In the

Supreme Court

of the

State of Nevada

Electronically Filed Feb 28 2020 04:06 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. and AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY, *Petitioners and Third-Party Defendants*,

v.

THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, STATE OF NEVADA NYE COUNTY, and THE HONORABLE STEVEN P. ELLIOTT, SENIOR JUDGE, Respondent,

BRAHMA GROUP, INC., Real Party in Interest.

FROM A DECISION OF THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, NYE COUNTY, NEVADA · CASE NO. CV 39348 c/w CV 39799 HONORABLE STEVEN ELLIOTT · DEPARTMENT 2 · PHONE: (775) 751-4213

EXHIBITS IN SUPPORT OF PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS, OR, ALTERNATIVELY, PROHIBITION VOLUME III OF III – Pages 470 to 711 of 711

GEOFFREY CRISP, ESQ. (Nev. Bar #2104)
JEREMY R. KILBER, ESQ. (Nev. Bar #10643)
WEIL & DRAGE, APC
861 Coronado Center Drive, Suite 231
Henderson, Nevada 89052
(702) 314-1905 Telephone
gcrisp@weildrage.com
jkilber@weildrage.com

WILLIAM A. ESCOBAR, ESQ. (pro hac vice)
PHILIP D. ROBBEN, ESQ. (pro hac vice)
KELLEY DRYE & WARREN LLP
101 Park Avenue
New York, New York 10178
(212) 808-7800 Telephone
wescobar@kelleydrye.com
probben@kelleydrye.com

Attorneys for Petitioners, Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc. and American Home Assurance Company



TABLE OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description	Page
110.	VOLUME I OF III – Pages 1 to 235 of 711	1 450
1	Notice of Lien, Dated April 6, 2018	1
2	Notice of Lien, Dated May 15, 2018	9
3	Complaint (District Court, Clark County, Nevada, Case No. A-18-777815-C), Filed July 17, 2018	12
4	NRS 108.2415 Surety Bond 854481 Posted to Release Lien with Power of Attorney, Dated August 15, 2018	18
5	NRS 108.2415 Surety Bond 854482 Posted to Release Lien with Power of Attorney, Dated September 6, 2018	23
6	Defendant Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC's Notice of Removal, Filed September 10, 2018 [U.S. District Court (Nevada), Doc. 1]	28
7	Fourth Amended Lien, Dated September 14, 2018	34
8	Defendant Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC's Answer to Brahma Group, Inc.'s Complaint and Counterclaim Against Brahma, Filed September 17, 2018	43
9	[U.S. District Court (Nevada), Case No. 2:18-cv-01747, Doc. 4] Brahma Group, Inc.'s First Amended Counter-Complaint; and Third-Party Complaint, Filed September 25, 2018	63
10	Surety Rider Bond 854481 Posted to Release Lien with Power of Attorney, Dated October 9, 2018	78
11	Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC's Motion to Strike Brahma Group, Inc.'s First Amended Counter-Complaint, or, in the Alternative, Motion to Dismiss Counter-Complaint, or, in the Alternative, Motion to Stay This Action Until the Conclusion of the Proceedings in Federal Court, Filed October 18, 2018	83
	Exhibit 1: Brahma Group, Inc.'s Mechanic's Lien Foreclosure Complaint, Dated September 20, 2018	109

	Exhibit 2:	Brahma Group, Inc.'s First Amended Counter- Complaint; and Third-Party Complaint, Filed September 25, 2018	116		
	Exhibit 3:	Complaint, Filed July 17, 2018	131		
	Exhibit 4:	Services Agreement between Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC and Brahma Group, Inc., Dated February 1, 2017	137		
	Exhibit 5:	Notice of Removal to Federal Court, Filed September 10, 2018	159		
	Exhibit 6:	Defendant Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC's Answer to Brahma Group, Inc.'s Complaint and Counterclaim Against Brahma, Dated September 17, 2018	169		
	Exhibit 7:	First Amended Complaint, Dated September 25, 2018	189		
	Exhibit 8:	Brahma Group, Inc.'s Motion for Stay, or in the Alternative, Motion to Amend Complaint, Dated October 16, 2018	194		
	Exhibit 9:	Fourth Amended Lien, Dated September 14, 2018	214		
	Exhibit 10:	Certificate of Service	224		
	VO	LUME II OF III – Pages 236 to 469 of 711			
12	Summons re A Dated December	merican Home Assurance Company, er 14, 2018	236		
13	Summons re Co Dated December	obra Thermosolar Plants, Inc., er 14, 2018	239		
14	Brahma Group Against Surety Filed Decembe		242		
15	Order Granting Brahma's Motion for Attorney's Fees and Costs Pursuant to NRS 108.2275(6)(C), Filed January 8, 2019				
16	Brahma Group, Inc.'s First Amended Complaint, Filed January 11, 2019				
17	Order Denying Filed January 2	Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC's Motion to Strike, etc., 24, 2019	265		
18	Order Granting with Case No. (Filed February		270		

19	Brahma Group Third-Party Co Filed April 22,	1	274				
20		Order on H&E Equipment Services, Inc.'s Motion to Intervene, Dated April 30, 2019					
21	Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc.'s and American Home Assurance Company's Answer to Brahma Group, Inc.'s First Amended Third- Party Complaint, Filed May 17, 2019						
22	Reporter's Transcript of Proceedings in U.S. District Court, District of Nevada, before The Honorable Richard F. Boulware, II, re Motion Hearing, Dated June 25, 2019						
23	Order to Enjoin, Filed September 25, 2019 [U.S. District Court (Nevada), Case No. 2:18-cv-01747, Doc. 55]						
24	Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc.'s and American Home Assurance Company's Motion to Stay, Filed October 16, 2019						
25	Motion to Intervene as Defendants, Filed October 18, 2019 [U.S. District Court (Nevada), Case No. 2:18-cv-01747, Doc. 56]						
26	-	, Inc.'s Opposition to Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc. Home Assurance Company's Motion to Stay, 31, 2019	396				
	Exhibit 1:	Certificate of Service	411				
	Exhibit 2:	Brahma Group, Inc.'s Second Amended Complaint; and First Amended Third-Party Complaint, Filed April 22, 2019	422				
	Exhibit 3:	Brahma Group, Inc.'s First Amended Counter- Complaint; and Third-Party Complaint, Filed September 25, 2018	436				
	Exhibit 4:	Exhibit 4: Brahma Group, Inc.'s First Amended Complaint, Filed January 11, 2019					
	Exhibit 5: Notice of Entry of Order, Filed March 15, 2019						

VOLUME III OF III – Pages 470 to 711 of 711

	and American I	Inc.'s Opposition to Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc. Home Assurance Company's Motion to Stay, 31, 2019 (Exhibits Continued from Volume II)	
	Exhibit 6:	Order Granting Brahma's Counter-Motion for Leave to File a Single Consolidated Amended Complaint, Filed April 22, 2019	470
	Exhibit 7:	Notice of Entry of Order, Filed January 28, 2019	489
	Exhibit 8:	Brahma Group, Inc.'s Reply in Support of Motion for Stay, or in the Alternative, Motion to Amend Complaint, Filed November 8, 2018 [Docket 24]	498
	Exhibit 9:	Order to Enjoin, Filed September 25, 2019 [Docket 55]	512
	Exhibit 10:	Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc.'s and American Home Assurance Company's Answer to Brahma Group, Inc.'s First Amended Third-Party Complaint, Dated May 16, 2019	522
	Exhibit 11:	Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc.'s and American Home Assurance Company's Answer to H&E Equipment Services, Inc.'s Complaint in Intervention, Dated June 7, 2019	539
	Exhibit 12:	Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc.'s and American Home Assurance Company's Answer to H&E Equipment Services, Inc.'s Amended Complaint in Intervention, Dated September 12, 2019	561
	Exhibit 13:	Joint Case Conference Report, Filed June 26, 2019	581
	Exhibit 14:	Hearing Requested, Dated October 22, 2019	606
27		olar Plants, Inc.'s and American Home Assurance oly in Further Support of Motion to Stay, r 8, 2019	617
28	•	roceedings [Excerpts] in Fifth Judicial District Court, evada, before The Honorable Steven Elliott, er 21, 2019	681
29	Filed December	er Support of Motion to Intervene as Defendants, r 9, 2019 Fourt (Nevada), Case No. 2:18-cv-01747, Doc. 69]	696
30		Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc.'s and American Home pany's Motion to Stay, 3, 2020	706

Exhibit 6

ORIGINAL

			1 Sum				
	1	ORDR RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ.					
	2	Nevada Bar No. 4359	FILED DISTRICT				
	3	ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9407	FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT				
	4	RONALD J. COX, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12723	APR 2 2 2019				
	Ĭ.	PEEL BRIMLEY LLP	1 Ave County Clerk				
	5	3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571	Deputy Deputy				
	6	Telephone: (702) 990-7272	1				
	7	Facsimile: (702) 990-7273 rpeel@peelbrimley.com					
	8	ezimbelman@peelbrimley.com Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc.					
	9	Autorneys for Brunma Group, Inc.					
		EIETH HIDICIAL DI	CEDICE COLUMN				
	10	FIFTH JUDICIAL DIS					
0 73	11	NYE COUNTY,	4				
TE. 200 074 90-72	12	TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,	CASE NO. : CV 39348				
PEEL BRIMLEY LLP SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 DERSON, NEVADA 89074 F7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273	13	Plaintiff,	Consolidated with:				
	14	vs.	Case No. CV39799				
	15	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,	DEPT. NO. : 2				
P. S. E. S.	16	Bio minia Groof, inc., a nevada corporation,	ORDER GRANTING BRAHMA'S				
PEEL 3333 E. SERE! HENDERSO (702) 990-7272	17	Defendant.	COUNTERMOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE A SINGLE				
	18	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,	CONSOLIDATED AMENDED COMPLAINT				
	19						
	20	Lien/Bond Claimant,					
	21	vs.					
	ļ	TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY LLC, a Delaware					
	22	limited liability company; BOE BONDING					
	23	COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X; and TOE					
	24	TENANTS I through X, inclusive,					
	25	Counterdefendants,					
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BRAHMA GROUP,	INC.,	a Nevada	corporation,
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Lien/Bond Claimant and Third-Party Plaintiff,

VS.

COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., a Nevada corporation; AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY, a surety; BOE BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,

Third-Party Defendants.

ORDER GRANTING BRAHMA'S COUNTERMOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE A SINGLE CONSOLIDATED AMENDED COMPLAINT

This matter came on for hearing April 17, 2019 (the "Hearing") before the Honorable Senior Judge Steven Elliott on the Countermotion for Leave to File a Single Consolidated Amended Complaint ("Countermotion") filed by Defendant/Lien Bond Claimant, BRAHMA GROUP, INC. ("Brahma"). Eric B. Zimbelman, Esq. of PEEL BRIMLEY LLP appeared on behalf of Brahma. Colby L. Balkenbush, Esq. of WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS, GUNN & DIAL, LLC appeared on behalf of Plaintiff TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC ("TSE"), who opposed the Countermotion.

The Court having considered all the pleadings and papers on file, and having heard argument of counsel, hereby **ORDERS** as follows:

- 1. Brahma's Countermotion is GRANTED; and
- Brahma is granted leave to file the Consolidated Amended Pleading (titled "Brahma Group, Inc.'s: (I) Second Amended Complaint; and (II) First Amended Third-Party Complaint") substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit "A;" and

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¹ Brahma filed its Countermotion in connection with and as part of its Opposition to the Motion to Dismiss filed by filed by Third-Party Defendant Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc. ("Cobra"). By way of a separate Stipulation and Order for Partial Dismissal, Cobra withdrew its Motion to Dismiss.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273

Tonapah Solar v. Brahma Group Case No: CV 39348

Order Granting Brahma's Countermotion

3. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed to mean that the constituent cases of this consolidated action (Case No. CV39348 and Case No. CV39799) do not "retain their separate identities at least to the extent that a final decision in one is immediately appealable by the losing party." *Matter of Estate of Sarge*, 134 Nev. Adv. Op. 105, 432 P.3d 718, 722 (2018) citing *Hall v. Hall*, 138 S. Ct. 1118, 1131, 200 L. Ed. 2d 399 (2018).

Dated this ___ day April 2019.

SENIOR JUDGE STEVEN ELLIOTT

Submitted by:

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP

RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ. (NV Bar No. 4359) ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN, ESQ. (NV Bar No. 9407) RONALD J. COX, ESQ. (NV Bar No. 12723)

3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571

Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273

Tonapa	h Solar v. Brahma Group
	Case No: CV 39348
Granting	Rrahma's Countermotion

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Dated this 22day April 2019.

SENIOR JUDGE STEVEN ELLIOTT

Submitted by:

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP

RICHARD L PEEL, ESQ. (NV Bar No. 4359) ERIC B. ZHMBELMAN, ESQ. (NV Bar No. 9407) RONALD J. COX, ESQ. (NV Bar No. 12723)

3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571

Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc.

Exhibit A

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1	RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ.
_	Nevada Bar No. 4359
2	ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN, ESQ.
3	Nevada Bar No. 9407
,	RONALD J. COX, ESQ.
4	Nevada Bar No. 12723
	PEEL BRIMLEY LLP
5	3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200
6	Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571
0	Telephone: (702) 990-7272
7	Facsimile: (702) 990-7273
	rpeel@peelbrimley.com
8	ezimbelman@peelbrimley.com
	rcox@peelbrimley.com
9	Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc.
10	<u> </u>
יי	
11	FIFTH

FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT NYE COUNTY, NEVADA

TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,

Plaintiff,

vs.

BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,

Defendant.

BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,

Lien/Bond Claimant,

vs.

TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; BOE BONDING

COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through X;

ROE CORPORATIONS I through X; and TOE

Counterdefendants,

TENANTS I through X, inclusive,

CASE NO. : CV 39348

Consolidated with:

Case No. CV39799

DEPT. NO. : 2

BRAHMA GROUP, INC.'S:

- (I) SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT; AND
- (II) FIRST AMENDED THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT.

[Arbitration Exemption: Amount in Controversy in Excess of \$50,000]

BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,

Lien/Bond Claimant and Third-Party Plaintiff.

VS.

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COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., a Nevada corporation; **AMERICAN** HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY, a surety; BOE BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive.

Third-Party Defendants.

SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

Lien/Bond Claimant, BRAHMA GROUP, INC. ("Brahma"), by and through its attorneys of record, the law firm of PEEL BRIMLEY LLP, and by way of this Second Amended Complaint ("Second Amended Complaint"), hereby (i) amends all previously filed claims and causes of action filed in this Action, (ii) brings this Second Amended Complaint against the above-named Counterdefendants, and (iii) complains, avers and alleges as follows:

THE PARTIES

- 1. Brahma is and was at all times relevant to this Action:
- a. A Nevada corporation, duly authorized and qualified to do business in the State of Nevada; and
- b. A duly licensed contractor holding a Nevada State Contractor's License, which license is in good standing.
- 2. Brahma is informed and believes and therefore alleges that the U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT ("BLM"), is and was at all times relevant to this Action, an owner or reputed owner of the fee simple title to all or portions of real property located in Nye County, Nevada, and more particularly described as Nye County Parcel Numbers 012-141-01 and 012-151-01 (the "BLM Parcels").1

¹ The BLM is not a party to this Action and Brahma is not making a claim against the BLM or the fee simple title of the BLM Parcels by way of this Action.

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i. Commonly known as the Crescent Dunes Solar Energy Project; and

Brahma is informed and believes and therefore alleges that LIBERTY MOLY,

ii. Constructed on the BLM Parcels, the TSE Parcels, and the Liberty

Parcels.3

"Project"):

- 5. The TSE Parcels, along with the Project, are collectively referred to herein as the "Work of Improvement," and include all leasehold estates, easements, rights-of-way, common areas and appurtenances related thereto, and the surrounding space as may be required for the convenient use and occupation of the Work of Improvement.
- 6. Brahma does not know the true names of the individuals, corporations, partnerships and entities identified and named as Counterdefendants by the fictitious names of (collectively,

² Liberty is not a party to this Action and Brahma is not making a claim against Liberty or the fee simple title of the Liberty Parcel by way of this Action.

³ The term "Project" as used herein, does not include, and expressly excludes, the fee simple title of the BLM Parcels and the Liberty Parcels.

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the "Doe Defendants"), (i) DOES I through X, (ii) ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, (iii) BOE BONDING COMPANIES I through X, and (iv) TOE TENANTS I through X. Brahma alleges that such Doe Defendants are responsible for damages suffered by Brahma as more fully discussed under the claims for relief set forth below. Brahma will request leave of this Honorable Court to amend this Second Amended Complaint to show the true names and capacities of each such fictitious Defendant when Brahma discovers such information.

7. TSE and the Doe Defendants are collectively referred to in this Second Amended Complaint as the "Counterdefendants."

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Breach of Contract)

- 8. Brahma repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Second Amended Complaint, incorporates them by reference, and further alleges as follows:
- On or about February 1, 2017, BGI entered a Services Agreement (the 9. "Agreement") with TSE, wherein BGI agreed to provide certain work, materials and/or equipment (the "Work") for the Work of Improvement.
- BGI furnished the Work for the benefit of and/or at the specific instance and request 10. of TSE and the Work of Improvement and has otherwise performed its duties and obligations as required by the Agreement.
- As required by the Agreement, BGI has, and in the form and manner required by 11. the Agreement, provided monthly invoices or payment applications (collectively, "Payment Applications") to TSE for the Work in an amount totaling more than Twenty-Six Million U.S. Dollars (\$26,000,000.00).
- Pursuant to the Agreement and Nevada law, TSE agreed to and is obligated to pay 12. BGI for its Work within no more than 45 days after TSE's receipt of BGI's Payment Applications.
 - TSE breached the Agreement by, among other things: 13.
 - Failing and/or refusing to pay monies owed to BGI for the Work; and a.

Page 4 of 13

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	b.	Otherwise	failing	and/or	refusing	to	comply	with	the	Agreement	and
Nevada law.											

- 14. BGI is owed Twelve Million Eight Hundred Fifty-Nine Thousand Five Hundred Seventy-Seven and 74/100 Dollars (\$12,859,577,74—"Outstanding Balance") from TSE for the Work.
- 15. BGI has been required to engage the services of an attorney to collect the Outstanding Balance, and BGI is entitled to recover its reasonable costs, attorney's fees and interest therefor.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith & Fair Dealing)

- 16. Brahma repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs of the Second Amended Complaint, incorporates them by reference, and further alleges as follows:
- 17. There is a covenant of good faith and fair dealing implied in every agreement, including the Agreement between BGI and TSE.
- 18. TSE breached its duty to act in good faith by performing the Agreement in a manner that was unfaithful to the purpose of the Agreement, thereby denying BGI's justified expectations.
 - 19. Specifically, but without limitation, TSE breached its duty to act in good faith by:
- a. Asserting pre-textual, extra-contractual and inaccurate reasons for withholding payment long after the time required by the Agreement and Nevada law had elapsed for payment to be made by TSE to BGI.
- b. TSE has improperly withheld moneys totaling more than One Million U.S. Dollars for "retention" in purported reliance upon NRS 624.609(2)(a)(1).
- c. Furthermore, and even if the Agreement allowed TSE to withhold retention from monthly payments (which it does not), TSE's withholding of retention amounts retroactively aggregated from Payment Applications issued (and, in some cases, payments previously made) long ago constitutes extreme bad faith.

Page 5 of 13

20	Due to the actions of TSE, BGI suffered damages in the amount of or exceeding
the Outsta	ding Balance for which BGI is entitled to judgment in an amount to be determined a
trial.	

21. BGI has been required to engage the services of an attorney to collect the Outstanding Balance, and BGI is entitled to recover its reasonable costs, attorney's fees and interest therefor.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of NRS 624)

- 22. Brahma repeats and realleges each allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Second Amended Counter-Complaint, incorporates them by reference, and further alleges as follows:
- 23. NRS 624.609 and NRS 624.610 (the "Statute") requires owners (such as TSE and as defined by the Statute) to, among other things, (i) timely pay their prime contractors (such as BGI and as defined by the Statute), and (ii) respond to payment applications and change order requests, as provided in the Statute.
- 24. TSE violated the provisions of the Statute by failing or refusing to comply with the requirements set forth therein.
- 25. By reason of the foregoing, BGI is entitled to a judgment against TSE in the amount of the Outstanding Balance as well as other remedies as defined by the applicable law.
- 26. BGI has been required to engage the services of an attorney to collect the Outstanding Balance due and owing for the Work, and BGI is entitled to recover its reasonable costs, attorney's fees and interest therefore.

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WHEREFORE, Brahma prays that this Honorable Court:

- 1. Enters judgment against the Counterdefendants, and each of them, jointly and severally in the amount of the Outstanding Balance;
- 2. Enters a judgment against the Counterdefendants, and each of them, jointly and severally, for Brahma's reasonable costs and attorney's fees incurred in the collection of the Outstanding Balance, as well as an award of interest thereon; and
- 3. For such other and further relief as this Honorable Court deems just and proper in the premises.

AFFIRMATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239B.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the proceeding document does not contain the social security number of any persons.

Dated this ____ day of April 2019.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP

RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 4359
ERIC ZIMBELMAN, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 9407
RONALD J. COX, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 12723
3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200
Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571
Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc.

///

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273

BRAHMA GROUP, INC.'S FIRST AMENDED THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT

Lien/Bond Claimant and Third-Party Plaintiff, BRAHMA GROUP, INC. ("Brahma"), by and through its attorneys of record, the law firm of PEEL BRIMLEY LLP, and by way of this First Amended Third-Party Complaint ("Amended Third-Party Complaint"), hereby (i) amends all previously filed claims and causes of action filed in this Third-Party Action, (ii) brings this Amended Third-Party Complaint against the above-named Third-Party Defendants, and (iii) complains, avers and alleges as follows:

THE PARTIES

- 1. Brahma is and was at all times relevant to this Third-Party Action:
- a. A Nevada corporation, duly authorized and qualified to do business in the State of Nevada;
- b. A duly licensed contractor holding a Nevada State Contractor's License, which license is in good standing; and
- c. Is a party to a negotiated settlement between Cobra and Brahma for the payment of monies owed to Brahma for work Brahma performed directly for Cobra ("Cobra Work") at the Project.
- 2. Brahma is informed and believes and therefore alleges that the U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT ("BLM"), is and was at all times relevant to this Third-Party Action, an owner or reputed owner of the fee simple title to all or portions of real property located in Nye County, Nevada, and more particularly described as Nye County Parcel Numbers 012-141-01 and 012-151-01 (the "BLM Parcels").4
- 3. Brahma is informed and believes and therefore alleges that LIBERTY MOLY, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Liberty"), is and was at all times relevant to this Third-Party Action, an owner or reputed owner of the fee simple title to all or portions of real

⁴ The BLM is not a party to this Action and Brahma is not making a claim against the BLM or the fee simple title of the BLM Parcels by way of this Action.

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property located in Nye County, Nevada, and more particularly described as Nye County Parcel Number 012-431-06 (the "Liberty Parcel").5

- TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC ("TSE")6 is and was at all times relevant to 4. this Third-Party Action:
- A Delaware limited liability company authorized to do business in Nye County, Nevada;
- b. An owner or reputed owner of the fee simple title to all or portions of real property located in Nye County, Nevada, and more particularly described as Nye County Parcel Numbers 012-031-04, 012-131-03, 012-131-04, 012-140-01, 012-150-01 and 612-141-01 (collectively, the "TSE Parcels");
- The lessee, tenant or the person, individual and/or entity who claims a c. license or leasehold estate with respect to the BLM Parcels and the Liberty Parcels; and
- d. The owner of those certain improvements and/or leasehold estate (the "Project"):
 - i. Commonly known as the Crescent Dunes Solar Energy Project; and
 - ii. Constructed on the BLM Parcels, the TSE Parcels, and the Liberty

Parcels.7

- 5. The TSE Parcels, along with the Project, are collectively referred to herein as the "Work of Improvement," and include all leasehold estates, easements, rights-of-way, common areas and appurtenances related thereto, and the surrounding space as may be required for the convenient use and occupation of the Work of Improvement.
- 6. Brahma is informed, believes and therefore alleges that Third-Party Defendant AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY ("AHAC"):
- Is and was at all times relevant to this Third-Party Action a bonding company duly licensed and qualified to do business as a surety in Nevada;

⁵ Liberty is not a party to this Action and Brahma is not making a claim against Liberty or the fee simple title of the Liberty Parcel by way of this Action.

⁶ TSE is a party to Brahma's Second Amended Complaint, filed in the Action.

⁷ The term "Project" as used herein, does not include, and expressly excludes, the fee simple title of the BLM Parcels and the Liberty Parcels,

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b.	Issued Bond No.	854481 ("Surety	Bond")	pursuant to	NRS	108.2413	as
discussed more full	y below; and						

- c. Issued a Surety Rider to the Surety Bond as discussed more fully below.
- 7. Brahma is informed, believes and therefore alleges that Third-Party Defendant COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. ("Cobra"):
- a. Is and was at all times relevant to this Third-Party Action a Nevada corporation;
 - b. Is the principal on the Surety Bond and the Rider; and
- c. Is a party to a negotiated settlement between Cobra and Brahma for the payment of monies owed to Brahma for work Brahma performed directly for Cobra ("Cobra Work") at the Project.
- 8. Brahma does not know the true names of the individuals, corporations, partnerships and entities identified and named as Third-Party Defendants by the fictitious names of (collectively, the "Doe Defendants"), (i) BOE BONDING COMPANIES I through X, (ii) DOES I through X, and (iii) ROE CORPORATIONS I through X. Brahma alleges that such Doe Defendants may be liable to Brahma for claims and/or damages arising from the construction of the Work of Improvement, as more fully discussed under the claims for relief set forth below. Brahma will request leave of this Honorable Court to amend this Amended Third-Party Complaint to show the true names and capacities of each such fictitious Doe Defendants when Brahma discovers such information.
- Cobra, AHAC and the Doe Defendants are collectively referred to in this Amended
 Third-Party Complaint as the "Third-Party Defendants."

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Claim Against Surety, Surety Bond and Principal thereon)

10. Brahma repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Amended Third-Party Complaint, incorporates them by reference, and further alleges as follows:

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	11.	On or about February 1, 2017, Brahma entered a Services Agreement with TSE (the
"TSE	Agreem	ent") wherein Brahma agreed to provide certain work, materials and/or equipment
(the "	TSE Wo	rk") for the Work of Improvement.

- 12. As provided in NRS 108.245, Brahma gave or served a copy of its Notice of Right to Lien on:
 - a. The BLM; and
 - b. TSE, even though it had no statutory duty to do so.
- 13. The TSE Work was provided for the whole of the Work of Improvement, at the special instance and/or request of TSE.
- 14. On or about April 9, 2018, Brahma timely recorded a Notice of Lien in the Official Records of Nye County, Nevada, as Document No. 890822 ("Original Lien"), in the amount of \$6,982,186.24.
- On or about April 16, 2018 (as allowed by NRS 108.229(1)), Brahma recorded a 15. Notice of First Amended and Restated Lien in the Official Records of Nye County, Nevada, as Document 891073 and as re-recorded by Brahma in the Official Records of Nye County, Nevada on April 18, 2018, as Document No. 891507, in the amount of \$7,178,376.94 (the "First Amended Lien").
- 16. On or about April 24, 2018 (as allowed by NRS 108.229(1)), Brahma recorded a Notice of Second Amended and Restated Lien in the Official Records of Nye County, Nevada, as Document 891766, in the amount of \$7,178,376.94 (the "Second Amended Lien").
- 17. On or about July 19, 2018 (as allowed by NRS 108.229(1)), Brahma recorded a Third Amended and/or Restated Notice of Lien in the Official Records of Nye County, Nevada, as Document 896269, in the amount of \$11,902,474.75 (the "Third Amended Lien").
- 18. On or about September 14, 2018 (as allowed by NRS 108.229(1)), Brahma recorded a Fourth Amended and/or Restated Notice of Lien in the Official Records of Nye County, Nevada, as Document 899351 in the amount of \$12,859,577.74 (the "Fourth Amended Lien").

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1	19. The (i) Original Lien, (ii) First Amended Lien, (iii) Second Amended Lien, (iv)
2	Third Amended Lien, and (iv) Fourth Amended Lien, collectively referred to herein as the "Lien,"
3	were:
4	c. In writing;
5	d. Recorded against the Work of Improvement; and
6	e. Were given or served on the authorized agents of the BLM and TSE, or the
7	BLM and/or TSE knew of the existence of the Lien.
8	20. The Lien (as amended) is in the amount Twelve Million Eight Hundred and Fifty-
9	Nine Thousand, Five Hundred and Seventy-Seven Dollars and Seventy-Four Cents.
10	(\$12,859,577,74 - "Lienable Amount").
11	21. The Lienable Amount is due and owing Brahma as of the date of this Amended
12	Third-Party Complaint.
13	22. On or about September 6, 2018, pursuant to NRS 108.2413, Cobra (as principal)
14	and AHAC (as surety) caused a Surety Bond to be recorded in the Official Records of Nye County,
15	Nevada as Document No. 898975.
16	23. On or about October 9, 2018, Cobra (as principal) and AHAC (as surety) caused a
17	Surety Rider ("Rider") to be recorded in the Official Records of Nye County, Nevada as Document
18	No. 900303.
19	24. The Rider increased the penal sum of the Surety Bond to \$19,289,300.61.
20	25. NRS 108.2421 authorizes Brahma, as lien claimant, to bring an action against the
21	principal (Cobra) and the surety (AHAC) on the Surety Bond and Rider within this Court.
22	26. Brahma makes claim against the Third-Party Defendants and AHAC is obligated
23	to Brahma for the Lienable Amount plus interest, costs and attorney's fees up to the penal sum of
24	the Surety Bond and Rider as provided in Chapter 108 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
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WHEREFORE, Brahma prays that this Honorable Court:

- 1. Enters judgment against the Third-Party Defendants and each of them, jointly and severally in the Lienable Amount;
- 2. Enters a judgment against the Third-Party Defendants (as defined therein) and each of them, jointly and severally, for Brahma's reasonable costs and attorney's fees incurred in the collection of the Lienable Amount, as well as an award of interest thereon;
- Enters judgment against AHAC up to the penal sum of the Surety Bond and Rider;
- 4. For such other and further relief as this Honorable Court deems just and proper in the premises.

AFFIRMATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239B.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the proceeding document does not contain the social security number of any persons.

Dated this ____ day of April 2019.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP

RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 4359
ERIC ZIMBELMAN, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 9407
RONALD J. COX, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 12723
3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200
Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571
Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc.

Exhibit 7

FILED FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT JAN 282019 **NEO** RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ. 2 Nevada Bar No. 4359 Mye County Clerk ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN, ESQ. Deputy 3 Nevada Bar No. 9407 Veronica Aguilar CARY B. DOMINA, ESQ. 4 Nevada Bar No. 10567 RONALD J. COX, ESQ. 5 Nevada Bar No. 12723 PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571 Telephone: (702) 990-7272 Facsimile: (702) 990-7273 7 8 rpeel@peelbrimley.com ezimbelman@peelbrimley.com 9 cdomina@peelbrimley.com rcox@peelbrimley.com 10 Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc. 11 PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273 FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 12 NYE COUNTY, NEVADA 13 TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a Delaware CASE NO. : CV 39348 limited liability company, DEPT. NO. : 2 14 Plaintiff, 15 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER VS. 16 **(I)** DENYING TONOPAH BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation, SOLAR ENERGY, LLC'S 17 MOTION TO STRIKE AND Defendant. **DISMISS; AND** 18 **GRANTING IN PART** (II)19 TONOPAH SOLAR **ENERGY, LLC'S MOTION** 20 FOR STAY 21 (III) **GRANTING BRAHMA** GROUP, INC'S MOTION TO 22 AMEND 23 AND ALL RELATED CROSS-ACTIONS. 24 25 /// 26 111 27 111 28

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NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an ORDER (I) DENYING TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC'S MOTION TO STRIKE AND DISMISS; AND (II) GRANTING IN PART TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC'S MOTION FOR STAY and (III) GRANTING BRAHMA GROUP, INC'S MOTION TO AMEND was filed on January 24, 2019, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit 1.

Dated this <u>48</u> day of January, 2019.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP

RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ. (4359) ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN, ESQ. (9407) CARY B. DOMINA, ESQ. (10567) RONALD J. COX, ESQ. (12723) 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571 Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc.

3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273

EXHIBIT 1

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1 **ORDR** RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ. 23 2 Nevada Bar No. 4359 ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN, ESO. 3 Nevada Bar No. 9407 2019 JAN 24 A 10:37 CARY B. DOMINA, ESQ. 4 Nevada Bar No. 10567 NXE COURTY CLEIK RONALD J. COX, ESQ. 5 Nevada Bar No. 12723 PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 6 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571 Telephone: (702) 990-7272 Facsimile: (702) 990-7273 7 8 rpeel@peelbrimley.com ezimbelman@peelbrimley.com cdomina@peelbrimley.com 9 rcox@peelbrimley.com 10 Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc. 11 PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273 FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 12 NYE COUNTY, NEVADA 13 TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a Delaware CASE NO. : CV 39348 limited liability company, DEPT. NO. : 2 14 Plaintiff. 15 **ORDER** vs. 16 **(II) DENYING TONOPAH** BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation, SOLAR ENERGY, LLC'S 17 MOTION TO STRIKE AND Defendant. DISMISS; AND 18 (II)**GRANTING IN PART** 19 TONOPAH SOLAR **ENERGY, LLC'S MOTION** 20 FOR STAY 21 (III)**GRANTING BRAHMA** GROUP, INC'S MOTION TO 22 AMEND 23 24 25 26 27 28

BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,

Counterclaimant/Lien Claimant.

vs.

TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; BOE BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X; and TOE TENANTS I through X, inclusive,

Counter-Defendant,

BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,

Third-Party Plaintiff,

VS.

COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., a Nevada corporation; AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY, a surety; BOE BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,

Third-Party Defendants.

ORDER

These matters came on for hearing December 11, 2018 (the "Hearing") before the Honorable Senior Judge Steven Elliott on the Motion to Strike, Motion to Dismiss and Motion for Stay ("Motion to Strike") filed by Plaintiff TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC ("TSE") and Motion to Amend filed by Defendant, Brahma Group, Inc. ("Brahma"). D. Lee Roberts, Esq., and Ryan Gormley, Esq. of WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS, GUNN & DIAL, LLC appeared on behalf of TSE. Richard Peel, Esq., Eric B. Zimbelman, Esq. and Cary Domina, Esq. of PEEL BRIMLEY LLP appeared on behalf of Brahma.

The Court having considered all the pleadings and papers on file, and having heard argument of counsel, hereby ORDERS as follows, having rendered its oral decision from the bench on December 11, 2018:

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The Court finds that Brahma's Amended Counter-Complaint does not violate NRCP 7(a) because it (i) acts as a standalone complaint, (ii) was served on TSE, and (iii) provides adequate notice of the claims that are at issue between Brahma and TSE. While incorrectly styled as a "Counter-Complaint," the Court finds that it is really a "Complaint" and complies with NRCP 7(a) as it "puts the matters asserted therein at issue." In fact, the initial pleading Brahma filed in this Action was identified as a "Mechanic's Lien Foreclosure Complaint" and was not called an Amended Counter-Complaint until Brahma amended the initial Complaint.

The Court further finds that there was nothing improper with Brahma filing its Counter-Complaint in the same Case TSE commenced when it filed its Motion to Expunge Brahma's Lien. First, NRS 108.2275(5) establishes the Nevada Legislature's intent to combine mechanic's lien foreclosure actions with motions to expunge liens. Had Brahma filed a standalone complaint as an independent action and then moved the Court to consolidate that action with Case No. CV 39348 as TSE suggests, the Parties would be in the same position they currently find themselves in Also At the time Brahma filed its Amended Counter-Complaint in this Action, the Court had not yet ruled on Brahma's Motion for Attorney's Fees and Costs under NRS 108.2275, so that Case was still open.

The Court further finds that the following three Causes of Action asserted by Brahma against TSE are stayed: (i) Breach of Contract; (ii) Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing; and (iii) Violations of NRS 624 until such time as the federal court rules on Brahma's and TSE's pending motions filed in the federal action. With respect to all remaining causes of action (as may be further amended), nothing herein is intended to be a stay of such claims and causes of action and Brahma is entitled to proceed with the prosecution of such claims.

Finally, the Court finds that Brahma shall be permitted to amend its Amended Counter-Complaint to (i) withdraw the mechanic's lien foreclosure action against TSE's Work of Improvement; (ii) identify the Rider to the Bond (as defined in the Parties' Briefing); and (iii) increase its mechanic's lien foreclosure action against the Bond and Rider to \$19,289,366. The three stayed Causes of Action shall be included in the Second Amended Complaint but shall

remain stayed as set forth above.

THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that TSE's Motion to Strike Brahma's Amended Counter-Compliant is DENIED;

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that TSE's Motion to Dismiss Brahma's Amended Counter-Complaint is DENIED; and

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that TSE's Motion for Stay is DENIED in part and GRANTED in part. The Motion for Stay is granted only as to the following three Causes of Action which TSE initially removed to federal court: (i) Breach of Contract; (ii) Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing; and (iii) Violations of NRS 624. These three Causes of Action shall be stayed until such time as the Federal Court rules on whether this Court has proper jurisdiction over these claims. Brahma may prosecute its remaining claims and causes of action as amended. TSE's Motion for Stay is DENIED as to all other claims.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Brahma shall be permitted to amend its Amended Counter-Complaint.

Dated this 24 day of January, 2019.

SENIOR JUDGE STEVEN ELLIOTT

Respectfully submitted by: **PEEL BRIMLEY LLP**

Approved as to form and Content
WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS,
GUNN & DIAL, LLC

RICHARD E. PEEL, ESQ. (4359) ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN, ESQ. (9407) CARY B. DOMINA, ESQ. (10567) RONALD J. COX, ESQ. (12723) 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571 Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc.

D. LEE ROBERTS, JR, ESQ. (8877)
COLBY L. BALKENBUSH, ESQ. (13066)
RYAN T. GORMLEY, ESQ. (13494)
6385 South Rainbow Blvd., Suite 400
Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
Attorneys for Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC

Exhibit 8

Dated this 8 day of November, 2018.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP

RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 4359
CARY B. DOMINA, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 10567
3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200
Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571
Telephone: (702) 990-7272
Attorneys for Plaintiff
BRAHMA GROUP, INC.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS & AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

TSE acknowledges in its state court pleadings that this Action and the Nye County Action are parallel proceedings—it cannot now claim that they are different to avoid a stay. In any event, TSE's analysis of the *Colorado River* factors is flawed inasmuch as the Ninth Circuit case law holds that exact parallelism is not required. Rather, the cases must only be "substantially similar," which these cases are. Both cases will require the trier of fact to determine, among other issues, (i) the agreed upon contract amount between TSE and Brahma; (ii) the unpaid balance of the agreed upon contract amount; (iii) the amount of labor, materials and equipment Brahma furnished to the Project; (iv) the accuracy and legitimacy of Brahma's billings and invoices to TSE; (v) the amount of payments TSE has made to Brahma; and (vi) whether TSE is entitled to withhold money owed to Brahma. Further, when the eight *Colorado River* Factors are analyzed, all but one weigh in favor of a stay, and the one that does not favor a stay, remains neutral to the analysis.

Finally, in a case very similar to this one, this Court granted a *Colorado River* stay recognizing that construction disputes involving owners, contractors and subcontractors and mechanic's lien claims "are more frequently and more competently addressed by the state court, which has, over the past ten years, engaged in an enormous amount of construction litigation." *Southwest Circle Group, Inc. v. Perini Building Company*, 2010 WL 26667335, *3 (D.Nev. June 29, 2010). This Court's time and resources are better allocated addressing cases involving actual federal right issues. Accordingly, the Court should grant the

Motion and allow Judge Elliot, who was expressly appointed to resolve this construction dispute between Brahma and TSE, to preside over the entire Case.

II. <u>LEGAL ARGUMENT</u>

A. The Court Should Hear Brahma's Motion for Stay Before it Hears TSE's Motion for Injunction.

Because Brahma filed its Motion for Stay [ECF. No. 13] first, the Court should decide that Motion first and deny the Motion for Injunction [ECF No. 16] as moot. Deciding the Motion for Stay first promotes (i) judicial efficiency by avoiding unnecessary rulings;² and (ii) federal judicial comity toward state courts by reaching the question of enjoining a state court judge only if necessary. *Cf. Younger v. Harris*, 401 U.S. 37, 44 (1971) (abstaining from enjoining state court to promote "comity" for state judicial proceedings).

B. TSE's Motion for Injunction Should Be Denied.

While not relevant to Brahma's Motion for Stay, TSE dedicates a substantial amount of its Response attempting to bolster its shaky position that an injunction should issue against the Nye County Action. Brahma believes its Response [ECF No. 20] adequately responds to TSE' Motion for Injunction, however, the new cases TSE cites in its Response merit a short discussion which Brahma has included in a footnote below.³ None of those cases support the proposition that federal removal of a civil action automatically and unquestionably divests <u>any</u> state court of jurisdiction over another separately filed state court action.

C. Because this Case is Substantially Parallel to the Nye County Action, the Court Should Stay this Case Under *Colorado River*.

"The *Colorado River* doctrine requires a federal court to abstain from exercising jurisdiction during the pendency of state court proceedings when necessary to promote "wise judicial administration,"

² That is, if the Court were to decide to enjoin the Nye County Court (though it would be improper to do so), but then later concluded that abstention was proper, the permanent injunction would need to be dissolved.

³ In Roberts v. Hollandsworth, the Idaho Supreme Court affirmed a state trial court's dismissal of an action before it on the grounds another action was pending "between the same parties for the same cause" in federal court. Roberts, 101 Idaho 522, 524, 616 P.2d 1058, 1061 (1980). However, the court affirmed because the plaintiffs initiated their state court action "only after the federal district court had ruled against the plaintiffs adversely, albeit by summary judgment." Id. at 525. In this litigation, there has been no adverse federal court hearing on any matter, let alone a substantive one. Moreover, TSE commenced the Nye County Action prior to the Federal Action. Similarly, In re M.M. concerned jurisdictional transfer of a case from a state court to a tribal court and provides no support for the idea that concurrent jurisdiction cannot exist in a state court over a separately filed civil action. In re M.M., 154 Cal. App. 4th 897, 912, 65 Cal. Rptr. 3d 273, 284 (2007). In Riley v. Carson Pirie Scott & Co., after the federal court denied plaintiff's motion to remand, she filed an amended complaint in the very same state court case which defendants had removed, asserting her state law claims against defendants. Riley, 946 F. Supp. 716 (E.D. Wisc. 1996). Riley is inapplicable because Brahma did not file its contract claims in the Clark County Action and because Brahma did not file its amended Complaint in contradiction to an order from this Court. It did so pursuant to FRCP 15(a) and to preserve claims against the Brahma Bond in the Nye County Action. Similarly, in Crummie v. Dayton-Hudson Corp., the plaintiff filed an amended complaint in the very same state court action from which defendants had removed their case. Crummie, 611 F. Supp. 692 (E.D. Mich. 1985). In contrast, Brahma filed its Amended Complaint in the Nye County Action, which TSE commenced before it removed the Clark County Action.

conservation of judicial resources, and comprehensive disposition of litigation." *Puckett v. Schnog*, 2013 WL 1874754, *1 (D.Nev. May 3, 2013).

The only threshold question in deciding whether a *Colorado River* stay is appropriate is whether there are parallel federal and state suits. *Chase Brexton Health Services, Inc. v. Maryland*, 411 F.3d 457, 463 (4th Cir. 2005). However, "in the Ninth Circuit, 'exact parallelism' between the two suits is not required. It is enough if the two proceedings are 'substantially similar." *Nakash v. Marciano*, 882 F.2d 1411, 1416 (9th Cir. 1989). "Substantial similarity does not mean that the cases must be identical." *County of Marin v. Deloitte Consulting LLP*, 2011 WL 3903222, *1 (N.D.Cal. Sept. 6, 2011). "This inquiry examines whether the suits involve the same parties and the same claims." *Nakash*, 882 F.2d at 1416. The Ninth Circuit is "particularly reluctant to find that the actions are not parallel when the federal action is but a 'spin-off' of more comprehensive state litigation." *Id.* at 417.

By contrast, the out-of-circuit authority TSE cites requires a comparison that calls for the "exact parallelism" restriction the Ninth Circuit rejected in *Nakash*. Specifically, TSE cites *DDR Const. Services*, *Inc. v. Siemens Industry, Inc.*, which held, even where the same factual issues were involved, the plaintiff's federal action "did not involve substantially the same legal issues as the claims remaining" in the state court action. *Id.* at 645. 770 F.Supp.2d 627 (S.D.N.Y. 2011). In particular, the court found an accounting claim in the state action and a quasi-criminal civil RICO claim in the federal action were "entirely different" from each other and it was unclear how resolution of the state action would dispose of all the claims in the federal case. *Id.*

Another out-of-circuit case cited by TSE, Summit Contracting Grp., Inc. v. Ashland Heights, LP is inapposite to this litigation. Summit Contracting Grp., 187 F. Supp. 3d 893, 897 (M.D. Tenn. 2016). That case declined to find parallelism where there was a state lien action and a federal breach of contract action. Unlike this Case, however, the state lien action in Summit Contracting did not also include contractual claims. Here, the Nye County Action includes both mechanic's lien claims as well as related breach of contract claims. All the cases TSE cites in footnote 5 to its Response can be distinguished from this Case in the same manner.

Even if *DDR Const. Services* were consistent with the Ninth Circuit's rejection of an "exact parallelism" requirement, the facts of this Case are very different from that case. Here, Brahma's claims and

HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 ♦ FAX (702) 990-7273

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TSE's claims in state and federal court are, for the most part, virtually identical. In fact, the state court proceedings are more comprehensive and involve additional parties and claims, making the federal action merely a spin-off of the Nye County Action. Even so, both cases will require the trier of fact to determine, among other issues, (i) the agreed upon contract amount between TSE and Brahma; (ii) the unpaid balance of the agreed upon contract amount; (iii) the amount of labor, materials and equipment Brahma furnished to the Project; (iv) the accuracy and legitimacy of Brahma's billings and invoices to TSE; (v) the amount of payments TSE has made to Brahma; and (vi) whether TSE is entitled to withhold money owed to Brahma.

Indeed, in its Motion to Strike/Dismiss Brahma's pleadings filed in the Nye County Action, TSE moves the Nye County Court to stay the Nye County Action based on its admission that the Federal Action and Nye County Action are "duplicative disputes" and "substantially similar." Hence, as acknowledged by TSE, these are substantially parallel cases.

While TSE does assert negligent misrepresentation and fraudulent misrepresentation counterclaims in the Nye County Action, that Action, however, constitutes part of the same alleged contractual transactions that TSE proposes to be heard as federal counterclaims. Nothing prevents TSE from bringing these claims within the concurrent jurisdiction of the Nye County Court. Indeed, (as more fully discussed below) failure to litigate these compulsory claims concerning the contract TSE breached would result in the federal claims being extinguished as claim precluded (res judicata).

Hence, both pending cases arise out of the same transaction and occurrence and represent precisely the piecemeal litigation the Colorado River Doctrine seeks to avoid. See Gardner v. Letcher, 2012 WL 4863055 at *4 (D.Nev. 2012); Southwest Circle Group, Inc., 2010 WL 26667335, *2 (finding that subcontractor's breach of contract case against general contractor was "but a 'split-off' from the more comprehensive state litigation" involving mechanic's lien claims.).

D. The Colorado River Factors Weigh in Favor of a Stay.

⁴ See Motion to Strike/Dismiss at pg. 4:21-23 attached as Exhibit "25" to Brahma's Response [ECF No. 20]. Indeed, in footnote 1 to the Motion to Strike, TSE states, "Brahma agrees with TSE that this dispute is duplicative of the first filed federal court action... see Motion to Strike, Pg. 4, footnote 1. In that same filing, TSE acknowledges that "the Parties are currently in the midst of a dispute over the sufficiency of certain invoices Brahma has submitted to TSE for payment" where "Brahma contends that TSE owes it additional money for work Brahma performed on the Project" and "TSE contends that Brahma is not owed any additional money and that many of Brahma's invoices are fraudulent." Id. at pg. 3:4-8. In addition to asserting breach of contact claims against Brahma which are essentially the counter-parts of Brahma's contract claims against TSE, TSE also alleges in its Fifth Claim for Relief of its Counter-Claim filed with this Court, "BGI has submitted numerous invoices that contain fraudulent misrepresentations regarding the amount of money BGI was due from TSE for work BGI performed on the Project." See Counter-Claim at pg. 15, ¶63 [ECF No. 4].

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In determining whether "exceptional circumstances" exist to grant a stay under the Colorado River Doctrine, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals evaluates eight factors: (1) which court first assumed jurisdiction over any property at stake; (2) the inconvenience of the federal forum; (3) the desire to avoid piecemeal litigation; (4) the order in which the forums obtained jurisdiction; (5) whether federal law or state law provides the rule of decision on the merits; (6) whether the state court proceedings can adequately protect the rights of the federal litigants; (7) the desire to avoid forum shopping; and (8) whether the state court proceedings will resolve all issues before the federal court. Seneca Ins. Co. Inc. v. Strange Land, Inc., 862 F.3d 835 (9th Cir. 2017).

"These factors are not a mechanical checklist; indeed, some may not have any applicability to the case." Id. (citing Moses H. Cone Mem'l Hosp. v. Mercury Constr. Corp., 460 U.S. 1, 16, 103 S.Ct. 927, 74 L.Ed.2d 765 (1983)). Contrary to TSE's position, "exceptional circumstances" is not a threshold factor or an independent factor in the analysis, but rather, whether such circumstances exist is determined by weighing the eight factors above. Intel Corp. v. Advanced Micro Devices, 12 F.3d 908, 912 (9th Cir. 1993). Notably, this Court has held on several occasions that the "exceptional circumstances" limitation "only relates to cases which involve questions of federal law," not when a case is before the federal court based on diversity jurisdiction only, as is the case here. See Southwest Circle Group, Inc., 2010 WL 2667335, *1; see also, Puckett, 2013 WL 1874754, * 1; Gardner, 2012 WL 4863055, *2.

1. Jurisdiction over the Res

"[A] mechanic's lien is a statutory creature established to help ensure payment for work or materials provided for construction or improvements on land." In re Fontainebleau Las Vegas Holdings, 289 P.3d at 1210. Under NRS 108.2415(6), a party may record a surety bond or "bond off" the lien, which "releases the property described in the surety bond." The surety bond, which is recorded with the county recorder's office, is "deemed to replace the property as security for the lien." NRS 108.2415(6); see also Simmons Self-Storage v. Rib Roof, Inc., 130 Nev. 540, 551 (2014). However, even after the substitution of the surety bond, the Court continues to hold jurisdiction over the lien and the underlying dispute. Under NRS 108.2423(1), "the principal and surety submit themselves to the jurisdiction of the court in which an action or suit is pending

⁵ While it appears this Court does not analyze the "exceptional circumstances" doctrine when deciding cases with no federal questions, out of an abundance of caution, Brahma has followed the Ninth Circuit's case law and provided analysis for why exceptional circumstances exist in this Case.

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on a notice of lien on the property described in the surety bond." Moreover, by procuring a bond, the principal and surety agree "they will pay the lien claimant that amount as a court of competent jurisdiction may adjudge to have been secured by his lien..."; however, "the liability of the surety may not exceed the penal sum of the bond." NRS 108.2415(1).

Thus, TSE "bonding off" the lien affects the remedial aspect of a mechanic's lien, but not the court's jurisdiction over the lien. Moreover, in the event Brahma obtains a judgement against TSE which exceeds the penal sum of the Brahma Surety Bond, Brahma would still be entitled to pursue any deficiency judgment against the principal on the Surety Bond (or in most cases, the owner of the work of improvement to which the lien originally attached). Simmons Self-Storage, 130 Nev. at 552 ("Only upon showing that an individual surety bond is insufficient in relation to its respective charge can the district court take further action against that bond's principal to satisfy the judgment").

Here, on June 11, 2018, the Nye County Court first assumed jurisdiction over the res when TSE invoked that state court's jurisdiction to expunge Brahma's Lien recorded against the work of improvement.⁶ By contrast, TSE removed the Clark County Action to this Court on September 10, 2018. Hence, the Nye County Court maintains jurisdiction over the res. Therefore, this factor weighs in favor of this Court granting the stay.

At worst, if the court concludes that no jurisdiction over a res is at stake, this factor simply becomes "irrelevant," see R.R. Street & Co. Inc., v. Transport Ins. Co., 656 F.3d 966, 979 (9th Cir. 2011); see also, Seneca Ins. Co. Inc., 862 F.3d at 842. TSE unavailingly relies on contrary, out-of-circuit authority to claim absence of a res "weighs against" a stay. Welding Technologies v. James Mach. Works, LLC, No. 3:12-CV-336, 2013 WL 1123852, at *3 (S.D. Tex. Mar. 18, 2013) (citing Evanston Ins. Co. v. Jimco, Inc., 844 F.2d 1185, 1191 (5th Cir. 1988)). However, this Court follows the Ninth Circuit and has found otherwise. See Gardner, 2012 WL 4863055, at *3 (holding, when neither state court nor federal court has jurisdiction over property, "this element weighs in neither party's favor").

2. Nye County Court obtained jurisdiction first.

"In determining the order in which the state and federal courts obtained jurisdiction, district courts

⁶ Contrary to TSE's assertion, the Nye County Action is on-going since Brahma has filed a Motion for Fees and Costs pursuant to NRS 108.2275(6)(c) given Judge Elliot's decision to deny the Motion to Expunge. In addition, Brahma also has its own claims in its own pleading that relate to the dispute that underlies the mechanic's lien, among others, TSE's breach of contract and failure to timely pay.

⁷ Response at pg. 14:13-20

are instructed not simply to compare filing dates, but to analyze the progress made in each case "in a pragmatic, flexible manner with a view to the realities of the case at hand." Seneca Ins. Co. Inc. v. Strange Land, Inc., 862 F.3d 835 (9th Cir. 2017) (citing Cone Mem'l Hosp., 460 U.S. 21, 103).

While it is true both cases are relatively young, the Nye County Action has progressed further along than the Federal Action since Judge Elliot⁸ has already ruled on a dispositive motion in the Nye County Action. That Action was first commenced by TSE on June 11, 2018 when it filed its Second Motion to Expunge Brahma's Lien. After reviewing all of the briefs on that matter, including receiving supplemental briefing from both parties, Judge Elliot held a 2-hour hearing on September 12, 2018, and denied TSE's Second Motion to Expunge.

In an obvious attempt to create an argument that the Federal Action has progressed further along than the Nye County Action, TSE directs the Courts attention to certain written discovery requests TSE served on Brahma on October 29, 2018, just one day before filing its Response to Brahma's Motion for Stay. TSE's blatant scheme to quickly serve Brahma with discovery requests (i) before it filed its Response to the Motion for Stay; and (ii) despite demanding a one-year discovery period, only proves Brahma's point that it is TSE who is forum shopping, not Brahma. These actions, coupled with TSE's efforts to (i) strip away Brahma's lien rights by staying the Nye County Action and (ii) thwart Brahma from recovering its mandatory award for attorney's fees and costs under NRS 108.2275(6)(c), should not be overlooked.

Therefore, when the "realities of the case at hand" are considered, it is clear TSE's discovery requests are nothing more than sham discovery requests put forth to bolster its argument against staying this Case.⁹ Therefore, because the Nye County Action has progressed further along than the Federal Action, this factor favors the Court granting the stay.

3. Convenience of the forum.

A court may consider the inconvenience of the federal forum, but the geographic dimension of convenience is "irrelevant" when the federal and state actions are located in the same general geographic area. See, e.g., Jesus Garcia v. County of Contra Costa, 2015 WL 1548928, at *3 (N.D. Cal. 2015) (citing R&R Street & Co. v. Transport Ins. Co., 656 F.3d 966, 979 (9th Cir. 2011) (same)).

⁸ Judge Elliot has also presided over several cases in Nye County involving mechanic's lien rights against the Project and TSE, so he has significant familiarity with the Project and as a result, has a much shorter "learner-curve" than this Court.

⁹ Brahma intends to file a Motion for a Protective Order to stay any obligation to respond to those discovery requests until such time as this Court rules on the Motion for Stay so Brahma does not waste its time and resources indulging in TSE's transparent scheme by providing responses.

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Here, the Federal Action in the Lloyd D. George courthouse is located within 65 miles—under an hour's drive—of the Pahrump state courthouse where the Nye County Action is filed. Contrary to what TSE claims, the geographic dimension of this factor is simply irrelevant in this case and weighs neither for nor against any stay. Convenience, however, extends beyond geographic considerations. Because Brahma has a statutory right to a preferential trial setting in the Nye County Action on the related Brahma Surety Bond, and because the underlying Lien and Brahma Bond are recorded in Nye County, temporal convenience is certainly a relevant convenience consideration. Moreover, H&E's contract claims against Brahma in the Nye County Action are derivative of Brahma's claims against TSE, and those claims must remain in the Nye County Action, thus forcing Brahma to litigate "integral and interwoven" issues in two separate forums. Southwest Circle Group, Inc., 2010 WL 26667335, *2. TSE's ignores the Court's admonition that the stay inquiry is to be applied pragmatically and flexibly, not as some "mechanical checklist." American Intern. Underwriters v. Continental Ins., 843 F.2d 1253, 1257 (9th Cir. 1988). This is especially important where the list of factors favoring a stay "is not exclusive, and others may be considered." Nakash, 882 F.2d 1416.

In the event the Court finds this factor is limited to geographic considerations, since "neither forum is more convenient than the other, this factor is not a factor to be considered." Southwest Circle Group, Inc., 2010 WL 26667335, at * 3.

4. Avoiding piecemeal litigation.

"A substantial factor in the Colorado River analysis is whether there are special concerns associated with resolving the issues in piecemeal fashion via parallel proceedings." Seneca Ins. Co., 862 F.3d at 842. "The case must raise a special concern about piecemeal litigation which can be remedied by staying...the federal proceeding." R.R. Street & Co. Inc., 656 F.3d at 980. For this factor to weigh in favor of granting a stay, there must be "a special or important rationale or legislative preference for resolving these issues in a single proceeding." Seneca Ins. Co., 862 F.3d at 843.

The Nevada's Mechanic's Lien Statute evidences the Nevada Legislature's preference for resolving construction disputes involving owners, contractors, subcontractors and mechanic's liens within the same proceeding. Specifically, under NRS 108.2421(1), Brahma (the lien claimant) "is entitled to bring an action against the principal (Cobra) and surety (AHAC) on the surety bond and the lien claimant's debtor (TSE) in any court of competent jurisdiction that is located within the county where the property upon which the work

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of improvement is located." Further, under NRS 108.2421(3), Brahma is entitled to file a "demand for preferential trial setting," and "upon filing, the clerk of the court shall, before the Friday after the demand is filed...set the lien claimant's case for hearing, on a day or days certain, to be heard within 60 days after the filing of the "demand for preferential trial setting." Because (i) NRS 108.2421(1) required Brahma's foreclosure action against the Brahma Bond to be filed in Nye County; and (ii) Cobra, the principal on the Brahma Surety Bond is domiciled in Nevada (the same domicile as Brahma), Brahma's claims against Brahma Surety Bond must be litigated in Nye County, not the Federal Action, a fact TSE has acknowledged throughout its briefing in this Court and the Nye County Action. In addition, because H&E also has the right to file a demand for preferential trial setting to pursue its claims against the H&E Surety Bond and Brahma (its debtor), staying this Case will ensure that that there are not inconsistent judgements between Brahma and TSE and Brahma and H&E.

Hence, given the clear "legislative preference" under NRS 108.2421 for resolving mechanic's lien foreclosure actions and disputes between owners, contractors and subcontractors in a single proceeding, this factor weighs in favor of granting the stay.

5. State law controls the decision on the merits.

"That state law provides the rule of decision supports abstention only when the state law questions are themselves complex and difficult issues better resolved by a state court..." Seneca Ins. Co. Inc., 862 F.3d at 844 (citing R.R. St. & Co., 656 F.3d at 978-79). This Court has found that cases before it based on diversity jurisdiction only, play "an important factor" in deciding to grant the stay under Colorado River. Southwest Circle Group, Inc., 2010 WL 26667335, *3 (holding that mechanic's lien litigation and construction disputes "are more frequently and more competently addressed by the state court, which has, over the past ten years, engaged in an enormous amount of construction litigation").

Like Perini, there are no federal questions in this Case. The parties' claims are before the Court based solely on diversity jurisdiction with only state law claims in dispute. In addition, like Perini, this case involves complex construction litigation involving mechanic's lien claims, and a dispute between the owner, the general contractor and its subcontractor. Moreover, given the unique and somewhat burdensome nature of NRS 108.2421, which entitles Brahma to (i) a preferential trial setting within sixty (60) days of making its demand and (ii) assert contract claims against TSE (Brahma's debtor) in the same preferential trial setting,

this Case constitutes one of those "rare circumstances" where the Court is justified in granting a stay. As part of that preferential trial, Judge Elliot will be required to determine, among other issues, the agreed upon contract price between TSE and Brahma, and the unpaid balance of the agreed upon contract price pursuant to NRS 108.222. This fact weighs in favor of a stay.

6. Whether state court proceedings can adequately protect the rights of the federal litigants.

Brahma agrees with TSE that "a state court proceeding can adequately protect the rights of the parties to this case." Therefore, this factor weighs in favor of a stay.

7. Whether the state court proceedings will resolve all issues before the federal court.

"When a district court decides to stay a case under *Colorado River*, it presumably concludes that the parallel state-court litigation will be an adequate vehicle for the complete and prompt resolution of the issues between the parties." *Cone Memorial Hospital*, 460 U.S. at 28.

TSE argues that its counter-claims against Brahma for breach of contract and misrepresentation are not before the Nye County Court, so proceeding with the Nye County Action would not resolve all of the claims currently before this Court.¹¹ However, such a position ignores the fact that should this Court stay the Federal Action, TSE will be required to assert its compulsory counter-claims in the Nye County Action pursuant to NRCP 13(a), or risk having those claims barred.¹²

Regardless of whether TSE brings its counterclaims in the Nye County, those claims will be resolved by the Nye County Action because that Court will either adjudicate those claims on the merits, or if TSE does not bring them, they will be barred, resulting in an adjudication under NRCP 13(a). Therefore, TSE's argument that the Nye County Action will not resolve its counterclaims is a red-herring and should not

¹⁰ Response, at pg. 20:3-9.

¹¹Id. at pg. 13:3-8; TSE's reliance on *Intel Corp.*, 12 F.3d at 913 n.7, is misplaced. The *Intel* court considered a *Colorado River* motion and found that "[a] stay would be especially difficult to justify... where the copyright claims are subject to exclusive federal jurisdiction...the Circuit Courts, and the Ninth Circuit in particular, have uniformly held that a district court may not grant a stay in this context." *Id.* Here, the Nye County Court, a state court of general subject-matter jurisdiction, may entertain all the claims asserted as they all involve questions of state law.

¹² Indeed, should the Court stay this Case, TSE would then be required to file an Answer to Brahma's Complaint filed in the Nye County Action, which Answer "shall state as a counterclaim any claim which at the time of serving the pleading [TSE] has against [Brahma], if it arises out of the transaction or occurrence that is the subject matter of [Brahma's] claim..." see MacDonald v. Krause, 77 Nev. 312, 362 P.2d 724 (1961) ("where a compulsory counterclaim is not pled, the party failing to assert such a claim is thereafter barred from bringing a separate suit on such claim"); see also Great W. Land & Cattle Corp. v. Sixth Judicial Dist. Court ex rel. County of Pershing, 86 Nev. 282, 467 P.2d 1019 (1970) (holding, purpose of this rule is to discourage circuity of action and promote speedy settlement of all controversies between parties in one action). Nevada's test for claim preclusion "applies to all grounds of recovery that were or could have been brought in the first case." Five Star Capital Corp. v. Ruby, 194 P.3d 709, 713 (Nev. 2008) (emphasis added).

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persuade this Court to deny the Motion for Stay.

8. Whether exercising jurisdiction would promote forum shopping.

"It typically does not constitute forum shopping where a party 'acted within [its] rights in filing a suit in the forum of [its] choice' ... even where '[t]he chronology of events suggests that both parties took a somewhat opportunistic approach to th[e] litigation." Seneca Ins. Co., 862 F.3d at 846. (citations omitted). The primary purpose of amending its Counter-Complaint in the Nye County Action was not to forum shop, but rather, to preserve Brahma's right to pursue its contract claims against TSE in conjunction with its claim against the Brahma Surety Bond, which claims must be decided along with Brahma's claims against the Brahma Surety Bond in the Nye County Action. Forbidden forum shopping is limited to when a party "pursue[s] suit in a new forum after facing setbacks in the original proceeding," Seneca, 862 F.3d at 846. As no federal court ruling has occurred, simply put, Brahma has not engaged in forum shopping, and every case TSE cites regarding forum shopping can easily be distinguished from the facts of this Case.

Weighing these eight factors, a stay of this Case under *Colorado River* is appropriate as only one is possibly neutral and all others favor the stay.

E. In the Event the Court Does Not Stay this Case, it Should Allow Brahma to Amend its Complaint.

Should the Court deny Brahma's Motion for Stay, Brahma must be permitted to amend its Complaint to reassert its contract claims against TSE.

III. CONCLUSION

Dated this 2 day of November, 2018.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP

RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 4359 CARY B. DOMINA, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10567

3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571 Telephone: (702) 990-7272

Attorneys for Plaintiff BRAHMA GROUP, INC.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 5, I certify that I am an employee of PEEL BRIMLEY LLP, I am over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action. My business address is 3333 E. Serene Ave, Suite 200, Henderson, NV 89074. On November 8, 2018, I served the within document(s):

REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR STAY, OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE, MOTION TO AMEND COMPLAINT

to be served as follows:

- X By CM/ECF Filing with the United States District Court of Nevada. I electronically filed with the Clerk of Court using CM/ECF which will send notification of such filing(s) to the attorney(s) and/or party(ies) listed below.
- By Facsimile Transmission at or about ______ on that date. The transmission was reported as complete and without error. A copy of the transmission report, properly issued by the transmitting machine, is attached. The names and facsimile numbers of the persons) served as set forth below.
- By placing a true copy of the document(s) listed above for collection and mailing following the firm's ordinary business practice in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid for deposit in the United States mail at Las Vegas, NV, addressed as set forth below.

to the attorney(s) and/or party(ies) listed below at the address and/or facsimile number indicated below:

D. Lee Roberts, Jr., Esq. (NV Bar No. 8877)
Colby L. Balkenbush, Esq. (NV Bar No. 13066)
WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS,
GUNN & DIAL, LLC
6385 S. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 400
Las Vegas, NV 89118
Telephone: (702) 938-3838
Iroberts@wwhgd.com
cbalkenbush@wwhgd.com
Attorneys for Defendant
Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC

/s/ Theresa M Hansen

An employee of PEEL BRIMLEY LLP

Exhibit 9

1 2 3 4 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 5 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA** * * * 6 7 BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada Case No. 2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF Corporation, 8 ORDER Plaintiff, 9 V. 10 TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a 11 Delaware limited liability company 12 Defendant. 13 14 TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company 15 Counter Claimant 16 v. 17 BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada 18 Corporation, 19 Counter Defendant 20 21 Two motions are pending before the Court. First, Plaintiff Brahma Group, Inc. ("Brahma" 22 or "Plaintiff") moves to stay this matter or, alternatively, to amend the complaint. ECF No. 13. 23 Second, Defendant Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC ("TSE" or "Defendant") moves this Court for a 24 permanent injunction. ECF No. 16. For the reasons stated below, the Court denies Brahma's 25 motion and grants TSE's motion. 26 /// 27 /// 28 ///

I. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

Brahma sued TSE in state court on July 17, 2018, asserting claims for breach of contract, breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, unjust enrichment, and a violation of Nevada Revised Statutes ("NRS") 624.609 and 624.610. ECF No. 1-1. TSE removed the matter to this Court on September 10, 2018. ECF No. 1. TSE then answered the complaint and asserted counterclaims against Brahma. ECF No. 4.

Brahma amended the complaint on September 25, 2018. ECF No. 8. In the amended complaint, Brahma asserted a single claim for unjust enrichment. <u>Id.</u> TSE answered the amended complaint on October 9, 2018. ECF No. 11.

Brahma now moves to stay the case or, alternatively, to amend the complaint for a second time. ECF No. 13. TSE opposed the motion, and Brahma replied. ECF Nos. 18, 24.

Additionally, TSE seeks an injunction. ECF No. 16. Brahma opposed, and TSE filed a reply. ECF Nos. 20, 28.

The Court entertained oral arguments on the two motions on June 25, 2019. ECF No. 50. This order now follows.

II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

The Court makes the following factual findings. TSE owns the Crescent Dunes Solar Energy Project, which is constructed on real property located in Nye County, Nevada (the "Work of Improvement"). On February 1, 2017, TSE entered into a services agreement ("Agreement") with Brahma. Under the Agreement, Brahma agreed to provide specific work, materials, and equipment for the Work of Improvement. Brahma fulfilled its obligations under the Agreement. However, a dispute arose concerning performance of the Agreement and TSE failed to fully pay Brahma for its services.

In response to TSE failing to pay Brahma in full, Brahma recorded a notice of lien on April 9, 2018 with the Nye County Recorder. On April 17, 2018, Brahma filed a complaint in the Fifth Judicial District Court in Nye County (Case No. CV39237) to foreclose against the lien and to ///

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assert additional claims. Brahma also filed with the Nye County Court a notice of lis pendens and notice of foreclosure of mechanic's lien and recorded the same against the Work of Improvement.

On April 24, 2018, TSE filed a motion to expunge Brahma's lien in the Nye County Court. Before Brahma received notice of the motion to expunge, Brahma voluntarily dismissed its complaint the same day. But Brahma declined to discharge and release its lien. TSE decided to withdraw its first motion to expunge rather than proceed in that case.

On June 11, 2018, TSE filed a second motion to expunge the lien pursuant to NRS 108.2275(1). Because there was no complaint pending, the second motion to expunge created a special proceeding in the Fifth Judicial District Court, Nye County, Nevada, ("Nye County Special Proceeding") in accordance with NRS 108.2275(5) which provides that "[i]f, at the time the [motion] is filed, an action to foreclose the notice of lien has not been filed, the clerk of the court shall assign a number to the [motion] and obtain from the [moving party] a filing fee of \$85." NRS 108.2275(5).

On July 17, 2018, while the motion to expunge in the Nye County Special Proceeding was still pending, Brahma filed a new complaint in the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County Nevada ("Clark County Action"). This complaint asserted the same claims against TSE as the previously dismissed Nye County Action, with the exception of the lien foreclosure claim: (1) breach of the Agreement, (2) breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, (3) unjust enrichment, (4) and violation of Nevada's prompt payment act (together "contract claims"). TSE removed the Clark County Action to federal court on the basis of diversity jurisdiction on September 10, 2018.

In September and October of 2018, nonparty Cobra Thermosolar Plant, Inc., ("Cobra") recorded surety bonds that detached Brahma's mechanic's lien and the mechanic's lien of nonparty H&E Equipment Services, Inc, (one of Brahma's suppliers) from the Work of Improvement pursuant to NRS 108.2415(6).

On September 12, 2018, state court Judge Elliott heard and denied from the bench the second motion to expunge filed by TSE. A written order later issued in October 2018. Shortly after the hearing on the motion to expunge, on September 20, 2018, Brahma filed a lien foreclosure

complaint within the same Nye County Special Proceeding. The complaint asserted a single claim

for foreclosure of notice of lien against TSE. The complaint also named nonparties Cobra and

H&E as third-party defendants in that action. Brahma then filed an amended complaint in this

case on September 25, 2018. The amended complaint removed Brahma's three other previously

asserted claims for (1) breach of the Agreement, (2) breach of the implied covenant of good faith

and fair dealing, and (3) violation of Nevada's prompt payment act. Brahma then filed an amended

counter-complaint and third-party complaint in the Nye County Special Proceeding, asserting the

contract claims that had been dropped from its complaint in the Federal Action.

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III. LEGAL STANDARD

a. Colorado River Abstention

"Abstention from the exercise of federal jurisdiction is the exception, not the rule." Colo. River Water Conservation Dist v. U.S., 424 U.S. 800, 813 (1976). Nevertheless, the Supreme Court has recognized that there may be "exceptional circumstances," that warrant federal abstention from concurrent federal and state proceedings. Id. at 813. As developed by Colorado River and its progeny, federal courts use a multi-pronged test that includes eight factors to consider when assessing the appropriateness of a Colorado River stay: (1) which court first assumed jurisdiction over any property at stake; (2) the inconvenience of the federal forum (3) the desire to avoid piecemeal litigation; (4) the order in which the forums obtained jurisdiction; (5) whether federal law or state law provides the rule of decision on the merits; (6) whether the state court proceedings can adequately protect the rights of the federal litigants; (7) the desire to avoid forum shopping; and (8) whether the state court proceedings will resolve all issues before the federal court. Seneca Ins. Co. Inc. v. Strange Land, Inc., 862 F.3d 835, 841-42 (9th Cir. 2017) (internal citations omitted). "These factors are not a 'mechanical checklist," and may not always be applicable to any given case. Id. at 842 (citing Moses H. Cone Mem'l Hosp. v. Mercury Constr. Corp., 460 U.S. 1, 16 (1983). Rather, the Court must examine them "in a pragmatic, flexible manner with a view to the realities of the case at hand." Seneca, 862 F.3d at 842. "The underlying principle guiding this review is a strong presumption against federal abstention." Id.

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b. Anti-Injunction Act and Permanent Injunction

The Anti-Injunction Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2283, forbids a federal court from staying proceedings in state court "except as expressly authorized by Act of Congress, or where necessary in aid of its jurisdiction, or to protect or effectuate its judgments." 28 U.S.C. § 2283. "Any doubts as to the propriety of a federal injunction against state court proceedings should be resolved in favor of permitting the state courts to proceed." Montana v. BNSF Ry. Co., 623 F.3d 1312, 1315 (9th Cir. 2010) (internal citations omitted). Removal pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446 is a law expressly authorizing the federal court to stay state proceedings when necessary. Lou v. Belzberg, 834 F.2d 730, 740 (9th Cir. 1987) ("It is thus clear that a federal court may enjoin the continued prosecution of the same case in state court after its removal.").

A court may issue a permanent injunction if it finds that there is (1) a likelihood of substantial and irreparable injury, and (2) inadequate remedies at law. G.C. & K.B. Invs., Inc. v. Wilson, 326 F.3d 1096, 1107 (9th Cir. 2003) (internal citations omitted).

IV. **DISCUSSION**

Both Brahma and TSE urge the Court to decide their respective motions first. However, the Court finds that the order in which it decides the motions is immaterial. Based on the facts alleged, the Court finds that the Colorado River factors do not support federal abstention and that, by amending its complaint and asserting its contract claims against TSE in the state court action, Brahma was attempting to subvert removal of this action. The Court thus denies Brahma's motion for a stay and grants TSE's motion to enjoin Brahma from litigating its contract claims against TSE in state court.

a. Colorado River Abstention

The Court first examines the Colorado River factors and explains why they do not favor federal abstention.

i. Jurisdiction Over a Res

Both parties confirmed at the hearing on this matter that there is no lien currently attached to TSE's property. Tr. Hr'g on June 25, 2019 at 7. Although Brahma has recorded mechanics' liens against the Work of Improvement, all such liens are no longer attached after surety bonds

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were recorded releasing the liens pursuant to NRS 108.2415(6). Furthermore, this Court has only ever had contractual and quasi-contractual claims before it, so there is no possibility that the parallel proceedings will result in inconsistent dispositions of a single res. Seneca, 862 F.3d at 842. The Court thus finds that this factor leans against abstention.

ii. Inconvenience of the Federal Forum

In considering this factor, the Court must consider "whether the inconvenience of the federal forum is so great" that it favors abstention. Travelers Indem. Co. v. Madonna, 914 F.2d 1364, 1368 (9th Cir. 1990). As this Court and the Nye Courty Court are located less than an hour's drive from each other, the Court finds that this factor does not favor abstention.

iii. Avoidance of Piecemeal Litigation

"Piecemeal litigation occurs when different tribunals consider the same issue, thereby duplicating efforts and possibly reaching different results." Am. Int'l Underwriters (Philippines), Inc. v. Cont'l Ins. Co., 843 F.2d 1253, 1258 (9th Cir. 1988). While piecemeal litigation is to be avoided when possible, a "general preference for avoiding piecemeal litigation is insufficient to warrant abstention." Seneca, 862 F.3d at 842. Brahma argues that this factor favors abstention because the Nye County Court will necessarily need to determine issues pertinent to the contract claims, such as the agreed upon contract value of the work. The Court is unconvinced by this argument. Multiple defendants, claims, and cross-claims are routine in diversity cases. Seneca, 862 F.3d at 843. Brahma fails to identify any special or important rationale or legislative preference for having these issues be resolved in a single proceeding, and so the Court finds that this factor does not favor abstention.

iv. The Order In Which the Fora Obtained Jurisdiction

"In determining the order in which the state and federal courts obtained jurisdiction, district courts are instructed not simply to compare filing dates but to analyze the progress made in each case." Seneca, 862 F.3d at 843. As a preliminary matter, the Court notes that Brahma did not bring its contract claims to the Nye County action until after this case had already been filed in Clark County and subsequently removed to this Court. Thus while the Court will do more than compare filing dates under this factor, the filing dates indicate that this Court, rather than the Nye County

Court, first had jurisdiction over the contract claims at issue in this case. Brahma argues that because TSE filed its motion to expunge in Nye County prior to Brahma filing its complaint in Clark County, that the Nye County case was filed first. But while Brahma is correct that the Nye County proceeding began prior to this case, it was this Court that first obtained jurisdiction over the contract claims. The Court also finds that the cases are progressing commensurately. Discovery has commenced in this case, and per the parties' reports at the hearing on this matter, discovery has also just begun in the Nye County Action. Tr. Hr'g on June 25, 2019 at 40. The Court thus finds this factor neutral.

v. Rule of Decision

While the presence of federal law issues will always be a major consideration weighing against abstention, the presence of state law issues may favor abstention only in rare cases. Seneca, 862 F.3d at 844. "Cases implicating only routine issues of state law—misrepresentation, breach of fiduciary duty, and breach of contract—which the district court is fully capable of deciding—do not entail rare circumstances." <u>Id.</u> (internal citations omitted). This case was brought before this Court pursuant to diversity jurisdiction only, so there are no federal law issues in this case. The claims alleged are routine issues of state law. There is no issue before the Court that is so complex or difficult that it is better resolved by a state court. Thus this factor weighs against abstention.

vi. Adequacy of the State Forum and Parallel Suits

This factor has two components: the "adequacy" factor, which examines whether the state court proceedings can adequately protect the rights of the federal litigants, and the "parallelism" factor which considers whether the state courts will resolve all issues before the federal court. Seneca, 862 F.3d at 845. The adequacy factor looks to whether the state court can enforce federal rights, while the parallelism factor looks to whether the proceedings address substantially similar claims. Id. Each factor is more relevant when it counsels against abstention, because inadequacy

The parallelism factor is often considered separately as the eighth factor under the Colorado River doctrine. However because the analysis is similar, the Court will consider them together. Compare Seneca Ins. Co. Inc. v. Strange Land, Inc., 862 F.3d 835, 845 (9th Cir. 2017) (discussing adequacy of state forum and parallelism together) with Montanore Minerals Corp. v. Bakie, 867 F.3d 1160, 1169 (9th Cir. 2017) (discussing parallelism and adequacy of state forum separately).

of state forum or insufficient parallelism may preclude abstention, but the alternatives do not compel it. <u>Id.</u> The Court finds these factors to be neutral. There are no federal rights at issue so the adequacy factor is not really at play here. Regarding parallelism, it is true that the claims at issue are not just substantially similar, but indeed identical to the contract claims that had been brought before this Court prior to Brahma amending its complaint. But substantially similar claims, while necessary, are not enough, absent more, to weigh in favor of abstention. <u>Id.</u> Thus the Court finds these factors neutral.

vii. Avoidance of Forum Shopping

Under this factor, the Court considers whether "either party improperly sought more favorable rules in its choice of forum or pursued suit in a new forum after facing setbacks in the original proceeding." Seneca, 862 F.3d at 846. The Court finds that there is considerable evidence of forum shopping on the part of Brahma here. Brahma filed its complaint asserting its contract claims against TSE in Clark County Court. It was only after receiving a favorable ruling on its motion to expunge in Nye County that Brahma then sought to amend its complaint in this case and reassert those same claims before Judge Elliot in Nye County. Brahma spends considerable time in its briefing insisting that it filed the case in Clark County based on a misreading of a forum selection clause in the Services Agreement between the parties. That argument, however, carries little weight. The plaintiff is master of its complaint, and this plaintiff chose to file in Clark County. Holmes Grp. Inc. v. Vornado Air Circulation Sys., Inc., 535 U.S. 826, 831 (2002). Presumably Brahma was aware that TSE was not a Nevada citizen, and so there was a possibility that TSE would seek to remove the case to federal court. The Court cannot assist Brahma in undoing what it now alleges was an error of filing by granting a meritless stay.

All of the factors considered under the <u>Colorado River</u> doctrine are neutral or favor the district court's exercise of jurisdiction. <u>Seneca</u>, 862 F.3d at 847. In light of the strong presumption against abstention, the Court will not grant federal abstention pursuant to <u>Colorado River</u>.

b. TSE's Permanent Injunction

Next the Court examines TSE's request for a permanent injunction. The Court has the power to enjoin state court proceedings if it finds that the state court action was "fraudulently filed

Case 2:18-cv-01747-RFB-EJY Document 55 Filed 09/25/19 Page 9 of 9

in an attempt to subvert the removal of a prior case." Lou v. Belzberg, 834 F.2d 730, 741 (9th Cir. 1987). By amending its complaint in this case and reasserting identical claims in the Nye Court action, the Court finds that Brahma was attempting to subvert removal of this case. The Court also finds that there would be immediate and irreparable injury to TSE for which there would not be an adequate remedy at law if Brahma's behavior is rewarded. The Court therefore grants TSE's motion and enjoins Brahma from litigating its contract claims in the Nye County Action. V. **CONCLUSION** IT IS ORDERED that Plaintiff's Motion for Stay, or in the alternative, Motion to Amend Complaint (ECF No. 13) is DENIED. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant's Motion for an Injunction and to Strike (ECF No. 16) is GRANTED. The Court strikes Plaintiff's amended complaint (ECF No. 8), and reinstates Plaintiff's original complaint (ECF No. 1-1) as the operative complaint in this matter. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Plaintiff is enjoined from litigating the following claims alleged against Defendant in any state court action: 1) breach of contract, 2) breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing and 3) violation of NRS 624. DATED: September 25, 2019.

RICHARD F. BOULWARE, II
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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Exhibit 10

1	GEOFFREY CRISP, ESQ.	
2	Nevada Bar No. 2104	
2	JEREMY R. KILBER, ESQ.	
3	Nevada Bar No. 10643	
4	WEIL & DRAGE, APC	
	2500 Anthem Village Drive Henderson, NV 89052	
5	(702) 314-1905 • Fax (702) 314-1909	•
6	gcrisp@weildrage.com	
7	jkilber@weildrage.com	ANITO INC and
,	Attorneys for COBRA THERMOSOLAR PI AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMP.	
8	AVERGENIA TIONE ABBOIL INCE COM	
9	IN THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTR	ICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
10	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE	
11	TONODALI COL OD ENTERCY LL C) Case No.: CV39348
·	TONOPAH SOLOR ENERGY, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,) Case No.: CV39346) Consolidated With
12	Belaware minted habinty company,) Case No.: CV39799
13	Plaintiff,) Dept. No.: 2
14)
	VS.) COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.'S
15	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada) AND AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE
16	corporation,) COMPANY'S ANSWER TO BRAHMA
17	Defendant.) GROUP, INC.'S FIRST AMENDED THIRD-) PARTY COMPLAINT
	Defendant.)
18		
19	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada)
20	corporation,)
	Lien/Bond Claimant,)
21)
22	vs.)
23	TONOPAH SOLOR ENERGY, LLC, a	,)
24	Delaware limited liability company; BOE	
	BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS	S I)
25	through X; and TOE TENANTS I through X	
26	inclusive,)
27	Counter-defendants.	<i>)</i>
	Counter-describants.	,)
28		
WEIL & DRAGE PITORNEYS AT LAW A PROFESSIONAL CORRESTION 1500 Anthem Village Drive Henderson, NV 85052 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909 cons. cg.lin.ags. 200	{01567681;1} Page	1 of 16

1 BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation, 2 Lien/Bond Claimant and 3 Third-Party Plaintiff, 4 VS. 5 COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., a Nevada corporation; AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY, a surety; BOE 7 BONDING COMPANIES I through X; 8 DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I) through X, inclusive, 9 Third-Party Defendants. 10 11 12 13 FIRST AMENDED THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT 14

COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.'S AND AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY'S ANSWER TO BRAHMA GROUP, INC.'S

Third-Party Defendants, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. and AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY (collectively, for purposes of this Answer, "COBRA"), by and through their attorneys of record, the law firm of WEIL & DRAGE, APC, hereby answer Lien/Bond Claimant and Third-Party Plaintiff BRAHMA GROUP, INC.'s ("BRAHMA") First Amended Third-Party Complaint (hereinafter, "Complaint") on file herein, by admitting, denying, and alleging as follows:

THE PARTIES

Answering Paragraph 1(a), and (b) of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same. Answering Paragraph 1(c), AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same. Answering Paragraph 1(c), COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. admits only that BRAHMA and COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. are parties to a negotiated settlement, denies the remainder of the

Weil & Drage ORNEYS AT LA ROFESSIONAL CORPORATION Monthem Village Driv Henderson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909 yww.weildiage.com

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Page 2 of 16

allegations contained in said Paragraph, and respectfully refers the Court to the writings memorializing the terms of that settlement for a full and complete statement of their contents.

- 2. Answering Paragraph 2 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 3. Answering Paragraph 3 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 4. Answering Paragraph 4(a), (b), (c), and (d)(i) and (ii) of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 5. Answering Paragraph 5 of BRAHMA's Complaint, no response is required. However, to the extent a response is deemed required, COBRA denies the same.
- 6. Answering Paragraph 6(a) of BRAHMA's Complaint, AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY admits it is a bonding company duly licensed and qualified to do business as a surety in Nevada. Answering Paragraph 6(a) of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same. COBRA denies the allegations in Paragraph 6(b), and (c) of BRAHMA's Complaint, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged bond and rider for a full and complete statement of their contents.
- 7. Answering Paragraph 7(a), (b), and (c) of BRAHMA's Complaint, AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same. Answering Paragraph 7(a), and (b) of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. admits the allegations in Paragraph 7(a), denies the allegations in Paragraph 7(b), and refers the Court to the alleged bond and rider for a full and complete statement of their contents. Further, answering Paragraph 7(c), COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. admits only that BRAHMA and COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. are parties to a negotiated settlement, denies the remainder of the

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allegations contained in said Paragraph 7(c), and respectfully refers the Court to the writings memorializing the terms of that settlement for a full and complete statement of their contents.

- 8. Answering Paragraph 8 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 9. Answering Paragraph 9 of BRAHMA's Complaint, no response is required. However, to the extent a response is deemed required. COBRA denies same.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Claim Against Surety, Surety Bond, and Principal thereon)

- 10. Answering Paragraph 10 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA repeats and realleges their answers to Paragraphs 1 through 9 as though fully set forth herein.
- 11. Answering Paragraph 11 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Services Agreement for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 12. Answering Paragraph 12(a) and (b) of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- Answering Paragraph 13 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient 13. information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 14. Answering Paragraph 14 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 15. Answering Paragraph 15 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of

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First Amended and Restated Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.

- 16. Answering Paragraph 16 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of Second Amended and Restated Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 17. Answering Paragraph 17 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of Third Amended and/or Restated Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 18. Answering Paragraph 18 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of Fourth Amended and/or Restated Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 19. Answering Paragraph 19(a) (inadvertently noted as (c)), (b) (inadvertently noted as (d)), and (c) (inadvertently noted as (e)) of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 20. Answering Paragraph 20 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 21. Answering Paragraph 21 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA denies the allegations contained in said Paragraph.

Page 5 of 16

22. Answering Paragraph 22 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA admits only that they caused a surety bond to be recorded in Nye County, denies the remainder of the allegations contained in said Paragraph 22, and respectfully refers the Court to the Surety Bond for a full and complete statement of its contents.

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- 23. Answering Paragraph 23 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA admits only that they caused an amendment to a previously recorded surety bond to be recorded in Nye County, denies the remainder of the allegations contained in said Paragraph 23, and respectfully refers the Court to the Surety Rider for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 24. Answering Paragraph 24 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA denies the allegations contained in said Paragraph, including because the amount of the bond was increased to comply with statutory requirements, not as a penal sum, and respectfully refers the Court to the Surety Rider for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 25. Answering Paragraph 25 of BRAHMA's Complaint, said paragraph calls for a legal conclusion which COBRA cannot admit or deny. However, to the extent a response is deemed necessary, COBRA denies the allegations contained in said Paragraph.
- 26. Answering Paragraph 26 of BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA denies the allegations contained in said Paragraph.

AFFIRMATIVE AND SEPARATE DEFENSES FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

 BRAHMA's Complaint on file herein fails to state a claim against COBRA upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

2. BRAHMA's alleged damages, if any, were and are, wholly or partially, contributed to and proximately caused by BRAHMA's negligence, thus barring or diminishing BRAHMA's recovery herein according to principles of comparative negligence.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

3. COBRA is not legally responsible for the acts and/or omissions of those Defendants and/or Third-Party Defendants named in the consolidated action and/or herein.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

4. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that they are not legally responsible in any fashion with respect to damages and injuries claimed by TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC ("TSE") or BRAHMA in their respective Complaints; however, if COBRA is

WEIL'S DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
APPARESIGNAL COPPENTION
2500 Anthen Village Draw
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
WWW.Weilbinsta.com

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Page 6 of 16

subjected to any liability to BRAHMA or any other parties, it will be due, in whole or in part, to the
breach of contract, conduct, acts, omissions, activities, carelessness, recklessness and negligence of
others; wherefore any recovery obtained by BRAHMA, or any other parties, against COBRA,
should be reduced in proportion to their respective negligence and fault and legal responsibility of
all other parties, persons and entities, their agents, servants and employees who contributed to
and/or caused any such injury and/or damages, in accordance with the law of comparative
negligence; the liability of COBRA, if any, is limited in direct proportion to the percentage of fault
actually attributed to COBRA.
<u>FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE</u>
5. BRAHMA unreasonably delayed the filing of its Complaint and the notification of
COBRA of any basis for the causes of action alleged against them, all of which has unduly and
severely prejudiced COBRA in their defense of the action, thereby barring or diminishing
BRAHMA's recovery herein under the Doctrine of Estoppel.
SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE
6. BRAHMA unreasonably delayed the filing of its Complaint and the notification of
COBRA of any basis for the causes of action alleged against them, all of which has unduly and
severely prejudiced COBRA in their defense of the action, thereby barring or diminishing
BRAHMA's recovery herein under the Doctrine of Waiver.
SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE
7. BRAHMA unreasonably delayed the filing of its Complaint and the notification of

notification of COBRA of any basis for the causes of action alleged against them, all of which has unduly and severely prejudiced COBRA in their defense of the action, thereby barring or diminishing BRAHMA's recovery herein under the Doctrine of Laches.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

8. BRAHMA has failed, refused, and neglected to take reasonable steps to mitigate its alleged damages, if any, thus barring or diminishing BRAHMA's recovery herein.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

9. BRAHMA has failed to join all necessary and indispensable parties to this lawsuit.

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TTORNEYS AT LAW
A PROFESSIONAL COMPORATION
DO Anthem Village Driv
Henderzon, INV 89052
thone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909

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WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAZ
AMMISSIMUL COPPORATION
2500 Anthem Village Driv
Henderzon, NV 99052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

10. The injuries and damages of which BRAHMA complains were proximately caused by, or contributed to, by the acts and/or omissions of other Defendants and/or Third-Party Defendants in the consolidated action and/or other defendants or third-party defendants in this action, if any, as well as persons and/or other entities, and that said acts were an intervening and superseding cause of the injuries and damages, if any, of which BRAHMA complains, thus barring BRAHMA from any recovery against COBRA.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

BRAHMA, or other persons or entities other than COBRA, without the knowledge or consent of COBRA, altered the subject property, and to the extent that BRAHMA has incurred or suffered any damages, which COBRA denies, such alleged damages were solely and proximately caused by such alteration.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

12. The damages referred to in the Complaint, and each and every purported claim for relief contained therein, were proximately caused or contributed to by the negligence of persons and/or entities other than COBRA in failing to exercise the proper care which a prudent person under the same or similar circumstance would have exercised, and/or by the wrongful acts of persons and/or entities other than COBRA, and if COBRA acted in any manner negligently or wrongfully (which supposition is made only for purposes of this defense, without admitting same to be true), the aforesaid negligence and/or wrongful acts of persons and/or entities other than COBRA constituted an intervening and superseding cause of the damages alleged in the Complaint.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

13. The claims of BRAHMA are reduced, modified, and/or barred by the Doctrine of Unclean Hands.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

14. Any and all events, happenings, injuries and damages alleged by BRAHMA were a direct result of an Act of God.

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Page 8 of 16

1	FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
2	15. The claims of BRAHMA are reduced, modified, and/or barred by the Doctrine of	:	
3	Parol Evidence.		
4	SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
5	16. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that BRAHMA's claims for		
6	damages are barred as a result of the failure to satisfy conditions precedent to bring the claim(s) a	at	
7	issue.		
8	SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
9	17. Any allegation not otherwise responded to is generally and specifically denied.		
10	EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
11	18. COBRA alleges that the occurrence referred to in the Complaint, and all injuries a	ınd	
12	damages, if any, resulting therefrom, were caused by the acts of omissions of a third party over		
13	whom these answering Third-Party Defendants had no control.		
14	NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
15	19. COBRA performed no acts, deeds, omissions or failures to act relevant to the		
16	subject matter of BRAHMA's Complaint such as would create any liability or duty whatsoever or	n	
17	the part of COBRA to BRAHMA.		
18	TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
19	20. COBRA's alleged acts are not the proximate cause of the alleged damages, if any,		
20	sustained by BRAHMA.		
21	TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
22	21. COBRA has appropriately, completely and fully performed and discharged any and	d	
23	all of their obligations and legal duties arising out of the matters alleged in BRAHMA's Complain	ıt	
24	and any recovery by BRAHMA would be unjust and inequitable under these circumstances.		
25	TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
26	22. At all times relevant herein, COBRA acted diligently and with due care in the		
27	performance of any duty owed to BRAHMA, if any.		
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WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthen Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
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TWENTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

23. COBRA has no duty to post a bond related to BRAHMA's lien claim, thus, the release of the bond, or any proceeds, to BRAHMA will result in unjust enrichment to BRAHMA. COBRA reserves the right to recover any/all funds released to BRAHMA in this matter.

TWENTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that BRAHMA has failed to 24. plead with sufficient specificity any violation of codes, ordinances, regulations, statutes or any other law.

TWENTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

25. COBRA denies that it breached any contract and/or agreement whatsoever with respect to any service that it provided for this matter.

TWENTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

26. COBRA has appropriately, completely and fully performed and discharged all of its respective obligations and legal duties, if any, arising out of the matters alleged in BRAHMA's Second Amended Complaint and any recovery by BRAHMA would be unjust and inequitable under these circumstances.

TWENTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

27. The liability of COBRA for all damages is limited pursuant to the express terms of its contract(s) with TSE, thus, BRAHMA's recovery on the bond is limited to only what is recoverable from COBRA under its contract(s) with TSE, if anything.

TWENTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

28. COBRA has no control over or charge of, nor is responsible for, the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, or for safety precautions and programs in connection with the work at issue in this matter.

TWENTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

29. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that BRAHMA's action is barred by the voluntary agreement to submit any disputes to binding and/or independent arbitration. COBRA hereby reserves its right to obligate the parties to submit this matter to arbitration at

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Page 10 of 16

1	anytime even after answering BRAHMA's First Amended Third-Party Complaint.	
2	THIRTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
3	30. BRAHMA's claims, and each of them, are barred as a result of an accord and	
4	4 satisfaction.	
5	THIRTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
6	Each and every one of BRAHMA's alleged rights, claims, and obligations which it	
7	seeks to enforce against COBRA is, by BRAHMA's conduct, agreement, or otherwise, barred by	
8	the Doctrine of Estoppel.	
9	THIRTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
10	32. BRAHMA's claims, and each of them, are barred for failure of consideration.	
11	THIRTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
12	33. BRAHMA's claims, and each of them, are barred as a result of the failure of	
13	BRAHMA to timely make those claims as against COBRA and allow COBRA to collect evidence	
14	sufficient to establish its nonliability. COBRA relied upon the failure to allege claims by BRAHMA	
15	and as a result, BRAHMA is barred by the Doctrine of Laches.	
16	THIRTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
17	34. By virtue of BRAHMA's actions, conduct, and omissions, COBRA has been	
18	released.	
19	THIRTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
20	35. BRAHMA's claims, and each of them, are barred as a result of no enforceable	
21	contract because the contract lacks valid offer and acceptance; the contract lacks consideration; the	
22	contract was validly rescinded; the contract is illusory and/or lacks mutuality; or the contract is void	
23	for vagueness.	
24	THIRTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
25	36. All or part of the claims alleged did not arise from a construction contract and/or are	
26	otherwise improper pursuant to NRS Chapter 624, and therefore said claims are not properly	
27	asserted against the bond.	
28	///	
WEIL & DRAGE ATTORNEYS AT LAW A PROFESSIONAL COMPORATION 2500 Anthem Village Drive Henderson, NV 99052 Phone: (702) 314-1909 Fax: (702) 314-1909 MENUSCHINGSSCO	{01567681;1} Page 11 of 16	

Page 12 of 16

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WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNETS AT LAW
A PROFESSIONAL COMPOSITION
2500 Anthem Village Driv,
Henderson, IN 49052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909

FORTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

45. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that BRAHMA's claims, and each of them, are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of mistake, excuse and/or nonperformance.

FORTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

46. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that BRAHMA's claims, and each of them, are barred as a result of the failure to satisfy conditions precedent.

FORTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

47. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that BRAHMA's claims, and each of them, are barred by the failure to satisfy conditions subsequent.

FORTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

48. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that BRAHMA's claims, and each of them, are barred as a result of lack of good faith.

FORTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

49. Each and every one of BRAHMA's alleged rights, claims, and obligations, and each and every one of BRAHMA's causes of action against COBRA, must be, and are, stayed as a result of that certain Order of the Fifth Judicial District Court, Nye County, Nevada, Case No. CV 39348, dated January 24, 2019, pursuant to which the Court ordered the causes of action asserted by BRAHMA against TSE for (i) Breach of Contract; (ii) Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing; and (iii) Violations of NRS 624—which causes of action form the basis of BRAHMA's causes of action against COBRA—are stayed until such time as the federal court rules on BRAHMA's and TSE's pending motions filed in the federal action. The federal court has not yet ruled on those pending motions. Accordingly, no further action may be taken at this time as to BRAHMA's causes of action against COBRA.

FIFTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

50. Each and every one of BRAHMA's alleged rights, claims, and obligations, and each and every one of BRAHMA's causes of action against COBRA, must be, and are, stayed as a result of that certain Order of the Supreme Court of Nevada, Docket Number 78256, Directing Answer

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1	to the Petition for Writ of Prohibition, or, Alternatively, Mandamus, filed by TSE on or about	
2	March 5, 2019, and arising out of the Nye County Court's denial of TSE's Motion to Dismiss,	
3	Strike, or Stay BRAHMA's First Amended Counter-Complaint. Accordingly, no further action	
4	may be taken at this time as to BRAHMA's causes of action against COBRA.	
5	FIFTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
6	51. COBRA reserves the right to dispute the applicability and recoverability of all	
7	damages claimed in BRAHMA's prayer for relief as the pleadings and facts are insufficient to	
8	create recovery against COBRA for such damages.	
9	FIFTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
10	52. All possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as	
11	sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon the filing of COBRA's Answer to	
12	BRAHMA's Complaint and, therefore, COBRA reserves their right to amend their Answer to	
13	allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation so warrants.	
14	FIFTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
15	53. COBRA incorporates by reference those affirmative defenses enumerated in	
16	N.R.C.P. 8 as if fully set forth herein. In the event further investigation or discovery reveals the	
17	applicability of any such defenses, COBRA reserves the right to seek leave of court to amend their	
18	Answer to specifically assert the same. Such defenses are herein incorporated by reference for the	
19	specific purpose of not waiving same.	
20	PRAYER FOR RELIEF	
21	WHEREFORE, having fully answered BRAHMA's Complaint, COBRA respectfully	
22	requests that Judgment be entered in their favor, and against BRAHMA as follows:	
23	1. That BRAHMA take nothing by virtue of its Complaint;	
24	2. The Complaint be dismissed with prejudice;	
25	3. For the costs of suit incurred herein;	
26	4. For attorneys' fees and costs; and	
27	///	
28	///	
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WEIL & DRAGE

ATTORHEYS AT LAW
A PROFESSIONAL COPPORATION
2500 Anthen Village Drive
Henderson, NN 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
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Page 14 of 16

1	5. For such other and further relief as the court deems just, equitable and proper.	
2	The undersigned does hereby affirm, pursuant to NRS 239B.030, that this document does	
3	not contain personal information as defined in NRS 603A.040 about any person.	
4	DATED this 16 th day of May, 2019.	
5	WEIL & DRAGE, APC	
6		
7		
8	GEOFFREX CRISP, ESQ.	
9	Nevada Bar No. 2104 JEREMY R. KILBER, ESQ.	
10	Nevada Bar No. 10643	
11	2500 Anthem Village Drive Henderson, NV 89052	
12	Attorneys for COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. and AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE	
13	COMPANY	
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A TT O K H E Y S AT L A B
A PROTESSICHAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthen Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89022
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
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1	CERTIFICATE	OF SERVICE
2	Pursuant to Nevada Rules of Civil Procedu	re 5(b), I hereby certify that on the 16th day of
3	May, 2019, service of the foregoing COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.'S AND	
4	AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPAN	Y'S ANSWER TO BRAHMA GROUP,
5	INC.'S FIRST AMENDED THIRD-PARTY CO	OMPLAINT was made this date by mailing a
6	true and correct copy of the same, via first-class m	ail, at Henderson, Nevada, addressed to the
7	following:	
8		D'Acal I Deal For
9	11 , , ,	Richard L. Peel, Esq. Eric B. Zimbelman, Esq.
10	1)	Cary B. Domina, Esq. Ronald J. Cox, Esq.
11	6385 South Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 400	PEEL BRIMLEY, LLP 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200
12	Attorneys for TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY,	Henderson, NV 89074-6571
13	LLC	Attorneys for BRAHMA GROUP, INC.
14	Richard E. Haskin, Esq.	
15	Daniel M. Hansen, Esq.	
16	GIBBS GIDEN LOCHER TURNER SENET & WITTBRODT LLP	
17	1140 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 300 Las Vegas, NV 89144-0596	
18	Attorneys for Plaintiff-In-Intervention H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC.	
19	H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC.	
20		na Medina, an Employee of
21	WEII	L & DRAGE, APC
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WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORHEYS AT LAW
A PROTESIONAL COPPORATION
2500 Anthem Vallage Drave
Hendergon, NV 30952
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
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Page 16 of 16

Exhibit 11

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1
              GEOFFREY CRISP, ESQ.
              Nevada Bar No. 2104
         2
              JEREMY R. KILBER, ESQ.
              Nevada Bar No. 10643
         3
              WEIL & DRAGE, APC
         4
             2500 Anthem Village Drive
             Henderson, NV 89052
         5
              (702) 314-1905 • Fax (702) 314-1909
              gcrisp@weildrage.com
         6
             jkilber@weildrage.com
         7
              Attorneys for COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. and
              AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY
         8
                   IN THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
         9
                                        IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE
        10
        11
                                                                         CV39348
              TONOPAH SOLOR ENERGY, LLC, a
                                                        ) Case No.:
                                                          Consolidated With
              Delaware limited liability company,
        12
                                                           Case No.:
                                                                        CV39799
                                                           Dept. No.:
                                                                         2
                               Plaintiff.
        13
        14
              vs.
                                                           COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.'S
        15
                                                           AND AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE
              BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada
                                                           COMPANY'S ANSWER TO H&E
              corporation,
        16
                                                           EOUIPMENT SERVICES, INC.'S
                                                           COMPLAINT IN INTERVENTION
        17
                              Defendant.
        18
              BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada
        19
              corporation,
        20
                         Lien/Bond Claimant,
        21
              vs.
        22
              TONOPAH SOLOR ENERGY, LLC, a
        23
              Delaware limited liability company; BOE
        24
              BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES)
              I through X: ROE CORPORATIONS I
        25
              through X; and TOE TENANTS I through X, )
              inclusive,
        26
                          Counter-defendants.
        27
WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthem Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone (2021) 11 1005
                                                  Page 1 of 21
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 Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
```

1	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada)
2	corporation,
3	Lien/Bond Claimant and)
	Third-Party Plaintiff,)
4	vs.
5)
6	COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.,) a Nevada corporation; AMERICAN HOME)
7	ASSURANCE COMPANY, a surety; BOE DONDRIG COMPANIES Library by; DOES)
8	BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES) I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I
9	through X, inclusive,
10	Third-Party Defendants.
)
. 11	H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC., a)
12	Delaware Corporation,
13) Plaintiff-In-Intervention,)
14)
15	vs.)
16	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada)
17	Corporation, TONOPAY SOLAR ENERGY) LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company,)
	COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.,)
18	a Nevada Corporation; AMERICAN HOME) ASSURANCE COMPANY, a surety; BOE)
19	BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES)
20	I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I) through X, and TOE TENANTA I through X,)
21	inclusive,
22	Defendants-In-Intervention.
23)
24	///
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Weil & Drage	
ATTORNEYS ATLAW APROPESSIONAL CORPORATION 2500 Anthem Village Drive Henderson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909 MDM: Weildinge Com	{01575439;1} Page 2 of 21

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WEIL & DRAGE ATTORNEYS ATLAW APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 2500 Anthem Village Drive Henderson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909 www.weildrage.com

COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.'S AND AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE

COMPANY'S ANSWER TO H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC.'S

COMPLAINT IN INTERVENTION

Defendants-In-Intervention, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. and AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY (collectively, for purposes of this Answer, "COBRA"), by and through their attorneys of record, the law firm of WEIL & DRAGE, APC, hereby answer Plaintiff-In-Intervention H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC.'s ("H&E") Complaint-In-Intervention (hereinafter, "Complaint") on file herein, by admitting, denying, and alleging as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Answering Paragraph 1 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 2. Answering Paragraph 2 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 3. Answering Paragraph 3 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 4. Answering Paragraph 4 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 5. Answering Paragraph 5 (a), (b), (c), and (d)(i) and (ii) of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 6. Answering Paragraph 6 of H&E's Complaint, no response is required. However, to the extent a response is deemed required, COBRA denies the same.
- 7. Answering Paragraph 7(a) of H&E's Complaint, AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY admits it is a bonding company duly licensed and qualified to do business as a surety in

Nevada. Answering Paragraph 7(a) of H&E's Complaint, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same. COBRA denies the allegations in Paragraph 7(b) of H&E's Complaint, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Surety Bond for a full and complete statement of its contents.

- Answering Paragraph 8(a), and (b) of H&E's Complaint, AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same. Answering Paragraph 8(a), and (b) of H&E's Complaint, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. admits the allegations in Paragraph 8(a), denies the allegations in Paragraph 8(b), and refers the Court to the alleged Surety Bond for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- Answering Paragraph 9 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information 9. or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- Answering Paragraph 10 of H&E's Complaint, no response is required. However, to the 10. extent a response is deemed required, COBRA denies same.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Contract)

- Answering Paragraph 11 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA repeats and realleges their 11. answers to Paragraphs 1 through 10 as though fully set forth herein.
- Answering Paragraph 12 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information 12. or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Services Agreement for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- Answering Paragraph 13 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information 13. or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.

WEIL & DRAGE TORNEYS AT LAW OPESSIONAL CORPORATION 20 Anthem Village Drive Henderson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909 www.weildrage.com

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WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthem Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
www.weildinge.com

- 14. Answering Paragraph 14 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 15. Answering Paragraph 15 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 16. Answering Paragraph 16 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged invoices for a full and complete statement of their contents.
- 17. Answering Paragraph 17 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 18. Answering Paragraph 18(a) and (b) of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 19. Answering Paragraph 19 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 20. Answering Paragraph 20 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged agreement for a full and complete statement of its contents.

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- 21. Answering Paragraph 21 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged agreement, invoices and/or payment applications for a full and complete statement of their contents.
- 22. Answering Paragraph 22 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged agreement and invoices for a full and complete statement of their contents.
- 23. Answering Paragraph 23 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 24. Answering Paragraph 24 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 25. Answering Paragraph 25 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 26. Answering Paragraph 26 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 27. Answering Paragraph 27 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 28. Answering Paragraph 28 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.

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WEIL & DRAGE

Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909 www.weildrage.com

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Page 6 of 21

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthem Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing against BGI)

- 29. Answering Paragraph 29 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA repeats and realleges their answers to Paragraphs 1 through 28 as though fully set forth herein.
- 30. Answering Paragraph 30 of H&E's Complaint, said Paragraph calls for a legal conclusion which COBRA cannot admit or deny. However, to the extent a response is deemed necessary, COBRA denies the allegations contained in said Paragraph.
- 31. Answering Paragraph 31 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 32. Answering Paragraph 32 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 33. Answering Paragraph 33 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 34. Answering Paragraph 34 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 35. Answering Paragraph 35 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.

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Page 7 of 21

WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthem Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone. (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
www.weildrage.com

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Foreclosure of Notice of Lien)

- 36. Answering Paragraph 36 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA repeats and realleges their answers to Paragraphs 1 through 35 as though fully set forth herein.
- 37. Answering Paragraph 37 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 38. Answering Paragraph 38 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 39. Answering Paragraph 39(a) and (b) of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of Right to Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 40. Answering Paragraph 40 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 41. Answering Paragraph 41 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 42. Answering Paragraph 42 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 43. Answering Paragraph 43 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Lien for a full and

complete statement of its contents.

44. Answering Paragraph 44 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of NRS 624 against BGI)

- 45. Answering Paragraph 45 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA repeats and realleges their answers to Paragraphs 1 through 44 as though fully set forth herein.
- 46. Answering Paragraph 46 of H&E's Complaint, said Paragraph calls for a legal conclusion which COBRA cannot admit or deny. However, to the extent a response is deemed necessary, COBRA denies the allegations contained in said Paragraph.
- 47. Answering Paragraph 47 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 48. Answering Paragraph 48 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 49. Answering Paragraph 49 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Claim Against Surety, Surety Bond and Principal thereon)

- 50. Answering Paragraph 50 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA repeats and realleges their answers to Paragraphs 1 through 49 as though fully set forth herein.
- 51. Answering Paragraph 51 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Services Agreement for a full and complete statement of its contents.

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Page 9 of 21

WEIL & DRAGE ATTORNEYS AT LAW APROFESSIONAL CORPORATIO 2500 Anthem Village Drive Henderson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fan: (702) 314-1909 www.neildoge.com

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WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anther Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
www.yciidrage.com

52. Answering Paragraph 52 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.

- 53. Answering Paragraph 53(a) and (b) of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of Right to Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 54. Answering Paragraph 54 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged agreement for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 55. Answering Paragraph 55 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 56. Answering Paragraph 56 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 57. Answering Paragraph 57 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 58. Answering Paragraph 58 of H&E's Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.

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Page 10 of 21

WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS ATLAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthem Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
www.neidfage.com

1	proportion to their respective negligence and fault and legal responsibility of all other parties,	
2	persons and entities, their agents, servants and employees who contributed to and/or caused any	
3	such injury and/or damages, in accordance with the law of comparative negligence; the liability of	
4	COBRA, if any, is limited in direct proportion to the percentage of fault actually attributed to	
5	COBRA.	
6	FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
7	5. H&E unreasonably delayed the filing of its Complaint and the notification of	
8	COBRA of any basis for the causes of action alleged against them, all of which has unduly and	
9	severely prejudiced COBRA in their defense of the action, thereby barring or diminishing H&E's	
10	recovery herein under the Doctrine of Estoppel.	
11	SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
12	6. H&E unreasonably delayed the filing of its Complaint and the notification of	
13	COBRA of any basis for the causes of action alleged against them, all of which has unduly and	
14	severely prejudiced COBRA in their defense of the action, thereby barring or diminishing H&E's	
15	recovery herein under the Doctrine of Waiver.	
16	SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
17	7. H&E unreasonably delayed the filing of its Complaint and the notification of	
18	COBRA of any basis for the causes of action alleged against them, all of which has unduly and	
19	severely prejudiced COBRA in their defense of the action, thereby barring or diminishing H&E's	
20	recovery herein under the Doctrine of Laches.	
21	EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
22	8. H&E has failed, refused, and neglected to take reasonable steps to mitigate its	
23	alleged damages, if any, thus barring or diminishing H&E's recovery herein.	
24	NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
25	9. H&E has failed to join all necessary and indispensable parties to this lawsuit.	
26	TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
27	10. The injuries and damages of which H&E complains were proximately caused by, or	
28	contributed to, by the acts and/or omissions of other Defendants and/or Third-Party Defendants in	
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the consolidated action and/or other defendants or third-party defendants in this action, if any, as well as persons and/or other entities, and that said acts were an intervening and superseding cause of the injuries and damages, if any, of which H&E complains, thus barring H&E from any recovery against COBRA.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

11. H&E, or other persons or entities other than COBRA, without the knowledge or consent of COBRA, altered the subject property, and to the extent that H&E has incurred or suffered any damages, which COBRA denies, such alleged damages were solely and proximately caused by such alteration.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

12. The damages referred to in the Complaint, and each and every purported claim for relief contained therein, were proximately caused or contributed to by the negligence of persons and/or entities other than COBRA in failing to exercise the proper care which a prudent person under the same or similar circumstance would have exercised, and/or by the wrongful acts of persons and/or entities other than COBRA, and if COBRA acted in any manner negligently or wrongfully (which supposition is made only for purposes of this defense, without admitting same to be true), the aforesaid negligence and/or wrongful acts of persons and/or entities other than COBRA constituted an intervening and superseding cause of the damages alleged in the Complaint.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

13. The claims of H&E are reduced, modified, and/or barred by the Doctrine of Unclean Hands.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

14. Any and all events, happenings, injuries and damages alleged by H&E were a direct result of an Act of God.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

15. The claims of H&E are reduced, modified, and/or barred by the Doctrine of Parol Evidence.

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Page 13 of 21

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1	<u>SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE</u>	
2	16. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that H&E's claims for	
3	damages are barred as a result of the failure to satisfy conditions precedent to bring the claim(s) at	
4	issue.	
5	SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
6	17. Any allegation not otherwise responded to is generally and specifically denied.	
7	<u>EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE</u>	
8	18. COBRA alleges that the occurrence referred to in the Complaint, and all injuries	
9	and damages, if any, resulting therefrom, were caused by the acts of omissions of a third party over	
10	whom these answering Defendants had no control.	
11	NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
12	19. COBRA performed no acts, deeds, omissions or failures to act relevant to the	
13	subject matter of H&E's Complaint such as would create any liability or duty whatsoever on the	
14	part of COBRA to H&E.	
15	TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
16	20. COBRA's alleged acts are not the proximate cause of the alleged damages, if any,	
17	sustained by H&E.	
18	TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
19	21. COBRA has appropriately, completely and fully performed and discharged any and	
20	all of their obligations and legal duties arising out of the matters alleged in H&E's Complaint and	
21	any recovery by H&E would be unjust and inequitable under these circumstances.	
22	TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
23	22. At all times relevant herein, COBRA acted diligently and with due care in the	
24	performance of any duty owed to H&E, if any.	
25	TWENTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
26	23. COBRA has no duty to post a bond related to H&E's lien claim, thus, the release of	
27	the bond, or any proceeds, to H&E will result in unjust enrichment to H&E. COBRA reserves the	
28	right to recover any/all funds released to H&E in this matter.	
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WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anihem Village Drive
Henderson, NV 88052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
www.weiklange.com

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Page 14 of 21

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TWENTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

24. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that H&E has failed to plead with sufficient specificity any violation of codes, ordinances, regulations, statutes or any other law.

TWENTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

25. COBRA denies that it breached any contract and/or agreement whatsoever with respect to any service that it provided for this matter.

TWENTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

26. COBRA has appropriately, completely and fully performed and discharged all of its respective obligations and legal duties, if any, arising out of the matters alleged in H&E's Complaint and any recovery by H&E would be unjust and inequitable under these circumstances.

TWENTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

27. The liability of COBRA for any damages is limited pursuant to the express terms of the alleged contract(s) between TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC ("TSE") and BRAHMA and between BRAHMA and H&E, thus, H&E's recovery on the bond is limited to only what is recoverable from TSE and/or BRAHMA under their contract(s) with each other and/or with H&E, if anything.

TWENTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

28. COBRA has no control over or charge of, nor is responsible for, the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, or for safety precautions and programs in connection with the work at issue in this matter.

TWENTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

29. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that H&E's action is barred by the voluntary agreement to submit any dispute(s) to mediation as a condition precedent to the institution of any legal proceedings arising from or relating to the alleged contract(s) between TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC ("TSE") and BRAHMA and between BRAHMA and H&E and by virtue of the waiver of any right to trial by jury. COBRA hereby reserves its right to obligate the parties to submit this matter to mediation at any time even after answering H&E's Complaint In Intervention.

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Page 15 of 21

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Page 16 of 21

Fax: (702) 314-1909

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FORTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

46. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that H&E's claims, and each of them, are barred as a result of the failure to satisfy conditions precedent.

FORTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

47. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that H&E's claims, and each of them, are barred by the failure to satisfy conditions subsequent.

FORTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

48. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that H&E's claims, and each of them, are barred as a result of lack of good faith.

FORTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

49. Each and every one of H&E's alleged rights, claims, and obligations, and each and every one of H&E's causes of action against COBRA, must be, and are, stayed as a result of that certain Order of the Fifth Judicial District Court, Nye County, Nevada, Case No. CV 39348, dated January 24, 2019, pursuant to which the Court ordered the causes of action asserted by BRAHMA against TSE for (i) Breach of Contract; (ii) Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing, and (iii) Violations of NRS 624—which causes of action form the basis of BRAHMA's and, concomitantly, H&E's, causes of action against COBRA—are stayed until such time as the federal court rules on BRAHMA's and TSE's pending motions filed in the federal action. The federal court has not yet ruled on those pending motions. Accordingly, no further action may be taken at this time as to either BRAHMA's or H&E's causes of action against COBRA.

FIFTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

50. Each and every one of H&E's alleged rights, claims, and obligations, and each and every one of H&E's causes of action against COBRA, must be, and are, stayed as a result of that certain Order of the Supreme Court of Nevada, Docket Number 78256, Directing Answer to the Petition for Writ of Prohibition, or, Alternatively, Mandamus, filed by TSE on or about March 5, 2019, and arising out of the Nye County Court's denial of TSE's Motion to Dismiss, Strike, or Stay BRAHMA's First Amended Counter-Complaint. Accordingly, no further action may be taken at this time as to H&E's causes of action against COBRA.

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Page 18 of 21

FIFTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

51. COBRA reserves the right to dispute the applicability and recoverability of all damages claimed in H&E's prayer for relief as the pleadings and facts are insufficient to create recovery against COBRA for such damages.

FIFTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

52. All possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon the filing of COBRA's Answer to H&E's Complaint and, therefore, COBRA reserves their right to amend their Answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation so warrants.

FIFTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

53. COBRA incorporates by reference those affirmative defenses enumerated in N.R.C.P. 8 as if fully set forth herein. In the event further investigation or discovery reveals the applicability of any such defenses, COBRA reserves the right to seek leave of court to amend their Answer to specifically assert the same. Such defenses are herein incorporated by reference for the specific purpose of not waiving same.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, having fully answered H&E's Complaint In Intervention, COBRA respectfully requests that Judgment be entered in their favor, and against H&E as follows:

- 1. That H&E take nothing by virtue of its Complaint;
- 2. The Complaint In Intervention be dismissed with prejudice;
- 3. For the costs of suit incurred herein;
- 4. For attorneys' fees and costs; and

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WEIL & DRAGE ATTORNEYS ATLAW APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 2500 Authem Village Drive Henderson, NY 89052 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 319-1909

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Page 19 of 21

1	5. For such other and further relief as the court deems just, equitable and proper.	
2	The undersigned does hereby affirm, pursuant to NRS 239B.030, that this document does	
3	not contain personal information as defined in NRS 603A.040 about any person.	
4	DATED this 7 th day of June, 2019.	
5	WEIL & DRAGE, APC	
6		
7	CDOCUPEY ODUCE FOO	
8	GEOFFREY CRISP, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 2104	
9	JEREMY R. KILBER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10643	
10	2500 Anthem Village Drive	
11	Henderson, NV 89052 Attorneys for COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS,	
12	INC. and AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY	
13		
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WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthen Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
www.ueidrage.com

1 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE Pursuant to Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure 5(b), I hereby certify that on the 7th day of 2 June. 2019, service of the foregoing COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.'S AND 3 AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY'S ANSWER TO H&E EQUIPMENT 4 SERVICES, INC.'S COMPLAINT IN INTERVENTION was made this date by mailing a true 5 and correct copy of the same, via first-class mail, at Henderson, Nevada, addressed to the 6 7 following: 8 Richard L. Peel, Esq. D. Lee Roberts, Jr., Esq. 9 Eric B. Zimbelman, Esq. Colby Balkenbush, Esq. WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS, GUNN Cary B. Domina, Esq. 10 Ronald J. Cox, Esq. & DIAL, LLC PEEL BRIMLEY, LLP 6385 South Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 400 11 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89118 12 Henderson, NV 89074-6571 Attorneys for TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, Attorneys for BRAHMA GROUP, INC. LLC 13 14 Richard E. Haskin, Esq. 15 Daniel M. Hansen, Esq. GIBBS GIDEN LOCHER TURNER 16 SENET & WITTBRODT LLP 1140 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 300 17 Las Vegas, NV 89144-0596 Attorneys for Plaintiff-In-Intervention 18 H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC. 19 20 Joanna Medina, an Employee of 21 WEIL & DRAGE, APC 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Authem Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone. (702) 314-1905
Fax. (702) 314-1909
www.weildrage.com

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Page 21 of 21

Exhibit 12

1	GEOFFREY CRISP, ESQ.	
2	Nevada Bar No. 2104	·
	JEREMY R. KILBER, ESQ.	
3	Nevada Bar No. 10643 WEIL & DRAGE, APC	
4	2500 Anthem Village Drive	·
5	Henderson, NV 89052	
	(702) 314-1905 • Fax (702) 314-1909 gcrisp@weildrage.com	
	jkilber@weildrage.com	
7	Attorneys for COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLA	
8	AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPAI	NY ·
9	IN THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRIC	T COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
10	IN AND FOR TE	IE COUNTY OF NYE
11	TONOPAH SOLOR ENERGY, LLC, a) Case No.: CV39348
12	Delaware limited liability company,) Consolidated With) Case No.: CV39799
13	Plaintiff,) Case No.: CV39799) Dept. No.: 2
14		
	vs.)) COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.'S
15	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada	AND AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE
16	corporation,	O COMPANY'S ANSWER TO H&E O EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC.'S AMENDED
17	Defendant.	COMPLAINT IN INTERVENTION
18		
19	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada	
20	corporation,	
	Lien/Bond Claimant,	
21)	
22	vs.	
23	TONOPAH SOLOR ENERGY, LLC, a	
24	Delaware limited liability company; BOE)	
25	BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I)	
	through X; and TOE TENANTS I through X,)	
26	inclusive,	
27	Counter-defendants.)	
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DRAGE EYS AT LAW		
MAL CORPORATION em Village Drive on, NV 89052 702) 314-1905	{01612688;1} Page 1 o	f 19
02) 314-1909 cil-tage.com		

1 BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation, 2 Lien/Bond Claimant and 3 Third-Party Plaintiff, 4 VS. 5 COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., a Nevada corporation; AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY, a surety; BOE 7 BONDING COMPANIES I through X; 8 DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I) through X, inclusive, 9 Third-Party Defendants. 10 11 H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC., a 12 Delaware Corporation, 13 Plaintiff-In-Intervention. 14 VS. 15 BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada 16 Corporation, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., a Nevada Corporation; 17 AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE 18 COMPANY, a surety; BOE BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through 19 X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X; and TOE TENANTS I through X, inclusive, 20 21 Defendants-In-Intervention. 22 23 COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.'S AND AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE 24 COMPANY'S ANSWER TO H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC.'S 25 AMENDED COMPLAINT IN INTERVENTION 26 Defendants-In-Intervention, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. and AMERICAN 27 HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY (collectively, for purposes of this Answer, "COBRA"), by and 28 through their attorneys of record, the law firm of WEIL & DRAGE, APC, hereby answer Plaintiff-WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNETS AT LAW
PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthem Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Eng. (702) 314-1900 Page 2 of 19 {01612688;1}

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denies the allegations in Paragraph 7(b) of H&E's Amended Complaint, and respectfully refers the Court

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Page 3 of 19 {01612688;1}

to the alleged Surety Bond for a full and complete statement of its contents.

- 8. Answering Paragraph 8(a), and (b) of H&E's Amended Complaint, AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same. Answering Paragraph 8(a), and (b) of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. admits the allegations in Paragraph 8(a), denies the allegations in Paragraph 8(b), and refers the Court to the alleged Surety-Bond for a full-and complete statement of its contents.
- 9. Answering Paragraph 9 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 10. Answering Paragraph 10 of H&E's Amended Complaint, no response is required. However, to the extent a response is deemed required, COBRA denies same.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Contract)

- 11. Answering Paragraph 11 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA repeats and realleges their answers to Paragraphs 1 through 10 as though fully set forth herein.
- 12. Answering Paragraph 12 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Services Agreement for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 13. Answering Paragraph 13 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 14. Answering Paragraph 14 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.

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WEIL & DRAGE ATTORNEYS AT LAW APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 2500 Authem Village Drive Henderson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909

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- 15. Answering Paragraph 15 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 16. Answering Paragraph 16 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged invoices for a full and complete statement of their contents.
- 17. Answering Paragraph 17 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 18. Answering Paragraph 18(a) and (b) of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 19. Answering Paragraph 19 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 20. Answering Paragraph 20 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 21. Answering Paragraph 21 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 22. Answering Paragraph 22 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.

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SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing against BGI)

- 23. Answering Paragraph 23 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA repeats and realleges their answers to Paragraphs 1 through 22 as though fully set forth herein.
- 24. Answering Paragraph 24 of H&E's Amended Complaint, said Paragraph calls for a legal conclusion which COBRA cannot admit or deny. However, to the extent a response is deemed necessary, COBRA denies the allegations contained in said Paragraph.
- 25. Answering Paragraph 25 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 26. Answering Paragraph 26 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 27. Answering Paragraph 27 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 28. Answering Paragraph 28 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 29. Answering Paragraph 29 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.

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Page 6 of 19

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WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthein Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of NRS 624 against BGI)

- 30. Answering Paragraph 30 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA repeats and realleges their answers to Paragraphs 1 through 29 as though fully set forth herein.
- 31. Answering Paragraph 31 of H&E's Amended Complaint, said Paragraph calls for a legal conclusion which COBRA cannot admit or deny. However, to the extent a response is deemed necessary, COBRA denies the allegations contained in said Paragraph.
- 32. Answering Paragraph 32 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 33. Answering Paragraph 33 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 34. Answering Paragraph 34 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Claim Against Surety, Surety Bond and Principal thereon)

- 35. Answering Paragraph 35 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA repeats and realleges their answers to Paragraphs 1 through 34 as though fully set forth herein.
- 36. Answering Paragraph 36 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Services Agreement for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 37. Answering Paragraph 37 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged contract for a full and complete statement of its contents.

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WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthem Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
www.will.arge.com

38. Answering Paragraph 38(a) and (b) of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of Right to Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.

- 39. Answering Paragraph 39 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said.

 Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to any alleged agreement for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 40. Answering Paragraph 40 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same.
- 41. Answering Paragraph 41 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Notice of Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 42. Answering Paragraph 42 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 43. Answering Paragraph 43 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA is without sufficient information or knowledge as to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said Paragraph and, therefore, denies the same, and respectfully refers the Court to the alleged Lien for a full and complete statement of its contents.
- 44. Answering Paragraph 44 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA admits only that they caused a surety bond to be recorded in Nye County, denies the remainder of the allegations contained in said Paragraph 59, and respectfully refers the Court to the Surety Bond for a full and complete statement of its contents.

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- 45. Answering Paragraph 45 of H&E's Amended Complaint, said Paragraph calls for a legal conclusion which COBRA cannot admit or deny. However, to the extent a response is deemed necessary, COBRA denies the allegations contained in said Paragraph.
- 46. Answering Paragraph 46 of H&E's Amended Complaint, COBRA denies the allegations contained in said Paragraph.

AFFIRMATIVE AND SEPARATE DEFENSES

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

 H&E's Amended Complaint on file herein fails to state a claim against COBRA upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

2. H&E's alleged damages, if any, were and are, wholly or partially, contributed to and proximately caused by H&E's negligence, thus barring or diminishing H&E's recovery herein according to principles of comparative negligence.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

3. COBRA is not legally responsible for the acts and/or omissions of those Defendants and/or Third-Party Defendants named in the consolidated action and/or herein.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

4. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that they are not legally responsible in any fashion with respect to damages and injuries claimed by TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC ("TSE"), BRAHMA GROUP, INC. ("BRAHMA"), and/or H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC. ("H&E") in their respective Complaints and/or Amended Complaints; however, if COBRA is subjected to any liability to H&E or any other parties, it will be due, in whole or in part, to the breach of contract, conduct, acts, omissions, activities, carelessness, recklessness and negligence of others; wherefore any recovery obtained by H&E, or any other parties, against COBRA, should be reduced in proportion to their respective negligence and fault and legal responsibility of all other parties, persons and entities, their agents, servants and employees who contributed to and/or caused any such injury and/or damages, in accordance with the law of comparative negligence; the liability of COBRA, if any, is limited in direct proportion to the

WEIL & DRAGE ATTORNEYS AT LAW APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 2500 Anthem Village Drive Henderson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909

{01612688;1} Page 9 of 19

percentage of fault actually attributed to COBRA.

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FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

5. H&E unreasonably delayed the filing of its Complaint and Amended Complaint and the notification of COBRA of any basis for the causes of action alleged against them, all of which has unduly and severely prejudiced COBRA in their defense of the action, thereby barring or diminishing-H&E's recovery herein under the Doctrine of Estoppel.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

6. H&E unreasonably delayed the filing of its Complaint and Amended Complaint and the notification of COBRA of any basis for the causes of action alleged against them, all of which has unduly and severely prejudiced COBRA in their defense of the action, thereby barring or diminishing H&E's recovery herein under the Doctrine of Waiver.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

7. H&E unreasonably delayed the filing of its Complaint and Amended Complaint and the notification of COBRA of any basis for the causes of action alleged against them, all of which has unduly and severely prejudiced COBRA in their defense of the action, thereby barring or diminishing H&E's recovery herein under the Doctrine of Laches.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

8. H&E has failed, refused, and neglected to take reasonable steps to mitigate its alleged damages, if any, thus barring or diminishing H&E's recovery herein.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

9. H&E has failed to join all necessary and indispensable parties to this lawsuit.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

10. The injuries and damages of which H&E complains were proximately caused by, or contributed to, by the acts and/or omissions of other Defendants and/or Third-Party Defendants in the consolidated action and/or other defendants or third-party defendants in this action, if any, as well as persons and/or other entities, and that said acts were an intervening and superseding cause of the injuries and damages, if any, of which H&E complains, thus barring H&E from any recovery against COBRA.

Page 10 of 19

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ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

11. H&E, or other persons or entities other than COBRA, without the knowledge or consent of COBRA, altered the subject property, and to the extent that H&E has incurred or suffered any damages, which COBRA denies, such alleged damages were solely and proximately caused by such alteration.

TWELFTH-AFFIRMATIVE-DEFENSE-

12. The damages referred to in the Amended Complaint, and each and every purported claim for relief contained therein, were proximately caused or contributed to by the negligence of persons and/or entities other than COBRA in failing to exercise the proper care which a prudent person under the same or similar circumstance would have exercised, and/or by the wrongful acts of persons and/or entities other than COBRA, and if COBRA acted in any manner negligently or wrongfully (which supposition is made only for purposes of this defense, without admitting same to be true), the aforesaid negligence and/or wrongful acts of persons and/or entities other than COBRA constituted an intervening and superseding cause of the damages alleged in the Amended Complaint.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

13. The claims of H&E are reduced, modified, and/or barred by the Doctrine of Unclean Hands.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

14. Any and all events, happenings, injuries and damages alleged by H&E were a direct result of an Act of God.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

15. The claims of H&E are reduced, modified, and/or barred by the Doctrine of Parol Evidence.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

16. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that H&E's claims for damages are barred as a result of the failure to satisfy conditions precedent to bring the claim(s) at issue.

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Page 11 of 19

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WEIL & DRACE ATTORNEYS AT LAW APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 2500 Anthem Village Drive Henderson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 314-1909 Fax: (702) 314-1909 www.weigfage.com

TWENTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

25. COBRA denies that it breached any contract and/or agreement whatsoever with respect to any service that it provided for this matter.

TWENTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

COBRA has appropriately, completely and fully performed and discharged all of its respective obligations and legal duties, if any, arising-out of the matters alleged in H&E's Amended Complaint and any recovery by H&E would be unjust and inequitable under these circumstances.

TWENTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

27. The liability of COBRA for any damages is limited pursuant to the express terms of the alleged contract(s) between TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC ("TSE") and BRAHMA and between BRAHMA and H&E, thus, H&E's recovery on the bond is limited to only what is recoverable from TSE and/or BRAHMA under their contract(s) with each other and/or with H&E, if anything.

TWENTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

28. COBRA has no control over or charge of, nor is responsible for, the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, or for safety precautions and programs in connection with the work at issue in this matter.

TWENTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

29. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that H&E's action is barred by the voluntary agreement to submit any dispute(s) to mediation as a condition precedent to the institution of any legal proceedings arising from or relating to the alleged contract(s) between TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC ("TSE") and BRAHMA and between BRAHMA and H&E and by virtue of the waiver of any right to trial by jury. COBRA hereby reserves its right to obligate the parties to submit this matter to mediation at any time even after answering H&E's Amended Complaint In Intervention.

THIRTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

30. H&E's claims, and each of them, are barred as a result of an accord and satisfaction.

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Page 13 of 19

THIRTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

31. Each and every one of H&E's alleged rights, claims, and obligations which it seeks to enforce against COBRA is, by H&E's conduct, agreement, or otherwise, barred by the Doctrine of Estoppel.

THIRTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

32. H&E's claims, and each of them, are barred for failure of consideration.

THIRTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

33. H&E's claims, and each of them, are barred as a result of the failure of H&E to timely make those claims as against COBRA and allow COBRA to collect evidence sufficient to establish its nonliability. COBRA relied upon the failure to allege claims by H&E and as a result, H&E is barred by the Doctrine of Laches.

THIRTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

34. By virtue of H&E's actions, conduct, and omissions, COBRA has been released.

THIRTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

35. H&E's claims, and each of them, are barred as a result of no enforceable contract because the contract lacks valid offer and acceptance; the contract lacks consideration; the contract was validly rescinded; the contract is illusory and/or lacks mutuality; or the contract is void for vagueness.

THIRTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

36. All or part of the claims alleged did not arise from a construction contract and/or are otherwise improper pursuant to NRS Chapter 624, and therefore said claims are not properly asserted against the bond.

THIRTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

37. H&E's claims, and each of them, are barred by H&E's breaches of the agreement which preceded the acts complained of.

THIRTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

38. H&E's claims, and each of them, are barred by H&E's ratification and confirmation of the alleged actions.

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Page 14 of 19

WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthen Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Face (702) 314-1909
www.weilderge.com

WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthem Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909

FORTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

47. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that H&E's claims, and each of them, are barred by the failure to satisfy conditions subsequent.

FORTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

48. COBRA is informed and believes and thereon alleges that H&E's claims, and each of them, are barred as a result of lack of good faith.

FORTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

49. Each and every one of H&E's alleged rights, claims, and obligations, and each and every one of H&E's causes of action against COBRA, must be, and are, stayed as a result of that certain Order of the Fifth Judicial District Court, Nye County, Nevada, Case No. CV 39348, dated January 24, 2019, pursuant to which the Court ordered the causes of action asserted by BRAHMA against TSE for (i) Breach of Contract; (ii) Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing; and (iii) Violations of NRS 624—which causes of action form the basis of BRAHMA's and, concomitantly, H&E's, causes of action against COBRA—are stayed until such time as the federal court rules on BRAHMA's and TSE's pending motions filed in the federal action. The federal court has not yet ruled on those pending motions. Accordingly, no further action may be taken at this time as to either BRAHMA's or H&E's causes of action against COBRA.

FIFTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

50. Each and every one of H&E's alleged rights, claims, and obligations, and each and every one of H&E's causes of action against COBRA, must be, and are, stayed as a result of that certain Order of the Supreme Court of Nevada, Docket Number 78256, Directing Answer to the Petition for Writ of Prohibition, or, Alternatively, Mandamus, filed by TSE on or about March 5, 2019, and arising out of the Nye County Court's denial of TSE's Motion to Dismiss, Strike, or Stay BRAHMA's First Amended Counter-Complaint. Accordingly, no further action may be taken at this time as to H&E's causes of action against COBRA.

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Page 16 of 19

1	5. For such other and further relief as the court deems just, equitable and proper.					
2	The undersigned does hereby affirm, pursuant to NRS 239B.030, that this document does					
3	not contain personal information as defined in NRS 603A.040 about any person.					
4	DATED this 12 th day of September, 2019.					
5	WEIL & DRAGE, APC					
7	/JMILL					
8	GEØFFREX CRISP, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 2104					
9	JEREMY R. KILBER, ESQ.					
10	Nevada Bar No. 10643 2500 Anthem Village Drive					
11	Henderson, NV 89052 Attorneys for COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS,					
12	INC. and AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE					
13	COMPANY					
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ATTORNEYS AT LAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
2500 Anthen Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
www.wildtage.com

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure 5(b), I hereby certify that on the 12th day of September, 2019, service of the foregoing COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.'S AND AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY'S ANSWER TO H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC.'S AMENDED COMPLAINT IN INTERVENTION was made this date by mailing a true and correct copy of the same, via first-class mail, at Henderson, Nevada, addressed to the following:

D. Lee Roberts, Jr., Esq. Colby Balkenbush, Esq. WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS, **GUNN & DIAL, LLC** 6385 South Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 400 Las Vegas, NV 89118 Attorneys for TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC

Richard L. Peel, Esq. Eric B. Zimbelman, Esq. Cary B. Domina, Esq. Ronald J. Cox, Esq. PEEL BRIMLEY, LLP 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Henderson, NV 89074-6571 Attorneys for BRAHMA GROUP, INC.

Richard E. Haskin, Esq. Daniel M. Hansen, Esq. GIBBS GIDEN LOCHER TURNER SENET & WITTBRODT LLP 1140 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 300 Las Vegas, NV 89144-0596 Attorneys for Plaintiff-In-Intervention H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC.

> Joanna Medina, an Employee of WEIL & DRAGE, APC

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500 Anthern Village Driv Henderson, NV 89052 {01612688;1} hone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909 www.weild-age.com

Page 19 of 19

Exhibit 13

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 4359 ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9407 RONALD J. COX, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12723 PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571 Telephone: (702) 990-7272 Facsimile: (702) 990-7273 rpeel@peelbrimley.com ezimbelman@peelbrimley.com reox@peelbrimley.com Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc. FIFTH JUDICIAL DIS NYE COUNTY, TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Plaintiff, vs. BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation, Defendant. BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation, Counterclaimant/Lien Claimant, vs. TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; BOE BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X; and TOE TENANTS I through X, inclusive, Counterdefendant,	
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JOINT CASE CONFERENCE REPORT 1 I. 2 PROCEEDINGS PRIOR TO CASE CONFERENCE REPORT 3 DATE OF FILING OF COMPLAINT: 4 A. 5 Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC's Motion to Expunge Brahma June 1, 2018 Group, Inc.'s Mechanic's Lien (Case No. CV39348 -6 Denied per Order filed October 29, 2018, presently on appeal in Nevada Supreme Court Case No. 78092) 7 Brahma Group, Inc.'s Mechanic's Lien Foreclosure 8 September 21, 2018 Complaint (Case No. CV39348) 9 Brahma Group, Inc.'s (I) First Amended Counter-September 25, 2018 10 Complaint; and (II) Third-Party Complaint (Case No. CV39348) 11 3333 E. Serene Avenue, ste. 200 Henderson, nevada 89074 (702) 990-7272 + Fax (702) 990-7273 12 Brahma Group, Inc.'s Mechanic's Lien Foreclosure December 14, 2018 Complaint Against Surety Bond (Case No. CV39799) PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 13 Brahma Group, Inc.'s First Amended Complaint for (among January 11, 2019 14 other things) (I) Foreclosure of Notice of Lien Against Surety Bond; and (II) Breach of Settlement Agreement 15 (Case No. CV39799 - Dismissed by Stipulation and Order 16 filed April 17, 2019) 17 Brahma Group, Inc.'s (I) Second Amended Complaint; and April 22, 2019 (II) First Amended Third-Party Complaint (Consolidated 18 Action) 19 H&E Equipment Services, Inc.'s Complaint-in-Intervention May 14, 2019 20 (Consolidated Action) 21 DATE OF FILING OF ANSWER BY EACH DEFENDANT: 22 B. 23 Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc. and American Home May 16, 2019 Assurance Company's Answer to Brahma Group, Inc.'s 24 First Amended Third-Party Complaint (Consolidated Action) 25 26 Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc. and American Home June 7, 2019 Assurance Company's Answer to H&E Equipment 27 Services, Inc.'s Complaint-in-Intervention (Consolidated Action) 28

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Brahma Group, Inc.'s Answer to H&E Equipment Services, June 14, 2019 Inc.'s Complaint-in-Intervention (Consolidated Action)

DATE THAT EARLY CASE CONFERENCE WAS HELD AND WHO C. ATTENDED:

June 6, 2019

Eric B. Zimbelman, Esq. of PEEL BRIMLEY LLP on behalf of Brahma Group, Inc.

Jeremy R. Kilber, Esq. of WEIL & DRAGE on behalf of Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc. and American Home Assurance Company

Richard E. Haskin, Esq. of GIBBS GIDEN LOCHER TURNER SENET & WITTBRODT LLP on behalf of Plaintiff-in-Intervention H&E Equipment Services, Inc.

Attorneys WEINBERG WHEELER HUDGINS GUNN & DIAL did not appear on behalf of Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC, who takes the position that it is not obligated to participate in the Early Case Conference.

II.

A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE NATURE OF THE ACTION AND EACH CLAIM FOR RELIEF OR DEFENSE [16.1(c)(2)(A)]

Description of the action: A.

This consolidated action arises out of the work, materials and equipment Brahma provided to or for the benefit of the Crescent Dunes Solar Energy Facility in Tonopah, Nevada (the "Work of Improvement" or "Project") pursuant to the Services Agreement entered between Brahma and Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC ("TSE"). Brahma asserts claims against TSE (including but not limited to breach of contract and violations of NRS Chapter 624) and against Cobra (as principal), AHAC (as surety) and the Surety Bond issued and recorded on September 6, 2018 in Nye County, Nevada by Cobra and AHAC (Document No. 898975) and the Surety Rider issued and recorded on October 9, 2018 in Nye County Nevada by Cobra and AHAC (Document No. 900303). By Order filed February 19, 2019, this Court consolidated Case No. CV 39348 and Case No. CV 39799.

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COBRA

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273

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Forty-Ninth Affirmative Defense:

alleged rights, claims, and obligations, and each and every one of BRAHMA's causes of action against COBRA, must be, and are, stayed as a result of that certain Order of the Fifth Judicial District Court, Nye County, Nevada, Case No. CV 39348, dated January 24, 2019, pursuant to which the Court ordered the causes of action asserted by BRAHMA against TSE for (i) Breach of Contract; (ii) Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing; and (iii) Violations of NRS 624-which causes of action form the basis of BRAHMA's causes of action against COBRA-are stayed until such time as the federal court rules on TSE's pending BRAHMA's and motions filed in the federal action. The Federal Court has not yet ruled on those pending motions. Accordingly, no further action may be taken at this time as to BRAHMA's causes of action against COBRA.

Each and every one of BRAHMA's

Fiftieth Affirmative Defense:

Each and every one of BRAHMA's alleged rights, claims, and obligations, and each and every one of BRAHMA's causes of action against COBRA, must be, and are, stayed as a result of that certain Order of the Supreme Court of Docket Number Nevada, Directing Answer to the Petition for Writ of Prohibition, or, Alternatively, Mandamus, filed by TSE on or about March 5, 2019, and arising out of the Nye County Court's denial of TSE's Motion to Dismiss, Strike, or Stay BRAHMA's First Amended Counter-Complaint. Accordingly, no further action may be taken at this time as to BRAHMA's causes of action against COBRA.

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		2.	Cobra's and AHAC's view	All issues
a for a second s		3.	H&E's view	All issues
	D.	A state [16.1(c)	ement identifying any issues about pres (2)(J)]:	serving discoverable information
		1.	Brahma's view:	No issues
		2.	Cobra's and AHAC's view	No issues
		3.	H&E's view	No issues
	E.	Should issues?	discovery be conducted in phases or lim	ited to or focused upon particular
		1.	Brahma's view:	No
		2.	Cobra's and AHAC's view	No
		3.	H&E's view	No
	F.		nanges, if any, should be made in limitat les and what, if any, other limitations sho	
		1.	Brahma's view:	None
		2.	Cobra's and AHAC's view	None
		3.	H&E's view	None
	G.	informat	ment identifying any issues about traction, and whether the parties have agreed a Rule 26(c) motion for protective order	d upon a confidentiality order or
		1.	Brahma's view:	Willing to consider protective order as necessary
		2.	Cobra's and AHAC's view	Willing to consider protective order as necessary
		3.	H&E's view	Willing to consider protective order as necessary
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B.		In the event the parties do not agree on dates, the following section must be completed:				
	1.	Plaintiff's suggested close of discovery:	N/A			
	•	Tumina o ouggeotte care an accessor,	enter calendar date			
		Defendant's suggested close of discovery:	N/Aenter calendar date			
	2.	Final date to file motions to amend pleadings further court order):	or add parties (without a			
		Plaintiff's suggested:	N/A			
			Enter calendar date (Not later than 90 days before discovery cut-off date)			
		Defendant's suggested:	N/A			
			Enter calendar date (Not later than 90 days before discovery cut-off date)			
	3.	Final dates for expert disclosures:				
		i. Plaintiff's suggested initial disclosure	N/A Enter calendar date (Not later than 90 days before discovery cut-off date)			
		Defendant's suggested initial disclosure:	N/A Enter calendar date (Not later than 90 days before discovery cut-off date)			
		ii. Plaintiff's suggested rebuttal	N/A			
		disclosures:	Enter calendar date (Not later than 30 days after initial disclosure of experts)			
		Defendant's suggested rebuttal disclosures:	N/A Enter calendar date (Not later than 30 days after initial disclosure of experts)			
	4.	Final date to file dispositive motions:				
		Plaintiff's suggested	N/A Enter calendar date (Not later than 30 days after discovery cut-off date)			
		Defendant's suggested:	N/A Enter calendar date (Not later than 30 days after discovery cut-off date)			

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 ♦ FAX (702) 990-7273 Failure to agree on the calendar dates in this subdivision shall result in a discovery planning conference.

VIII.

JURY DEMAND [16.1(c)(2)(Q)]

A jury demand has been filed: No (Yes/No)

IX

INITIAL DISCLOSURES/OBJECTIONS [16.1(a)(1)]

If a party objects during the Early Case Conference that initial disclosures are not appropriate in the circumstances of this case, those objections must be stated herein. The Court shall determine what disclosures, if any, are to be made and shall set the time for such disclosure.

This report is signed in accordance with Rule 26(g)(1) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure. Each signature constitutes a certification that to the best of the signer's knowledge, information and belief, formed after a reasonable inquiry, the disclosures made by the signer are complete and correct as of this time.

/// ///

/// ///

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E, SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273

AFFIRMATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239B.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the proceeding document does not contain the social security number of any persons.

Dated this 25 day of June, 2019.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP

Richard L. Peel, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 4359
Eric B. Zimbelman, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 9407
Ronal J. Cox, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 12723
3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200
Henderson, NV 89074-6571
Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc.

WEIL & DRAGE

Geoffrey Crisp, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 2104
Jeremy R. Kilber, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 10643
2500 Anthem Village Drive
Henderson, NV 89052
Attorneys for Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc.
and American Home Assurance Company

GIBBS GIDEN LOCHER TURNER SENET & WITTBRODT LLP

Richard E. Haskin, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 11592
Daniel Hansen, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 13886
1140 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 300
Las Vegas, NV 89144-0596
Attorneys for Plaintiff-in-Intervention
H&E Equipment Services, Inc.

Exhibit 14

	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 4359 ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9407 PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571 Telephone: (702) 990-7272 Facsimile: (702) 990-7273 rpeel@peelbrimley.com ezimbelman@peelbrimley.com Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc.				
	8	FIFTH JUDICIAL DI	FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT			
	9	NYE COUNTY, NEVADA				
	10 11	TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,	CASE NO.: CV 39348 Consolidated with: Case No. CV39799			
re. 20 074 90-72	12	Plaintiff,	DEPT. NO. : 2			
/ LLP IUE, S DA 89 702) 9	13	vs.	HEARING REQUESTED			
XIMLEY LLP : AVENUE, STE. 200 , NEVADA 89074 FAX (702) 990-7273	14	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,				
PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. HENDERSON, NEVADA 8907 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990	15	Defendant.				
PE S.E. SI ENDE 990-7	16	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,				
3333 E. HEN (702) 99(17	Lien/Bond Claimant,				
	18	vs.				
	19					
	20	TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; BOE BONDING				
	21	COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X; and TOE				
	22	TENANTS I through X, inclusive,				
	23	Counter-Defendants,				
	24	111				
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BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,

Lien/Bond Claimant and Third-Party Plaintiff,

vs.

COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., a Nevada corporation; AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY, a surety; BOE BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,

Third-Party Defendants.

BRAHMA GROUP, INC.'S MOTION TO COMPEL DEPOSITION OF PERSON MOST KNOWLEDGEABLE OF COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.;

AND

APPLICATION FOR ORDER SHORTENING TIME

Plaintiff, BRAHMA GROUP, INC. ("Brahma"), by and through its attorneys of record, the law firm of PEEL BRIMLEY LLP, hereby moves the Court for an Order requiring Third-Party Defendant Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc. ("Cobra") to present its Person Most Knowledgeable ("PMK") for deposition and applies for an Order Shortening Time to hear the Motion.

This Motion is made and based upon the papers and documents on file in this matter and the accompanying points and authorities and exhibits and the arguments of counsel on the hearing of this Motion.

Respectfully submitted this 22nd of October 2019.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP

RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ. (4359) ERIC ZIMBELMAN, ESQ. (9863) 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571 Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc. PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 ◆ FAX (702) 990-7273

ORDER SHORTENING TIME

GOOD CAUSE APPEARING THEREF	ORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDE	RED, that the tim
for the hearing on BRAHMA GROUP, INC.'S	MOTION TO COMPEL I	DEPOSITION OF
PERSON MOST KNOWLEDGEABLE OF C	COBRA THERMOSOLAR I	PLANTS, INC. be
shortened to the day of	, 2019, at the hour of	a.m./p.m. or a
soon thereafter as it may be heard.		
DATED this day of October 2019.		
	DISTRICT COURT J	UDGE

DECLARATION OF ERIC ZIMBELMAN, ESQ., IN SUPPORT OF BRAHMA'S APPLICATION FOR AN ORDER SHORTENING TIME

STATE OF NEVADA)) ss. COUNTY OF CLARK)

Eric Zimbelman, Esq., being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

- 1. I am an attorney for Brahma, licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada, and a Partner with the law firm of PEEL BRIMLEY LLP ("PEEL BRIMLEY"). I have personal knowledge of the information contained in this Declaration and could qualify as a competent witness if called upon to testify in connection with this matter.
- 2. This Declaration is made in support of Brahma's Application for Order Shortening Time to hear Brahma's Motion to Compel Cobra's PMK Deposition. Shortened time to hear the Motion is respectfully requested for the following reasons:
- 3. Brahma first requested the PMK deposition of Cobra on August 5, 2019 (with a proposed date of August 23, 2019) by way of an email from me to Cobra's lead counsel, Geoffrey Crisp. After discussions, Mr. Crisp requested a different date and advised me that he would get back to me with available dates.

¹ See Exhibit 1.

- 5. On September 9, 2019, as Mr. Crisp confirmed in an email,³ Mr. Crisp requested (and I granted) an extension of time for Cobra to respond to Brahma's requests for production. In addition, Mr. Crisp confirmed that we discussed deposition dates of October 1-3, 2019 and that he had "reached out to my client and will advise you as soon as I hear back regarding available dates."
- 6. On October 3, 2019, Mr. Crisp called and emailed me requesting additional time to respond to the discovery requests and advising me that he was "still working on dates for deposition."⁵
- 7. On October 7, 2019, having still not received available dates for deposition from Cobra, I wrote to Mr. Crisp that unless I received a date for deposition to be held within the following week (October 14-18, 2019) I would have no choice but to notice the deposition at my convenience.⁶
- 8. When no deposition date was forthcoming, we issued a formal Notice of PMK Deposition (in the same form as provided to Mr. Crisp by courtesy email on August 5, 2019).⁷
- 9. On October 9, 2019, having received Cobra's written responses and objections to Brahma's requests for production (but no documents), I wrote to Mr. Crisp requesting a meet and confer conference pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 37 and reminded him that "we have the PMK deposition of Cobra scheduled for Wednesday October 16, 2019, which makes production of documents pursuant to the Requests especially urgent."

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See Exhibit 2.

³ See **Exhibit 3**. ⁴ See *Id*.

⁵ See <u>Exhibit 4</u>. ⁶ See *Id*.

⁷ See <u>Exhibit 5</u>. ⁸ See Exhibit 6.

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10. The following day, and despite the many weeks of communications and efforts to schedule the deposition that preceded it, Cobra issued a written Objection to the Notice of Deposition, claiming that the deposition notice was untimely because it was not given at least 14 days in advance and advising Brahma that Cobra "will not be producing a witness on October 16, 2019.9

- 11. After a series of voice mails and emails, Mr. Crisp and I held a Rule 37 meet and confer on Monday October 14, 2019, during which Mr. Crisp advised me that he was still attempting to obtain documents for production and was trying to secure other available dates for deposition.10
- 12. On October 15, 2019, Mr. Crisp advised me that Cobra would begin making a rolling production of documents that day and I advised Mr. Crisp that I would reserve the right to file a motion to compel regarding the documents once I had an opportunity to evaluate the quality, quantity and timing of the documents. 11 However, and because Mr. Crisp was still unable to provide me with dates for deposition, I advised him that unless we received and confirmed a date for the PMK deposition by the end of the day Wednesday, October 10, 2019, our client had directed us to file a motion to compel.
- Cobra did not provide any dates for deposition by the stated deadline and instead 13. filed a Motion to Stay seeking a stay of all proceedings against Cobra, its surety, American Home Assurance Company ("AHAC"), and the bond issued by them. ¹² Brahma intends to vigorously oppose Cobra's motion, but (as of this writing) no date has been established for hearing on Cobra's motion.
- 14. Based on these facts, it is clear to Brahma that Cobra never had any intention of presenting a witness for deposition and was stalling to give itself more time to prepare and submit its Motion to Stay. As such, and because Brahma has been seeking a deposition for nearly 10 weeks, Brahma respectfully requests a hearing on the present Motion to Compel that is no later than whatever date this Court sets for hearing on Cobra's Motion to Stay.

⁹ See <u>Exhibit 7</u>. ¹⁰ See <u>Exhibit 8</u>. ¹¹ See <u>Exhibit 9</u>.

See Exhibit $\overline{10}$

15. I hereby certify, pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 37(a) and (d), that on behalf of Brahma (and as described hereinabove) I have in good faith conferred or attempted to confer with Cobra's counsel in an effort to obtain the deposition without court action.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

DATED this Zi day of October 2019.

Éric Zimbelman, Esq.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. STATEMENT OF PERTINENT FACTS.

As the Court is by now aware, Brahma commenced this action more than a year ago seeking to recover payment for the labor, materials and equipment (the "Work") Brahma performed at the direction of TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC ("TSE") at the Crescent Dunes Solar Energy Project ("Project"), including its claim of lien in the amount of \$12,859,577.74. The procedural history of this case is lengthy, complex and well known to this Court. As such, Brahma will dispense with a detailed recitation of the same.

It is nonetheless important to note that Cobra and AHAC, for their own reasons and purposes, posted a Surety Bond as amended by Rider (collectively the "Surety Bond")¹³ pursuant to NRS 108.2413 to release Brahma's lien from the Work of Improvement and attach the same to the Surety Bond.¹⁴ By way of consolidation and amendments, Brahma's current consolidated pleading (filed on April 22, 2019) ¹⁵ asserts (among others) a Third-Party Claim against Cobra, AHAC and the Surety Bond pursuant to NRS 108.2421 seeking recovery against these parties and the Surety Bond for the lienable amount due and owing to Brahma.¹⁶

¹³ See Exhibit 11.

¹⁴ NRS 108.2413(6)(a) provides that (upon proper execution and recording) the Surety Bond "releases the property described in the surety bond from the lien and the surety bond shall be deemed to replace the property as security for the lien."

¹⁵ See Exhibit 12.

¹⁶ NRS 108.2421(1) provides that a "lien claimant is entitled to bring an action against the principal and surety on the surety bond and the lien claimant's debtor in any court of competent jurisdiction that is located within the county where the property upon which the work of improvement is located."

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As more fully described in the foregoing Declaration of Eric Zimbelman (in support of Brahma's Application for Order Shortening Time), Brahma has requested from Cobra and formally noticed a deposition of Cobra's PMK. Cobra has intermittently delayed, stalled and refused to present a witness for deposition and has instead used the time and extensions generously granted by Brahma to prepare and file a Motion to Stay. As discussed more fully below, the Court should not countenance these tactics and, pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 37(d), should require Cobra to present its PMK witness for deposition within seven days of entry of the Court's Order. Moreover, pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 37(d)(1)(A), the Court should award sanctions against Cobra in the form of an award of Cobra's reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with the present Motion.

II. ARGUMENT AND AUTHORITY.

A. This Motion is Authorized by Nev. R. Civ. P. 37(a) and (d).

Nev. R. Civ. P. 37(a) permits a party to move for an order compelling disclosure or discovery. Brahma has duly noticed the deposition of Cobra's PMK¹⁷ and, after delays, unfulfilled assurances and stalling, Cobra objected to and failed to present a witness for deposition.

Brahma will, in opposition to Cobra's Motion to Stay, more fully address and refute Cobra's position that the stay against TSE somehow entitles it to a similar stay. Specifically, but without limitation, Brahma has the right to and is pursuing its independent statutory cause of action against Cobra, AHAC and the Surety Bond irrespective of the stay issued to TSE.

As relates to the present Motion to Compel, unless and until Cobra receives a stay from this Court, it is nonetheless obligated to comply with the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, including timely and appropriately responding to a duly notice deposition. Cobra can and should present a witness for deposition — it simply chooses not to and offers delay, obfuscation and pretextual legal arguments.

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¹⁷ See Exhibit 5, supra.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273

B. Cobra's Objection is Pretextual.

As discussed above, and despite purporting to cooperate in scheduling a witness for deposition, Cobra issued a belated objection to Brahma' Notice of Deposition. ¹⁸ Specifically, Cobra's objection asserts that the Notice is untimely because it fails to give notice 14 days in advance of the deposition. While the formal Notice of Deposition was served less than 14 days in advance of the date scheduled for deposition, the Notice was first provided to Cobra' counsel (as a professional courtesy) more than two months earlier. During that time Cobra failed to respond to repeated requests for available dates and repeatedly made, and failed to honor, assurances that available dates would be forthcoming.

Simply stated, Cobra's Objection is pretextual and made in bad faith. Cobra has had many weeks to offer dates, repeatedly abused Brahma's patience with failed promises, and took advantage of Brahma's good faith by rushing to file its Motion for Stay (which it could have filed many months ago¹⁹). Further, Cobra is using its Motion for Stay as a basis for not submitting to deposition, which basis has no merit. As Brahma does not know how long it will be before this Court hears and considers Cobra's Motion to Stay, Brahma respectfully asks this Court to hear and rule on the present Motion to Compel at the earliest possible time so as to deprive Cobra of this unlawful arrogation of a non-existent right to obstruct Brahma's legitimate discovery efforts.

C. The Court should Order Sanctions against Cobra.

Nev. R. Civ. P. 37(d)(1)(A) permits the Court to order sanctions if a party or a party's officer, director, or managing agent — or a person designated under Rule 30(b)(6) or 31(a)(4) — fails, after being served with proper notice, to appear for that person's deposition." As demonstrated above, Cobra has subjected itself to sanctions. At a minimum, Brahma respectfully requests that the Court Order Cobra to pay Brahma's reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with bringing the present Motion and grant Brahma leave to present a cost bill and supporting declaration of fees incurred.

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¹⁸ See Exhibit 7.

¹⁹ Cobra bases its Motion to Stay on the stay this Court issued to TSE, which was orally granted in December 2018 and issued in January 2019. See Exhibit 13.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 ♦ FAX (702) 990-7273

CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, the Court should (1) grant Brahma's Motion, (2) compel Cobra to present its PMK for deposition within 7 days of the Court's Order, and (3) sanction Cobra as requested herein.

Respectfully submitted this 22nd day of October, 2019.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP

RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 4359
ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 9407
3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200
Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571
Telephone: (702) 990-7272
rpeel@peelbrimley.com
ezimbelman@peelbrimley.com

Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc.

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

	Pursua	ant to Nev.	R. Civ.	P. 5(b), I ce	rtify that I ar	n an emplo	yee of PEEL	BRIMLE	YLLP
and	that on th	is <u>W</u> day	of Oc	tober, 2019,	I caused the	above and	l foregoing d	ocument e	entitled
BR	AHMA G	ROUP, IN	C.'S M	OTION T	о сомреі	L DEPOSI	TION OF P	ERSON 1	MOST
KN	OWLED	GEABLE	OF	COBRA	THERMO	SOLAR	PLANTS,	INC.;	AND
API	PLICATI	ON FOR C	RDEF	SHORTE	NING TIMI	E to be serv	ed as follows	s:	
							nited States N n Las Vegas,		
		Wiznet, th	e Court	t's electronic	c filing system	n;			
		pursuant to	EDCF	R 7.26, to be	sent via fac	simile;			
		to be hand-	-delive	ed; and/or					
		other – elec	ctronic	mail					
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	Colby L. WEINBI GUNN & 6385 S. I Las Vega Iroberts@cbalkenb	& DIAL, LL Rainbow Bl as, NV 8911 Jwwhgd.co ush@wwhg	h, Ésq. ELER, C vd., Su 8 <u>m</u> gd.com	HUDGINS ite 400 or Energy, L.	LC	WEIL & 2500 Ant. Henderso gcrisp@m Attorneys Plants, In	Crisp, Esq. DRAGE hem Village In, NV 89052 veildrage.com for Cobra The c. and Americal Company	<u>ı</u> hermosola	

Richard E. Haskin, Esq.
Daniel M. Hansen, Esq.
GIBBS GIDEN LOCHER TURNER
SENET & WITTBRODT LLP
1140 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 300
Las Vegas, NV 89144
rhaskin@gibbsgiden.com
Attorneys for H&E Equipment Services, Inc.

An Employee of Peel Brigatey LLR

EXHIBIT 27



1 GEOFFREY CRISP, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 2104 2 JEREMY R. KILBER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10643 3 FILED WEIL & DRAGE, APC FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT 4 861 Coronado Center Drive, Suite 231 Henderson, NV 89052 NOV - 8 2019 5 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909 6 Nye County Clerk gcrisp@weildrage.com jkilber@weildrage.com Deputy 7 Attorneys for Proposed Defendants-Intervenors. 8 COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., and AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY 9 IN THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 10 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE 11 BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada Case No.: CV39348 12 Corporation, Consolidated With 13 Case No.: CV39799 Plaintiff, Dept. No.: 14 COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, vs. 15 INC.'S AND AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY'S REPLY IN 16 TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a FURTHER SUPPORT OF MOTION TO Delaware Limited Liability Company; DOES I STAY **17** through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, 18 19 Defendants. 20 TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC a Delaware limited liability company; DOES I 21 through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, 22 23 Counter-claimants, 24 vs. 25 BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada 26 corporation, 27 Counter-defendant. 28

WEIL & DRAGE TORNEY STEEL AW 00F SSION ALCORPORATION Coronado Center Dr. #231 Henderson NV 8/0652 Phone (702) 314-1905 Fax (702) 314-1909 www.weildrage.com

Page 1 of 14

1	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada
2	corporation,
3	Lien/Bond Claimant and
4	Third-Party Plaintiff,
5	vs.
6	COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., a
7	Nevada corporation; AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY, a surety; BOE
	BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES
8	I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,
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Page 2 of 14

REPLY MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
ADROFESSION OF CORPUTE DE #23
HEnderson NV 89082
Phone (702) 314-1905
Fax (702) 314-1909

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Brahma Group, Inc.'s ("Brahma") claims against Third-Party Defendants Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc. ("Cobra") and American Home Assurance Company ("AHAC") concern the Surety Bond that Cobra and AHAC posted to guarantee the liabilities, if any, that Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC ("TSE") may have to Brahma for Work performed at the Crescent Dunes Solar Energy Facility (the "Plant"). There are no substantive claims against Cobra or AHAC in this action – Brahma will have to prove its case against TSE before it may foreclose against the Surety Bond. Brahma's claims against TSE are proceeding in federal court (the "Federal Action") because the federal prohibited Brahma from litigating them here. Cobra has moved to intervene in the Federal Action—a motion that TSE has joined. (See Exhibit A (Federal Action, Dkt. No. 59).)

Cobra and AHAC's Motion sensibly seeks a stay of this case pending the outcome of the Federal Action. Cobra and AHAC's defenses to Brahma's claims on the Surety Bond mirror TSE's defenses in the Federal Action. The requested stay will, therefore, simplify discovery for all parties and conserve judicial resources that would otherwise be wasted through duplicative litigation.

Indeed, if the Court allows Brahma's claims against Cobra and AHAC to go ahead in isolation, while the federal court addresses Brahma's primary claims against TSE, there would be a significant risk of conflicting decisions and unjust results. In a different procedural posture, Brahma conceded exactly this, warning of the "chaos" that would erupt if all the parties—Brahma, TSE, and Cobra—were not in front of the same court:

The Brahma Lien (recorded against the Work of Improvement and now secured by the Brahma Surety Bond) creates a property interest which cannot be adjudicated by two different courts. Inconsistent adjudication regarding Brahma's lien rights (or claim against the Brahma Surety Bond) would lead to chaos if one court determines that TSE owes Brahma one amount and a different court determines

Brahma Group, Inc. v. Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC et al., No. 2:18-cv-01747-RFB-EJY, (D. Nev. Sep. 17, 2018), hereinafter referred to and cited as the "Federal Action." Capitalized terms in this Reply have the same meaning set forth in Cobra and AHAC's October 15, 2019 Motion.

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VEIL & DRAGE
VT10KSFS ALL AW
MPONTSMAL CHRUNKTION
801 CONORADO CENTED Dr 8231
Benderson, NV 89052
Phone (702) 314-1905
Fav (702) 314-1909
www.weildrage.com

that TSE owes Brahma a different amount. To resolve those two inconsistent judgments, it would require further litigation.

(Exhibit C (Federal Action, Dkt. No. 13, at 14).)

Brahma's Opposition to Cobra and AHAC's Motion does not meaningfully dispute these essential facts. Rather, Brahma now complains of purported delay and asserts its "statutory right" to proceed on its Surety Bond claims in this venue. Among other things, Brahma is ignoring that its own forum shopping is directly responsible for the present posture of the case and its complicated procedural history. To the extent there has been any delay, Brahma can only blame itself. Moreover, Nevada's lien law does not grant Brahma any right to a windfall claim for the full amount the Surety Bond before it succeeds on its claims against TSE in the Federal Action. While Brahma's Opposition argues that its claim against the Surety Bond is "a separate and distinct cause of action with separate and distinct elements of proof," (Opp. Br. 10), it told the court in the Federal Action the opposite:

[W]e're going to make the same arguments there that we make here. And [Cobra] may make some of the same arguments that TSE is going to make here in defense of our lien claim. But, you know, fundamentally the causes -- the claims, the dispute, is the same. The facts are the same. And some facts maybe would not be elucidated over there that might be here and vice versa, but by in large the facts are going to be the same.

(Exhibit B (Federal Action, June 25, 2019 Tr., at 22:20-23:2).)

The Court should, therefore, enter a stay to allow for the resolution of Federal Action that will determine the amount—in anything—that Brahma is owed for its Work.

II.

ARGUMENT

A. BRAHMA'S FORUM SHOPPING CAUSED DELAY AND NECESSITATED THIS MOTION

Brahma argues that Cobra and AHAC "chose this forum" and inaccurately complains that

the "primary strategy [of the instant Motion] is delay." (Opp. Br. 7.)¹ The Opposition's characterization of the procedural history in this case ignores that it is Brahma's own forum shopping that caused delay and required Cobra and AHAC's request for a stay at this time.

Brahma tried, but failed, to keep its claims against TSE in state court. Under its Agreement with TSE, Brahma first filed suit in Clark County, Nevada. After TSE removed the Clark County Action to the United States District Court for the District of Nevada, Brahma amended its complaint to remove all causes of action against TSE except for unjust enrichment. Brahma then filed a first amended counter-complaint and third-party complaint in this Court, asserting the same claims against TSE that it had just dropped in the Federal Action, as well as its claim on the Surety Bond against Cobra and AHAC. Brahma then moved to stay the Federal Action, and defended against TSE's motion in the Federal Action to enjoin Brahma from proceeding with its claims against TSE in this Court.

On September 25, 2019, the court in the Federal Action denied TSE's motion to stay and enjoined Brahma from litigating its contract claims in this Court. The federal court's decision was a direct response to Brahma's gamesmanship:

The Court finds that there is considerable evidence of forum shopping on the part of Brahma here. Brahma filed its complaint asserting its contact claims against TSE in Clark County Court. It was only after receiving a favorable ruling on its motion to expunge in Nye County that Brahma then sought to amend its complaint in this case and reassert those same claims before Judge Elliot in Nye County.

(Exhibit D (Federal Action, Dkt. 55, at 8).) Still further, the court in the Federal Action found that Brahma "fraudulently filed [in this Court] in an attempt to subvert the removal of a prior case." (*Id.*, at 8-9.)

Cobra and AHAC did not waste any time in bringing their motion to stay, which was filed on October 15, 2019. (Cobra and AHAC filed their motion to intervene in the Federal Action on

¹ Brahma's allegation that Cobra "chose this forum" and "voluntarily chose to post the Surety Bond" (Mot. 1) is not accurate. Under a separate contract between TSE and Cobra, Cobra was required to "bond over" or otherwise obtain a discharge of the liens. While this was done under protest and with full reservation of rights, including all rights to recover the financial costs related to the Bond, this dispute between TSE and Cobra is not before this court.

Page 5 of 14

October 18, 2019.) These motions were made necessary by Brahma's efforts to subvert the federal court's jurisdiction, which only ended with the September 25, 2019 order in the Federal Action. As a result of the September 25, 2019 order, Brahma is now enjoined from litigating its contract claims against TSE in this Court, and there is now a risk of inconsistent decisions on the same principal issue: the lienable amount, if anything, to which Brahma is entitled. Cobra and AHAC's rights were significantly prejudiced by this development. Cobra and AHAC did not file their Motion to Stay to delay this case. It was made necessary by the procedural mess Brahma created.

B. THE FEDERAL COURT HAS NOT "REJECTED" A STAY OF BRAHMA'S SURETY BOND CLAIMS

The September 25, 2019, order in the Federal Action did not, as Brahma claims, "expressly reject[]" the arguments in Cobra and AHAC's Motion to Stay concerning the avoidance of piecemeal litigation, potential duplication, and the possibility of inconsistent results. (See Opp. Br 8.) No order (by the federal court or this Court) forecloses a stay of this case or Cobra and AHAC's participation in the Federal Action.

Brahma requested that the court in the Federal Action abstain from the exercise of federal jurisdiction in favor of this proceeding by application of the *Colorado River* doctrine. "Abstention from the exercise of federal jurisdiction is the exception, not the rule" and is granted only under "exceptional circumstances." (Exhibit D (Federal Action, Dkt. No. 55, at 4) (quoting *Colo. River Water Conservation Dist. v. U.S.*, 424 U.S. 800, 813 (1976)).) The *Colorado River* doctrine is a multi-part test for determining whether a federal court should exercise jurisdiction, not whether it should enter a stay. It consists of eight factors relevant to "the appropriateness of a *Colorado River* stay," with "a strong presumption against federal abstention." (Exhibit D (Federal Action, Dkt. No. 55, at 4).) The "avoidance of piecemeal litigation" is just one of the eight factors considered under the *Colorado River* doctrine. Contrary to Brahma's characterization of that analysis, the court in the Federal Action suggested that it was capable of asserting jurisdiction over the Surety Bond claims proceeding in this Court:

Brahma argues that this factor favors abstention because the Nye County Court will necessarily need to determine issues pertinent to the contract claims, such as the agreed upon contract value of the

Page 6 of 14

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work. The Court is unconvinced by this argument. Multiple defendants, claims, and cross-claims are routine in diversity cases. . . . Brahma fails to identify any special or important rationale or legislative preference for having these issues be resolved in a single proceeding, and so the Court finds that this factor does not favor abstention.

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(Exhibit D (Federal Action, Dkt. No. 55, at 6) (emphasis added).) The federal court found that all the factors considered were "neutral or favor the district court's exercise of jurisdiction," and that "[i]n light of the strong presumption against abstention, [it would] not grant federal abstention pursuant to *Colorado River*." (*Id.* at 8.) Key to this determination was the "considerable evidence of forum shopping on the part of Brahma," which the federal court also found justified enjoining

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Brahma from litigating its claims against TSE in this Court. (Id. at 8-9.)

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very different. Sufficient duplication of effort and a risk of inconsistent decisions necessary to justify a stay here is uncomplicated by the other factors and considerations faced by the court in

This Court's framework for deciding Cobra and AHAC's Motion to Stay under Landis is

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the Federal Action. As discussed in Cobra and AHAC's moving brief, courts routinely grant a

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Landis stay where a related case has the potential to simplify issues, proof, and questions of law.

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(Mov. Br. 7.) Brahma has already conceded that the issues, proof, and questions of law in the two

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[T]he claims, the dispute, is the same. The facts are the same. And some facts maybe would not be elucidated over here that might be here and vice versa, but by in large the facts are going to be the

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(Exhibit B (Federal Action, June 25, 2019 Tr., at 22:23-23:2).)

same. The issues are going to be the same.

actions are inextricably connected:

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At oral argument, the federal court acknowledged that it did not have the authority to "force" this action into the Federal Action. (*Id.* at 30:1-16.) In response to Brahma's argument that

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there was a very real possibility that "one court is going to rule one way and the other court is

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going to possibly rule that way or possibly another way," the federal court responded that there

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was another option: "Or wait. One of us is going to have to wait." (Id. at 22:6-23:5.) Cobra and

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AHAC now have pending a motion to intervene in the Federal Action so that they may participate and protect their rights while the federal court resolves the dispute over what, if anything, Brahma

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Page 7 of 14

is owed for its Work at the Plant. In these circumstances, and against the backdrop of Brahma's gamesmanship, the Court should exercise its discretion to "wait" while the Federal Action decides the amount, if anything, Brahma is entitled to.

C. BRAHMA CANNOT COLLECT ON THE BOND WITHOUT RESOLUTION OF THE SAME ISSUES BEING CONSIDERED IN THE FEDERAL ACTION

The merits of Brahma's claim to compensation for Work performed at the Plant—and TSE's counterclaims, including fraud—will be resolved in the Federal Action. Brahma's "statutory right" to pursue its claim on the Surety Bond in this venue does not, as Brahma suggests, allow it to collect without resolution of the amount, if anything, to which it is entitled through litigation of TSE's defenses and counterclaims in the Federal action. A stay is proper, despite Brahma's protests about its right to proceed in this venue.

NRS § 108.2421 provides that Brahma, as a lien claimant for Work performed in this county, is "entitled to bring an action against the principal and surety on the surety bond <u>and</u> the lien claimant's debtor" in this Court. NRS § 108.2421 (emphasis added). At oral argument in the Federal Action, Brahma confirmed that the "lien claim's debtor in this case is TSE." (Exhibit B (Federal Action, June 25, 2019 Tr., at 19:18-19:19).) However, Brahma's claims against TSE are no longer before this Court because of Brahma's attempt to forum shop. Brahma acknowledged that because it agreed to subject itself to jurisdiction in Clark County and filed a separate action, this Court is not the exclusive venue to resolve the dispute:

THE COURT: . . . Does [NRS § 108.2421] say it can't be brought elsewhere? And can you point me to Nevada law that says that that means that it can only be brought there?

MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yes, a lien claim can only be brought in the county in which . . .

THE COURT: Right, except -- except you've agreed to subject yourself to Clark County and you filed a separate action.

MR. ZIMBELMAN: True.

(Exhibit B (Federal Action, June 25, 2019 Tr., at 19:21-20:4).) Cobra and AHAC are not challenging this Court's jurisdiction to hear Brahma's claim against the Surety Bond. Instead, a

Page 8 of 14

WEIL & DRAGE
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VIOUXELY AT I W
VIOUXELY COMPOSITION
R61 Commado Center Dr. #251
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 334-1905
Fav: (702) 334-1909
www.weiklung.com

WEIL & DRAGE VI FORNEYS ATTAW 1980H-SMON, CORPORTION 51 Coronado Center Dr. #231 Henderson, NV 89152 Phone. (702) 314-1905 Fax (702) 314-1909 stay is justified because the amount that Brahma is entitled to collect will now be litigated in the Federal Action because of Brahma's tactics.

Further, Brahma's proffered interpretation of NRS § 108.222 and NRS § 108.2421 improperly suggests that it may sue for the full amount of the Surety Bond, and seek a preferential trial on it, without reaching the merits of its claim to the money in the Federal Action. (See Opp. Br. 8-13.) This is not a case falling under NRS § 108.222(1)(a), where a contract provides for a "specific price," there is no dispute about performance, and the lien claimant is simply seeking the "balance of the price agreed upon for such work, material or equipment." See NRS § 108.222(1)(a). Amounts in excess of any price specifically agreed to in a contract or written change orders "fall[] outside [this subsection] of the mechanic's lien statute." See SMC Constr. Co. v. Rex Moore Grp., Inc., No. 317CV00470LRHVPC, 2017 WL 4227940, at *4 (D. Nev. Sept. 21, 2017). In such actions, the contractor's "speedy remedy to secure payment" is limited to the contract price. California Commercial v. Amedeo Vegas I, Inc., 119 Nev. 143, 146, 67 P.3d 328, 330–31 (2003) (citing NRS §§ 108.222, 108.235(1), 108.239(5)). The speed of such a proceeding is necessarily frustrated where the court is "required to hear evidence regarding the disputed costs of materials, labor, overhead and profit beyond the contract price." Id. at 331.

Because there is no set contract price for the Work performed, Brahma must seek recovery under NRS § 108.222(1)(b), which only permits Brahma to collect an "amount equal to the fair market value of such work, material or equipment . . . including a reasonable allowance for overhead and a profit." See NRS § 108.222(1)(b); Cal. Commercial, 67 P.3d at 331–32. The only way to determine the fair market value of Brahma's work on the project is through litigation of the dispute between Brahma and TSE, including TSE's claims that Brahma engaged in fraud.

The "fair market value" of Brahma's Work at the Plant is heavily disputed. Brahma tacitly acknowledges that it must "prove up its lienable amount," (Opp. Br. 10), but tellingly omits how it will be able to do so without resolution of TSE's counterclaims. TSE's counterclaims in the Federal Action allege several state law claims against Brahma: breach of contract, breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, declaratory relief, unjust enrichment, fraudulent/intentional misrepresentation, and negligence misrepresentation. (Exhibit E (Federal

Action, Dkt. No. 4).) In its fraud counterclaim, among other things, TSE alleges that Brahma submitted numerous invoices that contained fraudulent misrepresentations regarding the amount of money Brahma was due from TSE for the Work on Crescent Dunes. TSE alleged that it relied on Brahma's false representations and made payments to Brahma it would not have made otherwise. TSE also alleged that Brahma supplied false information and made false representations to TSE because Brahma had a pecuniary interest in inducing TSE to pay Brahma amounts to which Brahma was not entitled. TSE alleged that it relied on Brahma's false representations in making payments to Brahma and was, therefore, damaged by Brahma's negligent misrepresentations.

Brahma cannot now argue that its claim against the Surety Bond, which requires a determination of the "fair market value" of its Work, "is not derivative of or dependent upon" its dispute with TSE in the Federal Action. (Opp. Br. 10.) Brahma emphasizes in its Opposition that the case before this Court involves "a separate and distinct cause of action with separate and distinct elements of proof." (Opp. Br. 10.) But Brahma argued the opposite when it sought a stay of the Federal Action: "Brahma argues that . . . the Nye County Court will necessarily need to determine issues pertinent to the contract claims [against TSE], such as the agreed upon contract value of the work." (Exhibit D (Federal Action, Dkt. No. 55, at 6).) Indeed, Brahma argued that questions "[c]entral to the dispute" could not be decided by two different courts:

Central to the dispute between Brahma and TSE is the amount of Work Brahma performed on the Work of Improvement, the amount that TSE owes Brahma for that Work, and the lienable amount for such Work. To determine Brahma's lienable amount, the Nye County Court will necessarily need to determine (i) the agreed upon contract value of said Work (NRS 108.222(a)), or (ii) in cases where there may not have been an agreed upon price, the fair market value of said Work (NRS 108.222(b)). A mechanic's lien is a charge on real estate, created by law, in the nature of a mortgage, to secure the payment of money due for work done thereon, or materials furnished therefor. *Rosina v. Trowbridge*, 20 Nev. 105, 113, 17 P. 751 (Nev. 1888).

The Brahma Lien (recorded against the Work of Improvement and now secured by the Brahma Surety Bond) creates a property interest which cannot be adjudicated by two different courts. Inconsistent adjudication regarding Brahma's lien rights (or claim against the Brahma Surety Bond) would lead to chaos if one court determines that TSE owes Brahma one amount and a different court determines

Page 10 of 14

VEIL & DRAGE
VEORNEAN ALLAW
MPODESIONAL CORPORATION
R61 Ceronado Center Dr #231
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone 1/02/314-1909
www.weildrage.com

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WEIL & DRAGE VEIDEN FYS VEIDAM A DROFF SSION A CORPORATION 861 Coronado Center Dr. #231 Henderson NV 89052 Phone (702) 314-1905 Fax (702) 314-1909 www.weidrage.com that TSE owes Brahma a different amount. To resolve those two inconsistent judgments, it would require further litigation.

(Exhibit C (Federal Action, Dkt. No. 13, at 14).) The Surety Bond guarantees payment of whatever amount Brahma may prove it is owed by TSE, if anything, and nothing more. Nothing in the Nevada lien law expands Brahma's rights in this regard—Brahma is simply changing its arguments now to invite the duplicative litigation and inconsistent results it previously resisted.

The Court should therefore stay this case while the court in the Federal Action resolves the disputed issue of the fair market value of Brahma's Work, preferably with Cobra and AHAC as intervening parties.

D. THE BALANCE OF HARDSHIPS FAVORS A STAY

Cobra and AHAC's moving brief detailed the significant inequity and hardship they would face in the absence of a stay. (Mov. Br. 8-10.) Cobra faces a risk of duplicative discovery down the road, and both parties face a risk of inconsistent and conflicting rulings.

While Brahma may not care about imposing added cost on Cobra and AHAC, Brahma agrees that there is an "extraordinary chance" of inconsistent results presented by the now-competing Federal Action it initiated. When Brahma sought a stay of the Federal Action, it emphatically argued that the issues presented in this case "cannot" be determined by two different courts, and "[i]nconsistent adjudication regarding Brahma's lien rights (or claim against the Brahma Surety Bond) would lead to chaos if one court determines that TSE owes Brahma one amount and a different court determines that TSE owes Brahma a different amount." (Exhibit C (Federal Action, Dkt. No. 13, at 14) (emphasis added).) At oral argument, Brahma reiterated these arguments:

What we're asking you to do is to abstain under the *Colorado River* doctrine. We're asking you to say, "Yeah, I do have jurisdiction. I can proceed. I can deny your motion and proceed and let you bring your contract and N.R.S. 624 claims back here." And we'll proceed on that while whatever happens in Nye County happens in Nye County. We can do that.

But if we do that, we are going to have a very – an extraordinary chance to see inconsistent rulings, to have parallel and very non-efficient proceedings. It will be expensive. It will not honor judicial

Page 11 of 14

economy. And it, again, could result in inconsistent rulings because we're going to proceed in Nye County and we're going to pursue the surety bond. And we're going to pursue those claims and Cobra, not TSE, but Cobra is going to have to defend that along with their surety.

And we're going to make the same arguments there that we make here. And they may make some of the same arguments that TSE is going to make here in defense of our lien claim. But, you know, fundamentally the causes -- the claims, the dispute, is the same. The facts are the same. And some facts maybe would not be elucidated over here that might be here and vice versa, but by in large the facts are going to be the same. The issues are going to be the same.

And one court is going to rule one way and the other court is going to possibly rule that way or possibly another way.

(Exhibit B (Federal Action, June 25, 2019 Tr., at 22:6-23:5).)

Brahma's present arguments concerning the balance of hardships ignore, in stark contrast with Brahma's previous arguments, the realities of its claims and its ongoing dispute with TSE, and rely exclusively on policies the purportedly underlie Nevada's lien law. (Opp. Br. 11-12.) While the Nevada legislature may have enacted the lien law with the intention of protecting contractors with secured payment for their work and materials, it does not grant Brahma entitlement to a windfall while it defends claims of fraud relating to the Work covered by the Surety Bond. Brahma's threat to seek a preferential trial setting for this case signals that it hopes to advance this case before those issues are decided in the Federal Action.

Cobra and AHAC's request for a stay is not a "delaying tactic" designed to obstruct Brahma's pursuit of its statutory rights. Cobra and AHAC seek to prevent the hardship and inequity that will result if Brahma is permitted to push this case forward before resolution of its entitlement to collect for the Work in the Federal Action.

E. BRAHMA'S THREAT TO SEEK A PREFERENTIAL TRIAL SETTING SHOULD BE REJECTED

Brahma's Opposition concludes with a threat of more procedural gamesmanship: "Brahma's exercise of this important right [to seek a preferential trial setting under NRS § 108.2421(3)] may be its only shield against the delays, endless procedural motions and other

WEIL & DRAGE
ALLORNESS ALLAW
APROFESSION M. CORPORATION
ROL Coronado Center Dr. #231
Henderson NV 89052
Phone (702) 314-1905
Eav (702) 314-1909
www.wyddrage.com

Page 12 of 14

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WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNESS AT LAW
PROFESSION U. CORPORATION
10 Coronado Center Dr. #231
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone (702) 314-1905
Fax (702) 314-1909
www.weildrage.com

dilatory tactics employed against its efforts to collect" what it is owed for Work at the Plant. (Opp. Br. 12-13.) But, Brahma has not satisfied the preconditions that it must before it may seek a preferential trial setting. Indeed, NRS § 108.2421 provides that Brahma, as a lien claimant for Work performed in this county, is "entitled to bring an action against the principal and surety on the surety bond and the lien claimant's debtor" in this Court. NRS § 108.2421(1) (emphasis added). Brahma has confirmed that the "lien claim's debtor in this case is TSE." (Exhibit B (Federal Action, June 25, 2019 Tr., at 19:18-19:19).) Given that Brahma's claims against TSE are no longer before this Court, Brahma cannot meet the requirements of NRS § 108.2421, and thus should not be entitled to a preferential trial setting. See also Section C, supra.

Moreover, as set forth above, any delay in this case is due to Brahma's forum-shopping campaign. Cobra and AHAC's Motion to Stay is the necessary result of the procedural posture that Brahma created. Further, and more importantly, Brahma cannot rush this case to trial before resolution of the issues pending in the Federal Action.

III.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, and those discussed in their Moving Brief, Cobra and AHAC respectfully request that the Court grant their Motion and stay the claims against them and grant such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

The undersigned does hereby affirm, pursuant to NRS 239B.030, that this document does not contain personal information as defined in NRS 603A.040 about any person.

DATED this 7th day of November, 2019.

WEIL & DRAGE, APC

Nevada Bar No. 2104

JEREMY R. KILBER, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 10643

861 Coronado Center Drive, Suite 231

Henderson, NV 89052

Attorneys for COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC. and AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY

Page 13 of 14

1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 2 Pursuant to Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure 5(b), I hereby certify that on the 8th day of 3 November, 2019, service of the foregoing, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.'S AND 4 AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY'S REPLY IN FURTHER SUPPORT OF MOTION TO STAY, was made this date by mailing a true and correct copy of the same, via first-5 class mail, at Henderson, Nevada, addressed to the following: 6 7 D. Lee Roberts, Jr., Esq. Richard L. Peel, Esq. 8 Colby Balkenbush, Esq. Eric B. Zimbelman, Esq. WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS, GUNN Cary B. Domina, Esq. 9 & DIAL, LLC Ronald J. Cox, Esq. 6385 South Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 400 10 PEEL BRIMLEY, LLP Las Vegas, NV 89118 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 11 Attorneys for TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, Henderson, NV 89074-6571 LLC Attorneys for BRAHMA GROUP, INC. 12 13 Richard E. Haskin, Esq. 14 Daniel M. Hansen, Esq. GIBBS GIDEN LOCHER TURNER 15 SENET & WITTBRODT LLP 1140 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 300 16 Las Vegas, NV 89144-0596 17 Attorneys for Plaintiff-In-Intervention H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC. 18 19 Joanna Medina, an Employee of WEIL & DRAGE, APC 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

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WEIL & DRAGE

CONTROL OF ACTION AND ACTION AND ACTION AND ACTION ACCORDING TO #231 Henderson NV 89952
Phone (702) 314-1905
Fax (702) 314-1909
www.weildrage.com

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D. Las Dalasses, In. E
D. Lee Roberts, Jr., Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 8877
lroberts@wwhgd.com
Colby L. Balkenbush, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 13066
cbalkenbush@wwhgd.com
Ryan T. Gormley, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 13494
rgormley@wwhgd.com
WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS,
GUNN & DIAL, LLC
6385 South Rainbow Blvd., Suite 400
Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
Telephone: (702) 938-3838
Facsimile: (702) 938-3864
Attorneys for Defendant/Counterclaiman
Telephone: (702) 938-3838 Facsimile: (702) 938-3864 Attorneys for Defendant/Counterclaiman Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

DISTRICT OF NEVADA

14	Plaintiff,
15	vs.
16	TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a Delaware
17	limited liability company,
18	Defendant.
19	
20	TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; DOES I through X; and
21	ROE CORPOŘATIONŠ Í through X,
22	Counterclaimant,
23	vs.
24	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,
25	Counterdefendant.

BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation, | CASE NO. 2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF

TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC'S JOINDER, OR, ALTERNATIVELY, RESPONSE TO COBRA'S AND AHAC'S MOTION TO INTERVENE AS **DEFENDANTS**

Proposed Defendants-Intervenors Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc. ("Cobra") and American Home Assurance Company ("AHAC") filed a Motion to Intervene as Defendants on October 18, 2019 ("Motion"). See ECF No. 56. Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC ("TSE") joins the Motion, or, alternatively, responds to the Motion, as set forth in the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

The Motion contends that Cobra and AHAC should be permitted to intervene in this action as a matter of right under Fed. R. Civ. P. 24(a) or permissively under Fed. R. Civ. P. 24(b). See generally ECF No. 56. The Motion also contends that allowing Cobra and AHAC to intervene would not destroy diversity jurisdiction, as they are not indispensable parties under Fed. R. Civ. P. 19(b). See id. at pp. 9-11.

While TSE does not necessarily agree with all of the Motion's characterizations and arguments, it does not oppose Cobra's and AHAC's requests to intervene under either Rule 24(a) or (b), so long as their intervention does not destroy diversity jurisdiction, which it should not.

TSE agrees with Cobra's argument that its intervention does not destroy diversity jurisdiction because Cobra is not an indispensable party to this action. See ECF No. 56, pp. 9-10. Indeed, this is the result that TSE envisioned when it first filed its now granted Motion for an Injunction and to Strike.

In addition, it is all the more clear that Cobra's intervention does not destroy diversity jurisdiction because Cobra was not an indispensable party to this action when the complaint giving rise to this action was first filed. *See Mattel, Inc. v. Bryant*, 446 F.3d 1011, 1014 (9th Cir. 2006) (concluding that MGA's intervention as a non-diverse defendant under Rule 24 did not

See ECF No. 28 (Reply in Support of TSE's Motion for an Injunction and to Strike), p. 12 (noting that "Brahma's bond claim against Cobra and the surety could proceed in Nye County, but, more likely, that action would be stayed and Cobra and the surety could interplead as non-diverse defendants in this action, as interested parties. See Mattel, Inv. v. Bryant, 441 F. Supp. 2d 1081, 1095 (C.D. Cal. 2005) aff'd, 446 F.3d 1011 (9th Cir. 2006) (providing that intervention by a non-diverse non-indispensable party in an action removed on the basis of diversity does not destroy diversity and that a party can intervene as a defendant even if there is no claim against it); see also ECF No. 55 (Order granting TSE's Motion for an Injunction and to Strike).

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destroy diversity jurisdiction because MGA was not indispensable); Hill v. Blind Indus. & Servs. of Maryland, 179 F.3d 754, 757 (9th Cir. 1999), opinion amended on denial of reh'g on inapposite grounds, 201 F.3d 1186 (9th Cir. 1999) (providing that "diversity jurisdiction is determined at the time the action commences") (citing to Freeport-McMoRan Inc. v. K N energy, Inc., 498 U.S. 426, 428 (1991) (per curiam)); Salt Lake Tribune Pub. Co., LLC v. AT & T Corp., 320 F.3d 1081, 1096 (10th Cir. 2003) (concluding that the joinder of a non-diverse defendant did not destroy diversity jurisdiction because the party was not indispensable "at the time the original complaint was filed"); Am. Nat. Bank & Tr. Co. of Chicago v. Bailey, 750 F.2d 577, 582 (7th Cir. 1984) (providing that "the rule that there must be complete diversity to sustain diversity jurisdiction is not absolute. A pertinent exception is that if the nondiverse party comes into the case by intervening in it, his presence will not deprive the court of jurisdiction unless the intervenor was an indispensable party when the complaint was filed.") (citing Mollan v. Torrance, 22 U.S. (9 Wheat.) 537, 549 (1824); Smith v. Sperling, 354 U.S. 91, 93, n. 1 (1957)); Burka v. Aetna Life Ins. Co., 87 F.3d 478, 483 (D.C. Cir. 1996) ("The only potential caveat alluded to in Freeport-McMoRan is that a Rule 25(c) addition of a non-diverse party may destroy diversity jurisdiction (and hence, in a case removed from state court, require remand) if the added party was indispensable at the time the action began.") (emphasis in original).

The complaint giving rise to this action was first filed on July 17, 2018, when Brahma filed suit against TSE in state court. See ECF No. 55, p. 2 (citing ECF No. 1-1). Cobra first recorded the surety bond issued by AHAC, the basis upon which Cobra premises its intervention, on September 6, 2018.2 See ECF No. 16-11 (the surety bond recorded on September 6, 2018).

While unnecessary based on the current facts, there is also an argument to be made that Cobra did not actually have any interest in this action until a surety bond was issued that released Brahma's lien pursuant to NRS 108.2415, which was not until October 9, 2018. Under NRS 108.2413(1), "[t]o obtain the release of a lien for which notice of lien has been recorded against the property, the principal and a surety must execute a surety bond in an amount equal to 1.5 times the lienable amount in the notice of lien. . . . ". The surety bond that Cobra recorded on September 6, 2018 was for \$10,767,580. See ECF No. 16-11, p. 9. At the time, however, Brahma was on its Third Amended and/or Restated Notice of Lien, which was recorded on July 19, 2018 in the amount of \$11,902,474.75. See ECF No. 16-10. Cobra did not record a surety bond that was 1.5 times the lienable amount in Brahma's notice of lien, until it recorded a rider to its surety bond on October 9, 2018, thereby increasing its bond's amount to \$19,289,366.61 or 1.5 times the amount of Brahma's Fourth Amended Lien. See ECF No. 20-15.

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Prior to the recording of the surety bond, Cobra had no interest in what was otherwise a contractual dispute between Brahma and TSE-Brahma's claims against TSE were for breach of contract, breach of the implied covenant, unjust enrichment, and violation of NRS 624. See ECF No. 1-1. Thus, on July 17, 2018, the date the complaint giving rise to this action was first filed, Cobra was not an indispensable party to this action.

To the extent that this Court disagrees and finds that Cobra's intervention destroys diversity jurisdiction (which should not be found), TSE submits that Cobra and AHAC's Motion should be denied. See Medchoice Risk Retention Grp., Inc. v. Rand, 316CV00418MMDVPC, 2017 WL 1025173, at *2 (D. Nev. Mar. 16, 2017) (finding that permissive intervention should be denied because it "would unnecessarily encumber the litigation and impede judicial economy"); Pharm. Research & Manufacturers of Am. v. Sandoval, No. 217CV02315JCMCWH, 2017 WL 5158714, at *2 (D. Nev. Nov. 7, 2017).

DATED: November 1, 2019.

/s/ Ryan T. Gormley D. Lee Roberts, Jr., Esq. Colby L. Balkenbush, Esq. Ryan T. Gormley, Esq. WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS, GUNN & DIAL, LLC 6385 S. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 400 Las Vegas, NV 89118 Attorneys for Defendant/Counterclaimant Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 1st day of November, 2019, a true and correct copy of the
oregoing TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC'S JOINDER, OR, ALTERNATIVELY,
RESPONSE TO COBRA'S AND AHAC'S MOTION TO INTERVENE AS DEFENDANTS
vas served by e-service, in accordance with the Electronic Filing Procedures of the United States
District Court, to the following:
Richard L. Peel. Esq.
Eric B. Zimbelman, Esq.
Ronald J. Cox, Esq.
Peel Brimley, LLP
3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200
Henderson, Nevada 89074

ezimbelman@peelbrimley.com rcox@peelbrimley.com Attorneys for Plaintiff/Counterdefendant Brahma Group, Inc. Geoffrey Crisp, Esq.

rpeel@peelbrimley.com

Jeremy Kilber, Esq.
Weil & Drage, APC
2500 Anthem Village Drive
Henderson, Nevada 89052
gcrisp@weildrage.com
jkilber@weildrage.com
Attorneys for Proposed Defendants-Intervenors,
Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc., and
American Home Assurance Company

/s/ Cynthia S. Bowman

An employee of Weinberg, Wheeler, Hudgins Gunn & Dial, LLC

Page 5 of 5

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1
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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
 1
                       UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 2
                            DISTRICT OF NEVADA
 3
   BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a
 4
   Nevada corporation,
                                  ) Case No. 2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF
                                   )
 5
           Plaintiff,
                                  ) Las Vegas, Nevada
                                   ) Tuesday, June 25, 2019
 6
           vs.
                                   ) 2:42 p.m.
   TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC,
                                  ) MOTION HEARING
   a Delaware limited
 8
   liability company,
                                   )
 9
           Defendant.
10
   TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC,
11
   a Delaware limited
   liability company,
12
          Counter-claimant,
13
          vs.
14
   BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a
15 Nevada corporation,
16
          Counter-defendant.
17
18
                  REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
19
                 THE HONORABLE RICHARD F. BOULWARE, II,
                      UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
20
21
   APPEARANCES:
                       See next page
22
   COURT REPORTER:
                       Patricia L. Ganci, RMR, CRR
23
                       United States District Court
                       333 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Room 1334
24
                       Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
   Proceedings reported by machine shorthand, transcript produced
   by computer-aided transcription.
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PATRICIA L. GANCI, RMR, CRR (702) 385-0670

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
    APPEARANCES:
 1
 2
    For the Plaintiff:
           ERIC ZIMBELMAN, ESQ.
 3
           RICHARD LESLIE PEEL, ESQ.
           PEEL BRIMLEY, LLP
           3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200
 4
           Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571
 5
           (702) 990-7272
 6
    For the Defendant:
           D. LEE ROBERTS, JR., ESQ.
 7
           COLBY BALKENBUSH, ESQ.
           WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS, GUNN & DIAL, LLC
 8
           6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 400
           Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
 9
           (702) 938-3838
10
11
12
13
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3
                          -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
          LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; TUESDAY, JUNE 25, 2019; 2:42 P.M.
 1
 2
                                 --000--
 3
                         PROCEEDINGS
             COURTROOM ADMINISTRATOR: Now calling Brahma Group,
 4
   Incorporated versus Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC, Case Number
 5
   2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF. This is the time for the hearing
   regarding Docket 13, motion to stay case or in the alternative
   motion to amend complaint, and Docket 16, motion for permanent
 8
 9
   injunction.
            Starting with counsel for plaintiff, please note your
10
   appearance for the record.
11
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Eric
12
   Zimbelman on behalf of Brahma Group, Inc. With me is my
13
   partner, Richard Peel.
14
15
            MR. PEEL: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: And in the courtroom today is David
16
17
   Zimmerman, who is the vice president and general counsel of
18
   Brahma.
19
            THE COURT: Good afternoon.
            MR. ROBERTS: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Lee Roberts
20
   appearing for Tonopah Solar, and with me is Colby Balkenbush
21
   also of Weinberg Wheeler Hudgins, Gunn & Dial.
22
            THE COURT: Good afternoon. So we have a few issues to
23
   discuss here. Why don't we start with -- I'm sorry. Who's
24
```

PATRICIA L. GANCI, RMR, CRR (702) 385-0670

arguing this on behalf of Brahma?

25

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
 1
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: I will be, Your Honor.
 2
             THE COURT: And, I'm sorry, Mr.?
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Zimbelman.
 3
             (Court conferring with courtroom administrator.)
 4
 5
             THE COURT: Mr. Zimbelman, I have a basic question. If
   you're admitting that you made a mistake, why shouldn't I just
 7
   dismiss this case outright?
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: May I approach? Because I'm having a
 8
 9
   hard time hearing Your Honor.
10
            THE COURT: Sure.
11
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Please ask that again if you don't
   mind.
12
            THE COURT: Right. Why aren't you just withdrawing
13
   this federal case?
14
15
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Why are we not just withdrawing?
            THE COURT: Well, I mean, why didn't you dismiss the
16
17
   case? Or because the other thing is there are a couple of
   arguments here about where the case could be brought.
18
19
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Right.
            THE COURT: You admit that it was, according to you, a
20
21
   mistake to bring it in Clark County.
22
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: We do. And, well, let me -- let me
   preface that by saying that Mr. Roberts' clients don't agree
23
24
   with that position.
25
            THE COURT: Well, I'm not asking them. I'm asking you
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PATRICIA L. GANCI, RMR, CRR (702) 385-0670

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
    right now.
 2
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Well, their position is that the --
 3
             THE COURT: I'm not asking their position.
 4
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: I understand.
 5
             THE COURT: So I want you to answer --
 6
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: We felt -- we felt that the
   forum-selection clause, as it were, in paragraph 24 of the
   agreement is permissive. We believe that.
             We initially were under the mistaken impression that it
 9
   wasn't. And we actually approached Mr. Roberts and we said,
10
   "Look, this case has got to be tried together. Right. We have
11
   these land claims. We now have bond claims involving other
12
13
   parties who are nondiverse" --
14
            THE COURT: But that wouldn't necessarily defeat
   diversity jurisdiction later.
15
16
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Might not, but it might.
            THE COURT: So, I mean, right now the case that I have
17
18
   is an amended complaint --
19
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yes.
20
            THE COURT: -- with diverse parties. You don't dispute
21
   that?
22
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: No, not at all. In fact, I absolutely
   100 percent agree this court has jurisdiction over this
24
   action --
25
            THE COURT: Right.
```

PATRICIA L. GANCI, RMR, CRR (702) 385-0670

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6
                         -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
 1
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: -- as it stands right now.
 2
             THE COURT: Right.
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: We are not disputing that 100 percent.
 3
             THE COURT: Okay. So I'm trying to clarify that.
 4
 5
   Okay. But you're now asking me to stay this case.
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: That is correct.
 7
             THE COURT: Now, I want to make sure I'm understanding.
   There is not a current lien because there's a bond covering the
   alleged claimed work, disputed work, correct?
 9
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: I'm sorry, Your Honor. I ...
10
            THE COURT: There have been a series of liens that have
11
   been filed in this case. However, my understanding is that
12
   there is a surety bond that has been posted that has covered the
13
   liens and, therefore, there's no current lien against the
14
15
   property. Is that correct?
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: There is a -- there are two surety
16
17
   bonds. There is a surety bond that was posted to transfer the
   lien from the work of improvement, which includes real property,
18
   to the surety bond, and that is on behalf of Brahma, the Brahma
19
20
   lien as it were.
21
            THE COURT: Right. Is there any lien against the
22
   property now?
23
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Not by my client.
24
            THE COURT: By anyone?
25
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Well, I can't answer that question.
```

PATRICIA L. GANCI, RMR, CRR (702) 385-0670

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
 1
            THE COURT: But you would be informed about that.
 2
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: That I'm aware of, no.
 3
            THE COURT: I assume both parties are checking the
   record to make that determination. So as far as liens, let's
   start with the part -- on behalf of your client, there's no
   current lien against that property that had previously been
   liened. Is that correct?
 7
 8
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Correct, that I'm aware of that we have
 9
   been notified of in any way.
            THE COURT: Okay. All right. So there's no current
10
   motion as it relates to those liens as there had been previously
11
12
   for previous liens. Is that correct?
13
            So there's a motion to expunge the lien that was
   previously addressed by Judge Elliott.
15
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: That's true. That is now on appeal, by
16
   the way.
            THE COURT: Right, but there's -- but there are no,
17
18
   right, current liens and no current motion practice as it
19
   relates to existing liens in Nye County. Is that correct?
20
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: There are no motions pending that
21
   relate directly to a lien claim or an attempt to expunge or
   attempt to reduce or anything like that that is currently
   pending. That's true.
23
            THE COURT: Okay. So I'm just trying to clarify where
24
25
   we are now.
```

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8
                          -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
 1
             So ...
 2
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: We are pursuing those lien claims.
 3
             THE COURT: Well, I understand that.
 4
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yeah.
 5
             THE COURT: So, and I want to understand sort of the
   lay of the land. Is there any other State Court action that's
 7
   filed in this case?
 8
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: So one thing the court may not be aware
   of because it occurred subsequent to all of the briefing, we had
 9
10
   a motion that I believe they've provided you some documentation
   on, their motion to Judge Elliott in Nye County saying, hey, you
11
   know, these guys shouldn't have been able to file a complaint in
12
   the special proceeding, the motion to expunge that they
13
   commenced back in June, the very first -- well, that's not even
14
   the very first, but for our purposes the first action that was
15
   commenced in Nye County.
16
            And we filed a complaint after the judge had denied
17
   their motion to expunge and we said, "Well, great. We want to
18
   file our foreclosure complaint." We did that. We subsequently
19
   amended that maybe a week or so later. And they brought a
20
   motion to Judge Elliott and asked him to dismiss or strike that
21
   on the grounds that, their position which they've asserted here
22
   as well, that we didn't have a right to file a complaint in a
23
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special proceeding. Judge Elliott looked at Nevada law and he

said, "No, I don't agree with that. I think that's incorrect.

24

25

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
   I think you had a right to do that and you did that."
 1
 2
             Now, the other thing they said in their motion --
 3
             THE COURT: Well, hold on, but let me clarify this. I
   want to make sure I'm understanding. What current -- other than
   the appeal of Judge Elliott's decision on the motion to expunge,
 5
   what current state case involving these parties --
 7
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: I'm getting there --
 8
             (Court reporter interruption.)
 9
            THE COURT: What current state case exists in Nye
   County, if any, that involves the dispute between the parties
10
   regarding this issue?
11
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: So -- and I don't mean to be long
12
13
   winded. I just want to make sure you understand how this came
14
   about. There is a second --
            THE COURT: Well, no, but you have to stop -- you have
15
   to ask -- answer my direct question.
16
17
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: The answer is yes.
            THE COURT: Okay. So thank you. So what is that?
18
19
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yes, that case is a separate action
   that we filed. Again, it's actually this time against the bond
20
21
   because by that point in time the bond had been -- had been
   posted. And that action has been consolidated with --
22
23
            THE COURT: Hold on.
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: -- the action that came --
24
25
            THE COURT: Hold on. That is a case that you have
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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
 1
    filed?
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: That's correct.
 2
 3
             THE COURT: In Nye County?
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: That's correct.
 4
 5
             THE COURT: Against whom?
 6
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Against Cobra and American Home, its
 7
   surety, and we amended to include claims against TSE as well.
 8
             THE COURT: And that was filed when?
 9
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: I want to say October or November of
   2018.
10
            THE COURT: Before or after you filed the complaint in
11
12
   this case?
13
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: After.
14
            THE COURT: Okay.
15
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: And Judge Elliott --
16
            THE COURT: And when -- hold on a second.
17
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Sorry.
            THE COURT: Because I'm trying to get the timing. And
18
19
   was TSE part of that initial filing or did you amend to add
20
   claims against them?
21
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yeah, we amended to add claims.
22
            THE COURT: And when did you do that?
23
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Almost immediately thereafter. So,
   again, November/December I want to say.
25
            THE COURT: Okay. So November/December of 2018 is when
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11
                         -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
    you file or amend -- have amended claims against TSE with
 1
    respect to the bond -- surety bond?
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Well --
 3
             THE COURT: And the claims that are regarding the
 4
 5
   agreement you have regarding the work to be performed.
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Right. So TSE didn't post the surety
 7
   bond.
 8
            THE COURT: Cobra.
 9
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Somebody else did.
10
            THE COURT: Right.
11
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yeah.
            THE COURT: So -- but I -- okay. So, because I want to
12
   make sure that I'm aware of all of the different actions that
13
14
   are proceeding --
15
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: That's fair.
            THE COURT: -- to understand what would be the relief
16
   either side would obtain.
17
            So as I understand it, then, right now currently you
18
19
   have an appeal proceeding relating to Judge Elliott's Nye County
   -- Judge Elliott's from Nye County order regarding the motion to
20
   expunge. And there is also I understand -- I don't know if they
21
   issued an order as relates to the fees regarding the outcome of
22
   that, correct? That's one proceeding.
23
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: There is one other.
24
25
            THE COURT: Okay. Well, let me finish my list.
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12
                          -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
             In addition to that, you have a separate proceeding
 1
    brought in Nye County that initially related to the bond that
    has since added counterclaims for TSE, correct?
 3
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Correct.
 4
 5
             THE COURT: Are there any other State Court proceedings
    that are going forward?
 6
 7
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yes.
            THE COURT: Okay.
 8
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: There is a writ petition that TSE filed
 9
   arising out of the district court's, Nye County District
10
   Court's, denial of their motion to strike or dismiss our
11
12
   complaint, our foreclosure complaint as amended.
13
            THE COURT: Which is the second action that I -- okay.
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: The first.
14
15
            THE COURT: So you -- okay. So the first one you
16
   filed --
17
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: And they --
            THE COURT: Hold on. Let me finish.
18
19
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Sorry.
            THE COURT: You filed the foreclosure complaint.
20
21
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Right.
22
            THE COURT: And Judge Elliott said that it was proper
   for you to file the foreclosure complaint, and he's proceeding
23
   or is going to proceed on that. And they filed a writ to say
24
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you can't proceed until this is decided.

25

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
 1
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: That's correct.
             THE COURT: So the foreclosure complaint would have
 2
   addressed some of the issues that are raised in this federal
 3
   action based upon the original complaint that was filed in Clark
 5
   County.
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: That's true.
 7
            THE COURT: Okay.
 8
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: No, not in Clark County; in Nye County.
 9
            THE COURT: No. Well, you also filed here in Clark
10
   County.
11
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: That's true.
12
            THE COURT: Right.
13
            MR. ZIMBELMAN:
                            Yeah.
14
            THE COURT: And I'm saying the complaint you filed in
   Clark County has some overlap with the foreclosure complaint
15
   that you filed in Nye County.
16
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: That is correct.
17
18
            THE COURT: Okay.
19
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yeah.
            THE COURT: But the foreclosure complaint that you
20
   filed in Nye County is on hold pending a decision on the writ.
21
22
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: No.
23
            THE COURT: Okay. So --
24
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: What is on hold are the -- what they're
25
   calling the copycat claims, right, the ones that were here that
```

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14
                          -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
   we removed by way of amendment and that are back in Nye County.
 1
             THE COURT: And they're on hold --
 2
 3
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Those claims --
             THE COURT: I'm sorry. Go ahead.
 4
 5
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Those claims have been stayed pending a
 6
   hearing on these motions, what we're here for today.
 7
             THE COURT: And stayed by whom?
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: By Judge Elliott who wanted this court
 8
   to give its opinion. He wanted a ruling on those issues
 9
   before \operatorname{\mathsf{--}} he felt that that was fair I think is basically what
10
   he decided. He denied their motion to strike. He denied their
11
   motion to dismiss, but he granted a stay with respect to those
12
   causes of action until this court rules on these motions.
13
             THE COURT: Okav.
14
             Would a decision on the original issues raised in the
15
   complaint in this case resolve the foreclosure complaint that
16
17
   was filed in Nye County?
18
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yes.
            THE COURT: Okay. So, now, let's go to the issue of
19
   the enforceability or not of the forum-selection clause.
20
21
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Sure.
            THE COURT: Because it seems to me you have two
22
   arguments. One is that it's permissive; not mandatory.
23
24
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Right.
25
            THE COURT: The other is that it's void as a matter of
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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
   policy, which would then be potentially dispositive of some of
   the issues here. So let's address that first because I think
   that's the toughest argument for you because I'm not sure how
   it's void as a matter of policy where you agreed --
 5
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: I'm sorry. I need to grab my glasses.
            THE COURT: Sure.
 6
 7
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: May I ask the court what you mean by
   dispositive? Because we're -- I think we're here regardless.
 8
            THE COURT: There's an argument about --
 9
   notwithstanding your agreement to the clause, right, that
10
11
   pursuant to N.R.S. 13.010, right?
12
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Uh-hmm.
13
            THE COURT: That there -- this case should still be
14
   brought in Nye County, right?
15
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: That is true.
16
            THE COURT: And if I were to find that the
   forum-selection clause was unenforceable as a matter of policy,
17
18
   it would seem to me that would then dictate that the court stay
   this proceeding potentially and allow the claims to proceed in
19
20
   Nye County, which is your argument, correct?
21
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Well, that's part of our argument,
22
   certainly.
23
            THE COURT: As to that particular issue.
24
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Well, I think the argument that we've
   made -- and the reason we made that argument to you is not that
25
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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
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we necessarily need that decided today, but what we -- what we believe is fundamentally that this is a -- that the issues or the causes of action that are before you today, right, with respect to their motion for an injunction specifically are part of a bigger package --
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THE COURT: Right. Okay.

MR. ZIMBELMAN: -- that really can't be separated.

THE COURT: Well, look, this court handles diversity actions under state law all the time.

MR. ZIMBELMAN: Of course.

THE COURT: Right. So the idea that it -- that the claims arise out of Nevada law, even the liens or all of that, is not unique, right. That happens in diversity actions all the time.

MR. ZIMBELMAN: Certainly.

THE COURT: And so what I'm trying to figure out is given the fact that what I have now in terms of looking at sort of abstention or not or staying is an action that's before me through diversity jurisdiction whereby this court would have the authority to decide state law issues. And it seems to me the only impediment legally that the court would have would be potentially if I were to find that as a matter of public policy you couldn't be or you couldn't have brought the suit here. Because, otherwise, the court can simply find you brought the suit here. There's diversity jurisdiction. This court can

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
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decide all of those issues, and we just move forward. I would potentially allow you to amend to add back in the claims, and we would just go forward.

I don't really understand why that wouldn't happen in this case, and the only issue it seems to me that the court has to resolve is the issue about the enforceability about that clause. Because if it's not -- if it doesn't require as a matter of public policy that this case be dismissed because it wasn't properly brought here, because that clause is void, then the case just needs to proceed.

MR. ZIMBELMAN: Okay. I understand that.

THE COURT: So that's why I'm focussed on that because from my perspective that's one of the main issues here.

MR. ZIMBELMAN: Okay. I think I understand your question now and thank you for clarifying it, Your Honor.

And I agree with you and I disagree with you, and let me explain why if I may. I agree with you that the -- that there is Nevada public policy as expressed in the Nevada lien statute that says that any condition, stipulation, or provision in any contract may not alter or waive or require a lien claimant to give up in any way, shape, or form the rights that are afforded to it by the Nevada lien statute. And the Nevada lien statute expressly describes where lien claims need to be brought.

Now, it doesn't say that this applies to every other

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
    claim in the world, but the lien claims cannot be separated from % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) 
 1
    the contract claims in an important respect. A lien --
             THE COURT: Okay. But you're not answering my
 3
    question, which is I'm not saying that you wouldn't have -- your
    client wouldn't have those rights under the lien statute. The
   issue is you made an argument that this is the wrong forum
    because of Section 13.010 essentially trumping the forum clause,
    right. That is not -- so that's the issue I'm focussed on,
 9
    right.
             You brought the case in Clark County, right. I'm not
10
11
    saying in any way that any of the rights that would exist under
    108.2421 or 108.2453 would in any be abridged in this action.
12
    It's a diversity action. State law would apply.
13
14
             MR. PEEL: Your Honor --
             THE COURT: So we have one -- I'm sorry. Do you want
15
    to bring something in?
16
             MR. PEEL: Can I present this book to Eric?
17
18
             THE COURT: Sure.
19
             MR. PEEL: Mr. Zimbelman. Go ahead.
20
             THE COURT: And so ...
21
             (Plaintiff's counsel conferring.)
22
             THE COURT: You made the argument --
23
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yes.
24
             THE COURT: -- on page 12 of your -- and I'm looking at
   your response to the motion for a preliminary injunction \ensuremath{\text{--}}
25
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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
 1
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Right.
 2
             THE COURT: -- and motion to strike that says that
   Section 10 -- Section 13.010 sort of essentially prevents any
 3
    action from being -- commencing anywhere else except Nye County,
 5
    right?
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Right, unless there's a contract
 6
 7
   specifically to the contrary.
             THE COURT: Well, this contract allows for that to be
 8
   brought. And all I'm saying to you is if I find that that
 9
    clause is not unenforceable such that the action could be
10
   brought in Clark County, particularly where you brought it, why
11
   wouldn't this case then proceed in this court?
12
13
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: So, first of all, because N.R.S.
   108.2421 states that the lien claimant is entitled to bring an
14
   action against the principal and the surety on the surety bond
15
   and the lien claimant's debtor in any court or competent
16
   jurisdiction that is located within the county where the
17
   property upon work for improvement is located. The lien claim's
18
   debtor in this case is TSE.
19
            THE COURT: Well, I understand that, but that doesn't
20
   appear to me to be an exclusive clause. Does it say it can't be
21
   brought elsewhere? And can you point me to Nevada law that says
22
   that that means that it can only be brought there?
23
24
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yes, a lien claim can only be brought
25
   in the county in which ...
```

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
 1
             THE COURT: Right, except -- except you've agreed to
    subject yourself to Clark County and you filed a separate
 3
    action.
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: True.
 5
             THE COURT: And you didn't move, right, to withdraw.
   You haven't moved to withdraw those claims, right. You still
   want to pursue those claims. I'm trying to understand how you
   can both say we can proceed with those claims that are related
 8
   to that lien and then say, well, but we still want to maintain a
 9
   parallel action in Nye County, which I don't see how that works.
10
   And I don't see how in this context the court wouldn't find that
11
   you've agreed to subject yourself to the jurisdiction here, and
12
   that the court would decide your claims to the extent that they
13
14
   overlap with the other claims in this jurisdiction.
            I don't see -- and, I mean, this is a somewhat unusual
15
   case. I don't see any Nevada law that says that in this context
16
   the court should dismiss a case that was brought in a different
17
   jurisdiction which had other claims, but it included the
18
   foreclosure complaint. The reality of it is also, Mr. -- and,
19
   I'm sorry, is it --
20
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Zimbelman.
21
22
            THE COURT: Zimbelman.
23
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yes.
            THE COURT: -- is I could simply say I'm going to let
24
   the claims proceed. You don't have to bring your foreclosure
25
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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
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complaint here. That's in Nye County. You can bring all of the other claims here.

MR. ZIMBELMAN: Sure.

THE COURT: This court had the first -- had an action that was filed here prior to that and the court will address that. That way we're not even addressing this issue of the complaint being filed pursuant to that, because that was filed in Nye County. This court will just go forward with the other claims, and then Judge Elliott can decide how he wished to proceed in that case. But it seems to me that I have other claims that are brought here and now counterclaims that are brought in this action that could proceed nonetheless before me.

And I guess what I understand you to be saying is what should happen is because you think that complaint can only be brought in Nye County this court should stay the action and then allow the parties to go back to Nye County to bring all of their claims and counterclaims there. Is that what you're saying?

 $$\operatorname{MR}.\ ZIMBELMAN:\ I$$ think what I'm saying is not precisely that, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ZIMBELMAN: What I am saying is that irrespective of whether or not the complaint -- let's assume for a minute that the forum-selection clause required us to file in Clark County, all right, that the contract itself split the causes of action by forcing us -- as we had mistakenly believed, forcing

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
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us to file those contract and N.R.S. 624 claims in Clark County
while maintaining our lien action in Nye County. Even if that's
true, we're asking Your Honor not to dismiss this case and we're
not asking Your Honor to say that you don't have jurisdiction
over this case.

What we're asking you to do is to abstain under the Colorado River doctrine. We're asking you to say, "Yeah, I do have jurisdiction. I can proceed. I can deny your motion and proceed and let you bring your contract and N.R.S. 624 claims back here." And we'll proceed on that while whatever happens in Nye County happens in Nye County. We can do that.

Extraordinary chance to see inconsistent rulings, to have parallel and very non-efficient proceedings. It will be expensive. It will not honor judicial economy. And it, again, could result in inconsistent rulings because we're going to proceed in Nye County and we're going to pursue the surety bond. And we're going to pursue those claims and Cobra, not TSE, but Cobra is going to have to defend that along with their surety.

And we're going to make the same arguments there that we make here. And they may make some of the same arguments that TSE is going to make here in defense of our lien claim.

But, you know, fundamentally the causes -- the claims, the dispute, is the same. The facts are the same. And some facts maybe would not be elucidated over here that might be here

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23
                          -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
   and vice versa, but by in large the facts are going to be the
 1
   same. The issues are going to be the same.
 2
 3
             And one court is going to rule one way and the other
   court is going to possibly rule that way or possibly another
 5
   way.
             THE COURT: Or wait. One of us is going to have to
 6
 7
   wait. I mean, it's not as if one -- you're asking one of us to
   wait. I mean, most likely what would happen --
 8
 9
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yeah.
10
             THE COURT: -- is either Judge Elliott or myself --
   it's possible, but not likely that we would proceed along the
11
   same lines. And I take from what he's done in terms of staying
12
   that he's waiting to see what I'm going to do. Otherwise, he
13
   wouldn't have stayed his consideration of the other portions of
14
15
   that complaint.
            So the question becomes for me is, one -- and I think
16
   you've offered your argument, which is your position is that the
17
18
   different and varying claims and counterclaims all overlap.
   Because it's not clear to me that the standard under, sort of,
19
   the foreclosure complaint you filed is the same as the standard
20
21
   that we apply for all of the claims and counterclaims because
22
```

those elements are not all the same, the parties are not all the 23 same. So even the decision on the foreclosure complaint is not going to resolve all of the claims and counterclaims before me, 25 right?

24

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
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1
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Only because those specific causes of
    action are not enumerated, but in fact our lien is going to be
   based upon the unpaid balance of the contract owed to us less
    all just offsets and credits. Right. What are those just
   offsets and credits? They make all kinds of arguments about our
   invoicing being incorrect and they've even stretched that to
   allege fraud. It's absurd, but that's their allegation. Those
    same arguments would be made in defense of our lien claim over
 8
 9
   in Nye County and presumably will be.
            THE COURT: But they haven't been made yet. So, in
10
   other words, in terms of the complaint that's there now, it
11
   doesn't have all of the claims that I have?
12
13
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Well, the affirmative defenses to our
   lien claim does in many ways elucidate those same defenses that
14
   TSE is asserting by way of its counterclaim here, yes. I'd say
15
   they are very, very similar.
16
17
            THE COURT: Okay.
            Well, let me hear from -- it's difficult to call you
18
   plaintiffs versus defense counsel because you guys have switched
19
   positions and different courtrooms.
20
21
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Absolutely.
            THE COURT: But let me hear from opposing counsel,
22
23
   Mr. Zimbelman. Thank you.
24
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
25
            THE COURT: As relates to the arguments here.
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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
 1
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor. Would it be
   convenient for the court for me to address you from counsel
    table so I have access to my books? Or I'd be happy to move up
    if that would allow you --
 5
            THE COURT: Well, it's not so much my convenience.
             (Court conferring with court reporter.)
 6
 7
             MR. ROBERTS: Okay. I can bring my books up here. I
   think I've got room for everything, Your Honor.
 9
            THE COURT: Okay.
            MR. ROBERTS: Too much paper in this case.
10
11
            THE COURT: That's all right. Just make sure when
   you're speaking you're in front of a microphone.
12
13
            MR. ROBERTS: Fair enough.
            Thank you, Your Honor. Lee Roberts for Tonopah Solar
14
15
   Energy.
            There -- based on the questions that you had for
16
   Mr. Zimbelman, I think it's important to clarify the procedural
17
   posture because I think I may disagree with his characterization
18
19
   of what's currently pending in State Court.
            THE COURT: Okay.
20
21
            MR. ROBERTS: So we start out with the filing. As Your
   Honor noted, they chose to file in Clark County on their
22
23
   contract claims. On September 10th we removed to Federal Court.
   On September 12th that's when the hearing on the motion to
24
   expunge was held.
25
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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
             THE COURT: On the second lien?
 1
 2
             MR. ROBERTS: Well, I believe by that time it was on
   the fourth amended lien, Your Honor, but yes.
 3
             THE COURT: Okay. The fourth. Well, I wasn't sure if
 4
   the motion tracks with the amendments to the lien or the motion
 5
   was tied to a particular lien because it seems to me that
   actually may matter in this case. Because we haven't addressed
   one of the issues we may also come up with is the extent that
 8
 9
   the court has to give some sort of res judicata effect to what
   Judge Elliott previously decided even if I were to keep
10
   jurisdiction, but we'll set that aside for the moment to go
11
   through your review of the record. So keep going, please.
12
13
            MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So then we come to September 20th.
   After we had removed, on September 20th Brahma filed a
14
   mechanic's lien foreclosure complaint into the special action.
15
16
            THE COURT: Right.
17
            MR. ROBERTS: So at that point that's what was in State
   Court against us. We were the main party on the lien,
18
   foreclosure action. And then on September 25th, five days
19
   later, they did two things simultaneously. One, they amended
20
   their complaint in this action to eliminate three causes of
21
22
   action.
23
            THE COURT: Right. And just had the unjust enrichment,
   right.
24
25
            MR. ROBERTS: On the same day they amended their lien
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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
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foreclosure action to add those three exact causes of action
 1
    into the State Court. And that's what Judge Elliott has stayed,
   those three causes of action which were originally here and
 3
    which they dismissed and refiled in State Court.
 5
             THE COURT: And, sorry, tell me -- I'm sorry. Is it
   Mr.?
 7
            MR. ROBERTS: Roberts.
 8
            THE COURT: Roberts. Is it your position that the
 9
   claims that were added to the complaint there and removed from
   the complaint here and the counterclaim are all essentially
10
   overlapping to the extent that deciding those claims should all
11
   occur by the same court or judge?
12
13
            MR. ROBERTS: I'm not positive I understand your
14
   question.
15
            THE COURT: So, in other words, I assume that these
   claims are all going to be about the agreement that was reached
16
   between TSE and Brahma, what work was actually performed or not
17
   performed pursuant to the agreement, and what could or shouldn't
18
19
   be liened, right?
            MR. ROBERTS: Well, if I could clarify one step further
20
21
   which is where I was going with this. Cobra was a contractor
   that worked for Tonopah Solar Energy, the developer. And Brahma
22
23
   was hired to complete their warranty work when they failed to
   complete their warranty claims. So we have a charge --
24
25
            THE COURT: Was hired to complete when you say "their"?
```

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
 1
             MR. ROBERTS: Cobra's. Cobra's work that we felt was
    defective.
 3
             THE COURT: Right.
             MR. ROBERTS: We demanded that they do it. They
 4
   started, but then they didn't finish. So we hired Brahma to
 5
    complete their warranty work, and we have a separate claim in
    International Arbitration against Cobra for them to pay us
    whatever it is that we owed Brahma. Pursuant to our contract
    with Cobra, we demanded that they bond off this lien which they
 9
   did, which is why Cobra is on the bond and not us.
10
            THE COURT: Right.
11
            MR. ROBERTS: But as this court noted in your questions
12
13
   to Mr. Zimbelman, as soon as Cobra bonded off the lien there's
   no longer a lien foreclosure action. Now, there's an action
14
15
   against the bond.
            So the only thing left against Tonopah in State Court
16
   in Nye County are these three causes of action which were
17
18
   originally here, dismissed, and put back there.
            THE COURT: Because the bond covers what would have
19
   been addressed by that foreclosure complaint?
20
21
            MR. ROBERTS: Correct, Your Honor.
22
            THE COURT: Okay.
23
            MR. ROBERTS: Now, Your Honor, I'm not going to -- this
   is not before you today. I have had similar actions where you
24
   have a bond that's posted and then you have a forum-selection
25
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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
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provision, for example arbitration, where the contractor's
   required to arbitrate, but wants to pursue his lien claims
   against the bond that's been posted. And what typically happens
 3
   is the bond claim is stayed until the contract action is
 5
   determined in the appropriate forum to determine that action.
   That's one way that the State Court could deal with this.
   Because although their action has to proceed against Cobra in
 7
   State Court, basically what we owe them is what their claim is
   on the bond.
 9
             So it doesn't have to all be decided together.
10
   could simply wait, litigate, have the court of correct
11
12
   jurisdiction determine what they're owed under their contract,
13
   and then they can collect on the bond whatever this court finds
14
   they're owed. So they don't have to be decided by the same
15
   court.
16
            What's left there --
17
            THE COURT: Well, but the question isn't whether or not
   they don't have to be decided. The question is whether or not
18
19
   they could be decided, because it seems to me I can't decide all
   of these claims necessarily, but the State Court could, right.
20
```

MR. ROBERTS: I would disagree, Your Honor.

State Court to proceed in front of me, correct?

21

23

24

25

PATRICIA L. GANCI, RMR, CRR (702) 385-0670

There's a difference between the courts. The State Court could

hear all of the claims that are brought in the case that I have,

but I can't necessarily require or force the claims that are in

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
             THE COURT: Well, how could I -- well, the Cobra bond
 1
    claim, I can't force that case to come to Federal Court, right?
 3
             MR. ROBERTS: Absolutely, but you don't have to in
    order to grant complete relief to the parties in front of you.
 4
 5
             THE COURT: I'm sorry. When you say --
 6
             MR. ROBERTS: There is no claim against us that needs
    to be decided in State Court.
 7
 8
             THE COURT: That's not the question I'm asking you.
 9
   There's a claim that involves Cobra --
10
            MR. ROBERTS: Yes.
            THE COURT: -- in State Court, right?
11
12
            MR. ROBERTS: Yes, Your Honor.
13
            THE COURT: Okay. That claim is not before me.
14
   don't have the authority to force that case into Federal Court
15
   in this current case, correct?
16
            MR. ROBERTS: Correct.
17
            THE COURT: Okay. But that court could hear all of the
   claims that I have in that same action.
18
19
            MR. ROBERTS: They could if it did not violate our
20
   right to remove to Federal Court --
21
            THE COURT: Well, okay, that -- we can get to that.
22
            MR. ROBERTS: -- and be heard in an impartial forum.
23
            THE COURT: We can get to that, but part of this deals
   with the issue of also abstention and staying and what I should
24
   and how I should proceed from an efficiency standpoint.
25
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31
                         -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
    you're not disagreeing with the fact that, one, there's an
 1
   overlap with these claims. Now, it does seem to me the overlap
   with the claims between your client and Cobra and your client
 3
   and Brahma is actually not the same. There are different
   issues. There are different contractors. The only overlap is
   that Cobra was obligated to bond the issue of the work that was
   allegedly not compensated with respect to Brahma, but other than
    that, the disagreements between the parties are separate. Is
   that right?
 9
            MR. ROBERTS: Yes. Yes, Your Honor, in that --
10
            THE COURT: To --
11
            MR. ROBERTS: In that Cobra is not really a separate
12
13
   factual issue because Cobra just owes under the bond whatever we
   owe under the contract. It's just a guarantee that we're going
14
15
   to pay.
            THE COURT: But you have -- you have a separate claim
16
17
   about the deficiency of their work.
            MR. ROBERTS: Absolutely, Your Honor.
18
            THE COURT: Is that in the State Court or is that part
19
   of this other claim you filed, this International claim?
20
21
            MR. ROBERTS: It is in the State Court, but only
   because they dismissed it from here and refiled it in State
22
23
   Court after we had removed.
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that is? I want to make sure I'm understanding which claim --

24

25

THE COURT: Okay. And what is exactly the claim that

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
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MR. ROBERTS: That is for breach of contract, Count
 1
    One; breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair
 2
   dealing; and the third count is violation of N.R.S. 624.
             THE COURT: And that's the claim that Brahma's brought
 5
   against your client?
            MR. ROBERTS: They brought that against my client in
 6
   Clark County along with an unjust enrichment count.
 8
            THE COURT: Right.
 9
            MR. ROBERTS: We removed here. They dismissed three
   out of their four counts and left unjust enrichment pending
10
   here.
11
            THE COURT: Got it. Okay.
12
13
            So you're suggesting that I not abstain and we proceed.
   I let them amend to put their claims back into their complaint,
14
15
   and then we go forward.
            MR. ROBERTS: Yes, Your Honor. And we're suggesting a
16
   little bit further than that, and this is the Cross case that we
17
   cited to the court out of the -- one of the district courts in
18
   Iowa, I believe. And that is very similar to this in the
19
   procedural posture. We're going a step further and saying you
20
   don't even get to the Colorado River abstention doctrine. You
21
22
   don't even get to that analysis if you find that the State Court
   has no jurisdiction because, once those three claims were
   removed to this court, this court has jurisdiction over them to
24
   the exclusion of the State Court until they're remanded. And
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33
                          -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
 1
    they filed no timely motion to remand.
 2
             So you never get to the abstention analysis because
   this court still has jurisdiction of those three claims which
 3
   have been refiled in State Court.
 5
             THE COURT: And you're asking me to enjoin them from
   being able to pursue them further in State Court.
 6
 7
             MR. ROBERTS: Yes, I am, Your Honor.
 8
             THE COURT: Under I think it was --
 9
             MR. ROBERTS: Under an exception to the Anti-Injunction
10
   Act.
             THE COURT: Quackenbush or --
11
            MR. ROBERTS: Yes, Quackenbush is one of the cases
12
13
   cited. Yes, Your Honor.
            THE COURT: Because the case was properly removed and
14
   they don't dispute that. And the issue then is once it's
15
   properly removed and this court has jurisdiction then State
16
   Court actions can't be commenced to try to deprive this court of
17
   the jurisdiction that it has as a result of the removal.
18
            MR. ROBERTS: Yes, Your Honor.
19
            THE COURT: Okay. All right. Anything else you wanted
20
21
   to add?
22
            MR. ROBERTS: One thing, Your Honor, and the court
   discussed the venue provision. And, interestingly, that might
24
   be one of the only reasons the Nye County court couldn't decide
```

the contract claims. If the venue selection provision in the

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34
                          -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
   contract is valid, they would have to be transferred back to
 1
   Clark County where these claims were removed from. But then
 2
   let's go a step further. Let's assume as the court was
   suggesting if the venue selection required the claims to be
   brought in Nye, but Brahma elected to bring them in Clark and we
 5
   had not removed. The claims would not be dismissed for lack of
   jurisdiction. The court could transfer venue to the appropriate
 8
   county where venue is proper.
 9
            So now we've removed those Clark County claims --
            THE COURT: And they would still be removed here which
10
11
   is ...
            MR. ROBERTS: They would still be removed here
12
13
   because --
            THE COURT: Right, I mean, that was the separate issue
14
   which is potentially if the claims were brought -- even if
15
   Brahma had brought the claims in Nye County and you'd filed the
16
17
   removal --
            MR. ROBERTS: They would still end up here.
18
            THE COURT: -- they could still end up here. Now
19
   that's a ...
20
21
```

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$$ ROBERTS: And this court is the proper court for venue in Clark County and Nye County.

THE COURT: Yes.

22

23

24

MR. ROBERTS: So it is proper for the court to have these claims here now that they have been removed, and we would

```
35
                         -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
   suggest that there's nothing improper or which would justify
 2
   dismissal on that basis.
            THE COURT: Well, but they're not asking to be able to
 3
 4
   at this point have the case dismissed and then refiled in Nye
 5
   County.
 6
            MR. ROBERTS: Yes.
            THE COURT: I mean, I'll ask Mr. Zimbelman about that,
 7
 8
   but I don't think that's what --
 9
            MR. ROBERTS: No.
10
            THE COURT: -- they're suggesting.
            MR. ROBERTS: I think you're right, Your Honor, that
11
   that is correct.
12
            THE COURT: Okay. All right.
13
14
            MR. ROBERTS: The only other thing that I did note when
   I was preparing for the hearing because it was after all of the
15
   papers had been briefed, Mr. Zimbelman mentioned our writ to the
16
17
   Nevada Supreme Court which is not part of the record. The
   Nevada Supreme Court has directed an answer to that writ. I
18
   have the writ and the order directing an answer which has not
19
20
   yet been filed. And I'm happy to provide a copy of that to the
21
   court if you're interested in it.
22
            THE COURT: And the basis of the writ was?
23
            MR. ROBERTS: The basis of the writ, there were
24
   actually three bases. The first area alleged was that you can't
```

file a complaint into a special action because a Nevada civil

25

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
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action can only be initiated through the filing of a complaint.

And what we argue is the only reason they tried to file their

complaint as a counterclaim into the special action was to avoid

our ability to remove to this court as we would have had the

right to do if they had filed it as a complaint because this was

before Cobra got involved, before the subcontractor got

involved.

If they had filed it the correct way, we would have simply removed it back up here, too. But they tried to file it into a special proceeding which was an improper way to initiate it as a way of avoiding federal jurisdiction.

So we do seek a writ on that basis. We say the court therefore should not have stayed these three causes of action. They should have dismissed them for lack of jurisdiction because there was no proper remand to the State Court.

The second basis is that the court had no jurisdiction because we had removed them to Federal Court, so it's very similar to the issue before the court here. And your decision may moot that second ground. And then the third ground was that the court should have exercised the first-filed rule, and because we had -- the Clark County action was filed first, that's the action that should have proceeded and that's up here.

So those were the three bases. Again, I don't know if the court feels that's controlling in any way, but if you're interested in having that, I'd be happy to --

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
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THE COURT: And part of it is I still have to $\ensuremath{\mathsf{--}}$ I mean, part of it is the consideration of what proceedings are moving forward or not.

MR. ROBERTS: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And what proceedings might even moot some of the issues that are raised before me as a matter of state law which the Nevada Supreme Court could actually decide. So if the Nevada Supreme Court said, for example, the complaint should not have been filed in a special proceeding, but should have been separately brought and, by the way, the complaint could have been also brought in Clark County, that pretty much would address the issues that are brought in front of me.

MR. ROBERTS: I don't think so, Your Honor, because if we lose, it's the same procedural posture we're in now. If we win, it makes that complaint go away which is even more reason for the court --

THE COURT: That's what I'm saying. What I'm saying is if you lose, I still have to decide those issues. But if you win, that effectively would force the case here, I believe, based upon the determination.

And I know what you're going to say to me is, well, I shouldn't wait. That's your concern. You think, I think, are not disputing, right, that if you win that helps your argument. You just don't want to wait.

MR. ROBERTS: I just don't want to wait.

```
-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
             THE COURT: Okay. That's fine. You can say that.
 1
             MR. ROBERTS: And we don't know how long it is going to
 2
 3
   take the court to rule on the writ, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: No, no. And I appreciate that.
 5
             MR. ROBERTS: Fair enough.
             THE COURT: It's not as if you don't recognize, I would
 6
 7
   assume, that if the court were to rule -- the Nevada Supreme
   Court were to rule in your favor or your client's favor, that
 8
   would address some of the issues that are raised by Brahma in
 9
   the motions before me.
10
11
            MR. ROBERTS: Yes, I believe it would, Your Honor.
            THE COURT: Okay. And I'm saying that in part because
12
13
   there has been a request to stay the case. The court has to
   consider all proceedings that are ongoing in State Court as it
14
15
   relates to abstention or not or whether and how that would be
   considered by this court. And so that's why I asked you that
16
17
   question.
            So, is there anything else you wanted to add?
18
19
            MR. ROBERTS: Nothing else, Your Honor.
            THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
20
21
            MR. ROBERTS: Thank you for your time.
            THE COURT: Uh-huh.
22
23
            Mr. Zimbelman, any final response?
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
24
25
            Just a couple of points. I want to be sure that I've
```

```
39
                         -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
   made this point. The lien foreclosure action that we filed
 1
   could not have been filed in Clark County. It had to be filed
   in the county in which the work of improvement was located.
 3
            THE COURT: Okay. How -- let me ask this question.
 5
   There's a bond now, right?
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Now.
 6
 7
            THE COURT: Okay. But -- so are you saying that that
   action would still go forward even with the bond that exists
 8
 9
   now?
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: That action can't go forward as a lien
10
11
   foreclosure -- as a foreclosure against the work of improvement,
   but it is still a lien foreclosure action, Your Honor. And I
12
13
   want to make that point as well.
            THE COURT: Well, no, but that's not. It's a lien
14
   foreclosure action in which there are other proceedings that are
15
   brought into it. The lien part of it with the filing or with
16
   the surety bond being obtained, there's no lien that exists.
17
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: That's not correct, Your Honor.
18
19
            THE COURT: Okay. So how --
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: There is still a lien. You just have a
20
21
   different surety for that lien. The bond purely is there to
   replace your surety. It removes the lien from the property and
22
```

THE COURT: I understand that. That's not what I'm asking you. What I'm saying is, so you're saying that the

23

24

25

attaches it to the bond.

```
action proceeds not against obviously in terms of the lien,
   foreclosing on the lien, but you would still have an action as
   to whether or not there should still be payment or foreclosure
   of the amount of the lien?
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: That is true. And that action is still
   pending in Nye County and has not been stayed.
 6
            THE COURT: Okay. And when you say it's not been
8
   stayed, what does that mean?
9
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Well, the -- again, I want to make sure
   you don't misunderstand. The stay that Judge Elliott entered
10
   was purely with respect to the three causes of action that had
11
   been part of the Clark County case that was removed to this
12
```

-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-

THE COURT: Right.

amendment are no longer here --

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

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23

24

MR. ZIMBELMAN: -- and are now back in Nye County.

Those three causes of action are the only parts of that case that are stayed. The foreclosure action against now the surety bond is not stayed. It's going forward. We have had our joint case conference report filed. I think it's been filed today.

And we're going to proceed in discovery.

court and then by way of amendment, not dismissal, but by way of

THE COURT: Okay. So that portion of the case is moving forward?

 $$\operatorname{MR}.\ ZIMBELMAN:\ It$ is. And it requires the court to determine what the amount of our lien is, the just amount due to

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
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```
the lien claimant. And the lien claimant is entitled to the
    unpaid balance of its contract, or if there's an allegation that
   there isn't a contract or the price can't be determined based
   upon a contract, then it's determined based on the reasonable
   value of the work. So either way that determination has to be
   made in order for that court to then enter a foreclosure order
   against the bond, which is there at one and a half times of the
 8
   amount of the lien.
 9
             THE COURT: So -- but that foreclosure complaint again
   was filed after the complaint in this case was filed?
10
11
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Yes, but this but, again, is filed into
   a case that preexisted the Clark County --
12
13
            THE COURT: Well, you're saying that, but there is
   actually no case. It was filed into a dispute that preexisted,
14
15
   right?
16
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: I disagree. I mean, is a special
   proceeding not an action? I think that it is. And that
17
   proceeding was filed by TSE in the Nye County court seeking to
18
   expunge, to do away with, our lien. That's what started this.
19
20
            THE COURT: So you're saying that the foreclosure
   complaint was a continuation of the previous special proceedings
21
22
   that had existed?
23
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: That is correct, and that is what Judge
24
   Elliott ruled as well.
25
            THE COURT: Okay. Well, I mean, I don't have to
```

```
42
                         -2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
    necessarily defer to that. I have to make my own independent
 2
    determination --
 3
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Of course.
             THE COURT: -- as it relates to whether or not there
 4
   was a State Court action that had been commenced or proceeding
   that had been commenced previously. Your argument is,
   notwithstanding the fact that the bond had been obtained, those
   special proceedings were still -- that was the same special
 8
   proceeding that was ongoing the entire time.
10
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: It is. It's in the same case number.
   It is -- it has an outcropping of the same action, of the same
11
   foreclosure action against the work of improvement that we
12
13
   filed --
14
            THE COURT: Okay.
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: -- against -- with respect to the same
15
   work of improvement that our lien is recorded against which is
16
   the same lien that they tried to expunge by commencing that
17
   action on June 1st of 2018, right, the first action. That was
18
   commenced by them, but it was commenced. That's important.
19
20
   And, you know, I don't think I'm -- I don't think I'm playing
21
   word games.
22
```

The action commenced. It existed. So if we're talking about a first-to-file rule, not only was it filed first in Nye County, it was filed first by them. They started the fight there, and now they don't want to be there anymore.

23

24

25

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-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
             THE COURT: Well, you mean they started with the motion
 1
    to expunge is what you're saying.
 3
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: I'm sorry?
             THE COURT: They started it with a motion to expunge.
 4
 5
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: They did.
 6
             THE COURT: And that created a special proceeding. And
   your argument is all of these subsequent filings as it relates
 7
    to the lien and the bond are all part of the same essentially,
 8
   we call them special proceedings, the same case.
 9
10
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Same dispute.
             THE COURT: Well, no, no, because that -- this is an
11
12
   important distinction I think as relates to abstention.
   same dispute and same case are not --
13
14
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: Okav.
             THE COURT: -- they're not the same in this --
15
16
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: It's both.
17
            THE COURT: Right. And so I want -- that's why I want
   to make sure I'm understanding your argument. Your argument is
18
19
   that it's the same case --
20
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: It is.
21
            THE COURT: -- the same special proceeding; not just
   the same dispute. Because you can have disputes that go back
22
   and forth between multiple proceedings, but your argument is
23
24
   that it's the same proceeding.
25
            MR. ZIMBELMAN: I appreciate the distinction, Your
```

```
-2:18-cv-01747-RFB-GWF-
    Honor. And I do. I do agree with that.
 2
             THE COURT: Okay. All right. Thank you.
 3
             MR. ZIMBELMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
 4
             THE COURT: All right. Well, I will take the matter
    under submission and issue a decision accordingly. I appreciate
 6
   the arguments of counsel and clarification of the record.
             We'll be adjourned in this case. I'm going to stay on
 7
   the bench for the next case. Thank you.
 8
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor.
 9
10
             (Whereupon the proceedings concluded at 3:33 p.m.)
11
                                 ~-000~-
12
                      COURT REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
13
14
          I, PATRICIA L. GANCI, Official Court Reporter, United
   States District Court, District of Nevada, Las Vegas, Nevada,
15
   certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the
16
   record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
17
18
19
   Date: June 27, 2019.
20
                                       /s/ Patricia L. Ganci
21
                                       Patricia L. Ganci, RMR, CRR
22
                                       CCR #937
23
24
25
```

EXHIBIT 28

Transcription of	Proceedings	Excerpt
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Case:

Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC v. Brahma Group, Inc. CV 39348

Date:

11/21/2019



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1	FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT	
2	NYE COUNTY, NEVADA	
3	TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,	
4		
5	Plaintiff,	
6	vs. Case No. CV 39348	
7	BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation, Consolidated	
8	with CV39799 Defendant.	
9	(full caption on pages 2 and 3.)	
10	——————————————————————————————————————	
11		
12		
13	EXCERPT TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS	
14	BEFORE JUDGE STEVEN ELLIOTT	
15	Pahrump, Nevada	
16	November 21, 2019	
17	NOVEMBEL 21, 2019	
18		
19		
20	Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording;	
21	transcript produced by transcription service.	
22		
23		
24	Transcribed by: Becky J. Parker, RPR, CCR	
25	Nevada Certified Court Reporter No. 934	

702-476-4500

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FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
 1
                       NYE COUNTY, NEVADA
 2
     TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a
 3
     Delaware limited liability company,
 4
                  Plaintiff,
 5
     VS.
                                             Case No.
                                             CV 39348
     BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada
 6
     corporation
                                             Consolidated
 7
                                             with CV39799
                  Defendant.
 8
 9
     BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada
     corporation,
10
                  Counterclaimant/
11
                  Lien Claimant,
12
     VS.
13
     TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY LLC, a
     Delaware limited liability company;
14
     BOE BONDING COMPANIES I through X;
     DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS
     I through X; and TOE TENANTS I
15
     through X, inclusive,
16
                  Counterdefendant.
17
     BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada
18
     corporation,
19
                  Third-Party Plaintiff,
20
     VS.
21
     COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., a
22
     Nevada corporation; AMERICAN HOME
     ASSURANCE COMPANY, a surety; BOE
     BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES
23
     I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I
     through X, inclusive,
24
25
                  Third-Party Defendants.
```

```
1
     H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC., a
     Delaware corporation,
 2
                  Plaintiff-in-Intervention,
 3
     VS.
 4
     BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada
     corporation, TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY LLC,
 5
     a Delaware limited liability company,
     COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., a
 6
     Nevada Corporation; AMERICAN HOME
 7
     ASSURANCE COMPANY, a surety; BOE
     BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES I
 8
     through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X,
     and TOE TENANTS I through X, inclusive,
 9
                  Defendants-in-Intervention.
10
11
     BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,
12
                  Plaintiff,
13
     VS.
14
     COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., a
     Nevada corporation; AMERICAN HOME
15
     ASSURANCE COMPANY, a surety; BOE
     BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES
16
     I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I
     through X, inclusive,
17
                  Defendants.
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

702-476-4500

```
1
     APPEARANCES:
 2
 3
          For Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC:
 4
              COLBY L. BALKENBUSH
              WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS, GUNN & DIAL, LLC
              6385 South Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 400
 5
              Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
              702.938.3838
 6
              cbalkenbush@wwhgd.com
 7
 8
         For Brahma Group, Inc.:
 9
              ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN
              PEEL BRIMLEY LLP
              3333 East Serene Avenue, Suite 200
10
              Henderson, Nevada 89074
              702.990.7272
11
              ezimbelman@peelbrimley.com
12
              DAVID ZIMMERMAN, General Counsel
13
              BRAHMA GROUP, INC.
14
          For Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc. and
15
          American Home Assurance Company:
16
              JEREMY R. KILBER
              WEIL & DRAGE
17
              2500 Anthem Village Drive, Suite 200
              Henderson, Nevada 89052
              702.314.1905
18
              jkilber@weildrage.com
19
              PHILIP D. ROBBEN
20
              KELLEY DRYE & WARREN, LLP
              101 Park Avenue
21
              New York, New York 10178
              212.808.7800
22
              probben@kelleydrye.com
23
24
25
```

1	PAHRUMP, NEVADA
2	NOVEMBER 21, 2019
3	-000-
4	
5	THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Well,
6	I I'm in the position here where there is this
7	independent action on the bond. And then the question
8	is, should that be delayed pending federal court
9	determination as to what, if anything, TSA I'm sorry,
10	TSE TSE owes to Brahma. And it certainly looks like,
11	you know, TSE would be having, you know, extremely
12	valuable knowledge of the case in order to determine
13	what, if anything, might be owed to Brahma.
14	On the other hand, I I reject the
15	arguments that have been briefed as being not
16	persuasive, you know, not valid to the point of actually
17	requiring this court to issue a stay. But if it could
18	amount to something where TSE is a necessary or
19	indispensable party to the action, then, you know,
20	that's something else. Then I think there's a legal
21	requirement to to issue the stay.
22	So Mr. Robben, on behalf of Cobra, has
23	pointed the Court to NRS 108.2421, Subsection 1, which
24	talks about the, you know, debtor party being somebody
25	who could be brought in in this. But then, you know, I

```
hear Mr. Zimbelman talk about, you know, cases that --
1
    that I personally, you know, looked at particularly, you
2
3
    know, during the recession that started somewhere around
 4
    2007 or '8, and got into full swing around 2009. But,
5
    you know, you have contractors who go -- went belly up,
    you know. When the housing market crashed, there were
6
7
    lots of projects that went belly up. Contractors went
8
    belly up and bonding companies were on the hook for
9
    things and didn't really have a debtor party, certainly
    not a solvent debtor party, and maybe a debtor party
10
11
    that's flown the coop, so to speak.
               So when -- when you look at the statute, I
12
13
    don't think it is persuasive to say that this debtor
14
```

party for whom the bond may have been issued to cover their -- their debt is really a necessary indispensable party to the action.

So under the circumstances, really looking at the law of all this, I would say that there's still the independent action that would survive. And I think, you know, when you look at the tot- -- totality of the -the bonding statute, I wouldn't grant the motion for stay because this thing can go forward even though TSA (sic) is not a party.

And why don't we take a short recess before we proceed on to the -- to the other motion. But I -- I

15

16

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19

20

21

22

23

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25

```
would direct that Mr. Zimbelman prepare an appropriate
1
    order with some findings of fact on this so that -- you
 2
 3
     know, this is the kind of thing that can be appealed.
 4
    Most everything could be appealed. But, you know, I
 5
     think it ought to be, you know, in writing and, you
     know, have some...
 6
 7
               MR. ZIMBELMAN: I'm happy to prepare an
 8
    order.
 9
               Can I ask the Court, you respectively
     overruled my objection to TSE filing a joinder and
10
11
    arguing today, but I don't know that you've expressly
     stated that. And I do think that, particularly given
12
13
     the long history in appellate cases coming out of this
     court, in this case, in this action, that I need a
14
15
     record about what, you know, that A, that I made that
16
    objection; and B, that it was ruled on. I don't mean to
17
    be difficult. I just think that I need to have
18
     something about that.
19
               THE COURT: Well, I -- I guess my only
20
    thoughts were that, hey, Mr. Balkenbush has bothered to
21
    drive out from Las Vegas. And -- and when -- when I
22
    look at the arguments made on behalf of Cobra, you know,
23
    they're talking about TSA (sic), you know, well, they
24
    won't cooperate with us. You know, they're an important
```

party here and, you know, hearing from TSE, it -- it

```
seemed right, even if they aren't a party to this case.
1
 2
               MR. ZIMBELMAN: And -- and I wasn't intending
 3
    to, you know, spend a lot of time on that issue in the
 4
    order, but I would like to say in the order that, you
 5
     know, TSE appeared over our objection. Would that be
 6
    appropriate?
 7
               THE COURT: Fine.
 8
               MR. ZIMBELMAN: Okay.
 9
               THE COURT: All right. We'll stand in recess
10
     for --
11
               MR. ZIMBELMAN: Thank you, your Honor.
12
               THE COURT: -- a few minutes here.
13
               (Recess taken.)
14
               MR. ZIMBELMAN: Your Honor --
15
               THE COURT: Mr. Zimbelman.
               MR. ZIMBELMAN: -- I was going to ask that
16
17
    we -- I think we've worked out the motion to compel.
    And we just want to put on the record what we -- what
18
19
    we're agreeing to do in order to -- to take that off
20
     calendar.
21
               Specifically, without getting into all the
22
    detail, Cobra is going to commit to giving us a
     substantial additional production of documents no later
23
24
    than January 15th, and to give us a date for a -- a PMK
25
    deposition no later than Jan- -- to be held no later
```

```
than January 31st. We're going to work out the details
1
    between us, and obviously mutually agree to the extent
 2
 3
    that we can. But that would be the -- those will be the
 4
     imposed deadlines and that should resolve the need for a
 5
    motion.
               THE COURT: And Mr. Robben, do you agree with
 6
 7
    that?
 8
              MR. ROBBEN: Yes, that's fine.
 9
               THE COURT: All right. Well, I accept the
10
     stipulation of the parties, and that's -- will be the
11
     court order with regard to the outstanding motion to
12
    compel.
13
              MR. ZIMBELMAN: Thank you.
14
              MR. ROBBEN: Thank you, your Honor.
15
              THE COURT: Thank you, gentlemen. It's been
16
    a pleasure. I really do like coming here and, you know,
17
    having such high quality lawyers, you know. It's a
     treat for me. Thank you.
18
19
              MR. ROBBEN: Thank you.
20
              MR. ZIMBELMAN: We enjoy being here as well,
21
    Your Honor. Thank you.
22
               (Audio concluded.)
23
24
25
```

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WORD INDEX	action 5:7, 19	5:12 7:14 8:1	CV39799 1:7 2:7
	6:16, 19 7:14	cases 6:1 7:13	
<1>	additional 8:23	cbalkenbush@wwhg	< D >
1 5:23	agree 9:2, 6	d.com 4:6	date 8:24
101 4:20	agreeing 8:19	CCR 1:24 10:13	DAVID 4:11
10178 4:21	AMERICAN 2:22	certainly 5:10 6:9	day 10:7
108.2421 5: <i>23</i>	3:6, 14 4:15	Certified 1:24	deadlines 9:4
11th 10:7	amount 5:18	10:14	debt 6:15
15th 8:24	Anthem 4:17	certify 10:3	debtor 5:24 6:9,
	appealed 7:3, 4	circumstances 6:17	10, 10, 13
< 2 >	APPEARANCES	Claimant 2:11	December 10:8
2 1:8	4:1	COBRA 2:18 3:6,	Defendant 1:8 2:7
200 4:10, 17	appeared 8:5	14 4:13 5:22	Defendants 2:25
2007 6:4	appellate 7:13	7:22 8:22	3:16
2009 6:4	appropriate 7:1	COLBY 4:4	Defendants-in-Inter
2019 1:14 5:2	8:6	coming 7:13 9:16	vention 3:8
10:8	arguing 7:11	commit 8:22	Delaware 1:3 2:3,
21 1:14 5:2	arguments 5:15	COMPANIES	13 3:1, 5
212.808.7800 4: <i>21</i>	7:22	2:14, 23 3:7, 15	delayed 5:8
2500 4:17	ASSURANCE	6:8	deposition 8:25
	2:22 3:7, 15 4:15	company 1:3 2:3,	detail 8:22
< 3 >	Audio 9:22	13, 22 3:5, 7, 15	details 9:1
3 1:8	Avenue 4:10, 20	4:15	determination 5:9
31st 9:1		compel 8:17 9:12	determine 5:12
3333 4:10	< B >	concluded 9:22	DIAL 4:4
39348 1:6 2:5	BALKENBUSH	Consolidated 1:7	difficult 7:17
	4:4 7:20	2:6	digital 10:5
<4>	Becky 1:24 10:3,	constitute 10:4	direct 7:1
400 4:5	13	contractors 6:5, 7	DISTRICT 1:1
	behalf 5:22 7:22	coop 6:11	2:1
< 6 >	belly 6:5, 7, 8	cooperate 7:24	documents 8:23
6385 4:5	best 10:6	corporation 1:7	DRAGE 4:16
	BOE 2:14, 22 3:7,	2:6, 9, 18, 22 3:1, 5,	Drive 4:17 7:21
< 7 >	15	6, 11, 14	DRYE 4:20
702.314.1905 4:18	bond 5:7 6:14	CORPORATIONS	
702.938.3838 4:6	BONDING 2:14,	2:14, 23 3:8, 16	< E >
702.990.7272 4: <i>11</i>	23 3:7, 15 6:8, 21	Counsel 4:11	East 4:10
	bothered 7:20	Counterclaimant	electronic 1:20
< 8 >	Boulevard 4:5	2:9	ELLIOTT 1:14
8 6:4	BRAHMA 1:6	Counterdefendant	ENERGY 1:3 2:1,
89052 4:17	2:6, 9, 18 3:1, 11	2:15	13 3:5 4:3
89074 4:10	4:8, 13 5:10, 13	COUNTY 1: <i>1</i> 2: <i>1</i>	enjoy 9:20
89118 4:5	briefed 5:15	COURT 1:1, 24	EQUIPMENT 3:1
	BRIMLEY 4:9	2:1 5:5, 8, 17, 23	ERIC 4:9
< 9 >	brought 5:25	7:9, 14, 19 8:7, 9,	EXCERPT 1:13
934 1:24 10:14		12, 15 9:6, 9, 11, 15	expressly 7:11
	< C >	10:14	extent 9:2
< A >	calendar 8:20	cover 6:14	extremely 5:11
ability 10:6	caption 1:8	crashed 6:6	ezimbelman@peelbr
accept 9:9	Case 1:3 2:5	CV 1:6 2:5	imley.com 4:11
accurate 10:5			
	I	1	l

	<u> </u>	1 031	
	inclusive 2:15, 24	lot 8:3	party 5:19, 24 6:9,
< F >	3:8, 16	lots 6:7	10, 10, 14, 16, 23
fact 7:2	independent 5:7		7:25 8:1
federal 5:8	6:19	< M >	PEEL 4:9
FIFTH 1:1 2:1	indispensable 5:19	market 6:6	pending 5:8
filing 7:10	6:15	mean 7:16	personally 6:2
findings 7:2	intending 8:2	minutes 8:12	persuasive 5:16
Fine 8:7 9:8	issue 5:17, 21 8:3	motion 6:21, 25	6:13
flown 6:11	issued 6:14	8:17 9:5, 11	PHILIP 4:18
foregoing 10:4		mutually 9:2	Plaintiff 1:3 2:4,
forward 6:22	< J >	J	18 3:12
full 1:8 6:4 10:4	Jan 8:25	< N >	Plaintiff-in-Interven
	January 8:24 9:1	necessary 5:18	tion 3:1
<g></g>	JEREMY 4:16	6:15	PLANTS 2:18 3:6,
General 4:11	jkilber@weildrage.c	need 7:14, 17 9:4	14 4:13
gentlemen 9:15	om 4:18	NEVADA 1:1, 6,	pleasure 9:16
getting 8:21	joinder 7:10	14, 24 2:1, 6, 9, 18,	PMK 8:24
give 8:24	JUDGE 1:14	22 3:1, 6, 11, 14	point 5:16
given 7:12	JUDICIAL 1:1	4:5, 10, 17 5:1	pointed 5:23
giving 8:22	2:1	10:14	position 5:6
go 6:5, 22	2.1	New 4:21, 21	prepare 7:1, 7
going 8:16, 22 9:1	< K >	November 1:14	probben@kelleydry
grant 6:21	KELLEY 4:20	5:2	e.com 4:22
GROUP 1:6 2:6,	KILBER 4:16	NRS 5:23	proceed 6:25
9, 18 3:1, 11 4:8,	kind 7:3	NYE 1:1 2:1	PROCEEDINGS
13	know 5:11, 11, 16,	1112 1.1 2.1	1:13, 20
guess 7:19	19, 24, 25 6:1, 2, 3,	<0>	produced 1:21
GUNN 4:4	5, 6, 20 7:3, 4, 5, 6,	objection 7:10, 16	production 8:23
GOTAT 1.7	11, 15, 22, 23, 24, 25	8:5	projects 6:7
< H >	8:3, 5 9:16, 17	obviously 9:2	put 8:18
hand 5:14 10:7	knowledge 5:12	Okay 8:8	put 0.10
happy 7:7	Knowicuge 3.12	oOo 5:3	< Q >
hear 6:1	<l></l>	order 5:12 7:2, 8	quality 9:17
hearing 7:25	Las 4:5 7:21	8:4, 4, 19 9:11	question 5:7
held 8:25	law 6:18	ought 7:5	question 3.7
Henderson 4:10, 17	lawyers 9:17	outstanding 9:11	< R >
hey 7:20	legal 5:20	overruled 7:10	Rainbow 4:5
high 9:17	liability 1:3 2:3,	owed 5:13	really 6:9, 15, 17
history 7:13	13 3:5	owes 5:10	9:16
HOME 2:22 3:6,	Lien 2:11	3,,55 3,10	recess 6:24 8:9, 13
14 4:15	limited 1:3 2:3, 13	< P >	recession 6:3
Honor 8:11, 14	3:5	pages 1:8 10:4	record 7:15 8:18
9:14, 21	LLC 1:3 2:1, 13	Pahrump 1:14 5:1	recorded 1:20
hook 6:8	3:5 4:3, 4	Park 4:20	recording 1:20
housing 6:6	LLP 4:9, 20	Parker 1:24 10:3,	10:5
HUDGINS 4:4	long 7:13	13	regard 9:11
1102 011 10 111	look 6:12, 20 7:22	particularly 6:2	reject 5:14
< I >	looked 6:2	7:12	Reporter 1:24
important 7:24	looking 6:17	parties 9:10	10:14
important 7.27	looks 5:10	Farmer	requirement 5:21
poseu > , ,	100110		
	I		I

	<u> </u>	37,	\neg
requiring 5:17	Thank 5:5 8:11	WITNESS 10:7	
resolve 9:4	9:13, 14, 15, 18, 19,	work 9:1	
	21		
respectively 7:9		worked 8:17	
right 5:5 8:1, 9	THERMOSOLAR	writing 7:5	
9:9	2:18 3:6, 14 4:13		
ROBBEN 4:18	thing 6:22 7:3	< Y >	
5:22 9:6, 8, 14, 19	things 6:9	York 4:21, 21	
ROE 2:14, 23 3:8,	think 5:20 6:13,		
16	19 7:5, 12, 17 8:17	< Z >	
RPR 1:24 10:13	Third-Party 2:18,	ZIMBELMAN 4:9	
ruled 7:16	$\begin{vmatrix} 25 \end{vmatrix}$	6:1 7:1, 7 8:2, 8,	
7.10	thoughts 7:20	11, 14, 15, 16 9:13,	
< S >	time 8:3	20	
Serene 4:10	today 7:11	ZIMMERMAN	
service 1:21	TOE 2:15 3:8	4:11	
SERVICES 3:1	TONOPAH 1:3		
short 6:24	2:1, 13 3:5 4:3		
sic 6:23 7:23	tot 6:20		
skill 10:6	totality 6:20		
SOLAR 1:3 2:1,	Transcribed 1:24		
13 3:5 4:3	10:6		
solvent 6:10	TRANSCRIPT		
I .			
somebody 5:24	1:13, 21 10:5		
sorry 5:9	transcription 1:21		
sound 1:20	treat 9:18		
South 4:5	true 10:4		
speak 6:11	TSA 5:9 6:22		
Specifically 8:21	7:23		
spend 8: <i>3</i>	TSE 5:10, 10, 11,		
stand 8:9	18 7:10, 25 8:5		
started 6:3			
stated 7:12	< V >		
statute 6:12, 21	valid 5:16		
stay 5:17, 21 6:22	valuable 5:12		
STEVEN 1:14	Vegas 4:5 7:21		
stipulation 9:10	Village 4:17		
Subsection 5:23	vs 1:3 2:5, 12, 18		
substantial 8:23	3:1, 13		
Suite 4:5, 10, 17			
surety 2:22 3:7, 15	< W >		
survive 6:19	want 8:18		
swing 6:4	WARREN 4:20		
	WEIL 4:16		
< T >	WEINBERG 4:4		
take 6:24 8:19	Well 5:5 7:19, 23		
taken 8:13	9:9, 20		
talk 6:1	-		
	went 6:5, 7, 7		
talking 7:23	we're 8:19 9:1		
talks 5:24	we've 8:17		
TENANTS 2:15	WHEELER 4:4		
3:8			
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702-476-4500	OASIS REPORTIN	G SERVICES, LLC Page	. 2

EXHIBIT 29

GEOFFREY CRISP, ESQ. 1 Nevada Bar No. 2104 2 JEREMY R. KILBER, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 10643 3 WEIL & DRAGE, APC 861 Coronado Center Dr., Ste. 231 4 Henderson, NV 89052 5 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909 6 gcrisp@weildrage.com jkilber@weildrage.com 7 Attorneys for Proposed Defendants-Intervenors, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., 8 and AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY 9 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 10 DISTRICT OF NEVADA 11 BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada Case No. 2:18-cv-01747-RFB-EJY 12 Corporation, 13 Plaintiff, REPLY IN FURTHER SUPPORT OF MOTION TO INTERVENE AS 14 **DEFENDANTS** VS. 15 TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a 16 Delaware Limited Liability Company; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I **17** through X, 18 Defendants. 19 TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC a 20 Delaware limited liability company; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I 21 through X, 22 Counter-claimants, 23 VS. 24 BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada 25 corporation, 26 Counter-defendant. 27 28 Page 1 of 9 {01649938;1}

Case 2:18-cv-01747-RFB-EJY Document 69 Filed 12/09/19 Page 1 of 9

WEIL & DRAGE ATTORNEYS AT LAW
PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
(61 Coronado Center Dr., #231
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909

1	REPLY IN FURTHER SUPPORT OF MOTION TO INTERVENE AS DEFENDANTS	
2	COMES NOW the Proposed Defendants-Intervenors, COBRA THERMOSOLAR	
3	PLANTS, INC. ("Cobra") and AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY ("AHAC"), by	
4	and through their attorneys of record, the law firm of WEIL & DRAGE, APC, and for the reasons	
5	set forth herein, hereby submit their Reply in further support of their Motion to Intervene as	
6	Defendants [ECF No. 56].	
7	This Motion is based upon the Pleadings and Papers on file, the attached Points and	
8	Authorities, the accompanying proposed Answer in Intervention, and oral argument to be made by	
9	counsel at any Hearing of this matter.	
10	DATED this 9 th day of December, 2019.	
11	WEIL & DRAGE, APC	
12	/s/ Jeremy R. Kilber	
13	By:	
14	Nevada Bar No. 2104 Jeremy R. Kilber, Esq.	
15	Nevada Bar No. 10643	
16	861 Coronado Center Dr., Ste. 231 Henderson, NV 89052	
17	Attorneys for Proposed Defendants-Intervenors, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.,	
18	and AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY	
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28 WEIL & DRAGE ATTORNEYS ATLAW APROTESSIONAL COMPORATION 861 Corenado Centre Dr., #231 Hendesson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909 www.weildrage.com	{01649938;1} Page 2 of 9	

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WEIL & DRAGE

51 Coronado Center Dr., #231 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS & AUTHORITIES

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT¹

In their moving papers in support of their Motion to Intervene (the "Motion"), Cobra and AHAC demonstrated that they meet the requirements necessary to intervene as a right under Fed. R. Civ. P. 24(a). Indeed, because the Cobra Surety Bond guarantees payment of whatever amount Brahma may prove it is owed by TSE, Cobra and AHAC bear all the downside risk. So, there is a substantial danger that TSE, which is locked in a contentious arbitration with Cobra, will either lack the incentive to oppose Brahma's claims, or will protect its litigation position in the arbitration at the expense of its defense against Brahma's claims. At the very least, TSE has nowhere near the incentive to aggressively oppose Brahma's claims that Cobra and AHAC have in this action.

Brahma's opposition does not contest any of this. It cannot. Instead, Brahma bizarrely asks that the Court deny the motion based on a theory that Cobra, a Nevada company, cannot intervene without destroying diversity because it is an indispensable party. This notion is fundamentally flawed. The Court should reject it.

This is not the first case where a non-diverse party sought to join a diversity case to protect its vital interests. Not surprisingly, there is a rule for this. In Mattel, Inc. v. Bryant, 446 F.3d 1011 (9th Cir. 2006), the Ninth Circuit held that a non-diverse party can intervene in a diversity case if they were not an indispensable party at the time the plaintiff filed the case. The rule is meant to discourage collusive non-joinder by which a plaintiff might illegitimately obtain access to federal court. Here, Cobra was not an indispensable party when Brahma filed this action. Rather, Cobra (and AHAC) had no interest in the case at all at that point because the Cobra Surety Bond did not vet exist.

Faced with this dispositive temporal obstacle, Brahma urges the Court to ignore the filing date and focus on the date of removal because by that point the Cobra Surety Bond, albeit in a lower amount, did exist. There is no basis for a "date-of-removal" rule, and Brahma points to none. The date of removal is not relevant to the goal of the rule—i.e., to prevent a plaintiff's

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¹ Capitalized terms not otherwise defined in this Reply have the definition given them in Cobra and AHAC's October 18, 2019 Motion. (Dkt. No. 56.)

Case 2:18-cv-01747-RFB-EJY Document 69 Filed 12/09/19 Page 4 of 9

collusive non-joinder to illegitimately gain access to federal court. Of course, collusive non-joinder will rarely, likely never, be an issue in removed cases because those cases, by definition, start out in state court. And cases that have analyzed the intervention of non-diverse parties in removed, diversity cases do not support the notion that indispensability should be determined as of the date of removal. Rather, the date of filing controls no matter how the case came to rest in federal court. The Court should do likewise and assess Cobra's status as of the date Brahma originally filed this action, not the day TSE removed it.

Moreover, Brahma's newly-contrived contrived indispensability argument should be rejected as an attempt to once again undermine the court's jurisdiction. If Brahma believed that Cobra and AHAC were indispensable parties, it could have – and should have – made that argument in September 2018 when TSE removed the case to federal court. Brahma did not. At best, Brahma's new position that Cobra and AHAC are indispensable parties is merely another senseless run at getting this case remanded to state court. The Court should—again—put an end to Brahma's gamesmanship and permit Cobra and AHAC to intervene.

Therefore, as summarized above and discussed at greater length below, Brahma's opposition to Cobra and AHAC's motion does not withstand scrutiny. The Court should, therefore, grant the Motion so that Cobra and AHAC may participate in this action and directly protect their significant interests without having to rely on TSE to do it for them.

II. ARGUMENT

A. COBRA AND AHAC WERE NOT INDISPENSIBLE AT THE TIME BRAHMA FILED THE COMPLAINT

The Ninth Circuit has held that indispensability is determined at the time of filing. Brahma improperly claims that a party's indispensability is determined at the time of removal. (Mot. 8-9.) Brahma has no support for this contention. Indeed, Brahma does not cite to a single case where a nondiverse party seeks to intervene after the case has already been removed under diversity. Instead, Brahma cites only to the law that *removal* based on diversity jurisdiction is determined at

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WEIL & DRAGE ATTORNEYS AT LAW A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 161 COronado Center Dr., #231 Henderson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909

Page 4 of 9

Case 2:18-cv-01747-RFB-EJY Document 69 Filed 12/09/19 Page 5 of 9

the time of removal. (Opp. at 8.)² However, a court's analysis for removal is different from determining whether to recognize a nondiverse party's right to intervene.

Contrary to Brahma's incorrect contention, the *Mattel* decision specifies that the indispensability inquiry looks at the time of filing. In Mattel, Inc. v. Bryant, Mattel sued its former employee, Bryant, in state court for breach of an employment agreement. Bryant removed the action to federal court under diversity jurisdiction. See 441 F. Supp. 2d 1081, 1091-94 (C.D. Cal. 2005). In assessing whether removal was proper, the district court analyzed its jurisdiction at the time of removal. Id. at 1093. Afterwards, a competitor (and Bryant's new employer), sought to intervene as a non-diverse defendant. After finding that the competitor's intervention was proper under Rule 24(a)(2), the district court held that "unless it was 'indispensable' under Rule 19(b) at the time Mattel filed the Complaint, [the competitor] did not destroy diversity by intervening." Id. at 1095 (emphasis added). Because the competitor was not indispensable at the time Mattel filed the complaint, the court found that "the post-removal intervention of a non-diverse, nonindispensable defendant" would not destroy diversity. Id. at 1098. The Ninth Circuit affirmed. See Mattel, Inc. v. Bryant, 446 F.3d 1011, 1014 (9th Cir. 2006). The Ninth Circuit rule is consistent with that applied in the other circuits. See, e.g., 15 Moore's Federal Practice § 102.16(2)(b)(ii) ("The addition of a dispensable, nondiverse party who did not have an interest in the original complaint at the time it was filed does not destroy diversity jurisdiction.").

Other courts have similarly found, in situations such as this one, that intervention of a non-diverse party in a removed, diversity jurisdiction case does not defeat the court's jurisdiction so long as the non-diverse party was dispensable at the filing of the complaint. *See, e.g., McCormick v. McCrary*, No. 3:09-cv-0034-HRH, 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 152197, at *8 (D. Alaska May 11, 2010) (in a diversity removal proceeding, analyzing whether a non-diverse party was indispensable to the action at the time it was commenced); *JMA Energy Co., LLC v. BJ Servs. Co. USA*, No. CIV-08-738-M, 2009 WL 1856216, at *3 (W.D. Ok. June 26, 2009) (analyzing, in a

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² See Miller v. Grgurich, 763 F.2d 372, 373 (9th Cir. 1985) (analyzing an action for removal based on diversity

jurisdiction); Strotek Corp. v. Air Transport Ass'n. cf America, 300 F.3d 1129, 1131 (9th Cir. 2002) (same); Takeda v. Northwestern Nat. L fe Ins. Co., 765 F.2d 815 (9th Cir. 1985) (same).

Case 2:18-cv-01747-RFB-EJY Document 69 Filed 12/09/19 Page 6 of 9

diversity removal case, whether a non-diverse party was indispensable at the time the action commenced); In re Brand Name Prescription Drugs Antitrust Litig., No. 94 C 897, 1996 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 18818, at *13-15 (N.D. Ill. Dec. 16, 1996) (finding that, after removal, the intervenors were not indispensable parties at the time the suit was filed, and thus should not deprive the court of diversity jurisdiction).

Here, as in Mattel, Cobra and AHAC were dispensable—not indispensable—parties at the time Brahma filed its original complaint in state court on July 17, 2018. See ECF No. 55, p. 2 (citing ECF No. 1-1). Cobra first recorded the Cobra Surety Bond issued by AHAC, the basis upon which Cobra and AHAC premise their intervention, on September 6, 2018. See ECF No. 16-11. Prior to recording the Cobra Surety Bond, Cobra and AHAC had no interest in this case. Brahma's claims against TSE were for breach of contract, breach of the implied covenant, unjust enrichment, and violation of NRS 624. See ECF No. 1-1. Thus, on July 17, 2018, the date the complaint was filed, Cobra and AHAC were dispensable parties to this action. Brahma does not contest this fact. And the Court should, accordingly, grant the Motion.

В. ANALYZING INDISPENSABILITY AT THE TIME OF REMOVAL WOULD NOT PREVENT GAMESMANSHIP

Analyzing indispensability at the filing of the complaint, rather than the time of removal, makes sense because it prevents parties from gaming the system, a deterrent that would not exist if analyzed from the time of removal. Rather, examining whether the intervenor was "indispensable" when the action was filed "prevent[s] collusion between parties to avoid jurisdictional requirements." Mut. Fire, Marine & Inland Ins. Co., 726 F. Supp. at 481. "If the rule were otherwise, the requirement of complete diversity could be avoided by having one party bring an action while the indispensable party waits and then intervenes as of right under the court's ancillary jurisdiction." Id. For example, in Mattel, the Ninth Circuit noted that "collusion with the plaintiff is manifestly absent", and as such, the "diversity required by 28 U.S.C. § 1332 is satisfied together with the judge-made rule of complete diversity and the judge-made exception for a non-indispensable defendant-intervenor." 446 F.3d at 1013.

Page 6 of 9

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WEIL & DRAGE 1 Coronado Center Dr., #231

Phone: (702) 314-1905 Fax: (702) 314-1909

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Case 2:18-cv-01747-RFB-EJY Document 69 Filed 12/09/19 Page 7 of 9

Here, there is no allegation that the parties colluded to avoid the requirement of complete diversity to obtain access to federal court. Nor would such a suggestion make sense given that Brahma initiated the case in state court. Indeed, because the case was removed from state court, there is a "prima facie absence of effort by the plaintiff to circumvent the complete diversity requirement." Mattel, 441 F. Supp. 2d at 1096 (citing Joan Steinman, Supplemental Jurisdiction in § 1441 Removed Cases: An Unsurveyed Frontier of Congress' Handiwork, 35 Ariz. L. Rev. 305, 347 (1993)).

Moreover, Brahma's argument for assessing indispensability as of removal should be rejected because looking at the time of removal makes no sense. The date of removal is not relevant to the goal of the rule—*i.e.*, to prevent a plaintiff's collusive non-joinder to illegitimately gain access to federal court. Of course, collusive non-joinder will rarely, likely never, be an issue in removed cases because those cases, by definition, start out in state court. And cases that have analyzed the intervention of non-diverse parties in removed, diversity cases do not support the notion that indispensability should be determined as of the date of removal. Rather, the date of filing controls no matter how the case came to rest in federal court. The Court should do likewise and assess Cobra's status as of the date Brahma originally filed this action, not the day TSE removed it.

BRAHMA'S NEWLY-CONTRIVED INDISPENSABILITY ARGUMENT SHOULD BE REJECTED AS AN ATTEMPT TO ONCE AGAIN UNDERMINE THE COURT'S JURISDICTION

Brahma's claim that Cobra is an indispensable party has no basis. Brahma's prior arguments in this case confirm as much. If Brahma believed that Cobra and AHAC were indispensable parties, it could have – and should have – made that argument in September 2018 when TSE removed the case to federal court. Brahma did not. Nor did Brahma allege that Cobra and AHAC are indispensable in its affirmative defenses to TSE's counterclaims. (*See* Dkt. 10 at 5-6.) Brahma surely would have argued this point before, when it was trying to legitimize its forum shopping, if it felt there was any validity to it since the failure to join an indispensable party would have required the Court to dismiss this case. *See, e.g., Takeda v. Northwestern Nat'l Life*

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Page 7 of 9

WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS ATLAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
861 Coronado Center Dr., #231
Henderson, NV 89052
Phone: (702) 314-1905
Fax: (702) 314-1909
www.weildrage.com

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Case 2:18-cv-01747-RFB-EJY Document 69 Filed 12/09/19 Page 8 of 9

Ins. Co., 765 F.2d 815, 821 (9th Cir. 1985).

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At best, Brahma's new position that Cobra and AHAC are indispensable parties is merely another senseless run at getting this case remanded to state court. If the Court were to find that Cobra and AHAC are indispensable, Brahma's next step will likely be to make a motion to remand the case back to state court based on un-joined "indispensable" parties. The Court already found that Brahma's forum shopping was an attempt to subvert the Court's jurisdiction over this case. (Dkt. 55 at 8.) The Court should—again—put an end to Brahma's gamesmanship and permit Cobra and AHAC, which Brahma admits are necessary parties to this action, to intervene to protect their vital interests.

III. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, and those discussed in their Moving Brief, Cobra and AHAC respectfully request that the Court grant their Motion to Intervene in this action as of right under Fed. R. Civ. P. 24(a), or the alternative, under to Fed. R. Civ. P. 24(b), and to grant them such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

DATED this 9th day of December, 2019.

WEIL & DRAGE, APC

/s/ Jeremy R. Kilber

By:

Geoffrey Crisp, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 2104 Jeremy R. Kilber, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10643 861 Coronado Center Dr., Ste. 231 Henderson, NV 89052

Attorneys for Proposed Defendants-Intervenors, COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC., and AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE

COMPANY

WEIL & DRAGE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
861 CORROAD CORPORATION
161 CORROAD CORPORATION
161 CORROAD CORPORATION
161 CORROAD CORPORATION
162 CORPORATION
163 CORPORATION
164 CORPORATION
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Page 8 of 9

1	<u>CER</u>	TIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I hereby certify that on the 9 th day of December, 2019, a true and correct copy of the	
3	foregoing REPLY IN FURTHER SUPPORT OF MOTION TO INTERVENE AS	
4	DEFENDANTS was made this date by electronically filing through the CM/ECF Filing System	
5	and therefore served upon all counsel of	of record via ECF Notification:
6		
7	Richard L. Peel Esq. Eric B. Zimbelman, Esq.	D. Lee Roberts, Jr., Esq. Colby L. Balkenbusg, Esq.
8	Ronald J. Cox, Esq.	Ryan T. Gormley, Esq. Weinberg, Wheeler, Hudgins, Gunn & Dial,
9	Peel Brimley, LLP 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200	LLC
10	Henderson, Nevada 89074 Attorneys for Brahma Group Inc.	6385 South Rainbow Blvd., Suite 400 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
11	The meyer for Brahma Group The.	Attorneys for Defendant/ Counterclaimant Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC
12		
13		/s/ Joanna Medina
14		
15		Joanna Medina, an Employee of WEIL & DRAGE, APC
16		
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28		
WEIL & DRAGE ATTORNEYS AT LAW APROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 861 COronado Cenner Dr., #231 Henderson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 314-1905 Pax: (702) 314-1909 www.weildrage.com	{01649938;1}	Page 9 of 9

EXHIBIT 30

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 3333 E. SERENE AVENUE, STE. 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 990-7272 + FAX (702) 990-7273

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FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

JAN 1 3 2020

Terri Pembertori Deputy

ORDR 1 RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ. 2 Nevada Bar No. 4359 ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN, ESQ. 3 Nevada Bar No. 9407 RONALD J. COX, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12723 4 PEEL BRIMLEY LLP 5 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571 6 Telephone: (702) 990-7272 Facsimile: (702) 990-7273 7 rpeel@peelbrimley.com ezimbelman@peelbrimley.com

Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc.

rcox@peelbrimley.com

FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

NYE COUNTY	, NEVADA
TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Plaintiff, vs.	CASE NO.: CV 39348 Consolidated with: Case No. CV39799 DEPT. NO.: 2
BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation, Defendant. BRAHMA GROUP, INC., a Nevada corporation,	ORDER DENYING COBRA THERMOSOLAR PLANTS, INC.'S AND AMERICAN HOME ASSURANCE COMPANY'S MOTION TO STAY
Lien/Bond Claimant,	
vs.	
TONOPAH SOLAR ENERGY LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; BOE BONDING COMPANIES I through X; DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X; and TOE TENANTS I through X, inclusive,	
Counter-Defendants,	

On November 21, 2019, Cobra Thermosolar Plants, Inc.'s ("Cobra") and American Home Assurance Company's ("AHAC")¹ Motion to Stay ("Motion") was heard by the Honorable Senior Judge Steven Elliott (the "Hearing"). Jeremy Kilber, Esq. of the law firm of Weil & Drage, APC

¹ Cobra and AHAC are referred to herein collectively as the "Cobra Parties."

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and Philip D. Robben, Esq., of the law firm of Kelley Drye & Warren LLP, admitted pro hac vice, appeared on behalf of Defendants/Third Party Defendants Cobra and AHAC; Eric B. Zimbelman, Esq. of Peel Brimley LLP appeared on behalf of Defendant/Counterclaim Plaintiff Brahma Group, Inc. ("Brahma"), and Colby L. Balkenbush, Esq. of Weinberg, Wheeler, Hudgins, Gunn & Dial, LLC appeared on behalf of Plaintiff Tonopah Solar Energy, LLC ("TSE"), who was permitted to submit a Joinder and argue at the Hearing over Brahma's objection.²

The Court, having considered the Motion, Brahma's Opposition to the Motion ("Opposition"), TSE's Joinder to the Motion, and the Cobra Parties' Reply, and having heard argument of counsel at the Hearing, hereby ORDERS as follows, having rendered its oral decision from the bench on November 21, 2019.

II. FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS.

A. FINDINGS OF FACT.

- This case has a lengthy history, the entirety of which need not be repeated here. 1. Brahma recorded a Notice of Lien ("Lien") against the Tonopah Solar Facility (the "Work of Improvement")3 in the amount of \$12,859,577.74, as amended, and sought to enforce the Lien against the Work of Improvement by way of a Foreclosure of Lien Claim in Case No. CV 39348. Brahma also asserted various additional claims against TSE, including breach of contract, breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing, and violations of NRS 624 (the "TSE Claims").
- Subsequently, the Cobra Parties recorded a surety bond pursuant to NRS 108.2415 (the "Surety Bond") to replace and release the Work of Improvement as security for the Lien. Upon the recordation of the Surety Bond, the Lien attached to the Surety Bond.
- On April 17, 2019, this Court entered a Stipulation and Order in Case No. CV39348 3. ("April 17 Stipulation"), whereby Cobra agreed that (i) Brahma "shall be entitled to file (without Cobra contesting, disputing or opposing) BGI's Consolidated Amended Pleading," (ii) "Cobra's

² Brahma objected to TSE's participation in the proceedings on the grounds that (1) TSE requested and received from this Court an Order staying all claims against TSE pending the outcome of certain motions then pending in the United States District Court for the District of Nevada (the "Federal Court") in Case No. 2:18-CV-01747-RFB-GWF (the "Federal Court Action"), (2) TSE requested and received from the Federal Court an Order enjoining Plaintiff from litigating its claims against TSE in the state courts of Nevada and (3) TSE has refused to participate in (i) the Early Case Conference, (ii) preparation of the Joint Case Conference Report and (iii) discovery in this action.

³ Brahma's Notice of Lien had also attached to some, but not all, of the real property on which the Work of Improvement sits.

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counsel shall accept service of [Brahma's] Consolidated Amended Pleading," and (iii) Cobra shall file an Answer to the Consolidated Amended Pleading within 20 days ...".

- This Court subsequently consolidated Case No. CV39799 with Case No. CV 39348 ("Consolidated Action"), and Cobra filed an answer in the Consolidated Action.
- Brahma seeks recovery against the Cobra Parties and the Surety Bond for the lienable amount due and owing to Brahma (the "Claim on Surety Bond") pursuant to NRS 108.221 to 108.246, et. seq.
- On September 29, 2019, the Federal Court enjoined Brahma "from litigating [only] 6. the following claims alleged against [TSE] in any state court action: 1) breach of contract, 2) breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing and 3) violation of NRS 624" (collectively, the "Enjoined Claims").
- 7. While the Federal Court enjoined Brahma from prosecuting the Enjoined Claims in the Consolidated Action (the "Federal Court Injunction"), it did not enjoin Brahma from prosecuting the Claim against Surety Bond in the Consolidated Action.
- Although the Claim on Surety Bond has been pending in this Court since September 8. 25, 2018 (and the Cobra Parties have fully participated in the Consolidated Action, as parties, since then), the Cobra Parties filed (i) the instant Motion with this Court on October 16, 2019, and (ii) a Motion to Intervene in the Federal Court Action on October 18, 2019, seeking to require Brahma to pursue its Surety Bond Claim in that forum. The Cobra Parties' Motion to Intervene is pending.
- Cobra now asks this Court to stay Brahma's Claim on Surety Bond indefinitely, or at a minimum, until the Federal Court rules on the Motion to Intervene in the Federal Court Action. For the reasons set forth below, this Court denies the Motion.
- Any finding of fact herein that is more appropriately deemed a conclusion of law shall be treated as such.

B. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

NRS 108.213 to 108.2425 (the "Bonding Statute") creates an independent cause of 1. action against a surety bond, the bond principal and the surety. Specifically, NRS 108.2421 provides:

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A lien claimant is entitled to bring an action against the principal and surety on the surety bond and the lien claimant's debtor in any court of competent jurisdiction that is located within the county where the property upon which the work of improvement is located.

- By posting the Surety Bond pursuant to NRS 108.2415(1), the Cobra Parties caused 2. Brahma's Lien (recorded against the Work of Improvement) to be released.⁴ Brahma's Lien now attaches to the Surety Bond, which (i) replaces the Work of Improvement as security for Brahma's Lien,5 and (ii) entitles Brahma to bring its action against the Surety Bond in this Court.
- Further, by (i) posting the Surety Bond, (ii) entering the April 17 Stipulation and 3. (iii) filing its Answer the Cobra Parties have submitted themselves to the jurisdiction of this Court and appointed the Clerk of the Court as their agent pursuant to NRS 108.2423 which provides in part:

By entering into a surety bond given pursuant to NRS 108.2415, the principal and surety submit themselves to the jurisdiction of the court in which an action or suit is pending on a notice of lien on the property described in the surety bond, and the principal and surety irrevocably appoint the clerk of that court as their agent upon whom any papers affecting the liability on the surety bond may be served. The liability of the principal may be established by the court in the pending action.

- Cobra (not TSE) is the Surety Bond principal against whom Brahma has a claim and against whom Brahma seeks a judgment, along with the surety (AHAC) and the Surety Bond, in the county in which the Work of Improvement is located. While Brahma also has claims against TSE, those contract-based claims were removed to the Federal Court and now reside there exclusively by virtue of the Federal Court Injunction.
- 5. While Brahma has now been required to pursue the TSE Claims in Federal Court, there is nothing in Nevada's Lien Statute that obligates Brahma to pursue its Claim on Surety Bond in the Federal Court. Similarly, nothing in Nevada's Lien Statute requires Brahma to wait to proceed on its claim against the Surety Bond and the Cobra Parties while it pursues the TSE Claims against TSE in Federal Court.
- 6. The Cobra Parties argue that NRS 108.2421 requires a lien claimant (such as Brahma) to bring an action against its debtor (here, TSE) in the same action as it brings its Claim

⁴ See NRS 108.2413 ("A lien claimant's lien rights or notice of lien may be released upon the posting of a surety bond in the manner provided in NRS 108.2415 to 108.2425, inclusive.").

⁵ See NRS 108.2415(6)(a) ("the surety bond shall be deemed to replace the property as security for the lien.").

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on Surety Bond against the Surety Bond, the bond principal (Cobra) and the surety (AHAC). The Court does not find this argument to be persuasive. Nothing in NRS 108.2421 mandates that a lien claimant must bring an action against its debtor in the same action as the principal and surety who caused a surety bond to be issued. To the contrary, NRS 108.2421 simply confirms that a lien claimant is "entitled to bring an action against ... the lien claimant's debtor in any court of competent jurisdiction that is located within the county where the property upon which the work of improvement is located."

- 7. The Court is personally aware of instances in which contractors have become insolvent or otherwise judgment proof and, like here, their bonding companies were required to stand in their shoes and defend claims against the contractors in the forum "where the property upon which the work of improvement is located."
- 8. Accordingly, the Court does not find that TSE is a necessary or indispensable party and finds that the Consolidated Action can proceed even though TSE is not a party.
- 9. Any conclusion of law herein that is more appropriately deemed a finding of fact shall be treated as such.

NOW THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Cobra Parties' Motion to Stay is **DENIED**.

Dated this 10 day December 2019.

Submitted by:

PEEL BRIMLEY LLP

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RICHARD L. PEEL, ESQ. (NV Bar No. 4359) ERIC B. ZIMBELMAN, ESQ. (NV Bar No. 9407) RONALD J. COX, ESQ. (NV Bar No. 12723) 3333 E. Serene Avenue, Suite 200

26 Henderson, Nevada 89074-6571 Attorneys for Brahma Group, Inc. 27

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