derived from res judicata principles, which prevent

dissatisfied parties from filing repetitive serial motions
until they obtain their desired results.

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Also, it states, in making the determizabeth Af Brown Clerk of Supreme Court whether a custody modification is in the child's best interests, the Court must consider and articulate specific findings regarding the non-exhaustive list of best interest factors set forth by statute. And in making this determination, a Court must consider amongst the factors whether either parent or any other person seeking custody has engaged in an act of domestic violence against the child, a parent of the child, or any other person residing with the child.

Indeed, the Castle Court emphasized that Courts must hear all information regarding domestic violence in order to determine the child's best interest, and noted that our legislature recognized the threat domestic violence poses to a child's safety and well being, and created a rebuttable presumption to this end, that awarding a parent physical custody is not in the child's best interest if that parent has engaged in acts of domestic violence.

However, in the Reed case, I would like to point out, the parties stipulated not once but twice to joint physical custody because they did so -- let's see -- there was

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a stipulated order after the parties -- after the parties'
hearing on October 16th of 2018, that the parties would share
joint legal and joint physical custody. That order was
entered February 27th of 2019. And then again, the parties
stipulated.

It's in the language of the decree of divorce that was entered April 6th of 2020, that the parties are stipulating again to joint physical custody. And there is a statute, and I can't remember which statute it is, it's one of the first ones in 125(C), I believe, that states that joint physical custody is presumed to be in the best interests of the children when the parties so agree. And the parties so agreed in this case, in the Reed case, twice.

So -- also, there's some additional language that I wanted to bring into the record. It -- it's in a footnote -- footnote number 7 on page 159 of the Nevada reports for the Nance case. It states that the Castle Court recognized that even in the changed circumstances context, previously litigated instances of domestic violence may need to be reviewed if additional acts occur. But it's my understanding that that is not the case in the Reed case that's before the Court today.

Okay. And the Court -- the Nance Court also said on page 160, even in the context of opposing a motion to modify

custody, a party generally cannot relitigate prior instances of domestic violence the Court has previously addressed and decided. So -- and then further again, on page 161 of the Nevada reports, it explains that in that case, the Nance case the Mom intended to offer evidence of domestic violence to oppose a modification request, and therefore to show modification was not in the child's best interests. But as the record -- and -- and the record did not show that she sought to relitigate the evidence.

In the Reed case, this case before the Court, it appears that the mom is seeking to relitigate the case of all of the evidence that existed prior to entry of the decree of divorce, and that's further corroborated by -- or I should say further supported by the fact that she filed her motion to modify custody just two days later, and seeking to hold Dad in contempt of violating the behavior order. But the way I understand her motion when I read it, it doesn't allege any additional acts that occurred between April the 6th of 2020, the date of entry of the decree of divorce, and two days later, when she filed her motion.

All of the evidence she seeks to rely on, according to the motion, was based on events that were known to her previously, and -- including Dr. Paglini's report, which Mom admitted in her motion she received on January the 27th of

2020.

So I found it interesting, as well, that the Nance case was a case involving Judge Gentile, and in that case it reversed and remanded her because she had ordered that evidence of domestic violence could be excluded in her decision for -- regarding Dad's motion in limine trying -- seeking to exclude prior acts of domestic violence. That might have made her even a little bit gun shy in this Reed case, in excluding the evidence.

But I think that Judge Gentile didn't consider the issue of res judicata in this Reed case, because those -- all of those prior issues, even though the Court's allowed to consider them and look at them in making its decision, the -- the Court can't relitigate events that have occurred prior to -- prior to the decree of divorce on the basis of res judicata. Because if the Court were allowed to do so, the Court would never be able to move forward in making decisions on instances that happen in the present and in the future. The Court would constantly be spending all of its time and judicial resources relitigating things that people are unhappy about in the past.

So I -- this Court is going to, on the basis of all of those reasons, the Court is going to exclude any evidence of any acts that occurred prior to the entry of the decree on

April the 6th of 2020, for the purpose of seeking a modification of child custody in this case. So I don't know 3 what you're left with to litigate. I don't know if you all want to talk about that again, and try and consider 4 5 settlement, or if you have any evidence to go forward on after the Court's made that decision? I --6 7 MR. NAIMI: Well, I --8 MS. CRAMER: Your Honor, I have a -- I have a question about the issue I brought up previously. Based on the Defendant's pretrial memo, it appears that she is 10 expanding beyond the pleadings -- beyond the relief requested 11 in her initial motion. And so she has expanded her request 12

THE COURT: What are you talking about --

pretrial memo that was filed in February, she's tacked on,

for relief to include things that were never properly brought

before the Court. And so I'm wondering what your take is on

that, as well, because from her filing in April of 2020 to the

MS. CRAMER: So --

like I said, everything and the kitchen sink.

THE COURT: -- Ms. Cramer, specifically. I'm

looking at --

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MS. CRAMER: Well --

THE COURT: -- her pretrial memo.

MS. CRAMER: -- there's -- like Mr. Naimi

D-8-568055-D REED 02/25/2021 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356 was saying, like the children are neglected because the child came to school -- or well, she never went to school, because they -- they weren't having school. But she had gum in her hair. So they're saying that's neglect. They're saying that Dad logged into the -- the school -- the child's remote learning a few minutes late. So they're saying that Dad doesn't give the kids showers. They're saying all these things in the pretrial memo that they didn't bring up in their filing.

THE COURT: Well --

MS. CRAMER: And so I --

THE COURT: Well, I think -- I think -- I mean, if

-- if all of those events happened after the April 6th entry

-- of -- of 2020 entry of the decree of divorce, then they can
use that as a basis for modification. I'm not sure that those
things are sufficient to meet the Rooney standard. However, I
have to agree with Mr. Naimi that we're past the Rooney
standard, because the Court already previously decided that
there was adequate cause in which to conduct an evidentiary
hearing.

I disagree with the reason that she reached that standard of -- because I'm -- I don't see that this Court has the ability, the authority to relitigate the issue of custody for reasons of events that have happened prior to entry of the

decree of divorce. So I mean, I don't know when those events that they're raising -- I mean, if that's what they're going to try and go forward on, they certainly can. I think it significantly limits their -- I mean, I've already indicated that I don't -- I don't -- I don't know that that alone would -- would -- would -- would meet the Rooney standard if I were making the decision. But there might be additional stuff that I'm unaware of. So I don't know.

But I think --

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MS. CRAMER: And that's what --

THE COURT: -- I'll -- I'll hear -- I'll hear from you, I'll hear from Mr. Naimi, and I think that maybe you all might want to go off the record and have another conversation about where we go from here. But go ahead, Ms. Cramer.

MS. CRAMER: Thank you, Your Honor. My point was that none of those -- these items were included in the original filing in April. The original filing was all focused on this allegation of domestic violence and Dr. Paglini's report. But in that time since then, there haven't been any -- any intervening motions. They've just now wanted to hang all of these allegations of gum in the hair and logging into school late, they want to hang this all on that motion from April, 2020.

But they weren't properly noticed is what I'm

saying. They weren't in that motion, they've happened since then, and they haven't filed any subsequent motions. So basically, none of it is properly before the Court.

THE COURT: Okay. And I -- I --

MS. CRAMER: So if they wanted --

and -- and I thought that I just said that, because I think you haven't said anything in addition to what you said before, unless I misunderstood you. But I don't think that every time they -- during the period of discovery and between the filing of a motion and the evidentiary hearing, I don't think they're obligated to tell you each and every point of evidence that they're going to present at the time of the evidentiary hearing. I don't think they have to file a motion before the Court for every -- every instance of evidence. I don't think that they've done anything wrong by not filing a motion between then and now because there was gum in the hair. I think that's just something that they can bring up at an evidentiary hearing when the time comes.

However, the Court's --

MS. CRAMER: The --

THE COURT: -- the -- I mean, I don't know when the gum in the hair occurred, I don't know about the brushing of the teeth, I don't know about the other things that -- that

1 \parallel Mom is left with to present with the Court today. I only -- I only am going to hear evidence of things that happened since April 6th of 2020. So I think they --

MS. CRAMER: Well, I --

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THE COURT: -- need to regroup and decide what they're going to present.

MS. CRAMER: Well, I agree, Your Honor. But my --MR. NAIMI: I -- I think the way you concluded there a moment ago, Your Honor, that's accurate. I -- I don't see how at, you know, basically 11:00 on the day of an evidentiary hearing, Court -- Court has reached its decision that we can proceed forward on this day have -- already having had a plan of action.

What I would recommend to the Court, if the Court is so inclined, that we are given a reasonable period of time. don't know what that looks like, I'm -- I am thinking a couple of weeks, to reassess, confer with Opposing Counsel, and if need be, reset the matter for the evidentiary hearing at some time down the line if, you know, the Plaintiff -- excuse me, the Defendant decides she wants to continue forward, as instructed by the Court. Moving forward today is -- is quite frankly, almost impossible, based on the instructions given by the Court a moment ago. I -- I would like to have Your Honor's response.

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MS. CRAMER: -- because those -- those matters are not properly before the Court. This was a narrowly construed request for relief, and she -- now she's shoehorning, like, everything.

THE COURT: Well, I --

MS. CRAMER: And so I would like -- I would like permission, if we're going to regroup and come back weeks from now, then I would like permission from the Court to file additional briefs.

THE COURT: Okay. I think that that's appropriate.

I think that -- I think that if they plan to go forward, they 1 are going to have to look at their evidence very closely, and figure out, you know, what they're left with for purposes of 3 4 this motion. So yeah, they --5 MR. NAIMI: Perhaps I can make a recommendation to 6 Your Honor? 7 THE COURT: Yes, please, Mr. Naimi. 8 MR. NAIMI: Perhaps we could set a status check for 9 two or three weeks from now, whatever --THE COURT: Okay. 10 11 MR. NAIMI: -- whatever the Court has available. THE COURT: Okay. 12 13 MR. NAIMI: And then --14 MS. CRAMER: I have no objection to that. 15 MR. NAIMI: -- (indiscernible) --16 MS. CRAMER: I think --17 MR. NAIMI: -- how things have proceeded, we can determine at that time whether briefs are necessary or -- or 18 19 what -- what -- what we need to do. 20 THE COURT: Well, as far as the briefs that I'm --I'm thinking of, I don't know if they're the same as 21 22 Ms. Cramer, but what I'm thinking of is an amended pretrial 23 memo, if you decide to go forward with an evidentiary hearing

after today, I think at a minimum amended pretrial memoranda

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is -- are -- are in order.

MR. NAIMI: That's fine.

THE COURT: I have -- I -- I think that that's appropriate. Ms. Cramer, but I'll let you change my mind if -- or try to change my mind if you'd like.

MS. CRAMER: Well, I think -- I think we don't reach the issue of pretrial memos if we look at the actual issues being briefed, because -- and, Your Honor, I apologize, because I may not be making myself clear, which is why I wanted a chance to brief it. But I feel like because we're looking at this as a custody case, but this is not an initial custody case.

THE COURT: Right. It's modification.

MS. CRAMER: Judge Gentile -- right. And Judge

Gentile did it on the -- on a very strict, narrow basis, which

was Dr. Paglini's report. She didn't do it on the basis of

I'm just going to open discovery and you can do whatever you

want, and we're going to modify based on this, but we're

modifying everything, and everything gets shoe horned in.

That's not what her order was. Her order was discovery on the

DV, and it was modification based on DV allegations from the

Defendant and Dr. Paglini's report.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. CRAMER: And so shoehorning in other grounds and

other bases for this, it -- frankly, it's not properly before the Court. It's unconstitutional. My client has not been given notice and opportunity --

THE COURT: Okay. I'm looking --

MS. CRAMER: -- because that's not what we were told by Judge Gentile that this trial was going to be about.

THE COURT: Okay. I'm looking at Judge Gentile's order that was entered on August 19 of 2020, and that was resulting from the May 13th, 2020, hearing, when the judge heard this -- Mom's motion initially for modification. And she's talking about -- I -- I have to scan this, so forgive me if I'm scanning it out loud, but I've got to process it one way or the other.

So it says that the Court finds that Mom filed the motion requesting the Court to adopt Dr. Paglini's recommendations, to issue to show cause against him for violating the mutual behavior order, for primary physical custody, attorney's fees, and costs, finds that Dad filed a countermotion seeking a protection order on behalf of the children against the boyfriend, enter an order sealing the parties' file, declaring Mom a vexatious litigant, sanctioning Mom and her counsel, suspending child support obligation, admonishing Mom regarding her failure to abide by -- I -- I don't -- well, I -- I -- I see your point. I mean, it does

say those things there. But let me -- it doesn't -- I don't think that that necessarily means that they can't talk about anything else outside of that. But let me keep reading. Let me keep reading.

MR. NAIMI: That's absolutely correct, Your Honor.

As everyone knows that practices law in the state of Nevada,
we are a notice pleading state. The notice requirement is
simply the basis that -- that we are seeking a modification of
custody. The factors that apply are when the evidence is
presented at the time of the evidentiary hearing.

If Ms. Cramer needs to conduct discovery to determine what the facts of the case are in the analysis of the best interests factors, she is -- she is open to do so. That is why I'm recommending a two week period or three week period to reassess, and then have a counter -- or excuse me, a status check of some sort to determine whether we're moving forward with the evidentiary hearing or not. It's possible --

MS. CRAMER: Okay. So --

MR. NAIMI: -- it's possible, after we reassess, that this case goes away. I don't know. But until that time, we -- we're going to spend the entire day on the record here today pontificating back and forth with everybody's theory of the case.

MS. CRAMER: Well, one of the issues with that is

notice pleadings is a term of art, and pleadings itself is a term of art. Filings is what you're referring to, from April of 2020. The pleadings actually consist of the complaint, the answer, and then a reply to the counterclaim. Those are the pleadings.

But in the filings, and that's where the notice -- notice pleading theory goes into, the filings in this case are actually what we're referring to, and that's from April, 2020, it's her motion. And her motion was modification based on

it's her motion. And her motion was modification based on Dr. Paglini's report and her allegation of domestic violence. It was not because Dad had let the kid go to sleep and she got gum in her hair. That's not what's in her pleading.

MR. NAIMI: Okay. (Indiscernible) fair enough. However --

MS. CRAMER: And in fact --

MR. NAIMI: -- (indiscernible) --

THE COURT: Wait. Mr. Naimi? Mr. Naimi.

18 Mr. Naimi. Let her finish, please.

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MR. NAIMI: Sorry, Your Honor.

THE COURT: You may proceed, Ms. Cramer.

MS. CRAMER: Thank you, Your Honor. Nothing in the Defendant's filings suggests that this matter is going to be allegations of child abuse, allegations of neglect, all of these allegations that have been crammed into the pretrial

memo. And it -- it's not a matter for notice pleading.

Notice pleading applies to the actual pleadings. We're talking about a specific motion, and a specific order resulting from that motion, which opened discovery on DV. It didn't open discovery on everything, and it did not indicate that this was an open barn door, everything can just come in. That's not what was in the order, and that was not what was in the Defendant's motion.

MR. NAIMI: That's actually incorrect, Your Honor.

I -- in fact it is -- it says in the order applicable, fourth

I -- in fact it is -- it says in the order applicable, fourth to last, before everybody signed off, it is further ordered that discovery is open for the purposes of addressing the custody issues raised in each parties' papers, as well as child support, and related thereto. It's open.

MS. CRAMER: With regard to what is in the papers, not what is in the known universe of information.

MR. NAIMI: Yeah. The motion even says the basic needs of the minor children are not met during Dad's custodial time. It's pled --

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. NAIMI: -- in the motion.

THE COURT: Okay. I'm ready -- I'm ready to rule.

I'm also looking at the order, Judge Gentile's order that was
entered on August 19, 2020. It -- it states that -- let's

D-8-568055-D REED 02/25/2021 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356 see, on page 4, it's further ordered that if the Court conducts and evidentiary hearing, and either party is unable to prove what is being alleged, and the matter proceeds in bad faith after discovery is conducted, then an award of attorney's fees may be granted to the prevailing party.

I don't see any harm in allowing a couple of weeks for the parties to regroup and see what they're left with, based on the Court's rulings today, and -- and I agree with

we're deciding not to proceed based on all the information we received this morning, and then we'll decide where we go from here. I think that they filed -- you may be right,

Ms. Cramer, but I think we just need some time to regroup. So I'm going to allow us to come back for a status check in two

Mr. Naimi. I mean, they may come back and say, you know what,

MR. NAIMI: I -- I said at minimum. I actually prefer three, if you wouldn't mind.

weeks -- two weeks, Mr. Naimi?

THE COURT: I think three would be fine. We'll come back in three weeks and see whether or not we're going to proceed further. So we'll get that date.

THE CLERK: March 16th at 11:00 a.m.

THE COURT: March 16th, at 11:00 a.m.

MR. NAIMI: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: We need an order. Ms. Cramer, would you

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1	prepare the order for today, and pass it to Mr. Naimi within
2	seven days? And he'll have
3	MS. CRAMER: Yes, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: he'll have
5	MS. CRAMER: I will.
6	THE COURT: he'll have seven days to respond.
7	Okay. Thank
8	MS, CRAMER: Okay.
9	THE COURT: thank you, everybody. We'll see you
10	in
11	MR. NAIMI: Thank you, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: on March 16th.
13	MS. CRAMER: You too, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: Thank you. Bye-bye.
15	
16	(PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 10:57:29)
17	
18	* * * * *
19	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and
20	correctly transcribed the digital proceedings in the
21	above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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23	/g/ Nito Dointon
24	<u>/s/ Nita Painter</u> Nita Painter
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