IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, M.D., an individual KEVIN P. DEBIPARSHAD PLLC, d/b/a SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS; DEBIPARSHAD PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC; ALLEGIANT INSTITUTE INC., a Nevada domestic professional corporation doing business as ALLEGIANT SPINE INSTITUTE; JASWINDER S. GROVER, M.D., an individual; JASWINDER S. GROVER, M.D., Ltd., d/b/a NEVADA SPINE CLINIC,

Petitioners,

VS.

THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, COUNT OF CLARK AND THE HONORABLE JUDGE KERRY EARLY,

Respondents,

and

JASON GEORGE LANDESS a.k.a KAY GEORGE LANDESS

Real Party in Interest.

Electronically Filed Oct 14 2020 01:38 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

Supreme Court Case No.: 81596

District Court Case No.: A-18-776896-C

APPENDIX VOLUME 1

HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS PLLC

Martin A. Little., Nevada Bar No. 7067 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1000

> Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 257-1483 Facsimile: (702) 567-1568

Attorneys for Real Party in Interest Jason George Landess

a/k/a Kay George Landess

Appendix Table of Contents

Vol.	Date	Document	Pages
1	8/14/19	Exhibits 1-4 to Plaintiff's Supplement	RP.APP 1-77
		to Motion for Mistrial and Fees/Costs	
1	8/14/19	Exhibits 5-13 to Plaintiff's	RP.APP 78-143
		Supplement to Motion for Mistrial	
		and Fees/Costs	
1	1977	Legislative History	RP.APP 144-194
1	8/19/19	Comparison of Findings of Facts and	RP.APP 195-246
		Conclusions of Law to Mistrial	
		Decision	

DATED this 14th day of October, 2020.

HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS PLLC

By: /s/ Martin A. Little

Martin A. Little Nevada Bar No. 7067 Alexander Villamar Nevada Bar No. 9927

3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1000

Las Vegas, NV 89169 702-257-1483

702-567-1568 (Facsimile)

mal@h2law.com av@h2law.com

ATTORNEYS FOR REAL PARTY IN INTEREST

Electronically Filed 8/13/2019 6:37 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

EXHIBIT 1

Case Number: A-18-776896-C

Jonathan Dariyanani President and CEO Cognotion, Inc. 244 5th Avenue, Suite C254 New York, NY 10001

SWORN DECLARATION OF JONATHAN DARIYANANI

- 1. I, Jonathan Dariyanani, do swear and affirm under penalty of perjury that I am personally knowledgeable and competent to testify to the matters contained in this declaration and that the statements I make within this declaration are true to the best of my knowledge and belief. This Declaration is submitted in support of Jason Landess' Supplemental Brief for Fees and Costs relating to a mistrial.
- 2. I am the duly appointed President and CEO of Cognotion, Inc., a corporation formed in August, 2013, together with its subsidiaries and affiliates ("Cognotion"). Cognotion is a software company that builds workplace training solutions in health care, hospitality training and customer service.
- 3. I received a subpoena from John Orr, defense counsel in a medical malpractice lawsuit brought by Jason Landess on April 4, 2019. In response to the subpoena, I produced documents to documents directly to Mr. Orr and the other attorneys on April 22, 2019 by email. The documents I supplied Mr. Orr with directly included a letter from Mr. Landess to me dated November 15, 2016, which was improperly used by the defense at trial.

I declare under penalty of perjury of the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

By:	Sonotton Soveyamani	8/7/19
•	Jonathan Dariyanani, Declarant	Date

Declaration of Jonathan Dariyanani





----- Forwarded message ------

From: Jonathan Dariyanani < jonathan@cognotion.com>

Date: Mon, Apr 22, 2019 at 2:14 PM Subject: Re: [EXT] Re: Landess Matter To: Orr, John < John.Orr@lewisbrisbois.com>

CC: Jonathan Dariyanani < jonathan@cognotion.com >, James J. Jimmerson, Esq.

<jjj@jimmersonlawfirm.com>, mal@h2law.com <mal@h2law.com>, mshannon@hpslaw.com

<mshannon@hpslaw.com>, mkratsas@hpslaw.com <mkratsas@hpslaw.com>, netienne@hpslaw.com
<netienne@hpslaw.com>, Harris, Adrina <Adrina.Harris@lewisbrisbois.com>

Dear Mr. Orr,

Thank you for your reply. I will hold 4/30 tentatively until I hear back from you. Regarding the document production you requested, I went through the books and records of Cognotion and have prepared the document production which I believe to be responsive to your request that you made to me via telephone on Thursday, April 11, 2019. Cognotion is specifically invoking attorney-client privilege with respect to the legal advice Mr. Landess rendered to us under his engagement. We have attempted to provide you with the broadest possible response without waving our privilege.

You indicated in our conversation that you would keep the materials that we are supplying to you confidential and that they would not appear in any public record or public exhibit or otherwise be accessible to the public. I expect that you will abide by this representation. The materials that you are being supplied with are of a highly confidential nature and could do significant damage to Cognotion if they were improperly disclosed. If there is material in this production that you would like to make public, I expect to be notified in advance and to have the opportunity to seek a protective order from such disclosure, as many of these documents are governed by applicable confidentiality agreements.

You will find below a link where you can download the document production. By accessing the link, you agree to abide by your representations regarding confidentiality given to me on our call of April 11, 2019.

I have included in the production a video asset where Mr. Landess appears as faculty in our Certified Nurse Assistant course. He appears at the 1:30 mark in the video entitled S01.A01.L01 Close Up_Meet Your Faculty mp4. I am not sure if this material is something that you are interested in, but it is clearly not privileged. If you'd like to review all of the video footage where Mr. Landess appears in the course, I could arrange that, but the footage is not organized by instructor, so someone would have to go through the course and pull Mr. Landess's footage, which I am willing to do if you'd like.

It has taken significant Cognotion resources to supply you with the requested production. Thank you for amending your subpoena to narrow down to the materials which you requested. While we have every desire to cooperate in good-faith with your efforts to represent your client and evaluate Mr. Landess's claims fairly, our cooperation is predicated upon your good faith attempt to seek information only reasonably relevant to your inquiry and should not be considered a waiver of objections to this production.

Please let me know when you can confirm 4/30 for the deposition, who will be attending live and via telephone and what time you'd like to get started and I can supply you with the address and if you will need a speakerphone available, which I can supply.

Best regards,

Jonathan Dariyanani President and CEO Cognotion, Inc.

Jason Landess Discovery.zip

On Mon, Apr 22, 2019 at 3:04 PM Orr, John < <u>John.Orr@lewisbrisbois.com</u>> wrote: | Jonathan

Thank you for reaching out. We could do April 30. I just need to confirm that this works with all other counsel. We also need to make sure we have all of the records before we proceed with the deposition. Let's tentatively plan for 4/30. I will confirm with everyone if that works. When do you anticipate disclosing the records? Thank you.

Thank you.

Sent from my iPhone



John M. Orr Attorney John.Orr@lewisbrisbois.com

T: 702.693.4352 F: 702.893.3789

6385 South Rainbow Blvd., Suite 600, Las Vegas, NV 89118 | LewisBrisbois.com

Representing clients from coast to coast. View our locations nationwide.

This e-mail may contain or attach privileged, confidential or protected information intended only for the use of the intended recipient. If you are not the intended recipient, any review or use of it is strictly prohibited. If you have received this e-mail in error, you are required to notify the sender, then delete this email and any attachment from your computer and any of your electronic devices where the message is stored.

On Apr 22, 2019, at 10:43 AM, Jonathan Dariyanani < ionathan@cognotion.com > wrote:



Dear Mr. Orr:

I haven't received a response to the email that I sent below on Wednesday, April 17, 2019. Please reply as I have kept these dates open for you. Thank you, Jonathan

On Wed, Apr 17, 2019 at 1:20 PM Jonathan Dariyanani < jonathan@cognotion.com> wrote: Dear Mr. Orr:

I am writing to follow-up on our conversation of Thursday of last week. You requested some documents from me for the malpractice case involving Jason Landess. I will provide our document response to you on Monday, as I have been out of the office on business this week. My intention is to upload those documents to Dropbox and send you a link that you can use to download them.

As to scheduling my deposition, I have the following dates available. You offered to take the deposition at my house, if that would be more convenient for me. I think it would as I have been traveling a lot lately and I'd rather be at home. Here are the dates I can offer:

April 29 or April 30 May 10.

Please let me know if any of these dates work for you. We live in Virginia, approximately 50 miles from Washington DC. Reagan National Airport (Washington National) is the best airport to fly into.

If this isn't convenient for you, I can New York City on May 6, as I have to be in town for

a business dinner that night.

Best regards,
-Jonathan Dariyanani
President
Cognotion, Inc.
Tel USA +1 540-841-0226
Fax USA +1 415-358-5548
Email: jonathan@cognotion.com

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-Sent from Gmail Mobile...please excuse errors.
Jonathan Dariyanani
President and CEO
Cognotion, Inc.
540-841-0226



ELECTRONICALLY SERVED 5/16/2019 3:00 PM

	5/16/2019 3:00 PN	/I
1	HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS PLLO	٦.
2	Martin A. Little, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7067	
3	E-mail: mal@h2law.com Alexander Villamar, Esq.	
4	Nevada Bar No. 9927 E-mail: av@h2law.com	
5	3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1000 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169	
6	Tel: 702 257-1483	
7	Fax: 702 567-1568 Attorneys for Plaintiff	
8	DISTRICT	COURT
	CLARK COUNT	ΓY, NEVADA
9	LA GOVI GEORGE LA NEEGG 1 VAN	GAGENO A 40 FECONO G
10	JASON GEORGE LANDESS a.k.a. KAY GEORGE LANDESS, an individual,	CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C DEPT. NO.: 32
11	Plaintiff,	
12	vs.	
13	KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, MD, an individual; KEVIN P DEBIPARSHAD PLLC,	TWELFTH SUPPLEMENT TO PLAINTIFF'S INITIAL EARLY CASE
14	a Nevada professional limited liability	CONFERENCE DISCLOSURE OF
15	company doing business as "SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS";	DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES
16	DEBIPARSHAD PROFESSIONAL SERVICES LLC, a Nevada professional	
17	limited liability company doing business as "SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS";	
18	ALLEGIANT INSTITUTE INC., a Nevada domestic professional corporation doing	
19	business as "ALLEGIANT SPINE INSTITUTE"; JASWINDER S. GROVER,	
20	MD, an individual; JASWINDER S.	
21	GROVER, M.D., Ltd doing business as "NEVADA SPINE CLINIC"; VALLEY HEALTH SYSTEM LLC, a Delaware limited	
22	liability company doing business as "CENTENNIAL HILLS HOSPITAL"; UHS	
23	OF DELAWARE, INC., a Delaware	
24	corporation also doing business as "CENTENNIAL HILLS HOSPITAL";	
25	DOES 1-X, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS I-X, inclusive,	
26	Defendants.	
27		
28	I DOCUMENTS (D.11-1 4 1	- manufacture and an and an
	I. DOCUMENTS: (Bolded items are being	g supplemented/amended)
- 1	4	

Case Number: A-18-776896-C

	EARLY CASE CONFERENCE DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES:
1.	MedicWest Ambulance/AMR medical and billing records, Bates labeled MAI 00001-MAI 00012.
2.	Mercy Ambulance c/o American Medical Response medical and billing records, Bates labeled MACAMR 00001- MACAMR 00013.
3.	Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center medical and billing records, Bates labeled CHHMCMR 00001- CHHMCMR 00347; CHHMCB 00001-CHHMCB 00006.
4.	John Herr, M.D. medical and billing records, Bates labeled JEHM 00001- JEHM 00022.
5.	St. Rose Dominican Hospital-Rose de Lima medical and billing records, Bates labeled SRDRDMR 00001-SRDRDLMR 000352; RDRDLB 00001- SRDRDLB 00009.
6.	University Medical Center Spring Valley Quick Care medical and billing records, Bates labeled UMCOSNVMR 00001 – UMCOSNVMR 00015; UMCOSNSVQCB 00001- UMCOSNSVQCB 00003.
7.	Nevada Spine Clinic medical records, Bates labeled NSCMR 00001- NSCMR 00019.
8.	Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, M.D. medical and billing records, Bates labeled DOCL 00001-DOCL 00050; updated medical and billing records, Bates labeled DOCL 00051-DOCL 00077.
9,	COGNOTION employment and payroll records, Bates labeled CI 00001- CI 00006; P 00001 – P 00002.
10.	Plaintiff's U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns for the years 2012 through 2017, Bates labeled P 00003 – P 00082.
11,	Fax dated 6/4/18 from Kevin Debiparshad, M.D./Synergy Spine and Orthopedics, Bates labeled P 000083 – P 00086.
12.	Photographs of x-rays taken 10/25/17, 11/22/17 and 12/20/17, Bates labeled P 000087-P 000088.

	FIRST SUPPLEMENT TO EARLY CASE CONFERENCE DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES:
13.	Curriculum Vitae and Fee Schedule for Roger Fontes, M.D., Bates labeled P00089-P00093.
	SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO EARLY CASE CONFERENCE DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES:
14.	Sheth, U; Blomberg, J; Szatkowski, J. <i>Tibial Shaft Fractures</i> , Ortho Bullets (10/30/2018), Bates labeled P000094-P000103.
15.	St. Rose Dominican Hospital-Siena Campus medical and billing records Bates labeled SRDSMR 00001- SRDSMR 00471; and SRDSB 00001- SRDSB 00009.
16.	Fyzical Therapy and Balance Centers medical and billing records, Bates labeled FTBC 0001- FTABC 00040.
17,	Verizon Phone bill for September & October 2017, Bates labeled P000104-P00105.
18.	Forte Family Practice medical and billing records to be produced upon receipt.
19.	Synergy Spine & Orthopedics medical records to be produced upon receipt.
20.	Nevada Spine Clinic billing records, Bates labeled NSCB 00001-NSCB 00005.
	THIRD SUPPLEMENT TO EARLY CASE CONFERENCE DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES:
21.	Copies of Plaintiff's Medicare and AARP cards, Bates labeled P00106.
22.	Cognotion correspondence to Plaintiff, Bates labeled CI 00002-CI 00006.
23.	Cognotion 1099s, Bates labeled P00107-P00110.
24.	Account Summary for Plaintiff's checking account with Bank of America for January, March and May 2018, Bates labeled P00111-P00113.
25.	Plaintiff's correspondence to Dr. Debiparshad dated May 8, 2018, Bates labeled P00114.
26.	Plaintiff's emails to Denis Harris, MD, Bates labeled P00115-P00122.
27.	Printout of Paiute Golf Rounds from May 15-October 15, 2017, Bates labeled P00123.

	(m)
28.	Plaintiff's emails to and from Mark Mills, J.D., M.D., Bates labeled P00124-P00128.
29.	Declaration of Michael Arrigo in Support of Opposition to Motion to Dismiss, Bates labeled P00129-P00160.
30.	Case Information form for Smith Economic Group, Bates labeled P00161-P00164.
31,	Cognotion offer of employment dated December 18, 2015, Bates labeled P00165-P00166.
32.	Cognotion letter regarding pay in 2017 and 2018 dated July 18, 2018, Bates labeled CI0001-CI0002.
33.	Cognotion termination letter dated January 3, 2019, Bates labeled P00167-P00168.
34.	Plaintiff's Sworn Declaration re Cognotion records, Bates labeled P00169.
35.	Retainer Agreement (2017), Bates labeled P00170-P00174.
36.	Retainer Agreement (2018), Bates labeled P00175-P00179.
37.	Photographs of x-rays in 2017 and 2018, and of Plaintiff's leg after surgery in 2017 and 2018, Bates labeled P00180-P00193.
38.	Post-accident video of the scene of the October 9, 2017 accident at Paiute Golf Course, Bates labeled P00194.
39.	A recording of a voicemail message from Dr. Debiparshad's assistant, "Ron," which was left on Plaintiff's phone on February 26, 2018, Bates labeled P00195.
1- To	FOURTH SUPPLEMENT TO EARLY CASE CONFERENCE DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES:
40.	Lundy, Douglas W., et al., Pearls and pitfalls with proximal third tibial fractures, <i>AAOSNow</i> , 2007 October, Bates labeled P00196-P00200.
	FIFTH SUPPLEMENT TO EARLY CASE CONFERENCE DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES:
	Please see supplements to #6 and #20 above.

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1	SET S	SIXTH SUPPLEMENT TAND WITNESSES:
2		AND WITHESES.
3	41.	Color photograph of F surgery by Roger Fon
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5		SEVENTH SUPPLEMI DOCUMENTS AND WI
6		ST 181 F CHARLE
7	42.	Curriculum Vitae and P00202-P00206.
8	43.	Minnesota Multiphas
9	43.	Report: Clinical Sett
10		labeled P00207-P0020
11		EIGHTH SUPPLEMENT DOCUMENTS AND WI
12		DOCUMENTS AND WI
13	44.	Binder containing providers:
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25		Nieszense Causana
26		NINTH SUPPLEMENT TAND WITNESSES:
27	45.	ACH Payment to Jaso
28		Bates labeled P00220.

	SIXTH SUPPLEMENT TO EARLY CASE CONFERENCE DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES:	
41.	Color photograph of Plaintiff's leg taken on March 26, 2018, prior to April 3, 2018 surgery by Roger Fontes, M.D., Bates labeled P00201.	
	SEVENTH SUPPLEMENT TO EARLY CASE CONFERENCE DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES:	
42.	Curriculum Vitae and Fee Schedule for John Herr, M.D., Bates labeled P00202-P00202-P00206.	
43.	Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory-2 Restructured Form – <i>Interpretive Report: Clinical Settings</i> dated January 21, 2019, for Jason G. Landess, Bates labeled P00207-P002018.	
	EIGHTH SUPPLEMENT TO EARLY CASE CONFERENCE DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES:	
44.	Binder containing prints of radiology studies from the following healthcare providers:	
	Centennial Hills Hospital/Kevin Debiparshad, MD	
	UMC Quick Care (10/14/17)	
	Newport MRI (Nevada Spine)/Kevin Debiparshad, MD (10/25/17; 11/22/17; 12/20/17; 1/31/18)	
	Nevada Spine Clinic/Kevin Debiparshad, MD (1/31/18)	
	John Herr, M.D. (2/12/18)	
	Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, MD (2/15/18; 4/18/18; 5/30/18; 6/27/18; 8/8/18; 10/5/18)	
	Advanced Urgent Care (3/1/18)	
	Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, MD (4/3/19)	
	Bates labeled P00219.	
	NINTH SUPPLEMENT TO EARLY CASE CONFERENCE DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES:	
45.	ACH Payment to Jason Landess on March 18, 2019, Chase for Business account, Bates labeled P00220.	

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dated July 12, 2018, regarding salary paid to Jason Landess in 2017 and 2018;

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	ProDox request for Cognotion employment and payroll records regarding Jason Landess), Bates labeled P00514-P00539.
58.	SME Lawyer questions for CNA, Bates labeled P00540.
59.	Video - "Close Up - Meet Your Faculty," Bates labeled P00541.

Pursuant to NRCP 16.1(a)(1)(B), Plaintiff hereby provides notice to Defendants that the following tangible items are in Plaintiff's possession, and will be produced with Plaintiff's responses to Defendants' discovery requests:

- 1. Photographs of Plaintiff's left leg after his surgery on October 10, 2017, and April 3, 2018;
- 2. A post-accident video of the scene of the October 9, 2017 accident at Paiute Golf Course;
- 3. A recording of a voicemail message from Dr. Debiparshad's assistant, "Ron," which was left on Plaintiff's phone on February 26, 2018;
- 4. A Cognotion, Inc. termination-of-Plaintiff letter dated January 3, 2019.

Plaintiff may also use any and all of the following books, articles, treatises, anatomical models, anatomical illustrations, anatomical diagrams, demonstrative exhibits at the time of trial of this matter:

- 1. Gray's Anatomy, The Anatomical Basis of Clinical Practice, 41st Edition. (Elsevier Saunders, 2016).
- 2. Dorland's Medical Dictionary, 32nd Edition. (Elsevier Saunders, 2012).
- 3. Illustrations of radiology studies.
- **4.** Anatomical models of the tibia and fibula.
- 5. Anatomical illustrations of the tibia and fibula.
- 6. Illustrations of the surgical hardware and instruments used during Plaintiff's surgery on October 11, 2017 by Dr. Debiparshad.
- 7. Exemplars of surgical hardware similar to the surgical hardware used during

1		Plaintiff's surgery on October 11, 2017 by Dr. Debiparshad.
2	8.	Anatomical diagrams of the tibia and fibula.
3	9.	Demonstrative exhibits, including but not limited to
4		a timeline
5		
6		ntiff reserves the right to supplement this list with any and all other relevant documents
7	and record	s which come into his possession during discovery. Plaintiff further reserves the right
8	to use any	document identified by any other party to this litigation.
10	II.	INDIVIDUALS LIKELY TO HAVE DISCOVERABLE
11		INFORMATION: (Bolded items are being supplemented/amended)
12	1,	Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess c/o Howard & Howard Attorneys, PLLC
13		3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1000
14		Las Vegas, NV 89169 Telephone: (702) 257-1483
15		Facsimile: (702) 567-1568
16	Mr	. Landess is the Plaintiff in this action and is expected to have discoverable information
17 18	regarding	g his knowledge of the facts and circumstances, causation, findings, injuries, wage
19	loss, loss	of earning capacity and other damages surrounding his claim.
20	2.	Steven Landess 4662 Hoeker Way
21		Las Vegas, NV 89147
22		702-245-4477
23	Mr.	Landess is the Plaintiff's son and is expected to have discoverable information
24	regarding	g his knowledge of the facts and circumstances, causation, findings, injuries, Plaintiff's
25	condition	before and after the incident, and other damages surrounding Plaintiff's claim.
26	3.	Justin Landess
28		7054 Big Springs Court Las Vegas, NV 89113

1 2

Mr. Landess is the Plaintiff's son and is expected to have discoverable information regarding his knowledge of the facts and circumstances, causation, findings, injuries, Plaintiff's condition before and after the incident, and other damages surrounding Plaintiff's claim.

4. Barbara Christine Lambson 2144 West 7380 South West Jordan, UT 84084 801-574-0458

Ms. Lambson is the Plaintiff's daughter and is expected to have discoverable information regarding her knowledge of the facts and circumstances, causation, findings, injuries, Plaintiff's condition before and after the incident, and other damages surrounding Plaintiff's claim.

5. Carolyn Landess
5432 Morning Swim Lane
Las Vegas, NV 89113
702-253-6788

Ms. Landess is Plaintiff's ex-wife and is expected to have discoverable information regarding her knowledge of the facts and circumstances, causation, findings, injuries, Plaintiff's condition before and after the incident, and other damages surrounding Plaintiff's claim.

Robert Brigham
 3416 N. Tenaya Way
 Las Vegas, NV 89129
 702-533-5658

Mr. Brigham is the Plaintiff's brother and is expected to have discoverable information regarding his knowledge of the facts and circumstances, causation, findings, injuries, Plaintiff's condition before and after the incident, and other damages surrounding Plaintiff's claim.

7. Mark J. Mills, J.D., M.D.

8300 Wisconsin Avenue, Suite 349 Bethesda, MD 20814 301-310-2335

Dr. Mills is an attorney, medical doctor, and Plaintiff's friend, and is expected to have discoverable information regarding his knowledge of the facts and circumstances, causation, findings, injuries, Plaintiff's condition before and after the incident, and other damages surrounding Plaintiff's claim.

Neil Simmons
 3397 Oasis Drive
 Lake Havasu City, AZ 86404

Mr. Simmons is Plaintiff's minister and friend and is expected to have discoverable information regarding his knowledge of the facts and circumstances, causation, findings, injuries, Plaintiff's condition before and after the incident, and other damages surrounding Plaintiff's claim.

9. Sally Simmons
3397 Oasis Drive
Lake Havasu City, AZ 86404

Ms. Simmons is Plaintiff's friend and is expected to have discoverable information regarding her knowledge of the facts and circumstances, causation, findings, injuries, Plaintiff's condition before and after the incident, and other damages surrounding Plaintiff's claim.

10. Tom Fischer 10325 Nu-Way Kaiv Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89124 702-658-1400

Mr. Fischer is the head in-house golf professional at the Paiute Golf Course, and is expected to have discoverable information regarding his knowledge of the facts and

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circumstances, Plaintiff's condition before the incident, and other damages surrounding Plaintiff's claim.

The following witnesses are expected to testify regarding their knowledge and understanding of facts and circumstances of this case, medical treatment rendered to Plaintiff, causation, investigation, policies and procedures, findings, injuries, and/or any other matters surrounding the subject incident and/or Plaintiff's damages. The Custodians of Record are expected to testify regarding authentication of any and all records produced on behalf of said Defendants:

 Person with Knowledge and Custodian of Records for Defendants Kevin Paul Debiparshad, M.D.; Kevin P. Debiparshad PLLC d/b/a Synergy Spine and Orthopedics; and Debiparshad Professional Servuces d/b/a Synergy Spine and Orthopedics c/o Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard & Smith LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600

Las Vegas, NV 89118 Telephone: 702-893-3383 Facsimile: 702-893-3789

 Person with Knowledge and Custodian of Records for Defendant Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLC 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144

Telephone: 702-889-6400 Facsimile: 702-384-6025

 Person With Knowledge and Custodian of Records for Defendants Jaswinder S. Grover, M.D.; Jaswinder S. Grover, M.D., Ltd. dba Nevada Spine Clinic c/o Cotton & Associates 7900 W. Sahara Avenue, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117

Telephone: 702-832-5909 Facsimile: 702-832-5910

4. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Defendant Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center Stuart J. Meyers, M.D.

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David K. McCleve, PA-C Kevin Hyer, M.D. Ahmed Fawad, M.D. Stephanie Latta, R.N. Jennifer Townsend, R.N. Karen Buettner, R.N. Elizabeth Keleman, R.N. Earl R. Ang, M.D. Brendon Bicol, N.P. Gregory L. Goetz, D.O. Winter Guesman, R.N. Jennifer M. Rivera, Student Nurse (NSC) Jeff Japalucci, Radiology Technician "Director Jayme" Jayme Morrisette, R.N. "Clin Sup Andrea" Tammy Robinson, R.N. Kathleen Olbur, R.N. Dr. Arora Brian Anderson, P.T. Jacqueline Urban c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLC 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144

- 5. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records
 MedicWest Ambulance, Inc./American Medical Response
 Penny Pukall, AMR Paramedic
 Jacob Nielsen, AMR Advanced EMT
 PO Box 745774
 Los Angeles, CA 90074
- 6. Ron Tricoli
 Address to be supplemented

This witness may also give opinions regarding the authenticity of medical and billing records, the cost of medical care, and whether those medical costs fall within ordinary and customary charges in the community, for similar medical care and treatment.

 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records UMC QuickCare
 4180 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 810 Las Vegas, NV 89103
 702-383-3645
 -and-University Medical Center of Southern Nevada

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1800 W. Charleston Boulevard Las Vegas, NV 89102

This witness may also give opinions regarding the authenticity of medical and billing records, the cost of medical care, and whether those medical costs fall within ordinary and customary charges in the community, for similar medical care and treatment.

 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records St. Rose Dominican Hospital-de Lima Campus 102 E. Lake Mead Parkway Henderson, NV 89015

This witness may also give opinions regarding the authenticity of medical and billing records, the cost of medical care, and whether those medical costs fall within ordinary and customary charges in the community, for similar medical care and treatment.

 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records St. Rose Dominican Hospital-Siena Campus 3001 St. Rose Parkway Henderson, NV 89052

This witness may also give opinions regarding the authenticity of medical and billing records, the cost of medical care, and whether those medical costs fall within ordinary and customary charges in the community, for similar medical care and treatment.

 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Steinberg Diagnostic Medical Imaging 9070 W. Post Road Las Vegas, NV 89148 702-732-6000

This witness may also give opinions regarding the authenticity of medical and billing records, the cost of medical care, and whether those medical costs fall within ordinary and customary charges in the community, for similar medical care and treatment.

 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Kate Duggan Bioventus
 4721 Emperor Blvd., Suite 100 Durham, NC 27703
 412-585-0386

This witness may also give opinions regarding the authenticity of medical and billing records, the cost of medical equipment, and whether those medical costs fall within ordinary and customary charges in the community, for similar medical equipment.

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Meneleo Jaojoco, M.D.
 UMC QuickCare
 4180 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 810
 Las Vegas, NV 89103
 702-383-3645

This provider may give expert opinions in written reports and/or testimony regarding the mechanism and/or causation of Plaintiff Jason Landess' injuries, his/her diagnosis, treatment, and prognosis; the effects of Plaintiff's permanent disability, pain, suffering, anxiety, loss of enjoyment of life and physical and mental restrictions resulting therefrom. This provider is also expected to testify consistent with his/her examination of Plaintiff, the medical records related to the treatment of the Plaintiff for the subject incident, and any medical history and records for other incidents, before or after the subject incident having relevance to this action. The facts and opinions to which this provider is expected to testify include any and all facts and opinions in the said medical records and medical history of Plaintiff and that the medical treatment the Plaintiff received was reasonable, necessary, and caused by the incident set forth in the Complaint; that the Plaintiff may require future treatment that is also caused by the subject incident, and is expected to consist of emergency medical treatment. This provider is expected to give expert opinions regarding any facts and opinions that would respond to or rebut the opinions, testimony and evidence offered by Defendants and their respective lay and expert witnesses disclosed by any party in this action, whether in a written report or other documentary evidence, or provided as testimony. This provider is also expected to give expert opinions regarding Plaintiff's diminished work life expectancy, work capacity, and/or life expectancy which are the result of the subject incident. This expert is expected to give expert opinions regarding the appropriateness and value of any treatment rendered to Plaintiff by any of her other healthcare providers; the appropriateness and value of any diagnostic testing, including psychological and neuropsychological testing, performed on the Plaintiff, as well as the findings and assessments made by other healthcare providers, as well as his/her own opinion regarding any test and the findings/diagnosis; future treatment which Plaintiff may need; and any other opinion that may be based on the healthcare provider's experience and/or recommendations made by any other healthcare provider, and/or based upon any diagnostic test, and/or his/her review of any of Plaintiff's medical records from Plaintiff's date of birth to present, that was made during Plaintiff's course of treatment; Plaintiff's damages; any other healthcare provider's report or testimony; any expert's report or testimony. This provider's testimony and opinions will consist of the reasonableness and necessity of the past, present and future medical treatment rendered or to be rendered by any healthcare provider; the causation of the necessity for past, present and future medical treatment caused by the subject incident; the reasonableness of the costs associated with such past, present and future medical treatment; and that they were and are related to the subject incident; the authenticity of medical records, the cost of medical care, and whether those medical costs fall within ordinary and customary charges in the community, for similar medical care and treatment. This provider is hereby designated as a non-retained treating physician/healthcare provider expert witness. Additionally, as a treating physician,

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Plaintiff reserves the right to supplement this designation in the event Plaintiff's treatment is continuing and ongoing beyond the date of this designation.

Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records
John Herr, M.D.
4425 South Pecos Road, Suite 1
Las Vegas, NV 89121

This provider may give expert opinions in written reports and/or testimony regarding the mechanism and/or causation of Plaintiff Jason Landess' injuries, his/her diagnosis, treatment, and prognosis; the effects of Plaintiff's permanent disability, pain, suffering, anxiety, loss of enjoyment of life and physical and mental restrictions resulting therefrom. This provider is also expected to testify consistent with his/her examination of Plaintiff, the medical records related to the treatment of the Plaintiff for the subject incident, and any medical history and records for other incidents, before or after the subject incident having relevance to this action. The facts and opinions to which this provider is expected to testify include any and all facts and opinions in the said medical records and medical history of Plaintiff and that the medical treatment the Plaintiff received was reasonable, necessary, and caused by the incident set forth in the Complaint; that the Plaintiff may require future treatment that is also caused by the subject incident, and is expected to consist of orthopedic treatment. This provider is expected to give expert opinions regarding any facts and opinions that would respond to or rebut the opinions, testimony and evidence offered by Defendants and their respective lay and expert witnesses disclosed by any party in this action, whether in a written report or other documentary evidence, or provided as testimony. This provider is also expected to give expert opinions regarding Plaintiff's diminished work life expectancy, work capacity, and/or life expectancy which are the result of the subject incident. This expert is expected to give expert opinions regarding the appropriateness and value of any treatment rendered to Plaintiff by any of her other healthcare providers; the appropriateness and value of any diagnostic testing, including psychological and neuropsychological testing, performed on the Plaintiff, as well as the findings and assessments made by other healthcare providers, as well as his/her own opinion regarding any test and the findings/diagnosis; future treatment which Plaintiff may need; and any other opinion that may be based on the healthcare provider's experience and/or recommendations made by any other healthcare provider, and/or based upon any diagnostic test, and/or his/her review of any of Plaintiff's medical records from Plaintiff's date of birth to present, that was made during Plaintiff's course of treatment; Plaintiff's damages; any other healthcare provider's report or testimony; any expert's report or testimony. This provider's testimony and opinions will consist of the reasonableness and necessity of the past, present and future medical treatment rendered or to be rendered by any healthcare provider; the causation of the necessity for past, present and future medical treatment caused by the subject incident; the reasonableness of the costs associated with such past, present and future medical treatment; and that they were and are related to the subject incident; the authenticity of medical records, the cost of medical care, and whether those medical costs fall within ordinary and customary charges in the community, for similar medical care and treatment. This provider is hereby designated as a non-retained treating physician/healthcare provider expert witness. Additionally, as a treating physician, Plaintiff reserves the right to

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supplement this designation in the event Plaintiff's treatment is continuing and ongoing beyond the date of this designation.

 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Roger Fontes, M.D.
 Laura Rodriguez, PA-C
 Desert Orthopedic Center
 82-5 W. Warm Springs Road, Suite 250
 Las Vegas, NV 89113
 702-731-1616

This provider may give expert opinions in written reports and/or testimony regarding the mechanism and/or causation of Plaintiff Jason Landess' injuries, his/her diagnosis, treatment, and prognosis; the effects of Plaintiff's permanent disability, pain, suffering, anxiety, loss of enjoyment of life and physical and mental restrictions resulting therefrom. This provider is also expected to testify consistent with his/her examination of Plaintiff, the medical records related to the treatment of the Plaintiff for the subject incident, and any medical history and records for other incidents, before or after the subject incident having relevance to this action. The facts and opinions to which this provider is expected to testify include any and all facts and opinions in the said medical records and medical history of Plaintiff and that the medical treatment the Plaintiff received was reasonable, necessary, and caused by the incident set forth in the Complaint; that the Plaintiff may require future treatment that is also caused by the subject incident, and is expected to consist of orthopedic surgery and treatment. This provider is expected to give expert opinions regarding any facts and opinions that would respond to or rebut the opinions, testimony and evidence offered by Defendants and their respective lay and expert witnesses disclosed by any party in this action, whether in a written report or other documentary evidence, or provided as testimony. This provider is also expected to give expert opinions regarding Plaintiff's diminished work life expectancy, work capacity, and/or life expectancy which are the result of the subject incident. This expert is expected to give expert opinions regarding the appropriateness and value of any treatment rendered to Plaintiff by any of her other healthcare providers; the appropriateness and value of any diagnostic testing, including psychological and neuropsychological testing, performed on the Plaintiff, as well as the findings and assessments made by other healthcare providers, as well as his/her own opinion regarding any test and the findings/diagnosis; future treatment which Plaintiff may need; and any other opinion that may be based on the healthcare provider's experience and/or recommendations made by any other healthcare provider, and/or based upon any diagnostic test, and/or his/her review of any of Plaintiff's medical records from Plaintiff's date of birth to present, that was made during Plaintiff's course of treatment; Plaintiff's damages; any other healthcare provider's report or testimony; any expert's report or testimony. This provider's testimony and opinions will consist of the reasonableness and necessity of the past, present and future medical treatment rendered or to be rendered by any healthcare provider; the causation of the necessity for past, present and future medical treatment caused by the subject incident; the reasonableness of the costs associated with such past, present and future medical treatment; and that they were and are related to the subject incident; the authenticity of medical records, the cost of medical care,

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and whether those medical costs fall within ordinary and customary charges in the community, for similar medical care and treatment. This provider is hereby designated as a non-retained treating physician/healthcare provider expert witness. Additionally, as a treating physician, Plaintiff reserves the right to supplement this designation in the event Plaintiff's treatment is continuing and ongoing beyond the date of this designation.

 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Fyzical Therapy & Balance Center Jones 3820 S. Jones Boulevard Las Vegas, NV 89103 702-818-5000

This provider may give expert opinions in written reports and/or testimony regarding the mechanism and/or causation of Plaintiff Jason Landess' injuries, his/her diagnosis, treatment, and prognosis; the effects of Plaintiff's permanent disability, pain, suffering, anxiety, loss of enjoyment of life and physical and mental restrictions resulting therefrom. This provider is also expected to testify consistent with his/her examination of Plaintiff, the medical records related to the treatment of the Plaintiff for the subject incident, and any medical history and records for other incidents, before or after the subject incident having relevance to this action. The facts and opinions to which this provider is expected to testify include any and all facts and opinions in the said medical records and medical history of Plaintiff and that the medical treatment the Plaintiff received was reasonable, necessary, and caused by the incident set forth in the Complaint; that the Plaintiff will require future treatment that is also caused by the subject incident, and is expected to consist of physical therapy. This provider is expected to give expert opinions regarding any facts and opinions that would respond to or rebut the opinions, testimony and evidence offered by Defendants and their respective lay and expert witnesses disclosed by any party in this action, whether in a written report or other documentary evidence, or provided as testimony. This provider is also expected to give expert opinions regarding Plaintiff's diminished work life expectancy, work capacity, and/or life expectancy which are the result of the subject incident. This expert is expected to give expert opinions regarding the appropriateness and value of any treatment rendered to Plaintiff by any of her other healthcare providers; the appropriateness and value of any diagnostic testing, including psychological and neuropsychological testing, performed on the Plaintiff, as well as the findings and assessments made by other healthcare providers, as well as his/her own opinion regarding any test and the findings/diagnosis; future treatment which Plaintiff may need; and any other opinion that may be based on the healthcare provider's experience and/or recommendations made by any other healthcare provider, and/or based upon any diagnostic test, and/or his/her review of any of Plaintiff's medical records from Plaintiff's date of birth to present, that was made during Plaintiff's course of treatment; Plaintiff's damages; any other healthcare provider's report or testimony; any expert's report or testimony. This provider's testimony and opinions will consist of the reasonableness and necessity of the past, present and future medical treatment rendered or to be rendered by any healthcare provider; the causation of the necessity for past, present and future medical treatment caused by the subject incident; the reasonableness of the costs associated with such past, present and future medical treatment; and that they were and are related to the subject incident; the

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authenticity of medical records, the cost of medical care, and whether those medical costs fall within ordinary and customary charges in the community, for similar medical care and treatment. This provider is hereby designated as a non-retained treating physician/healthcare provider expert witness. Additionally, as a treating physician, Plaintiff reserves the right to supplement this designation in the event Plaintiff's treatment is continuing and ongoing beyond the date of this designation.

Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Robert Bien, M.D.
7050 Smoke Ranch Road, Suite 130 Las Vegas, NV 89128
702-233-9911

This provider may give expert opinions in written reports and/or testimony regarding the mechanism and/or causation of Plaintiff Jason Landess' injuries, his/her diagnosis, treatment, and prognosis; the effects of Plaintiff's permanent disability, pain, suffering, anxiety, loss of enjoyment of life and physical and mental restrictions resulting therefrom. This provider is also expected to testify consistent with his/her examination of Plaintiff, the medical records related to the treatment of the Plaintiff for the subject incident, and any medical history and records for other incidents, before or after the subject incident having relevance to this action. The facts and opinions to which this provider is expected to testify include any and all facts and opinions in the said medical records and medical history of Plaintiff and that the medical treatment the Plaintiff received was reasonable, necessary, and caused by the incident set forth in the Complaint; that the Plaintiff will require future treatment that is also caused by the subject incident, and is expected to consist of pain management. This provider is expected to give expert opinions regarding any facts and opinions that would respond to or rebut the opinions, testimony and evidence offered by Defendants and their respective lay and expert witnesses disclosed by any party in this action, whether in a written report or other documentary evidence, or provided as testimony. This provider is also expected to give expert opinions regarding Plaintiff's diminished work life expectancy, work capacity, and/or life expectancy which are the result of the subject incident. This expert is expected to give expert opinions regarding the appropriateness and value of any treatment rendered to Plaintiff by any of her other healthcare providers; the appropriateness and value of any diagnostic testing, including psychological and neuropsychological testing, performed on the Plaintiff, as well as the findings and assessments made by other healthcare providers, as well as his/her own opinion regarding any test and the findings/diagnosis; future treatment which Plaintiff may need; and any other opinion that may be based on the healthcare provider's experience and/or recommendations made by any other healthcare provider, and/or based upon any diagnostic test, and/or his/her review of any of Plaintiff's medical records from Plaintiff's date of birth to present, that was made during Plaintiff's course of treatment; Plaintiff's damages; any other healthcare provider's report or testimony; any expert's report or testimony. This provider's testimony and opinions will consist of the reasonableness and necessity of the past, present and future medical treatment rendered or to be rendered by any healthcare provider; the causation of the necessity for past, present and future medical treatment caused by the subject incident; the reasonableness of the costs associated with such past, present and future medical treatment; and that they were and

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are related to the subject incident; the authenticity of medical records, the cost of medical care, and whether those medical costs fall within ordinary and customary charges in the community, for similar medical care and treatment. This provider is hereby designated as a non-retained treating physician/healthcare provider expert witness. Additionally, as a treating physician, Plaintiff reserves the right to supplement this designation in the event Plaintiff's treatment is continuing and ongoing beyond the date of this designation.

17. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records
Dana Forte, M.D.
Forte Family Practice
4845 South Rainbow Boulevard
Las Vegas, NV 89103

This provider may give expert opinions in written reports and/or testimony regarding the mechanism and/or causation of Plaintiff Jason Landess' injuries, his/her diagnosis, treatment, and prognosis; the effects of Plaintiff's permanent disability, pain, suffering, anxiety, loss of enjoyment of life and physical and mental restrictions resulting therefrom. This provider is also expected to testify consistent with his/her examination of Plaintiff, the medical records related to the treatment of the Plaintiff for the subject incident, and any medical history and records for other incidents, before or after the subject incident having relevance to this action. The facts and opinions to which this provider is expected to testify include any and all facts and opinions in the said medical records and medical history of Plaintiff and that the medical treatment the Plaintiff received was reasonable, necessary, and caused by the incident set forth in the Complaint; that the Plaintiff will require future treatment that is also caused by the subject incident, and is expected to consist of medical care and treatment. This provider is expected to give expert opinions regarding any facts and opinions that would respond to or rebut the opinions, testimony and evidence offered by Defendants and their respective lay and expert witnesses disclosed by any party in this action, whether in a written report or other documentary evidence, or provided as testimony. This provider is also expected to give expert opinions regarding Plaintiff's diminished work life expectancy, work capacity, and/or life expectancy which are the result of the subject incident. This expert is expected to give expert opinions regarding the appropriateness and value of any treatment rendered to Plaintiff by any of her other healthcare providers; the appropriateness and value of any diagnostic testing, including psychological and neuropsychological testing, performed on the Plaintiff, as well as the findings and assessments made by other healthcare providers, as well as his/her own opinion regarding any test and the findings/diagnosis; future treatment which Plaintiff may need; and any other opinion that may be based on the healthcare provider's experience and/or recommendations made by any other healthcare provider, and/or based upon any diagnostic test, and/or his/her review of any of Plaintiff's medical records from Plaintiff's date of birth to present, that was made during Plaintiff's course of treatment; Plaintiff's damages; any other healthcare provider's report or testimony; any expert's report or testimony. This provider's testimony and opinions will consist of the reasonableness and necessity of the past, present and future medical treatment rendered or to be rendered by any healthcare provider; the causation of the necessity for past, present and future medical treatment caused by the subject incident; the reasonableness of the costs associated with such past, present and future medical treatment; and that they were and

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are related to the subject incident; the authenticity of medical records, the cost of medical care, and whether those medical costs fall within ordinary and customary charges in the community, for similar medical care and treatment. This provider is hereby designated as a non-retained treating physician/healthcare provider expert witness. Additionally, as a treating physician, Plaintiff reserves the right to supplement this designation in the event Plaintiff's treatment is continuing and ongoing beyond the date of this designation.

The following witnesses are expected to testify as to his/her knowledge and facts of Plaintiff's employment, time off, sick leave, annual wages, benefit package, and any other pertinent information relating to Plaintiff's past and future lost wages, loss of earning capacity claims, 1099s and income tax returns.

- Person with Knowledge/Custodian of Records
 Jonathan Dariyanani, Esq.
 COGNOTION
 150 East 57th Street, Suite 19E
 New York, NY 10022
 541-841-0226
- 2. Person with Knowledge/Custodian of Records Internal Revenue Service Fresno, CA

Plaintiff has retained the following expert witness, whose affidavit is attached to the Complaint on file herein.

Denis R. Harris, M.D.
3301 New Mexico Ave. Northwest, Suite 346
Washington, D.C. 20016

Plaintiff will identify additional experts in accordance with the Scheduling Order.

- Mark J. Mills, J.D., M.D.
 8300 Wisconsin Avenue, Suite 349 Bethesda, MD 20814 (301) 310-2335
- 2. Stan Smith, Ph.D. Smith Economics Group, Ltd.

1165 N. Clark Street, Suite 600 Chicago, IL 60610 (312) 943-1551

- 3. Eleanor Kenney, RN, Ph.D. 12616 Crystal Ranch Road Moorpark, CA 93021 (805) 529-6930
- Non-retained treating physician expert:
 Roger Fontes, M.D.
 Desert Orthopedic Center
 2800 East Desert Inn Road
 Las Vegas, NV 89121
 702-731-1616
- Non-retained treating physician expert: John Herr, M.D. 4425 South Pecos Road, Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89121 702-435-3535

Plaintiff anticipates that he may require testimony from any and all custodian of records, which are necessary to authenticate documents which cannot be stipulated to regarding admissibility by the parties herein.

Plaintiff reserves the right to call any and all expert witnesses that Plaintiff may hereafter select as the need arises during the course of this litigation. Plaintiff further reserves the right to supplement this witness list if any other witnesses become known to Plaintiff as this litigation progresses and as other witnesses are discovered or located.

Plaintiff also reserves the right to call any and all of the remaining Plaintiff's and the Defendants' proposed witnesses, any witnesses who have been deposed, or any other witnesses who become known to Plaintiff and/or Defendants as this litigation progresses and as other witnesses are discovered or located.

Finally, Plaintiff reserves the right to call rebuttal and/or impeachment witnesses; to call the records custodian for any person(s) or institution(s) to which there is an objection concerning authenticity; and to call any and all witnesses of any other party in this matter.

III. COMPUTATION OF DAMAGES

A computation of damages will become more ascertainable as discovery proceeds. Plaintiff reserves the right to seek and recover all damages as may be proven at the arbitration and to supplement this statement.

PAST MEDICAL EXPENSES

Initial Date of Service	Name of Provider	Total Charges
	Ambulance to Centennial Hills not included	- Cital geo
	Centennial Hills Hospital not included	
	Fyzical Therapy not included	
1/31/18;	Kevin Debiparshad, M.D.	515.00
2/2/18		
2/12/18	Evaluation of left leg for 2 nd opinion re step-off deformity anteriorly at level of fracture site along with increased bowing of left lower extremity (after 10/11/17 surgery IM nailing of left tibia) and weight-bearing pain in proximal portion of left tibia X-rays of left tibia/fibula – persistent angular deformity of left leg at fracture site at junction of proximal and middle 1/3 of left tibia w/delayed healing Recommend evaluation by Roger Fontes, MD	335.00
2/15/18- 10/5/18	Roger Fontes, MD/Laura Rodriguez, PA-C/ Desert Orthopedic Center • Evaluation of left leg – Fracture of upper end of left tibia; subsequent encounter for closed fracture with non-union • Surgery: Left proximal tibia nonunion nail revision with autograft on 4/3/18	18,529.06

Initial Date of Service	Name of Provider	Total Charges
	 5/30/18 – c/o persistent aching pain over lateral region of hip and requests an x-ray of hip for further evaluation Ordered Exogen Bone Stimulator for left lower extremity tibia non-union X-rays of left leg X-rays of right hip – pain is SI joint pain in origin and likely due to compensation 	
		10,606.03
2/20/18	Quest Diagnostics	224.54
3/1/18	Humberto Rodriguez/Kevin Debiparshad, MD	640.00
3/22/18	St. Rose Dominican Hospital-de Lima Campus	1,916.00
4/2/18	Del Gardner, MD	150.03
4/3/18	St. Rose Dominican Hospital-de Lima Campus Treatment of left tibia nonunion, broken hardware, left tibia Treatment with autograft, intramedullary rod fixation, left tibia, removal deep hardware multiple 4-hour "high risk" surgery (Dr. Roger Fontes)	160,128.00
4/3/18	Daniel Blake, M.D.	980.00
4/3/18	Mark Crawford, MD	4,172.00
5/9/18	Bioventus, LLC	4,950.00
6/6/18; 6/12/18; 6/21/18	Robert Bien, MD/George Momii, MD Pain Management	4,058.00
6/27/18; 8/8/18	Roger Fontes, MD/Desert Orthopedic Center Post-op follow up	198.00
9/25/18- 9/26/18	St. Rose Dominican Hospital-Siena Campus Surgery – right anterior total hip arthroscopy (Roger Fontes, MD/Laura Rodriguez, PA-C)	122,878.04
	Subtotal	\$330,279.68

Initial Date of Service	Name of Provider	Total Charges
		To be supplemented

In addition to the foregoing past and future medical expenses, Plaintiff seeks damages for his wage and other economic losses, loss of earning capacity, and for pain and suffering, past and future.

- A. Past Medical Expenses: Unknown at this time/to be supplemented.
- B. Future Medical Expenses: Unknown at this time/to be supplemented.
- C. Past and Future Wage Loss: Unknown at this time/to be supplemented. Please see expert Stan Smith, PhD's report dated January 23, 2019, regarding Plaintiff's Loss of Wages and Stock Purchase Options. The wage loss ranges from \$1,685,820 to \$2,686,138, depending on life expectancy or work life expectancy.
- D. Offset to Wages: Please see expert Stan Smith, PhD's report dated January 23, 2019, regarding Plaintiff's Loss of Wages and Stock Purchase Options. The offset to wages ranges from \$143,271 to \$564,826 depending on life expectancy or work life expectancy.
- E. Loss of Stock Purchase Options: Please see expert Stan Smith, PhD's report dated January 23, 2019, regarding Plaintiff's Loss of Wages and Stock Purchase Options. The loss of stock purchase options ranges from \$440,000 to \$1,700,000.
- F. Future Loss of Earning Capacity: Unknown at this time/to be supplemented.
- G. Loss of Household Services: Unknown at this time/to be supplemented.

 Please see expert Stan Smith, PhD's report dated January 23, 2019, regarding Plaintiff's

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Loss of Wages and Stock Purchase Options. Dr. Smith calculated the loss of the value of housekeeping and household management services is \$32,096.

- H. Reduction in Value of Life: Please see expert Stan Smith, PhD's report dated January 23, 2019, regarding Plaintiff's Loss of Wages and Stock Purchase Options. Dr. Smith calculated the reduction in the value of Plaintiff's life ranges from \$1,100,024 to \$1,283,361.
- . I. General Damages: In an amount to be determined at trial.
 - 1. Mental anguish: to be determined by the Trier of Fact;
 - 2. Loss of enjoyment of life: to be determined by the Trier of Fact;
 - 3. Pain and suffering: to be determined by the Trier of Fact;
- J. Interest: to be calculated at the statutory rate.
- K. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem appropriate.

All documents to support the above computation of damages are included in Plaintiff's Rule 16.1 Disclosure and all future supplements thereto. Further, Plaintiff reserves the right to amend his computation of damages as discovery continues and after further investigation.

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IV. **INSURANCE AGREEMENT**

Not applicable.

 Dated this 16th day of May, 2019.

HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS PLLC

By: /s/ Martin A. Little

Martin A. Little, Esq. Alexander Villamar, Esq. 3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy, Suite 1000 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone No. (702) 257-1483 Facsimile No. (702) 567-1568 Attorneys for Plaintiff

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am employed in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, am over the age of 18 years and not a party to this action. My business address is 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1000, Las Vegas, NV 89169.

On this 16th day of May, 2019, I served the ELEVENTH SUPPLEMENT TO

PLAINTIFF'S INITIAL EARLY CASE CONFERENCE DISCLOSURE OF DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES on all parties in this action or proceeding electronically with the Clerk of the Court via the Odyssey E-File and Serve system, which will cause this document to be served upon the following counsel of record. The CD containing exhibits 50-59 will be mailed to the following counsel of record:

Kenneth M. Webster, Esq.
Michael Shannon, Esq.
Marjorie E. Kratsas, Esq.
HALL PRANGLE SCHOONVELD, LLC
1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200
Las Vegas, NV 89144
S. Brent Vogel, Esq.
Katherine J. Gordon, Esq.
LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH
6385 South Rainbow Blvd., Suite 600
Las Vegas, NV 89118

I certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct, and that I executed this Certificate of Service on May 16, 2019, at Las Vegas, Nevada.

<u>s/Karen R. Gomez</u> An Employee of Howard & Howard Attorneys PLLC 4812-8952-4631.1



ELECTRONICALLY SERVED 5/30/2019 11:39 AM

S. BRENT VOGEL Nevada Bar No. 6858 Brent.Vogel@lewisbrisbois.com JOHN M. ORR Nevada Bar No. 14251 John.Orr@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 TEL: 702.893.3383 FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendants Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD, Kevin Paul Debiparshad, PLLC, d/b/a Synergy Spine and Orthopedics and Debiparshad Professional Services LLC d/b/a Synergy Spine and Orthopedics. 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 CASE NO. A-18-776896-C JASON GEORGE LANDESS a.k.a. KAY 12 GEORGE LANDESS, as an individual; Dept. No.: 24 DEFENDANTS KEVIN PAUL 13 Plaintiff, DEBIPARSHAD, MD, KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, PLLC DBA SYNERGY 14 SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS, AND DEBIPARSHAD PROFESSIONAL 15 KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, MD, an SERVICES LLC DBA SYNERGY SPINE individual; KEVIN P. DEBIPARSHAD PLLC, AND ORTHOPEDICS' SEVENTH a Nevada professional limited liability company SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF doing business as "SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS", DEBIPARSHAD WITNESSES AND DOCUMENTS **PURSUANT TO NRCP 16.1** PROFESSIONAL SERVICES LLC, a Nevada professional limited liability company doing business as "SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS", ALLEGIANT INSTITUTE INC. a Nevada domestic professional corporation doing business as "ALLEGIANT SPINE INSTITUTE"; JASWINDER S. GROVER, MD an individual; JASWINDER S. GROVER, MD Ltd doing business as "NEVADA SPINE CLINIC"; VALLEY HEALTH SYSTEM LLC, a Delaware 23 limited liability company doing business as "CENTENNIAL HILLS HOSPITAL", UHS OF DELAWARE, INC. a Delaware corporation also doing business as "CÉNTINNIAL HILLS HOSPITAL", DOES 1-X, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS I-26 X, inclusive, Defendants. 27 28

Case Number: A-18-776896-C

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP

COME NOW, Defendants, KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, MD, KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, PLLC dba SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS, AND DEBIPARSHAD PROFESSIONAL SERVICES LLC dba SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS ("Defendants"), by and through their counsel of record, S. Brent Vogel, and Katherine J. Gordon, of the Law Firm LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH, and supplement their Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1 as follows: (Supplemental information appears in bold, italicized type.)

I.

WITNESSES

JASON GEORGE LANDESS aka
GEORGE LANDESS
c/o Martin A. Little, Esq.
HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS PLLC
3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1000
Las Vegas, NV 89169

GEORGE LANDESS, is the Plaintiff in this matter, and is expected to testify regarding the facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in the Complaint now at issue in this litigation, including, but not limited to, the care and treatment he received from Defendants, his interactions with Defendants, Defendants' staff and with any other care providers. Plaintiff, GEORGE LANDESS' testimony shall also include testimony in support of the damages he allegedly sustained as a result of the Incident alleged in his Complaint.

Denis R. Harris, MD
 3301 New Mexico Ave. Northwest, Ste 346
 Washington, D.C. 20016

Denis Harris, MD, is Plaintiffs' Expert Witness, and is expected to testify regarding the facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiffs' Complaint, including without limitation, the care and treatment Decedent, ELISENDA AMARANTO, received from Defendant which is at issue in this litigation. Dr. Maynard is also expected to testify as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the incident alleged in the Plaintiffs' Complaint.

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITHUP 3. JASWINDER S. GROVER, MD c/o Stuart J. Taylor, Esq. COTTON & ASSOCIATES 7900 West Sahara Avenue, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117

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JASWINDER GROVER, MD, is a Defendant in this matter, and is expected to testify regarding the facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, including, but not limited to, the care and treatment he provided to Plaintiff, his interactions with Plaintiff and/or his staff regarding Plaintiff, and/or his interactions with any of Plaintiff's other care providers. Dr. Grover is also expected to testify as to the damages Plaintiff allegedly sustained as a result of the Incident alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint.

 Employees and Representatives of VALLEY HEALTH SYSTEM, LLC dba CENTENNIAL HILLS HOSPITAL c/o Kenneth M. Webster, Esq. Marjorie Kratsas, Esq. HALL, PRANGLE & SCHOONHVELD, LLC 11600 N. Town Center Drive, Ste 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144

These witnesses include but are not limited to, treating physicians, nursing personnel and/or other ancillary personnel who provided care and treatment to Plaintiff, and will offer testimony as to their respective roles in the care of and/or interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members. Each respective witness shall testify, within the scope of their individual knowledge, as to facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, and may testify as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the Incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint. These witnesses may also include persons most knowledgeable to testify regarding policies, procedures, protocol, and medical staffing issues, and also custodians of medical records as necessary to authenticate the medical records

 KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, MD c/o Brent Vogel, Esq. / Katherine J. Gordon, Esq. LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow, Ste. 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118

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KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, MD, is a Defendant in this matter, and is expected to testify regarding the facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, including, but not limited to, the care and treatment he provided to Plaintiff, his interactions with Plaintiff and/or his staff with regard to Plaintiff, and/or his interactions with any of Plaintiff's other care providers. Dr. Debiparshad is also expected to testify as to the damages Plaintiff allegedly sustained, as a result of the Incident alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint.

> Employees and Representatives of KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, MD dba SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICSS c/o Brent Vogel, Esq. / Katherine J. Gordon, Esq. LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow, Ste. 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118

These witnesses include but are not limited to, treating physicians, nursing personnel and/or other ancillary personnel who provided care and treatment to Plaintiff, and will offer testimony as to their respective roles in the care of and/or interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members. Each respective witness shall testify, within the scope of their individual knowledge, as to facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, and may testify as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the incident alleged in the Plaintiff's' Complaint. These witnesses may also include persons most knowledgeable to testify regarding policies, procedures, protocol, and medical staffing issues, and also custodians of medical records as necessary to authenticate the medical records.

Employees and Representatives of ALLEGIANT INSTITUTE INC dba ALLEGIANT SPINE INSTITUTE 7140 Smoke Ranch Rd A Las Vegas, NV 89128

These witnesses include but are not limited to, treating physicians, nursing personnel and/or other ancillary personnel who provided care and treatment to Plaintiff, and will offer testimony as to their respective roles in the care of and/or interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members. Each respective witness shall testify, within the scope of their individual knowledge, as to facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, and may testify as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint. These

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protocol, and medical staffing issues, and also custodians of medical records as necessary to authenticate the medical records.

witnesses may also include persons most knowledgeable to testify regarding policies, procedures,

Employees and Representatives of VALLĖY HEALTH SYSTEM LLC dba CENTENNIAL HILLS HOSPITAL 6900 N. Durango Dr. Las Vegas, NV 89149

These witnesses include but are not limited to, treating physicians, nutsing personnel and/or other ancillary personnel who provided care and treatment to Plaintiff, and will offer testimony as to their respective roles in the care of and/or interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members. Each respective witness shall testify, within the scope of their individual knowledge, as to facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, and may testify as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint. These witnesses may also include persons most knowledgeable to testify regarding policies, procedures, protocol, and medical staffing issues, and also custodians of medical records as necessary to authenticate the medical records.

Employees and Representatives of UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER-QUICK CARE 2031 N. Buffalo Dr. Las Vegas, NV 89128

These witnesses include but are not limited to, treating physicians, nursing personnel and/or other ancillary personnel who provided care and treatment to Plaintiff, and will offer testimony as to their respective roles in the care of and/or interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members. Each respective witness shall testify, within the scope of their individual knowledge, as to facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, and may testify as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint. These witnesses may also include persons most knowledgeable to testify regarding policies, procedures, protocol, and medical staffing issues, and also custodians of medical records as necessary to authenticate the medical records.

 Employees and Representatives of UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER-QUICK CARE NELLIS 5330 N. Nellis Blvd. Suite 61 Las Vegas, NV 89110

These witnesses include but are not limited to, treating physicians, nursing personnel and/or other ancillary personnel who provided care and treatment to Plaintiff, and will offer testimony as to their respective roles in the care of and/or interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members. Each respective witness shall testify, within the scope of their individual knowledge, as to facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, and may testify as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint. These witnesses may also include persons most knowledgeable to testify regarding policies, procedures, protocol, and medical staffing issues, and also custodians of medical records as necessary to authenticate the medical records.

 Employees and Representatives of UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER-QUICK CARE PECCOLE RANCH 9320 W. Sahara Ave Las Vegas, NV 89117

These witnesses include but are not limited to, treating physicians, nursing personnel and/or other ancillary personnel who provided care and treatment to Plaintiff, and will offer testimony as to their respective roles in the care of and/or interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members. Each respective witness shall testify, within the scope of their individual knowledge, as to facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, and may testify as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint. These witnesses may also include persons most knowledgeable to testify regarding policies, procedures, protocol, and medical staffing issues, and also custodians of medical records as necessary to authenticate the medical records.

 Employees and Representatives of UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER-QUICK CARE RANCHO 4231 N. Rancho Dr. Las Vegas, NV 89130



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These witnesses include but are not limited to, treating physicians, nursing personnel and/or other ancillary personnel who provided care and treatment to Plaintiff, and will offer testimony as to their respective roles in the care of and/or interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members. Each respective witness shall testify, within the scope of their individual knowledge, as to facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, and may testify as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint. These witnesses may also include persons most knowledgeable to testify regarding policies, procedures, protocol, and medical staffing issues, and also custodians of medical records as necessary to authenticate the medical records.

 Employees and Representatives of UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER-QUICK CARE ENTERPRISE 1700 Wheeler Peak Dr. Las Vegas, NV 89106

These witnesses include but are not limited to, treating physicians, nursing personnel and/or other ancillary personnel who provided care and treatment to Plaintiff, and will offer testimony as to their respective roles in the care of and/or interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members. Each respective witness shall testify, within the scope of their individual knowledge, as to facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, and may testify as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint. These witnesses may also include persons most knowledgeable to testify regarding policies, procedures, protocol, and medical staffing issues, and also custodians of medical records as necessary to authenticate the medical records.

 Employees and Representatives of MARIE GEMPIS, DO 204 McCollum Street, Ste 102 Laramie, WY 82070

Marie Gempis, DO, is expected to offer testimony as to the care and treatment she provided to Plaintiff and as to her interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members, and may offer testimony as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the Incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint.

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

JOSEPH CANDELA, MD
 7500 Smoke Ranch Rd. Ste 200
 Las Vegas, NV 89128

Joseph Candela, MD, is expected to offer testimony as to the care and treatment he provided to Plaintiff and as to his interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members, and may offer testimony as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the Incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint.

JOHN HERR, MD
 4425 S. Pecos Rd. #1
 Las Vegas, NV 89121

John Herr, MD is expected to offer testimony as to the care and treatment he provided to Plaintiff and as to his interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members, and may offer testimony as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the Incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint.

17. ROGER PONTES, MD 2930 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy, #100 Henderson, NV 89052

Roger Pontes, MD, is expected to offer testimony as to the care and treatment he provided to Plaintiff, and as to his interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members, and may offer testimony as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the Incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint.

Employees and Representatives of AMR AMBULANCE.7201 W. Post Rd.Las Vegas, NV 89113

These witnesses include but are not limited to, treating physicians, nursing personnel and/or other ancillary personnel who provided care and treatment to Plaintiff, and will offer testimony as to their respective roles in the care of and/or interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members. Each respective witness shall testify, within the scope of their individual knowledge, as to facts and circumstances surrounding the events alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, and may testify as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint. These witnesses may also include persons most knowledgeable to testify regarding policies, procedures, protocol, and medical staffing issues, and also custodians of medical records as necessary to authenticate the medical records.

BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITHUP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

19. 1 MARK J. MILLS, JD, MD 5308 Mac Arthur Blvd. NW 2 Washington, D.C. 20016 Mark J. Mills, JD, MD, is expected to offer testimony as to the care and treatment he provided 3 to Plaintiff, as to his interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members, and may offer testimony 4 5 as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the Incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint. 6 FIRST SUPPLEMENT 7 20. Steven Landess 4662 Hocker Way 8 Las Vegas, NV 89147 702.245.4477 9 10 Steven Landess will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses (hereinafter "Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure"). 11 21. 12 Justin Landess 7054 Big Springs Court 13 Las Vegas, NV 89113 14 Justin Landess will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 15 22. Barbara Christine Lambson 2144 West 7380 South 16 West Jordan, UT 84084 801.574.0458 17 18 Barbara Christine Lambson will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 19 Disclosure. 20 23. Carolyn Landess 5432 Morning Swim Lane 21 Las Vegas, NV 89113 702.253.6788 22 Carolyn Landess will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 23 Disclosure. 24 24. Robert Brigham 25 3416 N. Tenaya Way Las Vegas, NV 89129 26 702.533.5658 27 28 4846-5895-8999.1 9

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1 Robert Brigham will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 2 Disclosure. 3 25. Neil Simmons 3397 Oasis Drive 4 Lake Havasu City, AZ 89404 5 Neil Simmons will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 6 26. Sally Simmons 3397 Oasis Drive 7 Lake Havasu City, AZ 86404 8 Sally Simmons will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 9 27. Tom Fischer 10 10325 Nu-Way Kaiv Blvd. 11 Las Vegas, NV 89124 702.658.1400 12 Tom Fischer will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 13 Person With Knowledge and Custodian of Records for 14 Defendants Jaswinder S. Grover, MD; Jaswinder S. Grover, MD Ltd. dba Nevada Spine Clinic 15 c/o Cotton & Associates 7900 W. Sahara Avenue, Suite 200 16 Las Vegas, NV 89117 17 18 Person With Knowledge and Custodian of Records for Defendants Jaswinder S. Grover, MD, 19 and Jaswinder S. Grover, MD Ltd. dba Nevada Spine Clinic will be called to testify as disclosed by 20 Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 21 29. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Defendant Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 22 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 23 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144 24 25 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records of Defendant Centennial Hills Hospital 26 Medical Center will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 27 28 10 4846-5895-8999.1

30. 1 Stuart J. Meyers, MD Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 2 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 3 Las Vegas, NV 89144 4 Stuart J. Meyers, M.D will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 5 Disclosure. 6 31. David K. McCleve, PA-C 7 Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 8 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 9 Las Vegas, NV 89144 10 David K. McCleve, PA-C will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 11 Disclosure. 12 32. Kevin Hyer, MD Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 13 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 14 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144 15 Kevin Hyer, M.D will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 16 Disclosure. 17 33. Ahmed Fawad, MD 18 Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 19 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144 20 21 Ahmed Fawad, MD will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 22 Disclosure. 23 34. Stephanie Latta, RN Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 24 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 25 Las Vegas, NV 89144 Stephanie Latta, RN will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 26 Disclosure. 27 28 11 4846-5895-8999.1

35. 1 Jennifer Townsend, RN Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 2 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 3 Las Vegas, NV 89144 4 5 Jennifer Townsend, RN will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 6 7 36. Karen Buettner, RN Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 8 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 9 Las Vegas, NV 89144 10 Karen Buettner, RN will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 11 Disclosure. 12 37. Elizabeth Keleman, RN Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 13 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 14 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144 15 Elizabeth Keleman, RN will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 16 Disclosure. 17 38. Earl R. Ang, MD 18 Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 19 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 20 Las Vegas, NV 89144 21 Earl R. Ang, MD will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 22 Disclosure. 23 39. Brendon Bicol, NP Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 24 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 25 Las Vegas, NV 89144 26 Brendon Bicol, NP will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 27 Disclosure. 28 12 4846-5895-8999.1

Gregory L. Goetz, DO 40. 1 Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 2 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 3 Las Vegas, NV 89144 4 Gregory L. Goetz, DO will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 5 Disclosure. 6 41. Winter Guesman, RN 7 Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 8 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144 9 Winter Guesman, RN will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 10 Disclosure. 11 42. Jennifer M. Rivera, Student Nurse (NSC) 12 Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 13 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 14 Las Vegas, NV 89144 15 Jennifer M. Rivera, Student Nurse (NSC) will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in 16 Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 17 43. Jeff Japalucci, Radiology Technician Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 18 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 19 Las Vegas, NV 89144 20 Jeff Japalucci will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 21 44. "Director Jayme" 22 Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 23 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144 24 "Director Jayme" will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 25 Disclosure. 26 27 28 13 4846-5895-8999.1

1 45. "Clin Sup Andrea" Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 2 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 3 Las Vegas, NV 89144 4 "Clin Sup Andrea" will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 5 Disclosure. 6 7 46. Tammy Robinson, RN Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 8 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 9 Las Vegas, NV 89144 10 Tammy Robinson, RN will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 11 Disclosure. 12 47. Kathleen Olbur, RN 13 Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 14 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 15 Las Vegas, NV 89144 16 Kathleen Olbur, RN will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 17 Disclosure. 18 48. Dr. Arora Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center 19 c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLD 20 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144 21 22 Dr. Arora will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 23 49. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Medic West Ambulance, Inc./American Medical Response 24 P.O. Box 745774 Los Angeles, CA 90074 25 26 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Medic West Ambulance, Inc./ American 27 Medical Response will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 28 4846-5895-8999.1 14

Penny Pukall, AMR Paramedic
 Medic West Ambulance, Inc./American Medical Response
 P.O. Box 745774
 Los Angeles, CA 90074

Penny Pukall, AMR Paramedic will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure.

 Jacob Nielsen, AMR Advanced EMT Medic West Ambulance, Inc./American Medical Response P.O. Box 745774 Los Angeles, CA 90074

Jacob Nielsen, AMR Advanced EMT will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure.

52. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records UMC Quick Care 4180 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 810 Las Vegas, NV 89103 702.383.3645

Person with Knowledge/Custodian of Records UMC Quick Care will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure.

53. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records University Medical Center of Southern Nevada 1800 W. Charleston Boulevard Las Vegas, NV 89102

Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records University Medical Center of Southern Nevada will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure.

 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records St. Rose Dominican Hospital-de Lima Campus 102 E. Lake Mead Parkway Henderson, NV 89015

Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records St. Rose Dominican Hospital-de Lima

Campus will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure.

55. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records St. Rose Dominican Hospital-Siena Campus 3001 St. Rose Parkway Henderson, NV 89052

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LIP ATTORNEYS AT LAW 28

1 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records St. Rose Dominican Hospital-de Lima 2 Campus will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 3 56. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Steinberg Diagnostic Medical Imaging 4 9070 W. Post Road Las Vegas, NV 89148 5 702.732.6000 6 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Steinberg Diagnostic Medical Imaging will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 7 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records 8 Bioventus 9 4721 Emperor Blvd. Suite 100 Durham, NC 27703 10 412.585.0386 11 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Bioventus will be called to testify as disclosed 12 by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 13 58. Kate Dugan Bioventus 14 4721 Emperor Blvd. Suite 100 Durham, NC 27703 15 412.585.0386 16 Kate Dugan will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 17 59. Meneleo Jaojoco, MD 18 UMC QuickCare 4180 S. Rainbow Blvd. Suite 810 19 Las Vegas, NV 89103 702.383.3645 20 Meneleo Jaojoco, MD will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 21 Disclosure. 22 60. Laura Rodriguez, PA-C 23 Desert Orthopedic Center 24 82-5 W. Warm Springs Road, Suite 250 Las Vegas, NV 89113 25 702.731.1616 26 Laura Rodriguez, PA-C will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial 27 Disclosure. 28

1 61. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Fyzical Therapy & Balance Center Jones 2 3820 S. Jones Boulevard Las Vegas, NV 89103 3 702.818.5000 4 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Fyzical Therapy & Balance Center Jones will 5 be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 6 62. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records 7 Robert Bien, MD 8 7050 Smoke Ranch Road, Suite 130 Las Vegas, NV 89128 9 702.233.9911 10 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Robert Bien, MD will be called to testify as 11 disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 12 63. Robert Bien, MD 7050 Smoke Ranch Road, Suite 130 13 Las Vegas, NV 89128 702.233.9911 14 15 Robert Bien, MD will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 16 17 64. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Jonathan Dariyanani, Esq. 18 COGNOTION 150 East 57th Street, Suite 19E 19 New York, NY 10022 541.841.0226 20 21 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Jonathan Dariyanani, Esq. will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 22 65. Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records 23 Internal Revenue Service 24 Fresno, CA 25 Person With Knowledge/Custodian of Records Internal Revenue Service will be called to 26 testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure. 27 28 17 4846-5895-8999.1

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1 66. Jayme Morrisette, RN c/o HALL PRANGLE & SCHOONVELD, LLC 2 1160 N. Town Center Dr. Ste. 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144 3 Jayme Morrisette, RN will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health 4 System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Defendant Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial 5 Hills Hospital's Initial List of Witnesses and Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1 [hereinafter 6 "Centennial's Initial Disclosure"]. 7 67. Henry Presha 8 c/o HALL PRANGLE & SCHOONVELD, LLC 9 1160 N. Town Center Dr. Ste. 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144 10 Henry Presha will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC 11 dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure. 12 68. Erlinda Ramos, RN 13 c/o HALL PRANGLE & SCHOONVELD, LLC 1160 N. Town Center Dr. Ste. 200 14 Las Vegas, NV 89144 15 16 Erlinda Ramos, RN will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, 17 LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure. 18 69. Karen Buttner, RN c/o HALL PRANGLE & SCHOONVELD, LLC 19 1160 N. Town Center Dr. Ste. 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144 20 Karen Buttner, RN will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, 21 LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure. 22 70. Andrea Reed, RN 23 c/o HALL PRANGLE & SCHOONVELD, LLC 1160 N. Town Center Dr. Ste. 200 24 Las Vegas, NV 89144 25 Andrea Reed, RN will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, 26 LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure. 27 28

Brian Anderson, PT
 c/o HALL PRANGLE & SCHOONVELD, LLC
 1160 N. Town Center Dr. Ste. 200
 Las Vegas, NV 89144

Brian Anderson, PT will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System,

LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure.

72. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records and Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital c/o HALL PRANGLE & SCHOONVELD, LLC 1160 N. Town Center Dr. Ste. 200
Las Vegas, NV 89144

Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records and Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure.

73. Erica Wong, PT Student
[Contact Information to be Provided by Defendant, Valley Health
System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital]

Erica Wong, PT Student will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure.

74. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records and Same Retke, Stryker Representative [Contact Information to be Provided by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital]

Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records and Same Retke, Stryker Representative, will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure.

75. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Medicare P.O. Box 6722 Fargo, NC 58108

The Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Medicare will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure.

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76. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records AARP Healthcare P.O. Box 740819 Atlanta, GA 30374-0819 800.227.7789 Policy # 3272434436-11

Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records AARP Healthcare will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure.

 Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records OK Care Pharmacy
 4845 S. Rainbow Blvd. #403
 Las Vegas, NV 89103

Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records OK Care Pharmacy will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure.

 Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Keith Kleven Institute
 3820 S. Jones Blvd.
 Las Vegas, NV 89103

Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Keith Kleven Institute will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure.

79. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Forte Family Practice 9010 West Cheyenne Avenue Las Vegas, NV 89129

Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Forte Family Practice [Cheyenne location] will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure.

80. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Forte Family Practice 4845 S. Rainbow Blvd Las Vegas, NV 89103

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1 Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Forte Family Practice [Rainbow 2 Boulevard location] will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba 3 Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure. 4 Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Nevada Heart & Vascular 5 4275 S. Burnham Ave. Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89119 6 Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Nevada Heart Vascular [Burnham 7 Avenue location] will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba 8 Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure. 9 82. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records 10 Nevada Heart & Vascular 11 5795 Arville St. Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89118 12 13 Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Nevada Heart Vascular [Arville Street 14 location] will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba 15 Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure. 16 83. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Nevada Heart & Vascular 17 38 Water Street, Ste 310 Henderson, NV 89015 18 19 Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Nevada Heart Vascular [Water Street 20 location] will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba 21 Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure. 22 84. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Nevada Heart & Vascular 23 3150 N. Tenaya Way, #320 Las Vegas, NV 89128 24 Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Nevada Heart Vascular [Tenaya Way 25 location] will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba 26 Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure. 27 28

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85. Dr. Mark Mills 8300 Wisconsin Ave. #349 Bethesda, MD 20814

Dr. Mark Mills will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure.

Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records
 Las Vegas Urology
 7500 SmokeRanch Road, Suite #200
 Las Vegas, NV 89128

Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Las Vegas Urology will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure.

87. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records United Healthcare Insurance Company 2720 N. Tenaya Way
Las Vegas, NV 89128

Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records United Healthcare Insurance Company will be called to testify as disclosed by Defendant, Valley Health System, LLC dba Centennial Hills Hospital in Centennial's Initial Disclosure.

SECOND SUPPLEMENT

No additional witnesses are being disclosed by these Defendants at this time.

THIRD SUPPLEMENT

88. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Dana Forte, MD / Forte Family Practice 4845 South Rainbow Boulevard Las Vegas, NV 89103

Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records Dana Forte, MD / Forte Family Practice will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Second Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses.

89. Amber Hopkins 2817 Cool Water Drive Henderson, NV 89074

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1 Amber Hopkins shall be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Fifth 2 Supplement to Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses. 3 FOURTH SUPPLEMENT 90. 4 Jacqueline Urban c/o Hall Prangle & Schoonveld, LLC 5 1160 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89144 6 Jacqueline Urban is expected to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Seventh Supplement to 7 Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses. 8 FIFTH SUPPLEMENT 9 Defendants disclose no additional witnesses at this time. 10 SIXTH SUPPLEMENT 11 12 91. Stan Smith, Ph.D. Smith Economics Group, Ltd. 13 1165 N. Clark Street, Suite 600 Chicago, IL 60610 14 312.943.1551 15 Stan Smith is expected to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Eleventh Supplement to 16 Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses. 17 92 Eleanor Kenney, RN, Ph.D. 12616 Crystal Ranch Road 18 Moorpark, CA 93021 805.529.6930 19 20 Eleanor Kenney is expected to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Eleventh Supplement to 21 Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses. 22 SEVENTH SUPPLEMENT 23 93. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records **BIOVENTUS, LLC** 24 701 S. Carson Street, Ste 200 Carson City, NV 89701 25 Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records of Bioventus, LLC, will be called to 26 testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Second Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case 27 Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses. 28 23 4846-5895-8999.1

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94. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records ST. ROSE DOMINICAN, SIENA CAMPUS 3001 St. Rose Pkwy Henderson, NV 89052 Ph: 702.616.5000

Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records of St. Rose Dominican, Siena Campus, will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Second Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses.

95. Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records QUEST DIAGNOSTICS
2595 S. Maryland Pkwy, Ste 103
Las Vegas, NV 89109
Ph: 866.697.8378

Person Most Knowledgeable/Custodian of Records of Quest Diagnostics, will be called to testify as disclosed by Plaintiff in Plaintiff's Second Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses.

96. HUMBERTO RODRIGUEZ, MD 9975 S. Eastern Ave., Ste 110 Las Vegas, NV 89183 Ph: 702.361,2273

Dr. Rodriguez, is expected to offer testimony as to the care and treatment he provided to Plaintiff, and as to his interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members, and may offer testimony as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the Incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint.

97. ROBERT BIEN, MD 7050 Smoke Ranch Rd, Ste 130 Las Vegas, NV 89128 Ph: 702.233.9911

Dr. Bien, is expected to offer testimony as to the care and treatment he provided to Plaintiff, and as to his interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members, and may offer testimony as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the Incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint.

98. DANIEL BLAKE, MD 9127 W. Russell Rd., Ste 110 Las Vegas, NV 89148 Ph: 702.878.0070

Dr. Blake, is expected to offer testimony as to the care and treatment he provided to Plaintiff,

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and as to his interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members, and may offer testimony as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the Incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint.

99. DEL R. GARDNER, MD 9010 W. Cheyenne Ave Las Vegas, NV 89129 Ph: 702.240.8646

Dr. Gardner, is expected to offer testimony as to the care and treatment he provided to Plaintiff, and as to his interactions with Plaintiff and/or his family members, and may offer testimony as to the damages allegedly sustained as a result of the Incident alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint.

Defendants reserve the right to supplement its witness list as additional witnesses and information is obtained or made available by other parties.

II.

DOCUMENTS & TANGIBLE EVIDENCE

Defendants identify the following documents and records currently in counsel's possession, which contain information relevant to the allegations at issue in the litigation, and on which it may rely at the time of trial.

- Medical records from Desert Orthopacdic Center, Bates Nos.: DOC-00001-DOC-00129;
- 2. Radiology films and/or reports from Desert Orthopaedic Center, Bates Nos.: DOC-00130-DOC-00160;
- 3. The Curriculum Vitae of Dr. Kevin Debiparshad, FRCSC, MDC.M. N.Sc. B.Sc, Bates Nos.: CV-00001-CV-00005;
 - 4. Medical records from John E. Herr, MD, Bates Nos.: HERR-00001-HERR-00018;
- 5. Radiology films and/or reports from John E. Herr, MD, Bates Nos.: HERR-00019-HERR-00020; and
- 6. Medical records from the University Medical Center of Southern Nevada, Bates Nos.: UMC-SV-00001-UMC-SV-00048.

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FIRST SUPPLEMENT

- 7. MedicWest Ambulance/AMR medical and billing records, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure, Bates Nos. MAI-00001-MAI-00012;
- 8. Mercy Ambulance c/o American Medical Response medical and billing records, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosures, Bates Nos. MACAMR 00001-MACAMR 00013;
- Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center medical and billing records, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosures, Bates Nos. CHHMCMR 00001-CHHMCMR 00347, CHHMCB 00001-CHHMCB 00006;
- John Herr, MD, medical and billing records, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Initial
 Disclosures, Bates Nos. JEHM 00001-JEHM 00022;
- 11. St. Rose Dominican Hospital Rose de Lima, medical and billing records, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosures, Bates Nos. SRDRDMR 00001-SRDRDLMR 000352, RDRDLB 00001-RDRDLB 00009;
- 12. University Medical Center, medical and billing records, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosures, Bates Nos. UMCOSNVMR 00001-UMCOSNVMR 00015;
- 13. Nevada Spine Clinic, medical and billing records, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Initial Disclosures, Bates Nos. NSCMR 00001-NSCMR 00019;
- 14. Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, MD, medical and billing records, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosures, Bates Nos. DOCL 00001-DOCL 00050;
- 15. COGNOTION, employment and payroll records, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosures, Bates Nos. CI 00001-CI 00006; P 00001-P00002;
- 16. Plaintiff's U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns for the years 2012 through 2017, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosures, Bates Nos. P 00003-P 00082;
- 17. Fax dated 6/4/18 from Kevin Debiparshad, MD/Synergy Spine and Orthopedics, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosures, Bates Nos. P 000083-P 00086;
- 18. Photographs of x-rays from Nevada Spine Care, taken 10/25/17, 11/22/17 and 12/20/17, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Initial Disclosures, Bates Nos. P 000087-P 000088;

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- 31. Curriculum Vitae and Fee Schedule of Roger Fontes, MD, as disclosed in Plaintiff's First Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00089-P00093,
- 32. Ortho Bullets, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Second Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P000094-P000103;
- 33. St. Rose Dominican Hospital-Siena Campus medical and billing records, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Second Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. SDRSMR 00001-SRDSMR 00471; and SRDSB 00001-SRDSB 00009;
- 34. Fyzical Therapy and Balance Centers medical and billing records, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Second Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. FTBC 0001-FTABC 00040;
- 35. Verizon Phone Bill for September and October 2017, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Second Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P000104-P00105;
- 36. Copies of Plaintiff's Medicare and AARP cards, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00106;
- 37. Cognotion correspondence to Plaintiff, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. CI 00002-CI 00006
- 38. Cognotion 1099s, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00107-P00110;
- 39. Account Summary, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00111-P00113;
- 40. Plaintiff's May 8, 2018 correspondence to Dr. Debiparshad, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00114;

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- 41. Plaintiff's emails to Dr. Denis Harris, MD, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00115-P00122;
- 42. Printout of Paiute Golf Rounds, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00123;
- 43. Plaintiff's emails to and from Mark Mills, J.D., M.D., as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00124-P00128;
- 44. Declaration of Michael Arrigo, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to
 Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00129P00160;
- 45. Case Information form, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00161-P00164;
- 46. Cognotion Offer of Employment, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00165-P00166;
- 47. Cognotion letter, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. CI0001-CI0002;
- 48. Cognotion termination letter, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00167-P00168;
- 49. Plaintiff's Sworn Declaration re Cognotion records, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00169;
- 50. Retainer Agreement (2017), as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00170-P00174;
- 51. Retainer Agreement (2018), as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00175-P00179;

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- 52. Photographs of x-rays in 2017 and 2018, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00180-P00193;
- 53. Post-accident video, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00194;
- 54. Recording of voicemail message from Dr. Debiparshad's assistant, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Third Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00195;
- 55. Centennial Hills Hospital XR Tibia-Fibula left, as disclosed in Defendant Valley Health System, LLC D/B/A Centennial Hills Hospital First Supplement To List of Witnesses and Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1;
- 56. Centennial Hills Hospital Operative Fluoroscopy Imaging, as disclosed in Defendant Valley Health System, LLC D/B/A Centennial Hills Hospital First Supplement To List of Witnesses and Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1;
- 57. XR Chest 1 View, as disclosed in Defendant Valley Health System, LLC D/B/A Centennial Hills Hospital First Supplement To List of Witnesses and Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1;
- 58. Premier Physicians Schedule A, as disclosed in Defendant Jaswinder S. Grover, M.D. and Jaswinder Grover, M.D., Ltd, D/B/Λ Nevada Spine Clinic's First Supplement To NRCP 16.1 Early Case Conference Disclosure of Witnesses and Documentary Evidence;
- 59. Pearls and Pitfalls, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Fourth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses, Bates Nos. P00196-P00200;
 - 60. Vista Family Health Billing Records, Bates Nos. VFH-B-00001-VFH-B-00027;
- 61. Medicare, CMS San Francisco Regional Office, Bates Nos. MEDICARE SF-00001-MEDICARE SF-00032;
 - 62. Medicare Part B, Bates Nos. MEDICARE-B-00001-MEDICARE-B-00031;

FOURTH SUPPLEMENT

- 63. Color photograph of Plaintiff's leg, Bates No. P00201, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Sixth Supplement to Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;
- 64. Curriculum Vitae and Fee Schedule of John Herr, MD, Bates Nos. P00202-P00202-P00206, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Seventh Supplement to Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses; and
- 65. Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory-2 Restructured Form Interpretive Report: Clinical Settings, Bates Nos. P00207-P002018, as disclosed in Plaintiff's Seventh Supplement to Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses.

FIFTH SUPPLEMENT

- Forte Family Practice medical and billing records, Bates Nos. FORTE-00085-FORTE-00098;
- 67. Byers v. The Home Depot, Nevada 8th Judicial District Court, Clark County Case No.:

 A-13-682404-C, Order Granting Motion in Limine No. 3 to Exclude Reports and Testimony of

 Plaintiff's Retained Expert Economist Dr. Stan Smith, Bates Nos. BYERS v. HOME DEPOT-00001
 BYERS v. HOME DEPOT-00003;
- 68. Smith v. Jenkins, 732.F3d 51 (2013), Key U.S. Court of Appeals Decision excluding Stan Smith on majority of cases, Bates Nos. SMITH v. JENKINS-00001-SMITH v. JENKINS-00009;
- 69. The Families Advocate, LLC v. Sanford Clinic North dba Sanford Clinic Jamestown, USDC North Dakota Case No.: 3:16-cv-114, Report and Recommendation excluding testimony of Stan V. Smith, PhD, Bates Nos. FAMILIES ADVOCATE v. SANFORD-00001- FAMILIES ADVOCATE v. SANFORD-00026;
- 70. Price v. Folks, Nevada 8th Judicial District Court , Clark County Case No.: A-13-680895-C, Decision and Order excluding expert Stan Smith, Bates Nos. PRICE v. FOLKS-00001-PRICE v. FOLKS-00014;

- 71. Lor v. Ballard, Minnesota 2nd Judicial District Court, County of Ramsey Case No.: 62-CV-09-12658, Order granting motion to exclude evidence of, reference to, or testimony by Dr. Stan Smith, Bates Nos. LOR v. BALLARD-00001-LOR v. BALLARD-00003;
- 72. Wimmer v. Pandita, Utah 3rd Judicial District Court, Salt Lake County Case No.: 050910577, Memorandum Decision excluding testimony of Dr. Smith, Bates Nos. WIMMER v. PANDITA-00001-WIMMER v. PANDITA-00006; and
- 73. Binder containing radiology studies from Centennial Hills Hospital/Kevin Debiparshad, MD, UMC Quick Care, Newport MRI (Nevada Spine)/Kevin Debiparshad, MD, Nevada Spine Clinic/Kevin Debiparshad, MD, John Herr, MD, Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, MD, Advanced Urgent Care. And Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Eighth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses.

SIXTH SUPPLEMENT

- 74. ACH Payment to Jason Landess on March 18, 2019, Chase for Business account,
 Bates labeled P00220, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Ninth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case
 Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;
- 75. Wire activity for payments to Jason Landess between March 21, 2018 and January 23, 2019, Chase for Business account, Bates labeled POO221, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Ninth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;
- 76. 2018 1099 from Cognotion, Inc. for Jason Landess, Bates labeled P00222, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Ninth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;
- 77. Jason Landess Payment Activity 2017-2018, Bates labeled P00223-P00225, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Ninth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;
- 78. Stryker/Osteosynthesis T2 Tibial Nailing System Operative Technique T2
 Tibial Nailing System, Bates labeled P00226-P00265, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Tenth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;

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SEVENTH SUPPLEMENT

- 79. Cinematic Health Education executed documents, Bylaws, Certificate of Incorporation, Stock Ledger, Bates labeled P00266-P00387, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Twelfth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;
- 80. CNA Skills Guidelines, Bates labeled P00388-P00389, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Twelfth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;
- 81. Cognotion letters to Jason Landess, Bates labeled P00390-P00393, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Twelfth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;
- 82. Excel spreadsheet (ContinuEdSpreadsheet), Bates labeled P00394-P00436, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Twelfth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;
- 83. Cover Memorandum for Spreadsheet Regarding CAN CEU in Nevada, Bates labeled P00437-P00439, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Twelfth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;
- 84. Emails to and from Jason Landess, Bates labeled P00440-P00453; P00479-P00513, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Twelfth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;
- 85. Exhibit 1 (2017 1099), Exhibit 2 (2016 1099), Exhibit 3 (redacted Bank of America statement showing 3/21/18 wire from Cognotion), Exhibit 4 (redacted Bank of America statement showing 1/12/18 wire from Cognotion), Exhibit 5 (redacted Bank of America statement showing 5/3/18 wire from Cognotion), Bates labeled P000454-P00478, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Twelfth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;
- 86. Accounting summary, letter and email between Jason Landess and John
 Truehart regarding income and salary and attachments (Cognotion letter dated July 12, 2018,

regarding salary paid to Jason Landess in 2017 and 2018; ProDox request for Cognotion employment and payroll records regarding Jason Landess), Bates labeled P00514-P00539 as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Twelfth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;

- 87. SME Lawyer questions for CAN, Bates labeled P00540, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Twelfth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses; and
- 88. Video "Close Up Meet Your Faculty," Bates labeled P00541, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Twelfth Supplement to Plaintiff's Initial Early Case Conference Disclosure of Documents and Witnesses;

The following are attached as Exhibit "A" hereto:

- 89. Jason Landess Chase for Business Payment Activity Statement, Bates No.

 LANDESS CHASE PYMT ACTIVITY-00001;
- 90. Jason Landess Chase for Business Payment Wire Activity Statement, Bates No.

 LANDESS CHASE WIRE ACTIVITY-00001;
- 91. 2018 1099 issued by Cognotion to Jason Landess, for gross proceeds of \$90,000.000, Bates No. LANDESS COGNOTION 2018 1099-1;
- 92. Jason Landess Payment Activity Ledger from 2017 to 2018, Bates Nos,

 LANDESS PYMT ACTIVITY 2017 to 2018-00001-LANDESS PYMT ACTIVITY 2017 to 201800002; and
- 93. Stan Smith Notes, Bates Nos. P00668-P00684, as disclosed by Plaintiff in his Fifteenth Supplemental NRCP 16.1 Disclosure of Witnesses and Documents.

Discovery is ongoing and Defendants reserve the right to identify additional items of evidence as they become known, which may include but are not limited to:

Any of the Plaintiff's medical records, including radiographs, to the extent that they
demonstrate physical and/or emotional conditions prior, during, or subsequent to the events at issue
in the Complaint, whether they have already been or are yet to be disclosed, including but not limited

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i. Physicians' Desk Reference, 2017 Edition, Thomson PDR; 2 10. Any and all exhibits listed by any other party regardless of whether that party attempts 3 to withdraw or de-list the exhibit or fails to use it at the time of trial. 4 III. 5 **INSURANCE INFORMATION** ProAssurance Policy No. MP108519, Bates Nos.: INS1-00001-INS100038. 6 1. 7 DATED this 22nd day of May, 2019. LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 8 By /s/ John M. Orr 9 S. BRENT VOGEL Nevada Bar No. 6858 10 JOHN M. ORR Nevada Bar No. 14251 11 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 12 Tel. 702.893.3383 13 Attorneys for Defendants Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD, Kevin Paul Debiparshad, PLLC, d/b/a Synergy Spine ana 14 Orthopedics and Debiparshad Professional Services LLC d/b/a Synergy Spine and Orthopedics 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this day of May, 2019, a true and correct copy of DEFENDANTS, KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, MD, KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, PLLC dba SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS, AND **DEBIPARSHAD** PROFESSIONAL SERVICES LLC dba SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS' SEVENTH SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF WITNESSES AND DOCUMENTS PURSUANT TO NRCP 16.1 was served by electronically filing with the Clerk of the Court using the Odyssey File and Serve system and serving all parties with an email-address on record, who have agreed to receive Electronic Service in this action.

HOWARD & HOWARD, ATTORNEYS, PLLC Martin A. Little, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7067 11 Alexander Villamar, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9927 12

COTTON & ASSOCIATES Stuart J. Taylor, Esq. 7900 W. Sahara Avenue, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89117

3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1000 13 Las Vegas, NV 89169 **CD VIA U.S. MAIL 14

Attorneys for Jaswinder S. Grover, MD, and Jaswinder S. Grover, MD Ltd. Dba Nevada Spine Clinic **CD VIA U.S. MAIL

15 JIMMERSON LAW FIRM, PC James J. Jimmerson, Esq. 415 South 6th Street, Suite 100 **16** Las Vegas, NV 89101

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Attorneys For Plaintiff **CD VIA U.S. MAIL 18

19 HALL PRANGLE & SCHOONVELD, LLC Kenneth M. Webster, Esq.

Marjorie E. Kratsas, Esq.

1160 N. Town Center Drive, Ste 200

21 | Las Vegas, NV 89144

22 Attorneys for Defendants, Valley Health System, LLC dba 23 Centennial Hills Hospital **CD VIA U.S. MAIL

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/s/ Adrina Harris

an Employee of

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LANDESS CHASE PYMT ACTIVITY-00001

CHASE for BUSINESS Printed from Chase for Business

JPMorgan Chase Bar	k, N.A. Member FD	IC	©2019 JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Equa	Il Opportunity Lender ©
Mar 21, 2018	Completed	Jason Personal	5035201302	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00 USD
Nov 30, 2018	Completed	Jason Personal	5046495340	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00 USD
Jan 3, 2019	Completed	Jason Personal	5046864923	\$2,790.21	\$2,790.21 USD
Jan 23, 2019	Completed	Jason Personal	5210486641	\$12,050.00	\$12,050.00 USD
Wire date	Status	Wire to	Transaction number	Debit amount	Amount

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PAYER'S name, etreet address, or foreign postal code, and telep Cognotion, Inc.	alty or town, i	stale or province, cou	niry, ZIP	CTED (If checked) 1 Rents	OMEI No. 1545-0116	
244 Fifth Avenue C	254 1 -7604 τ	JS		\$ 2 Royalties	2018	Miscellaneous Income
				\$	Form 1099-MISC	
				3 Other Income \$	4 Federel Income tax w	Copy B For Recipient
PAYER'S TIN	RECIP	IENT'S TIN		6 Fishing boat proceeds	6 Medical and health care pay	ments POI Neciptent
6-3464526	PROPERTY COMES	And the second		\$	\$	9
RECPENTS name, rheel address dinchading apt no.	dly or lover, state or p	nti-ince, country, and ZBP or foreign	n postal code	7 Nonemployee compensation	Substitute payments in le dividends or interest	This is important tax information and is being furnished to the IRS. If you are
054 Big Springs Ct	•			Payer made direct sales of \$5,000 or more of consumer products to a buyer (recipient) for resale	10 Crop Insurance proce	required to file a return, a negligence penalty or other sanction may be imposed on you if
as Vegas, NV 89113			ı	11	12	this income is taxable and the IRS
Account number (see Instructions)		FATCA (Illing requirement		13 Excess golden parachute payments	14 Gross proceeds paid an attorney	determines that it has not been reported.
15a Section 409A deferrela	15b Sect	lon 409A Income		18 State tax withheld	17 State/Payar's state no	o. 18 State Incomo
2	1		13)		1.0

LANDESS COGNOTION 2018 1099-1

Optod	2017 Bill	Jason	Legal & Professional	
06/01/	2017 BIU	Landess	Fees Legal &	10,000.00
		Jason	Protessional	
05/01/	2017 Bill	Landess	Fees Jason	10,000.00
		Jason	Landess	
04/14/	2017 Expense	Landess	Loan	10,000,00
			Legal &	
		Jason	Professional	
04/01/2	2017 Bill	Landese	Faes	10,000.00
		Jason		
03/23/2	2017 Deposit	Landess		35,000.00
	Bill Payment	Jason		
03/02/2	1017 (Check)	Landess		-10,000.00
			Legal &	
		Jason	Professional	
03/01/2	017 BIF	Landese	Fees	10,000.00
			Logal &	
		Jason	Professional	
02/01/2	017 Bill	Landess	Fees	10,000.00
	Bill Payment	Jason		•
01/27/2	017 (Check)	Landess		-10,000.00
			Legal &	
		Jason	Professional	
01/01/2	017 Bill	Landesa	Feas	10.000.00

LANDESS PYMT ACTIVITY 2017 to 2018-00002

Electronically Filed 8/13/2019 6:37 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

EXHIBIT 5

Case Number: A-18-776896-C

ELECTRONICALLY SERVED PLAINTIFF'S TRIAL EXHIBIT LIST

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX NO	DESCRIPTION	BATES NUMBER	DATE OFFERED	OBJECTION	DATE ADMITTED
1,	MedicWest Ambulance/AMR medical and billing records	MAI 00001- MAI 00012			
2.	Mercy Ambulance c/o American Medical Response medical and billing records	MACAMR 00001- MACAMR 00013.			
3.	Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center medical and billing records; Radiology studies on CD (not Bates numbered)	CHHMCMR 00001- CHHMCMR 00347; CHHMCB 00001- CHHMCB 00006			
4.	Nevada Spine Clinic medical records; Radiology studies on CD (not Bates numbered)	NSCMR 00001- NSCMR 00019; NSCB 00001- NSCB 00005			
5.	Nevada Spine Clinic Radiology c/o Newport MRI Radiology studies on CD (not Bates numbered)	NSCMR 00001- NSCMR 00019;			
6.	University Medical Center Spring Valley Quick Care medical and billing records; Radiology studies on CD (not Bates numbered)	UMCOSNVMR 00001 – UMCOSNVMR 00015; UMCOSNSVQCB 00001- UMCOSNSVQCB 00003			
7	John Herr, M.D. medical and billing records; Radiology studies on CD (not Bates numbered)	JEHM 00001- JEHM 00022;			
8,	Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, M.D. medical and billing records; Radiology studies on CD (not Bates numbered)	DOCL 00051- DOCL 00077			
9.	Synergy Spine & Orthopedics	SYNERGY-00001- SYNERGY-00026 (produced by Def in 8 th Supplement)			
10.	Advanced Urgent Care medical and billing records; Radiology studies on CD (not Bates numbered)				
11.	St. Rose Dominican Hospital-Rose de Lima medical and billing records; Radiology studies on CD (not Bates numbered)	SRDRDMR 00001- SRDRDLMR 000352; RDRDLB 00001- SRDRDLB 00009			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka

Kay George Landess

DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
NO		NUMBER	OFFERED		ADMITTED
12.	St. Rose Dominican Hospital-Siena Campus medical and billing records; Radiology studies on CD (not Bates numbered)	SRDSMR 00001- SRDSMR 00471; and SRDSB 00001- SRDSB 00009			
13.	Fyzical Therapy and Balance Centers medical and billing records	FTBC 0001- FTABC 00040			
14.	Forte Family Practice medical and billing records	FFP 00001-FFP 00355; FFP 00356- FFP 003572561			
15.	Robert N. Bien, MD medical and billing records	RNBM00001- RNBM000098			
16.	Bates labeled prints of Radiology Studies:	P002626-P002703			
	Centennial Hills Hospital/Kevin Debiparshad, MD (10/9-10/17)				
	UMC Quick Care (10/14/17)				
	Newport MRI (Nevada Spine)/Kevin Debiparshad, MD, (10/25/17; 11/22/17; 12/20/17; 1/31/18)				
	Nevada Spine Clinic/Kevin Debiparshad, MD (1/31/18)				
	John Herr, M.D. (2/12/18)				
	Five (5) prints of radiology studies from John Herr, M.D. (5/16/19)				
	Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, MD (2/15/18; 4/18/18; 5/30/18; 6/27/18; 8/8/18; 10/5/18)				
	Advanced Urgent Care (3/1/18)				
	Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, MD (4/3/19)				
17,	Photographs of x-rays taken 10/25/17, 11/22/17 and 12/20/17. Radiology studies on CD (not Bates numbered)	P000087-P 000088			
18.	Photographs of x-rays in 2017 and 2018, and of Plaintiff's leg after surgery in 2017	P00180-P00193			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

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DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
NO	and 2018; Radiology studies on CD (not	NUMBER	OFFERED		ADMITTED
	Bates numbered)				
19.	Color photograph of Plaintiff's leg taken on	P00201			
	March 26, 2018, prior to April 3, 2018				
	surgery by Roger Fontes, M.D.				
20.	Melanie Connolly's Resume	P001211			
21.	Animations: Two anatomically-correct,				
	color 3-D animations of Plaintiff's left tibia				
	post-op, done by Melanie Connolly.				
	Paste the URL into your browser, then				
	enter the Password: repair		ľ.		
	https://vimeo.com/338605945				
	https://vimeo.com/339019342				
	Password: repair				
22.	Illustrations: Three (3) anatomically-	P00685-P00687,			
	correct, color illustrations of Plaintiff's left	P001751-P001752			
	tibia, done by Melanie Connolly. Three are post-op from Dr. Debiparshad's surgery				
	(disclosed), and two (2) are post-op from				
	Dr. Fontes' surgery.				
	Dr. 1 office durgery.				
23.	Illustration: One (1) anatomically-correct,	P002561			
	color illustration of Plaintiff's left tibia				
	fracture angle, done by Melanie Connolly.				
24.	Curriculum Vitae and Fee Schedule for	P00089-P00093.			
	Roger Fontes, M.D.				
25.	Curriculum Vitae and Fee Schedule for	P00202-P00206			
26.	John Herr, M.D. Manual: Stryker/Osteosynthesis – T2 –	P00226-P00265			
20.	Tibial Nailing System – Operative	P00220-P00200			
	Technique – T2 Tibial Nailing System				
26/					
	Nailing System hardware and equipment				
27.	Article: Sheth, U; Blomberg, J; Szatkowski,	P000094-P000103			
	J. Tibial Shaft Fractures, Ortho Bullets				
	(10/30/2018)				
28.	Article: Lundy, Douglas W., et al., Pearls	P00196-P00200			
	and pitfalls with proximal third tibial				
29.	fractures, AAOSNow, 2007 October Denis R. Harris, MD Sworn Declaration	P00645-P00650			
25.	Regarding Case Review of Jason G.	1 00040-1-00000			
	Landess, aka Kay George Landess				
30.	Plaintiff's emails to Denis Harris, MD	P00115-P00122			
31.	Denis Harris, MD's expert reports				

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

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DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
NO		NUMBER	OFFERED		ADMITTED
32.	Denis Harris MD's Curriculum Vitae				
33.	Exhibits to Deposition of Denis Harris, MD	Ex 1- Notice of			
		Taking Deposition			
		Ex 2 – Dr Harris'			
		file contents			
34.	Post-accident video of the scene of the	P00194			
	October 9, 2017 accident at Paiute Golf				
	Course				
35.	Printout of Paiute Golf Rounds from May	P00123			
	15-October 15, 2017				
36.	Dr. Debiparsha's Physician Agreement	NSC0027-			
	with Jaswinder Grover, MD, Inc/Nevada	NSC0047			
	Spine Center dated 9/1/2005				
37.	On Call Agreement	PSA 1-14			
38.	A recording of a voicemail message from	P00195			
	Dr. Debiparshad's assistant, "Ron," which				
	was left on Plaintiff's phone on February				
	26, 2018				
39.	Plaintiff's correspondence to Dr.	P00114			
	Debiparshad dated May 8, 2018				
40.	Fax dated 6/4/18 from Kevin Debiparshad,	P 000083 – P			
	M.D./Synergy Spine and Orthopedics	00086			
41.	Minnesota Multiphasic Personality	P00207-P002018			
	Inventory-2 Restructured Form -				
	Interpretive Report: Clinical Settings dated				
	January 21, 2019, for Jason G. Landess				
42.	Declaration of Michael Arrigo in Support of	P00129-P00160			
	Opposition to Motion to Dismiss				
43,	Retainer Agreement – Michael Arrigo	P002720-P002728			
	(\$7500 retainer)				
44.	COGNOTION employment and payroll	CI 00001- CI			
	records	00006; P 00001 –			
		P 00002			
45.	Cognotion correspondence to Plaintiff	CI 00002-CI 00006			
46.	Cognotion offer of employment dated	P00165-P00166.			
	December 18, 2015				
47.	Cognotion 1099s	P00107-P00110;			
		P00222			
48.	Cognotion termination letter dated January	P00167-P00168			
	3, 2019				
49.	Plaintiff's Sworn Declaration re Cognotion	P00169			
	records				
50.	CONFIDENTIAL - Cognotion Overview	P00652-P00653			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka

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DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al
DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

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CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX NO	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
51.	Cinematic Health Education executed	NUMBER P00266-P00387	OFFERED		ADMITTED
51.	documents, Bylaws, Certificate of Incorporation, Stock Ledger	F00200-F00367			
52.	CNA Skills Guideline	P00388-P00389			
53.	Cognotion letters to Jason Landess	P00390-P00393			
54.	Excel spreadsheet (ContinuEdSpreadsheet)	P00394-P00436			
55.	Cover Memorandum for Spreadsheet Regarding CNA CEU in Nevada	P00437-P00439			
56.	Emails to and from Jason Landess	P00440-P00453; P00479-P00513			
57.	Cinematic Health Education, Inc. Action by Written Consent of the Board of Directors in Lieu of Organizational Meeting dated March 15, 2018	P00226-P00284			
58.	Cognotion - Series Pre-Seed Preferred Stock Investment Agreement dated March 20, 2018	P00309-P00332			
59.	Exhibit 1 (2017 1099), Exhibit 2 (2016 1099), Exhibit 3 (redacted Bank of America statement showing 3/21/18 wire from Cognotion), Exhibit 4 (redacted Bank of America statement showing 1/12/18 wire from Cognotion), Exhibit 5 (redacted Bank of America statement showing 5/3/18 wire from Cognotion)	P000454-P00478			
60,	Accounting summary, letter and email between Jason Landess and John Truehart regarding income and salary and attachments (Cognotion letter dated July 12, 2018, regarding salary paid to Jason Landess in 2017 and 2018; ProDox request for Cognotion employment and payroll records regarding Jason Landess)	P00514-P00539.			
61.	SME Lawyer questions for CNA	P00540			
62.	Video - "Close Up - Meet Your Faculty"	P00541			
63.	Email from Jonathan Dariyanani to John Orr, Esq. dated 6/1/19, Bates labeled	P001751-P001753			
64.	ACH Payment to Jason Landess on March 18, 2019, Chase for Business account	P00220			
65.	Wire activity for payments to Jason Landess between March 21, 2018 and	P00221			

PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

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CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
NO		NUMBER	OFFERED		ADMITTED
	January 23, 2019, Chase for Business account				
66.	Jason Landess Payment Activity 2017-2018, Bates labeled.	P00223-P00225			
67.	Retainer Agreement (2017)	P00170-P00174			
68.	Retainer Agreement (2018)	P00175-P00179			
69.	Account Summary for Plaintiff's checking account with Bank of America for January, March and May 2018	P00111-P00113			
70.	Plaintiff's U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns for the years 2012 through 2017	P 00003 - P00082			
71.	Plaintiff's 1099 from Cognotion for the year 2018	P00222			
72.	Stan Smith, PhD's expert reports				
73.	Stan Smith, PhD's Curriculum Vitae				
74.	Exhibits to Deposition of Stan Smith, PhD	Ex 1- CV of Stan Smith			
		Ex 2- List of Exhibits to Depo using 5-24-19			
		Ex 3- Stan Smith Fee Schedule			
		Ex 4- Engagement Letter- Stan Smith 11/14/18			
		Ex 5- Expert Report of Stan Smith			
		Ex 6- Cover Page, SS Disclosure Page and Ex 5/6 Cover Sheets for Disclosure of Smith Report/CV/Cases (to show when they were disclosed			
		Ex 7- Case Information form for Smith Economic Group (ss-14)	1		

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

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CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
NO		NUMBER	OFFERED		ADMITTED
		Ex 10- Email Exchanges re Deposition of Stan Smith			
		Ex 11- Chart of Documents Produced to Stan Smith			
		Ex 12- 14th Supplemental Disclosure w/Damage Calculation			
		Ex 13- Information Sheet for JGL (SS- 1)			
		Ex 14- Declaration of Jason G. Landess 8/13/18			
		Ex 15- Denis R. Harris, MD Sworn Declaration Regarding Case Review of Jason G. Landess, aka Kay George Landess			
		Ex 18- Cognotion Overview			
		Ex 19- Cognotion offer of engage- ment dated December 18, 2015			
	¥	Ex 20- Excerpt of Deposition Tr of Jason Landess 2/8/19			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

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CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX NO	DESCRIPTION	BATES NUMBER	DATE OFFERED	OBJECTION	DATE ADMITTED
		Ex 21- JGL 2012 Tax Return (copy to Smith not bates)			
		Ex 22- JGL 2013 Tax Return (not bates)			
		Ex 23- JGL 2014 Tax Return (not bates)			
		Ex 24- JGL 2015 Tax Return (not bates)			
		Ex 25- JGL 2016 Tax Return (not bates)			
		Ex 26- JGL 2017 Tax Return (not bates)			
		Ex 27- Cognotion 2016 1099			
		Ex 28- Cognotion 2017 1099			
		Ex 29 - Cognotion 2018 1099			
		Ex 30- Documents from Jonathan Dariyanani re payments to Landess			
		Ex 31- Letter from John Truehart			
		Ex 32- Exhibit 3 (redacted Bank of America statement showing 3/21/18			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

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CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
EX NO	DESCRIPTION	wire from Cognotion), Exhibit 4 (redacted Bank of America statement showing 1/12/18 wire from Cognotion), Exhibit 5 (redacted Bank of America statement showing 5/3/18 wire from Cognotion) Ex 33- JGL Cognotion Income for 2016-2017 Ex 34- Cinematic Congnotion Contribution Agreement Ex 35- Cinematic Pre-Seed Investment Agreement (re Think Education) Ex 36- Cognotion Termination Letter 1/3/18 Ex 37- Retainer Agreement (2017) Ex 38- Retainer Agreement (2018) Ex 39- Miglin Article	DATE OFFERED	OBJECTION	DATE

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess

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PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
NO		NUMBER Ex 41- Hospital	OFFERED		ADMITTED
		AMA Form [JL			
		signature only)-			
		Copy with JL and			
		witness signature in			
		CHH records as			
		CHHMCMR 00114			
		Ex 42- Photo xray			
		10/25/17 Nevada			
		Spine Clinic			
		Ex 43- 2nd Surgery			
		Post-Op X-Rays			
		<u>Ex 44</u> - Kirkendall Report			
		Ex 45-Reserved			
		Ex 46- 2 binders of Medical Records which include records produced in Initial Disclosure, and Second Supplement			
		Ex 47-no description			
		Ex 48-Expert-Loss of Stock Purchase Options			
		Ex 49-Value of Statistical Life Summary Table			
_		Ex 50-65 - Smith Tables 1-16			
		Exhibit 66 — Transcript of Judge Bell's ruling — Terra v.			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

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CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX NO	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE OFFERED	OBJECTION	DATE ADMITTED
NO		NUMBER	OFFERED		ADMITTED
75.	Stan Smith, Ph.D's List: Trial Testimony on Intangible Damages by Stan V. Smith Allowed in the Following Cases as of July 21, 2017	P001067-P001097			
76.	Transcripts of Proceedings/Trials, Orders, and correspondence regarding Testimony of Stan V. Smith, Ph.D. regarding hedonic and/or loss of life damages (Nevada cases)	P001098-P001139			
77.	Transcript of Audio Recording of an Excerpt of Proceedings of the trial of Tramon Finner v. Parker Hurless, et. al, District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. A-13-685392-C (regarding permission for Stan Smith, Ph.D. to testify regarding hedonic damages) on April 1, 2016, before Judge Susan Johnson	P001140-P001189			
78.	Session Report of Civil Bench Trial of Hector Lopez v. Terra Contracting regarding Stan Smith's testimony regarding hedonic damages before Judge Linda Bell on January 1, 2017	P001190-P001210			
79.	Peer-Reviewed Articles and journal papers written by other economics which support admissibility of economic testimony	P001212-P001527			
80.	New York Times article by B. Applebaum, "As US Agencies Put More Value on a Life, Businesses Fret"	P001528-P001535			
81.	The Globalist article by F. Partnoy, "The Cost of a Human Life, Statistically Speaking"	P001536-P001538			
82.	Viscusi, W. Kip and Aldy, Joseph E., "The Value of a Statistical Life: A Critical Review of Market Estimates Throughout the World" (2002). Harvard Law School John M. Olin Center for Law, Economics and Business Discussion Paper Series. Paper 392. http://lsr.nellco.org/harvard_olin/392	P001539-P001666			
83.	U.S Department of Transportation Memorandum dated 2/5/2008 from Office of the Secretary of Transportation to Secretarial Officers, Modal Administrators regarding "Treatment of the Economical	P001667-P001676			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

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CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX NO	DESCRIPTION	BATES NUMBER	DATE OFFERED	OBJECTION	DATE ADMITTED
	Value of a Statistical Life in Departmental Analyses"				
84.	Governmental Studies on the Value of Life	P1677-P001750			
85.	Declaration of Jason G. Landess, 8/13/18	P00656-P00658			
86.	Case Information form for Smith Economic Group	P00161-P00164			
87.	Information Sheet for Jason G. Landess 10/19/18	P00659-P00662			
88.	Chart of Documents Provided to Stan Smith, Ph.D	P00659- P00667			
89.	Elizabeth Arias, Ph.D., Melonie Heron, Ph.D., and Jiaquan Xu, M.D., Division of Vital Statistics, "United States Life Tables, 2014, National Vital Statistics Reports, Volunt 66, Number 4 (August 14, 2017)	P002562-P002625			
90.	Copies of Plaintiff's Medicare and AARP cards	P00106			
91.	Verizon Phone bill for September & October 2017	P000104-P00105			
92A	Pages from Nevada Legal News – telephone numbers for Howard & Howard, and Nevada State Bar	P002708-P002710			
92.	Transcript of Deposition of Erika Margaret Schwelnus, DNP, taken on September 15, 2011, in the matter entitled, Anne Leashen Fuller, Special Administrator of the Estate of Lillie Teague, deceased v. Holy Cross Hospital, et al., Case No. 09 L 4045 in the Circuit Court of Illinois, Cook County, further identified as 2011 Depo. Trans. LEXIS 3872	P00688-P00767			
93.	Transcript of Deposition of Erika Margaret Schwelnus, DNP, on August 24, 2001, in the matter entitled, Ruben Galvan, as Special Administrator of the Estate of Benita Galvan v. Norwegian American Hospital, et al., Case No. 95 L 3889 in the Circuit Court of Illinois, Cook County, further identified as 2001 Depo. Trans. LEXIS 12520	P00768-P00894			
94.	Transcript of Deposition of Erika Margaret Schwelnus, DNP, on November 28, 2006, in the matter entitled, <i>Lona J. Vaughn v. Gottlieb Memorial Hospital, et al.</i> , Case No. 03 L 001568 in the Circuit Court of Illinois,	P00895-P00968			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX NO	DESCRIPTION	BATES NUMBER	DATE OFFERED	OBJECTION	DATE ADMITTED
	Cook County, further identified as 2006				
95.	Depo. Trans. LEXIS 3206 Transcript of Deposition of Erika Margaret Schwelnus, DNP, on May 28, 1999, in the matter entitled, <i>Richard Smith v. Bethany Hospital</i> , Case No. 96 L 9487 in the Circuit Court of Illinois, Cook County, further identified as 1999 Depo. Trans. LEXIS 12456	P00969-P001051			
96,	Letter/expert report dated February 23, 2006, written by Kevin Bruce Kirkendall, MBA, CPA, to James J. Lee, Esq., regarding <i>Guerin adv. Smart City</i> , U.S. District Court for the District of Nevada, Case No. 2:05-cv-0587, further identified as 2006 Misc. Filings, LEXIS 5728	P001052-P001055			II
97.	Letter/expert report dated February 12, 2014, written by Kevin Bruce Kirkendall, MBA, CPA, to Douglas B. Marcello, Esq., regarding <i>Calvert v. Ellis</i> , U.S. District Court for the District of Nevada, Case No. 2:13-cv-0464, further identified as 2014 Misc. Filings, LEXIS 9228	P001056-P001066			
98.	CHH Policies & Procedures – Against Medical Advice Release of Responsibility				
99.	CHH Policies & Procedures - CHH Discharge Against Medical Advice				
100.	Hospital AMA Form - Copy with JL and witness' signatures in CHH records	CHHMCMR 00114			
101.	Hospital AMA Form with Jason Landess' signature only (CHH records as CHHMCMR 00114)	P00651			
102,	Plaintiff's emails to and from Mark Mills, J.D., M.D.	P00124-P00128			
103.	Mark Mills, JD, MD's expert reports				
104.	Mark Mills, JD, MD's Curriculum Vitae				
105.	Exhibits to Deposition of Mark Mills, JD, MD	Ex A-List of Cases Ex B-Curriculum Vitae Ex C-Updated			
		Curriculum Vitae			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX NO	DESCRIPTION	BATES NUMBER	DATE OFFERED	OBJECTION	DATE ADMITTED
		Ex D-Expert Report Ex E-Ethical Principles of Psychologists Ex F-Ethics Guidelines Ex G-Interpretive Report			
100		Ex H-Witness Files	_		
106. 107.	Eleanor Kenney, RN, PhD's expert reports Eleanor Kenney, RN, PhD's Curriculum Vitae				
108.	Exhibits to Deposition of Eleanor Kenney, PhD.	Ex A-Invoice dated 2/25/19 Ex B-Depo & Trial Testimony Ex C-Curriculum Vitae Ex D-Records reviewed Ex E-Notes on Landess case Ex F-Rough draft of Declaration of Dr. Eleanor Kenney Ex G-Email correspondence Ex H-Declaration of Dr. Eleanor Kenney dated 2/22/19 Ex I-Supplemental Report			
109.	First Amended Complaint filed 07/02/08	P00542-P00570			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX NO	DESCRIPTION	BATES NUMBER	DATE OFFERED	OBJECTION	DATE ADMITTED
110.	Defendant Kevin Paul Debiparshad's responses to all of Plaintiff's interrogatories and all of Plaintiff's requests for production of documents				
111,	Defendant Valley Health System dba Centennial Hills Hospital's responses to all of Plaintiff's interrogatories and and all of Plaintiff's requests for production of documents				
112,	Defendant Jaswinder Grover, MD and Jaswinder Grover, MD, Inc. dba Nevada Spine Clinic's responses to all of Plaintiff's interrogatories and and all of Plaintiff's requests for production of documents				
113.	Plaintiff's Motion for Preferential Trial Setting filed 07/13/18	P00571-P00625			
114.	Universal Health Services, Inc.'s Forms 10-Q and 10-K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission for the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th quarters of 2017 and 2018.	P001754-P002445			
115.	Universal Health Services, Inc.'s Summary Report regarding Net Worth/Equity (Total Assets – Total Liabilities) and Net Income for four (4) quarters of 2017 and 2018, and the first quarter of 2019.	P002446			
116.	Universal Health Services, Inc.'s Balance Sheets from the Department of Health & Human Services for four (4) quarters of 2017 and 2018, and first quarter of 2019.	P002447- P002475			
117.	Universal Health Services, Inc.'s Form 10-Q filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission for the 1st quarter of 2019.	P002476-P002560			
118.	Exhibits to Deposition of Jason Landess – Vol. 1	Ex A			
119.	Exhibits to Deposition of Jason Landess – Vol. 2	Ex B - Offer letter dated 12/18/15, P00165-166 Ex C - Termination letter dated 1/3/18, P00107-108			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
NO		NUMBER Ex D- ProDox COR	OFFERED		ADMITTED
		Certificate - tax returns 2012-2017; 2018			
		Ex E-Bank statements, P00111-113			
		Ex F- MMPI-2 Report (Dr Mills) dated 1/21/19, P00209-218			
		Ex G- Conditions of Admission- Registration Treatment Authorization & Financial Responsibility, CHH 109-112			
120.	Exhibits to Deposition of Roger Fontes, MD	Ex B – x-rays			
121.	Exhibits to Deposition of Brian Anderson, PT	Ex 1—Physical Therapy Forms, CHHMCMR00268- 272			
		Ex 2-Rehabil- itation Services, CHHMCMR00342- 343			
122.	Exhibits to Deposition of Karen Buettner, RN	Ex 1-Nursing Notes, CHHMC MR00262			
		Ex 2-General Event Data, EVENTRPRT00001			

PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka

Kay George Landess
DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD
DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al
DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX NO	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE OFFERED	OBJECTION	DATE
NO		NUMBER Ex 3-Patient Education Notes, CHHMCMR 00034	OFFERED		ADMITTED
		Ex 4-Plan of Care, CHHMCMR00275- 283			
		Ex 5-Assessments & Treatments, CHHMCMR00304- 334			
		Ex 6-Refusing Treatment Against Medical Advice, 10/11/17 at 15:02, CHHMCMR00114			
		Ex 7- Refusing Treatment Against Medical Advice, 10/11/17 at 15:02, no Bates number, patient signature only			
		Ex 8-Policy: Discharge Against Medical Advice (AMA), DISCHARGE AMA 0001-0002			
		Ex 9-Policy: Against Medical Advice (AMA)- Release of Responsibility, AMA RELEASE 0001-0002			
		Ex 10-Policy: Rights and Responsibilities-			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess

DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
МО		Patients, no Bates	OFFERED		ADMITTED
		numbers (6 pages)			
		Ex 11- Rights and Responsibilities -			
		Patients			
123.	Exhibits to Deposition of Centennial Hills 30b6: Melanie Thompson	Ex 1 – Nursing Notes dated			
	3000. Melanie mompson	10/11/17,			
		CHHMCMR 00258- 262			
		Ex 2 - Patient			
		Safety Event Report,			
124.	Exhibits to Deposition of Kevin Paul	EVENTRPT00001 Ex 1-Curriculum			
124,	Debiparshad, MD	Vitae			
		Ex 2 -Letter from			
		NV State Board of Medical Examiners			
		dated 7/17/18			
		Ex 3–Health Care Professional			
		Liability Policy,			
		INS1-00001-38			
		<u>Ex 4</u> - Premier Physicians			
		Insurance Co., Inc. (79 pages)			
		Ex 5-Physician			
		Agreement dated 9/1/15 – NSC0027-			
		47			
		Ex 6—Centennial			
		Hills Hospital Emergency Dept			
		Record – CCHCMR 00046			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka

Kay George Landess
DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD
DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al
DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
NO		NUMBER	OFFERED		ADMITTED
		Ex 7–Consent to Surgery and Orther Invasive Proce- dures dated 10/10/17, CHH MCMR104-105			
		Ex 8- Final Operative Report (printed 10/18/17) (2 pages)			
		Ex 9-Centennial Hills Hospital Operative Record — CHHMCMR 0079			
		Ex 10- Centennial Hills Hospital Physical Therapy Forms – CHHMCMR00271- 272			
		Ex 11-Ortho Bullets Article – "Tibial Shaft Fractures" (10 pages)			
		Ex 12-AAOS NOW article "Pearls and Pitfalls with proximal third tibial fractures" (Lundy, et al.) (3 pages)			
		Ex 13 – Nevada Spine Clinic Medical Record dated 10/25/17, NSCMR0005			
		Ex 14 - Nevada Spine Clinic Medical Record			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka

Kay George Landess
DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD
DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al
DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX NO	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
NO		NUMBER dated 10/25/17, NSCMR0006	OFFERED		ADMITTED
		Ex 15 - Black & white x-ray dated 10/25/17, DOC00158-160			
		Ex 16-Nevada Spine Clinic Progress Note dated 11/22/17, NSCMR00004		4	
		Ex 17- Color photographs of x- ray dated 12/20/17, P00181			
		Ex 18 - Nevada Spine Clinic Progress Note dated 12/20/17, NSCMR00003			
		Ex 19 – Medical report by Dr. Herr dated 2/12/18, JEHM 00008			
		Ex 20-x-ray black & white copy dated 2/12/18			
		Ex 21- Desert Orthopaedic Medical Record dated 2/15/18, beginning with DOCL0026-56 (30 pages)	-		
		Ex 22— color photograph of x-ray dated 2/15/18, P00185			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel

PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX NO	DESCRIPTION	BATES NUMBER	DATE OFFERED	OBJECTION	DATE ADMITTED
		Ex 23—Synergy Spine & Orthopedics Medical Note dated 6/4/18, P0084-85 Ex 24-St. Rose Dominican Operation Note by Dr Fontes, DOCL0048-50 Ex 25-Photocopy black & white x-ray dated 4/18/18, DOC 0189 Ex 26-Photocopy black & white x-ray dated 4/18/18, DOC 0144 Ex 27-Synergy Spine & Orthopedics, fax transmission of Medical Records dated 6/4/18 (4 pages)	JII ENEU		
125.	Exhibits to Deposition of Effie Farnsworth	Ex 1 – Second Amended Notice of Depo of NRCP 30b6 for Valley Health System Ex 2 – Professional Services On-Call Agreement, PSA 001-12			
126.	Exhibits to Deposition of Stuart M. Gold, MD	Ex 1-Handwritten notes			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess

DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al

DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX	DESCRIPTION	BATES	DATE	OBJECTION	DATE
NO		NUMBER Ex 2-Curriculum Vitae and Fee Schedule	OFFERED		ADMITTED
		Ex 3-List of cases			
		Ex 4-Invoice		a	
		<u>Ex 5</u> -CDs			
		<u>Ex 6</u> -P180, 181, 186			
		Ex 7-Films from Dr. Herr taken Feb 2018			
		Ex 8-C-arm images			
		Ex 9-Material provided at Dr. Harris' deposition			
		Ex 10-X-rays Dr Fontes took, P190, 187, 188			
127.	Stuart M. Gold, M.D.'s Notes	P002704-P002707			
128.	Subpoena Duces Tecum to Dr. Gold for depositions and reports in other plaintiff cases				
129.	Exhibits to Deposition of Jayme Morrisette, RN	Ex 1 – 2 nd Amended Notice of Depo of NRCP 30b6 witness for Valley Health System			
130.	Notice of Taking Deposition: Centennial Hospital's 30b6				
131,	Notice of taking Deposition: Jaswinder Grover, MD, Inc.'s 30b6				
132.	Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendations on Motion to Compel Production of Documents and Responses	P002711-P002719			

PLAINTIFF: Jason George Landess aka Kay George Landess PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY: Martin A. Little

DEFENDANT: Kevin Paul Debiparshad, MD DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: S. Brent Vogel DEFENDANT: Jaswinder Grover, MD, et al DEFENDANT: Valley Health System, et al DEFENDANTS' ATTORNEY: Kenneth M. Webster

CASE NO.: A-18-776896-C

EX NO	DESCRIPTION	BATES NUMBER	DATE OFFERED	OBJECTION	DATE ADMITTED
	to Plaintiff's Interrogatories regarding Plaintiff's punitive damage claim				



ELECTRONICALLY SERVED 7/21/2019 9:06 PM

DEFENDANTS' FIFTH AMENDED TRIAL EXHIBITS

CASE NO. A-18-776896-C

DEPT. NO. 32

TRIAL DATE: July 22, 2019

JUDGE: Rob Bare CLERK: REPORTER:

JASON GEORGE LANDESS a.k.a. KAY GEORGE LANDESS, as an individual;

Plaintiff,

VS.

KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, M.D., an individual; KEVIN P. DEBIPARSHAD PLLC, a Nevada professional limited liability company doing business as "SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS"; DEBIPARSHAD PROFESSIONAL SERVICES LLC, a Nevada professional limited liability company doing business as "SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS"; ALLEGIANT INSTITUTE INC., a Nevada domestic professional corporation doing business as "ALLEGIANT SPINE INSTITUTE"; JASWINDER S. GROVER, M.D., an individual; JASWINDER S. GROVER, M.D. Ltd. doing business as "NEVADA SPINE CLINIC"; VALLEY HEALTH SYSTEM LLC, a Delaware limited liability company doing business as "CENTENNIAL HILLS HOSPITAL"; UHS OF DELAWARE, INC., a Delaware corporation also doing business as "CENTINNIAL HILLS HOSPITAL"; DOES 1-X, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS I-X, inclusive,

Defendants.

Martin A. Little, Esq. Alexander Villamar, Esq. James J. Jimmerson, Esq. Attorneys for Plaintiff

S. Brent Vogel, Esq.
Katherine Gordon, Esq.
John M. Orr, Esq.
Attorneys for Defendants Kevin Paul
Debiparshad, M.D., Kevin P.
Debiparshad, PLLC d/b/a Synergy Spine
and Orthopedics, Debiparshad
Professional Services, LLC d/b/a
Synergy Spine and Orthopedics, and
Jaswinder S. Grover, M.D., Ltd. d/b/a
"Nevada Spine Clinic"

Michael Shannon, Esq. Marjorie E. Kratsas, Esq. Attorneys for Defendant Valley Health System, LLC d/b/a Centennial Hills Hospital

<u>DEFENDANTS' FIFTH AMENDED TRIAL EXHIBITS</u>

CASE NO. A-18-776896-C

TRIAL DATE: July 22, 2019

DEPT. NO. 32

JUDGE: Rob Bare CLERK: REPORTER:

Exhibit No.	Document	Date Offered	Obj.	Date Admitted
400.	The Curriculum Vitae of Dr. Kevin Debiparshad, FRCSC, M.D.C.M. N.Sc., B.Sc., Bates Nos. CV-00001-00005			
401.	MedicWest Ambulance/AMR medical and billing records, Bates Nos. MAI-00001-00012			
402.	Mercy Ambulance c/o American Medical Response medical and billing records, Bates Nos. MACAMR 00001-00013			
403.	Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center medical and billing records, Bates Nos. CHHMCMR 00001-00347			
404.	Centennial Hills Hospital Medical Center medical and billing records, Bates Nos. CHHMCB 00001-CHHMCB 00006			
405.	John Herr, M.D., medical and billing records, Bates Nos. JEHM 00001-00022			
406.	St. Rose Dominican Hospital – Rose de Lima Campus, medical records, Bates Nos. SRDRDLMR 00001-00352			
407.	Nevada Spine Clinic, medical and billing records, Bates Nos. NSCMR 00001-00019			
408.	Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, M.D., medical and billing records, Bates Nos. DOCL 00001-00050 and DOCL 00078-00085			
409.	Forte Family Practice medical records, Bates Nos. FORTE-00001-00098			
410.	OK Care Pharmacy records, Bates Nos. OK CARE-00001-00031			
411.	Medical records from Synergy Spine and Orthopedics, Bates Nos. SYNERGY-00001-00026			
412.	Email from Jonathan Dariyanani to John Orr, Esq. dated 06/01/2019, Bates P001751-P001753			
413.	10/09/2017 - Centennial Hills Hospital XR Left Tibia-Fibula Series 1, 2, 3 and 4 Pt: Landess, Jason Bates Nos. CHH FILMS-00001-00004			
414.	10/10/2017 - Centennial Hills Hospital XR Left Tibia-Fibula [Hardware views] Series 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 Pt: Landess, Jason Bates Nos. CHH FILMS-00005-00010			

<u>DEFENDANTS' FIFTH AMENDED TRIAL EXHIBITS</u>

CASE NO. A-18-776896-C

TRIAL DATE: July 22, 2019

DEPT. NO. 32

JUDGE: Rob Bare CLERK: REPORTER:

Exhibit No.	Document	Date Offered	Obj.	Date Admitted
415.	10/25/2017 - Newport MRI (NV Spine)/Kevin Debiparshad XR Left Tib/Fib			
	Series 1, 2, 3			
	Pt: Landess, Kay George			
	Bates Nos. NEWPORT MRI/NV SPINE FILMS-00001-			
	00003			
416.	11/22/2017 - Newport MRI (NV Spine)/Kevin Debiparshad			
	XR Left Tibia	1		
	Series 1, 2, 3	1 1		
	Pt: Landess, Kay George	1 1		
	Bates Nos. NEWPORT MRI/NV SPINE FILMS-00004-			
	00006			
417.	12/20/2017 - Newport MRI (NV Spine)/Kevin Debiparshad	1 1		
	XR Left Tib Fib	1 1		
	Series 1, 2, 3	1 1		
	Pt: Landess, Kay George	1 1		
	Bates Nos. NEWPORT MRI/NV SPINE FILMS-00007-	1 1		
	00009			
418.	01/31/2018 - Newport MRI (NV Spine)/Kevin Debiparshad			
	XR Left Tib/Fib			
	Series 1, 2, 3			
	Pt: Landess, Kay George	1		
	Bates Nos. NEWPORT MRI/NV SPINE FILMS-00010-			
410	00012			
419.	10/25/2017 – Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, M.D.			
	XR L AP, XR L LAT, SR L OBL			
	Pt: Landess, Kay, George Bates Nos. DOC-00158-00160			
420.	02/15/2018 – Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, M.D.			
420.	CR Lt Lower Leg: AP and Lat			
	Series 2 and 3			
	Pt: Landess, Kay George			
	Bates Nos. DOC 00161-00162			
421.	04/18/2018 – Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, M.D.			
	CR Lt Lower Leg: AP and Lat			
	Series 1 and 2			
	Pt: Landess, Kay George			
	Bates Nos. DOC 00163-00164			

DEFENDANTS' FIFTH AMENDED TRIAL EXHIBITS

CASE NO. A-18-776896-C

TRIAL DATE: July 22, 2019

DEPT. NO. 32

JUDGE: Rob Bare CLERK: REPORTER:

Exhibit No.	Document	Date Offered	Obj.	Date Admitted
422.	05/30/2018– Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, M.D.	Officied		Admitted
	CR Lt Lower Leg: AP and Lat			
	Series 1 and 2			
	Pt: Landess, Kay George			
	Bates Nos. DOC 00165-00166			
423.	06/27/2018 – Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, M.D.			
	CR Lt Lower Leg: AP and Lat			
	Series 1 and 2			
	Pt: Landess, Kay George			
	Bates Nos. DOC 00170-00171			
424.	08/08/2018 – Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, M.D.			
	CR Lt Lower Leg: AP and Lat			
	Series 1 and 2			
	Pt: Landess, Kay George			
	Bates Nos. DOC 00172-00173			
425.	04/03/2019 – Desert Orthopedic Center/Roger Fontes, M.D.			
	CR Left Lower Leg: AP and Lat			
	Series 1 and 3			
	Pt: Landess, Kay George Bates Nos. DOC 00178-00179			
426.				-
420.	Report of Orthopaedic Surgery Expert, Stuart Gold, M.D., C.M.			
427.	Report of Economist Expert, Kevin Kirkendall			-
428.	Report of Forensic Psychiatrist Expert, Michael Arambula,			
100	M.D., Pharm.D.			-
429.	Plaintiff's Responses to Defendant Kevin Paul Debiparshad's			
420	First Set of Interrogatories			1
430.	Plaintiff's Responses to Defendant Kevin Paul Debiparshad's First Set of Requests for Production of Documents			
431.	Plaintiff's Responses to Defendant, Valley Health d/b/a			+
	Centennial Hills' First Set of Requests for Production of			
	Documents			
432.	CV of Stuart Miles Gold, M.D., C.M.			
433.	CV of Kevin Kirkendall, MBA, CPA-CGMA, CFE			
434.	CV of Michael Arambula, M.D., Pharm.D.			

<u>DEFENDANTS' FIFTH AMENDED TRIAL EXHIBITS</u>

CASE NO. A-18-776896-C

TRIAL DATE: July 22, 2019

DEPT. NO. 32

JUDGE: Rob Bare CLERK: REPORTER:

Exhibit No.	Document	Date Offered	Obj.	Date Admitted
435.	Certified copy of Justin Landess' Judgment of Conviction and Guilty Plea Agreement re: Attempt Possession of Stolen Vehicle, filed on December 12, 2005, as disclosed by Defendant Valley Health System, LLC d/b/a Centennial Hills Hospital (collectively referred to as "CHH") as JUSTIN000001-000011			
436.	Certified copy of Justin Landess' Amended Judgment of Conviction, Guilty Plea Agreement, Notice of Intent to Forfeit, and Transcript of Proceedings re: Attempt Unauthorized Absence Constituting Escape from Prison, filed on June 25, 2018, as disclosed by CHH as JUSTIN000012-000035			
437.	Certified copy of Justin Landess' Petition, Guilty Plea Agreement, and Judgment of Conviction re: Attempt Grand Larceny, filed on October 27, 2004, as disclosed by CHH as JUSTIN000036-000049			
438.	Certified copy of Justin Landess' Judgment of Conviction and Guilty Plea Agreement re: Forgery, filed on November 30, 2015, as disclosed by CHH as JUSTIN000050-000061			
439.	Certified copy of Justin Landess' Guilty Plea Agreement and Second Amended Judgment of Conviction re: Possession of Stolen Vehicle, filed on May 7, 2003, as disclosed by CHH as JUSTIN000062-000073			
440.	Certified copy of Justin Landess' Guilty Plea Agreement and Judgment of Conviction re: Transport of Controlled Substance, filed on July 9, 2015, as disclosed by CHH as JUSTIN000074-000086			
441.	Case Research Orders excluding or striking trial testimony of plaintiff's expert Stan Smith, Bates SMITH EXCLUSIONS-00001-00344			
442.	E-mail from James J. Jimmerson, Esq. to Jonathan Dariyanani, Bates JIMMERSON-04-08			
443.	Las Vegas Review Journal Article "Lawyer's judgment at issue," Bates LANDESS ARTICLE-00001-00008			
444.	Las Vegas Review Journal Article "Judicial candidate accused," Bates LANDESS ARTICLE-00009-00011			
445.	Article "Harmful Error, Candidate Landess named in Securities & Exchange complaint," Bates LANDESS ARTICLE-00012			

DEFENDANTS' FIFTH AMENDED TRIAL EXHIBITS

CASE NO. A-18-776896-C

TRIAL DATE: July 22, 2019

DEPT. NO. 32

JUDGE: Rob Bare CLERK: REPORTER:

Exhibit No.	Document	Date Offered	Obj.	Date Admitted
446.	Article re "MSNBC's Egalitarian Krystal Ball, and Her Husband Jonathan Dariyanani, Star of Numerous International Pump and Dumps, Bates DARIYANANI- 00001-00011			
447.	Securities & Exchange Complaint, Bates SEC COMPLAINT-00001-00027			
448.	Quest Diagnostic's billing record regarding Jason George Landess, Bates Nos. DEBIPARSHAD-QDB 00001-00002			
449.	Report of Mark J. Mills, J.D., M.D. in the matter of <i>Ortiz v. University Medical Center of Nevada, et al.</i> , Case No. A-16-734958-C, dated November 27, 2018, MILLS-ORTIZ 00001-00005			
450.	Stuart M. Gold, M.D., C.M.'s supplemental report dated July 9, 2019			
451.	MP Investigations Surveillance Report dated June 17, 2019 Re Jason George Landess, Bates Nos. DEBIPARSHAD- SUBROSA 00001-00045			
452.	MP Investigations Surveillance Video Re Jason George Landess, provided via CD, Bates No. DEBIPARSHAD- SUBROSA 00046			
453.	MP Investigations Surveillance Report dated July 16, 2019 Re Jason George Landess, Bates Nos. DEBIPARSHAD- SUBROSA 00047-00051			
454.	Cognotion, Inc. – Stock Ledger – Options as of May 18, 2018 Re Jason George Landess, Bates No. DEBIPARSHAD- COGNOTION 00001			
455.	Cognotion, Inc. Board Minutes from May 31, 2016, Bates Nos. DEBIPARSHAD-COGNOTION 00002-00005			
456.	Cognotion, Inc. Board Minutes from May 30, 2018, Bates Nos. DEBIPARSHAD-COGNOTION 00006-00009			
457.	Cognotion, Inc. Profit and Loss Sheet from January 2016 to December 2017, Bates Nos. DEBIPARSHAD-COGNOTION 00010-00011			
458.	Cognotion, Inc. Profit and Loss Sheet from January 2018 to December 2018, Bates Nos. DEBIPARSHAD-COGNOTION 00012-00013			
459.	Cognotion, Inc. Balance Sheet as of December 31 2017, Bates Nos. DEBIPARSHAD-COGNOTION 00014-00015			

DEFENDANTS' FIFTH AMENDED TRIAL EXHIBITS

CASE NO. A-18-776896-C TRIAL DATE: July 22, 2019

DEPT. NO. 32 JUDGE: Rob Bare

CLERK: REPORTER:

Exhibit No.	Document	Date Offered	Obj.	Date Admitted
460.	Cognotion, Inc. Balance Sheet as of December 31 2018,			
	Bates Nos. DEBIPARSHAD-COGNOTION 00016-00017			
461.	Cinematic Health Education GAAP Profit and Loss Trend in \$USD 000's, Bates Nos. DEBIPARSHAD-COGNOTION 00018-00023			
462.	Emails from Jonathan Dariyanani at Cognotion regarding Jason Landess, Bates Nos. DEBIPARSHAD-CI EMAIL 00001-00005			
463.	Email from John Truehart to Jason Landess on July 18, 2018, Bates Nos. DEBIPARSHAD-CI EMAIL 00006-00013			
464.	Email from Jason Landess to Jonathan Dariyanani on July 24, 2018, Bates No. DEBIPARSHAD-CI EMAIL 00014			
465.	Supplemental Report of Economist Expert, Kevin Kirkendall			



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1	unable at t	hat time to fulfill his job duties as an attorney for Cognotion; is
2	that right?	
3	A	Well, as an attorney, and the other different functions
4	Q	Okay.
5	A	that he did for us. That's right.
6	Q	I'm going to show you an email from Plaintiff's I think it's
7	admitted, b	out it might still just be
8	A	Uh-huh.
9	Q	Plaintiff's Proposed Exhibit 56.
10		So you know what? Let me
11		THE COURT: All right. Is 56 in those?
12		THE CLERK: 56 is not in the book.
13		THE COURT: All right. Not admitted.
14		MS. GORDON: I don't think it's admitted yet. I'm not 100
15	percent sur	re.
16		THE COURT: Yeah. It's I'm sorry. I just want
17		MR. JIMMERSON: The answer; I would have no objection to
18	that email.	I'd just know the date, if I could?
19		MS. GORDON: And I have a view from 56, so
20		MR. JIMMERSON: All right. I have the exhibit.
21		MS. GORDON: Can I
22		MR. JIMMERSON: Sorry.
23		MS. GORDON: Can I move to admit Plaintiff's Proposed
24	Exhibit 56?	
25		MR. JIMMERSON: No objection, Judge.



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Q

"To supplement my regular job of working in a sweat factory

with a lot of Mexicans, and taught myself how to play Snooker. I became so good at it, that I developed a route in East L.A. hustling Mexicans, blacks, and rednecks on Fridays, which was usually payday. From that lesson, I learned how to use my skill to make money by taking risk, serious risk." When you read this, did that change your impression of Mr. Landess at all?

A Not at all. He had told me. I knew -- I knew about Jason's life. I knew that he dropped out of high school. You know, I have people that work at my company that are convicted felons. Look, I believe that everybody is worthy. Mr. Landess was very honest with me about every aspect of his life and I leave my children -- I left my daughter with him. So that's the answer to your question.

O Did he sound apologetic in this email about hustling people before?

A I think when you're 70 years old, you reflect on your life, and not all of it's beautiful. Not all of it's beautiful. He doesn't feel like his divorce was beautiful. I think, you know, he doesn't feel like his -- I don't think Mr. Landess would sit here and tell you every moment of his life was great. You know, but I know him to be a person who loves people and cares for them and I feel like I know his heart and that didn't bother me because I -- I know him and I saw that it's reflected back on, you know, what a provincial fool he was at the time, and he was.

Q Does it sound to you at all from this email that he's bragging about his past as a hustler, and particularly hustling Mexicans, blacks, and rednecks on payday?

A Not at all. I think he feels -- I think he's very circumspect about that whole period of his life. And if you're asking me, like, did I read this as Mr. Landess being a racist and a bragger, I absolutely did not and I don't read it that way now, and I wouldn't have such a person in my employ.

Q He talks about a time when he bought a truck stop here in Las Vegas when the Mexican laborer stole everything that wasn't welded to the ground. You still don't take that as being at all a racist comment?

A I look at that as him reflecting back on his life and the way that he saw things then, growing up in L.A. the way that he did. I don't think that that -- I don't think it's representative of how -- I think he channeled himself then. I don't think it's representative of who he is now, and it's not who -- it's not the person that I've seen and know.

Q Thank you, Mr. Dariyanani. I appreciate it.

THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Gordon.

MR. JIMMERSON: Is she done? Okay.

THE COURT: Any redirect, Mr. Jimmerson?

MR. JIMMERSON: Yeah, very briefly.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. JIMMERSON:

Q The -- this past was Mr. Landess 54 years ago when he was 19 years old; is that right?

A Yes.

O In your observation, do people change over the course of 54 years?



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motion in limine, I'll share with you that the proper way to do this would be to say, look, to the extent the Defense might want to use this to show Mr. Landess isn't a beautiful person or otherwise in the event character comes up, you want to use it to rebut character, you could say things like, I got a job working at a pool hall on weekends to supplement my regular job of working in a factory, redacting the word "sweat". Then delete or redact, "with a lot of Mexicans".

And then continue with non-redactions. "Taught myself how to play Snooker. I became so good at it I developed a route in East L.A. hustling --", redact "Mexicans, blacks, and rednecks" -- "-- on Fridays, which was usually payday." And then probably redact, "The truck stop Mexican laborers stole everything." And now what you have is you have usable evidence that he was a hustler. He taught himself to play pool, and he hustled people playing pool. Is that an indication of a beautiful person? Usable, admissible, but not overly prejudicial.

So that's the something I wanted to at least share with you that I did put down in my notes here -- these are some of my notes over the weekend. I put a note in here asking, what about a sidebar, what about redacting, you know, prejudicial parts of the usable item of evidence. So go ahead, if you want --

MS. GORDON: I appreciate that, Your Honor. I think that what that does is it certainly shifts the burden to Defendant, and what, I believe, you're saying is that it's admissible evidence, Your Honor. And as you've stated in this case and I believe in other trials you've had, admissible evidence is used for any purpose, can be used for any

purpose, and I don't think that the burden for how prejudicial a piece of evidence that Plaintiff disclosed and stipulated into evidence, the prejudicial nature of it should not be -- have to be addressed by the Defense, and out of curiosity or out of doing their job for them, I don't know, but I know that admissible evidence, it can be used for any purpose.

And I know that Plaintiff initially elicited and had impermissible and unethical character evidence. What the Defense is allowed to do in response to that, and what I actually have an ethical duty to my client, a person of color to do, is to use that evidence in impeachment. I'm allowed to do it, I should do it, and I did do it, and they did nothing about it.

THE COURT: So you think that the jury is allowed to consider whether Mr. Landess is a racist?

MS. GORDON: I think that I am allowed to use impeachment evidence that has not been objected to, and has been admitted into evidence by stipulation. I absolutely think I'm allowed to use it. I should use it on behalf of my client, and the burden should not be shifted to me to assist with eliminating or reducing the prejudicial value of that piece of evidence.

Dr. Debiparshad was asked about his race during his deposition. Mr. Daryanani went on for the first 15, 20 minutes of his testimony about his race. It's not new. Motive is always relevant in terms of Mr. Landess' reason for setting up our, you know, view on this case --

THE COURT: Um-hum.

MS. GORDON: -- setting up Dr. Debiparshad. I don't think it's completely irrelevant, and you know, it hurts. It hurts. I don't care. That's our job, and I'm sorry that it hurts and it's damaging, but it's not so prejudicial that it shouldn't be considered at all. They opened the door, and we're allowed to use it. I have an ethical obligation to use it. We're here, Your Honor, because of a cumulative effect of Plaintiff's errors. They disclosed it, they redisclosed it, they stipulated to its admission, they didn't object to it, they didn't ask for a sidebar at any point.

We're here because of their error. Trying to shift the burden for that error to us now, it's absurd. It just is, and trying to make it look like an ethical issue on the Defense side for using this piece of evidence is absurd, as well.

THE COURT: All right. Just to be sure, it sounds like what you're saying to me is that, in your view, under all of the circumstances that you've already described or that you otherwise know, that whether Mr. Landess is a racist is something the jury should weigh and it's admittable, and it's evidence that they should consider.

MS. GORDON: I think that the entirety of the passages from that email is impeachment testimony to the character evidence that was improperly and unethically elicited by Plaintiff, and I don't know that it's so much exactly what that bad character evidence consists of --

THE COURT: Um-hum.

MS. GORDON: -- it's bad character evidence that we're

allowed to use as impeachment.

I don't know, Your Honor, and perhaps you found cases that I did not, but I don't know that there is a subsection under impeachment, and what evidence we can use as impeachment that says, oh you can use impeachment evidence, but you can't if it has to do with race. You can use impeachment evidence, but you can't, if it has to do with -- I don't know. There's no, you know, subsection --

THE COURT: Okay, let me take it from a different perspective then. Let's assume you never put that item up in the questioning of Mr. Daryanani. However, it's admitted as Exhibit 56, page 44. Let's further assume that then, the first time you ever use it, is in your closing argument, and you put it up just the same way you did with Mr. Daryanani. I take it you're going to tell me that that's not -- essentially, it's already misconduct under the *Lioce* standard. In other words, you can tell me that, at least in part, you could make a closing argument that Mr. Landess is a racist and the jury ought to consider that.

MS. GORDON: I'm saying that respectfully, I don't know that that has anything to do with what we're talking about now, because we were talking about impeachment evidence for someone who improperly gave character evidence, and I was impeaching him.

THE COURT: Well, let me explain that. Let me explain. If you're telling me it's impeachment evidence, that means it is evidence, and that means you could argue the evidence. I just think this is a good illustration of the concern. I mean, you and your wisdom used it for impeachment. I get that, but it's evidence. And so I'm just trying to see



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certain, slam dunk easy, I would've granted a motion to preclude the hustling Mexicans, blacks, and rednecks, where the Mexican labor stole everything that wasn't welt to the ground. I would've precluded that. And though not so relevant to this, but since we're having a meaningful discussion, I can tell you that I handed this to Mark Dunn, and the level of shock on his face was pulpable. And I handed it to him only asking him one thing, would you preclude this in a motion in limine.

That's how I started it, because I didn't want him to know the full extent of anything else I might have to deal with, and he told me, in no uncertain terms, what I was really already thinking, and that is that you absolutely have to preclude this because the issue of whether or not Mr. Landess is a racist or not is not relevant. And even if it relevant, if character is an issue, that's really -- that's the issue. I mean, race -- whether he's a racist or not is not relevant and is prejudicial. It's, I think, clearly what I would have to tell you, and that's the reason I would grant the pretrial motion.

So I think it's fair to say, okay, why not ask for a sidebar. I mean, certainly you have the witness in the witness box, Daryanani, and you have the item ready to go up on the ELMO. You could ask for a sidebar to discuss --

MS. GORDON: Us?

THE COURT: Yes. Us. You could ask for a sidebar to now indicate, I'm going to put this up, or for that matter, consideration could've been given to -- I mean, this is my question. I want to see if you want to answer this, to potentially redacting portions of it, because in a



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CLERK OF THE COURT

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER DENYING **DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR** JUDGMENT AS A MATTER OF LAW AND MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL AND **GRANTING IN PART AND DENYING IN** PART DEFENDANTS MOTION TO AMEND THE JUDGMENT

The above-captioned matter, having come on for hearing pursuant to Defendant NEVADA SURGERY AND CANCER CARE, LLP's Motion For Judgment as a Matter of Law, Motion for New Trial and Motion to Amend the Judgment on the 10th Day of December, 2014, Gary Schnitzer, Esq. and Jordan Schnitzer, Esq., of the Law Firm KRAVITZ SCHNITZER & JOHNSON, appearing on behalf of Plaintiff, S. Brent Vogel, Esq. and Amanda J. Brookhyser,

Esq., of the Law Firm LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH, appearing on behalf of Defendants REN YU ZHANG, M.D., and NEVADA SURGERY AND CANCER CARE ("NSCC"), the Court having considered the papers and pleadings on file herein, the Court being fully advised in the premises and good cause appearing therefore, makes the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order:

I. **Findings of Fact**

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- During the trial, competent testimony was elicited concerning Dr. Zhang's 1. deficiencies during his residency, causing him to be placed on probation.
- NSCC was unaware of these deficiencies and the probation because it never 2. inquired about whether Dr. Zhang was ever on probation during the hiring process.
- It was logical and reasonable for the jury to conclude or infer that the same 3. deficiencies contributed to or caused Plaintiff's injuries and, therefore, NSCC negligently hired, trained and supervised the activities of Dr. Zhang, an employee of NSCC.
- Defendant moved for a new trial based upon NRCP 59(a)(1) Irregularity in the 4. proceedings preventing a fair trial; NRCP 59(a)(3) accident or surprise which ordinary prudence could not have guarded against; and NRCP 59(a)(6) excessive damages appearing to have been given under the influence of passion or prejudice.
- While there was evidence that a document containing the declaration page of 5. Defendants' insurance policy was submitted to the jury, Dr. Wishnev was the first to mention medical malpractice insurance during the trial. She was the managing agent for NSCC and mentioned medical malpractice insurance twice. The Court is also aware Dr. McBride

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mentioned insurance during testimony after Dr. Wishnev.

- The document containing the declaration page was part of Dr. Zhang's 6. credentialing file. Although Plaintiff stipulated to its admission, the credentialing file was one of Defendants' documents that they used and relied upon during trial.
- The declaration page showed a policy limit of \$1,000,000. Although Defendants' 7. argue they were prejudiced, it was possible that the document was prejudicial to Plaintiff because the jury could have considered that only the first million dollars of their verdict would be paid by insurance. As a result, they may have reduced their verdict so as reduce the financial harm to Defendants.
 - Plaintiff did not ask for a new trial. 8.
- Plaintiff offered a limiting instruction regarding the mention of insurance, but 9. Defendants objected to such a jury instruction.
 - 10. Defendants received a fair trial.
- There was no accident or surprise which ordinary prudence could not have 11. guarded against. Both parties were given the opportunity to review the evidence binders that were given to the jury.
 - 12. The damages were not excessive.
 - Plaintiff previously entered into a settlement with Southern Hills Medical Center. 13.
- 14. This Court previously determined the settlement to be in good faith pursuant to NRS 17.245.

15. The jury found Dr. Zhang 60% liable for Plaintiff's total damages and all others 40% liable.

II. **Conclusions of Law**

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A. Judgment as a Matter of Law

- 1. A motion for judgment as a matter of law may be granted only if the opposing party fails to prove a sufficient issue for the jury so that the claim cannot be maintained under the controlling law. FGA, Inc. v. Giglio, 128 Nev. Adv. Op. No. 26 278 P.3d 490 (2012).
- 2. If facts are disputed or reasonable men could draw different inferences from the facts, the question is one for the jury and not one of law for the court. Gordan v. Hurtado, 91 Nev. 461, 541 P.2d 533 (1975); Kline v. Robbinson, 83 Nev. 244, 428 P.2d 190 (1967), overruled on other grounds; *Pease v. Taylor*, 88 Nev. 287, 496 P.2d 757 (1972).
- 3. When a motion for directed verdict is presented, the trial court must view the evidence and all inferences most favorable to the party against whom the motion is made. Bliss, 81 Nev. 599, 407 P.2d 726 (1965).
- A case where an employer utterly fails to inquire about a potential employee's 4. background, including recent probation during school, can be evaluated by a lay jury under ordinary negligence standards and does not require expert testimony
- 5. NSCC is not entitled to judgment as a matter of law on the negligent hiring, training and supervision claims.

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В. New Trial

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- The trial court's decision to grant or deny a motion for new trial is within the 6. sound discretion of the trial court judge. Southern Pac. Trans. Co. v. Fitzgerald, 94 Nev. 241, 244, 577 P.2d 1234,1236 (1978).
- Additionally, the general rule is that a new trial can be granted only where an 7. injustice has been done. See University and Community College Systems v. Farmer, 113 Nev. 90, 930 P.2d 730 (1997).
- Every irregularity does not authorize the verdict to be set aside, unless the party 8. complaining shows at least by a reasonable presumption that he has been injured thereby. Richardson v. Jones, 1 Nev. 405 (1865) (decision under former similar provision).
 - Defendants are not entitled to a new trial. 9.

C. Motion to Amend the Verdict

- NSCC is not a hospital and, therefore, the claim for negligent hiring, training and supervision are not governed by the medical malpractice tort reforms. Egan v. Chambers, 299 P.3d 364, 366 fn. 3 (2013).
- 11. Similarly, Plaintiff's claim for respondeat superior is not governed by the medical malpractice tort reforms because it is not a medical malpractice claim, even if it is based upon Dr. Zhang's actions. Id. See also McQuade v. Ghazal Mt. Dental Group, 2014 Unpub. Lexis 1558, *2-3 unpublished (September 24, 2014)("We have determined that NRS 41A.071 'only applies to medical malpractice or dental malpractice actions, not professional negligence

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actions.' In the action against MDG, McQuade did not have to comply with NRS 41A.071 because the action was based on respondeat superior and negligent hiring, not medical or dental malpractice.")(citation to Egan omitted).

- NSCC is entitled to a set-off for the prior settlements. NRS 17.245. 12.
- NSCC is entitled to a set-off of the entire amount of the prior settlement. The 13. reasons set forth by counsel for Southern Hills Hospital did not provide a basis to reduce the settlement off-set.
 - NSCC's liability for damages is \$1,243,988.00 after the settlement credit/setoff. 14.
 - 15. Dr. Zhang is severally liable. NRS 41A.045.
- Dr. Zhang is not entitled to a set-off for the prior settlement because a non-settling 16. defendant is not entitled to a set-off of a prior settlement for damages where its responsibility is several as opposed to joint. NRS 17.245; Doctors Co. v. Vincent, 120 Nev. 644, 656 (2004); Regan Roofing Co. v. Superior Court, 21 Cal. App. 4th 1685, 1706 (1992) citing Espinoza v. Machonga, 9 Cal.App.4th 268, 272-273; see also Flowers v. Southwest Airlines Co., 2007 U.S. Dist. Lexis 2061, 2007 WL 118874 *22-23 (S.D.Ind. 2007) (Finding a settlement agreement does not affect a severally liable defendant, "who can be held liable only for damage up to their degree of fault."); Goldenberg v. Woodard, 2014 Nev. Unpub. Lexis 1008, 2014 WL 2882560, *16 (2014) (unpublished).
 - 17. Dr. Zhang's is liable for 60% of the judgment.
 - 18. Dr. Zhang's liability for non-economic damages exceeds \$350,000 and must be

KRAVITZ, SCHNITZER & JOHNSON, CHTD, 8985 S. Easten Ave., Ste. 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89123 (702) 362-6666

capped pursuant to NRS 41A.035.

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- Dr. Zhang is liable for economic damages for 60% of the economic damages 19. verdict. Therefore, Dr. Zhang's liability for economic damages after reduction pursuant to NRS 41A.045 is \$146,392.89.
- Dr. Zhang is also entitled to a reduction of economic damages pursuant to NRS 20. 42.021(1) in the amount of \$84,813.80
- 21. Dr. Zhang's total liability for damages is \$411,579.09 representing \$350,000 in non-economic damages and \$61,579.09 in economic damages.
- Defendants' are entitled to have the judgment amended to conform to the 22. conclusions of law set forth above.

V. Order

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that Defendants' Motion for Judgment as a Matter of Law is Denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that Defendants' Motion for New Trial is Denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that Defendants' Motion to Amend the Judgment is granted in part and denied in part. Total Judgment in favor of Plaintiff for damages shall be entered in the amount of \$1,655.567.09 separately designated as judgment for damages against NSCC in the amount of \$1,243,988.00 and judgment for damages against Dr. Zhang in the amount of \$411,579.09. NSCC is also liable for this amount pursuant to

respondeat superior liability.

IT IS SO ORDERED

DATED this ______day of November, 2014.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

Respectfully Submitted By:

KRAVITZ, SCHNITZER & JOHNSØN, CHTD

By:

GARY E. SCHNITZER, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 395

JORDAN P. SCHNITZER, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 10744 Counsel for Plaintiff

Approved as to Form and Content:

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Nevada Bar No. 6858
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Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
Counsel for Defendants



Electronically Filed 8/6/2019 9:15 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT **RTRAN** 1 2 3 4 **DISTRICT COURT** 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 JASON LANDESS, CASE#: A-18-776896-C 8 Plaintiff(s), DEPT. XXXII 9 VS. 10 KEVIN DEBIPARSHAD, M.D., 11 Defendant(s). 12 13 BEFORE THE HONORABLE ROB BARE DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 14 MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 2019 15 **RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF JURY TRIAL - DAY 11** 16 17 APPEARANCES: 18 For the Plaintiff: MARTIN A. LITTLE, ESQ. 19 JAMES J. JIMMERSON, ESQ. 20 For Defendant Jaswinder S. STEPHEN B. VOGEL, ESQ. Grover, MD Ltd: KATHERINE J. GORDON, ESQ. 21 22 23 24 RECORDED BY: JESSICA KIRKPATRICK, COURT RECORDER 25 -1-

purpose, and I don't think that the burden for how prejudicial a piece of evidence that Plaintiff disclosed and stipulated into evidence, the prejudicial nature of it should not be -- have to be addressed by the Defense, and out of curiosity or out of doing their job for them, I don't know, but I know that admissible evidence, it can be used for any purpose.

And I know that Plaintiff initially elicited and had impermissible and unethical character evidence. What the Defense is allowed to do in response to that, and what I actually have an ethical duty to my client, a person of color to do, is to use that evidence in impeachment. I'm allowed to do it, I should do it, and I did do it, and they did nothing about it.

THE COURT: So you think that the jury is allowed to consider whether Mr. Landess is a racist?

MS. GORDON: I think that I am allowed to use impeachment evidence that has not been objected to, and has been admitted into evidence by stipulation. I absolutely think I'm allowed to use it. I should use it on behalf of my client, and the burden should not be shifted to me to assist with eliminating or reducing the prejudicial value of that piece of evidence.

Dr. Debiparshad was asked about his race during his deposition. Mr. Daryanani went on for the first 15, 20 minutes of his testimony about his race. It's not new. Motive is always relevant in terms of Mr. Landess' reason for setting up our, you know, view on this case --



Electronically Filed 8/5/2019 8:49 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT **RTRAN** 1 2 3 4 **DISTRICT COURT** 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 JASON LANDESS, CASE#: A-18-776896-C 8 Plaintiff(s), DEPT. XXXII 9 VS. 10 KEVIN DEBIPARSHAD, M.D., 11 Defendant(s). 12 13 BEFORE THE HONORABLE ROB BARE DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 14 FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 2019 15 **RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF JURY TRIAL - DAY 10** 16 17 **APPEARANCES:** 18 For the Plaintiff: MARTIN A. LITTLE, ESQ. 19 JAMES J. JIMMERSON, ESQ. 20 For Defendant Jaswinder S. STEPHEN B. VOGEL, ESQ. Grover, MD Ltd: KATHERINE J. GORDON, ESQ. 21 22 23 24 RECORDED BY: JESSICA KIRKPATRICK, COURT RECORDER 25 - 1 :+:

THE WITNESS: Sure. Jonathan J-O-N-A-T-H-A-N, Ram R-A-M; last name, Dariyanani D-A-R-I-Y-A-N-A-N-I.

THE COURT: All right, Mr. Jimmerson.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. JIMMERSON:

- Q Good morning, Mr. Dariyanani, how are you sir?
- A Good.
- O Thank you for coming to Court this morning. Would you tell us your position with Cognotion, and maybe why you're here, please?
 - A Sure. So I'm the founder and president and CEO.
 - Q Please keep your voice up.
- A Sure. I'm the founder, president, and CEO of Cognotion, and I'm here to talk about, I think, Mr. Landess' employment and his termination.
 - O Okay. Thank you. Tell us what is Cognotion, please?
- A Sure. So Cognotion is a software company, kind of like Netflix for careers. So we make movies that train people to do new jobs, and they watch them, and that trains them in the job, rather than sitting there with a textbook. And employers pay us, per student, sort of like a digital textbook. But they buy a subscription, people watch the movies, and we train them. And so we have clients, like, the American Red Cross, and Panera, and Firestone, the tire shop, and we love it because it takes somebody from minimum wage to 12, 15, \$20 an hour. It really changes their life. So I find it very satisfying work.
 - Q All right. Thank you. And first, before you move to that, just

give us a bit about your background, including your years here in Las Vegas.

A Sure. So I'm originally from Detroit. My dad is a Indian/Indo-Pakistani/Hindu who, like, basically dropped out of school in the 5th grade, and my mom is a, like, Russian/Romanian/German/Jew who grew up in the Detroit suburbs. So I'm, like, a Indo-

Pakistani/HinJew. And --

Q Is that a mutt?

A It's a mutt, yeah. I mean, my poor -- and my kids, my wife is from West Virginia, half Methodist; half Catholic, German, Irish. So my kids are, like, everything. But, yeah, I grew up in Detroit. My mom was a Kindergarten teacher, like, inside Detroit. And my parents lived together until they got divorced when I was about 12, because my dad had, what you would kind of call, like, a schizophrenic episode, and he took out a second mortgage on the house and basically stood on the street corner and gave the money away, to people, in cash. And so, we lost the house, my parents got divorced, and at that time my mom -- Detroit was, like, imploding. There's no jobs anywhere. So, she though, oh, well we'll move to Las Vegas and I'll get a job teaching there, because they're hiring. So my sister and I and my mum, got on a Greyhound bus in 1981, and came out to Las Vegas.

And, you know, I'll never forget, we were on this bus, and there was woman, named Ruth -- she was about my mum's age at this time, I'd say about maybe 40. And her husband of 20 years got gastric bypass surgery and went from, like, 400 pounds to 200 pounds and got a

S. B. 263—Raggio, Feb. 24.

Summary—Revises procedures relating to recovery of costs and attorney's fees in civil actions. (BDR 2-758) Fiscal Note: Local Government Impact: No. State or Industrial Insurance Impact: No.

Feb. 24—Read first time. Referred to Committee on Judiciary. To printer. Feb. 25—From printer. To committee. 3/15; 3/23; 3/25; 4/5; 4/6 Apr. 14—From committee: Amend, and do pass as amended.

Apr. 15—Read second time. Amended. To printer.

Apr. 16—From printer. To engrossment. Engrossed. First reprint.

Apr. 18—Read third time. Passed, as amended. Title approved, as amended. To Assembly.

Apr. 19—In Assembly. Read first time. Referred to Committee on Judiciary. To committee. 4/21; 4/28

Apr. 29—From committee: Amend, and do pass as amended. Placed on Second Reading File. Read second time. Amended. To printer.

Apr. 30—From printer. To re-engrossment. Re-engrossed. Second reprint. Placed on General File. Read third time. Passed, as amended. Title approved. To Senate. 5/2

May 2—In Senate. Assembly amendment concurred in. To enrollment.

May 4—Enrolled and delivered to Governor.

May 7—Approved by the Governor. Chapter 401.

Effective July 1, 1977.

SENATE BILL NO. 263—SENATOR RAGGIO

FEBRUARY 24, 1977

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises procedures relating to recovery of costs and attorney's fees in civil actions. (BDR 2-758)

FISCAL NOTE: Local Government Impact: No.

State or Industrial Insurance Impact: No.



EXPLANATION—Matter in italics is new; matter in brackets [] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to recovery of costs and attorney's fees in civil actions; providing liens in favor of attorneys against judgments for payment of fees; providing procedures for dismissed attorneys to return property of clients; providing for payment of witnesses' fees without demand; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.



The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 18 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 4, inclusive, of this act.

SEC. 2. For the purposes of NRS 18.010 to 18.150, inclusive, the term "costs" means:

1. Clerks' fees.

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2. Reporters' fees for discovery depositions, including a reporter's fee for one copy of each deposition, whether or not the original deposition was used at trial, unless the court finds that the deposition was taken at the instance of the prevailing party without reason or necessity.

3. Jurors' fees and expenses, together with reasonable compensation

of an officer appointed to act in accordance with NRS 16.120.

4. Fees for witnesses at trial, pretrial hearings and deposing witnesses, unless the court finds that the witness was called at the instance of the prevailing party without reason or necessity.

5. Reasonable fees of not more than three expert witnesses in an amount of not more than \$300 for each witness.

6. Reasonable fees of necessary interpreters.

7. The fee of any sheriff or licensed process server for the delivery or service of any summons or subpena used in the action, unless the court determines that the service was not necessary.

3. The fees of the official reporter or reporter pro tempore.

9. Reasonable costs for any bond or undertaking required as part of the action.

- SEC. 3. 1. Unless fees are precluded by N.R.C.P. 68, a court may make an allowance of attorney's fees to the prevailing party and against an adverse party in any civil action or special proceeding in the nature of an action.
- 2. This section does not apply to any action arising out of a written instrument or agreement which entitles the prevailing party to an award of reasonable attorney's fees. Where there is such an instrument or agreement, the trier of fact shall determine the amount of attorney's fees to be awarded as an issue of fact.
- 3. In making an award of an attorney's fee pursuant to the authority granted in subsection 1 of this section, the court:
- (a) May require the presentation of evidence of the reasonable value of the fees requested.
- (b) If the action or special proceeding has been tried before a jury, shall require the prevailing party to serve and file a written motion for attorney's fees.
- (c) If the action or special proceeding has been tried before the court, may pronounce its decision on an award of attorney's fees at the conclusion of the trial without written motion.
- 4. No oral application or written motion for attorney's fees alters the effect of a final judgment previously entered in the action or the time permitted for an appeal therefrom.
- SEC. 4. Attorney's fees shall not be allowed in any action for the recovery of money or damages if the recovery is less than \$300, nor in any action to recover the possession of personal property the value of which is less than \$300.
 - SEC. 5. NRS 18.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 18.010 1. The compensation of an attorney and counselor for his services is governed by agreement, express or implied, which is not restrained by law. From the commencement of an action, or the service of an answer containing a counterclaim, the attorney who appears for a party has a lien upon his client's cause of action or counterclaim which attaches to a verdict, report, decision or judgment in his client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosesoever hands they may come, and cannot be affected by any settlement between the parties before or after judgment. There shall be allowed to the prevailing party in any action, or special proceeding in the nature of an action, in the supreme court and district courts, his costs and necessary disbursements in the action or special proceeding, including:
 - (a) Clerk's fees.

- (b) Costs of depositions obtained by the prevailing party and used by him at the trial.
 - (c) Jury fees as provided in NRS 6.150.
- (d) Witness fees as provided in NRS 50.225, and a reasonable fee of an interpreter not to exceed \$250.
- 2. The court may allow to the prevailing party the fees of not more than three expert witnesses in an amount not to exceed \$250 for each witness.
 - 3. The court may make an allowance of attorney's fees to:

(a) The plaintiff as prevailing party when the plaintiff has not recovered more than \$10,000; or

(b) The counterclaimant as prevailing party when he has not recovered

more than \$10,000; or

(c) The defendant as prevailing party when the plaintiff has not sought

recovery in excess of \$10,000.

- 2. An attorney at law shall have a lien upon any claim, demand or cause of action, including any claim for unliquidated damages, which has been placed in his hands by a client for suit or collection, or upon which a suit or other action has been instituted. The lien is for the amount of any fee which has been agreed upon by the attorney and client. In the absence of an agreement, the lien is for a reasonable fee for the services which the attorney has rendered for the client on account of the suit, claim, demand or action.
- An attorney perfects his lien by serving notice in writing, in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested, upon his client and upon the party against whom his client has a cause of action, claiming the lien and stating the interest which he has in any cause of action.

The lien attaches to any verdict, judgment or decree entered and to any money or property which is recovered on account of the suit or other action, from the time of service of the notices required by this

section.

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On motion filed by an attorney having a lien under this section, his client or any party who has been served with notice of the lien, the court shall, after 5 days' notice to all interested parties, adjudicate the rights of the attorney, client or other parties and enforce the lien.

Collection of attorney's fees by a lien under this section may be utilized with, after or independently of any other method of collection.

This section does not apply to an action for divorce, separate maintenance or annulment of a marriage.

NRS 18.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.020 Costs shall be allowed of course to the [plaintiff upon a judgment in his favor, from any defendant prevailing party against any adverse party against whom judgment is rendered, in the following cases:

In an action for the recovery of real property.

- In an action to recover the possession of personal property, where the value of the property amounts to \$300 or over; [such] the value shall be determined by the jury, court or master by whom the action is tried.
- In an action for the recovery of money or damages, where the 3. plaintiff recovers \$300 or over.

In a special proceeding.

- In an action which involves the title or possession of real estate, or the legality of any tax, impost, assessment, toll or municipal fine, including the costs accrued in [such] the action if originally commenced in a justice court.
- 47 In an appeal, action, hearing on a writ or any special proceeding 48 where the decision of a lower court is brought before a higher court for 49 review. 50
 - SEC. 7. NRS 18.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.050 In other actions than those mentioned in NRS 18.020, costs may be allowed or not, and if allowed may be apportioned between the parties, or on the same or adverse sides, in the discretion of the court, but no costs shall be allowed in any action for the recovery of money or damages when the plaintiff recovers less than \$300, nor in any action to recover the possession of personal property when the value of the property is less than \$300; provided, that if, in the judgment of the court, the plaintiff believes he was justified in bringing the action in the district court, and he recovers at least \$150 in money or damages, or personal property of that value, the court may, in its discretion, allow the plaintiff part or all of his costs. [When there are several defendants in the actions mentioned in NRS 18.020, not united in interest, and making separate defenses by separate answers, and the plaintiff fails to recover judgment against all, the court shall award costs to such of the defendants as have judgment in their favor.

NRS 18.070 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. When an application is made to a court or master to postpone a motion, pretrial hearing or trial, the payment of costs, together with reasonable attorney's fees, occasioned by the postponement may be imposed, in the discretion of the court or master, as a condition of granting the [same.] postponement.

A court may impose costs and reasonable attorney's fees against a party or an attorney who, in the judgment of the court, purposely

caused a mistrial to occur.

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NRS 18.080 is hereby amended to read as follows: SEC. 9.

When, in an action for the recovery of money only, the defendant alleges in his answer that before the commencement of the action he tendered to the plaintiff the full amount to which he was entitled, and thereupon deposits in court, for the plaintiff, the amount so tendered, and the allegations [be] are found to be true, the plaintiff [shall] may not recover costs [,] or attorney's fees, but shall pay costs to the defendant.

SEC. 10. NRS 18.110 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.110 1. The party in whose favor judgment is rendered, and who claims his costs, must [deliver to] file with the clerk, and serve a copy upon the adverse party, within 5 days after Tthe verdict or notice of the entry of judgment, Tof the court or master, Tor such further time as the court or judge may grant, a memorandum of the items of his costs [and necessary disbursements] in the action or proceeding, which memorandum must be verified by the oath of the party, or his attorney or agent, or by the clerk of his attorney, stating that to the best of his knowledge and belief the items are correct, and that the [disbursements] costs have been necessarily incurred in the action or proceeding.

He shall be entitled to recover the witness fees, although at the time he may not actually have paid them. Issuance or service of subpena shall not be necessary to entitle a prevailing party to tax, as costs, witness fees and mileage, provided that such witnesses be sworn and testify in the cause.

3. It shall not be necessary to embody in the memorandum the fees

of the clerk, but the clerk shall add the same according to his fees fixed

by statute.

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3. Within 3 days after service of a copy of the memorandum, 4.] the adverse party may move the court, upon 2 days' notice, to retax and settle the costs, notice of which motion shall be filed and served on the prevailing party claiming costs. Upon the hearing of the motion the court or judge [in chambers] shall settle the costs.

SEC. 11. NRS 18.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. When a [plaintiff] party in an action resides out of the state, or is a foreign corporation, security for the costs and [charges] attorney's fees which may be awarded against [such plaintiff] the party may be required by [the defendant,] any adverse party by the filing and service [on plaintiff] of a written demand therefor [within the time limited for answering the complaint.] at any time more than 30 days before trial. When so required, all proceedings in the action shall be stayed until an undertaking, executed by two or more persons, [be] is filed with the clerk, to the effect that they will pay [such] costs and [charges as may be awarded against the plaintiff] attorney's fees awarded by judgment, or in the progress of the action, not exceeding the sum of [\$500;] \$1,000, or in lieu of [such] an undertaking, the [plaintiff] party may deposit [\$500, lawful money,] \$1,000 with the clerk of the court, subject to the same conditions as required for the undertaking. [The] If the demand was made by a defendant before answer, the plaintiff, upon filing the undertaking or depositing the security, shall notify the defendant of [such] the filing or deposit, and the defendant, after receipt of [such notice, shall have] the notice, has 10 days or the period allowed under N.R.C.P. 12(a), whichever is longer, in which to answer or otherwise plead to the complaint.

A new or an additional undertaking may be ordered by the court or judge upon proof that the original undertaking is insufficient security, and proceedings in the action stayed until [such] a new or additional

undertaking [be] is executed and filed.

Each of the sureties on the undertaking mentioned in subsection 1 shall annex to [the same] it an affidavit that he is a resident and householder, or freeholder, within the county and is worth double the amount specified in the undertaking, over and above all his just debts and liabilities, exclusive of property exempt from execution.

After the lapse of 30 days from the service of notice that security is required, or of an order for new or additional security, upon proof thereof, and that no undertaking as required has been filed, the court or judge may [order the action to be dismissed.] dismiss the action.

SEC. 12. NRS 18.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.150 1. When the state is a party, and costs or attorney's fees are awarded against it, they must be paid out of the state treasury.

When a county is a party, and costs or attorney's fees are awarded

against it, they must be paid out of the county treasury.

SEC. 13. Chapter 7 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section which shall read as follows:

An attorney who has been discharged by his client shall, upon demand, immediately deliver to the client all papers, documents, pleadings and items of tangible personal property which belong to or were pre-

pared for that client.

2. A client who, after demand therefor, does not receive from his discharged attorney all papers, documents, pleadings and items of tangible personal property may, by a motion filed after at least 3 days' notice to the attorney, obtain an order for the production of his papers, documents, pleadings and other property. If the court finds that an attorney has, without just cause, refused or neglected to obey its order given under this section, the court may, after notice and hearing, adjudge the attorney guilty of contempt and may fine or imprison him until the contempt is purged.

3. An attorney who is in doubt as to the ownership of papers, documents, pleadings or other property may deposit the materials with the clerk of the court. The clerk shall immediately seal the materials to protect the privacy and privilege of the clients and interested persons and notify each interested person of the deposit. Upon a petition filed by a client or other interested person, any court shall, after giving at least 5 days' notice to all other interested persons, adjudicate the rights of persons claiming an interest in the materials and make necessary orders under the circumstances of the case.

SEC. 14. NRS 50.225 is hereby amended to read as follows:

50.225 Witnesses required to attend in the courts of this state

[shall] are entitled to receive the following compensation:

1. For attending in any criminal case, or civil suit or proceeding before a court of record, master, commissioner, justice of the peace, or before the grand jury, in obedience to a subpena, \$15 for each day's attendance, which shall include Sundays and holidays.

2. Mileage shall be allowed and paid at the rate of 15 cents a mile, one way only, for each mile necessarily and actually traveled from the place of residence by the shortest and most practical route, [provided:]

but:

(a) That no A person shall not be obliged to testify in a civil action or proceeding unless his mileage and at least 1 day's fees have been paid him if he demanded the same. ; and

(b) [That any] Any person [being] in attendance at the trial and sworn as a witness [shall be] is entitled to witness fees irrespective of

service of subpena.

3. Witness fees in civil cases shall be taxed as disbursement costs against the defeated party upon proof by affidavit that they have been actually incurred. Costs shall not be allowed for more than two witnesses to the same fact or series of facts, nor shall a party plaintiff or defendant be allowed any fees or mileage for attendance as a witness in his own behalf.

SEC. 15. NRS 18.040, 18.045 and 18.100 are hereby repealed.



MINUTES OF MEETING

MARCH 15, 1977

The meeting was called to order at 8:00 a.m. Senator Close was in the Chair.

PRESENT:

Senator Close Senator Bryan Senator Dodge Senator Foote Senator Sheerin Senator Gojack Senator Ashworth

ABSENT:

SB 116 Establishes the Department of Prisons.

Eugene A. Coughlin, Training Officer, Nevada State Prison appeared at the request of A. A. Campos, Chief Parole and Probation Officer, in support of this measure.

Following a brief discussion, Senator Gojack requested that Mr. Couglin furnish the Committee with a copy of the memorandum submitted to the Human Resources and Facilities Committee which outlines in detail exactly what this bill accomplishes.

Mr. Coughlin will return with that information at a later date. No action was taken at this time.

SB 162 Revises law on compensation for victims of crime.

Maynard R. Yasmer, Chief of Staff Services, Rehabilitation Division of Human Resources testified in support of this bill. He stated that the Nevada Rehabilitation Division provides services to disabled persons towards the achievement of vocational goals. Victims of crime are only eligible for rehabilitation services under federal regulations if vocational goal objectives are possible or practicable. Their concern was for persons who did not fall in this category such as the very young, who cannot wait until they are in high school and be picked up under another federal program; the elderly; and the housewife who wishes to continue as a housewife. He also expressed concern over the inequities in services granted to the offender vs. the victim. He cited the Governor's proposed budget which grants over \$30 million to services for the offender and practically nothing to their victims, as an example.

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sh 260 would be invalid because this is an economic area; not something like free speech or the right to vote where the equal protection clause requires a compelling state interest. This is a question of economic benefit and there, the United States Supreme Court has said that the rational classification is enough. There is a rational basis between the position of a public officer acting within the scope of his employment and in good faith and an ordinary person going about his own concern. There is a public interest in limiting the liability in the former case simply in order to secure the unintimidated performance by the officer of his duty. Therefore, he felt that the courts might well sustain that classification.

In further discussion of the bill, Senator Close suggested that "public officer" be broadened to include a part or full-time board or commission or similar body of the state or political subdivision.

Senator Ashworth moved to amend and do pass and rerefer to this Committee.
Seconded by Senator Bryan.
Motion carried unanimously.

SB 262 Allows additional peremptory challenges in certain cases.

Senator William J. Raggio testified in support of this measure. He stated that on occasion there are multiple parties involved and this will give each side as many peremptory challenges as there are parties. At the present time, the parties have to join in a challenge unless the court otherwise directs. He further stated that this bill was at the request of Clark County District Judge J. Charles Thompson.

Senator Dodge moved a do pass. Seconded by Senator Gojack. Motion carried unanimously.

SB 263 Revises procedures relating to recovery of costs and attorney's fees in civil actions.

William Raymond, Deputy Attorney General, Department of Highways testified in opposition to this bill. He stated that the Highway Department is the biggest single purchaser of real estate in the state and as a general rule, they settle or negotiate for approximately 95% of the property they acquire for highways. The remaining 5% goes to court. Should there be an award of attorney's fees in eminent domain actions, this will be paid

Minutes of Meeting March 15, 1977 Page Five

SB 263 entirely out of state funds as the federal government will not participate in any award for attorney's fees. Therefore, the cost to the state would be astronomical and on that basis they oppose the bill.

Grant Bastian, State Highway Engineer, Highway Department concurred with Mr. Raymond's remarks and further stated that should attorney's fees be awarded, it would remove the incentive for individuals to settle out-of-court.

Al Osborn, attorney from Reno testified in support of this measure. He stated that the bill sets forth some things in the law that have not been before. It defines what an attorney's lien is and more accurately defines what allowable costs are in an action. In response to Mr. Raymond's concern about the cost to the state, he felt that if the state was being fair in its offer they could file an offer of judgment and no court costs or attorney's fees would be awarded. If the state isn't being fair and is out of line, the court will take that into consideration. The present rule is that the courts do not have to award costs and fees. They can specify reasons wherein such costs are not appropriate.

Darryl Cappuro, Nevada Motor Transit Association stated that they were in opposition to this bill. He felt that this measure greatly expands the current fees provided in the law. Subsection 2, line 6 would legitimatize what would amount to fishing expeditions in that depositions would be paid for even if they were not used during the trial. He stated that this was quite a departure from the present practice where the cost of depositions obtained by the prevailing party and used by him at the trial could be recovered.

In regard to Section 4, he stated that Oregon had enacted a similar law and the number of cases that eventually went to court increased considerably; there is no encouragement to settle out of court because you don't lose anything if you do. He further commented that because of the situation involving the use of federal funds and the rules and regulations under which the highway department has to operate, their appraisals and offers with regard to right-of-way acquisitions have been pretty fair.

Jack McAuliffe, attorney from Reno stated that he felt this bill imposes responsibility where it should be; it is characterized in terms of leaving it to the discretion of the court. It has been his experience in the past that the court tends to impose fees insofar as how legitimate the action was when it was brought or how legitimate the defense was. There were two aspects of the bill with which he did not agree:

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SB 263 Section 11 which requires a foreign party to post a bond. As proposed, this makes it a party that resides out of state or is a foreign corporation. He felt that the present statute has been a workable solution to this problem. The other concern is the requirement that an attorney who has been discharged by his client must deliver his files upon demand. This is a particular problem in the area of personal injury cases where there is a contingency fee; there is not a fee until the conclusion of the litigation. It also does not provide any guidelines for the court in determining under what circumstances the attorney is required to deliver his files.

In response to a question from Senator Close as to what changes in the present law are being made, Mr. McAuliffe stated that Section 2, subsection 2 is a substantial change in that at the present time a reporter's fee for discovery is recoverable only if the original deposition is used at trial. He felt that this was an improvement because this is a real expenditure as far as parties to an action are concerned. Subsection 3 would add the cost of the bailiff in charge of the jury rather than it being born by the county. Subsection 4 is a change in that you will now be entitled to witness fees for pretrial hearings and deposing witnesses. Subsection 7 is a change in that it will allow for recovery of fees paid to a licensed process server as well as to the sheriff. Section 3 is a new addition and a good one. More often than not, the judge makes his own decision as to what the allowable fee should be in a case. This clarifies that procedure. The court in its discretion can establish that amount or it may require a presentation of evidence.

In answer to a question from Senator Gojack regarding the Highway Department's observation as to the cost of this bill to the state, Mr. McAuliffe stated that the Constitution requires that a property owner receive just compensation for his property. If the Highway Department offers just compensation, they won't become involved in litigation. It has been his experience that there is generally a very broad spread between the staff appraisals of the Highway Department and what the property owner and independent fee appraiser think it is worth. His firm's standard fee is in the range of 1/3 of what they are able to get beyond the offer of the state and they have found this to be a profitable source of litigation. He felt that this suggests that judges and juries are not persuaded that the Highway Department is really offering just compensation. He further stated that it was his feeling that if a property owner is truly going to be compensated as he is required to be by the Constitution, then the Highway Department should be required to pay the cost of that litigation.

Minutes of Meeting March 15, 1977 Page Seven

SB 263 In response to a question from Senator Dodge as to the expansion of recovery of attorney's fees and costs into other areas, Mr. McAuliffe stated that the courts presently feel that if there is a legitimate legal and factual dispute between the parties, they do not allow fees. But if the court feels that it is a case that either never should have been filed because there is no merit and there never was any merit or the defense that was interposed has no merit, then they will award fees.

Senator Bryan expressed concern that Section 4 would preclude the award of attorney's fees in justice court proceedings. Mr. McAuliffe replied that in district court if you have a recovery under \$300 you don't get attorney's fees but that he did not think that pertained to justice court. He further stated that this was part of the Civil Practice Act and that it would be applicable in justice court.

Charles D. Glattly, attorney from Reno stated that he used this statute on a daily basis. He felt that the ability to impose attorney's fees was often times the only club he had to settle disputes out of court in that the imposition of fees makes the opposing attorney think twice.

George L. Ciapusci, Property Claim Superintendent, State Farm Insurance Co. testified against this measure. He stated that since the advent of no-fault insurance the percentage of liability law suits has doubled and with that, the costs related to the defense of lawsuits has increased by 328%. This bill has an add-on of fees and costs which will be awarded upon judgment and in his mind this does nothing to help the consumer; these costs will have to be passed back on to the policy-holder. He felt that the only beneficiary of this bill would be the Plaintiff's Bar.

Fred Patzke, Manager, Brown Brothers Adjusters concurred with Mr. Ciapusci's remarks.

Senator William J. Raggio informed the Committee that this bill had been requested by Clark County District Judge J. Charles Thompson because in sitting on the bench, he has had an opportunity to see the problems that come up in these types of situations.

In response to the Committee's question on the \$300 figure in Section 4, Senator Raggio stated that this was to bring it in line with existing law that establishes costs recoverable where the recovery is \$300 or over.

Virgil Anderson, AAA Insurance concurred with Mr. Ciapusci's remarks concerning the impact on the cost of insurance. He also expressed concern over Section 3 in that he felt it was completely open-ended with respect to attorney's fees.

Minutes of Meeting March 15, 1977 Page Eight

SB 263 Richard R. Garrod, Special Representative, Farmer's Insurance Group responded to a question regarding witness fees granted in California. He stated that the only fees that are allowed by law are those reimbursements to a state or local agency where a police officer or some techinical person with a state, county or city agency is subpoenaed to appear before the court in an action.

Following a discussion by the Committee, Senator Ashworth moved to indefinitely postpone.

Seconded by Senator Sheerin.

Motion did not carry. The vote was as follows:

VOTING AYE: Senator Dodge

Senator Sheerin Senator Ashworth VOTING NAY: Senator Close

Senator Bryan Senator Foote Senator Gojack

SB 264 Provides alternative method of selecting jurors in civil cases.

Al Osborn, attorney from Reno stated that this bill would implement the so-called "Arizona System" to make it mandatory in the district courts that peremptory challenges be amde outside the hearing of the jury. He stated that as a practical matter, this is being done already. It is a much quicker process.

Senator William J. Raggio testified in support of this measure and concurred with Mr. Osborn's remarks.

Following a brief discussion, Senator Gojack moved a do pass. The motion was seconded and carried unanimously.

SB 272 Restricts persons who may have access to another person's safedeposit box and establishes procedure for removal of any contents

Bill Isaeff, Deputy Attorney General testified in support of this bill. He stated that this grew out of a lengthly investigation by the Churchill County Grand Jury into the handling of the estate of Virgil Coleman Cox who died in 1974. A part of the testimony received by the Grand Jury pointed out that after Mr. Cox died, the bank allowed entrance to his safe-deposit box by the county coroner who, in the opinion of the Grand Jury, had no legal right or proper responsibility for going into that safe-deposit box.

At the present time Nevada has no statutory provisions on this subject, primarily because we do not have the sort of death taxes that other states have which result in the immediate sealing of the box upon notification of death.

Senator Close expressed concern over several portions of the bill. He felt that the situation where a husband and wife

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF MEETING

MARCH 23, 1977

The meeting was called to order at 10:10 a.m. Senator Close was in the Chair.

PRESENT:

Senator Close Senator Bryan Senator Dodge Senator Foote Senator Sheerin Senator Gojack Senator Ashworth

ABSENT:

SB 23 Extends testamentary capacity to certain minors.

Senator Sheerin stated that he felt this was very limited legislation in that very few children have an estate that is large enough to be involved with estate planning. He suggested that the bill should provide that the will be approved by the district court.

Senator Bryan further suggested that upon application to the court, notice should go to the parent if the natural party is not the petitioning party.

Senator Sheerin moved to amend and do pass. Seconded by Senator Ashworth. Motion carried unanimously.

SB 167 Subjects grand jurors to civil liability for publication of prohibited report.

Senator Close read to the Committee the amendments proposed by Senator Dodge.

Senator Foote moved to indefinitely postpone. Seconded by Senator Ashworth.

Motion carried. The vote was as follows:

VOTING AYE: Senator Close

Senator Bryan Senator Sheerin Senator Foote Senator Ashworth VOTING NAY: Senator Dodge

Senator Gojack

Minutes of Meeting March 23, 1977 Page Three

SB 134 Amends procedure concerning persons incompetent to stand trial.

Senator Close informed the Committee that he had discussed this measure with Washoe County District Judge Roy L. Torvinen and he indicated that he did not see a need for this legislation at this time as the procedures outlined were already being done.

Senator Ashworth moved to indefinitely postpone. Seconded by Senator Sheerin. Motion did not carry. The vote was as follows:

VOTING AYE: Senator Close VOTING NAY: Senator Gojack

Senator Sheerin Senator Ashworth

ABSENT FROM THE VOTE: Senator Dodge

Senator Bryan

ABSTAINING FROM THE VOTE: Senator Foote

SB 272 Restricts persons who may have access to another persons' safedeposit box and establishes procedure for removal of any contents.

Senator Ashworth stated that he was opposed to the attorney or adult child being able to gain entrance to the safe-deposit box. It was his feeling that no one should be able to get into a safe-deposit box without a court order
Senator Sheerin concurred with that and further commented that it was his feeling that the safe-deposit box procedure should be kept as simple as possible.

Senator Ashworth moved to indefinitely postpone.
Seconded by Senator Sheerin.
Motion carried unanimously. Senators Bryan and Dodge were absent from the vote.

SB 263 Revises procedures relating to recovery of costs and attorney's fees in civil actions.

Senator Close stated that he had talked to several people and they had all agreed that the attorney's fees section of this bill should be deleted.

He also talked to Clark County District Judge J. Charles
Thompson and he felt that the first section should be retained
as it further indicates exactly what costs are.
On section 2, Senator Close stated that the increase of witness
fees by \$50 would have to be a policy decision of the Committee

Minutes of Meeting March 23, 1977 Page Four

SB 263 however, he felt that the inclusion of the licensed process server was appropriate. Many times the sheriff is so busy that he doesn't have time to serve papers and the usual procedure is to hire a process server.

It was the decision of the Committee to delete Section 3. In further discussion of this section, Senator Sheerin suggested that the procedure for establishing attorney's fees should be as follows:

- The attorney should file an affidavit indicating the number of hours he has on the case; and
- The judge should take into consideration the affidavit, the complexity of the case and the result and let him make the decision on the amount of fees to be awarded.

No action was taken at this time.

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

Cheri Kinsley, Secretary

APPROVED:

SENATOR MELVIN D. CLOSE, JR., CHAIRMAN

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF MEETING

MARCH 25, 1977

The meeting was called to order at 8:00 a.m. Senator Close was in the Chair.

PRESENT:

Senator Close Senator Bryan Senator Dodge Senator Foote Senator Sheerin Senator Gojack Senator Ashworth

ABSENT:

AJR 21 Proposes to amend Nevada Constitution to expand classification of crimes for which bail may be denied.

Assemblyman Tom Hickey testified on behalf of this measure. It calls for imprisonment without possibility of parole when the proof is evident or the presumption is great. This was in the law until the recent U. S. Supreme Court rulings regarding capital punishment. If the new death penalty bills presently before the legislature should pass, there would be no need for this amendment to the Constitution.

In response to a question from the Committee regarding the constitutionality of this, Frank Daykin, Legislative Council Bureau stated that the only question of constitutionality would arise under the federal constitution and that has never said that there is any rigid or limited category of offenses in which bail must either be given or denied. Our constitution and those of a number of other states have provided that there will be no bail with respect to a capital offense. This amendment was proposed in light of the possibility that capital offenses would be very narrowly limited. The fact that the punishment is changed does not make the underlying offense any Therefore, it would seem to be permissible under less serious. the federal constitution now, if it had been in the past, to deny bail for the same offenses. This denies bail for a more limited class of offenses than before and that change should not run counter to the 8th Amendment.

Senator Dodge moved a do pass. Seconded by Senator Sheerin. Motion carried. The vote was as follows: Minutes of Meeting March 25, 1977 Page Seven

Senator Dodge moved to amend and do pass. SB 44 Seconded by Senator Ashworth. Motion carried unanimously.

Revises procedures relating to recovery of costs and attorney's SB 263 fees in civil actions.

> For further discussion of this measure, see minutes of meetings for March 15 and March 23, 1977.

Senator Close expressed concern over the unlimited use of depositions.

Senator Bryan suggested that they could limit the recovery of cost for depositions to those used at the trial or for a motion.

Senator Close suggested that they delete lines 1-4 on page 2, which modifies the fee schedule, but retain the procedure as to how fees are to be determined.

Senator Sheerin stated that he was opposed to the attorney's lien on lines 7-30, page 3. Senator Ashworth concurred and moved to delete those lines. Seconded by Senator Sheerin. Motion did not carry. The vote was as follows:

Senator Close VOTING NAY: Senator Sheerin VOTING AYE: Senator Bryan Senator Ashworth Senator Foote

Senator Gojack

ABSENT FROM THE VOTE: Senator Dodge

Senator Bryan stated that he felt this was a necessary procedure for the protection of the client. At the present time, if a client discharges his attorney and that attorney does not release his files to the client, it could delay the trial and trial dates are difficult enough to get.

Senator Gojack moved to retain lines 7-30, page 3. Seconded by Senator Foote. Motion carried. The vote was as follows:

VOTING NAY: Senator Sheerin VOTING AYE: Senator Close Senator Ashworth Senator Bryan

Senator Foote ABSENT FROM

THE VOTE: Senator Dodge Senator Gojack

Minutes of Meeting March 25, 1977 Page Eight

SB 263 In further discussion, it was the decision of the Committee to delete subsection 7 of section 5 in that this is already covered by Chapter 125 of the NRS.

No action was taken at this time.

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

Cheri Kinsley Secretary

APPROVED:

SENATOR MELVIN D. CLOSE, JR., CHAIRMAN

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF MEETING

APRIL 5, 1977

The meeting was called to order at 8:11 a.m. Senator Close was in the chair.

PRESENT:

Senator Close Senator Bryan Senator Ashworth Senator Dodge Senator Gojack Senator Foote Senator Sheerin

ABSENT:

None

SB 286

Senator Close stated that he needed a motion to kill this as they need a new bill.

Senator Dodge moved "do kill." Seconded by Senator Gojack.

Motion passed unanimously. Senators Ashworth and

Foote were absent from vote.

SB 412

REPLACES RAPE AND OTHER SEX-RELATED CRIMES WITH OFFENSE OF SEXUAL ASSULT.

Florence McClure, Director of Community Action Against Rape, serving the metropolitan area of Clark County submitted her testimony in writing (see Attachment A), as well as a paper on rape by A. Nicholas Groth and Ann Wolbert Burgess (see Attachment B). She wanted to bring out a recent case that was not in the testimony.

She said that she got a call from Karen Good asking her to meet a woman at the hospital. This woman was the mother of 8 children and made her livelyhood working in an apartment building and cleaning rooms for new tenants. A man had gotten into the room where she was cleaning and had raped her. She was very traumatic and there was no way she could have paid that bill. Now they feel bad when they can't pay the bill. I would like to see us keep this one victim's assistance bill that was brought out in the last session. She would like the language changed where it states "if the county has an ordinance providing for the payment of such costs." She would like this language to be made mandatory in the bill. That is the only problem she has with this bill.

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE MINUTES OF MEETING APRIL 5, 1977

PAGE TEN

Senator Close requested a motion to pass it.

Senator Gojack moved "do pass."
Senator Bryan seconded the motion.
Motion carried with Senators Close, Bryan, Sheerin and
Gojack voting "aye" and Senators Ashworth, Dodge and Foote
voting "nay."

SB 263 Senator Close stated we have worked on this considerably and modified it several times (see minutes of March 25).

Senator Ashworth moved "indefinite postponement. Senator Dodge seconded the motion. Motion did not carry because of a tie vote with Senators Ashworth, Dodge and Sheerin voting "aye" and Senators Close, Bryan and Foote voting "nay." Senator Gojack was absent from vote.

Amendments to SB 263 were gone over by the Committee. as follows:

- Page 1, line 16--striking \$300 and putting it at \$250.
- Page 2--take out lines 1 through 4.
- 3. Page 2, section 4, line 48--put a bracket after witness, and by so doing will leave in existing laws provisions regarding attorney fees.
- 4. Page 3, line 6--take out the bracket.
- Page 3--delete lines 29 and 30.
- 6. Page 3--delete section 9.
- 7. Page 5, Section 11--delete section 11 in its entirety.
- 8. There was some discussion on Section 13, as to the liens and who actually is entitled to the papers, etc. The Committee decided to leave this section in but add on line 2 "after payment of the fees."

Senator Gojack moved "amend and do pass."
Senator Foote seconded the motion.
Motion carried with Senators Gojack, Foote, Close, and
Bryan voting "aye" and Senators Sheerin and Ashworth
voting "nay". Senator Dodge was absent from vote.

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE MINUTES OF MEETING APRIL 5, 1977

PAGE ELEVEN

Because time permitted no further testimony, the meeting was adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

Virginia Letts, Secretary

APPROVED BY:

Senator Melvin D. Close, Chairman

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF MEETING

APRIL 6, 1977

The meeting was called to order at 8:00 a.m. Senator Close was in the Chair.

PRESENT:

Senator Close Senator Bryan Senator Dodge Senator Foote Senator Sheerin Senator Gojack Senator Ashworth

ABSENT:

AB 441 Deletes requirement that foreign corporations file annual business statements with county assessors.

William Swackhammer, Secretary of State requested the following amendment on page 1, line 5 after the word "business", insert ", 3 consecutive issues." This would be consistent with action taken on an earlier Senate bill (SB 2 which changes certain filing and publication requirements for corporations)

Senator Gojack moved to amend and do pass.
Seconded by Senator Ashworth.
Motion carried unanimously. Senator Sheerin was absent from the vote.

SB 419 Provides additional penalty for certain crimes against blind and aged persons.

Larry Hicks, Washoe County District Attorney and President of Nevada District Attorney's Association stated that the present penalties in the law for aggravated cases are adequate. If the victims are elderly or suffer from some sort of disability, these are considerations that go into longer sentences. He did not see a need for this as the maximum penalties are adequate.

Senator Ashworth moved to indefinitely postpone. Seconded by Senator Gojack. Motion carried unanimously. Senator Sheerin was absent from the vote.

AB 466 Permits deliberating juries to depart for home or be sequestered overnight at discretion of court.

Minutes of Meeting April 6, 1977 Page Five

SE 368 Revises provisions relating to alimony and disposition of community property in divorce actions.

Senator Dodge stated that on line 40, someone had indicated that those changed circumstances might involve personal conduct. He disagreed with that and stated that he felt it meant a change in financial status but that that should be clarified.

Senator Bryan concurred but didn't feel that a change of circumstances should be limited to one fact pattern. He suggested language such as "including but not limited to."

Senator Close stated that he would get some amendatory language and report back to the Committee.

No action was taken at this time.

SB 416 Prohibits certain acts involving personal property from which identification number is removed.

Senator Ashworth moved to indefinitely postpone. Seconded by Senator Dodge. Motion carried. The vote was as follows:

VOTING AYE: Senator Close VOTING NAY: Senator Bryan
Senator Dodge Senator Foote
Senator Gojack
Senator Ashworth

ABSENT FROM THE VOTE: Senator Sheerin.

SB 431 Prohibits under certain circumstances acceptance of incorporation documents for filing where name of corporation contains specified terms relating to engineering.

Senator Dodge moved to rerefer to Commerce and Labor. Seconded by Senator Bryan. Motion carried unanimously. Senator Sheerin was absent from the vote.

SB 263 Revises procedures relating to recovery of costs and attorney's fees in civil actions.

For testimony on this measure, see minutes of meetings for March 15, March 23 and March 25, 1977.

It was the consensus of the Committee to amend, on page 2, lines 10-19, to permit the judge to made an award of attorney's fees in appropriate cases and allow him to require evidence but

Minutes of Meeting April 6, 1977 Page Six

SB 263 not mandate him to do so.

the vote.

No action was taken at this time.

AB 383 Allows court to sentence certain habitual criminals to life imprisonment with or without possibility of parole.

For testimony on this measure, see minutes of meeting for March 31, 1977.

Senator Bryan moved a do pass.
Seconded by Senator Dodge.
Motion carried unanimously. Senator Ashworth was absent from

AB 366 Extends governmental immunity to fire districts.

Assemblyman Joe Dini testified in support of this measure and requested that the Committee amend the bill to further define political subdivisions to include other agencies.

Senator Gojack moved to amend and do pass. Seconded by Senator Bryan. Motion carried unanimously. Senators Ashworth and Dodge were absent from the vote.

SB 413 Makes substantial changes in procedure for disciplining physicians.

For testimony on this measure, see minutes of meeting for April 4, 1977.

Senator Close informed the Committee that he had received the amendments on this and suggested that the bill should be put out on the floor now and they could review the amendments then.

Senator Bryan moved to amend and do pass.

Seconded by Senator Gojack.

Motion carried unanimously. Senators Ashworth and Dodge were absent from the vote.

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

Cheri Kinsley, Secretary

APPROVED:

25

Senate Bill No. 263.

Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:

1977 Amendment No. 821A.

Amend section 1, page 1, line 2, by deleting "to 4, inclusive," and inserting "and 3".

Amend sec. 2, page 1, by deleting lines 7 and 8 and inserting: "for one copy of each deposition, if used at trial or at a hearing upon a motion, unless the court finds that the deposition was taken at".

Amend sec. 2, page 1, line 16, by deleting "\$300" and inserting "\$250".

Amend sec. 3, page 2, by deleting lines 1 through 22 and inserting: "Sec. 3. 1. An attorney at law shall have a lien upon any claim, demand or cause of action, including any claim for unliquidated damages, which has been placed in his hands by a client for suit or collection, or upon which a suit or other action has been instituted. The lien is for the amount of any fee which has been agreed upon by the attorney and client. In the absence of an agreement, the lien is for a reasonable fee for the services which the attorney has rendered for the client on account of the suit, claim, demand or action.

2. An attorney perfects his lien by serving notice in writing, in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested, upon his client and upon the party against whom his client has a cause of action, claiming the lien and stating the interest which he has in any cause of action.

3. The lien attaches to any verdict, judgment or decree entered and to any money or property which is recovered on account of the suit or other action, from the time of service of the notices required by this section.

4. On motion filed by an attorney having a lien under this section, his client or any party who has been served with notice of the lien, the court shall, after 5 days' notice to all interested parties, adjudicate the rights of the attorney, client or other parties and enforce the lien.

5. Collection of attorney's fees by a lien under this section may be utilized with, after or independently of any other method of collection."

Amend the bill as a whole by deleting section 4 and renumbering sections 5 through 8 as sections 4 through 7.

Amend sec. 5, page 2, by deleting line 48 and inserting: "witness.]" Amend sec. 5, page 2, line 49, by deleting "3." and inserting "[3.] 2." Amend sec. 5, page 3, line 6, by deleting closed bracket.

Amend sec. 5, page 3, by deleting lines 7 through 30 and inserting:

- "3. In awarding attorney's fees the court may pronounce its decision on such fees at the conclusion of the trial or special proceeding without written motion and with or without presentation of additional evidence.
- 4. No oral application or written motion for attorney's fees alters the effect of a final judgment entered in the action or the time permitted for an appeal therefrom.
- 5. Subsections 2 to 4, inclusive, do not apply to any action arising out of a written instrument or agreement which entitles the prevailing party to an award of reasonable attorney's fees."

Amend sec. 6, page 3, by deleting lines 47 through 49.

Amend sec. 8, page 4, line 18, by deleting "motion, pretrial hearing or". Amend sec. 8, page 4, by deleting line 19 and inserting: "occasioned by the postpone-".

Amend the bill as a whole by deleting section 9 and renumbering section 10 as section 8.

Amend sec. 10, page 4, line 46, by deleting open bracket.

Amend sec. 10, page 5, line 3, by deleting "4.] 3." and inserting "4." Amend the bill as a whole by deleting section 11 and renumbering sections 12 through 15 as sections 9 through 12.

Amend sec. 13, page 5, line 50, by deleting "demand," and inserting:

"demand and payment of the fee due from the client,".

Amend sec. 13, page 6, line 3, by deleting "therefor," and inserting "therefor and payment of the fee due from him,"

Amend sec. 13, page 6, line 5, by deleting "3" and inserting "5".

Amend sec. 13, page 6, line 11, after the period by inserting: "If the court finds that the attorney has, without just cause, withheld the client's papers, documents, pleadings or other property, the attorney is liable for costs and attorney's fees."

Amend the title of the bill to read: "An Act relating to civil actions; revising certain provisions for the recovery of costs and attorney's fees and for the payment of witnesses' fees; and providing other matters properly relating thereto."

Senator Close moved the adoption of the amendment.

Remarks by Senator Close.

Amendment adopted.

Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 359.

Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Finance: 1977 Amendment No. 648A.

Amend the bill as a whole by inserting new sections, to be designated as sections 1 and 2, preceding section 1, to read:

"Section 1. Chapter 232 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section which shall read as follows:

- The division of historic preservation and archeology consists of the administrator, the advisory board for historic preservation and archeology and any other necessary personnel.
- The administrator of the division shall be appointed by and be responsible to the director and shall be in the unclassified service of the state.
 - Sec. 2. NRS 232.090 is hereby amended to read as follows:

232.090 The department [shall consist] consists of:

- The division of water resources. 1.
- 2. The division of state lands. 3.
- The division of forestry. The division of oil and gas conservation.
- 5. The division of state parks.
- The division of conservation districts. 6.
- The state environmental commission division.

(REPRINTED WITH ADOPTED AMENDMENTS) FIRST REPRINT

S. B. 263

SENATE BILL NO. 263—SENATOR RAGGIO

FEBRUARY 24, 1977

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises procedures relating to recovery of costs and attorney's fees in civil actions. (BDR 2-758) FISCAL NOTE: Local Government Impact: No. State or Industrial Insurance Impact: No.



EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to civil actions; revising certain provisions for the recovery of costs and attorney's fees and for the payment of witnesses' fees; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.



The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 18 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 and 3 of this act.

Sec. 2. For the purposes of NRS 18.010 to 18.150, inclusive, the term "costs" means:

1. Clerks' fees.

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2. Reporters' fees for discovery depositions, including a reporter's fee for one copy of each deposition, if used at trial or at a hearing upon a motion, unless the court finds that the deposition was taken at the instance of the prevailing party without reason or necessity.

3. Jurors' fees and expenses, together with reasonable compensation

of an officer appointed to act in accordance with NRS 16.120.

4. Fees for witnesses at trial, pretrial hearings and deposing witnesses, unless the court finds that the witness was called at the instance of the prevailing party without reason or necessity.

5. Reasonable fees of not more than three expert witnesses in an amount of not more than \$250 for each witness.

6. Reasonable fees of necessary interpreters.

The fee of any sheriff or licensed process server for the delivery or service of any summons or subpena used in the action, unless the court determines that the service was not necessary.

The fees of the official reporter or reporter pro tempore. 8.

9. Reasonable costs for any bond or undertaking required as part of the action.



SEC. 3. 1. An attorney at law shall have a lien upon any claim, demand or cause of action, including any claim for unliquidated damages, which has been placed in his hands by a client for suit or collection, or upon which a suit or other action has been instituted. The lien is for the amount of any fee which has been agreed upon by the attorney and client. In the absence of an agreement, the lien is for a reasonable fee for the services which the attorney has rendered for the client on account of the suit, claim, demand or action.

2. An attorney perfects his lien by serving notice in writing, in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested, upon his client and upon the party against whom his client has a cause of action, claiming the lien and stating the interest which he has in any cause of action.

3. The lien attaches to any verdict, judgment or decree entered and to any money or property which is recovered on account of the suit or other action, from the time of service of the notices required by this section.

4. On motion filed by an attorney having a lien under this section, his client or any party who has been served with notice of the lien, the court shall, after 5 days' notice to all interested parties, adjudicate the rights of the attorney, client or other parties and enforce the lien.

5. Collection of attorney's fees by a lien under this section may be utilized with, after or independently of any other method of collection.

SEC. 4. NRS 18.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.010 1. The compensation of an attorney and counselor for his services is governed by agreement, express or implied, which is not restrained by law. [From the commencement of an action, or the service of an answer containing a counterclaim, the attorney who appears for a party has a lien upon his client's cause of action or counterclaim which attaches to a verdict, report, decision or judgment in his client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosesoever hands they may come, and cannot be affected by any settlement between the parties before or after judgment. There shall be allowed to the prevailing party in any action, or special proceeding in the nature of an action, in the supreme court and district courts, his costs and necessary disbursements in the action or special proceeding, including:

(a) Clerk's fees.

(b) Costs of depositions obtained by the prevailing party and used by him at the trial.

(c) Jury fees as provided in NRS 6.150.

(d) Witness fees as provided in NRS 50.225, and a reasonable fee of an interpreter not to exceed \$250.

2. The court may allow to the prevailing party the fees of not more than three expert witnesses in an amount not to exceed \$250 for each witness.

[3.] 2. The court may make an allowance of attorney's fees to:

(a) The plaintiff as prevailing party when the plaintiff has not recovered more than \$10,000; or

(b) The counterclaimant as prevailing party when he has not recovered more than \$10,000; or

(c) The defendant as prevailing party when the plaintiff has not sought recovery in excess of \$10,000.

3. In awarding attorney's fees the court may pronounce its decision on such fees at the conclusion of the trial or special proceeding without written motion and with or without presentation of additional evidence.

4. No oral application or written motion for attorney's fees alters the effect of a final judgment entered in the action or the time permitted for

an appeal therefrom.

5. Subsections 2 to 4, inclusive, do not apply to any action arising out of a written instrument or agreement which entitles the prevailing party to an award of reasonable attorney's fees.

SEC. 5. NRS 18.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.020 Costs shall be allowed of course to the plaintiff upon a judgment in his favor, from any defendant prevailing party against any adverse party against whom judgment is rendered, in the following cases:

1. In an action for the recovery of real property.

- 2. In an action to recover the possession of personal property, where the value of the property amounts to \$300 or over; [such] the value shall be determined by the jury, court or master by whom the action is tried.
- 3. In an action for the recovery of money or damages, where the plaintiff recovers \$300 or over.

4. In a special proceeding.

5. In an action which involves the title or possession of real estate, or the legality of any tax, impost, assessment, toll or municipal fine, including the costs accrued in [such] the action if originally commenced in a justice court.

SEC. 6. NRS 18.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.050 In other actions than those mentioned in NRS 18.020, costs may be allowed or not, and if allowed may be apportioned between the parties, or on the same or adverse sides, in the discretion of the court, but no costs shall be allowed in any action for the recovery of money or damages when the plaintiff recovers less than \$300, nor in any action to recover the possession of personal property when the value of the property is less than \$300; provided, that if, in the judgment of the court, the plaintiff believes he was justified in bringing the action in the district court, and he recovers at least \$150 in money or damages, or personal property of that value, the court may, in its discretion, allow the plaintiff part or all of his costs. [When there are several defendants in the actions mentioned in NRS 18.020, not united in interest, and making separate defenses by separate answers, and the plaintiff fails to recover judgment against all, the court shall award costs to such of the defendants as have judgment in their favor.]

SEC. 7. NRS 18.070 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.070 *I*. When an application is made to a court or master to postpone a trial, the payment of costs, occasioned by the postponement may be imposed, in the discretion of the court or master, as a condition of granting the same. postponement.

2. A court may impose costs and reasonable attorney's fees against

a party or an attorney who, in the judgment of the court, purposely caused a mistrial to occur.

NRS 18.110 is hereby amended to read as follows: SEC. 8.

18.110 1. The party in whose favor judgment is rendered, and who claims his costs, must [deliver to] file with the clerk, and serve a copy upon the adverse party, within 5 days after [the verdict or notice of the entry of judgment, [of the court or master,] or such further time as the court or judge may grant, a memorandum of the items of his costs [and necessary disbursements] in the action or proceeding, which memorandum must be verified by the oath of the party, or his attorney or agent, or by the clerk of his attorney, stating that to the best of his knowledge and belief the items are correct, and that the [disbursements] costs have been necessarily incurred in the action or proceeding.

He shall be entitled to recover the witness fees, although at the time he may not actually have paid them. Issuance or service of subpena shall not be necessary to entitle a prevailing party to tax, as costs, witness fees and mileage, provided that such witnesses be sworn and

19 testify in the cause.

It shall not be necessary to embody in the memorandum the fees of the clerk, but the clerk shall add the same according to his fees fixed

by statute.

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Within 3 days after service of a copy of the memorandum, the adverse party may move the court, upon 2 days' notice, to retax and settle the costs, notice of which motion shall be filed and served on the prevailing party claiming costs. Upon the hearing of the motion the court or judge [in chambers] shall settle the costs.

SEC. 9. NRS 18.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.150 1. When the state is a party, and costs or attorney's fees are awarded against it, they must be paid out of the state treasury.

When a county is a party, and costs or attorney's fees are awarded

against it, they must be paid out of the county treasury.

SEC. 10. Chapter 7 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section which shall read as follows:

An attorney who has been discharged by his client shall, upon demand and payment of the fee due from the client, immediately deliver to the client all papers, documents, pleadings and items of tangible per-

sonal property which belong to or were prepared for that client.

A client who, after demand therefor and payment of the fee due from him, does not receive from his discharged attorney all papers, documents, pleadings and items of tangible personal property may, by a motion filed after at least 5 days' notice to the attorney, obtain an order for the production of his papers, documents, pleadings and other property. If the court finds that an attorney has, without just cause, refused or neglected to obey its order given under this section, the court may, after notice and hearing, adjudge the attorney guilty of contempt and may fine or imprison him until the contempt is purged. If the court finds that the attorney has, without just cause, withheld the client's papers, documents, pleadings or other property, the attorney is liable for costs and attorney's fees.

3. An attorney who is in doubt as to the ownership of papers,

documents, pleadings or other property may deposit the materials with the clerk of the court. The clerk shall immediately seal the materials to protect the privacy and privilege of the clients and interested persons and notify each interested person of the deposit. Upon a petition filed by a client or other interested person, any court shall, after giving at least 5 days' notice to all other interested persons, adjudicate the rights of persons claiming an interest in the materials and make necessary orders under the circumstances of the case.

SEC. 11. NRS 50.225 is hereby amended to read as follows:

50.225 Witnesses required to attend in the courts of this state [shall] are entitled to receive the following compensation:

1. For attending in any criminal case, or civil suit or proceeding before a court of record, master, commissioner, justice of the peace, or before the grand jury, in obedience to a subpena, \$15 for each day's attendance, which shall include Sundays and holidays.

2. Mileage shall be allowed and paid at the rate of 15 cents a mile, one way only, for each mile necessarily and actually traveled from the place of residence by the shortest and most practical route, [provided:] but:

(a) [That no] A person shall not be obliged to testify in a civil action or proceeding unless his mileage and at least 1 day's fees have been paid him [if he demanded the same.]; and

(b) [That any] Any person [being] in attendance at the trial and sworn as a witness [shall be] is entitled to witness fees irrespective of service of subpena.

3. Witness fees in civil cases shall be taxed as disbursement costs against the defeated party upon proof by affidavit that they have been actually incurred. Costs shall not be allowed for more than two witnesses to the same fact or series of facts, nor shall a party plaintiff or defendant be allowed any fees or mileage for attendance as a witness in his own behalf.

SEC. 12. NRS 18.040, 18.045 and 18.100 are hereby repealed.



FIFTY-NINTH SESSION

747

Senate Bill No. 139 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President declared it passed, as amended.

Bill ordered transmitted to the Assembly.

Senate Bill No. 263.

Bill read third time.

Remarks by Senator Close.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 263:

YEAS-20.

NAYS-None.

Senate Bill No. 263 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President declared it passed, as amended.

Bill ordered transmitted to the Assembly.

Senate Bill No. 359.

Bill read third time.

Remarks by Senators Bryan and Wilson.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 359:

YEAS-20.

NAYS-None.

Senate Bill No. 359 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President declared it passed, as amended.

Bill ordered transmitted to the Assembly.

Senate Bill No. 458.

Bill read third time.

Remarks by Senators Neal and Gibson.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 458:

YEAS-19.

Nays-Neal.

Senate Bill No. 458 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President declared it passed.

Bill ordered transmitted to the Assembly.

Assembly Bill No. 21.

Bill read third time.

Roll call on Assembly Bill No. 21:

YEAS—18. NAYS—Echols.

Not voting—Foote.

Assembly Bill No. 21 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President declared it passed.

Bill ordered transmitted to the Assembly.

Assembly Bill No. 147.

Bill read third time.

Remarks by Senators Wilson, Dodge and Schofield.

Roll call on Assembly Bill No. 147:

YEAS-20.

NAYS-None.

Assembly Bill No. 147 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. President declared it passed, as amended.

Bill ordered transmitted to the Assembly.

MINUTES

ASSEMBLY JUDICIARY COMMITTEE April 21, 1977

Members Present: Chairman Barengo

Assemblyman Hayes
Assemblyman Banner
Assemblyman Coulter
Assemblyman Polish
Assemblyman Price
Assemblyman Sena
Assemblyman Ross
Assemblyman Wagner

Chairman Barengo called the meeting to order at 7:20 a.m. Those wishing to testify were sworn before giving testimony.

AB 744: Tom Moore, representing Clark County, was first to testify on this bill and he stated this bill was directed to the clarification of language in regard to the fees for appointed attorneys who represent indigents. He said this stems from a series of cases taken to the Supreme court of Nevada by Clark County and trying to comply with the federal statutes in this area. He stated that this would change the language from "unusual" to extraordinary circumstances so that it could be referenced in case law. He then explained the bill and some of the minor changes to it. He pointed out that they wished to have an amendment to subsection three so that it would read: "shall be paid a fee which shall not..." which they felt would eliminate any possibility of state impact.

In answer to a question from Mrs. Wagner, Mr. Moore stated that under common law a lawyer does not have a right to a fee for representing an indigent because it is an incident of his license to practice law and therefore those fees must be granted and set out statutorially by the legislature. He stated that between 1969 and 1975 there was a maximum on those fees of \$1,000 and then in 1975 that was raised to \$2,500, and above that a right to exceed that amount in unusual circumstances. Discussion followed on the different fees provided in the bill and Mr. Moore stated that they are no revising the fee schedule they are simply clarifying when those fees are to be paid and for what purposes. He stated that they recently had a case in Clark County where two attorneys were assigned to a very difficult case and the total fee came to approximately \$25,000 therefore, they are currently providing for payment in these kinds of difficult cases and they are not trying to change that with anything in this bill.

Mr. Moore stated that in subsection 4 the term extraordinary circumstances is defined to mean financial burdens and hardships far in excess of those normally found in the defense of an indigent person and comes from case law. He also pointed out that the new language in 4(b), page two is the codification of past case law. This subsection would also provide for the next judge of seniority would have the responsibility if the chief judge were the trial judge.

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ASSEMBLY JUDICIARY COMMITTEE April 21, 1977 Page Three

AB 160 and read it to the committee. The amendment is attached and marked Exhibit C. He stated that the amendment was agreed to by all the parties involved and they had stated that if it did not work they would come back in two years and change it. No direct action was taken on the amendment during the meeting.

AB 355: Chairman Barengo also introduced to the committee an amendment to this bill which is attached and marked Exhibit D. Mr. Bob Faiss also addressed the committee on this change and his remarks are attached and marked Exhibit E.

Chairman Barengo stated that he would have Bud Hicks come to the committee to comment on the amendment at the first available time.

SB 263: Senator Close testified first on this bill and stated that section one was basically the same as existing law. He stated that it has been changed to include reimbursement for the deposition, even if it is not used in the trial itself and this is on line seven of the bill. He also stated that they have included payment for interpreters. He also stated that they have expanded, on line 18, the current law to pay for service by a licensed process server.

He stated that Judge Thompson had suggested this bill because of problems which they were experiencing in that area and this bill would help clarify what was and was not covered as far as costs were concerned.

He pointed out that this bill provide a means by which an attorney could enforce a lien on a clients file by placing that lien on the judgement from the trial.

Senator Close then explained to the committee the portion of the bill which provides for proration of fees in the case an attorney takes the trial to the point which approximate the ceiling on fees and then deliberately causes a mistrial so that he can end the trial. He stated to the committee that this bill is not an attorney fee bill. He also pointed out that they really had not significantly changed existing law in this bill, but had, indeed, clarified it.

SB 506: Senator Close stated that this bill would provide that mobile homes would be included in the homestead provisions where they were not included at this time.

Mrs. Wagner pointed out that due to the scarcity of housing available, mobile homes are now beginning to appreciate as regular homes do, yet they are still taxed as personal property.

Senator Close also pointed out that this bill would provide that a single person could get a homestead filed on the property, and this was covered on lines 1 and 2 of page 2, if they are responsible for minor children.

MINUTES

ASSEMBLY JUDICIARY COMMITTEE April 28, 1977

Members Present: Chairman Barengo

Assemblyman Hayes
Assemblyman Banner
Assemblyman Coulter
Assemblyman Polish
Assemblyman Price
Assemblyman Ross
Assemblyman Sena
Assemblyman Wagner

The meeting was called to order at 8:10 a.m. by Chairman Barengo. All witnesses wishing to testify were sworn before testifying.

SB 455: Justice of the Peace, Robert Miller of Clark County testified on this bill stating that it was very important to their office to increase the number of justices in their area because of the increasing case load. And, he stated, though he was in favor of the bill as it was originally introuduced, stipulating 2 new justices, he felt this bill would be a move in the right direction. He presented to the committee a package of statistics concerning his area and their case load and that is attached and marked Exhibit A.

Mr. Tom Moore stated that both the District Attorney's office and the Clark County commissioners were in favor of the bill.

COMMITTEE ACTION:

- SB 268: Mr. Ross introduced an amendment to the bill which would delete section 6 and also make conspiracy to sell marijuana a gross misdemeanor. Mr. Ross moved for a Do Pass as Amended. Mrs. Hayes seconded the motion and it carried.
- AB 387: Mr. Ross made a motion to reconsider this bill. Mr. Sena seconded the motion and it carried. Mr. Ross read to the committee amendment 1078A which he proposed to the bill. Mr. Ross moved for a Do Pass as Amended. Mr. Sena seconded the motion and it carried.
- AB 160: Chairman Barengo introduced to the committee and amendment on this bill and the committee concurred with the amendment and it will be added to the bill which is on the Chief Clerk's Desk.
- SB 455: Mrs. Hayes moved for a Do Pass. Mr. Sena seconded the motion and it carried.
- AB 355: Chairman Barengo stated to the committee that he felt the committee should include the amendment which would make this effective on passage and let the Senate side decide on the other amendments which had been proposed, the committee concurred. Mr. Ross moved for a Do Pass as Amended. Mr. Sena seconded the motion and it carried.
- AB 10: This bill was merged with SB 220 and therefore no action was taken.

ASSEMBLY JUDICIARY COMMITTEE April 28, 1977 Page Three

SB 394: Mr. Ross moved a Do Pass. Mrs. Wagner seconded the motion and it carried.

SB 386: Mr. Ross moved for a Do Pass as Amended. Mr. Sena sectonded the motion and it carried. Mrs. Hayes did not vote.

SB 263: Mr. Ross proposed an amendment which would insert a period after the word deposition and deleting the balance fo the section. Mrs. Hayes moved for Do Pass as Amended. Mr. Ross seconded the motion and it carried.

Chairman Barengo gave out to the committee copies of a letter from Stephen Boland, Deputy AG, concerning SB 152 and a copy of is attached and marked Exhibit B.

For the record the following votes were redone:

AB 24: Mr. Banner moved for a Do Pass. Mr. Sena seconded the motion and it carried. (Originally voted out on 3/29/77.)

AB 517: Mr. Sena moved for a Do Pass. Mr. Coulter seconded the motion and it carried. (Originally voted out on 4/12/77.)

SB 89: Mr. Sena moved for a Do Pass as Amended. Mr. Polish seconded the motion and it carried. (Originally voted out on 4/22/77.)

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned at 10:30 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Linda Chandler, Secretary

FIFTY-NINTH SESSION

1029

boards; permitting the members of the district board to exercise certain powers;".

Assemblyman Murphy moved the adoption of the amendment.

Remarks by Assemblyman Weise.

Amendment lost.

Bill ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 263.

Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Judiciary:

Amendment No. 1190A.

Amend sec. 2, page 1, line 6, by deleting "discovery".

Amend sec. 2, page 1, by deleting lines 7 through 9 and inserting: "for one copy of each deposition."

Assemblyman Barengo moved the adoption of the amendment.

Remarks by Assemblyman Barengo.

Amendment adopted.

Bill ordered reprinted, re-engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 273.

Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 366.

Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 413.

Bill read second time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Commerce:

Amendment No. 1091A.

Amend sec. 14, page 6, lines 46 and 47, by deleting "examination," and inserting "investigation,".

Assemblyman Demers moved the adoption of the amendment.

Remarks by Assemblyman Demers.

Amendment adopted.

Bill ordered reprinted, re-engrossed and to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 437.

Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 439.

Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 447.

Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 467.

Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 480.

Bill read second time and ordered to third reading.

Senate Bill No. 511.

Bill read second time.

SENATE BILL NO. 263—SENATOR RAGGIO

FEBRUARY 24, 1977

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises procedures relating to recovery of costs and attorney's fees in civil actions. (BDR 2-758)

FISCAL NOTE: Local Government Impact: No.

State or Industrial Insurance Impact: No.



EXPLANATION—Matter in italics is new; matter in brackets [] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to civil actions; revising certain provisions for the recovery of costs and attorney's fees and for the payment of witnesses' fees; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.



The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 18 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 and 3 of this act.

SEC. 2. For the purposes of NRS 18.010 to 18.150, inclusive, the term "costs" means:

1. Clerks' fees.

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2. Reporters' fees for depositions, including a reporter's fee for one copy of each deposition.

3. Jurors' fees and expenses, together with reasonable compensation of an officer appointed to act in accordance with NRS 16.120.

- 4. Fees for witnesses at trial, pretrial hearings and deposing witnesses, unless the court finds that the witness was called at the instance of the prevailing party without reason or necessity.
- 5. Reasonable fees of not more than three expert witnesses in an amount of not more than \$250 for each witness.
 - 6. Reasonable fees of necessary interpreters.
- 7. The fee of any sheriff or licensed process server for the delivery or service of any summons or subpena used in the action, unless the court determines that the service was not necessary.
 - 8. The fees of the official reporter or reporter pro tempore.
- 9. Reasonable costs for any bond or undertaking required as part of the action.
- Sec. 3. 1. An attorney at law shall have a lien upon any claim, demand or cause of action, including any claim for unliquidated damages, which has been placed in his hands by a client for suit or collection,

or upon which a suit or other action has been instituted. The lien is for the amount of any fee which has been agreed upon by the attorney and client. In the absence of an agreement, the lien is for a reasonable fee for the services which the attorney has rendered for the client on account of the suit, claim, demand or action.

2. An attorney perfects his lien by serving notice in writing, in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested, upon his client and upon the party against whom his client has a cause of action, claiming the lien and stating the interest which he has in any cause of action.

3. The lien attaches to any verdict, judgment or decree entered and to any money or property which is recovered on account of the suit or other action, from the time of service of the notices required by this section.

4. On motion filed by an attorney having a lien under this section, his client or any party who has been served with notice of the lien, the court shall, after 5 days' notice to all interested parties, adjudicate the rights of the attorney, client or other parties and enforce the lien.

5. Collection of attorney's fees by a lien under this section may be utilized with, after or independently of any other method of collection.

SEC. 4. NRS 18.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 18.010 1. The compensation of an attorney and counselor for his services is governed by agreement, express or implied, which is not restrained by law. From the commencement of an action, or the service of an answer containing a counterclaim, the attorney who appears for a party has a lien upon his client's cause of action or counterclaim which attaches to a verdict, report, decision or judgment in his client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosesoever hands they may come, and cannot be affected by any settlement between the parties before or after judgment. There shall be allowed to the prevailing party in any action, or special proceeding in the nature of an action, in the supreme court and district courts, his costs and necessary disbursements in the action or special proceeding, including:
 - (a) Clerk's fees.

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(b) Costs of depositions obtained by the prevailing party and used by him at the trial.

(c) Jury fees as provided in NRS 6.150.

- (d) Witness fees as provided in NRS 50.225, and a reasonable fee of an interpreter not to exceed \$250.
- 2. The court may allow to the prevailing party the fees of not more than three expert witnesses in an amount not to exceed \$250 for each witness.
 - [3.] 2. The court may make an allowance of attorney's fees to:
- (a) The plaintiff as prevailing party when the plaintiff has not recovered more than \$10,000; or
- (b) The counterclaimant as prevailing party when he has not recovered more than \$10,000; or
- (c) The defendant as prevailing party when the plaintiff has not sought recovery in excess of \$10,000.
 - 3. In awarding attorney's fees the court may pronounce its decision on

such fees at the conclusion of the trial or special proceeding without written motion and with or without presentation of additional evidence.

4. No oral application or written motion for attorney's fees alters the effect of a final judgment entered in the action or the time permitted for an appeal therefrom.

5. Subsections 2 to 4, inclusive, do not apply to any action arising out of a written instrument or agreement which entitles the prevailing party to an award of reasonable attorney's fees.

SEC. 5. NRS 18.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.020 Costs shall be allowed of course to the plaintiff upon a judgment in his favor, from any defendant prevailing party against any adverse party against whom judgment is rendered, in the following cases:

1. In an action for the recovery of real property.

- 2. In an action to recover the possession of personal property, where the value of the property amounts to \$300 or over; [such] the value shall be determined by the jury, court or master by whom the action is tried.
- 3. In an action for the recovery of money or damages, where the plaintiff recovers \$300 or over.

4. In a special proceeding.

5. In an action which involves the title or possession of real estate, or the legality of any tax, impost, assessment, toll or municipal fine, including the costs accrued in [such] the action if originally commenced in a justice court.

SEC. 6. NRS 18.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.050 In other actions than those mentioned in NRS 18.020, costs may be allowed or not, and if allowed may be apportioned between the parties, or on the same or adverse sides, in the discretion of the court, but no costs shall be allowed in any action for the recovery of money or damages when the plaintiff recovers less than \$300, nor in any action to recover the possession of personal property when the value of the property is less than \$300; provided, that if, in the judgment of the court, the plaintiff believes he was justified in bringing the action in the district court, and he recovers at least \$150 in money or damages, or personal property of that value, the court may, in its discretion, allow the plaintiff part or all of his costs. [When there are several defendants in the actions mentioned in NRS 18.020, not united in interest, and making separate defenses by separate answers, and the plaintiff fails to recover judgment against all, the court shall award costs to such of the defendants as have judgment in their favor.]

SEC. 7. NRS 18.070 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.070 1. When an application is made to a court or master to postpone a trial, the payment of costs, occasioned by the postponement may be imposed, in the discretion of the court or master, as a condition of granting the [same.] postponement.

2. A court may impose costs and reasonable attorney's fees against a party or an attorney who, in the judgment of the court, purposely

caused a mistrial to occur.

SEC. 8. NRS 18.110 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.110 1. The party in whose favor judgment is rendered, and

who claims his costs, must [deliver to] file with the clerk, and serve a copy upon the adverse party, within 5 days after [the verdict or notice of the entry of judgment, [of the court or master,] or such further time as the court or judge may grant, a memorandum of the items of his costs [and necessary disbursements] in the action or proceeding, which memorandum must be verified by the oath of the party. or his attorney or agent, or by the clerk of his attorney, stating that to the best of his knowledge and belief the items are correct, and that the [disbursements] costs have been necessarily incurred in the action or proceeding.

2. He shall be entitled to recover the witness fees, although at the time he may not actually have paid them. Issuance or service of subpena shall not be necessary to entitle a prevailing party to tax, as costs, witness fees and mileage, provided that such witnesses be sworn and

testify in the cause.

It shall not be necessary to embody in the memorandum the fees of the clerk, but the clerk shall add the same according to his fees fixed

by statute.

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Within 3 days after service of a copy of the memorandum, the adverse party may move the court, upon 2 days' notice, to retax and settle the costs, notice of which motion shall be filed and served on the prevailing party claiming costs. Upon the hearing of the motion the court or judge [in chambers] shall settle the costs.

NRS 18.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. When the state is a party, and costs or attorney's fees are awarded against it, they must be paid out of the state treasury.

When a county is a party, and costs or attorney's fees are awarded

against it, they must be paid out of the county treasury.

Chapter 7 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a SEC. 10. new section which shall read as follows:

An attorney who has been discharged by his client shall, upon demand and payment of the fee due from the client, immediately deliver to the client all papers, documents, pleadings and items of tangible per-

sonal property which belong to or were prepared for that client.

A client who, after demand therefor and payment of the fee due from him, does not receive from his discharged attorney all papers, documents, pleadings and items of tangible personal property may, by a motion filed after at least 5 days' notice to the attorney, obtain an order for the production of his papers, documents, pleadings and other property. If the court finds that an attorney has, without just cause, refused or neglected to obey its order given under this section, the court may, after notice and hearing, adjudge the attorney guilty of contempt and may fine or imprison him until the contempt is purged. If the court finds that the attorney has, without just cause, withheld the client's papers, documents, pleadings or other property, the attorney is liable for costs and attorney's fees.

3. An attorney who is in doubt as to the ownership of papers, documents, pleadings or other property may deposit the materials with the clerk of the court. The clerk shall immediately seal the materials to protect the privacy and privilege of the clients and interested persons and notify each interested person of the deposit. Upon a petition filed by a client or other interested person, any court shall, after giving at least 5 days' notice to all other interested persons, adjudicate the rights of persons claiming an interest in the materials and make necessary orders under the circumstances of the case.

SEC. 11. NRS 50.225 is hereby amended to read as follows:

50.225 Witnesses required to attend in the courts of this state shall are entitled to receive the following compensation:

1. For attending in any criminal case, or civil suit or proceeding before a court of record, master, commissioner, justice of the peace, or before the grand jury, in obedience to a subpena, \$15 for each day's attendance, which shall include Sundays and holidays.

2. Mileage shall be allowed and paid at the rate of 15 cents a mile, one way only, for each mile necessarily and actually traveled from the place of residence by the shortest and most practical route, [provided:] but:

(a) That no A person shall not be obliged to testify in a civil action or proceeding unless his mileage and at least 1 day's fees have been paid him if he demanded the same. ; and

(b) That any Any person being in attendance at the trial and sworn as a witness shall be is entitled to witness fees irrespective of service of subpena.

3. Witness fees in civil cases shall be taxed as disbursement costs against the defeated party upon proof by affidavit that they have been actually incurred. Costs shall not be allowed for more than two witnesses to the same fact or series of facts, nor shall a party plaintiff or defendant be allowed any fees or mileage for attendance as a witness in his own behalf.

Sec. 12. NRS 18.040, 18.045 and 18.100 are hereby repealed.

FIFTY-NINTH SESSION

1061

Senate Bill No. 185.

Bill read third time.

Remarks by Assemblyman Sena.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 185:

YEAS-35.

NAYS-Goodman.

Absent—Bennett, Brookman—2.

Not voting—Robinson.

Vacancy—1.

Senate Bill No. 185 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed, as amended.

Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 263.

Bill read third time.

Remarks by Assemblyman Barengo.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 263:

YEAS-37.

NAYS-None

Absent—Bennett, Brookman—2.

Vacancy—1.

Senate Bill No. 263 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed, as amended.

Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

MOTIONS, RESOLUTIONS AND NOTICES

Assemblyman May moved that Senate Bill No. 326 be taken from the General File and placed on the Chief Clerk's desk.

Remarks by Assemblyman May.

Motion carried.

GENERAL FILE AND THIRD READING

Senate Bill No. 386.

Bill read third time.

Remarks by Assemblyman Wagner.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 386:

YEAS-36.

Nays-None

Absent—Bennett, Brookman—2.

Not voting—Hayes.

Vacancy—1.

Senate Bill No. 386 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed, as amended.

Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Senate Bill No. 413.

Bill read third time.

Remarks by Assemblyman Barengo.

Roll call on Senate Bill No. 413:

YEAS-37.

NAYS-None.

Absent—Bennett, Brookman—2.

Vacancy—1.

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF MEETING

MAY 2, 1977

Meeting was called to order at 8:07 a.m. Senator Close was in the Chair.

PRESENT:

Senator Close Senator Bryan Senator Ashworth Senator Dodge Senator Foote Senator Sheerin

ABSENT:

Senator Gojack

AB 621 Changes qualifications of certain judicial officers.

Dave Frank stated that this amends the qualifications for District Court Judges and Supreme Court Justices. To bar anyone removed from judicial office from either being elected or appointed to either one of those offices. It is also in response to Constitutional amendments passed on the November ballot. It is directed at the question of what effect removal from judicial office should have, if any.

Senator Close questioned why we should do this, if the people elect him again even though he had been removed from office.

Mr. Frank stated the there is the possibility that a bad judge can run a very good campaign. Also there is the possibility of the revolving door problem, where he is elected and finds himself running right into the same problems that got him removed in the first place.

Senator Sheerin stated the whole reason for the judicial review system is that the people don't know what a good judge is, or what a bad judge is. So if you want to put this back in, lets do away with the whole system.

Senator Dodge stated the people passed a Constitutional amendment and it seems to him the judgment and validity to that process, and the judgment of the discipline commission should justify this provision.

does not address as to what effect removal has and should it disqualify him from holding judicial office.

Senator Sheerin moved do pass. Seconded by Senator Dodge. Motion carried unanimously.



MAY

As they had to go into session Senator Close stated they would continue this as soon as they recessed. He had some amendments he wanted to go over quickly with the Committee.

SB 386 Prohibits judges who are removed from office from exercising judicial duties.

> Page 2 line 6, delete "death". Committee concured unanimously with amendment #1117.

SB 263 Revises procedures relating to recovery of costs and attorney's fees in civil actions.

Page 1 line 17 delete "discovery". Lines 7 thru 9 delte and insert "for one copy of each deposition". Committee concured unanimously with amendment #1190.

SB 54 Authorizes payment of lodging allowances to jurors under certain circumstances.

Page 1 line 17 delete "75 miles" and insert "50 miles".
Page 1 delete line 19 and insert "to receive a reasonable room rate in addition to daily requirements". The Committee stated that the second amendment was not their intent and they refused to concur with amendment #1187.

SB 185 Provides for retention of and access to certain medical records.

Page 2 lines 5 and 6, insert under section B "any authorized representative". The Committee felt this broadend their intent and refused to concur with amendment #396-A.

The meeting was adjourned at 10:00 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

APPROVED:

Virginia C. Letts, Secretary

MELVIN D. CLOSE, JR. CHAIRMAN

FIFTY-NINTH SESSION

Senate Bill No. 263—Senator Raggio

CHAPTER 401

AN ACT relating to civil actions; revising certain provisions for the recovery of costs and attorney's fees and for the payment of witnesses' fees; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

[Approved May 7, 1977]

The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 18 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 and 3 of this act.

SEC. 2. For the purposes of NRS 18.010 to 18.150, inclusive, the term "costs" means:

1. Clerks' fees.

- 2. Reporters' fees for depositions, including a reporter's fee for one copy of each deposition.
- 3. Jurors' fees and expenses, together with reasonable compensation of an officer appointed to act in accordance with NRS 16.120.
- 4. Fees for witnesses at trial, pretrial hearings and deposing witnesses, unless the court finds that the witness was called at the instance of the prevailing party without reason or necessity.
- 5. Reasonable fees of not more than three expert witnesses in an amount of not more than \$250 for each witness.

6. Reasonable fees of necessary interpreters.

7. The fee of any sheriff or licensed process server for the delivery or service of any summons or subpena used in the action, unless the court determines that the service was not necessary.

8. The fees of the official reporter or reporter pro tempore.

- 9. Reasonable costs for any bond or undertaking required as part of the action.
- Sec. 3. 1. An attorney at law shall have a lien upon any claim, demand or cause of action, including any claim for unliquidated damages, which has been placed in his hands by a client for suit or collection, or upon which a suit or other action has been instituted. The lien is for the amount of any fee which has been agreed upon by the attorney and client. In the absence of an agreement, the lien is for a reasonable fee for the services which the attorney has rendered for the client on account of the suit, claim, demand or action.
- 2. An attorney perfects his lien by serving notice in writing, in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested, upon his client and upon the party against whom his client has a cause of action, claiming the lien and stating the interest which he has in any cause of action.
- 3. The lien attaches to any verdict, judgment or decree entered and to any money or property which is recovered on account of the suit or other action, from the time of service of the notices required by this section.
- 4. On motion filed by an attorney having a lien under this section, his client or any party who has been served with notice of the lien, the

court shall, after 5 days' notice to all interested parties, adjudicate the rights of the attorney, client or other parties and enforce the lien.

5. Collection of attorney's fees by a lien under this section may be utilized with, after or independently of any other method of collection.

SEC. 4. NRS 18.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.010 1. The compensation of an attorney and counselor for his services is governed by agreement, express or implied, which is not restrained by law. From the commencement of an action, or the service of an answer containing a counterclaim, the attorney who appears for a party has a lien upon his client's cause of action or counterclaim which attaches to a verdict, report, decision or judgment in his client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosesoever hands they may come, and cannot be affected by any settlement between the parties before or after judgment. There shall be allowed to the prevailing party in any action, or special proceeding in the nature of an action, in the supreme court and district courts, his costs and necessary disbursements in the action or special proceeding, including:

(a) Clerk's fees.

(b) Costs of depositions obtained by the prevailing party and used by him at the trial.

(c) Jury fees as provided in NRS 6.150.

(d) Witness fees as provided in NRS 50.225, and a reasonable fee of

an interpreter not to exceed \$250.

- 2. The court may allow to the prevailing party the fees of not more than three expert witnesses in an amount not to exceed \$250 for each witness.
 - [3.] 2. The court may make an allowance of attorney's fees to:
- (a) The plaintiff as prevailing party when the plaintiff has not recovered more than \$10,000; or
- (b) The counterclaimant as prevailing party when he has not recovered more than \$10,000; or
- (c) The defendant as prevailing party when the plaintiff has not sought recovery in excess of \$10,000.
- 3. In awarding attorney's fees the court may pronounce its decision on such fees at the conclusion of the trial or special proceeding without written motion and with or without presentation of additional evidence.
- 4. No oral application or written motion for attorney's fees alters the effect of a final judgment entered in the action or the time permitted for an appeal therefrom.
- 5. Subsections 2 to 4, inclusive, do not apply to any action arising out of a written instrument or agreement which entitles the prevailing party to an award of reasonable attorney's fees.

SEC. 5. NRS 18.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.020 Costs shall be allowed of course to the [plaintiff upon a judgment in his favor, from any defendant] prevailing party against any adverse party against whom judgment is rendered, in the following cases:

1. In an action for the recovery of real property.

2. In an action to recover the possession of personal property, where the value of the property amounts to \$300 or over; [such] the value shall be determined by the jury, court or master by whom the action is tried.

- 3. In an action for the recovery of money or damages, where the plaintiff recovers \$300 or over.
 - 4. In a special proceeding.
- 5. In an action which involves the title or possession of real estate, or the legality of any tax, impost, assessment, toll or municipal fine, including the costs accrued in [such] the action if originally commenced in a justice court.
 - SEC. 6. NRS 18.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 18.050 In other actions than those mentioned in NRS 18.020, costs may be allowed or not, and if allowed may be apportioned between the parties, or on the same or adverse sides, in the discretion of the court, but no costs shall be allowed in any action for the recovery of money or damages when the plaintiff recovers less than \$300, nor in any action to recover the possession of personal property when the value of the property is less than \$300; provided, that if, in the judgment of the court, the plaintiff believes he was justified in bringing the action in the district court, and he recovers at least \$150 in money or damages, or personal property of that value, the court may, in its discretion, allow the plaintiff part or all of his costs. [When there are several defendants in the actions mentioned in NRS 18.020, not united in interest, and making separate defenses by separate answers, and the plaintiff fails to recover judgment against all, the court shall award costs to such of the defendants as have judgment in their favor.]
 - SEC. 7. NRS 18.070 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 18.070 1. When an application is made to a court or master to postpone a trial, the payment of costs, occasioned by the postponement may be imposed, in the discretion of the court or master, as a condition of granting the same. postponement.
- 2. A court may impose costs and reasonable attorney's fees against a party or an attorney who, in the judgment of the court, purposely caused a mistrial to occur.
 - SEC. 8. NRS 18.110 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 18.110 1. The party in whose favor judgment is rendered, and who claims his costs, must [deliver to] file with the clerk, and serve a copy upon the adverse party, within 5 days after [the verdict or notice of] the entry of judgment, [of the court or master,] or such further time as the court or judge may grant, a memorandum of the items of his costs [and necessary disbursements] in the action or proceeding, which memorandum must be verified by the oath of the party, or his attorney or agent, or by the clerk of his attorney, stating that to the best of his knowledge and belief the items are correct, and that the [disbursements] costs have been necessarily incurred in the action or proceeding.
- 2. He shall be entitled to recover the witness fees, although at the time he may not actually have paid them. Issuance or service of subpena shall not be necessary to entitle a prevailing party to tax, as costs, witness fees and mileage, provided that such witnesses be sworn and testify in the cause.
- 3. It shall not be necessary to embody in the memorandum the fees of the clerk, but the clerk shall add the same according to his fees fixed by statute.

4. Within 3 days after service of a copy of the memorandum, the adverse party may move the court, upon 2 days' notice, to retax and settle the costs, notice of which motion shall be filed and served on the prevailing party claiming costs. Upon the hearing of the motion the court or judge [in chambers] shall settle the costs.

Sec. 9. NRS 18.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.150 1. When the state is a party, and costs or attorney's fees are awarded against it, they must be paid out of the state treasury.

2. When a county is a party, and costs or attorney's fees are awarded

against it, they must be paid out of the county treasury.

SEC. 10. Chapter 7 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section which shall read as follows:

1. An attorney who has been discharged by his client shall, upon demand and payment of the fee due from the client, immediately deliver to the client all papers, documents, pleadings and items of tangible per-

sonal property which belong to or were prepared for that client.

2. A client who, after demand therefor and payment of the fee due from him, does not receive from his discharged attorney all papers, documents, pleadings and items of tangible personal property may, by a mot on filed after at least 5 days' notice to the attorney, obtain an order for the production of his papers, documents, pleadings and other property. If the court finds that an attorney has, without just cause, refused or neglected to obey its order given under this section, the court may, after notice and hearing, adjudge the attorney guilty of contempt and may fine or imprison him until the contempt is purged. If the court finds that the attorney has, without just cause, withheld the client's papers, documents, pleadings or other property, the attorney is liable for costs and attorney's fees.

3. An attorney who is in doubt as to the ownership of papers, documents, pleadings or other property may deposit the materials with the clerk of the court. The clerk shall immediately seal the materials to protect the privacy and privilege of the clients and interested persons and notify each interested person of the deposit. Upon a petition filed by a client or other interested person, any court shall, after giving at least 5 days' notice to all other interested persons, adjudicate the rights of persons claiming an interest in the materials and make necessary

orders under the circumstances of the case.

SEC. 11. NRS 50.225 is hereby amended to read as follows:

50.225 Witnesses required to attend in the courts of this state

shall are entitled to receive the following compensation:

1. For attending in any criminal case, or civil suit or proceeding before a court of record, master, commissioner, justice of the peace, or before the grand jury, in obedience to a subpena, \$15 for each day's attendance, which shall include Sundays and holidays.

2. Mileage shall be allowed and paid at the rate of 15 cents a mile, one way only, for each mile necessarily and actually traveled from the place of residence by the shortest and most practical route, [provided:]

but:

(a) [That no] A person shall not be obliged to testify in a civil action or proceeding unless his mileage and at least 1 day's fees have been paid him [if he demanded the same.]; and

- (b) [That any] Any person [being] in attendance at the trial and sworn as a witness [shall be] is entitled to witness fees irrespective of service of subpena.
- 3. Witness fees in civil cases shall be taxed as disbursement costs against the defeated party upon proof by affidavit that they have been actually incurred. Costs shall not be allowed for more than two witnesses to the same fact or series of facts, nor shall a party plaintiff or defendant be allowed any fees or mileage for attendance as a witness in his own behalf.
 - SEC. 12. NRS 18.040, 18.045 and 18.100 are hereby repealed.

Senate Bill No. 401—Senator Glaser

CHAPTER 402

AN ACT relating to animals running at large; authorizing the capture of wild horses and burros by means of aircraft and motor vehicles; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

[Approved May 7, 1977]

The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. NRS 569.420 is hereby amended to read as follows:

569.420 [1. It shall be] It is unlawful for any person, under the provisions of NRS 569.360 to 569.430, inclusive, [:

(a) To hunt wild horses, mares, colts or burros by means of airborne

vehicles of any kind or motor-driven vehicles of any kind.

(b) To to pollute watering holes in order to trap, kill, wound or

maim [such animals.

2. The provisions of NRS 569.360 to 569.430, inclusive, shall not be construed to conflict with the provisions of any federal law or regulation governing the hunting or driving of horses, mares, colts or burros by means of airborne or motor-driven vehicles. any wild horses, mares, colts or burros.

Senate Bill No. 420—Committee on Government Affairs

CHAPTER 403

AN ACT relating to county hospitals and districts; adding to the kinds of bonds which may be issued for hospital purposes; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

[Approved May 7, 1977]

The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. NRS 450.290 is hereby amended to read as follows: 450.290 1. Subject to the provisions of NRS 450.010 to 450.510,

as "NEVADA SPINE CLINIC";
VALLEY HEALTH SYSTEM, LLC,
a Delaware limited liability company
doing business as "CENTENNIAL
HILLS HOSPITAL"; UHS OF
DELAWARE, INC., a Delaware
corporation also doing business as
"CENTENNIAL HILLS
HOSPITAL"; DOES 1-X, inclusive;
and ROE CORPORATIONS I-X,
inclusive,

Defendant.

This matter having come for before the Court on August 5, 2019, on Plaintiff's Motion for Mistrial; Plaintiff Jason George Landess, appeared by and through his counsel of record, Martin A. Little, Esq. of Howard & Howard Attorneys PLLC, and James J. Jimmerson, Esq. of Jimmerson Law Firm, P.C. Defendants Kevin Paul Debiparshad, M.D., Kevin P. Debiparshad PLLC d/b/a Synergy Spine and Orthopedics, and Debiparshad Professional Services d/b/a Synergy Spine and Orthopedics, Jaswinder S. Grover, M.D., Ltd. d/b/a Nevada Spine Clinic, appeared by and through their counsel of record, S. Brent Vogel, Esq. and Katherine J. Gordon, Esq. of Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard & Smith LLP.

The Court having reviewed the papers and pleadings on file, having heard oral argument, and being fully advised in the premises, and good cause appearing, hereby Finds, Concludes, and Orders as follows:

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. On Friday, August 2, 2019, during the cross-examination of Plaintiff's witness, Jonathan Dariyanani, counsel for Defendant, Ms. Gordon moved to admit Plaintiff's Exhibit 56, emails produced to Defendant by Jonathan Dariyanani. After Plaintiff made no objection, Ms. Gordon read a highlighted portion from a November 2016 email, at Exhibit 56, page 44.

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2.	Specifically,	the	following	questions	were	asked	at	Tr.	161:3
162:8:									

- Q Mr. Dariyanani, you testified earlier that Mr. Landess is a beautiful person in your mind.
- O And you respect him a great deal?
- Q And this was, that portion anyway, is consistent with your impression of Mr. Landess for at least the past five years, I believe you said?
- O This is -- I'm going to try to blow it up, but this is an email that Mr. Landess sent to you and it's part of admitted Exhibit 56, dated November 15th, 2016. It's quite long, but the part I'm interested in is Mr. Landess appears to be giving a summary of his prior work experience and some experiences that he has gone through in his life.
- Q And the highlighted portion starts, "So I got a job working in a pool hall on weekends." And I'll represent to you, Mr. Landess testified earlier about working in a pool hall.
- Q "To supplement my regular job of working in a sweat factory with a lot of Mexicans, and taught myself how to play Snooker. I became so good at it, that I developed a route in East L.A. hustling Mexicans, blacks. and rednecks on Fridays, which was usually payday. From that lesson, I learned how to use my skill to make money by taking risk, serious risk." When you read this, did that change your impression of Mr. Landess at all?
- O Did he sound apologetic in this email about hustling people before?
- Q Does it sound to you at all from this email that he's bragging about his past as a hustler, and particularly hustling Mexicans, blacks, and rednecks on payday?
- Q He talks about a time when he bought a truck stop here in Las Vegas when the Mexican laborer stole everything that wasn't welded to the ground. You still don't take that as being at all a racist comment?

- 3. Immediately following the testimony, outside the presence of the jury, Plaintiff's counsel moved to strike the email and testimony, and placed on the record its concerns that Plaintiff would no longer be able to obtain a fair and unbiased verdict. The Motion to strike was denied, and the Court indicated that counsel could file a trial brief on the issue, but the Court remained concerned that with what the jury had heard, the Court could not be confident in justice being served.
- 4. After this exchange sank in with the Court, the Court knew it had to deal with this issue. The Court realized that there was an African-American woman on the jury named Adleen Stidhum to whom the parties gave a birthday card during the trial, celebrating her birthday with cupcakes. The Court immediately imagined how she would feel, as well as the other jurors of African-American and/or Hispanic descent.
- 5. The Court noted that if there had been a motion in limine to preclude the email, the Court would have precluded it as prejudicial. Even under a legal relevancy balancing test, though it might have some relevance as to Plaintiff's character, it would be excluded as prejudicial even if probative or relevant.
- 6. The Court was concerned regarding how to resolve the situation when Plaintiff, in good faith, did not know that email was in the exhibit that was stipulated to, and Defendants knew and used the email. The Court does not believe Ms. Gordon used the email with an intent to be unethical, but the effect of the same remained a problem that must be resolved.
- 7. It was enough of an issue that the Court had an off the record meeting with counsel on Friday evening, discussing the same with the parties and exploring whether there was any possibility of settling the case, with a serious specter of a potential mistrial in the air, particularly after two weeks of

substantial effort and cost. The Court offered its comments and thoughts with respect to the case and offered to assist with settlement discussions if the parties desired to pursue the same. The Court offered its belief that Plaintiff had proved its case as to negligence, but that Plaintiff likely would not be awarded all of the damages he was seeking, particularly relating to stock options. The Court noted the costs that were associated with the Trial, and that in the event of a mistrial, those costs, including experts, would need to be incurred again.

- 8. Plaintiff filed a formal Motion for Mistrial and for Attorneys' Fees and Costs on August 4, 2019, and the Court heard argument from both sides on August 5, 2019 before issuing these Findings.
- 9. Neither of the parties was present at Friday's conference, and ultimately, Defendant declined to entertain settlement.
- 10. Factually, prior to trial during the discovery process, it was relevant and necessary to cause Cognotion, the company, through its CEO, Jonathan Dariyanani, to disclose employment-based evidence, whether it was the employment contract or information having to do with the stock options or things that may have led to the employment itself or contemporaneous with the employment itself. It is evident to the Court that that discovery effort on Cognotion's/Mr. Dariyanani's part was taken seriously, because a number of items were disclosed, including emails and the item in question, which was apparently in that batch of items disclosed.
- 11. It is readily apparent and admitted to, and specifically a finding of fact of this Court, that though the Plaintiff endeavored in the discovery process to disclose to the Defendants the Cognotion documents, and did so, it is fair to conclude that due to the shortness of the discovery timeline and the last minute effort having to do with this damage item, which did take place closer in time to Trial, as well as the extent of the volume of the paperwork disclosed, that

 Plaintiff did not see or know about the content of that email at page 44 of Exhibit 56. This is also likely due to the fact that the represented party, and Mr. Dariyanani, are both also lawyers, and it would be reasonable for Plaintiff's counsel to presume that they had reviewed the documents. Either way, it is clear to the Court that there was a mistake made in failing to notice the document and inadvertently disclosing it and not objecting to it.

- 12. It is further clear to the Court that the admission of the document was inadvertent because Plaintiff did bring pretrial motions to preclude Mr. Landess' bankruptcies, gambling debt, and litigations as other character evidence. It is clear to the Court that if Plaintiff would have seen this email, he would likewise have brought a pretrial Motion to exclude it.
- 13. Upon reflection, the Court would have, one hundred percent, absolutely certain, granted a motion in limine to preclude the email referencing "hustling Mexicans, blacks, and rednecks," and where "the Mexican labor stole everything that wasn't welt to the ground." The issue of whether or not Mr. Landess is a racist or not is not relevant, and even if it relevant, if character is an issue, whether he is a racist or not, is more prejudicial than probative. NRS 48.035.
- 14. When Trial commenced, however, Exhibit 56 was marked and put into one of the many volumes of binders as Plaintiff's Trial Exhibit 56, including page 56-00044, which was part of thousands of pages of potential exhibits submitted by Plaintiff. That exhibit was then offered not by the Plaintiff, but rather by the Defendants, without objection by the Plaintiff to the admission of the entire Exhibit 56, including pages 44-45, on day 10 of the Trial, Friday, August 2, 2019. The Court finds that while Defendant offered a disclosed document that was marked as a Plaintiff's exhibit, 79 pages of emails produced

 by Jonathan Dariyanani directly to Defendant, at the time of the admission, Plaintiff still did not know that email was actually in the exhibit.

- 15. When Mr. Dariyanani testified, he did testify that Plaintiff was a "beautiful but flawed" person, and that he was trustworthy. The Court finds that did open the door to character evidence, as the issue of character was put into the trial by the Plaintiff. Thus, the Defendants had the ability to offer their own character evidence to try to impeach Mr. Daryanani. The issue, however, was the extent to which that was done and the prejudice Defendant's actions caused.
- 16. By the email itself, a reasonable person could conclude only one thing, which is that is that the author is racist. The Court is not drawing a conclusion that Mr. Landess is racist, but based upon the words of the email read to the jury, a reasonable conclusion would be drawn that the author of these two paragraphs is racist.
- 17. The question for the Court, as a matter of law, is whether in this case, which is not an employment discrimination case or anything where the issue of race is clearly an element of the case, can the jury in this civil case consider the issue, even with the opening of the door as to character, of whether Mr. Landess is a racist? The Court finds that the clear answer to that is no, that that is not a basis upon which this jury should or can decide the verdict.
- 18. The Court finds that it is evident that Defendants had to know that the Plaintiff made a mistake and did not realize this item was in Exhibit 56, particularly because of the motions in limine that were filed by Plaintiff to preclude other character evidence, in conjunction with the aggressiveness and zealousness of counsel throughout the trial. The email was one of the many pages of Exhibit 56 and the Plaintiff did not know about it.

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- 19. Defendants took advantage of that mistake. Plaintiff confirms that he did not know the email at page 44 was in the group of 79 pages of emails in Exhibit 56, which otherwise all related to Cognotion, and that the same was inadvertently admitted. Once the email was admitted and before the jury. Plaintiff could not object in front of the jury without further calling attention to the email, and because it had been admitted. Once the highlighted language was put before the jury, there was no contemporaneous objection from Plaintiff, nor sua sponte interjection from the Court, that could remedy it, as in a matter of seconds, the words were there for the jury to see.
- Indeed, during the off the record discussion on August 2, 2019. 20. when Mr. Jimmerson initially moved to strike the email, Ms. Gordon stated that she "kept waiting" for the Plaintiff to object to her use of Exhibit 56, page 44. and "when the Plaintiff did not object," the Defendant then went forward to use the email. Mr. Vogel echoed that sentiment on Monday, August 5, 2019, stating "We gave them every opportunity to object to it. Ms. Gordon asked repeated questions before coming to that union. And, yet, I guess it -- it comes down to. you're asking could we have done something to try to remove that. I suppose in hindsight I guess we could have. But I don't think we had to." Tr. 42:5-9. The Defendants' statements have led the Court to believe that the Defendants knew that their use of the Exhibit was objectionable, and would be objectionable to the Plaintiff, and possibly to the Court, and nevertheless the Defendants continued to use and inject the email before the jury in the fashion that precluded Plaintiff from being able to effectively respond. In arguing to the Court that they "waited for Plaintiff to object" and that Plaintiff "did nothing about it." Defendants evidence a consciousness of guilt and of wrongdoing. That consciousness of wrongdoing suggests that Defendants and their counsel were the legal cause of the mistrial.



- 22. When asked whether Defendants believe that the jury could consider whether Mr. Landess is a racist, Ms. Gordon replied that she believes she is "allowed to use impeachment evidence that has not been objected to, and has been admitted into evidence by stipulation," that the "burden should not be shifted" to Defendant "to assist with eliminating or reducing the prejudicial value of that piece of evidence," and that "motive is always relevant in terms of Mr. Landess' reason for setting up" Defendants in Defendants' view of the case. The Defendant confirms that whether Mr. Landess is a racist is something the jury should weigh, that it is admissible, and it is evidence that they should consider. Defendants' counsel made it clear to the Court Defendants' knowing and intentional use of Exhibit 56, page 44.
- 23. The Court finds that if the document, admitted as Exhibit 56, page 44, where not used with Mr. Dariyanani, but instead was used in closing argument and put before the jury, it would clearly be considered misconduct under the *Lioce* standard. The Court express concerns that using this admitted piece of evidence, Defendant has now interjected a racial issue into the trial.
- 24. In the Court's view, even if well-intended by the Defendants to cross-examine when character is now an issue, the Defendants made a mistake in now interjecting the issue of racism into the trial. Even now, it appears to the Court that the Defendants' position is that the jury can consider the issue of whether Mr. Landess is a racist or not. With that, the Court disagrees with the Defendants to the fiber of its existence as a person and a judge. Ms. Brazil is an African-American. Ms. Stidhum is an African-American. Upon information

and belief, Mr. Cardoza and Ms. Asuncion are Hispanic. Since we have two African-American jurors and potentially two Hispanic jurors, Defendants' interjecting the issue of Mr. Landess allegedly being a racist into the case was improper.

- 25. The Court makes a specific finding that under all the circumstances that described hereinabove, they do amount to such an overwhelming nature that reaching a fair result is impossible.
- 26. The Court further specifically finds that this error prevents the jury from reaching a verdict that is fair and just under any circumstance.
- 27. The Court further specifically finds that there is no curable instruction which could un-ring the bell that has been rung, especially as to those four jurors, but really with all ten jurors.
- 28. The Court finds that this decision was, as a result, "manifestly necessary" under the meaning of the law.
- 29. The Court finds that the fact that the jury has now sat with these comments for the weekend, and particularly in light of the events of this past weekend, with news reports of an individual who drove nine hours across Texas to go to El Paso to kill Mexicans, followed by a shooting in Dayton, Ohio where African Americans were killed, only heightens the need for a mistrial. While these recent events do not focus upon the Court's ruling, the similarity of race and its prejudicial effect cannot be underestimated. It is the Court's strong view that racial discrimination cannot be a basis upon which this civil jury can give their decision regardless, but certainly the events of the weekend aggravated the situation.
- 30. The Court does not reasonably think that under the circumstances, the jury can give a fair verdict and not base the decision, at least in part, on the issue of whether Mr. Landess is a racist.



	31.	While	mistakes	were	made	on	both	sides,	the	Court	mus
sep	arately d	letermin	e which si	de is le	gally re	espo	nsible	for cau	sing :	a mistri	al, for
рш	poses of	conside	ering Plain	tiff's r	request	for a	attorne	ys' fee	s and	costs.	That
issu	e must l	be separ	ately brief	ed, wit	h a sep	arate	heari	ng held	. Pla	intiff n	ade a
mis	take in r	not catcl	ing the ite	m and	stoppi	ng it	s use,	but the	Defe	ndants	made
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32. If any if these Findings of Fact are more appropriately a Conclusion of Law, so shall they be deemed.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 33. The decision to grant a mistrial is within the sound discretion of the trial court and will not be overturned absent an abuse of that discretion. Khoury v. Seastrand, 132 Nev. Adv. Op. 52, 377 P.3d 81, 86 (2016).
- 34. "A defendant's request for a mistrial may be granted for any number of reasons where some prejudice occurs that prevents the defendant from receiving a fair trial." *Rudin v. State*, 120 Nev. 121, 144, 86 P.3d 572, 587 (2004).
- 35. A district court may also declare a mistrial sua sponte where inherently prejudicial conduct occurs during the proceedings. See *Baker v. State*, 89 Nev. 87, 88, 506 P.2d 1261, 1261 (1973).
- 36. The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "[g]reat deference is due a trial judge's decision to declare a mistrial based on his assessment of the prejudicial impact of improper argument on the jury." Glover v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court of State ex rel. County of Clark, 125 Nev. 691, 703, 220 P.3d 684, 693 (2009), as corrected on denial of reh'g (Feb. 17, 2010).
- 37. This is so "[b]ecause the trial judge is in the advantageous position of listening to the tone and tenor of the arguments and observes the trial presentation firsthand, the trial judge is in the best position to assess the impact

on the jury." Moore v. State, 67281, 2015 WL 4503341, at *2 (Nev. App. July 17, 2015) (citing Glover, 165 Nev. at 703, 220 P.3d at 693); see also Payne v. Fiesta Corp., 543 S.W.3d 109, 123 (Mo. Ct. App. 2018) ("We recognize that the trial court is better positioned to assess the prejudicial effect that improper evidence has on the jury.").

- 38. The Nevada Supreme Court in *Hylton v. Eighth Judicial District* Court, 103 Nev 418, 423, 743 P. 2d 622, 626 (1970) said that a "manifest necessity" to declare a mistrial may arise in situations which there is interference with the administration of honest, fair, even-handed justice to either both, or any of the parties to receive.
- 39. Only relevant evidence is admissible. "Relevant evidence means evidence which has any tendency to make the existence of any fact that is of consequence to the determination of the action more or less probable than it would be without the evidence." NRS 48.015. Here, Defendant's suggestion that Landess is a racist has absolutely no bearing on any fact of consequence in this medical malpractice case. Even if this suggestion had some conceivable relevance, its probative value would be far outweighed by the unfair prejudice that it presents. See NRS 48.035(1).
- 40. Moreover, "character evidence is generally inadmissible in civil cases." In re Janac, 407 B.R. 540, 548 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2009). A party may open the door to character evidence when he chooses to place his own good character at issue. See Newman v. State, 129 Nev. 222, 235, 298 P.3d 1171, 1180 (2013). However, "[a]n inadvertent or nonresponsive answer by a witness that invokes the [party's] good character . . . does not automatically put his character at issue so as to open the door to character evidence." Montgomery v. State, 828 S.E.2d 620, 624 (Ga. Ct. App. 2019) (citing Christopher B. Mueller et al., FEDERAL EVIDENCE § 4:43 (4th ed. updated July 2018) ("It seems



- 41. Mr. Dariyanani's statement that he believed Landess to be a "beautiful person" was a non-response response to the preceding question, and was a gratuitous addition to his testimony. If Defendants wanted the jury to disregard this statement, their remedy was a simple motion to strike. See Wiggins v. State, 778 S.W.2d 877, 892 (Tex. App. 1989) (holding that motion to strike—and not introduction of rebuttal evidence—was proper non-responsive statement from witness attesting to party's good character).
- 42. Evidence which is admitted may generally be considered for any legal purpose for which it is admissible[.]" Westland Nursing Home, Inc. v. Benson, 517 P.2d 862, 866 (Colo App. 1974); see also Morse Boulger Destructor Co. v. Arnoni, 376 Pa. 57, 65 (1954) ("[E]vidence may be considered for any purpose for which it is competent."). Evidence may not, however, be considered for an inadmissible purpose, nor may it be used for an improper purpose. Irrelevant evidence is never admissible, and using irrelevant evidence for the sole purpose of causing unfair prejudice is improper.
- 43. "Waiver requires the intentional relinquishment of a known right." Nevada Yellow Cab Corp. v. District Court, 123 Nev. 44, 49, 152 P.3d 737, 740 (2007). "[T]o be effective, a waiver must occur with full knowledge of all material facts." State, Univ. & Cmty. Coll. Sys. v. Sutton, 120 Nev. 972, 987, 103 P.3d 8, 18 (2004).
- 44. In State v. White, 678 S.E.2d 33, 37 (W. Va. 2009), the Court concluded that "counsel's failure to object to the introduction of R.C.'s statement cannot be characterized as a knowing and intentional waiver. The





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Appellant's counsel contends that he was unaware of the existence of the final page upon which the reference was contained. In his brief to this Court. Appellant's counsel theorized that the inadvertent admission was likely caused by a clerical error and contends that the copy of the victim statement in Appellant's counsel's file did not include a final page. For purposes of this discussion and based upon the record before this Court, we accept the declaration of Appellant's counsel regarding his lack of knowledge of the existence of the reference to Appellant's status as a sex offender. Assuming such veracity of Appellant's counsel, we must acknowledge that one cannot knowingly and intentionally waive something of which one has no knowledge. Id., citing State v. Layton, 189 W.Va. 470, 432 S.E.2d 740 (1993)(with regard to waiver of a right to be present at trial, "the defendant could not waive what he did not know had occurred." 189 W.Va. at 500, 432 S.E.2d at 770).

- A mistrial is necessary where unfair prejudice is so drastic that a curative instruction cannot correct the damage. Pope v. Babick, 178 Cal. Rptr. 3d 42, 50 (2014). In particular, misconduct and inflammatory statements from opposing counsel are sufficient basis for granting a new trial where the district court concludes that they create substantial bias in the jury. See, e.g., Lioce v. Cohen, 124 Nev. 1, 17, 174 P.3d 970, 980 (2008); Commil USA, LLC v. Cisco Sys., Inc., 720 F.3d 1361, 1370 (Fed. Cir. 2013), vacated in part on other grounds, 135 S. Ct. 1920 (2015).
- The appellate court additionally reasoned that it would not 46. substitute its judgment for that of the district court, "whose on-the-scene assessment of the prejudicial effect, if any, carries considerable weight." Id. at 1371 (citing United States v. Munoz, 150 F.3d 401, 415 (5th Cir.1998).
- Raising irrelevant and improper character evidence at issue taints the entire trial. Coastal Oil & Gas Corp. v. Garza Energy Tr., 268 S.W.3d 1.



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26 (Tex. 2008) (affirming grant of new trial where a memorandum referencing "illiterate Mexicans" was "never used ... in any relevant way [except] to create unfair prejudice.").

- State vs. Wilson, 404 So.2d 968, 970, La. 1981, holds that where a 48. party's reference to race raises such a sensitive matter that a single appeal to racial prejudice furnishes grounds for a mistrial, a mere admonition to the jury to disregard the remark is insufficient.
- The caselaw is repetitive with that notion of "manifest necessity." 49. defined in cases that talk about the concept of mistrial or even new trial, as "a circumstance, which is of such an overwhelming nature that reaching a fair verdict is impossible. It is a circumstance where an error occurs, which prevents a jury from reaching a verdict." See, e.g. Glover v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court of State ex rel. Cty. of Clark, 125 Nev. 691, 220 P.3d 684 (2009), as corrected on denial of reh'g (Feb. 17, 2010). That case stands mostly for the proposition that the trial judge has to have the power to declare a mistrial in appropriate cases. The Court finds that this is the appropriate case, which is an easy decision for this Court on the merits, though the decision itself was difficult.
- 50. The Court finds that Lioce v. Cohen, 124 Nev. 1, 174 P.3d 970 (2008) further provides guidance to the Court with respect to evidence that was not objected to.
- The Court provided the example that if Exhibit 56, which was in 51. evidence, was put up in closing, that under the definition given by the Supreme Court of misconduct in the Lioce case, that likely that that would be seen as misconduct. Whether it is with Mr. Dariyanani or whether it is in closing argument, or both, it is clear that Defendants are urging the jury to at least in part, render the verdict based upon race, based upon Mr. Landess allegedly being a racist, based upon something that is emotional in nature. The idea.

 fairly, was to ask the jury to give the Defendants the verdict, whether it is the whole verdict or reducing damages, because Mr. Landess is allegedly a racist. That is impermissible.

- 52. Even if true, the law does not allow for that in this context. It is not a fair verdict, not a fair trial, not a fair result to decide the case because the jury believes someone is racist, rather than on the merits of the case, particularly since this case is not about race.
- to evidence, in this case being the admitted exhibit. There, the Nevada Supreme Court said "When a party's objection to an improper argument is sustained and the jury is admonished regarding the argument, that party bears the burden of demonstrating that the objection and admonishment could not cure the misconduct's effect." The Court continues, "The non-offending attorney," which in this case would be the Plaintiff's side, "is placed in a difficult position of having to make objections before the trier of fact, which might cast a negative impression on the attorney and the party the attorney represents emphasizing the improper point." This is consistent with Mr. Jimmerson's explanation about why the document was not objected to after it was put up before the jury.
- 54. While this is a request for a mistrial and not a new trial, the *Lioce* case provides guidance as to unobjected to evidence. The Nevada Supreme Court said "The proper standard for the district court to use when deciding in this context a motion for new trial based upon unobjected to attorney misconduct, is as follows: 1) the district court shall first conclude that the failure to object is critical and the district court must treat the attorney misconduct issue as have been waived unless plain error exists." In this case, though the Plaintiff acquiesced in the admittance of Exhibit 56, and though the Plaintiff did not

contemporaneously object when Ms. Gordon put the item up, a plain error review still has to be held.

- 55. Lioce states: "In deciding whether there is plain error, the district court must then determine whether the complaining party met its burden of demonstrating that its case is a rare circumstance in which the attorney misconduct amounted to irreparable and fundamental error." Here, it is the Court's specific finding that this did result in irreparable and fundamental error.
- 56. The Supreme Court continued that irreparable and fundamental error is, "Error that results in a substantial impairment of justice or denial of fundamental rights such that but for the misconduct, the verdict would have been different." The Court finds that this provides guidance, and that this bell is one that cannot be unrung. Even if the Court had granted a motion to strike, there is no curative instruction which would cause the jury, particularly the four members earlier referenced, to now disregard the author's racial discriminatory comments.
- 57. With Lioce as guidance, which discusses arguments that should not be made as "attorney misconduct," you do not have to have bad intent to make an argument that amounts to attorney misconduct. It could be a mistake where counsel says something in a closing argument that by definition under the law is misconduct, for purposes of an improper closing argument, without it being ethical misconduct. Here, the impact of putting up evidence that implies that Mr. Landess is a racist in front of a jury in a medical malpractice case makes it impossible now, after all the effort, to have a fair trial.
- 58. "A claim of misconduct cannot be defended with an argument that the misconduct was unintentional. Either deliberate or unintentional misconduct can require that a party receive a new trial. The relevant inquiry is what impact the misconduct had on the trial, not whether the attorney intended

the misconduct." Lioce v. Cohen, 124 Nev. 1, 25, 174 P.3d 970, 985, 2008 Nev. LEXIS 1, *44 (2008).

- 59. In Lioce, Mr. Emerson was referred to the bar, and in Lioce, as well as Emerson v. Eighth Judicial District Court, 127 Nev. 672, 263 P.3d 224 (2011), the Supreme Court noted that argument could be given without any bad intent, but yet be seen as "misconduct" if it makes a fair verdict impossible. The Court does not believe that Defendant's counsel, here, had bad intent, but did not fully realize the impact their actions could have on the fair disposition of the case.
- 60. If any if these Conclusions of Law are more appropriately a Finding of Fact, so shall they be deemed.

ORDER

NOW, THEREFORE:

 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiff's Motion for Mistrial is hereby GRANTED. The jury is dismissed, and a new Trial shall be scheduled.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Plaintiff's Motion for Attorneys' Fees and Costs is hereby deferred until hearing on September 10, 2019 at 1:30 p.m. Defendants shall have until August 19, 2019 to file an Opposition to Plaintiff's request for attorneys' fees and costs, and Plaintiff shall have until September 3, 2019 to file a Reply.

September 3, 2019 to file a Reply.

Dated this ______ day of August, 2019.

All In

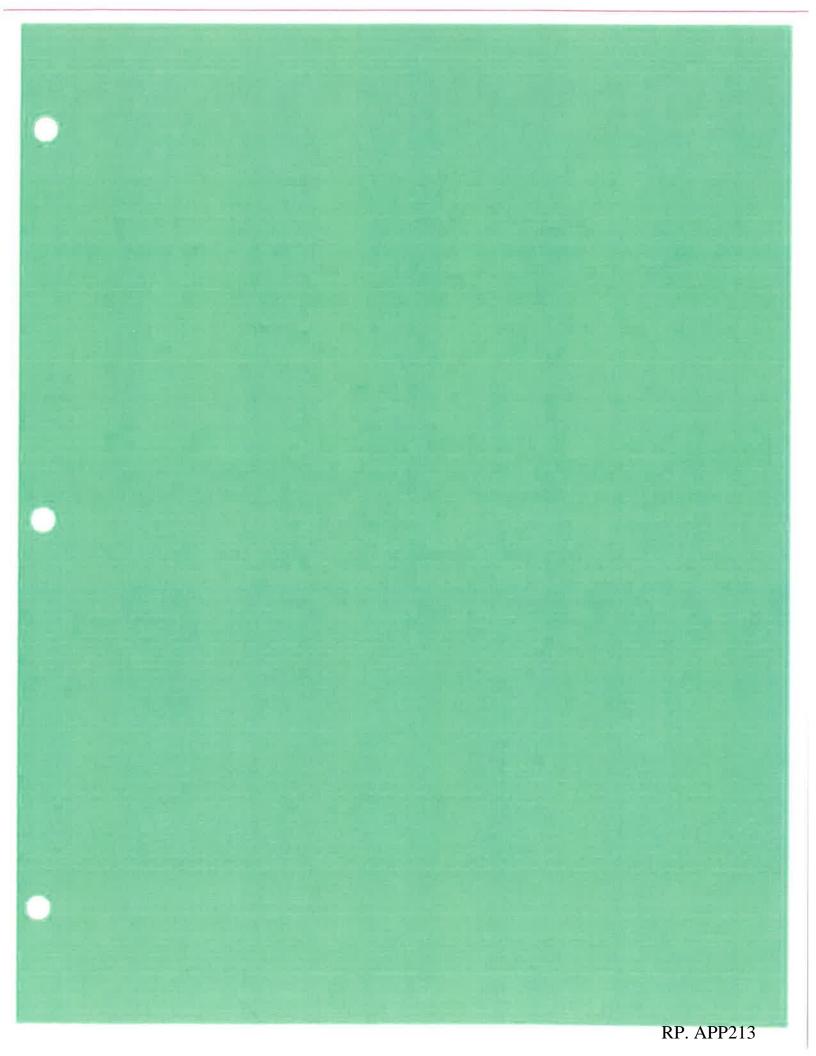
Submitted by: JIMMERSON LAW FIRM, P.C.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
RCB BARE
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maybe five to ten minutes between Defendant's request for admissibility of Exhibit 56, the Plaintiff's granting the same through counsel, specifically myself, and the use of the offensive email, the Plaintiff and counsel was not aware of the content of this one specific email.

But more importantly as to the legal principle, the use of inadmissible evidence, even though admitted through inadvertence, mistake, or accident for an improper purpose is clearly improper, wrong, and should not occur. And the case law from the Nevada Supreme Court, as well as several other courts we've cited is very clear. The Court's own research revealed the same.

The other part of it is is that the -- both the Nevada Supreme Court and other cases have held that information, or evidence, or comments about race, in particular, are very much explosive, very much bomb-like, and are not capable of being reversed by curative instruction. And that I think is very clear from several cases in several courts throughout the United States. And that is exactly what was done here.

Respectfully, the Defense had in mind specifically this examination. They sought the admission of Exhibit 56. They had this particular email at their fingerprints. They prepared to read it. And they placed it onto the ELMO with highlighted language, with the intent of exposing that language to the jury. You know, it's almost as if in cross-examination the question is more important than the answer, because the question is what creates the prejudice that cannot be undone, and which it was effective here.

Furthermore, the question is truly a non sequitur. It was truly

purpose, and I don't think that the burden for how prejudicial a piece of evidence that Plaintiff disclosed and stipulated into evidence, the prejudicial nature of it should not be -- have to be addressed by the Defense, and out of curiosity or out of doing their job for them, I don't know, but I know that admissible evidence, it can be used for any purpose.

And I know that Plaintiff initially elicited and had impermissible and unethical character evidence. What the Defense is allowed to do in response to that, and what I actually have an ethical duty to my client, a person of color to do, is to use that evidence in impeachment. I'm allowed to do it, I should do it, and I did do it, and they did nothing about it.

THE COURT: So you think that the jury is allowed to consider whether Mr. Landess is a racist?

MS. GORDON: I think that I am allowed to use impeachment evidence that has not been objected to, and has been admitted into evidence by stipulation. I absolutely think I'm allowed to use it. I should use it on behalf of my client, and the burden should not be shifted to me to assist with eliminating or reducing the prejudicial value of that piece of evidence.

Dr. Debiparshad was asked about his race during his deposition. Mr. Daryanani went on for the first 15, 20 minutes of his testimony about his race. It's not new. Motive is always relevant in terms of Mr. Landess' reason for setting up our, you know, view on this case --



THE COURT: Um-hum.

MS. GORDON: -- setting up Dr. Debiparshad. I don't think it's completely irrelevant, and you know, it hurts. It hurts. I don't care. That's our job, and I'm sorry that it hurts and it's damaging, but it's not so prejudicial that it shouldn't be considered at all. They opened the door, and we're allowed to use it. I have an ethical obligation to use it. We're here, Your Honor, because of a cumulative effect of Plaintiff's errors. They disclosed it, they redisclosed it, they stipulated to its admission, they didn't object to it, they didn't ask for a sidebar at any point.

We're here because of their error. Trying to shift the burden for that error to us now, it's absurd. It just is, and trying to make it look like an ethical issue on the Defense side for using this piece of evidence is absurd, as well.

THE COURT: All right. Just to be sure, it sounds like what you're saying to me is that, in your view, under all of the circumstances that you've already described or that you otherwise know, that whether Mr. Landess is a racist is something the jury should weigh and it's admittable, and it's evidence that they should consider.

MS. GORDON: I think that the entirety of the passages from that email is impeachment testimony to the character evidence that was improperly and unethically elicited by Plaintiff, and I don't know that it's so much exactly what that bad character evidence consists of --

THE COURT: Um-hum.

MS. GORDON: -- it's bad character evidence that we're

allowed to use as impeachment.

I don't know, Your Honor, and perhaps you found cases that I did not, but I don't know that there is a subsection under impeachment, and what evidence we can use as impeachment that says, oh you can use impeachment evidence, but you can't if it has to do with race. You can use impeachment evidence, but you can't, if it has to do with -- I don't know. There's no, you know, subsection --

THE COURT: Okay, let me take it from a different perspective then. Let's assume you never put that item up in the questioning of Mr. Daryanani. However, it's admitted as Exhibit 56, page 44. Let's further assume that then, the first time you ever use it, is in your closing argument, and you put it up just the same way you did with Mr. Daryanani. I take it you're going to tell me that that's not -- essentially, it's already misconduct under the *Lioce* standard. In other words, you can tell me that, at least in part, you could make a closing argument that Mr. Landess is a racist and the jury ought to consider that.

MS. GORDON: I'm saying that respectfully, I don't know that that has anything to do with what we're talking about now, because we were talking about impeachment evidence for someone who improperly gave character evidence, and I was impeaching him.

THE COURT: Well, let me explain that. Let me explain. If you're telling me it's impeachment evidence, that means it is evidence, and that means you could argue the evidence. I just think this is a good illustration of the concern. I mean, you and your wisdom used it for impeachment. I get that, but it's evidence. And so I'm just trying to see

and leaves me alone.

I was hoping to be done to at least have a Sunday for good health reasons, but unfortunately, that didn't happen, so I talked her into going to yoga and grocery shopping without me yesterday, which she went and did. And all the while, while that's happening, while I'm at home by myself, you know, as I'm on my laptop, and I'm actually half the time corresponding with my law clerk, who was nice enough to work on Saturday with me remotely by emails and such.

It comes to my attention that on pretty much every 24/7 news station for the entire weekend there's a story about someone who drove nine hours across Texas -- nine hours across Texas to go to El Paso and picked that place because in the Walmart in El Paso there would be those from Mexico shopping -- that he was going to go shoot and kill, as a hate crime. That's what seemed to be the upshot of that circumstance.

Okay. Mr. Landess may take this as a criticism. I don't really mean it that much, but some would argue he drove nine hours to go kill Mexicans in his mind. I'm sure that's what he thought. That's exactly what I'm dealing with in this thing.

Okay. Then later that night what happens in Dayton? Are you kidding? Another one. In this situation African Americans are killed.

And is that part of another hate-based incident?

None of that really matters to this decision, because it is my strong view that in this case racial discrimination can't be a basis upon which this civil jury can give their decision, but it's not lost on me that it's highly likely, unless Mr. Cardoza, and Ms. Asuncion, Ms. Brazil, and

Stidhum put their heads in the sand and didn't watch any news, or have
a cell phone, or a have a friend, or have a family, or go to church, or do
anything, that this is out there to just aggravate what we already have as
my view being a big problem.

Bottom line is, how in the world can we expect this jury, which is the verse -- and by the way, none of those people are alternates, because we decided before trial that seats 9 and 10 would be the alternates, so they're all four deliberating jurors -- how in the world can we reasonably think that they're going to give a fair verdict and not base the whole decision, at least in part, on the issue of whether Mr. Landess is a racist.

That's the basis for the decision. The Plaintiffs can draft the order. And so concludes the most difficult thing I've done since I've been here.

Anything else from either side?

MR. JIMMERSON: Yes, Your Honor. Relative to the briefing on the cost matter, in light of this, I don't see a need for an expeditious order, or shortening time. Fourteen days from today would be an approximately time for the Defense to file their opposition, and then we would file the reply in the normal course, and you would give us a hearing date sometime about 30 days from now.

THE COURT: Well, okay. Mr. Vogel, how much time do you want to respond to this pleading?

MR. VOGEL: That's fine. Two weeks is fine. I appreciate it.

THE COURT: Okay. Two weeks will be?

hustling Mexicans, Blacks and rednecks on Fridays, which was usually payday. I learned that it's not a good idea to sell something that you cannot control and protect, a lesson reinforced on in life, when an attorney friend of mine and I bought a truck stop here in Las Vegas, where the Mexican laborers stole everything that wasn't welded to the ground." I'm not saying that as a court, I'm drawing a conclusion that

Mr. Landess is racist. But what I am saying is, based upon these two paragraphs, it is clear to me anyway that the author, a reasonable conclusion would be drawn again, that the author of these two paragraphs is racist.

So that's the issue. The question for me is, as a matter of law, in this case, which is not an employment discrimination case or anything where the issue of race is clearly an element of the case, can our jury in this civil case consider the issue even with the opening of the door as to character of whether Mr. Landess is a racist?

And I think the clear answer to that is no, that that is not a basis upon which this jury should or can decide the verdict. Now I know that the issue having to do with fees and costs regarding the decision I made to grant this mistrial is left for another day because I am going to give an opportunity for the, of course, for the Defense to file a pleading on this, given that the pleading I did receive — I didn't see it until this morning. It was filed by the Plaintiffs. And so, we'll have to establish that little briefing schedule.

But it is apparent to me, you know, especially in light of the

performance, but due to his inability to perform both mentally and physically, to make meetings, to be able to withstand the pain that he was going under, and that that continued from October 2017 through June of 2018, whereupon the necessity of Cognotion to have someone to fulfil this responsibility became so apparent and needy that he was -- a new associate counsel -- or a new general counsel was found by the name of David Kaplan.

What led to this -- what's being argued by the Defendant as to the justification is that Mr. Dariyanani was asked by me a question that did not call for in any regard character evidence at all. The question was benign. The question was did you find it difficult -- or did Cognotion find it difficult, or yourself, to terminate Mr. Landess. And he answered yes. Please explain. Mr. Dariyanani's response was in some regards very responsive to the question; in other regards, nonresponsive to the question. The obligation to move to strike testimony that is nonresponsive to the question lies with the Defendant, as well as with the Plaintiff. In the sense, it's a shared responsibility that when a witness responds in a way that in part is responsive, in other ways not, the Defense certainly has that right and obligation to move to strike that.

The point in this is just simply first of all, to be accurate in terms of the procedural posture of how we got here. Secondly is to reveal that there was no opening of any door by the Plaintiff to character evidence. Indeed, I think a fair statement can be made, and the Defense don't argue to the contrary, that there was essentially no character evidence offered by the Plaintiff or by the Defendant in this case

irrelevant to the testimony of Mr. Dariyanani. The nonresponsive words of he's a beautiful man, as well as having he's both good and [indiscernible], that and flawed, giving a balanced view, would be -- would not be the predicate for which to introduce such prejudicial examination and the use of materials that are so prejudicial. I would say as a footnote to this Court, as already stated on Friday of last, that were a motion in limine submitted by the Plaintiff to the Court, or vice-versa where the roles were reversed and the Defense were to seek a motion in limine to preclude the use of the information on either side, the Court would have granted the same -- or likely have granted the same. And that clearly is the case here.

The premeditated nature of this examination by the Defendant is clear. And it's -- it cannot be reasonably argued to the contrary that the Defendant did not understand the radioactive nature of the material that they were going to introduce in front of the jury, recognizing that our jury is racially diverse, both in terms of African-Americans, as well as Hispanic jurors, which there are two of each, out of only eight regular jurors, plus two alternates. And I could be missing other overtones. But those were the four most obvious.

And so the impact of the --

THE COURT: Which four do you think?

MR. JIMMERSON: Well, I believe that for African-Americans, Juror Number 2, Ms. Brazil, and Juror Number 5, Ms. Stidhum, are African-American women. And I believe that Juror Number 4 and Juror Number 6, Ms. Asuncion and Mr. Cardoza are both Hispanics.

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know this is not a new trial request. This is a mistrial request. But I think that concept is similar, certainly. And I think the philosophy of this case gives guidance to the Court is all I'm saying.

So, again, the Supreme Court says,

"The proper standard the district courts to use when deciding a motion for new trial based upon unobjected to attorney misconduct is as follows; one, the district court shall first conclude that the failure to object is critical and the district court must treat the attorney misconduct issue as have been waived unless plain error exists."

So, there you go. That, I think clearly sends me a message that though the Plaintiffs acquiesced in the admittance of 56 and though the Plaintiffs did not contemporaneously object when Ms. Gordon put the item up, a plain error review still has to be held.

In applying the plain error review, the next sentence in *Lioce* says,

"In deciding whether there is plain error, the district court must then determine whether the complaining party met its burden of demonstrating that its case is a rare circumstance in which the attorney misconduct amounted to irreparable and fundamental error."

Again, that concept of misconduct notwithstanding. It is my specific finding that this did resolved in irreparable and fundamental error, as I have described.

The Supreme Court says in the next sentence that, the

use Exhibit 56, page 44 of Mr. Dariyanani. Well, unless something happened that we wouldn't anticipate that being that somehow the Plaintiffs come to discover that the item is in there and bring it to the Court's attention prior to the Defense trying to use it in some stage of the trial. Now it's in evidence.

And I asked that hypothetical question. Let's assume you didn't use it with Dariyanani, but you did use it and put it up on the ELMO in closing argument. It's my view that it's really the same philosophical thought, its use of the item in front of the jury and asking them to draw a conclusion relevant to the verdict based upon it.

My view is if that would have happened, if Exhibit 56, which was in evidence, was put up in closing, that under the definition given by the Supreme Court of misconduct in the *Lioce* case, that I think it's likely that that would be seen as misconduct because whether it's with Dariyanani or whether it's in closing or both, the clear -- and now I've heard it in court this morning, it seems like the Defense is still taking this position. They're urging the jury to at least in part, render the verdict based upon race, based upon Mr. Landess being a racist, based upon something that I think is emotional in nature. This is an emotional style piece of evidence.

The idea, I think fairly and I'm sure the Defense would disagree with this, but fairly is give us a verdict. Whether it's reducing the damages or give us the whole verdict, because Mr. Landess is a racist. That is impermissible.

Even if some universe in some universal sense, if he were a

know this is not a new trial request. This is a mistrial request. But I think that concept is similar, certainly. And I think the philosophy of this case gives guidance to the Court is all I'm saying.

So, again, the Supreme Court says,

"The proper standard the district courts to use when deciding a motion for new trial based upon unobjected to attorney misconduct is as follows; one, the district court shall first conclude that the failure to object is critical and the district court must treat the attorney misconduct issue as have been waived unless plain error exists."

So, there you go. That, I think clearly sends me a message that though the Plaintiffs acquiesced in the admittance of 56 and though the Plaintiffs did not contemporaneously object when Ms. Gordon put the item up, a plain error review still has to be held.

In applying the plain error review, the next sentence in *Lioce* says,

"In deciding whether there is plain error, the district court must then determine whether the complaining party met its burden of demonstrating that its case is a rare circumstance in which the attorney misconduct amounted to irreparable and fundamental error."

Again, that concept of misconduct notwithstanding. It is my specific finding that this did resolved in irreparable and fundamental error, as I have described.

The Supreme Court says in the next sentence that, the

mistakes that Plaintiff did make, and if they had not been made, we wouldn't be here right now with maybe not bringing up that this is what this bomb consists of.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. GORDON: I think that was my distinction, because it's hard for me to hear the words attorney misconduct, attorney misconduct.

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. GORDON: I know you were citing a case --

THE COURT: I get that. I know.

MS. GORDON: -- but that's hard,

THE COURT: And that brings up something that maybe should be part of this briefing; and that is, if you look at these -- I used the Lioce case as guidance obviously, and they talk about these arguments that you shouldn't make as "attorney misconduct", and that's an interesting thing, because I don't know if you have to have bad intent to make an argument that amounts to attorney misconduct; in other words, maybe it could be a mistake, you know, you could say something in a closing argument that by definition under the law is misconduct, for purposes of improper closing argument, but we all know that misconduct when it comes to attorneys sometimes is also connoted with ethical misconduct.

Well, you know, I know in Lioce referred Mr. Emerson to the bar, because guess who prosecuted Mr. Emerson for, you know, a few days in Reno once upon a time when a guy name Dave Grundy



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all of our common collective experience. And I call that upon opposing counsel as well. We all have practiced law for extended periods of time. We all have had life experiences that affect our being, and affect our behavior, and our intellect, and our view of the world. In the courtroom we've had many, many experiences that would guide us to our behavior that we hope is appropriate and reasonable, and certainly ethical, and within the rules.

And for the reasons that the Court noted in eight and a half years of the judicial experience of this Court, and my many years of experience, and opposing counsel's many years of experience, this is unprecedented in the sense of the extraordinary way in which a prejudicial piece of evidence that had no business ever to be admitted, and certainly, no business to ever be used, even if it was inadvertently or by accident admitted, can be undone. It's really -- because it's unprecedented, it's hard to point to other fact situations in our court system and in the administration of justice where such a taint could be articulated and explained. And because it is so extraordinary and unprecedented and devastating and outrageous, that mistrial is the only remedy.

And may I say that the Court on Friday in the off-the-record discussion, contrary to opposing representations as to what he remembers, my remembrance of the Court was not that the case was going Defendant's way, but the Court saw a mixed result; saw a leaning of the majority of jurors with the Plaintiff, but that the unwillingness, the Court perceived to grant the damages sought by the Plaintiff being a

And that's why we were actually quite careful making sure we had the basis to bring it in, between Mr. Dariyanani's testimony, the daughter's testimony, and Dr. Mills' testimony even. We felt that they had opened the door quite wide on character. And that it was perfectly appropriate to use it. We gave them every opportunity to object to it. Ms. Gordon asked repeated questions before coming to that union. And, yet, I guess it — it comes down to, you're asking could we have done something to try to remove that. I suppose in hindsight I guess we could have. But I don't think we had to. Reason being is they stipulated it in and it was — when it's really without any sort of objection.

So now we're judging it by hindsight. And according to Nevada vs. Battle, they can't establish prejudice, because they didn't object to it.

THE COURT: Okay, all right. It's your motion, Mr. Jimmerson, you get the last word.

MR. JIMMERSON: Thank you, Judge. Let me have those two cups, please. Now the Nevada Supreme Court in *Hylton*, H-Y-L-T-O-N *v. Eighth Judicial District Court*, 103 Nev 418, 423, 743 Pac. 2d 622, 626, 1970 Dec. said that a manifest necessity to declare a mistrial may also arise in situations which there is interference with the administration of honest, fair, even-handed justice to either both, or any of the parties to receive. And in *State vs. Wilson*, 404 So.2d 968, 970, La. 1981, raises such a sensitive matter that a single appeal to racial prejudice furnishes grounds for a mistrial. And that a mere admonition to the jury to disregard the remark is insufficient in occult.

context of irreparable and fundamental error is, "Error that results in a substantial impairment of justice or denial of fundamental rights such that but for the misconduct, the verdict would have been different."

And I get that's in the new trial context, but I think it gives guidance because my view is the dilemma as a judge, this thing first came up as a motion to strike from the Plaintiffs. And I have to say that bell can't be un-rung. That's my opinion.

Even if I granted the motion to strike, I don't know what type of contemporaneous curative instruction I could have ever come up with to ask Ms. Stidhum, especially, Ms. Brazil, especially Mr. Cardoza, especially, Ms. Asuncion, especially to now disregard the author's racial discriminatory comments.

In addition, you know, sometimes life events happen and I know, we all, as lawyers -- since we deal with fact patterns, and people more than most human beings -- I'm sure most lawyers think man, my life is just different than everybody else's. Well, I can share that with you too, from my perspective as a judge, because I deal with facts and things all the time, but not necessary to my decision, but I have to say it's lost on me that this whole situation is even more magnified given the recent events of the weekend.

I mean, think about how strange this is for me too. I'm sitting at home and so my wife is a hard worker. And I told her well, leave me alone all day Saturday. So she goes off to her office in Howard U Center at Marcus & Millichap because she does commercial realty -- commercial brokerage, so she goes there all day Saturday and works,

1	THE CLERK: Two weeks will be August oh, you're going to
2	be gone all that week.
3	THE COURT: That's okay. It's a pleading deadline.
4	THE CLERK: Okay. August 19th.
5	THE COURT: Okay. So the opposition will be due by close of
6	business on August 19th.
7	And then a reply?
8	THE CLERK: A week later August 26th.
9	MR. JIMMERSON: Could we have the following Monday, the
10	29th?
11	THE CLERK: Okay. We'll do it the Tuesday, September 3rd,
12	Labor Day.
13	THE COURT: All right. And then the hearing, we'll probably
14	need a couple of hours for that, given our track record.
15	THE CLERK: You want it on a motion day or on a
16	Wednesday?
17	THE COURT: Well, I need two hours, so either way is fine
18	with me, but it's probably going to be a separate day of a Wednesday.
19	THE CLERK: Okay. Let me see what we have going on here.
20	THE COURT: And of course, the focus of this now is the fees
21	and costs aspect. I granted a mistrial.
22	MR. JIMMERSON: Yes, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Although, I do want to want to say that I
24	mean, there's always the idea that you can ask for reconsideration, but I
25	mean, to me, the focus really is the fees and costs aspect of the motion.



And I want to give some context to that too. I actually made a note here on that. Let me find that note. In covering everything else, I forgot about that one.

Oh, yeah. All right. So both sides -- here's my note -- both sides made mistakes. In other words, what I'm saying is, both sides are practically responsible for what happened. To me, the issue remains which side is legally responsible for what happened; in other words, we know the Plaintiffs made a mistake in a definitional sense if you look up the word mistake in the dictionary. You made a mistake.

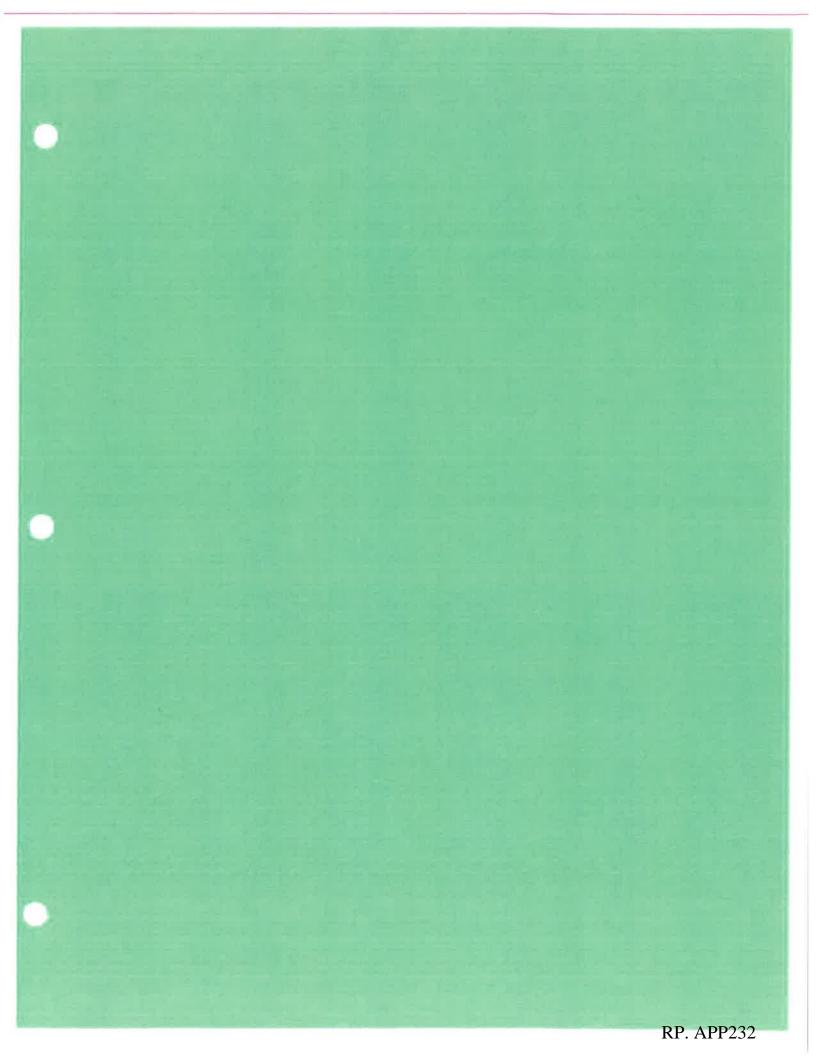
The question is, given what happened, and how it actually happened, is the Defense legally responsible, or is the Plaintiff legally responsible, is it 50/50, or how does that work. So that's a technical point, but in causing a mistrial, is there a standard that applies that I should be made aware of along these lines? Because again, there's no doubt the Plaintiffs made a mistake in not catching the item and stopping its use.

The Defense used it, as they did, as we have talked about enough already, but what's the legal standard having to do with responsibility because the statute talks about fees and costs, right, if you cause a mistrial through misconduct, I think is what it says. And so that'll be part and parcel of what we'll have to figure out.

But here is Terra (phonetic). So we need two hours for a hearing on this motion for fees and costs having to do with a mistrial.

THE CLERK: How far out?

THE COURT: Well, what's the last date on there?



Howard & Howard, Attorneys PLLC

1 MOT Martin A. Little (#7067) 2 Alexander Villamar (#9927) HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS PLLC 3 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1000 Las Vegas, NV 89169 Telephone: (702) 257-1483 Facsimile: (702) 567-1568 5 E-Mail: mal@h2law.com; av@h2law.com 6 Attorneys for Defendants 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 JASON GEORGE LANDESS a.k.a. KAY 10 GEORGE LANDESS, as an individual: 11 Plaintiffs, 12 VS. 13 KEVIN PAUL DEBIPARSHAD, M.D., an individual; KEVIN P. DEBIPARSHAD PLLC, 14 a Nevada professional limited liability company doing business as "SYNERGY SPINE AND 15 ORTHOPEDICS"; DEBIPARSHAD PROFESSIONAL SERVICES LLC, a Nevada 16 professional limited liability company doing 17 business as "SYNERGY SPINE AND ORTHOPEDICS"; ALLEGIANT INSTITUTE 18 INC., a Nevada domestic professional corporation doing business as "ALLEGIANT SPINE INSTITUTE"; JASWINDER S. GROVER, M.D., an individual; JASWINDER S. GROVER, M.D. Ltd. doing business as "NEVADA SPINE CLINIC"; VALLEY HEALTH SYSTEM LLC, a Delaware limited liability company doing business as "CENTENNIAL HILLS HOSPITAL"; UHS OF DELAWARE, INC., a Delaware corporation

also doing business as "CENTINNIAL HILLS

HOSPITAL"; DOES 1-X, inclusive; and ROE

Defendants.

CORPORATIONS I-X, inclusive,

Defendants.

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Electronically Filed 8/4/2019 10:02 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

CASE NO. A-18-776896-C DEPT. NO. XXXII

MOTION FOR MISTRIAL AND FEES/COSTS

HEARING REQUESTED

Page 1 of 15

Case Number: A-18-776896-C

Jason George Landess, aka Kay George Landess ("Landess" or "Plaintiff") moves the court for a mistrial, and for an award of fees and costs associated with trial expenses up through this point in the proceedings.

DATED this 4th day of August, 2019.

HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS PLLC

By: /s/Martin A. Little Martin A. Little (#7067) Alexander Villamar (#9927) 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, #1000 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Attorneys for Plaintiff

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

In a premeditated tactical ambush, Defense counsel introduced inadmissible character evidence to persuade the jury that Landess is a racist. This issue is obviously completely irrelevant to a medical malpractice case—its only utility was to poison a racially diverse jury against Landess. Defendants intended to prevent Landess from getting a fair trial, and they have succeeded; the jury's perception of him has been irreparably tarnished based upon irrelevant and inadmissible information, and no curative instruction can undo the damage. The Court should declare a mistrial and award Plaintiff fees and costs associated with the time and expense wasted by Defendants' conduct.

I. FACTS

The Medical Malpractice Incident

This is a medical malpractice case arising from Defendants' negligent treatment of Mr. Landess following a golf cart accident. Defendants conducted a closed reduction of Landess's left tibia, in which they misaligned the bone and failed to properly reduce the fracture. These errors required a second surgery, and they caused Landess significant pain and suffering.

Dariyanani Testifies Regarding Landess's Wages Claim

Landess's debilitation following the botched surgery also cost him his job at Cognotion, and his claims therefore include lost wages. Cognotion's CEO, Johnathan Dariyanani, therefore testified at trial. In order to establish that Landess lost his job as a result of the incident rather than any reason based on poor job performance, Plaintiff's counsel asked Dariyanani to elaborate on the reason for Landess's termination:

BY MR. JIMMERSON:

- Q. Was the termination of Mr. Landess a hard decision for Cognotion or for yourself?
- A. Very much.
- Q. Please explain why.
- A. Well, I cared about Mr. Landess, and everybody has good qualities and bad qualities, right. So if you ask Mr. Landess to tell Page 3 of 15

(702) 257-1483

you Little Red Riding Hood, after three days you wouldn't get to the wolf, but he's also a beautiful person who, like, is still supporting his ex-wife after 22 years and doesn't have to, and he cares. And we do our courses, the number one -- so you know, we have General Casey and the cardiologist on the ACC Board of Governors, and the number one speaker consistently is Mr. Landess. And I cared about him as a person, and I feel like he was genuinely wronged. I mean, I don't -- you know, to me, no one could have done a better job in physical therapy, and yet, you know, from my perspective, because of essentially the same neglect I see of elder people in the work that I do in day-to-day basis, here we are.

And so --

MS. GORDON: Objection, Your Honor. There's no foundation for that comment.

[Colloquy omitted.]

Q. You may continue.

A. Yeah, so that was hard because I didn't feel like he did anything wrong, but I have responsibilities to 40 shareholders, and just because I'm friends with Mr. Landess, work has to get done, and work was not getting done. And I had someone who was qualified, Harvard educated lawyer who could do the work, in many ways who was faster, as many young people are, was faster and put out more output that was, sort of more cutting edge than Mr. Landess. But he didn't have the depth and wisdom and heart and character.

And so it was a loss for the company. It was a loss for me, and I knew -- I knew what a loss it would be for him because he was not getting hired by another startup. They were not going to hire some shaky-headed verbally incontinent person to -- you know, and see his inner greatness. And I despaired for him, but you know, I have a business to run, and ultimately October, November, December, January, February, March, April, May, June was enough. And so it was very difficult.

(Trial Transcript, attached as **Exhibit A**, at 108:20–110:15.) Although Dariyanani expressed opinions that Landess is a "beautiful person" whom he cared about, those comments were off-handed asides in response to a question aimed at the reason behind Landess's termination.

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Defendants' Counsel Springs Their Trap: The Inadmissible Character Evidence

Defendant's counsel had been waiting for this. During cross examination, counsel exhumed Dariyanani's off-handed comments as an ostensible excuse to introduce evidence concerning Landess's character:

- Mr. Dariyanani, you testified earlier that Mr. Landess is a beautiful person in your mind.
- We're all beautiful and flawed. He's beautiful and flawed. A.
- Q. And you respect him a great deal?
- A. I do.
- And this was, that portion any way is consistent with your Q. impression of Mr. Landess for at least the past five years, I believe you said?
- Yeah, and he's had -- he's had tough periods as, you know, as everybody has had. You know, as I've had tough periods.
- Q. And that was before five years ago, correct?
- A. I think so.
- This is -- I'm going to try to blow it up, but this is an email that Mr. Landess sent to you and it's part of admitted Exhibit 56, dated November 15th, 2016. It's quite long, but the part I'm interested in is Mr. Landess appears to be giving a summary of his prior work experience and some experiences that he has gone through in his life.
- A. Uh-huh.
- And the highlighted portion starts, "So I got a job working in a pool hall on weekends." And I'll represent to you, Mr. Landess testified earlier about working in a pool hall.
- A. Uh-huh.
- "To supplement my regular job of working in a sweat factory with a lot of Mexicans, and taught myself how to play Snooker. I became so good at it, that I developed a route in East L.A. hustling Mexicans, blacks, and rednecks on Fridays, which was usually payday. From that lesson, I learned how to use my skill to make money by taking risk, serious risk." When you read this, did that change your impression of Mr. Landess at all?

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(Ex. A at 161:3-162:6.) In an apparent effort to drive the point home to the jury, counsel twice returned to the theme of racism during follow-up questioning:

> Does it sound to you at all from this email that he's bragging about his past as a hustler, and particularly hustling Mexicans, blacks, and rednecks on payday?

He talks about a time when he bought a truck stop here in Las Vegas when the Mexican laborer stole everything that wasn't welded to the ground. You still don't take that as being at all a racist comment?

(Ex. A at 162:23-163:8.) This subject matter was completely irrelevant to the merits of the case, and its only potential use was to poison the jury's perception of Landess, as it almost certainly did.1

Plaintiff now moves for a mistrial, and for an award of his fees and costs associated with the first trial.

II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

The issues relevant to this medical malpractice case are those related to Defendants' treatment of Landess, and Landess's resulting damages. His character is completely irrelevant, as are his views on race. Defendants nevertheless presented evidence on this point, and they knew exactly what they were doing: They had the exhibit ready with the relevant language highlighted, and they questioned Dariyanani about whether he believed that the highlighted language constituted "racist comment[s]." The only potential impact of this line of questioning is to persuade the jury that Landess is a racist, which may in turn affect the jury's adjudication of his case based on irrelevant information. This is nothing short of an invitation for jury nullification, and it cannot be undone through a curative instruction. A mistrial is warranted, as is a fees and costs award.

¹ Two of the jurors are Mexican American, and two are African American. Although the materials at issue are likely to be upsetting to the entire jury, the four jurors who are members of the ethnic groups raised in those materials may feel particularly acute outrage.

A. Legal Standard

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The decision to grant a mistrial is within the sound discretion of the trial court and will not be overturned absent an abuse of that discretion. Khoury v. Seastrand, 132 Nev. Adv. Op. 52, 377 P.3d 81, 86 (2016). "A defendant's request for a mistrial may be granted for any number of reasons where some prejudice occurs that prevents the defendant from receiving a fair trial." Rudin v. State, 120 Nev. 121, 144, 86 P.3d 572, 587 (2004). A district court may also declare a mistrial sua sponte where inherently prejudicial conduct occurs during the proceedings. See Baker v. State, 89 Nev. 87, 88, 506 P.2d 1261, 1261 (1973).

The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "[g]reat deference is due a trial judge's decision to declare a mistrial based on his assessment of the prejudicial impact of improper argument on the jury." Glover v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court of State ex rel. County of Clark, 125 Nev. 691, 703, 220 P.3d 684, 693 (2009), as corrected on denial of reh'g (Feb. 17, 2010) This is so "[b]ecause the trial judge is in the advantageous position of listening to the tone and tenor of the arguments and observes the trial presentation firsthand, the trial judge is in the best position to assess the impact on the jury." Moore v. State, 67281, 2015 WL 4503341, at *2 (Nev. App. July 17, 2015) (citing Glover, 165 Nev. at 703, 220 P.3d at 693); see also Payne v. Fiesta Corp., 543 S.W.3d 109, 123 (Mo. Ct. App. 2018) ("We recognize that the trial court is better positioned to assess the prejudicial effect that improper evidence has on the jury.").

B. A Mistrial Is Necessary to Prevent Unfair Prejudice

Defendants made irrelevant, character-based arguments that Landess is a racist, which were intended only to poison the jury. The only viable remedy is a mistrial.

1. The Evidence at Issue is Irrelevant and Inadmissible Character Evidence

Only relevant evidence is admissible. "Relevant evidence means evidence which has any tendency to make the existence of any fact that is of consequence to the determination of the action more or less probable than it would be without the evidence." NRS 48.015. Here, Defendant's suggestion that Landess is a racist has absolutely no bearing on any fact of consequence in this medical malpractice case. Even if this suggestion had some conceivable

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relevance, its probative value would be far outweighed by the unfair prejudice that it presents. See NRS 48.035(1).

Moreover, "character evidence is generally inadmissible in civil cases." In re Janac, 407 B.R. 540, 548 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2009). To whatever extent Defendants were attempting to impugn Landess's character, that attempt was improper in the absence of any opening of the door by Landess himself.

2. Landess Did Not Open the Door to Character Evidence

A party may open the door to character evidence when he chooses to place his own good character at issue. See Newman v. State, 129 Nev. 222, 235, 298 P.3d 1171, 1180 (2013). However, "[a]n inadvertent or nonresponsive answer by a witness that invokes the [party's] good character . . . does not automatically put his character at issue so as to open the door to character evidence." Montgomery v. State, 828 S.E.2d 620, 624 (Ga. Ct. App. 2019) (citing Christopher B. Mueller et al., FEDERAL EVIDENCE § 4:43 (4th ed. updated July 2018) ("It seems that if a . . . witness gives a nonresponsive answer that contains an endorsement of the good character of the defendant . . . the [opposing party] should not be allowed to exploit this situation by crossexamining on bad acts or offering other negative character evidence.").

Here, Landess did not place his own character at issue, and Dariyanani's statement regarding his character was gratuitously offered and irrelevant. Landess's line of questioning to Dariyanani was intended to establish that Landess was not terminated from his job for reasons related to his performance. Dariyanani's statement that he believed Landess to be a "beautiful person" was a gratuitous addition. If Defendants wanted the jury to disregard this statement, their remedy was a simple motion to strike. See Wiggins v. State, 778 S.W.2d 877, 892 (Tex. App. 1989) (holding that motion to strike—and not introduction of rebuttal evidence—was proper non-responsive statement from witness attesting to party's good character). However, it appears clear that defendants preferred to allow the irrelevant statement to stand and to attempt to use it as an excuse to put more irrelevant evidence in front of the jury. The Court should not countenance this kind of gamesmanship.

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3. No Waiver of Objection by Stipulating to Admission of the Document

Counsel stipulated to the admission of Exhibit 56, which contained the language in question in one of its 122 pages. Counsel was unaware of the content contained in the particular page at issue until Defendant's counsel presented it at trial.

However, stipulating to the admission of a document does not entail stipulating to its use for any conceivable purpose, including an improper purpose. "Evidence which is admitted may generally be considered for any legal purpose for which it is admissible[.]" Westland Nursing Home, Inc. v. Benson, 517 P.2d 862, 866 (Colo App. 1974) (emphasis added); see also Morse Boulger Destructor Co. v. Arnoni, 376 Pa. 57, 65 (1954) ("[E]vidence may be considered for any purpose for which it is competent."). Evidence may not, however, be considered for an inadmissible purpose, nor may it be used for an improper purpose. Irrelevant evidence is never admissible, and using irrelevant evidence for the sole purpose of causing unfair prejudice is improper.

Nor did Landess waive any objection to Defendants' use of this evidence by inadvertently admitting the document upon which it was contained. "Waiver requires the intentional relinquishment of a known right." Nevada Yellow Cab Corp. v. District Court, 123 Nev. 44, 49, 152 P.3d 737, 740 (2007). "[T]o be effective, a waiver must occur with full knowledge of all material facts." State, Univ. & Cmty. Coll. Sys. v. Sutton, 120 Nev. 972, 987, 103 P.3d 8, 18 (2004). A sister court applied this principle to a situation where a party had inadvertently acquiesced to the admission of a document containing objectionable material and held that no waiver took place, reasoning as follows:

> This Court concludes that the Appellant's counsel's failure to object to the introduction of R.C.'s statement cannot be characterized as a knowing and intentional waiver. Appellant's counsel contends that he was unaware of the existence of the final page upon which the reference was In his brief to this Court, Appellant's counsel theorized that the inadvertent admission was likely caused by a clerical error and contends that the copy of the victim statement in Appellant's counsel's file did not include a final page. purposes of this discussion and based upon the record before this Court, we accept the declaration of Appellant's counsel regarding his lack of knowledge of the existence of the reference

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to Appellant's status as a sex offender. Assuming such veracity of Appellant's counsel, we must acknowledge that one cannot knowingly and intentionally waive something of which one has no knowledge. As Justice Miller astutely articulated in his dissent in State v. Layton, 189 W.Va. 470, 432 S.E.2d 740 (1993), with regard to waiver of a right to be present at trial, "the defendant could not waive what he did not know had occurred." 189 W.Va. at 500, 432 S.E.2d at 770 (Miller, J., dissenting).

State v. White, 678 S.E.2d 33. 37 (W. Va. 2009) (emphases added). So it is here: Landess's counsel was, in good faith, unaware that Exhibit 56 contained a statement which was irrelevant, clearly prejudicial, and inadmissible for any purpose in this case. Landess's stipulation to admit the document for *proper* purposes does not amount to a stipulation that it be used for *improper* purposes of which Landess was not aware.

4. A Mistrial is Necessary to Correct Unfair Prejudice

A mistrial is necessary where unfair prejudice is so drastic that a curative instruction cannot correct the damage. Pope v. Babick, 178 Cal. Rptr. 3d 42, 50 (2014). In particular, misconduct and inflammatory statements from opposing counsel are sufficient basis for granting a new trial where the district court concludes that they create substantial bias in the jury. See, e.g., Lioce v. Cohen, 124 Nev. 1, 17, 174 P.3d 970, 980 (2008); Commil USA, LLC v. Cisco Sys., Inc., 720 F.3d 1361, 1370 (Fed. Cir. 2013), vacated in part on other grounds, 135 S. Ct. 1920 (2015). For example, in Commil USA, counsel for one of the parties attempted to instill in the jury, through irrelevant references to ethnicity and religion, an "us versus them" mentality by making repeated references to the opposing party's Jewish faith. Id. at 1370. The district court granted a new trial, even though the offending statements drew no objection during trial. Id. The United States Court of Appeal for the Federal Circuit affirmed, holding that the improper and irrelevant arguments raised below tainted the jury and placed substantial justice at stake. Id. at 1370-71. The appellate court additionally reasoned that it would not substitute its judgment for that of the district court, "whose on-the-scene assessment of the prejudicial effect, if any, carries considerable weight." Id. at 1371 (citing United States v. Munoz, 150 F.3d 401, 415 (5th Cir.1998).

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Here, Defendants' tactic in raising the irrelevant and improper character evidence at issue taints the entire trial. Coastal Oil & Gas Corp. v. Garza Energy Tr., 268 S.W.3d 1, 26 (Tex. 2008) (affirming grant of new trial where a memorandum referencing "illiterate Mexicans" was "never used . . . in any relevant way [except] to create unfair prejudice."). Coastal Oil was a case involving claims subsurface trespass, breach of duty, and breach of implied covenants to develop, market, and protect against drainage. At trial, the plaintiffs introduced a memorandum from the defendants' files in which the defendants attributed title problems which delayed the project to the fact that the owners' ancestors were, in their words, "mostly illiterate Mexicans." Id. at 8. The district court admitted the document, the jury ultimately awarded damages to the plaintiff. Defendant appealed, alleging (among other things) that the district court had erred by admitting the memorandum. The Texas Supreme Court reversed and ordered a new trial, reasoning as follows:

> Evidentiary rulings are committed to the trial court's sound, not boundless, discretion. Because the significant danger of unfair prejudice presented by the memo substantially outweighed its probative value, which was zero, the trial court abused its discretion in admitting the memo in evidence.

[* * *]

[Respondents] never used the memo in any relevant way, only in a way calculated to create unfair prejudice. We think [respondents] succeeded. We therefore conclude that the trial court's abuse of discretion in admitting the 1977 memo was harmful error and requires a new trial.

Coastal Oil, 268 S.W.3d at 26. Writing in concurrence, three justices of the court noted that "[respondent] ha[d] not claimed that the offensive phrase was relevant to an issue regarding race, such as discrimination, or that [appellant's] . . . actions were racially motivated." Id. at 50 (concurring in part and dissenting in part).

So it is here: The e-mail at issue here presents significant danger of unfair prejudice, which is substantially outweighed by its probative value, which is zero. Defendants cannot claim that the offensive material at issue is relevant to an issue regarding race—no such issue exists in this case—and its only potential utility is to poison the jury. See Capital Loan Co. v. Keeling,

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259 N.W. 194, 196 (Iowa 1935) ("Attorneys have no right to go outside of the record and make . . . remarks and try to inject racial prejudice into a case[.]"). This danger is particularly acute as to the Mexican American and African American members of the jury, who may reasonably find the material at issue to be particularly offensive. Landess has no realistic possibility of obtaining substantial justice under these circumstances, and a mistrial is warranted.

C. The Court Should Award Plaintiff Fees and Costs

Nevada Revised Statute 18.070(2) provides as follows:

A Court may impose costs and reasonable attorney's fees against a party or an attorney who, in the judgment of the court, purposely caused a mistrial to occur.

Here, Defendants' counsel knew exactly what they were doing. They had the e-mail at issue ready, with the offending sentence highlighted. They were waiting for what they perceived to be an opportunity to shoehorn it into the case, and when such an opportunity arose, they seized upon it. Defendants performed the act which necessitated a mistrial in a calculated and tactical manner, and for their own benefit.

Moreover, this is not the first time that Defendants' counsel has improperly indoctrinated the jury. They had previously misled the jury about the quality of the x-rays that were reviewed showing Landess's broken hardware, and they had improperly informed the jury about the alleged "portal" through which the x-rays were reviewed in spite of a prior order by the court precluding them from doing so. The cumulative effect of these tactics renders the conduct at issue even more egregious, and it strengthens the justification for a mistrial. See Lioce v. Cohen, 124 Nev. 1, 15, 174 P.3d 970, 979 (2008).

In preparation and presentation of the Plaintiff's case at trial, Plaintiff's attorneys spent hours of time preparing and conducting their case which are now essentially time wasted. These hours were spent preparing for the testimony of the witnesses, pre-trial interview of witness and medical professionals, drafting direct and cross examination, and being present in Court to present the case. As a result, Plaintiff's counsel was unable to perform other functions or service

Plaintiff has also incurred substantial costs in order to present his case. Witnesses had to be subpoenaed and served. All of the medical providers who were to testify had cleared their schedules and required up-front payment for their appearance. These are costs which the Plaintiff was required to pay once, and will be required to pay again if this matter is retried.

III. CONCLUSION

The Court should declare a mistrial and award fees and costs associated with the trial

The Court should declare a mistrial and award fees and costs associated with the trial proceedings up through this point.

other clients in the firm. None of those hours can be recouped. If this matter goes to trial again,

DATED this 4th day of August, 2019.

all of that work will need to be duplicated.

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am employed in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, am over the age of 18 years and not a party to this action. My business address is Howard & Howard Attorneys PLLC, 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 10th Floor, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89169.

On this day I served the preceding PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR MISTRIAL AND FEES/COSTS in this action or proceeding electronically with the Clerk of the Court via the Odyssey E-File and Serve system, which will cause this document to be served upon the following counsel of record:

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