IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

KORTE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY dba THE KORTE COMPANY, a Missouri corporation,

Appellant,

VS.

STATE OF NEVADA ON RELATION OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE NEVADA SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION, ON BEHALF OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS, a Constitutional entity of the State of Nevada,

Respondent.

NO. 80736

District Court Electronically Filed Case No. A-17-763262916 2020 01:08 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

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JA0384-JA0413

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

UPA 1, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,

Plaintiff,

VS.

THE KORTE COMPANY, a Missouri corporation,

Defendant.

KORTE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY dba THE KORTE COMPANY, a Missouri corporation,

Plaintiff,

V.

UPA1 LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; BRIDGWAY ADVISORS, a California corporation; STATE OF NEVADA ON RELATION OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE NEVADA SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION, ON BEHALF OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS, a Constitutional entity of the State of

Nevada; WELLS FARGO BANK

Consolidated Case No. A-17-763262-B

Consolidated with, A-18-768969-B

Dept. No. 16

Consolidated Case No. A-18-767674-C

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4JA0384

NORTHWEST, N.A., AS TRUSTEE OF THE UNLV STUDENT HOUSING PHASE I PASS THROUGH TRUST UNDER THE PASS-THROUGH TRUST AGREEMETN AND DECLARATION OF TRUST, a federal bank institution, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive.

Defendants.

THE KORTE COMPANY'S OPPOSITION TO THE STATE OF NEVADA ON RELATION OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE NEVADA SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION, ON BEHALF OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND UPA 1, LLC'S LIMITED JOINDER THERETO

Comes now, Korte Construction Company dba The Korte Company ("Korte"), by and through its counsel, and opposes the State of Nevada ex rel. the Board of Regents of the Nevada System of Higher Education, on behalf of the University of Nevada, Las Vegas' ("UNLV") Motion for Summary Judgment and UPA 1, LLC's Joinder thereto. This Opposition is supported by the pleadings, papers, and orders on file herein, the following memorandum of points and authorities, the Affidavit of Greg Korte, the Affidavit of Todd Korte, the Declaration of Sarah Thomas, Esq. and all exhibits attached thereto, and any oral argument the Court may entertain.

Dated: August 19, 2019 MEAD LAW GROUP LLP

Leon F. Mead II, Esq. NV Bar #5719 Sarah M. Thomas, Esq. NV Bar #13725 Attorneys for Korte Construction Company dba The Korte Company

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. Introduction

In its Motion for Summary Judgement (the "Motion"), UNLV argues that Korte's unjust enrichment claim against it should be dismissed and judgment should be granted in its favor. In support of this argument, UNLV relies on case law from other jurisdictions, especially in a failed attempt to distinguish controlling Nevada case law. UNLV misses one very important point:

Nevada is unlike other jurisdictions. Nevada law favors a contractor's right to secure payment and recognizes the significant up-front investment of time and money that contractors incur when starting a construction project. For this reason, no Nevada case law or statute says that bad faith by an owner is required in the tenant improvement context for a contractor to make an unjust enrichment claim. Nor does Nevada law preclude a contractor from pursuing an unjust enrichment claim against an owner when there is a bond in place to protect the property from mechanic's liens or when there is a contract that governs the work between the contractor and the tenant of the property. UNLV can provide no justification to diverge from controlling Nevada authority.

UNLV's Motion fails to demonstrate that the relevant and controlling Nevada case law does not apply here and fails to demonstrate that no genuine issue of material fact exists entitling it to summary judgment as a matter of law. UNLV's Motion should be denied.

II. Factual Statement

In early 2016, Korte and UPA entered into a "cost-plus with a Guaranteed Maximum Price" contract, a copy of which is attached to the affidavit of Greg Korte as Exhibit A (the "Contract"). The Contract is for the construction of "student housing for UNLV students, plus some associated amenity and retail spaces" (the "Project"). Mot. at 3:24-26. The Project was constructed on property located on the corner of Maryland Parkway and Cottage Grove, commonly known as 4259 S. Maryland Parkway, Las Vegas, Nevada 89119, APN No. 162-22-510-001 through 162-22-510-009 (the "Project Property"). It is undisputed that the Project includes the construction of a large parking garage structure, a gym and other commercial facilities. Mot. at 4:17-21; Korte Affidavit at ¶ 2. After the Project was approximately 50% completed, Korte discovered the Project also constitutes a commercial tenant improvement, as UPA is leasing the property on which the Project is constructed from the Nevada Board of Regents of Higher Education, who owns the land. Korte Affidavit at ¶ 4.

As stated in UNLV's Motion, UNLV and UPA entered into a Project Development Agreement ("PDA") dated May 15, 2015. Mot. at 4:16-17; Declaration of David Frommer

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("Frommer Declaration"), Exhibit 1. In its Motion, UNLV claims that under the PDA, UNLV purchased the property and UPA leased it. Mot. at 4:21-25. However, University Park LLC, UPA's parent company, originally contracted to purchase the property from its then current owner. University Park LLC and UNLV agreed to each participate in covering the purchase price, UNLV bearing \$18,500,000 and University Park LLC contributing \$2,000,000. Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law Regarding UNLV's Joinder to Petition and Order to Show Cause Why Korte Construction Company's Lien Should Not Be Expunged and Order Denying the Same ("FFCL") at ¶ 1, on file herein and attached to the Declaration of Sarah M. Thomas, Esq. as Exhibit A; UNLV Response to UPA 1, LLC's Motion Requesting Court Order to Show Cause Pursuant to NRS 108.2275(1) ("UNLV Response"), Exhibit 1, pg. 002, section 1.1, on file herein.

The PDA contemplated that UNLV, University Park LLC, and Future Phases LLC would collectively develop the Project Property. FFCL at ¶ 6, Thomas Declaration, Exhibit A; Frommer Declaration, Exhibit 1 at pgs. 16-61. The construction of the Project was to be to provide housing for UNLV's students and as well as commercial space that would serve both the student residents and the public. FFCL at ¶ 8, Thomas Declaration, Exhibit A; Lease Agreement attached to PDA, Frommer Declaration at Exhibit 1, Exhibit A attached thereto. at ¶¶ 1.13, 1.14, 1.15. The rent that UPA would pay to UNLV as the tenant and developer of the Project would increase, and UPA would pay the property taxes related to the Project Property, including all increases that occurred with the increased property value due to the construction of the Project. Lease Agreement attached to PDA, Frommer Declaration at Exhibit 1, Exhibit A attached thereto at ¶ 5.1; FCCL at ¶¶ 1-6. Perhaps more than a more traditional tenant improvement, UNLV, as the property owner, received a benefit from the construction of the Project on its property.

In entering into this construction scheme, as Judge Delaney previously determined, UNLV violated either the requirements of NRS 338 to construct the project as a public work, or violated the requirements of NRS 108.234 and 108.2403 to require its tenant UPA to provide posted security for the work of improvement. As noted above, during the course of construction UPA failed to pay Korte according to the Contract terms. At that point, Korte discovered that

Mead Law Group LLP 7201 W Lake Mead Blvd. Suite 550 Las Vegus, NV 89128 T, 702 745-1800 UNLV had failed to require UPA to post security for the work of improvement in violation of NRS 108.2403. Based on this violation, as well as UPA's failure to abide by its payment obligations and wrongful withholding in violation of the Nevada Prompt Payment Act (NRS 624.606, et seq.), Korte stopped work on the Project as authorized under NRS 108.2407 and NRS 624.610.

III. Legal Standard

NRCP 56(c) states summary judgment is appropriate if "the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, and admissions on file, together with the affidavits, if any, show that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and that the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." "A factual dispute is genuine when the evidence is such that a rational jury could return a verdict in the nonmoving party's favor." Estate of Maxey v. Darden, 124 Nev. 447, 454, 187 P.3d 144, 148 (2008).

"The burden of proving the nonexistence of a genuine issue of material fact is on the moving party." Fergason v. LVMPD, 131 Nev. Adv. Op. 94, 364 P.3d 592, 595 (2015). "When the party moving for summary judgment fails to bear his burden of production, the opposing party has no duty to respond on the merits and summary judgment may not be entered against him." Id.

UNLV has failed to meet this burden and erroneously applies the law on unjust enrichment. Therefore, its Motion should be denied as a matter of law.

IV. UNLV is Not Entitled to Judgment as a Matter of Law as to Korte's Unjust Enrichment Claim.

UNLV is not entitled to judgment as a matter of law as to Korte's unjust enrichment claim. "Under Nevada law, unjust enrichment occurs whenever a person has and retains a benefit which in equity and good conscience belongs to another." West Charleston Lofts I, LLC v. R & O Constr. Co., 915 F. Supp. 2d 1191, 1195-95 (quoting In re Amerco Derivative Litig., 252 P.3d 681, 703 (Nev. 2011) and citing Leasepartners Corp. v. Robert L. Brooks Trust Dated Nov. 12, 1975, 113 Nev. 747, 942 P.2d 182, 187 (1997)) (internal quotations omitted)).

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The essential elements of quasi contract are a benefit conferred on the defendant by the plaintiff, appreciation by the defendant of such benefit, and acceptance and retention by the defendant of such benefit under circumstances such that it would be inequitable for him to retain the benefit without payment of the value thereof.

Leasepartners Corp., 113 Nev. at 755, 942 P.2d at 187 (quoting Unionamerica Mtg. v. McDonald, 97 Nev. 210, 212, 626 P.2d 1272, 1273 (1981)) (internal quotations omitted)).

The doctrine of unjust enrichment or recovery in quasi contract applies to situations where there is no legal contract but where the person sought to be charged is in possession of money or property which in good conscience and justice he should not retain but should deliver to another or should pay for.

Leasepartners Corp., 113 Nev. at 756, 942 P.2d at 187 (internal citations omitted).

For the following reasons, UNLV's Motion for Summary Judgment fails and must be denied: (1) the *Leasepartners* case controls here because the written contract between UPA and Korte does not preclude Korte's unjust enrichment claim against UNLV and Korte's knowledge of the true ownership of the Project Property is irrelevant to the analysis; (2) there is no Nevada authority for the idea that the Bond precludes Korte's unjust enrichment claim against UNLV, and existing Nevada case law suggests that Nevada would not adopt such a position; (3) UNLV has failed to establish that there is no genuine issue of material fact that UNLV retained a benefit from Korte's work on the project property; and (4) Nevada law does not require bad faith conduct for a contractor to make an unjust enrichment claim against a landlord in the tenant improvement context, and Nevada's strong policy favoring payment to contractors demonstrates that Nevada would never adopt such a stance.

A. The Contract Between Korte and UPA Does Not Preclude Korte's Unjust Enrichment Claim against UNLV as the *Leasepartners* Case Is Binding Precedent Here.

UNLV fails to distinguish the facts at hand from the controlling precedent set forth by the Nevada Supreme Court in Leasepartners Corp. v. Robert L. Brooks Trust Dated Nov. 12, 1975. Leasepartners clearly demonstrates that UNLV is not entitled to summary judgment as a matter of law. In Leasepartners, the Nevada Supreme Court analyzed whether an assignee of a contractor's interest could recover under unjust enrichment from an owner of property. Notably, in that case the contractor had no contract with the defendant owner. Rather, the contractor only

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had a contract with the owner's tenant. See Leasepartners Corp., 113 Nev. 747, 942 P.2d 182 (1997). In that case, the defendant owner challenged the unjust enrichment claim made by the plaintiff contractor due to the fact that there was a written contract between the tenant and the contractor that governed the work at issue. Id. The Court held that because "a written contract existed between [the owner] and [the lessee] and a written contract existed between [the lessee] and [the contractor]," but no contract existed between the owner and the contractor, the contractor's unjust enrichment claim was not barred. Id. at 756, 187; see also U.S. Bank Nat'l Ass'n v. BDJ Investments, LLC, 2019 WL 1546930 (D. Nev. April 8, 2019) (holding that an unjust enrichment claim is not barred against a defendant where the plaintiff and defendant do not have a contract). The Court also held that, even though the owner was not initially aware of the improvements, and did not want the benefits of the improvements, the assignee of the contractor's rights could still make a claim for unjust enrichment because there was a question of fact as to whether a benefit was actually conferred upon the owner. Id.

The Leasepartners case is directly applicable to and controlling in this case. The facts that existed in Leasepartners that UNLV points out are different from the facts here have no impact on Leasepartners' rationale for its decision or its applicability to the issue in the instant Motion. Specifically, UNLV argues that the fact that, in Leasepartners, the terms of the agreement between the contractor and the tenant conflicted with the terms of the lease agreement between the tenant and the owner -- that the tenant would own the fabricated materials regardless of whether it became affixed to the property – distinguishes Leasepartners from the case at hand. See Mot. at 9-10. This is immaterial to the applicability of the holdings in Leasepartners to this case.

The actual Leasepartners holdings are important here. First, if an owner is conferred a benefit by the contractor's improvements made under a contract with the tenant, unjust enrichment lies. Second, summary judgment is not appropriate where there is conflicting evidence about whether an owner actually received a benefit from work performed by a contractor pursuant to an agreement between a contractor and a tenant. As explained herein, this

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 is the case here. Korte has a contract with UPA, the tenant, and not with UNLV, the owner. Leasepartners is clear that the existence of a contract between a tenant and a contractor does not preclude a contractor from asserting an unjust enrichment claim against the property owner. Indeed, this is consistent with Nevada public policy and case law favoring contractors' right to secure payment. See infra section IV.D.

B. Korte's Knowledge of UNLV's Ownership Interest is Irrelevant.

Korte's knowledge of UNLV's ownership of the property is irrelevant to the analysis. UNLV states that the fact that, in *Leasepartners*, the contractor did not know the party with which it had a contract was not the true owner of the property until it defaulted on the contract, distinguishes it from the case at hand. Mot. at 10:16-22. UNLV claims this means that the contractor in that case "had a completely different position than Korte does here." *Id.* at 10:20-22. UNLV assumes that the Court relied on this fact in holding that the contractor's unjust enrichment claim was not barred in *Leasepartners*. However, this fact is mentioned nowhere in the section of the opinion analyzing the validity of Leasepartners' unjust enrichment claim against the property owner. *See Leasepartners Corp.*, 113 Nev. at 753-756. UNLV cannot point to a random fact from the case not stated to be part of the Court's analysis as support for UNLV's theory that Korte *must* have had no knowledge of UNLV's ownership of the Project Property to maintain an unjust enrichment claim. One thing does not necessarily have anything to do with the other. Indeed, UNLV fails to cite – and cannot cite — to precedent which actually states that the contractor's awareness of the true owner of property precludes an unjust enrichment claim by a contractor in the tenant improvement context.

In any event, Korte had no actual knowledge of UNLV's ownership until approximately halfway through the Project. Korte Affidavit at ¶ 4. UNLV and UPA's arguments that Korte had actual knowledge prior to this time lack merit. UNLV claims that Korte had actual knowledge because "at the very outset of Korte's involvement in the Project, Korte was receiving communications from the [State of Nevada Department of Administration, Public Works Division "SPWD"]." Mot. at 11:17-18. First, it has already been established in this case that the

Project was not a public works project. FFCL at ¶ 3. Second, correspondence from the SPWD does not, in and of itself, demonstrate that Korte had actual knowledge that UPA was not an owner or at least part owner, of the Project. Since the State of Nevada would obviously have a keen interest in safely built improvements to be used primarily by UNLV students regardless of who holds title to the property, the involvement of SPWD does not automatically inform those involved in the Project that the State must be the property owner. UNLV also states, without citing to or attaching any evidentiary support, that "the communications at the outset of the Project expressly indicated that UNLV was the owner of the Property." Mot. at 11:22-24.

In UPA's joinder, UPA claims that Korte had this knowledge by way of Todd Korte signing, on behalf of Korte, a "Contractor's Certificate, Consent and Acknowledgement" ("Certificate") which was purportedly signed in connection with a "Note Purchase Agreement," a document between UPA and its lender. Joinder at 2. In the Note Purchase Agreement, but not in the Certificate that Todd Korte actually signed, there is a statement that the property is being leased to UPA from UNLV. Joinder at 2. However, UPA does not state, nor do the exhibits attached to UPA's Joinder demonstrate, that the Note Purchase Agreement was actually included with the Certificate when Todd Korte signed it. To the contrary, Mr. Korte did not actually see a copy of the Note Purchase Agreement when he signed the Certificate. Affidavit of Todd Korte at ¶¶ 3-4.

At a minimum, a question of fact exists as to when Korte had actual knowledge that UNLV was the owner of the Project Property.

C. The Mechanic's Lien Release Bond Has No Impact on Korte's Unjust Enrichment Claim.

The fact that UPA posted a bond on the property to protect the property from the foreclosure of Korte's mechanic's lien similarly does not have an impact on Korte's unjust enrichment claim. UNLV seems to be making an equitable argument in claiming that Korte's unjust enrichment claim is precluded by the presence of the mechanic's lien release bond recorded upon the property by UPA and Hartford Fire Insurance Company. UNLV cites to no

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legal authority in support of this theory. Rather, UNLV seems to be making an equitable claim that since the bond is in place, Korte should be precluded from asserting an unjust enrichment claim against UNLV because Korte should not be allowed to get double damages.

Korte has not requested, and will not request, double damages. Rather, Korte seeks to be compensated for the work and materials it provided to the Project. UNLV's request for judgment in its favor on Korte's unjust enrichment claim because Korte has other claims that it may be able to collect upon is premature and lacks legal support. It is axiomatic that unjust enrichment is an equitable claim which prevents one party from retaining a benefit without adequately compensating the party that provided the benefit. See supra. The fact that Korte may have another remedy against an entirely different party under a different theory of law does not preclude Korte from moving forward on its unjust enrichment claim against UNLV. It is premature to throw out Korte's unjust enrichment claim on the basis that if Korte were entitled to collect from the mechanic's lien release bond, allowing additional damages from UNLV would result on Korte collecting more than it is entitled. Korte is not seeking more than it is entitled – and how much it is entitled is still being determined through the discovery process. There would be no equity in granting summary judgement in UNLV's favor on Korte's unjust enrichment claim at this time.

UNLV has cited no governing law, because there is none, that would prohibit a claimant from pursuing two different defendants on distinct legal theories where those claims arise out of the same transaction.

D. As the Owner of the Project Property, UNLV Benefitted from Korte's Construction Improvements Thereon.

Perhaps the most important reason why UNLV's Motion should be denied is that UNLV has failed to demonstrate that it has not received or retained any benefit from Korte's construction work on the Project Property. UNLV summarily argues that "under the facts at issue here, it would be wholly speculative to hold that UNLV, as the landlord, has received any benefit from the work performed by Korte on the Project." Motion, at 13:26-28. UNLV goes on to state

 that "Korte has not – and cannot – show that UNLV has appreciated or unjustly retained any actual, concrete benefit from the work performed by Korte on the Project" and that "UNLV does not currently have possession of the Project, is not able to use any of the improvements on the Project, and is not receiving any monetary benefit for the use of the improvements, meaning that UNLV has not appreciated the benefit of any of the work performed by Korte." Mot. at 14:19-26. The factual support for these statements is simply not in the evidence. To the contrary, the evidence currently at the parties' disposal and the orders previously entered by the Court in this case demonstrate that UNLV has received and continues to receive a valuable benefit from Korte's work.

UNLV's interest in the property has increased in value as a result of the improvements constructed by Korte. It is axiomatic that an economic benefit flows to the owner of real property from the construction of long-term improvements built upon that property, as the real property owner becomes the owner of the improvements that are affixed to the land. UNLV's attempts to dismiss this fact by stating that UPA is contesting the quality of Korte's work and that UNLV is the landlord, not the tenant, are wholly unsupported by Nevada law, the evidence currently available in this case, and common logic.

Moreover, UNLV has benefited by the Project providing living places for its students, which supports its business as a university for higher learning. Likewise, at the end of the lease term, UNLV is the owner of all the improvements on the property, including those constructed by Korte.

At a minimum, there is still a genuine issue of material fact as to whether UNLV was provided a benefit and discovery is ongoing. UNLV and UPA are parties to a lease agreement which contemplates that UPA will develop the property for the benefit of both UPA and UNLV, in that the development will serve as mainly an apartment complex for UNLV's students as well as developed for commercial space within the complex for the residents and the public. See FFCL at ¶¶ 1-6. Indeed, the very purchase of the property was completed by both UNLV and UPA paying money towards the total purchase price. Id. at ¶ 1. Korte's unjust enrichment claim

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Mead Law Group LLP 7201 W Luke Mead Blvd. Suite 550 Las Végus, NV 89128 T. 702 745-4800 FJ. 702 745,4805 is not based on "bare and unsubstantiated allegations" akin to the case in the Nevada Supreme Court's recent holding in *James a. Boesiger v. Desert Appraisals, LLC.* 135 Nev. Adv. Op. 25, 444 P.3d 436, 441 (2019). To say that there is no genuine issue of fact that UNLV did not incur a benefit from Korte's work at this stage is inconsistent with the evidence discovered thus far and previous orders entered by the Court.

E. The Case Law Cited to by UNLV from Other Jurisdictions Has No Bearing Here Because Nevada Law Favors Payment to Contractors.

Time and time again, the Nevada Supreme Court has repeated this maxim: "Nevada public policy favors contractors' right to secure payment." Lehrer McGovern Bovis, Inc. v. Bullock Insulatio, Inc., 124 Nev. 1102, 1116, 197 P.3d 1032, 1041 (2008); see e.g., In re Fontainebleau Las Vegas Holdings, 128 Nev. Adv. Op. 53, 289 P.3d 1199, 1212 (2012); Cashman Equipment Co. v. West Edna Assocs., Ltd., 132 Nev. Adv. Op. 69, 380 P.3d 844, 848 (2016). Underlying this public policy is "the notion that contractors are generally in a vulnerable position because they extend large blocks of credit; invest significant time, labor, and materials into a project, and have any number of workers vitally depend upon them for eventual payment." Lehrer McGovern, 124 Nev. at 1116, 197 P.3d at 1041. As such, Nevada law governing contractors and their rights to payment is different from that of other jurisdictions. There is no Nevada law stating or even suggesting that an owner must engage in improper conduct to be liable for a tenant's failure to pay for construction improvements. Indeed, a contention that Nevada would impose such a requirement is contrary to Nevada public policy and existing law on the subject.

Like the Nevada Supreme Court did in Nevada National v. Synder, 108 Nev. 151, 826 P.2d 560 (1992), we can look to Nevada's mechanics' lien statutes as reference point to determine whether the Nevada legislature would impose an improper conduct requirement to hold landlords responsible for payment of tenant improvements. NRS 108.234 states "every improvement constructed, altered, or repaired upon property shall be deemed to have been constructed, altered or repaired at the instance of each owner having or claiming any interest

therein, and the interest owned or claimed must be subject to each notice of lien recorded...."

NRS 108.234(1) (emphasis added). NRS 108.22148 defines an owner as, among other things:

(a) The record owner or owners of the property or an improvement to the property as evidenced by a conveyance or other instrument which transfers the interest to the record owner or owners and is recorded in the office of the county recorder in which the improvement of the property is located;

(b) The reputed owner or owners of the property or an improvement to the property, as shown on the records of the county assessor for the county where the property or improvement is located;

(c) The person or persons whose name appears as owner of the property or an improvement to the property on the building permit;

(f) This state or a political subdivision ... if the property or improvement is used for a private or nongovernmental use or purpose....

NRS 108.22148(1)(a)-(c), (f). An owner is specifically not a mortgagee, a trustee or beneficiary of a deed of trust, the owner or holder of a lien encumbrance upon the property; or the state or a political subdivision thereof, except as provided in paragraph (f) of subsection 1. NRS 108.22148(2). Importantly, a landlord is conspicuously absent from the list of exclusions. Rather, a landlord—one who owns property and in doing so leases it—is undoubtedly within the confines of the definition of an owner.

Under this statutory scheme, a landlord "owner" is only relieved from liability if it is a "disinterested owner," defined as an owner who "(a) does not record a notice of waiver as provided in NRS 108.2405; and (b) does not personally or through an agent or representative, directly or indirectly, contract for or cause a work of improvement, or any portion thereof, to be constructed, altered or repaired upon the property or an improvement of the owner." NRS 108.234(7)(a) & (b). Moreover, the Nevada Supreme Court has also held that a property owner was not a disinterested owner because he "indirectly caused architectural work to be performed pursuant to a contract with a prospective buyer." *Iliescu v. Steppan*, 394 P.3d 930, 935 (Nev. 2017).

While UNLV is a political subdivision of the State of Nevada, the Court has held that it does not constitute one for purposes of this Project since it is not a public works project and the project is commercial in nature. FFCL at ¶ 3, 8, 1-5.

These laws demonstrate that neither the Nevada legislature nor the Nevada Supreme Court would impose an improper conduct requirement in an unjust enrichment claim in this situation. Rather, they demonstrate that when a contractor renders improvements to property, all parties that receive a benefit share responsibility of payment for those improvements. Particularly in the situation at bar, Nevada law does not support the argument that UNLV would have needed to have engaged in improper conduct for Korte to make an unjust enrichment claim against it.

UNLV's Motion Should be Denied Pursuant to NRCP 56(d)(2). V.

NRCP 56(d) provides:

If a nonmovant shows by affidavit or declaration that, for specified reasons, it cannot present facts essential to justify its opposition, the court may: (1) defer considering the motion or deny it; (2) allow time to obtain affidavits or declarations or to take discovery; or (3) issue any other appropriate order.

NRCP 56(d)(1)-(3). At the very least, UNLV's Motion is premature as the parties have not engaged in discovery to determine the extent and value of the benefit of Korte's work to UNLV. UNLV's statements that it obtained no benefit from Korte's work are disputed. Korte Affidavit at ¶¶ 2, 4; FCL at ¶¶ 1-6; Thomas Declaration at ¶¶ 3-4. Korte should have the opportunity to conduct discovery on the extent of the benefit UNLV has received and continues to receive from being the owner of the Project Property before any motion for summary judgment can be granted on Korte's unjust enrichment claim.

VI. Conclusion

For the foregoing reasons, UNLV's Motion for Summary Judgment and UPA's Joinder thereto should be denied.

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Dated: August 19, 2019

MEAD LAW GROUP LLP

León F. Mead II, Esq. NV Bar #5719 Sarah M. Thomas, Esq. NV Bar #13725 Attorneys for Korte Construction Company

dba The Korte Company

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27

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

3	served	ars, and I am not a party to, nor interested	halty of perjury, that I am over the age of eighteen d in, this action. On this date, I caused to be KORTE CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION
4	DBA 7	THE KORTE COMPANY'S OPPOSITION	ON TO STATE OF NEVADA ON RELATION
5	ON RE	E BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE NEV CHALF OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEV	VADA SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION, VADA, LAS VEGAS' MOTION FOR
6	SUMN below:	IARY JUDGMENT AND UPA 1, LLC'	S JOINDER THERETO by method indicated
7		BY FAX: by transmitting via facsimile	the decument(s) listed shove to the fav
8		number(s) set forth below on this date b A printed transmission record is attache	efore 5:00 p.m. pursuant to EDCR Rule 7.26(a).
0		BY U.S. MAIL: by placing the documer postage thereon fully prepaid, in the Un as set forth below.	nt(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with ited States mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, addressed
3			he document(s) to be picked up by an overnight of the addressee(s) on the next business day.
15	BY PERSONAL DELIVERY: by causing the above listed document(s) to be personally delivered by [name of messenger service], a messenger person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.		
17	×	BY ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION: subfiling and service upon the Court's Serv	omitted to the above entitled Court for electronic vice List for the above referenced case.
18		BY ELECTRONIC MAIL:	
20	Partie	s Served:	
21 22 23 24	Glen Reisi 8965	ua H. Reisman, Esq. n Machado, Esq. man Sorokac South Eastern Avenue Vegas, NV 89123	Cynthia Alexander, Esq. Taylor Anello, Esq. DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC 8363 W Sunset Road, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89113
25 26 27	N.A., Hous	neys for Wells Fargo Bank Northwest as Trustee of the UNLV Student sing Phase I Pass-Through Trust ement and Declaration of Trust	Attorneys for State of Nevada ex rel Board of Regents of the Nevada System of Higher Education, on behalf of University of Nevada, Las Vegas
20			

Mead Law Group LLP 7201 W Lake Mead Blvd, Suite 550 Las Vegan, NV 89128 T. 702 745-4800 F/, 702.745.4805

- 1		
1 2 3 4	J. Steven Peek, Esq. Greg S. Gilbert, Esq. David J, Freeman, Esq. HOLLAND & HART LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2 nd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89134	Brian Boschee, Esq. HOLLEY DRIGGS WALCH FINE WRAY PUZEY & THOMPSON 400 South 4th Street, 3rd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89101
5	Attorneys for UPA 1, LLC	Attorneys for Bridgeway Advisors
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7		
8	Dated: August 19, 2019	An Employee of Mead Law Group
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Mead Law Group LLP 7201 W Lake Mead Blvd. Suite 550 Las Vegas, NV 89128 T. 702 745-4800 F/. 702.745.4805

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Leon F. Mead II, Esq. 2 Nevada Bar No. 5719

eMail: leon@meadlawgroup.com

Sarah M. Thomas, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 13725

eMail: sarah@meadlawgroup.com MEAD LAW GROUP LLP

5

7201 W. Lake Mead Blvd., Suite 550

Las Vegas, Nevada 89128

Tel: 702.745-4800 Fax: 702.745.4805 Attorneys for Defendant The Korte Company

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

UPA 1, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

Plaintiff,

VS.

THE KORTE COMPANY, a Missouri corporation,

Defendant.

KORTE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY dba THE KORTE COMPANY, a Missouri corporation,

Plaintiff.

V.

UPA1 LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; BRIDGWAY ADVISORS, a California corporation; STATE OF NEVADA ON RELATION OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE NEVADA SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION, ON BEHALF OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS, a Constitutional entity of the State of

Nevada; WELLS FARGO BANK

Consolidated Case No. A-17-763262-B Consolidated with, A-18-768969-B

Dept. No. 16

Consolidated Case No. A-18-767674-C

Mend Law Group LLP 7201 W Lake Mead Blvd. Suhe 550 T. 702 745-4800 F/. 702.745.4805

1 UNLV STUDENT HOUSING PHASE I 2 PASS THROUGH TRUST UNDER THE 3 4 inclusive, 5 Defendants. 6 7 8 9 10 State of Nevada 11 12 County of Clark 13 14 1. 15 16

NORTHWEST, N.A., AS TRUSTEE OF THE PASS-THROUGH TRUST AGREEMETN AND DECLARATION OF TRUST, a federal bank institution, and DOES 1 through 100,

AFFIDAVIT OF GREG KORTE IN SUPPORT OF KORTE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY DBA THE KORTE COMPANY'S OPPOSITION TO STATE OF NEVADA ON RELATION OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE NEVADA SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION, ON BEHALF OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND UPA 1, LLC'S JOINDER THERETO

- I, Greg Korte, do declare and state the following:
- I am the President of the Las Vegas Division of The Korte Company. I have personal knowledge of every statement made herein, unless stated to be upon information and belief.
- 2. In early 2016, Korte entered into a construction contract with UPA 1 LLC ("UPA") for the construction of the project known as the University Park Student Housing Project (the "Project"). The Project is not residential in nature. Rather, as UNLV admits in its moving papers, the Project is a commercial multi-use structure, including dormitory style rooms, pool and club house, a gym and fitness center, and some retail spaces. Under the Contract, Korte was to construct the project for the actual costs plus Korte's fee, with a guaranteed maximum price of \$45,441,464.00, subject to change orders.
- 3. During the course of construction, disputes arose between UPA and Korte regarding the Project. As a result, UPA has failed to pay funds owed to Korte for work performed. UPA withheld funds for alleged reasons not authorized by Nevada law, and in violation thereof.

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	4. When UPA began to wrongfully withhold payment, Korte began its investigation to determine if any potential mechanics lien it recorded would have title priority over the construction lender trustee's, Wells Fargo Bank's, deed of trust. During that investigation it was discovered that UPA did not own the land on which the Project is constructed but is leasing the same from the Nevada Board of Regents of Higher Education, on behalf of the University of Nevada, Las Vegas. With this discovery, Korte made demand that UPA disclose its Notice of Posted Security, as is required of any tenant ordering a construction project under NRS 108.2403. 5. Korte provided materials and labor to the Project Property from early 2016 to
10	approximately October of 2017, worth a total value of approximately \$38,343,401.70. Korte has
11	not been paid for approximately \$2,899,988.72 of this value.
12 13 14	Dated: August 19, 2019 Greg Korte
15 16	Subscribed and sworn before me on this 19 day of August 2019.
17 18	Notary Public, in and for said county and state. COLLEEN E. INFUSO Notary Public-State of Nevada APPT. NO. 02-76293-1 My Appt. Expires June 26, 2022
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

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2	21.05		nalty of perjury, that I am over the age of eighteen
3			ed in, this action. On this date, I caused to be AFFIDAVIT OF GREG KORTE IN SUPPORT
4	100 / 100 / 100 / 100	CORTE CONSTRUCTION CORPORATI	ON DBA THE KORTE COMPANY'S RELATION OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS
5	OF T	THE NEVADA SYSTEM OF HIGHER E	DUCATION, ON BEHALF OF THE
6 7	I have been made of the	VERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS' 1 1, LLC'S JOINDER THERETO by meth	MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND od indicated below:
8			e the document(s) listed above to the fax before 5:00 p.m. pursuant to EDCR Rule 7.26(a).
9		A printed transmission record is attached	
10			ent(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with nited States mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, addressed
11		as set forth below.	med States man at Las Vegas, Nevada, addressed
12		BY OVERNIGHT MAIL: by causing	the document(s) to be picked up by an overnight
13	m.	delivery service company for delivery t	o the addressee(s) on the next business day.
14 15			ing the above listed document(s) to be personally ce], a messenger person(s) at the address(es) set
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17		BY ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION: sui filing and service upon the Court's Service	bmitted to the above entitled Court for electronic vice List for the above referenced case.
18		BY ELECTRONIC MAIL:	
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20	Parti	es Served:	
21	Josl	nua H. Reisman, Esq.	Cynthia Alexander, Esq.
22		nn Machado, Esq. sman Sorokac	Taylor Anello, Esq. DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC
23	0.340.240.2	5 South Eastern Avenue	8363 W Sunset Road, Suite 200
24	Las	Vegas, NV 89123	Las Vegas, NV 89113
25		orneys for Wells Fargo Bank Northwest	Attorneys for State of Nevada ex rel Board of
26		., as Trustee of the UNLV Student ising Phase 1 Pass-Through Trust	Regents of the Nevada System of Higher Education, on behalf of University of Nevada,
27		eement and Declaration of Trust	Las Vegas
28			

Mend Law Group LLP 7201 W Lake Mead Blvd, Suite 550 Las Vegas, NV 89128 T. 702 745-4800 F/. 702.745.4805

1 2 3 4	J. Steven Peek, Esq. Greg S. Gilbert, Esq. David J, Freeman, Esq. HOLLAND & HART LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2 nd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89134	Brian Boschee, Esq. HOLLEY DRIGGS WALCH FINE WRAY PUZEY & THOMPSON 400 South 4th Street, 3rd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89101
5	Attorneys for UPA 1, LLC	Attorneys for Bridgeway Advisors
6	The state of the s	And the Edition Submitted States of States of States
7	2002.00	
8	Dated: August 19, 2019	/s/ Sarah Mead Thomas An Employee of Mead Law Group
9		All Employee of Mead Law Group
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Mead Law Group LLP 7201 W Lake Mead Blvd. Suite 550 Las Vegas, NV 8912# T. 702 745-4800 F/. 702.745.4805

Electronically Filed 8/19/2019 11:58 AM Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT**

AFFT 1 Leon F. Mead II, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5719 2 eMail: leon@meadlawgroup.com 3 Sarah M. Thomas, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 13725 eMail: sarah@meadlawgroup.com MEAD LAW GROUP LLP 5 7201 W. Lake Mead Blvd., Suite 550 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128 6 Tel: 702.745-4800 Fax: 702.745.4805 7

Attorneys for Defendant The Korte Company

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Consolidated Case No. A-17-763262-B UPA 1, LLC, a Delaware limited liability Consolidated with, A-18-768969-B company, Plaintiff, VS. THE KORTE COMPANY, a Missouri corporation, Defendant. KORTE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY dba THE KORTE COMPANY, a Missouri corporation, Plaintiff, v. UPA1 LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; BRIDGWAY ADVISORS, a California corporation; STATE OF NEVADA ON RELATION OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE NEVADA SYSTEM OF

HIGHER EDUCATION, ON BEHALF OF

THE UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS, a Constitutional entity of the State of

Nevada; WELLS FARGO BANK

Dept. No. 16

Consolidated Case No. A-18-767674-C

Mead Law Group LLP 7201 W Lake Mead Blvd. Suite 550 us Vegas, NV 89128 T. 702 745-4800 F/. 702.745.4805

1	NORTHWEST, N.A., AS TRUSTEE OF THE
2	UNLV STUDENT HOUSING PHASE I PASS THROUGH TRUST UNDER THE
3	PASS-THROUGH TRUST AGREEMETN AND DECLARATION OF TRUST, a federal
4	bank institution, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,
5	Defendants.
6	
7	AFFIDAVIT OF TODD KORTE IN SUPPORT OF KORTE CONSTRUCTION
8	COMPANY DBA THE KORTE COMPANY'S OPPOSITION TO STATE OF NEVADA ON RELATION OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE NEVADA SYSTEM OF
9	HIGHER EDUCATION, ON BEHALF OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND UPA 1, LLC'S JOINDER
10	THERETO
11	State of Illinois)
12	County of Marison
13	I, Todd Korte, do declare and state the following:
14	1. I am the President & CEO of The Korte Company. I have personal knowledge of
15 16	every statement made herein, unless stated to be upon information and belief.
17	2. On approximately February 10, 2016, I reviewed and signed the Contractor's
18	Certificate, Consent and Acknowledgment attached hereto as Exhibit 1 related to the UNLV
19	Student Housing Phase I project (the "Project"), for which The Korte Company was the general
20	contractor prior to stopping work on the Project due to UPA's unlawful withholding of funds.
21 22	3. When I reviewed and signed the Contractor's Certificate, Consent and
23	Acknowledgment, there were no other documents attached.
24	4. Prior to reviewing UPA's Joinder to UNLV's Motion for Summary Judgment, I
25	have not seen the Note Purchase Agreement referenced therein.
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1	I declare the foregoing to be true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
2	
3	Dated: August 4, 2019 Todd Korle
5	
6	Subscribed and sworn before me on this 19^{44} day of August 2019.
7	Kathlan a. Teipe
8	Notary Public, in and for said county and state. "OFFICIAL SEAL" KATHLEEN A. TEIPE NOTARY PUBLIC – STATE OF ILLINOIS
10	MY COMMISSION EXPIRES AUG. 4, 2022
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 2 I, the undersigned, declare under the penalty of perjury, that I am over the age of eighteen (18) years, and I am not a party to, nor interested in, this action. On this date, I caused to be 3 served a true and correct copy of the foregoing AFFIDAVIT OF TODD KORTE IN SUPPORT OF KORTE CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION DBA THE KORTE COMPANY'S 4 OPPOSITION TO STATE OF NEVADA ON RELATION OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS 5 OF THE NEVADA SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION, ON BEHALF OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND UPA 1, LLC'S JOINDER THERETO by method indicated below: 7 BY FAX: by transmitting via facsimile the document(s) listed above to the fax 8 number(s) set forth below on this date before 5:00 p.m. pursuant to EDCR Rule 7.26(a). A printed transmission record is attached to the file copy of this document(s). 9 10 BY U.S. MAIL: by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, addressed 11 as set forth below. 12 BY OVERNIGHT MAIL: by causing the document(s) to be picked up by an overnight delivery service company for delivery to the addressee(s) on the next business day. 13 14 BY PERSONAL DELIVERY: by causing the above listed document(s) to be personally delivered by [name of messenger service], a messenger person(s) at the address(es) set 15 forth below. 16 BY ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION: submitted to the above entitled Court for electronic \times 17 filing and service upon the Court's Service List for the above referenced case. 18 BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: 19 20 Parties Served: 21 Cynthia Alexander, Esq. Joshua H. Reisman, Esq. 22 Glenn Machado, Esq. Taylor Anello, Esq. Reisman Sorokac DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC 23 8965 South Eastern Avenue 8363 W Sunset Road, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Las Vegas, NV 89113 24 25 Attorneys for Wells Fargo Bank Northwest Attorneys for State of Nevada ex rel Board of N.A., as Trustee of the UNLV Student Regents of the Nevada System of Higher 26 Education, on behalf of University of Nevada, Housing Phase 1 Pass-Through Trust

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Agreement and Declaration of Trust

Las Vegas

1 2	J. Steven Peek, Esq. Greg S. Gilbert, Esq.	Brian Boschee, Esq. HOLLEY DRIGGS WALCH FINE WRAY
3	David J, Freeman, Esq. HOLLAND & HART LLP	PUZEY & THOMPSON 400 South 4 th Street, 3 rd Floor
4	9555 Hillwood Drive, 2 nd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89134	Las Vegas, NV 89101
5	Attorneys for UPA 1, LLC	Attorneys for Bridgeway Advisors
6		
7 8	Dated: August 19, 2019	/s/ Sarah Mead Thomas
9		An Employee of Mead Law Group
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Leon F. Mead II, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5719

eMail: leon@meadlawgroup.com

Sarah M. Thomas, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 13725

eMail: sarah@meadlawgroup.com

MEAD LAW GROUP LLP

7201 W. Lake Mead Blvd., Suite 550

Las Vegas, Nevada 89128 Tel: 702.745-4800

Fax: 702.745.4805 Attorneys for Defendant The Korte Company

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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UPA 1, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,

Plaintiff,

Defendant.

Plaintiff,

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THE KORTE COMPANY, a Missouri corporation,

VS.

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corporation.

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Consolidated Case No. A-17-763262-B Consolidated with, A-18-768969-B

Dept. No. 16

Consolidated Case No. A-18-767674-C

UPA1 LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; BRIDGWAY ADVISORS, a California corporation; STATE OF NEVADA ON RELATION OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE NEVADA SYSTEM OF

KORTE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY dba

THE KORTE COMPANY, a Missouri

HIGHER EDUCATION, ON BEHALF OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS, a Constitutional entity of the State of

Nevada; WELLS FARGO BANK

Mead Law Group LLP 7201 W Lake Mead Blvd. Suite 550 Lus Vegas, NV 89128 T 762.745.4800 F/ 702.745.4805

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Case Number: A-17-763262-B

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NORTHWEST, N.A., AS TRUSTEE OF THE UNLV STUDENT HOUSING PHASE I PASS THROUGH TRUST UNDER THE PASS-THROUGH TRUST AGREEMETN AND DECLARATION OF TRUST, a federal bank institution, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,

Defendants.

DECLARATION OF SARAH THOMAS, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF KORTE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY DBA THE KORTE COMPANY'S OPPOSITION TO STATE OF NEVADA ON RELATION OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE NEVADA SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION, ON BEHALF OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND UPA 1, LLC'S JOINDER THERETO

- I, Sarah M. Thomas, Esq., do declare and state the following:
- I am a Partner at Mead Law Group LLP and counsel to Korte Construction
 Company dba The Korte Company in the above-captioned matter. I have personal knowledge of all matters described herein, unless stated to be upon information and belief.
- 2. On April 23, 2018, Judge Delaney entered the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law Regarding UNLV's Joinder in Petition and Order to Show Cause Why Korte Construction Company's Lien Should Not be Expunged and Order Denying the Same. A true and correct copy of the file-stamped Notice of Entry is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- To date, no party has conducted any written discovery or depositions of any fact or expert witnesses. In fact, expert witnesses have yet to be disclosed.
- 4. The parties have exchanged documents and are still in the process of reviewing those documents and preparing to engage in written discovery and depositions. Without discovery completed, the true value of the work that Korte provided to the Project property cannot be determined without dispute.

I declare the foregoing to be true and correct to the best of my knowledge;

Dated: August 19, 2019

Sarah M. Thomas, Esq.

Mead Law Group LLP 7201 W Lake Mead Blvd Suite 550 Las Vegas, NV 89128 T. 702.745-4800 F/. 702.745.4805

1

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

2 I, the undersigned, declare under the penalty of perjury, that I am over the age of eighteen (18) years, and I am not a party to, nor interested in, this action. On this date, I caused to be served a true and correct copy of the foregoing DECLARATION OF SARAH M. THOMAS, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF KORTE CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION DBA THE KORTE 4 COMPANY'S OPPOSITION TO STATE OF NEVADA ON RELATION OF THE BOARD OF 5 REGENTS OF THE NEVADA SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION, ON BEHALF OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, LAS VEGAS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND UPA 1, LLC'S JOINDER THERETO by method indicated below: 7 BY FAX: by transmitting via facsimile the document(s) listed above to the fax 8 number(s) set forth below on this date before 5:00 p.m. pursuant to EDCR Rule 7.26(a). A printed transmission record is attached to the file copy of this document(s). 9 10 BY U.S. MAIL: by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, addressed 11 as set forth below. 12 BY OVERNIGHT MAIL: by causing the document(s) to be picked up by an overnight delivery service company for delivery to the addressee(s) on the next business day. 13 14 BY PERSONAL DELIVERY: by causing the above listed document(s) to be personally delivered by [name of messenger service], a messenger person(s) at the address(es) set 15 forth below. 16 BY ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION: submitted to the above entitled Court for electronic X 17 filing and service upon the Court's Service List for the above referenced case. 18 BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: 19 20 Parties Served: 21 Joshua H. Reisman, Esq. Cynthia Alexander, Esq. 22 Glenn Machado, Esq. Taylor Anello, Esq. Reisman Sorokac DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC 23 8965 South Eastern Avenue 8363 W Sunset Road, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Las Vegas, NV 89113 24 25 Attorneys for Wells Fargo Bank Northwest Attorneys for State of Nevada ex rel Board of N.A., as Trustee of the UNLV Student Regents of the Nevada System of Higher 26 Housing Phase 1 Pass-Through Trust Education, on behalf of University of Nevada. Agreement and Declaration of Trust Las Vegas 27

1 2 3 4	J. Steven Peek, Esq. Greg S. Gilbert, Esq. David J, Freeman, Esq. HOLLAND & HART LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2 nd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89134	Brian Boschee, Esq. HOLLEY DRIGGS WALCH FINE WRAY PUZEY & THOMPSON 400 South 4 th Street, 3 rd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89101
5	Attorneys for UPA 1, LLC	Attorneys for Bridgeway Advisors
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Mead Law Group LLP 7201 W Lake Mead Blvd. Suite 550 Las Vegas, NV 89128 T. 702 745-4800 F/. 702.745,4805