IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION, an Unincorporated Association;

Petitioner,

V.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT FOR THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK; THE HONORABLE NADIA KRALL, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE,

Respondents,

and

JOHN ROBERTS

Real Party in Interest.

Supreme Coeffe Pronically Filed
Aug 11 2021 02:53 p.m.
District Couffixabeth Ap-Brown
Clerk of Supreme Court

APPENDIX IN SUPPORT OF PETITION FOR WRIT OF PROHIBITION OR MANDAMUS

Volume I of II

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to Nev. R. App. P. 25, I certify that I am an employee of LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP, that, in accordance therewith, I caused a copy of the **APPENDIX IN SUPPORT OF PETITION FOR WRIT OF PROHIBITION OR MANDAMUS, Volume I of II,** to be delivered by United States Postal Service, First Class mail, in a sealed envelope, on the date and to the addressee(s) shown below:

The Honorable Nadia Krall
The Eighth Judicial District Court
Regional Justice Center
200 Lewis Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Respondent

Jordan P. Schnitzer, Esq.
THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM
9205 W. Russell Road, Ste. 240
Las Vegas, NV 89148
Attorneys for Plaintiff/Real Party in Interest

Dated this 10th date of August, 2021.

By: /s/ Anne Cordell
An employee of
Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard & Smith LLP

STATE OF TEXAS

Before me, the undersigned notary public for the State of Texas, on this day personally appeared Mary Ann Rice, Manager Operations Supportand custodian of records of United Services Automobile Association, and after being by me duly sworn and upon her oath says that an exact duplicate of the United Services Automobile Association, 00562 55 57U 7101 3, including any applicable endorsements and forms, issued to JOHN ROBERTS, effective on May 9, 2014, has been prepared under her direction and is attached hereto.

Mary Ann Rice,

Manager Operations Support

Subscribed and sworn to before me by said Mary Ann Rice, Manager Operations Support, this day of July, 2019 at San Antonio, Texas, to certify which witness my hand and seal at office.

KATHLEEN ELIZAGETH KENDALL Notary ID #131348549 My Commission Expires November 10, 2021 Kathleen Elizabeth Kendall

Notary Public State of Texas

My commission expires on November 10, 2021

. /L
USΔî

UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATI

PAGE

INITED OFFICION AUTOMOBILE ACCOMINED	ADDL	TNEC	ON	ΝĒ	X.I.	PAGE	IVIAIL	. IVICH-	-IVI-I	
INITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION		Ž	AMEN	1DMI	ENT	TO				
(A RECIPROCAL INTERINSURANCE EXCHANGE)	State 01	1_{1}	ı		Veh	PC	CY	NUMBE	R	
9800 Fredericksburg Road - San Antonio, Texas 78288	NV 02	:0			Terr	00562	55	57U	7101	

POLICY PERIOD:

01 JOHN ROBERTS

(12:01 A.M. standard time) EFFECTIVE MAR 05 2014 TO SEP 05 2014 3

OPERATORS

(ATTACH TO PREVIOUS POLICY)

NEVADA AUTO POLICY

AMENDED DECLARATIONS

Named Insured and Address

JOHN ROBERTS 171 CHANNEL DR HENDERSON NV 89002-5124

L											SCHOOL
L	Description of Vehicle(s)										
	VEH	YEAR	TRADE NAME	MODEL	BODY TYPE	ANNUAL MILEAGE	IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	SYM		Miles One Way	Days Per Week
	01	07	BMW	550I 4D	4 DOOR	10000	WBANB53597CP06636		P		

The Vehicle(s) described herein is principally garaged at the above address unless otherwise stated. <u>|* W/C=Work/School; B=Business; F=Farm; P=Pleasure</u> HENDERSON NV 89002-5124

This policy provides ONLY those coverages where a premium is shown below. The limits shown may be reduced by policy provisions and may not be combined regardless of the number of vehicles for which a premium is listed unless specifically authorized elsewhere in this policy. VEH VEH **VEH VEH** LIMITS OF LIABILITY **COVERAGES** 01 6-MONTH ("ACV" MEANS ACTUAL CASH VALUE) D=DED | PREMIUM D=DED PREMIUM D=DED | PREMIUM D=DED **PREMIUM** AMOUNT AMOUNT AMOUNT AMOUNT PART A - LIABILITY BODILY INJURY EA PER \$ 300,000 EA ACC \$ 500,000 235.45 PROPERTY DAMAGE EA ACC 100,000 54.20 PART B - MEDICAL PAYMENTS EA PER \$ 10,000 37.06 PART C - UNINSURED MOTORISTS BODILY INJURY EA PER \$ 300,000 EA ACC \$ 500,000 84.88 PART D - PHYSICAL DAMAGE COVERAGE COMPREHENSIVE LOSS ACV LESS D 300 62.93 D 300 COLLISION LOSS ACV LESS 163.92 RENTAL REIMBURSEMENT \$ 30 A DAY/\$ 900 MAXIMUM 11.25 TOWING AND LABOR 6.00 VEHICLE TOTAL PREMIUM 655.69

-----ADJUSTMENT REASON--

POLICY ADJUSTMENT

TOTAL PREMIUM - SEE FOLLOWING PAGE(S)

ENDORSEMENTS: ADDED 03-05-14 -NONE

REMAIN IN EFFECT(REFER TO PREVIOUS POLICY) -A400CW(03) ACCFOR(01) A401CW(01)

5100NV(01) A100NV(05) AOASA(01) A099(01)

In WITNESS WHEREOF, the Subscribers at UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION have caused these presents to be signed by their Attorney-in-Fact on this date Laura Bishqo MARCH 12, 2014

USAA Confidential

COUNTERSIGNED BY

5000 U 07-11

| 01 RSM51|000|00|||

Laura Bishop President, USAA Reciprocal Attaragy in-Fact, Inc.

POLICY NUMBER



UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION

(A RECIPROCAL INTERINSURANCE EXCHANGE)
9800 Fredericksburg Road - San Antonio, Texas 78288
NEVADA AUTO POLICY

NV | | | | Ter | 00562 55 57U 7101 3

POLICY PERIOD: (12:01 A.M. standard time)

EFFECTIVE MAR 05 2014 TO SEP 05 2014

AMENDED DECLARATIONS
(ATTACH TO PREVIOUS POLICY)

Named Insured and Address

JOHN ROBERTS 171 CHANNEL DR HENDERSON NV 89002-5124

Des	scrip	tion of Vehi	cle(s)		-		VEH U		KSCHOOL BASS
Ā	YEAR	TRADE NAME	MODEL	BODY TYPE	ANNUAL MILEAGE	IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	SYM	Mile On Wa	Bays Per Week

The Vehicle(s) described herein is principally garaged at the above address unless otherwise stated. * W/C=Work/School; B=Business; F=Fam; P=Pleasure

This malian manyidas ONLY these servers			!	!b		. The U.	!4L			
This policy provides ONLY those coverages where a premium is shown below. The limits shown may be reduced by policy provisions and may not be combined regardless of the number of vehicles for which a premium is listed unless specifically authorized elsewhere in this policy.										
COVERAGES LIMITS OF LIABILITY	VEH		VEH		VEH		VEH			
("ACV" MEANS ACTUAL CASH VALUE)	D=DED AMOUNT		D=DED AMOUNT		D=DED AMOUNT	PREMIUM \$	D=DED AMOUNT			
REVISED 6 MONTH PREMIUN	\$	655.69	6 M	ONTH DE	CREAS	E\$	22.5	5		
THE FOLLOWING COVERAGE(S) DEFINED DOWN THE VEH 01 - EXTENDED BENEFITS COVERAGE	1	s polic	Y ARE	NOT PR	OVIDE	D FOR:				

In WITNESS WHEREOF, the Subscribers at UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION have caused these presents to be signed by their Attorney-in-Fact on this date MARCH 12, 2014

Janua Biskep

COUNTERSIGNED BY

BEVERLY J. RODRICUEZ

JUEZ USAA Confidential Laura Bishop President, USAA Reciprocal Attorney-in-Fact, Inc.

Event Number: STATE OF NEVADA Accident Number: 140509-3185 TRAFFIC ACCIDENT REPORT LVMPD-140509-3185												
Code Revision:						NE INFORMATION SHEET Revised 1/14/04 □ Property ☑ Injury □ Figure 1/14/04				Fatal		
⊠ <u>U</u> rban		rgency Use		Preliminary Repo	ort [Resubmis		Hit	and Run	Agen	cy Name:	
Rural	Offic	e Report) ~	nitial Report		_	ent Report	□ <u>P</u> riv	/ate Propei	ty LAS V	EGAS METROPOLI	TAN PD
Collision Date	e ·	Time	Day	Beat / S		Z Cou	_	<u>C</u> ity	·	Surface	Intersection	Paddle Markers
5/9/2014	19	9:09	FRIDAY	K5		CLARK		ŀ		<u>A</u> sphalt □ Concrete	□Four <u>W</u> ay □> Four <u>W</u> ay • ⊠ ⊤	⊠ None □Left Side
Mile Marker		es # Non	Motorists	# Occupan		atalities	# Injure		strained	☐ <u>G</u> ravel	E I □Y □Roundabout	<u> </u>
	2		0	2	0		2	2		□ <u>D</u> irt	Other	□Unknown
Occurred On:		# or Street IS BLVD	Name)							<u>O</u> ther		Access Control
<u>A</u> t Intersection	With:]		⊠ None
		liles □App	roximate	N/	A	Of (Cross RUSSE	•					□Full □Partial
Roadway Ch	aracter	Ro	adway Co	nditions	To	otal Thru	Lanes	Avera	ge Road	way Widths	Road	way Grade
Curve & Grade		·	Slush			Main Roa	ad	Travel La	ne	0	Ft SER	Relative To
Curve & Hillcre			∐S <u>t</u> anding ∐ <u>M</u> oving			∐ <u>O</u> ne ∐ <u>T</u> wo		Storage /	Turn Lane	0 1	Not Determined ☐Relatively Level	
Straight & G <u>r</u> ac			∐ <u>U</u> nknow Mud / Oil / I	n Dirt / <u>G</u> ravel		☐T <u>h</u> ree ☐ <u>F</u> our	;	Median		0 ,	Roadway	
Straight & Leve	el	□ <u>O</u> ther		_		□Fi <u>v</u> e □> <u>5</u>		F	Paved Sh	oulder	Up Slope (+)	Grade
Other								Insid	1	Outside	Down Slope (-)	9/
					Total	All Lanes	s : 0	0) —:::		
,				gs and Type		.		_	ay Desci	·	Weather Cor	nditions
	ine, <u>B</u> roken ine, <u>S</u> olid Yi			<u>P</u> assing, Either D n Arrow Symbols		Mon€ □ Unkn	<u> </u>		Not Divide Div. Unpro		☐Clear ☐Fog, Smog ☑Cloudy☐Severe Cro	, Smoke, Ash esswinds
	ine, <u>D</u> ouble		Cer	iter Tum Lane Lir	e	 -			Div.,Media		□Snow □Sleet / Hail □Rain □Unknown	
	ne, Broken	_		ge <u>L</u> ine, Left, Yello		□Unknown □Blowing Sand, Dirt, Soil, Sn □Off Road □Other				Soil, Snow		
Lane Lii — <u> </u>	ne, Solid Wj	nite		je Line, Right, Wh	ite		}	On Road			<u> </u>	
	Light Co	nditions			Vehic	le Collis	ion Type			Loc	ation of First Event	
□D <u>a</u> wn □Da	irk - <u>S</u> pot S irk - <u>C</u> ontin	adway Light Roadway Lig luous Roadw lwn <u>R</u> oadwa	hting vay Lighting	□Rear	End S ing S e S	Rear to Rear d □Sideswipe - Meeting □Sideswipe - Overtaking □Non - Collision □Unknown □Inside Sho			ane 🔀	ne ☑Intersection ☑Unknown ☑Private Property ☑Roadside		
	_	Environm						Prope	rty Dama	ige To Othe	r Than Vehicle	
LNone LSho L <u>W</u> eather Roa	d Obstruct	ion <u> </u>	uts, <u>H</u> oles, l ctive Work 2	Zone		-	erty Damage		<u>.</u>			
	, Icy, Snow	/, Slush⊟Ar	ni <u>m</u> al In Ro		Ow	mer's Name	e (Last First M	iddle) :	_	_		1) Owner Notified
☑Glare LJWet, Icy, Snow, Slush Ani <u>m</u> al In Roadway Other Highway Unknown Other Environmental						vner's Addre	ess: (Street A	ddress City	y, State Zip)			
						First H	larmful Ev	ent				
							a, _	V				
Code #: 214		Descriptio	n: 214 M	OTOR VEHIC		RANSPO	RT					
		•			Descri	RANSPO	RT Accident	Narrativ		RING BOUND S BLVD		
Code #: 214 V2 WAS TRAVE THE INTERSECT ON RUSSELL ON A RED TRA TRAVELING IN RESULTING IN	ELING SCOTION OF THE TO THE ATRAF	DUTHBOU F RUSSEL E NUMBEI SNAL. ACC INTERSEC FIC COLLI	ND ON N L RD ON R 2 TRAY CORDING CTION WH SION. TH	ELLIS BLVD I A GREEN TR EL LANE APF TO THE WIT IERE THE FR E DRIVER OF ene Diagram	Descri N THE MAFFIC S PROACH NESS V ONT OF V1 ST	RANSPO ption of a NUMBER SIGNAL. HING THE 1 FAILEL V1 STR ATES THI Statement	Accident ACCIDENT ACCIDENT TO STORUCK THE	Narrativ URN LAN RAVELIN ECTION (C AND CO LEFT SI AS IN HIS	NE ENTER NG WEST OF NELL OF OF VES DE OF VES	Time Notifie		Arrival Time
Code #: 214 V2 WAS TRAVITHE INTERSECTION A RED TRATELING IN RESULTING IN RESULTING IN Investigation Co.	ELING SCOTION OF THE TO THE ATRAF	DUTHBOUF RUSSELE NUMBER SNAL ACCINTERSECT FIC COLLI Photos Tak	ND ON N L RD ON R 2 TRAY CORDING CTION WH SION. TH	ELLIS BLVD I A GREEN TR EL LANE APF TO THE WIT IERE THE FR E DRIVER OF ene Diagram	Descri N THE N AFFIC S PROACH VESS V ONT OF V1 ST	RANSPO ption of a NUMBER SIGNAL. HING THE 1 FAILEL V1 STR ATES THI Statement	Accident A 1 LEFT TO V1 WAS TO E INTERSE TO STOP PUCK THE E SUN WA	Narrativ URN LAN RAVELIN ECTION (AND CO LEFT SI AS IN HIS Date N	NE ENTER NG WEST OF NELL OF OF VES DE OF VES		d Arrival Date 5/9/2014 Date Reviewed	Arrival Time 19:36 Page

Event Number:	STATE OF NEVADA TRAFFIC ACCIDENT REPORT	Accident Number: LVMPD-140509-3185			
140509-3185	SCENE INFORMATION SHEET Revised 5/21/03	Agency Name: LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN PD			
	Description of Accident / Narrative Continuation	า			
CAUSING A GLARE. THE DRIVER OF V1 SIGNAL.	WAS CITED FOR FAILING TO STOP AT THE RED TRAFFIC				
Indicate North					
A.I.C.: 18FT W/E 28FT S/N		Page			
		Page 2 of 7			
		2 01 7			

Vehicle # # Occupa	1) At Fault		STATE OF NE TRAFFIC ACCIDEN VEHICLE INFORMATI Revised 1/14/04				IT REPORT ON SHEET Agency Name:			LVMPD-1	/MPD-140509-3185 TROPOLITAN PD	
Direction 1) N of Travel:	· 		lighway / Street Name:						Travel Lane #:			
Vehicle 1) Straig	outh A) West tht 3)Left Turn 5 ing 4) Right Turn 6						3) Le <u>a</u> ving L	ane	r Parked (<u>#)</u>	17) Lane lange	☐19) <u>U</u> nknow	
Ciriver: (Last Name, First		<u> Parked Ed 67 Stop</u>	pped () La 10) K	acing L	iz iz j Emerim	Transporte	ed By:			1	ce 4) <u>U</u> nknown	
Street Address: 3500 MARLBOROUGH					Transport							
City: LAS VEGAS		State / Cou	untry ⊠ ₁₎ <u>N</u> V	Zip Co 89	de: 110	Person Type:	1	Seating Position:	01	Occu Restr	pant raints: 7	
Q	OWN DOB: 9/3/1995	5	Phone Nur (702)6		3	Injury Severity:	В	Injury Location	: 7			
OLN:	Sta	ate: 🔲 1) NV	□1) <u>C</u> D □2) <u>D</u> L	<u> </u>	nse Status:	Airbags:	3	Airbag Switch:	Eject	ed : 0	Trapped:0	
, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Method onent 1) Field Sob	ry Breath 🔲 5)	Of (check up to) Urine Test Blood Test		est Results:	□ 2) <u>H</u> □ 3) □ □ 4) A	pparently N lad Been Dri Prug Involve pparently <u>F</u>	lormal inking ment atigued / Asleep	☐8) Driver	Improper Drivi I <u>n</u> attention / D cal Impairment	istracted	
2006 Plate / Permit No.: 495YDX	□3) <u>D</u> river Ad hicle Make: KIA State:	Vehicle Model: OPTIMA Expiration Date 8/24/2014	P4 e: Veh	icle Tyr	` 	2) <u>D</u> isreg	To Yield Rig gard Control ast For Con	ght Of Way9)	cle Factors Failed To Maint Following Too Ungafe Lane (Close 1	6) Driverless <u>V</u> ehio 7) <u>U</u> nsafe Backing 8) <u>R</u> an Off Road	
Registered Owner Name: Same As Driver Registered Owner Address: 3500 MARLBOROUGH AVE LAS VEGAS NV 89110					□4) Exceeding Speed Limit □12) Made Improper Turn □19) Hit and Run □5) Wrong Way / Direction □13) Over Correct/Steering □20) Road Defect (^) □6) Mechanical Defects □14) Other Improper Driving □21) Object Avoidance □7) Drove Left Of Center □15) Aggressive / Reckless / Careless 8) Other □22) Unknown (#)							
Insurance Company	Name: PRIMERO					□ <u>2</u>		st Contact	<u> </u>	⊠ 1) <u>F</u>		
	/0165179	Effective: 4/2/2014	To:	/10/201	14	⊠1	*		· — D	☐ 3) <u>L</u>	Right <u>S</u> ide _eft Side	
7025642	Towed By:	G BROTHERS	TOWING	<u>.</u>		_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5) F	Right Front Right R <u>e</u> ar	
Removed To:	W YARD						<u>O</u> verride	<u> </u>	□ <u>6</u>	D8) L	_op Jnder <u>C</u> arriage _eft Fro <u>n</u> t	
F 1) <u>S</u> peed Zon F 2) Signal <u>L</u> igh	12) <u>Y</u> ield	Sign	Distance Tra After Impa 3 (1-FEET)		Spo From	eed Estim		• •	Of Damage	□10) □11) □12)	Left Rear Unknown Other	
3) Flashing Li 4) School Zor	ne 14) R. R.	Gat <u>e</u> s	Code #			S	Sequence Descri			Collision With		
5) <u>Ped. Signal</u> 6) No Pass <u>ing</u> 5) No Pass <u>ing</u> 6) No Pass <u>ing</u> 7) No Passing F 16) Marked Lanes		1st 214 214 MO		214 MO	TOR VEHICLE IN TRANS		RANSPORT			X		
7) No <u>C</u> ontrols 17) Tire C <u>h</u> ains/Snow Req. 8) <u>Warning Sign</u> 18) Permissive Green 9) Turn Signal 19) <u>Unknown</u>												
10) <u>Q</u> ther	FR 3 3) CC / <u>M</u> C	☐4) <u>P</u> ending	5th (0501) NRS F		Violation	IGNAL	· · ·	NOC		Citation No	umber	
(1) □1) <u>N</u> RS □2) <u>C</u>		☐4) <u>P</u> ending	(0301) NKS I		Violation	IOINAL		NOC	E10427	Citation Nu	ımber	
(2)	Investigator(s)		ID Number		Date	67	Review	ved By	Date Rev	iewed	Page	

Event Number: 140509-3185	1	4FFI	ATE OF NIC ACCIDE CLE INFORMA Revised 5/21	NT REPO	RT		Accident N LV Agency Na LAS VEC	MPD-14 ime:	40509-		AN PD
Name: (Last Name, First Name, Middle Name Suffix)			7.770	Transporte	d By:]1) <u>N</u> ot T	ransported	☐2) <u>E</u> MS	□3) <u>P</u>	olice	☐4) <u>U</u> nknow
Street Address:		<u></u>		Transporte	d To:						
City:	State / Country]1) <u>N</u> V	Zip Code:	Person Type:			eating osition:			Occup Restra	
1) Male 3) Uknown DOB:	Pho	one Nu	mber:	Injury Severity:			jury ocation:		1		
			,	Airbags:		Airbag Switch		Ejecte	ed:		Trapped:
Name: (Last Name, First Name, Middle Name Suffix)				Transported	d By:	1) <u>N</u> ot T	ransported []2) <u>E</u> MS	□3) <u>P</u> (olice	4) <u>U</u> nknown
Street Address:				Transporte	d To:	<u>,, </u>					
City:	State / Country]1) <u>N</u> V	Zip Code:	Person Type:			eating osition:			Occup Restra	
1) Male 3) Uknown DOB: 2) Female	Pho	one Nu	mber:	Injury Severity:			jury ocation:				
				Airbags:		Airbag Switch		Ejecte	ed:		Trapped:
Name: (Last Name, First Name, Middle Name Suffix)		•		Transported	ву:	1) <u>N</u> ot Ti	ransported	2) <u>E</u> MS	3) <u>P</u> c	olice	4) <u>U</u> nknown
Street Address:	-			Transporter	d To:		, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
City:	State / Country]1) <u>N</u> V	Zip Code:	Person Type:		Se	eating esition:			Occup Restra	ant ints:
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☐5) <u>U</u> known ☐10) <u>N</u> ot Applicable					4) M	exico					4 of 7

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Vehicle # # Occupants	V	Revised 1/14/0				cy Name: LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN PD				
Direction 1) North 3) East 5) Unknown of Travel: 2) South 4) West	Highway / Street	Name:	NELLIS BL	VD	<u>-</u>				Travel Lane #: L1	
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№ 1) <u>Male</u> 3) <u>Unknown</u> DOB: 12/24/1962		e Number 02)41928		Injury Severity: C		Injury Location:	6			
CLN: State: ∑ 1 NV		1) <u>C</u> DL Li 2) <u>D</u> L	cense Status:	Airbags: 2		Airbag Switch:	Eject	ted: 0	Trapped:0	
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Registered Owner Name:		·		5) <u>W</u> rong Way	y / Direct	ion 🗀 13) <u>C</u>	ver Correct/	Steering 20)	Road Defect (<u>^</u>)	
1) Same As Driver BUDGET RAC -				6) Mechanical				- '	Object Avoidand	
Registered Owner Address: 7135 GILESPIE LAS VEGAS NV 89	119			8) Oth <u>e</u> r	Of Cente	er ∐15) A	ggressive / F	Rec <u>k</u> less / Carele [22)	unknown (#)	
Insurance Company Name:					151	t Contact	<u></u>	Dama	ged Areas	
1) Insured				□ <u>2</u>		□ <u>3</u>	□ <u>4</u>	□1) <u>F</u> r		
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Insurance Company Address or Phone Number:					*		L- <u>-</u>		ear ght Front	
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TOW YARD				☐ 1) <u>O</u> ve	rride	☐ 2) <u>U</u> nder			ft Front	
Traffic Control		e Traveled Impact		eed Estimate		Extent Of		1 —	eft Re <u>a</u> r Inknown	
F 1) Speed Zone 11) Stop Sign	11	puct	From	To	Limit	1) Minor 2) Moderate	4)	' — '-	-	
F 2) Signal Light 12) Yield Sign	(1-FEE	T)		4	5	□3) Major	☐6) <u>U</u> nkn			
3) Flashing Light 13) R. R. Sign				Sequ	ience O	f Events				
4) School Zone 14) R. R. Gates	c	ode#			Descript	tion		Collision With Fixed Object	Most Harmful Event	
5) <u>Ped. Signal</u> 15) R. R. Signal (#) 6) No Pass <u>ing</u> F 16) <u>Marked Lanes</u>	■ 1st	214	214 MO	TOR VEHICLE	IN TR	ANSPORT			×	
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8) <u>W</u> arning Sign 18) Permissi <u>v</u> e Gre	.			<u>, </u>						
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\square 1) NRS \square 2) QFR \square 3) CC / MC \square 4) Per		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Violation	<u> </u>		NOC		Citation Nur		
(1) □1) NRS □2) CFR □3) CC / MC □4) Per	nding		Violation			NOC	<u> </u>	Citation Nur	nber	
(2) Investigator(s)	ID Num	ber	Date	F	Reviewe	ed Bv	'Date Rev	riewed i	Page	
		1	-			, l	· · - ·			

Event Number: 140509-3185		STATE OF NEVADA TRAFFIC ACCIDENT REPORT VEHICLE INFORMATION SHEET Revised 5/21/03			Accident Number: LVMPD-140509-3185 Agency Name: LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN PD				AN PD
Name: (Last Name, First Name, Middle Name Suffix)			Transported	d By: □ _{1) N}	ot Transported				☐4) <u>U</u> nknowr
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City:	State / Country	1) NV Zip Code:	Person Type:		Seating Position:			Occup Restra	
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JORDAN P. SCHNITZER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10744 THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM 9205 W. Russell Road, Suite 240 Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

Telephone: 702.960.4050 Facsimile: 702.960.4092

Jordan@TheSchnitzerLawFirm.com

Attorney for Plaintiff

Electronically Filed 3/8/2019 9:55 AM Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT**

CASE NO: A-19-790757-C Department 22

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

JOHN ROBERTS, an individual,

Plaintiff,

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UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION, an unincorporated entity and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange with members residing in the State of Nevada; DOES 1 through 10; and ROE CORPORATIONS 11 through 25, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.:

Dept. No.:

COMPLAINT

COMES NOW, Plaintiff, JOHN ROBERTS, by and through his attorney of record, THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM, prays and alleges against Defendant, UNITED SERVICES **AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION**, as follows:

JURISDICTIONAL ALLEGATIONS

- 1. Plaintiff, JOHN ROBERTS, (hereinafter "Roberts") is, and at all times mentioned herein, was a resident of the State of Nevada.
- 2. Defendant, UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION, (hereinafter "USAA") is an unincorporated entity and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange, with citizenship based upon the citizenship of each of its members, including having members residing in Nevada, pursuant to Harvey v. Grey Wolf Drilling Co., 542 F.3d 1077, and at all relevant times, was licensed and doing business in the State of Nevada.

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3. Defendants DOE 1 THROUGH 10 and ROE CORPORATIONS 11 THROUGH 25, are individuals, associations, corporations, partnerships or other entities which are employees, employers, agents, servants, masters, owners, controllers, partners, or in association with Defendant UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION and/or have in some way caused or contributed to Plaintiff's damages as herein alleged. The true names or capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise, are unknown to Plaintiff. Plaintiff alleges that each Defendant designated herein as a DOE and/or ROE is responsible in some manner for the events and happenings referred to in this Complaint and negligently caused injury and damages to Plaintiff. Plaintiff will ask leave of Court to amend this Complaint to insert the true names and capacities of DOES 1 THROUGH 10 and ROE CORPORATIONS 11 THROUGH 25 to include those true names and charging allegations when they are ascertained.

4. The Eighth Judicial District Court has jurisdiction over this civil tort action pursuant to NRCP 8(a)(4), and NRS 13.040 as the occurrence giving rise to this case took place in Clark County, Nevada and the amount in controversy exceeds \$15,000.00.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 5. Roberts repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 1 through 4 and incorporates herein by reference as fully set forth herein.
 - 6. At all relevant times, Roberts was driving a 2014 Ford Fusion.
- 7. At all relevant times, Roberts maintained an automobile insurance policy from USAA. Said insurance policy number is 00508 42 50U 7108 9.
- 8. The insurance policy covered Roberts in the event he was injured by any uninsured or underinsured motorist.
 - 9. The insurance policy contained an Uninsured/Underinsured Motorist provision.
- 10. On or about May 9, 2014, Roberts was driving his vehicle southbound on Nellis Blvd entering the intersection of Russell Road on a green traffic signal.
- 11. At the same time and place, Zazueta-Espinosa, was driving westbound on Russell Road approaching the intersection of Nellis Blvd on a red traffic signal.
- 12. Zazueta-Espinosa negligently failed to stop and continued traveling into the intersection striking Roberts.

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- 13. Roberts was not at fault for causing the subject accident.
- 14. Roberts suffered severe bodily injury and extensive property damage to the Ford Fusion.
 - 15. Zazueta-Espinosa did not have sufficient insurance to cover Roberts's damages.
 - 16. After the accident, Roberts submitted the claim to USAA.
 - 17. Roberts served a demand letter, with proof of loss, upon USAA.
 - 18. USAA eventually evaluated Roberts's claim for damages at \$46,000.00.
 - 19. USAA delayed paying the undisputed portion of the claim.
 - 20. The amount offered by USAA is an unreasonable evaluation of his claim.
 - 21. USAA did not provide timely responses or communications with Roberts.
- 22. USAA has not paid Roberts for his full damages and, therefore, has not fulfilled its contractual obligations under the Uninsured/Underinsured Motorist provision of the Roberts automobile insurance policy.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Breach of Contract - Against USAA)

- 23. Roberts repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 22 and incorporates herein by reference as though fully set forth herein.
- 24. Roberts entered into a valid and existing contract with USAA, namely the automobile insurance policy.
 - 25. Roberts made a valid covered claim under his USAA insurance policy.
 - 26. USAA refused to pay monies owed under the policy.
- 27. Roberts sustained damages as a result of USAA's refusal to pay monies owed under the policy.
- 28. It has become necessary for Roberts to engage the services of an attorney to commence this action and therefore the Roberts is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and interest as damage in this action pursuant to Nevada law.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing - Tortious)

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- 29. Roberts repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 28 and incorporates herein by reference as though fully set forth herein.
 - 30. Roberts entered into a contract for automobile insurance with USAA.
 - 31. Roberts is a beneficiary of the automobile insurance contract.
- 32. USAA owes Roberts a duty of good faith and fair dealing arising from their relationship as insurer and beneficiary.
- 33. A special element of reliance existed between Roberts and USAA where USAA was in a superior and/or entrusted position.
 - 34. Defendant breached the duties owed by engaging in misconduct.
- 35. USAA failed to acknowledge and act reasonably promptly upon communications with respect to claims arising under Roberts's insurance policy in violation of N.R.S. § 686A.310(1)(b).
- 36. USAA failed to affirm or deny coverage of claims within a reasonable time after Roberts completed and submitted proof of loss requirements, a violation of N.R.S. § 686A.310(1)(d).
- 37. USAA failed to effectuate prompt, fair and equitable settlement of claims in which liability of USAA became reasonably clear, a violation of N.R.S. § 686A.310(1)(e).
- 38. USAA failed to settle Roberts's claims promptly, where liability has become clear, under Roberts's portion of the insurance policy coverage in order to influence settlement under his portion of the insurance policy coverage, a violation of N.R.S. 686A.310.
- 39. Because of these actions, USAA has acted in bad faith with regards to Roberts's settlement claims; thus, breaching its duty of good faith and fair dealing.
- 40. By reason of the aforementioned facts, Plaintiff's justified expectations that USAA would act in good faith and deal fairly with Plaintiff was denied.
- 41. Roberts has suffered damages as a result of USAA's bad faith breach of its duty of good faith and fair dealing.

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42. It has become necessary for Roberts to engage the services of an attorney to commence this action and therefore Roberts entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and interest as damage in this action pursuant to Nevada law.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Tortious Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing)

- 43. Roberts repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 42 and incorporates herein by reference as though fully set forth herein.
 - 44. Roberts entered into a contract for automobile insurance with USAA.
 - 45. Roberts is a beneficiary of the automobile insurance contract.
- 46. USAA owes Roberts a duty of good faith and fair dealing arising from their relationship as insurer and beneficiary.
- 47. Every contract in Nevada imposes upon the contracting parties, including USAA, a duty of good faith and fair dealing.
- 48. Defendant breached the duties owed by performing in a manner that was unfaithful to the purpose of the contract.
- 49. Roberts's justified expectations that USAA would be faithful to the contract, and not act in an arbitrary and unfair way that disadvantaged Roberts was denied.
- 50. USAA failed to acknowledge and act reasonably promptly upon communications with respect to claims arising under Roberts's insurance policy in violation of N.R.S. § 686A.310(1)(b).
- 51. USAA failed to affirm or deny coverage of claims within a reasonable time after Roberts completed and submitted proof of loss requirements, a violation of N.R.S. § 686A.310(1)(d).
- 52. USAA failed to effectuate prompt, fair and equitable settlement of claims in which liability of USAA became reasonably clear, a violation of N.R.S. § 686A.310(1)(e).
- 53. USAA failed to settle Roberts's claims promptly, where liability has become clear, under Roberts's portion of the insurance policy coverage in order to influence settlement under his portion of the insurance policy coverage, a violation of N.R.S. 686A.310.

- 54. Because of these actions, USAA has acted in bad faith with regards to Roberts's settlement claims; thus, breaching its duty of good faith and fair dealing.
- 55. Roberts has suffered damages as a result of USAA's bad faith breach of its duty of good faith and fair dealing.
- 56. It has become necessary for Roberts to engage the services of an attorney to commence this action and therefore Roberts entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and interest as damage in this action pursuant to Nevada law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, prays for judgment against Defendants, as follows:

- 1. General and special damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00;
- 2. For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit;
- 3. For prejudgment and post-judgment interest, and
- 4. For such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper under the circumstances.

DATED this 7th day of March 2019.

THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM

By:

JORDAN P. SCHNITZER, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 10744

9205 W. Russell Road, Suite 240

Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

Attorney for Plaintiff

Electronically Filed 7/31/2019 11:53 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

ROBERT W. FREEMAN 1 Nevada Bar No. 3062 Robert.Freeman@lewisbrisbois.com PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT 3 Nevada Bar No. 010171 Priscilla.OBriant@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383 FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendant United Services Automobile Association 8 DISTRICT COURT 9 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 10 JOHN ROBERTS, an individual, CASE NO. A-19-790757-C 11 Dept. No.: XXII Plaintiff. 12 UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE 13 VS. ASSOCIATION'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE 14 ASSOCIATION, an unincorporated entity and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange with 15 members residing in the State of Nevada; DOES 1 through 10; and ROE 16 CORPORATIONS 11 through 25, inclusive. 17 Defendants. 18 19 COMES NOW Defendant UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION, 20 ("USAA"), by and through its attorneys, Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard & Smith LLP, and hereby 21 answers Plaintiff JOHN ROBERTS' ("Plaintiff") Complaint (filed on March 8, 2019) as follows: 22 I. 23 JURISDICTIONAL ALLEGATIONS 24 1. Answering Paragraph 1 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits the 25 allegations contained therein upon information and belief. 26 2. Answering Paragraph 2 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits the allegations contained therein. 27

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& SMITH LLP

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3. Answering Paragraph 3 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, the allegations contained therein are so vague and ambiguous that USAA can neither admit nor deny them and on that basis denies them.

4. Answering Paragraph 4 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits only that this court has jurisdiction over this matter and venue is proper. Except as expressly admitted, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.

II.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 5. Answering Paragraph 5 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA incorporates by reference its responses to each and every allegation set forth in this Answer as though fully set forth herein.
- 6. Answering Paragraph 6 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits the allegations contained therein.
- 7. Answering Paragraphs 7, 8 and 9 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits that it issued a Nevada Auto Policy to Plaintiff which was in effect from 12:01 a.m. March 5, 2014 to 12:01 a.m. on September 5, 2014, which provided uninsured/underinsured motorist coverage to Plaintiff subject to the terms, conditions, provisions, limitations and exclusions of the policy which speak for themselves. Except as expressly admitted, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.
- 8. Answering Paragraphs 10, 11, 12 and 13 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits the allegations contained therein upon information and belief.
- 9. Answering Paragraph 14 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits that Plaintiff claimed injuries as a result of the accident. USAA also admits that Plaintiff's vehicle sustained property damage. Except as expressly admitted, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.
- 10. Answering Paragraph 15 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits the allegations contained therein upon information and belief. However, the nature, extent, and value

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of Plaintiff's damages are at issue in this litigation and will be determined by the finder of fact. Except as expressly admitted, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.

- 11. Answering Paragraphs 16 and 17 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits that Plaintiff reported the accident, advised of a claim, and sent a demand letter along with various medical records. Except as expressly admitted, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.
- 12. Answering Paragraph 18 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits that it investigated Roberts' claim, placed a value range on the claim based on the information known to it, and made an initial offer of \$46,000. Except as expressly admitted, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.
- 13. Answering Paragraph 19 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA denies that the claim has an "undisputed portion" and therefore, denies the allegations contained therein.
- 14. Answering Paragraphs 20, 21, and 22 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.

III.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Breach of Contract – Against USAA)

- 15. Answering Paragraph 23 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA incorporates by reference its responses to each and every allegation set forth in this Answer as though fully set forth herein.
- Answering Paragraph 24 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits 16. that it issued a Nevada Auto Policy to Plaintiff which was in effect from 12:01 a.m. March 5, 2014 to 12:01 a.m. on September 5, 2014. Except as expressly admitted, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.
- 17. Answering Paragraph 25 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits only that Plaintiff made a claim under the policy. Except as expressly admitted, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.

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18. Answering Paragraphs 26, 27, and 28 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.

IV.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing – Tortious)

- 19. Answering Paragraph 29 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA incorporates by reference its responses to each and every allegation set forth in this Answer as though fully set forth herein.
- 20. Answering Paragraphs 30 and 31 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits that it issued a Nevada Auto Policy to Plaintiff which was in effect from 12:01 a.m. March 5, 2014 to 12:01 a.m. on September 5, 2014. Except as expressly admitted, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.
- 21. Answering Paragraph 32 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA asserts it is not required to respond to this paragraph which asserts a proposition of law. Notwithstanding the above, USAA admits that Nevada case law recognizes an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing between the parties of insurance contracts. Except as expressly admitted, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.
- 22. Answering Paragraph 33 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA is not required to respond because these paragraphs contain only legal assertion and/or conclusions. To the extent that said paragraph contains factual allegations, USAA lacks sufficient facts from which to base a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and upon this basis, denies them.
- 23. Answering Paragraphs 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, and 42, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.

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V.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Tortious Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing)

- 24. Answering Paragraph 43 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA incorporates by reference its responses to each and every allegation set forth in this Answer as though fully set forth herein.
- 25. Answering Paragraphs 44 and 45 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA admits that it issued a Nevada Auto Policy to Plaintiff which was in effect from 12:01 a.m. March 5, 2014 to 12:01 a.m. on September 5, 2014. Except as expressly admitted, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.
- 26. Answering Paragraphs 46 and 47 of Plaintiff's March 8, 2019 Complaint, USAA asserts it is not required to respond to these paragraphs which assert propositions of law. Notwithstanding the above, USAA admits that Nevada case law recognizes an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing between the parties of insurance contracts. Except as expressly admitted, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.
- 27. Answering Paragraphs 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, and 56, USAA denies the allegations contained therein.

VI.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Complaint, and each and every cause of action contained therein, fails to allege facts sufficient to constitute a valid cause of action.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Coverage under the subject USAA policy of insurance is subject to all terms, conditions, provisions, definitions, limitations, exclusions, and endorsements of such policy. Plaintiff's claims are barred, restricted, and/or limited accordingly.

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THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

USAA is entitled to assert any applicable offsets permitted by contract or law, including an offset for the amount of the bodily injury liability insurance limits of the at fault party, against the total amount of damages awarded to Plaintiff by a jury for damages allegedly sustained in this action.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

USAA is entitled to assert any applicable offsets permitted by contract or law, including an offset for the amount USAA paid to Plaintiff under the medical payment provision of the subject insurance policy, if any, against the total amount of damages awarded to Plaintiff by a jury for damages allegedly sustained in this action.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff failed to take reasonable efforts to mitigate his damages, if any, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from recovering damages from Defendant.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's alleged damages were caused in part or in whole by injuries/physical conditions which either pre-dated the accident of May 9, 2014, or were incurred subsequent to the accident and thus unrelated to injuries sustained as a result of the May 9, 2014 accident. Plaintiff's claims are barred or limited accordingly.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff lacks legal entitlement to recover his claims as contemplated by the Nevada Supreme Court in *Pemberton v. Farmers Ins. Exchange*, 109 Nev. 789, 8 P.2d 380 (1993).

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiffs claims are barred by the doctrines of waiver, estoppel and laches.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The damages allegedly sustained by Plaintiff, if any, were not caused by any breach of contract or duty by Defendant, but rather by the acts or omissions of third persons who were not acting on behalf of Defendant.

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TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff has failed to satisfy one or more conditions to coverage and the claim is therefore barred.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff has failed to state a claim upon which attorney's fees can be awarded.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Coverage under the applicable policy of insurance is subject to all terms, conditions, provisions, definitions, limitations, exclusions and endorsements of such policy. Plaintiff's claim is barred, excluded, restricted, and/or limited accordingly.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The facts as alleged by Plaintiff are insufficient to state a cause of action for punitive damages.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are limited or prohibited by Nevada statute and by the Constitution of the United States.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant has acted reasonably and in good faith under the circumstances known to Defendant and continues to do so.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

USAA hereby incorporates by reference those affirmative defenses enumerated in Rule 8 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure as if fully set forth herein. USAA reserves the right to amend this answer to specifically assert any such defense(s) in the event further investigation or discovery reveals the applicability of any such defenses. Such defenses are herein incorporated by reference for the specific purpose of not waiving any such defense.

WHEREFORE, USAA prays for judgment as follows:

1. That with the exception of a determination of any benefits owed by USAA under the UIM provision of the subject insurance policy as a result of Plaintiff's May 9, 2014 motor

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1	vehicle accident	the entirety of this action be dismissed with prejudice, and Plaintiff takes nothing
2	by reason of his	Complaint;
3	2. T	hat judgment be entered in USAA's favor;
4	3. T	hat USAA be awarded all recoverable costs and attorney's fees incurred in the
5	d	efense of this action; and,
6	4. F	or such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.
7	DATED	this <u>31st</u> day of July, 2019.
8		LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP
9		
10		By /s/ Priscilla L. O'Briant
11		ROBERT W. FREEMAN Nevada Bar No. 3062 PRISCH LA L. GERDIANT
12		PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT Nevada Bar No. 010171
13		6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
14		Telephone: 702.893.3383 Fax: 702.893.3789
15		Attorneys for Defendant United Services Automobile Association
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1	<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>					
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), A.O. 14-2 and N.E.F.C.R. 9, I certify that I am an employee of					
3	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP, and that on this 31st day of July, 2019, I did					
4	cause a true and correct copy of UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION'S					
5	ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT in Clark County District Court Case No. A-19-					
6	790757-C, to be served by electronic service with the Eighth Judicial District Court filing system					
7	to the parties on the Electronic Service List addressed as follows:					
8	Jordan P. Schnitzer, Esq. THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM 9205 W. Russell Road, Ste. 240					
10 11	Las Vegas, NV 89148 Tel: (702) 960-4050 Fax: (702) 960-4092					
12	Attorney for Plaintiff					
13						
14						
15	By <u>/s/ Tiffany Dube</u> Tiffany Dube, an Employee of					
16	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP Email: Tiffany.Dube@lewisbrisbois.com					
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ELECTRONICALLY SERVED 8/7/2020 2:44 PM

1	ROBERT W. FREEMAN Nevada Bar No. 3062					
2	Robert.Freeman@lewisbrisbois.com					
3	PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT Nevada Bar No. 010171					
4	Priscilla.OBriant@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP					
-	6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600					
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383					
6	FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendant United Services					
7	Automobile Association					
8	DISTRIC	T COURT				
9	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA				
10						
11	JOHN ROBERTS, an individual,	CASE NO. A-19-790757-C				
		Dept. No.: IV				
12	Plaintiff,	DEFENDANT UNITED SERVICES				
13	VS.	AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION'S ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET				
14	UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE	OF INTERROGATORIES				
15	ASSOCIATION, an unincorporated entity and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange with					
16	members residing in the State of Nevada; DOES 1 through 10; and ROE					
	CORPORATIONS 11 through 25, inclusive,					
17	Defendants.					
18						
19	COMES NOW Defendant, UNITED	SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION				
20	(hereinafter "Defendant"), by and through its co	ounsel of record, the law firm LEWIS BRISBOIS				
21	BISGAARD & SMITH, LLP, and hereby An	nswers Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories to				
22	Defendant United Services Automobile Associati	ion as follows:				
23	GENERAL IN	NFORMATION				
24	These answers are made solely for the	purpose of, and in relation to, this action. Each				
25	answer is given subject to all appropriate objections (including, but not limited to, objections					
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27	the exclusion herein if made by a witness presen	nt and testifying in court. All such objections and				
28	grounds, therefore, are reserved and may be inter	posed at time of trial.				

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Except for the facts expressly admitted herein, no admission of any nature whatsoever is to be implied or inferred. The fact that an interrogatory herein has been answered should not be taken as an admission, or a confession of the existence of, any facts set forth or assumed by such interrogatory or that such an answer constitutes evidence of any fact thus far set forth or assumed. All answers must be constructed as given on the basis of present recollection.

The party on whose behalf these answers are given has not yet completed its investigation of the facts relating to this case, has not fully completed its discovery in this action, and has not yet completed its preparation for trial. All of the answers contained herein and documents identified are based upon such information and documents that are presently available or specifically known to the responding party. It is anticipated that further discovery, independent investigation, legal research, and analysis will supply additional facts and meaning to the known facts, as well as establish entirely new factual conclusions and legal contentions of and documents supporting said contentions. The following answers are given, without prejudice, to the answering party's right to produce evidence of any subsequently discovered facts or documents which answering party may later recall. This answering party reserves the right to change any and all answers as additional facts are ascertained, analysis is made, and documents are identified. The answers contained herein and the documents identified are made in a good faith effort to supply as much factual information and documentation identification as is presently known, but should in no way be to the prejudice of the answering party in relation to further discovery, research, or analysis.

INTERROGATORY NO. 1:

State the explanation of the basis in the insurance policy, with respect to the facts of Plaintiff's claim and the applicable law, for the offer of \$46,000 or denial of claim made on the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 1:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad, calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for the "basis" of Defendant's decisions with respect to the subject claim. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly

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unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA's offer to settle the claim for \$46,000 considered Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations.

USAA considered medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of preexisting conditions, assigned a range of value for general damages of between \$38,240 to \$48,240,
and applied offsets totaling \$25,000 based on the provisions of the USAA policy. USAA applied
an offset of \$15,000 based on the policy provision that USAA shall reduce amounts otherwise
payable for damages under UM coverage by the greater of all sums paid because of the BI by or
on behalf of persons who may be legally responsible or the persons' BI Coverage limits; in this
case the tortfeasor carried BI coverage with each person limits of \$15,000. USAA applied an
offset of \$10,000 based on the policy provision that no covered person is entitled to receive
duplicate payments under the UM coverage for the same elements of loss which were paid under
another coverage of the policy; in this case, Plaintiff received \$10,000 under the medical payments
coverage of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement
this response as appropriate.

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ///

INTERROGATORY NO. 2:

State the name, position, employer, last known address, social security number and date of birth, of every person known by you or any third-party administrator who either reviewed, investigated, or made any decision to accept, deny or pay any portion of the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 2:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, overbroad, vague and unduly burdensome in that its scope is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges and also calls for sensitive, personal information. Defendant further objects that the term "...reviewed, investigated, or made any decision"," is vague and overbroad. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Steven Lucent and Deborah Springer reviewed and evaluated Plaintiff's claim and participated in recommending the actions taken by Defendant with respect to Plaintiff's claim. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 3:

Please state the date that you began reviewing the subject claim and the date that you came to determination of its merits. This included a detailed explanation on how you believe you complied with NRS 686A.670.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 3:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad, calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Defendant further objects that the term "determination on its merits" is vague and overbroad. Defendant objects to the phrase "a detailed explanation of how you believe you complied with NRS 686A670" as vague and ambiguous, and not proportional to the needs of the case. Further, it is an improper attempt to shift Plaintiff's burden in this lawsuit. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the

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work product privilege. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant first received notice of the subject motor vehicle accident on May 10, 2014. Thereafter, Steven Lucent examined medical records and other documents related to the subject accident. He communicated with Plaintiff's attorney regarding the claim. He reviewed Plaintiff's demand for benefits under the policy, investigated Plaintiff's damages to determine whether the claimed injuries and associated medical treatment and expenses incurred were related to the subject accident and requested information to assist Defendant in making this determination. He then made offers based on the information reasonably known to Defendant at that time. Defendant was unable to come to a final "determination on the merits" due to Plaintiff's refusal to provide requested documents. Defendant continued to diligently review the claim and attempted to obtain necessary information to facilitate its review of Plaintiff's claim up until the date Defendant was notified of Plaintiff's filing the instant lawsuit on or around July 8, 2019 and will continue its investigation and evaluation during discovery in this litigation. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 4:

Please list all entities with which you had a contract to administer claims for Plaintiff's policies at issue and the dates those contracts were effective.

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ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 4:

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory in that it assumes facts, is vague and ambiguous as drafted, and that the information sought is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant has no contract "to administer claims for Plaintiff's policies at issue."

INTERROGATORY NO. 5:

Please state all facts that support your contention that the subject claim was valued at \$46,000 specifically explaining in detail how you arrived at your valuation of the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 5:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad, calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for the "basis" of Defendant's decisions with respect to the subject claim. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA does not "value" Plaintiff's claim at \$46,000, but based on the information available to USAA, USAA made an offer of \$46,000 to settle Plaintiff's claim. USAA's offer to settle the claim for \$46,000 considered Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that

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this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations.

USAA considered medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of preexisting conditions, assigned a range of value for general damages of between \$38,240 to \$48,240,
and applied offsets totaling \$25,000 based on the provisions of the USAA policy. USAA applied
an offset of \$15,000 based on the policy provision that USAA shall reduce amounts otherwise
payable for damages under UM coverage by the greater of all sums paid because of the BI by or
on behalf of persons who may be legally responsible or the persons' BI Coverage limits; in this
case the tortfeasor carried BI coverage with each person limits of \$15,000. USAA applied an
offset of \$10,000 based on the policy provision that no covered person is entitled to receive
duplicate payments under the UM coverage for the same elements of loss which were paid under
another coverage of the policy; in this case, Plaintiff received \$10,000 under the medical payments
coverage of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement
this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 6:

Please explain in detail every step you took to gather evidence in support of subject claim. state all facts that support your contention that the subject claim was valued at \$46,000 specifically explaining in detail how you arrived at your valuation of the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 6:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad, calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for the basis of Defendant's decisions with respect to the subject claim. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA does not contend that Plaintiff's claim is valued at \$46,000, but based on the information available to USAA, USAA made an offer of \$46,000 to settle Plaintiff's claim. This offer was based on the information available to USAA at the time, and included consideration of Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations. USAA made multiple requests to Plaintiff for additional information and repeatedly requested a medical authorization to obtain additional information to complete its evaluation.

USAA considered medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of preexisting conditions, assigned a range of value for general damages of between \$38,240 to \$48,240,
and applied offsets totaling \$25,000 based on the provisions of the USAA policy. USAA applied
an offset of \$15,000 based on the policy provision that USAA shall reduce amounts otherwise
payable for damages under UM coverage by the greater of all sums paid because of the BI by or
on behalf of persons who may be legally responsible or the persons' BI Coverage limits; in this
case the tortfeasor carried BI coverage with each person limits of \$15,000. USAA applied an
offset of \$10,000 based on the policy provision that no covered person is entitled to receive
duplicate payments under the UM coverage for the same elements of loss which were paid under
another coverage of the policy; in this case, Plaintiff received \$10,000 under the medical payments
coverage of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement
this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 7:

Please state the names of all persons who were contacted to during the investigation of the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 7:

Objection. This interrogatory is overbroad, vague and ambiguous as to the phrase "all persons who were contacted to" and unduly burdensome in that it is not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant also objects that this interrogatory inappropriately requests Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation of Plaintiff's claim. Defendant further objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows:

INTERROGATORY NO. 8:

Explain in detail, how you arrived at your valuation of the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 8:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad, calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for the basis of Defendant's decisions with respect to the subject claim. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the

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answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA contends that the \$46,000 offer to Plaintiff is not its "valuation" of the subject claim, but was an offer to settle the claim based on the information available to USAA at that time. This offer was based on the information available to USAA at the time, and included consideration of Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations. USAA made multiple requests to Plaintiff for additional information and repeatedly requested a medical authorization to obtain additional information to complete its evaluation.

USAA considered medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of preexisting conditions, assigned a range of value for general damages of between \$38,240 to \$48,240,
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an offset of \$15,000 based on the policy provision that USAA shall reduce amounts otherwise
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on behalf of persons who may be legally responsible or the persons' BI Coverage limits; in this
case the tortfeasor carried BI coverage with each person limits of \$15,000. USAA applied an
offset of \$10,000 based on the policy provision that no covered person is entitled to receive
duplicate payments under the UM coverage for the same elements of loss which were paid under
another coverage of the policy; in this case, Plaintiff received \$10,000 under the medical payments
coverage of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement
this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 9:

If you are using the "advice of counsel" defense in this action, please explain the factual basis of the defense.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 9:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, overbroad, vague and unduly burdensome in that its scope is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant further objects that the terms "advice of counsel defense" is vague, overbroad and are not reasonably tailored to include only matters relevant to the issues involved in this lawsuit. Defendant further objects to the extent this request seeks materials which are confidential, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets and/or matters protected by attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant is not asserting an advice of counsel defense at this time. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 10:

For each policy of automobile liability insurance issued to Plaintiff by you, please state the following:

- (a) the policy number assigned to each policy;
- (b) the effective dates of each policy;
- (c) the amount of the policy limits provided by each policy;
- (d) the total limits of all policies aggregated; for instance, if Plaintiff has a \$100,000 policy that can be aggregated with another policy which has limits of \$1,000,000, then Plaintiff would have total policy limits of \$1,100,000.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 10:

Objection. Defendant objects to this interrogatory on the grounds that it is overly broad in both time and scope. Defendant further objects the Request is unduly burdensome as its seeks information concerning Plaintiff's own policy for which Plaintiff has equal access to information. Defendant further objects that the Request improperly poses a hypothetical which is not reasonably tailored to include only matters relevant to the issues involved in this lawsuit and for which Defendant has no obligation to respond. Finally, the information sought is contained within Plaintiff's policy, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this

Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing,
Plaintiff's policy, Bates USAA000001POL to USAA000042POL, and because the burden to
derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant,
Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA issued was insured Nevada Auto Policy, Policy No. 00562 55 57U 7101 3 to Plaintiff, effective March 5, 2014 to September 5, 2014. The policy includes UM coverage with limits of \$300,000 each person/\$500,000 each occurrence and medical payments coverage of \$10,000 each person. USAA issued no other auto policies to Plaintiff. The limits stated above are the only applicable limits for Plaintiff's claim.

INTERROGATORY NO. 11:

Please identify each expert the Defendant expects to call as an expert witness:

- (a) Identify the name, address and telephone number for each such expert;
- (b) State the substance of the facts and opinions on which the expert is to testify;
- (c) The basis for each such opinion and/or conclusion held by each expert; and
- (d) Identify any and all documents relied upon by each expert in forming their opinions and/or conclusions.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 11:

Objection. This interrogatory is premature and seeks information that will be disclosed in accordance with the timeframes set forth in the operative Scheduling Order concerning expert designations. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks to increase Defendant's obligations under Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure. Subject to and without waiving its objection, Defendant responds as follows: Once Defendant designates its expert witnesses, if any, it will produce its expert(s)' reports containing the information required under NRCP 26.

INTERROGATORY NO. 12:

For each person **within** the past ten years, who contended that you had violated the Unfair Claims Practices Act, please state the following:

(a) The name and last known address of the person;



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(c) Court jurisdiction and case number of the litigation;

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ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 12:

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Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the grounds that it is overly broad in both time and location and burdensome. The existence of other contentions or legal proceedings will neither prove nor disprove the amount owed on this claim or the existence of any mishandling of this claim. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by the plaintiff herein with regard to his claim under the subject policy, is irrelevant and the Interrogatory is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell, 538 US 4087 (2003). As such, the request is not proportional to the needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented, and is also therefore unduly burdensome. Additionally, the interrogatory is vague as to the term "who contended". In addition, pending litigation matters are not probative of any issue in this case. Additionally, Defendant objects to this request to the extent it seeks the private and personal information of other insureds of Defendant or the confidential information of Defendant. Further, Defendant objects to the extent that this inquiry seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege and the work product doctrine. Finally, this Request seeks information which is a matter of public

INTERROGATORY NO. 13:

For each person within the past ten years, who contended that you had acted in bad faith, please state the following:

record and can be independently obtained by Plaintiff without requiring Defendant to compile the

- (a) The name and last known address of the person;
- (b) Date the claim or lawsuit was made against you;
- (c) Court jurisdiction and case number of the litigation;

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 13:

information. No further response will be provided.

Objection. Defendant objects that this request seeks information which is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party to this litigation. As such, the request is not proportional to the 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |

needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented, and is also therefore unduly burdensome. Additionally, the interrogatory is vague as to the term "who contended". Defendant objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Defendant further objects as the existence of other contentions or legal proceedings will neither prove nor disprove any of the issues involved in this case, the value of Plaintiff's claim or the existence of any mishandling of this claim. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by the plaintiff herein with regard to her claim under the subject policy, is irrelevant and the interrogatory is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See *State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell*, 538 US 4087 (2003).

INTERROGAOTRY NO. 14:

For each person within the past ten years, who contended that you violated the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, please state the following:

- (a) The name and last known address of the person;
- (b) Date the claim or lawsuit was made against you;
- (c) Court jurisdiction and case number of the litigation;

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 14:

Objection. Defendant objects that this request seeks information which is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party to this litigation. As such, the request is not proportional to the needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented, and is also therefore unduly burdensome. Additionally, the interrogatory is vague as to the term "who contended". Defendant objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Defendant further objects as the existence of other contentions or legal proceedings will neither prove nor disprove any of the issues involved in this case, the value of Plaintiff's claim or the existence of any mishandling of this claim. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by the plaintiff herein with regard to her claim under the subject policy, is irrelevant and the interrogatory is not reasonably calculated to lead to

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the discovery of admissible evidence. See *State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell*, 538 US 4087 (2003).

INTERROGATORY NO. 15:

State the name, residence and business address, employer and position held of any person who provided any opinion, information, or facts used in preparing each answer to these interrogatories.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 15:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, overbroad, vague and unduly burdensome in that it is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter, is not proportional to the needs of the case and calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Defendant further objects that the term "...provided any opinion, information or facts" is vague, ambiguous, unduly burdensome, calls for speculation and is not proportional to the needs of the case and calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: These interrogatories are being answered by Steven Lucent with the assistance of counsel, Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard & Smith. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 16:

State the total amount at which you have valued the claim before any offsets. Divide your evaluation into past medical expenses, future medical expenses, past lost wages, future lost wages, past pain and suffering, and future pain and suffering, State all amounts you applied as an offset and explain what each offset was for when you determined the amount owed to the insured.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 16:

Objection. This interrogatory is assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad, duplicative, vague and unduly burdensome in that it is not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant responds as follows calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for the basis of Defendant's decisions with respect to the subject claim. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of



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Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA does not contend that Plaintiff's claim is valued at \$46,000, but based on the information available to USAA, USAA made an offer of \$46,000 to settle Plaintiff's claim. This offer was based on the information available to USAA at the time, and included consideration of Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations. USAA made multiple requests to Plaintiff for additional information and repeatedly requested a medical authorization to obtain additional information to complete its evaluation.

USAA considered past medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of preexisting conditions, assigned a range of value for general damages of between \$38,240 to \$48,240,
and applied offsets totaling \$25,000 based on the provisions of the USAA policy. USAA applied
an offset of \$15,000 based on the policy provision that USAA shall reduce amounts otherwise
payable for damages under UM coverage by the greater of all sums paid because of the BI by or
on behalf of persons who may be legally responsible or the persons' BI Coverage limits; in this
case the tortfeasor carried BI coverage with each person limits of \$15,000. USAA applied an
offset of \$10,000 based on the policy provision that no covered person is entitled to receive
duplicate payments under the UM coverage for the same elements of loss which were paid under
another coverage of the policy; in this case, Plaintiff received \$10,000 under the medical payments

this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 17:

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Please state in detail each and every reason and basis on why you did not immediately pay the amount to which you valued the subject claim once that valuation was completed.

coverage of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 17:

Objection. This interrogatory assumes and misstates facts, is arguments, overbroad, vague and unduly burdensome in that it is not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant further objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA does not contend that Plaintiff's claim is valued at \$46,000, but based on the information available to USAA, USAA made an offer of \$46,000 to settle Plaintiff's claim. This offer was based on the information available to USAA at the time, and included consideration of Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations. USAA made multiple requests to Plaintiff for additional information and repeatedly requested a medical authorization to obtain additional information to complete its evaluation. Without this information, USAA could not finalize an evaluation of Plaintiff's claim.

INTERROGATORY NO. 18:

Identify all manuals, including, but not limited to, training manuals, procedural manuals, and instruction manuals, used for the evaluation of claims, including any software used by you for evaluating claims.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 18:

Defendant objects to this request as it is overly broad as to time and scope, vague and/or ambiguous as to the terms "policies, practices, and procedures." Further, to the extent the

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Interrogatory seeks information regarding general "procedures or methods," Defendant objects on the grounds that the Interrogatory is overly broad in time (not limited by the period of time when this claim was handled) and geographic area (not limited to Nevada) and because it is not reasonably tailored to include only matters relevant to the issues involved in this lawsuit, as Defendant's procedures are intended to provide guidance but each claim is handled on its own merits. Defendant further objects on the grounds that it seeks information that is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of a party nor proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant further objects in that this request may cover materials which are confidential, proprietary business information and/or trade secret.

Subject to and without waiving any objections, Defendant does not have claims "manuals" but rather provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool.

INTERROGATORY NO. 19:

If you contend that you did not violate the Unfair Claims Practices Act in the handling of the subject claim, please state each and every fact that tends to support or negate your assertion and identify each witness who has knowledge of the those facts by name, employer and last known address.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 19:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad in seeking "each and every fact that tends to support or negate your assertion" and calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Further it is an improper attempt to shift Plaintiff's burden on to Defendant. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file,

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previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant first received notice of the subject motor vehicle accident on May 10, 2014. Thereafter, Steven Lucent examined medical records and other documents related to the subject accident as they were presented. He regularly communicated with Plaintiff's attorney regarding the claim. He reviewed Plaintiff's demand for benefits under the policy, investigated Plaintiff's damages to determine whether the claimed injuries and associated medical treatment and expenses incurred were related to the subject accident and requested information to assist Defendant in making this determination. He then made offers based on the information reasonably known to Defendant at that time. Defendant was unable to come to a final "determination on the merits" due to Plaintiff's refusal to provide requested documents. Defendant continued to diligently review the claim and attempted to obtain necessary information to facilitate its review of Plaintiff's claim up until the date Defendant was notified of Plaintiff's filing the instant lawsuit on or around July 8, 2019 and will continue its investigation and evaluation during discovery in this litigation. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 20:

If you contend that you did not breach the covenant of good faith and fair dealing in the handling of the subject claim, please state each and every fact that tends to support or negate yours assertion and identify each witness who has knowledge of those facts by name, employer and last known address.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 20:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad in seeking "each and every fact that tends to support or negate your assertion" and calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim.

and/or the work product privilege. Further, it is an improper attempt to shift Plaintiff's burden on to Defendant. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to

Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the

answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege

Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant first received notice of the subject motor vehicle accident on May 10, 2014. Thereafter, Steven Lucent examined medical records and other documents related to the subject accident as they were presented. He regularly communicated with Plaintiff's attorney regarding the claim. He reviewed Plaintiff's demand for benefits under the policy, investigated Plaintiff's damages to determine whether the claimed injuries and associated medical treatment and expenses incurred were related to the subject accident and requested information to assist Defendant in making this determination. He then made offers based on the information reasonably known to Defendant at that time. Defendant was unable to come to a final "determination on the merits" due to Plaintiff's refusal to provide requested documents. Defendant continued to diligently review the claim and attempted to obtain necessary information to facilitate its review of Plaintiff's claim up until the date Defendant was notified of Plaintiff's filing the instant lawsuit on or around July 8, 2019 and will continue its investigation and evaluation during discovery in this litigation. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

those documents.

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INTERROGATORY NO. 21:

If you contend that you did not breach the insurance contract/policy regarding the subject claim, please state each and every fact that tends to support or negate your assertion and identify each witness who has knowledge of those facts by name, employer and last known address.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 21:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad in seeking "each and every fact that tends to support or negate your assertion" and calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Further, it is an improper attempt to shift Plaintiff's burden on to Defendant. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant is required to pay amounts under the policy which Plaintiff is legally entitled to recover from an uninsured driver. Therefore, under the policy, Defendant will pay to Plaintiff the value of the claim for which he has not been otherwise compensated, up to the limits of the policy. Nevada courts recognize that bodily injury claims are "wholly subjective" and that determination of the amount of these damages (for which the law provides no legal rule of measurement) is within the special province of the jury. See, *Canterino v. Mirage Casino-Hotel*, 117 Nev. 19 (Nev. 2001). Although USAA conducted an investigation into Plaintiff's claim and made a compromise offer in an

attempt to settle claims prior to litigation in exchange for a release, Plaintiff disputed that USAA's offer constitutes the value of his claim. Accordingly, once the value of Plaintiff's claim is determined by a jury, or through additional discovery undertaken in this litigation, USAA will pay the value of the claim in conformance with the provisions of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate

INTERROGATORY NO. 22:

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Please state any and all pre-existing illness, injuries, diseases and/or conditions of Plaintiff which were considered by you in evaluating the value of their claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 22:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad in seeking "any and all pre-existing illness, injuries, diseases and/or conditions of Plaintiff" and calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim, including its evaluation, are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents. Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, as set forth in his medical records, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. Defendant could not determine the full extent of Plaintiff's prior medical condition as

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continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate

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INTERROGATORY NO. 23:

State the date and amount of each offer made to Plaintiff, or their counsel, in an attempt to settle the subject claim, and state the method the offer was made (i.e., written, oral, etc.).

Discovery

Plaintiff refused to provide requested records and/or a medical authorization.

ANSWERTO INTERROGATORY NO. 23:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, inappropriately calls for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim and is burdensome in that it seeks information equally within Plaintiff's knowledge. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim, including all settlement offers, are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents. Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: On March 15, 2018, Steven Lucent extended an offer of \$46,000 to fully and finally compromise Plaintiff's claim. Steven Lucent confirmed the offer in writing that same day. Mr. Lucent followed up with Plaintiff's counsel regarding the offer and on April 3, April 30, May 9, June 8, July 75, August 1, August 6, September 5, September 11, October 3, November 5, and December 3, 2018 in writing. On December 14, 2018, Mr. Lucent discussed the claim with Plaintiff's counsel. On February 1, 2019, Mr. Lucent wrote the law firm and advised of the basis for the offer. Mr. Lucent followed up with Plaintiff's counsel regarding the offer and on February 28, March 5, April 1, April 18, April 30, May 29, 2019 in writing. On June 11, 2019, Lucent called the law firm and requested a call to discuss the offer. On July 2,

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2019, Lucent again wrote the law firm and asked the attorney to contact him to discuss the offer.

INTERROGATORY NO. 24:

For each amount stated in the preceding interrogatory, state the total amount at which you had valued the subject claim before any offsets and divide your evaluation into past medical expenses, future medical expenses, past lost wages, future lost wages, past pain and suffering, and future pain and suffering; and state all amounts you applied as an offset and explain what each offset was for when you determined the amount owed to the insured.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 24:

Objection. This interrogatory is assumes and misstates facts, is compound, duplicative, and inappropriately calls for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim, including its evaluation, are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA does not "value" Plaintiff's claim at \$46,000, but based on the information available to USAA, USAA made an offer of \$46,000 to settle Plaintiff's claim. USAA's offer to settle the claim for \$46,000 considered Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that

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this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations.

USAA considered medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of preexisting conditions, assigned a range of value for general damages of between \$38,240 to \$48,240, and applied offsets totaling \$25,000 based on the provisions of the USAA policy. USAA applied an offset of \$15,000 based on the policy provision that USAA shall reduce amounts otherwise payable for damages under UM coverage by the greater of all sums paid because of the BI by or on behalf of persons who may be legally responsible or the persons' BI Coverage limits; in this case the tortfeasor carried BI coverage with each person limits of \$15,000. USAA applied an offset of \$10,000 based on the policy provision that no covered person is entitled to receive duplicate payments under the UM coverage for the same elements of loss which were paid under another coverage of the policy; in this case, Plaintiff received \$10,000 under the medical payments coverage of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 25:

Describe each and every conversation you had with Plaintiff in reference to their policy and/or claims, after the evaluation of their claims.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 25:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, inappropriately calls for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim and is burdensome in that it seeks information equally within Plaintiff's knowledge. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim, including all conversations with Plaintiff, are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to

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USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same

for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

INTERROGATORY NO. 26:

INTERROGATORY NO. 27:

last known address.

Describe each and every conversation you had with Plaintiff in reference to their policy and/or claims, prior the evaluation of their claims.

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, inappropriately calls for Defendant to supply a

narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim and is burdensome in that

it seeks information equally within Plaintiff's knowledge. Defendant also objects that this

Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required

of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a

summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim,

including all conversations with Plaintiff, are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this

case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining,

auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to

USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same

responding, please identify each witness who has knowledge of those facts by name, employer and

and inappropriately calls for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and

evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions

or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade

the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Defendant also objects that this

Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required

Please state in detail every step you took in assisting Plaintiff in making their claim. In

Objection. This interrogatory is assumes and misstates facts, is compound, duplicative,

for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 26:

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ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 27:

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of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Plaintiff retained counsel to assist in submitting his claim to USAA. USAA promptly responded to all communications from Plaintiff's counsel, regularly reviewed the claim, considered all information submitted by Plaintiff, requested necessary information to facilitate its review of Plaintiff's claim and provided an authorization to allow USAA to collect the records on behalf of Plaintiff. Plaintiff refused to provide the requested information or an authorization to allow USAA to collect the records on his behalf. Thereafter, USAA made an offer based on the information it had available. Defendant continued to diligently review the claim and attempted to obtain necessary information to facilitate its review of Plaintiff's claim up until the date Defendant was notified of Plaintiff's filing the instant lawsuit on or around July 8, 2019 and will continue its investigation and evaluation during discovery in this litigation. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 28:

State the net worth of UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION for each of the last five (5) fiscal years according to GENERAL ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP).

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 28:

This Interrogatory is overly broad, unduly burdensome, and seeks information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses of either party. USAA further objects on the basis that this Interrogatory is not proportional to the needs of this case. This Interrogatory is not limited to the present claim, is not limited in scope or time, and is otherwise irrelevant to the issues presented in

the present matter. Additionally this request is premature. The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "before tax returns or financial records are discoverable on the issue of punitive damages, the plaintiff must demonstrate some factual basis for its punitive damage claim." *Hetter v. District Court*, 110 Nev. 513, 520, 874 P.2d 762, 766, 1994 Nev. LEXIS 65, *13-14 (emphasis added).

INTERROGATORY NO. 29:

Please identify with particularity each and every action taken by you in evaluating the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 29:

Objection. This interrogatory is duplicative, compound, vague, ambiguous, overbroad as to "each and every action", and inappropriately calls for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant first received notice of the subject motor vehicle accident on May 10, 2014. Thereafter, Steven Lucent examined medical records and other documents related to the subject accident. He communicated with Plaintiff's attorney regarding the claim. He reviewed Plaintiff's demand for benefits under the policy, investigated Plaintiff's damages to determine whether the claimed injuries and associated medical treatment and expenses incurred were related to the subject accident and requested information to assist Defendant in making this determination. He then made offers

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based on the information reasonably known to Defendant at that time. Defendant was unable to come to a final "determination on the merits" due to Plaintiff's refusal to provide requested documents. Defendant continued to diligently review the claim and attempted to obtain necessary information to facilitate its review of Plaintiff's claim up until the date Defendant was notified of Plaintiff's filing the instant lawsuit on or around July 8, 2019 and will continue its investigation and evaluation during discovery in this litigation. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 30:

Please identify with particularity each and every document or thing upon which you relied upon in answering any of these interrogatories.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 30:

Objection. Defendant objects that the term "which you relied upon" is vague, ambiguous, unduly burdensome, calls for speculation and is not proportional to the needs of the case and calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant utilized its claim file Bates, USAA000001 to USAA004785, in responding to these requests. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 31:

Please state the amount You have set as reserves for the Plaintiff's 1st party claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 31:

Objection. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory on the grounds that reserve information is irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence as this litigation concerns only Plaintiff's entitlement to benefits under the policy of insurance issued to Plaintiff and Defendant's handling of the claim submitted thereunder, and is therefore not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant further objects to the extent the interrogatory seeks confidential and proprietary business information. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

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INTERROGATORY NO. 32:

Please state the formula used by You in determining the reserves for the Plaintiff's 1st party claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 32:

Objection. Defendant objects that this interrogatory seeks information which is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party to this litigation. As such, the request is not proportional to the needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented. Defendant further objects to the extent the interrogatory seeks confidential and proprietary business information. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant does not have a "formula" for determining reserves. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 33:

Please state each and every fact considered by You in determining the amount set as reserves for the Plaintiff's claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 33:

Objection. Defendant objects that this interrogatory seeks information which is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party to this litigation. As such, the request is not proportional to the needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented. Defendant further objects to the extent the interrogatory seeks confidential and proprietary business information. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim, including all facts known to it at the time if took all actions on Plaintiffs claim, are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

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INTERROGATORY NO. 34:

Please identify any reason you believe the Plaintiff has not complied or cooperated with the policy.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 34:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, overbroad, vague and unduly burdensome in that it is not proportional to the needs of the case. As drafted, this interrogatory calls for Defendant to speculate as to why Plaintiff has not complied or cooperated with "the policy". Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant does not purport to know Plaintiff's motivations with respect to his non-compliance and/or non-cooperation, or lack thereof, as it relates to Defendant's investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim.

INTERROGATORY NO. 35:

During your evaluation of the claim, please set forth any treatment, diagnosis, or expense that you determined to be unrelated, unnecessary or unreasonable, along with any basis for such determination.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 35:

Objection. Defendant objects that this interrogatory is compound, vague, overbroad and unduly burdensome. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. Throughout the entirety of Defendant's evaluation it requested additional information and medical records from Plaintiff in order to assist in Defendant's evaluation of what was unrelated, unnecessary or unreasonable. Plaintiff refused to timely provide requested information and medical records, as such, Defendant's evaluation of Plaintiff's claim, including the reasonableness of each diagnosis, treatment or expense, was never completed. Defendant's evaluation will continue in this litigation, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

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INTERROGATORY NO. 36:

During your evaluation, if you apportioned any prior or subsequent injury or diagnosis, please set forth any such apportionment and the complete basis for the amount of the apportionment.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 36:

Objection. Defendant objects that this interrogatory is compound, vague, overbroad and unduly burdensome. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Throughout the entirety of Defendant's evaluation it requested additional information and medical records from Plaintiff in order to assist in Defendant's evaluation of what medical treatment was apportionable to Plaintiff's documented prior medical conditions. Plaintiff refused to timely provide requested information and medical records, as such, Defendant's evaluation of Plaintiff's claim, including the reasonableness of each diagnosis, treatment or expense, was never completed. However, after review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations, as such USAA considered medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of pre-existing conditions. Defendant's evaluation will continue in this litigation, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

DATED this 7th day of August, 2020.

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP

By /s/ Priscilla L. O'Briant

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VERIFICATION

I, Steven Lucent, hereby declare as follows:

I am an Auto Examiner and on behalf of United Services Automobile Association, have read the above and foregoing, **DEFENDANT UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION'S ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES** and know the contents thereof, that the same are true and correct of my own knowledge, except for those matters therein stated upon information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

DATED this <u>06</u> day of August, 2020 at Colorado Springs, Colorado.

Steven Lucent

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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), A.O. 14-2 and N.E.F.C.R. 9, I certify that I am an employee of LEWIS		
3	BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP, and that on this 7 th day of August, 2020, I did cause		
4	true and correct copy of DEFENDANT UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION'S		
5	ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES in Clark County Distric		
6	Court Case No. A-19-790757-C, to be served by electronic service with the Eighth Judicia		
7	District Court filing system to the parties on the Electronic Service List addressed as follows:		
8			
9 10	Jordan P. Schnitzer, Esq. THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM 9205 W. Russell Road, Ste. 240		
11 12	Las Vegas, NV 89148 Tel: (702) 960-4050 Fax: (702) 960-4092 Attorney for Plaintiff		
13	Anomey for Tiuming		
14			
15			
16	By /s/ Anne Cordell Anne Cordell, an Employee of		
17	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP Email: Anne.cordell@lewisbrisbois.com		
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Priscilla.OBriant@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP		
702.893.3383		
Attorneys for Defendant United Services		
DISTRICT COURT		
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
JOHN ROBERTS, an individual,	CASE NO. A-19-790757-C	
Plaintiff,	Dept. No.: IV	
vs.	DEFENDANT UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION'S RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST	
UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE	SET OF REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION	
15 and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange with		
CORPORATIONS 11 through 25, inclusive,		
Defendants.		
COMES NOW D.C. 1. INVESTED		
COMES NOW Defendant, UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION		
(hereinafter "Defendant"), by and through its counsel of record, the law firm LEWIS BRISBOIS		
BISGAARD & SMITH, LLP, and hereby Responds to Plaintiff's First Set of Requests for		
Production to Defendant United Services Automobile Association as follows:		
<u>DEFINITIONS</u>		
A. "Non-discoverable/Irrelevant." 7	The request in question concerns a matter that is	
not relevant to the subject matter and the matters that remain at issue in this litigation and is not		
reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.		
B. "Unduly burdensome." The requ	uest in question seeks discovery which is unduly	
burdensome or expensive, taking into account t	he needs of the case, the amount in controversy,	
	Robert.Freeman@lewisbrisbois.com PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT Nevada Bar No. 010171 Priscilla.OBriant@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383 FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendant United Services Automobile Association DISTRIC CLARK COUI JOHN ROBERTS, an individual, Plaintiff, vs. UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION, an unincorporated entity and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange with members residing in the State of Nevada; DOES 1 through 10; and ROE CORPORATIONS 11 through 25, inclusive, Defendants. COMES NOW Defendant, UNITED (hereinafter "Defendant"), by and through its color by the state of	

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& SMITH LIP
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 limitations on the parties' resources, and the importance of the issues at stake in the litigation.

- C. "Vague." The request in question contains a word or phrase which is not adequately defined, or the overall request is confusing, and Defendant is unable to reasonably ascertain what information or documents are sought in the request.
- D. "Overly broad." The request seeks information beyond the scope of, or beyond the time period relevant to, the subject matter of this litigation and, accordingly, seeks information which is non-discoverable/irrelevant and is unduly burdensome.

GENERAL OBJECTIONS

- 1. Defendant objects to the requests to the extent that they seek documents that are protected by any absolute or qualified privilege or exemption, including, but not limited to, the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work-product exemption, and the consulting-expert exemption. Specifically, Defendant objects to these requests on the following grounds:
- a. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they seek documents that are protected from disclosure by the attorney-client privilege in accordance with Rule 26 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure and NRS 89.095;
- b. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they seek documents that are protected from disclosure by the work-product exemption in accordance with Rule 26(b)(1)(3) and (4) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure and applicable case law.
- c. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they seek documents that are protected from disclosure pursuant to the consultant/expert exemption in accordance with Rule 26(b)(3) and (4) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure and applicable case law.
- d. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they seek trade secrets, commercially sensitive information, or confidential proprietary data entitled to protection under Rule 26(c)(7) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 2. This response is made on the basis of information and writings available to and located by Defendant upon reasonable investigation of Defendant's records. There may be other and further information respecting the requests propounded by Plaintiff of which Defendant, despite its reasonable investigation and inquiry, is presently unaware. Defendant reserves the right

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to modify or enlarge any responses with such pertinent additional information as Defendant may subsequently discover.

- 3. No incidental or implied admissions will be made by the responses to these requests. The fact that Defendant may respond or object to any request or any part thereof shall not be deemed an admission that Defendant accepts or admits the existence of any fact set forth or assumed by such request, or that such response constitutes admissible evidence. The fact that Defendant responds to a part of any request is not to be deemed a waiver by Defendant of its objections, including privilege, to other parts to such request.
- 4. Defendant objects to any instruction to the extent that it would impose upon Defendant greater duties than are set forth under the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure. Defendant will supplement responses to the requests as required by the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 5. All responses will be made solely for the purpose of this action. Each response will be subject to all objections as to competence, relevance, materiality, propriety and admissibility, and to any and all other objections on any ground which would require the exclusion from evidence of any statement herein if any such statements were made by a witness present and testifying at trial, all of which objections and grounds are expressly reserved and may be interposed at such hearings.

RESPONSES TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 1:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications that were produced as a result of or related to any of Plaintiff's applications for insurance with you. These documents should include, but not be limited to, the entire underwriting file, printouts from all computer communications and electronic databases and logs, all electronically imaged documents, and all reports and investigations.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 1:

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Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks "the entire underwriting file". Defendant objects to this Request as overbroad as it is not limited in time or scope (the underwriting file for the policy at issue in this litigation), and seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those underwriting matters relevant to the insurance claim made the basis of this suit and there is no dispute that the applicable policy was in effect on the date of loss. Underwriting information is stored electronically in multiple locations. Responding party further objects to the term "underwriting file" because it assumes a physical file folder exists and because the request is vague, ambiguous and overbroad as to what is meant by an underwriting file. Responding party does not maintain a physical file folder with respect to most insurance policies issued. In addition, this request has the potential to be unduly burdensome. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Defendant has requested the underwriting documents related to Plaintiff's auto policy and will produce these upon receipt. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 2:

Please produce all documents, writings, and communications that are used by field, regional, and home office underwriters for reference, training, and guidelines for the underwriting of your policies.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 2:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks information related to its "reference, training, and guidelines" related to underwriting, as Defendant's underwriting is not at issue in this case. As such, this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to the insurance claim made the basis of this suit and there is no dispute that the applicable policy was in effect on the date of loss. Responding party further objects to the term



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"underwriting file" because it assumes a physical file folder exists and because the request is vague, ambiguous and overbroad as to what is meant by an underwriting file. Finally, this request seeks documents "reference, training, and guidelines" that are confidential, proprietary, and trade secret. In addition, this request has the potential to be unduly burdensome.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 3:

Please produce all documents, writings, and communications that were produced as a result of or are related to Plaintiff's claim and the Plaintiff's claim for coverage. These documents should include, but not be limited to, the entire claim file, printouts from all computer communications and electronic databases and logs, all electronically imaged documents and all reports and investigations.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 3:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications" and "related to Plaintiff's claim" and "the Plaintiff's claim for coverage". Defendant objects to this Request to the extent that it seeks an un-redacted copy of the claim file which contains documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or work product doctrine. Defendant further objects to production of a "electronic databases and logs" as based on the nature of Defendant's claim file structure and the system which houses the same, Defendant cannot produce a standalone live or interactive claims file on a separate portable medium. Defendant further objects in that its Claim Loss Report Systems which is the system in which Defendant maintains its electronic claims file is proprietary and created solely for Defendant's own use and has great economic value to Defendant. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 4:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications between Plaintiff and you, including all proof of loss forms.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 4:

Objection. USAA objects to this request as overbroad as it is unlimited in time and scope. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, USAA responds as follows: All non-privileged communications related to Plaintiff's claim are contained within the claims file. USAA has produced the non-privileged portions of its claim file. Responsive and non-privileged claims documents relating to Plaintiffs' claim were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. USAA withheld portions of its claim file that contain information protected by the attorney client privilege, the work product doctrine, the litigation privilege, and portions that contain confidential and/or proprietary information. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 5:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications between you and any third party or third party's attorney concerning the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 5:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications". Defendant objects as this Request seeks documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP*

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16.1 as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 6:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications between you and any third party concerning the processing, acceptance, or denial of the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 6:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications". Defendant objects as this Request seeks documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 7:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications that are used by your claims personnel for reference, training, and guidelines for the adjusting of claims. These items should include, but not be limited to, all claims manuals, all information and guidelines for the adjudication of claims and all other resources used by your personnel for the adjudication of claims.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 7:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications," "reference, training, and guidelines" and "adjudication of claims". As presently worded, the information

sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as Defendant's "reference, training and guidelines" are intended to provide guidance but each claim is handled on its own merits. Defendant further objects on the grounds that the request seeks information that is confidential, sensitive, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant does not have claims "manuals" but rather provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool. Defendant will produce, only upon execution of a Confidentiality and Protective Order executed by all parties and entered by the Court (see proposed Order, attached hereto), the KD materials relating to the handling of UM claims for the state of Nevada, for the applicable time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 8:

Please produce all documents, writings, and communications, and any drafts or revisions thereof, which contain explanations of the basis in the insurance policy, with respect to the facts of the Plaintiff's claim and the applicable law, for the determination of the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 8:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications". Defendant objects as this Request seeks documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 9:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications, and amendments thereto, for the contracting of third-party administration and outsourcing of any operations related to new business processing, policy issue, policyholder services, claims processing, billing, collection, and payment receipt.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 9:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications". Defendant objects as this Request seeks documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit, specifically new business processing, policy issue, policyholder services, billing, collection and payment receipt have no bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. Defendant further objects on the grounds that the request seeks information that is sensitive, confidential, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 10:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, communications, financial statements, both audited and unaudited, and amendments thereto, which state your net income or loss for the last five (5) years according to GENERAL ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP).

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 10:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad as it purports to require "all documents, writings, and communications", unduly burdensome, and seeks information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses of either party. USAA further objects on the basis that this request is not proportional to the needs of this case. This request is not limited to the present claim, is not limited in scope or time, and is otherwise irrelevant to the issues presented in the present matter. Additionally, this request is premature. The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "before tax returns or financial records are discoverable on the issue of punitive damages, the plaintiff must demonstrate some factual basis for its punitive damage claim." *Hetter v. District*

Court, 110 Nev. 513, 520, 874 P.2d 762, 766, 1994 Nev. LEXIS 65, *13-14 (emphasis added).

Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 11:

Please produce any and all insurance policies and declaration pages that were in effect at the time of the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 11:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad and burdensome as it seeks all policies in effect at the time of the claim, without limit, and is vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all insurance policies" and "in effect at the time of the subject claim" and seems to require USAA to obtain "any and all" insurance policies issued to Plaintiff, regardless of insurer or type of policy. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: The auto policy issued by Defendant to Plaintiff and responsive to this request was produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001POL to USAA000042POL.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 12:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications including, but not limited to, correspondence, e-mails, reports, memos, audio recordings, visual recordings and statements, provided to any private investigators regarding Plaintiff.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 12:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstated facts, is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications" and the term "private investigators." Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Defendant has no documents responsive to this request. Discovery is continuing and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 13:

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 15:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications including, but not limited to, correspondence, e-mails, reports, memos, audio recordings, visual recordings and statements, received from any private investigators regarding Plaintiff.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 13:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstated facts, is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications" and the term "private investigators." Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Defendant has no documents responsive to this request. Discovery is continuing and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 14:

Please produce any and all photographs, motion pictures, videotapes, tape recordings (or transcripts of tape recordings), documents, writings, communications or investigative reports concerning taken by or on behalf of you, relating to the processing or denial of any portion of the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 14:

Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstated facts, is compound, overbroad, burdensome, and vague and ambiguous as to the term "concerning taken by or on behalf of you." Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1 as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery is continuing and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response.

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Please produce any and all files containing information regarding the processing of any insurance applications made to you by Plaintiff or any policies issued to Plaintiff.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 15:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad and burdensome. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit; specifically the processing of any insurance applications made to you by Plaintiff is not at issue in this litigation, as USAA does not dispute that it issued a policy to Plaintiff and that the policy was in effect on the date of the subject accident. The requested documents have no bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Defendant has requested the underwriting documents related to Plaintiff's policy and will produce these upon receipt. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 16:

Please produce any and all processing manuals and other materials available to your personnel for reference or training in their duties of processing applications or issuing policies.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 16:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad and burdensome. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit; specifically the processing of insurance applications and issuance of policies are not at issue in this litigation, as USAA does not dispute that it issued a policy to Plaintiff and that the policy was in effect on the date of the subject accident. The requested documents have no bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 17:

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Please produce any and all documents and writings you have pertaining to agent Steve Lucent. These documents should include, but not be limited to, the agent application, the appointment of agency, all other contracts between you and Steve Lucent, all approved sales materials used by Steve Lucent, the commission schedule for Steve Lucent, all correspondence between you and Steve Lucent, all investigative and other reports on Steve Lucent, records of all disciplinary information for Steve Lucent, and any other documents and writings kept on Steve Lucent.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 17:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad as it requires production of any and all documents pertaining to Steven Lucent, is burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all documents and writings" and "pertaining to agent Steve Lucent", and harassing. The request is also argumentative and assumes facts not on the record. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 18:

Please produce any and all documents and writings given to your agents by you, for training, reference, use in the sale of insurance, or otherwise. These documents should include, but not be limited to, rate books, product guides, field underwriting manuals, a blank application and other forms used by your agents, advertising materials, instructions for the completion of applications for insurance, instructions for completion of conditional receipts, policies and guidelines, ethical standards, and the like.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 18:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all documents and writings" and "use in the sale of insurance, or otherwise". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as there are no allegations with regard to USAA's issuance of the subject policy to Plaintiff and USAA

does not dispute that the policy was issued to Plaintiff and in effect on the date of the subject accident.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 19:

Produce any and all documents, writings, and communications which were obtained from Steve Lucent, which contain notes of conversations with Steve Lucent, which contain statements of Steve Lucent, and which contain information on the responsibilities and duties of Steve Lucent when filling out an application.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 19:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and mistakes facts, is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all documents, writings, and communications" and "which contain information on the responsibilities and duties of Steve Lucent when filling out an application". Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit. Moreover the request is patently overbroad as it is not narrowed in scope in any way to be relevant to the claim made basis of this suit.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: All communications of Steven Lucent relating to Plaintiff's claim were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 20:

Please produce any and all documents and writings constituting a liability guarantee given to you by Steve Lucent.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 20:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is vague and ambiguous as to the terms "liability guarantee" and "given to you by Steve Lucent". Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of

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any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Defendant has no "liability guarantee" documents responsive to this request. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 21:

Please produce a copy of any and all standards implemented by you for the prompt investigation of claims.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 21:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all standards". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as Defendant's "standards" are intended to provide guidance but each claim is handled on its own merits. Defendant further objects on the grounds that the documents sought are confidential, sensitive, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool. Defendant will produce, upon execution of a Confidentiality and Protective Order executed by all parties and entered by the Court (see proposed Order, attached hereto), the KD materials relating to the handling of UIM claims for the state of Nevada, for the subject time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 22:

Please produce a copy of any and all standards implemented by you referring or relating to the provisions of the Nevada Unfair Claims Practices Act, NRS 686A.310, including, but not limited to, standards relating to:

(a) Representing to insureds or claimants pertinent facts of insurance policy provisions

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- (b) Acknowledging and acting reasonably promptly upon communications with respect to claims arising under insurance policies.
- (c) Adopting and implementing reasonable standards for the prompt investigation and processing of claims arising under insurance policies.
- (d) Affirming or denying coverage of claims within a reasonable time after proof of loss requirements have been completed and submitted by the insured.
- (e) Effectuating prompt, fair and equitable settlements of claims in which liability of the insurer has become reasonably clear.
- (f) Not compelling insureds to institute litigation to recover amounts due under an insurance policy by offering substantially less than the amounts ultimately recovered in actions brought by such insureds, when the insureds have made claims for amounts reasonably similar to the amounts ultimately recovered.
- (g) Attempting to settle a claim by an insured for an amount to which a reasonable person would have believed he was entitled by reference to written or printed advertising material accompanying or made part of an application.
- (h) Not attempting to settle claims on the basis of an application which was altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent of, the insured, their representative, agent or broker.
- (i) Informing insured or beneficiaries, upon payment of a claim, of the coverage under which payment is made.
- (j) Not informing insureds or claimants a practice of the insurer of appealing from arbitration awards in favor of insureds or claimants for the purpose of compelling them to accept settlements or compromises less than the amount awarded in arbitration.
- (k) Not delaying the investigation or payment of claims by requiring an insured or a claimant, or the physician of either, to submit a preliminary claim report, and then requiring the subsequent submission of formal proof of loss forms, both of which submissions contain substantially the same information.
- (l) Not settling claims promptly, where liability has become reasonably clear, under one

portion of the insurance policy coverage in order to influence settlements under other portions of the insurance policy coverage.

- (m)Compliance with the provisions of NRS 687B.310 to 687B.390, inclusive, or 687B.410.
- (n) Providing promptly to an insured a reasonable explanation of the basis in the insurance policy, with respect to the facts of the insured's claim and the applicable law, for the denial of their claim or for an offer to settle or compromise their claim.
- (o) Not advising an insured or claimant not to seek legal counsel.
- (p) Not misleading an insured or claimant concerning any applicable statute of limitations.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 22:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all standards". Defendant further objects on the grounds that the request seeks information that is confidential, sensitive, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool. Defendant will produce, only upon execution of a Confidentiality and Protective Order executed by all parties and entered by the Court (see proposed Order, attached hereto), the KD materials relating to the handling of UM claims, for the state of Nevada, for the subject time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 23:

To the extent you are asserting "advice of counsel" as a defense to the allegations contained in Plaintiff's complaint, please produce any and all documents referring to, evidencing, or constituting coverage opinions, legal research, and/or legal advice that you received from an attorney concerning any aspect of the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 23:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague

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and ambiguous as to the terms "advice of counsel as a defense". Defendant objects as this Request seeks documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or the work product doctrine.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant is not currently asserting "advice of counsel" as a defense to any claim. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REOUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 24:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications concerning, reflecting, evidencing, or constituting payments received by you from Plaintiff for insurance policy premiums.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 24:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "documents, writings, and communications". Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit, and his intended only to harass as Defendant is not disputing that Plaintiff paid premiums or that the policy was in effect on the date of the subject accident.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 25:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications concerning, reflecting, evidencing, or constituting settlement negotiations regarding Plaintiff's claims.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 25:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "documents, writings, and communications". Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1 as documents ///

Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the

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right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 26:

In regard to Defendant's handling of the subject incident/claim, produce the adjusting claims file(s) with any and all contents herein to include, but not limited to, recorded and/or written statements, notes by adjusters/processors and/or investigators, photographs and videotapes (in color if available), index bureau information regarding claims made or believed to have been made by Plaintiff, medical records, documentation between agents and claims department, and computer print-outs of incident information stored on computer data base(s), including any and all computer claims log(s) and notes.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 26:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, vague and ambiguous to the extent it seeks "the adjusting claims file(s)", and overbroad to the extent it seeks any information unrelated to Defendant's handling of Plaintiff's claim. To the extent it seeks information unrelated to Defendant's handling of Plaintiff's claim, Defendant objects to this Request as the requested documents have no bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. As such, this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1 as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 27:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications that are used by your personnel for reference, training, and guidelines for solicitation of underinsured motorist policies from customers.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 27:



Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications" and "solicitation of underinsured motorist policies". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as these documents do not relate in any way to the issues sin this litigation – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. As such, this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 28:

Please produce Defendant's policies, procedures, manuals or other training for evaluating claims including but not limited to any and all training courses given or required for Defendant's Claims Adjusters that were taken within 5 years prior to the claim in question through the present time.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 28:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad in scope, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "policies, procedures, manuals or other training". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as materials related to Defendant's "policies, procedures, manuals or other training" are intended to provide guidance but each claim is handled on its own merits. Defendant further objects on the grounds that the request seeks information that is confidential, sensitive, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant does not have claims "manuals" but rather provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool. Defendant will produce only upon execution of a Confidentiality and Protective Order executed by all parties and entered by the Court (see proposed Order, attached hereto), the KD materials relating to evaluation of UM claims in Nevada for the subject time period. Defendant objects to producing "any and all training

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1 courses given or required" as patently overbroad and unduly burdensome.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 29:

Please produce any and all documents and items relied upon by Defendant in evaluating the claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 29:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is vague and overbroad to the extent it seeks "all documents" relied upon by Defendant in "evaluating the claim". Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 30:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications including, but not limited to, correspondence, e-mails, reports, memos, audio recordings, visual recordings and statements, provided to any person or entity related to medical opinions concerning Plaintiff including, but not limited to, regarding record reviews.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 30:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is vague and overbroad to the extent it seeks "any and all documents provided to any person or entity", and is not limited in scope in any way. Defendant also objects to this request to the extent is seeks documents protected by the attorney-client privilege and work product doctrine. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: With regard to the claim made basis of this suit, responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 31:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications including, but not limited to, correspondence, e-mails, reports, memos, audio recordings, visual recordings and statements, received from to any person or entity related to medical opinions concerning Plaintiff including, but not limited to, regarding record reviews.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 31:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is vague and overbroad to the extent it seeks "any and all documents provided to any person or entity", and is not limited in scope in any way. Defendant also objects to this request to the extent is seeks documents protected by the attorney-client privilege and work product doctrine. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: With regard to the claim made basis of this suit, responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 32:

With respect to any vendor or medical provider providing an opinion concerning Plaintiff's injuries, treatment or medical costs, please provide a copy of reports and invoices generated by that vendor or medical provider for you in the five (5) years preceding your use of such vendor or medical provider on Plaintiff's claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 32:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks "reports" and "invoices" for matters completely unrelated to the instant suit, and which relate solely to the claims of other non-party insureds. Defendant will not produce such documents. Defendant also objects to this Request as overbroad as it seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: with regards to Plaintiff's claim made basis

of this suit, documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services* Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1 as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 33:

Please produce any and all documents informing the Plaintiff that he has not complied or cooperated with any provision of the policy.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 33:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks "all documents". Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 34:

Please produce the personnel files of each employee, manager, supervisor or other agent who was involved, had supervisory capacity over the Plaintiff's claim or audited the Plaintiff's claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 34:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is overbroad in scope and time, burdensome to the extent it seeks "personnel files" of employees "involved" with "Plaintiff's claim" without any limitation as to time or scope, and vague and/or ambiguous as to the terms "personnel file". Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiffs' claims for breach of contract or tortious bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiffs' claim was properly handled. Moreover, this request explicitly seeks confidential and sensitive information of

USAA's employees. USAA further objects to the extent this request seeks business information

that is confidential and/or proprietary.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 35:

4 5 through the present, relating to any of the personnel involved in handling, taking action, or reviewing of the Plaintiff's claim. For the purpose of this request, quality assurance audit means

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any review of claims files to assess the quality of work done by claims handlers or adjusters.

Please produce any and all quality assurance audits in the five (5) years prior to the claim

USAA objects to this request on the grounds that it assumes and misstates facts, is vague

and ambiguous as to the term "quality insurance audits ...relating to . . .personnel", is overly

broad, burdensome, oppressive and intended only to harass. Defendant objects to this request in

that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiffs' claims for breach of contract or bad

faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case as any action by USAA on any

other claims does not generally speak to whether Plaintiffs' claim was properly handled or

whether the insurance policy was breached by Defendant. Any such matter, with no nexus to the

harm alleged by Plaintiffs with regard to their claims under the subject policy, is irrelevant and the

request is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See State

Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell, 538 US 4087 (2003). USAA objects to the extent that

this request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege and the work product

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 35:

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doctrine.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 36:

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Please produce any and all copies of documents that reference bonus programs or employee award programs applicable to any and all departments or sections involved in the

handling of the Plaintiff's claim for five (5) years prior to the claim through the present.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 36:

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claims for breach of contract or tortious bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of

time, and is vague and/or ambiguous as to the terms "bonus and/or incentive programs".

Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiffs'

USAA objects to this request as it assumes and misstates facts, is overbroad in scope and

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the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiffs' claim was properly handled.

Subject to the forgoing objections, USAA has a company wide incentive program not specifically tied to payment or non-payment of claims. Since at least 2014, Defendant's Board of Directors has approved a holiday bonus that is paid to all employees in December of each year. Employees who are actively employed at the end of November receive an amount equal to their then-current bi-weekly base pay, prorated for any partial period of employment. Employees who are actively employed for less than the entire preceding year receive a pro rata amount, based upon the number of months they have been employed. Additionally, since at least 2014, Defendant's Board of Directors has awarded an enterprise-wide performance bonus paid in February of the following year. In order to be eligible for the bonus, employees must have been hired prior to October and still employed as of February (or retired from USAA on or after January) of the payment year. With limited exceptions noted below, every employee working with USAA, regardless of job title, job duties, or job location, received a bonus equal to a percentage of their eligible earnings. Employees whose individual performance required a form of corrective action during the year may have received a reduced bonus or no bonus at all.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 37:

Please produce any and all copies of documents referring to goals, targets or objectives established for claim payments, loss ratios, combined loss ratios, settlement goals, timing of settlements, percentage of cases to resolve prelitigation or percentage of cases to take to trial.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 37:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks documents related to "goals", "targets" or "objectives" related to "claim payments", "loss ratios", "combined loss ratios", "settlement goals", "timing of settlements", "percentages of cases to resolve prelitigation" and "percentage of cases to take to trial" without any limitation as to time or scope. Defendant objects to this Request as overbroad as it seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those

matters relevant to the insurance claim made the basis of this suit.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 38:

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offers and/or reserves compared to verdicts and/or judgements for five (5) years prior to the

seeks documents related to "settlement offers" and/or "reserves" for matters unrelated to the

instant suit without any limitation as to time or scope. Defendant objects to this Request as

overbroad as it seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party,

nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only

those matters relevant to the insurance claim made the basis of this suit. Finally, Defendant

objects to this request to the extent it seeks document protected by the attorney/client privilege

Please produce any and all deposition transcripts or trial testimony transcripts of any of the

Objection. This request is unduly burdensome and overly broad in time and scope. This

request seeks information that is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter

and is disproportional to the needs of the case. The request is also overbroad as to geography, and

to the extent it seeks information regarding claims and non-parties other than the claim at issue in

this litigation. As presently worded, the information sought by the Request is not relevant to the

claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. The existence of

unrelated "bad faith suits" against Defendant and Defendant's testimony regarding the same, will

Please produce any and all documents referencing, discussing or analyzing settlement

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is overbroad and burdensome to the extent it

5 | Plaintiff's claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 38:

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 39:

handling of uninsured or underinsured claim(s).

and/or work product doctrines.

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17 Defendant's officers or personnel, since January 1, 2010, in any suit relating to bad faith claims

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 39:

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neither prove nor disprove any alleged improper actions of Defendant in the handling of Plaintiff's

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

1 | claim. Defendant will not produce these documents.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 40:

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Please produce any and all copies of any regulatory actions, including but not limited to suspension or revocation proceedings, Market Conduct Examinations, Cease and Desist Orders, Consent Orders, Reports of Examinations, Corrective Orders or Corrective Action Plans relating to Defendant's uninsured or underinsured insurance coverage, from January 1, 2010 to present.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 40:

Defendant objects to this request on the grounds that it assumes facts, is overbroad and unduly burdensome in that it seeks information that is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is disproportional to the needs of the case. Defendant further objects to this request on the grounds that it is overly broad in time, scope and geography, and because it is not reasonably tailored to include only matters relevant to the handling of the claims which form the basis of this suit. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by Plaintiff herein with regard to its claims under the subject policies, is irrelevant and the request is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell, 538 US 4087 (2003). In addition, regulatory matters are not probative of any issue in this case. Additionally, Defendant objects to this request to the extent it seeks the private and personal information of other insureds of Defendant or the confidential information of Defendant. Further, Defendant objects to the extent that this inquiry seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege and the work product doctrine. Finally, this request seeks information which is a matter of public record and can be independently obtained by Plaintiff without requiring Defendant to compile the information. Based on all of the above, no further response will be provided.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 41:

Please produce any and all company newsletters designed to inform employees of industry or company news or developments related to uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage or policies in Nevada since January 1, 2001.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 41:

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Objection. This request assumes facts, is vague and ambiguous as to the term "newsletters", and is unduly burdensome and overly broad in that it seeks information that is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is disproportional to the needs of the case. The request is also overbroad to the extent it seeks the production of internal newsletters, unrelated to this litigation, for a period of almost 20 years; i.e., January 1, 2001 to present. As presently worded, the information sought by the Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 42:

Please produce any and all transcripts and recordings of speeches or presentations in any form whatsoever, including Power Point presentation materials, overheads, slides, on the subject of uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage in since January 1, 2010.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 42:

Objection. This request is unduly burdensome and overly broad in that it seeks information that is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is disproportional to the needs of the case. The request is also overbroad and unduly burdensome to the extent it seeks the production of "transcripts" and "recordings" of "speeches or presentations" for a period of almost 10 years; i.e., January 1, 2010 to present and is patently overbroad and harassing.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 43:

Please produce any and all advertisements or other marketing materials (including but not limited to brochures and/or video) issued by Defendant in Nevada or available on any website and pertaining to uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage, since January 1, 2010.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 43:

Objection. Defendant objects to this request as it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. There are no allegations within the Plaintiff's complaint regarding advertisements, nor did the Plaintiff allege any reliance upon

such advertisements. Additionally, this request is overly broad in scope and time, and responding

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1 would be unduly burdensome. No documents will be produced. **REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 44:** 2 Please produce any and all copies of any reinsurance or co-insurance agreements, and all 3 the terms and conditions thereof, between Defendant and any other entity, relating to the 4 5 policy(ies) at issue. **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 44:** 6 Defendant objects to this Request in that it is overbroad and neither relevant to the claims 7 8 or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. DATED this 7th day of August, 2020. 9 10 LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 11 By /s/ Priscilla L. O'Briant 12 ROBERT W. FREEMAN 13 Nevada Bar No. 3062 PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT Nevada Bar No. 010171 14 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 15 Telephone: 702.893.3383 Fax: 702.893.3789 16 Attorneys for Defendant United Services 17 Automobile Association 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE			
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), A.O. 14-2 and N.E.F.C.R. 9, I certify that I am an employee of			
3	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP, and that on this 7^{th} day of August, 2020, I di			
4	cause a true and correct copy of DEFENDANT UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE			
5	ASSOCIATION'S RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR			
6	PRODUCTION in Clark County District Court Case No. A-19-790757-C, to be served by			
7	electronic service with the Eighth Judicial District Court filing system to the parties on the			
8	Electronic Service List addressed as follows:			
9	Jordan P. Schnitzer, Esq. THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM 9205 W. Russell Road, Ste. 240			
11	Las Vegas, NV 89148 Tel: (702) 960-4050 Fax: (702) 960-4092			
13	Attorney for Plaintiff			
14				
15				
16	By /s/ Anne Cordell Anne Cordell, an Employee of			
17	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP			
18	Email: Anne.cordell@lewisbrisbois.com			
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1	ROBERT W. FREEMAN			
	Nevada Bar No. 3062			
2	Robert.Freeman@lewisbrisbois.com PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT			
3	Nevada Bar No. 010171			
	Priscilla.OBriant@lewisbrisbois.com			
4	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP			
5	6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118			
	702.893.3383			
6	FAX: 702.893.3789			
7	Attorneys for Defendant United Services Automobile Association			
	Automobile Association			
8	DISTRIC	T COURT		
9	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA			
10				
11	JOHN ROBERTS, an individual,	CASE NO. A-19-790757-C		
12	Dlointiff	Dept. No.: IV		
12	Plaintiff,	STIPULATED CONFIDENTIALITY		
13	vs.	AGREEMENT AND PROTECTIVE		
	LINITED GEDVICES ALTEOMODILE	ORDER		
14	UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION, an unincorporated entity			
15	and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange with			
	members residing in the State of Nevada;			
16	DOES 1 through 10; and ROE CORPORATIONS 11 through 25, inclusive,			
17	CORFORATIONS 11 unlough 23, inclusive,			
	Defendants.			
18				
19				
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20	In order to protect the confidentiality of certain information obtained by the parties herein			
21	Plaintiff JOHN ROBERTS ("Plaintiff") and D	Defendant UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE		
22	ASSOCIATION ("USAA" or "Defendant"), hereby enter the following Stipulated Confidentiality			
23	Agreement and Protective Order ("Protective Order"):			
24	1. This Stipulated Confidentiality	Agreement and Protective Order ("Protective		
25	Order") shall govern the use and treatment of int	formation, documents, testimony or other tangible		
- 1	.I			

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things produced in this action by any party hereto, as well as discovery and document production

from third parties, in the above-referenced action. The nature of this Protective Order is to protect

Defendant's respective member and business interests in its own intellectual property,

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information, and processes. The insurance, banking, and investment industries are highly competitive markets, and disclosure of Defendant's trade secrets, confidential or proprietary information could cause irreparable and significant harm to the Defendant and its members. This Protective Order is intended to prevent this foreseeable harm and any related unforeseeable harm.

- 2. As used in this Protective Order, the terms "Party" or "Parties" shall include the Plaintiff and the Defendant, and each of their employees, agents, representatives, and attorneys (including both outside counsel and inside counsel).
- 3. As used in this Protective Order, the term "Person(s)" shall include any "Party" or non-party to this action, whether an individual, corporation, partnership, company, unincorporated association, governmental agency, or other business or governmental entity.
- As used in this Protective Order, the term "Confidential Material" or "Confidential 4. Document" shall refer to any and all documents or other materials produced in response to Requests for Production of Documents as well as any confidential or proprietary documents, data, or any information or documents provided in response to other written discovery requests, interrogatory answers or deposition testimony, that contains: (1) information which any party or non-party believes in good faith to be a trade secret, proprietary information or confidential research, development, commercial, or other proprietary business information within the meaning of Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c)(1)(G); and (2) documents and/or testimony that may reveal confidential, proprietary, personal, or commercially sensitive information. Such Confidential Material may be contained in any written, printed, recorded, or graphic matter of any kind and shall retain its confidential designation regardless of the medium on which it is produced, reproduced, or stored. Confidential Material includes all documents or information derived from Confidential Material, including excerpts, copies or summaries of Confidential Material. Any party or non-party may designate as Confidential Material (including interrogatory answers) any information or document or other items with a watermark or legend as indicated in paragraphs 8 or 9 below.
- 5. As used in this Protective Order, the term "Discovering Party" shall mean the Party who has requested the production of documents, information, testimony or other material designated as Confidential Material under this Protective Order.

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- 6. As used in this Protective Order, the term "Producing Party" shall mean the Party who has produced documents designated as Confidential Material under this Protective Order.
- 7. It is the purpose of this Protective Order that Defendant will be provided reasonable assurance that:
- (a) The documents produced by the Defendant, whether jointly or individually, will be used solely and exclusively for the purpose of this specific litigation only and for no other purpose;
- (b) The documents produce by the Defendant, whether jointly or individually, will not be used for commercial purposes, including but without limitation, any business, competitive or educational purpose;
- (c) The documents produced by the Defendant, whether jointly or individually, will not be used for any non-litigation purposes; and
- (d) Such information shall not be disclosed or disseminated to any person, organization, business, governmental body or administrative agency unless ordered by the Court.

Defendant is relying on this Protective Order, and would not have produced the documents and information otherwise. Defendant's production under this Protective Order does not admit or concede the documents or information are relevant or admissible in this litigation.

- 8. Any party or non-party may designate information contained in a document as Confidential Material, the designating party shall mark each page of the document with the word "CONFIDENTIAL" and identify such Confidential Material at the time of production. Confidential Information may be used in the course of depositions in accordance with this Protective Order. Where a document or response consists of more than one page, the first page and each page on which Confidential Material appears shall be so designated.
- 9. Defendant may designate any information, document, testimony or other tangible thing disclosed during a deposition, in response to written discovery, or otherwise in connection with this litigation as Confidential Material by so indicating in said response, or on the record at the deposition and requesting the preparation of a separate transcript of such material. Documents

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may be designated Confidential Material by affixing the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" to each item or document page. Deposition testimony and/or exhibits may be designated Confidential Material either by: (a) stating on the record of the deposition that such deposition, or portion thereof, or exhibit is confidential; or (b) stating in writing served upon counsel of record within thirty (30) days after receipt of the deposition transcript and exhibits that such deposition, or portion thereof, or exhibit is confidential. Transcripts and exhibits from any deposition or hearing shall be temporarily designated as Confidential Material and be treated as subject to the terms of this Protective Order, until counsel for Defendant notifies all other parties of the pages of the transcripts or exhibits which shall remain designated as Confidential Material. If no designation is made within thirty (30) days, the entire transcript and all exhibits will be deemed not confidential. Any other party may object to such proposal, in writing or on the record. Upon such objection, the parties shall follow the procedures described in paragraph 10 below. After any designation made according to the procedure set forth in this paragraph, the designated documents or information shall be treated according to the Confidential designation until the matter is resolved according to the procedures described in paragraph 10 below, and counsel for all parties shall be responsible for making all previously unmarked copies of the designated material in their possession or control with the specified designation.

- 10. Except with the prior written consent of other parties, or upon prior order of this Court obtained upon notice to opposing counsel, Confidential Material may only be copied, disclosed, discussed, or inspected, in whole or in part, only for the purposes of this litigation only by the following persons and shall not be disclosed to any person other than:
- (a) counsel of record for the respective parties to this litigation, in-house counsel and co-counsel retained for this litigation;
- (b) personnel who are directly employed or contracted by the attorneys in (a) above or their respective firms and who are assisting the attorneys working on this action;
- (c) any officer or employee of a party, to the extent deemed necessary by Counsel for the prosecution or defense of this litigation;
 - (d) consultants or expert witnesses retained for the prosecution or defense of

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this litigation, provided that each such person is provided with a copy of this Protective Order and shall agree in writing to be bound thereto by executing a copy of the Acknowledgement annexed to this Order as Exhibit "A" (which shall be retained by counsel to the party so disclosing the Confidential Material and made available for inspection by opposing counsel during the pendency or after the termination of the action only upon good cause shown and upon order of the Court) before being shown or given any Confidential Material;

- (e) any authors or recipients of the Confidential Material;
- (f) any person who is expected to testify as a witness either at a deposition or court proceeding in this action for the purpose of assisting in his/her preparation therefore, and any other person to whom the dissemination of the document is deemed necessary by any party in preparation for trial (other than persons described in paragraph 4(e)). A witness shall be provided with a copy of this Protective Order to review and shall sign the Acknowledgement annexed hereto before being shown or given access to Confidential Material. Confidential Material may be disclosed to a witness who will not sign the Acknowledgement only in a deposition at which the party who designated the Confidential Material is represented or has been given notice that Confidential Material shall be designated "Confidential" pursuant to paragraph 2 above. Witnesses shown Confidential Material shall not be allowed to retain copies in any form;
- (g) Court personnel, including court reporters engaged in such proceedings as are necessarily incidental to the preparation or trial of this lawsuit;
- (h) any mediator or arbitrator selected with the consent of all parties or by the Court.
- 11. Any persons receiving Confidential Material shall not reveal or discuss such information to or with any person who is not entitled to receive such information, except as set forth herein.
- 12. Any designating party may elect to designate certain Confidential Material of a highly confidential and/or proprietary nature as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL-ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY" (hereinafter "Attorney's Eyes Only Material"), in the manner described in paragraphs 8 and 9 above. Attorney's Eyes Only Material, and the information contained therein,

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27 28 may be disclosed to only those persons described in subparagraphs 10(a), (d), and (g)-(h) above, and shall not be disclosed to a party, or to an officer, director or employee of a party, unless otherwise agreed or ordered. If disclosure of Attorney's Eyes Only Material is made pursuant to this paragraph, all other provisions in this order with respect to confidentiality shall also apply. If a party objects to materials designated "Highly Confidential-Attorneys & Experts Only," the objecting party may follow the procedure set forth in paragraph 16 herein to remove such designation.

13. Prior to filing any document identified as Confidential Material, the party that intends to file with the Court pleadings or other papers containing or referring to Confidential Material shall notify the designating party at least ten (10) days prior to filing the designated The designating party will then make a good faith determination whether the document. document(s) meet the standard for sealing as set forth in the Ninth Circuit's directives in Kamakana v. City and County of Honolulu, 447 F.3d 1172 (9th Cir. 2006). To the extent the designating party does not believe the relevant standard for sealing can be met, it shall indicate that the document may be filed publicly no later than seven (7) days after receiving notice of the intended filing. To the extent the designating party believes the relevant standard for sealing can be met, it shall provide a declaration supporting that assertion no later than seven (7) days after receiving notice of the intended filing. The filing party shall take all reasonable steps to file documents as "Confidential" under seal and attach the declaration of the designating party to its motion to seal the designated material. If the designating party fails to provide such a declaration in support of the motion to seal, the filing party shall file a motion to seal so indicating and the Court may order the document filed in the public record.

In the event of an emergency motion, the above procedures shall not apply. Instead, the movant shall file a motion to seal and the designating party shall file a declaration in support of that motion to seal within three (3) days of its filing. If the designating party fails to timely file such a declaration, the Court may order the document filed in the public record.

14. Any party filing Confidential Material or motions to seal shall comply with this Protective Order and LR 10-5.

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- 15. A party may designate as Confidential Material documents or discovery materials produced by a non-party by providing written notice to all parties of the relevant document numbers or other identification within thirty (30) days after receiving such documents or discovery materials. Any party or non-party may voluntarily disclose to others without restriction any information designated by that party or non-party as Confidential Material, although a document may lose its protected status if it is made public.
- 16. If any Party disagrees with the designation of materials marked "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential-Attorneys Eyes Only", the objecting party shall within five (5) days of receipt of the materials, provide written notice of the disagreement to the Defendant, requesting a meeting to confer with counsel for Defendant to resolve the dispute over the designation. If the dispute over the designation is not resolved informally between the parties, Defendant will file a motion with the Court to resolve the dispute regarding the "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential-Attorneys Eyes Only" designation. Defendant will have 30 days from the date in which the parties meet and confer regarding the dispute over the designation, in which to file a motion with the court regarding the designation. In any event, unless and until a Court ruling is obtained changing a designation, or the designating party agrees otherwise in writing, the material involved shall be treated according to the existing Confidential Material designation.
- 17. Notwithstanding any challenge to the designation of material as Confidential Material, all documents shall be treated as Confidential and shall be subject to the provisions hereof unless and until one of the following occurs:
- the party or non-party claims that the material is Confidential Material (a) withdraws such designation in writing; or
- (b) the party or non-party who claims that the material is Confidential Material fails to apply to the Court for an order designating the material confidential within the time period specified in paragraph 10 after receipt of a written challenge to such designation; or

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- the Court rules the material is not confidential. (c)
- 18. This Protective Order survives the end of the above-styled litigation. All

provisions of this Protective Order restricting the communication or use of Confidential Material shall continue to be binding after the conclusion of this action, unless otherwise agreed or ordered. Upon final settlement or conclusion of this action, a party in the possession of Confidential Material, other than that which is contained in pleadings, correspondence, and deposition transcripts (with the exception of exhibits therein), shall either:

- (a) return such documents no later than thirty (30) days after the final settlement or termination of this action to counsel for the party or non-party who provided such information, or
- (b) destroy such documents within the time period upon consent of the producing party and certify in writing within thirty (30) days that the documents have been destroyed.

The party in possession of Confidential Material shall return or destroy all Confidential Material as specified above, including all copies, notes, tapes, papers and any other medium containing, summarizing, excerpting, or otherwise embodying any Confidential Material. The party shall be entitled to destroy, rather than return (a) any Confidential Material stored in or by data processing equipment, and (b) work-product memoranda embodying Confidential Material, subject to privilege under State Bar rules, and confirm in writing to the producing party its compliance with this section.

- 19. The Confidential Material shall not be published or reproduced in any manner on the internet, blogs, bulletin boards, email, newspapers, magazines, bulletins, or other media available publicly or privately. Likewise, persons may not verbally share the Confidential Material to any persons or entities not listed in subsections 10(a)-(h).
- 20. The parties agree to limit dissemination of any Confidential Material as set forth in this Protective Order and are materially relying on the representations and covenants contained herein.
- 21. In the event that Confidential Material is inadvertently produced without designating such documents or information as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential-Attorneys Eyes Only" within the time periods established in this Protective Order, any party or nonparty

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shall properly designate such documents or information as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential-Attorneys Eyes Only," and the parties shall be bound by such designations pursuant to the terms of this Protective Order, but shall not be deemed to be in breach of this Protective Order by reason of any use or disclosure of such Confidential Material that occurred prior to notification of the correct designation. Inadvertent production of such documents or information in this case without designation as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential-Attorneys Eyes Only" shall not be deemed a waiver, in whole or in part, of any party's claim to confidentiality of such documents or information, either as to the specific information disclosed or as to any other information relating to the subject matter of the information disclosed.

- 22. Confidential Material designated by Defendant shall be used only for the purposes of prosecuting or defending this action. Under no circumstances shall information or materials covered by this Protective Order be disclosed to or discussed with anyone other than the individuals designated in paragraph 10.
- 23. The terms of this Order do not preclude, limit, restrict, or otherwise apply to the use of documents at trial.
- 24. Nothing herein shall be deemed to waive any applicable privilege or work-product protection, or to affect the ability of a party to seek relief for an inadvertent disclosure of material protected by privilege or work product protection.
- 25. If any party receives a subpoena from a nonparty to this Protective Order seeking production or other disclosure of Confidential Material, it shall refuse to produce any Confidential Material under the authority of this Protective Order and shall immediately give written notice to counsel for the designating party, identifying the Confidential Material sought and enclosing a copy of the subpoena.
- 26. Any witness or other person, firm or entity from which discovery is sought may be informed of and may obtain the protection of this Order by written advice to the parties; respective counsel or by oral advice at the time of any deposition or similar proceeding.
- 27. The parties stipulate that this Court shall retain jurisdiction over them and any person to whom Confidential Material is disclosed to the extent necessary to enforce the terms of

this Protective Order. Any party, including attorneys of record, and outside consultants and experts retained in this action, who violates this Order, including but not limited to unauthorized disclosure of Confidential Material or Confidential Documents, is subject to sanctions, including but not limited to, dismissal of claims or defenses, civil contempt, damages, assessment of reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees incurred by the person whose Confidential Material was disclosed in violation of this Order, and/or any other sanction deemed appropriate by the Court. Disclosure of confidential material in violation of this order will also entitle a party to recover all damages proximately flowing from the violation, including attorneys' fees expended in the enforcement of this order. Upon an alleged violation of this Protective Order, the Court on its own motion or on the motion of any party may grant relief as it deems appropriate in law or equity.

- 28. Should any provision of this Stipulation be struck or held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, all remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect.
- 29. The documents and information at issue do not involve the public health and safety, a public entity, or issues important to the general public.
- 30. The terms of this Protective Order are subject to modification, extension or limitation as may be hereinafter agreed to by the parties in writing or as ordered by the Court. Any modifications, extensions or limitations agreed to in writing by the parties shall be deemed effective pending approval by the Court.

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1	31. No modifications of this Protective Order or waiver of its provisions will be				
2	binding upon the parties, unless made in writing by the parties.				
3	Dated this day of August, 2020	Dated this day of August, 2020			
4	Attorneys for Plaintiff	Attorneys for Defendant:			
5					
6	Jordan P. Schnitzer	Robert W. Freeman			
7	State Bar No. 10744 The Schnitzer Law Firm	State Bar No. 3062 Priscilla L. O'Briant			
8	9205 W. Russell Rd., Suite 240 Las Vegas, Nevada 89148	State Bar No. 10171 Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard & Smith, LLP			
9		6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118			
10		Las vegas, Nevada 69116			
11					
12	ORDER				
13	IT IS SO ORDERED.				
14		Dated this day of, 2020.			
15		Dated this, 2020.			
16					
17		DISCOVERY COMMISSIONER			
18		DISTRICT COURT JUDGE			
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LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

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EXHIBIT A 1 2 ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT AND AGREEMENT TO COMPLY WITH STIPULATED CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT AND 3 PROTECTIVE ORDER , have reviewed carefully the Stipulated Confidentiality 4 5 Agreement And Protective Order ("Protective Order") concerning the treatment of confidential or 6 proprietary information, or other commercially sensitive or personally sensitive information of a 7 non-public nature ("Confidential Material") executed by the parties in the above-captioned case, 8 and its significance has been explained to me by counsel. I agree to be bound by the terms of the 9 Protective Order, and to treat as confidential and not to disclose Confidential Material to any 10 person who is not authorized to receive that information under the Protected Order. I hereby 11 consent to the jurisdiction of that Court for the purposes of enforcing that Protective Order. 12 13 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the 14 foregoing is true and correct. 15 **16** 17 **SIGNATURE** 18 PRINTED NAME 19 20 21 ADDRESS 22 23 TELEPHONE NUMBER 24 25 **26**

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 27

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ELECTRONICALLY SERVED 8/7/2020 2:44 PM

- 1					
1	ROBERT W. FREEMAN				
2	Nevada Bar No. 3062 Robert.Freeman@lewisbrisbois.com PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT Nevada Bar No. 010171				
3					
4	Priscilla.OBriant@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP				
5	6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118				
6	702.893.3383 FAX: 702.893.3789				
7	Attorneys for Defendant United Services Automobile Association				
8	DISTRICT COURT				
9	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA				
10					
11	JOHN ROBERTS, an individual,	CASE NO. A-19-790757-C Dept. No.: IV			
12	Plaintiff,	DEFENDANT UNITED SERVICES			
13	vs.	AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION'S			
14	UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE	RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION			
15	ASSOCIATION, an unincorporated entity and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange with				
16	members residing in the State of Nevada; DOES 1 through 10; and ROE				
17	CORPORATIONS 11 through 25, inclusive,				
18	Defendants.				
19		I			
	COMES NOW Defendant, UNITED	SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION			
20	(hereinafter "Defendant"), by and through its co	ounsel of record, the law firm LEWIS BRISBOIS			
21	BISGAARD & SMITH, LLP, and hereby Re	esponds to Plaintiff's First Set of Requests for			
22	Admission to Defendant United Services Automo	obile Association as follows:			
23	PRELIMINARY	OBJECTIONS			
24					
25	The following general objections are incorporated into each response below as if set forth therein in full:				
26		s to the extent that they seek information which			
27	1. Defendant objects to the requests to the extent that they seek information which				
28	contains or relates to confidential communication	ons between attorney and client on the ground of			

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LIP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

EWIS RISBOIS attorney-client privilege. To the extent the requests are so vague and ambiguous that they can be interpreted to call for privileged or protected information, Defendant interprets these requests so as not to call for any privileged or protected information. In the event any privileged information is inadvertently provided, that shall not be construed as a waiver of the applicable privilege(s).

- 2. Defendant objects to the requests to the extent they seek information which contains or relates to research, investigation, or analysis under the supervision and direction of its attorneys, or was made in anticipation of or preparation for litigation, on the grounds that such information is protected by the work product doctrine.
- 3. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent that they seek information which is neither relevant nor likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.
- 4. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they are premature, unduly burdensome, ambiguous, vague, overly broad in scope and time, oppressive or harassing at this stage of the litigation. Discovery may supply additional facts which may lead to substantial additions to, changes in, and variations from the responses set forth herein.
- 5. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they call for any confidential and/or proprietary information.
- 6. Defendant does not concede the relevance or materiality of any information requested or provided or of the subject matter to which such information refers. Defendant's responses are provided subject to and without waiving any objections as to the competence, relevance, materiality or admissibility as evidence or for any other purpose, of any of the information referred to in these responses, or of the subject matter covered by these responses, in any subsequent proceeding including the trial of this action or of any other action.

Subject to the general objections made above, Defendant responds to each Request as follows:

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 1:

Admit that you issued a policy of insurance identified by policy no. 00562 55 57U 7101 3 to JOHN ROBERTS.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 1:

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REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 2:

Admit that the above identified policy was in full force and effect on May 9, 2014.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 2:

Admit.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 3:

Admit that JOHN ROBERTS timely paid the premiums for the above identified policy.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 3:

Defendant admits that premiums for USAA policy number 00562 55 57U 7101 3 had been paid and the policy was in force and valid on the day of the subject accident.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 4:

Admit that \$46,000.00 was an undisputed amount owed to Plaintiff on May 9, 2014.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 4:

Deny.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 5:

Admit that you did not complete an evaluation of Plaintiff's claim within thirty (30) days of receiving the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 5:

Objection. This Request is vague, argumentative, lacks context and mischaracterizes facts. Subject to and without waiving the objection, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant admits that it received notice of Plaintiff's claim arising from the subject accident on May 10, 2014. Defendant further admits it conducted a reasonable and thorough investigation of the claim and that due in part to Plaintiff's counsel's refusal to timely provide information; including medical records for Plaintiff's multiple prior motor vehicle accidents, evaluation of Plaintiff's claim continued up until the time Defendant was placed on notice that Plaintiff had filed suit against Defendant; and continues as the parties litigate this matter.

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LIP $\parallel / / /$

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 6.

Admit that you have a duty to fully, fairly and promptly evaluate claims.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 6:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 7:

Admit that you have a duty to pay all claim amounts not in dispute.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO 7:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 8:

Admit an insurance company should pay a claim where its liability under the policy is reasonably clear.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 8:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 9:

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Admit an insurance company should reasonably assist the insured in presenting the claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 9:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 10:

Admit an insurance company should pay a first party claim where its liability under the policy is reasonably clear.

RESPONSE TO ADMISSION NO. 10:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 11:

Admit an insurance company should pay a claim where its liability under the policy is reasonably clear.

RESPONSE TO ADMISSION NO. 11:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP

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evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 12:

Admit an insurance company should conduct a prompt, fair and thorough investigation.

RESPONSE TO ADMISSION NO. 12:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. Subject to and without waiving the objection, Defendant responds as follows: This Request is vague, argumentative, lacks context and mischaracterizes facts. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 13:

Admit an insurance company must search for and consider evidence that supports payment of benefits in a first party claim.

RESPONSE TO ADMISSION NO. 13:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 14:

Admit an insurance company may not withhold insurance benefits in a first party claim based upon speculation.

RESPONSE TO ADMISSION NO. 14:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law.

NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without

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application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. Subject to and without waiving the objection, Defendant responds as follows: This Request is vague, argumentative, lacks context and mischaracterizes facts. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 15:

Admit interest accrues pursuant to NRS 99.040 beginning 30 days after the claim should have been paid. (See NAC 686A.665).

RESPONSE TO ADMISSION NO. 15:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. Subject to and without waiving the objection, Defendant responds as follows: This Request is vague, argumentative, lacks context and mischaracterizes facts. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 16:

Admit Plaintiff has cooperated and complied with all terms of the policy.

RESPONSE TO ADMISSION NO. 16:

Objection. This Request is vague, argumentative, lacks context and mischaracterizes facts. Finally, this request seeks admissions central to the lawsuit and/or legal concessions which are improper. See e.g. *Wilson v. Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.*, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 15640 (D. Nev. Feb. 8, 2016). Subject to and without waiving the objection, Defendant responds as follows: To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Plaintiff cooperated and complied with all terms of the policy, this Request is denied, as Plaintiff repeatedly failed to provide requested information including medical records necessary to fully evaluate Plaintiff's claim.

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REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 17:

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Admit you have not denied coverage because of non-compliance or non-cooperation with the policy.

RESPONSE TO ADMISSION NO. 17:

Objection. This Request is vague, argumentative, lacks context and mischaracterizes facts. Subject to and without waiving the objection, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant has not "denied coverage" to Plaintiff. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Plaintiff cooperated and complied with all terms of the policy, this Request is denied, as Plaintiff repeatedly failed to provide requested information including medical records necessary to fully evaluate Plaintiff's claim.

DATED this 7th day of August, 2020.

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP

/s/ Priscilla L. O'Briant By

ROBERT W. FREEMAN Nevada Bar No. 3062 PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT Nevada Bar No. 010171 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 Telephone: 702.893.3383 Fax: 702.893.3789

Attorneys for Defendant United Services

Automobile Association

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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), A.O. 14-2 and N.E.F.C.R. 9, I certify that I am an employee of		
3	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP, and that on this 7th day of August, 2020, I did		
4	cause a true and correct copy of DEFENDANT UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE		
5	ASSOCIATION'S RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR		
6	ADMISSION in Clark County District Court Case No. A-19-790757-C, to be served by electronic		
7	service with the Eighth Judicial District Court filing system to the parties on the Electronic Service		
8	List addressed as follows:		
9	Jordan P. Schnitzer, Esq. THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM 9205 W. Russell Road, Ste. 240		
11	Las Vegas, NV 89148 Tel: (702) 960-4050		
12	Fax: (702) 960-4092		
13	Attorney for Plaintiff		
14			
15			
16	By /s/ Anne Cordell Anne Cordell, an Employee of		
17	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP Email: Anne.cordell@lewisbrisbois.com		
18	Email: 1 mine. corden e le wisoriscom		
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1	ROBERT W. FREEMAN		
2	Nevada Bar No. 3062 Robert.Freeman@lewisbrisbois.com		
	PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT		
3	Nevada Bar No. 010171 Priscilla.OBriant@lewisbrisbois.com		
4	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600		
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383		
6	FAX: 702.893.3789		
7	Attorneys for Defendant United Services Automobile Association		
8	DISTRICT COURT		
9	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
10			
11	JOHN ROBERTS, an individual,	CASE NO. A-19-790757-C	
12	Plaintiff,	Dept. No.: IV	
13	vs.	DEFENDANT UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION'S	
		SUPPLEMENTAL ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES	
14	UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION, an unincorporated entity		
15	and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange with members residing in the State of Nevada;		
16	DOES 1 through 10; and ROE CORPORATIONS 11 through 25, inclusive,		
17			
18	Defendants.		
19	COMES NOW Defendant, UNITED	SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION	
20	(hereinafter "Defendant"), by and through its counsel of record, the law firm LEWIS BRISBOIS		
21	BISGAARD & SMITH, LLP, and hereby Answers Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories to		
22	Defendant United Services Automobile Association as follows:		
23	GENERAL INFORMATION		
24	These answers are made solely for the purpose of, and in relation to, this action. Each		
25	answer is given subject to all appropriate objections (including, but not limited to, objections		
26	concerning competency, relevancy, materiality, propriety, and admissibility) which would require		
27	the exclusion herein if made by a witness present and testifying in court. All such objections and		
28	grounds, therefore, are reserved and may be interposed at time of trial.		

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Except for the facts expressly admitted herein, no admission of any nature whatsoever is to be implied or inferred. The fact that an interrogatory herein has been answered should not be taken as an admission, or a confession of the existence of, any facts set forth or assumed by such interrogatory or that such an answer constitutes evidence of any fact thus far set forth or assumed. All answers must be constructed as given on the basis of present recollection.

The party on whose behalf these answers are given has not yet completed its investigation of the facts relating to this case, has not fully completed its discovery in this action, and has not yet completed its preparation for trial. All of the answers contained herein and documents identified are based upon such information and documents that are presently available or specifically known to the responding party. It is anticipated that further discovery, independent investigation, legal research, and analysis will supply additional facts and meaning to the known facts, as well as establish entirely new factual conclusions and legal contentions of and documents supporting said contentions. The following answers are given, without prejudice, to the answering party's right to produce evidence of any subsequently discovered facts or documents which answering party may later recall. This answering party reserves the right to change any and all answers as additional facts are ascertained, analysis is made, and documents are identified. The answers contained herein and the documents identified are made in a good faith effort to supply as much factual information and documentation identification as is presently known, but should in no way be to the prejudice of the answering party in relation to further discovery, research, or analysis.

INTERROGATORY NO. 1:

State the explanation of the basis in the insurance policy, with respect to the facts of Plaintiff's claim and the applicable law, for the offer of \$46,000 or denial of claim made on the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 1:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad, calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for the "basis" of Defendant's decisions with respect to the subject claim. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly

unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA's offer to settle the claim for \$46,000 considered Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations.

USAA considered medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of preexisting conditions, assigned a range of value for general damages of between \$38,240 to \$48,240,
and applied offsets totaling \$25,000 based on the provisions of the USAA policy. USAA applied
an offset of \$15,000 based on the policy provision that USAA shall reduce amounts otherwise
payable for damages under UM coverage by the greater of all sums paid because of the BI by or
on behalf of persons who may be legally responsible or the persons' BI Coverage limits; in this
case the tortfeasor carried BI coverage with each person limits of \$15,000. USAA applied an
offset of \$10,000 based on the policy provision that no covered person is entitled to receive
duplicate payments under the UM coverage for the same elements of loss which were paid under
another coverage of the policy; in this case, Plaintiff received \$10,000 under the medical payments
coverage of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement
this response as appropriate.

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INTERROGATORY NO. 2:

State the name, position, employer, last known address, social security number and date of birth, of every person known by you or any third-party administrator who either reviewed, investigated, or made any decision to accept, deny or pay any portion of the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 2:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, overbroad, vague and unduly burdensome in that its scope is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges and also calls for sensitive, personal information. Defendant further objects that the term "...reviewed, investigated, or made any decision"," is vague and overbroad. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: The persons who reviewed and evaluated Plaintiff's claim and participated in recommending the actions taken by Defendant with respect to Plaintiff's claim are Steven Lucent, Auto Examiner, and Deborah Springer, Manager, Claims Operations. both are employed by Defendant. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 3:

Please state the date that you began reviewing the subject claim and the date that you came to determination of its merits. This included a detailed explanation on how you believe you complied with NRS 686A.670.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 3:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad, calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Defendant further objects that the term "determination on its merits" is vague and overbroad. Defendant objects to the phrase "a detailed explanation of how you believe you complied with NRS 686A670" as vague and ambiguous, and not proportional to the needs of the case. Further, it is an improper attempt to shift Plaintiff's burden in this lawsuit. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering

1 party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

work product privilege. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant first received notice of the subject motor vehicle accident on May 10, 2014. Thereafter, Steven Lucent examined medical records and other documents related to the subject accident. He communicated with Plaintiff's attorney regarding the claim. He reviewed Plaintiff's demand for benefits under the policy, investigated Plaintiff's damages to determine whether the claimed injuries and associated medical treatment and expenses incurred were related to the subject accident and requested information to assist Defendant in making this determination. He then made offers based on the information reasonably known to Defendant at that time. Defendant was unable to come to a final "determination on the merits" due to Plaintiff's refusal to provide requested documents. Defendant continued to diligently review the claim and attempted to obtain necessary information to facilitate its review of Plaintiff's claim up until the date Defendant was notified of Plaintiff's filing the instant lawsuit on or around July 8, 2019 and will continue its investigation and evaluation during discovery in this litigation. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 4:

Please list all entities with which you had a contract to administer claims for Plaintiff's policies at issue and the dates those contracts were effective.

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ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 4:

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory in that it assumes facts, is vague and ambiguous as drafted, and that the information sought is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant has no contract "to administer claims for Plaintiff's policies at issue."

INTERROGATORY NO. 5:

Please state all facts that support your contention that the subject claim was valued at \$46,000 specifically explaining in detail how you arrived at your valuation of the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 5:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad, calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for the "basis" of Defendant's decisions with respect to the subject claim. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA does not "value" Plaintiff's claim at \$46,000, but based on the information available to USAA, USAA made an offer of \$46,000 to settle Plaintiff's claim. USAA's offer to settle the claim for \$46,000 considered Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that

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this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations.

USAA considered medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of preexisting conditions, assigned a range of value for general damages of between \$38,240 to \$48,240,
and applied offsets totaling \$25,000 based on the provisions of the USAA policy. USAA applied
an offset of \$15,000 based on the policy provision that USAA shall reduce amounts otherwise
payable for damages under UM coverage by the greater of all sums paid because of the BI by or
on behalf of persons who may be legally responsible or the persons' BI Coverage limits; in this
case the tortfeasor carried BI coverage with each person limits of \$15,000. USAA applied an
offset of \$10,000 based on the policy provision that no covered person is entitled to receive
duplicate payments under the UM coverage for the same elements of loss which were paid under
another coverage of the policy; in this case, Plaintiff received \$10,000 under the medical payments
coverage of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement
this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 6:

Please explain in detail every step you took to gather evidence in support of subject claim. state all facts that support your contention that the subject claim was valued at \$46,000 specifically explaining in detail how you arrived at your valuation of the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 6:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad, calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for the basis of Defendant's decisions with respect to the subject claim. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the

INTERROGATORY NO. 7:

Please state the names of all persons who were contacted to during the investigation of the subject claim.

answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA does not contend that Plaintiff's claim is valued at \$46,000, but based on the information available to USAA, USAA made an offer of \$46,000 to settle Plaintiff's claim. This offer was based on the information available to USAA at the time, and included consideration of Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations. USAA made multiple requests to Plaintiff for additional information and repeatedly requested a medical authorization to obtain additional information to complete its evaluation.

USAA considered medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of preexisting conditions, assigned a range of value for general damages of between \$38,240 to \$48,240,
and applied offsets totaling \$25,000 based on the provisions of the USAA policy. USAA applied
an offset of \$15,000 based on the policy provision that USAA shall reduce amounts otherwise
payable for damages under UM coverage by the greater of all sums paid because of the BI by or
on behalf of persons who may be legally responsible or the persons' BI Coverage limits; in this
case the tortfeasor carried BI coverage with each person limits of \$15,000. USAA applied an
offset of \$10,000 based on the policy provision that no covered person is entitled to receive
duplicate payments under the UM coverage for the same elements of loss which were paid under
another coverage of the policy; in this case, Plaintiff received \$10,000 under the medical payments
coverage of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement
this response as appropriate.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 7:

Objection. This interrogatory is overbroad, vague and ambiguous as to the phrase "all persons who were contacted to" and unduly burdensome in that it is not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant also objects that this interrogatory inappropriately requests Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation of Plaintiff's claim. Defendant further objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows:

INTERROGATORY NO. 8:

Explain in detail, how you arrived at your valuation of the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 8:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad, calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for the basis of Defendant's decisions with respect to the subject claim. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the

answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA contends that the \$46,000 offer to Plaintiff is not its "valuation" of the subject claim, but was an offer to settle the claim based on the information available to USAA at that time. This offer was based on the information available to USAA at the time, and included consideration of Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations. USAA made multiple requests to Plaintiff for additional information and repeatedly requested a medical authorization to obtain additional information to complete its evaluation.

USAA considered medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of preexisting conditions, assigned a range of value for general damages of between \$38,240 to \$48,240,
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an offset of \$15,000 based on the policy provision that USAA shall reduce amounts otherwise
payable for damages under UM coverage by the greater of all sums paid because of the BI by or
on behalf of persons who may be legally responsible or the persons' BI Coverage limits; in this
case the tortfeasor carried BI coverage with each person limits of \$15,000. USAA applied an
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duplicate payments under the UM coverage for the same elements of loss which were paid under
another coverage of the policy; in this case, Plaintiff received \$10,000 under the medical payments
coverage of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement
this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 9:

If you are using the "advice of counsel" defense in this action, please explain the factual basis of the defense.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 9:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, overbroad, vague and unduly burdensome in that its scope is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant further objects that the terms "advice of counsel defense" is vague, overbroad and are not reasonably tailored to include only matters relevant to the issues involved in this lawsuit. Defendant further objects to the extent this request seeks materials which are confidential, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets and/or matters protected by attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant is not asserting an advice of counsel defense at this time. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 10:

For each policy of automobile liability insurance issued to Plaintiff by you, please state the following:

- (a) the policy number assigned to each policy;
- (b) the effective dates of each policy;
- (c) the amount of the policy limits provided by each policy;
- (d) the total limits of all policies aggregated; for instance, if Plaintiff has a \$100,000 policy that can be aggregated with another policy which has limits of \$1,000,000, then Plaintiff would have total policy limits of \$1,100,000.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 10:

Objection. Defendant objects to this interrogatory on the grounds that it is overly broad in both time and scope. Defendant further objects the Request is unduly burdensome as its seeks information concerning Plaintiff's own policy for which Plaintiff has equal access to information. Defendant further objects that the Request improperly poses a hypothetical which is not reasonably tailored to include only matters relevant to the issues involved in this lawsuit and for which Defendant has no obligation to respond. Finally, the information sought is contained within Plaintiff's policy, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this

Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Plaintiff's policy, Bates USAA000001POL to USAA000042POL, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA issued was insured Nevada Auto Policy, Policy No. 00562 55 57U 7101 3 to Plaintiff, effective March 5, 2014 to September 5, 2014. The policy includes UM coverage with limits of \$300,000 each person/\$500,000 each occurrence and medical payments coverage of \$10,000 each person. USAA issued no other auto policies to Plaintiff. The limits stated above are the only applicable limits for Plaintiff's claim.

INTERROGATORY NO. 11:

Please identify each expert the Defendant expects to call as an expert witness:

- (a) Identify the name, address and telephone number for each such expert;
- (b) State the substance of the facts and opinions on which the expert is to testify;
- (c) The basis for each such opinion and/or conclusion held by each expert; and
- (d) Identify any and all documents relied upon by each expert in forming their opinions and/or conclusions.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 11:

Objection. This interrogatory is premature and seeks information that will be disclosed in accordance with the timeframes set forth in the operative Scheduling Order concerning expert designations. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks to increase Defendant's obligations under Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure. Subject to and without waiving its objection, Defendant responds as follows: Once Defendant designates its expert witnesses, if any, it will produce its expert(s)' reports containing the information required under NRCP 26.

INTERROGATORY NO. 12:

For each person **within** the past ten years, who contended that you had violated the Unfair Claims Practices Act, please state the following:

(a) The name and last known address of the person;

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 12:

information. No further response will be provided.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 13:

(a) The name and last known address of the person;

(b) Date the claim or lawsuit was made against you;

(c) Court jurisdiction and case number of the litigation;

INTERROGATORY NO. 13:

please state the following:

(b) Date the claim or lawsuit was made against you;

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(c) Court jurisdiction and case number of the litigation;

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the grounds that it is overly broad in both time

and location and burdensome. The existence of other contentions or legal proceedings will neither

prove nor disprove the amount owed on this claim or the existence of any mishandling of this

claim. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by the plaintiff

herein with regard to his claim under the subject policy, is irrelevant and the Interrogatory is not

reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See State Farm Mutual

Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell, 538 US 4087 (2003). As such, the request is not proportional to the

needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented, and is also therefore unduly

burdensome. Additionally, the interrogatory is vague as to the term "who contended". In

addition, pending litigation matters are not probative of any issue in this case. Additionally,

Defendant objects to this request to the extent it seeks the private and personal information of

other insureds of Defendant or the confidential information of Defendant. Further, Defendant

objects to the extent that this inquiry seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege

and the work product doctrine. Finally, this Request seeks information which is a matter of public

record and can be independently obtained by Plaintiff without requiring Defendant to compile the

For each person within the past ten years, who contended that you had acted in bad faith,

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the claims or defenses of any party to this litigation. As such, the request is not proportional to the

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Objection. Defendant objects that this request seeks information which is not relevant to

needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented, and is also therefore unduly burdensome. Additionally, the interrogatory is vague as to the term "who contended". Defendant objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Defendant further objects as the existence of other contentions or legal proceedings will neither prove nor disprove any of the issues involved in this case, the value of Plaintiff's claim or the existence of any mishandling of this claim. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by the plaintiff herein with regard to her claim under the subject policy, is irrelevant and the interrogatory is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See *State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell*, 538 US 4087 (2003).

INTERROGAOTRY NO. 14:

For each person within the past ten years, who contended that you violated the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, please state the following:

- (a) The name and last known address of the person;
- (b) Date the claim or lawsuit was made against you;
- (c) Court jurisdiction and case number of the litigation;

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 14:

Objection. Defendant objects that this request seeks information which is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party to this litigation. As such, the request is not proportional to the needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented, and is also therefore unduly burdensome. Additionally, the interrogatory is vague as to the term "who contended". Defendant objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Defendant further objects as the existence of other contentions or legal proceedings will neither prove nor disprove any of the issues involved in this case, the value of Plaintiff's claim or the existence of any mishandling of this claim. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by the plaintiff herein with regard to her claim under the subject policy, is irrelevant and the interrogatory is not reasonably calculated to lead to

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the discovery of admissible evidence. See State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell, 538 US 4087 (2003).

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INTERROGATORY NO. 15:

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State the name, residence and business address, employer and position held of any person who provided any opinion, information, or facts used in preparing each answer to these interrogatories.

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ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 15:

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INTERROGATORY NO. 16:

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Objection. This interrogatory is compound, overbroad, vague and unduly burdensome in that it is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter, is not proportional to the needs of the case and calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Defendant further objects that the term "...provided any opinion, information or facts" is vague, ambiguous, unduly burdensome, calls for speculation and is not proportional to the needs of the case and calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: These interrogatories are being answered by Steven Lucent with the assistance of counsel, Lewis Brisbois Bisgaard & Smith. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

State the total amount at which you have valued the claim before any offsets. Divide your evaluation into past medical expenses, future medical expenses, past lost wages, future lost wages, past pain and suffering, and future pain and suffering, State all amounts you applied as an offset and explain what each offset was for when you determined the amount owed to the insured.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 16:

Objection. This interrogatory is assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad, duplicative, vague and unduly burdensome in that it is not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant responds as follows calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for the basis of Defendant's decisions with respect to the subject claim. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7

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Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA does not contend that Plaintiff's claim is valued at \$46,000, but based on the information available to USAA, USAA made an offer of \$46,000 to settle Plaintiff's claim. This offer was based on the information available to USAA at the time, and included consideration of Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations. USAA made multiple requests to Plaintiff for additional information and repeatedly requested a medical authorization to obtain additional information to complete its evaluation.

USAA considered past medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of preexisting conditions, assigned a range of value for general damages of between \$38,240 to \$48,240, and applied offsets totaling \$25,000 based on the provisions of the USAA policy. USAA applied an offset of \$15,000 based on the policy provision that USAA shall reduce amounts otherwise payable for damages under UM coverage by the greater of all sums paid because of the BI by or on behalf of persons who may be legally responsible or the persons' BI Coverage limits; in this case the tortfeasor carried BI coverage with each person limits of \$15,000. USAA applied an offset of \$10,000 based on the policy provision that no covered person is entitled to receive duplicate payments under the UM coverage for the same elements of loss which were paid under another coverage of the policy; in this case, Plaintiff received \$10,000 under the medical payments

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this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 17:

Please state in detail each and every reason and basis on why you did not immediately pay the amount to which you valued the subject claim once that valuation was completed.

coverage of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 17:

Objection. This interrogatory assumes and misstates facts, is arguments, overbroad, vague and unduly burdensome in that it is not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant further objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA does not contend that Plaintiff's claim is valued at \$46,000, but based on the information available to USAA, USAA made an offer of \$46,000 to settle Plaintiff's claim. This offer was based on the information available to USAA at the time, and included consideration of Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations. USAA made multiple requests to Plaintiff for additional information and repeatedly requested a medical authorization to obtain additional information to complete its evaluation. Without this information, USAA could not finalize an evaluation of Plaintiff's claim.

INTERROGATORY NO. 18:

Identify all manuals, including, but not limited to, training manuals, procedural manuals, and instruction manuals, used for the evaluation of claims, including any software used by you for evaluating claims.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 18:

Defendant objects to this request as it is overly broad as to time and scope, vague and/or ambiguous as to the terms "policies, practices, and procedures." Further, to the extent the

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Interrogatory seeks information regarding general "procedures or methods," Defendant objects on the grounds that the Interrogatory is overly broad in time (not limited by the period of time when this claim was handled) and geographic area (not limited to Nevada) and because it is not reasonably tailored to include only matters relevant to the issues involved in this lawsuit, as Defendant's procedures are intended to provide guidance but each claim is handled on its own merits. Defendant further objects on the grounds that it seeks information that is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of a party nor proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant further objects in that this request may cover materials which are confidential, proprietary business information and/or trade secret.

Subject to and without waiving any objections, Defendant does not have claims "manuals" but rather provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool.

INTERROGATORY NO. 19:

If you contend that you did not violate the Unfair Claims Practices Act in the handling of the subject claim, please state each and every fact that tends to support or negate your assertion and identify each witness who has knowledge of the those facts by name, employer and last known address.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 19:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad in seeking "each and every fact that tends to support or negate your assertion" and calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Further it is an improper attempt to shift Plaintiff's burden on to Defendant. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file,

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previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant first received notice of the subject motor vehicle accident on May 10, 2014. Thereafter, Steven Lucent examined medical records and other documents related to the subject accident as they were presented. He regularly communicated with Plaintiff's attorney regarding the claim. He reviewed Plaintiff's demand for benefits under the policy, investigated Plaintiff's damages to determine whether the claimed injuries and associated medical treatment and expenses incurred were related to the subject accident and requested information to assist Defendant in making this determination. He then made offers based on the information reasonably known to Defendant at that time. Defendant was unable to come to a final "determination on the merits" due to Plaintiff's refusal to provide requested documents. Defendant continued to diligently review the claim and attempted to obtain necessary information to facilitate its review of Plaintiff's claim up until the date Defendant was notified of Plaintiff's filing the instant lawsuit on or around July 8, 2019 and will continue its investigation and evaluation during discovery in this litigation. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 20:

If you contend that you did not breach the covenant of good faith and fair dealing in the handling of the subject claim, please state each and every fact that tends to support or negate yours assertion and identify each witness who has knowledge of those facts by name, employer and last known address.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 20:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad in seeking "each and every fact that tends to support or negate your assertion" and calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim.

Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Further, it is an improper attempt to shift Plaintiff's burden on to Defendant. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant first received notice of the subject motor vehicle accident on May 10, 2014. Thereafter, Steven Lucent examined medical records and other documents related to the subject accident as they were presented. He regularly communicated with Plaintiff's attorney regarding the claim. He reviewed Plaintiff's demand for benefits under the policy, investigated Plaintiff's damages to determine whether the claimed injuries and associated medical treatment and expenses incurred were related to the subject accident and requested information to assist Defendant in making this determination. He then made offers based on the information reasonably known to Defendant at that time. Defendant was unable to come to a final "determination on the merits" due to Plaintiff's refusal to provide requested documents. Defendant continued to diligently review the claim and attempted to obtain necessary information to facilitate its review of Plaintiff's claim up until the date Defendant was notified of Plaintiff's filing the instant lawsuit on or around July 8, 2019 and will continue its investigation and evaluation during discovery in this litigation. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

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INTERROGATORY NO. 21:

If you contend that you did not breach the insurance contract/policy regarding the subject claim, please state each and every fact that tends to support or negate your assertion and identify each witness who has knowledge of those facts by name, employer and last known address.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 21:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad in seeking "each and every fact that tends to support or negate your assertion" and calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Further, it is an improper attempt to shift Plaintiff's burden on to Defendant. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant is required to pay amounts under the policy which Plaintiff is legally entitled to recover from an uninsured driver. Therefore, under the policy, Defendant will pay to Plaintiff the value of the claim for which he has not been otherwise compensated, up to the limits of the policy. Nevada courts recognize that bodily injury claims are "wholly subjective" and that determination of the amount of these damages (for which the law provides no legal rule of measurement) is within the special province of the jury. See, *Canterino v. Mirage Casino-Hotel*, 117 Nev. 19 (Nev. 2001). Although USAA conducted an investigation into Plaintiff's claim and made a compromise offer in an

attempt to settle claims prior to litigation in exchange for a release, Plaintiff disputed that USAA's offer constitutes the value of his claim. Accordingly, once the value of Plaintiff's claim is determined by a jury, or through additional discovery undertaken in this litigation, USAA will pay the value of the claim in conformance with the provisions of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate

INTERROGATORY NO. 22:

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Please state any and all pre-existing illness, injuries, diseases and/or conditions of Plaintiff which were considered by you in evaluating the value of their claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 22:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, vague, ambiguous and overbroad in seeking "any and all pre-existing illness, injuries, diseases and/or conditions of Plaintiff" and calling inappropriately for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim, including its evaluation, are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents. Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, as set forth in his medical records, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. Defendant could not determine the full extent of Plaintiff's prior medical condition as

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Plaintiff refused to provide requested records and/or a medical authorization. Di continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate

INTERROGATORY NO. 23:

State the date and amount of each offer made to Plaintiff, or their counsel, in an attempt to

settle the subject claim, and state the method the offer was made (i.e., written, oral, etc.).

Discovery

ANSWERTO INTERROGATORY NO. 23:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, inappropriately calls for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim and is burdensome in that it seeks information equally within Plaintiff's knowledge. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim, including all settlement offers, are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents. Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: On March 15, 2018, Steven Lucent extended an offer of \$46,000 to fully and finally compromise Plaintiff's claim. Steven Lucent confirmed the offer in writing that same day. Mr. Lucent followed up with Plaintiff's counsel regarding the offer and on April 3, April 30, May 9, June 8, July 75, August 1, August 6, September 5, September 11, October 3, November 5, and December 3, 2018 in writing. On December 14, 2018, Mr. Lucent discussed the claim with Plaintiff's counsel. On February 1, 2019, Mr. Lucent wrote the law firm and advised of the basis for the offer. Mr. Lucent followed up with Plaintiff's counsel regarding the offer and on February 28, March 5, April 1, April 18, April 30, May 29, 2019 in writing. On June 11, 2019, Lucent called the law firm and requested a call to discuss the offer. On July 2, 2019, Lucent again wrote the law firm and asked the attorney to contact him to discuss the offer.

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INTERROGATORY NO. 24:

For each amount stated in the preceding interrogatory, state the total amount at which you had valued the subject claim before any offsets and divide your evaluation into past medical expenses, future medical expenses, past lost wages, future lost wages, past pain and suffering, and future pain and suffering; and state all amounts you applied as an offset and explain what each offset was for when you determined the amount owed to the insured.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 24:

Objection. This interrogatory is assumes and misstates facts, is compound, duplicative, and inappropriately calls for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim, including its evaluation, are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA does not "value" Plaintiff's claim at \$46,000, but based on the information available to USAA, USAA made an offer of \$46,000 to settle Plaintiff's claim. USAA's offer to settle the claim for \$46,000 considered Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that

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USAA considered medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of preexisting conditions, assigned a range of value for general damages of between \$38,240 to \$48,240,
and applied offsets totaling \$25,000 based on the provisions of the USAA policy. USAA applied
an offset of \$15,000 based on the policy provision that USAA shall reduce amounts otherwise
payable for damages under UM coverage by the greater of all sums paid because of the BI by or
on behalf of persons who may be legally responsible or the persons' BI Coverage limits; in this
case the tortfeasor carried BI coverage with each person limits of \$15,000. USAA applied an
offset of \$10,000 based on the policy provision that no covered person is entitled to receive
duplicate payments under the UM coverage for the same elements of loss which were paid under
another coverage of the policy; in this case, Plaintiff received \$10,000 under the medical payments
coverage of the policy. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement
this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 25:

Describe each and every conversation you had with Plaintiff in reference to their policy and/or claims, after the evaluation of their claims.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 25:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, inappropriately calls for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim and is burdensome in that it seeks information equally within Plaintiff's knowledge. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim, including all conversations with Plaintiff, are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to

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USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

INTERROGATORY NO. 26:

Describe each and every conversation you had with Plaintiff in reference to their policy and/or claims, prior the evaluation of their claims.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 26:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, inappropriately calls for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim and is burdensome in that it seeks information equally within Plaintiff's knowledge. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim, including all conversations with Plaintiff, are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

INTERROGATORY NO. 27:

Please state in detail every step you took in assisting Plaintiff in making their claim. In responding, please identify each witness who has knowledge of those facts by name, employer and last known address.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 27:

Objection. This interrogatory is assumes and misstates facts, is compound, duplicative, and inappropriately calls for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required



of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Plaintiff retained counsel to assist in submitting his claim to USAA. USAA promptly responded to all communications from Plaintiff's counsel, regularly reviewed the claim, considered all information submitted by Plaintiff, requested necessary information to facilitate its review of Plaintiff's claim and provided an authorization to allow USAA to collect the records on behalf of Plaintiff. Plaintiff refused to provide the requested information or an authorization to allow USAA to collect the records on his behalf. Thereafter, USAA made an offer based on the information it had available. Defendant continued to diligently review the claim and attempted to obtain necessary information to facilitate its review of Plaintiff's claim up until the date Defendant was notified of Plaintiff's filing the instant lawsuit on or around July 8, 2019 and will continue its investigation and evaluation during discovery in this litigation. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 28:

State the net worth of UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION for each of the last five (5) fiscal years according to GENERAL ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP).

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 28:

This Interrogatory is overly broad, unduly burdensome, and seeks information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses of either party. USAA further objects on the basis that this Interrogatory is not proportional to the needs of this case. This Interrogatory is not limited to the present claim, is not limited in scope or time, and is otherwise irrelevant to the issues presented in

the present matter. Additionally this request is premature. The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "before tax returns or financial records are discoverable on the issue of punitive damages, the plaintiff must demonstrate some factual basis for its punitive damage claim." *Hetter v. District Court*, 110 Nev. 513, 520, 874 P.2d 762, 766, 1994 Nev. LEXIS 65, *13-14 (emphasis added). If the Court allows the question of punitive damages to proceed to the jury, USAA will supplement this response.

INTERROGATORY NO. 29:

Please identify with particularity each and every action taken by you in evaluating the subject claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 29:

Objection. This interrogatory is duplicative, compound, vague, ambiguous, overbroad as to "each and every action", and inappropriately calls for Defendant to supply a narrative account for its investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim. Further, Defendant objects that this Interrogatory calls for opinions or mental impressions of the answering party and the extent the information sought would invade the attorney-client privilege and/or the work product privilege. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant first received notice of the subject motor vehicle accident on May 10, 2014. Thereafter, Steven Lucent examined medical records and other documents related to the subject accident. He communicated with Plaintiff's attorney regarding the claim. He reviewed Plaintiff's demand for benefits under the policy, investigated Plaintiff's damages to determine whether the claimed injuries and

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associated medical treatment and expenses incurred were related to the subject accident and requested information to assist Defendant in making this determination. He then made offers based on the information reasonably known to Defendant at that time. Defendant was unable to come to a final "determination on the merits" due to Plaintiff's refusal to provide requested documents. Defendant continued to diligently review the claim and attempted to obtain necessary information to facilitate its review of Plaintiff's claim up until the date Defendant was notified of Plaintiff's filing the instant lawsuit on or around July 8, 2019 and will continue its investigation and evaluation during discovery in this litigation. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 30:

Please identify with particularity each and every document or thing upon which you relied upon in answering any of these interrogatories.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 30:

Objection. Defendant objects that the term "which you relied upon" is vague, ambiguous, unduly burdensome, calls for speculation and is not proportional to the needs of the case and calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant utilized its claim file Bates, USAA000001 to USAA004785, in responding to these requests. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 31:

Please state the amount You have set as reserves for the Plaintiff's 1st party claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 31:

Objection. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory on the grounds that reserve information is irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence as this litigation concerns only Plaintiff's entitlement to benefits under the policy of insurance issued to Plaintiff and Defendant's handling of the claim submitted thereunder, and is therefore not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant further objects to the extent the interrogatory seeks confidential and proprietary business information. Subject to and without

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waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: The reserves Defendant set with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents. Please see the First Supplement to Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant 8 to NRCP 16.1, produced concurrently herewith, which includes USAA000001 to USAA004785 with unredacted reserve information. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 32:

Please state the formula used by You in determining the reserves for the Plaintiff's 1st party claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 32:

Objection. Defendant objects that this interrogatory seeks information which is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party to this litigation. As such, the request is not proportional to the needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented. Defendant further objects to the extent the interrogatory seeks confidential and proprietary business information. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant does not have a "formula" for determining reserves. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 33:

Please state each and every fact considered by You in determining the amount set as reserves for the Plaintiff's claim.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 33:

Objection. Defendant objects that this interrogatory seeks information which is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party to this litigation. As such, the request is not proportional to the needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented.

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Defendant further objects to the extent the interrogatory seeks confidential and proprietary business information. Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: In setting reserves, USAA considered the coverage available for the claim, all information available to USAA at the time, and included consideration of Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations. USAA made multiple requests to Plaintiff for additional information and repeatedly requested a medical authorization to obtain additional information to complete its evaluation.

INTERROGATORY NO. 34:

Please identify any reason you believe the Plaintiff has not complied or cooperated with the policy.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 34:

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, overbroad, vague and unduly burdensome in that it is not proportional to the needs of the case. As drafted, this interrogatory calls for Defendant to speculate as to why Plaintiff has not complied or cooperated with "the policy". Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant does not purport to know Plaintiff's motivations with respect to his non-compliance and/or non-

cooperation, or lack thereof, as it relates to Defendant's investigation and evaluation of Plaintiff's claim.

INTERROGATORY NO. 35:

During your evaluation of the claim, please set forth any treatment, diagnosis, or expense that you determined to be unrelated, unnecessary or unreasonable, along with any basis for such determination.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 35:

Objection. Defendant objects that this interrogatory is compound, vague, overbroad and unduly burdensome. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: USAA considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. Throughout the entirety of Defendant's evaluation it requested additional information and medical records from Plaintiff in order to assist in Defendant's evaluation of what was unrelated, unnecessary or unreasonable. Plaintiff refused to timely provide requested information and medical records, as such, Defendant's evaluation of Plaintiff's claim, including the reasonableness of each diagnosis, treatment or expense, was never completed. Defendant's evaluation will continue in this litigation, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 36:

During your evaluation, if you apportioned any prior or subsequent injury or diagnosis, please set forth any such apportionment and the complete basis for the amount of the apportionment.

ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 36:

Objection. Defendant objects that this interrogatory is compound, vague, overbroad and unduly burdensome. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Throughout the entirety of Defendant's evaluation it requested additional information and medical records from Plaintiff in order to assist in Defendant's evaluation of what medical treatment was apportionable to Plaintiff's documented prior medical conditions. Plaintiff refused

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to timely provide requested information and medical records, as such, Defendant's evaluation of Plaintiff's claim, including the reasonableness of each diagnosis, treatment or expense, was never completed. However, after review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated preexisting conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations, as such USAA considered medicals specials of \$32,760 as related to the aggravation of pre-existing conditions. Defendant's evaluation will continue in this litigation, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate. DATED this 5th day of October, 2020. LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP /s/ Priscilla L. O'Briant ByROBERT W. FREEMAN Nevada Bar No. 3062 PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT Nevada Bar No. 010171 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 Telephone: 702.893.3383 Fax: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendant United Services Automobile Association

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1	VERIFICATION			
2	I, Steven Lucent, hereby declare as follows:			
3	I am an Auto Examiner and on behalf of United Services Automobile Association, have			
4	read the above and foregoing, DEFENDANT UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE			
5	ASSOCIATION'S SUPPLEMENTAL ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF			
6	INTERROGATORIES and know the contents thereof, that the same are true and correct of my			
7	own knowledge, except for those matters therein stated upon information and belief, and as to			
8	those matters, I believe them to be true.			
9	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my			
10	knowledge.			
11	DATED this day of October, 2020 at Colorado Springs, Colorado.			
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14	Steven Lucent			
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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), A.O. 14-2 and N.E.F.C.R. 9, I certify that I am an employee of LEWIS		
3	BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP, and that on this 5th day of October, 2020, I did cause a		
4	true and correct copy of DEFENDANT UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION'S		
5	SUPPLEMENTAL ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES in		
6	Clark County District Court Case No. A-19-790757-C, to be served by electronic service with the		
7	Eighth Judicial District Court filing system to the parties on the Electronic Service List addressed		
8	as follows:		
9			
10	Jordan P. Schnitzer, Esq. <u>Jordan@theschnitzerlawfirm.com</u>		
11	THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM 9205 W. Russell Road, Ste. 240		
12	Las Vegas, NV 89148 Tel: (702) 960-4050		
13	Fax: (702) 960-4092		
14	Attorney for Plaintiff		
15			
16			
17	By /s/ Anne Cordell Anne Cordell, an Employee of		
18	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP Email: Anne.cordell@lewisbrisbois.com		
19	Email: 1 mine.corden e lewisorisoois.com		
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LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

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1	ROBERT W. FREEMAN		
2	Nevada Bar No. 3062 Robert.Freeman@lewisbrisbois.com		
3	PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT Nevada Bar No. 010171		
4	Priscilla.OBriant@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP		
-	6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600		
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 702.893.3383		
6	FAX: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendant United Services		
7	Automobile Association		
8	DISTRICT COURT		
9	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
10			
11	JOHN ROBERTS, an individual,	CASE NO. A-19-790757-C	
12	Plaintiff,	Dept. No.: IV	
13	VS.	DEFENDANT UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION'S	
		SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION	
14	UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION, an unincorporated entity		
15	and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange with members residing in the State of Nevada;		
16	DOES 1 through 10; and ROE CORPORATIONS 11 through 25, inclusive,		
17	Defendants.		
18	Defendants.		
19	COMES NOW Defendant, UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION		
20	(hereinafter "Defendant"), by and through its co	ounsel of record, the law firm LEWIS BRISBOIS	
21	BISGAARD & SMITH, LLP, and hereby supplements its responses to Plaintiff's First Set of		
22	Requests for Production to Defendant United Services Automobile Association as follows:		
23	DEFINITIONS		
24		The request in question concerns a matter that is	
25	not relevant to the subject matter and the matters that remain at issue in this litigation and is no		
26	reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.		
27	B. "Unduly burdensome." The request in question seeks discovery which is unduly		
28	burdensome or expensive, taking into account t	he needs of the case, the amount in controversy,	

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limitations on the parties' resources, and the importance of the issues at stake in the litigation.

- C. "Vague." The request in question contains a word or phrase which is not adequately defined, or the overall request is confusing, and Defendant is unable to reasonably ascertain what information or documents are sought in the request.
- D. "Overly broad." The request seeks information beyond the scope of, or beyond the time period relevant to, the subject matter of this litigation and, accordingly, seeks information which is non-discoverable/irrelevant and is unduly burdensome.

GENERAL OBJECTIONS

- 1. Defendant objects to the requests to the extent that they seek documents that are protected by any absolute or qualified privilege or exemption, including, but not limited to, the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work-product exemption, and the consulting-expert exemption. Specifically, Defendant objects to these requests on the following grounds:
- a. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they seek documents that are protected from disclosure by the attorney-client privilege in accordance with Rule 26 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure and NRS 89.095;
- b. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they seek documents that are protected from disclosure by the work-product exemption in accordance with Rule 26(b)(1)(3) and (4) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure and applicable case law.
- c. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they seek documents that are protected from disclosure pursuant to the consultant/expert exemption in accordance with Rule 26(b)(3) and (4) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure and applicable case law.
- d. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they seek trade secrets, commercially sensitive information, or confidential proprietary data entitled to protection under Rule 26(c)(7) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 2. This response is made on the basis of information and writings available to and located by Defendant upon reasonable investigation of Defendant's records. There may be other and further information respecting the requests propounded by Plaintiff of which Defendant, despite its reasonable investigation and inquiry, is presently unaware. Defendant reserves the right

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD to modify or enlarge any responses with such pertinent additional information as Defendant may subsequently discover.

- 3. No incidental or implied admissions will be made by the responses to these requests. The fact that Defendant may respond or object to any request or any part thereof shall not be deemed an admission that Defendant accepts or admits the existence of any fact set forth or assumed by such request, or that such response constitutes admissible evidence. The fact that Defendant responds to a part of any request is not to be deemed a waiver by Defendant of its objections, including privilege, to other parts to such request.
- 4. Defendant objects to any instruction to the extent that it would impose upon Defendant greater duties than are set forth under the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure. Defendant will supplement responses to the requests as required by the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 5. All responses will be made solely for the purpose of this action. Each response will be subject to all objections as to competence, relevance, materiality, propriety and admissibility, and to any and all other objections on any ground which would require the exclusion from evidence of any statement herein if any such statements were made by a witness present and testifying at trial, all of which objections and grounds are expressly reserved and may be interposed at such hearings.

RESPONSES TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 1:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications that were produced as a result of or related to any of Plaintiff's applications for insurance with you. These documents should include, but not be limited to, the entire underwriting file, printouts from all computer communications and electronic databases and logs, all electronically imaged documents, and all reports and investigations.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 1:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks "the entire underwriting file". Defendant objects to this Request as overbroad as it is not limited in time or scope (the underwriting file for the policy at issue in this litigation),

and seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those underwriting matters relevant to the insurance claim made the basis of this suit and there is no dispute that the applicable policy was in effect on the date of loss. Underwriting information is stored electronically in multiple locations. Responding party further objects to the term "underwriting file" because it assumes a physical file folder exists and because the request is vague, ambiguous and overbroad as to what is meant by an underwriting file. Responding party does not maintain a physical file folder with respect to most insurance policies issued. In addition, this request has the potential to be unduly burdensome. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Defendant has requested the underwriting documents and will produce upon receipt. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 2:

Please produce all documents, writings, and communications that are used by field, regional, and home office underwriters for reference, training, and guidelines for the underwriting of your policies.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 2:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks information related to its "reference, training, and guidelines" related to underwriting, as Defendant's underwriting is not at issue in this case. As such, this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to the insurance claim made the basis of this suit and there is no dispute that the applicable policy was in effect on the date of loss. Responding party further objects to the term "underwriting file" because it assumes a physical file folder exists and because the request is vague, ambiguous and overbroad as to what is meant by an underwriting file. Finally, this request seeks documents "reference, training, and guidelines" that are confidential, proprietary, and trade secret. In addition, this request has the potential to be unduly burdensome.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 3:

Please produce all documents, writings, and communications that were produced as a result of or are related to Plaintiff's claim and the Plaintiff's claim for coverage. These documents should include, but not be limited to, the entire claim file, printouts from all computer communications and electronic databases and logs, all electronically imaged documents and all reports and investigations.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 3:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications" and "related to Plaintiff's claim" and "the Plaintiff's claim for coverage". Defendant objects to this Request to the extent that it seeks an un-redacted copy of the claim file which contains documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or work product doctrine. Defendant further objects to production of a "electronic databases and logs" as based on the nature of Defendant's claim file structure and the system which houses the same, Defendant cannot produce a standalone live or interactive claims file on a separate portable medium. Defendant further objects in that its Claim Loss Report Systems which is the system in which Defendant maintains its electronic claims file is proprietary and created solely for Defendant's own use and has great economic value to Defendant. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 4:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications between Plaintiff and you, including all proof of loss forms.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 4:

Objection. USAA objects to this request as overbroad as it is unlimited in time and scope. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, USAA responds as follows: All non-

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privileged communications related to Plaintiff's claim are contained within the claims file. USAA has produced the non-privileged portions of its claim file. Responsive and non-privileged claims documents relating to Plaintiffs' claim were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. USAA withheld portions of its claim file that contain information protected by the attorney client privilege, the work product doctrine, the litigation privilege, and portions that contain confidential and/or proprietary information. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 5:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications between you and any third party or third party's attorney concerning the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 5:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications". Defendant objects as this Request seeks documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 6:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications between you and any third party concerning the processing, acceptance, or denial of the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 6:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications". Defendant objects as this Request seeks documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 7:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications that are used by your claims personnel for reference, training, and guidelines for the adjusting of claims. These items should include, but not be limited to, all claims manuals, all information and guidelines for the adjudication of claims and all other resources used by your personnel for the adjudication of claims.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 7:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications," "reference, training, and guidelines" and "adjudication of claims". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as Defendant's "reference, training and guidelines" are intended to provide guidance but each claim is handled on its own merits. Defendant further objects on the grounds that the request seeks information that is confidential, sensitive, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as

follows: Defendant does not have claims "manuals" but rather provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool. Defendant will produce, only upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, the KD materials relating to the handling of UM claims for the state of Nevada, for the applicable time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 8:

Please produce all documents, writings, and communications, and any drafts or revisions thereof, which contain explanations of the basis in the insurance policy, with respect to the facts of the Plaintiff's claim and the applicable law, for the determination of the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 8:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications". Defendant objects as this Request seeks documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 9:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications, and amendments thereto, for the contracting of third-party administration and outsourcing of any operations related to new business processing, policy issue, policyholder services, claims processing, billing, collection, and payment receipt.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 9:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications". Defendant objects as this Request seeks documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit, specifically new business processing, policy issue, policyholder services, billing, collection and payment receipt have no bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. Defendant further objects on the grounds that the request seeks information that is sensitive, confidential, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets. Subject to and without waiving the stated objection, USAA does not outsource its claim handling services.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 10:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, communications, financial statements, both audited and unaudited, and amendments thereto, which state your net income or loss for the last five (5) years according to GENERAL ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP).

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 10:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad as it purports to require "all documents, writings, and communications", unduly burdensome, and seeks information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses of either party. USAA further objects on the basis that this request is not proportional to the needs of this case. This request is not limited to the present claim, is not limited in scope or time, and is otherwise irrelevant to the issues presented in the present matter. Additionally, this request is premature. The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "before tax returns or financial records are discoverable on the issue of punitive damages, the plaintiff must demonstrate some factual basis for its punitive damage claim." *Hetter v. District Court*, 110 Nev. 513, 520, 874 P.2d 762, 766, 1994 Nev. LEXIS 65, *13-14 (emphasis added). If the Court allows the question of punitive damages to proceed to the jury, USAA will supplement

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this response. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 11:

Please produce any and all insurance policies and declaration pages that were in effect at the time of the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 11:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad and burdensome as it seeks all policies in effect at the time of the claim, without limit, and is vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all insurance policies" and "in effect at the time of the subject claim" and seems to require USAA to obtain "any and all" insurance policies issued to Plaintiff, regardless of insurer or type of policy. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: The auto policy issued by Defendant to Plaintiff and responsive to this request was produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001POL to USAA000042POL.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 12:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications including, but not limited to, correspondence, e-mails, reports, memos, audio recordings, visual recordings and statements, provided to any private investigators regarding Plaintiff.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 12:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstated facts, is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications" and the term "private investigators." Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Defendant has no documents responsive to this request. Discovery is continuing and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 13:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications including, but not limited to, correspondence, e-mails, reports, memos, audio recordings, visual recordings and statements, received from any private investigators regarding Plaintiff.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 13:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstated facts, is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications" and the term "private investigators." Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Defendant has no documents responsive to this request. Discovery is continuing and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 14:

Please produce any and all photographs, motion pictures, videotapes, tape recordings (or transcripts of tape recordings), documents, writings, communications or investigative reports concerning taken by or on behalf of you, relating to the processing or denial of any portion of the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 14:

Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstated facts, is compound, overbroad, burdensome, and vague and ambiguous as to the term "concerning taken by or on behalf of you." Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Discovery is continuing and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 15:

Please produce any and all files containing information regarding the processing of any insurance applications made to you by Plaintiff or any policies issued to Plaintiff.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 15:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad and burdensome. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit; specifically the processing of any insurance applications made to you by Plaintiff is not at issue in this litigation, as USAA does not dispute that it issued a policy to Plaintiff and that the policy was in effect on the date of the subject accident. The requested documents have no bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Defendant has requested the underwriting documents and will produce upon receipt. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 16:

Please produce any and all processing manuals and other materials available to your personnel for reference or training in their duties of processing applications or issuing policies.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 16:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad and burdensome. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit; specifically the processing of insurance applications and issuance of policies are not at issue in this litigation, as USAA does not dispute that it issued a policy to Plaintiff and that the policy was in effect on the date of the subject accident. The requested documents have no bearing on the issues in this

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case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 17:

Please produce any and all documents and writings you have pertaining to agent Steve Lucent. These documents should include, but not be limited to, the agent application, the appointment of agency, all other contracts between you and Steve Lucent, all approved sales materials used by Steve Lucent, the commission schedule for Steve Lucent, all correspondence between you and Steve Lucent, all investigative and other reports on Steve Lucent, records of all disciplinary information for Steve Lucent, and any other documents and writings kept on Steve Lucent.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 17:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad as it requires production of any and all documents pertaining to Steven Lucent, is burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all documents and writings" and "pertaining to agent Steve Lucent", and harassing. The request is also argumentative and assumes facts not on the record. Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiffs' claims for breach of contract or tortious bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiffs' claim was properly handled. Moreover, this request explicitly seeks confidential and sensitive information of USAA's employees. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Steve Lucent is not an insurance agent as USAA understands this request to assert, and as such, there is no appointment, agent contract, sales materials used by Lucent, or commission schedule for Lucent. All nonprivileged documents relating to Steve Lucent's communications, correspondence and reports related to the claim which is the subject of this litigation were produced in Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1 as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Defendant will produce, only upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, the KD materials relating to the handling of UM claims for the state of Nevada, for the

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applicable time period, as well as relevant information within Steve Lucent's personnel file, for the subject time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 18:

Please produce any and all documents and writings given to your agents by you, for training, reference, use in the sale of insurance, or otherwise. These documents should include, but not be limited to, rate books, product guides, field underwriting manuals, a blank application and other forms used by your agents, advertising materials, instructions for the completion of applications for insurance, instructions for completion of conditional receipts, policies and guidelines, ethical standards, and the like.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 18:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all documents and writings" and "use in the sale of insurance, or otherwise". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as there are no allegations with regard to USAA's issuance of the subject policy to Plaintiff and USAA does not dispute that the policy was issued to Plaintiff and in effect on the date of the subject accident. Subject to and without waiving these objections, USAA does not use agents for the sale of insurance, and thus, there are no documents responsive to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 19:

Produce any and all documents, writings, and communications which were obtained from Steve Lucent, which contain notes of conversations with Steve Lucent, which contain statements of Steve Lucent, and which contain information on the responsibilities and duties of Steve Lucent when filling out an application.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 19:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and mistakes facts, is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all documents, writings, and communications" and "which contain information on the responsibilities and duties

information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiffs' claims for breach of contract or tortious bad 2 3 faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiffs' claim was properly handled. Moreover, this request 4 5 explicitly seeks confidential and sensitive information of USAA's employees. Finally, the request is patently overbroad as it is not narrowed in scope in any way to be relevant to the claim made 6 7 basis of this suit. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Steve Lucent is not an 8 insurance agent as USAA understands this request to assert, and does not participate in the 9 completion of applications for insurance. All communications of Steven Lucent relating to 10 Plaintiff's claim were produced in Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1 as documents 11 12 Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Discovery continues

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 20:

Please produce any and all documents and writings constituting a liability guarantee given to you by Steve Lucent.

of Steve Lucent when filling out an application". Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 20:

and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is vague and ambiguous as to the terms "liability guarantee" and "given to you by Steve Lucent". Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Defendant has no "liability guarantee" documents responsive to this request. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 21:

Please produce a copy of any and all standards implemented by you for the prompt investigation of claims.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 21:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all standards". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as Defendant's "standards" are intended to provide guidance but each claim is handled on its own merits. Defendant further objects on the grounds that the documents sought are confidential, sensitive, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool. Defendant will produce, only upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, the KD materials relating to the handling of UM claims for the state of Nevada, for the applicable time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 22:

Please produce a copy of any and all standards implemented by you referring or relating to the provisions of the Nevada Unfair Claims Practices Act, NRS 686A.310, including, but not limited to, standards relating to:

- (a) Representing to insureds or claimants pertinent facts of insurance policy provisions relating to any coverage at issue.
- (b) Acknowledging and acting reasonably promptly upon communications with respect to claims arising under insurance policies.
- (c) Adopting and implementing reasonable standards for the prompt investigation and processing of claims arising under insurance policies.
- (d) Affirming or denying coverage of claims within a reasonable time after proof of loss requirements have been completed and submitted by the insured.
- (e) Effectuating prompt, fair and equitable settlements of claims in which liability of the insurer has become reasonably clear.



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- (f) Not compelling insureds to institute litigation to recover amounts due under an insurance policy by offering substantially less than the amounts ultimately recovered in actions brought by such insureds, when the insureds have made claims for amounts reasonably similar to the amounts ultimately recovered.
- (g) Attempting to settle a claim by an insured for an amount to which a reasonable person would have believed he was entitled by reference to written or printed advertising material accompanying or made part of an application.
- (h) Not attempting to settle claims on the basis of an application which was altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent of, the insured, their representative, agent or broker.
- (i) Informing insured or beneficiaries, upon payment of a claim, of the coverage under which payment is made.
- (j) Not informing insureds or claimants a practice of the insurer of appealing from arbitration awards in favor of insureds or claimants for the purpose of compelling them to accept settlements or compromises less than the amount awarded in arbitration.
- (k) Not delaying the investigation or payment of claims by requiring an insured or a claimant, or the physician of either, to submit a preliminary claim report, and then requiring the subsequent submission of formal proof of loss forms, both of which submissions contain substantially the same information.
- (1) Not settling claims promptly, where liability has become reasonably clear, under one portion of the insurance policy coverage in order to influence settlements under other portions of the insurance policy coverage.
- (m)Compliance with the provisions of NRS 687B.310 to 687B.390, inclusive, or 687B.410.
- (n) Providing promptly to an insured a reasonable explanation of the basis in the insurance policy, with respect to the facts of the insured's claim and the applicable law, for the denial of their claim or for an offer to settle or compromise their claim.
- (o) Not advising an insured or claimant not to seek legal counsel.
- (p) Not misleading an insured or claimant concerning any applicable statute of limitations.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 22:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all standards". Defendant further objects on the grounds that the request seeks information that is confidential, sensitive, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool. Defendant will produce, only upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, the KD materials relating to the handling of UM claims, for the state of Nevada, for the subject time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 23:

To the extent you are asserting "advice of counsel" as a defense to the allegations contained in Plaintiff's complaint, please produce any and all documents referring to, evidencing, or constituting coverage opinions, legal research, and/or legal advice that you received from an attorney concerning any aspect of the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 23:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "advice of counsel as a defense". Defendant objects as this Request seeks documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or the work product doctrine.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant is not currently asserting "advice of counsel" as a defense to any claim. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 24:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications concerning, reflecting, evidencing, or constituting payments received by you from Plaintiff for insurance policy premiums.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 24:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "documents, writings, and communications". Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit, and his intended only to harass as Defendant is not disputing that Plaintiff paid premiums or that the policy was in effect on the date of the subject accident.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 25:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications concerning, reflecting, evidencing, or constituting settlement negotiations regarding Plaintiff's claims.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 25:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "documents, writings, and communications". Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 26:

In regard to Defendant's handling of the subject incident/claim, produce the adjusting claims file(s) with any and all contents herein to include, but not limited to, recorded and/or written statements, notes by adjusters/processors and/or investigators, photographs and videotapes (in color if available), index bureau information regarding claims made or believed to have been made by Plaintiff, medical records, documentation between agents and claims department, and computer print-outs of incident information stored on computer data base(s), including any and all computer claims log(s) and notes.

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ///

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 26:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, vague and ambiguous to the extent it seeks "the adjusting claims file(s)", and overbroad to the extent it seeks any information unrelated to Defendant's handling of Plaintiff's claim. To the extent it seeks information unrelated to Defendant's handling of Plaintiff's claim, Defendant objects to this Request as the requested documents have no bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. As such, this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 27:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications that are used by your personnel for reference, training, and guidelines for solicitation of underinsured motorist policies from customers.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 27:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications" and "solicitation of underinsured motorist policies". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as these documents do not relate in any way to the issues sin this litigation – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. As such, this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. Subject to and without waiving these objections, USAA does not use agents for the sale of insurance, and thus, there are no documents responsive to this request.

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW 28 || / / /

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 28:

Please produce Defendant's policies, procedures, manuals or other training for evaluating claims including but not limited to any and all training courses given or required for Defendant's Claims Adjusters that were taken within 5 years prior to the claim in question through the present time.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 28:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad in scope, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "policies, procedures, manuals or other training". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as materials related to Defendant's "policies, procedures, manuals or other training" are intended to provide guidance but each claim is handled on its own merits. Defendant further objects on the grounds that the request seeks information that is confidential, sensitive, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant does not have claims "manuals" but rather provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool. Defendant will produce only upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, the KD materials relating to evaluation of UM claims in Nevada for the subject time period. Defendant objects to producing "any and all training courses given or required" as patently overbroad and unduly burdensome.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 29:

Please produce any and all documents and items relied upon by Defendant in evaluating the claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 29:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is vague and overbroad to the extent it seeks "all documents" relied upon by Defendant in "evaluating the claim". Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of*

Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1 as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 30:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications including, but not limited to, correspondence, e-mails, reports, memos, audio recordings, visual recordings and statements, provided to any person or entity related to medical opinions concerning Plaintiff including, but not limited to, regarding record reviews.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 30:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is vague and overbroad to the extent it seeks "any and all documents provided to any person or entity", and is not limited in scope in any way. Defendant also objects to this request to the extent is seeks documents protected by the attorney-client privilege and work product doctrine. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: With regard to the claim made basis of this suit, responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785. See also documents produced in the *First Supplement to Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1*, as documents Bates stamped USAA004786 to USAA004890. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 31:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications including, but not limited to, correspondence, e-mails, reports, memos, audio recordings, visual recordings and statements, received from to any person or entity related to medical opinions concerning Plaintiff including, but not limited to, regarding record reviews.

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LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LIP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 31:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is vague and overbroad to the extent it seeks "any and all documents provided to any person or entity", and is not limited in scope in any way. Defendant also objects to this request to the extent is seeks documents protected by the attorney-client privilege and work product doctrine. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: With regard to the claim made basis of this suit, responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 32:

With respect to any vendor or medical provider providing an opinion concerning Plaintiff's injuries, treatment or medical costs, please provide a copy of reports and invoices generated by that vendor or medical provider for you in the five (5) years preceding your use of such vendor or medical provider on Plaintiff's claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 32:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks "reports" and "invoices" for matters completely unrelated to the instant suit, and which relate solely to the claims of other non-party insureds. Defendant will not produce such documents. Defendant also objects to this Request as overbroad as it seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: with regards to Plaintiff's claim made basis of this suit, documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements

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thereto. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 33:

Please produce any and all documents informing the Plaintiff that he has not complied or cooperated with any provision of the policy.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 33:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks "all documents". Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Responsive and non-privileged documents responsive to this request were produced in *Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1* as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 34:

Please produce the personnel files of each employee, manager, supervisor or other agent who was involved, had supervisory capacity over the Plaintiff's claim or audited the Plaintiff's claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 34:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is overbroad in scope and time, burdensome to the extent it seeks "personnel files" of employees "involved" with "Plaintiff's claim" without any limitation as to time or scope, and vague and/or ambiguous as to the terms "personnel file". Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiffs' claims for breach of contract or tortious bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiffs' claim was properly handled. Moreover, this request explicitly seeks confidential and sensitive information of USAA's employees. USAA further objects to the extent this request seeks business information that is confidential and/or proprietary. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant will produce, upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, relevant information

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within Steve Lucent's personnel file, for the subject time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 35:

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Please produce any and all quality assurance audits in the five (5) years prior to the claim through the present, relating to any of the personnel involved in handling, taking action, or reviewing of the Plaintiff's claim. For the purpose of this request, quality assurance audit means any review of claims files to assess the quality of work done by claims handlers or adjusters.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 35:

USAA objects to this request on the grounds that it assumes and misstates facts, is vague and ambiguous as to the term "quality insurance audits ...relating to . . .personnel", is overly broad, burdensome, oppressive and intended only to harass. Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiffs' claims for breach of contract or bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case as any action by USAA on any other claims does not generally speak to whether Plaintiffs' claim was properly handled or whether the insurance policy was breached by Defendant. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm alleged by Plaintiffs with regard to their claims under the subject policy, is irrelevant and the request is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell, 538 US 4087 (2003). USAA objects to the extent that this request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege and the work product doctrine. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, USAA responds as follows: As USAA understands this request, there are no documents responsive to this request. Defendant will produce, upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, relevant information within Steve Lucent's personnel file, including performance reviews, for the subject time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 36:

Please produce any and all copies of documents that reference bonus programs or employee award programs applicable to any and all departments or sections involved in the handling of the Plaintiff's claim for five (5) years prior to the claim through the present.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 36:

USAA objects to this request as it assumes and misstates facts, is overbroad in scope and time, and is vague and/or ambiguous as to the terms "bonus and/or incentive programs". Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiffs' claims for breach of contract or tortious bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiffs' claim was properly handled.

Subject to the forgoing objections, USAA has a company wide incentive program not specifically tied to payment or non-payment of claims. Since at least 2014, Defendant's Board of Directors has approved a holiday bonus that is paid to all employees in December of each year. Employees who are actively employed at the end of November receive an amount equal to their then-current bi-weekly base pay, prorated for any partial period of employment. Employees who are actively employed for less than the entire preceding year receive a pro rata amount, based upon the number of months they have been employed. Additionally, since at least 2014, Defendant's Board of Directors has awarded an enterprise-wide performance bonus paid in February of the following year. In order to be eligible for the bonus, employees must have been hired prior to October and still employed as of February (or retired from USAA on or after January) of the payment year. With limited exceptions noted below, every employee working with USAA, regardless of job title, job duties, or job location, received a bonus equal to a percentage of their eligible earnings. Employees whose individual performance required a form of corrective action during the year may have received a reduced bonus or no bonus at all.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 37:

Please produce any and all copies of documents referring to goals, targets or objectives established for claim payments, loss ratios, combined loss ratios, settlement goals, timing of settlements, percentage of cases to resolve prelitigation or percentage of cases to take to trial.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 37:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks documents related to "goals", "targets" or "objectives"

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related to "claim payments", "loss ratios", "combined loss ratios", "settlement goals", "timing of settlements", "percentages of cases to resolve prelitigation" and "percentage of cases to take to trial" without any limitation as to time or scope, and is vague and ambiguous as to these terms. Defendant objects to this Request as overbroad as it seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to the insurance claim made the basis of this suit. Subject to and without waiving the states objections, after a diligent search, USAA has no documents responsive to this request. Discovery is continuing and USAA reserves the right to supplement this response.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 38:

Please produce any and all documents referencing, discussing or analyzing settlement offers and/or reserves compared to verdicts and/or judgements for five (5) years prior to the Plaintiff's claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 38:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks documents related to "settlement offers" and/or "reserves" for matters unrelated to the instant suit without any limitation as to time or scope. Defendant further objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is vague and ambiguous as to the terms "goals", "targets" or "objectives" related to "claim payments", "loss ratios", "combined loss ratios", "settlement goals", "timing of settlements", "percentages of cases to resolve prelitigation" and "percentage of cases to take to trial". Defendant objects to this Request as overbroad as it seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to the insurance claim made the basis of this suit. Finally, Defendant objects to this request to the extent it seeks document protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or work product doctrines. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, after a diligent search, USAA has no documents responsive to this request. Discovery is continuing and USAA reserves the right to supplement this response.

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ///

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 39:

Please produce any and all deposition transcripts or trial testimony transcripts of any of the Defendant's officers or personnel, since January 1, 2010, in any suit relating to bad faith claims handling of uninsured or underinsured claim(s).

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 39:

Objection. This request is unduly burdensome and overly broad in time and scope. This request seeks information that is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is disproportional to the needs of the case. The request is also overbroad as to geography, and to the extent it seeks information regarding claims and non-parties other than the claim at issue in this litigation. As presently worded, the information sought by the Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. The existence of unrelated "bad faith suits" against Defendant and Defendant's testimony regarding the same, will neither prove nor disprove any alleged improper actions of Defendant in the handling of Plaintiff's claim. Defendant will not produce these documents.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 40:

Please produce any and all copies of any regulatory actions, including but not limited to suspension or revocation proceedings, Market Conduct Examinations, Cease and Desist Orders, Consent Orders, Reports of Examinations, Corrective Orders or Corrective Action Plans relating to Defendant's uninsured or underinsured insurance coverage, from January 1, 2010 to present.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 40:

Defendant objects to this request on the grounds that it assumes facts, is overbroad and unduly burdensome in that it seeks information that is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is disproportional to the needs of the case. Defendant further objects to this request on the grounds that it is overly broad in time, scope and geography, and because it is not reasonably tailored to include only matters relevant to the handling of the claims which form the basis of this suit. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by Plaintiff herein with regard to its claims under the subject policies, is irrelevant and the request is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See *State Farm*

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Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell, 538 US 4087 (2003). In addition, regulatory matters are not probative of any issue in this case. Additionally, Defendant objects to this request to the extent it seeks the private and personal information of other insureds of Defendant or the confidential information of Defendant. Further, Defendant objects to the extent that this inquiry seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege and the work product doctrine. Finally, this request seeks information which is a matter of public record and can be independently obtained by Plaintiff without requiring Defendant to compile the information. Based on all of the above, no further response will be provided.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 41:

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Please produce any and all company newsletters designed to inform employees of industry or company news or developments related to uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage or policies in Nevada since January 1, 2001.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 41:

Objection. This request assumes facts, is vague and ambiguous as to the term "newsletters", and is unduly burdensome and overly broad in that it seeks information that is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is disproportional to the needs of the case. The request is also overbroad to the extent it seeks the production of internal newsletters, unrelated to this litigation, for a period of over 10 years; i.e., January 1, 20010 to present. As presently worded, the information sought by the Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant does not have any "newsletters". However, Defendant will produce, only upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, the KD materials relating to the handling of UM claims for the state of Nevada, for the applicable time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 42:

Please produce any and all transcripts and recordings of speeches or presentations in any form whatsoever, including Power Point presentation materials, overheads, slides, on the subject of uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage in since January 1, 2010.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 42:

Objection. This request is unduly burdensome and overly broad in that it seeks information that is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is disproportional to the needs of the case. The request is also overbroad and unduly burdensome to the extent it seeks the production of "transcripts" and "recordings" of "speeches or presentations" for a period of almost 10 years; i.e., January 1, 2010 to present and is patently overbroad and harassing.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 43:

Please produce any and all advertisements or other marketing materials (including but not limited to brochures and/or video) issued by Defendant in Nevada or available on any website and pertaining to uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage, since January 1, 2010.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 43:

Objection. Defendant objects to this request as it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. There are no allegations within the Plaintiff's complaint regarding advertisements, nor did the Plaintiff allege any reliance upon such advertisements. Additionally, this request is overly broad in scope and time, and responding would be unduly burdensome. No documents will be produced.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 44:

Please produce any and all copies of any reinsurance or co-insurance agreements, and all the terms and conditions thereof, between Defendant and any other entity, relating to the policy(ies) at issue.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 44:

Defendant objects to this Request in that it is overbroad and neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. Subject to and without waiving

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LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

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1	the stated objections, after a diligent search, USAA has no documents responsive to this reques			
2	Discovery is continuing and USAA reserves the right to supplement this response.			
3	DATED this 5 th day of October, 2020.			
4	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP			
5				
6	By <u>/s/Priscilla L. O'Briant</u> ROBERT W. FREEMAN			
7	Nevada Bar No. 3062 PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT			
8	Nevada Bar No. 010171 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600			
9	Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 Telephone: 702.893.3383			
10	Fax: 702.893.3789 Attorneys for Defendant United Services			
11	Automobile Association			
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1	<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>			
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), A.O. 14-2 and N.E.F.C.R. 9, I certify that I am an employee of			
3	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP, and that on this 5th day of October, 2020, I did			
4	cause a true and correct copy of DEFENDANT UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE			
5	ASSOCIATION'S SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF			
6	REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION in Clark County District Court Case No. A-19-790757-C, to			
7	be served by electronic service with the Eighth Judicial District Court filing system to the parties			
8	on the Electronic Service List addressed as follows:			
9	Jordan P. Schnitzer, Esq. THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM 9205 W. Russell Road, Ste. 240			
11	Las Vegas, NV 89148 Tel: (702) 960-4050 Fax: (702) 960-4092			
12 13	Attorney for Plaintiff			
14				
15	D /o/ Anno Condoll			
16	By /s/ Anne Cordell Anne Cordell, an Employee of			
17	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP Email: Anne.cordell@lewisbrisbois.com			
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	d			
1	ROBERT W. FREEMAN			
2	Nevada Bar No. 3062 Robert.Freeman@lewisbrisbois.com			
3	PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT Nevada Bar No. 10171			
	Priscilla.OBriant@lewisbrisbois.com			
4	JENNIFER A. TAYLOR Nevada Bar No. 6141			
5	Jennifer.A.Taylor@lewisbrisbois.com LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP			
6	6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600			
7				
8	Attorneys for Defendant United Services Automobile Association			
9		T COURT		
10	CLARK COUN	NTY, NEVADA		
11				
12	JOHN ROBERTS, an individual,	CASE NO. A-19-790757-C		
13	Plaintiff,	Dept. No.: XXII		
14	vs.	DEFENDANT'S RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S SECOND SET OF		
15	UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE	REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION		
	ASSOCIATION, an unincorporated entity			
16	and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange with members residing in the State of Nevada;			
17	DOES 1 through 10; and ROE CORPORATIONS 11 through 25, inclusive,			
18				
19	Defendants.			
20	COMES NOW Defendant UNITED	SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION,		
21	("USAA"), by and through its attorneys, Lew	is Brisbois Bisgaard & Smith LLP, and hereby		
22	responds to Plaintiff JOHN ROBERTS's ("Plai	ntiff") Second Set of Requests for Production to		
23	Defendant as follows:			
24	<u>DEFIN</u>	ITIONS		
25	A. "Non-discoverable/Irrelevant." 7	The request in question concerns a matter that is		
26	not relevant to the subject matter and the matters that remain at issue in this litigation and is no			
27	reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.			
28	B. "Unduly burdensome." The requ	uest in question seeks discovery which is unduly		

LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW

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burdensome or expensive, taking into account the needs of the case, the amount in controversy, limitations on the parties' resources, and the importance of the issues at stake in the litigation.

- C. "Vague." The request in question contains a word or phrase which is not adequately defined, or the overall request is confusing, and Defendant is unable to reasonably ascertain what information or documents are sought in the request.
- D. "Overly broad." The request seeks information beyond the scope of, or beyond the time period relevant to, the subject matter of this litigation and, accordingly, seeks information which is non-discoverable/irrelevant and is unduly burdensome.

GENERAL OBJECTIONS

- 1. Defendant objects to the requests to the extent that they seek documents that are protected by any absolute or qualified privilege or exemption, including, but not limited to, the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work-product exemption, the consulting-expert exemption, and the government/investigatory privilege. Specifically, Defendant objects to these requests on the following grounds:
- a. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they seek documents that are protected from disclosure by the attorney-client privilege in accordance with Rule 26 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure and NRS 89.095;
- b. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they seek documents that are protected from disclosure by the work-product exemption in accordance with Rule 26(b)(1)(3) and (4) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure and applicable case law.
- c. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they seek documents that are protected from disclosure pursuant to the consultant/expert exemption in accordance with Rule 26(b)(3) and (4) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure and applicable case law.
- d. Defendant objects to these requests to the extent they seek trade secrets, commercially sensitive information, or confidential proprietary data entitled to protection under Rule 26(c)(7) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 2. This response is made on the basis of information and writings available to and located by Defendant upon reasonable investigation of Defendant's records. There may be other

and further information respecting the requests propounded by Plaintiff of which Defendant, despite its reasonable investigation and inquiry, is presently unaware. Defendant reserves the right to modify or enlarge any responses with such pertinent additional information as Defendant may subsequently discover.

- 3. No incidental or implied admissions will be made by the responses to these requests. The fact that Defendant may respond or object to any request or any part thereof shall not be deemed an admission that Defendant accepts or admits the existence of any fact set forth or assumed by such request, or that such response constitutes admissible evidence. The fact that Defendant responds to a part of any request is not to be deemed a waiver by Defendant of its objections, including privilege, to other parts to such request.
- 4. Defendant objects to any instruction to the extent that it would impose upon Defendant greater duties than are set forth under the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure. Defendant will supplement responses to the requests as required by the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 5. All responses will be made solely for the purpose of this action. Each response will be subject to all objections as to competence, relevance, materiality, propriety and admissibility, and to any and all other objections on any ground which would require the exclusion from evidence of any statement herein if any such statements were made by a witness present and testifying at trial, all of which objections and grounds are expressly reserved and may be interposed at such hearings.

RESPONSES TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 45:

Please produce the managerial bonus or incentive plan for managers responsible for under insured or uninsured claims in effect for the time period of five (5) years before the date of loss in this matter through the present.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 45:

USAA objects to this request as it assumes and misstates facts not in evidence. It is also overbroad in scope and time, and is vague and/or ambiguous as to the terms "bonus and/or incentive plan". Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither

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relevant to Plaintiff's claims for breach of contract or tortious bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiff's claim was properly handled.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, USAA has a company-wide incentive program not specifically tied to payment or non-payment of claims. Since at least 2010, Defendant's Board of Directors has approved a holiday bonus that is paid to all employees in December of each year. Employees who are actively employed at the end of November receive an amount equal to their then-current bi-weekly base pay, prorated for any partial period of employment. Additionally, since at least 2010, Defendant's Board of Directors has awarded an enterprise-wide performance bonus paid in February of the following year. In order to be eligible for the bonus, employees must have been hired prior to October and still employed as of February (or retired from USAA on or after January) of the payment year. With limited exceptions noted below, every employee working with USAA, regardless of job title, job duties, or job location, received a bonus equal to a percentage of their eligible earnings. Employees whose individual performance required a form of corrective action during the year may have received a reduced bonus or no bonus at all.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 46:

Please produce the bonus or incentive plan for adjusters responsible for under insured or uninsured claims in effect for the time period of five (5) years before the date of loss in this matter through the present.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 46:

USAA objects to this request as it assumes and misstates facts not in evidence. It is also overbroad in scope and time, and is vague and/or ambiguous as to the terms "bonus and/or incentive plan". Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiff's claims for breach of contract or tortious bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiff's claim was properly handled.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, USAA has a company-wide

incentive program not specifically tied to payment or non-payment of claims. Since at least 2010, Defendant's Board of Directors has approved a holiday bonus that is paid to all employees in December of each year. Employees who are actively employed at the end of November receive an amount equal to their then-current bi-weekly base pay, prorated for any partial period of employment. Additionally, since at least 2010, Defendant's Board of Directors has awarded an enterprise-wide performance bonus paid in February of the following year. In order to be eligible for the bonus, employees must have been hired prior to October and still employed as of February (or retired from USAA on or after January) of the payment year. With limited exceptions noted below, every employee working with USAA, regardless of job title, job duties, or job location, received a bonus equal to a percentage of their eligible earnings. Employees whose individual performance required a form of corrective action during the year may have received a reduced bonus or no bonus at all.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 47:

Please produce the portions of the personnel file of the adjuster(s) and supervisors directly involved in handling and evaluating Plaintiff's claim regarding performance evaluation, audits, disciplinary actions, and performance under a bonus or incentive plan.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 47:

USAA objects to this request as it is overbroad in scope and time, vague and/or ambiguous as to the terms "personnel file". Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiff's claims for breach of contract or tortious bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiff's claim was properly handled. Moreover, this request explicitly seeks confidential information of third parties not joined to this litigation. Those persons have an expectation that their personal information will be maintain in confidence. USAA further objects to the extent this request seeks business information that is confidential and/or proprietary. To the extent that such documents exists and are discoverable, they will only be produced after the entry of an appropriate protective order. Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, after the entry of an appropriate confidentiality and protection order,

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1	USAA will produce the job-related materials contained within Steven Lucent's employee file for			
2	the relevant time frame.			
3	DATED this <u>6th</u> day of November, 2020.			
4	LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP			
5				
6	By <i>/s/ Jennifer A. Taylor</i> ROBERT W. FREEMAN			
7	Nevada Bar No. 3062 PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT			
8	Nevada Bar No. 010171 JENNIFER A. TAYLOR			
9	Nevada Bar No.6141 6385 S. Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 600			
10	Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 Telephone: 702.893.3383			
11	Fax: 702.893.3789			
12	Attorneys for Defendant United Services Automobile Association			
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1 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 2 Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), A.O. 14-2 and N.E.F.C.R. 9, I certify that I am an employee of 3 LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP, and that on this 6th day of November, 2020, I did cause a true and correct copy of DEFENDANT'S RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S 4 5 **SECOND SET OF REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION** in Clark County District Court Case No. 6 A-19-790757-C, to be served by electronic service with the Eighth Judicial District Court filing 7 system to the parties on the Electronic Service List addressed as follows: Jordan@theschnitzerlawfirm.com 8 Jordan P. Schnitzer, Esq. THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM 9205 W. Russell Road, Ste. 240 Las Vegas, NV 89148 10 Tel: (702) 960-4050 Fax: (702) 960-4092 11 Attorney for Plaintiff 12 13 /s/ Anne Cordell By 14 Anne Cordell, an Employee of LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 15 Email: Anne.cordell@lewisbrisbois.com **16** 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27



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JORDAN P. SCHNITZER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10744 THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM 9205 W. Russell Road, Suite 240 Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 Telephone: (702) 960-4050 Facsimile: (702) 960-4092

Jordan@TheSchnitzerLawFirm.com

Attorney for Plaintiff

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

JOHN ROBERTS, an individual,

Plaintiff,

VS.

UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION, an unincorporated entity and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange with members residing in the State of Nevada; DOES 1 through 10; and ROE CORPORATIONS 11 through 25, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-19-790757-C

Dept. No.: IV

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL DEFENDANT'S RESPONSES TO INTERROGATORIES AND REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION

DISCOVERY COMMISSIONER

HEARING REQUESTED

COMES NOW, Plaintiff John Roberts, by and through his attorney of record, THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM, and hereby files his Motion to Compel Defendant's Responses to and Interrogatories and Requests for Admission ("Motion").

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This Motion is based on the Points and Authorities submitted herewith, together with the papers and pleadings on file herein, exhibits attached hereto and oral arguments at the time of hearing.

DATED this 14th day of January 2021.

THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM

JORDAN P. SCHNITZER, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 10744

9205 West Russell Road, Suite 240

Las Vegas, NV 89148 Attorney for Plaintiff

SCHNITZER

DECLARATION OF JORDAN SCHNITZER IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO COMPEL PURSUANT TO EDCR 2.34

JORDAN SCHNITZER, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

- 1. I am a licensed attorney admitted to practice law in all courts in the State of Nevada.
- 2. I make this affidavit in support of Plaintiff's Motion to Compel.
- 3. I have personal knowledge of the matters stated in this affidavit and could testify as a competent witness, if called upon to do so.
- 4. On September 10, 2020, my office sent correspondence outlining the deficient responses. *See* **Exhibit 4**.
- 5. I met and conferred with opposing counsel on USAA's deficient discovery responses on June 4, 2020, and again on October 7, 2020. True and accurate copies of the email correspondences between opposing counsel and I are attached hereto as **Exhibit 5.**
- 6. Defendant sent supplemental responses to Interrogatories on October 6, 2020. *See* **Exhibits 6**. However, such responses did not resolve the issues that remained at the time of the latest telephonic meet and confer.
- 7. Despite the parties, good faith effort, the disputes have not been resolved.
- 8. I submit this Declaration in compliance with EDCR 2.34 to demonstrate my compliance with the rule and to illustrate the efforts that were undertaken to try to resolve these issues without the need to involve the Court.

DATED this 14th day of January 2021.

Yordan Schnitzer, Esq.

SCHNITZER

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

Defendant UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION ("Defendant" or "USAA") has improperly objected to a number of interrogatories and requests for admission. USAA claimed the information sought is privileged, irrelevant to this action, or the request or overbroad, among others. All of Plaintiff's requests have been reasonable and are regarding relevant information, and USAA's cited objections and privilege do not apply to the information Plaintiff requests. The objections appear to be an effort to obstruct Plaintiff from receiving information directly related to his claims that his injuries were foreseeable by Defendant.

Plaintiff, through his attorney, and USAA have conducted telephonic meet and confer conferences, but to no avail. USAA many times uses the same objections to several different requests in an attempt to simply refuse to respond with any substantive information to Plaintiff. Plaintiff has no other option than to seek relief from the Court in the form of an Order compelling USAA to respond to Plaintiff's propounded discovery including 8 interrogatories and 10 requests for admission. Therefore, the Court should grant this motion and award monetary sanctions.

II. RELEVANT FACTS AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Plaintiff filed his *Complaint* on March 8, 2019, in Nevada State Court. The *Complaint* alleges that Plaintiff was injured from a vehicle accident on or about May 9, 2014. *See* **Exhibit 1** at ¶¶ 10-14. Plaintiff made demand upon Defendants for payment of the claim. *Id.* at ¶¶ 17. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants did not pay the undisputed portions of the claim and did not reasonably evaluate the claim. *Id.* at ¶¶ 18-20. Plaintiff alleges that these actions are the basis for a breach of contract, breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, tortious breach of the implied covenant of good faith and request declaratory relief. *Id.* at ¶¶ 18-22.

Plaintiff has sent to USAA Interrogatories and Requests for Admissions. USAA returned responses to the Interrogatories and Requests for Admissions on August 7, 2020, but some of USAA's responses were either inadequate or merely objections with no answer. *See* Exhibits 2

and 3. Plaintiff sent correspondence to USAA on September 10, 2020 outlining the deficient responses. *See* Exhibit 4.

Plaintiff, through his attorney, met and conferred with Defendant on June 4, 2020, and again on October 7, 2020 to attempt to resolve these issues. *See* Exhibit 5 and Declaration of Jordan P. Schnitzer, Esq. Defendant sent supplemental responses to Interrogatories on October 6, 2020. *See* Exhibits 6. However, such responses did not resolve the issues that remained at the time of the latest telephonic meet and confer.

III. LEGAL ARGUMENT

A. Scope of Discovery

Discovery is limited, not merely to admissible evidence, but to requests that are "relevant to any party's claim or defense." Nev. R. Civ. P. 26 "Relevance for purposes of discovery is defined very broadly." *See Hickman v. Taylor*, 329 U.S. 495, 506-07 (1947) ("Information is relevant to the subject matter if it might reasonably assist a party in evaluating the case, preparing for trial or facilitating settlement.") This broad right of discovery is based on the general principle that litigants have a right to every man's evidence, and that wide access to relevant facts serves the integrity and fairness of the judicial process by promoting the search for the truth. *See, United States v. Bryan*, 339 U.S. 323, 331 (1950).

Although discovery is not limited to the merits of the case, discovery should be proportional to the needs of the case. Nev. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(1). However, the issue of proportionality "does not place on the party seeking discovery the burden of addressing all proportionality considerations." *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 committee notes. Moreover the parties' relative access to relevant information is a consideration in regards to determining whether information is discoverable. *Ibid.* Specifically, when one party has more access to vast information than the other party, "the burden of responding to discovery lies heavier on the party that has more information, and properly so." (emphasis added) *Ibid*.

Moreover, Rule 34(a) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure allows a party to "request the production of any designated documents or electronically stored information...stored in any medium from which information can be obtained either directly or, if necessary, after translation by the responding party into a reasonably usable form[.]" Nev. R. Civ. P. 34.

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If a party withholds information otherwise discoverable by claiming that the information is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material, the party must:

- (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the documents, communications, or tangible things not produced or disclosed—and do so in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable other parties to assess the claim."

Nev. R. Civ. P. 26.

"To withhold materials without such notice is contrary to this Rule, subjects the party to sanctions under Rule 37(b)(2), and may be viewed a waiver of the privilege or protection." (emphasis added) Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 committee notes. If a party refuses to comply with a request pursuant to FRCP 34, "a party may move for an order compelling disclosure or discovery." Fed. R. Civ. P. 37.

The party opposing discovery has the burden of showing that it is irrelevant, overly broad, or unduly burdensome. Fosbre v. Las Vegas Sands Corp., 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 1073, at *14 (D. Nev. Jan. 5, 2016). To meet this burden, the objecting party must specifically detail the reasons why each request is irrelevant. *Ibid*. If a party withholds documents on the basis of a privilege, the party asserting the privilege also bears the burden of proving its validity. *Phillips* v. C.R. Bard, Inc., 290 F.R.D. 615, 627 (D. Nev. 2013)(citing In re Grand Jury Investigation, 974 F.2d 1068, 1070-1071 (9th Cir. 1992)).

B. Defendant USAA Makes Boilerplate Objections to Interrogatories and Requests for Admissions, with Little to no Support

USAA provides minimal legal precedent in support of many of its objections. Merely asserting the ground for the objection generally is not sufficient to sustain an objection to the request. See, e.g., McLeod, Alexander, Powel & Apffel, P.C., v. Quarles, 894 F.2d 1482, 1484-85 (5th Cir. 1990); Panola Land Buyers Ass'n v. Shuman, 762 F.2d 1550, 1559 (11th Cir. 1985); Josephs v. Harris Corp., 677 F.2d 985, 991-92 (3rd Cir. 1982); Wauchop v. Domino's Pizza, Inc., 138 F.R.D. 539, 544 (N.D. III. 1991); Roesberg v. Johns-Manville Corp., 85 F.R.D. 292, 296-97 (E.D. Pa. 1980)). Courts may – and generally will – disregard objections that lack explanation and support. See, e.g., Roesberg, 85 F.R.D. at 297 (failure to properly assert an

objection generally results in a waiver of objection). As the other sections will show, USAA's objections, even if sufficiently preserved, are without merit.

C. USAA Should Be Compelled to Meaningfully Respond to Plaintiff's Interrogatories

i. Interrogatory 2

INTERROGATORY NO. 2:

State the name; position, employer, last known address, social security number and date of birth, of every person known by you or any third-party administrator who either reviewed, investigated, or made any decision to accept, deny or pay any portion of the subject claim.

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 2

Objection. This interrogatory is compound, overbroad, vague and unduly burdensome in that its scope is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges and also calls for sensitive, personal information. Defendant further objects that the term "...reviewed, investigated, or made any decision"," is vague and overbroad. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: The persons who reviewed and evaluated Plaintiff's claim and participated in recommending the actions taken by Defendant with respect to Plaintiff's claim are Steven Lucent, Auto Examiner, and Deborah Springer, Manager, Claims Operations. both are employed by Defendant. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

See Exhibit 2.

Here, this Answer is insufficient for at least 2 reasons. First, the information related to "Steven Lucent and Deborah Springer" is insufficient as it only provides this person's name – and does not provide this person's position, employer, last known address, social security number and date of birth. Second, USAA failed to identify the people other than Steven Lucent and Deborah Springer "known by you or any third-party administrator who either reviewed, investigated, or made any decision to accept, deny or pay any portion of the subject claim." Therefore, the Court should compel Defendant to provide an adequate response to Interrogatory No. 2.

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ii. Interrogatories 12, 13 and 14

INTERROGATORY NO. 12

For each person within the past ten years, who contended that you had violated the Unfair Claims Practices Act, please state the following: (a) The name and last known address of the person; (b) Date the claim or lawsuit was made against you; (c) Court jurisdiction and case number of the litigation.

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 12

Defendant objects to this Interrogatory on the grounds that it is overly broad in both time and location and burdensome. The existence of other contentions or legal proceedings will neither prove nor disprove the amount owed on this claim or the existence of any mishandling of this claim. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by the plaintiff herein with regard to his claim under the subject policy, is irrelevant and the Interrogatory is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell, 538 US 4087 (2003). As such, the request is not proportional to the needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented, and is also therefore unduly burdensome. Additionally, the interrogatory is vague as to the term "who contended". In addition, pending litigation matters are not probative of any issue in this case. Additionally, Defendant objects to this request to the extent it seeks the private and personal information of other insureds of Defendant or the confidential information of Defendant. Further, Defendant objects to the extent that this inquiry seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege and the work product doctrine. Finally, this Request seeks information which is a matter of public record and can be independently obtained by Plaintiff without requiring Defendant to compile the information. No further response will be provided.

INTERROGATORY NO. 13

For each person within the past ten years, who contended that you had acted in bad faith, please state the following: (a) The name and last known address of the person; (b) Date the claim or lawsuit was made against you; (c) Court jurisdiction and case number of the litigation."

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 13

Objection. Defendant objects that this request seeks information which is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party to this litigation. As such, the request is not proportional to the needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented, and is also therefore unduly burdensome. Additionally, the interrogatory is vague as to the term "who contended". Defendant objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Defendant further objects as the existence of other contentions or legal proceedings will neither prove nor disprove any of the issues involved in this case, the value of Plaintiff's claim or the existence of any mishandling of this claim. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by the plaintiff herein with regard to her claim under the subject policy, is irrelevant and the interrogatory is not reasonably calculated to

lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell, 538 US 4087 (2003).

INTERROGATORY NO. 14

For each person within the past ten years, who contended that you violated the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, please state the following: (a) The name and last known address of the person; (b) Date the claim or lawsuit was made against you; (c) Court jurisdiction and case number of the litigation."

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 14

Objection. Defendant objects that this request seeks information which is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party to this litigation. As such, the request is not proportional to the needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented, and is also therefore unduly burdensome. Additionally, the interrogatory is vague as to the term "who contended". Defendant objects to the extent that the interrogatory calls for information protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. Defendant further objects as the existence of other contentions or legal proceedings will neither prove nor disprove any of the issues involved in this case, the value of Plaintiff's claim or the existence of any mishandling of this claim. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by the plaintiff herein with regard to her claim under the subject policy, is irrelevant and the interrogatory is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell, 538 US 4087 (2003).

See Exhibit 2.

Here, there are a myriad of issues with USAA's objections. First, the Interrogatories are properly limited as to time and scope, i.e., to the "past ten years" and as to Nevada claims as an allegation of a statutory violation of the Unfair Claims Practices Act – a Nevada statute – would inherently be a Nevada claim. Second, Plaintiff disagrees with the claim that "[t]he existence of other contentions or legal proceedings will neither prove nor disprove the amount owed on this claim or the existence of any mishandling of this claim. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by the plaintiff herein with regard to his claim under the subject policy, is irrelevant and the Interrogatory is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence." This is because USAA may have a pattern or claims process that itself violates the Unfair Claims Practices Act. Arguendo, if USAA has acted in breach of the Act – as would be alleged by the lawsuits/information sought by this Interrogatory – in other past matters, yet failed to correct these improper practices, that certainly would be relevant to this action.

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The mere fact that "this Request seeks information which is a matter of public record and can be independently obtained by Plaintiff without requiring Defendant to compile the information" does not absolve USAA of its requirements to respond to written discovery. "The fact that a responding party maintains records in different locations, utilizes a filing system that does not directly correspond to the subjects set forth in Plaintiffs' Interrogatory, or that responsive documents might be voluminous does not suffice to sustain a claim of undue burden." Thomas v. Cate, 715 F. Supp. 2d 1012, 1033, 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 21750, *47-48 (E.D. Cal. 2010); see also Simon v. ProNational Insurance Co., 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 96318, 2007 WL 4893477, *2 (S.D. Fla. 2007) (in granting Plaintiff's Motion to Compel documents regarding similarly situated policy holders over a six (6) year period, held that Defendant's claim of undue burden was insufficient to preclude production; noted that a company cannot sustain a claim of undue burden by citing deficiencies in its own filing system); Kelly v. Montgomery Lynch & Associates, Inc., 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 93651, 2007 WL 4412572, *2 (N.D. Ohio 2007) (in granting Plaintiff's Motion to Compel, rejected Defendant's claim of undue burden, notwithstanding Defendant's proffer that its "filing system is not maintained in a searchable way and the information sought would require 'manually searching through hundreds of thousands of records.'").

Additionally, USAA indicates that information sought by this Interrogatory is "public record" so USAA can then use these public records as a starting point and then narrow down from all cases to cases involving a contention/claim for breach of the Unfair Claims Practices Act. Although information may be public record and accessible, USAA is in the best position to narrow the cases to the scope of those contending/claiming that USAA violated the Unfair Claims Practices Act. As is well settled in Nevada, discovery's boundaries are "broad" and extend beyond admissible evidence. *Schlatter v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court*, 93 Nev. 189, 192, 561 P.2d 1342, 1344 (1977). Therefore, the Court should compel Defendant to provide an adequate response to Interrogatory Nos. 12 through 14.

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iii. Interrogatory 28

INTERROGATORY NO. 28

State the net worth of UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION for each of the last five (5) fiscal years according to GENERAL ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP).

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 28

This Interrogatory is overly broad, unduly burdensome, and seeks information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses of either party. USAA further objects on the basis that this Interrogatory is not proportional to the needs of this case. This Interrogatory is not limited to the present claim, is not limited in scope or time, and is otherwise irrelevant to the issues presented in the present matter. Additionally this request is premature. The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "before tax returns or financial records are discoverable on the issue of punitive damages, the plaintiff must demonstrate some factual basis for its punitive damage claim." Hetter v. District Court, 110 Nev. 513, 520, 874 P.2d 762, 766, 1994 Nev. LEXIS 65, *13-14 (emphasis added). If the Court allows the question of punitive damages to proceed to the jury, USAA will supplement this response.

See Exhibit 2.

Although not a publicly traded company, USAA provides financial reports to its Members. https://communities.usaa.com/t5/USAA-News/USAA-2019-Report-to-Members/ba-p/227998. From this link, financial reports from 2017 – 2019 can be readily accessed. Additional reports from prior years are also maintained by USAA. Thus, USAA's net worth for the last 5 years should be readily accessible to the company and must be provided in response to Interrogatory No. 28.

Here, Plaintiff is seeking punitive damages, making discovery related to USAA's net worth proper. *Hetter v. District Court*, 110 Nev. 513, 519 (1994) (In Nevada, a defendant's financial condition is a proper subject of discovery on the question of punitive damages.). Additionally, USAA's net worth and other financial information likely contain relevant evidence related to USAA's claims practices. Thus, this information is discoverable. *Koninklijke Philips Elecs. N.V. v. KXD Tech., Inc.*, Nos. 2:05-cv-01532-RLH-GWF, 2:06-cv-00101-RLH-GWF, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 13956 at *22 (D. Nev. February 21, 2007) (finding that, over Defendants' objections, Plaintiff was entitled to obtain information regarding financial records, as they likely contained relevant evidence or would lead to the discovery of admissible

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evidence.). USAA should be compelled to supplement/amend its answer to Interrogatory No. 24.

iv. Interrogatory 31 through 33

INTERROGATORY NO. 31

Please state the amount You have set as reserves for the Plaintiff's 1st party claim.

RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 31

Objection. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory on the grounds that reserve information is irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence as this litigation concerns only Plaintiff's entitlement to benefits under the policy of insurance issued to Plaintiff and Defendant's handling of the claim submitted thereunder, and is therefore not proportional to the needs Defendant further objects to the extent the interrogatory seeks confidential and proprietary business information. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: The reserves Defendant set with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents. Please see the First Supplement to Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1, produced concurrently herewith, which includes USAA000001 to USAA004785 with unredacted reserve information. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 32

Please state the formula used by You in determining the reserves for the Plaintiff's 1st party claim.

INTERROGATORY NO. 32

Objection. Defendant objects that this interrogatory seeks information which is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party to this litigation. As such, the request is not proportional to the needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented. Defendant further objects to the extent the interrogatory seeks confidential and proprietary business information. Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant does not have a "formula" for determining reserves. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 33

Please state each and every fact considered by You in determining the amount set as reserves for the Plaintiff's claim.

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INTERROGATORY NO. 33

Objection. Defendant objects that this interrogatory seeks information which is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party to this litigation. As such, the request is not proportional to the needs of this litigation as it is unlikely to resolve the issues presented. Defendant further objects to the extent the seeks confidential and proprietary business information. interrogatory Defendant also objects that this Interrogatory is overly unduly burdensome and beyond the scope of the duties required of Defendant in responding to interrogatories in that it purports to require Defendant to compile a summary of its own claim file. The actions Defendant took with regard to Plaintiff's UM claim are set forth in the claim file, previously produced in this case. As such, because the answer to this Interrogatory may be determined by examining, auditing, compiling, abstracting, or summarizing, Defendant' claims file, Bates USAA000001 to USAA004785, and because the burden to derive or ascertain the answer is substantially the same for Plaintiff as it is for Defendant, Defendant refers Plaintiff to those documents.

Subject to and without waiving these objections, Defendant responds as follows: In setting reserves, USAA considered the coverage available for the claim, all information available to USAA at the time, and included consideration of Plaintiff's complaints, diagnoses, treatment, and prognosis for future treatment. USAA also considered Plaintiff's prior injuries and pre-existing conditions, including multiple surgeries before the loss, a failed knee replacement, and the fact that prior to the subject accident, Plaintiff was planning a cervical fusion. After review of all records, it concluded that this loss aggravated pre-existing conditions but did not appear to have caused any new pathology or surgical recommendations. USAA made multiple requests to Plaintiff for additional information and repeatedly requested a medical authorization to obtain additional information to complete its evaluation.

See Exhibit 2.

USAA's response after objections to Interrogatories Nos. 31 through 33 fails to provide a sufficient answer, essentially claiming that "the interrogatory seeks confidential and proprietary information" and referring Plaintiff to nearly 5,000 pages of records to obtain the answer. Such a response is non-responsive and inappropriate.

Further, reserve information is discoverable (and USAA did not object to providing the actual reserve information) and prelitigation claims files are not privileged. The Supreme Court of Nevada has held that "the materials resulting from an insurance company's investigation are not made 'in anticipation of litigation' unless the insurer's investigation has been performed at the request of an attorney." Ballard v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. of State In & For Cnty. of Clark, 787 P.2d 406, 407 (Nev.1990). However, a party cannot render documents privileged merely "by

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injecting an attorney into the investigative process." Columbia/HCA Healthcare Corp. v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. In & For Cnty. of Clark, 936 P.2d 844, 848 (Nev.1997). If the documents would have been prepared or created in the ordinary course of business regardless of the attorney's involvement, they are not subject to work product protection. Id.

Further, "[r]eserve information is relevant in an insurance bad faith lawsuit because the insurer has the contractual duty to defend and indemnify its insured, which also encompasses the duty to reasonably evaluate and settle claims within the policy's coverage." RFK Retail Holdings Ltd Liab. Co. v. Tropicana Las Vegas, Inc., 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 80436, at *23 (D. Nev. May 25, 2017). Courts have even allowed discovery of an insurer's reserve information when neither bad faith nor breach of contract has been asserted as long as there is a claim in dispute. Olin Corp v. Cont. Cas. Co., 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 98177, at *11-12 (D. Nev. Aug. 30, 2011). As Plaintiff asserted bad faith and due to a claim being in dispute in this Lawsuit, discovery for the insurer's reserves is proper and has already been disclosed. USAA should be compelled to properly respond to Plaintiff's Interrogatory Nos. 31 through 33.

D. USAA Should Be Compelled to Meaningfully Respond to Requests for **Admissions**

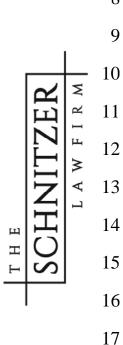
i. Request for Admission Nos. 6 – 11, and 13

N.R.C.P. Rule 36 sets forth the scope and standards for requests for admission. "A party may serve on any other party a written request to admit...the truth of any matters within the scope of Rule 26(b)(1) relating to: (A) facts, the application of law to fact, or opinions about either..." N.R.C.P. Rule 36(a)(1). "The requesting party may move to determine the sufficiency of an answer or objection. *Unless the court finds an objection justified*, it must order that answer be served." N.R.C.P. Rule 36(a)(6) (emphasis added). Furthermore, "[o]n finding that an answer does not comply with this rule, the court may order either that the matters is admitted or that an amended answer be served." N.R.C.P. Rule 36(a)(6). "A party must not object solely on the ground that the request presents a genuine issue for trial." N.R.C.P. Rule 36(a)(5).

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 6:

Admit that you have a duty to fully, fairly and promptly evaluate claims.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 6:



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Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 7:

Admit that you have a duty to pay all claim amounts not in dispute.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 7:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REOUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 8:

Admit an insurance company should pay a claim where its liability under the policy is reasonably clear.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 8:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 9:

Admit an insurance company should reasonably assist the insured in presenting the claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 9:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 10:

Admit an insurance company should pay a first party claim where its liability under the policy is reasonably clear.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 10:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 11:

Admit an insurance company should pay a claim where its liability under the policy is reasonably clear.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 11:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 13:

Admit an insurance company must search for and consider evidence that supports payment of benefits in a first party claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 13:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

See Exhibits 3.

Here, USAA relies upon NRCP 36 for its objections, which provides in pertinent part:

Rule 36. Requests for Admission

- (a) Scope and Procedure.
- (1) <u>Scope</u>. A party may serve on any other party a written request to admit, for purposes of the pending action only, the truth of any matters within the scope of Rule 26(b)(1) relating to:
- (A) facts, the application of law to fact, or opinions about either; and
- (B) the genuineness of any described documents.

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(4) <u>Answer</u>. If a matter is not admitted, the answer must specifically deny it or state in detail why the answering party cannot truthfully admit or deny it. A denial must fairly respond to the substance of the matter; and when good faith requires that a party qualify an answer or deny only a part of a matter, the answer must specify the part admitted and qualify or deny the rest. The answering party may assert lack of knowledge or information as a reason for failing to admit or deny only if the party states that it has made reasonable inquiry and that the information it knows or can readily obtain is insufficient to enable it to admit or deny.

- (5) <u>Objections</u>. The grounds for objecting to a request must be stated. A party must not object solely on the ground that the request presents a genuine issue for trial.
- (6) Motion Regarding the Sufficiency of an Answer or Objection. The requesting party may move to determine the sufficiency of an answer or objection. Unless the court finds an objection justified, it must order that an answer be served. On finding that an answer does not comply with this rule, the court may order either that the matter is admitted or that an amended answer be served. The court may defer its final decision until a pretrial conference or a specified time before trial. Rule 37(a)(5) applies to an award of expenses.

Yet, USAA's reliance upon Rule 36 is improper – and thus its objections based upon this Rule are also improper. Pursuant to NRCP 36(a)(1)(A), "A party may serve on any other party a written request to admit, for purposes of the pending action only, the truth of any matters within the scope of Rule 26(b)(1) relating to: (A) facts, **the application of law to fact**, or opinions about either..." NRCP 36(a)(1)(A) (emphasis added). For Requests Nos. 6 – 11 and 13, Plaintiff is asking for USAA to admit *the application of law to fact*, thus requiring proper Responses without the improper objections to these Requests. More specifically, Plaintiff is asking about duties of USAA – which apply to the Lawsuit and its facts – as these duties <u>always</u> apply pursuant to Nevada's Unfair Claims Practices Act, Nevada Administrative Code ("NAC") §686A and N.R.S. §686A.310.

Therefore, USAA should be compelled to properly respond to Requests for Admission Nos. 6 – 11 and 13.

ii. Request for Admission Nos. 12, 14 and 15

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 12:

Admit an insurance company should conduct a prompt, fair and thorough investigation.

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RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 12:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. Subject to and without waiving the objection, Defendant responds as follows: This Request is vague, argumentative, lacks context and mischaracterizes facts. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 14:

Admit an insurance company may not withhold insurance benefits in a first party claim based upon speculation.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 14:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. Subject to and without waiving the objection, Defendant responds as follows: This Request is vague, argumentative, lacks context and mischaracterizes facts. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 15:

Admit interest accrues pursuant to NRS 99.040 beginning 30 days after the claim should have been paid. (See NAC 686A.665).

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 15:

Objection. This Request improperly seeks an admission as to a pure conclusion of law. NRCP Rule 36 does not authorize a request that requires a pure legal conclusion without application to the facts of the case. Thus Defendant is not required to admit or deny this Request. Subject to and without waiving the objection, Defendant responds as follows: This Request is vague, argumentative, lacks context and mischaracterizes facts. To the extent this Request contains any purported factual inference that Defendant actions in evaluating or adjusting Plaintiff's claim breach an obligation owed under contract or law, this Request is denied.

See Exhibits 3.

Here, Requests for Admission Nos. 12, 14 and 15 (like Requests for Admission Nos. 6 – 11 and 13) are based upon the specific language of Nevada's Unfair Claims Practices Act, NAC §686A and N.R.S. §686A.310. As the Act applies to the facts of this matter, these Requests are not "vague, argumentative, lacks context and mischaracterizes facts." As explained above,

Defendant USAA's reliance upon NRCP 36 as a shield to deny these Requests is improper. USAA should be compelled to properly respond to Requests for Admission Nos. 12, 14 and 15.

E. Sanctions Awarding Plaintiff Attorneys' Fees Are Appropriate

The Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure provide: "If the motion [to compel] is granted...the court must...require the party or deponent whose conduct necessitated the motion, the party or attorney advising that conduct, or both to pay the movant's reasonable expenses incurred in making the motion, including attorney's fees." N.R.C.P. Rule 37(a)(5)(A) (emphasis added). Moreover, a failure to properly respond to discovery "is not excused on the ground that the discovery sought was objectionable, unless the party failing to act has a pending motion for a protective order under Rule 26(c)." Ned. R. Civ. P. 37(d)(2). When this failure arises, "the court must require the party failing to act, the attorney advising that party, or both to pay the reasonable expenses, including attorney's fees, caused by the failure, unless the failure was substantially justified other circumstances make an award of expenses unjust." Nev. R. Civ. P. 37(d)(3). Due to Defendant's failure to provide adequate discovery disclosures as required by the applicable Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff is entitled reasonable expenses including attorney's fees.

IV. CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing, Plaintiff requests this Court compel answers to interrogatories, and deem the requests for admission at issue admitted. Plaintiff further requests the Court grant Plaintiff's attorney's fees and costs for having to prepare this Motion.

DATED this 14th day of January 2021.

THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM

JORDAN P. SCHNITZER, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 10744

9205 West Russell Road, Suite 240

Las Vegas, NV 89148

Attorney for Plaintiff

By:

S 11 M 13

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 14th day of January 2021, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing **PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL DEFENDANT'S RESPONSES TO INTERROGATORIES AND REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION** to the above-entitled Court for electronic filing and service upon the Court's Service List to the following counsel.

ROBERT W. FREEMAN
Nevada Bar No. 3062
PRISCILLA L. O'BRIANT
Nevada Bar No. 010171
LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH, LLP.
6385 S. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 600
Las Vegas, NV 89119
Attorney for Defendants

An employee of THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM

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Steven D. Grierson
CLERK OF THE COURT

JORDAN P. SCHNITZER, ESQ.
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Jordan@TheSchnitzerLawFirm.com

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

JOHN ROBERTS, an individual,

Attorney for Plaintiff

Plaintiff,

vs.

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UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION, an unincorporated entity and/or a reciprocal insurance exchange with members residing in the State of Nevada; DOES 1 through 10; and ROE CORPORATIONS 11 through 25, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-19-790757-C

Dept. No.: IV

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO
COMPEL DEFENDANT'S
REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION
RESPONSES

DISCOVERY COMMISSIONER

HEARING REQUESTED

COMES NOW, Plaintiff John Roberts, by and through his attorney of record, THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM, and hereby files his Motion to Compel Defendant's Requests for Production Responses ("Motion").

This Motion is based on the Points and Authorities submitted herewith, together with the papers and pleadings on file herein, exhibits attached hereto and oral arguments at the time of hearing.

DATED this 14th day of January 2021.

THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM

JORDAN P. SCHNITZER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10744

Nevada Dai No. 10744

9205 West Russell Road, Suite 240

Las Vegas, NV 89148

Attorney for Plaintiff

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SCHNITZER

DECLARATION OF JORDAN SCHNITZER IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO COMPEL PURSUANT TO EDCR 2.34

JORDAN SCHNITZER, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

- 1. I am a licensed attorney admitted to practice law in all courts in the State of Nevada.
- 2. I make this affidavit in support of Plaintiff's Motion to Compel.
- 3. I have personal knowledge of the matters stated in this affidavit and could testify as a competent witness, if called upon to do so.
- 4. On September 10, 2020, my office sent correspondence outlining the deficient responses. *See* Exhibit 3.
- 5. I met and conferred with opposing counsel on USAA's deficient discovery responses on June 4, 2020, and again on October 7, 2020. True and accurate copies of the email correspondences between opposing counsel and I are attached hereto as **Exhibit 4.**
- 6. Defendant sent supplemental responses to Requests for Production on October 6, 2020. See Exhibits 5. However, such responses did not resolve the issues that remained at the time of the latest telephonic meet and confer.
- 7. Despite the parties, good faith effort, the disputes have not been resolved.
- 8. I submit this Declaration in compliance with EDCR 2.34 to demonstrate my compliance with the rule and to illustrate the efforts that were undertaken to try to resolve these issues without the need to involve the Court.

DATED this 14th day of January 2021.

Jordan Schnitzer, Esq.

SCHNITZER LAWFIRM

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

Defendant UNITED SERVICES AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION ("Defendant" or "USAA") has improperly objected to a number of requests for production of documents. USAA claimed the information sought is privileged, irrelevant to this action, or the request or overbroad, among others. All of Plaintiff's requests have been reasonable and are regarding relevant information, and USAA's cited objections and privilege do not apply to the information Plaintiff requests. The objections appear to be an effort to obstruct Plaintiff from receiving information directly related to his claims that his injuries were foreseeable by Defendant.

Plaintiff, through his attorney, and USAA have conducted telephonic meet and confer conferences, but to no avail. USAA many times uses the same objections to several different requests in an attempt to simply refuse to respond with any substantive information to Plaintiff. Plaintiff has no other option than to seek relief from the Court in the form of an Order compelling USAA to respond to Plaintiff's propounded discovery including 24 requests for production. Therefore, the Court should grant this motion and award monetary sanctions.

II. RELEVANT FACTS AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Plaintiff filed his *Complaint* on March 8, 2019, in Nevada State Court. The *Complaint* alleges that Plaintiff was injured from a vehicle accident on or about May 9, 2014. *See* Exhibit 1 at ¶¶ 10-14. Plaintiff made demand upon Defendants for payment of the claim. *Id.* at ¶¶ 17. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants did not pay the undisputed portions of the claim and did not reasonably evaluate the claim. *Id.* at ¶¶ 18-20. Plaintiff alleges that these actions are the basis for a breach of contract, breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, tortious breach of the implied covenant of good faith and request declaratory relief. *Id.* at ¶¶ 18-22.

Plaintiff has sent to USAA Interrogatories, Requests for Admissions, and Requests for Production of Documents. USAA returned responses to the Requests for Production of Documents on August 7, 2020, but some of USAA's responses were either inadequate or merely objections with no answer. *See* Exhibit 2. Plaintiff sent correspondence to USAA on September 10, 2020 outlining the deficient responses. *See* Exhibit 3.

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Plaintiff, through his attorney, met and conferred with Defendant on June 4, 2020, and again on October 7, 2020 to attempt to resolve these issues. See Exhibit 4. Defendant sent supplemental responses on October 6, 2020 and additional responses to Plaintiff's Request for Production of Documents on November 6, 2020. See Exhibit 5. However, such responses did not resolve the issues that remained at the time of the latest telephonic meet and confer.

III. LEGAL ARGUMENT

Α. **Scope of Discovery**

Discovery is limited, not merely to admissible evidence, but to requests that are "relevant to any party's claim or defense." Nev. R. Civ. P. 26 "Relevance for purposes of discovery is defined very broadly." See Hickman v. Taylor, 329 U.S. 495, 506-07 (1947) ("Information is relevant to the subject matter if it might reasonably assist a party in evaluating the case, preparing for trial or facilitating settlement.") This broad right of discovery is based on the general principle that litigants have a right to every man's evidence, and that wide access to relevant facts serves the integrity and fairness of the judicial process by promoting the search for the truth. See, United States v. Bryan, 339 U.S. 323, 331 (1950).

Although discovery is not limited to the merits of the case, discovery should be proportional to the needs of the case. Nev. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(1). However, the issue of proportionality "does not place on the party seeking discovery the burden of addressing all proportionality considerations." See Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 committee notes. Moreover the parties' relative access to relevant information is a consideration in regards to determining whether information is discoverable. *Ibid.* Specifically, when one party has more access to vast information than the other party, "the burden of responding to discovery lies heavier on the party that has more information, and properly so." (emphasis added) *Ibid*.

Moreover, Rule 34(a) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure allows a party to "request the production of any designated documents or electronically stored information...stored in any medium from which information can be obtained either directly or, if necessary, after translation by the responding party into a reasonably usable form[.]" Nev. R. Civ. P. 34.

If a party withholds information otherwise discoverable by claiming that the information is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material, the party must:

(i) expressly make the claim; and

(ii) describe the nature of the documents, communications, or tangible things not produced or disclosed—and do so in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable other parties to assess the claim."

Nev. R. Civ. P. 26.

"To withhold materials without such notice is contrary to this Rule, subjects the party to sanctions under Rule 37(b)(2), and may be viewed a waiver of the privilege or protection." (emphasis added) Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 committee notes. If a party refuses to comply with a request pursuant to FRCP 34, "a party may move for an order compelling disclosure or discovery." Fed. R. Civ. P. 37.

The party opposing discovery has the burden of showing that it is irrelevant, overly broad, or unduly burdensome. *Fosbre v. Las Vegas Sands Corp.*, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 1073, at *14 (D. Nev. Jan. 5, 2016). To meet this burden, the objecting party must specifically detail the reasons why each request is irrelevant. *Ibid.* If a party withholds documents on the basis of a privilege, the party asserting the privilege also bears the burden of proving its validity. *Phillips v. C.R. Bard, Inc.*, 290 F.R.D. 615, 627 (D. Nev. 2013)(citing *In re Grand Jury Investigation*, 974 F.2d 1068, 1070-1071 (9th Cir. 1992)).

B. Defendant USAA Makes Boilerplate Objections To Requests For Production Of Documents, With Little To No Support

USAA provides minimal legal precedent in support of many of its objections. Merely asserting the ground for the objection generally is <u>not</u> sufficient to sustain an objection to the request. *See, e.g., McLeod, Alexander, Powel & Apffel, P.C., v. Quarles,* 894 F.2d 1482, 1484-85 (5th Cir. 1990); *Panola Land Buyers Ass'n v. Shuman,* 762 F.2d 1550, 1559 (11th Cir. 1985); *Josephs v. Harris Corp.,* 677 F.2d 985, 991-92 (3rd Cir. 1982); *Wauchop v. Domino's Pizza, Inc.,* 138 F.R.D. 539, 544 (N.D. Ill. 1991); *Roesberg v. Johns-Manville Corp.,* 85 F.R.D. 292, 296-97 (E.D. Pa. 1980)). Courts may – and generally will – disregard objections that lack explanation and support. *See, e.g., Roesberg,* 85 F.R.D. at 297 (failure to properly assert an objection generally results in a waiver of objection). As the other sections will show, USAA's objections, even if sufficiently preserved, are without merit.

C. USAA Should Be Compelled To Produce Its Underwriting File, Standards Related To Underwriting, And Information On The Adjuster's Decisions.

USAA should be compelled to respond to RPDs 15-18.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 15:

Please produce any and all files containing information regarding the processing of any insurance applications made to you by Plaintiff or any policies issued to Plaintiff.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 15:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad and burdensome. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit; specifically the processing of any insurance applications made to you by Plaintiff is not at issue in this litigation, as USAA does not dispute that it issued a policy to Plaintiff and that the policy was in effect on the date of the subject accident. The requested documents have no bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: Defendant has requested the underwriting documents and will produce upon receipt. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 16:

Please produce any and all processing manuals and other materials available to your personnel for reference or training in their duties of processing applications or issuing policies.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 16:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad and burdensome. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit; specifically the processing of insurance applications and issuance of policies are not at issue in this litigation, as USAA does not dispute that it issued a policy to Plaintiff and that the policy was in effect on the date of the subject accident. The requested documents have no bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 17:

Please produce any and all documents and writings you have pertaining to agent Steve Lucent. These documents should include, but not be limited to, the agent application, the appointment of agency, all other contracts between you and Steve

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Lucent, all approved sales materials used by Steve Lucent, the commission schedule for Steve Lucent, all correspondence between you and Steve Lucent, all investigative and other reports on Steve Lucent, records of all disciplinary information for Steve Lucent, and any other documents and writings kept on Steve Lucent.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 17:

Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad as it requires production of any and all documents pertaining to Steven Lucent, is burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all documents and writings" and "pertaining to agent Steve Lucent", and harassing. The request is also argumentative and assumes facts not on the record. Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiffs' claims for breach of contract or tortious bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiffs' claim was properly handled. Moreover, this request explicitly seeks confidential and sensitive information of USAA's employees. to and without waiving these objections, Steve Lucent is not an insurance agent as USAA understands this request to assert, and as such, there is no appointment, agent contract, sales materials used by Lucent, or commission schedule for Lucent. All non-privileged documents relating to Steve Lucent's communications, correspondence and reports related to the claim which is the subject of this litigation were produced in Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1 as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Defendant will produce, only upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, the KD materials relating to the handling of UM claims for the state of Nevada, for the applicable time period, as well as relevant information within Steve Lucent's personnel file, for the subject time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 18:

Please produce any and all documents and writings given to your agents by you, for training, reference, use in the sale of insurance, or otherwise. These documents should include, but not be limited to, rate books, product guides, field underwriting manuals, a blank application and other forms used by your agents, advertising materials, instructions for the completion of applications for insurance, instructions for completion of conditional receipts, policies and guidelines, ethical standards, and the like.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 18:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all documents and writings" and "use in the sale of insurance, or otherwise". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as there are no allegations with regard to USAA's issuance of the subject policy to Plaintiff and USAA does

not dispute that the policy was issued to Plaintiff and in effect on the date of the subject accident. Subject to and without waiving these objections, USAA does not use agents for the sale of insurance, and thus, there are no documents responsive to this request.

See Exhibit 2.

"Underwriting information, as well as policy drafting history, is relevant and therefore discoverable in a breach of contract claim because it indicates what the coverage included and also whether the insurer failed to meet its obligation." *Int'l Game Tech. v. Ill. Nat'l Ins. Co.*, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 189753, at *6 (D. Nev. Nov. 16, 2017). As such, "[t]he relevancy of underwriting and policy drafting history information is not exclusive to cases that involve bad faith claims." *Id.* (*citing Renfrow v. Redwood Fire & Cas. Ins. Co.*, 288 F.R.D. 514, 521 (D. Nev. 2013). Producing the underwriting file is necessary even when certain matters may be in dispute as long as they relate to a party's claims. *See Renfrow*, 288 F.R.D. at 521 (rejecting the insurer's claim that producing the claim file is premature when the court had not decided whether the insured's claim was covered under the policy).

In *Phillips*, the United States District Court for the District of Nevada overruled the insurer's objections that the underwriting file was irrelevant due to the insured not asserting a bad faith claim. *Phillips v. Clark Cty. Sch. Dist.* 2012 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 5309, at *34-35 (D. Nev. Jan. 18, 2012). Similarly in *Renfrow*, the United States District Court for the District of Nevada found that the insured was entitled to the underwriting files "as they are relevant to [the] claims of breach of contract and bad faith." *Renfrow v. Redwood Fire & Cas. Ins. Co.*, 288 F.R.D. 514, 521 (D. Nev. 2013).

In this matter, Plaintiff asserted breach of contract, bad faith, and violations under the Unfair Claim Practices Act against the insurer. Just as the Court in *Phillips* and *Renfrow* found that the insurer's underwriting file was relevant when the insured asserted an action against its insurer as it related handling of the insured's claim, the underwriting file in this matter is relevant as it relates to USAA's handling of Plaintiff's claim. *Ibid; Phillips*, 2012 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 5309 at *34-35. Producing the underwriting file is even more pertinent in this matter because Plaintiff asserts both a breach of contract and bad faith claim, in addition to other causes of action, against USAA.

Regarding Request 15, 16, and 18, this information is discoverable as it relates to the breach of contract and bad faith claims. *Renfrow v. Redwood Fire & Cas. Ins. Co.*, 288 F.R.D. 514, 518 (D. Nev. 2013). Here, as this action stems from allegations that USAA committed acts that are unfair claims practices, these acts could stem as far back as the underwriting of Plaintiff's insurance policy with USAA. As N.R.S. §686A.310(1)(c) provides that it is an unfair claims practice if an insurer "[f]ail[s] to adopt and implement reasonable standards for the prompt investigation and processing of claims arising under insurance policies," USAA's underwriting guidelines, manuals, and the other documents responsive to Request Nos. 15, 16, and 18 are relevant to this Lawsuit. Nev. Rev. Stat. §686A.310(1)(n).

Similarly, the adjuster is a material witness to the facts and circumstances of this action. Steve Lucent will have discoverable information related to Plaintiff's allegations against USAA of unfair claims practices. Therefore, USAA should be compelled to respond to <u>Plaintiff's Request for Production Number 17</u>.

D. USAA Should Be Compelled To Produce Its Training Manuals, Claim Manuals Compensation Policies, And Personnel Files Related To Handling Plaintiff's Claim And Policy.

USAA should be compelled to respond to RPDs 2, 7, 16, 18, 21, 22, 27, 28, 34, 36, 41, 42, and 47.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 2:

Please produce all documents, writings, and communications that are used by field, regional, and home office underwriters for reference, training, and guidelines for the underwriting of your policies.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 2:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks information related to its "reference, training, and guidelines" related to underwriting, as Defendant's underwriting is not at issue in this case. As such, this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to the insurance claim made the basis of this suit and there is no dispute that the applicable policy was in effect on the date of loss. Responding party further objects to the term "underwriting file" because it assumes a physical file folder exists and because the request is vague, ambiguous and overbroad as to what is meant by an underwriting file. Finally, this request seeks documents "reference, training, and guidelines" that are confidential, proprietary, and trade secret. In addition, this request has the potential to be unduly burdensome.

SCHNITZER LAWFIRM

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 7:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications that are used by your claims personnel for reference, training, and guidelines for the adjusting of claims. These items should include, but not be limited to, all claims manuals, videos, bulletins, webinars, newsletters, all information and guideline for the adjudication of claims and all other resources used by your personnel for the adjudication of claims."

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 7:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications," "reference, training, and guidelines" and "adjudication of claims". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as Defendant's "reference, training and guidelines" are intended to provide guidance but each claim is handled on its own merits. Defendant further objects on the grounds that the request seeks information that is confidential, sensitive, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant does not have claims "manuals" but rather provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool. Defendant will produce, only upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, the KD materials relating to the handling of UM claims for the state of Nevada, for the applicable time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 21:

Please produce a copy of any and all standards implemented by you for the prompt investigation of claims.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 21:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all standards". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as Defendant's "standards" are intended to provide guidance but each claim is handled on its own merits. Defendant further objects on the grounds that the documents sought are confidential, sensitive, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: defendant provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool. Defendant will produce, only upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, the KD materials relating to the handling of UM claims for the state of Nevada, for the applicable time period.

Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 22:

Please produce a copy of any and all standards implemented by you referring or relating to the provisions of the Nevada Unfair Claims Practices Act, NRS 686A.310, including, but not limited to, standards relating to:

- (a) Representing to insureds or claimants pertinent facts of insurance policy provisions relating to any coverage at issue.
- (b) Acknowledging and acting reasonably promptly upon communications with respect to claims arising under insurance policies.
- (c) Adopting and implementing reasonable standards for the prompt investigation and processing of claims arising under insurance policies.
- (d) Affirming or denying coverage of claims within a reasonable time after proof of loss requirements have been completed and submitted by the insured.
- (e) Effectuating prompt, fair and equitable settlements of claims in which liability of the insurer has become reasonably clear.
- (f) Not compelling insureds to institute litigation to recover amounts due under an insurance policy by offering substantially less than the amounts ultimately recovered in actions brought by such insureds, when the insureds have made claims for amounts reasonably similar to the amounts ultimately recovered.
- (g) Attempting to settle a claim by an insured for an amount to which a reasonable person would have believed he was entitled by reference to written or printed advertising material accompanying or made part of an application.
- (h) Not attempting to settle claims on the basis of an application which was altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent of, the insured, their representative, agent or broker.
- (i) Informing insured or beneficiaries, upon payment of a claim, of the coverage under which payment is made.
- (j) Not informing insureds or claimants a practice of the insurer of appealing from arbitration awards in favor of insureds or claimants for the purpose of compelling them to accept settlements or compromises less than the amount awarded in arbitration.
- (k) Not delaying the investigation or payment of claims by requiring an insured or a claimant, or the physician of either, to submit a preliminary claim report, and then requiring the subsequent submission of formal proof of loss forms, both of which submissions contain substantially the same information.
- (1) Not settling claims promptly, where liability has become reasonably clear, under one portion of the insurance policy coverage in order to influence settlements under other portions of the insurance policy coverage.
- (m) Compliance with the provisions of NRS 687B.310 to 687B.390, inclusive, or 687B.410.
- (n) Providing promptly to an insured a reasonable explanation of the basis in the insurance policy, with respect to the facts of the insured's claim and the applicable law, for the denial of their claim or for an offer to settle or compromise their claim.
- (o) Not advising an insured or claimant not to seek legal counsel.

(p) Not misleading an insured or claimant concerning any applicable statute of limitations.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 22:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "any and all standards". Defendant further objects on the grounds that the request seeks information that is confidential, sensitive, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool. Defendant will produce, only upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, the KD materials relating to the handling of UM claims, for the state of Nevada, for the subject time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 27:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications that are used by your personnel for reference, training, and guidelines for solicitation of underinsured motorist policies from customers.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 27:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications" and "solicitation of underinsured motorist policies". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as these documents do not relate in any way to the issues sin this litigation – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. As such, this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. Subject to and without waiving these objections, USAA does not use agents for the sale of insurance, and thus, there are no documents responsive to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 28:

Please produce Defendant's policies, procedures, manuals or other training for evaluating claims including but not limited to any and all training courses given or required for Defendant's Claims Adjusters that were taken within 5 years prior to the claim in question through the present time.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 28:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request assumes and misstates facts, is compound, overbroad in scope, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "policies, procedures, manuals or other training". As presently worded, the information sought by this Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as materials related to Defendant's "policies, procedures, manuals or other training" are intended to

provide guidance but each claim is handled on its own merits. Defendant further objects on the grounds that the request seeks information that is confidential, sensitive, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets.

Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant responds as follows: Defendant does not have claims "manuals" but rather provides online guidance to claims handlers through its "Knowledge Delivery" online search tool. Defendant will produce only upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, the KD materials relating to evaluation of UM claims in Nevada for the subject time period. Defendant objects to producing "any and all training courses given or required" as patently overbroad and unduly burdensome.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 34:

Please produce the personnel files of each employee, manager, supervisor or other agent who was involved, had supervisory capacity over the Plaintiff's claim or audited the Plaintiff's claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 34:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is overbroad in scope and time, burdensome to the extent it seeks "personnel files" of employees "involved" with "Plaintiff's claim" without any limitation as to time or scope, and vague and/or ambiguous as to the terms "personnel file". Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiffs' claims for breach of contract or tortious bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiffs' claim was properly handled. Moreover, this request explicitly seeks confidential and sensitive information of USAA's employees. USAA further objects to the extent this request seeks business information that is confidential and/or proprietary. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant will produce, upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, relevant information within Steve Lucent's personnel file, for the subject time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 36:

Please produce any and all copies of documents that reference bonus programs or employee award programs applicable to any and all departments or sections involved in the handling of the Plaintiff's claim for five (5) years prior to the claim through the present.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 36:

USAA objects to this request as it assumes and misstates facts, is overbroad in scope and time, and is vague and/or ambiguous as to the terms "bonus and/or incentive programs". Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiffs' claims for breach of contract or tortious bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiffs' claim was properly handled. Subject to the forgoing objections, USAA has a companywide incentive

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program not specifically tied to payment or non-payment of claims. Since at least 2014, Defendant's Board of Directors has approved a holiday bonus that is paid to all employees in December of each year. Employees who are actively employed at the end of November receive an amount equal to their then-current bi-weekly base pay, prorated for any partial period of employment. Employees who are actively employed for less than the entire preceding year receive a pro rata amount, based upon the number of months they have been employed. Additionally, since at least 2014, Defendant's Board of Directors has awarded an enterprise-wide performance bonus paid in February of the following year. In order to be eligible for the bonus, employees must have been hired prior to October and still employed as of February (or retired from USAA on or after January) of the payment year. With limited exceptions noted below, every employee working with USAA, regardless of job title, job duties, or job location, received a bonus equal to a percentage of their eligible earnings. Employees whose individual performance required a form of corrective action during the year may have received a reduced bonus or no bonus at all.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 41:

Please produce any and all company newsletters designed to inform employees of industry or company news or developments related to uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage or policies in Nevada since January 1, 2001.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 41:

Objection. This request assumes facts, is vague and ambiguous as to the term "newsletters", and is unduly burdensome and overly broad in that it seeks information that is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is disproportional to the needs of the case. The request is also overbroad to the extent it seeks the production of internal newsletters, unrelated to this litigation, for a period of over 10 years; i.e., January 1, 20010 to present. As presently worded, the information sought by the Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections, Defendant does not have any "newsletters". However, Defendant will produce, only upon entry of a Confidentiality and Protective Order, the KD materials relating to the handling of UM claims for the state of Nevada, for the applicable time period. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 42:

Please produce any and all transcripts and recordings of speeches or presentations in any form whatsoever, including Power Point presentation materials, overheads, slides, on the subject of uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage in since January 1, 2010.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 42:

Objection. This request is unduly burdensome and overly broad in that it seeks information that is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is disproportional to the needs of the case. The request is also

overbroad and unduly burdensome to the extent it seeks the production of "transcripts" and "recordings" of "speeches or presentations" for a period of almost 10 years; i.e., January 1, 2010 to present and is patently overbroad and harassing.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 47:

Please produce the portions of the personnel file of the adjuster(s) and supervisors directly involved in handling and evaluating Plaintiff's claim regarding performance evaluation, audits, disciplinary actions, and performance under a bonus or incentive plan.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 47:

USAA objects to this request as it is overbroad in scope and time, vague and/or ambiguous as to the terms "personnel file". Defendant objects to this request in that it seeks information that it is neither relevant to Plaintiff's claims for breach of contract or tortious bad faith claims handling, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the requested information does not, generally, speak to whether Plaintiff's claim was properly handled. Moreover, this request explicitly seeks confidential information of third parties not joined to this litigation. Those persons have an expectation that their personal information will be maintain in confidence. USAA further objects to the extent this request seeks business information that is confidential and/or proprietary. To the extent that such documents exists and are discoverable, they will only be produced after the entry of an appropriate protective order. Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, after the entry of an appropriate confidentiality and protection order, USAA will produce the job-related materials contained within Steven Lucent's employee file for the relevant time frame.

See Exhibits 2 and 5.

"Documents relating to the handling of insurance claims...are relevant and discoverable." *Phillips*, 2012 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 5309, at *34-35. In fact, "[i]nformation regarding the job qualification and training of the claims employees who actually handled the plaintiff's insurance claim is relevant and generally discoverable in a bad faith action." *McCall v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.*, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 117250, at *28 (D. Nev. July 26, 2017). Moreover, "information concerning [an insurer's] policies for evaluating and compensating claims adjusters and representatives may be relevant to the Plaintiff's bad faith claim." *Wood Expressions Fine Custom Cabinetry, Inc. v. Cincinnati Ins. Co.*, 2013 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 200176, at *9 (D. Ariz. Nov. 26, 2013).

In *Phillips*, the District Court for the District of Nevada required the insurer to produce its employee training materials and claim manuals when the insured alleged breach of contract, violations under the Nevada Unfair Claim Practices Act, and the breach of covenant of good

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faith and fair dealing against the insurer. Id. Moreover, courts routinely provide that the insurer must produce its training and claims manuals that were in effect at the time that an insurer handled the insured's claim. Renfrow, 288 F.R.D. at 521; Zewdu v.Citigroup Long Term Disability Plan, 264 F.R.D. 622, 628 (N.D. Cal. 2010) (court allowing discovery of claims manuals the insurer used); see also McCurdy v. Metro Life Ins. Co., 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 25917, at *11-12 (E.D. Cal. Mar. 23, 2007) (claim and procedural manuals were relevant as to "whether or not an administrator has complied with the procedural requirements dictated by a Plan"). Similarly in Wood Expressions, the insurer was required to produce its employees' compensation policies as the insured alleged bad faith and breach of contract against its insured. Wood Expressions, 2013 U.S. dist. LEXIS 200176, at *9.

In this matter, the training manual and claims manual are relevant in regards to USAA improperly handling Plaintiff's claim. Just as the *Phillips* court required the insurer to produce its claims and training manuals, USAA should be compelled to do the same and thus properly respond to Request for Production Numbers 2, 7, 16, 18, 21, 22, 27, 28, 34, 36, 41, 42, and 47. *Phillips*, 2012 U.S. Dist. LEXIS at *34-35.

Further, USAA to date failed to seek a protective order even though the burden is on USAA to file a motion for protective order. USAA cannot therefore withhold information under the guise of requiring a protective order. Kerley v. Aetna Casualty & Sur. Co., 94 Nev. 710, 585 P.2d 1339, 1978 Nev. LEXIS 662 (Nev. 1978) (The method for raising an objection to discovery is by motion for a protective order.); Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co., 331 F.3d 1122, 1130 (9th Cir. 2003) ("A party asserting good cause bears the burden, for each particular document it seeks to protect, of showing that specific prejudice or harm will result if no protective order is granted.").

USAA should also be required to produce the personnel files of any adjuster and supervisors directly involved in handling and evaluating Plaintiff's claim pursuant to Plaintiff's Request for Production No. 47. USAA refused this information by objecting that such information is confidential, proprietary or internal. However, there is nothing proprietary about an employee's personnel file, and USAA has not sought a protective order related to its employees' personnel files. "Information regarding the job qualification and training of the

claims employees who actually handled the plaintiff's insurance claim is relevant and generally discoverable in a bad faith action." *McCall*, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 117250, at *28; *Am. Auto. Ins. Co. v. Haw. Nut & Bolt, Inc.*, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 3033, at *12 (D. Haw. Jan. 9, 2017) personnel files and an insurer's bonus structure are discoverable because they "may reveal an inappropriate reason or reasons for defendant's action with respect to plaintiff's claim or an improper corporate culture."). Personnel files are relevant and discoverable in bad faith actions. See *Yamagata Enterprises, Inc.*, 2008 WL 11388696 at *14 (holding that "relevant and discoverable in a bad faith action because the qualifications, training and experience of Defendant's claims personnel are relevant to the reasonableness of the insurer's conduct in handling the claim," and "[t]o the extent that irrelevant personal information such as the employee's social security numbers or health information is contained in the employment or performance reviews of the employees, it may be redacted by Defendant.") As a result thereof, USAA should be compelled to produce this material for Request for Production No. 47.

Just as the *Wood Expressions* court required the insurer to produce its compensation policies due to its relevance to the plaintiff's bad faith claim, the Plaintiff here also claims bad faith on the part of USAA. As a result, thereof, USAA should be compelled to produce this material in response to Request for Production Number 36.

E. USAA Should Be Compelled To Produce Reports And Invoices Generated By Vendors Or Medical Providers Providing Opinions Regarding Plaintiff's Injuries

USAA should be compelled to respond to Plaintiff's Request for Production Number 32.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 32:

With respect to any vendor or medical provider providing an opinion concerning Plaintiff's injuries, treatment or medical costs, please provide a copy of reports and invoices generated by that vendor or medical provider for you in the five (5) years preceding your use of such vendor or medical provider on Plaintiff's claim.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 32:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is overbroad and burdensome to the extent it seeks "reports" and "invoices" for matters completely unrelated to the instant suit, and which relate solely to the claims of other non-party insureds. Defendant will not produce such documents. Defendant also objects to this Request as overbroad as it seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the

request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim was proper. Subject to and without waiving the stated objections: with regards to Plaintiff's claim made basis of this suit, documents responsive to this request were produced in Defendant United Services Automobile Association's Initial Disclosure of Witnesses and Production of Documents Pursuant to NRCP 16.1 as documents Bates stamped USAA000001 to USAA004785 and all supplements thereto. Discovery continues, as such, Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

See Exhibit 2.

Reports and invoices by vendors and medical providers providing opinions regarding Plaintiff's injuries is relevant to showing that those vendors or medical providers paid by USAA were biased and incentivized to create reports favorable to USAA's positions. The Nevada Supreme Court has explicitly held that the relationship between an expert and a party's attorney is relevant towards bias. *Robinson v. G.G.C., Inc.,* 107 Nev. 135, 143, 808 P.2d 522, 527 (1991) ("relationships between witnesses and the parties or their counsel are admissible to show possible bias of a witness."). "[F]ee-payment arrangements are relevant to credibility and bias, and discoverable." *Bryant v. Mattel, Inc.,* 2007 WL 5430886, *20 (C.D. Cal., June 27, 2007) (citing *United States v. Biackman,* 72 F.3d 1418, 1424 (9th Cir. 1995).

Court's around the country have found evidence of expert witness bias, including financial information, not only relevant, but discoverable. A party "does have the right to cross-examine an expert witness concerning fees earned in prior cases... [therefore, the expert] must produce information regarding [his] income." *Hawkins v. S. Plains Int'l Trucks, Inc.*, 139 F.R.D. 679, 682 (D. Colo. 1991) citing *Collins v. Wayne Corp.*, 621 F.2d 777, 783 (5th Cir. 1980). *See* also *Spencer v. United States*, 2003 WL 23484640, at *11–12 (D. Kan. Dec. 16, 2003) (finding that information regarding expert's annual income from litigation consulting is within the scope of permissible discovery); *Butler v. Rigsby*, 1998 WL 164857, at *4 (E.D. La. Apr. 7, 1998) (finding that magistrate judge's decision to allow discovery of expert witness's net income and percentage of net income that is litigation-related was not clearly erroneous because this information is relevant to show bias); *Amister v. River Cap. Int'l Group, LLC*, No. 00 Civ. 9708 (DCDF), 2002 WL 2031614, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 4, 2002) ("[O]ther courts have ordered [compensation] disclosure ... on the grounds that an expert's compensation is not protected by

any privilege or work-product immunity, and that the extent of the expert's financial interest in the case may be relevant to bias."); *Butler v. Rigsby*, 1998 WL 164857, at *3–4 (E.D.La. Apr. 7, 1998) (stating that "courts have held that the amount of income derived from services related to testifying as an expert witness is relevant to show bias or financial interest" and citing cases).

An experts' bias related to the party or firm that hired him is equally fair game. For example, the Eastern District for the District of Michigan noted:

Certainly, a continuing relationship between the witness and a party in which a witness receives payment for generating an opinion that may be favorable to the interests of the party seeking the opinion is a source of bias.

In addition, expert witnesses in the business of furnishing litigation support, including medical-legal consultations, may have a motive to slant testimony to favor their customers and promote the continuation of their consultation business. Courts have recognized that expert witnesses who seek law firms, insurance companies, or the government as clients may have interests beyond the fact of individual cases in producing opinion evidence.

Great Lakes Anesthesia, PLLC v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co., 11-10658, 2011 WL 4507417, at *5 (E.D. Mich. Sept. 29, 2011) (requiring four year financial and three year report disclosure).

The frequency of an expert's similar opinion is also relevant. "An expert's testimony in prior cases involving similar issues is a legitimate subject of cross-examination when it is relevant to the bias of the witness." *People v. DeHoyos*, 57 Cal. 4th 79, 123 (2013).

In fact, a number of courts have required production of an expert's prior reports. Expeditors International of *Washington, Inc. v. Vastera*, No. 04-C-0321, 2004 WL 406999 at *2 (N.D. Ill. 2004) (defendant entitled to examine potential inconsistencies between views expert intends to express in pending litigation with the testimony and opinions he has given and the theories and methodologies he had used in prior cases); *Phillips v. Raymond Corp.*, 213 F.R.D. 521, 524 (N.D. Ill. 2003) (plaintiff entitled to inquire as to how often expert had testified for defendant in the past, his comparative record in testifying for plaintiffs and defendants and the expert's prior expressions of opinion about other forklifts and other injuries sustained by their operators); *Ladd Furniture, Inc. v. Ernst & Young, No.* 2:95CV00403, 1998 WL 1093901 (M.D.

N.C. 1998) (court granted motion to compel response to request for information about expert's previous reports, including all reports expert had authored and transcripts of all deposition and trial testimony expert had given in previous six years). *See* also *Parkervision v. Qualcomm Inc.*, No. 3:11-CV-719-J-37-TEM, 2013 WL 3771226 (M.D. Fla. 2013)(prior expert reports, deposition transcripts and trial testimony transcripts fall within the ambit of Rule 26(b)(1) general fact discovery); *Spano v. Boeing Co.*, 2011 WL 3890268, at *1 (S.D.III. Sept. 2, 2011); *Duplantier v. Bisso Marine Co., Inc.*, 2011 WL 2600995, at *2–*3 (E.D. La. June 30, 2011); *Expeditors Int'l of Washington, Inc. v. Vastera, Inc.*, 2004 WL 406999, at *2 (N.D.III. Feb. 26, 2004); *Phillips v. Raymond Corp.*, 213 F.R.D. 521, 524 (N.D. III. 2003) ("bias is of course one of the quintessential bases for impeachment of a witness" and a plaintiff is "entitled" to inquire into an expert's "comparative record in testifying for plaintiffs or for defendants as such."); *Hussey v. State Farm Lloyds Ins. Co.*, 216 F.R.D. 591, 594 (E.D.Tex.2003) (requiring production of prior expert reports because a fact-finder could draw inferences from prior reports).

Therefore, USAA should be compelled to respond to Plaintiff's Request for Production Number 32.

F. USAA Should Be Compelled To Produce Documents Regarding Reviews Of Its Uninsured Or Underinsured Insurance Coverage Policies As Well As Marketing Material

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 40:

Please produce any and all copies of any regulatory actions, including but not limited to suspension or revocation proceedings, Market Conduct Examinations, Cease and Desist Orders, Consent Orders, Reports of Examinations, Corrective Orders or Corrective Action Plans relating to Defendant's uninsured or underinsured insurance coverage, from January 1, 2010 to present.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 40:

Defendant objects to this request on the grounds that it assumes facts, is overbroad and unduly burdensome in that it seeks information that is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is disproportional to the needs of the case. Defendant further objects to this request on the grounds that it is overly broad in time, scope and geography, and because it is not reasonably tailored to include only matters relevant to the handling of the claims which form the basis of this suit. Any such matter, with no nexus to the harm claimed to have been sustained by Plaintiff herein with regard to its claims under the subject policies, is irrelevant and the request is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See State Farm Mutual Auto Ins. Co. v. Campbell, 538 US 4087 (2003). In addition, regulatory matters are not probative

of any issue in this case. Additionally, Defendant objects to this request to the extent it seeks the private and personal information of other insureds of Defendant or the confidential information of Defendant. Further, Defendant objects to the extent that this inquiry seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege and the work product doctrine. Finally, this request seeks information which is a matter of public record and can be independently obtained by Plaintiff without requiring Defendant to compile the information. Based on all of the above, no further response will be provided.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 43:

Please produce any and all advertisements or other marketing materials (including but not limited to brochures and/or video) issued by Defendant in Nevada or available on any website and pertaining to uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage, since January 1, 2010.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 43:

Objection. Defendant objects to this request as it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. There are no allegations within the Plaintiff's complaint regarding advertisements, nor did the Plaintiff allege any reliance upon such advertisements. Additionally, this request is overly broad in scope and time, and responding would be unduly burdensome. No documents will be produced.

See Exhibit 2.

USAA refused to provide documents requested in Request for Production of Documents No. 40 to 43, claiming these requests are "overbroad" and "unduly burdensome." However, "[t]he fact that a responding party maintains records in different locations, utilizes a filing system that does not directly correspond to the subjects set forth in [p]laintiffs' Interrogatory, or that responsive documents might be voluminous does not suffice to sustain a claim of undue burden." *Thomas v. Cate*, 715 F. Supp. 2d 1012, 1033, 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 21750, *47-48 (E.D. Cal. 2010); see also *Simon v. ProNational Insurance Co.*, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 96318, 2007 WL 4893477, *2 (S.D. Fla. 2007) (in granting Plaintiff's Motion to Compel documents regarding similarly situated policy holders over a six (6) year period, held that Defendant's claim of undue burden was insufficient to preclude production; noted that a company cannot sustain a claim of undue burden by citing deficiencies in its own filing system); *Kelly v. Montgomery Lynch & Associates, Inc.*, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 93651, 2007 WL 4412572, *2 (N.D. Ohio 2007) (in granting Plaintiff's Motion to Compel, rejected Defendant's claim of undue burden, notwithstanding Defendant's proffer that its "filing system is not maintained in a searchable way

and the information sought would require 'manually searching through hundreds of thousands of records."). USAA cannot sustain a claim of undue burden by citing deficiencies in its own filing system.

Further, these requests are narrowly tailored and limited to USAA's uninsured or underinsured coverage and are limited as to time. Related to Request No. 41, it is narrowly tailored to the specific USAA newsletters "related to uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage or policies in Nevada" and is limited as to time. Requests Nos. 42 and 43 contain the same narrowly tailored parameters.

Because USAA failed to elaborate how this request is overbroad and how production would be an undue burden, USAA should be compelled to properly respond to Request for Production Numbers 40 through 43.

G. USAA Should Produce Testimony Of Its Employees And Officers Related To The Handling Of UM And UIM Claims

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 39:

Please produce any and all deposition transcripts or trial testimony transcripts of any of the Defendant's officers or personnel, since January 1, 2010, in any suit relating to bad faith claims handling of uninsured or underinsured claim(s).

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 39:

Objection. This request is unduly burdensome and overly broad in time and scope. This request seeks information that is not narrowly tailored to the claims and defenses in this matter and is disproportional to the needs of the case. The request is also overbroad as to geography, and to the extent it seeks information regarding claims and non-parties other than the claim at issue in this litigation. As presently worded, the information sought by the Request is not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case. The existence of unrelated "bad faith suits" against Defendant and Defendant's testimony regarding the same, will neither prove nor disprove any alleged improper actions of Defendant in the handling of Plaintiff's claim. Defendant will not produce these documents.

See Exhibit 2.

USAA's objections have no merit for the same reasons stated in the preceding section.

In addition, USAA's prior personnel testimony related to UM and UIM claims is relevant because such depositions typically deal with many topics relevant as discussed above. Specifically, such depositions usually deal with claims handling policies and procedures, how

evaluations are done, incentives given to employees, etc. As a result, such depositions would be discoverable. *Inventio AG v. ThyssenKrupp Elevator Americas Corp.*, 662 F. Supp. 2d 375, 383 (D. Del. 2009)("... but based upon Gaussmann's supervisory role and his generalized knowledge on the subject matter at issue, his prior deposition testimony could lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.").

USAA has not made any showing related to the burden of obtaining such documents. Therefore, USAA should be compelled to properly respond to Plaintiff's <u>Request for Production</u> No. 39.

H. USAA Should Be Compelled To Produce Documents Concerning Payments It Received From Plaintiff For Insurance Policy Premiums

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 24:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications concerning, reflecting, evidencing, or constituting payments received by you from Plaintiff for insurance policy premiums.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 24:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "documents, writings, and communications". Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit, and his intended only to harass as Defendant is not disputing that Plaintiff paid premiums or that the policy was in effect on the date of the subject accident.

See Exhibit 2.

USAA cannot sustain a claim of undue burden by citing deficiencies in its own filing system. "[t]he fact that a responding party maintains records in different locations, utilizes a filing system that does not directly correspond to the subjects set forth in [p]laintiffs' Interrogatory, or that responsive documents might be voluminous does not suffice to sustain a claim of undue burden." *Thomas*, 715 F. Supp. 2d at 1033, 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 21750 at *47-48; *see* also *Simon*, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 96318, 2007 WL 4893477 at *2 (in granting Plaintiff's Motion to Compel documents regarding similarly situated policy holders over a six (6) year period, held that Defendant's claim of undue burden was insufficient to preclude production;

noted that a company cannot sustain a claim of undue burden by citing deficiencies in its own filing system); *Kelly*, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 93651, 2007 WL 4412572 at *2.

USAA's objections are meritless and seemingly indicate that such premium payment documents exist. If the information is available in the form of Plaintiff's payment history, then USAA can easily access such documents and produce them. USAA should be compelled to properly respond to Plaintiff's Request for Production No. 24.

I. USAA Should Be Compelled To Produce Information And Documents Related To USAA's Financial Condition

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 10:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, communications, financial statements, both audited and unaudited, and amendments thereto, which state your net income or loss for the last five (5) years according to GENERAL ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP).

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 10:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad as it purports to require "all documents, writings, and communications", unduly burdensome, and seeks information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses of either party. USAA further objects on the basis that this request is not proportional to the needs of this case. This request is not limited to the present claim, is not limited in scope or time, and is otherwise irrelevant to the issues presented in the present matter. Additionally, this request is premature. The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "before tax returns or financial records are discoverable on the issue of punitive damages, the plaintiff must demonstrate some factual basis for its punitive damage claim." Hetter v. District Court, 110 Nev. 513, 520, 874 P.2d 762, 766, 1994 Nev. LEXIS 65, *13-14 (emphasis added). If the Court allows the question of punitive damages to proceed to the jury, USAA will supplement this response. Discovery continues and Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response as appropriate.

See Exhibit 2.

USAA claims that "this request is premature" and that "the Nevada Supreme Court has held that 'before tax returns or financial records are discoverable on the issue of punitive damages, the plaintiff must demonstrate some factual basis for its punitive damages claim." *See*Exhibit 2. Although not a publicly traded company, USAA provides financial reports to its Members. https://communities.usaa.com/t5/USAA-News/USAA-2019-Report-to-Members/ba-p/227998 From this link, financial reports from 2017 – 2019 can be readily accessed. Additional

reports from prior years are also maintained by USAA. Thus, USAA's net worth for the last 5 years should be readily accessible to the company and must be provided in response to Request No. 10.

Here, Plaintiff is seeking punitive damages, making discovery related to USAA's net worth proper. *Hetter v. District Court*, 110 Nev. 513, 519 (1994) (In Nevada, a defendant's financial condition is a proper subject of discovery on the question of punitive damages.). Additionally, USAA's net worth and other financial information likely contain relevant evidence related to USAA's claims practices. Thus, this information is discoverable. *Koninklijke Philips Elecs. N.V. v. KXD Tech., Inc.*, Nos. 2:05-cv-01532-RLH-GWF, 2:06-cv-00101-RLH-GWF, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 13956 at *22 (D. Nev. February 21, 2007) (finding that, over Defendants' objections, Plaintiff was entitled to obtain information regarding financial records, as they likely contained relevant evidence or would lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.).

Therefore, USAA should be compelled to produce its financial statements to properly respond to Plaintiff's Request for Production No. 10.

J. USAA Should Be Compelled To Produce Documents Related To Contracting Third-Parties Or Outsourcing Operations Related To New Business Processing, Policy Issue, Policyholder Services, Claims Processing, Billing, Collection, And Payment Receipt

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 9:

Please produce any and all documents, writings, and communications, and amendments thereto, for the contracting of third-party administration and outsourcing of any operations related to new business processing, policy issue, policyholder services, claims processing, billing, collection, and payment receipt.

RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 9:

Objection. Defendant objects that the request is compound, overbroad, burdensome, vague and ambiguous as to the terms "all documents, writings, and communications". Defendant objects as this Request seeks documents protected by the attorney/client privilege and/or the work product doctrine. Defendant further objects this request seeks information that it is neither relevant to the claims or defenses of any party, nor proportional to the needs of the case, as the request is not reasonably tailored to include only those matters relevant to this suit, specifically new business processing, policy issue, policyholder services, billing, collection and payment receipt have no bearing on the issues in this case – the value of Plaintiff's claim and whether Defendant's handling of that claim

was proper. Defendant further objects on the grounds that the request seeks information that is sensitive, confidential, proprietary business information and/or trade secrets. Subject to and without waiving the stated objection, USAA does not outsource its claim handling services.

See Exhibit 2.

USAA has provided objections to Request for Production No. 9, but did not indicate whether documents are being withheld. As a preliminary matter, the absence of possession, custody, or control is not a basis to object. *FDIC v. 26 Flamingo, LLC*, 2013 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 108231, 2013 WL 3975006 (D. Nev. August 1, 2013) ("An earmark of a recipient's inadequate inquiry is the obvious absence of documents and other written materials that the recipient reasonably would have expected to have been retained in the ordinary course of its business."). Even in the event that USAA does not possess such materials, Plaintiff is entitled to know that as well. USAA may not side-step the fact issue by blanketly objecting to the inquiry. *Id.* Therefore, USAA should be compelled to properly respond to Plaintiff's Request for Production No. 9.

K. Sanctions Awarding Plaintiff Attorneys' Fees Are Appropriate

The Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure provide: "If the motion [to compel] is granted...the court must...require the party or deponent whose conduct necessitated the motion, the party or attorney advising that conduct, or both to pay the movant's reasonable expenses incurred in making the motion, including attorney's fees." N.R.C.P. Rule 37(a)(5)(A) (emphasis added). Moreover, a failure to properly respond to a request for production "is not excused on the ground that the discovery sought was objectionable, unless the party failing to act has a pending motion for a protective order under Rule 26(c)." Nev. R. Civ. P. 37(d)(2). When this failure arises, "the court must require the party failing to act, the attorney advising that party, or both to pay the reasonable expenses, including attorney's fees, caused by the failure, unless the failure was substantially justified other circumstances make an award of expenses unjust." Nev. R. Civ. P. 37(d)(3). Due to Defendant's failure to provide adequate discovery disclosures as required by the applicable Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff is entitled reasonable expenses including attorney's fees.

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SCHNITZER LAWFIRM

IV. CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing, Plaintiff requests this Court compel answers to production of documents. Plaintiff further requests the Court grant Plaintiff's attorney's fees and costs for having to prepare this Motion.

DATED this 14th day of January 2021.

THE SCHNITZER LAW FIRM

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Las Vegas, NV 89148 Attorney for Plaintiff

SCHNITZER LAWFIRM

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 14th day of January 2021, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing **PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL DEFENDANT'S RESPONSES TO REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION** to the above-entitled Court for electronic filing and service upon the Court's Service List to the following counsel.

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