## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 1 2 Electronically Filed No.: 83473 3 ROBERT WILLIAM REYNOLDS, Feb 22 2022 03:28 p.m. APPELLANT'S SPER SPENDS OF Appellant, 4 Volume 3 5 VS. 6 SUSAN VICTORIA REYNOLDS, 7 Respondent. 8 TABLE OF CONTENTS 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

1	Exhibit Appendix		
2	Financial Disclosure Form		
3	Financial Disclosure Form		
4	Judgement Order from the April 15, 2021 Hearing 471 (Vol. 3)		
5	Motion / Opposition Fee Information Sheet		
6	Motion / Opposition Fee Information Sheet		
7	Motion / Opposition Fee Information Sheet		
8	Motion and Notice of Motion for an Order to Enforce and / or		
9	for an Order to Show Cause Regarding Contempt		
10	Motion and Notice of Motion for an Order to Enforce and / or		
11	for an Order to Show Cause Regarding Contempt 147 (Vol. 1)		
12	Motion and Notice of Motion for an Order to Enforce and / or		
13	for an Order to Show Cause Regarding Contempt		
14	Motion and Notice of Motion to Set Aside Order,		
15	Judgement, and / or Default		
16	Motion and Notice of Motion to Set Aside Order,		
17	Judgement, and / or Default		
18	Motion for Clarification of Divorce Decree Exhibits A & B 267 (Vol. 2)		
19	Notice of Appeal		
20	Notice of Entry of Decree of Divorce		

1	Notice of Entry of Decree of Divorce
2	Notice of Entry of Judgement Order from the
3	May 12, 2016 Hearing
4	Notice of Entry of Order 529 (Vol. 3)
5	Opposition and Countermotion
6	Opposition to Motion for an Order to Enforce and / or for
7	an Order to Show Cause Regarding Contempt 199 (Vol. 1)
8	Opposition to Motion for Clarification of Divorce
9	Decree Exhibit A and B
10	Order [May 12, 2016 Hearing]
11	Order Setting Evidentiary Hearing
12	Order to Show Cause
13	Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Set Aside Order,
14	Judgement, and / or Default
15	Pre-Trial Memorandum
16	Pre-Trial Memorandum
17	Proof of Alternate Service
18	Proof of Alternate Service
19	Re-Notice of Motion
20	Reply in Support of Motion for Clarification of Divorce Decree

1	Exhibits A and B
2	Reply in Support of Motion to Set Aside
3	Reply to Answer and Counterclaim
4	Satisfaction of Judgement
5	Schedule of Arrearages
6	Schedule of Arrearages
7	Schedule of Arrearages
8	Schedule of Arrearages
9	Schedule of Arrearages
10	Schedule of Arrearages
11	Schedule of Arrearages
12	Stipulated Decree of Divorce
13	Transcript [September 21, 2020 Hearing]
14	Transcript [November 17, 2020 Hearing]
15	Transcript [April 15, 2021 Evidentiary Hearing]
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	

**FILED** TRANS 1 JAN 14 2022 2 Acom & Spin COPY CLERK OF COURT 3 4 EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 5 FAMILY DIVISION 6 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 SUSAN VICTORIA REYNOLDS, ) 9 CASE NO. D-11-448466-D 10 Plaintiff, 11 VS. DEPT. H ROBERT WILLIAM REYNOLDS, ) APPEAL NO. 83473 12 13 Defendant. 14 BEFORE THE HONORABLE T. ARTHUR RITCHIE, JR. DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 15 TRANSCRIPT RE: EVIDENTIARY HEARING 16 17 THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 2021 18 APPEARANCES: 19 The Plaintiff: SUSAN VICTORIA HAYDEN (Tel.) RYAN A. HAMILTON (Tel.) For the Plaintiff: 5125 S. Durango Dr. 20 Las Vegas, Nevada 89113 (702) 818-1818 21 22 The Defendant: ROBERT WILLIAM REYNOLDS (Tel.) For the Defendant: PRO SE 23 24

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

1		INDEX	OF WI	TNES	S E S	
2	PLAINTIFF'S		DIRECT	CROSS	REDIRECT	RECROSS
3	WITNESSES:					
4	SUSAN HAYDEN		16	37		
5	5					
6	DEFENDANT'S WITNESSES:					
7	7					
8	8 ROBERT REYNOLDS 42 77 83					
9						
10						
11	* * * *					
12	INDEX OF EXHIBITS					
1						
14 15	PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBITS:					ADMITTED
16	7 - Consignment agreement 31				31	
17					24	
18						
19	EXHIBITS:					
20						
21	E - Email 49				49	
22	W - Email 70				70	
23	X-Z - Emails 73				73	
24	BB - Statements 76				76	
	D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT					
	VE	RBATIM REPORTIN				
						2
11						1

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 2021

## PROCEEDINGS

(THE PROCEEDINGS BEGAN AT 9:00:17)

THE COURT: -- Hamilton, are you connected?

MR. HAMILTON: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And is your client with you?

MR. HAMILTON: She is, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Great. Thank you for being on time and ready to go. This case is D-2011-448466. These are post judgment proceedings arising out of a stipulated decree of divorce that was filed on July 24th, 2012. There were proceedings post judgment in May of 2016. There were orders from that hearing that were filed February 2017. The matter was reopened in the fall of this past year on motions filed by the Plaintiff to enforce obligations arising out of the decree. There was a response and opposition. There was an order. The Court set aside that order upon request and in November -- November 19th found adequate cause for an evidentiary proceeding, set an evidentiary proceeding for February, ordered the discovery cutoff January 22nd.

And this matter was set to be heard a little over a month ago. There was an ex parte request made by Mr.

Reynolds. The Court made a record and found that there was

good cause to set this over. And the matter was rescheduled for April 15th with an order filed on March 2nd.

I know you're ready. It looks like you've lodged proposed exhibits with the Court Clerk electronically. You filed memoranda. Ms. Hayden's changed Counsel, but you filed papers showing that you are prepared and ready to go, right?

MR. HAMILTON: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. So the purpose of this hearing is to adjudicate claims arising out of the stipulated judgment. We have a request to enforce the remedy. There's going to be a judgment for unpaid monies. There are allegations, even though, back in 2000 and — what was it — there were filings in 2017 and 2016 that, I guess, address these issues about what happened after the divorce. But neither parties have alleged any kind of post marital agreements in writing, any conduct between the parties or any — I guess discussion concerning those issues is in the context of whether or not there's any equitable or legal defenses to the obligations that were laid out in the decree.

No other civil matters or claims have been filed between the parties and this Court is going to, I guess, hear some evidence in the form of documents or testimony to see whether there's any merit to those legal or equitable defenses.

Now, in the -- so procedurally we have a request filed by Wife for a judgment against Defendant, former husband, for monies that were unpaid pursuant to the stipulated judgment. The Defendant has offered equitable, I guess, and/or legal defenses. And so I expect to hear your case, Mr. Hamilton. This is set for two-and-a-half, three hours. And I -- I expect you to present it as efficiently as you can. Mr. --

MR. HAMILTON: Will do.

1.7

THE COURT: -- Reynolds, when they're finished, you'll be given an opportunity to present information that you want the Court to consider. I know you're representing yourself. You'll be able to ask questions of any witnesses that Mr. Hamilton calls. We are conducting this evidentiary proceeding pursuant to Administrative Orders by alternate means. We are on the record in the courtroom. The parties are appearing pursuant to video connection. You appear in the court like a second rate cable TV show. You guys are on a large screen TV. We got two blocks.

We can see your torso and -- and you'll testify on video and your testimony will go into the case management system.

So that's sort of the ground rules. We should get started. For -- are -- are there any questions before we

begin?

THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.

MR. HAMILTON: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. The -- I know you're prepared. And I appreciate you filing papers with the Court telling me what your positions are and sort of your offers of -- of proof. Mr. Hamilton, do you want to make a brief statement before the statement?

MR. HAMILTON: Sure. Very briefly, Judge. Judge, this is a -- in our view very straightforward matter. The parties have entered into a divorce decree. Both had competent counsel.

THE COURT: All right. Hold on -- hold on just a second. Hold on a second. This can happen sometimes. Make sure --

MR. HAMILTON: Sure.

THE COURT: -- that you only have one device with the microphone activated in your location. We -- we are getting some reverberation and some feedback. Also, we're going to stay on the record here. If for some reason -- usually it doesn't happen on Thursdays or Fridays, but if you lose a connection, just log back in, that way there will be a continual record of where we are. But if you have more than one device with the microphone on in your setting, you can get

```
that feedback. So let's try again. Go ahead, Counsel.
 2
             MR. HAMILTON: Absolutely. Judge, there appears to
   be no dispute that Defendant has not made the required
 3
    payments. Instead, Defendant has raised this issue regarding
    an Obama speech that has been sold for $25,000. Ms. Hayden is
   willing to reduce the amount that the Defendant owes by that
    $25,000 just out of generosity. And, you know, it's in our
    view largely a distraction.
 8
             THE COURT: Well, I don't -- I don't want --
 9
10
             MR. HAMILTON: We are asking --
11
             THE COURT: -- to get into --
12
             MR. HAMILTON: -- today --
             THE COURT: -- I don't want to get into too much
13
   detail --
14
15
             MR. HAMILTON: -- for a judgment --
16
             THE COURT: -- about -- I don't want to get
17
   into too much --
18
             MR. HAMILTON: -- in the amount --
             THE COURT: All right. Hold on. Hold on, Mr.
19
   Hamilton. I don't -- I don't want to interrupt you.
20
21
             MR. HAMILTON: -- of $616,000.
22
             THE COURT: Stop. Stop. Are -- can you not hear
23 |
   me? Can you not hear the Court?
24
             MR. HAMILTON: I'm sorry?
```

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

THE COURT: I said did you not hear the Court? I'm interrupting you. I'm -- I'm trying to -- before you move on to another piece of argument, I want to -- I want to confirm your -- your point, okay, because that's different information than what your predecessor filed less than two months ago.

Okay. From what I -- I want to make sure that -- that the offer of proof is that -- obviously she denies that there's any written agreement or any other agreement regarding the speech, but she did receive some monies. I understood she received about \$6,000. She received \$25,000?

MR. HAMILTON: Judge, the total amount that was paid for the Obama speech was \$25,000. The amount that was remitted to her was \$5,000.

THE COURT: All right. So she is saying that -that she didn't make any agreement regarding the speech after
the divorce, but that she does not object to some sort of
offset for unjust enrichment considerations, right? Is that
what you're telling me?

MR. HAMILTON: Exactly, Judge. And I -- I apologize. I did not hear you.

THE COURT: No, I know. It's obvious because you kept talking. But I wanted to make sure I didn't leave that point because I have a list based on all the filings in the case of the different equitable and legal points that have

been offered that I need to either give consideration to or 1 2 explain why I'm rejecting them. Okay. So that's good. Now, 3 move on to the other point that you were making. MR. HAMILTON: So Judge, we are asking for judgment 4 5 in the amount of \$616,873.95. 6 THE COURT: That represents the amount of a million 7 dollars minus the payments plus interest that would have 8 accrued for missed payments; is that right? 9 MR. HAMILTON: That's correct, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Okay. All right. And he's not offering 11 a defense of payment. He's offering some sort of waiver or 12 estoppel or legal defense. MR. HAMILTON: That's correct, Your Honor. My -- my 13 14 understanding is he's offering defense of the court and 15 satisfaction. THE COURT: Okay. 16 MR. HAMILTON: And that --17 18 THE COURT: Well, right. MR. HAMILTON: -- that is --19 20 THE COURT: But I -- and -- and that's a factual 21 issue that this hearing is about. I mean, you're going to ask 22 your client whether or not she agreed to waive these rights or

> D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

take something else in consideration of hundreds of thousands

of dollars of money she was owed, right?

23

MR. HAMILTON: Absolutely, Judge.

THE COURT: All right. So that's fine. Anything else? Is there going to be any other witnesses besides the parties?

MR. HAMILTON: No, Judge.

THE COURT: All right. So your documents were submitted electronically, your proposed exhibits?

MR. HAMILTON: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And I know you just came in on this case which is always a concern, but are you -- do you have any stipulations concerning any of the documentary proof that you are proposing to submit?

MR. HAMILTON: Not at this time, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. So Mr. Reynolds, you're not an attorney, are you?

THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

THE COURT: Okay. The -- the organization of the evidentiary proceeding is sort of the offers of what the claims and defenses are. You did that in writing. In fact, I think you -- the last thing that you filed was, what, yesterday. And then you're going to testify. When you testify, you're not going to be able to ask yourself questions and answer. It's going -- you're going to offer a narrative statement.

And I'm just telling you ahead of time it's quite likely that the Court is going to have to interrupt you or Mr. Hamilton may interrupt you because that's not how testimony is ordinarily given and you might say some things that are argument or -- or, you know, some other reason.

Don't get flustered by that. Okay. We have --

THE DEFENDANT: Sure.

THE COURT: -- more than enough time for you to be able to talk about what you think are either legal equitable defenses to this claim. Okay. We know --

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: -- what the order says in the stipulated decree. That decree says that you would pay her X amount of dollars over a schedule. You have said in your papers you didn't pay her those monies. You paid her some but not all. And there is reasons that the Court should hear and accept as a basis to not make you pay all of what you promised to pay, right?

THE DEFENDANT: Right. Correct.

THE COURT: Now, you're going to be -- you're going to be able to ask questions of any witness that is called by them which sounds like it's going to be Ms. Hayden. You're not required to, but I'll let you do that after they're finished asking her questions. And then you'll get a chance

to testify if they don't call -- I mean, either way whether 1 they call you in their case or whether they wait and cross 2 examine you when you testify. 3 So the opening statement is what you expect to 4 prove. And I think that that's what you put in your memoranda 5 that was filed yesterday. Do you want to -- the -- is there -- this is not the time to tell your story or to testify. I don't want to hear it twice. But before we begin, do you have any questions or  $\operatorname{--}$  or are there any  $\operatorname{--}$  I  $\operatorname{--}$  it sounds to me 10 like what you want the Court to say is that you don't owe her anything --11 12 THE DEFENDANT: Well --13 THE COURT: -- because of what happened after the 14 divorce, right? 15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 16 THE COURT: Okay. Is the -- do you have any 17 questions before we begin? THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. Can I -- so -- so would my 18 19 -- so would I give -- provide an opening statement? THE COURT: Well, that's what I -- that's what we're 20 21 sort of doing, what is the roadmap for the case. That's what

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT
VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

THE COURT: What -- what else did you want to tell

22

23

24

an opening statement is.

THE DEFENDANT: Sure

the Court in the form of an opening statement?

1.8

THE DEFENDANT: So I prepared just brief statement. So you know, I was a bit organized. It -- it should be pretty quick if you don't mind.

THE COURT: Well, fine, as long as it's not argument or not testimony. But go ahead, for -- read it.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Okay. So Your Honor, my name is Robert Reynolds. I'm here pro per today to represent myself in this case that was brought to the courts today through the Plaintiff's falsified motions and omission of pertinent facts in this case. Susan Hayden and I, you know, we -- we were -- we were married and the stipulated divorce decree was filed in July 2012. As you are aware, there's the amortized payments and -- and -- owed to the Plaintiff that were made through September 2015 and the litigation at the May 2016 hearing resolved any issues of payments of claim of nonpayment prior to that day. A judgment order was issued in the amount of a hundred and seventeen thousand to the Plaintiff and there were amortized payments remaining through Exhibit A and B of the divorce decree.

I'm going to be giving personal testimony of why I believe I no longer owe the Plaintiff any money due to her delay in bringing her motion to the court and the fact that a verbal agreement was made. And I will also be giving a direct

examination of Ms. Hayden to testify regarding said verbal agreement and her conduct -- conduct through the filing of her motions and leading up to the hearing of September 21st, 2020.

I'm opposing the judgment order granted on May 2nd, 2016 and the stipulated divorce decree order for amortized payments remaining through Exhibit A and B of the divorce decree. I believe I no longer owe neither judgment and my defenses will show that the Plaintiff is not entitled to a judgment and that the spirit of the divorce decree was not in good faith and should either be dismissed or an order should be granted ordering the Plaintiff to follow through with the aforementioned verbal agreement and sign a stipulated order emailed to her on April 4, 2017 which stipulates that, quote, in exchange for receiving ownership of the Obama Denver Convention speech, Ms. Hayden shall forever relinquish and waive any and all past, present, and pending financial claims against me.

The validity of the verbal agreement and the stipulation and order agreement will be evidenced by recorded calls to which the Plaintiff and I were a party to and to which I gave consent to record. The Plaintiff's conduct in the aforementioned calls shows an enforceable contract was made and that her recent motions asking for judgments have put

me at a financial disadvantage. This will be evidenced by my unwinding agreement showcasing my employer's loss of funding, making them insolvent and unable to continue paying my salary.

2.0

The Plaintiff's conduct leading up to the September 21st hearing of her initial motion are evidenced by emails in which she attempts to infringe my rights to defend myself in court.

Finally, Your Honor, I'll present that the Plaintiff has not respected the Court's wishes by continuously bringing up issues that had been resolved and barred by the courts and by not properly filing court orders as required by the Court. Through her initial motion and subsequent motions, Plaintiff has not made an accurate evidentiary basis for the amounts owed. And Plaintiff's conduct will show that her filings should not receive the relief that she seeks.

THE COURT: Thank you. Who are you going to start with, Mr. Hamilton?

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$  HAMILTON: Your Honor, I'm going to call Susan Hayden.

THE COURT: Okay. Great. Ma'am, if we were in court together, you would come up to the witness stand and you stand and raise your right hand to tell -- tell the truth.

You're in the screenshot with your Counsel. We just ask that you raise your right hand to take an oath, please.

THE PLAINTIFF: I swear to tell the truth, the whole 1 2 truth and nothing but the truth. THE COURT: Well, wait for the Clerk, please. 3 THE PLAINTIFF: Okay. 4 THE CLERK: You do solemnly swear the testimony 5 6 you're about to give in this action shall be the truth, the 7 whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you God? THE PLAINTIFF: I do. 8 THE COURT: All right. That works. All right, Mr. 9 10 Hamilton. Whenever you're ready. 11 MR. HAMILTON: All right. SUSAN HAYDEN 12 13 called as a witness on her own behalf, having been first duly sworn, did testify upon her oath as follows on: 14 DIRECT EXAMINATION 15 BY MR. HAMILTON: 16 17 Susan, just for background, you got divorced from Robert in 2012? 18 19 Α Yes. Okay. And what was CPA Lead? 20 21 It's a company that me and Robert and his business -- our business partner Troy Christian (ph) created. It was a 22 23 cost per action advertising company. 24 And to compensate you or pay you out for your

1	interest in CPA Lead, what were you to receive?
2	A I received 300,000 up front and then a promise of a
3	million dollars payable over the over eight years.
4	Q Was Robert supposed to do anything else?
5	A He was supposed to get a life insurance policy.
6	Q Okay. Have you ever been provided proof that he got
7	a life insurance policy?
8	A No.
9	Q Okay. And what was the last payment that you have
LO	received from Robert?
11	A That was a half payment. I think it was \$5,250. He
L2	was doing that for a few months.
1.3	Q And can you tell the Court the month and year that
L 4	you received that?
L 5	A I think it was May 2015
.6	Q Okay.
17	A I think. I'm not good with dates.
.8	Q Okay. And I'd like to pull up Plaintiff's Exhibit
.9	10. Ms. Hayden, what is this document?
20	A That's a schedule of arrearages.
21	THE COURT: Do you have a 10?
22	THE CLERK: He doesn't have one.
23	THE COURT: We don't have a 10, Counsel. Where
4	where is it?

```
MR. HAMILTON: I believe that I had put it on the
 1
 2
    evidence.
              THE COURT: Well, I know. My Clerk has marked for
 3
    identification the stuff she has received. She doesn't have a
 4
 5
    10. When was this --
 6
              MR. HAMILTON: The --
 7
              THE COURT: -- schedule of arrearage filed?
 8
              MR. HAMILTON: It was filed, I believe, on the
 9
    (indiscernible) --
10
              THE COURT: You're getting -- we're getting the
11
    feedback again. You don't know when it was filed?
12
              MR. HAMILTON: I can pull that up very quickly, Your
13
   Honor.
14
              THE COURT: Well, if -- if it's in the -- if it's in
   the case -- yeah. If it's in the case, I can look at it
15
16
   through the case.
17
             MR. HAMILTON: Okay.
              THE COURT: Was it March -- I mean, was it this
18
19
   year?
             MR. HAMILTON: I believe it was.
20
21
         (PAUSE)
22
              THE COURT: Do you have a copy of it in front of
23 l
   you? Is there a file stamp on it?
24
             MR. HAMILTON: The -- the one that I'm looking at
                      D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT
```

VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

does not have a file stamp, Your Honor. And that's why I'm 1 2 pulling up the docket. 3 THE COURT: Is it signed by your client? MR. HAMILTON: Yes, Your Honor. 4 5 THE COURT: All right. There is a -- there is a finance -- I mean, there are some schedule of arrearages that 7 were filed in May of 2020. It -- is there a date on her signature, May 19th? 8 9 MR. HAMILTON: I believe that's correct, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: All right. So these would be schedules 11 of arrearage that were filed with the Court Clerk in May of 2020, a little under a year ago. Is that what you're asking 12 13 her about? 14 MR. HAMILTON: Yes, Your Honor. 15 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. -- Mr. Reynolds, are you 16 following this? 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. I have that listed as 18 --18 THE COURT: 18. 19 THE DEFENDANT: -- on their list of exhibits. 20 THE COURT: All right Huh. All right. Well, ask 21 your question, please. BY MR. HAMILTON: 22 23 And Ms. Hayden, are -- are you familiar with this 24 document?

1	A Yes.		
2	Q Okay. And did you work with Counsel in preparing		
3	these documents?		
4	A Yes.		
5	Q Okay. And Ms Hayden, based on your calculations		
. 6	with Counsel, what do you reckon to be the total amount		
7	outstanding that Robert owes you in this case?		
8	A \$616,873.95.		
9	MR. HAMILTON: Okay. Your Honor, we would move to		
10	admit the schedule of arrears.		
11	THE COURT: It's not part we don't have it.		
12	That's the whole point. We don't have it marked for		
13	identification. What is I mean, if you you obviously		
14	lodged exhibits with the Court Clerk, right? They're your		
15	are		
16	MR. HAMILTON: Yes, Your Honor		
17	THE COURT: yours are numbers. What what are		
18	the numbers of proposed exhibits that you think you've lodged		
19	with the court clerk?		
20	MR. HAMILTON: They were 1 to 20, Your Honor.		
21	THE COURT: Okay. Do we have 20 exhibits from him?		
22	THE CLERK: I'm looking now.		
23	THE COURT: All right. We're trying to coordinate		
24	and find out.		

MR. HAMILTON: Sure. 1 THE COURT: Do you know when you lodged them with 2 3 the clerk or did you inherit these from the previous setting? 4 MR. HAMILTON: I believe that they were initially lodged and I lodged them again yesterday just to make sure. 5 6 THE COURT: Okay. Let me see. (PAUSE) Do you know 7 where you sent them? MR. HAMILTON: On FC -- I can -- I can --8 THE COURT: Well --9 MR. HAMILTON: If --10 11 THE COURT: -- I have --MR. HAMILTON: If you're --12 THE COURT: -- I have electronic exhibits that I 13 14 received that are marked in letters. These are his. They were lodged with the court on the 13th. But I don't see 15 anything lodged on the 14th from anybody. Hold on. All 16 right. I think we're -- I think they're -- they were not 17 18 listed under the name of the case. They're listed under 19 Buchmiller which is your firm's name, right? 20 MR. HAMILTON: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: All right. And you said Exhibit 18 is 21 22 the schedule? 23 MR. HAMILTON: We said Exhibit 10, Your Honor.

> D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

THE COURT: Exhibit 10 All right

MR. HAMILTON: Actually, it's 9, 10, and 11.

THE COURT: Well, are they dealing with the same million dollar obligation?

MR. HAMILTON: They are, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, Exhibit 9 is a schedule that was filed on October 12th, 2016. Exhibit 10 is a schedule -- I don't -- it's not -- I don't even know what it is. It looks like a matrix somebody started preparing. Okay. Yeah right. I mean, your -- what -- what is 10? I mean, seriously? I mean, the -- it's -- what is it? How would that be even considered by the Court? It's not -- it's -- there's no foundation for it and it talks about some 3.9 million dollars or some craziness. Okay. Are these schedules that were attached to some sort of document? Are they -- I haven't seen the schedule yet you finally were talking to her about. Where's the schedule of arrears from 2020? Is that -- I mean, that's the one that you were just asking her about. It looks like that one is Exhibit 18, maybe. I don't know.

Well, your request to offer the schedule of arrearages, 9, 10, and 11, is -- I'm not accepting them; 9 is already a part of the record. It's a schedule of arrearage that was filed by one of her previous counsel in 2016. It's not substantive proof. I don't know what 10 is. I don't know what 11 is. If you want to lay the foundation and offer them

again, be my guest.

MR. HAMILTON: And -- and so, Your Honor, just so the record is clear, you accepted which one into evidence?

THE COURT: I didn't accept any. Exhibit -- Exhibit 9 is already part of the record. It's the October 12th, 2016 schedule of arrears filed for your client by Vince Mayo which a -- which a substantive part of the order that was filed on May 2nd, 2016 -- or February 13th, 2017 after a May 2016 hearing. That's the one that adjudicated payments -- or adjudicated a judgment of a hundred and seventeen thousand seven thirty-four fifty-three.

You know, it is -- it -- it's a curiosity. I mean, you are -- we -- we are talking about this from a big picture of what was owed pursuant to the decree, whether there were agreements or equitable defenses from what was owed. But there were attempts to collect and there were judgments entered in -- in 2017 for a portion of obligations when the payments stopped in 2015. And they -- they have some affect. I mean, those orders haven't been set aside. And they're substantially less than what you're claiming.

Now, your client's testimony was that he started making half payments in 2015 and the last half payment was, I guess, August of 2015. That's what the schedule that Mr. Mayo filed for your client. If you want that admitted into

evidence, it's already part of the court record, but I will probably allow 9 to come in. That's the schedule of arrearage 2 that is consistent with her testimony that he stopped paying 3 on around -- well, I mean, she said 2015. August 1, 2015 is 4 5 what her sworn declaration says. So 9 will come in. (PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT 9 ADMITTED) 6 7 THE COURT: 10, I don't know what 10 is. Do you know what 10 is? If you -- if you want 10 or 11 to come in, you need to have some foundation so that I know what you're --10 what it is. 11 MR. HAMILTON: Fair enough, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Just resume your exam. Think about it 13 and then come back to it. 14 MR. HAMILTON: Fair enough. Will do, Your Honor. 15 BY MR. HAMILTON: 16 Susan, let's turn to this issue with the Obama 17 speech. First off, can you tell the Court what is the Obama 18 speech? 19 The Obama speech, my (indiscernible) when he was working and it's basically a printed out manuscript of Barack 20 21 Obama's acceptance speech and that's all it is. 22 Okay. Did the former president make any handwritten 23 marks on it? 24 Α No.

> D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

Q Okay. Is there anything other than just words on a page?

- A That's all it is
- Q Okay. And in the original divorce decree, who received that speech?
  - A Robert did.

- Q Okay. And in the time period after the two of you had been divorced, did you take any steps to help Robert sell the speech?
  - A Yes, many.
  - Q Can you tell the Court about those steps?
- A Well, first he approached me saying that he didn't have the money to pay me back. So he needed my father's help to sell it. So I was able to get my father to help him to sell it. He needed the credentials which weren't a part of the divorce decree. So without my father's knowledge, actually behind my father's back, I sent those to him so he can sell the speech. And then he came back again and said that, you know, he wanted to work things out and everything; can you help me sell the speech. Can you get your father to get his friends to come in and help. So then my father went and brought his friends to help him sell the speech.
- Q And so, for the Court, can you give us a month and year when you were working to help Robert sell the speech?

Oh, I'm so bad with days and dates. I -- I really 1 Α 2 -- I block it out. I can't tell you. 3 Q Okay. I'm sorry. 4 That's fair. Is it fair to say though that you have 5 6 every intent to help Robert sell the speech? 7 Absolutely. I don't see why I wouldn't want him to 8 sell the speech. 9 And in that time period, was Robert able to sell the 0 10 speech? 11 He was able to sell the speech at the time he sold 12 it. Yeah. 13 Q Okay. With the -- with my father's help. 14 Α 15 Several years later: Q 16 Α Yes. 17 Okay. Let's -- let's stick -- let's back up though. 18 So Robert gets the speech in the divorce and, at some point, 19 does the speech get signed back over to you? 20 Yes. 2.1 Tell the Court how that happened. Robert approached me saying that he wanted to put 22 everything behind us, put the past behind us, and move forward 23 with our friendship. We've known each other a very long time.

So he told me that he wanted me to have the speech. That's what he said. And then, in return, I told him that if the speech sold for at least 300,000 that we -- I would, you know, not even acknowledge the divorce decree, the amount. We would just carry on being friends and that was the end of our agreement.

Q Is this in the April 2017 time period?

A I think so.

- Q Okay. Okay. So and just to be clear, you and Robert were having these conversations. Were these conversations in person or on the telephone?
  - A They were on the phone.
- $\ensuremath{\mathtt{Q}}$  Okay. And did you, at any point, give Robert your permission to record the calls?
- A No. Actually, in the beginning when we started talking he made a joke and said that I wasn't legally allowed to record him and I said okay, well, you're not legally allowed to record me either. And we kind of both laughed at it.
- ∥ Q Okay.
- A So we both told each other that we do not give consent of each other recording, even though, I felt it was a joke.
  - Q Okay. Okay. And so, at this point, Robert sends

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

over the Obama speech to you. 1 2 Α Uh-huh (affirmative). All right. That's a yes? 3 Yes. 4 Okay. And after he signs the Obama speech over to 5 6 you, what did you seek to do? 7 To sell the speech and split it with the (indiscernible). 8 Okay. And when you say the other (indiscernible) 9 10 who were involved, can you give the Court an idea of who these 11 men were? They were my father's coworkers who were there. It 12 Α was actually their speech. It wasn't really mine to give. It was a mistake that I made giving it to Robert. But it was the men who were involved with the -- getting the speech. They 15 16 were working with my dad. 17 Okay. And just to refresh the Court's memory, how is your dad involved in all of this? 18 19 He's the one who got the speech. He's the one who actually got it from the podium and asked the Secret Service 20 21 if he could have it and they said yeah, he could have it. Okay. Fair enough. And how did you go about trying 22 23 to sell the speech? 24 Robert sold it. He did all the stuff with Golden

Auctions. He set all that stuff up. And he just signed it 1 over to me saying that he wanted me to trust him. 2 3 Q Okay. So he signed it over and said that I want you to 5 trust me, I lied to you for so long, and here you go, I want 6 us to have a good relationship. 7 I'd like to show you a document. And let me pull 8 this up. 9 MR. HAMILTON: For the Court, I am pulling up 10 Plaintiff's Exhibit 7, Your Honor. 11 THE COURT: Got it. 12 Susan, have you seen this document before? 13 Α Yes. What is this document? 14 0 15 That is from Golden Auctions. That is the 16 consignment agreement that Ken Golden (ph) sent to me. 17 Okay. And, at the bottom, do you see your signature anywhere? 18 19 I do. All right. And can you tell the Court where you 20 signed that document? 21 22 Α Where? 23 0 Yes. 24 Α On the bottom.

Q All right. And --

THE DEFENDANT: Objection, Your Honor. Has this -- has this evidence been submitted?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COURT: It's -- it's been marked for -- stop It's been marked for identification. It has a control number PL00033. And when it's offered, you can object and the Court will consider whether or not there's a valid objection, okay? So it's been --

THE DEFENDANT: Okay

THE COURT: -- marked for identification. It's been sent electronically. It's included in the packet of information that was sent to the Court Clerk. You should have it in front of you.

THE DEFENDANT: No, I do. Can I ask Opposing

Counsel to please reference the Bates stamp when you're referencing the exhibits? I have all of this in one large file and it's -- it's taking me some time to try to, you know, go through each one. So if you give me the Bates stamp, I can -- I can find the page pretty much immediately.

THE COURT: Right. I think that the control number we're working off of would be the first page, PL00033, right, Counsel?

MR. HAMILTON: That's correct, Your Honor.

1	THE COURT: All right. Go ahead.		
2	THE DEFENDANT: Okay.		
3	BY MR. HAMILTON:		
4	Q And what was the purpose of this document?		
5	A This was giving me ownership of the Obama speech.		
6	Q Okay. For the purpose of selling it.		
7	A For selling it. Yes.		
8	MR. HAMILTON: Okay. Your Honor, we would offer		
9	into evidence Plaintiff's Exhibit 7.		
10	THE COURT: Okay. Any objection?		
11	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.		
12	THE COURT: Thank you. 7 is admitted.		
13	(PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT 7 ADMITTED)		
14	BY MR. HAMILTON:		
15	Q And can you summarize the terms under which you were		
16	going to sell the document with Golden Auctions?		
17	A Golden Auctions gets 50 percent and I got the other		
18	50 percent that I split along with my father's coworkers.		
19	Q And		
20	A And I had told Robert I would take whatever I got		
2.1	off of what he owed me.		
22	MR. HAMILTON: Okay. And Your Honor, I'd like to		
23	pull up now Exhibit 6, Plaintiff's Exhibit 6.		
24	THE WITNESS: Can I have the PL number.		
- 1	D 44 440400 D DEVAIOLED DAMAGED TOANCODER		

1		MR. HAMILTON: And the PL number is PL32, the Bates	
2	number.		
3	Q And Susan, have you seen this document?		
4	4 A Yes.		
5	Q What is this document?		
6	A	That is the consignor statement.	
7	Q	Okay. And what does this statement show?	
8	A	That says what the speech sold for and how it was	
9	divided		
10	Q	Okay.	
11	A	to everybody.	
12	Q	Okay. And I know it says it there, but would you	
13	tell the Court how much this speech sold for?		
14	A	It sold for 25,000.	
15	Q	All right. And that was split amongst how many	
16	people?		
17	A	Fifty percent went to Golden Auctions and then it	
18	was split excuse me, between me and three other people.		
19	But I got	my it was split in five ways. My father gave	
20	me his share. So I got two shares. And the other three men		
21	got their	share. So each of them got 2500 and I got 5,000.	
22	Q	What steps did you have to take to authenticate the	
23	document,	the speech?	
24	А	Through the whole process	
	A		
- 11		D 11 AARAGE D. DEVNIOLDS DAI15/21 TRANSCRIPT	

Q Please --

A -- for -- I had to -- Robert needed my father to make a statement. It's called something else. A professional statement. And then --

THE DEFENDANT: Affidavit.

 $\label{the continuous} \mbox{The WITNESS: An affidavit. Yeah. That's it.}$  Thank you.

A So my father needed an affidavit. He needed that from him. And then he needed affidavits from everybody else that was involved. So from Brett (ph), Alan (ph) and another man. I forget his name. It's written down somewhere. So they all needed affidavits and that's what they needed to authenticate it.

Q To show the providence of the speech?

A Yeah, that it was real and that because it's just a printed out thing, there's no signature. So it's kind of hard to believe that it was the actual one. There's no evidence except people's stories.

Q Okay. Was there any reason that you would want this speech -- or strike that. Did you want the speech to sell for as much as possible?

A Absolutely.

Q Okay. What was your hope that it would sell for?

A Robert said that it would sell for at least a

million. I was hoping for 300,000. That was all I really 1 2 wanted from it. 3 Q Okay. What we expect, I guess it still is kind of crazy to 4 5 think. 6 Yeah. And, again, in your conversations with 7 Robert, what had you agreed? We had agreed that our verbal agreement was 8 9 contingent upon the fact that it would sell for at least 10 300,000. Okay. And if it did sell for 300,000 --11 12 Uh-huh (affirmative). 13 -- then what was to happen? 0 Then I would just never pursue him in court, that we 14 were going to continue on with our verbal agreement because we 15 were moving forward in our relationship of trust because we've 16 known each other for so long; that we were going to trust each 17 18 other. And I was just never going to take him to court again. 19 A verbal agreement. 20 In other words, the money that you're seeking to reduce to judgment today, had this sold for \$300,000, you 21 would not have done that? 22 23 Α No.

> D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

But the money that you did receive -- or that was

paid for, the speech in total, what are you willing to do 1 about that? 2 I'm willing to give him the entire 25,000 just to 3 get rid of this conversation because I just -- I just don't 4 5 want -- it's -- I don't want to talk about it anymore. 6 Fair enough. 7 It's kind of crazy. Fair enough. At any point in your dealings with 8 Robert on this Obama speech issue, do you believe that he 10 tried to trick you? 11 Α Yes. Can you explain that to the Court, please? 12 13 I believe that him signing the speech over to me was 14 the only thing that he could do to try and trick me into 15 getting out of what was owed in the entire divorce decree. 16 And, at some point, were you presented with a 17 stipulation and order to forgive the rest of the money owing under the divorce decree? 18 Yes. That's when I realized. 19 20 Okay. And why didn't you sign that stipulation and order to essentially waive the remaining amounts under the 21 22 divorce decree? 23 Well, the first reason was because we were supposed

> D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

to be -- we were supposed to be trusting each other and this

was supposed to be a friendship and it was a verbal. Like I said before, a verbal agreement based -
Q Okay.

A -- on trust, not on paperwork. So first of all, we

A -- on trust, not on paperwork. So first of all, we had already decided there's not going to be any paperwork because there doesn't need to be paperwork be -- between friends. And then second, there was no -- there was nothing in that letter that protected me on the amount that he had promised me.

Q So let me say it in a -- in a different way. The verbal agreement whereby you would forgive the remaining amounts under the divorce decree if the speech sold for \$300,000, was that captured in the stipulation that you were presented?

A No.

Q And did it mention anything about the \$300,000?

A There was no mention. No.

Q Okay. And just to put a bow on it, is that why you feel tricked?

A Absolutely. And because he approached me with paperwork to begin with because, again, it was supposed to be a verbal agreement.

Q Okay. And as part of this trying to reestablish trust, are -- are these the same conversations in that you

1	believe he recorded you?
2	A I'm sure he recorded all of them and cherry picked,
3	yeah.
4	Q Recorded all of your conversations and cherry
5	picked?
6	A Yeah
7	MR. HAMILTON: Okay. Your Honor, with that, the
8	Plaintiff would rest.
9	THE COURT: Okay. The the Court wants to give
10	Mr. Reynolds an opportunity to ask her some questions if
11	before he testifies. Mr. Reynolds, are you ready?
12	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
13	THE COURT: Okay. You can begin now.
14	THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
15	CROSS EXAMINATION
16	BY THE DEFENDANT:
17	Q So Susan, did did a court did another court
18	ever determine anyone else to be the owner of the Obama speech
19	other than myself?
20	A A court? No.
21	Q That you're aware of.
22	A Not that I'm aware of. No.
23	Q Okay. So when you speak of these, quote, rightful
24	owners, your your father's friends, are are these the

1	same friends that helped Robin the first time with proving the
2	providence of the speech?
3	A I I don't remember.
4	Q Okay. Okay. When you when you received the
5	email with that stipulation and order, did you receive any
6	other documents in that same email?
7	A I don't remember.
8	Q Okay. One second. Sorry:
9	THE DEFENDANT: I I think that those are all
10	the questions that I have.
11	THE COURT: Yeah, you don't have to ask questions.
12	I just want to make sure that you did if you if you wanted
13	to
14	THE DEFENDANT: Sure
15	THE COURT: Is there
16	THE DEFENDANT: (Indiscernible).
17	THE COURT: anything further, Mr. Hamilton?
18	MR. HAMILTON: No, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: Okay. Great. So are you going to call
20	Mr. Reynolds in your case or are you going to just wait and
21	cross him?
22	MR. HAMILTON: I'll just wait and cross him, Judge.
23	THE COURT: Okay. Great. So Mr. Reynolds, you
24	ready to go?

```
THE DEFENDANT: I -- if I could ask the Court maybe
 1
 2
    to give me just a quick five minute recess just to gather like
 3
    my thoughts.
              THE COURT: Yeah.
 4
 5
              THE DEFENDANT: I -- I --
              THE COURT: Just --
 6
 7
              THE DEFENDANT: -- I'll be --
 8
              THE COURT: -- it --
 9
              THE DEFENDANT: -- I'll be quick.
10
              THE COURT: It's a little -- it's earl -- little
11
    early for a break but we take one around 9:30 anyway -- or
12
    10:30 anyway. So we'll take five. We'll mute you. Log back
    in at about five minutes to 10. That's about seven, eight
13
    minutes, okay?
14
15
             THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Thank you.
16
              THE COURT: All right.
17
              (COURT RECESSED AT 9:48 AND RESUMED AT 9:54)
18
              THE COURT: It looks like we have Mr. Reynolds back.
   We have a connection with Mr. Hamilton's office. I just need
19
20
   to make sure that he's back. All right. I see Ms. Hayden.
21
   Is Mr. Hamilton back in the office yet?
22
             THE PLAINTIFF: No, he's coming back right now.
23
             THE COURT: Yeah, that's fine.
24
             THE PLAINTIFF: Okay.
```

THE COURT: Okay. We have everyone back situated. 1 The -- there was -- there was a question. And we're going to 2 3 hear Mr. Reynolds' testimony now. But there was a question, Mr. Hamilton, that was related to the exhibit that we admitted 4 that I -- that wasn't clear to me. And that was Exhibit 6 5 which is the consignment statement that shows what was paid. 6 7 I wanted to ask --8 MR. HAMILTON: Yes. 9 THE COURT: -- Ms. Hayden whether or not that sale or that auction occurred in October 2020. The consignment 11 statement is an October 2020 statement or whether that statement came sometime after the -- the auction. Is that 12 about --13 THE WITNESS: I have --14 15 THE COURT: -- the time? 16 THE WITNESS: I had them -- I'm sorry. I had them 17 resend this to me. 18 THE COURT: All right. So you -- you had signed the 19 consignment agreement back in 2017, early 2017. So how soon after that consignment agreement was the auction done? 20 21 THE WITNESS: I think it was maybe within two 22 months. 23 THE COURT: So it was in 2017 24 THE WITNESS: I believe so.

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

THE COURT: Okay. And so this statement that was admitted was just regenerated. It was just printed in the 2020 time.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. The -- you filed papers with the court about a year ago to enforce this agreement from the decree. What happened between the auction in 2017 and 2020? I didn't see any --

THE PLAINTIFF: Well --

THE COURT: -- court proceedings.

THE PLAINTIFF: -- I had to relocate from (indiscernible) to Las Vegas. And, honestly, it -- this process really stresses me out and I wasn't really mentally prepared to do this at around the time. It took awhile to get the strength to do this.

THE COURT: All right. So Mr. Reynolds, you're going to testify. And I -- I just want to remind you what I said to you before that -- that since you don't have anybody to examine you, you're going to be interrupted by me or by Mr. Hamilton out of necessity. Just don't get bogged down with that, okay? Also --

THE DEFENDANT: Sure.

THE COURT: -- you cannot read your testimony. Your testimony has to be, you know, spontaneous. Okay. So --

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

8,

THE COURT: -- resist the temptation to look at your notes and just read from your notes. Mr. Reynolds, we -- we're going to have you sworn in by the Clerk. So raise your right hand.

THE CLERK: You do solemnly swear the testimony you're about to give in this action shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you God?

THE DEFENDANT: I do.

THE CLERK: Thank you.

## ROBERT REYNOLDS

called as a witness on his own behalf, having been first duly sworn, id testify upon his oath as follows on:

## DIRECT TESTIMONY

THE COURT: So just state your name and your address, please, Mr. Reynolds.

THE DEFENDANT: Sure. It's Robert Reynolds, 8616 (Indiscernible), Austin, Texas 78759.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Why don't you just dive right into it and let the Court know what you want the Court to understand about this divorce agreement and what happened after.

THE DEFENDANT: Sure. And Your Honor, I -- I would like to reference the -- the original divorce decree. And it

was originally submitted as an exhibit by the Plaintiff but that was not, you know, submitted into the court at this time. How -- how would I go about referencing that?

THE COURT: All right. Be careful about shuffling the papers and stuff around the microphone. We're getting a lot of feedback. The stipulated decree of divorce is already part of the record. It's a part of -- it's a filing that closed the case July 24th --

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: -- 2012. If you want to talk about a specific piece of it, then pull it out and talk about the page and line. That's what those numbers --

THE DEFENDANT: Sure.

THE COURT: -- are on the lefthand side. If -- if it's been marked for identification, it's not required to be admitted but it's -- it's the judgment that these rights come out of. So if you want to talk about the decree, just put us in the place of the decree. Where -- where do you want us to go?

THE DEFENDANT: On page 4, lines 5 through 6 and 15 through 16, it's further ordered, adjudged, and decreed, that Robert is awarded the following as his separate property, the Obama Denver speech currently in Susan's possession.

THE COURT: Yes. What's your --

THE DEFENDANT: Okay. 1 THE COURT: What's --2 3 THE DEFENDANT: So --THE COURT: -- your point? 4 5 THE DEFENDANT: Okay. So the speech was -- was 7 10 11 12 like to present Exhibit J. 13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

awarded to me, you know, by the Court and recognized me as the owner of the speech. And no other, you know, court recognized anyone else as the owner. So I just -- I find the -- these claims that these other people were the rightful owners as -as false and -- and incorrect. You know, the -- the speech was awarded to me after the settlement and -- Your Honor, I'd THE COURT: Okay. Hold on. Let's -- let's get in

yours. So you have marked for identification Exhibit J. And the -- are you there, Mr. Hamilton?

MR. HAMILTON: I am, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. What do you want to do -- what do you want to do -- what do you want to say about Exhibit J?

THE DEFENDANT: Sorry, Your Honor. Give me one -one -- just (indiscernible). Okay. So now, the reason that I'd like to submit this is because what it does is it shows that there was significant consideration during, you know, our initial negotiations for the original divorce decree; specifically, on this speech to -- of which I believe at the

time was worth about \$500,000. And she was given direct, you know, consideration in our negotiations. And in fact, it's -- It's the only asset of note other than some small items that was a -- that was awarded to me and -- and in the divorce decree.

THE COURT: Well, look.

THE DEFENDANT: And --

THE COURT: I don't -- look, I don't want to argue -- I don't want to argue with you. You -- you -- the divorce decree is a stipulated judgment. It's a contract and a judgment. What happened prior to that is -- is neither here nor there. It's a final judgment. The beef about whether it's an enforceable judgment or not, that's long passed, years and years passed.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: I don't want to get into some argument because what you said isn't factually correct because the main consideration was CPA Lead LLC. And -- and I -- I don't want to -- it's neither here nor there. So that statement is irrelevant to this dispute as to we know what the legal obligation is. We know that you didn't comply with the legal obligation. We want to see whether there was an agreement to forgive that legal obligation or an equitable defense to excuse nonperformance of the obligation. So it doesn't

matter --

THE DEFENDANT: Sure.

THE COURT: -- what your lawyer or her lawyer talked about in advance of the stipulated judgment. It's not relevant. And it cannot be a defense to the nonpayment of the -- of the ordered agreement. Now, you can argue to the Court that, you know, you don't agree with her testimony that you told her that the Obama speech was worth a million dollars and she thought it was worth 400,000. You can testify and say -- I mean, I don't think it's even relevant whether you think you got a good agreement or a bad agreement in the divorce. The fact is is that there is a list of what the consideration was for the division and you were awarded a list of property on page 4 and she was awarded a list of property on pages 2 and 3. And that's -- that's it. That's the law of the case. Okay. So --

THE DEFENDANT: Sure.

THE COURT: -- go on and -- and -- on on with your points.

THE DEFENDANT: Sure. No problem. Okay. So -- so I -- I went to sell the speech at Golden Auctions one month after Susan received the judgment in, I believe, March the year -- 2017 for a hundred and seventeen thousand dollars. So -- so I immediately moved to, you know, auction off the speech

and did considerable work in -- in doing that, even to the point where through the auction house they had received permission from the Obamas themselves to not take claim of the speech themselves as long as it was, you know, to be auctioned at the Jock -- Jackie Robinson Foundation 70th Anniversary Auction that was originally quoted in the paperwork. Okay. I -- I'd like to submit Exhibit E which is the email that Ken Golden, the auction house director, sent to myself that was a forward from Susan's father that basically said that the credentials were unauthorized that I was using and that I was not the rightful owner of -- of the speech and that he was and his coworkers were. THE COURT: Okay. So let's break that down. First of all, just as a matter of record, Exhibit J, the pre-divorce correspondence from his counsel, that's not admitted. Exhibit -- what -- what letter is this one? THE DEFENDANT: This would be E. THE COURT: Okay. So just so I understand it, so I understand the relevance of this -- well, okay. Then -- then explain this to me. THE DEFENDANT: So -- so --THE COURT: How --THE DEFENDANT: -- the reason --

3

4

5

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

THE COURT: If -- if your efforts to sell property

that was awarded to you in the divorce was undermined by Ms. 1 Hayden's father, what relevance does that have in -- in whether or not this is an enfor -- whether you -- it's an 3 enforceable agreement or your obligations --4 5 THE DEFENDANT: Okay. 6 THE COURT: -- to her are enforceable? 7 THE DEFENDANT: Because she then asked me not to contest his ownership of the speech. And so what the actual 8 9 agreement -- verbal agreement was, and she approached me with 10 this, was if you sign consignment of the speech over to me, I will remove your debt, past, present, and future, and you 11 12 know, it was -- and it was that simple is why I drew up the 13 stipulation and order to -- to represent that. There was never an amount discussed that if she made 300,000. And --14 15 and that will be evidence in our recorded phone calls coming 16 up --17 THE COURT: Well, again --18 THE DEFENDANT: -- that that is --THE COURT: -- well -- well, let's take it one step 19 20 at a time. This --21 THE DEFENDANT: Sure. 22 THE COURT: -- is just a text or an email from April 23 2017 and it's -- you want it admitted into evidence. Mr. 24 Hamilton, do you object?

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

1	MR. HAMILTON: No objection, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: All right. Exhibit E is admitted.
3	(DEFENDANT'S EXHIBIT E ADMITTED)
4	THE COURT: Now, move on. Go ahead, Mr. Reynolds.
5	Next point. Next
6	THE DEFENDANT: Sorry. Okay. Your Honor, I I'd
7	like to submit Exhibit F. I'm just trying to pull that up
8	right now. So
9	THE COURT: All right. Proposed Exhibit F, looks
10	like another email of some sort. And what is that offer for?
11	THE DEFENDANT: Okay. This was this was really
12	just documentation, you know, that there was a claim by
13	Robin's (ph) coworkers just to, you know, further
14	THE COURT: Again again
15	THE DEFENDANT: further the evidence.
16	THE COURT: how how is this relevant to your
17	obligations to her in the divorce decree?
18	THE DEFENDANT: No, understood. I I won't I
19	won't bring any of those exhibits forward
20	THE COURT: Well, no.
21	THE DEFENDANT: moving forward.
22	THE COURT: I mean, look. The this is a trial
23	practice. Okay. Whether it there is if you want it
24	part of the record, you can offer it, even if you know the

Court -- if there's an objection, will exclude it because it's still part of a record. Okay. If you think it's important, the Court may not agree with you but there's still a part of this process that allows you to make a record of what you wanted the Court to consider important. Okay. The testimony of --

THE DEFENDANT: Sure.

THE COURT: -- Ms. Hayden was -- and I know you don't agree with all of it, was that you guys thought of a way to forgive your obligation to her. And according to her, you would let her sell the speech and she would -- if she got a certain amount of money, then you wouldn't owe her anything. Now, you say --

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah.

THE COURT: -- no, that's not what the agreement was. And --

THE DEFENDANT: Not at all.

THE COURT: -- but, you know, you also acknowledge that you asked her to sign something confirming the agreement and she didn't sign it. So there's no signed agreement. So it's really not a leg -- a legal defense. It's more of an equitable defense. But you have -- I mean, that's really what you should focus on because she's saying that there was a discussion with you afterwards about this speech that was

awarded to you. And it sounds to me like she -- she agreed that you could have it and you had physical progression -- possession of it and one reasonable view of this would be she was trying to make it right with her dad or his coworkers because she didn't have authority to give it to you.

23 I

But, you know, that -- that's neither here nor there. The fact is is that we have a judgment. This is not a lawsuit between you and these other people or them against you. This is a divorce case between you and your ex. And your rights arise out of the orders. Okay. It's your burden to show that she forgave the obligations that you didn't make or that you had some sort of different agreement. That's what you need to focus on, not some dispute that you had with her dad's friends or -- or your prominence that you had to deal with.

Now, if you want to talk about why you did what you did, I mean, you just said you thought it was worth 400,000. So I mean, what were you thinking when you agreed to sign it over to her to have it auctioned? What did you think it was going to bring?

THE DEFENDANT: It didn't matter what it brought to me at that point because, see, if I was running the one that was selling the auction, right, my -- my reputation -- you know, it -- it generated a lot of interest in the beginning

and I'm also considered a marketing expert -- a digital marketing expert. I had a -- a full marketing plan to blast this out. It was a -- there was a pretty good plan behind it. And I believe that I would have garnered a significant amount of more money if I had sold the speech directly. I had very little incentive to want to transfer this over to Susan especially being, quote, nice and trying to do something nice and reconcile; that is not true at all. In fact, she had been actively blackmailing me for statutory rape since the beginning of our divorce proceedings and throughout. And I -- I -- and I will evidence that here shortly. And so there would be very little reason for me to do this. I wanted to sell this speech so I could pay off my debt to Susan. That's all I cared about.

And so for me to take the power out of my hand when I'm the only rightful owner listed by a court saying that I am the owner of this speech would make very little legal sense. I'm a business person and I -- I'd run several successful companies. And I -- I that -- that would be a silly move for me to make. And I -- and I -- I definitely regret signing that consignment over and, quote, trusting her like she said because in -- in our calls she says you need to trust me, you need to, you know, just do the right thing. And the moment that I tried to get the terms that we agreed upon in written

form, that's when she decided no, that's not the way this is going to be. I'm not going to give -- and I -- I'm not giving -- I'm not going to wipe the debt out anymore.

Once she had ownership of the speech, she suddenly changed the term. She suddenly said I'm not going to sign this. I sent both of the consignment agreement to transfer to her and the stipulated order of decree in the same email because they were supposed to be signed by her together and she was going to the FedEx door to sign them both together.

When I didn't hear from her for a few days, I started to realize she's moving forward with the consignment of the speech without giving me the consideration that she promised. So when I talked to her on these recorded phone calls that I'll be submitting as evidence, she clearly states contradicting claims to everything she just said. And -- I mean, made threats.

So let -- let me go ahead and just go ahead and get to the calls then. Your Honor, I -- I have -- I've uploaded the calls to a -- a legal transcription service. And it's all been gone over and -- and double checked. But I just want to -- I -- I want to be able to utilize those exhibits as -- as demonstrative evidence. Although, I did submit the calls in their original form in Exhibit EE which I would like to submit. And what that is is that is from -- it's an app -- a

-- a mobile app called TapeACall Pro. And what it does is it records your call. It uploads that original file into the cloud. It can only be listened to or downloaded, but it cannot be altered. No new files can be uploaded. So it's like -- almost like a -- like a -- a voicemail or, you know, it -- there's no -- there's no way to alter these -- these calls in any way.

So the calls that I'm submitting today have been unaltered, unedited. And these were the only calls that I recorded because I didn't start recording calls until I realized that she was no longer going through with her -- her terms of the verbal agreement.

THE COURT: Well, okay, but do we have any objection to these calls being played into evidence?

MR. HAMILTON: We do, Your Honor. Nevada is a two party state and my client did not give her consent to being recorded in these calls.

THE COURT: Right. The -- okay. Well, if there's an objection to the calls, the Court has to go through an analysis of whether or not they're admissible evidence. I mean, it sounds to me based on your comments at the beginning Mr. Reynolds that you understand that there are specific laws in Nevada that prevent the use of recorded calls without consent, right?

```
THE DEFENDANT: Correct, Your Honor, but that
 1
 2
    typically applies to when both of the people are in state.
 3
    And I believe there is case law in September 2017, Nevada
    Supreme Court ruled that if an outside party in another
    jurisdiction would -- would be able to submit these calls as
 5
 6
    -- as -- as evidence --
 7
              THE COURT: Well, you would --
              THE DEFENDANT: -- because --
 8
 9
              THE COURT: -- have to -- you would have to show as
10
    a foundation for the Court to consider that argument where the
11
    parties were at the time of the call, what the law is in the
12
    state that allows --
13
              THE DEFENDANT: It -- it's --
              THE COURT: -- that --
14
15
             THE DEFENDANT: It --
             THE COURT: -- call --
16
17
             THE DEFENDANT: It's in --
18
             THE COURT: -- where --
19
              THE DEFENDANT: -- the call where I -- I explain
20
    that I'm in Austin, Texas.
21
             THE COURT: Where was she --
22
             THE DEFENDANT: I --
23
             THE COURT: Where was --
24
             THE DEFENDANT: My court record --
```

THE COURT: Where -- where was she?

THE DEFENDANT: Austin -- she -- she was in Nevada.

THE COURT: Okay. But the person who is asserting the privilege is the person -- I mean, the -- the case you're talking about is an exception that might allow the call to come in over your objection, not hers. She's the one who's in Nevada who's protected by Nevada law. The person who is out of state, I -- if I understand the case correctly is not able to assert a defense that it was illegal in a different state if it was legal to record the call in their state. So you have it backwards. Okay. And if she were in Texas and you were in Nevada, then that case might apply. Okay. And, now, you can still testify about what she said

The Court will weigh the -- the -- I mean, I -- look, a -- a conversation that you might have, you know, you call it a verbal agreement, is probably not a legal defense to this debt. Now, it may be an equitable defense. I don't know if you know the difference, but, you know, people can have legal rights that they waive or that they do things that would estop them from -- from asserting a claim.

And -- and this is what I'm con -- this is what the Court is considering, these kind of things. Let's say that -- that, you know, you owed her \$300,000 at the time this was going down, you know, if you pull out the exhibits to the

decree. You were going to pay her another 300,000 or so. 1 That sort of ballpark. And you signed over a speech in April of 2017 for her to auction off that was awarded to you in the divorce. There would be no other explanation as to why you 5 would sign off property that was awarded to you in the divorce except to get something for it, right? And --6 7 THE DEFENDANT: Correct. 8 THE COURT: -- if she had gotten any number -- any 9 -- any amount that was anywhere near what you owed her, it 10 would be a really compelling consideration because you did 11 sign over --12 THE DEFENDANT: But -- but Your Honor --13 THE COURT: I know, but I'm -- I'm just saying --THE DEFENDANT: But Your Honor --14 15 THE COURT: -- this is what you need to focus on 16 when you're making your points to the Court. 17 THE DEFENDANT: Sure. 18 THE COURT: There is no written agreement --19 THE DEFENDANT: Sure. 20 THE COURT: -- between the two of you. You -- they 21 -- there is no -- no clear evidence that there was no written 22 contract between the two of you than to present someone with a contract and they refused to sign it. Okay. So there isn't 23

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

any clearer evidence that's going to support a finding than

that. And nobody's alleging that there's any written contract. What you're alleging is that --

THE DEFENDANT: Well, Your Honor --

THE COURT: -- is -- is that there were verbal agreements and that she should not be able to come after you for what you did -- what you didn't pay because of what you talked about or what she did or what you did. Okay. It's called estoppel, waiver, et cetera.

THE DEFENDANT: Correct.

THE COURT: When we have evidence --

THE DEFENDANT: I got it.

THE COURT: -- that this speech that you thought was worth 400,000 at the time of the divorce that she says, you know, she thought might be worth 600,000, a million bucks, or whatever, sells for 30 grand, it doesn't -- it doesn't create that compelling equitable argument against requiring you to honor the agreements that you made in a case. You just told me that you wanted to sell the speech to pay off his debts to his wife -- I mean, to your wife after this May 2nd, 2016 hearing was reduced to an order in February of 2017. All that sounds credible.

I don't know why it took her lawyer nine months to get the judgment filed, but in February of 2017 there was an order that was entered from that 2016 hearing that said you

owed her over a hundred and seventeen thousand dollars. So it sounds credible to me that, you know, she consigned in April of 2017. There's communication between the two of you.

Certainly the -- the speech was auctioned. So what -- what is the legal effect of that? What -- what is the fallout from that? You know. It sells for 30,000 so she -- you shouldn't have to pay her any monies. I -- I have to base that on some sort of legal or equitable principle. Okay.

So the Court is going to make -- allow you to make a record that based on the offer of proof that he was in Austin, Texas and that you were in Nevada and that you cannot show that she consented to having her call recorded, the exception to the two party consent rule does not apply to this case and the Court is going to specifically deny the request to admit the recordings of those telephone conversations in April 2017.

So you -- for -- you know, we're making a record here. You want this Court to consider the evidence you think that the law allows for the Court to consider the evidence.

And the Court is saying this is the reason why it's not going to be admitted. Okay? But don't --

THE DEFENDANT: Sure.

 $\mbox{THE COURT: -- get -- you have more things to talk} \\ \mbox{about. Just move on. Continue your presentation.}$ 

THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, I know -- I know I

already asked for a brief recess, but I -- I'm -- I'm going to 1 ask for maybe another five minutes. I -- I need to put 3 together, you know, my case here, what I'm doing here given that decision. 4 5 THE COURT: Right Well, I -- I appreciate that and I know that -- you know, these are stressful cases for lawyers 7 let alone people who are not lawyers to try to present. The thing you got to have in mind, and we're still doing fine, is that this hearing is going to be over in about an hour and 10 fifteen minutes. Okay. I want you to make sure that you're able to make all the points that you want to make. Mr. 11 Hamilton was very efficient in the presentation of his direct testimony of his client. I have another trial that starts at 13 1:30. I mean, so it's not even an option to go past the time 14 15 that we have. So --16 THE DEFENDANT: Okay. 17 THE COURT: -- we'll take --18 THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor --19 THE COURT: We'll -- we'll resume We'll mute you 20 and we'll resume at 10:30 which is about nine minutes from 21 now. Okay? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT
VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

THE DEFENDANT: All right Thank you, sir.

THE COURT: All right.

23

24

(COURT RECESSED AT 10:23 AND RESUMED AT 10:30) 1 THE CLERK: We're back on the record, Judge. 2 3 THE COURT: Okay. We got everyone back? Is Mr Reynolds back? 4 5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am. THE COURT: Great. So took a short break about 6 7 10:21, 10:29. Do you understand you're still under oath? 8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 9 THE COURT: All right. Continue your testimony. THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Your Honor, I'd like just a 10 11 quick clarification on -- on that case law we were just 12 talking about with the recorded calls. So Buckles versus Ditech (ph) would -- and Nevada -- it's -- it's Nevada Revised 13 14 Statute 200.620 prohibits a person from recording a telephone 15 call unless both parties participating. Okay. So the way 16 that I had interpreted this, and -- and please correct me if I'm wrong here, but what I see here is it said the Supreme 17 Court answered that the statute does not apply to recordings 18 19 of telephone conversations with a person in Nevada without 20 their consent. 21 So it -- if it -- if it's saying the statute does 22 not apply and the statute prohibits recording someone in

> D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

Nevada, I -- I guess I'm -- I would like to understand how

that means I can't use that.

23

1	THE COURT: Well, I look, I we we're
2	we're going to move on from that ruling. The Nevada law
3	protects someone in Nevada from having their telephone
4	conversations recorded without their permission or notice.
5	And she didn't give permission. And so she's protected from
6	the statute. And so it's not admissible. Simple as that.
7	Okay. So none of the exceptions there are exceptions, but
8	none of the exceptions in the civil domestic case would apply
9	And if you wanted that type of evidence admitted, you have to
10	show as a foundation that she consented and you didn't. You
11	acknowledge that she didn't consent. She said she didn't
12	consent.
13	So but you can still I I don't want you to
14	I want don't want you to misunderstand me. She is a
15	party opponent. You're allowed to talk about the conversation
16	yourself that you had with her. You're you you can ask
17	the Court to find your account credible that, you know I in
18	other words, the the telephonic recording is not the only
19	evidence that the Court would consider.
20	THE DEFENDANT: It's just a very critical piece. I
21	mean, it it lays everything out in black and white and
22	THE COURT: Well, why

THE COURT: -- why -- it -- it may -- well, then

THE DEFENDANT: -- and so it --

23

24

you have to -- you have to accomplish what you wanted to accomplish with that evidence in your -- with your testimony. You were on the call; were you not?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: So why don't you try to tell the Court what the substance of the call was, what is the claim? I mean, I -- you're missing the fundamentals in that you are saying that she entered into an agreement with you where the hundreds of thousands of dollars of stuff you were supposed to pay her would go away, right?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Yeah. So explain how that went down in a 50 minute telephone conversation.

THE DEFENDANT: Sure. Sure. Okay. So in the conversation I originally -- you know, the -- like I said, the original deal was she said that she would completely wipe my debt and free me from all of this if I were to sign this speech over, especially because, you know, she was worried about her father's career because these guys that -- these -- these coworkers, they -- they called me and made death threats. These guys were threatening my life saying we own this speech, who the hell are you, why did you steal it. And they were threatening her father as well.

And so when she called me, she, you know, approached

me as if hey, I need you to help me out and do me a favor. You know, this is a big problem and I said well, I can just sell the speech and give you the entirety of the money. And if you want to compensate these guys as you see fit, then fair enough. That -- that's up to you. But, you know, I -- I don't feel comfortable signing this over to these guys when I don't even know if they have any rightful claim to this. Like that is something that would need to be settled in civil court. If these guys want to make a claim for this, then, you know, we -- we can have a lawsuit or something later, they can file something.

But at the end of the day, there would be no reason for me to just give this speech as a gift. I feel like that's highly unreasonable considering the amount of stress that I've had to undergo in trying to pay her this money back selling my house, my cars, everything and being completely destitute for many years; on food stamps, you know, while she holds many assets. It's -- it's very frustrating. So I would never, ever transfer this speech over to her unless she offered that deal.

So she offered that deal. She said that she would wipe me from, the entirety of the divorce decree. And then when she got the -- the paperwork in the email just like she had just testified right now, she said, well, I said this has

to stay verbal, I'm not going to sign anything. And I said but that was the original deal. That's what you said. And she said but I didn't agree to sign anything. And I said okay, that's fair. If you don't agree to those original terms, then I need you to transfer the consignment of the speech back. So she was given an opportunity to remedy the situation and give me back the speech which was rightfully mine if she didn't agree to those terms anymore. And then she tried — then she said well, I'm not going to but what I will do is I'll deduct it from whatever you — you know, whatever I make from the speech which she still to this day — until today has never claimed in any motion or filing. She's never said that she, you know, received money.

She never credited that as a payment. In fact, she keeps stating repeatedly in every motion multiple times that I've never made a payment at all. If you like read her -- her motions, it says I made no payments, not even -- not even accounting for the first three years where I was making payments.

So -- and -- and I believe that the reason she did that was because she didn't believe that I was going to defend myself in the May hearing because I was under the duress of blackmail. And so I'd like to -- I'd like to submit Exhibits X, Y, and Z -- oh, and W, sorry, W, X, Y and Z which are the

emails where Susan flat out says that if you bring up the 1 2 Obama speech in court, I will file statutory rape charges 3 against you. THE COURT: All right. Well, hold on. Hold on. 4 Wait. Look, I -- let's -- you just mentioned four different 6 exhibits. Okay. 7 THE DEFENDANT: Sure. 8 THE COURT: Exhibit W is not coming up readily. 9 What -- what is Exhibit W? 10 THE DEFENDANT: It's a -- it's an email from -- from 11 Susan that says oh, by the way, regarding --12 THE COURT: You sure --13 THE DEFENDANT: -- the Obama speech --14 THE COURT: You sure it's not a text? 15 THE DEFENDANT: No, it's an email, sir\_ 16 THE COURT: All right. Hold on. Let me get out of 17 this thing and try it again. W. It says text clipping. 18 THE DEFENDANT: So W is -- it's Bates Stamp D00168. THE COURT: Yeah. Well, it's -- it's -- let me see 19 if I can put it in Word. 20 21 THE DEFENDANT: Yeah. 22 THE COURT: No. What is it? It's not -- it --23 THE DEFENDANT: It's --24 THE COURT: When -- when I click on it, it's not

> D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

```
coming out as anything. Okay. So it's a document that's
 1
 2
    listed as a four page document, 167 to 171, but --
 3
              THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, can I -- can I screen
    share? I -- I have it --
 4
 5
              THE COURT: Yeah.
 6
              THE DEFENDANT: -- right here.
 7
              THE COURT: Yeah.
              THE DEFENDANT: And I submi --
 8
 9
              THE COURT: Well, however -- however you can
10
    Correct. It. I mean, the thing is that it's not coming up as
11
    a Word document. It's called a text clipping file.
12
              THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, it's a PDF, sir.
13
              THE COURT: All right. Well, bring it up so that we
14
    can see it.
15
             THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
16
             THE COURT: All right.
17
             THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
             THE COURT: So it's an email, right?
18
             THE DEFENDANT: It is an email, sir.
19
20
             THE COURT: And who is it from?
21
             THE DEFENDANT: It is from Susan to myself --
22
             THE COURT: Okay.
23
             THE DEFENDANT: -- on September 16th, 2020.
24
             THE COURT: Okay. That's -- that's -- that email is
```

1 -- there was more than one email between you two on that day because there's another one that's at 15:39 on that day that's been marked for identification as X. That's control number 3 173. So this is control number 170? 4 5 THE DEFENDANT: Correct. 6 THE COURT: All right. So is this one to you from 7 her? 8 THE DEFENDANT: Wait. Wait. Is this 170 --9 THE COURT: Well, read the -- read -- read the 10 portion of the one that you have up there that you say is 11 marked --12 THE DEFENDANT: Sure. 13 THE COURT: -- for identification as Exhibit W. 14 THE DEFENDANT: Okay. It's oh, by the way, regarding the Obama speech and what it sold for, even though I 15 16 didn't get the entire amount, the total will be taken off of 17 what is -- what is left that is owed. So if your plan --18 planning on bringing that up, it will be dismissed quite 19 quickly by the Judge. 20 THE COURT: Okay. Well, she -- she -- what does 21 that -- what does that have to do with anything? Why did you 22 think that was important to highlight? 23 THE DEFENDANT: Be -- because she did not submit in

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

-- in any motion and even under oath in our prior -- prior

24

hearing, I believe, in August you specifically asked her whether or not I had attempted to make any payments or whether or not she had received a payment for this and she -- she said 3 no. and she hasn't filed in any of her motions any credit for this at all even though she, you know, tried to renegotiate the terms during our call which I -- I can't show because I --I can't -- I don't have those phone calls. But in those phone calls, I originally -- I -- I said look, if you're not going to erase my divorce debt, then transfer the consignment of the speech back to me because I will get considerably more amount 10 of money for that speech being that I can market it myself. 11 12 But if it's in your ownership, this makes no -- you know, no 13 sense. THE COURT: All right. Well, wait. You're not --14 you're not in that document any more with that comment, right? 15 You're talking about something else. 16 17 THE DEFENDANT: I'm referencing the phone 18 conversation and how it's relevant --19 THE COURT: All right. THE DEFENDANT: -- to --20 21 THE COURT: So let's -- let's --THE DEFENDANT: -- this --22 23 THE COURT: Let's take this in order. Is there any

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

24

objection Mr. Hamilton to W?

1	MR. HAMILTON: And what is the
2	THE COURT: The September
3	MR. HAMILTON: Bates number, please?
4	THE COURT: September 16th, 2020 control number
5	17 control number 170, right?
6	MR. HAMILTON: 170? Judge, we would object just on
7	relevance grounds.
8	THE COURT: Okay. Overruled. The exhibit is
9	admitted.
10	(DEFENDANT'S EXHIBIT W ADMITTED)
11	THE COURT: Now, you you looked at you want me
12	to look at X. That's the next one that you mentioned.
13	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
14	THE COURT: And this is another email the same day,
15	but
16	THE DEFENDANT: Correct.
17	THE COURT: I don't know why this is important.
18	So you got to tell me why it's important.
19	THE DEFENDANT: Okay. So this email is important
20	because this is where she begins the the blackmail threats
21	where she talks about al also and so you know, I have
22	quite a case against you. Did you know that federal sex
23	crimes have no statute of limitations? I'd be extremely
24	careful if I were you. While

THE COURT: What --

THE DEFENDANT: -- you were preparing --

THE COURT: What does --

THE DEFENDANT: -- all --

THE COURT: What does that mean? Did you guys know each other when you were really young? Is that what you --

THE DEFENDANT: Yes. So -- so to -- to circle back to what this means, back when I -- when -- when we were originally getting divorced, when she filed for divorce, she intentionally put a falsified accusation that I had a sexual relation with her while she was a minor because I met her when she was a minor. She -- she said that I had a sexual relationship with her and -- and essentially blackmailed me from the beginning, her and her father both. Her father told it to my coworkers. I -- I mean, it pushed me out of CPA lead and made me lose all my money was because everyone thought I was a pedophile because they went around and told people that I was having a relationship. And they said if I did not settle that they were going to put this all over the internet and I was a public figure. So this is where this started.

Now, this has been an ongoing thing over the last 10 years that any time I attempt to fight back or do anything to assert my rights and defenses, she throws that out there. And so now these two emails, especially the next one, it is

crystal clear black and white she says if you bring up the 1 2 Obama speech in court, I will file these charges against you 3 which --THE COURT: Well --THE DEFENDANT: -- is completely limiting my rights 5 6 to defend myself. 7 THE COURT: Well, okay, but look, I -- I know that these statements might be offensive but what do they have as 8 it relates to the legal claim on the decree from 12 years ago 10 -- or -- or eight years ago? THE DEFENDANT: Well, I mean, just due to her acts 11 and conduct. Her conduct, I mean, I think can justify 12 estoppel. It can justify waiver. 13 THE COURT: Okay. So do you want -- you want to 14 offer --  $\ensuremath{\text{I}}$  -- you talked about X and Y. And did you also 15 mention Z which is also in September 2020? So when this case 16 got reopened right around the time of the filing, you guys 17 18 text each other or emailed each other back and forth and you 19 want these email communications to be admitted? 20 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 21 THE COURT: All right. So Mr. Hamilton, do you want 22 to state an objection for the record?

> D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

23

24

object on relevance grounds.

MR. HAMILTON: I do, Your Honor. Our -- we would

THE COURT: All right. The objection's overruled. And tho -- and so W, X, Y and Z are admitted.

(DEFENDANT'S EXHIBITS X THROUGH Z ADMITTED)

THE COURT: All right. Go on, Mr. Reynolds.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay. So I didn't -- I didn't know that she had stole the speech until May of 2020 when she -- so the last I had heard her was we were done. This was over. I transferred it to her. I didn't track how much it sold for. I had no incentive to. There was no set amount that had to be made in order for her to go when it -- in our -- oh, she basically tried to -- when I said look, I don't accept any other terms other than the original verbal agreement that we agreed on which was you said you would remove my debt completely and in exchange for me signing consignment of the speech over to you which at the time was my only means of payment and my only means of getting income at that moment. So it was very important to me. And to sign that over was a very big deal to me.

And so when she said I'm no longer going to do that, I said okay, please return the speech back to me then because I would like to sell it. She said well, I'm not going to do that, but -- and then she attempted to change the -- the terms and say I'll give you, you know, credit for whatever I get for it. And I said but why would I allow you to sell it and split

it five ways with other people instead of me selling it for myself and getting all the money and being able to pay you more money? It didn't make any mathematical sense to me.

So for me -- like for example right now if I -- the only reason that she's now trying to cover her tracks and give me credit for that 25,000 is because she knows that, you know, it wouldn't make sense if she tried to give me just the 6,000 because why would I only take one-fifth of something that I should have received a hundred percent of being that I was the rightful owner of that speech? And -- and I think that the email that was just admitted, it really exacerbates that in Exhibit Y that where it really she -- she really -- you know -- yeah, let me see if I can bring this up where, you know, she -- she directly ties this Obama speech to, you know, essentially blackmailing me and -- and that -- that -- the only reason I even decided to come forward and finally defend myself was because she finally put this in writing.

She's been doing this over the phone for years and I haven't been able to prove it so I can't say anything. But now that she puts it in writing, obviously she had something to hide. Why would she risk blackmail -- criminal charge on her if her story was true? Why would she not want me to assert my rights in -- in bringing this to the court?

She was trying to get a judgment on default. She

was trying to get me to not show up in the first place back in May which I didn't even whip up those defenses until the night before the hearing because I -- that's when she emailed me. So when she finally emailed me proof of blackmail, I finally said okay, I -- otherwise I wasn't even going to show up. There was no point at this point because I -- I can't because she's going to try to -- you know, she's going to try to blackmail me.

So at this point I'm scared to defend myself. I -I -- this is why I recorded those calls and they were so
important because, I mean, these things were discussed.

That's why she said that I owed her the full million in the
May -- in her May filings. She put in there that I owed her a
million dollars and I never made one single payment, maybe
four or five separate times in that motion in different ways.

To -- to try to get a default judgment for the full million.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$  HAMILTON: Judge, may I ask a couple of questions on those points?

THE COURT: When you -- when he's finished. Look, you are doing what you would not ordinarily be allowed to do which is to give a narrative statement. And so I -- it's un -- it's unavoidable. Go ahead. So you need to wrap up your direct testimony to give Mr. Hamilton an opportunity to examine you on these statements that you're making. So you

need to move on to where you say Judge, I've said what I need to say, okay?

THE DEFENDANT: Okay. No problem. I -- I'd like to also submit Exhibit BB which is the unwinding statements from when my employer lost their funding due to me having to spend significant amount of time trying to put all this together, represent myself and the time that it took away from my job, it -- it -- I wasn't able to fully launch on our September 1st deadline that was tied to our funding. And so this is our, you know, the statement basically saying that, you know, we lost our funding and we were disconnected.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Hamilton, do you object to what's been marked as BB?

MR. HAMILTON: No objection, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. BB is admitted.

(DEFENDANT'S EXHIBIT BB ADMITTED)

THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, if I may just to -- last thing is to quickly sort of just go over Exhibit Z really quick. I know it was admitted, but I think it's pertinent that I just go through this really quick. And -- and that will be the end of it.

THE COURT: Okay. What is -- what is it about Z that you want to highlight?

THE DEFENDANT: And I believe this was it. I'm

sorry, maybe it was Y. I apologize. Yeah, that's not it. 1 2 Nevermind, Your Honor. I'm -- I'm done. THE COURT: Well, you may have something that comes 3 up after you -- Mr. Hamilton asks questions, but Mr. Hamilton, 5 it's your witness. MR. HAMILTON: Okay. And is it possible to take 7 down the exhibit? THE COURT: Yeah, we want to -- we want to be able 8 to see it. So perfect. Perfect. 9 MR. HAMILTON: Thank you very much. 10 CROSS EXAMINATION 11 BY MR. HAMILTON: 12 Mr. Reynolds, you haven't made any payments for --13 under the decree in a number of years, correct? 14 Correct. 15 And -- and in fact, you haven't made any payments 16 under the decree since 2016, correct? 17 Correct. 18 And you have not gotten the life insurance that was 19 required under the decree, correct? 20 21 No, actually, my interpretation of the decree is that Susan is the one that is supposed to get the life 22 insurance policy and I'm supposed to cooperate with said life 23 insurance policy in terms of getting a checkup or whatever

they require, but I -- I think it pretty clearly says that 1 Susan is responsible for getting that life insurance policy. 2 So you don't believe that you were supposed to get 3 the life insurance policy --4 5 Α No. 6 -- to insure against the money that you owe her. 7 Α No. Okay. In any case, you have not gotten a life 8 Q insurance policy in any connection relating to the decree, 10 fair? Correct. 11 Α You presently working? 12 13 Yes. For a company called Numuni? 14 15 Α Yes. You're the founder of that company? 16 Q 17 Correct. Α And it's a cryptocurrency company? 18 It's more of a digital rewards company; 19 cryptocurrency is simply one way that we plan to monetize. 20 21 That -- that -- that's just one means. Do you have the financial ability to pay Ms. Reyn --22 23 Ms. Hayden? 24 No, sir. I'm not even making a salary currently.

1	Q	The company makes no money?
2	A	No. We're pre-revenue.
3	Q	Pre-revenue. Okay. You're disputing Ms. Hayden's
4	character	ization of your verbal agreement whereby she said she
5	would let	you off the hook for the divorce decree if the
6	speech so	ld for \$300,000?
7	A	Absolutely.
8	Q	Okay. You did have an attorney send her a
9	stipulati	on and order to let you off the hook in exchange for
10	the Obama	speech, correct?
11	A	No, I sent her the stipulated order that I had
12	drafted b	y my attorney, but I sent that in the same email
13	attachmen	t to the consignment agreement transfer. So they
14	were both	attached to the same email.
15	Q	In any case, she never signed it, true?
16	A	No, but she did sign the consignment speech. But
17	she (indi:	scernible) one and signed another.
18	Q	Okay. But that's not an agreement to let you off
19	the hook,	right?
20	А	Not in writing. No.
21	Q	Okay. You agree that without the defense that
22	you're ra:	ising today that's supposed a verbal agreement, that
23	you still	owe the money under the divorce?
24	A	No.
- 1		

Why is that? 0 I -- I believe she's waived her rights to continue collecting this money even aside from -- from those phone calls and the verbal agreement. Okay. And what evidence did you present on this waiver? Α Well, she waited three years to file which is a -- a -- without a valid excuse. That's number one. That caused me damages. She attempted to collect interest and enrich herself when she thought I wasn't going to be defending myself and -and was barred from being able to bring up anything prior to 2016 because of that. So -- and also because of her conduct due to blackmail. Okay. Isn't it true, Mr. Reynolds, that when you first met Susan she was age 12 and you were age 19? I can't recall the exact ages. I mean, it was quite a long time ago, but I'm -- I -- I know she was probably around maybe the age of 13, 14. I mean, but again my memory -- that's -- that's a long time ago. I couldn't tell you the exact year. You -- you began a sexual relationship with her shortly thereafter? Α No, sir. THE DEFENDANT: And Your Honor, I mean, I object to

1

2

3

6

8

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

these questions due to --1 2 THE COURT: Yeah, the only --3 THE DEFENDANT: -- relevance. THE COURT: -- reason why -- there's -- there's only one reason why you're answering these questions and that's because you insisted on admitting evidence that brought this 7 issue to the -- to -- before the Court. Otherwise, I would 8 not have allowed it, okay? THE DEFENDANT: Not a problem. 9 10 THE COURT: All right. THE DEFENDANT: Okay. I'm happy to answer. 11 MR. HAMILTON: Nothing further Your Honor. 12 13 THE COURT: Okay. THE DEFENDANT: So --14 15 THE COURT: So --16 THE DEFENDANT: -- Your Honor, I'd like to add that 17 the reason that I met Susan, at the time, was because I helped 18 troubled kids. I worked at WestCare. I was a volunteer there 19 for years. I actually won several community service awards for all types of work with troubled youth. I mean, I had a 20 21 reputation for this and when I met Susan she was addicted to 22 drugs. She was in and out of facilities. She was telling --23 MR. HAMILTON: Your Honor -- Your Honor, I don't --24 THE COURT: Okay.

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

MR. HAMILTON: -- (indiscernible). 1 THE COURT: And it's -- it's not a license to -- I 2 3 mean, I'm sure you're not offering that foundation as some sort of excuse if you had relations underage. I -- I --4 THE DEFENDANT: No --5 THE COURT: -- don't --6 7 THE DEFENDANT: -- what -- what I'm saying is is she 8 utilized my kindness to help her as a troubled teen --THE COURT: Well --9 10 THE DEFENDANT: -- to then blackmail me with that. 11 THE COURT: Well, I don't -- I -- look, it's either -- it's -- it's not really relevant or material except that 12 you brought it up. Okay. You brought it up as -- as a reason 13 why you did or didn't do certain things. Okay. 14 THE DEFENDANT: Sure. 15 THE COURT: And -- and we're not litigating, you 16 know, what may have happened between the two of you 20, 30 17 18 years ago. Okay. So I'm not -- I -- I'm going to cut you off 19 on that. I understand --20 THE DEFENDANT: Sure. THE COURT: -- why you would like to put it in 21 22 context. I would let you do it. But the --23 THE DEFENDANT: Sure. 24 THE COURT: -- details about it are -- are not

relevant. 1 THE DEFENDANT: Understood. 2 THE COURT: The -- is there anything else you want 3 to tell the Court? 4 5 REDIRECT TESTIMONY 6 THE DEFENDANT: I -- I did find in Exhibit Z -- the 7 -- the line I was looking to highlight was the -- toward -right at the very end in the last paragraph she put if I 8 receive any paperwork regarding you taking me to court over that stupid speech, I will file a case against you. Maybe I'm 10 not so law savvy as you but the truth is king. 11 THE COURT: Well, what does that -- what does that 12 mean? I mean, why do you think that's important? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Because of her conduct. I 14 mean, she -- she's --15 THE COURT: Well, look. 16 17 THE DEFENDANT: -- trying to --THE COURT: Look. She -- she -- I mean, you've got 18 -- she basically sent you an email saying I'm -- I'm going to 19 bring you back to court or don't -- don't fight it. I want my 20 21 money. Right? THE DEFENDANT: Okay. No -- no, but she's saying 22 that if you try to defend yourself --23 24 THE COURT: Well, that's fine. I mean, okay. All

right. The -- you don't live in my world where that's kind of 1 2 normal day-to-day communication between counsel and parties as 3 it relates to disputes. You owe the money pursuant to the decree: THE DEFENDANT: But that's a --5 6 THE COURT: You --7 THE DEFENDANT: -- felony, Your Honor. THE COURT: -- are -- you are saying -- you are 8 saying that you don't owe it because of things that happened 9 10 after the divorce. That's a dispute over a material amount of 11 money. You don't agree. That's clear -- more than one time over in your filings. Okay. In this case, the Court heard 12 13 the matter in the fall and, you know, reviewed your response. That's why we're having this hearing today so that we can 14 15 determine that. So we've been at odds on this matter since at 16 least November, probably before that. 17 THE DEFENDANT: Well, Your Honor, it hurt my 18 financial situation. So --19 THE COURT: Well --20 THE DEFENDANT: -- I mean --21 THE COURT: -- you -- you --22 THE DEFENDANT: -- that -- that --THE COURT: -- said -- yeah, I -- I know what you're 23

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

saying. You're saying -- I mean, well, anytime you're a

24

judgment debtor, it can hurt you, employment wise or financially or anything else. Okay. So --

1

3

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

THE DEFENDANT: No, I'm -- I'm talking about the blackmail, Your Honor. And -- the -- and -- and steal -- and basically stealing the speech from me. I -- I would have been able to make these payments. I would have been able to use some of that to launch my company. I mean, this deeply affected my life. I was on food stamps for the next three years after this. I mean, it was a big deal.

THE COURT: Well, the -- you know, I -- I will try to address all of those things. I mean, the -- this case is about the enforcement or the jurisdiction or authority of this case is to -- is tied directly to the orders that have been entered, the decree. The reason why we're getting involved in stuff that may have happened years after the divorce is because the Court recognizes that you have an opportunity to present defenses to the ordered claims. But this is not an -an opportunity to litigate claims that you may have between each other that have nothing to do with the ordered obligations. In other words, if you have a beef about whether she took an asset from you or whether she sold it improperly or for a lesser amount of money, I mean, that belongs in a civil case.

Now, this Court has jurisdiction to resolve any kind

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT

VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

of case, but not -- that doesn't mean that you can raise claims years after the divorce and expect some sort of action on them. It has to be tied to a specific obligation or a specific defense to an obligation. In other words, if you had a beef that she defrauded you out of this asset that you were awarded in the divorce, it's only going to be considered in the context of whether you had an agreement or some equitable defense to your obligations in the divorce, not for any -
THE DEFENDANT: Sure.

THE COURT: -- kind of damages that you may have

THE COURT: -- kind of damages that you may have suffered by signing that over to her. Okay. If you --

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17 l

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

THE COURT: -- wanted to go in that direction, you could have sued her in 2017 --

THE DEFENDANT: -- Sure.

THE COURT: -- to get -- I mean, when you demanded it back from her and she didn't give it back to you, you could have sued her. Okay. You didn't. All right.

The Court is -- is looking at this as the evidence portion of the case is sort of waning and we're going to end the evidence portion of the case. But the important part of --

THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, may I add one final thing? I'm so sorry to interrupt, please, quickly.

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

THE COURT: What?

24 l

THE DEFENDANT: Okay. So -- so Nevada Rule 60(b)(3) holds that the Court may relieve a party from a final judgment or order or proceeding for the following reasons: fraud, miss -- misrepresentation -- so she definitely frauded (sic) me. Misrepresentation, she's saying that -- that she never was the original owner of the speech. So she misrepresented her assets or misconduct by the opposing party and that's blackmail.

THE COURT: All right. Well, look.

THE DEFENDANT: NRS --

THE COURT: I don't -- I don't --

THE DEFENDANT: -- (indiscernible) --

THE COURT: I -- I -- you know, I -- I'm trying -- I'm trying to be, you know, bend over backwards to be patient and understanding related --

THE DEFENDANT: Sure.

THE COURT: -- to these issues. If you were a lawyer, I would tell you that the time for a filing of a Rule 60(b) motion is about seven years late. By the way, the decree was final with the notice of entry on July 30th, 2012. Now, remember there was litigation in 2015. You were represented by Counsel. You filed papers on the eve of the hearing. And the Court had raised --

THE DEFENDANT: I just found out --1 2 THE COURT: -- all the --3 THE DEFENDANT: -- now. THE COURT: Stop it. Stop it. I -- you raised all 4 5 these issues with the Court in that filing. In -- in fact, I printed it out just so I could read what Mr. Carman wrote for 7 you as it relates to the speech and everything else. When I heard this matter in May of 2016 that the -- the hearing that resulted in the -- the judgment, May 2nd, 2016, I said this 10 was filed, what was it, two days or three days before the 11 hearing. The opposition and countermotion was filed, let's 12 see --13 THE DEFENDANT: And -- and I believe -- Your Honor, 14 I believe --15 THE COURT: No. No. No. 16 THE DEFENDANT: -- that was dismissed 17 THE COURT: It's time for you to listen. Okay. 18 The --19 THE DEFENDANT: Okay. 20 THE COURT: I'm going to --21 THE DEFENDANT: Sorry. 22 THE COURT: -- finish the points that the Court is 23 making. When this was litigated in 2016, you filed an 24 opposition and countermotion with the assistance of counsel on

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT
VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

April 29th, 2016 on a May 2 hearing. In the order, the -- the judgment and order from the May hearing, it says that the Defendant's filings or countermotion that was filed in which you raised these issues of the speech, you raised these issues of everything else, was denied without prejudice because it was not timely filed. It's never been re-noticed. Nothing's happened with that. And that is four years ago next month. So look, you got a little bit of -- I mean, I see that you really invested a lot of time in trying to think about, you know, what type of rules and procedure, what type of precedent, what type of legal and equitable principles.

I mean, it's obvious that you're very prepared. But there is no Rule 60 relief that's even been requested or preserved for request in this case. Okay. There is no basis to grant any kind of relief from the original decree. The Court can't set it aside, can't find that there was a fraud, can't find any of those things.

Where the issue of what happened afterwards comes up and is considered is whether there were agreements or whether there's any legal or equitable principles that would apply to what happened years later. Not whether the judgment could be set aside under the rules of procedure. All right. So --

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: -- that's enough. Let's focus here. We

had an -- an opening statement in which we had a discussion about what this hearing was about. We had the testimony of both parties and we received documentary proof. We had rulings on everything that was offered. We had uncontested facts that there were payments through 2015, that there were proceedings in 2016 and allegations that there was nonpayment pursuant to the stipulated decree. There was a hearing in May of 2016 that resulted in an order and that order adjudicated monies that were owed through May of 2016. So there's been no payments after May of 2016.

2.1

The Court heard testimony that conflicts as to what the parties did after that. The testimony of Mr. Reynolds was that after he saw that the order was entered in early 2017, there was communication between the parties and he says there was an agreement that if he signed over the Obama speech then all of his obligations would go away. And he signed over the speech for consignment and it sold in early 2017 or mid-2017 for 30 thou -- \$25,000.

We have Ms. Hayden's testimony that this was a verbal agreement as long as she got enough money to pay off what he owed her; 300,000 she said, that she was fine. She wasn't going to go after him for the monies, that that was an acceptable outcome. But because she got 30,000, it wasn't an agreement to waive the requirement.

Mr. Reynolds said that when he transferred the consignment papers he also sent of a stipulation and order to be signed that would memorialize this, something that can be filed or a written contract which would explain why somebody who is owed hundreds of thousands of dollars would not expect it. And that was not signed. It was rejected. And nothing happened between May 2017 and May 2020, three years, when Ms.

Hayden did nothing and Mr. Reynolds did nothing in this case.

In May of 2020, schedule of arrears were filed.

Motions for a judgment were filed. And they -- the matter was opposed finally on September 17th. The Court found that there was adequate cause for a hearing and we have accomplished that hearing and both parties have been able to present evidence finally on these ordered obligations.

So Mr. Hamilton, you first. Please make your argument to the Court.

MR. HAMILTON: Judge, the Court has summed up very nicely what we believe the positions are. The -- by the Defendant's own testimony he's not made any payments. And we did not want to get into some very painful territory for my client. Unfortunately, that did happen. But there's no legal or equitable defense to the payments, Your Honor. My client is one who is very generously saying that she will reduce the amount that he owes her by the amount that was paid for the

	Obalia Speech just so that she can be done with this issue.
2	So Your Honor, we respectfully request that judgment
3	be entered in the amount of \$616,873.95.
4	THE COURT: Okay. What do you how would you
5	respond to this notion that she entered into a divorce
6	judgment with him and gave him property in that stipulated
7	judgment that she shouldn't have and that this speech was
8	actually owned by her father and maybe father's associates?
9	And so that would explain why she would try to get this worked
10	out for the benefit of her father.
11	MR. HAMILTON: Your Honor, I my response would be
12	that that's complete conjecture. There's been no evidence
13	that's been submitted in that regard and it's simply untrue.
14	THE COURT: Well, we do have evidence. We have her
15	testimony and his testimony. And it's argument. I'm just
16	saying that you didn't address it at all. So I figured you
17	might want to address it legally or equitably. I mean
18	MR. HAMILTON: Well
19	THE COURT: it seems
20	MR. HAMILTON: Your Honor
21	THE COURT: to me like you don't want me to find
22	his testimony credible and that is there anything else?
23	MR. HAMILTON: That's that's completely it, Your

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT
VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

24 Honor. It's -- it's not credible on that point. It's just

simply not true.

THE COURT: Okay. Anything else?

MR. HAMILTON: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Reynolds, your turn.

THE DEFENDANT: So Your Honor, in -- in Barelli versus Barelli (ph) Family Court it was ruled that they have the discretion to act upon issues in excess of its subject matter jurisdiction in the --

THE COURT: I --

THE DEFENDANT: -- case involving --

THE COURT: -- I just told you -- I just told you this Court is not -- this Court has no limitation on this.

The Landrick (ph) case and the Barelli cases are like my baby as it relates to the re -- the -- the statement that Family Court judges have jurisdiction over everything. What that means though is that their -- that principle applies when you have a suit that involves more than domestic matters. In other matters, pleadings torts, pleading breached contract claims, inviting parties who are not parties to the marriage. This is not the beginning of a case. Barelli has no application in this case. There are no claims other than the claims that arise out of the divorce and the defenses. And those -- those defenses are legal and equitable. Okay.

So the Court has never said and is not saying in

this case and would never say in this case that it is limited in -- in considering your claims. The reason why it's limited in considering stuff prior to the divorce is that the divorce judgment is final. The reason why it's limited in considering the legal effect of this alleged agreements that you had with her is that they were never pled. In other words, if there was a contractual claim that arose between the two of you eight years after the divorce or seven years after the divorce, it would not be litigated in this case.

Not because of the limitation of jurisdiction, but because this is a divorce case that's closed and those claims will be brought someplace else. They can be brought in a Family Court dispute, probably not, more likely in a civil dispute.

All right. Go on.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay. I -- I have nothing more to add, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, let's talk about the -- the real issue here. Okay. You want the Court to believe that she had a verbal agreement with you that she would give up a hundred -- a couple hundred thousand dollars worth of property rights from the divorce decree for getting the speech back for her dad and getting \$25,000 in -- in an auction. So I -- I understand and am considering that there was more than just

monetary value to her, if you believe that awarding you the speech and the divorce was a wrongful thing for her, okay, that she was able to make right with this agreement.

2.0

But it's still -- I mean, you -- you still need to address why it's appropriate. And of course since you have no legal agreement and it's inequitable, the fairness or appropriateness or -- it needs to come in. Okay. How is it equitable or fair to give you the benefit of a couple hundred thousand dollars as an equitable defense to what you should have paid her pursuant to the decree? That's -- that -- you should talk to that. Okay.

You know, I -- why do you think this is eminently fair? It sounds to me like you think it's eminently fair because the divorce settlement in and of itself wasn't really fair. I mean, that's really what you're saying, right?

THE DEFENDANT: No. No, Your Honor. I think it's not fair because if I were to have been able to sell it myself as the rightful owner and she didn't make that false promise to me, I would have never signed it over to her. I would have obtained more money. And I wouldn't have auctioned it at that auction if it only sold for 30,000.

THE COURT: Well, I --

THE DEFENDANT: I got (indiscernible) --

THE COURT: -- and -- and yet -- and yet, the same

question that I asked her as to where she was between '17 and '20, where were you?

THE DEFENDANT: I was under the duress of blackmail, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. So you were afraid that -- that you would be attacked or slandered or hurt financially --

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: -- if you were to bring this claim to her.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. So you -- okay. That's fine. That's fine. The -- all right. Anything else, Mr. Hamilton?

MR. HAMILTON: No, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Well, the one good thing is that this matter is going to be closed and put to rest for today. And, you know, it's not supposed to work like this where you get divorced in 2012 and you find yourself still in court in 2021. It can happen where there's agreements to make payments over time. The decree of divorce contained specific provisions which are clear that there would be a financial obligation. There were schedules that included payment of interest and principal.

The -- the Court considered whether there was a legal defense. A legal defense would be a valid contract between the parties made after the divorce in which they showed that there was mutual assent to waive a specific obligation. In this case, the specific obligation was a couple hundred thousand dollars of property settlement and interest.

The allegation is that the parties had a -- a contract and that that contract said for the transfer of the Obama speech to Ms. Hayden so that she can -- could sell it in consignment. She would basically waive his financial obligations. At the time that that occurred in 2017, there had been proceedings in 2016. There was a judgment entered for nonpayment for a period of time between '15 and '16. And Mr. Reynolds' testimony was that as soon as he saw that that judgment came in he wanted to sell the speech so he could pay his wife.

Now, where it goes sideways is -- is that no contract was ever signed. A contract was presented. If that contract had been signed, we wouldn't even be here. It is the burden of the person asserting the contract that there was a contract, a meeting of the minds, mutual assent. That burden requires the Court to find that the evidence presented which is basically his testimony and her testimony supports a

finding that there was a binding contract that would essentially undo the stipulated judgment. And there is no substantial proof and no sufficient proof more importantly that there was a contract that the transfer in April of 2017 of the speech to consignment was a -- a court in satisfaction of its obligations under the order.

So the legal defenses fail for a lack of sufficient proof. And the trier of fact for the court heard the testimony, reviewed the documentation. And while the Court does understand that there was a dialogue and that there was a dispute and that there was a benefit that she received because she was able to get the speech I suppose to who she thought were their owners and she had agreed in the divorce decree to have it be awarded to him, there — there's no evidence that the Court can rely on to make a finding that the auction price was anything but its market value.

So when you look at the equitable defenses and the two ones that -- I mean, we don't have waiver. A waiver is a -- is a settled purpose to waive a known right. And the passage of time in and of itself is not a waiver. And we have plenty of cases, especially cases concerning support that show that the passage of three years is not a waiver. Not to mention the fact that we have certain indications of things like statute of limitations and other things which give you a

period of time much in excess of three years to bring these claims and rights.

1.5

Laches and estoppel are probably the two most compelling considerations in this case. Laches is unreasonable delay in asserting a claim. There is an issue with the equitable principle of laches as it relates to the time between April 2017 and May 2020 when there was no payment, the speech had been sold, it realized much less than what everybody said they were hoping it would get and there was no actions to collect. Ms. Hayden did not come back to court. She said that she was just done with court or was just too stressed about court. Mr. Reynolds had no incentive to come back to court. He says that he thought that handing over the speech put the -- put an end to it.

But as we know from the schedule that's attached to the decree, each and every month especially in Section B, there's a substantial interest component and a principal component to the payments and that in — it would be completely inequitable and inappropriate if I find that there was no waiver of the ordered obligation, no contractual defense of the ordered obligation to add insult to injury and require him to pay interest that she never incent — intended to collect. In other words, it — the unreasonable delay, if she had brought this case any time during those 36 months he

would have been able to assert these defenses. He would have been able to say -- or be heard rather than in 2021.

Now, the issue of estoppel is a principle that precludes a person from asserting something contrary to what is implied by a previous act or statement. This estoppel argument would be strong even without a written contract if that speech had realized any kind of substantial monies.

Okay. And I don't -- I'm not quibbling with Mr. Reynolds' testimony that, you know, he might have marketed it differently. He might have, you know, auctioned it differently. He might have realized more money from it. But there's no evidence that shows that -- that, you know, that there was some sort of improper -- I mean, they used an auction house. They had an auction and it was -- and it realized a certain price.

In this case, the person that's asserting something is not asserting something contrary to what is implied by the previous actions or statements. Her previous actions and statements were in 2016 to seek enforcement of the order. Her actions and statements in 2020 was to seek enforcement of the order. If she had never mentioned the \$25,000 she got from the -- the sale of the speech, the Court would not allow her to get the benefit of property that was awarded to him and not have it credited against this obligation under other

principles of equity like unjust enrichment.

So and it -- it does -- it was nominal amount. So the Court is faced with saying okay, there's no contract that's enforceable between the parties. The verbal dialogue was conditional and there was no proof that showed that there was an unconditional waiver of the support. And, you know, does her rights under the decree go away because she received \$25,000 for the -- and the right to consign the speech. And the -- and the conclusion is no.

Now, Mr. Hamilton, I have a very difficult time giving her the benefit of the terms of the agreement as it relates to interest while she basically does nothing and while the -- and so there's not going to be any interest on the amortization schedule awarded between April 2017 when she received and started the consignment through May of 2020 when she actually filed schedules for arrears. And that should be easy to -- to back out because they're in a special column on an exhibit to the decree.

MR. HAMILTON: Understood.

THE COURT: She is estopped from seeking interest and -- and there are -- there's an unreasonable delay in asserting claims to interest when she's not seeking to enforce the order on the periodic payments.

And so what the Court is basically determining is

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

that the judgment that will be entered today will se -- will supercede or I guess subsume the judgment that was entered February 13th, 2017 so that we have one judgment and it'll be a principal sum that will accrue interest from the time that it's entered on the unpaid principal payments pursuant to the decree.

Now, Mr. Hamilton, do you understand what that means? That means that the Court is saying based on these findings that are incorporated by reference that she is entitled to the principal sum that is unpaid, but that equity does not allow her to benefit from her delay as it relates to interest and penalties that would have been on the amortization schedule. Now, I don't know whether that's going to represent 30,000 or 40,000. I don't know what it's going to be, but it's going to be in that ballpark probably. What she's going to get to do is she's going to get to reset with the judgment because frankly as we sit here today, right, this thing should have been paid in full; is that correct?

MR. HAMILTON: That's correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Yeah. So what we do is we say that it was not paid in full. He'll received a \$25,000 credit and he'll receive the benefit of basically having all of the interest after April 2017 disregarded in the form of a principal judgment. Now, that principal judgment can be

collected by any lawful means. And what I would suggest you do in your order because for the benefit of me and my clerk is to make sure that you lay out your calculations so that we can -- I mean, if I had more time or if I took this under advisement I would probably --

MR. HAMILTON: Sure.

THE COURT: -- try to look at the schedules and -- and go through it. I need to make sure it's accurate. It's going to be a substantial judgment --

MR. HAMILTON: Yeah.

THE COURT: -- but it's going to be substantially less than what you've requested. Okay? So --

MR. HAMILTON: Fair enough.

THE COURT: -- now -- now Mr. Reynolds, the Court's order and its findings are a final order in this case. If you feel that the Court has erred, you know, not applied the law correctly or made rulings that are adverse to you that are wrong, you have a right to appeal this order to either the Court of Appeals or the Nevada SupreDIRECTme Court. That's part of the process. This is the trial level or the -- the District Court level. I've heard the evidence and I made the rulings, both the legal rulings on the evidence and also on the dispute. I'm not telling you to appeal or not appeal, but I'm just telling you you have rights so you -- if you feel

that this Court has abused its discretion in the application of the law or that its rulings are not supported by substantial evidence, you have recourse. Do you understand? Mr. Hamilton is going to prepare an order. 4 order is going to be reviewed and submitted. When it's filed, 5 there will be a notice of entry of the order and you'll have 6 7 rights attached to that order. Okay? All right. We're done for today. Mr. Hamilton, submit the order at your convenience. MR. HAMILTON: Will do. Thank you, Judge. THE PLAINTIFF: Thank you. (PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 11:26:51) \* \* \* \* \* \* ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the digital proceedings in the aboveentitled case to the best of my ability. Adrian Medromo Adrian N. Medrano

1

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

D-11-448466-D REYNOLDS 04/15/21 TRANSCRIPT VERBATIM REPORTING & TRANSCRIPTION, LLC (520) 303-7356

**Electronically Filed** 4/20/2021 10:14 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT SATF FINE | CARMAN | PRICE Michael P. Carman, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 07639 8965 South Pecos Road, Suite 9 Henderson, NV 89074 702.384.8900 Mike@fcpfamilylaw.com 5 Movant 6 DISTRICT COURT **FAMILY DIVISION** 7 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 8 FINE | CARMAN | PRICE SUSAN VICTORIA HAYDEN f/k/a 9 REYNOLDS, CASE NO.: D-11-448466-D FAMILY LAW ATTORNEYS DEPT. NO.: H 10 Plaintiff, 11 VS. 12 ROBERT WILLIAM REYNOLDS. 13 Defendant. 14 SATISFACTION OF JUDGMENT 15 TO: SUSAN VICTORIA HAYDEN f/k/a REYNOLDS, Plaintiff; 16 TO: ROBERT WILLIAM REYNOLDS, Defendant: 17 Movant hereby acknowledges that the judgment for \$7,043.87 in 18 attorney's fees and costs filed on February 27, 2019, has been satisfied. 19 Accordingly, I hereby authorize and direct the Clerk of Court to enter this 20 Satisfaction of Judgment. 21 111

# FINE CARMAN PRICE

Per NRS 53.045, "I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct."

DATED, April 2021.

# FINE | CARMAN | PRICE

Michael P. Carman, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 07639 8965 South Pecos Road, Suite 9 Henderson, NV 89074 702.384.8900 Mike@fcpfamilylaw.com Counsel for Defendant Robert William Reynolds

# 1 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that on this 20th day of April 2021, I 2 caused the above and foregoing document entitled, Satisfaction of 3 Judgment, to be served as follows: 4 Pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a), EDCR 8.05(f), NRCP 5(b)(2)(D) and Administrative Order 14-2 captioned "In the Administrative 5 Matter of Mandatory Electronic Service in the Eighth Judicial District Court," by mandatory electronic service through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system; 6 $\bowtie$ 7 By placing same to be deposited for mailing in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class 8 postage was prepaid in Las Vegas, Nevada; FINE CARMAN PRICE 9 Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, to be sent via facsimile, by duly executed consent for service by electronic means. 10 To the following addresses: 11 Robert Reynolds 12 8616 Honey Suckle Trail Austin TX 78759 13 Ryan Hamilton, Esq. 14 Hamilton Law, LLC 5125 S. Durango Dr. C 15 Las Vegas, NV 89113 16 17 18 19 20 21

Electronically Filed 06/08/2021 9:19 AM CLERK OF THE COURT

**ORD** 

1

3

6

7

8

9

Ryan A. Hamilton, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 11587

## JOHN BUCHMILLER & ASSOCIATES, LLC

516 South Fourth Street, Suite 500

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

(702) 805-0418

(773) 303-8697 (fax)

ryan@buchmillerlaw.com

Attorneys for the Plaintiff,

Susan Victoria Reynolds

# EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, STATE OF NEVADA

SUSAN VICTORIA REYNOLDS,

ROBERT WILLIAM REYNOLDS,

VS.

Plaintiff,

Defendant.

Case No.: D-11-448466-D

Date of Hearing: 4/15/2021

Time of Hearing: 9:00 a.m.

Dept.: H

11

10

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

JUDGMENT ORDER FROM THE APRIL 15, 2021 HEARING

This matter coming on for hearing on the 15<sup>th</sup> day of April, 2021, upon

Plaintiff's Motion for an Order to Enforce and/or for an Order to Show Cause

Regarding Contempt ("Plaintiff's Motion") and Defendant's Opposition and

Countermotion, with Ryan Hamilton, Esq., appearing as attorney of record for

Plaintiff Susan Victoria Hayden, and Defendant Robert William Reynolds appearing

in Proper Person. The Court, having reviewed the papers and pleadings on file, and

25

1

Statistically closed: USJR-FAM-Disposed After Trial Start (Bench Trial) Close Case (DAT)

having listened to the testimony of the parties and arguments of counsel, and good cause appearing, finds as follows:

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS that the parties' Divorce Decree required Defendant to pay Plaintiff One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00), amortized on a monthly basis over eight (8) years. Interest for the first five (5) years of payments was set at 3.5 percent (3.5%) per year. Interest for years six (6) through (8) was set at 4.5 percent (4.5%) per year. The Decree attached an amortization schedule for years one (1) through five (5) and another for years six (6) through eight (8).

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS that on February 13, 2017, the Court entered Judgment against Defendant for unpaid amounts under the Divorce Decree in the amount of \$117,734.53. The February 2017 Judgment related to amounts Defendant had failed to pay up to and including May 2016. The post-judgment interest as of the present date is \$32,360.07. The total amount that Defendant presently owes from the February 13, 2017 Judgment is \$150,094.60. As set forth below, this amount

<sup>20</sup> Calculated as follows:

<sup>21 | 02/13/2017 - 06/30/2017 \$ 2,559.52(138</sup> days @ \$18.55/daily @ 5.750%/year) | 07/01/2017 - 12/31/2017 \$ 3,709.44(184 days @ \$20.16/daily @ 6.250%/year)

<sup>01/01/2017 - 12/31/2017 + 3.709.44(104</sup> days & \$20.10/daily & 0.23070/year)

<sup>01/01/2018 - 06/30/2018 \$ 3,794.92(181</sup> days @ \$20.97/daily @ 6.500%/year)

<sup>07/01/2018 - 12/31/2018 \$ 4,154.58(184</sup> days @ \$22.58/daily @ 7.000%/year)

<sup>01/01/2019 - 06/30/2019 \$ 4,378.76(181</sup> days @ \$24.19/daily @ 7.500%/year) 07/01/2019 - 12/31/2019 \$ 4,451.33(184 days @ \$24.19/daily @ 7.500%/year)

<sup>01/01/2020 - 06/30/2020 \$ 3,951.83(182</sup> days @ \$21.71/daily @ 6.750%/year)

<sup>07/01/2020 - 12/31/2020 \$ 3,107.42(184</sup> days @ \$16.89/daily @ 5.250%/year)

<sup>01/01/2021 - 05/13/2021 \$ 2,252.28(133</sup> days @ \$16.93/daily @ 5.250%/year)

will be included in the instant Judgment so Plaintiff will have one operative Judgment against Defendant.

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS that Defendant has not made any payments to Plaintiff pursuant to the Divorce Decree since the Court entered Judgment against him for nonpayment on February 13, 2017.

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS that Defendant has no legal defense for failure to make payments to Plaintiff pursuant to the Divorce Decree. Defendant raised as a defense Plaintiff's sale of the Obama Speech that Defendant received under the Divorce Decree. The sale of the Obama Speech does not excuse Defendant's nonpayment, but Defendant shall receive a credit in the amount for which the speech sold: \$25,000.00.

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS that because of Plaintiff's delay in bringing action to enforce the Divorce Decree after Defendant's nonpayment in 2017 that, pursuant to the doctrine of laches, she is not entitled to collect the interest scheduled in the Decree on the payments from April 2017 forward. Nothing in this paragraph, however, shall bar Plaintiff from collecting post-judgment interest on these payments.

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS that Defendant has not obtained a life insurance policy as he was required to do in the Divorce Decree.

4

3

5

6 7

8

9 10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

insurance policy under the same terms as he was required to do in the Divorce Decree.

THE COURT HEREBY ORDERS that Defendant shall obtain a life

THE COURT HEREBY ORDERS that Plaintiff's Motion is GRANTED and that Plaintiff is awarded Judgment against Defendant in the amount of \$647,704.50. This amount includes (1) \$150,094.60 (the February 13, 2017 Judgment plus postjudgment interest to date); plus (2) \$522,609.90 (the applicable monthly payments under the amortization schedules attached to the Divorce Decree from June 2016<sup>2</sup> forward); minus \$25,000.00 (Defendant's credit for the Obama Speech). Therefore, the total amount reduced to judgment that Defendant owes to Plaintiff is \$647,704.50. This judgment shall accrue interest at the legal rate and is collectible by any and all legal means.

THE COURT FURTHER ORDERS that Defendant's Countermotion and Opposition is DENIED.

THE COURT FURTHER ORDERS that as a Judgment Creditor Plaintiff has the right to enforce the Judgment through any and all legal means, including without limitation, a judgment debtor examination.

///

///

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pursuant to the Court's order, this amount includes both principal and interest for the months May 2016 through March 2017. For April 2017 forward, only the principal amounts under the amortization schedule are included because the Court found that the doctrine of laches barred the interest payments beginning April 2017. 4

	The court incorporates the findings at hearing on April 15, 2021, by referen IT IS SO ORDERED.	nd conclusions made on the record at the ace. (TAR)
1		Dated this 8th day of June, 2021
2	Dated this day of	
3		DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
4		64A 9E0 2E72 6149 T. Arthur Ritchie
5	Respectfully submitted,	District Court Judge
6		
7	Day A III Sailt and East	
8	Ryan A. Hamilton, Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff,	
9	Susan Victoria Reynolds	
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

1			
1	CSERV		
2	D	ISTRICT COURT	
3		K COUNTY, NEVADA	
4			
5		CARENO PALAMONO P	
6	Susan Victoria Reynolds, Plaintiff	CASE NO: D-11-448466-D	
7	VS.	DEPT. NO. Department H	
8	Robert William Reynolds,		
9	Defendant.		
10			
11	AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
12	This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District		
13	Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:		
14		ic doo't charied case as listed below.	
15	Service Date: 6/8/2021		
16	"Michael P. Carman, Esq.".	mcarman@mpclawoffice.com	
17	Susan Hayden	dirtyjeepgirl@yahoo.com	
18	Robert Reynolds	robertwreynolds1@gmail.com	
19	Ryan Hamilton	ryan@buchmillerlaw.com	
20	Daniel Tully	daniel@buchmillerlaw.com	
21			
22			
23			
24	1		
25			
26			
26 27			

Electronically Filed 6/9/2021 10:00 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

<u>COURT CODE:</u> MOT	Deur P.
Your Name:	<u></u>
Address:	
Telephone:	
Email Address:	
Self-Represented	
	STRICT COURT K COUNTY, NEVADA
	CASE NO.:
Plaintiff,	DEPT:
VS.	Hearing Requested? (⊠ check one, the clerk will enter dates when you file)
 Defendant.	☐ Yes. Hearing Date:
Defendant.	Hearing Time:
	□ No. Chambers Decision:
MOTION AND NOTICE OF MOTIC	ON TO SET ASIDE ORDER, JUDGMENT, AND/OR DEFAULT
TO: Name of Opposing Party and Party'	s Attorney, if any,
If a hearing was requested above	, the hearing on this motion will be held on the date and
•	strict Court - Family Division located at:
(clerk will check one)	54.100 CC 4.20 1 4.11.1.5
☐ The Regional Justice Center, 200 Le	
☐ The Child Support Center of Souther	rn Nevada, 1900 E. Flamingo Rd #100, LV NV 89119.
Court and provide the undersign days of receiving this motion. It of Court within 14 days of your	ten response to this motion with the Clerk of the gned with a copy of your response within 14 Failure to file a written response with the Clerk receipt may result in the requested relief being hearing prior to the scheduled hearing date.
Sul	bmitted By:
	☐ Plaintiff / ☐ Defendant
© 2020 Family Law Self-Help Center	Motion to Set Aside

\* You are responsible for knowing the law about your case. For more information on the law, this form, and free classes, visit <a href="www.familylawselfhelpcenter.org">www.familylawselfhelpcenter.org</a> or the Family Law Self Help Center at 601 N. Pecos Road. To find an attorney, call the State Bar of Nevada at (702) 382-0504.

1

### **MOTION**

(Your name)	moves this Court for an order to
set aside an order, judgment and/or default. (⊠ <i>check one</i> )	
☐ I tried to resolve this issue with the other party before	re filing this motion.
☐ I did not try to resolve this issue with the other party	before filing this motion. Any
attempt to resolve the issue would have been useless	s or impractical because (explain why
you did not try to resolve this issue directly with the	other party before filing this motion)

## POINTS AND AUTHORITIES LEGAL ARGUMENT

The court may set aside a final order or judgment pursuant to Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b) for the following reasons:

- (1) mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect;
- (2) newly discovered evidence which by due diligence could not have been discovered in time to move for a new trial under Rule 59(b);
- (3) fraud, misrepresentation or other misconduct of an adverse party;
- (4) the judgment is void; or
- (5) the judgment has been satisfied, released, or discharged, or a prior judgment upon which it is based has been reversed or otherwise vacated, or it is no longer equitable that an injunction should have prospective application.

The motion shall be made within a reasonable time, and for reasons (1), (2), and (3) not more than 6 months after the proceeding was taken or the date that written notice of entry of the judgment or order was served.

When a default order is entered against a party who was never personally served with the summons and complaint, the court may set aside the order pursuant to Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 60(c) so the party can answer the merits of the original action. A defaulted party must file a motion within 6 months of the date of service of written notice of entry of the order.

In addition, a default may be set aside for good cause. NRCP 55(c).

# FACTS AND ARGUMENT

1.	Or	Order/Default. ( $\boxtimes$ check one)		
		I want to set aside a <u>default</u> that was entered on ( <i>date default was filed</i> )		
		I want to set aside an order. A hearing was held on (date of the hearing, or "n/a" if there		
		was no hearing) A written order was filed (date of the order)		
		I was served with a copy of the order on (date you received the order)		
2.	Gr	<b>ounds.</b> The default or order should be set aside because: ( $\boxtimes$ <i>check all that apply</i> )		
		I was never served with the other party's court papers that led to the court order/default.		
		I did not respond to the other party's court papers because of my mistake, inadvertence,		
		surprise, or excusable neglect. (Explain why you did not respond to the original papers):		
		The other party committed fraud, misrepresentation, or misconduct that resulted in the		
		order. (Explain what the other party did to get the order that was wrong):		
		Other (Explain the reasons you want the default/order set aside):		

3.	<b>Other Relief.</b> In addition to the relief requested above, I would like the Court to also order		
	the following: (Explain anything else that you would like the judge to order, or enter "N/A"		
	if you do not want anything else. Be specific.)		
	espectfully ask the Court to grant me the relief requested above, including an award of		
	orney's fees if I am able to retain an attorney for this matter, and any other relief the Court		
fın	ds appropriate.		
DA	ATED, 20		
	Submitted By: (your signature)		
	(print your name)		
	DECLARATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO SET ASIDE		
Ιđ	eclare, under penalty of perjury:		
a.			
а.	to the best of my knowledge, except as to those matters based on information and belief, and		
	as to those matters, I believe them to be true. Those factual averments contained in the		
	referenced filing are incorporated here as if set forth in full.		
h	Any Exhibit(s) in support of this Motion will be filed separately in an Exhibit Appendix.		
0.	This Exhibit(s) in support of this Worldin will be filed separately in an Exhibit Appendix.		
Id	leclare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing		
is 1	true and correct.		
DA	ATED, 20		
	Submitted By: (your signature)		
	(print your name)		

Electronically Filed 6/9/2021 10:04 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

EXHS	Chump.
Name:	
Address:	
Telephone:	
Email Address:	
In Proper Person	
C	DISTRICT COURT LARK COUNTY, NEVADA
	CASE NO.:
Plaintiff,	DEPT:
VS.	
	DATE OF HEARING: TIME OF HEARING:
Defendant.	
	EXHIBIT APPENDIX
(vour name)	<u> </u>
	, the (check one $\boxtimes$ ) $\square$ Plaintiff
/ □ Defendant, submits the follow	, the (check one $\boxtimes$ ) $\square$ Plaintiff ving exhibits in support of my (title of motion / opposition you
/ □ Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support) _	, the (check one ⊠) ☐ Plaintiff ving exhibits in support of my (title of motion / opposition you I understand that
/ □ Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support) _	, the (check one $\boxtimes$ ) $\square$ Plaintiff ving exhibits in support of my (title of motion / opposition you
/  Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support)  these are not considered substantive.	, the (check one ⊠) ☐ Plaintiff ving exhibits in support of my (title of motion / opposition you I understand that
/ Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support) _ these are not considered substantive Table of Contents:	, the (check one ⊠) ☐ Plaintiff ving exhibits in support of my (title of motion / opposition you I understand that we evidence in my case until formally admitted into evidence.
/ Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support) _ these are not considered substantive	
/ □ Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support) _ these are not considered substantive Table of Contents:  1	, the (check one ⊠) ☐ Plaintiff ving exhibits in support of my (title of motion / opposition you I understand that we evidence in my case until formally admitted into evidence.
/ □ Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support) _ these are not considered substantive Table of Contents:  1	
/ □ Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support) _ these are not considered substantive.  Table of Contents:  1	
/ □ Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support) _ these are not considered substantive Table of Contents:  1	
/ □ Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support) _ these are not considered substantive.  Table of Contents:  1	
/ □ Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support) _ these are not considered substantive.  Table of Contents:  1	
/ □ Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support) _ these are not considered substantive.  Table of Contents:  1	
/ □ Defendant, submits the follow filed that these exhibits support) _ these are not considered substantive.  Table of Contents:  1	

© 2017 Family Law Self-Help Center

Exhibit Appendix

11	
DATED (month)	, 20
	: (your signature)
	(print your name)
	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
I, (your name)	declare under penalty of perjury
	da that on ( <i>month</i> ),
	ndix by depositing a copy in the U.S. Mail in the State of
Nevada, postage prepaid, addresse	to:
Name of Person Se	ved:
Address:	
City, State, Zip	
DATED (month)	(day), 20
Submitted I	y: (your signature) > /s/

EXHIBIT \_\_\_

Gmail - Proposed Judgment Order 6/8/21, 1:37 PM



Robert Reynolds <robertwreynolds1@gmail.com>

# **Proposed Judgment Order**

Robert Reynolds <robertwreynolds1@gmail.com>

20 May 2021 at 15:05

To: Daniel Tully < Daniel@hamlegal.com>

Cc: "Ryan A. Hamilton" < Ryan@hamlegal.com>

Hi Daniel & Ryan,

I have multiple issues with this order, so I ordered the court minutes from our last hearing yesterday to review what exactly was stated by the judge.

One example would be that the divorce decree clearly states that Susan is responsible for obtaining and maintaining a life insurance policy on me and I am merely responsible for cooperating with that process. In fact, I submitted all the necessary health records and documentation to Ms. Hayden on Jan 19, 2012.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that SUSAN shall be entitled to obtain and maintain a life insurance policy in the amount of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000.00) with ROBERT as the insured and with SUSAN as the beneficiary during the payment period of the equalization buy-out as stated above. ROBERT shall cooperate as necessary for SUSAN to obtain and maintain the insurance policy, with said cooperation consisting of, but not limited to, undergoing physical examinations, providing requested information, etc. SUSAN shall be the owner of the policy and shall be entitled to all information and documentation related to the policy.

I will get back to you with my specific objections to this order once I've received the court minutes. Thanks.

Robert Reynolds (512) 806-3300 [Quoted text hidden]

**Electronically Filed** 6/23/2021 5:17 PM Steven D. Grierson OPP CLERK OF THE COURT 1 Ryan A. Hamilton, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 11587 HAMILTON LAW 5125 South Durango Drive, Suite C Las Vegas, Nevada 89113 (702) 818-1818 (702) 974-1139 (fax) Ryan@HamLegal.com Attorneys for the Plaintiff 7 EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT **FAMILY DIVISION** 8 CLARK COUNTY, STATE OF NEVADA 9 SUSAN VICTORIA REYNOLDS, Case No.: D-11-448466-D 10 Plaintiff, Dept.: H 11 VS. 12 Date of Hearing: August 3, 2021 Time of Hearing: 10:00 A.M. ROBERT WILLIAM REYNOLDS, 13 14 Defendant. 15 PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION 16 TO SET ASIDE ORDER, JUDGMENT, AND/OR DEFAULT 17 COMES NOW, the Plaintiff, SUSAN VICTORIA REYNOLDS ("Susan"), 18 by and through her attorney, of HAMILTON LAW, and submits her 19 Opposition to the Defendant's ("Robert") Motion to Set Aside Order, 20 21 Judgment, and/or Default. Susan requests that the Court deny the 22 Defendant's Motion in its entirety. 23 /// 24 /// 25

1

DATED this 23rd day of June, 2021.

Ryan A. Hamilton, Esq. State Bar No. 11587 **HAMILTON LAW** 

Attorney for Plaintiff

5125 South Durango Drive, Suite C Las Vegas, Nevada 89113 (702) 818-1818 (702) 974-1139 (fax) Ryan@HamLegal.com

# POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

The Court should deny Defendant's Motion in its entirety. The Court did not require that Defendant be given an opportunity to sign off on the proposed Judgment from the April 15, 2021 hearing. Plaintiff's counsel contacted Defendant as a courtesy. But after Defendant kept delaying and not returning phone calls, Plaintiff submitted the Judgment to the Court. Nor has Defendant identified any errors in the Judgment to merit the relief he seeks. Nor has Defendant made any payments whatsoever.

There are no grounds under Rule 60(b) to set aside the judgment.

The Court entered the Judgment on June 8, 2021. Presumably, the Court believed that the Judgment that Plaintiff submitted to the Court accurately reflected the Court's orders from the April 15, 2021. Defendant has not identified any "mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect" to support his request to set the Judgment aside. Defendant complains that

the "final judgment order numbers are inaccurate as laches should have been applied to the May 2016 judgment as well." *Defendant's Motion*, at p.3. But that is wrong. Applying the doctrine of laches, the Court ruled that Plaintiff could not collect interest on payments from March of 2017 forward. The Court did so because Plaintiff delayed taking action after Defendant failed to pay in 2017. The Court's ruling did not apply to the previous Judgment.

Next, Defendant complains that the Judgment misstates his obligation

Next, Defendant complains that the Judgment misstates his obligation to obtain a life insurance policy. Defendant appears to claim that the undersigned agreed with him on this point. Not so. Likewise, he appears to claim that he discharged his obligation by providing Plaintiff's counsel in 2012 his medical paperwork. Without belaboring the point, the Court ruled at the April 15, 2021 evidentiary hearing that Defendant had failed to obtain the required life insurance policy to protect Plaintiff's interests under the Decree.

Finally, the undersigned made multiple calls to Defendant after the email correspondence Defendant attached to his Motion. Defendant did not return those calls. Given that this case has dragged on and Defendant appeared to be delaying, the undersigned submitted the proposed Judgment.

For all these reasons, the Court should deny Defendant's Motion in its entirety.

///

**DATED** this 23<sup>rd</sup> day of June, 2021. 1 2 Iamilton, Esq. 3 State Bar No. 11587 4 **HAMILTON LAW** 5125 South Durango Drive, Suite C 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89113 (702) 818-1818 6 (702) 974-1139 (fax) 7 Ryan@HamLegal.com Attorney for Plaintiff 8 **DECLARATION/VERIFICATION** 9 10 STATE OF NEVADA ) ss: 11 COUNTY OF CLARK 12 RYAN A. HAMILTON, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: 13 1. I am attorney for Plaintiff in the above case. 14 2. As a courtesy, I sent a draft of the proposed Judgment from the 15 April 15, 2021 hearing to Defendant. Defendant indicated he would 16 get back to me with any proposed changes. He did not. 17 3. I attempted to follow up with him by phone multiple times after 18 May 20, 2021, to no avail. I then submitted the Judgment. 19 I declare that the foregoing is true and correct and is in keeping with 20 my duty of candor to the Court. 21 22 23 24

25

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

	l
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	١

23

24

25

Pursuant to FRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of HAMILTON

LAW, LLC, and that on this 23rd day of June 2021, PLAINTIFF'S

OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO SET ASIDE ORDER,

**JUDGMENT**, **AND/OR DEFAULT** was served via the Court's electronic

filing system and U.S. Mail to the following persons:

Robert Reynolds 8616 HoneySuckle Trail Austin, TX 78759 (512) 806-3300 RobertWReynolds1@gmail.com Defendant in Proper Person

Employee of Hamilton Law

Electronically Filed 7/22/2021 6:10 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COU

1		Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COUR	
1	CODE: RPLY	Dum	
2	Robert Reynolds		
3	(Name)		
4	8616 Honeysuckle Trail		
5	(Mailing address)		
6	Austin TX 78759		
7	(City, state, zip code)		
8	512-806-3300		
9	(Telephone number)		
10	robertwreynolds1@gmail.com		
11	(E-mail address)		
12	Defendant In Proper Person		
13			
14	EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTR	RICT COURT	
15	CLARK COUNTY, NI	EVADA	
16	Susan Hayden	Case No.: D-11-448466-D	
17	Plaintiff(s),	Dept. No.: H	
18	Trainent(5),	Берали. 11	
19	VS.		
20	Robert Reynolds	,	
21	Defendant(s).	Date of	
22		Hearing: August 3 2021	
23		Time of Hearing: 10am	
24	REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO SET ASIDE  Robert Reynolds, the (check one box for you) Plaintiff/ X Defendant/ Other (specify)_ in this case, submits this reply in support of the MOTION TO SET ASIDE pending before the Court.		
25			
26			
MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES		ND AUTHORITIES	
28	I reply to the opposition filed by the opposing party a	I reply to the opposition filed by the opposing party and support my motion with the facts, law,	
29	and legal analysis below:		
	Page 1 of 12		

Page 1 of 12

REPLY (GENERIC) (Rev. 1, 03-31-2014)

© 2014 Civil Law Self-Help Center Clark County, Nevada

Case Number: D-11-448466-D

 My initial argument for relief under Rule 60b(1) to set aside the Final Order is structured around the framework of the Yochum factors announced in *Yochum v. Davis, 98 Nev. 484, 486, 653 P.2d 1215, 1216 (1982)*, which are as follows: (1) a prompt application to remove the judgment; (2) the absence of an intent to delay the proceedings; (3) a lack of knowledge of procedural requirements; and (4) good faith. After reviewing both the minutes and video hearing, I also believe this Order should be set aside not only under Rule 60b [(1)mistake, excusable neglect, (3)fraud and (6)any other reasons that would justify relief], but also under both Rule 60a [Corrections Based on Clerical Mistakes; Oversights and Omissions] and Rule 60 d(3)[set aside a judgment for fraud upon the court. I am aware that Fraud in this context should not be used lightly, which is why I will be attaching Exhibits in my reply to support that claim.

As I stated in the original Motion to Set Aside that was filed on 6/10/2021, I was unable to participate in dialogue pertaining to filing an accurate Order due to the lack of communication from Plaintiff's current Counsel, Ryan Hamilton, and also due to the Court's delay in providing me access to both the Minutes of the Court and the video of the Court Hearing. I failed to act in time due to mistakenly believing that Mr. Hamilton wouldn't file the Order until I received and reviewed the Minutes of the Court and video of the hearing. Additionally, e-mail has been the primary method of communication throughout the proceedings with both Plaintiff and her counsel, especially if I was unable to be reached by phone. Plaintiff's Counsel has not submitted any evidence of the numerous call attempts he claims he made or that those calls were actually received on my end. During the single communication I had with Mr. Hamilton, I objected to the accuracy of the Proposed Order and notified him that I could not specifically detail its inaccuracies because I did not yet have the Minutes of the Court and video hearing I needed to make those specifications.

Aside from the Plaintiff's Counsel's unprofessional behavior, the Court Clerk stated that their automated system did not recognize my email request for the Minutes of the Court until the 3rd attempt even though I received an automated email confirmation of a work order in progress immediately after submitting my request. Upon receiving the Minutes of the Court on <u>6/16/21</u>, I noticed glaring inaccuracies, such as stating that I had Representation when I was, in fact, Pro Se, among many other

11

10

12 13

15 16

14

17 18

19 20

21 22

23 24

25

27 28

29

26

falsities. (EXHIBIT 1, 2) Also, my video hearing request was delayed by the Court due to the Court Clerk initially sending me an incomplete version of the video hearing, which was missing the end portion in which the Court made its final ruling. The Court Clerk admitted this error was due to them not noticing that the video hearing was saved into two separate folders in my case file. No further explanation was provided as to why that pertinent portion of the hearing video was being held in a separate folder. (EXHIBIT 3) The missing end portion of the video hearing was received on 6/17/21 and does not reflect what is in the Minutes of the Court nor in the Final Judgement Order. Meaning that the Court Clerk erred in its filing of the Minutes of the Court and that Plaintiff's Counsel submitted an Order that was not consistent with the ruling of the Court, even after being made aware of it by me, and furthermore submitted an Order that did not include any language on my rights to an appeal.

Although Plaintiff's Counsel is accusing me of delaying, this is yet another attempt by the Plaintiff to further unjustly enrich herself, as she has been the party responsible for causing delays from as far back as May 2016, when she lied to the Court stating she was not hindering my sale of the Obama Speech divorce asset and was not interfering with my ability to pay her. Evidence admitted in April 2021 showed that her father DID indeed interfere with the sale of the speech and in her own testimony she stated, "It was actually THEIR SPEECH. It wasn't really mine to give. It was a mistake that I made giving it to Robert." (Video #1 - 33:00) She admitted she was not the rightful owner, thus misrepresenting her assets in the initial Divorce Settlement. I could not have brought this to the Court's attention several years ago as the Court implied at the hearing, discouraging me from filing a Rule 60b of the initial Divorce Judgement, because I did not have proof of that mistake until now that she has admitted to it under oath.

"[I]n order to set aside a judgment or order because of fraud upon the court under Rule  $60\ldots$  it is necessary to show an unconscionable plan or scheme which is designed to improperly influence the court in its decision." England v. Doyle, supra, 281 F.2d at 309. See also United States v. Standard Oil Co. of California, 73 F.R.D. 612, 615 (N.D. Cal. 1977).

Plaintiff and her Counsel have shown a concerning pattern of filing inaccurate numbers and facts in both their Motions and in their Trial Evidence to cause me additional harm and to further enrich

Plaintiff. Plaintiff's testimony under oath and filings have also shown contradictory and false statements. All with the belief that the Court will continue to overlook their purposeful inaccuracies and grant the Plaintiff fraudulent relief. (Exhibit 4 - LIST OF INACCURACIES)

In May of 2016, Plaintiff caused me undue harm by interpreting that the Court ruled to reopen discovery after the hearing, among other inaccuracies, when the Court had actually closed the case and only gave Plaintiff the right to a debt examination. At that time, I did have Representation to have dialogue with Plaintiff's Counsel, but her substantial 8 month delay ended up causing me to go \$7,300 further into debt and made it more difficult for me to obtain further Counsel, as I was considered a high risk client. At that time, the Court also would not get on a conference call with my Counsel after various attempts to clarify the Judgement Order, which was only finalized when yet another unnecessary hearing was held in December 2016. After argument from both of our Counsels, the Court disagreed with Plaintiff's interpretation in her proposed Judgement Order and an accurate Order was finally able to be submitted on February 2017.

At the May 2016 hearing, the Court dismissed my accusations without prejudice that Plaintiff hindered my ability to continue payments to her by interfering with my sale of the Obama Speech asset. My claims were proven to be true immediately after the Final Order was filed, when in March 2017, Plaintiff delayed my ability to pay that Judgement by stealing my last asset of value, the Obama Speech, the proceeds of which I was going to use to fulfill the Judgement debt. Everything that I had warned the Court was happening at the May 2016 hearing and was dismissed without prejudice, indeed occurred immediately after, which should show the Court who the credible Party is in this case.

Additionally, Plaintiff then further caused delay by waiting over 3 years to bring this matter to the Court, in which she again submitted Motions with inaccurate amounts and withheld pertinent information from the Court, such as her unjust enrichment from the sale of the Obama Speech. Plaintiff only acknowledged the Speech and its sale 11 months after her initial filings in an attempt to save face. Her filing was a deliberate attempt to obtain a Default Judgement and further delayed my ability to pay,

which would unjustly enrich Plaintiff with Interest.

The doctrine of laches should apply to this most recent Final Judgement in its entirety as the Court in its final ruling in regards to the Judgement entered February 2017 stated "Frankly as we sit here today this thing should have been paid in full. So what we do is say that it was not paid in full. He'll receive the \$25,000 credit and receive the benefit of basically having all of the interest after April 2017 disregarded in the form of a principal Judgement." (Video #3 54:30) and "she is estopped from seeking interest" (Video #3 - 53:13)

There is also no logical explanation to the fact that Plaintiff originally asked for \$616,873.95 at the April hearing and was instructed by the Court to remove any Interest debt and credit me \$25,000 from the sale of the Speech, yet her Counsel STILL submitted an amount in the Final Judgment Order of \$647,704.50, an increase of over \$31,000. The Plaintiff has not now or ever in the past given an accurate evidentiary basis for the dollar amounts she's continually providing. The Court acknowledged this at both the November 2020 and the April 2021 hearing. After seeing the schedule of arrears at the latter hearing the Court stated, "Yeah right, I mean seriously what is it? How could that be even considered by the Court? There is no foundation for it and it talks about some 3.9 million dollars." (Video #1 - 24:14)

Plaintiff and her Counsel have continually attempted now and in the past, to submit inaccurate information in order to receive a fraudulent ruling in their favor and have now successfully defrauded the the Court in doing just that. At no time during the final ruling or at any time did the Court mention anything in regards to a life insurance policy. The fact That Plaintiff's Counsel still added language requiring me to obtain a life insurance policy for Plaintiff in the Final Judgement Order, when I clearly detailed the Divorce Decree terms stating otherwise to him the only time we spoke, shows behavior that exceeds negligence. In combination with past misfilings, this shows deliberate fraud. On Page 3 - Lines 12-16 of Plaintiff's Opposition, her Counsel writes, "Without belaboring the point, the Court ruled at the April 15, 2021 evidentiary hearing that Defendant had failed to obtain the required life insurance policy to protect Plaintiff's interests under the Decree." After review of all 3 videos from the hearing, no such record exists of that ruling. Also, the Plaintiff was barred by the Court at the November 2020 hearing from relitigating any issues that were settled at the May 2016

hearing (where our respective Counsels agreed after the hearing that the language in regards to life insurance was clear in that Plaintiff had to both OBTAIN and MAINTAIN the policy.)

I could not include the November 2020 Final Order as an Exhibit because Plaintiff had ignored the Court's demand to file Final Judgment Orders for both the September and November 2020 hearings. The Final Judgement Orders that were sent to me to review for those hearings were also inaccurate and I never heard back from Plaintiff's Counsel when I brought this to their attention.

Furthermore, this Honorable Court has made a ruling in Plaintiff's favor even after my claims and substantial evidence of her misconduct, fraud, blackmail, and theft, dismissing them as being a normal occurrence in Family Court. The Court also did not allow admittance of legally recorded telephone calls made in Texas, a one party state, that unequivocally would have proven once and for all, in the Plaintiff's OWN WORDS, that she coerced me to drop my Counsel and that she has been defrauding both me and the Court for the last 6 years. I shouldn't owe her any more money under the principle of estoppel due to her fraudulent conduct before, during, and NOW again after the court proceedings. The recordings I provided were legal as upheld by multiple Nevada Supreme Court cases beginning with *Mclellan v. State, 124 Nev. 263, 182 P.3d 106 (2008)*. That Court ultimately held:

"that Nevada law allows the admission of evidence legally obtained in the jurisdiction seizing the evidence." Id. at 265, 182 P.3d at 108.

In "Ditech Financial, LLC vs. Buckles, 133 Nev. Adv. Op. 64 (September 14, 2017) Mclellan was further analyzed and that Court held:

"NRS 200.620 does not apply when the act of interception takes place outside Nevada. See id.

Instead, "[i]nterceptions and recordings occur where made." Kadoranian v. Bellingham Police Dep't,
829 P.2d 1061, 1065 (Wash. 1992); see also State v. Fowler, 139 P.3d 342, 347 (Wash. 2006) ("[T]he test
for whether a recording of a conversation or communication is lawful is determined under the laws of
the place of the recording.". Accordingly, whether the interception of telephone conversations with

 Buckles and other putative class members was lawful is determined according to the laws of Arizona and Minnesota, the places where the conversations were intercepted and recorded, not according to the laws of Nevada where the calls were received. Therefore, we answer the certified question in the negative, concluding that NRS 200.620 does not apply to recordings of telephone conversations with a person in Nevada without that person's consent when the recordings are made by a party who is located and uses recording equipment outside of Nevada."

The interpretation of this case law is corroborated by mutiple sources (EXHIBIT 5,6) including Scholarly Commons @ UNLV Boyd Law, an institutional repository administered by the Wiener-Rogers Law Library at the William S. Boyd School of Law which writes:

Ultimately, NRS 200.620 is inapplicable to the recording of interstate calls, between a person in Nevada and an out-of-state caller, when the recording takes place outside of Nevada.

-Littlefield, Landon, "Ditech Financial, LLC vs. Buckles, 133 Nev. Adv. Op. 64 (September 14, 2017)" (2017). Nevada Supreme Court Summaries. 1078

Case law supports the admission of pertinent evidence for the Family Court to make a fair ruling. After several attempts during the most recent hearing to clarify these points to the Court to the best of my ability, the Court advised that if I felt that I was still correct in that these calls were in fact admissible, that I should file an appeal. I did not then, nor do I now, have the financial means to file independent action to prove my case in Civil Court or much less Appellate Court and the Court now has an opportunity to set this aside and listen to that evidence. Regardless, I can not even attempt to file said Appeal when the information on record for the hearing in the Minutes of the Court and the Final Judgement Order are grossly inaccurate. After enduring a ruling against me that I felt was unjust and not in accordance with the law, I was then prohibited from participating in getting an accurate Order, putting me at an even bigger disadvantage by **not allowing me my due process as set forth in the 14th Amendment of the United States Constitution**. I do not expect any special treatment due to being Pro Se, but I have taken the time to respect the Court by learning it's procedures and followed it to the best of my ability. I should, at the VERY LEAST, be allowed to participate in my case, especially regarding something as important as a Final Judgement Order.

Additionally, during the Evidentiary Hearing on April 2021 to obtain this Final Judgement Order, the choreography of the Trial was highly confusing. Court procedures to direct and cross examine were not followed in the proper order, thus making it even more difficult for me to obtain a Judgement in my favor, due to my confusion of the unusual procedural order. I misunderstood the Court in regards to my questioning towards Plaintiff, so I was not able to ask questions that would be considered Direct Examination. When I did have the opportunity to question her, I only used questions that were consistent with those asked in Cross Examination. I was waiting for the opportunity to Direct Examine Plaintiff after I had been Cross Examined, but then the Court instead proceeded with its ruling,

When I attempted to submit evidence, the Court continuously discouraged said evidence stating it was not a defense of payment, when I was attempting to show the Court her contradictory testimony. She stated that there was cooperation in the sale of the speech, even though I provided emails that showed otherwise. The Court then tried to shift my focus to defense of payment when my strategy was to prove that Plaintiff was not a credible witness and has been defrauding myself and the Court from the start of the divorce proceedings, and thus, isn't entitled to anything. I also had evidence that contradicted the amount that she says she received from the speech that I wasn't able to present because I felt rushed by the Court. The Court repeatedly told me that I wasn't making good use of my time, thus discouraging me to present any additional evidence. I understood the need for time management, but considering the hearing ended with 37 minutes left remaining of our allotted time, I believe I would have been able to present said evidence.

The right to a trial by a fair and impartial Judge is a right to all citizens and I do not feel that I was given the same treatment as Plaintiff. I believe that the Judge displayed a lack of impartiality that favored the Plaintiff by excusing her lack of knowledge of the law, when it is imperative that litigants both learn and follow the laws and rules of the Court for the Court system to function properly. It is also my belief that the Plaintiff has had undue influence on the Court Clerk and am suspicious this had a direct effect on the Court's delays. The Judge's and Clerk's impartiality is evidenced by a Google Review left by Plaintiff in June 2021 under the name ShowMeKitties, which boasts, "All the times I represented myself, Judge Richie explained things to me in a way I would understand, rather that talk down to me because I didn't

16

18 19

17

20 21

22

23 24

25

26 27 28

29

know "the law" as well." "Awesome Judge and a great clerk as well." (EXHIBIT 7) I find it highly unusual for a Court Clerk to be specifically mentioned publicly with admiration in a case, especially given the circumstances surrounding the Court's delays in the same month which directly led to the Court's improper acceptance of the Plaintiff's proposed Final Order. Title 28 U.S.C. § 455, contains a provision (§ 455 a) that calls for recusal of a Judge not only when he is biased against a party, but whenever a reasonable, disinterested observer would think he might be. Any reasonable observer reviewing the April 2021 and previous video hearings would agree that actual bias existed. Actual bias exists where a Judge can be shown to be so committed to a particular outcome that evidence and arguments presented will not alter that outcome. The Court would rather ignore legally recorded calls and believe that I willingly gave away my final asset and took the risk of that asset not selling for a certain amount, when I had already done months of work to get it to auction and intended to follow the court order and pay my judgement debt; then to believe with overwhelming evidence that Plaintiff interfered with the sale of said asset, stole it through manipulation, filed multiple fraudulent motions and then later lied to the Court about her unjust enrichment, and is now furthering enriching herself.

Fraud on the court occurs when the judicial machinery itself has been tainted and thus where the impartial functions of the court have been directly corrupted. Robinson v. Audi Aktiengesellschaft, 56 F.3d 1259, 1266 (10th Cir. 1995)

While finality of Judgment matters, no worthwhile interest is served in protecting Judgements obtained by misconduct. Plaintiff and her Counsel have attempted from the start to confuse the Court to get what they want. It is unreasonable that these repeated misconducts are simply honest mistakes due to the undeniable, consistent pattern of egregious misbehavior of the Plaintiff. The conduct at issue impedes the Court from performing in the usual manner it's impartial task of adjudging the case, thus impairing the fairness of the proceeding. The Court has a judicial responsibility and is equipped with equitable power to correct transgressions that occur before them, thus this Order should be set aside in its entirety under Rule 60(b)(a)(d) and to course correct and acknowledge what has been ignored over the last 6 years, that Plaintiff has now and in the past, been allowed by the Court to harm me and should not be

entitled to any more relief. It is unfair and an undue burden to pass the buck to the Appellate Court system when this Honorable Court has the proper jurisdiction to finally end this egregious behavior by the Plaintiff

After careful review of this reply and my Exhibits, if the Court still feels that this does not meet the standards for setting aside the Order in its entirety and also refuses to allow me an impartial Judge to present my admissible evidence, then at the very least, a hearing should be held to both fix the inaccuracies in the Minutes of the Court and review the footage of the video hearing for an accurate Final Order to begin an appeal process. It is important for the integrity of this Honorable Court to set precedence for other Family Court cases to not allow egregious fraud and misinformation to go unchecked. It is clear that Plaintiff and her Counsel are purposely manipulating the Court system to further enrich the Plaintiff and cause me undue harm, and its time now for the Court to be extra diligent in reviewing all the facts over the last 6 years to determine who is the one causing the delays in this Case, defrauding the Court, and wasting the Court's valuable time. Ultimately, it comes down to the fact that if Plaintiff had been truthful about the true nature of her ownership of the Obama Speech divorce asset at the onset of the divorce proceedings, at the May 2016 hearing and other hearings, or with her numbers or facts in ANY of her filings in the aftermath, I would not have had to waste time and money to continuously keep coming back to Court to correct her misinformation, nor lost my job and company funding due to the inordinate amount of time I've had to dedicate to these proceedings. Fraud and lies should not be rewarded.

For the reasons stated above, the Court should grant the pending motion.

DATED this 22nd day of July, 2021.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

hall

(Signature)

Robert Reynolds

(Print Name)

Defendant

29

	<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>
	I HEREBY CERTIFY that on 7/22/21, I served the above REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION
	TO SET ASIDE, pursuant to NRCP 5(b), by depositing a copy of the same in the United States Mail in
	Las Vegas, Nevada, postage prepaid, to the address listed below (insert names and mailing addresses of
	opposing parties' attorneys, or opposing parties directly if no attorneys):
	ESERVICE - Ryan Buchmiller
	ESERVICE- Susan Hayden
	(Insert date, signature, and name of person mailing document:)
	DATED this 22nd day of July, 2020.
	I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.
	Male
	(Signature)
	Robert Reynolds
١	(Print name)
l	

© 2014 Civil Law Self-Help Center Clark County, Nevada

### 1 **DECLARATION** 2 STATE OF NEVADA ) 3 COUNTY OF CLARK ) 4 Declarant, Robert Reynolds swears and affirms under penalty of perjury that the following 5 assertions are true and correct: 6 1. Declarant submits this Declaration in support of the Reply In Support of Opposition to 7 Motion to Set Aside, filed by Ryan Hamilton, the (check one box) Plaintiff/ Defendant/ X Other 8 (specify) Attorney in this case. 9 2. Declarant is competent to be a witness to the matters stated in this Declaration and could 10 and would testify to those matters in a court of law, under oath, subject to the penalty of perjury. 11 Declarant has personal knowledge of the facts and circumstances set forth below gained 12 through reviewing video of all court proceedings from May 2016 - April 21, 2021, studying case law, and 13 my personal experience and interactions with the individuals mentioned, except where specifically stated 14 upon information and belief. 15 4. Based upon Declarant's personal knowledge, Declarant states as follows: 16 1. That I have not now or in the past attempted to delay court proceedings. 17 2. That I have now and in the past acted in good faith 18 3. That Plaintiff and Counsel (possibly at her advice) have not now or in the past acted in good 19 faith. 20 4. That I am entitled to impartial due process under the 14th amendment. 21 5. That this order be set aside. 22 23 DATED this 22nd day of July, 2021. 24 I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct, per NRS 53.045. 25 26 27 (Signature) 28 Robert Reynolds 29 (Print name)

Page 12 of 12

REPLY (GENERIC) (Rev. 1, 03-31-2014)

Electronically Filed 7/22/2021 6:15 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

EXHS	Atumb. 6		
Name: Robert Reynolds			
Address: 8616 Honeysuckle Trail Austin, Tx 78727			
Telephone: 512-806-3300			
Email Address: robertwreynolds1@gmail.com			
In Proper Person			
	ICT COURT JUNTY, NEVADA		
Susan Hayden	CASE NO.: D-11-448466-D		
Plaintiff,	DEPT: H		
VS.	DATE OF HEADING August 2		
Robert Reynolds	DATE OF HEARING: August 3  TIME OF HEARING: 10am		
Defendant.	Third of the fidition.		
<u>EXHIBI</u>	T APPENDIX		
(your name) Robert Reynolds	, the (check one $\boxtimes$ ) $\square$ Plaintiff		
/ Defendant, submits the following exhibit	s in support of my (title of motion / opposition you		
	port of Motion to Set Aside . I understand that		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	in my case until formally admitted into evidence.		
	,		
Table of Contents:			
1. Email exchange for delay in my request f	or the minutes of the court		
2. Inaccurate minutes of the court for April 2	Inaccurate minutes of the court for April 2021 Hearing		
3. Email exchange for delay in request for t	Email exchange for delay in request for the video from the April 2021 hearing		
4. List of Inaccuracies by Plaintiff and Coun-	List of Inaccuracies by Plaintiff and Counsel		
5. UNLV BOYD SCHOOL OF LAW SUMMA	UNLV BOYD SCHOOL OF LAW SUMMARIES Interpretation of Ditech vs Buckles		
6. Appellate brief for admissibility of telepho	Appellate brief for admissibility of telephone calls in Nevada		
7. Plaintiff June 2021 Google review for Hor	7. Plaintiff June 2021 Google review for Honorable Judge T. Ritchie		
8			
9			
10.			

© 2017 Family Law Self-Help Center

Exhibit Appendix

11	
12.	
13.	
DATED (month)  Submitted By: (your s	(day) $22$ , $20$ $21$ .  Signature) $20$ Robert Reynolds
Submitted By. (your s	Robert Reynolds  our name)
CERTI	FICATE OF MAILING
I, (your name) Robert under the law of the State of Nevada that o	Reynolds declare under penalty of perjury on (month) (day) 22,
	depositing a copy in the U.S. Mail in the State of
Nevada, postage prepaid, addressed to:  Name of Person Served:  Address:	Susan Hayden E-Serve
City, State, Zip	
DATED (month)	(day) 22, 20 21
Submitted By: (your	D - l t D   -   -

EXHIBIT \_\_\_



### Requesting Minutes of the Court from Case # D-11-448466-D

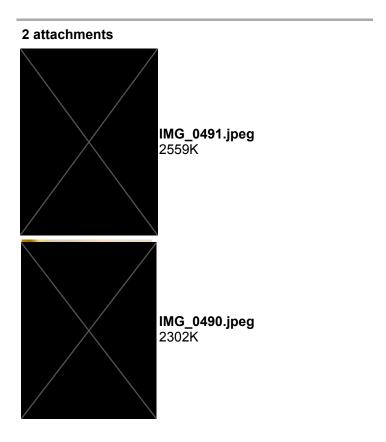
**Robert Reynolds** <robertwreynolds1@gmail.com>
To: "Request, Records" <recordsrequest@clarkcountycourts.us>

18 May 2021 at 22:21

Hi,

Please see attached ID to obtain the minutes from the court for Case:D-11-448466-D at the 4/15/21 hearing. Thank you for your hard work. I appreciate your assistance.

Robert Reynolds 512 806 3300





### Automatic reply: Requesting Minutes of the Court from Case # D-11-448466-D

**Request**, **Records** < RecordsRequest@clarkcountycourts.us> To: Robert Reynolds < robertwreynolds1@gmail.com>

18 May 2021 at 22:22

Your records request has been received and will be processed in the order received. All certification requests will be processed electronically per NRS 1.190(3) unless otherwise specified. A representative from our office will email once your order is ready with payment details\*\*\*Please note that due to COVID 19 this may take up to 7 business days\*\*\*

\*Please note that if you need an immediate hard copy certified court record, you may visit the District Court's Clerk's Office on the 3rd Floor of the Regional Justice Center, 200 Lewis Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89155, which is now providing in-person services Mondays through Thursdays, 1:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. and on Fridays from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. If you choose this option please reply to this email and cancel your electronic records request.



### Requesting Minutes of the Court from Case # D-11-448466-D

Robert Reynolds <robertwreynolds1@gmail.com>

To: "Request, Records" < records request@clarkcountycourts.us>

9 June 2021 at 22:33

I still have not received the minutes of the court I ordered on May 18,2021 and the plaintiffs lawyer submitted an inaccurate judgement order. When can I expect to receive the minutes so that I can review them and show the court that the final order is inaccurate.

Thank you,

Robert

[Quoted text hidden]



### 3RD request for Minutes of the court Case # D-11-448466-D

**Robert Reynolds** <a href="mailto:robertwreynolds1@gmail.com">robertwreynolds1@gmail.com</a>
To: "Request, Records" <a href="mailto:recordsrequest@clarkcountycourts.us">recordsrequest@clarkcountycourts.us</a>

16 June 2021 at 11:48

Hello,

This is now my third request for the minutes of the court as well as inquiring why I still have not received the minutes that I requested on May 18 for the April 15th hearing. I was sent an auto reply saying it would be 7 business days but is now approaching one month. Please advise as to when I can expect to receive them.

Respectfully,

Robert Reynolds

(512)806-3300 Please leave a voicemail if I am unavailable.



### (ID 8481422) Work Order Notification - [[WO#8481422]]

**Court Help Desk [Track-It!]** < CourtHelpDesk@clarkcountycourts.us > To: "robertwreynolds1@gmail.com" < robertwreynolds1@gmail.com >

17 June 2021 at 11:13

\*\*\*\*\* Reply to this email to append information to [[WO#8481422]] \*\*\*\*\*

#### Good morning,

Per my supervisor we did received your 1st and 2nd emails, unfortunately, these emails were not generated into our system for processing. When a records request is submitted and the customer adds "RE" on the subject line the system does not recognize the email to automatically assigned a work order number. Since, no work order numbers were assigned to these emails, therefore, the emails were not assigned to a clerk for processing.

Now on your 3rd request the "RE" was removed and replaced with "3RD" in which the system recognized and automatically assigned a work order #8481422. Once the work order is created, the work gets assigned to a clerk for processing.

Please contact the Evidence Vault at (702) 455-2597 for a copy of the worksheet as stated in the minutes.

Thank you.

Work Order#: 8481422

Summary: 3RD request for Minutes of the court Case # D-11-448466-D

Assigned Technician: Ramos, Ingrid

Computer Name:

Technician Notes:

### Description:

Wednesday, June 16, 2021 9:48:26 AM by EmailRequestManagement Work Order created via E-mail Monitor Policy: Records Request

From: robertwreynolds1@gmail.com

To: RecordsRequest@clarkcountycourts.us

CC:

Subject: 3RD request for Minutes of the court Case # D-11-448466-D

Information submitted 6/16/2021 9:48:26 AM by Robert Reynolds :

-----

### **DISTRICT COURT**

### **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

Divorce - Complaint	COURT MINUTES	April 15, 2021
D-11-448466-D	Susan Victoria Reynolds, Plaintiff	
	VS.	
	Robert William Reynolds, Defendant.	

April 15, 2021 9:00 AM Evidentiary Hearing

**HEARD BY:** Ritchie, T. Arthur, Jr. COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03G

**COURT CLERK:** Jefferyann Rouse

**PARTIES:** 

Robert Reynolds, Defendant, Counter

Claimant, present

Susan Reynolds, Plaintiff, Counter Defendant, Ryan Hamilton, Attorney, present

present

#### **JOURNAL ENTRIES**

#### - EVIDENTIARY HEARING

Due to Governor Sisolak's Stay Home for Nevada, directive Plaintiff appeared with her Attorney of Record Ryan Hamilton. Defendant was present with Attorney John Buchmiller whom appeared on behalf of Attorney Israel Kunin.

Upon the matter being called, opening remarks were heard by Attorney Hamilton as to outstanding issues related to the \$25,000.00, that was paid for President Baraca Obama's speech. Counsel stated Plaintiff is requested to be awarded \$5,000.00 for the speech and the amount be reduced to judgement.

Rebuttal remarks by Attorney Buchmiller as to Defendant's request for a credit in the amount of \$25,000.00

PRINT DATE:	06/16/2021	Page 40 of 41	Minutes Date:	November 01, 2011

Notice: Journal entries are prepared by the courtroom clerk and are not the official record of the Court.

Parties SWORN and TESTIFIED. (testimony and exhibits presented) see attached worksheet.

The Court noted concerns as to specific allegations. The Court further noted there was no contract signed or present.

Closing arguments presented.

### THE COURT ORDERED,

Attorney Hamilton shall PREPARE the ORDER of the Court and include the MATHEMATICAL CALCULATIONS into the Court ORDERED. If Defendant feels the COURT ERRORED Defendant shall have the RIGHT to APPEAL the COURTS ORDER.

### **INTERIM CONDITIONS:**

#### **FUTURE HEARINGS:**

PRINT DATE:	06/16/2021	Page 41 of 41	Minutes Date:	November 01, 2011

Notice: Journal entries are prepared by the courtroom clerk and are not the official record of the Court.



### Video request Reynolds vs Hayden 4/15/21

**Video Requests, Attorney** <videoa@clarkcountycourts.us>
To: Robert Reynolds <robertwreynolds1@gmail.com>

11 June 2021 at 08:50

Thank you for the information.

I found the last video saved in another folder.

I mailed the memory stick to you yesterday afternoon.

[Quoted text hidden]

Date Filed	Motion/ Plaintiff Statements /Defendant's Notes	Relief sought
May 2020	Order To Show Cause  Plaintiff States  - "Robert Reynolds has failed to make ANY kind of payment despite Stipulated Divorce Decree"  - "Robert Reynolds has not made any payments since June 12, 2012"  - "Robert has not followed through with our Divorce Decree for 8 years"  Defendant Notes  Plaintiff blackmailed me to not show up to Court so she could get default judgment for the full amount.  See Evidence Exhibits W, X, Y, Z Submitted at April 2021 Hearing  Emails detailing blackmail to not bring up the Obama speech agreement in Court.	\$1,000,000 (1 MILLION)  (Full Stipulated Divorce Decree Judgment) + \$600,000 in Additional Fees  Total: \$1,600,000 (1.6 MILLION)
Oct 2020	Motion for Clarification of the Divorce Decree  Plaintiff States - "Total Robert has paid to date: \$361,713.28"  Defendant Notes  Plaintiff was made aware that bank records don't exist after 8 years, so she then added \$57,190.45 of Interest from June 2012 to May 2016 that was never mentioned at the May 2016 hearing.	\$722,059. <b>7</b> 2
Nov 2020	Plaintiff States  - "The Defendant failed to make the first monthly payment on July 2012"  - "Plaintiff request that Defendant be charged \$500 for each act of contempt against the Stipulated Divorce Decree"  Judge Ritchie Comments at Nov 2020 Hearing (12:11) "She's asked for a judgment materially different than what she asked for in her fillings."  Defendant Notes  The schedule of arrears in this reply attempts to show pre-payments by me as missed payments and Plaintiff further requests contempt charges. The non-payment only arose from her own behavior of not allowing me to sell the speech to pay the judgment debt, as it was my last remaining asset. Attempting to further enrich herself and leading me to believe that the matter was settled through her acquiescence.	\$741,321.18 + \$31,000 in Contempt Fees Total: \$771,321.18
Jan 2021	Plaintiff Exhibit 9 - Schedule of Arrears from May 2, 2016 Judgment  Judge Ritchie Comments at April 2021 Hearing (video #1) (24:14) "Yeah right. I mean seriously, what is it? How could that be even considered by the court? There is no foundation for it and it talks about some 3.9 million dollars." (26:37) "they're substantially less than what you're claiming."	<b>\$3,814,356.11</b> (3.8 MILLION)
Jan 2021	Plaintiff Exhibit 10 - Schedule of Arrears from 06/1/2016 to Present	<b>\$2,613,810.41</b> (2.6 MILLION)
Feb 2021	Plaintiff States  - (Page 2 - Lines 20-21) "Although Susan does not believe that either party was really entitled to the speech as neither party owned it."  - (Page 3 - Line 4) "he still refused to pay"  - (Page 4 - Lines 11-13) "nor has he paid on the judgement. Further, he did not even make one good faith payment, or offer to pay a lower amount. He paid nothing."  Defendant Notes  These statements are contradictory to Plaintiff's own April 2021 testimony that her sale of the speech was going towards the amount owed on the judgement debt. If she indeed made this agreement and had knowledge of it, why would she file court paperwork not mentioning the supposed agreement to reduce the judgement debt? Choosing instead to word her filing to lead the Court to believe that no payment attempts had been made. Why would she omit the facts that I was the only legal owner through the final divorce decree and that she, by her own testimony, misrepresented her assets in the divorce settlement?	\$ <mark>616,873.95</mark>

Date Filed	Motion/ Plaintiff Statements /Defendant's Notes	Relief sought
Jun 2021	Final Judgement Order  Defendant Notes  Plaintiff's Counsel includes Interest even after the Court ordered a Judgment Order in Principal Sum ONLY. Even if the Court were to suggest that waiving interest does not apply to the previous judgment, because it should have been paid, the fact is that the judgement would have been paid if the speech sale had not been interfered with by Plaintiff. Additionally, if as Plaintiff stated in her testimony, that any sale of the speech would be deducted from the judgement debt, then the amount it sold for should have been deducted from that judgement and the interest would be much lower and still not reflect what is shown in the Final Order.	\$647,704.5 <mark>0</mark>

learing Date	Plaintiff's Testimony/Comments by Defendant	Time Stamp
	Attorney Michael Carman: "Um, this is a case where the direct actions of she and her family subsequent to the decree of divorce have affected his ability to pay directly. And then this Obama speech thing I understand, uh, you know, equitable remedies such as reformation are pretty extreme judge, but this is also a case where she's trying to hold him in contempt when he potentially has the key to pay her off with that speech. And it was represented that it was marketable. It was represented that it was lawfully obtained."  (In regards to her father's actions) "Uh, your honor, it's someone who acted in concert with her during the divorce case, who's acting in concert with her afterwards. And I do think that he is an agent of Ms. Reynolds when it comes to that speech."	
May 2016	Susan Hayden: "Um, I'm wanting to say that my father, not that it's really relevant. He did everything that he could to prove it. We had no reason to not want him to sell the speech. We didn't. Um, my father has text messages between him and Robert emails back and forth where Robert even says himself that I sent him the credentials I didn't need to, it wouldn't even say in the divorce decree that I needed to send him the credentials he called me and asked me."  Defendant Notes	6:16 - 10:53
	At the April 2021 hearing evidence was admitted as Exhibit E with an email from her father contesting my LEGAL ownership of the speech. He also stated that he had never cooperated in the sale of the speech, nor gave me access to his credentials, thus showing that Plaintiff was not telling the Court the truth about her actions and was only trying to enrich herself.	
	Judge Ritchie: "Uh, but you have to take a position under oath as to whether or not you made some sort of agreement to give him credit for some payments, for some speech that was sold. It's not part of the decree and you either are going to acknowledge that it was sold and you received the money and that should be a credit, or you're gonna take the position that you didn't have an agreement with him either way. The court needs to know that before we adjudicate. You haven't been paid your million dollars that was due plus the interest over the eight years, right?"	
	Susan Hayden: "Correct."  Judge Ritchie: "\$117,734 and change was adjudicated through May 2016. And that is more than four years ago now. And	
Sep 2020	you've alleged that he basically hasn't made any of the monthly payments since then. Are you sure?"  Susan Hayden: "Yes."	1:35-3:01
	<b>Judge Ritchie:</b> "You put in your papers that he's paid you nothing. And that you, then you just said that you're, the net amount that you got from the speech was \$6,000."	
	Susan Hayden: "Correct."	
	Defendant Notes  Plaintiff states under oath that she is still owed ONE MILLION DOLLARS plus interest and does not acknowledge the \$300,000 verbal agreement she claims to have made under oath at her April 2021 testimony. She is given several opportunities by the Court to tell the Court that there was a verbal agreement, BUT NEVER DOES.	

Date Filed	Motion/ Plaintiff Statements /Defendant's Notes	Relief sought
Apr 2021	Susan Hayden: "I was hoping for \$300,000. That is all I really wanted from it. We had agreed that our verbal agreement was contingent upon the fact that it would sell for at least \$300,000, then I would just never pursue him in Court again, but we would continue on with our verbal agreement because we were moving forward in our relationship of trust. Because we've known each other for so long, that we were going to trust each other and I was just never going to take him to Court again. A verbal agreement."  Defendant Notes  By her own testimony Plaintiff admits that she would not take me back to Court if the speech sold for more than \$300,000. I was not privy to what the speech sold for after she stole it and I never received a Court summons in 3 years. Therefore, it would be reasonable for me to assume that the speech sold for \$300,000 or more and that the matter was settled. Instead, she filed a motion stating I hadn't made a single payment and was seeking One Million Dollars, while holding me under the duress of blackmail to not show up to Court and defend myself. Additionally, Plaintiff lied in her motions using language that reflected fear of me and injected undue emotionalism into the proceeding to arouse sympathy on the part of the Courts by saying she was nervous and that I was taxing when all the while she was concealing the truth that she was the one hiding essential facts to the case and harassing and blackmailing me.	40m 24s
Apr 2021	Susan Hayden: "Robert sold it. He did all the stuff with Golden Auctions and he set all that stuff up and he just signed it over to me saying that he wanted me to trust him. So he signed it over and said I want you trust me. I lied to you for so long and here you go. I want us to have a good relationship."  Defendant Notes Plaintiff infringed on my labor of doing all the work to take the speech to auction and then proceeding to steal it and enrich herself with the promise of wiping my divorce debt.	33m 38s
Apr 2021	Susan Hayden:  "Goldin Auction gets 50 percent and I got the other 50 percent to split with my father's coworkers and I had told Robert I would take whatever I got off of what he owed me."  Defendant Notes  This is NOT what Plaintiff filed in her May 2020 motion, instead stating that no payments had been made. It's also not the position she took at the September 2020 hearing, when under oath, she denied an agreement was made. Additionally, she made the same comments as above in evidence she admitted at the April 2021 hearing as Exhibits W, X,Y, Z, which were emails from the weekend prior to the September 2020 hearing stating she was going to tell the Judge that she was going to credit the sale of the speech. She only offered it at the April 2021 to try and save face and to mislead the Court into thinking she was being gracious in her actions.	38m 31s
Apr 2021	Ryan Hamilton: "What was needed from you to authenticate the speech?"  Susan Hayden: "My father needed an affidavit and he needed an affidavit from the other 3 guys."  Defendant Notes In my opposition to her Order to Show Cause filed in April 2016, I wrote on (Page 5 - Lines 17-24) and (Page 6 - Lines 1-6) that I needed Susan's father and his coworkers to provide these affidavits and they would not. The Court dismissed this defense without prejudice at the May 2016 hearing. It is telling that the affidavits were only provided when Susan was in possession of the speech, but not when I was trying to sell the speech to pay the judgement debt to her.	39m 21s



### Scholarly Commons @ UNLV Boyd Law

Nevada Supreme Court Summaries

Law Journals

9-14-2017

## Ditech Financial, LLC vs. Buckles, 133 Nev. Adv. Op. 64 (September 14, 2017)

Landon Littlefield University of Nevada, Las Vegas -- William S. Boyd School of Law

Follow this and additional works at: https://scholars.law.unlv.edu/nvscs



Part of the Constitutional Law Commons

#### **Recommended Citation**

Littlefield, Landon, "Ditech Financial, LLC vs. Buckles, 133 Nev. Adv. Op. 64 (September 14, 2017)" (2017). Nevada Supreme Court Summaries. 1078.

https://scholars.law.unlv.edu/nvscs/1078

This Case Summary is brought to you by the Scholarly Commons @ UNLV Boyd Law, an institutional repository administered by the Wiener-Rogers Law Library at the William S. Boyd School of Law. For more information, please contact youngwoo.ban@unlv.edu.

Ditech Financial, LLC vs. Buckles, 133 Nev. Adv. Op. 64 (September 14, 2017)<sup>1</sup>

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW: Interception of Wire Communications

### **Summary**

In an en banc opinion, the Court determined that NRS 200.620<sup>2</sup> does not apply to telephone recordings made by a party outside of Nevada who uses equipment outside of Nevada to record a conversation with a person in Nevada without that person's consent.

### **Background**

This case arose out of a class action suit brought by Sanford Buckles against Ditech Financial LLC, a home mortgage services headquartered in Florida with calling centers in both Arizona and Minnesota. Buckles, a customer of Ditech and resident of Nevada, alleged in his complaint that Ditech violated NRS 200.620 by unlawfully recording conversations without his consent.

#### **Discussion**

NRS 200.620 does not apply to telephone conversations intercepted out of state

The core of Ditech's argument is that NRS 200.620 does not apply because the "interception" took place outside of Nevada. NRS 179.430 defines "[i]ntercept" as "the aural acquisition of the contents of any wire, electronic or oral communication through the use of any electronic, mechanical or other device or of any sending or receiving equipment" On the other hand, Buckles argued that the statute applies because there are no location-based limitations in the statute and Ditech's conduct caused harm in Nevada.

The Court held that NRS 200.620 does not apply when the interception takes place outside of Nevada. Rather, "[i]nterceptions and recordings occur where made." Whether the recordings of Buckles and other class members is not determined by Nevada law, which is where the calls were received. Instead, whether the recordings were lawful is determined under Arizona and Minnesota law, the places where the calls were intercepted and recorded.

#### Conclusion

Ultimately, NRS 200.620 is inapplicable to the recording of interstate calls, between a person and Nevada and out-of-state caller, when the recording takes place outside of Nevada.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> By Landon Littlefield

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> NRS 200.620 prohibits the interception and attempted interception of wire communication.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Kadoranian v. Bellingham Police Dep't, 829, P.2d 1061, 1065 (Wash. 1992)

# APPELLATE BRIEFS

By: Paul Georgeson, McDonald Carano Wilson, LLP

### TAPING PHOHE CALLS

ost Nevada attorneys are at least generally aware ▲of the Nevada law that prohibits a person from recording a telephone call without consent of the other party to the call. In fact, many have had uncomfortable conversations with clients explaining that they weren't allowed to secretly record the telephone call that they want to use in their case. In the recent case of Ditech Financial LLC, f/k/a Green Tree Servicing, LLC v. Sanford Buckles, 133 Nevada Adv. Op. 64(Sept. 14, 2017), the Nevada Supreme Court was faced with the question of whether the prohibition against recording phone calls without consent applies if the recording was made by someone outside Nevada who uses recording equipment that is also located outside of the state.

In Ditech, Sanford Buckles, a Nevada resident, sued Ditech in federal court in Nevada. Buckles alleged that Ditech, which was headquartered in Minnesota, with call centers in Arizona and Minnesota, recorded his phone calls without his consent. He argued that secret recording of his calls violated NRS 200.620, and sought damages under the statute's private right of action provisions. Ditech responded by filing a motion to dismiss. In its motion, Ditech argued, first, that NRS 200.620 does not apply to telephone calls recorded by persons located outside of the state on equipment that is also located outside of Nevada. Second, Ditech argued that if the statute were to apply to such situations, the statute would violate the United States Constitution's Due Process Clause and Dormant Commerce Clause. In reviewing the motion, the federal court determined that the outcome of Ditech's motion hinged upon whether or not NRS 200.620 applies to recordings made outside of the state on equipment located outside of the state. Seeking guidance on that issue, the federal court certified the question to the Nevada Supreme Court pursuant to NRAP 5. The fundamental question presented to the Nevada Supreme Court upon certification was whether NRS 200.620 applies to recordings of telephone conversations with a person in Nevada without that person's consent, when the person recording the conversation, and the equipment recording the conversation, are not located in Nevada.

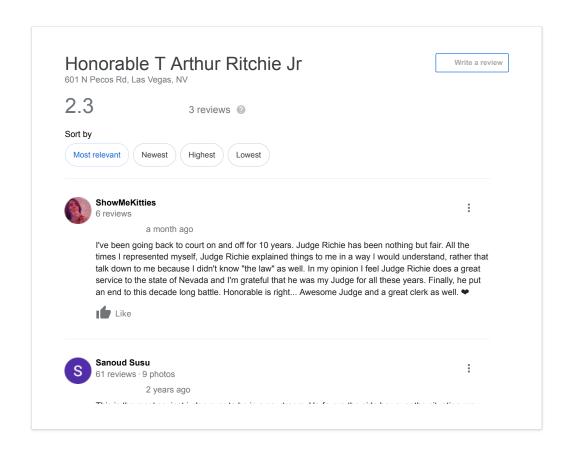
By its express terms, NRS 200.620 does not specifically prohibit the secret recording of telephone calls. Instead, it is a "wiretap" statute. Specifically, the relevant provisions of the statute provide that "it is unlawful for any person to intercept or attempt to intercept any wire communication unless the interception or attempted interception is made with the prior consent of one of the parties to the communication." NRS 600.620(1)(a). However, in prior cases, the Supreme Court determined that the tape recording of telephone conversations constitutes the "intercept" of those conversations. Therefore, the Court determined that NRS 200.620 prohibits the taping of telephone conversations with the consent of only one party. See, e.g. Lane v. Allstate Ins. Co., 114 Nev. 1176, 1179, 969 P.2d 938, 940 (1998).

On appeal, Ditech argued that the statute could not apply, because the allegedly prohibited conduct, the interception, took place outside of Nevada. Buckles argued, however, that because he was in Nevada, and because the harm occurred to him in Nevada, the statute did apply.

In reviewing the arguments, the court looked to the prior Supreme Court case of *Mclellan v. State*, 124 Nev. 263,

182 P.3d 106 (2008), for guidance. In that case, the Court addressed whether an out-of-state recording of a conversation with a person in Nevada made without that person's consent could be admitted as evidence at their criminal trial. There, the "interception," i.e., the recording, took place in California. In Mclellan, which focused solely on the issue of admissibility, the Court concluded that the recording was permissible in California. Therefore, because the recording was permissible at the location where the recording occurred, it was admissible in a Nevada criminal trial, even though the manner of interception would have violated Nevada law "had the interception taken place in Nevada." In the present case, the Supreme Court followed that line of reasoning. Citing two cases from Washington, the Court adopted a standard that "interceptions and recordings occur where made." Consistent with that reasoning, the Court concluded that the conversations were intercepted and recorded in Arizona and Minnesota, the location of Ditech's call centers, not in Nevada. Therefore, because the interceptions and recordings did not take place in Nevada, they did not violate NRS 200.620. Specifically, the Court determinatively answered the question by concluding that NRS 200.620 does not apply to recordings of telephone conversations with a person in Nevada without that person's consent, when the recordings are made by a party who is located outside of the state of Nevada and who uses recording equipment that is located outside of Nevada.

Paul Georgeson is a partner at McDonald Carano and practices primarily in the areas of commercial litigation, construction law, and appellate law. He is a member of the firm's Appellate Practice Group and regularly bandles appeals and writ proceedings in state and federal courts.





1 **ORDR** 2 3 4 **DISTRICT COURT** 5 **FAMILY DIVISION** 6 7 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 8 9 10 SUSAN REYNOLDS, 11 Plaintiff, CASE NO. D-11-448466-D 12 DEPT. NO. "H" 13 VS. 14 ROBERT REYNOLDS, **DECISION AND ORDER** 15 Defendant. 16 17 18 Date of Hearing: NA Time of Hearing: NA19 This decision and order concerns Robert Reynolds' motion to set aside the 20 Order that was filed on June 8 2021, following the April 15, 2021, evidentiary 21 hearing. The motion to set aside was filed on June 9, 2021. A Notice of Hearing 22 23 was filed on June 22, 2021, setting the motion for hearing on August 3, 2021, at 24 10 a.m. The court reviewed the motion, the opposition, and the reply to 25 opposition prior to the hearing. The court made findings and conclusions on the 26

27

28 T ARTHUR RITCHIE, JR DISTRICT JUDGE

FAMILY DIVISION, DEPT H LAS VEGAS, NV 89155

1

Statistically closed: USJR-FAM-Set/Withdrawn W/O Judicial Conf/Hearing Close Case (UWOJC)

record at the hearing on April 15, 2021, and the Order filed on June 8, 2021, accurately reflects the court's decision. The court concludes that the motion to set aside lacks merit and should be denied. If Mr. Reynolds believes that the judgment is not supported by sufficient proof, or that the court made errors, the matter can be appealed. Robert Reynolds' motion was reviewed pursuant to EDCR 2.23 (c), which provides, in part:

(c) The judge may consider the motion on the merits at any time with or without oral argument, and grant or deny it.

Therefore,

**IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** that Robert Reynolds' motion to set aside the Order filed on June 9, 2021, is denied.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that the hearing scheduled for August 3, 2021, at 10a.m. is vacated.

Dated this 30th day of July, 2021

3C9 685 BAE1 E623 T. Arthur Ritchie District Court Judge

1	CSEDV				
2	CSERV				
3		ISTRICT COURT K COUNTY, NEVADA			
4					
5					
6	Susan Victoria Reynolds, Plaintiff	CASE NO: D-11-448466-D			
7		DEPT. NO. Department H			
8	VS.				
9	Robert William Reynolds, Defendant.				
10					
11	AUTOMATED	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE			
12					
13	This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all				
14	recipients registered for e-Service on th	ne above entitled case as listed below:			
15	Service Date: 7/30/2021				
16	"Michael P. Carman, Esq.".	mcarman@mpclawoffice.com			
17	Ryan Hamilton	ryan@hamlegal.com			
18	Susan Hayden	dirtyjeepgirl@yahoo.com			
19	Robert Reynolds	robertwreynolds1@gmail.com			
20	Ashley Burkett	ashley@buchmillerlaw.com			
22	Daniel Tully	daniel@hamlegal.com			
23	Bailey Donnell	bailey@buchmillerlaw.com			
24	Christen Earle	christen@buchmillerlaw.com			
25		<u> </u>			
26	Kelly Terrell	kelly@buchmillerlaw.com			
27					
28					

Electronically Filed
7/30/2021 8:36 AM
Steven D. Grierson
CLERK OF THE COURT

# DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

\*\*\*

SUSAN VICTORIA REYNOLDS, PLAINTIFF VS. ROBERT WILLIAM REYNOLDS, DEFENDANT.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

CASE NO.: D-11-448466-D DEPARTMENT H

### NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER

### TO: ALL PARTIES AND/OR THEIR ATTORNEYS

Please take notice that an Order was prepared by the court. A copy of the Order

is attached hereto, and the following is a true and correct copy thereof.

I hereby certify that on or about the file stamp date the foregoing Notice of Entry of Order was:

E-served pursuant to NEFCR 9 or mailed to proper person litigants, via first class mail, postage fully prepaid to:

Ryan Hamilton Hamilton Law 5125 S Durango DR STE C Las Vegas, NV 89113 Robert William Reynolds 8616 Honey Suckle TRL Austin, TX 78727

PLAINTIFF

DEFENDANT

/s/ Kim Jones Kim Jones Judicial Executive Assistant Department H

T ARTHUR RITCHIE, JR. DISTRICT JUDGE FAMILY DIVISION, DEPT H LAS VEGAS, NV 89155

Ì

Electronically Filed 07/30/2021 8:10 AM CLERK OF THE COURT

CASE NO. D-11-448466-D

ORDR

2

4

5

7

8

10

SUSAN REYNOLDS,

Plaintiff,

Defendant.

11

13

14

16

17

18

19

21

22

24

26

27

T ARTHUR RITCHIE, JII DISTRICT JUDGE FAMILY DIVISION, DEPT H LAS VEGAS, NV 89155 DISTRICT COURT
FAMILY DIVISION
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

1	DEPT. NO. "H"
1	
).	DECISION AND ORDER
	) )

Date of Hearing: N\A Time of Hearing: N\A

This decision and order concerns Robert Reynolds' motion to set aside the Order that was filed on June 8 2021, following the April 15, 2021, evidentiary hearing. The motion to set aside was filed on June 9, 2021. A Notice of Hearing was filed on June 22, 2021, setting the motion for hearing on August 3, 2021, at 10 a.m. The court reviewed the motion, the opposition, and the reply to opposition prior to the hearing. The court made findings and conclusions on the

1

Statistically closed: USJR-FAM-Set/Withdrawn W/O Judicial Conf/Hearing Close Case (UWOJC)

record at the hearing on April 15, 2021, and the Order filed on June 8, 2021, accurately reflects the court's decision. The court concludes that the motion to set aside lacks merit and should be denied. If Mr. Reynolds believes that the judgment is not supported by sufficient proof, or that the court made errors, the matter can be appealed. Robert Reynolds' motion was reviewed pursuant to EDCR 2.23 (c), which provides, in part:

(c) The judge may consider the motion on the merits at any time with or without oral argument, and grant or deny it.

Therefore,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Robert Reynolds' motion to set aside the Order filed on June 9, 2021, is denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the hearing scheduled for August 3, 2021, at 10a.m. is vacated.

Dated this 30th day of July, 2021

3C9 685 BAE1 E623 T. Arthur Ritchie District Court Judge

T ARTHUR RITCHIE, JR
DISTRICT JUDGE
FAMILY DIVISION, DEPT 14LAS VEGAS, NV 89155

#### CSERV DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 Susan Victoria Reynolds, CASE NO: D-11-448466-D 6 Plaintiff DEPT. NO. Department 11 Robert William Reynolds, $\dot{q}$ Defendant. 10 11 AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 12 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District 13 Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below: 14 Service Date: 7/30/2021 15 16 "Michael P. Carman, Esq." mcarman@mpclawoffice.com 17 Ryan Hamilton ryan@hamlegal.com 18 Susan Hayden dirtyjeepgirl@yahoo.com 19 Robert Reynolds robertwreynolds1@gmail.com 20 Ashley Burkett ashley@buchmillerlaw.com 21 Daniel Tully daniel@hamlegal.com 22 Bailey Donnell bailey@buchmillerlaw.com 23 24 Christen Earle christen@buchmillerlaw.com 25 Kelly Terrell kelly@buchmillerlaw.com 26

27

28

**Electronically Filed** Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

8/30/2021 11:45 AM 1 **NOAS** LAW OFFICES OF F. PETER JAMES, ESQ. F. Peter James, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10091 3821 West Charleston Boulevard, Suite 250 Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 Service@PeterJamesLaw.com 702-256-0087 702-256-0145 (fax) Counsel for Defendant 6 DISTRICT COURT, FAMILY DIVISION **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 7 8 SUSAN VICTORIA REYNOLDS, CASE NO. : D-11-448466-D DEPT. NO.: H 9 Plaintiff, NOTICE OF APPEAL 10 VS. 11 ROBERT WILLIAM REYNOLDS, 12 Defendant. 13 14 Notice is hereby given that Defendant, Robert Reynolds, by and through 15 his counsel, F. Peter James, Esq., hereby appeals to the Supreme Court of Nevada 16 from the Order entered on July 30, 2021. Dated this 30<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2021 /s/ F. Peter James 17 18 LAW OFFICES OF F. PETER JAMES F. Peter James, Esq. 19 Nevada Bar No. 10091 3821 W. Charleston Blvd., Suite 250 20 Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 Counsel for Defendant 1 of 2

Case Number: D-11-448466-D

### 1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** I certify that on this 30th day of August, 2021, I caused the above and 2 foregoing document entitled **NOTICE OF APPEAL** to be served as follows: 3 4 [X]pursuant to EDCR 8.05(A), EDCR 8.05(F), NRCP 5(b)(2)(D) and Administrative Order 14-2 captioned "In the Administrative 5 Matter of Mandatory Electronic Service in the Eighth Judicial District Court," by mandatory electronic service through the 6 Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system; 7 [ ] by placing same to be deposited for mailing in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was 8 prepaid in Las Vegas, Nevada; 9 to the attorney(s) / party(ies) listed below at the address(es), email address(es), 10 and/or facsimile number(s) indicated below: 11 Ryan A. Hamilton, Esq. 5125 South Durango Drive C Las Vegas, Nevada 89113 12 702-818-1818 13 ryan@hamlegal.com Counsel for Plaintiff 14 /s/ F. Peter James By: 15 An employee of the Law Offices of F. Peter James, Esq., PLLC 16 17 18 19 20