IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

DAVONTAE WHEELER,) SUPREME COURT NO. 81374
Appellant,)))
vs.) APPEAL
STATE OF NEVADA,)
Respondent.)) DISTRICT COURT NO. C-17-328587-3
)

APPELLANT'S APPENDIX

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PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 410: So. 1 2 THE COURT: I would agree with you, but what I need 3 is I need jurors that will commit to me, and the Court, and 4 the lawyers before we start that you will follow the law as 5 given to you by the Court, even if you disagree with it. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 410: Yeah, that's -- as I 6 7 stated, yes. As it tends to this particular case, absolutely, 8 100 percent. 9 THE COURT: Okay. MR. PESCI: All right, I'm going to follow up. 10 11 Maybe the Judge will stop me, we'll see what happens. Let's talk about Pandora's Box in a criminal context, right? 12 Do you have some strong feelings about criminal charges? Is that the 13 box we're talking about, or other ones, like this poor 14 15 gentleman who's been sued 29 times? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 410: Yeah, I don't think that 17 the charges are as harsh as they should be, or the 18 convictions, and what typically a convicted criminal -- for 19 either the time served, or --20 MR. PESCI: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 410: -- the resulting 21 conviction, you know, parole, and -- no, I don't think that 22 23 it's harsh enough. So that's a good point to bring MR. PESCI: Okay. 24 I appreciate it. And the Court has explained the jury is 25 up. Page 137

not going to be involved in any way, shape, or form with the 1 2 actual sentencing portion, if we even were to get there. So 3 the jury's decision, the people that serve on this jury, will only be as to guilt or someone being not guilty. 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 410: Right. 6 MR. PESCI: So there won't be anything about 7 sentencing or time, things of that nature. Knowing that, would that affect your ability to be fair and impartial? 8 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 410: No. MR. PESCI: Okay. Thank you very much, sir. 10 Wanted to also ask a question that seems a little bit out of left 11 field, and then we'll go to some specific people. 12 13 So, at times, you may see the prosecutors or maybe even defense counsel sometimes on their cell phones, right? 14 In today's age, everybody seems to be on their cell phone. 15 We have to -- the prosecution, we have to kind of set up 16 We got to try to line people up for tomorrow; the 17 witnesses. 18 day after. Sometimes we might be on our phones, trying to 19 tell witnesses, hey, we need you here, we need you then. Is anybody going to have a problem if you see us on 20 our phones, to think that we're being -- you know, we're just 21 distracted, we're not paying attention, we don't care? Will 22 23 anybody have a problem with that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 410: Not as long as I can be 24 25 on my phone, too.

MR. PESCI: Well, see, that's why I bring it up, 1 2 right? No, it's a legitimate point. No, seriously, because 3 you don't get to, right? During trial, during the sessions, 4 you don't. You get to when you go out. She's in charge of 5 whatever you get to do, right? But normally, it's when you get out, you can get on your phone. You can't research, can't 6 7 do things like that, but if you got to call home and say, hey, 8 we're trying to coordinate. But we do. Like, the attorneys can, and it's -- I mean, I was on it earlier because I'm 9 trying to set up witnesses for tomorrow. Those are the kinds 10 11 of things. Anybody have any problems with that, or problems with the fact that you can't when we can? Anybody? Okay, all 12 13 right. Thank you very much. Could you hand the microphone to your left? 14 All right. Mr. Casucci, your badge number? 15 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: 409. 17 MR. PESCI: Thank you. You said you -- you said you 18 manage the poker room? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: I do. I run the poker 19 20 room at the Golden Nugget. MR. PESCI: What does that entail? It's just 21 22 curiosity. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: I'm the shift manager in 23 the room, so I operate the games, run the games. If there's a 24 25 dispute on the games, I take care of it.

MR. PESCI: Okay. Do you supervise -- how many 1 2 people do you supervise? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: 15 at a time. MR. PESCI: Okay. And on any given night, or 4 5 overall? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: I work the day shift, 6 7 and there's usually 15 dealers scheduled, and I coordinate the dealers. 8 9 MR. PESCI: Do you ever have to work through any disputes among those 15? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: Yeah. 11 12 MR. PESCI: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: Absolutely. 13 MR. PESCI: How do you go about that? What's your 14 -- what's your approach? 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: I try and put myself in 16 everyone else's position, and try and be as fair as possible. 17 And I was a dealer once myself, so I've worked up my way 18 through the casino world, and I've been on the other side, so 19 20 I understand how it is. So I try and put myself in the other 21 person's position. MR. PESCI: So you try to see their perspective. 22 And then, sometimes, however, are there conflicts such that it 23 can't be resolved just on what they tell you? Do you have to 24 make a judgment call between two points? 25

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: Yes, I do have to make a 1 2 judgment call at times, and especially on the games itself, 3 not so much the employees. The employees --4 MR. PESCI: Okay. 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: -- then I would -- if need be, I would go to HR or something like that. But if 6 7 there's a dispute on a game, then I do have the final say-so, and I have to reason -- you know, listen to the facts and --8 9 MR. PESCI: So would that be between maybe a dealer 10 and a patron or a customer? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: More between a player 11 12 and a player. 13 MR. PESCI: I'm sorry, I used the wrong words. Α player? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: Yeah. 15 16 MR. PESCI: Okay. And then, sometimes, can you come 17 to a decision, even though there might be conflicts of what 18 you're being told? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: Yes, there is. 19 There's times I can reason through, read between the lines of what I'm 20 -- what I'm hearing, and --21 MR. PESCI: Gotcha. So you feel you're capable of 22 doing that kind of a thing? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 409: Absolutely. 24 MR. PESCI: All right, thank you very much. If you 25

could pass the microphone over two to Ms. Newcome. And I 1 2 apologize, I don't have your badge number written down. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: 417. 3 4 MR. PESCI: Thank you very much. Ma'am, you've 5 served on a jury before, and it was a criminal case, and there 6 was a verdict, correct? 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: Yes. MR. PESCI: All right. For all those that served on 8 a jury before, I'm going to probably ask you -- we're not 9 asking what the verdict is; just that you came to a verdict. 10 Was that here in Las Vegas? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: Yes. 12 MR. PESCI: Was it -- do you remember if it was in 13 this building? 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: I think so. 16 MR. PESCI: Well, let me put it this way. Ι 17 apologize. How long ago was it? Because we used to be 18 further up the street, but that's just been --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: Yeah, because it doesn't 19 20 look the same. 21 MR. PESCI: Right. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: So that's why I was 22 trying -- I've been here forever. It may not have been in 23 24 this building. 25 MR. PESCI: That's okay. But --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: It's probably at least, 1 2 let's see, ten years ago maybe, or maybe even a little more. 3 MR. PESCI: All right. But do you remember, was it 4 the District Attorney's office, or was it the federal 5 government? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: No, I don't remember. 7 MR. PESCI: That's okay. And then, you remember you went to a verdict, right? You actually went and --8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: Yes. 9 10 MR. PESCI: -- deliberated? Do you remember instructions being given to you by the Court? 11 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: Yes. 13 MR. PESCI: It was ten years ago. Fair to say you probably don't remember all those instructions? 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: I took really good 16 I still remember. notes. 17 MR. PESCI: But if something pops back into your 18 mind, are you willing to accept the concept that the Court's going to give you the instructions in this case, and those are 19 20 the only instructions you can use? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: For sure. 21 MR. PESCI: Okay, all right. Do you think you could 22 23 be fair to both sides in this case? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: I absolutely can. 24 25 MR. PESCI: All right, thank you very much, ma'am.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 417: You're welcome. 1 2 MR. PESCI: Could we pass the microphone over just one to Mr. Bryan? Your badge number? 3 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 420: 420. 5 MR. PESCI: Thank you very much. Maybe I wrote this 6 wrong. You studied biology, but you're a pilot? 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 420: That's correct. MR. PESCI: All right, how did that work? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 420: Well, when I got close 9 to graduating, I didn't really like my job prospects. So I 10 joined the Navy, and went to the Aviation Officer Candidate 11 School in Pensacola, and became a Navy pilot, and then I got 12 out and became an airline pilot. 13 MR. PESCI: How long were you in the Navy? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 420: About eight years, I 15 16 think, active duty, then another two on reserve. 17 MR. PESCI: Okay. In that time -- and that's part 18 of the reason why I asked. Did you ever have to serve in a 19 court-martial proceeding? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 420: No. 20 MR. PESCI: Okay. So never any experience with a 21 criminal or a court proceeding? 22 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 420: No. MR. PESCI: Okay. All right, thank you very much, 24 25 sir. Can you be fair to both sides?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 420: Yes. 1 MR. PESCI: Thank you very much. Could you pass the 2 microphone over one to Mr. Devargas, and your badge number? 3 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: 429. 5 MR. PESCI: 429, thank you. Sir, you are a photo 6 journalist for the Las Vegas Sun. Are you assigned to a 7 specific -- is it division, or what's the right term? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: It's general news, 9 breaking news. 10 MR. PESCI: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah, I cover all sorts 11 of things from press events, to crime, to various news stories 12 13 throughout the --14 MR. PESCI: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: -- Valley. 15 16 MR. PESCI: That was the point I wanted to focus on, crime stories. Do you ever cover crime stories? 17 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes. MR. PESCI: All right, here in this courthouse? 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes, I have. I've been 20 in the courtroom on several trials --21 22 MR. PESCI: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: -- photographing and 23 documenting what's going on for the court case. 24 MR. PESCI: How long have you been doing this? 25

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Since 2010. 1 2 MR. PESCI: All right. And then, do you recall 3 anything about this case in the news, without any specifics if 4 you do? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: There are some things that -- I mean, this -- you know, the -- yeah, there are --6 7 it's a pretty big case. 8 MR. PESCI: All right. 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah, there are some details that I've worked with -- there's numerous journalists 10 in our company that are covering it already. 11 12 MR. PESCI: Okay. So do you think maybe your company or your newspaper might have covered this particular 13 14 incident? 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: I'm pretty sure they --16 yeah, I know they have. 17 MR. PESCI: Do you know if you were involved in any 18 way, shape, or form in that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: No. I know initially 19 images were supplied, like mugshots, things like that, of the 20 defendants. So I wasn't on the scene --21 22 MR. PESCI: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: -- for this particular 23 24 one. 25 MR. PESCI: That's where I was going next --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah. 1 2 MR. PESCI: -- as far as if you ever went to a And can I interrupt you for just one second? 3 scene. 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes. 5 MR. PESCI: Judge, could we approach? THE COURT: 6 Sure. 7 (Bench conference) MR. PESCI: Judge, I wanted to follow up, but I 8 9 didn't want to do it in front of everybody else. What I'm 10 concerned --Do you want me to excuse them --11 THE COURT: Yeah. MR. PESCI: Yeah. 12 THE COURT: -- and just do it outside the presence? 13 MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you. 14 15 THE COURT: Okay. 16 (End of bench conference) THE COURT: All right. At this time, Mr. Devargas, 17 18 I'm going to ask you to stay in the courtroom. I'm going to 19 excuse the panel for a short recess. During this recess, you're admonished not to talk or 20 converse amongst yourselves or with anyone else on any subject 21 connected with this trial, or read, watch, or listen to any 22 23 report of or commentary on the trial, or any person connected with this trial, by any medium of information, including, 24 without limitation, newspapers, television, the internet, or 25

radio, or form or express any opinion on any subject connected 1 with this trial until the case is finally submitted to you. 2 3 Officer Hawkes will let you know when we're ready, 4 and you can come back in. Thank you very much. 5 THE MARSHAL: Thank you. All rise for the exiting 6 panel. 7 (Outside the presence of the prospective jurors) 8 (Within the presence of Prospective Juror No. 429) THE COURT: Okay. The record will reflect that the 9 hearing is taking place outside the presence of the jury panel 10 with the exception of Christopher Devargas, Badge number 0429. 11 Mr. Pesci, you may continue with your voir dire. 12 MR. PESCI: Thank you, Judge. I was just asking if 13 I should put this in a position, because I felt like I was 14 kind of going in and out sometimes. So where would you like 15 16 me -- want me to just clip it here? 17 THE COURT RECORDER: If it will clip. 18 MR. PESCI: Yeah, not so much. No. We'll try that 19 and see. Just one second, sir. Sorry. 20 (Pause in the proceedings) MR. PESCI: Does that work? Okay, thank you. 21 THE COURT: 22 Thank you. 23 MR. PESCI: May I proceed, Your Honor? THE COURT: Yes, thank you. 24 25 Okay. Sir, I apologize. MR. PESCI:

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah. 1 2 MR. PESCI: We wanted to ask some follow-ups, or I 3 did, and --4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Okay. 5 MR. PESCI: -- some specific answers, we don't 6 necessarily want everyone to hear. 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah, I understand that. 8 MR. PESCI: So that's why. So there's --9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Okay. MR. PESCI: -- nothing you said that was wrong. 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah. 11 12 MR. PESCI: It was just to try to get that. So if I heard you correctly, you saw some photographs associated with 13 this case that you recall? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: 15 Yes. 16 MR. PESCI: But you don't think you had anything to 17 do with it? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: No. I know for a fact I 18 19 wasn't called to be at the scene to take any photos. 20 MR. PESCI: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: I know initially there 21 were photos that were -- they were provided. Usually, if we 22 don't have a photographer to be there on the scene or 23 whatever, Metro will usually send the provided photos to all 24 25 of the news outlets, and that's what happened. I wasn't there

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1 on this particular incident.

MR. PESCI: So if I'm understanding, Metro provided 2 3 to your newspaper --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes. 4 5 MR. PESCI: -- some photographs? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes. 6 7 MR. PESCI: Okay. And then, did you have any interactions with those photographs or stories, if there were 8 9 any, written about this case? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: No, not with the stories 10 directly, but I work in the newsroom with the writers that 11 were writing those stories. 12 MR. PESCI: Okay. 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: So it's -- it's very 14 common for -- you know, to talk about things that are going on 15 16 in the newsroom, especially when it pertains to stuff we could 17 be covering in the next few weeks or ongoing. 18 MR. PESCI: Absolutely, makes sense. That's why 19 we're trying to follow up, right? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah. 20 MR. PESCI: So do you recall if you had any of these 21 types of conversations about this particular case? 22 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: It was quite a few years 24 ago. MR. PESCI: So it's August of 2017. 25

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: 2017. Yeah, I know that 1 was -- I mean, not specifics. I mean, it would -- usually, 2 3 anything that we talk about, I mean, we receive the same kind 4 of statements that the police would put out as far as facts on 5 things that they found; who, what, where, when, why, and all 6 that. 7 MR. PESCI: As you sit here today, any of those facts you recall being exposed to or reading any of those on 8 9 this case? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah, no. I had --10 because, you know, I always have to kind of read what it is 11 that we're doing. There are -- yeah, there are details about 12 allegations and things that were published in the story --13 MR. PESCI: Okay. 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: -- based off of the 16 facts that we were --17 MR. PESCI: Given? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: -- given on our 19 reporting. MR. PESCI: Do you think that would affect your 20 ability in this case? And here's why I'm asking that 21 question: because the only thing you can -- you, if you're a 22 juror --23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Um-hum. 24 MR. PESCI: -- and your fellow jurors, can make a 25

decision on is the testimony that comes from the witness stand 1 2 and the evidence in this case. 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah. 4 MR. PESCI: And so, if you saw, or heard, or were 5 exposed to something else, you have to completely disregard 6 that and only make a decision based on this evidence. 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes, no, I --8 MR. PESCI: Is that something you think you could 9 do? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah, I understand. 10 And also too, with -- you know, with our reporting and everything, 11 12 we don't -- we're not producing opinion pieces on what we 13 think could have happened or what happened. I mean, we report 14 on facts that were provided to us. 15 MR. PESCI: Right. 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: So I'm assuming that a 17 lot of the facts that I'm going to be hearing here are -- you 18 know, they're not opinions on what were -- what was going to It's all basically the facts and details. 19 happen. MR. PESCI: And so, those facts and details, will 20 you be able to disregard those and set those aside, and just 21 22 make your decision based on this case? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah, I'm open to hear 23 from start to finish the facts provided to me to make a 24 decision based off of that. 25

MR. PESCI: All right. And I think you said you 1 2 served in the Army in college? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: I served in the Army 4 when I graduated from high school --5 MR. PESCI: Okay. 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: -- for four years. 7 MR. PESCI: Same question as the other veteran. Did 8 you ever serve in a court-martial in any way? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: No. 10 MR. PESCI: Okay. And Judge, just because everybody's already out, should we turn it over to them to ask 11 12 about the media questions? 13 THE COURT: I want to ask him a couple questions --MR. PESCI: Okay, sorry. 14 THE COURT: -- and I'll see if the defense does. 15 16 You understand, if you're selected to serve on this panel, 17 that you cannot communicate with anyone about the facts and 18 circumstances of this case, including your fellow jurors, until you go back to deliberate upon your verdict? Do you 19 20 understand that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes. I do understand 21 22 that. THE COURT: So if you were to go back to the 23 newsroom or work, you would not be able to talk about this 24 25 case. You understand that?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes, I do understand. 1 THE COURT: You could tell your friends, your fellow 2 3 coworkers, and your family that you were a juror in a criminal 4 case, but you could not tell them anything else about this 5 case. Do you understand that? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes, I do. 7 THE COURT: And you understood -- you understand you 8 can't do any independent research about this case? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes, I do understand that. 10 THE COURT: And we don't have to worry about you 11 doing any of that? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: No. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Sanft, do you have any voir 14 15 dire? 16 MR. SANFT: Yes, Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Go ahead. 18 MR. SANFT: Mr. Devargas, just --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes. 19 MR. SANFT: -- a couple quick questions. 20 What do you recall specifically about what you believe this case is 21 22 about? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: I recall -- I know there 23 was -- there was -- a robbery. I know it had aspects to do 24 with social media. Yeah, the details, I mean, it's -- like I 25

said, it was quite a while ago, a few years ago. I don't know 1 2 the exact details. 3 MR. SANFT: All right. And at the time when you 4 were working as a photo journalist, that was specifically for 5 the Sun? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes. 7 MR. SANFT: And your title at that particular point, were you just one of the beat photo journalists, or did you 8 have a supervisory position over other photo journalists at 9 10 the Sun? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: No, I'm one of the 11 staff. Yeah, I'm not a supervisor position. I'm one of the 12 13 beat photographers. 14 MR. SANFT: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: 15 Yeah. 16 MR. SANFT: And during the time that you have been 17 working for the Sun, did you at any point ever appear in court 18 to take pictures on this case? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Not on this case. 19 MR. SANFT: Okay, but would it be fair to say that 20 it would be one of the things potentially you could have done 21 22 as a beat photographer for --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Oh, yeah. Yeah, and 23 I've done it for other cases; arraignments, and hearings, and 24 other cases like that, I have. 25

MR. SANFT: Okay, I have no further questions. 1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Okay. 2 3 MR. SANFT: Thank you, Your Honor. 4 THE COURT: Mr. Ruggeroli? 5 MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you, Judge. Good afternoon, 6 Mr. Devargas. Right now, assuming that nobody else has the 7 experience and had the opportunity to view the materials that 8 you're talking about --9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Um-hum. MR. RUGGEROLI: -- you would agree that you are very 10 11 much in a different position than every single other prospective juror on this panel, correct? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: I would say a slight --13 14 yeah, a slight difference. 15 MR. RUGGEROLI: Because you're familiar, at least 16 generally speaking, with specific information that was 17 provided from Metro to your news organization, correct? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes, but only 18 information that was also published to the public. So what I 19 saw and what was reported on is the same thing that anybody 20 reading the newspaper would have seen --21 MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay. 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: -- or read. 23 MR. RUGGEROLI: And I'm glad you're going to clarify 24 that, if you wouldn't mind. Are there things that you might 25

have seen from Metro that got filtered by an editor or some 1 2 other person within a news organization that did not make it 3 into what was provided to the general public in the papers? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: No, nothing that I have 5 -- I've seen. 6 MR. RUGGEROLI: But you are familiar with some 7 specifics that you did learn on the job? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes. 8 MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay. These photographs that you 9 said that you saw, you viewed -- what are they, like pool 10 photos? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah, usually the same 12 thing -- they'll -- booking photos. Yeah, usually -- I 13 believe, on these ones, I think that's all we really had were 14 bookings of the defendants. Booking images. 15 16 MR. RUGGEROLI: And you also mentioned social media. 17 So you have some understanding of some information regarding 18 that as well? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah, of the overall 19 20 story of what was involved. MR. RUGGEROLI: So it is fair to say that, coming 21 into this case, you've already got some understanding about 22 the allegations in the case? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Like I said, it would be 24 as much as anybody who read the stories that we put on. 25 It's

just, I have a little more exposure to it because I'm surrounded by the people that write those stories, and we talk about what we're doing from day to day, and it might be something that I might have to jump in and cover on. So I -we all are kind of up to speed on what -- what's going on throughout the week.

7 MR. RUGGEROLI: You mentioned that this, to you, is 8 not a subject of opinion; it was more a fact-based 9 presentation or article?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah. It was basically 10 going off the police report; going off any briefings that 11 Metro might have done to update. I don't even remember how 12 long we covered this for. I know there was at least maybe two 13 or three, and we had two or three different stories published 14 on it, at least two different reporters that currently 15 actually aren't with the Sun anymore, but. So it's something 16 we talked about, along with other outlets in the city. 17

18 MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay. When you say "we," does that 19 include you?

20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: I say "we" as the 21 organization of the Las Vegas Sun.

MR. RUGGEROLI: And would you agree that, when you say "we," it could be applied to -- you would agree that you feel that the facts that were presented by your corporation, the company, the "we" would stand behind the truth of those

1 facts?

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2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah, I mean, I'd like
3 to say we are an honest -- yeah, honest news organization that
4 sticks to the code of journalism.

5 MR. RUGGEROLI: Would you also agree with me then 6 that the whole point of this trial though is very different, 7 because you would be asked to set aside everything you've 8 already professionally adopted as fact --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah.

10 MR. RUGGEROLI: -- in order to re-judge what you've 11 already personally, as an employee, made a commitment to 12 standing behind? Do you understand my concern?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes, no, I do understand your concern there.

MR. RUGGEROLI: If you were Mr. Wheeler, would you be comfortable having 12 people like you sitting in judgment of you on this trial?

18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: No, yeah, I could 19 understand the concern, and wondering if I'm coming in here 20 with already a predetermined, you know --

MR. RUGGEROLI: About the facts?

22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: -- opinion about the 23 facts and everything.

MR. RUGGEROLI: Right.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah.

1 MR. RUGGEROLI: Do you think that you'd be better 2 served on a civil jury or something that isn't -- something 3 that really came within your proximity in this particular 4 unique position that you have?

5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: No, I mean, like I said, 6 I understand the concern, and I understand where there are --7 there could be a potential for a conflict of interest, as you 8 see it.

9 MR. RUGGEROLI: Let me ask you this. Some of the information that you might remember at a later point during 10 this trial might not be admissible evidence in the trial. And 11 because of that, do you think that you can commit to being 12 able to say, I won't -- I will block everything out of my 13 head, even if I realize it during the trial that, oh my gosh, 14 there's this fact, and now we're deliberating, and it wasn't 15 16 brought up, and you know, somebody's saying something from the 17 stand, but I remember that that wasn't what was stated based 18 on the materials that were in the paper?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yeah. Like I said, I could understand your concern, but I'm -- I can say, you know, that I -- I will stick to the facts and stay with whatever is presented here in this courtroom. I know from here is where everything kind of starts as far as presentation of fact and development of opinion on this.

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MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you, Judge. I have no

1 questions right now.

THE COURT: Okay. We can bring the panel back in. 2 3 MR. PESCI: Judge, I apologize. Can I just jump in 4 really fast before we do that? 5 THE COURT: Yeah, absolutely. 6 MR. PESCI: There was one of the jurors that I 7 wanted to ask questions about that I think would be better outside the presence of everybody else. So when this 8 gentleman steps out, can I --9 THE COURT: 10 Sure. MR. PESCI: -- can I ask about that? 11 12 THE COURT: Sure. Mr. Devargas, if you just don't 13 mind going outside --Sure. 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: 15 THE COURT: -- and joining your other jurors. Ι just ask that you don't discuss with your fellow jurors 16 17 anything that we've discussed in here, and if anyone insists on speaking to you about what we talked about outside their 18 19 presence, can you please make that fact known to me by 20 contacting the Marshal immediately? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 429: Yes, absolutely. 21 THE COURT: Thank you, and thank you very much for 22 being here and answering our questions. If you don't mind 23 stepping out, Officer Hawkes will let you know when we are 24 25 readv. Who --

MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, prior to the next witness, 1 2 may I make a record?

3 (Outside the presence of Prospective Juror No. 429) Okay. The record will reflect that Mr. 4 THE COURT: 5 Devargas has left the courtroom, and this hearing is 6 continuing to take place outside the presence of the jury 7 panel.

Thank you, Your Honor. If I may, I 8 MR. RUGGEROLI: don't know logistically if this would be the time to move to 9 strike for cause. I would like --10

THE COURT: Go ahead.

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MR. RUGGEROLI: -- to address that. Thank you, Your 12 Honor. Judge, he certainly did not say, "I can't be fair." 13 He definitely said that he will do everything he can to follow 14 the law and put the information that he has received on the 15 side. But Judge, I think this is a unique situation where 16 we've got an individual that has special access. And although 17 18 he believes right now that everything he saw was just what was already put in the paper, I think it's very possible that the 19 pool photos were not all included, and that he would have had 20 access to things that puts him in a --21

22 THE COURT: He doesn't even appear to me to have a 23 good grasp of the facts in this matter. ~ 1

24	MR.	RUGGEROI	JI:	wei.	L, We	e alc	in't ç	jo -			
25	THE	COURT:	I	mean,	I'm	not	sure	he	actually	does	

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MR. RUGGEROLI: Yeah. 1 2 THE COURT: -- recall anything. 3 MR. RUGGEROLI: I didn't want to ask him 4 specifically, you know, did you -- do you know that there are other allegations of other unrelated cases. So we didn't go 5 6 into specifics intentionally. 7 THE COURT: Yeah, but he was asked, and he didn't 8 give a lot of information about what he knew. I'm not 9 convinced he even knows anything about this case. MR. RUGGEROLI: Yeah. So I'd just move to strike 10 him for cause. I don't think, given this special knowledge, 11 he's similarly situated. And because of the uniqueness of 12 having access to information that I would say I don't think 13 the general public has, he should not be a part of this jury, 14 and I've made my record then, Judge. 15 16 MR. PESCI: Judge, he repeatedly said that he doesn't remember anything specific. He kept talking about 17 18 specifics; he doesn't remember that. He says that he doesn't know any more than anybody else who reads the newspaper, and 19 he has unequivocally told Your Honor that he will make his 20 decision based on the evidence in this case and not something 21 that he might have heard or saw before, so we object. 22 THE COURT: Mr. Sanft, I just wonder if you want to 23 join in, or if you have a position. 24

MR. SANFT: I'll join in with Mr. Ruggeroli on this

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1 issue. But just for the record, I did ask him specifically as 2 to what he recalled specifically on this case, and the answer 3 he gave was -- could have applied in any case; that it was 4 something to do with a robbery and there was social media 5 involved.

> THE COURT: Right. MR. SANFT: I mean --

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And that's about the gist of what I got. 8 THE COURT: Right. So I don't know necessarily if 9 MR. SANFT: he would have been -- if he had specific information on this 10 case. My concern was -- initially was that somehow he called 11 12 back and said, hey, can you run this name or that name of these individuals that were here, and found out some 13 information from his friends over at the Sun, and then had 14 15 that information in his head, but I don't know if he did or 16 not.

I just think, out of an abundance of caution -- and 17 18 the reason why I'm joining with Mr. Ruggeroli is because of 19 the fact that he does have access that other people necessarily wouldn't necessarily have with regards to details 20 of stuff that they did during the course of their 21 investigation, or maybe made court appearances where they were 22 here. I don't remember the media being here for any of those, 23 but that would be the reason why I would join in with Mr. 24 25 Ruggeroli on this issue.

THE COURT: Okay. At this time, I'm going to deny 1 the challenge for cause. Who is the next person you want to 2 3 bring in? 4 MR. PESCI: Judge, I was going to ask your opinion. 5 477, Mr. Bandics, he said at one point that he thought he 6 might have seen the defendants before, and I just don't know 7 where on earth that could go. 8 THE COURT: Okay. MR. PESCI: And so I thought it might not be good to 9 do that in front of everybody. 10 THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Bandics. 11 MR. PESCI: I don't know defense counsel's position. 12 13 MR. SANFT: We would agree with that, Your Honor, and ask for the same thing as well. 14 15 THE COURT: Okay. Will you bring in Mr. Bandics? 16 And he is Badge number 0477, Cavan Bandics. 17 (Within the presence of Prospective Juror No. 477) 18 THE MARSHAL: You can just go straight ahead to the 19 podium. THE COURT: Okay. The record will reflect that Mr. 20 Cavan Bandics -- you can go right there to the podium -- is 21 present in the courtroom, and that this hearing is taking 22 place outside the presence of the other jurors. 23 Mr. Bandics, you indicated to me when I was 24 questioning you earlier that you may recognize one or both of 25

the defendants? 1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yes, that's correct. 2 3 THE COURT: Okay. Do you recognize one; do you 4 recognize both? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: I think both. 6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yeah. THE COURT: And where do you think you recognize 8 9 them from? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: I think school. 10 11 THE COURT: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: I went to Foothill High 12 13 School. THE COURT: Okay. And you believe that they both 14 15 attended your high school? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yeah, I think so. Yeah. 17 THE COURT: Okay, but you're not really sure? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yeah, because, I mean, there's a lot of kids, so I don't remember everyone. 19 THE COURT: Sure, like thousands, probably --20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yeah. 21 THE COURT: -- right? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yeah. 23 THE COURT: Okay. When did you graduate? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: I'm 23 right now, and I 25

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1 graduated when I was 18, so. 2 THE COURT: Do you remember what year? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: 2014, I think. 3 THE COURT: 2014? Okay, but even if it was true 4 5 that you recognize one or both from being in your high school, 6 would that affect your ability in any way to be a fair and 7 impartial juror? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: No, I don't think it 8 would. 9 10 THE COURT: Okay. Do you ever remember talking to either one of them, or having a class with either one of them? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: No, I don't think so. 12 13 THE COURT: Okay. Does the State have any follow 14 up? 15 MR. PESCI: No, thank you. 16 THE COURT: Mr. Sanft? 17 MR. SANFT: Just one question, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: You bet. 19 MR. SANFT: Sir, what -- what is it that makes you 20 think that you recognize my client, Mr. Robertson, who's over here to the left? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Just their faces. Just 22 23 feel like I've seen them before. 24 MR. SANFT: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: That's the only thing. 25

MR. SANFT: All right. Anything -- like, anything 1 2 that stands out in terms of extracurricular activities, or 3 classes, or anything like that that may trigger this in your 4 head? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: I mean, no, I wasn't 6 much into extracurricular, so the only thing I could think of 7 is school. MR. SANFT: Okay, thank you. No further questions, 8 Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Mr. Ruggeroli? 10 MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you, Judge. Just briefly. 11 Mr. Bandics? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yeah. 13 MR. RUGGEROLI: Was that experience -- would that 14 have been limited to high school, or you think you may have 15 16 seen my client, Mr. Wheeler, at some point after high school? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: I mean, maybe, because 18 I've lived here all my life. So, I mean, this -- in a way, this town's kind of small in the sense that, I mean, I --19 20 sometimes I see other high school kids all the time just around the city just randomly, so. 21 MR. RUGGEROLI: What part of town, if you wouldn't 22 mind telling me major cross-streets, would you say? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: I mean --24 THE COURT: What part of town do you live in, is 25

1 what I think he's asking. 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: I live in Henderson 3 right now. 4 MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay. 5 THE COURT: Okay. MR. RUGGEROLI: You're just trying to be helpful, 6 7 "Hey, I might know these gentlemen or --8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yeah. MR. RUGGEROLI: -- one or the other"; is that right? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yes. 10 MR. RUGGEROLI: But there's nothing in terms of a 11 memory that you have that's either a really positive memory or 12 really negative memory specifically? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: No, just --14 15 MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: -- nervous. 16 17 MR. RUGGEROLI: You're just trying to be helpful, "I 18 might know them"? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yeah. 19 20 MR. RUGGEROLI: But you also may be mistaken? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yeah. 21 MR. RUGGEROLI: 22 Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: I could be, because --23 MR. RUGGEROLI: 24 Okay. 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yeah, I'd say.

Thank you, Judge. I have nothing 1 MR. RUGGEROLI: 2 further. 3 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Bandics, thank you very much. 4 If you don't mind stepping outside. 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Okay. (Outside the presence of Prospective Juror No. 477) 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. The record will reflect that Mr. 8 Bandics has left the courtroom. Any objection to him 9 continuing with us? MR. PESCI: Not from the State. 10 MR. SANFT: No, Your Honor. 11 12 MR. RUGGEROLI: No, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. It's 5:00 o'clock, so what I 13 14 think I'll do is we'll bring the panel back in, and there's some I'm going to excuse for the evening and -- so we can --15 16 we can start at 8:30? 17 MR. SANFT: Yes, Your Honor. 18 MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes, Your Honor, I'm --19 THE COURT: Really? Everybody will be okay? 20 MR. RUGGEROLI: My cases are being covered, so I should be here at 8:30, Judge. 21 THE COURT: Okay. 22 23 MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you. 24 THE COURT: No, that's awesome. Okay. 25 THE MARSHAL: Do you want me to read them the

admonishment in the hallway, or --1 2 THE COURT: Well, no, I was just going to have you 3 bring them all in --THE MARSHAL: Okay. 4 5 THE COURT: -- because I'm going to read names, I'm 6 going to -- I won't make them come back tomorrow. 7 (Pause in the proceedings) THE MARSHAL: All rise for the entering jury, 8 9 please. Jurors. (Within the presence of the prospective jurors) 10 THE COURT: State stipulates to the presence of the 11 12 panel? 13 MR. PESCI: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: And the defense? 14 MR. SANFT: Yes, Your Honor. 15 16 THE COURT: Mr. Ruggeroli? 17 MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes, Your Honor. 18 THE MARSHAL: Please be seated. THE COURT: Thank you. Thank you very much. 19 At this time, ladies and gentlemen, we are going to conclude for 20 the evening. I just need to give you further instructions so 21 22 you'll know what to do tomorrow. 23 I'm going to ask, unless I call your name -- I'm going to read a list of names. Unless I call your name, you 24 need to be here tomorrow morning at 8:30. You can come 25

straight up to the 14th floor, at which time, Officer Hawkes
will greet you, and he will bring you in for us to continue
with our voir dire.

I'm going to read some names. If your name is read,
if you just don't mind staying after I excuse the panel. Ana
Carias, Samantha Levine, Sang Lee, Austin Pan, Francis Gamboa,
Dennis Rorabaugh, Kristine Gallardo, Sophie Champion, Luis
Ovalles, Dawn Nerdin, Selene Moreno, Joseph Campling, Valerie
Musial, Drew McCarthy, and Priscilla Schonacher. Other than
that, we will be in recess until tomorrow morning at 8:30.

During this recess, you're admonished not to talk or 11 converse amongst yourselves or with anyone else on any subject 12 connected with this trial, or read, watch, or listen to any 13 report of or commentary on the trial, or any person connected 14 with this trial, by any medium of information, including, 15 16 without limitation, newspapers, television, the internet, or radio, or form or express any opinion on any subject connected 17 18 with this trial until the case is finally submitted to you.

19 Thank you very much, and we're in recess.

20 THE MARSHAL: Thank you. All rise for the exiting 21 jury, please. Jurors.

22THE COURT: Officer Hawkes, you have the microphone?23THE MARSHAL: Yes, ma'am.

24 THE COURT: Okay.

25

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 596: Excuse me, Judge. If

your name was called, what do you do? 1 2 THE COURT: Just hang out here --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 596: Okay. 3 4 THE COURT: -- just for a moment. 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 596: If your name wasn't 6 called, you got to be here tomorrow? 7 THE COURT: That's correct; I called your name 8 though. (Outside the presence of the prospective jurors) 9 THE COURT: All right. At this time, Ana Carias, 10 you're excused. Okay. Samantha Levine, you're excused. Mr. 11 Lee, Sang Lee, you're excused. Austin Pan, you're excused. 12 13 Francis Gamboa, you're excused. Dennis Rorabaugh, you're excused. Kristine Gallardo? Kristine Gallardo, you're 14 excused. Sophie Champion, you're excused. Luis Ovalles? 15 16 Luis Ovalles, you're excused. Dawn Nerdin? Ms. Nerdin, 17 you're excused. 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 538: Thank you. THE COURT: Selene Moreno, you're excused. 19 Joseph Campling? Joseph Campling, you're excused. Valerie Musial, 20 you're excused. Mr. McCarthy, you're excused. 21 And 22 Priscilla --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 597: Schonacher. 23 THE COURT: Schonacher. Sorry, I had a hard time --24 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 597: No, you're fine

1 (indiscernible). 2 THE COURT: -- reading my own handwriting. Thank 3 you. 4 (Pause in the proceedings) 5 MR. BROOKS: Your Honor? 6 THE COURT: See you tomorrow morning. 7 MR. BROOKS: Judge? 8 THE COURT: Yeah, yeah. MR. BROOKS: Did you write the absent note for the 9 10 lady who has an exam tomorrow? THE COURT: I mean, I'm -- she didn't stay. I'm 11 happy to do it. Will you go out and ask Hawkes? Hawkes? 12 THE MARSHAL: Yes, ma'am. 13 THE COURT: Remember there was that juror that had 14 an exam tomorrow and she wondered if I would give her an 15 16 excuse? 17 THE MARSHAL: Oh, she's long gone. She didn't even 18 say anything. THE COURT: Okay. Well, we just have to remember 19 20 tomorrow if she --THE MARSHAL: Yes, ma'am. 21 THE COURT: -- needs something so I can provide that 22 23 to her. THE MARSHAL: I'll remind Pam in the morning. 24 25 THE COURT: Okay, thank you.

(Court recessed at 5:06 P.M., until Wednesday,

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February 12, 2020, at 9:15 A.M.)

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ATTEST: I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/visual proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

Julie Gord

JULIE LORD, TRANSCRIBER VERBATIM DIGITAL REPORTING, LLC

C-17-328587-3

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	February 11, 2020
C-17-328587-3	State of Neva vs Davontae Wh		
February 11, 202	20 10:30 AM	Jackson v Denno Hearing	
HEARD BY:	Leavitt, Michelle	COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D	
COURT CLERK	Pannullo, Haly		
RECORDER:	Richardson, Sara		
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRES	ENT:		
Davontae Amarri Wheeler		Defendant	
Giancarlo Pesci		Attorney for Plaintiff	
James J. Ruggeroli		Attorney for Defendant	
Parker Brooks		Attorney for Plaintiff	
State of Nevada		Plaintiff	
		JOURNAL ENTRIES	
Dortion invoked t	ha avalusionan <i>u</i> rula		

Parties invoked the exclusionary rule. COURT SO ORDERED.

Ryan Jaeger SWORN and TESTIFIED. State submitted. Mr. Ruggeroli argued in support of the Defendant's Motion to Supress. COURT FINDS the Defendant's statement was made freely and voluntarily and ORDERED, Motion DENIED; Defense can continue to argue this matter in front of the Jury Panel.

CUSTODY

ELECTRONICALLY SERVED 8/4/2020 8:46 AM

8/4/2020 8:	
TRAN	
CLARK CO	RICT COURT OUNTY, NEVADA * * * *
THE STATE OF NEVADA,)
Plaintiff,) CASE NO. C-17-328587-3) DEPT NO. XII
vs.)
DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER,	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
Defendant.)
	LLE LEAVITT, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE EBRUARY 11, 2020
	N V DENNO HEARING
APPEARANCES:	
FOR THE STATE:	GIANCARLO PESCI, ESQ.
	Chief Deputy District Attorney PARKER P. BROOKS, ESQ. Deputy District Attorney
FOR DEFENDANT WHEELER:	JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ.
FOR DEFENDANT ROBERTSON:	MICHAEL W. SANFT, ESQ.
RECORDED BY: SARA RICHARDSON TRANSCRIBED BY: JD REPORTING	
	1

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11

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JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 LAS VEGAS, CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA, FEBRUARY 11, 2020, 10:43 A.M. 1 2 3 THE COURT: State of Nevada versus Davontae Wheeler, 4 C328587. 5 (Pause in the proceedings.) THE COURT: And Mr. Wheeler is present. He's in 6 7 custody. 8 Good morning. 9 THE DEFENDANT: Good morning to you. 10 THE COURT: And will the attorneys make their 11 appearances. 12 MR. PESCI: Giancarlo Pesci. MR. BROOKS: Parker Brooks. 13 MR. PESCI: On behalf of the State. 14 15 MR. RUGGEROLI: Good morning, Your Honor. James Ruggeroli, Bar Number 7891, on behalf of Mr. Wheeler. 16 17 THE COURT: Okay. And all are ready to go? 18 MR. PESCI: Yes, Your Honor. MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes, Judge. 19 20 THE COURT: Okay. Is the State ready to call their 21 first witness? 22 MR. PESCI: Yes, Judge. 23 Okay. Go ahead. THE COURT: 24 MR. BROOKS: Your Honor, the State calls Detective 25 Ryan Jaeger.

JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 MR. RUGGEROLI: And, Judge, I don't see anybody, but 1 2 I did invoke the exclusionary rule, please. 3 THE COURT: Okay. Are there any -- any other 4 witnesses in the courtroom? 5 (No audible response.) 6 THE COURT: Okay. I'm assuming -- is there any 7 other -- are there any other detectives that will testify? 8 MR. PESCI: No. 9 THE COURT: Just this one? 10 MR. PESCI: Correct. 11 THE COURT: Okay. MR. PESCI: I don't know as far as these witnesses if 12 13 the defense is intending on calling them, and so we're invoking 14 the exclusionary rule. 15 THE COURT: Will you just check and make sure --16 MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes. 17 THE COURT: -- none of your witnesses are here. MR. RUGGEROLI: None on behalf of Mr. Wheeler, and I 18 19 don't intend to call any of those witnesses for this hearing. 20 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. MR. PESCI: Well, wait a second, Judge. If they're 21 22 intending on being called at all, the State would ask them to 23 be removed. MR. RUGGEROLI: I'm not intending on calling them at 24 25 all. I don't know who any of them are. JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 Okay. All right. Go ahead. You can 1 THE COURT: 2 swear the witness. RYAN JAEGER 3 [having been called as a witness and being first duly sworn, 4 testified as follows:] 5 THE CLERK: You may be seated. Please state and 6 7 spell your first and last name for the record. 8 THE WITNESS: My first name is Ryan, R-y-a-n; last 9 name of Jaeger, J-a-e-g-e-r. 10 THE COURT: Go ahead. DIRECT EXAMINATION 11 12 BY MR. BROOKS: 13 Detective, how are you employed? 0 14 Α Currently I'm employed as a detective with the Las 15 Vegas Metropolitan Police Department assigned to the homicide 16 section. 17 How long have you been with homicide? Q 18 I've been with homicide just over three years. Α 19 0 I want to turn your attention to August 15th, 2017. 20 Were you working that day? 21 А I was. 22 Do you recall an interview that brings us here to Q 23 court for this hearing today? 24 А I do. 25 Q Is that interview in reference to LVMPD Event Number JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 170809-0029? 1 2 Α It was. 3 THE COURT: Okay. I just want the record to reflect 4 that Mr. Sanft is present in the courtroom now as well. Okay. 5 We just started. 6 MR. SANFT: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you. 7 THE COURT: Thank you. 8 BY MR. BROOKS: 9 Detective, if you could just briefly give me some of Q 10 the background on the investigation as we got to the point of 11 the interview that brings us here today. 12 We had a homicide and a robbery that occurred at 5536 Α 13 Dewey Avenue. There was an individual checking his mail and was shot and killed inside of -- in front of his residence. 14 15 And was that on August 9th, 2017? 0 16 Α It was. So the interview we're discussing on August 15, 2017, 17 Q 18 that's a few days later? That's correct. 19 Α 20 Have you been working the case and investigating up 0 21 to this point? 22 Α Yes. 23 Is it one suspect in this case, or were there Ο 24 multiple? 25 There was multiple. Α JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 Do you recognize someone here in court today that you 1 0 2 came in contact with on August 15th? 3 Α I do. Could you point to him and identify an article of 4 0 5 clothing he's wearing. Davontae Wheeler. He's got the long-sleeve white 6 Α 7 button-up shirt and black slacks and black dress shoes. 8 MR. BROOKS: Your Honor, let the record reflect 9 identification of the defendant. 10 THE COURT: So reflected. BY MR. BROOKS: 11 12 So, Detective, was Mr. Wheeler one of the last people 0 13 taken into custody on this event? 14 Α He was. 15 I want to now turn to your interaction with 0 16 Mr. Wheeler. How does it start? 17 Mr. Wheeler is brought to the LVMPD headquarters to Α 18 the interview rooms, and the first time I meet him is in one of 19 the interview suites at headquarters. 20 Could you give us a description on what, like, one of Q 21 those interview suites looks like. 22 It's a small office. It's got a table. The table is Α 23 bolted to the floor. There's -- on the table there's metal 24 hooks to where we can handcuff the people we're interviewing to 25 the metal hooks. It's kind of a small room, a little bit JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 bigger than a closet. 1 2 Was Mr. Wheeler in custody? Q 3 Α Yes, he was. Was he handcuffed? 4 Q 5 Α Yes, he was. 6 Do you recall what time you met Mr. Wheeler in that 0 7 room? I believe around 6:30 in the afternoon. 8 Α 9 Would 5:22 p.m. sound correct? Q 10 Α That's it. 11 Who else was in the interview room? Q 12 Detective Hoffman. Α 13 And later on during the course of the interview does 0 14 someone else come in? 15 А Detective Dosch comes in. 16 Is it you who speaks primarily during this? Q 17 Yes. Α 18 Are you in it the whole time? Q 19 А Yes. 20 So when you first start, do you give kind of like an 0 introduction of yourself and get some details from 21 22 Mr. Wheeler --23 Α Yes. 24 -- identifying who he is? Q 25 First I want to know who I'm talking to, and then I Α JD Reporting, Inc.

	C-17-328587-3 State v. Wheeler 2020-02-11	
1	let I introduced myself so he knows who I'm speaking with or	
2	who he's speaking with.	
3	Q After you do that, do you do something else?	
4	A I advised him of his rights.	
5	Q In this particular case, do you remember how you did	
6	that?	
· 7	A I kind of asked him if he knew what his rights were.	
8	It's kind of an icebreaker. A lot of people watch TV, and they	
9	see it on TV, and everyone kind of has an idea of what their	
10	rights are. I asked him if he knew what his rights were, and	
11	then I pulled out our rights advisement card, and I advised him	
12	his rights right off the card.	
13	Q When you asked him if he knows his rights, does he	
14	recite to you?	
15	A He was pretty close, yes.	
16	Q Pretty close?	
17	A Yes.	
18	Q And then even after he recites Miranda rights almost	
19	verbatim, do you read them off a card?	
20	A Yes. To make it official, I read it right off the	
21	card.	
22	Q Does he indicate he understands?	
23	A Yes.	
24	Q At that point in time does he speak with you?	
25	A Yes.	
	TD Deporting Inc	
	JD Reporting, Inc. 9	

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11

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	С	-17-328587-3 State v. Wheeler 2020-02-11
1	Q	What's the initial part of this discussion about?
2	А	The initial part of the discussion is I'm telling him
3	that I'm o	doing an investigation about a group of four
4	individua	ls that were seen with handguns at a gas station.
5	, Q	Do you show him anything?
6	А	We have pictures from the surveillance footage from
7	the gas st	tation that we show him.
8	Q	How does that conversation go?
9	A	I asked him if he recognizes anyone in the pictures,
10	and we go	through the pictures. I even ask him if he
11	recognizes	s this good looking guy here, and he says he does not.
12	Q	And "this good looking guy here" in the pictures, is
13	he picture	ed in that surveillance photo?
14	А	Yes.
15	Q	But he refused to recognize himself?
16	А	Yes.
17	Q	For the entirety of the 2 hours and 39 minutes?
18	А	Yes.
19	Q	And during I want to split the interview up into
20	three part	ts, okay. So like the first part, second part and the
21	last part	that Detective Dosch speaks more than you. Is that
22	okay?	
23	A	That's fine.
24	Q	That first part, that 54 minutes, who spends most of
25	that time	talking? Is it you, or is it Mr. Wheeler?
		JD Reporting, Inc.
•	•	10

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 1 I would say it's me. Α And is Mr. Wheeler engaged with you? 2 Q 3 Α Yes, very much so. And during that entire first portion of this 4 0 5 interview, what's his story, and what's his relating of events 6 to you? 7 His relation of the events is he's picked up at his А 8 house by some people that he met off of Facebook, and he wants to negotiate buying a handgun from them. He needs change to 9 10 purchase the handgun. So he initially tries to go to a 11 7-Eleven to get the change, but the cops are at that 7-Eleven. 12 So they drive to another gas station that's about 15 minutes 13 away. He's not sure what that gas station is. The deal kind of falls apart. They can't agree on a price for the handgun. 14 15 So he gets out of the vehicle and takes a bus home. Now, during that first part of the discussion with 16 Q 17 you, is it fair to say that initially he says he doesn't own a 18 qun? 19 That's correct. Α 20 Then later on he admits he lies, and he does own a Q 21 gun? 22 That's correct. Α MR. RUGGEROLI: And, Judge, I'm going to admit (sic) 23 24 to the term "lie." 25 THE COURT: Overruled. JD Reporting, Inc.

11

	C-17-328587-3 State v. Wheeler 2020-02-11		
1	BY MR. BROOKS:		
2	Q Sometimes throughout that first session, isn't it		
3	even Mr. Wheeler who uses the word "lie"?		
4	A Yes.		
5	Q And apologizes to you for lying?		
6	A Yes.		
7	Q But once he admits that he actually owns a gun, does		
8	he tell you what caliber that is?		
9	A He first tells me that it's either a 9 or a 40.		
10	Q But specifically do you ask him about a different		
11	caliber?		
12	A Ido.		
13	Q What caliber was that?		
14	A I asked him about at the crime scene we found $.45$		
15	caliber spent cartridge cases. So I asked him about a .45		
16	caliber.		
17	Q And what's his response to that?		
18	A That he doesn't have one.		
19	Q Do you ask him questions about his Facebook account?		
20	A Ido.		
21	Q Do you ask him what his name is on Facebook.		
22	A He first says that his name is his name, Davontae		
23	Wheeler.		
24	Q During this do you also ask him if he has a street		
25	name and use other words for others?		
	JD Reporting, Inc.		
	12		

		C-17-328587-3 State v. Wheeler 2020-02-11
1	А	I do. I asked him about the street name Saatchi
2	[phoneti	.c].
3	Q	Initially does he acknowledge that's his name?
4	A	He denies that's his name.
5	Q	Why were you asking him about the name Saatchi?
6	A	There was a Facebook account that we discovered in
7	the inve	estigation that went under that name, that his picture
8	was h	is face was on.
9	Q	Subsequently do you do a search warrant to Facebook?
10	A	That's correct.
11	Q	Do you find out that is Davontae Wheeler's name on
12	Facebook	:?
13	A	Yes.
14	Q	But at that point in time he's not admitting to that?
15	A	That's correct.
16	Q	Is initially, in this first section, is
17	Mr. Whee	eler acknowledging any of the other three men in the
18	photogra	ph?
19	A	He knows one of the men as DJ wearing the green
20	shirt, a	and that was the person he was negotiating the purchase
21	of the handgun with.	
22	Q	Did you know that person to be Demario [phonetic]?
23	А	I did.
24	Q	Loftin [phonetic] Robinson?
25	A	I did.
		JD Reporting, Inc.
		13

	C-17-328587-3 State v. Wheeler 2020-02-11
1	Q Did you ask him if he knows DJ's younger brother?
2	A I did.
3	Q Does he say he does?
4	A At first he denies knowing DJ's younger brother.
5	Q Do you ask him who the other person pictured in all
6	black is?
7	A Ido.
8	Q Does he acknowledge knowing who that is initially?
9	A Not at first.
10	Q And that all black person, did you know that to be
11	Raekwon Robertson?
12	A Well, he was wearing all black, yes. That was
13	Raekwon.
14	Q So after this, let's that first 54 minutes, do you
15	leave the room?
16	A We gave him a break because it's an hour. So then I
17	leave the room.
18	Q You leave the room for how long? Do you know?
19	A Roughly 10 minutes.
20	Q Would from 6:15p.m. to 6:30 p.m. sound about right?
21	A That would be about right.
22	Q During that first portion of the transcript before
23	you leave the room, I actually wanted to ask you two more
24	questions. Do you recall whether Mr. Wheeler mentioned whether
25	he was a good student or an honor roll student?
	JD Reporting, Inc.
	14

	C-17-328587-3 State v. Wheeler 2020-02-11	
1	A He did.	
2	Q So he at one point claimed he was an honor roll	
3	student?	
4	A Yes.	
5	Q And is he engaging and rather eloquent during the	
6	period of time?	
7	A Oh, very much so.	
8	Q I want to talk to you will you tell me what the	
9	difference between, like, monster versus mistake is.	
10	A So a theme that you use during an interview is you	
11	try to describe someone as a hideous, absolute monster, some	
12	cold-blooded killer that is just out to kill someone to feel	
13	what it feels like just for the satisfaction of killing	
14	someone.	
15	And then you go and you kind of minimize the monster,	
16	and you go into a theme of the reason that pencils have erasers	
17	is to fix mistakes. Mistakes are always different than someone	
18	just being a cold-blooded killer.	
19	Q And is this an investigation technique that you use?	
20	A Yes.	
21	Q Did you use it during this first portion of the	
22	interview?	
23	A I did.	
24	Q At times does Mr. Wheeler accept and start using your	
25	verbiage, like monster?	
	JD Reporting, Inc.	
	15	

	C -	17-328587-3 State v. Wheeler 2020-02-11
1	A	He does.
2	Q	But still does he admit having to do anything with
3	this photo	or this incident?
4	A	He does not.
5	Q	When you first use the word murder that you're
6	investigat	ing, do you recall Mr. Wheeler, how he transitions?
7	A	He was shocked by that term, and he was physically
8	drawn, lik	e kind of recoiled back to where he understood the
9	seriousnes	s of the conversation.
10	Q	Now, during that second portion of the interview, you
11	leave and	come back in after 15 minutes. Do you have a
12	different	tone?
13	A	I do.
14	Q	Why and what for?
15	A	A little bit more aggressive because, the first way,
16	it's just	not working.
17	Q.	And so that first 54 minutes, do you kind of let
18	Mr. Wheele	r just talk and tell his story?
19	A	Yes.
20	Q.	And you don't really confront him too much?
21	A	No.
22	Q	That second portion when you come back in, do you, as
23	soon as he	starts talking about a story, start confronting him
24	with three or four facts that you're aware of?	
25	А	Yes.
		JD Reporting, Inc.
		16

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	C-17-328587-3 State v. Wheeler 2020-02-11
1	Q All right. And why? What are you doing?
2	A The reason that we do that is we want him to know
3	that there's some questions that we know the answers to, and
4	there's others that we don't. If I can't trust his answer on
5	something that I know the answer to as far as what he goes by
6	on Facebook and who his friends are, how am I supposed to trust
7	his answer on a question I don't know the answer to? So we hit
8	him with the facts that we know and the answers that he's
9	giving.
10	Q The clothing that you had already found at the house?
11	A That's correct.
12	Q Some of the people that you had already spoken to?
13	A That's correct.
14	Q Does Mr. Wheeler continue to not recognize himself in
15	the surveillance footage?
16	A That's correct.
17	Q Does he continue to not recognize or know the other
18	people involved?
19	A Other than DJ.
20	Q Does he insist he's never discharged his gun?
21	A At first, yes.
22	Q And so during that second portion, do you ever coerce
23	him in to admitting to this murder?
24	A No.
25	MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, I'm going to object to
	JD Reporting, Inc.
•	17

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 "coerce" as a legal conclusion. 1 2 THE COURT: Yeah. Sustained. 3 BY MR. BROOKS: 4 Do you ever force him in to admitting about this Q 5 murder? 6 Α No. 7 Does he ever admit anything about the murder? Q 8 А He never admitted anything about the murder. 9 Do you ever hit him? Q 10 Α No. 11 Do you leave him locked in the room for hours and not Q come back? 12 13 I mean, he's in the room for two and a half hours Α 14 probably, a little over two and a half hours, but I'm in the 15 room with him. So that is the time of the interview? 16 Q 17 Α Yes. Was he deprived of going to the bathroom? Did he ask 18 0 to go to the bathroom, and you didn't let him? 19 20 Α No. 21 At the end of this interview, does he ask to go to Q 22 the bathroom, and you actually let him? 23 Α Yes. 24 Midway through, do you bring him something? Q 25 А We bring him a bottle of water. JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 Was Mr. Wheeler -- are you familiar with the effects 1 Q 2 that someone would be on if they were on ecstasy? 3 Α Yes. Was Mr. Wheeler exhibiting any of these signs? 4 0 5 Α No. During this third portion of the interview that 6 0 Detective Dosch speaks more, why, why switch set up? 7 8 He actually had more information. While I was in the Α 9 interview, Detective Dosch was speaking to the other members of our team and actually getting more information, more facts to 10 11 confront Mr. Wheeler with. Does Detective Dosch ever force him to admit to 12 0 13 anything? 14 А No. 15 Does he ever hit him? Q 16 Α No. Is it fair to say that during the course of the 17 0 interview Mr. Wheeler engages back, sometimes using aggressive 18 19 language and gives it to you as much as he takes your 20 questioning? 21 Α Yes. 22 Nothing further, Your Honor. MR. BROOKS: 23 THE COURT: Cross-examination. 24 MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you, Judge. 25 1 | | JD Reporting, Inc.

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1	CROSS-EXAMINATION	
2	BY MR. RUGGEROLI:	
3	Q Good morning, Detective.	
4	A Good morning.	
5	Q How long have you been with Metro total?	
6	A Coming up on 23 years.	
7	Q Okay. So the last three are homicide?	
8	A That's correct.	
9	Q And then prior to that?	
10	A Prior to homicide I was on the Force Investigation	
11	Team where we did the criminal aspect for all officer-involved	
12	shootings and in-custody deaths and any uses of force that	
13	result in substantial injury.	
14	Q How long was your time on that force?	
15	A About three years.	
16	Q Three years. And then prior to that?	
17	A Prior to that I spent eight years in the Sex Crimes	
18	Division where I was responsible for investigating. I did	
19	adult sexual assault, and then for a couple of years I did	
20	juvenile sex abuse. And then when I left there, I was back	
21	doing the adult sexual assault investigations.	
22	Q And how many years was that total?	
23	A Eight.	
24	Q Okay. And then before that?	
25	A Before that I was in patrol at Northeast Area	
	JD Reporting, Inc.	
	20	

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1	Command, and then before that I was in the traffic section
2	where we investigated car accidents and DUIs. And before
3	traffic I was Downtown Area Command. And before Downtown Area
4	Command, I was Southeast Area Command.
5	Q Okay. Did you go to the academy?
6	A I did.
7	Q And at the academy did you receive specific training
8	on interrogations?
9	A In the academy, it's very brief. The academy is more
10	patrol oriented, so first responder oriented. It's very brief,
11	but, yes.
12	Q And did you receive and I'm going to stay with the
13	academy for a minute. Did you receive instruction on how to
14	administer Miranda rights?
15	A We did.
16	Q Okay. After leaving, it sounds like you may have
17	received some additional training specifically regarding
18	interrogation. So what type of training and when did you
19	receive training regarding interrogation
20	A As far as interview techniques, I was one of the few
21	people certified in the child-forensic interview. I went
22	through First Witness and Cornerstone. It's basically
23	open-ended questions. The Reid Technique I know I'm missing
24	one as far as interviews, that's it.
25	Q Okay. You mentioned the interview techniques, and
	JD Reporting, Inc.
1	1 21 I

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 you've been certified in some form of child interview; correct? 1 2 Α That's correct. 3 0 Okay. What type of training have you received regarding interview tactics or the utilization of the themes, 4 5 as you called it during direct examination? The, themes, a lot of it is on-the-job training where 6 Α 7 you sit in the thousands and thousands of interviews that I've 8 done. You kind of figure out what works and what doesn't. On 9 TV everyone likes to think that it's best just to threaten and scream, and really that's not effective communication. 10 The best way is just like we're talking. You know, you're there to 11 12 try to elicit some facts. So you've done many, many interviews? 13 0 14 А Yes. 15 And you mentioned that a lot of your understanding 0 16 and experience in utilizing themes is what you refer to as 17 on-the-job training? That's correct. 18 Α 19 What type of manual would you resort to to help you 0 understand specific quidelines or principles that are part of 20 21 Metro's policy regarding interviews? As far as Metro's policy on interview --22 Α 23 0 Yes. 24 -- they have just the advisements of their rights and А 25 I quess prisoner transport would be the main policies on it. JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 When you're doing the on-the-job training for the 1 Q 2 interviews, do you have a supervising officer, sergeant or 3 other detective that's observing you to give you critique about what is permissible and not permissible? 4 5 Α Yes. And how often would that happen where you would be 6 0 told something that you did during these interviews was 7 inappropriate or not permissible under policy or guidelines? 8 9 THE COURT: Okay. I'm not sure what purpose that is. I mean, we're here on a motion to suppress this statement in 10 11 this case. 12 MR. RUGGEROLI: Right. 13 THE COURT: Do you believe this is relevant? MR. RUGGEROLI: I do. 14 THE COURT: Make an offer of proof then. 15 16 MR. RUGGEROLI: The basis is that the themes that he 17indicated on direct that he utilized are not a part of any training that he received through Metro and that in this 18 particular case the strategy that he utilized is not 19 permissible, and it certainly would have exceeded the scope of 20 21 anything that the department sanctions or authorizes. So I'm trying to establish the foundation or where his understanding 22 23 of the parameters are. THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. 24 25 111 JD Reporting, Inc.
1 BY MR. RUGGEROLI:

2 Q So in your experience and training, who has drawn a 3 line for what is permissible and what is not permissible?

A So the training is constant. A lot with police work it changes with the times. So what you can do last year you can't do this year, and you can probably do it again next year. So I think it's inaccurate by saying the techniques that I use are not approved by LVMPD.

9 Every interview that we do we have someone monitoring the interview to critique us. The only way you can get better 10 11 at something is to know what works and what doesn't. If you get something that doesn't work, that goes back to the section, 12 and they look at it and say here's why this didn't work; and if 13 you get something that does work, that also goes back to the 14 15 section. So it's a constant training. There's no manual 16 saying what you can and can't do, per se.

Q So if there's no manual -- you were asked a question specifically about whether or not you, quote, unquote, hit Mr. Wheeler; correct?

20

A That's correct.

21 Q Is there any documentation that you could refer to 22 that would say hitting a suspect during an interview is 23 impermissible and against policy?

24

A Our use of force policy.

25

Q Okay. So there is a written use of force policy?

JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 1 Yes. Α 2 Q And what are the parameters on the use of force 3 policy regarding hitting? 4 MR. PESCI: Judge, objection. Relevance. 5 THE COURT: I know. Again, there aren't any 6 allegations of that in this case? 7 MR. RUGGEROLI: Well, there will be because there's 8 going to be touching, and I --9 THE COURT: Okay. Touching to me is different. So why don't you go with touching because I know you're alleging 10 11 there was touching, but there's no allegations of hitting, punching, using force. So I would just like you to --12 13 MR. RUGGEROLI: I could clarify the terms. BY MR. RUGGEROLI: 14 15 How would you define hitting? Q 16 А Well, I mean, like a punch, a slap, kicking, any 17 strike would be hitting. And those would be --18 0 19 Α With the intent to harm. 20 Those would be impermissible according to the use of Q 21 force policy? 22 Α Yes. 23 What about forcefully poking somebody in the Ο 24 forehead? 25 I don't know if poking is covered. I'm trying to А JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 think of our use of force policy, but poking someone in the 1 2 forehead would be counterproductive, and it --3 But is there a specific criteria that we could look Q at and see whether or not a certain type of touching --4 5 Well, in the use of force policy, poking is not А 6 mentioned. 7 Q All right. The concept of force though, what would 8 that mean to you in terms of your interpretation of what would 9 be permissible during an interview and what wouldn't be? 10 Well, force would be any action taken upon someone Α with the intent to hurt them. 11 What about intent to intimidate? 12 0 13 А I don't get the question. 14 Well, you said that the lying, according to your 0 interpretation of what Metro's use of force policy is that if 15 16 the individual questioning had an intent to hurt, and I understand that, but what if the individual has an intent not 17 necessarily to hurt, but an intent to intimidate, to elicit a 18 19 statement? I don't know how I could prove intent. 20 А Yeah. 21 Well -- you mentioned intent. So that's why I'm Q The specifics of this interview I'll get 22 following up on that. 23 to in one second, but you're relying on your understanding 24 essentially of the use of force policy for Metro; is that correct? 25

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1	A That's correct.	
2	Q Okay. So you do have some training on the job	
3	regarding Miranda; correct?	
4	A That's correct.	
5	Q And tactics and strategies generally?	
6	A That's correct.	
7	Q How about utilizing lies to the suspect?	
8	A That's correct, yes.	
9	Q Now, is that something that's written, or is the	at
10	something that's not defined?	
11	A So that's actually written. The only thing we	can't
12	do is make up evidence. Like we couldn't bring a bag in and	
13	say I have this evidence right here and this evidence here. We	
14	couldn't manufacture evidence, but as a technique, if we're	
15	lied to, we can reverberate that back.	
16	Q And can I just clarify. When you use the term	in
17	this context "evidence," are you referring to physical	
18	evidence, or are you also	
19	A Physical evidence.	
20	Q Okay. What about statements by other people?	
21	A Statements by other people you could use.	
22	Q Okay. How about using verbal threats?	
23	A No, I could not like specify, like say tell 1	ne
24	this or I'm going to beat you up?	
25	Q Right.	
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	C-17-328587-3 State v. Wheeler 2020-02-11		
1	A No, we could not do that.		
2	Q What about terms of verbal abuse or some type of		
3	derogatory statements?		
4	A No.		
5	Q Now, you did mention that you do start with a theme		
6	where you call the suspect or you use a term monster; is that		
7	correct?		
8	A That's correct.		
9	Q Have you received any specific training on that, or		
10	is that something that you've kind of come about through your		
11	on-the-job training?		
12	A When I took the linguistic statement analysis class,		
13	they used the term for sex abuse investigations as monster		
14	because it's it's more of a politically correct term, but it		
15	still puts this image in someone's head of, oh, I don't want to		
16	be a monster. So then from the monster you kind of minimize		
17	that, and you go into the pencils have racers and the mistakes.		
18	So I guess if monster is a derogatory term, I guess you could		
19	use monster.		
20	Q Okay. The murder in this case happened in the late		
21	hours of August 8th, 2017, in the early morning hours of August		
22	9th; right?		
23	A We got the 9-1-1 call I think at midnight 10.		
24	Q All right.		
25	A On the 9th.		
	JD Reporting, Inc.		
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 C-17-328587-3 State v. Wheeler 2020-02-11 Q And you were one of the lead detectives? A I was the lead detective, yes. Q And you had information prior to ever even me 		
2 A I was the lead detective, yes.		
2 And you had information prior to over even		
3 Q And you had information prior to ever even me	ense	
4 with Mr. Wheeler about a jogger that had written a lice		
5 plate?		
6 A That's correct.		
7 Q And you guys followed up with that, or anothe	er	
8 detective followed up, which led you to the Short Line	detective followed up, which led you to the Short Line Express?	
9 A That's correct.		
10 Q And that led you to surveillance video?		
11 A That's correct.		
12 Q And then the surveillance video and the licer	Q And then the surveillance video and the license plate	
13 led you to the car?	led you to the car?	
14 A That's correct.		
15 Q And eventually it led you to other suspects?		
16 A Yes.		
17 Q And they led you to Mr. Wheeler?		
18 A Yes.		
19 Q And so you were aware that Mr. Wheeler was ta	aken into	
20 custody pursuant to a execution of a warrant on August	custody pursuant to a execution of a warrant on August 15th	
21 just not very much time later	just not very much time later	
22 A Yes.		
23 Q 2017; correct?		
24 A Yes.		
25 Q You had information that during the execution	n of that	
JD Reporting, Inc. 29		

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 warrant that he had hurt his head because when he was taken 1 2 into custody officers struck him in the head; correct? 3 А I believe during the interview I ask him if he's 4 okay, and I asked him about the injury on his head. 5 And he told you that, Officers grabbed me and slammed 0 6 me against the wall? 7 Yes. А 8 And you were able to observe an injury on his was it 0 9 his forehead or what part of his head? 10 I think it was his forehead. Α 11 Did you ask him, or did you find out if he had Q received any evaluation from medics prior to your interview? 12 13 Α I did not. Did you ask him if he was injured? 14 0 15 I did. Α As a result of that blow to the head? 16 Q Well, the blow to the head would mean that he's 17 А 18 injured; right? 19 0 Okay. Other than the superficial wound. 20 Okay. I asked him if he was okay. I mean, he didn't Α 21 seem like he was injured injured. I mean, he had a scratch on 22 his forehead, and I asked him about it. 23 And do you know if he had any treatment for that at Ο 24 all? 25 Α I do not. JD Reporting, Inc.

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1	Q Prior to seeing him?		
2	A I do not.		
3	Q You also		
4	A I don't think he did. I mean, he would've been		
5	transported from there to headquarters.		
6	Q You also were asked if you were aware of any drugs		
7	that he might have been on at the time of the interview.		
8	A Yes.		
9	Q Have you received training in drug recognition?		
10	A I have.		
11	Q When was that?		
12	A 1999 or 2000 when I was in the traffic section.		
13	Q Fair to say things have probably progressed?		
14	A They've very drastically changed, but telling if		
15	someone is intoxicated kind of remains the same.		
16	Q Would it be fair to say that looking at his physical		
17	demeanor and things of that nature, deciding whether or not he		
18	was on drugs was probably not the most prioritized issue at the		
19	time of this interview?		
20	A No. I mean, it didn't he didn't appear to be		
21	intoxicated.		
22	Q Mr. Wheeler at the time of the interview was 22 years		
23	old; correct?		
24	A 22 or 23. I'd have to look at his date of birth.		
25	You have it there. I don't know if you're trying to		
	JD Reporting, Inc.		
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C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 I'm not. 1 0 2 Yeah. In his early 20s. Yes. Α 3 Thank you. Now, you knew that he had made mention 0 about being a student, but you were also aware that he had not 4 5 completed his education; is that correct? 6 Α I think we discussed it in our interview, yes. 7 You did read him his Miranda rights? 0 8 Α Yes. 9 But you did not discuss at any point during this Q 10 interview any other specific rights other than Miranda that he 11 may have had? What other rights? 12 А 13 That's my point. You discussed Miranda in terms of 0 rights, but you didn't discuss any other rights? 14 15 А That's correct. 16 Were you aware of how long he had been awake in total Q 17 prior to the interview? 18 I was not. Α And were you aware of the last time he had eaten 19 0 20 prior to the interview? 21 Α I was not. Now, you were actually involved in interviewing a 22 Q number of other individuals involved in this case, suspects and 23 24 lay witnesses? 25 That's correct. Α JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 It's not an uncommon theme for you to talk in the 1 Q 2 beginning of a number of these interviews about -- I think you 3 would refer to it as an icebreaker; right? That's correct. 4 Α 5 0 Miranda is an icebreaker or can be? 6 It can be. А 7 But saying, hey, we're not here to hurt you is an Q 8 icebreaker? 9 А Yes. 10 I'm not going to tell you you're a monster in some of Q 11 the interviews? 12 Α Yes. 13 In Mr. Wheeler's case, you did refer to him as a Q monster a number of times; correct? 14 15 А That's correct. 16 You also agree that you lied about the decedent Q 17 victim in this case about having an autistic sister? No, that was true. His sister was there. 18 А 19 Okay. But how she found him? Q 20 Α No, that's how she found him. 21 Is that documented in any of your reports? Q 22 I don't know if she was interviewed. Α 23 0 Okay. Because of how she -- but the whole family rushed 24 Α 25 Like they even woke the grandfather up to -- and the outside. JD Reporting, Inc.

	C-17-328587-3 State v. Wheeler 2020-02-11		
1	whole family was there prior to medical arriving		
1 2	whole family was there prior to medical arriving.		
2	Q Okay. The specific part about the sister though,		
3 4	you're not aware of any reports that you made specifically		
4 5	mentioning that? A No.		
6	Q But you did bring that up		
7	A Yes.		
8	Q during this		
9	A Yes.		
10	Q Okay. You did refer to Mr. Wheeler as a heartless		
11	monster?		
12	A Yes.		
13	Q You did claim that Mr. Wheeler did not have a soul?		
14	A Yes.		
15	Q You did claim that Mr. Wheeler was a heartless prick?		
16	A Yes.		
17	Q And you had		
18	A Was that me or Dosch? I don't if		
19	Q And that's a good point. There were some statements		
20	made by a total of three		
21	A Yeah. I think I will be Q. Hoffman would be Q2.		
22	And then Detective Dosch would be Q3 to read the transcript.		
23	And it goes by the order that people are asking questions.		
24	Q And you were asked on direct about essentially three		
25	stages of this interview; is that correct?		
	JD Reporting, Inc.		
I	34		

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 That's correct. 1 Α Stage I essentially would be up until the point of 2 Ο 3 the 15-minute interview -- or excuse me, 15-minute break? 4 Α Break, yes. 5 What happened in the room during that break? 0 6 Which room? Ά 7 The 15-minute break. Q 8 Α Well, we -- I left the room. 9 Okay. And so you left Mr. Wheeler alone? Q 10 А That's correct. 11 This was being audio-video recorded as well? Q 12 Α Yes. 13 And is that through a device that's installed, or is Q that a camera that's just actually placed? 14 15 Ά So in the interview rooms, in that interview room, there's actually two cameras and a microphone. And then I 16 17 bring my own audio recorder in because you always want redundancy if the -- sometimes the department's surveillance 18 equipment it just runs and runs and runs, and it can 19 be unreliable. So I always bring my audio recorder in so worse 20 case scenario we still have a audio recording of the interview. 21 22 Now, the 15-minute break happened at approximately --0 23 MR. RUGGEROLI: And I'm going to just ask you to 24 advance this to 6:15. That could be approximately on page 39 25 for the State so that we're aware of --

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 BY MR. RUGGEROLI: 1 2 Is it your testimony that your strategy of utilizing Q 3 these terms only happened before that break? 4 Α I don't -- ask that again. 5 Is it your testimony that your strategy and theme in 0 6 utilizing these concepts, monster, have no soul, things of that 7 nature, are you testifying that that only happened in 8 Section 1? 9 Α It would have happened probably in Section 2. 10 Q Okay. Would it surprise you to learn that it 11 happened throughout the entire interview? 12 А No. 13 Okay. So ---Q So -- it's a 150-page transcript. 14 А 15 Q Right. 16 To know page for page without it in front of me is --Α 17 Right. So I think the suggestion may have been by Q the State that when you use these terms they were intended at a 18 specific portion of the interview to elicit based on a theme 19 20 further statements? 21 Α Yes. 22 But if you use them throughout the entire Okay. 0 interview, then it's really not divided up, you used these 23 24 statements throughout the entire interview? 25 А I don't think throughout the entire interview. Ι JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 didn't start the interview out on page 1 by calling him a 1 2 monster. I mean, we would have to get a baseline and get him 3 to tell his version. 4 Okay. You have no reason to believe that on page 28 Ο 5 you refer to him as a monster? Well, that's page 28. So that's not what happened. 6 Α I'm going to go through them individually. 7 Q Okay. 8 Α Okay. Yeah. 9 0 No reason ---MR. PESCI: Judge, I apologize. I'm going to make an 10 objection. Do you have a copy of this transcript? 11 12 THE COURT: I do. MR. PESCI: Do you have the actual DVD? I don't know 13 why this detective is having to answer questions that are in 14 15 the actual evidence. This should be streamlined to those 16 things that somehow someway are not before you already in 17 evidence or else we're really wasting everyone's time. 18 MR. RUGGEROLI: Well --19 THE COURT: I mean, I tend to agree because I do have 20 the benefit of it. 21 MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay. 22 THE COURT: And so --23 MR. RUGGEROLI: As long as Your Honor is aware. Then 24 we understand that I would go through each of the questions. 25 THE COURT: That's fine. JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 1 MR. RUGGEROLI: But Your Honor is already aware of 2 that. 3 THE COURT: Uh-huh. 4 MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you. 5 BY MR. RUGGEROLI: 6 Okay. Leaving the verbal statements and getting into Q 7 instances of physical contact, okay? 8 Α Okay. 9 There were several instances where you made physical 0 10 contact or Detective Hoffman or Detective Dosch; correct? 11 Like hand on the shoulder? Like you'd have to show Α 12 me what because I -- I'm not a poker. Like if I put my hand on 13 someone's shoulder or on the arm to try to bring someone down. 14 So if you're asking me, then no, I would have -- it would be 15 counterproductive --16 Q Did you read the transcript? 17 Α I did. 18 Q Did you view the video? 19 А I have viewed the video, but -- I mean, it's two 20 hours. 21 Correct. And you're not able to give us any specific Q 22 instruction regarding quidelines not involving hitting, but in 23 terms of physical contact? 24 Α No. 25 MR. RUGGEROLI: And, Judge, rather than go through JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 the instances, since you were made aware --1 2 THE COURT: Sure. MR. RUGGEROLI: In our briefing and for Mr. Wheeler's 3 4 edification, I specify the exact time on the video --5 THE COURT: You did. 6 MR. RUGGEROLI: -- of these physical instances. So 7 rather than going through each one individually with the 8 detective, they'll just be noted. And I'd refer the Court to 9 it. 10 THE COURT: Thank you. 11 MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you, Your Honor. I have no 12 further questions. 13 THE COURT: Any redirect? REDIRECT EXAMINATION 14 15 BY MR. BROOKS: 16 Detective Jaeger, I want to talk first about this Q 17 kind of like touching stuff. At some point during the interview do you ask Mr. Wheeler have we laid hands on you? 18 19 А Yes. And do you recall exactly what his statement was? 20 0 21 А No. 22 Would it be fair to say that on page 73 of the 0 transcript Mr. Wheeler says, I'm getting attacked for something 23 24 I didn't even do. I kept everything a hundred. 25 And then that's when you asked that question, Have we JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 laid hands on you? 1 2 To which he responds, no, not like that as in my 3 safety; as in the fact that you're trying to tell me I did 4 something you -- you --5 And then you continue with the interview? 6 А That's correct. 7 Why did you ask that question, Have we laid hands on 0 you? 8 9 Α Well, if he's upset and thinks we hit him and we 10 haven't, that's important. I mean, we can't -- you just can't 11 because of our use of force policy, you can't hit people in 12 interviews. And when Mr. Wheeler answers, No, not in my safety, 13 0 but he used the word attacking, was that signifying to you that 14 15 you're accusing him of something? 16 А Yes. 17 But not physically attacking? 0 We're not physically attacking him. We're attacking 18 Α 19 his memory of the events. 20 Do you remember the question you had information that Q 21 he was struck in the head? Do you remember that question? 22 А Yes. And you got that information from the person who gave 23 0 24 you nothing but inconsistencies for the first hour of this 25 interview? JD Reporting, Inc.

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1	А	That's correct.	
2	Q	Oh, okay.	
3		Do you remember that question did you discuss any	
4	additional rights?		
5	А	That's correct.	
6	Q	Are you a constitutional scholar?	
7	А	A I am not.	
8	Q Do you have a law degree?		
9	A I do not.		
10	Q	Okay. So do you frequently give advice on	
11	constitutional rights other than reading someone their Miranda		
12	warnings?		
13	A	I do not.	
14	Q	Do you remember the question how long was Mr. Wheeler	
15	awake at this point?		
16	A	I mean, it was in the evening when we picked him up,	
17	but I would have no idea.		
18	Q	Was it 5:00 p.m.?	
19	A	Yes.	
20	Q	So like the end of a workday for some people?	
21	A	That's correct.	
22	Q	Not 2:00 a.m.?	
23	А	No.	
24	Q	And do you remember the questions about you not	
25	having documented the autistic sister?		
		JD Reporting, Inc.	
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	C-17-328587-3 State v. Wheeler 2020-02-11	
1	A That's correct.	
2	Q Would it be fair to say you sort of documented it	
3	during this interview when you were asking Mr. Wheeler about	
4	it?	
- 5	A That's correct.	
6	Q Lastly, were you aware of a Review-Journal, Las Vegas	
7	Review-Journal article	
8	MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, I'm going to object to beyond	
9	the scope of cross.	
10	THE COURT: Yeah. Why would we have to ask the	
11	detective about something in the RJ?	
12	MR. BROOKS: It was a jailhouse interview with	
13	Mr. Wheeler, and I was just going to ask him one of the	
14	statements. It's not it doesn't go towards this well, it	
15	goes towards the hearing, but not towards anything with the	
16	trial.	
17	THE COURT: Okay. I'll allow it.	
18	MR. RUGGEROLI: Just so the objection is noted that	
19	it's beyond the scope of cross.	
20	THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Wheeler gave an interview?	
21	MR. BROOKS: Yes. Yes.	
22	THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.	
23	THE WITNESS: Yes, I	
24	BY MR. BROOKS:	
25	Q During a jailhouse interview, it's a the Las Vegas	
	JD Reporting, Inc.	
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C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 Review-Journal article that we discussed, 1 2 During a jailhouse interview Thursday, 3 22-year-old Davontae Wheeler told the 4 Las Vegas Review-Journal that detectives 5 continued to interrogate him about the 6 killing after he asked for an attorney. 7 Now, Mr. Jaeger, my question is not whether 8 Mr. Wheeler lied or whether the Review-Journal person lied, but 9 at any point did you continue to investigate -- interrogate this man after he asked for an attorney? 10 11 No. Α 12 0 And that would be in the transcript; correct? Yes. It would be in the transcripts, on the audio 13 Α 14 recording, and on the video recording. 15 And fair to say that in this article it also says Q 16 another time that he continued to ask for an attorney? 17 Α That's correct. MR. BROOKS: Thank you. Nothing further. 18 MR. RUGGEROLI: And just in terms of any offered for 19 20 the truth of the matter asserted, I'm objecting to hearsay, and 21 it's not something that they can establish. I understand that 22 he's responding to it, but I would continue the objection for 23 those other reasons. 24 THE COURT: Sure. And there was nothing like that in 25 your motion either. There were no allegations. JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 MR. RUGGEROLI: Correct. 1 2 THE COURT: That he asked for a lawyer. 3 MR. RUGGEROLI: Correct. 4 THE COURT: And that police did not stop 5 interrogating him. 6 MR. RUGGEROLI: Correct. 7 THE COURT: Okay. 8 MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you, Judge. 9 THE COURT: Any recross? 10 MR. RUGGEROLI: Just briefly. 11 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 12 BY MR. RUGGEROLI: 13 Detective, is it your testimony then that there will Q 14 be no indication of any touching that was intended or maybe 15 viewed as intimidating of Mr. Wheeler by any of the three 16 detectives during that interview? 17 Α Well, I can't say that because I don't know how it 18 would be viewed. 19 0 Okay. If you're saying that he was poked, the video will 20 А 21 show that. 22 I'm asking you in your opinion. 0 23 If I poked him or --Α 24 No. Any type of touching that would either be Q 25 impermissible or intended to intimidate, you're saying that --JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 1 Impermissible, yes. Α -- that that does not exist on that video? 2 0 3 Α That's correct. 4 MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay. I have nothing further, Judge. 5 THE COURT: Okay. Anything else for this detective? 6 MR. BROOKS: No, Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you very much for your 8 testimony here today. You may step down. 9 And can this detective be excused? 10 MR. PESCI: From the State, yes. 11 THE COURT: Can he --12 MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you very much for being 14 here. 15 THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Okay. Do you have any witnesses? 17 MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, thank you. I do want to just make a record that Mr. Wheeler and I have discussed this 18 19 thoroughly, and we do not have any witnesses. 20 THE COURT: Okay. Then I'll listen to both sides in 21 closing argument. 22 Does the State want to go first? 23 MR. BROOKS: We'll submit it, Your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Okay. CLOSING ARGUMENT FOR THE DEFENSE 25 JD Reporting, Inc.

1 MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you, Judge. Your Honor, I know 2 that you're aware of the specifics that I had put in the 3 motion. If I may just make a quick listing of that for the 4 record.

5 We're not going through this with the detective, but in total, and that's our argument, that based on the law and 6 7 especially the Pissama [phonetic] case, when you look at everything and the devices, the tactics, the themes that were 8 9 utilized here, when you add the verbal statements and titles that were given to Mr. Wheeler, and then you couple them with 10 the physical contact, which I didn't go through specifically, 11 it is our argument that those tactics in total over -- were 12 Mr. Wheeler's will and that his statements were not the product 13 14 of a voluntary decision, specifically when you look at the 15 physical touching.

16 And I asked the detective, you know, where are the guidelines, where is the line that's to be drawn. He didn't 17 really have one. Hitting I think is one, but in terms of a 18 source of training that Metro receives, this sounds like it's 19 20 more on the job, which unfortunately leaves it in Your Honor's hands to decide what is over the line and what is not. I would 21 22 suggest to you that this interrogation in total went over that 23 line.

The detectives were aware that Mr. Wheeler was brought in after being injured. He testified, the detective,

that there was an injury on Mr. Wheeler's head. He didn't see if it had been treated. He didn't know the extent of the injury. There was a question about whether he's okay, but that was the starting point, and this interrogation, this questioning should not have continued without that having been looked into first.

7 They did read Miranda rights, but then they started 8 off with this assault of verbal statements which are not, as 9 the detective indicated, well, we want to know if you're a 10 monster. It was statements, you are a monster, and I'm not 11 going to belabor this, but I did want to document for the record specifically what the statements were because it was not 12 innocuous. These were intentional verbal assaults against 13 Mr. Wheeler's character: Heartless monster; have no soul; 14 15 heartless prick; the detective indicated, We have no time for inhumans like Mr. Wheeler; derogatory -- derogatorily referred 16 17 to Mr. Wheeler as son. I'd point out that Mr. Wheeler is an 18 African American. The detective is not.

Mr. Wheeler was again referred to as having no soul, being a piece of garbage. They claim that Mr. Wheeler's conscience was so perverted -- and this is at the end of page 147 -- that he did not know right from wrong.

In terms of the physical contact, Judge, we don't have an instance of slamming in the face or punching, but we have a pattern of what I would argue is impermissible physical

JD Reporting, Inc.

1 contact that was specifically designed to intimidate 2 Mr. Wheeler in to making statements. They poked Mr. Wheeler on 3 the upper arm and shoulder. They touched him on the back and shoulder multiple times. They physically touched the side of 4 his head and forehead. They got close and up in his face 5 6 during the questioning. They gripped Mr. Wheeler's shoulder 7 and pointed fingers in his face. They grabbed his forearm and 8 patted him on the back in a manner that I don't think is you're 9 a good person, Judge.

10 And so when you look at the case law, you add up the evidence of Mr. Wheeler's youth -- he did not complete his 11 12 education. We did claim that he was on ecstasy. I know there's no evidence of that because of the lack of witnesses; 13 however, the detectives did not follow-up and is sure, Though I 14 15 am trained in drug recognition, I did not administer any actual observations. We have that, but they didn't go further. 16 They 17 don't know when he ate. They don't know how long before the interview he had slept. 18

19 Based on all of these things, Judge, the overall 20 method, we are arguing, undermines the fair application of 21 Mr. Wheeler's Miranda rights. And based on that, these 22 statements should be determined to be involuntarily --23 involuntary and ultimately inadmissible. 24

THE COURT: Thank you.

25

Anything else from the State?

MR. BROOKS: No, Your Honor. 1 2 THE COURT: Okay. At this time I'm going to deny the 3 motion to suppress, make a finding that the statement was 4 freely, voluntarily and intelligently made for purposes of 5 going in front of the jury panel. Obviously the jury will have 6 the right to make that determination. So the defense will be 7 permitted to continue to argue that in front of the jury panel. Thank you, Judge. 8 MR. RUGGEROLI: 9 THE COURT: I'm just making the preliminary finding 10 that they can hear it. MR. RUGGEROLI: And, Judge, I don't know if the 11 12 State -- I did put it in the motion, I believe, that if they intended to have the transcript or a recording, there are a 13 number of portions that would be inadmissible. I don't know if 14 15 they have something -- I haven't reviewed anything -- that has 16 redactions. THE COURT: Well, yeah, I would hope before they 17 18 qo --19 I mean, are you going to try to introduce the entire 20 statement? And if so, I mean, I've never had it where they 21 haven't showed you and given you an opportunity to object. MR. PESCI: If we get there, we'll cross that bridge 22 23 as far as redactions. 24 Thank you, Judge. MR. RUGGEROLI: 25 THE COURT: Okay. Obviously they'll make sure you JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 can make any objections. 1 2 Thank you, Your Honor. MR. RUGGEROLI: 3 THE COURT: Okay. So 1:00 o'clock; right? 4 MR. PESCI: Judge, I'm not sure. Is Mr. Sanft here? 5 CORRECTION OFFICER: Yeah, he's talking to his 6 client. 7 MR. PESCI: Is the codefendant here? Because maybe 8 we could handle some housekeeping issues. 9 THE COURT: Absolutely. I didn't know the 10 codefendant was in there too. 11 Excellent. Sure. So then at 1:00 o'clock we can just go into jury selection. I'd love it. 12 13 And, Mr. Sanft, your client is Mr. Robertson? 14 MR. SANFT: Robertson, Your Honor, that is correct. 15 THE COURT: And Mr. Robertson is present, and he's in 16 custody. 17 The State wanted to, I guess, go through some 18 housekeeping issues. 19 MR. SANFT: Yes, Your Honor. I just want to make 20 sure I make a record that I'm here today on behalf of my client 21 who's present in custody. THE COURT: Thank you. 22 23 MR. PESCI: Thank you. So, Your Honor, we have filed 24 an Amended Superseding Indictment. Unfortunately, I think I 25 only brought four copies. So I've given one to defense JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 counsel's table. I'll leave the other one here. 1 2 So based on the previous motion that you granted, one 3 that the State did not oppose, the first few counts have been 4 taken out. 5 THE COURT: Right. 6 MR. PESCI: And so what is now before Your Honor and 7 will be before the jury is just the conspiracy to commit 8 robbery, the attempt robbery with use and the murder with use of a deadly weapon. So I wanted to make a record of that. And 9 10 defense counsel has been provided with a copy of that. 11 MR. SANFT: That is correct, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. So it's Counts 5 through 7 are 12 13 just in the Superseding Indictment, and there's no objection to 14 them filing it? 15 MR. SANFT: No, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Okay. 17 Secondarily, we're trying to line up MR. PESCI: witnesses. So we were going to ask if Your Honor can provide 18 us maybe the schedule as far as when we think we're going to 19 20 start throughout the week. And if you can't do that now, 21 that's fine, we'll pick it up later. 22 THE COURT: No. I can give you a sketch. 23 THE CLERK: So Wednesday we'll start at 8:30. Thursday we will start at 10:30. This Friday we'll start at 24 25 8:30.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 MR. PESCI: And that's good. We can tackle next 1 2 week. 3 THE COURT: Okay. MR. PESCI: We're just trying to figure out 4 5 witnesses. That's very helpful. Thank you. 6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 MR. PESCI: And the other thing is, Your Honor, the defense has asked for the transcripts to be produced for the 8 9 entry of plea of the codefendant. As of right now, I don't 10 have it. I don't know that anybody has it. So I guess I'm 11 kind of requesting that again for --THE COURT: Does the transcript exist? 12 13 MR. PESCI: No. In fact, we've submitted an order. 14 THE COURT: So it's never been prepared? 15 MR. PESCI: I don't know if it has. I believe we 16 submitted an order. 17 THE COURT: Okay. 18 MR. PESCI: And so I don't think it's done yet. And 19 so, but I think --20 THE COURT: When did you submit the order? Just 21 recently? MR. PESCI: I don't know exactly. I'll check with my 22 23 secretary, I apologize. I think we did a week or two ago, but 24 I don't think that's done yet, and so I think defense --25 because they're the ones that asked for it. I think that they

want that. 1 2 THE COURT: Okay. But you gave them a copy of the 3 agreement -- the guilty plea agreement --4 MR. PESCI: Yes. 5 THE COURT: -- and the agreement to testify? 6 MR. PESCI: Yes. Subsequent to that, Mr. Ruggeroli 7 asked me for the transcripts. I said I didn't have it. I said 8 that's something that has to be ordered from the Court. 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 MR. PESCI: Speaking of the guilty plea agreement, I asked for a copy today from the Court of this file because it's 11 filed under seal. The reason being I need to take it, and then 12 13 I need to alter it in order to excise the portion pursuant to the case law about truthfulness. And so I've been provided a 14 copy of that. Defense counsel already has that. But I needed 15 a file-stamped version. So that way we can go in and make it 16 17 look like that portion is not in the agreement to testify. THE COURT: Sure. 18 MR. PESCI: And then we have been approached by some 19 20 of our witnesses indicating -- more specifically one that's 21 indicated that he's been subpoenaed by the defense, but unfortunately the day that the subpoena has ordered him to 22 23 appear is a holiday, which is Monday. So I wanted to address that with the defense and the Court because I told the witness 24 25 that you have to comply with the subpoena; however, complying

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 with that would be rather problematic because it was for the 1 2 17th, which is a holiday. 3 THE COURT: Who subpoenaed him? MR. RUGGEROLI: That would probably be us, Judge. 4 And I didn't speak directly with Mr. Pesci about this. If they 5 6 intend to call him, then I think it clarifies this, but we 7 certainly wanted him under subpoena, and that was just an error 8 made on our part about the date. THE COURT: Okay. Well, when do want him here? 9 10 MR. RUGGEROLI: Well, if they're not going to call 11 him --MR. PESCI: To answer their question, we are going to 12 13 call him. 14 THE COURT: Okay. 15 MR. RUGGEROLI: We'll give him another subpoena with 16 a different date, but it looks like it will be moot. We just want to make sure that we do have him under subpoena just in 17 18 case. THE COURT: Okay. You have him under subpoena 19 20 though? 21 MR. PESCI: Yes, Your Honor. Is everyone comfortable with us telling that witness 22 23 he does not have to come on Monday, the 17th? MR. RUGGEROLI: Absolutely. 24 25 THE COURT: Absolutely. JD Reporting, Inc.

C-17-328587-3 | State v. Wheeler | 2020-02-11 MR. PESCI: Okay. All right. And then the last 1 2 thing, I don't know whether there can be any agreements. What 3 I have here is a stipulation and order for waiver of penalty. THE COURT: Okay. 4 5 MR. PESCI: Defense can review that and decide 6 collectively if they want to do that or not. I would ask that 7 we make that decision before we start at 1:00 today --8 THE COURT: Right. 9 MR. PESCI: -- I think you're bringing them in. 10 Because it changes how we pick this jury. 11 THE COURT: Right. I just need to know prior to jury selection. 12 13 MR. SANFT: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: So because if they're going to do -- if 14 15 they're potentially going to be a panel on a penalty hearing, 16 then we have to ask them certain questions. 17 MR. SANFT: Yes, Your Honor. I've spoken with my client, Mr. Robertson, and he's indicated to me today he would 18 19 waive his penalty hearing. 20 THE COURT: Okay. 21 MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, I've actually spoken 22 extensively with Mr. Wheeler about this issue and with my 23 investigator, and at this time, I would like till at least 24 1:00 to finalize this. At this time he is not inclined to 25 waive.

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THE COURT: Okay. All right. I just need to know
 before we start at 1:00 o'clock. Okay.

MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you.

MR. PESCI: Okay. Then lastly, I'm not sure if this is just one witness. As far as any stipulations that we can have to kind of cut down the witnesses, the custodian of records from the DMV, we're trying to set up whether they have to come in or not for the registration for the Grand Marquis.

9 Or is defense counsel willing to stipulate to at 10 least the documents, so its admission, so we don't have to 11 bring in a custodian of records for that? Think about that, 12 and then decide it later so we can try to cut some witnesses 13 out.

MR. SANFT: We'll speak with the State with regards to these witnesses, Your Honor. I don't think we necessarily have to go on the record right now, but we will talk about it. THE COURT: Okay.

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1	MR. PESCI: And with that I think we're good.	
1 2		
2 3	THE COURT: Anything else?	
	All right. We'll see you all at 1:00 o'clock.	
4	(Proceedings recessed at 11:38 a.m.)	
5		
6	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly	
7	transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled	
8	case.	
9	Dana P. Williams	
10		
11	Dana L. Williams Transcriber	
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J.			
	IND		
2	STEVEN B. WOLFSON	FILED IN OPEN COURT	
3	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 GIANCARLO PESCI	STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF THE COURT	
4	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135	/ FAB 1 2020	
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212		
6	(702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	BY, HALY PANNULLO, DEPUTY	
7		•	
8	-	CT COURT NTY, NEVADA	
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	Plaintiff,	CASE NO: C-17-328587-2&3	
11	-VS-	DEPT NO: XII	
12	PAERWON SETTEN DODEDTSON		
13	RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, #8252804 DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER,	AMENDED	
14	#5909081	SUPERSEDING	
15	Defendant(s).	INDICTMENT	
16	STATE OF NEVADA)		
17	COUNTY OF CLARK		
/18	,	WON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon	
19	Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHE	ELER, accused by the Clark County Grand Jury	
20	of the crime(s) of CONSPIRACY TO COM	IMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS	
21	200.380, 199.480 - NOC 50147); ATTEMI	PT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY	
22 WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.330, 193.165 - NOC 50145)			
	MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony - NRS 200.01		
24 200.030, 193.165 - NOC 50001), committed at and within the County of Clark, State			
23 26	Nevada, on or about August 9, 2017, as follows:		
20	///		
28	///	C – 17 – 328587 – 3 SIND Superseding Indiciment	
		Della fion, Pohinson, et all Chapting, Decell 2014/20, AMERIC	
		D:\Lofton-Robinson. et al\Charging Docs\17F14369-AMEND 1348	

<u>COUNT 1</u> - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

Defendants DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, did, on or about August 9, 2017, willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with each other and/or unknown co-conspirators to commit a robbery, by the Defendants and/or unknown coconspirators committing the acts as set forth in Count 6, said acts being incorporated by this reference as though fully set forth herein.

<u>COUNT 2</u> - ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, RAEKWON 9 SETREY ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, did, on 10 or about August 9, 2017, willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously attempt to take personal 11 property, to wit: U.S. Currency and/or property, from the person of GABRIEL 12 VALENZUELA, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and 13 without the consent and against the will of GABRIEL VALENZUELA, by pointing a firearm 14 at the said GABRIEL VALENZUELA and demanding said U.S. Currency and/or property, 15 with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a firearm, the Defendants being criminally liable under 16 17 one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that 18 this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or 19 otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to 20 commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendant and/or DEMARIO 21 LOFTON-ROBINSON and/or DESHAWN ROBINSON and/or RAEKWON ROBERTSON 22 and/or unknown co-conspirators aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendant and/or 23 DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON and/or DESHAWN ROBINSON and/or RAEKWON 24 ROBERTSON and/or unknown co-conspirators acting in concert throughout. 25

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	<u>COUNT 3</u> - MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON
2	Defendants DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, RAEKWON SETREY
3	ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, did, on
4	or about August 9, 2017, willfully, unlawfully, feloniously and with malice aforethought, kill
5	GABRIEL VALENZUELA, a human being, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a firearm,
6	by shooting at and into the body of the said GABRIEL VALENZUELA, the said killing having
7	been (1) willful, deliberate, and premeditated, and/or (2) committed during the perpetration or
8	attempted perpetration of a robbery, the Defendants being criminally liable under one or more
9	of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime;
10	and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime
11	be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing, and/or otherwise
12	procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit murder
13	and/or robbery; Defendants and/or unknown co-conspirators aiding or abetting and/or
14	conspiring by Defendants and/or unknown co-conspirators acting in concert throughout.
15	DATED this 12 day of February, 2020.
16	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney
17	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565
18	
19	BY GIANCARLO PESCI
20	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135
21	
22	
23	ENDORSEMENT: A True Bill
24	
25	
26	Foreperson, Clark County Grand Jury
27	
28	Names of Witnesses and testifying before the Grand Jury:
-	3
	DALOFTON-ROBINSON, ET ALACHARGING DOCS/17F14369-AMENDED 1350

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1	CODY, LORA – LVMPD #7294			
2	DOSCH, MITCHELL – LVMPD #7907			
3	FLETCHER, SHAWN – LVMPD #5221			
4	JAEGER, RYAN – LVMPD #5587			
5	LESTER, ANYA, LVMPD			
6	MASON, ROBERT – c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101			
7	NEWMAN, JAMES – c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101			
8	RELATO, JOHN – c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101			
9	SIMMS, DR. LARY – ME#0002			
10	SPAHN, NICKOLAUS – SHORT LINE EXPRESS – 7325 S. JONES BLVD, LV NV			
11	SPEAS, WILLIAM – LVMPD #5228			
12	STEIN, AGNES – FIESTA DISCOUNT MARKET-7010 W. CHARLESTON BLVD, LV NV			
13	TAPAY, GLEZZELLE, LVMPD #15709			
14	Additional Witnesses known to the District Attorney at time of filing the Indictment:			
15	CHARLTON, NOREEN – LVMPD #13572			
16	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - CCDC			
17	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD COMMUNICATIONS			
18	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD RECORDS			
19	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – SHORTLINE EXPRESS – 7325 S. JONES BLVD, LV NV			
20	ROMATKO, MARIAH – c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101			
21				
22				
23				
24				
25	17BGJ017A-C/17F14369A-C/mc - GJ LVMPD EV#1708024571; 1708090029			
26	(TK3)			
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	SAO STEVEN B. WOLFSON	FILED IN OPEN COURT	
2	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565	STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF THE COURT	
3	GIANCARLO PESCI Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135		
4	200 Lewis Avenue		
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	BY, HALY PANNULLO, DEPUTY	
7	DISTRIC	CT COURT	
8	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA	
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	Plaintiff,		
11	-VS-		
12	RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, #8252804	CASE NO: C-17-328587- 2 • 3	
13	DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER #5909081	DEPT NO: XII	
14	#3909081	C-17-328587-3 SAO Supulation and Order	
15	Defendants.		
16			
17	STIPULATION AND ORDER		
18	COMES NOW, the Defendants, RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, by and through		
19	his counsel, MICHAEL SANFT, and DAVO	ONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, by and through	
20	his counsel, JAMES RUGGEROLI, the Sta	ate of Nevada, by and through GIANCARLO	
21	PESCI, Chief Deputy District Attorney, and pursuant to NRS 175.552(2), hereby agree and		
22	stipulate to the following:		
23	1. Should the jury in the at any offense, including F	pove-captioned case return a verdict of guilty on irst Degree Murder, the parties hereby waive the	
24 25	penalty hearing before 175.552(1)(a);	the jury as normally required under NRS	
25 26	2. Pursuant to NRS 175.55 charge for which the De	52(2), all parties agree that the sentence on any effendant may be convicted shall be imposed by	
27	this Honorable Court af the Department of Parole	efendant may be convicted shall be imposed by ter a pre-sentence investigation is conducted by e and Probation;	
28	3. That as a result of the for issue of penalty or puni	regoing, counsel shall not discuss or mention the shment in the voir dire, opening statements or	
		1352	

closing arguments, or otherwise discuss the nature of penalty or punishment at any time before the jury. 1 2 DATED this 1 day of Februar 1 2020. 3 4 ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY 5 BY: BY: 6 **GIANCARLO PESCI** MICHAEL SANFT Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135 Attorney for Defendant 7 Raekwon Setrey Robertosn Nevada Bar #00 8245 8 9 10 AEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON 11 12 CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT 13 ATTORNEY 14 BY: BY: JAMES RUGGEROLI **GIANCARLO PESCI** 15 Attorney for Defendant Davontae Amarri Wheeler Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135 16 Nevada Bar #007891 17 18 19 **AVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER** 20 21 IT IS SO ORDERED. 22 Lully in JUDGE 2 23 24 DIS 25 26 gp/MVU 27 28 2 1353

ENLOFTON-ROBINSON ET AL/WAIV

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D	ISTRICT COURT	FEB 1 2 2020	
CLARK (COUNTY, NEVADA	BY, HALY PANNULLO, DEPU	
State of Nevada	CASE NO.: C-1		
Vs	C- DEPARTMENT	17-328587-3 12	
RAEKWON ROBERTSON; DAVONTAE WHEELER			
,	JURY LIST	,	
1. VITO CASUCCI	8. LISA COOK		
2. SHARON MORRISON	9. MARKDELAN	DEPERIO	
3. ARIA FLORES-VIRGEN	N 10. CAESAR CASTRO		
4. SUZANNE QUINN	11. ANGELA SEC	GURA	
5. CAMILLE ESTRELLA	12. MARIA MORENO		
6. DANILO RODRIGUEZ	13. ROBERTA BELL		
7. JONATHAN SALAZAR	14. COLIN RAND	DALL	
AL	TERNATES		
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1 2 3 4 5 6	ROC STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 GIANCARLO PESCI Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #007135 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	Electronically Filed 2/13/2020 8:33 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT
7 8	DISTRIC CLARK COU	CT COURT NTY, NEVADA
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	
10	Plaintiff,	
11	-VS-	CASE NO: C-17-328587-3
12	DAVONTAE WHEELER #5909081,	DEPT NO: XII
13	Defendant.	1
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15	RECEIP	T OF COPY
16		
17		d foregoing USB drive containing all available
18		rs 702-338-4380, 702-619-7426, 702-801-0516,
19 20		s for one Samsung SM-J700 T1, one ZTE Z981 one Galaxy S7 Edge totaling 21 GB is hereby
20 21	acknowledged this day of	, 2020.
22		
23		JAMES RUGGEROLI ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT
24		JANIM .
25		BY 601 S. Seventh St.
26		Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
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3	DIST	RICT COURT	FEB/1 4 2020
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5		UNTY, NEVADA	HALY DANNULLO, DEPUTY
6	State of Nevada	CASE NO.: C	-17-328587-2
7	Vs	DEPARTMEN	
8	RAEKWON ROBERTSON;		
9	DAVONTAE WHEELER		
10	AMENDE	D JURY LIST	
11	1. VITO CASUCCI	8. LISA COOK	
12	2. SHARON MORRISON	9. MARKDELA	
13	3. ARIA FLORES-VIRGEN	10. ROBERTA E	
14	4. SUZANNE QUINN	11. ANGELA SE	GURA
15	5. CAMILLE ESTRELLA	12. MARIA MOF	RENO
16	6. DANILO RODRIGUEZ	13.	
17	7. JONATHAN SALAZAR	14. COLIN RAN	DALL
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5		RK COUNTY, NEVADA	HALY PANNULLO, DEPUTY
6	State of Nevada	CASE NO.: C-	17-328587-2
7	Vs	DEPARTMENT	
8 9	RAEKWON ROBERTSON; DAVONTAE WHEELER		
10			
10	SECO	ND AMENDED JURY LIST	
12	1. VITO CASUCCI	8. LISA COOK	
	2. SHARON MORRISON	9. MARKDELA	
13	3. ARIA FLORES-VIRGEN		
14	4. SUZANNE QUINN 5. CAMILLE ESTRELLA	11. ANGELA SE 12. MARIA MOR	
15	6. DANILO RODRIGUEZ	12. MARIA MOR 13.	ENU
16	7. JONATHAN SALAZAR	10.	
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4	DISTRI		HALV PANNULLO, DEPUTY
5	CLARK COU	JNTY, NEVADA	
6	THE STATE OF NEW ADA		
7	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
8	Plaintiff,	CASE NO:	C-17-328587-2
. 9	-VS-	DEPT NO:	C-17-328587-3
10 11	RAEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, DAVONTAE WHEELER,	DEITINO.	XII
11	DAVONTAE WHEELER, Defendant.		
12	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE	JURY (INSTRUC	TION NO. I)
14		OF THE JURY:	
15	It is now my duty as judge to instru	ct you in the law t	that applies to this case. It is
16	your duty as jurors to follow these instructi	ions and to apply t	he rules of law to the facts as
17	you find them from the evidence.		
18	You must not be concerned with t	he wisdom of any	v rule of law stated in these
19	instructions. Regardless of any opinion yo	ou may have as to	what the law ought to be, it
20	would be a violation of your oath to base a	verdict upon any o	ther view of the law than that
21	given in the instructions of the Court.		
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28			C - 17 - 328587 - 3 INST Instructions to the Jury 4900892
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INSTRUCTION NO. <u>2</u>

If, in these instructions, any rule, direction or idea is repeated or stated in different ways, no emphasis thereon is intended by me and none may be inferred by you. For that reason, you are not to single out any certain sentence or any individual point or instruction and ignore the others, but you are to consider all the instructions as a whole and regard each in the light of all the others.

The order in which the instructions are given has no significance as to their relative importance.

An Indictment is but a formal method of accusing a person of a crime and is not of itself any evidence of his guilt.

In this case, it is charged in an amended Indictment that on or about August 9, 2017, the Defendants committed the offenses of Conspiracy to Commit Robbery, Attempt Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon, Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon. It is the duty of the jury to apply the rules of law contained in these instructions to the facts of the case and determine whether or not each Defendant is guilty of the offenses charged.

<u>COUNT 1</u> - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

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10 Defendants DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON, RAEKWON SETREY 11 ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, did, on 12 or about August 9, 2017, willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with each other 13 and/or unknown co-conspirators to commit a robbery, by the Defendants and/or unknown co-conspirators committing the acts as set forth in Count 2, said acts being incorporated by 14 15 this reference as though fully set forth herein.

16 COUNT 2 - ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

17 DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON. RAEKWON SETREY Defendants 18 ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, did, on or about August 9, 2017, willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously attempt to take personal 19 20 property, to wit: U.S. Currency and/or property, from the person of GABRIEL 21 VALENZUELA, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and 22 without the consent and against the will of GABRIEL VALENZUELA, by pointing a firearm at the said GABRIEL VALENZUELA and demanding said U.S. Currency and/or 23 24 property, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a firearm, the Defendants being criminally 25 liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by 26 directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this 27 crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, 28 commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3)

pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, and/or DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON and/or DESHAWN ROBINSON and/or RAEKWON ROBERTSON and/or unknown coconspirators aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendant and/or DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON and/or DESHAWN ROBINSON and/or RAEKWON ROBERTSON and/or unknown co-conspirators acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 3 - MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

8 Defendants DEMARIO LOFTON-ROBINSON. RAEKWON SETREY 9 ROBERTSON, aka, Raekwon Robertson, and DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER, did, on 10 or about August 9, 2017, willfully, unlawfully, feloniously and with malice aforethought, kill 11 GABRIEL VALENZUELA, a human being, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a firearm, 12 by shooting at and into the body of the said GABRIEL VALENZUELA, the said killing 13 having been (1) willful, deliberate, and premeditated, and/or (2) committed during the perpetration or attempted perpetration of a robbery, the Defendants being criminally liable 14 15 under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with 16 the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, 17 18 inducing, and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit murder and/or robbery; Defendants and/or unknown co-conspirators 19 20 aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants and/or unknown co-conspirators acting in 21 concert throughout.

It is the duty of the jury to apply the rules of law contained in these instructions to the
facts of the case and determine whether or not each Defendant is guilty of one or more of the
offenses charged.

Each charge and the evidence pertaining to it should be considered separately. The fact you may find a defendant guilty or not guilty as to one of the offenses charged should not control your verdict as to any other offense charged.

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To constitute the crime charged, there must exist a union or joint operation of an act forbidden by law and an intent to do the act.

INSTRUCTION NC

The intent with which an act is done is shown by the facts and circumstances surrounding the case.

Do not confuse intent with motive. Motive is what prompts a person to act. Intent refers only to the state of mind with which the act is done.

Motive is not an element of the crime charged and the State is not required to prove a motive on the part of the Defendant in order to convict. However, you may consider evidence of motive or lack of motive as a circumstance in the case.

The Defendant is presumed innocent until the contrary is proved. This presumption places upon the State of Nevada the burden of proving beyond a reasonable doubt every element of the crime charged and that the Defendant is the person who committed the offense.

A reasonable doubt is one based on reason. It is not mere possible doubt but is such a doubt as would govern or control a person in the more weighty affairs of life. If the minds of the jurors, after the entire comparison and consideration of all the evidence, are in such a condition that they can say they feel an abiding conviction of the truth of the charge, there is not a reasonable doubt. Doubt to be reasonable must be actual, not mere possibility or speculation.

If you have a reasonable doubt as to the guilt of the Defendant, he is entitled to a verdict of not guilty.

nINSTRUCTION NO. You are here to determine whether the State of Nevada has met its burden of proof from the evidence in the case. You are not called upon to return a verdict as to any other person. So, if the evidence in the case convinces you beyond a reasonable doubt of the guilt of either or both of the Defendants, you should so find, even though you may believe one or more persons are also guilty.

The evidence which you are to consider in this case consists of the testimony of the witnesses, the exhibits, and any facts admitted or agreed to by counsel.

There are two types of evidence; direct and circumstantial. Direct evidence is the testimony of a person who claims to have personal knowledge of the commission of the crime which has been charged, such as an eyewitness. Circumstantial evidence is the proof of a chain of facts and circumstances which tend to show whether the Defendant is guilty or not guilty. The law makes no distinction between the weight to be given either direct or circumstantial evidence. Therefore, all of the evidence in the case, including the circumstantial evidence, should be considered by you in arriving at your verdict.

Statements, arguments and opinions of counsel are not evidence in the case.
However, if the attorneys stipulate to the existence of a fact, you must accept the stipulation
as evidence and regard that fact as proved.

You must not speculate to be true any insinuations suggested by a question asked a witness. A question is not evidence and may be considered only as it supplies meaning to the answer.

You must disregard any evidence to which an objection was sustained by the courtand any evidence ordered stricken by the court.

Anything you may have seen or heard outside the courtroom is not evidence and must
also be disregarded.

The credibility or believability of a witness should be determined by his manner upon the stand, his relationship to the parties, his fears, motives, interests or feelings, his opportunity to have observed the matter to which he testified, the reasonableness of his statements and the strength or weakness of his recollections.

If you believe a witness has lied about any material fact in the case, you may disregard the entire testimony of that witness or any portion of his testimony which is not proved by other evidence.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

You have heard testimony from DeShawn Robinson who was previously charged with Conspiracy to Commit Robbery, Attempt Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon, and Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon. The testimony was given in exchange for his charges being reduced to Conspiracy to Commit Robbery and Attempt Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon. This is a benefit to a person sentenced. Because DeShawn Robinson will not be sentenced until after the trial of Raekwon Robertson, Davontae Wheeler, and Demario Lofton-Robinson there are possible related pressures upon him when he testified. You may consider these factors and the possible related pressures in determining his credibility and the extent to which they influenced his testimony. You should view his testimony with greater caution than that of other witnesses.

INSTRUCTION NO. <u>10</u>

The fact that a witness has entered a plea to a felony, if such be a fact, may be considered by you only for the purpose of determining the credibility of that witness. The fact of such a conviction does not necessarily destroy or impair the witness' credibility. It is one of the circumstances that you may take into consideration in weighing the testimony of such a witness.

INSTRUCTION NO. _//

A conviction shall not be had on the testimony of an accomplice unless the accomplice is corroborated by other evidence which in itself and without the aid of the testimony of the accomplice tends to connect the defendant with the commission of the offense and the corroboration shall not be sufficient if it merely shows the commission of the offense or the circumstances thereof. An accomplice is hereby defined as one who is liable for prosecution for the identical offenses charged against the defendants on trial in the cause in which the testimony of the accomplice is given.

9 You are instructed that DeShawn Robinson is an accomplice. However, it is not necessary that the corroborating evidence be sufficient in itself to establish every element of 10 the offense charged or that it corroborate every fact to which the accomplice testifies. 11 Evidence to corroborate accomplice testimony does not suffice if it merely casts grave 12 suspicion on the defendant. Further, where the connecting evidence shows no more than an 13 opportunity to commit a crime, simply proves suspicion, or it equally supports a reasonable 14 explanation pointing toward innocent conduct on the part of the defendant, the evidence is to 15 16 be deemed insufficient.

In determining whether an accomplice has been corroborated, you must first assume the testimony of the accomplice has been removed from the case. You must then determine whether there is sufficient evidence which tends to connect the defendant with the commission of the offense. If there is not sufficient independent evidence which tends to connect the defendant with the commission of the offense the testimony of the accomplice is not corroborated. If there is such sufficient independent evidence, which you believe, then the testimony of the accomplice is corroborated.

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The law never imposes upon a defendant in a criminal case the burden of calling any witnesses or introducing any evidence. It is a constitutional right of a defendant in a criminal trial that he may not be compelled to testify.

Thus, the decision as to whether he should testify is left to the Defendant on the advice and counsel of his attorney. You must not draw any inference of guilt from the fact that he does not testify, nor should this fact be discussed by you or enter into your deliberations in any way.



 INSTRUCTION NO An act done with intent to commit a crime, and tending but failing to accomp an attempt to commit that crime. The elements of an attempt to commit a crime are: 	
 an attempt to commit that crime. The elements of an attempt to commit a crime are: 	
5 1. The intent to commit the crime;	
6 2. The performance of some act towards its commission; and	
7 3. The failure to consummate its commission.	
8 In determining whether or not such an act was done, it is necessary to disting	uish
9 between mere preparation, on the one hand, and the actual commencement of the do	oing of
10 the criminal deed, on the other. Mere preparation, which may consist of planning the	ne offense
11 or of devising, obtaining or arranging the means for its commission, is not sufficient	t to
12 constitute an attempt; but acts of a person who intends to commit a crime will const	itute an
13 attempt where they themselves clearly indicate a certain, unambiguous intent to con	nmit that
14 specific crime, and, in themselves, are an immediate step in the present execution of	f the
15 criminal design, the progress of which would be completed unless interrupted by so	me
16 circumstance not intended in the original design.	[
17 When a person has once done things which constitute an attempt to commit a	a crime,
18 he cannot avoid responsibility by failing to proceed further to commit that crime, eit	ther by
19 reason of voluntarily abandoning his purpose or because he was prevented or interfe	ered with
20 in completing the crime.	
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1 INSTRUCTION NO. 2 Robbery is the unlawful taking of personal property from the person of another, or in 3 his presence, against his will, by means of force or violence or fear of injury, immediate or 4 future, to his person or property, or the person or property of a member of his family, or of 5 anyone in his company at the time of the robbery. Such force or fear must be used to: 6 1. Obtain or retain possession of the property; 7 2. To prevent or overcome resistance to the taking of the property; or 8 3. To facilitate escape with the property. 9 In any case the degree of force is immaterial if used to compel acquiescence to the 10 taking of or escaping with the property. Such taking constitutes robbery whenever it appears 11 that, although the taking was fully completed without the knowledge of the person from 12 whom taken, such knowledge was prevented by the use of force or fear. 13 The value of property or money taken is not an element of the crime of Robbery, and 14 it is only necessary that the State prove the taking of some property or money. Personal property is "in the presence" of a person, in respect to robbery, when it is 15 16 within the person's reach, inspection, observation or control, and the person could, if not 17 prevented by intimidation or threat of violence, retain possession of the property. 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

	11.
1	INSTRUCTION NO. 19
2	Murder is the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought, either
3	express or implied. The unlawful killing may be affected by any of the various means by
4	which death may be occasioned.
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Malice aforethought means the intentional doing of a wrongful act without legal cause or excuse or what the law considers adequate provocation. The condition of mind described as malice aforethought may arise, from anger, hatred, revenge, or from particular ill will, spite or grudge toward the person killed. It may also arise from any unjustifiable or unlawful motive or purpose to injure another, proceeding from a heart fatally bent on mischief or with reckless disregard of consequences and social duty. Malice aforethought does not imply deliberation or the lapse of any considerable time between the malicious intention to injure another and the actual execution of the intent but denotes an unlawful purpose and design as opposed to accident and mischance.

INSTRUCTION NO. Express malice is that deliberate intention unlawfully to take away the life of a human being, which is manifested by external circumstances capable of proof. Malice may be implied when no considerable provocation appears, or when all the circumstances of the killing show an abandoned and malignant heart.

INSTRUCTION NO. Murder of the First Degree is murder which is (1) perpetrated by any kind of willful, deliberate and premeditated killing; or (2) committed in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of any robbery.



Murder of the first degree is murder which is perpetrated by means of any kind of willful, deliberate, and premeditated killing. All three elements -- willfulness, deliberation, and premeditation -- must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt before an accused can be convicted of first-degree murder.

Willfulness is the intent to kill. There need be no appreciable space of time between formation of the intent to kill and the act of killing.

8 Deliberation is the process of determining upon a course of action to kill as a result of
9 thought, including weighing the reasons for and against the action and considering the
10 consequences of the actions.

A deliberate determination may be arrived at in a short period of time. But in all cases the determination must not be formed in passion, or if formed in passion, it must be carried out after there has been time for the passion to subside and deliberation to occur. A mere unconsidered and rash impulse is not deliberate, even though it includes the intent to kill.

Premeditation is a design, a determination to kill, distinctly formed in the mind by the
time of the killing.

Premeditation need not be for a day, an hour, or even a minute. It may be as instantaneous as successive thoughts of the mind. For if the jury believes from the evidence that the act constituting the killing has been preceded by and has been the result of premeditation, no matter how rapidly the act follows the premeditation, it is premeditated.

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The law does not undertake to measure in units of time the length of the period during which the thought must be pondered before it can ripen into an intent to kill which is truly deliberate and premeditated. The time will vary with different individuals and under varying circumstances.

INSTRUCTION NO.

The true test is not the duration of time, but rather the extent of the reflection. A cold, calculated judgment and decision may be arrived at in a short period of time, but a mere unconsidered and rash impulse, even though it includes an intent to kill, is not deliberation and premeditation as will fix an unlawful killing as murder of the first degree.

There is a kind of murder which carries with it conclusive evidence of premeditation and malice aforethought. This class of first degree murder is a killing committed in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of a robbery. Therefore, a killing which is committed in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of a robbery is deemed to be Murder of the First Degree, whether the killing was intentional or unintentional or accidental. This is called the Felony-Murder Rule.

The intent to perpetrate or attempt to perpetrate robbery must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt.

For the purposes of the Felony–Murder Rule, the intent to commit the robbery must have arisen before or during the conduct resulting in death. However, in determining whether the Defendant had the requisite intent to commit robbery before or during the killing, you may infer that intent from the Defendant's actions during and immediately after the killing. There is no Felony-Murder where the robbery occurs as an afterthought following the killing.

INSTRUCTION NO. All murder which is not Murder of the First Degree is Murder of the Second Degree. Murder of the Second Degree is Murder with malice aforethought, but without the admixture of premeditation and deliberation.

You are instructed that if you find that the State has established that the defendant has committed First Degree Murder you shall select First Degree Murder as your verdict. The crime of First Degree Murder includes the crime of Second Degree Murder. You may find the defendant guilty of Second Degree Murder if:

1. You have not found, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the defendant is guilty of murder of the first degree, and

2. All twelve of you are convinced beyond a reasonable doubt the defendant is guilty of the crime of second degree murder.

If you are convinced beyond a reasonable doubt that the crime of murder has been committed by the defendant, but you have a reasonable doubt whether such murder was of the first or of the second degree, you must give the defendant the benefit of that doubt and return a verdict of murder of the second degree.

INSTRUCTION NO. 6 You are instructed that if you find a Defendant guilty of Attempt Robbery, or 1st or 2^{nd} Degree Murder, you must also determine whether or not a deadly weapon was used in the commission of this crime. If you find beyond a reasonable doubt that a deadly weapon was used in the commission of such an offense, then you shall return the appropriate guilty verdict reflecting "With Use of a Deadly Weapon". If, however, you find that a deadly weapon was not used in the commission of such an offense, but you find that it was committed, then you shall return the appropriate guilty verdict reflecting that a deadly weapon was not used.

"Deadly weapon" means any instrument which, if used in the ordinary manner contemplated by its design and construction, will or is likely to cause substantial bodily harm or death; any weapon, device, instrument, material or substance which, under the circumstances in which it is used, attempted to be used or threatened to be used, is readily capable of causing substantial bodily harm or death.

You are instructed that a firearm is a "deadly weapon."
In order to "use" a deadly weapon, there need not be conduct which actually produces harm but only conduct which produces a fear of harm or force by means or display of the deadly weapon in aiding the commission of the crime.

An unarmed offender "uses" a deadly weapon when the unarmed offender is liable as a principal for the offense that is sought to be enhanced, another principal to the offense is armed with and uses a deadly weapon in the commission of the offense, and the unarmed offender had knowledge of the use of the deadly weapon.

The State is not required to have recovered the deadly weapon used in an alleged crime, or to produce the deadly weapon in court at trial, to establish that a deadly weapon was used in the commission of the crime.

Conspiracy is an agreement or mutual understanding between two or more persons to commit a crime. To be guilty of conspiracy, a defendant must intend to commit, or to aid in the commission of the specific crime agreed to. The crime is the agreement to do something unlawful; it does not matter whether it was successful or not. It is not necessary in proving a conspiracy to show a meeting of the alleged conspirators or the making of an express or formal agreement. The formation and existence of a conspiracy may be inferred from all circumstances tending to show the common intent and may be proved in the same way as any other fact may be proved, either by direct testimony of the fact or by circumstantial evidence, or by both direct and circumstantial evidence.

A conspiracy to commit a crime does not end upon the completion of the crime. The conspiracy continues until the co-conspirators have successfully gotten away and concealed the crime. In order to find the defendant criminally liable for acts of another conspirator, 14 pursuant to a conspiracy to the crimes of Attempt Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon and First Degree Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon, you must find that the defendant 15 16 possessed the specific intent to commit those specific crimes.

17 Murder in the second degree may be a general intent crime. As such, Defendants may 18 be liable under conspiracy theory and/or aiding and abetting for murder of the second degree 19 for acts committed by a co-conspirator if the killing is one of the reasonably foreseeable consequences of the object of the conspiracy.

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Whenever a conspiracy exists, and a defendant was one of the members of the conspiracy, then the statements and the acts by any person likewise a member of the conspiracy may be considered by the jury as evidence in the case as to that defendant found to have been a member, even though the statements and acts may have occurred in the absence and without the knowledge of that defendant, provided such statements and acts were knowingly made and done during the continuance of such conspiracy, and in furtherance of some object or purpose of the conspiracy.

INSTRUCTION NO. Each member of a criminal conspiracy is liable for each act and bound by each declaration of every other member of the conspiracy if the act or the declaration is in furtherance of the object of the conspiracy. The act of one conspirator pursuant to or in furtherance of the common design of the conspiracy is the act of all conspirators. In order to find a defendant criminally liable for acts of another conspirator pursuant to a conspiracy to the crimes of Attempt Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon and First Degree Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon you must find that the defendant possessed the specific intent to commit those specific crimes. Murder in the Second Degree is a general intent crime, therefore defendants may be held liable under a conspiracy theory of liability if the killing is one of the reasonably foreseeable consequences of the object of the conspiracy.

Where two or more persons are accused of committing a crime together, their guilt may be established without proof that each personally did every act constituting the offence charged.

All persons concerned in the commission of a crime who either directly and actively commit the act constituting the offense or who knowingly and with criminal intent aid and abet in its commission or, whether present or not, who advise and encourage its commission, with the intent that the crime be committed, are regarded by the law as principals in the crime thus committed and are equally guilty thereof.

A person aids and abets the commission of a crime if he knowingly and with criminal intent aids, promotes, encourages or instigates by act or advice, or by act and advice, the commission of such crime with the intention that the crime be committed.

13 The State is not required to prove precisely which defendant actually committed the 14 crime and which defendant aided and abetted.

.15 For the defendant to be held accountable under the "aiding and abetting" principle of criminal liability in this case he must have specifically intended that the crimes of Attempt 16 17 Robbery with use of a Deadly Weapon and First Degree Murder with Use of a Deadly 18 Weapon be committed.

19 For the Defendants to be held accountable under an aiding and abetting principle of 20 criminal liability as to Second Degree Murder, the killing must be a reasonably foreseeable 21 consequence.

22 Mere presence at or near the scene of the crime or knowledge that a crime is being committed is not sufficient to establish that a defendant is guilty of an offense as an aider 24 and abettor unless you find beyond a reasonable doubt that a defendant was a participant and not merely a knowing spectator.

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INSTRUCTION NO. Your verdict must be unanimous. You do not have to be unanimous on the principle of criminal liability. It is sufficient that each of you find beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant committed the charged crime.

A witness who has special knowledge, skill, experience, training or education in a particular science, profession or occupation is an expert witness. An expert witness may give her opinion as to any matter in which she is skilled.

You should consider such expert opinion and weigh the reasons, if any, given for it. You are not bound, however, by such an opinion. Give it the weight to which you deem it entitled, whether that be great or slight, and you may reject it, if, in your judgment, the reasons given for it are unsound.

Although you are to consider only the evidence in the case in reaching a verdict, you must bring to the consideration of the evidence your everyday common sense and judgment as reasonable men and women. Thus, you are not limited solely to what you see and hear as the witnesses testify. You may draw reasonable inferences from the evidence which you feel are justified in the light of common experience, keeping in mind such inferences should not be based on speculation or guess.

8 A verdict may never be influenced by sympathy, prejudice or public opinion. Your
9 decision should be the product of sincere judgment and sound discretion in accordance with
10 these rules of law.

In your deliberation you may not discuss or consider the subject of punishment, as that is a matter which lies solely with the court. Your duty is confined to the determination of whether the State of Nevada has met its burden of proof as to each Defendant.

INSTRUCTION NO. During your deliberations you are not to communicate with anyone, in any manner regarding the facts and circumstances of this case or its merits, either by phone, email, text messaging, internet, or other means. You are admonished not to read, watch, or listen to any news or media accounts or commentary about the case. You are not permitted to do any independent research, such as consulting dictionaries, using the internet, or any other reference materials. You are further admonished not to conduct any investigation, test a theory of the case, re-create any aspect of the case, or in any other manner investigate or learn about the case on your own.

When you retire to consider your verdict, you must first select one of your member to act as foreperson who will preside over your deliberation, and will be your spokesperson in court.

During your deliberation, you will have all the exhibits admitted into evidence, these written instructions, and forms of verdict prepared for your convenience.

Your verdict must be unanimous. As soon as you agree upon a verdict, the foreperson shall sign and date the verdict form and return with it to this room.

Now you will listen to the arguments of counsel who will endeavor to aid you to reach a proper verdict by refreshing in your minds the evidence and by showing the application thereof to the law; but, whatever counsel may say, you will bear in mind it is your duty to be governed in your deliberation by the evidence as you understand it and remember it to be and by the law as given to you in these instructions, with the sole, fixed and steadfast purpose of doing equal and exact justice between each Defendant and the State of Nevada.

GIVEN:

DISTRICT JUDGE

	FILED IN OPEN COURT STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF THE COURT		
1	(FEB 2 4) 2020		
2	DISTRICT COURT		
3	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA BY, HALY PANNULLO, DEPUTY		
4	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
5	Plaintiff, CASE NO: C-17-328587-3		
6	-vs- } DEPT NO: XII		
7	DAVONTAE WHEELER,		
8	Defendant.		
9)		
10			
11	VERDICT		
12			
13	We, the jury in the above entitled case, find the Defendant DAVONTAE WHEELER,		
14	as follows:		
15	<u>COUNT 1</u> – CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY, (please check the		
16	appropriate box, select only one)		
17	Guilty of Conspiracy to Commit Robbery		
18	□ Not Guilty		
19	COUNT 2 – ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON,		
20	(please check the appropriate box, select only one)		
21	☐ Guilty of Attempt Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon		
22	Guilty of Attempt Robbery		
23	⊠ Not Guilty		
24	///		
25	///		
26			
27	///		
28	/// C - 17 - 328587 - 3		
	VER Verdict 4900313		
	2-24-21		

1	<u>COUNT 3</u> – MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON, (please check the
2	appropriate box, select only one)
3	Guilty of First Degree Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon
4	Guilty of First Degree Murder
5	Guilty of Second Degree Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon
6	Guilty of Second Degree Murder
7	□ Not Guilty
8	
9	DATED this <u>24</u> day of February, 2020
10	n/5
11	Ghy Service FOREPERSON
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C-17-328587-3

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	February 12, 2020
C-17-328587-3	State of Nevad vs Davontae Who		
February 12, 202	0 08:30 AM	Jury Trial	
HEARD BY:	Leavitt, Michelle	COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D	
COURT CLERK:	Pannullo, Haly		
RECORDER:	Richardson, Sara		
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESI	ENT:		
Davontae Amarri Wheeler		Defendant	
Giancarlo Pesci		Attorney for Plaintiff	
James J. Rugge	roli	Attorney for Defendant	
Parker Brooks		Attorney for Plaintiff	
State of Nevada		Plaintiff	
		JOURNAL ENTRIES	

Michael Sanft, Esq., present on behalf of Co-Defendant.

OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE PROSPECTIVE JURORS:

Mr. Ruggeroli moved to strike the panel and made record of Batson Challenge. Matter argued by counsel. Mr. Ruggeroli requested an Evidentiary Hearing. COURT SO ORDERED. Court made record of calculations. Stated objected to Evidentiary Hearing. Mariah Witt SWORN and TESTIFIED. COURT ORDERED, Motion to Strike Jury Venire DENIED.

PROSPECTIVE JURORS PRESENT:

Voir Dire.

OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE PROSPECTIVE JURORS:

Mr. Sanft requested the Court consider challenge under Batson. Arguments by counsel. Mr. Ruggeroli joined Mr. Sanft's requested. COURT ORDERED, request DENIED and made the determination that there is no showing made as to the first step of analysis.

JURY PRESENT:

Jury selected.

COURT ORDERED, trial CONTINUED.



Electronically Filed 8/4/2020 8:43 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

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	CLARK CC	RICT COURT DUNTY, NEVADA * * * *
	*	
T	HE STATE OF NEVADA,) CASE NO. C-17-328587-2) CASE NO. C-17-328587-3
	Plaintiff,) DEPT. NO. XII
v))
a	AEKWON SETREY ROBERTSON, /k/a RAEKWON ROBERTSON, ND DAVONTAE AMARRI WHEELER,)))
	Defendants.	
	BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHEL	-' LE LEAVITT, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
	WEDNESDAY, H	FEBRUARY 12, 2020
		CRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS: RIAL - DAY 2
A	PPEARANCES:	
F	OR THE STATE:	GIANCARLO PESCI, ESQ. Chief Deputy District Attorney
		PARKER P. BROOKS, ESQ. Deputy District Attorney
F	OR DEFENDANT ROBERTSON:	MICHAEL W. SANFT, ESQ.
F	OR DEFENDANT WHEELER:	JAMES J. RUGGEROLI, ESQ.
R T	ECORDED BY: SARA RICHARDSON RANSCRIBED BY: VERBATIM DIC	I, COURT RECORDER GITAL REPORTING, LLC
	F	Page 1

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 2020, 9:15 A.M. 1 2 (Outside the presence of the prospective jurors) 3 THE MARSHAL: Come to order. Court is now in 4 session. THE COURT: Okay. The record will reflect that the 5 6 hearing is taking place outside --7 THE MARSHAL: Thank you, everyone. Please be 8 seated. THE COURT: -- the presence of the jury panel. 9 We do have a full panel here now, but I was told there's 10 11 something outside the presence. MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes, Your Honor. 12 Judge, we're going to move to strike the venire 13 panel based on the underrepresentation of African-Americans. 14 15 THE COURT: After a full day of selection? 16 MR. RUGGEROLI: Well, Judge, at the end of 17 yesterday, I did speak to my client. I'm not aware of a strict timeliness provision, but I am bringing this to the 18 Court's attention this morning --19 20 THE COURT: Okay. MR. RUGGEROLI: -- after doing some research. 21 It is accurate, of course, that we were provided with the jury list. 22 The list indicates that there are three African-Americans, but 23 I believe that there are only two present on the panel because 24 25 one did not appear.

1 So there are 60 prospective jurors as a part of the 2 panel as a whole. Had there been three African-Americans, it would have been 5 percent. So we're down to two; it's below 3 that. And so, based on the Buchanan v. State, Judge, the 4 Court in Nevada though has already ruled that African-5 6 Americans are a distinct group. 7 THE COURT: They're a distinct group. MR. RUGGEROLI: Correct. And in this particular 8 instance, Judge, 2 out of 60 is a sufficient enough number 9 that we are arguing that it was under-representative. 10 THE COURT: Okay. 11 MR. RUGGEROLI: As far as the third prong --12 THE COURT: And so have you -- and you understand, 13 in determining that, the test that our Supreme Court uses? 14 15 MR. RUGGEROLI: For the --16 THE COURT: The comparative disparity and the 17 distinctive -- the distinct -- I think it's a comparative 18 analysis. Yes. 19 MR. RUGGEROLI: Yeah. THE COURT: The comparative disparity. 20 To calculate the absolute and 21 MR. RUGGEROLI: 22 comparative disparities, Judge. 23 THE COURT: There you go. MR. RUGGEROLI: I don't have the exact numbers. T 24 would just point out, in the Morgan case -- and that's 416 25

P.3d 212; it's a 2018 Nevada Supreme Court opinion. In that case, the panel was 45 members, there were three African-Americans. The Court in that case calculated a comparative disparity of 43.2 percent.

In this particular instance, because we've only got 2 of 60 -- and again, I didn't do the math -- I verified with Mr. Wheeler this morning, and I made the State aware that we were going to raise this issue. I believe that Mr. Sanft is going to join as well.

But based on that analysis, Judge, I do think the numbers would comport with the standard of being collectively of 50 percent or more, and so we would have underrepresentation based on those numbers, Judge.

14	MR.	PESCI:	Sure. Mr. Sanft, are you joining?
15	MR.	SANFT:	Yes, I'm joining, Your Honor.
16	THE	COURT:	Okay.

MR. PESCI: Okay. Your Honor, first and foremost, what you pointed out at the very beginning is absolutely essential. This is a day late and a dollar short, and here's why: what are we going to do to address this now?

We have, by my count, released 17 people, none of which have been objected to by the defense, including one individual who didn't even step in the courtroom, which is I think Miles Ealy, Badge number 533, who, when you look at it, he lists race, "Other race"; ethnicity, "Non-Hispanic Latino."

We don't know what he is. He never even walked in the room
 because, as I understand it, he had pink eye.

THE COURT: That's correct.

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MR. PESCI: Right. So if you're going to make an objection like this, you have to do it in a timely fashion so we have everybody here to be able to do these calculations. How do we do the calculations when 17 people out of the 60 have been taken out, and 17 that no one from the defense objected to? So the numbers are all askew now because we don't even know.

He talked about how, per the information we got from the Jury Commissioner, there are three African-Americans. He says that he saw two, so are we presupposing then the race of an individual? We don't know for sure. Some people will identify as one thing, and they won't as another. We don't know.

17 That's the quandary of this. I'm just going to say on the record -- it will haunt me later on in front of the 18 Supreme Court -- that's the craziness of this Batson challenge 19 analysis, is that we're supposed to look into the crowd and 20 21 assess ethnicity, which, by the way, we're not supposed to consider when we're making these decisions, and then figure 22 out, okay, is this person African-American? Are they 23 Hispanic? Are they Polynesian? What are they? 24 And then we've been in court, Your Honor, where 25

1 we've had people from the defense asking Your Honor to ask the 2 jurors, right?

THE COURT: Yeah, and I won't do it.

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MR. PESCI: Exactly, right. And then, guess what. You remember in that case when you said that, but you provided the opportunity for the defense? Not the ones here. They wouldn't ask. They wouldn't ask, right? Because no one wants to tick people off and say, what are you? Understandably, people don't react well when these kinds of questions are asked.

So going back to it, I don't know how we can do the third prong that we've been told to do via the case law, because 17 people are no longer in this. What were they? We don't know for sure, right? And so this is late, it's untimely. It needs to be done at the front end of this. And the comparative analysis also, we're going to -- I'm going to turn over to Mr. Brooks.

18 THE COURT: I mean, can we do that analysis based on 19 the paperwork that we got?

20 MR. PESCI: Well, I don't know, because like the 21 individual that I just said that had the pink eye, he put --22 THE COURT: Right.

23 MR. PESCI: -- "Other" and "Unknown." So without 24 him being present to be able to ask those questions -- and 25 thankfully, I'm very grateful that we don't have pink eye in

1 the courtroom right now.

2 THE COURT: Right. MR. PESCI: But we don't have him to be able to do 3 4 that. And I've argued in other cases when they argued 5 structural error that we should just bring jurors back, and 6 the Supreme Court told me, no, you can't do that. So I really don't know how we're supposed to recreate it since they told 7 us you couldn't in other cases. 8 MR. BROOKS: So, Judge, I don't know how first you 9 go from three to two, even though the sheet says three. And 10 so you've randomly chosen -- Mr. Ruggeroli's randomly chosen 11 Mr. Ealy, who lists "Other," and then somehow --12 MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, I object. It's a female. We 13 14 have --MR. BROOKS: Oh. 15 MR. RUGGEROLI: I'm not randomly, but the jury list 16 itself says that there are a total of three; two female, one 17 male. So that's not accurate --18 19 MR. BROOKS: So --MR. RUGGEROLI: -- that I'm randomly selecting a 20 21 male. MR. BROOKS: Okay, sorry, I thought that was Mr. 22 Ealy. But moreover, you can't use 60 as the number that we're 23 doing this analysis on because 12 are listed as "Other." And 24 if you see on United States v. Hernandez-Estrada, other courts 25

have held that courts should avoid distorting the numbers, and
 anyone whose racial identification is unknown should be
 excluded from the calculation.

So right here, you have a motion that's brought in 4 5 front of you by someone who hasn't done the calculations and 6 just wants to use the 60, when really, 48 needs to be used. 7 You've been provided no numbers as far as the most recent So let's assume that African-Americans in the most 8 census. recent census was approximately 12.8. Let's round that --9 THE COURT: Well, was it? Is that the accurate 10 11 number?

MR. BROOKS: Well, the defense hasn't actually made this argument, but I'm --

14 THE COURT: Right. I mean, I believe they have to 15 make a prima facie showing. That is correct.

16 MR. BROOKS: And so, let's say they were to actually 17 use 12.8, which would have been the number.

18 THE COURT: Okay.

MR. BROOKS: 12.8 then out of 48 should have come to about 6.2, but you can't have 2.24 humans, so let's put that at 7. There were three. 3 divided by 7, when doing the absolute disparity analysis, would get us to approximately 42 percent, which is under 50. And just to clarify what I did there, essentially, I took 7, subtracted 3, which is what we had, got an absolute disparity of 3.24. And then, when I had

that, did the division by the number that we should have had. 1 2 So I mean, that's kind of what I've done here on a backhand 3 calculation. THE COURT: Okay. So basically, you're contending 4 5 they haven't met the second prong; they haven't made a prima 6 facie showing? 7 MR. BROOKS: I mean, I think the biggest issue is Mr. Pesci's comment, which is it's a day late, but I'm trying 8 to do this analysis just real quickly with the limited stuff 9 we have. I would have taken more time, had I known. 10 So that's all I wanted to add with regard to that. 11 THE COURT: Okay, because it's my concern that you 12 haven't made a prima facie showing. 13 MR. RUGGEROLI: Yeah. Just briefly --14 15 THE COURT: I mean, we have Morgan; we have the 16 Valentine case. 17 MR. RUGGEROLI: Yeah. Just briefly, Judge. In the Morgan case, I don't believe that stands for the proposition 18 that there is a timeliness requirement at all. I didn't hear 19 the State provide you with any authority. That's just an 20 argument. I think it makes sense, but it's --21

THE COURT: Well, of course it makes sense --MR. RUGGEROLI: But it's --23 THE COURT: -- so we don't spend a day and waste 24 everybody's time picking a jury if the Court -- if it's a 25

22

1 righteous challenge, you know? So can you challenge the 2 cross-section after we have a jury impaneled --

MR. RUGGEROLI: Well --

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THE COURT: -- and we've already gone to trial? I mean, it doesn't make sense.

MR. RUGGEROLI: We don't have that though. 6 What we 7 have is, in the Morgan case, it was 45 panel members, and at that time, Clark County apparently had 11.8 percent African-8 9 Americans. I do think it's higher, over 12 percent, at this point. There were three people -- three African-Americans on 10 that panel, and that, the Court held, was not sufficient 11 enough. I don't have the exact number for the disparity, but 12 in this particular case, because it's 60 -- we use the 60 13 14 number for the panel that is present. That's the group that we're selecting from. Out of this panel --15

16 THE COURT: Even though there's 12 people that have 17 said, "Other"?

18 MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay, I'm looking specifically at 19 African-American because that's the distinctive group. And so 20 based on --

THE COURT: Right, but those 12 people that say "Other," I mean, we don't know their race, correct?

23 MR. RUGGEROLI: I agree with that. I am specifying 24 this specifically to African-Americans because that is the 25 group that the court, especially in <u>Morgan</u>, has said, "We're

1 recognizing this as a distinct group." If there were three on 2 this panel -- and I don't think that there are. I think that 3 there's only two, because it's -- this Race Report that we've 4 been provided says that two were female, and one were male. 5 So I'm just looking at the numbers, and I don't believe that 6 there are two females out of the 60.

7 If there had been three, it was only 5 percent of 8 this panel. So our argument, Judge, is that this is an 9 important issue. Of course it causes frustrations, but this 10 particular portion of the law --

11 THE COURT: Listen, I don't have any problem. I get 12 these challenges all the time.

MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes.

13

14 THE COURT: But I've never had one after a day of 15 jury selection.

MR. RUGGEROLI: I understand. I do think in the Morgan case -- and I was just trying to look back to make sure. But I think that they went -- they may have raised the issue the first day, but they didn't finalize their argument, and I think it did go into the second day.

Nevertheless, I'm not aware of a specific timeliness provision that requires us to make the motion the moment the panel comes in. In a perfect world, I would have preferred to raise this sooner, but Judge, here's where we're at today and this is the record that we're making. So we are moving to

1 strike based on the under --

2 THE COURT: But you haven't done any of the calculations for me to even make a determination. You haven't 3 done the comparative disparity, the absolute disparity, 4 because according to the State, you haven't made a prima facie 5 showing. So I'll give you an opportunity to do that. 6 7 MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay. THE COURT: But I believe that you have to comply --8 MR. RUGGEROLI: Even if the number were 3 out of 9 60, the percentage is 5 percent, and that's not enough to 10 represent the collective whole of our community, which should 11 12 be 12 or more percent. 13 THE COURT: So what's the absolute disparity? 14 MR. RUGGEROLI: I don't have that --15 THE COURT: I mean, I'm just --MR. RUGGEROLI: I know. 16 -- being honest, I'm not a math person. 17 THE COURT: MR. RUGGEROLI: Correct, and that's one of the --18 19 THE COURT: I'm just not. I agree, and neither am I, Judge. Ι 20 MR. RUGGEROLI: 21 would just say that it's enough over the mark that 5 percent 22 would be greater than the 50 percent disparity. THE COURT: Okay, and then how about the third step? 23 I mean, are you contending you're entitled to an evidentiary 24 hearing? I mean, what are your allegations as to the 25

1 underrepresentation is due to systematic exclusion of the 2 group in jury selection?

MR. RUGGEROLI: That this is a particular issue that the Clerk -- I don't have something that I can say, this is exactly what they did. I can tell you that, systematically speaking, overall, there should be policies and procedures in place that don't lead to where we're at, where there is underrepresentation.

9 And when you add all of the cases together, I would 10 argue that this is a problem that is recurring enough to where 11 it is systematic. There should be something in place. It 12 wouldn't be the defense's burden to establish what that policy 13 is, what that procedure actually is --

14 THE COURT: Well, you have to make allegations to 15 entitle you to an evidentiary hearing.

MR. RUGGEROLI: Well, I'm saying that the notion of systematic is based on this issue coming up repetitively in jury pools in this county that are underrepresentative. It's just -- I'm saying that it basically is something that Your Honor can take notice of.

THE COURT: Okay, and are you familiar with the Valentine case that came out in December?

MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, I did not reference that.
 THE COURT: Okay, because I'm just -- it doesn't
 appear to me as though -- I mean, it sounds like you're making

1 general allegations and nothing specific.

MR. PESCI: The tough thing if I could, Your		
Honor is that, as you pointed out, <u>Valentine</u> is the most		
recent conversation about this, and it's really nebulous as to		
what is a prima facie case. What they said was in that		
case, I believe they said it was did they say it was not?		
I can't remember. But like, the problem is, we don't know for		
sure what is a prima facie case and what isn't.		
So I appreciate what you just said, which is, what's		
your remedy; what are you asking for? And so, I feel like		
you're providing him that remedy, and I'm not sure if they're		
taking it, because to me, the remedy per that case is we get		
the Jury Commissioner in here and you have to ask questions,		
assuming he actually made the prima facie case, which the		
5 State's not conceding, right? So is that the remedy that's		
requested?		
THE COURT: That's what I'm asking.		
MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes, Judge.		
THE COURT: You're requesting an evidentiary		
hearing?		
MR. RUGGEROLI: Here's the thing.		
THE COURT: I mean, this is why you should do it in		
the beginning, because now I have a jury panel out there		
MR. RUGGEROLI: I understand.		
THE COURT: that's now going to sit, and I have		

to get the Jury Commissioner up here. 1 2 MR. RUGGEROLI: Correct. THE COURT: So if that's what you're asking --3 MR. RUGGEROLI: It is. 4 THE COURT: Get the Jury Commissioner up. 5 Let me 6 know when she's here. 7 THE MARSHAL: Yes, ma'am. THE CLERK: I'll e-mail her. Well, do you want me 8 to call? I'll call. 9 THE MARSHAL: Do you want me to call her? 10 THE CLERK: I'll call. 11 (Off the record at 9:30 A.M. until 9:49 A.M.) 12 (Outside the presence of the prospective jurors) 13 THE MARSHAL: Please come to order. Court is now 14 back in session. 15 THE COURT: Okay. The record will reflect that the 16 17 hearing is continuing to take place outside the presence of 18 the jury panel. So I had a few minutes to do these calculations, and 19 20 I used the entire jury panel, 60. And in the Morgan case, they used 11.8 percent. Since no one has told me what it is 21 in Clark County, I'm going to use 12 percent. So I come up 22 with an absolute disparity of 7 percent, and a comparative 23 24 disparity of 58.33 percent. 25 However, the third prong is that the

1 underrepresentation is due to systemic exclusion of the group 2 in jury selection process, and I haven't heard any allegations 3 as to that.

MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you, Judge. Your Honor,
<u>Valentine</u> references <u>Evans</u>, which references <u>Duren</u>, D-u-r-e-n,
<u>vs. Missouri</u>. That's a United State Supreme Court case. The
<u>Duren</u> court explained that, quote, "Systematic exclusion means
underrepresentation inherent in the particular jury selection
process utilized."

Because -- and I greatly appreciate Your Honor doing 10 those numbers and an absolute disparity test. We are good 11 with that 58 percent disparity. The Court has found that 12 anything over 50 percent is a prima facie showing, and because 13 of that, we would argue that that shifts the burden to the 14 State at this point to show that the jury selection process --15 THE COURT: Okay, but again, in Valentine, they said 16 17 you get an evidentiary hearing if you set forth specific facts 18 that are not belied by the record, which requires us to expand 19 the record.

20 MR. RUGGEROLI: Agreed. So I think that the burden 21 though has now shifted to the State to establish that the jury 22 selection process is not inherently --

23 THE COURT: Okay. You understand you have to meet 24 the three prongs?

MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes.

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THE COURT: The third prong is that this 1 underrepresentation is due to systematic exclusion of the 2 group in the jury selection process, and I haven't heard any 3 allegations or theories of how that happens in Clark County. 4 MR. RUGGEROLI: But -- and I just want to make sure 5 6 that we're -- that I'm following the proper line of inquiry 7 based on Valentine. 8 THE COURT: I mean, because clearly, that's where 9 it's going to --10 MR. RUGGEROLI: Right. THE COURT: -- to lie. 11 MR. RUGGEROLI: I just believe that --12 THE COURT: I mean, I believe the first two prongs, 13 you have met. 14 MR. RUGGEROLI: Right. And so what I would say is 15 that, in <u>Valentine</u>, it clarifies that, once we establish that 16 17 prima facie violation, which is Prong 2, then the burden 18 shifts to the government to show that the disparity is 19 justified. And --20 THE COURT: Okay. Again, I think you have to make 21 allegations. I'm just going to let you call the Jury 22 Commissioner. 23 MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay. THE COURT: And I don't know, Mr. Pesci, did you 24 25 want to --

MR. PESCI: I just want to make a record. 1 I'm not 2 sure if he's done. I'll wait until he's done. 3 MR. RUGGEROLI: If you'd like me to call the Jury 4 Commissioner, then I will follow through with the questioning 5 now. THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Pesci? 6 7 MR. PESCI: Judge, so thank you very much for doing those numbers. Again, we're objecting, not to you or that 8 calculation, Your Honor; to the concept of doing it a day late 9 and a dollar short, right? Because you just said that you 10 utilized the number 60 ---11 THE COURT: Yeah. 12 MR. PESCI: -- which is where we get these numbers 13 14 of 7 percent absolute and 58 percent comparative, right? The 15 State's argument -- and I do concede that I don't know of a case on point; but if there isn't, there should be, which is 16 this should be done at the front end. This should be done so 17 that we have a proper number to work with, because we've got a 18 19 number of 60, because that's the number that originally came in, but actually not, and 17 have been kicked, and there are 20 21 12 in an "Other" category. THE COURT: Well, actually, it was 59 because I let 22 23 that one juror go. So I probably -- I probably should have 24 used the number 59 instead of 60. MR. PESCI: I don't think it will skew it below the 25

1 50 though.

2

THE COURT: Right.

3 I agree with you. But that's a perfect MR. PESCI: 4 example, and I wanted to highlight that, because that individual didn't come into the courtroom, and that individual 5 checked "Other," and then didn't check anything else. 6 We 7 don't know what that person is; African-American, Hispanic. 8 We just don't know. That's the inherent problem; it's got nothing to do with the commissioner. Someone comes in, they 9 can just check nothing, they can check what they identify 10 11 with, they can check whatever.

And so we're making an objection for the record, 12 Your Honor, as far as this being late, because it skews the 13 numbers. There could be numbers that we could dig deeper into 14 when we had everybody here to change that 60, to change that 15 16 12 percent, to change -- not the 12 percent, but change who 17 actually identifies or who is African-American.

Shifting away from that, as you've pointed out, has 18 there been a prima facie showing? You know, when you look at 19 the actual case, which, you know, I understand why the Court 20 does it, but it's also a little maddening, because it says 21 here, "Although this Court has not articulated" -- this is 22 23 from Valentine.

24 25

Right. "Has not articulated the circumstances MR. PESCI:

THE COURT:

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in which a district court should hold an evidentiary hearing 1 2 when presented with a fair cross-section challenge, it has 3 done so in other contexts." So then it talks about these 4 other contexts, and it says that -- and in this particular 5 case, there was a specific allegation in Valentine. 6 THE COURT: Right. 7 MR. PESCI: And the allegation was, as I understand 8 it, that, you know what, there's too many summonses going to 9 places that it shouldn't be. 10 THE COURT: That's correct. MR. PESCI: Like, there should be more in some other 11 location. Now, for the record, I don't think they've met 12 that, not even close. They haven't even alleged that. I'm 13 14 giving them that from the case itself. There's been no specificity; therefore, they haven't met that burden. 15 16 But Judge, I don't want to risk it. I don't want to 17 risk it. The Jury Commissioner is here, which is wonderful 18 that she can come so quickly. I'm extremely grateful. I'd 19 rather go forward. But by going forward, the State is not conceding that they've met their burden, because they haven't. 20 THE COURT: Right. I mean, that's my concern. I 21 22 think there's been general allegations. And again, in the 23 Valentine case, where they said an evidentiary hearing was 24 appropriate, there were two distinctive theories about why we 25 got this underrepresentation of African-Americans in the jury

1 selection process.

2 But I'm going to allow you to call the Jury 3 Commissioner. I'm very, very grateful that she came up here 4 so quickly. So you can call her to the stand. 5 MR. RUGGEROLI: Please. Yes. Thank you, Your 6 Honor. THE CLERK: Can you please raise your right hand? 7 MARIAH WITT, DEFENSE'S WITNESS, SWORN 8 You may be seated. Please state and 9 THE CLERK: spell your first and last name for the record. 10 11 THE WITNESS: Mariah Witt. M-a-r-i-a-h, W-i-t-t. MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Go ahead. 13 (Testimony outside the presence of the jury panel.) 14 15 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. RUGGEROLI: 16 17 0 Good morning, Ms. Witt. 18 Good morning. Α Could you tell us how you're employed, please? 19 0 I'm the Jury Commissioner for the Eighth Judicial 20 Α 21 District Court. Thank you. Is it within your purview to be very 22 Q familiar with the laws as it relates to jury selection; in 23 particular, regarding African-American individuals from the 24 community? 25
A I don't believe the law specifically addresses race or ethnicity. It states a fair cross-section -- or, excuse me, random selection. I'm sorry. That's what is addressed in the law.

5 Q And so you're familiar with the procedures that the 6 -- your office uses to send out summons to bring people in to 7 serve as jurors?

8 A Yes.

9 Q And could you just briefly describe how that 10 operates, and whether or not -- just explain quickly how the 11 process generally works.

A Okay. Well, we summon jurors six weeks in advance, so we don't really know what our schedule's going to look like. So we have come up with kind of a determination, based on our volume, what we -- the number of people we need to summon.

So six weeks in advance, I summon jurors. I create 17 a pool for every day of the week, or one of my staff, and it's 18 6,300 jurors a week in advance. And you just simply put in 19 the date; the number required on that given date. And on 20 Mondays, it's 2,000; Tuesdays, 1,500; Wednesdays and Thursdays 21 are 1,000; Fridays are 800. So we do that six weeks in 22 advance every week, so by -- each of those pools are created 23 in advance. And I simply put in the date, and the number 24 required for that date, and create the pool that way. 25

1 How does the selection of where to send the summons 0 2 to -- how is that process dictated? What formula is used? 3 Well, it's in the jury management system. The jury Α 4 management system randomly selects jurors from our master 5 list. And is that master list based on population and zip Q 6 7 code, or just zip code, or how is the jury list --It's composed of the four sources that are required 8 А under NRS. 9 10 Okay, and what are those? 0 That would be Nevada DMV, Nevada Energy, voter 11 Α 12 rolls, and the list from the Department of Employment, Training, and Rehabilitation. 13 When you compile the prospective juror list for an 14 Q 15 individual case like this one --16 А Um-hum. -- your office has started including a Race Report; 17 0 is that correct? 18 The Race Report -- yes. We -- that's created after 19 Α the pool has been created, and on the day that they come in, I 20 21 create that report. So the day for a particular trial? 22 Q Yes. On the day that they appear, that's when I run 23 Α it, because there's nothing in it prior to that, because --24 25 Do you know -- I apologize for interrupting. Q

No, that's fine. 1 А Do you know when your office began utilizing the 2 Q Race Reports and adding those as a portion of the jury 3 selection lists -- prospective jury lists? 4 5 А Do you mean the ones that we are now sending with 6 the paperwork --7 0 Yes. -- or are you just talking about when we 8 Α systematically started running these reports? 9 First, when you started including the lists for each 10 Q trial and included that within the prospective panel. 11 Well, we did it with our new jury management system. А 12 In our old jury management system, it didn't really have that 13 capability. So in 2016, March of 2016, those -- we started 14 running those reports by case. 15 And it's fair to say that the emphasis -- this was a 16 0 It put an emphasis on race that hadn't previously 17 change. been there many years ago; is that correct? 18 19 А It was requested by management at the direction of 20 some of the various parties, so it became something that we 21 added. And you're aware that there is an emphasis on having 22 0 a fair cross-section of the community for the jury pool 23 24 generally? 25 А I understand. Yes.

That's accurate though, correct? 1 0 2 А Yes. 3 What policies or procedures do you have to ensure, 0 4 for instance -- and let me -- let me step back a second. Is 5 it -- are you familiar with the -- and I'm paying attention, 6 in this particular instance, really to the African-American 7 community. As far as the Eighth Judicial District Court and 8 this jurisdiction, are you familiar with how many African-9 Americans comprise our general community? 10 Based on the US Census, approximately 13 percent. 11 А And that's of today? 12 0 No, I think that's as of the last census --13 Α Okay. 14 0 -- which I think the most recent was 2018. 15 Α All right. Do you --16 0 17 THE COURT: And you said 13 percent? I'd have 18 THE WITNESS: That was my understanding. 19 to look at my notes --THE COURT: Okay. 20 THE WITNESS: -- to be sure, but --21 THE COURT: Right. So you don't know? 22 23 THE WITNESS: I don't know for certain. 24 THE COURT: Okay. 25 BY MR. RUGGEROLI:

Do you have any reason to dispute it's at least 12 1 Q 2 percent? 3 At least -- I'm sorry? Α Do you have any reason that you would not agree that 4 0 5 that percentage is at least 12 percent? 6 Α The only thing I can say is that it's possible it could be less, because I know the census includes everyone, 7 including non-citizens and people that are underage. So I 8 9 couldn't tell you for sure. What policies and procedures does your office have 10 0 in place, if any, to make sure that an average jury pool is 11 comprised of approximately 12 to 13 percent African-Americans? 12 I use a jury management system that randomly selects 13 Α 14 jurors. And are you familiar with any requirements that you 15 0 have to meet, other than the Race Report, to -- I mean, have 16 you actually testified in a hearing like this since 2018? 17 18 А Yes. 19 Q Okay. So you're familiar with the questions at 20 issue? THE COURT: Didn't you see how quick she got up 21 22 here? 23 MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes. 24 BY MR. RUGGEROLI: You're familiar with these questions, and so you've 25 Q

answered a lot of these questions in the past. Do you believe 1 2 that you've done everything that needs to be done to ensure 3 that a fair cross-section and a representation of the African-4 American community is present in your jury pool? Yes. We randomly select jurors, which is what the 5 Α 6 law requires. 7 Okay, but if you're randomly selecting, then there 0 8 is no safeguard to make sure that at least a certain 9 percentage of African-Americans is present in a particular pool; is that correct? 10 THE COURT: The law doesn't require that. 11 MR. RUGGEROLI: I'm just asking her though. 12 THE WITNESS: That's correct. I mean, if I were to 13 specifically select, that would not be random. If I were to 14 15 specifically call people in based on race or ethnicity, that 16 would not be random, and that's what the law requires of me. 17 MR. RUGGEROLI: Court's indulgence. BY MR. RUGGEROLT: 18 19 If that standard of randomness is collectively 0 referenced though, isn't it also true that you will 20 potentially have a system as a whole that consistently results 21 22 in underrepresentation of the African-American community? No, I don't believe that to be the case. 23 А And that's based on randomness, or is that based on 24 0 policy and procedures that you utilize that make sure that a 25

1 certain percentage are included?

2 А It's based on randomness. There are days that numbers are higher, and days that it's lower, because it's 3 4 random. MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay. Judge, thank you. I have no 5 6 other questions. 7 Mr. Sanft, do you have any questions? THE COURT: MR. SANFT: No, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Mr. Pesci? 9 MR. PESCI: I apologize. 10 CROSS-EXAMINATION 11 BY MR. PESCI: 12 Ma'am, thank you for being here. 13 0 14 А You're welcome. Few questions. Would you agree with me that the 15 0 four sources that you've just described is what statute has 16 mandated as far as the pools to grab from? 17 18 А Yes. Okay. Would you agree with me -- and I apologize, 19 0 How long ago did you start this job? 20 ma'am. November 2012. 21 А All right. Do you have some knowledge about the 22 0 methodology prior to you getting there? 23 Not -- what they did to --24 Α 25 0 Yes.

Not really, not exactly. 1 А All right. I'm going to ask some questions, and 2 Q 3 maybe you don't know the answers, but --А Okay. 4 -- do -- are you aware or have you ever heard about 5 Q in the past the jury pool would be pulled from just voter 6 7 registration? Α No. 8 Okay. Would you agree with me that it has been 9 Q expanded as far as where to grab the pool from? 10 А Yes. 11 So the DMV is one of those sources, correct? 12 0 Correct. 13 А That was utilized in this case? 14 0 15 Yes. А And that includes, not just someone who has a 16 0 license, but someone who has an ID card? 17 18 А Yes. You would agree with me that everyone in Clark 19 0 County, whether they're a driver or not, should at least have 20 21 an ID card? Most likely. I mean, not everybody, but the 22 А 23 majority should, yes. Okay, but we can be comfortable with the fact that 24 Q we're getting more in this net -- we're trying to catch all 25 Page 29

these people in this net -- when we have not just a driver, 1 2 not just a license-holder, but just an ID card? А 3 Yes. 0 And both of those sources are what you pull from? 4 5 А Yes. And I should say, they come from the same thing, 6 Q 7 DMV, but they --8 А Right. -- utilize those two categories? 9 0 10 А Yes. Okay. And then, if we shift to NV Energy, you would 11 0 agree that that's a source where a power bill comes from? 12 А Yes. 13 So I don't have to be a homeowner in order to have 14 0 an NV Energy power bill? 15 А Correct. 16 17 So you would agree that, in this pool, we're 0 reaching out and we're getting people who are not even 18 homeowners; we're trying to get people who could just be 19 20 renting? 21 А Correct. So we're not discriminating against people who have 22 Q less money, because, I mean, everyone's got power. If you 23 don't have power, you can't live somewhere. So we're getting 24 25 everybody, not just landowners?

1 Correct. А And we're getting everybody from the DMV, not just 2 Q actual license-holders, but also the ID? 3 4 Α Correct. All right. And then, we do actually shift and also 5 0 6 include voters; is that correct? 7 А Yes. So anybody -- you know, in this political age, 8 Q 9 there's lots of people motivated to vote, the voter registration's really high, so it's another area where lots 10 and lots of people are pulled from? 11 12 А Yes. Okay. And then, the last section -- and the last 13 Q 14 time we talked about this, the State of Nevada, as I understood it, hadn't yet provided you -- and I'm going to use 15 the wrong term, but I mean, I would say unemployment data. 16 17 What's the right term that you said? 18 Α The list from the Department of Employment, 19 Training, and Rehabilitation. 20 Okay, the Department of Employment, Training, and Q 21 Rehabilitation. Okay. Does that include people that are seeking unemployment? 22 23 А Yes. 24 Q Okay. And now -- because before, you were prevented from doing that because the state wasn't giving you the data? 25

1 Correct. А Now, you have the data? 2 Q 3 Α Yes. 4 So the pool that we have in this courtroom also Q includes everybody in Clark County who has sought unemployment 5 6 benefits? А 7 Correct. All right. So would you agree with me that there 8 Ō was nothing systemic in your efforts to exclude anybody? 9 А Yes. 10 You're trying to include everyone? 11 0 12 А Yes. Okay. And then, there's kind of a shift in kind of 13 Q the logic here, but it will tie back in. Ma'am, how many 14 summons do you send out -- I think you told me you do it six 15 weeks out. Like, a batch of how many do you send out? 16 Well, we do them weekly, so 6,300 every week. 17 Α 18 0 Okay. 19 А Yes. I'm betting you don't have a number, but I'm still 20 0 21 going to ask. I apologize. 22 А Okay. If you send out 6,300 for the week, that means 6,300 23 Q 24 people should show up on Monday? 25 А No. Page 32

Okay, that's what I'm trying to get to. I'm trying 1 Q 2 to figure out, do you have a number -- do you have an idea, 3 like, for Monday of this week -- was that the 10th? February 4 10th? Um-hum. 5 Α Okay. February 10th, all the prior summonses that 6 Q 7 went out, how many people actually showed up on their summons? For Monday? I don't have the numbers for Monday in 8 А 9 front of me. 10 Q Okay. So I couldn't tell you for sure, but I'd say 2- or 11 А 300, I think. 12 Let's talk in generalities, right? 13 0 14 А Okay. Do you have a percentage, whatever number that is, 15 0 16 where people, they just don't show up? 17 А Yes. 18 And do you have any idea, just generally, 0 Okay. 19 kind of systemically, about what a percentage is of non-showers; people who you sent it out and they just don't 20 21 come? 22 Α About 20 percent. So about 20 percent of the people just choose not to 23 0 24 fulfill their civic duty? 25 Α Correct.

Okay, and there's really nothing you can do about 1 Q 2 that, is there? Well, we do re-summon jurors 60 days out. 3 А 4 Q All right. 5 That is the method that the National Center for А State Courts recommends is the most effective means of getting 6 7 jurors in here. 8 0 You beat me to --9 THE COURT: So when they -- so when they don't show up, then you -- 60 days later, you send them a new one? 10 THE WITNESS: Automatic process. Yes, ma'am. 11 12 THE COURT: Oh, okay. 13 BY MR. PESCI: 14 You beat me to it, right? You're so consistent in 0 15 trying to get to everybody, when they choose not to come, you 16 send them another summons to say, no, no, no, come on in, 17 you're supposed to do this? 18 Α Yes. And yet, still, some people don't show? 19 0 20 Correct. Α 21 Okay. Now, not in this case, but in another case, 0 22 some defendant argued, well, you're really systematically excluding people because you're not going out there and 23 arresting them and bringing them to court. Do you have the 24 25 capacity to arrest somebody for not showing for their summons?

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1 A I do not.

Q Right. Does a court, potentially?

3 A Yes.

2

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Q All right. Do you have a system or a methodology in place where you try to get the people that no-show to come to court, other than what you just said as far as sending another summons?

8 A No.

9 Q Okay. So by not having that -- and you would agree 10 with me, one of the options would be to bring someone in for a 11 show cause hearing, correct?

A Correct.

13 Q And if someone comes in for a show cause hearing, in 14 front of this judge, they have to explain why they didn't 15 come?

16 A Yes.

Q Or any judge. And would you agree with me that,
potentially, contempt is a sanction that could be imposed?
A Yes.

20 Q All right. I don't know, I'm just kind of guessing 21 here. I'm assuming you really don't want to be in the 22 business of holding people in contempt in that process?

A Well, it's not my decision. I take my directionfrom the Court.

25

Q Right, right, and I apologize. What I'm saying is,

you don't have a system currently to set up Orders to Show 1 2 Cause? А Well, we actually do --3 4 0 Oh, you do? Okay. -- if it's requested by the judge in a specific 5 А 6 instance. 7 0 Right. Like, so if somebody doesn't show up from a panel, 8 А 9 we'll ask if the judge wishes to do --10 Q Okay. -- an Order to Show Cause. 11 Α All right. So do you then give data to the judges 12 0 on each pool that comes up, saying, hey, look, these ten 13 14 people didn't show? No, not the entire pool. We only request it at the 15 А panel level. So if the judge has a panel of people that we've 16 17 been -- that's been assigned to that case, and those people don't show, then we ask if she would like to -- in this case, 18 she -- would like to issue an Order to Show Cause. 19 20 So then a judge could, in theory, order these jurors Q to come to court after they've previously, at least once, and 21 probably twice, not come to court on a summons? 22 When I'm saying that, Order to Show Cause for your 23 Α case, that doesn't necessarily mean they failed to appear 24 25 before.

1 Okay. Q 2 That would just mean somebody that was on this case, Α 3 assigned to this case --4 0 Right. 5 -- did not return. Those are the instances in which А we deal with Orders to Show Cause. 6 7 Okay, all right. So I mean, you're not -- by not 0 8 bringing people in after they've refused to come, you're not 9 purposely trying to exclude anybody, are you? 10 Α No. And do you think, from your position, would it be 11 0 less inducive to the average citizen to come to jury duty if 12 they thought they could be arrested if they don't? 13 I don't know. 14 А 15 Right, yeah. So that's not really a focal point of Q yours as far as trying to catch the net of people who don't 16 17 show? 18 Α No. All right. And by not catching them, you're not 19 0 20 trying to exclude certain people? 21 А No. 22 Those people have been invited once, twice, and Q 23 maybe even more than that? 24 А Yes. Okay. Now, shifting gears, right? Then if we go 25 Q

1 back to the system, as I understood it, the system sends out 2 this randomly based on these four sources, right? Do you have 3 any idea how many people of a specific ethnicity live in a 4 specific zip code? 5 Α No. Is there a source that you know of that could 6 Q possibly give you that information? 7 8 Not specifically that I know of. А Right. So how on earth could you be held to a 9 0 standard of having to figure that out when you don't even know 10 11 of a system that exists to give you that information? I couldn't. 12 А Right. And if there were one, right, would you 13 0 utilize it? 14 I would follow the direction of the court, whatever 15 А 16 they ask me to do. 17 0 You wouldn't be trying to specifically and 18 systematically exclude people? 19 Α No. 20 Would you agree with me that members of the Q 21 community -- in this particular case, the allegation is 22 African-Americans -- live everywhere in the Valley? 23 Α Yes. In fact, one of these defendants lives in Spring 24 0 25 Valley. Were summonses sent to Spring Valley?

1 I couldn't tell you without -- I mean, I don't know. Α 2 0 Okay. 3 Without looking at the pool, and looking at the А 4 individual records, I don't know --5 But --Q -- if that particular pool had people from that zip 6 Α 7 code. 8 Some have argued -- nobody here. Some have argued Q 9 that, you know, there should be even more summonses sent to, 10 let's say the northeast or North Las Vegas, right? You would agree with me, however, that there are members of every 11 different ethnicity all over this Valley? 12 13 А Yes. 14 And so, by sending the summons to every zip code, 0 15 you're not trying to systematically exclude anyone? 16 А Well, it doesn't necessarily go to every zip code 17 every time. 18 0 Okay. But we do -- but all zip codes are included in the 19 Ά 20 master list. 21 And there's nothing you programmed into the system 0 saying, hey, system, make sure you don't send it to North Las 22 23 Vegas or the northeast part of town? 24 Α No. 25 And there's nothing that you're doing to try to Q

1 exclude, in this particular case, African-Americans from 2 serving on this jury? А 3 No. MR. PESCI: I'll pass the witness. Thank you. 4 5 THE COURT: Any redirect? MR. RUGGEROLI: I just want to clarify very quickly. 6 7 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. RUGGEROLI: 8 9 Your requirements and the four sources are contained 0 10 -- are you familiar -- I just want to make sure. It's NRS 6.045; does that sound right? 11 Yes, um-hum. 12 А 13 Okay. Also, pursuant to Section 5, part of the 0 14 requirement is that you do keep a record of the name, 15 occupation, address, and race of the trial juror selected. So 16 race is a specific aspect that you are to note and have a record of; is that correct? 17 18 А Yes. MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, I have nothing further. 19 20 Thank you. THE COURT: Okay, but I just want to make sure I'm 21 22 clear. But that record is made from the juror themselves? You don't -- you don't determine what someone's race is, 23 24 correct? 25 THE WITNESS: That's correct, ma'am, it's Page 40

1 self-reported.

2 THE COURT: Right. And they're asked -- I think 3 when they first call in to do jury duty --4 THE WITNESS: Yes, or online. THE COURT: -- they're asked that? Okay. 5 6 THE WITNESS: Yeah, on the phone or online. It's 7 self-reported. THE COURT: Anything else? 8 9 MR. RUGGEROLI: No, Judge, thank you. THE COURT: Anything else? 10 MR. PESCI: Yes, I apologize. In that regard -- may 11 I approach the witness? 12 THE COURT: You may. 13 MR. PESCI: Okay. 14 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 15 BY MR. PESCI: 16 17 0 So in the data that we received from you, ma'am --18 Α Yes. -- would you agree -- let's see. Badge number 533, 19 0 Miles Ealy, under "Race" -- because you have two categories. 20 You have "Race" and "Ethnicity," right? 21 22 А Yes, yes. "Race," wrote, "Other race," correct? 23 0 24 А Um-hum. 25 "Ethnicity: Not Hispanic or Latino"? Q

1 Yes. А 2 So we know nothing about this person, do we, as far 0 3 as race or ethnicity? 4 Α We just know they're not Hispanic. 5 Q Yeah, well-said. 6 Α Right. And this is self-reporting? There's nothing you can 7 0 do about this; this is just if someone chooses to fill it in? 8 Correct. 9 Α And people can choose just literally not to fill it 10 Ο 11 in? Correct, but the system's designed -- excuse me --12 Α to force them to answer it. 13 Can they finish if they don't answer it? 14 0 15 А It is possible, but we do have it set up so that they have to answer that information in order to complete the 16 17 process of confirming that they'll be coming in. Okay. And ostensibly, that's so that you could 18 Q probably be able to say, hey, we've got a good representation 19 of everybody because we're figuring out exactly who's coming 20 in? 21 Yes, to assist in the selection process. 22 Α Not to systematically exclude, but to actually try 23 0 to bring even more people in of all races and all ethnicities? 24 25 Α Yes.

MR. PESCI: Court's indulgence. Pass the witness. 1 2 THE COURT: I just want to make --MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay, just one follow up. 3 4 THE COURT: You bet, you bet. FURTHER REDIRECT EXAMINATION 5 6 BY MR. RUGGEROLI: The Race Report that is included that has those 7 0 8 percentage that Mr. Pesci just had you review, why are those 9 even included? I'm -- I'm not sure I'm following you. 10 А 11 You were just shown the Race Report for this 0 12 particular case. I was shown the Bio Form, sir. 13 Α Okay. You're familiar with the Race Report as well? 14 Q 15 Α Yes. And why are those even included? 16 0 Because management asked me to start including them 17 Α with the paperwork when I -- when I run them, because we've --18 19 we have had these challenges before, so we're just providing 20 them --21 0 And you would --22 А -- now in criminal cases. You would agree that, in this particular case, that 23 0 24 -- you mentioned that Clark County percentage of African-25 Americans is approximately 12 to 13 percent; you would agree

1 with that? 2 А Yes. 3 And in this particular case, if it's 7 percent, then 0 4 the African-American community in this case is 5 underrepresented, generally speaking? 6 Α Yes. 7 MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you. Nothing further. THE COURT: Okay. Anything else? 8 MR. PESCI: No, thank you, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you very much --10 THE WITNESS: You're welcome. 11 THE COURT: -- for your testimony, and thank you for 12 always coming up so quickly. 13 THE WITNESS: You're welcome. 14 15 THE COURT: I really do appreciate it. Have a good 16 day. 17 THE WITNESS: You, too. THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Ruggeroli, I'll hear from 18 19 you. 20 Judge, I'll address the timeliness MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, I --21 issue first. 22 THE COURT: Well, clearly, I gave you a hearing. MR. RUGGEROLI: Oh, yes, absolutely, but I of course 23 have to answer this. So number one, I think the State 24 25 concedes that they don't have authority on a timeliness

1 requirement. It obviously makes sense; however, a lot of 2 these issues get brought up on post-conviction, and so what 3 we're not doing is having this, you know, remanded in that 4 context and coming back.

5 I did not delay this for any undue purposes. This 6 was brought to my attention yesterday. We're given the lists 7 as the prospective venire is brought in, and as Your Honor 8 knows, there's an awful lot going on in those moments, and 9 race and the racial component of the venire is a factor, but 10 it's not the only thing that a defense attorney is thinking 11 about at the time.

12 Given the totality of everything that developed yesterday, at the end of the day -- and it's really one 13 half-a-day. We started at 1:00 o'clock yesterday, broke at 14 15 approximately 5:00, and this is the first issue I'm raising the next morning. I brought it to the Court's attention 16 without any purpose for undue delay, and I am making a record 17 because this is an important right. Our society is evolving, 18 we're becoming more sensitive to racial issues. 19

When our foundational documents indicate that an individual -- every individual has a right to a jury trial by their peers, and a client is African-American, and they're looking at a panel that has 2 out of 60, it needs to be addressed. And I greatly appreciate Your Honor giving us this opportunity, because it is important, and you gave us the

1 evidentiary hearing --2 THE COURT: Three. 3 MR. RUGGEROLI: -- to do that. 4 THE COURT: I mean, you know, the Race Report says 5 three. I know --MR. RUGGEROLI: I -- I --6 7 THE COURT: -- you keep saying two. 8 MR. RUGGEROLI: Right. I believe that one of the 9 females did not appear, but I'll just say that, going based on 10 the Race Report, it is -- it does say 3 out of 60. That is 11 still significant enough that I think that we needed to make 12 this record in good faith to challenge the panel as --13 THE COURT: Well, I do -- I think you met the first 14 two prongs. 15 MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you. 16 THE COURT: My issue is with the third prong, that 17 this underrepresentation is due to systematic exclusion of the 18 group in the jury selection process. 19 MR. RUGGEROLI: And a lot of these issues that have 20 come up in Morgan and Valentine, there was an awful lot of 21 research that was capable of being done, so I can't piggyback 22 on those actual issues. I would just say that more needs to 23 be done in order to eliminate this issue systematically. The 24 State brought up an alternative. Maybe it is something that 25 should be considered, because we need to have people that are

1 present.

2	If somebody is trying to avoid being on a jury
3	panel, I know that courts are generally not impressed when
4	they raise issues that are obviously designed to just try and
5	get them out of their service. Now, those are for people that
6	just show up. So people that don't even show up, I'd say that
7	the State, and the Jury Commissioner's office in particular,
8	the courts, they need to have a better policy in place.
9	Right now, I would just argue that the systematic
10	nature is that, collectively, African-Americans are
11	underrepresented. And relying on randomness, which is what I
12	gather is her policy, we follow the statute
13	THE COURT: No, it is the law.
14	MR. RUGGEROLI: We follow the statute; we rely on
15	randomness to come up with these numbers. I would just argue
16	that it's not enough. And for this Court's ruling, I think I
17	know how you would likely rule. But for the future, perhaps
18	higher courts or the legislature will decide that something
19	drastically more needs to be done to make sure that we don't
20	have systematic underrepresentation of this community.
21	THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Pesci?
22	MR. PESCI: Thank you.
23	THE COURT: I don't know if you want to respond.
24	MR. PESCI: The State did not propose an
25	alternative. It was one of the two arguments in <u>Valentine</u> .

THE COURT: Right.

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2	MR. PESCI: The State was trying to, with the Jury
3	Commissioner, from the State's perspective, point out how
4	ridiculous that is. It's not to this defense attorney; it was
5	done in the other one, right?
6	So if I'm to understand this correctly, we should be
7	bringing people in with contempt charges, potentially a fine,
8	and/or jail time. In the day and age of criminal justice
9	reform, when we're saying that certain crimes, actual crimes
10	shouldn't be pursued, or we should give them to some sort of a
11	diversionary court, or we should definitely go with probation,
12	we're going to now hook people up and potentially arrest them?
13	We should systemically do that?
14	What do you think would be the reaction of
14 15	What do you think would be the reaction of individuals in different groups when they see people that may
	-
15	individuals in different groups when they see people that may
15 16	individuals in different groups when they see people that may fit into this particular group, African-Americans, being
15 16 17	individuals in different groups when they see people that may fit into this particular group, African-Americans, being arrested or potentially held in contempt because they didn't
15 16 17 18	individuals in different groups when they see people that may fit into this particular group, African-Americans, being arrested or potentially held in contempt because they didn't show up, right? That's just how foolish that argument is,
15 16 17 18 19	individuals in different groups when they see people that may fit into this particular group, African-Americans, being arrested or potentially held in contempt because they didn't show up, right? That's just how foolish that argument is, again, not by this defense counsel, but which was alleged in
15 16 17 18 19 20	individuals in different groups when they see people that may fit into this particular group, African-Americans, being arrested or potentially held in contempt because they didn't show up, right? That's just how foolish that argument is, again, not by this defense counsel, but which was alleged in this other case. But I just want to point that out, the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	individuals in different groups when they see people that may fit into this particular group, African-Americans, being arrested or potentially held in contempt because they didn't show up, right? That's just how foolish that argument is, again, not by this defense counsel, but which was alleged in this other case. But I just want to point that out, the underlying foolishness of that concept, right?
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	individuals in different groups when they see people that may fit into this particular group, African-Americans, being arrested or potentially held in contempt because they didn't show up, right? That's just how foolish that argument is, again, not by this defense counsel, but which was alleged in this other case. But I just want to point that out, the underlying foolishness of that concept, right? But it would be interesting. And I want to say
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	individuals in different groups when they see people that may fit into this particular group, African-Americans, being arrested or potentially held in contempt because they didn't show up, right? That's just how foolish that argument is, again, not by this defense counsel, but which was alleged in this other case. But I just want to point that out, the underlying foolishness of that concept, right? But it would be interesting. And I want to say this, because it needs to be, and we'll probably have to deal

would that be, right? If the people who no-show actually showed, would the numbers be different? Automatically, they would be, one way or the other, but we don't know if they're African-American, if they're Hispanic, if they're Caucasian, which is my point, to say these numbers are so problematic, because it's a moving target, and it's a target that's not even definite.

8 You've pointed out to defense counsel that he keeps 9 referring to it as two African-Americans, but the data we 10 received from the Jury Commissioner who just testified is 11 three. Why are we just defaulting to two? Because -- and respectfully, I'm saying this. I think he looked at the pool 12 and said, I think I see two African-Americans, right? 13 So 14 we've got some Caucasian people saying, I think this person's 15 African-American or I think this person's not.

See the foolishness in this? This is why this has become so crazy, right? And people can identify as one thing or another thing. And if they choose not to identify, the Jury Commissioner herself said they can still get through the questionnaire, her questionnaire, without doing that.

So we're making suppositions on people, one, that don't even come; and two, when they come, we're not exactly sure, because a third person identified as African-American. Defense counsel's opinion is he only sees two. Right? That's why this is so dangerous. That's why there's such a flaw to

1 the whole <u>Batson</u> analysis, because of this concept of being 2 able to say who is or isn't, and I think that's extremely 3 problematic.

Shifting away from that, we have evidence, and it's
updated evidence. We don't have to rely on a transcript,
which the <u>Valentine</u> court said don't do.

THE COURT: Right.

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8 MR. PESCI: She testified all four forms: the DMV, 9 the Energy, voter registration, and unemployment. What other 10 source is there? I mean, honestly, where on earth are we 11 supposed to get some other source?

And specifically, the allegation that was at least made prima facie per <u>Valentine</u>, which was not here, was this concept of using a system that would send summons to certain zip codes that have certain percentages of certain ethnicities.

17 THE COURT: Well, I think the allegations were that 18 our Jury Commissioner was sending the same amount to every zip 19 code without considering the ethnic makeup of the zip codes.

20 MR. PESCI: Right.

21 THE COURT: I mean, that --

22 MR. PESCI: And how --

23THE COURT: -- appeared to be what the allegation24was.

MR. PESCI: In the case, yes.

THE COURT: Right.

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2 MR. PESCI: And my question to her, and to you, and 3 to -- you know, really, to the Supreme Court, is, how are we 4 going to do that? What database exists to do that? 5 THE COURT: Well, we know it's not true based on her 6 testimony today. MR. PESCI: Right. That just shows how this is 7 8 craziness. There is no effort by this woman or by the jury commission system to systematically exclude individuals, which 9 10 is why this motion should be denied. THE COURT: Anything else? Mr. Sanft, do you want 11 12 to add anything? MR. SANFT: No, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Mr. Ruggeroli, anything else? 14 15 MR. RUGGEROLI: No, Your Honor. Thank you. 16 THE COURT: Okay. All right. At this time, the 17 Court's going to deny the Motion to Strike the jury venire. Ι do believe that there was a showing as to the first two 18 prongs; however, as to the third prong, there's been no 19 evidence that this underrepresentation is due to systematic 20 exclusion of the group in the jury selection process. 21 22 So anything else before we bring them in? MR. PESCI: Not from the State. 23 24 MR. SANFT: No, Your Honor. 25 MR. RUGGEROLI: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay, we can bring them in. Hopefully, 1 we didn't lose them. 2 3 (Pause in the proceedings) MR. RUGGEROLI: Judge, there is something that's 4 5 very quick. Yeah, go ahead. 6 THE COURT: 7 MR. RUGGEROLI: Can we have the jurors to the left side of the panel stand? I know it's a little inconvenient, 8 but we can't see who's talking when there are questions to the 9 left side because the lectern's in the way. Is that something 10 that can be accommodated with the questioning? 11 THE COURT: Okay, I'm sorry. The lectern's getting 12 13 in your way of seeing? MR. RUGGEROLI: I can't see any of the jurors from a 14 certain portion on, so I'm not -- Mr. Pesci is very good about 15 16 having them read their --THE COURT: Well, you want to get up, and, I mean --17 MR. RUGGEROLI: Okay. 18 Position yourself where you can see. 19 THE COURT: Ι 20 mean, you're entitled to see them. MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you, Judge. 21 THE COURT: But I mean, do you want me to have them 22 23 move the lectern? Is that --24 MR. RUGGEROLI: No, no, I was just going to see if 25 perhaps they could stand when they're answering questions.

Oh, you want me to --1 THE COURT: 2 MR. PESCI: Is it this one? 3 THE COURT: I can have them stand. MR. RUGGEROLI: It's both. 4 Yeah, I can have the jurors stand. 5 THE COURT: MR. RUGGEROLI: Would that be all right? 6 7 MR. PESCI: I'd submit it to the Court. THE COURT: No problem. I can have them stand. 8 9 MR. RUGGEROLI: Thank you very much, Judge. THE COURT: Um-hum. 10 THE MARSHAL: All rise for the entering jury, 11 12 please. Jurors. (Within the presence of the prospective jurors) 13 THE MARSHAL: Thank you, everyone. Please be 14 15 seated. Does the State stipulate to the presence 16 THE COURT: 17 of the panel? Yes, Your Honor. 18 MR. PESCI: THE COURT: Mr. Sanft? 19 MR. SANFT: 20 Yes, Your Honor. Thank you. 21 THE COURT: Mr. Ruggeroli? MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes, Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: Okay. Good morning, ladies and 23 Welcome back. Thank you very much for coming 24 gentlemen. back. I do apologize for the delay, and I do appreciate your 25

1 courtesy in waiting for us. Mr. Pesci? 2 MR. PESCI: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: You may address the panel. 3 4 MR. PESCI: Yes. Microphone. So can we hand it down to Ms. Hernandez in Seat 7, who I believe would be Badge 5 6 430? 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 430: Yes. MR. PESCI: Okay. Are you picking me up? 8 THE COURT RECORDER: I am. 9 MR. PESCI: Okay. Thank you, everybody, for coming 10 back today. Appreciate you being here. Just want to kind of 11 follow up on some specific questions, and then some group 12 13 questions again. Ma'am, I wanted to ask you, you said that you worked 14 as a host. What -- was that The Cosmo? 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 430: Yes. 16 17 MR. PESCI: Okay, and what specifically do you do 18 there? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 430: I work front desk. 19 Ι 20 sell tables for guests and bottle service. MR. PESCI: Okay, and how long have you been doing 21 22 that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 430: I've been doing that for 23 24 a year. 25 MR. PESCI: For a year? Okay.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 430: Um-hum.

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2 MR. PESCI: Did you have a different line of work 3 before that?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 430: I worked events inside
the Springs Preserve with the Water District.

MR. PESCI: Okay. I want to ask you a question, and 6 7 then we'll kind of push it out to everybody else. Do you have any difficulty or problem if -- when we present this testimony 8 in this case, if it comes a little bit out of order in the 9 sense that, you know, the crime -- the alleged crime starts 10 here, and the information kind of proceeds? Sometimes, 11 because of witnesses' schedules, we have to take people out of 12 order. Do you have any problem with kind of tracking the 13 information, even if it's somewhat out of order? 14

15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 430: No, I think I'm really 16 good at following up.

MR. PESCI: All right, awesome. Kind of pushing 17 that out to everybody else. Would anybody have any difficulty 18 kind of tracking the evidence if we have to call people out of 19 order because of their schedules and different things in their 20 schedules? No answer from anyone, for the record. All right. 21 A specific question to you, and then we'll kind of 22 push it out to the whole group. In this particular case, 23 there's an individual who was charged who's entered into a 24 negotiation and is going to testify. That's what we expect to 25

happen. So one defendant's going to testify against other 1 2 defendants. What are your thoughts or feelings about that 3 kind of a situation? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 430: This is new for me, this 4 5 is my first time being here, so I really don't -- I've never been in a situation like this. And I -- since I don't have 6 7 any details, I can't really give my opinion yet. MR. PESCI: Okay, and that's fine. And we can't get 8 9 into too many details, but I believe, from both sides, this is a question of interest for the panel -- for the parties, is 10 this concept. Some people feel really strongly one way or the 11 other. 12 And the real big question is, would it affect your 13 ability to be fair and impartial -- this is to everybody now 14 15 -- if you hear from a defendant who's testifying against other 16 defendants? 17 We've got a hand. Going to pass it forward. Thank So, Laurie? Is that how --18 you very much. 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yeah, Laurie. MR. PESCI: And your badge number? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: 513. 21 22 MR. PESCI: 513. All right. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I suppose if there is 23 some type of deal involved, that I would have problems 24 25 listening to that person, yeah.

MR. PESCI: Okay. And when you say problems, the 1 2 deal, as you mentioned, would be something that you would know 3 about, right? You would get specific information about what 4 the deal is, based on the negotiation that was struck. 5 The problems that you would have, would that make it such that you could not be fair and impartial? 6 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yes. MR. PESCI: All right. And how would it make you 8 that you could not be fair and impartial? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I feel that the witness 10 11 would be saying certain things because of the deal that was involved. 12 13 MR. PESCI: Gotcha. In fact, you'll get information about that. In fact, the Court's going to instruct about how 14 15 to consider a co-defendant's testimony, and how you consider it differently from other individuals. 16 So considering that, that the Court would give you 17 some instructions on that, do you think that you could 18 19 consider it, or is it something you'd just say, I just won't listen to it; it won't be a part of my process? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I would have to listen 21 22 to the full information of the deal that was offered. 23 MR. PESCI: Perfect. And you know, to have some degree of suspicion is totally fine, right? 24 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Um-hum, yeah.
MR. PESCI: It's understandable. 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Of course. 3 MR. PESCI: And what we're trying to figure out is will you disregard everything else just because of that? 4 Or 5 are you willing to, with that suspicion, look at all the other evidence, and say, well, let's see how it fits into the whole 6 7 story? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: The second one, yeah. 8 9 I'm willing to listen to the evidence. 10 MR. PESCI: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yeah. 11 MR. PESCI: But it's appropriate, as you're saying, 12 is that it gives you pause? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I am very highly 14 15 suspicious, yeah. MR. PESCI: Understood, understood. Anybody else 16 feel that way? Is there any more that you wanted to say? I 17 18 apologize. All right. 19 There's a gentleman in the -- so, Judge, I think 20 we're turning to Mr. Randall. And Mr. Randall, I apologize, 21 your badge number? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 557: It's 557. 22 23 MR. PESCI: 557? THE COURT: Do you mind -- if you don't mind 24 25 standing up.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 557: Sure.

THE COURT: In fact, if all of you will stand up when you're responding, that may be helpful so everyone can see you and hear you.

MR. PESCI: Sorry.

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6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 557: No problem. Yeah, I 7 mean, it was just similar. It just gives me pause a little 8 bit to hear that there's, you know, somebody that's being a 9 witness that's being offered a deal. But I mean, I think what 10 you said to the other gentleman makes sense to me, that once 11 we understand what the deal is and kind of see the whole 12 picture, I think that's fine with me.

MR. PESCI: Okay, so you're willing to listen?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 557: Yeah.

15 MR. PESCI: Okay. Do you think you can be fair to 16 both sides?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 557: I do.

MR. PESCI: Wonderful. Thank you very much.

19 Anybody else wanted to answer anything about that? Judge, I 20 think we're going to Mr. McGinty, Badge number --

21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 410: 410.

22 MR. PESCI: -- 410.

23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 410: McGinty. Yes, thank 24 you. With my experience with both expert witnesses and a 25 co-defendant that may be testifying against, I have some

1 problems with the validity of it. And so it gives pause to -2 from my perspective. And what -- when I've worked with other
3 attorneys and expert witnesses, kind of knowing the
4 backgrounds, yeah, I've got a certain amount of problem with
5 the validity.

MR. PESCI: Okay. So when you say "problem," are
you saying that you are closed completely from ascertaining
and assessing that information, or are you willing to look at
-- even with a suspect eye, look at it and assess it?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 410: I'll look at it, but
I'll always know that there's an ends to the means of why

12 they're in that seat.

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MR. PESCI: Okay, appreciate that. Anybody else have any comments on that, that particular issue? Okay. Could you pass it down to your right?

Ms. Hernandez, are you okay if we move on? All 17 right.

Ms. Amoroso, what is your badge number, ma'am? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 437: It's 03 -- 0437. MR. PESCI: Okay, and I apologize. Unfortunately -could you stand? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 437: Okay. MR. PESCI: I think the Court's asking us -- okay.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 437: 0437.

MR. PESCI: Okay. And then, you're working as a

1 busser, correct, ma'am?

2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 437: Yes. 3 MR. PESCI: Where is that? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 437: In Golden Nugget. MR. PESCI: Okay. And then, in the Golden Nugget, 5 6 do you have any interactions with police officers often in 7 your job? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 437: 8 No. 9 MR. PESCI: Okay. So you don't have any kind of feelings one way or the other for the police based on your job 10 experience? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 437: No. 12 MR. PESCI: Okay. All right, thank you very much, 13 If you could pass the mic just one over. 14 ma'am. 15 Ms. Graham? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Yes. 16 17 MR. PESCI: Badge number --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: 45 --18 MR. PESCI: -- 451? 19 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Yes, 451. 21 MR. PESCI: Thank you for standing. So, ma'am, 22 you're a fourth grade school teacher; is that correct? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Yes. 23 MR. PESCI: All right. And then, how long have you 24 done that? 25

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: A long time. 16 years 1 2 or more. MR. PESCI: Fourth grade the whole time, or? 3 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: No, I've done first, 5 second, third, special education. Just most recently, been in 6 fourth grade about six years. 7 MR. PESCI: Okay. And kind of a similar question that I asked Mr. Casucci. Do you have situations with kids 8 where sometimes they're each alleging something different? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: All the time. 10 MR. PESCI: Right. I would assume that that would 11 12 happen on a daily basis? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Daily basis. 13 14 MR. PESCI: Do you have to sometimes kind of make a decision, even though you have conflicting information? 15 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Yes. 17 MR. PESCI: Are you comfortable with making a 18 decision that way? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: 19 Yes. 20 MR. PESCI: What is it that makes you feel 21 comfortable? How do you approach it? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Well, experience, having 22 done it so many times. It's different because it's kids, you 23 24 know? I kind of know the psychology of children, and I can 25 kind of, just from my experience, tell. Each side has got an

1 element of truth, and we kind of meet in the middle. And 2 then, as the adult in the room, I have to make the decision 3 which way we're going to go, just so that conflict doesn't 4 keep happening, and we can put an end to it, and everybody 5 moves on. MR. PESCI: And are you comfortable doing that, even 6 7 though you might not have every bit of information out there 8 in the universe? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: I think so. 9 Does it make me right? I don't know, but I'm comfortable doing it. 10 11 MR. PESCI: As far as making that decision? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Yeah. 12 MR. PESCI: Okay. Real quick, before you sit down. 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Sure. 14 15 MR. PESCI: You served as a foreperson on a jury? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Yes, civil. 16 17 MR. PESCI: Civil? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Um-hum. 18 MR. PESCI: Do you recall if it was here in this 19 20 building? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: It was, just a couple 21 22 doors down. MR. PESCI: How long ago? 23 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Over two years ago. 25 MR. PESCI: Okay.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Maybe two-and-a-half. 1 2 MR. PESCI: And since it went to a verdict, you were 3 given instructions about the standard of proof for that civil 4 case, right? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Yes. 5 6 MR. PESCI: All right. So in a criminal case, it's 7 a different standard. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: 8 Right. 9 MR. PESCI: So it's proof beyond a reasonable doubt. And the Judge is going to instruct us exactly what that is, 10 but would you be able to follow that standard as opposed to 11 12 what you did in the civil case? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Oh, yeah, because I 13 don't even remember what that was. 14 15 MR. PESCI: That's perfect. All right. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 451: Yes. 16 17 MR. PESCI: Thank you very much, ma'am. Could you hand the microphone over just one? 18 19 Ma'am, how are you? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 461: I'm great, thanks. 21 MR. PESCI: Ms. Quinn, 461? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 461: 461. 22 23 MR. PESCI: All right, thank you. Now, I was trying to remember, was it you were the travel agent, or was it your 24 25 spouse?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 461: 1 Me. MR. PESCI: Okay, you? 2 Corporate travel agent, 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 461: 4 yes. 5 MR. PESCI: All right. And how much are you being affected by being here as far as the travel and the work? 6 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 461: Oh, I'm covered. I'm 8 good. 9 MR. PESCI: Okay. All right, so someone else was 10 able to cover that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 461: Yes, absolutely. 11 MR. PESCI: 12 Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 461: Um-hum. 13 MR. PESCI: A question kind of to you, and then 14 we'll push it out to everybody else, as I've done earlier. 15 16 You know, there are rules, very specific rules in 17 the courtroom of what we can and can't do. Right now is one of the rare times we can speak to you. When we're not in this 18 19 phase, we -- we, all the attorneys -- we literally can't speak to you, right? It's a rule. We might seem like total jerks 20 because we don't open the door for you. You ask us what 21 time's court starting, and we're not talking to you because 22 the Court has said we cannot do that. Are you okay with that 23 24 concept? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 461: 25 Um-hum. Yes,

1 absolutely.

2	MR. PESCI: How about everybody else?
3	MEMBERS OF THE PROSPECTIVE JURY PANEL: Yes.
4	MR. PESCI: All right. So please, if you want the
5	door open and you're expecting it, or you're just like, "What
6	time," we can't talk to you at all. And if you do, we kind of
7	have to report it, and then all that goes from there. But
8	some people are uncomfortable with that, right? Because it's
9	kind of antisocial, but it's just we're trying to follow the
10	rules that we have to do. Is that okay with everybody?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 461: Yes.
12	MR. PESCI: All right. Thank you very much, ma'am.
13	If you could pass the microphone over one.
14	Ms. Estrella, how are you?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: Good, how are you?
16	MR. PESCI: Good, thank you. 462 is your badge
17	number?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: Yes.
19	MR. PESCI: All right, thank you. Can you see with
20	everybody standing?
21	MR. RUGGEROLI: Yes, thank you.
22	MR. PESCI: Okay. So, ma'am, you are a student with
23	CSN, but you're not currently enrolled?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: I am currently enrolled.
25	MR. PESCI: Okay, I misunderstood. I apologize. I

1 thought you were not in -- you're not full-time right now? 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: Yes. 3 MR. PESCI: Okay. 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: I'm not full-time, but I 5 am enrolled (indiscernible). MR. PESCI: Are you missing class this week? 6 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: I have school today. MR. PESCI: Right. 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: Yeah, but --9 10 MR. PESCI: Okay, that's what I was trying to get I think we've got another student here as well. You had 11 to. 12 an exam today, right, ma'am? All right, we're going to get to you in just a second. So is your schoolwork being affected by 13 this? 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: No, I can balance my schoolwork and between here, too. 16 17 MR. PESCI: All right. What days are class? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: It's Monday and 19 Wednesday. 20 MR. PESCI: Monday and Wednesday. What hours? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: 6:00 to 10:30. 21 MR. PESCI: So 6:00 P.M. --22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: Yes. 23 MR. PESCI: -- to 10:30? Okay, all right. 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: Yeah. 25

MR. PESCI: So if you come here during the day, 1 2 you're not going to miss any classes? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: Yes. 3 MR. PESCI: All right, but you're missing a class 4 5 today, you said? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: No, I -- I can go right 7 after the court and --MR. PESCI: Are you good time-wise if we end at 5:00 8 9 -- because normally, the Court will have us end at 5:00 -- to make it to school on time? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: Yes, I can make it to 11 school by 6:00. 12 MR. PESCI: Okay, perfect. What are you studying? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: I am studying bachelor's 14 of medical lab scientist. 15 MR. PESCI: What do you want to do with that? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 462: I want to, like, be in 17 the lab and examine the blood, because I also took phlebotomy, 18 19 so I already have like a little bit experience in that, too. MR. PESCI: All right, wonderful. Thank you so 20 much. Could you pass the microphone up? And then we're going 21 22 to send it down the row, all the way over. And actually, Mr. -- hold on. Mr. O'Brien, we 23 pretty much spoke to you yesterday. Do you have anything you 24 wanted to add? Kind of, you're the gunsmith, and all those 25

things? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 464: Not if you don't. 3 MR. PESCI: Okay. All right, perfect. Could you 4 hand it over one? 5 All right. Ms. Newell, Badge number 468? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: 468. 6 7 MR. PESCI: Okay, thank you, ma'am. So if I heard 8 correctly, you have a test today? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: Yes. MR. PESCI: Okay. What's going on with that? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: I don't know. My 11 professor didn't e-mail me back, but I'm pretty sure she'll 12 13 excuse it, and I'll just make it up in office hours. 14 MR. PESCI: Okay. Do you think you will be able to 15 do that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: 16 Um-hum. 17 MR. PESCI: Okay. Is that a yes? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: 18 That's a yes. 19 MR. PESCI: Yeah, I apologize. That's that silly thing we have to do on the record. It's not really silly, but 20 21 it's uncomfortable sometimes. So the test is today? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: 22 The test is today. 23 MR. PESCI: Okay. And you haven't heard back yet from the professor if she or he will let you make it up? 24 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: No.

MR. PESCI: Okay. What days of the week are you in 1 2 class? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: Monday and Wednesday. 4 MR. PESCI: And are you full-time right now? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: Um-hum. MR. PESCI: And that's a yes? 6 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: Yes. 8 MR. PESCI: Sorry. 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: Sorry, yes. MR. PESCI: No, no, sorry. So Monday and Wednesday, 10 11 what are your hours? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: 11:30 to 12:45. 12 MR. PESCI: Okay. 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: And then the rest of my 14 15 classes are online. MR. PESCI: Are online? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: 17 Um-hum. MR. PESCI: All right. But as far as Mondays and 18 Wednesdays, when we're in trial, you're going to be missing 19 class? 20 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: Yeah. 22 MR. PESCI: Okay. Do you have any other tests on 23 the short horizon? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: No, not until February 25 23rd.

MR. PESCI: Okay. Is it going to affect your 1 2 schooling, in essence, by missing potentially the next two weeks of school? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: No. 4 5 MR. PESCI: Okay. And then, if I heard correctly, you said you're doing criminal justice? 6 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: Yeah. MR. PESCI: All right. Tell us, what is it you're 8 9 studying, and what do you want to do? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: I want to be a criminal 11 justice attorney. MR. PESCI: Okay. And is there a specific type of 12 13 attorney, like the prosecution or the defense? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: Defense. 14 15 MR. PESCI: The defense? Okay. And then, so do you want to, from here, go on to law school? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: Yeah. 17 MR. PESCI: Okay. Have you looked at different law 18 19 schools? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: Yeah, I'm looking at William Boyd, or if -- I want to move to Atlanta, but I'm not 21 22 sure. MR. PESCI: Okay. Have you spoken to any attorneys 23 24 about it? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: No, not yet.

1 MR. PESCI: Most of us say, don't go. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: 2 Okay. 3 MR. PESCI: Just kidding. So you would like to maybe go here or in Atlanta? 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: Um-hum, yes. 6 MR. PESCI: All right, and how far off are you from 7 applying to law school? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: This is my third year at 8 9 UNLV, so a year-and-a-half, about. MR. PESCI: All right. Have you looked into the 10 11 LSAT yet, the test to take it? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: No, not yet. 13 MR. PESCI: (Indiscernible). Not really. 14 Okay. Ma'am, anything that we discussed about witnesses coming out of order, or a co-defendant testifying, 15 or anything like that would affect your ability to be fair and 16 17 impartial? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 468: No. 19 MR. PESCI: All right, thank you very much, ma'am. 20 If you could pass it over. 21 Mr. Rodriguez? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 475: 475. 23 MR. PESCI: Thank you. Sir, you served in the Navy, 24 correct? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 475: Yes, sir.

MR. PESCI: Did you ever have to do anything with a 1 2 court-martial? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 475: 3 No. 4 MR. PESCI: Okay. And then, you talked about how sometimes it might be hard to kind of follow and connect the 5 6 dots; is that correct? 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 475: Yes. MR. PESCI: All right. How's it been going so far; 8 9 yesterday, today? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 475: I'm okay. 11 MR. PESCI: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 475: It's pretty simple 12 stuff. 13 MR. PESCI: All right. You've been able to kind of 14 15 track what we're asking and following us? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 475: Yeah. 16 17 MR. PESCI: All right. It will be a little bit more entertaining once we get started, right? There will be 18 19 witnesses; it won't be just us talking. If you have any 20 difficulty in following along, will you let us know? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 475: Sure. 21 22 MR. PESCI: Will you alert the court or the Marshal and let us know so that we can try to address it? 23 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 475: Um-hum. 25 MR. PESCI: And is that a yes?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 475: Yes. 1 MR. PESCI: All right. Any problem with that? 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 475: No. 3 4 MR. PESCI: Okay, thank you very much, sir. If you 5 could pass it over. 6 Mr. -- I pronounce it Bandics? 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yeah, that's right. MR. PESCI: Okay. 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: 477. 9 MR. PESCI: Thank you very much. Now, you talked 10 about how you're a service technician with Door and Glass? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yes, that's right. 12 MR. PESCI: Okay. So do you respond to people's 13 14 homes? 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: No, it's all -- it's mostly stores. 16 17 MR. PESCI: Stores? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Yeah. 18 MR. PESCI: Are you involved in like the installing? 19 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Installing and repairs. MR. PESCI: Okay, and how long have you been doing 21 22 that? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: For about four or five 24 months, but I've been with this company for about -- almost a 25 year, so a year in April.

MR. PESCI: What did you do before this portion of the work of installing?

3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: Glazing, which is4 installing glass in storefronts for stores.

5 MR. PESCI: Are you on a team of people, or are you6 by yourself when you're doing these jobs?

7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: It depends. For the 8 glazing, you're usually with two to three other guys. Just 9 depends on the job. And then, for the door side, usually have 10 a partner with you. But I'm pretty new, so once I get up 11 there, they'll start sending me out by myself.

MR. PESCI: Okay. And so, working with others, 12 you're able to do that? If you're on a jury, you'll be 13 working with others in your deliberation process. Any 14 15 problems --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: 16 Yeah. 17 MR. PESCI: -- with that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 477: No, no problems. 18 MR. PESCI: All right, thank you very much, sir. 19 If you could pass the microphone over one to Mr. 20 21 Salazar. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 482: 482. 22 MR. PESCI: Thank you, Mr. Salazar. Okay, so you 23 are an armed guard driver with Loomis; is that correct? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 482: Correct. 25

MR. PESCI: And how long have you been doing that? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 482: A few months. MR. PESCI: Did you have to go to any special 3 4 training for that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 482: Just the -- like the 5 armed guard class. That was it. 6 7 MR. PESCI: Okay. Is it training about firearms? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 482: Yeah. 8 MR. PESCI: Okay. Did you have a firearm before 9 that job? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 482: Yes. 11 MR. PESCI: Okay. And in that training, did you 12 deal or interact with the police at all? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 482: No. 14 15 MR. PESCI: And then, setting aside training, but the actual job, do you have much interaction with the police? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 482: I wave "hi" sometimes. 17 That's it. 18 MR. PESCI: All right. So you haven't had any 19 situations where the police have responded to a scene --20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 482: No. 21 MR. PESCI: -- that you were on, or something of 22 that nature? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 482: No, not at all. 24 25 MR. PESCI: All right. So there wouldn't be

1 anything about police officers that you're going to treat them 2 better or worse based on any life experience? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 482: No. 3 MR. PESCI: Okay, thank you very much. If you could 4 5 pass the microphone. Okay, Ms. Cook? 6 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: Yes, 483. MR. PESCI: Yes, thank you very much. So, ma'am, 8 teacher in the fifth grade? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: Yes. 10 MR. PESCI: How long have you been doing that? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: Just for a little over a 12 13 year. MR. PESCI: A little over a year? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: Yeah. 15 MR. PESCI: Did you do -- or did you teach before 16 that, or were you doing a different profession? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: I was just a substitute 18 19 teacher prior to that. 20 MR. PESCI: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: And then, yeah, I 21 22 finished my student teaching last year, so. MR. PESCI: All right, wonderful. 23 Similar to the questions to the other teachers, do 24 25 you ever have to resolve conflict between students?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: Yes. Like she said, 1 2 daily. 3 MR. PESCI: And sometimes, do they have just 4 completely different versions of the events? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: Correct. 5 MR. PESCI: And are you able to kind of assess that 6 and make a determination what you think occurred based on all 7 the information? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: Yes. 9 MR. PESCI: Any problems doing that? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: No. 11 MR. PESCI: Okay. And you served on a jury before, 12 correct? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: Yeah. Like I said, it 14 was civil, and it was settled --15 MR. PESCI: Civil, and it settled? 16 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: -- almost immediately. MR. PESCI: So the question I wanted to get to is 18 19 did -- did you say almost immediately? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: Yeah, like by the time 20 21 we returned the next day. MR. PESCI: Okay. So did any witnesses get on the 22 23 stand? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: No. MR. PESCI: All right, that's where I was trying to 25

go, to figure out if you actually heard or assessed people's 1 2 testimony. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: No. 3 4 MR. PESCI: Okay. Do you have any problems doing 5 that, having witnesses come in and making assessments based on 6 their testimony, their evidence? 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: No. MR. PESCI: Do you think you could be fair to both 8 9 sides? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: 10 I can. MR. PESCI: All right, thank you very much, ma'am. 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 483: Thank you. 12 MR. PESCI: If you could pass the microphone over. 13 Ms. Young, you got grilled yesterday, right? Anything you 14 want to add? 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 485: No. 16 17 MR. PESCI: Okay, if you want to pass the mic. All I mean, if you want to talk, we can. 18 right. 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 485: No. MR. PESCI: All right. Mr. -- do I pronounce it 20 21 Deperio? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: Yes, 488. 22 MR. PESCI: Thank you very much. We're asking this 23 24 of all the people on juries before. Yours was a criminal 25 case?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: Yes. 1 2 MR. PESCI: And when was it? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: I don't exactly remember 4 the --5 MR. PESCI: It's okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: -- the year. It's been 6 7 a while. MR. PESCI: Was it here? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: 9 Yes. MR. PESCI: All right. Do you remember if it was 10 the District Attorney's Office, or the City Attorney's Office? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: I don't remember. 12 MR. PESCI: Okay, that's all right. Don't tell us 13 what the verdict was, but you came to a verdict? 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: Yes. 16 MR. PESCI: So you want back in the deliberation 17 room and talked it out with your fellow jurors? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: 18 Yes. 19 MR. PESCI: How did you like that experience? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: I didn't really like it 20 because -- this is just me. You know, I'm a very quiet 21 person, so I didn't really get to engage with the other jurors 22 23 as far as like conversing, or talking about what just 24 happened, or the testimony, or whatnot. MR. PESCI: Okay. So did you feel you didn't get to 25

1 say what you wanted to say?

2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: I mean, I did come up 3 with, you know, my own opinion, like, my conclusion. 4 MR. PESCI: Uh-huh. 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: But -- and everybody else basically did, you know, have the same conclusion on the 6 7 case. 8 MR. PESCI: Okay. Do you feel that you would have 9 like the personality such, if you were to be chosen, to be 10 able to make your opinion known to your other jurors? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: I can try. 11 12 MR. PESCI: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: It will be difficult 13 14 though. I just --15 MR. PESCI: You're saying because of just your 16 nature? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: I'm just a quiet person, 18 yeah. 19 MR. PESCI: Okay. It wasn't that the jurors told 20 you, we don't want to hear from you? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: No, no, no, it's not 22 that. 23 MR. PESCI: Okay. So you're saying that you're not 24 as talkative maybe as some other people? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: Right, yeah.

MR. PESCI: Okay. But anything about that 1 2 experience that would affect your ability to be fair and 3 impartial? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 488: 4 No. 5 MR. PESCI: All right, thank you very much. Mr. Castro, how are you? 6 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 490: I'm good, how are you? 8 MR. PESCI: Good, thank you. 490? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 490: 490. MR. PESCI: 490. And I'm going to see if I'm 10 11 blocking anybody. 12 MR. RUGGEROLI: I can see. Thank you. 13 MR. PESCI: Okay. We just all want to be able to 14 see. 15 So when you said you're a software engineer, what 16 exactly do you do? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 490: I troubleshoot -- we 17 18 troubleshoot applications and fix when you find --19 MR. PESCI: For a particular product, or for a 20 certain company? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 490: For the company. 22 MR. PESCI: Okay, so the company that you work for? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 490: Yes. 24 MR. PESCI: All right, kind of like IT for the 25 company?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 490: Yes. 1 MR. PESCI: All right, all right. I understand that 2 3 a little bit better now. I apologize. Any reason that you could not sit in judgment of another human being? 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 490: No reason. 6 MR. PESCI: Could you follow the law, even if you 7 don't necessarily agree with it? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 490: Yes. 8 9 MR. PESCI: Thank you very much, sir. If we could pass it forward, and then we'll go all the way down. 10 I think we're going to Ms. Segura? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 496: Yes. 12 MR. PESCI: Correct? And she's Badge, I believe, 13 14 496. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 496: That's correct. 15 16 MR. PESCI: All right, thank you, ma'am. You work at Valley Hospital? 17 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 496: I do. 19 MR. PESCI: And then, the Court talked to you. 20 You've been able to find out that you're okay to be here as 21 far as work goes? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 496: Yes, I am. 22 23 MR. PESCI: Okay. And in Valley Hospital, are you in like the emergency room area, or where is it that you are? 24 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 496: I'm on a med-surg floor,

1 so it's 3 Tower, but people who get admitted into the hospital 2 from the emergency room come to us first unless they're 3 critical.

MR. PESCI: Okay, and that's what I was trying to figure out, because if you're like in the emergency room, you might deal with police officers bringing somebody in or the paramedics bringing somebody in.

8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 496: No, we don't deal with 9 that.

MR. PESCI: So you get -- your part in the process 10 11 is after they've come up, and they've been sent to a surgery? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 496: That's correct. 12 13 MR. PESCI: Okay. You may hear some medical testimony in this case from a coroner. You're able to bring 14 15 your common sense and your own experience to the courtroom, but the evidence has to be from the actual witness stand. Are 16 you okay with that concept? 17

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 496: Yes.

18

MR. PESCI: You can use your common sense, your own training and experience, but it's based off of what you'll hear from the witness stand. Is that okay with you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 496: Yes. MR. PESCI: Any problems with that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 496: No. MR. PESCI: All right. Any of the other questions

that we spoke of that you wanted to share some thoughts or 1 2 feelings? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 496: No. 3 MR. PESCI: Are you happy to pass the mic? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 496: 5 Yep. 6 MR. PESCI: All right, pass it on. Mr. Laurie? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: 7 Yeah. MR. PESCI: We talked yesterday and today. So how's 8 the travel from Mesquite? How's that --9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Long. 10 MR. PESCI: Laughlin or Mesquite? I --11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Mesquite. 12 MR. PESCI: Mesquite? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yeah. 14 15 MR. PESCI: Have you been able to work that out? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I think so. I'll be 16 17 able to handle it. 18 MR. PESCI: Okay. One thing I wanted to ask you, 19 there's a statement that you made yesterday. You said you 20 made an assumption about the case. Is that based on our 21 conversations here, or from something outside of the 22 courtroom? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Something outside of the 23 24 courtroom. 25 MR. PESCI: Okay. Hold on one second.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Sure, I understand. 1 2 MR. PESCI: Can we approach, Your Honor? 3 THE COURT: Sure. 4 (Bench conference) 5 MR. PESCI: I don't know what that's based on, and I don't want to ask in front of everybody. Should we bring him 6 7 up here? THE COURT: We can bring him up here. 8 9 MR. PESCI: How do you want to do that? THE COURT: We can --10 MR. SANFT: Yeah. 11 MR. PESCI: Okay. 12 THE COURT: -- just tell him to come up here. 13 (End of bench conference) 14 15 THE COURT: Okay. Do you mind just coming up here? If you can leave the microphone on the chair. 16 17 (Bench conference) (Prospective Juror No. 513 is present at Bench Conference.) 18 THE COURT: Okay. The record will reflect that Mr. 19 20 Laurie is present at the bench with all four lawyers. What 21 was that assumption based on? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I have -- I have some 22 23 females at my work that are very into social media. 24 THE COURT: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: And the only reason I 25

remember it is because I have a doctor that's named Mr. 1 2 Wheeler --3 THE COURT: Okay. 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: -- and I remember them 5 bringing this up, and I made a connection. 6 THE COURT: So you made an assumption, or a 7 connection between --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: A connection. 8 THE COURT: Okay, between something the women at 9 your work talked about? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Correct. 11 THE COURT: That they got off of social media? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Correct. 13 14 THE COURT: Okay. And you know what I'm going to ask you, right? Will you be able to set that aside and judge 15 this case based solely on the evidence that you see and hear 16 in the courtroom, and not what the ladies at work talked 17 18 about? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Solely on the evidence 19 here in this courtroom? I think it would -- I think it would 20 21 be difficult to -- to separate from what I've heard and read. THE COURT: And what have you heard? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: They -- am I allowed to 23 24 talk freely? 25 MR. PESCI: Yeah, you're doing great.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Am I allowed to talk --1 2 okay. 3 THE COURT: Yeah, of course. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: It was --4 5 MR. PESCI: You did nothing wrong. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: It was -- sure. 6 7 MR. PESCI: We're just -- we just wanted you to tell 8 us --9 THE COURT: Yeah, you're fine. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I know about the 10 Facebook posts that were made from -- they know about the 11 newspaper and the connection between that and Facebook. 12 They're on social media a lot, and they brought it up to me. 13 THE COURT: Okay, the women at work? 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yes. THE COURT: Okay. What did they say? 16 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: About these kids that have committed the crime. And I'm trying not to -- they 18 19 committed a crime in Las Vegas, they talked about, because we work at a Dollar General --20 THE COURT: Uh-huh. 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: -- and I guess it was 22 23 We're always concerned. linked. 24 THE COURT: I'm sorry, guess it was what? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: It was linked to a

convenience store robbery, I guess, so we're always concerned 1 2 about robberies in the area. I'm always looking on 3 newspapers. So they -- we know about that -- she knew about 4 it. 5 THE COURT: Okay. And when did you have this 6 conversation with the people at work? 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I -- just a little while 8 back, maybe a couple weeks ago. THE COURT: Oh, just a couple weeks ago? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yeah. 10 THE COURT: All right. Have you told us everything 11 that you learned? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Pretty much. No, I've 13 read the newspaper and the Las Vegas Times after they brought 14 that to my attention. 15 THE COURT: Las Vegas Times? What's that? 16 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yes, it's in Las -what's -- I don't know, it's the --18 19 THE COURT: Is that a newspaper? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: -- local newspaper here 21 in town. 2.2 THE COURT: Well, called Las Vegas Times? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I don't know, it's just 23 24 Las Vegas Something, right? 25 THE COURT: Okay, well, Review Journal?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Sure. 1 THE COURT: Is that what you meant? 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yeah. 3 4 THE COURT: Okay, all right. And again, I'm going 5 to ask you, will you be able to set aside anything that you've 6 heard at work or read in the newspaper, and judge this case 7 based solely on the evidence that you hear in the courtroom? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yes, I could do that, 8 9 sure. THE COURT: Okay, because you understand how it 10 would be unfair --11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yeah, immediately, yeah. 12 THE COURT: -- to have jurors relying on what --13 first of all, you can't rely on what you hear in the media. 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Sure. Oh, no, I understand. 16 17 THE COURT: I mean, can we agree on that? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yeah. 19 THE COURT: I mean, it's not always correct. 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Sure, yeah. THE COURT: Okay. We want you to rely on the 21 evidence as it comes out in the courtroom. 22 Do you --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Of course. 23 24 THE COURT: -- understand that? And you also 25 understand that you can't talk about this case with anyone,

1 including --

2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Of course, I haven't. THE COURT: -- the women at your work, unless and 3 until you are discharged as a juror? 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Sure, yeah. 6 THE COURT: Then you can talk about it. 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I understand. THE COURT: You can tell them you're a juror in a 8 criminal case; I don't even want you to tell them what 9 10 criminal case it is. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: No, yeah --11 Do you understand that? 12 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yeah, I even told my 13 mother, and --14 15 THE COURT: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: So, yeah. 16 17 THE COURT: And you'll comply with that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Sure. 18 19 THE COURT: Okay. 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yes. THE COURT: At some point, you can talk about the 21 case if you want to, but not until you are discharged as a 22 23 juror. Do you understand that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Like I said, the only 24 25 reason I made the assumption is because my doctor was named 1 Wheeler --

2 THE COURT: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: -- and I remember 3 4 reading in the newspaper article about the Wheeler. 5 THE COURT: Okay, so you just made a connection --6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I did immediately, yes. THE COURT: -- that this is the case the women at --7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Correct. 8 9 THE COURT: -- work must have been talking about? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Yes. 10 THE COURT: Okay, and just a couple weeks ago? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I'm not sure. 12 THE COURT: Why were they talking about it a couple 13 weeks ago? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: I don't know. 15 It was something on Facebook that she read. 16 17 THE COURT: Okay. All right, anything else from the State? 18 19 MR. PESCI: No from the State. 20 MR. RUGGEROLI: Did you --THE COURT: Mr. Ruggeroli? Mr. Sanft? 21 MR. RUGGEROLI: Did you happen to speak with any of 22 23 the other prospective jurors about any of that at all? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: No, not at all, no. 25 Because I knew immediately what was -- it was -- yeah.

THE COURT: Mr. Sanft? 1 2 MR. SANFT: No questions, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. Thank you for coming up here --3 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 513: Sure. THE COURT: -- and answering our questions. Thank 5 6 you. 7 MR. PESCI: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: Thank you. 8 (End of bench conference) 9 THE COURT: Okay, you may proceed. 10 MR. PESCI: All right. Thank you very much, sir. 11 Appreciate it. Would you mind handing the microphone over 12 one? Ms. Moreno? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 520: Yes, 520. 14 15 MR. PESCI: Thank you. How are you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 520: I'm good. 16 17 MR. PESCI: And you work in payroll? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 520: Yes, I've been working 18 in payroll since 2013. 19 MR. PESCI: Okay. Any problems with your work as 20 21 far as you being here to serve on the jury? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 520: No. 22 MR. PESCI: So you won't have any issues with work 23 24 that way? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 520: No. 25

MR. PESCI: Okay. Some of the questions that we've 1 asked as far as taking witnesses out of order, or maybe, 2 somebody that's not here, but a co-defendant testifying, would 3 that affect your ability to be fair or impartial in this case? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 520: No. 5 MR. PESCI: Okay. And could you apply the law, even 6 7 if you don't necessarily agree with all of it? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 520: Yes. 8 9 MR. PESCI: All right, thank you very much, ma'am. Pass the microphone. 10 Ms. Perez-Haywood? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 521: Yes. 12 MR. PESCI: Okay, and Badge 521? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 521: 521. 14 MR. PESCI: All right, thank you. Middle school 15 I've got to ask all the teachers, right? How long 16 teacher. 17 have you been doing that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 521: About eight years. 18 MR. PESCI: Okay. And middle school -- I mean, 19 20 maybe I'm wrong. At least my kids have been going through middle school; that's like the hardest. 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 521: Yes, it's challenging. 22 MR. PESCI: There's a lot of butting heads among 23 24 students. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 521: Yeah, it's challenging. 25

Yeah. 1 2 MR. PESCI: Okay. How do you deal with that 3 challenge? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 521: I love my job. 4 MR. PESCI: Okay. 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 521: Yeah. I like working 6 7 with people and the students, passing the knowledge. I like 8 it. MR. PESCI: Well, good. Are you able to kind of 9 resolve conflicts when they sometimes have them? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 521: Yes, sometimes. Yes. 11 MR. PESCI: And do you think that you could do that 12 in this kind of a case? So listen to the evidence; if there 13 maybe is a conflict, then kind of assess what you think 14 15 occurred? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 521: Yes. 16 MR. PESCI: All right. Do you think you can be fair 17 to both sides? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 521: Definitely. 19 20 MR. PESCI: All right, thank you very much, ma'am. 21 All right. Ms. Mendoza, you are Badge number --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 524: 524. 22 MR. PESCI: 524. All right, thank you very much. 23 You've been in Vegas, you said, for ten years, correct? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 524: Yes. 25

MR. PESCI: Where were you before that? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 524: Kind of back and forth 3 between California and New Mexico for a couple years, and then, 2009, we settled here. 4 5 MR. PESCI: Okay. And then, if I've understood 6 correctly, you're going to school, but not right now? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 524: Yeah. 7 MR. PESCI: Okay. What were you studying? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 524: Education. 9 MR. PESCI: What would you like to do with that? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 524: I'd like to teach 11 12 history. MR. PESCI: Okay, even with what you're hearing from 13 the other teachers? 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 524: Yes. MR. PESCI: All right. Any reason why you couldn't 16 17 be fair and impartial --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 524: No. 18 MR. PESCI: -- to both sides? 19 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 524: No. MR. PESCI: All right, thank you very much. If we 21 could pass the mic. Mr. -- how do I pronounce it? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 561: Alex. Alex -- Alex 23 24 Keang. 25 MR. PESCI: Keang? Okay, thank you. And then,

you're Badge number 5 --1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 561: 561. 2 MR. PESCI: 561, okay. And then, you came here from 3 Vegas quite some time ago. You moved here, what, in '91? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 561: Yeah, I came here in 5 1991. Yeah. 6 7 MR. PESCI: Where did you come from? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 561: I come from California. 8 9 MR. PESCI: Okay. And then, you're working as a dealer where? Which casino? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 561: I work as a dealer at 11 New York-New York. 12 MR. PESCI: The New York-New York? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 561: Yeah. 14 MR. PESCI: How long have you been there? 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 561: I've been there since 16 17 2005. MR. PESCI: 2005? Okay. Have you ever had an 18 occasion while you were at work to have to interact with the 19 20 police? Have they been called out to an issue while you were 21 working? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 561: I saw -- we have a lot 22 of security at -- in the casino. So when something problem, 23 you know, the casino -- the security just take care of that, 24 25 or the floorman, you know, they take care of that, but not a

dealer. We have to stay on the table; we cannot move 1 2 anywhere. MR. PESCI: So there are kind of rules about how 3 you're supposed to handle it based on New York-New York's 4 5 policies? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 561: Yes. 6 MR. PESCI: Okay, and then the hotel security 7 normally deals with it? 8 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 561: Yeah, the hotel security, they would (indiscernible) that problem, yeah. 10 MR. PESCI: Okay. Any interactions with Metro, the 11 police department? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 561: They have Metro, they 13 have security, and they have police, too. Everything, yeah. 14 MR. PESCI: Okay. Any reason that experience with 15 Metro would affect your ability to be fair and impartial to 16 either side? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 561: No. 18 MR. PESCI: Thank you very much, sir. 19 If you could pass the microphone over. 20 Widdison, correct? 21 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: It's Staci McCarthy. MR. PESCI: Oh, gosh. I just moved over one. I 23 apologize. Ms. McCarthy, I apologize. And your badge number? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: 540. 25

MR. PESCI: All right, and your son, he's cut loose, 1 2 right? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: He's not here today, no. MR. PESCI: So there's no more mom and dad time? 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: Right. MR. PESCI: I mean, I'm sorry, son and mom? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: No. 7 MR. PESCI: Okay. Is he back to work? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: Yes. 9 MR. PESCI: Okay. You have a master's in education, 10 but you retired from teaching, correct? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: Yes. 12 MR. PESCI: All right, and how long did you teach? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: 27 years. 14 MR. PESCI: 27 years. And then, what ages or what 15 16 levels? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: Mostly middle school, 17 18 but I taught elementary for 12 years, and then middle school 19 for 15. 20 MR. PESCI: All right. Resolving conflicts with 21 students, how did you go about that? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: Same thing. Listen to both sides, hear their side to the story, talk to them, talk 23 24 it out. MR. PESCI: Okay. Do you feel you're skilled at 25

that? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: Yes. 3 MR. PESCI: Could you apply those skills here? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: Yes. 4 MR. PESCI: All right. Kind of want to shift to 5 your grand jury time. I apologize, I'm going to stand in the 6 7 middle here. That was a full year? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: Yes. 8 9 MR. PESCI: Okay, and was that the federal grand jury here in Las Vegas? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: Right. 11 MR. PESCI: Okay. There's a different standard of 12 proof that needs to be put forth for a grand jury versus a 13 trial. Are you okay with that concept? 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: Yes. MR. PESCI: You would agree with me that the 16 standard for a grand jury is a lower standard? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: Right. 18 19 MR. PESCI: All right. And the Court's going to give you a very specific explanation of proof beyond a 20 reasonable doubt, but are you okay to hold the State of Nevada 21 to that burden --22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 540: Yes. 23 MR. PESCI: -- which is different than what you did 24 25 for that year? Okay. Anything about that experience that