order. She is not doing what she's supposed to be doing. The

-- she talks about the dirty clothes and the clothes that

don't fit, and this -- I don't know why parent lectronically Filed

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their children, and I think it's an abominatic lizabeth As Brown

situation in which Dad buys clothes for the kids, and then he

just sends them home in whatever they're wearing.

He sends them, you know, back to school, back to Mom. And when Mom sends them to him, she literally brings clothing to the school, because she's a teacher there. She brings their old clothes, takes them out of the new clothes, puts them in the old clothes, and sends them to Dad's house. So when Dad gets them back from Mom, they're in old clothes that don't fit them anymore.

And she keeps all the new clothes that he buys. So in the last winter alone, Mom kept four jackets that Dad purchased for the kids. She -- he's never seen them again.

And Mom is restricting the children's ability to carry items back and forth. And so this is turning into a situation where Dad is constantly replacing clothes, and then sending them back to Mom in the new clothes, and Mom sends them back in old clothes that don't fit them anymore.

And it's happened like, every month. And it's getting to the point where, like, he certainly can't afford that any more, Your Honor. And he's the one paying her child

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support, and he can't afford to do this. And so this -- this allegation that he's doing something wrong with the clothing is absolutely false, Your Honor.

We need an order that these children be allowed to wear what they are wearing to school that day, wear to their dad's house. We need an order that they are allowed to freely transport their belongings between the parties, or between the parties' homes. It needs to stop.

And then the -- with the allegation regarding

Safekey, that -- that Abby ran and hid, Mom is -- is not being honest with you, Your Honor. Abby did not run and hide in a hallway in the school. Abby went to Mom's classroom, and Mom and her dad were there, and Abby was there, and they locked the door. So when Devin went to get Abby, they refused to unlock the door and let her out. And so Dad had to go get staff to unlock Mom's classroom, and there was Mom and grandpa and Abby.

And -- and I mean, this is -- this is -- I don't even have a word for it, Your Honor. The -- the -- the level of deception to the Court is appalling. But the fact that she would do that is so pathogenic. There is something seriously wrong with her, Your Honor, and it needs to stop. It really does.

And so that is why we are asking that she be deemed

1 a vexatious litigant, and that Dr. Paglini's report cannot be implemented. It absolutely cannot. If Your Honor is so inclined to take it seriously on any level, we have to have an evidentiary hearing. They can't simply modify custody like this.

And then we're going to have a full hearing, and we're going to have a full prove up on the extent of Mom's relationship with this molester. We're going to have a full hearing and prove up on these -- these therapy appointments. You can see these videos for yourself, Your Honor. You can see Mom's behavior. And if I have to, I'll subpoena the staff at school who can testify that they had to unlock the door. I mean, because this is getting outrageous.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, you're right, and I can't permanently change custody without an evidentiary hearing. think that's what Ms. Primas's assertions are. But if I set an evidentiary hearing, and I find that the allegations aren't substantiated by the evidence and that the evidence is what you're saying, Ms. Cramer, then, you know, attorney's fees would be awarded, and --

MS. CRAMER: Well --

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THE COURT: -- and --

MS. CRAMER: -- and, Your Honor --

THE COURT: -- I think (indiscernible).

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MS. CRAMER: Yeah. Not only that, but I mean, after I looked at this, because, you know, he was proceeding pro se before he hired me to handle this hearing --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. CRAMER: -- and looking at this, Your Honor, if

-- if -- if Your Honor's inclined to -- to grant her any of
the relief requested, we're looking at our own motion to
modify. This -- this custody order is ridiculous. There's
multiple exchanges, and there should be minimal exchanges for
the welfare of these children. And Mom talks about Dad having
a gun, I guess Your Honor's never been told, but, you know,
Mom's dad pulled a gun on Devin during an exchange when they
were getting divorced.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. CRAMER: It -- it -- there's -- Mom's dad should not be involved. He needs to stay away. The therapy appointments are problematic because she -- like I said, she constructively excludes him from them. And --

THE COURT: Can I interrupt real quickly? What are the -- what is the day that the appointments happen?

MS. CRAMER: It's on Monday.

THE COURT: On Mondays. Okay.

MS. CRAMER: And the kids go back to Mom at school on Monday, so then she takes her after school.

1	THE COURT. Time what time is the the
	THE COURT: Time what time is the therapy
2	appointment? Same time every Monday?
3	MS. CRAMER: I believe so.
4	THE COURT: Ms. Primas?
5	MS. CRAMER: (Indiscernible).
6	MS. PRIMAS: It it's the same time every Monday.
7	THE COURT: What time?
8	MS. PRIMAS: It's at
9	MS. CRAMER: (Indiscernible)
10	THE COURT: I'm sorry? What time?
11	MS. CRAMER: It's at 5:00 or 6:00 in the evening,
12	Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: I I I want to hear from
14	Ms. Primas. Do you know the time?
15	MS. PRIMAS: Amanda, what time is her therapy?
16	THE DEFENDANT: It's usually at 5:45, but due to the
17	the COVID, we've been just doing virtual meetings the last
18	three or four weeks.
19	THE COURT: Uh-huh. And what time
20	THE DEFENDANT: It's it's random, because her
21	schedule changes. But when when we go back, it's Monday at
22	5:45.
23	THE COURT: Okay. All right. Ladies, I is there
24	anything else? Because I I have a I'm going to have my

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next hearing. I'm going to go back and look at all of your filings again, and I'm going to issue an order this afternoon as to what I want to do. I'll consider the arguments because they have been very informative, and that will help me make a final decision on this one.

MS. PRIMAS: (Indiscernible) a couple of things,

Your Honor? I just wanted to respond to just a few things -
THE COURT: Sure.

MS. PRIMAS: -- real quick.

THE COURT: Sure.

MS. PRIMAS: The issue about Mr. Eatherly, I never said he was a random handyman. He was Mom's boyfriend a couple years ago. He continued to be her friend. I said he had her garage code because he acted like her handyman. But they continued to be friends. So yes, they were sitting together at sporting events.

The -- the argument that the domestic violence incidents were just arguments between the parties, this is why we're asking for an evidentiary hearing, Your Honor. Because the Court has never considered the evidence as the domestic violence.

The violation of the mutual behavior order, Ms.

Cramer says that there was one angry text after Dad found out about the incident with Abby, and that it was a one off. But

obviously, it wasn't. We again, attached numerous messages on Our Family Wizard, and texts as violations of the mutual behavior order.

The issue of Jacob, we -- we have covered this, Your Honor. There are numerous reasons. He -- he is violent, he had diaries about raping women and killing my client when the parties were together. Your Honor has heard all of this before, as you referenced.

THE COURT: Yep.

MS. PRIMAS: As for the vexatious litigant, it -- as Your Honor knows, you -- at the last hearing, you indicated that I would need to file a motion to move forward, and so here we are. And then the issue of grandpa pulling a gun on Dad, and that has been addressed by this Court. Dad alleged that grandpa pulled a gun. He called the police, the police came. Grandpa produced a gun from his glove box. It was not at all the gun that Dad described. The police determined that Dad was lying. And again, this Court has addressed that issue. I believe that's it, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. All right.

MS. CRAMER: Your Honor, if I may --

THE COURT: Yes?

MS. CRAMER: So we deny the allegations about Jacob. There's no evidence of that. That's false. And my client

indicated to me while Ms. Primas was talking that Mom may deny that he was her boyfriend, but Dad says that the kids talked about him constantly, all the time leading up to the arrest. He was around all the time.

And as far as grandpa pulling the gun, Mom actually hid the gun that grandpa pulled on him. So grandpa had a second gun in his Jeep. And so when the cops showed up, grandpa says, yeah, there's a gun in my car, and he pulls it out. And no, of course, it's not the gun that Dad described because Mom took that gun in the house and hid it. And the cops can't go into Mom's house without a warrant. So I mean, she -- she covered that up quite nicely, kudos to her. I'm glad she's, you know, venturing into the criminal side of things. But that's what happened on that incident.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. CRAMER: And so it's never been addressed in an evidentiary hearing. The Court can hear testimony about that, and hear what happened. That she walked up to her dad, she put the gun in her waistband, and she hid it and went in the house and -- and hid it away from the cops.

THE COURT: Uh-huh. Okay. All right. Well, I will -- I'm going to think about this, and I will get something out this afternoon.

MS. PRIMAS: All right. Thank you, Your Honor.

1	THE COURT: I have to have my next hearing, so I
2	will let you go. We'll go off the record, and you'll get
3	(indiscernible) from my clerk. Okay?
4	MS. CRAMER: Thank you, Your Honor. Have a good
5	day.
6	THE COURT: Thanks, ladies. Bye.
7	MS. PRIMAS: Bye.
8	THE DEFENDANT: Bye.
9	
10	(PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 10:41:32)
11	* * * * *
12	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly as
13	correctly transcribed the digital proceedings in the
14	above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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16	/s/ Nita Painter
17	Nita Painter
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DEC 15 2021

CLERK OF COURT

TRANS

DEVIN BRYSON REED,

AMANDA RAELENE REED,

Plaintiff,

Defendant.

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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

COPY

FAMILY DIVISION

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CASE NO. D-18-568055-D

APPEAL NO. 83354, 79095

DEPT. Z

BEFORE THE HONORABLE SHELL MERCER DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

TRANSCRIPT RE: NON-JURY TRIAL

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 2021

D-8-568055-D REED 02/25/2021 TRANSCRIPT
VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

1 APPEARANCES: 2 (Participants appear virtually) 3 The Plaintiff: DEVIN BRYSON REED For the Plaintiff: MICHANCY CRAMER, ESQ. 197 E. California Ave, #250 4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89104 5 (702) 483-8544 6 The Defendant: AMANDA RAELENE REED For the Defendant: CARRIE PRIMAS, ESQ. 7 JASON NAIMI, ESQ. 10000 W. Charleston Blvd. 8 #110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 (702) 901-4800 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

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PROCEEDINGS

(The following transcript contains multiple indiscernibles due to poor recording quality)

(THE PROCEEDINGS BEGAN AT 09:03:20)

THE COURT: Good morning. In the -- in the matter of Reed versus Reed, case D-18-568055-D, please state your appearances. I don't see anybody.

MS. CRAMER: Good morning, Your Honor. This is Michancy Cramer, 11545, for the Plaintiff. He's with me in my office.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. CRAMER: I don't see the other side logged in.

THE COURT: Well, I saw them just moments ago. But I don't see them now. We should all be in a breakout room, because this case is sealed. And I don't -- I saw the other side shortly ago, but I don't see them now. I think we should go off the record.

THE CLERK: Okay.

MS. CRAMER: Okay.

(COURT RECESSED AT 9:04:21 AND RESUMED AT 9:07:15)

THE COURT: In the matter of Reed versus Reed, case D-18-568055-D, please state your appearances for the record.

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We'll start with Plaintiff.

MS. CRAMER: Good morning, Your Honor. This is Michancy Cramer, bar number 11545, for the Plaintiff, who's with me in my office.

THE COURT: Good morning, welcome.

MR. NAIMI: Good morning, Your Honor. Jason Naimi, bar number 9441, on behalf of the Defendant, Ms. Amanda Reed, who's present with me here on the same video conference. And also with me is Carrie Primas --

MS. PRIMAS: Bar number 12071, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Good morning, everybody, and welcome. We are here for the evidentiary hearing of this matter, and the -- the -- the issue that's glaring at me -- I've read the pretrial memo -- memos, and I'm -- I -- I need -- Mr. Naimi, I need you to explain -- or Ms. Primas, I need you all to explain to me why this case gets past McMonigle.

The McMonigle case -- McMonigle v. McMonigle, 110

Nev. 1407, 887 P.2d 742, 1994. McMonigle says that a change of custody must be based on substantially changed circumstances occurring since most recent custodial order. So events that took place before the last custodial order are inadmissible to establish a change of circumstance, and your pretrial memo is all filled with events that occurred before your client entered into a stipulated decree of divorce.

MR. NAIMI: Well, Your Honor, I'm happy to address that if I (indiscernible). First and foremost, Your Honor, though you accurately cite McMonigle with regard to allegations of domestic violence, if you look at the Castle exception — the exceptions under the Castle case, and more recently the Nance versus Nance case, that's N-a-n-c-e, which ironically enough was a case that I was counsel on and before the preceding judge on this matter. Nance directs the Court that they must consider acts of domestic violence if they have never been adjudicated in court at a prior time. So despite the fact that a stipulated order was entered, the Court — and — and if you actually were to look back, at one point, the Honorable Judge Gentile mentions the Nance case in this case, and says, I have to consider it.

Moreover, if you look at the procedural history of this matter, Your Honor, there was a minute order entered by Judge Gentile on August 27th of '19, wherein she says -- well, first, the parties agreed that a custody evaluation will be performed by Dr. Paglini. And -- and then from there, Judge Gentile says that if there are no issues found through the evaluation conducted by Dr. Paglini, that the custodial time share at that time would remain in effect. However, if upon returning to court there was a determination through the evaluation of Dr. Paglini that there was enough to proceed,

she would set it for an evidentiary hearing.

What ended up happening was that conduct -Dr. Paglini conducted his evaluation, Carrie Primas, who was
the attorney of record solely at the time, filed a motion
because of the outcome of that report, which will -- will be
present, presented to you here today. And ultimately, at the
hearing on May 13th of 2000 (sic) not only did Judge Gentile
set this for an evidentiary hearing (indiscernible) the -- the
recommendations made by Dr. Paglini, she in her minute order
states that she echoed the concerns that Dr. Paglini raised in
his report, and that's why she set it for an evidentiary
hearing here today.

Moreover, she also modified that time share at that time, so as of May 13th, 2020, though she didn't specify the custodial order, the time share that the parties have been adhering to since May 13th of 2020, effectively gives my client primary physical custody, with Mr. Reed having visitation as follows. On Saturday — on the first week, he has Saturday at noon until Monday at 7:00 p.m. The reason it was set for 7:00 p.m. was because the — one of the minor children, Abigail, the seven year old in this case, has been going to therapy with Dr. Schaffer (ph). Dr. Schaffer will testify to what that is about.

Dad was to be involved in that therapy, and so

doctor -- Judge Gentile made it clear, I'm giving you until Monday at 7:00 on this week because you are to go to every single appointment that you have her on those Mondays for the therapy in person. If you miss one, I'm going to reduce your time even further. So that was the first week.

The second week was from Friday until Monday -- from Friday evening until Monday morning, where he was supposed to bring the children to school at 7:00 a.m. So I believe based on what I've presented to the Court here, that makes it obvious that the Rooney standard has been overcome. McMonigle does not apply in lieu of the Nance case, and there's a reason why Judge Gentile set this for an evidentiary hearing that has now -- what is -- that is now here today. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Naimi. Michancy?

MS. CRAMER: Thank you, Your Honor. And one of the things that -- the Plaintiff has a selective memory, but one of the issues that they brought up even previously when they argued that the time share meant that she had primary under Rivero (ph), Judge Gentile actually pointed to the Bluestein case, and said that we were not counting hours, and that based on the days that they had, the time share, that it was joint, and that she was not going to permit the Defendant to do hour counting, but that she's taking a more expansive view, pursuant to Bluestein. So now, with regard to their argument

on McMonigle, Your Honor, I have some concerns. Not only what you've brought up, because you can see the time line here.

They filed the decree. The next day, they did the notice of entry, and the next day they did a motion to modify. And this case was filed in the spring of 2018. It was settled in the spring of 2020, and then they immediately, the next day, filed a motion to modify. And so this plaint -- this Defendant has been litigating this case for three solid years. She has been represented that entire time.

Furthermore, as Jason just pointed out, Your Honor, excuse me, Mr. Naimi, back in 2019, Judge Gentile was already addressing these allegations. So by the time that Dr. Paglini had done the evaluation, and by the time that the judge had already heard these allegations by the Plaintiff, the Plaintiff, through her counsel, chose to settle this case. She was represented by a very good attorney, Your Honor, and she chose to settle this case, despite the fact that she brought up all of these allegations previously.

And so Mr. Naimi's suggestion that we need to look at the Castle case and at the Nance case is misplaced, because in those cases, the Court never actually knew about the DV allegations, and they were never brought up in the litigation. In this case, the Plaintiff has absolutely brought it up in numerous filings. She has brought this -- those allegations

up over and over again.

THE COURT: You mean the Defendant?

MS. CRAMER: They're --

THE COURT: You mean the Defendant has brought them up over and over again?

MS. CRAMER: Yes. I apologize, Your Honor. Thank you for correcting me. I mean the Defendant. She has brought those allegations up time and time again, and that is what distinguishes this case from the Castle matter and the Nance matter is that in those cases, the Court wasn't aware of the DV and -- or even the DV allegations. I would also point out to the Court, Your Honor, that there is no evidence of domestic violence in this case. She has never been able to provide a single police report. My client has never been arrested for domestic violence against Amanda Reed, ever. And so there -- there is no -- there is no evidence to support this.

And then the other issue I have, Your Honor, is that in April of 2020, Ms. Reed filed her motion to modify, and it was on a very narrow issue. And that was that she claimed that Dr. Paglini's report substantiated her allegations of domestic violence, and so that was grounds to modify custody. However, Your Honor, in their pretrial memo that I received on Friday, they -- it appears that they want to relitigate this

entire case. And they -- they are bringing up issues that were never brought up in their filings, and that the Court did not grant them leave to pursue in discovery.

They were not granted leave to pursue that in this trial, and yet that now appears to be what they're doing in the -- in their pretrial memo, which I just received Friday. They've suddenly thrown everything plus the kitchen sink at us. So that was not what Judge Gentile's order was. Her order was based strictly on Dr. Paglini's report, and discovery was only open pursuant to the -- the DV allegations. That was it.

And so I would suggest that Your Honor is on point that we don't overcome McMonigle here. We don't even get past Rooney, because there is no change in circumstances here.

Nothing has taken place with -- between these two parties since the decree was entered. So McMonigle, we -- precludes it. And also, Your Honor, I would argue that we need an order restricting the Defendant's case here, because it appears that she wants to relitigate her entire case, rather than what was ordered in April of -- or May of 2020 by Judge Gentile.

THE COURT: Mr. Naimi?

MR. NAIMI: Yes, Your Honor. Well, a couple -- I'll make a couple of brief points, if I may. First and foremost, Ms. Cramer is absolutely incorrect when she says that in the

Nance case, the Court was not -- was not -- not aware of the DV. That is not true. In fact, motions in limine were filed because the Defendant in that case didn't hire just one, but two custody evaluation experts where DV was found to be true, and subsequently filed motions in limine to preclude the evidence from being admitted at the time of trial. So it was heard.

The Court was aware of it. And then when I tried to raise it at trial nonetheless, the Court refused to hear it at that point. And so to say that the Court wasn't aware is actually disingenuous. In fact, the Court was aware. They just wouldn't consider it. And so when it went up on appeal, the Supreme Court required them to listen to it because it had never been adjudicated, just like it has never been adjudicated in this court. Okay?

Secondly, the order from the May hearing, after

Judge Gentile heard the information from -- from Dr. Paglini's
report, she says, and this is on page 2 of her order, which
was entered in court on August 19th of '20, from the May 13th
hearing. It says, the Court finds that Dr. Paglini's concerns
are echoed by this Court. While Plaintiff Dad may have some
defenses to his behavior at times, and may be goaded by the
behavior of Defendant Mom and her father, they -- she thinks
it a -- and thinks it's inappropriate to intimidate or scare

them, including (indiscernible) the Court finds that this is unacceptable. The point being is, the Court has concerns about Father's behavior.

Now, that said, if we were to proceed today with an evidentiary hearing, you would see that the crux of this case does not lie solely on whether or not Plaintiff Father has committed domestic violence. There are many issues that will be laid before the Court today that even since that May order. The children are not cared for properly while under Dad's care. They're arriving at school on Mondays with improper clothing, not well groomed.

In fact, if -- if you were to hear the evidence today, you would find out that last Monday, Abigail showed up at -- at school with -- this Monday, excuse me, at school with -- with her hair completely messy, and gum in it. I mean, these are the kinds of things that Dr. Paglini has concerns about, and this is why modification of custody's appropriate.

Now, that said, Ms. Cramer inappropriately set forth the standard in modification when she said substantial change. There is no such thing when the parties have joint physical custody in a prior order. The standard is best interests of the children. And therefore, if we were to move forward today, Your Honor would have to consider whether it is in the best interests of Abigail and Shawn to reside primarily and be

under the care -- custodial care of their mom primarily, based on best interests factors. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you, mister --

MS. CRAMER: Your Honor, if I can address that?

First of all, there is no school, so she didn't show up to school Monday with gum in her hair. She's a normal child, and she fell asleep and got gum in her hair, and Dad didn't see it right away. It's not that the children are being neglected.

A kid getting gum in their hair is not neglect. But this goes — and also, Your Honor, with regard to the no substantial change in Truax, Rooney's standard is (indiscernible) no substantial change, and there hasn't.

And this -- this suggestion that the kids are not being taken care of, Your Honor, goes to the point I was making. We've never gotten any filings that actually suggest that. All we have is their motion from April of 2020, two days after the divorce decree was signed, in which she claims that there has been domestic violence and that's grounds to change custody two days after she settled the matter. Okay?

So there has been no notice provided to my client that they were going to litigate anything else today. No notice whatsoever. So saying that they're now going to litigate child neglect, we're going to litigate Abby having gum in her hair one day, we're going to litigate whatever else

they want to throw at us in their pretrial memo five days
before trial. My client has never had any notice of that,
Your Honor. None whatsoever.

THE COURT: Okay. So thank you, Ms. Cramer. This

THE COURT: Okay. So thank you, Ms. Cramer. This is -- I'm going to go off the record. I would like to review Nance, because I'm not -- I'm not persuaded about the Castle case, because the Castle case talked about, as -- as Ms. Cramer stated, that -- the Castle case over -- in my opinion, it overruled McMonigle to the extent that we couldn't consider prior domestic violence that hadn't been adjudicated.

In -- in -- in this case, the Reed case, the domestic violence in essence was adjudicated by the entry of the decree in April of 2020. Mom had all of the knowledge of all of the domestic violence that had occurred prior to April of 2020, when she entered -- when she agreed to enter into that decree. Also, she had the benefit of Dr. Paglini's report. He -- his report was authored in January of 2020. So the Court is not persuaded that -- that that should be a basis for --

MS. CRAMER: Your Honor --

MR. NAIMI: May I respond to that, Your Honor?

MS. CRAMER: Can I just throw in one thing, Your

Honor? We do --

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MR. NAIMI: (Indiscernible) --

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MS. CRAMER: So I don't want -- I don't want us to

1 proceed with assuming that this happened, because it's never been proven. And so it -- it's -- he's never been arrested, there -- he has no -- no history of any DV against Amanda whatsoever. It is strictly her allegations. That is all.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you for that. Okay. So 6 I'm going to review a few things, since sadly, I am new to this case, and you got the switch in, I don't know, whatever you call it. But you got a different judge that hasn't been on the case previously, so I'm unfamiliar with it. At -- more unfamiliar with it, obviously, than she was.

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So let me take a look at a few things. We're going to go off the record. It might be a bit, because there's several things that have popped into my head that I want to check on. I did prepare for this case. I've read quite a bit of it, and reviewed the history. But I want to take a little bit more time, because this is a big deal, and I don't want to get it wrong.

So we're going to go off the record. If you feel like you can utilize this time to discuss settlement, I encourage that, because I'm -- I -- you already know I'm fast leaning in precluding all evidence prior to entry of the decree. I'm leaning that way, and you know that. So I'm going to look at Nance, and unless Nance changes my mind, and a review of a few other things, then you know which way I'm

going. Also, if you've not had an opportunity to stipulate to the admission of exhibits, if you do decide to go forward, please take this time to do that. And we will --MR. NAIMI: We -- we have, Your Honor. We've 5 already (indiscernible) we'll put our stipulations on the 7 record --8 THE COURT: Outstanding. Thank you. MR. NAIMI: -- if you discern that it's appropriate to proceed. 10 THE COURT: Thank you so much. All right. Thank 11 you. We're going to go off the record --12 MR. NAIMI: Your Honor, if I may? 13 THE COURT: Yes. 14 MR. NAIMI: I'm sorry. Do you -- do you mind if I 15 just take my jacket off, since we're in our conference room? 16 THE COURT: I'm so offended by even -- of course. 17 Of course. Go ahead. Take it off. 18 MR. NAIMI: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor. Much 19 appreciated. 20

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MS. PRIMAS: (Indiscernible) offended too.

We're going to go off the record, and somehow we will contact

get comfortable. My goodness. Thank you. Okay. Yeah.

THE COURT: Oh, my goodness. Miss -- yeah, yeah,

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you when we're ready to go back on. Thank you.

(COURT RECESSED AT 9:28:56 AND RESUMED AT 10:24:51)

THE COURT: Okay. We're back on the record in the matter of Reed versus Reed, case number D-18-568055-D. And the Court will note the presence of all of the same parties. Is there anything that you have to tell me, or you're just waiting for my decision?

MR. NAIMI: Waiting for your decision, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Okay. So I did review several things in the -- during our time in recess. Specifically, I reviewed the Nance v. Ferraro case that was referenced by Counsel previously. Let me see. That reference is 134 Nev. 152, 418 P.3d 679. That's a 2018 decision.

In the Nance case -- well, before I -- before I even go any further, these parties have joint physical custody currently; is that right?

MS. CRAMER: Correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. NAIMI: They're -- I don't know if I agree with that, but there was a -- I will say that they agreed to joint physical custody back in 2018, and that the Court modified that schedule in May of '20.

MS. CRAMER: And that's a temporary order, pending this hearing. So that's not --

1	MR. NAIMI: That's correct.
2	MS. CRAMER: a that's not a permanent change.
3	THE COURT: The let's see. At the the May 13
4	2020, hearing and the May 26, 2020, minute order, which I
5	believe were included in the in the written order, yes.
6	That was entered August 19, 2020. The Court ordered on a
7	temporary basis that Mom will make the decisions pertaining to
8	medical, dental, psychological, educational, et cetera.
9	However, she is required to immediately provide Dad with all
10	of the information on those decisions. Dad is entitled to the
11	information, but that's the last that's the last labeling
12	of whether or not I mean the the as far as I'm aware,
13	the parties have joint legal custody and joint physical
14	custody pursuant to the decree that was entered
15	MS. CRAMER: Yes, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: And you disagree with that, Mr. Naimi?
17	MR. NAIMI: That pursuant to the decree, that is
18	correct, Your Honor. Pursuant to the May order, the
19	Defendant, my client, has pri sole legal custody and I
20	believe based on the schedule asserted by Judge Gentile in
21	May, that's primary custody to my client.
22	MS. CRAMER: But that was a temporary order, so it
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24	MR. NAIMI: It it was a temporary order, yes.

MS. CRAMER: Okay.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. CRAMER: So the controlling order here is the decree.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. All right. So going back to the Nance case, it says that read together, McMonigle and Castle hold that a party seeking to modify primary physical custody may not use evidence of domestic violence known to the parties or the Court when the prior custody order was entered to show a substantial change in circumstances warranting modification. So on that -- indicates -- well, it flat out says, seeking to modify primary physical custody.

In this case, Mom is seeking to modify joint physical custody, but the Nance decision does address that. And it says that the threshold issue for this Court is whether McMonigle and Castle also prevent parties from relying on previously known domestic violence evidence to demonstrate modification is not in the child's best interests.

It goes on to state that, we conclude McMonigle and Castle do not bar the district court from reviewing the facts in evidence underpinning its prior rulings or custody determinations in deciding whether the modification of a prior custody order is in the child's best interest. These decisions, likewise, do not prohibit parties from presenting

previously known domestic violence evidence defensively to show modification is not in the child's best interest.

consider evidence of prior domestic violence in determining whether to modify custody is in the best interest of the child, which is the standard in this case under Truax v.

Truax. However, when you continue to read the Nance case later on, on -- at 134 Nev. 156, it states that the Court held that events that took place before the last custody order was entered -- no, no, no, strike that. Okay.

On page 156 of the Nevada Reporter, it states, ultimately, the Court concluded in Castle that although the domestic violence doctrine -- excuse me -- although the domestic violence occurred prior to the parties' divorce, the res judicata doctrine should not be used to preclude parties from introducing evidence of domestic violence that was unknown to a party, or to the Court when the prior custody determination was made.

And on page 157 of the Nevada Reporter, it says that

-- says that the Court further noted that the doctrine of res
judicata would still prevent parties from relitigating
isolated instances of domestic violence that the Court has
previously examined. So as recognized by the Castle Court,
the substantial change in circumstances requirement is itself