1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF	THE STATE OF NEVADA
2	LYNITA SUE NELSON,	
3	INDIVIDUALLY, AND IN HER CAPACITY AS INVESTMENT) Supreme Court Case No.:
4	TRUSTEE OF THE LYNITA S. NELSON NEVADA TRUST DATED) Electronically Filed) District Ct. Que 3102(124) 01344 p.m.
5	MAY 30, 2001,	Elizabeth A. Brown
6	Petitioner,	
7	V.	
8	EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF	
9	NEVADA, FAMILY DIVISION, CLARK COUNTY; THE	
10	HONORABLE FRANK P. SULLIVAN,	
11	Respondents,	
12	ERIC L. NELSON, INDIVIDUALLY, AND IN HIS CAPACITY AS	{
13	INVESTMENT TRUSTEE OF THE	
14	ERIC L. NELSON NEVADA TRUST, DATED MAY 30, 2001, and MATT	
15	KLABACKA, DISTRIBUTION TRUSTEE OF THE ERIC L.	
16	NELSON NEVADA TRUST, DATED MAY 30, 2001.	
17	Real Parties in Interest.	
18)
19		
20	SUPPLEMENTAL APPENDIX TO MANDAMUS OD OTHED FY	
21	MANDAMUS OR OTHER EX VOLUM	
22		
23	THE DICKERSON KARACSONYI LAW (ROBERT P. DICKERSON, ESQ.	UKUUP
24	Nevada Bar No. 000945 JOSEF M. KARACSONYI, ESQ.	
25	Nevada Bar No. 010634 1745 Village Center Circle	
26	1745 Village Center Circle Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Telephone: (702)388-8600 Facsimile: (702)388-0210	
27	Facsimile: (702)388-0210 Email: <u>info@thedklawgroup.com</u> Attorneys for Petitioner, LYNITA SUE NEI	
28	Attorneys for Petitioner, LYNITA SUE NEI	LSON
		Docket 81564 Document 2020-28038

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(9) compel Lynita to return the \$324,000.00 that was previously paid by the ELN Trust;

(10) compel the LSN Trust to return the \$6,050.00 security deposit that the ELN Trust delivered to the LSN Trust on or around September 19, 2014;

(11) compel the LSN Trust to prepare quarterly accountings for the Lindell Property and Banone LLC properties from June 2013 through present pursuant; and

(12) compel the LSN Trust to return to the ELN Trust the \$75,000.00 paid by Banone-AZ, LLC to the LSN Trust.

В. THE **SUPREME** COURT FOUND THAT ERIC AND LYNITA'S COMMUNITY PROPERTY WAS TRANSMUTATED TO SEPARATE PROPERTY AND LYNITA FAILED TO INTRODUCE ANY EVIDENCE, ALONE CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE, THAT THE PARTIES SEPARATE PROPERTY WAS TRANSMUTATED BACK TO COMMUNITY PROPERTY.

As an initial argument, Lynita requests that this Court review the evidence presented at trial 13 (in lieu of conducting a tracing) and find that all assets owned by the SSSTs (with the exception of 14 the Palmyra residence) are the community property of Eric and Lynita because all property was 15 acquired during the marriage and her belief that the ELN Trust "conceded" at trial that it could not 16 trace its assets from the property identified in the Separate Property Agreement. Lynita's argument 17 is contrary to the Supreme Court's Opinion that specifically provides that the Separate Property 18 Agreement was a valid agreement and transmutated Eric and Lynita's community property to 19 separate property. See, e.g., Opinion at p. 12 ("We conclude that the SPA is a valid agreement and 20transmutated the Parties community property to separate property."). The fact that much of the 21 original assets identified in the Separate Property Agreement were ultimately sold and said proceeds 22 were utilized to purchase other property is inconsequential, because all acquisitions in Eric's 23 Separate Property Trust originated from his separate property. Moreover, as discussed below, the 24 Supreme Court also held that Eric's SSST was funded with his separate property in 2001. Because 25 of such transmutation, Nevada law is clear that it is Lynita/Lynita's SSST, as opposed to Eric/the 26 ELN Trust, that has the burden to show that Eric's separate property was transmutated back to 27 community property. 28

DECEMBENDARY CHEVENNE AVENUE DEVICEDNON LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89129 TELEPHONE (702) 853-5483 TELEPHONE (702) 853-5483 FACSIMILE (702) 853-5483 FACS 1

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"Once the separate character of property is established, a presumption arises that it remained 1 2 separate property in the absence of sufficient evidence to show an intent to transmute the property 3 from separate property to community property."³ Indeed, "the right of the spouses in their separate 4 property is as sacred as is the right in their community property, and when it is once made to appear 5 that property was once of a separate character, it will be presumed that it maintains that character 6 until some direct and positive evidence to the contrary is made to appear."⁴ This presumption shifts 7 the burden of proof to the party claiming the property was transmutated to community property.⁵ 8||The spouse claiming transmutation of separate property must produce objective evidence showing 9 that, during the marriage, the parties themselves regarded the property as common property of the 10 marriage; such evidence may include placing the property in joint names, transferring the property 11 to the other spouse as a gift, using the property exclusively for marital purposes, commingling the 12 property with marital property, using marital funds to build equity in the property, or exchanging 13 the property for marital property.⁶ With specific regard to real property, for it to be transmutated to 14 community property, there generally must be an acknowledged writing proving the intent of the 15 separate real property holder to transmutate it to community property (e.g. community property 16 agreement).⁷

In re Estate of Borghi, 219 P.3d 932 (Wash. 2009).

Id.

19 37 Am. Jur. Proof of Facts 2d 379 (Originally published in 1984)("Ordinarily, the burden of proof to show that separate property has been transmuted into community property rests on the 20 party alleging that such transmutation has taken place. This rule flows from the presumption that 21 property once fixed as the separate property of one spouse has not been converted by agreement into community property merely because the other spouse acquires possession, management, or 22 control of it. In such cases, the property is presumed to remain separate property, and the burden 23 rests on the other spouse, claiming a gift or change in status of the property, to show that it has in fact been transmuted."); Kenneth W. Weber, Washington Practice: Family and Community 24 Property Law § 10.1, at 133 (1997) ("Possibly more than in any other area of law, presumptions play an important role in determining ownership of assets and responsibility for debt in community 25 property law.").

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⁶ Crossland v. Crossland, 397 S.C. 406, 725 S.E.2d 509 (Ct. App. 2012).

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⁷ In re Estate of Borghi, 219 P.3d 932 (Wash. 2009); see also Volz v. Zang, 113 Wash. 378, 383, 194 P. 409 (1920).

1 Here, the Supreme Court confirmed that Lynita has the burden to show that the separate 2 property was transmutated back to community property after 2001, because the purpose of the 3 tracing is "to determine whether any community property exists within the trusts." See Supreme 4 Court Opinion at 17. In other words, if all property owned by the SSSTs is community property 5 because it was acquired during Eric and Lynita's marriage, the Supreme Court would have ruled in 6 Lynita's favor and there would be no reason to conduct a tracing to "determine whether any 7 community property exists."

8 In light of the foregoing, if this Court believes that it has sufficient information to conduct a 9 tracing "to determine whether any community property exists within the trusts" after 2001, without 10 retaining a forensic accountant, the ELN Trust requests that this Court grant the relief requested in 11 the Motion to Enforce the Supreme Court's Order because Lynita has failed to show by clear and 12 convincing evidence that the separate property contained within the ELN Trust was transmutated to 13 community property.

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С. LYNITA'S REQUESTED TRACING IS OVERBROAD AND RUNS CONTRARY TO THE NEVADA SUPREME COURT'S ORDER.

If this Court finds that a tracing is necessary to "determine whether any community 16 property exists within the trusts," it is not as broad as Lynita would have this Court believe for the 17 following reasons. First, the Supreme Court never ordered this Court to conduct a tracing from 1993 through the creation of the SSSTs in 2001 because it repeatedly held that the ELN Trust and Lynita's SSST were funded with their respective separate property:

Later, the parties converted those trusts into self-settled spendthrift trusts (SSSTs) and funded them with their respective separate property. P. 2.

In 2001, Eric and Lynita converted their separate property trusts into Eric's Trust and Lynita's Trust, respectively, and funded the SSSTs with the separate property contained within the separate property trusts. P. 4.

On June 3, 2013, the district court issued the decree. The district court found that the SPA was valid and the parties' SSSTs were validly established and funded with separate property. P. 6.

For the reasons set forth below, we hold the SSSTs are valid and the trusts were funded with separate property stemming from a valid separate property

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Oten A.
AL DISTRICT COURT UNTY, NEVADA
CASE NO: D-09-411537-D DEPT NO: O
DEPT NO. O
NOTICE OF JOINDED TO
NOTICE OF JOINDER TO OPPOSITION TO LYNITA
NELSON'S MOTION FOR
RECONSIDERATION AND
CLARIFICATION OF THE
COURT'S DECISION ENTERED
MAY 22, 2018; AND
COUNTERMOTION TO: (1)
TERMINATE THE JPI; (2)
IMPOSE A BOND ON ANY
PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE
JPI; (3) EXPUNGE THE
INAPPROPRIATELY
RECORDED LIS PENDENS; (4)
ALLOW THE ELN TRUST TO
MANAGE LINDELL; AND (5)
ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COST

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, Individually, by and through his Counsel of Record, Rhonda K. Forsberg, Esq., hereby join Defendant Eric L. Nelson,

Investment Trustee of the ERIC L. NELSON NEVADA TRUST dated May 30, 2001, by and through his Counsel of Record in the Eighth Judicial District Court Case No. D-09-411537-D, the law firm of SOLOMON DWIGGINS, & FREER, LTD, in their OPPOSITION TO LYNITA NELSON'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION AND CLARIFICATION OF THE COURT'S DECISION ENTERED MAY 22, 2018; AND COUNTERMOTION TO: (1) TERMINATE THE JPI; (2) IMPOSE A BOND ON ANY PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE JPI; (3) EXPUNGE THE INAPPROPRIATELY RECORDED LIS PENDENS; (4) ALLOW THE ELN TRUST TO MANAGE LINDELL; AND (5) ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COST, filed with this Court on or about June 22, 2018 to avoid duplicative pleadings in this matter.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 2018.

RHONDA K. FORSBERG, CHARTERED

RHONDA K. FORSBERG, ESO.

1070 W. Horizon Ridge Pkw k. #100

Attorneys for Eric Nelson, Individually

Nevada Bar No. 009557

Henderson, Nevada 89012

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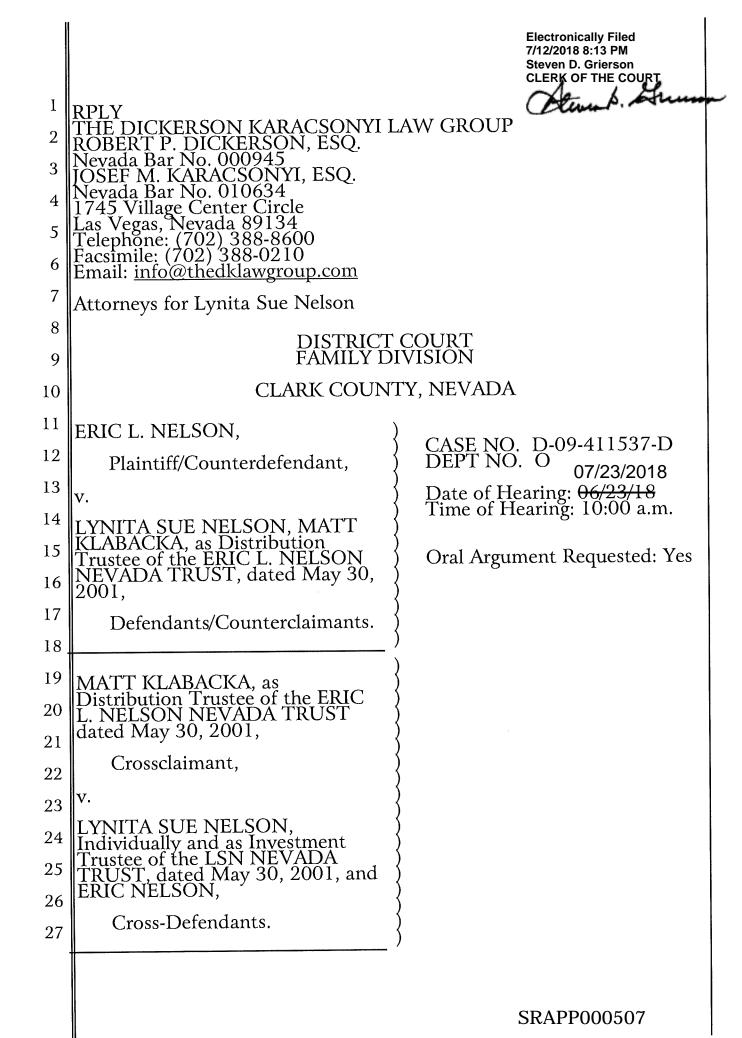
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE



DEFENDANT'S REPLY TO PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION AND CLARIFICATION OF THE COURT'S DECISION ENTERED MAY 22, 2018 AND OPPOSITION TO COUNTERMOTION TO: (1) TERMINATE THE JPI; (2) IMPOSE A BOND ON ANY PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE JPI; (3) EXPUNGE THE LIS PENDENS; (4) ALLOW THE ELN TRUST TO MANAGE LINDELL; AND (5) ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS

7 COMES NOW Defendant, LYNITA SUE NELSON ("Lynita"), by 8 and through her attorneys, ROBERT P. DICKERSON, ESQ., and JOSEF 9 M. KARACSONYI, ESQ., of THE DICKERSON KARACSONYI LAW 10 GROUP, and submits Defendant's Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration and Clarification of the Court's 11 12Decision Entered May 22, 2018, and Opposition to Countermotion To: 13 (1) Terminate the JPI; (2) Impose a Bond on Any Property Subject to the 14 JPI; (3) Expunge the Lis Pendens; (4) Allow the ELN Trust to Manage 15 Lindell; and (5) Attorneys' Fees and Costs ("Reply and Opposition").

This Reply and Opposition is made and based upon the following
 Memorandum of Points and Authorities, all papers and pleadings on file
 herein, all exhibits attached hereto, as well as oral argument of counsel as
 may be permitted at the hearing on this matter.

DATED this <u>\</u> day of July, 2018.

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THE DICKERSON KARACSONYI LAW GROUP

By _ BERT P. DICKERSON, ESQ. evada Bar No. 000945 DSEF M. KARACSONYI, ESQ. <u>evada Bar No. 010634</u> 1745 Village Center Circle Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Attorneys for Lynita Sue Nelson

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

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In Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration 3 and Clarification of the Court's Decision Entered May 22, 2018, and 4 Opposition to Countermotion To: (1) Terminate the JPI; (2) Impose a 5 Bond on Any Property Subject to the JPI; (3) Expunge the Lis Pendens; 6 (4) Allow the ELN Trust to Manage Lindell; and (5) Attorneys' Fees and 7 Costs ("Opposition and Countermotion"), Eric and ELN Trust 8 disingenuously seek to prevent the Court from granting Lynita's 9 reasonable and justified request for a reconsideration/clarification of its 10 Decision Affirming the Date of Tracing; Denying a Separate Blocked 11 Account for \$720,000; and Granting a Joint Preliminary Injunction for 12the Banone, LLC and Lindell Properties ("Decision"). In addition, Eric 13 and ELN Trust have included a Countermotion baselessly seeking a 14 variety of relief, ranging from a severely untimely request for 15 reconsideration, to a ludicrous request for an award of attorneys' fees and 16 costs. 17

- ¹⁸ II. <u>LEGAL ANALYSIS</u>
- A. <u>The Court Did Not Previously Address Let Alone Deny The Relief Lynita Has Requested, And Lynita's Motion For Reconsideration/Clarification Is Therefore Entirely Proper And Should Be Granted</u>

In a disingenuous attempt to oppose Lynita's reasonable and proper request that the Court reconsider/clarify its Decision, Eric and ELN Trust have intentionally chosen to misrepresent the Court's Decision. In an attempt to rewrite history, and to thereby support their position, Eric and ELN Trust claim over and over again that Lynita is asking the Court to "rethink" its position and to grant relief that it has purportedly already

rejected. Likewise, all of the case law cited by Eric and ELN Trust in 1 support of their argument relate specifically to situations in which $\mathbf{2}$ reconsideration was sought to obtain a new decision contrary to a 3 decision already made by the Court. In this case, however, Lynita's 4 request that a general Joint Preliminary Injunction ("JPI") be issued was 5 not denied by the Court in its Decision, but was entirely overlooked The 6 Court's Decision did not even address – let alone deny – Lynita's request 7 for relief. The Court issued a limited JPI as part of its Decision, but did 8 so based on its stated belief that Lynita had requested a JPI only with 9 regard to the Banone,LLC Properties and the Lindell Property that were 10 being transferred to Eric and ELN Trust. Specifically, the Court stated 11 in its Decision that "this Court did not [previously] address the request 12for a Joint Preliminary Injunction for the Banone, LLC. and Lindell 13 properties." In reality, however, Lynita's request that was before the 14 Court was for a general JPI to be issued, not one related only to the 15 Banone, LLC, and Lindell properties. A court's inadvertent failure to 16 address in its order a party's claim for relief does not constitute a denial, 17 but does constitute grounds for reconsideration/clarification of the order. 18

At this time, Lynita is simply asking the Court to make a decision 19 as to the remaining, unaddressed portion of her original request that a 20general JPI be put in place. As detailed in Lynita's underlying Motion, 21there are numerous properties subject to a claim of community interest 22other than the Banone and Lindell properties, and a JPI over just the 23Banone, LLC and Lindell Properties does not protect sufficient property 24to ensure the Court can accomplish an appropriate division of property 25 if it is determined that the properties held in the ELN Trust and LSN 26Trust are community property. In an attempt to counter this fact, Eric 27

and ELN Trust mischaracterize this Court's Decision entered on April 19, 1 2018, wherein the Court determined that there were "sufficient assets in 2 both trusts to offset any deficiency once a final balance and distribution 3 amount has been determined." Contrary to Eric and ELN Trust's attempt 4 to misinterpret this determination, the Court's comment did not stand for 5 the proposition that should Eric and ELN Trust improperly sell all of the 6 parties' real properties there would still be enough assets to properly 7 compensate Lynita and LSN Trust at the finalization of this matter. The 8 determination in question was made by the Court in the limited context 9 of its decision not to require the immediate transfer of certain funds 10 (totaling only a few hundred thousand dollars). 11

Eric and ELN Trust argue that the Russell Road property should somehow be excluded from a general JPI, because Lynita and LSN Trust purportedly do not have an interest in the property. First, the Court has not decided yet if Russell Road is community or separate property, and until such a decision is made, <u>all</u> property acquired during marriage is presumed to be community property. *Forrest v. Forrest*, 99 Nev. 602, 604-05, 668 P.2d 275, 277 (1983).

Even if there was no such presumption under Nevada law, Eric's
and ELN Trust's description of the acquisition of the Russell Road
property is predicably untrue. On November 23, 1999, Lynita's revocable
1993 trust acquired sole ownership of Russell Road.¹ As confirmed by
Larry Bertsch, Lynita's revocable 1993 trust paid \$855,945.00 to

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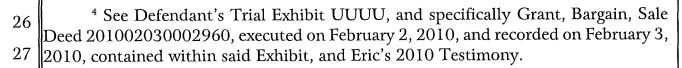
 ¹ See Defendant's trial Exhibit UUUU, and specifically Grant, Bargain, Sale
 Deed 1999112301029, executed on September 25, 1999, and recorded on November
 23, 1999, contained within said Exhibit.

purchase this property.² On June 14, 2001, without any financial 1 consideration being paid to the LSN Trust, Eric had Lynita transfer title $\mathbf{2}$ to Russell Road to CJE&L, LLC,³ a newly formed entity whose 3 membership consisted of the LSN Trust, and the Nelson Nevada Trust 4 (Cal and Jeanette Nelson, Eric's brother and sister-in-law, as Trustees). 5 On January 1, 2005, Eric had the LSN Trust assign its 50% membership 6 interest in CJE&L, LLC to the Nelson Nevada Trust (Cal and Jeanette 7 Nelson, Trustees), thus forfeiting all interest in the Russell Road property 8 for which Eric had Lynita's 1993 trust pay the \$855,945.00 in 1999. Mr. 9 Bertsch confirmed that the forfeiture of the LSN Trust's interest in the 10 Russell Road property was transferred to the capital account of Cal 11 Nelson, there being no cash attached to this transaction. On February 3, 12 2010, CJE&L, LLC sold its 50% interest in Russell Road to Eric Nelson 13 Auctioneering for \$4,000,000.00.⁴ The LSN Trust has never received 14 compensation for its interest in Russell Road. 15

With regard to Eric's and ELN Trust's claim that Wyoming Downs
should be excluded from any JPI that is issued by the Court – and from
any tracing – this property is also presumed to be community property as
it was acquired during marriage. The Nevada Supreme Court did not

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³ See Defendant's Trial Exhibit UUUU, and specifically Grant, Bargain, Sale
Deed 2001061400850, executed on June 7, 2001, and recorded on June 14, 2001,
contained within said Exhibit.



 ² The total purchase price was \$875,000.00 as reflected in Defendant's trial
 Exhibit UUUU (see Declaration of Value form immediately following Grant, Bargain, Sale Deed).

exclude Wyoming Downs from a tracing when it indicated that the properties in trust needed to be traced.

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Eric's And ELN Trust's Request For Reconsideration Is Untimely

After frivolously attacking Lynita's entirely proper request for 4 reconsideration of the Court's Decision, Eric and ELN Trust have found 5 it appropriate to include in their own Countermotion a request for 6 reconsideration. Eric and ELN Trust have requested that the Court 7 "reconsider the imposition of its JPI against Banone, LLC and Lindell 8 without the imposition of a bond." Aside from the fact that such a request 9 has no merit, it is fatally defective in that it was filed more than two (2)10 weeks after the deadline for such a request. 11

Eighth Judicial District Court Rules, Rule 5.512 (2018), provides as follows:

(a) A party seeking reconsideration and/or rehearing of a ruling (other than any order that may be addressed by motion pursuant to NRCP 50(b), 52(b), 59 or 60), **must file a motion for such relief within 14 calendar days after service of notice of entry of the order unless the time is shortened or enlarged by order**. A motion for reconsideration does not toll the period for filing a notice of appeal.

19 (Emphasis added).

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Had Eric and ELN Trust wanted the Court to reconsider its 20Decision of May 22, 2018, they could have done so at any time within 21 fourteen (14) calendar days after service of notice of entry of the Decision 22- i.e., by no later than June 5, 2018. Instead, Eric and ELN Trust chose 23not to file their request until June 22, 2018 – a date seventeen (17) days 24<u>after</u> the deadline for same. As a result of the untimely nature of Eric's 25 and ELN Trust's request for reconsideration, this Court does not have 26jurisdiction to entertain same, and the request should be denied. 27

C. <u>Eric's And ELN Trust's Request For The Posting Of A Bond Should</u> <u>Be Denied</u>

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Eric and ELN Trust have provided no justification - legal or 3 otherwise – for their request that Lynita be required to post a bond as a 4 result of the Joint Preliminary Injunction that was put in place by the 5 Court in its Decision. In "support" of such a request, Eric and ELN Trust 6 first cite to NRCP 65, which is entirely inapplicable to the Joint 7 Preliminary Injunction issued in this matter. Thereafter, Eric and ELN 8 Trust state that Lynita should be required to post a bond because "the 9 ELN Trust has previously been required to post bond." Such an 10 argument is characteristically disingenuous. Eric and ELN Trust know 11 full-well that the only time they were required to post a bond in this 12matter was during the appeal to the Nevada Supreme Court, and only in 13 relation to the approximately \$400,000 in back rents that had been 14 ordered to be paid to Lynita and LSN Trust. A bond on appeal is 15 required of a party who wishes to stay enforcement of the judgment being 16 appealed. See NRCP 62. No such requirement attaches to the Joint 17 Preliminary Injunction. Furthermore, and as the Court is aware, Eric and 18 ELN Trust were not required to post a bond, even on appeal, for the 19 Russell Road property (instead they were simply ordered not to transfer 20the property pending appeal), nor for any of the properties awarded to 21Lynita in the Decree of Divorce and transferred to her post-Decree (i.e., 22Banone and Lindell Properties), even though the Court enjoined Lynita 23from transferring such properties pending appeal. Simply put, Eric and 24ELN Trust were never required to post bond during the pre-divorce 25litigation of this matter, and were never at any time required to post a 26 27. . .

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1 bond with regard to any of the parties' real properties even when they
 2 were granted injunctive relief by the Court.

3

D. The Lis Pendens Recorded By Lynita Should Remain In Place

On May 11, 2018, Lynita recorded certain Notices of Lis Pendens
on the Banone Properties, the Lindell property, the Bella Kathryn
property, and the Russell Road property ("Lis Pendens"), in order to
protect same. On May 14, 2018, the Lis Pendens were recorded with the
Clark County Recorder's Office.

In their Countermotion, Eric and ELN Trust now seek to have the 9 Lis Pendens expunged. In order to "support" such a request, Eric and 10 ELN Trust have blatantly mischaracterized the Nevada Supreme Court's 11 holdings in this matter by stating that "Eric and Lynita's community 12 property was transmutated to separate property and Lynita failed to 13 introduce any evidence . . . that the Parties separate property was 14 transmutated back to community property." As the Court knows, Lynita 15 and Eric presented an overwhelming amount of evidence that the 16 property held by the parties in trust was transmuted to community 17 property. This Court is actively engaged in conducting a tracing of the 18 parties' properties, as directed by the Nevada Supreme Court, and will 19 have to review/hear the evidence again and determine the character of 20property once the tracing is completed. 21

22

1. The Lis Pendens Meet All Requirements Of NRS 14.015

Pursuant to NRS 14.015(2) and (3), there are several factors that must be analyzed and established by Lynita in support of her Lis Pendens. Lynita bears the burden of establishing same to <u>the satisfaction</u> of the Court, which is an extremely low burden of proof that is less than . . .

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even a preponderance of the evidence. Accordingly, and in compliance with NRS 14.015, Lynita now addresses each factor, in turn, below:⁵

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a. <u>The instant action affects the title or possession of the</u> real property described in the Lis Pendens

As conceded by Eric and ELN Trust in their Countermotion, lis 5 pendens are permissible in "an action for the foreclosure of a mortgage 6 upon real property, or affecting title or possession of real property." NRS 7 14.010(1); NRS 14.015(2)(a). Further, Eric and ELN Trust acknowledge 8 that Nevada law provides that "lis pendens are not appropriate 9 instruments for use in promoting recoveries in actions for personal or 10 money judgments, rather, their office is to prevent the transfer or loss of 11 real property which is the subject of dispute in the action that provides 12the basis for the lis pendens." Levinson v. District Court, 109 Nev. 747, 13 750, 857 P.2d 18, 20 (1993). Eric and ELN Trust do not even argue that 14 the action does not affect the title to the real property in question. 15

As this Court is aware, the instant action unquestionably and 16 undisputedly affects the title to countless parcels of real property, all of 17 which are deserving of the protection offered by imposition of the Lis 18 Pendens. The Lis Pendens were not recorded to promote the recovery of 19 any personal or money judgment, but rather to protect Lynita's potential 20community property interest in same. The Nevada Supreme Court 21remanded this matter in order for the Court to perform a tracing and to 22determine the extent of the parties' community property interests in the 23 properties held in the ELN Trust and LSN Trust. In the event the Court 24

 ⁵ Eric and ELN Trust have cited the relevant factors in their Countermotion, but have conveniently chosen to omit any analysis of same, knowing full-well that such an analysis would only support Lynita's actions.

determines that any or all of the property held in the ELN Trust and LSN
Trust is community property, then the title to such real property subject
to Lynita's Lis Pendens will be affected.

b. <u>The action was not brought in bad faith or for an</u> <u>improper motive</u>

Lynita's First Amended Answer to Claims of the Eric L. Nelson 6 Nevada Trust; and First Amended Claims for Relief Against Eric L. 7 Nelson, Eric L. Nelson Nevada Trust dated May 30, 2001, Lana Martin, 8 Nola Harber, Rochelle McGowan, Joan B. Ramos, and DOES I through 9 X ("Amended Answer"), was not brought in bad faith or for an improper 10 motive. Lynita sought by that pleading only to protect her community 11 property interests in the parties' assets, and to otherwise protect her rights 12 resulting from the parties' marriage. Lynita did not act in bad faith or for 13 an improper motive at that time, or at any time throughout the litigation 14 of this matter, including, but not limited to, at the time that she recorded 15 her Lis Pendens against a number of the real properties at issue in this 16 matter. 17

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Lynita would be able to perform any conditions precedent to the relief sought in this action insofar as it affects the title or possession of the real property

Should Lynita ultimately be awarded any of the real properties at
issue in this matter, she would be perfectly able to assume title thereof,
and there are no conditions precedent that she would not be able to
perform.

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- d. <u>Lynita would be irreparably injured by any transfer of</u> the real properties prior to the conclusion of this action If Lynita's Lis Pendens were expunged – thereby permitting Eric and
- 27 ELN Trust to sell the real properties in question and this Court's tracing

and final adjudication ultimately determines that Lynita has a community 1 property interest in some or all of the real properties in question, Lynita $\mathbf{2}$ would be irreparably injured. The Nevada Supreme Court has long held 3 that the loss of real property constitutes irreparable harm. See Thatcher v. 4 Dixon, 103 Nev. 414, 742 P.2d 1029 (1987)("Because real property and 5 its attributes are considered unique and loss of real property rights 6 generally results in irreparable harm). As the Court will recall, Eric and 7 ELN Trust relied on this same argument (the uniqueness of property) to 8 enjoin the sale or transfer of the Banone, LLC and Lindell Properties 9 pending appeal, even though no bond was posted by Eric and ELN Trust 10 to obtain a stay of enforcement of the judgment. 11

There is no doubt that if the Lis Pendens were expunged, Eric and 12 ELN Trust would not hesitate to liquidate the properties as soon as 13 possible, and prior to the completion of the Court's tracing. First, Eric's 14 and ELN Trust's desire to immediately liquidate the properties in their 15 grasp is the only reason that Eric and ELN Trust are so desperately 16 seeking the expungement of the Lis Pendens and the 17 cancellation/limitation of a JPI. Second, Eric had begun to make 18 arrangements for the improper sale of a number of the real properties in 19 question prior to the issuance of the limited JPI. In his haste, Eric made 20a mistake and did so even before Lynita had executed the Quitclaim 21 Deeds necessary to title the properties in the name of the ELN Trust, 22thereby allowing Lynita to receive notification of some of the attempted 23sales. Exhibit A. 24

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Lynita is likely to prevail in this action or has a fair e. ance of success on the merits in the action juries described above would be sufficient hat the hardship on Lynita would be greater than the pardship on Eric and ELN Trust resulting from the Lis

It is likely, and, in the alternative, there is at least a fair chance, that 5 Lynita will prevail in this action and that this Court's decision of remand 6 will result in a determination that Lynita has a community property 7 interest in some or all of the real properties in question. The irreparable 8 harm that would be suffered by Lynita in the event the Lis Pendens are 9 expunged, as described above, is extremely serious, and makes clear that 10 the hardship on Lynita would be far greater than the hardship to Eric and 11 ELN Trust, which consists solely of an inability to sell the real properties 12 in question prior to the finalization of this action. It must be pointed out 13 that the real properties in question have been owned during the entire 14 nine (9) year litigation of this action, and ELN Trust and Eric will not 15 suffer any hardship by continuing to hold the properties until this matter 16 is finalized. 17

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f.

If Lynita prevails in this action, she will be entitled to reliéf affecting the title or possession of the real properties at issue

As mentioned above, in the event the Court's tracing confirms 20Lynita's position that she has a community property in all of the parties' real properties, she will be entitled to relief affecting the title of same. 22

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The Lis Pendens Are Also Specifically Permitted By NRS 2.

In addition to the above analysis of the factors set forth in NRS 25 14.015, it is important for the Court to take into consideration that 26Nevada law specifically permits parties in divorce actions to record a 27

1	notice of pendency of the action in any county in which the other party
2	has real property. NRS 125.220 provides as follows:
3	1. At any time after the filing of the complaint, the complaining
4	1. At any time after the filing of the complaint, the complaining spouse may record a notice of pendency of the action in the office of the county recorder of any county in which the other spouse may have real property. The notice has the same effect as notice in actions directly affecting real property.
5	
6 7	2. The court may enjoin either spouse from disposing of any property during the pendency of the action.
8	By recording her Lis Pendens, Lynita has done nothing more than
9	that she was entitled to do by NRS 125.220(1). Pursuant to NRS
10	125.220(2), this Court may enjoin Eric and ELN Trust from disposing of
11	any property until a final determination is made.
12	E. <u>Eric's And ELN Trust's Request To Manage The Lindell Property</u>
13	Should Be Denied
14	Given that the hearing on Lynita's instant Motion is being held
15	simultaneously with that on Lynita's Motion for an Order to Allow Her
16	to Continue to Manage the Lindell Property, and Requiring Eric Nelson
17	and ELN Trust to Pay Rent for Their Tenancy at the Lindell Property
18	("Motion to Manage"), and in order to save judicial resources in
19	reviewing the associated documents, Lynita will address Eric's and ELN
20	Trust's request to manage the Lindell Property in her Reply to their
21	Opposition to the Motion to Manage, which will be filed in the coming
22	days. Suffice it to say, however, Eric's and ELN Trust's request should
23	be denied, as Eric has proven that he cannot be trusted, and the granting
24	of his request would certainly cause financial harm to Lynita and the LSN
25	Trust.
26	•••
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	12

1	F. <u>Eric's And ELN Trust's Request For Attorneys' Fees and Costs</u> Should Be Denied
2	
3	Eric's and ELN Trust's request for an award of attorney's fees
4	should be denied. Lynita's instant Motion is not frivolous in the least,
5	and Lynita's Lis Pendens were appropriately recorded.
6	III. <u>CONCLUSION</u>
7	For the reasons set forth above, Lynita respectfully requests that the
8	Court grant the relief requested in her instant Motion, and deny Eric's and ELN Trust's request for attorneys' fees and costs.
9	DATED this 12° day of July, 2018.
10	
11	THE DICKERSON KARACSONYI LAW GROUP
12	POIK.
13	By bacomyi ROBERT P. DICKERSON, ESQ.
14	Nevada Bar No. 000945 JOSEF M. KARACSONYI, ESQ.
15	Nevada Bar No. 010634 1745 Village Center Circle
16	Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Attorneys for Defendant
17	
18	
19 20	
20 21	
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	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
1	
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of THE
3	DICKERSON KARACSONYI LAW GROUP, and that on this 13^{+-} day
4	of July, 2018, I caused the document entitled DEFENDANT'S REPLY
5	TO PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR
6	RECONSIDERATION AND CLARIFICATION OF THE COURT'S
7	DECISION ENTERED MAY 22, 2018, AND OPPOSITION TO
8	COUNTERMOTION TO: (1) TERMINATE THE JPI; (2) IMPOSE A
9	BOND ON ANY PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE JPI; (3) EXPUNGE
10	THE LIS PENDENS; (4) ALLOW THE ELN TRUST TO MANAGE
11	LINDELL; AND (5) ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS, to be served as
12	follows:
13	[X] pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a), EDCR 8.05(f), NRCP 5(b)(2)(D) and Administrative Order 14-2 captioned "In the
14	Administrative Matter of Mandatory Electronic Service in the
15	Eighth Judicial District Court," by mandatory electronic service through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system;
16 17	[] by placing same to be deposited for mailing in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was prepaid in Las Vegas, Nevada;
18 19	[] pursuant to EDCR 7.26, to be sent via facsimile , by duly executed consent for service by electronic means;
20 21	[] sent a courtesy copy via e-mail on Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system;
21 22	[] by hand-delivery with signed Receipt of Copy.
23	To the attorney(s) and/or person(s) listed below at the address, email
24	address, and/or facsimile number indicated below:
25	
26	
27	
	1 4
	14
	SRAPP000522

Mark A. Solomon, Esq. Jeffrey P. Luszeck, Esq. SOLOMON DWIGGINS & FREER, LTD. 9060 West Cheyenne Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 <u>msolomon@sdfnvlaw.com</u> Juszock@sdfnvlaw.com jluszeck@sdfnylaw.com Attorneys for Eric L. Nelson, Investment Trustee of the ELN Trust Rhonda S. Forsberg, Esq. RHONDA S. FORSBERG, ESQ., CHARTERED 64 North Pecos Road, Suite 800 Henderson, Nevada 89074 <u>rforsberg@forsberg-law.com</u> Attorney for Eric L. Nelson, Individually An employee of The Dickerson Karacsonyi Law Group

Exhibit "A"

Exhibit "A"

Exhibit "A"



First American Title

L S N Nevada Trust 10170 W TROPICANA AVE #156-16 LAS VEGAS NV 89147

May 01, 2018

Subject Property: 1301 Heather Ridge Road, North Las Vegas, NV 89031 Assessor's Parcel No. 124-28-814-010

Order No.: 119-2542960

Dear L S N Nevada Trust:

First American Title Insurance Company was selected to provide title insurance involving a transaction on the above listed subject property.

We are writing to you today as part of First American's fraud prevention efforts. We want to alert you that a transaction may be pending. **If you are not in the process of selling or refinancing this property, please contact us immediately at (866) 263-4563.**

However, if you are in the process of selling or refinancing this property, there is no need to contact us. The purpose of this letter is simply to alert you as the property owner, in the event that somebody is trying to convey or encumber your property without your knowledge or permission.

If you are selling or refinancing this property, we thank you very much for allowing First American to handle this transaction. We appreciate your business.

First American Title Insurance Company is the largest subsidiary of First American Financial Corporation (NYSE:FAF). First American Financial Corporation traces its heritage to 1889 and was recognized as a Fortune \$\overline{1}\$ 500 Company in 2016.

Sincerely,

First American's Property Notification Group Fraud Protection Specialist 5 First American Way Santa Ana, CA 92707 Phone: 866-263-4563

21148751



First American Title

L N S Nevada Trust 10170 W TROPICANA AVE #156-16 LAS VEGAS NV 89147

May 01, 2018

Subject Property: 4133 Compass Rose Way, Las Vegas, NV 89108 Assessor's Parcel No. 138-03-815-002

Order No.: 119-2542962

Dear L N S Nevada Trust:

First American Title Insurance Company was selected to provide title insurance involving a transaction on the above listed subject property.

We are writing to you today as part of First American's fraud prevention efforts. We want to alert you that a transaction may be pending. **If you are not in the process of selling or refinancing this property, please contact us immediately at (866) 263-4563.**

However, if you are in the process of selling or refinancing this property, there is no need to contact us. The purpose of this letter is simply to alert you as the property owner, in the event that somebody is trying to convey or encumber your property without your knowledge or permission.

If you are selling or refinancing this property, we thank you very much for allowing First American to handle this transaction. We appreciate your business.

First American Title Insurance Company is the largest subsidiary of First American Financial Corporation (NYSE:FAF). First American Financial Corporation traces its heritage to 1889 and was recognized as a Fortune \$500 Company in 2016.

Sincerely,

First American's Property Notification Group Fraud Protection Specialist 5 First American Way Santa Ana, CA 92707 Phone: 866-263-4563

21148754



First American Title

L S N Nevada Trust 10170 W TROPICANA AVE #156-16 LAS VEGAS NV 89147

May 03, 2018

Subject Property: 4820 Marnell Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89121 Assessor's Parcel No. 161-20-712-026

Order No.: 119-2542955

Dear L S N Nevada Trust:

First American Title Insurance Company was selected to provide title insurance involving a transaction on the above listed subject property.

We are writing to you today as part of First American's fraud prevention efforts. We want to alert you that a transaction may be pending. If you are not in the process of selling or refinancing this property, please contact us immediately at (866) 263-4563.

However, if you are in the process of selling or refinancing this property, there is no need to contact us. The purpose of this letter is simply to alert you as the property owner, in the event that somebody is trying to convey or encumber your property without your knowledge or permission.

If you are selling or refinancing this property, we thank you very much for allowing First American to handle this transaction. We appreciate your business.

First American Title Insurance Company is the largest subsidiary of First American Financial Corporation (NYSE:FAF). First American Financial Corporation traces its heritage to 1889 and was recognized as a Fortune® 500 Company in 2016.

Sincerely,

First American's Property Notification Group Fraud Protection Specialist 5 First American Way Santa Ana, CA 92707 Phone: 866-263-4563

	FILED
	AUG 1 4 2018
1	TRANS
2	GRIGINAL
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5	EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
6	FAMILY DIVISION
7	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
8	
9	ERIC L. NELSON,)
10	Plaintiff,) CASE NO. D-09-411537-D
11	vs.) DEPT. O
12	LYNITA NELSON,) (SEALED)) (ERRATA)
13	Defendant.
14	BEFORE THE HONORABLE FRANK SULLIVAN
15 16	DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
17	TRANSCRIPT RE: ALL PENDING MOTIONS
18	MONDAY, JULY 23, 2018
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2 1	
	D-09-411537-D NELSON 07/23/2018 TRANSCRIPT (SEALED) VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356
	VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, EEC (320) 30397330
	-

1	APPEARANCES:	
2 3 4	For the Plaintiff:	ERIC L. NELSON RHONDA FORSBERG, ESQ. 64 N. Pecos Rd., Suite #800 Henderson, Nevada 89074 (702) 990-6468
5 6 7	For the Trustee:	NOT PRESENT JEFFREY LUSZECK, ESQ. 9060 W. Cheyenne Ave. Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 (702) 853-5483
8 9 10	For the Defendant: J 1 I	LYNITA NELSON JOSEF KARACSONYI, ESQ. 1745 Village Center Cir. Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 (702) 388-8600
11		ARRY BERTSCH
12		Larry L. Bertsch, CPA Associates
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	D-09-411537-D NELSON 07/23 VERBATIM REPORTING & TRAN	3/2018 TRANSCRIPT (SEALED) SCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

1	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA MONDAY, JULY 23, 2018
2	PROCEEDINGS
3	(THE PROCEEDINGS BEGAN AT 09:05:33)
4	
5	THE COURT: computer up so I can pull up any
6	documents I need. This is the time set in the whoops in
7	the matter in the Nelson matter, case number D-09-411537.
8	We'll get everyone's appearance for the record. We'll
9	we'll start with
10	MR. KARACSONYI: Josef Karacsonyi on behalf of
11	Lynita Nelson who is present. 10634 is my bar number.
12	THE COURT: Mr. Bertsch?
13	MR. BERTSCH: Larry Bertsch. I've been appointed to
14	do some extra research working on the project.
15	THE COURT: Thank you.
16	MR. LUSZECK: Jeff Luszeck, bar number 9619, on
17	behalf of Matt Klabacka, distribution Trustee of the trust.
18	THE COURT: Thank you.
19	MS. FORSBERG: Good morning, Your Honor. Rhonda
20	Forsberg, 9557, on behalf of Eric Nelson who is present to my
21	right.
22	THE COURT: Thank you. Sit down. Good morning.
23	Good morning Ms. Lynita and Mr. Eric. Good to see both of you
24	again. I have let me make sure I got everything pending

3

before me, so before -- and this is on Ms. Nelson's motion to 1 consolidate and also her motion for reconsideration. I have 2 read the Trustee's opposition to the consolidation and their 3 4 countermotion for attorney's fees. I also have it on for Ms. 5 Nelson's motion to run the Lindell property and for Mr. Nelson to pay rent. I've read that along with the Trustee's 6 7 opposition to the motions and to terminate the JPI and post a bond on the property, expunge the lis pendens, and allow ENL 8 Trust (sic) to run the Lindell property and for attorney's 9 10 fees and Ms. Nelson's reply to opposition to the motion to consolidate and the Trustee's opposition to Lynita running the 11 property and Eric paying rent and all the other replies on 12 13 that. 14 Is -- is there anything that I missed that we have 15 on calendar for? 16 MR. KARACSONYI: I didn't -- you said the JPI, 17 the --THE COURT: Yeah. 18 19 MR. KARACSONYI: -- reconsideration? 20 THE COURT: JPI, I said. 21 MR. KARACSONYI: Okay. 22 MR. LUSZECK: I wasn't aware of the motion to 23 consolidate --24 MR. KARACSONYI: I wasn't --D-09-411537-D NELSON 07/23/2018 TRANSCRIPT (SEALED) VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

SRAPP000531

4

MR. LUSZECK: -- was on. 1 2 MR. KARACSONYI: -- either. MR. LUSZECK: I --3 4 THE COURT: Was it? 5 MS. FORSBERG: Yeah. MR. LUSZECK: I --6 7 MS. FORSBERG: I don't think --MR. LUSZECK: I thought based on prior 8 9 correspondence with your office you were just going to be 10 making a ruling --THE COURT: Yeah. 11 12 MR. LUSZECK: -- put that on the bench. 13 THE COURT: That was my thing on that as well, but that I dig through it just since people were going to be here 14 if they wanted --15 16 MR. LUSZECK: Okay. 17 THE COURT: -- anything on that, but I don't really indicate we do a separate order on that motion. 18 19 MR. LUSZECK: Okay. 20 MR. KARACSONYI: Okay. Yeah, that was my understanding as well. 21 22 MR. LUSZECK: Yeah. 23 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Let me get logged in 24 there so I can pull up any documents and get this on a roll D-09-411537-D NELSON 07/23/2018 TRANSCRIPT (SEALED) VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

5

1 for me. 2 (COUNSEL CONFER BRIEFLY) 3 THE COURT: I believe Mr. Bertsch you were here to try to get a date for your tracing? Is that kind of --4 5 MR. BERTSCH: I need --THE COURT: I know you want to trace --6 7 MR. BERTSCH: -- further instructions from the Court --8 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 MR. BERTSCH: -- as well. THE COURT: Okay. Okay. Because some of this is 11 kind of a motion for reconsideration specifically. 12 MR. KARACSONYI: Do you want me to start there? 13 14 THE COURT: Yeah, why don't we start there on that, 15 because as I said, I've already started writing a motion to consolidate. I may include that in all these orders, all 16 17 these orders, so that I have one comprehensive order, but ---18 MR. KARACSONYI: Okay. All right. On May 22nd, your decision basically set the groundwork for -- for what our 19 20 request. And that is you said both the BanOne LLC and Lindell 21 properties are subject to a claim of community interests, and I'm quoting you, as such, both properties are entitled to a 22 23 joint preliminary injunction to ensure that the properties remain intact prior to the completion of tracing and the final 24

judgment of this Court. 1

2	Eventually, the argument we're making here is you
3	did include the BanOne and the Lindell properties to protect
4	those, but there are other properties that are subject to a
5	claim of community interest that we believe were just simply
6	overlooked. And and the reason is clear. You were at that
7	time transferring the BanOne and Lindell properties from
8	from Lynita and LSN Trust back to Eric and the ELN Trust. And
9	so that point in time, those were the two properties that were
10	really at the forefront of everyone's mind.
11	And as a result, we really didn't consider the other
12	properties which are subject to a claim of community interest.
13	Some of those properties that you divided even in the decree
14	making an equal division were never transferred to her such as
15	Russell Road, 2 2.265 million worth of property. Bella
16	Kathryn. All these properties that are in the ELN Trust and
17	the LSN Trust are subject to a claim of community interest at
18	this point in time. And until the tracing determines
19	otherwise, I think we need to protect all those properties to
20	ensure that she's protected.
21	EDCR 5.517 states that any property that's subject
22	to a claim of community interest needs to be protected. And
23	so we're not so much seeking reconsideration. They they

24 make a big issue of well, you're seeking reconsideration of

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1 this order and the Court's already considered it. We're 2 actually just seeking a decision as to the scope of the JPI as 3 it concerns those other properties. We're not asking you to 4 change your prior order. We're just asking you to expand it 5 and consider all those things.

6 They make some arguments about the -- the ELN Trust, 7 that we don't have any interest in Russell Road, and the 8 Wyoming Downs property. I've already -- we've already set 9 forth the facts. You've heard about those properties and the 10 transfers a hundred times before. I won't go back into the 11 specifics of those.

But the bottom line is on those that you haven't made that decision yet as to what the interests are. That's still open for a tracing and debate. And so until that decision is made, the -- we need to keep -- make sure that those properties are protected.

17 So what we've asked for is that the Court enter a joint preliminary injunction and we set forth the specific 18 language that -- that we propose that is hereby ordered that 19 20 no property list in the decree of divorce entered June 3rd, 2013 is to be transferred, encumbered, concealed, sold, or 21 22 otherwise disposed of without a written agreement between the 23 parties or further order of the Court to ensure the properties 24 remain intact prior to the completion of the tracing.

1	And then in the alternative and I I don't
2	think this is appropriate. I I but if you weren't
3	inclined to enjoin all the property, which is subject to a
4	claim of community interest, then we would ask at the very
5	least that you ensure that there is at least half the property
6	enjoined and that would mean enjoining everything that was
7	awarded to Lyn Lynita as part of a a half a half
8	property division in the decree of divorce.
9	But again, with changing values and changing facts
10	and circumstances, I don't know if that's going to be
11	sufficient. We don't know what the tracing's going to
12	provide. And property is unique. So we would ask that you
13	enjoin all that.
14	Did you want me to respond to their counter or or
15	wait for them and
16	THE COURT: Why don't we give them a chance
17	MR. KARACSONYI: Yeah.
18	THE COURT: and then we'll do that. So
19	MR. KARACSONYI: Go piece-by-piece?
20	THE COURT: Because yeah, because we got so many
21	issues on that. We can
22	MR. KARACSONYI: Thanks.
23	MR. LUSZECK: Your Honor, this is the third time
24	that they have been asking for the exact same relief which is
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1 for JPI over the -- all over the property that's owned by the 2 ELN Trust and it's inappropriate.

You know, even in the last order this Court said okay, I'm going to impose a JPI, but just over BanOne and Lindell. But apparently that's not enough and they want a JPI over all of the property, even property that's -- can't be subject to a community property interest which includes Wyoming Downs.

9 I mean, we've -- I don't know how many times we've 10 argued these facts before Your Honor, but the Wyoming Downs property was subject to a separate order. This Court found 11 that it was the ELN Trust -- well, it -- it found that it was 12 13 property of the ELN Trust, there was no community property 14 interest, and that even if it was to be considered separate 15 property, it was Eric's separate property. It was not remanded by the Nevada Supreme Court. She has absolutely no 16 entitlement to a community property interest to it, but if 17 18 this Court grants the requested relief today, they would even get a JPI over that property, Wyoming Downs, which is 19 completely inappropriate. 20

Your Honor, the Nevada Supreme Court made it clear.
The self-settled spendthrift trust were funded with each
property separate which -- with each -- with Eric's separate
property created the ELN self-settled spendthrift trust,

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Lynita's separate property, funded Lynita's self-settled
 spendthrift trust.

Because of that, we're starting off with the 3 proposition that it's separate property. I concede that in a 4 regular divorce case you can impose a JPI over property that's 5 titled in the name of the husband or in the name of the wife. 6 That's not the circumstance here. The property that's owned 7 isn't owned by them individually. It's owned by trusts, 8 separate and distinct legal entities that the Court has -- the 9 Nevada Supreme Court has already found what's funded with --10 with each of their separate property. 11

So because of that, I think it's inappropriate to 12 treat this like any other divorce case by finding -- by making 13 some type of finding that it's community property, especially 14 after the Nevada Supreme Court said that wasn't the case. I 15 concede that a tracing needs to be done, but the tracing is 16 going to be limited to whether or not Eric had any assets in 17 his name individually that were transferred into this trust in 18 conversely with Lynita. Other than that, the assets owned in 19 the trust maintain their separate property nature unless it's 20 proven by clear and convincing evidence that that's not the 21 case. And that hasn't happened throughout this litigation. 22 So for that reason, it's inappropriate to enter a JPI over 23 24 each and every piece of property that's owned by the ELN

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1 Trust.

2	Ironically, Counsel mentioned the fact that there
3	should be a JPI over the LSN Trust now. Well, the fact of the
4	matter is that she sold a lot of her assets, so it's gone.
5	The Palmyra house, gone. It was sold. So it's you know,
6	this Court there's really nothing for this Court to impose
7	a JPI on from her side, because it's all gone.
8	The the 720,000 I I assume that he's
9	requesting a JPI over that as well. Your Honor, this Court
10	has specifically addressed that in the April or sorry, the
11	May 22nd order had a whole section on it and it said it wasn't
12	going to impose a JPI, yet here we are once again and they're
13	asking for the exact same relief. If this Court is inclined
14	to impose any type of JPI on it, I think it has to impose some
15	type of bond that needs to be paid by by Lynita Nelson or
16	the LSN Trust.
17	The fact of the matter is because this property is

The fact of the matter is because this property is 17 being held up in this litigation, the ELN Trust is losing 18 millions of dollars, Your Honor. It is suffering irreparable 19 damage because it's just being held in abeyance because of all 20 21 the claims that are being brought. If she wants a JPI, fine, 22 but this Court can impose a JPI -- or sorry, pose a bond and 23 require a bond pursuant to NRCP 53. It's what's happens all 24 the time in any case with preliminary injunctions or temporary

1 restraining orders. It's not uncommon to do.

2 Once again, if the -- if the property was titled in 3 their names individually and if it clearly was community 4 property, I wouldn't have an issue with it. But it's titled 5 in the name of separate entities, the ELN Trust or the LSN 6 Trust, which there's no community property interest in.

7 Further, Your Honor, with respect to the lis pendens issue, the problem that I have -- well, I have another -- a 8 number of issues with that. First, after this Court came out 9 in the May 22nd, 2018 order, the Court said okay, I'm only 10 going to impose a JPI over BanOne and Lindell. So guess what 11 12 the LSN Trust does? They -- they file a lis pendens over all 13 of the property owned by the ELN Trust, almost just snubbing their nose in the Court's face. I mean, I can only imagine 14 what the arguments would be from that side if this had been 15 done by Eric or the ELN Trust. 16

17 So this Court says no, I'm doing the JPI over 18 Lindell, BanOne, and what -- what happens? We get a lis 19 pendens over all the properties. We get a lis pendens over all the property. Even Bella Kathryn, Your Honor, which this 20 21 Court I'm sure will recall, she wanted nothing to do with. The LSN Trust had -- wanted nothing to do with Bella Kathryn. 22 23 They fought to make sure that it ended up on the ELN Trust's -- gosh, side -- side of the equation with respect to the 24

1 divorce decree. She wanted nothing to do with it. And now 2 all of a sudden she's filing a lis pendens on the Bella 3 Kathryn property? It's ridiculous, Your Honor. This needs to 4 stop.

If this Court's inclined to impose a JPI on any 5 additional property, which I disagree with because I don't 6 7 think -- in -- in a matter of equity and a matter of law and however you want to look at it, Your Honor, I think it's 8 inappropriate. But if this Court is inclined to impose a JPI 9 in any other property, it has to be limited to Russell Road 10 and I think that would even been appropriate. But this Court 11 should impose a bond over all of those assets as well. 12

13 It's not unheard for courts to impose bonds on 14 property that's being held up pursuant to a TRO or a 15 preliminary injunction. I think it's only equitable for this 16 Court to do in this case, especially because of the money 17 that's being lost as a result of the same.

18THE COURT: Do you have a position on this or --19MS. FORSBERG: Your Honor --20THE COURT: -- that's kind of --21MS. FORSBERG: -- just --22THE COURT: -- of the Trust --23MS. FORSBERG: -- one -- one point is that I think24the Court can't lose sight of the fact that part of what ELN

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does is buy and sell property. I mean, that is the business.
 I mean, by ham -- you know, hamstringing their entire business
 by these lis pendens and JPIs.

MR. KARACSONYI: Okay.

THE COURT: Reply.

4

5

6 MR. KARACSONYI: First of all, this isn't the third 7 time. This was brought up initially at a hearing and you 8 reserved the right to -- to -- or you took it under 9 submission. The first time you made a decision regarding the 10 JPI was when you issued the May 22nd decision just covering 11 the BanOne and the Lindell properties which you specifically 12 said were the only properties you were considering.

Wyoming Downs, we -- we have argued about it a lot of times. But the fact of the matter is that the supreme court held that a tracing needs to occur to determine whether the properties in the trust are community property or separate property. And I don't see anywhere in that order where they say that this excludes Wyoming Downs, which was acquired during the marriage and prior to the divorce.

All property that these people acquired during their marriage is presumed to be community property. And the way they've tried to characterize the tracing is -- is not in accordance with Nevada law. What -- even if you start with the presumption or that the -- that the Nevada Supreme Court

made a factual finding that all the property in 2001 was 1 2 separate property, you have to be able to trace any property acquired during marriage to that same separate property. So 3 the property owned at the date of divorce would need to be 4 5 traced back to that separate property. If it couldn't be traced back to that separate property, then it's -- then it's 6 presumptively community property. And then you have issues of 7 transfers and why they occurred. 8

You'll find actually that -- well, they mentioned 9 that these properties were titled in the ELN Trust. I think 10 the facts are going to bear out that a lot of these properties 11 were titled in the LSN Trust and I think the testimony has 12 always been clear and it will be clear or -- or -- if the 13 14 Court takes additional evidence that she didn't transfer these for a transmutation of community property. She transferred 15 this property because she was told that it was going to be 16 community property, so no transmutation has occurred. 17

The bottom line is in every divorce you may have -you're going to have trusts, especially with people of some affluence and they're going to have property in trust. And those people are entitled to the same protections as anybody else who appears before this Court.

Just because you were reversed on appeal and we're sitting here 10 years later and people are a little worn out

and this has been going on a long time doesn't mean that she's not entitled to the same protection today that she was entitled to on day one. And so we're asking for those same protections that she was entitled to on day one because that's really where we find ourselves as far as a tracing goes.

Now they mentioned the Palmyra property. The
Palmyra property interestingly is the only property that was
still owned at the date of divorce that was listed in the
separate property agreement. So that's the one property out
of all the property that really was separate property.

Now the bond issue. And they -- and they brought this up and responded in the -- in the opposition, but they've never been required to post a bond. They only required to post a bond one time on appeal was the order that you issued 400,000 back to us.

If you'll recall, even though you're supposed to 16 17 post a bond on appeal, what you did with the properties 18 pending appeal is you said that I'm going to transfer some of the properties, not Russell Road, but I'm going to order that 19 20 they not be transferred or cumbered -- encumbered or sold. 21 I'm going to order that you don't transfer, encumber, or sell Russell Road. So basically what you did is you used the --22 23 the actual real properties as the bond for themselves.

24

We're not asking for the -- any of this to be sold

or -- or encumbered. We're -- we're asking for it to be --1 for you not to encumber or sell it. We're not asking for it 2 to be transferred to us, but there shouldn't be a bond in 3 place. There's not requirement for a bond and a bond would 4 have a chilling effect in divorce actions, especially if one 5 party couldn't pay the bond. So the -- there's specific rules 6 for JPIs and for maintaining the status quo on property that 7 are unique to divorce and we're relying on those rules. 8

Now the lis pendens, the lis pendens meets all the 9 requirements of NRS 14.015. And that's why I say again, just 10 because we're here 10 years later doesn't mean she's not 11 entitled to the same protections as day one. She has 12 satisfied everyone of those factors. And, you know, there's 13 been no response, there's been nothing to show that she 14 hasn't. And real property is unique and this is the same 15 argument they made to you, Your Honor, is don't -- make sure 16 that she can't transfer this property pending appeal because 17 this is unique. It's unique then. It should be unique now. 18 And it -- -- she is going to suffer irreparable harm if it's 19 lost, just as they were going to suffer irreparable harm. 20

And so she's met all the requirements of a lis pendens to ensure that it doesn't get transferred. And why did she have to file the lis pendens? Because before you even had the transfer due date, she was getting notices from title

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companies that he's trying to transfer the BanOne properties. 1 She's going to be irreparably harmed. The property will be 2 gone. So we need to protect this property and she's legally 3 entitled to have a lis pendens pending -- pending appeal in 4 this action she claims. And this action affects the title or 5 possession of real property described in the lis pendens. The 6 action was not brought in bad faith. I think we can agree 7 there. She would be able to perform any conditions precedent 8 to the release sought as it affects the title of property. She 9 would definitely be able to assume the title. 10

11 She would be irreparably injured as they conceded 12 during the appeal and she's likely to prevail in this che --13 action or has a fair chance. And for a lis pendens, as they 14 pointed out, the burden is really low, to the satisfaction of 15 the Court. If you find those factors are met, she's entitled 16 to this lis pendens.

Again, I know it's been 10 years, it's been a long time, but please afford us the same -- we're asking to please be afforded the same protections as if we're here on day one even though it has been a long time.

So we hope that the Court will -- will properly protect Lynita during the pendency of this action to ensure that whatever happens at the end of the day that you can make it happen and that we're not with an order and then trying to

scramble to find out what happened and where the property 1 2 went. THE COURT: Okay. 3 MR. LUSZECK: Your Honor, with respect to Wyoming 4 5 Downs, it's, you know, Page 6 and 7 of -- of my opposition. This Court had a separate evidentiary hearing on Wyoming 6 Downs, Your Honor. In that order, this Court specifically 7 found that there is no transmutation of Wyoming Downs from 8 separate property, community property. Even assuming that 9 Wyoming Downs was separate property of the ELN, Eric Nelson 10 and not the property of the ELN Trust. 11 THE COURT: Are you referring to Page 6 of your --12 MR. LUSZECK: Yeah. 13 THE COURT: -- of your position? 14 15 MR. LUSZECK: Lynita -- Lynita appealed that order. And the Court upheld the order, Your Honor. So this argument 16 that somehow the Nevada Supreme Court ordered that that issue 17 18 to be traced is false because the Court never overturned the September 22nd, 2014 order. In fact, the -- the Supreme Court 19 20 specifically said we have considered the parties' other 21 arguments which would have included Lynita's argument with respect to Wyoming Downs to include there without merit. 22 23 So this fallacy that somehow Wyoming Downs is included in this tracing and that somehow she has a community 24

interest in that is false and it's completely contrary to the
 Nevada Supreme Court's decision. It upheld the September
 22nd, 2014 order, period.

With respect to the argument that trust are always 4 5 parties to a divorce proceeding. Well, that may be the case with the simple revocable trust. That's not what we have 6 7 here. We have complex irrevocable trusts which have a whole 8 different set of law under NRS 166. So you can't treat these self-settled spendthrift trusts which the supreme court has 9 found to be valid the same way as you would a simple revocable 10 11 trust. They are completely different concepts and trusts.

With respect to the bond issue, how, you know, 12 Counsel's argument that that somehow is going to have a 13 14 chilling effect on divorce, one, I disagree, but even if that's the case, Your Honor, if -- if the LSN Trust can't post 15 a bond now which would really be de minimis in light of the 16 17 ultimate damages that can be proven later, then how is she 18 going to be able to -- to pay damages down the road? How is the ELN Trust going to be -- going to be protected and 19 20 compensated if we -- if -- if all of the evidence shows that 21 it was the separate property and there's no community property interest therein? 22

23 She should have to post a bond to protect the ELN 24 Trust down the road, just like she's asking for protection,

1 the ELN Trust needs to be protected as well, Your Honor. And 2 that's why a bond has to be posted now. The ELN Trust was 3 required to post one during appeal. LSN Trust should be 4 ordered to post one as well.

5 And with respect to the lis pendens issue, I think 6 Ms. Forsberg may deal with that on a little more issue.

But she's not likely to prevail. There's not even a reasonably likelihood that she's going to prevail in this instance, Your Honor, because it is clear that it was separate property by the Nevada Supreme Court, so they have to prove by clear and convincing evidence that it was transmutated from separate to community property and there's no evidence that that occurred, Your Honor.

MS. FORSBERG: Your Honor, a couple issues on the --14 the lis pendens issue. I -- I think opposing Counsel fails to 15 recognize that the Supreme Court has already ruled that those 16 properties have to go back. And this Court ordered you need 17 to do the deeds back. Instead of that -- and this Court also 18 found that there was sufficient property in the list to 19 compensate for anything that might have been found. But 20 instead, they want all of this frozen when the Supreme Court 21 has already ruled that it should go back. Instead, they're 22 kind of circumventing the Supreme Court by filing these lis 23 24 pendens. Those lis pendens need to be removed so that

business contin -- can continue as usual. 1

2 Everything is not going to go anywhere at any time. If you buy and you sell property, you're going to sell one 3 thing and then buy something else. I mean, that's how they 4 make money. That was -- that's how they became successful to 5 begin with. This Court knows that was Mr. Nelson's acumen, 6 that that's how he takes to press properties and purchase them 7 and that's part of the -- the issue. 8

But for them to put a lis pendens, now that stops 9 that whole process. And they're failing to recognize that the 10 Supreme Court has already ruled those need to go back. So I 11 think they're -- you know, they have enough security already 12 in the amount of property that is available. Even -- even 13 14 without -- with -- releasing those lis pendens, they have 15 sufficient property. This Court has already ruled that they have sufficient property on that. So them doing a lis pendens 16 17 is another thing of snubbing their nose at this Court's 18 ruling.

THE COURT: Thank you. All right. With regard to 19 20 our next issue. I think we wanted to address the Lynita 21 running Lindell and her paying rent. Is that --

MR. KARACSONYI: Yes, Your Honor. Ms. Nelson has 22 23 managed the Lindell property for the last four years. THE COURT: 2013, right, I think?

24

1	MR. KARACSONYI: That's correct. And she's she's
2	loved and cared for for this property and she's really poured
3	her heart and soul into it. When she took it over, and we
4	we attached the pictures and and I know the Court the
5	Court didn't like us saying that she that he was a a
6	slum landlord. We won't say that with with regard to this
7	property, but there was graffiti on the building, years of
8	pigeon droppings on the roof, cracks and peeling of the paint,
9	and unprofessional sign that you saw and that she's replaced
10	with a very nice sign, trash collecting outside. A Clark
11	County Building Department violations that noted that the
12	building would be shutdown in 30 days if it wasn't brought
13	into con compliance, homeless people sleeping or living in
14	the steering gar well, taggers regularly climbing on the
15	roof and and graffitiing the building and windows, breaking
16	into suites, and leaving behind drug paraphernalia, food, and
17	even feces.
18	So it she's really poured her heart and soul into
19	this. Yes, she's put a lot of money into it, but she's done
20	it so she can bring it to where it is today. And today, it's
21	a beautiful building with a beautiful sign. And it's
22	profitable. And it's attracting the type of tenants who are
23	going to stay a long time, renew their lease, pay their rent.

24

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THE COURT: I think you said there's only one

vacancy at the point --1 MR. KARACSONYI: That's correct. 2 3 THE COURT: -- in time? MR. KARACSONYI: That's correct. And -- and if you 4 had -- had the rents, and -- and what we said is if you had 5 the rents from 201, even with all the upgrades and 6 improvements, if he had paid the hundred and eighty-eight 7 thousand eight hundred dollars since June 3rd, 2013 when the 8 property was transferred, well, then you wouldn't have this 9 negative situation. It would have even covered all the 10 improvements that had brought the property to where it is 11 today. 12 So we ask that she continue -- be able to continue 13 to manage the property. We ask for a 10 percent property 14 15 management fee. And you previously found this sum to be reasonable for him. Now they -- they do some play on words, 16 that she's asking for gross rents, but if you look at your 17 order from the hearing, which we quoted in the -- in the 18 reply, it's the exact -- exact same thing that you awarded to 19 him which was 10 percent of the rents, the gross profit, and 20 21 then less the expenses, the 10 percent of was one of the 22 expenses. But -- so it's no different than what they asked for 23 24 before. And we ask that there is a lease entered into by Eric

and the ELN Trust because we need to have these rights and obligations and we -- they need to be responsible for rent. They can't take advantage of the fact that they're an owner because they're only a half owner. And them taking advantage -- advance -- advantage of being an owner is taking advantage of her and her rights.

7 And then we ask that you prohibit Eric from
8 communicating with the tenants about the occupancy because
9 obviously that would create issues within the building and he
10 has been telling tenants that I believe from what she's been
11 informed that -- that he is the exhusband and -- and to come
12 to him with issues.

Now they asked to -- to manage it and to -- to do it 13 for free. The reason they're making this offer is because 14 they're going to make money on -- on the other end doing 15 business, the way that he always did business, and that's 16 making sure that there's no profits and that all kinds of 17 expenses including children's health insurance and all the 18 other expenses that we saw being paid through the business 19 20 last time are paid through the business last time are paid through the business again and at the end of the day she gets 21 nil. And so that is to her detriment and has always been to 22 23 her detriment whenever he's in charge of things.

24

And so we allow that -- we ask that you not allow

that to happen again, but he needs to pay rent and she should 1 be able to continue to manage the property going forward. 2 THE COURT: Do you want that rent to go back to June 3 3rd, 2013 I think is what you're asking? 4 MR. KARACSONYI: Yeah -- yes. If -- if the Court's 5 inclined -- but you did incline -- say that you may be 6 7 inclined to do the offsets later. The -- the most important part is that it's going forward. But yeah, if the rent can be 8 caught current -- current, that would be great as well. And 9 -- and you remind me one other point. I apologize for -- for 10 backtracking, but they said that they should only be required 11 to pay 1600. That doesn't -- that's not how it works, because 12 you're not factoring in to the overall expenses of the 13 You pay in your 3200 into the general pool of 14 building. monies and then you may not necessarily get 1600 profit from 15 that 32 because all the expenses for the building are going to 16 be paid. And whatever is left at the end of the day, you get 17 one-half of that amount. And so doing it the way they're 18 19 suggesting would only deprive her of -- of being able to get 20 her full portion or benefit of that rent, the 3200. 21 THE COURT: Thank you. The Trust? MR. LUSZECK: Your Honor, I know this is kind of 22 23 paraphrasing, but I think the argument to some degree is is 24 Eric can't manage it because if he does that he's going to

1 make sure there's no profits and ensure at the end of the day
2 that Lynita gets nil because that's always been the way when
3 Eric's in charge.

Your Honor, if you've looked at the numbers, that's exactly the situation since Lynita has been running Lindell. There has been no profits. She has dumped over a hundred and seventy-thousands dollars into that building and she's make -she's collecting less in rent today than she was when Eric -the ELN Trust transferred those property to her back in 2014, Your Honor.

If you look at the rent roles, if you just compare 11 Exhibit 4 which is the accounting that they provided back in 12 2015 with the current rent roles, unit 101 in July of 2016 was 13 14 collecting \$1,600 a month. So Lynita dumps a hundred and 15 seventy thousand dollars into Lindell. Guess how much it's collecting in rent now? \$1,102. Unit 102, \$800 a month. The 16 17 lease that -- that she entered into now is for \$616 a month. Unit 103, \$800 a month back in 2014. Now it's -- I think it's 18 around 650 a month. It's a little hard to tell based on the 19 20 accounting. I mean, it's -- it's an absolute joke, Your 21 Honor.

In December of 2008 -- or '17, the LSN Trust collected \$5,529. You compare that to July, August -- or July, August, September fo 2014, it collected \$7,800 a month.

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So she's thrown in a hundred and seventy thousand dollars in maintenance and repairs and she's collecting less money than the ELN Trust was when apparently the -- the Lindell was in a horrible status and nobody wanted to -- to be tenants, Sir it's simply not the case.

I mean, the business loss, Your Honor, is just 6 inexcusable. You know, it's interesting because when the ELN 7 Trust was managing Lindell, and this court I'm -- I'm sure 8 will certainly recall at one point the ELN Trust tried to get 9 an offset for maintenance and repairs. And do you remember 10 11 what the argument there was, Your Honor? It's so unreasonable. How can the ELN Trust this month's for 12 maintenance and repairs? Well, that's a small fraction 13 14 compared to what the LSN Trust has charged.

And this Court actually found that it wasn't even going to award the ELN Trust, all of the maintenance and repairs, because it found it to be excessive. And now in four years or five years they have incurred a hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars in debt to make Lindell not profitable.

And with respect to Lynita and the LSN Trust, I don't even know if she's properly licensed. I don't know if she has a license to manager the property. I don't know if she has business licenses. I don't know if she has any of

1 that. Maybe she does. I don't know. But it makes no sense 2 for Lindell to pay her a -- or the ELN Trust to make sure she 3 receives a 10 percent management fee when it's willing to do 4 it for free. If she wants to do it for free, maybe that 5 changes the equation to some degree.

But the ELN Trust shouldn't have to pay her 6 management fee to do something that it's willing to do for 7 free, especially with respect to the unit that it's renting, 8 on the second floor. So even if this Court ordered that it 9 start paying \$3200 a month, it's going to have to pay Lynita 10 \$320 a month to manage the property. I don't know what if 11 anything she's doing with respect to unit 201 where the ELN 12 Trust operates out of. So it wouldn't be appropriate for her 13 14 to do that.

With respect to paying rent, Your Honor, if this 15 Court is inclined to order the ELN to start paying rent. AS 16 Mr. Karacsonyi indicated, the LSN Trust already owes the ELN 17 Trust 4 to \$500,000. So to the extent this Court wants to 18 start ordering that those payments be made, it should be 19 deducted from the amount. It should be offset so that the ELN 20 Trust doesn't have to keep writing a -- a -- write a check 21 every month to the LSN Trust. It should be deducted from the 22 4 or \$500,000 that this Court already recognized should not 23 have been transferred from the ELN Trust to the LSN Trust. 24

With respect to the sign that we probably heard 10 1 times about today, at least the sign that the ELN Trust had 2 3 up, at least it said that there was a vacancy. At least there was a phone number for somebody to call if they wanted to rent 4 one of the units. The sign that's up now, there's nothing. 5 There's no contact information. If somebody wanted to get 6 into Lindell based on the pictures that were shown, I don't 7 know how they would get in contact with Lynita to find out 8 9 about that vacancy.

The fact of the matter is while she may have poured 10 her heart and soul into this property, maybe she -- I don't 11 know, but it's been a losing proposition from day one and the 12 ELN Trust is suffering because of bad business decisions that 13 have been made by the LSN Trust. Those units have been bacant 14 -- vacant for years and I believe I identified that in my 15 opposition. And the ELN Trust should not continue to incur 16 damages because of -- of what's been going on today. 17

18 THE COURT: Do you got a position on this? 19 MS. FORSBERG: Your Honor, one thing to add. To our 20 knowledge, I know they say that she's still a resident of 21 Nevada, but she technically lives from our understanding is in 22 Evanston. She's even on the Omni Award directory in Evanston, 23 Wyoming, to our knowledge.

24

So the other problem is he's on property to manage

1 this -- this property all the time. She's nowhere to be
2 found. So that's kind of hard to manage that on a day-to-day
3 basis whenever it's early, not here, so --

MR. LUSZECK: Can I -- can I just add one more thing, Your Honor? And I don't know -- even if this Court finds if she can still manage it, I don't understand how this Court can preclude the ELN Trust which is a 50 percent owner in Lindell from speaking with any other -- any of the other tenants or precluding it somehow to exercise any of its rights as a manager.

Just because -- if this Court finds that the LSN 11 Trust can continue to manage it, she can't still keep 12 incurring this debt and making improvements without the 13 consent of the ELN Trust. There still has to be 14 communication. But it seems like what she's asking for is 15 just cart blanche authority to do whatever she wants despite 16 the fact that the Nevada Supreme Court found a year ago that 17 the ELN Trust still has a community -- or sorry, a 50 percent 18 interest in the property. 19

20 Oh, gosh. And then the whole parking roof debacle. 21 I mean, that's just one example, Your Honor. I mean, that 22 happens in December 20th and it's not -- there is -- a tenant 23 has their truck that's stuck under this carport for a month 24 and nothing happens. And I know in the reply they say well,

1 he wanted it to stay there for insurance purposes.

2	Your Honor, that is so farfetched. You're telling
3	me a tenant of a property is going to want their truck to
4	stand under a carport for a month? That's a joke. There is
5	no evidence of that. Where is the affidavit from the tenant
6	stating that? That's not what happened. That's not what
7	occurred. It was a complete liability for Lindell property,
8	nonetheless, it sat there for 30 days until it was ultimately
9	removed and the tenant was allowed to get his car out of
10	there. And that carport still isn't up even though she's
11	managing the property.
12	THE COURT: Any rebuttal?
13	MR. KARACSONYI: Okay. And and Ms. Nelson would
14	like to say a few words about his last point. I mean, she's
15	really really upset about that.
16	THE COURT: Sure.
17	MR. KARACSONYI: But the rent roles first of all,
18	two of those people stopped paying rent and were run off by
19	Eric immediately after the transfer or weren't paying rent at
20	the time. The church group stopped paying rent two months
21	after the transfer. So you can have a lease for all the money
22	you want, but if the people aren't paying rent and they're not
23	staying at the building, you're not going to be profitable.
24	Now as far as the repairs and maintenance that they

requested in the past, as you recall, a lot of those repairs 1 and maintenance were for things that the Court really couldn't 2 justify. He wasn't changing a roof. He wasn't painting the 3 building. It was Lance Lou (ph) and other people who were 4 just getting these -- these monies for repair and management 5 but the Court couldn't really determine at that point what was 6 7 being repaired or managed by these people. You don't need to have a license as a private owner to rent your own property. 8 You don't have to have a property management license. She's 9 10 an owner of this property.

I didn't say -- he says that we acknowledge that she 11 owes money. I didn't say she owes money. What I did 12 acknowledge, and -- and reminded this Court of, is that the 13 fact that -- that you've already said that if there are monies 14 owed between the parties that you are going to reserve that 15 for a later date. You haven't made that determination whether 16 he owes money, she owes money, and you decided, I believe 17 rightfully, that it should wait until we find out what the 18 tracing produces because if the tracing states that property 19 doesn't -- it needs to be transferred back to Ms. Nelson or 20 vice versa, it's going to affect how you look at those monies 21 that were collected during the pendency of the appeal, if she 22 still has a right to those properties. 23

24

So you haven't made a determination that anybody

1 owes money. I haven't conceded that we owe any money. All I
2 was simply saying is you took the issue of past monies owed
3 between the parties. You took that and reserve that to be
4 done at the very end of this case. And so to the extent that
5 you asked about him paying the back rent, I -- I just reminded
6 the Court that that was something that was reserved for a
7 better -- for -- for a future date.

8 So the receivership we asked -- or they asked for, 9 if you're not inclined to allow Ms. Nelson to run the 10 property, certainly allowing Mr. Nelson to run the property 11 isn't viable and we would ask then that you go with the 12 receivership.

Now she is a resident of Nevada. She's never givenup her residency. She is here managing the property.

And this -- this parking structure issue is so 15 16 upsetting, because Ms. Nelson was on top of this issue from the very start even during the time of her mother's passing 17 which was very difficult. So the -- the tenant asked to leave 18 19 the -- the vehicle there until he can determine how to proceed with the insurance. And in the meantime, she had bids 20 performed to replace the structure with the existing 21 materials. 22

23But here's what happened. We -- she gets these bids24and he has all the stuff -- all -- all the material hauled

away. And so we sent them a letter as they know. And it --1 || we sent them a letter saying we believe you had all the -- all 2 3 the -- the material hauled away and you're causing -- costing her more money because she was going to use the existing 4 material and already had the bids done. She's been on top of 5 6 these issues for day -- from day one. 7 The pictures don't lie. The condition of this property is a hundred times better today than it was back 8 9 then. And with that, I think she would like to say a few words about that issue because -- because it's really 10 upsetting to her to hear -- to hear such lies spewed in court. 11 12 MS. NELSON: Thank you, Your Honor. I stand here on 13 the merit of my honesty that I've had ever since I walked into this court and that I've sworn to. And for the representation 14 15 of Coun -- of opposing Counsel to suggest that from their 16 client who has --17 MR. KARACSONYI: You can just --18 MS. NELSON: -- determined --19 MR. KARACSONYI: -- stick to the --20 MS. NELSON: -- otherwise. I -- I appreciate the 21 opportunity to talk about this proposed issue with the cover. 22 Okay. 23 With regards to -- I -- I -- I'm not sure where the 24 information is coming from. It's -- it's not from the tenant. D-09-411537-D NELSON 07/23/2018 TRANSCRIPT (SEALED)

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It's -- it's not accurate. It is a lie. It's not honest. I 1 was in contact with the tenant and told him that I could have 2 3 lifted it off myself. He wanted to pursue some situations with insurance and almost refused my -- my multiple time after 4 time suggestions just to move the truck and have the insurance 5 cover for it afterwards. That's not what he wanted to do. It 6 could have been removed. I could lift the cover and pull the 7 truck out. I could do it. I had a maintenance employee lift 8 9 it with me, however, and there wasn't a problem.

The tenant also called one of the persons that I had 10 obtained a bid from, because he wanted the insurance to 11 oversee all of this. He didn't want to do it himself. Like I 12 said, I don't know why. That -- that was his decision. It 13 wasn't my responsibility. He originally wanted it to be my 14 15 responsibility. I told him it was not. I wasn't in charge of the accident. It wasn't my responsibility. It was between 16 him and his insurance company and had nothing to do with mine 17 which is I think why he delayed it. He was trying to convince 18 19 people that it was my responsibility.

He ended up -- I have emails, I have texts, going out, lifting the cover himself, and pulling the truck out. It's between -- it was his decision. It had nothing to do with mine. And I will address the timing as well.

24

My mom asked me to stay with her and not to leave

1	her side, because there were family members who were visiting
2	her every day asking her to transfer what little she had,
3	which was a house and two cars, over to them. When I began
4	staying with her, they ceased to come. But a new one came.
5	They were not invited to stay with her the last few days of
6	her life because they were her family. They were her flesh
7	and blood. And she because of the deceit was not allowed to
8	be with her own mother when she passed.
9	And the suggestions and the lies that are coming
10	about weeds from a person who would go and steal from a person
11	on their death bed cannot be considered
12	MR. LUSZECK: Your Honor, I
13	MS. NELSON: or acknowledged
14	MR. LUSZECK: object to the extent she's talking
15	about Eric Nelson.
16	MS. NELSON: And anyway
17	MR. LUSZECK: This is ridiculous.
18	MR. NELSON: No, she's not talking about me.
19	THE COURT: Yeah, I'm not sure it's
20	MS. FORSBERG: She's talking about someone else.
21	THE COURT: And I didn't take it
22	MS. FORSBERG: Her family
23	THE COURT: that it still bothered her
24	

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MR. LUSZECK: And she's not talking about her --1 MS. FORSBERG: It's someone in her family I think 2 3 what she's --MS. NELSON: No, I am talking about you. 4 5 MR. LUSZECK: Me? 6 MS. NELSON: Yes. 7 MR. LUSZECK: Come on, Your Honor. THE COURT: Yeah. Yeah. 8 9 MR. LUSZECK: This has got to stop. This is --THE COURT: Yeah, we don't --10 MR. LUSZECK: -- ridiculous. 11 12 THE COURT: Yeah, I didn't think -- I didn't talk --I did not take it as being --13 MS. NELSON: I'm talking about --14 THE COURT: -- Eric at this time. 15 MS. NELSON: -- Mr. Nelson and my sister who were in 16 17 cahoots together --18 MR. LUSZECK: Your Honor, I object --MS. NELSON: -- during this. 19 20 MR. LUSZECK: -- to this. 21 MS. NELSON: And they bring up the point that there was --22 23 MR. KARACSONYI: Okay. 24 MS. NELSON: -- there was --D-09-411537-D NELSON 07/23/2018 TRANSCRIPT (SEALED) VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356 39

MR. LUSZECK: Your Honor --

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2 MS. NELSON: -- some weeds that weren't pulled. THE COURT: Okay. Well, we'll strike that --3 anything from the record as far as anything dealing with the 4 5 mother and stuff on that. I was more concerned about the property management. Those issues are -- and obviously what 6 happens -- you know, the reason I had transferred the 7 management to Ms. Lynita back in 2014, when it was on that, 8 because there was -- these people can't communicate. That was 9 the problem. They couldn't deal with the altercation with the 10 gate and push in and Lynita's heel getting caught on that and 11 we were having almost altercations over a gate and access to 12 13 the property and changing locks. 14 That's why we going to have you guys communicate. 15 So I know you indicate they need to be able to communicate as co-owners and do it. And I wish they could, but we couldn't 16 17 do that. And we almost got to a point where we had TPOs being filed and things like that, so we could not co-manage. 1.8 And my other option would be to have a separate manager come 19 20 and manage the property. That costs both parties money out 21 that, because I think from when we had the testimony years ago about a 10 percent management fee was somewhere in the 22 23 ballpark when we had it. We didn't really get a lot of expert. I mean, that's the problem, but my other option is to 24

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1 get a separate person to come in and manage. Again, that 2 costs -- that takes money out of both pockets. But if they 3 have both owners communicate, I wish they could, but that's 4 the problem on that.

5 But I think you're right for me to order and they 6 cannot communicate with tenants. It's tough as ownership 7 rights and that from the trust on that, but the fact is to try 8 to have them communicate and work together, you know, probably 9 is not going to happen. It's still very emotionally charged. 10 It's been going on for -- I think they separated in 2008, 11 filed in 2009, if I remember.

I mean, so I was hoping the case would ultimately 12 settle after the Supreme Court decision to try to get there 13 because I can only imagine the -- the pain and the stress and 14 let alone business, but I think Ms. Lynita has always felt 15 that when she came in on it, they talked to her kinda she was 16 like a not very bright stay-at-home kind of mom raising kids 17 on that and she felt that she can run business on that and she 18 can always get into -- should they put the money in whose 19 20 better business.

You know, the Court follows the business judgment rule. You assume people -- there's a judgment and not for me to secondguess people's judgment. They come in and make investments, do things like that, and people make business

enough for me to determine unless I see someone who's doing things fraudulently or not taking care of property, but that's the problem we're at this point, that no one trusts each other still, that they're afraid you're going to get rid of all the property just to try to make sure that no matter what happens that she won't get anything.

Your issue is you don't think that they're trying to 7 tie you guys up, so you can't do business, but you guys need 8 to get this resolved. But it's not going to be resolved. You 9 guys are going to be litigating this probably -- I'm retiring 10 in two-and-a-half years and I expect this will be litigated 11 after my retirement and so be it. But I will take all the --12 any issues that I missed that you want to address? Because 13 14 T --

MR. LUSZECK: Well, I just had two quick things. 15 Counsel said that some of the tenants that were in the 16 property when the LSN Trust took over the property weren't 17 paying rent or only differ two months. That's false. If you 18 look at Exhibit 4, gosh, the accounting that they provided for 19 July, August, September of 2014 shows that every single tenant 20 in there paid rent. The total of \$7,800 was collected from 21 each month. 22

23 So I'm just telling you what they put in the 24 accounting that they sent over to me that they ordered to by

1 the Court back in 2014. I believe it's Exhibit 4. Exhibit 4 2 to my opposition.

3 And then with respect to the -- the carport, Your Honor, it just boils down to it's a liability issue. If it 4 was this light -- you know, if -- if it was as light as -- as 5 Ms. Nelson says that it was and she could have lifted it up, 6 7 we're talking about December. What -- what would have stopped the wind from coming and blowing that across the street or 8 9 hitting a house or hitting a commercial property or hitting somebody? It's a liability issue. It needed to be submitted 10 to the insurance company for them to deal with it. It's a 11 pretty straightforward type thing when it comes to commercial 12 liability and commercial insurance policies. So that's what 13 should have been done, but it wasn't. 14 15 MR. KARACSONYI: And it's just not true Your Honor

16 about the rents. They -- they weren't paying full rents, 17 so --

18 MR. LUSZECK: Well, that's -- we got it from his 19 office. So it's Exhibit 4.

THE COURT: Any other things? I felt that -- as I said, I'll give you guys written orders on, everything we need written orders on, everything to get this moving forward. I think Mr. Bertsch -- I think you need an issue as -- as far as the tracing? I mean, and so you can get started. I think

that was the tie up on that. The parties cannot agree on a 1 tracing date. Is that where we're still at? 2 MR. BERTSCH: You know, as I listen to this, in some 3 cases it sounds like we're chasing the hamster and letting the 4 5 elephants running over us. 6 THE COURT: Yeah, I ---MR. BERTSCH: And I've always tell my clients one of 7 the best things to do if you're going any place, you get in 8 9 the car and you go. What's the biggest window in that car? It's the windshield. That's where you're going. If you drive 10 down the road looking in the rearview mirror, you're going to 11 have an accident. And it appears by some of this that's about 12 where we're headed. 13 Now as far as the tracing is concerned, I was 14 looking for a starting point. And I looked at the schedules 15 that were prepared on May 31st, 2001. And ask each side to 16 verify if that is the starting point. 17 So as I understand the trust, it's like two 18 different companies. They have no relationship other than 19 they do business with each other like a vendor. I find in 20 looking at those, there was -- it was titles for everything 21 that was on there with a few exceptions which have to be 22 answered. But after that, they're claiming what went in 23 24 there, there's no community assets because now it's private

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1 and it belongs to them individually.

What I find in looking at some of the information is after that things get commingled. And they don't remain separate. The titles go back and forth. And what I'm told is if we change one or if the other person got this, they can do whatever they want. So they're gifts.

7 And to my way of thinking, if there is a transfer, 8 or money transferred, even though it's commingled, there's got 9 to be due to and due from. And the transfers have to be at an 10 arms length transaction and they were not arms length 11 transactions here.

12 So the differences are passing through the 13 commingling of funds. Should be an arms length transaction. 14 If it isn't arms length and it goes to this considering a 15 gift, to me, it may not be community property going in, but it 16 gives me some sense. It became community property afterwards. 17 So we need a definition what is the community property.

The Lindell, I think there's no question the receiver has to operate that property. In my doing this for over 50 years, that's the solution. And the receiver then can report and operate the property. That's my look. So it becomes hard to trace if everybody has a different opinion. If I trace it and it goes from one commingled to another, does that mean it's a gift and I forget about it? If that's the

1 case, where everything was signed up on May 31st, and it can 2 be at a price that's not at fair value, you don't setup a due 3 to and due from on everything. Then it's over. I have no 4 tracing to do.

The other thing, we talked about the appraisal. And 5 6 as I received the -- getting an appraisal on the property, one side said they didn't want to use the same person. I looked 7 at finding an appraiser for the property on the cabin. And 8 9 looking at their requirements and doing background checks, and I didn't look at the prior appraisal, I came up with who I'd 10 like to talk to. I pull the appraisal it was the same person. 11 So I think they're qualified. They both said it's okay to use 12 the same one. I think it's cheaper. I think they're 13 qualified. And I will contact them for doing an appraisal. 14 But I would like to have direction from the Court of 15 how we treat this commingling, and if there are gifts, and 16 should we pursue it on that basis. 17 MR. KARACSONYI: I'm going to -- oh. 18 MR. LUSZECK: Oh, sure. 19 THE COURT: Do you want to be heard on that? And 20 21 then we'll -- thank you, Mr. Bertsch. MR. LUSZECK: Yeah, I -- I thought this Court's 22

23 order was clear. He's supposed to conduct a tracing as to 24 what happened between the two entities, if anything. He's not

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supposed to make opinions as to commingling or whether it's community property or whether it's fair market value or anything else. We have two separate entities. We've never disputed that there was business transactions between the two.

In the Supreme Court order on Page 17, this said the 5 Court must trace trust assets to determine whether any 6 community property exists within the trust. While I concede a 7 tracing has to be done, it's not Mr. Bertsch's within his I 8 9 think appointment of a special master to make a determination of whether or not anything was commingled or whether or not 10 anything constitutes community property. I think that's a 11 determination to be made by this Court. 12

So my understanding from day one is he's supposed to 13 look at the two entities, identify any transactions between 14 15 the two, and then come back to the Court and report that's what my finding is, Your Honor, you know. Entity A sold, you 16 know, (indiscernible) to entity B, period. And then this 17 Court makes a determination as to whether or not there's 18 community property interest in there. If there's any claims 19 of malfeasance or anything else with respect to a transaction, 20 21 that's an A case, Your Honor. They've already filed a civil case for that. And that's where that deal's -- that's a 22 situation where that's dealt with. 23

24

But I don't think it's appropriate for the special

1 master who is appointed for a -- a fairly limited purpose to 2 make determinations with respect to questions of fact and law 3 which I think are ultimately for this Court to decide. And 4 then --

5 MR. BERTSCH: Your Honor, if I recall, the order to 6 me was to find if community property got involved with those 7 transactions. So we need a starting point. They were all in 8 the trust. There was no community property at that time 9 because the titles were in the appropriate names.

10 If that's considered gifts, after that if it goes 11 back and forth, there's nothing for me to do other than just 12 say it starts where it is. But I'm telling you, as I started 13 through it, some of these other questions came to mind, and I 14 need instructions from the Court, do I just drop it or do I 15 finish going through the transactions from the first up to 16 current?

MS. FORSBERG: Your Honor, if I can -- one -- one 17 18 thing and I think perhaps would help Mr. Bertsch is that the 19 character of property remains as it is. If it's separate property and you're transfer between, it's still separate 20 property. It doesn't lose its characteristic. I think that's 21 the confusion he's having. He's basically saying nothing else 22 happened and they were separate to begin with. And I don't 23 see -- I believe that's what he's saying. So I think he's not 24

1 understanding that character of property remains as is, the 2 existing property. If it's separate property, rents, issues, 3 and profits, which means selling or purchasing of other things 4 which is profits, rents, issues, and profits remain as they 5 are. And yet, they have to determine if they brought 6 something else in to make them community. I think that's what 7 he's confused about.

MR. KARACSONYI: I think what -- what's causing the 8 confusion is that it sounds to me like he's being told -- and 9 I assume this is coming from Mr. Nelson, that these transfers 10 are gifts. He -- he's not supposed to presume anything. I 11 think what you would like -- and I think what the Supreme 12 13 Court's charge is and what you would like him to do is find out -- to report on each and every one of those transactions. 14 Okay. As he said, property was transferred, was it arms 15 length. Was there money back. If not, what should have been 16 paid and what wasn't paid. And to do that with each and every 17 transaction going forward and to find out where the property 18 19 that existed in 2013 came from and whether you can trace it all the way back or whether it's so commingled you can't even 20 trace it back. 21

And so with each -- with each transaction, I think it -- it -- it's his charge to just chart each and every transaction between these entities, whether money was paid for

1 it, you know, how the transfer occurred, each and every 2 property that was acquired, where did the money come from to 3 acquire that. Was -- did it come from the original money or 4 did it come from money that was transferred between the two or 5 did it come from money that it's impossible to say where it 6 came from in which case that it's presumed to be community 7 property.

8 And then at the end of the day Your Honor needs to 9 make the decision once you have all this information, and they 10 wrote this in their initial brief, they argued some of these 11 points in their initial brief on remand, the -- the transfers 12 were gifts and this and that, so you should find that they're 13 separate property or whatever.

But it's ultimately your decision to determine under community property law whether there was a transmutation. And they talked a lot about transmutation. Whether her separate property was transmuted to his separate property. Whether her tran -- separate property was transmuted to community property or whether his community property -- or separate property was transmuted.

And so once you have all those transactions, then you can make the determination. And you can look at the law. Is this a clear and convincing evidence of a transmutation? This was Lynita's separate property. It went to Eric. Did

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1 she intend to transmute that property and -- or did she intend 2 to gift it to him?

And so those are all the things that you are 3 4 ultimately -- I agree with Counsel. You are ultimately going to make those decisions as to whether the character of 5 property change. But I think for Mr. Bertsch's purposes, I 6 7 think the charges map each and every transaction from 2001 you -- which you indicated was the date that you thought the 8 Supreme Court set to present -- to 2013 -- or 2013 and let me 9 10 know what happened between these trusts and where the property that existed in 2013 if you can tell me definitively where 11 that property came from. If you can tell me that you can 12 13 trace that back to 2001.

MR. LUSZECK: Yeah, I don't -- I don't disagree with that. But that's what the charge is and that's the tracing that's supposed to happen is this -- yeah, what do we have in 2001 and where was it going forward.

But I think the big misconception here is the fact that the only way the community property would even arise in this situation is if Eric or Lynita have assets titled outside of the trust that they transferred into the trust. And that would make it community property. So if Eric had assets income that were outside of the ELN Trust that he funded after 2001 into the ELN Trust, then we may have a community property

1 issue. But the fact that the ELN Trust had an -- an asset in 2 2001, sold it, purchased another asset, things like that 3 nature, that doesn't transmutate it into community property. 4 The separate property retains its character throughout, 5 through present.

6 So I think that distinction needs to be made, that 7 just because there may have been transfers between the trust 8 or business transactions, that doesn't mean it's transmutated 9 into community property. It keeps and it retains its same 10 nature.

THE COURT: I think the issue with Mr. Bertsch is to 11 -- except -- is to trace -- is to tell (indiscernible) -- is 12 13 to trace it so the Court can make a determination. Many positions will be it's a gift. The Supreme Court talked 14 about, you know, gifts, things like that. Well, that's the 15 whole thing to determine about. Was it -- and part of to 16 determine the gift is you look to see, you know, was there 17 arms length transaction, was there value. If I find 18 19 everything going from one to the other, there's millions of dollars of gifts to that side and this group's getting 20 nothing, I don't know if it's really a gift or not. I mean, 21 that's the whole issue it comes on that. 22

And so I think (indiscernible) as far as whether it's commingling, I -- I think those issues are due -- due to,

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1 due from. And to say where it went, how it got there, and 2 where it went afterwards so we can determine those issues on 3 that, was there a value paid, was there not value paid. Is it 4 then going to be -- did he send her a gift or not a gift. I 5 think that's the issue.

6 So I think the other fact is on that if we start 7 from the premise that everything was a gift, I thin Mr. 8 Bertsch says that there's nothing to trace. And I'm not 9 taking a presumption everything was a gift. I think the issue 10 is to see where it came from, May 31st, 2001 through the 11 divorce decree or that property was, who owned it, where it 12 went.

And again, I agree with you. If it was separate 13 property, it doesn't automatically lose that, but the issue --14 I don't know where everything came. That's the issue on this 15 question is that there's all these transactions, did this come 16 from that, did this come from here, and that's what the 17 Supreme Court was saying with the tracing. We don't know 18 where everything came from, let alone with titles on that. 19 But I know Mr. Karacsonyi disagrees, and I respect that about 20 the Supreme Court, but they -- to me with their language, we 21 hold. We find. I felt -- and that's why I went from the May 22 31st, 2001 based upon a -- now maybe they used poor language, 23 but that's something you clarify with them. But that's why I 24

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went from the May 31st, 2001, here's where it started, where did it go through, June 2013. That's all I'm trying to trace it through that.

And I think Mr. Bertsch needs in all those issues, like was there value paid for it, was it this or that, so he can let me know on those issues and the Court would determine whether it's separate property or was it community property or where it went through, but there was the issues. I don't know where all the BanOne stuff came from, how it got there, to be honest.

I know we had different pieces of property. It's 11 been so long ago, I forgot, but there's an awful lot of 12 transactions from the 2001 when they created the trust what 13 was in there and what came up to 2013, was there any property 14 that a party put in that was separate property that of course 15 they could not give their community property and trust if 16 there was community property used on that. Eric could give 17 his half, but not Ms. Lynita's half. 18

So that's the issue is what it looks like with the properties. So I'm not sure what the exact issue is from -- from the trust, but I'll hear it from --

22 MR. LUSZECK: Well, the issue is is -- yeah, he's 23 supposed to conduct a tracing, but he's not supposed to state, 24 you know, this is community property, this is -- I believe

1	this wasn't for fair market value in our link's transaction.
2	That's not the scope of his retention. He's supposed to
3	trace. He's supposed to look at the transactions, here they
4	are, Your Honor, here's my spreadsheet, here's my document,
5	here's what it is, but it shouldn't contain language such as
6	community property, commingling, you know, it shouldn't have
7	any of that because that's not what a special master is
8	supposed to do.
9	THE COURT: I agree.

MR. LUSZECK: That's one. And two, Wyoming Downs shouldn't be included in this tracing either based upon the fact that the 9/22/2014 was not overturned by the Nevada Supreme Court. So the issue is completely outside of the scope of his retention because it has nothing to do with anything.

16 MS. FORSBERG: Your Honor, just to -- to finish the clarification on that, is -- is -- it's -- to determine 17 whether it was community property instead of if it's trust 18 19 property and they did business between each other, that's not community property. That's two trusts that are separate 20 entities that don't have a community interest. They're now 21 separate property that are going back and forth. And whether 22 that's fair or not is not before the Nevada Supreme Court the 23 Supreme Court said. It said find out if there's any community 24

property that's been put in there and gone back and forth. 1 || That's the difference. I think that's one thing that Eric --2 we have been discussing that that's what the task is. 3 4 And that's what the tracing should show you, whether they brought something in from the outside that they -- they 5 had earned on a community property setting and put it in. 6 7 It's not whether they tran -- transferred separate property and transferred -- it still remains separate property. I 8 think that's the confusion too. 9 10 MR. LUSZECK: But that's true, because any -- any claims that, you know, a transaction --11 MS. FORSBERG: It's unfair or --12 13 MR. LUSZECK: -- was not fair or anything else, that's subject to the A case. 14 MS. FORSBERG: That's not --15 16 MR. LUSZECK: That's not --MS. FORSBERG: -- this. 17 MR. LUSZECK: -- even -- this Court is to determine 18 19 whether or not there's any --20 MS. FORSBERG: Community --MR. LUSZECK: -- community --21 22 MS. FORSBERG: -- property, period. 23 MR. LUSZECK: -- property within either one of the trusts. It's not to determine whether or not a transaction 24

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1 was fair or anything else. It's whether there was community
2 property. Once again, that's your determination, not Mr.
3 Bertsch's.

MR. KARACSONYI: So if I may just respond to them. I don't disagree on the part -- part that he's not going to make decision as he's not the judge and he's not going to make the decision on the character of property. I don't think we have any disagreement there or the character -- how -- how transactions changes the character of property.

Certainly though if -- if a transaction was done 10 where property -- her separate property was transferred to his 11 trust without consideration, he would say -- he would note 12 that this was a transfer for zero dollars and the property 13 sold for X dollars and she didn't get that. So whether you 14 want to say whether he determines if it's arms length or not, 15 he can say -- he can trace the transactions, was it zero, was 16 it \$5, was it \$10. 17

And it is this Court's charge to find out what the character of property is and the transmutation issues. That's part of community property law and whether there were transmutations of property. And we -- we must not forget that anything earned or required during marriage is community property.

24

And everything they're doing in their trust, if he's

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1 earning monies during marriage, those are community efforts
2 that need to be compensated. And so that -- if that's
3 occurring in the trust and there's properties being acquired,
4 even if you acquire them in trust, I can't go defeat my wife's
5 community property interest by setting up a trust and buying a
6 property in the name of that trust. I can't do that.

7 If you purchase a property during marriage in the name of a trust, just because you title it in a trust doesn't 8 make it separate property. You have to show that it was 9 derived from actual separate property. And that's exactly 10 what his charge is, to go back and look. If it's the rents 11 issues and profits, if you own the Palmyra residence, I'll 12 just use my client as an example, and you sold it for 700,000 13 and you bought another house for 700,000, that's your separate 14 property. I don't disagree if the transaction is the same on 15 that side, although I disagree with the date of tracing, but 16 that's for the Supreme Court to later decide if that was 17 correct or not. 18

But this -- this idea that just because you did things in the name of the trust, that doesn't defeat your spouse's community property interest. So we just need to see all the transactions all the way through. If Wyoming Downs gets covered there at the very end, we need to see every dollar from point A to point B and then make a determination

as to how that affected the character of property. 1 MS. FORSBERG: Your Honor, one thing that Mr. --2 3 MR. KARACSONYI: I would just --MS. FORSBERG: -- Karacsonyi --4 MR. KARACSONYI: I would just ask that --5 6 MS. FORSBERG: Oh, sorry. 7 MR. KARACSONYI: -- we have, like, replies to -they've talked last every time. I mean, I've noticed that 8 9 even when it's my motion, so I -- I don't do that generally with them. 10 THE COURT: I'll give you a last -- we got so many 11 12 motions going back and forth and countermotions. 13 MS. FORSBERG: I'm just --THE COURT: I'm not sure who's filed --14 MS. FORSBERG: Watching them is misstated. 15 There is a separate -- separate property agreement way, way back before 16 17 any trust that --THE COURT: Between 93. 18 19 MS. FORSBERG: -- separates the in come. 93. That. said his income is now his separate property and the Supreme 20 Court held that. I think that was the only thing I was saying 21 is that he forgot that portion, that -- that -- you -- you 22 can't say now well, if he earned it in here that now it's 23 community, because it's not according to the separate property 24

1 agreement.

2	THE COURT: Now the the issue for Mr. Bertsch on
3	that is to me is to see what transactions happened and was
4	there value paid, not value paid, not whether it was gifts or
5	commingled or transmuted where they to say what a property is
6	That's been the big question of this case from day one, what's
7	the property, where it came from. There's so many
8	transactions and this accounts. That's what we're trying to
9	do is see where it came from and how it got there and from the
10	2001 to 2013. So as far as
11	MR. KARACSONYI: And if this
12	THE COURT: those issues about arms length
13	transactions, it's like that, I think the issue is this was
14	transferred from here to there, they paid a hundred bucks or
15	paid no money
16	MR. KARACSONYI: And
17	THE COURT: and it
18	MR. KARACSONYI: And when prop
19	THE COURT: that becomes gifts or if it's
20	community or separate. That's right.
21	MR. BERTSCH: Your Honor, what I'm talking about is
22	on Page 5 and on the top of Page 6, because it's talking about
23	at this particular point
24	MS. FORSBERG: Of the Supreme Court?

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MR. BERTSCH: -- this is from --1 MR. LUSZECK: Yeah. 2 3 MR. BERTSCH: -- the Supreme Court. THE COURT: Okay. 4 MR. BERTSCH: It's talking about where Lana Martin, 5 a Nevada resident, as initial distribution trustee was for 6 both parties. And then on the top of Page 8, it said many 7 transfers of property occurred between the trusts between 8 9 2001, 2009, most of which were gifts from one trust to another. They're not designated that, but if they're saying 10 that any -- anything was transferred after that was a gift, 11 12 then the tracing of it is moot. THE COURT: Is -- is moot, yeah. 13 MR. LUSZECK: Because there was no community. 14 MR. KARACSONYI: I -- I don't have the full context 15 of what he's reading right there, but I think he needs to 16 trace again all the transactions, nobody disagrees, and let 17 you make the ultimate decision of what the laws and the fact 18 -- laws are and the facts. 19 As far as -- just one thing that I hope isn't 20 missed, that he also has to when there's an acquisition, 21 because we keep talking about these transfers back and forth, 22 when there's an acquisition, he does need to say if it's 23 acquired during marriage a piece of property do you know the 24

source of those monies. Can you determine where that money 1 2 came from. Is it monies that could have come from her trust or both their trusts or -- or where. Can you trace it back to 3 -- to which -- where did it come from, that money, so that you 4 5 can determine whether you can trace that property back to separate property or whether you can't tell where that money 6 7 came from, in which case the presumption arises that it's 8 community property.

THE COURT: Well, the issue on that, I think the 9 10 Supreme Court on that they did use the word gifts. But I think if they had meant gifts all the way 2009 and there are 11 no sense to trace and they did mention about the need to trace 12 13 is that's the issue is try to see where the property went from 2001 to 2013 time of divorce to see what was in there to see 14 if there's any community property claims. There may have been 15 16 gifts back and forth to trusts. You can give gifts between 17 trusts on that, but I think the issue from this Court is to 18 see where it came from, what it was, where it came from. 19 That's what the whole purpose of tracing was then determined, 20 was there any community interest or not.

I think the Supreme Court -- I said with their language I wasn't sure when it went back to 1993. They made it real clear that we find -- we hold that they were funded with separate property agreements. That's why I started with

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the 2001 date because I thought the Supreme Court used the 1 word we find, we hold. That's not dicta, that's findings. 2 That's why again I did the tracing from the 2001 to the 3 divorce decree to sit there and see where it came from, where 4 it went, that way we can make a determination was it separate 5 property, maintain separate property, fine. 6 7 Mr. Bertsch, anything else on that? I mean --MR. BERTSCH: And then I take it that I will start 8 with the deeds and things that are present at March 31st, 9 2001. I will then take it to disposition through today or 10 2009, whatever you ask me to do, which would be if there's a 11 sale, where did the funds go, how they show on a tax return. 12 Then if there's other purchases in the -- after that, then 13 where did the funds come from to have the purchase. And if 14 it's from one trust to the other, they used funds and there's 15 got to be a due to or due from. 16 THE COURT: Yeah. 17MR. KARACSONYI: And there's one other issue. When 18 money comes --19 MS. NELSON: Wait. Wait. We can cut Larry --20 MR. LUSZECK: Oh, I -- I don't -- I don't doubt 21 that. Yeah. 22 MR. KARACSONYI: Just to -- for -- as accounting 23 purposes, I thin. But when there's money coming in to the 24

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trust too, he's -- one other thing. Not just deeds, but if 1 money comes into the trust, you have to determine where did 2 that money come from. If -- if a trust -- if you take 200,000 3 in your savings and put it in a trust, you don't defeat the 4 character of property and then buy property with it. So any 5 money coming in too, you'll have to say where did that money 6 come from, was it earnings, was it -- where did it -- do we 7 know where it came from? If -- if we don't know, then it's 8 community property and we -- the presumption arises. 9

THE COURT: I'm inclined not to have the Wyoming 10 Downs thrown in there, I remember when I did the divorce 11 decree and we held off on Wyoming Downs separately, but I'll 12 look at that, but we held separate. I think I made a separate 13 ruling on the Wyoming Downs. I heard separate testimony on 14 that. I believe it was not a final decree because I had held 15 off on Wyoming Downs because I needed to get an evidentiary 16 hearing, but I'll look at that, but I will not be inclined --17 I think I made findings that the Wyoming Downs was separate at 18 that time even though they argued that it was still acquired 19 during marriage, should or shouldn't have been included on 20 that, but my inclination is not to include the Wyoming Doi --21 Wyoming Downs in your tracing at this point. But I'll look at 22 all that whether -- a detailed written order. 23

24

But to get this going, I would think we start with

the -- there was the May 31st, was it the date? May 30th, 1 2001 date to --2 3 MR. BERTSCH: Your Honor --THE COURT: -- tracing --4 MR. BERTSCH: -- if I take it from the trust because 5 6 you have to start with an inventory and see what happens, if I 7 happen to hit Wyoming Downs then I'm going to --MR. KARACSONYI: Yeah. 8 9 MR. BERTSCH: -- have --THE COURT: Sure. 10 MR. BERTSCH: -- to talk about it. 11 12 MR. KARACSONYI: That's -- you're not going to be 13 able to do that. THE COURT: Absolutely. I mean, if it's there on 14 15 that, but that was my issue. I don't remember when that was purchased initially. 16 MR. KARACSONYI: It was --17 THE COURT: I don't --18 19 MR. KARACSONYI: -- right before the divorce. THE COURT: How they bought it and sold it and then 20 21 it --MR. LUSZECK: It was --22 THE COURT: -- reacquired it --23 24 MR. LUSZECK: -- during the pendency --D-09-411537-D NELSON 07/23/2018 TRANSCRIPT (SEALED) VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

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THE COURT: Yeah. 1 2 MR. LUSZECK: -- of the divorce. 3 THE COURT: Exactly. MS. FORSBERG: Very end of it. 4 MR. LUSZECK: It was 2012, 2000 --5 MR. KARACSONYI: Yeah, right -- right prior to the 6 7 divorce. 8 MS. FORSBERG: What we --9 THE COURT: But yeah --10 MS. FORSBERG: -- we --11 THE COURT: -- but if you don't come up with that --MS. FORSBERG: We owned it before then. 12 THE COURT: -- of course, that comes in network. 13 14 MR. LUSZECK: Okay. 15 THE COURT: All right. That gives you enough to get started on that. I'm going to get a written decision on all 16 these issues. 17 MR. BERTSCH: And I will take May 31st. I will not 18 go prior to that. May 31st, the balance sheets, is the 19 starting point and we'll go forward from that. Whatever is on 20 those balance sheets, and I will consider, is their trust 21 22 property. 23 THE COURT: Fair enough. I think that --24 MR. LUSZECK: Yeah, and I think he's already D-09-411537-D NELSON 07/23/2018 TRANSCRIPT (SEALED) VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

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prepared a table that identifies all of the assets on each of 1 the trusts on that day. My -- that's my recollection --2 THE COURT: Yeah, and when --3 MR. LUSZECK: -- and I guess he can go --4 5 THE COURT: -- we had so many --6 MR. LUSZECK: -- back and see, yeah. 7 THE COURT: And they had a lot of accountings on 8 that. I know that Mr. Bertsch had several during the pendency 9 of the matter. So all right. MR. BERTSCH: What he says is correct, but I needed 10 11 verification from each side, do you agree that it would be the starting point. That's what I'm asking. That's what I asked 12 13 for. 14 MR. KARACSONYI: That's what the Court ordered. THE COURT: The starting point would be --15 MS. FORSBERG: It's what the Court ordered. 16 17 THE COURT: -- May 31st, 2001. 18 MR. BERTSCH: And there was one exception on that. 19 So --THE COURT: Which -- which is the exception? 20 21 What --22 (COUNSEL CONFER BRIEFLY) MR. KARACSONYI: All right. Are we --23 24 THE COURT: I think we're --D-09-411537-D NELSON 07/23/2018 TRANSCRIPT (SEALED) VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

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MR. KARACSONYI: Thank you, Your Honor. 1 2 MR. LUSZECK: And one I quess further clarification point is I don't know that we asked for a receiver over 3 Lindell. I think we just said a third party --4 5 THE COURT: You said --MR. LUSZECK: -- manager. 6 7 THE COURT: -- a disinterested manager. MR. LUSZECK: Yeah. 8 9 THE COURT: Okay. MR. KARACSONYI: I -- I was using receiver 10 interchangeably with that. 11 THE COURT: I would be inclined to do that just 12 because it's unfortunate on that, but I think under the 13 14 circumstance there's no way we can -- that either party --15 (COUNSEL CONFER BRIEFLY) MR. BERTSCH: If you want to appoint that third 16 17 party over --18 THE COURT: Do you --MR. BERTSCH: -- they'll never get agreement. 19 THE COURT: Yeah, do you -- do you have -- do you 20 feel comfortable with making a recommendation to the Court as 21 a disinterested manager? I mean, you have more experience in 22 that or you -- I can check (indiscernible) disinterested 23 24 manager for the --

MR. KARACSONYI: Yeah, if he wants to suggest one. 1 If you're going to do a third party, I think it'd be easiest 2 to let a mutual pick the third party and I'm fine with that. 3 THE COURT: You're comfortable with that, Mr. --4 MR. BERTSCH: Take like Mike (indiscernible) or 5 6 someone that --7 THE COURT: Are you okay with that, Mr. Bertsch, and 8 make a recommendation or do you --9 MR. BERTSCH: Yeah, I can make a recommendation --MR. KARACSONYI: No. 10 MR. BERTSCH: -- to --11 MR. KARACSONYI: I think --12 MR. BERTSCH: -- talk to him to the Court. 13 14 MR. KARACSONYI: Do you have any issue? MR. LUSZECK: I'd -- I'd rather get -- maybe a list. 15 I'm -- I'm curious to see what these -- what they charge. I 16 17 don't even know if they --THE COURT: Okay. 18 19 MR. LUSZECK: -- charge, so I think that's --20 THE COURT: Okay. Why don't we get a couple like 21 they just said and they won't agree. And what happens if they 22 agree, great, if not, just submit names to me and I'll pick 23 one if i have to. 24 MR. LUSZECK: That too. D-09-411537-D NELSON 07/23/2018 TRANSCRIPT (SEALED) VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

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THE COURT: But at least I want to give them a 1 chance to talk about the fees would be, so --2 3 MR. LUSZECK: Thank you. THE COURT: -- fair enough. And then what happens 4 if they can't agree is just submit a --5 6 MR. KARACSONYI: But if he has somebody he 7 recommends and if he wants to submit that to the Court, we're fine. If he wants to tell the Court why he recommends this 8 9 person because if -- he probably knows people better than we do in this business or I do. 10 MR. LUSZECK: Yeah, I'd like to know who it is --11 MR. KARACSONYI: Yeah. 12 13 MR. LUSZECK: -- first before we --MR. KARACSONYI: And what they charge. If he wants 14 15 to submit a recommendation to us, we'll consider it. I mean, I would --16 MR. LUSZECK: Yeah. 17 18 MR. KARACSONYI: -- consider it highly. 19 THE COURT: And if they can't agree, then I'll decide on it. 20 MR. BERTSCH: I want to talk to them bef -- so I --21 22 THE COURT: For the --MR. BERTSCH: -- can explain what -- what --23 24 THE COURT: What --

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MR. BERTSCH: -- it's about. 1 2 THE COURT: -- they're getting into. What they're stepping into, right? 3 4 MR. KARACSONYI: I understood. 5 THE COURT: All right. We'll make sure. It's good to see everybody and hopefully you guys get this resolved 6 7 sometime, just peace of mind. I couldn't imagine being in that situation from anybody. Thanks --8 MR. KARACSONYI: Thank you, Your Honor. 9 10 THE COURT: -- Mr. Bertsch. Appreciate your 11 presence. MR. BERTSCH: Thank you, Your Honor. 12 13 MR. LUSZECK: Do we -- do we have a general idea for timeline just so the parties can annul, witness the order and 14 what the tracing just -- I'm not going to hold you to anything 15 16 - -17 THE COURT: Yeah, I think we can start. MR. LUSZECK: -- but just a ballpark. 18 19 MR. BERTSCH: I will put this out there. Some documents I see I need. It depends on the cooperation of the 20 parties so I can get the information. 21 2.2 MR. KARACSONYI: I trust Mr. Bertsch is working on 23 it diligently. 24 MR. LUSZECK: I don't doubt that. I'm -- I was just D-09-411537-D NELSON 07/23/2018 TRANSCRIPT (SEALED) VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

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asking for --1 THE COURT: Do you want a status check in --2 MR. KARACSONYI: Yeah, maybe a status check and --3 4 THE COURT: -- 90 days, 120 days just to see --MR. KARACSONYI: Do you want --5 THE COURT: -- where we're at? 6 7 MR. KARACSONYI: -- 20 days? 8 MR. LUSZECK: 30 days. MS. FORSBERG: 30 days. 9 10 MR. LUSZECK: Yeah. MR. KARACSONYI: Yeah, a hundred and twenty days. 11 THE COURT: Yeah. Well, for now --12 13 MS. FORSBERG: We need 120? THE COURT: -- if it's just a status check --14 MS. FORSBERG: That's a long time. 15 16 THE COURT: -- about a hundred and twenty days as to -- as the tracing or see where we're at to -- to --17 THE CLERK: Do you want this on a regular calendar 18 19 or --20 THE COURT: No, not on a Wednesday. Wednesday's my heavy day. 21 22 THE CLERK: Right. 23 THE COURT: So put it on either -- because when I 24 got my trial day it's like a Monday or a --

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THE CLERK: Or a Thursday? 1 THE COURT: -- Tuesday -- or Tuesday if it's got a 2 3 Drug Court when Holly is doing Drug Court. I do mine. We're alternating on Drug Court. So Tuesday afternoon when I got 4 some time. 5 6 (COUNSEL CONFER BRIEFLY) 7 THE COURT: Probably a Monday or Tuesday or Thursday I could probably sneak it in. 8 9 MS. FORSBERG: Do you have a guess on how long we should set a status check for? I mean, it seems like a 10 hundred and --11 12 MR. BERTSCH: No --13 MS. FORSBERG: -- twenty days --MR. BERTSCH: -- a hundred and --14 15 MS. FORSBERG: -- is a long way. MR. BERTSCH: -- twenty days is fine. If we get --16 17 MS. FORSBERG: It just seems a long way. MR. BERTSCH: -- it done before, we can ask for --18 19 THE CLERK: November 15th at 1:30. MR. BERTSCH: -- shortening time. 20 THE COURT: November 15th at 1:30? 21 MR. KARACSONYI: That's good to me. 22 THE COURT: And again, if you move it up there, any 23 issue before the courts, I would suggest the date so it 24

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1 doesn't go into the big void.

2	MR. LUSZECK: Actually, can we do I know I'm			
3	going to be out of town that week because I just booked			
4	something. Can we do the following week.			
5	THE CLERK: The following week is Thanksgiving.			
6	MR. LUSZECK: Or			
7	MS. FORSBERG: Do the week before?			
8	MR. LUSZECK: Or the week before?			
9	THE CLERK: November 8th at 1:30.			
10	MR. KARACSONYI: Okay.			
11	MR. LUSZECK: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.			
12	MR. KARACSONYI: Just one other thing, Your Honor.			
13	We had stipulated earlier before you you even came in that			
14	there is still some HOA and sewer and other utilities from the			
15	BanOne properties that are in her name and they said they			
16	would transfer those immediately.			
17	MR. LUSZECK: We would.			
18	MR. KARACSONYI: And then they said also that they			
19	were having some kind of problem with the property taxes			
20	MS. FORSBERG: From the deed.			
21	MR. KARACSONYI: from the recorder from the			
22	deeds.			
23	MR. LUSZECK: Yeah.			
24	MR. KARACSONYI: So they may need an order from this			
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Court specifically listing the properties that you ordered to 1 2 be transferred back so that the receipt -- so that the 3 assessor can see that and we had no recording --4 MR. LUSZECK: Yeah, and we'll --5 MR. KARACSONYI: -- we have no problem with that. 6 MR. LUSZECK: -- we'll send a --7 THE COURT: And you just have to --8 MR. LUSZECK: -- stipulation and order to them and then that will be (indiscernible). 9 10 MR. KARACSONYI: And just for the record. MR. LUSZECK: Yeah. 11 12 THE COURT: Good to see you, Ms. Lynita. 13 MS. NELSON: Thank you. 14 THE COURT: Good to see you, Mr. Eric. Thanks, 15 Counsel, for your --16 MR. LUSZECK: Thank you. 17 (PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 10:22:35) 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 D-09-411537-D NELSON 07/23/2018 TRANSCRIPT (SEALED) VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356 75

SRAPP000602

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SRAPP000603

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1		Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT	
2	DISTRICT C		
3	FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY		
4		,	
5	ERIC L. NELSON,		
6			
7	Plaintiff,		
8	v.	Case No.: D-09-411537-D	
9	LYNITA SUE NELSON, MATT	Dept. No.: O Date of Hearing: 7/23/2018	
10	KLABACKA, as Distribution Trustee of		
11	the ERIC L. NELSON NEVADA TRUST dated May 30, 2001,		
12			
13	Defendants.		
14	MATT KLABACKA, as Distribution		
15	Trustee of the ERIC L. NELSON NEVADA TRUST dated May 30, 2001,		
16	NEVADA IROSI dated May 50, 2001,		
17	Cross-claimant,		
18	v.		
19	LYNITA SUE NELSON,		
20			
21	Cross-defendant.		
22	DECISI	<u>ON</u>	
23	This matter was before the Court of	n July 23, 2018, pursuant to multiple	
24	This matter was before the Court on July 23, 2018, pursuant to multiple		
25	Motions, Oppositions and Counter-motions	s, and Replies filed between May 25,	
26	2018, and July 18, 2018. Present in C	Court were: Josef Karacsonyi, Esq.,	
27	representing Lynita Nelson, who was a	llso present; Jeffrey Luszeck, Esq.,	
28			
FRANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE			

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1	
2	representing Matt Klabacka, Trustee of the ELN Trust; Rhonda Forsberg, Esq.,
3	representing Eric Nelson, who was also present; and Larry Bertsch, C.P.A.
4	FINDINGS OF FACT and CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
6	A. Case D-09-411537-D and Case A-17-763004-C Cannot Be Consolidated
7	As They Do Not Share the Same Question of Law
8	Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure ("NRCP") Rule 42(a) states that, "[w]hen
9	actions involving a common question of law or fact are pending before the court,
10 11	it mayorder all the actions consolidated" Eric Nelson ("Mr. Nelson") and
12	Lynita Nelson ("Ms. Nelson") are currently involved in multiple cases regarding
13	the Eric L. Nelson Nevada Trust ("ELN Trust") and the Lynita Sue Nelson
14	Nevada Trust ("LSN Trust"). Ms. Nelson is requesting that this Court consolidate
15 16	a divorce case, D-09-411537-D ("Divorce Proceeding"), and a case based on tort
10	
18	relief, A-17-763004-C ("Tort Claim").
19	The Divorce Proceeding is currently in its final stage, which revolves
20	around the tracing of property in both the ELN and LSN Trusts to determine if
21	any community property is being held within either Trust. Pending any further
22 23	Motions by the parties, there is no question of law remaining in the Divorce
24	Proceeding, with the only question of fact being the determination of property
25	ownership after the tracing is completed. The Tort Claim revolves around
26	questions of law and fact involving a, "Complaint for Breach of Fiduciary Duty,
27	
28	Fraud, Deceit, and Intentional Misrepresentation, Conversion, Fraud in the
FRANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE	

Inducement, [and] Unjust Enrichment...¹ As the Divorce Proceeding involves the tracing of property and the Tort Claim involves questions of law and fact regarding Breach of Fiduciary Duty, as well as other claims, this Court finds that there is no current common question of law or fact between the two cases.

Additionally, on February 23, 2012, this Court declined to take jurisdiction over tort claims in this case, including: (1) Breach of Fiduciary Duty; (2) Fraud, Deceit, and Intentional Misrepresentation; (3) Conversion; (4) Fraud in the Inducement; and (5) Unjust Enrichment.² Specifically, this Court stated that these claims were "DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE so that the claims can be brought in another tribunal."³ Therefore, as this Court finds that there is no common question of law or fact, and as this Court has previously declined to hear the very same tort claims, this Court declines to consolidate the Divorce Proceeding and the Tort Claim cases. B. A Joint Preliminary Injunction Shall Only Be Placed On the Banone, LLC and Lindell Properties Eighth Judicial District Court Rule ("EDCR") 5.517 states that "[u]pon the request of any party at any time prior to the entry of...final judgment, a preliminary injunction will be issued by the clerk against the parties to the action enjoining them and their officers, agents, servant, employees, or a person in



¹ Amended Complaint, Case No. A-17-763004-C, Pg. 1, Filed Feb. 9, 2018.

² Answer and Counterclaim, Case No. D-09-411537-D, Pgs. 28-34, Filed Dec. 20, 2011.

³ Order from February 23, 2012 Hearing, Case No. D-09411537D, Pg. 6, Filed Aug. 29, 2012.

active concert or participation with them from: transferring, encumbering, concealing, selling, or otherwise disposing of...any property that is the subject of a claim of community interest..."⁴

In a Hearing on April 10, 2012, this Court found that the ELN Trust had a right to defend itself during the proceedings.⁵ While this Court found that the ELN Trust could defend itself, it did not confer party status to either Trust in this action. The EDCR specifically states that upon "request of any party...a preliminary injunction will be issued by the clerk against the parties to the action..."⁶ In these proceedings, only Mr. and Ms. Nelson are considered parties, not the Trusts. Therefore, as the ELN Trust is not a party to the case, this Court finds that it is not required to place a JPI on a non-party's property at the request of a party.

In its May 22, 2018 Decision, this Court Ordered that a Joint Preliminary Injunction ("JPI") to be placed over the Banone, LLC. and Lindell properties. To clarify this Court's Order, the JPI was granted on these properties solely due to the fact that both the ELN and LSN Trusts have held an ownership stake in both properties at some point during these proceedings. Given the contentious nature of both the litigation and the ownership/management of the properties involved, this Court finds that placing a JPI on the Banone, LLC. and Lindell properties

⁵ All Pending Motions, Case No. D-09-411537-D, Hearing held April 10, 2018. ⁶ EDCR 5.517(a).

⁴ EDCR 5.517(a).

would protect both Mr. and Ms. Nelson, as well as the ELN and LSN Trusts, as the properties had exchanged hands during these proceedings. Furthermore, this Court finds that the only properties that require a JPI based on the history of this case are the Banone, LLC. and Lindell properties.

C. A Lis Pendens Is Not Proper Because It Was Not Timely Filed

NRS 14.010 states that, "[i]n an action...affecting the title or possession of real property, the plaintiff, at the time of filing the complaint, and the defendant, at the time of filing his or her answer...shall record with the recorder of the county in which the property...is situated, a notice of pendency of the action."⁷ In the plain language of the statute, a lis pendens must be filed with the complaint or the answer in order to be valid.

The Complaint for divorce in the current proceeding was filed on May 6, 2009. The Answer and Counterclaim for this proceeding was filed on June 22, 2009. A notification for the pendency of the current action was filed on May 11, 2018, well after the filing date of both the Complaint and the Answer and Counterclaim. Therefore, this Court finds that the lis pendens was untimely filed and should be expunged.

D. A Third Party Shall Be Appointed To Manage the Lindell Property and Set Market Rate Rent for Both Eric Nelson and Lynita Nelson

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⁷ NRS 14.010(1).

ZANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE

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2	In the July 23, 2018 Motion Hearing, this Court found that it was in the	
3	best interest of both the parties, the Trusts, and the property, for the Lindell	
4	property to be managed by a third party Property Manager. This Court finds that	
6	based on the contentious nature of the litigation and to protect the property for	
7	both Mr. and Ms. Nelson, as well as the ELN and LSN Trusts, that Larry Bertsch	
8	shall appoint a third party Property Manager to manage the Lindell Property.	
9 10	Additionally, the third party Property Manager selected by Mr. Bertsch	
11	shall designate a market rate rent payment for tenants of the Lindell property. In	
12	the event that either Mr. or Ms. Nelson are tenants of the Lindell property, the	
13		
14	market rate rent shall be applied to them in order to ensure that both Mr. and Ms.	
15 16	Nelson, as well as the Lindell property, are protected from any financial harm.	
10	E. A Bond Is Not Necessary At This Time	
18	The ELN Trust requested that a Bond be placed on any properties that may	
19 20	be placed under new JPIs. As this Court is not expanding the JPI to properties	
20 21	other than the Banone, LLC. and the Lindell properties, no Bonds will be placed	
22	on any additional properties at this time.	
23	F. Wyoming Downs Is Property of the ELN Trust	
24	On September 18, 2014, this Court filed an Order Determining Disposition	
25 26	of Dynasty Development Management, Inc. aka Wyoming Downs. In this Order,	
27		
28	this Court ordered that, "neither Lynita S. Nelson nor the LSN Trust are entitled	
FRANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE	6	

to an interest in Dynasty Development Management, LLC aka Wyoming Downs."⁸ This Court also Ordered that "Dynasty Development Management, LLC aka Wyoming Downs belongs to the ELN Trust.⁹

On May 25, 2017, the Nevada Supreme Court filed their Decision affirming in part, vacating in part, and remanding this Court's June 8, 2015 Order. In its Decision, the Nevada Supreme Court made note that "an appeal would be available to all parties upon the disposition of Wyoming Downs.¹⁰ The Nevada Supreme Court also made note that Wyoming Downs had been disposed of by this Court, making its judgment final.¹¹ Finally, the Nevada Supreme Court vacated the June 8, 2015 order, "to the extent it enforces or implements portions of the divorce decree relating to assets in Eric's Trust and Lynita's Trust..."¹²

This Court disposed of the Wyoming Downs property on September 18, 2014. The only references to the Wyoming Downs Property in the June 8, 2015 Order involves providing documentation and income received, not a disposition of any property.¹³ Therefore, as the Nevada Supreme Court's Decision vacated portions of the divorce decree relating to assets in the ELN and LSN Trust, and the Wyoming Downs property was disposed of in this Court's September 18,

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¹² Id. at 954.

⁸ Order Determining Disposition of Dynasty Development Management, Inc. aka Wyoming Downs, Case No. D-09-411537-D, Pg. 5, Filed September 18, 2014. ⁹ Id.

¹⁰ Klabacka v. Nelson, 394 P.3d 940, 945 n.2 (2017).

¹¹ Klabacka, 394 P.3d at 945.

¹³ Findings of Fact and Order, Case No. D-09-41537-D, Pg. 23, Filed June 8, 2015.

1			
2	2014 Order, and not the June 8, 2015 Order, this Court finds that the ELN Trust		
3	remains the owner of the Wyoming Downs Property.		
4	ORDER		
5	Based thereon:		
7			
8	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED the request to consolidate case D-09-		
9	411537-D and A-17-763004-C is DENIED .		
10	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that request to expand the Joint		
11	Preliminary Injunction to the entirety of the property, or any property other than		
12	the Banone, LLC. and Lindell properties, within the Eric L. Nelson Nevada Trust		
13 14	is DENIED .		
15			
16	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the request to terminate the Joint		
17	Preliminary Injunction from the Banone, LLC. and Lindell properties is		
18	DENIED.		
19	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the request to expunge the Lis		
20	Pendens Notices, filed on May 11, 2018, is GRANTED for the following		
21 22	properties:		
22			
24	1. 3611 S. Lindell Road, Las Vegas, NV 89103		
25	2. 1301 Heather Ridge Road, North Las Vegas, NV 89031		
26	3. 6304 Guadalupe Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89108		
27	4. 4601 Concord Village Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89108		
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FRANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE	0		

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2	5. 4133 Compass Rose Way, Las Vegas, NV 89108			
3	6. 5317 Clover Blossom Court, North Las Vegas, NV 89031			
4	7. 5113 Churchill Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89107			
6	8. 6301 Cambria Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89108			
7	9. 6213 Anaconda Street, Las Vegas, NV 89108			
8	10. 2911 Bella Kathryn Circle, Las Vegas, NV 89117			
10	11. 4412 Baxter Place, Las Vegas, NV 89108			
11	12. 3301 Terra Bella Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89108			
12 13	13. 4612 Sawyer Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89108			
13	14. 1608 Rusty Ridge Lane, Henderson, NV 89002			
15	15. 5220 E. Russell Road, Las Vegas, NV 89122			
16 17	16. 4820 Marnell Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89121			
17	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that both the request for Lynita Nelson to			
19	manage the Lindell property and the request for the Eric L. Nelson Nevada Trust			
20	to manage the Lindell property are DENIED .			
21 22	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Larry Bertsch, CPA, shall select a			
23	third party Property Manager for the Lindell property. In the event that either Eric			
24				
25	Nelson or Lynita Nelson are tenants of the Lindell property, they are to be			
26	charged a market value rent set by the third party Property Manager.			
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FRANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE	9			
FAMILY DIVISION, DEPT. O LAS VEGAS NV 89101	SRAPP000612			

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FRANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE	
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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the request for a Bond on any new properties being placed under Joint Preliminary Injunction is **DENIED** as this Court is not expanding the Joint Preliminary Injunction to any additional properties.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Dynasty Development Management, LLC aka Wyoming Downs belongs solely to the ELN Trust.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that all requests for Attorneys' Fees and Costs are **DENIED**.

DATED this $\frac{16}{16}$ day of October, 2018.

Honorable Frank P. Sullivan District Court Judge - Dept. O

1 2 3 4	DISTRICT CO FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY	– JUVENILE	Electronically Filed 10/16/2018 9:00 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	the ERIC L. NELSON NEVADA TRUST dated May 30, 2001, Defendants. MATT KLABACKA, as Distribution Trustee of the ERIC L. NELSON NEVADA TRUST dated May 30, 2001, Cross-claimant, v. LYNITA SUE NELSON, <u>Cross-defendant.</u> NOTICE OF ENTR TO: Rhonda Forsberg, Esq. E-Service	Dept. No.	D-09-411537-D : O
26 27 28 FRANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE	Marc Solomon, Esq.		

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2	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the DECISION	ON was duly entered in the above-
3		······································
4	referenced case on the 16th day of October, 2018.	
5	DATED this $\underline{l}(\underline{\rho})$ day of October, 2018.	S D
6		Late
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FRANK P. SULLIVAN		
DISTRICT JUDGE FAMILY DIVISION, DEPT. O LAS VEGAS NV 89101	2	
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1 2 3 4	DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION – JUVENILE CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
5 6 7 8	ERIC L. NELSON, Plaintiff, v.	Case No.: D-09-411537-D	
9 10 11 12 13	LYNITA SUE NELSON, MATT KLABACKA, as Distribution Trustee of the ERIC L. NELSON NEVADA TRUST dated May 30, 2001, Defendants.	Dept. No.: O Date of Hearing: 7/23/2018	
14 15 16 17	MATT KLABACKA, as Distribution Trustee of the ERIC L. NELSON NEVADA TRUST dated May 30, 2001, Cross-claimant,		
18 19 20 21	v. LYNITA SUE NELSON, Cross-defendant.		
22 23 24	DECISIO This matter was before the Court of	ON n July 23, 2018, pursuant to multiple	
25 26	Motions, Oppositions and Counter-motions, and Replies filed between May 25, 2018, and July 18, 2018. Present in Court were: Josef Karacsonyi, Esq.,		
27 28 FRANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE	representing Lynita Nelson, who was a	llso present; Jeffrey Luszeck, Esq.,	

1	
2	representing Matt Klabacka, Trustee of the ELN Trust; Rhonda Forsberg, Esq.,
3	representing Eric Nelson, who was also present; and Larry Bertsch, C.P.A.
4 5	FINDINGS OF FACT and CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
6	A. Case D-09-411537-D and Case A-17-763004-C Cannot Be Consolidated
7	As They Do Not Share the Same Question of Law
8	Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure ("NRCP") Rule 42(a) states that, "[w]hen
9	actions involving a common question of law or fact are pending before the court,
10 11	it mayorder all the actions consolidated" Eric Nelson ("Mr. Nelson") and
12	Lynita Nelson ("Ms. Nelson") are currently involved in multiple cases regarding
13	the Eric L. Nelson Nevada Trust ("ELN Trust") and the Lynita Sue Nelson
14 15	Nevada Trust ("LSN Trust"). Ms. Nelson is requesting that this Court consolidate
16	a divorce case, D-09-411537-D ("Divorce Proceeding"), and a case based on tort
17	relief, A-17-763004-C ("Tort Claim").
18 19	The Divorce Proceeding is currently in its final stage, which revolves
20	around the tracing of property in both the ELN and LSN Trusts to determine if
21	any community property is being held within either Trust. Pending any further
22 23	Motions by the parties, there is no question of law remaining in the Divorce
24	Proceeding, with the only question of fact being the determination of property
25	ownership after the tracing is completed. The Tort Claim revolves around
26 27	questions of law and fact involving a, "Complaint for Breach of Fiduciary Duty,
28	Fraud, Deceit, and Intentional Misrepresentation, Conversion, Fraud in the

FRANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE FAMILY DIVISION, DEPT. O LAS VEGAS NV 89101

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SRAPP000617

Inducement, [and] Unjust Enrichment..."¹ As the Divorce Proceeding involves the tracing of property and the Tort Claim involves questions of law and fact regarding Breach of Fiduciary Duty, as well as other claims, this Court finds that there is no current common question of law or fact between the two cases. Additionally, on February 23, 2012, this Court declined to take jurisdiction over tort claims in this case, including: (1) Breach of Fiduciary Duty; (2) Fraud, Deceit, and Intentional Misrepresentation; (3) Conversion; (4) Fraud in the Inducement; and (5) Unjust Enrichment.² Specifically, this Court stated that these claims were "DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE so that the claims can be brought in another tribunal."³ Therefore, as this Court finds that there is no common question of law or fact, and as this Court has previously declined to hear the very same tort claims, this Court declines to consolidate the Divorce Proceeding and the Tort Claim cases. B. A Joint Preliminary Injunction Shall Only Be Placed On the Banone, LLC and Lindell Properties Eighth Judicial District Court Rule ("EDCR") 5.517 states that "[u]pon the request of any party at any time prior to the entry of...final judgment, a preliminary injunction will be issued by the clerk against the parties to the action enjoining them and their officers, agents, servant, employees, or a person in

¹ Amended Complaint, Case No. A-17-763004-C, Pg. 1, Filed Feb. 9, 2018.

² Answer and Counterclaim, Case No. D-09-411537-D, Pgs. 28-34, Filed Dec. 20, 2011.

³ Order from February 23, 2012 Hearing, Case No. D-09411537D, Pg. 6, Filed Aug. 29, 2012.

active concert or participation with them from: transferring, encumbering, concealing, selling, or otherwise disposing of...any property that is the subject of a claim of community interest..."⁴

In a Hearing on April 10, 2012, this Court found that the ELN Trust had a right to defend itself during the proceedings.⁵ While this Court found that the ELN Trust could defend itself, it did not confer party status to either Trust in this action. The EDCR specifically states that upon "request of any party...a preliminary injunction will be issued by the clerk against the parties to the action..."⁶ In these proceedings, only Mr. and Ms. Nelson are considered parties, not the Trusts. Therefore, as the ELN Trust is not a party to the case, this Court finds that it is not required to place a JPI on a non-party's property at the request of a party.

In its May 22, 2018 Decision, this Court Ordered that a Joint Preliminary Injunction ("JPI") to be placed over the Banone, LLC. and Lindell properties. To clarify this Court's Order, the JPI was granted on these properties solely due to the fact that both the ELN and LSN Trusts have held an ownership stake in both properties at some point during these proceedings. Given the contentious nature of both the litigation and the ownership/management of the properties involved, this Court finds that placing a JPI on the Banone, LLC. and Lindell properties

⁵ All Pending Motions, Case No. D-09-411537-D, Hearing held April 10, 2018. ⁶ EDCR 5.517(a).

⁴ EDCR 5.517(a).

would protect both Mr. and Ms. Nelson, as well as the ELN and LSN Trusts, as the properties had exchanged hands during these proceedings. Furthermore, this Court finds that the only properties that require a JPI based on the history of this case are the Banone, LLC. and Lindell properties. C. A Lis Pendens Is Not Proper Because It Was Not Timely Filed NRS 14.010 states that, "[i]n an action...affecting the title or possession of real property, the plaintiff, at the time of filing the complaint, and the defendant, at the time of filing his or her answer...shall record with the recorder of the county in which the property...is situated, a notice of pendency of the action."⁷ In the plain language of the statute, a lis pendens must be filed with the complaint or the answer in order to be valid. The Complaint for divorce in the current proceeding was filed on May 6, 2009. The Answer and Counterclaim for this proceeding was filed on June 22, 2009. A notification for the pendency of the current action was filed on May 11, 2018, well after the filing date of both the Complaint and the Answer and Counterclaim. Therefore, this Court finds that the lis pendens was untimely filed and should be expunged. D. A Third Party Shall Be Appointed To Manage the Lindell Property and Set Market Rate Rent for Both Eric Nelson and Lynita Nelson

⁷ NRS 14.010(1).

FRANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE

1 In the July 23, 2018 Motion Hearing, this Court found that it was in the 2 3 best interest of both the parties, the Trusts, and the property, for the Lindell 4 property to be managed by a third party Property Manager. This Court finds that 5 based on the contentious nature of the litigation and to protect the property for 6 7 both Mr. and Ms. Nelson, as well as the ELN and LSN Trusts, that Larry Bertsch 8 shall appoint a third party Property Manager to manage the Lindell Property. 9 Additionally, the third party Property Manager selected by Mr. Bertsch 10 11 shall designate a market rate rent payment for tenants of the Lindell property. In 12 the event that either Mr. or Ms. Nelson are tenants of the Lindell property, the 13 market rate rent shall be applied to them in order to ensure that both Mr. and Ms. 14 15 Nelson, as well as the Lindell property, are protected from any financial harm. 16 E. A Bond Is Not Necessary At This Time 17 18 The ELN Trust requested that a Bond be placed on any properties that may 19 be placed under new JPIs. As this Court is not expanding the JPI to properties 20 other than the Banone, LLC. and the Lindell properties, no Bonds will be placed 21 22 on any additional properties at this time. 23 F. Wyoming Downs Is Property of the ELN Trust 24 On September 18, 2014, this Court filed an Order Determining Disposition 25 of Dynasty Development Management, Inc. aka Wyoming Downs. In this Order, 26 27 this Court ordered that, "neither Lynita S. Nelson nor the LSN Trust are entitled 28 RANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE

SRAPP000621

to an interest in Dynasty Development Management, LLC aka Wyoming Downs."⁸ This Court also Ordered that "Dynasty Development Management, LLC aka Wyoming Downs belongs to the ELN Trust.⁹

On May 25, 2017, the Nevada Supreme Court filed their Decision affirming in part, vacating in part, and remanding this Court's June 8, 2015 Order. In its Decision, the Nevada Supreme Court made note that "an appeal would be available to all parties upon the disposition of Wyoming Downs.¹⁰ The Nevada Supreme Court also made note that Wyoming Downs had been disposed of by this Court, making its judgment final.¹¹ Finally, the Nevada Supreme Court vacated the June 8, 2015 order, "to the extent it enforces or implements portions of the divorce decree relating to assets in Eric's Trust and Lynita's Trust..."¹²

This Court disposed of the Wyoming Downs property on September 18, 2014. The only references to the Wyoming Downs Property in the June 8, 2015 Order involves providing documentation and income received, not a disposition of any property.¹³ Therefore, as the Nevada Supreme Court's Decision vacated portions of the divorce decree relating to assets in the ELN and LSN Trust, and the Wyoming Downs property was disposed of in this Court's September 18,

 12 *Id.* at 954.

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 ⁸ Order Determining Disposition of Dynasty Development Management, Inc. aka Wyoming Downs, Case No. D-09-411537-D, Pg. 5, Filed September 18, 2014.
 ⁹ Id.

¹⁰ Klabacka v. Nelson, 394 P.3d 940, 945 n.2 (2017).

 $^{^{11}}$ Klabacka, 394 P.3d at 945.

¹³ Findings of Fact and Order, Case No. D-09-41537-D, Pg. 23, Filed June 8, 2015.

1	
2	2014 Order, and not the June 8, 2015 Order, this Court finds that the ELN Trust
3	remains the owner of the Wyoming Downs Property.
4	ORDER
6	Based thereon:
7	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED the request to consolidate case D-09-
8 9	411537-D and A-17-763004-C is DENIED .
10	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that request to expand the Joint
11	Preliminary Injunction to the entirety of the property, or any property other than
12 13	the Banone, LLC. and Lindell properties, within the Eric L. Nelson Nevada Trust
13	is DENIED .
15	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the request to terminate the Joint
16 17	Preliminary Injunction from the Banone, LLC. and Lindell properties is
17	DENIED.
19	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the request to expunge the Lis
20	Pendens Notices, filed on May 11, 2018, is GRANTED for the following
21 22	properties:
23	1. 3611 S. Lindell Road, Las Vegas, NV 89103
24	
25	2. 1301 Heather Ridge Road, North Las Vegas, NV 89031
26	3. 6304 Guadalupe Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89108
27 28	4. 4601 Concord Village Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89108
FRANK P. SULLIVAN	
DISTRICT JUDGE	l g

SRAPP000623

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2	5. 4133 Compass Rose Way, Las Vegas, NV 89108
3	6. 5317 Clover Blossom Court, North Las Vegas, NV 89031
4	7. 5113 Churchill Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89107
6	8. 6301 Cambria Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89108
7	9. 6213 Anaconda Street, Las Vegas, NV 89108
8	10. 2911 Bella Kathryn Circle, Las Vegas, NV 89117
9	
10	11. 4412 Baxter Place, Las Vegas, NV 89108
11	12. 3301 Terra Bella Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89108
12 13	13. 4612 Sawyer Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89108
14	14. 1608 Rusty Ridge Lane, Henderson, NV 89002
15	15. 5220 E. Russell Road, Las Vegas, NV 89122
16	16. 4820 Marnell Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89121
17 18	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that both the request for Lynita Nelson to
19	
20	manage the Lindell property and the request for the Eric L. Nelson Nevada Trust
20	to manage the Lindell property are DENIED .
22	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Larry Bertsch, CPA, shall select a
23	third party Property Manager for the Lindell property. In the event that either Eric
24	Nelson or Lynita Nelson are tenants of the Lindell property, they are to be
25	Theison of Eginta Heison are tenants of the Enden property, they are to be
26	charged a market value rent set by the third party Property Manager.
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FRANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE	9
FAMILY DIVISION, DEPT. O LAS VEGAS NV 89101	SRAPP000624

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FAMILY DIVISION, DEPT. O LAS VEGAS NV 89101

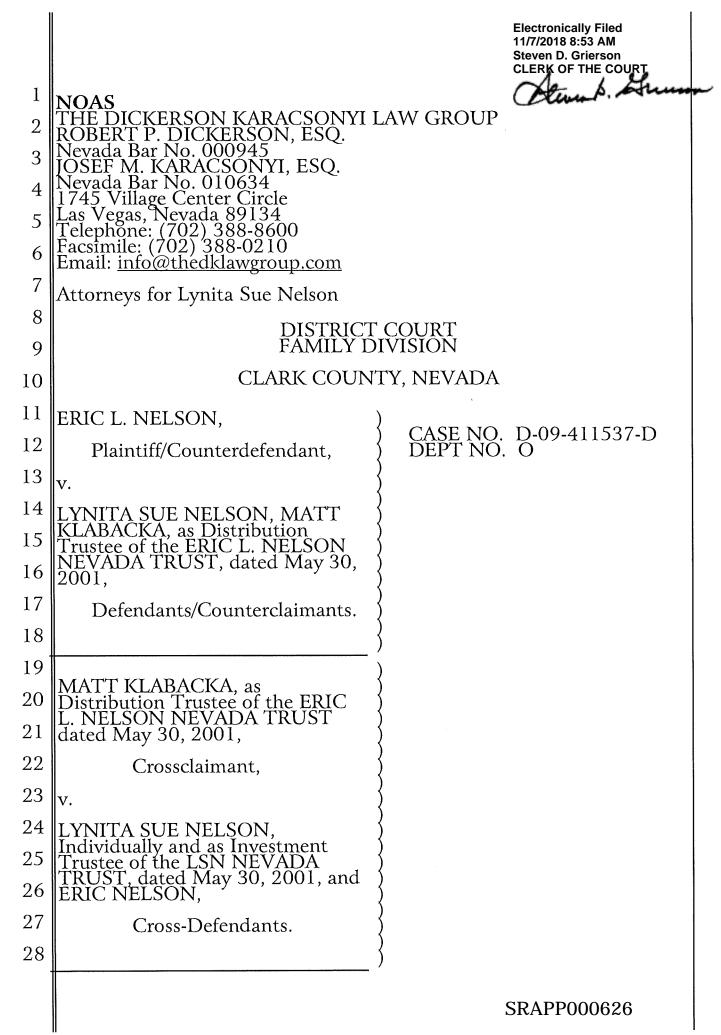
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the request for a Bond on any new properties being placed under Joint Preliminary Injunction is **DENIED** as this Court is not expanding the Joint Preliminary Injunction to any additional properties.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Dynasty Development Management, LLC aka Wyoming Downs belongs solely to the ELN Trust.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that all requests for Attorneys' Fees and Costs are **DENIED**.

DATED this $\frac{16}{16}$ day of October, 2018.

Honorable Frank P. Sullivan District Court Judge - Dept. O



1	DEFENDANT, LYNITA SUE NELSON'S, NOTICE OF APPEAL
2	NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Defendant, LYNITA SUE
3	NELSON ("Lynita"), by and through her attorneys, ROBERT P.
4	DICKERSON, ESQ., and JOSEF M. KARACSONYI, ESQ., of THE
5	DICKERSON KARACSONYI LAW GROUP, hereby appeals to the
6	Supreme Court of Nevada from the following Orders: (1) Decision
7	Affirming The Date Of Tracing; Denying A Separate Blocked Account For
8	\$720,000; And Granting A Joint Preliminary Injunction For The Banone,
9	LLC. And Lindell Properties, entered May 22, 2018; and (2) Decision,
10	entered October 16, 2018.
11	DATED this (0^{th}) day of November, 2018.
12	THE DICKERSON KARACSONYI
13	LAW GROUP
14	By Jose Buassoniji
15	RÓBÉRT P. DICKERSON, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 000945
16	JÓSEF M. KARACSÓNYI, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 010634
17	1745 Village Center Circle Las Vegas, Nevada 89134
18	Attorneys for Lynita Sue Nelson
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	2 SRAPP000627
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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of THE		
3	DICKERSON KARACSONYI LAW GROUP, and that on this $\frac{714}{100}$ day		
4	of November, 2018, I caused the document entitled DEFENDANT,		
5	LYNITA SUE NELSON'S, NOTICE OF APPEAL, to be served as follows:		
6	[X] pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a), EDCR 8.05(f), NRCP 5(b)(2)(D)		
7	[X] pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a), EDCR 8.05(f), NRCP 5(b)(2)(D) and Administrative Order 14-2 captioned "In the Administrative Matter of Mandatory Electronic Service in the Eighth Judicial District Court," by mandatory electronic service through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic		
8	service through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system;		
9			
10	[] by placing same to be deposited for mailing in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was prepaid in Las Vegas, Nevada;		
11	[] pursuant to EDCR 7.26, to be sent via facsimile , by duly executed consent for service by electronic means;		
12			
13	[] sent a courtesy copy via e-mail on Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system;		
14	[] by hand-delivery with signed Receipt of Copy.		
15			
16	To the attorney(s) and/or person(s) listed below at the address, email		
17	address, and/or facsimile number indicated below:		
18	MARK A. SOLOMON, ESQ. JEFFREY P. LUSZECK, ESQ.		
19	JEFFREY P. LUSZECK, ESQ. SOLOMON DWIGGINS & FREER, LTD. 9060 West Chevenne Avenue		
20	SOLOMON DWIGGINS & FREER, LTD. 9060 West Cheyenne Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 <u>msolomon@sdfnvlaw.com</u> <u>iluszeck@sdfnvlaw.com</u>		
21	<u>iluszeck@sdfnvlaw.com</u> <u>Attornavia for Matt Klabacka</u> Distribution Trustee of ELN Trust		
22	Attorneys for Matt Klabacka, Distribution Trustee of ELN Trust		
23	RHONDA S. FORSBERG, ESQ. RHONDA S. FORSBERG, ESQ., CHARTERED		
24	64 North Pecos Road, Suite 800 Henderson, Nevada 89074		
25	RHONDA S. FORSBERG, ESO. RHONDA S. FORSBERG, ESO., CHARTERED 64 North Pecos Road, Suite 800 Henderson, Nevada 89074 <u>rforsberg@forsberg-law.com</u> Attorney for Eric L. Nelson, Individually and as Investment Trustee of the ELN Trust		
26			
27	VINO Commission		
28	An employee of The Dickerson Karacsonyi Law Group		
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	SRAPP000628		

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