Electronically Filed 3/23/2021 2:19 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT Electronically Filed Mar 29 2021 02:50 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Attorneys for Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant, Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC

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1 WRIGHT, FINLAY & ZAK, LLP Aaron D. Lancaster, Esq. 2 Nevada Bar No. 10115 3 7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200

> Las Vegas, Nevada 89117 (702) 475-7964 Fax: (702) 946-1345

alancaster@wrightlegal.net

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No.: A-14-696357-C

NOTICE OF APPEAL

Dept. No.: IV

OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a foreign Limited Liability Company, Plaintiff,

VS.

CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company; FIRST 100, LLC,

a Domestic Limited Liability Company; 13 SOUTHERN TERRACE HOMEOWNERS

14 ASSOCIATION, a Domestic Non-Profit

Corporation; RED ROCK FINANCIAL 15

SERVICES, LLC, a Foreign Limited Liability Company; UNITED LEGAL SERVICES, 16

INC., a Domestic Corporation; DOES I

through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS XI

through XX, inclusive,

Defendants.

CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company,

Counterclaimant,

VS.

OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a Foreign 22 Limited Liability Company,

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Counter-Defendants.

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PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant, Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC hereby appeals to the Supreme Court of Nevada (1) Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order filed on May 6, 2019; (6) Notice of Entry of Order filed on May 7, 2019; (3) Order Denying Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for

Case Number: A-14-696357-C

1	Reconsideration Pursuant to NRC	CP 59 and 60 filed on February 20, 2020, (4) Notice of Entry	
2	entered on February 20, 2020, ((5) Order Granting Judgment in Favor of Counterclaimant	
3	Chersus Holdings, LLC filed or	March 22, 2021; (6) Notice of Entry of Order Granting	
4	Judgment in Favor of Counterclain	mant Chersus Holdings, LLC filed on March 22, 2021; (7) and	
5	all orders rendered final thereby.		
6	DATED this 23 rd day of M	Tarch, 2021.	
7		WRIGHT, FINLAY & ZAK, LLP	
8		/s/ Aaron D. Lancaster	
9		Aaron D. Lancaster, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10115	
10		7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200	
11		Las Vegas, Nevada 89117 Attorney for Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant, Ocwen	
		Loan Servicing, LLC	
12	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
13	Pursuant to N.R.C.P. 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of WRIGHT, FINLAY &		
14	ZAK, LLP, and that on this 23 rd of	day of March, 2021, I did cause a true copy of NOTICE OF	
15		ed through the Eighth Judicial District EFP system pursuant to	
16	NEFCR 9, addressed as follows:		
17	TVET CIC 7, addressed as follows.		
18	Michelle Adams	michellea@nelsonlawfirmlv.com	
19	Legal Assistant Master Calendering	legalassistant@nelsonlawfirmlv.com	
19	Vernon A. Nelson	<u>mail@nelsonlawfirmlv.com</u> <u>vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com</u>	
20	Robert E. Atkinson	Robert@nv-lawfirm.com	
21	Alexandria Raleigh	ARaleigh@lawhjc.com	
	Ashlie Surur	Asurur@lawhjc.com	
22	Brody Wight	<u>bwight@kochscow.com</u>	
23	David R. Koch	dkoch@kochscow.com	
	Kristin Schuler-Hintz	denv@mccarthyholthus.com	
24	Paralegal	bknotices@nv-lawfirm.com	
25	Staff Steven B. Scow	<u>aeshenbaugh@kochscow.com</u> <u>sscow@kochscow.com</u>	
23	Thomas N. Beckom	tbeckom@mccarthyholthus.com	
26	Ashlie Surur	Ashlie@sururlaw.com	
27			
20		isa Cox	
28	An l	Employee of WRIGHT, FINLAY & ZAK, LLP	

Electronically Filed 3/23/2021 2:19 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT **DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** Case No.: A-14-696357-C Dept. No.: IV OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S CASE APPEAL STATEMENT Counterclaimant,

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WRIGHT, FINLAY & ZAK, LLP

Aaron D. Lancaster, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 10115

7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200

Las Vegas, Nevada 89117

(702) 475-7964 Fax: (702) 946-1345

alancaster@wrightlegal.net 5

Attorneys for Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant, Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC

OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a foreign Limited Liability Company,

Plaintiff,

VS.

CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company; FIRST 100, LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company; SOUTHERN TERRACE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, a Domestic Non-Profit Corporation; RED ROCK FINANCIAL SERVICES, LLC, a Foreign Limited Liability Company; UNITED LEGAL SERVICES, INC., a Domestic Corporation; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS XI through XX, inclusive,

Defendants.

CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company,

VS.

OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a Foreign Limited Liability Company, Counter-Defendants.

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1. Name of appellant filing this case appeal statement.

Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC.

2. Identify the judges issuing the decision(s), judgment(s), or order(s) appealed from.

1		The Honorable	e Judge Kerry Earley, Eighth Judicial District Court, Dept. IV.
2		The Honorable	e Judge Nadia Krall, Eighth Judicial District Court, Dept. IV.
3	3.	Identify all p	arties to the proceedings in the district court.
4		Plaintiff: Ocw	ven Loan Servicing, LLC
5		Defendant: C	hersus Holdings, LLC
6		Defendant: So	outhern Terrace Homeowners Association
7		<u>Defendant</u> : Fi	rst 100, LLC (Default Entered Against)
8		<u>Defendant</u> : R	ed Rock Financial Services, LLC (Dismissed)
9		<u>Defendant</u> : U	nited Legal Services, Inc. (Dismissed)
10	4.	Identify all p	arties involved in this appeal.
11		Appellant/Pla	intiff/Counter-Defendant, Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC
12		Respondent/D	Defendant/Counter-Claimant: Chersus Holdings, LLC
13		Respondent/D	Defendant: Southern Terrace Homeowners Association
14	5.	Set forth the	name, law firm, address, and telephone number of all counsel on the
15			lentify the party or parties whom they represent.
16		Appellant: Counsel:	OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC WRIGHT, FINLAY & ZAK, LLP
17			Aaron D. Lancaster, Esq. 7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200
18			Las Vegas, Nevada 89117
19			(702) 475-7964
20		Respondent: Counsel:	CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC THE LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON
21		Counsel.	Vernon A. Nelson, Esq.
22			9480 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 252 Las Vegas, Nevada 89123
23			(702) 476-2500
24		Respondent:	SOUTHERN TERRACE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION
25		Counsel:	SURUR LAW GROUP Ashlie L. Surur, Esq.
26			561 Ivy Spring St.
27			Las Vegas, Nevada 89138 (702) 316-4111
28	6.	Indicate whe	ther any attorney identified above in response to question 5 is not

licensed to practice law in Nevada.

All counsel listed above are licensed to practice in Nevada.

7. Indicate whether appellant was represented by appointed or retained counsel in the district court.

The Appellant was represented by retained counsel from the law firm of Wright, Finlay & Zak, LLP, in the district court.

8. Indicate whether appellant is represented by appointed or retained counsel on appeal.

The Appellant is represented by retained counsel listed above on this appeal.

9. Indicate whether appellant was granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis, and the date of entry of the district court order granting such leave.

No such leave was either requested or granted.

10. Indicate the date the proceedings commenced in the district court.

The Honorable Judge Kerry Earley, Eighth Judicial District Court, entered the following orders: Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order filed on May 6, 2019, and Order Denying Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60 on February 20, 2020.

The Honorable Judge Nadia Krall, Eighth Judicial District Court, entered an Order Granting Judgment in Favor of Counterclaimant Chersus Holdings, LLC filed on March 22, 2021.

11. Provide a brief description of the nature of the action and result in the district court, including the type of judgment or order being appealed and the relief granted by the district court.

This is a quiet title action related to a NRS 116 homeowners association's non-judicial foreclosure sale. The district court granted summary judgment in favor of Chersus Holdings, LLC and Southern Terrace Homeowners Association ("HOA"). Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC filed a Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60. The district court granted reconsideration. Subsequently,

the district court entered an Order Denying Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60. In association with the order granted summary judgment in favor of Chersus Holdings, LLC, the district court entered an Order Granting Judgment in Favor of Counterclaimant Chersus Holdings, LLC filed on March 22, 2021. Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC now appeals from the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order filed on May 6, 2019, Order Denying Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60 on February 20, 2020 and Order Granting Judgment in Favor of Counterclaimant Chersus Holdings, LLC filed on March 22, 2021.

12. Indicate whether the case involves the possibility of settlement.

This case may have a reasonable possibility of settlement.

12. Indicate whether the case has previously been the subject of an appeal to or original writ proceeding in the Supreme Court.

Appellant filed a Notice of Appeal on March 6, 2020. On October 8, 2020, the Supreme Court filed an Order to Show Cause why the appeal should not be dismissed for lack of jurisdiction as the damage aspect of Chersus Holdings, LLC's claim had not been determined. On November 6, 2020, Appellant filed a Response to Order to Show Cause; and Motion for Voluntary Dismissal of Appeal.

13. Indicate whether the case involves child custody or visitation.

This case does not involve child custody or visitation.

DATED this 23rd day of March, 2021.

WRIGHT, FINLAY & ZAK, LLP

/s/ Aaron D. Lancaster
Aaron D. Lancaster, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 10115
7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200
Las Vegas, Nevada 89117
Attorney for Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant, Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
1 2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of WRIGHT, FINLAY & ZAK,
3	LLP, and that on this 23 rd day of March, 2021, I did cause a true copy of OCWEN LOAN
4	SERVICING, LLC'S CASE APPEAL STATEMENT to be e-filed and e-served through the
5	Eighth Judicial District EFP system pursuant to NEFCR 9, addressed as follows:
6	Michelle Adams michellea@nelsonlawfirmlv.com
7	Legal Assistant <u>legalassistant@nelsonlawfirmlv.com</u> Master Calendering <u>mail@nelsonlawfirmlv.com</u>
8	Vernon A. Nelson <u>vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com</u>
9	Robert E. Atkinson <u>Robert@nv-lawfirm.com</u> Alexandria Raleigh <u>ARaleigh@lawhjc.com</u>
10	Ashlie Surur <u>Asurur@lawhjc.com</u>
11	Brody Wight <u>bwight@kochscow.com</u> David R. Koch <u>dkoch@kochscow.com</u>
12	Kristin Schuler-Hintz <u>dcnv@mccarthyholthus.com</u> Paralegal <u>bknotices@nv-lawfirm.com</u>
13	Staff <u>aeshenbaugh@kochscow.com</u>
14	Thomas N. Beckom <u>tbeckom@mccarthyholthus.com</u>
15	Ashlie Surur <u>Ashlie@sururlaw.com</u>
16	/a/Lian Can
17	/s/ Lisa Cox An Employee of WRIGHT, FINLAY & ZAK, LLP
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CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-14-696357-C

Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s)

Chersus Holdings, LLC, Defendant(s)

Location: Department 4 Judicial Officer: Krall, Nadia \$ \$ \$ \$ \$. Filed on: **02/19/2014**

Case Number History:

Cross-Reference Case A696357

Number:

Supreme Court No.: 80781

CASE INFORMATION

Statistical Closures

03/22/2021 Summary Judgment 12/03/2020 Summary Judgment Case Type: Title to Property Subtype: Quiet Title

Case

03/22/2021 Closed Status:

DATE **CASE ASSIGNMENT**

Current Case Assignment

Case Number A-14-696357-C Department 4 Court Date Assigned 01/04/2021 Krall, Nadia Judicial Officer

PARTY INFORMATION

Lead Attorneys **Plaintiff** Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC

Nitz, Dana J. Retained 702-228-7717(W)

Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Nelson, Vernon A.

> Retained 702-476-2500(W)

First 100 LLC

Red Rock Financial Services LLC

Removed: 12/06/2016

Dismissed

Red Rock Financial Services LLC

Removed: 10/17/2018

Dismissed

Southern Terrance Homeowners Association Surur, Ashlie L

> Retained 702-909-0838(W)

Atkinson, Robert E. **United Legal Services Inc**

Removed: 02/02/2018 Retained Dismissed 702-614-0600(W)

Counter Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC Nelson, Vernon A.

Removed: 05/06/2019 Retained Dismissed 702-476-2500(W)

Counter Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Nitz, Dana J. **Defendant**

Removed: 05/06/2019 Retained Dismissed 702-228-7717(W)

Short Trial Judge Judge Pro Tempore

DATE **EVENTS & ORDERS OF THE COURT** INDEX

02/19/2014	EVENTS Complaint Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Complaint
02/19/2014	Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure
02/19/2014	Case Opened
02/20/2014	Lis Pendens Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Lis Pendens
03/07/2014	Summons Filed by: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Summons - Chersus Holdings LLC
03/20/2014	Notice of Firm Name Change Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Firm Name Change
03/28/2014	Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure
03/28/2014	Answer and Counterclaim Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Answer and Counter-claim
04/16/2014	Motion for Summary Judgment Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC'S Motion for Summary Judgment
04/22/2014	Amended Certificate of Service Party: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Amended Certificate of Service
05/09/2014	Countermotion For Summary Judgment Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Opposition to Motion for Summary Judgment and Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion for Summary Judgment
05/27/2014	Reply in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Plaintiff's Reply in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment and Opposition to Countermotion for Summary Judgment
09/05/2014	Notice of Association of Counsel Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Association of Counsel
09/23/2014	

	CASE 110. A-14-070337-C
	Reply to Opposition Filed by: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Reply in Response to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion for Summary Judgment
10/31/2014	Supplemental Brief Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Supplemental Brief in Opposition to Defendant/Counterclaimant's Motion for Summary Judgment
11/04/2014	Supplement Filed by: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Supplemental Brief in Support of Countermotion for Summary Judgment
11/13/2014	Motion to Strike Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Defendant/Counter-Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC'S Motion to Strike Plaintiff/ Counterdefendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC'S Supplemental Brief in Opposition to Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Motion for Summary Judgment on an Order Shortening Time
11/25/2014	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing's Opposition to Motion to Strike
11/25/2014	Reply Filed by: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing's Reply to Supplement to Summary Judgment
11/25/2014	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Affidavit of Thomas N. Beckom, Esq. in Support of Request Under NRCP 56(F)
12/03/2014	Reply Filed by: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Defendant/Counter-Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC's Reply in Response to Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Opposition to Motion to Strike Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Supplemental Brief in Opposition to Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Motion for Summary Judgment on an Order Shortening Time
12/31/2014	Supplemental Brief Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Defendant/Counter-Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC's Supplemental Briefing in Response to Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Supplemental Briefing In Opposition To Chersus Holdings, LLC's Countermotion for Summary Judgment
01/06/2015	Order Denying Motion Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Order Denying Defendant / Counter-Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC's Motion to Strike
01/07/2015	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Notice of Entry of Order
06/12/2015	Notice of Early Case Conference

	CASE NO. A-14-69635/-C
	Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Early Case Conference
08/17/2015	Answer to Counterclaim Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing's Answer to Counterclaim
08/20/2015	Joint Case Conference Report Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Joint Case Conference Report
09/04/2015	Notice to Appear for Discovery Conference Notice to Appear for Discovery Conference
10/06/2015	Scheduling Order Filed By: Short Trial Judge Judge Pro Tempore Scheduling Order
11/17/2015	Order Setting Civil Bench Trial Order Setting Civil Bench Trial
03/11/2016	Notice of Association of Counsel Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Association of Counsel
03/28/2016	Substitution of Attorney Filed by: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Substitution of Attorney
03/28/2016	Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Leave to Amend its Complaint; or, in the alternative, Motion to Stay Litigation
04/14/2016	Opposition Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Chersus Limited Opposition to Ocwen Motion for Leave to Amend
05/20/2016	Order Granting Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Order Granting Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Leave to Amend its Complaint
06/08/2016	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Stipulation and Order to Extend Discovery and Trial [First Request]
06/13/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Notice of Entry of Order
06/21/2016	Amended Order Setting Civil Non-Jury Trial Amended Order Setting Civil Non-Jury Trial
06/23/2016	

	CASE NO. A-14-696357-C
	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Entry of Order Granting Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Leave to Amend its Complaint
06/24/2016	Amended Complaint Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC First Amended Complaint
07/28/2016	Lis Pendens Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Lis Pendens
07/29/2016	Answer and Counterclaim Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Answer to First Amended Complaint and Counter-claim Against Plaintiff
08/04/2016	Summons Filed by: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Summons
08/04/2016	Summons Filed by: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Summons
08/04/2016	Summons Filed by: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Summons
08/04/2016	Summons Filed by: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Summons
08/25/2016	Answer to Counterclaim Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Ocwen's Answer to the Counterclaim
10/20/2016	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Affidavit of Service - Unitec Legal Services Inc
10/20/2016	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Affidavit of Service - Southern Terrace Homeowners Association
10/20/2016	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Affidavit of Service - Red Rock Financial Services LLC
10/21/2016	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Party Served: Defendant First 100 LLC Affidavit of Service - First 100 LLC

	CASE NO. A-14-09035/-C
10/22/2016	Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Filed By: Defendant United Legal Services Inc Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure
10/22/2016	Answer to Amended Complaint Filed By: Defendant United Legal Services Inc United Legal Services Inc.'s Answer to Amended Complaint
10/31/2016	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Defendant Red Rock Financial Services LLC Defendant Red Rock Financial Services, LLC's Motion to Dismiss Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's First Amended Complaint or, in the Alternative, Motion for Summary Judgment
10/31/2016	Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Filed By: Defendant Red Rock Financial Services LLC Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure
12/06/2016	Stipulation and Order for Dismissal Without Prejudice Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Stipulation and Order to Dismiss Defendant Red Rock Financial Services, LLC Without Prejudice
01/03/2017	Amended Order Setting Civil Non-Jury Trial Amended Order Setting Civil Non-Jury Trial
01/03/2017	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Stipulation and Order to Extend Discovery and Trial [Second]
01/05/2017	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Notice of Entry of Order
02/21/2017	Notice of Appearance Party: Defendant Southern Terrance Homeowners Association Notice of Appearance
02/21/2017	Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Filed By: Defendant Southern Terrance Homeowners Association Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure (NRS Chapter 19)
03/20/2017	Notice of Intent to Take Default Party: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Intent to Take Default
04/07/2017	Demand for Jury Trial Filed By: Defendant Southern Terrance Homeowners Association Southern Terrace Homeowners Association's Demand for Jury Trial
04/07/2017	Disclosure Statement Party: Defendant Southern Terrance Homeowners Association Southern Terrace Homeowners Association's Corporate Disclosure Statement
04/07/2017	Answer to Amended Complaint

	CASE NO. A-14-696357-C
	Filed By: Defendant Southern Terrance Homeowners Association Southern Terrace Homeowners Association's Answer to First Amended Complaint
04/13/2017	Early Case Conference Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Supplemental Early Case Conference
05/09/2017	Notice of Entry Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Entry of Order
05/26/2017	Stipulation and Order to Extend Discovery Deadlines Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Stipulation and Order to Extend Discovery and Continue Trial Date (Third Request)
05/31/2017	Amended Order Setting Jury Trial Amended Order Setting Jury Trial
05/31/2017	Amended Affidavit of Service Party: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Amended Affiavit of Service
07/18/2017	Substitution of Attorney Filed by: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Substitution of Counsel
09/18/2017	Motion to Amend Complaint Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Leave to Amend Its Complaint
10/02/2017	Notice of Non Opposition Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Notice of Non-Opposition
11/04/2017	Motion for Summary Judgment United Legal Services Inc.'s Motion for Summary Judgment on Ocwen Loan Servicing's Third and Ninth Causes of Action [Wrongful Foreclosure and Tortious Interference with Contract]
11/06/2017	Certificate of Service Certificate of Service
12/04/2017	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Opposition to United Legal Services Inc.'s Motion for Summary Judgment on Ocwen Loan Servicing's Third and Ninth Causes of Action [Wrongful Foreclosure and Tortious Interference with Contract]
12/12/2017	Notice of Rescheduling Notice of Rescheduling
12/15/2017	Order Granting Motion Order Granting Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Leave to Amend its Complaint
12/20/2017	Stipulation and Order

	Stipulation and Order for Extension of Time and Continuance of Hearing of United Legal Services, Inc.'s Motion for Summary Judgment on Ocwen Loan Servicing's Third and Ninth Causes of Action
01/13/2018	Notice of Entry of Order Notice of Entry of Order
01/23/2018	Second Amended Complaint Second Amended Complaint
01/29/2018	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Stipulation and Order to Extend Discovery and Continue Trial Date (Fourth Request)
02/02/2018	Stipulation and Order for Dismissal Without Prejudice Stipulation and Order to Dismiss Defendant, United Legal Services Inc. Without Prejudice
03/06/2018	Summons Electronically Issued - Service Pending Summons
03/06/2018	Summons Electronically Issued - Service Pending Summons
03/09/2018	Answer and Counterclaim Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Answer to Second Amended Complaint and Counterclaim Against Plaintiff
03/19/2018	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Party Served: Defendant Red Rock Financial Services LLC Affidavit of Service - Red Rock Financial Services LLC (on 2nd Amended Comp)
03/23/2018	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Party Served: Defendant First 100 LLC Affidavit of Service - First 100 LLC (on 2nd Amended Comp)
04/05/2018	Answer to Amended Complaint Southern Terrace Homeowners Association s Answer To Second Amended Complaint
04/10/2018	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Dismiss United Legal Services Without Prejudice
06/06/2018	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Defendant Red Rock Financial Services, LLC's Motion to Dismiss Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Second Amended Complaint
06/28/2018	Stipulation and Order Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearing on Defendant Red Rock Financial Services, LLC's Motion to Dismiss Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Second Amended Complaint
07/20/2018	Notice of Intent to Take Default Three Day Notice of Intent to Take Default Against First 100, LLC

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08/10/2018	Order Setting Civil Jury Trial Amended Order Setting Civil Bench Trial
08/22/2018	Stipulation and Order Stipulation and Order to Continue Deadline for Dispositive Motions and Continue Trial Date
08/27/2018	Amended Order Setting Jury Trial Amended Order Setting Jury Trial
10/15/2018	Default Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Default - First 100, LLC (on 2nd Amended Comp)
10/17/2018	Stipulation and Order for Dismissal Filed by: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Stipulation and Order to Dismiss Defendant, Red Rock Financial Services, LLC
10/18/2018	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Dismiss Defendant, Red Rock Financial Services, LLC
10/18/2018	Notice of Entry of Default Party: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Entry of Default
10/19/2018	Motion for Summary Judgment Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment
10/19/2018	Request for Judicial Notice Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Request for Judicial Notice in support of Motion for Summary Judgment
10/22/2018	Motion for Summary Judgment Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Chersus Holdings LCC Motion for Summary Judgment
10/24/2018	Errata Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC ERR - Errata to Defendant Chersus Holdings Motion for Summary Judgment
10/24/2018	Exhibits Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC EXHS - Exhibits to Errata to Def Chersus Holdings MSJ
11/09/2018	Opposition to Motion For Summary Judgment Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Opposition to Defendant Chersus Holdings' Motion for Summary Judgment
11/13/2018	Motion for Summary Judgment

	CASE NO. A-14-090357-C
	Southern Terrace Homeowners Association s Motion For Summary Judgment
11/15/2018	Notice of Motion Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Notice of Motion
11/16/2018	Opposition to Motion For Summary Judgment Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Defendant/ Counterclaimant, Chersus Holdings, LLC's Opposition to Plaintiff, Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment
11/19/2018	Stipulation and Order Stipulation And Order To Extend Time For Southern Terrace Homeowners Association To File It's Motion For Summary Judgment
11/20/2018	Notice of Entry Notice of Entry of Stipulation And Order To Extend Time For Southern Terrace Homeowners Association To File It's Motion For Summary Judgment
12/06/2018	Notice of Rescheduling of Hearing Notice of Rescheduling of Hearing
12/10/2018	Opposition to Motion For Summary Judgment Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Opposition to Southern Terrance Homeowners Association's Motion for Summary Judgment
01/03/2019	Reply Filed by: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC REPLY TO OCWEN S OPPOSITION TO CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT
01/03/2019	Reply Filed by: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Reply in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment
02/20/2019	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Recorders Transcript of Hearing Re: Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment'southern Terrave Homeowners Assocaition's Motion for Summary Judgment, January 22, 2019
05/06/2019	Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order
05/07/2019	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Notice of Entry of Order
06/06/2019	Notice of Change of Address Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Notice of Change Address
06/11/2019	Motion to Reconsider Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLc's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration

	CASE NO. A-14-696357-C
	Pursuant to N.R.C.P. 59 and 60
06/11/2019	Clerk's Notice of Hearing Notice of Hearing
07/02/2019	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Opposition to Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60
07/11/2019	Reply in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Reply in support of Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60
07/12/2019	Notice of Rescheduling of Hearing Notice of Rescheduling of Hearing
08/14/2019	Notice of Rescheduling of Hearing Notice of Rescheduling of Hearing
09/06/2019	Notice Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Notice of Supplemental Authority in Support of Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60
09/18/2019	Supplemental Filed by: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Response to Notice of Supplemental Authority
10/04/2019	Notice of Rescheduling of Hearing Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration and Opposition to Alter or Amend Judgment
10/12/2019	Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements
10/12/2019	Motion for Judgment Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Motion for: (1) Judgment or Prove-Up Hearing for Compensatory, tatutory, and Punitive Damages: (2) Order Awarding Attorney's Fees to Chersus Holdings LLC; and (3) Orders for Specific Performance
10/12/2019	Declaration Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Declaration of John Zimmer
10/12/2019	Declaration Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Declaration of Jagdish Mehta in Support of Chersus's Motion For: (1) Judgment or Prove-Up Hearing for Compensatory, Statutory, and Punitive Damages; (2) Order Awarding Attorney's Fees to Chersus Holdings LLC; and (3) Orders for Specific Performance
10/12/2019	Declaration Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC

	Declaration of Vernon Nelson
10/12/2019	Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements
10/15/2019	Motion to Retax Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion to Retax and Settle Costs
10/16/2019	Notice of Motion Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Notice of Motion
10/16/2019	Clerk's Notice of Hearing Notice of Hearing
10/29/2019	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Opposition to Chersus Holdings, LLC's Motion for: (1) Judgment or Prove-Up Hearing for Compensatory, Statutory, and Punitive Damages; (2) Order Awarding Attorney's Fees to Chersus Holdings, LLC; and (3) Orders for Specific Performance
10/30/2019	Order Denying Motion Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC (1/27/20 Reversed) Order Denying Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration
11/07/2019	Notice of Entry NOTICE OF ENTRY ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION
11/07/2019	Notice of Entry NOTICE OF ENTRY ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION
11/07/2019	Notice of Entry Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs Motion for Reconsideration
11/17/2019	Reply to Motion Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Chersus Holdings, LLC"S Reply to Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC"S Opposition to Motion for: (1) Judgment or Prove-Up Hearing for Compensatory, Statutory, and Punitive Damages; (2) Order Awarding Attorney's Fees to Chersus Holdings LLC; and (3) Orders for Specific Performance.
11/18/2019	Motion to Reconsider Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's October 30, 2019 Order Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60
11/19/2019	Clerk's Notice of Hearing Notice of Hearing
12/18/2019	Motion Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Motion to Extend Time to Oppose Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's October 30,2019 Order Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60 on Order Shortening Time (First Request)

Clerk's Notice of Nonconforming Document
Clerk's Notice of Nonconforming Document
Clerk's Notice of Hearing Notice of Hearing
Motion to Vacate Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Motion to Vacate Hearing on Motion to Extend Time to Oppose Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's October 30.2019 Order Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60
Opposition to Motion Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Opposition to Motion to Extend Time to Oppose Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's October 30, 2019 Order Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60
Declaration Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Second Declaration of Jagdish Mehta
Order Granting Motion Order Granting Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's October 30, 2019 Order Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60
Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Entry of Order
Order Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Order Denying Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to N.R.C.P. 59 and 60
Notice of Entry Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Notice of Entry of Order Denying Ocwen Loan Servicing LLC's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to N.R.C.P. 59 and 60
Notice of Appeal Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Appeal
Case Appeal Statement Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Case Appeal Statement
Proof of Service Filed by: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Proof of Service
Proof of Service Filed by: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Proof of Service

	CASE NO. A-14-090357-C
09/14/2020	Request Filed by: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Request for Transcripts
10/05/2020	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Transcript of Proceedings; February 6, 2020; Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Mot to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59&60.
12/03/2020	Order to Statistically Close Case Civil Order to Statistically Close Case - Summary Judgment
12/09/2020	Notice of Hearing PROVE UP HEARING
01/04/2021	Administrative Reassignment - Judicial Officer Change Judicial Reassignment to Judge Nadia Krall
01/12/2021	Notice of Association of Counsel Filed By: Defendant Southern Terrance Homeowners Association Notice of Association of Counsel
01/12/2021	Notice of Appearance Notice of Appearance of Steven T. Jaffe, Esq.
03/01/2021	Substitution of Attorney Filed by: Defendant Southern Terrance Homeowners Association Substitution of Attorneys for Defendant, Southern Terrace Homeowners Association
03/04/2021	Request for Judicial Notice Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Request for Judicial Notice
03/22/2021	Order Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Granting Judgment in Favor of Counterclaimant Chersus Holdings, LLC
03/22/2021	Notice of Entry Filed By: Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Notice of Entry of Order Granting Judgment in Favor of Counterclaimant Chersus Holdings, LLC
03/23/2021	Notice of Appeal Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Notice of Appeal
03/23/2021	Case Appeal Statement Filed By: Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Case Appeal Statement
12/06/2016	DISPOSITIONS Order of Dismissal Without Prejudice (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Debtors: Red Rock Financial Services LLC (Defendant) Creditors: Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC (Plaintiff) Judgment: 12/06/2016, Docketed: 12/13/2016

	CASE NO. A-14-696357-C
02/02/2018	Order of Dismissal Without Prejudice (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Debtors: United Legal Services Inc (Defendant) Creditors: Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC (Plaintiff) Judgment: 02/02/2018, Docketed: 02/02/2018
10/17/2018	Order of Dismissal Without Prejudice (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Debtors: Red Rock Financial Services LLC (Defendant) Creditors: Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC (Plaintiff) Judgment: 10/17/2018, Docketed: 10/17/2018
05/06/2019	Summary Judgment (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Debtors: Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC (Plaintiff) Creditors: Southern Terrance Homeowners Association (Defendant) Judgment: 05/06/2019, Docketed: 05/07/2019
05/06/2019	Order of Dismissal With Prejudice (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Debtors: Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC (Plaintiff) Creditors: Chersus Holdings, LLC (Defendant) Judgment: 05/06/2019, Docketed: 05/07/2019
05/06/2019	Judgment (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Debtors: Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC (Counter Defendant) Creditors: Chersus Holdings, LLC (Counter Claimant) Judgment: 05/06/2019, Docketed: 05/07/2019 Comment: Certain Claims
05/06/2019	Partial Summary Judgment (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Debtors: Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC (Counter Defendant) Creditors: Chersus Holdings, LLC (Counter Claimant) Judgment: 05/06/2019, Docketed: 05/07/2019 Comment: Certain Claims
05/06/2019	Order of Dismissal With Prejudice (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Debtors: Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC (Counter Defendant) Creditors: Chersus Holdings, LLC (Counter Claimant) Judgment: 05/06/2019, Docketed: 05/07/2019
03/22/2021	Judgment Plus Legal Interest (Judicial Officer: Krall, Nadia) Debtors: Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC (Plaintiff) Creditors: Chersus Holdings, LLC (Defendant) Judgment: 03/22/2021, Docketed: 03/23/2021 Total Judgment: 79,172.17
09/25/2014	HEARINGS Motion for Summary Judgment (8:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Thompson, Charles)
03/23/2011	Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC'S Motion for Summary Judgment
09/25/2014	Opposition and Countermotion (8:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Thompson, Charles) Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Opposition to Motion for Summary Judgment and Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion for Summary Judgment
09/25/2014	All Pending Motions (8:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Thompson, Charles) Continued for Chambers Decision; Journal Entry Details: PLAINTIFF OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S, MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT DEFENDANT/COUNTER-CLAIMANT'S OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND DEFENDANT/COUNTER-CLAIMANT'S COUNTERMOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT Attorney Donna Dimaggio present for Defendant Chersus Holdings. At request of counsel, COURT ORDERED, Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment is WITHDRAWN. A briefing scheduled is set as follows for the Defendant/Counter-Claimant's

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Countermotion for Summary Judgment: Plaintiff's Supplemental Briefing Due: 10/21/14 Defendant's Opposition Due: 11/4/14 Plaintiff's Reply Due: 11/25/14 DECISION: 12/24/14 -CHAMBERS COURT ORDERED, matter SET for Decision: Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion for Summary Judgment on the Chambers Calendar. Ms. Dimaggio inquired as to the Plaintiff's lis pendens on the property. Mr. Fink advised he would look at it and contact her. Court noted if not, Defendant will file a Motion with attorney's fees and it will be Granted. 12/24/14 DECISION: DEFENDANT/COUNTER-CLAIMANT'S COUNTERMOTION FOR **SUMMARY JUDGMENT - CHAMBERS :**

12/09/2014



Minute Order (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Defendant/Counter-Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC'S Motion to Strike Plaintiff/ Counterdefendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC'S Supplemental Brief in Opposition to Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Motion for Summary Judgment on an Order Shortening Time -- DENIED BY MINUTE ORDER 12/9/14

Minute Order - No Hearing Held;

Journal Entry Details:

Pursuant to EDCR 2.23, the Court has decided this matter without oral argument. The Court having reviewed Defendant/Counter-Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC s Motion To Strike Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC s Supplemental Brief In Opposition To Defendant/Counter-Claimant s Motion For Summary Judgment On An Order Shortening Time and the papers and pleadings on file herein, hereby DENIES the instant Motion. To address any claimed prejudice, Defendant/Counter-Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC shall have up to and including January 2, 2015, to file a Response to Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant Ocwen Loan Servicing s Reply To Supplement To Summary Judgment. No further briefing will be permitted. Decision on this matter is CONTINUED to the Court's CHAMBER Calendar on January 26, 2015. The hearing currently scheduled for December 11, 2014, at 8:30 AM is hereby VACATED. Ms. DiMaggio to prepare the Order and circulate for approval as to form and content. CLERK S NOTE: A copy of this Minute Order was distributed to the following parties via e-mail: Donna DiMaggio, Esq. ddimaggio@weildrage.com] and Kristin A. Schuler-Hintz, Esq. [khintz@mccarthyholthus.com]. (KD 12/9/14);

12/11/2014

CANCELED Motion to Strike (8:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated

Defendant/Counter-Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC'S Motion to Strike Plaintiff/ Counterdefendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC'S Supplemental Brief in Opposition to Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Motion for Summary Judgment on an Order Shortening Time

05/04/2015



Decision (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Decision: Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion for Summary Judgment

Pursuant to 12/9/14 Minute Order Minute Order - No Hearing Held;

Journal Entry Details:

This matter came before the court for Plaintiff OCWEN's Motion for Summary Judgment, Defendant/Counter-Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC's Opposition thereto, as well as Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion for Summary Judgment. At the oral argument scheduled for September 25, 2014, Plaintiff withdrew its Motion for Summary Judgment and the Court set a briefing schedule for supplements to Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion. Having reviewed the matters, along with all pleadings, points, and authorities therein, the court hereby DENIES Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion for summary judgment. First, the court FINDS that Chersus Holdings, LLC has not met its burden of establishing the requisite facts to support its countermotion for summary judgment. Further the Court FINDS there are genuine issues of material fact including, but not limited to, whether the HOA sale was validly conducted, whether any tender of payment was made to pay off the superpriority lien prior to the HOA foreclosure sale, or whether there was a federallyprotected interest in the subject loan. Counsel for Plaintiff to prepare the Order, to be approved as to form and content by counsel for the Defendant/Counter-Claimant. CLERK'S NOTE: The above minute order has been distributed to: Thomas N. Beckom, Esq., (TBeckom@mccarthyholthis.com) and Jason G. Martinez, Esq., (jmartinez@ggrmlawfirm.com). aw;

09/22/2015



Discovery Conference (9:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bulla, Bonnie)

Scheduling Order Will Issue; Journal Entry Details:

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Counsel indicated the parties are waiting on a decision from a pending summary judgment motion from December 2014. Ms. Schuler-Hintz stated there is an indication there is a ruling, but parties are not aware of what the decision is and there has been no order filed. Discovery Commissioner will follow up on the summary judgment order with Judge Earley. Counsel anticipate 2 - 3 days for trial re: Quiet Title / Declaratory Relief. No settlement conference requested. COMMISSIONER RECOMMENDED, discovery cutoff is 06/24/16; adding parties, amended pleadings, and initial expert disclosures DUE 03/28/16; rebuttal expert disclosures DUE 04/26/16; dispositive motions TO BE FILED BY 07/25/16. Scheduling Order will issue.;

05/02/2016

Motion to Amend (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Leave to Amend its Complaint; or, in the alternative, Motion to Stay Litigation

Motion Granted; Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Leave to Amend its Complaint; or, in the alternative, Motion to Stay Litigation

Journal Entry Details:

This matter came before the court for Plaintiff OCWEN Loan Servicing, LLC s Motion for Leave to Amend Its Complaint; or, in the alternative, Motion to Stay Litigation and Defendant/Counter-Claimant s Opposition thereto. Having reviewed the pleading, along with the points and authorities therein, the court orders Plaintiff s Motion to Amend GRANTED pursuant to NRCP 15(a). Counsel for Plaintiff to prepare the Order, to be approved as to form and content by counsel for the Defendant/Counter-Claimant. CLERK'S NOTE: The above minute order has been distributed to: Dana J. Nitz, Esq., (dnitz@wrightlegal.com) and Neil Durrant, Esq., (ndurrant@weildrage.com). aw;

09/28/2016

CANCELED Pretrial/Calendar Call (11:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bonaventure, Joseph T.)

Vacated - per Commissioner

10/10/2016

CANCELED Bench Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated - per Commissioner

12/07/2016

CANCELED Motion to Dismiss (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated - per Stipulation and Order

Defendant Red Rock Financial Services, LLC's Motion to Dismiss Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's First Amended Complaint or, in the Alternative, Motion for Summary Judgment

03/01/2017

CANCELED Pretrial/Calendar Call (11:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated - per Stipulation and Order

03/13/2017

CANCELED Bench Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated - per Stipulation and Order

09/27/2017

CANCELED Pretrial/Calendar Call (11:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated - per Stipulation and Order

10/09/2017

CANCELED Bench Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated - per Stipulation and Order

10/23/2017

Motion for Leave (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Ocwen Loan Servicing LLC's Motion for Leave to Amend it's Complaint

11/02/2017

Minute Order (2:00 PM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Minute Order - No Hearing Held;

Journal Entry Details:

This matter came before the court for Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant OCWEN Loan Servicing, LLC s Motion for Leave to Amend Its Complaint, filed September 18, 2017 by counsel Natalie C. Lehman, Esq. A Notice of Non-Opposition was field October 2, 2017 by counsel Melissa Ingleby, Esq. Having received no Opposition to the matter and pursuant to NRCP 15(a), EDCR 2.20, and for good cause showing, the Court hereby GRANTS Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant Motion. Counsel for Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant to prepare the Order. Vernon a. Nelson, Jr., Esq. vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com; Dana J. Nitz, Esq. dnitz@wrightlegal.net CLERK'S NOTE: This Minute Order was electronically served by Court Clerk, P. Irby, to all registered parties for Odyssey File & Serve./pi (11-2-17);

02/21/2018	CANCELED Motion for Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Vacated - per Stipulation and Order United Legal Services Inc's Motion for Summary Judgment on Ocwen Loan Servicing's Third and Ninth Cause of Action [Wrongful Foreclosure and Tortious Interference with Contract]
02/28/2018	CANCELED Pretrial/Calendar Call (9:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Vacated - per Stipulation and Order
03/12/2018	CANCELED Bench Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Vacated - per Stipulation and Order
09/26/2018	CANCELED Pretrial/Calendar Call (11:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Vacated - Superseding Order
10/08/2018	CANCELED Bench Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Vacated - Superseding Order
10/16/2018	CANCELED Motion to Dismiss (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardcastle, Kathy)
	Vacated Defendant Red Rock Financial Services LLC's Motion to Dismiss Ocwen Loan Servicing LLC's Second Amended Complaint
01/10/2019	Motion for Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)
	01/10/2019, 01/22/2019 Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment Continued;
01/10/2019	Motion for Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)
	01/10/2019, 01/22/2019 Southern Terrace Homeowners Association's Motion for Summary Judgment Continued;
01/10/2019	Motion for Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) 01/10/2019, 01/22/2019 Notice of Motion Continued;
01/10/2019	All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Matter Heard;
	Journal Entry Details: OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT SOUTHERN TERRACE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT NOTICE OF MOTION Ms. Surur requested a continuance. Mr. Nitz had no objection. Ms. Surur stated she would be out of the country at the beginning of trial. Counsel stated there was a 5-year rule issue, however counsel agreed to waive the 5-year rule. Court advised a stipulation and order of the parties would be required. Mr. Nitz stated he would prepare the Order. CONTINUED TO: 1/22/19 9:00 AM;
01/22/2019	All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry) Matter Heard; Journal Entry Details:
	OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENTDEFENDANT CHERSUS HOLDINGS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENTSOUTHERN TERRACE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT Mr. Nitz argued regarding case law and merits of the Ocwen's Motion for Summary Judgment. Mr. Nelson argued in opposition of the Motion and reviewed applicable case law. Ms. Surur addressed the notice issue, and requested supplemental briefing be provided by counsel, if necessary. COURT FURTHER ORDERED, Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment DENIED. Mr. Nelson argued regarding Atkinson deposition testimony. Mr. Nitz provided opposition regarding foreclosure deed recitals and applicable case law. Court inquired

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regarding slander of title, wrongful foreclosure and declatory relief. COURT STATED FINDINGS, and ORDERED Cersus Holdings' Motion for Summary Judgment GRANTED; slander of title claim WITHDRAWN. COURT ORDERED, South Terrace Homeowners Association's Motion for Summary Judgment GRANTED IN PART; second cause of action DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE pursuant to Rule 12(b)(5), third cause of action GRANTED, fourth cause of action GRANTED, fifth cause of action GRANTED, sixth cause of action GRANTED, seventh cause of action GRANTED, eighth cause of action GRANTED, and ninth cause of action GRANTED. Mr. Nelson stated he would prepare a Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. Upon counsels' inquiry, Court agreed to waive the 10 days for the Order to be submitted.;

01/31/2019

CANCELED Calendar Call (11:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated

02/19/2019

CANCELED Jury Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated

09/19/2019

CANCELED Motion to Amend Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated

Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLc's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to N.R.C.P. 59 and 60

10/21/2019

Motion (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60 and Opposition to Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration.

Dismissed;

Journal Entry Details:

This matter came before the Court on October 21, 2019 on Plaintiff's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60, filed on June 11, 2019 by counsel Paterno C. Jurani, Esq. Counsel Vernon A. Nelson, Esq. filed an Opposition thereto on July, 2, 2019 on behalf of Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC. Counsel Paterno C. Jurani, Esq. then filed a Reply thereto on July 11, 2019, and a Notice of Supplemental Authority on September 6, 2019. Having reviewed the matter, including all points, authorities, and exhibits submitted by counsel, the Court hereby enters its decision. COURT FINDS that NRCP 59(e) states that A motion to alter or amend a judgment must be filed no later than 28 days after service of written notice of entry of judgment. COURT FINDS that NRCP 59(f) states that The 28-day time periods specified in this rule cannot be extended under Rule 6(b). COURT FINDS that here, the Notice of Entry of the Judgment in question, the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order granting summary judgment for Defendants Chersus Holdings, LLC and Southern Terrace Homeowners Association, was entered on May 6, 2019. COURT FINDS that Plaintiff s Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment was filed on June 11, 2019, 36 days after the Judgment was entered. THEREFORE, Plaintiff s Motion is DISMISSED pursuant to NRCP 59(e). The hearing scheduled for October 24, 2019 at 9am is hereby VACATED. Counsel for Defendants to prepare and submit the Order.;

01/03/2020

Minute Order (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Minute Order - No Hearing Held; Journal Entry Details:

Reconsideration of the Court's October 30, 2019 Order Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60, filed on November 18, 2019 by counsel Dana Jonathon Nitz, Esq. Defendant's Motion to Vacate Hearing on Motion to Extend Time to Oppose Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's October 30, 2019 Order Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60 was filed on December 20, 2019 by counsel Vernon A. Nelson, Jr., Esq., wherein Defendant noted it was not filing an Opposition. Having reviewed all points, authorities, and exhibits, the Court hereby renders its opinion. Pursuant to EDCR 2.20, NRCP 59, NRCP 60, and for good cause shown, the Court hereby GRANTS Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's October 30, 2019 Order. The October 30, 2019 Order denying Ocwen's June 11, 2019 Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60 is hereby REVERSED, and a hearing set for this Motion is hereby set in Department IV on February 6, 2020 at 9:00 am. The

This matter came before the Court on Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC s Motion for

hearing currently set on January 7, 2020 for Ocwen's Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's October 30, 2019 Order, and the hearing currently set on January 7, 2020 for Chersus Holding, LLC's Motion for: (1) Judgment or Prove-Up Hearing for Compensatory, Statutory,

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and Punitive Damages; (2) Order Awarding Attorney s Fees to Chersus Holdings, LLC; and (3) Orders for Specific Performance are hereby VACATED. Counsel for Plaintiff to prepare and submit the Order. CLERK S NOTE: Counsel are to ensure a copy of the forgoing minute order is distributed to all interested parties; additionally, a copy of the foregoing minute order was distributed to the registered service recipients via Odyssey eFileNV E-Service (1/3/20 amn).;

01/07/2020

CANCELED Motion for Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated

Motion for: (1) Judgment or Prove-Up Hearing for Compensatory, tatutory, and Punitive Damages: (2) Order Awarding Attorney's Fees to Chersus Holdings LLC; and (3) Orders for Specific Performance

01/07/2020

CANCELED Motion For Reconsideration (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated

Ocwen Loan Servicing LLC's Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's October 30,2019 Order Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60

01/07/2020

CANCELED Motion (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

Vacated

Defendant's Motion to Extend Time to Oppose Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's October 30,2019 Order Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60 on Order Shortening Time (First Request)

02/06/2020

Motion to Amend Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Earley, Kerry)

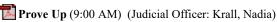
Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLc's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to N.R.C.P. 59 and 60

Denied;

Journal Entry Details:

Mr. Jurani argued for reconsideration of the Court's order as the wrong analysis was applied by the Court. Argument regarding commercial reasonably and the factoring agreement. Opposition by Mr. Nelson. Statement there were multiple bidders present at the sale and the price was \$3,500.00. COURT ORDERED, motion for reconsideration, DENIED. Court finds that a Prove Up Hearing was necessary and would contact counsel with a Court date. Court advised that Ms. Surur was excused from attending the Prove Up Hearing. Mr. Nelson to prepare the order.;

03/04/2021



Matter Heard:

Journal Entry Details:

Mr. Nelson stated case history. Mr. Lancaster stated they filed an objection to the bill of costs. Colloquy regarding Jagdish Mehta sworn and testified. Johnathan Zimmer sworn and testified. COURT ORDERED, Judgment GRANTED as follows: Rental loss \$58,050.00; costs in the amount it stated on the record and that are listed in the memorandum of costs and disbursements, filed October 12, 2019. The Court advised it was not going to order any award for taxes, trash, title policy and home inspection. As to specific Performance, COURT ORDERED, Ocwen to comply with any requests from the title company that is hired by Chersus to transfer title. COURT FINDS that on Attorney's fees it was reasonable for Ocwen to reject the offer of judgment based on the constant and current flux of law on these foreclosure issues. COURT FURTHER FINDS, attorney's fees were not warranted under NRS Section 45. COURT did not find that Ocwen acted with any malice based on the law that was in effect at the time. The Court advised it was also not going to award punitive or treble damages or for the personal property. Mr. Lancaster to prepare Order and provide to Mr. Lancaster as to form and content.;

DATE

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Defendant Red Rock Financial Services LLCTotal Charges423.00Total Payments and Credits423.00Balance Due as of 3/24/20210.00

Defendant United Legal Services Inc Total Charges

423.00

Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 3/24/2021	423.00 0.00
Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC Total Charges Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 3/24/2021	623.00 623.00 0.00
Defendant Southern Terrance Homeowners Association Total Charges Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 3/24/2021	423.00 423.00 0.00
Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Total Charges Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 3/24/2021	726.00 726.00 0.00
Plaintiff Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC Appeal Bond Balance as of 3/24/2021	500.00

Electronically Filed 5/6/2019 4:24 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant, Ocwen Loan Servicing LLC, ("Plaintiff" or "Ocwen"), Defendant/Counter-Claimant, Chersus Holdings, LLC ("Chersus" or "Defendant Chersus"), and Defendant Southern Terrace Homeowner's (hereinafter "the HOA") filed competing Motions for Summary Judgment (the "Competing MSJ Motions"). The Court scheduled a hearing on January 22, 2019 to consider the Competing MSJ Motions, and the parties' respective oppositions to the Competing MSJ Motions (the "MSJ Hearing"). Ocwen appeared through its counsel of record, Dana Nitz, Esq. of the law firm of Wright, Finlay, & Zak, LLP. Defendant Chersus appeared through its counsel of record, Vernon Nelson of the Law Offices of Vernon Nelson, PLLC. The HOA appeared through its counsel of record, Ashlie Surur, Esq. of the law firm of Hall, Jaffe & Clayton, LLP. Having duly considered all arguments and evidence presented by the parties including the arguments made by counsel at the MSJ Hearing, and finding good cause therefore, the Court makes the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

I. FINDINGS OF FACT

A. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

1. Prior to Litigation

a. Harrison Loan Documents.

- 1. On or about March 13, 2008, Joseph F. Harrison and Bonnie L. Harrison (hereinafter the "Harrisons") purchased the property located at 5946 Lingering Breeze St, Las Vegas, NV 89148 (APN 163-31-611-022) (hereinafter the "Property").
- 2. The Deed of Trust executed by the Harrisons (hereinafter the "Deed of Trust") identified Direct Equity Mortgage, LLC as the Lender and Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. ("MERS") as beneficiary acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns, Nevada Title Company as Trustee, and secured a loan in the amount of \$234,739.00 (hereinafter the "Harrison Loan").
- 3. On July 23, 2012, an Assignment of Deed of Trust was recorded, reflecting that MERS assigned the Deed of Trust to GMAC Mortgage, LLC.

b. HOA Lien Documents.

- 4. The Property is subject to the Master Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions and Reservation of Easements for Southern Terrace (the "CC&Rs"), which were recorded on August 9, 2001.
- 5. On December 8, 2011, a Lien for Delinquent Assessments (the "HOA Lien") was recorded against the Property by Red Rock Financial Services ("Red Rock") on behalf of the HOA. The HOA Lien was recorded as Instrument Number 201112080002960. The HOA Lien provides that Red Rock was officially assigned as agent by the HOA, in accordance with NRS 116, as outlined in the HOA's CC&Rs, and that Red Rock notified Mr. and Mrs. Harrison that the HOA imposed the HOA Lien on the Property.
- 6. On February 2, 2012, a Notice of Default and Election to Sell Pursuant to the HOA Lien was recorded against the Property by Red Rock, on behalf of the HOA, as Instrument Number 201202020000465. The Notice of Default and Election to Sell shows Red Rock notified Mr. and Mrs. Harrison that it had recorded a Notice that made it known that their obligation under the CC&Rs had been breached; and therefore, the HOA was declaring any and all amounts secured, due and payable, and electing the Property to be sold to satisfy the HOA Lien.
- 7. On May 2, 2013, a Notice of Foreclosure Sale was recorded against the Property by a new Trustee, United Legal Services, Inc. ("ULS"), as Instrument Number 01305020000105. The Notice of Foreclosure Sale shows that Mr. and Mrs. Harrison were notified and warned: (a) the sale of their property was imminent; (b) they had to pay the specified amount or risk losing their home; (c) if they continued to be in Default under the HOA Lien their home could be sold at auction, and (d) the auction was scheduled to be held on May 25, 2013 at 9:00AM at 8965 S. Eastern Ave, Suite 350, Las Vegas, NV 89123.
- 8. On or around May 28, 2013, a Foreclosure Deed upon Sale (the "First 100 Foreclosure Deed") was executed conveying Property to First 100, LLC ("First 100") pursuant to a sale (the "HOA Foreclosure" or the "HOA Sale") held under NRS Chapter 116 foreclosing on the HOA Lien. First 100 subsequently recorded the First 100 Foreclosure Deed on May 29, 2013 as Instrument number 201305290002514.

9. The first page of the First 100 Foreclosure Deed includes the following recitals:

This conveyance is made pursuant to the powers conferred upon Agent by NRS Chapter 116, the foreclosing Association's governing documents (CC&R's), and the notice of the Lien for Delinquent Assessments, recorded on December 8, 2011 as instrument 201112080002960 in the Official Records of the Recorder of Clark County, Nevada. Default occurred as set forth in the Notice of Default and Election to Sell, recorded on February 2, 2012 as instrument 201202020000465 in the Official Records of the Recorder of Clark County, Nevada. All requirements of law have been complied with, including, but not limited to, the elapsing of the 90 days, the mailing of copies of the notice of Lien of Delinquent Assessment, and Notice of Default, and the mailing, posting, and publication of the Notice of Foreclosure Sale. Agent, in compliance with the Notice of Foreclosure Sale and in exercise of its power under NRS § 116.31164, sold the property at public auction on May 25, 2013.

c. Subsequent Transfers of the Property.

- 10. On August 24, 2012, a Substitution of Trustee was recorded, reflecting that Cooper Castle Law Firm ("Cooper Castle") was substituted as Trustee under the Deed of Trust.
- 11. On March 6, 2013, a Notice of Breach and Default and of Election to Cause Sale of Real Property Under Deed of Trust was recorded by Cooper Castle.
- 12. On October 23, 2013, First 100 sold the Subject Property to Defendant Chersus which recorded its deed on January 13, 2014 as instrument number 201401130001734.
- 13. On or around December 20, 2013, GMAC Mortgage, LLC purported to foreclose on the Property pursuant to its Deed of Trust. Plaintiff purportedly purchased the Property at the resulting foreclosure sale (the "Deed of Trust Foreclosure" or the "Trustee Sale").
- 14. Plaintiff recorded its Trustee's Deed Upon Sale on January 7, 2014 (the "Ocwen Deed") as instrument Number 201401070000775.

2. The Litigation

a. Litigation Related to Ocwen's Initial Complaint

15. Ocwen filed its initial Complaint commencing this action on February 19, 2014. Chersus was the sole Defendant in the Complaint. In its Complaint, Ocwen alleged it is the owner of the Property. Ocwen alleged it obtained its ownership interest in the Property via the Deed of Trust Foreclosure. Ocwen alleged that any interest First 100 may have obtained in the Property was subject to the Deed of Trust and that the Deed of Trust Foreclosure extinguished First 100's interest

in the Property; and any interest Chersus may have acquired in the Property. Ocwen asserted claims for quiet title, and declaratory relief.

16. Chersus filed its Answer and Counterclaim on March 28, 2014. Chersus denied the material allegations in the Complaint. In its Counterclaim, Chersus alleged that on November 13, 2014, First 100 put GMAC and Ocwen on actual notice that the HOA Lien had been foreclosed upon and the Deed of Trust had been extinguished. Chersus alleged Ocwen was on constructive and actual notice of the HOA Foreclosure. Yet, despite such notice Plaintiff wrongfully proceeded to acquire the Property vial the Deed of Trust Foreclosure. Chersus asserted claims for wrongful foreclosure, quiet title, declaratory relief, and conversion.

17. Plaintiff filed a Motion for Summary Judgment in April 2014. Defendant filed its Opposition and a Countermotion for Summary Judgment (the "First MSJ Motions").

b. The SFR Decision.

18. During the pendency of the First MSJ Motions, the NV Supreme Court decided *SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A.*, 130 Nev. 742, 334 P.3d 408 (2014) (the "SFR Decision").

c. Plaintiff Files Amended Complaint.

- 19. Due to the SFR Decision, Plaintiff moved for leave to amend its complaint.
- 20. The Court granted Plaintiff's motion and it First Amended Complaint on June 24, 2016. In its First Amended Complaint, Plaintiff restated its allegations against First 100; and it added several defendants including, the HOA, Red Rock Financial Services LLC, ("Red Rock") and United Legal Services, Inc. ("United").

d. Allegations Included In First Amended Complaint Against Chersus

(1) The Deed of Trust Priority Allegations.

21. Plaintiff alleged: (a) any interest First 100 may have obtained in the Property was subject to the Deed of Trust; (b) the Deed of Trust Foreclosure extinguished any interest that First 100 or Chersus had in the Property; and (c) the HOA sale was invalid if it extinguished the Deed of Trust (the "Deed of Trust Priority Allegations").

(2) The Defective Notice Allegations

22. Plaintiff also alleged: (a) an HOA sale conducted pursuant to chapter NRS 116 must comply with NRS 116.31162 through NRS 116.31168; (b) a lender/holder of a beneficial interest in a senior deed of trust has a right to cure a delinquent HOA Lien to protect its interest; (c) Red Rock and ULS did not comply with all mailing and noticing requirements of NRS 116.31162-NRS 116.31168; (d) a recorded notice of default must describe the deficiency in payment; (e) the HOA Sale occurred without adequate notice to Plaintiff; (f) the HOA Sale occurred without notice to Plaintiff as to what portion of the HOA Lien, if any, that HOA and HOA trustee claimed constituted a superpriority lien; (g) the HOA Sale occurred without notice to Plaintiff whether the HOA was foreclosing on the superpriority portion of the lien, if any, or under the "non-superpriority" portion of the HOA Lien; (h) the HOA Sale occurred without notice to Plaintiff of the right to cure the delinquent assessment and the superpriority lien, if any; (i) the HOA sale was an invalid sale and cannot extinguish Plaintiff's secured interest because of the defective notices; (j) the HOA foreclosure notices included improper fees and costs in the amount required to cure, thus invalidating the HOA Lien (the "Defective Notice Allegations").

(3) The Statutory Allegations

23. Plaintiff also alleged: (a) per NRS Chapter 116, a lien under NRS 116.3116 (1) can only include costs and fees that are specifically enumerated in the statute; (b) a HOA may only collect as part of the superpriority lien nuisance abatement charges and nine months of common assessments (unless Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac regulations require a shorter period of not less than six months); (c) the attorney's fees and costs of collecting an HOA Lien cannot be included in the lien or superpriority lien; (d) upon information and belief the HOA Lien is unlawful and void under NRS 116.3102 et seq. (the "Statutory Allegations").

(4) The Constitutional Allegations

24. Plaintiff alleged that the HOA Sale and NRS Chapter 116 were unconstitutional (the "Constitutional Allegations").

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25. Plaintiff alleged: (a) the CC&Rs for the HOA provided the HOA Lien was subordinate to the Plaintiff's Deed of Trust; (b) the CC&Rs had a mortgagee protection clause; (c) due to the mortgagee protection clause, and the lack of notice, Plaintiff did not know it had to attend the HOA Sale to protect its Deed of Trust (the "CC&R Allegations").

(6) The Commercially Unreasonable Allegations

26. Plaintiff alleged the HOA Sale was required to be performed in a commercially reasonable manner and Defendants failed to do so. Thus, the HOA sale was invalid. Plaintiff alleged the HOA Sale was not commercially reasonable because: (a) the fair market value of the Property, at the time of the sale, greatly exceeded the purchase price; and (b) notice of the correct superpriority amount was not provided. Plaintiff also referenced the mortgagee protection clause and alleged that potential bidders were aware of the mortgagee protection clause.

27. Based on this alleged knowledge of potential bidders, Plaintiff alleged on the sale was commercially unreasonable because: (a) proper notice that the HOA intended to foreclose on the superpriority portion of the dues owing was not given; causing prospective bidders to not appear for the HOA Sale; (b) proper notice was not given prospective bidders did not appear for the sale; (c) Defendants knew Plaintiff would rely on the mortgagee protection clause and Plaintiff would not know the HOA was foreclosing on superpriority amounts, due to the lack of notice, which resulted in Plaintiff being absent; thereby allowing First 100 to acquire the property for a fraction of market value. (d) Defendants knew (I) prospective bidders would be less likely to attend the HOA Sale due to the mortgagee protection clause, (II) there would be an absence of prospective bidders. Plaintiff made various allegations that the HOA Sale and NRS Chapter 116 were unconstitutional (the "Commercially Unreasonable Allegations").

(7) The HOA's Duties Allegations

28. Plaintiff alleged the circumstances of the HOA sale breached the HOA's and HOA's trustee's obligations of good faith under NRS 116.1113 and their duty to act in a commercially reasonable manner (the "HOA's Duties Allegations").

(8) The BFP Allegations

29. Plaintiff alleged: (a) First 100 and Chersus are "professional foreclosure sale purchasers;" (b) First 100 and Chersus had actual, constructive or inquiry notice of Plaintiff's Deed of Trust; and (c) because of their "notice" of the Deed of Trust, and their status as "professional foreclosure sale purchasers," First 100 or Chersus cannot be deemed bona fide purchasers for value (the "BFP Allegations").

(9) Plaintiff's Damages Allegations

- 30. Plaintiff alleged that if its Deed of Trust was not reaffirmed or restored, it was entitled to damages from the HOA in the amount of the fair market value of the Property, or the unpaid balance of due under Deed of Trust and underlying note, at the time of the HOA Sale, whichever is greater ("Plaintiff's Damages Allegations").
- 31. Based on the allegations above, Plaintiff asserted claims for (a) Quiet Title and Declaratory relief; (b) Preliminary and permanent injunctions; (c) Wrongful foreclosure against the HOA, Red Rock, and ULS; (d) Negligence versus the HOA, Red Rock and ULS; (e) Negligence per se versus the HOA, Red Rock, and ULS; (f) Breach of contract versus the HOA, Red Rock and ULS; (g) Misrepresentation versus the HOA; (h) Unjust enrichment versus the HOA; (i) Tortious interference with contract.

e. Chersus's Counterclaims

32. On July 29, 2016, Chersus filed its Answer to the First Amended Complaint and asserted a Counterclaim against Plaintiff. Chersus denied the material allegations of the First Amended Complaint and it asserted Counterclaims against Ocwen as follows.

(1) The Chersus Title Allegations

33. Chersus alleged: (a) the First 100 Foreclosure Deed conveyed the Property to First 100; (b) the HOA Sale was held per NRS Chapter 116 and the HOA Sale foreclosed the HOA Lien; (c) on October 23, 2013, First 100, LLC sold the Property to Defendant Chersus and recorded the Chersus Deed on January 13, 2014 (the "Chersus Title Allegations").

(2) The Ocwen Foreclosure Allegations

34. Chersus alleged: (a) on November 13, 2014, First 100 put Plaintiff and its agents on actual notice that the HOA Lien had been foreclosed on and the Deed of Trust was extinguished; (b)

in this case and her testimony: (1) authenticated mailing affidavits signed by Red Rock employees

that state how many notices were signed and how many were mailed; (2) identified which notices are

sent by certified mail and first-class mail, which notices are sent by first-class mail only, (3) when

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specific notices are sent; (4) how skip-traces and title reports are used to identify addresses for the homeowners and others holding vested interests in the Property, (5) how Red Rock maintains "return receipts" it receives from certified mail; (6) how Red Rock maintains checklists for each type of notice that its employees are to follow when mailing notices and how this information is included in the employees' mailing affidavits; (7) how Red Rock uses a third-party vendor Walz to mail many of the notices; (8) how she knows that Walz maintains records proving it sent notices and (9) how she is able to access Walz's system and obtain proof that notices were mailed. Thus, the Court finds Red Rock sent the Lien for Delinquent Assessment Notices and the Notice of Default and Election to Sell in accordance with NRS Chapter116.

- 43. Ms. Trevino testified: (a) about payoff demands made by Cooper Castle on behalf of GMAC Mortgage, LLC, (b) that Red Rock provided Cooper Castle with an Accounting Ledger in response to its payoff demands; (c) Cooper Castle could have calculated the amount of the superpriority lien by using the Accounting Ledger; (d) Red Rock did not receive any communications from Cooper Castle after it sent them the Accounting Ledger; and (e) Red Rock never received payment of the HOA Lien or a partial payment of the HOA Lien.
- 44. Based on Ms. Trevino's testimony, the Court finds GMAC Mortgage, LLC and Ocwen had notice of the HOA Sale, they were provided with an Accounting Ledger, they could have calculated the amount of the superpriority lien. Thus, GMAC and Ocwen could have calculated and paid the superpriority lien, the full HOA Lien, or any amount in between those two amounts. However, neither GMAC nor Ocwen paid any portion of the HOA Lien.
- (2) Deposition Testimony of ULS's NRCP 30(b)(6) witness, Robert Atkinson
- 45. ULS's NRCP 30(b)(6) witness, Robert Atkinson, testified about the notices ULS mailed out in this case and he: (a) authenticated the Notice of Foreclosure sale sent in this case and he explained how it was mailed; (b) described how ULS conducts its own thorough investigation of the "land records;" including the Assessor's Records to make sure they have the best addresses for the property-owners and other parties holding vested interests in the Property; (c) authenticated the "bulk form certificate of mail," known as Postal Service Form 3877; which evidences the notices were delivered to the post-office and handed to a post-office clerk; (d) explains how ULS completed

the form by filling in the addresses for the Notices and by putting slashes on any unused lines; (e) explains how the Post-Office Clerk goes and confirms and matches each address to each address on the bulk form; (f) explains how once everything passes, the Post-Office Clerk verifies the mailing with a stamp and gives the original back to ULS. The bulk form shows the Notices of Foreclosure Sale were sent to GMAC Mortgage, LLC and Cooper Castle Law Firm, LLP. Based on this testimony the Court finds ULS sent the Notices of Foreclosure in compliance with NRS 116.31162 through 116.31168.

- 46. ULS did not receive any payments prior to the HOA Sale.
- 47. The HOA Sale occurred on a Saturday at Attorney Robert Atkinson's office.
- 48. Mr. Atkinson testified that he conducted HOA sales on Saturday mornings because his office did not have a conference room with closed doors and he did not want "a bunch of randoms" wandering around his law office. He also testified: (a) he conducted the auction; (b) he recalled the auction was well attended; (c) it was reasonable to infer that there was active bidding based on the \$3,500 sales price; (d) a "core number of NRS 116 type buyers" usually always showed up for HOA sales that he conducted in his office; and (e) many buyers attended foreclosure sales he conducted for the HOA and purchased homes at the foreclosure sales he conducted for the HOA.
- 49. Mr. Atkinson testified about the Purchase and Sale Agreement ("PSA") between the HOA and First 100. Pursuant to the PSA, First 100 purchased "Past Proceeds of Income" ("PPI") for 24 delinquent properties from the HOA. The PSA was negotiated in an "arms-length" tri-partite agreement between First 100, the HOA, and ULS. Thus, the PSA did not affect the relationship between the HOA and the Harrisons.
- 50. The amount of \$1,208.28 was an amount assigned to PPI for the Property. This amount was based on a calculation that First 100 made in connection with evaluating the value of the PPI related to the Property as part of the overall transaction.
- 51. First 100 paid the amount of the PPI provided for in the PSA. Pursuant to the PSA, First 100 paid ULS's fees of \$1,200.00 and certain fees owed to Red Rock. First 100 paid \$3,500.00 to the HOA at the HOA Sale.

- 52. Mr. Atkinson described how ULS worked with First 100 and homeowners' associations on the drafting of purchase and sales agreements like the PSA in this case. Mr. Atkinson testified that First 100 routinely used the same form of purchase agreement.
- 53. The PSA provided for the purchase of "Past Proceeds of Income" ("PPI"), and it is akin to a factoring agreement. The PSA did not amount the sale of the HOA Lien. Nothing in the PSA changed the fact that the HOA Lien belonged to the HOA. Pursuant to the PSA, First 100 purchased the right to receive all future monetization events related to the PPI.
- 54. The PSA provided that the HOA would retain ULS for collection efforts, including any efforts related to the foreclosure of the HOA Lien.
- 55. The PSA provided that if ULS foreclosed on the HOA Lien, the minimum bid at the foreclosure sale would be \$99. The PSA prohibited the HOA for making a credit bid and it prohibited the HOA from interfering with any collection efforts.
- 56. Mr. Atkinson testified that, based on his experience, HOAs did not want to end up being the winning bidder for a property based on a credit bid. Based on his experience, Mr. Atkinson stated the HOAs did not want to be responsible for paying assessments, cleaning up the property, being subject to self-compliance fines, or being responsible for kicking out squatters.
- 57. Based on his experience, Mr. Atkinson testified that HOAs were also afraid to take properties to auction given the legal uncertainties surrounding HOA foreclosure sales.
- (3) Deposition Testimony of Chersus's NRCP 30(b)(6) witness, Jag Mehta.
 - 58. Mr. Mehta testified Chersus spent approximately \$40,000 in repairs on the Property.
 - 59. Plaintiff, Chersus, and the HOA filed competing Motions for Summary Judgment.

II. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

A. Summary Judgment Standard

60. N.R.C.P. Rule 56(e) states that summary judgment is in order when:

The pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, and admissions on file, together with the affidavits, if any, show that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law.

61. A genuine issue of material feet exists only when the evidence is adequate to where a reasonable jury" would return a verdict for the non-moving party. *Dermody v. Reno*, 113 Nev. 207, 210 (1997). The Court will accept as true only properly supported factual allegations and reasonable inferences of the party opposing summary judgment. *Wayment v. Holmes*, 112 Nev. 232, 237 (1996). "Conclusory allegations and general statements unsupported by evidence creating an issue of fact will not be accepted as true." *Id*.

62. The Nevada Supreme Court has provided additional clarity on the standards governing summary judgment motions. See, Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 Nev. 724, 121 P. 3d 1026 (2005). In Wood, the Court "put to rest any questions regarding the continued viability of the 'slightest doubt' standard," when it held that the "substantive law controls which factual disputes are material and will preclude summary judgment; other factual disputes are irrelevant." Id. Summary judgment is particularly appropriate where issues of law are controlling and dispositive of the case. American Fence, Inc. v. Wham, 95 Nev. 788, 792, 603 P. 2d 274 (1979).

B. NRS 116.3116 Granted to the HOA a Superpriority Lien That Had Priority Over the Deed of Trust in Favor of GMAC Mortgage, LLC and, as a Result GMAC Mortgage, LLC's Deed of Trust Was Extinguished at the HOA Sale.

63. NRS 116.3116 provides in part:

Liens against units for assessments.

1. The association has a lien on a unit for any construction penalty that is imposed against the unit's owner pursuant to NRS 116.310305, any assessment levied against that unit or any fines imposed against the unit's owner from the time the construction penalty, assessment or fine becomes due. Unless the declaration otherwise provides, any penalties, fees, charges, late charges, fines and interest charged pursuant to paragraphs (j) to (n), inclusive, of subsection 1 of NRS 116.3102 are enforceable as assessments under this section. If an assessment is payable in installments, the full amount of the assessment is a lien from the time the first installment thereof becomes due.

2. A lien under this section is prior to all other liens and encumbrances on a unit except:

(a) Liens and encumbrances recorded before the recordation of the declaration and, in a cooperative, liens and encumbrances which the association creates, assumes or takes subject to;

- (b) A first security interest on the unit recorded before the date on which the assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent or, in a cooperative, the first security interest encumbering only the unit's owner's interest and perfected before the date on which the assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent; and
- (c) Liens for real estate taxes and other governmental assessments or charges against the unit or cooperative.
- 64. Subsection 3 of NRS 116.3116 provides the lien created thereunder has priority over all security interests described in paragraph (b) of subsection 2 to the extent of:
 - (a) any charges incurred by the association on a unit pursuant to NRS 116.310312;
 - (b) The unpaid amount of assessments, not to exceed an amount equal to assessments for common expenses based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to NRS 116.3115 which would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the 9 months immediately preceding the date on which the notice of default and election to sell is recorded pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 116.31162; and
 - (c) The costs incurred by the association to enforce the lien in an amount not to exceed the amounts set forth in subsection 5....
- 65. By its clear terms, NRS 116.3116 (2) provides the superpriority lien for assessments which have come due in the 9 months prior to the initiation of an action to enforce the lien are "prior to all security interests described in paragraph (b)." The Deed of Trust held by GMAC Mortgage, LLC falls squarely within the language of paragraph (b). The statutory language does not limit the nature of this "priority" in any way.
- 66. In its decision of SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC v. US. Bank, NA., 334 P.3d 408, 411-412, 130 Nev. Adv. Rep. 75 (2014), the Supreme Court held that the foreclosure of the HOA superpriority lien extinguishes first trust deeds. The SFR Decision holds the 9-month HOA superpriority lien has precedence over the mortgage lien, and that the proper foreclosure of the HOA superpriority lien extinguishes a first trust deed.
- 67. In the case at bar, the HOA Sale resulted in the foreclosure of the HOA's superpriority lien on the Property. Consequently, when First 100 purchased the Property at the HOA Sale, it extinguished the Deed of Trust in favor of GMAC Mortgage, LLC.
- 68. When First 100 conveyed the Property to Defendant Chersus, the Property was not subject to the Deed of Trust in favor of GMAC Mortgage, LLC.

provided any other evidence that the recitals are not accurate. Further, as is set forth in Section II(D) below, Plaintiff has produced no evidence of fraud, unfairness, or oppression.

74. Thus, the recitals in First 100's Deed of Foreclosure are deemed to be conclusive proof that the HOA complied with the notice requirements of NRS Chapter 116.

2. Per the "Mailbox Rule," GMAC Mortgage, LLC Presumptively Received All of the Notices Required Per NRS 116.31162 through 116.31168.

75. Per the "mailbox rule," if the HOA's agents properly and timely mailed the required notices, a rebuttable presumption is raised that the beneficiary of the Deed of Trust received the notices. See Mahon v. Credit Bureau, Inc., 171 F.3d 1197, 1202-1203 (9th Cir. 1999). For the presumption to arise, the sender must establish the notice was sent. Id. The sender can establish the notice was sent by providing evidence of its standard business practices such as the use of computerized tracking and filing software and the use of procedures that ensure the number of outgoing notices correspond with the number of notices to be sent. Turner v. Dep't of Educ., 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 46421 (D. Haw. 2011) (citing Mahon, 171 F. 3d at 1199-1202).

76. Ms. Trevino's testimony about Red Rock's mailing procedures establishes the notices sent by Red Rock were sent. Further, Mr. Atkinson's testimony about ULS's mailing procedures establish the notices sent by ULS were sent. Thus, the Court finds GMAC Mortgage, LLC presumptively received all of the notices required per NRS 116.31162 through 116.31168.

D. FIRST 100'S PAYMENT TO THE HOA PURSUANT TO THE PSA WAS NOT RELATED TO THE HOA LIEN AND, THEREFORE, IT DID NOT DISCHARGE THE SUPERPRIORITY LIEN.

77. Ocwen contends that First 100's payment to the HOA, pursuant to the PSA, discharged the superpriority portion of the HOA Lien prior to the HOA sale. However, the PSA did not involve a sale of the HOA Lien. First 100 purchased the right to receive future monetization events related to the PPI.

78. The PSA did not affect the relationship between the Harrisons and the HOA in any way and First 100's payment to the HOA, pursuant to the PSA did not affect the HOA Lien in any way. Specifically, it did not discharge to superpriority portion of the HOA Lien.

79. In West Sunset 2050 Trust v. Nationstar Mortgage, 420 P. 3d 1032, (June 28, 2018), the Nevada Supreme Court recently considered a case almost identical to this case. In West Sunset 2050 Trust, the Toscano Homeowners Association ("Toscano"), pursuant to a similar purchase and sale agreement, sold to First 100 its "interest in any and all [proceeds on past income] arising from or relating to the [Property's] Delinquent Assessment. Id. at 1034.

- 80. In West Sunset 2050 Trust, the NV Supreme Court rejected Nationstar's argument that the purchase and sale agreement deprived HOA of standing to foreclose. 420 P3d. at 1036. The Court determined the purchase and sale agreement provided for the sale of proceeds on past income Id. The Court analogized the purchase and sale agreement to a "factoring agreement" and determined the "factoring agreement" did not change the fact that the property owner remained indebted to the HOA; and the property owner did not become indebted to First 100. Id at 1037.
- 81. The Court emphasized that the HOA retained the exclusive right to collect the HOA Lien, and it was required, through its agent, to continue collection efforts on past-due assessments. *Id.* Thus, the Court held that the "factoring agreement" did not affect the HOA's right to foreclose on the property and that the HOA sale was valid. *Id.*
- 82. Based on the facts of this case, and the Court's holding in *West Sunset 2050 Trust*, it is clear that First 100's payment to the HOA, pursuant to the PSA, did not affect the HOA Lien in any way; and it did not extinguish the superpriority portion of the HOA Lien.
 - E. OCWEN'S CONTENTION THAT THE HOA SALE WAS COMMERICIALLY UNREASONABLE IS WITHOUT MERIT BECAUSE THE HOA SALE WAS VALID AND DEFENDANT FAILED TO PRODUCE ANY EVIDENCE THAT FRAUD, UNFAIRNESS, OR OPPRESSION AFFECTED THE SALE.
- 83. Plaintiff contends that the sale was commercially unreasonable because the sales price paid by First 100 at the HOA Sale was grossly inadequate; and because there was evidence that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale. See Shadow Wood Homeowners Ass'n v. New York Cmty. Bancorp. Inc., 366 P.3d 1105, 1112 (Nev. 2016).
- 84. In *Shadow Wood*, the NV Supreme Court held that NRS 116.31166 did not preclude courts from granting equitable relief from a defective foreclosure sale when appropriate. 366 P.3d at

1110-1111. In this regard, the Court held that a foreclosure sale could be set aside if there was a grossly inadequate sales price, and a showing of fraud, unfairness, or oppression. *Id*.

85. In *Nationstar Mortg.*, *LLC v. Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon*, 405 P.3d 641, 643-44, the Nevada Supreme Court clarified that inadequacy of price alone is not a sufficient ground for setting aside foreclosure sale. *Id.* The Court further held that the party seeking to set aside the sale had the burden of proving that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale. *Id.*

86. The Court also rejected the application of the commercial reasonableness standard from UCC Article 9. *Id.* at 646. Thus, Plaintiff's arguments that the sale was commercially unreasonable based on UCC Article 9 must be rejected.

87. A district court cannot grant equitable relief when an adequate remedy at law exists. Las Vegas Valley Water Dist. v. Curtis Park Manor Water Users Ass'n, 98 Nev. 275, 278 (1982). The failure to utilize legal remedies makes granting equitable remedies unlikely. Bayview Loan Servicing, LLC v. SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 41309 (D. Nev. 2017).

(1) The HOA Sale Was Valid and Equitable Relief Is Not Warranted.

88. As stated above, based on the facts of this case, and the Nevada Supreme Court's holding in *West Sunset 2050 Trust v. Nationstar Mortg., LLC*, 420 P.3d 1032 (2018), the Court has determined that the HOA Sale was valid. Therefore, the Court does not have authority to grant equitable relief to the Plaintiff in this case. *Las Vegas Valley Water Dist.*, 98 Nev. at 278.

89. In this regard, it must also be noted that GMAC Mortgage, LLC and Plaintiff were aware of the HOA Sale and they could have paid, or at least tendered, the amount of the superpriority portion of the HOA Lien. Their failure to exercise adequate remedies at law precludes the granting of equitable relief in this case.

(2) Even If Equitable Arguments Were Available to Plaintiff, It Failed to Show Fraud, Unfairness, or Oppression Affected the HOA Sale.

90. To support of its contention that the HOA Sale was Commercially Unreasonable, Plaintiff offered the report of expert witness, R. Scott Dugan to show that the price paid at the HOA Sale was grossly inadequate. Mr. Dugan opined that the value of the Property was \$148,000 as of the date of the HOA Sale. Plaintiff submitted that the \$3,500.00 paid by First 100 was 2.6% of the value

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27 28 of the Property. Chersus did not produce an expert report disputing Mr. Dugan's analysis. However, it contended First 100 and Chersus paid far more than \$3,500.00 to acquire the Property.

- 91. Whether the price paid at the HOA Sale was grossly inadequate need not be resolved because Plaintiff has failed to show that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale.
- 92. In support of its contention that there was evidence that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale, Plaintiff argued:
 - a. The HOA Sale was not conducted during normal business hours. The HOA Sale took place on Saturday, May 25, 2013, at 9:00 a.m. at ULS's office - 8965 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 350, Las Vegas, NV 89123.
 - b. The HOA, ULS and First 100 colluded to ensure that First 100 would obtain this Property at the HOA Sale. Their PSA set the minimum bid at \$99, and prohibited the HOA from making a credit bid at the HOA Sale or otherwise interfering with First 100's efforts to collect on the account or acquire the Property.
 - c. The HOA relinquished all authority to control the HOA Sale and irrevocably made ULS its collection agent and foreclosure trustee for First 100.
 - d. Even though the HOA Sale allegedly took place in the HOA's name, all actions were conducted for the benefit of First 100 pursuant to its agreement with the HOA.
 - e. There is fraud, oppression and unfairness associated with the foreclosure sale because the HOA put the public on constructive notice in its CC&Rs—including First 100, and other prospective bidders — that the HOA's foreclosure would not disturb the first Deed of Trust. The CC&Rs applicable to this Property contain two relevant provisions (the "Mortgagee Protection Clauses"), which represented to the world the HOA's foreclosure would not extinguish the Deed of Trust.
 - 93. These arguments do not show that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale.
- 94. The fact that the HOA Sale took place on Saturday, May 25, 2013, at 9:00 a.m. at ULS's office - 8965 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 350, Las Vegas, NV 89123 does not demonstrate the sale was patently unfair, fraudulent, or oppressive. In fact, ULS's NRCP 30(b)(6) witness, Robert Atkinson testified he conducted HOA Sales on Saturday because his office did not have a conference room and he did not want potential bidders wandering around his office. He also testified that he conducted the auction and he recalled the auction was well attended. He also testified it was reasonable to infer there was active bidding based on the \$3,500 sales price. He testified a "core number of NRS 116 type buyers" usually always showed up for HOA sales he conducted in his

office. He testified many buyers attended foreclosure sales he conducted for the HOA and they purchased homes at the foreclosure sales he conducted for the HOA. Thus, Plaintiff has failed to show that conducting the HOA Sale on Saturday affected the HOA Sale.

95. Similarly, Plaintiff failed to show the HOA, ULS and First 100 colluded to ensure that First 100 would obtain the Property at the HOA Sale. Mr. Atkinson testified a "core number of NRS 116 type buyers" usually always showed up for HOA sales he conducted in his office. He testified many buyers, other than First 100, attended foreclosure sales he conducted for the HOA and purchased homes at the foreclosure sales he conducted for the HOA.

96. The Court's holding in *West Sunset 2050 Trust v. Nationstar Mortg., LLC*, 420 P.3d 1032, 1037 (2018), is also contrary to the Plaintiff's contention that the HOA, ULS, and First 100 unlawfully colluded. The Court analogized First 100's purchase and sale agreement to a "factoring agreement" and held factoring agreements serve the valid purpose of providing HOAs with immediate access to cash, and help them meet their perpetual upkeep obligations. The Court added it was disinclined to interfere with the HOA's use of factoring agreements absent a theory as to how factoring agreements result in harm.

97. In this case, the PSA signed by the HOA, ULS, and First 100 was akin to a "factoring agreement" and it served the valid purpose of providing the HOA with access to cash. Plaintiff has failed to provide any evidence that the HOA, ULS, and First 100 unlawfully colluded.

98. Similarly, Plaintiff's other contentions related to the PSA do not show that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale. First, contrary to Plaintiff's complaints regarding the \$99.00 minimum bid, Mr. Atkinson testified that he was not aware of any statutory requirement in NRS Chapter 116 to establish a minimum bid; and the minimum bid was set at \$99.00 in the valid PSA to encourage bidding. Next, contrary to Plaintiff's complaints that the HOA was prohibited from making a credit bid, Mr. Atkinson testified, in his experience, HOAs did not want to acquire a property via a credit bid because they did not want to be responsible for paying assessments, cleaning up the property, being subject to self-compliance fines, or being responsible for kicking out squatters. Finally, Plaintiff's complaints that all actions were conducted for the benefit of First 100 pursuant to the PSA did not improperly affect the sale. In West Sunset 2050 Trust, the Court

 recognized and did not object that the agreement required the HOA's agent to remit payments to First 100. Again, Plaintiff's references to the PSA fail to show that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale.

99. Plaintiff also argues there was fraud, oppression and unfairness associated with the foreclosure sale because the HOA put the public on constructive notice in its CC&Rs, that the HOA's foreclosure would not disturb the first Deed of Trust. In support of its argument, Plaintiff cited to the United State District Court's holding in Zzyzx 2 v. Dizon, No, 2:13-CV-1307, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 39467, 2016 WL 1181666 (D. Nev. 2016).

100. In *United States Bank N.A. v. Vistas Homeowners Ass'n*, 2018 Nev. Unpub. LEXIS 1146 (December 14, 2018) the Nevada Supreme Court rejected the appellant's argument that the CC&R's mortgagee protection clause was evidence of unfairness. In opining that it was not persuaded that evidence regarding the mortgage protection clause constituted unfairness, the Court noted the appellant had not provided any evidence that potential bidders were misled by the CC&R's protective covenant and that the bidding was chilled. *Id.* at *1. The court also noted that it must presume that any bidders at the HOA Sale were also aware of NRS 116.1104, and therefore, they were not misled. *Id.* at *2.

101. In *Vistas Homeowners*, the Court distinguished *Zzyzx 2* because, in *Zzyzx 2*, the HOA sent a letter to the deed of trust beneficiary that it did not need to protect the Deed of Trust. *Id.* at fn. 2. The HOA in *Vistas Homeowners* did not send such a letter. *Id.*

102. In *Vistas Homeowners*, the Court also pointed out that in *SFR Inv. Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A.*, 334 P.3d 408, (2014), it had held that nothing in NRS 116.3116 expressly provides for the waiver of the HOA's rights under NRS Chapter 116. *Id.* at *2. The Court determined that the protective covenant in the *Vistas Homeowners* CC&R was not distinguishable from the covenant at issue in *SFR*. *Id.*

103. Like the appellant in *Vistas Homeowners*, Plaintiff has failed to produce any evidence showing the mortgagee protection clause in this case created unfairness. Further, Plaintiff failed to produce any evidence that potential bidders were misled by the CC&R's protective covenant and that bidding was chilled. Further, the Nevada Supreme Court's holding in *SFR* also applies in this

case and Plaintiff has failed to produce any evidence that mortgagee protection clause in this case is distinguishable from the clauses in *SFR* or *Vistas Homeowners*.

F. PLAINTIFF'S CONTENTIONS THAT NEITHER FIRST 100 NOR CHERSUS WERE BONA FIDE PURCHASERS ARE IRRELEVANT.

- 104. Plaintiff argues that the HOA Sale was not valid because neither First 100 nor Chersus is a bona fide purchaser because they purchased the property with notice of Ocwen's interest in the property.
 - 105. Defendant Chersus disputes Plaintiff's contention it was not a bona fide purchaser.
- 106. Again, however, the Nevada Supreme Court recently held in *West Sunset 2050 Trust*, that since the underlying HOA sale was valid, the Court did not need to resolve a dispute as to whether First 100 and Chersus were bona fide purchasers, 420 P 3d. at 1037.
- 107. Again, this Court holds the HOA Sale was a valid sale and Plaintiff is not entitled to any equitable relief. Thus, Plaintiff's arguments about whether First 100, LLC or Defendant Chersus were bona fide purchasers are irrelevant.

G. CHERSUS IS ENTITLED TO JUDGMENT ON ITS COUNTERCLAIMS AS TO ITS FIRST, SECOND, THIRD, FOURTH, AND FIFTH CAUSES OF ACTION, AS A MATTER OF LAW.

108. Chersus has proven that the undisputed facts and circumstances surrounding the HOA Sale. Chersus has also demonstrated it is entitled to judgment on its Counterclaims as to its First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Causes of Action, as a matter of law. At the MSJ Hearing, Chersus agreed to voluntarily dismiss its Sixth Cause of Action.

1. Wrongful Foreclosure

109. In support of its claim for wrongful foreclosure, Chersus established that at the time GMAC Mortgage, LLC exercised the power of sale and foreclosed, that no breach of condition or failure of performance existed on Chersus's part which would have authorized the foreclosure or exercise of the power of sale. There is no dispute that when GMAC Mortgage, LLC exercised the power of sale and foreclosed, its Deed of Trust had been extinguished by the foreclosure sale. There is no dispute that GMAC Mortgage, LLC and Plaintiff knew that after the HOA Sale: (1) GMAC Mortgage, LLC had no interest in the Property; (2) GMAC Mortgage, LLC had no authority

whatsoever to authorize the foreclosure or exercise the power of sale that had been extinguished by the HOA Foreclosure sale; (3) GMAC Mortgage, LLC had no authority to convey the Property to Plaintiff; and (4) Plaintiff had no right or authority to take possession of the Property.

110. Thus, the authorization of the foreclosure sale, the exercise of the power of sale, the sale to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff's taking possession of the Property was clearly wrongful and Chersus is entitled to summary judgment on its wrongful foreclosure claim as a matter of law.

111. There may be genuine issues of material fact regarding the amount of damages that should be awarded to Defendant Chersus for Wrongful Foreclosure. Accordingly, the Court shall conduct a separate evidentiary hearing to determine any amounts Plaintiff may owe to Defendant Chersus based on Defendant Chersus's claims for Trespass and Conversion.

2. Quiet Title

- 112. Chersus has shown the undisputed facts and circumstances surrounding the HOA sale, prove it is the rightful owner of the Property via chain of title starting with First 100's purchase of the Property at the HOA Sale and reflected in the deed recorded May 29, 2013.
- 113. Chersus has shown that Ocwen had actual and constructive notice of First 100's superior claim to the Property.
- 114. Chersus has shown that the Deed of Trust, in which Ocwen purportedly holds an interest, was extinguished at the HOA Sale. Thus, Ocwen did not acquire any interest in the Property when it purportedly acquired the Property pursuant to the Trustee's Deed Upon Sale.
- 115. Thus, this Court holds that Chersus is entitled to an order quieting title to the Property in favor of Chersus. The Court will enter a separate order quieting title in favor of Chersus that incorporates these Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law by reference.
- 116. Chersus further claims that it is entitled to recover the attorney's fees and costs it incurred in this matter. However, Chersus's counsel has not yet submitted a memorandum of costs or an Application for Attorney's Fees that addresses the *Brunzell v. Golden Gate Bank* (the "Brunzell Factors"). *See Miller v. Wilfong*, 121 Nev. 619, 623 (2005). The Court will consider Chersus's Memorandum of Costs and Application for Attorney's Fees separately from Chersus's Motion for Summary Judgment.

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3. Declaratory Relief

- 117. In its Third Cause of Action, Chersus asserts a dispute has arisen with Ocwen that is ripe for adjudication, specifically, concerning the ownership of the Property and interpretation of NRS of 116.3116 et. seq.
- 118. Chersus contends that per NRS 30.030 and 30.040, it is entitled to declaratory relief concerning the proper interpretation and enforcement of the NRS 116.3116 et. seq.
- 119. Chersus has shown the undisputed facts and circumstances surrounding the HOA Sale prove it is the rightful owner of the Property via chain of title starting with First 100's purchase of the Property at the HOA Sale and reflected in the deed recorded May 29, 2013.
- 120. Chersus has shown that Ocwen had actual and constructive notice of First 100's superior claim to the Property.
- 121. Chersus has shown the Deed of Trust, in which Ocwen purportedly holds an interest, was extinguished at the HOA Sale. Thus, Ocwen did not acquire any interest in the Property when it purportedly acquired the Property pursuant to the Trustee's Deed Upon Sale.
- 122. Thus, this Court holds that Chersus is entitled to an order declaring it is the lawful owner of the Property, it holds fee simple title to the Property, and the Property is not subject to the Deed of Trust. The Court will enter a separate order to this effect that incorporates these Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law by reference.
- 123. Chersus further claims that it is entitled to recover the attorney's fees and costs it incurred in this matter. As stated above, the Court will consider Chersus's Memorandum of Costs and Application for Attorney's Fees separately from this Motion for Summary Judgment.

4. Trespass and Conversion

- 124. Plaintiff wrongfully deprived Chersus of its right to own and possess the Property. The Property includes the land and the appurtenant structures (the "Real Property"); and any improvements that may be considered personal property (the "Personal Property").
- 125. Defendant Chersus admitted that it incorrectly partially labeled this Cause of Action as a Cause of Action for "Conversion," and that it should have labeled the Cause of Action as one for Trespass and Conversion.

126. In its REPLY TO OCWEN'S OPPOSITION TO CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC's MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT ("Reply Brief") filed on January 13, 2019, and at the MSJ Hearing, Defendant Chersus requested, without objection, that the Court consider the Cause of Action to apply to claims for Trespass and Conversion.

127. In support of its request, Defendant Chersus noted the allegations supporting the Cause of Action refer to Chersus's "Property" and the allegations do not distinguish between Real Property and Personal Property. Defendant Chersus also noted whether Plaintiff's actions amount to Conversion or Trespass turns on the character of the property over which Plaintiff wrongfully exercised control. *See e.g. Countrywide Home Loans, Inc. v. Thitchener*, 124 Nev. 725 (2008) (citing NRS 40.170). Thus, Defendant Chersus contended that the Cause of Action properly alleged facts that support claims based on Trespass and Conversion.

128. Defendant Chersus contends that it is undisputed that Plaintiff wrongfully exercised control over its Real Property and Personal Property. Defendant Chersus further contends that when the complaint was drafted, the nature of its interest in its Property was not clear. However, as a result of the discovery completed in this case, it has long been clear that Chersus's damages include loss of rental income; which would be based on a claim for Trespass. It has also long been clear that Chersus's damages include loss of the use/value of its improvements; which likely include personal property. Chersus claims for damages related to personal property would be based on a claim for Conversion.

129. Chersus also stated it its Reply Brief, and at the MSJ Hearing, that it understood that the measure of compensatory damages for Trespass and Conversion are similar to the measure of damages for quasi-contract/unjust enrichment. However, Chersus pointed out that punitive damages may be available for claims based on Trespass and Conversion.

130. Based on the contentions in its Reply Brief, and at the MSJ Hearing, the Court construes Chersus's Fourth Cause of Action to be based on claims for Trespass and Conversion.

131. There may be genuine issues of material fact regarding the amount of damages that could be awarded to Defendant Chersus for its claims for Trespass and Conversion. Accordingly, the

Court shall conduct a separate evidentiary hearing to determine any amounts Plaintiff may owe to Defendant Chersus based on Defendant Chersus's claims for Trespass and Conversion.

5. Unjust Enrichment

132. In support of its claim for Unjust Enrichment, Defendant Chersus pointed out that the appraisal performed by Plaintiff's expert appraiser Scott Dugan proves that Plaintiff is the record owner of the Property pursuant to a Deed recorded January 13, 2014. In addition, the appraisal indisputably shows Mr. Dugan estimated the monthly market rent to be \$1,050.00.

133. In this case, there was no contract between Plaintiff and Defendant Chersus. It is well established that a court will imply a quasi-contract to grant unjust enrichment where there is no legal contract but the person sought to be charged is in possession of property which in good conscience and justice should not be retained. Lease Partners Corp. v. Robert L. Brooks Trust Dated Nov. 12, 1975, 113 Nev. 747, 756 (1997). Further, in Asphalt Prods. Corp. v. All Star Ready Mix, 111 Nev. 799 (1995), the Nevada Supreme Court determined that the seller prevailed on its claim for unjust enrichment. As a result, the court compelled the buyer to pay the reasonable rental value for use of the tractor after the buyer failed to obtain financing according to an unenforceable sales agreement.

134. Accordingly, this Court imposes a quasi-contract upon Plaintiff and it compels Plaintiff to pay Defendant Chersus the reasonable rental value of the property as established by Plaintiff's expert's appraisal.

135. In addition to payment for the reasonable rental value of the property, Plaintiff is liable to Defendant Chersus because Plaintiff was unjustly enriched by any improvements that Defendant Chersus made to the Property.

136. There appear to be genuine issues of material dispute regarding the amount of any improvements made by Defendant Chersus. Accordingly, the Court shall conduct a separate evidentiary hearing to determine any amounts Plaintiff may owe to Defendant Chersus for improvements that Chersus made to the Property.

H. THE HOA IS ENTITLED TO JUDGMENT AS A MATTER OF LAW.

137. The Findings of Fact set forth above, and the Conclusions of Law vis-à-vis Plaintiff and Defendant Chersus, also demonstrate the HOA is entitled to judgment as a matter of law.

1. Injunctive Relief

- 138. Ocwen asserts a cause of action for a preliminary and permanent injunction against the HOA seeking an order prohibiting Defendant Chersus from selling, transferring or encumbering the Property.
- 139. The HOA has never claimed an ownership interest in the Property and the allegations in this cause of action are not directed at the HOA.
- 140. Moreover, a request for injunctive relief by itself does not state a cause of action. *Jensen v. Quality Loan Serv. Corp*, 702 F. Supp. 2d 1183, 1201 (E.D. Ca. 2010). Accordingly, the Court dismisses with prejudice Ocwen's Cause of Action for Injunctive Relief pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(5) for failure to state a cause of action.

2. Wrongful Foreclosure

- 141. Ocwen alleges the HOA wrongfully foreclosed based on the following contentions: (a) the HOA did not comply with mailing and notice requirements; (2) the HOA foreclosure sale "violated applicable law;" and (3) the HOA foreclosure sale was not commercially reasonable.
- 142. As is stated in the Findings of Fact and in the Conclusions of Law supporting the Court's Order granting summary judgment in favor of Chersus, each of Ocwen's contentions fail as a matter of law. The Court again finds (1) that the HOA Sale was properly noticed pursuant to NRS Chapter 116, (2) that the HOA Sale was properly conducted pursuant to NRS Chapter 116, (3) that no other interest party at the time of the HOA Sale tendered the superpriority amount of the HOA's lien before the HOA Sale, (4) that the HOA was authorized to foreclose at the time of the HOA Sale. Thus, the HOA is entitled to summary judgment on Ocwen's cause of action for wrongful foreclosure.

3. Negligence and Negligence Per Se

143. As a preliminary matter, the Court notes that "negligence per se" is not an independent cause of action separate from the negligence claim but a legal theory affecting the standards of the

negligence claim. *US Bank, N.A. v. SFR Investments Pool I, LLC*, 3:15-CV-00241-RCJ-WGC, 2017 WL 2991359, at *1 (D. Nev. July 12, 2017). Accordingly, the Court addresses Ocwen's negligence and negligence per se causes of action as one negligence claim.

144. To prevail on a claim for negligence, a plaintiff adduce evidence that shows: (1) the defendant owed the plaintiff a duty of care; (2) the defendant breached that duty; (3) the breach was the legal cause of the plaintiff's injuries; and (4) the plaintiff suffered damages. Sadler v. PacifiCare of Nev., Inc., 340 P.3d 1264, 1267 (Nev. 2014).

145. With regard to its cause of action for negligence, Ocwen alleged: (a) the HOA owed a duty to Plaintiff to conduct the HOA Sale properly and in a manner that allowed them an opportunity to cure the super-priority lien; (b) the HOA breached its duty; (c) the breach was a proximate cause of damages; and (d) Ocwen suffered damages.

146. In its Motion for Summary Judgment, the HOA argued: (1) it did not owe a duty to Ocwen; (2) Ocwen produced no evidence that HOA breached any purported duty to Ocwen; and (3) any negligence claim Ocwen may have was barred by the economic loss doctrine. Ocwen disputed that its claim was barred by the economic loss doctrine.

147. As is stated in the Findings of Fact and in the Conclusions of Law that support the Court's Order granting summary judgment in favor of Chersus, the Court determined that the HOA Sale was properly noticed and conducted pursuant to NRS 116. Assuming, *arguendo*, that the HOA did owe a duty to Ocwen, there is no evidence that the HOA breached its duty, or engaged in any other type of negligent action. Thus, the Court grants the HOA's motion for summary judgment as to Ocwen's causes of action for negligence and negligence per se.

4. Breach of Contract

148. Ocwen alleged it was an intended beneficiary of the HOA's CC&Rs and the HOA breached the CC&Rs by the circumstances under which they conducted the HOA Sale.

149. In its Motion for Summary Judgment, the HOA contended it did not breach the CC&Rs based on the Nevada Supreme Court's decision in *SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A.*, 130 Nev. 742, 757-58, 334 P.3d 408, 419 (2014); where the Court recognized that NRS 116.1104 overrules mortgage protection clauses contained in CC&Rs. *See also* NRS 116.1104 (stating that

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NRS Chapter 116 provisions cannot be varied by agreement and rights cannot be waived except as provided by the statute)."

150. As is stated in the Findings of Fact and in the Conclusions of Law that support the Court's Order granting summary judgment in favor of Chersus, the Court has determined that the Nevada Supreme Court's holding in SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A., 130 Nev. 742, 757-58, 334 P.3d 408, 419 (2014), applies to this case, and as a result, the provisions of NRS Chapter 116 cannot be varied or waived by the CC&Rs. Accordingly, the Court grants the HOA's motion for summary judgment as to Ocwen's claim for breach of contract.

5. Negligent Misrepresentation

151. As to Negligent Misrepresentation, Ocwen alleged: (1) the HOA should have known that Ocwen would rely on the representations contained in the Mortgagee Protection Clause in the CC&Rs; (2) it justifiably relied on the representations contained in the Mortgagee Protection Clause in giving consideration for the Deed of Trust; (3) the HOA's representations about the Mortgagee Protection Clause were false; (4) the HOA knew, or should have known the representations in the CC&RS, including the Mortgagee Protection Clause, were false; (5) the HOA had a pecuniary interest in having Plaintiff rely on the CC&Rs, including the Mortgagee Protection Clause; and (6) the HOA failed to exercise reasonable care or competence in communicating the information within the provisions of the CC&Rs, including without limitation, the Mortgagee Protection Clause.

152. In its Motion for Summary Judgment, the HOA argued Ocwen's misrepresentation claim was barred by the economic loss doctrine. The HOA also argued the claim failed as a matter of law because NRS 116.1104 clearly and unambiguously states that NRS Chapter 116 provisions cannot be varied by agreement. Thus, Ocwen did not, and could not have, justifiably relied on any misrepresentations related to the Mortgagee Protection Clause. Ocwen disputed that its claim was barred by the economic loss doctrine. Ocwen also argued that based on ZYZZX2 v. Dizon, supra, it had set forth a viable claim for misrepresentation.

153. As is stated in the Findings of Fact and in the Conclusions of Law that support the Court's Order granting summary judgment in favor of Chersus, the Court has determined that the Nevada Supreme Court's holding in SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A., 130 Nev. 742, 757-

58, 334 P.3d 408, 419 (2014), applies to this case. As a result, the Court holds the provisions of NRS Chapter 116 cannot be varied or waived by the CC&Rs. Thus, Ocwen did not, and could not have, justifiably relied on any misrepresentations related to the Mortgagee Protection Clause. Accordingly, the Court grants the HOA's motion for summary judgment as to Ocwen's claim for misrepresentation.

6. Unjust Enrichment

154. As to its Cause of Action for Unjust Enrichment, Plaintiff alleged: (a) it has been deprived of the benefit of its secured deed of trust by the actions of the HOA; (b) the HOA benefitted from the unlawful HOA Sale, and (c) the HOA benefitted from Plaintiff's payment of property taxes, insurance premiums, or homeowner's association assessments.

155. The HOA contended it Motion for Summary Judgment should be granted because Ocwen did not pay any money to it; and it did not unjustly retain money owed to Ocwen.

156. Based on the HOA's and Ocwen's briefing on the HOA's motion for summary judgment, and the argument at the MSJ Hearing, the Court holds that the HOA did not benefit from the Ocwen's payment of taxes, insurance premiums, or homeowner's association assessments. First, any property taxes paid by Ocwen were not paid to the HOA and the HOA did not benefit from Ocwen's payment of property taxes because the HOA was not the property owner. Second, at the hearing, the Court asked Ocwen's counsel to explain how the payment of insurance premiums benefited the HOA. Ocwen's counsel stated the payment of insurance premiums benefited the HOA owned the Property. However, it is undisputed that the HOA did not own the Property.

157. Finally, based on its purported purchase of the Property at the Deed of Trust Foreclosure, Ocwen obtained possession of the Property, and it was identified as the record owner of the Property. While it was the record owner of the Property, and while it held possession of the Property, it was in Ocwen's interest to pay the property taxes, insurance premiums and homeowner's association assessments. Consequently, the HOA was not unjustly enriched by Ocwen's payment of property taxes, insurance premiums and homeowner's association assessments. Thus, the HOA's motion for summary judgment as to Ocwen's unjust enrichment cause of action must be granted.

158. If any Conclusion of Law set forth herein is determined to properly constitute a Finding of Fact (or vice versa), such shall be treated as if appropriately identified and designated.

7. Tortious Interference with Contractual Relations

- 159. To prevail on a claim for tortious inference with contractual relations, Ocwen must demonstrate that: "(1) a valid and existing contract; (2) the [HOA's] knowledge of the contract; (3) intentional acts intended or designed to disrupt the contractual relationship; (4) actual disruption of the contract; and (5) resulting damage." J.J. Indus., LLC v. Bennett, 71 P.3d 1264, 1267 (Nev. 2003).
- 160. Ocwen argues that the HOA's decision to foreclose on the Property was designed to disrupt the contractual relationship between [Ocwen] and the borrower by extinguishing the senior deed of trust.
- 161. The Court finds that Ocwen cannot demonstrate any motive by the HOA to interfere. The borrower breached the contract with Ocwen well before the HOA Sale. Thus, the HOA did not induce the borrower to breach. There is also no actual disruption because the borrower had already breached the contract.
- 162. The Court further finds that the HOA Sale in no way prevented Ocwen from taking legal action against the borrower for her breach of the note. Ocwen could have pursued its own foreclosure before the HOA Sale and the HOA Sale did not preclude Ocwen from taking other legal action against the borrower for breaching her contract with Ocwen.
- 163. The Court finds that HOA Sale did not cause Ocwen any harm. Rather, Ocwen caused any purported harm by failing to tender the superpriority portion of the lien or to take any other affirmative action to protect its interest. If the deed of trust was extinguished by the foreclosure sale, then any harm stems entirely from the inaction of Ocwen and its predecessors, not the HOA.
- 164. The Court, therefore, grant summary judgment in favor of the HOA on Ocwen's tortious interference claim.

ORDER

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, THE COURT HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. Ocwen's Motion for Summary Judgment is DENIED;

1	against the Property under any of the Deed of Trust has been extinguished.			
3	IT IS SO ORDERED. DATED this 2 day of March, 2019			
4	DATED this day of March, 2019			
5	DISTRICT JUDGE			
6	7			
7	Submitted by:			
8	THE LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON			
9	By: <u>/s/ Vernon Nelson</u>			
10	VERNON NELSON, ESQ. Nevada Bar No.: 6434			
11	9480 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 252			
12	Las Vegas, NV 89123 Tel: 702-476-2500			
13	Fax: 702-476-2788 E-Mail: <u>vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com</u>			
14	Attorney for Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC			
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22	A-14-696357C			
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PROOF OF SERVICE OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC v. CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC Case No.: A-14-696357-C I, Jennifer Martinez, declare:

I am over the age of eighteen (18) years and not a party to the within entitled action. I am employed by The Law Office of Vernon Nelson, PLLC, 9480 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 252, Las Vegas, Nevada 89123. I am readily familiar with The Law Office of Vernon Nelson, PLLC's practice for collection and processing of documents for delivery by way of the service indicated below.

Mory 3. On March 19, 2019, I served the following document(s):

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

on the interested party(ies) in this action as follows:

11	"Robert E. Atkinson, Esq.".	robert@nv-lawfirm.com
12	Alexandria Raleigh .	ARaleigh@lawhjc.com
13	Brody Wight .	bwight@kochscow.com
14	Kristin Schuler-Hintz .	denv@mcearthyholthus.com
15	NVEfile .	nvefile@wrightlegal.net
16	Paralegal .	bknotices@nv-lawfirm.com
17	Staff.	aeshenbaugh@kochscow.com
18	Steven B. Scow.	sscow@kochscow.com
	Thomas N. Beckom.	tbeckom@mccarthyholthus.com
19		

X By Electronic Service. Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2 and Rule 9 of the NEFCR I caused said documents(s) to be transmitted to the person(s) identified in the E-Service List for this captioned case in Odyssey E-File & Serve of the Eighth Judicial District Court, County of Clark, State of Nevada. A service transmission report reported service as complete and a copy of the service transmission report will be maintained with the document(s) in this office.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

> /s/ Jennifer Martinez An Employee of the Law Offices of Vernon Nelson

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EXHIBIT 1

EXHIBIT 1

Jennifer Martinez

From: Vernon Nelson

Sent: Friday, April 5, 2019 7:13 PM **To:** Paterno Jurani; Ashlie Surur

Subject: RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL- EX I

Paterno- Separately, I disagree with Dana's comment that the Order should state who the notices were sent to. That is not consistent with our argument that the recitals establish that these requirements were met and it is not consistent with Judge Early's ruling.

Vernon

1. Thus, the Court finds Red Rock sent the Lien for Delinquent Assessment Notices and the Notice of Default and Election to Sell in accordance with NRS Chapter 116.

From: Vernon Nelson <vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com>

Sent: Friday, April 5, 2019 7:09 PM

To: Paterno Jurani <pjurani@wrightlegal.net>; Ashlie Surur <ASurur@lawhjc.com>

Subject: RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL

Hi Paterno-

Sorry for the delay. I have attached the transcript.

With respect to the issue about Trespass being raised at the MSJ, please refer to pp. 43-44 of the transcript. At lines 4-5 is where I repeated that the brief argued that the Conversion claim should have been labeled as Trespass and Conversion...however, there was a lot of back and forth and Judge Early and I were talking over each other. I had started talking about trespass, and she cut me off and started distinguishing conversion.

- 1. Trespass and Conversion.
- 2. In its REPLY TO OCWEN'S OPPOSITION TO CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC's MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT ("Reply Brief") filed on January 13, 2019, and at the MSJ Hearing, Defendant Chersus requested, without objection, that the Court consider the Cause of Action to apply to claims for Trespass and Conversion.

With respect to

Ocwen's counsel stated the payment of insurance premiums benefited the HOA because the HOA owned the Property

At pp. 54-55, the Judge is asking Dana to explain the unjust enrichment claim. On page 55 at lines 13-24 he explains how the HOA benefited and he includes the payment of insurance premiums.

From: Paterno Jurani <piurani@wrightlegal.net>

Sent: Tuesday, March 26, 2019 1:50 PM

To: Vernon Nelson < vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com >; Ashlie Surur < ASurur@lawhjc.com >

Subject: RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL

Hi Vernon, Ashlie,

Attached is the order with Dana's changes and comments. There are a couple of paragraphs that reference his comments at the hearing. Could you please provide us with the transcript and identify where the comments were made. Alternatively, please identify the time stamp as we have video of the hearing. Thanks.

Paterno C. Jurani, Esq.

Attorney Licensed in Nevada and California



7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117 (702) 475-7962 Direct (702) 946-1345 Fax (702) 475-7964 Main Ext. 7005 pjurani@wrightlegal.net

Wright, Finlay & Zak: Your Western Regional Counsel for California, Nevada, Arizona, Washington, Oregon, Utah and New Mexico



PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT THIS FIRM IS A DEBT COLLECTOR ATTEMPTING TO COLLECT A DEBT. ANY INFORMATION OBTAINED WILL BE USED FOR THAT PURPOSE.

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From: Vernon Nelson [mailto:vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com]

Sent: Tuesday, March 19, 2019 2:55 PM **To:** Ashlie Surur; Paterno Jurani; Dana J. Nitz

Cc: Michelle Adams; Alexandria Raleigh; Jennifer Martinez

Subject: RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL

Hi All- Hope you are well. I apologize for the delay in getting his out. We had some turnover and Steve Burke, Coreene Drose, and Julie Hall are no longer with the firm. Jennifer Martinez is our new Legal Assistant. Pls cc Jennifer and Michelle on a communications.

I have a attached a draft of proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law.

Please review and let me know if you have any comments/changes. If you do have changes, please use the track changes feature in Word. Please do not send a list of changes for our staff to type into the document. Unfortunately, we stretched a little to thin to do that work.

Kind regards,

Vernon

EXHIBIT 2

EXHIBIT 2

Jennifer Martinez

From:

Vernon Nelson

Sent: To: Friday, April 5, 2019 7:09 PM Paterno Jurani: Ashlie Surur

Subject:

RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL-EX II

Hi Paterno-

Sorry for the delay, I have attached the transcript.

With respect to the issue about Trespass being raised at the MSJ, please refer to pp. 43-44 of the transcript. At lines 4-5 is where I repeated that the brief argued that the Conversion claim should have been labeled as Trespass and Conversion...however, there was a lot of back and forth and Judge Early and I were talking over each other. I had started talking about trespass, and she cut me off and started distinguishing conversion.

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- 2. In its REPLY TO OCWEN'S OPPOSITION TO CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC's MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT ("Reply Brief") filed on January 13, 2019, and at the MSJ Hearing, Defendant Chersus requested, without objection, that the Court consider the Cause of Action to apply to claims for Trespass and Conversion.

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From: Paterno Jurani <pjurani@wrightlegal.net>

Sent: Tuesday, March 26, 2019 1:50 PM

To: Vernon Nelson <vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com>; Ashlie Surur <ASurur@lawhjc.com>

Subject: RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL

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Attached is the order with Dana's changes and comments. There are a couple of paragraphs that reference his comments at the hearing. Could you please provide us with the transcript and identify where the comments were made. Alternatively, please identify the time stamp as we have video of the hearing. Thanks.

Paterno C. Jurani, Esq.

Attomey

Licensed in Nevada and California



7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117 (702) 475-7962 Direct (702) 946-1345 Fax (702) 475-7964 Main Ext. 7005 pjurani@wrightlegal.net

Wright, Finlay & Zak: Your Western Regional Counsel for California, Nevada, Arizona, Washington, Oregon, Utah and New Mexico



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Sent: Tuesday, March 19, 2019 2:55 PM **To:** Ashlie Surur; Paterno Jurani; Dana J. Nitz

Cc: Michelle Adams; Alexandria Raleigh; Jennifer Martinez

Subject: RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL

Hi All- Hope you are well. I apologize for the delay in getting his out. We had some turnover and Steve Burke, Coreene Drose, and Julie Hall are no longer with the firm. Jennifer Martinez is our new Legal Assistant. Pls cc Jennifer and Michelle on a communications.

I have a attached a draft of proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law.

Please review and let me know if you have any comments/changes. If you do have changes, please use the track changes feature in Word. Please do not send a list of changes for our staff to type into the document. Unfortunately, we stretched a little to thin to do that work.

Kind regards,

Vernon

CIVIL COVER SHEET

A-14-696357-C IV

- Clark _County, Nevada Case No. (Assigned by Clerk's Office)

I. Party Information						
Plaintiff(s) (name/address/phone): OCWEN L SERVICING, LLC, a Foreign Limited Lia		Defendant(s) (name/address/phone): CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic Limited-Liability Company; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS XI through XX, inclusive,				
Attorney (name/address/phone):Jason Peck, Esc THE COOPER CASTLE LAW FIRM, LLP 5275 S. Durango Dr. Las Vegas, NV 89113 (702) 435-4175 Telephone	q.	Attorney (name/address/phone):				
II. Nature of Controversy (Please chapplicable subcategory, if appropriate)			☐ Arbitration Requested			
	Civi	il Cases				
Real Property		To	prts			
□ Landlord/Tenant Negligence - A □ Unlawful Detainer Negligence - A □ Negligence - Negligence - Negligence - P □ Liens Negligence - P □ Liens Negligence - P □ Specific Performance Negligence - O □ Condemnation/Eminent Domain Negligence - O □ Other Real Property Partition □ Planning/Zoning Planning/Zoning		edical/Dental emises Liability Slip/Fall)	☐ Product Liability ☐ Product Liability/Motor Vehicle ☐ Other Torts/Product Liability ☐ Intentional Misconduct ☐ Torts/Defamation (Libel/Slander) ☐ Interfere with Contract Rights ☐ Employment Torts (Wrongful termination) ☐ Other Torts ☐ Anti-trust ☐ Fraud/Misrepresentation ☐ Insurance ☐ Legal Tort ☐ Unfair Competition			
Probate	Other Civil Filing Types					
Summary Administration General Administration Special Administration Set Aside Estates Trust/Conservatorships Individual Trustee Corporate Trustee Other Probate	Insurance of Commercial Commercial Collection Collection Guarantee Sale Control Uniform Collection Foreclosure Other Admit Department Worker's Commercial Commercial Collection	act c Construction Carrier al Instrument tracts/Acct/Judgment of Actions nt Contract act ommercial Code r Judicial Review Mediation nistrative Law of Motor Vehicles ompensation Appeal	□ Appeal from Lower Court (also check applicable civil case box) □ Transfer from Justice Court □ Justice Court Civil Appeal □ Civil Writ □ Other Special Proceeding □ Compromise of Minor's Claim □ Conversion of Property □ Damage to Property □ Employment Security □ Enforcement of Judgment □ Foreign Judgment − Civil □ Other Personal Property □ Recovery of Property □ Stockholder Suit □ Other Civil Matters			
III. Business Court Requested (Please check applicable category; for Clark or Washoe Counties only.)						
□ NRS Chapters 78-88□ Commodities (NRS 90)□ Securities (NRS 90)	☐ Investments (NR☐ Deceptive Trade☐ Trademarks (NR☐	Practices (NRS 598)	☐ Enhanced Case Mgmt/Business ☐ Other Business Court Matters			
February 19, 2014		/s/ Jason Peck, Es	.q			

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Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT **NEOJ** 1 VERNON A. NELSON, JR., ESQ. | Nevada Bar No.: 6434 THE LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON 9480 S. Eastern Ave., Ste. 252 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Tel.: 702-476-2500 Fax.: 702-476-2788 5 E-mail: vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com Attorney for Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC 6 7 **DISTRICT COURT** 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a foreign A-14-696357-C Case No.: Limited Liability Company, Dept No.: IV10 Plaintiff, 11 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 12 CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic 13 Limited Liability Company; First 100, LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company; 14 SOUTHERN TERRACE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, a Domestic Non-Profit 15 Corporation; RED ROCK FINANCIAL SERVICES, LLC, A Foreign Limited Liability 16 Company; UNITED LEGAL SERVICES, 17 INC., a Domestic Corporation; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS XI 18 through XX, inclusive 19 Defendant. 20 CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company, 21 22 Counterclaimant, 23 OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a foreign Limited Liability Company, 24 Counter-Defendants. 25 26

Electronically Filed 5/7/2019 9:18 AM

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on the 2nd day of May, 2019, a Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order was entered on the Court's docket. A copy of said Order is attached hereto. DATED this 7th day of May, 2019 THE LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON /s/ Vernon A. Nelson By: VERNON A. NELSON, JR., ESQ. Nevada Bar No.: 6434 9480 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 252 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Tel: 702-476-2500 Fax: 702-476-2788 E-Mail: vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com Attorney for Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC

PROOF OF SERVICE OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC v. CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC Case No.: A-14-696357-C

I, Jennifer Martinez, declare:

I am over the age of eighteen (18) years and not a party to the within entitled action. I am employed by The Law Office of Vernon Nelson, PLLC, 9480 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 252, Las Vegas, Nevada 89123. I am readily familiar with The Law Office of Vernon Nelson, PLLC's practice for collection and processing of documents for delivery by way of the service indicated below.

On May 7, 2019, I served the following document(s):

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER

on the interested party(ies) in this action as follows:

robert@nv-lawfirm.com "Robert E. Atkinson, Esq.".

Alexandria Raleigh.	ARaleigh@lawhjc.com
Brody Wight .	bwight@kochscow.com
Kristin Schuler-Hintz.	dcnv@mccarthyholthus.com
NVEfile.	nvefile@wrightlegal.net
Paralegal .	bknotices@nv-lawfirm.com
Staff.	aeshenbaugh@kochscow.com
Steven B. Scow.	sscow@kochscow.com
Thomas N. Beckom . tbeckom@mccarthyholthus.com	

X By Electronic Service. Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2 and Rule 9 of the NEFCR I caused said documents(s) to be transmitted to the person(s) identified in the E-Service List for this captioned case in Odyssey E-File & Serve of the Eighth Judicial District Court, County of Clark, State of Nevada. A service transmission report reported service as complete and a copy of the service transmission report will be maintained with the document(s) in this office.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

/s/ Jennifer Martinez

An Employee of the Law Offices of Vernon Nelson

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EXHIBIT 1

EXHIBIT 1

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant, Ocwen Loan Servicing LLC, ("Plaintiff" or "Ocwen"), Defendant/Counter-Claimant, Chersus Holdings, LLC ("Chersus" or "Defendant Chersus"), and Defendant Southern Terrace Homeowner's (hereinafter "the HOA") filed competing Motions for Summary Judgment (the "Competing MSJ Motions"). The Court scheduled a hearing on January 22, 2019 to consider the Competing MSJ Motions, and the parties' respective oppositions to the Competing MSJ Motions (the "MSJ Hearing"). Ocwen appeared through its counsel of record, Dana Nitz, Esq. of the law firm of Wright, Finlay, & Zak, LLP. Defendant Chersus appeared through its counsel of record, Vernon Nelson of the Law Offices of Vernon Nelson, PLLC. The HOA appeared through its counsel of record, Ashlie Surur, Esq. of the law firm of Hall, Jaffe & Clayton, LLP. Having duly considered all arguments and evidence presented by the parties including the arguments made by counsel at the MSJ Hearing, and finding good cause therefore, the Court makes the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

I. FINDINGS OF FACT

A. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

1. Prior to Litigation

a. Harrison Loan Documents.

- 1. On or about March 13, 2008, Joseph F. Harrison and Bonnie L. Harrison (hereinafter the "Harrisons") purchased the property located at 5946 Lingering Breeze St, Las Vegas, NV 89148 (APN 163-31-611-022) (hereinafter the "Property").
- 2. The Deed of Trust executed by the Harrisons (hereinafter the "Deed of Trust") identified Direct Equity Mortgage, LLC as the Lender and Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. ("MERS") as beneficiary acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns, Nevada Title Company as Trustee, and secured a loan in the amount of \$234,739.00 (hereinafter the "Harrison Loan").
- 3. On July 23, 2012, an Assignment of Deed of Trust was recorded, reflecting that MERS assigned the Deed of Trust to GMAC Mortgage, LLC.

b. HOA Lien Documents.

- 4. The Property is subject to the Master Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions and Reservation of Easements for Southern Terrace (the "CC&Rs"), which were recorded on August 9, 2001.
- 5. On December 8, 2011, a Lien for Delinquent Assessments (the "HOA Lien") was recorded against the Property by Red Rock Financial Services ("Red Rock") on behalf of the HOA. The HOA Lien was recorded as Instrument Number 201112080002960. The HOA Lien provides that Red Rock was officially assigned as agent by the HOA, in accordance with NRS 116, as outlined in the HOA's CC&Rs, and that Red Rock notified Mr. and Mrs. Harrison that the HOA imposed the HOA Lien on the Property.
- 6. On February 2, 2012, a Notice of Default and Election to Sell Pursuant to the HOA Lien was recorded against the Property by Red Rock, on behalf of the HOA, as Instrument Number 201202020000465. The Notice of Default and Election to Sell shows Red Rock notified Mr. and Mrs. Harrison that it had recorded a Notice that made it known that their obligation under the CC&Rs had been breached; and therefore, the HOA was declaring any and all amounts secured, due and payable, and electing the Property to be sold to satisfy the HOA Lien.
- 7. On May 2, 2013, a Notice of Foreclosure Sale was recorded against the Property by a new Trustee, United Legal Services, Inc. ("ULS"), as Instrument Number 01305020000105. The Notice of Foreclosure Sale shows that Mr. and Mrs. Harrison were notified and warned: (a) the sale of their property was imminent; (b) they had to pay the specified amount or risk losing their home; (c) if they continued to be in Default under the HOA Lien their home could be sold at auction, and (d) the auction was scheduled to be held on May 25, 2013 at 9:00AM at 8965 S. Eastern Ave, Suite 350, Las Vegas, NV 89123.
- 8. On or around May 28, 2013, a Foreclosure Deed upon Sale (the "First 100 Foreclosure Deed") was executed conveying Property to First 100, LLC ("First 100") pursuant to a sale (the "HOA Foreclosure" or the "HOA Sale") held under NRS Chapter 116 foreclosing on the HOA Lien. First 100 subsequently recorded the First 100 Foreclosure Deed on May 29, 2013 as Instrument number 201305290002514.

 9. The first page of the First 100 Foreclosure Deed includes the following recitals:

This conveyance is made pursuant to the powers conferred upon Agent by NRS Chapter 116, the foreclosing Association's governing documents (CC&R's), and the notice of the Lien for Delinquent Assessments, recorded on December 8, 2011 as instrument 201112080002960 in the Official Records of the Recorder of Clark County, Nevada. Default occurred as set forth in the Notice of Default and Election to Sell, recorded on February 2, 2012 as instrument 201202020000465 in the Official Records of the Recorder of Clark County, Nevada. All requirements of law have been complied with, including, but not limited to, the elapsing of the 90 days, the mailing of copies of the notice of Lien of Delinquent Assessment, and Notice of Default, and the mailing, posting, and publication of the Notice of Foreclosure Sale. Agent, in compliance with the Notice of Foreclosure Sale and in exercise of its power under NRS § 116.31164, sold the property at public auction on May 25, 2013.

c. Subsequent Transfers of the Property.

- 10. On August 24, 2012, a Substitution of Trustee was recorded, reflecting that Cooper Castle Law Firm ("Cooper Castle") was substituted as Trustee under the Deed of Trust.
- 11. On March 6, 2013, a Notice of Breach and Default and of Election to Cause Sale of Real Property Under Deed of Trust was recorded by Cooper Castle.
- 12. On October 23, 2013, First 100 sold the Subject Property to Defendant Chersus which recorded its deed on January 13, 2014 as instrument number 201401130001734.
- 13. On or around December 20, 2013, GMAC Mortgage, LLC purported to foreclose on the Property pursuant to its Deed of Trust. Plaintiff purportedly purchased the Property at the resulting foreclosure sale (the "Deed of Trust Foreclosure" or the "Trustee Sale").
- 14. Plaintiff recorded its Trustee's Deed Upon Sale on January 7, 2014 (the "Ocwen Deed") as instrument Number 201401070000775.

2. The Litigation

a. Litigation Related to Ocwen's Initial Complaint

15. Ocwen filed its initial Complaint commencing this action on February 19, 2014. Chersus was the sole Defendant in the Complaint. In its Complaint, Ocwen alleged it is the owner of the Property. Ocwen alleged it obtained its ownership interest in the Property via the Deed of Trust Foreclosure. Ocwen alleged that any interest First 100 may have obtained in the Property was subject to the Deed of Trust and that the Deed of Trust Foreclosure extinguished First 100's interest

in the Property; and any interest Chersus may have acquired in the Property. Ocwen asserted claims for quiet title, and declaratory relief.

16. Chersus filed its Answer and Counterclaim on March 28, 2014. Chersus denied the material allegations in the Complaint. In its Counterclaim, Chersus alleged that on November 13, 2014, First 100 put GMAC and Ocwen on actual notice that the HOA Lien had been foreclosed upon and the Deed of Trust had been extinguished. Chersus alleged Ocwen was on constructive and actual notice of the HOA Foreclosure. Yet, despite such notice Plaintiff wrongfully proceeded to acquire the Property vial the Deed of Trust Foreclosure. Chersus asserted claims for wrongful foreclosure, quiet title, declaratory relief, and conversion.

17. Plaintiff filed a Motion for Summary Judgment in April 2014. Defendant filed its Opposition and a Countermotion for Summary Judgment (the "First MSJ Motions").

b. The SFR Decision.

18. During the pendency of the First MSJ Motions, the NV Supreme Court decided *SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A.*, 130 Nev. 742, 334 P.3d 408 (2014) (the "SFR Decision").

c. Plaintiff Files Amended Complaint.

- 19. Due to the SFR Decision, Plaintiff moved for leave to amend its complaint.
- 20. The Court granted Plaintiff's motion and it First Amended Complaint on June 24, 2016. In its First Amended Complaint, Plaintiff restated its allegations against First 100; and it added several defendants including, the HOA, Red Rock Financial Services LLC, ("Red Rock") and United Legal Services, Inc. ("United").

d. Allegations Included In First Amended Complaint Against Chersus

(1) The Deed of Trust Priority Allegations.

21. Plaintiff alleged: (a) any interest First 100 may have obtained in the Property was subject to the Deed of Trust; (b) the Deed of Trust Foreclosure extinguished any interest that First 100 or Chersus had in the Property; and (c) the HOA sale was invalid if it extinguished the Deed of Trust (the "Deed of Trust Priority Allegations").

(2) The Defective Notice Allegations

22. Plaintiff also alleged: (a) an HOA sale conducted pursuant to chapter NRS 116 must comply with NRS 116.31162 through NRS 116.31168; (b) a lender/holder of a beneficial interest in a senior deed of trust has a right to cure a delinquent HOA Lien to protect its interest; (c) Red Rock and ULS did not comply with all mailing and noticing requirements of NRS 116.31162-NRS 116.31168; (d) a recorded notice of default must describe the deficiency in payment; (e) the HOA Sale occurred without adequate notice to Plaintiff; (f) the HOA Sale occurred without notice to Plaintiff as to what portion of the HOA Lien, if any, that HOA and HOA trustee claimed constituted a superpriority lien; (g) the HOA Sale occurred without notice to Plaintiff whether the HOA was foreclosing on the superpriority portion of the lien, if any, or under the "non-superpriority" portion of the HOA Lien; (h) the HOA Sale occurred without notice to Plaintiff of the right to cure the delinquent assessment and the superpriority lien, if any; (i) the HOA sale was an invalid sale and cannot extinguish Plaintiff's secured interest because of the defective notices; (j) the HOA foreclosure notices included improper fees and costs in the amount required to cure, thus invalidating the HOA Lien (the "Defective Notice Allegations").

(3) The Statutory Allegations

23. Plaintiff also alleged: (a) per NRS Chapter 116, a lien under NRS 116.3116 (1) can only include costs and fees that are specifically enumerated in the statute; (b) a HOA may only collect as part of the superpriority lien nuisance abatement charges and nine months of common assessments (unless Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac regulations require a shorter period of not less than six months); (c) the attorney's fees and costs of collecting an HOA Lien cannot be included in the lien or superpriority lien; (d) upon information and belief the HOA Lien is unlawful and void under NRS 116.3102 et seq. (the "Statutory Allegations").

(4) The Constitutional Allegations

24. Plaintiff alleged that the HOA Sale and NRS Chapter 116 were unconstitutional (the "Constitutional Allegations").

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25. Plaintiff alleged: (a) the CC&Rs for the HOA provided the HOA Lien was subordinate to the Plaintiff's Deed of Trust; (b) the CC&Rs had a mortgagee protection clause; (c) due to the mortgagee protection clause, and the lack of notice, Plaintiff did not know it had to attend the HOA Sale to protect its Deed of Trust (the "CC&R Allegations").

(6) The Commercially Unreasonable Allegations

26. Plaintiff alleged the HOA Sale was required to be performed in a commercially reasonable manner and Defendants failed to do so. Thus, the HOA sale was invalid. Plaintiff alleged the HOA Sale was not commercially reasonable because: (a) the fair market value of the Property, at the time of the sale, greatly exceeded the purchase price; and (b) notice of the correct superpriority amount was not provided. Plaintiff also referenced the mortgagee protection clause and alleged that potential bidders were aware of the mortgagee protection clause.

27. Based on this alleged knowledge of potential bidders, Plaintiff alleged on the sale was commercially unreasonable because: (a) proper notice that the HOA intended to foreclose on the superpriority portion of the dues owing was not given; causing prospective bidders to not appear for the HOA Sale; (b) proper notice was not given prospective bidders did not appear for the sale; (c) Defendants knew Plaintiff would rely on the mortgagee protection clause and Plaintiff would not know the HOA was foreclosing on superpriority amounts, due to the lack of notice, which resulted in Plaintiff being absent; thereby allowing First 100 to acquire the property for a fraction of market value. (d) Defendants knew (I) prospective bidders would be less likely to attend the HOA Sale due to the mortgagee protection clause, (II) there would be an absence of prospective bidders. Plaintiff made various allegations that the HOA Sale and NRS Chapter 116 were unconstitutional (the "Commercially Unreasonable Allegations").

(7) The HOA's Duties Allegations

28. Plaintiff alleged the circumstances of the HOA sale breached the HOA's and HOA's trustee's obligations of good faith under NRS 116.1113 and their duty to act in a commercially reasonable manner (the "HOA's Duties Allegations").

(8) The BFP Allegations

29. Plaintiff alleged: (a) First 100 and Chersus are "professional foreclosure sale purchasers;" (b) First 100 and Chersus had actual, constructive or inquiry notice of Plaintiff's Deed of Trust; and (c) because of their "notice" of the Deed of Trust, and their status as "professional foreclosure sale purchasers," First 100 or Chersus cannot be deemed bona fide purchasers for value (the "BFP Allegations").

(9) Plaintiff's Damages Allegations

- 30. Plaintiff alleged that if its Deed of Trust was not reaffirmed or restored, it was entitled to damages from the HOA in the amount of the fair market value of the Property, or the unpaid balance of due under Deed of Trust and underlying note, at the time of the HOA Sale, whichever is greater ("Plaintiff's Damages Allegations").
- 31. Based on the allegations above, Plaintiff asserted claims for (a) Quiet Title and Declaratory relief; (b) Preliminary and permanent injunctions; (c) Wrongful foreclosure against the HOA, Red Rock, and ULS; (d) Negligence versus the HOA, Red Rock and ULS; (e) Negligence per se versus the HOA, Red Rock, and ULS; (f) Breach of contract versus the HOA, Red Rock and ULS; (g) Misrepresentation versus the HOA; (h) Unjust enrichment versus the HOA; (i) Tortious interference with contract.

e. Chersus's Counterclaims

32. On July 29, 2016, Chersus filed its Answer to the First Amended Complaint and asserted a Counterclaim against Plaintiff. Chersus denied the material allegations of the First Amended Complaint and it asserted Counterclaims against Ocwen as follows.

(1) The Chersus Title Allegations

33. Chersus alleged: (a) the First 100 Foreclosure Deed conveyed the Property to First 100; (b) the HOA Sale was held per NRS Chapter 116 and the HOA Sale foreclosed the HOA Lien; (c) on October 23, 2013, First 100, LLC sold the Property to Defendant Chersus and recorded the Chersus Deed on January 13, 2014 (the "Chersus Title Allegations").

(2) The Ocwen Foreclosure Allegations

34. Chersus alleged: (a) on November 13, 2014, First 100 put Plaintiff and its agents on actual notice that the HOA Lien had been foreclosed on and the Deed of Trust was extinguished; (b)

in this case and her testimony: (1) authenticated mailing affidavits signed by Red Rock employees

that state how many notices were signed and how many were mailed; (2) identified which notices are

sent by certified mail and first-class mail, which notices are sent by first-class mail only, (3) when

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specific notices are sent; (4) how skip-traces and title reports are used to identify addresses for the homeowners and others holding vested interests in the Property, (5) how Red Rock maintains "return receipts" it receives from certified mail; (6) how Red Rock maintains checklists for each type of notice that its employees are to follow when mailing notices and how this information is included in the employees' mailing affidavits; (7) how Red Rock uses a third-party vendor Walz to mail many of the notices; (8) how she knows that Walz maintains records proving it sent notices and (9) how she is able to access Walz's system and obtain proof that notices were mailed. Thus, the Court finds Red Rock sent the Lien for Delinquent Assessment Notices and the Notice of Default and Election to Sell in accordance with NRS Chapter116.

- 43. Ms. Trevino testified: (a) about payoff demands made by Cooper Castle on behalf of GMAC Mortgage, LLC, (b) that Red Rock provided Cooper Castle with an Accounting Ledger in response to its payoff demands; (c) Cooper Castle could have calculated the amount of the superpriority lien by using the Accounting Ledger; (d) Red Rock did not receive any communications from Cooper Castle after it sent them the Accounting Ledger; and (e) Red Rock never received payment of the HOA Lien or a partial payment of the HOA Lien.
- 44. Based on Ms. Trevino's testimony, the Court finds GMAC Mortgage, LLC and Ocwen had notice of the HOA Sale, they were provided with an Accounting Ledger, they could have calculated the amount of the superpriority lien. Thus, GMAC and Ocwen could have calculated and paid the superpriority lien, the full HOA Lien, or any amount in between those two amounts. However, neither GMAC nor Ocwen paid any portion of the HOA Lien.
- (2) Deposition Testimony of ULS's NRCP 30(b)(6) witness, Robert Atkinson
- 45. ULS's NRCP 30(b)(6) witness, Robert Atkinson, testified about the notices ULS mailed out in this case and he: (a) authenticated the Notice of Foreclosure sale sent in this case and he explained how it was mailed; (b) described how ULS conducts its own thorough investigation of the "land records;" including the Assessor's Records to make sure they have the best addresses for the property-owners and other parties holding vested interests in the Property; (c) authenticated the "bulk form certificate of mail," known as Postal Service Form 3877; which evidences the notices were delivered to the post-office and handed to a post-office clerk; (d) explains how ULS completed

 the form by filling in the addresses for the Notices and by putting slashes on any unused lines; (e) explains how the Post-Office Clerk goes and confirms and matches each address to each address on the bulk form; (f) explains how once everything passes, the Post-Office Clerk verifies the mailing with a stamp and gives the original back to ULS. The bulk form shows the Notices of Foreclosure Sale were sent to GMAC Mortgage, LLC and Cooper Castle Law Firm, LLP. Based on this testimony the Court finds ULS sent the Notices of Foreclosure in compliance with NRS 116.31162 through 116.31168.

- 46. ULS did not receive any payments prior to the HOA Sale.
- 47. The HOA Sale occurred on a Saturday at Attorney Robert Atkinson's office.
- 48. Mr. Atkinson testified that he conducted HOA sales on Saturday mornings because his office did not have a conference room with closed doors and he did not want "a bunch of randoms" wandering around his law office. He also testified: (a) he conducted the auction; (b) he recalled the auction was well attended; (c) it was reasonable to infer that there was active bidding based on the \$3,500 sales price; (d) a "core number of NRS 116 type buyers" usually always showed up for HOA sales that he conducted in his office; and (e) many buyers attended foreclosure sales he conducted for the HOA and purchased homes at the foreclosure sales he conducted for the HOA.
- 49. Mr. Atkinson testified about the Purchase and Sale Agreement ("PSA") between the HOA and First 100. Pursuant to the PSA, First 100 purchased "Past Proceeds of Income" ("PPI") for 24 delinquent properties from the HOA. The PSA was negotiated in an "arms-length" tri-partite agreement between First 100, the HOA, and ULS. Thus, the PSA did not affect the relationship between the HOA and the Harrisons.
- 50. The amount of \$1,208.28 was an amount assigned to PPI for the Property. This amount was based on a calculation that First 100 made in connection with evaluating the value of the PPI related to the Property as part of the overall transaction.
- 51. First 100 paid the amount of the PPI provided for in the PSA. Pursuant to the PSA, First 100 paid ULS's fees of \$1,200.00 and certain fees owed to Red Rock. First 100 paid \$3,500.00 to the HOA at the HOA Sale.

- 52. Mr. Atkinson described how ULS worked with First 100 and homeowners' associations on the drafting of purchase and sales agreements like the PSA in this case. Mr. Atkinson testified that First 100 routinely used the same form of purchase agreement.
- 53. The PSA provided for the purchase of "Past Proceeds of Income" ("PPI"), and it is akin to a factoring agreement. The PSA did not amount the sale of the HOA Lien. Nothing in the PSA changed the fact that the HOA Lien belonged to the HOA. Pursuant to the PSA, First 100 purchased the right to receive all future monetization events related to the PPI.
- 54. The PSA provided that the HOA would retain ULS for collection efforts, including any efforts related to the foreclosure of the HOA Lien.
- 55. The PSA provided that if ULS foreclosed on the HOA Lien, the minimum bid at the foreclosure sale would be \$99. The PSA prohibited the HOA for making a credit bid and it prohibited the HOA from interfering with any collection efforts.
- 56. Mr. Atkinson testified that, based on his experience, HOAs did not want to end up being the winning bidder for a property based on a credit bid. Based on his experience, Mr. Atkinson stated the HOAs did not want to be responsible for paying assessments, cleaning up the property, being subject to self-compliance fines, or being responsible for kicking out squatters.
- 57. Based on his experience, Mr. Atkinson testified that HOAs were also afraid to take properties to auction given the legal uncertainties surrounding HOA foreclosure sales.
- (3) Deposition Testimony of Chersus's NRCP 30(b)(6) witness, Jag Mehta.
 - 58. Mr. Mehta testified Chersus spent approximately \$40,000 in repairs on the Property.
 - 59. Plaintiff, Chersus, and the HOA filed competing Motions for Summary Judgment.

II. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

A. Summary Judgment Standard

60. N.R.C.P. Rule 56(e) states that summary judgment is in order when:

The pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, and admissions on file, together with the affidavits, if any, show that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law.

61. A genuine issue of material feet exists only when the evidence is adequate to where a reasonable jury" would return a verdict for the non-moving party. *Dermody v. Reno*, 113 Nev. 207, 210 (1997). The Court will accept as true only properly supported factual allegations and reasonable inferences of the party opposing summary judgment. *Wayment v. Holmes*, 112 Nev. 232, 237 (1996). "Conclusory allegations and general statements unsupported by evidence creating an issue of fact will not be accepted as true." *Id*.

62. The Nevada Supreme Court has provided additional clarity on the standards governing summary judgment motions. See, Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 Nev. 724, 121 P. 3d 1026 (2005). In Wood, the Court "put to rest any questions regarding the continued viability of the 'slightest doubt' standard," when it held that the "substantive law controls which factual disputes are material and will preclude summary judgment; other factual disputes are irrelevant." Id. Summary judgment is particularly appropriate where issues of law are controlling and dispositive of the case. American Fence, Inc. v. Wham, 95 Nev. 788, 792, 603 P. 2d 274 (1979).

B. NRS 116.3116 Granted to the HOA a Superpriority Lien That Had Priority Over the Deed of Trust in Favor of GMAC Mortgage, LLC and, as a Result GMAC Mortgage, LLC's Deed of Trust Was Extinguished at the HOA Sale.

63. NRS 116.3116 provides in part:

Liens against units for assessments.

1. The association has a lien on a unit for any construction penalty that is imposed against the unit's owner pursuant to NRS 116.310305, any assessment levied against that unit or any fines imposed against the unit's owner from the time the construction penalty, assessment or fine becomes due. Unless the declaration otherwise provides, any penalties, fees, charges, late charges, fines and interest charged pursuant to paragraphs (j) to (n), inclusive, of subsection 1 of NRS 116.3102 are enforceable as assessments under this section. If an assessment is payable in installments, the full amount of the assessment is a lien from the time the first installment thereof becomes due.

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- 2. A lien under this section is prior to all other liens and encumbrances on a unit except:
- (a) Liens and encumbrances recorded before the recordation of the declaration and, in a cooperative, liens and encumbrances which the association creates, assumes or takes subject to;

- (b) A first security interest on the unit recorded before the date on which the assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent or, in a cooperative, the first security interest encumbering only the unit's owner's interest and perfected before the date on which the assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent; and
- (c) Liens for real estate taxes and other governmental assessments or charges against the unit or cooperative.
- 64. Subsection 3 of NRS 116.3116 provides the lien created thereunder has priority over all security interests described in paragraph (b) of subsection 2 to the extent of:
 - (a) any charges incurred by the association on a unit pursuant to NRS 116.310312;
 - (b) The unpaid amount of assessments, not to exceed an amount equal to assessments for common expenses based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to NRS 116.3115 which would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the 9 months immediately preceding the date on which the notice of default and election to sell is recorded pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 116.31162; and
 - (c) The costs incurred by the association to enforce the lien in an amount not to exceed the amounts set forth in subsection 5....
- 65. By its clear terms, NRS 116.3116 (2) provides the superpriority lien for assessments which have come due in the 9 months prior to the initiation of an action to enforce the lien are "prior to all security interests described in paragraph (b)." The Deed of Trust held by GMAC Mortgage, LLC falls squarely within the language of paragraph (b). The statutory language does not limit the nature of this "priority" in any way.
- 66. In its decision of SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC v. US. Bank, NA., 334 P.3d 408, 411-412, 130 Nev. Adv. Rep. 75 (2014), the Supreme Court held that the foreclosure of the HOA superpriority lien extinguishes first trust deeds. The SFR Decision holds the 9-month HOA superpriority lien has precedence over the mortgage lien, and that the proper foreclosure of the HOA superpriority lien extinguishes a first trust deed.
- 67. In the case at bar, the HOA Sale resulted in the foreclosure of the HOA's superpriority lien on the Property. Consequently, when First 100 purchased the Property at the HOA Sale, it extinguished the Deed of Trust in favor of GMAC Mortgage, LLC.
- 68. When First 100 conveyed the Property to Defendant Chersus, the Property was not subject to the Deed of Trust in favor of GMAC Mortgage, LLC.

provided any other evidence that the recitals are not accurate. Further, as is set forth in Section II(D) below, Plaintiff has produced no evidence of fraud, unfairness, or oppression.

74. Thus, the recitals in First 100's Deed of Foreclosure are deemed to be conclusive proof that the HOA complied with the notice requirements of NRS Chapter 116.

2. Per the "Mailbox Rule," GMAC Mortgage, LLC Presumptively Received All of the Notices Required Per NRS 116.31162 through 116.31168.

75. Per the "mailbox rule," if the HOA's agents properly and timely mailed the required notices, a rebuttable presumption is raised that the beneficiary of the Deed of Trust received the notices. See Mahon v. Credit Bureau, Inc., 171 F.3d 1197, 1202-1203 (9th Cir. 1999). For the presumption to arise, the sender must establish the notice was sent. Id. The sender can establish the notice was sent by providing evidence of its standard business practices such as the use of computerized tracking and filing software and the use of procedures that ensure the number of outgoing notices correspond with the number of notices to be sent. Turner v. Dep't of Educ., 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 46421 (D. Haw. 2011) (citing Mahon, 171 F. 3d at 1199-1202).

76. Ms. Trevino's testimony about Red Rock's mailing procedures establishes the notices sent by Red Rock were sent. Further, Mr. Atkinson's testimony about ULS's mailing procedures establish the notices sent by ULS were sent. Thus, the Court finds GMAC Mortgage, LLC presumptively received all of the notices required per NRS 116.31162 through 116.31168.

D. FIRST 100'S PAYMENT TO THE HOA PURSUANT TO THE PSA WAS NOT RELATED TO THE HOA LIEN AND, THEREFORE, IT DID NOT DISCHARGE THE SUPERPRIORITY LIEN.

77. Ocwen contends that First 100's payment to the HOA, pursuant to the PSA, discharged the superpriority portion of the HOA Lien prior to the HOA sale. However, the PSA did not involve a sale of the HOA Lien. First 100 purchased the right to receive future monetization events related to the PPI.

78. The PSA did not affect the relationship between the Harrisons and the HOA in any way and First 100's payment to the HOA, pursuant to the PSA did not affect the HOA Lien in any way. Specifically, it did not discharge to superpriority portion of the HOA Lien.

79. In West Sunset 2050 Trust v. Nationstar Mortgage, 420 P. 3d 1032, (June 28, 2018), the Nevada Supreme Court recently considered a case almost identical to this case. In West Sunset 2050 Trust, the Toscano Homeowners Association ("Toscano"), pursuant to a similar purchase and sale agreement, sold to First 100 its "interest in any and all [proceeds on past income] arising from or relating to the [Property's] Delinquent Assessment. Id. at 1034.

- 80. In West Sunset 2050 Trust, the NV Supreme Court rejected Nationstar's argument that the purchase and sale agreement deprived HOA of standing to foreclose. 420 P3d. at 1036. The Court determined the purchase and sale agreement provided for the sale of proceeds on past income Id. The Court analogized the purchase and sale agreement to a "factoring agreement" and determined the "factoring agreement" did not change the fact that the property owner remained indebted to the HOA; and the property owner did not become indebted to First 100. Id at 1037.
- 81. The Court emphasized that the HOA retained the exclusive right to collect the HOA Lien, and it was required, through its agent, to continue collection efforts on past-due assessments. *Id.* Thus, the Court held that the "factoring agreement" did not affect the HOA's right to foreclose on the property and that the HOA sale was valid. *Id.*
- 82. Based on the facts of this case, and the Court's holding in *West Sunset 2050 Trust*, it is clear that First 100's payment to the HOA, pursuant to the PSA, did not affect the HOA Lien in any way; and it did not extinguish the superpriority portion of the HOA Lien.
 - E. OCWEN'S CONTENTION THAT THE HOA SALE WAS COMMERICIALLY UNREASONABLE IS WITHOUT MERIT BECAUSE THE HOA SALE WAS VALID AND DEFENDANT FAILED TO PRODUCE ANY EVIDENCE THAT FRAUD, UNFAIRNESS, OR OPPRESSION AFFECTED THE SALE.
- 83. Plaintiff contends that the sale was commercially unreasonable because the sales price paid by First 100 at the HOA Sale was grossly inadequate; and because there was evidence that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale. See Shadow Wood Homeowners Ass'n v. New York Cmty. Bancorp. Inc., 366 P.3d 1105, 1112 (Nev. 2016).
- 84. In *Shadow Wood*, the NV Supreme Court held that NRS 116.31166 did not preclude courts from granting equitable relief from a defective foreclosure sale when appropriate. 366 P.3d at

1110-1111. In this regard, the Court held that a foreclosure sale could be set aside if there was a grossly inadequate sales price, and a showing of fraud, unfairness, or oppression. *Id*.

85. In *Nationstar Mortg.*, *LLC v. Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon*, 405 P.3d 641, 643-44, the Nevada Supreme Court clarified that inadequacy of price alone is not a sufficient ground for setting aside foreclosure sale. *Id.* The Court further held that the party seeking to set aside the sale had the burden of proving that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale. *Id.*

86. The Court also rejected the application of the commercial reasonableness standard from UCC Article 9. *Id.* at 646. Thus, Plaintiff's arguments that the sale was commercially unreasonable based on UCC Article 9 must be rejected.

87. A district court cannot grant equitable relief when an adequate remedy at law exists. Las Vegas Valley Water Dist. v. Curtis Park Manor Water Users Ass'n, 98 Nev. 275, 278 (1982). The failure to utilize legal remedies makes granting equitable remedies unlikely. Bayview Loan Servicing, LLC v. SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 41309 (D. Nev. 2017).

(1) The HOA Sale Was Valid and Equitable Relief Is Not Warranted.

88. As stated above, based on the facts of this case, and the Nevada Supreme Court's holding in *West Sunset 2050 Trust v. Nationstar Mortg., LLC*, 420 P.3d 1032 (2018), the Court has determined that the HOA Sale was valid. Therefore, the Court does not have authority to grant equitable relief to the Plaintiff in this case. *Las Vegas Valley Water Dist.*, 98 Nev. at 278.

89. In this regard, it must also be noted that GMAC Mortgage, LLC and Plaintiff were aware of the HOA Sale and they could have paid, or at least tendered, the amount of the superpriority portion of the HOA Lien. Their failure to exercise adequate remedies at law precludes the granting of equitable relief in this case.

(2) Even If Equitable Arguments Were Available to Plaintiff, It Failed to Show Fraud, Unfairness, or Oppression Affected the HOA Sale.

90. To support of its contention that the HOA Sale was Commercially Unreasonable, Plaintiff offered the report of expert witness, R. Scott Dugan to show that the price paid at the HOA Sale was grossly inadequate. Mr. Dugan opined that the value of the Property was \$148,000 as of the date of the HOA Sale. Plaintiff submitted that the \$3,500.00 paid by First 100 was 2.6% of the value

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27 28 of the Property. Chersus did not produce an expert report disputing Mr. Dugan's analysis. However, it contended First 100 and Chersus paid far more than \$3,500.00 to acquire the Property.

- 91. Whether the price paid at the HOA Sale was grossly inadequate need not be resolved because Plaintiff has failed to show that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale.
- 92. In support of its contention that there was evidence that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale, Plaintiff argued:
 - a. The HOA Sale was not conducted during normal business hours. The HOA Sale took place on Saturday, May 25, 2013, at 9:00 a.m. at ULS's office - 8965 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 350, Las Vegas, NV 89123.
 - b. The HOA, ULS and First 100 colluded to ensure that First 100 would obtain this Property at the HOA Sale. Their PSA set the minimum bid at \$99, and prohibited the HOA from making a credit bid at the HOA Sale or otherwise interfering with First 100's efforts to collect on the account or acquire the Property.
 - c. The HOA relinquished all authority to control the HOA Sale and irrevocably made ULS its collection agent and foreclosure trustee for First 100.
 - d. Even though the HOA Sale allegedly took place in the HOA's name, all actions were conducted for the benefit of First 100 pursuant to its agreement with the HOA.
 - e. There is fraud, oppression and unfairness associated with the foreclosure sale because the HOA put the public on constructive notice in its CC&Rs—including First 100, and other prospective bidders — that the HOA's foreclosure would not disturb the first Deed of Trust. The CC&Rs applicable to this Property contain two relevant provisions (the "Mortgagee Protection Clauses"), which represented to the world the HOA's foreclosure would not extinguish the Deed of Trust.
 - 93. These arguments do not show that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale.
- 94. The fact that the HOA Sale took place on Saturday, May 25, 2013, at 9:00 a.m. at ULS's office - 8965 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 350, Las Vegas, NV 89123 does not demonstrate the sale was patently unfair, fraudulent, or oppressive. In fact, ULS's NRCP 30(b)(6) witness, Robert Atkinson testified he conducted HOA Sales on Saturday because his office did not have a conference room and he did not want potential bidders wandering around his office. He also testified that he conducted the auction and he recalled the auction was well attended. He also testified it was reasonable to infer there was active bidding based on the \$3,500 sales price. He testified a "core number of NRS 116 type buyers" usually always showed up for HOA sales he conducted in his

office. He testified many buyers attended foreclosure sales he conducted for the HOA and they purchased homes at the foreclosure sales he conducted for the HOA. Thus, Plaintiff has failed to show that conducting the HOA Sale on Saturday affected the HOA Sale.

95. Similarly, Plaintiff failed to show the HOA, ULS and First 100 colluded to ensure that First 100 would obtain the Property at the HOA Sale. Mr. Atkinson testified a "core number of NRS 116 type buyers" usually always showed up for HOA sales he conducted in his office. He testified many buyers, other than First 100, attended foreclosure sales he conducted for the HOA and purchased homes at the foreclosure sales he conducted for the HOA.

96. The Court's holding in *West Sunset 2050 Trust v. Nationstar Mortg., LLC*, 420 P.3d 1032, 1037 (2018), is also contrary to the Plaintiff's contention that the HOA, ULS, and First 100 unlawfully colluded. The Court analogized First 100's purchase and sale agreement to a "factoring agreement" and held factoring agreements serve the valid purpose of providing HOAs with immediate access to cash, and help them meet their perpetual upkeep obligations. The Court added it was disinclined to interfere with the HOA's use of factoring agreements absent a theory as to how factoring agreements result in harm.

97. In this case, the PSA signed by the HOA, ULS, and First 100 was akin to a "factoring agreement" and it served the valid purpose of providing the HOA with access to cash. Plaintiff has failed to provide any evidence that the HOA, ULS, and First 100 unlawfully colluded.

98. Similarly, Plaintiff's other contentions related to the PSA do not show that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale. First, contrary to Plaintiff's complaints regarding the \$99.00 minimum bid, Mr. Atkinson testified that he was not aware of any statutory requirement in NRS Chapter 116 to establish a minimum bid; and the minimum bid was set at \$99.00 in the valid PSA to encourage bidding. Next, contrary to Plaintiff's complaints that the HOA was prohibited from making a credit bid, Mr. Atkinson testified, in his experience, HOAs did not want to acquire a property via a credit bid because they did not want to be responsible for paying assessments, cleaning up the property, being subject to self-compliance fines, or being responsible for kicking out squatters. Finally, Plaintiff's complaints that all actions were conducted for the benefit of First 100 pursuant to the PSA did not improperly affect the sale. In West Sunset 2050 Trust, the Court

 recognized and did not object that the agreement required the HOA's agent to remit payments to First 100. Again, Plaintiff's references to the PSA fail to show that fraud, unfairness, or oppression affected the sale.

99. Plaintiff also argues there was fraud, oppression and unfairness associated with the foreclosure sale because the HOA put the public on constructive notice in its CC&Rs, that the HOA's foreclosure would not disturb the first Deed of Trust. In support of its argument, Plaintiff cited to the United State District Court's holding in Zzyzx 2 v. Dizon, No, 2:13-CV-1307, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 39467, 2016 WL 1181666 (D. Nev. 2016).

100. In *United States Bank N.A. v. Vistas Homeowners Ass'n*, 2018 Nev. Unpub. LEXIS 1146 (December 14, 2018) the Nevada Supreme Court rejected the appellant's argument that the CC&R's mortgagee protection clause was evidence of unfairness. In opining that it was not persuaded that evidence regarding the mortgage protection clause constituted unfairness, the Court noted the appellant had not provided any evidence that potential bidders were misled by the CC&R's protective covenant and that the bidding was chilled. *Id.* at *1. The court also noted that it must presume that any bidders at the HOA Sale were also aware of NRS 116.1104, and therefore, they were not misled. *Id.* at *2.

101. In *Vistas Homeowners*, the Court distinguished *Zzyzx 2* because, in *Zzyzx 2*, the HOA sent a letter to the deed of trust beneficiary that it did not need to protect the Deed of Trust. *Id.* at fn. 2. The HOA in *Vistas Homeowners* did not send such a letter. *Id.*

102. In *Vistas Homeowners*, the Court also pointed out that in *SFR Inv. Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A.*, 334 P.3d 408, (2014), it had held that nothing in NRS 116.3116 expressly provides for the waiver of the HOA's rights under NRS Chapter 116. *Id.* at *2. The Court determined that the protective covenant in the *Vistas Homeowners* CC&R was not distinguishable from the covenant at issue in *SFR*. *Id.*

103. Like the appellant in *Vistas Homeowners*, Plaintiff has failed to produce any evidence showing the mortgagee protection clause in this case created unfairness. Further, Plaintiff failed to produce any evidence that potential bidders were misled by the CC&R's protective covenant and that bidding was chilled. Further, the Nevada Supreme Court's holding in *SFR* also applies in this

case and Plaintiff has failed to produce any evidence that mortgagee protection clause in this case is distinguishable from the clauses in *SFR* or *Vistas Homeowners*.

F. PLAINTIFF'S CONTENTIONS THAT NEITHER FIRST 100 NOR CHERSUS WERE BONA FIDE PURCHASERS ARE IRRELEVANT.

- 104. Plaintiff argues that the HOA Sale was not valid because neither First 100 nor Chersus is a bona fide purchaser because they purchased the property with notice of Ocwen's interest in the property.
 - 105. Defendant Chersus disputes Plaintiff's contention it was not a bona fide purchaser.
- 106. Again, however, the Nevada Supreme Court recently held in *West Sunset 2050 Trust*, that since the underlying HOA sale was valid, the Court did not need to resolve a dispute as to whether First 100 and Chersus were bona fide purchasers, 420 P 3d. at 1037.
- 107. Again, this Court holds the HOA Sale was a valid sale and Plaintiff is not entitled to any equitable relief. Thus, Plaintiff's arguments about whether First 100, LLC or Defendant Chersus were bona fide purchasers are irrelevant.

G. CHERSUS IS ENTITLED TO JUDGMENT ON ITS COUNTERCLAIMS AS TO ITS FIRST, SECOND, THIRD, FOURTH, AND FIFTH CAUSES OF ACTION, AS A MATTER OF LAW.

108. Chersus has proven that the undisputed facts and circumstances surrounding the HOA Sale. Chersus has also demonstrated it is entitled to judgment on its Counterclaims as to its First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Causes of Action, as a matter of law. At the MSJ Hearing, Chersus agreed to voluntarily dismiss its Sixth Cause of Action.

1. Wrongful Foreclosure

109. In support of its claim for wrongful foreclosure, Chersus established that at the time GMAC Mortgage, LLC exercised the power of sale and foreclosed, that no breach of condition or failure of performance existed on Chersus's part which would have authorized the foreclosure or exercise of the power of sale. There is no dispute that when GMAC Mortgage, LLC exercised the power of sale and foreclosed, its Deed of Trust had been extinguished by the foreclosure sale. There is no dispute that GMAC Mortgage, LLC and Plaintiff knew that after the HOA Sale: (1) GMAC Mortgage, LLC had no interest in the Property; (2) GMAC Mortgage, LLC had no authority

whatsoever to authorize the foreclosure or exercise the power of sale that had been extinguished by the HOA Foreclosure sale; (3) GMAC Mortgage, LLC had no authority to convey the Property to Plaintiff; and (4) Plaintiff had no right or authority to take possession of the Property.

110. Thus, the authorization of the foreclosure sale, the exercise of the power of sale, the sale to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff's taking possession of the Property was clearly wrongful and Chersus is entitled to summary judgment on its wrongful foreclosure claim as a matter of law.

111. There may be genuine issues of material fact regarding the amount of damages that should be awarded to Defendant Chersus for Wrongful Foreclosure. Accordingly, the Court shall conduct a separate evidentiary hearing to determine any amounts Plaintiff may owe to Defendant Chersus based on Defendant Chersus's claims for Trespass and Conversion.

2. Quiet Title

- 112. Chersus has shown the undisputed facts and circumstances surrounding the HOA sale, prove it is the rightful owner of the Property via chain of title starting with First 100's purchase of the Property at the HOA Sale and reflected in the deed recorded May 29, 2013.
- 113. Chersus has shown that Ocwen had actual and constructive notice of First 100's superior claim to the Property.
- 114. Chersus has shown that the Deed of Trust, in which Ocwen purportedly holds an interest, was extinguished at the HOA Sale. Thus, Ocwen did not acquire any interest in the Property when it purportedly acquired the Property pursuant to the Trustee's Deed Upon Sale.
- 115. Thus, this Court holds that Chersus is entitled to an order quieting title to the Property in favor of Chersus. The Court will enter a separate order quieting title in favor of Chersus that incorporates these Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law by reference.
- 116. Chersus further claims that it is entitled to recover the attorney's fees and costs it incurred in this matter. However, Chersus's counsel has not yet submitted a memorandum of costs or an Application for Attorney's Fees that addresses the *Brunzell v. Golden Gate Bank* (the "Brunzell Factors"). *See Miller v. Wilfong*, 121 Nev. 619, 623 (2005). The Court will consider Chersus's Memorandum of Costs and Application for Attorney's Fees separately from Chersus's Motion for Summary Judgment.

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3. Declaratory Relief

- 117. In its Third Cause of Action, Chersus asserts a dispute has arisen with Ocwen that is ripe for adjudication, specifically, concerning the ownership of the Property and interpretation of NRS of 116.3116 et. seq.
- 118. Chersus contends that per NRS 30.030 and 30.040, it is entitled to declaratory relief concerning the proper interpretation and enforcement of the NRS 116.3116 et. seq.
- 119. Chersus has shown the undisputed facts and circumstances surrounding the HOA Sale prove it is the rightful owner of the Property via chain of title starting with First 100's purchase of the Property at the HOA Sale and reflected in the deed recorded May 29, 2013.
- 120. Chersus has shown that Ocwen had actual and constructive notice of First 100's superior claim to the Property.
- 121. Chersus has shown the Deed of Trust, in which Ocwen purportedly holds an interest, was extinguished at the HOA Sale. Thus, Ocwen did not acquire any interest in the Property when it purportedly acquired the Property pursuant to the Trustee's Deed Upon Sale.
- 122. Thus, this Court holds that Chersus is entitled to an order declaring it is the lawful owner of the Property, it holds fee simple title to the Property, and the Property is not subject to the Deed of Trust. The Court will enter a separate order to this effect that incorporates these Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law by reference.
- 123. Chersus further claims that it is entitled to recover the attorney's fees and costs it incurred in this matter. As stated above, the Court will consider Chersus's Memorandum of Costs and Application for Attorney's Fees separately from this Motion for Summary Judgment.

4. Trespass and Conversion

- 124. Plaintiff wrongfully deprived Chersus of its right to own and possess the Property. The Property includes the land and the appurtenant structures (the "Real Property"); and any improvements that may be considered personal property (the "Personal Property").
- 125. Defendant Chersus admitted that it incorrectly partially labeled this Cause of Action as a Cause of Action for "Conversion," and that it should have labeled the Cause of Action as one for Trespass and Conversion.

126. In its REPLY TO OCWEN'S OPPOSITION TO CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC's MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT ("Reply Brief") filed on January 13, 2019, and at the MSJ Hearing, Defendant Chersus requested, without objection, that the Court consider the Cause of Action to apply to claims for Trespass and Conversion.

127. In support of its request, Defendant Chersus noted the allegations supporting the Cause of Action refer to Chersus's "Property" and the allegations do not distinguish between Real Property and Personal Property. Defendant Chersus also noted whether Plaintiff's actions amount to Conversion or Trespass turns on the character of the property over which Plaintiff wrongfully exercised control. *See e.g. Countrywide Home Loans, Inc. v. Thitchener*, 124 Nev. 725 (2008) (citing NRS 40.170). Thus, Defendant Chersus contended that the Cause of Action properly alleged facts that support claims based on Trespass and Conversion.

128. Defendant Chersus contends that it is undisputed that Plaintiff wrongfully exercised control over its Real Property and Personal Property. Defendant Chersus further contends that when the complaint was drafted, the nature of its interest in its Property was not clear. However, as a result of the discovery completed in this case, it has long been clear that Chersus's damages include loss of rental income; which would be based on a claim for Trespass. It has also long been clear that Chersus's damages include loss of the use/value of its improvements; which likely include personal property. Chersus claims for damages related to personal property would be based on a claim for Conversion.

129. Chersus also stated it its Reply Brief, and at the MSJ Hearing, that it understood that the measure of compensatory damages for Trespass and Conversion are similar to the measure of damages for quasi-contract/unjust enrichment. However, Chersus pointed out that punitive damages may be available for claims based on Trespass and Conversion.

130. Based on the contentions in its Reply Brief, and at the MSJ Hearing, the Court construes Chersus's Fourth Cause of Action to be based on claims for Trespass and Conversion.

131. There may be genuine issues of material fact regarding the amount of damages that could be awarded to Defendant Chersus for its claims for Trespass and Conversion. Accordingly, the

Court shall conduct a separate evidentiary hearing to determine any amounts Plaintiff may owe to Defendant Chersus based on Defendant Chersus's claims for Trespass and Conversion.

5. Unjust Enrichment

132. In support of its claim for Unjust Enrichment, Defendant Chersus pointed out that the appraisal performed by Plaintiff's expert appraiser Scott Dugan proves that Plaintiff is the record owner of the Property pursuant to a Deed recorded January 13, 2014. In addition, the appraisal indisputably shows Mr. Dugan estimated the monthly market rent to be \$1,050.00.

133. In this case, there was no contract between Plaintiff and Defendant Chersus. It is well established that a court will imply a quasi-contract to grant unjust enrichment where there is no legal contract but the person sought to be charged is in possession of property which in good conscience and justice should not be retained. Lease Partners Corp. v. Robert L. Brooks Trust Dated Nov. 12, 1975, 113 Nev. 747, 756 (1997). Further, in Asphalt Prods. Corp. v. All Star Ready Mix, 111 Nev. 799 (1995), the Nevada Supreme Court determined that the seller prevailed on its claim for unjust enrichment. As a result, the court compelled the buyer to pay the reasonable rental value for use of the tractor after the buyer failed to obtain financing according to an unenforceable sales agreement.

134. Accordingly, this Court imposes a quasi-contract upon Plaintiff and it compels Plaintiff to pay Defendant Chersus the reasonable rental value of the property as established by Plaintiff's expert's appraisal.

135. In addition to payment for the reasonable rental value of the property, Plaintiff is liable to Defendant Chersus because Plaintiff was unjustly enriched by any improvements that Defendant Chersus made to the Property.

136. There appear to be genuine issues of material dispute regarding the amount of any improvements made by Defendant Chersus. Accordingly, the Court shall conduct a separate evidentiary hearing to determine any amounts Plaintiff may owe to Defendant Chersus for improvements that Chersus made to the Property.

H. THE HOA IS ENTITLED TO JUDGMENT AS A MATTER OF LAW.

137. The Findings of Fact set forth above, and the Conclusions of Law vis-à-vis Plaintiff and Defendant Chersus, also demonstrate the HOA is entitled to judgment as a matter of law.

1. Injunctive Relief

- 138. Ocwen asserts a cause of action for a preliminary and permanent injunction against the HOA seeking an order prohibiting Defendant Chersus from selling, transferring or encumbering the Property.
- 139. The HOA has never claimed an ownership interest in the Property and the allegations in this cause of action are not directed at the HOA.
- 140. Moreover, a request for injunctive relief by itself does not state a cause of action. *Jensen v. Quality Loan Serv. Corp*, 702 F. Supp. 2d 1183, 1201 (E.D. Ca. 2010). Accordingly, the Court dismisses with prejudice Ocwen's Cause of Action for Injunctive Relief pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(5) for failure to state a cause of action.

2. Wrongful Foreclosure

- 141. Ocwen alleges the HOA wrongfully foreclosed based on the following contentions: (a) the HOA did not comply with mailing and notice requirements; (2) the HOA foreclosure sale "violated applicable law;" and (3) the HOA foreclosure sale was not commercially reasonable.
- 142. As is stated in the Findings of Fact and in the Conclusions of Law supporting the Court's Order granting summary judgment in favor of Chersus, each of Ocwen's contentions fail as a matter of law. The Court again finds (1) that the HOA Sale was properly noticed pursuant to NRS Chapter 116, (2) that the HOA Sale was properly conducted pursuant to NRS Chapter 116, (3) that no other interest party at the time of the HOA Sale tendered the superpriority amount of the HOA's lien before the HOA Sale, (4) that the HOA was authorized to foreclose at the time of the HOA Sale. Thus, the HOA is entitled to summary judgment on Ocwen's cause of action for wrongful foreclosure.

3. Negligence and Negligence Per Se

143. As a preliminary matter, the Court notes that "negligence per se" is not an independent cause of action separate from the negligence claim but a legal theory affecting the standards of the

negligence claim. *US Bank, N.A. v. SFR Investments Pool I, LLC*, 3:15-CV-00241-RCJ-WGC, 2017 WL 2991359, at *1 (D. Nev. July 12, 2017). Accordingly, the Court addresses Ocwen's negligence and negligence per se causes of action as one negligence claim.

144. To prevail on a claim for negligence, a plaintiff adduce evidence that shows: (1) the defendant owed the plaintiff a duty of care; (2) the defendant breached that duty; (3) the breach was the legal cause of the plaintiff's injuries; and (4) the plaintiff suffered damages. Sadler v. PacifiCare of Nev., Inc., 340 P.3d 1264, 1267 (Nev. 2014).

145. With regard to its cause of action for negligence, Ocwen alleged: (a) the HOA owed a duty to Plaintiff to conduct the HOA Sale properly and in a manner that allowed them an opportunity to cure the super-priority lien; (b) the HOA breached its duty; (c) the breach was a proximate cause of damages; and (d) Ocwen suffered damages.

146. In its Motion for Summary Judgment, the HOA argued: (1) it did not owe a duty to Ocwen; (2) Ocwen produced no evidence that HOA breached any purported duty to Ocwen; and (3) any negligence claim Ocwen may have was barred by the economic loss doctrine. Ocwen disputed that its claim was barred by the economic loss doctrine.

147. As is stated in the Findings of Fact and in the Conclusions of Law that support the Court's Order granting summary judgment in favor of Chersus, the Court determined that the HOA Sale was properly noticed and conducted pursuant to NRS 116. Assuming, *arguendo*, that the HOA did owe a duty to Ocwen, there is no evidence that the HOA breached its duty, or engaged in any other type of negligent action. Thus, the Court grants the HOA's motion for summary judgment as to Ocwen's causes of action for negligence and negligence per se.

4. Breach of Contract

148. Ocwen alleged it was an intended beneficiary of the HOA's CC&Rs and the HOA breached the CC&Rs by the circumstances under which they conducted the HOA Sale.

149. In its Motion for Summary Judgment, the HOA contended it did not breach the CC&Rs based on the Nevada Supreme Court's decision in *SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A.*, 130 Nev. 742, 757-58, 334 P.3d 408, 419 (2014); where the Court recognized that NRS 116.1104 overrules mortgage protection clauses contained in CC&Rs. *See also* NRS 116.1104 (stating that

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NRS Chapter 116 provisions cannot be varied by agreement and rights cannot be waived except as provided by the statute)."

150. As is stated in the Findings of Fact and in the Conclusions of Law that support the Court's Order granting summary judgment in favor of Chersus, the Court has determined that the Nevada Supreme Court's holding in SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A., 130 Nev. 742, 757-58, 334 P.3d 408, 419 (2014), applies to this case, and as a result, the provisions of NRS Chapter 116 cannot be varied or waived by the CC&Rs. Accordingly, the Court grants the HOA's motion for summary judgment as to Ocwen's claim for breach of contract.

5. Negligent Misrepresentation

151. As to Negligent Misrepresentation, Ocwen alleged: (1) the HOA should have known that Ocwen would rely on the representations contained in the Mortgagee Protection Clause in the CC&Rs; (2) it justifiably relied on the representations contained in the Mortgagee Protection Clause in giving consideration for the Deed of Trust; (3) the HOA's representations about the Mortgagee Protection Clause were false; (4) the HOA knew, or should have known the representations in the CC&RS, including the Mortgagee Protection Clause, were false; (5) the HOA had a pecuniary interest in having Plaintiff rely on the CC&Rs, including the Mortgagee Protection Clause; and (6) the HOA failed to exercise reasonable care or competence in communicating the information within the provisions of the CC&Rs, including without limitation, the Mortgagee Protection Clause.

152. In its Motion for Summary Judgment, the HOA argued Ocwen's misrepresentation claim was barred by the economic loss doctrine. The HOA also argued the claim failed as a matter of law because NRS 116.1104 clearly and unambiguously states that NRS Chapter 116 provisions cannot be varied by agreement. Thus, Ocwen did not, and could not have, justifiably relied on any misrepresentations related to the Mortgagee Protection Clause. Ocwen disputed that its claim was barred by the economic loss doctrine. Ocwen also argued that based on ZYZZX2 v. Dizon, supra, it had set forth a viable claim for misrepresentation.

153. As is stated in the Findings of Fact and in the Conclusions of Law that support the Court's Order granting summary judgment in favor of Chersus, the Court has determined that the Nevada Supreme Court's holding in SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A., 130 Nev. 742, 757-

58, 334 P.3d 408, 419 (2014), applies to this case. As a result, the Court holds the provisions of NRS Chapter 116 cannot be varied or waived by the CC&Rs. Thus, Ocwen did not, and could not have, justifiably relied on any misrepresentations related to the Mortgagee Protection Clause. Accordingly, the Court grants the HOA's motion for summary judgment as to Ocwen's claim for misrepresentation.

6. Unjust Enrichment

154. As to its Cause of Action for Unjust Enrichment, Plaintiff alleged: (a) it has been deprived of the benefit of its secured deed of trust by the actions of the HOA; (b) the HOA benefitted from the unlawful HOA Sale, and (c) the HOA benefitted from Plaintiff's payment of property taxes, insurance premiums, or homeowner's association assessments.

155. The HOA contended it Motion for Summary Judgment should be granted because Ocwen did not pay any money to it; and it did not unjustly retain money owed to Ocwen.

156. Based on the HOA's and Ocwen's briefing on the HOA's motion for summary judgment, and the argument at the MSJ Hearing, the Court holds that the HOA did not benefit from the Ocwen's payment of taxes, insurance premiums, or homeowner's association assessments. First, any property taxes paid by Ocwen were not paid to the HOA and the HOA did not benefit from Ocwen's payment of property taxes because the HOA was not the property owner. Second, at the hearing, the Court asked Ocwen's counsel to explain how the payment of insurance premiums benefited the HOA. Ocwen's counsel stated the payment of insurance premiums benefited the HOA owned the Property. However, it is undisputed that the HOA did not own the Property.

157. Finally, based on its purported purchase of the Property at the Deed of Trust Foreclosure, Ocwen obtained possession of the Property, and it was identified as the record owner of the Property. While it was the record owner of the Property, and while it held possession of the Property, it was in Ocwen's interest to pay the property taxes, insurance premiums and homeowner's association assessments. Consequently, the HOA was not unjustly enriched by Ocwen's payment of property taxes, insurance premiums and homeowner's association assessments. Thus, the HOA's motion for summary judgment as to Ocwen's unjust enrichment cause of action must be granted.

158. If any Conclusion of Law set forth herein is determined to properly constitute a Finding of Fact (or vice versa), such shall be treated as if appropriately identified and designated.

7. Tortious Interference with Contractual Relations

- 159. To prevail on a claim for tortious inference with contractual relations, Ocwen must demonstrate that: "(1) a valid and existing contract; (2) the [HOA's] knowledge of the contract; (3) intentional acts intended or designed to disrupt the contractual relationship; (4) actual disruption of the contract; and (5) resulting damage." J.J. Indus., LLC v. Bennett, 71 P.3d 1264, 1267 (Nev. 2003).
- 160. Ocwen argues that the HOA's decision to foreclose on the Property was designed to disrupt the contractual relationship between [Ocwen] and the borrower by extinguishing the senior deed of trust.
- 161. The Court finds that Ocwen cannot demonstrate any motive by the HOA to interfere. The borrower breached the contract with Ocwen well before the HOA Sale. Thus, the HOA did not induce the borrower to breach. There is also no actual disruption because the borrower had already breached the contract.
- 162. The Court further finds that the HOA Sale in no way prevented Ocwen from taking legal action against the borrower for her breach of the note. Ocwen could have pursued its own foreclosure before the HOA Sale and the HOA Sale did not preclude Ocwen from taking other legal action against the borrower for breaching her contract with Ocwen.
- 163. The Court finds that HOA Sale did not cause Ocwen any harm. Rather, Ocwen caused any purported harm by failing to tender the superpriority portion of the lien or to take any other affirmative action to protect its interest. If the deed of trust was extinguished by the foreclosure sale, then any harm stems entirely from the inaction of Ocwen and its predecessors, not the HOA.
- 164. The Court, therefore, grant summary judgment in favor of the HOA on Ocwen's tortious interference claim.

ORDER

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, THE COURT HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. Ocwen's Motion for Summary Judgment is DENIED;

1	against the Property under any of the Deed of Trust has been extinguished.		
3	IT IS SO ORDERED. DATED this 2 day of March, 2019		
4	DATED this day of March, 2019		
5	DISTRICT JUDGE		
6	7		
7	Submitted by:		
8	THE LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON		
9	By: <u>/s/ Vernon Nelson</u>		
10	VERNON NELSON, ESQ. Nevada Bar No.: 6434		
11	9480 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 252		
12	Las Vegas, NV 89123 Tel: 702-476-2500		
13	Fax: 702-476-2788 E-Mail: <u>vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com</u>		
14	Attorney for Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC		
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22	A-14-696357C		
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PROOF OF SERVICE OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC v. CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC Case No.: A-14-696357-C I, Jennifer Martinez, declare:

I am over the age of eighteen (18) years and not a party to the within entitled action. I am employed by The Law Office of Vernon Nelson, PLLC, 9480 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 252, Las Vegas, Nevada 89123. I am readily familiar with The Law Office of Vernon Nelson, PLLC's practice for collection and processing of documents for delivery by way of the service indicated below.

Mory 3. On March 19, 2019, I served the following document(s):

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

on the interested party(ies) in this action as follows:

11	"Robert E. Atkinson, Esq.".	robert@nv-lawfirm.com
12	Alexandria Raleigh .	ARaleigh@lawhjc.com
13	Brody Wight .	bwight@kochscow.com
14	Kristin Schuler-Hintz .	denv@mcearthyholthus.com
15	NVEfile .	nvefile@wrightlegal.net
16	Paralegal .	bknotices@nv-lawfirm.com
17	Staff.	aeshenbaugh@kochscow.com
18	Steven B. Scow.	sscow@kochscow.com
	Thomas N. Beckom.	tbeckom@mccarthyholthus.com
19		

X By Electronic Service. Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2 and Rule 9 of the NEFCR I caused said documents(s) to be transmitted to the person(s) identified in the E-Service List for this captioned case in Odyssey E-File & Serve of the Eighth Judicial District Court, County of Clark, State of Nevada. A service transmission report reported service as complete and a copy of the service transmission report will be maintained with the document(s) in this office.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

> /s/ Jennifer Martinez An Employee of the Law Offices of Vernon Nelson

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EXHIBIT 1

EXHIBIT 1

Jennifer Martinez

From: Vernon Nelson

Sent: Friday, April 5, 2019 7:13 PM **To:** Paterno Jurani; Ashlie Surur

Subject: RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL- EX I

Paterno- Separately, I disagree with Dana's comment that the Order should state who the notices were sent to. That is not consistent with our argument that the recitals establish that these requirements were met and it is not consistent with Judge Early's ruling.

Vernon

1. Thus, the Court finds Red Rock sent the Lien for Delinquent Assessment Notices and the Notice of Default and Election to Sell in accordance with NRS Chapter 116.

From: Vernon Nelson <vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com>

Sent: Friday, April 5, 2019 7:09 PM

To: Paterno Jurani <pjurani@wrightlegal.net>; Ashlie Surur <ASurur@lawhjc.com>

Subject: RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL

Hi Paterno-

Sorry for the delay. I have attached the transcript.

With respect to the issue about Trespass being raised at the MSJ, please refer to pp. 43-44 of the transcript. At lines 4-5 is where I repeated that the brief argued that the Conversion claim should have been labeled as Trespass and Conversion...however, there was a lot of back and forth and Judge Early and I were talking over each other. I had started talking about trespass, and she cut me off and started distinguishing conversion.

- 1. Trespass and Conversion.
- 2. In its REPLY TO OCWEN'S OPPOSITION TO CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC's MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT ("Reply Brief") filed on January 13, 2019, and at the MSJ Hearing, Defendant Chersus requested, without objection, that the Court consider the Cause of Action to apply to claims for Trespass and Conversion.

With respect to

Ocwen's counsel stated the payment of insurance premiums benefited the HOA because the HOA owned the Property

At pp. 54-55, the Judge is asking Dana to explain the unjust enrichment claim. On page 55 at lines 13-24 he explains how the HOA benefited and he includes the payment of insurance premiums.

From: Paterno Jurani <piurani@wrightlegal.net>

Sent: Tuesday, March 26, 2019 1:50 PM

To: Vernon Nelson < vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com >; Ashlie Surur < ASurur@lawhjc.com >

Subject: RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL

Hi Vernon, Ashlie,

Attached is the order with Dana's changes and comments. There are a couple of paragraphs that reference his comments at the hearing. Could you please provide us with the transcript and identify where the comments were made. Alternatively, please identify the time stamp as we have video of the hearing. Thanks.

Paterno C. Jurani, Esq.

Attorney Licensed in Nevada and California



7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117 (702) 475-7962 Direct (702) 946-1345 Fax (702) 475-7964 Main Ext. 7005 pjurani@wrightlegal.net

Wright, Finlay & Zak: Your Western Regional Counsel for California, Nevada, Arizona, Washington, Oregon, Utah and New Mexico



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From: Vernon Nelson [mailto:vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com]

Sent: Tuesday, March 19, 2019 2:55 PM **To:** Ashlie Surur; Paterno Jurani; Dana J. Nitz

Cc: Michelle Adams; Alexandria Raleigh; Jennifer Martinez

Subject: RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL

Hi All- Hope you are well. I apologize for the delay in getting his out. We had some turnover and Steve Burke, Coreene Drose, and Julie Hall are no longer with the firm. Jennifer Martinez is our new Legal Assistant. Pls cc Jennifer and Michelle on a communications.

I have a attached a draft of proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law.

Please review and let me know if you have any comments/changes. If you do have changes, please use the track changes feature in Word. Please do not send a list of changes for our staff to type into the document. Unfortunately, we stretched a little to thin to do that work.

Kind regards,

Vernon

EXHIBIT 2

EXHIBIT 2

Jennifer Martinez

From:

Vernon Nelson

Sent: To: Friday, April 5, 2019 7:09 PM Paterno Jurani: Ashlie Surur

Subject:

RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL-EX II

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Paterno C. Jurani, Esq.

Attomey

Licensed in Nevada and California



7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117 (702) 475-7962 Direct (702) 946-1345 Fax (702) 475-7964 Main Ext. 7005 pjurani@wrightlegal.net

Wright, Finlay & Zak: Your Western Regional Counsel for California, Nevada, Arizona, Washington, Oregon, Utah and New Mexico



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Sent: Tuesday, March 19, 2019 2:55 PM **To:** Ashlie Surur; Paterno Jurani; Dana J. Nitz

Cc: Michelle Adams; Alexandria Raleigh; Jennifer Martinez

Subject: RE: Ocwen v. Chersus; A-14-696357-C - Proposed FFCL

Hi All- Hope you are well. I apologize for the delay in getting his out. We had some turnover and Steve Burke, Coreene Drose, and Julie Hall are no longer with the firm. Jennifer Martinez is our new Legal Assistant. Pls cc Jennifer and Michelle on a communications.

I have a attached a draft of proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law.

Please review and let me know if you have any comments/changes. If you do have changes, please use the track changes feature in Word. Please do not send a list of changes for our staff to type into the document. Unfortunately, we stretched a little to thin to do that work.

Kind regards,

Vernon

Electronically Filed 2/20/2020 11:30 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

ORDER DENYING OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION TO ALTER OR AMEND JUDGMENT AND FOR RECONSIDERATION PURSUANT TO N.R.C.P. 59 AND 60

A-14-696357-C

IV

ORDER DENYING OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION TO ALTER OR AMEND JUDGMENT AND FOR RECONSIDERATION PURSUANT TO N.R.C.P. 59 AND 60

This matter came before the Court on February 6, 2020, on Plaintiff's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60 ("Motion for Reconsideration") filed on June 11, 2019 by counsel Paterno C. Jurani, Esq. Counsel Vernon A. Nelson, Esq. filed an Opposition thereto on July 2, 2019 on behalf of Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC. Counsel Paterno C. Jurani, Esq. then filed a Reply thereto on July 11, 2019 and a Notice of Supplemental Authority on September 6, 2019. The Court having reviewed the matter, including all points, authorities, and exhibits submitted by counsel, hereby DENIES Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration.

ITS IS SO ORDERED this // day of February, 2020.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

Respectfully Submitted:

THE LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON

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VERNON A NELSON, JR., ESQ.

Nevada Bar No.: 6434

6787 W. Tropicana Ave., Suite 103

Las Vegas, NV 89130 Tel: 702-476-2500

Fax: 702-476-2788

E-Mail: vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com

Attorneys for Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC

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A-14-696357-C Ord Denying Ocwen Loan-Monto Alter Or Amend; ada + Reconsideration

Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 **NEO** VERNON A. NELSON, JR., ESQ. Nevada Bar No.: 6434 THE LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON 3 9480 S. Eastern Ave., Ste. 252 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Tel.: 702-476-2500 Fax.: 702-476-2788 E-mail: vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com Attorney for Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC 6 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a foreign Case No.: A-14-696357-C Limited Liability Company, Dept No.: 10 Plaintiff, 11 12 CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 13 Limited Liability Company; First 100, LLC, a DENYING OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION TO ALTER OR AMEND Domestic Limited Liability Company; 14 JUDGMENT AND FOR SOUTHERN TERRACE HOMEOWNERS RECONSIDERATION PURSUANT TO ASSOCIATION, a Domestic Non-Profit 15 N.R.C.P. 59 AND 60 Corporation; RED ROCK FINANCIAL SERVICES, LLC, A Foreign Limited Liability 16 Company; UNITED LEGAL SERVICES, 17 INC., a Domestic Corporation; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS XI 18 through XX, inclusive 19 Defendant. 20 CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company, 21 22 Counterclaimant, 23 OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a foreign Limited Liability Company, 24 Counter-Defendants. 25 26 27 28

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NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER DENYING OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION TO ALTER OR AMEND JUDGMENT AND FOR RECONSIDERATION PURSUANT TO N.R.C.P. 59 AND 60

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on the 20th day of February, 2020, an Order Denying Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to N.R.C.P. 59 and 60 was entered on the Court's docket. A copy of said Order is attached hereto.

DATED this 20th day of February, 2020

THE LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON

VERNON A. NELSON, JR., ESQ. Nevada Bar No.: 6434 9480 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 252

Las Vegas, NV 89123 Tel: 702-476-2500 Fax: 702-476-2788

E-Mail: <u>vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com</u>
Attorney for Defendant Chersus Holdings,
LLC

PROOF OF SERVICE 1 OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC v. CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC 2 Case No.: A-14-696357-C 3 I am over the age of eighteen (18) years and not a party to the within entitled action. I am employed by The Law Office of Vernon Nelson, PLLC. I am readily familiar with The Law Office of Vernon Nelson, PLLC's practice for collection and processing of documents for delivery by way of 5 the service indicated below. 6 On February 20, 2020, I served the following document(s): NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER DENYING OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION TO ALTER OR AMEND JUDGMENT AND FOR RECONSIDERATION 8 PURSUANT TO N.R.C.P. 59 AND 60 9 on the interested party(ies) in this action as follows: 10 WRIGHT, FINLAY & ZAK, LLP DANA JONATHON NITZ, ESO. 11 Nevada Bar No. 0050 PATERNO C. JURANI, ESQ. 12 Nevada Bar No. 8136 7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200 13 Las Vegas, NV 89117 Attorneys for Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant, Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC 14 HALL, JAFFE & CLAYTON, LLP 15 ASHLIE L. SURUR, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 11290 7425 Peak Drive Las Vegas, NV 89128 17 Attorney for Defendant, Southern Terrace Homeowners Association 18 19 X By Electronic Service. Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2 and Rule 9 of the NEFCR I caused said documents(s) to be transmitted to the person(s) identified in the E-Service List for this captioned case in Odyssey E-File & Serve of the Eighth Judicial District Court, County of Clark, State of Nevada. A service transmission report reported service as complete and a copy of the service 21 transmission report will be maintained with the document(s) in this office. 22 23 /s/ Ana Brady 24 An Employee of the Law Offices of Vernon

Nelson

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Electronically Filed
2/20/2020 11:30 AM
Steven D. Grierson
CLERK OF THE COURT

Case No.: A-14-696357-C Dept No.: IV

ORDER DENYING OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION TO ALTER OR AMEND JUDGMENT AND FOR RECONSIDERATION PURSUANT TO N.R.C.P. 59 AND 60

ORDER DENYING OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION TO ALTER OR AMEND JUDGMENT AND FOR RECONSIDERATION PURSUANT TO N.R.C.P. 59 AND 60

This matter came before the Court on February 6, 2020, on Plaintiff's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60 ("Motion for Reconsideration") filed on June 11, 2019 by counsel Paterno C. Jurani, Esq. Counsel Vernon A. Nelson, Esq. filed an Opposition thereto on July 2, 2019 on behalf of Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC. Counsel Paterno C. Jurani, Esq. then filed a Reply thereto on July 11, 2019 and a Notice of Supplemental Authority on September 6, 2019. The Court having reviewed the matter, including all points, authorities, and exhibits submitted by counsel, hereby DENIES Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration.

ITS IS SO ORDERED this // day of February, 2020.

Respectfully Submitted:

THE LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON

19 VERNON A NELSON, JR., ESO.

Nevada Bar No.: 6434

6787 W. Tropicana Ave., Suite 103

Las Vegas, NV 89130 Tel: 702-476-2500

Fax: 702-476-2788

E-Mail: vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com

Attorneys for Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC

A-14-696357-C Ord Denying Ocwen Loan-MTN to Alter Or Amend; ade t Reconsideration

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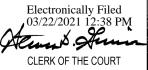
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	ODDD	CLLAR OF THE COURT
1	ORDR VERNON A. NELSON, JR., ESQ.	
2	Nevada Bar No.: 6434 THE LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON	
3	6787 W. Tropicana Ave., Suite 103	
4	Las Vegas, NV 89103 Tel.: 702-476-2500	
_	Fax.: 702-476-2788	
5	vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com Attorney for Chersus Holdings, LLC	
6	DISTRIC	CT COURT
7		
8		C, STATE OF NEVADA
9	OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a foreign Limited Liability Company,	Case No.: A-14-696357-C Dept No.: IV
10	Plaintiff,	
11	v.	
	CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic	
12	Limited Liability Company; First 100, LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company;	ORDER GRANTING JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF COUNTERCLAIMANT
13	SOUTHERN TERRACE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, a Domestic Non-Profit	CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC.
14	Corporation; RED ROCK FINANCIAL	
15	SERVICES, LLC, A Foreign Limited Liability Company; UNITED LEGAL SERVICES,	
	INC., a Domestic Corporation; DOES I	
16	through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS XI through XX, inclusive	
17	Defendant,	
18	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
19	CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company,	
20	Counterclaimant,	
21	OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a foreign	
22	Limited Liability Company,	
23	Counter-Defendants.	
	This matter came for before the Court for a prove-up hearing on Counter Claimant, Chersus	
24	Holdings II C's MOTION FOR (1) II II	DGMENT OR PROVE-UP HEARING FOR
25	Thoramgs, LLC 5 MOTION POIC. (1) JUI	DOMENT ON TROVE-OF HEARING FOR
26	COMPENSATORY, STATUTORY, AND PUR	NITIVE DAMAGES; (2) ORDER AWARDING
27	ATTORNEY'S FEES TO CHERSUS HOLDIN	NGS LLC; AND (3) ORDERS FOR SPECIFIC
28	PERFORMANCE. Vernon Nelson, Esq. appear	red for Chersus Holdings, LLC. Aaron Lancaster

appeared for Counter Defendant and Ashlie Surur appearing for Defendant Southern Terrace Homeowner's Association. The Court, having the moving papers, the testimony of witnesses, the papers and pleadings on file herein, and the arguments of counsel, and good cause appearing, the Court HEREBY ORDERS:

1. Counter Claimant is hereby awarded lost rental damages as follows:

a. November and December 2016:	\$1,200.00/month x 2 months	\$ 2,400.00
b. 2017	\$1,300/month x 12 months	\$15,600.00
c. 2018	\$1,400/month x 12 months	\$16,800.00
d. 2019	\$1,550/month x 12 months	\$18,600.00
e. 2020	\$1,550/month x 12 months	\$18,600.00
f. 2021	\$1,550/month x 3 months	<u>\$ 4,650.00</u>
Total Amoun	t of Lost Rental Damages	\$76,650.00

(At the hearing, Mr. Nelson miscalculated this amount to be \$58,050.00. The correct amount is \$76,650.00).

2. Counter Claimant is awarded costs based on amounts that are documented within the Memorandum of Costs; which are as follows:

Independent Transcriber Charges	01/30/2019	\$378.63	MC Exhibit 1
Deposition Transcripts	03/01/2018	\$527.24	MC Exhibit 2
Court Runner Services	02/15/219	\$117.00	MC Exhibit 3
Court Runner Services	02/22/2019	\$30.00	MC Exhibit 4
Court Runner Services	01/18/2019	\$92.00	MC Exhibit 5
Court Runner Services	05/28/2019	\$55.00	MC Exhibit 6
Litigation Support Vendor	05/01/2019	\$401.26	MC Exhibit 7
Deposition Transcripts	07/16/2018	\$368.80	MC Exhibit 8

i				
1	Deposition Transcript	01/09/2018	\$ 535.27	MC Exhibit 9
2	Deposition Transcripts	08/22/2018	\$357.77	MC Exhibit 11
3	Deposition Transcripts	08/30/2018	<u>\$554.07</u>	MC Exhibit 11
4	Total Documented Costs		\$2,522.17	
5	3. The Court determined Counterels	aimant is not ent	itled to damag	es for taxes, trash liens from
6	Republic Services, the Preliminary Title R			
7			_	
8	4. The Court determined Countered	iannam snan no	t be awarded	punitive damages or treble
9	damages pursuant to NRS 42.230.			
10	5. As to specific Performance, the COURT ORDERS, Ocwen to comply with any requests			
11	from the title company that is hired by Chersus Holdings that are necessary to transfer title.			
12	6. As to attorney's fees the COURT	FINDS it was r	easonable for	Ocwen to reject the offer of
13	judgment based on the constant and current flux of law on these foreclosure issues. COURT			
14	FURTHER FINDS, attorney's fees are not warranted under NRS Section 18.010(b).			
15				
16	IT IS SO ORDERED that Judgment shall be awarded to Counter Claimant Chersus Holding,			
17	LLC, and Counter Defendant Ocwen Loan	Servicing, LLC	Defendants in	the amount of SEVENTY-
18	NINE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED SEV	/ENTY-TWO A	ND 17/100 (\$'	79,172.17) is hereby entered
19	as follows:			
20	1. The principal amount due	and owing to	Plaintiff for l	ost rent in the amount of
21	 SEVENTY-SIX THOUSAND SIX HUND	ORED FIFTY A	ND 00/100 D	OLLARS (\$76,650.00).
22	2. Costs and disbursements in			,
23			JIL IIIOUS	THE THE TOTAL
24	SIXTY-FOUR AND 60/100 DOLLARS (S	·		
25	3. For a total judgment of SEV	ENTY-NINE TI	IOUSAND OI	NE HUNDRED SEVENTY-
26	TWO AND 17/100 (\$79,172.17)			
27				

1	4. This Judgment shall bear int	erest at the Nevada statutory rate from the entry of the
2	Judgment until paid in full.	
3	DATED this day of March, 24	921
4	,	Dated this 22nd day of March, 2021
5		DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
6	Respectfully submitted by:	E2A 5FD 62AF EAC6
7		Nadia Krall District Court Judge
8	LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON, PI	LC
9	/s/ Vernon A. Nelson, Jr., Esq. VERNON A. NELSON, JR., ESQ.	
10	Nevada Bar No. 6434 6787 W. Tropicana Ave., Suite 103	
11	Las Vegas, NV 89103 Tel: 702-476-2500	
12	Fax: 702-476-2788	
13	Email: vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com Attorneys for Plaintiff	
14 15		
16	Approved as to form:	
17	SURUR LAW GROUP	WRIGHT FINLAY & ZAK
18		WRIGHT THEAT & ZAK
19	/S/ Ashlie L. Surur ASHLIE L. SURUR, ESQ.	NO RESPONSE FROM COUNSEL
20	Nevada Bar No. 11290	Aaron Lancaster, Esq. Nevada Bar No.
21	561 Ivy Spring St. Las Vegas, NV 89138	7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117
22	Attorneys for Southern Terrace Homeowners Association	Attorneys for Ocwen Holdings, LLC
23		
24		
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Ana Brady

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject:	Ashlie Surur <ashlie@sururlaw.com> Monday, March 15, 2021 1:13 PM Vernon Nelson` Aaron D. Lancaster; Ana Brady; Paula Keller Re: Proposed Judgment</ashlie@sururlaw.com>	
Hi Vernon,		
I approve and you may submit	with my electronic signature.	
Ashlie L. Surur, Esq. SURUR LAW GROUP D: 702-909-0838 ashlie@sururlaw.com www.sururlaw.com		
On Thu, Mar 11, 2021 at 2:03	PM Vernon Nelson` < <u>vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com</u> > wrote:	
Hi All-Here is the proposed judgment. As you will see, I made a mistake when I calculated the lost rental income amount at the hearing. I have corrected it in the proposed judgment.		
Let me know if you have any along with an email indicating	questions/comments, and/or if we have your approval to submit to the Court g your approval.	
Thanks		
Vernon Nelson		
The Law Office of Vernon Nelson		
6787 W. Tropicana Ave., Suite 103		
Las Vegas, NV 89103		
702-476-2500 (Office)		

702-525-7884 (Cell)

vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com

1 **CSERV** 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, CASE NO: A-14-696357-C 6 Plaintiff(s) DEPT. NO. Department 4 7 VS. 8 Chersus Holdings, LLC, 9 Defendant(s) 10 11 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 12 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District 13 Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below: 14 Service Date: 3/22/2021 15 16 "Robert E. Atkinson, Esq.". robert@nv-lawfirm.com 17 ARaleigh@lawhjc.com Alexandria Raleigh. 18 Ashlie Surur. ASurur@lawhjc.com 19 Brody Wight. bwight@kochscow.com 20 David R. Koch. dkoch@kochscow.com 21 Kristin Schuler-Hintz. dcnv@mccarthyholthus.com 22 NVEfile. nvefile@wrightlegal.net 23 24 Paralegal. bknotices@nv-lawfirm.com 25 Paterno Jurani. pjurani@wrightlegal.net 26 Staff. aeshenbaugh@kochscow.com 27

1		
2	Steven B. Scow.	sscow@kochscow.com
3	Thomas N. Beckom .	tbeckom@mccarthyholthus.com
4	Lisa Cox	lcox@wrightlegal.net
5	Aaron Lancaster	alancaster@wrightlegal.net
6	Master Calendering	mail@nelsonlawfirmlv.com
7	Vernon Nelson	vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com
8	Vernon Nelson	vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com
9	Michelle Adams	michellea@nelsonlawfirmlv.com
10	Legal Assistant	legalassistant@nelsonlawfirmlv.com
11	Ashlie Surur	ashlie@sururlaw.com
12	Asime Surui	asime@sururiaw.com
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1	said Order is attached hereto.
2	DATED this 22nd day of March, 2021.
3	THE LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON
4	/s/ Vernon Nelson
5	VERNON A. NELSON, JR., ESQ. Nevada Bar No.: 6434
6	6787 W. Tropicana Ave., Suite 103 Las Vegas, NV 89130
7	Tel: 702-476-2500 Fax: 702-476-2788
8	E-Mail: vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com
9	Attorney for Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC
10	
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PROOF OF SERVICE 1 OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC v. CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC 2 Case No.: A-14-696357-C 3 I am over the age of eighteen (18) years and not a party to the within entitled action. I am employed by The Law Office of Vernon Nelson, PLLC. I am readily familiar with The Law Office of 4 Vernon Nelson, PLLC's practice for collection and processing of documents for delivery by way of 5 the service indicated below. 6 On March 22, 2021, I served the following document(s): 7 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF COUNTERCLAIMANT CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC 8 on the interested party(ies) in this action as follows: 9 WRIGHT, FINLAY & ZAK, LLP 10 DANA JONATHON NITZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 0050 11 PATERNO C. JURANI, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 8136 12 7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117 13 Attorneys for Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC 14 URUR LAW GROUP 15 ASHLIE L. SURUR, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 11290 561 Ivy Spring St. 17 Las Vegas, NV 89138 Attorneys for Southern Terrace Homeowners Association 18 19 X By Electronic Service. Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2 and Rule 9 of the NEFCR I caused said documents(s) to be transmitted to the person(s) identified in the E-Service List for this 20 captioned case in Odyssey E-File & Serve of the Eighth Judicial District Court, County of Clark, State of Nevada. A service transmission report reported service as complete and a copy of the service 21 transmission report will be maintained with the document(s) in this office. 22 23 /s/ Ana Brady 24 An Employee of the Law Offices of Vernon Nelson

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26

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EXHIBIT 1

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03/22/2021 12:38 PM

CLERK OF THE COURT

1	ORDR		
ام	VERNON A. NELSON, JR., ESQ.		
2	Nevada Bar No.: 6434 THE LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON		
3	6787 W. Tropicana Ave., Suite 103		
	Las Vegas, ÑV 89103		
4	Tel.: 702-476-2500		
اہ	Fax.: 702-476-2788		
5	vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com Attorney for Chersus Holdings, LLC		
6	12.11011169 for Cheraus Hommigs, LLC		
	DISTRIC	T COURT	
7	COINTYS OF CLANK	GTATE OF TOTAL	
8	COUNTY OF CLARK	, STATE OF NEVADA	
	OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a foreign	Case No.: A-14-696357-C	
9	Limited Liability Company,	Dept No.: IV	
10	Plaintiff,		
ויי	V.		
11			
404	CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic		
12	Limited Liability Company; First 100, LLC, a Domestic Limited Liability Company;	ORDER GRANTING JUDGMENT IN	
13	SOUTHERN TERRACE HOMEOWNERS	FAVOR OF COUNTERCLAIMANT CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC.	
	ASSOCIATION, a Domestic Non-Profit		
14	Corporation; RED ROCK FINANCIAL		
15	SERVICES, LLC, A Foreign Limited Liability Company; UNITED LEGAL SERVICES,		
1.7	INC., a Domestic Corporation; DOES I		
16	through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS XI		
4,54	through XX, inclusive	·	
17	Defendant,		
18	15 of officiality		
	CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC, a Domestic		
19	Limited Liability Company,		
20	Counterclaimant,		
ŀ	ĺ		
21	OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC, a foreign		
22	Limited Liability Company,		
<i>""</i>	Counter-Defendants.	·	
23			
24	This matter came for before the Court for	a prove-up hearing on Counter Claimant, Chersus	
24	II-11 - II-71 MOTTON DOD (4) TO		
25	Holdings, LLC's MOHON FOR; (1) JUI	DGMENT OR PROVE-UP HEARING FOR	
	COMPENICATORY STATISTORY AND DID	NITIVE DAMAGES; (2) ORDER AWARDING	
26	COMPANDATORI, BIATOTORI, AND FO	MITTE DAMAGES; (2) ORDER AWARDING	
27	ATTORNEY'S FEES TO CHERSUS HOLDIN	NGS LLC; AND (3) ORDERS FOR SPECIFIC	
		(v) OTEDAKE TOK BI BOILTO	
28	PERFORMANCE. Vernon Nelson, Esq. appear	red for Chersus Holdings, LLC. Aaron Lancaster	
		-	

Statistically closed: USJR - CV - Summary Judgment (USSUJ)

appeared for Counter Defendant and Ashlie Surur appearing for Defendant Southern Terrace Homeowner's Association. The Court, having the moving papers, the testimony of witnesses, the papers and pleadings on file herein, and the arguments of counsel, and good cause appearing, the Court HEREBY ORDERS:

1. Counter Claimant is hereby awarded lost rental damages as follows:

a. November and December 2016:	\$1,200.00/month x 2 months	\$ 2,400.00
b. 2017	\$1,300/month x 12 months	\$15,600.00
c. 2018	\$1,400/month x 12 months	\$16,800.00
d. 2019	\$1,550/month x 12 months	\$18,600,00
e, 2020	\$1,550/month x 12 months	\$18,600,00
f. 2021	\$1,550/month x 3 months	<u>\$4,650.00</u>
Total Amount	of Lost Rental Damages	\$76,650.00

(At the hearing, Mr. Nelson miscalculated this amount to be \$58,050.00. The correct amount is \$76,650.00).

2. Counter Claimant is awarded costs based on amounts that are documented within the Memorandum of Costs; which are as follows:

Independent Transcriber Charges	01/30/2019	\$378.63	MC Exhibit 1
Deposition Transcripts	03/01/2018	\$527.24	MC Exhibit 2
Court Runner Services	02/15/219	\$117.00	MC Exhibit 3
Court Runner Services	02/22/2019	\$30.00	MC Exhibit 4
Court Runner Services	01/18/2019	\$92.00	MC Exhibit 5
Court Runner Services	05/28/2019	\$55.00	MC Exhibit 6
Litigation Support Vendor	05/01/2019	\$401.26	MC Exhibit 7
Deposition Transcripts	07/16/2018	\$368,80	MC Exhibit 8

1	4. This Judgment shall bear in	nterest at the Nevada statutory rate from the entry of the		
2	Judgment until paid in full,			
3	DATED this day of March,	2021		
4	•	Dated this 22nd day of March, 2021		
5		M. J. V. L. Q. DISTRICT COURT JUDGE		
6	Respectfully submitted by:	E2A 5FD 62AF EAC6		
7	LAW OFFICE OF VERNON NELSON, I	Nadia Krall District Court Judge		
8		FLIC		
10	VERNON A. NELSON, JR., ESQ.			
11	Nevada Bar No. 6434 6787 W. Tropicana Ave., Suite 103			
12	Las Vegas, NV 89103			
13	Fax: 702-476-2788 Email: vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com			
14	Attorneys for Plaintiff			
15				
16	Approved as to form:			
17	SURUR LAW GROUP	WRIGHT FINLAY & ZAK		
18	/S/ Ashlie L. Surur	MO DESTROYEE ED ON COMPAGE		
19	ASHLIE L. SURUR, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 11290	NO RESPONSE FROM COUNSEL Aaron Lancaster, Esq.		
20 21	561 Ivy Spring St. Las Vegas, NV 89138	Nevada Bar No. 7785 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 200		
21 22	Attorneys for Southern Terrace Homeowners Association	Las Vegas, NV 89117 Attorneys for Ocwen Holdings, LLC		
23	Fromcowners Association	• 		
24	·			
25				
26				
27				

Ana Brady

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject:	Ashlie Surur <ashlie@sururlaw.com> Monday, March 15, 2021 1:13 PM Vernon Nelson` Aaron D. Lancaster; Ana Brady; Paula Keller Re: Proposed Judgment</ashlie@sururlaw.com>	
Hi Vernon,		
I approve and you may submit with my electronic signature.		
Ashlie L. Surur, Esq. SURUR LAW GROUP D: 702-909-0838 ashlie@sururlaw.com www.sururlaw.com		
On Thu, Mar 11, 2021 at 2:03 PM Vernon Nelson` < wnelson@nelsonlawfirmly.com > wrote:		
Hi All- Here is the proposed income amount at the hearing	judgment. As you will see, I made a mistake when I calculated the lost rental. I have corrected it in the proposed judgment.	
Let me know if you have any questions/comments, and/or if we have your approval to submit to the Court along with an email indicating your approval.		
Thanks		
Vernon Nelson		
The Law Office of Vernon Nelson		
6787 W. Tropicana Ave., Suite 103		
Las Vegas, NV 89103		
702-476-2500 (Office)		

702-525-7884 (Ceil)

vnelson@nelsonlawfirmly.com

1 **CSERV** 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, CASE NO: A-14-696357-C 6 Plaintiff(s) 7 DEPT. NO. Department 4 VS. 8 Chersus Holdings, LLC, 9 Defendant(s) 10 11 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 12 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District 13 Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below: 14 Service Date: 3/22/2021 15 16 "Robert E. Atkinson, Esq.". robert@nv-lawfirm.com 17 Alexandria Raleigh. ARaleigh@lawhjc.com 18 Ashlie Surur. ASurur@lawhjc.com 19 Brody Wight. bwight@kochscow.com 20 David R. Koch. dkoch@kochscow.com 21 Kristin Schuler-Hintz. dcnv@mccarthyholthus.com 22 NVEfile. nvefile@wrightlegal.net 23 24 Paralegal. bknotices@nv-lawfirm.com 25 Paterno Jurani. pjurani@wrightlegal.net 26 Staff. aeshenbaugh@kochscow.com 27 28

I I	
1	Steven B. Scow.
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3	Thomas N. Beckom.
4	Lisa Cox
5	Aaron Lancaster
6	Master Calendering
7	Vernon Nelson
8	Vernon Nelson
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10	Michelle Adams
11	Legal Assistant
12	Ashlie Surur
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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-696357-C Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Chersus Holdings, LLC, Defendant(s)

September 25, 2014 8:30 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Thompson, Charles COURTROOM: Phoenix Building Courtroom -

11th Floor

COURT CLERK: Billie Jo Craig

RECORDER:

REPORTER: Loree Murray

PARTIES

PRESENT: Fink, Gary S. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- PLAINTIFF OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S, MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT...
DEFENDANT/COUNTER-CLAIMANT'S OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR SUMMARY
JUDGMENT AND DEFENDANT/COUNTER-CLAIMANT'S COUNTERMOTION FOR SUMMARY
JUDGMENT

Attorney Donna Dimaggio present for Defendant Chersus Holdings.

At request of counsel, COURT ORDERED, Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment is WITHDRAWN. A briefing scheduled is set as follows for the Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion for Summary Judgment:

Plaintiff's Supplemental Briefing Due: 10/21/14

Defendant's Opposition Due: 11/4/14

Plaintiff's Reply Due: 11/25/14 DECISION: 12/24/14 - CHAMBERS

COURT ORDERED, matter SET for Decision: Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion for PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 1 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

A-14-696357-C

Summary Judgment on the Chambers Calendar.

Ms. Dimaggio inquired as to the Plaintiff's lis pendens on the property. Mr. Fink advised he would look at it and contact her. Court noted if not, Defendant will file a Motion with attorney's fees and it will be Granted.

12/24/14 DECISION: DEFENDANT/COUNTER-CLAIMANT'S COUNTERMOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT - CHAMBERS

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 2 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Title to Property	COURT MINUTES	December 09, 2014
A-14-696357-C	Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s)	
	VS.	
	Chersus Holdings, LLC, Defendant(s)	

December 09, 2014 3:00 AM Minute Order

HEARD BY: Earley, Kerry COURTROOM: No Location

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Pursuant to EDCR 2.23, the Court has decided this matter without oral argument. The Court having reviewed Defendant/Counter-Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC s Motion To Strike Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC s Supplemental Brief In Opposition To Defendant/Counter-Claimant s Motion For Summary Judgment On An Order Shortening Time and the papers and pleadings on file herein, hereby DENIES the instant Motion. To address any claimed prejudice, Defendant/Counter-Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC shall have up to and including January 2, 2015, to file a Response to Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant Ocwen Loan Servicing s Reply To Supplement To Summary Judgment. No further briefing will be permitted. Decision on this matter is CONTINUED to the Court s CHAMBER Calendar on January 26, 2015. The hearing currently scheduled for December 11, 2014, at 8:30 AM is hereby VACATED. Ms. DiMaggio to prepare the Order and circulate for approval as to form and content.

CLERK S NOTE: A copy of this Minute Order was distributed to the following parties via e-mail: Donna DiMaggio, Esq. ddimaggio@weildrage.com] and Kristin A. Schuler-Hintz, Esq. [khintz@mccarthyholthus.com]. (KD 12/9/14)

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 3 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

Title to Property

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

COURT MINUTES

May 04, 2015

<u> </u>			,
A-14-696357-C	Ocwen Loan	Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s)	
	vs.	dings, LLC, Defendant(s)	
	Chersus i ion	anigs, LLC, Defendant(s)	
May 04, 2015	3:00 AM	Decision	
HEARD BY: Ear	ley, Kerry	COURTROOM: No Location	

COURT CLERK: April Watkins

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- This matter came before the court for Plaintiff OCWEN's Motion for Summary Judgment, Defendant/Counter-Claimant Chersus Holdings, LLC's Opposition thereto, as well as Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion for Summary Judgment. At the oral argument scheduled for September 25, 2014, Plaintiff withdrew its Motion for Summary Judgment and the Court set a briefing schedule for supplements to Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion. Having reviewed the matters, along with all pleadings, points, and authorities therein, the court hereby DENIES Defendant/Counter-Claimant's Countermotion for summary judgment. First, the court FINDS that Chersus Holdings, LLC has not met its burden of establishing the requisite facts to support its countermotion for summary judgment. Further the Court FINDS there are genuine issues of material fact including, but not limited to, whether the HOA sale was validly conducted, whether any tender of payment was made to pay off the superpriority lien prior to the HOA foreclosure sale, or whether there was a federally-protected interest in the subject loan. Counsel for Plaintiff to prepare the Order, to be approved as to form and content by counsel for the Defendant/Counter-Claimant.

CLERK'S NOTE: The above minute order has been distributed to: Thomas N. Beckom, Esq.,

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 4 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

A-14-696357-C (TBeckom@mccarthyholthis.com) and Jason G. Martinez, Esq., (jmartinez@ggrmlawfirm.com). aw

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 5 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-696357-C Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Chersus Holdings, LLC, Defendant(s)

September 22, 2015 9:30 AM Discovery Conference

HEARD BY: Bulla, Bonnie COURTROOM: RJC Level 5 Hearing Room

COURT CLERK: Alan Castle

RECORDER: Francesca Haak

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Martinez, Jason G. Attorney

Schuler-Hintz, Kristin A., ESQ Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Counsel indicated the parties are waiting on a decision from a pending summary judgment motion from December 2014. Ms. Schuler-Hintz stated there is an indication there is a ruling, but parties are not aware of what the decision is and there has been no order filed. Discovery Commissioner will follow up on the summary judgment order with Judge Earley. Counsel anticipate 2 - 3 days for trial re: Quiet Title / Declaratory Relief. No settlement conference requested. COMMISSIONER RECOMMENDED, discovery cutoff is 06/24/16; adding parties, amended pleadings, and initial expert disclosures DUE 03/28/16; rebuttal expert disclosures DUE 04/26/16; dispositive motions TO BE FILED BY 07/25/16. Scheduling Order will issue.

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 6 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Title to Property		COURT MINUTES	May 02, 2016
A-14-696357-C	vs.	Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s) lings, LLC, Defendant(s)	
May 02, 2016	3:00 AM	Motion to Amend	Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Leave to Amend its Complaint; or, in the alternative, Motion to Stay Litigation
HEARD BY: Earle	ey, Kerry	COURTROOM:	Chambers

RECORDER:

COURT CLERK: April Watkins

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- This matter came before the court for Plaintiff OCWEN Loan Servicing, LLC s Motion for Leave to Amend Its Complaint; or, in the alternative, Motion to Stay Litigation and Defendant/Counter-Claimant s Opposition thereto. Having reviewed the pleading, along with the points and authorities therein, the court orders Plaintiff s Motion to Amend GRANTED pursuant to NRCP 15(a). Counsel for Plaintiff to prepare the Order, to be approved as to form and content by counsel for the Defendant/Counter-Claimant.

CLERK'S NOTE: The above minute order has been distributed to: Dana J. Nitz, Esq., (dnitz@wrightlegal.com) and Neil Durrant, Esq., (ndurrant@weildrage.com). aw

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 7 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Title to Property	COURT MINUTES	November 02, 2017
		_
A-14-696357-C	Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s)	
	VS.	
	Chersus Holdings, LLC, Defendant(s)	

November 02, 2017 2:00 PM Minute Order

HEARD BY: Earley, Kerry COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 16B

COURT CLERK: Phyllis Irby

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- This matter came before the court for Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant OCWEN Loan Servicing, LLC s Motion for Leave to Amend Its Complaint, filed September 18, 2017 by counsel Natalie C. Lehman, Esq. A Notice of Non-Opposition was field October 2, 2017 by counsel Melissa Ingleby, Esq. Having received no Opposition to the matter and pursuant to NRCP 15(a), EDCR 2.20, and for good cause showing, the Court hereby GRANTS Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant Motion. Counsel for Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant to prepare the Order. Vernon a. Nelson, Jr., Esq. vnelson@nelsonlawfirmlv.com; Dana J. Nitz, Esq. dnitz@wrightlegal.net

CLERK'S NOTE: This Minute Order was electronically served by Court Clerk, P. Irby, to all registered parties for Odyssey File & Serve./pi (11-2-17)

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 8 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Title to Property	COURT MINUTES	January 10, 2019
A-14-696357-C	Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s)	
	vs.	
	Chersus Holdings, LLC, Defendant(s)	

January 10, 2019 9:00 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Earley, Kerry COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12D

COURT CLERK: Elizabeth Vargas

RECORDER: Sharon Nichols

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT SOUTHERN TERRACE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT NOTICE OF MOTION

Ms. Surur requested a continuance. Mr. Nitz had no objection. Ms. Surur stated she would be out of the country at the beginning of trial. Counsel stated there was a 5-year rule issue, however counsel agreed to waive the 5-year rule. Court advised a stipulation and order of the parties would be required. Mr. Nitz stated he would prepare the Order.

CONTINUED TO: 1/22/19 9:00 AM

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 9 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-696357-C Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Chersus Holdings, LLC, Defendant(s)

January 22, 2019 9:00 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Earley, Kerry COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12D

COURT CLERK:

Elizabeth Vargas

RECORDER: Sharon Nichols

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Nelson, Vernon A. Attorney

Nitz, Dana J. Attorney Surur, Ashlie L Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT...DEFENDANT CHERSUS HOLDINGS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT...SOUTHERN TERRACE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Mr. Nitz argued regarding case law and merits of the Ocwen's Motion for Summary Judgment. Mr. Nelson argued in opposition of the Motion and reviewed applicable case law. Ms. Surur addressed the notice issue, and requested supplemental briefing be provided by counsel, if necessary. COURT FURTHER ORDERED, Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment DENIED.

Mr. Nelson argued regarding Atkinson deposition testimony. Mr. Nitz provided opposition regarding foreclosure deed recitals and applicable case law. Court inquired regarding slander of title, wrongful foreclosure and declatory relief. COURT STATED FINDINGS, and ORDERED Cersus Holdings' Motion for Summary Judgment GRANTED; slander of title claim WITHDRAWN.

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 10 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

A-14-696357-C

COURT ORDERED, South Terrace Homeowners Association's Motion for Summary Judgment GRANTED IN PART; second cause of action DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE pursuant to Rule 12(b)(5), third cause of action GRANTED, fourth cause of action GRANTED, fifth cause of action GRANTED, sixth cause of action GRANTED, seventh cause of action GRANTED, eighth cause of action GRANTED, and ninth cause of action GRANTED. Mr. Nelson stated he would prepare a Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. Upon counsels' inquiry, Court agreed to waive the 10 days for the Order to be submitted.

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 11 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-696357-C Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Chersus Holdings, LLC, Defendant(s)

October 21, 2019 3:00 AM Motion

HEARD BY: Earley, Kerry COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12D

COURT CLERK: Alice Jacobson

RECORDER:

REPORTER: Gina Shrader

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- This matter came before the Court on October 21, 2019 on Plaintiff's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60, filed on June 11, 2019 by counsel Paterno C. Jurani, Esq. Counsel Vernon A. Nelson, Esq. filed an Opposition thereto on July, 2, 2019 on behalf of Defendant Chersus Holdings, LLC. Counsel Paterno C. Jurani, Esq. then filed a Reply thereto on July 11, 2019, and a Notice of Supplemental Authority on September 6, 2019.

Having reviewed the matter, including all points, authorities, and exhibits submitted by counsel, the Court hereby enters its decision. COURT FINDS that NRCP 59(e) states that A motion to alter or amend a judgment must be filed no later than 28 days after service of written notice of entry of judgment. COURT FINDS that NRCP 59(f) states that The 28-day time periods specified in this rule cannot be extended under Rule 6(b). COURT FINDS that here, the Notice of Entry of the Judgment in question, the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order granting summary judgment for Defendants Chersus Holdings, LLC and Southern Terrace Homeowners Association, was entered on May 6, 2019. COURT FINDS that Plaintiff's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment was filed on June 11, 2019, 36 days after the Judgment was entered. THEREFORE, Plaintiff's Motion is DISMISSED pursuant to NRCP 59(e).

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 12 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

A-14-696357-C

The hearing scheduled for October 24, 2019 at 9am is hereby VACATED. Counsel for Defendants t prepare and submit the Order.

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 13 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Title to Property	COURT MINUTES	January 03, 2020
A-14-696357-C	Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s)	
	VS.	
	Chersus Holdings, LLC, Defendant(s)	

January 03, 2020 3:00 AM Minute Order

HEARD BY: Earley, Kerry COURTROOM: Chambers

COURT CLERK: Andrea Natali

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- This matter came before the Court on Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC s Motion for Reconsideration of the Court s October 30, 2019 Order Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60, filed on November 18, 2019 by counsel Dana Jonathon Nitz, Esq. Defendant s Motion to Vacate Hearing on Motion to Extend Time to Oppose Motion for Reconsideration of the Court s October 30, 2019 Order Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60 was filed on December 20, 2019 by counsel Vernon A. Nelson, Jr., Esq., wherein Defendant noted it was not filing an Opposition.

Having reviewed all points, authorities, and exhibits, the Court hereby renders its opinion. Pursuant to EDCR 2.20, NRCP 59, NRCP 60, and for good cause shown, the Court hereby GRANTS Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's October 30, 2019 Order. The October 30, 2019 Order denying Ocwen's June 11, 2019 Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment and for Reconsideration Pursuant to NRCP 59 and 60 is hereby REVERSED, and a hearing set for this Motion is hereby set in Department IV on February 6, 2020 at 9:00 am.

The hearing currently set on January 7, 2020 for Ocwen's Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's October 30, 2019 Order, and the hearing currently set on January 7, 2020 for Chersus Holding, LLC's

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 14 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

A-14-696357-C

Motion for: (1) Judgment or Prove-Up Hearing for Compensatory, Statutory, and Punitive Damages; (2) Order Awarding Attorney s Fees to Chersus Holdings, LLC; and (3) Orders for Specific Performance are hereby VACATED.

Counsel for Plaintiff to prepare and submit the Order.

CLERK S NOTE: Counsel are to ensure a copy of the forgoing minute order is distributed to all interested parties; additionally, a copy of the foregoing minute order was distributed to the registered service recipients via Odyssey eFileNV E-Service (1/3/20 amn).

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 15 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Title to Property	COURT MINUTES	February 06, 2020	
A-14-696357-C	Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s)		
	vs.		
	Chersus Holdings, LLC, Defendant(s)		

February 06, 2020 9:00 AM Motion to Amend

Judgment

HEARD BY: Earley, Kerry COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12D

COURT CLERK: Alice Jacobson

RECORDER: Rebeca Gomez

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Jurani, Paterno C. Attorney

Nelson, Vernon A. Attorney Surur, Ashlie L Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Mr. Jurani argued for reconsideration of the Court's order as the wrong analysis was applied by the Court. Argument regarding commercial reasonably and the factoring agreement. Opposition by Mr. Nelson. Statement there were multiple bidders present at the sale and the price was \$3,500.00. COURT ORDERED, motion for reconsideration, DENIED. Court finds that a Prove Up Hearing was necessary and would contact counsel with a Court date. Court advised that Ms. Surur was excused from attending the Prove Up Hearing. Mr. Nelson to prepare the order.

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 16 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-696357-C Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Chersus Holdings, LLC, Defendant(s)

March 04, 2021 9:00 AM Prove Up

HEARD BY: Krall, Nadia COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03H

COURT CLERK: Louisa Garcia

RECORDER: Stacey Ray

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Lancaster, Aaron Attorney

Nelson, Vernon A. Attorney Surur, Ashlie L Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Mr. Nelson stated case history. Mr. Lancaster stated they filed an objection to the bill of costs. Colloquy regarding Jagdish Mehta sworn and testified. Johnathan Zimmer sworn and testified. COURT ORDERED, Judgment GRANTED as follows: Rental loss \$58,050.00; costs in the amount it stated on the record and that are listed in the memorandum of costs and disbursements, filed October 12, 2019. The Court advised it was not going to order any award for taxes, trash, title policy and home inspection. As to specific Performance, COURT ORDERED, Ocwen to comply with any requests from the title company that is hired by Chersus to transfer title. COURT FINDS that on Attorney's fees it was reasonable for Ocwen to reject the offer of judgment based on the constant and current flux of law on these foreclosure issues. COURT FURTHER FINDS, attorney's fees were not warranted under NRS Section 45. COURT did not find that Ocwen acted with any malice based on the law that was in effect at the time. The Court advised it was also not going to award punitive or treble damages or for the personal property. Mr. Lancaster to prepare Order and provide to Mr. Lancaster as to form and content.

PRINT DATE: 03/24/2021 Page 17 of 17 Minutes Date: September 25, 2014



EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLERK'S OFFICE NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY ON APPEAL TO NEVADA SUPREME COURT

AARON D. LANCASTER, ESQ. 7785 W. SAHARA AVE., STE 200 LAS VEGAS, NV 89117

DATE: March 24, 2021 CASE: A-14-696357-C

RE CASE: OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC vs. CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC; FIRST 100, LLC; SOUTHERN

TERRACE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION

NOTICE OF APPEAL FILED: March 23, 2021

YOUR APPEAL HAS BEEN SENT TO THE SUPREME COURT.

PLEASE NOTE: DOCUMENTS **NOT** TRANSMITTED HAVE BEEN MARKED:

- \$250 − Supreme Court Filing Fee (Make Check Payable to the Supreme Court)**

 If the \$250 Supreme Court Filing Fee was not submitted along with the original Notice of Appeal, it must be
 - If the \$250 Supreme Court Filing Fee was not submitted along with the original Notice of Appeal, it must be mailed directly to the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court Filing Fee will not be forwarded by this office if submitted after the Notice of Appeal has been filed.
- \$24 District Court Filing Fee (Make Check Payable to the District Court)**
- \$500 Cost Bond on Appeal (Make Check Payable to the District Court)**
 - NRAP 7: Bond For Costs On Appeal in Civil Cases
 - Previously paid Bonds are not transferable between appeals without an order of the District Court.
- ☐ Case Appeal Statement
 - NRAP 3 (a)(1), Form 2
- □ Order
- ☐ Notice of Entry of Order

NEVADA RULES OF APPELLATE PROCEDURE 3 (a) (3) states:

"The district court clerk must file appellant's notice of appeal despite perceived deficiencies in the notice, including the failure to pay the district court or Supreme Court filing fee. The district court clerk shall apprise appellant of the deficiencies in writing, and shall transmit the notice of appeal to the Supreme Court in accordance with subdivision (g) of this Rule with a notation to the clerk of the Supreme Court setting forth the deficiencies. Despite any deficiencies in the notice of appeal, the clerk of the Supreme Court shall docket the appeal in accordance with Rule 12."

Please refer to Rule 3 for an explanation of any possible deficiencies.

**Per District Court Administrative Order 2012-01, in regards to civil litigants, "...all Orders to Appear in Forma Pauperis expire one year from the date of issuance." You must reapply for in Forma Pauperis status.

Certification of Copy

State of Nevada
County of Clark
SS

I, Steven D. Grierson, the Clerk of the Court of the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, State of Nevada, does hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and correct copy of the hereinafter stated original document(s):

NOTICE OF APPEAL; OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S CASE APPEAL STATEMENT; DISTRICT COURT DOCKET ENTRIES; CIVIL COVER SHEET; FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER; ORDER DENYING OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION TO ALTER OR AMEND JUDGMENT AND FOR RECONSIDERATION PURSUANT TO N.R.C.P. 59 AND 60; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER DENYING OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC'S MOTION TO ALTER OR AMEN JUDGMENT AND FOR RECONSIDERATION PURSUANT TO N.R.C.P. 59 AND 60; ORDER GRANTING JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF COUNTERCLAIMANT CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC.; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF COUNTERCLAIMANT CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC.; DISTRICT COURT MINUTES; NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY

OCWEN LOAN SERVICING, LLC,

Plaintiff(s),

vs.

CHERSUS HOLDINGS, LLC; FIRST 100, LLC; SOUTHERN TERRACE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION,

Defendant(s),

now on file and of record in this office.

Case No: A-14-696357-C

Dept No: IX

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have hereunto Set my hand and Affixed the seal of the Court at my office, Las Vegas, Nevada This 24 day of March 2021.

Steven D. Grierson, Clerk of the Court

Amanda Hampton, Deputy Clerk