IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

JOHN ILIESCU, JR., AND SONNIA ILIESCU, TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN ILIESCU JR. AND SONNIA ILIESCU 1992 FAMILY TRUST; JOHN ILIESCU, JR., an individual; and SONNIA ILIESCU, an individual,

Case No. 83212

Appellants,

v.

THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY; ROE CORPORATIONS 1-20; and DOES 1 through 40 inclusive,

Respondents.

APPELLANTS' DOCKETING STATEMENT CIVIL APPEAL

Electronically Filed

Elizabeth A. Brown

Jul 29 2021 10:58 a.m.

Clerk of Supreme Court

D. CHRIS ALBRIGHT, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 004904
ALBRIGHT, STODDARD, WARNICK & ALBRIGHT

801 South Rancho Drive, Suite D-4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89106 Tel: (702) 384-7111 Fax: (702) 384-0605 dca@albrightstoddard.com

Attorney for Appellants

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

INDICATE FULL CAPTION:

JOHN ILIESCU, JR., et	al.,
-----------------------	------

SEE PREVIOUS PAGE AND ATTACHMENT A

Nο	83212

DOCKETING STATEMENT CIVIL APPEALS

GENERAL INFORMATION

Appellants must complete this docketing statement in compliance with NRAP 14(a). The purpose of the docketing statement is to assist the Supreme Court in screening jurisdiction, identifying issues on appeal, assessing presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, scheduling cases for oral argument and settlement conferences, classifying cases for expedited treatment and assignment to the Court of Appeals, and compiling statistical information.

WARNING

This statement must be completed fully, accurately and on time. NRAP 14(c). The Supreme Court may impose sanctions on counsel or appellant if it appears that the information provided is incomplete or inaccurate. *Id.* Failure to fill out the statement completely or to file it in a timely manner constitutes grounds for the imposition of sanctions, including a fine and/or dismissal of the appeal.

A complete list of the documents that must be attached appears as Question 27 on this docketing statement. Failure to attach all required documents will result in the delay of your appeal and may result in the imposition of sanctions.

This court has noted that when attorneys do not take seriously their obligations under NRAP 14 to complete the docketing statement properly and conscientiously, they waste the valuable judicial resources of this court, making the imposition of sanctions appropriate. *See* <u>KDI Sylvan Pools v. Workman</u>, 107 Nev. 340, 344, 810 P.2d 1217, 1220 (1991). Please use tab dividers to separate any attached documents.

1. Judicia	l District SECOND	Department 15
County	WASHOE	Judge DAVID A. HARDY
District	t Ct. Case No. <u>CV19-00459</u>	
2. Attorne	ey filing this docketing statemen	t:
Attorney	D. CHRIS ALBRIGHT, ESQ.	Telephone
Firm	ALBRIGHT, STODDARD, WARNI	CK & ALBRIGHT
Address	801 South Rancho Drive, Suite D-4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89106	1
Client(s)	SEE ATTACHMENT B	
	f their clients on an additional sheet accom	he names and addresses of other counsel and panied by a certification that they concur in the
3. Attorne	ey(s) representing respondents(s	s):
Attorney	DANE W. ANDERSON, ESQ.	Telephone 775.688.3000
Firm	WOODBURN AND WEDGE	
Address	6100 Neil Road, Suite 500 Reno, Nevada 89511	
Cliant(a)	THE DECIONAL TRANSPORTATION	ION COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY
Chent(s)_	THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATI	ION COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY
Attorney		Telephone
Address		
Client(s)		

4. Nature of disposition below (check	x all that apply):
☐ Judgment after bench trial ☐ Judgment after jury verdict ☐ Summary judgment ☐ Default judgment ☐ Grant/Denial of NRCP 60(b) relief ☐ Grant/Denial of injunction ☐ Grant/Denial of declaratory relief ☐ Review of agency determination 5. Does this appeal raise issues conce ☐ Child Custody ☐ Venue ☐ Termination of parental rights 6. Pending and prior proceedings in	 □ Dismissal: □ Lack of jurisdiction □ Failure to state a claim □ Failure to prosecute □ Other (specify): □ Divorce Decree: □ Original □ Modification □ Other disposition (specify):
court of all pending and prior proceedings	other courts. List the case name, number and s in other courts which are related to this appeal ted proceedings) and their dates of disposition:
	n of Washoe County vs. John Iliescu, Jr., and scu, Jr. and Sonnia Iliescu 1992 Family Trust

(Washoe County Case No. CV16-02182)

8. Nature of the action. Briefly describe the nature of the action and the result below:

This case involved a suit against the Respondent, Regional Transportation Commission of Washoe County (hereinafter the "RTC"), seeking damages and other relief for the RTC having, in conjunction with condemning a small portion of a real property parcel owned by Appellants, denied the Appellants their use and access on the entirety of the remainder of the parcel, for a time, and having damaged other portions of the parcel beyond that portion which was condemned.

(SEE ATTACHMENT C)

9. Issues on appeal. State concisely the principal issue(s) in this appeal (attach separate sheets as necessary):

Whether the District Court erred in granting summary judgment, on the basis of a determination that inadequate evidence existed to support the Plaintiffs' claims, including inadequate evidence of damages, prior to the completion of discovery and before the discovery deadline for gathering such evidence had expired, and even though injunctive (specific performance) relief could have been afforded in lieu of compensatory damages.

Whether the lack of an expert witness was sufficient grounds for dismissal of the Plaintiffs' claims, and whether the nature of Appellants' claims required any expert witness.

(CONT. - SEE ATTACHMENT D)

10. Pending proceedings in this court raising the same or similar issues. If you are aware of any proceedings presently pending before this court which raises the same or similar issues raised in this appeal, list the case name and docket numbers and identify the same or similar issue raised:

11. Constitutional issues. If this appeal challenges the constitutionality of a statute, and the state, any state agency, or any officer or employee thereof is not a party to this appeal, have you notified the clerk of this court and the attorney general in accordance with NRAP 44 and NRS 30.130?
⊠ N/A
□ Yes
\square No
If not, explain:
12. Other issues. Does this appeal involve any of the following issues?
☐ Reversal of well-settled Nevada precedent (identify the case(s))
\square An issue arising under the United States and/or Nevada Constitutions
☐ A substantial issue of first impression
⊠ An issue of public policy
\square An issue where en banc consideration is necessary to maintain uniformity of this court's decisions
\square A ballot question
If so, explain: The case involves questions of public policy with respect to the rights of a public agency vis-a-vis a private citizen property owner during construction upon a condemned portion of a larger uncondemned parcel; as well as public policy questions with respect to the timing of a motion for summary judgment when discovery is still pending.

13. Assignment to the Court of Appeals or retention in the Supreme Court. Briefly set forth whether the matter is presumptively retained by the Supreme Court or assigned to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, and cite the subparagraph(s) of the Rule under which the matter falls. If appellant believes that the Supreme Court should retain the case despite its presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals, identify the specific issue(s) or circumstance(s) that warrant retaining the case, and include an explanation of their importance or significance:

The matter should be retained by the Nevada Supreme Court under NRAP 17(a)(12), as presumptively to be retained by the Nevada Supreme Court, because it involves public policy questions of statewide importance relating to the protection of citizens' rights after eminent domain and condemnation proceedings, and the duties owed to the citizens by public agencies in such cases, and thus, the matter should not be assigned to the Court of Appeals.

14. Trial. If this action proceeded	d to trial, how many days did the trial last?	
Was it a bench or jury trial?	N/A	

15. Judicial Disqualification. Do you intend to file a motion to disqualify or have a justice recuse him/herself from participation in this appeal? If so, which Justice?

No. N/A

TIMELINESS OF NOTICE OF APPEAL

16. Date of entry of	written judgment or order appealed from June 6, 2021
If no written judg seeking appellate	ment or order was filed in the district court, explain the basis for review:
N/A	
17. Date written no	otice of entry of judgment or order was served June 10, 2021
Was service by:	
☐ Delivery	
⊠ Mail/electroni	c/fax
18. If the time for fine (NRCP 50(b), 52(b),	iling the notice of appeal was tolled by a post-judgment motion or 59)
(a) Specify the the date of the	type of motion, the date and method of service of the motion, and filing.
☐ NRCP 50(b)	Date of filing
☐ NRCP 52(b)	Date of filing
□ NRCP 59	Date of filing
	pursuant to NRCP 60 or motions for rehearing or reconsideration may toll the a notice of appeal. <i>See</i> AA Primo Builders v. Washington, 126 Nev, 245 0).
(b) Date of entr	ry of written order resolving tolling motion
(c) Date writte	n notice of entry of order resolving tolling motion was served
Was service	by:
☐ Delivery	
☐ Mail	

19. Date notice of appea	d filedJuly 9, 2021
If more than one part	by has appealed from the judgment or order, list the date each filed and identify by name the party filing the notice of appeal:
20. Specify statute or ru e.g., NRAP 4(a) or other NRAP 4(a)(1)	lle governing the time limit for filing the notice of appeal,
	SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY
21. Specify the statute of the judgment or order at (a)	or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to review appealed from:
⊠ NRAP 3A(b)(1)	□ NRS 38.205
☐ NRAP 3A(b)(2)	□ NRS 233B.150
☐ NRAP 3A(b)(3)	\square NRS 703.376
☐ Other (specify)	
(b) Explain how each auth	ority provides a basis for appeal from the judgment or order:

The Summary Judgment appealed from was a rejection and thus a final disposition of all claims then pending (certain claims having been previously dismissed or vacated) as set forth in the Appellants' then operative pleading, a First Amended Complaint. An Order granting Summary Judgment which disposes of all claims and parties before the Court, except post-judgment issues such as attorneys' fees and costs is final and appealable. Lee v. GNLV Corp., 116 Nev. 424, 996 P.2d 416 (2000).

22. List all parties involved in the action or consolidated actions in the district court: (a) Parties: Plaintiffs: John Iliescu, Jr., and Sonnia Iliescu, Trustees of the John Iliescu, Jr. and Sonnia Iliescu 1992 Family Trust; John Iliescu, Jr., an individual; and Sonnia Iliescu, an individual
Defendants: The Regional Transportation Commission of Washoe County
(b) If all parties in the district court are not parties to this appeal, explain in detail why those parties are not involved in this appeal, <i>e.g.</i> , formally dismissed, not served, or other:
23. Give a brief description (3 to 5 words) of each party's separate claims, counterclaims, cross-claims, or third-party claims and the date of formal disposition of each claim.
The Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint included claims for Injunctive Relief; Breach of Contract; Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing – Contract Claim; Breach of Fiduciary Duty/Breach of Trust; Declaratory Relief; Waste; Conversion; Trespass; Civil Conspiracy; Negligence; and Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing – Tort Claim.
24. Did the judgment or order appealed from adjudicate ALL the claims alleged below and the rights and liabilities of ALL the parties to the action or consolidated actions below?
25. If you answered "No" to question 24, complete the following:(a) Specify the claims remaining pending below:
N/A

(b) Specify the parties remaining below:
N/A
(c) Did the district court certify the judgment or order appealed from as a final judgment pursuant to NRCP 54(b)?
\square Yes
\square No
(d) Did the district court make an express determination, pursuant to NRCP 54(b), that there is no just reason for delay and an express direction for the entry of judgment?
\square Yes
\square No
26. If you answered "No" to any part of question 25, explain the basis for seeking appellate review (e.g., order is independently appealable under NRAP 3A(b)):
N/A. Also, Order is independently appealable under NRAP 3A(b)(1). Question 25 is therefore inapplicable.

27. Attach file-stamped copies of the following documents:

- The latest-filed complaint, counterclaims, cross-claims, and third-party claims
- Any tolling motion(s) and order(s) resolving tolling motion(s)
- Orders of NRCP 41(a) dismissals formally resolving each claim, counterclaims, crossclaims and/or third-party claims asserted in the action or consolidated action below, even if not at issue on appeal
- Any other order challenged on appeal
- Notices of entry for each attached order

VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read this docketing statement, that the information provided in this docketing statement is true and complete to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, and that I have attached all required documents to this docketing statement.

All Appellants (SEE ATTACHMENT F) Name of appellant	D. Chris Albright, Esq. Name of counsel of record
July 28, 2021 Date 7	Signature of counsel of record
Clark County, Nevada State and county where signed	
CERTIFICATE OF	SERVICE
I certify that on the day of July completed docketing statement upon all counsel of i	, 2021 , I served a copy of this record:
☐ By personally serving it upon him/her; or	
⊠ By mailing it by first class mail with sufficient address(es): (NOTE: If all names and address below and attach a separate sheet with the separ	sses cannot fit below, please list names
Dane W. Anderson, Esq. Bronagh M. Kelly, Esq. WOODBURN AND WEDGE 6100 Neil Road, Suite 500 Reno, Nevada 89511 danderson@woodburnandwedge.com bkelly@woodburnandwedge.com Attorneys for Defendant, the Regional Transportation Commission of Washoe Coun	Michael J. Morrison, Esq. 1495 Ridgeview Drive, #220 Reno, Nevada 89519 venturelawusa@gmail.com Trial Counsel for Appellants
Dated this 29th day of July	,2021

Signature

ATTACHMENT B TO DOCKETING STATEMENT (CASE NO. 83212)

No. 2. – Client(s):

JOHN ILIESCU, JR., AND SONNIA ILIESCU, TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN ILIESCU JR. AND SONNIA ILIESCU 1992 FAMILY TRUST; JOHN ILIESCU, JR., an individual; and SONNIA ILIESCU, an individual

ATTACHMENT C TO DOCKETING STATEMENT (CASE NO. 83212)

No. 8. – Nature of the action: (Cont'd)

More particularly, the Iliescu Plaintiffs sued the RTC for damage the RTC caused to the Iliescu's property. The Iliescu Plaintiffs own real property over which the RTC exercised eminent domain for the construction of the Fourth Street/Prater RTC project ("the Project"). During construction on the Project, the RTC damaged the portion of the Iliescu's property over which the RTC did not exercise eminent domain, and specifically the paved parking areas of the property that the RTC had not condemned. The RTC's (or its vendors') construction crews allegedly drove over and parked their vehicles, including personal vehicles, ranging from approximately 20-ton trucks to pick-up trucks, SUV's and automobiles, on the Iliescu property, sometimes precluding Iliescu Plaintiffs from using any portion of their property for months at a time. This action led to physical damage (cavities and pothole areas and crushed non-leveled areas) in the parking lot. This was all in breach of stipulated cooperation orders which had been entered in the earlier condemnation action, in which RTC had stipulated to minimize interfering with access to the Property. As a consequence, the Iliescu Plaintiffs asserted causes of action against the RTC for breach of contract, contractual breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, declaratory relief, trespass, civil conspiracy, and negligence. They sought remedies for the damage to their property, the costs to restore the property, the loss of the property's market value, their loss of use of the property, and other related remedies.

ATTACHMENT D TO DOCKETING STATEMENT (CASE NO. 83212)

No. 9. – Issues on appeal: (Cont'd)

Whether the District Court erred in granting summary judgment by relying on citations to deposition testimony which were misconstrued or taken out of context.

Whether the District court erred in granting summary judgment dismissal of breach of contract claims on the basis that no contract had been shown to exist, even though earlier orders and judgments, in the prior eminent domain case, otherwise relied on in the Court's Summary Judgment Order, were the equivalent of a contract, as said judgments and orders had been stipulated to by both sides, and had set forth certain duties agreed to be owed between the two parties, including the RTC's agreement to minimize its interference with the Iliescus' access at the site, and were thus in the nature of an injunction to contract, or a declaratory-judgment as to the terms of a contract.

ATTACHMENT E TO DOCKETING STATEMENT (CASE NO. 83212)

No. 27. – List of File-Stamped Documents:

NO.	DATE	DOCUMENT
1	12/10/19	Order Granting Stipulation for Entry of Order Dismissing Certain of
		Plaintiffs' Claims for Relief and Damages with Prejudice
2	01/07/20	Order Addressing Motion to Dismiss
3	01/21/20	First Amended Complaint
4	03/20/20	Order Granting Motion to Dismiss
5	03/20/20	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Motion to Dismiss
6	06/09/21	Order Granting Summary Judgment after Supplemental Arguments
7	06/10/21	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Summary Judgment after
		Supplemental Arguments
8	07/27/21	Notice of Entry of (1) Order Granting Stipulation for Entry of Order
		Dismissing Certain of Plaintiffs' Claims for Relief and Damages with
		Prejudice; and (2) Order Addressing Motion to Dismiss

ATTACHMENT E – No. 27 <u>List of File-Stamped Documents</u>: EXHIBIT 1

FILE D
Electronically
CV19-00459
2019-12-10 10:17:19 AM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7629013

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IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN ILIESCU, JR., AND SONNIA ILIESCU, TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN ILIESCU JR. AND SONNIA ILIESCU 1992 FAMILY TRUST; JOHN ILIESCU, JR., an individual; AND SONNIA ILIESCU, an individual.

Plaintiffs,

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THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY; ROE CORPORATIONS 1-20; and DOES 1 – 40, inclusive.

Defendants.

Case No.: CV19-00459

Dept. No.: 15

ORDER GRANTING STIPULATION FOR ENTRY OF ORDER DISMISSING CERTAIN OF PLAINTIFFS' CLAIMS FOR RELIEF AND DAMAGES WITH PREJUDICE

The Court has reviewed and considered the parties' Stipulation For Entry of Order Dismissing Certain of Plaintiffs' Claims for Relief and Damages With Prejudice. Based on that Stipulation, and good cause appearing.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED as follows:

- 1. Plaintiffs claim for intentional and/or negligent infliction of emotional distress aka tort of outrage is hereby dismissed with prejudice.
- 2. With respect to Plaintiffs' remaining claims for relief, any claims Plaintiffs may have had for damages other than compensatory damages specifically related to their parking lot and punitive damages based on the facts and

events alleged in the Complaint are also dismissed with prejudice. This includes but is not limited to any damages for emotional distress or personal injury.

Dated this ______ day of December, 2019.

13.

DISTRICT JUDGE

ATTACHMENT E – No. 27 <u>List of File-Stamped Documents</u>: EXHIBIT 2

FILED
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2020-01-07 04:12:05 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7673003

CV19-00459

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

Case No.

Dept. No.

JOHN ILIESCU, JR., AND SONNIA ILIESCU, TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN ILIESCU, JR. AND SONNIA ILIESCU 1992 FAMILY TRUST; JOHN ILIESCU, JR., an Individual; and SONNIA

Plaintiff,

vs.

ILIESCU, an Individual,

THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY; ROE CORPORATIONS 1-20; and DOES 1-40,

Defendants.

ORDER ADDRESSING MOTION TO DISMISS

Before this Court is the Regional Transportation Commission's (RTC) motion to dismiss. After the matter was submitted, the parties stipulated to dismiss certain claims for relief. The stipulation and order contemplates the 12th claim for "intentional and/or negligent infliction of emotional distress aka tort of outrage" and all other claims for damages other than compensatory damages will be dismissed. The apparent purpose of the stipulation was to prevent discovery relating to Plaintiffs' medical records and treating physicians.

Cause appearing, it is appropriate for Plaintiffs to file an amended complaint in which they set forth their extant claims. This will assist this Court and the finder of fact. Plaintiffs shall file their amended complaint within 14 days. The RTC may then, if it wishes, file a supplemental motion to dismiss. The RTC shall not infer by the leave granted that this Court encourages or discourages the filing of a new motion.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: January _____, 2020.

David A. Hardy District Court Judge

ATTACHMENT E – No. 27 <u>List of File-Stamped Documents</u>: EXHIBIT 3

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2020-03-23 12:11:46 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7804469 : sacordag

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Dane W. Anderson, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 6883

WOODBURN AND WEDGE

6100 Neil Road, Suite 500 Reno, Nevada 89511

Telephone: 775-688-3000 Facsimile: 775-688-3088

danderson@woodburnandwedge.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff, the Regional Transportation Commission of Washoe County

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IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

Case No.: CV19-00459

Dept. No.: 15

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JOHN ILIESCU, JR., AND SONNIA ILIESCU, TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN

ILIESCU JR. AND SONNIA ILIESCU 1992 FAMILY TRUST; JOHN ILIESCU, JR., an

individual; AND SONNIA ILIESCU, an individual.

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Plaintiffs,

v.

THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY; ROE CORPORATIONS 1-20; and DOES 1 – 40, inclusive,

Defendants.

ANSWER TO FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

Defendant The Regional Transportation Commission of Washoe County ("RTC") answers Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint as follows:

- 1. RTC lacks information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations in paragraph 1 and on that basis denies the same.
- 2. Answering paragraph 2, RTC admits the allegations therein except for the last sentence regarding the residency and business activities of "all defendants," which RTC denies based on lack of information.

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Woodburn and Wedge 6100 Neil Road, Suite 500 Reno, NV 89511 775-688-3000

3.	Answering paragraph 3,	RTC ac	dmits	jurisdiction	and	venue	are	proper	in
this Court									

- 4. Answering paragraph 4, RTC admits that it initiated a condemnation action in October 2016 to acquire certain easement interests on Washoe County APN 008-244-15 for the purpose of constructing the Fourth Street/Prater Way Bus Rapid Transit Project ("the Project"). RTC denies the remaining allegations of paragraph 4.
- 5. RTC lacks information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations in paragraph 5 and on that basis denies the same.
- 6. RTC lacks information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations in paragraph 6 and on that basis denies the same.
- 7. RTC lacks information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations in paragraph 7 and on that basis denies the same.
- 8, Answering paragraph 8, RTC specifically denies it engaged in any improper conduct. RTC lacks information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the remaining allegations in paragraph 8 and on that basis denies the same.
 - 9. RTC denies the allegations of paragraph 9.
- 10. Answering paragraph 10, RTC specifically denies it engaged in any improper conduct. RTC lacks information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the remaining allegations in paragraph 10 and on that basis denies the same.
 - 11. RTC denies the allegations of paragraph 11.
 - 12. RTC denies the allegations of paragraph 12.
- 13. Paragraphs 13-20 pertain to a cause of action that has been dismissed by the Court and therefore no response is required of RTC. To the extent a response is required, these allegations are denied.
- 14. Answering paragraph 21, RTC incorporates its responses to all prior paragraphs in this answer and specifically denies the allegation that RTC and Plaintiffs entered into an agreement. No such agreement was attached to the First Amended Complaint and none has been provided despite RTC's requests.

- 15. RTC denies the allegations of paragraphs 22-25.
- 16. Answering paragraph 26, RTC incorporates its responses to all prior paragraphs in this answer.
- 17. RTC denies the allegations of paragraph 27. No agreements were attached to the First Amended Complaint and none have been provided despite RTC's requests.
- 18. Paragraph 28 is a statement of law rather than an allegation of fact and therefore no response is required of RTC.
- 19. Based on the response to paragraph 28, RTC also denies the allegations of paragraph 29 and alleges that it has no information as to what were or were not Plaintiffs' expectations.
 - 20. RTC denies the allegations of paragraphs 30-33.
- 21. Paragraphs 34-43 pertain to a cause of action that has been dismissed by the Court and therefore no response is required of RTC. To the extent a response is required, these allegations are denied.
- 22. Answering paragraph 44, RTC incorporates its responses to all prior paragraphs in this answer.
- 23. Paragraph 45 is a statement of law rather than an allegation of fact and therefore not response is required of RTC.
 - 24. RTC denies the allegations of paragraphs 46-49.
- 25. Paragraphs 50-55 pertain to a cause of action that has been dismissed by the Court and therefore no response is required of RTC. To the extent a response is required, these allegations are denied.
- 26. Paragraphs 56-61 pertain to a cause of action that has been dismissed by the Court and therefore no response is required of RTC. To the extent a response is required, these allegations are denied.
- 27. Answering paragraph 62, RTC incorporates its responses to all prior paragraphs in this answer.
 - 28. RTC denies the allegations of paragraphs 63-67.

1	12. RTC reserves the right to amend its answer to add additional affirmative
2	defenses as discovery progresses in this matter.
3	Affirmation pursuant to NRS 239B.030
4	The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain
5	the personal information of any person.
6	DATED: March 23 rd , 2020
7	
8	WOODBURN AND WEDGE
9	
10	By /s/ Dane W. Anderson Dane W. Anderson, Esq.
11	Nevada Bar No. 6883
12	Attorneys for Plaintiff The Regional Transportation
13	Commission of Washoe County
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE It is hereby certified that service of the foregoing ANSWER TO FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT was made through the Court's electronic filing and notification or, as appropriate, by sending a copy thereof by first-class mail from Reno, Nevada addressed as follows: MICHAEL J. MORRISON, ESQ. Nevada State Bar No. 1665 1495 Ridgeview Dr., #220 Reno, Nevada 89519 venturelawusa@gmail.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs DATED: March 23, 2020. /s/ Dianne M. Kelling Employee of Woodburn and Wedge

ATTACHMENT E – No. 27 <u>List of File-Stamped Documents</u>: EXHIBIT 4

FILED
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CV19-00459
2020-03-20 09:15:06 AM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7801281

JOHN ILIESCU, JR., AND SONNIA ILIESCU, Case No. CV19-00459

Dept. No.

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN ILIESCU, JR. AND SONNIA ILIESCU 1992 FAMILY TRUST; JOHN ILIESCU, JR., an Individual; and SONNIA ILIESCU, an Individual,

Plaintiff,

VS.

THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY; ROE CORPORATIONS 1-20; and DOES 1-40.

Defendants.

ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO DISMISS

Before this Court is the Regional Transportation Commission's supplemental motion to dismiss. This Court has re-read the initial moving papers and First Amended Complaint, filed January 21, 2020. The parties are familiar with the standards of dismissal under NRCP 12 and its decisional authority. This Court understands the operative facts, as alleged, and notes it must look to the substance of the claims, not just the labels used in the complaint. Nevada Power Co. v. District Court, 120 Nev. 948, 960, 102 P.3d 578, 586 (2004). Cause appearing, the following claims for relief are dismissed:

- 1. Injunctive Relief.
- 2. Breach of Fiduciary Duty/Breach of Trust.

- 6. Waste.
- 7. Conversion.
- 11. Tortious Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing.

This Court denies the motion to dismiss claim 9: Civil Conspiracy. Under the standards for dismissal, the First Amended Complaint sets forth a claim for relief that may be granted. The pre-trial resolution of civil conspiracy, if any, can only be considered through a motion for summary judgment after appropriate discovery is conducted.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: March 19, 2020.

David A. Hardy / District Court Judge

ATTACHMENT E – No. 27 <u>List of File-Stamped Documents</u>: EXHIBIT 5

FILED Electronically CV19-00459 2020-03-20 02:37:38 PM Jacqueline Bryaht Clerk of the Court Transaction # 7802297

1 2540 Dane W. Anderson, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 6883 WOODBURN AND WEDGE 3 6100 Neil Road, Suite 500 Reno, Nevada 89511 Telephone: 775-688-3000 Facsimile: 775-688-3088 5 danderson@woodburnandwedge.com Attorneys for Defendant, the Regional Transportation 6 Commission of Washoe County 7 IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 8 9 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE 10 JOHN ILIESCU, JR., AND SONNIA Case No.: CV19-00459 11 ILIESCU, TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN ILIESCU JR. AND SONNIA ILIESCU 1992 Dept. No.: 15 12 FAMILY TRUST; JOHN ILIESCU, JR., an individual; AND SONNIA ILIESCU, an 13 individual, 14 Plaintiffs. 15 16 REGIONAL **TRANSPORTATION** THE 17 COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY; ROE CORPORATIONS 1-20; and DOES 1 -18 40, inclusive, 19 Defendants. 20 **NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER** 21 TO: **ALL INTERESTED PARTIES:** 22 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an Order Granting Motion to Dismiss was entered in 23 the above-entitled action on March 20, 2020, by this Court. A copy of the Order is attached 24 hereto as Exhibit 1. 25 111 26 111 27 111 28

0100 Neil Road, Suite 500 Reno, NV 89511 775-688-3000

Affirmation pursuant to NRS 239B.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain the personal information of any person.

DATED: March 20, 2020.

WOODBURN AND WEDGE

By /s/ Dane W. Anderson

Dane W. Anderson, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 6883

Attorneys for Defendant
The Regional Transportation
Commission of Washoe County

Woodburn and Wedge 6100 Neil Road, Suite 500 Reno, NV 89511 775-688-3000

-2-

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that I am an employee of Woodburn and Wedge and that on this date, I caused to be sent via electronic delivery through the Court's E-flex system a true and correct copy of the NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER to: MICHAEL J. MORRISON, ESQ. 1495 Ridgeview Dr., #220 Reno, Nevada 89519 venturelawusa@gmail.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs DATED: March 20, 2020. /s/ Dianne M. Kelling Employee of Woodburn and Wedge

EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBIT	NO OF PAGES INCLUDING EXHIBIT PAGES
1	ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO DISMISS	3

ATTACHMENT E – No. 27 <u>List of File-Stamped Documents</u>: EXHIBIT 6

FILED
Electronically
CV19-00459
2021-06-09 03:47:43 PM
Alicia L. Lerud
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 8487964

individual,

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN ILIESCU, JR., AND SONNIA ILIESCU, TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN ILIESCU JR. AND SONNIA ILIESCU 1992 FAMILY TRUST; JOHN ILIESCU, JR., an individual; AND SONNIA ILIESCU, an

Plaintiffs,

V.

THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY; ROE CORPORATIONS 1-20; and DOES 1 – 40, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: CV19-00459

Dept. No.: 15

ORDER GRANTING SUMMARY JUDGMENT AFTER SUPPLEMENTAL ARGUMENTS

Before the Court is RTC's Motion for Summary Judgment. RTC filed the motion on March 29, 2021. Plaintiffs filed their opposition brief on April 2, 2021. RTC filed its reply brief on April 29, 2021, and the matter was submitted for the Court's decision. The Court scheduled oral argument for May 12, 2020, at which it heard argument from RTC's counsel. Plaintiffs' counsel did not appear at oral argument. At the conclusion of oral arguments this Court orally pronounced that it would grant summary judgment and deny the pending motions in limine as moot; it directed RTC's Counsel, Dane Anderson Esq., to prepare and submit the

order.

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2 On May 13, 2021 Plaintiffs filed a notice of intent to file motion to request a rehearing 3 on RTC's Motion for Summary Judgment because "Plaintiffs were denied, inter alia, their Constitutional right to appear and be heard" due to "a technical error, oversight, mistake and/or inadvertence relating. . . to the Zoom platform and its operation." See May 13, 2021 Notice. RTC filed a response on May 24, 2021, arguing a rehearing is not proper and plaintiffs were provided proper notice and an opportunity to be heard and further fail to demonstrate how their participation would have yielded different results. Thereafter, Plaintiffs filed a motion for reconsideration and hearing or alternative motion to set aside order, to which the RTC filed an opposition on June 7, 2021. This Court allowed supplemental arguments on June 8, 2021, and the parties have been fully heard. This Court now orders as follows:

PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

- 1. Plaintiffs filed this action on February 27, 2019. Their complaint asserted twelve claims for relief: (1) injunctive relief; (2) breach of contract; (3) breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing; (4) breach of fiduciary duty/breach of trust; (5) declaratory relief; (6) waste; (7) conversion; (8) trespass; (9) civil conspiracy; (10) negligence; (11) elder abuse; and (12) intentional and/or negligent infliction of emotional distress/tort of outrage. Plaintiffs' claims were all based on the RTC's alleged improper use of the parking lot on Plaintiffs' property at 642 E. 4th Street in Reno. Plaintiffs alleged damages to the parking lot, personal injuries (including emotional distress, anxiety and depression) and also sought punitive damages against RTC.
- 2. Plaintiffs failed to timely serve process pursuant to NRCP 4(d), causing this Court to enter an Order To Show Cause on July 1, 2019. In response, Plaintiffs filed a Motion

For Extension Of Time in which Plaintiffs' counsel cited certain health issues as the reason service had not been timely accomplished. This became a recurring explanation for Plaintiffs' procedural failures throughout the case. The Court granted Plaintiffs' motion but also noted that RTC, as a government entity, is easy to serve and gave Plaintiffs ten days to do so.

- 3. After being served, RTC file a motion to dismiss certain claims. While that motion was pending, the parties filed a Stipulation To Conduct Discovery Prior To Holding The NRCP 16.1 Conference And Prior To Filing The Joint Case Conference Report. The stipulation was based on Plaintiffs' ages and allegations in the complaint regarding Plaintiffs' medical issues. Significantly, the stipulation allowed *both* parties to conduct early discovery. The Court granted the stipulation on November 18, 2019.
- 4. Pursuant to the stipulation and order for early discovery, RTC served written requests for production on Plaintiffs, including requests seeking information regarding Plaintiffs' alleged damages—both damages to the parking lot as well as alleged personal injury and emotional distress damages. In response to these requests, Plaintiffs indicated they did not wish to disclose their medical records. Therefore, on December 6, 2019, the parties entered into a Stipulation For Entry Of Order Dismissing Certain Plaintiffs' Claims For Relief And Damages With Prejudice. By way of that stipulation, Plaintiffs expressly stated they no longer wished to pursue any damages for emotional distress or personal injury and had decided to limit their compensatory damages solely to the property damage to their parking lot. Plaintiffs agreed to dismiss with prejudice their claim for intentional and/or negligent infliction of emotional distress as well as any claims for damages other than those specifically related to their parking lot and punitive damages. Plaintiffs acknowledged that RTC was relying on that agreement by withdrawing its discovery requests relating to Plaintiffs' medical records and treating physicians.

5. On December 10, 2019, the Court entered its Order Granting Stipulation For Entry Of Order Dismissing Certain Of Plaintiffs' Claims For Relief And Damages With Prejudice. That order specifically adopted the parties' agreement that Plaintiffs' compensatory damages would be limited to alleged damage to the parking lot, and that any damages for emotional distress or personal injury were dismissed with prejudice.

- 6. Shortly thereafter, the Court ordered Plaintiffs to file an amended complaint consistent with the parties' stipulation. Plaintiffs filed their Amended Complaint on January 21, 2020, asserting eleven claims for relief: (1) injunctive relief; (2) breach of contract; (3) contractual breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing; (4) breach of fiduciary duty/breach of trust; (5) declaratory relief; (6) waste; (7) conversion; (8) trespass; (9) civil conspiracy; (10) negligence; (11) tortious breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.
- 7. On January 30, 2020, RTC filed a Supplemental Motion To Dismiss. After briefing, the Court entered an Order Granting Motion To Dismiss on March 20, 2020, dismissing Plaintiffs' claims for injunctive relief, breach of fiduciary duty/breach of trust, waste, conversion and tortious breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing. The Court denied RTC's motion to dismiss the civil conspiracy claim, noting the pre-trial resolution of that claim, if any, could only be considered through a motion for summary judgment after appropriate discovery is conducted. Thus, the case proceeded on Plaintiffs' claims for breach of contract, contractual breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, declaratory relief, trespass, civil conspiracy, and negligence.
- 8. On January 20, 2020, RTC filed a Motion To Compel because Plaintiffs had failed to serve responses to RTC's requests for production of documents pursuant to NRCP 34 and the parties' stipulation for early discovery. Plaintiffs did not respond to that motion and,

on April 20, 2020, the Court entered a Confirming Order approving the Master's Recommendation For Order that Plaintiffs produce responses, including responsive documents within their possession, custody or control, no later than April 17, 2020 and that Plaintiffs pay RTC \$1,000 as a sanction for their discovery failures.

- 9. On March 23, 2020, RTC filed its Answer to First Amended Complaint. Thereafter, Plaintiffs failed to schedule an early case conference and failed to file a case conference report. This failure will be addressed further below.
- 10. On April 1, 2020, RTC filed a Motion For Discovery Sanctions based on Plaintiffs' failure to appear at their properly noticed depositions and other discovery failures. On April 20, 2020, RTC filed a Motion For Sanctions Pursuant To NRCP 37(b)(1) based on Plaintiffs failure to comply with the Court's April 20, 2020 Confirming Order. Among other things, the Court ordered Plaintiffs to produce documents responsive to RTC's requests for production no later than June 30, 2020. The Court further ordered RTC to submit a declaration setting forth RTC's reasonable expenses incurred in connection with the discovery motions. After briefing, the Court ordered Plaintiffs to pay \$10,684.90 to RTC in sanctions for their discovery failures.
- 11. On July 21, 2020, RTC filed a Motion In Limine To Preclude Plaintiffs From Offering Documents Not Produced To RTC On Or Before June 30, 2020. Plaintiffs did not oppose this motion and, on August 19, 2020, the Court entered an order granting it.
- 12. On October 12, 2020, the Court entered an Order Granting Stipulated Scheduling Order. Among other deadlines, the Court ordered that the deadline to make expert disclosures was February 26, 2021, and the deadline to disclose rebuttal experts was March 29, 2021. The Court noted the NRCP 16.1 case conference had not been held and nothing in the scheduling order should be construed as a waiver of RTC's rights under the August 19,

2020 Order granting RTC's motion in limine.

- 13. On January 19, 2021, RTC filed a Motion For Sanctions Pursuant To NRCP 16.1(e), seeking dismissal of this case due to Plaintiffs' failure to hold an early case conference pursuant to NRCP 16.1 and consequent failure to file a case conference report. Following briefing, the Court entered an Order Denying Motion For Sanctions on March 25, 2021. The Court denied the requested sanction of dismissal because it wanted to decide the case on its merits, but it noted Plaintiffs' repeated failure to prosecute their case. The Court ordered the parties to conduct an NRCP 16(b) conference and also ordered the parties to appear before the Court for a status hearing on April 27, 2020.
- 14. On March 9, 2021, RTC filed its Motion For Summary Judgment, along with two motions in limine: (1) Motion In Limine To Preclude Plaintiffs From Presenting Evidence Pursuant To NRS 50.275, 50.285 and 50.305 ("Motion In Limine Re Experts"); and (2) Motion In Limine To Exclude Evidence Of Damages. The Motion In Limine Re Experts was based on Plaintiffs' failure to timely disclose any expert witnesses. The Motion In Limine To Exclude Evidence Of Damages was based on Plaintiffs' failure to provide a computation of damages pursuant to NRCP 16.1(a)(1) and their failure to provide any documentation to support their damages claim. Those motions in limine are pending and will be denied as moot in light of the Court's ruling on the Motion for Summary Judgment.
- 15. Plaintiffs filed their opposition briefs on April 2, 2021. The primary theme of these oppositions was that the Court's March 25, 2021 Order Denying Motion For Sanctions was a "reset" of this case excusing Plaintiffs from their repeated procedural failures.
- 16. On April 27, 2021, the Court held a status conference, at which Plaintiffs' counsel asserted the parties' stipulation for early discovery somehow restricted Plaintiffs from conducting discovery in this case. As discussed below, the Court finds this assertion to be

unsupported by the documents of record. Following the hearing, the Court set oral arguments on RTC's Motion For Summary Judgment for May 12, 2021 at 2:00 p.m.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 17. In entering the December 6, 2019, Stipulation For Entry Of Order Dismissing Certain Plaintiffs' Claims For Relief And Damages With Prejudice, which the Court granted by its Order of December 10, 2019, Plaintiffs expressly waived, with prejudice, any claim for compensatory damages other than compensation for physical damage to the parking lot.
- Plaintiffs failed to timely disclose an expert witness on any subject, including Plaintiffs' alleged damages. This Court concludes expert evidence is necessary to determine causation, scope of repair, diminishment in value, and damages. As a result, Plaintiffs have no expert evidence as to the cost to repair the parking lot or the loss of value to the property based on the alleged damage to the parking lot. Plaintiffs are not qualified to provide such evidence and were not designated to provide such testimony.
 - 19. Plaintiffs have not conducted discovery necessary to prosecute their case.
- 20. The October 30, 2019 Stipulation To Conduct Discovery Prior To Holding The NRCP 16.1 Conference And Prior To Filing The Joint Case Conference Report expressly allowed *both* parties to conduct discovery. Nothing in that Stipulation or the November 18, 2019 Order granting the Stipulation, restricted Plaintiffs' right or ability to conduct discovery. The Court does not find that RTC or its counsel in any way precluded Plaintiffs from prosecuting their case.
- 21. In opposing summary judgment, Plaintiffs presented no declarations or any other admissible evidence to support their claims. The documents Plaintiffs submitted to the Court suffer from several evidentiary infirmities.
 - 22. There is no admissible evidence supporting each of the elements of Plaintiffs'

23. There is no admissible evidence of Plaintiffs' alleged damages.

24. The Court's March 25, 2021 Order Denying Motion For Sanctions was not a "reset" of the entire case. The Court simply wished to avoid imposing case ending sanctions based solely on Plaintiffs' failure to hold an early case conference. That Order was not intended to, and did not, relieve Plaintiffs of any other procedural failures in this case. Contrary to Plaintiffs' suggestion, the March 25, 2021 order did not override or supersede the Court's August 19, 2020 Order Granting Motion In Limine To Preclude Plaintiffs From Offering Documents Not Produced To RTC On Or Before June 30, 2020.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 25. Summary judgment is appropriate and "shall be rendered forthwith" when the pleadings and other evidence on file demonstrate that no "genuine issue as to any material fact [remains] and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law." *Wood v. Safeway, Inc.*, 121 Nev. 724, 729, 121 P.3d 1026, 1029 (2005).
- 26. In opposing summary judgment, the nonmoving party "must, by affidavit or otherwise, set forth specific facts demonstrating the existence of a genuine issue for trial or have summary judgment entered against him." *Id.*, 121 Nev. at 732, 121 P.3d at 1031. "Evidence introduced in...opposition to a motion for summary judgment must be admissible evidence." *Collins v. Union Fed. Savings & Loan*, 99 Nev. 284, 302, 662 P.2d 610, 621 (1983), citing NRCP 56(e).
- 27. Summary judgment serves an important role in promoting sound judicial economy. Courts should not hesitate to discourage litigation in instances where claims are deficient of evidentiary support and are based on little more than the complainants' conclusory allegations and accusations. *Boesiger v. Desert Appraisals, LLC*, 135 Nev. 192,

193, 444 P.3d 436, 438 (2019). In doing so, courts avoid the unwarranted consumption of public and private resources. *Id.*, 135 Nev. at 194, 444 P.3d at 438.

- 28. Here, the Court concludes that RTC is entitled to summary judgment on all of Plaintiffs' remaining claims: (1) breach of contract; (2) contractual breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing; (3) civil conspiracy; (4) trespass; (5) negligence; and (6) declaratory relief. Each is addressed in turn.
- 29. "Basic contract principles require, for an enforceable contract, an offer and acceptance, meeting of the minds and consideration." *Certified Fire Prot. Inc. v. Precision Construction, Inc.*, 128 Nev. 371, 378, 283 P.3d 250, 255 (2012). "A meeting of the minds exists when the parties have agreed upon the contract's essential terms." *Id.* There is no evidence supporting any of these elements, nor is there any evidence of Plaintiffs' alleged damages. Plaintiffs' breach of contract claim fails.
- 30. A claim for breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing requires the plaintiff to prove the existence of a contract. *Perry v. Jordan*, 111 Nev. 943, 900 P.2d 335 (1995). Plaintiffs have failed to prove the existence of a contract with RTC and have provided no evidence of damages. Therefore, Plaintiffs' claim for breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing fails.
- 31. A civil conspiracy claim exists when a combination of two or more persons who, by some concerted action, intend to accomplish some unlawful objective for the purpose of harming another and resulting in damages. *Collins, supra*, 99 Nev. at 303, 662 P.2d at 622. To succeed on a civil conspiracy claim, a plaintiff must prove both an agreement between tortfeasors and that the conduct of each defendant is tortious. *GES, Inc. v. Corbitt*, 117 Nev. 265, 271, 21 P.3d 11, 15 (2001). Here, there is no evidence of the existence or identity of any alleged co-conspirator, no evidence of any agreement between RTC and anyone else, and no

evidence of Plaintiffs' alleged damages. As noted above, there is no evidence of the cost of repair or loss of value based on the alleged damage to the parking lot and Plaintiffs have waived all other damages by way of the December 6, 2019 stipulation. Plaintiffs' civil conspiracy claim fails.

- 32. To prove trespass, the claimant must show that the defendant invaded the claimant's real property. *Lied v. County of Clark*, 94 Nev. 275, 279, 579 P.2d 171, 173-174 (1978). A plaintiff may recover compensatory, nominal, and/or punitive damages under a trespass claim. *See True v. Bosch*, 73 Nev. 270, 317 P.2d 1089 (1957) (compensatory damages to property); *Land Baron Invs., Inc. v. Bonnie Springs Family Ltd. P'ship*, 131 Nev. 686, 700, 356 P.3d 511, 521 (2015) (plaintiff asserting a trespass claim may recover damages for annoyance and discomfort). Here, Plaintiffs waived any damages other than compensatory damages for the physical damage to the parking lot and punitive damages. Therefore, they cannot recover nominal damages or general damages for annoyance, discomfort, emotional distress, anxiety or depression. There is no evidence of cost of repair or loss of value based on the alleged physical damage. There is also no evidence that would support an award of punitive damages.
- 33. To establish a negligence claim, a plaintiff must demonstrate: (1) that defendant owed plaintiff a duty of care; (2) that defendant breached that duty; (3) the breach was the legal cause of plaintiff's injuries; and (4) plaintiff sustained damages. *Scialabba v. Brandise Construction Co.*, 112 Nev. 965, 921 P.2d 928 (1996). Here, Plaintiffs have failed to present any evidence identifying the duty RTC allegedly owed them, nor have they presented any evidence of damages. Plaintiffs' negligence claim fails.
- 34. Plaintiffs' declaratory relief claim also fails. Plaintiffs sought a declaration that (1) RTC failed to perform under the "RTC-Trust agreement" or its "condemnation

activities"; (2) Plaintiffs are the sole and exclusive owners of their "Property" at 642 E. 4th St. in Reno; (3) RTC has no right, title or interest in the Property and no right to use the Property; (4) RTC "knowingly and wrongfully used the Remaining Property" without paying compensation to Plaintiffs; and (5) RTC wrongfully parked its vehicles on the Remaining Property, causing extensive damage in callous disregard of the law. First, there is no evidence of any contract between RTC and Plaintiffs and any issue involving RTC's "condemnation activities" was already adjudicated in the previous condemnation action between the parties. Second, while Plaintiffs own "the Property," they own it subject to RTC's valid and existing easements established by way of the prior condemnation action between the parties. Third, RTC has the rights, title and interest in the easements on the Property acquired by way of that condemnation action and for which Plaintiffs received just compensation. Finally, there is no evidence of Plaintiffs' damages and no evidence RTC "callously disregarded" the law. Plaintiffs' claim for declaratory relief fails.

36. In sum, there is no admissible evidence to support Plaintiffs' claims. All of Plaintiffs' remaining claims are dismissed. No genuine issues remain as to any material facts. RTC is entitled to judgment as a matter of law on all of Plaintiffs' claims.

Based on the foregoing and with good cause appearing,

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IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that RTC's Motion for Summary Judgment is GRANTED. The Court denies as moot RTC's pending Motion In Limine To Preclude Plaintiffs From Presenting Evidence Pursuant To NRS 50.275, 50.285 and 50.305 and the Motion In Limine To Exclude Evidence Of Damages. The jury trial currently set for August 9, 2021 is vacated.

Dated this <u>day</u> of June, 2021.

DISTRICT JUDGE

ATTACHMENT E – No. 27 <u>List of File-Stamped Documents</u>: EXHIBIT 7

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CV19-00459
2021-06-10 04:27:54 PM
Alicia L. Lerud
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 8490380

1	2535	Alicia L. Lerud Clerk of the Cou Transaction # 8490	
2	Dane W. Anderson, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 6883		
3	Bronagh M. Kelly, Esq.		
3	Nevada Bar No. 14555		
4	WOODBURN AND WEDGE 6100 Neil Road, Suite 500		
5	Reno, Nevada 89511		
6	Telephone: 775-688-3000		
_	Facsimile: 775-688-3088 danderson@woodburnandwedge.com		
7	bkelly@woodburnandwedge.com		
8	Attorneys for Defendant, the Regional Transpor	rtation	
9	Commission of Washoe County		
10			
11	IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA		
12	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE		
13	JOHN ILIESCU, JR., AND SONNIA	Case No.: CV19-00459	
14	ILIESCU, TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN	D N . 15	
15	ILIESCU JR. AND SONNIA ILIESCU 1992 FAMILY TRUST; JOHN ILIESCU, JR., an	Dept. No.: 15	
16	individual; AND SONNIA ILIESCU, an		
	individual,		
17	Plaintiffs,		
18	v.		
19	THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION		
20	COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY;		
	ROE CORPORATIONS 1-20; and DOES 1 – 40, inclusive,		
21			
22	Defendants.		
23	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GI	RANTING SUMMARY JUDGMENT	
24	TO: ALL INTERESTED PARTIES:		
25	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an Order Granting Summary Judgment After		
26	Supplemental Arguments was entered in the above-entitled action on June 9, 2021, by this		
27	Court. A copy of the Order is attached hereto as Exhibit 1 .		
28			

Affirmation pursuant to NRS 239B.030 The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding Notice of Entry of Order Granting Summary Judgment does not contain any personal information. Dated: June 10, 2021 WOODBURN AND WEDGE /s/ Dane W. Anderson By: Dane W. Anderson, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 6883 Bronagh M. Kelly, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 14555 Attorneys for Defendant The Regional Transportation Commission of Washoe County

TABLE OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit

Woodburn and Wedge 6100 Neil Road, Suite 500 Reno, NV 89511 775-688-3000 No. of Pages (Including Exhibit

Sheet) Exhibit No.

Order Granting Summary Judgment After Supplemental
Arguments filed June 9, 2021

13

-3-

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that I am an employee of Woodburn and Wedge and that on this date, I caused to be sent via electronic delivery through the Court's E-flex system a true and correct copy of the NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING SUMMARY **JUDGMENT** to: MICHAEL J. MORRISON, ESQ. 1495 Ridgeview Dr., #220 Reno, Nevada 89519 venturelawusa@gmail.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs DATED: June 10, 2021 Employee of Woodburn and Wedge

ATTACHMENT E – No. 27 <u>List of File-Stamped Documents</u>: EXHIBIT 8

FILED Electronically CV19-00459 2021-07-27 02:02:15 PM Alicia L. Lerud Clerk of the Court Transaction # 8564080

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D. CHRIS ALBRIGHT, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 4904

ALBRIGHT, STODDARD, WARNICK & ALBRIGHT

801 South Rancho Drive, Suite D-4

Las Vegas, Nevada 89106

Tel: (702) 384-7111 Fax: (702) 384-0605

dca@albrightstoddard.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs/Appellants

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN ILIESCU, JR., AND SONNIA ILIESCU, TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN ILIESCU JR. AND SONNIA ILIESCU 1992 FAMILY TRUST; JOHN ILIESCU, JR., an individual; and SONNIA ILIESCU, an individual,

Plaintiffs,

v.

THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY; ROE CORPORATIONS 1-20; and DOES 1 through 40 inclusive,

Defendants.

CASE NO. CV19-00459

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF:
(1) ORDER GRANTING
STIPULATION FOR ENTRY OF
ORDER DISMISSING CERTAIN OF
PLAINTIFFS' CLAIMS FOR RELIEF
AND DAMAGES WITH PREJUDICE;
-AND-

(2) ORDER ADDRESSING MOTION TO DISMISS

TO ALL INTERESTED PARTIES:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Orders were entered in the above-entitled matter as follows:

 An ORDER GRANTING STIPULATION FOR ENTRY OF ORDER DISMISSING CERTAIN OF PLAINTIFFS' CLAIMS FOR RELIEF AND DAMAGES WITH PREJUDICE, on December 10, 2019 (Transaction #7629013), a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "1"; and

///

| / / /

2. An ORDER ADDRESSING MOTION TO DISMISS, on January 7, 2020 (Transaction		
#7673003), a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "2."		
DATED this 24 day of July, 2021.		
ALBRIGHT, STODDARD, WARNICK & ALBRIGHT		
D. CHRIS ALBRIGHT, ESQ., #004904 801 South Rancho Drive, Suite D-4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89106 Tel: (702) 384-7111 dca@albrightstoddard.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs/Appellants		
AFFIRMATION		
The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document filed in the Second		
udicial District Court does not contain the social security number of any person. DATED this 24 day of July, 2021.		
ALBRIGHT, STODDARD, WARNICK & ALBRIGHT		
D. CHRIS ALBRIGHT, ESQ., #004904 801 South Rancho Drive, Suite D-4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89106 Tel: (702) 384-7111 dca@albrightstoddard.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs/Appellants		

LAW OFFICES ALBRIGHT, STODDARD, WARNICK & ALBRIGHT A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am an employee of ALBRIGHT, STODDARD, WARNICK & ALBRIGHT and that on the 27th day of July, 2021, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF ENTRY OF: (1) ORDER GRANTING STIPULATION FOR ENTRY OF ORDER DISMISSING CERTAIN OF PLAINTIFFS' CLAIMS FOR RELIEF AND DAMAGES WITH PREJUDICE; AND (2) ORDER ADDRESSING MOTION TO DISMISS upon all counsel of record by electronically serving the document using the Court's electronic filing system:

Dane W. Anderson, Esq.
Bronagh M. Kelly, Esq.
WOODBURN AND WEDGE
6100 Neil Road, Suite 500
Reno, Nevada 89511
danderson@woodburnandwedge.com
bkelly@woodburnandwedge.com
Attorneys for Defendant, the Regional
Transportation Commission of Washoe County

Michael J. Morrison, Esq. 1495 Ridgeview Drive, #220 Reno, Nevada 89519 venturelawusa@gmail.com
Trial Counsel for Plaintiffs

An employee of Albright, Stoddard, Warnick & Albright

EXHIBIT "1"

FILE D
Electronically
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2019-12-10 10:17:19 AM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7629013

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IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JOHN ILIESCU, JR., AND SONNIA ILIESCU, TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN ILIESCU JR. AND SONNIA ILIESCU 1992 FAMILY TRUST; JOHN ILIESCU, JR., an individual; AND SONNIA ILIESCU, an individual.

Plaintiffs,

٧.

THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY; ROE CORPORATIONS 1-20; and DOES 1 – 40, inclusive.

Defendants.

Case No.: CV19-00459

Dept. No.: 15

ORDER GRANTING STIPULATION FOR ENTRY OF ORDER DISMISSING CERTAIN OF PLAINTIFFS' CLAIMS FOR RELIEF AND DAMAGES WITH PREJUDICE

The Court has reviewed and considered the parties' Stipulation For Entry of Order Dismissing Certain of Plaintiffs' Claims for Relief and Damages With Prejudice. Based on that Stipulation, and good cause appearing.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED as follows:

- 1. Plaintiffs claim for intentional and/or negligent infliction of emotional distress aka tort of outrage is hereby dismissed with prejudice.
- 2. With respect to Plaintiffs' remaining claims for relief, any claims Plaintiffs may have had for damages other than compensatory damages specifically related to their parking lot and punitive damages based on the facts and

events alleged in the Complaint are also dismissed with prejudice. This includes but is not limited to any damages for emotional distress or personal injury.

Dated this ______ day of December, 2019.

13.

DISTRICT JUDGE

FILED
Electronically
CV19-00459
2020-01-07 04:12:05 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7673003

CV19-00459

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

Case No.

Dept. No.

JOHN ILIESCU, JR., AND SONNIA ILIESCU, TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN ILIESCU, JR. AND SONNIA ILIESCU 1992 FAMILY TRUST; JOHN ILIESCU, JR., an Individual; and SONNIA

Plaintiff,

vs.

ILIESCU, an Individual,

THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION OF WASHOE COUNTY; ROE CORPORATIONS 1-20; and DOES 1-40,

Defendants.

ORDER ADDRESSING MOTION TO DISMISS

Before this Court is the Regional Transportation Commission's (RTC) motion to dismiss. After the matter was submitted, the parties stipulated to dismiss certain claims for relief. The stipulation and order contemplates the 12th claim for "intentional and/or negligent infliction of emotional distress aka tort of outrage" and all other claims for damages other than compensatory damages will be dismissed. The apparent purpose of the stipulation was to prevent discovery relating to Plaintiffs' medical records and treating physicians.

Cause appearing, it is appropriate for Plaintiffs to file an amended complaint in which they set forth their extant claims. This will assist this Court and the finder of fact. Plaintiffs shall file their amended complaint within 14 days. The RTC may then, if it wishes, file a supplemental motion to dismiss. The RTC shall not infer by the leave granted that this Court encourages or discourages the filing of a new motion.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: January _____, 2020.

David A. Hardy District Court Judge

ATTACHMENT F TO DOCKETING STATEMENT (CASE NO. 83212)

VERIFICATION

Name of Appellants: John Iliescu, Jr., and Sonnia Iliescu, Trustees of the John Iliescu Jr. and

Sonnia Iliescu 1992 Family Trust; John Iliescu, Jr., an Individual; and

Sonnia Iliescu, an individual

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Dane W. Anderson, Esq.
Bronagh M. Kelly, Esq.
WOODBURN AND WEDGE
6100 Neil Road, Suite 500
Reno, Nevada 89511
danderson@woodburnandwedge.com
bkelly@woodburnandwedge.com
Attorneys for Defendant, The Regional
Transportation Commission of Washoe County

Michael J. Morrison, Esq. 1495 Ridgeview Drive, #220 Reno, Nevada 89519 venturelawusa@gmail.com Trial Counsel for Plaintiffs