IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

INDICATE FULL CAPTION:

ROCHELLE MEZZANO,

Appellant,

vs.

JOHN TOWNLEY,

Respondent.

No. 81379

Electronically Filed Jul 21 2020 08:41 a.m.

DOCKETING SEIZABETH A. Brown CIVIL APPLEAL of Supreme Court

GENERAL INFORMATION

Appellants must complete this docketing statement in compliance with NRAP 14(a). The purpose of the docketing statement is to assist the Supreme Court in screening jurisdiction, identifying issues on appeal, assessing presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, scheduling cases for oral argument and settlement conferences, classifying cases for expedited treatment and assignment to the Court of Appeals, and compiling statistical information.

WARNING

This statement must be completed fully, accurately and on time. NRAP 14(c). The Supreme Court may impose sanctions on counsel or appellant if it appears that the information provided is incomplete or inaccurate. *Id.* Failure to fill out the statement completely or to file it in a timely manner constitutes grounds for the imposition of sanctions, including a fine and/or dismissal of the appeal.

A complete list of the documents that must be attached appears as Question 27 on this docketing statement. Failure to attach all required documents will result in the delay of your appeal and may result in the imposition of sanctions.

This court has noted that when attorneys do not take seriously their obligations under NRAP 14 to complete the docketing statement properly and conscientiously, they waste the valuable judicial resources of this court, making the imposition of sanctions appropriate. See <u>KDI Sylvan Pools v. Workman</u>, 107 Nev. 340, 344, 810 P.2d 1217, 1220 (1991). Please use tab dividers to separate any attached documents.

1. Judicial District Second	Department 13
County Washoe	Judge Bridget Robb
District Ct. Case No. <u>DV19-01564</u>	
2. Attorney filing this docketing statemen	t:
Attorney F. Peter James	Telephone <u>702-256-0087</u>
Firm Law Offices of F. Peter James, Esq.	
Address 3821 West Charleston Blvd., Suite 25 Las Vegas, Nevada 89102	0
has vegas, Nevada 00102	
Client(s) Appellant, Rochelle Mezzano	
If this is a joint statement by multiple appellants, add the names and addresses of other counsel and the names of their clients on an additional sheet accompanied by a certification that they concur in the filing of this statement.	
3. Attorney(s) representing respondents(s):
Attorney Alexander Morey	Telephone <u>775-322-3223</u>
Firm Silverman Kattelman Springgate, Chtd	
Address 500 Damonte Ranch Parkway, Suite (Reno, Nevada 89521	375
Client(a) Regnandent John Townley	
Client(s) Respondent, John Townley	
Attorney	Telephone
Firm	
Address	
Client(s)	

(List additional counsel on separate sheet if necessary)

4. Nature of disposition below (check all that apply):	
☐ Judgment after bench trial	☐ Dismissal:
☐ Judgment after jury verdict	☐ Lack of jurisdiction
☐ Summary judgment	☐ Failure to state a claim
Default judgment	☐ Failure to prosecute
🗷 Grant/Denial of NRCP 60(b) relief	☐ Other (specify):
\square Grant/Denial of injunction	▼ Divorce Decree:
\square Grant/Denial of declaratory relief	✓ Original ☐ Modification
☐ Review of agency determination	☐ Other disposition (specify):
5. Does this appeal raise issues concerning any of the following?	
☐ Child Custody	
☐ Venue	
\square Termination of parental rights	
6. Pending and prior proceedings in this court. List the case name and docket number of all appeals or original proceedings presently or previously pending before this court which are related to this appeal: N/A	

7. Pending and prior proceedings in other courts. List the case name, number and court of all pending and prior proceedings in other courts which are related to this appeal (*e.g.*, bankruptcy, consolidated or bifurcated proceedings) and their dates of disposition: Other than the district court matter at issue, none known.

8. Nature of the action. Briefly describe the nature of the action and the result below:
Respondent filed for divorce. Respondent hired a process server to serve Appellant. Appellant was not served properly. Respondent obtained a default and default judfment / default decree of divorce. Appellant moved the district court to set aside the default and default judgment claiming improper services is no service, which is clear Nevada law. The district court denied the request to set aside.
This appeal followed.
9. Issues on appeal. State concisely the principal issue(s) in this appeal (attach separate sheets as necessary): Whether the district court erred in failing to set aside a default decree of divorce where it had no jurisdiction in the first place due to improper service of process.
10. Pending proceedings in this court raising the same or similar issues. If you are aware of any proceedings presently pending before this court which raises the same or similar issues raised in this appeal, list the case name and docket numbers and identify the same or similar issue raised: None known.

11. Constitutional issues. If this appeal challenges the constitutionality of a state state, any state agency, or any officer or employee thereof is not a party to the have you notified the clerk of this court and the attorney general in accordance we and NRS 30.130?	is appeal,
□ N/A	
☐ Yes	
ĭ No	
If not, explain:	
12. Other issues. Does this appeal involve any of the following issues?	
☐ Reversal of well-settled Nevada precedent (identify the case(s))	
☐ An issue arising under the United States and/or Nevada Constitutions	
🗷 A substantial issue of first impression	
🗷 An issue of public policy	
\square An issue where en banc consideration is necessary to maintain uniformity of court's decisions	f this
☐ A ballot question	
If so, explain: Appellant was not served with the Complaint / Summons. The court entered a default decree of divorce anyway (it really show checked for proper service, but did not). Then the district court set aside the default and default decree upon a timelty request the same. The district court ignored Nevada law that improper no service at all.	uld have rt refused to st to set aside

13. Assignment to the Court of Appeals or retention in the Supreme Court. Briefly set forth whether the matter is presumptively retained by the Supreme Court or assigned to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, and cite the subparagraph(s) of the Rule under which the matter falls. If appellant believes that the Supreme Court should retain the case despite its presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals, identify the specific issue(s) or circumstance(s) that warrant retaining the case, and include an explanation of their importance or significance:

Under NRAP matter is not presumptively retained by the Supreme Court as it is a family court case that was not a 432B proceeding.

Due to the public policy considerations, the Supreme Court might want to retain the case.

14. Trial.	If this action proceeded to trial, how many days did the trial last?	0
Was it	a bench or jury trial?	

15. Judicial Disqualification. Do you intend to file a motion to disqualify or have a justice recuse him/herself from participation in this appeal? If so, which Justice? N/A

TIMELINESS OF NOTICE OF APPEAL

16. Date of entry of	f written judgment or order appealed from May 22, 2020
If no written judg seeking appellate	gment or order was filed in the district court, explain the basis for e review:
0 11	
17. Date written no	otice of entry of judgment or order was served May 26, 2020
Was service by:	
☐ Delivery	
Mail/electron	ic/fax
18. If the time for f (NRCP 50(b), 52(b)	filing the notice of appeal was tolled by a post-judgment motion , or 59)
(a) Specify the the date of	e type of motion, the date and method of service of the motion, and filing.
□ NRCP 50(b)	Date of filing
☐ NRCP 52(b)	Date of filing
□ NRCP 59	Date of filing
	e pursuant to NRCP 60 or motions for rehearing or reconsideration may toll the g a notice of appeal. <i>See <u>AA Primo Builders v. Washington</u>, 126 Nev, 245 lo).</i>
(b) Date of ent	try of written order resolving tolling motion
(c) Date writte	en notice of entry of order resolving tolling motion was served
Was service	•
☐ Delivery	
☐ Mail	

19. Date notice of appe	al filed Jun 12, 2020
_	rty has appealed from the judgment or order, list the date each filed and identify by name the party filing the notice of appeal:
e.g., NRAP 4(a) or other	ule governing the time limit for filing the notice of appeal,
NRAP 4(a)	
	SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY
21. Specify the statute the judgment or order (a)	or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to review appealed from:
☐ NRAP 3A(b)(1)	□ NRS 38.205
☐ NRAP 3A(b)(2)	□ NRS 233B.150
□ NRAP 3A(b)(3)	□ NRS 703.376
Other (specify) N	RAP 3A(b)(8)
(1) F 1 : 1 1 (1	

(b) Explain how each authority provides a basis for appeal from the judgment or order: The order appealed from is a special order after final judgment. The order appealed from is a denial of a set aside.

22. List all parties involved in the action or consolidated actions in the district court: (a) Parties:
Appellant, Rochelle Mezzano, who was the Defendant in the district court.
Respondent, John Townley, who was the Plaintiff in the district court.
(b) If all parties in the district court are not parties to this appeal, explain in detail why those parties are not involved in this appeal, e.g., formally dismissed, not served, or other: N/A
23. Give a brief description (3 to 5 words) of each party's separate claims, counterclaims, cross-claims, or third-party claims and the date of formal disposition of each claim. Respondent: Divorce, division of assets / debts, denial of alimony. Appellant: to set aside the default decree and the default
24. Did the judgment or order appealed from adjudicate ALL the claims alleged below and the rights and liabilities of ALL the parties to the action or consolidated actions below? Yes No
25. If you answered "No" to question 24, complete the following: (a) Specify the claims remaining pending below:

(b) Specify the parties remaining below:
(c) Did the district court certify the judgment or order appealed from as a final judgment pursuant to NRCP 54(b)?
\square Yes
\square No
(d) Did the district court make an express determination, pursuant to NRCP 54(b), that there is no just reason for delay and an express direction for the entry of judgment?
☐ Yes
\square No
26. If you answered "No" to any part of question 25, explain the basis for seeking appellate review (e.g., order is independently appealable under NRAP 3A(b)):
27. Attach file-stamped copies of the following documents:
The latest-filed complaint, counterclaims, cross-claims, and third-party claims
Any tolling motion(s) and order(s) resolving tolling motion(s)
e Orders of NRCP 41(a) dismissals formally resolving each claim, counterclaims, cross claims and/or third-party claims asserted in the action or consolidated action below.

even if not at issue on appeal
Any other order challenged on appeal
Notices of entry for each attached order

VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read this docketing statement, that the information provided in this docketing statement is true and complete to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, and that I have attached all required documents to this docketing statement.

Rochelle Mezzano Name of appellant	F. Peter James Name of counsel of record
Jul 20, 2020 Date	/s/ F. Peter James Signature of counsel of record
Clark County, Nevada State and county where signed	
CE	ERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
I certify that on the completed docketing statement to	day of , , I served a copy of this apon all counsel of record:
☐ By personally serving it u	upon him/her; or
☐ By personally serving it upon him/her; or ☐ By mailing it by first class mail with sufficient postage prepaid to the following address(es): (NOTE: If all names and addresses cannot fit below, please list names below and attach a separate sheet with the addresses.) Dated this day of,	
	Cimpotuno
	Signature

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

2	The following are listed on the Master Service List and are served via the
3	Court's electronic filing and service system (eFlex):
4	Gary Silverman, Esq.
5	Michael Kattelman, Esq. Alexander Morey, Esq.
6	I certify that on this 20th day of July, 2020, I caused the above and
7	foregoing document to be served by placing same to be deposited for mailing in
8	the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was
9	prepaid in Las Vegas, Nevada to the attorney(s) / party(ies) listed below at the
10	address(es) indicated below:
11	Benjamin Albers, Esq.
12	Kenton Karrasch, Esq. John Springgate, Esq.
	500 Damonte Ranch Parkway, Suite 675
13	Reno, Nevada 89521
4	Co-Counsel for Respondent
	Margaret Crowley, Esq.
15	121 Washington Street
	Reno, Nevada 89503
6	Settlement Judge
17	By: /s/ F. Peter James
8	An employee of the Law Offices of F. Peter James, Esq., PLLC
9	

FILED Electronically DV19-01564 2019-09-24 03:53:00 PM Jacqueline Bryan Clerk of the Court Transaction # 7501788 : yviloria

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Gary R. Silverman (NSB# 409) Michael V. Kattelman (NSB#6703) John P. Springgate (NSB# 1350) Alexander C. Morey (NSB#11216) Kenton Karrasch (NSB#13515) Benjamin Albers (NSB#11895)

Silverman Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Parkway, Suite 675

Reno, Nevada 89521

Telephone:

775/322-3223 775/322-3649

Facsimile:

Attorney for John Townley

IN THE FAMILY DIVISION

OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN TOWNLEY,

9 **Plaintiff** Case No.

VS.

Dept.

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ROCHELLE MEZZANO and DOES I through XX, to include Doe individuals, corporations, limited liability companies,

partnerships, trusts, limited partnerships, and such other individuals or entities

as may exist or be formed

Defendants.

COMPLAINT FOR DIVORCE (no children)

John Townley, by and through counsel, avers as follows:

- JURISDICTION OF THE COURT. Plaintiff is a resident of the State of Nevada. For a period of more than six weeks before commencement of this action Plaintiff has resided in the State of Nevada and now resides here. During the period of residency, Plaintiff had, and still has, the intent to make Nevada Plaintiff's home, residence, and domicile for an indefinite time.
- 2. DOE DEFENDANTS. The true names and capacities of the Doe Defendants are unknown to Plaintiff at this time. Plaintiff is informed and believes that each of the Doe Defendants is or has been the officer, director, partner, trustee, agent, servant, employee,

Page 1 of 5

Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 8952 (775) 322-3223

... (775) 222 264N

Silverman, Kattelma

principal or alter ego of one or more of the other Defendants, or was a person, firm or corporation which did, or participated in the acts or omissions hereinafter described; or otherwise own, hold, or have possession of property and income of the community, and at such time as their true names and capacities become known to Plaintiff, Plaintiff will seek to amend the Complaint to insert the true names and capacities of the Doe Defendants. The Doe Defendants are herewith served in all such capacities as well as individually.

- 3. OTHER DEFENDANTS. All Defendants duly named are persons and entities which continuously and systematically conduct business within the State of Nevada. Plaintiff is informed and believes that those duly named entities and individuals hold, maintain, or possess investment accounts, assets, and/or property belonging to or held in the name of Plaintiff and/or Defendant, or their community estate, which property is at issue in these dissolution of marriage proceedings. Said Defendants are joined to the present lawsuit for the purposes of effecting a complete distribution of Plaintiff=s separate and community property and interests, and for the enforcement of any financial restraining orders obtained by either Plaintiff or Defendant during these proceedings. See Guerin v. Guerin, 118 Nev. 127 (1998).
- 4. MARRIAGE. Plaintiff and Defendant married in the City of Reno, County of Washoe, State of Nevada in the year 2000. Plaintiff recalls the ceremony being conducted in the summer or fall of that year. Plaintiff recalls the parties obtained a marriage license and participated in a ceremony with a person authorized to conduct marriages and completed a marriage certificate which they intended to but never filed after their honeymoon. Plaintiff and Defendant now are husband and wife.
- 5. CHILDREN. Plaintiff and Defendant have no minor children of their relationship. To the best of Plaintiff's knowledge, Defendant is not pregnant.
- 6. COMMUNITY PROPERTY AND DEBTS. Community assets and liabilities exist and should be awarded pursuant to law. If warranted by facts which show that Defendant caused economic harm to the community estate or which show any other

compelling reason, (1) an unequal division of the community assets or liabilities and/or reimbursement and restitution to the community, or (2) general, special, or punitive damages should be made in Plaintiff's favor from Defendant's post-division property.

- 7. SEPARATE PROPERTY AND DEBTS. Separate assets and liabilities exist and should be awarded pursuant to law. If warranted by facts which show that Defendant caused economic harm to Plaintiff's separate estate or which show any other compelling reason, (1) an unequal division of the community assets or liabilities and/or reimbursement or restitution from Defendant's post-division property, or (2) general, special, or punitive damages should be made in Plaintiff's favor from Defendant's post-division property.
- 8. PENDING CASES. To the best of Plaintiff's knowledge, there are no previous or pending cases in any court between the parties or the subject matter of this dispute.
- 9. LITIGATION FEES AND COSTS. Plaintiff has retained the firm of Silverman Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. to perform legal services in connection with this divorce and has incurred and will incur attorney's fees and costs for those services, including but not limited to this Complaint, interim motions for necessary immediate relief, discovery, preparation for court appearances, and court appearances. Defendant should be required to pay those fees and costs.
 - 10. GROUNDS FOR DIVORCE. The parties are incompatible in marriage. WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays and demands judgment as follows:
 - 1. That this marriage be dissolved and a decree of divorce granted to Plaintiff.
- 2. That community and separate property and debts be awarded pursuant to law.
 - 3. That Defendant be ordered to pay Plaintiff's litigation fees and costs.
 - 4. For such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

III

AFFIRMATION

The undersigned affirms this Complaint for Divorce contains no social security numbers.

Dated this <u>lu</u> day of September 2019.

SILVERMAN KATTELMAN SPRINGGATE, CHTD.

ALEXANDER C. MOREY
ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF

Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd.

500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

1	VERIFICATION
2	
3	STATE OF NEVADA)
4	: ss
5	COUNTY OF WASHOE)
6	
7	COMES NOW JOHN TOWNLEY, being first duly sworn under penalty of perjur
8	and deposes and says:
9	1. I am the Plaintiff herein.
10	2. I make this verification of my own personal knowledge, information an
11	belief.
12	3. I have read the foregoing Complaint for Divorce and know the content
13	thereof, and the same is true of my own knowledge, except those matters therein state
14	upon information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true.
15	4. I do hereby swear under penalty of perjury that the assertions set forth i
16	this Verification are true.
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20	Subscribed and sworn to before me By John Townley
21	this 2 day of 2019, TONI L. MATTS Notary Public - State of Nevada
22	Appointment Recorded in Washoe County No: 93-4766-2 - Expires July 16, 2021
23	
24	Notary Public

Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

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Gary R. Silverman (NSB# 409) Michael V. Kattelman (NSB#6703) John P. Springgate (NSB# 1350) Alexander C. Morey (NSB#11216) 1 Kenton Karrasch (NSB#13515) Benjamin Albers (NSB#11895) Silverman Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Parkway, Suite 675 3 Reno, Nevada 89521 Telephone: 775/322-3223 Facsimile: 775/322-3649 Attorney for John Townley 4 IN THE FAMILY DIVISION 5 OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 6 7 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE 8 9 JOHN TOWNLEY, **Plaintiff** Case No. DV19-01564 10 Dept. 13 11 VS. ROCHELLE MEZZANO and 12 DOES I through XX, 13 to include Doe individuals. corporations, limited liability companies, 14 partnerships, trusts, limited partnerships, 15 and such other individuals or entities as may exist or be formed 16 Defendants. 17 18 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DECREE OF DIVORCE 19 The Court having considered the verified Complaint of Plaintiff, John Townley, 20 praying for a Decree of Divorce, Plaintiff's Affidavit, the Affidavit of Plaintiff's resident 21 witness; the Default of the Defendant being duly entered; the Defendant having been 22 given the notice of intent to take default judgment as required by law; and the Court 23 being satisfied that the requirements of the law have been met; the Court hereby finds 24 and concludes as follows: 25 FINDINGS OF FACT 26 RESIDENCY. The Plaintiff is now and for more than six (6) weeks 1. 27 immediately preceding the commencement of this action has been an actual and bona 28

Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223 fide resident of the State of Nevada and has been actually and physically present and domiciled in said State during all of said time with the intention to make the State of Nevada her residence and domicile for an indefinite period of time.

- 2. DATE AND PLACE OF MARRIAGE. Plaintiff and Defendant married in the City of Reno, County of Washoe, State of Nevada in the year 2000. Plaintiff recalls the ceremony being conducted in the summer or fall of that year. Plaintiff recalls the parties obtained a marriage license and participated in a ceremony with a person authorized to conduct marriages and completed a marriage certificate which they intended to but never filed after their honeymoon. Plaintiff and Defendant now are husband and wife.
- 3. There are no children, the issue of this marriage and Defendant, Rochelle Mezzano, is not pregnant.
- 4. PROPERTY AND DEBTS. The community property and liabilities of the parties are listed on Exhibits "1" and "2". The property and debts listed on Exhibit "1" should be awarded to Plaintiff as his sole and separate property. The property and debts listed on Exhibit "2" hereto should be awarded to Defendant, Rochelle Mezzano, as her sole and separate property. The division of property and debts creates, to the extent practicable, an equal division of the assets and debts of the community estate.
- SPOUSAL SUPPORT. No spousal support is awarded to either party. The
 Court terminates jurisdiction over spousal support.
- 6. PROPERTY TRANSFERRED SUBJECT TO EXISTING DEBT. Unless specifically set forth on the attached exhibits, all property is transferred subject to and with all existing indebtedness, encumbrances and liens thereon or arising directly therefrom.
- 7. PAYMENT OF DEBT. If one party pays a debt, obligation or liability of the other, the party paying the debt, obligation or liability shall have the right, in his or her sole and unfettered discretion, to offset the amount paid against any amounts due to the other under the terms of this Decree, in lieu of enforcing any right of indemnification.

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8. DUTY TO DEFEND AND HOLD HARMLESS. As to that liability set aside to them herein, each forth shall indemnify, defend, and hold the other free and harmless from said debt. If any claim, action or proceeding is brought seeking to hold the other party liable on account of any debt, obligation, liability, act or omission which is the responsibility of the other party, the liable party under this Decree will, at his or her sole expense, defend the other against any such claim or demand and that he or she will indemnify, defend and hold harmless the other party.

- FILING RETURNS. The parties shall file separate federal income tax g, returns for the calendar year, 2019. Each party shall report on his/her own personal return half of the community income from January 1, 2019, through the date of the divorce. The income taxes withheld, estimated payments and any other tax-related payments made by either party attributable to community income, and community deductions, exemptions, credits shall be allocated one-half to husband and one-half to wife as the allocation of income above. Each party shall report his/her separate income on his/her own income tax return and shall be entitled to the income taxes withheld, estimated payments and any other tax-related payments made by him/her attributable to his/her separate income, and the deductions, exemptions, credits attributable to his/her separate income. The parties agree to furnish each other with all data required to prepare their individual returns. Each party shall be responsible for, indemnify, defend, and hold the other harmless from any liability, including penalties or interest, due on that party's share of community income and that party's separate income for calendar year 2019. If a party's return entitles that party to a refund, the party filing the return shall receive the entire refund.
- 10. EXECUTION OF DOCUMENTS. The parties shall promptly make, execute and deliver any instruments, papers, documents, deeds, agreements, contracts or things as the parties shall require for the purpose of giving full effect to this Decree, and to the covenants and provisions made in this Decree, including but not limited to the following:

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- a. Any and all deeds, quitclaims, or assignments, or other documents conveying all rights, title and interest in and to the stock, vehicles, realty and other property described in the documents to be executed by the parties.
- Any and all pleadings necessary for the successful prosecution of an action for dissolution of this marriage.
- c. Such other and further documents as may be necessary for the intents, objectives, designs and requirements of this Decree, or other collateral, documents, agreements, or contracts executed as part of this Decree.

If said document(s) are not executed within ten (10) business days of their presentation and demand to do so, unless the party whose signature is sought provides written objection within that time period, the party whose signature is sought irrevocably consents and agrees the other party upon Motion made with two days' notice is entitled to an order appointing the Clerk of the Court where this Decree is entered as the Attorney in Fact for the non-signing party to execute such document(s).

- 11. ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS. Each party should bear their own attorney's fees and costs.
 - 12. FORMER NAME. Defendant did not change her name upon marriage.
- 13. GROUNDS FOR DIVORCE. The Plaintiff and Defendant have conflicts in personalities and dispositions so deep as to be irreconcilable, which render it impossible for the parties to continue a normal marital relationship with each other, and as a result, incompatibility exists of such a character as to destroy the legitimate objects of matrimony and to render it impossible for Plaintiff and Defendant to live together as husband and wife and to make a reconciliation between the parties impossible.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

From the foregoing facts, the Court makes its Conclusions of Law as follows:

 The Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter herein and the parties hereto and that Plaintiff is entitled to an absolute and final decree of divorce from Defendant on the ground of incompatibility.

DECREE OF DIVORCE

It is, therefore, hereby ordered, adjudged and decreed as follows:

- DECREE OF DIVORCE. The Plaintiff is hereby granted a Decree of
 Divorce, final and absolute in form and effect, from the bonds of matrimony now and
 heretofore existing between Plaintiff and Defendant, and the parties are restored to the
 status of unmarried persons.
- 2. COMMUNITY PROPERTY AND DEBTS. The property and debts listed on Exhibit "1" are awarded to Plaintiff as his sole and separate property. The property and debts listed on Exhibit "2" hereto are awarded to Defendant, Rochelle Mezzano, as her sole and separate property.
- 3. SEPARATE PROPERTY AND DEBTS. The separate property and debts of each party are confirmed to each party.
- 4. ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS. Each party shall bear his or her own attorney's fees and costs.
- 5. SPOUSAL SUPPORT. The Court terminates jurisdiction over spousal support.
- 6. PROPERTY TRANSFERRED SUBJECT TO EXISTING DEBT. Unless specifically set forth on the attached exhibits, all property is transferred subject to and with all existing indebtedness, encumbrances and liens thereon or arising directly therefrom.
- 7. PAYMENT OF DEBT. If one party pays a debt, obligation or liability of the other, the party paying the debt, obligation or liability shall have the right, in his or her sole and unfettered discretion, to offset the amount paid against any amounts due to the other under the terms of this Decree, in lieu of enforcing any right of indemnification.
- 8. DUTY TO DEFEND AND HOLD HARMLESS. As to that liability set aside to them herein, the parties shall indemnify, defend, and hold the other free and harmless from said debt. If any claim, action or proceeding is brought seeking to hold the other party liable on account of any debt, obligation, liability, act or omission which

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is the responsibility of the other party, the liable party under this Decree will, at his or her sole expense, defend the other against any such claim or demand and that he or she will indemnify, defend and hold harmless the other party.

- FILING RETURNS. The parties shall file separate federal income tax 9. returns for the calendar year, 2019. Each party shall report on his/her own personal return half of the community income from January 1, 2019, through the date of the divorce. The income taxes withheld, estimated payments and any other tax-related payments made by either party attributable to community income, and community deductions, exemptions, credits shall be allocated one-half to husband and one-half to wife as the allocation of income above. Each party shall report his/her separate income on his/her own income tax return and shall be entitled to the income taxes withheld, estimated payments and any other tax-related payments made by him/her attributable to his/her separate income, and the deductions, exemptions, credits attributable to his/her separate income. The parties agree to furnish each other with all data required to prepare their individual returns. Each party shall be responsible for, indemnify, defend, and hold the other harmless from any liability, including penalties or interest, due on that party's share of community income and that party's separate income for calendar year 2019. If a party's return entitles that party to a refund, the party filing the return shall receive the entire refund.
- 10. EXECUTION OF DOCUMENTS. The parties shall promptly make, execute and deliver any instruments, papers, documents, deeds, agreements, contracts or things as the parties shall require for the purpose of giving full effect to this Decree, and to the covenants and provisions made in this Decree, including but not limited to the following:
- a. Any and all deeds, quitclaims, or assignments, or other documents conveying all rights, title and interest in and to the stock, vehicles, realty and other property described in the documents to be executed by the parties.

INDEX OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description	Number of Pages
1	Property to John Townley	2
2	Property to Rochelle Mezzano	1
3		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
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CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of the Second Judicial District Court, and that on the Hamalay of December, 2019, I deposited for mailing, first class postage pre-paid, at Reno, Nevada, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document addressed to:

Rochelle Mezzano 735 Aesop Ct. Reno, NV 89512

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC SERVICE

I hereby certify that on ______ of December, 2019, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court by using the ECF system which will send a notice of electronic filing to the following:

Alexander Morey, Esq. (for John Townley)

Attention

AS OF OCTOBER 18TH, 2018, Electronic Filing is MANDATORY for all cases, including Family Law cases.

Paper copies of orders or other documents will no longer be mailed to parties. Copies will be sent electronically.

Parties should contact the Second Judicial District Court Filing Office at 775-328-3110 ext. 7, or visit https://wceflex.washoecourts.com to sign up for a free e-flex account. Parties who are unable to file electronically may file an Application for Electronic Filing and Service Exemption form.

Court Clerk

FILED
Electronically
DV19-01564
2019-12-11 04:37:44 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7633615

EXHIBIT 1

PROPERTY TO HUSBAND, JOHN TOWNLEY

REAL PROPERTY	
MEAL FROPERTY	
145 Redstone Dr. Rer	io NV APN 003-35-109
	855 Atlas Ct., Reno NV APN 003-50-203
1532 F Street, Sparks	
1002 T Office, oparks	NV ALI (031-35-215
CASH	
Optum HSA x7669	
Heritage accounts:	
x4842,x 5457, x2218	불림에 보여는 보는 강화는 하는 나는 그들 때 그는 안 하고 그는 하는데 말했다.
Personal account X22	20
IRS money held on ac	
Fidelity x6512	
Coins/Gold	
Gold money x9416	
GUOOT Trust x6982	
SIWPT Trust x8359	
IWDKT Trust x6974	
NJWWT Trust	
x8809	
VEHICLES	
1965 Pontiac Tempest	GTO VIN 237375P309242
2007 Ram 4x4 VIN 1D	SKS28C87J536266
2001 Chevy Corvette Z	VIN 1G1YY12S915113880 and/or the parties' beneficial interest in the
vehicle via the Souther	n Illinois Wetlands Preservation Trust such that upon distribution of the
	all right, title, and interest shall be owned by Husband
1986 Chevy 1520 4x4 I	UVIN 1GCGK24M9GF347349 and/or the parties' beneficial interest in the
venicle via the Souther	n Illinois Wetlands Preservation Trust such that upon distribution of the
	all right, title, and interest shall be owned by Husband
2000 Toy Hauler VIN	5LZBE19236S003527 and/or the parties' beneficial interest in the vehicle vi
the Southern minois v	Vetlands Preservation Trust such that upon distribution of the vehicle from and interest shall be owned by Husband
ine trust an right, title,	P2AB1623VUD05970
2014 RZR VIN 4XAST 2014 Polaris ATV	.EA3EF305430
2014 Pulatis AT V	
DEBTS	
Citi-Costco account en	
	ecount ending in X1107
Wells Fargo account er	
All other debts in Mr. 1	'ownley's sole name or incurred by him for his benefit.
TRUSTS	
A IN UU A IU	<u>,这种最高,是是我们的,我们就是不是一个,我们就是这个,我们就是不</u> 是这个,我们就是这个人,我们就是这个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,就是

The parties' beneficial interest in the Southern Illinois Wetlands Preservations Trust except the interest in the 2001 Corvette assigned to Wife.

The parties' beneficial interest in the New Jersey Water Way Trust
The parties' beneficial interest in the Growing Vines of Oregon Trust
The parties' beneficial interest in the Idaho Wild Donkey Rescue Trust

PERSONAL EFFECTS

Furniture and furnishings in his possession

FILED
Electronically
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2019-12-11 04:37:44 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7633615

EXHIBIT 2

PROPERTY TO WIFE, ROCHELLE MEZZANO

REAL PROPERTY	
735 Aesop Ct. Reno, NV	
670 Valley Road, Reno, NV	
CASH	
Las Vegas IRA	
Fidelity IRA	
Fidelity IRA	
Last payment on remodel/cash on hand	
Met Life Insurance Policy	*.
NJWWT x8809	
Personal checking account ending in X3083	
	:
BUSINESS INTERESTS	
Seven-Star Realty including Heritage checking account ending in X6460	
VEHICLES	
2018 Mercedes-Benz C-Class 4 wd	
2016 Ram 4x4	
2008 Lexus RX350 4wd	
2001 Chevy Corvette and/or the parties' beneficial interest in the vehicle via the	ne Southern Illinois Wetlands
Preservation Trust such that upon distribution of the vehicle from the trust all	
be owned by Wife	
DEBTS	
Bank of America account number unknown	
All other debts in Ms. Mezzano's sole name or incurred by her for her be	nefit.
PERSONAL EFFECTS	
Furniture and furnishings in her possession.	
	

FILED Electronically DV19-01564 2020-05-22 02:52:48 PM Jacqueline Bryant Clerk of the Court Transaction # 7890459

DV19-01564

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Case No.

Dept. No.

CODE:

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IN THE FAMILY DIVISION

OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN TOWNLEY,

Plaintiff,

VS.

ROCHELLE MEZZANO,

Defendant.

ORDER DENYING MOTION TO SET ASIDE DECREE OF DIVORCE AND FOR RELATED RELIEF

This Court reviewed Rochelle Mazzano's ("Ms. Mazzano") Motion to Set Aside Decree of Divorce and for Related Relief ("the Motion to Set Aside"), submitted on April 8, 2020. It now finds and orders as follows:

Findings of Fact

1. Mr. Townley initiated this case by filing a Complaint for Divorce (no children) ("the Complaint") on September 24, 2019. Mr. Townley filed an Affidavit of Service ("{the Affidavit") on October 28, 2019. A Clerk's Default was entered in this matter on November 1, 2019. Plaintiff sent Ms. Mezzano Notice of Intent to Take Default Judgment by mail on November 19, 2019. The Court entered its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce ("the Default Decree") on December 11, 2019. Plaintiff sent Ms. Mezzano Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce by mail on December 12, 2019.

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- 2. Ms. Mezzano moves the Court to set aside the Default Decree in this case based on alleged improper service of process. Ms. Mezzano claims Mr. Townley did not personally serve her with the Summons, Complaint, and other filed documents. Instead, she states that a "contractor" at her home was provided the documents, but he was never authorized to accept service of process. Ms. Mezzano claims that the contractor never informed her a process served came by and she only "later found" the documents inside her home. Ms. Mezzano argues the judgment is void due to improper service of the complaint and therefore must be set aside. Ms. Mezzano acknowledges an email to Mr. Townley stating she received the divorce papers, but she argues that fact does not establish valid service. She believes Mr. Townley will suffer no prejudice if the Default Decree is set aside and requests an award of attorney's fees.
- 3. Mr. Townley responds and opposes setting aside the Decree. Mr. Townley argues that Ms. Mezzano's request is untimely, ignores facts, and is only supported by a legally insufficient self-serving affidavit. Based on the method of service stated in the Affidavit of Service, Ms. Mezzano's legal theory is irrelevant. Mr. Townley asserts the process server determined Ms. Mezzano was in her home when she responded to an oral notice to come to the door to get documents. Ms. Mezzano refused and therefore the process server posted the summons and complaint and left the property pursuant to NRCP 4.2(a)(1). Mr. Townley attaches a copy of the email Ms. Mezzano references that reads: "I got served papers today. I have twenty days including the weekend to respond. Which means I need to retain an attorney. So, I need a retainer. How would you like to proceed?" He claims she initially agreed to attend a meeting to discuss settlement but never showed up. Mr. Townley notes that Ms. Mezzano refused to participate in the case from that point forward. On January 4, 2020, Mr. Townley's counsel states he received a letter from Ms. Mezzano's current attorney stating he represented Ms. Mezzano and would be moving to set aside the decree. Mr. Townley argues that, after six months from the date of alleged service, Ms. Mezzano only presented a single self-serving affidavit in

support of her arguments. He further argues Ms. Mezzano admits actual notice of the proceedings but never asserted a lack of service until the default judgment was already entered. Even after that point, Ms. Mezzano waited more than four months to move to set aside.

4. Ms. Mezzano did not file a reply.

Conclusions of Law

- Pursuant to NRCP 60(b), this Court may set aside an entry of default 1. judgment for the following reasons:
 - (1) mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect;
 - (2) newly discovered evidence that, with reasonable diligence, could not have been discovered in time to move for a new trial under Rule 59(b);
 - (3) fraud (whether previously called intrinsic or extrinsic), misrepresentation, or misconduct by an opposing party;
 - (4) the judgment is void;
 - (5) the judgment has been satisfied, released, or discharged; it is based on an earlier judgment that has been reversed or vacated; or applying it prospectively is no longer equitable;
 - (6) any other reason that justifies relief.
- 2. Although the decision to set aside a default is made at the Court's discretion, a trial on the merits is always favored over a procedural default. Kahn v. Orme, 108 Nev. 510, 516, 835 P.2d 790, 794 (1992)(internal citations omitted); see also Yochum v. Davis, 98 Nev. 484, 487, 653 P.2d 1215, 1217 (1982) (the district court "must give due consideration to the state's underlying basic policy of resolving cases on their merits wherever possible"). The policy favoring decisions on the merits is heightened in cases involving domestid relations matters. Price v. Dunn, 106 Nev. 100, 105, 787 P.2d 785, 788 (1990) (citing Dagher v. Dagher, 103 Nev. 26, 28, 731 P.2d 1329, 1330 (1987)).
- 3. Before granting a NRCP 60(b)(1) motion, a court must consider whether the moving party: (1) made a prompt application; (2) lacked an intent to delay the proceedings; (3) lacked knowledge of procedural requirements; and (4) exercised good

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faith. *Kahn v. Orme*, 108 Nev. 510, 513–14, 835 P.2d 790, 793 (1992). The moving party has the burden of proving inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect "by a preponderance of the evidence." *Id.* Similarly, the party "moving to vacate default judgment for improper service of process bears the burden to prove that he is entitled to relief." *S.E.C. v. Internet Sols. for Bus. Inc.*, 509 F.3d 1161, 1166 (9th Cir. 2007)¹. **The Court may also consider a movant's lack of diligence in bringing a claim pursuant to NRCP 60(b)(4)**. *See In re Harrison Living Tr.*, 121 Nev. 217, 224, 112 P.3d 1058, 1062 (2005) ("[T]he district court did not abuse its discretion in finding that Teriano unreasonably delayed filing a petition to set aside a void judgment, and in applying equitable estoppel to Teriano's petition.").

4. Here, the Court finds Ms. Mezzano's affidavit is insufficient to overcome her burden. The Affidavit of Service states that Ms. Mezzano was served with the summons and complaint by "[d]elivering and leaving a copy posted on the Defendant's (Rochelle Mezzano) Front Door at 735 Aesop Court, Reno, Nevada 89512." The process server included a narrative of service stating an older white male answered the door then yelled Ms. Mezzano's name. The process server stated that Ms. Mezzano responded but would not come to the door. Although the process served did not personally see Ms. Mezzano, she believed responding to her name proved that Ms. Mezzano was there. Notably, **Ms.** Mezzano fails to address the sworn statements of a disinterested third party regarding service of process. See S.E.C., 509 F.3d at 1166 (internal quotations omitted) ("A signed return of service constitutes prima facie evidence of valid service which can be overcome only by strong and convincing evidence."). Ms. Mezzano simply includes her own selfserving affidavit stating a "contractor" was given documents that she only later found in her home. The Court finds that the process server's affidavit is the most credible evidence provided.

¹ The court went on to explain: "The defendant who chooses not to put the plaintiff to its proof, but instead allows default judgment to be entered and waits, for whatever reason, until a later time to challenge the plaintiff's action, should have to bear the consequences of such delay." S.E.C., 509 F.3d at 1166.

- 5. The Court notes that on the same day as the alleged service Ms. Mezzano admits she sent an email stating "I got served papers today" and requested money to retain an attorney. The Court finds Ms. Mezzano's email was an appearance in this case. Accordingly, Ms. Mezzano was later provided notice of Mr. Townley's intent to take a default, which she ignored. Mr. Townley then provided notice of his intent to seek a default judgment, which she also ignored. The Court notes that the property division appeared fair and equal and Ms. Mezzano was awarded income producing property and her business.
- 6. Ms. Mezzano admits she had actual notice of the proceedings and does not deny receiving notice of Mr. Townley's intent to proceed with a default. The Court further finds that Ms. Mezzano's request to set aside can also be denied based on her failure to make a prompt application to set aside the default judgment. The Court notes that all the facts alleged in Ms. Mezzano's Motion to Set aside were within her knowledge, yet she waited two months after contacting Mr. Townley's counsel to take any action.
- 7. Based on the above reasoning, the Court finds no good cause to set aside the Decree. Ms. Mezzano's Motion to Set Aside is **DENIED**. Ms. Mezzano's request for attorney's fees is also **DENIED**.

Budget & Rush
District Padge

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 22nd, 2020.

Case No. DV19-01564

FILED
Electronically
DV19-01564
2020-05-26 11:18:19 AM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7891858

1 2	2020-05-26 11:18 Jacqueline Br Code: Code: Gary R. Silverman (NSB# 409) Michael V. Kattelman (NSB#6703) John P. Springgate (NSB# 1350) Alexander C. Morey (NSB#11216) Kenton Karrasch (NSB#13515) Benjamin Albers (NSB#11895) Silverman Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Parkway, Suite 675
3 4	Reno, Nevada 89521 Telephone: 775/322-3223 Facsimile: 775/322-3649 Attorney for John Townley
5	IN THE FAMILY DIVISION
6	OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
7	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE
8	JOHN TOWNLEY,
9	Plaintiff Case No. DV19-01564
10	vs. Dept. 13
11	
12	ROCHELLE MEZZANO and
13	DOES I through XX, to include Doe individuals,
14	corporations, limited liability companies,
15	partnerships, trusts, limited partnerships, and such other individuals or entities
16	as may exist or be formed
17	Defendants.
18	
19	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER
20	TO: Rochelle Mezzano and her counsel of record F. Peter James:
21	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above-entitled Court entered the Order Denying
22	
23	Motion to Set Aside Decree of Divorce and For Related Relief in this matter on May 22,
24	2020.
25	
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28 ttelmat Chtd.	///

Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223 For (775) 322-3240

Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

FILED
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DV19-01564
2020-05-22 02:52:48 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7890459

CODE:

 IN THE FAMILY DIVISION

OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN TOWNLEY,

vs.

Case No.

DV19-01564

Dept. No.

ROCHELLE MEZZANO,

Defendant.

Plaintiff,

ORDER DENYING MOTION TO SET ASIDE DECREE OF DIVORCE AND FOR RELATED RELIEF

This Court reviewed Rochelle Mazzano's ("Ms. Mazzano") *Motion to Set Aside*Decree of Divorce and for Related Relief ("the Motion to Set Aside"), submitted on April 8,

2020. It now finds and orders as follows:

Findings of Fact

1. Mr. Townley initiated this case by filing a Complaint for Divorce (no children) ("the Complaint") on September 24, 2019. Mr. Townley filed an Affidavit of Service ("{the Affidavit") on October 28, 2019. A Clerk's Default was entered in this matter on November 1, 2019. Plaintiff sent Ms. Mezzano Notice of Intent to Take Default Judgment by mail on November 19, 2019. The Court entered its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce ("the Default Decree") on December 11, 2019. Plaintiff sent Ms. Mezzano Notice of

Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce by mail on December 12, 2019.

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- 2. Ms. Mezzano moves the Court to set aside the Default Decree in this case based on alleged improper service of process. Ms. Mezzano claims Mr. Townley did not personally serve her with the Summons, Complaint, and other filed documents. Instead, she states that a "contractor" at her home was provided the documents, but he was never authorized to accept service of process. Ms. Mezzano claims that the contractor never informed her a process served came by and she only "later found" the documents inside her home. Ms. Mezzano argues the judgment is void due to improper service of the complaint and therefore must be set aside. Ms. Mezzano acknowledges an email to Mr. Townley stating she received the divorce papers, but she argues that fact does not establish valid service. She believes Mr. Townley will suffer no prejudice if the Default Decree is set aside and requests an award of attorney's fees.
- Mr. Townley responds and opposes setting aside the Decree. Mr. Townley argues that Ms. Mezzano's request is untimely, ignores facts, and is only supported by a legally insufficient self-serving affidavit. Based on the method of service stated in the Affidavit of Service, Ms. Mezzano's legal theory is irrelevant. Mr. Townley asserts the process server determined Ms. Mezzano was in her home when she responded to an oral notice to come to the door to get documents. Ms. Mezzano refused and therefore the process server posted the summons and complaint and left the property pursuant to NRCP 4.2(a)(1). Mr. Townley attaches a copy of the email Ms. Mezzano references that reads: "I got served papers today. I have twenty days including the weekend to respond. Which means I need to retain an attorney. So, I need a retainer. How would you like to proceed?" He claims she initially agreed to attend a meeting to discuss settlement but never showed up. Mr. Townley notes that Ms. Mezzano refused to participate in the case from that point forward. On January 4, 2020, Mr. Townley's counsel states he received a letter from Ms. Mezzano's current attorney stating he represented Ms. Mezzano and would be moving to set aside the decree. Mr. Townley argues that, after six months from the date of alleged service, Ms. Mezzano only presented a single self-serving affidavit in

support of her arguments. He further argues Ms. Mezzano admits actual notice of the proceedings but never asserted a lack of service until the default judgment was already entered. Even after that point, Ms. Mezzano waited more than four months to move to set aside.

4. Ms. Mezzano did not file a reply.

Conclusions of Law

- 1. Pursuant to NRCP 60(b), this Court may set aside an entry of default judgment for the following reasons:
 - (1) mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect;
 - (2) newly discovered evidence that, with reasonable diligence, could not have been discovered in time to move for a new trial under Rule 59(b);
 - (3) fraud (whether previously called intrinsic or extrinsic), misrepresentation, or misconduct by an opposing party;
 - (4) the judgment is void;
 - (5) the judgment has been satisfied, released, or discharged; it is based on an earlier judgment that has been reversed or vacated; or applying it prospectively is no longer equitable; or
 - (6) any other reason that justifies relief.
- 2. Although the decision to set aside a default is made at the Court's discretion, a trial on the merits is always favored over a procedural default. *Kahn v. Orme*, 108 Nev. 510, 516, 835 P.2d 790, 794 (1992)(internal citations omitted); see also Yochum v. Davis, 98 Nev. 484, 487, 653 P.2d 1215, 1217 (1982) (the district court "must give due consideration to the state's underlying basic policy of resolving cases on their merits wherever possible"). The policy favoring decisions on the merits is heightened in cases involving domestic relations matters. *Price v. Dunn*, 106 Nev. 100, 105, 787 P.2d 785, 788 (1990) (citing *Dagher v. Dagher*, 103 Nev. 26, 28, 731 P.2d 1329, 1330 (1987)).
- 3. Before granting a NRCP 60(b)(1) motion, a court must consider whether the moving party: (1) made a prompt application; (2) lacked an intent to delay the proceedings; (3) lacked knowledge of procedural requirements; and (4) exercised good

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faith. *Kalın v. Orme*, 108 Nev. 510, 513–14, 835 P.2d 790, 793 (1992). The moving party has the burden of proving inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect "by a preponderance of the evidence." *Id.* Similarly, the party "moving to vacate default judgment for improper service of process bears the burden to prove that he is entitled to relief." *S.E.C. v. Internet Sols. for Bus. Inc.*, 509 F.3d 1161, 1166 (9th Cir. 2007)¹. The Court may also consider a movant's lack of diligence in bringing a claim pursuant to NRCP 60(b)(4). *See In re Harrison Living Tr.*, 121 Nev. 217, 224, 112 P.3d 1058, 1062 (2005) ("[T]he district court did not abuse its discretion in finding that Teriano unreasonably delayed filing a petition to set aside a void judgment, and in applying equitable estoppel to Teriano's petition.").

Here, the Court finds Ms. Mezzano's affidavit is insufficient to overcome her 4. burden. The Affidavit of Service states that Ms. Mezzano was served with the summons and complaint by "[d]elivering and leaving a copy posted on the Defendant's (Rochelle Mezzano) Front Door at 735 Aesop Court, Reno, Nevada 89512." The process server included a narrative of service stating an older white male answered the door then yelled Ms. Mezzano's name. The process server stated that Ms. Mezzano responded but would not come to the door. Although the process served did not personally see Ms. Mezzano, she believed responding to her name proved that Ms. Mezzano was there. Notably, Ms. Mezzano fails to address the sworn statements of a disinterested third party regarding service of process. See S.E.C., 509 F.3d at 1166 (internal quotations omitted) ("A signed return of service constitutes prima facie evidence of valid service which can be overcome only by strong and convincing evidence."). Ms. Mezzano simply includes her own selfserving affidavit stating a "contractor" was given documents that she only later found in her home. The Court finds that the process server's affidavit is the most credible evidence provided.

¹ The court went on to explain: "The defendant who chooses not to put the plaintiff to its proof, but instead allows default judgment to be entered and waits, for whatever reason, until a later time to challenge the plaintiff's action, should have to bear the consequences of such delay." S.E.C., 509 F.3d at 1166.

- 5. The Court notes that - on the same day as the alleged service - Ms. Mezzano admits she sent an email stating "I got served papers today" and requested money to retain an attorney. The Court finds Ms. Mezzano's email was an appearance in this case. Accordingly, Ms. Mezzano was later provided notice of Mr. Townley's intent to take a default, which she ignored. Mr. Townley then provided notice of his intent to seek a default judgment, which she also ignored. The Court notes that the property division appeared fair and equal and Ms. Mezzano was awarded income producing property and her business.
- 6. Ms. Mezzano admits she had actual notice of the proceedings and does not deny receiving notice of Mr. Townley's intent to proceed with a default. The Court further finds that Ms. Mezzano's request to set aside can also be denied based on her failure to make a prompt application to set aside the default judgment. The Court notes that all the facts alleged in Ms. Mezzano's Motion to Set aside were within her knowledge, yet she waited two months after contacting Mr. Townley's counsel to take any action.
- 7. Based on the above reasoning, the Court finds no good cause to set aside the Decree. Ms. Mezzano's Motion to Set Aside is DENIED. Ms. Mezzano's request for attorney's fees is also DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 22nd, 2020.

Budget & Rush
District Judge

Case No. DV19-01564

1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 2 Pursuant to NRCP 5 (b), I hereby certify that I am an employee of Silverman, 3 Kattelman Springgate, Chtd, and on the date set forth below, I served a true copy of the 4 5 foregoing Notice of Entry of Order the party(ies) identified below by: 6 Placing an original or true copy thereof in a sealed envelope, postage 7 prepaid for collection and mailing in the United States Mail at Reno, 8 Nevada to 9 10 **Hand Delivery** 11 Facsimile to the following numbers: 12 Federal Express or other overnight delivery 13 Reno Carson Messenger Service 14 Certified Mail, Return receipt requested 15 Electronically, using Second Judicial District Court's ECF system. 16 X 17 Email: 18 addressed to: 19 F. Peter James 20 3821 West Charleston Blvd., Ste. 250 Las Vegas, NV 89102 21 22 23 Dated this 26th day of May 2020. 24 25 26 27

Silverman Kattelmar Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

FILED Electronically DV19-01564 2020-05-27 03:22:45 PM Jacqueline Bryant Clerk of the Court Transaction # 7895397

DV19-01564

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Case No.

Dept. No.

CODE:

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27 28 IN THE FAMILY DIVISION

OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN TOWNLEY,

Plaintiff,

VS.

ROCHELLE MEZZANO,

Defendant.

ORDER REGARDING MOTION VESTING TITLE TO REAL PROPERTY IN PLAINTIFF; IN THE ALTERNATIVE, MOTION FOR CLERK OF COURT TO **EXECUTE DEED AS ATTORNEY IN FACT**

This Court reviewed John Townley's ("Mr. Townley") Motion Vesting Title to Real Property in Plaintiff; in the Alternative, Motion for Clerk of Court to Execute Deed as Attorney in Fact ("the Motion to Vest Title"), submitted on March 30, 2020. It now finds and orders as follows:

Findings of Fact

1. Mr. Townley initiated this case by filing a Complaint for Divorce (no children) ("the Complaint") on September 24, 2019. Mr. Townley filed an Affidavit of Service ("the Affidavit") on October 28, 2019. A Clerk's Default was entered in this matter on November 1, 2019. Plaintiff sent Rochelle Mezzano ("Ms. Mezzano") Notice of Intent to Take Default *Judgment* by mail on November 19, 2019. The Court entered its *Findings of Fact, Conclusions* of Law and Decree of Divorce ("the Decree") on December 11, 2019. Plaintiff sent Ms. Mezzano Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce by mail on December 12, 2019.

- 2. Mr. Townley requests the Court issue an order vesting title to 145 Redstone Drive, Reno, Nevada, APN 003-351-09 ("145 Redstone Drive"), in him as his sole and separate property pursuant to NRCP 70(b). Alternatively, Mr. Townley requests the Court direct the Clerk of Court to execute the necessary deed to vest the title. Mr. Townley further requests the Court award him his reasonable attorney's fees and costs based upon Ms. Mezzano's failure to sign the necessary documents. Mr. Townley claims he sent Ms. Mezzano a letter concerning necessary tasks to complete the division of property on December 31, 2019. Mr. Townley states the only correspondence he has received in return was a letter from Ms. Mezzano's current counsel stating he would move to set aside the Decree shortly (a motion was not filed until two months later). Mr. Townley argues that Ms. Mezzano was properly served, and the Court may enter an order requiring conveyance of the property. Mr. Townley notes that Paragraph 10 of the Default Decree requires each Party execute all documents necessary to effectuate the division of assets. He argues Ms. Mezzano has no valid objection to executing the document. Mr. Townley also argues he is entitled to an award of attorney's fees pursuant to NRCP 70 and Paragraph 10 of the Decree.
- 3. Ms. Mezzano filed her *Consolidated Oppositions to Motions* on March 3, 2020 ("the Consolidated Opposition"). She argues all Mr. Townley's requests should be stayed pending resolution of her motion to set aside the Default Decree. As the Court denied her motion, the request for a stay is denied as moot. The Court has addressed Ms. Mezzano's arguments regarding alleged insufficient service of process in its separate Order.¹ She argues that neither Paragraph 10 of the Default Decree nor NRCP 70 has an attorney's fee provision.

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¹ The Court notes that Ms. Mezzano appears to admit she was home at the time of service but refused to come to the door because "it could have been a solicitor or pollster." Combined Opposition at p. 5.

Conclusions of Law

1. Pursuant to NRCP 70:

- (a) Party's Failure to Act; Ordering Another to Act. If a judgment requires a party to convey land, to deliver a deed or other document, or to perform any other specific act and the party fails to comply within the time specified, the court may order the act to be done--at the disobedient party's expense--by another person appointed by the court. When done, the act has the same effect as if done by the party.
- **(b)** Vesting Title. If the real or personal property is within this state, the court--instead of ordering a conveyance--may enter a judgment divesting any party's title and vesting it in others. That judgment has the effect of a legally executed conveyance.
- 2. Here, Ms. Mezzano's only argument is the Decree should be set aside. As noted above, the Court already denied that relief. The Court finds that the Decree awards Mr. Townley 145 Redstone Drive as his sole and separate property. The Decree further requires the Parties execute all necessary documents to effectuate the division of property. The Court finds Ms. Mezzano was required to sign the quitclaim deed within ten (10) business days, unless she provided a written objection within that time period. Pursuant to NRCP 70(a), the Court may order the act be done "at the disobedient party's expense." Because Ms. Mezzano arguably "objected" to signing the deed based on her motion to set aside Default Decree, the Court does not award fees at this time. Ms. Mezzano shall sign the quitclaim deed for 145 Redstone Drive within ten (10) days of the date of this Order. If Ms. Mezzano fails to comply, then the Court will appoint the Clerk of Court to sign on behalf of Ms. Mezzano and award Mr. Townley his reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in obtaining the signature.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: May <u>27th</u>, 2020.

Budget & Rubb
District Judge

DV19-01564

FILED Electronically DV19-01564 2020-05-27 03:19:40 PM Jacqueline Bryant Clerk of the Court Transaction # 7895376

DV19-01564

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Case No.

Dept. No.

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27 28 IN THE FAMILY DIVISION

OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN TOWNLEY,

Plaintiff,

VS.

ROCHELLE MEZZANO,

Defendant.

ORDER REGARDING MOTION FOR ORDER DIRECTING DELIVERY OF FUNDS DUE DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO DIVORCE AND PAPERS AND THINGS RELATING TO DEFENDANT'S PROPERTY TO LAST KNOWN RESIDENCE

This Court reviewed John Townley's ("Mr. Townley") Motion for Order Directing Delivery of Funds Due Defendant Pursuant to Divorce and Papers and Things Relating to Defendant's Property to Last Known Residence ("the Motion"), submitted on March 30, 2020. It now finds and orders as follows:

Findings of Fact

1. Mr. Townley initiated this case by filing a Complaint for Divorce (no children) ("the Complaint") on September 24, 2019. Mr. Townley filed an Affidavit of Service ("{the Affidavit") on October 28, 2019. A Clerk's Default was entered in this matter on November 1, 2019. Plaintiff sent Rochelle Mezzano ("Ms. Mezzano") Notice of Intent to Take Default *Judgment* by mail on November 19, 2019. The Court entered its *Findings of Fact*, *Conclusions* of Law and Decree of Divorce ("the Decree") on December 11, 2019. Plaintiff sent Ms. Mezzano Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce by mail on December 12, 2019.

- 2. Mr. Townley requests the Court issue an order because Ms. Mezzano will not retrieve certain funds or items awarded to her in the Decree. Mr. Townley states that he is holding the money due Ms. Mezzano as part of her share of the Parties' estate. Mr. Townley claims he had a cashier's check and a box of documents at his counsel's office, but she failed to pick up the items. Therefore, Mr. Townley states he redeposited the funds and paid the mortgage on Ms. Mezzano's property. He asserts Ms. Mezzano has not proposed a means to transfer the remainder of those funds or the documents and other things. Mr. Townley argues he should not be responsible for maintaining the funds due Ms. Mezzano. He suggests the Court order the items sent to Ms. Mezzano's last known residence.
- 3. Ms. Mezzano filed her *Consolidated Oppositions to Motions* on March 3, 2020 ("the Consolidated Opposition"). She argues all Mr. Townley's requests should be stayed pending resolution of her motion to set aside the Default Decree. As the Court denied her motion, her request for a stay is now denied as moot. The Court has addressed Ms. Mezzano's arguments regarding alleged insufficient service of process in its separate Order.¹ Regarding the merits of the Motion, Ms. Mezzano proposes Mr. Townley drop off items at her brother-in-law's house, have his girlfriend drop it by, or mail any documents to her counsel.
- 4. Mr. Townley replies and argues that Ms. Mezzano's sister and brother in law are not couriers and her suggestion that his girlfriend drop off documents is unreasonable. Mr. Townley argues Ms. Mezzano's failure to retrieve her documents or send written instructions shows an intent to delay the proceedings.

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¹ The Court notes that Ms. Mezzano appears to admit she was home at the time of service but refused to come to the door because "it could have been a solicitor or pollster." Combined Opposition at p. 5.

Conclusions of Law

- Courts have the power "[t]o compel obedience to its lawful judgments, 1. orders and process, and to the lawful orders of its judge out of court in an action or proceeding pending therein." NRS 1.210(3).
- 2. Here, Ms. Mezzano acknowledges Mr. Townley has certain documents and funds that must be transferred to her pursuant to the Decree. The Court finds that Ms. Mezzano provides no argument why she failed to pick up the cashier's check or documents and other things Mr. Townley had prepared for her. The Court will not require a non-party take any affirmative action or accept a check or documents on Ms. Mezzano's behalf as she suggests. Accordingly, the Parties shall arrange for a time to exchange these items within ten (10) days of the date of this Order. If the Parties fail to do so, Mr. Townley shall ship the items to Ms. Mezzano's counsel as she proposes, and Ms. Mezzano shall reimburse Mr. Townley for any cost.

Budget & KHbb
District Judge

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 27th, 2020.

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23 Case No. DV19-01564

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FILED Electronically DV19-01564 2020-05-27 03:16:58 PM Jacqueline Bryant Clerk of the Court Transaction # 7895354

DV19-01564

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Case No.

Dept. No.

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27 28 IN THE FAMILY DIVISION

OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN TOWNLEY,

Plaintiff,

VS.

ROCHELLE MEZZANO,

Defendant.

ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR ORDER REQUIRING DEFENDANT TO REMOVE PLAINTIFF'S LIABILITY ON MORTGAGE ASSIGNED TO HER IN DECREE OF DIVORCE AND MOTION REQUIRING SALE OF REAL PROPERTY TO PROTECT PLAINIFF FROM LIABILITY IF DEFENDANT DEFAULTS IN PAYMENT OF THE MORTGAGE

This Court reviewed John Townley's ("Mr. Townley") Motion for Order to Remove Plaintiff's Liability on Mortgage Assigned to Her in Decree of Divorce and Motion Requiring Sale of Real Property to Protect Plaintiff from Liability if Defendant Defaults in Payment of Mortgage ("the Motion"), submitted on March 30, 2020. It now finds and orders as follows:

Findings of Fact

1. Mr. Townley initiated this case by filing a Complaint for Divorce (no children) ("the Complaint") on September 24, 2019. Mr. Townley filed an Affidavit of Service ("{the Affidavit") on October 28, 2019. A Clerk's Default was entered in this matter on November 1, 2019. Plaintiff sent Rochelle Mezzano ("Ms. Mezzano") Notice of Intent to Take Default

Judgment by mail on November 19, 2019. The Court entered its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce ("the Default Decree") on December 11, 2019. Plaintiff sent Ms. Mezzano Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce by mail on December 12, 2019.

- 2. Mr. Townley requests the Court require Ms. Mezzano remove his liability on the mortgage associated with the real property at 735 Aesop Court, Reno, Nevada ("735 Aesop Court") within 180 days of the Court's order because she has failed to pay the mortgage. He alleges Ms. Mezzano lives at 735 Aesop Court and has been remodeling the property. Mr. Townley argues Ms. Mezzano has failed to indemnify, defend, and hold him harmless from the liability associated with the property. Mr. Townley claims he has been paying the mortgage to protect his credit. He argues the Court should set a deadline for her to refinance in order to hold him harmless.
- 3. Ms. Mezzano filed her *Consolidated Oppositions to Motions* on March 3, 2020 ("the Consolidated Opposition"). She argues all Mr. Townley's requests should be stayed pending resolution of her motion to set aside the Default Decree. As the Court denied her motion, the request for a stay is denied as moot. The Court has addressed Ms. Mezzano's arguments regarding alleged insufficient service of process in its separate Order.¹ Regarding 735 Aesop Court, Ms. Mezzano argues that refinancing is not an option because "Plaintiff took the lion share of marital assets, and Defendant is not Employed." Ms. Mezzano further claims Mr. Townley did not pay certain office costs resulting in two agents leaving her employ. Ms. Mezzano argues that Mr. Townley kept assets from her that could have been used to pay the mortgage on 735 Aesop Court. Ms. Mezzano argues that the Decree does not have a provision requiring she remove his name from the mortgage or to force a sale of the home.
- 4. Mr. Townley replies and argues that Ms. Mezzano's financial disclosure form, filed on March 22, 2020, discloses she possesses \$80,000 in cash and therefore was

¹ The Court notes that Ms. Mezzano appears to admit she was home at the time of service but refused to come to the door because "it could have been a solicitor or pollster." Combined Opposition at p. 5.

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able to pay her mortgage. Instead, Ms. Mezzano demanded he pay the mortgage. Mr. Townley argues Ms. Mezzano's behavior was unreasonable and forced him to protect his credit.

Conclusions of Law

- Courts have the power "[t]o compel obedience to its lawful judgments, orders and process, and to the lawful orders of its judge out of court in an action or proceeding pending therein." NRS 1.210(3).
- Here, Ms. Mezzano claims her alleged refusal to pay the mortgage is simply "chatter." However, Ms. Mezzano fails to dispute she has not been paying the mortgage. If both Parties remain liable on the mortgage, then these issues will drag on for an indeterminate amount of time. Ms. Mezzano took the property subject to the debt and therefore Mr. Townley should not have to continue to monitor the asset and protect his credit. The Court finds 180 days is a reasonable timeframe for Ms. Mezzano to refinance 735 Aesop Court and that this refinance is a necessary matter involved with enforcing the asset division in this case.
- 3. Based on the above reasoning, Mr. Townley's Motion is **GRANTED.** Ms. Mezzano shall have 180 days to remove Mr. Townley's liability on the mortgage associated with 735 Aesop Court.

Budget & Rubb
District Pudge

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 27th, 2020.

27 28

Case No. DV19-01564

FILED Electronically DV19-01564 2020-05-28 12:28:39 PM Jacqueline Bryant Clerk of the Cpurt Transaction # 7897117

Gary R. Silverman (NSB# 409) Michael V. Kattelman (NSB#6703) 1 John P. Springgate (NSB# 1350) Alexander C. Morey (NSB#11216) Kenton Karrasch (NSB#13515) Benjamin Albers (NSB#11895) 2 Silverman Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Parkway, Suite 675 Reno, Nevada 89521 775/322-3223 Telephone: Facsimile: 775/322-3649 4 Attorney for John Townley IN THE FAMILY DIVISION 5 OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 6 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE 7 8 JOHN TOWNLEY, **Plaintiff** 9 Case No. DV19-01564 10 Dept. 13 VS. 11 12 ROCHELLE MEZZANO and DOES I through XX, 13 to include Doe individuals, corporations, limited liability companies, 14 partnerships, trusts, limited partnerships, and such other individuals or entities 15 as may exist or be formed 16 Defendants. 17 18 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 19 20 TO: Rochelle Mezzano and her counsel of record F. Peter James: 21 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above-entitled Court entered the Order 22 Granting Motion for Order Requiring Defendant to Remove Plaintiff's Liability on 23 Mortgage Assigned to Her in Decree of Divorce and Motion Requiring Sale of Real 24 Property to Protect Plaintiff from Liability if Defendant Defaults in Payment of the 25 26 Mortgage in this matter on May 27, 2020. 27 28

Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

FILED
Electronically
DV19-01564
2020-05-27 03:16:58 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7895354

CODE:

 IN THE FAMILY DIVISION

OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN TOWNLEY,

Case No.

DV19-01564

Plaintiff,

vs.

Dept. No.

ROCHELLE MEZZANO,

Defendant.

ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR ORDER REQUIRING DEFENDANT TO REMOVE PLAINTIFF'S LIABILITY ON MORTGAGE ASSIGNED TO HER IN DECREE OF DIVORCE AND MOTION REQUIRING SALE OF REAL PROPERTY TO PROTECT PLAINIFF FROM LIABILITY IF DEFENDANT DEFAULTS IN PAYMENT OF THE MORTGAGE

This Court reviewed John Townley's ("Mr. Townley") Motion for Order to Remove Plaintiff's Liability on Mortgage Assigned to Her in Decree of Divorce and Motion Requiring Sale of Real Property to Protect Plaintiff from Liability if Defendant Defaults in Payment of Mortgage ("the Motion"), submitted on March 30, 2020. It now finds and orders as follows:

Findings of Fact

1. Mr. Townley initiated this case by filing a Complaint for Divorce (no children) ("the Complaint") on September 24, 2019. Mr. Townley filed an Affidavit of Service ("{the Affidavit") on October 28, 2019. A Clerk's Default was entered in this matter on November 1, 2019. Plaintiff sent Rochelle Mezzano ("Ms. Mezzano") Notice of Intent to Take Default

Judgment by mail on November 19, 2019. The Court entered its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce ("the Default Decree") on December 11, 2019. Plaintiff sent Ms. Mezzano Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce by mail on December 12, 2019.

- 2. Mr. Townley requests the Court require Ms. Mezzano remove his liability on the mortgage associated with the real property at 735 Aesop Court, Reno, Nevada ("735 Aesop Court") within 180 days of the Court's order because she has failed to pay the mortgage. He alleges Ms. Mezzano lives at 735 Aesop Court and has been remodeling the property. Mr. Townley argues Ms. Mezzano has failed to indemnify, defend, and hold him harmless from the liability associated with the property. Mr. Townley claims he has been paying the mortgage to protect his credit. He argues the Court should set a deadline for her to refinance in order to hold him harmless.
- 3. Ms. Mezzano filed her Consolidated Oppositions to Motions on March 3, 2020 ("the Consolidated Opposition"). She argues all Mr. Townley's requests should be stayed pending resolution of her motion to set aside the Default Decree. As the Court denied her motion, the request for a stay is denied as moot. The Court has addressed Ms. Mezzano's arguments regarding alleged insufficient service of process in its separate Order. Regarding 735 Aesop Court, Ms. Mezzano argues that refinancing is not an option because "Plaintiff took the lion share of marital assets, and Defendant is not Employed." Ms. Mezzano further claims Mr. Townley did not pay certain office costs resulting in two agents leaving her employ. Ms. Mezzano argues that Mr. Townley kept assets from her that could have been used to pay the mortgage on 735 Aesop Court. Ms. Mezzano asserts she has never stated an intention not to pay the mortgage. Moreover, Ms. Mezzano argues that the Decree does not have a provision requiring she remove his name from the mortgage or to force a sale of the home.
- 4. Mr. Townley replies and argues that Ms. Mezzano's financial disclosure form, filed on March 22, 2020, discloses she possesses \$80,000 in cash and therefore was

¹ The Court notes that Ms. Mezzano appears to admit she was home at the time of service but refused to come to the door because "it could have been a solicitor or pollster." Combined Opposition at p. 5.

able to pay her mortgage. Instead, Ms. Mezzano demanded he pay the mortgage. Mr. Townley argues Ms. Mezzano's behavior was unreasonable and forced him to protect his credit.

Conclusions of Law

- 1. Courts have the power "[t]o compel obedience to its lawful judgments, orders and process, and to the lawful orders of its judge out of court in an action or proceeding pending therein." NRS 1.210(3).
- 2. Here, Ms. Mezzano claims her alleged refusal to pay the mortgage is simply "chatter." However, Ms. Mezzano fails to dispute she has not been paying the mortgage. If both Parties remain liable on the mortgage, then these issues will drag on for an indeterminate amount of time. Ms. Mezzano took the property subject to the debt and therefore Mr. Townley should not have to continue to monitor the asset and protect his credit. The Court finds 180 days is a reasonable timeframe for Ms. Mezzano to refinance 735 Aesop Court and that this refinance is a necessary matter involved with enforcing the asset division in this case.
- 3. Based on the above reasoning, Mr. Townley's Motion is **GRANTED**. Ms. Mezzano shall have 180 days to remove Mr. Townley's liability on the mortgage associated with 735 Aesop Court.

Budget & Rush

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 27th, 2020.

Case No. DV19-01564

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Silverman Kattelmar Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5 (b), I hereby certify that I am an employee of Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd, and on the date set forth below, I served a true copy of the foregoing Notice of Entry of Order the party(ies) identified below by:

 Placing an original or true copy thereof in a sealed envelope, postage
prepaid for collection and mailing in the United States Mail at Reno,
Nevada to

	Hand	Delivery	
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____ Facsimile to the following numbers:

____ Federal Express or other overnight delivery

____ Reno Carson Messenger Service

____ Certified Mail, Return receipt requested

X Electronically, using Second Judicial District Court's ECF system.

Email:

addressed to:

F. Peter James 3821 West Charleston Blvd., Ste. 250 Las Vegas, NV 89102

Dated this 28th day of May 2020.



FILED
Electronically
DV19-01564
2020-05-28 12:28:39 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7897117

1 2 3 4	Code: Gary R. Silverman (NSB# 409) Michael V. Kattelman (NSB#6703) John P. Springgate (NSB# 1350) Alexander C. Morey (NSB#11216) Kenton Karrasch (NSB#13515) Benjamin Albers (NSB#11895) Silverman Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Parkway, Suite 675 Reno, Nevada 89521 Telephone: 775/322-3223 Facsimile: 775/322-3649 Attorney for John Townley		Jacqueline I Jacqueline I Clerk of the Transaction #
5	IN THE FAMILY	YDIVISION	
6	OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT	COURT OF THE STATE	E OF NEVAD
7	IN AND FOR THE COU	UNTY OF WASHOE	
8	JOHN TOWNLEY,		
9	Plaintiff	Case No. DV19-01564	
10	vs.	Dept. 13	
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12 13	ROCHELLE MEZZANO and DOES I through XX,		
14	to include Doe individuals, corporations, limited liability companies,		
15	partnerships, trusts, limited partnerships, and such other individuals or entities		
16	as may exist or be formed Defendants.		
17			
18 19	NOTICE OF ENTR	RY OF ORDER	
20	TO: Rochelle Mezzano and her couns	el of record F. Peter James	s:
21	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above-	entitled Court entered the	Order
22		v of Funds Due Defendant	Pursuant to
23			
24	Divorce and Papers and Things Relating to Def	tendant's Property to Last	Known
25	Residence in this matter on May 27, 2020.		
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Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

1	Under NRS 239B.030 the undersigned affirms the preceding contains no social
2	security number.
3	Dated this day of May 2020.
4	SILVERMAN KATTELMAN SPRINGGATE, CHTD.
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7	ALEXANDER MOREY
8	Attorney for John Townley
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Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

FILED
Electronically
DV19-01564
2020-05-27 03:19:40 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7895376

CODE:

IN THE FAMILY DIVISION

OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN TOWNLEY,

vs.

Case No.

DV19-01564

Dept. No.

ROCHELLE MEZZANO,

Defendant.

Plaintiff,

ORDER REGARDING MOTION FOR ORDER DIRECTING DELIVERY OF FUNDS DUE DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO DIVORCE AND PAPERS AND THINGS RELATING TO DEFENDANT'S PROPERTY TO LAST KNOWN RESIDENCE

This Court reviewed John Townley's ("Mr. Townley") Motion for Order Directing

Delivery of Funds Due Defendant Pursuant to Divorce and Papers and Things Relating to

Defendant's Property to Last Known Residence ("the Motion"), submitted on March 30, 2020.

It now finds and orders as follows:

Findings of Fact

1. Mr. Townley initiated this case by filing a Complaint for Divorce (no children) ("the Complaint") on September 24, 2019. Mr. Townley filed an Affidavit of Service ("{the Affidavit") on October 28, 2019. A Clerk's Default was entered in this matter on November 1, 2019. Plaintiff sent Rochelle Mezzano ("Ms. Mezzano") Notice of Intent to Take Default Judgment by mail on November 19, 2019. The Court entered its Findings of Fact, Conclusions

of Law and Decree of Divorce ("the Decree") on December 11, 2019. Plaintiff sent Ms. Mezzano Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce by mail on December 12, 2019.

- 2. Mr. Townley requests the Court issue an order because Ms. Mezzano will not retrieve certain funds or items awarded to her in the Decree. Mr. Townley states that he is holding the money due Ms. Mezzano as part of her share of the Parties' estate. Mr. Townley claims he had a cashier's check and a box of documents at his counsel's office, but she failed to pick up the items. Therefore, Mr. Townley states he redeposited the funds and paid the mortgage on Ms. Mezzano's property. He asserts Ms. Mezzano has not proposed a means to transfer the remainder of those funds or the documents and other things. Mr. Townley argues he should not be responsible for maintaining the funds due Ms. Mezzano. He suggests the Court order the items sent to Ms. Mezzano's last known residence.
- 3. Ms. Mezzano filed her *Consolidated Oppositions to Motions* on March 3, 2020 ("the Consolidated Opposition"). She argues all Mr. Townley's requests should be stayed pending resolution of her motion to set aside the Default Decree. As the Court denied her motion, her request for a stay is now denied as moot. The Court has addressed Ms. Mezzano's arguments regarding alleged insufficient service of process in its separate Order.¹ Regarding the merits of the Motion, Ms. Mezzano proposes Mr. Townley drop off items at her brother-in-law's house, have his girlfriend drop it by, or mail any documents to her counsel.
- 4. Mr. Townley replies and argues that Ms. Mezzano's sister and brother in law are not couriers and her suggestion that his girlfriend drop off documents is unreasonable. Mr. Townley argues Ms. Mezzano's failure to retrieve her documents or send written instructions shows an intent to delay the proceedings.

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¹ The Court notes that Ms. Mezzano appears to admit she was home at the time of service but refused to come to the door because "it could have been a solicitor or pollster." Combined Opposition at p. 5.

Conclusions of Law

- 1. Courts have the power "[t]o compel obedience to its lawful judgments, orders and process, and to the lawful orders of its judge out of court in an action or proceeding pending therein." NRS 1.210(3).
- 2. Here, Ms. Mezzano acknowledges Mr. Townley has certain documents and funds that must be transferred to her pursuant to the Decree. The Court finds that Ms. Mezzano provides no argument why she failed to pick up the cashier's check or documents and other things Mr. Townley had prepared for her. The Court will not require a non-party take any affirmative action or accept a check or documents on Ms. Mezzano's behalf as she suggests. Accordingly, the Parties shall arrange for a time to exchange these items within ten (10) days of the date of this Order. If the Parties fail to do so, Mr. Townley shall ship the items to Ms. Mezzano's counsel as she proposes, and Ms. Mezzano shall reimburse Mr. Townley for any cost.

Budget & Rubb
District Judge

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 27th, 2020.

23 | Case No. DV19-01564

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Silverman Kattelmar Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5 (b), I hereby certify that I am an employee of Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd, and on the date set forth below, I served a true copy of the foregoing Notice of Entry of Order the party(ies) identified below by:

Placing an original or true copy thereof in a sealed envelope, postage prepaid for collection and mailing in the United States Mail at Reno, Nevada to

____ Hand Delivery

____ Facsimile to the following numbers:

____ Federal Express or other overnight delivery

____ Reno Carson Messenger Service

____ Certified Mail, Return receipt requested

X Electronically, using Second Judicial District Court's ECF system.

___ Email:

addressed to:

F. Peter James 3821 West Charleston Blvd., Ste. 250 Las Vegas, NV 89102

Dated this 28th day of May 2020.



FILED Electronically DV19-01564 2020-05-28 12:28:39 PM Jacqueline Bryant Clerk of the Court Transaction # 7897117

Gary R. Silverman (NSB# 409) Michael V. Kattelman (NSB#6703) 1 John P. Springgate (NSB# 1350) Alexander C. Morey (NSB#11216) Kenton Karrasch (NSB#13515) Benjamin Albers (NSB#11895) 2 Silverman Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Parkway, Suite 675 3 Reno, Nevada 89521 Telephone: 775/322-3223 Facsimile: 775/322-3649 Attorney for John Townley 4 5 IN THE FAMILY DIVISION OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 6 7 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE 8 JOHN TOWNLEY, 9 Plaintiff Case No. DV19-01564 10 Dept. 13 VS. 11 12 ROCHELLE MEZZANO and DOES I through XX, 13 to include Doe individuals, corporations, limited liability companies, 14 partnerships, trusts, limited partnerships, 15 and such other individuals or entities as may exist or be formed 16 Defendants. 17 18 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 19 20 TO: Rochelle Mezzano and her counsel of record F. Peter James: 21 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above-entitled Court entered the Order 22 Regarding Motion Vesting Title to Real Property in Plaintiff; In the Alternative, Motion 23 for Clerk of the Court to Execute Deed as Attorney in Fact in this matter on May 27, 24 2020. 25 26 27 /// 28

Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

1	Under NRS 239B.030 the undersigned affirms the preceding contains no social
2	security number.
3	Dated this <u>28th</u> day of May 2020.
4	SILVERMAN KATTELMAN SPRINGGATE, CHTD.
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7	ALEXANDER MOREY
8	Attorney for John Townley
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Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

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DV19-01564
2020-05-27 03:22:45 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7895397

CODE:

 IN THE FAMILY DIVISION

OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN TOWNLEY,

vs.

Case No.

DV19-01564

Plaintiff,

Dept. No.

ROCHELLE MEZZANO,

Defendant.

ORDER REGARDING MOTION VESTING TITLE TO REAL PROPERTY IN PLAINTIFF; IN THE ALTERNATIVE, MOTION FOR CLERK OF COURT TO EXECUTE DEED AS ATTORNEY IN FACT

This Court reviewed John Townley's ("Mr. Townley") Motion Vesting Title to Real Property in Plaintiff; in the Alternative, Motion for Clerk of Court to Execute Deed as Attorney in Fact ("the Motion to Vest Title"), submitted on March 30, 2020. It now finds and orders as follows:

Findings of Fact

1. Mr. Townley initiated this case by filing a Complaint for Divorce (no children) ("the Complaint") on September 24, 2019. Mr. Townley filed an Affidavit of Service ("the Affidavit") on October 28, 2019. A Clerk's Default was entered in this matter on November 1, 2019. Plaintiff sent Rochelle Mezzano ("Ms. Mezzano") Notice of Intent to Take Default Judgment by mail on November 19, 2019. The Court entered its Findings of Fact, Conclusions

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27 28 of Law and Decree of Divorce ("the Decree") on December 11, 2019. Plaintiff sent Ms. Mezzano Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce by mail on December 12, 2019.

- 2. Mr. Townley requests the Court issue an order vesting title to 145 Redstone Drive, Reno, Nevada, APN 003-351-09 ("145 Redstone Drive"), in him as his sole and separate property pursuant to NRCP 70(b). Alternatively, Mr. Townley requests the Court direct the Clerk of Court to execute the necessary deed to vest the title. Mr. Townley further requests the Court award him his reasonable attorney's fees and costs based upon Ms. Mezzano's failure to sign the necessary documents. Mr. Townley claims he sent Ms. Mezzano a letter concerning necessary tasks to complete the division of property on December 31, 2019. Mr. Townley states the only correspondence he has received in return was a letter from Ms. Mezzano's current counsel stating he would move to set aside the Decree shortly (a motion was not filed until two months later). Mr. Townley argues that Ms. Mezzano was properly served, and the Court may enter an order requiring conveyance of the property. Mr. Townley notes that Paragraph 10 of the Default Decree requires each Party execute all documents necessary to effectuate the division of assets. He argues Ms. Mezzano has no valid objection to executing the document. Mr. Townley also argues he is entitled to an award of attorney's fees pursuant to NRCP 70 and Paragraph 10 of the Decree.
- 3. Ms. Mezzano filed her Consolidated Oppositions to Motions on March 3, 2020 ("the Consolidated Opposition"). She argues all Mr. Townley's requests should be stayed pending resolution of her motion to set aside the Default Decree. As the Court denied her motion, the request for a stay is denied as moot. The Court has addressed Ms. Mezzano's arguments regarding alleged insufficient service of process in its separate Order. She argues that neither Paragraph 10 of the Default Decree nor NRCP 70 has an attorney's fee provision.

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¹ The Court notes that Ms. Mezzano appears to admit she was home at the time of service but refused to come to the door because "it could have been a solicitor or pollster." Combined Opposition at p. 5.

Conclusions of Law

1. Pursuant to NRCP 70:

- (a) Party's Failure to Act; Ordering Another to Act. If a judgment requires a party to convey land, to deliver a deed or other document, or to perform any other specific act and the party fails to comply within the time specified, the court may order the act to be done--at the disobedient party's expense--by another person appointed by the court. When done, the act has the same effect as if done by the party.
- **(b)** Vesting Title. If the real or personal property is within this state, the court--instead of ordering a conveyance--may enter a judgment divesting any party's title and vesting it in others. That judgment has the effect of a legally executed conveyance.
- 2. Here, Ms. Mezzano's only argument is the Decree should be set aside. As noted above, the Court already denied that relief. The Court finds that the Decree awards Mr. Townley 145 Redstone Drive as his sole and separate property. The Decree further requires the Parties execute all necessary documents to effectuate the division of property. The Court finds Ms. Mezzano was required to sign the quitclaim deed within ten (10) business days, unless she provided a written objection within that time period. Pursuant to NRCP 70(a), the Court may order the act be done "at the disobedient party's expense." Because Ms. Mezzano arguably "objected" to signing the deed based on her motion to set aside Default Decree, the Court does not award fees at this time. Ms. Mezzano shall sign the quitclaim deed for 145 Redstone Drive within ten (10) days of the date of this Order. If Ms. Mezzano fails to comply, then the Court will appoint the Clerk of Court to sign on behalf of Ms. Mezzano and award Mr. Townley his reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in obtaining the signature.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: May <u>27th</u>, 2020.

Budget & Rush

DV19-01564

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Silverman Kattelmar Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 8952 (775) 322-3223

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5 (b), I hereby certify that I am an employee of Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd, and on the date set forth below, I served a true copy of the foregoing Notice of Entry of Order the party(ies) identified below by:

 Placing an original or true copy thereof in a sealed envelope, postage
prepaid for collection and mailing in the United States Mail at Reno,
Nevada to
Hand Delivery

 Hana Donvory
Facsimile to the following numbers:
racsilline to the following numbers.

Federal Express or other overnight delivery

Reno Carson Messenger Service

Certified Mail, Return receipt requested

Electronically, using Second Judicial District Court's ECF system. X

Email:

addressed to:

F. Peter James 3821 West Charleston Blvd., Ste. 250 Las Vegas, NV 89102

Dated this 28th day of May 2020.



FILED
Electronically
DV19-01564
2020-05-29 03:11:38 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7899946

DV19-01564

Case No.

Dept. No.

CODE:

IN THE FAMILY DIVISION

OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

Plaintiff,

vs.

JOHN TOWNLEY,

ROCHELLE MEZZANO,

Defendant.

ORDER REGARDING MOTION TO JOIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST TO FACILITATE DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY POSTDIVORCE AND ORDER DIRECTING DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS FROM TRUSTS

This Court reviewed John Townley's ("Mr. Townley") *Motion to Join Irrevocable*Trust to Facilitate Distribution of Community Property Post-Divorce and Order Directing

Distribution of Assets from Trusts, submitted on March 30, 2020. It now finds and orders as follows:

Findings of Fact

1. Mr. Townley initiated this case by filing a *Complaint for Divorce (no children)* ("the Complaint") on September 24, 2019. Mr. Townley filed an Affidavit of Service ("{the Affidavit") on October 28, 2019. A *Clerk's Default* was entered in this matter on November 1, 2019. Plaintiff sent Rochelle Mezzano ("Ms. Mezzano") *Notice of Intent to Take Default Judgment* by mail on November 19, 2019. The Court entered its *Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce* ("the Decree") on December 11, 2019. Plaintiff sent Ms.

Mezzano Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decree of Divorce by mail on December 12, 2019.

- 2. Mr. Townley requests the Court enter an order directing the distribution of assets and vehicles from the trust to each party according to the Decree. Mr. Townley states that he and Ms. Mazzano are the grantors and primary beneficiaries of the Southern Illinois Wetlands Preservation Trust ("the Trust"). Mr. Townley and Silva Moya ("Ms. Moya") are the current trustees, and the trust is irrevocable. Mr. Townley states the Trust holds title to vehicles used by the Parties. Mr. Townley argues that, although the Trust was not joined as a party, the Parties were awarded beneficial interests in the Trust assets and Trust. Since entry of the Decree, Mr. Townley claims Ms. Mezzano has demanded payment from the Trust for her expenses. He notes the Decree awarded him all beneficial interests in the Trust, except for certain vehicles awarded to Ms. Mezzano. Mr. Townley argues joining the Trust as a party pursuant to NRCP 19(a) is necessary for the Court to direct distribution of the assets. He further argues joinder was not necessary prior to entry of the Decree because the Parties were simply awarded beneficial interests in the Trust.
- 3. Ms. Mezzano filed her *Consolidated Oppositions to Motions* on March 3, 2020 ("the Consolidated Opposition"). She argues all Mr. Townley's requests should be stayed pending resolution of her motion to set aside the Default Decree. As the Court denied her motion, the request for a stay is denied as moot. The Court has addressed Ms. Mezzano's arguments regarding alleged insufficient service of process in its separate Order. Ms. Mezzano argues the Trust should have been joined in the initial divorce. Therefore, the judgment is void as to any award of trust property. Ms. Mezzano asserts the Trust must be added to an amended complaint, joined as a separate entity, be served and file an answer.
- 4. Mr. Townley replies and argues the Trust should be joined to avoid litigation from Ms. Mezzano upon distribution of the Trust assets. Mr. Townley argues the Trust can already distribute the assets to him. He notes that Ms. Mezzano fails to address that

¹ The Court notes that Ms. Mezzano appears to admit she was home at the time of service but refused to come to the door because "it could have been a solicitor or pollster." Combined Opposition at p. 5.

the Decree awarded the Parties "beneficial interests" in trust assets, which are subject to division upon divorce.

Conclusions of Law

1. Pursuant to NRCP 19(a):

- (1) Required Party. A person who is subject to service of process and whose joinder will not deprive the court of subject-matter jurisdiction must be joined as a party if:
- (A) in that person's absence, the court cannot accord complete relief among existing parties; or
- (B) that person claims an interest relating to the subject of the action and is so situated that disposing of the action in the person's absence may:
- (i) as a practical matter impair or impede the person's ability to protect the interest; or
- (ii) leave an existing party subject to a substantial risk of incurring double, multiple, or otherwise inconsistent obligations because of the interest.
- (2) *Joinder by Court Order*. If a person has not been joined as required, the court must order that the person be made a party. A person who refuses to join as a plaintiff may be made either a defendant or, in a proper case, an involuntary plaintiff.
- 2. In Gladys Baker Olsen Family Tr. By & Through Olsen v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court In & For Cty. of Clark, 110 Nev. 548, 554, 874 P.2d 778, 782 (1994), an ex-wife sought to satisfy her judgment against her ex-husband by executing upon a trust created by a third-party after their divorce. The court held the district court's order was void because it could not issue "any orders affecting the rights of the Trust until it [was] properly joined as a party." Id. at 554, 782. The Court in Guerin v. Guerin, 114 Nev. 127, 132–33, 953 P.2d

² The district court "(1) ordered the removal of Gladys as trustee from her own trust; (2) rejected the successor trustee which Gladys had selected; (3) ordered the law firm of Edwards & Kolesar, Chtd., (counsel) to select a new trustee; (4) declared the spendthrift provision in the Trust agreement void as against public policy; (5) ordered counsel to redraft the trust agreement in a manner which eliminated all spendthrift provisions to Al; (6) declared Gladys in breach of her fiduciary duties for allowing the Trust to purchase the condo and for lending Al money to purchase the 1993 Grand Marquis; (7) invalidated the Trust's promissory note and security interest in the 1993 Grand Marquis; (8) froze all the assets of the Trust so that they could not be sold; and (9) transferred title to the condo and 1993 Grand Marquis to Betty."

716, 720 (1998), abrogated on other grounds by *Pengilly v. Rancho Santa Fe Homeowners Ass'n*, 116 Nev. 646, 5 P.3d 569 (2000), discussed the holding in *Olsen* and clarified that because the trust in that case was not a party, the district court's order was void "insofar as it affects the rights of the Hill Family Trust."

- 3. Here, the Decree awarded Mr. Townley vehicles and a toy hauler "and/or the parties' beneficial interest in the vehicle via the Southern Illinois Wetlands Preservation Trust such that upon distribution of the vehicle from the trust all right, title, and interest shall be owned by Husband;" and "[t]he parties' beneficial interest in the Southern Illinois Wetlands Preservation Trust except the interest in the 2001 Corvette assigned to Wife." The Decree awarded Ms. Mezzano the "2001 Chevy Corvette and/or the parties' beneficial interest in the vehicle via the Southern Illinois Wetlands Preservation Trust such that upon distribution of the vehicle from the trust all right, title, and interest shall be owned by Wife."
- 4. The Court finds that the Decree did not adversely affect the rights of the Trust. Rather, the Decree awards the beneficial interest in the trust and certain assets of the trust. The Decree did not require distribution of trust assets, but instead awarded the interest in trust assets upon distribution. Unlike *Olson*, the Trust was created prior to the Parties' divorce. Ms. Mezzano does not dispute the Parties' beneficial interests in the Trust is community property. Therefore, this Court had subject matter jurisdiction to divide this community interest. *See Klabacka v. Nelson*, 133 Nev. 164, 170, 394 P.3d 940, 946 (2017) ("[W]e conclude that the family court had subject-matter jurisdiction over all claims brought in the Nelsons' divorce, including those relating to property held within the [self-settled spendthrift trusts]."); see also *Lauricella v. Lauricella*, 409 Mass. 211, 216–17, 565 N.E.2d 436, 439 (1991) ("We conclude that the husband's beneficial interest in the trust property is subject to equitable division under § 34.")
- 5. The Decree provides the Parties' beneficial interests—except for the Corvette—were awarded to Mr. Townley. The Decree did not modify the terms of the Trust and therefore the Court may enforce its orders. However, Mr. Townley now seeks to

enforce the Decree by directing the Trust to distribute assets. In order to exercise such jurisdiction, the Trust must be joined as a party. Accordingly, Mr. Townley's Motion is GRANTED. The Court finds the Trust is a necessary party and must be joined to enforce the terms of the Decree. IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated: May 29, 2020. Budget & Rush
District Judge Case No. DV19-01564

FILED
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DV19-01564
2020-06-01 11:36:38 AM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7901395

Gary R. Silverman (NSB# 409) Michael V. Kattelman (NSB#6703) 1 John P. Springgate (NSB# 1350) Alexander C. Morey (NSB#11216) Kenton Karrasch (NSB#13515) Benjamin Albers (NSB#11895) 2 Silverman Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Parkway, Suite 675 3 Reno, Nevada 89521 Telephone: 775/322-3223 Facsimile: 775/322-3649 4 Attorney for John Townley 5 IN THE FAMILY DIVISION OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 6 7 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE 8 JOHN TOWNLEY, 9 Plaintiff Case No. DV19-01564 10 Dept. 13 VS. 11 ROCHELLE MEZZANO and 12 DOES I through XX, 13 to include Doe individuals, corporations, limited liability companies, 14 partnerships, trusts, limited partnerships, 15 and such other individuals or entities as may exist or be formed 16 Defendants. 17 18 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 19 20 TO: Rochelle Mezzano and her counsel of record F. Peter James: 21 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above-entitled Court entered the Order 22 Regarding Motion to Join Irrevocable Trust to Facilitate Distribution of Community 23 Property Post-Divorce and Order Directing Distribution of Assets From Trusts in this 24 matter on May 29, 2020. 25 26 27 /// 28

Silverman, Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

	Under NRS 239B.030 the undersigned affirms the preceding contains no social
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2	security number.
3	Dated this day of June 2020.
4	SILVERMAN KATTELMAN SPRINGGATE, CHTD.
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6	MC
7 8	ALEXANDER MOREY Attorney for John Townley
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CODE:

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VS.

Case No.

DV19-01564

Plaintiff,

Dept. No.

ROCHELLE MEZZANO,

Defendant.

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This Court reviewed John Townley's ("Mr. Townley") Motion to Join Irrevocable

Trust to Facilitate Distribution of Community Property Post-Divorce and Order Directing

Distribution of Assets from Trusts, submitted on March 30, 2020. It now finds and orders as follows:

Findings of Fact

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- 2. In Gladys Baker Olsen Family Tr. By & Through Olsen v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court In & For Cty. of Clark, 110 Nev. 548, 554, 874 P.2d 778, 782 (1994), an ex-wife sought to satisfy her judgment against her ex-husband by executing upon a trust created by a third-party after their divorce. The court held the district court's order was void because it could not issue "any orders affecting the rights of the Trust until it [was] properly joined as a party." Id. at 554, 782. The Court in Guerin v. Guerin, 114 Nev. 127, 132–33, 953 P.2d

² The district court "(1) ordered the removal of Gladys as trustee from her own trust; (2) rejected the successor trustee which Gladys had selected; (3) ordered the law firm of Edwards & Kolesar, Chtd., (counsel) to select a new trustee; (4) declared the spendthrift provision in the Trust agreement void as against public policy; (5) ordered counsel to redraft the trust agreement in a manner which eliminated all spendthrift provisions to Al; (6) declared Gladys in breach of her fiduciary duties for allowing the Trust to purchase the condo and for lending Al money to purchase the 1993 Grand Marquis; (7) invalidated the Trust's promissory note and security interest in the 1993 Grand Marquis; (8) froze all the assets of the Trust so that they could not be sold; and (9) transferred title to the condo and 1993 Grand Marquis to Betty."

 716, 720 (1998), abrogated on other grounds by *Pengilly v. Rancho Santa Fe Homeowners Ass'n*, 116 Nev. 646, 5 P.3d 569 (2000), discussed the holding in *Olsen* and clarified that because the trust in that case was not a party, the district court's order was void "insofar as it affects the rights of the Hill Family Trust."

- 3. Here, the Decree awarded Mr. Townley vehicles and a toy hauler "and/or the parties' beneficial interest in the vehicle via the Southern Illinois Wetlands Preservation Trust such that upon distribution of the vehicle from the trust all right, title, and interest shall be owned by Husband;" and "[t]he parties' beneficial interest in the Southern Illinois Wetlands Preservation Trust except the interest in the 2001 Corvette assigned to Wife." The Decree awarded Ms. Mezzano the "2001 Chevy Corvette and/or the parties' beneficial interest in the vehicle via the Southern Illinois Wetlands Preservation Trust such that upon distribution of the vehicle from the trust all right, title, and interest shall be owned by Wife."
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enforce the Decree by directing the Trust to distribute assets. In order to exercise such jurisdiction, the Trust must be joined as a party. Accordingly, Mr. Townley's Motion is GRANTED. The Court finds the Trust is a necessary party and must be joined to enforce the terms of the Decree. IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated: May 29 , 2020. Budget & Rush
District Judge Case No. DV19-01564

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5 (b), I hereby certify that I am an employee of Silverman,
Kattelman Springgate, Chtd, and on the date set forth below, I served a true copy of the
foregoing Notice of Entry of Order the party(ies) identified below by:
Placing an original or true copy thereof in a sealed envelope, postage
prepaid for collection and mailing in the United States Mail at Reno,
Nevada to
Hand Delivery
Facsimile to the following numbers:
Federal Express or other overnight delivery
Reno Carson Messenger Service
Certified Mail, Return receipt requested
X Electronically, using Second Judicial District Court's ECF system.
Email:
addressed to:
F. Peter James 3821 West Charleston Blvd., Ste. 250
Las Vegas, NV 89102
Dated this day of2020.
Am)

Silverman Kattelman Springgate, Chtd. 500 Damonte Ranch Pkwy., #675 Reno, Nevada 89521 (775) 322-3223

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