IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

DAVONTAE WHEELER,) SUPREME COURT NO. 81374
Appellant,))
VS.)) APPEAL
STATE OF NEVADA,))
Respondent.)) DISTRICT COURT NO. C-17-328587-3

APPELLANT'S APPENDIX

(VOL. 2 OF 14)

SANDRA L. STEWART Attorney at Law Nevada Bar No.: 6834 1361 Babbling Brook Court Mesquite, Nevada 89034 (702) 363-4656 Attorneys for Appellant

NAME OF DOCUMENT	DATE	PAGE	VOLUME
AGREEMENT TO TESTIFY (ROBINSON)	10-21-2018	2592	011
ARRAIGNMENT (ROBINSON)-RT	10-22-2018	2595	011
ARRAIGNMENT-RT	12-19-2017	0393	002
ARRAIGNMENT-SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT-RT	05-03-2018	0567	003
BAIL-RT	03-20-2018	0502	003
BAIL-RT	03-22-2018	0506	003
BAIL-RT	09-05-2018	0741	003
BAIL-STATE OPPOSITION	03-19-2018	0449	002
BAIL-WHEELER MOTION	03-13-2018	0440	002
BRADY-RT	12-31-2019	1068	005
BRADY-RT	01-15-2020	1085	005
BRADY-STATE OPPOSITION	12-26-2019	1002	005
BRADY-STATE OPPOSITION	12-27-2019	1015	005
BRADY-WHEELER MOTION	12-20-2019	0929	004
BRADY-WHEELER MOTION	12-20-2019	0956	004
CONTINUE TRIAL-RT	11-05-2019	0904	004
CONTINUE TRIAL-WHEELER MOTION	12-14-2018	0814	004
DISCLOSE INFORMANTS-RT	12-31-2019	1068	005
DISCLOSE INFORMANTS-RT	01-15-2020	1085	005
DISCLOSE INFORMANTS-STATE OPPOSITION	12-26-2019	1008	005
DISCLOSE INFORMANTS-WHEELER MOTION	12-20-2019	0942	004
EXHIBIT LIST	02-19-2020	3103	013
EXHIBITS	02-13-2020	1991	009
EXHIBITS	02-14-2020	2385	010
EXHIBITS	02-18-2020	2814	012
EXHIBITS	02-19-2020	3096	013
EXHIBITS	02-20-2020	3124	014
EXPERTS-STATE 2ND SUPP	01-13-2020	1073	005
EXPERTS-STATE 3RD SUPP	02-06-2020	1107	005
EXPERTS-STATE NOTICE	12-13-2018	0752	004
EXPERTS-STATE SUPP. NOTICE	10-11-2019	0891	004
GRAND JURY-EXHIBITS	11-29-2017	0340	002
GRAND JURY-INSTRUCTIONS	11-29-2017	0326	002
GRAND JURY-RT	11-29-2017	0167	001
GRAND JURY-RT	12-13-2017	0378	002
HABEAS PETITION-ORDER	08-08-2018	0733	003
HABEAS PETITION-RT	02-27-2018	0422	002
HABEAS PETITION-RT	03-20-2018	0502	003

NAME OF DOCUMENT	DATE	PAGE	VOLUME
HABEAS PETITION-RT	03-22-2018	0506	003
HABEAS PETITION-RT	05-31-2018	0628	003
HABEAS PETITION-RT	06-06-2018	0632	003
HABEAS PETITION-RT	06-14-2018	0661	003
HABEAS PETITION-RT	06-14-2018	0672	003
HABEAS PETITION-RT	08-02-2018	0721	003
HABEAS PETITION-STATE RETURN	03-08-2018	0427	002
HABEAS PETITION-STATE RETURN	03-02-2018	0464	002
HABEAS PETITION-STATE RETURN	05-29-2018	0598	003
HABEAS PETITION-STATE SUPP TO RETURN	06-28-2018	0688	003
HABEAS PETITION-WHEELER PETITION	02-08-2018	0409	002
HABEAS PETITION-WHEELER PETITION	05-17-2018	0587	003
HABEAS PETITION-WHEELER REPLY	06-08-2018	0639	003
HABEAS PETITION-WHEELER REPLY TO SUPP	07-05-2018	0713	003
INDICTMENT	12-14-2017	0385	002
INFORMATION (ROBINSON)	10-04-2018	2590	011
JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION	06-17-2020	3318	014
JURY INSTRUCTIONS	02-19-2020	1358	006
JURY INSTRUCTIONS-WHEELER PROPOSED	02-19-2020	3099	013
JURY LIST	02-12-2020	1354	006
JURY LIST	02-12-2020	1724	007
JURY LIST (2ND AMENDED)	02-19-2020	1357	006
JURY LIST (AMENDED)	02-14-2020	1356	006
JURY TRIAL (DAY 1)-RT	02-11-2020	1114	005
JURY TRIAL (DAY 2)-RT	02-12-2020	1400	006
JURY TRIAL (DAY 3)-RT	02-13-2020	1727	007
JURY TRIAL (DAY 4)-RT	02-14-2020	2121	009
JURY TRIAL (DAY 5)-RT	02-18-2020	2611	011
JURY TRIAL (DAY 6)-RT	02-19-2020	2881	012
JURY TRIAL (DAY 7)-RT	02-20-2020	3119	014
JURY TRIAL (DAY 8)-RT	02-24-2020	3266	014
METRO-ARREST REPORT	08-09-2017	0817-19	004
METRO-FIREARMS REPORT	01-22-2018	0438	002
METRO-FIREARMS REPORT-RT	04-05-2018	0520	003
METRO-TEMPORARY CUSTODY RECORD	12-14-2017	0391	002
NOTICE OF APPEAL	06-18-2020	3321	014
ORDER	03-04-2020	3288	014
PLEA AGREEMENT (ROBINSON)	10-22-2018	2583	011

NAME OF DOCUMENT	DATE	PAGE	VOLUME
POLYGRAPH-ORDER	07-02-2018	0711	003
PSI REPORT	03-27-2020	3276	014
SENTENCING MEMORANDUM (WHEELER)	06-04-2020	3294	014
SENTENCING-RT	06-11-2020	3303	014
SENTENCING-STIPULATION	02-11-2020	1352	006
SEVER COUNTS-RT	12-31-2019	1068	005
SEVER COUNTS-RT	01-15-2020	1085	005
SEVER COUNTS-STATE RESPONSE	12-26-2019	0991	004
SEVER COUNTS-WHEELER MOTION	12-20-2019	0918	004
SEVER DEFENDANTS-ORDER	03-15-2019	0877	004
SEVER DEFENDANTS-RT	01-02-2019	0818	004
SEVER DEFENDANTS-RT	01-16-2019	0856	004
SEVER DEFENDANTS-STATE OPPOSITION	01-15-2019	0829	004
SEVER DEFENDANTS-WHEELER MOTION	12-14-2018	0817-01	004
SEVER DEFENDANTS-WHEELER SUPPLEMENT	01-04-2019	0825	004
STATUS CHECK-RT	12-05-2018	0748	004
STATUS CHECK-RT	04-17-2019	0880	004
STATUS CHECK-RT	05-15-2019	0885	004
STATUS CHECK-RT	12-18-2019	0914	004
STAY PROCEEDINGS-RT	03-05-2019	0873	004
STAY PROCEEDINGS-WHEELER MOTION	01-19-2019	0865	004
SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT	04-19-2018	0553	003
SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT (AMENDED)	02-11-2020	1348	006
SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT-RT	04-18-2018	0528	003
SUPPRESS JAIL CALLS-RT	12-31-2019	1068	005
SUPPRESS JAIL CALLS-RT	01-15-2020	1085	005
SUPPRESS JAIL CALLS-STATE OPPOSITION	12-26-2019	0996	005
SUPPRESS JAIL CALLS-WHEELER MOTION	12-20-2019	0985	004
SUPPRESS STMT-RT	12-31-2019	1068	005
SUPPRESS STMT-RT	01-15-2020	1085	005
SUPPRESS STMT-STATE OPPOSITION	12-30-2019	1048	005
SUPPRESS STMT-WHEELER MOTION	12-20-2019	0948	004
SUPPRESS STMTRT	02-11-2020	1290	006
TRIAL CONTINUE-RT	08-21-2019	0735	003
TRIAL SETTING-RT	01-09-2018	0400	002
VERDICT	02-24-2020	1398	006
VIDEO WITNESS (CHARLTON)-STATE MOTION	01-28-2020	1092	005
VOLUNTARY STMT-SOLOMON	09-07-2017	0149	001

NAME OF DOCUMENT	DATE	PAGE	VOLUME
VOLUNTARY STMT-SPAHN	08-09-2017	0325	002
VOLUNTARY STMT-WHEELER	08-15-2017	0001	001
WITNESSES-STATE 2ND SUPP	01-13-2020	1073	005
WITNESSES-STATE 3RD SUPP	02-06-2020	1107	005
WITNESSES-STATE NOTICE	12-13-2018	0752	004
WITNESSES-STATE SUPP. NOTICE	10-11-2019	0891	004

NAME OF DOCUMENT	DATE	PAGE	VOLUME
VOLUNTARY STMT-SPAHN	08-09-2017	0325	002
METRO-ARREST REPORT	08-09-2017	0817-19	004
VOLUNTARY STMT-WHEELER	08-15-2017	0001	001
VOLUNTARY STMT-SOLOMON	09-07-2017	0149	001
GRAND JURY-RT	11-29-2017	0167	001
GRAND JURY-INSTRUCTIONS	11-29-2017	0326	002
GRAND JURY-EXHIBITS	11-29-2017	0340	002
GRAND JURY-RT	12-13-2017	0378	002
INDICTMENT	12-14-2017	0385	002
METRO-TEMPORARY CUSTODY RECORD	12-14-2017	0391	002
ARRAIGNMENT-RT	12-19-2017	0393	002
TRIAL SETTING-RT	01-09-2018	0400	002
METRO-FIREARMS REPORT	01-22-2018	0438	002
HABEAS PETITION-WHEELER PETITION	02-08-2018	0409	002
HABEAS PETITION-RT	02-27-2018	0422	002
HABEAS PETITION-STATE RETURN	03-02-2018	0464	002
HABEAS PETITION-STATE RETURN	03-08-2018	0427	002
BAIL-WHEELER MOTION	03-13-2018	0440	002
BAIL-STATE OPPOSITION	03-19-2018	0449	002
HABEAS PETITION-RT	03-20-2018	0502	003
BAIL-RT	03-20-2018	0502	003
HABEAS PETITION-RT	03-22-2018	0506	003
BAIL-RT	03-22-2018	0506	003
METRO-FIREARMS REPORT-RT	04-05-2018	0520	003
SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT-RT	04-18-2018	0528	003
SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT	04-19-2018	0553	003
ARRAIGNMENT-SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT-RT	05-03-2018	0567	003
HABEAS PETITION-WHEELER PETITION	05-17-2018	0587	003
HABEAS PETITION-STATE RETURN	05-29-2018	0598	003
HABEAS PETITION-RT	05-31-2018	0628	003
HABEAS PETITION-RT	06-06-2018	0632	003
HABEAS PETITION-WHEELER REPLY	06-08-2018	0639	003
HABEAS PETITION-RT	06-14-2018	0661	003
HABEAS PETITION-RT	06-14-2018	0672	003
HABEAS PETITION-STATE SUPP TO RETURN	06-28-2018	0688	003
POLYGRAPH-ORDER	07-02-2018	0711	003
HABEAS PETITION-WHEELER REPLY TO SUPP	07-05-2018	0713	003
HABEAS PETITION-RT	08-02-2018	0721	003

NAME OF DOCUMENT	DATE	PAGE	VOLUME
HABEAS PETITION-ORDER	08-08-2018	0733	003
BAIL-RT	09-05-2018	0741	003
INFORMATION (ROBINSON)	10-04-2018	2590	011
AGREEMENT TO TESTIFY (ROBINSON)	10-21-2018	2592	011
PLEA AGREEMENT (ROBINSON)	10-22-2018	2583	011
ARRAIGNMENT (ROBINSON)-RT	10-22-2018	2595	011
STATUS CHECK-RT	12-05-2018	0748	004
EXPERTS-STATE NOTICE	12-13-2018	0752	004
WITNESSES-STATE NOTICE	12-13-2018	0752	004
CONTINUE TRIAL-WHEELER MOTION	12-14-2018	0814	004
SEVER DEFENDANTS-WHEELER MOTION	12-14-2018	0817-01	004
SEVER DEFENDANTS-RT	01-02-2019	0818	004
SEVER DEFENDANTS-WHEELER SUPPLEMENT	01-04-2019	0825	004
SEVER DEFENDANTS-STATE OPPOSITION	01-15-2019	0829	004
SEVER DEFENDANTS-RT	01-16-2019	0856	004
STAY PROCEEDINGS-WHEELER MOTION	01-19-2019	0865	004
STAY PROCEEDINGS-RT	03-05-2019	0873	004
SEVER DEFENDANTS-ORDER	03-15-2019	0877	004
STATUS CHECK-RT	04-17-2019	0880	004
STATUS CHECK-RT	05-15-2019	0885	004
TRIAL CONTINUE-RT	08-21-2019	0735	003
WITNESSES-STATE SUPP. NOTICE	10-11-2019	0891	004
EXPERTS-STATE SUPP. NOTICE	10-11-2019	0891	004
CONTINUE TRIAL-RT	11-05-2019	0904	004
STATUS CHECK-RT	12-18-2019	0914	004
SEVER COUNTS-WHEELER MOTION	12-20-2019	0918	004
BRADY-WHEELER MOTION	12-20-2019	0929	004
DISCLOSE INFORMANTS-WHEELER MOTION	12-20-2019	0942	004
SUPPRESS STMT-WHEELER MOTION	12-20-2019	0948	004
BRADY-WHEELER MOTION	12-20-2019	0956	004
SUPPRESS JAIL CALLS-WHEELER MOTION	12-20-2019	0985	004
SEVER COUNTS-STATE RESPONSE	12-26-2019	0991	004
SUPPRESS JAIL CALLS-STATE OPPOSITION	12-26-2019	0996	005
BRADY-STATE OPPOSITION	12-26-2019	1002	005
DISCLOSE INFORMANTS-STATE OPPOSITION	12-26-2019	1008	005
BRADY-STATE OPPOSITION	12-27-2019	1015	005
SUPPRESS STMT-STATE OPPOSITION	12-30-2019	1048	005
BRADY-RT	12-31-2019	1068	005

NAME OF DOCUMENT	DATE	PAGE	VOLUME
SUPPRESS JAIL CALLS-RT	12-31-2019	1068	005
DISCLOSE INFORMANTS-RT	12-31-2019	1068	005
SEVER COUNTS-RT	12-31-2019	1068	005
SUPPRESS STMT-RT	12-31-2019	1068	005
WITNESSES-STATE 2ND SUPP	01-13-2020	1073	005
EXPERTS-STATE 2ND SUPP	01-13-2020	1073	005
BRADY-RT	01-15-2020	1085	005
SUPPRESS JAIL CALLS-RT	01-15-2020	1085	005
DISCLOSE INFORMANTS-RT	01-15-2020	1085	005
SEVER COUNTS-RT	01-15-2020	1085	005
SUPPRESS STMT-RT	01-15-2020	1085	005
VIDEO WITNESS (CHARLTON)-STATE MOTION	01-28-2020	1092	005
WITNESSES-STATE 3RD SUPP	02-06-2020	1107	005
EXPERTS-STATE 3RD SUPP	02-06-2020	1107	005
JURY TRIAL (DAY 1)-RT	02-11-2020	1114	005
SUPPRESS STMTRT	02-11-2020	1290	006
SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT (AMENDED)	02-11-2020	1348	006
SENTENCING-STIPULATION	02-11-2020	1352	006
JURY LIST	02-12-2020	1354	006
JURY TRIAL (DAY 2)-RT	02-12-2020	1400	006
JURY LIST	02-12-2020	1724	007
JURY TRIAL (DAY 3)-RT	02-13-2020	1727	007
EXHIBITS	02-13-2020	1991	009
JURY LIST (AMENDED)	02-14-2020	1356	006
JURY TRIAL (DAY 4)-RT	02-14-2020	2121	009
EXHIBITS	02-14-2020	2385	010
JURY TRIAL (DAY 5)-RT	02-18-2020	2611	011
EXHIBITS	02-18-2020	2814	012
JURY LIST (2ND AMENDED)	02-19-2020	1357	006
JURY INSTRUCTIONS	02-19-2020	1358	006
JURY TRIAL (DAY 6)-RT	02-19-2020	2881	012
EXHIBITS	02-19-2020	3096	013
JURY INSTRUCTIONS-WHEELER PROPOSED	02-19-2020	3099	013
EXHIBIT LIST	02-19-2020	3103	013
JURY TRIAL (DAY 7)-RT	02-20-2020	3119	014
EXHIBITS	02-20-2020	3124	014
VERDICT	02-24-2020	1398	006
JURY TRIAL (DAY 8)-RT	02-24-2020	3266	014

NAME OF DOCUMENT	DATE	PAGE	VOLUME
ORDER	03-04-2020	3288	014
PSI REPORT	03-27-2020	3276	014
SENTENCING MEMORANDUM (WHEELER)	06-04-2020	3294	014
SENTENCING-RT	06-11-2020	3303	014
JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION	06-17-2020	3318	014
NOTICE OF APPEAL	06-18-2020	3321	014

10:02	1	Q. What was the name of your cousin?
	2	A. Gabriel George Valenzuela. But the family
	3	refers to him as Kevin most of the time.
	4	Q. So he, on that day he lived with you at
10:02	5	5536 West Dewey?
	6	A. Yes, ma'am.
	7	Q. In the early morning hours of August 9th
	8	did something happen that caused you to call the police?
	9	A. Yes, I found him laying on the floor, he
10:02	10	had, of the driveway in front of the house. There was a
	11	wound on his left, yeah his left I guess cranium, head,
	12	and there was like, there was bleeding. I just saw
	13	him well, before that I heard gunshots and, yeah, I
	14	didn't, I didn't really want to like, I was not sure
10:03	15	whether or not to check but I saw like, so I went
	16	upstairs, looked out through the window, I found, I
	17	found something like shining but it turned out to be the
	18	blood so. And then I went out like, well, I didn't know
	19	it was blood when I checked upstairs so I kind of went
10:03	20	out through the front door and I saw him laying there.
	21	Q. So you heard gunshots, you were inside your
	22	house at the time you heard gunshots?
	23	A. Yes, ma'am.
	24	Q. And then you looked outside and decided to
10:03	25	go outside?

10:03 Α. Yeah. 1 2 When you saw your cousin laying on the Q. 3 ground? 4 Α. Yes. When you went outside, what happened at 10:03 0. 6 that point? 7 I, all I saw, well, first of all like, like Α. I use the front door because at the time the front door was jammed and it did, it sounded like gunshots so I was 10:04 10 kind of cautious and, you know, when I use the front 11 door it's really hard to open from the outside so if the 12 worse were to happen, if I were to, you know, if I were 13 to get shot or whatever, like anyone won't just be like 14 able to barge in through the front door. Anyways I saw 10:04 15 him laying there, I turned on the flashlight on my 16 phone. I first looked around, looked around, cause the 17 front door, there was like, just kind of like a little 18 dip in the house where someone could be hiding. So I 19 was looking around, I looked behind the wall into the 10:04 20 street and then there was like no one and then I, while 21 I was doing that with the flashlight I was calling 911 22 to get emergency responders. 23 At any point while you were doing that did 0. 24 you see anybody in the area? 10:04 25 I did not. Α.

10:04	1	Q. Did you ever see who shot your cousin?
	2	A. No, I did not. This was, well, I heard the
	3	gunshots like two minutes before I went outside and I
	4	made the call I guess, so between the whole two minute
10:05	5	gap I checked upstairs, went yeah, I checked
	6	upstairs, went out and found him and called 911.
	7	Q. I'm going to show you a photograph. It's
	8	Grand Jury Exhibit Number 16. Is that your home?
	9	A. Yes, ma'am.
10:05	10	Q. 5536 West Dewey?
	11	A. Yes.
	12	Q. Can you see on this photograph where your
	13	cousin was laying when you went outside?
	14	A. Can I get up?
10:05	15	Q. If you want to, sure, that's fine.
	16	A. Around right here where the blood was.
	17	Q. So you're pointing to the middle of the
	18	picture just to the right of that retaining wall; is
	19	that correct?
10:06	20	A. Yes. Because that is his car right there
	21	and usually he gets the mail which is over here, comes
	22	back, sits on that little structure there and opens up
	23	the mail and I found him on the floor there.
	24	Q. Okay. You can have a seat. So the mailbox
10:06	25	that you're referring to, it's not depicted in this

10:06 1 photograph? Α. No, it's not. But it would be to the bottom left of this 3 0. 4 picture? 10:06 Yes, it's just down the street. 5 6 Q. Okay. Now I'm going to show you a 7 photograph, and I apologize in advance because it is going to be sensitive, but I need you to tell me, this is Grand Jury Number 6, if you recognize the person in 9 10:06 10 that photograph? 11 That is my cousin. Α. That is your cousin Gabriel Valenzuela? 12 Q. Yes, ma'am. 13 Α. MS. O'HALLORAN: I have no further 14 10:06 questions for this witness. Do the members of the Grand 15 16 Jury have any questions? 17 THE FOREPERSON: By law, these proceedings are secret and you are prohibited from disclosing to 18 anyone anything that has transpired before us, including 19 10:06 20 evidence and statements presented to the Grand Jury, any event occurring or statement made in the presence of the 21 22 Grand Jury, and information obtained by the Grand Jury. 23 Failure to comply with this admonition is a 24 gross misdemeanor punishable up to 364 days in the Clark County Detention Center and a \$2,000 fine. In addition, 10:06 25

10:06 you may be held in contempt of court punishable by an 1 additional \$500 fine and 25 days in the Clark County Detention Center. 3 Do you understand this admonition? 4 10:07 5 THE WITNESS: I understand. 6 THE FOREPERSON: Thank you very much and 7 you are excused. MR. PESCI: State calls Detective Mitch 8 9 Dosch. 10:08 THE FOREPERSON: Please raise your right 10 11 hand. You do solemnly swear the testimony you are 12 about to give upon the investigation now pending before 13 this Grand Jury shall be the truth, the whole truth, and 14 nothing but the truth, so help you God? 10:08 15 THE WITNESS: I do. 16 THE FOREPERSON: Please be seated. 17 18 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 19 THE FOREPERSON: You are advised that you 10:08 20 are here today to give testimony in the investigation pertaining to the offenses of burglary while in 21 22 possession of a firearm, conspiracy to commit robbery, robbery with use of a deadly weapon, attempt robbery 23 24 with use of a deadly weapon, and murder with use of a 10:08 2.5 deadly weapon, involving Demario Robinson, Raekwon

Robertson and Davontae Wheeler. 10:08 1 2 Do you understand this advisement? 3 THE WITNESS: I do. THE FOREPERSON: Please state your first 4 10:08 5 and last name and spell both for the record. 6 THE WITNESS: My name is Mitchell, 7 M-I-T-C-H-E-L-L, Dosch, D-O-S-C-H. 8 MITCHELL DOSCH, 9 having been first duly sworn by the Foreperson of the Grand Jury to testify to the truth, the whole truth, 10:08 10 and nothing but the truth, testified as follows: 11 12 13 EXAMINATION 14 10:08 BY MR. PESCI: 1.5 Sir, what do you do for a living? 16 Q. I'm a detective with the Las Vegas 17 Α. Metropolitan Police Department currently assigned to the 18 19 homicide section. 10:08 20 Did you catch a homicide last night and early this morning? 21 22 Α. I did. You and your squad? 23 0. 24 Α. It was. Do you work together with Detective Ryan 10:09 25 0.

10:09 1 Jaeger? Α. He is my partner. And then also with a Detective Lora Cody? 3 Q. Yes, she is on my squad. 4 Α. 10:09 5 Q. Did the three of you and other members of 6 your squad work a homicide that occurred early in the 7 morning hours of August the 9th here at 5536 West Dewey 8 Drive? 9 Yes, we did. 10:09 Do you know when the first call came in for 10 Q. 11 service to that location? At 12 minutes after midnight, otherwise 12 Α. known as 0012 hours. 13 In the course of investigations do you, 14 10:09 meaning the Metropolitan Police Department, assign a 15 unique event number to a particular investigation? 16 17 Α. We do. And what was the event number or do you 18 Q. 19 recall the event number in this case? 10:09 20 I do. The first portion, if you think of 21 the event number in two halfs, is your first half is essentially the date. This particular event number was 22 23 170809-0029. If you'll look at those first six digits, 24 it's the year, followed by the month, 08, and the date, 10:10 25 As far as the other half, the second half, the 0029

is basically interactions by law enforcement, whether 10:10 1 proactive or reactive with respect to our department. 3 So if our officers are conducting a traffic stop, that could be 0001, if somebody is calling in an incident 4 10:10 that could be 0200 and so on and so forth through the 6 course of the entire day, however many numbers we're 7 going to get to. 8 Speaking of an event number, in the course of your investigation do sometimes other incidents 9 10:10 10 become involved in your investigation of your original 11 murder? Absolutely. 12 Α. 13 In this particular case did you receive Ο. information from a briefing in relation to individuals 14 10:10 that might have fit the description given by the jogger 15 being at a convenience store somewhat nearby? 16 We did. 17 Α. And did you and your team follow-up on that 18 Q. convenience store incident? 19 10:11 20 Α. We did. And was an individuals by the name of 21 0. 22 Nikolaus Spahn spoken to? He was. 23 Α. 24 Q. Did he fill out a handwritten voluntary statement? 10:11 25

10:11	1	A. What is otherwise known as a handwritten
	2	voluntary statement.
	3	Q. Showing you Grand Jury Exhibit 43, do you
	4	recognize that?
10:11	5	A. I do.
	6	Q. And what do you recognize that to be?
	7	A. It is the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police
	8	Department voluntary statement.
	9	Q. What's the event number?
10:11	10	A. 170809-0029.
	11	Q. Now I want to display over your left
	12	shoulder so the Grand Jury can see Exhibit 43. We had
_	13	testimony from the actual individual who filled out this
	14	portion, the details, and also his personal information.
10:11	15	Is it customary for the top information to be filed out
	16	by a Metropolitan Police officer, a patrol officer?
	17	A. It is.
	18	Q. Does the event number at the top of this
	19	voluntary statement, does it relate to the murder
10:12	20	investigation?
	21	A. It does.
	22	Q. Okay. And then it has a time as far as
	23	when it occurred. Is this referring to the murder or is
	24	it referring to Mr. Spahn's incident on a different
10:12	25	time?

10:12 1 Α. It's referring to the murder. 2 Okay. So when we see this date and time, Q. 3 that's associated with your murder investigation, and the details that Mr. Spahn gave was about 11:30 p.m. on 4 10:12 5 August the 8th? 6 Α. That's correct. 7 Okay. Just so it's clear as to why we have 0. those numbers on the same piece of paper. 8 9 Α. Yes. 10:12 Okay. Now in the course of your 10 Q. 11 investigation did you first go out to the murder scene? 12 Α. We did. 13 And did you work the scene as far as --0. 14 what's the division of labor at the scene? I apologize. 10:12 Well, it's just that, because we 15 Α. essentially approach these investigations almost in a 16 17 wolf pack mentality. What I mean by that is we will roll out as many available detectives from our squad who 18 is the squad assigned to investigate this particular 19 10:13 20 incident. So we could have as many as six detectives that will come out and obviously six detectives don't 21 22 perform the same singular task, there is a division of labor that occurs. In this case, my partner, Detective 23 24 Jaeger, he was assigned to document the scene with the

crime scene analyst while I perform ancillary tasks such

10:13

25

10:13	1	as locating video surveillance, speaking with witnesses
	2	and conducting whatever follow-up needs to be related
	3	outside of the crime scene itself.
	4	Q. And then in that investigation outside of
10:13	5	the crime scene itself, because you said Detective
	6	Jaeger did that, was there recovery of surveillance from
	7	the location where Mr. Spahn was working?
	8	A. There was.
	9	Q. And do you remember the name of that store
10:13	10	and where it was located?
	11	A. The Short Line Express. And as far as the
	12	distance from the actual crime scene, it's close but I
_	13	can't tell you that distance.
	14	Q. Is it something where you could get to by
10:14	15	car in a matter of minutes?
	16	A. Matter of minutes, absolutely.
	17	Q. Showing you Grand Jury Exhibit 4. Have you
	18	reviewed the surveillance from the Short Line Express?
	19	A. I am intimately familiar with this video,
10:14	20	yes.
	21	Q. And then this video depicts events from
	22	August the 8th of 2017; correct?
	23	A. Correct.
	24	Q. In the course of your investigation, you
10:14	25	being your collective team, did you have information

10:14	1	about a white vehicle that looked like a Crown Vic?
	2	A. Or a, kind of the sister vehicle to that of
	3	a Grand Marquis which is manufactured by Mercury.
	4	Q. And did the jogger relay information about
10:14	5	four individuals being in that vehicle?
	6	A. Yes, he did.
	7	Q. Did it match the surveillance that we
	8	looked at, did it match the color and the type of
	9	vehicle described?
10:15	10	A. Yes.
	11	Q. And in fact did you receive a plate number
	12	from the jogger?
_	13	A. We did.
	14	Q. And does that plate show up in this
10:15	15	surveillance footage?
	16	A. Not in its entirety, but if you'll notice
	17	the front license plate of the vehicle, that is a Grand
	18	Marquis and it's depicted in the middle of the other two
	19	white vehicles. There's some folds to it, some bending,
10:15	20	and by the placement of the camera angle with that bend
	21	in the license plate you can actually see the numbers,
	22	the first three numbers of the license plate, 473.
	23	Q. And then based on this surveillance did you
	24	and your team obtain copies of this surveillance from
10:15	25	the Short Line Express?
_		

We did. 10:15 1 Α. 2 And then based on the information gathered during the course of your investigation did you try to 3 ascertain who these individuals were? 4 10:15 Without question. Α. And then in the process of figuring out who 6 0. 7 they were, did you also try to find specific items of 8 clothing that was unique to the individuals depicted in the surveillance? 10:16 Α. We did. 10 11 0. Did you receive information from the 12 gentleman working the convenience store, Mr. Spahn, 13 about one of the individuals carrying a firearm on his 14 hip? 10:16 Yeah, what is otherwise known as open 15 carry, meaning that firearm is visible to other people 16 17 and is not concealed in any manner. 18 0. And based on the course of your investigation, the reviewing of surveillance and talking 19 10:16 20 to witnesses, were search warrants obtained to try to find evidence associated with this incident? 21 22 Α. Correct. 23 Specifically was there a search warrant 2.4 obtained for a Bagpipe address? 10:16 25 Α. Yes, there was.

10:16	1	Q. Do you remember the address?
	2	A. 919 Bagpipe. It's in North Las Vegas.
	3	Q. Was a 45 handgun found during the execution
	4	of that warrant?
10:16	5	A. Yes, there was.
	6	Q. When we speak of a warrant, that's when you
	7	get permission from the court to search a location?
	8	A. That's correct.
	9	Q. Did you obtain permission from a court by
10:16	10	way of a search warrant to also search the area of West
	- 11	Tropicana, a specific address?
	12	A. 6647 West Tropicana, unit 104, I did.
_	13	Q. And in the course of your investigation who
	14	did you have associated with that location?
10:17	15	A. An individual by the name of Raekwon
	16	Robertson.
	17	Q. And was a firearm found at that location?
	18	A. Yes, a 22 caliber semi-automatic firearm
	19	was in fact recovered from that residence.
10:17	20	Q. And backing up to the residence on Bagpipe.
	21	What information from the course of your investigation
	22	did you have as far as who was associated with that
	23	address?
	24	A. There were two individuals of particular
10:17	25	concern to us that were associated with that address,

10:17	1	that being Demario Lofton-Robinson and his younger	
	2	brother.	
	3	Q. Do you know his younger brother's name?	
	4	A. Yes, it is DeShawn Robinson. So there is	
10:17	5	no Lofton hypen portion to his last name.	
	6	Q. Is his younger brother a juvenile thus we	
	7	don't have him in this proceeding?	
	8	A. That is correct.	
	9	Q. But he was a part of your investigation?	
10:18	10	A. Yes, he was.	
	11	Q. Now we talked about two addresses. I want	
	12	to switch to an address on Civic Center. Can you tell	
	13	us about that?	
	14	A. Yes, it's 3300 Civic Center, apartment 2F	
10:18	15	as in Frank.	
	16	Q. And was a firearm found at that location?	
	17	A. Yes, a third firearm was recovered in	
	18	addition to the first two which was a 45 caliber	
	19	semi-automatic handgun.	
10:18	20	Q. All right. And then why were a 45 and a 22	
	21	of interest to you and your team?	
	22	A. They were important to us because of the	
	23	physical evidence that's left at the crime scene, that	
	24	being 5536 Dewey. Specifically when a firearm is	
10:18	25	discharged and ammunition has been discharged with a	

semi-automatic handgun the cartridge case, that being 10:18 1 2 the, basically the body of a bullet is discharged out of 3 the firearm, the projectile is shot forward or in the direction of wherever the firearm is being pointed, 4 10:18 5 those are known as cartridge cases, what's essentially 6 left over after a bullet has been fired, and at the 7 scene we had three 45 caliber cartridge cases and a 22 caliber cartridge case. Did those specific cases have unique head 9 Q. 10:19 10 stamps as far as the type of 45 caliber and the type of 22 caliber? 11 12 That's correct. Α. 13 Specifically on the 22, did it have a head Q. 14 stamp of C? 10:19 1.5 C as in Charlie, yes, it did. Α. In the course of the search warrant you've 16 Ο. 17 just spoken of, did you find or recover ammunition in 18 one of those locations with the head stamp C type? Going back to the 6647 West Tropicana 19 Α. 10:19 20 address, next to the gun there was a box of ammunition, 21 22 caliber ammunition with a head stamp of C as in 22 Charlie. 23 At the murder scene was there a 45 caliber 24 cartridge case head stamped with R-P? 10:19 25 One of, there are three different head Α.

stamps on the 45 cart cases, yes. 10:19 1 And in the course of the search warrants 2 3 you've spoken of, did you recover firearm evidence for a 4 RP 45 head stamp cartridge? 10:20 Α. Yes. 6 0. Where was that? I believe that's found in both of the 7 Α. 45 caliber handguns, the RP 45 auto. Do you remember which location that was? 9 Q. Yes. I apologize. The first one is going 10:20 10 Α. to be at 919 Bagpipe and the second one is at the last 11 address which is 3300 Civic Center, apartment 2F as in 12 Frank. 13 What was your information as far as who was 14 0. associated with the Civic Center address? 10:20 15 The Civic Center was an individual by the 16 Α. name of Davontae Wheeler. 17 And then did you also find at the murder 18 Q. 19 scene a 45 caliber cartridge case with a head stamp 10:20 20 NFCR? Correct. 21 Α. Did you find any of that evidence in your 22 2.3 searches? 24 Yes, I believe that particular, a cartridge Α. 10:20 25 with that same head stamp had come up in the process of

10:20	1	all the searches that were performed.
	2	Q. And then at the murder scene was there also
	3	a 45 head stamp Winchester 45 auto?
	4	A. That's the final 45 caliber cartridge case.
10:21	5	Q. Were you able to find any cartridge case
	6	head stamped like that in any of your other searches?
	7	A. I was not.
	8	Q. Now let's make it clear. Do you have
	9	training and experience with firearms?
10:21	10	A. Yes.
	11	Q. And based on your training and experience,
	12	if I have a 45 caliber handgun, can I load multiple 45
_	13	cartridges that have different head stamps?
	14	A. Absolutely.
10:21	15	Q. So can one firearm shoot all three of
	16	those?
	17	A. It can.
	18	Q. It could also, one 45 shoot one type and
	19	another 45 shoot a different type?
10:21	20	A. Based on the preference of the gun owner.
	21	Q. Speaking of firearms evidence, have you
	22	submitted the cartridge cases that were found at the
	23	murder scene to be analyzed with the firearms that have
	24	been recovered from these various search warrants?
10:21	25	A. We have.
_		

10:21	1	Q. Has that analysis been completed?
	2	A. It has not.
	3	Q. And to date we don't know if they match up
	4	yet?
10:21	5	A. No, we do not.
	6	Q. But you do know that the calibers match up
	7	and then the head stamps match up?
	8	A. Correct.
	9	Q. Speaking of some other forensic evidence,
10:22	10	in the course of the search warrants we spoke of, we
	11	also had a search warrant, or did you have a search
	12	warrant for the vehicle that's been depicted in the
_	13	surveillance?
	14	A. We did.
10:22	15	Q. And in the course of that were there items
	16	of evidence recovered from inside the vehicle?
	17	A. There were.
	18	Q. Did you make requests as far as certain
	19	pieces of evidence inside that vehicle to be tested for
10:22	20	DNA?
	21	A. I did, a limited amount of items.
	22	Q. And is there a limit based on how much you
	23	can ask to be done by the lab?
	24	A. There is. Because these investigations are
10:22	25	lengthy, but understand at the same time there are lots

10:22	1	of investigations going on simultaneous in this valley
	2	as it relates to the investigations performed by LVMPD
	3	members and as a result there's been a limit placed on
	4	the amount of evidence that can be analyzed and/or
10:22	5	compared relative to the crime that it is. Meaning the
	6	more serious crime the more items, but even in the cases
	7	of murder there is a limit to how much evidence that can
	8	be submitted and then there are a few exceptions to
	9	those limits as well. So yes.
10:23	10	Q. Based on that limit, did you look at some
	11	of the items and say okay, this could be our best
	12	opportunity to maybe find DNA evidence?
_	13	A. We did.
	14	Q. And submit some items?
10:23	15	A. Correct.
	16	Q. And later on potentially you can ask to
	17	have other items checked; is that correct?
	18	A. We can.
	19	Q. Now results from the DNA, your experience
10:23	20	with DNA, do they have to have the known DNA of a
	21	particular individual to compare to whatever could be
	22	recovered from a piece of evidence?
	23	A. Absolutely. It's like a fingerprint.
	24	Q. All right. And in this particular case
10:23	25	have the results come back as to some of the items that

were found inside of that vehicle? 10:23 1 Yes, based on the limited number of items that were submitted for analysis. 3 Now when those limited numbers were 4 Q. submitted, did you get or have the known DNA samples of 10:23 6 Demario Lofton-Robinson and Davontae Wheeler and Raekwon 7 Robertson? Α. Yes. Did any of the items that you requested 9 Q. from the vehicle come back to those three individuals? 10:24 10 11 Α. They did not. Kind of jumping around, I apologize, we're 12 Q. kind of going all over the place. But at some point 13 with these locations that you searched, did you come 14 10:24 into contact with suspects in the case? 15 Yes. 16 Α. 17 And throughout your investigation did you 18 come into contact with suspects that we've spoken of here today, specifically Demario Lofton-Robinson? 19 10:24 20 Α. Yes. 21 0. Raekwon Robertson? 22 Α. Yes. And Davontae Wheeler? 23 Ο. 24 Α. Yes. Did you see photographs of them? 10:24 25 Q.

10:24	1	A. I have.
	2	Q. Have you seen them in person?
	3	A. I have.
	4	Q. Have you spent time with them?
10:24	5	A. I have.
	6	Q. Okay. Based on having spent time with
	7	these individuals and spoken with these individuals,
	8	have you reviewed some of the surveillance video from
	9	the location of, at the Short Line Express?
10:24	10	A. I have.
	11	Q. Did you also review, or in the course of
	12	your investigation did you also find out about an
	13	incident that occurred earlier on August the 2nd?
	14	A. Yes, specifically an armed robbery.
10:25	15	Q. And did you recover or were you a part of
	16	the process of recovering some surveillance from that
	17	incident?
	18	A. The video surveillance was actually
	19	recovered by the robbery detectives who had the
10:25	20	investigation initially and then once that case was
	21	transferred to me and my partner Detective Jaeger, then
	22	we received said video surveillance from the detective.
	23	Q. Now we a moment ago reviewed surveillance
	24	from Grand Jury Exhibit 4. Was that surveillance from
10:25	25	the Short Line Express?
_		

10:25	1	Α.	It was.
	2	Q.	And from reviewing that surveillance and
	3	still footag	e, did you recognize individuals from that
	4	surveillance	to individuals from your investigation?
10:25	5	Α.	Without question.
	6	Q.	Okay. And specifically I want to show you
	7	Grand Jury E	xhibits 7 through 15. Take a moment to
	8	review those	•
	9	Α.	I am familiar with these stills.
10:26	10	Q.	Are these fair and accurate depictions of
	11	the video su	rveillance and the stills from that
	12	surveillance	?
_	13	Α.	Yes, they are.
	14	Q.	When we say still, is that like a little
10:26	15	snapshot of	the video?
	16	Α.	Essentially a still frame from the video.
	17	Q.	Okay. Showing you Grand Jury Exhibit 7.
	18	Do you recog	nize that oh, that's not going to be
	19	recognizable	is it. Sorry about that.
10:26	20		Do you recognize that?
	21	Α.	I do.
	22	Q.	What do you recognize that to be?
	23	Α.	That is the parking lot of the Short Line
	24	Express.	
10:26	25	Q.	And then showing you Grand Jury Exhibit 8,

10:27	1	what do you recognize that to be?	
	2	A. That is just inside the front door to the	
	3	Short Line Express.	
	4	Q. And then do you see an individual with some	
10:27	5	red shoes on?	
	6	A. I do.	
	7	Q. In the course of your investigation were	
	8	red shoes something that you were looking for?	
	9	A. We were.	
10:27	10	Q. Did you find them in the various search	
	11	warrants executed at the locations we mentioned earlier?	
	12	A. We actually found two pair of red shoes.	
_	13	Q. Now this is just a still, not the greatest	
	14	quality, but when you look at the video itself is it a	
10:27	15	better quality?	
	16	A. Yes.	
	17	Q. And the individual depicted in State's 8,	
	18	do you recognize that individual?	
	19	A. The one in the foreground or in the	
10:27	20	background?	
	21	Q. In the foreground, the one drinking a	
	22	bottle of some liquid.	
	23	A. I do. The individual that's in the	
	24	foreground as he's depicted in red shoes, blue jeans and	
10:27	25	what appears to be a long sleeve green shirt, that is	

10:27	1	Demario Lofton-Robinson.	
	2	Q.	Showing you Grand Jury Exhibit 14. Do you
	3	recognize th	at individual?
	4	Α.	I do.
10:28	5	Q.	Who is that?
	6	Α.	That is Demario Lofton-Robinson.
	7	Q.	And he is the individual shown in Grand
	8	Jury Exhibit	8 drinking from that bottle?
	9	Α.	He is.
10:28	10	Q.	Now let me ask you, did you actually make
	11	contact with	Demario Lofton-Robinson?
	12	Α.	I did.
_	13	Q.	Did you talk to him?
	14	Α.	I did.
10:28	15	Q.	Did you provide him his Miranda warnings
	16	before speak	ing to him?
	17	Α.	Yes, I did.
	18	Q.	Did he indicate that he understood those
	19	warnings and	wished to speak to you?
10:28	20	Α.	And was willing to speak with us, yes, he
	21	did.	
	22	Q.	Did you talk to him about what happened?
	23	Α.	Indeed.
	24	Q.	What did he tell you?
10:28	25	Α.	There was a couple variations of his

10:28	1	statement. Do you want the first variation or the final
	2	one?
	3	Q. Go with the first.
	4	A. The first version was he is, that is him
10:28	5	depicted in those stills from the convenience store.
	6	Q. Let me stop you. So did you have the
	7	surveillance to show him?
	8	A. Absolutely.
	9	Q. And did you ask him if he recognized
10:29	10	himself in this photograph?
	11	A. He did, he identified himself from the
	12	still frames.
	13	Q. Okay. Now just as far as him identifying
	14	just himself, what else did he say that he did?
10:29	15	A. He was there. They left that location in a
	16	vehicle that he was driving. He had just purchased a
	17	white Mercury Grand Marquis only days before this
	18	incident. They went to a nearby neighborhood and other
	19	occupants within the vehicle told him to stop as they
10:29	20	were driving down a residential street, those
	21	individuals got out, got into a confrontation with an
	22	individual and ended up shooting him.
	23	Q. So in his first version did he say he did
	24	not get out of the car?
10:29	25	A. Yes, he stated he remained in the car in

10:29 1 the driver's seat. 2 And speaking of the car while on this 3 little tangent, did you utilize that surveillance from 4 that car and show it to James Newman, the person who 10:29 sold the car to Demario, and ask him if he recognized 5 the person in the surveillance? 6 7 Α. Absolutely. 8 Q. Did he indicate that he did recognize? 9 Α. Yes. 10:30 That being Demario who you're speaking of? 10 Q. He referred to him as DJ which is Demario 11 Α. 12 Lofton-Robinson's moniker. 13 Is a moniker a nickname? 0. 14 Yes. Α. 10:30 15 Now you said that there was a subsequent Q. 16 rendition of facts from Mr. Demario. What was that? 17 Yes. The final version of what happened Α. 18 that night was they left the convenience store, they 19 responded to that nearby neighborhood, he along with 10:30 20 three other occupants from the vehicle exited the vehicle, confronted the victim in an attempted robbery 21 22 and the victim fought back and during that process he 23 was shot. So does Demario indicate whether he shot? 24 0. 10:30 25 Yes. Demario indicated that he was one of Α.

10:30	1	the shooters.
	2	Q. Did he indicate what kind of weapon he had?
	3	A. He had a 45 semi-automatic handgun and he
	4	told us that that firearm would be found at his
10:30	5	residence which was 919 Bagpipe.
	6	Q. Did you find a 45 caliber handgun at that
	7	residence?
	8	A. We did.
	9	Q. A moment ago you said this was an attempted
10:31	10	robbery. Was that something that Demario told you as
	11	far as the purpose of stopping the individual?
	12	A. Yes, it was.
	13	Q. What did he say?
	14	A. That they attempted to rob the individual
10:31	15	in front of the house for whatever property and/or money
	16	he may have had.
	17	Q. Now going back to Grand Jury Exhibit 8th,
	18	do you recognize what's depicted there?
	19	A. Yes. In this particular photograph there's
10:31	20	two other individuals that have now come into the
	21	foreground and I recognize both of those individuals.
	22	Q. I want to show you Grand Jury Exhibit 13.
	23	Who do you recognize that individual to be?
	24	A. Davontae Wheeler.
10:31	25	Q. And did you recognize him based on your

10:31	1	interactions with him as being depicted in Grand Jury
	2	Exhibit 9?
	3	A. Yes. Specifically he is the individual in
	4	the foreground wearing what appears to be a white and
10:31	5	black cap, a maroon top, black pants and maroon shoes.
	6	Q. Speaking of that hat, did that hat get your
	7	attention?
	8	A. Yes.
	9	Q. Why?
10:32	10	A. Because it's going to be one of those
	11	notable items of evidence that we are going to search
	12	for when granted permission through a judge.
_	13	Q. Showing you Grand Jury Exhibits 34 through
	14	42. Do you recognize those?
10:32	15	A. I do.
	16	Q. Okay. Are they fair and accurate
	17	depictions of that evidence?
	18	A. Yes.
	19	Q. And looking at Grand Jury Exhibit 35, what
10:32	20	are we looking at?
	21	A. This is an exterior photo of 6647 West
	22	Rainbow, excuse me, West Tropicana, I apologize,
	23	apartment, or excuse me, unit 104.
	24	Q. And State's 36, was a firearm found at that
10:32	25	location?

10:32	1	A. Yes.
	2	Q. A moment ago in the video surveillance from
	3	the Short Line Express you were talking about a hat;
	4	correct?
10:33	5	A. Correct.
	6	Q. Showing you Exhibit 37. What do we have
	7	there?
	8	A. That is a ball cap that is affiliated with
	9	one of the NHL teams.
10:33	10	Q. Going back to the actual surveillance and
	11	zooming in, does the brim appear to be, well, what color
	12	does the brim appear to be?
	13	A. The brim appears to be black but it has a
	14	circular sticker that is viewable from the camera angle.
10:33	15	Q. And what about the, not the brim but the
	16	remainder of the hat?
	17	A. It almost looks like white but it's clear
	18	in the actual real time video as opposed to the rather
	19	pixilated stills.
10:33	20	Q. State's 37, does that appear to match the
	21	hat on the individual inside the Short Line Express?
	22	A. Yes, it does.
	23	Q. As far as the brim being black, the cap
	24	being a white or gray, and then that sticker still on
10:34	25	the center of the brim?

10:34	1	A. Correct.
	2	Q. Also in that same location, was it 6647?
	3	A. Well, it should be noted that this hat was
	4	recovered at 3300 Civic Center, apartment 2F. The
10:34	5	previous photo was at 6647 West Tropicana, unit 104. We
	6	served search warrants at both of those locations on the
	7	same day but one after the other.
	8	Q. Okay. So looking at State's 38, what are
	9	we looking at?
10:34	10	A. That's in the interior home of 3300 Civic
	11	center, apartment 2F.
	12	Q. And what did you gather from there?
	13	A. Down in the lower left hand corner of that
	14	photograph you'll notice a pair of, I guess it could be
10:34	15	described as red, I've described them as maroon tennis
	16	shoes which closely resemble the shoes worn by
	17	Mr. Wheeler in the video surveillance.
	18	Q. Showing you State's 39. What is that?
	19	A. That is a 45 caliber semi-automatic
10:35	20	handgun.
	21	Q. Where was that located?
	22	A. The Taurus was recovered from the living
	23	room area of 3300 Civic Center.
	24	Q. Showing you State's 40. Were the
10:35	25	cartridges removed from the magazine from that firearm?

10:35	1	A. Yes, that photo depicts the magazine and
	2	then the bullets retrieved or recovered from the
	3	magazine.
	4	Q. And that firearm was a 45 caliber?
10:35	5	A. Correct.
	6	Q. Showing you State's 41. What are we
	7	looking at?
	8	A. These are going to be different, or a
	9	different angle on those photographs, or, excuse me, on
10:35	10	the ammunition, but it depicts the head stamp which we
	11	had covered previously.
	12	Q. Does this match a head stamp from the
	13	murder scene?
	14	A. Yes, RP 45 auto.
10:35	15	Q. And showing you State's 42, ask you if you
	16	recognize that.
	17	A. Now we are going back to 6647 West
	18	Tropicana where the 22 caliber semi-automatic handgun is
	19	found. Next to it is a box of ammunition which is that
10:35	20	ammunition that's depicted in that picture right there
	21	which has a head stamp of C as in Charlie.
	22	Q. Okay. And then I believe, just to be sure,
	23	State's 13, did you indicate who that was?
	24	A. Yes, that is Davontae Wheeler.
10:36	25	Q. And that is the individual that you believe

10:36	1	you recognize as the one with the ball cap?
	2	A. Correct.
	3	Q. Shifting over to State's 10. Do you
	4	recognize that?
10:36	5	A. Yes. Again the interior of the Short Line
	6	Express. The two individuals which were in that
	7	previous photo of coming in are a little bit closer to
	8	where the camera is located within the business and the
	9	trailing individual I do recognize.
10:36	10	Q. Who do you recognize that to be?
	11	A. That is Raekwon Robertson.
	12	Q. Showing you State's 15. What is that?
	13	A. It's a picture of Raekwon Robertson.
	14	Q. And did you review some surveillance from
10:37	15	the convenience store incident from August the 2nd?
	16	A. Yes, located at 7010 West Charleston.
	17	Q. And from reviewing that did you recognize
	18	an individual in that surveillance?
	19	A. Yes.
10:37	20	Q. Showing you Grand Jury Exhibit 3. Are you
	21	aware of video surveillance being obtained from the
	22	incident on August the 2nd at the location what was
	23	the name of it?
	24	A. The name of it is the Fiesta Discount
10:37	25	Market and Smoke Shop.

10:37	1	Q. And where was it located?
	2	A. 7010 West Charleston.
	3	Q. And then from reviewing this surveillance,
	4	and you said this was a robbery investigation that you
10:38	5	picked up from the robbery detail; is that correct?
	6	A. That's correct.
	7	Q. Within Metro that is.
	8	A. Yes.
	9	Q. Because you felt that it was connected to
10:38	10	this incident?
	11	A. Yes.
	12	Q. And then are there stills from the video of
	13	the incident outside and inside the location?
	14	A. Yes. This particular business had cameras
10:38	15	set up both inside the store and inside the store
	16	looking toward the front door out into the parking lot
	17	area and there's a unique process that occurs as the
	18	individuals go from outside to inside the business.
	19	Q. Showing you the outside. Does the outside
10:38	20	depict video where the face of the individuals is still
	21	uncovered?
	22	A. Correct.
	23	Q. Inside had the individuals covered their
	24	faces?
10:39	25	A. Yes, as they entered the store and gone in,

10:39	1	the particular individuals involved in this particular
	2	robbery cover their faces to conceal their identity.
	3	Q. And now switching back to Grand Jury
	4	Exhibit 15. Who do you recognize that to be?
10:39	5	A. Raekwon Robertson.
	6	Q. And when we switch back over to the video,
	7	who do you recognize that to be in the still?
	8	A. Raekwon Robertson.
	9	Q. And showing you the actual surveillance
10:39	10	from inside, are there multiple camera angles inside of
	11	this location?
	12	A. Yes, there were.
	13	Q. And then in the course of your
	14	investigation did you come to find out let me stop
10:39	15	it who the individual is that's working there?
	16	A. Yes.
	17	Q. What's her name?
	18	A. Agnes is it Stein I believe is her last
	19	name. But I know her first name is Agnes. She was the
10:40	20	clerk on duty that particular night.
	21	Q. And is there a stamp to this particular
	22	video?
	23	A. Yes.
	24	Q. What date is that?
10:40	25	A. If I can draw your attention to the top

10:40	1	left corner of that video, it's dated August 2nd, 2017
	2	and there is a military time of 23:50 hours and 44
	3	seconds.
	4	Q. And based on your investigation and
10:40	5	reviewing the statement from Agnes, does that fit as far
	6	as the time frame?
	7	A. Yes.
	8	Q. And a moment ago we just saw an individual
	9	come in and did they have something in their hand?
10:40	10	A. Yes. As they moved from right to left in
	11	this particular video clip they produce a firearm.
	12	Q. The person that's producing the firearm, is
	13	that the individual with the black hoodie?
	14	A. Yes.
10:40	15	Q. A moment ago we looked at surveillance from
	16	outside. Was the person coming in from the outside that
	17	you identified as Raekwon wearing a black hoodie?
	18	A. He was.
	19	Q. Is this location, or is the till of the
10:41	20	register opened and money given to the individual?
	21	A. Yes.
	22	Q. And was an item taken from the display
	23	case?
	24	A. To the left there was a particular item of
10:41	25	property that was stolen.

10:41	1	Q. Was there also another individual in this
	2	video?
	3	A. Yes.
	4	Q. And I apologize. For a moment there we
10:41	5	were able to see, was the person's face masked, the one
	6	with the black hoodie?
	7	A. Yes, and that's the difference that occurs.
	8	Outside of the store the individual's face is revealed,
	9	but as he crosses into the business that's when there is
10:41	10	an attempt to conceal his identity that occurs and then
	11	how Agnes would be viewing that individual is his face
	12	is partially covered.
	13	Q. So the approach of the store, there was a
	14	camera fixed to see outside that appears to have been
10:41	15	unknown to the individuals as they walked in?
	16	A. Yes, I would believe that they did not know
	17	that cameras was going to be there.
	18	Q. Do we see a second individual?
	19	A. Yes.
10:41	20	Q. Do you know who that is?
	21	A. Yes. On the right hand side there was
	22	another individual, she happened to be a customer, her
	23	name is Mariah. She was seated in the gaming area and
	24	is not connected to the store as an employee in the case
10:42	25	of Agnes.

10:42	1	Q. And you just spoke of a gaming area; is
	2	that correct?
	3	A. That is correct.
	4	Q. I'm showing you what's referred to as
10:42	5	channel 15 and then the last four digits are 5016; is
	6	that correct?
	7	A. Correct.
	8	Q. There's an internal stamping that the video
	9	footage has?
10:42	10	A. Yes. And then you'll also notice in the
	11	lower right corner it says camera 15, but in the top
	12	left corner in white numbering is 5016 is the last four
_	13	numbers. It might not be visible all the way back
	14	there.
10:42	15	Q. Is there an individual seated at the gaming
	16	machines?
	17	A. Yes. If I can draw your attention to the
	18	upper right hand corner of the monitor, you'll see an
	19	individual at a gaming machine, appears to be gambling.
10:42	20	Q. Okay. Showing you channel 16 or camera 16.
	21	Is that another angle of the gaming area?
	22	A. Yes.
	23	Q. Can we actually see a better view of, you
	24	said that's Mariah?
10:43	25	A. Yes. I can't pronounce her last name. I
		· ·

10:43 1 apologize. What did you think it was? 0. I -- I'm not sure on the pronunciation of 3 her last name. 10:43 Does it still have the same date and time 0. 6 stamp? Correct. And on the left hand side of this 7 Α. particular camera angle it's just a clear view or a different view of the same gaming area and you can see 9 10:43 Mariah at the machine. 10 11 Q. Does the last name of Romatko ring a bell? Yes, that is her last name. 12 Α. 13 Detective, is the surveillance still moving Q. 14 forward? 10:44 15 It is. Α. Doe Mariah look over her right shoulder? 16 Q. 17 She does, which would be back toward the 18 interior of the business, the other area where the clerk 19 would be located. 10:44 20 And what occurred there? 21 And from her possession, her purse, which 22 consisted of a cell phone and a wallet and other 23 miscellaneous items, was taken against her, she is now a 24 victim of an armed robbery akin to the victim who is 10:44 25 behind the counter, the clerk.

10:44	1	Q. The person that took that, was that the
	2	person dressed in the black hoodie or was it a person
	3	dressed differently?
	4	A. No, there is a second individual, a second
10:44	5	suspect that enters the store trailing the first
	6	individual who acts as a lookout, somebody that's going
	7	to monitor the door while the main robbery is occurring
	8	at the clerk's station, that particular lookout moves to
	9	the gaming area and takes the property against her will.
10:45	10	Q. And do you have information as to a name
	11	associated with that second individual, the one that
	12	took the purse from
	13	A. Who was acting as the lookout?
	14	Q. Yes.
10:45	15	A. Yes. Antonio Jones.
	16	Q. That took the actual purse from Mariah?
	17	A. Correct.
	18	Q. Indulgence for a moment.
	19	I'm checking my notes really fast,
10:45	20	Detective, before we're done.
	21	Were other detectives involved with the
	22	interview of some of the other individuals?
	23	A. Some of the other individuals?
	24	Q. Some of the other suspects.
10:46	25	A. Yes.

10:46	1	Q. And specifically did Detective Jaeger speak
	2	with Davontae Wheeler?
	3	A. He did.
	4	Q. Were you part of that interview?
10:46	5	A. I was not part of that interview until the
	6	very end. So the bulk of that interview was performed
	7	by Detective Jaeger.
	8	MR. PESCI: That concludes the questioning
	9	of this witness. Does anybody from the Grand Jury have
10:46	10	any questions?
	11	BY A JUROR:
	12	Q. Were any of these guns recovered registered
_	13	to anybody?
	14	A. We no longer, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police
10:46	15	Department no longer keeps registrations on firearms so
	16	if they were once registered that's unknown to me.
	17	BY MR. PESCI:
	18	Q. Is the blue card requirement no longer a
	19	requirement?
10:46	20	A. It's no longer in effect.
	21	MR. PESCI: Ma'am.
	22	BY A JUROR:
	23	Q. In several of the earlier questions that
	24	you addressed to the officer you referred to a jogger.
10:46	25	In particular in one of them you said a jogger saw four

10:47	1	individuals in what's come to be known as the suspect
	2	vehicle. Who is that person? Who is that jogger?
	3	MR. PESCI: Detective.
	4	THE WITNESS: I apologize. His name just
10:47	5	escapes me. I forget he's the person
	6	BY MR. PESCI:
	7	Q. Is his name Robert Mason?
	8	A. Robert Mason. Thank you. Sorry.
	9	Q. Let me ask you this way. Have you seen
10:47	10	that person here today in the halls outside of the Grand
	11	Jury room?
	12	A. Yes, we chatted briefly before he
	13	testified.
	14	MR. PESCI: All right. Does that answer
10:47	15	your question?
	16	BY A JUROR:
	17	Q. A follow-up. So Robert Mason testified
	18	that he saw the four individuals depicted in the video
	19	inside the white suspect vehicle?
10:47	20	A. I do not know what he testified to.
	21	Q. Okay.
	22	BY MR. PESCI:
	23	Q. Let me ask you this.
	24	I'll try to follow-up.
10:47	25	Did you have information from Robert Mason
	;	
	1	t e la companya de l

10:47	1	about four individuals being associated with a white
	2	vehicle in the area of the murder scene?
	3	A. Absolutely.
	4	Q. Have you done any identifications by Robert
10:48	5	Mason with any surveillance footage or stills from the
	6	surveillance?
	7	A. There was a still frame of the vehicle that
	8	was shown to Mr. Mason. I did not perform that. It was
	9	performed by a different detective.
10:48	10	Q. So you're not aware of Robert Mason making
	11	any identification of any of the four individuals?
	12	A. Absolutely not.
	13	Q. However did you utilize the information you
	14	received from Robert Mason for a general description in
10:48	15	the course of your investigation?
	16	A. Yes, we did.
	17	Q. And then specifically he gave you a license
	18	plate to a particular car?
	19	A. That's correct.
10:48	20	MR. PESCI: Are there any further
	21	follow-up?
	22	A JUROR: No.
	23	MR. PESCI: Thank you. I think there's
	24	some more questions.
	25	

BY A JUROR: 10:48 1 2 You testified that a limited number of Q. 3 items were submitted for analysis to the labs and they came back, they yielded negative results. What was 10:48 5 submitted that returned negative results? 6 BY MR. PESCI: 7 Detective, would reviewing the actual Ο. 8 report assist you? 9 Α. Please. 10:49 10 So on the limited number of items that were 11 submitted for analysis and comparison to the known DNA 12 samples from the aforementioned individuals, there were 13 two cigarette butts that were recovered from the 14 vehicle, they were submitted for comparison. Excuse me. 10:49 15 The first firearm that was recovered at 919 Bagpipe was also swabbed for potential DNA and compared. And then 16 17 finally there are stains, there are stains, one of which 18 was consistent with apparent blood within the vehicle 19 that were submitted for comparison. And then finally 10:49 20 the decedent's fingernails were swabbed for potential 21 DNA, meaning a transfer, in the event there was a 22 physical confrontation with another human being we would 23 have foreign DNA. So those are the limited items that 24 were compared. 10:49 25 A JUROR: Thank you. That answers my

10:49	1	question.
	2	MR. PESCI: Kind of follow up on that.
	3	Q. Was there an actual identification of an
	4	individual on some of these items?
10:50	5	A. Yes.
	6	Q. Who was that?
	7	A. That was DeShawn Robinson.
	8	Q. Is he the juvenile that is not part of this
	9	proceeding?
10:50	10	A. Yes, and the younger brother of Demario.
	11	Q. So some of that DNA was found in the
	12	vehicle?
	13	A. Yes.
	14	MR. PESCI: Does that answer
10:50	15	A JUROR: Yes. Thank you.
	16	BY A JUROR:
	17	Q. Just to keep that question going. Did you
	18	test the clothing that you took out of the apartment or
	19	home for gunshot residue at all?
10:50	20	A. No.
	21	BY MR. PESCI:
	22	Q. What would be some of the rationale as far
	23	as gunshot residue and why you would or would not
	24	test first before you go there. Does the
10:50	25	Metropolitan Police Department have the capacity

internally to do gunshot residue testing? 10:50 1 Yes. And when they do it, do they send it off 3 Q. 4 somewhere to have it analyzed? 10:50 Yes. The crime scene analyst will perform Α. 6 the testing, but the actual results are then sent away 7 for another company, a lab, to perform the analysis. And when you say testing, is that really the recovery of trying to see if an area has it and then 9 10:50 10 the item that's recovered is sent off for someone in a 11 lab to test? 12 Potentially, because there's not an Α. 13 immediate indication that there is the presence of gunshot residue, also known as GSR, or not. Basically 14 10:51 the test is conducted and then it's sent off and then 15 whatever results are made known to us later on. 16 From your training and experience is there 17 Q. a time frame, a window frame as to when you need to get 18 something tested in relation to the shooting in order to 19 10:51 20 have it be effective? Yes. And if I could just draw a quick 21 Α. 22 distinction. There is gunshot residue testing that can be performed on garments and then there's also testing 23 that can be performed on the hands of an individual. 2.4 10:51 25 There are a great deal of restrictions regarding hands

because there are some false positives in the world and 10:51 1 2 through police work that will occur just as a natural 3 occurrence. 4 0. And so was there a reason why you didn't 10:51 use qunshot or haven't yet submitted for gunshot residue 5 on some of these items? 7 In the particular case of their hands or on Α. 8 items of clothing? 9 Ο. I'm not sure --10:52 10 A JUROR: Clothing. 11 THE WITNESS: Items of clothing. It just 12 hasn't been submitted for analysis. We do believe that 13 there was firearms discharged, but as far as do we have all of the clothes the men were wearing at the 14 10:52 15 particular time, it's unclear. Because somebody might 16 be in the area of where a gunshot or a gun is fired, 17 they may not have the residue on them, but in fact if 18 there was a camera over them filming it we would say 19 yeah, he shot. It's just one of the those circumstances 10:52 20 that it's just not known. BY MR. PESCI: 21 22 Q. As far as the hands though, is there a time 23 requirement as far as how soon after shooting a firearm 24 you're supposed to get a sample? 10:52 25 Yes. Α.

10:52	1	Q. What time frame?
	2	A. I believe it's either two or four hours.
	3	The crime scene analyst section, they're the ones that
	4	are responsible for making that determination if they're
10:52	5	within the window.
	6	Q. The call for service was at 0012?
	7	A. Correct.
	8	Q. And then your contact with these various
	9	individuals that you identified, how long after 0012 was
10:53	10	that on August 9th?
	11	A. Almost 24 hours later.
	12	Q. Can that also explain why testing or
	13	non-testing was done in this case?
	14	A. Without questioning because that individual
10:53	15	will go throughout the day and there could be the
	16	transfers occurring and that residue maybe was on the
	17	garment could be now lost. Those are possibilities.
	18	MR. PESCI: Any further questions?
	19	BY A JUROR:
10:53	20	Q. You said at one point that Demario in the
	21	interview did confess to shooting or firing a weapon at
	22	the Dewey residence.
	23	A. Yes.
	24	Q. Did he mention any other names of persons
10:53	25	that may or may not have been there or had

10:53 MR. PESCI: I apologize. I have to 1 2 interrupt. Unfortunately you're not allowed to hear 3 testimony from one suspect about what another suspect 4 said, so it's not admissible evidence. So whether he 10:54 may or may not have said that, it's not something we can 5 6 present to you. Any other questions? 7 8 THE FOREPERSON: By law, these proceedings 9 are secret and you are prohibited from disclosing to 10:54 10 anyone anything that has transpired before us, including 11 evidence and statements presented to the Grand Jury, any 12 event occurring or statement made in the presence of the 13 Grand Jury, and information obtained by the Grand Jury. 14 Failure to comply with this admonition is a 10:54 15 gross misdemeanor punishable up to 364 days in the Clark 16 County Detention Center and a \$2,000 fine. In addition, 17 you may be held in contempt of court punishable by an 18 additional \$500 fine and 25 days in the Clark County 19 Detention Center. 10:54 20 Do you understand this admonition? 21 THE WITNESS: I do. 22 THE FOREPERSON: Thank you very much and 23 you are excused. 24 A JUROR: Thank you for your time. 10:54 25 MR. PESCI: Ladies and gentlemen, we have

10:54	1	two or three more witnesses. Does anyone need a break
	2	at this point?
	3	THE FOREPERSON: Yes. You want to take a
	4	ten minute break?
10:54	5	(Recess.)
	6	MR. PESCI: State call Detective Lora Cody.
	7	THE FOREPERSON: Please raise your right
	8	hand.
	9	You do solemnly swear the testimony you are
11:07	10	about to give upon the investigation now pending before
	11	this Grand Jury shall be the truth, the whole truth, and
	12	nothing but the truth, so help you God?
	13	THE WITNESS: I do.
	14	THE FOREPERSON: Please be seated.
11:07	15	You are advised that you are here today to
	16	give testimony in the investigation pertaining to the
	17	offenses of burglary while in possession of a firearm,
	18	conspiracy to commit robbery, robbery with use of a
	19	deadly, attempt robbery with use of a deadly weapon,
11:07	20	murder with use of a deadly weapon, involving Demario
	21	Robinson, Raekwon Robertson, Davontae Wheeler.
	22	Do you understand this advisement?
	23	THE WITNESS: I do.
	24	THE FOREPERSON: Please state your first
11:08	25	and last name and spell both for the record.

_11:08	1	THE WITNESS: It's Lora Cody. L-O-R-A,
	2	C-O-D-Y.
	3	LORA CODY,
	4	having been first duly sworn by the Foreperson of the
11:08	5	Grand Jury to testify to the truth, the whole truth,
	6	and nothing but the truth, testified as follows:
	7	
	8	<u>EXAMINATION</u>
	9	
11:08	10	BY MR. PESCI:
	11	Q. What do you for a living?
	12	A. I'm a detective.
	13	Q. Is there a particular detail within Metro
	14	that you work for?
11:08	15	A. Yes, I'm currently assigned to the homicide
	16	section.
	17	Q. Do you work together with Mitch Dosch and
	18	Ryan Jaeger?
	19	A. Yes, I do.
11:08	20	Q. Did you and your squad work a homicide that
	21	occurred on August the 9th, 2017 at the location of 5536
	22	West Dewey Drive?
	23	A. Yes, we did.
	24	Q. What was your responsibility in this
11:08	25	investigation as far as the division of labor?
	į	

11:08	1	A. I was assigned to go and get surveillance
	2	video from that particular event.
	3	Q. Where did that bring you to?
	4	A. To the Short Line Express. It's the 7000
11:08	5	block of South Jones.
	6	Q. Is that close or somewhat close to 5536
	7	West Dewey?
	8	A. Yes, sir.
	9	Q. And when you went there, was that based on
11:08	10	information that you had received in the briefing from
	11	patrol officers?
	12	A. Yes.
_	13	Q. And did you also have information from
	14	witnesses that gave you specific things that you were
11:09	15	looking for in the surveillance?
	16	A. Yes.
	17	Q. When you got to that location were you able
	18	to obtain the surveillance?
	19	A. Yes, I did.
11:09	20	Q. Is that the surveillance that we have and
	21	we've shown to the Grand Jury?
	22	A. Yes.
	23	Q. And what were you looking for and what did
	24	you find?
11:09	25	A. We were specifically looking for a white in

11:09	1	color Grand Marquis that may have been occupied by four
	2	black male adults and we also knew that the license
	3	plate, at least the first three letters of that license
	4	plate of that Grand Marquis was 473.
11:09	5	Q. Did you obtain copies of that surveillance
*	6	so you could utilize it in your investigation?
	7	A. Yes, I did.
	8	Q. And then subsequently did you figure out
	9	the registration of that vehicle?
11:09	10	A. Yes.
	11	Q. And did your investigation eventually lead
	12	you to a 919 Bagpipe in North Las Vegas?
	13	A. Yes.
	14	Q. What happened there?
11:09	15	A. I responded out to 919 Bagpipe Court in
	16	order to conduct surveillance and at that point I saw
	17	that specific vehicle, the white Grand Marquis, with the
	18	first four of the license plate 473 parked in the
	19	driveway of 919 Bagpipe Court.
11:10	20	Q. Did you see anyone get into that vehicle
	21	from that location, that address you just mentioned?
	22	A. Yes.
	23	Q. What did you and other officers do based on
	24	seeing that?
11:10	25	A. I observed two black male adults that kind
_		

of resembled similar physical features from the previous 11:10 2 surveillance video get into that Grand Marquis and at that point they actually left in a southbound direction 3 from 919 Bagpipe Court, so I conducted basically rolling 4 11:10 5 surveillance until we could get that vehicle stopped. Q. When it was stopped were the occupants of 6 7 the vehicle removed from the car? 8 Yes, they were. Α. Who were the occupants? 9 0. One was Demario Robinson and an Anthony or 11:10 10 Α. 11 Tony Robinson. And later on did Demario Robinson give a 12 Q. statement to the officers? 13 14 Α. Yes. 11:10 Were you involved with Detective Mitch 15 0. Dosch in the interview of Demario? 16 17 Α. Yes, I was. Separate from what you've just described, 18 Q. were you also involved in the searches of certain areas 19 11:11 20 of interest in this case? 21 Α. Yes, sir. Particularly did you find or were you 22 0. 23 involved in the finding of a 22 caliber handgun? 24 Yes, I was. Α. 25 Tell us about where that was found, the 11:11 0.

address and then where within the location? 11:11 1 We had a search warrant for 6647 West 2 3 Tropicana and I believe it was apartment 104. conducted the search warrant and I located in the northeast bedroom, kind of hidden underneath a chest of 11:11 6 drawers if you will, someone had hollowed out a 7 compartment kind of close to the carpet area underneath this chest of drawers and in that little hollowed out area I located a 22 caliber firearm as well as various 11:11 10 ammunition. Was the 22 and the ammunition of interest 11 0. to you based on your investigation? 12 13 Α. Yes, sir. 14 Why was that? Q. We knew that our victim in this case or the 11:11 15 decedent had been shot possibly with a 22 caliber, 16 17 specifically with a specific head stamp that was 18 recovered from the actual cartridge cases from the 19 initial scene. When you say the initial scene, is that the 11:12 20 Q. 21 murder scene? 22 Α. Yes, it is. 23 Is there anything that you found in your search of that location other than a 22 that was of 24 interest based on identification of individuals? 11:12 25

11:12	1	A. Yes.
	2	Q. What was that?
	3	A. We found a lot of paperwork in the name of,
	4	I believe it's Raeqeem, and I'm sorry, I forgot his last
11:12	5	name, but kind of like an upper shelf area in that
	6	northeast area.
	7	Q. Does the name Raekwon
	8	A. Raekwon.
	9	Q ring a bell? Okay. And then that 22
11:12	10	that was found, was that impounded by a crime scene
	11	analyst?
	12	A. Yes, sir, it was.
	13	MR. PESCI: Grand Jury's indulgence.
	14	That concludes the questions that I have do
11:12	15	the grand jurors have any questions for this witness?
	16	THE FOREPERSON: By law, these proceedings
	17	are secret and you are prohibited from disclosing to
	18	anyone anything that has transpired before us, including
	19	evidence and statements presented to the Grand Jury, any
11:12	20	event occurring or statement made in the presence of the
	21	Grand Jury, and information obtained by the Grand Jury.
	22	Failure to comply with this admonition is a
	23	gross misdemeanor punishable up to 364 days in the Clark
	24	County Detention Center and a \$2,000 fine. In addition,
11:12	25	you may be held in contempt of court punishable by an
.		

additional \$500 fine and 25 days in the Clark County 11:12 1 2 Detention Center. 3 Do you understand this admonition? 4 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. 11:13 THE FOREPERSON: Thank you very much and 5 6 you are excused. MR. PESCI: State calls Detective Ryan 7 8 Jaeger. 9 THE FOREPERSON: Please raise your right 11:13 10 hand. 11 You do solemnly swear the testimony you are 12 about to give upon the investigation now pending before 13 this Grand Jury shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you God? 14 11:14 15 THE WITNESS: Yes. THE FOREPERSON: Please be seated. 16 17 You are advised that you are here today to give testimony in the investigation pertaining to the 18 19 offenses of burglary while in possession of a firearm, conspiracy to commit robbery, robbery with use of a 11:14 20 deadly weapon, attempt robbery with use of a deadly 21 22 weapon, and murder with use of a deadly weapon, 23 involving Demario Robinson, Raekwon Robertson and 2.4 Davontae Wheeler. 25 Do you understand this advisement? 11:14

11:14	1	THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.
	2	THE FOREPERSON: Please state your first
	3	and last name and spell both for the record.
	4	THE WITNESS: First name is Ryan, R-Y-A-N
11:14	5	last name of Jaeger, J-A-E-G-E-R.
	6	RYAN JAEGER,
	7	having been first duly sworn by the Foreperson of the
	8	Grand Jury to testify to the truth, the whole truth,
	9	and nothing but the truth, testified as follows:
11:14	10	
	11	EXAMINATION
	12	
_	13	BY MR. PESCI:
	14	Q. Sir, are you a detective with homicide?
11:14	15	A. I am.
	16	Q. Did you work with Detectives Cody and Dosch
	17	on an investigation from August the 9th of this year on
	18	Dewey address?
	19	A. Yes, I did.
11:15	20	Q. And were you assigned specifically to the
	21	crime scene itself as far as your responsibilities at
	22	the scene of the murder?
	23	A. Yes, I was.
	24	Q. Showing you Grand Jury Exhibit 16. Do you
11:15	25	recognize that?

11:15	1	Α.	Yes, I do.
	2	Q.	What do you recognize that to be?
	3	Α.	That is the address where the murder
	4	occurred.	
11:15	5	Q.	And then specifically looking at Grand Jury
	6	Exhibit 17.	What items of evidence are depicted there?
	7	Α.	We have the large blood pool where our
	8	victim was p	icked up by medical staff and there's a
	9	bunch of mai	1 that is spread out on the ground.
11:15	10	Q.	And then looking at State's Exhibit 18.
	11	What do we h	ave depicted by the placards?
	12	Α.	Next to the placards are spent cartridge
_	13	cases.	
	14	Q.	Were these cartridge cases of note to you
11:15	15	and your sub	sequent investigation?
	16	Α.	They were.
	17	Q.	There has been testimony already, but did
	18	you find in	various searches of other locations
	19	cartridge ca	ses that were of the same make as some of
11 10		carerrage co	
11:16	20	these at the	
11:10	20 21	_	
11:10		these at the	scene?
11:10	21	these at the	scene? Yes. At the scene there was 45 caliber
11:10	21 22	these at the A. cartridge ca	Yes. At the scene there was 45 caliber ses and 22 caliber cartridge cases.
11:16	21 22 23	these at the A. cartridge ca	Yes. At the scene there was 45 caliber ses and 22 caliber cartridge cases. Was there one 22 caliber?

11:16	1	A. That's correct.			
	2	Q. Did you find at these different locations			
	3	things that matched those, the 22 and the 45?			
	4	A. We did.			
11:16	5	Q. And speaking of these other searches, were			
	6	you a part of the process of actually authorizing and			
	7	drafting the search warrants and asking the court for			
	8	permission to search those locations?			
	9	A. Yes, I was.			
11:16	10	Q. And in the process of doing that were you			
	11	involved in the search warrant for 1327 H Street?			
	12	A. I was.			
	13	Q. And also a Mercury Grand Marquis vehicle?			
	14	A. I was.			
11:16	15	Q. And 919 Bagpipe Court in North Las Vegas?			
	16	A. I was.			
	17	Q. And in the process of those things, of			
		those locations being searched, were there items of			
		evidentiary value that were recovered?			
11:17	20	A. There was.			
	21	Q. And we've already heard about that so we			
	22	won't go through all of that. In the course of your			
	23	investigation did you come into contact with an			
	24	individual by the name of Davontae Wheeler?			
11:17	25	A. I did.			

11:17	1	Q.	Showing you Exhibit 13. Who is that?	
	2	Α.	That's Davontae Wheeler.	
	3	Q.	And when you came into contact with him,	
	4	did you deal	with him personally?	
11:17	5	Α.	I did.	
	6	Q.	Did you conduct an interview with him?	
	7	Α.	I did.	
	8	Q.	Did you provide him with his Miranda	
	9	warnings pri	or to that interview?	
11:17	10	Α.	I did.	
	11	Q.	Did he indicate that he understood those	
	12	warnings and	that he was going to speak with you?	
~	13	Α.	Yes, he did.	
	14	Q.	Did you ask him questions about the events	
11:17	15	of the night	of the 9th and some other events as well?	
	16	Α.	I did.	
	17	Q.	And what did he tell you after you gave him	
	18 his Miranda warnings?		warnings?	
	19	Α.	He admitted to owning a 45 caliber handgun.	
11:17	20	He admitted to being in the vehicle but he stated he was		
	21	not involved	in any murder.	
	22	Q.	And when you say a vehicle, specifically	
	23	did you show	him or was he shown still photographs of	
	24	the Grand Man		
11:18	25	Α.	He was shown still photographs collected	

from the surveillance system of the Short Line Express 11:18 1 2 that depicted the Grand Marquis. Did he admit that he had been in the 3 0. vehicle? 11:18 Yes, he did. Α. Did he deny that he was involved in any 6 Q. sort of killing? 7 8 Α. Yes. Okay. And did you ask him about what his Q. 11:18 10 comings and goings were of August the 8th and August the 11 9th? I did. 12 Α. What did he say he had done? 13 Q. He said that he was in the vehicle, he was 14 Α. trying to negotiate to buy a Beretta handgun, he 11:18 15 16 couldn't reach a price for the gun that he liked so he 17 got out of the vehicle and took a bus home. 18 Q. And then you just talked about the purchase 19 or attempt to purchase a Beretta. Did he indicate 11:19 20 whether or not he had a firearm or firearms or how he 21 would carry them? 22 Α. He said he did have a firearm and he said 23 that any time he didn't feel safe he carried the firearm on his right hip in an open carry fashion. 24 25 Was he, or did you show him any of the 11:19 Q.

surveillance footage from inside of the Express --11:19 1 2 Α. I did. Did he indicate that was him or not? 3 Q. He denied that that was him inside the 4 Α. 11:19 Short Line Express. 6 Q. However in the course of your investigation did you find pieces of evidence that were similar or 7 appeared to be similar to the clothing, the shoes, of the people inside the surveillance of that Short Line 11:19 10 Express? We did. 11 Α. 12 And also involving a hat? Q. 13 I don't know if they've seen the picture. Α. Yes. You're speaking of the hat. Was 14 0. 11:20 there something you were focusing on with the hat? 15 The hat in the surveillance pictures, it's 16 Α. a white baseball hat with a black bill and there's a 17 holographic sticker that can be seen on the bill of the 18 19 cap. 11:20 20 0. Did you ask him about that? 21 I did and he said he does not have any 22 clothing that would resemble the person seen in the 23 surveillance footage. If you see the hat that's there, 24 that's actually a Chicago Blackhawks hat with the same 25 sticker that was found in his apartment. 11:20

11:20	1	Q. All right. That's the next question I was				
	2	going to ask you. You were involved with the search				
	3	when this hat was found. Where was it found?				
	4	A. I did not search his apartment. I was with				
11:20	him doing the interview when his apartment was searched.					
	6	Q. Are you aware that this was found in his				
	7	apartment?				
	8	A. Yes.				
	9	Q. Was there information in your investigation				
11:21	10	that associated Mr. Wheeler with that apartment?				
	11	A. Yes.				
	12	Q. Do you know offhand what some of that				
	13	information was?				
	14	A. He lived in apartment F and his sister				
11:21	15	lived in apartment G. That was verified by the complex				
	16	security.				
	17	MR. PESCI: Indulgence for a moment.				
	18	That concludes the questions for this				
	19	detective. Do the ladies and gentlemen of the jury have				
11:21	20	any questions?				
	21	THE FOREPERSON: By law, these proceedings				
	22	are secret and you are prohibited from disclosing to				
	23	anyone anything that has transpired before us, including				
	24	evidence and statements presented to the Grand Jury, any				
11:21	25	event occurring or statement made in the presence of the				

11:21 Grand Jury, and information obtained by the Grand Jury. 2 Failure to comply with this admonition is a 3 gross misdemeanor punishable up to 364 days in the Clark County Detention Center and a \$2,000 fine. In addition, 11:21 5 you may be held in contempt of court punishable by an additional \$500 fine and 25 days in the Clark County 6 7 Detention Center. 8 Do you understand this admonition? 9 THE WITNESS: I do. 11:22 10 THE FOREPERSON: Thank you and you are 11 excused. 12 THE WITNESS: Thank you. MR. PESCI: Ladies and gentlemen, we're 13 14 going to ask you to just give us a couple minutes and then we'll come right back in. Okay? 11:22 15 A JUROR: Cool. 16 (Recess.) 17 18 THE FOREPERSON: Please raise your right 19 hand. 11:26 20 Please raise your right hand. Thank you. You do solemnly swear the testimony you are 21 about to give upon the investigation now pending before 22 this Grand Jury shall be the truth, the whole truth, and 23 24 nothing but the truth, so help you God? 11:26 25 THE WITNESS: Yes.

11:26	1	THE FOREPERSON: You are advised that you
	2	are here today to give testimony in the investigation
	3	pertaining to the offenses of burglary while in
	4	possession of a firearm, conspiracy to commit robbery,
11:26	5	robbery with use of a deadly weapon, attempted robbery
	6	with use of a deadly weapon, murder with use of a deadly
	7	weapon, involving Demario Robinson
	8	THE WITNESS: Correct, yes.
	9	THE FOREPERSON: Raekwon Robertson and
11:27	10	Davontae Wheeler.
	11	Do you understand this advisement?
	12	THE WITNESS: Yes.
	13	THE FOREPERSON: Please state your first
	14	and last name and spell both for the record.
11:27	15	THE WITNESS: Agnes Stein. A-G-N-E-S,
	16	S-T-E-I-N.
	17	AGNES STEIN,
	18	having been first duly sworn by the Foreperson of the
	19	Grand Jury to testify to the truth, the whole truth,
11:27	20	and nothing but the truth, testified as follows:
	21	
	22	EXAMINATION
	23	
	24	BY MR. PESCI:
11:27	25	Q. Ma'am, I want to direct your attention to

11:27	1	August the 2	nd of 2017. Were you working late that
	2	evening?	
	3	Α.	Yes.
	4	Q.	And where did you work?
11:27	5	Α.	Fiesta Discount Market.
	6	Q.	Where is that located?
	7	Α.	7010 West Charleston, Las Vegas, Nevada.
	8	Q.	Does your location have video surveillance?
	9	Α.	Yes, it does.
11:27	10	Q.	Showing you Grand Jury Exhibit 3. Do you
	11	recognize th	is location?
	12	Α.	Yes.
	13	Q.	Do you recognize someone in this video?
	14	Α.	Yes.
11:27	15	Q.	Who is it?
	16	Α.	Me.
	17	Q.	All right. Is it the ordinary course of
	18	your busines	s to have your video surveillance set up?
	19	Α.	Yes.
11:28	20	Q.	Is it something that's been in place before
	21	you started	working there?
	22	Α.	Yes.
	23	Q.	And it's still in place now?
	24	Α.	Yes.
11:28	25	Q.	There is an incident that occurred on this

11:28 day that brings you here to court; correct? Α. Correct. Was it captured on the video surveillance? 3 Q. Α. Yes. 11:28 Was that surveillance then provided to 0. 6 police? 7 Yes. Α. Is that a fair and accurate copy of that 8 Q. 9 surveillance? 11:28 10 Α. Yes. 11 Tell the Grand Jury what happened to you. Q. I was sitting there watching TV. I just, 12 Α. we just did the shift change. About five to 12:00 these 13 two came in and the guy that came behind the counter 14 11:28 told me to get the money out of the cash register and he 15 was yelling at me to hurry up, hurry up, waving the gun 16 at me, and then they took the money and they left. 17 Were there two individuals? 18 Q. There was two individuals, yes, but I 19 Α. 11:28 20 didn't see what the other guy was doing because I was behind the counter. 21 22 Were you focused on the one with the gun? Q. 23 Α. Yes. 24 Q. Was there a customer in the store? 11:29 25 Α. Yes.

11:29	1	Q. Do you know that customer?
	2	A. Yes.
	3	Q. What's the customer's name?
	4	A. Mariah.
11:29	5	Q. And I'm going to play this video and ask
	6	you if this is what occurred to you that day. It's
	7	going to take a minute.
	8	It's playing. While it's playing, is
	9	Mariah in the gaming area of your store?
11:29	10	A. Yes.
	11	Q. Is she seated at the what kind of game
	12	was it, do you know?
	13	A. It's multiple choice of games that we have.
	14	Q. Is she seated at the one furthest to the
11:29	15	left?
	16	A. Yes.
	17	Q. Is the door located on the left hand side
	18	of the video that's dated August 2, 2017?
	19	A. Yes.
11:30	20	Q. Is this at 2350, is that when the
	21	individuals walk in?
	22	A. Yes.
	23	Q. What's occurring now, is that what you just
	24	described to the ladies and gentlemen of the Grand Jury?
11:30	25	A. Yes.

			i		
11:30	1	Q.	Did you provide the money to the individual		
	2	because ther	ere was a gun pointed at you?		
	3	Α.	Yes.		
	4	Q.	Were you, it sounds silly, but were you		
11:30	5	concerned?			
	6	Α.	Yes.		
	7	Q.	Were you scared?		
	8	Α.	Yes.		
	9	Q.	Did you comply with his demands?		
11:30	10	Α.	Yes, I did.		
	11	Q.	All right. What are you doing right there?		
	12	You're leani	ng down under the counter.		
_	13	Α.	Right uhm		
	14	Q.	Is there an alarm?		
11:30	15	Α.	Yes.		
	1,6	Q.	And then did Mariah come over to you after?		
	17	Α.	Yes, and she told me that		
	18	Q.	You can't say what she said. I apologize.		
	19		Did you see anything happen to her when all		
11:30	20	of this happ	pened?		
	21	Α.	Did I what?		
	22	Q.	Did you see anything happen to her while		
	23	all of this	happened?		
	24	Α.	No.		
11:30	25	Q.	But she did come and speak to you?		

11:31	1	A. Yes.			
	2	Q. And then the surveillance, we just looked			
	3	at one, there are multiple angles that was provided to			
	4	the police?			
11:31	5	A. Correct.			
	6	MR. PESCI: Rachel?			
	7	Any questions from the ladies and gentlemen			
	8	of the Grand Jury?			
	9	That concludes the testimony.			
11:31	10	THE FOREPERSON: By law, these proceedings			
	11	are secret and you are prohibited from disclosing to			
	12	anyone anything that has transpired before us, including			
	13	evidence and statements presented to the Grand Jury, any			
	14	event occurring or statement made in the presence of the			
11:31	15	Grand Jury, and information obtained by the Grand Jury.			
	16	Failure to comply with this admonition is a			
	17	gross misdemeanor punishable up to 364 days in the Clark			
	18	County Detention Center and a \$2,000 fine. In addition,			
	19	you may be held in contempt of court punishable by an			
11:31	20	additional \$500 fine and 25 days in the Clark County			
	21	Detention Center.			
	22	Do you understand this admonition?			
	23	THE WITNESS: Yes.			
	24	THE FOREPERSON: Thank you. You are			
11:31	25	excused.			

11:31	1	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
	2	MR. PESCI: Thank you.
	3	THE WITNESS: Sorry about being late.
	4	MR. PESCI: It's okay. Thank you.
11:32	5	Ladies and gentlemen, we're going to ask
	6	you to stay these proceedings and to not deliberate at
	7	this time. And that concludes our presentation today.
	8	(Proceedings adjourned, to reconvene at a later,
	9	undetermined time.)
11:32	10	00000
	11	
	12	
_	13	
	14	
	15	
	16	
	17	
	18	
	19	
	20	
	21	
	22	
	23	
	24	
	25	

11:32	1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
	2	
	3	STATE OF NEVADA) : ss
	4	COUNTY OF CLARK)
11:32	. 5	
	6	I, Danette L. Antonacci, C.C.R. 222, do
	7	hereby certify that I took down in Shorthand (Stenotype)
	8	all of the proceedings had in the before-entitled matter
	9	at the time and place indicated and thereafter said
11:32	10	shorthand notes were transcribed at and under my
	11	direction and supervision and that the foregoing
	12	transcript constitutes a full, true, and accurate record
	13	of the proceedings had.
	14	Dated at Las Vegas, Nevada,
11:32	15	December 30, 2017.
	16	
	17	/s/ Danette L. Antonacci
	18	Danette L. Antonacci, C.C.R. 222
	19	
11:32	20	
	21	
	22	
	23	
	24	
	25	

11:32	1	AFFIRMATION						
	2	Pursuant to NRS 239B.030						
	3							
	4	The undersigned does hereby affirm that the						
11:32	5	preceding TRANSCRIPT filed in GRAND JURY CASE NUMBER 17BGJ017A-C:						
	6							
	7							
	8	X Does not contain the social security number of any						
	9	person,						
11:32	10	-OR-						
	11	Contains the social security number of a person as						
	12	required by:						
	13	A. A specific state or federal law, to- wit: NRS 656.250.						
	14	-OR-						
11:32	15	B. For the administration of a public program or for an application for a federal or						
	16	state grant.						
	17							
	18	/s/ Danette L. Antonacci 12-30-17						
	19	Signature Date						
11:32	20							
	21	Danette L. Antonacci Print Name						
	22							
	23	Official Court Reporter Title						
	24							
	25							

t I	LAS VEGAS METROPOLIT	AN POLICE DEPARTMENT	Event#	<u> </u>
Page of	170809	-0029		
	THIS PORTION TO BE C	OMPLETED BY OFFICER		
Specific Crime MURAGE WOW			Date Occurred	Time Occurred OOLZ
Location of Occurrence	DR. WN		Sector/Beat	☐ City
5536 W. DEWEY	DR. WN		37	
			in a contract	
You(Name (Last / First / Middle)	laus ('		Date of Birth	Social Security # (
Race Sex Height	Weight Hair Eyes Orunn Drown	Work Schdl. (Hours) (Days O	ff) Business / School	al T
Residence Address: (Number & Street)	Bldg./Apt.# City VP985	State Zip Code	Res. Phone: 7	13-307-7325
Bus. (Local) Address: (Number & Street)	Bidg./Apt.# City	State Zip Code	Occupation Call NED	Depart Date (if visitor)
Best place to contact you during the day		Best time to contact you during the		Can You Identify
Cucrost	(1)	00 11	0.450.0	the Suspect? No
DETAILS SUSPECT	came in st		54501C15	One
had a black gi		ght his used	the rest	room
try 15 minutes	he had black	chald have p	lack Junea	te
dark Jeans desni	cpt-1 5.7 155	driving a	white c	nun VIC
poor four don	1 then sat at	t the time	outside	for 16-15
minutes they	bought two de	19 blue water	~ [
		J		
- data				
:				
I HAVE READ THIS STATEMENT AND I. COMPLETED AT (LOCATION)	AFFIRM TO THE TRUTH AND ACC	URACY OF THE FACTS CONT	AINED HEREIN. THI	S STATEMENT WAS
N THE 9TH DAY OF	AUG / AT _	0135 (AM) PM), _2	1	
Witness/Officer:	(enginature)	$ \Lambda$	nola	
7777.3307 01110011	MBONI P# 9331	SIGNA	ITURE OF PERSON GIV	
LVMPD 85 (REV. 6-08) (PRINTER	") SIGNA		325

GJ EXH 43

Grand Jase # 1786.)017 A-C

Exhibit # 43

Date 11-29-17

INSTRUCTION NO
Every person who, by day or night, enters any home, store or other building, with
the intent to commit robber and/or a felony therein is guilty of Burglary.
INSTRUCTION NO
In the State of Nevada, the crime of robbery is a felony.
INSTRUCTION NO
It is not necessary that the State prove the defendant actually committed a robbery
or a felony inside the home, store or other building after he entered in order for you to
find him guilty of burglary. The gist of the crime of burglary is the unlawful entry with
criminal intent. Therefore, a burglary was committed if the defendant entered the home,
store or other building with the intent to commit a robbery or a felony regardless of
whether or not that crime occurred.
INSTRUCTION NO
The intention with which entry was made is a question of fact which may be
inferred from the defendant's conduct and all other circumstances disclosed by the
evidence.
INSTRUCTION NO
Every person who commits the crime of burglary, who has in his possession or
gains possession of any firearm or deadly weapon at any time during the commission of
the crime, at any time before leaving the structure, or upon leaving the structure, is guilty
of burglary while in possession of a firearm.
INSTRUCTION NO
Every person who, in the commission of a burglary, commits any other crime,
may be prosecuted for each crime separately.
INSTRUCTION NO
Any person who conspires to commit Robbery is guilty of Conspiracy to Commit
Robbery.

INSTRUCTION N	O.
---------------	----

Robbery is the unlawful taking of personal property from the person of another, or in his presence, against his will, by means of force or violence or fear of injury, immediate or future, to his person or property. Such force or fear must be used to overcome resistance to the taking, in either of which case the degree of force is immaterial. Such taking constitutes robbery whenever it appears that, although the taking was fully completed without the knowledge of the person from whom taken, such knowledge was prevented by the use of force or fear.

The value of property or money taken is not an element of the crime of Robbery, and it is only necessary that the State prove the taking of some property or money.

INSTRUCTION NO.

If more than one person commits a robbery, and one of them uses a deadly weapon in the commission of that robbery, each may be convicted of Robbery With Use of a Deadly Weapon, even though he did not personally himself use the weapon.

INSTRUCTION NO.

The elements of an attempt to commit a crime are:

- 1) the intent to commit the crime;
- 2) performance of some act towards its commission; and
- 3) failure to consummate its commission.

In determining whether or not such an act was done, it is necessary to distinguish between mere preparation, on the one hand, and the actual commencement of the doing of the criminal deed, on the other. Mere preparation, which may consist of planning the offense or of devising, obtaining or arranging the means for its commission, is not sufficient to constitute an attempt; but acts of a person who intends to commit a crime will constitute an attempt where they themselves clearly indicate a certain, unambiguous intent to commit that specific crime, and, in themselves, are an immediate step in the present execution of the criminal design, the progress of which would be completed

unless interrupted by some circumstance not intended in the original design. INSTRUCTION NO. Conspiracy is an agreement or mutual understanding between two or more persons to commit a crime. To be guilty of conspiracy, a defendant must intend to commit, or to aid in the commission of, the specific crime agreed to. The crime is the agreement to do something unlawful; it does not matter whether it was successful or not. INSTRUCTION NO. It is not necessary in proving a conspiracy to show a meeting of the alleged conspirators or the making of an express or formal agreement. The formation and existence of a conspiracy may be inferred from all circumstances tending to show the common intent and may be proved in the same way as any other fact may be proved, either by direct testimony of the fact or by circumstantial evidence, or by both direct and circumstantial evidence. INSTRUCTION NO. Whenever there is slight evidence that a conspiracy existed, and that the defendant was one of the members of the conspiracy, then the statements and the acts by any person likewise a member may be considered by the jury as evidence in the case as to the defendant found to have been a member, even though the statements and acts may have occurred in the absence and without the knowledge of the defendant, provided such statements and acts were knowingly made and done during the continuance of such conspiracy, and in furtherance of some object or purpose of the conspiracy. INSTRUCTION NO. A statement offered against the defendant which is a statement made by a coconspirator of the defendant during the course and in furtherance of the conspiracy may be considered by the jury. INSTRUCTION NO. _____ Any evidence of a statement, which is not made during the course and in the

furtherance of the conspiracy, made by one defendant may be considered by you only in assessing the evidence for or against the defendant making the statement. You shall not consider it against any other defendant. INSTRUCTION NO. _____ You are instructed that to aid and abet is defined as follows: aid means to help, assist, or strengthen; abet means to encourage, counsel, induce or assist. INSTRUCTION NO. _____ Where two or more persons are accused of committing a crime together, their guilt may be established without proof that each personally did every act constituting the offense charged. All persons concerned in the commission of a crime who either directly and actively commit the act constituting the offense or who knowingly and with criminal intent aid and abet in its commission or, whether present or not, who advise and encourage its commission, with the intent that the crime be committed, are regarded by the law as principals in the crime thus committed and are equally guilty thereof. A person aids and abets the commission of a crime if he knowingly and with criminal intent aids, promotes, encourages or instigates by act or advice, or by act and advice, the commission of such crime with the intention that the crime be committed. The State is not required to prove precisely which defendant actually committed the crime and which defendant aided and abetted. INSTRUCTION NO. The participation of a defendant not actually in possession of the weapon, but who has knowledge that a weapon would be used, by aiding or abetting the actual user in the unlawful use of the weapon, makes a defendant equally subject to the added weapon enhancement available to the user who commits a crime through the use of a deadly

weapon.

INSTRUCTION NO. _____

"Deadly weapon" means any instrument which, if used in the ordinary manner contemplated by its design and construction, will or is likely to cause substantial bodily harm or death; any weapon, device, instrument, material or substance which, under the circumstances in which it is used, attempted to be used or threatened to be used, is readily capable of causing substantial bodily harm or death.

You are instructed that a firearm is a deadly weapon. INSTRUCTION NO.

Mere presence at the scene of a crime or knowledge that a crime is being committed is not sufficient to establish that a defendant is guilty of an offense, unless you find beyond reasonable doubt that the defendant was a participant and not merely a knowing spectator.

However, the presence of a person at the scene of a crime and companionship with another person engaged in the commission of the crime and a course of conduct before and after the offense are circumstances which may be considered in determining whether such person aided and abetted the commission of that crime.

INSTRUCTION NO. _____

In order to "use" a deadly weapon, there need not be conduct which actually produces harm but only conduct which produces a fear of harm or force by means or display of the deadly weapon in aiding the commission of the crime.

The State is not required to have recovered the deadly weapon used in an alleged crime, or to produce the deadly weapon in court at trial, to establish that a deadly weapon was used in the commission of the crime.

INSTRUCTION NO._____

Murder is the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought, either express or implied. The unlawful killing may be effected by any of the various means by which death may be occasioned.

INSTRUCTION NO.____

Malice aforethought means the intentional doing of a wrongful act without legal cause or excuse or what the law considers adequate provocation. The condition of mind described as malice aforethought may arise, from anger, hatred, revenge, or from particular ill will, spite or grudge toward the person killed. It may also arise from any unjustifiable or unlawful motive or purpose to injure another, proceeding from a heart fatally bent on mischief or with reckless disregard of consequences and social duty. Malice aforethought does not imply deliberation or the lapse of any considerable time between the malicious intention to injure another and the actual execution of the intent but denotes an unlawful purpose and design as opposed to accident and mischance.

INSTRUCTION NO.____

Express malice is that deliberate intention unlawfully to take away the life of a human being, which is manifested by external circumstances capable of proof.

Malice may be implied when no considerable provocation appears, or when all the circumstances of the killing show an abandoned and malignant heart.

INSTRUCTION NO.	

Murder of the first degree can include murder which is: A) perpetrated by means of willful, deliberate and premeditated killing; or B) committed in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of robbery.

INSTRUCTION NO

Murder of the first degree which is perpetrated by means of any kind of willful, deliberate, and premeditated killing. All three elements -- willfulness, deliberation, and premeditation -- must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt before an accused can be convicted of first-degree murder.

Willfulness is the intent to kill. There need be no appreciable space of time between formation of the intent to kill and the act of killing.

Deliberation is the process of determining upon a course of action to kill as a result of thought, including weighing the reasons for and against the action and

considering the consequences of the actions.

A deliberate determination may be arrived at in a short period of time. But in all cases the determination must not be formed in passion, or if formed in passion, it must be carried out after there has been time for the passion to subside and deliberation to occur. A mere unconsidered and rash impulse is not deliberate, even though it includes the intent to kill.

Premeditation is a design, a determination to kill, distinctly formed in the mind by the time of the killing.

Premeditation need not be for a day, an hour, or even a minute. It may be as instantaneous as successive thoughts of the mind. For if the jury believes from the evidence that the act constituting the killing has been preceded by and has been the result of premeditation, no matter how rapidly the act follows the premeditation, it is premeditated.

INSTRUCTI	ON NO).

The law does not undertake to measure in units of time the length of the period during which the thought must be pondered before it can ripen into an intent to kill which is truly deliberate and premeditated. The time will vary with different individuals and under varying circumstances.

The true test is not the duration of time, but rather the extent of the reflection. A cold, calculated judgment and decision may be arrived at in a short period of time, but a mere unconsidered and rash impulse, even though it includes an intent to kill, is not deliberation and premeditation as will fix an unlawful killing as murder of the first degree.

INSTRUCTION NO. _____

There is a kind of murder which carries with it conclusive evidence of premeditation, deliberation, and malice aforethought. This class of murder is committed in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of robbery. Therefore a killing which is

committed in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of robbery is deemed to be murder of the first degree whether the killing was intentional or unintentional or accidental. This is called the Felony Murder Rule.

1 IND STEVEN B. WOLFSON 2 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 GIANCARLO PESCI Chief Deputy District Attorney 4 Nevada Bar #007135 200 Lewis Avenue 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 6 Attorney for Plaintiff 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff. CASE NO: 10 **DEPT NO:** 11 -VS-DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, 12 Demario Loftonrobinson, #5318925 13 RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, #8252804 DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, 14 INDICTMENT #5909081 15 Defendant(s). 16 17 STATE OF NEVADA) ss. COUNTY OF CLARK 18 The Defendant(s) above named, DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, Demario 19 Loftonrobinson, RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, 20 DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, accused by the Clark County Grand Jury of the crime(s) 21 of BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A FIREARM (Category B Felony - NRS 22 205.060 - NOC 50426); CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS 23 200.380, 199.480 - NOC 50147); ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON 24 (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.165 - NOC 50138); ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH 25

USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.330, 193.165 - NOC

50145) and MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony - NRS

334

26

27

//

//

200.010, 200.030, 193.165 - NOC 50001), committed at and within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, on or between August 2, 2017 and August 9, 2017, as follows:

COUNT 1 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendant RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, did on or about August 2, 2017 willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent to commit a felony, to wit: robbery, that certain business occupied by FIESTA DISCOUNT MARKET AND SMOKE SHOP, located at 701 West Charleston Boulevard, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, while possessing and/or gaining possession of a handgun, a deadly weapon, during the commission of the crime and/or before leaving the structure.

<u>COUNT 2</u> - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

Defendant RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, did on or about August 2, 2017 willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with ANTONIO JONES to commit a robbery, by the conspirators committing the acts as set forth in Counts 3 and 4, said acts being incorporated by this reference as though fully set forth herein.

COUNT 3 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendant RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, along with ANTONIO JONES, did on or about August 2, 2017 willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: a wallet, cellular telephone, and makeup case, from the person of MARIAH ROMATKO, or in her presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of MARIAH ROMATKO, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun, the Defendant being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed.

COUNT 4 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendant RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, along with ANTONIO JONES, did on or about August 2, 2017 willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency, from the person of AGNES STEIN, or in her presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of AGNES STEIN, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun, the Defendant being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed.

COUNT 5 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

Defendants DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, Demario Loftonrobinson, RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, did, on or about August 9, 2017, willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with each other and/or unknown co-conspirators to commit a robbery, by the Defendants and/or unknown co-conspirators committing the acts as set forth in Count 6, said acts being incorporated by this reference as though fully set forth herein.

COUNT 6 - ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, Demario Loftonrobinson, RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, did, on or about August 9, 2017, willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously attempt to take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency and/or property, from the person of GABRIEL VALENZUELA, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of GABRIEL VALENZUELA, by pointing a firearm at the said GABRIEL VALENZUELA and demanding said U.S. Currency and/or property, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a firearm, the Defendants being criminally liable under

one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendant and/or DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON and/or DESHAWN ROBINSON and/or RAEKWON ROBERTSON and/or unknown co-conspirators aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendant and/or DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON and/or DESHAWN ROBINSON and/or RAEKWON ROBERTSON and/or unknown co-conspirators acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 7 - MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, Demario Loftonrobinson, RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, did, on or about August 9, 2017, willfully, unlawfully, feloniously and with malice aforethought, kill GABRIEL VALENZUELA, a human being, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a firearm, by shooting at and into the body of the said GABRIEL VALENZUELA, the said killing having been (1) willful, deliberate, and premeditated, and/or (2) committed during the perpetration or attempted perpetration of a robbery, the Defendants being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring,

.. //

//

//

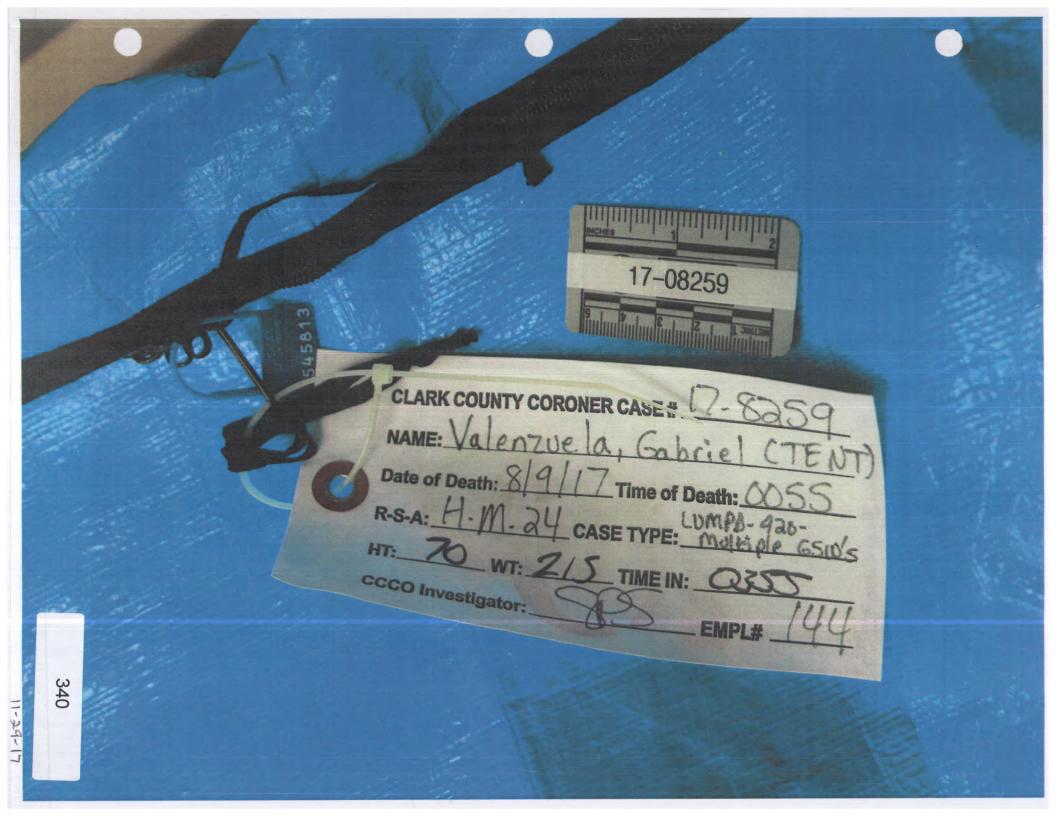
1	commanding, inducing, and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3
2	pursuant to a conspiracy to commit murder and/or robbery; Defendants and/or unknown co
3	conspirators aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants and/or unknown co
4	conspirators acting in concert throughout.
5	DATED this day of November, 2017.
6	STEVEN B. WOLFSON
7	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565
8	
9	BY CHANGABY O PROGR
10	GIANCARLO PESCI Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135
11	Nevada Bar #00/135
12	
13	ENDORSEMENT: A True Bill
14	
15	Clark County County I Institute
16	Foreperson, Clark County Grand Jury
17	
18	·
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	

1	Names of Witnesses and testifying before the Grand Jury:
2	
3	Additional Witnesses known to the District Attorney at time of filing the Indictment:
4	CHARLTON, NOREEN – LVMPD #13572
5	CODY, LORA – LVMPD #7294
6	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - CCDC
7	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD COMMUNICATIONS
8	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD RECORDS
9	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – SHORTLINE EXPRESS – 7325 S. JONES BLVD, LV NV
10	DOSCH, MITCHELL – LVMPD #7907
11	FLETCHER, SHAWN – LVMPD #5221
12	JAEGER, RYAN – LVMPD #5587
13	MASON, ROBERT – c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101
14	NEWMAN, JAMES – c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101
15	RELATO, JOHN – c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101
16	ROMATKO, MARIAH – c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101
17	SIMMS, DR. LARY – ME#0002
18	SPAHN, NICKOLAUS – SHORT LINE EXPRESS – 7325 S. JONES BLVD, LV NV
19	SPEAS, WILLIAM – LVMPD #5228
20	STEIN, AGNES – FIESTA DISCOUNT MARKET – 7010 W. CHARLESTON BLVD, LV
21	NV
22	TAPAY, GLEZZELLE, LVMPD #15709
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	17BGJ017A-C/17F14369A-C/ed - GJ
28	LVMPD EV#1708024571; 1708090029 (TK3)

Grand Jury Case #1786J017 A-C

Exhibit #_____

Date__1129 17



Grand Jury Case # 1786J017A-C

Exhibit # 5

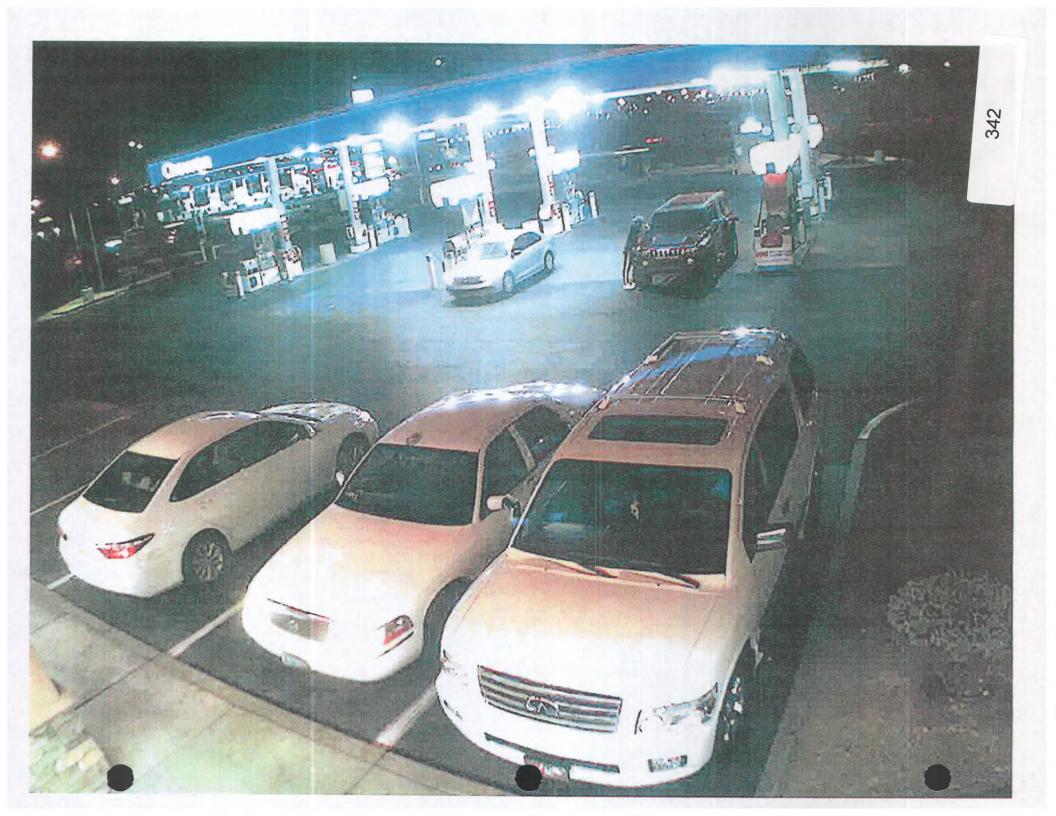
Date 11 29 17



Grand Jury Case # 1786JØ 17A-C

Exhibit # 6

Date 11/29/17





Grand Jury Case # 17867017A-(

Exhibit # 8

Date 11/29/17



Grand Jury Case #17BGJØ17A~(
Exhibit # 9

Date 11 29 17





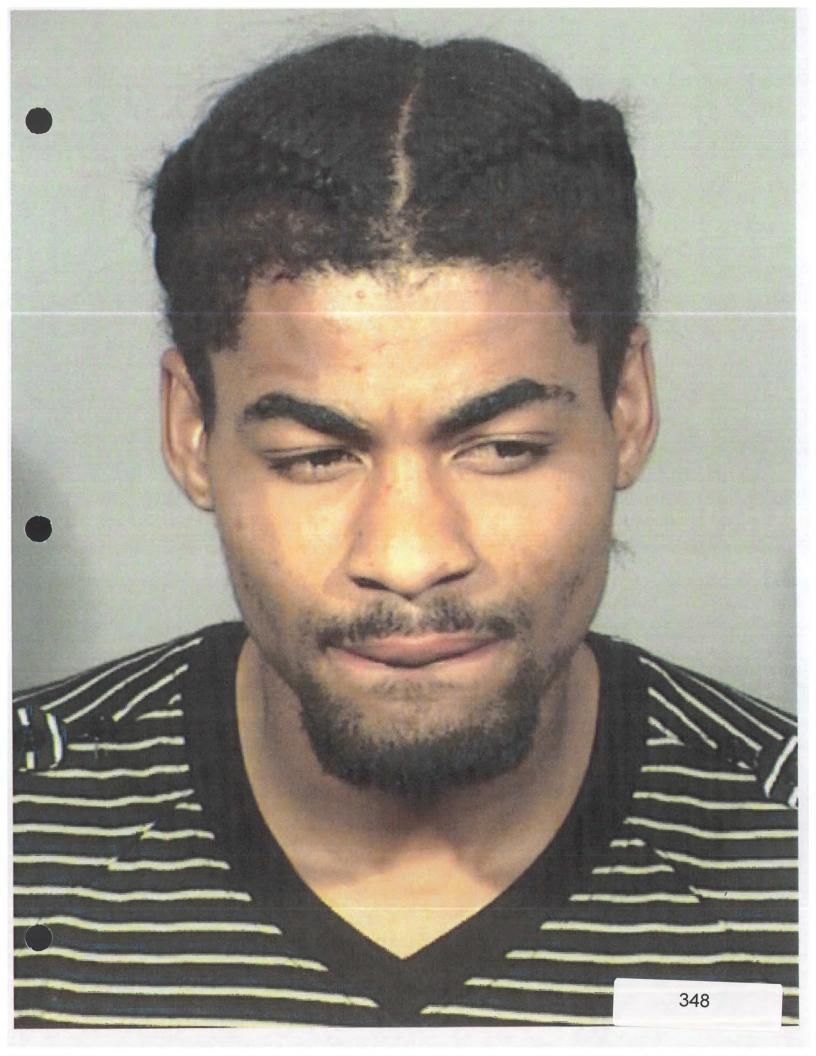
Grand Jury Case # 1789 07 A-C

Exhibit # 11 29 17

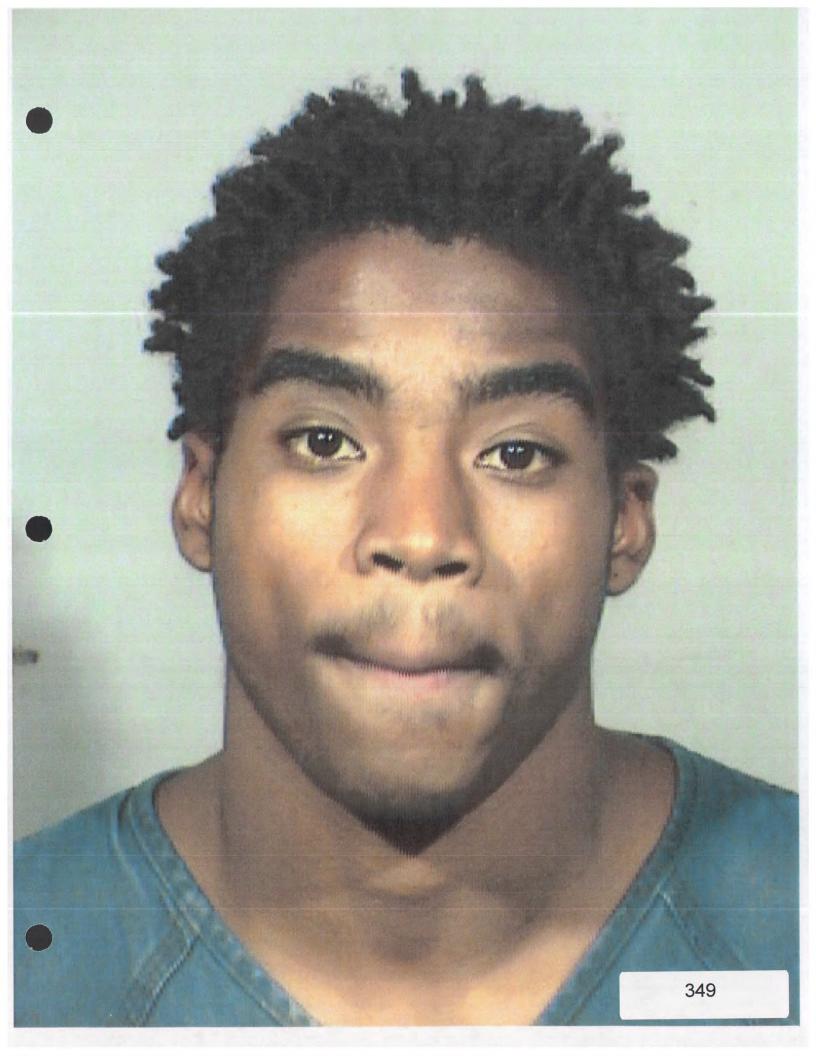


Grand Jury Case # 17865 \$17A-(
Exhibit # 12

Date 11 29 17

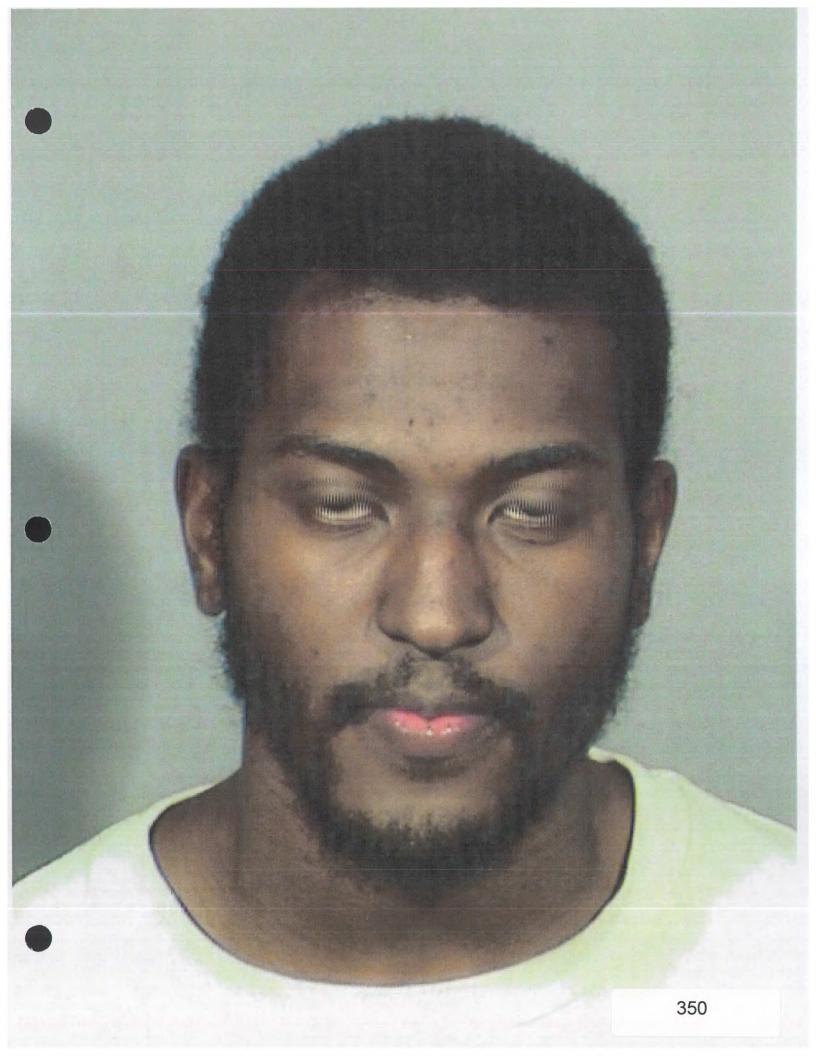


Grand Jury Case # [786] \$17A-(Exhibit # 13 Date 1/29/17



Grand Jury Case # 17861017A-(
Exhibit # 14

Date 11/29/17

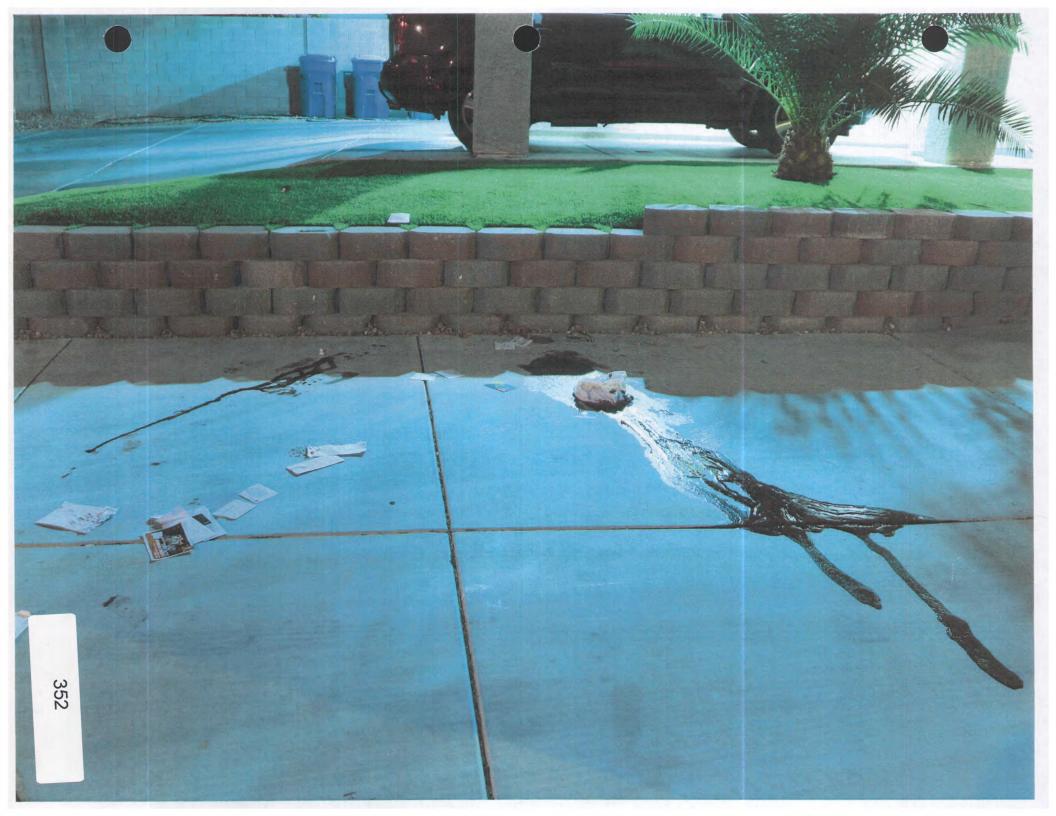


Grand Jury Case # 17BGJØ17A-(
Exhibit # 15

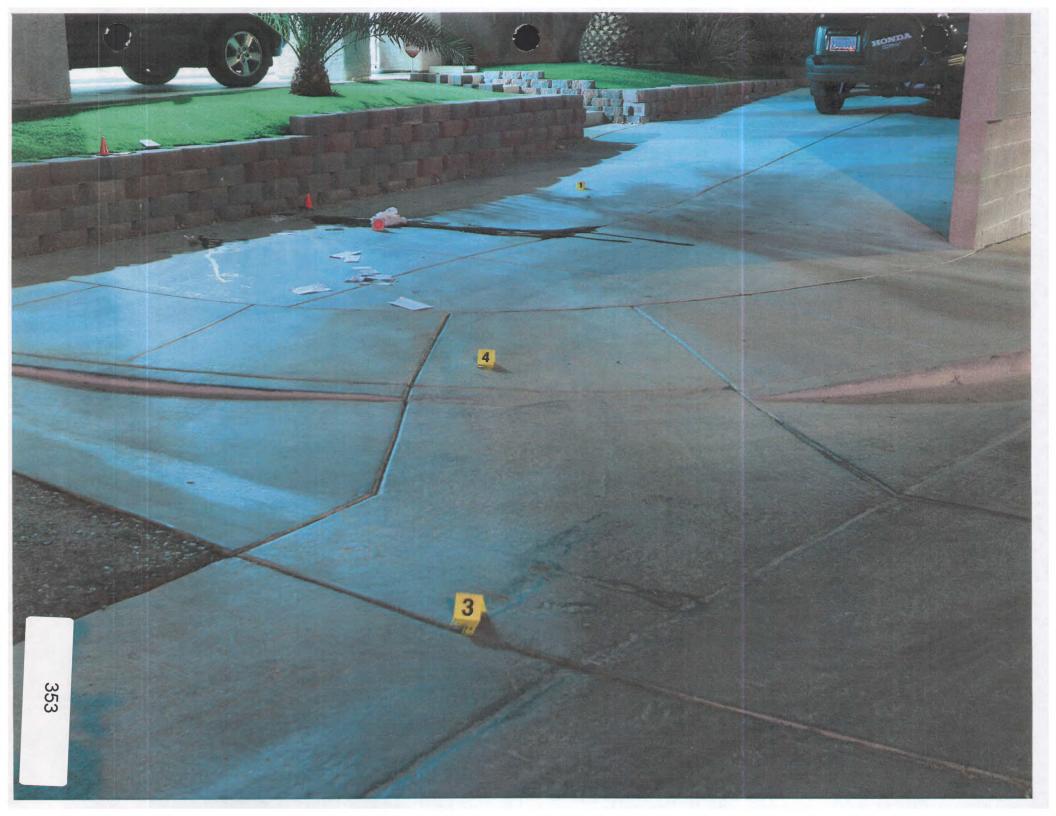
Date 11(29(17)



Grand Jury Case # 1786 5 17A-C Exhibit #___16 Date____112917



Grand Jury Case # 17BGJ Ø17 A-C Exhibit # 17 Date 11 29 17



Grand Jury Case #17865617 A-C

Exhibit # 18

Date 112917



Grand Jury Case # 178GJ \$17A-(Exhibit # 19 Date 1129 17



Grand Jury Case # 7867617 A-C Exhibit # 20

Date 11 29 17



Grand Jury Case # 17BGJ \$17A-C Exhibit # 21 Date 11/29(1)



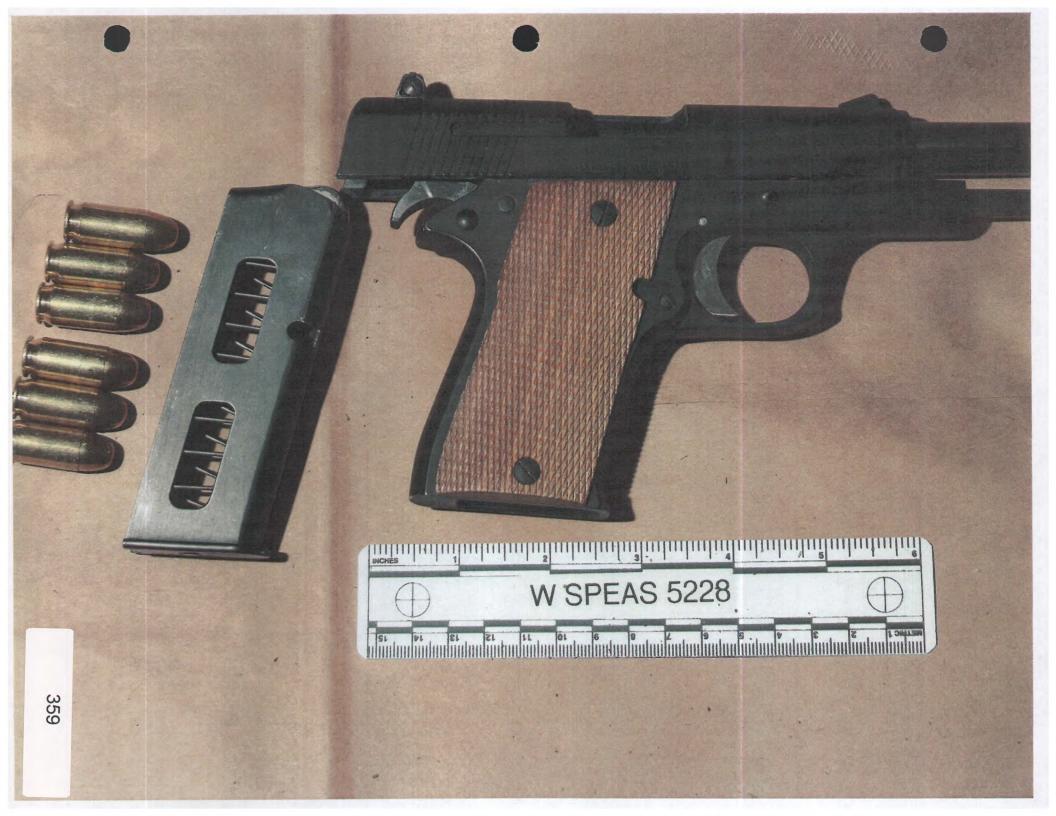
Grand Jury Case # 178GJ \$17A-C Exhibit # 22 Date 1129 17



Grand Jury Case # 1786 17 A-C

Exhibit # 23

Date 11 29 17



Grand Jury Case # 178GJ \$17A-C Exhibit # 2H Date 11 29 17



Grand Jury Case # 1786 1817 A-C

Exhibit # 25

Date 11 29 17



Grand Jury Case # 7865017A-C

Exhibit # 26

Date 112917



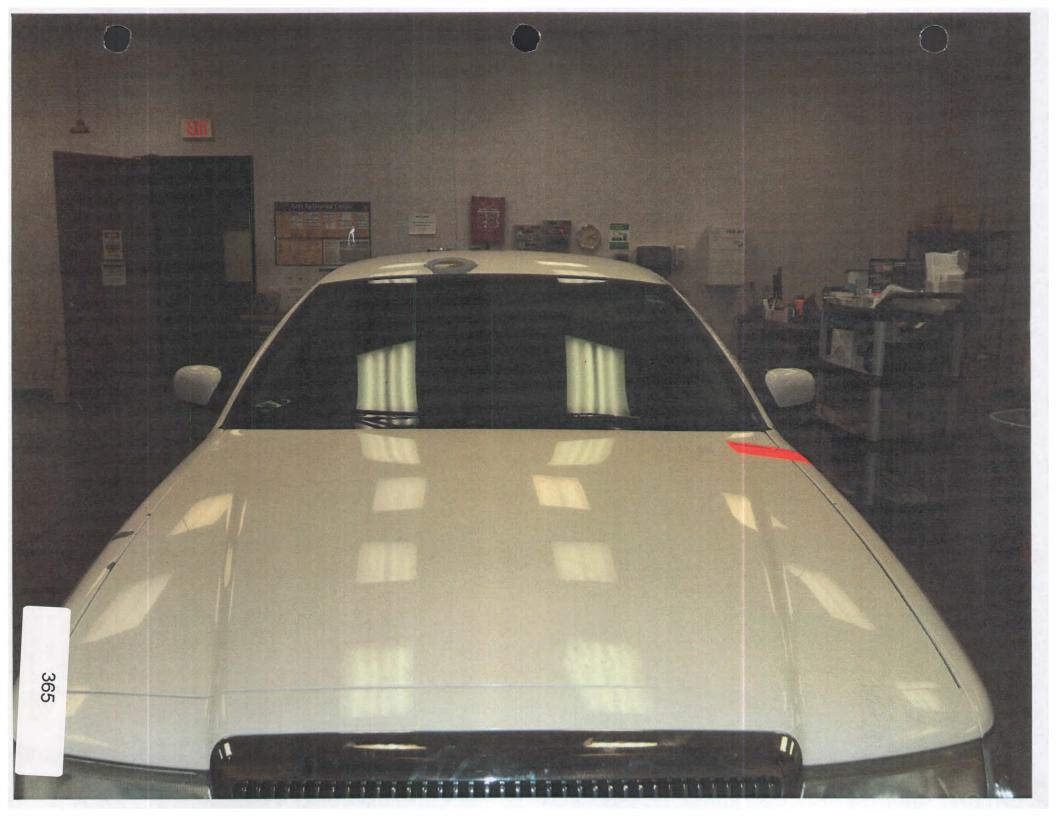


Grand Jury Case # 1786 5017A-(
Exhibit # 28

Date 112917



Grand Jury Case # 7865017A-C Exhibit # 29 Date 112917



Grand Jury Case # 17867017A-(
Exhibit # 30

Date 112917



Grand Jury Case #1786J017A-C Exhibit #___31 Date__11-29-17 FEDERAL®
FAMMUNITION

CENTERFIRE
PISTOL CARTRIDGES
CARTOUCHES

COOO

Grand Jury Case #1786 J 017 A-C Exhibit #_ 32 Date 11-29-17



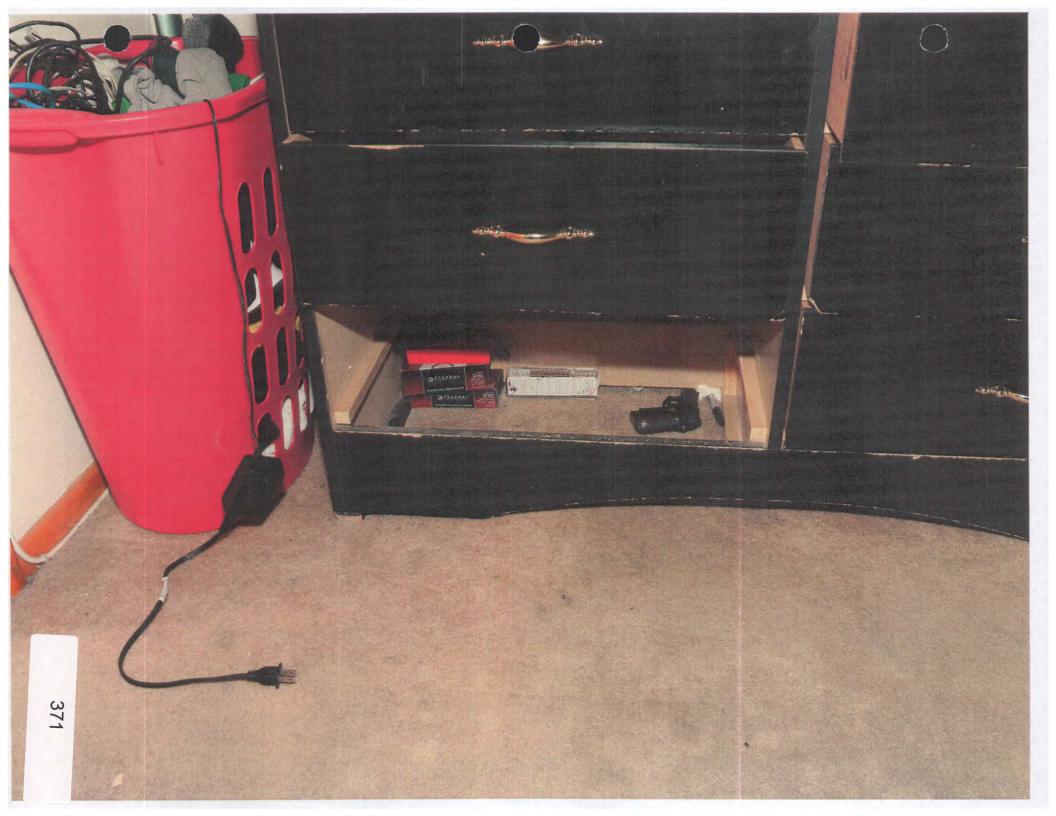
Grand Jury Case # 1786.1017A-C Exhibit # 33 Date 11-29-17



Grand Jury Case #17BG.JO17A-C Exhibit # 34 Date 11-29-17



Grand Jury Case #1786Jo17A-C Exhibit #__35 Date_11-29-17



Grand Jury Case #1786Jo17A-C

Exhibit #____36

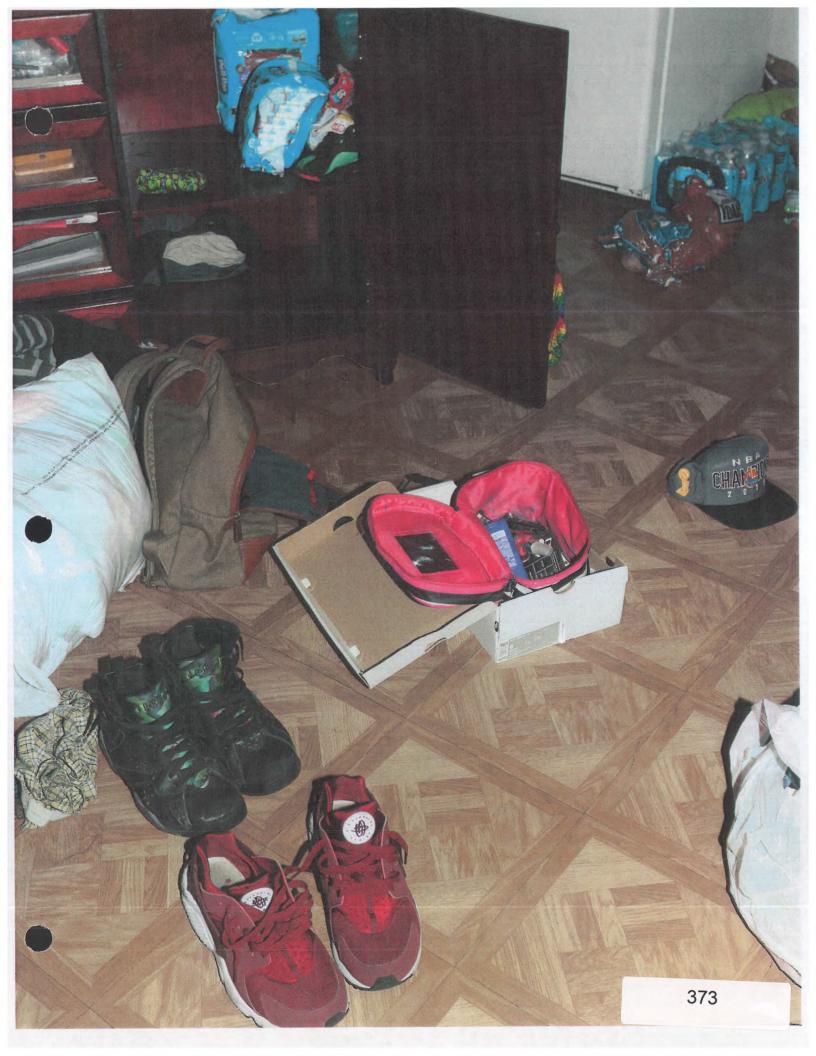
Date__11-29-17



Grand Jury Case #1786Jo17A-C

Exhibit #_ 37

Date 11-29-17





Grand Jury Case #1786Jo17A-C Exhibit #_39

Date 11-29-17



Grand Jury Case #178GJD17-A-C Exhibit # 40 Date 11-29-17



Grand Jury Case # 17861017A-C Exhibit # 41

Date 11-29-17



Grand Jury Case #17861017A-C

Exhibit # 42

Date 11-29-17

10.00	4	Electronically Filed 1/1/2018 6:48 PM Steven D. Grierson Clerk OF THE COURT
12:00	1	EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLERK OF THE COURT
	2	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
	3	
	4	
12:00	5	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)
	6	Plaintiff,)
	7	vs.) GJ No. 17BGJ017A-C) DC No. C328587
	8	DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka) Demario Loftonrobinson, RAEKWON)
	9	SETREY ROBERTSON, aka Raekwon) Robertson, DAVONTAE AMARRI)
12:00	10	WHEELER,
	11	Defendants.)
	12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	13	
	14	Taken at Las Vegas, Nevada
12:00	15	Wednesday, December 13, 2017
	16	8:19 a.m.
	17	
	18	
	19	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
12:00	20	
	21	VOLUME 2
	22	
	23	
	24	
12:00	25	Reported by: Danette L. Antonacci, C.C.R. No. 222

12:00	1	GRAND JURORS PRESENT ON DECEMBER 13, 2017
	2	
	3	HOWARD BASCH, Foreperson
	4	CHARLES STANKOSKY, Deputy Foreperson
12:00	5	TOBIE SPERRY, Secretary
	6	ANGELA MOORE, Assistant Secretary
	7	LINDA COHN
	8	FRANK COOMBS
	9	WILLIAM DUMKE
12:00	10	LADYHAWK FREEMAN
	11	VICTORIA GUY
	12	CATHERINE HARABURDO
_	13	MARGARET LAAS
	14	ROJEAN LOGAN
12:00	15	NANCY SCHERER
	16	EDWARD WAGNER
	17	COURTNEY WILLIAMS
	18	
	19	
12:00	20	Also present at the request of the Grand Jury:
	21	Giancarlo Pesci, Chief Deputy District Attorney
	22	
	23	
	24	
	25	

12:00 1 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, DECEMBER 13, 2017 2 3 4 DANETTE L. ANTONACCI, 12:00 5 having been first duly sworn to faithfully 6 and accurately transcribe the following 7 proceedings to the best of her ability. 8 9 THE FOREPERSON: Let the record reflect 08:11 that I have canvassed the waiting area and no one has 10 11 appeared in response to Notice of Intent to Seek Indictment. 12 MR. PESCI: Ladies and gentlemen of the 13 Grand Jury, that concludes the presentation of the 14 08:19 15 evidence on behalf of the State of Nevada in the case 16 against Demario Lofton-Robinson, Raekwon Robertson and 17 Davontae Wheeler. I'll submit it for your deliberation. (At this time, all persons, other than 18 19 members of the Grand Jury, exit the room at 8:19 a.m. 08:20 20 and return at 8:29 a.m.) 21 THE FOREPERSON: Mr. District Attorney, by 22 a vote of 12 or more grand jurors a true bill has been 23 returned against Demario Lofton-Robinson, Raekwon 24 Robertson, Davontae Wheeler, the crimes of burglary while in possession of a firearm, conspiracy to commit 08:29 25

08:29 robbery, robbery with use of a deadly weapon, attempt robbery with use of a deadly weapon, murder with use of a deadly weapon, in Grand Jury case number 17BGJ017AB&C. We instruct you to prepare an Indictment in conformance with the proposed Indictment previously submitted to us. 08:29 MR. PESCI: Thank you very much. (Proceedings concluded.) --00000--

08:29	1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
	2	
	3	STATE OF NEVADA) : ss
	4	COUNTY OF CLARK)
08:29	5	
	6	I, Danette L. Antonacci, C.C.R. 222, do
	7	hereby certify that I took down in Shorthand (Stenotype)
	8	all of the proceedings had in the before-entitled matter
	9	at the time and place indicated and thereafter said
08:29	10	shorthand notes were transcribed at and under my
	11	direction and supervision and that the foregoing
	12	transcript constitutes a full, true, and accurate record
_	13	of the proceedings had.
	14	Dated at Las Vegas, Nevada,
08:29	15	December 31, 2017.
	16	
	17	/s/ Danette L. Antonacci
	18	Danette L. Antonacci, C.C.R. 222
	19	
08:29	20	
	21	
	22	
	23	
	24	
	25	

08:29	1	AFFIRMATION
	2	Pursuant to NRS 239B.030
	3	
	4	The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding TRANSCRIPT filed in GRAND JURY CASE NUMBER
08:29	5	17BGJ017A-C:
	6	
	7	
	8	X Does not contain the social security number of any
	9	person,
08:29	10	-OR-
	11	Contains the social security number of a person as
	12	required by:
	13	A. A specific state or federal law, to- wit: NRS 656.250.
	14	-OR-
08:29	15	B. For the administration of a public program
	16	or for an application for a federal or state grant.
	17	
	18	/s/ Danette L. Antonacci
	19	$\frac{12-31-17}{\text{Signature}}$
08:29	20	
	21	Danette L. Antonacci
	22	Print Name
	23	Official Court Reporter
	24	Title
	25	





DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

FILED IN OPEN COURT STEVEN D. GRIERSON **CLERK OF THE COURT**

DEC 1 4 2017

NANCY MALDONADO, DEPUT

THE STATE OF NEVADA.

Plaintiff.

-VS-

DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER. ID#5909081

Defendant.

CASE NO: C-17-328587-3

DEPT NO: Ш

WARRANT FOR ARREST

INDICTMENT WARRANT

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

To: Any Sheriff, Constable, Marshall, Policeman, or Peace Officer in This State:

An Indictment having been found on the 14th day of December, 2017, in the above entitled Court, charging Defendant DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, above named, with the crime(s) of: (1) CT - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 199.480 - NOC 50147); (1) CT - ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.330, 193.165 - NOC 50145) and (1) CT - MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.165 - NOC 50001).

YOU ARE, THEREFORE, COMMANDED forthwith to arrest and bring said Defendant before the Court to answer the Indictment. If the Court is not in session, you are to deliver Defendant into the custody of the Sheriff of Clark County, or if requested by Defendant, take Defendant before any Magistrate in the County where arrested that bail may be given to answer to the Indictment. Defendant shall be admitted to bail in the sum of \$_

I HEREBY AUTHORIZE THE SERVICE OF THE WITHIN WARRANT BY TELETYPE, PURSUANT TO NRS 171.148. The Warrant may be served at any hour day or night.

GIVEN under my hand this 14th day of December, 2017.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON

Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565

BY

GIANCARLO PESCI Chief Deputy District Attorney

Nevada Bar #007135

DA# 17BGJ017A-C/17F14369A-C/ed LVMPD EV#170824571; 1708090029 4/27/1995; BMA; 275-89-8303; (TK3)

BAIL \$

C-17-328587-3 WARR Warrent 4705338





1 IND STEVEN B. WOLFSON 2 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 GIANCARLO PESCI Chief Deputy District Attorney 4 Nevada Bar #007135 200 Lewis Avenue 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 6 Attorney for Plaintiff

FILED IN OPEN COURT STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF THE COURT

DEC 1 4 2017

BY, UN OLDONOOLO NANCY MALDONADO, DEPUTY

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

C - 17 - 328587 - 3 IND Indictment 4705312

C-17-328587-3

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-VS-

COUNTY OF CLARK

DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, Demario Loftonrobinson, #5318925 RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, #8252804 DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, #5909081

DEPT NO: III

CASE NO:

INDICTMENT

Defendant(s).

SS.

16 17

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

STATE OF NEVADA

18

19 20

21

22 23

2425

2627

28

The Defendant(s) above named, DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, Demario Loftonrobinson, RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, accused by the Clark County Grand Jury of the crime(s) of BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A FIREARM (Category B Felony - NRS 205.060 - NOC 50426); CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 199.480 - NOC 50147); ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.165 - NOC 50138); ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH

USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.330, 193.165 - NOC

50145) and MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony - NRS

W:\2017\2017F\143\69\17F14369-IND-(Wheeler)-001.docx

//

//

200.010, 200.030, 193.165 - NOC 50001), committed at and within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, on or between August 2, 2017 and August 9, 2017, as follows:

COUNT 1 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendant RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, did on or about August 2, 2017 willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent to commit a felony, to wit: robbery, that certain business occupied by FIESTA DISCOUNT MARKET AND SMOKE SHOP, located at 701 West Charleston Boulevard, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, while possessing and/or gaining possession of a handgun, a deadly weapon, during the commission of the crime and/or before leaving the structure.

COUNT 2 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

Defendant RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, did on or about August 2, 2017 willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with ANTONIO JONES to commit a robbery, by the conspirators committing the acts as set forth in Counts 3 and 4, said acts being incorporated by this reference as though fully set forth herein.

COUNT 3 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendant RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, along with ANTONIO JONES, did on or about August 2, 2017 willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: a wallet, cellular telephone, and makeup case, from the person of MARIAH ROMATKO, or in her presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of MARIAH ROMATKO, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun, the Defendant being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed.

-

<u>COUNT 4</u> - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendant RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, along with ANTONIO JONES, did on or about August 2, 2017 willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency, from the person of AGNES STEIN, or in her presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of AGNES STEIN, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun, the Defendant being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed.

COUNT 5 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

Defendants DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, Demario Loftonrobinson, RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, did, on or about August 9, 2017, willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with each other and/or unknown co-conspirators to commit a robbery, by the Defendants and/or unknown co-conspirators committing the acts as set forth in Count 6, said acts being incorporated by this reference as though fully set forth herein.

COUNT 6 - ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, Demario Loftonrobinson, RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, did, on or about August 9, 2017, willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously attempt to take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency and/or property, from the person of GABRIEL VALENZUELA, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of GABRIEL VALENZUELA, by pointing a firearm at the said GABRIEL VALENZUELA and demanding said U.S. Currency and/or property, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a firearm, the Defendants being criminally liable under

7 8

9

11

12

10

13 14

15

16 17

18 19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendant and/or DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON and/or DESHAWN ROBINSON and/or RAEKWON ROBERTSON and/or unknown co-conspirators aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendant and/or DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON and/or DESHAWN ROBINSON and/or RAEKWON ROBERTSON and/or unknown co-conspirators acting in concert throughout.

<u>COUNT 7 - MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON</u>

Defendants DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, Demario Loftonrobinson, RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, did, on or about August 9, 2017, willfully, unlawfully, feloniously and with malice aforethought, kill GABRIEL VALENZUELA, a human being, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a firearm, by shooting at and into the body of the said GABRIEL VALENZUELA, the said killing having been (1) willful, deliberate, and premeditated, and/or (2) committed during the perpetration or attempted perpetration of a robbery, the Defendants being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, //

//

//

// //

//

//

//

commanding, inducing, and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit murder and/or robbery; Defendants and/or unknown co-conspirators aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants and/or unknown co-conspirators acting in concert throughout.

DATED this 13th day of December, 2017.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565

BY

GIANCARLO PESCI Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135

ENDORSEMENT: A True Bill

oreperson, Clark County Grand Jury

1	Names of Witnesses and testifying before the Grand Jury:
2	CODY, LORA – LVMPD #7294
3	DOSCH, MITCHELL – LVMPD #7907
4	FLETCHER, SHAWN – LVMPD #5221
5	JAEGER, RYAN – LVMPD #5587
6	MASON, ROBERT – c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101
7	NEWMAN, JAMES - c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101
8	RELATO, JOHN – c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101
9	SIMMS, DR. LARY – ME#0002
10	SPAHN, NICKOLAUS – SHORT LINE EXPRESS – 7325 S. JONES BLVD, LV NV
11	SPEAS, WILLIAM – LVMPD #5228
12	STEIN, AGNES – FIESTA DISCOUNT MARKET – 7010 W. CHARLESTON BLVD, LV
13	NV
14	TAPAY, GLEZZELLE, LVMPD #15709
15	
16	Additional Witnesses known to the District Attorney at time of filing the Indictment:
17	CHARLTON, NOREEN – LVMPD #13572
18	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - CCDC
19	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD COMMUNICATIONS
20	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD RECORDS
21	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – SHORTLINE EXPRESS – 7325 S. JONES BLVD, LV NV
22	ROMATKO, MARIAH – c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	17BGJ017A-C/17F14369A-C/ed - GJ LVMPD EV#1708024571; 1708090029
28	(TK3)

*ARREST TAME: 1725			MIDDLE	8	US VETERAN	CITIZEN'S ARREST	*EVENT# / NIC#	170824571					INDICTMENT	TIME STAMP	ATRELEASING					*		REL REV P#	
1		DETAINER	AE	*PLACE OF BIRTH DAYTON	STRATION#		"BAII"	250000	0	0			GJI – GRAND JURY INDICTMENT				JUSTICE JUNENILE	O.R. REL					
12/14/2017			FIRST		*ALIEN REGISTRATION#		*ORD / NRS	200.380	200.380	200.010				FIRST APP DATE:	TIME:		COURT: JUSTICE MINIOPAL TRIVENILE	STOBAL TO.R. REL					SCORE:
*ARREST DATE: *ENENT #E		COURTESY HOLD		*ZP	J	ZIP)							IT RM - REMAND	-	"SECTOR/BEAT OF ARREST		101						2
		NIÇ	LER	*STATE	*CTIZENSHIP	"LOCATION OF ARREST (STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP)	¥	ERY	E/DW	E/DW		1800 DC III	ES: AW ARREST WARRANT		SECT OF A		:	D TO					LT
TTAN POLICE DEPARTMENT CUSTODY RECORD FICER REQUIRED FIELD)			LAST WHEELER			STREET ADDRE	CHARGE LITERAL	CONSP ROBBERY	ATT ROBBERY, E/DW	OPEN MURDER, E/DW		TAPP 12-19-2017 @0900 DC III	E	LVMPD	*AGENCY		*AGENCY	CUSTODY RELEASED TO			!		1:N RT LT
FEGAS METROMITAN POLICE DEPARTI PORARY CUSTODY REC (* DENOTES OFFICER REQUIRED FIELD)		S .	TRUE NAME	NORTH LAS VEGAS	*SOCIAL SECURITY# 275-89-8303	LOCATION OF ARREST (STREET ADDRE		0	AT	OP		TAPP 1	**ARREST I BW - BENCH WARRANT	422	 		#4.	CUSTOD					
		VEGAS	MIDDLE AMARRI	\$	*EYES BRO	*LOCATION								5	1 				NAME	POSITION	AGENCY		OOK STORY CODY
LAS.VEGAS METRA EMPORARY (* DENOTES C		EXT TO LAS VEGAS	*8	8LD6./APT.# 32	*HAIR BLK								BS – BONDSMAN SURRENDER	LOWARKS	RINTED NAME		PRINTED NAME						REB
F	1	□ NDOC [FIRST DAVONTAE		*WEIGHT 1	3 0	"NOC	50147	50145	50001			1	%. Lou	, .		Ā			4			SCORE:
BODY CAM			DAV		*неснт 5'08"	00 ⊠ (diz.;	#	- CN	-	-			PC - PROBABLE CAUSE		MTURE	1	3HATURE	NICKI HILL	MOTHER	7027478904			-:
ğ		☐ FORM 6	LAST WHEELER	NAME)	X3S. M	CITY, STATI	/CASE#	587-3	687-3	587-3			PC-PR	1	"ARRESTING OFFICER SIGNATURE		IG OFFICER SA	ONTACT		æ	92		F2
SAMPLE TA		SENTIA		AND STREET	HISP ETHN	T ADDRESS,	WARRANT # / CASE #	C-17-328587-3	C-17-328687-3	C-17-328687-3				Š	*ARRESTING		TRANSPORTING OFFICER SIGNATURE	*EMERGENCY CONTACT	RELATIONSHIP	PHONE NUMBER	*EMAIL ADDRESS		RT LT RU L
5909081	-	ABSENTIA	"INTAKE NAME (AKA, ALIAS, ETC.)	"HOME ADDRESS (STREET # AND STREET NAME) 3300 CIVIC CENTER	H *RACE	LOCATION OF CRIME (STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP) WADDANT I AS VECAS.	COURT	200gg	20	8			DICTION:	AMP	KING 5-29 PM		 	Ľ	<u>!</u>	<u> </u>	 		<u>:</u>
*pad 1	Co ser Approximation	Z REBOOK	*INTAKE NAME	*HOME ADDRESS (STREET 3300 CIVIC CENTER	*DATE OF ВІКТН 04/27/1995	*LOCATION OF	*ARR **	3	3	3			*OTHER JURISDICTION:	TIME ST.	AT BOS		DED Ł	3 5(ድ ሬ			DOC DIST P#	<u></u>

RET STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 GIANCARLO PESCI Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff

Electronically Filed 12/15/2017 CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-VS-

DAVONTAE AMARRI ID#5909081

WHEELER.

CASE NO:

C-17-328587-3

DEPT NO:

Defendant.

INDICTMENT WARRANT RETURN

An Indictment having heretofore been found on the 14th day of December, 2017, in the above entitled Court, charging Defendant DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, above named, with the crime(s) of: (1) CT - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 199.480 -NOC 50147); (1) CT - ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.330, 193.165 - NOC 50145) and (1) CT - MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony - NRS 200.010, 00.030, 193.165 - NOC 50001), and upon finding the said Indictment, the court issued a warrant for the arrest of said Defendant.

I hereby certify that I received a certified copy of the Indictment Warrant and served the same by arresting the within Defendant on the 4 day of December

> JOSEPH LOMBARDO Sheriff, Clark County, Nevada

C-17-328587-3

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

December 19, 2017

C-17-328587-3

State of Nevada

VS

Davontae Wheeler

December 19, 2017

09:00 AM **All Pending Motions**

HEARD BY:

Herndon, Douglas W.

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 16C

COURT CLERK: Kidd, Lauren; Miller, Deborah

RECORDER:

Richardson, Sara

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Davontae Amarri Wheeler

Defendant

Giancarlo Pesci

Attorney for Plaintiff

James J. Ruggeroli

Attorney for Defendant

State of Nevada

Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Also present: Codefendant Lofton-Robinson, present in custody, represented by Scott Bindrup, Esq. Codefendant Robertson, present in custody, represented by Mace Yampolsky, Esq.

DEFT. WHEELER ARRAIGNED, PLED NOT GUILTY, and WAIVED the 60-DAY RULE. COURT ORDERED, matter set for trial. COURT ORDERED, counsel has 21 days after receipt of copy of any transcripts for the filing of any Writs. Pursuant to EDRC 1.30 and 1.31 this COURT ORDERS the cases C328587-1, C328587-2 and C328587-3 reassigned to Department 20, matter SET for Status Check.

1/9/18 8:30 AM STATUS CHECK: TRIAL SETTING (DEPT 20)

Printed Date: 12/22/2017 Prepared by: Lauren Kidd Page 1 of 1

Minutes Date:

December 19, 2017

Electronically Filed 7/7/2020 11:47 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

RTRAN

2

1

3

4 5

6

7

9

10

11

12 13

14

15 16

17

18

..

19 20

21

22 23

2425

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

vs.
DEMARIO LOFTON-

ROBINSON; RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON; DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER.

Defendants.

CASE#: C-328587-1

C-328587-2 C-328597-3

DEPT: III

BEFORE THE HONORABLE DOUGLAS W. HERNDON, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017

RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS:
INITIAL ARRAIGNMENT

APPEARANCES:

For the State: GIA

GIANCARLO PESCI, ESQ., Chief Deputy District Attorney

For Defendant Lofton-Robinson: SCOTT L. BINDRUP, ESQ.,

SCOTT L. BINDRUP, ESQ., Deputy Special Public Defender

For Defendant Robertson:

MACE J. YAMPOLSKY, Esq.

For Defendant Wheeler:

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, Esq.

RECORDED BY: SARA RICHARDSON, COURT RECORDER

1	TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2017 AT 9:29 A.M.
2	
3	THE COURT: Do we have everybody that we need on
4	that?
5	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Yes, everybody's here.
6	THE COURT: Okay. Demario Lofton-Robinson, Raekwon
7	Robertson, and Davonte Wheeler, that's 328587, Defendants 1, 2, and
8	3. Okay. So, I believe I have all three of the gentlemen present in
9	custody now. Mr. Yampolsky, you have Mr. Robertson
10	MR. YAMPOLSKY: I do.
11	THE COURT: correct? Okay. And which one of the
12	gentleman is Demario Lofton-Robinson? Okay. And then in the back
13	we have Mr. Wheeler.
14	MR. RUGGEROLI: Good morning, Your Honor. James
15	Ruggeroli on his behalf.
16	THE COURT: All right. And, Mr. Bindrup, you're here on
17	behalf of Mr. Lofton-Robinson?
18	MR. BINDRUP: Yes, sir.
19	THE COURT: Okay. These are all on for initial arraignment.
20	Did you all get a copy of the Indictment?
21	DEFENDANT LOFTON-ROBINSON: Yes, sir.
22	DEFENDANT ROBERTSON: Yes, Your Honor.
23	DEFENDANT WHEELER: Yes, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: And did you all each have a chance to discuss
25	it with your clients?

1	MR. YAMPOLSKY: Yes, Your Honor.
2	MR. BINDRUP: Yes, sir.
3	MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes, sir.
4	THE COURT: Okay. Starting with Mr. Lofton-Robinson, sir, is
5	Demario Lofton-Robinson your true name?
6	DEFENDANT LOFTON-ROBINSON: Yes, sir.
7	THE COURT: And how old are you, Demario?
8	DEFENDANT LOFTON-ROBINSON: Eighteen.
9	THE COURT: And you read, write, and understand the
10	English language; correct?
11	DEFENDANT LOFTON-ROBINSON: Yes, sir.
12	THE COURT: You've had a chance to discuss the Indictment
13	on file and the charges you're facing in that Indictment with your
14	attorney?
15	DEFENDANT LOFTON-ROBINSON: Yes, sir.
16	THE COURT: You're charged in Count 5 with conspiracy
17	robbery; Count 6, attempt robbery with a deadly weapon, and Count 7,
18	murder with use of a deadly weapon. How do you plead to those three
19	charges?
20	DEFENDANT LOFTON-ROBINSON: Not guilty.
21	THE COURT: Are you all going to be invoking or waiving,
22	Scott?
23	MR. BINDRUP: Waiving.
24	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Waiving, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Lofton-Robinson, is that correct?

1	DEFENDANT LOFTON-ROBINSON: Yes, sir.
2	THE COURT: All right. And then as to Mr. Robertson. Mr.
3	Robertson, is Raekwon Robertson your true name?
4	DEFENDANT ROBERTSON: Yes.
5	THE COURT: Am I pronouncing your first name right?
6	DEFENDANT ROBERTSON: Yeah. you're correct.
7	THE COURT: How old are you?
8	DEFENDANT ROBERTSON: Twenty.
9	THE COURT: And you read, write, and understand English as
10	well?
11	DEFENDANT ROBERTSON: Yes.
12	THE COURT: Have you had a chance to discuss the charges
13	that you're facing in the Indictment with your attorney, Mr. Yampolsky?
14	DEFENDANT ROBERTSON: Yes, I have.
15	THE COURT: You are charged in Count 1, burglary with a
16	deadly weapon; Count 2, conspiracy robbery; Count 3 and Count 4,
17	robbery with a deadly weapon; Count 5, conspiracy robbery; Count 6,
18	attempt robbery with a deadly weapon, and Count 7, murder with use of
19	a deadly weapon. How do you plead to those seven charges?
20	DEFENDANT ROBERTSON: Not guilty.
21	THE COURT: Are you all going to invoke or waive your right
22	to speedy trial?
23	DEFENDANT ROBERTSON: Waive.
24	THE COURT: All right. Thank you. And then as to Mr.

Wheeler, Mr. Wheeler, is Devontae Wheeler your true name, sir?

1	DEFENDANT WHEELER: Yes, sir.
2	THE COURT: How old are you?
3	DEFENDANT WHEELER: Twenty-two.
4	THE COURT: You read, write, and understand the English
5	language?
6	DEFENDANT WHEELER: Yes, I do.
7	THE COURT: Have you had a chance to discuss the charges
8	you're facing in the Indictment with your attorney, Mr. Ruggeroli?
9	DEFENDANT WHEELER: Yes, sir.
10	THE COURT: You're charged in Count 5 with conspiracy
11	robbery; Count 6, attempt robbery with a deadly weapon, and Count 7
12	murder with a deadly weapon. How do you plead to those three
13	charges?
14	DEFENDANT WHEELER: I plead not guilty.
15	THE COURT: Are you all going to waive or invoke your right
16	to speedy trial?
17	MR. RUGGEROLI: We're waiving.
18	THE COURT: Is that correct, Mr. Wheeler?
19	DEFENDANT WHEELER: Yes.
20	THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Are there any transcripts
21	available from the Indictment proceedings yet?
22	MR. PESCI: I don't think so because we don't even have the
23	Indictment actually filed in Odyssey.
24	THE COURT: Okay. Well, I got it filed as of yesterday, I
25	guess. I know it was filed December 14 th but I know it didn't show up in

1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		l
7		
8		
9	l	
10		
11		
12		l
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		l
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		

25

Odyssey.

MR. BINDRUP: I'm sure Mr. Pesci wouldn't mind if we had 30 days to file a writ in this matter.

MR PESCI: I would say 21 from the filing of the transcripts. It's the statute.

THE COURT: Well, we don't know when the transcripts are going to get filed yet. So, it may end up being more than 30 days. So, why don't we just say 30 days. But I'll say for now that it will be 21 days after receipt of copy of the transcripts. If you need to put it back on to request more time you can certainly do so.

Are the matters going in front of the Death Review Committee?

MR. PESCI: No.

THE COURT: Okay. And we will get you assigned out to Department 20. They're going to set a status check on for trial setting and that will be on?

THE COURT CLERK: January 9 at 8:30.

THE COURT: All right, guys. Thank you.

MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you, Judge.

[Hearing concluded at 9:33 a.m.]

ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

PATRICIA SLATTERY
Court Transcriber

C-17-328587-3

DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

January 09, 2018

C-17-328587-3

State of Nevada

VS

Davontae Wheeler

January 09, 2018

08:30 AM Status Check: Trial Setting

HEARD BY:

Johnson, Eric

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12A

COURT CLERK: Skinner, Linda

RECORDER:

Calvillo, Angie

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Davontae Amarri Wheeler

Defendant

Giancarlo Pesci

Attorney for Plaintiff

James J. Ruggeroli

Attorney for Defendant

State of Nevada

Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Upon Court's inquiry, Mr. Pesci advised the arrest date for Defendants was in August. Colloquy as to trial date. Mr. Ruggeroli advised the only month he is not available is April. Mr. Bindrup requested October 15th for trial. Mr. Yampolsky requested at least May. Court noted it likes to set the trial a year from the arrest. Counsel feel the trial will take 2 weeks. Following colloquy, COURT ORDERED, matter SET for trial in July with a status check in April.

As to discovery, Mr. Pesci advised he has provided everything he has. Mr. Ruggeroli stated he has requested ballistic testing on the firearm that was allegedly obtained from Deft Wheeler's residence or a family members. Mr. Pesci advised forensics have been requested. Mr. Yampolsky stated Deft Robertson wants to have an Evidentiary Hearing, however, he does not know what it would be on. Court advised that can be addressed as the need arises. Mr. Bindrup will try and have vault review and file review done by status check. Court expects the ballistics done or a specific schedule as to when those are going to be done by April and also expects the vault and file reviews to be done as well.

Mr. Bindrup advised he barely received the Grand Jury Transcript and requested 30 days from today to file any writs. COURT SO ORDERED, as to all Defendants.

CUSTODY

4/5/18 8:30 AM STATUS CHECK: HOMICIDE TRIAL

7/24/18 8:30 AM CALENDAR CALL

7/30/18 9:00 AM JURY TRIAL

Printed Date: 1/17/2018 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: January 09, 2018

Prepared by: Linda Skinner

Electronically Filed 8/6/2020 11:32 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COUR

RTRAN 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 8 CASE#: C-17-328587 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 Plaintiff, DEPT. XX 10 VS. 11 DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, AKA, DEMARIO LOFTONROBINSON, 12 RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, AKA, RAEKWON ROBERTSON, 13 DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, 14 Defendants. 15 BEFORE THE HONORABLE ERIC JOHNSON, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 16 TUESDAY, JANUARY 09, 2018 17 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: 18 STATUS CHECK: TRIAL SETTING 19 20 SEE APPEARANCES ON PAGE 2 21 22 23 24 RECORDED BY: ANGIE CALVILLO, COURT RECORDER 25

APPEARANCES: For the State: **GIANCARLO PESCI Deputy District Attorney** For Defendant Lofton-Robinson: SCOTT L. BINDRUP Chief Deputy Special Public Defender For Defendant Robertson: MACE J. YAMPOLSKY, ESQ. For Defendant Wheeler: JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ.

pretty open.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Bindrup.

MR. BINDRUP: I'd ask for an October 15th trial setting. I have another matter, it's a capital case on that same date. And, quite frankly, I think this particular case will be trial ready. And the other one I have a question on at this juncture, but I'd like to at least be in a posture if — for something to go on that date.

THE COURT: Mr. Yampolsky.

MR. YAMPOLSKY: I'm reasonably flexible, but I would request at least May.

THE COURT: Okay. All right, what's your schedule during the summer, Mr. Bindrup?

MR. BINDRUP: Not good unless you set something like September, maybe, which is only -- I mean, realistically, with the October 15th work for other Counsel.

THE COURT: Okay. I mean --

MR. PESCI: Fine with the State.

THE COURT: I'm generally like to -- with these cases not do anything more out than a year from when they're arrested, which is August. What's your calendar look like in June -- or July or August, Mr. Bindrup?

MR. BINDRUP: Not good. But give me a date, and I'll try to make it work.

THE COURT: How many days do we think this one will take?

MR. BINDRUP: Two weeks.

MR. PESCI: I agree with that.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE CLERK: How about July 30th for trial?

THE COURT: Mr. Ruggeroli?

MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, that's fine.

THE COURT: Mr. Yampolsky?

MR. YAMPOLSKY: Sounds okay for me.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. BINDRUP: You know my response already, Judge.

THE COURT: I'm concerned about, you know, getting the defendants. If their Counsel indicate they're going to be ready to trial especially since -- like I said, it's a general rule; I'd like to keep it.

People are in custody, and I hate things to drag past a year unless it's necessary. And, obviously, sometimes it is but let's go ahead and we'll work on that basis.

How are we doing with discovery?

MR. PESCI: We provided everything that we have.

THE COURT: Okay. Any issues that you guys have right now with the discovery that's been provided, Mr. Ruggeroli?

MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, I know that we've requested ballistics' testing specifically on a firearm that was allegedly obtained from either my client's residence or a family member's. I haven't heard back; I'm sure the State is working on it, but that is something that's very important to us.

MR. PESCI: I don't have it completed.

THE COURT: Okay, but are you working on it?

MR. PESCI: I believe that the forensic request had been done. I can't speak specifically to which thing he's asking for, but I believe forensics had been requested.

THE COURT: All right, forensics; ballistics.

Mr. Yampolsky, your perspective?

MR. YAMPOLSKY: Right now, I'm fine. I know my client wanted to discuss a quote unquote evidentiary hearing. I'm happy to discuss that with him. At this stage of the game, I don't know of any evidentiary hearings that I would request. But I'm always working --

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I mean -- obviously, if something comes up, you can file a motion and we'll deal with it. Any issues you got with discovery?

MR. YAMPOLSKY: No.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Bindrup, what's your perspective? MR. BINDRUP: If you give us enough time for a status check

date, I'll try to -- again, got 3 or 4 individuals, plus a homicide detective to do the vault, and then also with Mr. Pesci to do the file review. So if you -- I know you like to set these within a month, but I don't think we'll be able to coordinate schedules that quickly. So if you could put it out a little bit longer, the status check.

THE COURT: What I'm going to do with this one is based upon what I'm hearing, I'll put it out to the April stack for a status check. I'll expect us to have the ballistics done, or a specific schedule as to when those are going to be done by the April status check; that we do

THE COURT: Well, usually, it's 21 days. I mean, I can't

ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

Angie Calvillo

Court Recorder/Transcriber

21

22

23

24

, 1 <u>,</u> 8	, sg 7	99 × 33	% e 7	S & S	, 53	∞,	07	21	ì	.× /	601 South 7 ^m Street	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101	TEL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021	
2	. 1 [.] 020	Las 702) 2	6(Las 1	601 Las Ve 702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 02) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (02) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 02) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 02) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 '02) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021				;	
(7	L (702)	Las (702) 2	66 Las V (702) 255	601 Las Ve (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	102) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021	!			Ε.	
L: (70	L: (702)	Las L: (702) 2	6(Las V L: (702) 25	601 Las Ve L: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021	i			Ξ	
3L: (70	, L: (702)	Las EL: (702) 2	66 Las V EL: (702) 258	601 Las Ve EL: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 3L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 3L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 3L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 3L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021	ı			Ε	
EL: (70	L EL: (702)	, Las EL: (702) 2	66 Las V EL: (702) 258	601 Las Ve EL: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	Douth 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021	i			H	
EL: (70	L EL: (702)	Las EL: (702) 2	60 Las V EL: (702) 25	601 Las Ve EL: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 TEL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021				Η	
EL: (70	, L EL: (702)	Las EL: (702) 2	60 Las V EL: (702) 25	601 Las Ve EL: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	Douth 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021				Η	
EL: (70	L EL: (702)	Las EL: (702) 2	60 Las V EL: (702) 258	601 Las Ve EL: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	101 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 EL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021				F	
II.: (70	, L: (702)	Las II.: (702) 2	66 Las V IL: (702) 258	601 Las Ve IL: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 IL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 I.: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 I.: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 I.: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 I.: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021				Ξ	
L: (70	L: (702)	Las L: (702) 2	6(Las V L: (702) 25	601 Las Ve L: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 L: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021				Ξ	
: (70	T (702) :	Las : (702) 2	66 Las V (702) 258	601 Las Ve : (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 : (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 : (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 : (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 : (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 : (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021				ᇳ	
67	L (702)	Las (702) 2	66 Las 1 (702) 255	601 Las Ve (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	101 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021				ت	
9	. 1 ⁰	Las (02) 2	6(Las 1	601 Las Ve (02) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 02) 258-2022 FAX: (702)	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 02) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 02) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 02) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (02) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021				C	
	. 19	Las 2)2	6(Las 1 2) 253	601 Las Ve 2) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 2) 258-2022 FAX: (702) ;	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 2) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 25	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 2) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 2) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-20	601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 2) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021				2	
601 S as Vega 258-20	501 S Vega 58-20	11 S /ega 3-20	S 22 S		th 7th Street Nevada 89101 2 FAX: (702)	th 7th Street Nevada 89101 2 FAX: (702) 25	th 7th Street Nevada 89101 2 FAX: (702) 258-	th 7th Street Nevada 89101 2 FAX: (702) 258-20	th 7th Street Nevada 89101 2 FAX: (702) 258-2021		5	S,	\tilde{z}	
601 Sou as Vegas, 258-202	501 Sou Vegas, 58-202;	11 Sou /egas, 3-202;	Sou gas, 202	5 % C	7th Street evada 89101 FAX: (702)	7th Street evada 89101 FAX: (702) 25	7th Street evada 89101 FAX: (702) 258-:	7th Street evada 89101 FAX: (702) 258-20	7th Street evada 89101 FAX: (702) 258-2021		臣	Z	_	
601 South as Vegas, N 258-2022	501 South Vegas, N 58-2022	1 South 'egas, N 3-2022	South gas, N 2022	outh s, N 22	h Street ada 89101 AX: (702)	^a Street ada 89101 AX: (702) 25	^a Street ada 89101 AX: (702) 258-;	h Street ada 89101 AX: (702) 258-20	h Street ada 89101 AX: (702) 258-2021			ē,	匠	
601 South 7 as Vegas, Nev 258-2022 F	501 South 7 Vegas, Nev 58-2022 F	11 South 7 'egas, Nev 3-2022 F	South 7 gas, Nev 2022 F	outh 7 s, Nev 22 F	Street la 89101 K: (702)	Street la 89101 K: (702) 25	Street la 89101 K: (702) 258-;	Street la 89101 K: (702) 258-20	Street la 89101 K: (702) 258-2021	٠,	5	'n	3	
601 South 7th as Vegas, Nevae 258-2022 FA	501 South 7th Vegas, Nevac 58-2022 FA	1 South 7th 7 egas, Nevad 3-2022 FA	South 7th gas, Nevad 2022 FAX	outh 7th s, Nevae 22 FA	eet 89101 (702)	eet 89101 (702) 25	eet 89101 (702) 258-;	eet 89101 (702) 258-20	eet 89101 (702) 258-2021		S	ţ	×	
601 South 7th Str as Vegas, Nevada 258-2022 FAX:	501 South 7th Str Vegas, Nevada 58-2022 FAX:	11 South 7th Str /egas, Nevada 3-2022 FAX:	South 7th Str gas, Nevada 2022 FAX:	outh 7th Str s, Nevada 22 FAX:	at 9101 (02)	it 9101 (02) 25	st 9101 (02) 258-;	et 9101 (02) 258-20	et 9101 (02) 258-2021		ĕ	õ	\Box	
601 South 7th Stree as Vegas, Nevada 89 258-2022 FAX: (7	501 South 7th Stree Vegas, Nevada 89 58-2022 FAX: (7	11 South 7th Street Fegas, Nevada 89 3-2022 FAX: (7	South 7th Stree gas, Nevada 89 2022 FAX: (7	outh 7th Streets, Nevada 89 22 FAX: (7	ਰ ਨੇ) 2) 25) 2) 258-;) 2) 258-20) 258-2021		Ħ	₹	9	
601 South 7th Street as Vegas, Nevada 891(258-2022 FAX: (702	501 South 7th Street Vegas, Nevada 891(58-2022 FAX: (702	11 South 7th Street 'egas, Nevada 891(3-2022 FAX: (702	South 7th Street gas, Nevada 8910 2022 FAX: (702	outh 7th Street is, Nevada 8910 22 FAX: (702		, χ	, 58-	258-20	258-2021			Ξ	~	
601 South 7th Street as Vegas, Nevada 89101 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021	501 South 7th Street Vegas, Nevada 89101 58-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021	11 South 7th Street egas, Nevada 89101 8-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021	South 7th Street gas, Nevada 89101 2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021	outh 7th Street is, Nevada 89101 22 FAX: (702) 258-2021	8-2021	Z021	7.7	<i>)</i>						

Electronically Filed 2/8/2018 3:42 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

James J. Ruggeroli, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7891 601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: (702) 258-2022 Facsimile: (702) 258-2021 ruggeroli@icloud.com Attorney for Defendant

DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

In the Matter of the Application Case No. C-17-328587-3 OF DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, #5909081 Dept No. XX For a Writ of Habeas Corpus DATE OF HEARING: TIME OF HEARING:

PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

TO: THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK

The Petition of DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, by and through his attorney, JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ., respectfully shows:

- 1. That he is a duly qualified, practicing and licensed attorney in the City of Las Vegas, County of Clark, and State of Nevada.
 - 2. That Petitioner is the defendant in the above entitled matter.
- 3. Petitioner makes application on behalf of his client for a Writ of Habeas Corpus; that the place where the client of Petitioner is restrained of his liberty in the County of Clark, State of Nevada; that the officer by whom he is restrained is, JOSEPH LOMBARDO SHERIFF, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada in that there was insufficient evidence presented to the grand jury to restrain the Defendant.

Page 1 of 11

601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 TEL: (702) 258-2022 FAX: (702) 258-2021
--

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

4	That Petitioner	waives the sixt	v (60) da	v limitation for	brining said	client to trial
→.	I mai i cumono	waives me sixi	y (UU) ua	y iiiiiiiaiioii ioi	villing said	ciiciii io uiai

- That Petitioner consents that if the Petition is not decided within fifteen (15) days 5. before the date set for trial, the Court may without notice of hearing, continue the trial indefinitely to a date designated by the Court.
- 6. That Petitioner consents that if any party appeals the Court's ruling and the appeal is not determined before the date set for trial, the trial date be automatically vacated and the trial postponed unless the Court otherwise orders.
- 7. That no other Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus has heretofore been filed on behalf of said client of Petitioner on this particular issue.
- 8. This Petition is based upon the records and pleadings on file herein, the Memorandum of Points and Authorities attached hereto, and upon such other grounds and evidence as may be adduced at a hearing on this Writ.

WHEREFORE, Petitioner prays that this Honorable Court make an Order directing the County Clerk to issue a Writ of Habeas Corpus directed to said SHERIFF OF CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA, commanding him to bring the above-mentioned client of Petitioner before your Honor, and return the cause of his imprisonment.

Pursuant to NRS § 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct

DATED this 6th day of February, 2018.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

By: /s/ James Ruggeroli
James J. Ruggeroli, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7891 601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorneys for Defendant

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ. 601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 TEL: (702) 258-2022 | FAX: (702) 258-2021

2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

28

1

NOTICE

TO: THE HONORABLE JUDGE, District Court Department XX; and TO: STEVEN B. WOLFSON, ESQ., Attorney for Plaintiff.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus will be heard in Department XX before the District Court Judge on the _______ day of _______ feb.______, 2018 at the hour of _______ 8:30 ______ a.m. or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard.

DATED this 6th day of February, 2018.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

By: /s/ James Ruggeroli
James J. Ruggeroli, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 7891
601 South 7th Street
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Attorneys for Defendant

VERIFICATION

STATE OF NEVADA) ss: COUNTY OF CLARK)

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ., being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

That I am the attorney for Defendant in the above-entitled action; that I have read the foregoing Petition, know the contents thereof, that the same are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, except for those matters therein stated on information and belief, and as for those matters, JAMES J. RUGGEROLI believes them to be true; that the Defendant personally authorized me to commence this Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus.

Pursuant to NRS § 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct

DATED this 6th day of February, 2018.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

By: /s/ James Ruggeroli
James J. Ruggeroli, Esq.
Attorneys for Defendant

Page 3 of 11

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

There was insufficient evidence against Mr. Wheeler presented to the grand jury to support the charges and Indictment. The Indictment must therefore be dismissed.

II. STATEMENT OF THE CASE / STATEMENT OF THE FACTS

- The State has charged Mr. Wheeler by way of Indictment with: 1. COUNT 5 CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY; COUNT 6 ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON; COUNT 7 MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON. See Indictment on file herein.
- The allegations and testimony presented to the grand jury related to Mr. Wheeler 2. are essentially as follows:
- 3. Lary Simms, a forensic pathologist testified that the decedent (Gabriel Valenzuela) had four gunshot wounds (Grand Jury Transcript ("GJT") on file herein at 13:21) that Mr. Simms determined to be the cause of death (GJT 17:21-25-18:1) and the manner of death being homicide (GJT 18:1-2).
- 4. Nikolaus Spahn, an employee at Short Line Express on Jones and Warm Springs (hereinafter the "Short Line Express"), testified that during the late night/early morning of August 8/9, 2017 (GJT21:13-19):
 - Four individuals that caused him concern came into his store. (GJT 21:23a. 25-23:14).
 - b. One of the customers had an open carry gun in a holster on the right side of his hip when he entered the store. (GJT 23:8-23).
 - The store was equipped with video surveillance inside and outside of the c. establishment. (GJT 24:8-13).
 - Mr. Spahn noticed that the care the individuals were in was a four-door d. white Mercury "Crown Vic." (GJT 26:12-15).
 - The four individuals had been in the store at "about 11:20, 11:25" p.m. on e.

2

3

4

5	from the store to police. (GJ1 29:23-25).						
6	5. Robert Mason, a witness that lives in Las Vegas on Za						
7	a. He had gone for a jog after returning home						
8	(GJT 46:5-15).						
9	b. While jogging, Mr. Mason noticed four sus						
10	neighborhood. (GJT 46:16-20).						
11	c. Mr. Mason was not able to personally ident						
12	however, he was able to notice that the race of the four indiv						
13	black individuals." (GJT 47:11-23).						
14	d. Mr. Mason continued jogging and noticed a						
15	vehicle on Lindell" and took notes about the vehicle or						
16	license plate number 473YZB. (GJT 50:1-20).						
17	e. Later, while still jogging, Mr. Mason called hi						
18	lock the house and call 311 to report "some suspicious guys i						
19	51:18-25).						
20	6. Shawn Fletcher, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police De						
21	crime scene analyst testified that:						
22	a. He documented the white Crown Vic's search						
23	August 9, 2017. (GJT 54-61).						
24	b. A pair of red Air Jordan shows were recovered.						
25	c. A box of 45 caliber ammunition head-stamped						
26	for NATO was found. (<u>Id.</u>).						
27	7. William Speas, Metro senior crime scene analyst testif						
28	a. He had been called to assist in searching and Page 5 of 11						

August 8, 2017. (GJT 27:8-11).

- f. Police later came to the store seeking information about the four individuals at about 12:15 a.m. on August 9, 2017. (GJT 27:15-16).
- The Short Line Express manager later provided the video surveillance g.
- chary Street, testified that:
- from work close midnight.
- spicious individuals in his
- tify any of the individuals, viduals were all "dark skin,
- a white "Crown Vic style n his phone, including the
- is wife and informed her to in the neighborhood." (GJT
- epartment ("Metro") senior
 - h and took photographs on
 - . (<u>Id.</u>)
 - "FC" for "Federal and "N"
 - ñed:
 - documenting aspects of the

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ. 601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 TEL: (702) 258-2022 | FAX: (702) 258-2021

	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9
	10
	11
	12
	13
	14
	15
-	16
	17
	18
	19
	20
	21
	22
	23
	24
	25
	26
	27
	28

1

2

investigation relating to the crime scene at 5536 West Dewey Drive (the "Dewey Scene") and other locations (including the Short Line Express, 919 Bagpipe Court ("Bagpipe"), on August 9, 2017. (GJT 65:6-10).

- b. A number of cartridge cases were impounded at the Dewey Scene (GJT 68).
- c. There were three 45 caliber cartridges with three different head stamps and a 22 caliber cartridge found at the Dewey Scene. (GJT 70-71).
 - d. One of the 45 caliber cartridge cases was an R-P 45 auto. (GJT14-19).
- 8. Glezzelle Tapay, a Metro crime scene analyst testified:
- a. On August 15, 2017, she responded to 6647 West Tropicana (the "Tropicana Address") to photograph and document a residence searched pursuant to a search warrant. (GJT 77-82).
- b. A Taurus 22 caliber firearm and 22 caliber ammunition with "C" head stamp was located at the Tropicana Address. (GJT 78-79).
- 9. Mitchell Dosch, a Metro Detective, testified:
- a. On August 9, 2017, he went to the Short Line Express and observed the surveillance video. (GJT 95).
- b. Det. Dosch obtained a search warrant for Bagpipe and found a 45 handgun at that address. (GJT 97-98).
- c. During the course of his investigation, he determined that Raekwon Robertson was associated with the Tropicana Address. (GJT 98).
- d. During the course of his investigation, he determined that Demario Lofton-Robinson and DeShawn Robinson were associated with the Bagpipe Address. (GJT 98-99).
- e. During the course of his investigation, Det. Dosch was aware of a search at 3300 Civic Center, apartment 2f (the "Civic Center Address") where police recovered a third firearm, a 45 caliber semi-automatic handgun. (GJT 98-99).
 - f. Police recovered 45 caliber cartridge cases with head stamp "R-P" in a 45 Page 6 of 11

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

handgun at the	Bagnine a	nd at the	Civic Center	address.	(GJT 100-101)
managan at the	Daspipe a	ma at the	CIVIO COMO	uuu obb.	(001 100 101)

- Det. Dosch testified that he had information" that Mr. Wheeler was g. associated with the Civic Center Address. (GJT 101).
- h. 45 caliber cartridges with a head stamp "NFCR" and "Winchester 45 Auto" were found at the murder scene. (GJT 101-102).
- i. No "Winchester 45 Auto" head stamp cartridges were found during any of the searches in this case. (GJT 101-102) (emphasis added).
- j. During the investigation, Det. Dosch came in contact with Raekwon Robertson and Davontae Wheeler. (GJT 105).
- k. Based on Det. Dosch's time with Mr. Wheeler, testified that he could identify Mr. Wheeler as the individual with the open-carry firearm in the Short Line Express surveillance video. (GJT 106).
- 1. Det. Dosch interviewed Demario Lofton-Robinson, who admitted to being one of the shooters and that he used the 45 semi-automatic handgun found at the Bagpipe Address. (GJT 110-112).
- A Taurus 45 caliber handgun and "RP 45 Auto" head stamped cartridges m. were located at the Civic Center Address. (GJT 115-116).
- 10. Detective Ryan Jaeger with Metro testified that:
- During the course of his investigation he came into contact with and interviewed Mr. Wheeler. (GJT 144).
- According to Det. Jaeger, Mr. Wheeler admitted to owning a 45 caliber b. handgun, to being in the vehicle (the white Grand Marquis) and to being in the Short Line Express on August 8, 2017. (GJT 145-146).
- However, according to Det. Jaeger, Mr. Wheeler denied being involved in c. any killing and that Mr. Wheeler said that he had been in the vehicle "trying to negotiate to buy a Beretta handgun, he couldn't reach a price for the gun that he liked so he got out of the vehicle and took a bus home.". (GJT146:14-17) (emphasis added).

A. LEGAL STANDARD

LAW AND ARGUMENT

III.

A defendant charged with an offense may challenge the probable cause to hold him to answer through a petition for writ of habeas corpus. Gary v. Sheriff, Clark County, 96 Nev. 78, 605 P.2d 212 (1980); Cook v. State, 85 Nev. 692, 462 P.2d 523 (1969). NRS 171.206 requires the magistrate to determine if probable cause exists to believe that an offense has been committed and that the defendant has committed it. To establish probable cause to bind a defendant over for trial, the State must show that (1) a crime has been committed, and (2) there is probable cause to believe the defendant committed it. See NRS 171.206.

A suspect may not be bound over for trial unless the state demonstrates that the suspect committed the charged crime. Sheriff, Clark County v. Richardson, 103 Nev. 180, 734 P.2d 735 (1987). It is recognized that the finding of probable cause to support a criminal charge may be based on slight, even marginal, evidence because it does not involve a determination of the guilt or innocence of an accused. Sheriff, Clark County v. Richardson, 103 Nev. 180, 734 P.2d 735 (1987). However, finding of probable cause requires far more than a trace of evidence; the facts must be such as would lead a person of ordinary caution and prudence to believe and conscientiously entertain a strong suspicion that the defendant committed the crime in question.

See Graves v. Sheriff, 88 Nev. 436, 438, 498 P.2d 1324, 1326 (1972). Moreover, a finding of probable cause may not rest on other than "legal evidence," See Tetrou v. Sheriff, 89 Nev. 166, 169 (1973), and "due process of law requires adherence to the adopted and recognized rules of evidence." Goldsmith v. Sheriff, 85 Nev. 295, 303 (1969).

For the reasons set forth below, the Indictment here must be dismissed because the State failed to present sufficient evidence against Mr. Wheeler to support the Indictment.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

A. INSUFFICIENT EVIDENCE

The evidence connecting Mr. Wheeler to the charged crimes presented to the grand jury essentially amounts to:

- 1. The white, Crown Vic/Mercury and four individuals, including Mr. Wheeler are on surveillance video from the Short Line Express on August 8, 2017 at approximately 11:20. (GJT 27).
- 2. The Short Line Express video shows one individual with an open carry firearm (GJT 23), later identified as Mr. Wheeler (GJT 106).
 - 3. Mr. Mason observed four "dark skin, black individuals" near midnight. (GJT 47).
- 4. There were three 45 caliber cartridges with three different head stamps and a 22 caliber cartridge found at the Dewey Scene. (GJT 70-71).
 - 5. One of the 45 caliber cartridge cases was an "R-P" 45 auto. (GJT14-19).
- 6. 45 caliber cartridges with a head stamp "NFCR" and "Winchester 45 Auto" were also found at the murder scene. (GJT 101-102).
- 7. No "Winchester 45 Auto" head stamp cartridges were found during any of the searches in this case. (GJT 101-102) (emphasis added).
- 8. Det. Dosch testified that he had information" that Mr. Wheeler was associated with the Civic Center Address. (GJT 101).
- 9. Based on Det. Dosch's time with Mr. Wheeler, testified that he could identify Mr. Wheeler as the individual with the open-carry firearm in the Short Line Express surveillance video. (GJT 106).
 - 10. Detective Ryan Jaeger with Metro testified that:
 - During the course of his investigation he came into contact with and a. interviewed Mr. Wheeler. (GJT 144).
 - b. According to Det. Jaeger, Mr. Wheeler admitted to owning a 45 caliber handgun, to being in the vehicle (the white Grand Marquis) and to being in the Short Line Page 9 of 11

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Express on August 8, 2017. (GJT 145-146).

However, according to Det. Jaeger, Mr. Wheeler denied being involved in any killing and that Mr. Wheeler said that he had been in the vehicle "trying to negotiate to buy a Beretta handgun, he couldn't reach a price for the gun that he liked so he got out of the vehicle and took a bus home.". (GJT146:14-17) (emphasis added).

It is recognized that the finding of probable cause to support a criminal charge may be based on slight, even marginal, evidence because it does not involve a determination of the guilt or innocence of an accused. Sheriff, Clark County v. Richardson, 103 Nev. 180, 734 P.2d 735 (1987). However, finding of probable cause requires far more than a trace of evidence; the facts must be such as would lead a person of ordinary caution and prudence to believe and conscientiously entertain a strong suspicion that the defendant committed the crime in question. See Graves v. Sheriff, 88 Nev. 436, 438, 498 P.2d 1324, 1326 (1972). Moreover, it is respectfully submitted that a finding of probable cause may not rest on other than "legal evidence," See Tetrou v. Sheriff, 89 Nev. 166, 169 (1973), and "due process of law requires adherence to the adopted and recognized rules of evidence." Goldsmith v. Sheriff, 85 Nev. 295, 303 (1969).

In the case at hand, there is simply not enough evidence against Mr. Wheeler in this case to support the charges and the Indictment. Finding probable cause requires far more than the "trace of evidence" the State presented to the grand jury. Moreover, the facts here against Mr. Wheeler are not such as would lead a person of ordinary caution and prudence to believe and conscientiously entertain a strong suspicion that Mr. Wheeler committed the crimes in question. See Graves v. Sheriff, 88 Nev. 436, 438, 498 P.2d 1324, 1326 (1972).

1111 1111

Page 10 of 11

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ. 601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 TEL: (702) 258-2022 | FAX: (702) 258-2021

2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

26

27

28

1

IV. CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated herein, it is respectfully requests that this Court dismiss the Indictment against Mr. Wheeler.

DATED this 8th day of February, 2018.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

By: /s/ James Ruggeroli
James J. Ruggeroli, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 7891
601 South 7th Street
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Attorney for Defendant

DECLARATION OF JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ., being first duly sworn under oath, deposes and states:

- 1. I am an attorney at law duly licensed to practice before this Court and make this Declaration of facts from personal knowledge which is known to me, except for those matters stated upon information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe same to be true.
 - 2. I am counsel of record for the Defendant, DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER.
- 3. Pursuant to NRS § 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

DATED this 8th day of February, 2018.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

By: /s/ James Ruggeroli James J. Ruggeroli, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7891

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 8th day of February 2018, I emailed a copy of the foregoing Petition to them at the following address:

motions@clarkcountyda.com

By: /s/ James Ruggeroli James J. Ruggeroli, Esq.

Page 11 of 11

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ. 601 South 7th Street
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
TEL: (702) 258-2022 | FAX: (702) 258-2021

EXHIBIT A

		Electronically Filed 1/1/2018 6:46 PM Steven D. Grierson
12:00	1	EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLERK OF THE COURT
	2	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
	3	·
	4	
12:00	5	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)
	6	Plaintiff,
	7	vs.) GJ No. 17BGJ017A-C) DC No. C328587
	8	DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka) Demario Loftonrobinson, RAEKWON)
	9	SETREY ROBERTSON, aka Raekwon) Robertson, DAVONTAE AMARRI)
12:00	10	WHEELER,)
	11	Defendants.)
	12	/
	13	
	14	Taken at Las Vegas, Nevada
12:00	15	Wednesday, November 29, 2017
	16	8:30 a.m.
	17	
	18	
	19	·
12:00	20	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
	21	
	22	VOLUME 1
	23	
	24	
12:00	25	Reported by: Danette L. Antonacci, C.C.R. No. 222

C-17-328587-3

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

February 27, 2018

C-17-328587-3

State of Nevada

Davontae Wheeler

February 27, 2018

08:30 AM

Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus

HEARD BY:

Johnson, Eric

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12A

COURT CLERK: Kearney, Madalyn; Skinner, Linda

RECORDER:

Calvillo, Angie

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Davontae Amarri Wheeler

Defendant

James J. Ruggeroli

Attorney for Defendant Attorney for Plaintiff

Megan Thomson

Plaintiff

State of Nevada

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Mr. Ruggeroli advised the State contacted him and requested more time for their reply; however, Mr. Ruggeroli noted Deft. wants him to go forward with the Writ today. COURT ORDERED, the following briefing schedule:

State to respond by: 3/2/18 Mr. Ruggeroli's reply by: 3/9/18

COURT FURTHER ORDERED, matter CONTINUED.

CONTINUED TO: 3/20/18 9:00 AM

Printed Date: 3/2/2018 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: February 27, 2018

Prepared by: Madalyn Kearney

Electronically Filed 8/6/2020 11:32 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COUR

CLERK OF THE COURT **RTRAN** 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 6 7 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE#: C-17-328587-3 9 DEPT. XX Plaintiff, 10 VS. 11 DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, 12 Defendant. 13 BEFORE THE HONORABLE ERIC JOHNSON, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 14 TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 2018 15 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: 16 DEFENDANT'S PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS 17 18 **APPEARANCES:** 19 For the State: MEGAN S. THOMSON 20 **Chief Deputy District Attorney** 21 22 For the Defendant: JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ. 23 24 RECORDED BY: ANGIE CALVILLO, COURT RECORDER 25

Las Vegas, Nevada, Tuesday, February 27, 2018, at 9:45 a.m.]

THE COURT: State of Nevada versus Davontae Wheeler, case number C328587. Counsel, please note your appearances for the record.

MS. THOMSON: Megan Thomson for the State.

MR. RUGGEROLI: Good morning, Your Honor. James Ruggeroli for Mr. Wheeler. He's present in custody.

THE COURT: Okay, I've got a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, but I don't have a response.

MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, if I may. The State contacted me and asked for additional time. I wanted to make note that, Mr. Wheeler was not aware that they needed more time and he would've wanted to go forward this morning. However, based on your previous extension of time, you gave us 30 days to do the writ instead of the normal 21.

I have no objection, but Mr. Wheeler did want me to make note that he would've preferred to go forward today. We just need some additional time for the State to finish their reply, and then I may need a week to respond as well.

THE COURT: How much more time does the State need?

MR. RUGGEROLI: I think they were going to file it, a possibility, today.

MS. THOMSON: Whatever Mr. Ruggeroli is willing to agree to.

THE COURT: All right. Well I'll say the State has to file by

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MAR 7 - 2018

//

//

W:\2017\2017F\143\69\17F14369-NOTC-(WHEELER_DAVONTAE)-001.DOCX

27

28

Electronically Filed 3/8/2018 4:42 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COUR

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

James J. Ruggeroli, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7891 601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: (702) 258-2022 Facsimile: (702) 258-2021 Attorney for Defendant

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STATE OF NEVADA

Case No. C-17-328587-3

Plaintiff,

Dept No. XX

vs.

DATE OF HEARING: March 20, 2018

DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, #5909081,

Defendant.

REPLY TO STATE'S RETURN TO WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

COMES NOW, the Defendant, DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, by and through his attorney of record, JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ., and submits the following Reply to State's Return to Writ of Habeas Corpus. This supplement and reply is made and based upon the attached points and authorities and the Declaration of James J. Ruggeroli, the papers and pleadings on file herein, together with the arguments of counsel to be heard at the time of the hearing on this matter.

DATED this 8th day of March 2018.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

By /s/James J. Ruggeroli
James J. Ruggeroli, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 7891
601 South 7th Street
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Attorney for Defendant

Page 1 of 10

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. **INTRODUCTION**

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

After filing the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, the State provided the defense with a Forensic Laboratory Report of Examination for Firearms & Toolmarks (the "Report") which shows that Mr. Wheeler's firearm was not used in this case. See a true and correct copy attached hereto as Exhibit A. (The Report was not available prior to the grand jury proceedings.)

In contrast to the State's Return, there is clearly insufficient evidence against Mr. Wheeler, especially in light of the new evidence contained in the Report, to support the charges and Indictment, and the Indictment must therefore be dismissed. In the alternative, at the very minimum, because the forensic examination's results constitute exculpatory evidence, the State must return to the grand jury to present this evidence. See NRS 172.145(2)

II. STATE'S STATEMENT OF THE FACTS SUPPORTING THE INDICTMENT

In the Return, the State makes clear that the gun found in Mr. Wheeler's home constitutes the most important piece of "circumstantial" evidence supporting the Indictment. In the Return, the State essentially argues that the evidence amounts to the following:

- 1. On the night of August 8, 2017, the Defendant was inside the Shortline Express between 11:20-11:38 and was captured on surveillance wearing a firearm on his right hip. See State's Return ("SR") at 11:14-20.
- 2. The convenience store is only a matter of minutes away from the scene of the murder. Id.
- 3. Defendant admitted that he owns a .45 caliber firearm and that he wears it in an open carry fashion. Id.
 - 4. During the execution of a search warrant at 3300 Civic Center Drive (an address

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

associated with Defendant.), officers found a pair of maroon shoes and a white hat which constitute an exact match to those worn by Defendant in the surveillance footage. SR at 11:20-24.

- 5. While Defendant was inside the store, he was with three other black males who were all seen in a white Mercury Grand Marquis bearing a license plate beginning with the numbers 473, SR 11:25-28.
- 6. Less than 30 minutes later, at around midnight, Mr. Mason saw four black men standing in front of the victim's home, near a vehicle that he described as a white Crown Victoria with license plate number 473YZB. SR 11:27-12:1.
- 7. Mr. Newman testified that he sold that exact car to Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson four days before Mr. Valenzuela's murder. SR 12:2-3.
- 8. Based on the surveillance footage from the Shortline Express in conjunction with the testimony of Mr. Mason (the jogger) Mr. Spahn (the convenience store clerk) and Mr. Newman (the vehicle's prior owner), there can be no dispute that the vehicle seen by Mr. Mason in front of the victim's house is the same vehicle captured on surveillance footage at the Shortline Express. SR 3-7.
- 9. Not only does this evidence create a reasonable inference Defendant was at the scene of the murder, it places him there in very close proximity to the murder. SR 12:8-11.
- 10. The first call to 911 was made at 12:11, just minutes after Mr. Mason saw four black men and the white vehicle in front of the victim's home. Id.
- 11. Additionally, Defendant was seen in possession of a firearm approximately 30 minutes before the killing. Id.
- 12. Furthermore, in a search warrant of 3300 Civic Center Drive officers located a .45 caliber firearm with ammunition bearing the headstamp RP-45 auto. This headstamp matches

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

one of the .45 caliber shell cases found at the scene of the murder. SR 11:14-12:7.

In conclusion, the State argues that based on these facts, "the State demonstrated a reasonable inference that Defendant committed the crime of Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon." SR at 12:18-20.

III. **EXCULPATORY EVIDENCE**

Mr. Wheeler began requesting that a forensic examination be performed on his at least as far back as November 21, 2017. The State made its presentment to the grand jury prior to the Report being issued. The Report and its findings demonstrate that Mr. Wheeler's firearm (a Taurus 45 caliber handgun and located during the search of Mr. Wheeler's home at the Civic Center address (GJT 115-116) had not been used in the murder in this case. See Exhibit A. The evaluation excluded Mr. Wheeler's gun as having fired any of the bullets that killed the victim or discharged and of the cartridges found at the scene. Id.

IV. **LAW AND ARGUMENT**

(A) There is not probable cause establishing that Mr. Wheeler committed the crime, and, in the alternative, (B) the State must return to the grand jury to present the exculpatory evidence that Mr. Wheeler's gun reveals no connection to the shooting.

INSUFFICIENT EVIDENCE A.

To establish probable cause to bind a defendant over for trial, the State must show that (1) a crime has been committed, and (2) there is probable cause to believe the defendant committed it. See NRS 171.206. Finding of probable cause requires far more than a trace of evidence; the facts must be such as would lead a person of ordinary caution and prudence to believe and conscientiously entertain a strong suspicion that the defendant committed the crime in question. See Graves v. Sheriff, 88 Nev. 436, 438, 498 P.2d 1324, 1326 (1972).

The relevant evidence presented to the grand jury here can be summarized essentially as (1) at least three other individuals were at the Shortline Express approximately 30-40 minutes prior to the shooting (GJT 27); (2) Mr. Wheeler claimed to have gotten out of the car after being Page 4 of 10

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

at the Shortline Express and taken a bus home (GJT 146:14-17); (3) the jogger saw the White Grand Marquis and four dark skinned individuals near the victim's home near midnight, but he provided only general descriptions and there was no actual identification (GJT 47); (4) a "Winchester 45 Auto" was found at the murder scene. (GJT 101-102); but, (6) no "Winchester 45 Auto" head stamp cartridges were found during any of the searches in this case (GJT 101-102); and (7) we now know that the

linchpin of the State's evidence against Mr. Wheeler (the .45 caliber gun found at his residence) was not used in the shooting. See Exhibit A.

The State's evidence simply does not provide enough evidence to support the charges. The facts here against Mr. Wheeler are not such as would lead a person of ordinary caution and prudence to believe and conscientiously entertain a strong suspicion that Mr. Wheeler committed the crimes in question. See Graves v. Sheriff, 88 Nev. 436, 438, 498 P.2d 1324, 1326 (1972). Moreover, the State's contention that the evidence provides a reasonable inference that Defendant committed the crime of Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (SR at 12:18-20) has no support.

There was no proof that there were *only* four individuals present at the Shortline Express. The video simply shows four individuals in the store. Additionally, the evidence demonstrates that Mr. Wheeler claimed to have gotten out of the vehicle shortly after being at the convenience store, and there were no identifications of any of the individuals present just before the shooting. Thus, there's no evidence that Mr. Wheeler was present, and there is evidence that Mr. Wheeler was not present at the time of the shooting.

This fact is based not only on Mr. Wheeler's statements, but it is also supported by the Winchester shell casings recovered at the scene. No Winchester casings were found at the codefendants' residences or at Mr. Wheeler's addresses. Thus, the evidence would certainly demonstrate that there is another individual (a *fifth man*) that had been present at the Shortline

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Express but not seen on the video, and that individual had been the *fourth man* at the scene observed by the jogger. That fourth, unknown man would be the one that used the Winchester cartridges. Thus, one the one hand, the State failed to present evidence that Mr. Wheeler was one of the individuals actually present at the scene.

On the other hand, even if there were an inference that Mr. Wheeler may have been present, there is no evidence supporting a conspiracy to rob, lying in wait, or felony murder, nor is there any evidence that Mr. Wheeler aided or abetted the crime. There is no inference from the evidence actually presented that Mr. Wheeler was part of a preconceived plan. There are simply gabs in the evidence into which the State is creating the notion of inference but without facts to support the inference. Simply saying that "the most reasonable explanation is . . ." cannot be constituted as evidence. Again, there is no evidence or inference-supported-by-the-evidence establishing a conspiracy, a robbery or an attempt to rob, period. This court should therefore dismiss the Indictment as having insufficient evidence to support it.

В. IN THE ALTERNATIVE, THE STATE MUST PRESENT THE EXCULPATORY EVIDENCE TO THE GRAND JURY PURSUANT TO **BASIC NOTIONS OF JUSTICE AND NRS 172.145(2)**

Despite the fact that the district attorney was not aware of the Report at the time of the grand jury proceedings, good cause supports requiring the State to return to the grand jury and present the exculpatory evidence it is now undeniably aware of. The State has a special duty pursuant to NRS 172.145(2): "If the district attorney is aware of any evidence which will explain away the charge, the district attorney shall submit it to the grand jury." Exculpatory evidence has been defined as that evidence "which has a tendency to explain away the charge against the target of the grand jury's investigation." Lane v. District Court, 104 Nev. 427, 463, 760 P.2d 1245, 1269 (1988) (Steffen, J., concurring) (citing Sheriff v. Frank, 103 Nev. 157 at 160, 734 P.2d 1241 at 1244 (1987)).

"In construing a statute, [the] primary goal is to ascertain the [L]egislature's intent in Page 6 of 10

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

enacting it, and we presume that the statute's language reflects the [L]egislature's intent." Moore v. State, 117 Nev. 659, 661, 27 P.3d 447, 449 (2001). "Generally, when the words in a statute are clear on their face, they should be given their plain meaning unless such a reading violates the spirit of the act." Speer v. State, 116 Nev. 677, 679, 5 P.3d 1063, 1064 (2000) (quoting Anthony Lee R., A Minor v. State, 113 Nev. 1406, 1414, 952 P.2d 1, 6 (1997)). As a general rule, courts are to construe inconsistencies or ambiguities in criminal provisions in the defendant's favor. See Bergna v. State, 120 Nev. 869, 873, 102 P.3d 549, 551 (2004).

Here, Mr. Wheeler contends that since the State is now aware of the evidence (and arguably either could have been aware of the evidence or should have been aware of the evidence prior to the proceedings), it must now return and present this evidence to the grand jury. The statute, on its face, is silent as to whether the State's obligation to present exculpatory evidence ends at the time of the initial presentment to the grand jury. However, such a requirement would not be inconsistent with NRS 172.145(2), and justice and fundamental fairness certainly support ordering the State to present this evidence to the grand jury.

This court has jurisdiction to require resubmission.

Grand juries have traditionally been within the control of the courts. In re Grand Jury Subpoena to Central 1252 States, 225 F. Supp. 923 (N.D.III. 1964); In re Ormsby Grand Jury, 74 Nev. 80, 322 P.2d 1099 (1958); and the trial judge should exercise his powers when appropriate. <u>United States v. Doulin</u>, 538 F.2d 466 (2d Cir.1976), cert. denied, 429 U.S. 895 [97 S.Ct. 256, 50 L.Ed.2d 178]. Moreover, our constitutional and statutory scheme contemplate reasonable judicial control of our grand juries. Thus, the court presides at the impanellment of the grand jury (Art. 6, § 5, Nev. Const.; NRS 6.110-140), receives presentments and indictments (Art. 6, § 5, Nev. Const.; NRS 172.255, 172.285), determines when a grand jury shall be impanelled (NRS 6.110, 6.130), charges the grand jury as to its authorities and responsibilities (NRS 172.095), and determines when a grand jury is to be discharged, recessed (NRS 6.145), or a juror excused (NRS 172.275).

In re Report Washoe Co. Grand Jury, 95 Nev. 121, 126-27, 590 P.2d 622, 625-26 (1979) (emphasis added).

Moreover, the district court's supervisory powers over the grand jury extend beyond those

declared specifically by statute:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

A grand jury has no existence aside from the court which calls it into existence and upon which it is attending. A grand jury does not become, after it is summoned, impaneled, and sworn, an independent planet, as it were, in the judicial system, but still remains an appendage of the court on which it is attending.... It is and remains a grand jury attending on the court, and does not, after it is organized, become an independent body, functioning at its uncontrolled will, or the will of the district attorney or special assistant... A supervisory duty, not only exists, but is imposed upon the court, to see that its grand jury and its process are not abused, or used for purposes of oppression and injustice.

See Lane v. District Court, 104 Nev. 427, 463, 760 P.2d 1245, 1269 (1988) citing, People v. <u>Sears</u>, 49 Ill.2d 14, 273 N.E.2d 380, 387-88 (1971) (quoting In re National Window Glass Workers, 287 F. 219 (N.D. Ohio 1922)); see also Annotation, Power of Court to Control Evidence or Witnesses Going Before Grand Jury, 52 A.L.R.3d 1316 (1973).

In the case at hand, should this court find that sufficient evidence exists to support the Indictment, it would be a gross miscarriage of justice not to require the State to return to the grand jury and satisfy its obligations by providing the grand jury with evidence that Mr. Wheeler's gun was not used in the shooting. Despite the fact that the State did not apparently know of the evidence at the time, it does know now, and it arguably either could have known or should have known about this evidence before it went to the grand jury.

Mr. Wheeler will be irreparably prejudiced if the State is not required to return and present this evidence. The State's case is circumstantial and is supported merely by inferences and conjectures. The exculpatory evidence could have explained away the charges here. Had this evidence been presented during the proceedings, there is a reasonable probability grand jury would not have found sufficient evidence against Mr. Wheeler.

This court has jurisdiction to grant Mr. Wheeler's request. Resubmission, comports with the grand jury's function to "investigate and act as an informed body throughout the entire course of the proceedings." See Sheriff v. Frank, 103 Nev. At 165, 734 P.2d at 1244. Moreover, resubmission and presentment of this exculpatory evidence is required here in order to fulfill the Page 8 of 10

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

grand jury's "mission to clear the innocent, no less than to bring to trial those who may be guilty." Id. quoting United States v. Dionisio, 410 U.S. 1, 16-17, 93 S.Ct. 764, 772-773, 35 L.Ed.2d 67 (1973). For these reasons, should this court find sufficient evidence without the exculpatory evidence contained in the Report, Mr. Wheeler argues in the alternative that this court order the State to return to the grand jury and provide proof that Mr. Wheeler's gun was not used in tragic crime.

IV. **CONCLUSION**

For the reasons stated herein, it is respectfully requests that this Court dismiss the Indictment against Mr. Wheeler or, in the alternative, require the State to return the grand jury as provided above.

DATED this 8th day of March, 2018.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

By: /s/ James Ruggeroli James J. Ruggeroli, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7891 601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorney for Defendant

JAMES J. RUGCAROLI, ESQ. 601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 TEL: (702) 258-2022 | FAX: (702) 258-2021

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

DECLARATION OF JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ., being first duly sworn under oath, deposes and states:

- 1. I am an attorney at law duly licensed to practice before this Court and make this Declaration of facts from personal knowledge which is known to me, except for those matters stated upon information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe same to be true.
 - I am counsel of record for the Defendant, DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER.
- 3. Pursuant to NRS § 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

DATED this 8th day of March, 2018.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

By:/s/ James Ruggeroli James J. Ruggeroli, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7891

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 8th day of March, 2018, I emailed a copy of the foregoing Reply to them at the following address:

motions@clarkcountyda.com

By: /s/ James Ruggeroli
James J. Ruggeroli, Esq.

JAMES J. RUGCAROLI, ESQ. 601 South 7th Street
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
TEL: (702) 258-2022 | FAX: (702) 258-2021

EXHIBIT A

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Forensic Laboratory

Report of Examination

Firearms & Toolmarks

Distribution Date: Agency:

January 22, 2018

LVMPD

Location: Homicide & Sex Crimes Bureau

Primary Case #:

170809-0029

Incident:

Robbery WDW, Homicide

Requester: Lab Case #: Ryan M Jaeger

Supplemental 1

17-07217.5

Subject(s):

None Listed

The following evidence was examined and results are reported below.

Lab Item # Impound Pkg # Impound Ite		Impound Item #	Description	
1*	005158-1	1	One "C" .22 Long / Long Rifle cartridge case	
2*	005158-1	2	One "R-P" .45 Auto cartridge case	
3*	005158-1	3	One "FC NR" .45 Auto cartridge case	
4*	005158-1	4	One "WINCHESTER" .45 Auto cartridge case	
11	015709-1	1	One Taurus model PT-22 .22 Long Rifle caliber semiautomatic pistol, serial number: ANC29177	
12	015709-1	1A	One magazine	
14	013572-1	1	One Taurus model PT145 PRO Millennium .45 Auto caliber semiautomatic pistol, serial number: NCY05584	
15	013572-2	1A .	One magazine	
17	005158-2	5	One bullet	
20	005228-1	1 One Star unknown model .45 Auto caliber semiautomatic pistol, serial number: 1949428		
21	005228-1	2	One magazine	
22	009618-6	12	Metal fragments	
23	009618-6	13	One bullet	
24	009618-6	14	One bullet	

^{*}Items previously examined; see the laboratory report generated under this event number for further information.

Results and Conclusions:

Firearms

The Taurus pistol (Lab Item 11) was examined, test fired and found to be operational with no noted malfunctions. This pistol has a barrel length of approximately 2 ¾ inches, an overall length of approximately 5 3/8 inches and a trigger pull of 7 ¾ - 8 ¼ pounds. The submitted magazine (Lab Item 12) fits and functions in this pistol and has a capacity of ten cartridges. This pistol and magazine were swabbed for DNA prior to test firing and two swabs were booked into the evidence vault.

The Taurus pistol (Lab Item 14) was examined, test fired and found to be operational with no noted malfunctions. This pistol has a barrel length of approximately 3 1/4 inches and an overall length of approximately 6 1/4 inches. It has trigger pulls of 5 - 5 1/2 pounds single action and 8 - 8 1/4 pounds double action. The submitted magazine (Lab Item 15) fits and functions in this pistol has a capacity of ten cartridges.

The Star pistol was examined, test fired and found to be operational with no noted malfunctions. This pistol has a barrel length of approximately 4 inches, an overall length of approximately 7 ¼ inches and a trigger pull of 6 ¾ - 7 pounds. The submitted magazine (Lab Item 21) fits and functions in this pistol has a capacity of six cartridges.

Comparisons

The evidence cartridge cases and bullets were examined and microscopically compared to the test fired cartridge cases and bullets with the following results:

- The cartridge case (Lab Item 1) was identified as having been fired by the Taurus pistol (Lab Item 11).
- The three cartridge cases (Lab Items 2-4) were identified as having been fired by the Star pistol.
- The two bullets (Lab Items 17 and 24) were identified as having been fired by the Star pistol.
- The bullet (Lab Item 23) shared similar general rifling characteristics with the Taurus pistol (Lab Item 11). Damage to this bullet and a lack of microscopic information preclude an identification to or elimination from this pistol.
- The metal fragments are of no value for microscopic comparisons.

Primary Event #: 170809-0029 Lab Case #: 17-07217.5

<u>NIBIN</u>

Representative images of a test fired cartridge case from the Taurus pistol (Lab Item 14) were entered into the National Integrated Ballistic Information Network (NIBIN). Associations to other events in the network will be reported separately.

The evidence is returned to secure storage.

Dun Cesta

---This report does not constitute the entire case file. The case file may be comprised of worksheets, images, analytical data and other documents.---

Anya Lester, #13771 Forensic Scientist II

- END OF REPORT -

3/13/2018 3:13 PM Steven D. Grierson ERK OF THE COUR

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI James J. Ruggeroli, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 7891 601 South 7th Street

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: (702) 258-2022

Facsimile: (702) 258-2021 Attorney for Defendant

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Electronically Filed

STATE OF NEVADA

Plaintiff,

Dept No. XX

Case No. C-17-328587-3

VS.

DATE OF HEARING: March 20, 2018

DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER. #5909081,

Defendant.

DEPARTMENT XX NOTICE OF HEARING DATE 1/20/18 TIME 8: 200 AM APPROVED BY

MOTION OR OWN RECOGNIZANCE RELEASE WITH HOUSE ARREST, OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, TO SET REASONABLE BAIL

COMES NOW, the Defendant, DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, by and through his attorney of record, JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ., and moves this honorable court to release the Defendant on his own recognizance or, in the alternative, to set bail in a reasonable amount in this case. This motion is made and based upon the attached points and authorities and the Declaration of James J. Ruggeroli, the papers and pleadings on file herein, together with the arguments of counsel to be heard at the time of the hearing on this matter.

DATED this 25th day of August, 2017.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

By /s/ James J. Ruggeroli James J. Ruggeroli, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7891 601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Page 1 of 6

440

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Attorney for Defendant NOTICE OF MOTION

TO: THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff; and

STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark County District Attorney TO:

YOU AND EACH OF YOU will please take notice that a MOTION OR OWN

RECOGNIZANCE RELEASE WITH HOUSE ARREST, OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE,

TO SET REASONABLE BAIL hearing before the above-entitled Court shall take place on the 20th day of March, 2018, at the hour of 8:30a.m. in Department 20.

DATED this 9th day of March, 2018.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

By /s/ James J. Ruggeroli James J. Ruggeroli, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7891 601 South 7th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorney for Defendant

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

The minimal, circumstantial and speculative evidence alleged against Mr. Wheeler in this matter, coupled with Mr. Wheeler's "moderate" pretrial risk assessment, justifies an own recognizance release with house arrest or bail being set in a minimal amount.

II. **ARGUMENT**

LAW A.

"Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person arrested for an offense other than murder of the first degree must be admitted to bail." NRS 178.484. The Eight Amendment to the United States Constitution specifically provides that: "Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted." The Nevada

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Constitution specifically holds that: "Excessive bail shall not be required." Nev. Const. Art. 1, § 6. Moreover, section 7 of the Nevada Constitution holds that: "All persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, unless for Capital Offenses or murders punishable by life imprisonment without possibility of parole when the proof is evident or the presumption great." Nev. Const. Art. 1, § 7. The words used in this provision favor bail and are consonant with the presumption of innocence; the central thought is that punishment should follow conviction, not precede it. Accordingly, all offenses are bailable, including capital offenses, as a matter of right; that right is absolute in a noncapital case, but limited if a capital offense is involved. In re Wheeler, 81 Nev. 495, 406 P.2d 713 (1965).

Section 8 of NRS 178.484 provides:

Before releasing a person arrested for any crime, the court may impose such reasonable conditions on the person as it deems necessary to protect the health. safety and welfare of the community and to ensure that the person will appear at all times and places ordered by the court, including, without limitation:

- (a) Requiring the person to remain in this state or a certain county within this state:
- (b) Prohibiting the person from contacting or attempting to contact a specific person or from causing or attempting to cause another person to contact that person on his behalf;
- (c) Prohibiting the person from entering a certain geographic area; or
- (d) Prohibiting the person from engaging in specific conduct that may be harmful to his own health, safety or welfare, or the health, safety or welfare of another person.

NRS 178.4851 provides: "(1) Upon a showing of good cause, a court may release without bail any person entitled to bail if it appears to the court that it can impose conditions on the person that will adequately protect the health, safety and welfare of the community and ensure that he will appear at all times and places ordered by the court. (2) In releasing a person without bail the court may impose such conditions as it deems necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of the community and to ensure that he will appear at all times and places ordered by the court, including, without limitation, any condition set forth in subsection 8 of

NRS 178.484.

NRS 178.4853 provides the relevant factors to consider before releasing without bail:

In deciding whether there is good cause to release a person without bail, to court as a minimum shall consider the following factors concerning the person:

- 1. The length of his residence in the community.;
- 2. The status and history of his employment;
- 3. His relationships with his spouse and children, parents or other members of his family and with his close friends;
- 4. His reputation, character and mental condition;
- 5. His prior criminal record, including, without limitation, any record of his appearing or failing to appear after release on bail or without bail;
- 6. The identity of responsible members of the community who would vouch for the reliability of the person;
- 7. The nature of the offense with which he is charged, the apparent probability of conviction and the likely sentence, insofar as these factors relate to the risk of not appearing;
- 8. The nature and seriousness of the danger to the alleged victim, any other person or the community that would be posed by the person's release;
- 9. The likelihood of more criminal activity by him after he is released; and
- 10. Any other factors concerning his ties to the community or bearing on the risk that he may willfully fail to appear.

B. APPLICATION OF LAW AND ARGUMENT

In the case at hand, the State has charged Mr. Wheeler with CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY; ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON; and MURDER. However, the evidence against Mr. Wheeler amounts to nothing more than circumstantial evidence, speculation and conjecture. See Defendant Wheeler's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus and Reply to State's Return to Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. Little if any evidence justifies holding Mr. Wheeler at the amount of bail presently set prior to the trial in this matter. Although this case involves the tragic death of Mr. Gabriel Valenzuela, no direct evidence known to the defense links Mr. Wheeler to this terrible crime.

Furthermore, the factors to be taken into consideration in setting bail or releasing an individual without bail strongly support Mr. Wheeler's request for an "OR" release or a minimal bail:

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

- 1. Mr. Wheeler is 22 years old and has lived in Las Vegas for over 8 years.
- 2. He has been employed but has spent the last several years caring for his disabled mother, Nicole Hill.
- 3. Mr. Wheeler has a child, Davontae Wheeler, Jr. that lives with Mr. Wheeler's girlfriend, Ember, in Las Vegas, and all of Mr. Wheeler's significant relationships and family members, including mother, sister, and uncle, reside in Las Vegas.
- 4. Upon information and belief, Mr. Wheeler enjoys a good reputation; he has good character and has no mental health conditions.
- 5. He has a minimal criminal record (a couple of misdemeanor arrests) but no failures to appear.
 - 6. Mr. Wheeler's entire family would vouch for Mr. Wheeler's reliability.
- 7. Although the nature of the offense is of the most serious, in light of the minimal evidence against Mr. Wheeler, it is more than fair to say that the probability of conviction and sentence at this time result in a low risk (See argument regarding the NPR below) of Mr. Wheeler not appearing for all subsequent hearings if he is released.
- 8. There is sadly no further danger that Mr. Valenzuela can face, and Mr. Wheeler represents no danger to any other person or to the community if he is released.
- 9. There is no likelihood that Mr. Wheeler would be engaged in any criminal activity if he is released, especially since any alleged criminal conduct would result in incarceration for the duration of these proceedings, which could very well expand over several years.
- Mr. Wheeler's pretrial risk assessment (NPR) has concluded that Mr. Wheeler 10. represents a "moderate" risk. Although he has a couple of misdemeanor arrests, he has no felony or gross misdemeanor convictions and importantly has no failures to appear. See NPR attached as Exhibit A.

As such, it is respectfully requested that this Court set a reasonable bail on all counts in this case.

DATED this 9th day of March, 2018.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

By /s/James J. Ruggeroli
James J. Ruggeroli, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 7891
601 South 7th Street
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Attorney for Defendant

DECLARATION OF JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ., being first duly sworn under oath, deposes and states:

- 1. I am an attorney at law duly licensed to practice before this Court and make this Declaration of facts from personal knowledge which is known to me, except for those matters stated upon information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe same to be true.
 - 2. I am counsel of record for the Defendant, DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER.
- 3. Pursuant to NRS § 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

DATED this 9th day of March, 2018.

JAMES J. RUGGEROLI

By: /s/ James Ruggeroli James J. Ruggeroli, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7891

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 9th day of March, 2018, I emailed a copy of the foregoing Reply to them at the following address:

motions@clarkcountyda.com

By: /s/ James Ruggeroli
James J. Ruggeroli, Esq.

EXHIBIT A

NEVADA PRETRIAL RISK (NPR) ASSESSMENT

UPDATED NPR

Assessment Date: 8/17/2017	Assessor: Bia	nca Caridino	County: Clar	County: Clark	
Defendant's Name: Davontae Wheeler	DOB: 4/27/1995	AGE: 22	Case/Booking #: 17F147	82X	
Address: 5107 GARDEN LANE B City: LAS VEGAS State: NV Zip: 89121	Contact Phone	: # ;	# of Current	Charges: 3	
Most Serious Charge: Open murder, e/dw	Initial Total Ba	ail Set: NO B.	AIL		
SCORING ITEMS				SCORE	
Does the Defendant Have a Pending Pro No If yes, list case # and jurisdiction		ooking?		0	
 Age at First Arrest (include juvenile arr 20 yrs and under 	rests)	First Arrest	Date 07/04/2013	2	
3. Prior Misdemeanor Convictions (past 1 Six or more	0 years)			2	
4. Prior Felony/Gross Misd. Convictions (None	past 10 years)			0	
5. Prior Violent Crime Convictions (past 1 None	0 years)			0	
6. Prior FTAs (past 24 months) None				0	
7. Substance Abuse (past 10 years) Prior multiple arrests-drug use or p	oss/alcobol/d	runkenness		2	
8. Mitigating Verified Stability Factors (lin If more than 1, 2 or 3 are applicable	~	otal deductio	98)	-2	
			TOTAL SCORE:	4	
Risk Level: Moderate Risk. 4 Points			OVERRIDE7: Yes	⊠ No	
Override Reason(s):					
If Other, explain:					
Final Recommended Risk Level:		Low	MODERATE HIGHE	R	
Supervisor/Designee Signature			Date: 8/1	7/2017	
		17F14782X RPR Hovada Risk A	R Research	evised 2.2017	
		e39317 -		447	

Felony convictions:

YEAR	STATE	CHARGE	
NONE			
-			

Misdemeanor Convictions: 6

Detainers: NONE

Pending Cases: NONE

Electronically Filed 3/19/2018 8:57 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1 STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney 2 Nevada Bar #1565 GIANCARLO PESCI 3 Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #7135 4 RACHEL O'HALLORAN Nevada Bar #12840 5 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 6 Attorney for Plaintiff 7

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA.

Plaintiff,

-vs-

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, Demario Loftonrobinson, #5318925 RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, #8252804 DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, #5909081

CASE NO: C-17-328587-3

DEPT NO: $\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}$

Defendant(s).

STATE'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR OWN RECOGNIZANCE RELEASE WITH HOUSE ARREST, OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, TO SET REASONABLE BAIL

> **DATE OF HEARING: 02-20-2018** TIME OF HEARING: 8:30 A.M.

COMES NOW, the State of Nevada, by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark County District Attorney, through GIANCARLO PESCI, Chief Deputy District Attorney, and hereby submits the attached Points and Authorities in opposition to Defendant's Motion for Own Recognizance Release with House Arrest, or, in the Alternative, to Set Reasonable Bail.

This Opposition is made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the attached points and authorities in support hereof, and oral argument at the time of hearing, if deemed necessary by this Honorable Court.

W:\20172017F\143\69\17P14369-OPPS-(WHEELER_DAVONTE)-001.DOCX

2 3

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On December 14, 2017, Defendant, Davontae Wheeler ("Defendant") was charged by way of Indictment as follows: COUNT 5 – CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 199.480); COUNT 6 – ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 193.330, 193.165); and COUNT 7 – MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony – NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.165).

On December 19, 2017, Defendant pled not guilty and waived his right to a speedy trial. On February 8, 2018, Defendant filed a pre-trial Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. On March 2, 2018 the State filed its Return; and on March 8, 2018, Defendant filed a Reply. On March 13, 2018, Defendant filed the instant Motion for Own Recognizance Release with House Arrest, or, Setting of Reasonable Bail. Defendant's motion is to be heard on the same date and time as Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus.

Defendant's bail was previously addressed in Justice Court Department12. On September 1, 2017, after considering the written pleadings of both parties, the Honorable Diana Sullivan set bail at \$250,000.00 with the added condition of house arrest. At the Grand Jury Indictment on December 14, 2017, the Honorable Elizabeth Gonzales ordered that bail remain at \$250,000.00.

The State hereby opposes Defendant's Motion for Own Recognizance Release with House Arrest, or, Setting of Reasonable Bail.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

In the early morning hours of August 9, 2017, Gabriel Valenzuela ("Mr. Valenzuela") was shot in the driveway of his own home, located at 5536 Dewey Drive, in Las Vegas, Nevada. Immediately prior to the shooting, Robert Mason was jogging in the neighborhood of Mr. Valenzuela's home and he noticed four suspicious individuals standing in front of Mr. Valenzuela's home. Mr. Mason described these individuals as black males wearing dark colored clothing. After observing the four suspicious individuals standing in Mr. Valenzuela's

 driveway, Mr. Mason saw an unoccupied white Mercury Grand Marquis with NV license plate of 473YZB. Mr. Mason informed his wife of this information and at 12:11 a.m. she called police to report the suspicious individuals.

One minute later, at 12:12 a.m., Mr. Valenzuela's cousin, John Relato called 911 to report that Mr. Valenzuela had been shot. Mr. Valenzuela was pronounced dead at 12:55 a.m. Three .45 caliber cartridge cases and one .22 caliber cartridge case were found at the scene of the murder. The .45 caliber cartridge cases bore three separate head-stamps: R-P 45 AUTO, NFCR, and WINCHESTER 45 AUTO. The .22 caliber cartridge case bore a head stamp of "C."

During the investigation, detectives learned that on August 8, 2017, immediately preceding the murder, the same Mercury Grand Marquis seen by Mr. Mason at the scene of the murder was captured on surveillance footage at a convenience store located at 7325 S. Jones Boulevard. This convenience store is located less than one mile from the Mr. Valenzuela's residence. The vehicle was seen on surveillance footage arriving to the store at approximately 11:25 p.m. and leaving the store at approximately 11:45 p.m., roughly 25 minutes before the murder. Surveillance footage also shows four black males arriving in the vehicle. Once of the black males was carrying a handgun in a holster on his right hip. This individual was later identified as Defendant. In the surveillance footage, he was wearing a red hoodie type shirt, a white baseball hat with an unknown symbol, torn black jeans, and red high-top shoes.

As part of their initial investigation, Detectives were able to determine the identities of two suspects based on an investigation stemming from the license plate of the Mercury Grand Marquis. Those two suspects are Co-Defendant Demario Lofton-Robinson and his younger brother. Both of these suspects admitted their involvement in the murder and admitted that two other individuals were involved. However, both suspects had limited information regarding the identities of the two additional suspects.

During his confession, Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson indicated that the original plan was to rob Mr. Valenzuela but when he fought back, Mr. Valenzuela was shot multiple times.

Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson indicated that he was in possession of a .45 caliber firearm and fired one shot at Mr. Valenzuela. He also told detectives that the other two suspects would be listed in his phone under the names of "Rae" and "Sace."

In searching Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson's phone, Detectives were able to locate a recent text message between Lofton-Robinson and "Sace." "Sace's" phone number was associated with a Facebook account of "Young Sace Versace" who officers were able to identify as Defendant, Devonte Wheeler. "Rae" was later identified as Co-Defendant Raekwon Robertson.

The Criminal Apprehension Team of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department ("LVMPD") later apprehended Defendant at his address of 3300 Civic Center Drive, apartment F. During a search of the residence, officers located a .45 caliber firearm. The magazine of the firearm contained 6 rounds of live ammunition bearing the head stamp of R-P 45 AUTO (the same head stamp as one of the .45 cartridges found at the scene of the murder). Detectives also recovered a pair of red tennis shoes and a black and white baseball cap which appeared to be the items worn by Defendant in the surveillance footage from the convenience store. Defendant's sister and his fiancé both identified Defendant as the person in the surveillance footage carrying the firearm.

Officers with LVMPD executed several additional search warrants at various locations. During those search warrants, a .22 caliber semi-automatic firearm was located at 6647 West Tropicana, an address associated with Co-Defendant Raekwon Robertson. While searching 6647 West Tropicana, officers also located ammunition bearing the headstamp "C." This ammunition matches the .22 caliber cartridge case found at the murder scene. Ballistic testing revealed that the .22 caliber cartridge case found at the scene of the murder was fired from this firearm. See Firearms and Toolmark Report, attached as Exhibit 1.

A search warrant was also obtained for 919 Bagpipe Court, an address associated with Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson. During the search of that residence, officers located a .45 caliber firearm and ammunition bearing a headstamp of R-P 45, which matched one of .45 caliber cartridge cases found at the scene of the murder. Ballistic testing revealed that three

.45 caliber cartridge cases found at the scene of the murder were fired from this firearm. <u>See</u> id.

<u>ARGUMENT</u>

I. DEFENDANT HAS NOT SHOWN GOOD CAUSE FOR RELEASE ON HIS OWN RECOGNIZANCE.

Pursuant to NRS 178.4853, a defendant may be released without bail upon a showing of good cause. NRS 178.4853(1). When evaluating whether such good cause exists, a court is required to consider the following factors:

- 1. The length of his residence in the community;
- 2. The status and history of his employment;
- 3. His relationships with his spouse and children, parents or other members of his family and with his close friends;
- 4. His reputation, character and mental conditions;
- 5. His prior criminal record, including any record of his appearing or failing to appear after release on bail or without bail;
- 6. The identity of responsible members of the community who would vouch for the defendant's responsibility;
- 7. The nature of the offense with which he is charged, the apparent probability of conviction and the likely sentence, insofar as these facts relate to the risk of his not appearing;
- 8. The nature and seriousness of the danger to any person or the community that would be posed by the person's release;
- 9. The likelihood of more criminal activity by the person after he is released; and
- 10. Any other factors concerning his ties to the community or bearing on the risk that he may willfully fail to appear.

NRS 178.4853(1).

In this case, the factors listed in NRS 178.4853(1) have not been met and this Court should deny Defendant's motion. First and foremost, Defendant has provided minimal information regarding his ties to the community. Per the instant motion, which is vague as to most of the above factors, Defendant has lived in Las Vegas for 8 years. However, he has not specified one job that he's held during that time; just that he takes care of his mother full time; or that he did prior to being arrested in August 2017.

 And while Defendant indicates that he "enjoys a good reputation" and his "entire family would vouch for [his] reliability," Defendant has not provided a single name of any family member or any person in the community who would vouch for his responsibility.

Additionally, a review of Defendant's criminal record shows why Defendant is not a good candidate for an own recognizance release with house arrest or a reduction in bail.

Defendant's Criminal History

Defendant turned 18 years old in 2013, and continued his contact with law enforcement, just as he did while a minor. On July 4, 2013, Defendant was driving and rear-ended a bus. Both Defendant and his passenger fled the scene of the crash on foot, without making any attempts to check on the other driver/occupants or exchange information. Defendant was driving without a license, insurance, or registration. He was cited for all the above as well as hit and run under LVJC Case E10330150. Defendant had been cited just a month prior for speeding 20 mph over the limit in the same vehicle, again, driving without a license under Case E10327708. Defendant failed to address either and allowed both to go into warrant, after several collections attempts and late notices. In E10327708, a bench warrant was issued on 10/02/2013, and in E10330150, on 11/06/2013. Both remained in warrant until Defendant was arrested on 02/03/2014, when he was then granted credit for time served in both cases.

Defendant didn't just fail to appear for traffic citations; he also failed to appear in cases where he was charged with felonies and misdemeanors. On 07/11/2013, Defendant was arrested by Henderson Police for Attempted Burglary when he broke into an apartment by breaking a window. See Case 13FH1064X. In that case, Defendant was granted an O.R. release. He later failed to appear at his preliminary hearing on 10/15/2013, and another bench warrant was issued for his arrest. He remained in warrant until, as above, he was arrested on 02/03/2014. Thereafter, he pled guilty to one count of misdemeanor Trespass on 02/05/2014, was granted another O.R release, and was given various requirements to complete such as staying out of trouble and community service. However, instead of taking advantage of this favorable negotiation, Defendant failed to appear at his very next status check on 05/07/2014, and another bench warrant was issued. Defendant again remained in warrant in this case until

arrested on additional charges. On 01/14/2015, Defendant appeared and was given another chance to remain out of custody. His fine was increased (his bail money was used) and Defendant was warned that if his counseling was not completed, his 120-day suspended sentence would be imposed. Defendant failed to appear at his next status check on 04/16/15, was late and had not completed his counsel at his 05/07/15 status check, and then failed to appear again at his 05/19/15 status check. Yet another bench warrant was issued and Defendant remained in warrant until 05/13/16, when he was again arrested on new charges. The case was finally closed out 05/19/16 when Defendant was given credit for time served.

On 02/03/2014, Defendant was stopped for jaywalking and gave false information to police, stating his name was Devonare Alexander. Finally, after several changes to his story, Defendant admitted his true identity and stated that he knew he had warrants outstanding and didn't want to go back to jail. He was booked on all of his warrants and was charged under 14M03180X with False Statement/Obstructing a Public Officer. He posted bail and was released. However, he failed to appear at his arraignment on 06/05/2014, and a bench warrant was issued for his arrest. This warrant remained outstanding until Defendant was arrested on 01/06/2015. Defendant then pled guilty to the charge and was granted credit for time served.

On 04/13/2014 at almost 1:00 a.m., officers observed Defendant standing on a pedestrian bridge wearing a heavy jacket in warm weather conditions and attempting to get the attention of those walking by him. Defendant saw the officers and immediately began walking away. When the officers stopped Defendant, he said he was a tourist from Chicago named Sace Whilson who had been in town for three days. Defendant had varying amounts of currency on him along with several small baggies filled with marijuana, each weighing about half a gram. While searching Defendant at CCDC, officers found an additional 3.5 grams of marijuana in 5 additional plastic baggies concealed in his groin area. Defendant was charged with felony Possession of Controlled Substance with Intent to Sell under LVJC Case 14F05943X. His O.R. motion was denied and Defendant pled guilty at his preliminary hearing to one count of Possession of Dangerous Drug, with various requirements such a counseling,

11 12

13

14 15

16 17

18 19

2021

22

2324

2526

27

28

fine, stay out of trouble. To Defendant's credit, he completed the requirements and his case was closed on 09/30/2014.

On 01/06/2015, Defendant was stopped for jaywalking and officers discovered his active warrants from Las Vegas and Henderson Justice Courts. During a search incident to arrest, officers located 2.5 grams of Marijuana on Defendant's person. He was charged with PCS Marijuana, 1 oz. or less under LVJC Case 15M00478X. On 03/24/2015, Defendant pled guilty to a lesser Possession of Dangerous Drug and was sentenced to minimal conditions of short term drug counseling, fine or community service, and to stay out of trouble. Yet Defendant failed to fulfill any of his requirements and failed to appear at his 06/23/2015 status check, when another bench warrant was issued. The warrant remained active for almost a year, until Defendant was arrested on 05/13/2016 and was granted credit for time served in 15M00478X.

According to reports under LVMPD Event 160511-2590, on 05/11/2016, Defendant's son, Davontae Wheeler, Jr. who was 3 years old at the time, was being watched by his godmother, Shameyla Pollard. Shameyla lived there with Davontae Wheeler Jr.'s mother, Ember Currington (the same person that in the instant motion, Defendant claims is his girlfriend). Ember was working but Shameyla's boyfriend, Damien Walton, was at the residence also. Defendant and his friend, Leon Walton (Damien's brother) knocked at the front door and demanded to take Davontae Wheeler, Jr. Shameyla reported that Ember told her this might happen as Ember was having problems with Defendant. Defendant then broke into Shameyla's residence through a window, grabbed his son, and opened the front door so Leon could enter. Defendant then began beating Damien, causing Damien to fall to the ground, and then Leon began beating Damien. Shameyla began yelling for the police and Defendant, his son, and Leon fled. Police contacted a vehicle after Shameyla pointed it out and stopped it. Leon was driving the vehicle with his infant in a car seat and Defendant's son sitting unbelted in the backseat. Defendant was not in the vehicle. Leon told police that he came with Defendant to get Defendant's son when Defendant entered the residence through a window and began battering Damien. Leon stated that Defendant was getting out of control

so they took the toddler and left. Leon also stated that he didn't know why but Defendant jumped out of the car and ran just prior to being pulled over, as did Defendant's girlfriend, Ashley. Ashley's purse with her ID was located in the vehicle, which had been reported stolen. While it doesn't appear that Defendant was ever charged for the above incident, it certainly does not support his claim of having a good reputation.

About three months later, just after midnight on 08/13/2016, officers were patrolling the Las Vegas Strip area in plain clothes. As LVMPD Detective Brigandi walked by Defendant, he asked if Defendant had any trees. Defendant said he did and walked the detective to a place out of public view. Defendant stated it was \$20 for 1 gram of marijuana. Officers then confronted Defendant, who admitted to having marijuana on his person. Officers found 14.7 grams in a jar in Defendant's pocket. Defendant was charged with one count of PCS with Intent to Sell under 16F13314X. On 08/17/2016, Defendant was released O.R. with intensive supervision, and his prelim date was set. His Supervision Progress Report dated 09/19/2016 shows that Defendant failed to report to ISU as instructed. On 10/19/2016, Defendant pled guilty to Possession of Dangerous Drug and was sentenced to complete community service and stay out of trouble. On 04/19/2017, Defendant still had not completed his community service. Finally, on 07/21/2017, Defendant's case was closed.

Less than one month later, Defendant was back in court on the instant case.

In summary, the factors outlined in NRS 178.4853(1) do not favor an own recognizance released and the State requests that Defendant's motion be denied.

II. BAIL SETTING

In Nevada, a person charged with Murder is not entitled to bail. In fact, the statute on point, denies bail to an individual charged with murder where the proof is evident or the presumption is great. NRS 178.484(4) states, in relevant part:

A person arrested for murder of the first degree may be admitted to bail unless the proof is evident or the presumption great by any competent court or magistrate authorized by law to do so in the exercise of discretion, giving due weight to the evidence and to the nature and circumstances of the offense.

 (emphasis added). While the proof necessary for the quantum of proof which is needed has not been specifically defined, it is at least higher that probable cause. See <u>Hanley v. State</u>, 85 Nev. 154, 451 P.2d 852 (1969). However, the dying declaration of the victim has been deemed to be sufficient under the statute. See <u>In re Wheeler</u>, 81 Nev. 495, 406 P.2d 713 (1965). Moreover, the Court is granted broad discretion in determining the amount of proof necessary to the determination. Id.

As far back as 1917, the Nevada Supreme Court held that an affidavit was sufficient for purposes of denying bail. See Ex parte Nagel, 41 Nev. 86, 88-89 (1917) ("The true rule upon the subject of bail or discharge after indictment for murder undoubtedly is for the judge to refuse to bail or discharge upon any affidavit or proof that is susceptible of being controverted on the other side."). This is conformance with the practice of courts in other contexts as well. The confrontation clause is a trial right, not a right at every proceeding. See Sheriff v. Witzenburg, 122 Nev. 1056, 145 P.3d 1002 (2006). Hearsay is admissible at a sentencing hearing. See Summers v. State, 122 Nev. 1326, 148 P.3d 778 (2006). Likewise, at evidentiary hearings, the evidentiary rules are relaxed. See Univ. of Tex. V. Camenisch, 451 U.S. 390, 395 (1981).

NRS 178.498 provides that if the defendant is admitted to bail, the bail must be set an appropriate amount to secure a defendant's presence and the safety of the community with regard to the following factors:

- 1. The nature and circumstances of the offense charged;
- 2. The financial ability of the defendant to give bail;
- 3. The character of the defendant; and
- 4. The factors listed in NRS 178.4853.

NRS 178.498.

Defendant's is currently being held at \$250,000.00. Based on the factors outlined above as well as the nature of the instant crime in combination with the evidence against Defendant, the State requests that this bail remain.

Here, Defendant contends that the evidence against him is minimal, circumstantial and speculative. In his Reply to the State's Return to Writ of Habeas Corpus, Defendant further

contends that the ballistics report in the instant case somehow exonerates Defendant. While the State concedes that the firearm located at Defendant's apartment was not linked to one of the cartridge cases found at the scene of the murder, the proof against Defendant is still very significant. First, the firearms found at both of the co-defendant's homes were determined to have been shot at the scene of the murder. This evidence implicates Defendant in the instant crime because Defendant was seen on surveillance footage with his co-defendants approximately 25 minutes before the murder and just one mile from the murder scene. Shortly thereafter, Mr. Mason saw <u>four</u> black men at the scene of the murder. This is incredibly strong evidence that Defendant was in fact at the scene of the murder.

Defendant's argument that a fifth mystery man exists is complete speculation and not based on any reliable fact. In fact, the surveillance footage demonstrates that there was not a fifth individual present with Defendant and his co-defendants at the convenience store. Defendant wants the court to believe that within a matter of minutes, following Defendant's departure from the convenience store with his co-defendants, he got out of Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson's vehicle and took a bus home, while his co-defendants simultaneously picked up another mystery person before committing the murder of Mr. Valenzuela. The Court should not put any credence into Defendant's self-serving statement especially in light of the fact that in Defendant's interview with police he altogether denied that he was captured on the surveillance. Defendant's statement that he was not inside the convenience store with his co-defendants is in direct contradiction to all of the evidence in this case which clearly indicates that he was one of the four individuals captured in the surveillance footage.

Furthermore, Defendant is charged under a barren pleading theory. The State need not prove that Defendant actually pulled the trigger in order for him to be found guilty of the instant crimes. The fact remains that the circumstantial evidence places Defendant at the scene of the murder; he was seen on surveillance footage wearing a firearm immediately prior to the murder; and ammunition matching one of the shell casings found at the murder was located at Defendant's home.

///

Given the factors outlined, in NRS 178.498, Defendaat's bail should not be reduced in I the instant case. **CONCLUSION** Defendant has not given this Court good reason to grant him a release on his own recognizance even with the condition of House Arrest. Accordingly, the State requests this Court to deny Defendant's motion be DENIED and that Defendant's bail remain the same. day of March, 2018. DATED this Respectfully submitted, STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #1565 BYDeputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #12840 RO/cg/L3

CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION

I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing was made this $\frac{19}{10}$ day of March, 2018, by facsimile transmission to:

> JAMES RUGGEROLI, ESQ. FAX: (702) 258-2021

BY: C. Garcia

Secretary for the District Attorney's Office

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Forensic Laboratory

Report of Examination

Firearms & Toolmarks

None Listed

Distribution Date:

January 22, 2018 LVMPD

Agency: Location: Homicide & Sex Crimes Bureau

Primary Case #: Incident:

170809-0029 Robbery WDW, Homicide

Requester: Lab Case #:

Ryan M Jaeger

17-07217.5 Supplemental 1

The following evidence was examined and results are reported below.

Lab Item #	Impound Pkg #	Impound Item #	Description
1*	005158-1	11	One "C" .22 Long / Long Rifle cartridge case
2*	005158-1	2	One "R-P" .45 Auto cartridge case
3*	005158-1	3	One "FC NR" .45 Auto cartridge case
4*	005158-1	4	One "WINCHESTER" .45 Auto cartridge case
11	015709-1	1	One Taurus model PT-22 .22 Long Rifle caliber semiautomatic pistol, serial number: ANC29177
12	015709-1	1A	One magazine
14	013572-1	1	One Taurus model PT145 PRO Millennium .45 Auto caliber semiautomatic pistol, serial number: NCY05584
15	013572-2	1A	One magazine
17	005158-2	5	One bullet
20	005228-1	1	One Star unknown model .45 Auto caliber semiautomatic pistol, serial number: 1949428
21	005228-1	2	One magazine
22	009618-6	12	Metal fragments
23	009618-6	13	One bullet
24	009618-6	14	One bullet

^{*}items previously examined; see the laboratory report generated under this event number for further information.

Results and Conclusions:

Firearms

The Taurus pistol (Lab Item 11) was examined, test fired and found to be operational with no noted malfunctions. This pistol has a barrel length of approximately 2 % inches, an overall length of approximately 5 % inches and a trigger pull of 7 % - 8 % pounds. The submitted magazine (Lab Item 12) fits and functions in this pistol and has a capacity of ten cartridges. This pistol and magazine were swabbed for DNA prior to test firing and two swabs were booked into the evidence vault.

The Taurus pistol (Lab Item 14) was examined, test fired and found to be operational with no noted malfunctions. This pistol has a barrel length of approximately 3 ¼ inches and an overall length of approximately 6 ¼ inches. It has trigger pulls of 5 - 5 ½ pounds single action and 8 - 8 1/4 pounds double action. The submitted magazine (Lab Item 15) fits and functions in this pistol has a capacity of ten cartridges.

The Star pistol was examined, test fired and found to be operational with no noted malfunctions. This pistol has a barrel length of approximately 4 inches, an overall length of approximately 7 1/4 inches and a trigger pull of 6 3/4 - 7 pounds. The submitted magazine (Lab Item 21) fits and functions in this pistol has a capacity of six cartridges.

Comparisons

The evidence cartridge cases and bullets were examined and microscopically compared to the test fired cartridge cases and bullets with the following results:

- The cartridge case (Lab Item 1) was identified as having been fired by the Taurus pistol (Lab Item 11).
- The three carridge cases (Lab Items 2-4) were identified as having been fired by the Star pistol.
- The two bullets (Lab Items 17 and 24) were identified as having been fired by the Star pistol.
- The bullet (Lab Item 23) shared similar general rifling characteristics with the Taurus pistol (Lab Item 11). Damage to this bullet and a lack of microscopic information preclude an identification to or elimination from this pistol.
- The metal fragments are of no value for microscopic comparisons.

Page 1 LVMPD Forensic Laboratory | 5605 W Badura Ave Suite 120 B | Las Vegas, NV 89118

Primary Event #: 170809-0029 Lab Case #: 17-07217.5

NIBIN
Representative images of a test fired cartridge case from the Taurus pistol (Lab Item 14) were entered into the National Integrated Ballistic Information Network (NIBIN). Associations to other events in the network will be reported separately.

The evidence is returned to secure storage.

Dun lestre

---This report does not constitute the entire case file. The case file may be comprised of worksheets, images, analytical data and other documents.---

Anya Lester, #13771 Forensic Scientist II

- END OF REPORT -

Electronically Filed 3/2/2018 5:00 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1 RET STEVEN B. WOLFSON 2 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 GIANCARLO PESCI Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135 4 200 Lewis Avenue 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff 6

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO:

C-17-328587-3

| -v

DEPT NO:

XX

DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, Demario Loftonrobinson, #5318925 RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, #8252804 DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, #5909081

Defendant(s).

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

STATE'S RETURN TO WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

DATE OF HEARING: March 20, 2018 TIME OF HEARING: 8:30 A.M.

COMES NOW, JOE LOMBARDO, Sheriff of Clark County, Nevada, Respondent, through his counsel, STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark County District Attorney, through GIANCARLO PESCI, Chief Deputy District Attorney, in obedience to a writ of habeas corpus issued out of and under the seal of the above-entitled Court on the 8th day of February, 2017, and made returnable on the 27th day of February, 2017, at the hour of 8:30 A.M., before the above-entitled Court, and states as follows:

- 1. Respondent admits the allegations of Paragraphs 1, 2, 7.
- 2. Respondent denies the allegations of Paragraph 3.
- 3. Paragraph numbers 4, 5, 6, 8 do not require admission or denial.

Electronically Filed 3/2/2018 5:00 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1 RET STEVEN B. WOLFSON 2 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 GIANCARLO PESCI Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 5 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff 6

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO:

C-17-328587-3

-VS

DEPT NO:

XX

DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, aka, Demario Loftonrobinson, #5318925 RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, #8252804 DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, #5909081

15

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

Defendant(s).

16 17

STATE'S RETURN TO WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

DATE OF HEARING: March 20, 2018 TIME OF HEARING: 8:30 A.M.

19

20

21

22

23

24

18

COMES NOW, JOE LOMBARDO, Sheriff of Clark County, Nevada, Respondent, through his counsel, STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark County District Attorney, through GIANCARLO PESCI, Chief Deputy District Attorney, in obedience to a writ of habeas corpus issued out of and under the seal of the above-entitled Court on the 8th day of February, 2017, and made returnable on the 27th day of February, 2017, at the hour of 8:30 A.M., before the above-entitled Court, and states as follows:

2526

1. Respondent admits the allegations of Paragraphs 1, 2, 7.

27

2. Respondent denies the allegations of Paragraph 3.

28

3. Paragraph numbers 4, 5, 6, 8 do not require admission or denial.

1.0 1.1

November 29, 2017 and December 13, 2017, Defendant was held to answer on all three counts. On December 14, 2017, Defendant was formally charged by way of Indictment, charging Defendant as follows: COUNT 5 – CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY; COUNT 6 – ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON; and COUNT 7 – MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON. On December 19, 2017, Defendant pled not guilty and waived his right to a speedy trial.

The Grand Jury transcripts were filed on January 1, 2018. At a status check on January 9, 2018, the Court granted defense counsel an additional 30 days from that day to file any writs. Accordingly, the instant Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus was timely filed on February 8, 2018.

Defendant is charged with the Murder and Attempt Robbery of Gabriel Valenzuela on August 9, 2017. The State also alleges that Defendant conspired with his co-defendants to commit a robbery against Mr. Valenzuela on that day.

II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

The following is a summary of the relevant portions of testimony elicited during the presentation of evidence to the Grand Jury.

John Relato

On August 9, 2017, John Relato ("Mr. Relato") resided with his cousin, Gabriel Valenzuela at 5536 Dewey Drive in Las Vegas Nevada. See Preliminary Hearing Transcript (Nov. 29, 2017) ("PHT") 84:18-85:6. In the early morning hours of August 9, 2017, Mr. Relato was inside his home when he heard gunshots. PHT 85:7-23. Mr. Relato looked out his window and saw his cousin, Gabriel Valenzuela laying in the driveway to their home. Id. Mr. Relato went outside and realized that Mr. Valenzuela was bleeding from his head. Id. As Mr. Relato proceeded outside, he called 911. PHT 86:21-22, 87:6. The initial call to 911 was placed at 12:11 a.m. Mr. Relato did not see anyone in the area and he did not see who shot his cousin. PHT 86:23-87:2. Mr. Relato testified that it was customary for his cousin to check

¹ This fact was testified to by Detective Mitch Dosch. PHT 91:10:13

Q

the mail and sit on the retaining wall in front of his home while he opened the mail. PHT 87:20-23.

Lary Simms

Larry Simms ("Dr. Simms") is a forensic pathologist with the Clark County Coroner's Office. PHT 8:17-18, 9:11-13. Dr. Simms conducted the autopsy on Gabriel Valenzuela. PHT 9:22-10:1. Dr. Simms determined that Mr. Valenzuela suffered four gunshot wounds. One shot entered the right side of Mr. Valenzuela's head and exited on the left side of Mr. Valenzuela's forehead; another shot entered Mr. Valenzuela's left abdomen and did not exit; another shot entered the outside of Mr. Valenzuela's' right ankle, exiting on the inside of Mr. Valenzuela's right ankle; the fourth shot entered the back of Mr. Valenzuela's left ankle and came to rest in his leg. PHT 13:21-23, 15:20-24, 17:6-20. Dr. Simms concluded that the cause of Mr. Valenzuela's death was multiple gunshot wounds and the manner of Mr. Valenzuela's death was homicide. PHT 17:21-18:6.

Robert Mason

At the time of Mr. Valenzuela's murder, Robert Mason lived in the same neighborhood as the victim. PHT 45:20-25. At approximately midnight on the night of August 8, 2017, into the morning of August 9, 2017, Mr. Mason went for a jog in his neighborhood. PHT 46:2-15. During his jog, Mr. Mason saw four black males standing on the corner of Lindell and Dewey in front of 5536 Dewey Drive.² PHT 46:16-48:2-18. Shortly after Mr. Mason ran past the four individuals standing in front of Mr. Valenzuela's home, he saw what he described as a white Crown Vic, bearing Nevada license plate number 473YZB. PHT 50:3-21. The vehicle was parked approximately 20-50 feet from where the four black males were standing. PHT 50: 22-25. When shown Grand Jury Exhibit 28 (attached as Exhibit 5), Mr. Mason identified it as the vehicle he saw when he jogged past the victim's house. PHT 51:1-15. Mr. Mason

² See Grand Jury Exhibit 16, attached as Exhibit 2. When shown Exhibit 16, Mr. Mason indicated that the photograph captured the area where the saw the four individuals standing. PHT 48:3:18. During Mr. Relato's testimony, he identified Exhibit 16 as a photograph of his home located at 5536 Dewey Drive. PHT 87:7-11. Exhibit 16 was also identified by Crime Scene Analyst William Speas and Detective Ryan Jaeger as being the residence on Dewey Drive. PHT 66:5-9, PHT 142:24-143:4.

felt these individuals were suspicious so he called his wife and told her to lock the doors to their house and he asked her to call 311 to report the suspicious individuals. PHT 51:18-52:1.

Nikolaus Spahn

On the night of Mr. Valenzuela's murder (August 8, 2017 into the morning of August 9, 2017), Nikolaus Spahn ("Mr. Spahn") was working as a cashier at the Short Line Express located at the intersection of Warm Springs Road and Jones Boulevard at 7325 South Jones Boulevard. PHT 21:13-19, 24:2-7. On that night, Mr. Spahn's shift began at 10:00 p.m. PHT 21: 24-25. Between 11:20-11:38 p.m., four individuals entered the store. PHT 22, 27:7-29:13. Mr. Spahn believed these individuals were behaving suspiciously and he was concerned because one of the individuals was wearing a firearm on his hip.³ PHT 22:1-23:25.

After the four individuals exited the store, they sat down at a table outside of the store. PHT 25:22-26:11. Mr. Spahn continued to observe the individuals at which point he went outside and saw the vehicle the four individuals were driving. Id. Mr. Spahn described the vehicle as a white four door Mercury that looked like a Crown Victoria. PHT 26 12:15. Later that night, police officers came into the store and told Mr. Spahn they were investigating a murder; at that time he told officers about the four individuals he observed. PHT 27:15-23.

During Mr. Spahn's testimony, the State introduced surveillance footage from the Shortline Express capturing the four individuals as well as the vehicle in which they arrived. PHT 29:20-31:15. The surveillance footage showed that the vehicle had paint damage on the roof of the car that the first three numbers on the license plate number were 473. PHT 31:6-9, 96:11-22.

<u>James Newman</u>

James Newman testified that on August 4, 2017 (four days before Mr. Valenzuela was murdered), he sold his white Mercury Grand Marquis to Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson. PHT 38:22-39:14. The vehicle had a Nevada license plate number of 473-YZB, the same license plate observed by Mr. Mason in front of the victim's. See PHT 37:10-13, 50:3-21. When Mr. Newman sold the vehicle, he allowed Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson to keep the

³ Surveillance footage reveals that the individual wearing the firearm is the person Detective Dosch identified as Defendant Wheeler. Portions of the surveillance footage introduced at Grand Jury are attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

Lora Cody

license plates with the understanding they would be returned at a later time. PHT 39:25-40:1, 41:9-17. James Newman identified the vehicle in Grand Jury Exhibits 28 and 30 (attached as Exhibits 5 and 6, respectively) as the vehicle he sold to Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson.⁴ Mr. Newman was able to identify the vehicle based on its license plate number of 473-YZB which was depicted in Grand Jury Exhibit 28 and because of the paint damage to the roof of the car which was depicted in Grand Jury Exhibit 30. PHT 37:10-24.

Lora Cody ("Detective Cody") is a homicide detective with the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. PHT 135:11-19. Detective Cody was assigned to assist in the investigation of Mr. Valenzuela's murder. PHT 135:20-22. A portion of her responsibilities involved obtaining surveillance footage. PHT 135:24-3. As a result, Detective Cody responded to the Shortline Express convenience store located near Dewey Drive. PHT 136:3-19. In viewing the surveillance, detectives observed a white Mercury Grand Marquis with a NV license plate bearing the first three numbers of 473. PHT 136:25-137:13. Based on an investigation into the registration of the vehicle, officers were able to locate the vehicle. PHT 137:11-19. Ultimately, a traffic stop was conducted, at which time Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson was inside the car. PHT 137:20-138:11.

Mitch Dosch

Mitch Dosch ("Detective Dosch") is a homicide detective with the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. PHT 90:16-19. Along with other detectives, Detective Dosch was assigned to investigate Mr. Valenzuela's murder. PHT 91:5-9. Detective Dosch testified that four cartridge casings were located at the scene of the murder: one .22 caliber cartridge case and three .45 caliber cartridge cases. PHT 99:22-100:8. The .22 caliber cartridge case bore a head stamp of "C." PHT 13:15. The .45 caliber cartridge cases bore three separate head-stamps: R-P 45, NFCR, and WINCHESTER 45 AUTO. PHT 100:23-101:1, 101:18-21, 102:2-7.

⁴ Grand Jury Exhibits 28 and 30 are photographs of the white Mercury Grand Marquis taken inside LVMPD's lab after it was towed to that location. PHT 55:25-56:3. Grand Jury Exhibit 28 was also identified by Robert Mason as the vehicle he saw near the victim's home right before the murder occurred.

//

Additionally, Detective Dosch testified regarding the substance of the surveillance video retrieved from the Shortline Express convenience store depicting the events of which Nikolas Spahn testified. PHT 95:17-23. Significantly, Detective Dosch testified that if one were driving a vehicle from the Short Line Express to the scene of the murder, it would only take a matter of minutes. PHT 95:9-16.

With respect to the vehicle that the four individuals were driving, the surveillance footage revealed that the first three numbers on the license plate were 473. PHT 95:24-96:22. Because this information matched the description of the vehicle at the scene of the crime and because the four individuals in the surveillance footage were consistent with the four individuals seen at the scene of the crime, detectives attempted to identify the individuals in the footage. See id., PHT 96:23-97:21.

Following an investigation, Detective Dosch was able to identify the four individuals depicted in the surveillance footage from the Shortline Express on August 8, 2017. Based on his prior interactions with each of the defendants, Detective Dosch identified one of the individuals in the surveillance footage as Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson; in the surveillance footage, Lofton-Robinson was wearing red shoes, blue jeans, and a long-sleeved green shirt. PHT 105:17-106:5, 108:23-109:9. Detective Dosch also identified Co-Defendant Robertson as one of the individuals in the surveillance footage. PHT 117:3-11. Finally, Detective Dosch identified one of the individuals as Defendant Wheeler. PHT 112:22-113. In the surveillance footage, Defendant Wheeler was wearing a white and black hat; a maroon top, and maroon shoes. PHT 113:3-5, see Grand Jury Exhibits 9 and 10 (attached as Exhibits 7 and 8, respectively).

After identifying these individuals, detectives obtained multiple search warrants. <u>Id.</u>
During execution of the various search warrants, officers located multiple items of evidentiary value.

A .22 caliber semi-automatic firearm was located at 6647 West Tropicana, an address associated with Co-Defendant Raekwon Robertson. PHT 98:12-19, 100:16-22. While

searching 6647 West Tropicana, officers also located ammunition bearing the headstamp "C."

<u>Id.</u> This ammunition matches the .22 caliber cartridge case found at the murder scene. <u>Id.</u>

A search warrant was also obtained for 919 Bagpipe Court, an address associated with Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson. PHT 97:23-98:2, 98:24-99:2. During the search of that residence, officers located a .45 caliber firearm and ammunition bearing a headstamp of R-P 45, which matched one of .45 caliber cartridge cases found at the scene of the murder, PHT 98:3-5, PHT 100:16-22.

A search warrant was also obtained to search Apartment F located at 3300 Civic Center Drive. PHT 99:11-15. Detective Dosch testified that Defendant was associated with this address. PHT 101:14-17. At that residence, officers located a .45 caliber firearm loaded with ammunition bearing a headstamp of RP-45 auto. PHT 15:18-116:14. This ammunition matches one of the .45 caliber cartridge cases found at the scene of the murder. Id. Additionally, officers recovered a hat and a pair of maroon shoes both of which matched the items worn by the individual in the surveillance footage who Detective Dosch identified as being the Defendant. PHT 114:2-115:17, see Grand Jury Exhibit 37 and 38 (attached as Exhibits 9 and 10 respectively). This is the same individual who is also seen on the surveillance footage wearing a firearm. See Exhibits 1, 7 and 8.

Ryan Jaeger

Ryan Jaeger ("Detective Jaeger") is a homicide detective with the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department assigned to assist in investigating the murder of Mr. Valenzuela. PHT 142:14-25.

Detective Jaeger testified that at the area where the victim was picked up by medical personnel, there was mail scattered about the ground. PHT 143:5-9, see Grand Jury Exhibits 16-18 (attached as 2-4, respectively). Detective Jaeger also testified that he interviewed the Defendant after advising him of his Miranda warnings. PHT 145:1-16. In his interview, Defendant was shown a photograph of the vehicle captured in the surveillance at the Short Line Express and he admitted to having been in the vehicle on August 8, 2017. PHT 145:25-146:2. He also admitted that he owed a .45 caliber firearm and that he would carry the firearm

in open carry fashion on his right hip. PHT 145:19-21, 146:22-24. However, when shown footage from inside the Shortline Express, Defendant denied that he had been present inside the store. PHT 146:25-147:5.

LEGAL ARGUMENT

I. STANDARD OF REVIEW

It is well settled that a district court's function in reviewing a pretrial writ of habeas corpus challenging the sufficiency of probable cause is to determine whether enough competent evidence was presented to establish a reasonable inference that the accused committed the offenses. State v. Fuchs, 78 Nev. 63 (1962). The finding of probable cause to support a criminal charge may be based on "slight, even 'marginal' evidence . . . because it does not involve a determination of the guilt or innocence of the accused." Sheriff v. Hodes, 96 Nev. 184, 186, 606 P.2d 178, 180 (1980). "To commit an accused for trial, the State is not required to negate all inferences which might explain his conduct, but only to present enough evidence to support a reasonable inference that the accused committed the offense." Kinsey v. Sheriff, 87 Nev. 361, 363, 487 P.2d 340, 341 (1971). Sheriff v. Miley, 99 Nev. 377 (1983). Thus, the court need not consider whether the evidence presented to a Grand Jury, or presented at a preliminary hearing, may, by itself, sustain a conviction, because the State need not produce the quantum of proof required to establish the guilt of the accused beyond a reasonable doubt. See Hodes, 96 Nev. at 186, 606 P.2d at 180; Miller v. Sheriff, 95 Nev. 255, 592 P.2d 952 (1979); McDonald v. Sheriff, 87 Nev. 361, 487 P.2d 340, (1971).

The Nevada Supreme Court has explicitly held that a probable cause determination is "not a substitute for trial," and that the "full and complete exploration of all facets of the case" should be reserved for trial. Marcum v. Sheriff, 85 Nev. 175, 178, 451 P.2d 845, 847 (1969); Robertson v. Sheriff, 85 Nev. 681, 683, 462 P.2d 528, 529 (1969). If the evidence produced establishes a reasonable inference that the defendant committed the crime, the probable cause to order the defendant to answer in the district court has been established. Morgan v. Sheriff, 86 Nev. 23, 467 P.2d 600 (1970). Accordingly, the issue of guilt or innocence is not involved and "the evidence need not be sufficient to support a conviction." Kinsey, 87 Nev. at 363

(citing Masklay v. State, 85 Nev. 111, 450 P.2d 790 (1969)); Hodes, 96 Nev. at 184, 606 P.2d at 180.

II. ANALYSIS

The State presented sufficient evidence at the grand jury to hold Defendant to answer to COUNT 5 - Conspiracy to Commit Robbery; COUNT 6 - Attempt Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon; and COUNT 7 - Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon.

In his Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, Defendant fails to address any of the specific crimes alleged in the Indictment and he fails to address how the State's presentation of evidence was insufficient to establish probable cause for the crimes charged. Instead, Defendant makes a blanket statement that "there is simply not enough evidence against [Defendant] in this case to support the charges and the Indictment." Def.'s PWHC at 10. Contrary to Defendant's claim and as set for below, the State provided sufficient evidence to hold Defendant to answer on all counts.

A. Sufficient, Legal, Evidence was Presented to the Grand Jury to Establish Probable Cause that Defendant Unlawfully Killed Gabriel Valenzuela and to hold Defendant to answer to the charged of Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon

An open murder charge includes murder in the first degree and all necessarily included offenses, such as manslaughter where less than all the elements of first degree murder are present. See Miner v. Lamb, 86 Nev. 54, 464 P.2d 451 (1970); Parsons v. State, 74 Nev. 302, 329 P.2d 1070 (1958); State v. Oschoa, 49 Nev. 194, 242 P.2d 582 (1926); NRS 175.501. First degree murder and second degree murder are not separate and distinct crimes which must be pleaded accordingly. See Thedford v. Sheriff, 86 Nev. 741, 476 P.2d 25 (1970); Howard v. Sheriff, 83 Nev. 150, 425 P.2d 596 (1967). Thus, there need not be evidence of first degree murder to support an open charge. See Wrenn v. Sheriff, 87 Nev. 85, 482 P.2d 289 (1971).

"[T]he presence of malice is a question of fact which bears directly on the guilt or innocence of a defendant and upon the degree of the crime charged. It is not a question to be determined by the magistrate at a preliminary examination—it is a question to be determined

 by the trier of fact at the trial of the case." Thedford v. Sheriff, 86 Nev. 741, 476 P.2d 25 (1970) (citing State v. Acosta, 49 Nev. 184, 242 P.2d 316 (1926)). "Neither a preliminary hearing, nor a hearing upon a petition for a writ of habeas corpus is designed as a substitute for this function (a trial)." Id at 28 (quoting State v. Fuchs, 78 Nev. 63, 368 P.2d 869 (1962)).

Additionally, pursuant to NRS 200.030, a murder which is committed during the perpetration or attempted perpetration of a robbery is murder of the first degree. Pursuant to the Felony Murder Rule, if one conspires to commit a robbery, he is liable for the murder perpetrated during the course of the attempted robbery. Garner v. State, 116 Nev. 770, 782 (2000).

Defendant and his co-defendants are charged alternatively with open murder and felony murder. Additionally, under the felony murder, the State alleged multiple theories, i.e., that Defendant directly committed the crime; that Defendant aided and abetted in the commission of the crime; and/or that Defendant conspired to commit the crime of robbery and/or murder.

The evidence presented at Grand jury establishes that on the night of August 8, 2017 the Defendant was inside the Shortline Express convenience store sometime between 11:20-11:38 p.m. At that time, the Defendant was captured on surveillance wearing a firearm on his right hip. The convenience store where Defendant was seen wearing a firearm is only a matter of minutes away from the scene of the murder. Although Defendant denied that he was inside the Shortline Express on August 8, 2017, he did admit that owns a .45 caliber firearm and that he wears it in an open carry fashion. Additionally, Defendant was identified by Detective Dosch as the individuals wearing the firearm. This identification was corroborated by items found during execution of a search warrant at 3300 Civic Center Drive (an address associated with Defendant). Specifically, officers found a pair of maroon shoes and a white hat which constitute an exact match to those worn by Defendant in the surveillance footage.

In addition, while Defendant was inside the store, he was with three other black males who were all seen in a white Mercury Grand Marquis bearing a license plate beginning with the numbers 473. Less than 30 minutes later, at around midnight, Mr. Mason saw four black men standing in front of the victim's home. Mr. Mason saw the four men standing near a

vehicle that he described as a white Crown Victoria with license plate number 473YZB. Mr. Newman testified that he sold that exact car to Co-Defendant Lofton-Robinson four days before Mr. Valenzuela's murder. Based on the surveillance footage from the Shortline Express in conjunction with the testimony of Mr. Mason (the jogger), Mr. Spahn (the convenience store clerk) and Mr. Newman (the vehicle's prior owner), there can be no dispute that the vehicle seen by Mr. Mason in front of the victim's house is the same vehicle captured on surveillance footage at the Shortline Express.

Not only does this evidence create a reasonable inference Defendant was at the scene of the murder, it places him there in very close proximity to the murder. The first call to 911 was made at 12:11; just minutes after Mr. Mason saw four black men and the white vehicle in front of the victim's home. Additionally, Defendant was seen in possession of a firearm approximately 30 minutes before the killing. Furthermore, in a search warrant of 3300 Civic Center Drive (an address associated with Defendant), officers located a .45 caliber firearm with ammunition bearing the headstamp RP-45 auto. This headstamp matches one of the .45 caliber shell cases found at the scene of the murder.

At this stage, the State is not required to negate all possible scenarios surrounding the death of Mr. Valenzuela. The State is only required to demonstrate a reasonable inference that the defendant committed the crime. Based on the evidence presented, the State demonstrated a reasonable inference that Defendant committed the crime or Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon.

B. Sufficient Evidence was Presented to the Grand Jury to Establish Probable Cause that Defendant committed the Crimes of Conspiracy to Commit Robbery and Attempt Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon

Conspiracy is "an agreement between two or more persons for an unlawful purpose." <u>Doyle v. State</u>, 112 Nev. 879, 894, 921 P.2d 901, 911 (1996). The conspiracy agreement may be inferred by a "coordinated series of acts" in furtherance of the underlying offense. <u>Doyle</u>, 112 Nev. at 894; see also <u>Gaitor v. State</u>, 106 Nev. 785, 790 n.1, 801 P.2d 1372, 1376 n.1 (1990); overruled on other grounds by, <u>Barone v. State</u>, 109 Nev. 1168, 1171, 866 P.2d 291,

292 (1993). Nevada adheres to the Pinkerton theory of conspiracy liability which holds that the overt act of one is the act of all even without a specific new agreement, so long as the "partnership in crime" continues. See, State v. Wilcox, 105 Nev. 434, 436, 776 P.2d 549, 550 (1989); Pinkerton v. United States, 328 U.S. 640, 646-647, 66 S.Ct. 1180, 1183-1184 (1946); see also, Goldsmith v. Sheriff, 85 Nev. 295, 306, 454 P.2d 86, 93 (1969); citing, VanRiper v. United States, 13 F.2d 961, 967 (2nd Cir. 1926), cert. denied sub nom., Ackerson v. United States, 273 U.S. 702, 47 S.Ct. 102 (1926). Therefore, in Nevada the acts of one conspirator in furtherance of the conspiracy are the acts of all, and each and every individual will be held criminally responsible for the acts of the other.

While the standard at trial is much greater than before the Grand Jury, what the Nevada Supreme Court believes is necessary for conviction in a conspiracy is illustrative of the instant case:

[C]onspiracy is seldom susceptible of direct proof and is usually established by inference from the conduct of the parties." Gaitor v. State, 106 Nev. 785, 790 n. 1, 801 P.2d 1372, 1376 n. 1 (1990) (quoting State v. Dressel, 85 N.M. 450, 451, 513 P.2d 187, 188 (1973)). In particular, a conspiracy conviction may be supported by "a coordinated series of acts," in furtherance of the underlying offense, "sufficient to infer the existence of an agreement." Id.

Doyle, 112 Nev. at 894 (overruled on other grounds by <u>Kaczmarek v. State</u>, 120 Nev. 314, 91 P.3d 16 (2004)).

Robbery is defined as the unlawful taking of the personal property of another by means of force or violence. NRS 200.380. An act done with intent to commit a crime, and tending but failing to accomplish it, is an attempt to commit that crime. State v. Verganadis, 50 Nev. 1, 4 (1926) (internal citation omitted). The act done must be an overt act and must go beyond mere preparation to commit the crime and tend to accomplish it. <u>Id.</u> at 4-5.

Accordingly, as to COUNT 5 – Conspiracy to Commit Robbery, the State must produce slight or marginal evidence that Defendant entered into an agreement with his co-conspirators to rob Mr. Valenzuela. As to COUNT 6 - Attempt Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon, the State to produce slight or marginal evidence that the Defendant committed an overt act with the intent to take personal property from Gabriel Valenzuela and that said act was

12 13

15

14

16

17 18

19

20

2122

23

24

2526

27

28

committed with a firearm. As COUNT 6 is Barren pled, the State need not prove that Defendant is the person who directly committed the crime. Rather, Defendant can also be held to answer if he aided and abetted in the attempted robbery of Mr. Valenzuela or if he conspired to commit the crime.

Here, the evidence to establish that Defendant conspired to commit a robbery against Mr. Valenzuela largely overlaps with the evidence that he attempted to rob Mr. Valenzuela. Accordingly, the State will address these counts two together. For obvious reasons, the victim in the instant case did not testify that Defendant attempted to take property from him. However, the attendant circumstances indicate by slight or marginal evidence that Defendant did attempt to rob Mr. Valenzuela and that he did so with using a deadly weapon. First, it is undisputed that a deadly weapon was used in the commission of the crimes committed against Mr. Valenzuela as he was shot and killed with a firearm. Second, as to the conspiracy and attempted robbery, the evidence shows that Defendant and his co-defendants were lying in wait in a residential neighborhood in the middle of the night. The most reasonable explanation for this fact is that the Defendant and his co-defendants were looking for a victim to rob. Especially given the time of night, there is no other logical explanation for the Defendant to be standing outside the victim's home and there is absolutely no evidence that the Defendant or any of the co-defendants knew Mr. Valenzuela. Additionally, Mr. Valenzuela's items were strewn about the ground. This infers that the Defendant and or his co-defendant's struggled with the victim in an attempt to obtain his property. Furthermore, the Defendants all arrived on scene together and presumably left together as Mr. Relato did not see anyone in the area after his cousin was shot. Although there may be other explanations for the evidence presented, the State is not required to negate all possible inferences to explain away the Defendant's behavior. The State simply must show an inference that Defendant committed the crimes alleged.

///

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

In <u>Bails v. State</u>, 92 Nev. 95, 545 P.2d 1155 (1976), the Nevada Supreme Court elaborated further on circumstantial evidence in citing to <u>Holland v. United States</u>, 348 U.S. 121, 75 S. Ct. 127 (1955), a wholly circumstantial evidence case:

Circumstantial evidence in this respect is intrinsically no different from testimonial evidence. Admittedly, circumstantial evidence may in some cases point to a wholly incorrect result. Yet this is equally true of testimonial evidence. In both instances, a jury is asked to weigh the chances that the evidence correctly points to guilt against the possibility of inaccuracy or ambiguous inference. In both, the jury must use its experience with people and events in weighing the probabilities. If the jury is convinced beyond a reasonable doubt, we can require no more.

Bails, 92 Nev. at 97, 545 P.2d at 1156.

While the evidence as to COUNTS 5 and 6 is circumstantial, when considered in its totality, it leads to an inference that the Defendant and his co-defendants attempted to rob Mr. Valenzuela and that they conspired to do so in advance. Such evidence is enough to establish probable cause in the instant case.

CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, the State respectfully requests that Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus be DENIED in its entirety.

DATED this 2 day of March, 2018.

Respectfully submitted,

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar # 001565

BY GIANCARLO PESCI
Chief Deputy District Attorney
Nevada Bar #Deputy Bar

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING

I hereby certify that service of Return to Writ of Habeas Corpus, was made this 2nd day of March, 2018, by Electronic Filing to:

JAMES RUGGEROLI, ESQ. ruggeroli@icloud.com

BY:

Employee of the District Attorney's Office

RO/cg/L3

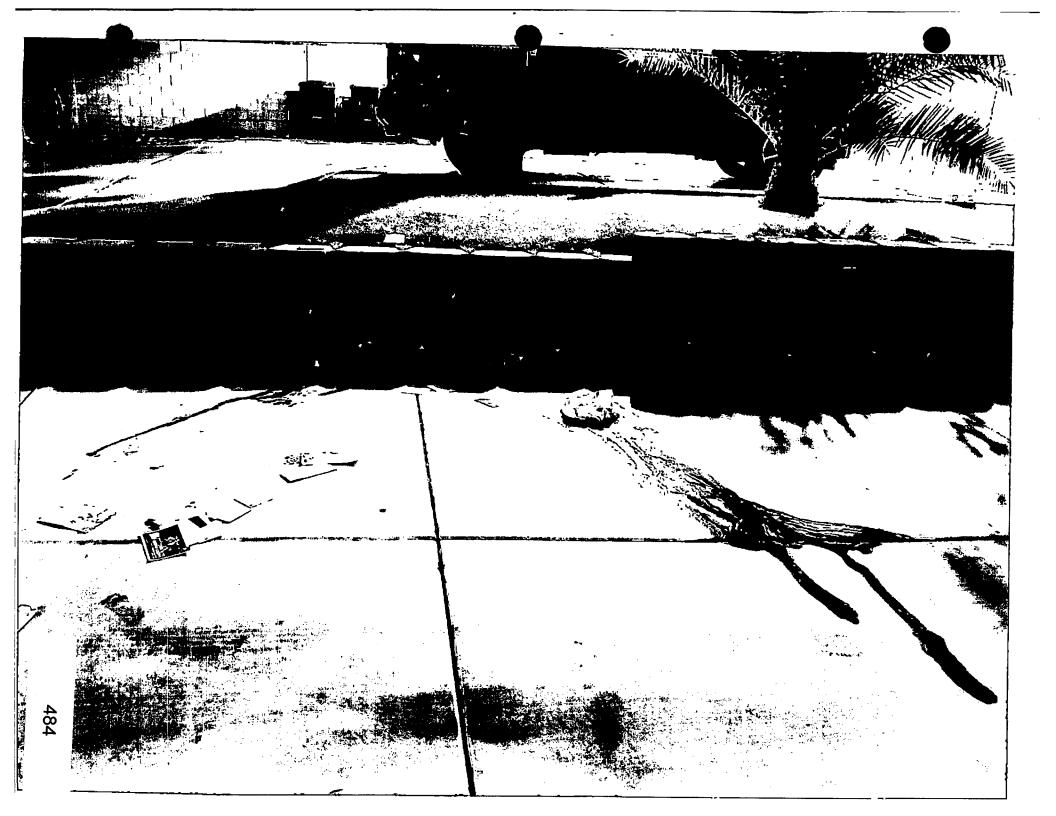


"EXHIBIT 1"

"EXHIBIT 2"



"EXHIBIT 3"



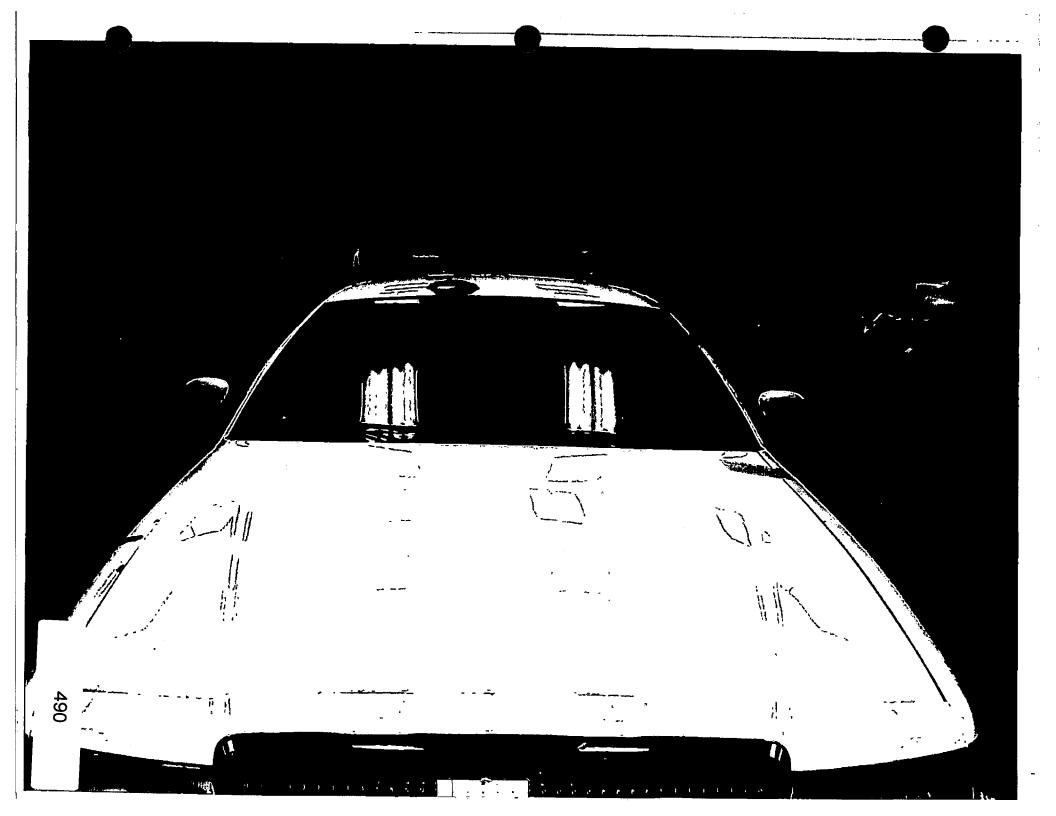
"EXHIBIT 4"



"EXHIBIT 5"



"EXHIBIT 6"



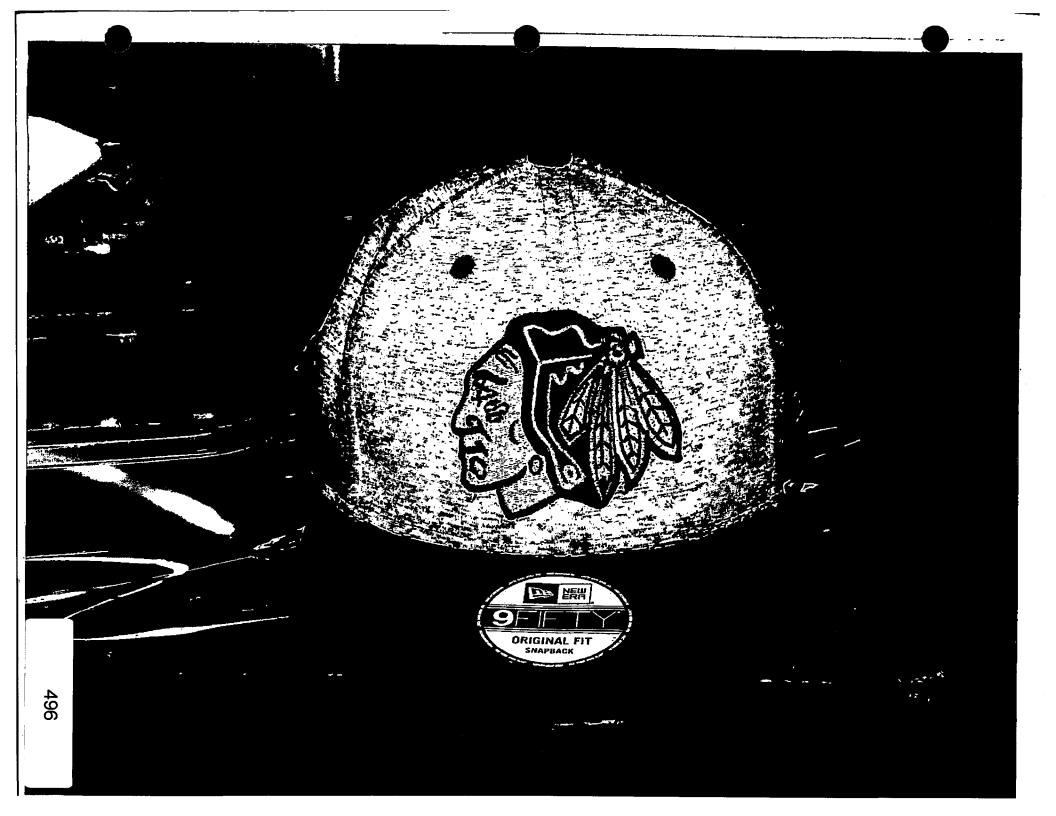
"EXHIBIT 7"



"EXHIBIT 8"



"EXHIBIT 9"



"EXHIBIT 10"



//

//

//

//

FILED 1 **NOTC** MAR - 7 2018 STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 GIANCARLO PESCI Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 C-17-328587-3 NOTC Attorney for Plaintiff Notice 4726743 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff, C-17-328587-3 CASE NO: -VS-DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, DEPT NO: XX #5909081 Defendant. STATE'S NOTICE OF EXHIBITS FOR STATE'S RETURN TO WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS COMES NOW, the State of Nevada, by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark County District Attorney, through GIANCARLO PESCI, Chief Deputy District Attorney, and files this Notice of Exhibits. **EXHIBIT 1: DVD** // // //

W;\2017\2017F\143\69\17F14369-N

1	These Exhibits are in addition to any other Exhibits for which a separate Notice has
2	been filed.
3	DATED this day of March, 2018.
4 5	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565
6	HIZENO
7	BY TELLOWINE TO SIANCARLO PESCI
8	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135
9	
10	
11	·
12	
13	
14	
15	RECEIPT OF COPY
16	RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing State's Return to Writ of Habeas
17	Corpus is hereby acknowledged this day of March, 2018.
18	JAMES J. RUGGEROLI ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT
19	
20	
21	JAMES J. RUGGEROLI
22 23	601 S. 7th St. Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Phone: 702-258-2022
23 24	Fax: 702-258-2021
25	
26	
27	
28	20 M 2

1	These Exhibits are in addition to any other Exhibits for which a separate Notice has
2	been filed.
3	DATED this 2 day of March, 2018.
4	STEVEN B. WOLFSON
5	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565
6	BY 7.4(0"128"0
7	GIANCARLO PESCI
8	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	RECEIPT OF COPY
16	RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing State's Return to Writ of Habeas
17	Corpus is hereby acknowledged this day of March, 2018.
18	JAMES J. RUGGEROLI ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT
19	
20	
21	BY
22	JAMES J. RUGGEROLI
	601 S. 7th St.
23	
24	601 S. 7th St. Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Phone: 702-258-2022
24 25	601 S. 7th St. Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Phone: 702-258-2022
24	601 S. 7th St. Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Phone: 702-258-2022

cg/L3