21 Furthermore, NAC 453D.272 violates the plain purpose and intent of NRS 453D.210(6) to require that where there are more applicants than there are licenses to be issued within a 22 23 county, the Department should determine which are the "best" applicants, and issue licenses to 24 those applicants first. Whereas by contrast, the Department's method, as set forth in NAC 453D.272, could result in licenses being issued to lower-ranked applicants on the fortuitous basis 25 of where the applicant's proposed store happens to be located within the county. Thus, because 26 the Department's method violates NRS 453D.210(6), an applicant who would otherwise rank 27 quite poorly as compared to all other applicants in the county could achieve a higher ranking in a 28

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specific local jurisdiction within the county due to less competition, and thus be awarded a 1 license ahead of more qualified applicants within the county who did not apply for a license in 2 all of the local jurisdictions within it in order to meet the Department's self-imposed local 3 4 population allocation.

5 Other provisions of the Ballot Initiative and NRS Chapter 453D also demonstrate that the Department has no authority to pick and choose the specific localities within a county where it 6 7 will issue licenses, and how many it will issue.

8 First, NRS 453D.210(5)(d)(5) provides that the Department may issue more licenses than 9 set forth in the statute, but only "[u]pon request of a county government" (emphasis added), whereas, in contradistinction, local governments are not permitted to make such requests. 10

And second, NRS 453D.210(5) mandates that the Department "shall" issue licenses to 11 applicants who meet the requirements of the statute and regulations, unless certain exceptions 12 13 apply. The only relevant exception in this case is set forth in NRS 453D.210(5)(e), which 14 provides that, assuming other conditions are met, the Department shall issue a license if "[t]he locality in which the proposed marijuana establishment will be located does not affirm to the 15 Department that the proposed marijuana establishment will be in violation of zoning or land 16 use rules adopted by the locality" (emphasis added). The language of this exception is limited 17 and specific. Thus, under the enabling statutes, the only consideration given to a specific locality 18 is when that locality affirmatively notifies the Department that the proposed marijuana 19 20 establishment would violate its zoning or land use rules.1 And accordingly, the Department cannot deny a license solely because the applicant's proposed location does not fit the 21 Department's own unauthorized local population allocation rule imposed by NAC 453D.272 in 22 23 conflict with NRS 453D.210(5).

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When an agency's regulation is not within the scope of statutory language delimiting its authority, the regulation is invalid. Village League, 388 P.3d at 226. In Village League, the 26 Nevada Supreme Court struck down a regulation that purported to allow the State Board of

¹ The Department apparently recognizes this restriction to some degree, in that NAC 453D.272(2) states that the Department will not require proof of compliance with local zoning and land use regulations to be submitted with an application, and will not consider such approval when ranking applications.

Gentile Cristall Aller Armeni Savarese Attorneys At Law 10 S. Rampart Blvd. #420 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 880-0000 Equalization to order reappraisals of certain properties, holding that "[b]ecause NAC 361.665(1)(c)'s purported grant of power is not within the language of' NRS 361.395, or any other statutory provision, we conclude that the State Board's interpretation is unreasonable and in excess of its statutory authority." *Id.*

Likewise, NAC 453D.272 is "not within the language" of NRS Chapter 453D. Nothing in the statutory scheme authorizes the Department to decide which specific localities within a county will get licenses, and how many. Indeed, NAC 453D.272 directly conflicts with NRS 453D.210(5) and (6), which require the Department to conduct a *county-wide* competitive bidding process. Thus, as in *Village League*, the Regulation exceeds the Department's statutory authority, and is therefore unenforceable. And accordingly, the licenses issued pursuant to the Department's illegal ranking and allocation method are likewise invalid.

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B.

<u>The Regulation Violates NRS 453D.210 By Employing Unauthorized,</u> <u>Arbitrary, Irrelevant, Vague, Ambiguous, Undisclosed And Unpublished</u> <u>Criteria To Rank Applications.</u>

The Department has also exceeded its statutory authority by creating a competitive bidding process that textually takes into account not only enumerated, facially arbitrary criteria that are not "directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a marijuana establishment," as required by the Ballot Initiative and NRS Chapter 453D, but textually purports to permit licensing determinations to be based on any additional, unspecified, undisclosed and unpublished criteria that the Department deems relevant, and which therefore cannot be determined to be of such requisite delimited character.

Thus, while NRS 453D.200 permits the Department to adopt regulations to carry out the purposes of that chapter, it does not give the Department carte blanche to enact any and all regulations it might wish to impose. Instead, NRS 453D.200(1)(b) textually mandates that the regulations "*shall*" only impose criteria for licensure that "*directly and demonstrably relate to the operation of a marijuana establishment*" (emphasis added). Furthermore, NRS 453D.200(2) mandates that the Department "*shall* approve or deny applications for licenses *pursuant to NRS*

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453D.210" (emphasis added). And NRS 453D.210(6) requires that the "Department shall use an
 impartial and *numerically scored competitive bidding process* to determine which among those
 competing applications will be approved" (emphasis added).

However, in the event that there are more applicants than licenses to be issued, NAC 453D.272(1) sets forth application ranking criteria that are *neither* "impartial" nor "directly and demonstrably relate[d]" to the operation of a marijuana establishment. These criteria include: "[o]perating experience *of another kind of business*"; "*[d]iversity* of the owners, officers or board members"; "*the amount of taxes paid and other beneficial financial contributions*"; *"[e]ducational achievements* of the owners, officers or board members"; "The *financial*. . . *resources of the applicant, both liquid and illiquid*"(emphasis added).

Thus, with due regard to the desirability of diversity generally, a person's race, gender, religion, and so forth are completely irrelevant to one's qualifications "to. . . operat[e]. . . a marijuana establishment." Nor is consideration of such factors "impartial." The same is also true of the regulation's requirement that the Department consider "*[t]he amount of taxes paid and other beneficial financial contributions*," including, without limitation, civic or philanthropic involvement with this State or its political subdivisions and "[t]he *financial*. . . *resources of the applicant*" (emphasis added).

Indeed, these criteria clearly, arbitrarily, and gratuitously favor large corporations over
 smaller businesses, and the very wealthy over those of more moderate means.

Moreover, NAC 453D.272(1)(i) further textually permits the Department to rank 20 applications based on "[a]ny other [undisclosed and unpublished, additional] criteria that the 21 Department determines to be relevant" (emphasis added). Thus, this subsection expressly 22 purports to allow the Department to literally use absolutely any criteria it wants to. And 23 therefore, the Regulation textually purports to permit the Department to exercise unbridled 24 25 discretion to rank applications based on unauthorized, unaccountable, and undisclosed criteria as well as criteria that are unaccountably arbitrary, vague and ambiguous, unknown to the 26 applicants and the public, and that could differ substantially in their assessment from one 27 Department employee to the next. And the plain language of the Regulation therefore manifestly 28

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violates the respective requirements of NRS 453D.200(1)(b), 453D.200(2), and NRS
453D.210(6) that the ranking criteria be "*directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a marijuana establishment*" and that the competitive bidding process employed be "*impartial*"
(emphasis added).

And consistent therewith, Section 6.3 of the conditional licensing application form 5 created and issued by the Department (Exhibit "B") states that "[a]pplications that have not 6 demonstrated a sufficient response related to the [specifically enumerated] criteria set forth 7 above will not have additional [undisclosed, unpublished] criteria considered in determining 8 9 whether to issue a license and will not move forward in the application process" (emphasis added). Thus, conversely, by necessary implication, Section 6.3 of the application form textually 10 subjects an application which has in fact demonstrated a sufficient response related to the 11 specifically enumerated, published criteria set forth above to "additional [unspecified, 12 unpublished] criteria"- consideration of which by the Department will determine whether or 13 not a license application will "move forward in the application process," and whether or not a 14 license is ultimately issued (emphasis added). 15

In short, NAC 453D.272 creates a competitive bidding process that is anything but impartial and imposes ranking criteria that are not directly and demonstrably related to operating a marijuana establishment in clear excess of the Legislature's delimited delegation of discretion to the Department. And whereas "[a]dministrative regulations cannot contradict or conflict with the statute they are intended to implement," (*Roberts v. State*, 104 Nev. 33, 37, 752 P.2d 221, 223 (1988)), the Regulation is invalid, and the Department's licensing determinations pursuant thereto must be set aside.

C.

<u>The Department Failed To Issue The Number Of Licenses Required By</u> <u>Statute.</u>

NRS 453D.210(5)(d) sets presumptive caps on the number of licenses for marijuana retail stores in each county, according to county-wide population, but allows the Department to issue more licenses, if the county requests it to do so. Under NRS 453D.210(5)(d)(1) the cap in Clark

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1	County is 80 licenses. However, the Department issued only 79 licenses in Clark County,
2	The Department does not have authority to limit the number of licenses allowed by the
3	statute. Thus, NRS 453D.210(5) provides:
4	"The Department shall approve a license application if:
5	(a) The prospective marijuana establishment has submitted an application in
6	compliance with regulations adopted by the Department and the application fee required pursuant to NRS 453D.230;
7	(b) The physical address where the proposed merilyans actually were will
8	(b) The physical address where the proposed marijuana establishment will operate is owned by the applicant or the applicant has the written permission of
9	the property owner to operate the proposed marijuana establishment on that property;
10	(c) The property is not located within:
11	(1) One thousand feet of a public or private school that provides formal
12	education traditionally associated with preschool or kindergarten through grade
13	12 and that existed on the date on which the application for the proposed marijuana establishment was submitted to the Department; or
14	(2) Three hundred feet of a community facility that existed on the date on which the application for the proposed marijuana establishment was submitted to
15	the Department;
16	(d) The proposed marijuana establishment is a proposed retail
17	marijuana store and there are not more than:
18	(1) Eighty licenses already issued in a county with a population greater than 700,000;
19	(2) Twenty licenses already issued in a county with a neededier that is how it
20	(2) Twenty licenses already issued in a county with a population that is less than 700,000 but more than 100,000;
21	(3) Four licenses already issued in a county with a population that is less than
22	100,000 but more than 55,000;
23	(4) Two licenses already issued in a county with a population that is less than 55,000;
24	
25	(5) Upon request of a county government, the Department may issue retail marijuana store licenses in that county in addition to the number otherwise
26	allowed pursuant to this paragraph;
27	(e) The locality in which the proposed marijuana establishment will be
28	located does not affirm to the Department that the proposed marijuana establishment will be in violation of zoning or land use rules adopted by the
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locality; and 1 2 (f) The persons who are proposed to be owners, officers, or board members of the proposed marijuana establishment: 3 (1) Have not been convicted of an excluded felony offense; and 4 5 (2) Have not served as an owner, officer, or board member for a medical marijuana establishment or a marijuana establishment that has had its registration 6 certificate or license revoked." 7 (Emphasis added.) 8 The statute is *mandatory*. The Department *must* issue a license if the applicant meets all 9 of the legal criteria "and there are not more than" the statute's allowed number of licenses 10 already issued. 11 NRS 453D.210(1) requires that the Department must begin accepting applications for 12 marijuana establishments "no later than 12 months after January 1, 2017." NRS 453D.210(4) 13 requires the Department to approve or deny an application within 90 days of receipt. The intent 14 of these provisions is clearly to prevent administrative foot-dragging that would thwart or delay 15 the will of the voters, whether done intentionally or not. Nothing in NRS Chapter 453D permits 16 the Department to limit the number of applications it will consider, the number of licenses it will 17 issue, or issue them beyond the parameters of a time certain. 18 However, the Department has done just that. The Department issued only 79 licenses in 19 Clark County, when NRS 453D.210(5) allows for 80, and there were more than 80 qualified 20 applicants. It is unknown why the Department refused to issue all 80 licenses. One explanation 21 could be that the two remaining licenses would not fit the Department's legislatively-22 unauthorized requirement that the licenses be distributed to certain localities within Clark 23 County. 24 In any event, the reason is irrelevant. The Department's failure to issue all 80 licenses in 25 Clark County, when there were more than 80 qualified applicants, violates NRS 453D.210(5), 26 which mandates that the Department issue licenses to qualified candidates if the statutory cap on 27 the number of licenses has not been met. The Department's failure to do so demonstrates that its 28 process for awarding licenses was contrary to law, and must be set aside. Gentile Cristalli iller Armeni Savarese 25 of 47 Attorneys At Law I S. Rampart Blvd, #420 as Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 880-0000

<u>The Department Engaged In Illegal, Ad Hoc Rule-Making By Limiting Each</u> <u>Applicant To Only One License Per Locality.</u>

Another possible reason the Department failed to issue all 80 licenses in Clark County could be that the Department simply refused, absent statutory authority, to issue an applicant more than one license in each of the specified localities. Thus, the Department's application for a marijuana establishment (Exhibit "B") states, on page 8: "No applicant may be awarded more than 1 (one) retail store license in a jurisdiction/locality, unless there are less applicants than licenses allowed in the jurisdiction."

A "regulation" includes an "agency rule, standard, directive or statement of general applicability which effectuates or interprets law or policy, or describes the organization, procedure or practice requirements of any agency." NRS 233B.038(1)(a). "An agency makes a *rule* when it does nothing more than state its official position on how it interprets a requirement already provided for and how it proposes to administer its statutory function." *Coury v*. *Whittlesea-Bell Luxury Limousine*, 102 Nev. 302, 305, 721 P.2d 375, 377 (1986) (emphasis added).

It is plain that the limit of one license per locality affects the substantive legal rights of the applicants and constitutes an "agency rule" that attempts to effectuate law or policy and describes the procedure of an agency. However, there is nothing in either the statutory scheme or in NAC Chapter 453D that provides for that limitation. Accordingly, the Department's policy that no applicant may be awarded more than one license per locality constitutes *ad hoc* rulemaking in violation of the Administrative Procedures Act.

The Department's process for awarding licenses in at least Clark and Washoe Counties was fatally flawed because of its reliance on this invalid "one license" policy. Without this illegal policy, it is very likely that the Department would have issued licenses to different applicants, and/or a different number of licenses in the various localities, and it would have issued the correct number of licenses, as required by NRS 453D.210(5). Because the Department's illegal "one license" policy infected its process for awarding licenses, that process, at least as applied to

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those counties was therefore invalid. 1

E.

The Department Allocated And Issued Licenses In Violation Of Its Own (Albeit Otherwise Invalid) Regulation By Exceeding The Cap On The Number Of Licenses That Can Be Issued To A Single Company And By Failing To Fairly And Objectively Score Applications.

The Department's licensing determinations should also be invalidated because the Department failed to follow, not only the enabling statutes, but also its own (albeit otherwise invalid) regulations. First, the Department issued more licenses to a single company than is permitted under the Regulation's anti-monopoly provisions. Second, the Department scored applications in a manner that is statistically impossible under an impartial, objective, and fair scoring process.

Dr. Amei Amei is a statistician and associate professor of mathematics at UNLV. She 12 performed an analysis of the number of licenses issued and data from a sample of applicants. 13 Based on that analysis, she concludes that: (1) the Department issued more licenses to a single 14 company than is permitted by the anti-monopoly provisions of NAC 453D.272; and (2) that the 15 Department did not accurately and objectively score the applications. Dr. Amei's Affidavit, 16 Report, and Curriculum Vitae are attached hereto as "Collective Exhibit D."

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The Department Exceeded The Cap On The Number Of Licenses That Can Be Issued To A Single Company.

1.

20 Although NRS 453D.210 sets forth criteria for licensure at a county level, the Regulation states that "[t]he Department will allocate the licenses for retail marijuana stores described in 22 paragraph (d) of subsection 5 of NRS 453D.210 to jurisdictions within each county and to the 23 unincorporated area of the county proportionally based on the population of each jurisdiction and 24 of the unincorporated area of the county." NAC 453D.272(3).

Pursuant to that provision of the Regulation, the Department allocated the number of 26 licenses it would issue according to the population of various local jurisdictions within a county, allocating licenses for Clark County as follows:

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	1	Licensing Authority	Number of New Licenses			
		Henderson	6			
	2	Las Vegas	10			
		Mesquite	0			
	3	North Las Vegas	5			
	Ä	Unincorporated Clark County	10			
	4	Total:	31			
	5 6 7		ing these 31 new licenses, there were a total of 48 existing inty. Thus the Department allocated a total of 79 licenses to			
	8 9		tment allocated licenses for Washoe County as follows:			
	10	Licensing Authority	Number of New Licenses			
	10	Reno	6			
		Sparks	1			
	11	Unincorporated Washoe County	0			
	12	Total:	7			
	13 14		icenses, there were a total of 13 licenses issued in Washoe ant has allocated all 20 licenses allowed under NRS			
	15	453D.210(5) in Washoe County.				
	16	NAC 453D.272(5) provides:				
	17 18	population is 100,000 or more, of persons or entity, the greate	actices, the Department will ensure, in a county whose , that the Department does not issue, to any person, group er of:			
	19	 (a) One license to operate a retail marijuana store; or (b) More than 10 percent of the licenses for retail marijuana stores allocable in the county." 				
	20	(Emphasis added.)				
	21		ort, Dr. Amei analyzed the number of licenses issued using			
	22		d, Dr. Amei interpreted "10 percent of the licenses			
	23		ne new licenses the Department allocated. And under the			
	24		"allocable in the county" to refer to the <i>total</i> number of			
	25	licenses the Department had allocated	 Second and the second seco			
	26	Under the first method, the De	partment cannot issue more than three of the new licenses			
	27	to any one company in Clark County	, because 10% of the 31 new licenses allocated to Clark			
Miller Arme Attorney	28 Cristalli ni Sevarese s At Law art Blvd: #420	County = 3.1, which is greater than 1.	For Washoe and Carson City, the Department cannot issue 28 of 47			
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more than one of the new licenses to any one company, because in both Washoe and Carson
City, 1 license is greater than 10% of the new licenses allocated, *i.e.*, 10% * 7 = 0.7 and 10% * 2
= 0.2, respectively.

Dr. Amei concluded that, under the first method, the Department violated NAC
453D.272(5) because it issued "Essence" five (5) licenses in Clark County, which is greater than
the limit of three. It also violated the regulation by issuing Essence two licenses in Washoe,
which is greater than the cap of one license.²

8 Under the second method, Dr. Amei calculated the limit imposed by NAC 453D.272(5)
9 including all the licenses the Department allocated to each county. The limit for Clark County is
10 7 licenses because 10% * 79 = 7.9, which is greater than 1.³ The limit for Washoe County is two
11 licenses, because 10% * 20 = 2, which is greater than 1.

Dr. Amei concluded that, under the second method, the Department issued licenses in
 Washoe and Carson City consistent with the Regulation. However, the Department violated
 NAC 453D.272(5) by issuing "Essence" a total of 8 licenses in Clark County.

In sum, Dr. Amei found that, under *either* method, the Department violated the antimonopoly provisions by granting more licenses to "Essence" than is permitted.

Because there is no data available showing how licenses were allocated to the other companies operating retail stores, Dr. Amei was unable to analyze the anti-monopoly provisions with respect to other companies, in that the applicable provisions of the Regulation apply per county. However, Dr. Amei found that only 4 companies control nearly half of the retail store licenses in the State. And given that the Department has issued "Essence" more licenses than permitted under the anti-monopoly provisions, it is possible, if not likely, that the Department has also issued licenses in excess of the limits to other companies as well.

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² The Department issued "Essence" one license in Carson City, which is consistent with the Regulation.

³ It is impossible to issue a fractional license, and the limit is less than 8 licenses, therefore the fraction must be rounded *down*.

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The Department Did Not Fairly And Objectively Score The Applications.

The Department did not score the applications objectively or accurately. Many of the scores were remarkably similar, and in some cases, exactly the same, despite differences in the contents of the applications. It is a statistical impossibility that this would occur if the Department had used an objective, accurate, and fair scoring process.

As discussed *supra*, the Department announced that it would issue licenses to those applicants who score and rank high enough in each jurisdiction to be awarded one of the allocated licenses. And each applicant was required to submit a separate application for each local jurisdiction. While some parts of those applications would be the same, other parts would differ due to the different proposed location, different requirements of the locality, etc. Consequently, the scores on those applications would normally be different as well – assuming they were scored and ranked in an objective fashion.

Dr. Amei determined that the difference in the content of the applications is around 10%
 to 15%. And she analyzed the scores on a sample of applications that were submitted by the
 same companies to various local jurisdictions, using the lower 10% bound to be conservative.

In the first case, the applicant received six scores: 207.66, 207.33, 209, 209.66, 209.66,
209.66. These scores are all within 2.33 points or less of each other. Using the lower bound of a
10% difference between the applications, Dr. Amei analyzed the probability that the scores
would be so similar under an objective and accurate scoring system. And she concludes that the
probability of all six scores being so similar is only 0.0002, which is extremely unlikely.

In the second case, the applicant received exactly the same score of 196.67 on all six of its applications. And Dr. Amei calculates that the probability of this occurring is 4.67e-11, which is equivalent to 0. In other words, Dr. Amei has concluded that had an accurate and objective scoring system been used, it is statistically impossible that the scores on all six applications would be exactly the same.

Dr. Amei's analysis demonstrates that the Department did not comply with NAC 453D.272(1), which states that the Department will rank applications "within each applicable 30 of 47

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1 locality" according to the criteria set forth therein. Her analysis further shows that the 2 Department violated NRS 453D.210(6), which requires that the Department use an "impartial 3 and numerically scored competitive bidding process to determine which application or 4 applications among those competing will be approved." For certainly, a process that results in 5 statistically impossible scores is not impartial.

Thus, the Department did not rank license applicants in an impartial, fair, and objective 6 7 manner. Instead, it scored applications in a manner that would be statistically impossible under an objective process. Additionally, the Department violated its own regulation prohibiting 8 9 monopolistic practices by issuing more licenses to a single entity than the regulation permits. 10 This evidence shows that the Department's process for awarding licenses violated the mandate of NRS 453D.210(6) that it use an impartial competitive bidding process. The Department's actions 11 must therefore be set aside, and it must be enjoined from taking any further action on the 31 new 12 13 licenses, including but not limited to issuing permanent licenses.

П.

THE PROVISIONS OF THE REGULATION ARE FACIALLY REPUGNANT TO FEDERAL AND STATE CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS.

Α.

<u>The Regulation Textually Permits The Arbitrary And Capricious</u> <u>Deprivation Of A Qualified And Prevailing, Properly-Ranked Applicant's</u> <u>Property Interest In Conditional Licensure In Derogation Of Such An</u> <u>Applicant's Statutory Entitlement Thereto Under The Provisions Of NRS</u> <u>453D.200 And NRS 453D.210, And Therefore In Violation Of The Due</u> <u>Process Protections Guaranteed By The Fourteenth Amendment To The</u> <u>Constitution Of The United States And Article 1, Sections 1 And 8 Of The</u> <u>Constitution Of The State Of Nevada.</u>

Section 1 of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States

provides:

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Miller Armeni Savarese Attorneys At Law 110 S. Rampart Blvd. #420 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 880-0000 "All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws."

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Article 1, Section 8.5 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada likewise provides: "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law."

Article 1, Section 1 of the Nevada Constitution further provides:

"All men are by Nature free and equal and have certain inalienable rights among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty; Acquiring, Possessing and Protecting property and pursuing and obtaining safety and happiness."

The purpose and intent of the imperative of due process in both its procedural and 7 substantive applications is to protect life, liberty and property interests against their arbitrary and 8 capricious deprivation or otherwise than in accordance with mandated procedures. Thus, in 9 analyzing such issues in cases such as this, a court must determine whether a protected liberty or 10 property interest is implicated, entitling a party aggrieved by administrative action to 11 constitutional due process protection against its arbitrary or capricious deprivation. For as the 12 Nevada Supreme Court recently held in Nuleaf CLV Dispensary, LLC v. State of Nevada 13 Department of Health and Human Services, et al., Nev. , 414 P.3d 305, 308 (2018), in 14 the specific context of Marijuana business licensing regulations: "An agency's interpretation of a 15 statute that it is authorized to execute is . . . [not] entitled to deference . . . [if] 'it conflicts with 16 the constitution or other statutes, exceeds the agency's powers, or is otherwise arbitrary and 17 capricious'" (quoting Cable v. State ex rel. Emp'rs Ins. Co. of Nev., 122 Nev. 120, 126, 127 P.3d 18 528, 532 (2006)). Thus, as our Supreme Court explained in Nevada Attorney for Injured Workers 19 v. Nevada Self-Insurers Ass'n, 126 Nev. 74, 83, 225 P.3d 1265, 1271 (2010): "When examining 20whether an administrative regulation is valid, we will generally defer to the 'agency's 21 interpretation of a statute that the agency is charged with enforcing.' State, Div. of Insurance v. 22 State Farm, 116 Nev. 290, 293, 995 P.2d 482, 485 (2000). However, we will not defer to the 23 agency's interpretation if, for instance, the regulation 'conflicts with existing statutory provisions 24 or exceeds the statutory authority of the agency.' Id. We have established that 'administrative 25 regulations cannot contradict the statute they are designed to implement.' Jerry's Nugget v. 26 Keith, 111 Nev. 49, 54, 888 P.2d 921, 924 (1995)." 27

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As the *Nuleaf* Court determined, in light of its resolution of that case on other grounds: "We . . . need not reach GB and Acres' arguments on cross-appeal regarding entitlement to Nuleaf's registration certificate." Note 2. However, a properly qualified candidate's "*entitlement*" to the issuance of conditional recreational marijuana store license pursuant to principles of substantive and procedural due process is a question that is squarely presented in the case at bar.

7 Property and liberty interests are not *created* by the Constitution, but arise under an independent source such as state law. However, where they do so obtain, the imperative of due 8 9 process operates to preclude their deprivation arbitrarily, capriciously, or otherwise than in accordance with prescribed procedures. Such interests can be created by "statutory entitlement." 10 11 the operation of institutional common law, historic custom and usage, or principles of contract law. And such interests can attach to the issuance of a necessary government license to engage in 12 a particular activity. In determining whether a plaintiff enjoys a protected property or liberty 13 interest in the issuance of a license, permit, or other benefit by virtue of a state statutory 14 15 entitlement pursuant to a particular, legislatively-prescribed procedure, a court must determine whether mandatory language set forth therein by the legislature, limiting the exercise of broad 16 discretion by a regulatory agency, creates a legitimate claim of substantive or procedural 17 entitlement. And accordingly, this will necessarily depend on a specific assessment in each case. 18 19 Mathews v. Eldridge, 424 U.S. 319 (1976) (social security disability benefits); Perry v. 20 Sindermann, 408 U.S. 593 (1972) (tenure); Board of Regents of State Colleges v. Roth, 408 U.S. 21 564 (1972) (tenure); Goldberg v. Kelly, 397 U.S. 254 (1970) (welfare benefits); Valdez v. 22 Employers Ins. Co. of Nevada, 123 Nev. 170, 180, 162 P.3d 148, 154-55 (2007) ("Valdez has a statutorily created property interest in the continued receipt of workers' compensation benefits 23 that the State may not abrogate without due process under the Fourteenth Amendment to the 24 United States Constitution. Further, Valdez's property interest in receiving these benefits 25 attached once he fulfilled the requirements of his entitlement under Nevada law"); Weaver v. 26 State, Dep't of Motor Vehicles, 121 Nev. 494, 502, 117 P.3d 193, 199 (2005) ("[t]he revocation 27 of a driver's license implicates a protectable property interest entitling the license holder to due 28

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1 process").

Accordingly, the Ninth Circuit has held that a state statute creates a legitimate claim of 2 3 entitlement to a government license, permit or benefit when it imposes significant limitations on 4 the discretion of the administrative decision maker. Gerhart v. Lake County, Mont., 637 F.3d 1013, 1019-20 (9th Cir. 2011), cert. denied, 132 S. Ct. 249 (2011). Accord, e.g., Pritchett v. 5 Alford, 973 F.2d 307, 317 (4th Cir. 1992) (plaintiff had property interest in being on state-6 prescribed wrecker-service list in light of regulations directing that such list be administered 7 fairly and in a manner designed to ensure that all wrecker services on the list have an equal 8 9 opportunity to acquire towing business); Richardson v. Town of Eastover, 922 F.2d 1152, 1156-1157 (4th Cir. 1991) (a license issued by a state which can be suspended or revoked only upon 10 11 showing of cause or for certain stated reasons creates a property interest protected by the 12 Fourteenth Amendment and entitlement to renewal of the license may be implied from policies. practices and understandings or from mutual expectations); Silberstein v. City of Dayton, 440 13 F.3d 306, 312-15 (6th Cir. 2006) (assistant examiner for city civil service board had a property 14 interest in continued employment because city charter categorized the position as "classified" 15 16 and classified employees were given the right to specific termination procedures); Paskvan v. 17 City of Cleveland Civil Service Com'n, 946 F.2d 1233, 1237 (6th Cir. 1991) (district court erred in dismissing plaintiff's procedural due process claim where plaintiff alleged that defendant's 18 19 course of conduct created implied contract or mutually explicit understanding regarding promotion based on test scores); Cushman v. Shinseki, 576 F.3d 1290, 1297-1300 (Fed. Cir. 20 21 2009) (court joins seven sister circuits in holding that applicants for benefits may possess a 22 property interest in the receipt of public welfare entitlements, and here, because veteran's 23 disability benefits are nondiscretionary and statutorily mandated, entitlement to such benefits is a property interest); Furlong v. Shalala, 156 F.3d 384 (2d Cir. 1998) (although statute that simply 24 25 provides standard for review of agency action cannot furnish substantive basis for claim of entitlement to property interest, property interest may be established through such sources as 26 unwritten common law and informal institutional policies and practices and thus anesthesiologist 27 demonstrated a cognizable property interest in recovering a Medicare-approved charge based on 28

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a constant, consistent pattern of decisions); *Med Corp., Inc. v. City of Lima*, 296 F.3d 404, 409 413 (6th Cir. 2002) (ambulance company had a property interest in city-issued license to provide
 ambulance services);

Whereas, in contradistinction, the Ninth Circuit has held that where statutory language 4 5 confers unfettered discretion upon administrative officials, a statutory entitlement does not 6 attach. Shanks v. Dressel, 540 F.3d 1082, 1090-92 (9th Cir. 2008) (even assuming a property owner may have a constitutionally protected interest in the proper application of zoning 7 restrictions to neighboring properties, plaintiffs did not have a legitimate claim of entitlement to 8 9 the denial of developers' permit in accordance with historic preservation provisions because the governing ordinance vested unfettered discretion in the reviewing party to deny or approve the 10 11 application and thus there was no protected property interest); Thornton v. City of St. Helens, 425 12 F.3d 1158, 1164-66 (9th Cir. 2005) (state license that can be revoked only for cause creates a property interest, but where statute grants reviewing body unfettered discretion to approve or 13 deny application, no property right exists; thus, wrecking yard owners who failed to secure 14 approval to renew their licenses lacked protected property interest in renewal since state statute 15 16 gave city unfettered discretion to deny renewal application and therefore did not create property interest). Accord, e.g., Harrington v. County of Suffolk, 607 F.3d 31, 34-35 (2d Cir. 2010) (a 17 benefit is not a protected entitlement if government officials may grant or deny it in their 18 19 unfettered discretion, and thus statute that requires police department to preserve the peace, 20 prevent crime, and detect and arrest offenders, does not confer on the victims of crime a property 21 interest in a police investigation that conforms with certain minimal standards; further, the 22 ordinance confers a benefit on the public generally, rather than creating an individual 23 entitlement, which is required to qualify as a property interest protected by the Due Process Clause); Sanitation and Recycling Industry, Inc. v. City of New York, 107 F.3d 985, 995 (2d Cir. 24 1997) (plaintiffs had no due process property interest in waiver of termination of their existing 25 contracts nor in possible future license to collect trade waste where local law gave Commission 26 broad discretion to grant or deny license applications); Villager Pond, Inc. v. Town of Darien, 56 27 F.3d 375, 378, 379 (2d Cir. 1995) (entitlement to property interest exists only when discretion of 28

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1	issuing agency is circumscribed); Colson on Behalf of Colson v. Sillman, 35 F.3d 106, 109 (2d
2	Cir. 1994) (whether statutory benefit scheme invests applicant with claim of entitlement or with
3	merely unilateral expectation is determined by amount of discretion that disbursing agency
4	retains); Walz v. Town of Smithtown, 46 F.3d 162, 268 (2d Cir. 1995) (legal claim of entitlement
5	exists where discretion of issuing agency is circumscribed); Bayview-Lofberg's, Inc. v. City of
6	Milwaukee, 905 F.2d 142, 145-146 (7th Cir. 1990) (since municipal ordinance did not provide
7	that upon meeting statutory and municipal requirements applicant for liquor license is entitled to
8	license, plaintiff did not have a property interest protectable under the due process clause);
9	Austell v. Sprenger, 690 F.3d 929, 935-36 (8th Cir. 2012) (state law provided a property interest
10	by statutory entitlement).
11	In the present context, the Ninth Circuit case of Wedges/Ledges of California, Inc., City
12	of Phoenix, Arizona, 24 F.3d 56 (9th Cir. 1994) is particularly instructive. Thus, as the Ninth
13	Circuit explained in that case:
14 15	A threshold requirement to a substantive or procedural due process claim is the plaintiff's showing of a liberty or property interest protected by the Constitution. <i>Board of Regents v. Roth,</i> 408 U.S. 564, 569, 92 S.Ct. 2701, 2705, 33 L.Ed.2d 548 (1972); <i>Kraft v. Jacka,</i> 872 F.2d 862, 866 (9th Cir.1989).
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	A protected property interest is present where an individual has a reasonable expectation of entitlement deriving from "existing rules or understandings that stem from an independent source such as state law." Roth, 408 U.S. at 577, 92 S.Ct. at 2709. "A reasonable expectation of entitlement is determined largely by the language of the statute and the extent to which the entitlement is couched in mandatory terms." Association of Orange Co. Deputy Sheriffs v. Gates, 716 F.2d 733, 734 (9th Cir.1983), cert. denied, 466 U.S. 937, 104 S.Ct. 1909, 80 L.Ed.2d 458 (1984). Although procedural requirements ordinarily do not transform a unilateral expectation into a protected property interest, such an interest is created "if the procedural requirements are intended to be a 'significant substantive restriction' on decision making." Goodisman v. Lytle, 724 F.2d 818, 820 (9th Cir.1984) (citations omitted).
24	24 F.3d at 62 (emphasis added).
25	In Wedges/Ledges, the manufacturer and former distributors and owners of an arcade
26	"crane" amusement game called "The Challenger" initiated a lawsuit under 42 U.S.C. § 1983
27	against the City of Phoenix, the Phoenix License Appeal Board, and members of the License
28 arese w 1, #420 2145 0	Appeal Board (collectively "the City") based upon the denial of licenses to operate the game, 36 of 47

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1	alleging violation of their right to due process. The district court found that the plaintiffs had not
2	shown either that they had a liberty or property interest in the crane game licenses, and
3	accordingly decided that the denial of licensure did not violate their due process rights.
4	The provision of the local code governing licensing of amusement games provided in
5	pertinent part as follows:
6	"A. Coin-Operated Game Machines-Skill Games.
7 8	Only coin machines which are approved by the City Treasurer as games of skill may be operated as an amusement within the City of Phoenix.
9	B. Approval of Coin-Operated Games as Skill Games.
10	3. The City Treasurer shall make a determination as to whether or not [a proffered machine] qualifies as a game of skill based upon an evaluation of the
11	machine and recommendation by the police department and other relevant information
12	
13	C. Issuance and Display of the Machine, Identification Tags to Approved Machines .
14	 Owners of coin-operated game machines approved by the City Treasurer as games of skill <u>shall</u> be issued identification tags by the City Treasurer for each game approved by the City Treasurer."
16	(Emphasis added.)
17	On appeal, the Ninth Circuit reversed, holding that, with respect to eligible applicants
18	thereunder, the mandatory standards imposed by the language of the foregoing provisions-by
19	limiting the licensing authority's exercise of discretion in determining qualification for
20	licensure—created an entitlement thereto—and a consequent property interest therein—within
21	the meaning and subject to the due process protections of the Fourteenth Amendment.
22	The City claims that these provisions do not significantly constrain the discretion
23	of the City Treasurer and thus do not create a legitimate expectation of entitlement on the part of license applicants. In particular, the City argues that the
24	provisions lack the "explicitly mandatory language" necessary to create an entitlement. We disagree.
25	
26	Section 7–28(B)(3) expressly provides that "[t]he City Treasurer <i>shall</i> make a determination as to whether or not [each proffered coin-operated game] qualifies
27	as a game of skill." Once this determination is made in the affirmative, § 7–28(C)(1) provides that a game license tag "shall be issued." The use of the
28 Constitu Cristuit	imperative in these provisions is sufficient to create an expectation in applicants
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that, as long as their machines qualify as games of skill, they have a right to obtain license tags. Although the Code directs the City Treasurer to consider all "relevant information" when making its determination, it does not allow the City Treasurer to rest its decision on anything other than the "game of skill" determination; the Code does not provide any open-ended discretionary factors. Accordingly, the question of whether the Code creates a property interest in new licenses turns solely on whether the "game of skill" criterion serves as a significant substantive restriction on the City Treasurer's discretion.

The City argues that the game of skill determination requires the exercise of broad discretion, and the City cites to Jacobson v. Hannifin, 627 F.2d 177 (9th Cir.1980), in support of this proposition. The City's reliance on Jacobson is misplaced. Jacobson involved a Nevada gaming statute that expressly granted the licensing body "full and absolute power and authority" to deny license applications "for any reason deemed reasonable." Id. at 180. The wide discretion conferred by the Nevada statute contrasts sharply with the narrow "game of skill" criterion at the heart of the Phoenix licensing statute. The City Treasurer's determination, moreover, is constrained further by P.C.C. § 7-3, which defines the term "game of skill" as "any game, contest, or amusement of any description in which the designating element of the outcome ... is the judgment, skill, or adroitness of the participant in the contest and not chance." This definition, derived from the interpretation Arizona courts gave to the predecessor statute to A.R.S. § 13-3302, further constrains the game of skill determination through its implicit directive that even games containing elements of chance can qualify as games of skill as long as skill is the "designating element of the outcome."

Taken together, the provisions of the Phoenix City Code create an "articulable standard" sufficient to give rise to a legitimate claim of entitlement. Parks v. Watson, 716 F.2d 646, 657 (9th Cir.1983) (finding that criteria for vacating plotted city streets created a property interest notwithstanding the fact that one of the criteria broadly directed the decision-maker to consider "the public interest," and noting that "a determination as to whether the public interest will be prejudiced, while obviously giving a certain amount of play in the decisional process, defines an articulable standard."); cf. Allen v. City of Beverly Hills, 911 F.2d 367, 371 (9th Cir.1990) (holding that a provision allowing the Beverly Hills City Council to abolish any position in the classified service when "necessary in the interests of the economy or because the necessity for the position no longer exists" does not significantly constrain the City's discretion and thus does not create a property interest); Kraft, 872 F.2d at 867 (holding that a Nevada statute granting Gaming Control Board "full and absolute power and authority" to deny license applications "for any reason deemed reasonable by the Board" does not create a property interest).

Accordingly we hold that the district court erred when it ruled that the Challenger operators did not have a property right in obtaining new license tags.

24 F.3d at 63–64 (emphasis added).

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Thus, as the court explained in Grabhorn, Inc. v. Metropolitan Service District, 624 1 F.Supp.2d 1280, 1286 (D. Oregon 2009): 2 Permit and licensing applicants have a property interest protected by the Due 3 Process Clause when "the regulations establishing entitlement to the benefit are 4 ... mandatory in nature." Foss v. Nat'l Marine Fisheries Serv., 161 F.3d 584, 588 (9th Cir.1998) 5 [Thus,]. . . if the governing statute compels a result "upon compliance with 6 certain criteria, none of which involve the exercise of discretion by the reviewing body," . . . it create[s] a constitutionally protected property interest. 7 Thornton v. City of St. Helens, 425 F.3d 1158, 1164-65 (9th Cir.2005); see also 8 Foss v. Nat'l Marine Fisheries Serv., 161 F.3d 584, 588 (9th Cir.1998) (holding that "specific, mandatory" and "carefully circumscribed" requirements 9 constrained discretion enough to give rise to property interest). Conversely, "a statute that grants the reviewing body unfettered discretion to approve or deny an 10 application does not create a property right." Thornton, 425 F.3d at 1164. There is 11 no protected property interest if "the reviewing body has discretion ... to impose licensing criteria of its own creation." Id. at 1165. 12 (Emphasis added.) 13 As the Grabhorn court explained: "Here, the Metro Code does not give the discretion to 14 the Council . . . [to apply] open-ended criteria," and therefore held that "the Metro Code sections 15 at issue are sufficiently mandatory to create a constitutionally protected property interest." 624 F. 16 Supp. 2d at 1288. See also e.g., T.T., Plaintiff v. Bellevue School District, No. C08-365RAJ, 17 2010 WL 5146341 (W.D. Washington 2010). 18 Here, the provisions of NRS 453D.200.2 and NRS 453D.210.4-6-the governing statutes 19 -affirmatively mandate that the Department "shall" approve and issue the appropriate license 20 within a time certain if, together with the required application fee, the prospective establishment 21 submits an application in compliance with published Department regulations promulgated in 22 accordance with the limitations imposed by NRS 453.D.200.1(b), so as to require that 23 "[q]ualifications for licensure [be] directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a 24 marijuana establishment." And further mandate that, in the case of competing applications, the 25 Department "shall" approve and issue the appropriate license within a time certain if an 26 applicant outranks competing applicants in accordance with an objective, "impartial and 27 numerically scored competitive bidding process." 28 . . . 39 of 47

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1 Thus, these provisions impose significant, specific, mandatory, and carefully 2 circumscribed limitations on the discretion of the licensing authority in determining *qualification* 3 for licensure in accordance with such specifically delineated and "demonstrable" criteria. And 4 therefore, they hardly confer *unfettered discretion* upon administrative officials to grant or deny 5 licenses based upon "open-ended criteria" of their own.

As elucidated by the foregoing authorities, these provisions therefore serve to create, as a 6 7 matter of textual legislative mandate, a statutory entitlement to receipt of the license by applicants who comply with and competitively prevail in accordance with such specific, 8 9 "demonstrable" qualification requirements, and-in the case of competing applications-such an "impartial" and "numerically scored" "competitive bidding process." Such a statutory 10 entitlement constitutes a "property interest" within the meaning and subject to the due process 11 12 protections of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States and Article 1. Sections 1 and 8 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada. And accordingly, may not be denied 13 14 arbitrarily, capriciously, corruptly or based upon administrative partiality, favoritism, or the mere 15 commandeering of unfettered discretion which has not been legislatively-conferred upon the licensing authority. 16

However, acting under color of state law, the Department has effectively nullified and 17 18 rendered this legislatively-mandated statutory entitlement to conditional licensure of qualified 19 applicants illusory, by textually subjecting an application to its legislatively-unauthorized and presumptuous unfettered discretion in the ways and manners described supra, and thereby 20 21 rendering the current Regulation governing the application and licensing process susceptible to 22 opaque, ad hoc, arbitrary, capricious or corrupt decision-making based upon administrative partiality or favoritism which cannot be accounted for; and therefore, unconstitutional on its face. 23 24 . . .

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	1	В.
	2	The Regulation Textually Permits The Arbitrary And Capricious
	3	Deprivation Of A Qualified And Prevailing, Properly-Ranked Applicant's Liberty Interest In Conditional Licensure In Derogation Of Such An
	4	Applicant's Statutory Entitlement Thereto Under The Provisions Of NRS 453D.200 And NRS 453D.210, And Therefore In Violation Of The Due
	5	Process Protections Guaranteed By The Fourteenth Amendment To The
	6	Constitution Of The United States And Article 1, Sections 1 And 8 Of The Constitution Of The State Of Nevada And The Fundamental Constitutional
	7	Right To Pursue A Lawful Occupation.
	8	In Mayor y Nabraska 262 U.S. 200, 200 (1022), the United States Summer Court
	9	In Meyer v. Nebraska, 262 U.S. 390, 399 (1923), the United States Supreme Court
	10	explained that the liberty protected against deprivation without due process includes the right
	11	"generally to enjoy those privileges long recognized at common law as essential to the orderly
	12	pursuit of happiness by free men." And as the courts have since consistently recognized there is
	13	such a fundamental liberty interest protected by the due process clause of the Fourteenth
	14	Amendment to pursue any lawful occupation.
0	15	Thus, as the Ninth Circuit explained in Wedges/Ledges of California, Inc. v. City of
	16	Phoenix, Ariz., 24 F.3d 56, 66 (9th Cir. 1994):
	17	[I]t is well-recognized that the pursuit of an occupation or profession is a protected liberty interest that extends across a broad range of lawful
	18	occupations, see Greene v. McElroy, 360 U.S. 474, 492, 79 S.Ct. 1400, 1411, 3 L.Ed.2d 1377 (1959) (aeronautical engineer); Schware v. Board of Bar
	19	Examiners, 353 U.S. 232, 238-39, 77 S.Ct. 752, 755-56, 1 L.Ed.2d 796 (1957)
	20	(law practice); Benigni v. City of Hemet, 879 F.2d 473, 478 (9th Cir.1988) (bar ownership), and we assume without deciding that the operation of skill-based
	21	amusement games is within this range, cf. Chalmers v. City of Los Angeles, 762 F.2d 753, 756-57 (9th Cir.1985) (holding that selling t-shirts from a vending cart
	22	is an occupation protected under the Constitution). Moreover, corporations, as legal persons, also can assert a right to pursue an occupation. See Physicians'
	23	Serv. Med. Group v. San Bernardino County, 825 F.2d 1404, 1407 (9th Cir.1987)
	24	("A corporation is a 'person' possessing Fourteenth Amendment due process rights.") (citing First Nat'l Bank v. Bellotti, 435 U.S. 765, 778-80, 98 S.Ct. 1407,
	25	1416–18, 55 L.Ed.2d 707 (1978); Old Dominion Dairy Products Inc. v. Secretary of Defense, 631 F.2d 953, 962 (D.C.Cir.1980) ("[A] corporation may contract and
	26	may engage in the common occupations of life, and should be afforded no lesser protections under the Constitution than an individual to engage in such pursuits").
	27	
C	28	(Emphasis added.)
Gentile Crist Miller Armeni Sa Attorneys At L 410 S. Rampart Bh Las Vegas, NV 8 (702) 880-001	alli varese aw vd. #420 9145	 41 of 47

	1	
	1	And accordingly, as the court pointed out in Speed's Auto Services Group, Inc. v. City of
	2	Portland, Oregon, No. 3:12-CV-738-AC, 2014 WL 2809825 at *4 (D. Oregon June 20, 2014),
	3	aff'd sub nom. Speed's Auto Servs. Grp., Inc. v. City of Portland, Oregon, 685 F. App'x 629 (9th
	4	Cir. 2017):
	5	The "liberty component of the Fourteenth Amendments Due Process Clause
	6	includes [the] right to choose one's field of private employment" but mere interruption of a right to engage in a calling is insufficient to support a substantive
	7	due process claim. Conn v. Gabbert, 526 U.S. 286, 291–92 (1999). [However,] [w]here the[re] [is] a complete bar to the pursuit of an occupation, a person's
	8	liberty interest in pursuing such occupation is sufficiently impacted to support a claim under the Substantive Due Process Clause. Dittman v. State of California,
	9	191 F.3d 1020, 1029 (9th Cir.1999).
	10	(Emphasis added.)
	11	Thus here, the wrongful denial of Plaintiffs' license applications-operating as it
	12	does as such a complete bar upon their right to engage in a lawful occupation of their
	13	choosing also constitutes a deprivation of liberty under color of state law in violation of
	14	Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights.
	15	С.
	16	
	17	The Regulation Textually Permits The Arbitrary And Capricious Deprivation Of A Qualified And Prevailing, Properly-Ranked Applicant's
	18	Property And Liberty Interests In Conditional Licensure In Derogation Of Such An Applicant's Statutory Entitlement Thereto Under The Provisions
	19	Of NRS 453D.200 And NRS 453D.210 And The Fundamental Constitutional
	20	<u>Right To Pursue A Lawful Occupation, And Therefore In Violation Of An</u> <u>Applicant's Right To The Equal Protection Of The Law Guaranteed By The</u>
	21	Fourteenth Amendment To The Constitution Of The United States And Article 1, Sections 1 And 8 Of The Constitution Of The State Of Nevada.
	22	By improperly denying their applications for conditional licensure notwithstanding the
	23	mandatory provisions of NRS 453D.200.2 and NRS 453D.210.4-6, while improperly granting
	24	the applications of other applicants under color of state law despite them, the Department has,
	25	without justification, disparately treated Plaintiffs' applications absent rational basis, and has
	26	thereby violated Plaintiffs' rights to equal protection of the law as guaranteed by the Fourteenth
	27	Amendment to the Constitution of the United States and Article 1, Section 1 of the Constitution
Constantine of Constantina of Constantina of Constantina of Constantina of Consta	28	of the State of Nevada.
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1	Indeed, as the court explained in Grabhorn, Inc. v. Metropolitan Service District, 624
2	F.Supp.2d 1280, 1290 (D. Oregon 2009):
3	The Equal Protection Clause ensures that "all persons similarly situated should be treated alike." <i>City of Cleburne v. Cleburne Living Ctr., Inc.,</i> 473 U.S. 432, 439, 105 S.Ct. 3249, 87 L.Ed.2d 313 (1985). The equal protection guarantee protects
5	not only groups, but <i>individuals</i> who would constitute a "class of one." Village of Willowbrook v. Olech, 528 U.S. 562, 564, 120 S.Ct. 1073, 145 L.Ed.2d 1060
6	(2000). Where, as here, state action does not implicate a fundamental right or a suspect classification, the plaintiff can establish a "class of one" equal
7	protection claim by demonstrating that it has "been intentionally treated
8	differently from others similarly situated and that there is no rational basis for the difference in treatment." Village of Willowbrook, 528 U.S. at 564, 120 S.Ct.
9	1073. Where an equal protection claim is based on selective enforcement of valid laws, a plaintiff can show that the defendants' rational basis for selectively
10	enforcing the law is a pretext for an impermissible motive.
11	Disparate government treatment will survive rational basis scrutiny as long as it
12	bears a rational relation to a legitimate state interest. Although selective
13	enforcement of valid laws, without more, does not make the defendants' action irrational, <i>there is no rational basis for state action that is malicious, irrational</i>
14	or plainly arbitrary.
15	(Emphasis added.) (Quoting Squaw Valley Development Co. v. Goldberg, 375 F.3d 936, 944 (9th
16	Cir.2004), abrogation on other grounds noted by Action Apartment Ass'n, Inc. v. Santa Monica Rent Control Bd., 509 F.3d 1020, 1025–26 (9th Cir.2007).
17	Here there is no rational basis supporting the disparate treatment to which Plaintiffs' have
18	
19	been subjected by the selective denial of licensure as a result of the either the Department's
20	arbitrary and capricious promulgation of the provisions of the Regulation or its arbitrary and
21	capricious application of them in the ways and manners set forth supra, in derogation of the
22	limited discretion conferred upon the Department by the governing statutes, or as a result of
23	otherwise-motivated irrational, actual bias, animus or caprice, as discussed infra. And therefore,
24	Plaintiffs have been denied the equal protection of the law.
25	П.
26	ON INFORMATION AND BELIEF, THE DENIAL OF PLAINTIFFS'
27	APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSURE BY THE DEPARTMENT WAS IN FACT AFFECTED BY ACTUAL ARBITRARY AND CAPRICIOUS DECISION-MAKING;
28	AND THE LICENSING PROCESS WAS THEREBY RENDERED UNCONSTITUTIONAL IN ITS APPLICATION AS TO PLAINTIFFS.
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1 As the Ninth Circuit explained in Stivers v. Pierce, 71 F.3d 732, 741-747 (9th Cir. 1995) 2 a genuine issue of fact obtained as to whether a board member who owned a private security and 3 investigation firm was biased against the plaintiff and therefore denied his application for a 4 license as a private investigator, private patrolman and process server; and that the adjudicator's 5 pecuniary personal interest in the outcome of the proceedings created the appearance of partiality 6 in violation of due process without any showing of actual bias and even absent evidence that the 7 vote of a biased member of a multi-person tribunal was decisive or that his views influenced 8 those of other members. 9

Here, on information and belief, Plaintiffs allege that pursuant to the implementation of the foregoing constitutionally-repugnant licensing process, the denial of their applications for licensure, were in fact affected by actual arbitrary and capricious decision-making; and therefore, that the licensing application process was thereby been rendered unconstitutional in its application as to them as well.

III.

THE DEPARTMENT'S IMPROPER REFUSAL TO ISSUE CONDITIONAL LICENSURE TO PLAINTIFFS IN ACCORDANCE WITH LEGISLATIVE MANDATE HAS UNREASONABLY INTERFERED WITH PLAINTIFFS' BUSINESS INTERESTS AND HAS THEREBY CAUSED AND CONTINUES TO CAUSE IRREPARABLE HARM TO PLAINTIFFS FOR WHICH PLAINTIFFS HAVE NO ADEQUATE REMEDY AT LAW.

Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief in this case because the Department's refusal to issue conditional licensure to Plaintiffs on an improper basis has unreasonably interfered with Plaintiffs' business interests and has thereby caused and continues to cause them irreparable harm. Indeed, a required government-issued license to operate a particular type of business enterprise confers a *unique right* upon the recipient entitled thereto. And as our Supreme Court held in *Dixon v. Thatcher*, 103 Nev. 414, 415, 742 P.2d 1029, 1030 (1987), deprivation of a

unique right "generally results in irreparable harm."

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Thus, as the Nevada Supreme held in State, Dep't of Bus. & Indus., Fin. Institutions Div. 1 2 v. Nevada Ass'n Servs., Inc., 128 Nev. 362, 370, 294 P.3d 1223, 1228 (2012): We have determined that "acts committed without just cause which unreasonably 3 interfere with a business or destroy its credit or profits, may do an irreparable 4 injury." Sobol v. Capital Management, 102 Nev. 444, 446, 726 P.2d 335, 337 (1986); see also Com. v. Yameen, 401 Mass. 331, 516 N.E.2d 1149, 1151 (1987). 5 ("A licensee whose license has been revoked or suspended immediately suffers the irreparable penalty of loss of [license] for which there is no practical 6 compensation." (alteration in original) (internal quotations omitted)). 7 Here, the district court found that if such an instance occurred, NAS would 8 be unable to conduct any business during that time The district court properly determined that the inability to conduct any business would cause 9 irreparable harm. Sobol, 102 Nev. at 446, 726 P.2d at 337. It was within the district court's discretion to find that NAS would suffer irreparable harm because 10 it was threatened with the prospect of losing its license to conduct business. Therefore, NAS sustained its burden, under NRS 33.010, to prove that it had a 11 reasonable likelihood of success on the merits and that it would suffer irreparable 12 harm for which compensatory damages would not suffice. Consequently, we determine that the district court did not abuse its discretion in granting NAS's 13 request for injunctive relief, and we therefore affirm its order. 14 (Emphasis added.) 15 It is axiomatic that this logic and analysis applies with equal force where, as in this case, 16 an applicant is denied issuance of a license to do business without just cause or in violation of 17 constitutional protections. Thus, "[i]rreparable harm is an injury 'for which compensatory 18 damage is an inadequate remedy." Excellence Community Management, LLC v. Gilmore, et al., 19 131 Nev. Ad. Op. 38, 351 P.3d 720 (2015) (quoting Dixon, 103 Nev. at 415, 742 P.2d at 1029). 20 And as our Supreme Court explained in City of Sparks v. Sparks Mun. Court, 129 Nev. 348, 357, 21 302 P.3d 1118, 1124-25 (2013): "As a constitutional violation may be difficult or impossible to 22 remedy through money damages, such a violation may, by itself, be sufficient to constitute 23 irreparable harm" (citing Monterey Mech. Co. v. Wilson, 125 F.3d 702, 715 (9th Cir.1997) 24 (emphasis added). 25 26 27 28 Gentile Cristelli 45 of 47 ler Armeni Savarese Attorneys At Law 10 S. Rampart Blvd. #420 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 880-0000

		IV.
	1	iy.
C	2 3	THE DEPARTMENT WILL SUFFER NO HARM BY FOLLOWING THE REQUIREMENTS OF LEGISLATIVE MANDATE IN PROPERLY ADMINISTERING THE REGULATION OF THE LICENSING APPLICATION PROCESS.
	4	It is axiomatic that the Department will suffer no cognizable prejudice by being required
	5	to follow legislative mandate in accordance with constitutional imperatives and protections.
	6	
	7	Indeed, there is no legitimate argument to the contrary whatsoever.
	8	V.
	9	THE PUBLIC INTEREST IS CONSISTENT WITH PLAINTIFFS' INTERESTS IN THE PROPER ADMINISTRATION OF A TRANSPARENT, IMPARTIAL AND OBJECTIVE
	10	LICENSING PROCESS WHICH IS APPLIED WITH INTEGRITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LEGISLATIVE MANDATE AND CONSTITUTIONAL PROTECTIONS.
	11	
	12	As the Nevada Supreme Court pointed out in Richardson Const., Inc. v. Clark Cty. Sch.
	13	Dist., 123 Nev. 61, 66, 156 P.3d 21, 24 (2007): "Public policy supports th[e] conclusion
	14	[that] [inter alia] [t]he purpose of [an impartial competitive] bidding [requirement] is to
	15	guard against 'favoritism, improvidence and corruption'" (quoting Gulf Oil Corp. v. Clark
	16	County, 94 Nev. 116, 118, 575 P.2d 1332, 1333 (1978), all of which are clearly values which are
	17	consistent with the public interest in all respects.
	18	VI.
	19	PLAINTIFFS ARE LIKELY TO SUCCEED ON THE MERITS.
	20	For the reasons set forth supra, Plaintiffs are likely to succeed on the merits of their
	21	lawsuit. And accordingly, they should be granted the preliminary injunctive relief herein
	22	requested.
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1	5.
2	CONCLUSION
3	WHEREFORE, for all the foregoing reasons Plaintiffs respectfully pray that the Court
4	grant the preliminary injunctive relief herein requested, together with such other and further
5	relief as the Court deems fair and just in the premises.
6	DATED this day of March, 2019.
7	GENTILE CRISTALLI
8	GENTILE CRISTALLI MILLOR ARMENI SAVARESE
9	DOMINIC F. GENTILE
10	Nevada Bar No. 1923 MICHAEL V. CRISTALLI
11	Nevada Bar No. 6266 ROSS MILLER
12	Nevada Bar No. 8190 VINCENT SAVARESE III
13	Nevada Bar No. 2467
14	410 S. Rampart Blvd., Suite 420 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145
15	Tel: (702) 880-0000 Attorneys for Plaintiffs
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EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

I.P. 1

INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 1

FEBRUARY 2, 2015

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Makes various changes relating to marijuana and marijuana establishments.

EXPLANATION - Matter in hulded italics is new, matter between brackets journeed monorcally is material to be omitted

AN ACT relating to marijuana; requiring the Department of Taxation to adopt regulations relating to the license to operate and operation of a marijuana establishment; providing for disciplinary action against a marijuana establishment which violates laws regulating the authorizing the possession, use, establishment; consumption, purchase, processing and transportation of certain quantities of marijuana by certain persons in this State; authorizing the possession, use, transportation and purchase of marijuana paraphernalia by certain persons in this State; authorizing certain other acts relating to marijuana; making contracts relating to the operation of marijuana establishments enforceable; providing for the licensure of marijuana distributors; providing for licensure of marijuana establishments; providing a fee for the application for a license to operate a marijuana establishment and for an annual licensing fee; establishing certain requirements for marijuana establishments; imposing an excise tax on wholesale sales of marijuana by a marijuana cultivation facility; providing penalties; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Short Title. Sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this
 act may be cited as the Regulation and Taxation of Marijuana Act.





Sec. 2. Preamble.

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In the interest of the public health and public safety, and in order to better focus state and local law enforcement resources on crimes involving violence and personal property, the People of the State of Nevada find and declare that the use of marijuana should be legal for persons 21 years of age or older, and its cultivation and sale should be regulated similar to other legal businesses.

8 The People of the State of Nevada declare that the cultivation 9 and sale of marijuana should be taken from the domain of criminals 10 and be regulated under a controlled system, where businesses will 11 be taxed and the revenue will be dedicated to public education and 12 to the enforcement of the regulations in this act.

13 The People of the State of Nevada proclaim that marijuana 14 should be regulated in a manner similar to alcohol so that:

(a) Marijuana may only be purchased from a business that islicensed by the State of Nevada;

(b) Business owners are subject to a review by the State of
 Nevada to confirm that the business owners and the business
 location are suitable to produce or sell marijuana;

(c) Cultivating, manufacturing, testing, transporting, and selling
 marijuana will be strictly controlled through state licensing and
 regulation;

(d) Selling or giving marijuana to persons under 21 years of age
 shall remain illegal;

25 (e) Individuals will have to be 21 years of age or older to 26 purchase marijuana;

(f) Driving under the influence of marijuana will remain illegal;
 and

(g) Marijuana sold in the state will be tested and labeled.

30 Sec. 3. Definitions. As used in sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of 31 this act, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Community facility" means a facility licensed to provide day care to children, a public park, a public playground, a public swimming pool, a center or facility the primary purpose of which is to provide recreational opportunities or services to children or adolescents, or a church, synagogue, or other building, structure, or place used for religious worship or other religious purpose.

38 2. "Concentrated marijuana" means the separated resin, 39 whether crude or purified, obtained from marijuana.

40 3. "Consumer" means a person who is 21 years of age or older 41 who purchases marijuana or marijuana products for use by persons 42 21 years of age or older, but not for resale to others.

"Department" means the Department of Taxation.

44 5. "Dual Licensee" means a person or group of persons who 45 possess a current, valid registration certificate to operate a medical

marijuana establishment pursuant to Chapter 453A of NRS and a
 license to operate a marijuana establishment under sections 1 to 18,
 inclusive, of this act.

6. "Excluded felony offense" means a conviction of an offense
that would constitute a category A felony if committed in Nevada or
convictions for two or more offenses that would constitute felonies
if committed in Nevada. "Excluded felony offense" does not
include:

9 (a) A criminal offense for which the sentence, including any
 10 term of probation, incarceration, or supervised release, was
 11 completed more than 10 years ago; or

(b) An offense involving conduct that would be immune from
 arrest, prosecution, or penalty pursuant to Chapter 453A of NRS,
 except that the conduct occurred before the effective date of Chapter
 453A of NRS, or was prosecuted by an authority other than the State
 of Nevada.

17 7. "Locality" means a city or town, or, in reference to a 18 location outside the boundaries of a city or town, a county.

19 8. "Marijuana" means all parts of any plant of the genus 20 Cannabis, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin 21 extracted from any part of the plant, and every compound, 22 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its 23 seeds, or resin. "Marijuana" does not include:

(a) The mature stems of the plant, fiber produced from the stems, oil, or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stems (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil, or cake, the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination; or

30 (b) The weight of any other ingredient combined with marijuana 31 to prepare topical or oral administrations, food, drink, or other 32 products.

9. "Marijuana cultivation facility" means an entity licensed to cultivate, process, and package marijuana, to have marijuana tested by a marijuana testing facility, and to sell marijuana to retail marijuana stores, to marijuana product manufacturing facilities, and to other marijuana cultivation facilities, but not to consumers.

38 10. "Marijuana distributor" means an entity licensed to 39 transport marijuana from a marijuana establishment to another 40 marijuana establishment.

41 11. "Marijuana establishment" means a marijuana cultivation 42 facility, a marijuana testing facility, a marijuana product 43 manufacturing facility, a marijuana distributor, or a retail marijuana 44 store.



1 12. "Marijuana product manufacturing facility" means an 2 entity licensed to purchase marijuana, manufacture, process, and 3 package marijuana and marijuana products, and sell marijuana and 4 marijuana products to other marijuana product manufacturing 5 facilities and to retail marijuana stores, but not to consumers.

facilities and to retail marijuana stores, but not to consumers.
 13. "Marijuana products" means products comprised of
 marijuana or concentrated marijuana and other ingredients that are
 intended for use or consumption, such as, but not limited to, edible
 products, ointments, and tinctures.

10 14. "Marijuana paraphernalia" means any equipment, products, 11 and materials of any kind which are used, intended for use, or 12 designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, 13 harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, 14 preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repacking, storing, or 15 containing marijuana, or for ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise 16 introducing marijuana into the human body.

17 15. "Marijuana testing facility" means an entity licensed to test
 18 marijuana and marijuana products, including for potency and
 19 contaminants.

20 16. "Process" means to harvest, dry, cure, trim, and separate 21 parts of the marijuana plant by manual or mechanical means, such 22 as sieving or ice water separation, but not by chemical extraction or 23 chemical synthesis.

17. "Public place" means an area to which the public is invited
 or in which the public is permitted regardless of age. "Public place"
 does not include a retail marijuana store.

27 18. "Retail marijuana store" means an entity licensed to 28 purchase marijuana from marijuana cultivation facilities, to 29 purchase marijuana and marijuana products from marijuana product 30 manufacturing facilities and retail marijuana stores, and to sell 31 marijuana and marijuana products to consumers.

19. "Unreasonably Impracticable" means that the measures necessary to comply with the regulations require such a high investment of risk, money, time, or any other resource or asset that the operation of a marijuana establishment is not worthy of being carried out in practice by a reasonably prudent businessperson.

Sec. 4. Limitations. 1. Sections 1 to 18 do not permit any
 person to engage in and do not prevent the imposition of any civil,
 criminal, or other penalty for:

(a) Driving, operating, or being in actual physical control of a
 vehicle, aircraft, or vessel under power or sail while under the
 influence of marijuana or while impaired by marijuana;

(b) Knowingly delivering, giving, selling, administering, or
 offering to sell, administer, give, or deliver marijuana to a person
 under 21 years of age, unless:



1 (1) The recipient is permitted to possess marijuana pursuant 2 to Chapter 453A of NRS; or

3 (2) The person demanded and was shown bona fide 4 documentary evidence of the majority and identity of the recipient 5 issued by a federal, state, county, or municipal government, or 6 subdivision or agency thereof;

7 (c) Possession or use of marijuana or marijuana paraphernalia on
 8 the grounds of, or within, any facility or institution under the
 9 jurisdiction of the Nevada Department of Corrections;

(d) Possession or use of marijuana on the grounds of, or within,
 a school providing instruction in preschool, kindergarten, or any
 grades I through 12; or

(e) Undertaking any task under the influence of marijuana that
 constitutes negligence or professional malpractice.

Sections 1 to 18 do not prohibit:

15

(a) A public or private employer from maintaining, enacting,
 and enforcing a workplace policy prohibiting or restricting actions
 or conduct otherwise permitted under sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of
 this act;

(b) A state or local government agency that occupies, owns, or controls a building from prohibiting or otherwise restricting the consumption, cultivation, processing, manufacture, sale, delivery, or transfer of marijuana in that building;

(c) A person who occupies, owns, or controls a privately owned
 property from prohibiting or otherwise restricting the smoking,
 cultivation, processing, manufacture, sale, delivery, or transfer of
 marijuana on that property; or

28 (d) A locality from adopting and enforcing local marijuana 29 control measures pertaining to zoning and land use for marijuana 30 establishments.

3. Nothing in the provisions of sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of
 this act shall be construed as in any manner affecting the provisions
 of Chapter 453A of NRS relating to the medical use of marijuana.

Sec. 5. Powers and duties of the Department. 1. Not 34 35 later than 12 months after the effective date of this act, the Department shall adopt all regulations necessary or convenient to 36 37 carry out the provisions of sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this act. 38 The regulations must not prohibit the operation of marijuana establishments, either expressly or through regulations that make 39 40 their operation unreasonably impracticable. The regulations shall 41 include:

42 (a) Procedures for the issuance, renewal, suspension, and43 revocation of a license to operate a marijuana establishment;

44 (b) Qualifications for licensure that are directly and 45 demonstrably related to the operation of a marijuana establishment;





(c) Requirements for the security of marijuana establishments;

(d) Requirements to prevent the sale or diversion of marijuana
 and marijuana products to persons under 21 years of age;
 (e) Requirements for the packaging of marijuana and marijuana

 (e) Requirements for the packaging of marijuana and marijuana products, including requirements for child-resistant packaging;

(f) Requirements for the testing and labeling of marijuana and
 marijuana products sold by marijuana establishments including a
 numerical indication of potency based on the ratio of THC to the
 weight of a product intended for oral consumption;

10 (g) Requirements for record keeping by marijuana 11 establishments;

 (h) Reasonable restrictions on signage, marketing, display, and advertising;

(i) Procedures for the collection of taxes, fees, and penalties
 imposed by sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this act;

(j) Procedures and requirements to enable the transfer of a
 license for a marijuana establishment to another qualified person
 and to enable a licensee to move the location of its establishment to
 another suitable location;

(k) Procedures and requirements to enable a dual licensee to
 operate medical marijuana establishments and marijuana
 establishments at the same location;

23 (1) Procedures to establish the fair market value at wholesale of 24 marijuana; and

25 (m) Civil penalties for the failure to comply with any regulation 26 adopted pursuant to this section or for any violation of the 27 provisions of section 13 of this act.

28 2. The Department shall approve or deny applications for 29 licenses pursuant to section 9 of this act.

30 3. The Department may by motion or on complaint, after 31 investigation, notice of the specific violation, and an opportunity for 32 a hearing, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 233B of NRS, 33 suspend, revoke, or fine a licensee for the violation of sections 1 to 34 18, inclusive, of this act or for a violation of a regulation adopted by 35 the Department pursuant to this section.

4. The Department may immediately suspend the license of 36 37 any marijuana establishment if the marijuana establishment 38 knowingly sells, delivers, or otherwise transfers marijuana in 39 violation of sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this act, or knowingly 40 purchases marijuana from any person not licensed pursuant to 41 sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this act or to Chapter 453A of NRS. 42 The Department must provide an opportunity for a hearing pursuant 43 to the provisions of NRS 233B.121 within a reasonable time from a suspension pursuant to this subsection. 44

45 5. To ensure that individual privacy is protected:



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1 (a) The Department shall not require a consumer to provide a 2 retail marijuana store with identifying information other than 3 government-issued identification to determine the consumer's age; 4 and

5 (b) A retail marijuana store must not be required to acquire and 6 record personal information about consumers other than information 7 typically acquired in a financial transaction conducted at a retail 8 liquor store.

9 6. The Department shall conduct a background check of each
 10 prospective owner, officer, and board member of a marijuana
 11 establishment license applicant.

12 7. The Department shall inspect marijuana establishments as 13 necessary to enforce sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this act or the 14 regulations adopted pursuant to this section.

Sec. 6. Personal Use and Cultivation of Marijuana. 15 16 Notwithstanding any other provision of Nevada law and the law of any political subdivision of Nevada, except as otherwise provided in 17 18 sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this act, it is lawful, in this State, and 19 must not be used as the basis for prosecution or penalty by this State 20 or a political subdivision of this State, and must not, in this State, be 21 a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets for persons 21 years of age 22 or older to:

1. Possess, use, consume, purchase, obtain, process, or
 transport marijuana paraphernalia, one ounce or less of marijuana
 other than concentrated marijuana, or one-eighth of an ounce or less
 of concentrated marijuana;

27 2. Possess, cultivate, process, or transport not more than six
 28 marijuana plants for personal use and possess the marijuana
 29 produced by the plants on the premises where the plants were
 30 grown, provided that:

(a) Cultivation takes place within a closet, room, greenhouse, or
 other enclosed area that is equipped with a lock or other security
 device that allows access only to persons authorized to access the
 area; and

35 (b) No more than 12 plants are possessed, cultivated, or 36 processed at a single residence, or upon the grounds of that 37 residence, at one time;

38 3. Give or otherwise deliver one ounce or less of marijuana, 39 other than concentrated marijuana, or one-eighth of an ounce or less 40 of concentrated marijuana without remuneration to a person 41 provided that the transaction is not advertised or promoted to the 42 public; or

43 4. Assist another person who is 21 years of age or older in any44 of the acts described in this section.



Sec. 7. Marijuana Paraphernalia Authorized. Notwithstanding any other provision of Nevada law and the law of any political subdivision of Nevada, it is not unlawful and shall not be an offense or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets for persons 21 years of age or older to manufacture, possess, use, transport, or purchase marijuana paraphernalia, or to distribute or sell marijuana paraphernalia to a person who is 21 years of age or older.

8 Sec. 8. Lawful operation of marijuana establishments. 9 Notwithstanding any other provision of Nevada law and the law of 10 any political subdivision of Nevada, except as otherwise provided in 11 sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this act, or the regulations adopted pursuant to section 5 of this act, it is lawful and must not, in this 12 13 State, be used as the basis for prosecution or penalty by this State or 14 a political subdivision of this State, and must not, in this State, be a 15 basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets for persons 21 years of age or 16 older to:

1. Possess marijuana and marijuana products, purchase 17 marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility, purchase marijuana 18 19 and marijuana products from a marijuana product manufacturing 20 facility, return marijuana or marijuana products to a facility from 21 which they were purchased, transport marijuana and marijuana 22 products to or from a marijuana testing facility, use the services of a 23 marijuana distributor to transport marijuana or marijuana products 24 to or from marijuana establishments, or sell marijuana and 25 marijuana products to consumers, if the person conducting the 26 activities described in this subsection has a current, valid license to 27 operate a retail marijuana store or is acting in the person's capacity 28 as an agent of a retail marijuana store.

20 2. Cultivate, harvest, process, package, or possess marijuana, 30 sell marijuana to a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana 31 product manufacturing facility, or a retail marijuana store, transport 32 marijuana to or from a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana product manufacturing facility, or a marijuana testing facility, use 33 34 the services of a marijuana distributor to transport marijuana to or 35 from marijuana establishments, or purchase marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility, if the person conducting the activities 36 37 described in this paragraph has a current, valid license to operate a 38 marijuana cultivation facility or is acting in his or her capacity as an 39 agent of a marijuana cultivation facility.

40 3. Package, process, manufacture, or possess marijuana and 41 marijuana products, transport marijuana and marijuana products to 42 or from a marijuana testing facility, a marijuana cultivation facility, 43 or a marijuana product manufacturing facility, use the services of a 44 marijuana distributor to transport marijuana or marijuana products 45 to or from marijuana establishments, sell marijuana and marijuana



products to a retail marijuana store or a marijuana product 1 manufacturing facility, purchase marijuana from a marijuana 2 3 cultivation facility, or purchase marijuana and marijuana products 4 from a marijuana product manufacturing facility, if the person conducting the activities described in this paragraph has a current, 5 6 valid license to operate a marijuana product manufacturing facility 7 or is acting in his or her capacity as an agent of a marijuana product 8 manufacturing facility.

9 4. Possess marijuana and marijuana products and transfer and 10 transport marijuana and marijuana products between marijuana 11 establishments, if the person transporting the marijuana and 12 marijuana products has a current, valid license to operate as a 13 marijuana distributor or is acting in his or her capacity as an agent of 14 a marijuana distributor.

15 5. Possess, process, repackage, transport, or test marijuana and marijuana products if the person has a current, valid license to operate a marijuana testing facility or is acting in his or her capacity 18 as an agent of a marijuana testing facility.

19 6. Lease or otherwise allow property owned, occupied, or 20 controlled by any person, corporation, or other entity to be used for 21 any of the activities conducted lawfully in accordance with this 22 section.

23 Sec. 9. Contracts pertaining to marijuana enforceable. It 24 is the public policy of the People of the State of Nevada that 25 contracts related to the operation of marijuana establishments under 26 sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this act should be enforceable, and no contract entered into by a licensee, its employees, or its agents as 27 28 permitted pursuant to a valid license issued by the Department, or 29 by those who allow property to be used by a licensee, its employees, 30 or its agents as permitted pursuant to a valid license issued by the 31 Department, shall be deemed unenforceable on the basis that the 32 actions or conduct permitted pursuant to the license are prohibited 33 by federal law.

Sec. 10. Certification of marijuana establishments. 1. No later than 12 months after the effective date of this act, the Department shall begin receiving applications for marijuana establishments.

2. For 18 months after the Department begins to receive applications for marijuana establishments, the Department shall only accept applications for licenses for retail marijuana stores, marijuana product manufacturing facilities, and marijuana cultivation facilities pursuant to sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this act, from persons holding a medical marijuana establishment registration certificate pursuant to Chapter 453A of NRS.



For 18 months after the Department begins to receive 1 applications for marijuana establishments, the Department shall 2 3 issue licenses for marijuana distributors pursuant to sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this act, only to persons holding a wholesale dealer 4 license pursuant to Chapter 369 of NRS, unless the Department 5 6 determines that an insufficient number of marijuana distributors will 7 result from this limitation.

8 Upon receipt of a complete marijuana establishment license application, the Department shall, within 90 days: 9

10 (a) Issue the appropriate license if the license application is approved; or 11

(b) Send a notice of rejection setting forth the reasons why the 12 13 Department did not approve the license application.

 The Department shall approve a license application if:
 (a) The prospective marijuana establishment has submitted an 15 application in compliance with regulations adopted by the 16 17 Department and the application fee required pursuant to section 12;

(b) The physical address where the proposed marijuana 18 establishment will operate is owned by the applicant or the applicant 19 20 has the written permission of the property owner to operate the 21 proposed marijuana establishment on that property; 22

(c) The property is not located within:

23 (1) 1,000 feet of a public or private school that provides formal education traditionally associated with preschool or kindergarten through grade 12 and that existed on the date on which 24 25 26 the application for the proposed marijuana establishment was submitted to the Department; or 27

28 (2) 300 feet of a community facility that existed on the date 29 on which the application for the proposed marijuana establishment 30 was submitted to the Department;

31 (d) The proposed marijuana establishment is a proposed retail 32 marijuana store and there are not more than:

33 (1) 80 licenses already issued in a county with a population 34 greater than 700,000;

(2) 20 licenses already issued in a county with a population 35 that is less than 700,000 but more than 100,000; 36

37 (3) 4 licenses already issued in a county with a population 38 that is less than 100,000 but more than 55,000;

39 (4) 2 licenses already issued in a county with a population 40 that is less than 55,000;

41 (5) Upon request of a county government, the Department may issue retail marijuana store licenses in that county in addition to 42 43 the number otherwise allowed pursuant to this paragraph;

44 (e) The locality in which the proposed marijuana establishment 45 will be located does not affirm to the Department that the proposed



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marijuana establishment will be in violation of zoning or land use 1 2 rules adopted by the locality; and

3 (f) The persons who are proposed to be owners, officers, or 4 board members of the proposed marijuana establishment: 5

(1) Have not been convicted of an excluded felony offense; and

7 (2) Have not served as an owner, officer, or board member 8 for a medical marijuana establishment or a marijuana establishment 9 that has had its registration certificate or license revoked.

10 6. Competing applications. When competing applications are submitted for a proposed retail marijuana store within a single 11 county, the Department shall use an impartial and numerically 12 scored competitive bidding process to determine which application or applications among those competing will be approved. 13 14

Sec. 11. Expiration and renewal. 1. All licenses expire 15 one year after the date of issue. 16

2. The Department shall issue a renewal license within 10 days 17 of receipt of the prescribed renewal application and renewal fee 18 from a marijuana establishment if its license is not under suspension 19 20 or has not been revoked.

Sec. 12. Fee schedule. 1. The Department shall require 21 each applicant for a marijuana establishment license to pay a one-22 23 time application fee of \$5,000.

2. The Department may require payment of an annual licensing 24 25 fee not to exceed: 7.20 25

26	For the initial issuance of a license for a retail
27	marijuana store \$20,000
28	For a renewal license for a retail marijuana store \$6,600
29	For the initial issuance of a license for a marijuana
30	cultivation facility\$30,000
31	For a renewal license for a marijuana cultivation
32	facility
33	For the initial issuance of a license for a marijuana
34	product manufacturing facility
35	For a renewal license for a marijuana product
36	manufacturing facility \$3.300
37	For the initial issuance of a license for a marijuana
38	distributor \$15,000
39	For a renewal license for a marijuana distributor \$5,000
40	For the initial issuance of a license for a marijuana
41	testing facility\$15,000
42	For a renewal license for a marijuana testing
43	facility\$5,000
12.24	



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-11-

Sec. 13. Marijuana establishment operating requirements. 1 2 In addition to requirements established by rule pursuant to section 5 3 of this act: 4

1. Marijuana establishments shall:

5 (a) Secure every entrance to the establishment so that access to areas containing marijuana is restricted to persons authorized to 6 7 possess marijuana;

8 (b) Secure the inventory and equipment of the marijuana 0 establishment during and after operating hours to deter and prevent 10 theft of marijuana;

(c) Determine the criminal history of any person before the 11 person works or volunteers at the marijuana establishment and 12 13 prevent any person who has been convicted of an excluded felony 14 offense or who is not 21 years of age or older from working or volunteering for the marijuana establishment. 15

16 2. All cultivation, processing, and manufacture of marijuana must take place at a physical address approved by the Department 17 and within an area that is enclosed and locked in a manner that 18 restricts access only to persons authorized to access the area. The 19 area may be uncovered only if it is enclosed with security fencing 20 21 that is designed to prevent unauthorized entry and that is at least 8 22 feet high.

23 3. All cultivation, processing, and manufacture of marijuana must not be visible from a public place by normal unaided vision. 24

4. All cultivation, processing, and manufacture of marijuana 25 must take place on property in the marijuana establishment's lawful 26 27 possession or with the consent of the person in lawful physical 28 possession of the property.

5. A marijuana establishment is subject to reasonable 29 30 inspection by the Department, and a person who holds a marijuana 31 establishment license must make himself or herself, or an agent thereof, available and present for any inspection required by the 32 33 Department. The Department shall make reasonable accommodations so that ordinary business is not interrupted and 34 35 safety and security procedures are not compromised by the 36 inspection.

37 Sec. 14. Penalties. 1. Restrictions on personal cultivation. 38 (a) Except as otherwise provided in 453A of NRS, any person 39 who:

(1) Cultivates marijuana plants within 25 miles of a retail 40 marijuana store licensed pursuant to sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of 41 this act, unless the person is a marijuana cultivation facility or a 42 person acting in his or her capacity as an agent of a marijuana 43 44 cultivation facility;



1 (2) Cultivates marijuana plants where they are visible from a 2 public place by normal unaided vision; or

3 (3) Cultivates marijuana on property not in the cultivator's
 4 lawful possession or without the consent of the person in lawful
 5 physical possession of the property;

(b) Is guilty of:

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 For a first violation, a misdemeanor punished by a fine of not more than \$600.

9 (2) For a second violation, a misdemeanor punished by a fine 10 of not more than \$1,000.

(3) For a third violation, a gross misdemeanor.

(4) For a fourth or subsequent violation, a category E felony.

A person who smokes or otherwise consumes marijuana in a
 public place, in a retail marijuana store, or in a moving vehicle is
 guilty of a misdemeanor punished by a fine of not more than \$600.

3. A person under 21 years of age who falsely represents
 himself or herself to be 21 years of age or older to obtain marijuana
 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

4. A person under 21 years of age who knowingly enters,
 loiters, or remains on the premises of a marijuana establishment
 shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500 unless the person
 is authorized to possess marijuana pursuant to Chapter 453A NRS
 and the marijuana establishment is a dual licensee.

5. A person who manufactures marijuana by chemical extraction or chemical synthesis, unless done pursuant to a marijuana product manufacturing license issued by the Department or authorized by Chapter 453A of NRS, is guilty of a category E felony.

6. A person who knowingly gives marijuana to any person under 21 years of age, or who knowingly leaves or deposits any marijuana in any place with the intent that it will be procured by any person under 21 years of age is guilty of a misdemeanor.

7. A person who knowingly gives marijuana to any person under 18 years of age, or who knowingly leaves or deposits any marijuana in any place with the intent that it will be procured by any person under 18 years of age is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

8. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this act, after the effective date of this act, the legislature may amend provisions of this act to provide for the conditions in which a locality may permit consumption of marijuana in a retail marijuana store.

42 Sec. 15. Marijuana excise tax. 1. An excise tax is hereby 43 imposed and must be collected by the State respecting wholesale 44 sales of marijuana in this State by a marijuana cultivation facility at



a rate of 15 percent of the fair market value at wholesale of the 1 marijuana. The tax imposed pursuant to this subsection: 2 3

(a) Is the obligation of the marijuana cultivation facility; and

(b) Is separate from and in addition to any general state and local sales and use taxes that apply to retail sales of tangible 4 5 6 personal property.

7 Sec. 16. Any tax revenues, fees, or penalties collected 8 pursuant to sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of this act, first must be 9 expended to pay the costs of the Department and of each locality in 10 carrying out sections 1 to 8, inclusive, of this act and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto. The Department shall remit any remaining 11 money to the State Treasurer to be deposited to the credit of the 12 13 State Distributive School Account in the State General Fund.

Sec. 17. Severability. If any provision of this act, or the application thereof to any person, thing, or circumstance is held invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such 14 15 16 17 invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of this act as a whole or any provision or 18 application of this act which can be given effect without the invalid 19 20 or unconstitutional provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared to be severable. 21

Sec. 18. Effective Date. This act shall become effective on October 1, 2015 if approved by the legislature, or on January 1, 22 23 2017 if approved by the voters. 24

(M)





EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

AA 001241



STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

Web Site: https://tax.nv.gov 1550 College Parkway, Suite 115 Carson City, Nevada 89706-7937 Phone: (775) 684-2020 Fax: (775) 684-2020

LAS VEGAS OFFICE Grant Sawyer Office Building, Suite1300 555 E. Washington Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Phone: (702) 486-2300 Fax: (702) 486-2373 RENO OFFICE 4600 Kietzke Lane Building L, Suite 235 Reno, Nevada 89502 Phone: (775) 687-9999 Fax: (775) 688-1303

HENDERSON OFFICE 2550 Paseo Verde Parkway, Suite 180 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Phone: (702) 486-2300 Fax: (702) 486-3377

Recreational Marijuana Establishment License Application Recreational Retail Marijuana Store Only

Release Date: July 6, 2018 Application Period: September 7, 2018 through September 20, 2018 (Business Days M-F, 8:00 A.M. - 5:00 P.M.)

For additional information, please contact:

Marijuana Enforcement Division State of Nevada Department of Taxation 1550 College Parkway, Suite 115 Carson City, NV 89706

marijuana@tax.state.nv.us

Version 5.4-06/22/2018

Recreational Marijuana Establishment License Application

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STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

Web Site: https://tax.nv.gov 1550 College Parkway, Suite 115 Carson City, Nevada 89706-7937 Phone: (775) 684-2000 Fax: (775) 684-2020

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HENDERSON OFFICE 2550 Paseo Verde Parkway, Suite 180 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Phone: (702) 486-2300 Fax: (702) 486-3377

APPLICANT INFORMATION

Provide all requested information in the space next to each numbered question. The information in Sections V1 through V10 will be used for application questions and updates. Type or print responses. Include this applicant information sheet in Tab III of the Identified Criteria Response (Page 10).

Vl	Company Name:				
V2	Street Address:				
V3	City, State, ZIP:				
V 4	Telephone: ()		ext:	
V5	Email Address:				
V6	Toll Free Number: ()		ext:	
Co	ntact person who will provide	information, sign, o	r ensure actions are take	n pursuant to R092-17 &	NRS 453D
	Title:				
\$ 2.77					
V7	Street Address:				
V7	Street Address: City, State, ZIP:				
V7 V8					
1211	City, State, ZIP:	t person: ()	- 17	_ ext:

Version 5.4–06/22/2018 Recreational Marijuana Establishment License Application



STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

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RENO OFFICE 4600 Kietzke Lane Building L, Suite 235 Reno, Nevada 89502 Phone: (775) 687-9999 Fax: (775) 688-1303

HENDERSON OFFICE 2550 Paseo Verde Parkway, Suite 180 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Phone: (702) 486-2300 Fax: (702) 486-3377

2. APPLICATION OVERVIEW
4. APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
5. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS, FORMAT AND CONTENT
6. APPLICATION EVALUATION AND AWARD PROCESS
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ATTACHMENT B - OWNER, OFFICER AND BOARD MEMBER ATTESTATION FORM
ATTACHMENT C - OWNER, OFFICER AND BOARD MEMBER INFORMATION FORM
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ATTACHMENT F - MULTI-ESTABLISHMENT LIMITATIONS FORM
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STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

Web Site: https://tax.nv.gov

1550 College Parkway, Suite 115 Carson City, Nevada 89705-7937 Phone: (775) 684-2000 Fax: (775) 684-2020

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HENDERSON OFFICE 2550 Paseo Verde Parkway, Suite 180 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Phone: (702) 486-2300 Fax: (702) 486-3377

1. TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this application, the following acronyms/definitions will be used.

TERMS	DEFINITIONS
Applicant	Organization/individual submitting an application in response to this request for application.
Awarded applicant	The organization/individual that is awarded and has an approved conditional license with the State of Nevada for the establishment type identified in this application.
Confidential information	Any information relating to building or product security submitted in support of a recreational marijuana establishment license.
Department	The State of Nevada Department of Taxation.
Edible marijuana products	Products that contain marijuana or an extract thereof and are intended for human consumption by oral ingestion and are presented in the form of foodstuffs, extracts, oils, tinctures and other similar products.
Enclosed, locked facility	A closet, display case, room, greenhouse, or other enclosed area equipped with locks or other security devices which allow access only by a recreational marijuana establishment agent and the holder of a valid registry identification card.
Establishment license approval to operate date	The date the State Department of Taxation officially gives the approval to operate based on approval of the local jurisdiction and successful fulfillment of all approval-to-operate instructions between the Department and the successful applicant.
Conditional establishment license award date	The date when applicants are notified that a recreational marijuana establishment conditional license has been successfully awarded and is awaiting approval of the local jurisdiction and successful fulfillment of all approval-to-operate instructions.
Evaluation committee	An independent committee comprised of state officers or employees and contracted professionals established to evaluate and score applications submitted in response to this request for applications.
Excluded felony offense	A crime of violence or a violation of a state or federal law pertaining to controlled substances if the law was punishable as a felony in the jurisdiction where the person was convicted. The term does not include a criminal offense for which the sentence, including any term of probation, incarceration or supervised release, was completed more than 10 years before or an offense involving conduct that would be immune from arrest, prosecution or penalty, except that the conduct occurred before April 1, 2014 or was prosecuted by an authority other than the State of Nevada.

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STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

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Facility for the production of edible marijuana products or marijuana infused products	A business that is registered/licensed with the Department and acquires, possesses, manufactures, delivers, transfers, transports, supplies, or sells edible marijuana products or marijuana-infused products to recreational marijuana retail stores.
Identifiers or Identified Criteria Response	A non-identified response, such as assignment of letters, numbers, job title or generic business type, to assure the identity of a person or business remains unidentifiable. Assignment of identifiers will be application-specific and will be communicated in the application in the identifier legend.
Marijuana Testing Facility	Means an entity licensed to test marijuana and marijuana products, including for potency and contaminants.
Inventory control system	A process, device or other contrivance that may be used to monitor the chain of custody of marijuana used for recreational purposes from the point of cultivation to the end consumer.
Marijuana	All parts of any plant of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, and the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. " Marijuana" does not include the mature stems of the plant, fiber produced from the stems, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stems (except the resin extracted there from), fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination. "Marijuana" does not include industrial hemp as defined in NRS 557.040, and grown or cultivated pursuant to Chapter 557 of NRS.
Marijuana-infused products	Products that are infused with marijuana or an extract thereof and are intended for use or consumption by humans through means other than inhalation or oral ingestion. The term includes topical products, ointments, oils and tinctures.
May	Indicates something that is recommended but not mandatory. If the applicant fails to provide recommended information, the Department may, at its sole discretion, ask the applicant to provide the information or evaluate the application without the information.
Medical use of marijuana	The possession, delivery, production or use of marijuana; the possession, delivery or use of paraphernalia used to administer marijuana, as necessary, for the exclusive benefit of a person to mitigate the symptoms or effects of his or her chronic or debilitating medical condition.

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Must	Indicates a mandatory requirement. Failure to meet a mandatory requirement may result in the rejection of an application as non-responsive.
NAC	Nevada Administrative Code. All applicable NAC documentation may be reviewed via the internet at: http://www.leg.state.nv.us/NAC/CHAPTERS.HTML
Non-Identified Criteria Response	A response to the application in which no information is included pertaining to identifiable information for any and all owners, officers, board members or employees and business details (proposed business name(s), D/B/A, current or previous business names or employers). Identifiers that must be removed from the application include all names; specific geographic details including street address, city, county, precinct, ZIP code, and their equivalent geocodes; telephone numbers; fax numbers; email addresses; social security numbers; financial account numbers; certificate/license numbers; vehicle identifiers and serial numbers including license plate numbers; Web Universal Resource Locators (URLs); Internet Protocol (IP) addresses; biometric identifiers including finger and voice prints, full-face photographs and any comparable images; previous or proposed company logos, images or graphics; and, any other unique identifying information, images, logos, details, numbers, characteristics, or codes.
NRS	Nevada Revised Statutes. All applicable NRS documentation may be reviewed via the internet at: http://www.leg.state.nv.us/NRS/.
Pacific Time (PT)	Unless otherwise stated, all references to time in this request for applications and any subsequent award of license are understood to be Pacific Time.
Recreational marijuana retail store	Means an entity licensed to purchase marijuana from marijuana cultivation facilities, to purchase marijuana and marijuana products from marijuana product manufacturing facilities and retail marijuana stores, and to sell marijuana and marijuana products to consumers.
Recreational marijuana establishment	Means a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana testing facility, a marijuana product manufacturing facility, a marijuana distributor, or a retail marijuana store.
Recreational marijuana establishment agent	Means an owner, officer, board member, employee or volunteer of a marijuana establishment, an independent contractor who provides labor relating to the cultivation, processing or distribution of marijuana or the production of marijuana or marijuana products for a marijuana establishment or an employee of such an independent contractor. The term does not include a consultant who performs professional services for a recreational marijuana establishment.

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Recreational marijuana establishment agent registration card	A registration card that is issued by the Department pursuant to R092-17, Sec. 94 to authorize a person to volunteer or work at a recreational marijuana establishment.
Recreational marijuana establishment license	A license that is issued by the Department pursuant to NRS 453D and R092-17 to authorize the operation of a recreational marijuana establishment.
Shall	Indicates a mandatory requirement. Failure to meet a mandatory requirement may result in the rejection of an application as non-responsive.
Should	Indicates something that is recommended but not mandatory. If the applicant fails to provide recommended information the Department may, at its sole discretion, ask the applicant to provide the information or evaluate the application without the information.
State	The State of Nevada and any agency identified herein.
Will	Indicates a mandatory requirement. Failure to meet a mandatory requirement may result in the rejection of an application as non-responsive.



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2. APPLICATION OVERVIEW

The Nevada State Legislature passed a number of bills during the 2017 session which affect the licensing, regulation and operation of recreational marijuana establishments in the state. In addition, the Department of Taxation has approved regulations effective February of 2018. Legislation changes relevant to this application include but are not limited to the following:

Assembly Bill 422 (AB422):

- Transfers responsibility for registration/licensing and regulation of marijuana establishments from the State
 of Nevada's Division of Public and Behavioral Health (DPBH) to the Department of Taxation.
- Adds diversity of race, ethnicity, or gender of applicants (owners, officers, board members) to the existing
 merit criteria for the evaluation of marijuana establishment registration certificates.

LCB File No. Regulation R092-17:

 On or before November 15, 2018, a person who holds a medical marijuana establishment registration certificate may apply for one or more licenses, in addition to a license issued pursuant to section 77 of the regulation, for a marijuana establishment of the same type or for one or more licenses for a marijuana establishment of a different type.

No applicant may be awarded more than 1 (one) retail store license in a jurisdiction/locality, unless there are less applicants than licenses allowed in the jurisdiction.

The Department is seeking applications from qualified applicants in conjunction with this application process for recreational marijuana retail store license. If a marijuana establishment has not received a final inspection within 12 months after the date on which the Department issued a license, the establishment must surrender the license to the Department. The Department may extend the period specified in R092-17, Sec. 87 if the Department, in its discretion, determines that extenuating circumstances prevented the marijuana establishment from receiving a final inspection within the period.

3. APPLICATION TIMELINE

The following represents the timeline for this project. All times stated are in Pacific Time (PT).

Task	Date/Time
Request for application date	July 6, 2018
Opening of 10-day window for receipt of applications	September 7, 2018
Deadline for submission of applications	September 20, 2018 - 5:00 p.m.
Application evaluation period	September 7, 2018 - December 5, 2018
Conditional licenses award notification	Not later than December 5, 2018
Anticipated approximate fully operational deadline	12 months after notification date of conditional license

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The State of Nevada Department of Taxation is seeking applications from qualified applicants to award recreational marijuana retail store licenses.

The Department anticipates awarding a recreational marijuana retail store license in conjunction with this application as determined by the applicant's establishment type, geographic location and the best interest of the State. Therefore, applicants are encouraged to be as specific as possible regarding services provided, geographic location, and information submitted for each application merit criteria category.

Pursuant to section 78 subsection 12 of R092-17, the application must include the signature of a natural person for the proposed marijuana establishment as described in subsection 1 of section 74 of R092-17.

5. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS, FORMAT AND CONTENT

5.1. General Submission Requirements

4. APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 5.1.1. Applications must be packaged and submitted in counterparts; therefore, applicants must pay close attention to the submission requirements. Applications will have an Identified Criteria Response and a Non-Identified Criteria Response. Applicants must submit their application separated into the two (2) required sections, Identified Criteria Responses and Non-Identified Criteria Responses, recorded to separate electronic media (CD-Rs or USB thumb drives).
- 5.1.2. The required electronic media must contain information as specified in Section 5.4, and must be packaged and submitted in accordance with the requirements listed at Section 5.5.
- 5.1.3. Detailed instructions on application submission and packaging are provided below. Applicants must submit their applications as identified in the following sections.
- 5.1.4. All information is to be completed as requested.
- 5.1.5. Each section within the Identified Criteria Response and the Non-Identified Criteria Response must be saved as separate PDF files, one for each required "Tab". The filename will include the tab number and title (e.g., 5.2.1 Tab I – Title Page.pdf).
- 5.1.6. For ease of evaluation, the application must be presented in a format that corresponds to and references the sections outlined within the submission requirements section and must be presented in the same order. Written responses must be typed and placed immediately following the applicable criteria question, statement and/or section.
- 5.1.7. Applications are to be prepared in such a way as to provide a straightforward, concise delineation of information to satisfy the requirements of this application.
- 5.1.8. In a Non-Identified Criteria Response, when a specific person or company is referenced the identity must remain confidential. A person may be addressed through their position, discipline or job title, or assigned an identifier. Identifiers assigned to people or companies must be detailed in a legend (Attachment H) to be submitted in the Identified Criteria Response section.
- 5.1.9. Materials not requested in the application process will not be reviewed.

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