

FILED

IN THE SUPREME COURT FOR THE STATE OF NEVADA

SEP 14 2021

Justin Odell Langford,

Appellant,

Sup. Ct. No. 83032

vs.

Dist. Ct. No. A-18-784811-W

Warden Tim Garrett,

Respondent.

ELIZABETH A. BROWN
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
BY *[Signature]*
DEPUTY CLERK

REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE TO BE TAKEN

NRS 47.130 Matters of Fact

1. The Facts subject to judicial notice are Facts in issue or Facts from which they may be inferred

2. A judicially notice Fact must be:

(a) Generally known within the territorial jurisdiction of the trial court; or

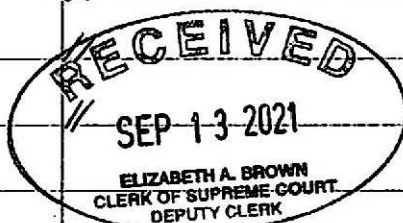
(b) Capable of accurate and ready determination by resort to sources whose accuracy cannot reasonably be questioned,

so that the fact is not subject to reasonable dispute.

NRS 47.140 Matters of ~~Fact~~ Law.

The laws subject to judicial notice are:

2) The Constitution of this State and Nevada Revised Statutes,



NRS 47.150(2)

2) A judge or court shall take judicial notice if requested by a party and ~~support~~ supplied with the necessary information.

NRS 47.170 Time of taking notice

Judicial notice may be taken at any stage of the proceeding prior to submission to the court or jury.

This Court issued an Order in regards to the "Request For Judicial Notice To Be Taken" filed on AUG. 18, ~~2020~~ 2021. Wherein it stated it didn't meet the criteria of NRS 47.130 and 47.170, on both counts this court is wrong from what I can see.

As everything in all three of Appellants' Judicial Notices are fact, as this court hides behind NRS 171.010 when a Defendant challenges all state laws. Can't hide behind a law that's under a challenge. Senate Bill No. 2 (1951), Senate Bill No. 182 (1951); Senate Bill No. 188 (1953); Nev. Const. Art. 3, 31 are all quoted and are all facts and are all Legislative Records and Acts, Also supported by Nev. Const. Art. 4. And the Fact that this Court hides behind the Legislative Counsel Bureau ("LCB") which was created by way of Nev. Stat., ch. 403, Preface, at 1011 (1963), And that this Court hides behind NRS 220.110; NRS 220.120; NRS 220.120(3) is in all the legal data bases. So it is all undisputable Fact. So "Yes"

All Three Judicial Notices Must be heard and excepted.

Also NRS 47.140 refers to the Nevada Revised Statute as laws, which is supported by Senate Bill No. 2 (1957). So pursuant to Nev. Const. Art. 4, §23 all laws must have an enactment clause.

Then NRS 47.150(2) says you shall take notice if requested by a party and supplied with the necessary information, and this was done. SO Take Notice, as NRS 47.170 says this court can take notice at any stage of the proceeding prior to submission to the court or jury. And In This Matter it has not been submitted to the court and there is no jury. So by all aspects all of the Appellants "Judicial Notices" on this Courts record have to be acknowledged and Notice Taken, so the Appellant reincorporates all three by reference here.

VERIFICATION

I, declare and verify, that the foregoing document is true and correct to the best of my own knowledge and belief under the pains and penalties of perjury pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1746 & 18 U.S.C. §1621.

DATED: Sept. 2nd 2021

15/gustin Odeed Saif
Appellant