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Electronically Filed Dec 28 2020 04:18 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN THE MATTER OF THE GUARDIANSHIP OF ESTATE OF: KATHLEEN JUNE JONES, A PROTECTED PERSON.

Case No.: 81414

RODNEY GERALD YEOMAN,

Appellant,

VS.

KIMBERLY JONES; AND KATHLEEN JUNE JONES, A PROTECTED PERSON,

Respondent.

Appeal from the Eighth Judicial District Court, The Honorable Linda Marquis Presiding.

MOTION TO DISMISS APPEAL

Page 1 of 9

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Pursuant to NRAP 27, Respondent, Kimberly Jones, by and through their counsel of record, Marquis Aurbach Coffing, hereby move this Court for an order granting the instant motion to dismiss appeal.

I. INTRODUCTION

The instant Motion is a straightforward one relating to Guardianship Proceedings. Appellant Yeoman during his life was a defined "Interested Person" pursuant to NRS 159.0195. As an Interested Person, Yeoman sought to remove his wife's court appointed Guardian, Kimberly Jones¹ and appoint himself as Guardian. The Guardianship Court denied the Petition and Yeoman filed this Appeal. Yeoman died on August 14, 2020.

As a result of Yeoman's death, no justiciable issue exists on appeal as the only issues previously before this Court are moot and no substitute party has standing to prosecute this Appeal. Indeed, the authority conferred on Yeoman to petition the Guardianship Court for removal and appointment died with Yeoman. Yeoman's rights as an "Interested Person" under NRS 159 do not extend to survivors and the entirety of this appeal is now moot. There is no relief that can be afforded in light of Yeoman's death and nothing will change this undisputed issue of law. Yeoman is physically unable to serve as Guardian, because he is dead and

¹ Kimberly Jones is the daughter of June Jones.

no Administrator of Yeoman's has standing to prosecute this Appeal. As such, dismissal is warranted.

II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 1. On November 25, 2019, the Honorable Linda Marquis appointed Kimberly Jones ("Kimberly"), the daughter of June Jones as guardian of her person and estate.² This appointment came over objection and a counter-petition for appointment by June's then living husband, Rodney Gerald Yeoman ("Yeoman" or "Appellant").³
- 2. Since this Court's November 25, 2019 Order, Kimberly has served as Guardian of the Protected Person.⁴
- 3. Since serving as June's Guardian, Kimberly has obtained the Guardianship Court's permission to file suit on behalf of June against Yeoman, as a result of Yeoman, his daughter, and son-in-law divesting June of her real and personal property.
- 4. Yeoman, his daughter, and son-in-law remain adversaries in ongoing litigation in Eighth Judicial District Case No. A-19-807458-C.
- 5. On April 14, 2020, Yeoman filed a Petition for Removal of Guardian and for Return of Protected Person's Property (the "Petition"), wherein he asked the Court to remove Kimberly as Guardian and appoint him as June's Guardian.⁵

⁴ *Id*.

² October 15, 2019 Order Appointing Guardian, attached as **Exhibit 1.**

 $^{^3}$ Id.

- 6. The petition was opposed by Kimberly⁶ and June's court-appointed attorney joined thereto.⁷
- 7. On May 29, 2020, Judge Marquis denied Yeoman's Petition in its entirety.⁸
- 8. On June 26, 2020, Yeoman filed this Appeal challenging the denial of his Petition for Removal and Appointment.⁹
 - 9. On August 14, 2020, Yeoman died.¹⁰
- 10. On December 22, 2020, Yeoman's counsel filed a Motion for Extension of Time Regarding Substitution of a Personal Representative with this Court, wherein additional time to file a Substitution was sought.

III. <u>LEGAL ARGUMENT</u>

A. YEOMAN'S CLAIMS ON APPEAL ARE MOOT AND A SPECIAL ADMINISTRATOR WOULD STANDING TO PROSECUTE A PETITION FOR REMOVAL OF GUARDIAN.

⁵ Yeoman's Petition for Removal of Guardian and Return of Protected Person's Property, attached as **Exhibit 2.** (Exhibits omitted).

⁶ Guardian's Opposition to Yeoman's Petition for Removal of Guardian and Return of Protected Person's Property, attached as **Exhibit 3.** (Exhibits omitted).

⁷ Kathleen June Jones' Joinder to Guardian's Opposition to Yeoman's Petition for Removal of Guardian and Return of Protected Person's Property, attached as **Exhibit 4.**

⁸ Order Denying Rodney Gerald Yeoman's Petition for Removal of Guardian and for Return of Protected Person's Property, attached as **Exhibit 5.**

⁹ Notice of Appeal, on file.

¹⁰ Suggestion of Death, attached as **Exhibit 6.**

No justiciable issue remains in these proceedings. Yeoman, during his life only, qualified as an Interested Person as defined in NRS 159.0195. This status conferred on him the authority to petition the Guardianship Court for removal of the Guardian of the Protected Person. Yeoman exercised that right and sought to remove the Guardian as well as seek appointment of himself as Guardian. Yeoman's Motion was denied and Yeoman filed this Appeal. As a matter of law, Yeoman's rights as an "Interested Person" do not extend to survivors and the entirety of this appeal is now moot. Yeoman can no longer serve as guardian, as sought in his underlying Petition and his estate has no standing to contest the Guardianship.

The question of mootness is one of justiciability. *Cashman Equip. Co. v. W. Edna Associates, Ltd.*, 132 Nev., Adv. Op. 69, 380 P.3d 844, 853 (2016). "Even though a case may present a live controversy at its beginning, subsequent events may render the case moot." *Personhood Nev. v. Bristol*, 126 Nev. 599, 602, 245 P.3d 572, 574 (2010). The instant appeal should have been voluntarily dismissed based on Appellant's death, as there is no longer any justiciable issue for this Court to review. Nonetheless, based on recent filings with this Court, it appears Appellant's position is that a special administrator can move forward this Appeal—which hinges entirely on the removal of the court-appointed guardian in

an adult guardianship proceeding and a concurrent request to appoint the now deceased Yeoman as guardian.¹¹

Yeoman's entire appeal focuses on the denial of his motion for removal of the Court appointed Guardian—Kimberly Jones. 12 This was followed by Yeoman's request to be appointed as Guardian of the Protected Person. 13 As a result of Yeoman's death, there is nothing left to appeal and Yeoman's estate or special administrator has no standing to continue with an appeal. During his lifetime and his lifetime only, Yeoman was able to participate in the Guardianship proceedings because he qualified as an "Interested Party" under NRS 159.0195. This Interested Party status does not survive death and is vested only in a *living "person*." NRS 159.0195.

Reviewing the content of the underlying Motion on appeal and Appellant's Docketing Statement, Yeoman's right to appeal is contained within NRS 159.375(9), which allows an appeal on orders "[g]ranting or denying a petition for removal of a guardian of appointment of successor guardian." As the former husband of the protected person, Yeoman, during his life had standing to pursue

¹¹ See Exhibit 2.

¹² See Docketing Statement, on file.

¹³ *Id*.

the instant appeal, which was directed only at removing the current Guardian and appointing himself in her stead.

It is a legal impossibility for such an action to move forward. First, Yeoman is dead and is no longer an "Interested Person" capable of petitioning or advocating for removal of the Guardian. Second, Yeoman's request to be appointed guardian is moot, as he can no longer serve as a guardian as a result of his death. No law within this jurisdiction creates a private right of action in Guardianship proceedings that is transferable at death. As a result, no justiciable issue exists for this Court to entertain and in the interest of judicial economy and to preserve costs for the Protected Person, dismissal is warranted. *See e.g., Morrow v. Morrow*, 62 Nev. 492, 497, 156 P.2d 827, 829 (1945) (dismissing appeal upon death of plaintiff, because the cause of action did not survive).

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IV. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

For the foregoing reasons, Kimberly Jones, Guardian of the Protected person, respectfully requests this Court dismiss the instant appeal. Not dismissing this Appeal will needlessly increase costs for the Protected Person and will result in wasted resources of this Court.

Dated this 28th day of December, 2020.

MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING

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Guardian of Protected Person

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that the foregoing MOTION TO DISMISS APPEAL was filed electronically with the Nevada Supreme Court on the 28th day of December, 2020. Electronic Service of the foregoing document shall be made in accordance with the Master Service List as follows:

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Attorney for Kathleen June Jones Protected Person

/s/ Cheryl Becnel
An employee of Marquis Aurbach Coffing



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IN THE MATTER OF THE

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No.:

G-19-052263-A

ESTATE OF:	Dept.: B
KATHLEEN JUNE JONES	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER
An Adult Protected Person.	
☐ TEMPORARY GUARDIANSHIP ☐ Person ☐ Estate ☐ Person and Estate	 ☑GENERAL GUARDIANSHIP ☐ Person ☐ Estate ☐ Summary Admin. ☑ Person and Estate
□SPECIAL GUARDIANSHIP □Person □Estate □Summary Admin. □Person and Estate	□NOTICES/SAFEGUARDS □ Blocked Account Required □ Bond Required
PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an Order	from October 15, 2019 Hearing was entered in
the above-entitled matter on the 25 th day of Nove	ember, 2019, a true and correct copy of which is
attached hereto.	
DATED this 25 th day of November, 2019.	
SOL	LOMON DWIGGINS & FREER, LTD.
]	Jeffrey P. Luszeck JEFFREY P. LUSZECK, ESQ. (#9619) ROSS E. EVANS, ESQ. (#11374) 9060 West Cheyenne Avenue

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Attorneys for Kimberly Jones

Case Number: G-19-052263-A

SOLOMON LAS VEGAS, NEVEDA 89129 TRUST AND ESTATE ATTORNEYS WWW.SDENVLAW.COM

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
I HEREI	BY CERTIFY that on this 25 th day of November, 2019, pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I
caused a true a	nd correct copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER, to be
served to the fol	lowing in the manner set forth below:
Via:	
[] [] [] [<u>XXX</u>]	Hand Delivery U.S. Mail, Postage Prepaid Certified Mail, Receipt No.: Return Receipt Request E-Service through Wiznet
	Robyn Friedman and Donna Simmons: John P. Michaelson, Esq. MICHAELSON & ASSOCIATES, LTD. john@michaelsonlaw.com
	Kathleen Jones, Adult Protected Person: Maria L. Parra Sandoval, Esq. LEGAL AID CENTER OF SOUTHERN NEVADA, INC. mparra@lacsn.org
	Rodney Gerald Yeoman: Ty E. Kehoe, Esq. KEHOE & ASSOCIATES TyKehoe@gmail.com
	Matthew C. Piccolo PICCOLO LAW OFFICES matt@piccololawoffices.com
	Kimberly Jones Geraldine Tomich, Esq. James A. Beckstrom, Esq. MARQUIS AURBACH & COFFING gtomich@maclaw.com jbeckstrom@maclaw.com
	/s/ Gretta McCall
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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

IN THE MATTER OF THE GUARDIANSHIP OF THE PERSON AND **ESTATE OF:**

Case No.:

G-19-052263-A

Dept.:

KATHLEEN JUNE JONES

An Adult Protected Person.

Date of Hearing: October 15, 2019 Time of Hearing: 9:00 a.m.

ORDER FROM OCTOBER 15, 2019 HEARING

☐TEMPORARY GUARDIANSHIP	☑GENERAL GUARDIANSHII
☐ Person	□ Person
☐ Estate	☐ Estate ☐ Summary Admir
☐ Person and Estate	✓ Person and Estate
□SPECIAL GUARDIANSHIP □Person □Estate □Summary Admin. □Person and Estate	□ NOTICES/SAFEGUARDS □ Blocked Account Required □ Bond Required

This matter having come on for hearing before the above entitled Court on October 15, 2019. Present at the hearing were: Jeffrey P. Luszeck, Esq. of the law firm of Solomon Dwiggins & Freer, Ltd. on behalf of Kimberly Jones; Maria L. Parra-Sandoval, Esq. of Legal Aid Center of Southern Nevada, on behalf of Kathleen June Jones, Protected Person; Ty E. Kehoe, Esq. of the law firm Kehoe & Associates, and Matthew C. Piccolo, Esq. of the law firm Piccolo Law Offices, on behalf of Rodney Gerald Yeoman; and John P. Michaelson, Esq. of the law firm Michaelson & Associates, Ltd., on behalf of Robyn Friedman and Donna Simmons (collectively, the "Parties"). After considering the papers and pleadings on file herein and the argument of counsel

1 of 5 Case Number: G-19-052263-A

at the time of hearing and good cause appearing, the Court finds as follows:

- 1. That on December 27, 2005, Kathleen June Junes executed a Healthcare Power of Attorney naming her daughter, Kimberly Jones, as her Attorney-in-Fact for healthcare decisions.
- 2. That on October 24, 2012, Kathleen June Jones executed a Financial Power of Attorney naming her daughter, Kimberly Jones, as her Attorney-in-Fact for financial matters.
- 3. That on November 23, 2012, Kathleen June Jones executed a Last Will and Testament naming her daughter, Kimberly Jones, as her Personal Representative and chosen guardian over her person and estate, should the need for a guardian ever arise.
- 4. That on September 19, 2019, Robyn Friedman and Donna Simmons filed their *Ex Parte* Petition for Appointment of Temporary Guardian of the Person and Estate and Issuance of Letters of Temporary Guardianship, and Petition for Appointment of General Guardian of the Person and Estate and Issuance of Letters of General Guardianship ("*Ex Parte* Petition for Temporary Guardianship").
- 5. That on September 19, 2019, the Clerk of the Court issued a Citation to Appear and Show Cause scheduling a hearing for October 15, 2019 to "show cause, if any, why Kathleen June Jones ("Protected Person"), should not be declared incapacitated or in need of a guardian to manage the Protected Person's personal and financial affairs and to further show cause, if any, why Robyn Friedman and Donna Simmons, should not be appointed to act as Guardian of the protected person's Person and Estate."
- 6. That on September 23, 2019, this Court entered its Order Granting *Ex Parte Petition* for Temporary Guardianship wherein it appointed Robyn Friedman and Donna Simmons as Temporary Guardians. On October 3, 2019, this Court extended the temporary guardianship.
- 7. That on October 2, 2019, Rodney Gerald Yeoman, the husband of Kathleen June Jones, filed his Opposition to Appointment of Temporary Guardian and General Guardian and Counter-Petition for Appointment of Temporary Guardian of the Person and Estate and Issuance of Letters of Temporary Guardianship and Estate and Issuance of Letters of Temporary Guardianship and Counter-Petition for Appointment of General Guardian of the Person and Estate and Issuance

- 8. That on October 2, 2019, Kimberly Jones filed her Opposition to *Ex Parte* Petition for Appointment of Temporary and General Guardian of the Person and Estate; Alternatively, Counter-Petition for Appointment of Kimberly Jones as Temporary and General Guardian of the Person and Estate ("Kimberly's Counter-Petition").
- 9. That on October 15, 2019 at the Citation to Appear and Show Cause Hearing, Kathleen June Jones, by and through her Court appointed Counsel, Maria L. Parra-Sandoval, advised the Court that it was Kathleen June Jones' desire that Kimberly Jones be appointed as her client's guardian.

Good Cause Appearing Therefore,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Kimberly Jones' Counter-Petition is hereby GRANTED.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Kimberly Jones is hereby appointed as guardian of the Estate and Person of Kathleen June Jones and Letters of General Guardianship shall issue to Kimberly Jones.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Rodney Gerald Yeoman's Counter-Petition is hereby DENIED in its entirety.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Letters of Temporary Guardianship entered on September 23, 2019 are hereby revoked.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Clerk of the Court is hereby directed to issue Letters of Guardianship to Kimberly Jones upon subscribing to the appropriate oath of office, and bond be waived, since there are no liquid assets.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Kimberly Jones shall investigate the facts and circumstances regarding the purported transfer of real property located at 6277 Kraft Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89130, APN 138-02-511-076, from June Jones to Richard & Kandi Powell on or around January 16, 2018, and pursue any potential claims and/or resolution relating to the same.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Kimberly Jones shall disseminate the medical records and/or information relating to Kathleen June Jones to Robyn Friedman, Donna Simmons and Rodney Gerald Yeoman.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Rodney Gerald Yeoman shall be allowed to participate in visits with Kathleen June Jones, however, because Rodney Gerald Yeoman was unwilling to provide any information regarding his health/medical conditions said visits must be supervised by Kimberly Jones and/or an agent of her choosing so as to ensure the safety of Kathleen June Jones.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Court approve payment of attorneys' fees and costs from the guardianship estate to the law firm of Solomon Dwiggins & Freer, Ltd. at the conclusion of the guardianship proceeding, subject to Court confirmation.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that a return hearing on the Investigative Reports is hereby scheduled for January 14, 2020, and if necessary, an evidentiary hearing on the Investigative Reports is scheduled for February 20, 2020.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE LINDA MARQUIS

Submitted by:

SOLOMON DWIGGINS & FREER, LTD.

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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

In the matter of the Guardianship of the Person and Estate of:

KATHLEEN JUNE JONES,

Adult Protected Person.

Case No.: G-19-052263-A

Dept. No: В

(Hearing Requested)

PETITION FOR REMOVAL OF GUARDIAN AND FOR RETURN OF PROTECTED PERSON'S PROPERTY

Rodney Gerald Yeoman ("Gerry"), husband of the Protected Person Kathleen June Jones ("June"), by and through his counsel of record, submits this Petition for Removal of Guardian

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Case Number: G-19-052263-A

Kimberly Jones has mismanaged June's estate and is not suitable to be June's guardian. The forensic investigator recently found that Kimberly has withdrawn money from June's bank accounts without accounting for it and that she has likely misused it. Many other serious questions regarding Kimberly's conduct in regard to June continue to persist. Gerry, June's husband of ten years, is qualified, suitable, and willing to serve as the guardian of June's person. The Court should appoint him to that role and replace Kimberly with a neutral guardian of June's estate.

INTRODUCTION

Recent evidence shows that Kimberly Jones is not qualified to be June's guardian. The compliance investigator's report reveals that Kimberly has withdrawn a total of \$6,836.82 from June's accounts "for personal and unknown reasons." Kimberly has had several months to explain to the investigator why she withdrew the funds and what she has done with them, but she has failed to do so. It also appears that Kimberly used some of June's funds to pay attorney's fees for which Kimberly is personally liable, without court authorization.

Kimberly is not qualified or suitable for many other reasons. First, she forcibly took June from her husband Gerry before these guardianship proceedings began, without any legal authority to do so. Second, from the beginning of these proceedings, Kimberly's sisters, Robyn Freidman and Donna Simmons, have expressed serious concerns about Kimberly's suitability. For instance, they have stated she does not communicate well with the family, is not transparent with June's finances, has mismanaged June's finances, and has isolated June from her family.

¹ Alternatively, Gerry petitions the Court to modify the guardianship pursuant to NRS 159.1905 based on the same facts provided in this Petition.

They withdrew their objections upon Kimberly being appointed as Guardian, but then raised more issues when Kimberly requested that her attorney's fees be paid from the Guardianship Estate. Kimberly continues to isolate June from Gerry by making visitation extremely difficult and stressful, despite the Court's orders. It would be in June's best interests to remove Kimberly as her guardian.

Given the investigator's findings, the Court should require Kimberly to account for the funds she withdrew under oath and, if necessary, require her to return the property to June.

Even if the Court believes Kimberly is suitable to be June's guardian, her status as the preferred person to serve as guardian continues to be in doubt because the Parties and the Court have not had an opportunity to determine whether the powers of attorney that June allegedly signed are valid. If they are not valid, then Gerry statutorily takes priority over Kimberly and anyone else.

The Court should appoint Gerry to replace Kimberly as the guardian of June's person because is he qualified, suitable, and willing to serve as such. Two of his medical providers have stated he is physically and mentally able to care for June, and his track record of nine years also shows he is capable of doing so, or, if necessary, obtain assistance. While the Court did previously state that Gerry should provide 100% of his medical records if he wants unsupervised visits with June, this is extremely invasive to Gerry's HIPAA rights, and while the Court is required to determine what is in June's best interest, the right of an 87 year old man to spend time with his wife has been completely disregarded.

The Court should also replace Kimberly with a neutral guardian of her estate. Appointing a neutral guardian would be in the best interest of June by helping address concerns about June's finances, reducing the infighting between family regarding management of her estate and

payment of their respective fees and costs, and also possibly lead to a resolution of the dispute arising from the sale of the Kraft House.

Gerry believes the evidence available is sufficient grounds for removing Kimberly, but if the Court does not believe the evidence is sufficient, then Gerry asks the Court to allow the Parties to continue the discovery process already started to help untangle all the disputed facts that have arisen from the beginning of this matter. Discovery and an evidentiary hearing would be extremely helpful, if not vital, to determining what has actually occurred and who is currently the most qualified, suitable person to be June's guardian.

BACKGROUND

The following timeline may be helpful to the Court as a reminder of events applicable to this Petition:

- Sep.6, 2019: Probate Court hearing by Kimberly, Robyn and Donna to determine whether the Powers of Attorney are valid and enforceable. No ruling was made by the Probate Commissioner.
- Sep. 7, 2019: Kimberly and her sisters forcibly remove June from the care of her husband without legal authority;
- Sep. 19, 2019: Robyn Friedman and Donna Simmons file an ex-parte petition to become June's temporary guardians;
- Sep. 23, 2019: the Court grants the ex-parte petition for temporary guardianship;
- Oct. 2, 2019: Gerry and Kimberly file oppositions to the ex-parte petition and counter-petitions to become June's guardian;
- Oct. 15, 2019: the Court appoints Kimberly to be the general guardian of June's person and estate and appoints an investigator to review June's finances; the Court also sets an evidentiary hearing to hear the investigator's report and, if necessary, consider changes to June's guardian based on the report;
- Jan. 14, 2020: the Court confirms "discovery is open, discover away";
- Jan. 20, 2020: Gerry serves discovery requests;
- Jan. 22, 2020: Kimberly serves discovery requests;

- Feb. 7, 2020: the Court vacated the evidentiary hearing, despite Gerry's objection that many evidentiary issues persist in this matter;
- Mar. 13, 2020: Sonia Jones, compliance investigator, filed her financial forensic audit of June's estate.

In addition to this Petition, the Court currently has before it several petitions for fees (attorney's and guardian's) as well as a motion for protective order related to Gerry's served discovery.

ARGUMENT

A. Kimberly Jones Has Mismanaged June's Estate and Is Not Otherwise Oualified or Suitable to Be Her Guardian.

The compliance investigator's recent report, along with Kimberly's misconduct, make it clear that Kimberly is not qualified or suitable to be June's guardian, or, at a minimum, that these issues raise real concerns that the Court and Parties need to address. As a result, pursuant to NRS 159.185 and 159.1853, the Court should remove Kimberly as June's guardian, or, in the alternative, allow the Parties to engage in discovery regarding these concerns and others, and present their findings at an evidentiary hearing to help the Court determine who is currently the most suitable person to be June's guardian.

NRS 159.1853 allows the spouse of the protected person to file a petition for removal, and NRS 159.185 authorizes the Court to remove a guardian for the following reasons, among others:

- "(a) The guardian has become . . . unsuitable or otherwise incapable of exercising the authority and performing the duties of a guardian as provided by law; . . .
- (d) The guardian of the estate has mismanaged the estate of the protected person; . . .
- (j) The best interests of the protected person will be served by the appointment of another person as guardian."

When a person petitions for the removal of guardian, "the court shall issue and serve a citation on the guardian and on all other interested persons," and "[t]he citation must require the guardian to appear and show cause why the court should not remove the guardian." NRS 159.1855(1)-(2). Once a guardian is removed, the Court may appoint another guardian "upon a petition filed by any interested person." NRS 159.187(1).

In her recent report, Sonia Jones, the compliance investigator, expressed a concern that "Kimberly Jones withdrew a total of \$6,836.82 from the Protected Person and Rodney Yeoman's funds, for personal and unknown reasons." (Ex. A, filed separately under seal, Investigator Report, Mar. 13, 2020, p. 10). This amount includes a withdrawal of \$2,000.00 in July 2019, which Kimberly said she spent on "funds for legal assistance on behalf of the Protected Person," and a withdrawal of \$4,836.00 from June's and Gerry's account in August 2019, which Kimberly said she allegedly placed in a safe deposit box. (*Id.*). Kimberly has not provided any specific explanation of why she withdrew these funds, why withdrawing them was necessary, or any actual evidence of what she did with the funds.

The investigator stated that Kimberly will provide documentation to show what she did with these funds, but to this day she has not provided the Parties or the Court any such documentation. She also did not list these assets on the Inventory she filed for June's estate on December 13, 2019. Specifically, Kimberly failed to list on the inventory the approximately \$5,000 in June's cash Kimberly claims to have been storing in a safe deposit box, and Kimberly failed to list the actual safe deposit box on the inventory (even though the inventory form specifically asks about safe deposit boxes). Note that the Court ordered the investigation on October 15, 2019, and Sonia Jones began her investigation by at least December 2019; thus, Kimberly has had at least three months to explain to the investigator why she withdrew these funds, and to provide evidence of what she did with the funds, but she has failed to do so.

Kimberly has not stated whether she used June's money to pay attorney's fees for these proceedings or some other legal matter, but taking the money for these proceedings without the Court's authorization would be a misuse of June's assets and a violation of law. NRS 159.344(1) states plainly that "a guardian or proposed guardian . . . who retains an attorney for the purposes of representing a party in a guardianship proceeding is personally liable for any attorney's fees and costs incurred as a result of such representation." Such a person may petition the Court for payment of those fees and costs, but may not take them from the protected person's estate "unless and until the court authorizes the payment" after proper procedures are followed. 159.344(1)-(6). This Court has already ruled that Kimberly is not entitled to be reimbursed for attorney fees prior to January 15, 2020. Kimberly has taken this money from June's account without any explanation or evidence, and the Court should require her to account for and return it, pursuant to NRS 159.305, as discussed below.

Kimberly is also not qualified or suitable to be June's guardian because she forcibly took June from her husband Gerry before these guardianship proceedings began. On September 7, 2019, Kimberly and her sisters Robyn Friedman and Donna Simmons coordinated the forcible taking of June from a hotel restaurant in Phoenix where she was staying with Gerry during his medical treatment at the Mayo Clinic. During this incident, Kimberly insisted that June go with her and her brother-in-law "to have a bagel." (*See* Ex. B, Police Report and Statement of Professional Caregiver). June said twice, "I don't want to go," (*id.*), and June's daughter Donna has stated that "I know my mom would want to be by Gerry's side while he is in the hospital," (Ex. C, Text Message, Mar. 28, 2019, 11:19:05 AM). Kimberly took June against her will while her brother-in-law prevented June's caregiver from intervening.

This kidnapping occurred before any petition for guardianship had been filed. Although Kimberly alleges that June signed documents naming her as June's power of attorney, those

powers, even if valid, did not give her any right to forcibly take June from her husband and caregiver. At no point in all of the pleadings filed herein has anyone explained how a power of attorney would give such rights to Kimberly. Additionally, Kimberly's counsel and Robyn and Donna's counsel assured Gerry's counsel at the courthouse on September 6, 2019 that they would not permit their clients to withhold June from Gerry; and yet, less than 24 hours later that is exactly what occurred. Although the Court is likely aware of the kidnapping incident from past pleadings, it is one the Court should explore in depth because it shows Kimberly has and will exceed legal and societal boundaries while failing to respect the rights of June and her loved ones, and that June's best interest is not her primary concern.

Lastly, Kimberly's sisters expressed many concerns about her suitability, which the Court has not yet addressed. In their initial Ex Parte Petition for Guardianship, Robyn Friedman and Donna Simmons made the following statements about Kimberly:

- "Kimberly historically has not been communicative with the rest of the family, nor has she been transparent with the financial transactions she has done on behalf of Ms. Jones" (Ex-Parte Petition, Sep. 19, 2019, ¶ 43);
- "Kimberly, in her role as attorney-in-fact, has demonstrated an inability or unwillingness to provide any care plans² to Ms. Jones' family," which has resulted in "a highly unstable and stressful environment for Ms. Jones . . . where her assets are being depleted with no accountability or transparency" (*id.* ¶ 45);
- "Kimberly has made it difficult for Ms. Jones' children to interact with Ms. Jones . . . Kimberly has blocked incoming calls and text messages from Petitioners, resulting in a situation in which communication is difficult at best but nearly impossible most of the time" (id. ¶ 49);
- "Guardianship is also necessary to address a history of financial mismanagement by the current fiduciary [Kimberly]. As an example, Ms. Jones owns a house in Anaheim, California, which has been rented for approximately \$1,500 under market rental value for many years. Another example is that in 2016 or 2017 when Ms. Jones underwent hip surgery and was out of her home, the attorney-in-fact allowed a young person who was not vetted to live in Ms. Jones' home. The

² Although temporary guardians Robyn and Donna filed a care plan on October 2, 2019, Kimberly has not filed a care plan.

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Ms. Jones that was only partially recovered, and what was recovered was, upon information and belief, *due to the efforts of Mr. Yeoman*. These and other lapses in financial judgment, awareness, know-how and/or attentiveness, coupled with ongoing lack of transparency and communication issues and the inability to achieve peace between the parties must be addressed in order to maximize the potential income available for Ms. Jones' care" (*id.* ¶ 50 (emphasis added)).

unvetted caregiver-attendant stole a large amount of money and property from

Robyn and Donna also stated during earlier hearings that Kimberly was hiding June's medicine in the trunk of her car, and the Court expressed great concern about her actions. (Transcript October 3, 2019 22:23).

Despite all of these expressed concerns, the Court chose to make Kimberly the guardian; however, the Court noted at the time that it could remove a guardian sua sponte pursuant to SB 20³. Since that time, the evidence has shown the ongoing concerns about Kimberly to be true. As stated, she has taken June's money without explanation, and she continues to isolate June from her husband, even though the Court has ordered Kimberly to co-operate with Gerry regarding visitation and allow him to be with June from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. The supervised visits make Gerry so uncomfortable that he has nearly given up hope of ever being able to spend time with his wife again. Surprisingly, the Parties have not yet had an opportunity to conduct discovery regarding these issues and present their findings at an evidentiary hearing.

At a minimum, this evidence, and the allegations associated with them, make it clear that serious questions exist regarding Kimberly's suitability to be June's guardian, and whether it is in June's best interest to have Kimberly continue to be her guardian. Gerry believes he is more suitable than Kimberly to be June's guardian.

³ See October 15, 2019 hearing transcript, p.74:8-14.

B. The Court Should Further Investigate Kimberly's Conduct and, if Necessary, Order Her to Return June's Property.

Given the investigator's findings, Gerry petitions the Court under NRS 159.305 to investigate what Kimberly did with the \$6,836.82 she withdrew from June's and Gerry's bank accounts. NRS 159.305(1) allows an interested person to petition the court upon oath alleging "[t]hat a person has or is suspected to have concealed, converted to his or her own use, conveyed away or otherwise disposed of any money, good, chattel or effect of the protected person," and authorizes the court to "cause the person to be cited to appear before the district court to answer, upon oath, upon the matter of the petition." After examination, the Court may then require the person to return the asset. NRS 159.315(1)(a).

Based on the investigator's report, Gerry suspects that Kimberly has concealed, converted to her own use, conveyed away or otherwise disposed of June's money, as described above. The Court should cite Kimberly to appear before the Court to answer, upon oath, questions about the property. If the Court finds that Kimberly has improperly concealed, converted, conveyed away, or otherwise disposed of June's property, then the Court should order Kimberly to return the property to them, along with double the value of the assets and any other damages, pursuant to NRS 159.315(3).

C. Kimberly's Status as the Preferred Guardian Is Still Uncertain.

Under NRS 159.0613, a person has preference as guardian if the protected person nominated the person as part of an estate plan "while he or she was not incapacitated." 159.0613(3)(a). If such a nominated person does not exist, then the spouse of the protected person has preference over a child. *See* 159.0613(4)(c). Thus, if for any reason the powers of attorney June allegedly signed are invalid, then Gerry has preference as June's guardian over Kimberly and her other children. In addition, the statute states that a person must be nominated while she is not incapacitated; thus, if the Powers of Attorney are invalid, June's stated

preference expressed through her court-appointed attorney during this guardianship should not carry as much weight as the order of preference set forth in the statute.

Since before these proceedings, Gerry has expressed concerns about the validity of the estate planning documents allegedly signed. Gerry recognizes it is possible June actually signed them, but he has reasons to question whether or not she did, and for what purpose. The originals have never been provided and are alleged to have been destroyed, and aside from the signature, the handwriting on the financial Power of Attorney is not June's. Even June's own children and their attorneys acknowledge concerns with the powers of attorney. To that end, June's daughters filed a probate action to confirm the powers of attorney, and Gerry filed an objection expressing his concerns. The probate court did not end up addressing those concerns because June's daughters did not give proper notice to June, and the Parties in these proceedings have not had an opportunity to conduct discovery regarding the validity of the powers of attorney. If it turns out they are invalid, then the Court must give statutory preference to Gerry to serve as June's guardian.

D. The Court Should Appoint Gerry as June's Guardian of Person and a Neutral Guardian as Her Guardian of Estate.

Gerry Yeoman, June's husband, is qualified, suitable, and willing to serve as the guardian of June's person. To begin, Gerry is not incapacitated and does not have a disability—he is physically able to care for June and able to make decisions about her health and other circumstances. Two of Gerry's medical providers have stated the following: "I believe Gerry is physically and mentally able to care for his wife" and "It is my opinion that Mr. Yeoman is capable of caring for himself and his spouse when needed." (Ex. D, filed separately under seal, Decl. Heidi A Baker, FNP-BC, Nov. 27, 2019; Letter from Kelley Rone, NP, C-NP, Jan. 23,

2020). Ms. Baker made her conclusion after administering various mental and physical tests to Gerry, and Ms. Rone has been treating Gerry at the Mayo Clinic since before these proceedings.

Before June's daughters took her from Gerry, he was providing good in-house, personal care for June, including obtaining assistance with meals, shelter, clothing, medical care, bathing, sanitation, entertainment, and more. He and June lived together for nine years without any issues. As Kimberly has acknowledged, Gerry and his family loved and cared for June for years before these proceedings. (*See* Ex. C, Text Message, Apr. 10, 2019, 10:32:50 AM). Not even the guardianship pleadings provide any evidence of concerns about care for June by Gerry, and may not even make such allegations. Moreover, even if Gerry becomes personally incapable of providing all of June's care, he has sufficient financial resources available to obtain the assistance of a professional caregiver, and history evidences his willingness to do so when necessary.

Gerry is also qualified, suitable, and willing to serve for the following reasons:

- He is a resident of the State of Nevada;
- He is over 18 years of age and is competent to serve;
- He is related to June by marriage, as defined by NRS 159.0613(9)(d);
- He has not been judicially determined to have committed abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation, or abandonment of a child, his spouse, his parent, or any other adult;
- He has not been convicted in Nevada or any other jurisdiction of a felony;
- He has not been suspended for misconduct or disbarred from the practice of law, the practice of accounting, or any other profession which involves the management or sale of money, investments, securities, or real property and requires licensure in the State of Nevada or any other state;
- He has not been appointed as guardian over the protected person in a state other than Nevada;

 He has not filed for or received protection under federal bankruptcy laws within the immediately preceding 7 years.⁴

Pursuant to NRS 159.1905, Gerry also provides the following information:

- Gerry's address is 2632 E. Harmon Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89121;
- June is 81 years old;
- June resides at 6277 W. Kraft Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89130;
- June's current guardian is Kimberly Jones who resides at 6277 W. Kraft Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89130;
- Kimberly has filed herein on December 13, 2019 an inventory of June's property, plus June has an interest in the A-Case filed in connection with this guardianship, plus June apparently has an interest in a safe deposit box and approximately \$5,000 cash which is not accounted for in the inventory. It is anticipated that the property will be used for the benefit of June during the guardianship proceedings.

Gerry's petition is not sought for the purpose of initiating litigation, and, unlike June's daughters, he is not seeking payment of guardian's fees or attorney's fees from June's estate if he is appointed guardian.

Gerry is petitioning the Court to replace Kimberly as the guardian of June's person, and he is asking the Court to replace Kimberly with a neutral guardian of June's estate. Although Gerry adamantly denies he did anything improper in regard to the sale of the Kraft House and will continue to defend himself vigorously in the civil case, he recognizes the existing concern about the sale and believes for the time being it would be appropriate to have a neutral guardian of June's estate. The public guardian could also be an alternative, but Gerry is concerned that

⁴ Gerry also incorporates by reference the other statements and facts provided in support of his original petition to be guardian filed on October 2, 2019.

would lead to June being placed in an assisted living facility, which to the best of his knowledge, is not necessary at this point, or desired.

The Court should note that there is no evidence of problems with Gerry's care of June. There have been no complaints by June's family during their nine years of marriage, and no evidence exists now. The only concerns June's family has raised is in regard to the Kraft House transfer, but that should not be relevant to Gerry acting as guardian of the person.

Also, it appears that Kimberly, Robyn and Donna are litigating for personal reasons, possibly related to their future inheritance. They do not appear to have June's best interests in mind, at least in regard to her estate, because any equity recovered from the Kraft House has already been spent on attorney fees, which fees have been requested to be paid by June.

E. The Court Should Allow the Parties to Continue Discovery and Hold an Evidentiary Hearing.

Gerry believes that the evidence presented is sufficient cause to remove Kimberly as guardian and appoint him as guardian; however, if the Court does not believe the evidence is sufficient, then Gerry urges the Court to allow the Parties to continue the discovery process to help untangle the many disputed facts that have arisen from the beginning of this matter. Indeed, on October 15, 2019, the Court set an evidentiary hearing for February 20, 2020 to review the status of the guardianship based on the investigator's report. Now that we have the investigator's findings, which raise many concerns, discovery and an evidentiary hearing would be extremely helpful, if not vital, to help determine precisely what has happened and who is currently the most qualified, suitable person to be June's guardian and act in her best interests. Finally, as the Court knows, this case has been highly contentious with many allegations of inappropriate conduct. In such cases, discovery and an evidentiary hearing are typically undertaken as a matter of course, and should occur here.

J

CONCLUSION

Kimberly is not qualified or suitable to be June's guardian and has not acted in her best interests. The forensic investigator recently found that she has withdrawn money from June's bank accounts without accounting for it and that she has likely misused it. Many other serious questions regarding Kimberly's conduct in regard to June continue to persist. Gerry, June's husband of ten years, is qualified, suitable, and willing to serve as the guardian of June's person. He has acted in her best interests throughout their marriage and will continue to do so. The Court should appoint him to be the guardian of June's person and replace Kimberly with a neutral guardian of June's estate.

Based upon the above, this Court should remove Kimberly as guardian of June Jones and appoint Gerry Yeoman as the guardian of her person and a neutral guardian as the guardian of her estate. The Court should also conduct an investigation pursuant to NRS 159.305 regarding the funds Kimberly withdrew from June's accounts, including by requiring Kimberly to testify under oath regarding the withdrawals. Gerry also prays:

- That the Court direct the Clerk to issue letters of guardianship to Rodney
 Gerald Yeoman;
- 2. That Rodney Gerald Yeoman be allowed to serve as guardian of the person without bond:
- 3. That Rodney Gerald Yeoman be allowed to create and implement a care plan for June;
- That Rodney Gerald Yeoman have access to all historical medical and government records and information pertaining to June, including for purposes of HIPPA;
- 5. That the Court grant Rodney Gerald Yeoman every power and authority permitted by statute as the legal guardian of June's person;

VERIFICATION

I, Rodney Gerald Yeoman, hereby declare I am the husband of Kathleen June Jones; that I have read the foregoing Petition for Removal of Guardian and for Return of Protected Person's Property and know the contents thereof; that the same are true and accurate according to my best knowledge.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this 14 day of April, 2020.

By: Lodney G- Yeoman

Rodney Gerald Yeoman

Exhibit 3

382-0711 FAX: (702) 382-5816

(702)

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Attorneys for Kimberly Jones

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

In the Matter of the Guardianship of Estate of:

KATHLEEN JUNE JONES.

Protected Person.

Case No.: G-19-052263-A

Dept. No.: B

Date of Hearing: May 6, 2020 Time of Hearing: 10:00 a.m.

REQUEST FOR TRANSFER TO CHAMBERS CALENDAR¹

KIMBERLY JONES'S OPPOSITION TO RODNEY GERALD YEOMAN'S PETITION FOR REMOVAL OF GUARDIAN AND FOR RETURN OF PROTECTED PERSON'S PROPERTY

<u>AND</u>

COUNTERPETITION FOR ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS PURSUANT TO NRS 159.1583(4)

AND

COURT ORDERED SUPPLEMENTAL OPPOSITION CONCERNING DISCOVERY OF INTERESTED PARTIES PURSUANT TO NRS 159.047

Plaintiff, Kimberly Jones, as Guardian of the Person and Estate of Kathleen June Jones,

through the law firm of Marquis Aurbach Coffing, hereby files an Opposition to Rodney Gerald

Page 1 of 24

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¹ Kimberly submits that this Petition is not worthy of hauling the parties to court for an oral hearing, or video-conference hearing and should be disposed of in chambers to preserve costs. This request is supported by Chief Judge Bell's Administrative Orders. Administrative Order 20-11 Subsection III

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Yeoman's ("Gerry") Petition for Removal of Guardian and for Return of Protected Person's Property, Counterpetition for Attorney Fees and Costs Pursuant to NRS 159.1583(4), and Court Ordered Supplemental Opposition Concerning Discovery of Interested Parties Pursuant to NRS 159.047. This Opposition, Countermotion, and Supplemental Brief is based on the following Points and Authorities, the pleadings and papers on file herein, and any oral argument by counsel permitted at the hearing on this matter.

Dated this 27th day of April, 2020.

MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING

/s/ James A. Beckstrom Geraldine Tomich, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 8369 James A. Beckstrom, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 14032 10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorneys for Kimberly Jones

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS OF AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

Rodney Yeoman's ("Yeoman") Petition for Removal and Return of Property (the "Petition") is yet another example of Yeoman and his family attempting to advance a war of financial attrition against the protected person, June Jones ("June"). The Petition hurls false allegations that have already been addressed by this Court in a prior petition and intentionally misstate the forensic investigation report produced to this Court. In short, Yeoman's Petition is nothing new and entirely based on incorrect assumptions. This Court should act swiftly in favor of the protected person by summarily denying the Petition and sanctioning Yeoman or what is nothing more than a continued attempt to frustrate these guardianship proceedings.

Yeoman's Petition asks this Court to remove Kimberly Jones ("Kimberly") as guardian of the protected person and estate based on: (1) the baseless and wholly incorrect allegation \$6,836.82 of "unaccounted funds" were removed from June's checking account, which is belied by the forensic financial investigator's report in this case; (2) Kimberly "forcibly taking June from her husband before the guardianship proceedings occurred (a false claim that was already entertained

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and denied by this Court in Yeoman's prior Petition); and (3) some vague assertion that Kimberly "does not communicate well with the family."

As if these frivolous allegations were not enough, Yeoman has the audacity to ask this Court to appoint him as guardian of June, wholly ignoring the fact Yeoman (1) has all but abandoned his wife over the past four months; (2) is currently being sued by his wife for fraud, as a result of his participation in the transfer of June's personal residence to his daughter and son-inlaw for no consideration; and (3) is 87 years old with a list of physical ailments rendering him wholly unfit to serve the extensive needs of June. Most importantly, Yeoman makes this request wholly ignoring June's express desire to reside and receive care from Kimberly—which June has made clear time and time again to her attorney. Thus, like Yeoman's request for removal, the request for appointment as Guardian must also be summarily denied.

As a result of Yeoman's request being nothing more than another attempt to needlessly extend these guardianship proceedings (like the prior proceedings regarding the return of June's dogs which were wrongfully withheld by Yeoman), further diminish June's estate, and in clear defiance of June's stated desires, Kimberly moves this Court pursuant to NRS 159.1583(4) to impose sanctions on Yeoman in an amount sufficient to reimburse June's estate. June as a protected person, is the sole focus of these guardianship proceedings. June looks to this Court for relief in not only defeating the baseless claims drummed up by Yeoman's attorneys in his recent Petition, but to ensure her minimal estate, a majority which has already been wrongfully transferred to Yeoman's daughter and son-in-law for no consideration, be preserved. The only way this Court can truly protect June is to ensure she is reimbursed for the fees and costs incurred in defeating Yeoman's most recent attempt to needlessly complicate and increase the costs of this litigation.

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² Petition at 2:11-22. 28

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Separately, pursuant to this Court's Order, Kimberly provides points and authorities within Section IV to address Yeoman's contention that an "Interested Party" as defined in NRS 159 is not a "party" subject to discovery under NRCP 26.3

II. PROCEDURAL HISTORY AND STATEMENT OF FACTS.

This case is like a continuously looping episode of the Twilight Zone. The following facts are provided for the Court to fully illustrate the frivolousness of Yeoman's current Petition.

- 1. In 2002, June received that real property commonly referred to as 6277 Kraft Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89130 (the "the Property") as the sole owner from her late husband.
- 2. In 2009, June married Rodney Gerald Yeoman ("Yeoman"). Since approximately 2014, June's memory and cognition have been in decline. In 2017 June was diagnosed with a degenerative neurological disorder and has since been seeing specialists at the Cleveland Clinic's Luo Ruvo Center in Las Vegas for treatment.
- 3. In or around March 2019, Kimberly and her sisters discovered the Property had been "sold" on January 16, 2018 for \$100,000 less than fair market value to Richard and Candice Powell, the daughter and son-in-law of Yeoman.
- 4. This "sale" did not involve an attorney for June and sale documents were prepared and paid for by and at the direction of Powell. Despite Yeoman never having an interest in the Property, Yeoman materially participated in the "sale" by signing a spousal deed for the Property to effectuate the transfer.
- 5. June did not receive any cash for this "sale" and the reported value for this sale is simply based on the Declaration of Value form the Richard completed and recorded with Clark County Recorder's office.
- 6. June maintains no recollection of agreeing to or signing any transfer documents for the Property and adamantly states she never would have sold the Property.

³ In previously granting Kimberly's Motion for Protective Order, this Court ordered supplemental briefing on the issue of what an "Interested Party" is for purposes of discovery in guardianship proceedings.

- 7. After the sale of the Property was discovered, Kimberly and her sisters began reviewing her mother's other accounts with various financial institutions. In doing so it became clear that Yeoman and Powell (despite neither having signatory authority) consistently wrote various checks from June's account for various items and even removed June from her marital checking account at Chase Bank, depriving June of thousands of dollars.
- 8. On September 9, 2019, Richard Powell and Kandi Powell, filed a lawsuit with the Las Vegas Justice Court to evict Kimberly from the Property.⁴
- 9. On September 23, 2019, this Court entered its Order Granting Ex Parte Petition for Temporary Guardianship wherein it appointed Robyn Friedman and Donna Simmons as Temporary Guardians. On October 3, 2019, this Court extended the temporary guardianship.
- 10. On October 2, 2019, Yeoman filed his Opposition to Appointment of Temporary Guardian and General Guardian and Counter-Petition for Appointment of Temporary Guardian of the Person and Estate and Issuance of Letters of Temporary Guardianship and Estate and Issuance of Letters of Temporary Guardianship and Counter-Petition for Appointment of General Guardian of the Person and Estate and Issuance of Letters of General Guardianship ("Yeoman's Counter-Petition").
- a. Within Yeoman's Counter-Petition, he sought appointment as guardian under the same arguments advanced in his most recent Petition.⁵
- b. Within Yeoman's Counter-Petition, he also attached the same police report and made the same complaints of June "being forcibly taken from him in Arizona" and made the same arguments that Kimberly was unfit to serve as Guardian.⁶
- 11. On October 2, 2019, Kimberly Jones filed her Opposition to Ex Parte Petition for Appointment of Temporary and General Guardian of the Person and Estate; Alternatively,

⁴ See Case No. 19R000148 Case Detail, attached as **Exhibit 1.**

⁵ See Yeoman's October 2, 2019 Counter Petition at 11, on file.

⁶ *Id.* at Exhibit A.

Counter-Petition for Appointment of Kimberly Jones as Temporary and General Guardian of the Person and Estate ("Kimberly's Counter-Petition").

- 12. On October 15, 2019 at the Citation to Appear and Show Cause Hearing, Kathleen June Jones, by and through her Court appointed Counsel, Maria L. Parra-Sandoval, advised the Court that it was Kathleen June Jones' desire that Kimberly Jones be appointed as her client's guardian.
- 13. On November 25, 2019, the Court signed and an entry of order was made with the following by the Court:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Kimberly Jones' Counter-Petition is hereby GRANTED.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Kimberly Jones is hereby appointed as guardian of the Estate and Person of Kathleen June Jones and Letters of General Guardianship shall issue to Kimberly Jones.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that **Rodney Gerald Yeoman's Counter-Petition is hereby DENIED in its entirety.**

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Letters of Temporary Guardianship entered on September 23, 2019 are **hereby revoked.**

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Clerk of the Court is hereby directed to issue Letters of Guardianship to Kimberly Jones upon subscribing to the appropriate oath of office, and bond be waived, since there are no liquid assets.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Kimberly Jones shall investigate the facts and circumstances regarding the purported transfer of real property located at 6277 Kraft Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89130, APN 138-02-511-076, from June Jones to Richard & Kandi Powell on or around January 16, 2018, and pursue any potential claims and/or resolution relating to the same.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Kimberly Jones shall disseminate the medical records and/or information relating to Kathleen June Jones to Robyn Friedman, Donna Simmons and Rodney Gerald Yeoman.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Rodney Gerald Yeoman shall be allowed to participate in visits with Kathleen June Jones, however, because Rodney Gerald Yeoman was unwilling to provide any information regarding his health/medical conditions said visits must be supervised by Kimberly Jones and/or an agent of her choosing so as to ensure the safety of Kathleen June Jones.

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that a return hearing on the Investigative Reports is hereby scheduled for January 14, 2020, and if

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necessary, an evidentiary hearing on the Investigative reports is scheduled for **February 20, 2020.**

See Order From October 15, 2019 Hearing, on file. (Emphasis added).

- 14. On December 10, 2019, this Court heard oral argument on the Guardian's Petition for Return of Property of Protected Person and Petition for Confirmation to Bring Civil Actions of Behalf of Kathleen June Jones. The Court concluded this hearing by agreeing that the dogs—the real property at issue were the separate property of June Jones, but because Mr. Yeoman indicated he would file an appeal, an evidentiary hearing was set out of an abundance of caution. That hearing was set for February 20, 2020.
- Mr. Yeoman refused to turnover the Dogs for weeks until Kimberly threatened Mr. 15. Yeoman with sanctions and finally Mr. Yeoman stipulated to return the dogs.
- 16. Despite no pending petition before this Court, in January 2020, Yeoman issued three "Notices of Deposition" to Donna Simmons, Robyn Friedman, and Kimberly. Yeoman also propounded written discovery on the same parties.
- 17. Yeoman was informed repeatedly by counsel for Kimberly, Friedman, and Simmons that with no pending issue before the Court, discovery was improper. Despite this, Yeoman would not vacate the unilaterally set depositions or withdraw the written discovery and Kimberly was forced to move this Court for a protective order.
- 18. On March 20, 2020, the Guardianship Compliance Office Forensic Specialist Sonia Jones filed recommendations for this Court. The report stated in relevant part:
- "This audit did not reveal any financial miss-appropriation [sic] of funds a. in the bank accounts during this Audit."7
- b. The Kraft Avenue Property was transferred to Richard Powell, but no consideration was paid into any account of June.8

⁷ Recommendations of Sonia Jones, attached as **Exhibit 2.**

⁸ *Id*.

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- Documentation was needed for two transaction—the withdraw of c. \$6,832.82.9
- 19. On April 15, 2020, after Kimberly was forced to expend precious resources from the estate of the Protected Person to obtain this Court's protection from Yeoman, this Court granted Kimberly's Motion for Protective Order.
- 20. On April 14, 2020, less than 24 hours prior to the hearing on the Motion for Protective Order, Yeoman filed the instant Petition for Removal and Appointment as Guardian.
- 21. On April 20, 2020, Guardianship Compliance Office Forensic Specialist Sonia Jones filed a supplemental recommendation to this Court¹⁰, stating:

This is a supplement to the Financial Forensic Report filed on March 13, 2020. This serves to address two outstanding concerns in which Guardian Kimberly Jones, withdrew \$6,836.82 from the estate for unknown reasons. Guardian Kimberly Jones provided documentation for the amounts withdrawn.

There was concern that Kimberly Jones withdrew \$4,836.00, from a newly opened account of the Protected Person and Rodney Gerald Yeoman in August 2019, for unknown reasons. Kimberly Jones provided a receipt that \$5,000.00 in funds were deposited back into the Protected Person's account ending 7492 on April 2, 2020. (See Exhibit A). There was concern that Kimberly Jones withdrew \$2,000.00 from account ending 7492 in July 2019, for unknown reasons. Kimberly indicated that she spent these funds for legal assistance on behalf of the Protected Person. (See Exhibit B) Kimberly Jones provided a deposit receipt, along with a legal bill for legal services from Johnson & Johnson Law Offices located at 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Ste 390, Las Vegas, NV. The bill shows approximately \$6,382.25 still currently due to be paid.

22. Thus, despite Yeoman's incorrect and blatant misrepresentations to the Court, the only recommendation remaining from the Guardianship Compliance Office Forensic Specialist relates to June's Kraft Avenue Property in which Yeoman, his daughter, and son-in-law worked together to transfer away from June and which continues to be wrongfully titled in Yeoman's daughter and son-in-law's name.

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⁹ *Id*.

¹⁰ See Supplemental Recommendations of Sonia Jones and Exhibits Reflecting Proof of Funds from Kimberly Jones, attached as **Exhibit 3.**

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III. LEGAL ARGUMENT

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YEOMAN HAS FAILED TO SET FORTH A PRIMA FACIE CASE FOR A. REMOVAL AND NO GROUNDS FOR REMOVAL EXIST.

Removal of an appointed guardian is governed by NRS 159.1853 and NRS 159.185. Yeoman's Petition is deficient under both statutes and must be summarily denied.

1. Yeoman's Petition Has Failed to Set Forth any Viable Basis for Removal.

Yeoman has filed his Petition on nothing more than rampant speculation devoid of any factual basis along with complaints already dismissed by this Court. NRS 159.1853 governs petitions for removal and states:

NRS 159.1853 Petition for removal.

- The following persons may petition the court to have a guardian removed:
- (a) The protected person;
- (b) The spouse of the protected person;
- (c) Any relative who is within the second degree of consanguinity to the protected person;
 - (d) A public guardian; or
 - (e) Any other interested person.
 - The petition must:
 - (a) State with particularity the reasons for removing the guardian; and
 - (b) Show cause for the removal.
- If the court denies the petition for removal, the petitioner shall not file a subsequent petition unless a material change of circumstances warrants a subsequent petition.

(Emphasis added). Here, Yeoman has not stated any cognizable allegation of wrongdoing with any particularity and has failed to set forth any personal knowledge of this claimed "wrongdoing." Yeoman's complaints about the two financial transactions are speculative and wrong. 11 Yeoman's remaining complaints regarding granny napping and lack of "communication" have already been raised by Yeoman in his prior petition and denied by this Court. With no viable basis for removal, Yeoman's Petition is statutorily deficient and must be summarily denied.

2. No Conditions for Removal Exist.

In addition to Yeoman's Petition lacking any particularity for removal, no conditions for removal exist. NRs 159.185 sets forth conditions for removing a guardian:

¹¹ Yeoman's complaint about these two financial transactions are addressed infra, where they have been proven incorrect.

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NRS 159.185 Conditions for removal.

- The court may remove a guardian if the court determines that:
- (a) The guardian has become mentally incapacitated, unsuitable or otherwise incapable of exercising the authority and performing the duties of a guardian as provided by law;
- (b) The guardian is no longer qualified to act as a guardian pursuant to NRS 159.0613;
 - (c) The guardian has filed for bankruptcy within the previous 5 years;
- (d) The guardian of the estate has mismanaged the estate of the protected person;
- (e) The guardian has negligently failed to perform any duty as provided by law or by any order of the court and:
- (1) The negligence resulted in injury to the protected person or the estate of the protected person; or
- (2) There was a substantial likelihood that the negligence would result in injury to the protected person or the estate of the protected person;
- (f) The guardian has intentionally failed to perform any duty as provided by law or by any lawful order of the court, regardless of injury;
- (g) The guardian has violated any right of the protected person that is set forth in this chapter;
- (h) The guardian has violated a court order or committed an abuse of discretion in making a determination pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 or subsection 3 of NRS 159.332;
- (i) The guardian has violated any provision of NRS 159.331 to 159.338, inclusive, or a court order issued pursuant to NRS 159.333;
- (i) The best interests of the protected person will be served by the appointment of another person as guardian; or
- (k) The guardian is a private professional guardian who is no longer qualified as a private professional guardian pursuant to NRS 159.0595 or 159A.0595.
- A guardian may not be removed if the sole reason for removal is the lack of money to pay the compensation and expenses of the guardian.

While Yeoman cites this statute, his Petition lacks any meaningful analysis outside of vague, self-serving, and conclusory statements.¹² Yeoman provides no admissible evidence of wrongdoing, wholly misstates the financial report of Sonia Jones, and continually attempts to raise concerns already considered and rejected by this Court. Not surprising, Yeoman fails to set forth any fact in which he has first-hand knowledge. This is likely because Yeoman has not visited his wife in months. Regardless, petitions for removal are reserved for instances of verifiable concerns of wrongdoing that threaten or harm the protected person—not speculative and conclusory

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¹² Petition at 5:17-24.

allegations. As such, Kimberly asks this Court to disregard the unsupported opinions of Yeoman which lack any foundation and deny the Petition in its entirety.

KIMBERLY HAS FAITHFULLY CARED FOR JUNE AND YEOMAN'S B. **MISREPRESENTATIONS** REGARDING INTENTIONAL **FINANCES** MUST BE SUMMARILY DENIED.

Kimberly has always acted in the best interest of June. From the beginning of these proceedings and even before, Kimberly has dedicated her life to caring for her mother. This includes bathing and changing June, driving June to medical appointments, entertaining June, and taking all available steps to ensure June can see Yeoman and all of her family members.

Yeoman's allegation that Kimberly has "misappropriated funds" is false. First, the account in which Yeoman complains Kimberly "improperly transferred funds from" was an account in which Yeoman and his son-in-law Richard Powell opened and funded with money from June and Kimberly's joint checking account. This was done without permission of June or Kimberly. When Kimberly discovered this, well after the time Yeoman and Powell were aware that Kimberly was June's financial power of attorney and returned the funds to Kimberly and June's joint account. Thereafter, because Yeoman and Powell continued to illegally access the accounts and apparently had the ability to do so, Kimberly withdrew the funds with June and put them in a safe deposit box. Those funds have always remained untouched and proof of this was provided to the forensic investigator who found no wrongdoing or mismanagement within any of June's accounts. 13 As for Yeoman's claim that \$2,000 from June's checking account is unaccounted, that too is false. Kimberly used the \$2,000 from her and her mother's joint account to obtain legal representation at the inception of this case. Proof of such has been provided and confirmed by forensic investigator Sonia Jones.¹⁴

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¹⁴ *Id*.

¹³ Forensic Report at Exhibit 2.

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Second, this Court has already entertained the unavailing and false allegation that "Kimberly forcibly removed June" from Yeoman or that Kimberly "doesn't communicate well with family."¹⁵

1. Yeoman Has Intentionally Misrepresented the Forensic Financial Report and Has Made False and Unsupported Assumptions as to Kimberly.

Because Yeoman has forced Kimberly to spend yet more of her mother's money to once again clarify an issue Yeoman cannot grasp, the following is yet another explanation by Kimberly as to the two main contentions of "wrongdoing" claimed by Yeoman.

a. Withdraw of \$4,836.00 From Account Ending in 6668.

Yeoman incorrectly alleges Kimberly has not accounted for \$4,836.00 withdrawn from June's checking account ending in 6668. First, *June has never had a checking account she opened that ended in the numbers 6668*. Rather, June has had one primary account in which she and Kimberly had jointly, a Bank of America account ending in 7492. *Yeoman has never been an owner of this account*. Despite this, on August 8, 2019, Yeoman opened an account in he and June's name and transferred \$5,000 from June and Kimberly's 7492 account to the 6668 account. At this time Yeoman knew Kimberly was the POA for June, that he was not an authorized signor on the 7492 account, and that June had cognitive impairment.

When Kimberly received an alert that \$5,000 was transferred from her and her mother's account ending in 7492, Kimberly rightfully withdrew the \$5,000 with June.¹⁸ The \$5,000 was deposited into a safe-deposit box at Bank of America to ensure Yeoman did not take the money without permission yet again.¹⁹ Thereafter, when Forensic Investigator Sonia Jones asked for

¹⁵ See October 15, 2019 Order Denying Yeoman's Petition, on file.

¹⁶ See Bank Statements for 7492 (sole joint signatories June and Kimberly), attached as **Exhibit** 4.

¹⁷ See Bank Statements Reflecting Transfer from Account 7492 (June and Kimberly) to 6668 (Yeoman and June), attached as **Exhibit 5.**

¹⁸ Declaration of Kimberly Jones, attached as **Exhibit 6.**

¹⁹ See Exhibits 2 and 3.

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clarification, Kimberly was entirely forthcoming and provided proof of redepositing the funds into the 7492 account.²⁰ Thus, factually, Yeoman is once again wrong. Rather, the complained of transaction is another example of Kimberly protecting June's money from Yeoman, who continues to wrongfully access accounts he is not a signatory on.

Withdraw of \$2,000.00 From Account Ending in 7492.

Yeoman also incorrectly alleges Kimberly has not accounted for \$2,000.00 withdrawn from Kimberly and June's joint checking account at Bank of America ending in 7492.²¹ Once again, this is a joint account wherein Kimberly has always been a signatory. In September 2019, after Kimberly discovered Yeoman and Powell fraudulently conveyed the Kraft Avenue Property from June, Kimberly sought legal counsel from David Johnson, Esq.²² To do so, Kimberly paid counsel \$2,000 in cash.²³ This has been confirmed through payment receipts, attorney fee invoices, and attestation by David Johnson, Esq.²⁴ It is undisputed Kimberly was a joint signatory of this account and this withdrawal was made before any petition for guardianship was filed.

This withdrawal was authorized, legal, and not subject to these guardianship proceedings. Kimberly was a signatory on the account ending in 7492 (and had been so for years), June was aware and agreed with retaining an attorney, and Kimberly was the financial power of attorney for June. Therefore, Yeoman's second allegation is also wrong.

2. The Guardianship Compliance Office Specialist Expressly Found No disappropriation in the Initial Report and Recommendations and the Supplemental Report and Recommendations.

Despite Yeoman's attempt to point the finger at Kimberly, no compliance officer has found any "misappropriation" by Kimberly. Rather, Sonia Jones, the acting financial investigator

²⁰ Exhibit 3.

²⁴ ²¹ Petition at 6:7-10.

²² Declaration of Kimberly Jones at **Exhibit 6**.

²³ Receipt of Funds and Invoice for Legal Services from David Johnson, Esq., attached as **Exhibit** 7.

²⁴ *Id*.

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assigned to report to this Court found "[t]his audit did not reveal any financial missappropriation [sic] of funds in the bank during this Audit."25 Yeoman incorrectly assumes that Kimberly did not provide an explanation of these amounts. So Yeoman is clear, these amounts were explained to Ms. Jones the minute she asked for clarification of the charges. Mr. Yeoman should not confuse the fact that counsel for Kimberly didn't bombard Ms. Jones with requests for personal interviews, letters of character, and numerous requests for meetings—which is not the purpose or the intent of the financial investigator in guardianship court.²⁶ Rather, counsel for Kimberly waited patiently for Ms. Jones to finish her review and responded when questions were presented to Kimberly. In doing so, Kimberly presented unequivocal evidence she has not misappropriated any of June's funds.

The point being—Yeoman in an attempt to cling to some non-frivolous basis to file his petition for removal, misrepresented Ms. Jones Report and Recommendations in what can be described as nothing less than yet another attempt to needlessly expand these proceedings to the detriment of June. Taking these knowingly false allegations out of Yeoman's Petition, he has presented the Court with the same petition that has already been denied by this Court.

C. YEOMAN HAS BLATANTLY MISSTATED FACTS IN FILING HIS FRIVOLOUS PETITION AND MUST BE SANCTIONED TO PROTECT JUNE FROM CONTINUED FINANCIAL ABUSE.

Absolutely nothing in this case has changed since this Court denied Yeoman's last petition for guardianship on November 25, 2019.²⁷ Indeed, Yeoman's petition is nearly identical to his last petition. While the guardianship court is a wonderful tool to protect those not capable of protecting themselves, this Court is well aware that too often the very person this Court seeks to protect is victimized indirectly through needless financial battles waged in the name of the protected person.

²⁵ **Exhibit 2** at pg. 4.

²⁶ Counsel for Kimberly points this out, as the guardianship investigation is filled with irrelevant pages of bank statements presented from Yeoman's daughter and son-in-law, letters of character, and references to an "interview." See Exhibits to Report of Sonia Jones, on file.

²⁷ See Order Denying Petition, on file.

Yeoman's conduct over the past four months, driven by his attorneys has been nothing short of destructive to the protected person.

First, Yeoman wrongfully retained the personal property of June (the dogs). The Court can recall that Kimberly was forced to file an exhaustive motion for the return of this property, appear and argue that motion, and then ultimately begin to prepare for an "evidentiary hearing" due to the threat of Yeoman's attorney filing an appeal.²⁸ Then, after setting an evidentiary hearing out of an abundance of caution, Yeoman ignored this Court's order to return the dogs to June until the hearing. When Yeoman was threatened by Kimberly's attorney with a forthcoming motion for sanctions, Yeoman finally agreed to return the dogs.

As if that was not enough, with no pending issues before this Court and after Kimberly waived the right to recover attorney fees from Yeoman for his wrongful retention of the dogs, Yeoman began acting like the proverbial bull in a china shop by unilaterally setting depositions and propounding written discovery to not only Kimberly, but non-parties to this case.²⁹ Once again, Yeoman was informed these tactics were improper, but refused to back down. This forced Kimberly to once again seek intervention from this Court, where a protective order was sought and granted.

However, the day before the hearing for the protective order, Yeoman curiously filed the instant petition, which is just the most recent link in a chain of indirect financial abuse against June. Yeoman, funded by his daughter and son-in-law continue to waste the resources of this Court, drain the protected person financially, and consume resources of those no longer part of this case. This conduct is exactly what NRS 159.1583(4) was enacted to prevent and deter.

NRS 159.1583(4) was the legislature's way of providing the Court with the power to deter the filing of petitions determined not to be filed in good faith or in the best interest of the protected person. NRS 159.1583(4) states in relevant part:

²⁸ See Hearing Minutes, on file.

²⁹ See Motion for Protective Order, on file.

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If the court finds that the petitioner did not file a petition for removal in good faith or in furtherance of the best interests of the protected person, the court may:

- (a) Disallow the petitioner from petitioning the court for attorney's fees from the estate of the protected person; and
- (b) Impose sanctions on the petitioner in an amount sufficient to reimburse the estate of the protected person for all or part of the expenses incurred by the estate of the protected person in responding to the petition and for any other pecuniary losses which are associated with the petition.

NRS 159.1583(4) (emphasis added).

Here, the above chronology topped off by Yeoman's most recent Petition can be described as nothing short of a bad faith conduct against the best interests of June. June has stated her desire to remain with Kimberly and not Yeoman. Yeoman, not satisfied with this Court's original decision to appoint Kimberly as Guardian, has filed an identical petition rehashing the same arguments already dismissed by this Court. Likely, Yeoman's most recent addition to his legal team, a third attorney, likely discovered that Yeoman failed to timely file an appeal and now seeks to circumvent that shortcoming.

As a result, Kimberly on behalf of her mother asks this Court to recognize the bad faith conduct of Yeoman in his most recent Petition and sanction Yeoman in the amount of fees and costs incurred opposing this Petition. If this is not done, Yeoman's conduct to unnecessarily increase costs in these proceedings will not stop.

D. YEOMAN IS PRECLUDED FROM RAISING THE SAME ARGUMENTS ALREADY DISMISSED BY THIS COURT IN HIS PRIOR PETITION.

Setting aside Yeoman's incorrect assumption regarding the two transactions identified above, Yeoman is precluded from a second bite at the apple in arguing "suitability" of Kimberly as Guardian or the issue of "forcibly taking June" from him, because these exact issues (verbatim) were raised in Yeoman's prior Petition which was denied by this Court. Yeoman never filed an appeal within the 30 days as required by NRS 159.375.

What Yeoman is attempting to do now is relitigate the same issues already denied by this Court—something which is expressly not allowed in Nevada. See Five Star Capital Corporation v. Ruby, 124 Nev. 1048, 194 P.3d 709 (2008). Specifically, Yeoman focuses on "statements" of Kimberly's sisters regarding suitability which were raised *prior* to his initial Petition and before

this Court's Order denying his Petition.³⁰ Yeoman also attempts to do this with his argument concerning the alleged "forcible taking" of June, where he attaches the same police reports filed in his prior Petition.³¹

Yeoman does not get another bite at the apple to advance these meritless arguments devoid of any evidence. It is also patently unfair to require the protect person's estate to fund continued fights to starve off arguments already dismissed by this Court with no changed circumstances.

E. YEOMAN IS NOT A SUITABLE GUARDIAN AND JUNE HAS REPEATEDLY EXPRESSED SHE DOES NOT WANT YEOMAN AS HER GUARDIAN.

Yeoman spends a great deal of time focusing on how he, at 87 years old, is "fit" to serve as Guardian. While Yeoman's physical fitness to serve as guardian remains highly questionable, this issue need not even be considered, as June has repeatedly informed this Court that *she does not want Yeoman to serve as her guardian*.³² In doing so, June has confirmed Kimberly is the only person she wants to serve as her guardian. This Court cannot discount this fact and pursuant to NRS 159.328(1)(h) June as a protected person maintains the right to participate in developing a plan of care and respect for her previously stated personal desires. June has made clear that she is happy with the status quo and is adamantly opposed to additional disputes over her guardianship.³³ Under NRS 159.328 (h), a protected person has the right to "[r]emain as independent as possible, including, without limitation, to have his or her preference honored regarding his or her residence and standard of living, either as expressed or demonstrated before a determination was made relating to capacity or as currently expressed, if the preference is reasonable under the circumstances." Because June has made her preferences clear to her court appointed attorney and

³⁰ Petition at 8:10-9:7.

³¹ Cf. April 14, 2020 Petition to October 2, 2019 Petition, on file.

³² In addition, Yeoman resides with Dick Powell, who remains an adverse party to June in the related proceedings to this case pending in front of Judge Bluth. It would be wholly inappropriate for June in a diminished capacity to be under the control of the very person being sued for harming her financially.

³³ See Protected Person's Joinder to Guardian's Motion for Protective Order, on file.

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no circumstances have changed since this Court's order of appointment, Yeoman's Petition must be summarily denied.

In addition, Yeoman fails to acknowledge or foolishly discounts the undisputed fact that he is an adversary of June in litigation pending before Judge Bluth. Yeoman likely recalls his efforts to remove himself from that litigation was *denied in its entirety*—with Judge Bluth finding that factual issues remained as to his involvement, intent, and knowledge surrounding the fraudulent transfer of the Kraft Avenue Property and theft of June's personal property.³⁴ This involvement includes Yeoman signing a "spousal deed" to the Kraft Avenue Property to effectuate the fraudulent transfer from June to Richard and Kandi Powell, despite Yeoman never having an interest in the Property.

Yeoman is also not fooling anyone with his attorney driven "physician declarations" attesting to his physical and mental fitness to serve as guardian over June. Yeoman has not visited June in months.³⁵ The only reason he has filed this most recent Petition is to harass June in the hopes he can starve off the litigation against him, his daughter, and son-in-law, who continue to be the only individuals alive who believe transferring June's Kraft Avenue Property was appropriate or legal. Yeoman's persistent inability to release his medical records continues to raise severe concerns of his physical and mental fitness. Kimberly does not address Yeoman's selfproclaimed physical and mental wellbeing, because no reasonable response can be fashioned with Yeoman continually refusing to disclose his medical records.

Lastly, while Yeoman has not yet been deemed to have commuted abuse, neglect, or exploitation—those exact allegations are pending against him in the companion civil case to these proceedings. These proceedings are advancing to discovery and there is no reasonable argument to suggest Yeoman would be a suitable guardian of June's person or estate.

³⁴ See March 3, 2020 Minutes Case No. A-19-807458-C, attached as **Exhibit 8**. (Order pending).

³⁵ Exhibit 6.

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F. KIMBERLY'S STATUS AS GUARDIAN IS NOT UNCERTAIN AND YEOMAN HAS FAILED TO SET FORTH ANY COGNIZABLE CLAIM FOR RETURN OF PROPERTY.

Yeoman's in yet another improper collateral attack on the prior order of this Court attempts to argue (again) that Kimberly does not have priority to serve as guardian based on "concerns" June never appointed Kimberly as her power of attorney ("POA"). 36 This was raised in Yeoman's prior Petition and denied.³⁷

Yeoman's "concern" that June's estate planning documents and POA, which have existed for years preceding this Guardianship, are meritless and based wholly on fanatical conspiracies. Yeoman is documented in June's medical records year prior as acknowledging the fact Kimberly was the Power of Attorney of June. 38 Yeoman's convenient attempt to question these documents in the middle of adversarial litigation is not only questionable—is it proof of his bad faith conduct.

G. YEOMAN'S REQUEST FOR "DISCOVERY" AND AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING IS A BASELESS ATTEMPT TO HARASS JUNE AND INCREASE LITIGATION COSTS.

This Court is under no obligation to entertain, let alone order discovery or an evidentiary hearing. NRS 159.1583 governs petitions for removal and grants the Court discretion in ruling on petitions for removal. NRS 159.091 further provides this Court complete discretion as to whether a party should even be required to appear to address claims within a petition from an interested party. See NRS 195.091 (upon the filing of a petition the court may require the person to appear and answer under oath as to alleged wrongdoing). Without viable concerns of wrongdoing or a situation this Court deems is not in the best interest of June, there is no need for discovery or an evidentiary hearing. Vague and conclusory allegations of "wrongdoing" do not justify an evidentiary hearing and must be summarily dismissed.

³⁶ Petition at 11:3-14.

³⁷ See Yeoman's October 2, 2019 Petition at 2:3-7; 2:26-8;3:10-4:16, on file.

³⁸ See February 16, 2016 UCI Medical Record, attached as **Exhibit 9.** (confirming Kimberly is POA as early as 2016, in the presence of Yeoman along with other detailed notes regarding advanced directives).

Yeoman continually states discovery and an evidentiary hearing "would be extremely helpful to determine who is currently the most qualified, suitable person to be June's guardian." Again, this is Yeoman attempting to relitigate the appointment of Kimberly, which is improper. Yeoman has lost sight of the purpose of guardianship court—which is not to engage in unnecessary adversarial proceedings and discovery. Rather, the entire purpose of guardianship court is to provide oversight and protection for those unable to care for themselves. The Court is the final authority on determining whether good cause exists to remove a guardian, whether discovery is necessary, and whether the time and expense of an evidentiary hearing is justified. Here, everyone with the exception of Yeoman, his daughter, and son-in-law, are in agreement that June's best interests are being served by Kimberly and no additional hearing or discovery is necessary. The Court should exercise its power and conclude the same to avoid yet another pointless and costly proceeding.

IV. SUPPLEMENTAL COURT ORDERED BRIEFING CONCERNING "PARTIES" WITHIN GUARDIANSHIP PROCEEDINGS.

Every interested party to this case, with the exception of Yeoman, is also in agreement that there is nothing left to "discover" at this point. Yeoman's meritless Petition changes nothing. Without an actionable petition, there is no discovery necessary in these guardianship proceedings. Despite this, because Yeoman has also taken the absurd position in prior petitions that he can propound discovery on interested parties in these proceedings, points and authorities are provided to this Court in opposition to Yeoman's position.

The Court aptly noted that Nevada has not decided whether an "interested party" as defined in the guardianship statutes can be subject to discovery under NRCP 26. This is likely because no one in the history of Nevada's guardianship court has ever taken such an absurd position as Yeoman. Notwithstanding, there is no viable argument to suggest any "interested person" is subject to party discovery as stated in NRCP 26.

³⁹ Petition at 14:18-20.

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NRS 159.0195 defines "Interested Person" as "a person who is entitled to notice of a guardianship proceeding pursuant to NRS 159.034." NRS 159.034 provides that a litany of persons are entitled to notice when guardianship proceedings are initiated, this includes spouses, all known relatives, the Department of Veteran Affairs (if applicable), the Director of Health and Human Services (if applicable), and any person or care provider who is providing care for the protected person. Id. According to Yeoman, any Interested Person is subject to this Court's jurisdiction and is required to participate and comply with the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure and Chapter 159. According to Yeoman, any party who appears in a guardianship action at any time remains subject to the jurisdiction of this Court and any discovery therein. This of course is wrong and would defy logic.

An Interested Person is not a formal party to a guardianship proceeding. While an Interested Party can intervene with the filing of a petition for relief, absent a pending petition filed by the Interested Person, an Interested Person is nothing more than a party entitled to notice of certain actions taking place in this Court. See e.g. NRS 159.044. For illustrative purposes, this premise can be taken one step further with an example. The Director of the Department of Health and Human Services ("DHS") is listed as an interested party by statute. NRS 159.047. While DHS is entitled to be apprised of guardianship proceedings, no statute, rule, or policy stands for the proposition that discovery under NRCP 26 (interrogatories, requests for production, or requests for admissions) are proper. The only way evidence can be elicited from an Interested Party such as DHS, would be through a duly issued subpoena authorized by this Court. 40

The example of DHS is no different from any other interested party, or in this instance, Donna Simmons and Robyn Friedman. There is no dispute that while Simmons and Friedman were once temporary guardians, the Court revoked that power and they reverted to nothing more than Interested Parties—no different than any other person entitled to notice of certain proceedings. The fact that Simmons and Friedman have chosen to hire counsel to observe and participate in the guardianship court to keep them abreast of their mother's proceedings does not change this.

⁴⁰ Additionally, this Court does not have personal jurisdiction of any Interested Party.

10001 Park Kull Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 (702) 382-0711 FAX: (702) 382-5816 Taking this one step further, the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure provide additional guidance to the premise that only adversarial parties or parties with a live controversy are entitled to propound inter-party discovery—specifically interrogatories, requests for production, and requests for admission. NRCP 26 controls the overall scope of discovery states as follows:

Rule 26. General Provisions Governing Discovery

- (a) Discovery Methods. At any time after the filing of a joint case conference report, or not sooner than 14 days after a party has filed a separate case conference report, or upon order by the court or discovery commissioner, any party who has complied with Rule 16.1(a)(1), 16.2, or 16.205 may obtain discovery by any means permitted by these rules.
 - (b) Discovery Scope and Limits.
- (1) Scope. Unless otherwise limited by order of the court in accordance with these rules, the scope of discovery is as follows: <u>Parties may obtain discovery regarding any nonprivileged matter that is relevant to any party's claims or defenses and proportional to the needs of the case</u>, considering the importance of the issues at stake in the action, the amount in controversy, the parties' relative access to relevant information, the parties' resources, the importance of the discovery in resolving the issues, and whether the burden or expense of the proposed discovery outweighs its likely benefit. Information within this scope of discovery need not be admissible in evidence to be discoverable.

NRCP 26 (emphasis added).

Most important, NRCP 26 makes clear that discovery is allowed (and intended) only when a party seeks to advance a claim or defense. Thus, the prerequisite to any discovery by any person or entity is that person must be advancing (1) a claim in which relief is sought; or (2) defending a claim in which relief is sought. There is no escaping this basic premise.

Available tools for parties advancing a claim or defense as defined within NRCP 26 include NRCP 33 and 34, which allow parties litigating actual claims to propound discovery on one another. So Yeoman is clear, NRCP 33 and 34, the rules in which he claimed authorized him to propound discovery on Interested Parties Friedman and Simmons, expressly incorporate the limitations of NRCP 26 as follows:

Rule 33. Interrogatories to Parties

- (a) In General.
- (1) Number. Unless otherwise stipulated or ordered by the court, a party may serve on any other party no more than 40 written interrogatories
- (2) Scope. An interrogatory may relate to any matter that may be inquired into under Rule 26(b).

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And

Rule 34. Producing Documents, Electronically Stored Information, and Tangible Things, or Entering Onto Land, for Inspection and Other Purposes

(a) In General. A party may serve on any other party a request within the scope of Rule 26(b):

(Emphasis added). Because both NRCP 33 and 34 expressly limit this procedural device to claims and defenses within the scope of NRCP 26 and Yeoman has not and does not have any "claim or defense" in this proceeding, no discovery is allowed and under no circumstances is an Interested Person a "party" for purposes of discovery.

V. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

Based on the foregoing, Kimberly asks this Court to deny Yeoman's Petition in its entirety and grant her Petition for Fees and Costs under 159.1583(4). Kimberly will file a Memorandum of Points and Authorities in support of all fees and costs incurred in addressing and responding to Yeoman's bad faith petition.

Dated this 27th day of April, 2020.

MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING

By _____/s/James A. Beckstrom
Geraldine Tomich, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 8369
James A. Beckstrom, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 14032
10001 Park Run Drive
Las Vegas, Nevada 89145
Attorneys for Kimberly Jones, as
Guardian of the Person and
Estate of Kathleen June Jones

MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING 10001 Park Run Drive

(702) 382-0711 FAX: (702) 382-5816

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

GERALD YEOMAN'S PETITION FOR REMOVAL OF GUARDIAN AND FOR RETURN OF PROTECTED PERSON'S PROPERTY, COUNTERPETITION FOR ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS PURSUANT TO NRS 159.1583(4), AND COURT ORDERED SUPPLEMENTAL OPPOSITION CONCERNING DISCOVERY OF INTERESTED PARTIES PURSUANT TO NRS 159.047 was submitted electronically for filing and/or service with the Eighth Judicial District Court on the 27th day of April, 2020. Electronic service of the foregoing document shall be made in accordance with the E-Service List as follows:⁴¹

Ty E. Kehoe, Esq. KEHOE & ASSOCIATES 871 Coronado Center Drive,	Matthew C. Piccolo, Esq. PICCOLO LAW OFFICES 2450 St. Rose Pkwy., Ste.	Laura Deeter, Esq. Nedda Ghandi, Esq. 725 S. 8 th Street, Ste. 100
Ste. 200 Henderson, NV 89052	2430 St. Rose Pkwy., Ste. 210 Henderson, NV 89074	Las Vegas, NV 89101 Attorneys for Rodney Gerald Yeoman
Maria L. Parra-Sandoval, Esq. LEGAL AID OF SOUTHERN NEVADA 725 E. Charleston Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89104 Attorneys for Protected Person	John P. Michaelson, Esq. MICHAELSON & ASSOCIATES, LTD. & Jeffrey R. Sylvester, Esq. SYLVESTER & POLEDNAK, LTD. Attorneys for Robyn Friedman and Donna Simmons	Sonia Jones, Guardianship Financial Forensic Specialist GUARDIANSHIP COMPLIANCE OFFICE SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA

/s/ Cheryl Becnel
An employee of Marquis Aurbach Coffing

⁴¹ Pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a), each party who submits an E-Filed document through the E-Filing System consents to electronic service in accordance with NRCP 5(b)(2)(D).

Exhibit 4

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JOIN

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Maria L. Parra-Sandoval, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 13736

mparra@lacsn.org

LEGAL AID CENTER OF SOUTHERN NEVADA, INC.

725 E. Charleston Blvd.

5 | Las Vegas, NV 89104

Telephone: (702) 386-1526

Facsimile: (702) 386-1526

Attorney for Kathleen June Jones, Adult Protected Person

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

In the matter of the Guardianship of the Person and Estate of:

KATHLEEN JUNE JONES,

Adult Protected Person.

Case No.: G-19-052263-A Dept. No.: B

KATHLEEN JUNE JONES' JOINDER TO GUARDIAN'S OPPOSITION TO YEOMAN'S PETITION FOR REMOVAL OF GUARDIAN AND FOR RETURN OF PROTECTED PERSON'S PROPERTY

Kathleen June Jones ("June"), the protected person herein, by and through her counsel, Maria L. Parra-Sandoval, Esq., hereby files this Joinder in support of Kimberly Jones' Opposition to Rodney Gerald Yeoman's Petition for Removal of Guardian and for Return of Protected Person's Property And Counter-Petition for Attorney Fees and Costs Pursuant to NRS 159.1583(4) And Court Ordered Supplemental Opposition Concerning Discovery of Interested Parties Pursuant to NRS 159.047 (the "Opposition"). June's Joinder is based upon and supported by the Memorandum of Points contained in Kimberly Jones' ("Guardian") Opposition, the pleadings and papers on file in this case, and the argument of counsel as allowed by the Court at the time of hearing, if a hearing is held.

June further alleges as follows:

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Case Number: G-19-052263-A

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Rodney Yeoman's ("Mr. Yeoman") Petition for Removal of Guardian and for Return of Protected Person's Property¹ has no merit and Mr. Yeoman should be required to pay for any fees or expenses the Guardian has incurred in responding to it. The Financial Forensic Report² filed on March 13, 2020, found no misappropriation on the Guardian's part, and any outstanding concerns have been addressed in the Supplemental Report³ filed on April 20, 2020. This Court should not indulge this frivolous request by holding a hearing when there are no statutory grounds to remove Guardian and for which this Court can dispose summarily on the pleadings. Mr. Yeoman seeks to re-litigate all the *same* issues that have already been considered by this Court and on which it has decisively ruled. Mr. Yeoman failed to file a timely appeal of the Court's prior orders and should now be precluded from litigating the same issues.

Furthermore, not only is Mr. Yeoman's petition to remove the Guardian based on frivolous and false allegations, but Mr. Yeoman, an alleged bad actor who is already being sued for the possible fraudulent transfer of June's Kraft home, seeks to replace current Guardian with himself as guardian of the person and a neutral party as guardian of the estate. There is an inherent conflict of interest in allowing something like this to happen. Why should someone who is already being sued in a possible wrongdoing against the protected person be allowed to control the protected person's daily care? This is yet another attempt to waste the Court's time and June's financial resources. Allowing Mr. Yeoman to re-litigate the same issues will only subject June to additional financial abuse.

June is able to make her preferences known. Her desire to have Kimberly Jones as guardian of the person and estate has not changed. June requests to have her preference honored by this Court under both NRS 159.328(h) and (i). Under NRS 159.328 (h), a protected person has the right to "Remain as independent as possible, including, without limitation, to have his or her preference honored regarding his or her residence and standard of living, either as expressed or demonstrated before a determination was made relating to capacity or as currently expressed,

¹ See Petition for Removal of Guardian and Return of Protected Person's Property, filed April 14, 2020.

² See Financial Forensic Report, filed March 13, 2020.

 ² See Financial Forensic Report, med March 13, 23
 ³ See Supplemental Report Update, filed April 20, 2020. Page 2 of 8

if the preference is reasonable under the circumstances." Subsequently, under NRS 159.328 (i), a protected person has the right to "Be granted the greatest degree of freedom possible, consistent with the reasons for a guardianship, and exercise control of all aspects of his or her life that are not delegated to a guardian specifically by a court order." As has been stated before: The purpose of these rights is to give the protected person the driver's seat in his or her guardianship case. The law is clear that it is June who gets to determine who she wants to manage her affairs as well as her daily care. The current Guardian, June's preference, is qualified and suitable to continue serving as guardian of the person and estate.

Supplemental Briefing

This Court has requested to be briefed on who should be subject to discovery in a guardianship proceeding and in particular, whether "interested persons" are subject to discovery. Unfortunately, there is no case law to answer this question, but our current Nevada statutes and rational inferences can guide this Court. Additionally, discovery is not without limits and in guardianship proceedings allowing unlimited discovery can subject the protected person to significant financial abuse due to increased litigation costs.

It should be noted at the outset that, pursuant to NRS 159.0195, Mr. Yeoman is not an interested person. However, Mr. Yeoman has inserted himself in these proceedings and is therefore entitled to notice as a result. NRS 159.0195 defines an "Interested person" as "a person who is entitled to notice of a guardianship proceeding pursuant to NRS 159.034."⁷

NRS 159.034(1) requires a petitioner in a guardianship proceeding to provide notice of any petition filed to:

"(a) The protected person and all other known relatives of the protected person who are within the second degree of consanguinity.

⁴ See NRS 159.328(h).

⁵ See NRS 159.328(i).

⁶ See Protected Person's Joinder to Guardian's Motion for Protective Order, filed March 3, 2020.

⁷ See NRS 159.0195.

(b) Any other interested person or the person's attorney who has filed a request for notice in the guardianship proceedings and has served a copy of the request upon the guardian..."8

Similarly, NRS 150.047 requires service of the citation to specific persons including the "(a) proposed protected person regardless of their capacity to understand its contents and under (b) [t]he spouse of the proposed protected person and all other known relatives of the proposed protected person who are (1) Fourteen years of age or older; and (2) Within the second degree of consanguinity."⁹

By law, "Interested persons" must be served with guardianship pleadings. This gives "Interested persons" information on what is going on with their family member and an opportunity to object. But just because "Interested persons" must be served pleadings when they request such notice, this right to notice does not grant "Interested persons" the unfettered right to actively participate in all guardianship proceedings or to actively obstruct the administration of a guardianship. An interested person may become a party to a litigation upon making an objection or by asking the Court to take a certain action but there must be some limitation to an "Interested person's" ability to drive litigation in a guardianship matter.

N.R.C.P. 26 (b) (1) states: "Unless otherwise limited by order of the court in accordance with these rules, the scope of discovery is as follows: Parties may obtain discovery regarding any nonprivileged matter that is **relevant to any party's claims or defenses** and proportional to the needs of the case, considering the importance of the issues at stake in the action, the amount in controversy, the parties' relative access to relevant information, **the parties' resources**, the importance of the discovery in resolving the issues, **and whether the burden or expense of the proposed discovery outweighs its likely benefit**. Information within this scope of discovery need not be admissible in evidence to be discoverable" (emphasis added). ¹⁰

N.R.C.P. 26 allows for a very broad interpretation of what can be discovered, but there are limits. At the most basic level, the rule itself establishes there must be a "claim or defenses"

⁸ See NRS 159.034(1).

⁹ See NRS 150.047.

¹⁰ See N.R.C.P. 26 (b)(1).

to allow for discovery of relevant information. Therefore, there must be a pending petition or motion asking for the Court to take action. Discovery is not a tool to use to burden a protected person due to a "potential claim." If an actual claim exists, it must be stated with particular details to allow the other side to answer.

The type of status a party holds, whether it is an "Interested person" or a "Temporary Guardian" or an active party to the litigation in a guardianship proceeding, should not control who is subject to discovery. Such a stance would create a plethora of even more litigation issues and not to mention, bad law. Instead, who should be subject to discovery should focus on the discovery rule itself; on whether it is appropriate given a pending petition requesting the Court to take action; and whether the claim articulated is not frivolous. It is the claim (or defenses) that determines what information or person is subject to discovery. In guardianship proceedings, discovery should be limited by the Court to protect the protected person from outrageous litigation costs resulting from unnecessary and frivolous discovery. The Court has discretionary powers in doing so and the Rules of Discovery provide guidance in this regard.

Herein, while there is a pending Petition for Removal of Guardian and for Return of Protected Person's Property, the claims are based on frivolous allegations and no statutory grounds exist to remove current guardian. Mr. Yeoman missed his chance to file a proper appeal and is now barred from re-litigating the issues. There is absolutely no need for discovery by "interested persons" or any other party in this matter.

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Furthermore, great weight must be given to June's stated preferences—guardianship law is meant to protect her and her wishes. There is no reason to subject June to more costly hearings when she has a suitable and qualified guardian. DATED this 7th day of May, 2020. **LEGAL AID CENTER OF** SOUTHERN NEVADA, INC. /s/ Maria L. Parra-Sandoval, Esq. Maria L. Parra-Sandoval, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 13736 LEGAL AID CENTER OF SOUTHERN NEVADA, INC. 725 E. Charleston Blvd Las Vegas, NV 89104 Telephone: (702) 386-1526 Facsimile: (702) 386-1526 mparra@lacsn.org Attorney for Adult Protected Person Kathleen June Jones

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 1 I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 7th day of May 2020, I deposited in the United States 2 Mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, a copy of the foregoing document entitled **PROTECTED** 3 4 PERSON'S JOINDER TO GUARDIAN'S MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER in a 5 sealed envelope, mailed regular U.S. mail, upon which first class postage was fully prepaid, 6 addressed to the following: Tiffany O'Neal Teri Butler 8 586 N. Magdelena Street 177 N. Singingwood Street, Unit 13 Orange, CA 92869 Dewey, AZ 86327 9 10 Jen Adamo **Courtney Simmons** 765 Kimbark Avenue 14 Edgewater Drive 11 Magnolia, DE 19962 San Bernardino, CA 92407 12 **Scott Simmons** Ampersand Man 2824 High Sail Court 1054 S. Verde Street 13 Las Vegas, NV 89117 Anaheim, CA 92805 14 Division of Welfare and Supportive Services 15 Medicaid Chief Eligibility and Payments 1470 College Parkway 16 Carson City, NV 89706 17 18 AND I FURTHER CERTIFY that on the same date I electronically served the same 19 document to the following via ODYSSEY, the Court's electronic filing system, pursuant to 20 EDCR 8.05: 21 James Beckstrom, Esq. John Michaelson, Esq. 22 jbecstrom@maclaw.com john@michaelsonlaw.com Attorney for Guardian Lora Caindec-Poland 23 lora@michaelsonlaw.com Attorneys for Robyn Friedman and Donna 24 Simmons 25 26 Ty Kehoe, Esq. Cheryl Becnel TyKehoeLaw@gmail.com ebecnel@maclaw.com 27 Matthew Piccolo, Esq. 28 matt@piccololawoffices.com Attorneys for Rodney Gerald Yeoman Page 7 of 8

1	David C. Johnson	Geraldine Tomich
2	dcj@johnsonlegal.com	Gtomich@maclaw.com
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5	Kate McCloskey	
6	NVGCO@nvcourts.nv.gov	
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9		/s/Alexa Reanos
10		Employee of Legal Aid Center of Southern Nevada
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Exhibit 5

			Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT			
	1	Marquis Aurbach Coffing	Stewn S. Sun			
	2	Geraldine Tomich, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 8369				
	3	James A. Beckstrom, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 14032				
	4	10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89145				
	5	Telephone: (702) 382-0711 Facsimile: (702) 382-5816				
	6	gtomich@maclaw.com				
	7	jbeckstrom@maclaw.com Attorneys for Kimberly Jones				
		DISTRICT COURT				
	8	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA				
	9		I			
	10	In the Matter of the Guardianship of Estate of:	Case No.: G-19-052263-A Dept. No.: B			
, N	11	KATHLEEN JUNE JONES,	Вери но			
INC	12	Protected Person.	Hearing Date: May 20, 2020 Hearing Time: 9:00 a.m.			
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SAC Run D evada X: (70	15	<u>DENYING KIMBERLY JONES'S COUNTE</u> <u>COSTS PURSUANT</u>	R-PETITION FOR ATTORNEY FEES AND TO NRS 159.1853(4)			
QUIS AURBACH COFFING 10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 (702) 382-0711 FAX: (702) 382-5816	16	☐ TEMPORARY GUARDIANSHIP	☐ GENERAL GUARDIANSHIP			
	17	□ Person	☐ Person			
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	Ì	☐ Estate ☐ Summary Admin.	☐ Bond Required			
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	23	This matter having come before this Co	ourt before the Honorable Linda Marquis for a			
	24	hearing on Rodney Gerald Yeoman's Petition for Removal of Guardian and for Return of				
	25					
	Protected Person's Property ("Petition for Removal") and Kimberly Jones's Counter-1					
	27	Attorney Fees and Costs Pursuant to NRS 159.	•			
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appearing on behalf of Kimberly Jones ("Kimberly"), as Guardian of the Person and Estate of Kathleen June Jones, Ty Kehoe, Esq., Matthew Piccolo, Esq., and Laura A. Deeter, Esq. appearing on behalf of Rodney Gerald Yeoman ("Defendants"), Maria Parra-Sandoval, Esq. appearing on behalf of the Protected Person June Jones ("June"), John P. Michaelson, Esq. and Jeffrey R. Sylvester, Esq. appearing on behalf of Robyn Friedman and Donna Simmons. The Court having reviewed the papers and pleadings on file and heard oral arguments regarding the Petition, hereby **DENIES** the Petition for Removal and Counter-Petition as follows:

PROCEDURAL HISTORY AND FACTS

- 1. On October 2, 2019, Yeoman filed a Counter-Petition for Appointment of Temporary Guardian of the Person and Estate and Issuance of Letters of Temporary Guardianship and Estate and Issuance of Letters of Temporary Guardianship and Counter-Petition for Appointment of General Guardian of the Person and Estate and Issuance of Letters of General Guardianship, whereby Yeoman objected to the appointment of Kimberly Jones as Guardian of the protected person ("Yeoman's October 2019 Counter-Petition").
- 2. On October 2, 2019, Kimberly filed her Opposition to Ex Parte Petition for Appointment of Temporary and General Guardian of the Person and Estate; Alternatively, Counter-Petition for Appointment of Kimberly as Temporary and General Guardian of the Person and Estate ("Kimberly's Counter-Petition").
- 3. On October 15, 2019 at the Citation to Appear and Show Cause Hearing, the Protected Person, by and through her Court appointed Counsel, Maria L. Parra-Sandoval, Esq., advised the Court that it was the Protected Person's desire that Kimberly be appointed as the Protected Person's guardian.
- On November 25, 2019, this Court having entertained oral argument and reviewed the pending Petitions, granted Kimberly's Counter-Petition, thereby appointing Kimberly as Guardian of the Estate and Person of the Protected Person and approving Letters of General Guardianship to issue to Kimberly. Concurrently, the Court having reviewed all arguments presented in Yeoman's October 2019 Counter-Petition, the Court denied Yeoman's October 2019 Counter-Petition in its entirety.

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- 5. The November 25, 2019 Orders of this Court were not subject to an appeal by any party or interested party—including Yeoman.
- 6. Since this Court's November 25, 2019 Orders, Kimberly has served as Guardian of the Protected Person.
- 7. On April 14, 2020, Yeoman filed a Petition for Removal of Guardian and for Return of Protected Person's Property ("April 2020 Petition"), alleging inter alia, that Kimberly Jones should be removed as Guardian based on the withdrawal of \$6,832.82 from the Protected Person's account and was not meaningfully communicated with Yeoman.
- 8. Within Yeoman's April 2020 Petition, he also sought appointment as guardian of the Protected Person and the estate of the Protected Person.
- On April 27, 2020, Kimberly filed an Opposition to Yeoman's April 2020 Petition 9. as well as a Counter-Petition for Attorney Fees and Costs.
- 10. On May 7, 2020, Maria Parra-Sandoval, Esq., counsel for the Protected Person, joined in Kimberly's Opposition to Yeoman's April 2020 Petition and Counter-Petition for Attorney Fees and Costs.
- On May 15, 2020, Robyn Friedman and Donna Simmons, through legal counsel 11. John Michelson, Esq., similarly joined Kimberly's Opposition to Yeoman's April 2020 Petition and Counter-Petition for Attorney Fees and Costs.
- Thereafter, Yeoman, through his counsel filed a reply in support of his April 2020 12. Petition.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- The COURT FINDS that Yeoman's April 2020 Petition fails to set forth good 13. cause to remove Kimberly as Guardian of the Protected Person or the estate of the Protected Person pursuant to NRS 159.185.
- The COURT FURTHER FINDS that Yeoman's April 2020 Petition fails to set 14. forth any facts to warrant further inquiry and expense of the parties as it pertains to removal of Kimberly as Guardian or the person or estate of the Protected Person, return of any property of the Protected Person, or revisit appointment of a new guardian.

- 15. The COURT FURTHER FINDS the Protected Person's desire is to continue to have Kimberly as the guardian of her person and estate and does not want Yeoman to serve as her guardian of her person or estate. The Court finds the representations of the Protected Person's attorney, Maria Parra-Sandoval, Esq. credible on this issue.
- 16. The COURT FURTHER FINDS that Yeoman's allegations of financial wrongdoing and isolation of the Protected Person by Kimberly as alleged within his April 2020 Petition are unsupported and Yeoman's remaining arguments in support of removal of Kimberly have already been considered and denied by this Court on November 25, 2019.
- 17. The COURT FURTHER FINDS that following a review of the Guardianship Compliance Office Forensic Specialist's Report filed with this Court, nothing indicates misappropriation of funds by Kimberly concerning the Protected Person's property, including the transfers raised by Yeoman within his April 2020 Petition.
- 18. The COURT FURTHER FINDS that Kimberly is the preferred guardian of the Protected Person and Yeoman has set forth no facts to suggest his appointment as guardian would be in the best interest of the Protected Person and that Yeoman is not an appropriate Guardian at this time, based on the Protected Person's pending adversarial civil lawsuit against him and the Protected Person's desire for Kimberly to serve as her Guardian.

ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Yeoman's April 2020 Petition is DENIED in its entirety.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Kimberly's Counter-Petition for Attorney Fees and Costs is DENIED in its entirety.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated this day of May, 2020.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

LINDA MARQUIS

MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING

Respectfully Submitted by: MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING

<u>By:</u>	/s/ James A. Beckstrom
	Geraldine Tomich, Esq.
	Nevada Bar No. 8369
	James A. Beckstrom, Esq.
	Nevada Bar No. 14032
	10001 Park Run Drive
	Las Vegas, Nevada 89145
	Attorneys for Kimberly Jones, as
	Guardian of the Person and
	Estate of Kathleen June Jones

Page 5 of 5

Exhibit 6

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1 **SUGG** GHANDI DEETER BLACKHAM 2 Laura A. Deeter, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10562 725 S. 8th Street, Suite 100 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 4 Telephone: (702) 878-1115 Facsimile: (702) 979-2485 5 laura@ghandilaw.com 6 **KEHOE & ASSOCIATES** TY E. KEHOE, ESQ. 7 Nevada Bar No. 006011 871 Coronado Center Drive, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89052 8 Telephone: (702) 837-1908 Facsimile: (702) 837-1932 9 TyKehoeLaw@gmail.com 10 Matthew C. Piccolo, Esq. 11 Nevada Bar No. 14331 PICCOLO LAW OFFICES 12 8565 S Eastern Ave Ste 150 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Tel: (702) 630-5030 13 Fax: (702) 944-6630 matt@piccololawoffices.com 14 Attorneys for Rodney Gerald Yeoman 15 16

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

FAMILY DIVISION

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

In the matter of the Guardianship of the Person and Estate of:

KATHLEEN JUNE JONES,

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Adult Protected Person.

Case No.: G-19-052263-A

Dept. No: B

SUGGESTION OF DEATH UPON THE RECORD UNDER NRCP 25 (a)(2)

Counsel for Petitioner suggest upon the record, pursuant to NRCP 25, the death of

Page 1 of 3

Case Number: G-19-052263-A

RODNEY GERALD YEOMAN on August 14, 2020, during the pendency of this action. 2 DATED this 6th day of October, 2020. 3 **GHANDI DEETER BLACKHAM** 4 Laura A. Deeter (Oct 6, 2020 14:56 PDT) 5 Laura A. Deeter, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10562 6 725 S. 8th Street, Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89101 7 Attorneys for Rodney Gerald Yeoman 8 **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING** 9 That on the 6th day of October, 2020, I deposited in the Post Office at Las Vegas, 10 Nevada, a copy of the within SUGGESTION OF DEATH UPON THE RECORD UNDER NRCP 11 25 (a)(2), enclosed in a sealed envelope, upon which postage was fully prepaid, and addressed as 12 follows, and pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f) and Rule 9 of N.E.F.C.R, caused an electronic 13 copy to be served via Odyssey to the email addresses noted below: 14 Via Electronic Service Via Electronic Service Ty E. Kehoe, Esq. Matthew C. Piccolo, Esq. 15 Piccolo Law Offices Kehoe & Associates 871 Coronado Center Drive, Suite 200 2450 St. Rose Pkwy, Suite 210 16 Henderson, NV 89052 Henderson, NV 89074 tykehoelaw@gmail.com matt@piccololawoffices.com 17 Co-Counsel for Rodney Gerald Co-Counsel for Rodney Gerald Yeoman Yeoman 18 Via Electronic Service Via Electronic Service 19 Maria L. Parra-Sandoval, Esq. Geraldine Tomich, Esq. Legal Aid Center of Marquis Aurbach Coffing 20 Southern Nevada, Inc. 10001 Park Run Drive 725 E. Charleston Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89145 21 Las Vegas, NV 89104 gtomich@maclaw.com Attorneys for Kimberly Jones mparra@lacsn.org 22 Attorney for Protected Person

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