IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

TON VINH LEE,

Appellant,

v.

INGRID PATIN, an individual, and PATIN LAW GROUP, PLLC, a Nevada Professional LLC,

Respondent.

Supreme Court Case No.: 82516
District Court Case Flectronically Filed
Jul 27 2021 04:47 p.m.
Elizabeth A. Brown
Clerk of Supreme Court

APPELLANT'S APPENDIX VOLUME 2 PART 2

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INDEX TO APPELLANT'S APPENDIX

	Document Description	Location
Specia	l Verdict Form in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth	Volume 1
Judicia	d Case No. A656091 (filed 01/22/14)	Bates Nos. 1–5
Motion	n for Judgement as a Matter of Law Pursuant to	Volume 1
NRCP	50(b) or, in the Alternative, Motion for	Bates Nos. 5-29
Remitt	itur in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No.	
A6560	91 (filed 05/13/14)	
Exhib	its to Motion for Judgment as a matter of Law	
A.	Excerpted Transcript of Trial Testimony of	Volume 1
	Andrew Pallos, M.D. in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth	Bates Nos. 30-181
	Judicial Case No. A656091 (dated 01/16/14)	
Notice	of Entry of Order for Motion for Judgement as a	Volume 1
Matter	of Law Pursuant to NRCP 50(b) or, in the	Bates Nos. 182-194
Alterna	ative, Motion for Remittitur in Singletary v. Lee,	
Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed 07/16/14)		
Judgm	ent on Jury Verdict for Defendant Ton Vinh Lee,	Volume 1
DDS in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No.		Bates Nos. 195-196
A656091 (filed 09/11/14)		
Compl	aint in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case No.	Volume 1
A7231	34 (filed 08/17/15)	Bates Nos. 197-201
Affida	vit of Service for Defendant Patin Law Group,	Volume 1
PLLC	in Lee v. Patin, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 202
A7231	34 (filed 08/31/15)	
Defend	lants' Motion to Dismiss in Lee v. Patin, Eighth	Volume 1
Judicia	d Case No. A723134 (filed 09/08/15)	Bates Nos. 203-214
Exhibits for Defendants' Motion to Dismiss		
A.	Complaint in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial	Volume 1
	Case No. A656091 (dated 02/07/12)	Bates Nos. 215-216
B.	Special Verdict Form in Singletary v. Lee,	Volume 1
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed	Bates Nos. 217-222
	01/22/14)	

C.	Order on Defendants' Motion to Retax in	Volume 1
	Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 223-227
	A656091 (filed 04/11/14)	
D.	Judgment on Jury Verdict in Singletary v. Lee,	Volume 1
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed	Bates Nos. 228-231
	04/29/14)	
E.	The Trial Reporter Newsletter (February 2014)	Volume 1
		Bates Nos. 232-235
F.	Nevada Legal Update Newsletter (Fall 2014)	Volume 1
		Bates Nos. 236-239
G.	Nevada Jury Verdict Google Search Results	Volume 1
	(04/14/15)	Bates Nos. 240-242
Affida	vit of Service for Defendant Ingrid Patin in Lee v.	Volume 1
Patin,	Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed	Bates Nos. 243
09/23/	15)	
Defen	dants' Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to	Volume 2
NRS 41.635-70, or in the Alternative, Motion to		Bates Nos. 244-260
Dismi	ss Pursuant to NRCP 12(B)(5) in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> ,	
Eighth	Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed 10/16/15)	
Exhib	its for Defendant's Special Motion to Dismiss	
A.	Complaint in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial	Volume 2
	Case No. A656091 (dated 02/07/12)	Bates Nos. 261-262
B.	Special Verdict Form in Singletary v. Lee,	Volume 2
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed	Bates Nos. 263-268
	01/22/14)	
C.	Order on Defendants' Motion to Retax in	Volume 2
	Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 269-273
	A656091 (filed 04/11/14)	
D.	Judgment on Jury Verdict in Singletary v. Lee,	Volume 2
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed	Bates Nos. 274-277
	04/29/14)	
E.	The Trial Reporter Newsletter (February 2014)	Volume 2
		Bates Nos. 278-281
F.	Settlement/Verdict Website Screenshot and	Volume 2
	Defendant's Fee Disclosure	Bates Nos. 282-283
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-

G.	Nevada Legal Update Newsletter (Fall 2014)	Volume 2
		Bates Nos. 284-287
H.	Nevada Jury Verdict Google Search Results	Volume 2
	(04/14/15)	Bates Nos. 288-290
I.	Plaintiffs Case Appeal Statement in Singletary	Volume 2
	v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091	Bates Nos. 291-297
	(dated 08/08/14)	
J.	Defendants Case Appeal Statement (Cross-	Volume 2
	Appeal) in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial	Bates Nos. 298-310
	Case No. A656091 (dated 09/11/14)	
K.	Minutes of the Senate Committee on Judiciary	Volume 2
	(dated 03/23/13)	Bates Nos. 311-313
L.	Certificate of Business: Fictitious Firm Name	Volume 2
	(dated 10/26/2010)	Bates Nos. 314-318
M.	Reports Transcripts on Jury Trial in Singletary	Volume 2
	v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091	Bates Nos. 315-323
	(dated 01/17/14)	
Notice	of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motion	Volume 2
to Disn	niss in Lee v. Patin, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 324-326
A7231	34 (filed 10/23/15)	
Defend	lants' Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to NRCP	Volume 2
12(b)(5	5) in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 327-335
A7231	34 (filed 01/27/16)	
Exhibi	ts for Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Pursuant	
to NRC	CP 12(b)(5)	
1.	Affidavit of Ingrid Patin, Esq. in Lee v. Patin,	Volume 2
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed	Bates Nos. 336-338
	01/27/16)	
2.	Complaint in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial	Volume 2
	Case No. A656091 (dated 02/07/12)	Bates Nos. 339-344
Order 1	Denying Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss	Volume 2
Pursuant to NRS 41.635-70, or in the Alternative,		Bates Nos. 345-348
Motion	to Dismiss Pursuant to NRCP 12(B)(5) in <i>Lee v</i> .	
Patin,	Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed	
02/04/1	16)	

Amend	ded Complaint in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial	Volume 2
Case N	No. A723134 (filed 02/23/16)	Bates Nos. 349-353
Notice of Entry of Order Denying Motion to Dismiss		Volume 2
Pursua	ant to NRCP 12(b)(5) in Lee v. Patin, Eighth	Bates Nos. 354-357
Judicia	al Case No. A723134 (filed 04/11/16)	
Second	d Amended Complaint in Lee v. Patin, Eighth	Volume 2
Judicia	al Case No. A723134 (filed 04/11/16)	Bates Nos. 358-362
Defend	dants' Renewed Special Motion to Dismiss	Volume 2
Pursua	nt to NRS 41.635-40 in Lee v. Patin, Eighth	Bates Nos. 363-380
Judicia	al Case No. A723134 (filed 05/24/16)	
Exhib	its for Defendant's Renewed Special Motion to	
Dismi	ss Pursuant to NRS 41.635-40	
A.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Motion to	Volume 2
	Dismiss Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(5) in <i>Lee v</i> .	Bates Nos. 381-385
	Patin, Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed	
	04/11/16)	
B.	Complaint in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case	Volume 2
	No. A723134 (filed 08/17/15)	Bates Nos. 386-387
C.	Special Verdict Form in Singletary v. Lee,	Volume 2
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed	Bates Nos. 388-393
	01/22/14)	
D.	Order on Defendants' Motion to Retax in	Volume 2
	Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 394-398
	A656091 (filed 04/11/14)	
E.	Judgment on Jury Verdict in Singletary v. Lee,	Volume 2
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed	Bates Nos. 399-402
	04/29/14)	
F.	The Trial Reporter Newsletter (February 2014)	Volume 2
		Bates Nos. 403-406
G.	Nevada Legal Update Newsletter (Fall 2014)	Volume 2
		Bates Nos. 407-410
H.	Nevada Jury Verdict Google Search Results	Volume 2
	(04/14/15)	Bates Nos. 411-413

I.	Plaintiffs Case Appeal Statement in Singletary	Volume 2	
	v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091	Bates Nos. 414-420	
	(dated 08/08/14)		
J.	Defendants Case Appeal Statement (Cross-	Volume 2	
	Appeal) in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial	Bates Nos. 421-433	
	Case No. A656091 (dated 09/11/14)		
K.	Judgment on Jury Verdict for Defendant in	Volume 2	
	Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 434-436	
	A656091 (dated 09/11/14)		
L.	Senate Bill No. 444- Committee on Judiciary	Volume 2	
		Bates Nos. 437-441	
M.	Certificate of Business: Fictitious Firm Name	Volume 2	
	(dated 10/26/2010)	Bates Nos. 442-446	
N.	Reports Transcripts on Jury Trial in Singletary	Volume 2	
	v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091	Bates Nos. 447-451	
	(dated 01/17/14)		
Order 1	Denying Defendants' Renewed Special Motion to	Volume 2	
Dismis	s Pursuant to NRS 41.635-70, or in the	Bates Nos. 452-455	
Alternative, Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to NRCP			
12(B)(5) in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case No.		
A7231	34 (filed 09/29/16)		
	ant Ingrid Patin's Answer to Plaintiff's Second	Volume 2	
	led Complaint and Counterclaim Against Patin	Bates Nos. 456-468	
	law Group, PLLC in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case		
	223134 (filed 10/07/16)		
	affirming in Part, Reversing in Part and	Volume 2	
	ding in <i>Singletary v. Lee</i> , Eighth Judicial Case	Bates Nos. 469-473	
	556091 (filed 10/17/16)		
	lant Patin Law's Answer to Plaintiff's Second	Volume 2	
	led Complaint and Defendant's Counterclaim in	Bates Nos. 474-491	
	Lee v. Patin, Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed		
10/18/1			
	lant Ingrid Patin's Motion for Summary	Volume 3	
	Judgment in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case No. Bates Nos. 492-506		
A7231	34 (filed 02/10/17)		

Exhib	its for Defendant's Motion for Summary	
Judgn	•	
A.	Order affirming in Part, Reversing in Part and	Volume 3
	Remanding in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial	Bates Nos. 507-512
	Case No. A656091 (filed 10/17/16)	
B.	Complaint in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial	Volume 3
	Case No. A656091 (dated 02/07/12)	Bates Nos. 513-514
C.	Special Verdict Form in Singletary v. Lee,	Volume 3
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed	Bates Nos. 515-520
D.	01/22/14) Order on Defendants' Motion to Retax in	Volume 3
D.	Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 521-525
	A656091 (filed 04/11/14)	Dates 1103. 321 323
E.	Judgment on Jury Verdict in Singletary v. Lee,	Volume 3
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed	Bates Nos. 526-529
	04/29/14)	
F.	The Trial Reporter Newsletter (February 2014)	Volume 3
		Bates Nos. 530-533
G.	Nevada Legal Update Newsletter (Fall 2014)	Volume 3
	and Nevada Jury Verdict Google Search Results (04/14/15)	Bates Nos. 534-539
I.	Plaintiffs Case Appeal Statement in Singletary	Volume 3
	v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (dated 08/08/14)	Bates Nos. 540-546
J.	Defendants Case Appeal Statement (Cross-	Volume 3
	Appeal) in <i>Singletary v. Lee</i> , Eighth Judicial	Bates Nos. 547-559
	Case No. A656091 (dated 09/11/14)	
K.	Judgment on Jury Verdict for Defendant in	Volume 3
	Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 560-562
	A656091 (dated 09/11/14)	
L.	Senate Bill No. 444- Committee on Judiciary	Volume 3
		Bates Nos. 563-567
M.	Certificate of Business: Fictitious Firm Name	Volume 3
	(dated 10/26/2010)	Bates Nos. 568-572

N.	Reports Transcripts on Jury Trial in Singletary	Volume 3
	v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091	Bates Nos. 573-577
	(dated 01/17/14)	
K.	Judgment on Jury Verdict for Defendant in	Volume 3
	Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 578-580
	A656091 (dated 09/11/14)	
L.	Second Amended Complaint in Lee v. Patin,	Volume 3
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed	Bates Nos. 581-586
	04/11/16)	
Record	der's Transcripts of Proceedings Hearing on May	Volume 3
9, 201	7, regarding all Pending Motions in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> ,	Bates Nos. 587-614
Eighth	Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed 06/09/17)	
Defend	dant Ingrid Patin's Motion for Summary	Volume 3
Judgm	ent in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 615-636
A7231	34 (filed 05/30/17)	
Exhib	its for Defendant's Motion for Summary	
Judgn	nent	
A.	Complaint in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial	Volume 3
	Case No. A656091 (dated 02/07/12)	Bates Nos. 637-659
В.	Order affirming in Part, Reversing in Part and	Volume 3
	Remanding in <i>Singletary v. Lee</i> , Eighth Judicial	Bates Nos. 660-665
	Case No. A656091 (filed 10/17/16)	
C.	Special Verdict Form in Singletary v. Lee,	Volume 3
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed	Bates Nos. 666-671
	01/22/14)	
D.	Order on Defendants' Motion to Retax in	Volume 3
	Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 672-676
	A656091 (filed 04/11/14)	
E.	Judgment on Jury Verdict in Singletary v. Lee,	Volume 3
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed	Bates Nos. 677-680
	04/29/14)	
F.	The Trial Reporter Newsletter (February 2014)	Volume 3
		Bates Nos. 680-684
G.	Nevada Legal Update Newsletter (Fall 2014)	Volume 3
		Bates Nos. 685-688
	·	

H.	Nevada Jury Verdict Google Search Results	Volume 3
	(04/14/15)	Bates Nos. 689-691
I.	Plaintiffs Case Appeal Statement in Singletary	Volume 3
	v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091	Bates Nos. 692-698
	(dated 08/08/14)	
J.	Defendants Case Appeal Statement (Cross-	Volume 3
	Appeal) in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial	Bates Nos. 699-711
	Case No. A656091 (dated 09/11/14)	
K.	Judgment on Jury Verdict for Defendant in	Volume 3
	Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 712-714
	A656091 (dated 09/11/14)	
L.	Certificate of Business: Fictitious Firm Name	Volume 3
	(dated 10/26/2010)	Bates Nos. 715-719
M.	Reports Full Transcripts on Jury Trial in	Volume 4
	Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 720-934
	A656091 (dated 01/17/14)	
	Denying Defendant's Motion for Summary	Volume 4
_	nent in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 935-938
	34 (filed 06/05/17)	
	of Entry of Order Denying Defendant's Motion	Volume 5
	nmary Judgement in Lee v. Patin, Eighth Judicial	Bates Nos. 939-944
	Io. A723134 (filed 08/17/17)	
	lants' Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to NRCP	Volume 5
	(1) in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 945-951
	34 (filed 07/15/19)	
	of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motion	Volume 5
	miss Pursuant to NRCP 16.1(e)(1) in Lee v. Patin,	Bates Nos. 952-955
	Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed 09/10/19)	
	Case Conference Report in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth	Volume 5
, ,		Bates Nos. 956-975
Plaintiff Ton Vin Lee Deposition Transcripts in <i>Lee v</i> .		Volume 5
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (dated	Bates Nos. 976-1025
07/14/20)		
Defend	Defendant Ingrid Patin's Motion for Judgment on the Volume 5	
Pleadin	ngs, in the Alternative, Motion for Summary	Bates Nos. 1026-1048

	ent in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case No.	
-	34 (filed 08/07/20)	
	its to Defendant's Motion for Judgment on the ngs, in the Alternative, Motion for Summary	
Judgn	,	
1.	Plaintiff Ton Vinh Lee Deposition Transcripts	Volume 5
1.	in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 1049-1099
	A723134 (dated 07/14/20)	Dates Nos. 1049-1099
2.	Judgment on Jury Verdict in Singletary v. Lee,	Volume 5
۷.	Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed	Bates Nos. 1100-1103
	04/29/14)	Dates 1100-1103
3.	Defendant Ingrid Patin's Answer to Plaintiff's	Volume 5
	Second Amended Complaint and Counterclaim	Bates Nos. 1104-1117
	Against Patin law Group, PLLC in Lee v. Patin,	
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed	
	10/07/16)	
4.	Plaintiff Ton Vinh Lee's Third Supplemental	Volume 5
	ECC Disclosure in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial	Bates Nos. 1118-1123
	Case No. A723134 (filed 06/18/20)	
5.	Ton Vinh Lee Deposition Transcripts in <i>Lee v</i> .	Volume 5
	Patin, Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (dated	Bates Nos. 1124-1141
	07/14/20)	
6.	134 Nev., Advance Opinion 87 (filed 11/15/18)	Volume 5
		Bates Nos. 1142-1153
7.	Second Amended Complaint in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> ,	Volume 5
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed	Bates Nos. 1154-1159
	04/11/16)	
8.	Complaint in <i>Singletary v. Lee</i> , Eighth Judicial	Volume 5
	Case No. A656091 (dated 02/07/12)	Bates Nos. 1160-1182
9.	Special Verdict Form in Singletary v. Lee,	Volume 5
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed	Bates Nos. 1183-1188
	01/22/14)	
10.	The Trial Reporter Newsletter (February 2014)	Volume 6
		Bates Nos. 1189-1192
11.	Nevada Legal Update Newsletter (Fall 2014)	Volume 6
		Bates Nos. 1193-1196

12.	Settlement/Verdict Website Screenshot and	Volume 6
12.	Defendant's Fee Disclosure	Bates Nos. 1197-1199
Dofono		Volume 6
Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC's Joinder to		Bates Nos. 1200-1201
	lant Ingrid Patin's Motion for Judgment on the	Dates Nos. 1200-1201
_	gs, or in the alternative, Motion for Summary	
	ent <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case No.	
	34 (filed 08/10/20)	Volume 6
	ff's Opposition to Defendant Ingrid Patin's	Volume 6
	for Judgment on the pleadings, or in the	Bates Nos. 1202-1216
	tive, Motion for Summary Judgment <i>Lee v. Patin</i> ,	
	Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed 08/26/20)	
	ts to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's	
	of for Judgment on the Pleadings, in the	
	ative, Motion for Summary Judgment	V-1
A.	Order Denying Defendant Ingrid Patin's Motion	Volume 6
	for Summary Judgment in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth	Bates Nos. 1217-1220
	Judicial Case No. A723134 (dated 06/02/17)	VI 1
В.	Order Denying Defendants' Renewed Special	Volume 6
	Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to NRS 41.635-70	Bates Nos. 1221-1234
	in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case No.	
NT 4	A723134 (dated 09/29/16)	XX 1
	of Entry of Order Granting Defendant's Motion	Volume 6
	nmary Judgement in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial	Bates Nos. 1235-1250
	(o. A723134 (filed 10/30/20)	** 1
	of Ton Vin Lee's Motion for Reconsideration of	Volume 6
	art's Order Granting Defendant Ingrid Patin's	Bates Nos. 1251-1266
	for Summary Judgement in Lee v. Patin, Eighth	
	1 Case No. A723134 (filed 11/13/20)	
	ts to Motion for Reconsideration to Court's	
Order Granting Defendant Ingrid Patin's Motion for		
Summ	ary Judgment	
A.	Order Denying Defendants' Renewed Special	Volume 6
	Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to NRS 41.635-70,	Bates Nos.1267-1271
	or in the Alternative, Motion to Dismiss	
	Pursuant to NRCP 12(B)(5) in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> ,	

	Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed		
	09/29/16)		
B.	Transcript of Proceedings- Motion for	Volume 7	
	Preliminary Injunction in <i>Brown v. Elk Point</i>	Bates Nos. 1272-1517	
	Country Club Ninth Judicial Court Case No.		
	2020-CV-00124 (dated 10/23/20)		
C.	Judgment on Jury Verdict for Defendant Ton	Volume 8	
	Vinh Lee, DDS in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth	Bates Nos. 1518-1521	
	Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed 09/11/14)		
D.	Order for Motion for Judgement as a Matter of	Volume 8	
	Law Pursuant to NRCP 50(b) or, in the	Bates Nos. 1522-1534	
	Alternative, Motion for Remittitur in Singletary		
	v. Lee, Eighth Judicial Case No. A656091 (filed		
	07/16/14)		
E.	Order affirming in Part, Reversing in Part and	Volume 8	
	Remanding in Singletary v. Lee, Eighth Judicial	Bates Nos. 1535-1540	
	Case No. A656091 (filed 10/17/16)		
F.	Plaintiff Ton Vinh Lee Deposition Transcripts	Volume 8	
	in Lee v. Patin, Eighth Judicial Case No.	Bates Nos. 1541-1591	
	A723134 (dated 07/14/20)		
G.	Order Denying Defendant's Motion for	Volume 8	
	Summary Judgement in Lee v. Patin, Eighth	Bates Nos. 1592-1597	
	Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed 08/17/17)		
Ton Vi	in Lee's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment	Volume 8	
Pursua	nt to NRCP 59(e) in Lee v. Patin, Eighth Judicial	Bates Nos. 1598-1613	
Case N	To. A723134 (filed 11/24/20)		
Record	ler's Transcripts of Proceedings Hearing on	Volume 8	
Septen	nber 15, 2020, regarding all Pending Motions in	Bates Nos. 1614-1642	
Lee v.	Patin, Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed		
01/14/21)			
Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiff's Motion to		Volume 8	
		Bates Nos. 1643-1653	
for Red	consideration, Defendant Motion for Fees and		
Costs i	Costs in Lee v. Patin, Eighth Judicial Case No.		
A7231	34 (filed 01/21/21)		

Notice	of Appeal in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case	Volume 8
No. A7	723134 (filed 02/18/21)	Bates Nos. 1654-1656
Exhibi	ts to Notice of Appeal	
A.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendant's	Volume 8
	Motion for Summary Judgement in Lee v. Patin,	Bates Nos. 1657-1673
	Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed	
	10/30/20)	
B.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiff's	Volume 9
	Motion to Alter/Amend Judgment and Order	Bates Nos. 1674-1815
	Continuing Motion for Reconsideration,	
	Defendant Motion for Fees and Costs in <i>Lee v</i> .	
	Patin, Eighth Judicial Case No. A723134 (filed	
	01/21/21) and related miscellaneous documents	
	filed by the supreme court	
Notice	of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiff's Motion for	Volume 9
Recons	sideration in <i>Lee v. Patin</i> , Eighth Judicial Case	Bates Nos. 1816-1823
No. A7	723134 (filed 02/25/21)	
Remov	al from Settlement Program and Reinstating	Volume 9
Briefing in Lee v. Patin, Supreme Court Case No. 82516		Bates Nos. 1824
(filed A	April 7, 2021)	

Dated this 21st day of July, 2021.

RESNICK & LOUIS, P.C.

/s/ Prescott T. Jones

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CLERK OF THE COURT

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9

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MDSM CHRISTIAN M. MORRIS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 11218 **NETTLES LAW FIRM** 3 1389 Galleria Drive, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89014 4 Telephone: (702) 434-8282 Facsimile: (702) 434-1488 christian@nettleslawfirm.com 6 Attorney for Defendants, Ingrid Patin and Patin Law Group, PLLC 7

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

TON VINH LEE, an individual, CASE NO. A-15-723134-C DEPARTMENT NO. IX Plaintiff,

INGRID PATIN, an individual, and PATIN LAW GROUP, PLLC, a Nevada Professional LLC,

Defendants.

DEFENDANTS' RENEWED SPECIAL MOTION TO DISMISS PURSUANT TO NEVADA REVISED STATUTES 41.635-70

Defendants Ingrid Patin, an individual, and Patin Law Group, PLLC (hereinafter, "Defendants"), by and through their counsel of record, Christian M. Morris, Esq. of Nettles Law Firm, submit this Renewed Special Motion to Dismiss pursuant to NRS 41.635-70 (Nevada Anti-SLAPP statute), and hereby move for dismissal of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint and

1	This Renewed Special Motion to Dismiss is made and based upon the papers and			
2	pleadings on file with the Court, the papers attached to this Motion, the following Memorandum			
3	of Points and Authorities, and any oral argument the Court may entertain at the hearing on the			
4	Motion.			
5	Dated this day of May, 2016.			
6	NETTLES LAW FIRM			
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8	Claristic M. Marris, For			
9	Christian M. Morris, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 011218			
-	1389 Galleria Drive, Suite 200			
10	Henderson, NV 89014			
511	Attorneys for Defendants, Ingrid Patin and Patin			
(+0)	Law Group, PLLC			
<u>*</u> 12				
\$11 \$12 \$13	NOTICE OF MOTION			
ξ 14	TO: ALL INTERESTED PARTIES AND THEIR COUNSEL OF RECORD			
ູ້ 15	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Defendants will bring the instant RENEWED SPECIAL			
² 16	MOTION TO DISMISS PURSUANT TO NEVADA REVISED STATUTES 41.635-70 or			
15 16 17 17	for hearing before the above-entitled Court on the $\frac{29}{}$ day of $\frac{\text{JUNE}}{}$, 2016, at the			
18	hour of 9:00A a.m. of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.			
19	Dated this			
20	NETTLES LAW FIRM			
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22				
į	Christian M. Morris, Esq.			
23	Nevada Bar No. 011218 1389 Galleria Drive, Suite 200			
24	Henderson, NV 89014			
25	Attorneys for Defendants, Ingrid Patin and Patin			
26	Law Group, PLLC			
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based upon the papers and

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I.

INTRODUCTION

Defendants filed the instant Renewed Special Motion to Dismiss in light of this Court's ruling directing Plaintiff to file a Second Amended Complaint in this matter. (See Notice of Entry of Order dated April 11, 2016, attached hereto as Exhibit A). As this Honorable Court is aware, Defendants have filed an interlocutory appeal under Nevada Revised Statutes 41.635-70, which is currently pending before the Supreme Court of Nevada. This appeal was filed based on the original Complaint in this matter. Since the filing of the Notice of Appeal, this Court ordered a Second Amended Complaint to be filed, and denied Defendants' request for a stay of litigation. As a result, Defendants now must file the instant Renewed Special Motion to Dismiss related to the Second Amended Complaint to clarify the procedural posture of the case to the Supreme Court. As such, Defendants respectfully request that this honorable Court rule on the instant Renewed Special Motion to Dismiss to allow the Defendants the ability to consolidate this Court's decision to the pending Appeal. This will serve the interests of judicial economy and protect the rights of the Defendants during the pendency of the appeal. This motion is in no way intended to be vexatious.

As this Honorable Court is further aware, Plaintiff was ordered to file a Second Amended Complaint during the hearing on Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(5) on March 9, 2016. Plaintiff filed his Second Amended Complaint on April 11, 2016. The Second Amended Complaint is an exact rendition of the original Complaint with regard to the First Claim for Relief of Defamation Per Se. Defendants originally filed a Special Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's original Complaint pursuant to the Nevada Revised Statutes 41.635-70 arguing that the statements contained within the First Claim for Relief of Defamation Per Se were in direct violation of Nevada Revised Statutes 41.635-70, as they were baseless claims aimed at retaliating against protected speech. Because these assertions were repeated in Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendants have filed the instant Renewed Special Motion to Dismiss. Defendants now move this Court to dismiss Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint and award attorney's fees

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and costs as provided by Nevada's anti-Strategic Lawsuit Against Public Participation (anti-SLAPP) statute, NRS 41.635, et. seq.

This case addresses an allegation of libel brought by Ton V. Lee, DDS, a dentist and owner of Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles. The allegation arises from a short statement on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC. The statement concerns a lawsuit currently under appeal with the Nevada Supreme Court in which a \$3,470,000 jury verdict was awarded to plaintiffs in a dental malpractice case. In the underlying matter, a jury returned a verdict in favor of plaintiffs and against Florida Traivai, DMD and Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles for the death of a patient. That verdict was later vacated by the District Court Judge following the Court's ruling on a Judgment as a Matter of Law pursuant to NRCP 50(b). The Order to vacate the jury award, as well as others, are now up on appeal before the Nevada Supreme Court.

The issue here is whether the statement made about this jury verdict is false and defamatory. Below is the subject statement:

> DENTAL MALPRACTIC/WRONGFUL DEATH \$3.4M - PLAINTIFF'S VERDICT, 2014

DESCRIPTION: SINGLETARY V. TON VINH LEE, DDS, ET AL.

A dental malpractice-based wrongful death action that arose out of the death of Decedent Reginald Singletary following the extraction of the No. 32 wisdom tooth by Defendants on or about April 16, 2011. Plaintiff sued the dental office, Summerlin Smiles, the owner, Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, and the treating dentists, Florida Traivai, DDS and Jai Park, DDS, on behalf of the Estate, herself and minor son.

Based on reasons given below, the Plaintiff's allegations of defamation, more specifically libel, fail as a matter of law. Significant protections exist in the law to protect the right to free speech and these protections, including Nevada's Anti-SLAPP statute, significantly limit the situations in which a person is liable for defamation. Accordingly, Defendants move this court to GRANT this Renewed Special Motion to Dismiss and award statutory costs and attorney fees pursuant to NRS 41.635-70.

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II.

BRIEF PROCEDURAL HISTORY

On or about August 17, 2015, Plaintiff commenced the instant action through the filing of an original Complaint against Ingrid Patin, an individual, and Patin Law Group, PLLC, a Nevada Professional LLC in the Eighth Judicial District Court. Thereafter, Plaintiff attempted service of the Summons and Complaint on Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC on or about August 19, 2015 by leaving a copy of the Summons and Complaint with a receptionist at Regus Las Vegas. On or about September 16, 2015, Plaintiff properly served Defendant Ingrid Patin with a copy of the Summons and Complaint.

On September 8, 2015, Defendants filed a Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint. Plaintiff filed an Opposition on September 25, 2015, to which Defendants replied on October 6, 2015. The matter came on for hearing before this honorable court on October 14, 2015. At that time, the Motion to Dismiss was denied, without prejudice.

On October 16, 2015, Defendants filed a Special Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint, pursuant to Nevada's anti-SLAPP statute, or in the Alternative Motion to Dismiss. Plaintiff filed an Opposition on November 2, 2015, to which Defendants replied on November 12, 2015. The matter came on for hearing before this honorable court on November 18, 2015. On January 13, 2016, this Court issued its ruling denying Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss, pursuant to NRS 41.635-70 and Alternative 12(b)(5) Motion to Dismiss, as well as Plaintiff's Countermotion for attorney's fees and costs. The Order and Notice of Entry of Order were filed on February 4, 2016. In response to the Court's denial of Defendants' Alternative 12(b)(5) Motion to Dismiss, Defendants' filed a Motion for Reconsideration. The Order denying Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration was filed on April 11, 2016.

On February 23, 2016, Plaintiff filed a First Amended Complaint.

On March 4, 2016, Defendants filed a Notice of Appeal and Case Appeal Statement appealing the Court's order denying Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to NRS 41.635-70. This appeal is currently pending before the Supreme Court of Nevada.

On April 11, 2016, Plaintiff filed a Second Amended Complaint.

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On April 22, 2106, Defendants filed a Motion to Stay Pending Appeal on Order Shortening Time. Plaintiff filed an Opposition on May 3, 2016. The matter was heard in Chambers on May 4, 2016, wherein Defendants' Motion was granted in part as to discovery and denied in part as to the litigation in its entirety. The Order and Notice of Entry of Order were filed on May 12, 2016 and May 16, 2016, respectively.

In response to the Court's partial denial of Defendants' Motion for Stay Pending Appeal and the filing of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendants file the instant Renewed Special Motion to Dismiss pursuant to NRS 41.635-70.

III.

STATEMENT OF FACTS AND RELEVANT BACKGROUND

The underlying case, of which the instant matter is based, involved a Complaint for dental malpractice brought by Plaintiff Svetlana Singletary, individually, and as the Representative of the Estate of Reginald Singletary, and as parent and legal guardian of Gabriel L. Singletary, a minor, for the wrongful death of Reginald Singletary following dental surgery to extract a wisdom tooth. Plaintiff Svetlana Singletary commenced the action through the filing of an original Complaint in the Eighth Judicial District Court on or about February 7, 2012. The Complaint named Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, Florida Traivai, DMD, Jai Park, DDS and Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles as Defendants. (See Caption, attached hereto as Exhibit B).

The underlying action came on for trial before the Eighth Judicial District Court and a jury on January 13, 2014. At the conclusion of the trial of the matter, the jury rendered a verdict in favor of Plaintiffs in the amount of Three Million Four Hundred Seventy Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$3,470,000.00) as follows: that Plaintiff, Svetlana Singletary, individually, be awarded the sum of Nine Hundred Eighty Five Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$985,000.00) and that Plaintiff, Gabriel Singletary, a minor, be awarded the sum of Two Million Four Hundred Eighty Five Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$2,485,000.00). Having found for the Plaintiffs and against Defendants, Florida Traivai, DMD and Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles, the jury further found that the percentage of negligence on the part of Decedent Reginald Singletary which was the proximate cause of Decedent Reginald Singletary's

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injury was twenty five percent (25%), the percentage of negligence on the part of Defendant, Florida Traivai, DMD, which was the proximate cause of Decedent Reginald Singletary's injury was fifty percent (50%), and the percentage of negligence on the part of Defendant Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles, which was the proximate cause of Decedent Reginald Singletary's injury, was twenty five percent (25%). (See Special Verdict Form attached hereto as Exhibit C). Plaintiff Svetlana Singletary filed a Memorandum of Costs and Motion for Award of Costs on February 3, 2014. The Court granted in part Plaintiff's Motion for Award of Costs and Defendant Florida Traivai, DMD's Motion to Re-tax Costs, and awarded Plaintiff Svetlana Singletary her costs of Thirty Eight Thousand Forty Two Dollars and Sixty Four Cents (\$38,042.64), as the prevailing party under Nevada Revised Statute 18.020. (See Order, attached hereto as Exhibit D). Plaintiff Svetlana Singletary subsequently filed a Judgment on Jury Verdict. (See Judgment of Jury Verdict attached hereto as Exhibit E).

In February, 2014, the Trial Reporter of Nevada published the jury verdict in its monthly publication. (See The Trial Reporter of Nevada, attached hereto as Exhibit F).

Following the favorable jury verdict, Patin Law Group, PLLC posted the jury verdict on its website, including the case name [Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al.] and information regarding the nature of the case and damages. Specifically, the subject statement is as follows:

> DENTAL MALPRACTIC/WRONGFUL DEATH \$3.4M - PLAINTIFF'S VERDICT, 2014

DESCRIPTION: SINGLETARY V. TON VINH LEE, DDS, ET AL.

A dental malpractice-based wrongful death action that arose out of the death of Decedent Reginald Singletary following the extraction of the No. 32 wisdom tooth by Defendants on or about April 16, 2011. Plaintiff sued the dental office, Summerlin Smiles, the owner, Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, and the treating dentists, Florida Traivai, DDS and Jai Park, DDS, on behalf of the Estate, herself and minor son.

In the Fall of 2014, the Nevada Legal Update also published the jury verdict and case summary in its quarterly publication. (See The Nevada Legal Update, attached hereto as Exhibit **G**).

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When performing a google search of "Nevada jury verdicts singletary," the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada has the judgment upon jury verdict listed. (See Google Search, attached hereto as Exhibit H).

On May 13, 2014, Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles filed a revised Motion for Judgment as a Matter of Law pursuant to NRCP 50(B). A hearing on the matter took place on June 26, 2016. On July 16, 2014, Judge Wiese issued an Order from Chambers granting Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles' Motion for Judgment as a Matter of Law and vacating the jury's verdict.

An Appeal was filed in the underlying matter on behalf of Plaintiff Svetlana Singletary, individually, and as the Representative of the Estate of Reginald Singletary, and as parent and legal guardian of Gabriel L. Singletary, a minor, on or about August 8, 2015. (See Case Appeal Statement, attached hereto as Exhibit I). A Cross-Appeal was subsequently filed in the underlying matter on behalf of Ton Vinh Lee, DDS and Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles. (See Case Appeal Statement (Cross-Appeal) dated September 11, 2014 and Case Appeal Statement (Cross-Appeal) dated November 7, 2014, attached hereto as Exhibit J). On September 11, 2014, Ton Vinh Lee, DDS also filed a Judgment on Jury Verdict in the underlying matter. (See Judgment on Jury Verdict, attached hereto as Exhibit K). A Judgment on Jury Verdict was never filed on behalf of Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles. The underlying matter is currently on appeal before the Supreme Court of Nevada.

III.

LEGAL ARGUMENT

A. NRS 41.660 "Special" Motion To Dismiss

A NRS 41.660 special motion is a procedural mechanism, not a separate cause of action. John v. Douglas County School District, 125 Nev. 746, 219 P.3d 1276, (2009). A SLAPP lawsuit is characterized as "a meritless suit filed primarily to chill the defendant's exercise of First Amended rights." John v. Douglas Cnty. Sch. Dist., 125 Nev. 746, 752, 219 p.3d 1276, 1280 (2009) (citing Dickens v. Provident life and Acc. Ins. Co., 117 Cal. App. 4th 705, 11 Cal. Rptr. 3d 877, 882 (Ct. App. 2004)). "The hallmark of a SLAPP lawsuit is that it is filed to obtain a financial

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advantage over one's adversary by increasing litigation costs until the adversary's case is weakened or abandoned." Metabolic Research, Inc. v. Ferrel, 693 F.3d 795, 796 n.1 (9th Cir. 2012).

Nevada Revised Statute 41.660 requires that the moving party establish that "the claim arises from a communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern." (Senate Bill No. 444 – Committee on Judiciary, attached hereto as Exhibit L). "If the court determines that the claim arises from a communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern, the plaintiff has 15 judicial days after the court enters an order making such a determination to file such briefs, declarations and evidence necessary to establish prima facie evidence supporting each and every element of the claim, except such elements that require proof of the subjective intent or knowledge of the defendant." Id. If Plaintiff is unable to meet this burden, the special motion to dismiss must be granted, and the court shall award reasonable costs and attorney's fees to the person against whom the action was brought. NRS 41.670. The Court may also award an amount up to \$10,000 to the person against whom the action was brought. NRS 41.670.

The District Court must treat a special motion to dismiss as a motion for summary judgment, and if granted, as an adjudication on the merits. NRS 41.660(3)-(4); John, 125 Nev. at 753, 219 p.3d at 1281. The appropriate standard of review for a denial of a special motion to dismiss is the same as for a grant of summary judgment: de novo. See Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 Nev. 724, 729, 121 P.3d 1026, 1029 (2005). Summary judgment is proper if the pleadings and all other evidence on file demonstrate that no genuine issue of material fact exists and the moving part is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. Id. When decided a summary judgment motion, all evidence and any reasonable inferences derived therefrom "must be viewed in the light most favorable to the moving party." Id. General allegations and conclusory statements do not create genuine issues of fact. Id. at 731, 121 P.3d at 1030-31.

Here, this matter is sufficiently ripe for adjudication as a matter of law. The undisputed facts material to the Defendants' request for summary judgment are as follows:

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- 1. Defendant Ingrid Patin, Esq. served as lead counsel in the underlying matter, Singletary, et al. v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al.
- 2. That the appropriately abbreviated caption for the underlying matter is Singletary, et al. v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al. (See Exhibit B).
- 3. That Svetlana Singletary, individually, and as the Representative of the Estate of Reginald Singletary, and as parent and legal guardian of Gabriel L. Singletary, a minor, was the Plaintiff in the underlying matter represented by Ingrid Patin, Esq. Id.
- 4. That Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, Florida Traivai, DMD, Jai Park, DDS and Ton V. Lee, DDS, PC d/b/a Summerlin Smiles were named as Defendants in the underlying matter. Id.
- 5. That the underlying matter came on for trial before the Eighth Judicial District Court and a jury on January 13, 2014.
- 6. That at the conclusion of the trial of the matter, the jury rendered a verdict in favor of Plaintiffs in the amount of Three Million Four Hundred Seventy Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$3,470,000.00) against Florida Traivai, DMD and Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles. (See Exhibit C).
- A Special Verdict Form that was filed in open court on January 22, 2014. Id.
- 8. Judgment on Jury Verdict was filed on behalf of Plaintiffs in the underlying matter on April 29, 2014. (See Exhibit E).
- 9. Plaintiff Ton Vinh Lee is the owner of Ton V. Lee, DDS, PC d/b/a Summerlin Smiles. (See Certificate of Business – Fictitious Firm Application, attached hereto as Exhibit M; See Trial Testimony of Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, attached hereto as **Exhibit N**).
- 10. Plaintiffs in the underlying matter filed an appeal against Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles and Florida Traivai, DMD following the Court's ruling on a Motion for Judgment as a Matter of Law pursuant to NRCP 50(b). (See Exhibit I).
- 11. Directly addressed in the Amended Case Appeal Statement filed on behalf of Plaintiffs in the underlying matter, Plaintiffs appealed from several Orders entered by the Trial Court, including, but not limited to, "(3) the Order on Defendant Traivai's and Lee's

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Motions for Judgment as a Matter of Law Pursuant to NRCP 50(b) and Motion for Remittitur, filed on July 16, 2014; and (4) the Judgment on Jury Verdict for Defendant Ton Vinh Lee, DDS [Granting Costs to Defendant and Dismissing Plaintiffs' Claims], filed on September 11, 2014." Id..

- 12. Plaintiff Ton Vinh Lee is actively participating in the appeal of the underlying matter as an individual and the owner of Summerlin Smiles. (See Exhibit J).
- 13. The underlying matter, District Court Case No. A-12-656091-C is currently pending before the Nevada Supreme Court, Case No. 66278.

These facts are undisputed and prove that Plaintiff cannot establish that the single statement posted on Patin Law Group, PLLC's website at issue is: "(1) a false and defamatory statement by defendant concerning the plaintiff. . . ." Chowdhry v. NLVH, Inc., 109 Nev. 478, 483, 851 P.2d 459 (1993) (citing Restatement Second of Torts, § 558 (1977)) (emphasis added). Despite the fact that the underlying matter is currently on appeal, this does not change the fact that the statement posted on Defendants' website was completely true and not defamatory in nature. The subject statement is also a written statement made in direct connection with an issue under consideration by a judicial body and in direct connection with an issue of public concern made in a public forum. NRS 41.637(3); NRS 41.637(4). Additionally, the verdict in the underlying matter was awarded against Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles. (See Exhibit C). As the owner of Summerlin Smiles, Plaintiff Ton Vinh Lee actively participated in the trial of the underlying matter and is currently participating in the appeal of the underlying matter. (See Exhibits B, C, E, I, J, K, M& N).

Plaintiff's Claim Arises From A Communication In Furtherance Of The Right **B.** To Petition

When filing a special motion to dismiss, the defendant first needs to establish that the communication in question was made (1) in furtherance of the right to petition, or (2) in furtherance of the right to free speech in connection with an issue of public concern. NRS 41.660(3)(a). A "[g]ood faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern" means any "written or oral

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statement made in direct connection with an issue under consideration by a. . . judicial body. . . . " NRS 41.637(3). Here, Defendants statement is clearly made in direct connection with an issue under consideration by a judicial body. The statement specifically pertains to the plaintiff's verdict that was rendered in the matter of Singletary, et al. v. Ton V. Lee, DDS, et. al. (Case No. A-12-656091-C), which is currently under consideration by the Supreme Court of Nevada. The basis of the appeal is the District Court's action to vacate the award by the jury in the underlying matter. (See Exhibit I). In the appeal, Plaintiff Singletary, in the underlying matter, is specifically requesting reinstatement of the jury award, among other requests for relief. (See Exhibit I). Thus, the statement has a direct connection to the appeal currently being considered by a judicial body, the Supreme Court of Nevada.

Additionally, the subject statement describes a case that is still pending in the Nevada judicial system. Not only is an appeal pending before the Nevada Supreme Court, but the matter is not closed in the Eight Judicial District Court. The subject statement also alerts the public of judicial hearing by citing the case name, giving a brief description of the nature of the case, and indicating the parties to the case and their respective roles. The statement does not provide an opinion as to the wisdom of the verdict or the likelihood of the ultimate outcome. The subject statement also does not provide any commentary on the parties involved. Rather, it is a factual description of the pending petition for redress.

Based upon the foregoing, it is clear that the subject statement was made in direct connection with litigation of the underlying matter, Singletary, et al. v. Ton V. Lee, DDS, et. al. (District Court Case No. A-12-656091-C), an issue under consideration per NRS 41.637(3). The statement is therefore protected by Nevada's anti-SLAPP statute.

C. Plaintiff's Claim Arises From A Communication In Furtherance Of The Right To Free Speech In Direct Connection With An Issue Of Public Concern

A "[g]ood faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern" means any "any communication made in direct connection with an issue of public interest in a place open to the public or in a public forum." NRS 41.637(4). The court in Rivero described three (3) situations in which

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statements may concern a public issue or a matter of public interest: (1) the subject of the statement or activity precipitating the claim was a person or entity in the public eye; (2) the statement or activity precipitating the claim involved conduct that could affect large numbers of people beyond the direct participants; or (3) the statement or activity precipitating the claim involved a topic of widespread public interest. Rivero v. American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO, 105 Cal. App. 4th 913, 924, 130 Cal. Rptr. 2d 81 (2003).

Here, the statement on Patin Law Group, PLLC's website is clearly made in direct connection with an issue of public interest in a place open to the public. The statement specifically pertains to a dental malpractice, wrongful death matter that arose out of the improper care and treatment of a patient of Summerlin Smiles, which is an issue of public health and safety.

The fact that the clinic, Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles, and one of its treating physicians, Florida Traivai, DMD, were found liable for the death of patient make this matter one of public interest or concern. The dental malpractice performed by the clinic, Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles, and one of its treating physicians, Florida Traivai, DMD, affected one patient (Reginald Singletary in the underlying matter) and could affect large numbers of patients that undergo dental procedures with Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles or Florida Traivai, DMD. Additionally, the statement was posted on Defendants' website, which is open and accessible by the public.

Moreover, the practice of dental medicine is of such interest to Nevadans that the State government places strict guidelines on those who can practice dentistry, including requiring a license from the State before a dentist may practice in Nevada. Accordingly, a lawsuit that involves allegations of malpractice by a state-licensed individual is certainly a matter of public concern. The public is interested generally in such cases because it goes to whether the requirements for licensure are sufficient, whether the State Board of Dentistry is effectively vetting applicants, and whether continual education requirements are sufficient. This statement addresses the public concern by providing the names of parties involved in a dental malpractice case, the death of a patient as a result of the dental malpractice, and the findings by the jury.

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Based upon the foregoing, it is clear that the subject statement was made in direct connection with an issue of public interest in a place open to the public. The statement is therefore protected by Nevada's anti-SLAPP statute.

Shifting Burden D.

Once Defendants have shown that the subject statement was made (1) in furtherance of the right to petition, or (2) in furtherance of the right to free speech in connection with an issue of public concern, the burden shifts to the Plaintiff to establish a prima facie case of defamation against Defendants. NRS 41.660. At this phase, Plaintiff must prove that his claim for defamation is legally sufficient and must present sufficient evidence to show that he can obtain a favorable judgment. Vogel v. Felice, 26 Cal. Rptr. 3d 350, 358 (Cal. Ct. App. 2002). In other words, Plaintiff "must provide the court with sufficient evidence to permit the court to determine whether 'there is a probability that the plaintiff will prevail on the claim." DuPont Merck Pharmaceutical Co. v. Superior Court, 78 Cal. App. 4th 562, 568, 92 Cal. Rptr. 2d 755 (2000) (emphasis added).

In order to establish a prima facia case of defamation, a plaintiff must prove: (1) a false and defamatory statement by defendant concerning the plaintiff; (2) an unprivileged publication to a third person; (3) fault, amounting to at least negligence; and (4) actual or presumed damages. Chowdhry v. NLVH, Inc., 109 Nev. 478, 483, 851 P.2d 459 (1993) (citing Restatement Second of Torts, § 558 (1977)) (emphasis added). A claim of defamation is not present if a statement is true or substantially true. Pegasus v. Reno Newspapers, Inc., 118 Nev. 706, 715, 57 P.3d 82, 88 (2002). If the defamation tends to inure the plaintiff in his or her business or profession, it is deemed defamation per se, and damages will be presumed. <u>Id.</u> at 483-84. Whether a statement could be construed as defamatory is a question of law. Branda v. Sanford, 97 Nev. 643, 646, 637 P.2d 1223, 1225 (1981). A jury questions arises only when the statement is susceptible to different meanings, one of which is defamatory. Id.; Chowdhry v. NLVH, Inc., 109 Nev. 478, 483-84, 851 P.2d 459 (1993).

The subject statement at issue is as follows:

DENTAL MALPRACTIC/WRONGFUL DEATH \$3.4M – PLAINTIFF'S VERDICT, 2014 DESCRIPTION: SINGLETARY V. TON VINH LEE, DDS, ET AL.

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A dental malpractice-based wrongful death action that arose out of the death of Decedent Reginald Singletary following the extraction of the No. 32 wisdom tooth by Defendants on or about April 16, 2011. Plaintiff sued the dental office, Summerlin Smiles, the owner, Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, and the treating dentists, Florida Traivai, DDS and Jai Park, DDS, on behalf of the Estate, herself and minor son.

This statement does not contain a defamatory factual assertion, as every fact contained in the statement is true, and accurately depicts a judicial proceeding. Specifically, the underlying matter involved a dental malpractice-based wrongful death action. Plaintiffs in the underlying matter were collectively awarded Three Million Four Hundred Seventy Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$3,470,000.00) by a jury. (See Exhibits C & E). The Special Verdict Form memoralizing the jury award was filed in open court, and both the Special Verdict Form and Judgment on Jury Verdict clearly state that the award to Plaintiffs was against Florida Traivai, DMD and Ton V. Lee, DDS, a Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles. Id. Second, the description appropriately identified the Plaintiffs and Defendants in the underlying case as stated in the case caption. (See Exhibit B). Third, an appropriate description of the matter and the individuals or entities sued is true because the underlying matter was a wrongful death case following the improper care and treatment of a patient of Summerlin Smiles and Plaintiffs in the underlying matter did sue the parties named. Lastly, the statement indicates that Plaintiff sued Summerlin Smiles, the owner (Ton V. Lee, DDS, PC), Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, Florida Traivai and Jai Park, DDS. Id.

Furthermore, truth is an absolute defense to a defamation action. Pegasus 118 Nev. 706, 715. As fully addressed in Defendants' Renewed Special Motion, every portion of the subject statement is an accurate factual description of the underlying matter and trial outcome. Plaintiff (Ton Vinh Lee, DDS) is, in fact, the owner of Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles. Plaintiff (Ton Vinh Lee, DDS) did in fact get sued in the underlying matter, as he was named as a Defendant in the action. (See Exhibit B). There was a verdict rendered in the wrongful death of Reginald Singletary. (See Exhibits C & E). Ton V. Lee, DDS, PC d/b/a Summerlin Smiles and Florida Traivai, DMD had a jury verdict rendered against them. <u>Id.</u> Plaintiff (Ton Vinh Lee, DDS) is actively participating in the Appeal before the Nevada Supreme Court. (See Exhibit I). Plaintiff (Ton Vinh Lee, DDS) also filed a Cross-Appeal in the matter

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before the Supreme Court. (See Exhibit J). Thus, the subject statement does nothing more than describe this trial outcome and provide a fair, accurate and impartial reporting. As previously stated, the subject statement is a fair recitation of the outcome of the underlying judicial proceeding, the context of which is actually less than other multiple independent sources that also publicized the outcome. (See Exhibits F & G). Thus, Plaintiff's Complaint should be dismissed with prejudice, as Plaintiff can prove no set of facts that would entitle him to relief.

E. Defendants' Are Entitled To Attorney's Fees And Costs And A Statutory **Award From Plaintiff**

If a party is successful in their special motion to dismiss under Nevada's Anti-SLAPP statute, the prevailing party is entitled to an award of their reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in having to defendant the action. NRS 41.670(1)(a). The Court is also permitted to award up to \$10,000 to the prevailing party. NRS 41.670(1)(b).

Defendants have shown that the alleged defamatory statement posted on Patin Law Group, PLLC's website was made in direct connection with an action currently under consideration by the Supreme Court of Nevada and an issue of public concern. Defendants have also shown that Plaintiff is unable to present clear and convincing evidence to show a probability of success on the merits of his claim for defamation because the subject statement was true, not defamatory in nature, and privileged. Thus, Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss under Nevada's Anti-SLAPP statute must be granted, and Defendants are entitled to an award of their reasonable attorney's fees and costs plus statutory damages of \$10,000 under NRS 41.670 (1).

IV.

CONCLUSION

Defendants respectfully request this Honorable Court to issue an Order dismissing, with prejudice, Plaintiff's Complaint pursuant to NRS 41.635-70 (Nevada Anti-SLAPP statute), as the subject statement was made in direct connection with a judicial proceeding and is an issue of public concern. Plaintiff is unable to present clear and convincing evidence of a probability of success on their claims because Defendants' statement is true, is not defamatory in nature, is privileged, and because Plaintiff cannot establish causation to the exclusion of other publications

NETTLES LAW FIRM 1389 Galleria Drive, Suite 200 Henderson, NV 89014

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or actual malice. For these reasons, the Special Motion to Dismiss is appropriate and Defendants are entitled to an award of attorney's fees and costs and statutory damages of \$10,000.

Dated this day of May, 2016.

Christian M. Morris, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 011218
1389 Galleria Drive, Suite 200

Henderson, NV 89014 Attorneys for Defendants, Ingrid Patin and Patin

Law Group, PLLC

NETTLES LAWFIRM

1389 Galleria Drive, Suite 200

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NEFCR 9, NRCP (b) and EDCR 7.26, I certify that on this 24 day of March, 2016, I served the foregoing DEFENDANTS' RENEWED SPECIAL MOTION TO DISMISS PURSUANT TO NEVADA REVISED STATUTES 41.635-70 on the following parties by electronic transmission through the Wiznet system on.

Bremer W	hyte Brown & O'Meara Contact	Email	
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	Courtney Droessler	cdroessler@bremerwhyte.com	erren von von von von der von de versche de versche ve
1.00	Jennifer Vela	<u>jvela@bremerwhyte.com</u>	n
	Jo Peters	jpeters@bremerwhyte.com	
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·	Contact Prescott Jones, Esq.	pjones@bremerwhyte.com	gagg ar general menus and an audit of "Billion" of the "grant of the audit of the a
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Bremer, W	Contact Prescott Jones, Esq. /hyte, Brown & O'Meara, Contact	pjones@bremerwhyte.com LLP Email	
Bremer, W	Contact Prescott Jones, Esq. /hyte, Brown & O'Meara, I Contact August B. Hotchkin	pjones@bremerwhyte.com LLP Email	

LES LAW FIRM

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

Electronically Filed 04/11/2016 09:30:21 AM

1		04/11/2016 09:30:21 AM
2	NEO PRESCOTT T. JONES, ESQ. Nevada State Bar No. 11617 AUGUST B. HOTCHKIN, ESQ. Nevada State Bar No. 12780 BREMER WHYTE BROWN & O'MEARA LLP	Alun & Chuinn CLERK OF THE COURT
5 6 7	1160 N. TOWN CENTER DRIVE SUITE 250 LAS VEGAS, NV 89144 TELEPHONE: (702) 258-6665 FACSIMILE: (702) 258-6662 pjones@bremerwhyte.com ahotchkin@bremerwhyte.com Attorneys for Plaintiff. TON VINH LEE	
9	DISTRICT (COURT
10 11	CLARK COUNT	Y; NEVADA
12	TON VINH LEE, an individual	Case No.: A723134
13	Plaintiff,	Dept. No.: IX
14	vs. INGRID PATIN, an individual, and PATIN	NOTICE OF ENTRY ORDER DENYING DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO DISMISS
	LAW GROUP, PLLC, a Nevada Professional LLC,	PURSUANT TO NRCP 12(B)(5)
17	Defendants.	
18		
19	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an ORDER	DENYING DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO
	DISMISS PURSUANT TO NRCP 12(B)(5) wa	s entered on April 11, 2016. A copy of said
	ORDER is attached hereto.	
22	Dated: April 11, 2016 BREM	ER WHYTE BROWN & O'MEARA LLP
24	By:	réscott T. Jones, Esq., Bar No. 11617
25	A	ugust B. Hotchkin, Esq., Bar No. 12780 ttorneys for Plaintiff
26		ON VINH LEE
27		
28 BREMER WHYTE BROWN & O'MEARA LLP 1180 N: Town Center Drive Suite 250 Lrs Vegas, NV 59144 (702) 258-5855	H:\3354\592\CF\NEO - Order Denying MTD No 3 (final).dec	

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 11th day of April, 2016, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document was electronically served on Wiznet upon all parties on the master e-file and serve list.

Ashley Boyd, an employee of Bremer Whyte Brown & O'Meara

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BREMER WHYTE BROWN & O'MEARA LLP 1150 N. Town Center Drive Suite 250 Las Vogas, NV 68144 (702) 258-6965

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1	ORDR PRESCOTT T. JONES, ESQ.	Alm & Elmin
2	Nevada State Bar No. 11617 AUGUST B. HOTCHKIN, ESQ.	CLERK OF THE COURT
3	Nevada State Bar No. 12780 BREMER WHYTE BROWN & O'MEARA LLP	
4	1160 N. TOWN CENTER DRIVE	
5	· · · - · · - · · · ·	
6	TELEPHONE: (702) 258-6665 FACSIMILE: (702) 258-6662	
7	pjones@bremerwhyte.com ahotchkin@bremerwhyte.com Attorneys for Plaintiff,	
8	TON VINH LEE	
9		
10	DISTRICT COURT	
11	CLARK COUNT	Y; NEVADA
12		
13	TON VINH LEE, an individual) Case No.: A723134
	Plaintiff,	Dept. No.: IX
14	VS.	ORDER DENYING DEFENDANTS'
	INGRID PATIN, an individual, and PATIN LAW GROUP, PLLC, a Nevada Professional	MOTION TO DISMISS PURSANT TO NRCP 12(B)(5)
16	LLC,	
17	Defendants.	
18	,,	
19	Defendants, INGRID PATIN and PAT	TIN LAW GROUP, PLLC's (collectively
20	"Defendants") Motion to Dismiss came on for heari	ng before this Court at 9:00 a.m. on the 9th day
21	of March, 2016. The Court, having read all of	the pleadings and papers on file herein, the
22	arguments of counsel; and good cause appearing, it i	is hereby:
23	ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED	that a Motion to Dismiss is not a responsive
24	pleading and Defendants have not yet answered	the Plaintiff's Complaint, therefore Plaintiff's
25	Amended Complaint is properly on file;	
26	///	
27	///	
28	///	
BREMER WHYTE BROWN & O'MEARA LLP 1160 N. Town Center Drive		
Scite 250 Las Vegas, NV 89144 (702) 258-6665	-	
	H:\3354\592\CF\Order Denying MTD No 3 (final).doc	

1	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that in light of the
2	allegations in the Amended Complaint which this Court must accept as true, that the Motion to
3	Dismiss is DENIED;
4	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUGED AND DECREED that Defendants Motion to
5	Dismiss as to the alter ego claims is GRANTED;
6	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUGED AND DECREED Plaintiff will file a Second
7	Amended Complaint in accordance with this Order.
8	IT IS SO ORDERED.
9	DATED: this day of April, 2016.
10	1. 020k
11	DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
12	JISTRICT GOGRET TODGE
13	
14	Respectfully Submitted by:
15	BREMER WHYTE BROWN & O'MEARA LLP
16	116
17	By: Prescott T. Jones, Esq.
18	Nevada State Bar No. 11617 August B. Hotchkin, Esq.
19	Nevada State Bar No. 12780 Attorneys for Plaintiff
20	TON VINH LEE
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BREMER WHYTE BROWN & O'MEARA LLP 1160 N. Town Center Drive Suite 250 Las Vegas, NV 89144 (702) 258-6665

EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

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1	COMP W. DAKED ESO	
2	LLOYD W. BAKER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6893 CLERK OF THE COURT	
3	INGRID PATIN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No.: 011239	
.)	BAKER LAW OFFICES	
4	500 South Eighth Street Las Vegas, NV 89101	
5	(702) 360-4949	
6	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
7	DISTRICT COURT	
/	COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA	
8		!
9	SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, as the Representative of the Estate of REGINALD SINGLETARY, and as parent and Dept. No.: A - 12 - 65609	1 - (
10	REGINALD SINGLETARY, and as parent and legal guardian of GABRIEL L. SINGLETARY,	_
	a Minor,	
11	Plaintiff, ARBITRATION EXEMPTION:	
12) WRONGFUL DEATH	
13	VS.	
14	TON VINH LEE, DDS, individually, FLORIDA) TRAIVAI, DMD, individually, JAI PARK, DDS,)	
	individually, TON V. LEE, DDS, PROF. CORP.,)	
15	a Nevada Professional Corporation d/b/a SUMMERLIN SMILES, DOE SUMMERLIN)	•
16	SMILES EMPLOYEE, and DOES I through X)	
17	and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X,) inclusive,	
18	Defendants.	
	Defendants.	
19	COMPLAINT	
20		
21	COMES NOW the Plaintiff, SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, as the	
22	Representative of the Estate of REGINALD SINGLETARY, and as parent and legal guardian of	
	GABRIEL L. SINGLETARY, by and through her counsel of record, INGRID M. PATIN, ESQ. of	
23	BAKER LAW OFFICES, hereby alleges and complains as follows:	
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EXHIBIT C

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EXHIBIT C

1 2	ORIGINAL		FILED IN OPEN COURT STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF THE COURT
	DISTRICT COURT		JAN 22 2014
3	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA	
4		E	ALICE JACOBSON, DEPUTY
5	SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, as	CASE NO.: DEPT. NO.:	A-12-65609/1-C XXX
6 7	the Representative of the Estate of REGINALD SINGLETARY, and as parent	DEFT. NO	
	and legal guardian of GABRIEL L. SINGLETARY, a Minor,	SPECIAL VEI	DDICT EODM
8	Plaintiff,	SPECIAL VEI	RDICT FORIN
9	vs.		
10	TON VINH LEE, DDS, individually,		
11	FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD, individually, JAI PARK, DDS, individually, TON V. LEE,		
12	DDS, PROF. CORP., a Nevada Professional Corporation d/b/a		
13	SUMMERLIN SMILES, DOE SUMMERLIN SMILES EMPLOYEE, and		
14	DOES I through X and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,		
15 16	Defendants.		
17		j	
18	We the jury in the above-entitled action find the following special verdict on the		
19	Questions submitted to us:		
20	Question No. 1: Was Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, negligent in his care and treatment of		
21	Reginald Singletary?		
22	ANSWER: Yes No		
23	If your answer to Question 1 is "no"	' please sign ar	nd return the General Verdict
24	finding in favor of Dr. Lee.		
25	Question No. 2: Was negligence on the	part of Ton Vin	h Lee, DDS a cause of injury
26	to Reginald Singletary?	\	
27	ANSWER: Yes No.	V	
28	/ 11 O T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T		
	4836-8365-9543.1		

1	If your answer to Question 2 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict		
2	finding in favor of Dr. Lee.		
3	3 Question No. 3: Was Florida Traivai, DMD, negligent in her care and treatme		
4	Reginald Singletary?		
5	ANSWER: Yes No		
6	If your answer to Question 3 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict		
7	finding in favor of Dr. Traivai.		
9	Question No. 4: Was negligence on the part of Florida Traivai, DMD, a cause of injury		
10	to Reginald Singletary?		
11	ANSWER: Yes No		
12			
13	if your answer to Question 4 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict		
14	finding in favor of Dr. Traivai.		
15	Question No. 5: Was Jai Park, DDS, negligent in his care and treatment of Reginald		
1	Cincleton 2		
16	Singletary?		
16 17	ANSWER: Yes No		
16 17 18			
17 18 19	ANSWER: Yes No		
17 18 19 20	ANSWER: Yes No If your answer to Question 5 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict		
17 18 19 20 21	ANSWER: Yes No If your answer to Question 5 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict finding in favor of Dr. Park.		
17 18 19 20 21 22	ANSWER: Yes No If your answer to Question 5 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict finding in favor of Dr. Park. Question No. 6: Was negligence on the part of Jai Park, DDS, a cause of injury to		
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	ANSWER: Yes No If your answer to Question 5 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict finding in favor of Dr. Park. Question No. 6: Was negligence on the part of Jai Park, DDS, a cause of injury to Reginald Singletary?		
17 18 19 20 21 22	ANSWER: Yes No If your answer to Question 5 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict finding in favor of Dr. Park. Question No. 6: Was negligence on the part of Jai Park, DDS, a cause of injury to Reginald Singletary? ANSWER: Yes No		
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	ANSWER: Yes No If your answer to Question 5 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict finding in favor of Dr. Park. Question No. 6: Was negligence on the part of Jai Park, DDS, a cause of injury to Reginald Singletary? ANSWER: Yes No If your answer to Question 6 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict		
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	If your answer to Question 5 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict finding in favor of Dr. Park. Question No. 6: Was negligence on the part of Jai Park, DDS, a cause of injury to Reginald Singletary? ANSWER: Yes No If your answer to Question 6 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict finding in favor of Dr. Park.		
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	If your answer to Question 5 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict finding in favor of Dr. Park. Question No. 6: Was negligence on the part of Jai Park, DDS, a cause of injury to Reginald Singletary? ANSWER: Yes No If your answer to Question 6 is "no" please sign and return the General Verdict finding in favor of Dr. Park. Question No. 7: Was Summerlin Smiles negligent in its care and treatment of		

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ANSWER

consortium?

\$ 2,000,000.00

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1	Question No. 13: What amount of damage, if any, do you find was sustained by Svetlana			
2	Singletary for past loss of probable support?			
3	ANSWER \$ 6000 -			
4	Question No. 14: What amount of damage, if any, do you find will be sustained by			
5	Svetlana Singletary for future loss of probable support?			
6	ANSWER \$300,000.			
7	Question No. 15: What amount of damage, if any, do you find was sustained by Gabriel			
8				
9	Singletary for past loss of probable support?			
10	ANSWER \$ 60,600 -			
11	Question No. 10. What amount of damage, it any, do you mid will be sustained by cubitor			
12	Singletary for future loss of probable support?			
13	ANSWER			
14 15	Question No. 17: Was Reginald Singletary comparatively negligent?			
16	ANSWER: Yes No			
17	If you answered "yes", please proceed to Question No. 18. If you answered "no"			
18	please proceed to Question No. 19.			
19	Question No. 18: If you answered "yes" to Question No. 17, was the comparative			
20	negligence of Reginald Singletary a cause of his injuries?			
21	ANSWER: Yes No			
22	/ 11 TO THE TOO TO THE TOTAL TOTAL TO THE TO			
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	Question No. 19: Assuming that 100% represents the total negligence which was the
	cause of the Plaintiffs' damages, what percentage of this 100% is due to the comparative
	negligence of Reginald Singletary and what percentage of this 100% is due to the
	negligence of each of the Defendants?
ì	

Reginald Single	etary	20	%
Ton Vinh Lee, C	DDS		_%
Florida Traivai,	DMD	50	_%
Jai Park, DDS		_0_	_%
Summerlin Smil	les	25	_%
	TOTAL	100	%

DATED this <u>22</u> day of January, 2014

FØREPERSON

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EXHIBIT D

EXHIBIT D

EXHIBIT D

Alm & Elmin

CLERK OF THE COURT

Lloyd W. Baker, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 6893 Ingrid Patin, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 011239

BAKER LAW OFFICES

500 S. Eighth Street
Las Vegas, NV 89101

Telephone: (702) 360-4949 Facsimile: (702) 360-3234

Attorneys for Plaintiff

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, as the Representative of the Estate of REGINALD SINGLETARY, and as parent and legal guardian of GABRIEL L. SINGLETARY, a Minor,

Plaintiff,

ntiff

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TON VINH LEE, DDS, individually, FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD, individually, JAI PARK, DDS, individually; TON V. LEE, DDS, PROF. CORP., a Nevada Professional Corporation d/b/a SUMMERLIN SMILES, DOE SUMMERLIN SMILES EMPLOYEE, and DOES I through X and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,

Defendants.

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Case No.: A-12-656091-C Dept. No.: XIV- XXX

ORDER

Defendant FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD'S MOTION TO RETAX, and Defendant TON

VINH LEE, DDS', Joinder to Motion to Retax, having come before the Court for hearing on the 11th day of March, 2014; Jessica Goodey, Esq. of Baker Law Offices appearing for Plaintiff SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, as the Representative of the Estate of REGINALD

Page 1 of 3

SINGLETARY, and as parent and legal guardian of GABRIEL L. SINGLETARY, Amanda Brookhyser, Esq. of LEWIS, BRISBOIS, BISGAARD & SMITH, LLP appearing for Defendant FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD, and Jason Friedman, Esq. of STARK, FREIDMAN & CHAPMAN appearing before Defendant TON V. LEE, DDS, PROF. CORP., and the Court having examined the records and documents on file in the above-entitled matter and being fully advised in the premises:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Defendant FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD's Motion to Retax and Defendant TON VINH LEE, DDS' Joinder thereto is GRANTED IN PART and DENIED IN PART, as set forth below.

Plaintiff's requested witness fees are hereby reduced to \$18,495.64, and Plaintiffs' requested photocopy costs are hereby reduced to \$4,153.44. All other costs requested by Plaintiff are granted in the full amounts requested.

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Page 2 of 3

Therefore, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED ADJUGED AND DECREED that Plaintiff is 1 awarded \$38,042.64 in costs. Dated this ____ day of March, 2014. 3 5 Honorable Jerry Wiese, II, District Court Judge 6 Respectfully Submitted By: 7 **BAKER LAW OFFICES** 8 9 10 Lloyd W. Baker, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 6893 11 Ingrid Patin, Esq. 12 Nevada Bar No. 011239 500 S. Eighth Street 13 Las Vegas, NV 89101 Attorneys for Plaintiff 14 APPROVED AS TO FORM AND CONTENT: 15 16 17 Jason Friedman, Esq. Amanda Brookheyser, Esq. 18 LEWIS, BRISBOIS, STARK, FRIEDMAN & CHAPMAN 19 BISGAARD & SMITH, LLP. 200 W. Sahara, #1401 6385 S. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 600 Las Vegas NV 89102 20 Las Vegas, NV 89118 Attorney for Defedants, Ton Vinh Lee, DDS and Ton V. Lee, DDS, Attorney for Defendant 21 Florida Traivai, DMD Prof. Corp., d/b/a Summerlin Smiles 22 23 24 25 26

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Page 3 of 3

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EXHIBIT E

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1 Lloyd W. Baker, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 6893 **CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 Ingrid Patin, Esq. 3 Nevada Bar No. 011239 **BAKER LAW OFFICES** 4 500 S. Eighth Street Las Vegas, NV 89101 5 Telephone: (702) 360-4949 6 Facsimile: (702) 360-3234 7 Attorneys for Plaintiff 8 9 **DISTRICT COURT** 10 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 11 12 SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, as Case No.: A-12-656091-C the Representative of the Estate of Dept. No.: 30 13 REGINALD SINGLETARY, and as parent and legal guardian of GABRIEL L. 14 SINGLETARY, a Minor, 15 JUDGMENT ON JURY VERDICT Plaintiff, 16 17 V. 18 TON VINH LEE, DDS, individually, FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD, individually, JAI PARK, DDS, individually; TON V. LEE, DDS, PROF. CORP., a Nevada Professional 20 Corporation d/b/a SUMMERLIN SMILES, 21 DOE SUMMERLIN SMILES EMPLOYEE, and DOES I through X and ROE 22 CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive, 23 Defendants. 24 Sum Jdgmt Stip Dis ☐ Voluntary Dis 25 Non-Jury Trial

Page 1 of 3

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JUDGMENT ON JURY VERDICT

This action came on for trial before the Eighth Judicial District Court and a jury on January 13, 2014, before Honorable Jerry A. Wiese, II, District Judge, presiding, and the issues having been duly tried and the jury having duly rendered its verdict,

IT IS ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that Plaintiff, SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, be awarded the sum of Nine Hundred Eighty Five Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$985,000.00), pursuant to the Special Verdict Form, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "1." Having found for the Plaintiff and against Defendants, FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD and TON V. LEE, DDS, A PROF. CORP., d/b/a SUMMERLIN SMILES, the jury further found that the percentage of negligence on the part of Decedent Reginald Singletary which was the proximate cause of Decedent Reginald Singletary's injury was twenty five percent (25%), the percentage of negligence on the part of Defendant, FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD, which was the proximate cause of Decedent Reginald Singletary's injury was fifty percent (50%), and the percentage of negligence on the part of Defendant, TON V. LEE, DDS, A PROF. CORP., d/b/a SUMMERLIN SMILES, which was the proximate cause of Decedent Reginald Singletary's injury was twenty five percent (25%).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that Plaintiff, GABRIEL SINGLETARY, a minor, be awarded the sum of Two Million Four Hundred Eighty Five Thousand Dollars and Zero Cents (\$2,485,000.00), pursuant to the Special Verdict Form. (See Exhibit 1). Having found for the Plaintiff and against Defendants, FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD and TON V. LEE, DDS, A PROF. CORP., d/b/a SUMMERLIN SMILES, the jury further found that the percentage of negligence on the part of Decedent Reginald Singletary which was the proximate cause of Decedent Reginald Singletary's injury was twenty five percent (25%), the percentage of negligence on the part of Defendant, FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD, which was the proximate cause of Decedent Reginald Singletary's injury was fifty percent (50%), and the percentage of negligence on the part of Defendant, TON V. LEE, DDS, A PROF. CORP., d/b/a SUMMERLIN SMILES, which was the proximate cause of Decedent Reginald Singletary's injury was twenty five percent (25%).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that Plaintiff is entitled to her costs of Thirty Eight Thousand Forty Two Dollars and Sixty Four Cents (\$38,042.64), as the prevailing part under Nevada Revised Statute 18.020.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that the amounts awarded to Plaintiffs, SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, and GABRIEL SINGLETARY, a minor, shall bear interest at the legal rate of 5.25% per year from the date thereon.

ISTRICT COURT JUDGE

Prepared by:

BAKER LAW OFFICES

LLOYD W. BAKER, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 6893 INGRID PATIN, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No.: 011239

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EXHIBIT F

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IN MEMORIAM

Andy Anderson
Editor & Publisher 1967 - 2003

Editor & Publisher Beverly Graham



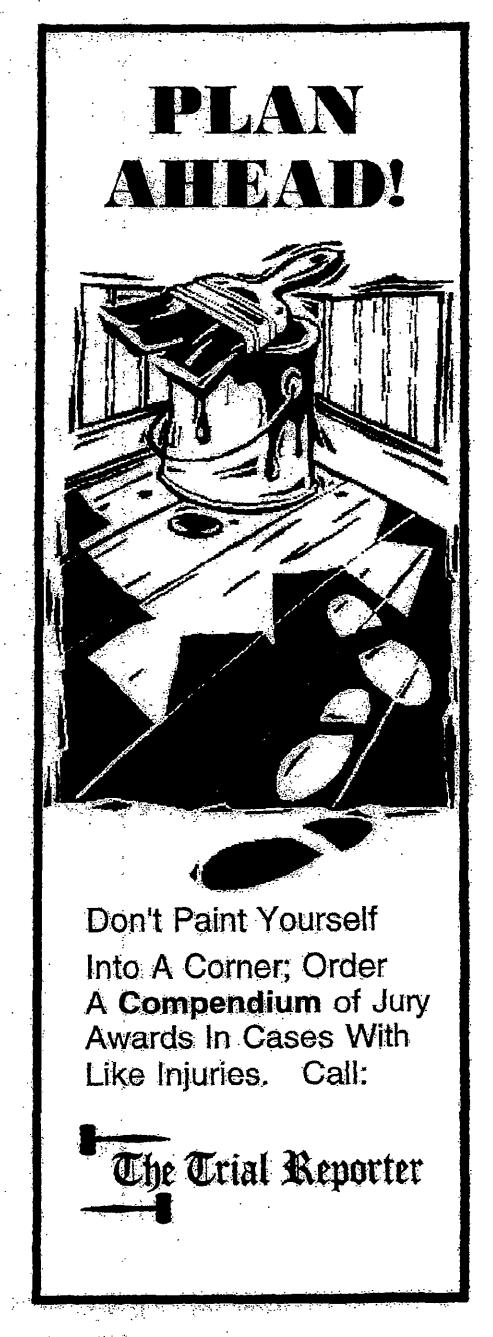
Table of Contents

Clark County District Court Civil Jury Trials	. 2
Addendum & Erratum	11
Churchill County District Court Civil Jury Trials	12
Case Catalogue	12



1/17/14 - pro tem Judge HARRY P. MARQUIS - CV A636746 - ACOSTA (Ralph A. Schwartz, practitioner) sole LAS **VEGAS** ٧ METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT and CROSSMAN (Craig R. Anderson of Marquis Auerbach Coffing, P.C.) - PERSONAL INJURY - REAREND - POLICE VEHICLE. Case being tried as a Shortrial. Plntf, male, age 37, an unemployed Nevada resident, alleged that, while stopped southbound on Lamb Boulevard, he was rear-ended by Dfnt Crossman, male, a Nevada resident, who was in the course and scope of his occupational duties as a police officer for Dfnt Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. Plntf alleged he sustained cervical and thoracic strains and sprains, with secondary headaches; plus a bulging cervical disk at C-4, C-5, which necessitated bilateral facet injections and occipital nerve blocks. Plntf also alleged he has ongoing residual complaints. Prayer: In excess of \$10,000 compensatory damages; plus \$42,507.44 medical expenses. (Dfnts self-insured.) day trial. By stipulation, four jurors deliberated. Jury out? hours. AWARDED PLNTF \$35,000 COMPENSATORY DAMAGES (REPRE-SENTING \$25,000 FOR MEDICAL EXPENSES AND \$10,000 FOR PAIN AND SUFFERING). *****************

1/22/14 -Judge **JERRY** WIESE A. CV A656091 - SINGLETARY (Lloyd W. Baker, Ingrid M. Patin, and Jessica M. Goodey of Baker Law Offices) v LEE, D.D.S., dba SUMMERLIN SMILES (Jason B. Friedman of Stark, Friedman & Chapman, L.L.P., of Long Beach, California); PARK, D.D.S. (Edward J. Lemons of Lemons, Grundy & Eisenberg, P.C.); and TRAIVAI, D.M.D. (S. Brent Vogel of Lewis, Brisbois, Bisgaard & Smith, L.L.P.) -WRONGFUL DEATH - MEDICAL MALPRAC-TICE - DENTAL - FAILURE TO DIAGNOSE/ LACK TREAT INFECTION INFORMED CONSENT. Prologue: Decedent Dfnt Summerlin presented to Siniles, March 24, 2011, for routine dental work. New



JURY VERDICTS... The Trial Reporter

patient examination was done. Dfnts dentists Traivai and Park were independent contractors of Dfnt Summerlin Smiles, On April 16th, Decedent returned to Dfit Summerlin Smiles for an extraction of the number 32 wisdom tooth, performed by Dfnt Traivai. Following the extraction, Decedent experienced ongoing severe pain in the extraction area on the right side of his face; swelling of the face, jaw, and neck; plus difficulty swallowing. Dfnt Summerlin Smiles was allegedly contacted via telephone on April 18th, and Decedent was advised to call again if his symptoms did not subside within. four to five days. Decedent continued to experience his prior symptoms, and had difficulty swallowing, as well as difficulty speaking and eating, on April 19th and April 20th. Decedent was vomiting, began having difficulty breathing, and was transported by ambulance to non-party hospital, where he was admitted to the Intensive Care Unit, on April 21st. Antibiotics were administered and drainage of Decedent's neck was performed. Decedent died on April 25th. on comparative fault. Case being tried Decedent, male, age 42, was survived by his spouse and minor son, who brought suit for his wrongful death. Platfs, both Nevada residents, alleged Dfnts fell below the standard of care by giving Decedent incorrect advice when he called Dfut Summerlin Smiles, and followed their advice even though he became progressively sicker. Plntfs also alleged Dfnts failed to obtain Decedent's informed consent regarding use of antibiotics to prevent infection. (Court ruled Plntfs called Joseph B. issue was moot.) Marzouk, M.D., an infectious diseases specialist, of Oakland, California. Pintfs also called Andrew Pallos, D.D.S. of Laguna Niguel, California, who was of the opinion that Dints fell below the standard of care. Dfnts Lee and Park denied liability, advancing the defense that they did not provide any treatment to Decedent. Dfnt Traivai, female, a Nevada resident, denied falling below the standard of care. Dfnt Traival argued that there were no complications during the procedure, and Decedent was given both

verbal and written postoperative instructions, which instructed Decedent to contact the office or go to the emergency department if he experienced any severe or unexpected complications. Dfnt Traivai also argued that, in the days following the extraction procedure, she was not contacted and was not aware of Decedent's condition and/or any potential complications. Additionally, Dfnt Traivai argued she did not instruct an employee of Dfnt Summerlin Smiles to give any medical advice and/or instructions to Decedent. Dfnt Traivai called Christian E. Sandrock, M.D., an infectious diseases specialist, of Sacramento, California; and William C. Ardary, D.D.S., M.D., an oral and maxillofacial surgeon, of Arcadia, California. Plntfs alleged that, as a result of Dfnts' negligence, Decedent developed necrotizing mediastinitis and septic. shock, then Ludwig's angina from the dental abscess, which resulted in his death. Prayer: In excess of \$10,000 compensatory damages; plus \$600,000 loss of support (D Vogel). (Carrier: Hartford Insurance.) Seven day trial. Jury out FOUND FOR DENTS LEE two-plus hours. AND PARK: AWARDED PLNTF SPOUSE \$985,000 COMPENSATORY DAMAGES (REP-RESENTING \$125,000 FOR PAST PAIN AND SUFFERING, \$500,000 FOR FUTURE PAIN AND SUFFERING, \$60,000 PAST LOSS OF SUPPORT, AND \$300,000 FUTURE LOSS OF SUPPORT). AWARDED PLNTF SON COMPENSATORY \$2,485,000 DAMAGES (REPRESENTING \$125,000 FOR PAST PAIN FOR SUFFERING, \$2 MILLION FUTURE PAIN AND SUFFERING, \$60,000 PAST LOSS OF SUPPORT, AND \$300,000 FUTURE LOSS OF SUPPORT). (Found Decedent to be twenty-five percent at fault, found Dfnt Traivai to be fifty percent at fault, and found Dfnt Summerlin Smiles to be twentyfive percent at fault; therefore, Plntf spouse to recover \$492,500 from Dfnt Traivai and \$246,250 from Dfnt Summerlin Smiles; and Plntf son to recover \$1,242,500 from Dfnt Traivai and \$621,250 from Dfnt Summerlin Smiles).







EXHIBIT G

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HIGHLIGHTS

Nevada Supreme Court Clarifies Standard for Testimony of a Treating Physician and Prohibits Ex Parte Communication with an Opposing Party's Experts

Whether the testimony of a treating physician must be stated to a "reasonable degree of medical probability" depends on the purpose of the testimony, and whether it supports an alternative causation theory. Further, counsel is prohibited from contacting an opposing party's expert, including a non-retained treating physician, without express consent.

Entertainer Awarded More Than \$1.3 Million after Backstage Fall

A professional comedian, hired to perform at the Bellagio Hotel and Casino, allegedly tripped and fell over an unsecured speaker cord resulting in a complete rupture of his Achilles tendon. The jury awarded the plaintiff \$1,308,500.00 for personal injuries and alleged lost wages.

IN THIS ISSUE NEVADA SUPREME COURT Michical Malphenee Page 1 Negligence Page 2 NEVADA JURY VERDICTS Pensonal liviny Page 2 Medical Malphactice Page 3 Premises Lubrity Page 4 Events of Contract Page 4

NEVADA SUPREME COURT DECISIONS

MEDICAL MALPRACTICE

A Treating Provider Need Not Testify to a Reasonable Degree of Medical Certainty if Contradicting a Plaintiff's Causation Theory and Parties Must Obtain Express Consent Before Contacting an Opposing Party's Expert

Plaintiff filed a complaint alleging medical malpractice and negligence. Plaintiff specifically asserted that after receiving Lasik corrective surgery on both eyes she experienced ocular irritation and subsequently lost a majority ofher sight. Defendant denied liability and asserted that Plaintiff's deteriorating eye condition may have resulted from abuse of numbing eye drops.

In support of Defendant's theory, Defendant called Plaintiff's treating physician to testify at trial. Plaintiff's treating provider testified that, in his opinion, plaintiff could have returned to her best corrective vision had she followed his instructions and recommendations, but conceded that this was speculation. He also testified that, while not the cause of the defect, it was possible that Plaintiff's use of numbing eye drops caused her vision to deteriorate and contributed to her lack of improvement. The jury returned a verdict for Defendant and Plaintiff appealed.

The Nevada Supreme Court determined the testimony offered by Plaintiff's treating physician was permissible pursuant to Williams v. Eighth Judicial District Court. 127 Nev. 262 P.3d 360 (2011). Williams provided that the testimony of a defense expert need not be stated to a reasonable degree of medical probability when being used to controvert an element of the plaintiff's claim, rather than

establish an independent theory of causation. Here, Defendant did not offer the expert's testimony to establish the alternative causation theory that eye damage resulted from abuse of numbing drops, rather than defendant's actions. Rather, the expert's testimony was offered to furnish reasonable alternative causes to those offered by Plaintiff.

On appeal, Plaintiff also asserted that defense counsel contacted the Plaintiff's treating physician without express consent, thereby warranting a new trial. Defendant argued the communication with the expert was necessary only to coordinate the physician's appearance at trial. The Nevada Supreme Court initially noted that a plaintiff's claim for personal injury or medical malpractice served as a limited waiver of the physicianpatient privilege with regard to directly relevant and essential information necessary to resolve the case. Further, the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure affirmatively allow formal depositions of individuals who have been identified as experts whose opinions may be presented at trial NRCP 26(b)(4). Rule 26 does not, however, contemplate ex parte communications with the opposing party's expert witnesses. The Court also noted that the professional ethics rules for the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals preclude counsel from speaking directly to an opposing party's expert. Erickson v. Newmar Corp., 87 F.3d 298, 301 (9th Cir. 1996).

The Nevada Supreme Court ultimately balanced the desire for confidentiality with the need for full disclosure of relevant medical information and concluded there was no need to allow ex parte communication with an opposing party's expert, absent express consent. While the Nevada Supreme Court agreed that improper ex parte communication had occurred, Plaintiff's motion for a new trial was properly denied. The Court noted that the physician's trial testimony remained unchanged from his prior deposition testimony, and therefore Plaintiff did not suffer prejudice as a result of the conduct of Defendant. Leavitt v. Siems, 130 Nev. Adv. Rep. 54 (2014).

1 the property.

As a result of the contact with the chemicals, laintiff allegedly developed reactive airway isfunction syndrome. When Plaintiff's worker's impensation coverage terminated six months ter the incident, she was unable to obtain er prescription medication, which allegedly sulted in a stroke. Defendant denied liability.

Plaintiff sought compensatory damages, acluding approximately \$180,000.00 in medical xpenses and \$100,000.00 in lost wages. After nine day trial the jury awarded Plaintiff 621,122.00 in compensatory damages. Wright Valley Health System, L.L.C, March 6, 2014.

Fruck Driver Found Liable for Another Vehicle's Rollover

Defendant was operating a tractor-trailer n the course of his occupational duties as a ruck driver for Defendant Pet Food Wholesale. Plaintiff, a 19 year-old female retail clerk, alleged that Defendant negligently executed a lane change into Plaintiff's lane of travel, which caused her to lose control and roll her vehicle. Plaintiff sustained a degloving injury to her dominant left hand.

Defendants denied liability and asserted that Plaintiff was either traveling in Defendant's "blind spot" or she attempted to "shoot the gap" to avoid travelling behind Defendant's tractor-trailer. Defendants called an accident reconstructionist to testify in support of their theory. Plaintiff called a psychiatrist, a hand surgeon, a vocational rehabilitation expert and economist to testify as to Plaintiff's alleged damages.

Plaintiffsought \$199,525.48 in past medical expenses, plus \$64,581.00 to \$87,381.00 for future medical treatment. Plaintiff served an \$825,000.00 pretrial Offer of Judgment and during closing arguments, Plaintiff's counsel asked the jury to award more \$5 million. After a 12 day trial, the jury awarded Plaintiff \$1,261,780.22, but found her to be 10 percent at fault. Kumar v. Pet Food Wholesale, Inc., February 5, 2014.

MEDICAL MAIPRACTICE

Jury Returns Defense Verdict as to Claims Resulting from Plaintiff's Apparent Suicide

Decedent, a 23 year-old female, professional golfer, was survived by her parents who brought suit for her wrongful death. Defendant, a

medical physician, met decedent through mutual friends at a Country Club and treated decedent four times for minor health issues. Five months after their initial meeting, decedent and Defendant developed a tomantic relationship.

On May 8, 2010, Defendant arrived at decedent's residence and found her intoxicated. Decedent was instructed to take a shower and the pair then chipped golf balls in decedent's backyard until 9:00 p.m., when Defendant went home to his pregnant wife. On May 9, 2010, Defendant called decedent 17 times, but was unable to reach her. He then drove to her home and gained entry through an unlocked rear door. Defendant found decedent in her bedroom with a plastic bag secured with rubber bands around her head. Defendant removed decedent's suicide note and a blister pack of Xanax, which appeared to be from Mexico, and placed them in the trunk of his vehicle. Decedent's cause of death. was determined to be suicide by asphyxiation.

Plaintiffs alleged Defendant fell below the standard of care when he prescribed medication without determining decedent's medical conditions, allergies to the medications, or whether decedent was at risk for taking medications other than those prescribed. Plaintiffs further alleged that Defendant did not properly document decedent's medical chart with the prescribed controlled substances, and failed to properly evaluate her on May 8 and left her in a medically compromised condition. Plaintiffs also claimed that a combined drug intoxication was a significant cause of decedent's death. Defendant denied falling below the standard of care.

Plaintiffs sought compensatory damages and punitive damages. After a seven day trial the jury returned a verdict for Defendant. Blusberg v. Hess, M.D., May 13, 2014.

Jury Finds for Decedent's Family after Overdose on Methadone

Decedent was treated by Defendant physician for several years preceding his death. During the course of his treatment, Defendant discussed referring decedent to an opioid addiction specialist and prescribed a one month supply of Methadone, ten milligrams. Decedent began taking the prescribed Methadone and experienced insomnia, hallucinations and constitution. After four days, decedent experienced pinpoint eyes, profuse sweating, twitching in his sleep, sleep walking, blue-tinged lips and an ashen complexion. Decedent's spouse contacted Defendant's office and was advised by the staff that the decedent's

symptoms were normal and the information would be passed along to the Defendant. Twenty minutes later, decedent stopped breathing and died. Decedent's cause of death was determined to be Methadone intoxication.

Decedent was survived by his spouse and three minor children, who brought suit for his wrongful death. Plaintiffs alleged that Defendant fell below the standard of care when he negligently prescribed methadone for opioid addiction and failed to conduct a thorough medical assessment and physical evaluation. Plaintiffs also alleged that Defendant's medical staff fell below the standard of care when they advised decedent's spouse that the symptoms were normal and failed to recommend that decedent be taken to the emergency department. Additionally, Plaintiffs alleged that the Defendant failed to respond to decedent's wife and failed to supervise and/or train employees in appropriate counseling to patients. Defendant denied falling below the standard of care and maintained that decedent was comparatively at fault for not properly following the prescription's instructions and for taking more than was prescribed.

Plaintiffs sought between \$3 million and \$4 million in damages. After a 13 day trial, the jury found Defendant to be 53 percent at fault. Decedent's estate recovered \$1,592,650.00; decedent's spouse was awarded \$530,000.00; two of decedent's children received \$1,060,000.00 and the third child received \$795,000.00. Davis and Davis, Estate v. Gautham Gummadi Reddy, M.D., Ltd., June 18, 2014.

Plaintiffs Awarded More Than \$2.6 Million Following Wisdom Tooth Extraction

Decedent presented to Defendant dentist for routine dental work and underwent a new patient examination. Decedent returned to Defendant one month later for an extraction of his wisdom teeth. Following the extraction, the decedent experienced ongoing severe pain in the extraction area on the right side of his face, jaw and neck, and experienced difficulty swallowing. Decedent allegedly contacted Defendant via telephone two days later and was advised to call again if his symptoms failed to subside in four to five days. Four days after the extraction, decedent continued to experience symptoms and developed difficulty eating, speaking, and breathing and was vomiting. Decedent was taken to the hospital by ambulance where he was admitted to the Intensive Care Unit Decedent

is administered antibiotics and drainage of his ick was performed, but decedent passed nine ivs after the extraction.

Decedent's spouse and minor son asserted aims for wrongful death. Plaintiffs alleged at Defendant fell below the standard of the by providing decedent incorrect advice hen he called after the extraction. Plaintiffs so asserted that Defendant failed to obtain ecedent's informed consent regarding the use antibiotics to prevent infection. Further, laintiffs claimed that as a result of Defendant's egligence, decedent developed necrotizing ediastinitis, septic shock and Ludwig's angina om the dental abscess, which resulted in his eath.

Plaintiffs relied on the testimony of an ifectious disease specialist and a dentist who pined that Defendant fell below the standard of are. Defendant denied liability and maintained nat there were no complications during the rocedure. Defendant argued that decedent was iven both verbal and written postoperative astructions, which instructed decedent to ontact the office or go to the emergency room The experienced any severe or unexpected omplications. Defendant also asserted that he was not contacted or aware of decedent's ondition and/or potential complications, or did Defendant instruct an employee of he dental office to give medical advice and/ ir instructions to the decedent. Defendant elied on the testimony of an infectious disease pecialist and an oral and maxillofacial surgeon it trial,

Plaintiffs sought compensatory damages blus \$600,000.00 in loss of support. After a even day trial, the jury found decedent to the 25 percent at fault. Decedent's spouse was awarded \$738,750.00 in compensatory damages and decedent's minor child was awarded \$1,863,750.00. Singletary v. Lee, D.D.S., amany 22,2014.

PREMISES LIABILITY

Defendant Not Liable For a Tripand Fall on its Premises

Plaintiff, a 57 year-old female accounts payable clerk, alleged that while on Defendant's premises she was injured when her shoe became stuck in a concrete expansion joint, which caused her to trip and fall. Plaintiff alleged Defendant was negligent in its maintenance of the premises, and failed to fill the concrete

expansion joint to a sufficient level required to prevent the hazardous condition.

Plaintiff relied on the testimony of an architect who opined that the expansion joint failed to meet the building code, and a safety engineer who opined the expansion joint could have been a tripping hazard. Defendant denied liability and maintained that it had no notice of the condition. Defendant further argued that there had never been a fall involving any of the 58,000 feet of expansion joints and that its maintenance of the premises was reasonable.

As a result of the fall, Plaintiff allegedly sustained a fractured left elbow. Her orthopedic physician opined that Plaintiff would develop arthritis and may possibly require future surgery. Defendant retained an orthopedic physician who opined that the fracture was causally related to the fall, but maintained that Plaintiff would not develop arthritis or require future surgery.

Plaintiff sought \$119,000.00 in medical expenses and more than \$10,000.00 in lost wages. Plaintiff made a pretrial demand of \$350,000.00 and Defendant offered \$135,000.00. After a five day trial, the jury returned a verdict for Defendant. Biondi v. Paris Las Vegas Propco, L.L.C., May 23, 2014.

Jury Returned Verdict for Entertainer Who Suffered Injury Backstage

Plaintiff, a 61 year-old male professional comedian, was hired to perform at the Bellagio Hotel and Casino. Plaintiff alleged that Defendant's staff negligently set up the stage, causing Plaintiff to trip and fall over an unsecured speaker cord. Plaintiff sustained a complete rupture of his Achilles tendon, which resulted in a permanent limp. Defendant denied liability and argued Plaintiff was contributory negligent.

At trial, Plaintiff called an entertainment expert, an orthopedic physician and an economist who estimated Plaintiff's damages

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were \$7,500,000.00. Defendant relied on the testimony of an orthopedic physician and an economist. Plaintiff sought \$3,214,632.00 in past lost wages; \$4,121,970.00 in future lost wages; and medical expenses. Plaintiff made a pretrial demand of \$500,000.00 and Defendant countered with \$175,000.00. After a 15 day trial, the jury returned a verdict for the Plaintiff and awarded \$1,308,500.00. Wallace v. Bellagio, L.L.C., April 8, 2014.

Breach of Contract

Plaintiff Awarded Damages and Ownership Interest in Business Established during Plaintiff's Divorce

Plaintiff and Defendant were engaged to be married in 1999 and allegedly established and operated Canyon Gate Cleaners as equal co-owners. Plaintiff also owned and operated a machinery sales corporation in Phoenix, Arizona, and utilized his resources and equipment to find a location and equip Canyon Gate Cleaners. Because Plaintiff was involved in divorce proceedings at the time, Defendant suggested that Plaintiff nor be listed as an officer and shareholder of Canyon Gate in order to insure Plaintiff's wife would not assert a lien on the business. It was agreed that Defendant would constructively hold Plaintiff's interest in the business, which flourished over the next ten years. The parties shared the income from the business and purchased various personal properties that they jointly owned. Subsequently, however, Defendant removed Plaintiff from their home and business by filing a remporary restraining order. Plaintiff alleged that Defendant breached their agreement to sell the business and divide their personal assets.

Defendant denied liability and maintained that Plaintiff was neither an owner nor an interest holder in the business. Defendant further alleged that Plaintiff did not start or operate the business; did not contribute funds or other consideration to the operation, did not design the business and had no financial or "sweat equity." Defendant asserted she hired Plaintiff as a paid consultant through his businesses, LES Systems, Inc., and Lorenz Equipment Sales, and that she purchased the residence where they lived from 1998 through 2009.

After a nine day trial, the jury awarded Plaintiff \$944,000.00 in compensatory damages

EXHIBIT H

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Abdul Howard, 49, was convicted by a jury last June of one count of felon in possession of a firearm, 14 counts... More... \$0 (01-08-2015 - NV). United States of ...

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IPPFI HIGHLIGHTS IN THIS ISSUE NEVADA SUPREME COU...

alversontaylor.com/wp-content/.../2014-Mevada-Legal-Update-Fall.pdf > Nov 4, 2014 - NEVADA JURY VERDICTS. Personal Injury. jury returned a verdict for Defendant and Plaintiff appealed...... Singletary v. Lee, D.D.S.,

WATTS v. SINGLETARY | Leagle.com

www.leagle.com/decision/...11151.../WATTS%20v.%20SINGLETARY ▼ Watts himself expressed concern that the jury's verdict had been influenced by his sleeping: WATTS: The jury made the decision because of my sleeping disorder. ... Nevada, 504-U.S. 127, 139-40, 112 S.Ct. 1810, 1817, 118 L.Ed.2d 479...

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caseinfo nvsupremecourt.us/document/view.do?csNameID... *
Sep 23, 2014 - Client(s) Svellana Singletary, individually and as the Rep. of the ...
Whether the Judgment on Jury Verdict filed April 29, 2014 imposed joint and

[PDF] 15-08872 - Case Search

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Mar 24, 2015 - IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA. SVETLANA ...
the representative of the Estate of Reginald Singletary, and as parent and legal
guardian of ... D. THE JURY'S VERDICT AND SUBSEQUENT AWARDS.

[PDF] 15-02468

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Washington Supreme Court v

Jun 19, 2013 - injury." We affirm the trial court's judgment and jury verdict, and we deny

Singletary, 166 Wn. App. at 783 (quoting Markey, ... Exch. & Assinv.

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Singletary v. Lee. Jessica M. Goodey Back to profile. Practice Area:Personal Injury.

Outcome:Jury Verdict in excess of \$3 million. Description:Dental malpractice...

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EXHIBIT I

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Alun D. Chum

CLERK OF THE COURT

Micah S. Echols, Esq. 2 Nevada Bar No. 8437 10001 Park Run Drive 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Telephone: (702) 382-0711 Facsimile: (702) 382-5816 4 mechols@maclaw.com 5 **Baker Law Offices** 6 Lloyd W. Baker. Esq. Nevada Bar No. 6893 7 Ingrid Patin, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 11239 500 S. Eighth Street 8 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: (702) 360-4949 9 Facsimile: (702) 360-3234 lloyd@bakerattornevs.net 10 ingrid@patinlaw.com 11 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 12 13 14 15

Marquis Aurbach Coffing

1

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, and as the Representative of the Estate of REGINALD SINGLETARY, and as parent and legal guardian of GABRIEL L. SINGLETARY, a Minor,

Case No.: A656091 Dept. No.: XXX

Plaintiffs,

CASE APPEAL STATEMENT

TON VINH LEE, DDS, individually, FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD, individually, JAI PARK, DDS, individually, TON V. LEE, DDS, PROF.CORP., a Nevada Professional Corporation d/b/a SUMMERLIN SMILES, DOE SUMMERLIN SMILES EMPLOYEE, DOES I through X and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,

Defendants.

VS.

~~

MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING

10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 (702) 382-0711 FAX: (702) 382-5816

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Page 1 of 6

Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 (702) 382-0711 FAX: (702) 382-5816

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CASE APPEAL STATEMENT

Plaintiffs, Svetlana Singletary, individually, and as the Representative of the Estate of Reginald Singletary, and as parent and legal guardian of Gabriel L. Singletary, a Minor, by and through her attorneys of record, Marquis Aurbach Coffing and Baker Law Offices, hereby files this Case Appeal Statement.

Name of appellant filing this Case Appeal Statement: 1.

> Plaintiffs, Svetlana Singletary, individually, and as the Representative of the Estate of Reginald Singletary, and as parent and legal guardian of Gabriel L. Singletary, a Minor

2. Identify the Judge issuing the decision, judgment, or order appealed from:

Honorable Jerry A. Wiese II

Identify each appellant and the name and address of counsel for each appellant: 3.

Appellants: Svetlana Singletary, individually, and as the Representative of the

Estate of Reginald Singletary, and as parent and legal guardian of

Gabriel L. Singletary, a Minor

Attorneys: Micah S. Echols, Esq.

> Marquis Aurbach Coffing 10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89145

Lloyd W. Baker. Esq. Ingrid Patin, Esq. Baker Law Offices 500 S. Eighth Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

4. Identify each respondent and the name and address of appellate counsel, if known, for each respondent (if the name of a respondent's appellate counsel is unknown, indicated as much and provide the name and address of that respondent's trial counsel):

Respondents: Ton Vinh Lee, DDS and Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof.Corp. d/b/a

Summerlin Smiles

Attorneys: Jason Friedman, Esq.

Stark, Freidman & Chapman 200 W. Sahara Blvd., Suite 1401

Las Vegas Nevada 89102

Page 2 of 6

Respondent: Florida Traivai, DMD

Attorneys: S. Brent Vogel, Esq.

Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard & Smith, LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118

5. Indicate whether any attorney identified above in response to question 3 or 4 is not licensed to practice law in Nevada and, if so, whether the district court granted that attorney permission to appear under SCR 42 (attach a copy of any district court order granting such permission):

N/A.

6. Indicated whether appellant was represented by appointed or retained counsel in the district court:

Retained.

7. Indicate whether appellant is represented by appointed or retained counsel on appeal:

Retained.

8. Indicate whether appellant was granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis, and the date of entry of the district court order granting such leave:

N/A.

9. Indicate the date the proceedings commenced in the district court (e.g., date complaint indictment, information, or petition was filed):

The complaint was filed on February 7, 2012.

10. Provide a brief description of the nature of the action and result in the district court, including the type of judgment or order being appealed and the relief granted by the district court:

This appeal is taken from a wrongful death suit brought against Defendants by Plaintiffs after the death of Reginald Singletary following dental surgery to extract a wisdom tooth. The jury found for Plaintiffs against Defendants Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof.Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles and Florida Page 3 of 6

10001 Park Run Drive Las Vogas, Nevada 89145 (702) 382-0711 FAX: (702) 382-5816 Traivai, DMD, and awarded a total of \$3,470,000. The Judgment on Jury Verdict awarded the total of \$3,470,000, plus interest, and costs in the amount of \$38,042.64 to Plaintiffs.

Defendants Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof.Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles and Florida Traivai, DMD, filed Rule 50(b) motions for judgment as a matter of law, which were granted, with the result that the District Court vacated the award by the jury.

Defendant Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, filed a motion for costs, which was granted in the amount of \$6,032.83.

Plaintiffs appeal from: (1) the Order [Granting in Part and Denying in Part Defendant Florida Traivai's Motion to Retax Costs and Defendant Ton Vinh Lee, DDS' Joinder Thereto], filed on April 11, 2014; (2) the Judgment on Jury Verdict, filed on April 29, 2014; (3) the Order on Defendant Traivai's and Lee's Motions for Judgment as a Matter of Law Pursuant to NRCP 50(b) and Motion for Remittitur, filed on July 16, 2014; and (4) the Minute Order [Granting Costs to Defendant, Ton Vinh Lee, DDS], filed on April 3, 2014.

Defendant Florida Traivai, DMD's Motion for Costs and Defendant Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof.Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles' Motion for Costs are currently pending in the District Court.

11. Indicate whether the case has previously been the subject of an appeal to or original writ proceeding in the Supreme Court and, if so, the caption and Supreme Court docket number of the prior proceeding:

This case was the subject of a writ petition to the Supreme Court docketed as Case No. 64734.

12. Indicate whether this appeal involves child custody or visitation:N/A.

Page 4 of 6

¹ The April 3, 2014 Minute Order has not yet been reduced to a written order. Plaintiff will file an amended notice of appeal and an amended case appeal statement once a written order has been filed.

13. If this is a civil case, indicate whether this appeal involves the possibility of settlement:

This case does involve the possibility of a settlement.

Dated this 8th day of August, 2014.

MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING

By /s/ Micah S. Echols Micah S. Echols, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 8437 10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Page 5 of 6

MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING 10001 Park Run Drive

10001 Park Run Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 (702) 382-0711 FAX: (702) 382-5816

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that the foregoing <u>CASE APPEAL STATEMENT</u> was submitted electronically for filing and/or service with the Eighth Judicial District Court on the <u>9th</u> day of August, 2014. Electronic service of the foregoing document shall be made in accordance with the E-Service List as follows:²

Baker L:	aw Offices Contact Aideet Garcia	Email Aideet@bakerattornevs.net
Lewis Br	risbois	
	Contact Amanda Brookhyser	Email amanda.brookhyser@lewisbrisbois.com
Lewis Br	isbois Bisgaard & Smith LLP	
	Contact	Email
	Carla Herndon	carla.herndon@lewisbrisbois.com
	Nicole Etienne	nicole etienne ülewisbrisbois com
	S. Brent Vogel, Esq.	Brent Vogel@lewisbrisbois.com
Patin La	w Group, PLLC	
	Contact	Email
	Ingrid Patin, Esq.	ingrid@patinlaw.com
STARK.	FREIDMAN & CHAPMAN	
	Contact	Email
	Jason Friedman	jason@sfc-law.com

/s/ Leah Dell
Leah Dell, an employee of
Marquis Aurbach Coffing

Page 6 of 6

² Pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a), each party who submits an E-Filed document through the E-Filing System consents to electronic service in accordance with NRCP 5(b)(2)(D).

EXHIBIT J

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09/11/2014 11:04:01 AM Hun J. Lohn *** **CODE JASON B, FRIEDMAN, ESQ. **CLERK OF THE COURT** Nevada State Bar No. 11799 STARK, FRIEDMAN & CHAPMAN, LLP 3 200 W. Sahara, #1401 Las Vegas, NV 89102 4 5 Attorneys for Defendants, TON VINH LEE, DDS and TON V. LEE, DDS, PROF. CORP. dba SUMMERLIN SMILES 6 7 8 DISTRICT COURT 9 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 10 SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, as Case No. A-12-656091-C 11 the Representative of the Estate of REGINALD SINGLETARY, and as parent and legal guardian's Dept. No. XXX of GABRIEL L. SINGLETARY, a Minor, 12 13. CASE APPEAL STATEMENT (CROSS-Plaintiff. APPEAL) 14 VS. 15 TON VINH LEE, DDS, individually, FLORIDA TRAIVAL DMD, individually, JAI PARK, DDS, individually, TON V. LÉE, DDS, PROF. 16 CORP., a Nevada Professional Corporation d/b/a/ SUMMERLIN SMILES, DOE 17 SUMMERLIN SMILES EMPLOYEE, ; and DOES I through X and ROE CORPORATIONS 18 I through X, inclusive, 19 Defendants. 20 21 CASE APPEAL STATEMENT (CROSS-APPEAL) 22 23 Defendant, TON VINH LEE, DDS and TON V. LEE, DDS, PROF. CORP. dba SUMMERLIN SMILES, by and through her/its attorneys of record, Stark, Friedman & 24 Chapman, LLP, hereby files this Case Appeal Statement on Cross-Appeal. 26 1// 27 m28 Page 1 of 5 CASE APPEAL STATEMENT (CROSS-APPEAL)

CASE APPEAL STATEMENT (CROSS-APPEAL)

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as a Matter of Law Pursuant to NRCP 50 (b) and Motion for Remittitur, filed on July

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Page 4 of 5

CASE APPEAL STATEMENT (CROSS-APPEAL)

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Singletary v. Lee, D.D.S., et al. Case No. A-12-656091-C

am an employee of STARK, FRIEDMAN &
14, I caused the above and foregoing documents
OSS-APPEAL) to be served as follows:
g in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope
ong Beach, California; and/or
imile;
pelow at the address indicated below; and/or
elow:
(702) 369-4949; (702) 360-3234 Fax Attorneys for Plaintiff, SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, as the Representative of the Estate of REGINALD SINGLETARY, and as parent and legal guardian of GABRIEL L. SINGLETARY, a Minor
(775) 786-6868; (775) 786-9716 Fax Attorneys for Defendant, JAI PARK, D.D.S.
Attorneys for Defendant, FLORIDA TRAIVAI, D.M.D.

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11/07/2014 04:49:35 PM 1 JASON B. FRIEDMAN, ESQ. **CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 Nevada State Bar No. 11799 STARK, FRIEDMAN & CHAPMAN, LLP 3 200 W. Sahara, #1401 Las Vegas, NV 89102 4 5 Attorneys for Defendants, TON VINH LEE, DDS and TON V. LEE, DDS, PRÓF. CORP. dba SÚMMERLIN SMILES 6 7 8 DISTRICT COURT 9 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 10 SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, as Case No. A656091 11 the Representative of the Estate of REGINALD SINGLETARY, and as parent and legal guardian \(\) Dept. No. XXX of GABRIEL L. SINGLETARY, a Minor, 12 13 Plaintiff, CASE APPEAL STATEMENT (CROSS-APPEAL) 14 VS. 15 TON VINH LEE, DDS, individually, FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD, individually, JAI PARK, DDS, individually, TON V. LÉE, DDS, PROF. 16 CORP., a Nevada Professional Corporation 17 d/b/a/ SUMMERLIN SMILES, DOE SUMMERLIN SMILES EMPLOYEE,; and DOES I through X and ROE CORPORÁTIONS 18 I through X, inclusive, 19 Defendants. 20 21 CASE APPEAL STATEMENT (CROSS-APPEAL) 22 Defendant, TON VINH LEE, DDS and TON V. LEE, DDS, PROF. CORP. dba 23 SUMMERLIN SMILES, by and through her/its attorneys of record, Stark, Friedman & 24 Chapman, LLP, hereby files this Case Appeal Statement on Cross-Appeal. 25 26 /// 27 28 Page 1 of 5 CASE APPEAL STATEMENT (CROSS-APPEAL)

6. Indicate whether appellant was represented by appointed or retained counsel in the 7. Indicate whether appellant is represented by appointed or retained counsel on appeal: 8. Indicate whether appellant was granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis, and the date 9. Indicate the date the proceedings commended in the district court (e.g., date complaint 10. Provide a brief description of the nature of the action and result in the district court, including the type of judgment or order being appealed and the relief granted by the This appeal is taken from a wrongful death suit brought against Defendants by Plaintiff after the death of Reginald Singletary following dental surgery to extract a wisdom tooth. The jury found for Plaintiffs against Defendant Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Page 3 of 5 CASE APPEAL STATEMENT (CROSS-APPEAL)

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Defendant Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, filed a motion for costs, which was granted in the amount of \$6,032.83. Defendant Ton V. Lee, DDS, Prof. Corp. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles filed a motion for costs, which was granted in the amount of \$6,032.83.

Plaintiffs appeal from: (1) the Order [Granting in Part and Denying in Part

Defendant Florida Traivai's Motion to Retax costs and Defendant Ton Vinh Lee, DDS'

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April 29th, 2014; (3) the Order on Defendant Traivai's and Lee's Motions for Judgment

as a Matter of Law Pursuant to NRCP 50 (b) and Motion for Remittitur, filed on July

16th, 2014; and (4) the Minute Order [Granting Costs to Defendant, Ton Vinh Lee, DDS],

filed on April 3rd, 2014.

Defendant Ton V. Lee, DDS Prof Corp dba SUMMERLIN SMILES is filing its Cross-Appeal based on the question of whether the District Court erred in its application of the NRS 41A.035 statutory cap on non-economic damages in the Judgment on Jury Verdict filed April 29, 2014. Defendant Ton V. Lee, DDS Prof Corp dba SUMMERLIN SMILES is also filing its Cross-Appeal based on the question of whether the Judgment on Jury Verdict filed April 29, 2014 imposed joint and several liability on defendants in

Page 4 of 5

CASE APPEAL STATEMENT (CROSS-APPEAL)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that service of the foregoing Case Appeal

Statement was submitted for filing and/or service with the Eighth Judicial District Court

made on November 7, 2014. Electronic service of the foregoing documents shall be made
in accordance with the E-Service List as follows:¹

Baker Law Offices

Contact: Aidee Garccia

Email:Aidee@bakerattorneys.net

Lewis Brisbois

Contact: Amanda Brookhyser

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Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard & Smidt, LLP

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Contact: S. Brent Vogel, Esq.

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Patin Law Group, LLC Contact: Ingrid Patin, Esq.

Email: ingrid@patinlaw.com

An Employee of STARK, FRIEDMAN &

CHAPMAN, LLP

¹ Pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a), each party who submits an E-Filed document through E-Filing System consents to electronic service in accordance with NRCP 5(b)(2)(D).

EXHIBIT K

EXHIBIT K

EXHIBIT K

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Alun J. Chum

CLERK OF THE COURT

2

Lloyd W. Baker, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 6893

500 S. Eighth Street

Las Vegas, NV 89101

Attorneys for Plaintiff

Nevada Bar No. 011239

BAKER LAW OFFICES

Telephone: (702) 360-4949

Facsimile: (702) 360-3234

Ingrid Patin, Esq.

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

SVETLANA SINGLETARY, individually, as the Representative of the Estate of REGINALD SINGLETARY, and as parent and legal guardian of GABRIEL L. SINGLETARY, a Minor,

Plaintiff,

TON VINH LEE, DDS, individually, FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD, individually, JAI PARK, DDS, individually; TON V. LEE, DDS, PROF. CORP., a Nevada Professional Corporation d/b/a SUMMERLIN SMILES, DOE SUMMERLIN SMILES EMPLOYEE, and DOES I through X and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-12-656091-C Dept. No.: 30

JUDGMENT ON JURY VERDICT FOR DEFENDANT TON VINH LEE, DDS

Page 1 of 2

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JUDGMENT ON JURY VERDICT FOR DEFENDANT TON VINH LEE, DDS

This action came on for trial before the Eighth Judicial District Court and a jury on January 13, 2014, before Honorable Jerry A. Wiese, II, District Judge, presiding, and the issues having been duly tried and the jury having duly rendered its verdict,

IT IS ORDERED AND ADJUDGED, that judgment be entered in favor of Defendant Ton Vinh Lee, DDS.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED AND ADJUDGED, that Defendant Ton Vinh Lee, DDS is entitled to his costs in the amount of Six Thousand Thirty Two Dollars and Eighty Three Cents (\$6,032.83), as the prevailing party under Nevada Revised Statute 18.020.

DATED this 10 day of September, 2014.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

Prepared by:

BAKER LAW OFFICES

LLOYD W. BAKER, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 6893

INGRID PATIN, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No.: 011239

500 South Eighth St.

Las Vegas, NV 89101

(702) 360-4949

Attorneys for Plaintiff

EXHIBIT L

EXHIBIT L

EXHIBIT L

Senate Bill No. 444-Committee on Judiciary

CHAPTER.....

AN ACT relating to civil actions; revising provisions relating to special motions to dismiss certain claims based upon the right to petition and the right to free speech under certain circumstances; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law establishes certain provisions to deter frivolous or vexatious lawsuits (Strategic Lawsuits Against Public Participation, commonly known as "SLAPP lawsuits"). (Chapter 387, Statutes of Nevada 1997, p. 1363; NRS 41.635-41.670) A SLAPP lawsuit is characterized as a meritless suit filed primarily to discourage the named defendant's exercise of First Amendment rights. "The hallmark of a SLAPP lawsuit is that it is filed to obtain a financial advantage over one's adversary by increasing litigation costs until the adversary's case is weakened or abandoned." (Metabolic Research, Inc. v. Ferrel, 693 F.3d 795, 796 n.1 (9th Cir. 2012))

Existing law provides that a person who engages in good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern is immune from civil liability for claims based upon that communication. (NRS 41.650) Existing law also provides that if an action is brought against a person based upon such good faith communication, the person may file a special motion to dismiss the claim. If a special motion to dismiss is filed, the court must first determine whether the moving party has established, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the claim is based upon a good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern. If the court determines that the moving party has met this burden, the court must then determine whether the person who brought the claim has established by clear and convincing evidence a probability of prevailing on the claim. While the court's ruling on the special motion to dismiss is pending and while the disposition of any appeal from that ruling is pending, the court must stay discovery. (NRS 41.660)

Section 13 of this bill revises provisions governing a special motion to dismiss a claim that is based upon a good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern. Section 13 increases from 7 days to 20 judicial days the time within which a court must rule on a special motion to dismiss. Section 13 replaces the determination of whether a person who brought the claim has established by clear and convincing evidence a probability of prevailing on the claim and instead requires a court to determine whether the person has demonstrated with prima facie evidence a probability of prevailing on the claim. Section 13 also authorizes limited discovery for the purposes of allowing a party to obtain certain information necessary to meet or oppose the burden of the party who brought the claim to demonstrate with prima facie evidence a probability of prevailing on the claim. Finally, section 13 requires the court to modify certain deadlines upon a finding that such a modification would serve the interests of justice.



THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Sections 1-3, 3.5, 4, 4.5, 5-9, 9.5 and 10-12. (Deleted by amendment.)

Sec. 12.5. Chapter 41 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

The Legislature finds and declares that:

- 1. NRS 41.660 provides certain protections to a person against whom an action is brought, if the action is based upon a good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern.
- 2. When a plaintiff must demonstrate a probability of success of prevailing on a claim pursuant to NRS 41.660, the Legislature intends that in determining whether the plaintiff "has demonstrated with prima facie evidence a probability of prevailing on the claim" the plaintiff must meet the same burden of proof that a plaintiff has been required to meet pursuant to California's anti-Strategic Lawsuits Against Public Participation law as of the effective date of this act.
 - **Sec. 13.** NRS 41.660 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 41.660 1. If an action is brought against a person based upon a good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern:
- (a) The person against whom the action is brought may file a special motion to dismiss; and
- (b) The Attorney General or the chief legal officer or attorney of a political subdivision of this State may defend or otherwise support the person against whom the action is brought. If the Attorney General or the chief legal officer or attorney of a political subdivision has a conflict of interest in, or is otherwise disqualified from, defending or otherwise supporting the person, the Attorney General or the chief legal officer or attorney of a political subdivision may employ special counsel to defend or otherwise support the person.
- 2. A special motion to dismiss must be filed within 60 days after service of the complaint, which period may be extended by the court for good cause shown.



- 3. If a special motion to dismiss is filed pursuant to subsection 2, the court shall:
- (a) Determine whether the moving party has established, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the claim is based upon a good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern;
- (b) If the court determines that the moving party has met the burden pursuant to paragraph (a), determine whether the plaintiff has [established by clear and convincing] demonstrated with prima facie evidence a probability of prevailing on the claim;
- (c) If the court determines that the plaintiff has established a probability of prevailing on the claim pursuant to paragraph (b), ensure that such determination will not:
- (1) Be admitted into evidence at any later stage of the underlying action or subsequent proceeding; or
- (2) Affect the burden of proof that is applied in the underlying action or subsequent proceeding;
- (d) Consider such evidence, written or oral, by witnesses or affidavits, as may be material in making a determination pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b);
- (e) [Stay] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, stay discovery pending:
 - (1) A ruling by the court on the motion; and
- (2) The disposition of any appeal from the ruling on the motion; and
- (f) Rule on the motion within [7] 20 judicial days after the motion is served upon the plaintiff.
- 4. Upon a showing by a party that information necessary to meet or oppose the burden pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 3 is in the possession of another party or a third party and is not reasonably available without discovery, the court shall allow limited discovery for the purpose of ascertaining such information.
- 5. If the court dismisses the action pursuant to a special motion to dismiss filed pursuant to subsection 2, the dismissal operates as an adjudication upon the merits.
- 6. The court shall modify any deadlines pursuant to this section or any other deadlines relating to a complaint filed pursuant to this section if such modification would serve the interests of justice.
 - 7. As used in this section:



- (a) "Complaint" means any action brought against a person based upon a good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern, including, without limitation, a counterclaim or cross-claim.
- (b) "Plaintiff" means any person asserting a claim, including, without limitation, a counterclaim or cross-claim.
- Sec. 14. The amendatory provisions of this act apply to an action commenced on or after the effective date of this act.
 - Sec. 15. (Deleted by amendment.)
- Sec. 16. This act becomes effective upon passage and approval.

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EXHIBIT M

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he expiration date for such certificates shall be the last		MAR. A
he undersigned do/does hereby certify that TON	IV. LEE, DDS., PROPCO	RP,
with mailing address of 6206 W. Desert Inn Rd., S		$\frac{NV}{(State)}, \frac{89146}{(Zip)}$
s/are conducting business in Clark County, Nevacumental SMILES		e of
nd that said firm is composed of the following pe	erson(s) whose name(s) and	address(es) are as follows:
By signing below I do solemnly swear (or affirm)	. under penalty of perjury, t	hat all statements made in this
ocument are true.		
	(1)/	W 22
1) Ton V. Lee President/Owner Full Name and title (Type or Print)	Signature	10 26-10 Date
4245 S. Grand Canyon Dr., Ste 108	Las Vegas, NV 8914	
Street Address of Business or Residence	City, State, Zip Las Vegas, NV 8914	6
6206 W. Desert Inn Rd., Ste # A Mailing Address, if different from above	City, State, Zip	<u> </u>
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2)		
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Renewal of existing fictitious firm name		g of the control of t
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he expiration date for such certificates shall be the las	st day of the sixtleth mont	th from the date of filing.
he undersigned do/does hereby certify that		ee, DDS Prof. Corp. dual, corporation, parmership or trust)
vith mailing address of 4245 S Grand Canyon Dr	r. Ste 108 , Las Ve	9gas , NV , 89147 (State) (Zip)
Mailing Address for notification of Mailing Address for notification of Mailing Address for notification of Sare conducting business in Clark County, Nevertheen Coun		y (State) (Zip) Is name of
	•	•
(Fictitions Firm	mmerlin Smiles n Name) or (Doing Business As)	
nd that said firm is composed of the following p	· · · · · ·	
By signing below I do solemnly swear (or affirm locument are true.	i), under penalty of per	rjury, that all statements made in this
1) Ton Vinh Lag Procide-1	m	08/05/04
Ton Vinh Lee - president Full Name and title (Type or Print)	Signiture	Date
2077 ORCHARD MIST ST.	LAS VEGAS, NV 8	9135
Street Address of Business or Residence	City, State, Zip	-
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a) Na		
2) IMM Full Name and title (Type or Print)	Signature	Date
Street Address of Business or Residence	City, State, Zip	
Mailing Address, if different from above	City, State, Zip	
3) Na		
Full Name and title (Type or Print)	Signature	Date
Street Address of Business or Residence	City, State, Zip	
Mailing Address, if different from above	City, State, Zip	
4) Ng		
Full Name and title (Type or Print)	Signature	Date
Street Address of Business or Residence	City, State, Zip	
Mailing Address, if different from above	City, State, Zip	
	,	Shirley B Parragulrre, County Clerk
Mali to: Shirley B. Parraguirre, County Include: Filing Fcc of \$20.00 with the co		08/10/2009 02:01:28 PM

AUG 1 0 2009



TON V. LEE, DDS, PROF.CORP. **Business Entity Information** 02/10/2005 Active File Date: E0093232005-7 **Domestic Professional Corporation** Entity Number: Type: Qualifying State: List of Officers Due: 02/29/2016 NV Managed By: Expiration Date: On Admin Hold: No Foreign Name: Business License Exp: 02/29/2016 NV Business ID: NV20051222746 Additional Information Central Index Key **Registered Agent Information** TON V. LEE, DDS 2077 ORCHARD MIST STREET Address 1: Name: City: LAS VEGAS Address 2: NΥ Zip Code: 89135 State: Phone: Fax: Mailing Address 1: Mailing Address 2: Mailing City: Mailing State: Mailing Zip Code: Agent Type: Noncommercial Registered Agent View all business entities under this registered agent () Financial Information \$ 10,000.00 No Par Share Count: Capital Amount: Par Share Count: 1,000,000.00 Par Share Value: ☐ Include Inactive Officers Officers President - TON V LEE, DDS 2077 ORCHARD MIST STREET Address 2: Address 1: NV **LAS VEGAS** City: State: USA Zip Code; 89135 Country: Active Status: Email: Secretary - TON V LEE, DDS 2077 ORCHARD MIST STREET Address 2: **LAS VEGAS** City: State: Zip Code: 89135 Country: Status: Active Email: Treasurer - TON V LEE, DDS Address 1: 2077 ORCHARD MIST STREET Address 2: ΝV LAS VEGAS State: City: USA 89135 Zip Code: Country: Status: Active Email: Director - TON V LEE, DDS Address 1: 2077 ORCHARD MIST STREET Address 2: City: **LAS VEGAS** State: Zip Code: 89135 Country: USA Status: Active Email:

EXHIBIT N

EXHIBIT N

EXHIBIT N

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CASE NO. A-12-656091
   DEPT. NO. 30
   DOCKET U
 4
                         DISTRICT COURT
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                      CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
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   SVETLANA SINGLETARY,
   individually, as the
 8 representative of the Estate
   of REGINALD SINGLETARY, and as)
   parent and legal guardian of
   GABRIEL L. SINGLETARY, a
10 I
   minor,
11
           Plaintiffs,
   VS.
12
   TON VINH LEE, DDS,
   individually, FLORIDA TRAIVAI,)
   DMD, individually, JAI PARK,
14 DDS, individually, TON V. LEE,)
   DDS, PRO. CORP., a Nevada
15 Professional Corporation d/b/a)
   SUMMERLIN SMILES, DOE
16 SUMMERLIN SMILES EMPLOYEE and
   DOES I though X and ROE
17 | CORPORATIONS I through X,
   inclusive,
18
          Defendant.
19
20
              REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF JURY TRIAL
21
           BEFORE THE HONORABLE JERRY A. WIESE, II
22
                        DEPARTMENT XXX
23
                DATED FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 2014
24
   REPORTED BY: KRISTY L. CLARK, RPR, NV CCR #708,
25
                                   CA CSR #13529
```

1	APPEARANCES:
2	For the Plaintiff:
3	BAKER LAW OFFICES
4	BY: INGRID M. PATIN, ESQ. 500 South Eighth Street
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 360-4949
6	ingrid@bakerattorneys.net
7	For the Defendant Florida Traivai, DMD:
8	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP
9	BY: S. BRENT VOGEL, ESQ. 6385 South Rainbow Boulevard
	Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
10	(702) 893–3383
11	The product man that the DDC and Commonlin
12	For the Defendant Ton Vinh Lee, DDS and Summerlin Smiles:
13	FORD WALKER HAGGERTY & BEHAR
14	BY: JASON B. FRIEDMAN, ESQ. 3960 Howard Hughes Parkway
15	Suite 500 Las Vegas, Nevada 89102
16	(702) 990-3580 jfriedman@fwhb.com
17	
18	For the Defendant Jai Park, DDS:
19	LEMONS, GRUNDY & EISENBERG BY: EDWARD J. LEMONS, ESQ.
20	6005 Plumas Street Third Floor
21	Reno, Nevada 89519 (775) 786-6868
22	ejl@lge.net
23	
24	
25	

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1	INDEX	
2	WITNESS:	PAGE
3	TON V. LEE, D.D.S.	
4	Direct Examination by Mr. Friedman	13
5	Cross-Examination by Mr. Vogel	33
6	Cross-Examination by Ms. Patin	35
7	Recross-Examination by Ms. Patin	81
8		
9	CHRISTIAN SANDROCK, D.D.S.	
10	Direct Examination by Mr. Vogel	83
11	Cross-Examination by Ms. Patin	110
12	Redirect Examination by Mr. Vogel	131
13		
14	DAVID LEVITT, D.D.S.	
15	Direct Examination by Mr. Lemons	134
16	Cross-Examination by Ms. Patin	149
17	Redirect Examination by Mr. Lemons	158
18	Cross-Examination by Mr. Vogel	159
19	Recross-Examination by Ms. Patin	160
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It's done at her discretion.
              MR. VOGEL: Thank you, Doctor.
 2
              THE WITNESS: Welcome.
 3
              THE COURT: Mr. Lemons?
 4
              MR. LEMONS: I have nothing additional to
 5
   that, Your Honor. Thank you.
 7
              THE COURT: Ms. Patin.
 8
 9
                        CROSS-EXAMINATION
   BY MS. PATIN:
10 l
11
         Q.
              Good morning.
12
             Good morning.
         A.
              Dr. Lee, you're the president and owner of
13
         Q.
   Summerlin Smiles, correct?
14
15
         A
              That's correct.
              And you're also the president and owner of
16
         Q.
   Distinctive Smiles as well, correct?
17 |
              That's correct.
18
         A.
19
              And the tooth extraction that was performed
         \mathbf{Q}_{-}
   on Reginald Singletary by Dr. Park and Dr. Traivai was
20
21 done at your clinic, Summerlin Smiles, correct?
22
              That's correct.
        A.
              And that was on April 16th of 2011?
23
        Q_{+}
24
              That's correct.
        A.
              Now, Dr. Park and Dr. Traivai, they don't pay
25
        Q_*
```

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Alun D. Chum

CLERK OF THE COURT

ORDR RESNICK & LOUIS, P.C. PRESCOTT JONES

Nevada Bar No. 11617 <u>piones@rlattorneys.com</u> 5940 S. Rainbow Blvd.

Attorneys for Plaintiff,

Ton Vinh Lee

Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 Telephone: (702) 997-3800 Facsimile: (702) 997-3800

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

TON VINH LEE, CASE NO.: A-15-723134-C

Plaintiff, DEPT: IX

INGRID PATIN, an individual, and PATIN LAW GROUP, PLLC, a Nevada Professional LLC,

Defendants.

ORDER DENYING DEFENDANTS'
RENEWED SPECIAL MOTION TO
DISMISS PURSUANT TO NEVADA
REVISED STATUTES 41.635-70

Defendants INGRID PATIN and PATIN LAW GROUP, PLLC's (collectively "Defendants") Renewed Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to NRS 41.635-70 came on for hearing before this Court on August 10, 2016. The Court, having read all of the pleadings and papers on file herein, and good cause appearing, therefore, it is hereby:

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the communication at issue (as detailed by the Plaintiff Ton Vinh Lee in his Opposition to this Motion) under the circumstances of the nature, content, and location of the communication is not a good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern. Specifically, NRS 41.637(3) does not apply because the communication does

not reference an appeal, nor does there appear to be any connection to the communication and its timing to any purpose other than attorney advertising. NRS 41.637(4) does not apply because it appears there is no direct connection to a matter of public interest, and instead it appears to be for the purpose of attorney advertising. However, even if NRS 41.637(3) or (4) did apply to complained-of communication, this Court cannot find at this juncture that the Plaintiff hasn't put forth prima facie evidence demonstrating a probability of prevailing on this claim. This is particularly true because the truth or falsity of an allegedly defamatory statement is an issue for the jury to determine. Posadas v. City of Reno. 109 Nev. 448, 453 (1993). Further, because if found to be defamatory and the statement is such that would tend to injure the Plaintiff in his business or profession, then it will be deemed defamation per se and damages will be presumed. Nevada Ind. Broadcasting v. Allen. 99 Nev. 404, 409 (1983).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that as set forth herein, the Renewed Special Motion to Dismiss pursuant to Nevada's Anti-SLAPP law is DENIED as it relates to the Second Amended Complaint.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the stay of discovery previously imposed by this Court, pursuant to NRS 41.660(3)(e)(2), remains in effect until the appeal addressing the Special Motion to Dismiss is decided.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this _______ day of September, 2016.

ISTRICT COURT JUDGE

Respectfully submitted, RESNICK & LQUIS, P.C. By: Å Vreston T. Johes, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 11617 Approved as to form and content, NETTLES LAW GROUP # 1359/ Ya-By; Christian M. Morris, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 11218]4

		CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2		I HEREBY CERTIFY that service of the foregoing ORDER DENYING
3	DEF	ENDANTS' RENEWED SPECIAL MOTION TO DISMISS PURSUANT TO
4	1.3	ADA REVISED STATUTE 41.635-70 was served this 29th day of September.
5	2016,	•
6		
7 8 9	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	BY U.S. MAIL: by placing the document(s) listed above in a scaled envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at Las Vegas. Nevada, addressed as set forth below.
10		BY FACSIMILE: by transmitting via facsimile the document(s) listed above to
inni inni		the fax number(s) set forth below on this date before 5:00 p.m. pursuant to EDCR Rule 7.26(a). A printed transmission record is attached to the file copy of
12	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	this document.
13	ş	BY PERSONAL SERVICE: by causing personal delivery by an employee of
14		Resnick & Louis, P.C. of the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.
15		BY ELECTRONIC SERVICE: by transmitting via the Court's electronic filing
16		services the document(s) listed above to the Counsel set forth on the service list
17		on this date pursuant to EDCR Rule 7.26(c)(4).
18		
19		Chia/S. FELL
20		An Employee of Resnick & Louis, P.C.
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CLERK OF THE COURT

AACR

follows:

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1 CHRISTIAN M. MORRIS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 11218 **NETTLES LAW FIRM** 3 1389 Galleria Drive, Suite 200 Henderson, Nevada 89014 4 Telephone: (702) 434-8282 Facsimile: (702) 434-1488 5 christian@nettleslawfirm.com Attorney for Defendant, 6 Ingrid Patin 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 TON VINH LEE, an individual, CASE NO.: A-15-723134-C 10 DEPT NO.: IX 111 x 12 x 12 x 13 x 13 x 14 Plaintiff, V. INGRID PATIN, an individual, and **DEFENDANT, INGRID PATIN'S** £ 14 PATIN LAW GROUP, PLLC, a Nevada ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S SECOND Professional LLC, COMPLAINT AND COUNTERCLAIM 15 AGAINST PATIN LAW GROUP, PLLC Defendants. 16 £ 17 INGRID PATIN, an individual 18 Cross-claimant, 19 V. 20 PATIN LAW GROUP, PLLC, a Nevada 21 Professional LLC, 22 Cross-defendant. 23 24 Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin, an individual, answers Plaintiff's Second 25 Amended Complaint and Crossclaims against Defendant, PATIN LAW GROUP, PLLC, as 26

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I.

Answering Paragraphs 1, 2, 7, 16 and 17 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant, Ingrid Patin, an individual, is without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of said allegations, and therefore, denies each and every allegation contained therein.

II.

Answering Paragraph 3 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant, Ingrid Patin, an individual, admits that Plaintiff Ton Vinh Lee is the owner of Ton V. Lee, DDS, P.C. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles, but is without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the location of Ton V. Lee, DDS, PC d/b/a Summerlin Smiles.

III.

Answering Paragraph 4 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant, Ingrid Patin, an individual, admits that Ingrid Patin, Esq. is a practicing attorney in the State of Nevada and a managing member of Patin Law Group, PLLC, but denies that Ingrid Patin, in her capacity as an attorney is a Defendant in this matter.

IV.

Answering Paragraph 5 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant, Ingrid Patin, an individual, admits that Patin Law Group, PLLC is a Professional Limited Liability Company in Nevada and is licensed to do business in Nevada.

V.

Answering Paragraph 6 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant, Ingrid Patin, an individual, denies each and every allegation contained therein.

VI.

Answering Paragraph 8 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant, Ingrid Patin, an individual, admits that suit was filed by Svetlana Singletary on February 7, 2012 in Case No. A-12-656091-C, but denies that it was filed against Ton Vinh Lee.

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VII.

Answering Paragraph 9 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Ingrid Patin, an individual, admits that Ton Vinh Lee, DDS was awarded costs in the amount of Six Thousand Thirty-Two Dollars and Eighty-Three Cents (\$6,032.83), but denies that the Judgment on Jury Verdict was entered in favor of Defendant Ton Vinh Lee on September 10, 2014.

VIII.

Answering Paragraphs 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Ingrid Patin, an individual, denies each and every allegation contained therein.

IX.

Answering Paragraph 15 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Ingrid Patin, an individual, admits that Ingrid Patin, Esq. is the sole owner and managing member of Patin Law Group, PLLC, but denies each and every other allegation contained therein.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin without altering the burdens of proof the parties must bear, asserts the following affirmative defenses to the Second Amended Complaint and the claims asserted therein, and Defendant Ingrid Patin, an individual, specifically incorporates into her affirmative defenses the answers to the preceding paragraphs to the Second Amended Complaint as fully set forth herein.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Second Amended Complaint, and all claims for relief therein, fail to state a claim against Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred by his failure to join indispensable parties.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution.

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FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin alleges that each and every claim set forth in the Second Amended Complaint is barred by the doctrine of laches, estoppel, consent, acquiescence, license, waiver and unclean hands.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff has not been damaged directly, indirectly, proximately or in any manner whatsoever by any conduct of Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's business or profession has not been damaged directly, indirectly, proximately or in any manner whatsoever by any conduct of Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin did not cause Plaintiff's alleged damages, if any.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any injuries or damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff, as asserted in the Second Amended Complaint, are the result of the conduct of a third party over whom Defendant/Crossclaimant Ingrid Patin had no control.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any injuries or damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff's business or profession, as asserted in the Second Amended Complaint, are the result of the conduct of a third party over whom Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin had no control.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any injuries or damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff, as asserted in the Second Amended Complaint, were caused in whole or in part, by other contributory or concurrent conditions or factors, including events occurring prior to or subsequent to the occurrence that is the basis of Plaintiff's claims.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any injuries or damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff's business or profession, as asserted in the Second Amended Complaint, were caused in whole or in part, by other

contributory or concurrent conditions or factors, including events occurring prior to or subsequent to the occurrence that is the basis of Plaintiff's claims.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin is entitled to a set-off for monies paid or to be paid for the benefit of Plaintiff by any persons or entities other than Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff has failed to mitigate his alleged damages, if any, and is therefore barred from recovering any damages from Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff failed to provide timely and adequate notice to Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin of any alleged injury or damages to Plaintiff, and as a result denied Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin full and fair access to information necessary for the defense of Plaintiff's claims.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff failed to timely request a retraction, and as a result denied Defendant/Crossclaimant Ingrid Patin full and fair access to information necessary for the defense of Plaintiff's claims.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was a "good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern" per NRS 41.637.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was made in direct connection with an issue under consideration by a judicial body per NRS 41.637.

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EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was "made in direct connection with an issue of public interest in a place open to the public or in a public forum" per NRS 41.637.

NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC is "truthful or made without knowledge of its falsehood" per NRS 41.637.

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin is immune from any civil action for claims based upon the communication per NRS 41.650.

TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC did not violate Nevada Rule of Professional Conduct 7.2.

TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC is not susceptible to different meanings or interpretations.

TWENTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC is true or substantially true.

TWENTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC does not assert that a jury verdict was obtained against Plaintiff, as an individual, in the matter of Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al., Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C.

TWENTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff, as an individual, never filed a Motion for Judgment as a Matter of Law following the trial in the matter of Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al., Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C.

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TWENTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff, as an individual, never had a Motion for Judgment as a Matter of Law granted in his favor in the matter of Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al., Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C.

TWENTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was not posted for the purpose of advertisement.

TWENTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was not posted for the purpose of soliciting business.

TWENTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC did not expose Plaintiff to hatred, ridicule or contempt, lower him in the esteem of his peers or cause him to be shunned.

THIRTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC did not injure Plaintiff in his trade or business.

THIRTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff will be unable to prove causation, as multiple sites published information concerning the jury verdict in the matter of Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al., Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C.

THIRTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's alleged damages, if any, must be apportioned according to the relative responsibility of all parties or persons.

THIRTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's alleged damages are speculative, and therefore, not recoverable.

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THIRTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin has at all times acted in good faith and without malice toward Plaintiff and in accordance with applicable law.

THIRTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin acted as lead counsel in the matter of Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al., Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C, at the direction of or under the guidance of Baker Law Offices.

THIRTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint constitutes a SLAPP (Strategic Lawsuit Against Public Participation) suit against Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin.

THIRTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The alleged motive that Plaintiff is ascribing to the statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC is irrelevant in determining whether Plaintiff's cause of action for defamation is based on the alleged acts of Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin.

THIRTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint purpose is to intimidate and silence Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin with the prospect of defending an expensive lawsuit

THIRTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin hereby incorporates by reference those affirmative defenses enumerated in Rule 8 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure as if fully set forth herein. In the event further investigation or discovery reveals the applicability of any such defenses, Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin reserves the right to seek leave of this Court to amend this Answer and to specifically assert any such defense. Such defenses are herein incorporated by reference for the specific purpose of not waiving any such defenses.

FORTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin is unaware of any further Affirmative Defenses at this time, but reserves the right to seek leave of this Court to amend their Answer to allege

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additional Affirmative Defenses available to her at the time of trial per Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 11.

FORTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin was required to retain the services of an attorney to defend this action and is entitled to an aware of attorney's fees and costs of suit.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered the Second Amended Complaint, Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin respectfully requests that the Court grant her the following relief:

- 1. That Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint be dismissed, with prejudice, in its entirety;
- 2. That Plaintiff's claims for relief be denied;
- 3. That Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin be awarded costs and attorney's fees; and
- 4. Any further relief to which this Court deems Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin is entitled.

CROSSCLAIM AGAINST PATIN LAW GROUP, PLLC

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin brings this Crossclaim against Defendant/Cross-defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC.

I.

That all relevant times, Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin is and was a resident of Clark County, State of Nevada.

II.

Upon information and belief, that at all relevant times to this action, Defendant/Cross-defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC, is a Nevada corporation.

III.

That all the facts and circumstances that give rise to the subject lawsuit occurred in Clark County, State of Nevada.

1	IV.				
2	That Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin was and is a managing member of				
3	Defendant/Cross-defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC.				
4	v.				
5	That Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin and Defendant/Cross-defendant PATI				
6	LAW GROUP, PLLC are named Defendants in the instant action.				
7	VI.				
8	That Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin was named as a Defendant in the insta				
9	action due to a posting which appeared on the website of Defendant/Cross-defendant Patin Lav				
10	Group, PLLC.				
11	VII.				
12	That Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin, a managing member, under the Articles of				
13	Incorporation of Defendant/Cross-defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC is not liable for the debt				
14	and liabilities of the corporation.				
15	VIII.				
16	That under the laws of Nevada, Defendant/Counterclaimant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin				
17	a managing member, is not liable for the actions of Defendant/Cross-defendant, Patin Law Group				
18	PLLC.				
19	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION				
20	Equitable Indemnity/Implied Indemnity				
21	IX.				
22	Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin re-alleges and incorporates paragraphs I throug				
23	VIII above of this Crossclaim.				
24	X.				
25	Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin, does not own, operate, or manage				
26	Defendant/Cross-defendant, Patin Law Group, PLLC, in her individual capacity.				
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XI.

By reason of the foregoing, if Plaintiff recovers against Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin, Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin is entitled to indemnity from Defendant/Cross-defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC for injuries and damages, if any, sustained by Plaintiff for any sums paid by way of settlement, or in the alternative, any judgement rendered against Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin in the action herein based upon actions brought by Plaintiff, and any cause of action alleged therein.

XII.

In addition to damages Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin may incur with respect to the Complaint filed by actions brought by Plaintiff, Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin has incurred and will continue to incur other damages, including, but not limited to, attorneys fees, costs and other expenses.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Express Indemnity

XIII.

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin re-alleges and incorporates paragraphs I through XII above of this Crossclaim.

XIV.

Defendant/Cross-defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC's Articles of Incorporation expressly state that members and managing members are not liable for the debts and liabilities of the corporation.

XV.

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin is informed, believes and alleges that the damages, if any, were caused by actions of Defendant/Cross-defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC.

XVI.

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin is informed, believes and alleges that based on the Articles of Incorporation and Nevada law, Defendant/Cross-defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC would be liable for attorneys' fees and costs incurred as a result of the instant action.

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THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Contribution

XVII.

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin re-alleges and incorporates paragraphs I through XVI above of this Crossclaim.

XVIII.

Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin is entitled to contribution from Defendant/Crossdefendant Patin Law Group, PLLC for any injuries and damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff, if any, as a result of any judgement or settlement awarded against Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin.

WHEREFORE, Defendant/Cross-claimant Ingrid Patin expressly reserves her right to amend this Crossclaim at the time of trial of actions herein to include all items of damage not yet ascertained, and prays for judgment against the above-named Defendant/Cross-defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC, as follows:

- 1. For damages in an amount in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00);
- 2. For indemnity and contribution;
- 3. For prejudgment and post-judgment interest on all sums awarded, according to proof at the maximum legal rate;
- 4. For reasonable attorney's fees and costs of this action; and
- 5. For such other and further relief that this Court may deem just and proper under the circumstances.

Dated this _____ day of October, 2016.

NETTLES LAW FIRM

CHRÍSTIAN M. MORRIS, ÈSQ.

Nevada Bar No. 011218

1389 Galleria Drive, Suite 200

Henderson, NV 89014

Attorney for Defendant, Ingrid Patin

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NEFCR 9, NRCP (b) and EDCR 7.26, I certify that on this ______ October, 2016, I served the foregoing DEFENDANT, INGRID PATIN'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S SECOND COMPLAINT AND COUNTERCLAIM AGAINST PATIN LAW GROUP, PLLC on the following parties by electronic transmission through the Wiznet system:

Patin Law Group	Contact	Email		
	Ingrid Patin, Esq.	ingrid@patinlaw.com		
Resnick & Louis				
	Contact	Email		
	Coreene Drose	cdrose@rlattorneys.com		
	Lisa Bell	<u>lbell@riattomeys.com</u>		
Resnick & Louis,	P.C.			
	Contact	Email		
	Prescott Jones	pjones@rlattorneys.com		

Paul E. Larsen, Esq. Morris Polich & Purdy LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway Suite 500 Las Vegas, NV 89169 Attorneys for Defendant, Patin Law Group, PLLC

An Employee of NETTLES LAW FIRM

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

SVETLANA SINGLETARY, INDIVIDUALLY, AND AS THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ESTATE OF REGINALD SINGLETARY, AND AS PARENT AND LEGAL GUARDIAN OF GABRIEL L. SINGLETARY, A MINOR, Appellant,

vs.
TON VINH LEE, DDS, INDIVIDUALLY;
FLORIDA TRAIVAI, DMD,
INDIVIDUALLY; AND TON V. LEE,
DDS, PROF. CORP., A NEVADA
PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION,
D/B/A SUMMERLIN SMILES,
Respondents.

No. 66278

FILED

OCT 17 2016

CLERK OF SUPREMS COURT
BY
DEPUTY CLERK

ORDER AFFIRMING IN PART, REVERSING IN PART AND REMANDING

This is an appeal from a district court judgment as a matter of law in a dental malpractice action. Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County; Jerry A. Wiese, Judge.

Appellant brought dental malpractice claims against respondents, alleging that Ronald Singletary died as a result of respondents' negligence following a tooth extraction. At the close of appellant's case, respondents or ally moved for dismissal under NRCP 41(b), arguing that appellant's dental expert failed to testify regarding standard of care to a reasonable degree of medical probability. The district court denied those motions. Subsequently, a jury found that both Summerlin Smiles and Dr. Florida Traivai were contributorily negligent, and awarded damages to appellant. Summerlin Smiles and Dr. Traivai filed motions for judgment as a matter of law on the same ground raised in their NRCP 41(b) motions. The district court granted the motions, finding that appellant's expert failed to provide standard of care and causation

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA

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testimony to the required degree of certainty, and it entered judgment as a matter of law in favor of Summerlin Smiles and Dr. Traivai.

In deciding whether to grant an NRCP 50(b) motion, the district court "must view the evidence and all inferences in favor of the nonmoving party." Nelson v. Heer, 123 Nev. 217, 222, 163 P.3d 420, 424 (2007). "To defeat the motion, the nonmoving party must have presented sufficient evidence such that the jury could grant relief to that party." Id. at 222-23, 163 P.3d at 424. This court reviews a district court order granting a NRCP 50(b) motion de novo. Id. at 223, 163 P.3d at 425.

Having reviewed the parties' briefs and appendices, we conclude that the district court erred in granting judgment as a matter of law and finding that appellant's general dentistry expert failed to state his standard of care opinions to the required reasonable degree of medical The district court determined that the dental expert's probability. testimony should have been stricken as inadmissible because the expert did not use the phrase "to a reasonable degree of medical probability" in rendering his opinion on the standard of care following a tooth extraction. We conclude that this finding was in error. While medical expert testimony regarding standard of care must be made to a reasonable degree of medical probability, there is no requirement that the specific phrase "reasonable degree of medical probability" must be used by the expert in their testimony. Morsicato v. Sav-On Drug Stores, Inc., 121 Nev. 153, 157-58, 111 P.3d 1112, 1115-16 (2005). Thus, the district court should have considered the nature, purpose, and certainty of the dental expert's testimony rather than whether he uttered a specific phrase. Id.; see FCH1, LLC. v. Rodriguez, 130 Nev., Adv. Op. 46, 335 P.3d 183, 188 (2014) (recognizing that "the refrain is functional, not talismatic," and in evaluating such testimony, the district court should "consider[] the

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purpose of the expert testimony and its certainty in light of its context" rather than listen for specific words (citing Williams v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court, 127 Nev. 518, 530, 262 P.3d 360, 368 (2011))).

In this case, the expert's opinions were based on his extensive experience as a practicing dentist, including his experience performing tooth extractions, and his review of the documents and records in this case. In testifying that the standard of care requires antibiotic treatment and/or follow-up care to determine whether the patient is experiencing symptoms of infection and that Summerlin Smiles and Dr. Traivai breached that standard, appellant's expert did not use speculative, hypothetical, or equivocal language. Appellant's expert provided a definitive opinion as to the standard of care and its breach in this case, stating that Singletary's infection could have been controlled with antibiotics, that the use of antibiotics is common practice, and that it was a violation of the standard of care not to follow up with Singletary. Although the district court also found that appellant's expert failed to provide causation testimony with the required degree of certainty, appellant's infectious disease expert testified that Singletary died from an infection and swelling that spread from the site of his removed tooth into his neck and the area around the lung space, but that if Singletary had been given antibiotics in the days following the tooth extraction he would not have died, and the infectious disease expert specifically stated that his opinion was made "to a reasonable degree of medical probability." We therefore reverse the district court's judgment as a matter of law and direct the district court to reinstate the jury's verdict.

Appellant also challenges the district court's award of costs to respondent Ton Vinh Lee, D.D.S. Appellant, however, expressly asked the district court to award Dr. Lee half of the costs requested in his motion.

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Appellant therefore lacks standing to appeal the costs award because she is not aggrieved by that order. NRAP 3A(a); Valley Bank of Nev. v. Ginsburg, 110 Nev. 440, 874 P.2d 729 (1994); Farnham v. Farnham, 80 Nev. 180, 391 P.2d 26 (1964) (holding that party who prevails in the district court is not "aggrieved"). Regardless, appellant did not argue that Dr. Lee failed to file a memorandum of costs in the district court, see Old Aztec Mine, Inc. v. Brown, 97 Nev. 49, 52, 623 P.2d 981, 983 (1981) (holding that a point not raised in the district court is deemed to have been waived and will not be considered on appeal), and the argument otherwise lacks merit because Dr. Lee did provide a memorandum of costs. We therefore affirm the award of costs to Dr. Lee. Accordingly, we

ORDER the judgment of the district court AFFIRMED IN PART AND REVERSED IN PART AND REMAND this matter to the district court for proceedings consistent with this order.¹

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In light of this order, we need not address appellant's other assignments of error.

Respondents' request that we instruct the district court to address certain issues regarding statutory caps and remittitur is denied as the district court entered judgment as a matter of law without considering those issues and those issues should be addressed in the district court in the first instance.

cc: Hon. Jerry A. Wiese, District Judge
James J. Jimmerson, Settlement Judge
Patin Law Group, PLLC
Baker Law Offices
Marquis Aurbach Coffing
Maupin Naylor Braster
Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard & Smith, LLP/Las Vegas
David N. Frederick
Horvitz & Levy, LLP
Stark Friedman & Chapman
Eighth District Court Clerk

Hun J. Lohn

CLERK OF THE COURT

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ANS

PAUL E. LARSEN Nevada Bar No. 003756

JEREMY J.THOMPSON

Nevada Bar No. 012503

MORRIS POLICH & PURDY LLP

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Las Vegas, NV 89169

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PLarsen@mpplaw.com

JThompson@mpplaw.com

Attorneys for Patin Law Group, PLLC

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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TON VIN LEE, an individual,		Case No: A723134
)	Dept. No: IX
Plaintiff,)	
V.)	DEFENDANT PATIN LAW
)	GROUP, PLLC'S ANSWER
INGRID PATIN, an individual, and PATIN)	TO PLAINTIFF'S SECOND
LAW GROUP, PLLC, a Nevada Professional)	AMENDED COMPLAINT
LLC,)	AND DEFENDANT INGRID
Defendants.)	PATIN'S CROSSCLAIM

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC, a Nevada Professional LLC, answers Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint as follows:

¥ .

Answering Paragraphs 1, 2, 7, 16 and 17 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC is without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of said allegations, and therefore, denies each and every allegation contained therein.

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II.

Answering Paragraph 3 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC admits that Plaintiff Ton Vinh Lee is the owner of Ton V. Lee, DDS, P.C. d/b/a Summerlin Smiles, but is without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the location of Ton V. Lee, DDS, PC d/b/a Summerlin Smiles.

III.

Answering Paragraph 4 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC admits that Ingrid Patin, Esq. is a practicing attorney in the State of Nevada and a managing member of Patin Law Group, PLLC, but denies that Ingrid Patin, in her capacity as an attorney is a Defendant in this matter.

IV.

Answering Paragraph 5 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC admits that Patin Law Group, PLLC is a Professional Limited Liability Company in Nevada and is licensed to do business in Nevada.

V.

Answering Paragraph 6 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC denies each and every allegation contained therein.

VI.

Answering Paragraph 8 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC admits that suit was filed by Svetlana Singletary on February 7, 2012 in Case No. A-12-656091-C, but denies that it was filed against Ton Vinh Lee.

VII.

Answering Paragraph 9 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC admits that Ton Vinh Lee, DDS was awarded costs in the amount of Six Thousand Thirty-Two Dollars and Eighty-Three Cents (\$6,032.83), but denies that the

Judgment on Jury Verdict was entered in favor of Defendant Ton Vinh Lee on September 10, 2014.

VIII.

Answering Paragraphs 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC denies each and every allegation contained therein.

VIX.

Answering Paragraph 15 of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC admits that Ingrid Patin, Esq. is the sole owner and managing member of Patin Law Group, PLLC, but denies each and every other allegation contained therein.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC without altering the burdens of proof the parties must bear, asserts the following affirmative defenses to the Second Amended Complaint and the claims asserted therein, and Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC specifically incorporates into its affirmative defenses the answers to the preceding paragraphs to the Second Amended Complaint as fully set forth herein.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Second Amended Complaint, and all claims for relief therein, fail to state a claim against Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred by his failure to join indispensable parties.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC alleges that each and every claim set forth in the

Second Amended Complaint is barred by the doctrine of laches, estoppel, consent, acquiescence, license, waiver and unclean hands.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff has not been damaged directly, indirectly, proximately or in any manner whatsoever by any conduct of Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's business or profession has not been damaged directly, indirectly, proximately or in any manner whatsoever by any conduct of Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC did not cause Plaintiff's alleged damages, if any.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any injuries or damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff, as asserted in the Second Amended Complaint, are the result of the conduct of a third party over whom Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC had no control.

<u>NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE</u>

Any injuries or damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff's business or profession, as asserted in the Second Amended Complaint, are the result of the conduct of a third party over whom Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC had no control.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any injuries or damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff, as asserted in the Second Amended Complaint, were caused in whole or in part, by other contributory or concurrent conditions or factors, including events occurring prior to or subsequent to the occurrence that is the basis of Plaintiff's claims.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any injuries or damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff's business or profession, as

asserted in the Second Amended Complaint, were caused in whole or in part, by other contributory or concurrent conditions or factors, including events occurring prior to or subsequent to the occurrence that is the basis of Plaintiff's claims.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC is entitled to a set-off for monies paid or to be paid for the benefit of Plaintiff by any persons or entities other than Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff has failed to mitigate his alleged damages, if any, and is therefore barred from recovering any damages from Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff failed to provide timely and adequate notice to Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC of any alleged injury or damages to Plaintiff, and as a result denied Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC full and fair access to information necessary for the defense of Plaintiff's claims.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff failed to timely request a retraction, and as a result denied Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC full and fair access to information necessary for the defense of Plaintiff's claims.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was a "good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern" per NRS 41.637.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was made in direct connection with an issue under consideration by a judicial body per NRS 41.637.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was "made in direct connection with an issue of public interest in a place open to the public or in a public forum" per NRS 41.637.

NINTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC is "truthful or made without knowledge of its falsehood" per NRS 41.637.

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC is immune from any civil action for claims based upon the communication per NRS 41.650.

TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC did not violate Nevada Rule of Professional Conduct 7.2.

TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC is not susceptible to different meanings or interpretations.

TWENTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC is true or substantially true.

TWENTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC does not assert that a jury verdict was obtained against Plaintiff, as an individual, in the matter of *Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al.*, Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C.

TWENTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff, as an individual, never filed a Motion for Judgment as a Matter of Law following the trial in the matter of *Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al.*, Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C.

TWENTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff, as an individual, never had a Motion for Judgment as a Matter of Law granted in his favor in the matter of *Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al.*, Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C.

TWENTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was not posted for the purpose of advertisement.

TWENTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was not posted for the purpose of soliciting business.

TWENTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC did not expose Plaintiff to hatred, ridicule or contempt, lower him in the esteem of his peers or cause him to be shunned.

THIRTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC did not injure Plaintiff in his trade or business.

THIRTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff will be unable to prove causation, as multiple sites published information concerning the jury verdict in the matter of *Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al.*, Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C.

THIRTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's alleged damages, if any, must be apportioned according to the relative responsibility of all parties or persons.

THIRTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's alleged damages are speculative, and therefore, not recoverable.

THIRTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC has at all times acted in good faith and without malice toward Plaintiff and in accordance with applicable law.

THIRTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint constitutes a SLAPP (Strategic Lawsuit Against Public Participation) suit against Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC.

THIRTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The alleged motive that Plaintiff is ascribing to the statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC is irrelevant in determining whether Plaintiff's cause of action for defamation is based on the alleged acts of Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC.

THIRTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The purpose of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint is to intimidate and silence Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC with the prospect of defending an expensive lawsuit

THIRTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC hereby incorporates by reference those affirmative defenses enumerated in Rule 8 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure as if fully set forth herein. In the event further investigation or discovery reveals the applicability of any such defenses, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC reserves the right to seek leave of this Court to amend this Answer and to specifically assert any such defense. Such defenses are herein incorporated by reference for the specific purpose of not waiving any such defenses.

THIRTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC is unaware of any further Affirmative Defenses at this time, but reserves the right to seek leave of this Court to amend their Answer to allege additional Affirmative Defenses available to her at the time of trial per Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 11.

FORTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC was required to retain the services of an attorney to defend this action and is entitled to an aware of attorney's fees and costs of suit.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered the Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC respectfully requests that the Court grant her the following relief:

- That Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint be dismissed, with prejudice, in its entirety;
- 2. That Plaintiff's claims for relief be denied;
- 3. That Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC be awarded costs and attorney's fees; and
- 4. Any further relief to which this Court deems Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC is entitled.

ANSWER TO DEFENDANT INGRID PATIN'S CROSSCLAIM

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC, a Nevada Professional LLC, answers Defendant Ingrid Patin's Crossclaim as follows:

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Answering Paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 of Defendant Ingrid Patin's Crossclaim, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC admits each and every allegation contained therein.

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Answering Paragraphs 9, 13 and 17 of Defendant Ingrid Patin's Crossclaim, Defendant

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III.

Answering Paragraph 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16 and 18 of Defendant Ingrid Patin's

Patin Law Group, PLLC denies each and every allegation contained therein.

Crossclaim, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC is without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of said allegations, and therefore, denies each and every allegation contained therein.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC without altering the burdens of proof the parties must bear, asserts the following affirmative defenses to the Crossclaim and the claims asserted therein, and Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC specifically incorporates into its affirmative defenses the answers to the preceding paragraphs to the Crossclaim as fully set forth herein.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Crossclaim, and all claims for relief therein, fail to state a claim against Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Ingrid Patin's crossclaim is barred by its failure to join indispensable parties.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC alleges that each and every claim set forth in the Crossclaim is barred by the doctrine of laches, estoppel, consent, acquiescence, license, waiver and unclean hands.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff has not been damaged directly, indirectly, proximately or in any manner whatsoever by any conduct of Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's business or profession has not been damaged directly, indirectly, proximately or in any manner whatsoever by any conduct of Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC, which would give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC did not cause Plaintiff's alleged damages, if any, which would give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any injuries or damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff, as asserted in the Second Amended Complaint, are the result of the conduct of a third party over whom Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC had no control, and therefore, failing to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any injuries or damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff's business or profession, as asserted in the Second Amended Complaint, are the result of the conduct of a third party over whom Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC had no control, and therefore, failing to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

<u>NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE</u>

Any injuries or damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff, as asserted in the Second Amended Complaint, were caused in whole or in part, by other contributory or concurrent conditions or factors, including events occurring prior to or subsequent to the occurrence that is the basis of Plaintiff's claims, and therefore, failing to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

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TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any injuries or damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff's business or profession, as asserted in the Second Amended Complaint, were caused in whole or in part, by other contributory or concurrent conditions or factors, including events occurring prior to or subsequent to the occurrence that is the basis of Plaintiff's claims, and therefore, failing to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff has failed to mitigate his alleged damages, if any, and is therefore barred from recovering any damages from Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was a "good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern" per NRS 41.637, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was made in direct connection with an issue under consideration by a judicial body per NRS 41.637, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was "made in direct connection with an issue of public interest in a place open to the public or in a public forum" per NRS 41.637, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC is "truthful or made without knowledge of its falsehood" per NRS 41.637 and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC is immune from any civil action for claims based upon the communication per NRS 41.650, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC did not violate Nevada Rule of Professional Conduct 7.2, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC is not susceptible to different meanings or interpretations, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC is true or substantially true, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC does not assert that a jury verdict was obtained against Plaintiff, as an individual, in the matter of *Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al.*, Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff, as an individual, never filed a Motion for Judgment as a Matter of Law following the trial in the matter of *Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al.*, Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff, as an individual, never had a Motion for Judgment as a Matter of Law granted in his favor in the matter of *Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al.*, Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

TWENTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was not posted for the purpose of advertisement, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

TWENTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC was not posted for the purpose of soliciting business, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

TWENTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC did not expose Plaintiff to hatred, ridicule or contempt, lower him in the esteem of his peers or cause him to be shunned, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

TWENTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC did not injure Plaintiff in his trade or business, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

TWENTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff will be unable to prove causation, as multiple sites published information concerning the jury verdict in the matter of *Singletary v. Ton Vinh Lee, DDS, et al.*, Case No. Case No. A-12-656091-C, which fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

TWENTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's alleged damages, if any, must be apportioned according to the relative responsibility of all parties or persons.

TWENTY-NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's alleged damages are speculative, and therefore, not recoverable, which fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

THIRTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC has at all times acted in good faith and without malice toward Plaintiff and in accordance with applicable law, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

THIRTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint constitutes a SLAPP (Strategic Lawsuit Against Public Participation) suit against Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

THIRTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The alleged motive that Plaintiff is ascribing to the statement posted on the website of Patin Law Group, PLLC is irrelevant in determining whether Plaintiff's cause of action for defamation is based on the alleged acts of Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

THIRTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The purpose of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint is to intimidate and silence Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC with the prospect of defending an expensive lawsuit, and therefore, fails to give rise to a right to recover for indemnity and contribution on behalf of Defendant Ingrid Patin.

THIRTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC hereby incorporates by reference those affirmative defenses enumerated in Rule 8 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure as if fully set forth herein. In the event further investigation or discovery reveals the applicability of any such defenses, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC reserves the right to seek leave of this Court to amend this Answer and to specifically assert any such defense. Such defenses are herein incorporated by reference for the specific purpose of not waiving any such defenses.

THIRTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC is unaware of any further Affirmative Defenses at this time, but reserves the right to seek leave of this Court to amend their Answer to allege additional Affirmative Defenses available to her at the time of trial per Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 11.

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THIRTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC was required to retain the services of an attorney to defend this action and is entitled to an aware of attorney's fees and costs of suit.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered the Second Amended Complaint, Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC respectfully requests that the Court grant her the following relief:

- That Defendant Ingrid Patin's Crossclaim be dismissed, with prejudice, in its 1. entirety;
- That Defendant Ingrid Patin's claims for relief be denied; 2.
- That Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC be awarded costs and attorney's fees; 3. and
- Any further relief to which this Court deems Defendant Patin Law Group, PLLC 4. is entitled.

Dated this day of October, 2016.

MORRIS POLICH & PURDY LLP

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Nevada Bar No. 003756

JEREMY J.THOMPSON

Nevada Bar No. 012503

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PROOF OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NEFCR 9, NRCP (b) and EDCR 7.26, I certify that on this date, I served the forgoing ANSWER TO SECOND AMENDED COMPALINT AND DEFENDANT INGRID PATIN'S CROSS-CLAIM on the following parties by electronic transmission through the Wiznet system on this day of October, 2016.

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Attorney for Defendant/Cross-Claimant INGRID PATIN

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the above is true and correct.

An Employee of Morris Polich & Purdy LLP