IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

INDICATE FULL CAPTION:

DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A. MOORE, Appellants, v. JASON LASRY, M.D., and TERRY BARTIMUS Respondents No. 81659 Electronically Filed Oct 16 2020 02:17 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown DOCKETING SCHERE SUPREMESUP

GENERAL INFORMATION

Appellants must complete this docketing statement in compliance with NRAP 14(a). The purpose of the docketing statement is to assist the Supreme Court in screening jurisdiction, identifying issues on appeal, assessing presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, scheduling cases for oral argument and settlement conferences, classifying cases for expedited treatment and assignment to the Court of Appeals, and compiling statistical information.

WARNING

This statement must be completed fully, accurately and on time. NRAP 14(c). The Supreme Court may impose sanctions on counsel or appellant if it appears that the information provided is incomplete or inaccurate. *Id.* Failure to fill out the statement completely or to file it in a timely manner constitutes grounds for the imposition of sanctions, including a fine and/or dismissal of the appeal.

A complete list of the documents that must be attached appears as Question 27 on this docketing statement. Failure to attach all required documents will result in the delay of your appeal and may result in the imposition of sanctions.

This court has noted that when attorneys do not take seriously their obligations under NRAP 14 to complete the docketing statement properly and conscientiously, they waste the valuable judicial resources of this court, making the imposition of sanctions appropriate. *See* <u>KDI Sylvan</u> <u>Pools v. Workman</u>, 107 Nev. 340, 344, 810 P.2d 1217, 1220 (1991). Please use tab dividers to separate any attached documents.

1. Judicial District Eighth Judicial District	Department 25
County Clark County	Judge Kathleen E. Delaney
District Ct. Case No. <u>A-17-766426-C</u>	
2. Attorney filing this docketing statemen	t:
Attorney Matthew W. Hoffmann, Esq.	Telephone <u>702-562-6000</u>
Firm Atkinson Watkins & Hoffmann, LLP	
Address 10789 W. Twain Ave., Ste. 100 Las Vegas, NV 89135	
Client(s) Darell L. Moore and Charlene A. Mo	ore
If this is a joint statement by multiple appellants, add t the names of their clients on an additional sheet accomp filing of this statement.	
3. Attorney(s) representing respondents(s	s):

	Attorney	Chelsea Hueth,	Esq.	Telephone	702-792-5855
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Firm McBride Hall

Address 8329 W. Sunset Rd., Ste. 260 Las Vegas, NV 89113

Client(s) Jason Lasry, M.D.

Attorney Alissa Bestick, Esq. Telephone 702-893-3383

Firm Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard & Smith, LLP

Address 6385 S. Rainbow Blvd., Ste. 600 Las Vegas, NV 89118

Client(s) Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd., and Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N.
--

(List additional counsel on separate sheet if necessary)

4. Nature of disposition below (check all that apply):

\Box Judgment after bench trial	🗌 Dismissal:
igtimes Judgment after jury verdict	□ Lack of jurisdiction
🗌 Summary judgment	☐ Failure to state a claim
🗌 Default judgment	☐ Failure to prosecute
\Box Grant/Denial of NRCP 60(b) relief	□ Other (specify):
□ Grant/Denial of injunction	Divorce Decree:
\Box Grant/Denial of declaratory relief	□ Original □ Modification
\Box Review of agency determination	□ Other disposition (specify):

5. Does this appeal raise issues concerning any of the following?

 \Box Child Custody

🗌 Venue

□ Termination of parental rights

6. Pending and prior proceedings in this court. List the case name and docket number of all appeals or original proceedings presently or previously pending before this court which are related to this appeal:

7. Pending and prior proceedings in other courts. List the case name, number and court of all pending and prior proceedings in other courts which are related to this appeal (*e.g.*, bankruptcy, consolidated or bifurcated proceedings) and their dates of disposition:

8. Nature of the action. Briefly describe the nature of the action and the result below:

This is a medical malpractice action resulting from an above-the-knee amputation performed on Appellant Darell L. Moore by Respondents on or about December 25, 2016.

After trial, the Honorable Kathleen Delaney entered a Judgment on Jury Verdict in favor of Respondents on February 13, 2020.

9. Issues on appeal. State concisely the principal issue(s) in this appeal (attach separate sheets as necessary):

Appellants are appealing the Order on Plaintiffs' Motion for New Trial filed in district court. The relief granted by the district court was to Respondents by denying Appellants' Motion for New Trial.

Additional information is on the attached sheet.

10. Pending proceedings in this court raising the same or similar issues. If you are aware of any proceedings presently pending before this court which raises the same or similar issues raised in this appeal, list the case name and docket numbers and identify the same or similar issue raised:

11. Constitutional issues. If this appeal challenges the constitutionality of a statute, and the state, any state agency, or any officer or employee thereof is not a party to this appeal, have you notified the clerk of this court and the attorney general in accordance with NRAP 44 and NRS 30.130?

- \boxtimes N/A
- 🗌 Yes
- 🗌 No
- If not, explain:

12. Other issues. Does this appeal involve any of the following issues?

Reversal of well-settled Nevada precedent (identify the case(s))

 \square An issue arising under the United States and/or Nevada Constitutions

 \Box A substantial issue of first impression

 \Box An issue of public policy

 \Box An issue where en banc consideration is necessary to maintain uniformity of this court's decisions

 \Box A ballot question

If so, explain:

13. Assignment to the Court of Appeals or retention in the Supreme Court. Briefly set forth whether the matter is presumptively retained by the Supreme Court or assigned to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, and cite the subparagraph(s) of the Rule under which the matter falls. If appellant believes that the Supreme Court should retain the case despite its presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals, identify the specific issue(s) or circumstance(s) that warrant retaining the case, and include an explanation of their importance or significance:

Pursuant to NRAP 17(b)(5) this matter is presumptively assigned to the Court of Appeals as it is in a tort case with a judgment which is lower than \$250,000.00.

Appellant believes that this matter is best addressed by the court of appeals as well settled precedent will support the arguments on appeal. However, nothing in this statement should be taken as a waiver of Appellant's rights to pursue a judgment in an amount greater then \$250,000 if and when a new trial is granted.

14. Trial. If this action proceeded to trial, how many days did the trial last?

Was it a bench or jury trial? Jury Trial

15. Judicial Disqualification. Do you intend to file a motion to disqualify or have a justice recuse him/herself from participation in this appeal? If so, which Justice?

No.

TIMELINESS OF NOTICE OF APPEAL

16. Date of entry of written judgment or order appealed from 07/16/2020

If no written judgment or order was filed in the district court, explain the basis for seeking appellate review:

17. Date written notice of entry of judgment or order was served 07/16/2020

Was service by:

 \Box Delivery

⊠ Mail/electronic/fax

18. If the time for filing the notice of appeal was tolled by a post-judgment motion (NRCP 50(b), 52(b), or 59)

(a) Specify the type of motion, the date and method of service of the motion, and the date of filing.

□ NRCP 50(b)	Date of filing
□ NRCP 52(b)	Date of filing
⊠ NRCP 59	Date of filing 04/07/2020

- NOTE: Motions made pursuant to NRCP 60 or motions for rehearing or reconsideration may toll the time for filing a notice of appeal. See <u>AA Primo Builders v. Washington</u>, 126 Nev. _____, 245 P.3d 1190 (2010).
 - (b) Date of entry of written order resolving tolling motion 07/15/2020
 - (c) Date written notice of entry of order resolving tolling motion was served 07/16/2020

Was service by:

19. Date notice of appeal filed 08/14/2020

If more than one party has appealed from the judgment or order, list the date each notice of appeal was filed and identify by name the party filing the notice of appeal:

20. Specify statute or rule governing the time limit for filing the notice of appeal, *e.g.*, NRAP 4(a) or other

NRAP 4(a)

SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY

21. Specify the statute or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to review the judgment or order appealed from:

(a)

□ NRAP 3A(b)(1)	□ NRS 38.205
⊠ NRAP 3A(b)(2)	□ NRS 233B.150
□ NRAP 3A(b)(3)	□ NRS 703.376
\Box Other (specify)	

(b) Explain how each authority provides a basis for appeal from the judgment or order: The Appellant's primary contention on appeal is that the District Court abused its discretion by denying a motion for new trial despite evidentiary errors which necessarily prejudiced the jury which is appealable under NRAP 3A(b)(2). 22. List all parties involved in the action or consolidated actions in the district court: (a) Parties:

Darell L. Moore Charlene A. Moore Jason Lasry, M.D. Terry Bartmus, RN, APRN

(b) If all parties in the district court are not parties to this appeal, explain in detail why those parties are not involved in this appeal, *e.g.*, formally dismissed, not served, or other:

Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), LTD. was formally dismissed on 12/18/2019.

23. Give a brief description (3 to 5 words) of each party's separate claims, counterclaims, cross-claims, or third-party claims and the date of formal disposition of each claim.

Professional negligence Negligent hiring, training and supervision Corporate negligence/vicarious liability

All claims were resolved by jury verdict on 03/10/2020. Fremont Emergency Services was previously dismissed on 12/18/2019.

24. Did the judgment or order appealed from adjudicate ALL the claims alleged below and the rights and liabilities of ALL the parties to the action or consolidated actions below?

 \boxtimes Yes

🗌 No

25. If you answered "No" to question 24, complete the following:

(a) Specify the claims remaining pending below:

N/A

(b) Specify the parties remaining below:

(c) Did the district court certify the judgment or order appealed from as a final judgment pursuant to NRCP 54(b)?

🗌 Yes

🗌 No

(d) Did the district court make an express determination, pursuant to NRCP 54(b), that there is no just reason for delay and an express direction for the entry of judgment?

🗌 Yes

🗌 No

26. If you answered "No" to any part of question 25, explain the basis for seeking appellate review (*e.g.*, order is independently appealable under NRAP 3A(b)):

27. Attach file-stamped copies of the following documents:

- The latest-filed complaint, counterclaims, cross-claims, and third-party claims
- Any tolling motion(s) and order(s) resolving tolling motion(s)
- Orders of NRCP 41(a) dismissals formally resolving each claim, counterclaims, crossclaims and/or third-party claims asserted in the action or consolidated action below, even if not at issue on appeal
- Any other order challenged on appeal
- Notices of entry for each attached order

VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read this docketing statement, that the information provided in this docketing statement is true and complete to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, and that I have attached all required documents to this docketing statement.

Darell E. Moore & Charlene A. Moore Name of appellant

Matthew W. Hoffmann, Esq. Name of counsel of record

10/16/2020 Date

<u>/s/ Matthew W. Hoffmann, Esq.</u> Signature of counsel of record

Nevada, County of Clark State and county where signed

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on the <u>16th</u> day of <u>October</u>, <u>2020</u>, I served a copy of this

completed docketing statement upon all counsel of record:

By personally serving it upon him/her; or

⊠ By mailing it by first class mail with sufficient postage prepaid to the following address(es): (NOTE: If all names and addresses cannot fit below, please list names below and attach a separate sheet with the addresses.)

Robert C. McBride, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7082 Chelsea Hueth, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10904 MCBRIDE HALL 8329 W. Sunset Road, Suite 260 Las Vegas, NV 89113 Attorneys for Respondent Jason Lasry, M.D.

Datad	1041	dow of Octobor	9090
Dated this	Iotu	day of October	,2020
			·

/s/ Erika Jimenez Signature

ADDITIONAL SHEET

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A.)	
MOORE, individually and as husband and)	
wife,)	
Appellants;)	
v.)	No. 81659
)	
JASON LASRY, M.D., individually;)	DOCKETING STATEMENT
TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN,)	CIVIL APPEALS
)	
Respondents.)	
)	

SEPARATE SHEET WITH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

2. Attorney Filing This Docketing Statement

In addition to Matthew W. Hoffmann, Esq., the following attorneys serve as cocounsel for the Appellants:

E. Breen Arntz, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 3853 5545 Mountain Vista, Ste. E Las Vegas, NV 89120

I, E. Breen Arntz., Esq. concur in the filing of this Docketing Statement. <u>/s/ E. Breen Arntz, Esq.</u> DATE: 10/16/2020

9. Issues on Appeal:

Failure to grant Plaintiffs' NRCP 59 Motion for New Trial after entering Judgment on Jury Verdict in favor of Respondents. This appeal is based on two instances of error by the district court and the attorney misconduct of Keith Weaver, Esq., counsel for Respondent/Defendant Terri Bartmus.

The district court erred when, over Plaintiffs' counsel's objections, it allowed defense counsel, Mr. Weaver, to question Plaintiffs' expert witness about a document that had not been disclosed pursuant to NRCP 16.1. The document went only to the witness' reputation and did not relate to the treatment at issue. Defense counsel misrepresented the substance of the document to the jury in a clear attempt to misinform. The district court did not require production of the document, making it impossible for Plaintiff's' counsel to rehabilitate their witness. The district court further erred when it excluded Dr. Wiencek when Plaintiffs' counsel called him as a witness even though Defendant Lasry's counsel had referenced Dr. Wiencek as a potential witness during his introduction to the case and Dr. Wiencek was identified as a witness in all thirteen (13) supplemental disclosures pursuant to NRCP 16.1 with the appropriate description of his anticipated testimony as a treating physician. The notes, records and treatment by Dr. Wiencek became such a focal point of the evidence at trial that to preclude him from testifying under the circumstances was an abuse of the district court's discretion.

Additional addresses for the Certificate of service:

Keith A. Weaver, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10271 Alissa Bestick, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 14979C LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 600 Las Vegas, NV. 89118 Attorneys for Respondents Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd. And Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N.

E. Breen Arntz, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 3853 5545 Mountain Vista, Ste. E Las Vegas, NV 89120 Ph: 702-384-1616 *Co-Counsel for Appellants*

		Electronically Filed 10/29/2019 9:16 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT
1	SAC MATTHEW W. HOFFMANN, ESQ.	Alund. Summe
2	Nevada Bar No. 009061 ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMANN, LLP	
3	10789 W. Twain Avenue, Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89135	
4	Email: <u>mhoffmann@awhlawyers.com</u> Telephone: 702-562-6000	
5	Facsimile: 702-562-6066 Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
6	Allorneys for 1 lainilijs	
7	DISTRICT	COURT
8	CLARK COUN	TY, NEVADA
9		
10	DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A. MOORE, individually and as husband and	CASE NO.: A-17-766426-C
11	wife;	DEPT. NO.: Dept. 25
12	Plaintiffs,	
13	V.	SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT
14	JASON LASRY, M.D., individually; FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES	MEDICAL MALPRACTICE
15	(MANDAVIA), LTD.; TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN; and DOES I through X, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS I through V,	EXEMPT FROM ARBITRATION
16	inclusive;	
17	Defendants.	
18		
19	COME NOW. Plaintiffs. DARELL L. MO	ORE and CHARLENE A. MOORE, individually
20	and as husband and wife, by and through their atto	
21	ESQ., of the law firm of ATKINSON WATKINS	
22	on file herein allege as follows:	
23		
24		
25	•••	
26	•••	
27	•••	
28	I.	

1	GENERAL ALLEGATIONS
2	1. Plaintiff, DARELL L. MOORE, individually (hereinafter referred to as
3	"DARELL"), is, and at all times mentioned herein was a resident of the County of Clark, State of
4	Nevada.
5	2. Plaintiff, CHARLENE A. MOORE, individually (hereinafter referred to as
6	"CHARLENE"), is, and at all times mentioned herein was a resident of the County of Clark, State
7	of Nevada.
8	3. Defendant, JASON LASRY, M.D. (hereinafter referred to as "Defendant LASRY"),
9	individually, is and was at all times relevant hereto, a physician licensed to practice medicine in the
10	State of Nevada pursuant to NRS Chapters 630 and 449.
11	4. Defendant, FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD.
12	(hereinafter referred to as "Defendant FREMONT"), is and was at all times hereto, a Nevada
13	Corporation duly authorized to conduct business in the State of Nevada and was responsible for the
14	actions of their employees and/or agents, including but not limited to Defendant LASRY, and was
15	further responsible for the hiring, training, and supervision of said employees and/or agents,
16	including but not limited to Defendant LASRY, at all times relevant hereto.
17	5. Defendant, TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN (hereinafter referred to as "Defendant
18	BARTMUS"), individually, is and was at all times relevant hereto, a Registered Nurse and Advance
19	Practice Registered Nurse employed by Defendants FREMONT and/or a presently unknown
20	nursing company, and licensed to practice nursing pursuant to NRS Chapter 449.
21	6. At all relevant times the Defendants, DOES I through X, inclusive, were and are
22	now physicians, surgeons, registered nurses, licensed occasional nurses, practical nurses, registered
23	technicians, psychologists, aides, technicians, attendants, physician assistants, pharmacists,
24	pharmacy technicians, or paramedical personnel holding themselves out as duly licensed to practice
25	their professions under and by virtue of laws of the State of Nevada and are now engaged in the
26	practice of their professions in the State of Nevada; the true names and capacities, whether
27	individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise of Defendants DOES I through X, inclusive, and ROE
28	CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive, are presently unknown to the Plaintiffs, who therefore - 2 -

sue those Defendants by such fictitious names; the Plaintiffs are informed and do believe, and thereupon allege that each of the Defendants sued herein as DOES I through X are responsible in some manner for the events and happenings herein referred to, which thereby proximately caused the injuries and damages to the Plaintiffs as alleged herein; that when the true names and capacities of such Defendants become known, Plaintiffs will ask leave to amend this Complaint to insert the true names, identities and capacities, together with proper charges and allegations.

7. At all relevant times, Defendants, ROE CORPORATIONS, I through X, were and 7 now are corporations, firms, partnerships, associations, or other legal entities, involved with the 8 employment of the Defendant doctors and nurses named herein, including but not limited to the 9 employment of Defendant BARTMUS, and were further involved with the care, treatment, 10 diagnosis, surgery and/or other provision of medical care to the Plaintiffs herein; that the true 11 names, identities or capacities whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise of the 12 Defendants, ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive are presently unknown to Plaintiffs, 13 who therefore sue said Defendants by such fictitious names; that the Plaintiffs are informed and do 14 believe and thereupon allege that each of the Defendants sued herein as ROE CORPORATIONS I 15 through X are responsible in some manner for the events and happenings herein referred to, which 16 thereby proximately caused the injuries and damages to the Plaintiffs alleged herein; that when 17 their true names and capacities of such Defendants become known, Plaintiffs will ask leave of this 18 Court to amend this Complaint to insert the true names, identities and capacities, together with 19 proper charges and allegations. 20

8. At all relevant times, Defendants, and each of them, were the agents, ostensible
agents, servants, employees, employers, partners, co-owners and/or joint venturers of each other
and of their co-defendants, and were acting within the color, purpose and scope of their
employment, agency, ownership and/or joint ventures.

9. Plaintiffs' claims arise out of errors and omissions by Defendant LASRY, while in
the course and scope of his employment with Defendant FREMONT; Defendant BARTMUS, while
in the course and scope of her employment with Defendant FREMONT and/or a presently unknown
nursing company; Defendant FREMONT and/or its employees, agents and/or servants, and their

failure to appropriately monitor, inform, document, and/or implement appropriate medical treatment to Plaintiff DARELL MOORE.

- 3 10. The combined failures of the Defendants proximately led to Plaintiff DARELL
 4 MOORE requiring an above-the-knee amputation of the left lower extremity.
- 5 11. On or about December 25, 2016, DARELL presented to the emergency department 6 at Dignity Health dba St. Rose Hospital - San Martin (hereafter, "St. Rose") with a one day history 7 of pain in the calf area of his left leg. He was noted to have a prior history of deep vein thrombosis 8 and a prior femoral and/or popliteal artery bypass surgery on December 11, 2014.

9 12. The evaluation at the emergency department consisted of routine laboratory studies
10 and a venous duplex ultrasound of the left leg.

13. The ultrasound showed occlusion of the left femoral-popliteal arterial bypass graft.

12 14. No further treatment was recommended in response to the left arterial occlusion and
 13 the differential diagnosis did not include arterial occlusion despite DARELL's history of a prior
 14 femoral-popliteal bypass and despite the fact DARELL reported pain increased with walking.

15. DARELL was discharged with aftercare instructions for musculoskeletal pain as
well as hypertension.

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16. On December 28, 2016, DARELL returned to the emergency department at St. Rose.

18 17. At that time, DARELL reported persistent and increasing left leg pain. An arterial
 19 duplex ultrasound of the left leg was performed and once again showed occlusion of the left leg
 20 graft vasculature with no flow detected in the left posterior tibial anterior tibial or dorsalis pedis
 21 arteries.

18. DARELL was noted to have an ischemic lower extremity and started on
 anticoagulants including heparin and tissue plasminogen activator.

19. DARELL was eventually admitted to the Intensive Care Unit in critical condition.

25 20. On January 2, 2017, DARELL underwent an above-the-knee amputation of his left
26 lower extremity under the care of Holman Chan, M.D. He was discharged on January 5, 2017.

27 21. DARELL's injuries and medical treatment were preventable. The venous ultrasound
 28 performed at the emergency department at St. Rose on December 25, 2016 showed an occlusion of

1	the left femoral-popliteal arterial bypass graft, despite being the incorrect ultrasound to order.
2	Defendants LASRY and BARTMUS failed to recognize the obvious occlusion recognized by the
3	Radiologist and failed to properly address DARELL's condition, thus leading to above-the-knee
4	amputation of his left lower extremity.
5	22. Furthermore, Defendant FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA),
6	LTD., failed to properly hire, train, and supervise their employees and/or agents and failed to
7	provide adequate, sufficient and reasonable staffing protocols and procedures.
8	23. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' combined negligence, DARELL
9	experienced pain, suffering, and medical treatment, with said suffering and medical treatment
10	continuing at the present time.
11	24. In support of Plaintiffs' allegations of medical malpractice, Plaintiffs submit the
12	merit affidavit/report of R. Scott Jacobs, M.D., attached hereto as Exhibit 1 and R. Scott Jacobs,
13	M.D.'s supplement to that report attached hereto as Exhibit 2.
14	SPECIFIC ALLEGATIONS OF NEGLIGENCE
15	<u>1st CAUSE OF ACTION</u> PROFESSIONAL NEGLIGENCE
16	(As Against JASON LASRY, M.D.)
17	25. Plaintiffs hereby adopt and incorporate by reference Paragraphs 1 through 24 of this
18	complaint and make them a part of the instant cause of action as though fully set forth herein.
19	26. Defendant, JASON LASRY, M.D., fell below the standard of care of health care
20	providers who possess the degree of professional learning, skill and ability of other similar health
21	care providers by negligently failing to order appropriate testing, failing to follow-up on ultrasound
22	results, failing to recognize and treat DARELL's presenting medical condition, and discharging
23	DARELL without addressing his presenting medical condition.
24	27. Defendant, JASON LASRY, M.D., fell below the standard of care by falling below
25	his respective professional degree of learning, skill and exercise of good judgment.
26	28. At all times mentioned herein, said Defendant knew, or in the exercise of reasonable
27	care should have known, that the providing of medical care, treatment and advice was of such a
28	nature that, if it was not properly given, it was likely to injure the person to whom it was given.
	- 5 -

1	29. As a proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, by failing to appropriately
2	evaluate, diagnose, care, treat and respond to DARELL's condition, it was allowed to proceed and
3	progress to such a stage as to place him at risk and caused him to suffer.
4	30. As a proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, by failing to appropriately
5	care and treat DARELL, he had to endure extreme pain and suffering.
6	31. As a proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, DARELL incurred
7	medical and hospital expenses, the full extent of said expenses are not known to Plaintiffs, and
8	leave is requested of this Court to amend this complaint to conform to proof at time of trial.
9	32. As a further proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, Plaintiffs, as
10	husband and wife, have and will experience a loss of consortium, and Plaintiffs seek compensatory
11	damages therefor.
12	33. That as a further proximate result of said Defendant's negligent acts and/or
13	omissions, Plaintiffs were forced to retain the services of attorneys in this matter and therefore seek
14	reimbursement for attorneys' fees and costs.
15	<u>2nd CAUSE OF ACTION</u> (NEGLIGENT HIRING, TRAINING AND SUPERVISION
16	(As Against FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD.)
17	34. Plaintiffs hereby adopt and incorporate by reference Paragraphs 1 through 33 of this
18	complaint and make them a part of the instant cause of action as though fully set forth herein.
19	35. Defendant FREMONT's employees, agents and/or servants were acting in the scope
20	of their employment, under Defendant's control, and in furtherance of said Defendant's interest,
21	and at all times their actions caused DARELL's injuries.
22	36. Defendant FREMONT is vicariously liable for damages resulting from its agents'
23	and/or employees' and/or servants' negligent actions and omissions regarding DARELL. Said
24	Defendant's conduct in negligently hiring, and failing to train, supervise and/or correct the
25	negligence of its employees and/or agents demonstrated disregard for the safety of its patients.
26	37. Defendant FREMONT failed to adequately hire, train, and/or supervise their agents
27	and/or employees, including but not limited to Defendants LASRY and BARTMUS, and failed to
28	provide adequate, sufficient and reasonable staffing protocols and procedures.
20	- 6 -

1	38. As a direct result of said Defendant's acts and/or omissions, DARELL's condition		
2	was left undiagnosed and untreated leading to the above-the-knee amputation of his left lower		
3	extremity.		
4	39. As a proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, DARELL had to endure		
5	extreme pain and suffering.		
6	40. As a proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, DARELL incurred		
7	medical and hospital expenses, the full extent of said expenses are not known to Plaintiffs, and		
8	leave is requested of this Court to amend this complaint to conform to proof at time of trial.		
9	41. As a further proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, Plaintiffs, as		
10	husband and wife, have and will experience a loss of consortium, and Plaintiffs seek compensatory		
11	damages therefor.		
12	42. That as a further proximate result of said Defendant's negligent acts and/or		
13	omissions, Plaintiffs were forced to retain the services of attorneys in this matter and therefore seek		
14	reimbursement for attorneys' fees and costs.		
15	<u>3rd CAUSE OF ACTION</u>		
16	<u>CORPORATE NEGLIGENCE/VICARIOUS LIABILITY</u> (As Against FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD.)		
17	43. Plaintiffs hereby adopt and incorporate by reference Paragraphs 1 through 42 of this		
18	complaint and make them a part of the instant cause of action as though fully set forth herein.		
19	44. Defendant FREMONT had a duty to exercise due care in the selection, training,		
20	supervision, oversight, direction, retention and control of its employees and/or agents, retained by		
21	it to perform and provide services.		
22	45. Defendant FREMONT breached the above-referenced duty when they negligently,		
23	carelessly, and recklessly hired, trained, supervised, oversaw, directed and/or retained their		
24	personnel.		
25	46. As a proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant's employees and/or		
26	agents, by failing to appropriately care and treat DARELL, he had to endure extreme pain and		
27	suffering.		
28	47. As a proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, DARELL incurred - 7 -		

medical and hospital expenses, the full extent of said expenses are not known to Plaintiffs, and
 leave is requested of this Court to amend this complaint to conform to proof at time of trial.

48. As a further proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, Plaintiffs, as
husband and wife, have and will experience a loss of consortium, and Plaintiffs seek compensatory
damages therefor.

6 49. That as a further proximate result of said Defendant's negligent acts and/or
7 omissions, Plaintiffs were forced to retain the services of attorneys in this matter and therefore seek
8 reimbursement for attorneys' fees and costs.

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<u>4th CAUSE OF ACTION</u> <u>PROFESSIONAL NEGLIGENCE</u> (As Against TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN)

11 50. Plaintiffs hereby adopt and incorporate by reference Paragraphs 1 through 49 of this
12 complaint and make them a part of the instant cause of action as though fully set forth herein.

51. Defendant, TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN, fell below the standard of care of
health care providers who possess the degree of professional learning, skill and ability of other
similar health care providers by negligently failing to ensure appropriate testing was ordered;
failing to properly report and follow-up on ultrasound results; failing to recognize and ensure
DARELL'S presenting medical condition was brought to the attention of other medical providers
for treatment; and allowing DARELL to be discharged without addressing his presenting medical
condition.

20 52. Defendant, TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN, fell below the standard of care by
21 falling below her respective professional degree of learning, skill and exercise of good judgment.

53. At all times mentioned herein, said Defendant knew, or in the exercise of reasonable
care should have known, that the providing of medical care, treatment and advice was of such a
nature that, if it was not properly given, it was likely to injure the person to whom it was given.

54. As a proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, by failing to appropriately
evaluate, diagnose, care, treat, report, monitor, and respond to DARELL's condition, it was allowed
to proceed and progress to such a stage as to place him at risk and caused him to suffer.

55. As a proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, by failing to appropriately

1	care and treat DARELL, he had to endure extreme pain and suffering.		
2	56. As a proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, DARELL incurred		
3	medical and hospital expenses, the full extent of said expenses are not known to Plaintiffs, and		
4	leave is requested of this Court to amend this complaint to conform to proof at time of trial.		
5	57. As a further proximate result of the negligence of said Defendant, Plaintiffs, as		
6	husband and wife, have and will experience a loss of consortium, and Plaintiffs seek compensatory		
7	damages therefor.		
8	58. That as a further proximate result of said Defendant's negligent acts and/or		
9	omissions, Plaintiffs were forced to retain the services of attorneys in this matter and therefore seek		
10	reimbursement for attorneys' fees and costs.		
11	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as		
12	follows:		
13	1. For medical special damages and compensatory damages against Defendants, for an		
14	amount in excess of \$15,000, plus pre-judgment and post-judgment interest thereon		
15	at the highest legal rate;		
16	2. For an award of Plaintiffs' attorneys' fees and costs;		
17	3. For such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.		
18	DATED this <u>29th</u> day of <u>October</u> , 2019.		
19			
20	ATKINSON WATKINS HOFFMANN LLP		
21	By: <u>/s/ Matthew W. Hoffmann, Esq.</u> MATTHEW W. HOFFMANN, ESQ.		
22	Nevada Bar No. 009061 10789 W. Twain Avenue, Suite 100		
23	Las Vegas, NV 89135 Attorneys for Plaintiffs		
24	Antorneys for Trunniggs		
25			
26			
27			
28			
	- 9 -		

	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
1	I hereby certify that I am an employee of ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMANN, LLP		
2	and that on the <u>29th</u> day of October, 2019, I caused to be served via Odyssey, the Court's mandatory		
3	efiling/eservice system, a true and correct copy of the document described herein.		
4	enning/eservice system, a true and correct copy of the document described herein.		
5	Document Served: <u>SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT</u>		
6	MEDICAL MALPRACTICE		
7	Chelsea Hueth, Esq.		
8	Nevada Bar No. 10904		
	Anna Karabachev, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 14387		
9	CARROLL, KELLY, TROTTER, FRANZEN,		
10	MCBRIDE & PEABODY		
11	8329 W. Sunset Road, Suite 260 Las Vegas, NV 89113		
12	Attorneys for Defendant Jason Lasry, M.D.		
13	Keith A. Weaver, Esq.		
14	Nevada Bar No. 10271 Bianas Conzelez, Ess		
	Bianca Gonzalez, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 14529		
15	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP		
16	6385 S. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 600 Las Vegas, NV 89118		
17	Attorneys for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd.		
18	and Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N.		
19	Breen Arntz, Esq.		
	Nevada Bar No. 3853 5545 Mountain Vista, Suite E		
20	Las Vegas, NV 89120		
21	Ph: 702-384-8000 Fax: 702-446-8164		
22	Co-Counsel for Plaintiffs		
23			
24			
25	<u>/s/ Erika Jimenez</u> An Employee of ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMANN, LLP		
26			
27			
28	- 10 -		
	- 10 -		

EXHIBIT 1

R. SCOTT JACOBS, M.D. FAAEM 1669 TORRANCE STREET SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92103 DECEMBER 8, 2017

Matthew Hoffman Atkinson & Watkins, LLP 10789 W. Twain Avenue, Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89135

Dear Mr. Hoffman:

I have reviewed the records, reports and other materials that your office supplied to me regarding Darell Moore. This letter is a summary of my qualifications, opinions, and conclusions.

I am a physician and have been licensed to practice medicine in California since 1975. I am board certified in Emergency Medicine and have been since 1983. I have practiced Emergency Medicine for over thirty years and since 1984 have been at Sharp Memorial Hospital in San Diego, California. I am very familiar with the pathophysiology involved in this case and am qualified to render an expert opinion. My current curriculum vitae is attached hereto.

The cases in which I have given testimony during the past four years are:

2013 Charles Thiede v. Stephen Johnson, et al. 2013 Ford Cutler v. Ronald A. Sparschu et al. 2013 Lydell Burt v. Sheriff Paul Bailey et al. 2013 Rachel Hegler v. Port Huron Hospital et al. 2014 Nancy Warner v. Henry Ford Health System et al. 2014 Jeffrey Frampton v. Northland Pain Consultants et al. 2015 Julie Szatkowski v. Metropolitan Hospital et at. 2015 Sharon Geisler v. Specialized Assistance Services 2015 Joseph Cartwright v. Dr. Sinem Sherifali Kimberly Shaver v. Dignity Health et al. 2015 2016 Taylor-Laryea v. Genesis Regional Medical Center et al. 2016 Terrance McClellan v. William Backus Hospital et al.

Huron County, MI Genesee County, MI U.S. Southern MI St. Clair County, MI Wayne County, MI Clay County, MO Kent County, MI Cook County, IL Wayne County, MI Clark County, NV Genesis County, MI New London, CT

My fees for consulting services are as follows:

Review of materials	\$400.00 per hour
Deposition testimony	\$600.00 per hour
Trial testimony	\$600.00 per hour
There is a two hour minimum charge	for deposition or trial testimony

As basis for forming my opinions, I have reviewed the following materials:

Records of Darell Moore from St. Rose Dominican Dec. 25, 2016 Records of Darell Moore from St. Rose Dominican Dec. 28, 2016 to Jan. 5, 2017 Records of Darell Moore from Advanced Orthotics and Prosthetics

My review of the records indicates that Mr. Moore presented to the Emergency Department at St. Rose Dominican Hospital on Dec. 25, 2016. He was seen by Dr. Jason Lasry and/or Terry Bartmus and was found to have a one day history of pain in the calf area of his left leg. He was noted also to have been walking more than usual in the prior two days and to have a past history of deep vein thrombosis and to be taking the anticoagulant Xarelto. Additionally, Amee Kuchinsky R.N. documented that Mr. Moore had a history of femoral and/or popliteal artery bypass on Dec. 11, 2014 and to have a history of an abdominal aortic aneurysm.

Mr. Moore's evaluation in the Emergency Department that day consisted of routine laboratory studies and a venous duplex ultrasound of the left leg. The laboratory studies were non-diagnostic and the venous ultrasound demonstrated no venous occlusion, but did show occlusion of the left femoral-popliteal arterial bypass graft. Nonetheless, Dr. Lasry and/or Terry Bartmus apparently felt comfortable that this study did not merit further immediate treatment and discharged Mr. Moore with aftercare instructions on musculoskeletal pain as well as hypertension. Of note, the differential diagnosis included deep vein thrombosis, arthritis, sprain, and strain, but did not include arterial occlusion despite Mr. Moore's history of a prior femoralpopliteal bypass and despite the fact that Mr. Moore reported pain increased with walking.

Mr. Moore returned to the Emergency Department at St. Rose Dominican on Dec. 28, 2016 at which time he was seen by Dr. Stan Liu. He complained of persistent and increasing left leg pain and was evaluated with studies that included an arterial duplex ultrasound of the left leg which again showed occlusion of the left leg graft vasculature with no flow detected in the left posterior tibial anterior tibial or dorsalis pedis arteries. He was noted to have an ischemic lower extremity and started on anticoagulants including heparin and tissue plasminogen activator (TPA). He was seen by interventional radiology for placement of an arterial catheter above the occlusion. This was done so that the TPA could be administered directly to the occluded area. Mr. Moore was subsequently admitted to the ICU in critical condition. Despite these measures, his leg was too ischemic to be salvaged and he eventually required an above the knee (AK) amputation of the lower extremity. He had some post-operative complications, and was eventually discharged January 5, 2017.

It is my professional opinion that Dr. Jason Lasry and/or Terry Bartmus were negligent in the care of Darell Moore in several respects. The history as documented does not convincingly

demonstrate that they were aware that Mr. Moore had undergone a previous femoral popliteal arterial bypass. Although they did document Mr. Moore's history of prior deep venous thrombosis and history of taking Xarelto, they made no comment about his past bypass. In addition, Dr. Lasry and/or Terry Bartmus documented a differential diagnosis that included deep vein thrombosis, arthritis, sprain and strain, but importantly, did not include the possibility of arterial insufficiency. Mr. Moore described pain with increased walking and this is often from muscle ischemia or claudication which is a classic symptom of arterial vascular insufficiency.

This erroneous thought process was further compounded by ordering a venous ultrasound and excluding an arterial study. Both arterial and venous studies can be performed ultrasonically and can be very easily combined when the patient is having an ultrasound. An arterial ultrasound was, in fact, the study that diagnosed Mr. Moore when he returned with an ischemic limb on December 28. Had an arterial ultrasound been performed on Dec. 25, 2016, certainly the diagnosis of acute arterial occlusion should have been made and hospitalization and appropriate therapy undertaken.

Even more perplexing, however, is Dr. Lasry's and/or Terry Bartmus' failure to act upon the findings that were present on the venous ultrasound performed Dec. 25. Although the study does demonstrate no evidence of venous occlusion or DVT, the radiologist comments specifically that the left femoral-popliteal graft appears occluded. This finding should have been alarming enough to cause Dr. Lasry and/or Terry Bartmus to either order further diagnostic studies such as an arterial ultrasound or arteriogram or to admit Mr. Moore for attempts at revascularization. Dr. Lasry in his medical teaching addendum commented that the ultrasound showed arterial occlusion with good distal perfusion. However, it should be noted, that the radiologist did not comment on distal perfusion and it would be unlikely that a venous ultrasound would demonstrate distal perfusion. If "good distal perfusion" was meant as a clinical assessment, the standard of care requires the physician to document the clinical assessment including, at least, extremity warmth and pulses.

Dr. Lasry's and/or Terry Bartmus' incomplete assessment and lack of understanding of Mr. Moore's disease process led to Mr. Moore being discharged on Dec. 25 with limited and inadequate follow-up. He was diagnosed with "musculoskeletal leg pain" and given instructions to make a routine follow-up appointment with his primary care provider.

Mr. Moore was clearly suffering from an ischemic lower extremity at the time he presented to the Emergency Department at St. Rose on December 25, 2016. He had a history of a femoral-popliteal bypass and it should have been apparent to any reasonable and prudent physician that re-occlusion was a real possibility. In fact, the radiologist's reading on the ultrasound performed that day literally spells out the diagnosis. Despite that, Mr. Moore was discharged on Dec. 25, and never advised that he had a condition that required emergent or urgent treatment.

Finally, it is also my opinion that the delay in the treatment of Mr. Moore caused by his being discharged on Dec. 25, led directly to the progressive ischemia of his left leg and ultimately to his subsequent need for an above the knee amputation of his leg. It is well known that an acutely ischemic limb needs to have its blood supply restored within six hours in order to preserve an intact limb. Although this time frame is somewhat looser in the circumstance of subacute arterial occlusion or partial occlusion one principle remains constant. The sooner that revascularization is preformed the better the results and the less disability ensues.

The fact that there was a three day delay in diagnosing and treating Mr. Moore meant that his leg was significantly more ischemic and that there was substantially more devitalized and necrotic tissue. Areas that would have been amenable to restored blood flow on Dec. 25 were no longer viable on Dec. 28, because the tissue had died in the intervening three days. Had the treatment including heparin and TPA that was administered on Dec. 28 been initiated on Dec. 25, it is my opinion that Mr. Moore's leg could have been salvaged and that certainly he would not have required an above the knee amputation.

In summary, it is my opinion that Dr. Lasry, Terry Bartmus, and the staff at St. Rose Dominican Hospital were negligent in the treatment of Mr. Moore in several respects. Dr. Lasry's and/or Terry Bartmus' initial error was in fixating on venous vascular problem as the cause of Mr. Moore's symptoms. They appear to have excluded the fact that he had had a previous femoral-popliteal bypass as increasing the possibility that he had an arterial occlusion. Their differential diagnosis included deep vein thrombosis, but excluded arterial occlusion. This error was then compounded by ordering only a venous ultrasound study and not an arterial study. Even with these errors, however, they should have realized the diagnosis was arterial occlusion, because the venous ultrasound demonstrated complete occlusion of the popliteal artery graft. The fact that this significant finding was ignored again demonstrates Dr. Lasry's and/or Terry Bartmus tunnel vision in only considering venous problems as the etiology of Mr. Moore's symptoms.

Finally, it is my opinion that had Mr. Moore been diagnosed with arterial occlusion and started on treatment December 25, 2016 that his outcome would have been significantly improved. It is likely that his leg could have been successfully revascularized and that he would not have required an amputation of the leg. It is also certain that had appropriate treatment been initiated on December 25, that any procedure required in treating Mr. Moore would not have been as invasive nor as drastic.

I reserve the right to amend and supplement my findings and opinions in this report based on any additional, testing, or information which may provided to me hereafter. All of the opinions expressed herein are stated to a reasonable degree of medical certainty. Further, I base these conclusions not only on the aforementioned documentation, but also on my education, training and over thirty years of experience in the active practice of Emergency Medicine in an acute care setting. During that time, I have cared for perhaps 100,000 patients including thousands with ishemia and hundreds with ischemic limbs.

Very truly yours, R. Scott Jacobs, M.D.

CALIFORNIA JURAT WITH AFFIANT STATEMENT

GOVERNMENT CODE § 8202

See Attached Document (Notary to cross out lines 1-6 below)

See Statement Below (Lines 1-6 to be completed only by document signer[s], not Notary)

Signature of Deciment Signer No. 1

Signature of Document Signer No. 2 (if any)

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

State of California County of <u>San Dirego</u>	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on this $\frac{11}{Date}$ day of $\frac{December}{Month}$, 2017 , by $\frac{17}{Year}$
	by Date Month Year
	(1) Russell Scott Jacobs
	(and (2)).
S TOWAR	Name(s) of Signer(s)
S. TOVAR Notary Public – California San Diego County Commission # 2203340 My Comm. Expires Jun 30, 2021	proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who appeared before me.
	Signature
	Signature of Notary Public
Seal Place Notary Seal Above	
	TONAL
fraudulent reattachment of this	information can deter alteration of the document or form to an unintended document.
Description of Attached Document	
Title or Type of Document:	Document Date:
Number of Pages: Signer(s) Other Than Nar	ned Above:
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R. Scott Jacobs, M.D. FAAEM 1669 Torrance Street San Diego, California 92103

Curriculum Vitae

EDUCATION

Prem	edical Education			
	University of Michigan Ann Arbor, Michigan	A.B. Degree	1970	
	Medical Education			
	University of Michigan Ann Arbor, Michigan	M.D. Degree	1974	
Postgraduate Education				
	Rotating Internship Mercy Hospital and Medica San Diego, California	l Center	1974 - 1975	
	General Surgery Residency Mercy Hospital and Medica San Diego, California	l Center	1975 -1976	
MEDICAL LICENSURE				
State of California			1975 - current	

CERTIFICATION

American Board of Emergency Medicine	1983 - current
Pediatric Advanced Life Support	1992
Advanced Trauma Life Support	1982
Advanced Cardiac Life Support	1976
ACEP Base Station Physician Symposium	1985
National Board of Medical Examiners	1975

PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE

Emergency Physician	Sharp Memorial Hospital	
	San Diego, California	1984 - present
Emergency Department Director of Risk Management		2002 - 2012
Emergency Department	Supervisory Committee	2012 - present
Medical Director Care Medical Transportation		
	San Diego, California	1996 - present
Medical Director	Care Medical Transportation	
	National City, California	1992 - 1993
Emergency Physician	Grossmont Hospital	
	La Mesa, California	1983 - 1984
Emergency Physician	Valley Medical Center	
	El Cajon, California	1980 - 1983
Emergency Physician	Pomerado Hospital	
	Poway, California	1979 - 1980
Industrial Medicine	Kearny Mesa Industrial Medical Center	
	San Diego, California	1978 - 1979
Emergency Physician	Clairemont Community Hospital	
	San Diego, California	1976 - 1979
Emergency Physician	San Clemente General Hospital	
	San Clemente, California	1976 - 1978

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Base Hospital Medical Director Sharp Memorial Hospital	1986 - 1989
San Diego County Base Station Physicians Committee	1986 - 1989
San Diego County Trauma System Medical Audit Committee	1986 - 1989
San Diego County Shared Helicopter Services Committee	1986 - 1989
San Diego County Pre-hospital Audit Committee	1987 - 1989
Chairman 1989	

CONFERENCE PARTICIPATION

Trauma Management 1989 San Diego, California Topic: Pre-hospital Quality Assurance

PUBLICATIONS

Chernof, D., Pion, R., et al. Self-Care Advisor. Time Health Inc. 1996. Advisor to author of Emergency and First Aid section pp13-48.

Kaufman I.A., Stonecipher J., Kitchen L., Haubner L.M., Jacobs, R.S. Children's Trauma Tool. As published in Guidelines for the Triage of Pediatric Trauma Patients. Journal of Emergency Nursing, 1989. Vol 15, No.5 pp414-415.

PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS

American Academy of Emergency Physicians American College of Emergency Physicians National Association of EMS Physicians R. Scott Jacobs, M.D. FAAEM 1669 Torrance Street San Diego, California 92103 Cell: 619-750-7651 E-Mail: <u>rsjacobsmd@gmail.com</u> 2017

FEE SCHEDULE

My hourly fees for consulting services are as follows:

Review of materials	\$400.00
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Deposition testimony \$600.00 Two hour minimum

Trial testimony \$600.00 Two hour minimum

EXHIBIT 2

R. SCOTT JACOBS, M.D. FAAEM 1669 TORRANCE STREET SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92103 April 12, 2019

Matthew Hoffman Atkinson & Watkins, LLP 10789 W. Twain Avenue, Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89135

Dear Mr. Hoffman:

I have reviewed the additional records that your office supplied to me regarding Darell Moore. This letter is a represents opinions that I have formed after review of the additional records.

Additional records reviewed:

Deposition of Darell Moore Deposition of Charlene Moore Deposition of Christopher Moore Deposition of Terry Bartmus, APRN Deposition of Jason Lasry, M. D. Chart audit timeline for Darell Moore

My general opinions are fundamentally unchanged from those outlined in my report dated December 8, 2017. I feel that when Mr. Moore presented to the Emergency Department at St. Rose Dominican Hospital on Dec. 25, 2016 his symptoms were suggestive of arterial ischemia of the left leg. A venous but not arterial ultrasound was performed and was negative for venous thrombosis or DVT. The radiologist did, however, comment that the femoral-popliteal bypass graft appeared occluded.

In their depositions, both Dr. Lasry and Nurse Bartmus concede that the comment of graft occlusion on the ultrasound would have necessitated further evaluation if Mr. Moore had shown signs of inadequate perfusion of the lower leg. Neither felt that to be the case, however, and Mr. Moore was discharged from the Emergency Department without definitive studies having been performed. Mr. Moore's presenting history of leg pain increased with walking is suggestive of arterial ischemia and even in the absence of other signs or symptoms should have led to further evaluation of his leg perfusion. Importantly, no Dopler studies were performed to quantify pulses and there appears to have been no reevaluation of Mr. Moore's circulatory status following the report of the occluded arterial graft. There is also controversy regarding the actual examination of Mr. Moore. Both Darell and Christopher Moore in their depositions are adamant that no male ever performed an examination of Mr. Moore's legs. Ms. Bartmus is a nurse practitioner and, as such, is able to practice independently although she would have a supervising physician. Importantly, the chart audit timeline demonstrates that Dr. Lasry did not access Mr. Moore's chart at all on December 25, and his first interaction with the chart was not until 0910 on December 26th. It is extremely unlikely that a medical provider would evaluate a patient and not access the chart contemporaneously. As such, it is hard to imagine the Dr. Lasry actually examined Mr. Moore on December 25, 2016.

In any case, it is my opinion that the evaluation of Mr. Moore was woefully inadequate and the failure of Ms. Bartmus and Dr. Lasry to order the appropriate studies and to make an accurate diagnosis on December 25, resulted in Mr. Moore requiring above the knee amputation of his leg.

My criticisms of the care provided to Mr. Moore involve only Dr. Lasry and Ms. Bartmus who appear to be contracted to Fremont Emergency Services. I have no criticisms of the nursing care provided, therefore, am not critical of the employees of St. Rose Hospital. My opinion that the care provided by Dr. Lasry and Ms. Bartmus to Mr. Moore was negligent as outlined in my original report remains unchanged and is, in fact, strengthened by the additional materials you provided.

Very truly yours. R. Scott Jacobs, M.D.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 MNTR MATTHEW W. HOFFMANN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 009061 ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMANN, LLP 10789 W. Twain Ave., Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89135 Telephone: 702-562-6000 Facsimile: 702-562-6066 Email: mhoffmann@awhlawyers.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs E. BREEN ARNTZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 003853 2770 S. Maryland Pkwy., Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89109 Ph: 702-384-1616 Fax: 702-384-2990 Email: breen@breen.com bartnz@ggmlawfirm.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs 	Electronically Filed 4/7/2020 6:12 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT
12	DISTRICT	COURT
13	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
14		
15	DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A. MOORE, individually and as husband and	CASE NO.: A-17-766426-C
16	wife;	DEPT. NO.: Dept. 25
10	Plaintiffs,	
17	v.	PLAINTIFFS' NRCP 59 MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL
18 19	JASON LASRY, M.D., individually; FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD.; TERRY BARTMUS,	
20	RN, APRN; and DOES I through X, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS I through V,	HEARING REQUESTED
21	inclusive;	
22	Defendants.	
23		
24	COME NOW Distriction DADELL L. MOO	DE and CUADIENE A MOODE individually
25		DRE and CHARLENE A. MOORE, individually
26	and as husband and wife, by and through their atto	•
27	ESQ., of the law firm of ATKINSON WATK	
28	ARNTZ, CHTD., and hereby submit their Motion	for a New Trial.
20		

I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

2 This is a medical malpractice action resulting from an above-the-knee amputation that occurred on or about December 25, 2016. On that date, Plaintiff Darell presented to the emergency 3 department at Dignity Health dba St. Rose Hospital- San Martin (hereafter, "St. Rose") with a one-4 day history of pain in the calf area of his left leg. He was noted to have a prior history of deep vein thrombosis and a prior femoral and/or popliteal artery bypass surgery on December 11, 2014. The 6 previous procedure of putting a bypass and graft was performed at the same hospital as the visit 7 on December 25, 2016. An ultrasound was ordered to rule out DVT in the left leg, which was 8 negative, but which also showed an occlusion of the left femoral-popliteal arterial bypass graft. 9 No further treatment was recommended in response to the left arterial occlusion and the differential diagnosis did not include arterial occlusion despite Darell's history of a prior femoral-popliteal 10 bypass and despite the fact Darell reported pain increased with walking. Plaintiff Darell was 11 discharged with aftercare instructions for musculoskeletal pain as well as hypertension. 12

On December 28, 2016, Plaintiff Darell returned to the emergency department at St. Rose. 13 At that time, Darell reported persistent and increasing left leg pain. An arterial duplex ultrasound 14 of the left leg was performed and once again showed occlusion of the left leg graft vasculature 15 with no flow detected in the left posterior tibial anterior tibial or dorsalis pedi arteries. Darell was noted to have an ischemic lower extremity and started on anticoagulants including heparin and 16 tissue plasminogen activator. 17

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II. ARGUMENT

January 2, 2017, Plaintiff Darell underwent an above-the-knee amputation of his left lower

extremity under the care of Holman Chan, M.D. He was discharged on January 5, 2017.

Plaintiff Darell was eventually admitted to the Intensive Care Unit in critical condition. On

21 The subject motion is based on two instances of error by this court and the attorney misconduct of Mr. Keith Weaver, counsel for Nurse Practioner Terri Bartmus. First, during the 22 trial Plaintiffs' called Dr. Alexander Marmureanu, a board certified cardiovascular surgeon who 23 was qualified to discuss the standard of care of the Defendants and the causation of the injury of 24 the Plaintiff, the loss of his leg above the knee, due to the malpractice of the Defendants. During 25 the direct examination of Dr. Marmureanu, he was examined on his qualifications, the scope of his 26 opinions and the foundation he possessed as an expert witness to address those issues and form the 27 opinions that he had. Nothing unusual was discussed during the qualifications phase of direct testimony and no objections were made regarding the scope of that questioning. During the cross-28

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examination of Dr. Marmureanu, over the objection of counsel grounded in a number of different bases, Mr. Weaver was permitted to question Dr. Marmureanu regarding an article in a magazine that related only to his reputation as a cardiovascular surgeon. More specifically, the article didn't even relate to treatment that was the subject of the subject case; rather, it concerned a study from California that tracked the number of deaths in the first thirty days following cardiac bypass surgery. The manner in which Mr. Weaver confronted Dr. Marmureanu was designed to merely impugn the reputation of the Plaintiffs' expert, not to challenge him on the medicine related to the case.

One of the objections made to the cross-examination was that the article that was being 8 used for impeachment was not disclosed pursuant to NRCP 16.1. This court summoned counsel 9 to the bench for a discussion during which this objection and others were made. This court ruled 10 that Mr. Weaver was not required to produce impeachment evidence before trial and ruled that "so 11 long as Mr. Weaver acted in good faith" he was permitted to pursue the line of questioning. Not 12 only does such a ruling contradict the specific language of NRCP 16.1(a)(3) which does require 13 impeachment evidence to be produced, but, Mr. Weaver did not act in good faith as he misrepresented a number of different aspects of the article. The cross-examination should have 14 been disallowed for a number of reasons. First, NRCP 16.1 does require the parties to produce 15 evidence one intends to use for impeachment. Defendants did not produce the article in question. 16 In fact, the rule couldn't be clearer. Second, the evidence presented went only to Dr. 17 Marmureanu's reputation as it concerned information Mr. Weaver suggested demonstrated that 18 Dr. Marmureanu was one of seven worst doctors in California. And, finally, Mr. Weaver 19 misrepresented the substance of the article in a clear attempt to misinform the jury regarding Dr. Marmureanu's reputation as a surgeon. Because this court didn't even require production of the 20 article, it was impossible to afford Plaintiffs the opportunity to rehabilitate their witness. 21

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A second instance of reversible was this court's ruling to exclude Dr. Wiencek as a witness when called by Plaintiffs. Mr. Robert McBride, counsel for Dr. Lasry, had referenced Dr. Wiencek as a potential witness during his introduction to the case, Dr. Wiencek was identified as a witness in all thirteen (13) supplemental disclosures pursuant to NRCP 16.1 with the appropriate description of his anticipated testimony as a treating physician, and, perhaps most critical, the notes and records and treatment by Dr. Wiencek became such a focal point of the evidence at trial that to preclude him from testifying under the circumstances was an abuse of this court's discretion.

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A. The Contents of the Article at Issue

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On July 17, 2017, Kaiser Health News published an article featured on the website Fierce 2 Health Care entitled "California hits nerve by singling out cardiac surgeons with higher patient 3 death rates". (https://www.fiercehealthcare.com/practices/calif-hits-nerve-by-singling-out-4 *cardiac-surgeons-higher-patient-death-rates* – *attached hereto as Exhibit 1*). The article's topic 5 was the controversy surrounding a public database which listed California heart surgeons with a 6 higher-than-average death rate for patients who underwent a common bypass procedure. Id. "The 7 practice is controversial: Proponents argue transparency improves quality and informs consumers. Critics say it deters surgeons from accepting complex cases and can unfairly tarnish doctors' 8 records". Id. 9

The article uses a report, released in May 2017 by California's Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development, based on surgeries performed in 2013 and 2014. *Id.* Dr. Marmureanu was listed, along with several other veteran cardiac surgeons, as having an above-average death rate for patients undergoing the procedure during that two-year time period. *Id.* While some of the doctors interviewed stated that they supported public reporting, they also criticized the database, pointing out that the calculation of deaths did not fully take the varying complexity of the cases into account and that the results could be easily skewed by only a few bad results depending upon the overall number of surgeries a particular doctor performed. *Id.*

The death rates included those occurring during hospitalization, regardless of how long the 17 stay, or anytime within 30 days after the surgery, regardless of the venue. Id. Holly Hoegh, 18 manager of the clinical data unit at the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development, 19 which issued the report, acknowledged that "a risk model can never capture all the risk", which critics pointed out does not adequately take into account the number of complex and challenging 20 cases a surgeon has accepted. *Id.* The article noted that officials in Massachusetts, who had been 21 reporting bypass outcomes for individual doctors, stopped doing it in 2013 because, while surgeons 22 supported reporting to improve outcomes, they were concerned that they were being identified 23 public as "outliers" when they really were just taking on difficult cases, which could lead to 24 surgeons turning away high-risk patients in order to protect their death rate percentages. Id. Dr. 25 Marmureanu, who takes on some of the most difficult cases and the sickest patients, was assigned a mortality rate of 18.04 based on three deaths among 22 cases in the two-year time period covered 26 by the report. Id. One of those deaths was due to a traffic accident which occurred within the 30-27

1	day period after the patient had undergone the bypass procedure, illustrating the problematic nature		
2	of the report's death rate calculation method. Id.		
3	B. The Misleading Line of Questioning at Trial Concerning the Article at Issue and the Court's Response to Plaintiffs' Counsel's Objection		
4	During trial, Mr. Weaver questioned Dr. Marmureanu about the article in a manner that		
5	completely misrepresented its contents, making it appear that Dr. Marmureanu had been singled		
6	out as one of the "worst" surgeons in the state, in an apparent attempt to undermine his credibility		
7	with the jury.		
8	"On In 2017, the State of Collifornia deployed that you are one of the seven warst		
9	"Q: In 2017, the State of California declared that you are one of the seven worst cardiovascular surgeons in the entire state out of hundreds; correct?		
10	A: Incorrect, sir. I would like to see that.		
11	Q: So is it your testimony, Dr. Marmureanu, that the office of – the California Office of		
12	Statewide Health Planning and Development didn't issue a report that listed you in the top 3 percent of the worst cardiovascular surgeons in California?		
13			
14	A: You're untruthful and incorrect, again, sir.		
15	Q: Okay. So what would you need to be convinced that that report exists?		
16	A: Show it.		
17	Q: Okay. We'll come back to that"		
18	A: Go ahead.		
19	Q: Let me do what's called "lay a little foundation". So do you know what the		
20	"California Society of Thoracic Surgeons" is?		
21	A: Very well.		
22	Q: Okay. And you don't believe that the president of the California Society of Thoracic		
23	Surgeons supported a report that identified you as one of the top seven worst cardiovascular surgeons in California; correct?		
24 25	A: Not only do I don't believe, I'm saying you're wrong.		
25 26 27	Q: And I would also be wrong if you told a reporter for Kaiser News that, in effect, hospital patients don't care if they're, in your case, nine times more likely to die under your care?		
28	A: That's not what I said. You're not telling the truth again.		
_	- 5 -		

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2	Q: Did you say something to that effect, that hospital patients don't care about that report; the only people who care about the data are the journalists?	
3	A: That could be.	
4		
5	Q: But it's in the context of the report that, out of 271 cardiovascular surgeon (sic) in California, found you one of the worst seven?	
6	A: It's absolutely not true. And, I mean, I don't want to judge upset, but I think it's	
7	despicable what you're saying.	
8 9	Q: And would it also be despicable if Hollywood Presbyterian Hospitals got one of the worst rankings as a hospital because of your ranking by the State of California's Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development?	
10	A: That's not true again, sir. You will have to show me.	
11	Q: Okay. We'll come back to that. Sir, you're saying no such report exists; right?	
12	A: Well, not what you said. What you said doesn't exist. You are wrong about the year;	
13	you are wrong about the report; you are wrong what the report says, and I'm not sure if you're doing it on purpose or just you don't know enough about it."	
14	(Reporters Transcript of Proceedings of Jury Trial P.M. Session Testimony of Alexander	
15	Marmureanu, M.D. Before the Honorable Kathleen E. Delaney, Friday, January 31, 2020,	
16	29:1-31:10, attached hereto as Exhibit 2). ¹ Mr. Weaver clearly misrepresented the contents of	
17	the article during cross examination. When Dr. Marmureanu asked to see the article on two	
18	separate occasions, his request was disregarded. Plaintiffs' counsel objected as to foundation, but	
19	his objection was overruled and Mr. Weaver was allowed to continue with his line of misleading	
20	questioning. (Id., 31:14-15, 20-21).	
21	Mr. Weaver repeatedly and incorrectly stated that the article categorized Dr. Marmureanu	
22	as one of the "worst" cardiovascular surgeons in California. (Id., 32:6-13, 22-23; 37:17-19);	
	("The state put you in a category that they labeled you as "worst.") (Id., 32:16-17); ("Q:It	
23	doesn't say I'm the worst surgeon than the guy who did only three cases and nobody died. A: It	
24		
25		
26	¹ In fact, Hollywood Presbyterian Hospital Medical Center received an "average" (as opposed to "worse", "low" or "acceptable") rating for Isolated CABG Operative Mortality in the 2013, 2014 and 2015 time periods and for CABG	
27	 + Valve Operative Mortality for 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15 time periods. (California Hospital Performance Ratings for Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG) Surgery by Region, 2013, 2014, 2015, attached hereto as 	
28	Exhibit 3).	
	- 6 -	

does.	") (Id., 39:2-5). The witness again asked to see the article and was told by Mr. Weaver: "I
	have it with me." (<i>Id., 36:15</i>).
	The Court recapped the bench discussion on the record following Plaintiffs' counsel's
objec	tion in pertinent part as follows:
	"The Court: [T]he argument was that Mr. Weaver was not actually confronting the witness with these reports, that he would be required to do so, and that it would not be appropriate; it was not an appropriate line of questioning.
	The Court disagreed, respectfully, with that assessment, that when there was testimony obviously by the doctor regarding his qualifications and this information called into question that testimony, that the proper impeachment is to ask certain things – obviously,
	you have to have your ethical obligations fulfilled that you have a good faith belief to ask the question and that ultimately there was no reason to believe otherwise – certainly Mr.
	Weaver was able to do so without actually requiring confrontation with documentation, to this Court's opinion, would be akin to impeachment with extrinsic evidence; and that
	is something that is not allowed, other than in certain circumstances, really more things go towards credibility of testimony, that's not what this would have been.
	So the Court indicated that, although the Plaintiffs' counsel may wish to challenge if Mr. Weaver was misrepresenting any such reports and could potentially do so on redirect, that
	it was not required of Mr. Weaver to confront the witness with actual reports. Although, I do think it was fair for Mr. Arntz to ask to be given a reference to or copy of or citation
	to what reports he was referring to; and I believe Mr. Weaver agreed, when he lift the bench, to do so. He indicated it was all online and there was a website that could be given. So, again, that inquiry continued."
	65:9-66:17). The Court's response to Mr. Arntz's objection represents reversable error, as ssed, below.
C.	Violation of Rules of Civil Procedure - NRCP 16.1
	Mr. Weaver misrepresented the substance of the article in an attempt to impeach Dr.
Marr	nureanu. Yet, he never produced the article, either before or during trial. Although the Court
found	I no impropriety, this failure to produce is contrary to the mandate of Rule 16.1, which says
just t	he opposite.
	Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 16.1 states:
	"Except as exempted by Rule 16.1(a)(1)(B) or as otherwise stipulated or ordered by the court, a party <i>must</i> , without awaiting a discovery request, provide to the other parties:(ii) a copy – or a description by category and location – of <i>all documents, electronically stored information</i> , and tangible things that the disclosing party has in its possession, custody, or control and may use to support its claims or defenses, <i>including for impeachment</i> or rebuttal, and, unless privileged or protected from disclosure, any
	- 7 -

1	record, report, or witness statement, in any form, concerning the incident that gives rise to
2	the lawsuit."
2	NRCP 16.1(a)(1)(A)(ii) (emphasis added).
_	NRCP 16.1 further states:
4 5	"[A] party must provide to other parties the following information regarding the evidence that it may present at trial, including impeachment and rebuttal evidence:(C) An
6	appropriate identification of each document or other exhibit, including summaries of other evidence, separately identifying those which the party expects to offer and those
7	which the party may offer if the need arises."
8	NRCP 16.1(a)(3). The policy underlying NRCP 16.1 "serves to place all parties on an even playing
9	field and to prevent trial by ambush or unfair surprise." Sanders v. Sears-Page, 131 Nev. Adv.
10	Op. 50, 354 P.3d 201, 212 (Nev. Ct. App. 2015).
	If a party fails to disclose a document or exhibit before trial as so required, the trial court
11	"shall" impose certain sanctions, including prohibiting the use of that document or exhibit. NRCP
12	16.1(e)(3)(B) permits exclusion of evidence not produced in compliance with disclosure deadlines.
13	Moreover, NRCP 37(c)(1) provides that "[a] party that without substantial justification fails to
14	disclose information required by Rule 16.1is not, unless such failure is harmless, permitted to
15	use as evidence at a trialany witness or information not so disclosed." NRCP 37(c)(1).
16	The rules and their applicability to the instant issue is clear. The Court was in error to rule
	otherwise. See, e.g. Cooter & Gell v. Hartmarx Corp., 496 U.S. 384, 405 (1990) ("A district court
17	would necessarily abuse its discretion if it based its ruling ona clearly erroneous assessment of
18	the evidence."), superseded by rule on other grounds, Fed. R. Civ. P. 11; Finner v. Hurless, No.
19	70656, **6-7 (Nev. App. 2018) (unreported) (district court correctly prohibited use of undisclosed
20	deposition transcript for impeachment purposes in cross examination of medical expert).
21	Sanctions are warranted for failure to comply with discovery obligations unless the delayed
22	disclosures are substantially justified or harmless. JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. v. SR Investments
	Pool 1, LLC, No. 76952 (Nev., March 2, 2020), citing NRCP 37(c)(1). A party cannot use at trial
23	any witness or information not disclosed unless one of these terms are met. Capanna v. Orth, 134
24	Nev. 888, 894, 432 P.3d 726, 733 (2018). In JPMorgan, the Nevada Supreme Court upheld the
25	district court's decision to strike evidence that was not properly disclosed before trial where such
26	evidence related to a "pivotal and dispositive" issue in the case and the failure to timely disclose
27	was not substantially justified or harmless. Id., at *2.
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	- 8 -

Here, the Court failed in its duty to ensure Plaintiffs' case was not prejudiced by Defendant's failure to abide by the discovery rules. Its failure to do so was prejudicial error, requiring reversal and remand for a new trial. See, i.e. Wiggins v. State of Mississippi, 733 So. 2d 872, 874 (Miss. App. 1999) (trial court committed reversible error when it allowed testimony to continue after counsel objected that the opposing party had failed to produce the document at issue).

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D. Violation of Rules of Evidence - NRS 50.085

In addition, the Court allowed reputation evidence – which this plainly was, as the topic of the article was not at issue nor was it discussed other than to attempt to wrongfully paint Dr. Marmureanu one of the "worst" surgeons in California – for impeachment purposes, even though NRS 50.085 specifically excludes evidence of reputation to show "truthfulness or untruthfulness". NRS 50.085(2) ("Evidence of the reputation of a witness for truthfulness or untruthfulness is inadmissible.")

12 Further, NRS 50.085(3) states that "[s]pecific instances of the conduct of a witness, for the 13 purpose of attacking or supporting the witness's credibility, other than conviction of crime, may not be proved by extrinsic evidence". NRS 50.085(3). Such conduct may be inquired into on 14 cross-examination of a witness only if relevant to truthfulness.² See, i.e. Collman v. State, 116 15 Nev. 687, 7 P.3d 426, 436 (2000); *McKee v. State*, 112 Nev. 642, 646, 917 P.2d 940, 943 (1996) 16 (it is error to allow impeachment of a witness with extrinsic evidence relating to a collateral 17 matter). "Collateral facts are by nature outside the controversy or are not directly connected with 18 the principal matter or issue in dispute." Lobato v. State, 120 Nev. 512, 518, 96 P.3d 765, 770 19 (2004).

Mr. Weaver's attempt to use the article reporting prior negative surgical outcomes in 20 coronary bypass procedures - which is not the procedure at issue in this case - to attack Dr. 21 Marmureanu's credibility was improper. The article was extrinsic evidence, the matter was 22 collateral and truthfulness/untruthfulness was not the subject of inquiry. Dr. Marmureanu's skill 23 as a coronary bypass surgeon is absolutely irrelevant to his credibility as an expert witness in this 24 matter. This irrelevancy is compounded by the fact that the article's contents were misrepresented

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² "Specific instances of the conduct of a witness, for the purpose of attacking or supporting the witness's credibility, 26 other than conviction of crime, may not be proved by extrinsic evidence. They may, however, if relevant to truthfulness, be inquired into on cross-examination of the witness or on cross-examination of a witness who testifies 27 to an opinion of his or her character for truthfulness or untruthfulness, subject to the general limitations upon relevant evidence and the limitations upon interrogation and subject to the provisions of NRS 50.090." NRS 50.085(3).

by defense counsel during questioning. This is precisely the type of collateral issue that the rules
 deem inadmissible.

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E.

Motion for a New Trial Standard – NRCP 59

Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 59 states in pertinent part that:

"The court may, on motion, grant a new trial on all or some of the issues – and to any party – for any of the following causes or grounds materially affecting the substantial rights of the moving party: (A) irregularity in the proceedings of the court, jury, master, or adverse party or in any order of the court or master, or any abuse of discretion by which either party was prevented from having a fair trial; (B) misconduct of the jury or prevailing part; (C) accident or surprise that ordinary prudence could not have guarded against..."

9 NRCP 59(a)(1)(A)-(C).

10 Here, Mr. Weaver cross-examined Dr. Marmureanu with an article that had not been 11 produced or made known to Plaintiffs' counsel before the cross-examination occurred. Mr. 12 Weaver misrepresented the contents of the article during his questioning of Dr. Marmureanu in 13 order to diminish the doctor's credibility with the jury. He then failed to produce the article even 14 after Dr. Marmureanu repeatedly asked to see it from the stand. The Court overruled Plaintiffs' 15 counsel's objection and failed to admonish Mr. Weaver or the jury. Instead, the Court allowed 16 17 Mr. Weaver to continue with the improper line of questioning, declined to order production of the 18 article, and suggested that Plaintiffs' counsel could simply find the article on-line himself at a later 19 time. This was an erroneous response in violation of the rules. The elements of irregularity in 20 proceedings by the court and by the adverse party, misconduct of the prevailing party and unfair 21 surprise have been met in accordance with NRCP 59. 22

Dr. Marmureanu was Plaintiffs' expert witness for purposes of vascular surgery and emergency medicine. He was Plaintiffs' only testifying expert witness in a complex medical malpractice claim. Such cases are dependent upon expert testimony. NRS 41A.100; *Fernandez v. Admirand*, 108 Nev. 963, 969, 843 P.2d 345, 358 (1992) (expert testimony is necessary in a medical malpractice case "unless the propriety of the treatment, or lack of it, is a matter of common

knowledge of laymen"). Plaintiffs' only medical expert which supported their claims was 1 2 wrongfully discredited on the stand without means for rehabilitation resulting in prejudicial error. 3 See, i.e. Las Vegas Paving Corp. v. Coleman (affirming district court's grant of a new trial where 4 admission of improper testimony "almost certainly prejudiced the jury because it was the only 5 evidence that supported (plaintiff's) contention – one that played a significant role in its closing 6 argument to the jury", as but for the error, a different result might reasonably have been expected). 7 As the article was never produced or entered into evidence as an exhibit, it was impossible for the 8 9 jury to understand the substantial misrepresentations which had occurred. Due to the irregularity 10 in the proceedings occasioned by Mr. Weaver's conduct and the subsequent ruling by the Court, 11 which abused its discretion by overruling Plaintiffs' counsel's objections to such conduct, 12 Plaintiffs' substantial rights were materially affected, which prevented them from having a fair 13 trial and resulted in a defense verdict. 14

See, i.e. Lioce v. Cohen, 124 Nev. 1, 174 P.3d 970, 981 (2008) (where party moving for 15 new trial based on purported attorney misconduct demonstrates that the district court erred by 16 17 overruling the party's objection and an admonition to the jury would likely have affected the 18 verdict in favor of the moving party, a new trial is warranted). "In this, the court must evaluate 19 the evidence and the parties' and the attorneys' demeanor to determine whether a party's 20 substantial rights were affected by the court's failure to sustain the objection and admonish the 21 jury." *Id.* Where an attorney encourages jurors to look beyond relevant facts in deciding the case, 22 misconduct has occurred. *Id.*, at 6, 973. When an attorney commits misconduct and the opposing 23 party objects, the district court should sustain the objection and admonish the jury and counsel, 24 25 respectively, by advising the jury about the impropriety of counsel's conduct and reprimanding or 26 cautioning counsel against such misconduct. Id., at 17, 980.

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Error is unfairly prejudice where the aggrieved party demonstrates from the record that but 2 for the error, a different result "might reasonably have been expected". Hallmark v. Eldridge, 124 3 Nev. 492, 505, 189, P.3d 646, 654 (2008). Had Dr. Marmureanu not been unfairly confronted 4 with an unproduced article regarding a collateral issue, the contents of which Mr. Weaver grossly 5 misrepresented before the jury, the outcome may very well have been different. Had the Court 6 sustained Plaintiffs' counsel's objection, prohibited the use of the article in question – or in the 7 alternative, ordered production of the article - and admonished the jury, the outcome may very 8 9 well have been different. A new trial is warranted.

10 Moreover, Plaintiffs were unavoidably unfairly surprised to their detriment when Mr. 11 Weaver began cross-examining Dr. Marmureanu about an article which was never disclosed, 12 produced or made available to the witness or Plaintiffs' counsel at trial. In the exercise of ordinary 13 prudence or otherwise, Plaintiffs' counsel could not have guarded against this occurrence 14 beforehand and once his objection was overruled, the harm was complete. The Nevada Supreme 15 Court has explained that surprise materially affects the substantial rights of an aggrieved party 16 17 where it "result[s] from some fact, circumstance, or situation in which a party is placed 18 unexpectedly, to his injury, without any default or negligence of his own, and which ordinary 19 prudence could not have guarded against. Havas v. Haupt, 94 Nev. 591, 593, 583 P.2d 1094, 1095 20 (1978). This was not a situation where Plaintiffs knew in advance of trial that the article would be 21 used by defense counsel and failed to take action to protect their interests. Its use during Dr. 22 Marmureanu's cross-examination was completely unexpected, the unfairness of which was 23 compounded by Mr. Weaver's refusal to produce the article to the witness or Plaintiffs' counsel 24 25 during questioning and the Court's refusal to correct the situation. Therefore, a claim of unfair 26 surprise under the rule will lie. Id., at 593, 1095-96.

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1	III. CONCLUSION	
2	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request that a new trial be ordered due to the	
2	aforementioned violations of NRCP 16.1 and NRS 50.085. The requirements of NRCP 59 have	
	been met.	
4	DATED this <u>7th</u> day of April, 2020.	
5	ATVINGON WATVING & HOPEMANN, LID	
6	ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMANN, LLP	
7	/s/ E. Breen Arntz. Esa.	
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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
2	I hereby certify that I am an employee of ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMANN, LLP	
3	and that on the <u>7th</u> day of April, 2020, I caused to be served via Odyssey, the Court's mandatory	
4	efiling/eservice system a true and correct copy of the document described herein.	
5	Document Served: <u>PLAINTIFFS' NRCP 59 MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL</u>	
6		
7	Person(s) Served:	
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25		
26	/s/ Erika Jimenez	
27	An Employee of Atkinson Watkins & Hoffmann, LLP	
28		
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EXHIBIT 1

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FierceHealthcare

Practices

California hits nerve by singling out cardiac surgeons with higher patient death rates

by Anna Gorman, Kaiser Health News | Jul 17, 2017 11:42am



A public database of California heart surgeons identified physicians who had a higher-than-average death rate for patients who underwent a common bypass procedure.

Michael Koumjian, M.D., a heart surgeon for nearly three decades, said he considered treating the sickest patients a badge of honor. The San Diego doctor was frequently called upon to operate on those who had multiple illnesses or who'd undergone CPR before arriving at the hospital.

Recently, however, Koumjian received some unwelcome recognition: He was identified in a public database of California heart surgeons as one of seven with a higher-than-average death rate for patients who underwent a common bypass procedure.

"If you are willing to give people a shot and their only chance is surgery, then you are going to have more deaths and be criticized," said Koumjian, whose risk-adjusted death rate was 7.5 per 100



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surgeries in 2014-15. "The surgeons that worry about their stats just don't take those cases."

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Now, Koumjian said he is reconsidering taking such complicated cases because he can't afford to continue being labeled a "bad surgeon."

California is one of a handful of states-including New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey-that publicly reports surgeons' names and risk-adjusted death rates on a procedure known as the "isolated coronary artery bypass graft." The practice is controversial: Proponents argue transparency improves quality and informs consumers. Critics say it deters surgeons from accepting complex cases and can unfairly tarnish doctors' records.

"This is a hotly debated issue," said Ralph Brindis, M.D., a cardiologist and professor at UC-San Francisco who chairs the advisory panel for the state report. "But to me, the pros of public reporting outweigh the negatives. I think consumers deserve to have a right to that information."

Prompted by a state law, the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development began issuing the reports in 2003 and produces them every two years. Outcomes from the bypass procedure had long been used as one of several measures of hospital quality. But that marked the first time physician names were attached—and the bypass is still the only procedure for which such physicianspecific reports are released publicly in California.

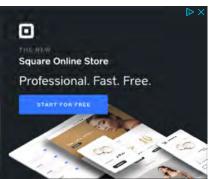
California's law was sponsored by consumer advocates, who argued that publicly listing the names of outlier surgeons in New York had appeared to bring about a significant drop in death rates from the bypass procedure. State officials say it has worked here as well: The rate declined from



About the Author



News Senior correspondent, Kaiser Health News



2.91 to 1.97 deaths per 100 surgeries from 2003 to 2014.

"Providing the results back to the surgeons, facilities and the public overall results in higher quality performance for everybody," said Holly Hoegh, manager of the clinical data unit at the state's health planning and development office.

Since the state began issuing the reports, the number of surgeons with significantly higher death rates than the state average has ranged from six to 12, and none has made the list twice. The most recent **report**, released in May, is based on surgeries performed in 2013 and 2014.

In this year's report, the seven surgeons with above-average death rates—out of 271 surgeons listed—include several veterans in the field. Among them were Daniel Pellegrini, M.D., chief of inpatient quality at Kaiser Permanente San Francisco and John M. Robertson, M.D., director of thoracic and cardiovascular surgery at Providence Saint John's Health Center in Santa Monica. Most defended their records, arguing that some of the deaths shouldn't have been counted or that the death rates didn't represent the totality of their careers. (Kaiser Health News, which produces California Healthline, is not affiliated with Kaiser Permanente.)

"For the lion's share of my career, my numbers were good and I'm very proud of them," said Pellegrini. "I don't think this is reflective of my work overall. I do think that's reflective that I was willing to take on tough cases."

During the two years covered in the report, Pellegrini performed 69 surgeries and four patients died. That brought his risk-adjusted rate to 11.48 deaths per 100, above the state average of 2.13 per 100 in that period.

Pellegrini said he supports public reporting, but he argues the calculations don't fully take the varying complexity of the cases into account and that a couple of bad outcomes can skew the rates.

Robertson said in a written statement that he had three very "complex and challenging" cases involving patients who came to the hospital with "extraordinary complications and additional unrelated conditions." They were among five deaths out of 71 patients during the reporting period, giving him an adjusted rate of 9.75 per 100 surgeries. "While I appreciate independent oversight, it's important for consumers to realize that two years of data do not illustrate overall results," Robertson said. "Every single patient is different."

The rates are calculated based on a nationally recognized method that includes deaths occurring during hospitalization, regardless of how long the stay, or anytime within 30 days after the surgery, regardless of the venue. All licensed hospitals must report the data to the state.

State officials said that providing surgeons' names can help consumers make choices about who they want to operate on them, assuming it's not an emergency.

"It is important for patients to be involved in their own health care, and we are trying to work more and more on getting this information in an easy-touse format for the man on the street," said Hoegh, of the state's health planning and development office.

No minimum number of surgeries is needed to calculate a rate, but the results must be statistically significant and are risk-adjusted to account for varying levels of illness or frailty among patients, Hoegh said.

She acknowledged that "a risk model can never capture all the risk" and said her office is always trying to improve its approach.

Surgeons sometimes file appeals—arguing, for example, that the risk was improperly calculated or that the death was unrelated to the surgery. The appeals can result in adjustments to a rate, Hoegh said.

Despite the controversy it generates, the public reporting is supported by the California Society of Thoracic Surgeons, the professional association representing the surgeons. No one wants to be on the list, but "transparency is always a good thing," said Junaid Khan, M.D., president of the society and director of cardiovascular surgery at Alta Bates Summit Medical Center in the Bay Area.

"The purpose of the list is not to be punitive," said Khan. "It's not to embarrass anybody. It is to help improve quality."

Khan added that he believes outcomes of other heart procedures, such as angioplasty, should also be publicly reported. Consumers Union, which sponsored the bill that led to the cardiac surgeon reports, supports expanding doctor-specific reporting to include a variety of other procedures — for example, birth outcomes, which could be valuable for expectant parents as they look for a doctor.

"Consumers are really hungry for physician-specific information," said Betsy Imholz, the advocacy group's special projects director. And, she added, "care that people receive actually improves once the data is made public."

But efforts to expand reporting by name are likely to hit opposition. Officials in Massachusetts, who had been reporting bypass outcomes for individual doctors, stopped doing it in 2013. Surgeons supported reporting to improve outcomes, but they were concerned that they were being identified publicly as outliers when they really were just taking on difficult cases, said Daniel Engelman, M.D., president of the Massachusetts Society of Thoracic Surgeons.

"Cardiac surgeons said, 'Enough is enough. We can't risk being in the papers as outliers," Engelman said.

Engelman said the surgeons cited research from New York showing that public reporting may have led surgeons to turn away high-risk patients. Hoegh said research has not uncovered any such evidence in California.

In addition to Koumjian, Robertson and Pellegrini, the physicians in California with higher-thanaverage rates were Philip Faraci, Eli R. Capouya, Alexander R. Marmureanu, Yousef M. Odeh. Capouya declined to comment.

Faraci, 75, said his rate (8.34 per 100) was based on four deaths out of 33 surgeries, not enough to calculate death rates, he said. Faraci, who is semiretired, said he wasn't too worried about the rating, though. "I have been in practice for over 30 years and I have never been published as a belowaverage surgeon before," he said.

Odeh, 45, performed 10 surgeries and had two deaths while at Presbyterian Intercommunity Hospital in Whittier, resulting in a mortality rate of 26.17 per 100. "It was my first job out of residency, and I didn't have much guidance," Odeh said. "That's a recipe for disaster." Odeh said those two years don't reflect his skills as a surgeon, adding that he has done hundreds of surgeries since then without incident.

Marmureanu, who operates at several Los Angeles-area hospitals, had a mortality rate of 18.04 based on three deaths among 22 cases. "I do the most complicated cases in town," he said, adding that one of the patients died later after being hit by a car.

"Hospital patients don't care" about the report. he said. "Nobody pays attention to this data other than journalists."

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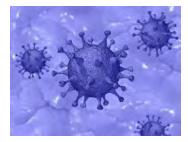


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EXHIBIT 2

1	IN THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
2	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
3	
4	DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A.) MOORE, individually and as)
5	husband and wife,)
6	Plaintiffs,)
7	vs.) CASE NO.)
8	JASON LASRY, M.D.,) A-17-766426-C individually; FREMONT EMERGENCY)
9	SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD.;) DEPT. NO. 25 TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN; and)
10	DOES I through X, inclusive;) and ROE CORPORATIONS I)
11	through V, inclusive,))
12	Defendants.)
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS OF JURY TRIAL P.M. SESSION TESTIMONY OF ALEXANDER MARMUREANU, M.D. BEFORE THE HONORABLE KATHLEEN E. DELANEY FRIDAY, JANUARY 31, 2020 APPEARANCES: For the Plaintiffs: E. BREEN ARNTZ, ESQ. HANK HYMANSON, ESQ. PHILIP M. HYMANSON, ESQ. For the Defendants: ROBERT C. MCBRIDE, ESQ. KEITH A. WEAVER, ESQ. ALISSA BESTICK, ESQ.
25	REPORTED BY: DANA J. TAVAGLIONE, RPR, CCR NO. 841

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1	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 31, 2020
2	1:57 P.M.
3	$* \ * \ * \ *$
4	Thereupon
5	ALEXANDER MARMUREANU, M.D.,
6	having been previously sworn to testify to the
7	truth, was examined and testified as follows:
8	
9	CROSS-EXAMINATION
10	BY MR. WEAVER:
11	Q. Good afternoon, Doctor.
12	A. Good afternoon, Mr. Weaver.
13	Q. Welcome to Las Vegas.
14	A. Thank you, sir. Much appreciated.
15	Q. I want to start off with a little bit of
16	apology in response to counsel earlier this morning.
17	You had mentioned that you were coming out of the
18	bathroom, I was going in. We shook hands. But I
19	didn't stop and chitchat. I did not mean it as any
20	slight. It's not my style, when I'm in trial, to
21	talk with the other side's expert. Fair enough?
22	A. Apology accepted.
23	Q. Thank you. Also, just to clarify something,
24	I'm sure would have got clarified later, but I can
25	just do it quick and easily.

1	When we were leaving off, before the lunch
2	break, I think you misspoke on the record, and I just
3	wanted to potentially clear it up so that the jury
4	might not get the wrong impression.
5	You mentioned that, at your deposition,
6	which was taken in my firm's downtown Los Angeles
7	office; correct?
8	A. I believe so. Yes, you're correct.
9	Q. And there was an attorney from Mr. McBride's
10	office there, Chelsea Hueth. Do you remember that?
11	A. That's correct.
12	Q. And do you remember what Ms. Hueth actually
13	said, which was not
14	MR. ARNTZ: Well, hold on. Before you
15	start to ask this question, we need to approach the
16	bench.
17	THE COURT: Okay.
18	(Bench conference.)
19	THE COURT: You didn't get too comfortable,
20	did you, folks? In all seriousness, once a bench
21	conference goes a little bit longer and we're really
22	trying to flesh some things out, it's just much
23	easier to do it without you all present. So if
24	you'll indulge us. You know your admonishment.
25	We'll note it on the record. I'm not going to read

1	it again. If you could just step outside for a few
2	minutes, we'll have you right back in. Okay?
3	THE MARSHAL: All rise for the jury.
4	(Jury exits the courtroom.)
5	THE COURT: Doctor, can I ask you to please
6	step back to
7	THE WITNESS: Of course. Go outside?
8	THE COURT: Into the alcove. There's a
9	little waiting room.
10	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
11	THE COURT: Okay. As is my practice, just
12	indulge me. I would like to, you know, summarize
13	the bench conference.
14	So what Mr. Arntz' concern expressed, when
15	he asked to approach, was that he believed that
16	Mr. Weaver was going to get into details, but also
17	just identification of potentially that what had
18	come out in the deposition was that Dr. Marmureanu
19	had been represented by Mr. McBride's law firm, not
20	that Mr. McBride's law firm had used him as an
21	expert, and that Mr. Weaver indicated that that
22	clarity was necessary because Dr. Marmureanu had
23	testified that it had come out in the deposition
24	that he had been used as an expert by Mr. McBride's
25	law firm.

I distinctly, from my personal recollection, recall Dr. Marmureanu testifying and going out of his way, in all candor, to testify to your firm and "you've used me" and clearly leaving this jury with the impression that Mr. McBride's law firm had used him as an expert at least once, if not more, in the past.

8 So my indication at the bench initially, as we were talking but before the conversation got more 9 10 detailed and concerns expressed about the level in which Mr. Weaver might inquire on this subject, 11 12 that's when I excused the jury so we could have a better discussion. But Mr. Weaver's response was, 13 14 you know, the clarity is necessary and that he was 15 not going to inquire into details of the 16 representation, but that he should be able to 17 clarify that there was representation.

Obviously, that's a very fine line to walk if these jurors are connecting to, and I don't know why they wouldn't be, that these attorneys represent doctors in medical malpractice cases and then cast aspersions indirectly that way on this witness.

23 So we are going to have to figure out how 24 we're going to address this, but my inclination is 25 still, at this moment, to indicate that there must

1	be some clarity because the doctor did volunteer
2	that information. I don't think it was responsive
3	to an inquiry of Mr. McBride, and he did appear to
4	leave the jury with the impression that his firm had
5	hired him as an expert, and if that's not the case,
6	we need to figure out how to get some clarification.
7	But, Mr. Arntz, let me let you flesh out your
8	argument, and then I'll hear from Mr. Weaver.
9	MR. ARNTZ: Look, I wasn't in fact, at
10	lunch, I cautioned him not to get cute volunteering
11	statements like that. But his statement was not in
12	the context of what was discussed in the deposition.
13	His statement was just a gratuitous, "Oh, and by the
14	way, you guys have hired me too." And this was
15	being discussed when he was talking about how much
16	things cost and so forth.
17	I don't have any recollection of it being
18	in the context of that being discussed in the
19	deposition. I agree that the only thing that was
20	discussed in the deposition was a disclosure by
21	Ms. Hueth that her firm had represented him before.
22	And she wanted to make sure it wasn't going to be a
23	conflict. But that statement that he made was just
24	a gratuitous statement of "Oh, and by the way, your
25	firm has hired me too."

1 THE COURT: Right. Gratuitous. Problematic in that way. 2 MR. ARNTZ: 3 I don't disagree that some clarity brought on by saying "But you represent 4 plaintiffs and/or you testified for plaintiffs, and 5 you've testified for defendants and so forth." 6 Τ don't see it opening the door to something that 7 8 happened at deposition where a disclosure was made 9 just so he would be comfortable having one of his 10 attorneys there. THE COURT: Let's role play here a second. 11 So if I were to limit Mr. Weaver's followup to 12 13 something along the lines of, you know, "Doctor, you testified earlier that you believed or remembered 14 15 that Mr. McBride's law firm had hired you as an 16 expert, if I were to indicate to you that there does 17 not appear to be any record of that being the case, would" --18 19 MR. ARNTZ: I don't know if that's true. Ι 20 don't think that's true. 21 THE COURT: Have you hired him as an 22 expert? 23 Our firm? MR. MCBRIDE: 24 THE COURT: I know you said you hadn't met him. 25 Has your firm? I mean, I know your firm is

1 pretty big. MR. MCBRIDE: I honestly don't know because 2 we have our firm --3 4 THE COURT: But it never came out in the 5 depo, so. MR. MCBRIDE: It never came out in the 6 depo, yeah. 7 8 MR. ARNTZ: The only thing that came out in 9 the depo was a disclosure. 10 THE COURT: Mr. Arntz, okay, but I wasn't finished. But, okay, fair enough. I'm trying to 11 12 figure out a way, because this clarity will occur, 13 how we do it. So I was trying to throw out an 14 option so you can shoot it down, if you want, but then what's your alternative? 15 16 well, if I had asked MR. ARNTZ: 17 Dr. Marmureanu, "Have you ever worked for any of the 18 defense firms" and he said yes, would that require 19 clarity? Because all he did was volunteer a 20 statement that wasn't responsive to a question that 21 still is true. 22 THE COURT: In Dr. Marmureanu's 23 testimony, I think it's more problematic because it 24 was gratuitous, volunteered, and it appeared to be 25 designed for exactly the effect that counsel is now

1	concerned about and wants clarity on.
2	Had you asked, would they be able to
3	clarify? You know, again, I mean, as we sit here
4	today, we can't be certain that he hasn't been used
5	by them as an expert. But, again, it never came up.
6	I would think that we would have that information,
7	if he had, but I guess we can't rule it out. But at
8	this point, you know, what he was talking about
9	appeared to be in the context because he said it
10	himself, "In the deposition, it came out."
11	He's very prone to want to say what he
12	thinks is in there, that he thinks is being kept
13	from the jury. I tried to admonish him, but he's
14	still doing it. And he made it clear that, in the
15	deposition, this is what it says. So maybe that's
16	how we clarify that, you know, "If I were to tell
17	you that there's no statement in the deposition that
18	this firm hired you as an expert, would you have
19	reason to question that at this time?"
20	MR. ARNTZ: How about striking that from
21	the record and just telling the jury
22	THE COURT: They heard it. You can't
23	unring the bell. There needs to be clarity.
24	MR. ARNTZ: But my point is let's assume
25	for a minute that it's true that he's been hired by

-	
1	Mr. McBride's firm to act as an expert. How does
2	the fact that, during the deposition, a disclosure
3	was made by Ms. Hueth that her firm had represented
4	him in the past clarify that? It doesn't clarify
5	that. If it's true that he has been retained by
6	them, talking about the fact that he's been
7	represented by that firm doesn't clarify that point.
8	THE COURT: I don't perceive that to be the
9	issue. I perceive the issue to be that there's no
10	evidence, from what they're telling me, from his
11	deposition which, by all accounts, was lengthy and
12	his C.V. and anything else to indicate that they had
13	hired him as an expert; although, again, we can't
14	completely rule it out, all that came up in the depo
15	was this other issue. He's referring to the depo.
16	So in the end of the day, you know, he's
17	talking about something that was in the depo that
18	wasn't there. Why is that clarity not appropriate?
19	MR. ARNTZ: Okay. I don't remember it that
20	way.
21	THE COURT: You remember which part?
22	MR. ARNTZ: I don't remember his gratuitous
23	comment being made in the context of this coming up
24	in the depo.
25	THE COURT: I heard it.

i	
1	MR. ARNTZ: Okay. I don't remember it that
2	way, but I still don't see how
3	THE COURT: Respectfully, I remember it.
4	You don't. We agree to disagree.
5	MR. ARNTZ: Yeah, no, that's fine. That's
6	not really relevant to the other point, which is I
7	don't see how him asking questions about having been
8	represented by that firm, just because that's what
9	came up in the depo sheds clarity on the statement
10	he made. If he asks that question and then I
11	follow-up by saying, "Well, Dr. Marmureanu, have you
12	been retained by Mr. McBride's firm?" Because then
13	that would clarify even further.
14	THE COURT: Maybe the better way to do it,
15	go about this, Mr. Arntz, and we need to get to
16	this, but I'm assuming your angst over this is
17	because you don't want it coming out these attorneys
18	who represent doctors in medical malpractices might
19	have represented him.
20	MR. ARNTZ: Right. So I'm giving you an
21	alternative where I'm limiting Mr. Weaver to just
22	asking the witness at least for now, we'll see
23	what his answer is but just asking the witness,
24	"You testified earlier that you believed it came out
25	in the deposition that Mr. McBride's firm had hired

you as an expert. If I were to tell you that we 1 reviewed this over the break and there doesn't 2 appear to be any indication in the deposition that 3 that is the case or that the dialogue in the 4 deposition was related to not that, you know, would 5 you have any reason to doubt that? Do you have any 6 7 better recollection of that at this time?" 8 Something so that it doesn't come up that 9 he was represented, but it comes up that there's 10 nothing in evidence that he was retained by them as an expert. Because he clearly gave testimony to the 11 12 jury that sounded like he had been retained by them 13 as an expert. 14 MR. ARNTZ: Right. So I guess maybe the reason I focus on what I have is because that seems 15 16 to be the focal point, has he been retained by this 17 firm, not whether it came up in the depo. But your 18 solution is fine with me, so long as they don't get 19 into representations. 20 THE COURT: I think there's a way. 21 Mr. Weaver, can you tell us, do you think 22 there's a way that you can inquire without --23 MR. WEAVER: I think, well, two things. Ι 24 think that there is a way I can inquire as long as it's clear that it's not just whether he has been 25

retained as an expert by Mr. McBride's firm, that he 1 has not, but the context of what he said in the 2 deposition is he had it wrong, No. 1. 3 But, No. 2, the Motion in Limine with 4 regard to lawsuits only applies to defendants. 5 SO if I ask him, I'm not intending to ask him questions 6 7 about Mr. McBride's representation any more than Mr. McBride was obviously, at the end, going to get 8 9 into his firm's representation. I could get into 10 questions about lawsuits that he's had, and there 11 have been plenty. But I certainly was not intending to get into questions about Mr. McBride's firm 12 13 representation. 14 The only thing that I can't live with is he gratuitously offered, implying that it was brought 15 up that he is an expert of Mr. McBride's firm when 16 17 the only thing that was brought up was not that, but 18 representation. 19 THE COURT: All right. So, you know, my 20 thought is that we do need to clarify his testimony. 21 The same, whether or not the Motion in Limine was 22 brought by a particular party on behalf of 23 particular parties, it's still the same concept 24 which is, you know, is it relevant and does it, is 25 it substantially outweighed by prejudice -- I

1	suppose, to some degree analysis, and I don't
2	think it should be revealed here that he was
3	represented by Mr. McBride's firm.
4	But the issue, I think by the way I'm
5	suggesting it be done, I think is resolved because
6	if you say and very clear, you know, "We reviewed
7	this over the break, and we see no indication of
8	that testimony being had or no indication of any,
9	you know, evidence in the deposition of them having,
10	you know, retained you as an expert. So, you know,
11	what you were testifying about does not appear to be
12	accurate in that regard, you know, would you agree
13	with that, or would you have some reason to doubt
14	that?"
15	Now, the issue is if he says something like
16	"Well, it may have been something different" or "I
17	may have been mistaken" or whatever, we can move on.
18	If he doubles down on it, then where do we go?
19	MR. ARNTZ: I'll tell him to just take his
20	medicine and we move on.
21	MR. MCBRIDE: And, Your Honor, just for
22	clarification too, you asked the question if I knew
23	if our firm has retained him, again, I don't know
24	specifically. At least from the deposition list
25	that he provided and trial testimony, I went through

1	that just now, that he attached from 2009 up to
2	2019, I don't see any reference to our firm as
3	being, representing him in those depositions or him
4	acting on behalf of our firm or any of the trials or
5	mediations that he's worked on. So just for that
6	THE COURT: Right. I mean, it doesn't
7	drive the train.
8	MR. MCBRIDE: Right.
9	THE COURT: The whole thing boils down to
10	me, and I understand Mr. Arntz and I remember this
11	differently, and maybe the other counsel do as
12	well you know, various people in the setting can
13	hear things differently is the whole conversation
14	was what was in the depo and what came out in the
15	depo. And I think if we limit it to what's in the
16	depo, we can solve this problem.
17	I think actually makes it worse, Mr. Arntz,
18	if it's not the case that it was him talking about
19	what's in the depo because then it's a little bit
20	more broad-based about how we can inquire. But I
21	think it can be corrected.
22	I think it can be corrected by "There's
23	nothing in the depo that would support your
24	recollection of you having a discussion about being
25	retained by Mr. McBride's firm." So, you know, "or

you being retained as an expert by Mr. McBride's 1 So if we indicate that to you, you know, 2 firm. would you stand corrected on that point, or could 3 you have possibly misremembered?" or something along 4 those lines. And, again, if he agrees, yes. 5 If he says "I don't remember" or "maybe I misremembered," 6 then we can move on. But like I said if he doubles 7 8 down and says "No, I'm quite certain I testified that they represent," then we might have to allow 9 some clarification. 10 MR. ARNTZ: Like I said, I don't think that 11 12 the prejudice that Mr. Weaver is talking about is 13 that it came up in the depo. He's talking about whether or not he's been hired by a defense firm. 14 and so I don't know -- I don't know how I see the 15 16 relevance of the depo. But I'm perfectly happy with 17 your solution, and I will tell him to --18 THE COURT: NO. 19 MR. ARNTZ: Because I don't think it's in 20 the depo either. So I'm happy --21 THE COURT: We're not going to have that issue again where we've had a dialogue about his 22 23 testimony. We're, you know, just going to have to 24 live with the answer and go from there. 25 But, Mr. Weaver, do you think you can make

1	that line of inquiry?
2	MR. WEAVER: Sure. I think that's the
3	perfect solution.
4	THE COURT: I hope. We'll see. Let's get
5	Dr. Marmureanu up in, Dr. "Marmureanu" here first.
6	I don't want to do an outside-the-presence voir dire
7	with him because it's just going to make it worse.
8	MR. P. HYMANSON: Your Honor, before we go,
9	if I could, Phil Hymanson. Very quickly, Your
10	Honor. So the representation from Mr. McBride's
11	firm is he can't say specifically whether they have
12	or have not, they're just at this point, they
13	don't know? Is that the understanding?
14	THE COURT: I mean, I think that's true.
15	MR. MCBRIDE: Yeah, I think that's true,
16	and I'm just going off also the top of that, what he
17	had listed.
18	MR. P. HYMANSON: When asking questions,
19	we'll hopefully move through it and move on, but if
20	we don't, then there's Step 2.
21	THE COURT: I mean, I think we've said that
22	a couple of times, but I appreciate you clarifying,
23	Mr. Hymanson, that we can't be certain, as we sit
24	here today, that he hasn't been retained by his firm
25	as an expert. We know he hasn't been retained by

Mr. McBride as an expert. But by his firm, no. 1 But what we can also be certain of is that 2 it does not appear to be what was discussed in the 3 depo; and when he testified, from his recollection, 4 that what was in the depo was that fact, that's what 5 we need to clarify. 6 MR. P. HYMANSON: Thank you. 7 MR. WEAVER: I'll limit it to that. 8 9 Thank you. THE COURT: Ask to approach if it goes 10 11 south. 12 (Jury enters the courtroom.) 13 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, ladies 14 and gentlemen. Have a seat. I'll invite everybody else to have a seat as well. We have resolved the 15 16 bench conference issue, and everybody in the jury 17 appears to be ready to proceed. 18 Dr. Marmureanu, could you please also, 19 again, acknowledge you understand you're still under 20 oath. 21 THE WITNESS: Yes, I do. 22 THE COURT: Thank you. And, Mr. Weaver, 23 whenever you're ready to resume. 24 MR. WEAVER: Thank you, Your Honor. 1 / / 25

1	BY MR. WEAVER:
2	Q. Dr. Marmureanu, I think I just want to cut
3	through the chase on something. Over the break, I
4	reviewed the deposition that you and I attended and
5	have refreshed my recollection that I don't believe
6	there's anything in your deposition that indicated
7	Mr. McBride's office has retained you as an expert,
8	which I think you said just before we went on the
9	lunch break.
10	Would it be fair to say that you just
11	misspoke when you said that and that it didn't come
12	up in the deposition, that that was the case?
13	A. It is unfair, sir. May I explain?
14	Q. So let me just stop you there for a minute.
15	So your recollection of the deposition is
16	there was a discussion about Mr. McBride's firm
17	retaining you as an expert? That's your recollection
18	of the deposition?
19	A. I don't have much of a recollection of the
20	issue that you brought up. That's not what I
21	referred to when I
22	Q. Well, I'm just asking you because the
23	testimony that you volunteered to Mr. McBride was
24	that, in the deposition, it came up that there was
25	something that related to comments on the record

about you being retained by Mr. McBride's firm as an 1 expert. Is it your recollection that that 2 conversation took place or not in the deposition? 3 I don't remember about talking about this 4 Α. during the deposition. May I explain what I was 5 referring to? 6 May we approach. 7 MR. WEAVER: NO. 8 THE COURT: Yes. (Bench conference.) 9 10 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Weaver. You can move on to another line of 11 12 questioning. 13 MR. WEAVER: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: I think we have that clear. 14 15 BY MR. WEAVER: 16 Dr. Marmureanu, I forget whether you said 0. 17 you reviewed the deposition of your co-expert in this 18 case, Dr. Jacobs. Have you or not? 19 Α. I did review it, sir. Yes. 20 Do you recall seeing in his deposition where Q. 21 he said the exact opposite of you this morning when you said: "The standard of care doesn't require the 22 23 Five Ps; nobody does that anymore, that the standard 24 of care requires a CT angiogram," and he said the 25 exact opposite?

Do you recall him saying nobody would have 1 done a CT angiogram in this case? 2 I do not recall that, sir. No absolutely 3 Α. 4 not. would it shock you? 5 0. wouldn't shock me. I just said I don't Α. 6 7 remember. Why wouldn't -- if that is his testimony, 8 Q. 9 why wouldn't it shock you that your co-expert in this 10 case says the exact opposite that you do, given that 11 in response to Mr. Arntz' questioning, you said 12 there's one standard of care when it comes to the 13 emergency medicine in this case? Because I truly believe you take it out of 14 Α. 15 context, and I would like you to show us exactly 16 what we're talking about before we make those 17 statements. 18 well, it's a statement that you made. **Q**. 19 You testified this morning that you're 20 qualified to offer opinions in emergency medicine, 21 even though you haven't been trained in emergency 22 medicine, because there's one standard of care. 23 So if there's one standard of care for you. 24 if there's one standard of care for Dr. Jacobs, if 25 there's one standard of care for Nurse Practitioner

1	Bartmus, if there's one standard of care for
2	Dr. Lasry, everybody should be on the same page, or
3	at least you and Dr. Jacobs should be on the same
4	page; correct?
5	MR. ARNTZ: Your Honor, I have an objection
6	as to this line of questioning regarding Dr. Jacobs'
7	deposition. It's hearsay, and we've had a motion on
8	this before trial started.
9	THE COURT: Mr. Weaver, do you want to
10	respond?
11	MR. WEAVER: Yes. What I respond to that
12	is he said he's reviewed that experts are able to
13	rely on anything of a serious matter, and I think
14	that given that the testimony that there's already
15	been, I think it's fair game.
16	MR. ARNTZ: Okay. He hasn't testified
17	here, and his deposition hasn't been read into the
18	record here.
19	THE COURT: Maybe you all get to have your
20	exercise. So come on up to the bench.
21	(Bench conference.)
22	THE COURT: All right. Thank you. We got
23	right up on that moment of having to start fresh.
24	But go ahead. Mr. Weaver, I think we have
25	an understanding of how to proceed with this line of

1 questioning. MR. WEAVER: Thank you, Your Honor. 2 3 BY MR. WEAVER: Dr. Marmureanu, you said that you reviewed 4 0. Dr. Jacobs' deposition. When did you last review it? 5 Probably last week. 6 Α. All right. And you reviewed it obviously in 7 Q. 8 preparation for being here today; correct? That's correct. 9 Α. 10 And vou reviewed it because it was material 0. sent to you by plaintiffs' counsel's office for you 11 12 to prepare for your deposition -- I'm sorry -- for 13 you to prepare for your trial testimony today; 14 correct? 15 That was sent to me way Α. NO. Not correct. 16 before the trial. So I review it because I felt I 17 need to review it. 18 Why did you feel it would be helpful to **Q**. 19 review it in preparation for your testimony today? That's who I am. I need to review every 20 Α. 21 piece of document that I can in order to formulate what I believe is the right opinion. 22 23 Okay. So you wanted to review all the 0. 24 materials that were provided to you in order to 25 support the opinions for which you're prepared to

1	testify to today, and that included Dr. Fish's (sic)
2	deposition; correct?
3	MR. ARNTZ: Not Dr. Fish. Dr. Jacobs.
4	BY MR. WEAVER:
5	Q. I'm sorry. Dr. Jacobs' deposition?
6	A. No, not really. I didn't review it in
7	order to help me support my opinions. I review it
8	in order to basically understand what was his
9	thought on the whole process. So then I decide
10	where it goes from there, but I don't review
11	documents I don't know ahead of time what's going
12	to happen with that review. Make sense?
13	Q. Do you agree with me that Dr. Jacobs'
14	opinions with regard to the violations of the
15	standard of care in this case are different from
16	yours?
17	A. No. I disagree with you.
18	Q. Okay. Is it your opinion, based on your
19	review of Dr. Jacobs' deposition, that your opinions
20	fit those of Dr. Jacobs?
21	A. By and large, yes, that's my opinion.
22	Q. In what ways don't they, other than that he
23	testified that there did not need to be a CT
24	angiogram? What additional ways don't they match, or
25	would we need to go through them all?

1	A. We will probably need to go through. If I
2	may explain, I do not believe that he said that
3	there is no need for a CT angiogram. I think you're
4	taking it out of context. What I believe he said,
5	he would follow-up with an arterial duplex
6	immediately after venous duplex, and he will decide
7	from there other ways of discovering if this graft
8	is open or not. In other words, by no means, when
9	we talk about Five Ps, that's historical medicine.
10	That address to physical exam, which is part of the
11	standard of care, but by itself, doesn't represent
12	the standard of care.
13	Standard of care, it's part of the
14	compilation. It's the physical exam, which you
15	could put the Five Ps in there. There are the
16	studies, and there is the management.
17	Q. Right. But Dr. Jacobs testified that no
18	reasonable practitioner in the emergency department
19	on December 25th, 2016, would have done a CT
20	angiogram. That's the exact opposite of what you're
21	saying; correct?
22	A. I do not believe you're truthful, sir. I
23	would like to see that.
24	Q. Okay. So you don't just think I'm wrong.
25	You think I'm not telling the truth

1	A. Either way.
2	Q about Dr. Jacobs?
3	A. Yeah, I would like to see that.
4	Q. So but you don't really need to see it
5	because you're sure I'm just not telling the truth
6	about what he testified to; right?
7	A. Well, to the best of my recollection, I
8	remember you and him talking about it. I truly
9	believe that he said that perhaps, to the best of my
10	recollection, as an initial step, he wouldn't have
11	ordered it. He would have perhaps ordered it after.
12	It's not about CT angiogram. It's any sort of
13	angiogram. I would like to see that, if possible.
14	Q. Right. But that's my point. Dr. Jacobs
15	said that in the emergency department, nobody had a
16	duty to order a CT angiogram. This morning, what you
17	testified to to the jury is that: The standard of
18	care isn't to do Five Ps; nobody does that anymore;
19	the standard of care was to do a CT angiogram.
20	A. Correct. I'm saying the same thing.
21	That's, standard of care, it's Five Ps, forward
22	slash, physical exam and angiograms. MR angiograms,
23	CT angiograms, or real angiogram. And I think, if I
24	recall correct, that's what the E.R. doctor said. I
25	would like

1	THE REPORTER: Was that "real" angiogram?
2	THE WITNESS: Or "regular" angiogram.
3	BY MR. WEAVER:
4	Q. Dr. Marmureanu, do you have an opinion of
5	how many cardiovascular surgeons there are in
6	California, roughly?
7	A. No, sir.
8	Q. A few hundred?
9	A. Probably. Could be.
10	Q. Your understanding?
11	Okay. And you testified this morning that
12	anytime you're doing heart surgery, it includes
13	vascular. So if you're doing heart surgery, the
14	cardiac part, it also includes vascular. So that
15	it's cardiovascular; correct?
16	A. That's right. It's yes, sir.
17	Q. And, Dr. Marmureanu, have you heard the term
18	"Pot calling the kettle black"?
19	A. I'm sorry. What did you say?
20	Q. Do you know what the term "Pot calling the
21	kettle black" means?
22	A. No, sir.
23	Q. How about the term "People who live in glass
24	houses shouldn't throw stones"? Ever heard of that?
25	A. No, sir.

In 2017, the State of California declared 1 Q. that you are one of the seven worst cardiovascular 2 surgeons in the entire state out of hundreds; 3 correct? 4 Incorrect. sir. I would like to see that. 5 Α. So is it your testimony, Dr. Marmureanu, 6 0. 7 that the office of -- the California Office of 8 Statewide Health Planning and Development didn't 9 issue a report that listed you in the top 3 percent 10 of the worst cardiovascular surgeons in California? You're untruthful and incorrect, again, 11 Α. 12 sir. 13 Okay. So what would you need to be Q. convinced that that report exists? 14 15 Α. Show it. 16 Okay. We'll come back to that. Q. 17 Go ahead. Α. 18 Let me do what's called "lay a little 0. 19 foundation." So do you know what the "California 20 Society of Thoracic Surgeons" is? 21 Very well. Α. Okay. And you don't believe that the 22 Q. 23 president of the California Society of Thoracic 24 Surgeons supported a report that identified you as 25 one of the top seven worst cardiovascular surgeons in

California; correct? 1 Not only do I don't believe, I'm saying 2 Α. you're wrong. 3 And I would also be wrong if you told a 4 0. reporter for Kaiser News that, in effect, hospital 5 patients don't care if they're, in your case, nine 6 times more likely to die under your care? 7 That's not what I said. You're not telling 8 Α. 9 the truth again. 10 Did you say something to that effect, that 0. hospital patients don't care about that report; the 11 12 only people who care about the data are the journalists? 13 That could be. 14 Α. 15 But it's in the context of the report that, 0. 16 out of 271 cardiovascular surgeon in California, 17 found you one of the worst seven? 18 Α. It's absolutely not true. And, I mean, I 19 don't want to judge upset, but I think it's 20 despicable what you're saying. 21 And would it also be despicable if Hollywood **0**. Presbyterian Hospitals got one of the worst rankings 22 23 as a hospital because of your ranking by the State of California's Office of Statewide Health Planning and 24 25 Development?

1 That's not true again, sir. You will have Α. to show me. 2 Okav. We'll come back to that. 3 Q. 4 Sir, you're saying no such report exists; right? 5 well, not what you said. What you said 6 Α. 7 doesn't exist. You are wrong about the year; you 8 are wrong about the report; you are wrong what the 9 report says, and I'm not sure if you're doing it on 10 purpose or just you don't know enough about it. well, I read the report. What does it say? 11 0. 12 Well, you're familiar --13 Α. Allow me to explain. I can explain. 14 MR. ARNTZ: Your Honor, he's not laying the 15 proper foundation. 16 Hold on. There's an objection THE COURT: 17 posed, and I'm going to have counsel back at the 18 bench so we can try to resolve it more quickly. 19 (Bench conference.) 20 THE COURT: The objection is overruled. 21 You may proceed, Mr. Weaver. 22 BY MR. WEAVER: 23 Dr. Marmureanu, you were quoted, weren't Q. you, after the report came out, by a reporter from 24 25 Kaiser Health News where you were identified in a

news report based on the California Office of 1 Statewide Health Planning and Development where you 2 were asked questions about your ranking in that 3 report; correct? 4 Can you repeat the question. 5 Α. Sure. Tell me what your understanding is of 6 Q. the report that came out in 2017, from the California 7 8 Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development, that identified you in the "worst" category. 9 10 There were 265 cardiovascular surgeons in one category, and you and six others were in a 11 category that was labeled "worst." A California 12 13 state document. Are you denying that? Can you, when you say "worst," what are you 14 Α. referring to? 15 16 The state put you in a category that they 0. 17 labeled you as "worst." Do you admit that or deny 18 that? 19 Α. I'm asking you when you say "worst," 20 "worst" in which? What kind of "worst"? What 21 category of "worst"? "Worst" in the context of you having nine 22 Q. 23 times the state average of deaths following CABGs. Tell the jury what a "CABG" is. 24 25 All right. May I explain, sir? Α.

i	
1	Q. Sure. Tell the jury what a "CABG" is.
2	A. So first of all, I truly believe you're
3	totally incorrect, or I'm not sure. Maybe you don't
4	even know what you're saying. We have to look at
5	the report. But here is what he's trying to say.
6	"CABG" means "coronary artery bypass grafting."
7	Most of the people people have heart attacks.
8	Instead of having a clotted graft, they have a
9	clotted artery. They get rushed to the hospital.
10	We talk this called "stemi"
11	(Reporter request.)
12	THE WITNESS: It's called a "stemi,"
13	S-T-E-M-I.
14	THE REPORTER: Please begin the sentence
15	again, and speak more slowly. I apologize.
16	THE WITNESS: Sure. S-T-E-M-I. I don't
17	remember. It's about stemi.
18	So people whose heart attacks come to the
19	hospital, they're being brought by the ambulance to
20	the hospital; and at that point, we talked about the
21	committees that address the fact that this is an
22	emergency. We have to operate on those patients or
23	do some sort of percutaneous intervention on them
24	within 30 to 90 minutes. The operation that they
25	usually get is called "coronary artery bypass

1	grafting." Sounds "CABG." It's not a fancy, but
2	that side the way it is.
3	So the report is from 2013 and not 2017.
4	I've actually had zero mortalities the last seven
5	years. That's a zero. In that year, in 2013,
6	because I cover nine hospital, and most of the busy
7	doctors and the best doctors in town tend to address
8	and to operate on the sickest patients. We don't
9	pick and choose, but we are the first and the last
10	line of defense. We are the one operating on people
11	with chest pain, with the heart being almost dead,
12	with the vessels be blocked with the balloon pumps
13	in them.
14	The family is there. The cardiologist said
15	"It's nothing that you can do." The easiest thing
16	to do is to deny the case and go and play golf, or
17	you do the case, you spend 18 hours there, and you
18	try to save his life. So in 2013, they decide to
19	look at 30 days mortality. 30 days mortality is, by
20	California, S-T-S, means any patient that died
21	within 30 days for any cause.
22	I've had a patient that was hit by a bus.
23	I had a patient that had a stroke post update 25
24	because of anticoagulation. I had a few patients
25	that died before dissection. The whole heart

1 exploded. The whole aorta exploded, torn apart. So during that procedure, because every I have to 2 reconstruct, I actually put a graft from the aorta 3 to the heart, and suddenly went into this category 4 So my mortality that year was in 30 days. 5 of CABG. No patient ever died on the O.R. table. They were 6 always in 15 days to 30 days. 7

8 We had an issue with California Society of Cardiothoracic Surgery, it's plain stupid to blame a 9 10 surgeon -- and nobody blamed the surgeon. The data 11 is not blaming surgeon. It's that surgeon, in that 12 year, had a higher mortality that his colleagues 13 with they not taking call the way I do in three very busy hospitals. And there was all those sick 14 15 patients.

16 So that happens. I gave them an interview. 17 Some of the best cardiac surgeons in Los Angeles, 18 the busiest guy are part of this group, and we're 19 happy because we don't turn patient down. We know 20 they will die if we don't do them. If we do them, 21 they had a chance. Nobody died on the O.R. table, died weeks after. And currently there is a big 22 23 issue with covering this kind of data because the 24 public has to be informed.

25

This is not a blame on the surgeons,

1	otherwise nobody would operate, because misinformed
2	people will take those tables that they don't know
3	what "worst" is about. So it's about, in 2013, I
4	had a few more mortalities, 20 to 30 days postop.
5	Those are patients that are home. One of them got
6	hit by a bus in Vegas, and those death within
7	30 days. So no, I don't think I'm a bad surgeon,
8	no.
9	BY MR. WEAVER:
10	Q. Dr. Marmureanu, the study was not in 2013.
11	A. 2013.
12	Q. No, it wasn't. The surgeries were in 2014
13	and 2015, and the report was in 2017.
14	A. May I see it?
15	Q. I don't have it with me. I have the
16	reports. You know why I don't have it with me
17	because it's all online, and it's all online for the
18	world to see, and it's never had to be corrected
19	because this is the first time you've ever claimed
20	that one of your patients is included in that
21	mortality rate by being hit by a bus.
22	That's not true, is it?
23	A. It's no, it's been I actually claimed
24	this before, even during the interview.
25	Q. You claimed somebody got hit buy a car. Now

1you're claiming they got hit by a bus in L2A. It's the same thing. It's car or3yes.4Q. Okay. So the people who compile5state employees whose job it is, at the Of6Statewide Health Planning and Development,7don't you, that they didn't just calculate8deaths from patients by surgeons like you9coronary artery bypass surgery. You know10risk stratified them so that it's apples f11correct.12A. More or less, but you can't reall13re-stratify a death. A death is a death.14Q. Right. But my point is when you'15to tell the jury that you're actually one16cardiovascular surgeons in Los Angeles, bu17reason you got tagged as being one of the18in the entire state out of hundreds is bec19take harder cases.20The report risk-stratified the ca	a bus, the fice of you agree,
yes. Q. Okay. So the people who compile state employees whose job it is, at the Of Statewide Health Planning and Development, don't you, that they didn't just calculate deaths from patients by surgeons like you coronary artery bypass surgery. You know risk stratified them so that it's apples f correct. A. More or less, but you can't reall re-stratify a death. A death is a death. Q. Right. But my point is when you' to tell the jury that you're actually one cardiovascular surgeons in Los Angeles, bu reason you got tagged as being one of the in the entire state out of hundreds is bec take harder cases.	the fice of you agree,
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	ause you
20 The report risk-stratified the ca	
	ses so that
21 it took into account these extra sick pati	ents that
22 you're talking about you're getting labele	d as being
23 in the worst category for.	
24 A. Absolutely incorrect, sir.	
25 Q. Okay. What's incorrect about the	
	report

risk-stratifying and risk-adjusting so it's apples to 1 apples and not just your claim you had more 2 mortalities because of people who got hit by a bus or 3 who were sicker to start? 4 well, it was restratified, but you cannot 5 Α. restratify mortality. Those are not my mortalities. 6 7 Those are hospital patients that came in very sick 8 that I've operated on them and within two, three, 9 four weeks, they died from -- not from surgical 10 They have nothing to do with me. issues. 11 Q. Okay. 12 Nothing. And that's what the report says. Α. 13 Unfortunately, you interpret the wrong way. 14 Wait. The report does not say it has Q. 15 nothing to do with you. It says the opposite. Ιt 16 says it's all about you. 17 No, you're incorrect again. Absolutely Α. 18 not. The report deals with 30 days mortality after 19 surgery, and it turns that some -- I had more 20 patients than the average. I do 3 to 500 cases 21 per year, sir. So I do more complicated cases than 22 the average surgeon. 23 So that's three weeks mortality, somebody 24 dies from a stroke or falls down in the bathroom. 25 This is not attributed to the surgeon. It deals

1	with the mortality after surgery, and some of those
2	are my patients. But it doesn't say I'm the worst
3	surgeon than the guy who did only three cases and
4	nobody died.
5	Q. It does.
6	A. No, it doesn't.
7	Q. Because it takes the it says, out of
8	100 patients who get surgery, 100 patients who get
9	surgery, you have nine times the rate of patients who
10	die.
11	A. I will need to see that. But, again, those
12	are not my patients. Sir, those are hospital
13	patients, yes, that I operate on; and then they go
14	back to other facilities, and for whatever reason,
15	they aspirate, they get pulmonary embolus; they get
16	a stroke, or they get hit by a car. I said car or a
17	bus. I think it was a bus actually. So I did say
18	before that. So this has nothing to do with the
19	surgical skill.
20	MR. WEAVER: Okay. I don't have any
21	additional questions. Thank you, sir.
22	THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Arntz.
23	MR. ARNTZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
24	What exhibit is that? Is that 104? I
25	don't think it's in. I'd like to move for the

admission of Exhibit 104. 1 THE COURT: Joint Exhibit 104 is being 2 moved for admission. Any objection? 3 4 MR. WEAVER: One moment, Your Honor, 5 please. THE COURT: That's fine. Can you identify 6 7 generally what it is, Mr. Arntz. 8 MR. ARNTZ: I'm only going to use one letter from it. 9 THE COURT: Whose records they are, what it 10 11 is so that they can get --12 MR. WEAVER: It's Dr. Irwin. MR. ARNTZ: Dr. Irwin. 13 THE COURT: Thank you. Any objection? 14 15 MR. MCBRIDE: No objection. 16 MR. WEAVER: No objection, Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Exhibit, Joint Exhibit 104 is 18 admitted. You may inquire. 19 (Whereupon Joint Exhibit No. 104 was 20 admitted into evidence.) 21 22 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. ARNTZ: 23 24 Dr. Marmureanu, I'm going to put up a letter Q. 25 here. Have you seen this letter?

1	A. Yes, sir. I think it's from Dr. Wiencek,
2	yeah.
3	Q. Okay. And I'll refresh your memory that in
4	December of 2014, Mr. Moore was hospitalized for a
5	blood clot, and so this is probably three or four
6	weeks after that hospitalization, maybe a month.
7	And I'd like to draw your attention specifically
8	to it seems as though I was wrong about the DVT,
9	the emphasis I put on that.
10	But let me ask you something: First of all,
11	what is the importance of the fact that the DVT was
12	the primary differential diagnosis?
13	A. Well, like I said, DVT should have been
14	part of differential diagnosis, but it should have
15	never been the first thing. A DVT, or a deep vein
16	thrombosis, below the knee, more likely than not
17	will not kill a patient or make him lose a leg.
18	Arterial insufficiency, ischemia, it will do that.
19	In other words, there is a differential
20	diagnosis. There are things that you have in your
21	mind when you work out a patient. The standard of
22	care in this patient, because of his prior arterial
23	insufficiency history, should have been, the No. 1
24	should have been leg ischemia. Not only wasn't
25	No. 1, not only wasn't No. 2, wasn't 3, wasn't on

1 the list.

25

T	the list.
2	So even though I don't believe there was a
3	problem ruling out actually, I think it's good to
4	rule out the deep vein thrombosis, my issue is that
5	there was nothing done.
6	Q. And once the ultrasound came back with a
7	blocked arterial graft, what does the standard of
8	care indicate that they should have done at that
9	point?
10	A. At that point, they need to continue the
11	workup. It's not the Five Ps. It's not the
12	physical exam only. It's something needs to be
13	done. All his symptoms, all his complaints lead
14	toward an arterial problem, not the venous problem.
15	And at that point, you know that basically, again,
16	it's impossible to have normal pulses.
17	He never had pulses before the bypass. And
18	the bypass is done, according to that ultrasound, he
19	definitely didn't have pulses by Doppler, definitely

19 definitely didn't have pulses by Doppler, definitely 20 not palpable. So at that point, you will need to do 21 some sort of an imaging study. You can't -- would 22 be fair to say, you have a venous duplex for the 23 veins. You want to get an arterial duplex for the 24 arteries, which will show it's blocked.

And at that point, you need to get an

angiogram, which will basically be as a roadmap, 1 2 clearly will show you where the blockage is, what's blocked, how deep, et cetera. And then obviously 3 you have to treat it, start medical management, 4 medication, Heparin. That stops the more clot from 5 being formed versus TPA, which is a clot buster. 6 7 Call intervention radiology to start those. Call 8 vascular to hopefully try the percutaneous open or do any sort of procedures. 9 You saw other letters from Dr. Wiencek where 10 0. 11 he talks about good pulses. 12 what was significant by what you read in those records about those pulses? 13 14 It's very interesting because his own Α. 15 surgeon who knows him the best -- he evaluated him, 16 he done the bypasses -- never used the word 17 "palpable." Never. Because the pulses were never 18 palpable. He used "very good pulses," which we're 19 happy to have them, by Doppler. You put it. You find it where you do it, and then you hear (witness 20 21 makes sound). They're palpable -- well, they're 22 Dopplerable pulses. 23 So his surgeon is saying that, before the 24 bypass, there were no pulses, Doppler or palpable. 25 After the bypass, we've looked at the report, there

1	was Dopplerable in one area. And I think in this
2	letter, if I recall correct, he's saying that
3	they're good pulses by Doppler while the graft is
4	open. While the graft is closed it's right
5	here he had excellent pulses in the foot, current
6	by Doppler. In other words, they're not palpable.
7	Nobody uses the machine if you can feel them.
8	So it's very difficult for me to understand
9	or actually it's impossible to say that even after
10	the bypass, there were only pulses by Doppler, and
11	before the bypass, there were no pulses at all.
12	Once a bypass is down, and we know from the venous
13	duplex that the bypass is closed, there are no
14	pulses. They can't be.
15	The blood there's no way that you can
16	get blood in that area to have pulses, even by
17	Doppler. So go a step further to have palpable
18	pulses, this patient never had palpable pulses.
19	Obviously it's wrong. It's impossible.
20	Q. All right. Anything discussed during your
21	cross-examination change any of your opinions?
22	A. Other than his statements are wrong in
23	regards to study. The study doesn't say that my
24	mortalities is nine times more. That's incorrect.
25	It's not truthful, and everything else, I disagree

1	with all his statement. I don't have anything else.
2	Q. In regards to your opinions, have your
3	opinions changed in any way?
4	A. Absolutely not.
5	MR. ARNTZ: Okay. That's all I have.
6	MR. MCBRIDE: No questions.
7	MR. WEAVER: No questions.
8	THE COURT: May I see, by a show of hands,
9	if there are any jurors who have questions for this
10	witness. I believe that there was a reference made
11	on the lunch break that there might be a question
12	for this witness. Then we'd ask the marshal to make
13	sure that you write it down and have it ready.
14	If there are questions, please prepare
15	them. I'm just going to remind you to make sure
16	your name and badge number, for the current seat you
17	are in, is on the question and that you use the
18	entire piece of paper.
19	Can I just see a show of hands right now
20	how many questions we have. Two. Looks like two
21	people have questions. Okay. Finish them up, and
22	whenever you're ready to hand them in, you'll give
23	them to the marshal. She'll bring them forward.
24	I don't know if you notice, our marshal
25	shrunk a little bit.

She's probably just as strong 1 MR. MCBRIDE: though. 2 3 THE COURT: Oh, my money is on her. Did you get the one that --4 THE MARSHAL: Yeah, she's still writing. 5 THE COURT: She's still writing. 6 You getting close there, Juror No. 8? 7 8 Thank you. All right. May I have counsel at the 9 bench to read the questions. 10 (Bench conference.) 11 THE COURT: All right. Doctor, we do have 12 some questions from the jurors. There are multiple 13 questions on the sheet, and I think that they're sort of standalone. So here's how this process is 14 going to work, if you're not familiar: 15 16 I'm going to read the question exactly as 17 written. I'm not at liberty, nor are the jurors, to 18 respond and have a dialogue like the counsel would 19 have. What you do is you answer the question, to 20 the best of your ability, and then the counsel will 21 have an opportunity to follow-up and flesh out those 22 answers, if need be. 23 Okay. First question: "Are there 24 instances when an occlusion in a graft dissolves or 25 otherwise goes away without medicine or surgery?"

1 THE WITNESS: Never. THE COURT: "Will or can blood flow from 2 collaterals demonstrate a pulse in the foot"? 3 No. Not in this case, no. 4 THE WITNESS: THE COURT: "In your opinion, does the 5 standard of care mandate the administration of 6 medicine, like Heparin, if a graft appears occluded 7 8 or possibly has an occlusion?" 9 THE WITNESS: 100 percent, yes. Very good question. Immediately. There is no downside. 10 It's better safe than sorry. 11 12 THE COURT: "Can you clarify what you meant 13 when you stated that it is impossible for PT pulses to have been detected on 12/25/16, due to the 2012 14 15 fem-pop." 16 THE WITNESS: Repeat the question. 17 THE COURT: Yes. "Can you clarify what you 18 meant when you stated that it is impossible for 19 PT pulses to have been detected on 12/25/16, due to 20 the 2012 fem-pop." THE WITNESS: I'm sorry I'm having 21 repeating it. 12? Which one was the last date? 22 12/25? 12/28? 23 12/26? 24 THE COURT: I'll read it again, as it's written, and I'll state the date in not number 25

Okay? "Can you clarify what you meant when 1 terms. you stated that it is impossible for PT pulses to 2 have been detected on December 25th, 2016, due to 3 the 2012 fem-pop." 4 5 THE WITNESS: Yes. May I show? 6 THE COURT: You may. THE WITNESS: Very good question. 7 Let's look at the facts. 8 (Reporter request.) 9 10 THE WITNESS: Okay. Very good question. Let's look at the facts. 11 12 THE COURT: So let me first interrupt, Doctor. You can't illustrate this answer from the 13 14 sheet that you already have. 15 I cannot do new ones? THE WITNESS: 16 THE COURT: Okay. I would like you to 17 return to your seat. I would like you to answer the 18 question, to the best of your ability, if you may; 19 and then, as I mentioned, counsel will have an 20 opportunity to follow-up, and they can determine how they wish to proceed in that regard. 21 22 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 23 The medical documents show that, before the 24 bypass in 2012, there are no pulses. That's what 25 the surgeon said. We looked at it. After the

1 bypass, he documented he was happy that, by Doppler, he was able to obtain a PT pulse, and he also 2 document in that note that that pulse wasn't present 3 before the bypass. So the bypass that he clearly 4 said he had very good flow brought, allowed him to 5 detect a Doppler, a PT pulse, a foot pulse, with the 6 Doppler, not palpable. 7 8 The reason I said it's impossible to have 9 the same PT pulse, on 12/25, is that the bypass is

10 gone. There is no more bypass. It's simple.
11 Before the bypass, he said there was no PT pulse.
12 He did a bypass, and he got a PT pulse.

That bypass in December 25 is gone. And the reason we know it's gone, No. 1, the study show that it's occluded, and we also know he lost his leg three days after. So if the bypass is gone, it's very simple that there was no pulse because only the bypass allows him to bring the flow in there to create the same PT.

So no PT pulse or no foot pulse before the bypass in 2012. If, after the bypass, there is a foot pulse, if you take the bypass away, there is -you're not going to get that pulse in there, and that's the way it is. 100 percent, you're not going to have a palpable pulse. Impossible because he

1	never had a palpable pulse. Nowhere in any medical
2	record it says that there is a palpable pulse.
3	I will actually guarantee you, which we can
4	look in the records, the surgeon says before the
5	bypass, he had no pulses at all. But even in 2012,
6	he had no pulses, mean no palpable pulses, no pulses
7	by Doppler. After a bypass, only by Doppler, for
8	some time. And when the graft goes bad, that
9	Doppler pulse is gone because only the
10	If I can show can I show the old
11	picture?
12	THE COURT: That's fine. Just remember the
13	reporter needs to hear you.
14	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry? I didn't hear you.
15	THE COURT: Just remember the reporter
16	needs to hear you.
17	THE WITNESS: This bypass is what brings
18	the blood down to the foot pulses where the PT is.
19	Surgeon says, before he did this, there was nothing
20	here. After he did this, he said he had a PT pulse
21	by Doppler. All what you need to do, if you take
22	this away, this is gone, (indicating). There is no
23	pulse in here by Doppler, and that's what I mean.
24	That's why it was impossible.
25	THE COURT: Okay. One additional question:

"On February 8, 2016, Dr. Wiencek state the showed 1 good pulses on both lower extremities. Was this 2 only by Doppler?" 3 If that's what you were just talking about, 4 or can you clarify? 5 THE WITNESS: Very good question, and I 6 7 actually looked in the records. 8 THE COURT: There's a reference, by the 9 way, to Exhibit 109, page 36. 10 THE WITNESS: I've looked at this. Can we put back the letter? 11 12 Surgeons are happy to say "Very good 13 pulses. By Doppler, we can see there are still good 14 pulses, better than no pulses. In his notes --15 actually, the two notes that he's talking, he just 16 said "very good pulses." He didn't say "palpable," 17 but he didn't say "by Doppler" either. 18 In the letter -- first of all, in the O.R., 19 he's describing Doppler. In the letter, he's 20 describing "very good pulses by Doppler." Nowhere 21 he's saying "palpable pulses." The word "palpable" is not being used. 22 23 So now what I look at, more likely than not, when the bypass, I know that he never said 24 25 "palpable." Usually, it's not enough load to create

1 bounding pulses the way you take your pulse here. That's palpable. He's talking about --2 That was good before. Bring it back. 3 MR. ARNTZ: Oh, you want that letter? 4 THE WITNESS: Yeah. 5 MR. ARNTZ: Oh, I'm sorry. I thought you 6 wanted the February letter. 7 8 THE WITNESS: NO. "He has excellent pulses in the foot 9 currently by Doppler." In the note, he said, "very 10 good pulses." He didn't say "Doppler"; he didn't 11 12 say "palpable." So, to me, seems that more likely 13 than not, more often than not, he's talking about 14 pulses, and he adds the word "Doppler." 15 I can tell you that there were no palpable 16 pulses based on the fact that there was no blood 17 coming on the 25th. This was gone. This is gone. 18 There is no, nothing here. Three days after, he 19 losses his leg. People who has palpable pulses don't lose leg three days. It just doesn't happen. 20 21 They don't go home and lose their legs. 22 THE COURT: I'll start with Mr. Arntz. 23 Do you have any followup questions to the jurors' questions? 24 /// 25

1	FURTHER REDIRECT EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. ARNTZ:
3	Q. Why do you keep grabbing a pen whenever
4	you're talking about a Doppler?
5	A. That's how a Doppler probe looks, just like
6	this. There's a transducer in here, and it's got a
7	wire, and it goes to a speaker. And when you do an
8	arterial duplex study, you actually have a screen.
9	You see the flow. It's red and blue, coming towards
10	you and going away from you, and you look.
11	When the basic one, it just says (witness
12	makes sound). So you actually going to move it
13	around until you find where the flow is, if there is
14	a flow. And when you hear only (witness makes
15	different sound), those are not good pulses by
16	Doppler. Systole and diastole, that's a good pulse
17	by Doppler.
18	Q. In a person who has a blocked graft, like
19	Mr. Moore, but has collateral source of blood, will
20	that person have a detectable pulse, by any means,
21	Doppler or otherwise?
22	A. Definitely impossible to have a palpable
23	pulse. The collateral will not give you that.
24	Highly unlikely, because the collaterals are very
25	low here. The collaterals can be here (indicating).

Highly unlikely that you will have a Doppler pulse 1 because the main source is shut down. 2 3 Remember, before surgery, there was no pulse here. They did say that. After they put the 4 graft, they found the pulse. They could be some 5 collaterals, and they were collaterals because he 6 7 lasted three days. So whatever collaterals he had, 8 they were okay. They start clotting right away. 9 But it took a few days for this leg to basically 10 die. In counsel for Nurse Practitioner Bartmus's 11 0. 12 opening, he made an analogy --MR. MCBRIDE: Well, again, this goes beyond 13 14 the question, Your Honor. MR. ARNTZ: No, it doesn't. 15 16 MR. MCBRIDE: It does. We're talking 17 about --18 THE COURT: Can you make a proffer what 19 you're tying it into, which of the questions, 20 Mr. Arntz, before you ask the --MR. ARNTZ: The discussion about 21 collaterals. 22 23 MR. McBRIDE: That wasn't the question that 24 was read. 25 THE COURT: There was a question with

1	regard to collaterals. I'll allow it.
2	BY MR. ARNTZ:
3	Q. He made an analogy to being on a freeway and
4	the freeway coming to a stop and having to get off
5	the freeway and you go around to get to where you're
6	going. Is that a good analogy for collaterals, that
7	it's just merely bypassing and finding another route
8	to the foot? Tell the jury how collaterals work.
9	A. When you have blockages and stenosis, so
10	total blockage and stenosis, just like traffic, the
11	cars tend to go different areas to get down. A lot
12	of time, you're unsuccessful. Like you drive, and
13	there is a cul-de-sac or there are blockages or you
14	can't get that street or it's a one way. That's
15	exactly what happened here.
16	THE COURT: And, Doctor, I don't mean to
17	interrupt you, but I do want to make sure you put
18	this follow-up question in the context of the
19	question you were asked. The question you were
20	asked was: "will or can blood flow from collaterals
21	demonstrate a pulse in the foot?"
22	I believe your answer was no.
23	THE WITNESS: No. Not in Mr. Moore case.
24	THE COURT: So can you answer this question
25	in relation to that question. I know the question

1	from counsel was very broad. But I don't know that
2	we need that broad of a response.
3	BY MR. ARNTZ:
4	Q. Yeah, let me narrow it a little bit.
5	Mainly, what I want to do is I want to take
6	this opportunity, since the question has to do with
7	collaterals, to educate the jury on exactly what it
8	means to have a collateral source of blood flow so
9	they can understand the context of that question.
10	A. If you have a good source of blood up here
11	(indicating) and it goes here, from the groin, where
12	the femoral artery goes to your foot, which is here,
13	and you have a blockage right in here, the blood
14	tends to avoid this area and then create what's
15	called "collaterals." You see them on the
16	angiogram. Goes around, and then it's called
17	"reconstitutes," and go down here.
18	That's not the case. He never had a source
19	of blood because the graft was gone, and nothing was
20	coming from above. So you don't have enough
21	collaterals to create enough blood flow and the
22	pulse, definitely not a palpable pulse. The leg
23	died. There was not enough blood in there because
24	there is nothing to create what's called an
25	"inflow." "Inflow and outflow."

There was no inflow in this patient. 1 The graft is gone. Nothing is coming. The iddy-biddy 2 tiny collaterals that I actually explained earlier 3 with my pen here, they're not enough to carry the 4 foot, and that's why this leg died on the 28th. 5 MR. ARNTZ: Nothing else. 6 THE COURT: Mr. McBride. 7 8 MR. MCBRIDE: Sure. Thank you, Your Honor. 9 10 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. MCBRIDE: 11 12 Doctor, just a couple of follow-up Q. 13 questions. So you looked at that note that was just 14 up on the screen, Dr. Simon's records, for the first time this afternoon while at the lunch break with 15 16 counsel; right? 17 I don't think so. I remembered it. Α. Τ 18 remember seeing it at some point. 19 Q. Okay. And, again, I'm happy to go back 20 through your list of documents that you reviewed that 21 you told me about. You still have that in front of vou: right? 22 23 well, I have -- the answer is I have a list Α. 24 of documents that I reviewed before the depo, and 25 then I got further records after the depo, just the

way -- so it could have been one of those. 1 Τ remember the letter actually. 2 Okay. Doctor, you would agree with me, it's 3 0. not listed there; right? 4 It's not listed? Well, actually, I'm not 5 Α. sure. 6 Go ahead and look for it, yeah. 7 Q. 8 Α. I have like 50 things listed. 9 0. Sure. Just take a minute to look through 10 it. See if you have Dr. Simon's records there. Well, I didn't write Dr. Simon's records. 11 Α. I mean, I have a lot of records here. I'm not sure 12 if it's listed or not here. 13 14 Exactly. I didn't see it. and I can 0. 15 represent to you that in the materials we've been 16 provided from your office that you did review, it's 17 not listed. And neither are the records from 18 Nevada Pain Center. Remember I had asked you about 19 those, where he went to, Mr. Moore went on 20 12/21/2016, four days before this hospitalization 21 we're talking about? You hadn't seen those records 22 either; right? 23 I think I did. I told you I don't Α. 24 remember. I received two links to medical records 25 in the last few weeks, thousand and thousands of

1	pages.
2	Q. You weren't familiar with when I asked
3	you those question, Doctor, you weren't familiar with
4	any of that information from that, is it true?
5	A. I said I don't remember.
6	MR. MCBRIDE: Okay. And that's all the
7	questions I have. Thank you.
8	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
9	THE COURT: Mr. Weaver.
10	
11	FURTHER CROSS-EXAMINATION
12	BY MR. WEAVER:
13	Q. Dr. Marmureanu, I'm just going to ask you a
14	question to see if you agree with this.
15	A. Sure.
16	Q. Do you agree that this morning, in response
17	to questions from Mr. Arntz, you said, no fewer than
18	five times, that it is impossible that there were
19	pulses in Mr. Moore's foot after 2012. And then
20	after Mr. McBride showed you over and over and over
21	and over in instances of the records, including
22	Wiencek's, where pulses are documented, then after
23	the lunch break, you came back and said, "well, what
24	I really meant is, okay, there are pulses, they're
25	just not palpable."

1	Do you agree with that?
2	A. We're both saying the same thing. I can
3	tell what I referred to, most of it, and the most
4	important part, there were no palpable pulses.
5	Impossible to have palpable pulses on 12/25. In
6	other words, when the patient show up to the E.R.,
7	it's absolutely impossible to have palpable pulses.
8	Q. What I'm talking about is you do agree,
9	don't you I'm not talking about 12/25/2016, which
10	is where you keep going to, you told this jury
11	over and over and over and over and over, at least my
12	notes say five times that after 2012, it was
13	impossible for Mr. Moore to have pulses in his foot.
14	You said that to this jury, didn't you?
15	A. I did say that, yes.
16	MR. WEAVER: Thank you.
17	THE COURT: Anything further? Mr. Weaver?
18	That's it?
19	MR. WEAVER: Sorry, Your Honor. No more.
20	THE COURT: Okay. Dr. Marmureanu, you are
21	excused at this time.
22	THE WITNESS: Thank you very much.
23	THE COURT: Take your paperwork, if you
24	would.
25	THE WITNESS: Sure. Thank you very much.

THE COURT: We're going to take a 15 1 minute -- we're going to take a 15 minute recess, 2 3 return at 3:30, please. During this 15 minute recess, you're 4 admonished not to talk or converse among yourselves 5 or with anyone else on any subject connected with 6 this trial or read, watch, or listen to any report 7 8 of or commentary on the trial or any person connected with the trial by any medium of 9 10 information including, without limitation, newspapers, television, radio, or Internet. 11 Please 12 don't not attempt to undertake any independent 13 investigations. No independent research, no 14 Internet searches of any kind. Please do not engage 15 in any social media communications, and please do 16 not form or express any opinion on any subject 17 connected with the trial until the case is finally 18 submitted to you. See you back at 3:30. 19 THE MARSHAL: All rise for the jury. 20 (Out of the presence of the jury.) 21 THE COURT: All right. I have a couple of 22 records to make with regards to bench conferences, 23 trying to do this quickly so we can get a little comfort break too. 24 25 Bench conference, first, it has not been

1	yet recorded. In this later part of the testimony
2	was when Mr. Weaver began inquiring of
3	Dr. Marmureanu about having reviewed the Deposition
4	of Dr. Jacobs, Mr. Arntz objected, and then we had a
5	bench conference that ensued that because the bench
6	conference I'm sorry because the deposition
7	was not in evidence, that there ultimately should
8	not be able to be any inquiry about this, that it
9	was a hearsay concern as well as, again, just that
10	evidence not being in the record.
11	The response was that, of course, the flow
12	of things with Dr. Jacobs was a later revelation
13	closer to trial that he was not appearing, then a
14	determination or request to perhaps use deposition,
15	and then ultimately because of the stated objection,
16	we already have much record of this in the case
17	already based on the discussion about whether or not
18	opening statements could include references to
19	Dr. Jacobs' deposition.
20	This is sort of a continuance of that
21	discussion that ultimately it was determined by the
22	Court regarding opening statements, and it was
23	determined again by the Court this time that, yes,
24	the information by Dr. Jacobs or from Dr. Jacobs, to
25	the extent that it was in fact relied on by

Dr. Marmureanu, that that could be inquired about by
counsel without otherwise being in evidence.
At the bench conference, Mr. McBride
mentioned in references a "Baxter vs. Eighth
Judicial District Court" case, I sent a note out to
my law clerk to find it, and it turns out actually
it's not the "Baxter" case. It's the "Bhatia" case,
B-H-A-T-I-A, that was in front of Judge Jones. It
is unpublished decision, but it is within the time
frame to be able to be cited and considered. And
the reference that I believe you made there is
what's cited in the case, which is there had been no
experts who opined on certain information at the
time of trial.
The quote was: "The courts repeatedly
observe that once a party has given testimony
through deposition or expert reports, those opinions
do not belong to one party or another but rather are
available for all parties to use at the time of
trial." And that was the reference you were making.
The Court ultimately did rule that further
inquiry regarding and that we asked Mr. Weaver to
make sure he laid a foundation but that further

24 inquiry of the doctor of his review of Dr. Jacobs'25 reports and whether he agreed or disagreed with

those opinions could be had, and there was. 1 Mr. Arntz, anything further you want to 2 state as far as this bench conference record? 3 4 MR. ARNTZ: No. Although I will state, for the record, that I am having to reconsider whether I 5 read Dr. Jacobs' deposition because it's been 6 referenced so much, I might as well get the context 7 of it all in. 8 9 THE COURT: And that's still an option, and 10 the Court indicated earlier and certainly respects 11 your decision, one way or the other, whether or not 12 you wish to do that; and whether or not it's the 13 whole depo or whether or not you have experts, as 14 long as the parties communicate about that and 15 whether they can agree or not on what to read, if 16 there's some dispute, the Court has a reasonable 17 opportunity to resolve that dispute, that's still 18 your choice. 19 But anything further to that bench 20 conference, Mr. McBride? 21 MR. MCBRIDE: No. Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: Mr. Weaver. 23 MR. WEAVER: No, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. The second bench 24 25 conference arose when Mr. Weaver was inquiring of

1 Dr. Marmureanu about reports that would indicate or question his abilities as a surgeon or his rankings 2 related to his practice. I'll sort of, for just 3 purposes of discussion, give it the title of, you 4 know, "bad press," so to speak. 5 And he was denying these things, and 6 Mr. Weaver was referencing them. Then Mr. Arntz 7 8 objected at some point during that inquiry, and when we came to the bench conference, the argument was 9 10 that Mr. Weaver was not actually confronting the witness with these reports, that he would be 11 12 required to do so, and that it would not be 13 appropriate; it was not an appropriate line of questioning. 14 The Court disagreed, respectfully, with 15 16 that assessment, that when there was testimony 17 obviously by the doctor regarding his gualifications 18 and this information called into question that 19 testimony, that the proper impeachment is to ask 20 certain things -- obviously, you have to have your 21 ethical obligations fulfilled that you have a good 22 faith belief to ask the question and that ultimately 23 there was no reason to believe otherwise -certainly Mr. Weaver was able to do so without 24 25 actually requiring confrontation with documentation,

1	to this Court's opinion, would be akin to impeachment
2	with extrinsic evidence; and that is something that
3	is not allowed, other than in certain circumstances,
4	really more things that go towards credibility of
5	testimony, that's not what this would have been.
6	So the Court indicated that, although the
7	plaintiffs' counsel may wish to challenge if
8	Mr. Weaver was misrepresenting any such reports and
9	could potentially do so on redirect, that it was not
10	required of Mr. Weaver to confront the witness with
11	actual reports. Although, I do think it was fair
12	for Mr. Arntz to ask to be given a reference to or
13	copy of or citation to what reports he was referring
14	to; and I believe Mr. Weaver agreed, when he left
15	the bench, to do so. He indicated it was all online
16	and there was a website that could be given. So,
17	again, that inquiry continued.
18	Mr. Arntz, do you have anything you want to
19	add to this bench conference?
20	MR. ARNTZ: No, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: Mr. McBride?
22	MR. MCBRIDE: Nothing, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Mr. Weaver, this was more your
24	inquiry.
25	MR. WEAVER: No, Your Honor.

1	THE COURT: No. All right. Thank you. We
2	get a little more time. Just whenever you all are
3	ready, come on back, but I'd like to aim for 3:30.
4	I guess I should ask scheduling question now too
5	while we're at it. Who's the second witness
6	tonight, today?
7	MR. ARNTZ: Dr. Fish.
8	
9	(The proceedings concluded at 3:23 p.m.)
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1	<u>CERTIFICATE</u>
2	
3	STATE OF NEVADA))SS:
4	COUNTY OF CLARK)
5	
6	I, Dana J. Tavaglione, RPR, CCR 841, do
7	hereby certify that I reported the foregoing
8	proceedings; that the same is true and correct as
9	reflected by my original machine shorthand notes
10	taken at said time and place, and prepared in daily
11	copy, before the Hon. Kathleen E. Delaney,
12	District Court Judge, presiding.
13	Dated at Las Vegas, Nevada, this 27th day
14	of February 2020.
15	
16	/S/Dana J. Tavaglione
17	Dana J. Tavaglione, RPR, CCR NO. 841
18	Certified Court Reporter Las Vegas, Nevada
19	
20	
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23	
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25	

EXHIBIT 3

Region	Hospital	ta Oper	Isolated CABG Operative Mortality ¹ 2013		CABG + Val	Valve Operative 2012-2013	Mortality ²		Post-Operative Stroke ³ 2012-2013	2	LL.	30-Elay Hootin Nuelon 2013)	internal Arte	Internal Mammary Artery Use ³ 2013
		Casten (Doutris)	Risk-Adjusted Rais	Parformance Raing ^a	Claser, (Disedin)	Riek-Kajussed Raie	Portismunics Relaight	Castes (Stroke)	Risk-Adjusted. Rate	Plerformance Reting*	(Readin bage)	Association Pate	Postermental Radings	Canes (Peale)	Performance in the
Statewide		11,940 (273)	2,29		5,150 (309)	6,00		23,660 (352)	1,49		10,740 (1,252)	11.66		10,767 (96.6)	
	Enloe Medical Center - Esplanade Campus	121 (4)	3.68	Average	36 (1)	4.87	Average	253 (2)	0.68	Average	115 (11)	10.97	Average	110 (99.09)	Acceptable
uau	Mercy General Hospital	436 (6)	1.39	Avorage	333 (14)	3.97	Avoraĝo	887 (15)	1.77	Averege	(66) 666	8.49	Availação	406 (99.75)	Acceptable
	Mercy Medical Center Redoing	100 (2)	1,49	Average	43 (2)	3,45	Average	204 (2)	1.01	Average	93 (5)	5.71	асалами	(100)	Acceptable
⊰e∂i sλ &	Mercy San Juan Hospital	80 (2)	2.41	Average	59 (4)	6.32	Avarage	194 (1)	0.58	Average	74 (11)	14,98	Average	71 (100)	Acceptable
	Rideout Mernorial Hospital	74 (5)	5.50	Average	31 (4)	11,06	Average	170 (10)	6,31	Worse	68 (14)	20,87	Average	E4 (86,88)	Acceptable
rotile	Saint Joseph Hospital Eureka	20 (0)	0.00	Average	(1)(1)	5.60	Average	38 (0)	0,00	Average	20 (1)	6.29	Average	18 (94,44)	Acceptable
	Shasta Regional Medical Center ¹	61 (4)	4.77	Avenage	17 (0)	0.00	Averages	160 (3)	2.69	Average	73 (14)	22.45	Worse	64 (89.06)	Acceptable
000	Sutter Memorial Hospital	331 (4)	1,28	eEulevy	188 (12)	5,82	Average	655 (4)	0,67	Avenage	307 (27)	9.24	Avainage	(266 (97,97)	Acceptable
	UC Davis Medical Center	116 (4)	3.90	Average	61 (4)	6.80	Average	221 (5)	2.65	Avenage	101 (8)	8.39	Average	109 (100)	Acceptable
	Alta Bates Summit Medical Center – Summit Cempus – Hawhorne	121 (2)	1.76	Average	65 (4)	5.21	Average	233 (2)	0.78	And trackets	107 (17)	15.50	Average	1 18 (99.15)	Acceptable
	Catifornia Pacific Medical Center - Pacific Campus	68 (2)	3.97	Average	33 (2)	8.27	Avarage	133 (1)	0.83	Average	52 (7)	14,15	Average	67 (97.01)	Acceptable
	Community Hospital of the Monterey Pentinsula	72 (0)	.00'0	Average	41 (0)	0.00	seller aver	141 (3)	2.73	Average	64 (7)	12.50	Avaração	88 (100)	Sittepter Accepted in
	Dominican Hospital - Sanla Cruz/Soquel	64 (0)	00'0	Average	26 (3)	14.66	Average	122 (0)	0.00	Average	53 (6)	11.01	Average	58 (96.55)	Acceptable
	El Camino Hospital	66 (2)	2.43	Avarago	40 (4)	8.26	Avoiage	125 (0)	0.00	Voterragio	55 (4)	8.53	Autoriage	59 (100)	Acceptables
əso	Good Samaritan Hospital - San Jose	67 (3)	3.41	Average	34 (2)	6,53	Average	143 (3)	1.78	Average	58 (5)	10,40	Average	56 (100)	Acceptable
r ue	John Muir Medical Center - Concord Cemptis	207 (1)	0.54	Average	68 (5)	9.01	Avarages	425 (3)	0.82	Avstage	189 (17)	9.35	Average	191 (97.91)	Acceptable.
58	John Mur Medical Center - Walnut Creak Campus	(') ()	VIN	MA	0())	NIA	NIA	0.()	NIA	NIA	0 (1)	NIA	MM	(10	NIA
691A	Keiser Foundation Hospital – San Francisco	338 (9)	4.02	Average	161 (3)	3.09	Average.	654 (16)	2.84	Worse	328 (33)	11,26	Average	327 (96.33)	Acceptable
Yea	Kalser Foundation Hospital Santa Clara	249 (2)	0.80	Average	161 (7)	5.58	Average	453 (5)	1.06	oferavy	244 (20)	7.88	Avenage	222 (100)	Acceptable
005	Marin General Hospital	32 (0)	07.0	Average	6 (0)	0.00	WARREGIG	72 (1)	1.91	Averages	26 (5)	24.77	Average	30 (83.33)	-windersel
ions	North Bay Medical Center	49 (1)	1.81	Average	8 (2)	29.99	Averages	105 (2)	1.80	Average	43 (8)	12.55	Averege	46 (100)	Acceptable
17 ni	O'Connor Hospital - San Jose	30 (3)	5.17	Average	(1) (1)	3.53	Average	85 (1)	96.0	Average	24 (2)	00 [°] B	Averação	25 (100)	Acceptable
es	Peninsula Medical Center	38 (1)	3.55	Average	21 (1)	5.62	Average	83 (0)	0.00	Average	34 (6)	18.44	Average	38 (97.37)	Acceptable
	Queen of the Valley Hospital - Naps	51 (4)	8.66	Average	19 (3)	15.32	Average	107 (3)	2.79	Average	37 (1)	2.84	Autoriago	(100)	Accordance
	Regional Medical of San Jose	71 (2)	1.23	Average	23 (2)	3.19	Average	132 (2)	96.0	Average	66 (13)	13.33	Average	63 (96.83)	Altracytethe
	Saint Helena Hospital	69 (4)	4.84	Average	25 (4)	13.63	Average	124 (0)	000	Average	61 (8)	12.72	Azaragus	(NIM (NIM)	N/M
	Saint Mary's Medical Center, San Francisco	17 (0)	00.0	Average	8 (3)	39.15	Worse	36 (1)	2.03	Averiage	15 (1)	7.26	Arenege	15 (100)	Acceptable
	Salinas Valtey Memorial Hospital	85 (4)	4.39	Avaraga	22 (1)	5,91	Avoragio	160 (5)	3.19	Arereige	76 (4)	4.82	Average	79 (94,94)	Acceptable

Region	Mospital	- ô	Isolated CABG Operative Mortality ¹ 2013		CABG + Va	CABG + Valve Operative Mortality ² 2912-2013	e Mortality ²		Post-Operative Stroke ³ 2012-2013	c	Ϋ́ζ	30-0ay Readmission ⁴ 2013		Arts	Internal Marimary Artsiy Usa ⁵ 2043
		Casos (Deetis)	Risk-Adjusted Rate	Parformance Raing ^s	Course) (Disatite)	Blow Adjusted	Performance Ratings	Cases (Stroke)	Risk-Aufueted Rate	Plorformanco Pading ^a	Calaes (Partoferranger)	Plake-Multerheid Plate	Protornance Pathog	Cosso	bunera standarad
Statewide		11,940 (273)	2.29		5,150 (309)	6.00		23,660 (352)	1,49		10,740 (1,252)	11,66		10,767 (96.6)	
ə	San Ramon Regional Medical Center	19 (0)	0.00	Average	6 (1)	28.08	Average	52 (0)	0.00	Average	17 (1)	8.74	Average	16 (100)	Acceptable
sor	Santa Clara Valley Medical Center	68 (0)	0.00	Average	23 (2)	12.96	. AVORAGIO	155(0)	0.00	Average	63 (9)	17,68	Avenager	68 (98.53)	Accepteble
ne2	Santa Rosa Memorial Hospital Montgomery	73 (2)	2.07	Average	24 (1)	4,92	Average	134 (0)	0.00	Average	(2) 69	3.51	Average	63 (98.41)	Acceptantes
8 E	Sequcia Hospital	45 (2)	2.89	Average	62 (1)	1.33	Average	(1) 78	1.04	Average	42 (4)	8.52	Averages	39 (97.44)	Accepted for
элА і	Seton Medical Center	57 (2)	2.52	Average	6 (0)	000	Average	96 (5)	4,15	Averago	49 (5)	9,28	Avenage	60 (94.00)	Acceptable
(eg)	Stanford Hospital	87 (1)	1.74	Average	60 (8)	3.34	Average	153 (5)	4.24	Average	74 (0)	0.00	Setter .	83 (97.59)	4 octoptables
oosic	Sutter Medical Center of Santa Rosa	54 (2)	6.25	Avorage	32 (1)	3.83	Average	120 (2)	2.65	Average	50 (5)	13.22	Average	44 (75.00)	Low
oner	UC San Francisco Medical Center	(I) 9/	1.92	weradie	23 (3)	10.10	Average	136 (4)	3.12	Avarage	65 (7)	12.05	AVAINAGE	75 (100).	Accelerate
1 ns	Valleycare Medical Center	23 (0)	0.00	Averaga	13 (1)	5.78	Average	61 (0)	0.00	Average	18 (2)	9.43	Average	20 (100)	Acceptedle
3	Washington Hospital – Fremont	112 (3)	2.30	Average	11(3)	22.93	Avenage	(9) 691	2.28	Ave/ago	93 (12)	11,98	Average	101 (85.05)	Acceptable
	Bakersfield Heart Hospital	79 (3)	4,11	Avorage	27 (1)	4,26	Average	159 (5)	3,40	Average	70 (8)	11.82	Average	75 (94.67)	Acceptable
	Bakersfield Memorial Hospital	128 (2)	1.24	Averable	49 (3)	8.44	Avenage	251 (2)	0.72	Avarage	124 (15)	11.04	Average	111 (94.59)	A oceanable
	Community Regional Medical Centar - Fresno	213 (4)	1.75	Average	48 (6)	14.96	Average	447 (3)	0.85	Average	194 (24)	12.00	Average	187 (99.47)	Acceptable
	Damaron Hospital	44 (2)	4.30	Avorage	(j) 6	7,30	Average	67 (I)	0.78	Average	38 (4)	10.42	Avorage	40 (97.50)	Acceptable
БÜ	Doctors Medical Center	190 (7)	2.72	Avorage	81 (4)	3.67	Average	412 (6)	1.27	Average	165 (24)	12.67	Average	165 (96.15)	Asceptable
notil	Emanuel Medical Contor	47 (0)	00.0	Average	4 (1)	19.59	Avecage:	62 (0)	0,00	whelevy.	46 (9)	17,40	Average	41 (95.12)	Acceptuale
eO le	Fresno Heart and Surgical Hospital	135 (5)	2.99	Average	51 (4)	7.90	Average	322 (3)	0.98	Average	129 (10)	7.98	Avatage	120 (95.83)	Acceptable
entra	Kaweah Delta Medical Center	162 (3)	2.13	Aveningle	36 (4)	11.37	Average	303 (6)	2.03	Average	150 (16)	10,70	obernavy	154 (98,05)	Acceptable
c	Marian Regional Medical Center	62 (0)	00'0	Average	15 (0)	00'0	ellerauk	114 (2)	1.60	Average	(1)	1.93	Botter	49 (100)	Acceptable
	Merrorial Hospital Medical Center Modesto	156 (4)	2.28	Averages	(2) 89	9.11	Average	289 (4)	1.46	Average	146 (17)	12.01	disease.	(98.78) 014	A DW
	Saint Agnes Medical Center	217 (2)	1.08	Average	81 (7)	9,55	Average	457 (4)	0.89	Average	177 (14)	8.29	Average	201 (99.00)	Acceptable
	Saint Jeseph's Medical Center of Stockton	(J) 081	3.10	Averages	(2) 69	6.01	werage	363 (3)	0.61	Auerage	178 (22)	10,62	Average	173 (98.84)	Accretiteties
	Sari Joaquin Community Hospital	69 (1)	1.43	Avenage	14 (1)	7,86	Average	127 (2)	1.40	Average.	61 (5)	8.28	Average	69 (93,22)	Acceptable
put Ə	Anteiope Valley Hospital	20 (2)	5.03	Average	()		NIA	40 (1)	2.41	Average	18 (4)	25.85	offereavy	17 (82.35)	Law
andc telop traia telop	Community Mernorial Hospital - San Buenaventura	(I) 0L	1.08	Averages	31 (2)	4.78	Average	165 (1)	0.61	Average	65 (7)	10.65	Average	61 (100)	Acceptable
nA ,\	French Hospital Medical Center	68 (1)	1.33	Avenga	62 (5)	97.6	Average	153 (4)	2.42	with any	80 (12)	17,23	Averages	78 (98.72)	Adventente
iley, alle)	Glendale Adventist Medical Center Wilson Terrace	127 (5)	5.09	Average	28 (2)	9.51	Average	242 (4)	2.11	Average	110 (17)	16.72	Average	117 (94.87)	Arceptable
V sV	Glendale Memorial Hospital and Medical- Center	108 (3)	2.64	Average	33 (2)	7.40	Average	225 (5)	2.28	Average	95 (16)	41.71	Avaitage	103 (100)	Acceptable

Region	Hospital	din .	isolated CARSO Operative Montality ⁷ 2013	, AN	CABG + Ve	CABG + Velve Operative Montality ⁸ 2012-2013	e Wortality ²		Stroke ² 2012-2013	4		ow-uey Reachmission 2013		Aute Aute	livternal Mammury Artery Uso ⁴ 2043
		Cases (Denthe)	Risk-Adjusted Rate	Parthrimeirce Rating ⁴	Dases. (Deat/is)	Risk-Adjunted Rate	Plenformanos Rastrigit	Cases (Siroke)	Risk-Adjusted Rete	Performance Rating ^a	Cathers. (Physician sature)	FUSIN' Addament	Portoconance Plano	Casses Godej	Performance fracting
Statewide		11,940 (273)	2.29		5,150 (309)	6.00		23,660 (352)	1,49		10,740 (1,252)	11,66		10,767 (96.6)	
٩٧,	Los Robles Hospital and Medical Center	74 (0)	00.0	Ayerage	38 (3)	7.95	Average	125 (4)	3.19	Avetage	68 (10)	15.13	Aversige	62 (98.39)	Acceptaties
Valle 6	Northrittige Hospital Medical Center	63 (2)	2.69	Average	15 (2)	11.76	Averagia	122 (5)	3.55	Averação	65 (10)	18.37	Aversige.	58 (100)	Avcoptable:
upar ope	Palmdale Regional Medical Center	10 (0)	00'0	Average	1 (0)	0'00	Average	21 (0)	0.00	Average	8 (0)	0.00	Average	10 (80,00)	407
ietni sB s	Providence Holy Cross Mecical Center	40 (1)	2.23	Averages	15 (2)	19,94	Average	102 (2)	1.89	Average	33 (9)	24.02	Average	37 (100)	Acceptable
A , Ye dned	Providence Saint Joseph Medical Center	48 (0)	0,00	Avorage	16 (1)	9,40	Avotage	96 (1)	1.39	Average	46 (5)	13,43	Averaige	48 (100)	Acceptable
elleV 2 bri	Providence Terzana Medical Center	52 (1)	1.61	aBtalany	24 (0)	00'0	Average.	91 (I)	1.29	Average	47 (3)	7.29	Average	47 (100)	Acceptable
nta s ndo	Saint John's Regional Medical Center	56 (1)	1.66	Average	32 (2)	4.11	Average	120 (4)	2.82	Average	50 (6)	11.16	Average	64 (98.15)	Acceptable
emə itnəv	Santa Barbara Coltage Hospital	(0) 22	0,00	Averagie	(L) 0E	4,24	Average	169 (3)	1.83	Averages	73 (8)	56,3	AV97306	71 (92.96)	Acceptable
7 ns	Valley Presbyterian Hospital	41 (2)	6.35	Average	6 (0)	00.00	Average	90 (Z)	2.37	Averages	34 (5)	16.17	Average	38 (100)	Acceptable
S	West Hills Hospital and Medical Center	44 (0)	0.00	Average	15 (0)	0.00	Average	(0) 58	0.00	Average	(†) [†	8.83	Average.	33 (96.97)	Acceptables
	Beverly Haspital	28 (1)	3.43	Averaga	4 (0)	00'0	Average	48 (1)	1,69	Average	26 (3)	9.49	Average	26 (95.15)	Acceptable
	California Hospital Medical Center - Los Angeles	32 (0)	00'0	Average	()		NIN	4D (1)	1.64	Averages	27 (2)	5,61	Avenaçe	29 (96.65)	Pattony that blog
	Cedars Sinal Medioal Center	130 (1)	1.03	Average	98 (7)	9,13	aberaty	241 (1)	0,57	age ava	116 (18)	16.91	Average	116 (99,14)	Acceptable
	Centinela Hospital Medical Center	25 (3)	10.42	Average	5 (0)	0.00	Avorago	51(1)	1.48	Averagei	19 (4)	11.13	Avnrage	21 (95.24)	Acceptedate
	Citrus Valiey Medical Center - Inter Community Campus	89 (2)	1,99	Average	33 (2)	6.36	Average	202 (7)	2.83	Average	84 (11)	10,95	Average	80 (95.00)	Acceptable
	Downey Regional Medical Center	(1) 63	1.99	Avenade	5 (0)	0.00	Average	102 (0)	0.00	Augusta	53 (T)	14.42	Average	58 (94.83)	Acceptable
se	Garfield Medical Center	107 (1)	1.33	Average	35 (0)	00'0	Average	243 (4)	1.38	Average	(11) 02	15.71	Average	104 (87.50)	LOW
ilə Qr	Good Samaritan Hospital Los Angeles	58 (2)	2.27	Average	35 (1)	3.80	abarave	(E) E24	1.53	Average	84 (9)	-13.67	Average	75 (94.67)	Acceptable
A so	Henry Mayo Newhall Memorial Hospital	13 (0)	0.00	Avelage	(L) 9	10.05	Average	16 (1)	9,64	Average	12 (5)	39.28	Worse	11 (100)	Acceptable
er Lo	Hollywood Presbylerian Medical Center	47 (2)	3.93	Averages.	2 (0)	0.00	Average	(0) 89	0.00	Average	43 (10)	21.79	Avaiage	39 (92.31)	Acceptoble
isen	Huntington Memorial Hospital	66 (0)	0.00	Амелера	48 (1)	2.05	Аувгадв	131 (1)	0.74	Average	64 (11)	16.35	Average	64 (100)	Acceptable
Э	Kaiser Foundation Hospital - Sunset	502 (9)	2,33	Average	252 (12)	5,17	Avenaga	1014 (11)	1,13	Average	486 (47)	9,59	Avorago	476 (98.95)	Acceptable
	Keck Hospital of University of Southern California	62 (3)	5.70	Average	87 (4)	5.19	Average	117 (1)	0.99	Average	53 (7)	12.95	Average	53 (94.34)	Acceptable
	Lakewood Regional Medical Center	79 (4)	3.93	Average	19 (4)	13.73	Avistage	160 (1)	0.48	Average	(11) 02	12.76	Average	71 (88.73)	Avcuptable
	Long Beach Memorial Medical Center	157 (7)	3.68	Average	38 (3)	7.25	WVBCIBBO	311 (4)	1.16	Average	137 (13)	8.87	Average	144 (95.14)	Acceptable
	Los Angeles County/Harbor - UCLA Medical Center	82 (4)	7,80	Averago	19 (0)	000	Averago	150 (4)	2.56	whereasy	67 (15)	22.59	Weises a	80 (100)	Acceptable
	Los Angeles County/ University of Southern California Medical Center	61 (0)	0.00	Average	31 (1)	4.82	Average	209 (2)	1.24	Average	79 (15)	22.27	Worse	92 (94 57)	Acceptable
	Methodist Hospital of Scuthem California	45 (0)	0.00	Average	(1) (1)	9.17	Average	63 (0)	0 00	Average	43 (4)	66.6	AVOUNDED	CCN 701 CP	Arrest Wite

Region	Hospital	- do	Isolated CABG Operative Mortality ¹ 2013	o À	CABG + Ve	CABG + Velve Operative Mortality ² 2012-2013	re Mortality ²	3 3 -	Post-Operative Stroke ³ 2012-2013	œ		30-0ay Rondrukaion ⁴ 2013		Instartral Puter 2	ustornal fularmary Artary Use ⁵ 2013
		Casias (Deatha)	Risk-Adjusted Rate	Performence Rating*	Coster	Rius-Adhreed Rais	Partomonos Reciptos	Ceses (Stroke)	Risk-Adhistod Rates	Performance Raung ^a	Course President subly	EWIK-Adjusted	Parford cma Patings	Cerseek (Nate)	Philippine and a starting
Statewide		11,940 (273)	2.29		5,150 (309)	6.00		23,660 (352)	1.49		10,740 (1,252)	11,66		10,767 (96.6)	
	Presbyterian Intercommunity Hospital	67 (0)	00.0	Average	110 (6)	3.67	Average	141 (2)	1.17	Average	63 (3)	4.23	Average	64 (95.31)	Acceptable
	Providence Little Company of Mary Medical Center - Torrance	79 (2)	2.39	Avenue	43 (5)	13.93	Average	135 (0)	0.00	Average	76 (15)	18,82	Autoradas	67 (99 55)	Acceptable
sələ	Ronald Reagen UCLA Medical Center	109 (1)	0.94	Average	112 (4)	3.23	Average	211 (4)	1.83	Average	103 (20)	17.73	Average	78 (100)	Acceptable
бu∀	Saint Francis Medical Center	25 (1)	5.75	Avenyes	(0) 2	00.00	AVerage .	52 (0)	0.00	Average	23 (3)	13,26	Avaitage	24 (79.17).	Low
soj	Saint John's Health Center	41 (3)	5,69	Average	29 (3)	13,40	Average	72 (1)	1.55	Averages	34 (2)	6.93	Average	37 (97.30)	Acceptable
ater	Saint Mary Medical Center	52 (1)	1.23	Averages	13 (1)	4.13	Average	85 (2)	1.76	Average -	60 (6)	9.88	Average	40 (95.00)	Acceptable
Gre	Saint Vincent Medical Center	65 (4)	5.60	Average	13 (1)	8.50	Average	138 (3)	2.00	Average	60 (11)	16.01	Average	69 (91.63)	Acceptable
	Torrance Memorial Medical Center	38 (1)	2,97	Average	41 (6)	12,80	Average	74 (1)	1.26	Wasterga	33 (0)	00'0	Avorange	37 (97,30)	Accessible
	White Memorial Medical Center	47 (0)	0.00	BEIBAY	(0) 1	00.00	Average	107 (5)	4.29	Average	42 (2)	4,15	Average	45 (100)	Acceptable
	Deseri Regional Medical Center	103 (2):	2.15	Average	40 (3)	7.59	Avenue	201(1)	0.56	Average	96 (13)	14.07	Average	97.00)	Acceptable
	Desert Valley Hospital	31 (1)	2.46	abbleavy	6 (1)	18.29	Average	36 (3)	7,18	Average	25 (7)	23.84	Aversage	28 (96.55)	Acceptente
s ebi	Elsenhower Medical Center	132 (3)	1.61	Avaisage	44 (1)	66'1	AVORAGE	277 (1)	0.35	Average	119 (18)	12,14	Average	116 (100)	Acceptions
	Loma Linda University Medical Center	179 (4)	1.88	Average	(1) 12	7.94	Average	386 (6)	1.56	Average	149 (26)	14.98	Avorago	158 (98.10)	Acceptable
ii Rik Mart	Loma Linda University Medical Center Murrieta	(1) 56	0.76	Avaitage	10 (0)	00.0	Avarage	139 (0)	0.00	Average	(8) 62	8.57	Average	84 (95.24)	Avraghanta
	Pornoria Valley Hospital Medical Center	103 (2)	1,85	Average	23 (1)	6.53	Average	211 (4)	1.69	Average	94 (16)	17.20	Average	86 (98.88)	Acceptable
	Riverside Community Hospitel	180 (7)	4.03	Average	65 (0).	0.00	Autoage	359 (4)	1.15	Average	142 (20)	15.36	Averager	139 (96.40)	Acceptéble
nsini	Saint Bernardine Medical Center	457 (14)	3.69	Average	38 (4)	13,56	efelevy	965 (9)	1,00	Average	404 (38)	10.58	Average	436 (98.39)	Auceptedito
	Saint Mary Regional Medical Center	114 (4)	3.57	Average.	27 (1) ·	5.57	agerawy	202 (4)	2.23	Averego	(01) 66	10.39	Average	(00.96) 001	Acception or
	San Antonio Community Hospital	139 (1)	0.73	Average	52 (3)	6.35	Average	266 (2)	0.78	Average	126 (7)	5,83	Average	119 (98.32)	Acceptable
	AHMC Anaheim Regional Medical Center	116 (2)	1.43	Average	49 (2)	5.21	Average	216 (5)	2.33	Availage	95 (13)	12.37	Avntäge.	110 (96.45)	Acceptente
	Fountain Valley Regional Hospital and Medical Center - Euclid	97 (2)	1.77	Average	17 (1)	4,87	Average	193 (6)	2.17	Averaga	(8) 68	8.84	Averlage	94 (93,62)	Acceptade
lţλ	Hoag Memorial Hospital Presbylerian	162 (3)	1.76	Avenatio	106 (4).	4,63	Avaraço	266 (1)	0.38	Average	146 (14)	9.76	Averages	130 (93.08)	Acceptibles
noc	Mission Hospital Regional Medical Center	108 (1)	0.87	Ayorago	40 (4)	7.14	Average	224 (2)	0.94	Average	98 (12)	13.01	Average	94 (98.94)	Accepteble
) əɓu	Orange Coast Memorial Medical Center	74 (0)	0:00	Average	27 (1)	4.67	Average	130 (2)	1.92	Average	72 (13)	22.24	Morse	68 (37.06)	Accentable
Orai	Saddløback Memorial Medical Center	82 (0)	0.00	Avenage	25 (2)	7,80	Average	154 (5)	4.03	WARTING&	76 (8)	11.20	Average	76 (97.37)	Acceptable
	Saint Joseph Hospital Orange	86 (3)	3.94	Average	50 (4)	7.65	абылалы	160 (4)	2.77	Average	79 (4)	5.150	Avenager	81 (97.53)	Acceptions
	Saint Jude Medical Center	(0) 11	0.00	Avenge	19 (0)	0.00	Average	164 (4)	2.17	Average	(4) 69	9.52	Average	64 (98.44)	Anceptable
	UC Invine Medical Center	46 (1)	2.48	abarany	13 (0)	0.00	Average	100 (0)	0.00	Averade	41(7)	19.78	WARLAND	44 (97.73)	Acceptebles:

Image: biology of the problem in the problem interval i	Region	Hospital	do	Operative Montality ¹ 2013	inv'	CABG + Ve	CABG + Valve Operative Morrality ⁸ 2012-2013	o Mortality ²		Post-uperative Stroke ³ 2012-2013	21		30-Day Readmitsfon 2013		Artis	Internal Marnwary Artary U.uo ⁴ 2213
Image Image <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Cataas (Danilis)</th><th>Rian-Adjuated Rate</th><th></th><th>Classia (Deaths)</th><th>Risk-Adjusted</th><th>Performance Ramofi</th><th>Casas (Stroke)</th><th>Rick-Adjusted Rate</th><th>Performentse Reange</th><th>Catalan</th><th>Reisk-Articitien: Reise</th><th>Phelocraam tes Platters⁵</th><th>Changers (Picalis)</th><th>Purchanasta Pathog</th></th<>			Cataas (Danilis)	Rian-Adjuated Rate		Classia (Deaths)	Risk-Adjusted	Performance Ramofi	Casas (Stroke)	Rick-Adjusted Rate	Performentse Reange	Catalan	Reisk-Articitien: Reise	Phelocraam tes Platters ⁵	Changers (Picalis)	Purchanasta Pathog
Model Model 201	Statewide		11,940 (273)	2.29		5,150 (309)	6,00		23,660 (352)	1.49		10,740 (1,252)	11.66		10,762 (96.8)	
Οτη το τρατικη Θ(1) O(1) O(1) <tho(1)< th=""> O(1) O(1)</tho(1)<>	A) ƏG	West Anaheim Medical Center	26 (2)	8.38	Average	<i>(:)</i> ·		MA	47 (0)	0.00	Average	19 (5)	22.15	Avarage	24 (91.67)	Acceptable
Operation State Noticipation Noticipation Notic	uno; Sueu(Western Medical Center - Anaheim	\$6 (1)	2.10	Averaige	16 (1)	4,13	Average	112 (0)	00'0	hweleses.	51 (4)	3.08	Avoraĝe	48 (100)	Autophaid a
More leaded 27 (a) 6 (b) 1 (b)	2	Western Medical Center - Santa Aria	75 (1)	1.40	Average	16 (0)	0.00	Average	120 (0)	00'0	Averaça	66 (10)	15.33	Average	67 (100)	Acceptable
Operative Heipelal (26) (11) (26) 7.33 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.14 (71) 2.12 (71) 2.12 (71) 2.12 (71) 2.12 (71) 2.12 2.12 2.12 2.12 2.12 2.12 2.12 2.12 <td></td> <td>Atvettedo Flospital</td> <td>37 (2)</td> <td>5.50</td> <td>Avende</td> <td>13 (2)</td> <td>17,04</td> <td>Average</td> <td>69 (1)</td> <td>1.33</td> <td>Average:</td> <td>29 (3)</td> <td>10.76</td> <td>Averages</td> <td>34 (100)</td> <td>Accepteble</td>		Atvettedo Flospital	37 (2)	5.50	Avende	13 (2)	17,04	Average	69 (1)	1.33	Average:	29 (3)	10.76	Averages	34 (100)	Accepteble
Description 41(1) 213 64010 710 7201 210 64010 610 600 6000		Grossmont Hospital	123 (6)	4.11	Average	66 (S)	7,33	мизнаде	261 (10)	2.79	Average	106 (22)	18,95	Worse	112 (100)	e lustidersity
Display Series	0	Palomar Health Downtown Campus	44 (1)	2,13	Avenage	17 (1)	587	Average	91 (2)	2.16	Avenage -	42 (4)	8.36	Averages	39 (100)	Mocephaide
Scription Memorial Housing 233 (1) 0.45 Antility is 436 (5) 1.28 Antility is 2.26 (5) <th2.26 (5)<="" td=""><td>69iC</td><td>Scripps Green Mospital</td><td>31 (0)</td><td>0.00</td><td>Avelage</td><td>46 (2)</td><td>6.00</td><td>Average</td><td>62 (2)</td><td>4.68</td><td>Average</td><td>28 (2)</td><td>10.25</td><td>Average</td><td>28 (100)</td><td>Acceptable</td></th2.26>	69iC	Scripps Green Mospital	31 (0)	0.00	Avelage	46 (2)	6.00	Average	62 (2)	4.68	Average	28 (2)	10.25	Average	28 (100)	Acceptable
Solution Marco124 (1)136 $\sqrt{134}$ 134	l neć	Scrippa Mernerial Hospital - La Jolla	(1) 533 (1)	6.45	AVenages	150 (1)	0.86	Better	436 (5)	1.28	Average	225 (20)	97.98	Average	216 (99.07)	Acceptable
Bits Number of the first of th	ter S	Scripps Mercy Hospital	124 (1)	1,06	Average	44 (6)	11.94	Average	255 (5)	2.32	Average	115 (19)	17.31	Average	115 (100)	Acceptable
Name Table	sərē	Sharp Chula Vista Medicel Center	78 (4)	6.53	Average	56 (5)	5.67	Avecage	164 (5)	2.24	Average	68 (12)-	16.32	Average	73 (100)	Alcostante
Tr-Cly Medical Canier - Oceannide 60 (3) 6.35 Average 32 (4) (4,4/2) Normage 139 (1) 0.71 Average 64 (1) 2.09 Berlin 220 (9.00) Review 22 (9.1.00) Average 12 (9.1.00) Average 130 (1) 0.00 Average 130 (1) 12 (9.1.00) 12 (9.1.00) 12 (9.1.00) 12 (9.1.00) Average 130 (1) 12 (9.1.00))	Sharo Merriorial Hospital	119 (2)	2.45	allashay	89 (2)	2.25	Average	195 (6)	3.34	Average	110 (13)	13,19	Averages	109 (94.50)	Accepted)e
UC Sam Degr Hearth - SubJdo B(7) 3.33 AVelage 44 (2) 5.02 Average 150 (0) 0.00 Average 71 (9) 12.36 Average 75 (91.33) Average Conconsectant Conterc Conconsectant Conterc 10 (9) 0.00 Average 76 (91.33) Average 76 (91.34) 76 (91.34) 76 (91.34) 76 (91.34) 76 (91.34) 76 (91.3		Tri-City Medical Canter Oceanside	60 (3)	6.95	Average	32 (4)	14.42	Average	139 (1)	0.71	Average	64 (1)	2.09	Getter	52 (99.03)	Aucospitabilita
eted CaSC Operative Monulty is defined as patient death occurring in the hospital data facing and the provident and tay, in death occurring anywhere after hospital dashings but within 30 days after the logical occurring anywhere after hospital dashings but within 30 days after the logical death occurring anywhere after hospital dashings but within 30 days after the logical death occurring anywhere after hospital dashings but within 30 days after the logical dashings abut within 30 days after the logical dashings abut within 30 days after the logical dashing a dashing at after dashing a dashing at a monoportal dashing at a dashing at a monoportal dashing at a dashing at a monoportal dashing at a monoportal dashing at a monoportal dashing at a monoportal dashing at a dashing at a monoportal dashing at a monoportal dashing at a dashing at a monoportal dashing at a		UC San Diego Health Sulpizio Cardiovascular Center	81 (2)	3.33	Avelage	44 (2)	\$.02	Average	150 (0)	0.00	Average	71 (9)	12.36	Asterage	75 (97.33)	Acceptedie
B3C + Velvo Operadiva Modellity ia defined as patient deall nocurring in the hodylal aftar. CMSS with Valve surgety (votic Value Replacement, Miral Valve Replacement, Reina Valve Replacement, Miral Valve Replacement, Reina Valve Replacement, Miral Valve Replacement, Reina Valve Replacement, Miral Valve Replacement, Miral Valve Replacement, Reina	lated CABG (ilr comparison	Operative Montality is defined as patient death a 1 of hospital outcomes even though some hospit.	occurring in the ho	spital after isolate tients than averag	d CABC surgary.	regardless of leng	th of stay, or dear	In occurring prywi	tere after hospital	discharge but within	n 30 days aftar the	isolated CABG sur	jery. Hospital rating	is are risk-adjusted	using a statistical b	echnique that allow
es-Operative Stocke is defined as a post-operative, central neurologic deficit persisting for more tran 24 hours after isolated CABO sugery while in the operation is non-central advances of the solated CABO sugery while in the operation is non-central advances of the solated CABO sugery version of the operation is non-central advances of the solated CABO sugery partient being relative to the CABO surgery test in the operation of the complexity matrix. The operation is non-central advances of the complexity matrix was likely related to the CABO surgery test in the operation of surgery taking. The test is the interface of the complexity matrix matrix matrix and the interval advances of surgery taking. The test is a complexity matrix is the interval advance of the complexity matrix. The operation is non-central advances of surgery taking. The test is non-central advances of the provider is the advanced of indicated to the CABO surgery partial to the complexity matrix. The operation is non-central advances of the provider is the advanced of indicated to the complexity matrix. There will nate account the solution of a non-central advance of the provider is the advanced of indicated to the complexity matrix. The operation is non-central advances of the provider is the advanced of the complexity into taking take beaused for the complexity to the provider is the advance of the provider is the advanced of the complexity and the indicated of the complexity advances of the provider is the advance of the provider is the advanced of the complexity of the advance of the complexity of the advance of the provider is the advance of the provider is the advance of the complexity of the complexity of the ad	3G + Valvo O sry, Hospital n	perativa Modulity is defined as patient death o alings are risk-eduster using a statistical techni	xcuring in the hos lique that allows for	ipital after CABG	with Valve surgery of hospital outcom	Aoric Valve Rel cs even though su	placement, Mitral	Valve Replaceme	nt or Repair or a ci han average.	omoination of these	(), tegardess of fer	igth of stay, or deal	n occurring anywhe	ire after hospital dis	charge but within 2	30 days after the
-Bry Rearchielder is defined as an isolated CABO surgery patient being reachinities to an acue care hospital within 30 days of being dividurged to home or a non-acuto care setting with a principal diagonals inclusing a heart-related condition, or an infection or a complication that was likely related to the CABO surgery patients are eligible to receive an IMA bytass. Clinical research shows that IMA grafts used in CABO surgery stated being and relative yareity. How final makines y days in principal diagonals inclusive and increase patients survival. Yory low hospital used in CABO surgery patients are eligible to receive an IMA bytass. Clinical research shows that IMA grafts used in CABO surgery state patients survival. Yory low hospital utilization and the state average (S6 4%) are labeled as "Low" finde a makines y days in provident is a more acceleration and an interview and increase patients survival. Yory low hospital utilization can an interview and increase patients survival. Yory low hospital utilization and an interview and increase patients survival. Yory low hospital utilization and and interview and increase patients survival. Yory low hospital utilization and an interview and principal as "Acceptable." Hospitals are not assessed for an uncalled principal as a compation in the Application and an interview and increase patients survival. Yory low hospital utilization and an interview of a state and provider is a state and increase patients survival. Yory low hospital and interview and increase patients survival. Yory hospital and an another and an interview and an and an an interview and an an and an an an an and an an an an an an another and an an another and an another another and an another and an another and an another and an anothe	st-Operative :	Stroke is defined as a post-operative, central ne	surologic deficit per	reisting for more 1	han 24 hours after	r isolated CABG s	urgery while in th	e operating hospit	al.			And a local second s	A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF T	and a second		and a second
e Performance reting is based on a comparison of each provider's rek-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate A provider is deasified is 6-Bestering in the upper 95% confidence limit of its rek-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate A provider is deasified is 6-Bestering in the upper 95% confidence limit of its rek-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate is for a provider is deasified as "Yones" of the lower of the lower of its rek-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate is higher than the California classreed in the lower of the lower of the deasified as "Yones" of the lower of the lower of the confidence interval of the provider's destinations as "Average" if the California classreed mortality/stroke/readmission rate is higher than the California classreed interval of the provider's destination as "Yones" of the lower of it rek-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate is higher than the California classreed in provider's destination as "Yones" of the lower of it rek-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate is higher than the California classreed in provider's destination as "Average" if the California classreed mortality/strokereadmission rate is not advised mortality/strokereadmission rate is not advised mortality/strokereadmission rate is a function in accentered mortality/strokereadmission rate is not advised mortality/strokereadmission rate is not advised mortality/strokereadmission rate is not advised mortality and the in neutroder to the 2013 CABG suggest performance railings. Click on hospital name to vew the latter.	Erey Reactions irrad Mantmus may be assor constitutes ar	reform is defined as an isolated CABC surgery particular is defined as an isolated CABC surgery is an or dated with power care. Those hospitals with IAA 1 obtimal rate.	stient being readmi vidence-based indi A usage rates beig	itied to an acute o caror of surgery c w/ 88, 1% (two sta	are hospital within welty. Most first-ti indard ceviations t	1 30 days of boing me CABG surgen	discharged to hn r patients are elig avage (S8,8%)) ar	me or a non-acuta bite to receive an	a care setting with IMA bypass. Clinic ". those with rates	a principal diagnosi al research shows L abova 88,1% are la	s indicating a hear that IMA grafts use theled as "Accepte	t-related condition, d in CABG surgery able." Hospitals are	or an infection or a stay open tonger ai not assessed for w	complication that w of increase patients ary high IMA usage	as likely related to survivel. Very ICW rates because their	the CABG surgery. I hospital utilization
ooptal aubmitted later in response to the 2013 CARGs surgery performance rotifies. Click on hospital marrie to view the later.	 performance rvad monality the confident 	rating is tarsed or a comparison of each provid (sitrika/readmidsion rate. A provider is cleasified to interval of the provider's risk adjusted mortal	for's risk-adjusted r 1 as "Worse" if the I lity/stroke/readmise	montality/stroke/re 'ower 95% confide vion rate.	admission rate to a	the California obs adjusted mortality	Istroke/readmiss	rakefre admission (an rate is Ngher t	ate. A provider is c han the California	lassified as 'Bettor' observed mortality/	" If the upper 95% stroke/readmission	confidence limit of i rate. A provider is	ts risk-adjusted mo slatstifted as "Avera	ris lity/stroke/readmi ge' if the California	ission rate falls bel mortality/sfroke/re	ow California actinission rate fails
	spital submitt	led letter in response to the 2013 CABG surgery	performance ratin	gs. Click on hosp	Ital name to view t	he letter.	A Designation of the second	No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other states of the					ren ar an		and the second	

					and the second se	and the second se	where the second		and the second se	and the second design of the s	monore and a second and a	and the state is a substant of the state of
Region	Hospital	0	Isolated CABG Operative Mortality ¹ 2014	د چ	3	CABG + Valve Operative Montality ² 2013-2014	Beratives		Post-Operative Stroke ³ 2013-2014	, av	Internal Marun Artery Use 2014	internal Mammary Artery Use ⁴ 2014
		Cases (Deaths)	Risk-Adjusted Rate	Performanco Rating*	Cases (Dealhs)	Risk-Aeliusted Rate	Performence Rating ⁴	Cases (Stroke)	Risk-Adjusted Rate	Performance Rathig*	Cases (Pare)	Performation Flating*
Statewide		12,152 (239)	1.97		5,239 (293)	5.59		24,092 (308)	1.28		11,043 (97.1)	Anderson and a feature of the second and the second and the second and the
Enk	Enloe Médical Center – Esplanade Campus	130 (2)	1.30	Average	35 (2)	10.50	Average	251 (4)	1.71	Average	112 (96.43)	Acceptable
	Mercy General Hospital	413 (3)	0.80	Average	376 (10)	2.93	Better	849 (10)	1.21	Average	396 (99.75)	Acceptable
sedic	Mercy Medical Center Redding	128 (4)	2.04	Average	33 (4)	13.98	Average	228 (1)	0.40	Average	91 (100)	Acceptable
l sin	Mercy San Juan Hospital	85 (1)	1.33	Average	51 (2)	4.18	Average	165 (2)	1:37	Average.	79 (100)	Acceptable
	Rideout Memorial Hospital	91 (4)	3,57	Average	28 (2)	8.37	Average	165 (6)	3.19	Avarage	76 (100)	Acceptable
o me	Shasta Regional Medical Center	55 (1)	1.78	Average	17 (0)	0:00	Average	136 (5)	4.36	Worse	52 (80.77)	Low
эцро	St. Joseph Hospital – Eureka	17 (1)	4.73	Average	15 (1)	10.67	Average	37 (0)	0.00	Average	15 (100)	Acceptable
	Sutter Memorial Hospital	315 (2)	0.64	Average	198 (13)	5.88	Average	646 (7)	24.4	Average	290 (98.28)	Acceptable
9	UC Davis Medical Center	80 (2)	3.84	Average	65 (7)	10.59	Average	196 (5)	3.02	Average	78 (100)	Acceptable
Alts Car	Alta Bates Summit Medical Center – Summit Campus, – Hawthorne	115 (0)	0.00	Average	56 (6)	9.66	Average	236 (0)	0.00	Average	114 (100)	Acceptable
Call	California Pacific Medical Center - Pacific Campus	57 (1)	1,19	Average	28 (1)	3.51	Average	125 (2)	1.47	Average	53 (96.23)	Acceptable
Š	Community Hospital of the Monterey Peninsula	69 (2)	2.04	Average	50 (0)	0.00	Average	161 (2)	1.74	Average:	81: (100)	Accoptable
Dor	Dominican Hospital – Santa Cruz/Soquei	63 (0)	0.00	Average	36 (5)	18.68	Worse	127 (1)	0.84	Average	62 (100)	Acceptable
<u></u>	El Camino Hospital	85 (1)	0.98	Average	45 (2)	4.92	Average	151 (0)	0.00	Average	79 (96.2)	Acceptable
Got	Good Samaritan Hospital ~ San Jose	71 (3)	3.63	Average	37 (2)	6.30	Average	138 (5)	3.45	Average	66 (100)	Acceptable
hol	John Muir Medical Center - Concord Campus	206 (1)	0.46	Average	60 (5)	8.72	Average	413 (2)	0.48	Avarage	188 (100)	Acceptable

John Mulr Medical Center – Walnut Creek Campus . (.) N/A N/A	Kaiser Foundation Hospital – San Francisco 305 (3) 1.51 Average	Kaiser Foundation Hospital – Santa Clara 263 (6) 2.12 Average	Marin General Hospital 32 (0) 0.00 Average	North Bay Medical Center 35 (1) 2.31 Average	O'Connor Hospital - San Jose 40 (1) 1.96 AVerage	Peninsula Medical Center 46 (0) 0.00 Average	Cueen of the Valley Hospital – Napa 36 (1) 2.65 Avera	Regional Medical of San Jose Average 66 (0) 0.00 Average	Salinas Valley Memorial Hospital	San Ramon Regional Medical Center 24 (0) 0.00 Averege	Santa Clara Valley Medical Center 69 (1) 1.84 Avers	Santa Rosa Memorial Hospital – Montgomery 71 (0) 0.00 Average	Sequela Hospital 55 (2) 2.88 Average	Seton Medical Center 51 (2) 2.87 Average	St. Helena Hospital 82 (0) 0.00 Average	St. Mary's Medical Center, San Francisco 22 (0) 0.00 Average	Stanford Hospital : 97 (1) 0.66 Average	Sutter Santa Rosa Regional Hospital 52 (0) 0.00 Åverage	UC San Francisco Medical Center 66 (0) 0.00 Aven
(:)	ge 130 (0)	ge 147 (5)	ge 11 (0)	ge 6 (2)	ge 12 (1)	ge 21 (1)	age 14 (2)	ge 25 (0)	ge 20 (1)	ge 8 (2)	sge 28 (3)	ge 21 (1)	ge 57 (0)	Ge 12 (1)	ge 30 (4)	ge 6 (1)	ge 61 (4)	ge 22 (1)	age 23 (3)
N/A	0.00	5.34	0.00	31.87	6.87	5.92	12.10	0.00	6.82	26.57	11.45	4.23	0.00	6.02	13.24	14.21	7.14	6.77	9.81
N/A	Better	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Better	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average
·(·)	643 (12)	512 (5)	64 (1)	84 (0)	70 (1)	84 (0)	87 (2)	137 (2)	188 (5)	43 (0)	137 (0)	144 (1)	100 (2)	108 (5)	151 (0)	39 (1)	184 (4)	106 (2)	142 (3)
N/A	2.16	0.85	2.60	0.00	1.08	00.00	2.33	1.09	2.43	0.00	0.00	0.69	1.61	3.89	00.0	2.39	2.40	2.67	2.61
N/M	Average	Averages	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	witeraw	Average	Averages	Average	Averago	Average	Average
0.	287 (98.61)	245 (99.59)	30 (96.67)	34 (100)	32 (100)	45 (97.78)	31 (100)	62 (98.39)	92 (98.91)	21 (100)	67 (100)	57 (96.49)	50 (98)	46 (91.3)	75 (96)	18 (100)	89 (96.63)	46 (95.65)	63 (100)
MA	Acceptible	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable

>	Washington Hospital Fremont	86 (0)	0,00	Average	13 (3)	15.97	Average	198 (4)	1.98	Average.	81 (100)	Acceptable
ш	Bakersifeld Heart Hospital	50 (1)	2.13	Average	13 (1)	20.90	Average	129 (3)	2.91	Average	46 (89.13)	Acceptable
ui.	Bakersfield Memorial Hospital	119 (2)	1.80	Average	50 (4)	13.49	Average	247 (6)	2.30	Average.	113 (95.58)	Acceptable
U.	Community Regional Medical Center – Fresno	220 (13)	4.91	Worse	51 (2)	3.48	Average	433 (4)	0.83	Average	196 (98.98)	Acceptable
<u>ц</u>	Dameron Hospital	57 (3)	4.97	Average	6 (0)	0.00	Average	101 (0)	0:00	Average	47 (95.74)	Acceptable
<u> </u>	Doctors Medical Center	244 (6)	1.81	Average	89 (8)	6.66	Average	434 (4)	0.76	Average	215 (98.14)	Acceptable
ш	Emanuel Medical Center	73 (2)	2.56	Average	5 (0)	0.00	Average	120 (1)	0.72	Averaçie	67 (98.51)	Acceptable
LL.	Fresno Heart and Surgical Hospital	139 (1)	0.62	Average	45 (3)	6.99	Average	274 (2)	0.65	Average	119 (99.16)	Acceptable
×	Kaweah Delta Medical Center	166 (3)	1.72	Average	39 (5)	13.08	Avenage	328 (1)	0:30	Average	152 (99.34)	Acceptable
2	Marian Regional Medical Center	59 (2)	2.60	Average	27 (1)	2.88	Average	111(1)	0.75	Average	50 (100)	Acceptable
2	Memorial Hospital Medical Center - Modesto	151 (3)	1.57	Average	62 (8)	10.06	Average	307 (5)	1.41	Average	135 (91,11)	Acceptable
0	Saint Agnes Medical Center	235 (4)	1.75	Average	92 (4)	4.38	Average	452 (4)	0.94	Average	193 (100)	Acceptable
60	San Joaquin Community Hospital	74 (3)	3.30	Average	23 (1)	3.67	Åverage	143 (4)	2.51	Average	68 (95.59)	Acceptable
0	St. Joseph's Medical Center of Stockton	225 (7)	2.23	Average	71 (4)	4.47	Average	415 (4)	0.78	Average	200 (98.5)	Acceptable
٩.	Antelope Valley Hospital	17 (1)	5.55	Average	2 (0)	0.00	Average	37 (1)	2.67	Average	15 (73,33)	Low
0	Community Memorial Hospital San Buenaventura	75 (1)	1.60	Average	37 (2)	6.06	Average	145 (0)	0.00	Average	67 (100)	Acceptable
ŭ.	French Hospital Medical Center	77 (1)	2.04	Average	62 (2)	3.58	Average	165 (2)	1.38	Average	74 (97.3)	Accaptable
0	Glendale Adventist Medical Center - Wilson Terrace	96 (5)	5.96	Average	35 (1)	4.01	Average	223 (4)	2.19	Average	89 (98.88)	Acceptable
O	Glendale Memorial Hospital and Medical Center	120 (0)	0.00	Average	35 (3)	10.34	Average	228 (4)	1.74	Average	114 (99.12)	Acceptable
7	Los Robles Hospital and Medical Center	65 (6)	4.07	Average	39 (5)	13.25	Average	139 (4)	2.52	Average	54 (100)	Acceptable
Ż	Northridge Hospital Medical Center	. 85 (2)	2.23	Average	14 (2)	12.49	Average	148 (5)	3.15	Averana	77 (98.7)	the one for posterior to a

Paimdale Regional Medical Center	8 (1)	16.88	Average	. (.)	N/A	Ŵ	18 (0)	0'00	Average		8 (37.5)
Providence Holy Cross Medical Center	39 (2)	5.85	Average	18 (0)	0.00	Average	79 (1)	1.27	Average		34 (100)
Providence Saint Joseph Medical Center	46 (0)	0.00	Average	21 (1)	7.35	Average	94 (1)	1.48	Average	4	45 (97.78)
Providence Tarzana Medical Center	62 (3)	4.45	Average:	21 (2)	7,80	Average	114 (2)	1.94	Average		50 (98)
Santa Barbara Cottage Hospital	90 (3)	3.89	Average	32 (0)	0.00	Average	167 (2)	1.32	Average	8	83 (100)
St. John's Regional Medical Center	83 (2)	2.20	Average	27 (5)	9.95	Average	139 (5)	3.15	Average	80	80 (97.5)
Valley Presbyterian Hospital	42 (0)	0.00	Average	3 (0)	0.00	Average	83 (1)	1.35	Average	40	40 (100)
West Hill's Hospital and Medical Center	51 (2)	2.48	Average	12 (0)	0.00	Average	95 (2)	1.39	weather	£4	43 (100)
Beverly Hospital	13 (0)	0.00	Average	1 (0)	0.00	Average	41 (0)	0.00	Average	11	11 (100)
California Hospital Medical Center - Los Angeles	19 (0)	0.00	Average	3 (0)	0.00	Average	51 (3)	3.35	Average	19 (6	19 (94.74)
Cedars Sinai Medical Center	129 (0)	0.00	Average	93 (3)	4.04	Average	259 (2)	1.08	Avenage	117 (9	117 (98.29)
Centinela Hospital Medical Center	28 (3)	8.99	Average	2 (1)	9.15	Average	53 (0)	0:00	Average	27 (96.3)	6.3)
Citrus Valley Medical Center - Inter Community Campus	110 (3)	1.95	Average	25 (2)	7.88	Average	199 (2)	0.82	Average	103 (96.12)	6.12)
Downey Regional Medical Center	46 (0)	00:0	Average.	3 (0)	00.0	Average	(0) 601	00.00	Average	45 (88.89)	3.89)
Garfield Medical Center	102 (1)	0.95	Average	33 (0)	0.00	Average	209 (1)	0.49	Average	96 (95.83)	5.83)
Good Samaritan Hospital Los Angeles	87 (2)	2.22	Average	32 (2)	5.88	Average	175 (3)	1.77	Average	77 (100)	(00)
Henry Mayo Newhall Memorial Hospital	35 (1)	2.14	Average	12 (1)	7.81	Average	48 (1)	1.93	Average	31 (93.55)	3.55)
Hollywood Presbyterian Medical Center	42 (1)	2.78	Average	3 (1)	41.95	Average	89 (1)	1.15	Average	41 (97.56)	7.56)
Huntington Memorial Hospital	65 (0)	00.0	Average	44 (2)	5.26	Average	131 (1)	0.79	Average	61 (98.36)	8.36)
Kaiser Foundation Hospital → Sunset	583 (7)	1.21	Average	272 (11)	3.91	Average	1085 (10)	0.91	Average	639 (539 (99.07)
Keck Hospital of University of Southern California	73 (4)	4.76	Average	94 (5)	5.48	Average	135 (1)	0.71	Average	61 (9	61 (98.36)

Los Angeles County/Harbor – UCLA Medical Center Los Angeles County/University of Southern	64 (0) AO (1)	0.00	Average	15 (1) 28 (4)	5.98	Average	146 (3)	2.14	Average		
california Medical Center Lakewood Regional Medical Center	89 (3)	2.22	Average	28 (3)	4.04 8,44	Average	1// (1) 168 (0)	0.81	Average Averaria		78 (98.72) 81 (91 34)
Long Beach Memorial Medical Center	159 (4)	2.13	Average	42 (3)	5.25	Avarage	316 (6)	1.83	Average		146 (95.21)
Methodist Hospital of Southern California	54 (4)	5.94	Average	17 (0)	0:00	Average	99 (3)	3.00	Average	Ster	49 (93.88)
Presbyterian Intercommunity Hospital	51 (2)	4.29	Average	111 (2)	1.20	Better	118 (1)	77.0	Avetage		49 (97.96)
Providence Little Company of Mary Medical Center - Torrance	92 (3)	2.29	Average	59 (6)	11.68	Average	(1) 121	0.53	agerovA		86 (94.19)
Ronald Reagan UCLA Medical Center	137 (6)	4.48	Average	(2) 66	7.45	Average	246 (1)	0.51	Average		96 (95.83)
Saint John's Health Center	41 (2)	5.14	Average	23 (1)	4.09	Average	82 (2)	251	Average		37 (97.3)
St. Francis Medical Center	28 (1)	5.45	Average	6 (0)	0.00	Average	53 (D)	0.00	Average	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	23 (86.96)
St. Mary Medical Center - Long Beach	36 (0)	0.00	Average	13 (0)	00.0	Average	88 (3)	2.64	Average	τņ.	32 (96.88)
St. Vincent Medical Center	48 (1)	2.41	Average	13 (0)	0.00	Average	113 (2)	1.86	Average	4	46 (100)
Torrance Memorial Medical Center	47 (0)	0.00	Average	36 (3)	10.59	Average	85 (0)	0:00	Average	4	46 (100)
White Memorial Medical Center	39 (2)	6.93	Average	8 (0)	0.00	Average	86 (3)	3,48	Average	Ø	37 (100)
Desert Regional Medical Center	112 (7)	7.72	Worse	33 (3)	8.94	Average	215 (0)	0.00	Average	10	104 (96.15)
Desert Valley Hospital	34 (3)	9.14	Average	10 (1)	15.15	Average	65 (3)	4.19	Average	ŝ	33 (100)
Elsenhower Medical Center	122 (0)	0.00	Average	49 (0)	000	Better	254 (3)	1.13	Average	F	111 (100)
Kaiser Foundation Hospital – Fontana	51 (0)	0.00	Average	10 (0)	0.00	Average	51 (0)	0.00	Average	48	49 (97.96)
Loma Linda University Medical Center	161 (8)	3.47	Average	83 (8)	7.12	Average	340 (1)	0.25	Average	4	145 (98.62)
Loma Linda University Medical Center - Murrieta	115 (1)	0.77	Average	12 (0)	0.00	Average	210 (2)	0.87	Average	8	95 (95.79)
Pomona Valley Hospital Medical Center	131 (0)	0.00	Average	31.(1)	4.63	Autoration	234 (B)	7.61	a state a state of the state of		110 001 011

		puel		-	<u> </u>	<u>* *</u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	1. State	10) (0				>	>	V	٩	<u>.</u>		6
Riverside Community Hospital	San Antonio Community Hospital	St. Bernardine Medical Center	St. Mary Medical Center - Apple Valley	Terrrecula Valley Hospital	AHMC Anaheim Regional Medical Center	Fountain Valley Regional Hospital and Medical Center – Euclid	Hoag Memorial Hospital Presbyterian	Mission Hospital Regional Medical Center	Orange Coast Memorial Medical Center	Saddleback Memorial Medical Center	St. Joseph Hospital – Orange	St. Jude Medical Center	UC Irvine Medical Center	West Anaheim Medical Center	Western Medical Center Anaheim	Western Medical Center - Santa Ana	Alvarado Hospital	Grossmont Hospital	Palomar Heatth Downtown Campus	Carlana Duana Landia
162 (2)	130 (6)	429 (3)	80 (0)	15 (0)	129 (0)	118 (5)	135 (0)	113 (2)	59 (0)	67 (0)	61 (3)	(0) 62	71 (4)	22 (0)	30 (2)	82 (1)	28 (1)	115 (3)	44 (0)	10,01
1.30	4.40	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.49	0.00	1.42	0.00	0.00	4.31	0.00	4.36	0.00	5.52	0.91	3.14	2.18	00:00	
Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	
66 (1)	58 (5)	47 (4)	37 (2)	0	49 (2)	14 (3)	103 (6)	44 (5)	18.(1)	27 (2)	52 (6)	28 (0)	11 (0)	1 (1)	6 (0)	18 (0)	13 (2)	43 (1)	21 (2)	
1.72	6.95	7.32	6.22	N/A	4.23	25.05	6.66	9.37	7.84	6.27	9.93	0.00	0.00	92,28	00.00	0.00	19.78	2.30	7.71	
Average	Average	Average	Average	NIA	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Averago	
322 (5)	269 (3)	886 (3)	194 (3)	15 (0)	245 (4)	215 (7)	287 (0)	221 (4)	133 (0)	149 (4)	147 (3)	156 (4)	(1) 211	48 (0)	86 (1)	157 (1)	65 (0)	238 (4)	88 (1)	
1.58	1.08	0.37	1.79	0:00	1.69	3.00	0.00	1.75	0000	3.22	2.30	2.33	0.79	0.00	0.95	0.60	0:00	1.32	1.18	
Average	Average	Better	Averages	Average	Average	Average	Averages	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Avetaqe:	Average	Average	
142 (97.18)	110 (97.27)	412 (99.03)	63 (100)	15 (93.33)	123 (97.56)	110 (89.09)	122 (100)	104 (99.04)	57 (100)	65 (1 00)	22 (1 00)	72 (100)	68 (97.06)	19 (100)	30 (1 00)	82 (100)	24 (100)	103 (100)	41 (90.24)	
Acceptable	Acceptede	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	

Scripps Memorial Hospital - La Jolla	249 (3)	1.18	Average	(L) e) L	0.65	Batter	-482 (2)	0.46	Average	(001) 057	ACTRINE ACTOR
Scripps Mercy Hospital	99 (4)	3.42	Average	27 (4)	10.58	Average	223 (4)	1.76	Average	92 (100)	Acceptable
Sharp Chula Vista Medical Center	84 (0)	0.00	Average	54 (6)	8.48	Average	162 (3)	1.80	Average	79 (100)	Acceptable
Sharp Memorial Hospital†	107 (2)	2.52	Average	101 (4)	5.38	Average	226 (8)	4.27	Worse	97 (97.94)	Acceptable
Tri-City Medical Center - Oceanside	89 (2)	1.84	Average	25 (3)	12.37	Average	149 (1)	0.66	Average	74 (97.3)	Acceptable.
UC San Diego Health – Sulpizio Cardiovascular Center	89 (1)	1.37	Average	61 (1)	2.03	Average	170 (0)	0.00	Average	88 (100)	Acceptable

adjusted using a statistical lechnique that allows for fair comparison of hospital outcomes even though some hospitals have sicker patients than verage Isola

² CAGG + value Operative Mortality is defined as patient death occurring in the hospital after CABG with Valve surgery (Aortic Valve Replacement, Mitral Valve Replacement,

² Post-Derative Stroke is defined as a post-operative, central neurologic deficit persisting for more than 24 hours after isolated CABG surgery while in the operating hospital

⁴ intermal Mammary Artery (MA). Usage in CABG surgery starts of surgery quality. Most first-time CABG surgery quality. Most first-time CABG surgery patients are eligible to receive an IMA bypass. Clinical research shows that IMA grafts used in CABG surgery stay open longer and increase patients are eligible to receive an IMA bypass. Clinical research shows that IMA surgery stay open longer and increase patients are used in CABG surgery stay open longer and increase patients are used in CABC surgery stay open longer and increase patients are used in CABC surgery stay open longer and increase are surgery stay open longer and increase are super state state state states are state average [97.1%]) are labeled as "Low"; those with rates above 84.21% are labeled as "Acceptable." Hostprints are not assessed for very high IMA usage rates because there is no consensus on what constitutes an optimal rate.

"The performance rating is based on a comparison of each provider's nisk-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate to the California observed mortality/stroke/readmission rate. Providers are classified as "Better" if the upper 85% confidence limit of their nisk-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate. Providers are classified as "Better" if the upper 85% confidence limit of their nisk-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate. Providers are classified as "Worse" if the lower 95% confidence limit of their nisk-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate. Providers are bight of their nisk-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate. Providers are classified as "Worse" if the lower 95% confidence limit of their nisk-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate. Providers are classified as "Worse" if the confidence limit of their nisk-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate. Providers are classified as "Worse" if the confidence limit of their nisk-adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate. The California observed mortality/stroke/readmission rate. A provider is classified as "Average" if the California mortality/stroke/readmission rate adjusted mortality/stroke/readmission rate.

T Hospital submitted letter in response to the 2014 CABG surgery performance ratings. Click on hospital name to view the letter.

NA-Not Applicable: Hospital results are not shown for one of the following reasons: 1) data necessary to confirm deaths or IMA use were not available, 2) CABG case(s) performed did not meet the criteria for a specific measure

Beaton	Loevie	8	Operative Mortality 2015	ality'	CABG + V	CABG + Valve Operative Mortality ² 2014-2015	e Mortality ²	Post-Oper	ative Stroke	Post-Operative Stroke ³ 2014-2015	Storbay Re	W Reventerion ⁴ ZM4-2015	a nd	Interv	ul Mammary Use ⁵ 2015	Internal Mammary Actery Lise ⁵ 2015
D		Cases (Deatha)	Rick-Adjusted Rate	Performatica Rating*	Cases (Deotrac)	Risk Adjusted Rate	Performence Feating ⁸	Cased (Strokes)	Risk-Adjusted Rate	Parlomance. Rolang*	Castelli (NewdodJeskills)	Philips Aspendiaci Philips	Partorration Ele Partorration	Dasow	Percent Ibla Unio	A Fertomation Reding
Statewide		12,498 (313)	2.50		5,058 (274)	5.42		24,727 (323)	1.31		21,680 (2,494)	11.50		11,664	97.49%	
120	Enloe Medical Center - Esplanade Campus	146 (8)	4.00	Average	32 (4)	12.04	Average	276 (5)	1.88	Average	257 (32)	12.58	Average	138	95.85%	Acception
uoj6	Mercy General Hospital	457 (5)	0.99	Bettar	308 (10)	3.76	Average :	870 (14)	1.87	Average	780 (68)	8.54	Better	424	98.35%	Aucomptish de
	Mercy Medical Center - Redding	117 (4)	2.61	Average	48 (8)	11.38	Average	245 (2)	0.75	Average	225 (23)	10.19	Average	100	98.00%	Acceptable
lleV sin	Marcy San Juan Hospital	72 (0)	0.00	Average	42 (0)	0.00	Average	157 (2)	1.43	Average	146 (19)	13,20	AVerage	69	98.55%	Acceptable
otili	Ridecut Memorial Hospital	111 (8)	6.33	Worse	28 (5)	13.74	Average	202 (2)	0,80	Average	189 (28)	13.71	Average	66	100,00%	Acceptable
egi	Shasta Regional Medical Center	70 (0)	00.00	Average	19 (0)	0.00	Avenage	125 (2)	1.59	Average	117 (12)	10,18	Aveage	64	98.44%	Acceptable
ມອເ	St. Joseph Hospital - Eureka	20 (0)	00.00	Average	9 (1)	9.54	Average	37 (0)	0.00	Averaige	34 (2)	5.24	Average	17	100.00%	Acceptedate
hol	Suiter Memorial Hospital	295 (5)	1.36	Average	201 (8)	3.28	Avonsola	610 (7)	1.16	Average:	540 (54)	10.54	Sheishe	268	%£9'66	Acceptable
۷	UC Davis Medical Center	97 (3)	3.30	Average	54 (8)	13.99	Average	177 (5)	3.46	Average	154 (17)	11.71	Average	94	98.84%	Acceptable
	Alta Bates Summit Medical Center - Summit Campus	108 (3)	2.23	Average	39 (2)	3.91	Averado	223 (0)	00.0	Avergide	199 (23)	11.05	Average	105	100.00%	Acceptable
	California Pacific Medical Center - Pacific Campus	68 (2)	2.22	Average	26 (1)	5.01	Average	125 (2)	1.49	Average	107 (17)	15.41	Average	61	98.36%	Acceptable
	Community Hospital Monterey Peninsula.	93 (0)	0.00	Average	46 (0)	0.00	Average	182 (1)	0.62	Averinge	166 (14)	85.98	Average	84	100:00%	Accessionales
	Dominican Hospital - Santa Cruz/Soquel	75 (3)	3.51	Average	55 (7)	11.26	Average	138 (1)	0.74	Average	113 (9)	8.41	Average	67	100.00%	Acceptable
	El Camino Hospital	85.(3)	2,34	Average	44 (1)	1.89	Avistrado	170 (1)	0.63	Average	133 (15)	11.43	Average	11	100.00%	Acceptable
	Good Samaritan Hospital - San Jose	76 (3)	3.02	Average	29 (2)	6.06	Average	147 (5)	2,96	Awerage	134 (22)	16,85	Average	60	100,00%	Acceptable
	John Mur Medicel Center - Concord Campus	186 (3)	1.61	Averaço	65 (1)	1.77	Avstaga .	392 (7)	1,86	Avergiga	345 (38)	11.37	Avenues	0/1	98.24%	Acceptable
	Kaiser Foundation Hospital - San Francisco	373 (3)	1.1.1	Average	120 (2)	2.57	Average	678 (5)	76.0	Average	660 (44)	7.52	Beller	363	68,17%	Acceptable
	Kaiser Foundation Hospital - Santa Clara	283 (6)	2,01	. Average	181 (10)	6.95	Availinga	546 (6)	1,09	Average	518 (41)	7.76	Bellins	263	100.00%	Acceptable
əso	Marin General Hospital	28 (1)	2.78	Avenage	18 (0)	0,00	Average	60 (1)	1,76	Average	52 (5)	11,64	SUMMAR	27	100,00%	5 Acceptable
r ue	North Bay Medical Center	53 (Z)	5.16	Average	3 (2)	53.00	Worse	88 (0)	0.00	Averages	85 (14)	15.93	Average	63	100,00%	Aucestation 6
IS 8	O'Connor Hospital - San Jose	35 (0)	0.00	Average	6 (0)	0.00	Average	75 (1)	1.21	Average	60 (7)	11.90	Average	34	100,00%	Auceptable
69	Peninsula Medical Center	58 (0)	0.00	Avenage	18 (0)	0.00	Average	104 (1)	1,18	Average	81 (11)	13.52	Average	33	100.00%	 Acceptable
1A V	Queen of the Valley Hospital - Napa	43 (0)	0,00	Average	11 (3)	17.47	Average	79 (3)	3,95	Average	63 (5)	9.34	Average	41	100,00%	Acceptable
íeg	Regional Medical of San Jose	77 (3)	3.54	Average	21 (0)	0,00	Avençe	143 (0)	000	Average	128 (24)	17.13	Avenues	2	100,00%	6 Acceptibility
oos	Salinas Valley Memorial Hospital	· 80 (3)	4.87	Average	21 (1)	4.14	Average	193 (7)	3,83	Worse	176 (19)	14.17	Avenge	88	58,84%	Acceptable
ions	San Ramon Regional Medical Center	23 (0)	0.00	Average	6 (1)	19.19	Poyo racke	47 (0)	0,00	Average	44 (7)	27.21	offerenvy :	8	100.00%	Acceptable
શને (Sente Clara Valley Medical Center	72 (0)	0,00	Average	28 (3)	10,55	Average	141 (2)	1.76	Average	121 (11)	9.00	Average	12	35.83%	Acceptable
leS	Santa Rosa Mamorial Hospital - Montgomery	(0) 08	0.00	Average	22 (1)	3.84	Average	(1) 191	0.69	Average	141 (10)	7.23	Avenade	86	94.19%	Acceptable
	Sequala Haspital	45 (1)	3.17	Average	66 (0)	00.00	Better	100 (1)	1.12	Average	82 (4)	5.29	Average	41	100.00%	6 Acceptable
	Seton Medical Center	45 (1)	1.67	Average	8(1)	12.00	Worsdo.	98 (5)	4.70	Worse	83 (5)	5.64	AVERAGO	39	100.00%	6 Accoptable

	St. Helena Hospital	94 (6)	4.08	Average	37 (4)	11.65	Average	176 (0)	00'0	Average	157 (15)	9.87	Average	78	96.43%	Acceptable
	St. Mary's Medical Center, San Francisco	22 (1)	3.54	Average	7 (0)	0.00	Average	44 (1)	2.11	Average	37 (5)	13.82	Av erziele.		100.00%	Acceptable
	Stanford Hospital	(1) 96	1.12	Average	76 (4)	6.47	Average	193 (5)	2.76	Average	158 (20)	12.89	Average	84	98.81%	Acceptable
	Sutter Santa Rosa Regional Hospital	49 (2)	5.28	Average	23 (2)	11.82	Average	101 (1)	1.38	Average	90 (3)	4.39	AVRITER	43	%07.08	Acceptable
	UC San Francisco Medical Center	(0) 68	0.00	Average	21 (0)	00'0	Average	165 (2)	1.56	Average	124 (13)	11.15	Avorage	8	98.82%	Acceptable
	Valloycare Medical Center	17 (1)	5.79	Avarage	12 (0)	0.00	Averages	42 (1)	2.50	Average	39(5)	13.12	Awarage.	71	100:00%	Acceptable
	Washington Hospital - Fremont	(0) 62	0.00	Average	15 (1)	5.74	Average	165 (0)	00.0	Average	141 (18)	13.01	Average	76	87.37%	Acceptable
	Bakersfield Heart Hospital	49 (6)	17.56	Warse	10 (1)	20.83	Average	(8) 66	3,60	Average	82 (19)	25.63	Warse .	47	85.11%	. I.ow
	Bakersfield Memorial Hospital	87 (1)	1.05	Average	34.(2)	7.62	Average	206 (5)	2,68	Average	191 (26)	12.97	Average	11	100.00%	Accoptable
	Community Regional Medical Center - Fresno	184 (3)	1.13	ellessroy	45 (4)	6.38	Average	404 (6)	1.19	Average	37Q (72)	17.07	Worse	158	98.73%	Acceptable
	Dameron Hospital	54 (0)	0.00	Average	6 (0)	0.00	Average	111 (1)	0.72	Average	(01) 62	10.59	Avenage	42	90.48%	Acceptable
	Doctors Medical Center	231 (5)	1.65	Average	95 (11)	9.42	Average	475 (7)	1.25	Avvertergies.	420 (42)	9,47	Average	209	98.65%	Acceptable
	Emanuel Medical Center	58 (4)	5,64	Averago	5 (0)	0.00	Average	131 (2)	1.28	Average	101 (14)	11,89	AVERAGE	51	100,00%	Acceptable
	Fresno Heart and Surgical Hospital ¹	81 (2)	2.23	Average	47 (1)	1.68	Average	297 (1)	0.33	Avarage	217(20)	9,25	- albeitende	143	92.90%	Acceptable
	Kaweah Deita Medical Centar	191 (2)	1,01	offenery	39 (2)	5,23	Average	367 (3)	08.0	Average	333 (38)	10.76 -	Average	181	98.90%	Acceptable
	Marian Regional Medicel Center	70 (1)	1.57	efferative	27 (1)	4 09	Average	129 (2)	1.37	Average	120 (13)	6,83	Average	05	100,00%	Acceptable
	Memorial Hospital Medical Center - Modesto	135 (4)	2.54	Average	65 (4)	5,59	Average	286 (4)	1,32	Average	271 (31)	10,44	Average	126	95.24%	Acceptable
	Saint Agnes Medical Center	221 (3)	1,41	Avarage	92 (4)	4.10	Average:	456 (3)	0.70	Average	403 (33)	8,94	Average	201	%00.68	Acceptable
	San Joaquin Community Hospital	81 (1)	1.57	Average	24 (2)	8.34	Avarage	165 (3)	2,13	Аченде	129 (16)	12.09	Average	74	97.30%	Acceptable
	St. Josephris Medical Center of Stockton	215 (9)	2.49	Averages.	75 (6)	6.25	Average	440 (8)	1.42	AVISTEGAC	375 (46)	10.91	Average	191	89.48%	Acceptable
	Antelope Valley Hospital	13 (1)	10.80	Average	2 (0)	00,00	Average	30 (1)	3.64	Average	26(6)	24,87	Average	13	69.23%	1.070
	Community Memorial Hospital - San Buenavantura	79 (4).	3.79	Average	35 (2)	6.70	Average.	154 (2)	1.31	Avarage	129 (13)	11.34	All of tage	R	98.63%	Acceptable
	Franch Hospital Medical Center	82 (5)	5.37	Average	39 (1)	3.28	Avarage	159 (2)	1.34	Average	146 (9)	6,68	Average	69	98.55%	Acceptable
	Glendale Adventist Medical Center - Wilson Terrace	129 (5)	4.33	Average	31 (2)	8.42	Average	225 (2)	0.97	Avénage	180 (32)	18.44	WELL MAN	121	% 11 %	Accoptable
	Glendale Memorial Hospital and Health Center	86 (2)	1.97	Average	35 (3)	7.39	Average	216 (4)	2.08	Average	192 (27)	14.18	Average	5	97.80%	Accepteble
E1	Los Robies Hospital and Medical Center	56 (4)	4.92	Average	35.(4).	13.87	Average	121 (3)	1.72	Average	99 (14)	11.79	Average	24	94.44.96	Acceptable
eau	Northridge Hospital Medical Center	67 (3)	3.41	Average	12 (2)	16.83	Avenage	162 (6)	3.55	Average	137 (19)	13.60	Average	09	96.67%	Acceptable
28 E	Pairridale Regional Medibal Center	8 (0)	0.00	Augragio	0	N/A	WW	16 (0).	00.0	Average	13(1)	9.67	Average.	ø	62.50%	wort
aue	Providence Holy Cross Medical Center	43 (2)	4.25	Average	16 (0)	0.00	Avaiage	82 (0)	0.00	Average	(2) 69	7.30	Average	37	100.00%	Acceptable
e.	Providence Saint Joseph Medical Center	50 (3)	6:39	Average	21 (1)	6.55	Average	(1).96	1.24	Average	87 (9)	11.45	Avenage	48	95.65%	Acceptable
	Providence Tarzana Medical Center	61 (1)	1.79	AV&RBQ®	14 (2)	15.04	Average	113 (2)	1.74	Average	98 (14)	14,06	Average	44	95.45%	Acceptable
	Santa Barbara Cottage Hospital	81 (D)	0.00	Avnage	36 (1)	3.78	Avaitage	171 (1)	0.67	Patriaga	164 {7}	4.61	Better	79	98.73%	Acceptable
	St. John's Regional Medical Center	64 (1)	1.23	AVAGAGE	30 (10)	25,95	Worse	147 (7)	4,34	Worse	128 (14)	10,51	Awarage	61	96.72%	Acceptable
	Valley Prospyrentan Hospital	20 (0)	0.00	Average	1 (1)	81.46	Average	62 (0)	0.00	Averaige	54 (15)	27.84	Works	16	100,00%	Acceptable
	West Hills Regional and Medical Center	45 (1)	1.65	Average	15 (1)	6.21	Awaraga	96 (3)	2.31	Average	78 (11)	13.51	Average	4	97.56%	Accepteble
										a water which was delivered and a subscription of	a phone of the state of the sta	successive new York with the second second	Statement of the local division of the local	a new particular and the second states of the second states and the second states and the second states of the second states and the	statement of the local division of the local division of the	And in case of the subsection

	California Hospital Medical Center - Los Angeles	23 (0)	0.00	Average	6 (1)	13,37	Average	42 (3)	4.33	Average	(10)	24.27	Morse	22	100.00%	Acceptable
	Cedars Sinal Medical Center	101 (4)	9.42	Average	88 (4)	8.05	Average	290 (3)	1:25	Average	238 (28)	13.86	Average:	149	100.00%	Accessionation
	Centinela Hospital Medical Center	35 (3)	6.36	Average	6 (1)	12.89	Average	63 (0)	0.00	Average	4.3 (10)	19.68	Average	33	100.00%	Automatic
	Citrus Valley Medical Center Inner Community Campus	121 (2)	1,40	Average	24 (1)	6.37	Wanage	231 (3)	1.29	Average	1:95 (25)	11.47	Avorage	113	94.89%	Acceptable
	Downey Reglonal Medical Center	28 (0)	0.00	Average	5 (0)	000	Average	74 (1)	1.37	AVBRAUB	70 (8)	9.53	Average	25	86.00%	Acceptable
	Garritatd Medical Center	124 (5)	4.70	Average	32 (0)	000	Average	226 (3)	1.41	AVBrage	147 (19)	12.33	Average	114	95.81%	Acceptable
	Good Samaritan Hospital - Los Angeles	67 (4)	6.31	Average	30 (1)	3.17	Average	154 (3)	1.85	Average	91 (9)	9.09	Average	58	98.28%	Acceptable
	Henry Mayo Newhalf Memorial Hospital	29 (0)	0.00	Autoroges.	13 (2)	17.74	Average	64 (0)	0.00	Average.	55 (7)	11.78	Average	25	96.00%	Accupation
X	X Hollywood Presbyterian Medical Center	51 (3)	3,85	Average	2 (1)	103.02	Average	93 (2)	1,74	Average	68 (17)	20,01	Worse	45	95.56%	Acceptable
S	Huntington Memorial Hospital	84 (1)	1.47	Average	35 (1)	3.39	Aviaraçıs	149 (3)	2.30	Avorage	(61) 661	13.67	Average	83	9/,89.78	Acceptable
eief	Kalser Foundation Hospital - Sunset	587 (7)	1.39	Average	297 (8)	2,95	Average	1170 (18)	1.60	Average	1134 (126)	10.82	Average	569	99.82%	Acceptedate
BUW	Keck Hospital of University of Southern California	65 (0)	00.00	Average	85 (2)	2.06	Average	138 (1)	0.68	Average	102 (16)	16,13	Average	25	98.25%	Acceptable
so	Lakewood Regional Medical Center	76 (3)	2.78	Average	30 (3)	12.13	Average	165 (1)	0.50	Average	140 (13)	7,30	Average	75	98.67%	Acceptable
ter l	Long Beach Memorial Madical Center	165 (7)	2.97	Average.	33 (2)	5.37	Average	324 (6)	1,64	Average	262 (43)	14.96	AVATAGE	148	92,95%	Aconoleuse
BOT	Las Angeles County/Harbor UCLA Medical Center	59 (1)	2.06	Average	(1) [1]	8,30	Average	123 (1)	0.87	AVBISIGE	(11) IS	17,42	Average	Z	95.15%	Acceptable
จ	Los Angeles County/University of Southern California Medical Center	55 (0)	00'0	Average	24 (1)	8.06	Average	135 (D)	00.00	Average	104 (10)	12.18	Average	12	100,00%	Acception
	Methodist Hospital of Southern California	63 (D)	00.00	Average	10 (0)	00'0	Average	107 (3)	2.77	Average	101 (16)	16,00	Average	52	96,15%	Acceptable
	Presbyterian Intercommunity Hospital	55 (1)	1,20	Avarage	81 (5)	4 00	Average	107 (0)	0.00	Avenues	58 (8)	8,63	Avenage	8	.%00'86	Acceptedolo
	Providence Little Company of Mary Medical Center - Torrance	112 (6)	4.85	Average	(2) 69	10.43	Average	204 (1)	0,46	Average	180 (30)	15.23	Average	110	93,64%	Acceptable
	Roneld Reagan UCLA Madical Center	156 (1)	0.81	Average	(9) (9)	6 59	Average	293 (5)	1.86	Average	250 (40)	16.23	Wores	135	100.00%	Acceptable
	Saint John's Health Center	21 (0)	00.00	Average	12 (0)	00.0	Auerage	62 (1)	1.63	Average	(11) 83	22.39	Average	19	100.00%	Acceptable
	St. Francis Medical Center	26 (1)	7.35	abelaky	8 (0)	00'0	Avaluate	54 (0)	00'0	Average	(11) 61	25.26	Warse	22	84,00%	L.Cow
	St. Mary Medical Center - Long Beach	59 (3)	3,88	Average	14 (0)	00'0	Average	95 (1)	0,82	Avelage	63 (15)	16,33	Avstaga	35	96,36%	Acceptable
	St. Vinsent Medical Center	38 (1)	3,30	Average	(1) 2	26.44	Average	86 (0)	00.00	Averages	73 (4)	6.89	Average	88	97.37%	Acceptable
	Torrance Memorial Medical Center	83 (1)	1.67	Average	43 (1)	3.38	Average	130 (1)	0.83	Average	1 13 (10)	9.42	Average	82	100,00%	Acceptable
	White Memorial Medical Center	66 (2)	2.38	Average	14 (0)	0.00	Average	105 (4)	3.82	Averages	87 (6)	6.20	Average	64	96.88%	Acceptable
1	Desert Regional Medical Center	123 (10)	5,80	Worse	26 (5)	18.06	Worse	235 (1)	0.42	Avenge	206 (16)	8.40	Average	110	98.18%	Acceptable
	Desert Valley Hospital	26 (1)	2.62	Average	4 (0)	0.00	Average	60 (0)	00'0	Average	56 (7)	10.84	Austalgo	35	96.00%	Accorptables
	Elsenhower Medical Center	187 (5)	2.18	Average	27 (0)	0.00	Average	309 (4)	1.19	Averago	272 (35)	12.24	Avenue	175	38.86%	Acceptable
	Kaiser Foundation Hospital - Fontana	253 (2)	0.93	Avarage	55 (1)	2.56	Average	304 (0)	00.00	Avietupe	292 (23)	7.89	Average.	248	98.79%	Annephable
	Lome Linds University Medical Center	188 (7)	2.61	Average	68 (4)	4.14	Average	349 (6)	1.38	Average	306 (34)	9.74	Average	176	97.73%	Accesptuble
avis rdin	Loma Linda University Medical Center - Murrieta	125 (4)	2.99	Avorage	20 (0)	0.00	Average	240 (4)	1.54	Average.	215 (22)	10.13	We want	12	99.11%	Acceptable
em	Pomona Valley Hospital Medical Center	135 (0)	0,00	Average	33 (0)	0.00	Average	288 (2)	0.78	Average	241 (27)	11.61	Avarage	128	98.44%	Accepteble
	Riversida Community Hospital	156 (2)	1.23	Average	44 (1)	2.63	Avarage	318 (2)	0.62	Average	278 (39)	14.37	Average.	141	39.29%	Accenticatales
	San Antonio Community, Hospital	132 (4)	1.89	Average	64 (4)	6.11	Average	262 (4)	1.34	Average	216 (28)	12.75	Average	116	100.00%	Acceptional
	St. Bemardine Medical Center	272 (17)	4.67	Worse	90 (8)	7,68	Avetage	701 (8)	1.18	Avenage	553 (75)	13.81	Average	254	98.43%	Acceptable

Image:		St. Mary Medical Center - Apple Valley	85 (1)	0.93	Average	35 (2)	6,06	Average	165 (1)	0.65	Average	156 (24)	16.22	Average	76	97.37%	Acceptable
Including Including <t< th=""><th></th><th>Temecula Valley Hospital</th><th>50 (2)</th><th>4.38</th><th>Average</th><th>5 (1)</th><th>25.83</th><th>Avoinge.</th><th>65 (0)</th><th>0.00</th><th>Average</th><th>-67 (11)</th><th>10.57</th><th>Average</th><th>5.1</th><th></th><th>Acceptable</th></t<>		Temecula Valley Hospital	50 (2)	4.38	Average	5 (1)	25.83	Avoinge.	65 (0)	0.00	Average	-67 (11)	10.57	Average	5.1		Acceptable
Image: constraint include 101 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100		AHMC Anaheim Regional Medical Center	120 (2)	2.08	Average	57 (0)	0.00	Average	249 (3)	1.26	Average	203 (17)	8,09	Average	114	9678%	Acceptable
Monoment monoment 01 01 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100 0100		Fountain Valley Regional Hospital and Medical Center - Euclid	115 (1)	0.78	Average	11 (3)	35,92	Worse	233 (4)	1.42	Average	195 (22)	10.28	ANGUAGE	110	92.7.3%	Acceptable
Monomial fragment integration 970 -000 970 -000 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Hoag Memorial Hospital Presbyterian</td><td>131 (3)</td><td>1.98</td><td>Average</td><td>90 (5)</td><td>5,80</td><td>Average</td><td>266 (1)</td><td>0.40</td><td>Average</td><td>244 (15)</td><td>7.56</td><td>Average</td><td>115</td><td>100.00%</td><td>Acceptable</td></t<>		Hoag Memorial Hospital Presbyterian	131 (3)	1.98	Average	90 (5)	5,80	Average	266 (1)	0.40	Average	244 (15)	7.56	Average	115	100.00%	Acceptable
Opposite		Mission Hospital Regional Medical Center	87 (1)	1.40	Average	37 (3)	8.00	PARENDE:	210 (5)	2.76	Average	184 (19)	11.26	Average	93	100.00%	Acceptable
Quast planet formation (and contraction) (a)	fin	Orange Coast Memorial Medical Center	75 (3)	4,95	Average	19 (1)	6.73	Average	134 (2)	1.71	Average	123 (14)	12.63	Average	68	100.00%	Acceptable
Company <	co	Saddleback Mermorial Medical Center	85 (4)	4.15	Average	22 (1)	4.00	AVGTORS	152 (3)	2.30	obvievy.	140 (14)	11.26	Average	11	97.40%	Acceptable
Qi Qi<	әбі	St. Joseph Hospital - Orange	92 (1)	1.20	Average	46 (5)	8.28	ANDVAGE	163 (3)	2.06	Average	139 (22)	15.86	Average	88	96.59%	Acceptable
Classical cla	IEIC	St. Jude Medical Center	81 (1)	1.12	Average	29 (0)	0.00	AV97309	160 (2)	1.34	Average	148 (9)	6,15	Average	75	1240	Acceptable
Month Model Clear 3 (3) 6 (1))	UC Irvina Medical Center	59 (3)	5.43	Average	12 (3)	21.71	Average	130 (1)	0.72	Average	100 (11)	6.57	Average	57	98.25%	Accepteble
Modern Medical Cuertor - Anotheria 101 0.01 0.00 0.000 <		West Anaheim Madical Center	31 (2)	6.01	Average	3(1)	49,80	Average	53 (1)	1.88	Avelage	38 (6)	16.38	Average.	31	93.55%	Acceptable
Network indexed Context- Series (3) 5(1) 100		Western Medical Center - Anaheim	15 (1)	5.04	Average	6 (0)	00'0	Average	45 (1)	1.87	Average	37 (2)	4.70	Average	15	100.00%	Accaptable
Invariant 200 0.000 0.0000 </td <td></td> <td>Western Medical Center - Santa Ana</td> <td>51 (1)</td> <td>1.30</td> <td>Alveriage</td> <td>15 (0)</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>AVSEAD</td> <td>133 (2)</td> <td>1.32</td> <td>Average</td> <td>107 (13)</td> <td>11.83</td> <td>Average</td> <td>48</td> <td>95.83%</td> <td>Acceptable</td>		Western Medical Center - Santa Ana	51 (1)	1.30	Alveriage	15 (0)	0.00	AVSEAD	133 (2)	1.32	Average	107 (13)	11.83	Average	48	95.83%	Acceptable
Descent Headed 100 (h) 2.00 (h) 2.01 (h) 1.01 (h) 1.00 (h) 2.01 (h) 1.01 (h) 1.00 (h) 2.01 (h)		Alvarado Hospital	26 (0)	0.00	Averege	13 (2)	8,73	Average	54 (0)	0.00	Average	46 (9)	18,10	Average	25	100.00%	Acceptable
Open open frage Part open			106 (4)	2,86	Average	54 (3)	3.87	Average	221 (3)	111	Average	190 (28)	13.44	werade	94	100,00%	Acceptable
Display Serperation 22 (0) 300 Montraje 10 (0)<	06	Patomar Health Downtown Campus	46 (2)	4,83	Average	21 (1)	3,48	Average	60 (0)	0,00	Average	84 (8)	10,41	Average	42	95.24%	Acceptable
G Series Mendel Hogela - La Jan 276 (b) 172 Average 267 (t) 3.44 Average 277 (t) Average 38.22 (t) 3.44 Average 277 (t) 3.44 Average 277 (t) 4.41 Average 4.60 (t) 1.41 Average 4.60 (t) 1.41 Average 4.60 (t) 4.61 Average 4.61 4.71 Average 4.60 6.61 4.81 1.61 1.71 Average 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.60 6.6	Diei	Scripps Green Hospital	52 (0)	0.00	Average	48 (1)	2.54	ebelavA -	101 (0)	00'0	Average	94 (8)	11.35	ANDIAGE	20	100,00%	Acceptable
Description Description 101(1) 3.14 Average 2.31(1) 1.11 Average 1.11	UB	Scripps Memorial Hospital - La Jolla	278 (5)	1.72	Average	165 (3)	1,78	Better	527 (1)	0.20	Better	460 (47)	10.65	Average	265	99.62%	Acceptable
Note: Note: <th< td=""><td>er S</td><td>Scripps Mercy Hospital</td><td>104 (4)</td><td>3.93</td><td>Avertégei</td><td>26 (1)</td><td>3.45</td><td>Average</td><td>203 (2)</td><td>10.1</td><td>Average</td><td>178 (26)</td><td>14.71</td><td>Average</td><td>66</td><td>98.86ª%</td><td>Acceptable</td></th<>	er S	Scripps Mercy Hospital	104 (4)	3.93	Avertégei	26 (1)	3.45	Average	203 (2)	10.1	Average	178 (26)	14.71	Average	66	98.86ª%	Acceptable
O Bits Memorial Indexid 11 0.0	ieə.	Sherp Chula V sta Madical Center	94 (5)	4.67	Average	35 (2)	6.38	Average	178 (2)	1.12	Average	161 (21)	12.17	Average	66		Acceptable
Th-Clip Medical Center - Oceanate 56 (2) 3.1 Average 23 (2) 8.45 Average 145 (2) 12.82 Average 131 (16) 12.82 Average 131 (16) 12.82 Average 131 (16) 12.82 Average 132 (12) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 239 (2) 0.31 (16) 12.82 Average 149 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) 140 (2) <td>e</td> <td>Sharp Memorial Hospital</td> <td>61 (3)</td> <td>4.07</td> <td>whereasty</td> <td>88 (4)</td> <td>6,51</td> <td>Average</td> <td>204 (6)</td> <td>3.39</td> <td>aBialeAV</td> <td>192 (20)</td> <td>11.14</td> <td>Average</td> <td>- 28</td> <td>1.1.5</td> <td>Acceptable</td>	e	Sharp Memorial Hospital	61 (3)	4.07	whereasty	88 (4)	6,51	Average	204 (6)	3.39	aBialeAV	192 (20)	11.14	Average	- 28	1.1.5	Acceptable
UC San Dilggu Health - Supplo Curdbowscuer Camter 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 149 (2) 229 (15) 239 (2) 0.07 (15) 239 (2) 0.07 (15) 239 (2) 0.07 (15) 6.00 Banter [146 3635% Accord) ated CABG Operative Mentative la defined as patient death occurring in the hospital are lacated CABG aurgery. Up to 90 days death occurring anywhere after hospital active acceleration to 80 days death occurring anywhere after hospital active acceleration active service of the patient and according in the hospital after lacated CABG aurgery. Up to 90 days death occurring anywhere after hospital active service patients than average. 34 Vave Operative Neurality Is defined as patient death occurring in the hospital indice are solven and with any Vave Replacement. Mittal Vave Replacement of Repeation of Repeation active Service I active Ser		Tri-Cily Medical Center - Oceanside	56 (2)	3.81	Average	23 (2)	8,45	AVETAGE	145 (2)	1.52	Average	131 (16)	12,62	Average	53	100,00%	Acceptable
taked CABG Operative Montainly is defined as pailent dealth occurring in the tooptial after backet of any o		UC Sen Diego Health - Sulpizio Cardiovascular Center	149 (2)	1,49	Avorage	53 (1)	2,29	Average	238 (2)	0.87	Average	222 (15)	6,80	Bolley	146	98.63%	Acceptable
4. Valve Operative Mortality is defined as patient doeth occuring in the lospital offer augery Markens and explained within 30 days and and the section of the set, up to 90 days, or dearth occuring anywhere after hospital discharge but within 30 days and	plated -	CABG Operative Mortality is defined as patient death occurring in the host tings are risk-adjusted using a statistical fechnique that allows for fair compr	spital after isolated parison of hospital	CABG surger putcomes eve	y, up to 90 days, in though some h	death occurring lospitals have a	a mywhere efte icker patients th	r hospital discha	rge but within 3	0 days after the	e isolated CABG su	irgery or all deaths	s after transfer (o anciher acute	care cente	ar up to 90 d	days.
st-Operative Stocke is defined as a post-operalive, central neurologic deficit persisting for more than 24 hours after isolated CABG surgery while in the operating hospital. PAPA Readmistion is defined as a post-operative, central neurologic deficit persisting for more than 24 hours after isolated CABG surgery while in the operating with a principle diagnosis indicating a heart-related condition, or an infection or a complication that was likely related to CABG persy Relative is defined as an isolated CABG surgery patient being readmined to an acute scare hospital which 30 days of being discharged to home or a non-acute suting with a principle diagnosis indicating a heart-related condition, or an infection or a complication that was likely related to CABG persy relative is that maximary Artery (IBA) stagge in CABG surgery patients are eligible to recolve an IMA pypass. Clinical research shows that IMA greats used in CABG surgery stay open longer and increase patient's survuel. Very low patient litration ratio may be associated with that used indication of surgery patients are aligible to recolve an IMA pypass. Clinical research shows that IMA greats used in CABG surgery stay open longer and increase patient's survuel. Very low patients because there is no conservated. Those heaptiles into IMA usage rates below 66.68%, (i.e. two standard deviations below the statistical significance. A provider is classified as "Low"; those with rates above 65.86% are labeled as "Acceptable" if the upper 56% are labeled as "Acceptable" if the upper 56% are labeled as "Acceptable" if the upper 56% and laber than the California observed mortally rate. This is a text of statistical significance. A provider is classified as "Belter" if the upper 56% confidence limit of its RAMR is higher than the California observed mortally rate. This a notal if rate falls with the confidence limit of its RAMR is higher than the California observed mortally rate. This are able as 56% confidence limit of its RAMR is higher than the Californ	ABG +	Valve Operative Mortality is defined as patient death occurring in the hosp all deaths after transfer to another acute care center up to 90 days. Hospite	pital after CABC walls are risk-	rith Valve surg adjusted using	ery (Aortic Valve I a statistical tech	Replacement, inique that allow	Mitral Velve Re vs for fair comp.	placement or Re arison of hospita	pair or a combil l outcomes evel	nation of these) In though some), up to 90 days, or thospitals have sich	death occurring a ker patients than a	nywhere after h iverage.	ospital discharg	se but within	n 30 days a	fter the
-Day Readmission is defined as an isolated CABG surgery partient being readmitted to an oude care hospital within 30 days of being discharged to home or a non-acute sating with a principle diagnosis indicating a heart-related condition, or an infection or a complication that was likely related to CABG surgery state that could be followed-up via hospital patient discharged tata. Wernal Mammary Artery (IIMA) tatage in CABG surgery patients are eligible to recolve an IMA bypass. Clinical research shows that IMA greats used in CABG surgery stay open longer and increase patients' survival. Very low patients are eligible to recolve an IMA bypass. Clinical research shows that IMA greats used in CABG surgery stay open longer and increase patients' survival. Very low to an interform on what complexition and so that bypass. Clinical research shows that IMA greats used in CABG surgery stay open longer and increase patients' survival. Very low to an interformance are eligible to recolve an IMA bypass. Clinical research shows that IMA greats used in CABG surgery patients are not assessed for very high the proference on what constitutes an orwatally rate and the California observed mortally rate. This is a task of statistical significance. A provider is classified as "Low"; those with rates abova 85,80% are labeled as "Arceaptable". Hospital are not assessed for very high the reference or an entraneor of states that in the California doserved mortally rate. This is a task of statistical significance. A provider is classified as "Low" those of the provider's fish-adjusted mortally rate is a compared or classe from the assessed for very high the research and the california doserved mortally rate is a stated of a classifica as "None" if the lower 95% confidence limit of its RAMR fails bolow the california doserved mortally rate is assessed for very high the response for the provider's fish-adjusted mortally rate is accepted as "Low" those or conserved for the rate of states as a "Low" those or assessed in the california doserv	ost-Opt	srative Stroke is défined as a post-operative, central neurologic deficit persi	sisting for more the	an 24 hours af.		S surgery while	in the operating	g hospital.	And the second sec		Contraction and the second sec		and other and the second se	Automotic Sector and Automotic Automotics		the states to the second	
Final Maximum y Artery (IMA) target in CABC surgery quality. Most first-time CABC surgery patients are eligible to recolve an IMA bypass. Clinical research shows that IMA grafts used in CABC surgery quality. Most first-time CABC surgery patients are eligible to recolve an IMA bypass. Clinical research shows that IMA grafts used in CABC surgery quality. Most first-time CABC surgery quality. Most first-time CABC surgery quality. Most first-time CABC surgery patients are eligible to recolve an IMA bypass. Clinical research shows that the poorer care. Those heapitals with IMA usage rates below BG 80%, (i.e. two standard deviations below the statewide average [97/49%]) are labeled as "Low"; those with rates above 85,80% are labeled as "Acceptable." Hospitals are not assessed for very high the grafts because there is no consensus on what constitutes an optimal rate. The performance rating is based on a comparison of each provider's risk-adjusted mortally rate and the Celifornia observed mortally rate. This is a text of statistical significance. A provider is classified as "Hotper 55% confidence limit of its RAMR is higher than the Celifornia observed mortally rate. This is a text of statistical significance. A provider is classified as "Yorse" if the upper 55% confidence limit of its RAMR is higher than the Celifornia observed mortally rate. A provider is classified as "Worse" if the outper 55% confidence limit of its RAMR is higher than the Celifornia observed mortally rate. A provider is classified as "Botter" if the upper 55% confidence limit of its RAMR is higher than the Celifornia observed mortally rate. This is a text of statistical significance. A provider is classified as "Botter" if the upper 55% confidence limit of its RAMR is higher than the Celifornia observed mortally rate. A provider is classified as "Worse" if the Upwer 55% confidence limit of its RAMR is higher than the Celifornia observed as "Average" if the California uncurst is within the confidence interval of the provider's risk-adjusted mortall	Jary R	teadmission is defined as an isolated CABG surgery patrient being readmit tudy population includes patients discharged allve that could be followed-up	litted to an acute or o via hospital patie	are hospital wi ni discharge d	lthín 30 days of b ata.	eing discharged	I to home or a r	tor-acule setting	with a principle	diagnosis indi	icaling a heart-relat	ed condition, or ar	n infection or a	complication the	at was likely	related to	CABG
In performance raining is based on a comparison of each provider's risk-adjusted montality rate and the California observed montality rate. This is a text of statistical significance. A provider is classified as "Worse" If the upper 56% confidence limit of its RAMR fails below the California observed montality rate. This is a text of statistical significance. A provider is classified as "Worse" If the lower 95% confidence limit of its RAMR fails below the California observed montality rate. This is a text of statistical significance. A provider is classified as "Worse" If the lower 95% confidence limit of its RAMR fails below the California observed montality rate. A provider is classified as "Worse" If the lower 95% confidence limit of its RAMR fails below the California observed montality rate. A provider is classified as "Worse" If the California montality rate fails within the confidence interval of the provider's risk-adjusted montality rate.	sternos spital uti sge rates	Matmmary Artery (18A) Stage in CASG surgery is an evidence-based mdl. Illization rates may be associated with poorer care. Those hospitals with IMA is because there is no consensus on whord constitutes an optimal rate.	licator of surgery q A usage rates beic	uality. Most fir w 85.89%, (i.e	st-time CABG su 9. two standard d	rgery patients s eviations below	the statewide is	ceive an IMA by sverage (97,49%	pass. Clinical re } are labaled au	search shows ! s "Low"; those !	that IMA grafts user with rates above 85	d in CABQ surger	y stay open lon as "Acceptable	ger and Increas " Hospitals are	e patients' a	survival. Ve sed for very	ary Iow y high IMA
descent beat that Sugical Hospital report for Isolated CABG Operative Mortality is based on cases from January to July of 2016, Post-operative Mortality and 30-Day Readmission is based on cases from January to December 2014 and January to July of 2016, Post-operative Stro	he perf vider is ospital	formance rating is based on a comparison of each provider's risk-adjusted n . classified as "Worsa" if the lower 95% confidence limit of its RAMRI is high submitted letter in respons to the 2014-2015 CABG surgery performance rati	mortality rate and the than the Californet that the Californet that the Californet the Californe	he California c nia observed i pital name to	observed mortalit mortality rate. A p view the letter.	y rate. This is a provider is class	test of statistic lified as "Avera	al significance. J ge" if the Califorr	A provider is cla ila mortality rate	ssified as "Bet fails within the	ter" if the upper 95% a confidence interva	% confidence limit a of the provider's	of its RAMR fa risk-adjusted n	Is below the Ce notal ity rate.	Ilfornia obs	wrved mot	ality rate. A
	- ou se	Heart and Surgical Hospital report for Isolated CABG Operative Mortality is b	based on cases fr	om January to	July of 2015 and	I for CABG+VAI	VE Hospital O	perative Mortality	r and 30-Day Re	admission is b	ased on cases fron	n January to Dect	imber 2014 and	Jul of the Jul	y of 2015, f	acst-operat	ive Stroke is

		Electronically Filed 7/15/2020 6:08 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT
		Atump. Atum
1	KEITH A. WEAVER Nevada Bar No. 10271	
2	E-Mail: Keith.Weaver@lewisbrisbois.com	
3	Nevada Bar No. 14979C	
4	E-Mail: Alissa.Bestick@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600	
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383	
6	FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendant Terry Bartmus,	
7	A.P.R.N.	
8	DISTRIC	TCOURT
9		NTY, NEVADA
10		
11	DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A.	CASE NO. A-17-766426-C
12	MOORE, individually and as husband and wife;	Dept. No.: XXV
13	Plaintiffs,	ORDER ON PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL
14	VS.	
15	JASON LASRY, M.D., individually;	
16	FREMONT EMÉRGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD.; TERRY BARTMUS,	
17		
18	through V, inclusive;	
19	Defendants.	
20		
21		on for hearing before this Court on June 11,
22		e 16, 2020. Keith Weaver, Esq. appeared for
23		sea Hueth, Esq. and Robert McBride, Esq.
24	appeared for Defendant Jason Lasry, M.D.;	Breen Arntz, Esq. and Phil Hymanson, Esq.
25	appeared for Plaintiffs.	
26		eadings and paper filed by the parties and
27	hearing oral arguments relating thereto, and	good cause appearing, finds as follows:
28		07/01/2020
	4851-3361-5041.1	
		Docket 81659 Document 2020-38159

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LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Court did not err
 in precluding Dr. Wiencek from testifying at trial. The Court finds that Dr. Wiencek's
 testimony was unnecessary. The Court further finds that Plaintiffs did not provide
 sufficient notice that Plaintiffs sought to call Dr. Wiencek to testify at trial. The Court
 further finds that Plaintiffs were not substantially prejudiced by the Court's decision to
 preclude Dr. Wiencek from testifying.

7 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Court finds that
8 it may have erred in allowing the impeachment of Dr. Marmureanu using the article titled
9 "CA Hits Nerve By Singling Out Cardiac Surgeon with Higher Patient Death Rates," and
10 corresponding State of California report upon which the article is based. However, the
11 Court finds that any potential error in allowing the impeachment of Dr. Marmureanu did
12 not substantially prejudice Plaintiffs in their right to a fair trial.

13 Plaintiffs' Motion for New Trial is hereby DENIED. 14 15 DATED this the 10 day of June, 2020. 16 17 DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 18 JG Respectfully Submitted by: 19 LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 20 21 /s/ Alissa N. Bestick 22 **KEITH A. WEAVER** Nevada Bar No. 10271 23 ALISSA N. BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C 24 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 25 Attorneys for Defendant Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.Ň. 26 111 27 111 28 2 4851-3361-5041.1

BRISBOIS BISGAARD

& SMITH LLP

1	APPROVED AS TO CONTENT:		
2	Dated: July 1, 2020		Dated: July 1, 2020
3	ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMAN, LLP		MCBRIDE HALL
4			Isl Chelsea R. Hueth
5	SUBMITTING COMPETING ORDER	3 9 3	
6	MATTHEW W. HOFFMAN Nevada Bar No.: 9601		ROBERT MCBRIDE, Nevada Bar No.: 7082
7	10789 W. Twain Avenue, Ste. 100 Las Vegas, NV 89135		CHELSEA R. HUETH, Nevada Bar No.: 10904
8	And		8329 W. Sunset Road, Ste. 260 Las Vegas, NV 89113
9	BREEN ARNTZ		Attorneys for Defendant, Jason Lasry, M.D.
10	Nevada Bar No.:3853		
11	5545 Mountain Vista, Suite E Las Vegas, NV 89120		
12	Attorneys for Plaintiffs		
13			
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	KEITH A. WEAVER Nevada Bar No. 10271 E-Mail: Keith.Weaver@lewisbrisbois.com ALISSA BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C E-Mail: Alissa.Bestick@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383 FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendant Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N.	Electronically Filed 7/16/2020 9:15 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT	
8	DISTRIC	T COURT	
9		NTY, NEVADA	
10		,	
11	DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A.	CASE NO. A-17-766426-C	
12	MOORE, individually and as husband and wife;	Dept. No.: XXV	
13	Plaintiffs,	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER ON PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL	
14	VS.		
15	DIGNITY HEALTH d/b/a ST. ROSE		
16	DOMINICAN HOSPITAL-SAN MARTIN CAMPUS; JASON LASRY, M.D.,		
17	individually; FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD.; TERRY		
18	BARTMUS, RN, APRN; and DOES I through X, inclusive; and ROE		
19	CORPORATIONS I through V, inclusive;		
20	Defendants.		
21			
22	111		
23	111		
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28	111		
	4818-2535-1107.1 Case Number: A-17-76	Docket 81659 Document 2020-38159	

1	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the	Order was entered into this matter on July 16,
2	2020, a true and correct copy of which is a	attached hereto.
3	DATED this 16th day of July, 2020	
4		
5	LEV	VIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP
6		
7	Ву	/s/ Alissa Bestick KEITH A. WEAVER
8		Nevada Bar No. 10271
9		ALISSA N. BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C
10		6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
11		Tel. 702.893.3383
12		Attorneys for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry Bartmus,
13		A.P.R.N.
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	4818-2535-1107.1	2

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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I hereby certify that on this 16 th day of July, 2020, a true and correct copy of
3	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER ON PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL was
4	served electronically with the Clerk of the Court using the Wiznet Electronic Service
5	system and serving all parties with an email-address on record, who have agreed to
6	receive Electronic Service in this action.
7	Matthew W. Hoffman, Esq. Robert McBride, Esq. ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMAN, LLP Chelsea R. Hueth, Esq.
8	10789 W. Twain Avenue, Ste. 100 Las Vegas, NV 89135 CARROLL, KELLY, TROTTER, FRANZEN, MCBRIDE & PEABODY
9	Tel: 702-562-6000 8329 W. Sunset Road, Ste. 260 Fax: 702-562-6066 Las Vegas, NV 89113
10	Email: mhoffmann@awhlawyers.com Tel: 702-792-5855 Attorneys for Plaintiffs Fax: 702-796-5855
11	Email: crhueth@cktfmlaw.com
12	Attorneys for Defendant, Jason Lasry, M.D.
13	Breen Arntz, Esq. 5545 Mountain Vista, Suite E
14	Las Vegas, NV 89120 Tel: 702-384-8000
15	Fax: 702-446-8164
16	Email: breen@breen.com <i>Attorneys for Plaintiffs</i>
17	
18	By _ IsI Emma L. Gonzales
19	An Employee of LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP
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		Atump. Stu	m
1	KEITH A. WEAVER Nevada Bar No. 10271		
2	E-Mail: Keith.Weaver@lewisbrisbois.com		
3			
4	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGĂARD & SMITH LLP		
5			
6	702.893.3383 FAX: 702.893.3789		
7	Attorneys for Defendant Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N.		
8		TCOUDT	
9			
10		NTY, NEVADA	
11			
12	DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A. MOORE, individually and as husband and	CASE NO. A-17-766426-C Dept. No.: XXV	
13	wife;	ORDER ON PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR	
14	Plaintiffs,	NEW TRIAL	
15	VS.		
16	JASON LASRY, M.D., individually; FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES		
17	(MANDAVIA), LTD.; TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN; and DOES I through X,		
18	inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS I through V, inclusive;		
19	Defendants.		
20			
21	Plaintiffs' Motion for New Trial came	on for hearing before this Court on June 11,	
22	2020. This Court issued its decision on Jun	e 16, 2020. Keith Weaver, Esq. appeared for	
23	Defendant Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N.; Chels	sea Hueth, Esq. and Robert McBride, Esq.	
24	appeared for Defendant Jason Lasry, M.D.;	Breen Arntz, Esq. and Phil Hymanson, Esq.	
25	appeared for Plaintiffs.		
26	The Court, having reviewed the ple	eadings and paper filed by the parties and	
27	hearing oral arguments relating thereto, and	good cause appearing, finds as follows:	
28		07/01/2020	

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LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Court did not err
 in precluding Dr. Wiencek from testifying at trial. The Court finds that Dr. Wiencek's
 testimony was unnecessary. The Court further finds that Plaintiffs did not provide
 sufficient notice that Plaintiffs sought to call Dr. Wiencek to testify at trial. The Court
 further finds that Plaintiffs were not substantially prejudiced by the Court's decision to
 preclude Dr. Wiencek from testifying.

7 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Court finds that
8 it may have erred in allowing the impeachment of Dr. Marmureanu using the article titled
9 "CA Hits Nerve By Singling Out Cardiac Surgeon with Higher Patient Death Rates," and
10 corresponding State of California report upon which the article is based. However, the
11 Court finds that any potential error in allowing the impeachment of Dr. Marmureanu did
12 not substantially prejudice Plaintiffs in their right to a fair trial.

13 Plaintiffs' Motion for New Trial is hereby DENIED. 14 15 DATED this the 10 day of June, 2020. 16 17 DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 18 JG Respectfully Submitted by: 19 LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 20 21 /s/ Alissa N. Bestick 22 **KEITH A. WEAVER** Nevada Bar No. 10271 23 ALISSA N. BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C 24 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 25 Attorneys for Defendant Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.Ň. 26 111 27 111 28 2 4851-3361-5041.1

BRISBOIS BISGAARD

& SMITH LLP

1	APPROVED AS TO CONTENT:		
2	Dated: July 1, 2020		Dated: July 1, 2020
3	ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMAN, LLP		MCBRIDE HALL
4			Isl Chelsea R. Hueth
5	SUBMITTING COMPETING ORDER	3 9 3	
6	MATTHEW W. HOFFMAN Nevada Bar No.: 9601		ROBERT MCBRIDE, Nevada Bar No.: 7082
7	10789 W. Twain Avenue, Ste. 100 Las Vegas, NV 89135		CHELSEA R. HUETH, Nevada Bar No.: 10904
8	And		8329 W. Sunset Road, Ste. 260 Las Vegas, NV 89113
9	BREEN ARNTZ		Attorneys for Defendant, Jason Lasry, M.D.
10	Nevada Bar No.:3853		
11	5545 Mountain Vista, Suite E Las Vegas, NV 89120		
12	Attorneys for Plaintiffs		
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		Otimes. Atu
1	KEITH A. WEAVER Nevada Bar No. 10271	
2	E-Mail: Keith.Weaver@lewisbrisbois.com	
3	DANIELLE WOODRUM Nevada Bar No. 12902	
4	E-Mail: Danielle.Woodrum@lewisbrisbois. ALISSA BESTICK	com
5	Nevada Bar No. 14979C E-Mail: Alissa.Bestick@lewisbrisbois.com	
6	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600	
7	Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383	
8	FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendants Fremont	
	Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry	
9	Bartmus, A.P.R.N.	
10	DISTRIC	T COURT
11	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA
12		
13	DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A.	CASE NO. A-17-766426-C
14	MOORE, individually and as husband and wife;	Dept. No.: XXV
15	Plaintiffs,	STIPULATION AND ORDER TO DISMISS DEFENDANT FREMONT EMERGENCY
16	vs.	SERVICE (MANDAVIA), LTD ONLY WITH PREJUDICE
17	JASON LASRY, M.D., individually;	
18	FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES	
19	(MANDAVIA), LTD.; TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN; and DOES I through X,	
20	inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS I through V, inclusive;	
21	Defendants.	
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	4852-4838-2382.1	
9		Docket 81659 Document 2020-38159 1 2019

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

1	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED by and between the parties through undersigned	
2	counsel of record that:	
3	FIRST, all claims against Defendant Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia),	
4	Ltd. are to be dismissed with prejudice.	
5	SECOND, each party shall bear their own attorneys' fees and costs incurred in this	
6	action associated with the claims against Defendant Fremont Emergency Services	
7	(Mandavia), Ltd.	
8	111	
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4852-4838-2382.1

II

1 THIRD, the hearing on the Motion for Summary Judgment regarding the negligent 2 hiring, training and supervision claim against Defendant Fremont Emergency Services 3 (Mandavia), Ltd. set for December 10, 2019 at 9:00 a.m. is vacated as moot. 2019 4 Dated: December Dated: December , 2019 5 ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMAN, LLP CARROLL, KELLY, TROTTER, 6 FRANZEN & MCBRIDE 7 8 Matthew W. Hoffman, Esq. Robert McBride, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9061 Nevada Bar No.: 7082 9 10789 W. Twain Avenue, Ste. 100 Chelsea R. Hueth, Esq. Las Vegas, NV 89135 Nevada Bar No.: 10904 10 8329 W. Sunset Road, Ste. 260 Breen Arntz, Esq. Las Vegas, NV 89113 11 Nevada Bar No.: 3853 Attorneys for Defendant, Jason Lasry, M.D. 5545 Mountain Vista, Suite E 12 Las Vegas, NV 89120 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 13 14 Dated: December , 2019 15 **LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD &** 16 SMITH LLP 17 18 **KEITH A. WEAVER** 19 Nevada Bar No. 10271 DANIELLE WOODRUM 20 Nevada Bar No. 12902 ALISSA N. BESTICK 21 Nevada Bar No. 14979C 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 22 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 23 Attorneys for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry 24 Bartmus, A.P.R.N. 25 26 27 28 4852-4838-2382.1 3

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1	THIRD, the hearing on the Motion for Summary Judgment regarding the negligent	
2	hiring, training and supervision claim against Defendant Fremont Emergency Services	
3	(Mandavia), Ltd. set for December 10, 2019 at 9:00 a.m. is vacated as moot.	
4	Dated: December, 2019 Dated: December, 2019	
5	(())	
6	ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMAN, LLP CARROLL, KELLY, TROTTER, FRANZEN & MCBRIDE	
7		
8	Matthew W. Hoffman, Esq. Robert McBride, Esq.	
9	Nevada Bar No.: 9061Nevada Bar No.: 708210789 W. Twain Avenue, Ste. 100Chelsea R. Hueth, Esq.	
10	Las Vegas, NV 89135 Nevada Bar\No.: 10904 8329 W. Sunset Road, Ste. 260	
11	Breen Arntz, Esq.Las Vegas, NV 89113Nevada Bar No.: 3853Attorneys for Defendant, Jason Lasry,	
12	5545 Mountain Vista, Suite E <i>M.D.</i> Las Vegas, NV 89120	
13	Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
14	Dated: December, 2019	
15		
16	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP	
17		
18	KEITH A. WEAVER	
19	Nevada Bar No. 10271 DANIELLE WOODRUM	
20	Nevada Bar No. 12902	
21	ALISSA N. BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C	
22	6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118	
23	Attorneys for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry	
24	Bartmus, A.P.R.N.	
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1	THIRD, the hearing on the Motion for S	Summary Judgment regarding the negligent
2	hiring, training and supervision claim agains	t Defendant Fremont Emergency Services
3	(Mandavia), Ltd. set for December 10, 2019 at	9:00 a.m. is vacated as moot.
4	Dated: December, 2019	Dated: December, 2019
5		CARROLL, KELLY, TROTTER,
6	ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMAN, LLP	FRANZEN & MCBRIDE
7		
8	Matthew W. Hoffman, Esq. Nevada Bar No.: 9061	Robert McBride, Esq. Nevada Bar No.: 7082
9	10789 W. Twain Avenue, Ste. 100 Las Vegas, NV 89135	Chelsea R. Hueth, Esq. Nevada Bar No.: 10904
10	Breen Arntz, Esq.	8329 W. Sunset Road, Ste. 260 Las Vegas, NV 89113
11	Nevada Bar No.: 3853 5545 Mountain Vista, Suite E	Attorneys for Defendant, Jason Lasry, M.D.
12	Las Vegas, NV 89120	
13	Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
14	Dated: December <u>9</u> , 2019	
15	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD &	
16	SMITH LLP	
17	Aum 15258	
18	KEITH A. WEAVER	
19	Nevada Bar No. 10271 DANIELLE WOODRUM	
20	Nevada Bar No. 12902 ALISSA N. BESTICK	
21 22	Nevada Bar No. 14979C 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600	
22	Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 Attorneys for Defendants Fremont	
23 24	Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry	
24	Bartmus, A.P.R.N.	
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LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS ALLAW

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1	-
1	Moore v. Lasry, et al.
2	Case No.: A-17-766426-C Dept. XXV
3	ORDER
4	Based on the foregoing stipulation, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Defendant
5	Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd. is hereby DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE
6	and that each party shall bear their own attorneys' fees and costs associated with the
7	claims against Defendant Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd. in this matter.
8	IT IS ALSO HEREBY ORDERED that the hearing on the Motion for Summary
9	Judgment regarding the negligent hiring, training and supervision claim against
10	Defendant Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd. set for December 10, 2019 at
11	9:00 a.m. is vacated as moot.
12	DATED this the day of Decreder, 2019.
13	Soft Delie
14	DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
15	Respectfully Submitted by:
16	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP
17	KEITH A. WEAVER
18	Nevada Bar No. 10271 DANIELLE WOODRUM
19	Nevada Bar No. 12902 ALISSA N. BESTICK
20	Nevada Bar No. 14979C
21 22	6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
22	Attorneys for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry
24	Bartmus, A.P.R.N.
25	
26	
27	
28	
	4852-4838-2382.1

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	KEITH A. WEAVER Nevada Bar No. 10271 E-Mail: Keith.Weaver@lewisbrisbois.com DANIELLE WOODRUM Nevada Bar No. 12902 E-Mail: Danielle.Woodrum@lewisbrisbois. ALISSA BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C E-Mail: Alissa.Bestick@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383 FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N.	
10	DISTRIC	T COURT
11	CLARK COUI	NTY, NEVADA
12 13		
14	DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A. MOORE, individually and as husband and	CASE NO. A-17-766426-C Dept. No.: XXV
15	wife;	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF STIPULATION
16	Plaintiffs,	AND ORDER TO DISMISS DEFENDANT FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD ONLY
17	VS.	
18	JASON LASRY, M.D., individually; FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD.; TERRY BARTMUS,	
19	RN, APRN; and DOES I through X, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS I	
20	through V, inclusive;	
21	Defendants.	
22		
23	111	
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4836-3958-8271.1

1	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Stipulation and Order to Dismiss Defendant
2	Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd. only was entered on December 18, 2019,
3	a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto.
4	DATED this day of December, 2019
5	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP
6	
7	ALLE MADICIC
8	By KEITH A. WEAVER
9	Nevada Bar No. 10271 DANIELLE WOODRUM
10	Nevada Bar No. 12902 ALISSA N. BESTICK
11	Nevada Bar No. 14979C
12	6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
13	Attorneys for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry Bartmus,
14	A.P.R.N.
15	
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LEWIS BRISBOIS

EISG AARD & SMITHUP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I hereby certify that on this M day of December, 2019, a true and correct copy
3	of NOTICE OF ENTRY OF STIPULATION AND ORDER TO DISMISS DEFENDANT
4	FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD ONLY was served
5	electronically with the Clerk of the Court using the Wiznet Electronic Service system and
6	serving all parties with an email-address on record, who have agreed to receive
7	Electronic Service in this action.
8	Matthew W. Hoffman, Esq. Robert McBride, Esq. ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMAN, LLP Chelsea R. Hueth, Esq.
9	10789 W. Twain Avenue, Ste. 100 Las Vegas, NV 89135 CARROLL, KELLY, TROTTER, FRANZEN & MCBRIDE
10	Tel: 702-562-6000 8329 W. Sunset Road, Ste. 200 Fax: 702-562-6066 Las Vegas, NV 89113
11	Email: mhoffmann@awhlawyers.com Tel: 702-792-5855 Attorneys for Plaintiffs Fax: 702-796-5855
12	Email: rcmcbride@cktfmlaw.com Email: crhueth@cktfmlaw.com
13	Attorneys for Defendant, Jason Lasry, M.D.
14	Breen Arntz, Esq. 5545 Mountain Vista, Suite E
15	Las Vegas, NV 89120 Tel: 702-384-8000
16	Fax: 702-446-8164 Email: breen@breen.com
	Attorneys for Plaintiffs
18	MILTI
19 20	ByAn Employee of
20	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP
22	
23	
24	
25	
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	4836-3958-8271.1 3

LEWIS BRISBOIS

EISG AARD & SMITHUP ATTORNEYSATLAW

2 3 4 5	KEITH A. WEAVER Nevada Bar No. 10271 E-Mail: Keith.Weaver@lewisbrisbois.com DANIELLE WOODRUM Nevada Bar No. 12902 E-Mail: Danielle.Woodrum@lewisbrisbois. ALISSA BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C E-Mail: Alissa.Bestick@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383 FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N.	
11		T COURT
12	CLARK COUI	NTY, NEVADA
13		
14	DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A. MOORE, individually and as husband and	CASE NO. A-17-766426-C Dept. No.: XXV
15	wife;	STIPULATION AND ORDER TO DISMISS
16	Plaintiffs,	DEFENDANT FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICE (MANDAVIA), LTD ONLY WITH
17	vs.	PREJUDICE
18	JASON LASRY, M.D., individually; FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES	
19	(MANDAVIA), LTD.; TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN; and DOES I through X, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS I	
20	through V, inclusive;	
21	Defendants.	
22		
23	111	
24	111	
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, , , ,	4852-4838-2382.1	DEC 1 1 2019

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 1 IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED by and between the parties through undersigned
2 counsel of record that:

FIRST, all claims against Defendant Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia),
Ltd. are to be dismissed with prejudice.

5 SECOND, each party shall bear their own attorneys' fees and costs incurred in this
6 action associated with the claims against Defendant Fremont Emergency Services
7 (Mandavia), Ltd.

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THIRD, the hearing on the Motion for Summary Judgment regarding the negligent 1 2 hiring, training and supervision claim against Defendant Fremont Emergency Services 3 (Mandavia), Ltd. set for December 10, 2019 at 9:00 a.m. is vacated as moot. 2019 Dated: December 4 Dated: December _____, 2019 5 ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMAN, LLP CARROLL, KELLY, TROTTER, 6 FRANZEN & MCBRIDE 7 Matthew W. Hoffman, Esq. 8 Robert McBride, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9061 Nevada Bar No.: 7082 10789 W. Twain Avenue, Ste. 100 9 Chelsea R. Hueth, Esq. Las Vegas, NV 89135 Nevada Bar No.: 10904 10 8329 W. Sunset Road, Ste. 260 Breen Arntz, Esq. Las Vegas, NV 89113 11 Attorneys for Defendant, Jason Lasry, Nevada Bar No.: 3853 M.D. 5545 Mountain Vista, Suite E 12 Las Vegas, NV 89120 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 13 14 Dated: December ____, 2019 15 **LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD &** 16 SMITH LLP 17 18 **KEITH A. WEAVER** 19 Nevada Bar No. 10271 DANIELLE WOODRUM 20 Nevada Bar No. 12902 ALISSA N. BESTICK 21 Nevada Bar No. 14979C 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 22 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 23 Attornevs for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry 24 Bartmus, A.P.R.N. 25 26 27 28 3 4852-4838-2382.1

BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP

-	
1	THIRD, the hearing on the Motion for Summary Judgment regarding the negligent
2	hiring, training and supervision claim against Defendant Fremont Emergency Services
3	(Mandavia), Ltd. set for December 10, 2019 at 9:00 a.m. is vacated as moot.
4	Dated: December, 2019 Dated: December 12, 2019
5	
6	ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMAN, LLP CARROLL, KELLY, TROTTER, FRANZEN & MCBRIDE
7	
8	Matthew W. Hoffman, Esq. Robert McBride, Esq.
9	Nevada Bar No.: 9061 Nevada Bar No.: 7082 10789 W. Twain Avenue, Ste. 100 Chelsea R. Hueth, Esq.
10	Las Vegas, NV 89135 8329 W. Sunset Road, Ste. 260
11	Breen Arntz, Esq.Las Vegas, NV 89113Nevada Bar No.: 3853Attorneys for Defendant, Jason Lasry,
12	5545 Mountain Vista, Suite E <i>M.D.</i> Las Vegas, NV 89120
13	Attorneys for Plaintiffs
14	Dated: December, 2019
15	,,,
16	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP
17	
18	KEITH A. WEAVER
19	Nevada Bar No. 10271 DANIELLE WOODRUM
20	Nevada Bar No. 12902
21	ALISSA N. BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C
22	6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
23	Attorneys for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry
24	Bartmus, A.P.R.N.
25	
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	4852-4838-2382.1 3

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1	THIRD, the hearing on the Motion for S	Summary Judgment regarding the negligent
2	hiring, training and supervision claim agains	t Defendant Fremont Emergency Services
3	(Mandavia), Ltd. set for December 10, 2019 at	t 9:00 a.m. is vacated as moot.
4	Dated: December, 2019	Dated: December, 2019
5	ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMAN, LLP	CARROLL, KELLY, TROTTER,
6	ATKINSON WATKINS & HOT HIAN, EE	FRANZEN & MCBRIDE
7		
8	Matthew W. Hoffman, Esq. Nevada Bar No.: 9061	Robert McBride, Esq. Nevada Bar No.: 7082
9	10789 W. Twain Avenue, Ste. 100 Las Vegas, NV 89135	Chelsea R. Hueth, Esq. Nevada Bar No.: 10904
10		8329 W. Sunset Road, Ste. 260 Las Vegas, NV 89113
11	Breen Arntz, Esq. Nevada Bar No.: 3853	Attorneys for Defendant, Jason Lasry, M.D.
12	5545 Mountain Vista, Suite E Las Vegas, NV 89120	W.D.
13	Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
14	Dated: December, 2019	
15		
16	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP	
17		
18	KEITH A. WEAVER	
19	Nevada Bar No. 10271	
20	DANIELLE WOODRUM Nevada Bar No. 12902	
21	ALISSA N. BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C	
22	6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118	
23	Attorneys for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry	
24	Bartmus, A.P.R.N.	
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	4852-4838-2382.1 3	

Moore v. Lasry, et al. 1 Case No.: A-17-766426-C Dept. XXV 2 3 ORDER 4 Based on the foregoing stipulation, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Defendant 5 Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd. is hereby DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE 6 and that each party shall bear their own attorneys' fees and costs associated with the 7 claims against Defendant Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd. in this matter. 8 IT IS ALSO HEREBY ORDERED that the hearing on the Motion for Summary 9 Judgment regarding the negligent hiring, training and supervision claim against 10 Defendant Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd. set for December 10, 2019 at 11 9:00 a.m. is vacated as moot. DATED this the 11 day of DECANDLY2, 2019. 12 13 14 RICT ØIST COURT JUDGE WW. 15 Respectfully Submitted by: 16 LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 17 11.16 KEITH A. WEAVER 18 Nevada Bar No. 10271 DANIELLE WOODRUM 19 Nevada Bar No. 12902 ALISSA N. BESTICK 20 Nevada Bar No. 14979C 21 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 22 Attorneys for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry 23 Bartmus, A.P.R.N. 24 25 26 27 28 4852-4838-2382.1

BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH UP

	2 3 4 5 6 7	KEITH A. WEAVER Nevada Bar No. 10271 E-Mail: Keith.Weaver@lewisbrisbois.com DANIELLE WOODRUM Nevada Bar No. 12902 E-Mail: Danielle.Woodrum@lewisbrisbois. ALISSA BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C E-Mail: Alissa.Bestick@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383 FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendant Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N.	
	10	DISTRIC	T COURT
	11	CLARK COUI	NTY, NEVADA
	12		
	13	DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A. MOORE, individually and as husband and	CASE NO. A-17-766426-C Dept. No.: XXV
	14	wife;	JUDGMENT ON JURY VERDICT
	15	Plaintiffs,	
	16	vs.	
UNON-J Judgn Trans	17	JASON LASRY, M.D., individually and TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN;	
Non-Jury Disposed After Trial Start Disposed After Trial Start Undgment Reached Indgment Reached	18	Defendants.	
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	21	111	
Jury Disposed After Trial Start Verdict Reached	22	111	8
After T eached	23	111	
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	27	111	
LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITHUP	28	4832-7379-8325.1	
ATTORNEYSATLAW			Docket 81659 Document 2020-38159 2020

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This action came on for trial before the Honorable Kathleen Delaney, and a jury 1 beginning on January 27, 2020, Plaintiffs and Defendants appearing by and through 2 counsel, and the Court having submitted the case to the jury and the jury having entered 3 a verdict on February 13, 2020, and in accordance with the verdict of the jury: 4 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Judgement is 5 hereby entered in favor of Defendant JASON LASRY, M.D. and TERRY BARTMUS, 6 A.P.R.N. and against Plaintiffs DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A. MOORE. 7 DATED this 6 day of MARCH, 2020. 8 9 10 JUDGE RICT COURT DIST 11 JG Respectfully Submitted by: 12 LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 13 14 15 A WEAVER Nevada Bar No. 10271 16 ALISSA BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C 17 6385 South Rainbow Blvd,, Suite 600 Las Vegas, NV 89118 18 Attorneys for Defendant Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 2 4832-7379-8325.1

RISGAARD

& SMITH LLP

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	KEITH A. WEAVER Nevada Bar No. 10271 E-Mail: Keith.Weaver@lewisbrisbois.com DANIELLE WOODRUM Nevada Bar No. 12902 E-Mail: Danielle.Woodrum@lewisbrisbois. ALISSA BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C E-Mail: Alissa.Bestick@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383 FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendants Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) and Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N.	
10	DISTRIC	TCOURT
11	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA
12		
13	DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A.	CASE NO. A-17-766426-C
14	MOORE, individually and as husband and wife;	Dept. No.: XXV NOTICE OF ENTRY OF JUDGMENT ON
15	Plaintiffs,	JURY VERDICT
16	VS.	
17 18	JASON LASRY, M.D., individually and TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN;	
19	Defendants.	
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	4838-6454-9303.1	Docket 81659 Document 2020-38159

Case Number: A-17-766426-C

LEWIS BRISBOIS

EISG AARD & SMITHUP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

1	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Judgment on Jury Verdict was entered on March
2	10, 2020, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto.
3	DATED this D day of March, 2020
4	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP
5	
6	and the second second
7	By CUMBATCK KEITH A. WEAVER
8	Nevada Bar No. 10271
9	DANIELLE WOODRUM Nevada Bar No. 12902
10	ALISSA N. BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C
11	6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
12	Attorneys for Defendant Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N.
13	
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	4838-6454-9303.1 2

LEWIS BRISBOIS

EISG AARD & SMITHUP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I hereby certify that on this 10 th day of March, 2020, a true and correct copy
3	of NOTICE OF ENTRY OF JUDGMENT ON JURY VERDICT was served electronically
4	with the Clerk of the Court using the Wiznet Electronic Service system and serving all
5	parties with an email-address on record, who have agreed to receive Electronic Service in
6	this action.
7	Matthew W. Hoffman, Esq. ATKINSON WATKINS & HOFFMAN, LLP Robert McBride, Esq. Chelsea R. Hueth, Esq.
8	10789 W. Twain Avenue, Ste. 100 Las Vegas, NV 89135 CARROLL, KELLY, TROTTER, FRANZEN & MCBRIDE
9	Tel: 702-562-6000 8329 W. Sunset Road, Ste. 260 Fax: 702-562-6066 Las Vegas, NV 89113
10	Email: mhoffmann@awhlawyers.com Tel: 702-792-5855 Attorneys for Plaintiffs Fax: 702-796-5855
11	Email: crhueth@cktfmlaw.com
12	Attorneys for Defendant, Jason Lasry, M.D.
13	Breen Arntz, Esq. 5545 Mountain Vista, Suite E
14	Las Vegas, NV 89120
15	Tel: 702-384-8000 Fax: 702-446-8164
16	Email: breen@breen.com <i>Attorneys for Plaintiffs</i>
17	
18	By ISI Emma L. Gouzales
19	An Employee of LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP
20	
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4838-6454-9303.1

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYSATLAW

	4 5 6 7	KEITH A. WEAVER Nevada Bar No. 10271 E-Mail: Keith.Weaver@lewisbrisbois.com DANIELLE WOODRUM Nevada Bar No. 12902 E-Mail: Danielle.Woodrum@lewisbrisbois. ALISSA BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C E-Mail: Alissa.Bestick@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383 FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendant Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N.	
	10	DISTRICT COURT	
11		CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
	12		
	13	DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A. MOORE, individually and as husband and	CASE NO. A-17-766426-C Dept. No.: XXV
	14	wife;	JUDGMENT ON JURY VERDICT
	15	Plaintiffs,	
Image: Non-Jury Image: Non-Jury Disposed After Trial Start Disposed After Trial Start Image: Non-Jury Disposed After Trial Start Judgment Reached Verdict Reached Transferred before Trial Other	16	VS.	
		JASON LASRY, M.D., individually and TERRY BARTMUS, RN, APRN;	
	18	Defendants.	
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LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITHUP ATDRNEISATLAW	20	4832-7379-8325.1	MAR 0 5 2020

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This action came on for trial before the Honorable Kathleen Delaney, and a jury 1 beginning on January 27, 2020, Plaintiffs and Defendants appearing by and through 2 counsel, and the Court having submitted the case to the jury and the jury having entered 3 a verdict on February 13, 2020, and in accordance with the verdict of the jury: 4 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Judgement is 5 hereby entered in favor of Defendant JASON LASRY, M.D. and TERRY BARTMUS, 6 A.P.R.N. and against Plaintiffs DARELL L. MOORE and CHARLENE A. MOORE. 7 DATED this 6 day of MARCH, 2020. 8 9 10 JUDGE RICT COURT DIST 11 JG Respectfully Submitted by: 12 LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 13 14 15 A WEAVER Nevada Bar No. 10271 16 ALISSA BESTICK Nevada Bar No. 14979C 17 6385 South Rainbow Blvd,, Suite 600 Las Vegas, NV 89118 18 Attorneys for Defendant Terry Bartmus, A.P.R.N. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 2 4832-7379-8325.1

RISGAARD

& SMITH LLP