

**IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA**

SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
COMPANY, LLC; SJC VENTURES  
HOLDING COMPANY, LLC, d/b/a  
SJC VENTURES, LLC,

Petitioners,

v.

THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT  
COURT OF THE STATE OF  
NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE  
COUNTY OF CLARK, AND THE  
HONORABLE ELIZABETH  
GONAZLEZ, DISTRICT JUDGE

Respondents,

CBC PARTNERS I, LLC; CBC  
PARTNERS, LLC; 5148 SPANISH  
HEIGHTS, LLC; KENNETH ANTOS  
AND SHEILA NEUMANN-ANTOS;;  
DACIA, LLC,

Real Parties In Interest.

Supreme Court Case No. 20-81343-AB  
Electronically Filed  
Sep 21 2021 02:39 p.m.  
Elizabeth A. Brown  
Clerk of Supreme Court

**EMERGENCY MOTION UNDER  
NRAP 27(e)**

**FOR STAY OF ORDER ON  
INJUNCTIVE RELIEF RELATED  
TO FORECLOSURE OF THE  
PROPERTY AT ISSUE  
AND  
ORDER APPOINTING RECEIVER  
OVER SJC VENTURES HOLDING  
COMPANY, LLC**

**RELIEF REQUESTED BY  
OCTOBER 4, 2021**

**ORIGINAL PETITION**

From the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County  
The Honorable Elizabeth Gonzalez, District Judge

JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ.  
Nevada Bar No. 9046  
DANIELLE J. BARRAZA, ESQ.  
Nevada Bar No. 13822  
**MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES**  
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*Attorneys for Petitioners*

COMES NOW Petitioners Spanish Heights Acquisition Company (“SHAC”) and SJC Ventures Holding Company, LLC, d/b/a/ SJC Ventures, LLC, (“SJC Ventures”), by and through their attorneys of record, and hereby submit their request for a stay maintaining the status quo and enjoining both (1) the foreclosure of the subject Property, and (2) the receiver’s efforts to obtain financial information about SJC Ventures and other companies pending a decision on Petitioner’s petition for writ of mandamus or prohibition.

## **MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

### **I. INTRODUCTION**

This case involves a residential home at risk of foreclosure as a result of (1) the district court not entering an injunction fully preventing foreclosure; and (2) the district court placing the property at issue into a receivership even though the homeowner has not missed any payments, has sufficient funds to make all future payments and the district court’s findings of facts and conclusions of law contain none of the findings that Nevada law requires to impose a receivership.

The property owner, SHAC, is also currently a bankruptcy-debtor. In Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order, entered on April 6, 2021, the district court only extended a temporary restraining order “pending further order of the Bankruptcy Court.” This was an error, and now that the Bankruptcy Court has recently lifted the stay of litigation, the property is at risk of foreclosure.

The Bankruptcy Court held that continuing with the trial in district court violated that automatic stay of litigation, and granted an order of sanctions against CBC Partners I, LLC and 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC (“Defendants”).

The Petitioners ask this Court to immediately stay the April 6, 2021 FFCL which did not fully grant injunctive relief as requested regarding potential foreclosure of the Property, as well as the August 10, 2021 receivership order.

## **II. FACTUAL SUMMARY**

SHAC owns the property pursuant to a recorded deed, and leases it to SJC Ventures pursuant to a valid lease agreement. Jay Bloom, manager of SJC Ventures, uses the Property as his primary residence where he lives with his family, including his elderly (octogenarian) in-laws and three rescue dogs. Defendants claim to hold an interest in the Property through a contested third-position Deed of Trust.

On April 6, 2021, following a preliminary injunction evidentiary hearing and bench “trial” despite the parties requesting a jury trial, the district court issued its FFCL, which did not grant injunctive relief outright but instead only extended the restraining order preventing Defendants from foreclosing on the Property “pending further order from the Bankruptcy Court,” and made certain findings involving interpretation of various contractual agreements executed by the parties. **Exhibit 1.**

This was an error, as counsel for Defendants specifically argued that he is “trying to get a straight line to foreclose,” and that the bankruptcy debtor SHAC is

only protected from foreclosure “because the bankruptcy stay is in place.” **Exhibit 2.** Pursuant to Defendants’ counsel, once the stay is lifted “I’ll have that ability to go forward [with foreclosure].” *Id.*

The Bankruptcy Court has determined that the Defendants violated the bankruptcy stay by moving forward with the “trial” on February 3, 2021 and March 15, 2021. *See Exhibit 3.* Further, SJC Ventures has already made rent payments to SHAC in advance all the way through December 2024. *See Exhibit 4.*

The Bankruptcy Court lifted the stay of litigation on July 27, 2021, which has created an imminent danger with respect to Defendants attempting to non-judicially foreclose on the Property at issue. **Exhibit 5.**

Defendants tried to get around violating the bankruptcy stay again by filing a motion seeking the appointment of a non-neutral receiver for SJC Ventures. That motion was based on portions of the Court’s 4/6/2021 FFCL which are void. That motion was also based on misrepresentations that Defendants made claiming that Judge Denton had found Jay Bloom to be the alter ego of SJC Ventures in the case styled as *TGC/Farkas Funding, LLC v. First 100, LLC et al*, Case No. A-20-822273-C (the “TGC/Farkas Matter”). **Ex. 6.** Judge Denton made no such finding.

The district court erroneously relied on Defendants’ misrepresentations, together with the void FFCL in its void Order, in granting the motion for receiver without a hearing. *See Exhibit 7, Order Appointing Receiver.*



The TGC/Farkas Matter relates only to First 100, LLC – not SJC Ventures. No analysis whatsoever was made as to SJC Ventures’ financial status in the TGC/Farkas Matter. And the TGC/Farkas Matter does not even involve a receiver at all. *See Exhibit 8*, TGC/Farkas Matter FFCL.

Petitioners are concurrently filing a writ petition with respect to both the FFCL and the order appointing Larry Bertsch as a receiver over SJC Ventures. Pending the outcome of that writ, this Court should stay these proceedings and execution of the order appointing receiver, as the likelihood of SJC Ventures’ business being wrongfully interfered with and obstructed by the already adjudicated non-neutral receiver Larry Bertsch is high, damages can toll into the billions of dollars, and there is no risk of harm to the Defendants should this Court issue a stay pending decision of the Writ and/or appeal.

Petitioners have sought stay relief through the district court, but that was denied on August 16, 2021.

### **III. LEGAL STANDARD**

NRAP 8(a)(1) provides: A party must ordinarily move first in the district court for the following relief:

(A) a stay of the judgment or order of, or proceedings in, a district court pending appeal or resolution of a petition to the Supreme Court or Court of Appeals for an extraordinary writ;

In deciding whether to issue a stay, this Court considers the following factors:

1) Whether the object of the appeal or writ petition will be defeated if the stay is denied; 2) Whether appellant/petitioner will suffer irreparable or serious injury if the stay is denied; 3) Whether respondent/real party in interest will suffer irreparable or serious injury if the stay is granted; and 4) Whether appellant/petitioner is likely to prevail on the merits in the appeal or writ petition. NRAP 8(c); *Fritz Hansen A/A v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Ct.* 116 Nev. 650, 6 P.3d 982 (2000).

#### **IV. LEGAL ARGUMENT**

##### **A. OBJECT OF THE WRIT WILL BE DEFEATED IF STAY IS DENIED**

The loss of a family residence is at stake. It is highly likely that Defendants will sell the Property to a third-party purchaser with no knowledge of the ongoing dispute regarding the title to the Property. If title to the Property is transferred, the object of the appeal — determining whether there actually is a valid third-position Deed of Trust allowing foreclosure at all, would be defeated.

Further, if the non-neutral Larry Bertsch is permitted to act as a receiver over SJC Ventures, then the writ's purpose, which is to prevent a wrongful foreclosure and overturn the order appointing receiver before any irreparable damage is done to SJC Ventures' finances and assets, would be defeated.

SJC Ventures should not be forced to turn over private and confidential financial information as to its finances, assets, and holdings to Larry Bertsch, nor have him interfere in SJC Venture's pending time-sensitive business relationships

before this Court has determined if the order appointing receiver should be upheld. The object of the writ will be defeated if Larry Bertsch is permitted to act as a receiver in the interim while a decision is pending on SJC Ventures' writ petition.

**B. SJC VENTURES, LLC WILL SUFFER IRREPARABLE OR SERIOUS HARM IF THE STAY IS NOT GRANTED**

Although irreparable or serious harm remains part of the stay analysis, this factor will not generally play a significant role in the decision whether to issue a stay. *See, Mikohn Gaming Corp. v. McCrea*, 120 Nev. 248, 253 (2004). The Nevada Supreme Court has held that “[g]enerally harm is 'irreparable' if it cannot adequately be remedied by compensatory damages.” *Hamm v. Arrowcreek Homeowners' Assn*, 124 Nev. 290, 297, 183 P.3d 895, 901 (2008) (citing *Univ. Sys. v. Nevadans for Sound Gov't*, 120 Nev. 712, 721, 100P.3d 179, 187 (2004)).

In Nevada, real property implicates a broad range of potential rights, including “all rights inherent in ownership”, the “right to possess, use and enjoy the property,” and security in and title to the property. *Hamm*, 124 Nev. at 298; *McCarran Intl Airport v. Sisolak*, 122 Nev 645, 658, 137 P.3d 1110, 1119 (2006). Thus, real property and its attributes are considered unique and the loss thereof results in irreparable harm. *Dixon v. Thatcher*, 103 Nev. 414, 416, 742 P.2d 1029, 1030 (1987), *see also Nevada Escrow Service, Inc. v. Crockett*, 91 Nev. 201, 533 P.2d 471 (1975) (Denial of injunction to stop foreclosure reversed because legal remedy

inadequate); *Pickett v. Comanche Const., Inc.*, 108 Nev 422, 426, 836, P.2d 42, 44 (1992) ("We conclude that if Comanche were allowed to sell the lien properties, the homeowners would be subjected to irreparable harm and that compensatory damages would be inadequate."). Any conduct impeding the marketability and transferability of property free from defects in title is an affront to Nevada public policy. *See* NRS 111.860(1) (codifying Nevada's interest in the transfer of real property free of defect). Petitioners will be irreparably harmed by Defendants' transfer of title to the Property.

Petitioners will suffer immediate irreparable harm, and not merely threatened, as Defendants intend to sell the Property. Accordingly, a stay pending appeal is particularly appropriate where, as here, the harm that will be inflicted on Petitioners in the absence of such relief is effectively irreversible. In order to preserve the status quo and prevent irreparable harm, this Court should issue a stay pending appeal to enjoin Defendants from selling the Property.

Further, it should be noted that SJC Ventures provides oversight over ostensibly billions of dollars in property. *See Exhibit 9*, Declaration of Jay Bloom. If Larry Bertsch – who was found to have acted inappropriately in a previous matter that Jay Bloom was involved in – is allowed to interfere with SJC Ventures' finances, assets, and holdings, then the damage will be irreparable. The fact that Defendants were only ordered to post a \$500 bond is grossly insufficient and does not provide

any genuine protections to SJC Ventures in the likely event Mr. Bertsch wrongfully interferes with and abuses SJC Ventures' assets and holdings and relationships.

SJC Ventures also has reason to believe that receiver Larry Bertsch has an interest in interfering with contract negotiations, sales, applications and litigation in fields he is unqualified, which would lead to billions of dollars in anticipated loss. This is why relief is being requested by October 4, 2021, as SJC Ventures has pending business deals and arrangements that will suffer from Mr. Bertsch's wrongful interference if he remains the receiver beyond October 4, 2021. Mr. Bertsch has already made demands that SJC Ventures produce all of its bank statements "immediately." **Exhibit 10**, 8/16/2021 Email.

**C. THERE IS NO HARM TO DEFENDANTS IF A STAY IS IMPLEMENTED**

Defendants will suffer no applicable prejudice by the issuance of a stay. There was no harm to begin with, as SJC Ventures has made rent payments to SHAC in advance all the way through December 2024. Ex. 4. There was also no evidence that SJC Ventures is insolvent or incapable of satisfying any potential judgment in this case. Defendants will not be damaged by the status quo remaining in place.

**D. SJC VENTURES, LLC IS LIKELY TO PREVAIL ON THE MERITS**

SJC Ventures is likely to succeed in arguing that both the FFCL and the order appointing receiver are void because they stem from violations of the Bankruptcy stay of litigation. It is a longstanding tenet that "violations of the automatic stay are

void, not voidable.” *In re Schwartz*, 954 F.2d 569, 571 (9th Cir. 1992).

Further, a receivership is not appropriate unless there is actual evidence of the subject property being lost, injured, destroyed, or subject to waste. *See* NRS 107.100 and NRS 32.010. The district court made no such findings in its order granting receivership over SJC Ventures. *See* Ex. 7.

There is a plethora of evidence that it is inappropriate to impose a receivership over SJC Ventures. The renter entity SJC Ventures has already made rent payments to SHAC, paying rent in advance all the way through December 2024. *See* Ex. 4. As further evidence of SJC Ventures’ financial abilities, SJC Ventures posted a \$151,535.81 bond on behalf of First 100, LLC in the TGC/Farkas Funding Matter. *See Exhibit 11*, Bond Posting, which eviscerates the narrative that SJC Ventures’ finances are at risk. Further SJC Ventures has provided, post-petition, in excess of an additional \$300,000 in capital contributions to the debtor.

It is likely that SJC Ventures will be able to show that Defendants failed to satisfy their evidentiary burden for a receiver under NRS 107.100 and NRS 32.010.

Additionally, SJC Ventures is likely to succeed in arguing that the Court’s order appointing receiver was based on misrepresentations that Defendants made about the TGC/Farkas Matter. Judge Denton never made any alter ego findings or any findings whatsoever about the financial status of SJC Ventures. *See* Ex. 8.

It also needs to be noted that Defendants only asked for a receiver over SJC

Ventures, but the Court’s order went beyond that by extending a receiver over not only SJC Ventures, but any “subsidiary and affiliated entities” in which SJC Ventures has an ownership interest, specifically (non-party) First 100, LLC and (bankruptcy debtor) SHAC.

## **V. CONCLUSION**

Petitioners respectfully request that the Court stay the execution of the order failing to grant injunctive relief outright regarding foreclosure of the Property, and the order granting Petitioners’ motion for appointment of receiver of SJC Ventures, pending the outcome of the writ petition concurrently being filed herein.

DATED this 21st day of September 2021.

Respectfully submitted,

**MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES**

/s/ Joseph A. Gutierrez

JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 9046

DANIELLE J. BARRAZA, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 13822

8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue

Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

*Attorneys for Petitioners*

## **NRAP 27(e) Certificate**

The undersigned counsel of record certifies that the following:

1. Contact Information of Counsel for Real Parties in Interest:

Michael R. Mushkin, Esq.; L. Joe Coppedge, Esq.  
MUSHKIN & COPPEDGE  
6070 South Eastern Avenue, Suite 270, Las Vegas, Nevada 89119  
Phone Number: 702.454.3333  
Email: [Michael@mccnvlaw.com](mailto:Michael@mccnvlaw.com); [jcoppedge@mccnvlaw.com](mailto:jcoppedge@mccnvlaw.com)

2. This petition is being filed on an emergency basis because SJC Ventures currently manages ostensibly billions of dollars in property. including: commodities worth billions of dollars; crypto currency worth in excess of \$3 billion; a judgment in the amount of approximately \$2.2 billion; and a variety of vehicles, real property, and entertainment endeavors, one in particular potentially worth billions of dollars

3. SHAC and SJC Ventures have reason to believe that CBC Partners I, LLC and 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC will interpret the Bankruptcy Court's lifting of the stay of litigation with respect to debtor SHAC as a means to wrongfully initiate foreclosure proceedings against the Property.

4. SJC Ventures also has reason to believe that Larry Bertsch, who the district court appointed as a receiver over SJC Ventures, has an interest in interfering with contract negotiations, sales, applications and litigation in fields he is unbelievably unqualified representing billions of dollars in anticipated loss. This is why relief is being requested as soon as possible, by October 4, 2021, as SJC Ventures has pending business deals and arrangements that will suffer from Mr. Bertsch's



wrongful interference if he remains the receiver beyond October 4, 2021.

5. Upon the filing of this petition, my office is emailing counsel for real parties in interest the entire emergency motion.

6. Petitioners have filed a motion to stay the execution of the motion appointing receiver with the district court, which was heard on August 16, 2021. That motion to stay was denied. Accordingly, this petition is being filed in light of Mr. Bertsch taking immediate actions to extend control over SJC Ventures and other entities.

DATED this 21st day of September 2021

Respectfully submitted,

**MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES**

/s/ Joseph A. Gutierrez

JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ. (9046)  
DANIELLE J. BARRAZA, ESQ. (13822)  
8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue  
Las Vegas, Nevada 89148  
*Attorneys for Petitioners*

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

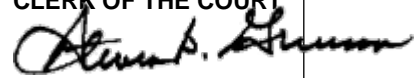
Pursuant to NRAP 21(a) and 25(c), I certify that I am an employee of MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES, and that on September 21st, 2021, **EMERGENCY MOTION UNDER NRAP 27(e) FOR STAY OF ORDER ON INJUNCTIVE RELIEF RELATED TO FORECLOSURE OF THE PROPERTY AT ISSUE AND ORDER APPOINTING RECEIVER OVER SJC VENTURES HOLDING COMPANY, LLC** was served via electronic means by operation of the court's electronic filing system:

Michael R. Mushkin, Esq.  
MUSHKIN & COPPEDGE  
6070 South Eastern Avenue, Suite 270  
Las Vegas, Nevada 89119  
Tel: 702.454.3333  
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*Attorney for Real Parties in Interest*

/s/ Natalie Vazquez  
An Employee of MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES

# **EXHIBIT 1**

# **EXHIBIT 1**



1 FFCL

2  
3 **DISTRICT COURT**

4 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

5 SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
6 COMPANY, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability  
7 Company; SJC VENTURES HOLDING  
8 COMPANY, LLC, d/b/a SJC VENTURES,  
9 LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company,

Case No. A-20-813439-B

Dept. No.: XI

10 Plaintiffs,

11 v.

**FINDINGS OF FACT AND  
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

12 CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, a foreign Limited  
13 Liability Company; CBC PARTNERS, LLC, a  
14 foreign Limited Liability Company; 5148  
15 SPANISH HEIGHTS, LLC, a Nevada Limited  
16 Liability Company; KENNETH ANTOS AND  
17 SHEILA NEUMANN-ANTOS, as Trustees of  
18 the Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust and  
19 the Kenneth M. Antos & Sheila M. Neumann-  
20 Antos Trust; DACIA, LLC, a foreign Limited  
21 Liability Company; DOES I through X; and  
22 ROE CORPORATIONS I through X,  
23 inclusive,

24 Defendants.

25 5148 SPANISH HEIGHTS, LLC, a Nevada  
26 limited liability company; and CBC  
27 PARTNERS I, LLC, a Washington limited  
28 liability company,

Counterclaimants,

v.

SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
COMPANY, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability  
Company; SJC VENTURES, LLC, a Delaware  
limited liability company; SJC VENTURES  
HOLDING COMPANY, LLC, a Delaware  
limited liability company; JAY BLOOM,  
individually and as Manager, DOE

1 DEFENDANTS 1-10; and ROE  
2 DEFENDANTS 11-20,  
3 Counterdefendants.

### 4 FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

5 This matter having come on for preliminary injunction and consolidated non-jury trial on  
6 related issues pursuant to NRCP 65(a)(2)<sup>1</sup> before the Honorable Elizabeth Gonzalez beginning  
7 on February 1, 2021, February 2, 2021 , February 3, 2021,<sup>2</sup> and March 15, 2021; Plaintiffs  
8 SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION COMPANY, LLC, (“Spanish Heights”)<sup>3</sup> and SJC  
9 VENTURES HOLDING COMPANY, LLC, d/b/a SJC VENTURES, LLC (“SJCVC”) appearing  
10 by and through their representative Jay Bloom and their counsel of record JOSEPH A.  
11 GUTIERREZ, ESQ. and DANIELLE J. BARRAZA, ESQ. of the law firm of MAIER  
12

13  
14  
15 <sup>1</sup> Pursuant to NRCP 65(a)(2), the parties have stipulated that the following legal issues surrounding the  
16 claims and counterclaims are advanced for trial to be heard in conjunction with the hearing on the preliminary  
17 injunction hearing:

- 18 a) Contractual interpretation and/or validity of the underlying “Secured Promissory Note” between  
19 CBC Partners I, LLC, and KCI Investments, LLC, and all modifications (Counterclaim First, Fourth,  
20 Ninth, and Twelfth Claim for Relief);  
21 b) Interpretation and/or validity of the claimed third-position Deed of Trust and all modifications  
22 thereto, and determination as to whether any consideration was provided in exchange for the Deed of Trust  
23 (Counterclaim First, Fourth, Ninth, and Twelfth Claim for Relief);  
24 c) Contractual interpretation and/or validity of the Forbearance Agreement, Amended Forbearance  
25 Agreement and all associated documents/contracts (Counterclaim First, Fourth, Ninth, and Twelfth Claim  
26 for Relief);  
27 d) Whether the Doctrine of Merger applies to the claims at issue (Amended Complaint Fourth,  
28 Seventh Cause of Action); and  
e) Whether the One Action Rule applies to the claims at issue (Amended Complaint Third Cause of  
Action).

The injunctive relief claims are contained in the Amended Complaint Sixth Cause of Action.

<sup>2</sup> The Court was advised on February 3, 2021, that Spanish Heights filed for bankruptcy protection. The  
Court suspended these proceedings and stayed the matter for 30 days as to all parties for Defendants to seek relief  
from the stay. As no order lifting the stay has been entered by the Bankruptcy Court, nothing in this order creates  
any obligations or liabilities directly related to Spanish Heights; however, factual findings related to Spanish Heights  
are included in this decision. The term “Plaintiffs” as used in these Findings of fact and Conclusions of Law is not  
intended to imply any action by this Court against the debtor, Spanish Heights.

<sup>3</sup> As a result of the bankruptcy filing, Spanish Heights did not participate in these proceedings on March 15,  
2021.

1 GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES and Defendants CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, CBC PARTNERS,  
2 LLC, appearing by and through its representative Alan Hallberg (“Hallberg”); 5148 SPANISH  
3 HEIGHTS, LLC, KENNETH ANTOS and SHEILA NEUMANN-ANTOS, as Trustees of the  
4 Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust and the Kenneth M. Antos & Sheila M. Neumann-Antos  
5 Trust; DACIA, LLC, (collectively “Defendants”) all Defendants appearing by and through their  
6 counsel of record MICHAEL R. MUSHKIN, ESQ. and L. JOE COPPEDGE, ESQ. of the law  
7 firm of MUSHKIN & COPPEDGE; the Court having read and considered the pleadings filed by  
8 the parties; having reviewed the evidence admitted during the trial; having heard and carefully  
9 considered the testimony of the witnesses called to testify and weighing their credibility; having  
10 considered the oral and written arguments of counsel, and with the intent of rendering a decision  
11 on the limited claims before the Court at this time, pursuant to NRC 52(a) and 58; the Court  
12 makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law:

15 **I. Procedural Posture**

16 On April 9, 2020, the original complaint was filed and a Temporary Restraining Order  
17 was issued without notice by the then assigned judge.<sup>4</sup>

19 Spanish Heights and SJCV initiated this action against CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, CBC  
20 PARTNERS, LLC, 5148 SPANISH HEIGHTS, LLC, KENNETH ANTOS AND SHEILA  
21 NEUMANN-ANTOS, as Trustees of the Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust and the Kenneth  
22 M. Antos & Sheila M. Neumann-Antos Trust (“Antos Trust”); DACIA, LLC, with the First  
23 Amended Complaint being filed on May 15, 2020.

25 By Order filed May 29, 2020, the Court granted Plaintiffs’ Motion for Preliminary  
26 Injunction on a limited basis that remained in effect until after expiration of the Governor’s  
27

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28 <sup>4</sup> This matter was reassigned to this department after an April 13, 2020, Request for Transfer to Business Court was made by the Defendants.

Emergency Directive 008.

On June 10, 2020, defendants CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, CBC PARTNERS, LLC, and 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC, filed their answer to the first amended complaint.

Defendants CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, and 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC, have also filed a counterclaim against plaintiffs, and Jay Bloom.

On September 3, 2020, Defendant Antos Trust filed an answer and counterclaim against SJCVC, which SJCVC answered on September 28, 2020.<sup>5</sup>

## **II. Findings of Fact**

1. This action involves residential real property located at 5148 Spanish Heights Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89148, with Assessor's Parcel Number 163-29-615-007 ("Property").

2. The original owners of the Property were Kenneth and Sheila Antos as joint tenants, with the original deed recorded in April 2007.

3. On or about October 14, 2010, Kenneth M. Antos and Sheila M. Neumann-Antos (collectively, "Antos") transferred the Property to Kenneth M. Antos and Sheila M. Neumann-Antos, as Trustees of the Kenneth and Shelia Antos Living Trust dated April 26, 2007 (the "Antos Trust", and together with "Antos", the "Antos Parties").

4. Nonparty City National Bank is the beneficiary of a first-position Deed of Trust recorded on the Property.

5. Nonparty Northern Trust Bank is the beneficiary of a second-position Deed of Trust recorded on the Property.

6. The Property is currently owned by Spanish Heights<sup>6</sup> which has entered into a

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<sup>5</sup> The Antos have a pending motion for summary judgment.

<sup>6</sup> The manager of Spanish Heights is SJCVC.

1 written lease agreement with SJC.V.<sup>7</sup>

2 7. Although the Property is residential, it is not owner occupied, but is occupied by  
3 Jay Bloom (“Mr. Bloom”) and his family.

4 8. On or about June 22, 2012, nonparty KCI entered into a Secured Promissory Note  
5 (the “Note”) with CBC Partners I, LLC, a Washington limited liability company (“CBCI”).  
6

7 9. The Note memorialized a \$300,000 commercial loan that CBCI made to Antos’  
8 restaurant company KCI to be used for the restaurant business.

9 10. On or around June 22, 2012, Kenneth and Sheila Antos, in their individual  
10 capacities, signed a “Guaranty” in which they personally guaranteed payment of the Note.  
11

12 11. The Note was secured by a “Security Agreement” dated June 22, 2012, where the  
13 security interest includes KCI’s intellectual property, goods, tools, furnishings, furniture,  
14 equipment and fixtures, accounts, deposit accounts, chattel paper, and receivables.

15 12. The Property was not included as collateral for the original Note.

16 13. The Note was modified and amended several times.

17 14. On November 13, 2013, a Fourth Modification to Secured Promissory Note  
18 (“Fourth Modification”) was executed.  
19

20 15. Paragraph 4 of the Fourth Modification amended Paragraph 6.12 of the Note as  
21 follows:

22 6.12 Antos Debt. Permit guarantor Kenneth M. Antos (“Antos”) to incur,  
23 create, assume or permit to exist any debt secured by the real property  
24 located at 5148 Spanish Heights Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89148.

25 16. Along with the Fourth Modification, the Antos Trust provided a Security  
26 Agreement with Respect to Interest in Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release (the “Security  
27

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28 <sup>7</sup> The manager of SJC.V. is Bloom.



1 Agreement”).

2 17. This Security Agreement not only granted a security interest in a Settlement  
3 Agreement, but also contained certain Representations, Warranties and Covenants of the Antos  
4 Parties, including:

5 3.3 Sale, Encumbrance or Disposition. Without the prior written consent  
6 of the Secured Party, Antos will not (a) allow the sale or encumbrance of  
7 any portion of the Collateral and (b) incur, create, assume or permit to  
8 exist any debt secured by the real property located at 5148 Spanish  
9 Heights Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89148, other than the first and second  
position deeds of trust or mortgages...

10 18. KCI was acquired by Preferred Restaurant Brands, Inc. formerly known as Dixie  
11 Foods International, Inc. (“Dixie”).

12 19. The Note was assumed by Dixie with the Antos Parties continuing to guaranty the  
13 obligation.

14 20. On or about October 31, 2014, a Seventh Modification to Secured Promissory  
15 Note and Waiver of Defaults (“Seventh Modification”) was entered.

16 21. CBCI determined that prior to extension of additional credit; additional security  
17 was required to replace a previously released security interest in other collateral.  
18

19 22. Paragraph 18(f) of the Seventh Modification provided for a condition precedent:

20 Execution and delivery by Kenneth M. Antos and Sheila M. Neumann-  
21 Antos, as Trustees of the Kenneth and Sheila Antos Living Trust dated  
22 April 26, 2007, and any amendments thereto (the “Antos Trust”) to Lender  
23 of a Deed of Trust on the real property located at 5148 Spanish Heights  
24 Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 (the “Real Property”), in form and  
substance satisfactory to Lender in its sole discretion.

25 23. On or about December 17, 2014, the Antos Trust delivered to CBCI a Certificate  
26 of Trust Existence and Authority (“Certificate of Trust”).

27 24. The Certificate of Trust provides in part:

28 Kenneth M. Antos and Sheila M. Neumann-Antos, as trustees (each, a

1 “Trustee”) acting on behalf of the Trust, are each authorized and  
2 empowered in the name of the Trust without the approval or consent of the  
other Trustee, the beneficiaries, or any other person:

3 To execute and deliver a Deed of Trust, Assignment of Rents,  
4 Security Agreement and Fixture Filing (the “Deed of Trust”), to  
5 secure (i) obligations owing to Lender by KCI Investments, LLC, a  
6 Nevada limited liability company, and Preferred Restaurant  
7 Brands, Inc., a Florida corporation (individually and collectively,  
8 “Borrower”), (ii) that certain Secured Promissory Note dated as of  
9 June 22, 2012, in the maximum principal amount of \$3,250,000.00  
10 (the “Note”) executed by Borrower in favor of Lender, (iii) that  
11 certain Guaranty dated June 22, 2012, executed by the Grantors as  
12 individuals and not in their capacity as trustees, and (iv) the other  
13 documents and instruments executed or delivered in connection  
14 with the foregoing.

15 25. The Certificate of Trust further provides:

16 The Deed of Trust and Lender’s provision of credit under the terms of the  
17 Note will directly and indirectly benefit the Trust and its beneficiaries.

18 The Trustees of the Trust have the authority to enter into the transactions  
19 with respect to which this Certificate is being delivered, and such  
20 transactions will create binding obligations on the assets of the Trust.

21 26. On or about December 29, 2014, a Deed of Trust, Assignment of Rents, Security  
22 Agreement and Fixture Filing (the “Deed of Trust”) was recorded against the Property in the  
23 Clark County Recorder’s Office as Instrument No. 201412290002856 for the purpose of  
24 securing the Note.

25 27. The revocable trust indirectly benefitted from this additional credit that was  
26 issued to Antos and his business by CBCI.

27 28. The Deed of Trust is subordinate to the first mortgage to City National in the  
28 principal amount of approximately \$3,240,000.00 with a monthly payment of \$19,181.07, and a  
second mortgage to Northern Trust Bank in the principal amount of approximately \$599,000.00  
with monthly payments of \$3,034.00.

29. On or about April 30, 2015, a Ninth Modification to Secured Promissory Note

1 and Waiver of Defaults (“Ninth Modification”) was executed.

2 30. Paragraph 14(c) of the Ninth Modification provides for a condition precedent as  
3 follows:

4 Execution by the Trustees of the Kenneth and Sheila Antos Living Trust  
5 dated April 26, 2007, and any amendments thereto, and delivery to Lender  
6 of the Correction to Deed of Trust Assignment of Rents, Security  
7 Agreement and Fixture Filing, in form and substance satisfactory to  
8 Lender.

9 31. On July 22, 2015, a Correction to Deed of Trust, Assignment of Rent, Security  
10 Agreement and Fixture Filing (“Correction to Deed of Trust”) was recorded in the Clark County  
11 Recorder’s Office as Instrument No. 201507220001146.

12 32. This Correction to Deed of Trust modified Paragraph One of the Deed of Trust to  
13 read:

14 One: Payment of any and all amounts (collectively, the “Guarantied  
15 Obligations”) due and owing by Trustor under that certain Guaranty from  
16 Kenneth Antos and Sheila Antos (individually and collectively,  
17 “Guarantor”) dated June 22, 2012, in favor of Beneficiary (the  
18 “Guaranty”), guarantying the indebtedness evidenced by that certain  
19 Secured Promissory Note (and any renewals, extensions, modifications  
20 and substitutions thereof) (collectively, the “Note”), executed by KCI  
21 Investments, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, and Preferred  
22 Restaurant Brands, Inc., a Florida corporation (individually and  
23 collectively, “Borrower”), dated June 22, 2012, as modified, in the  
24 maximum principal sum of THREE MILLION AND NO/100 DOLLARS  
25 (\$3,000,000.00), together with interest thereon, late charges and collection  
26 costs as provided in the Note.

27 33. On or about December 2, 2016, CBCI sold a portion of the monetary obligations  
28 of the Note in the amount of \$15,000.00 to Southridge Partners II, LP.

34. On or about December 2, 2016, CBCI and KCI entered into a Forbearance  
Agreement.

35. As part of the Forbearance Agreement, the Antos Trust executed a Consent,  
Reaffirmation, and General Release by the Trust wherein the Antos Trust agreed

1 to join in and be bound to the terms of the Representations and Warranties  
2 contained in Sections 4 and 7, and the General Release contained in  
3 Section 8 of the Agreement applicable as though the Trust were a Credit  
4 Party.

5 36. On or about December 2, 2016, a Tenth Modification to Secured Promissory Note  
6 (“Tenth Modification”) was entered into.

7 37. Paragraph 6(e) of the Tenth Modification provides for a condition precedent as  
8 follows:

9 Delivery to Lender of a duly executed First Modification to Deed of Trust,  
10 Assignment of Rents, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing, by Kenneth  
11 M. Antos and Sheila M. Neumann-Antos, Trustees of the Kenneth and  
12 Sheila Antos Living Trust dated April 26, 2007, and any amendments  
13 thereto, as trustor, related to that certain Deed of Trust, Assignment of  
14 Rents, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing made December 17, 2014,  
15 and recorded in the Official Records of Clark County, Nevada, on  
16 December 29, 2014, as instrument number 20141229-0002856.

17 38. On December 19, 2016, the First Modification to Deed of Trust, Assignment of  
18 Rents, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing was recorded in the Clark County Recorder’s  
19 Office as Instrument No. 201612190002739.

20 39. On or about July 21, 2017, Mr. Bloom proposed to service the CBCI Note in  
21 exchange for the ownership in the Property. Specifically, Mr. Bloom wrote,

22 My thought is that this proposal gets the 3rd lender:

- 23 • a full recovery of its Note balance plus all protective advances past and future,
- 24 • interim cash flow and
- 25 • provides interim additional full collateral where, given the current value of the  
26 property, the 3rd position lender is currently unsecured.

27 As to the Seller, he:

- 28 • gets out from under a potential deficiency judgment from the 3rd position  
lender and
- unburdens himself from any additional assets that may have been pledged.

40. Spanish Heights was created to facilitate this transaction.

41. On September 27, 2017, CBCI, the Antos Trust, Spanish Heights and Mr.

1 Bloom's company, SJCVC, entered into the 2017 Forbearance Agreement.

2 42. The September 27, 2017 Forbearance Agreement indicates that Mr. Bloom's  
3 company Spanish Heights intends to acquire the Property and make certain payments to CBCI  
4 pursuant to the terms of the 2017 Forbearance Agreement.

5 43. Mr. Bloom testified that he was not provided with a complete set of documents  
6 reflecting the prior transactions between the Antos and KCI<sup>8</sup> and that misrepresentations were  
7 made regarding the prior transactions by CBCI.

8 44. In the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, the Antos Parties, Spanish Heights and  
9 SJCVC acknowledged default and affirmed CBCI has fully performed.

10 45. The 2017 Forbearance Agreement contains an acknowledgement that the prior  
11 agreements between the Antos and CBCI are valid.

12 Par. 8.7 Enforceable Amended Note and Modified Deed of Trust/No Conflicts. The  
13 Amended Note and Modified Deed of Trust and the Forbearance Agreement, are legal,  
14 valid, and binding agreements of Antos Parties and the SJCVC Parties, enforceable in  
15 accordance with their respective terms, and any instrument or agreement required  
16 hereunder or thereunder, when executed and delivered, is (or will be) similarly legal,  
17 valid, binding and enforceable. This Forbearance Agreement does not conflict with any  
18 law, agreement, or obligation by which Antos Parties and the SJCVC parties is bound.

19 46. In connection with the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, on November 3, 2017, the  
20 Antos Trust conveyed the Property to Spanish Heights.

21 47. A lease agreement between Spanish Heights as the Landlord, and SJCVC as the  
22 Tenant, was executed by both Spanish Heights and SJCVC on or around August 15, 2017.

23 48. The lease agreement between Spanish Heights and SJCVC indicates that the lease  
24 term is two years, with an option for SJCVC to exercise two additional consecutive lease  
25

26  
27 <sup>8</sup> The Court finds that regardless of whether all of the prior transactional documents were provided to Mr.  
28 Bloom, Mr. Bloom was on notice of the prior transactions. The 2017 Forbearance Agreement clearly identifies the  
nature of the prior transactions in the section entitled "The Parties and Background" which begins on page 1 of the  
document.

1 extensions.

2 49. Pursuant to the terms of the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, Spanish Heights was  
3 to make certain payments to CBCI and other parties. In addition, a balloon payment of the total  
4 amount owing, under the Note, was due on August 31, 2019.

5 50. Pursuant to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, SJCVC affirmed all obligations due  
6 to CBCI under the Note and Modified Deed of Trust.

7 51. The 2017 Forbearance Agreement provides in pertinent part, "CBCI is free to  
8 exercise all of its rights and remedies under the Note and Modified Deed of Trust..."

9 52. The 2017 Forbearance Agreement states the rights and remedies are cumulative  
10 and not exclusive, and may be pursued at any time.

11 53. As part of the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, there were certain requirements of  
12 Spanish Heights attached as Exhibit B to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement.

13 54. Among the requirements was the understanding that the First Lien holder would  
14 pay the real property taxes, that CBCI would pay the 1st and 2nd Mortgage payments to prevent  
15 default, that Spanish Heights would make certain repairs and improvements to the Property,  
16 Spanish Heights would maintain the Property, and Spanish Heights would pay for a customary  
17 homeowner's insurance policy and all Homeowner's Association dues.

18 55. In addition to the requirements of the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, there was  
19 additional security to be provided by Spanish Heights, SJCVC, and others.

20 56. Among the additional security was a Pledge Agreement, through which the  
21 members of Spanish Heights pledged 100% of the membership interest in Spanish Heights.<sup>9</sup>

22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28 <sup>9</sup> The Pledge Agreement states in pertinent part:

THIS PLEDGE AGREEMENT dated 27<sup>th</sup> (sic)(this "Agreement") is made by Kenneth & Sheila Antos

1           57.     The Pledge Agreement provides in pertinent part, “Secured Party shall have the  
2 right, at any time in Secured Party’s discretion after a Non-Monetary Event of Default ... to  
3 transfer to or to register in the name of Secured Party or any of Secured Party’s nominees any or  
4 all of the Pledged Collateral.”

5           58.     Pursuant to the Pledge Agreement, upon an event of default, Pledgors (SJCVC and  
6 Antos) appointed CBCI as Pledgors’ attorney-in-fact to execute any instrument which Secured  
7 Party may deem necessary or advisable to accomplish the purposes of the Pledge Agreement.

8           59.     The Pledge Agreement was signed on September 27, 2017, by the Antos and Mr.  
9 Bloom as purported manager on behalf of Spanish Heights. No separate signature block for  
10 SJCVC appears on the Pledge Agreement.

11           60.     Paragraph 17 of the Pledge Agreement contained a notice provision which  
12 required notice to the Pledgors to be given to Pledgors through Plaintiffs’ current counsel, Maier  
13 Gutierrez & Associates.

14           61.     As additional required security, SJCVC agreed to a Security Agreement to grant  
15 CBCI a Security Interest in a Judgment described as:

16                   SJCVC represents that First 100, LLC, and 1st One Hundred Holdings,  
17 LLC, obtained a Judgment in the amount of \$2,221,039,718.46 against  
18 Raymond Ngan and other Defendants in the matter styled *First 100, LLC,*  
19 *Plaintiff(s) vs. Raymond Ngan, Defendant(s)*, Case No, A-17-753459-C in  
20 the 8th Judicial District Court for Clark County, Nevada (the “Judgment”),  
21 SJCVC represents It holds a 24,912% Membership Interest in 1st One  
22 Hundred Holdings, LLC. SJCVC represents and warrant that no party, other  
23

24                   Living Trust (the Antos Trust”), SJC Ventures, LLC (“SJCVC”)(collectively the “Pledgors”) to CBC  
25 Partners I, LLC, a Washington limited-liability company (“Secured Party” or “CBCI”).

26 \*\*\*

27                   WHEREAS, Pledgors are the owners of 100%, of the membership interests (the “Membership Interests”)  
28 of Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company (“SHAC”), which has  
been organized pursuant to the terms of the Limited Liability Company Agreement of Spanish Heights  
Acquisition Company, LLC.

1 than the Collection Professionals engaged to collect the Judgment, have a  
2 priority to receive net Judgment proceeds attributable to SJCVC before  
3 SJCVC; and that SJCVC shall receive Its interest at a minimum in pari passu  
4 with other parties who hold interests in the Judgment. 1st One Hundred  
5 Holdings, LLC, represents and warrant that no party, other than the  
6 Collection Professionals engaged to collect the Judgment and certain other  
7 creditors of 1st One Hundred Holdings, have a priority to receive net  
8 Judgment proceeds prior to distributions to 1st One Hundred Holdings  
9 Members; and that SJCVC shall receive Its interest at a minimum in pari  
10 passu with other parties who hold interests in the Judgment.

11 62. In addition to the other consideration in the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, the  
12 Antos Trust signed a Personal Guaranty Agreement, guaranteeing to CBCI the full and punctual  
13 performance of all the obligations described in the 2017 Forbearance Agreement.

14 63. Pursuant to the Amendment to Forbearance Agreement and Related Agreements,  
15 dated December 1, 2019 (the "Amendment to 2017 Forbearance Agreement"), SJCVC<sup>10</sup>  
16 acknowledged that it pledged its membership interest in Spanish Heights as collateral for the  
17 2017 Forbearance Agreement.<sup>11</sup>

---

18 <sup>10</sup> An argument has been made that SJCVC did not pledge its stock under the original Pledge Agreement.  
19 Given the notice provision in the original Pledge Agreement, Mr. Bloom's signature as manager on behalf of  
20 Spanish Heights, rather than SJCVC, and the language of the Pledge Agreement reflecting a pledge of 100% of the  
interest in membership of Spanish Heights, it appears the signature line for Mr. Bloom may have been incorrect.  
Mr. Bloom is not the manager of Spanish Heights; Mr. Bloom is the manager of SJCVC, which serves as the manager  
of Spanish Heights. The language in paragraphs 5 and 9 of the Amendment to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement  
reaffirms SJCVC's pledge of its membership interest.

21 <sup>11</sup> The Amendment to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement states in pertinent part:

22 WHEREAS, on or about September 27, 2017, the parties executed a Forbearance Agreement whereby  
23 CBCI agreed to forbear from exercising the rights and remedies under certain loan documents executed by  
24 the "Antos Parties." In addition to the Forbearance Agreement, the parties executed "Exhibit B" to the  
Forbearance Agreement, a Lease Agreement, an Account Control Agreement, a Membership Pledge  
Agreement, an Assignment of Rents, and a Security Agreement (collectively "the Related Agreements").

25 \*\*\*

26 5. The Membership Pledge Agreement executed by SJCVC and the Antos Trust shall remain in effect and  
27 the execution of this Amendment shall not be considered a waiver of CBCI's rights under the Membership  
Pledge Agreement.

28 \*\*\*



1           64.     On or about December 1, 2019, CBCI, the Antos, Spanish Heights and SJC  
2 entered into an Amendment to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, extending the date of the  
3 balloon payment to March 31, 2020.

4           65.     The Amendment to 2017 Forbearance Agreement was signed by the Antos,  
5 Bloom as purported manager on behalf of Spanish Heights, and Bloom as manager of SJC.  
6

7           66.     Pursuant to the Amendment to 2017 Forbearance Agreement, the Security  
8 Agreement “shall remain in effect and the execution of this Amendment shall not be considered  
9 a waiver of CBCI’s rights under the Security Agreement...”

10          67.     Pursuant to the Amendment to 2017 Forbearance Agreement, any amendment  
11 must be in writing.  
12

13          68.     On March 12, 2020, Spanish Hills Community Association recorded a Health and  
14 Safety Lien against the Property. This Lien was for Nuisances and Hazardous Activities.

15          69.     On or about March 16, 2020, CBCI mailed a Notice of Non-Monetary Defaults to  
16 Spanish Heights and SJC. This Notice of Non-Monetary Default delineated the following  
17 defaults:  
18

- 19               1. Evidence of homeowner’s insurance coverage Pursuant to Paragraph  
20               1(A)(6) of Amendment to Forbearance Agreement and Related  
21               Agreements;
- 22               2. Evidence of repairs pursuant to Paragraph 3(c)(1) of Exhibit B to  
23               Forbearance Agreement;
- 24               3. Evidence of Bank of America account balance of \$150,000.00  
25               pursuant to Paragraph 6(c) of Exhibit B to Forbearance Agreement;
- 26               4. Opinion letter from SJC Ventures and 1st One Hundred Holdings  
27               counsel regarding the Judgment and Security Agreement pursuant to  
28               Paragraph 1(A)(12) of Amendment to Forbearance Agreement and  
                Related Agreements;

9. The Membership Pledge Agreement executed by SJC and the Antos Trust shall remain in effect and the execution of this Amendment shall not be considered a waiver of CBCI’s rights under the Membership Pledge Agreement.

5. Evidence of corporate authority for SJC Ventures and 1st One Hundred Holdings pursuant to Paragraph 1(A)(13) of Amendment to Forbearance Agreement and Related Agreements; and
6. Evidence of SJC Ventures filing of applications for mortgages to refinance 5148 Spanish Heights Drive, pursuant to paragraph 1(C) of Amendment to Forbearance Agreement and Related Agreements.

70. On April 1, 2020, a Notice of Default and Demand for Payment was sent to Spanish Heights and SJCVC. This letter had a typo on the date of final balloon payment being due on March 31, 2021. This was corrected and emailed to Spanish Height's and SJCVC's counsel noting that the default date was corrected to March 31, 2020.

71. On April 1, 2020, under separate cover, counsel for CBCI sent a Notice to Spanish Heights, SJCVC, and Antos that CBCI would exercise its rights under the Pledge Agreement by transferring the pledged collateral to CBCI's nominee CBC Partners, LLC.

72. On April 1, 2020, CBC Partners received the Assignment of Company and Membership Interest of Spanish Heights from the Antos Trust.

73. On April 3, 2020, a Notice to Vacate was sent to SJCVC.

74. On April 6, 2020, CBCI sold the Note and security associated with the Note, to 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC.

75. On May 28, 2020, the Assignment of Interest in Deed of Trust was recorded in the Clark County Recorder's Office as Instrument No 202005280002508.

76. On September 15, 2020, Notice of Breach and Election to Sell Under Deed of Trust was recorded in the Clark County Recorder's Office as Instrument No 202009150001405.

77. On December 15, 2020, Notice of Trustee's Sale was recorded in the Clark County Recorder's Office Instrument No 20201215-0000746. The Sale was scheduled for January 5, 2021.

78. CBCI, through Hallberg, and Mr. Antos, both individually and as Trustee of the

1 revocable living trust as makers; confirm the original debt and the Deed of Trust as collateral for  
2 the Note.

3 79. 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC, issued a new Notice of Default on January 4, 2021.

4 80. NRS 107.080 sets forth the notice requirements that were followed by 5148  
5 Spanish Heights, LLC, and Nevada Trust Deed Services.

6 81. Plaintiff has shown no defect or lack of adequate statutory notice in the current  
7 notice.  
8

9 82. NRS 47.240 provides for conclusive presumptions relevant to certain provisions  
10 of the relevant documents.<sup>12</sup>

11 83. Nothing in the evidence presented during these proceedings provides any basis for  
12 departure from the conclusive presumptions recited in the agreements between the parties.<sup>13</sup>  
13

14 84. At this time, CBCI has acquired the Antos interest in Spanish Heights through the  
15 Pledge Agreement. The membership interest in a limited liability company is not an interest in  
16

---

17 <sup>12</sup> **NRS 47.240 Conclusive presumptions.** The following presumptions, and no others, are conclusive:

18 \*\*\*

19 2. The truth of the fact recited, from the recital in a written instrument between the parties thereto, or their  
20 successors in interest by a subsequent title, but this rule does not apply to the recital of a consideration.

21 <sup>13</sup> For purposes of this proceeding, the Court applies the conclusive presumptions of NRS 47.240 to the  
22 following :

23 From the Pledge Agreement:

24 WHEREAS, Pledgors are the owners of 100%, of the membership interests (the "Membership Interests")  
25 of Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("SHAC"), which has  
26 been organized pursuant to the terms of the Limited Liability Company Agreement of Spanish Heights  
27 Acquisition Company, LLC.

28 From the Amendment to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement:

WHEREAS, on or about September 27, 2017, the parties executed a Forbearance Agreement whereby  
CBCI agreed to forbear from exercising the rights and remedies under certain loan documents executed by  
the "Antos Parties." In addition to the Forbearance Agreement, the parties executed "Exhibit B" to the  
Forbearance Agreement, a Lease Agreement, an Account Control Agreement, a Membership Pledge  
Agreement, an Assignment of Rents, and a Security Agreement (collectively "the Related Agreements").

1 real property. Title to the Property remains in Spanish Heights.

2 85. Plaintiff has not established unanimity of interest in title to the Property.

3 86. Plaintiff has not established an intent on behalf of the creditor to merge their lien  
4 with equitable title.

5 87. Plaintiff has provided no evidence that the 2017 Forbearance Agreement and  
6 Amendment to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement are vague or ambiguous.

7  
8 88. Plaintiff has provided no evidence of fraud or misrepresentation by any  
9 Defendant.

10 89. If any findings of fact are properly conclusions of law, they shall be treated as if  
11 appropriately identified and designated.  
12

13 **III. Conclusions of Law**

14  
15 1. The legal standard for granting injunctive relief is set forth in NRS 33.010, which  
16 provides:

17 Cases in which injunction may be granted. An injunction may be  
18 granted in the following cases:

19 1. When it shall appear by the complaint that the plaintiff is  
20 entitled to the relief demanded, and such relief or any part thereof  
21 consists in restraining the commission or continuance of the act  
complained of, either for a limited period or perpetually.

22 2. When it shall appear by the complaint or affidavit that the  
23 commission or continuance of some act, during the litigation,  
would produce great or irreparable injury to the plaintiff.

24 3. When it shall appear, during the litigation, that the  
25 defendant is doing or threatens, or is about to do, or is procuring or  
26 suffering to be done, some act in violation of the plaintiff's rights  
27 respecting the subject of the action, and tending to render the  
judgment ineffectual.

28 2. Given the current bankruptcy stay, the Court extends the existing injunctive relief

1 entered January 5, 2021, pending further order from the Bankruptcy Court.

2 3. The relevant documents, including, but not limited to, the 2017 Forbearance  
3 Agreement and Amendment to Forbearance Agreement and Related Agreements, dated  
4 December 1, 2019, are clear and unambiguous as a matter of law

5 4. The Note is secured by the Property.

6 5. As a condition precedent to the Fourth, Seventh, Ninth, and Tenth Modifications  
7 to the Note, a Deed of Trust encumbering the Property was required.  
8

9 6. The Antos Parties had authority, individually and as Trustees of the Antos Trust,  
10 to encumber the Property with the Deed of Trust to CBCI.

11 7. Plaintiffs have waived any defects, acknowledged the encumbrance and agreed, in  
12 writing to pay twice; first in the 2017 Forbearance Agreement and second, in the Amendment to  
13 the 2017 Forbearance Agreement.  
14

15 8. Plaintiffs agreed in the 2017 Forbearance Agreements to pay the amounts in  
16 question by separate promise to the Antos Parties.  
17

18 9. The Antos Trust received an indirect benefit from the transactions related to the  
19 Deed of Trust.

20 10. Mr. Antos testified that the Property was used as security in exchange for  
21 additional capital and release of other collateral from CBCI .  
22

23 11. Mr. Antos agrees with CBCI that Plaintiffs have failed to perform.

24 12. NRS 107.500 is only required of owner-occupied housing.

25 13. The doctrine of merger provides that “[w]hen a greater and a less estate  
26 coincide and meet in one and the same person, without any intermediate estate, the less is  
27 immediately merged in the greater, and thus annihilated.” 31 C.J.S. Estates § 153.  
28

1           14.     Plaintiffs have made no showing of the applications of the doctrine of merger in  
2 this case. As no interests have merged, and there is no showing of intent to merge

3           15.     The one-action rule “does not excuse the underlying debt.” *Bonicamp v. Vazquez*,  
4 120 Nev. 377, 382-83, 91 P.3d 584, 587 (2004).

5           16.     The One-Action Rule prohibits a creditor from “first seeking the personal  
6 recovery and then attempting, in an additional suit, to recover against the collateral.” *Bonicamp*,  
7 120 Nev. at 383, 91 P.3d at 587 (2004). When suing a debtor on a secured debt, a creditor may  
8 initially elect to proceed against the debtor or the security. If the creditor sues the debtor  
9 personally on the debt, the debtor may then either assert the one-action rule, forcing the creditor  
10 to proceed against the security first before seeking a deficiency from the debtor, or decline to  
11 assert the one-action rule, accepting a personal judgment and depriving the creditor of its ability  
12 to proceed against the security. NRS 40.435(3); *Bonicamp*, 120 Nev. at 383, 91 P.3d at 587  
13 (2004).

14           17.     The “One-Action Rule” was specifically waived by the debtor. The Deed of Trust  
15 paragraph 6.21(a) states:  
16

17                   Trustor and Guarantor each waive all benefits of the one-action  
18 rule under NRS 40.430, which means, without limitation, Trustor  
19 and Guarantor each waive the right to require Lender to (i) proceed  
20 against Borrower, any other guarantor of the Loan, any pledgor of  
21 collateral for any person’s obligations to Lender or any other  
22 person related to the Note and Loan Documents, (ii) proceed  
23 against or exhaust any other security or collateral Lender may  
24 hold, or (iii) pursue any other right or remedy for Guarantors’  
benefit.

25           18.     The 2017 Forbearance Agreement paragraph 25 gives the benefit of cumulative  
26 remedies.

27                   The rights and remedies of CBCI under this Forbearance  
28 Agreement and the Amended Note and Modified Deed of Trust are

1 cumulative and not exclusive of any rights or remedies that CBCI  
2 would otherwise have, and may be pursued at any time and from  
3 time to time and in such order as CBCI shall determine in its sole  
4 discretion.

5 19. The Court concludes as a matter of law that the Plaintiffs have not established  
6 facts or law to support the claim that the One-Action Rule bars recovery under the defaulted  
7 Note and Security documents.

8 20. The Court's Temporary Restraining Order, filed January 5, 2021, will remain in  
9 place pending further order of the Bankruptcy Court.

10 21. If any conclusions of law are properly findings of fact, they shall be treated as if  
11 appropriately identified and designated.

## 12 JUDGMENT

13 Based upon the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and other good  
14 cause appearing:

15 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED** that as to the  
16 Claims for Declaratory Relief, the Court declares the third position Deed of Trust is a valid  
17 existing obligation against the Property.


18 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED** that as to the  
19 Claims for Declaratory Relief, the Court declares that the Note is a valid existing obligation.  
20

21 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED** that as to the  
22 Claims for Declaratory Relief, the Court declares that the Pledge Agreement is a valid existing  
23 obligation of SJCVC.  
24

25 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED** that as to the  
26 Claims for Declaratory Relief, the Court declares that the acquisition of a membership interest in  
27 Spanish Heights does not merge the Defendants interests.  
28

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED** that as to the Claims for Declaratory Relief, the Court declares that there has been a valid waiver of the One-Action Rule.

Dated this 6<sup>th</sup> day of April, 2021

  
Elizabeth Gonzalez, District Court Judge

## Certificate of Service

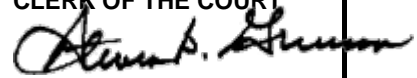
I hereby certify that on the date filed, a copy of the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law was electronically served, pursuant to N.E.F.C.R. Rule 9, to all registered parties in the Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Filing Program.

/s/ *Dan Kutinac*  
Dan Kutinac, JEA



# **EXHIBIT 2**

# **EXHIBIT 2**



TRAN

DISTRICT COURT  
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA  
\* \* \* \* \*

SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION )  
COMPANY LLC, )

Plaintiff, )

vs. )

CBC PARTNERS I LLC, )

Defendant. )

AND RELATED PARTIES )

CASE NO. A-20-813439-B  
DEPT NO. XI

**TRANSCRIPT OF  
PROCEEDINGS**

BEFORE THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

MONDAY, MARCH 15, 2021

**PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION HEARING AND TRIAL - DAY 4**

**VOLUME II**

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFFS: JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ.

FOR CBC PARTNERS I: MICHAEL R. MUSHKIN, ESQ.

RECORDED BY: JILL HAWKINS, COURT RECORDER  
TRANSCRIBED BY: JD REPORTING, INC.

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1 **LAS VEGAS, CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA, MARCH 15, 2021, 1:07 P.M.**

2 \* \* \* \* \*

3 (Pause in the proceedings.)

4 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Bloom, come back up. I'd  
5 like to remind you, you're still under oath.

6 THE WITNESS: Of course.

7 THE COURT: Okay.

8 **JAY BLOOM**

9 (having been recalled as a witness and previously sworn,  
10 testified as follows:)

11 CONTINUED DIRECT EXAMINATION

12 BY MR. MUSHKIN:

13 Q Good afternoon, Mr. Bloom.

14 So you've made a claim in this matter that somehow  
15 the one-action rule bars recovery. Can you explain the basis  
16 of your claims in fact?

17 A My understanding is that the one-action rule provides  
18 a lender against real property the opportunity to claim one  
19 remedy. In this particular case, the CBC entity took the  
20 equitable interest in the entity that holds title to the  
21 property which would preclude a subsequent foreclosure action  
22 or -- well, I guess it would preclude the foreclosure action  
23 against the property.

24 Q I'd like to direct your attention to Exhibit 39,  
25 page 21. You may recall that before we left, I showed you the

1 title -- or the preliminary title report that showed the deed  
2 of trust of record in '14, long before you arrived; correct?

3 A Yep.

4 Q And I direct your attention to paragraph 6.21. Let  
5 me just find it for you.

6 I'm sorry. I thought I had the right provision. Oh,  
7 here it is. Do you see paragraph A?

8 A I do.

9 Q Is that not a written waiver of the one-action rule,  
10 sir?

11 A It appears to be.

12 Q And you saw earlier where I referenced in the  
13 forbearance agreements that the remedies were cumulative? Do  
14 you recall that? We talked about that a little earlier.

15 A I believe I recall that.

16 Q Okay. Do you have any other support for your  
17 argument?

18 A I don't know the applicability of -- or the ability  
19 to waive the one-action rule for a primary residence. But, no,  
20 I can just testify as to my understanding of the one-action  
21 rule and its applicability.

22 Q So we talked about the doctrine of merger before you  
23 left. Have you found any other documents or do you have any  
24 other facts that support your claim that there's somehow a  
25 merger here, other than the fact that stock was taken pursuant

1 to a pledge agreement?

2 A Well, it's the stock that was taken pursuant to the  
3 pledge agreement from the anti-trust --

4 Q I'm asking for anything other than that, sir.

5 A In addition to that, it's my understanding that  
6 Mr. Hallberg's advice from counsel in the beginning of the  
7 transaction was not to do that. So it would be -- the  
8 performance of the parties is additional evidence.

9 Q Your testimony is that because Mr. Hallberg didn't  
10 want to be a member of SHAC, that that's a fact in support of  
11 the merger doctrine? Is that your testimony?

12 A My conversations with Mr. Hallberg was that CBC,  
13 although it originally intended to be a one-third owner of  
14 SHAC, upon advice of counsel, came back and said that they  
15 couldn't be an owner in SHAC and at the same time be a lender  
16 to SHAC or to -- against -- a lender against the property.

17 Q Okay. So that was not in response to my question.  
18 It didn't have anything to do with my question, sir.

19 My question is, is it your testimony that because  
20 Mr. Hallberg didn't want to be a member of SHAC, that that  
21 supports your merger doctrine claim? Yes or no.

22 A Yes. Correct.

23 Q Thank you.

24 Anything else that you have that supports your claim?

25 A That's all that I can recall at the moment.

1 Q Thank you.

2 Now, there's been a lot of testimony about that  
3 pledge agreement, that you claim that that wasn't supposed to  
4 be the agreement. Is that still your testimony?

5 A It is.

6 Q And have you been able to produce any document that  
7 supports your claim of legacy language?

8 A I recall from my previous testimony about the lease  
9 where there was legacy language where there was --

10 Q Sir, I'm not talking about --

11 MR. GUTIERREZ: Objection, Your Honor.

12 THE COURT: You've got to let him finish,  
13 Mr. Mushkin.

14 MR. MUSHKIN: Okay.

15 THE COURT: I know it's going to take longer, but I'm  
16 prepared.

17 You can finish, Mr. Bloom.

18 THE WITNESS: In previous testimony, you showed a  
19 document that -- where the title wasn't changed, where the  
20 lease was removed but the language acknowledges the lease  
21 extension, the lease renewal, for two subsequent two-year  
22 periods. So that is -- to answer your question, that is in  
23 response to your question, yes, there's legacy language that's  
24 not appropriate in these documents.

25 The extension -- the title of the extension of the

1 lease is one example and the conflicting language of the pledge  
2 agreement where SJC is not -- doesn't even have a signature  
3 block, much less as a signatory, is another example.

4 BY MR. MUSHKIN:

5 Q Okay. So I'm not even sure what question you  
6 answered. But my question is, do you have any drafts or any  
7 documents that are unexecuted or e-mails that reflect this  
8 change in terms that you've testified to?

9 A The executed document itself doesn't have a signature  
10 block and isn't signed --

11 Q Sir --

12 A -- by SJC.

13 Q -- you can keep answering wrong questions, and we're  
14 going to be here all week, sir. I'm not asking about that.

15 I'm asking about other evidence, any e-mail -- is  
16 there an e-mail that talks about legacy language?

17 A I don't believe there is.

18 Q Can you tell me a date and time of a phone call that  
19 talks about legacy language?

20 A Not from recollection.

21 Q Is there anything that Mr. Gutierrez can provide from  
22 his review of the contracts that shows that there's legacy  
23 language?

24 A The contract itself includes legacy language that's  
25 in contradiction to the document signature block and lack of a



1 signature by the SJC party.

2 Q So your total claim is that because that last page of  
3 the pledge agreement is not executed properly, that's the only  
4 evidence that you have that SJCV didn't agree to it?

5 A Well, aside from a party not signing an agreement,  
6 that it can't be bound by an agreement it's not a signatory to,  
7 I'd have to go through the document and look through the  
8 language to be sure if there's any other language besides, It's  
9 just not a signatory to the agreement.

10 Q Well, let's take a look at the pledge agreement, sir,  
11 and let you go through it page by page and see if you can tell  
12 me. Because you acknowledge that you ratified the pledge  
13 agreement twice; right?

14 A I acknowledge that on behalf of SJC as the manager,  
15 it ratified the Antoses' ability to pledge their 49 percent  
16 interest.

17 Q Oh. Oh, no, sir. You ratified the actual  
18 forbearance -- the actual pledge agreement right in the  
19 forbearance agreement, didn't you? Let's go take a look. This  
20 is Exhibit 1, page 16. Let's go to paragraph 9:

21 Antos parties and SJCV parties acknowledge.

22 Do you see that?

23 A I do.

24 Q No breach by CBC. Do you see that?

25 A I do.

1 Q Interest fees and other charges. Do you see that?

2 A I do.

3 Q So you've agreed to the amounts; is that fair?

4 A Referencing the amounts stated elsewhere in the  
5 agreement, yes.

6 Q Yeah, the note.

7 Now let's look at 8, their representations and  
8 warranties, 8.3:

9 To the extent applicable, the Antos  
10 parties and SJC parties lawfully possessable  
11 [sic] the hundred percent ownership interest  
12 in the property and collateral for the  
13 forbearance agreement.

14 Do you see that?

15 A I do.

16 Q Let's take a look at the next section of Section 9.  
17 9.3:

18 There's no waiver.

19 Do you see that?

20 A I do not. It's off the page. If you could slide the  
21 page --

22 Q I'm sorry. I'm getting better.

23 Is it on there now?

24 A Yes. Yes, I see that.

25 Q 9.6, The loan balance is true and correct.

1 Do you see that?

2 A I do.

3 Q 9.7, Fair consideration.

4 Do you see that?

5 A It's off the page. If you could slide the page up.

6 Q Do you see that?

7 A I do.

8 Q Thank you.

9 I direct your attention to page 23 of Exhibit 1,  
10 paragraph 25. Do you see that, The remedies are cumulative?

11 A I do.

12 Q And you signed this agreement, did you not?

13 A In an official capacity, yes.

14 Q Let's just be absolutely certain. That's your  
15 signature for SJC Ventures LLC; correct?

16 A Correct.

17 Q And note there's nowhere on here where SHAC signs;  
18 correct?

19 A Correct.

20 Q Okay. Now, there is an amendment; correct?

21 A I believe so.

22 Q And the amendment has a series of exhibits; is that  
23 correct?

24 A I'd have to see what the exhibits are, but I believe  
25 so.

1 Q Well, we went through them before. One of them was a  
2 limited liability company operating agreement. Do you recall  
3 that document?

4 A I do.

5 Q In fact, you testified you prepared it; is that  
6 correct?

7 A Yes.

8 Q Did anybody else help you?

9 A No.

10 Q Now let's go to --

11 A Well, let me -- let me amend that answer. Vernon  
12 Nelson, I believe, would have participated on behalf of CBC.

13 Q I didn't hear a word you said.

14 THE COURT: Vernon Nelson would have participated on  
15 behalf of CBC.

16 MR. MUSHKIN: I'm aware of that, Your Honor. Thank  
17 you.

18 THE COURT: Well, that was his --

19 THE WITNESS: That was my testimony.

20 THE COURT: That was what he said. I was trying to  
21 help.

22 MR. MUSHKIN: I asked if anybody helped.

23 THE COURT: I was like a read-back.

24 MR. MUSHKIN: I asked if anybody helped him.

25 THE COURT: And that was what he said when he

1 modified his answer.

2 BY MR. MUSHKIN:

3 Q Okay. So now we go to the --

4 THE COURT: Did I get it right, sir?

5 THE WITNESS: Yes. Yes, that is correct.

6 BY MR. MUSHKIN:

7 Q Now we'll take a look at the investor member  
8 covenants. Do you recall signing this?

9 A I believe so.

10 Q And you're going to provide that \$150,000 funding;  
11 right?

12 A Correct.

13 Q And then you're supposed to do it a second time;  
14 right?

15 A Correct.

16 Q And then you're going to service the CBC Partners  
17 receivable. Didn't do that, did you?

18 A Well, I think that's what the use of the 150,000 was  
19 for.

20 Q Okay. We went through this. We don't need to do it  
21 again. Let me get to the pledge.

22 MR. MUSHKIN: What exhibit is the pledge agreement,  
23 please?

24 THE CLERK: 8.

25 MR. MUSHKIN: Thank you. I was only two away.

1 BY MR. MUSHKIN:

2 Q Before we get there, you were to maintain books and  
3 records for the company; is that correct?

4 A Correct.

5 Q And part of the books and records of the company  
6 would be the maintaining of tax records and tax returns;  
7 correct?

8 A Correct.

9 Q And have you ever filed a tax return for this  
10 matter -- for this -- for SHAC?

11 A No.

12 Q Why?

13 A Because it would only have losses. There was no tax  
14 liability.

15 Q Can't you pass those losses through to the members so  
16 they can use them?

17 A There wasn't any material loss. The cost of  
18 preparation would have been more than the losses realized.

19 Q So you just decided on your own not to file tax  
20 returns?

21 A Yeah. There was nothing to report. There was no net  
22 income.

23 Q Now, 11.02 calls for reports to members. Did you  
24 ever file a -- fill out a report to the members?

25 A I don't have the document, so I'm not sure what 11.02

1 is.

2 Oh. No.

3 Q Why?

4 A Because the reports to members would have been  
5 reported as to profits or losses, and there was no material  
6 profits or losses that warranted a tax return which would have  
7 issued a K-1 against.

8 Q So it's your testimony that the depreciation and  
9 interest losses are not deductible?

10 A Good -- good question.

11 Q Thank you.

12 A I don't know. I'm not an accountant.

13 Q Now let's take a look at 12.04. You agreed that this  
14 was a binding agreement, did you not, sir?

15 A Yes.

16 Q Let's take a look at Exhibit 8, which is 5148 Spanish  
17 Heights 000089. This agreement -- and it's -- the first page  
18 says it's between the Kenneth and Sheila Antos Living Trust,  
19 SJC Ventures, pledgeors, to CBC Partners I, secured party, or  
20 CBC I.

21 Do you see -- do you recall that?

22 A If you could put it on the --

23 Q I'm asking if you recall it, sir.

24 A I don't recall the language of every agreement.  
25 There's a lot of them.

1 Q Do you recall that the pledge agreement was between  
2 CBC and the Antoses and SJCV?

3 A I believe so.

4 Q So there it is.

5 THE COURT: Can you zoom out so we can see it --

6 MR. MUSHKIN: Oops. Sorry.

7 THE COURT: -- or move it down. Thank you.

8 BY MR. MUSHKIN:

9 Q Do you see that?

10 A I do.

11 Q And is it your testimony that SJCV did not agree to  
12 pledge its stock?

13 A Yes.

14 Q What was your answer?

15 A My answer was, "Yes."

16 Q Okay. Now, you say that in spite of the forbearance  
17 agreement which says it, the amended forbearance agreement  
18 which says it, and the pledge agreement itself that says  
19 they're a party. Is that your testimony?

20 A Those are some of the relevant documents, yes.

21 Q Let's take a look at Exhibit 16, 5148 Spanish Heights  
22 00014, the amendment to the forbearance agreement. Do you  
23 recall signing that?

24 A If you could show me the document.

25 Q I'm just asking you if you recall signing the amended



1 forbearance agreement, sir.

2 A I believe so.

3 Q Does that document refresh your recollection?

4 A Yes.

5 Q And this extension is until March 31st of 2020; is  
6 that correct?

7 A I think you just had that up. I think that's the  
8 date that I saw below. Yes.

9 Q You don't have any independent recollection of that,  
10 sir?

11 A I do after reviewing that document.

12 Q So you have testified a number of times that somehow  
13 the security agreement was a replacement for the pledge  
14 agreement. Do you recall that testimony?

15 A Yes.

16 Q Do you have any e-mails that support that allegation?

17 A I don't recall any e-mails. I think most of it was  
18 telephone conversations that culminated in the final documents.

19 Q And you're aware that on the 17th of July, you sent  
20 an e-mail that laid out the basic terms of the transaction;  
21 right?

22 A Would that be -- what year would that be?

23 Q '17.

24 A Yeah. That was the initial proposal.

25 Q And within that document, it specifically said

1 additional collateral for the loan, didn't it?

2 A I think that was part of the initial proposal.

3 Q Thank you.

4 Paragraph 12 of the amendment says, The security  
5 agreement will remain in effect --

6 THE COURT: Exhibit number?

7 BY MR. MUSHKIN:

8 Q -- right?

9 THE COURT: 16.

10 THE CLERK: Yes. We're still on --

11 MR. MUSHKIN: Yes.

12 THE COURT: Thank you.

13 MR. MUSHKIN: 000156.

14 THE COURT: Great.

15 BY MR. MUSHKIN:

16 Q Do you see paragraph 12 there, sir?

17 A I do.

18 Q And it also says that the pledge agreement remains in  
19 effect, doesn't it?

20 A It does.

21 Q And you signed this agreement?

22 A Which agreement is this?

23 Q The amendment to the forbearance agreement that  
24 extends it to March 31st of 2020.

25 A Yes.

1 Q So as late as January, you're still pledging your  
2 stock in SHAC; right?

3 A No. That misstates what my testimony was.

4 Q Well, that's what it says here, doesn't it?

5 A No.

6 Q Tell me what that says, sir.

7 A What this document does is it extends the security  
8 agreement which gives a security interest in any proceeds  
9 (indiscernible) the judgment by SJC, and it extends the pledge  
10 agreement from the Antoses, which was approved to be pledged by  
11 SJC in its capacity as a manager.

12 Q It doesn't say that, does it, sir?

13 A That's my understanding of what it says.

14 Q Okay. It says, SJCV pledges here, doesn't it?

15 THE COURT: Can you read it or do you need to move it  
16 over?

17 THE WITNESS: I think you need to move it over.

18 THE COURT: There you go.

19 Thank you, Mr. Mushkin.

20 THE WITNESS: So it says, The security agreement  
21 shall remain in effect. And that's referencing SJC's security  
22 agreement.

23 BY MR. MUSHKIN:

24 Q -- to the effect that the judgment lien pledge  
25 agreement, one, constitute a valeting obligation of SJCV and

1 First 100 Holdings in accordance with the terms; two, properly  
2 evidenced is CBC's first priority position on the collection  
3 professionals, no one given notice.

4 A All of that --

5 Q Do you see that?

6 A I do. All of that refers to the security agreement  
7 which collateralizes it with an interest in the proceeds  
8 realized under SJC's portion of the judgments.

9 Q It says right there "pledge agreement," doesn't it,  
10 sir?

11 A It says "judgment lien and pledge agreement." The  
12 only judgment relates to the security agreement which pledges  
13 First 100's interest in proceeds realized under the judgment.

14 Q And then if we turn to 162 of that exhibit, that is  
15 your signature, both as Spanish Heights manager and SJCv;  
16 correct?

17 A Correct.

18 MR. MUSHKIN: Your Honor, I believe I'll pass the  
19 witness.

20 THE COURT: Thank you.

21 Mr. Gutierrez, I know that you are not appearing to  
22 examine Mr. Bloom on behalf of Spanish Heights Acquisition.  
23 But on behalf of SJC Ventures, would you like to inquire?

24 MR. GUTIERREZ: I do, Your Honor.

25 THE COURT: Okay. How's that, keeping our record

1 clean.

2 MR. GUTIERREZ: I'll wipe this cabinet down, Your  
3 Honor.

4 THE COURT: Do we have any more of those, Ramsey, or  
5 are we running out?

6 THE MARSHAL: We should have two more over there.  
7 I'll double check.

8 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Mr. Gutierrez, you're  
9 up.

10 MR. GUTIERREZ: Thank you, Your Honor.

11 CROSS-EXAMINATION

12 BY MR. GUTIERREZ:

13 Q Mr. Bloom, do you recall being questioned about  
14 whether you had any written documents to dispute the validity  
15 of the pledge agreement against SJC as a non-signatory  
16 agreement?

17 A I think so, yes.

18 Q And do you recall being asked whether or not you  
19 ever, as -- on behalf of SJC ever sent notice to CBC that you  
20 disputed the validity of the pledge agreement?

21 A Yes.

22 Q Okay. I'm going to show you Exhibit 92. Can you see  
23 that, Mr. Bloom?

24 A I do.

25 Q And can you tell me what this letter is?

1           A     This is a letter to Mr. Mushkin on behalf of Spanish  
2 Heights Acquisition Company addressing a special meeting under  
3 the operating agreement and calling that meeting in SJC's  
4 capacity as a managing member for April 13th, 2020, at  
5 1:00 p.m.

6           Q     And did you send an agenda along with this notice?

7           A     I believe I did, yes.

8           Q     Okay. And here's a page number, 945, on this same  
9 exhibit. Do you see this document, Mr. Bloom?

10          A     I do.

11          Q     And is this the agenda for the special meeting you  
12 had?

13               MR. MUSHKIN: Excuse me. I'm just sneaking up for a  
14 second.

15               THE COURT: You're not allowed to speak up.

16               MR. MUSHKIN: Oh, I'm sneaking. Sue me.

17               THE COURT: Only lawyers. You've got to leave your  
18 mask on. Judge Bell said we're not allowed to take it off for  
19 any reason or any purpose. She gave us a lecture.

20               MR. MUSHKIN: What if I have a drink of water?

21               THE COURT: I know. We're not even supposed to drink  
22 water anymore.

23               Come on. Get your mask back on.

24               MR. MUSHKIN: I think there's some constitutional  
25 issues involved here, Judge.

1 THE COURT: I do too, but I'm trying to comply.  
2 All right.

3 MR. GUTIERREZ: Thank you, Judge.

4 BY MR. GUTIERREZ:

5 Q Mr. Bloom, we were looking at page 945 of this  
6 Exhibit 92. Can you tell me what this document is?

7 A This is the agenda for the special meeting of the  
8 members of Spanish Heights Acquisition Company.

9 Q And can you look -- and I'm on page 946 -- that Item  
10 Number 7, and tell me what that is.

11 A Item 6?

12 Q Item 7.

13 A Item 7. Oh.

14 Yes, one of the agenda items was to address the  
15 validity of the pledge agreement claim.

16 Q Okay. So as of April 10th, 2020, SJC was disputing  
17 the validity of the pledge agreement and gave notice to CBC  
18 about that dispute; correct?

19 A Right. Subsequent to the note sale, Mr. Mushkin  
20 became involved, and that's the first time the pledge agreement  
21 was tried to -- was attempted to be asserted against SJC, and  
22 we raised the issue on April 10th.

23 Q That was after -- and let me show you Exhibit 74,  
24 Mr. Bloom.

25 Have you seen this letter before? April 1st, 2020.

1 A Yes.

2 Q And this is the letter you're talking about, about  
3 being put on notice of the interest by CBC into SHAC?

4 A Correct.

5 Q Okay. Now, Mr. Bloom, did SJC, as manager of SHAC,  
6 send out a notice of a capital call to the Antos Trust, CBC,  
7 and its successors recently?

8 A Yes.

9 Q And tell us, when was that done?

10 A I think we sent out a capital call on March 1st.

11 Q And what was the reason for the capital call?

12 THE COURT: March 1st of this year?

13 THE WITNESS: Yeah, I'm sorry. Yes, March 1st of  
14 2021.

15 THE COURT: Thank you.

16 THE WITNESS: The company needed capital. The way  
17 the company's been addressing its cash flow requirements to  
18 make payments under the first and second for the past 12 months  
19 has been by taking a prepayment of rent for several months, by  
20 SJC as tenant, for each month of payment obligations of SHAC.  
21 So SHAC would have to collect, you know, \$30,000 a month to  
22 make \$30,000 in payments. So SJC -- for SJC, \$30,000 in rent  
23 payments is four or five, six months.

24 So we've gotten to the point now where we've  
25 extended -- we've prepaid the lease through the end of the two



1 two-year extensions, and SHAC continues to need money to make  
2 post-petition payments under its obligations to the first and  
3 second. Insurance company -- the insurance was just renewed on  
4 the real property and prepaid for a year. So there's all kinds  
5 of capital requirements.

6 BY MR. GUTIERREZ:

7 Q How much money was being requested?

8 A SJC requested capital contributions of \$100,000,  
9 \$51,000 from SJC as the investor member and \$49,000 from  
10 whoever the Antos Trust successor is for its 49 percent.

11 Q And did you receive a response from -- on behalf of  
12 the SJC parties?

13 A Yes.

14 Q And what was that response?

15 A On March 2nd of 2021, SJC wired its \$51,000 capital  
16 contribution to SHAC.

17 Q And did CBC parties or 5148 or the Antos Trust  
18 provide any money as part of the capital call?

19 A On March 10th, which was the deadline for the capital  
20 call, I got a very pointed letter from Mr. Mushkin that  
21 indicated that they wouldn't -- they would not be participating  
22 in the capital call, and somehow he construed that as -- the  
23 capital call as being a fraud.

24 MR. GUTIERREZ: And, Your Honor, at this time, we'd  
25 move to admit Exhibits 146, 147, and 148, which are the

1 letters.

2 THE COURT: Have you showed them to Mr. Mushkin?

3 MR. GUTIERREZ: Yes, Your Honor. We disclosed them  
4 last week in a supplement and added them to the next set of  
5 exhibits in line.

6 THE COURT: Mr. Mushkin, any objection?

7 MR. MUSHKIN: I object. Beyond the scope and beyond  
8 discovery.

9 THE COURT: They'll be admitted. We've got to give  
10 them electronically to Dulce though.

11 THE CLERK: I have them.

12 THE COURT: Okay. Sweet.

13 (Exhibit Number(s) 146-148 admitted.)

14 THE COURT: So I take it they didn't pay on the  
15 capital call?

16 THE WITNESS: They did not.

17 THE COURT: Okay. That was really all I needed to  
18 know.

19 MR. GUTIERREZ: That's all. Okay. That's it. There  
20 you go. Okay.

21 MR. MUSHKIN: No argument.

22 BY MR. GUTIERREZ:

23 Q So, Mr. Bloom, you were also asked repeatedly about  
24 potential defaults in the forbearance agreement. Did CBC at  
25 any point from 2017 to 2019 ever send you a notice of default?

1           A     No.

2           Q     Did CBC ever contact you from 2017 to 2019 -- ever  
3 talk to you about filing a quiet title action?

4           A     No.

5           Q     And did CBC ever contact you to discuss why the  
6 reserve account was not funded?

7           A     Only at inception and then on renewal when we elected  
8 to -- we weren't able to -- Bank of America wasn't able to open  
9 the kind of account that they wanted, so we just agreed to  
10 prepay CBC and the expenses for the year, which negated the  
11 need for that account.

12          Q     And how would you describe your relationship with CBC  
13 from 2017 to 2019?

14          A     It was good. Alan -- Alan Hallberg was my guest at a  
15 Vegas Golden Knights game, and we would socialize.

16          Q     And were you working together with Mr. Hallberg to  
17 ensure compliance with the agreements?

18          A     Yes.

19          Q     Okay. Were you providing communication with  
20 Mr. Hallberg to update him on the collection efforts  
21 (indiscernible) nonjudgment?

22          A     Yes. Every time there was an update, I would share  
23 it with Alan Hallberg.

24          Q     At any point, did you ever misrepresent the status of  
25 the non-collection efforts to Mr. Hallberg?

1           A     No. I would share with him the updates we got  
2 verbally, and I would share with him documents we received by  
3 e-mail.

4           Q     Mr. Bloom, you were also asked about some renovations  
5 to the property. I think over lunch you were able to find a  
6 repair invoice, is that right, from Home Automation Repair?

7           A     Yes.

8           Q     What was that document?

9           A     That was an estimate or a bill for improvements to  
10 the home early on. The home automation system in the house was  
11 fried by a power surge from construction, is what I was told  
12 was the cause, but nothing worked. So I brought in a home  
13 automation company to effectuate repair and replacement of  
14 components.

15          Q     And when was that?

16          A     I don't remember the dates, but it would be on the --  
17 on the invoices.

18          Q     Okay. And if the invoice stated it was October 5th,  
19 2019, does that sound right?

20          A     Yeah.

21          Q     Okay. And was that paid, that invoice?

22          A     Yes.

23          Q     And do you recall how much the total was for that  
24 invoice?

25          A     There were two invoices. The work was done in two

1 phases. One was in the 50-something thousand and the second  
2 one was 40-something thousand.

3 MR. GUTIERREZ: Okay. Your Honor, we'd move at this  
4 time to admit Exhibit 149, which is the Home Automation Repair  
5 invoices. We found them over lunch and had them disclosed and  
6 sent to Dulce electronically and counsel.

7 MR. MUSHKIN: Your Honor --

8 THE COURT: Have you ever seen them before?

9 MR. MUSHKIN: Your Honor, I have to object. First of  
10 all --

11 THE COURT: No, I'm just asking. The first question  
12 is, have you ever seen them before?

13 MR. MUSHKIN: Never saw them before.

14 THE COURT: Okay.

15 MR. MUSHKIN: When I saw them -- the first time I saw  
16 them, Judge, is when I looked, at lunch, at their filings today  
17 and saw that they had filed it this morning.

18 THE COURT: Okay.

19 MR. GUTIERREZ: The question was asked of Mr. Bloom  
20 during his examination whether he has documents --

21 THE COURT: So he's used it to refresh his  
22 recollection.

23 MR. GUTIERREZ: Yes.

24 THE COURT: We will mark them as offered. We're not  
25 going to mark them as admitted.

1 MR. GUTIERREZ: Fair enough. Thank you, Your Honor.

2 THE COURT: So they're part of the record, and he's  
3 used them to refresh his recollection, which is permissible  
4 even if they weren't disclosed.

5 MR. MUSHKIN: I appreciate that, Your Honor. I'll  
6 just have one follow-up question because there's no --

7 THE COURT: Sure.

8 MR. MUSHKIN: -- proof of payment.

9 THE COURT: Mr. Mushkin, we can argue whatever you  
10 want to argue.

11 BY MR. GUTIERREZ:

12 Q Mr. Bloom, could you just walk us through the status  
13 of the foreclosure notices that you received on the property  
14 from CBC and 5148?

15 A Yes. I believe there was a March 2020 -- was it  
16 March or April -- maybe April 2020 notice of default. That was  
17 rescinded and there was another CBC notice of default that was  
18 issued several months later, subsequent to the note being sold.  
19 So CBC sold its note and then several months later issued  
20 another notice of default.

21 Then there was a 5148 notice of breach and election  
22 to sell. Then there was a 5148 notice of sale. Each of those  
23 notices predicated on the prior. I believe this Court  
24 ordered -- found the notices improper. And then I think 5148  
25 issued, for the first time, a notice of default as the most

1 recent notice. And then there were no subsequent notice of  
2 breaches or notice of sale from 5148. They just wanted to jump  
3 straight to sale without the statutory required notices.

4 Q Is there a pending sale date notice now?

5 A I didn't receive notice, but a marketing firm  
6 contacted me and said that there's a sale date set for  
7 March 30th in about -- what is that, two weeks or something.

8 MR. GUTIERREZ: Thank you, Mr. Bloom. I don't have  
9 any other questions.

10 THE COURT: Anything further?

11 MR. GUTIERREZ: I'm wiping down the...

12 THE COURT: I know. I'm watching you.

13 REDIRECT EXAMINATION

14 BY MR. MUSHKIN:

15 Q Mr. Bloom, have you provided any proof of payment of  
16 this alleged invoice for the home automation system?

17 A The payment was made by credit card --

18 Q Yes-or-no answer. Have you provided any proof of  
19 payment?

20 A I'd have to pull the credit card statement and then  
21 the bank statement paying the credit card to provide that.

22 Q Mr. Bloom, this is much easier than that.

23 Have you provided evidence in this case of payment of  
24 this alleged invoice or -- it says it's a -- the document on  
25 its face is an estimate. It's not even an invoice.

1 But I'm asking you if you have provided evidence to  
2 this Court of your payment of those estimates.

3 A I don't know what's been submitted in the exhibit  
4 pack, but those invoices were paid.

5 MR. MUSHKIN: Your Honor, I have no further questions  
6 of this witness.

7 THE COURT: Thank you.

8 Ramsey --

9 Sir, you can step down.

10 Ramsey, will you close the wipes so they don't dry  
11 out.

12 THE MARSHAL: Yes.

13 THE COURT: Your next witness.

14 MR. MUSHKIN: Mr. Hallberg, would you now dial into  
15 the --

16 THE COURT: So, Mr. Hallberg, we're going to send you  
17 to the video now. So hang up on us on the phone and go --

18 MR. HALLBERG: Okay. Will do.

19 THE COURT: And then we'll talk to you on video in a  
20 minute, sir.

21 MR. HALLBERG: Thank you.

22 THE COURT: All right. Is he your only additional  
23 witness?

24 MR. MUSHKIN: That's it, Judge. Just a few questions  
25 of Mr. Hallberg, and we'll rest.



1 THE COURT: That's fine.

2 And then after Mr. Mushkin goes, are you going to  
3 have a rebuttal case?

4 MR. GUTIERREZ: No, Your Honor.

5 THE COURT: Okay.

6 MR. GUTIERREZ: We can go to closing arguments.

7 (Pause in the proceedings.)

8 THE COURT: Mr. Hallberg, are you there?

9 MR. HALLBERG: Hello. I am here.

10 THE COURT: All right. I've got audio.

11 MR. MUSHKIN: There he is.

12 THE COURT: Now we've got video.

13 It's nice to see you again, sir. Sorry you didn't  
14 want to come back to Vegas.

15 MR. HALLBERG: Oh, I did want to come back.  
16 Mr. Mushkin told me not to come back.

17 THE COURT: Okay. Well, we'll hold him accountable  
18 for that.

19 MR. MUSHKIN: Wait. I want to just take the bus off  
20 of me just for a second. I'm going to push the bus away.

21 THE COURT: Since this is a new day from when you  
22 testified previously, I need you to be re-sworn again. It's my  
23 understanding you've consented to be sworn over the video line;  
24 is that correct?

25 MR. HALLBERG: That's correct.

1 THE COURT: Would you raise your right hand, please.

2 **ALAN HALLBERG**

3 [having been called as a witness and being first duly sworn,  
4 testified as follows:]

5 THE CLERK: Thank you.

6 Please state and spell your name for the record.

7 THE WITNESS: Alan Hallberg, A-l-a-n,  
8 H-a-l-l-b-e-r-g.

9 THE CLERK: Thank you.

10 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Mushkin, you're up.

11 DIRECT EXAMINATION

12 BY MR. MUSHKIN:

13 Q Mr. Hallberg, you heard Mr. Bloom's testimony today;  
14 is that correct?

15 A Yes.

16 Q Do you believe that Mr. Bloom testified truthfully?

17 A No.

18 Q Can you tell me, just quickly, just certain areas  
19 that you think Mr. Bloom was not truthful?

20 A I'll start with a couple. The first is Ken Antos and  
21 I on the introductory call, the first call we had with  
22 Mr. Bloom, it was made clear what the genesis of our loan was  
23 and that this had always started out as a commercial loan. So  
24 that was made aware to Mr. Bloom.

25 Q And just to follow up --

1 A Secondly --

2 Q Sorry. Go ahead.

3 A No, it's okay. Go ahead.

4 Q Just to follow up on that, I would direct your  
5 attention to the forbearance agreement, page 1.

6 A Just a minute, please.

7 Q Paragraph -- oh, I can't use this.

8 THE CLERK: Is that Exhibit 1, Mr. Mushkin?

9 MR. MUSHKIN: Yes. The forbearance agreement is  
10 Exhibit 1. And this is F148 -- "F148" -- 5148 Spanish Heights,  
11 it looks like, five zeros and a one.

12 THE WITNESS: Yes, I've got it.

13 BY MR. MUSHKIN:

14 Q And at paragraph A, subparagraph (1), it discloses  
15 right in there that this is KCI Investments and Preferred  
16 Brands, that the original -- collectively the amended note; is  
17 that correct?

18 A That's correct.

19 Q Go ahead. Now tell me about the second one.

20 A The second one, when we were -- Mr. Bloom and I were  
21 negotiating, you know, we talked about what would happen if the  
22 judgment -- if monies from that judgment were not to come  
23 through that he would not, you know, receive any liquidity.  
24 And Mr. Bloom's answer was: Well, it's simple. We'll form an  
25 LLC. We're going to pledge the equity in the LLC as security

1 for the obligation. So if, you know, there's no liquidity from  
2 this judgment, then the equity in SHAC, you know, reverts to  
3 CBC.

4 Q And it was always your --

5 A And that was always the agreement.

6 Q And it was always your understanding that 100 percent  
7 of the stock in SHAC was pledged pursuant to the pledge  
8 agreement?

9 A Absolutely. Otherwise, we're releasing a portion of  
10 our collateral. There's no way we do that.

11 Q And there was -- you heard Mr. Bloom's testimony, not  
12 only today but I believe at the original motion for preliminary  
13 injunction, where he kept -- he keeps insisting on some legacy  
14 language. Do you recall that testimony?

15 A I recall the testimony, yes.

16 Q Are you aware of any such legacy language?

17 A No.

18 Q Are you aware of any circumstance where the security  
19 agreement in the judgment replaced the pledge of 100 percent  
20 interest in SHAC?

21 A Absolutely not, because you're -- they're apples and  
22 oranges.

23 Q In fact --

24 A The security agreement, you know, is additional  
25 collateral. We, in no way, shape, or form, would release, you

1 know, any portion of that original collateral that we already  
2 have in the form of the third position on a house.

3 Q So but for the pledge agreement, you would not have  
4 allowed the transfer into SHAC; is that fair?

5 A Correct.

6 Q You've seen this notice -- strike that.

7 In the deed of trust itself, there's a waiver of the  
8 one-action rule; is that a fair statement?

9 A Yes, I believe so.

10 Q And it was intentionally drafted that way; correct?

11 A Yes.

12 Q This is a commercial transaction with guarantors and  
13 other collateral; is that fair?

14 A Yes.

15 Q So it would have had to be there; is that -- it would  
16 be logical for it to be there; is that a fair statement?

17 A Yes.

18 Q Now, there's also -- you've heard this testimony of  
19 the merger doctrine. Did the merger doctrine ever come up in  
20 discussions in this case before the case was filed?

21 A No.

22 Q You never discussed merger with Mr. Bloom?

23 A No.

24 Q And so to the best of your knowledge, title has never  
25 rested in either CBC or 5148; is that correct?

1           A     Correct.

2           MR. MUSHKIN: No further questions of this witness,  
3 Your Honor.

4           THE COURT: Cross-examination.

5           Mr. Mushkin, you've got to wipe down. I haven't been  
6 making you do it, but you've got to do it this time. I've got  
7 to have you do it at least once.

8           MR. MUSHKIN: I'm sorry.

9           THE COURT: That's okay. These are the kinder,  
10 gentler wipes, not the bleach ones the county buys.

11          Thank you.

12          MR. MUSHKIN: I want to do like Rudy Gobert and now  
13 go back and touch everything though, which is bad. I'm sorry.  
14 I can't help it. I'm caged up for a year. (Indiscernible).

15          Sorry. I'm losing it here.

16          MR. GUTIERREZ: Just briefly, Your Honor.

17          THE COURT: That's why I set aside a whole week for  
18 you guys.

19          Mr. Gutierrez, would you like to examine  
20 Mr. Hallberg --

21          MR. GUTIERREZ: Just briefly, Your Honor.

22          THE COURT: -- who doesn't have to wear a mask, is  
23 able to be easily understood, and is having a wonderful day not  
24 in the courtroom?

25          MR. MUSHKIN: And whose glasses aren't fogging up.

1 THE WITNESS: Exactly.

2 CROSS-EXAMINATION

3 BY MR. GUTIERREZ:

4 Q Can you hear me and see me, Mr. Hallberg?

5 A Hello?

6 Q Can you hear me and see me, Mr. Hallberg?

7 A Yes, yes.

8 Q Okay. I just have a few questions for you.

9 In 2017, did you ever provide the commercial note  
10 with -- between KCI and the Antoses to Jay Bloom?

11 A I believe I indicated to Mr. Bloom that all the  
12 original documents were available at Vernon Nelson's office.

13 Q My question is, though --

14 A And Mr. Bloom --

15 Q My question, did you provide the actual documents to  
16 Mr. Bloom in 2017?

17 A Not personally, no.

18 Q Okay. Did you ever provide the amendments to the KCI  
19 note to Mr. Bloom in 2017?

20 A I don't recall. I believe all the documents are with  
21 Mr. Nelson who Mr. Bloom already knows and had a relationship  
22 with.

23 Q My question was, did you send them, though,  
24 Mr. Hallberg? Did you ever send --

25 A I don't believe so.

1 Q Do you have any proof of sending those documents to  
2 Mr. Bloom?

3 A I -- I don't remember.

4 Q Now, you testified previously about the equity in the  
5 pledge agreement for CBC. You were asked some questions about  
6 that. Do you recall that?

7 A Yes.

8 Q Why was that -- why wasn't CBC placed in the pledge  
9 agreement for the equity to revert to CBC as opposed to the  
10 Antoses?

11 A I don't understand your question. Can you please  
12 rephrase it?

13 Q Sure will.

14 Was it your understanding in the pledge agreement  
15 that CBC would obtain the equity from SJC?

16 A That's my understanding, yes.

17 Q And you testified that the security agreement  
18 involving the First 100 judgment was additional collateral; is  
19 that correct?

20 A Yes, yes.

21 Q Okay. Why wasn't SJC a signatory to that pledge  
22 agreement if it was pledging its collateral to CBC?

23 A I -- I -- I don't know. I did not draft the  
24 agreement. An attorney did.

25 MR. GUTIERREZ: Thank you, Your Honor. No further



1 questions.

2 THE COURT: Anything else, Mr. Mushkin?

3 MR. MUSHKIN: No, Your Honor.

4 Defendant/counter-claimant rests.

5 THE COURT: Thank you, sir. You can call us back on  
6 the phone if you'd like.

7 THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.

8 THE COURT: All right. Okay. So Mr. Mushkin's  
9 rested.

10 Okay. Now, Mr. Mushkin, are you certain that every  
11 exhibit you want in is in?

12 MR. MUSHKIN: I believe so, Your Honor.

13 THE COURT: Okay.

14 MR. MUSHKIN: I believe all the exhibits are in.

15 THE COURT: No, not all the exhibits are in.

16 MR. MUSHKIN: Well, then the only thing that I  
17 believe are not in are the discovery responses.

18 THE CLERK: (Indiscernible.)

19 MR. MUSHKIN: It's not at issue today. The only  
20 thing that was not in is the calculation, and that's not at  
21 issue today, Judge.

22 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Mr. Gutierrez, do you  
23 have any additional evidence to present at this time?

24 MR. GUTIERREZ: No, Your Honor.

25 THE COURT: Okay. Before you start arguing, because

1 I have no life, during the lunch hour, I pulled the first  
2 amended complaint where SJC Ventures is a plaintiff and went  
3 through the allegations. And if you need a short break while  
4 you do this, let me know.

5 As part of our discussions today under the five areas  
6 that are stipulated to be discussed, understanding there is an  
7 avenue of discussion about the impact of what I should be doing  
8 given the bankruptcy status, what claims for relief in your  
9 amended complaint related to SJC are impacted by A, the five  
10 stipulated items?

11 And if you need a few minutes to sit and look at your  
12 amended complaint, please do it. Because I'm going to turn to  
13 Mr. Mushkin now, and say, "Mr. Mushkin, I still don't have a  
14 life and printed your counterclaim over the lunch hour. And  
15 for those that are not related directly to Spanish Hills [sic],  
16 can you identify for me the claims for relief in your  
17 counterclaim that are?"

18 And do you have your counterclaim with you?

19 MR. MUSHKIN: We'll have the claims in just a moment,  
20 Judge.

21 THE COURT: Okay. So I'm going to step away --

22 MR. MUSHKIN: Thank you, Your Honor.

23 THE COURT: -- for a minute so you guys don't feel  
24 pressured to hurry, that you can take your time to make sure  
25 you can frame it. It's only 2:00 o'clock so we've got plenty

1 of time to do arguments.

2 Do you anticipate being done with argument today?

3 MR. GUTIERREZ: I don't think I'll be more than  
4 20 minutes, Your Honor.

5 MR. MUSHKIN: I don't think I'll be much more than a  
6 half an hour, Judge.

7 THE COURT: Well, I'm going to then go offer my  
8 courtroom to the kind folks in Department 18.

9 (Pause in the proceedings.)

10 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Gutierrez, you're first.

11 (Pause in the proceedings.)

12 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Gutierrez, you're first.

13 MR. GUTIERREZ: Your Honor, we went through the first  
14 amended complaint to I think -- so the question was which  
15 claims would --

16 THE COURT: Remember, we advanced the trial and the  
17 matter for stipulated issues. There were five stipulated  
18 issues. I'm just trying to make sure that since I'm dealing  
19 with SJC as the party who is not in bankruptcy that I make sure  
20 that I'm in the right causes of action from your perspective.

21 MR. GUTIERREZ: Okay. In walking through each one of  
22 these causes of action, Your Honor, I think all of them --

23 THE COURT: So we don't have to worry about 1. We're  
24 not worrying about 1.

25 MR. GUTIERREZ: 1 would apply to SHAC.

1 THE COURT: But we are not worrying about 1.

2 MR. GUTIERREZ: Understood.

3 THE COURT: Because it wasn't part of what was part  
4 of the stipulation.

5 MR. GUTIERREZ: The same with Number 2.

6 THE COURT: Okay.

7 MR. GUTIERREZ: Number 3 has to do with the  
8 one-action rule, but it's our position that obviously affects  
9 SHAC and also the property.

10 THE COURT: Well, it says plaintiffs. So...

11 MR. GUTIERREZ: It does. Well, it does.

12 THE COURT: It does.

13 MR. GUTIERREZ: That's been my objection all along,  
14 that we have two plaintiffs, and one which is Spanish Heights  
15 Acquisition Company and the other in SJC Ventures Holdings that  
16 can have a cause of action; however, one is a bankrupt party.  
17 And I understand Your Honor's position in trying to effectuate  
18 a ruling on the nonbankrupt party, but I still think it'll  
19 affect SHAC and its property, and that's been our that we've  
20 maintained.

21 THE COURT: Okay.

22 MR. GUTIERREZ: So and that was one of the issues  
23 that's outlined in the five points, the application of the  
24 one-action rule.

25 THE COURT: Okay.

1           MR. GUTIERREZ: The fourth cause of action has to do  
2 with the doctrine of merger, which is also part of the  
3 stipulation for this hearing, Your Honor. And I believe that  
4 one also applies to SHAC property the same way the third cause  
5 of action would.

6           THE COURT: Okay. And it's alleged by plaintiffs.  
7 So I understand your position.

8           MR. GUTIERREZ: The fifth cause of action discusses  
9 the manager of SHAC is SJC Ventures --

10          THE COURT: Right.

11          MR. GUTIERREZ: -- and the declaratory relief. I  
12 don't believe that was subject to the terms of this hearing,  
13 Your Honor.

14          THE COURT: I didn't see that as part of our  
15 stipulation.

16          MR. GUTIERREZ: No. So I don't know that that would  
17 apply to the terms of this proceeding.

18          The sixth cause of action is the restraining order  
19 that I don't believe applied here as well.

20          THE COURT: Well, it does because we are in an  
21 injunctive relief hearing.

22          MR. GUTIERREZ: Well, I don't know if this one  
23 applied differently to -- yeah, okay. So this one would apply  
24 here, Your Honor, Cause of Action Number 6.

25          THE COURT: Okay.

1 MR. GUTIERREZ: Cause of Action Number 7 is regarding  
2 the Antos's trust assignment of membership interest and  
3 references the merger doctrine, paragraph 102.

4 THE COURT: So that's D. Okay.

5 MR. GUTIERREZ: The eighth cause of action we don't  
6 believe applies at this stage, Your Honor, which is a breach of  
7 the forbearance agreement against CBC.

8 THE COURT: Okay.

9 MR. GUTIERREZ: Same with 9, which is a breach of the  
10 implied covenant related to the same contract.

11 THE COURT: Okay.

12 MR. GUTIERREZ: Number 10 and Number 11 and Number 12  
13 all relate to Dacia.

14 THE COURT: Okay.

15 MR. GUTIERREZ: And I don't believe they apply here  
16 as well.

17 THE COURT: We're not on that yet.

18 Contribution also not. That's 12.

19 MR. GUTIERREZ: Yes. That's correct.

20 THE COURT: Okay. All right. So now that I've  
21 disrupted your argument, if you'd like to go to your argument.

22 And then, Mr. Mushkin, when it's your turn to argue,  
23 I'll ask you to go through the same process with me.

24 MR. GUTIERREZ: Closing argument, Your Honor?

25 THE COURT: Yes, please.

1 MR. GUTIERREZ: Thank you.

2 **CLOSING ARGUMENT FOR THE PLAINTIFFS**

3 MR. GUTIERREZ: Your Honor, I think we've already  
4 made our position clear on the actual position that we are  
5 taking with the stay. I don't need to reiterate that. And,  
6 I'm glad Your Honor went through each claim; that was where I  
7 was going to start as to what -- so we had some clarification  
8 what we believed was going forward.

9 But, Your Honor, I think we started this case, this  
10 hearing with going with five discrete issues that Your Honor  
11 was going to look at for purposes of the defenses that were  
12 raised to the foreclosure and part of the motion for  
13 preliminary injunction.

14 The first one, Your Honor, was contractual  
15 interpretation, validity of the secured promissory note between  
16 CBC, KCI and all modifications. Early on, Your Honor, I think  
17 we started this on February 1st, and we heard from Ken Antos  
18 and Alan Hallberg that day. They both testified that the note  
19 was never amended to add Antos trust, the owner of the  
20 property, as a borrower. They added Preferred Restaurants  
21 Brand as an additional borrower but never the Antos trust.

22 We heard from Mr. Hallberg today that those documents  
23 were never sent to Mr. Bloom. And we'll get to that later.

24 But with the note never amended to add the Antos  
25 trust as a guarantor prior to the issuance of the deed of

1 trust, the notes, the amendments and the guarantees were all  
2 drafted by CBC.

3 Alan Hallberg testified that he had over 30 years of  
4 experience with promissory notes and guarantees. Any ambiguity  
5 should be construed against the drafter.

6 Antos testified he no longer -- that he had no legal  
7 counsel to advise him during this transaction. And there is  
8 and never was an obligation of the Antos trust for which the  
9 Antoses could secure a deed of trust as a pledgor.

10 There is also no guarantee by the Antos trust that  
11 coincides with the deed of trust. Mr. Bloom testified about  
12 this as well, that the consent and the reaffirmation of the  
13 guarantee never occurred.

14 The second issue, Your Honor, goes to the  
15 interpretation and validity of the third position deed of  
16 trust, including the modifications and whether consideration  
17 was provided. Your Honor, for this issue, you have to look at  
18 the timing of when the deed of trust was issued in December of  
19 '14 and what guarantee was provided by the Antos trust at that  
20 time. And the testimony was there was nothing. Even Alan  
21 Hallberg testified that the December 2014 document signed by  
22 the Antos trust was not a guarantee.

23 When you look at the validity of the deed of trust,  
24 Your Honor, you have to look at the purpose of a deed of trust,  
25 which is (indiscernible) a deed or legal title, and the



1 property is transferred to a trustee which holds that as  
2 security to a borrowing lender.

3           There's no debt for the Antos trust at the time the  
4 deed of trust was issued.

5           The third position deed of trust issued on December  
6 29th, 2014.

7           The amended deed of trust was issued on December  
8 19th, 2016.

9           It's undisputed there is no other deeds of trust  
10 issued following these dates or no other obligation that was  
11 created for these -- for this deed of trust.

12           The first obligation is created September 2017, which  
13 brings us to our point, Your Honor. This is an unsecured debt  
14 by the Antos trust. That's been our position. We're not  
15 saying the money is not owed. We're just saying there is no  
16 guarantee to protect the debt that was signed.

17           Your Honor heard evidence of a lack of consideration  
18 for the deed of trust: There was testimony of Ken Antos on  
19 behalf of the deed of the Antos trust; also testimony of Alan  
20 Hallberg of CBC who said no benefit was conferred to the Antos  
21 trust to pledge the deed of trust on the property; no money was  
22 exchanged with the Antos trust.

23           And, Your Honor, that brings us to our third issue  
24 which is the contractual interpretation or validity of the  
25 forbearance agreement, the amended forbearance agreement and

1 all contracts associated to that.

2           The September 27, 2017, forbearance agreement,  
3 Exhibit 1, Your Honor, it's predicated, you know, upon a  
4 misrepresentation that there was a third mortgage, and that was  
5 covered during Mr. Bloom's testimony.

6           The issue of whether CBC breached first will be dealt  
7 with at another date, but that is a position that the SJC will  
8 be taking in this case.

9           The December 1st, 2019, amended forbearance  
10 agreement states CBC was to pay the first and second mortgage  
11 on the property. CBC, Your Honor, it's our position breached  
12 these agreements when it failed to make the payments to the  
13 first and second lien holders in January, February, March of  
14 2020.

15           The fourth issue, Your Honor, is whether the doctrine  
16 of merger applies to the claims in this case. We've got cases  
17 we've cited, Your Honor, in our briefing and proposed findings  
18 of facts and conclusions of law. It is *First National Bank*  
19 *versus Kreig*, K-r-e-i-g, 32 P 641. The Nevada courts have held  
20 that when legal title and equitable title is held by the same  
21 person those interests merge. Your Honor, it's our position  
22 that the doctrine of merger extinguished the note when the  
23 noteholder CBC took an equitable position in the collateral at  
24 the time the Antoses transferred their interest in SHAC to CBC  
25 in April of 2020.

1 CBC knew at this inception -- knew this as at the  
2 inception, as the evidence initially showed that CBC was  
3 intended to be and actually was an equity holder and then  
4 resigned its membership interest precisely because of the  
5 doctrine of merger issues. And Mr. Hallberg testified about  
6 that back in February.

7 CBC can't be a borrower and lender under the same  
8 deal. The interests merged in April of 2020 when CBC acquired  
9 the Antos trust interest in SHAC.

10 And, Your Honor, there has also been no evidence of  
11 any intent to disclaim the merger doctrine by any party. Both  
12 Mr. Antos and Mr. Hallberg testified they had no idea what the  
13 doctrine of merger even was.

14 And, finally, Your Honor, going to the one-action  
15 rule, the one-action rule prevents foreclosure as the lender  
16 CBC already elected its remedy in taking possession of an  
17 equitable interest in SHAC. CBC exercised equitable rights  
18 when it selected the remedy of obtaining legal title to the  
19 property. The one-action rule in Nevada is codified in  
20 NRS 40.430. And, Your Honor, it's our position the one-action  
21 rule in this case would prevent foreclosure as the lender CBC  
22 already elected its remedy to take possession. So, Your Honor,  
23 CBC cannot take possession of the house or interest in the  
24 house and also pursue a foreclosure action.

25 Mr. Hallberg testified that CBC owned 49 percent

1 interest in SHAC. And it's our position CBC could look to the  
2 Antoses or the Antos trust or KCI for any deficiencies.

3 We've discussed, Your Honor, that there has been no  
4 waiver of the one-action rule. And under NRS 40.495,  
5 Subsection (5), the one-action rule may not be waived by a  
6 guarantor if the mortgage or lien under Section D is secured by  
7 real property upon which the owner maintains the owner's  
8 principal residence, there is not more than one residential  
9 structure, and not more than four families reside.

10 Mr. Bloom testified that he is the only family living  
11 at this property, the 5148 property. And it's his principal  
12 place of residence. So therefore, Your Honor, this exception  
13 to NRS 40.495, Subsection (5), would apply, that there couldn't  
14 be a waiver of this statute.

15 Your Honor, in conclusion, the defendants have  
16 remedies, like we said. They just don't like the remedies they  
17 have. We're asking the Court to find the note is valid with  
18 the exception of the attempt to incorporate the property as  
19 security in that note. So the forbearance agreement and  
20 amended forbearance agreement are not valid with respect to the  
21 attempt to incorporate the invalid third position deed of trust  
22 into that agreement.

23 And, alternatively, if the Antos trust is found to be  
24 liable as a guaranty for the KCI debt, that the merger doctrine  
25 applies for the reasons we stated, and the one-action rule

1 would prevent any foreclosure.

2 Your Honor, if you have any questions, especially in  
3 light of the bankruptcy and clarifying the position, I'd be  
4 more than happy to answer any questions from Your Honor.

5 THE COURT: So basically it's your position with  
6 respect to the merger doctrine that the proceeding under the  
7 pledge agreement to obtain the 49 percent interest in Spanish  
8 Hills -- Heights --

9 MR. GUTIERREZ: Heights. Heights.

10 THE COURT: -- Spanish Heights acted as an ownership  
11 interest in the real property itself rather than an ownership  
12 interest in an LLC?

13 MR. MUSHKIN: Yeah. And I understand --

14 THE COURT: So why on earth would anybody ever set up  
15 an LLC to own property then?

16 MR. GUTIERREZ: Well, I believe there's provisions --  
17 there's circumstances they can. Because if you're going to set  
18 up an -- well, why they would do it was for a number of  
19 reasons: To protect themselves from liability, from -- any  
20 number of reasons. They have multiple people as owners and  
21 have that documented properly. But I think --

22 THE COURT: A lot like First 100, huh?

23 MR. MUSHKIN: First 100, that's a --

24 THE COURT: (Indiscernible) know that.

25 MR. GUTIERREZ: First --

1 THE COURT: Sorry.

2 MR. MUSHKIN: So, but it is. But you think about  
3 whether when they go to take a specific action and they acquire  
4 equity versus -- versus actually going in and saying, well, you  
5 know -- because what happened here, I believe, is that they --  
6 once they acquired the equity interest, they chose that  
7 particular remedy, and their interests merged. And I don't  
8 believe that they have the ability to now go ahead and say  
9 we're going to foreclose and move forward with that provision.

10 THE COURT: So you're essentially asking me to ignore  
11 the separateness of the LLC then and find that it is a direct  
12 ownership interest even if it's only a partial interest?

13 MR. GUTIERREZ: No. I believe that -- I believe  
14 that -- no, we're not asking that all.

15 THE COURT: Okay.

16 MR. GUTIERREZ: We're not saying that. We're not  
17 saying to ignore any corporate formalities. We're saying that  
18 there was a reason why CBC did not want to be on the initial  
19 pledge agreement to have an interest in the property, and that  
20 reason was because of concerns of merging equity and their  
21 debt. And they can't be a lender and the actual owner at the  
22 same time is what we're saying unless -- and there was no clear  
23 waiver of that issue it's our position.

24 THE COURT: Okay.

25 MR. GUTIERREZ: I believe that had things been

1 done -- this is a sloppy transaction. If you go back to look  
2 at the history, I think that's undisputed. You're having a  
3 commercial loan that's never disclosed, 10 amendments that are  
4 never disclosed. And you get to the position where now, CBC,  
5 the one change they have, the one material change they have is  
6 to make sure that they are not included as both a lender and  
7 the equity holder.

8 And then when they go and exercise that option on  
9 April 2020, well, now they become both. Unless the doctrine of  
10 merger is clearly waived, which parties do that routinely, then  
11 they -- those interests merge is our position.

12 THE COURT: Okay.

13 MR. GUTIERREZ: Because you can't be an equity holder  
14 and a borrower on the same note.

15 Any questions, Your Honor, about the bankruptcy?  
16 Anything about it related to procedurally?

17 THE COURT: No.

18 MR. GUTIERREZ: I still haven't heard anything from  
19 the bankruptcy court as we sit here today. So...

20 THE COURT: We're going to do what we're going to do,  
21 and I'm going to try real hard to navigate what I am allowed to  
22 do.

23 MR. GUTIERREZ: Understood. Thank you, Your Honor,  
24 for your time and for getting us back in.

25 THE COURT: Okay.

1 Mr. Mushkin.

2 **CLOSING ARGUMENT FOR THE DEFENSE**

3 MR. MUSHKIN: Your Honor, I'd like to thank you first  
4 and foremost for advancing the trial on the merits to the time  
5 of the preliminary injunction. What you've done is put the  
6 plaintiff on the spot, and I appreciate that.

7 Plaintiffs carry the burden --

8 THE COURT: Well, before you start, I need you --

9 MR. MUSHKIN: Oh, I'm sorry. I have it right here.

10 THE COURT: -- to go through the counterclaim.

11 MR. MUSHKIN: I'm sorry. I have it right here.

12 THE COURT: I made Mr. Gutierrez go through it. I'm  
13 going to make you do the same thing.

14 MR. MUSHKIN: Breach of contract, forbearance  
15 agreement; breach of covenant and good faith, forbearance  
16 agreement; breach of fiduciary duty --

17 THE COURT: Not part of this. It's not part of this;  
18 right?

19 MR. MUSHKIN: No, they are. This is against SJCv.

20 THE COURT: No. But I mean which -- under my five  
21 categories, breach of the contract --

22 MR. MUSHKIN: Breach of the forbearance agreement  
23 would be affected by finding that the forbearance agreement is  
24 a binding obligation.

25 THE COURT: So you're asking me to include that under



1 the contractual interpretation and/or validity of the  
2 underlying secured promissory note?

3 MR. MUSHKIN: And that would be first cause of  
4 action, the second cause of action.

5 THE COURT: Okay.

6 MR. MUSHKIN: And then the unlawful detainer, fraud  
7 in the inducement and abusive process would not be affected at  
8 this time.

9 And then the breach of fiduciary duty, breach of the  
10 operating agreement, breach of the good faith and fair dealing  
11 of the operating agreement, breach of the pledge agreement,  
12 breach of covenant and fair dealing of the pledge agreement  
13 would all be affected as would -- and I suppose the dec relief  
14 at the end is also affected.

15 Unjust enrichment is a damage claim.

16 THE COURT: Okay. So for your part, I am looking at,  
17 just so I'm clear, my first three items were connected with  
18 your first and second claims for relief?

19 MR. MUSHKIN: Yes, ma'am.

20 THE COURT: Okay. And the rest of them are matters  
21 to handle some other date with a different fact finder maybe.

22 MR. MUSHKIN: The other breach of contract claims  
23 would also be affected because the agreements are part of the  
24 forbearance agreement. It has all those attachments and  
25 exhibits. So all of those -- the operating agreement, pledge

1 agreement and the good faith and fair dealing -- all flow out  
2 of the same thing.

3 THE COURT: But not the breach of the good faith and  
4 fair dealing; right? Those were later.

5 MR. MUSHKIN: As to SJCv, sure.

6 THE COURT: Well, even as to my -- that wasn't part  
7 of the scope of my -- breach of covenant of good faith and fair  
8 dealing was not --

9 MR. MUSHKIN: I took your question to mean how  
10 will -- do those five issues affect those causes of action, and  
11 I'm saying that those five issues affect causes of action that  
12 I've set forth: The fiduciary duty, operating agreement; good  
13 faith and fair dealing, operating agreement; breach of  
14 contract, pledge agreement; breach of good faith and fair  
15 dealing, pledge agreement. Because they are all attachments to  
16 the forbearance agreement.

17 THE COURT: Okay.

18 MR. MUSHKIN: Okay. So now, wow, have we heard some  
19 testimony, Judge. It's the plaintiffs' burden to show that  
20 they have a likelihood of success on the merits of their claim  
21 with competent and admissible evidence. I will submit to the  
22 Court that they have failed to do that.

23 MR. GUTIERREZ: Excuse me, Counsel.

24 Your Honor, I don't mean to interrupt. I just wanted  
25 or maybe ask counsel what did he -- was he also going to look

1 through the Antoses' --

2 THE COURT: No. We didn't --

3 MR. GUTIERREZ: -- answer and counterclaim?

4 THE COURT: No.

5 MR. GUTIERREZ: Okay. I just wanted to make sure  
6 that wasn't part of it.

7 THE COURT: I'm not doing the Antoses. They have a  
8 summary judgment motion on Friday.

9 MR. GUTIERREZ: Okay. All right.

10 THE COURT: Because I wanted to finish the evidence  
11 in here before I decide.

12 MR. MUSHKIN: So, Your Honor, I think that you have a  
13 pretty easy course to follow. Because if you look at the parol  
14 evidence rule, I believe that all of Mr. Bloom's testimony  
15 should be eliminated from consideration. He hasn't raised one  
16 issue, one, he hasn't pointed to one document that isn't  
17 excluded by the parol evidence rule.

18 Your Honor, I'm troubled by some of the pleadings in  
19 this case. I pointed out to you in a prior motion that counsel  
20 had challenged the authenticity of the documents in their  
21 pleading. When I deposed Mr. Bloom, no challenge to the  
22 authenticity. I have a problem with that, Judge. So if there  
23 is no problem with the authenticity to the documents, there has  
24 been no claim that they were vague or ambiguous, and all of  
25 this nonsense from Mr. Bloom should not be brought into the

1 record. It should not be considered.

2           Plaintiffs challenge the deed of trust that was in  
3 place years before Mr. Bloom's arrival, and they claim a lack  
4 of consideration somehow. Yet both Mr. Antos and Mr. Hallberg  
5 testified that they got exactly what was anticipated.  
6 Mr. Bloom -- I mean, sorry, Mr. Antos was able to liquidate  
7 other collateral, and he replaced it with this. He received  
8 additional funding, and he put up additional collateral.  
9 Pretty straightforward stuff.

10           And even if there were a problem, it would not be a  
11 defense that Mr. Bloom can put forward because Mr. Bloom in the  
12 forbearance agreement contracted with the Antoses to pay that  
13 debt, contracted with CBC to pay that debt. He does not come  
14 before you and say that a single number is wrong. He just  
15 somehow claims that he doesn't have to pay.

16           Plaintiff is fully aware that this is a commercial  
17 loan, and I pointed out to the very first document the very  
18 first page. This individual has filed false declarations. He  
19 has testified falsely before this Court with reckless intent.  
20 He knows better. On the very first page.

21           Somehow this plaintiff would have to prove that the  
22 loan made to a restaurant and guaranteed by the Antoses is  
23 somehow invalid. They just argued that it's not invalid, but  
24 the deed of trust is invalid. It's the most -- they have no  
25 law, no fact. They just want to say it over and over again.

1           Plaintiffs' claims have been a moving target. When  
2 he testified on May 20th last year, he knew it was a commercial  
3 transaction, hadn't even come up with this crazy defense yet,  
4 just wanted to stop an eviction that hadn't been filed.

5           We sent a letter, Judge, that asked for information  
6 that was due, and they said, no, there can't be a default.  
7 You're not allowed. That's their counsel that did that, Judge,  
8 Mr. Gutierrez's office. But somehow they want to testify that  
9 Mr. Gutierrez wasn't his attorney even though all the emails,  
10 all of the back-and-forth, I'm going to circle back with  
11 Mr. Gutierrez. I would suggest to the Court that Mr. Bloom has  
12 perjured himself again.

13           First they wanted dec relief. Then they argued  
14 merger and one-action rule. Now they have fraud and  
15 misrepresentation. So they just can't have any of those claims  
16 without clear and convincing evidence.

17           To make a claim of fraud or misrepresentation, they  
18 have to have clear and convincing evidence. They can't even  
19 tell you what somebody did or didn't do. They want to tell you  
20 that they didn't know it was a commercial loan when it's on the  
21 first page of the first forbearance agreement. Just  
22 unbelievable.

23           Your Honor, we pointed out where the one-action rule  
24 had been waived in writing.

25           Mr. Bloom may reside in the house, but SHAC doesn't

1 reside in the house. The Antos trust didn't reside in the  
2 house. And SJCV doesn't reside in the house. Mr. Bloom does.  
3 So all of these machinations are just that. They're just an  
4 attempt to steal the house. That's what this is. They don't  
5 want to pay.

6 The merger doctrine, Your Honor, does not apply to  
7 this case because, as you've pointed out, title is held by an  
8 LLC, and no one but the LLC is of title. So taking stock in an  
9 LLC does not -- does not cause the merger doctrine to apply.

10 I took testimony from Mr. Hallberg. Did he intend to  
11 merge? No, of course not. And the Nevada law is pretty clear.  
12 The creditor has to intend if he wants a merger to take place,  
13 and they clearly didn't.

14 If the merger doctrine applied as Mr. Gutierrez wants  
15 this Court to believe, then if I have an interest in the debt  
16 of MGM and I own stock in MGM, then the merger doctrine would  
17 apply to there as well. It's just a preposterous argument.  
18 There's no basis in the law. There is no basis in fact. They  
19 cannot show that equitable title. They can show that a  
20 beneficial interest, but they cannot show that an interest in  
21 title passed. No interest in title has changed.

22 Now, as I said earlier, this somehow claim that there  
23 was a misrepresentation to them, there simply is no evidence,  
24 and there's certainly no clear and convincing evidence. So any  
25 likelihood of success based upon that claim is completely

1 without merit.

2           What did the evidence show? Well, Judge, it's pretty  
3 straightforward. And I want to specifically point out that  
4 through the course of this, these proceedings, Mr. Bloom has  
5 stood before this Court and ignored his obligation to the Antos  
6 parties. The forbearance agreement is with three folks: The  
7 Antos parties, CBC and SJCV. So he not only owes the  
8 obligations set forth in the note and deed of trust; he made a  
9 separate promise to the Antos parties to pay the debt. And  
10 it's that promise that gave him occupancy of the house. That's  
11 how he got possession. That promise was an inducement to CBC I  
12 to allow the transfer of the property from the Antos trust to  
13 SHAC. But for that promise, Mr. Bloom has nothing.

14           Mr. Bloom in his deposition and even I believe in  
15 front of the Court, I think I counted them for you, there were  
16 50 some occasions where Mr. Bloom testified -- refused to  
17 answer my question and said that the documents speak for  
18 themselves. I'm sorry. It was 26 times. And he couldn't  
19 recall answers to my question on 51 occasions, including who  
20 his attorney was.

21           Your Honor, the relief that I request of this Court  
22 is real simple. We want you to deny the preliminary  
23 injunction, vacate the TRO, find that the notice of default and  
24 election to sell are adequate notice, and find that the note  
25 and deed of trust are valid and enforceable as a commercial

1 obligation.

2 Court's indulgence for just a minute.

3 We have five issues: Contractual interpretation,  
4 secured promissory note; contractual interpretation, the deed  
5 of trust; contractual interpretation, forbearance agreement and  
6 amended forbearance agreement; doctrine of merger; one-action  
7 rule.

8 So here's what the evidence does show, Judge. The  
9 evidence shows and has been admitted to show that in 2010  
10 Mr. Antos started a business relationship and ultimately  
11 transferred the real property to the Antos trust.

12 In 2012, KCI Investments and -- entered into the  
13 secured promissory note with CBC Partners. That's June of '12.  
14 The note was guaranteed by the Antoses. The note was modified  
15 a number of times, including modifications that added the  
16 trust, on three separate occasions. Exhibit --

17 (Pause in the proceedings.)

18 THE COURT: Sorry.

19 MR. MUSHKIN: No problem.

20 THE COURT: Keep going.

21 MR. MUSHKIN: Exhibit 26 is the first modification  
22 that references the trust.

23 Exhibit 34 authorizes the deed of trust.

24 And Exhibit 50 is a consent and reaffirmation and  
25 even a release of any other prior problem, and it adds the -- I



1 want to make sure I give you the right cite -- the trust as a  
2 creditor.

3 Court's indulgence just a second.

4 Yes. And that is Exhibit 50, Section 8, of the  
5 agreement, applicable as though the trust were a credit party.

6 And, again, these are all documents -- this is about  
7 2016 -- that happened well before Mr. Bloom arrives on the  
8 site.

9 So the security agreement not only granted a security  
10 interest in a settlement agreement but also concerned  
11 representations and warranties and covenants of the Antos  
12 parties, including that they would not sell or encumber the  
13 property without further consent.

14 KCI was acquired by Preferred Brands International.  
15 That's why you see their name that appears.

16 The note was assumed by Dixie, and the Antos party  
17 continuing to guarantee the obligation.

18 On October 31st of '14, a seventh modification and  
19 waiver of default was entered into. That's Exhibit 33.  
20 Paragraph 18F of the seventh modification sets forth the living  
21 trust and any amendments thereto. So the notion that there is  
22 not adequate documentation or disclosure is clearly belied by  
23 the documents themselves.

24 And then I think I've referenced that Exhibit 34 has  
25 the certificate of trust which sets forth the specific

1 authority, and the certificate of trust provides various  
2 representations and warranties regarding the effect and the  
3 validity of the deed of trust.

4           We've talked about the other notes and deeds of trust  
5 on the property, and I think it's important for the Court to  
6 look at the two, if you will, smoking guns, Judge. It's the  
7 July 17th email from Bloom. And it is a part of Exhibit 104,  
8 specifically page thirty-six, eighteen. And it's pretty clear.  
9 He invented this deal. SHAC is created to allow the --  
10 facilitate him to pay off CBC I.

11           And most important, at the fourth to the last  
12 paragraph,

13                       My thought is that this proposal gets  
14                       the third lender a full recovery of its note  
15                       balance plus all protective advances, past  
16                       and future, interim cash flow and provides  
17                       interim additional full collateral where  
18                       given the current value of the property the  
19                       third-position lender is currently unsecured.

20           Mr. Bloom knew exactly what he was doing. He knew  
21 that KCI was the lender. He designed this process, and now he  
22 falsely testifies before this Court in an attempt to avoid  
23 payment. Pure and simple.

24           As a part of the forbearance agreement, both the  
25 original forbearance agreement and the amended forbearance

1 agreement, both the Antos parties and SJCV acknowledge the  
2 debt, acknowledge that there were no defaults by CBC and  
3 receive the benefit of the forbearance.

4 Mr. Bloom doesn't understand. He got what he  
5 bargained for. He got possession of the house. He got  
6 forbearance. And when the lender decided that a forbearance of  
7 two years and another three months -- the whole thing is almost  
8 three years because he took possession in August even though  
9 the document isn't executed until September, and he doesn't  
10 start paying until the first of the year because he gets  
11 90 days for nothing, in spite of all of that time, he's not  
12 ready to pay. March 31. And when he's told no more  
13 extensions, now he starts making accusations.

14 The veracity of Mr. Bloom is what we have to deal  
15 with, Judge. I appreciate that you wouldn't grant my 50(b)  
16 motion. I went and read the case. And if you have to take a  
17 look at Mr. Bloom and his veracity, 50(b) isn't the appropriate  
18 remedy.

19 I probably shouldn't have questioned him at all, but  
20 I did, and now he has proven himself to be untruthful over and  
21 over, intentionally, again and again. It cannot be by  
22 accident. His refusal to answer questions yes or no, his  
23 attitude on the stand and gloating when I couldn't find KCI at  
24 first. Oh, it wasn't in the document. Imagine that. Page 1,  
25 paragraph A1, KCI, not Mr. Antos is the maker of the note, KCI.

1 Comes before this Court and lies within impunity.

2           So now we go through the documents. We get the  
3 forbearance agreement executed. Again, they affirm no default.  
4 They don't dispute the amount. The only dispute they have is  
5 that somehow the trust was not allowed to give this collateral.

6           So now let's take a look at the pledge agreement  
7 because the allegation is that they didn't sign it. Well, if  
8 you look at that signature page, SHAC didn't sign it either.  
9 It says SHAC, but it doesn't say SJCVC as manager. It says Jay  
10 Bloom. Jay Bloom is the manager of SJCVC, not the manager of  
11 SHAC. However, as the Court is well aware, under Nevada law  
12 you can ratify these types of defects, and that's exactly what  
13 they did first in the forbearance agreement, which had all of  
14 this stuff attached to it, and then in the amended forbearance  
15 agreement two years later. They acknowledge a hundred percent  
16 pledge.

17           He comes before this Court and says, No, that's  
18 legacy language.

19           Do you have any evidence of that?

20           No.

21           Got no evidence. This Court must deal with the  
22 evidence before it. The evidence before it is Mr. Bloom didn't  
23 tell the truth. Those agreements are binding.

24           Now, let's talk about First 100 just for a minute. I  
25 took the time to go through email after email of Mr. Bloom

1 telling Mr. Hallberg that he was going to pay him, but somehow,  
2 even though the document was executed -- everything will be  
3 done next week. We sold this. We found this -- not a dime.  
4 Not one dime has this man paid as contracted.

5 And I hope after all this evidence that you've heard,  
6 Judge, it will put you in a position to grant summary judgment  
7 for the Antos parties because the Antos parties didn't get  
8 anything they bargained for. Zip. Mr. Bloom got what he  
9 wanted.

10 No tax returns, no reports, no quiet title, no  
11 repairs, the lien, the health and safety lien, over and over  
12 again, item after item, no performance. And it's admitted. He  
13 admits it. Didn't do it.

14 So the notices, Judge, Mr. Bloom received more than  
15 the statutory notice that he's required. All that is required  
16 of this loan is under the nonresidential portion because  
17 Mr. Bloom is not the maker or the obligor, and he's the  
18 occupant of the house. So we gave him the pre-notice pursuant  
19 to 107, which was not required. We did put CBC I on that  
20 notice because CBC I is the person that's on the note.

21 And I believe that it is clear that the notice of  
22 default and election to sell contained the proper disclosure of  
23 the assignment and that therefore the notice of default and  
24 election to sell are proper under 108.

25 And this party has received adequate notice. They've

1 provided you no evidence to the contrary.

2           And I want to just touch base on two things, Judge.  
3 First, we started this case because they wanted a TRO and  
4 preliminary injunction to stop an eviction that hadn't been  
5 started. They had received a notice, and the notice predated  
6 Emergency Directive 008, but it did overlap, no question about  
7 it. The directive came out about a week or 10 days afterwards.  
8 And so the Court entered that order that said you can't evict  
9 him. And I appreciate that, Judge, but there wasn't on  
10 eviction proceeding pending.

11           Then they came back before you and sought to have the  
12 foreclosure enjoined, and I believe your exact information was  
13 that Mr. Mushkin knows how to start a foreclosure, and I'm not  
14 enjoining the foreclosure. And when he does start the  
15 foreclosure, you can come back.

16           I did start the foreclosure, and we've come back.

17           THE COURT: Darn.

18           MR. MUSHKIN: Darn. The governor allowed us to go  
19 forward at long last.

20           And so, Judge, I think you have been more than  
21 generous. You have let these people stay in this house by  
22 posting a thousand dollar bond and paying zero on the third,  
23 zero. You required them to pay the first and the second. They  
24 were required under contract after March 31st to do that, and  
25 you've let them stay there, and they have paid us bubkes.

1           And interestingly enough, now they come before you  
2 and they want to say we don't owe the money. At least I think  
3 that's what they want to say.

4           Or maybe what they want to say, Judge, is they owe  
5 it, but they don't want to pay it.

6           Or maybe what they're saying, Judge, is they owe it  
7 but not against the house and only against their cockamamie  
8 judgment that they've been telling people all over town that  
9 they're going to collect to billions, and they got zip.

10          And I apologize if I get exercise, Judge. I've been  
11 42 years practicing law, and never in my career have I seen  
12 anyone testify intentionally falsely like this before, never,  
13 in the face of documents, in the face of contradictory  
14 witnesses, never.

15          The conclusions of law that we are asking for the  
16 Court is that they have not met their standard for preliminary  
17 injunction. 31.010 sets it out. They haven't even sniffed it,  
18 Judge.

19                   When a document is clear and unambiguous  
20                   on its face, the Court must construe it from  
21                   the language therein.

22                   *Southwest Trust Mortgage Company versus K&B Door.*  
23 That's a 1988 case, Judge.

24           They have given you no opportunity to do anything but  
25 enforce these contracts. They haven't provided you a scintilla

1 of evidence that would lead to any other conclusion.

2           The Court has no power to create a new  
3           contract or new duties for the parties which  
4           they have not created or intended themselves.  
5           That's *Old Aztec Mine versus Brown*. That's a 1981  
6 case.

7           And the parties are free to contract,  
8           and the courts will enforce the contracts if  
9           they are not unconscionable, illegal or in  
10          violation of public policy.

11          That's *Rivera versus Rivero* -- I'm sorry. *Rivero*  
12 *versus Rivero*. And that's a 2009 case.

13          The Nevada Supreme Court has held in *Pioneer Title*  
14 that

15               It is not proper function of a court to  
16               rewrite or distort a contract under the guise  
17               of judicial construction. But when all --  
18               the law will not make a better contract for  
19               the parties than they themselves have seen  
20               fit to enter into, nor alter it for the  
21               benefit of one party and to the detriment of  
22               the other. The judicial function of a court  
23               of law is to enforce the contract as it is  
24               written.

25          *Pioneer Title versus Cantrell*. That's a 1955 case.



1           The relevant documents, including but not limited to  
2 the 2017 forbearance agreement and the amended forbearance  
3 agreement dated December of '19 are clear and unambiguous as a  
4 matter of law. They have not even alleged that they were  
5 ambiguous. The only allegation is that somehow SJCV didn't  
6 sign the pledge agreement, not that it didn't say what it said,  
7 just that somehow they didn't sign it. I submit to the Court  
8 they did sign it, Judge. Jay Bloom signed it.

9           There's no evidence to show you that the note isn't  
10 secured by the property. It clearly is.

11           The plaintiffs have waived any defects on two  
12 occasions, first in the forbearance agreement and then in the  
13 amended forbearance agreement.

14           They now come before you and say that CBC was in  
15 default, but they can -- they have no proof of it. CBC  
16 provided you through my office evidence of checks from January,  
17 February and March of 2020. Mr. Bloom has not provided you  
18 checks to show payment for those months. He told you that, but  
19 he didn't do it.

20           He told you he was going to abide by your order, but  
21 he didn't do it. You held him in contempt for failure to pay  
22 timely. Seems like a repetitive theme here, Judge.

23           Plaintiff agreed in the 2017 forbearance agreement to  
24 pay the amounts in question by a separate promise to the Antos  
25 parties. That's Exhibit 1 and Exhibit 16. They have provided

1 you know defense to that obligation.

2           Your Honor, NRS 107.400 through 107.560 was codified  
3 by Senate Bill 321 on March 18th of 2013, the Homeowner's  
4 Bill of Rights. It does not apply to this transaction. The  
5 owner of the property is not living in the house. Pure and  
6 simple.

7           The doctrine of merger provides that

8                   Whenever a greater and a less estate  
9                   coincide and meet in one and the same person  
10                  without any intermediate estate, the less is  
11                  immediately merged into the greater and thus  
12                  annihilated.

13          And that is 31 CJS Estate, Section 153.

14          Your Honor, that is exactly the code section that  
15 shows that their allegation of merger is false. There is no  
16 merger. There is no legal title that has been consumed as a  
17 matter of law. Legal title has always been in SHAC. The only  
18 interest that CBC took was in stock, and CBC was never the  
19 holder of the note. The holder of the note was either CBC I or  
20 after the assignment 5148. But there's no evidence to show  
21 that either of those entities has any interest in the property  
22 either by way of stock or equity. Thus the doctrine of merger  
23 does not apply.

24          And I cite in my proposed findings several cases for  
25 the Court:

1           *Citizens State Bank versus Countrywide*. That's an  
2 Indiana case.

3           And the Nevada courts have held similarly to the  
4 Indiana courts in the *Aladdin Heating Corp. versus Trustees of*  
5 *Central States*. That's 93 Nevada 257, a '77 case. In that  
6 case the appellants argued that the respondents could not  
7 foreclose on their deed of trust because that deed had been  
8 extinguished by merger. When the respondents received the deed  
9 of sale, the court held that a merger had not occurred for two  
10 reasons: The party did not intend for the merger to take  
11 place, and the interests that said to merge were not  
12 coextensive and commensurate. They don't have facts for merger  
13 here. Pure and simple. They've never made a statement --  
14 they've never been able to show it. They haven't shown it by  
15 way of this evidence, Judge.

16           The one-action rule, very quickly, Judge, has been  
17 waived. And we cited the *Bonnecamp* (phonetic) case because the  
18 one-action rule doesn't get you out from under the note. The  
19 one-action rule requires that you get credit for whatever you  
20 get. So if the creditor sues the debtor personally on the  
21 debt, the debtor may then either assert the one-action rule,  
22 forcing the creditor to proceed against the security first  
23 before seeking a deficiency from the debtor; or decline to  
24 assert the one-action rule, accepting a personal judgment and  
25 depriving the creditor of its ability to proceed against the

1 security. That's again NRS 40.435, Section 3, and this  
2 *Bonnecamp* case. Those facts do not exist here, Judge. Pure  
3 and simple. They do not have a case for the one-action rule.  
4 For one, it was waived in writing. And, two, it does not get  
5 them out from under it.

6 And I show you in 6.21 where the deed of trust  
7 specifically talks about NRS 40.430 and allows for the waiver  
8 of that.

9 And then we talked about cumulative remedies, Judge,  
10 and that's in the forbearance agreement, Section 25.

11 And I'm hoping, Your Honor, that you will conclude as  
12 a matter of law that the plaintiffs have not established facts  
13 or law to support the claim of the one-action barring recovery  
14 under the defaulted note and security documents. It simply  
15 does not.

16 Judge, it's kind of interesting what they come before  
17 this court and ask you to do. They want to steal the house.  
18 They don't want to pay. It's preposterous. They ignore the  
19 promises to the Antos parties, focus solely on this mythical  
20 defense to the note and deed of trust. Mr. Antos doesn't claim  
21 a defense to the note and deed of trust. They want to claim a  
22 defense after they entered into a forbearance agreement where  
23 they promised to pay.

24 They were provided a preliminary title report. It  
25 showed the first. It showed the second. It showed the third,

1 and it showed all those goofy judgments, but they didn't do  
2 what they contracted. They didn't file a quiet-title action.  
3 They didn't adequately maintain the house. They didn't pay the  
4 real estate taxes. They didn't take care of the HOA lien.  
5 They didn't do what they contracted for in the forbearance  
6 agreement, in the amended forbearance agreement and the  
7 operating agreement. They simply ignored it.

8           And, Judge, the temerity of this is beyond pale. I  
9 am stunned that when they are finally, after the negotiations  
10 break down and we finally go into them and say okay, March  
11 31st, that's it, we're not granting any more extensions to  
12 the forbearance agreement, can't be a default. Can't be a  
13 default even though the document says this is limited relief.  
14 The forbearance agreement only forebears certain defaults. You  
15 still have to do this. You still have to do that. You still  
16 have to provide the information. And the attorneys write the  
17 letter. Can't be in default. It's unbelievable. It is  
18 absolutely unbelievable, Judge.

19           Respectfully, Your Honor, I think, as you said, we're  
20 going to stop beating this dead horse. This -- this witness  
21 lied to you over and over. And, Judge, you should be as angry  
22 as I am.

23           Thank you very much for your time, Judge.

24           THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Mushkin.

25           Mr. Gutierrez.

**REBUTTAL ARGUMENT FOR THE PLAINTIFFS**

MR. GUTIERREZ: Thank you, Judge.

I think the relief the defendants are asking the Court to make is a clear violation of the automatic stay. The first thing that Mr. Mushkin requested was for this Court to deny the preliminary injunction -- that would affect SHAC, the debtor and its properties, the 5148 house -- and vacate the pending TRO in place. To take action directly would violate the stay, which affects SHAC, is exactly the request, the relief that Mr. Mushkin asked this Court.

We'll be seeking relief in front of the bankruptcy court on violation of the stay, and we believe that's a clear violation.

And exactly what I pointed out earlier today is we can't go forward on this because of that. That's exactly what this whole case is about is about the Spanish Heights Acquisition Company property, the defenses to foreclosure that were raised, there was a stay in place, and now the exact action is to -- there's no way to parse it -- to remove any order from this Court that was in here previously to allow foreclosure to proceed. It's clear what the defendant's actions and intent --

THE COURT: So your position is that regardless of what factual findings I enter I can't vacate the injunction because of how the injunction is currently framed?

1 MR. GUTIERREZ: That's exactly it, Your Honor.

2 THE COURT: Okay. I just wanted to make sure it was  
3 clear on the record what you were saying.

4 MR. GUTIERREZ: That's exactly it. Thank you.

5 MR. MUSHKIN: And, Your Honor, I'd like to address  
6 that issue at some point.

7 THE COURT: In a little bit. I've got to let him go.

8 MR. MUSHKIN: No. No. Thank you.

9 MR. GUTIERREZ: Thank you.

10 Judge, the defendants want a clear path to move  
11 against the debtor's property. You hit the nail on the head as  
12 far as what the position is. That's why we believe we couldn't  
13 go forward today.

14 Your Honor, there was some other issues raised by  
15 Mr. Mushkin. The first of which, and he keeps raising this,  
16 was that my firm was counsel for First 100 and also counsel on  
17 this transaction in 2017 because we were CCed on an email.  
18 Well, Mr. Bloom clearly testified the reason I was CCed on an  
19 email was because, as counsel for First 100 and one of the lead  
20 attorneys out of the nine other firms that are helping on  
21 collecting on this judgment, I was the one in charge with  
22 making sure that if anything was collected pursuant to the  
23 security agreement they would be paid. That's why I was being  
24 CCed. Mr. Bloom clearly testified about that.

25 But Mr. Mushkin has other ideas that Mr. Bloom

1 perjured himself by saying I wasn't counsel. Well, where's my  
2 emails with Bernie Nelson on these transactions? There are  
3 none. That is clearly a red herring, Your Honor. There is  
4 zero relevance for this, but I wanted to make sure the record  
5 is clear because Mr. Bloom clarified that during his  
6 examination.

7 Mr. Mushkin also said that Mr. Bloom's testimony was  
8 a moving target, and he said, quote, "He knew it was a  
9 commercial transaction when he testified in May of 2020." But  
10 again he doesn't provide a cite. He just makes it up. He just  
11 kind of pulled it out of thin air and say you said it, and if  
12 you deny it, well, then I'm just going to leave that out there.  
13 This is repeated conduct by counsel to make a statement with no  
14 factual assertion and nothing to back it up. There is nothing  
15 that shows that Mr. Bloom knew this was a commercial  
16 transaction in May of 2020.

17 But the evidence showed that CBC sold its note to  
18 5148. That was only found out after the litigation started.  
19 When we were here in front of Your Honor on the TRO, we found  
20 out about it.

21 There's a lot of things that were found out during  
22 the first time during this because none of the documents were  
23 provided to Mr. Bloom. That was clear today. Mr. Hallberg  
24 agreed. Listen, we didn't provide the loan documents to  
25 Mr. Bloom. We didn't provide the 10 amendments to Mr. Bloom.



1 So there's certain things that were discovered during the  
2 course of this litigation that were never previously disclosed.

3 Your Honor, counsel also used an analogy about owning  
4 MGM stock and how that wouldn't apply if he had some type of  
5 loan and the merger doctrine wouldn't apply. That analogy  
6 doesn't apply at all because the merger doctrine is a real  
7 property construct. It doesn't have to do with this personal  
8 debt. So it's a real property construct, and that analogy  
9 regarding MGM stock and potentially having a loan and that  
10 would extinguish does not apply in this scenario, Your Honor.

11 And, Your Honor, I think it's pretty -- if the Antos  
12 trust was added as an additional borrower or guarantor, we  
13 wouldn't be here. The fact of the matter is it's undisputed;  
14 they were never added to the note. They were never added to  
15 the amendments. It was always with the Antoses individually.  
16 That testimony is clear. And it's undisputed.

17 And you start to look at, okay, if that's the case  
18 well, then what's the validity of this third deed of trust?  
19 You know, now that -- what is it actually securing? What debt  
20 does the Antos trust have that own the property that's actually  
21 security? That was never -- counsel and the defense never was  
22 able to articulate exactly that. They've been trying to parse  
23 things together when (indiscernible) the documents, when you  
24 review them, show that there was a commercial loan to KCI that  
25 was guarantor -- guaranteed by the Antoses individually for

1 several years. And it was only towards the end when they try  
2 to add this as some type of guarantee, and the documents do not  
3 support them.

4 So, Your Honor, given that, I think we've made our  
5 position clear on the legal issues and our position as far as  
6 the effect of this hearing. And, Your Honor, we'll  
7 (indiscernible), but if you have any questions, Your Honor, you  
8 wanted to ask, I'd be happy to answer.

9 THE CLERK: No. You answered my questions earlier.

10 MR. MUSHKIN: Thank you.

11 THE COURT: Mr. Mushkin, you wanted to be heard  
12 related to whether a vacating -- or I'm sorry, a modification  
13 of the current existing preliminary injunction may violate the  
14 bankruptcy stay.

15 **REBUTTAL ARGUMENT FOR THE DEFENSE**

16 MR. MUSHKIN: So, Your Honor, it will not, and here's  
17 why. The bankruptcy stay is in place. So anything that's done  
18 by this Court will have no effect.

19 THE COURT: Well --

20 MR. MUSHKIN: One thing Mr. --

21 THE COURT: I don't think you understand. I'm not  
22 allowed to do anything that may violate the bankruptcy stay as  
23 well --

24 MR. MUSHKIN: That's correct, Your Honor.

25 THE COURT: -- which means that if I vacate an order

1 that directly affects Spanish Heights Acquisition, the debtor  
2 in bankruptcy, means that I would be in trouble too.

3 MR. MUSHKIN: I would agree with that except Spanish  
4 Heights Acquisition Company is not a party to the agreements.  
5 The agreements are between --

6 THE COURT: They're a party to my preliminary  
7 injunction.

8 MR. MUSHKIN: You're right, Judge. But if your  
9 preliminary injunction is based upon facts that are false, then  
10 your preliminary -- your TRO, there is no preliminary  
11 injunction, which should expire of its own accord, will expire  
12 of its own accord.

13 So what I'm asking you to do is deny the preliminary  
14 injunction. The TRO expires of its own accord. I may have  
15 spoken a little in a -- a little off.

16 THE COURT: I understand what you're saying.

17 MR. MUSHKIN: Yes. So and because the bankruptcy  
18 stay is in place, you are not impacting the estate. The estate  
19 has a stay. They're protected.

20 Counsel is correct. I am trying to get a straight  
21 line to foreclose. And as soon as I get the relief that I need  
22 from the bankruptcy court, then I'll have that ability to go  
23 forward. That relief will have to go through the bankruptcy  
24 court, not through this Court, but your TRO should expire.

25 Your Honor, I am troubled that they stand before you

1 and say they didn't know when the first page of the forbearance  
2 agreement says KCI. That's a real problem for me, Judge.

3 And my analogy about MGM is pretty simple. The bonds  
4 of MGM are secured by their real property. The stock of the  
5 company which owns that real property is the exact analogous  
6 situation to here. If I were a stockholder in MGM and a  
7 bondholder at MGM, oh, merger. That doesn't happen, Judge.  
8 Major institutions play both sides.

9 And, finally, this notion that they can come before  
10 you and say that the trust wasn't added as a borrower and the  
11 trust wasn't added as a party, Your Honor, I cited the  
12 documents, 34 and 50. And let's see if I can -- 26, 34 and 50.  
13 And those all took place well before Mr. Bloom comes onto the  
14 site. It's way before him by -- the last document I think is  
15 11 months before him, and the other ones are years before him.  
16 It is simply false testimony and false argument. The trust is  
17 a party to the note and deed of trust. The party did give the  
18 deed of trust. It was specifically authorized by the trustees.  
19 And it's just not even at issue. I'm stunned that they make  
20 such a specious argument.

21 And I thank you again for your time, Judge.

22 THE COURT: Mr. Gutierrez, anything else you'd like  
23 to add?

24 MR. GUTIERREZ: No, Your Honor. Thank you.

25 THE COURT: The matter will stand submitted.

1 Put it on my chambers calendar for Friday.

2 I don't know if I'll get it done by Friday, but I'm  
3 going to do my best.

4 If anybody hears something from the bankruptcy court,  
5 please send a copy to Dan.

6 MR. GUTIERREZ: Thank you, Judge.

7 MR. MUSHKIN: Thank you very much, Your Honor.

8 THE COURT: Everybody be well.

9 (Proceedings concluded at 3:21 p.m.)

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**CERTIFICATION**

I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDING OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.

**AFFIRMATION**

I AFFIRM THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT DOES NOT CONTAIN THE SOCIAL SECURITY OR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY.

**DANA L. WILLIAMS**  
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89183

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Dana L. Williams". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above a horizontal line.

DANA L. WILLIAMS, TRANSCRIBER

03/16/2021

DATE

	<b>\$51,000 [2]</b> 24/9 24/15	<b>2009 [1]</b> 71/12	<b>641 [1]</b> 49/19	44/5 44/8 44/18 44/24
<b>BY MR. GUTIERREZ:</b>	'	<b>2010 [1]</b> 63/9	<b>7</b>	45/1 45/5 50/14 50/15
<b>[6]</b> 20/12 22/4 24/6	'12 [1] 63/13	<b>2012 [1]</b> 63/12	<b>74 [1]</b> 22/23	50/19 50/20 50/24 51/4
25/22 29/11 38/3	'14 [3] 4/2 47/19 64/18	<b>2013 [1]</b> 73/3	<b>8</b>	51/5 51/25 53/3 56/4
<b>BY MR. MUSHKIN:</b>	'14 and [1] 47/19	<b>2014 [2]</b> 47/21 48/6	<b>8.3 [1]</b> 9/8	56/4 57/10 57/11 60/14
<b>[12]</b> 3/12 7/4 12/2 12/6	'17 [1] 16/23	<b>2016 [2]</b> 48/8 64/7	<b>89183 [1]</b> 85/12	60/23 63/6 74/16 74/18
13/1 15/8 17/7 17/15	'19 [1] 72/3	<b>2017 [11]</b> 25/25 26/2	<b>9</b>	74/19 74/21 74/24 75/3
18/23 30/14 33/12	'77 [1] 74/5	26/13 38/9 38/16 38/19	<b>9.3 [1]</b> 9/17	75/13 76/2 77/8 77/19
34/13	'77 case [1] 74/5	48/12 49/2 72/2 72/23	<b>9.6 [1]</b> 9/25	<b>actions [1]</b> 77/22
<b>MR. GUTIERREZ: [63]</b>	<b>0</b>	78/17	<b>9.7 [1]</b> 10/3	<b>actual [5]</b> 8/17 8/18
6/11 19/24 20/2 20/10	<b>000089 [1]</b> 14/17	<b>2019 [5]</b> 25/25 26/2	<b>90 days [1]</b> 66/11	38/15 46/4 53/21
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28/3 28/19 28/23 29/1	<b>000156 [1]</b> 17/13	<b>2020 [14]</b> 16/5 17/24	<b>93 [1]</b> 74/5	80/19 80/20
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83/24 84/6	<b>104 [1]</b> 65/7	<b>29th [1]</b> 48/6	23/2 23/2 25/23 26/3	<b>adds [1]</b> 63/25
<b>MR. HALLBERG: [5]</b>	<b>107 [1]</b> 68/19	<b>2:00 o'clock [1]</b> 41/25	27/4 30/7 34/19 34/21	<b>adequate [3]</b> 62/24
31/18 31/21 32/9 32/15	<b>107.400 [1]</b> 73/2	<b>2nd [1]</b> 24/15	39/4 39/5 41/7 42/23	64/22 68/25
32/25	<b>107.560 [1]</b> 73/2	<b>3</b>	42/24 43/1 47/11 50/5	<b>adequately [1]</b> 76/3
<b>MR. MUSHKIN: [70]</b>	<b>108 [1]</b> 68/24	<b>3 has [1]</b> 43/7	53/2 54/15 54/16 64/6	<b>admissible [1]</b> 57/21
6/14 11/16 11/22 11/24	<b>10th [3]</b> 22/16 22/22	<b>30 years [1]</b> 47/3	65/4 67/24 69/6 69/7	<b>admit [2]</b> 24/25 28/4
12/22 12/25 15/6 17/11	24/19	<b>31 [2]</b> 66/12 73/13	75/7 75/9 77/16 77/16	<b>admits [1]</b> 68/13
17/13 19/18 21/13	<b>11 [2]</b> 45/12 83/15	<b>31.010 [1]</b> 70/17	78/24 79/20 80/3 83/3	<b>admitted [6]</b> 2/17 25/9
21/16 21/20 21/24 25/7	<b>11.02 [2]</b> 13/23 13/25	<b>31st [5]</b> 16/5 17/24	<b>ABOVE [1]</b> 85/4	25/13 28/25 63/9 68/12
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<b>T</b> <b>these [13]</b> 6/24 37/9 42/22 48/10 48/11 49/12 61/3 62/4 64/6 67/12 69/21 70/25 79/2 <b>they [124]</b> <b>They'll [1]</b> 25/9 <b>they're [8]</b> 15/19 29/2 35/21 61/3 70/6 70/9 82/6 82/19 <b>they've [5]</b> 68/25 70/8 74/13 74/14 80/22 <b>thin [1]</b> 79/11 <b>thing [7]</b> 40/16 40/20 55/13 57/2 66/7 77/5 81/20 <b>things [5]</b> 53/25 69/2 79/21 80/1 80/23 <b>think [35]</b> 12/18 16/7 16/7 16/17 17/2 18/17 20/17 21/24 23/10 27/5 29/24 33/19 42/3 42/5 42/14 42/22 43/18 46/3 46/9 46/16 52/21 53/2 54/2 58/12 62/15 64/24 65/5 69/20 70/2 76/19 77/3 80/11 81/4 81/21 83/14 <b>third [13]</b> 5/13 36/2 44/4 47/15 48/5 48/23 49/4 51/21 65/14 65/19 69/22 75/25 80/18 <b>third-position [1]</b> 65/19 <b>thirty [1]</b> 65/8 <b>this [146]</b> <b>those [24]</b> 13/15 15/20 20/4 29/22 31/2 31/4 39/1 41/15 46/22 49/21 54/11 56/24 56/25 57/4 57/10 57/10 57/11 60/15 67/23 72/18 73/21 75/2 76/1 83/13 <b>though [9]</b> 25/10 37/13 38/13 38/23 60/9 64/5 66/8 68/2 76/13 <b>thought [2]</b> 4/6 65/13 <b>thousand [3]</b> 28/1 28/2 69/22 <b>three [5]</b> 56/17 62/6 63/16 66/7 66/8 <b>through [24]</b> 8/7 8/7 8/11 11/1 12/20 13/15 23/25 29/12 34/23 41/3 42/13 42/21 45/23 46/6 55/10 55/12 58/1 62/4 67/2 67/25 72/16 73/2 82/23 82/24 <b>thus [2]</b> 73/11 73/22 <b>time [25]</b> 5/15 7/18 12/13 22/20 24/24 26/22 28/4 28/15 29/25 37/6 40/23 41/24 42/1 47/20 48/3 49/24 53/22 54/24 55/4 56/8 66/11 67/25 76/23 79/22 83/21 <b>timely [1]</b> 72/22	<b>times [3]</b> 16/12 62/18 63/15 <b>timing [1]</b> 47/18 <b>title [23]</b> 3/20 4/1 4/1 6/19 6/25 26/3 36/24 47/25 49/20 49/20 50/18 61/7 61/8 61/19 61/21 61/21 68/10 71/13 71/25 73/16 73/17 75/24 76/2 <b>today [12]</b> 28/16 33/13 35/12 40/19 40/21 41/5 42/2 46/22 54/19 77/14 78/13 79/23 <b>together [2]</b> 26/16 80/23 <b>told [5]</b> 27/11 32/16 66/12 72/18 72/20 <b>too [2]</b> 22/1 82/2 <b>took [8]</b> 3/19 49/23 57/9 61/10 66/8 67/25 73/18 83/13 <b>total [2]</b> 8/2 27/23 <b>touch [2]</b> 37/13 69/2 <b>towards [1]</b> 81/1 <b>town [1]</b> 70/8 <b>TRAN [1]</b> 1/1 <b>transaction [10]</b> 5/7 16/20 36/12 47/7 54/1 60/3 73/4 78/17 79/9 79/16 <b>transactions [1]</b> 79/2 <b>TRANSCRIBED [1]</b> 1/25 <b>TRANSCRIBER [1]</b> 85/16 <b>TRANSCRIPT [3]</b> 1/8 85/3 85/9 <b>transfer [2]</b> 36/4 62/12 <b>transferred [3]</b> 48/1 49/24 63/11 <b>trial [3]</b> 1/15 42/16 55/4 <b>tried [1]</b> 22/21 <b>TRO [7]</b> 62/23 69/3 77/8 79/19 82/10 82/14 82/24 <b>trouble [1]</b> 82/2 <b>troubled [2]</b> 58/18 82/25 <b>true [1]</b> 9/25 <b>trust [70]</b> 4/2 5/3 14/18 23/6 24/10 24/17 36/7 45/2 46/19 46/21 46/25 47/1 47/8 47/9 47/10 47/11 47/16 47/18 47/19 47/22 47/23 47/24 48/3 48/4 48/5 48/7 48/9 48/11 48/14 48/18 48/19 48/21 48/21 48/22 50/9 51/2 51/21 51/23 59/2 59/24 61/1 62/8 62/12 62/25 63/5 63/11 63/16 63/22 63/23 64/1 64/5 64/21 64/25 65/1 65/3 65/4 67/5 70/22 74/7 75/6 75/20 75/21 80/12 80/18 80/20 83/10 83/11 83/16 83/17	83/18 <b>trustee [1]</b> 48/1 <b>trustees [2]</b> 74/4 83/18 <b>truth [1]</b> 67/23 <b>truthful [1]</b> 33/19 <b>truthfully [1]</b> 33/16 <b>try [2]</b> 54/21 81/1 <b>trying [6]</b> 11/20 22/1 42/18 43/17 80/22 82/20 <b>turn [3]</b> 19/14 41/12 45/22 <b>twice [1]</b> 8/13 <b>two [18]</b> 6/21 6/21 12/25 19/1 20/6 23/25 24/1 27/25 27/25 30/7 43/14 65/6 66/7 67/15 69/2 72/11 74/9 75/4 <b>two-year [2]</b> 6/21 24/1 <b>type [2]</b> 80/4 81/2 <b>types [1]</b> 67/12	48/23 54/24 69/18 69/25 <b>use [3]</b> 12/18 13/16 34/7 <b>used [3]</b> 28/21 29/3 80/3	<b>V</b> <b>vacate [4]</b> 62/23 77/7 77/24 81/25 <b>vacating [1]</b> 81/12 <b>vague [1]</b> 58/24 <b>valeting [1]</b> 18/25 <b>valid [3]</b> 51/17 51/20 62/25 <b>validity [11]</b> 20/14 20/20 22/15 22/17 46/15 47/15 47/23 48/24 56/1 65/3 80/18 <b>value [1]</b> 65/18 <b>various [1]</b> 65/1 <b>VEGAS [4]</b> 3/1 26/15 32/14 85/12 <b>Ventures [6]</b> 10/15 14/19 19/23 41/2 43/15 44/9 <b>veracity [2]</b> 66/14 66/17 <b>verbally [1]</b> 27/2 <b>Vernon [3]</b> 11/11 11/14 38/12 <b>versus [10]</b> 49/19 53/4 53/4 70/22 71/5 71/11 71/12 71/25 74/1 74/4 <b>very [7]</b> 24/20 59/17 59/17 59/20 74/16 76/23 84/7 <b>video [4]</b> 31/17 31/19 32/12 32/23 <b>violate [3]</b> 77/8 81/13 81/22 <b>violation [4]</b> 71/10 77/4 77/12 77/13 <b>VISUAL [1]</b> 85/4 <b>VOLUME [1]</b> 1/16	<b>warranted [1]</b> 14/6 <b>warranties [3]</b> 9/8 64/11 65/2 <b>was [176]</b> <b>wasn't [15]</b> 6/3 6/19 13/17 26/8 39/8 39/21 43/3 57/6 58/6 60/9 66/24 69/9 79/1 83/10 83/11 <b>watching [1]</b> 30/12 <b>water [2]</b> 21/20 21/22 <b>way [9]</b> 23/16 35/10 35/25 36/10 44/4 73/22 74/15 77/19 83/14 <b>we [79]</b> 3/25 4/14 4/22 11/1 12/3 12/20 12/20 13/2 15/5 19/14 20/4 20/5 20/6 22/5 22/22 23/10 25/3 26/7 26/8 26/9 26/15 27/1 27/2 28/5 28/24 29/9 32/6 33/21 34/20 34/21 35/10 35/25 36/1 42/13 42/16 42/23 43/1 43/14 44/20 45/5 46/4 46/7 46/8 46/9 46/17 46/17 46/22 51/16 51/25 54/19 57/18 58/2 60/5 60/23 62/22 63/3 66/14 67/2 67/2 68/3 68/3 68/18 68/19 69/3 70/2 70/15 74/17 75/9 76/10 77/12 77/14 78/12 78/12 78/17 79/19 79/19 79/24 79/25 80/12 <b>we'd [2]</b> 24/24 28/3 <b>we'll [9]</b> 12/7 31/19 31/25 32/17 34/24 41/19 46/23 77/11 81/6 <b>we're [23]</b> 7/13 17/10 21/18 21/21 28/24 31/16 34/25 35/9 42/23 45/17 48/14 48/15 51/17 53/9 53/14 53/16 53/16 53/17 53/22 54/20 54/20 76/11 76/19 <b>we've [14]</b> 23/24 23/24 23/25 25/9 32/12 41/25 43/19 46/3 49/16 49/17 51/3 65/4 69/16 81/4 <b>wear [1]</b> 37/22 <b>week [5]</b> 7/14 25/4 37/17 68/3 69/7 <b>weeks [1]</b> 30/7 <b>well [39]</b> 3/22 5/2 8/5 8/10 11/1 11/11 11/18 12/18 18/4 32/17 34/24 40/16 42/7 43/10 43/11 44/19 44/20 44/22 45/16 47/12 52/16 52/18 53/4 54/9 55/8 57/6 61/17 62/2 64/7 67/7 67/11 78/18 79/1 79/12 80/18 81/19 81/23 83/13 84/8 <b>went [6]</b> 11/1 12/20 41/2 42/13 46/6 66/16
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<p><b>W</b></p> <p><b>were</b> [42] 4/13 13/2 22/5 25/23 26/16 26/19 27/4 27/5 27/25 30/1 31/4 34/20 34/20 34/22 38/12 39/5 42/17 46/11 46/23 47/1 56/17 57/4 58/24 59/10 62/15 64/5 66/2 69/24 72/4 74/11 75/24 77/18 78/3 78/17 79/19 79/21 79/22 80/1 80/2 80/14 80/14 83/6</p> <p><b>weren't</b> [2] 26/8 29/4</p> <p><b>what</b> [65] 7/5 10/24 11/20 11/25 12/18 12/22 13/25 15/14 16/22 18/3 18/4 18/6 18/7 18/13 20/25 21/20 22/6 22/10 23/11 24/14 27/8 27/11 30/7 33/22 34/21 41/7 41/8 43/3 46/7 46/8 47/19 50/12 53/5 53/22 54/20 54/21 55/5 57/25 59/5 60/19 61/4 62/2 63/8 65/20 66/4 66/14 67/12 68/8 70/3 70/4 70/6 72/6 75/16 76/2 76/5 77/14 77/15 77/21 77/24 78/3 78/12 80/19 80/19 82/13 82/16</p> <p><b>what's</b> [2] 31/3 80/18</p> <p><b>whatever</b> [2] 29/9 74/19</p> <p><b>when</b> [35] 11/25 23/9 26/7 27/15 28/15 28/16 32/21 34/20 45/22 47/18 47/23 49/12 49/20 49/22 50/8 50/18 53/3 54/8 58/21 60/1 60/20 66/6 66/12 66/23 69/14 70/19 71/17 74/8 76/9 79/9 79/19 80/23 80/23 81/1 83/1</p> <p><b>Whenever</b> [1] 73/8</p> <p><b>where</b> [18] 4/12 6/9 6/9 6/19 6/19 7/2 10/17 23/24 35/13 35/18 41/2 46/6 54/4 60/23 62/16 65/17 75/6 75/22</p> <p><b>where's</b> [1] 79/1</p> <p><b>whether</b> [8] 20/14 20/18 28/20 47/16 49/6 49/15 53/3 81/12</p> <p><b>which</b> [38] 3/21 14/6 14/16 15/17 15/18 17/22 18/8 18/10 19/7 19/12 24/19 24/25 26/10 28/4 29/3 37/13 42/14 43/14 44/2 45/6 45/9 47/8 47/25 48/1 48/12 48/24 51/7 54/10 55/20 64/25 67/13 68/19 71/3 77/9 78/15 81/25 82/11 83/5</p> <p><b>while</b> [1] 41/3</p> <p><b>who</b> [5] 37/22 38/21 42/19 48/20 62/19</p>	<p><b>whoever</b> [1] 24/10</p> <p><b>whole</b> [3] 37/17 66/7 77/16</p> <p><b>whose</b> [1] 37/25</p> <p><b>why</b> [14] 13/12 14/3 26/5 37/17 39/8 39/8 39/21 52/14 52/18 53/18 64/15 78/12 78/23 81/17</p> <p><b>will</b> [20] 17/5 28/24 31/10 31/18 39/13 49/6 49/7 57/10 57/21 65/6 68/2 68/6 71/8 71/18 75/11 81/16 81/18 82/11 82/23 83/25</p> <p><b>WILLIAMS</b> [2] 85/12 85/16</p> <p><b>wipe</b> [2] 20/2 37/5</p> <p><b>wipes</b> [2] 31/10 37/10</p> <p><b>wiping</b> [1] 30/11</p> <p><b>wired</b> [1] 24/15</p> <p><b>within</b> [2] 16/25 67/1</p> <p><b>without</b> [5] 30/3 60/16 62/1 64/13 73/10</p> <p><b>witness</b> [8] 3/9 19/19 31/6 31/13 31/23 33/3 37/2 76/20</p> <p><b>witnesses</b> [2] 2/7 70/14</p> <p><b>wonderful</b> [1] 37/23</p> <p><b>word</b> [1] 11/13</p> <p><b>work</b> [1] 27/25</p> <p><b>worked</b> [1] 27/12</p> <p><b>working</b> [1] 26/16</p> <p><b>worry</b> [1] 42/23</p> <p><b>worrying</b> [2] 42/24 43/1</p> <p><b>would</b> [60] 3/21 3/22 5/7 11/12 11/14 13/6 13/13 13/18 14/4 14/6 16/22 16/22 19/23 23/21 24/21 26/12 26/15 26/22 27/1 27/2 27/16 31/14 33/1 34/4 34/21 34/23 35/25 36/3 36/15 36/15 37/19 39/15 42/15 42/25 44/5 44/16 44/23 50/21 51/13 52/1 52/14 52/18 55/23 56/3 56/7 56/13 56/13 56/23 59/10 59/21 60/11 61/16 64/12 71/1 77/6 77/8 78/23 80/10 82/2 82/3</p> <p><b>wouldn't</b> [5] 24/21 66/15 80/4 80/5 80/13</p> <p><b>wow</b> [1] 57/18</p> <p><b>write</b> [1] 76/16</p> <p><b>writing</b> [2] 60/24 75/4</p> <p><b>written</b> [3] 4/9 20/14 71/24</p> <p><b>wrong</b> [2] 7/13 59/14</p> <hr/> <p><b>X</b></p> <hr/> <p><b>XI</b> [1] 1/6</p> <hr/> <p><b>Y</b></p> <hr/> <p><b>yeah</b> [7] 9/6 13/21 16/24 23/13 27/20</p>	<p>44/23 52/13</p> <p><b>year</b> [9] 6/21 16/22 23/12 24/1 24/4 26/10 37/14 60/2 66/10</p> <p><b>years</b> [8] 47/3 59/3 66/7 66/8 67/15 70/11 81/1 83/15</p> <p><b>Yep</b> [1] 4/3</p> <p><b>yes</b> [57] 5/21 5/22 6/23 9/5 9/24 9/24 10/13 11/7 12/5 12/5 14/15 15/13 15/15 15/20 16/4 16/8 16/15 17/10 17/11 17/25 20/17 20/21 21/7 22/14 23/1 23/8 23/13 24/13 25/3 26/18 26/22 27/7 27/22 28/23 29/15 30/18 31/12 33/15 34/9 34/12 35/15 36/9 36/11 36/14 36/17 38/7 38/7 39/7 39/16 39/20 39/20 45/19 45/25 56/19 64/4 66/22 82/17</p> <p><b>Yes-or-no</b> [1] 30/18</p> <p><b>yet</b> [3] 45/17 59/4 60/3</p> <p><b>you</b> [302]</p> <p><b>you'd</b> [3] 40/6 45/21 83/22</p> <p><b>you're</b> [20] 3/5 12/10 12/13 12/16 16/19 18/1 20/8 21/15 23/2 33/10 35/21 42/10 42/12 52/17 53/10 54/2 55/25 60/7 82/8 82/16</p> <p><b>you've</b> [14] 3/14 6/12 7/8 9/3 21/17 32/23 36/6 36/18 37/5 37/6 55/5 61/7 68/5 69/25</p> <hr/> <p><b>your</b> [153]</p> <hr/> <p><b>Z</b></p> <hr/> <p><b>zero</b> [3] 69/22 69/23 79/4</p> <p><b>zeros</b> [1] 34/11</p> <p><b>zip</b> [2] 68/8 70/9</p> <p><b>zoom</b> [1] 15/5</p>		
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# **EXHIBIT 3**

# **EXHIBIT 3**

*Natalie M. Cox*

Honorable Natalie M. Cox  
United States Bankruptcy Judge



Entered on Docket  
May 26, 2021

GREENE INFUSO, LLP  
3030 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 101  
Las Vegas, Nevada 89146  
(702) 570-6000

James D. Greene, Esq.  
Nevada Bar No. 2647  
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E-mail: jgreene@greeneinfusolaw.com

Attorneys for Debtors-in-Possession

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT**  
**DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

In re:

SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
COMPANY, LLC,

Debtor.

Bankruptcy No. BK-S-21-10501-NMC

Chapter 11

**ORDER GRANTING IN PART AND  
DENYING IN PART MOTION FOR  
SANCTIONS FOR VIOLATION OF  
AUTOMATIC STAY OF BANKRUPTCY  
CODE SECTION 362(a) AND RELATED  
RELIEF**

**Hearing Date: May 18, 2021**

**Hearing Time: 10:00 a.m.**

Debtor's Motion for Sanctions for Violation of the Automatic Stay of Bankruptcy Code §362(a) and Related Relief ("Sanctions Motion") came on for hearing at the above date and time, the Honorable Natalie M. Cox, United State Bankruptcy Judge, presiding. Debtor was

1 represented by James D. Greene, Esq. of Greene Infuso, LLP and Danielle J. Barraza, Esq. of  
2 Maier Gutierrez & Associates. Parties 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC, CBC Partners I, LLC and  
3 CBC Partners, LLC (collectively “CBC Parties”) were represented by Michael R. Mushkin Esq.  
4 of Mushkin & Coppedge. No other appearances were entered. For the reasons stated on the  
5 record at the hearing and incorporating those findings of fact and conclusions of law herein  
6 pursuant to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 7052, and with good cause appearing,

7 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Motion is Granted in part and the Court finds that the  
8 CBC Parties violated the automatic stay of 11 U.S.C. §362(a) with respect to the items designated  
9 as issues (a), (b), and (c) on ECF No. 79-2, page 3, note 1, lines 17-20;

10 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Motion is Denied with respect the issues designated  
11 as issues (d) and (e) on ECF 79-2, page 3, note 1, lines 21-23;

12 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Debtor is entitled to an award of sanctions against  
13 the CBC Parties for their stay violations under the standards of *Taggart v. Lorenzen*, 139 S. Ct.  
14 1795 (2019);

15 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Debtor’s counsel shall submit briefing and evidence  
16 supporting its claims for damages as a result of the CBC Parties’ stay violations on or before May  
17 28, 2021;

18 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the CBC Parties may file any opposition and related  
19 documents or evidence relating to the Debtor’s damage claims on or before June 29, 2021;

20 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Debtor may file a reply in support of its damages  
21 claim on or before July 6, 2021;

1 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that a hearing regarding Debtor's request for sanctions shall  
2 be held on July 13, 2021 at 10:00 a.m.

3 Submitted by:

4 **GREENE INFUSO, LLP**

5 /s/ James D. Greene  
6 JAMES D. GREENE, ESQ.  
3030 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 101  
7 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

8 Approved by:

9 **MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES**

10  
11 /s/ Danielle Barraza  
12 Danielle Barraza  
8816 Spanish Ridge Ave  
13 Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

14  
15 Approved by:

16  
17 **MUSHKIN & COPPEDGE**

18  
19 /s/ Michael R. Mushin  
Michael R. Mushkin, Esq.  
20 6070 South Eastern Ave Ste 270  
Las Vegas, Nevada 89119  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28

GREENE INFUSO, LLP  
3030 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 101  
Las Vegas, Nevada 89146  
(702) 570-6000

**LOCAL RULE 9021 CERTIFICATION**

In accordance with LR 9021, counsel submitting this document certifies that the order accurately reflects the court's ruling and that (check one):

☐

The court has waived the requirement set forth LR 9021(b)(1).

☐

No party appeared at the hearing or filed an objection to the motion.

☒

I have delivered a copy of this proposed order to all counsel who appeared at the hearing, and any unrepresented parties who appeared at the hearing, and each has approved or disapproved the order, or failed to respond, as indicated below [list each party and whether the party has approved, disapproved, or failed to respond to the document]:

☐

I certify that this is a chapter 7 or 13 case, that I have served a copy of this order with the motion pursuant to LR 9014(g), and that no party has objected to the form or content of the order.

# # #



# **EXHIBIT 4**

# **EXHIBIT 4**

### Spanish Heights Acquisition Co: Account Activity Transaction Details

**My Description:** SJC Rent 4/1/20 - 12/31/20

**Post date:** 05/01/2020

**Amount:** 40,359.42

Type: Deposit

**Description:** Counter Credit

**Merchant name:** Counter Credit

**Transaction category:** Income: Deposits

WARNING: THIS DOCUMENT HAS SECURITY FEATURES IN THE PAPER

SJC VENTURES, LLC  
5148 SPANISH HEIGHTS DR.  
LAS VEGAS NV 89148

702-330-8836  
BANK OF AMERICA  
94-72/1224


04/30/2020

Check No 1051

Pay to: SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION COMPANY, LLC  
Forty Thousand Three Hundred and Fifty-Nine Dollars and Forty-Two Cents

Pay \$ 40,359.42

For: 5148 Spanish Heights 9 month SJC rent for 4/1/2020 - 12/31/2020

  
Authorized Signature

1051

[illegible]

**PLTFS00302**  
**10-002**

SJC VENTURES, LLC

702-330-8836

04/30/2020

Check No 1051

5148 SPANISH HEIGHTS DR,  
LAS VEGAS NV 89148BANK OF AMERICA  
94-72/1224

Pay to: SPANISH HEIGHTS AQUISITION COMPANY, LLC  
Forty Thousand Three Hundred and Fifty-Nine Dollars and Forty-Two Cents

Pay \$ 40,359.42

For: 5148 Spanish Heights 9 month SJC rent for 4/1/2020 -  
12/31/2020

  
Authorized signature

MP

1051

PLTFS00337

SJC VENTURES, LLC

702-330-8836

06/11/2020

Check No 1052

5148 SPANISH HEIGHTS DR,  
LAS VEGAS NV 89148BANK OF AMERICA  
94-72/1224Pay to: SPANISH HEIGHTS AQUISITION COMPANY, LLC  
Forty Thousand Three Hundred and Fifty-Nine Dollars and Forty-Two Cents

Pay \$ 40,359.42

For: 5148 Spanish Heights 9 month SJC rent for 1/1/2021-9/30/2021

Authorized signature

1052

PLTFS00338

SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
COMPANY,LLC

702-330-8836

BANK OF AMERICA  
94-72/1224

Check No 1053

5148 SPANISH HEIGHTS DR,  
LAS VEGAS NV 89148

07/01/2020

Pay to: SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION COMPANY, LLC

Pay \$ 22,421.90

Twenty-Two Thousand Four Hundred and Twenty-One Dollars and Ninety Cents

For: 5148 Spanish Heights 5 month SJC rent  
10/1/21-2/28/2022

Authorized signature

1053

PLTFS00339



**SJC VENTURES, LLC**

702-330-8836

BANK OF AMERICA  
94-72/1224

Check No 1054

5148 SPANISH HEIGHTS DR,  
LAS VEGAS NV 89148

08/01/2020

Pay to: SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION COMPANY, LLC

Pay

44,843.80

Forty-Four Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-Three Dollars and Eighty Cents

For: 5148 Spanish Heights 10 months SJC rent for 3-1-22 -  
12-31-22

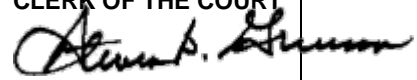
Authorized signature

1054

FD Security Features

# **EXHIBIT 5**

# **EXHIBIT 5**



Michael R. Mushkin, Esq.  
Nevada Bar No. 2421  
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*Attorneys for Defendant and Counterclaimants*  
*5148 Spanish Heights, LLC and*  
*CBC Partners I, LLC*

**DISTRICT COURT**

**CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
COMPANY, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability  
Company; SJC VENTURES HOLDING  
COMPANY, LLC, d/b/a SJC VENTURES,  
LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company,

Plaintiffs,

v.

CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, a foreign Limited  
Liability Company; CBC PARTNERS, LLC, a  
foreign Limited Liability Company; 5148  
SPANISH HEIGHTS, LLC, a Nevada Limited  
Liability Company; KENNETH ANTOS AND  
SHEILA NEUMANN-ANTOS, as Trustees of  
the Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust and the  
Kenneth M. Antos & Sheila M. Neumann-Antos  
Trust; DACIA, LLC, a foreign Limited Liability  
Company; DOES I through X; and ROE  
CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. A-20-813439-B

Dept. No.: 11

**STATUS REPORT REGARDING  
LIFTING OF BANKRUPTCY STAY**

CAPTION CONTINUES BELOW



1 5148 SPANISH HEIGHTS, LLC, a Nevada  
2 limited liability company; and CBC PARTNERS  
3 I, LLC, a Washington limited liability company,

4 Counterclaimants,

5 v.

6 SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
7 COMPANY, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability  
8 Company; SJC VENTURES, LLC, a Delaware  
9 limited liability company; SJC VENTURES  
10 HOLDING COMPANY, LLC, a Delaware  
11 limited liability company; JAY BLOOM,  
12 individually and as Manager, DOE  
13 DEFENDANTS 1-10; and ROE DEFENDANTS  
14 11-20,

15 Counterdefendants.

#### 16 **STATUS REPORT REGARDING LIFTING OF BANKRUPTCY STAY**

17 Defendants/Counterclaimants, 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC, and CBC Partners I, LLC, by  
18 and through their attorney, Michael R. Mushkin, of the law firm of Mushkin & Coppedge, hereby  
19 submit THIS Status Report to advise the Court that the automatic stay pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §362,  
20 in Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC's bankruptcy case was lifted by order of the  
21 Bankruptcy Court in Case No. BK-21-10501-nmc and entered on July 27, 2021, attached hereto  
22 as Exhibit A.

23 DATED this 28<sup>th</sup> day of July, 2021

24 MUSHKIN & COPPEDGE

25 /s/Michael R. Mushkin  
26 MICHAEL R. MUSHKIN, ESQ.  
27 Nevada Bar No. 2421  
28 L. JOE COPPEDGE, ESQ.  
Nevada Bar No. 4954  
6070 South Eastern Ave Ste 270  
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# EXHIBIT “A”

*Natalie M. Cox*

Honorable Natalie M. Cox  
United States Bankruptcy Judge



Entered on Docket  
July 27, 2021

Michael R. Mushkin, Esq.  
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CBC Partners I, LLC & CBC Partners, LLC*

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT**  
**DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

In re:

SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
COMPANY, LLC,

Debtor

Case No.: 21-10501-NMC  
CHAPTER 11

**ORDER GRANTING RELIEF FROM  
THE AUTOMATIC STAY TO  
PROCEED WITH STATE COURT  
LITIGATION AGAINST DEBTOR  
AND NONDEBTOR PARTIES**

Motion for Relief From the Automatic Stay to Proceed With State Court Litigation  
Against Debtor and Nondebtor Parties [ECF 140] filed by Secured Creditor, 5148 Spanish  
Heights, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("Movant" or "5148"), successor-in-interest to  
CBC Partners I, LLC, a Washington limited liability company ("Lender") came on for oral ruling  
before this Court on July 22, 2021, at 9:30 am, the Honorable Natalie M. Cox, United States

Bankruptcy Judge, presiding. Movants were represented by Michael R. Mushkin, of Mushkin & Coppedge, and Debtor Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC was represented by James D. Greene, of Greene Infuso, LLP; Secured Creditor City National Bank was represented by Andrea M. Gandara, of Holley Driggs; and Secured Creditor The Northern Trust Company, successor by merger to Northern Trust Bank, FSB was represented by Blakely E. Griffith, of Snell & Wilmer. The Court having reviewed the Motion, Opposition, Declarations, and related filings and having considered the arguments of the parties, and with good cause appearing,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that, for the reasons stated on the record, which the Court adopts as its findings of fact and conclusions of law pursuant to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 7052, the Motion is GRANTED.

Respectfully submitted by:

MUSHKIN & COPPEDGE

/s/Michael R. Mushkin

MICHAEL R. MUSHKIN, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 2421

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Las Vegas, NV 89119

Approved by:

HOLLEY DRIGGS

/s/Andrea M. Gandara

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Nevada Bar No. 12580

400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Approved by:

GREENE INFUSO, LLP

/s/James D. Greene

JAMES D. GREENE, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 2647

3030 South Jones Boulevard, Ste 101

Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Approved by:

SNELL & WILMER LLP

/s/Blakeley E. Griffith

BLAKELEY E. GRIFFITH, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No 12386

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Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

**LOCAL RULE 9021 CERTIFICATION**

In accordance with LR 9021, counsel submitting this document certifies that the order accurately reflects the court's ruling and that (check one):

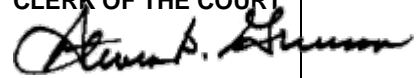
- ☐ The court has waived the requirement set forth LR 9021(b)(1).
- ☐ No party appeared at the hearing or filed an objection to the motion.
- ☒ I have delivered a copy of this proposed order to all counsel who appeared at the hearing, and any unrepresented parties who appeared at the hearing, and each has approved or disapproved the order, or failed to respond, as indicated below [list each party and whether the party has approved, disapproved, or failed to respond to the document]:

James D. Greene, Andrea M. Gandara, and Blakeley E. Griffith

☐ I certify that this is a chapter 7 or 13 case, that I have served a copy of this order with the motion pursuant to LR 9014(g), and that no party has objected to the form or content of the order.

# **EXHIBIT 6**

# **EXHIBIT 6**



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*Attorneys for Defendant and Counterclaimants*  
*5148 Spanish Heights, LLC and*  
*CBC Partners I, LLC*

**DISTRICT COURT**

**CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
COMPANY, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability  
Company; SJC VENTURES HOLDING  
COMPANY, LLC, d/b/a SJC VENTURES,  
LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company,

Plaintiffs,

v.

CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, a foreign Limited  
Liability Company; CBC PARTNERS, LLC, a  
foreign Limited Liability Company; 5148  
SPANISH HEIGHTS, LLC, a Nevada Limited  
Liability Company; KENNETH ANTOS AND  
SHEILA NEUMANN-ANTOS, as Trustees of  
the Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust and the  
Kenneth M. Antos & Sheila M. Neumann-Antos  
Trust; DACIA, LLC, a foreign Limited Liability  
Company; DOES I through X; and ROE  
CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. A-20-813439-B

Dept. No.: 11

**HEARING REQUESTED**

**MOTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF  
RECEIVER OF SJC VENTURES  
HOLDING COMPANY, LLC d/b/a  
SJC VENTURES, LLC, A  
DELAWARE LIMITED LIABILITY  
COMPANY**

CAPTION CONTINUES BELOW



1 5148 SPANISH HEIGHTS, LLC, a Nevada  
2 limited liability company; and CBC PARTNERS  
3 I, LLC, a Washington limited liability company,

4 Counterclaimants,

5 v.

6 SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
7 COMPANY, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability  
8 Company; SJC VENTURES, LLC, a Delaware  
9 limited liability company; SJC VENTURES  
10 HOLDING COMPANY, LLC, a Delaware  
11 limited liability company; JAY BLOOM,  
12 individually and as Manager, DOE  
13 DEFENDANTS 1-10; and ROE DEFENDANTS  
14 11-20,

15 Counterdefendants.

16  
17 **MOTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVER OF SJC VENTURES**  
18 **HOLDING COMPANY, LLC d/b/a SJC VENTURES, LLC,**  
19 **A DELAWARE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY**

20 Defendants/Counterclaimants, 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC and CBC Partners I, LLC  
21 (“Counterclaimants”) by and through their attorney, Michael R. Mushkin, of the law firm of  
22 Mushkin & Coppedge, hereby moves for appointment of receiver of SJC Ventures, LLC d/b/a  
23 SJC Ventures, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“SJCVC”).

24 This Motion is made and based upon the following Memorandum of Points and  
25 Authorities, the papers, pleadings, and records on file herein, and any and all arguments that may  
26 be allowed at the time of hearing of this motion.

27 **POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

28 **I. Introduction**

Counterclaimants move this Court for an appointment of receiver. As discussed below,  
Manager Member of Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, (“SHAC”) has defaulted under a  
certain \$2,935,000.00 Promissory Note and associated Deed of Trust, together with an

1 Assignment of Rents, Security Agreement and Pledge Agreement.

2 SHAC has been in default under the Loan Documents (as defined below) since the first  
3 Forbearance Agreement in September of 2017. The Forbearance Agreements were entered into  
4 evidence during the Preliminary Injunction Hearing and Consolidated Non-Jury Trial held on  
5 February 1, 2021, February 2, 2021, February 3, 2021 and March 15, 2021 (“Trial”), as Exhibits  
6 1-16. All extensions have expired. Under the terms of the Loan Documents, upon default,  
7 Counterclaimants are authorized “to do and perform any acts necessary or proper to preserve the  
8 value of the Trust Property...”

9 Counterclaimants propose the appointment of a receiver who, as discussed herein, has  
10 extensive experience as a receiver in commercial real estate cases and has been appointed by  
11 Nevada Courts on multiple occasions. Accordingly, Counterclaimants respectfully request that  
12 the Court appoint a receiver to act in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the  
13 proposed Order submitted herewith.

## 14 **II. Statement of Facts**

### 15 **A. The Initial Promissory Note**

16 1. On or about April 16, 2007, nonparties Kenneth M. Antos and Sheila M.  
17 Neumann-Antos transferred to Kenneth M. Antos and Sheila M. Neumann-Antos, Trustees of the  
18 Kenneth and Shelia Antos Living Trust dated April 26, 2007 (“Antos”) real property located in  
19 Clark County, Nevada, commonly known as 5148 Spanish Heights Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada  
20 89148 (the “Property”).

21 2. On or about June 22, 2012, Antos with nonparties KCI Investments, LLC a Nevada  
22 limited liability company (“KCI”), entered into a Secured Promissory Note with CBC Partners I,  
23 LLC, a Washington limited liability company (“CBCI”).

24 3. The June 22, 2012, Secured Promissory Note (the “Note”) was modified and  
25 amended several times.

26 4. On or about December 29, 2014, a Deed of Trust, Assignment of Rents, Security  
27 Agreement and Fixture Filing (“Deed of Trust”) was recorded against the Property in the Clark  
28 County Recorder’s Office as Instrument No. 201412290002856, for the purpose of securing the

1 Note. The balance due is approximately \$6,297,333.49 (\$2,935,001.14 for principal, pre-  
2 forbearance protection payments of \$1,326,744.55, interest and late charges of \$1,315,105.24 and  
3 interest accrued at the rate of 20% in the amount of \$1,608.22 per day from April 1, 2020). Trial  
4 Exhibit 1 5148SH 000003 – 5148SH 000004.

5 5. This Deed of Trust is subordinate to two (2) additional Deeds of Trust recorded  
6 against the Property. The First Mortgage to City National is in the principal amount of  
7 \$3,240,000.00 with monthly payments of \$19,181.07. The Second Mortgage to Northern Trust  
8 Bank is in the principal amount of \$599,000.00 with monthly payments of \$3,034.00.

9 6. The Deed of Trust was subsequently modified on July 22, 2015, and on December  
10 19, 2016, as recorded in the Clark County Recorder's Office Instrument No.'s 201507220001146  
11 and 201612190002739 respectively.

12 7. On April 6, 2021, this Court entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law  
13 Ordering that the Note is a valid existing obligation and that the Deed of Trust is a valid and  
14 existing obligation against the Property. See **Exhibit A**, attached hereto.<sup>1</sup>

15 **B. The Forbearance Agreement**

16 8. On or about September 27, 2017, Antos, SHAC and Counterdefendant SJCVC  
17 entered into a Forbearance Agreement of the Note, acknowledging default and affirming CBCI  
18 has fully performed.

19 9. As part of the Forbearance Agreement, Antos conveyed the Property to SHAC and  
20 SHAC leased the property to SJCVC.

21 10. As part of the Forbearance Agreement, SHAC would lease the Property to SJCVC.  
22 The Lease Agreement contained a Consent to Lease between SHAC and CBCI.

23 11. Paragraph 2 of the Consent to Lease states: "In the event CBCI... or otherwise  
24 exercises its rights under the Forbearance Agreement, CBCI may terminate the Lease." Trial  
25 Exhibit 15, attached hereto as **Exhibit B**, specifically Bates No. 5148SH 000152.

26 12. Pursuant to the terms of the Forbearance Agreement, SHAC was to make certain  
27

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<sup>1</sup> This FFCL has been appealed, but no stay has been sought.

1 payments to CBCI and other parties. In addition, a balloon payment of the total amount owing  
2 was due on August 31, 2019.

3 13. As part of the Forbearance Agreement, there were certain requirements of SHAC  
4 attached as Exhibit B to the Forbearance Agreement. Among the certain requirements was the  
5 understanding that the First Lien holder would pay the real property taxes, that CBCI would pay  
6 the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> Mortgage payments to prevent default, that SHAC would make certain repairs and  
7 improvements to the Property in approximately the amount of \$100,000.00, SHAC would deposit  
8 \$150,000.00 with Bank of America and replenish the account and provide CBCI with an Account  
9 Control Agreement; SHAC would maintain the Property, and SHAC would pay for a customary  
10 homeowner's insurance policy and all Homeowner's Association dues.

11 14. On December 1, 2019, an Amendment to Forbearance Agreement was entered  
12 into, extending the balloon payment to March 31, 2020.

13 15. On April 6, 2021, this Court entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law,  
14 Finding that the Forbearance Agreement and Amendment to Forbearance Agreement "are clear  
15 and unambiguous as a matter of law." See **Exhibit A**.

16 **C. The Pledge Agreement**

17 16. On or about August 4, 2017, SHAC was organized with the initial members being  
18 SJCVC, nonparty CBC Partners, LLC ("CBC Partners"), and Antos.

19 17. On or about August 9, 2017, nonparty CBC Partners resigned as a member of  
20 SHAC.

21 18. In addition to the certain requirements of the Forbearance Agreement, there was  
22 certain pledged collateral. Among the pledged collateral, Antos and SJCVC pledged 100% of the  
23 membership interest in SHAC, the Pledge Agreement. Trial Exhibit 8, attached hereto as **Exhibit**  
24 **C**, Bates No. 5148SH 000089 – 5148SH 000097.

25 19. The Pledge Agreement was between Antos and SJCVC as Pledgors and CBCI as  
26 the Secured Party and was dated September 27, 2017.

27 20. Pursuant to the Pledge Agreement, Antos and SJCVC pledged all right, title and  
28 interest in and to 100% of their membership interest of SHAC to CBCI.

1           21. In addition to pledging membership interest, the Pledgors agreed to not “sell,  
2 assign (by operation of law or otherwise) or otherwise dispose of, or grant any option with respect  
3 to, any of the Pledged Collateral...” See **Exhibit C**, specifically Bates No. 5148SH 000091.

4           22. On April 6, 2021, this Court entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law,  
5 Ordering that the “Pledge Agreement is a valid existing obligation of SJCVC.” See **Exhibit A**.

6           **D. SHAC’s Operating Agreement**

7           23. On or about August 9, 2017, CBC Partners resigned as a member of SHAC.

8           24. On or about August 10, 2017, SJCVC signed a resignation of member of SHAC.

9           25. SHAC’s Operating Agreement was purportedly effective as of September 30,  
10 2017, with the members being SJCVC as Investor or Investor Member and Antos being the Seller  
11 Member.

12           26. SHAC’s Operating Agreement states that the “management and control of the  
13 Company shall be vested exclusively and irrevocably with the Investor Member.” Trial Exhibit  
14 5, attached hereto as **Exhibit D**, specifically Bates No. 5148SH 000536 – 5148SH 000537.

15           27. Pursuant to Exhibit B of SHAC’s Operating Agreement, SJCVC’s commitment was  
16 to be \$150,000.00.

17           28. Upon information and belief, SJCVC never made the initial commitment.

18           29. In addition, Pursuant to Paragraph 8.02(a) of SHAC’s Operating Agreement,  
19 SJCVC, among other things, was to:

20           a. “Provide for the funding of a (sic) **annual** expense reserve account in the  
21 amount of \$150,000.00 within ninety days from which non member CBCI is authorized to issue  
22 payment against its obligations due from Seller Member should Investor Member fail to effect  
23 such payments...” (emphasis added).

24           b. “Provide for a second funding of an annual expense reserve account one  
25 year later in the **additional** amount of \$150,000.00 within ninety days of the first anniversary of  
26 the signing from which non Member CBCI is authorized to issue payment against its Note should  
27 Investor Member fail to effect such payments...” (emphasis added).

28           c. “Cause the Company to effect repairs to the premises to bring it back to

1 top quality standard and working repair.”

2 d. “Cause the Company to pay all HOA assessments and fines.”

3 e. “At the earlier of 2 years... pay off in full the CBC revicable (sic) as relates  
4 to the property.”

5 f. “At the earlier of 2 years... either assume service of or retire either or both  
6 of the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> position lenders.”

7 See **Exhibit D**, specifically Bates No. 5148SH 000546 – 5148SH 000548.

8 30. Upon information and belief, SJCVC never provided funding of the initial or  
9 subsequent reserve account, repaired the property to top quality standard, paid the HOA  
10 assessments and fines, pay in full CBC receivables, or assumed service of the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> position  
11 lenders.

12 **E. The Security Agreement**

13 31. In addition to the certain requirements of the Forbearance Agreement, there was  
14 certain pledged collateral. Among this pledged collateral, SJCVC granted a security interest in  
15 collateral described as:

16 SJCVC represents that First 100, LLC and 1st One  
17 Hundred Holdings, LLC, obtained a Judgment in the amount of  
18 \$2,221,039,718,46 against Raymond Ngan and other Defendants in  
19 the matter styled First 100, LLC, Plaintiff(s) vs, Raymond Ngan,  
20 Defendant(s), Case No, A-17-753459-C in the 8th Judicial District  
21 Court for Clark County, Nevada (the “Judgment”), SJCVC represents  
22 It holds a 24.912% Membership Interest in 1st One Hundred  
23 Holdings, LLC. SJCVC represents and warrant that no party, other  
24 than the Collection Professionals engaged to collect the Judgment,  
25 have a priority to receive net Judgment proceeds attributable to  
26 SJCVC before SJCVC; and that SJCVC shall receive Its interest at a  
27 minimum in pari passu with other parties who hold interests in the  
Judgment, 1st One Hundred Holdings, LLC represents and warrant  
that no party, other, than the Collection Professionals engaged to  
collect the Judgment and certain other creditors of 1st One Hundred  
Holdings, have a priority to receive net Judgment proceeds prior to  
distributions to 1<sup>st</sup> One Hundred Holdings Members; and that SJCVC  
shall receive Its interest at a minimum in pari passu with other  
parties who hold interests in the Judgment.

28 Trial Exhibit 10, attached hereto as **Exhibit E**, Bates No. 5148SH 000101-5148SH 000107.

1           32.     This Security Interest is in jeopardy.

2           33.     While the instant dispute was ongoing, Jay Bloom and SCJV were litigating a  
3 similar case pending before the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada, Case No.  
4 A-20-822273-C, filed by TGC/Farkas Funding LLC (the “Plaintiff LLC”) which is an entity  
5 owned half by Bloom’s brother-in-law (who contributed “sweat equity”) (“Farkas”) and half by  
6 a third-party investor, TGC 100 Investor (“Investor Member”) who acted through Flatto as its  
7 manager (“Flatto”). See **Exhibit F**, *Denton FFCLO* at ¶1, p. 2.<sup>2</sup>

8           34.     The Investor Member brought suit against First 100, LLC, First One Hundred  
9 Holdings LLC, two companies both managed by SJCVC and in turn majority owned and controlled  
10 by Jay Bloom (the “Denton Contempt Litigation”).

11          35.     In connection with the Denton Contempt Litigation, the Honorable Mark Denton  
12 held an evidentiary hearing on why the named Defendants and Jay Bloom “should not be found  
13 in contempt of court... for their failures to comply with the Order Confirming Arbitration Award,  
14 Denying Countermotion to Modify, and Judgment entered on November 17, 2020...” and further  
15 issued Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law & Order on April 7, 2021 (the “Denton FFCLO”)  
16 that, among other things, found Bloom to be the alter-ego of SJCVC (the “Alter-Ego Finding”).

17          36.     As background to the Denton Contempt Litigation, in 2013, The Investor Member  
18 contributed \$1,000,000 to the Plaintiff LLC which was formed to facilitate investments in a group  
19 of LLCs managed by Jay Bloom, the alter ego of SJCVC (the “LLCs” or the “Defendants”). *Denton*  
20 *FFCLO* at p. 2.

21          37.     The litigation began when the Investor Member, after the LLCs business wound  
22 down, requested an accounting from the LLCs to show what happened to the business or its assets  
23 and had related questions and made a written demand for the books and records pursuant to the  
24 operating agreements of the LLCs and NRS 86.241. *Denton FFCLO* at p. 3:1-4.

25          38.     Bloom/SJCVC did not provide any information to the Investor Member. The  
26 Investor Member filed an arbitration demand under the operating agreements. Three years later,  
27 a three- arbitrator panel (“Arbitrator”) entered a Decision and Award wholly in favor of the  
28

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<sup>2</sup> The Defendants have appealed the Denton FFCLO, but no stay has been sought.

1 Investor Member, compelling production of the Company records and ordering reimbursement  
2 of the Plaintiff's attorney's fees and costs (the "Arb. Award") finding that Bloom/ SJVC's  
3 response to the May 2, 2017, demand was the "first in a long and bad faith effort by [Defendants]  
4 to avoid their statutory and contractual duties to a member to produce requested records" (the  
5 "Arbitrator Bad Faith Finding"). *Id.* at ¶4, p. 3.

6 39. Following the Arb. Award, Farkas was no longer involved in the Plaintiff LLC.  
7 Shortly after the Arb. Award was entered, Farkas had consented in writing to an amendment of  
8 the Plaintiff LLC operating agreement and gave the Investor Member through Flatto complete  
9 discretion to manage and operate the Plaintiff LLC. *Id.* at ¶17, p. 8.

10 40. Jay Bloom, on behalf of the LLCs, argued for the enforcement of the Farkas  
11 Documents, representing that Farkas was the manager of the Plaintiff LLC. One of the documents  
12 was a purported "redemption agreement" which declared Bloom released from any responsibility  
13 to make company records available to the Investor Member. *Id.* at ¶6, p. 4:10.

14 41. Jay Bloom, as manager of the LLCs, did not comply with the Arb. Award and did  
15 not turn over any books and records to the Investor Member. The Arb. Award was entered  
16 November 1, 2020, and it was not appealed. In order to enforce the Arb. Award, the Investor  
17 Member filed the Denton Contempt Litigation.

18 42. In response, Bloom/SJVC filed a counter-motion for the modification of the Arb.  
19 Award and a request for expenses, filing the Bloom Declaration which contended that the LLCs  
20 had "no funds or employees, and the only way for Defendants to obtain and furnish the records  
21 in compliance with the Arb. Award would be for the Court order Plaintiff [TGC/Farkas Funding,  
22 LLC, the Investor Member] to first pay expenses." *Id.* at ¶8. The Court denied Bloom/SJVC's  
23 counter-motion and affirmed the Arb. Award (the "Denton Award Order") which was entered  
24 November 17, 2020. *Id.* A month later, on Dec. 18, 2020, the Investor Member moved for an  
25 Order to Show Cause ("OSC") citing no compliance or communicated intention by Bloom to  
26 comply with the Arb Award. *Id.* at ¶9, p. 5-6. Bloom was personally served with the OSC and  
27 post-judgment discovery. *Id.*

28 43. Following the issuance of the OSC and the existence of the post-judgment



1 discovery, the Court found that despite Farkas no longer being active in the Plaintiff LLC and  
2 having given full authority to the Investor Member, Bloom convinced his brother-in-law, Farkas,  
3 to sign a series of documents on behalf of the Plaintiff LLC, purporting to bind the Plaintiff LLC  
4 and the Investor Member to their detriment (the “Farkas Documents”). *Id.* at ¶20, p. 10-13.

5         44. One of the Farkas Documents was a settlement agreement executed on Jan. 6, 2021  
6 (the “Settlement Agreement”), purportedly on behalf of the Investor Member, which Bloom then  
7 asserted mooted the OSC and the post-judgment discovery. *Id.* at ¶10, p. 6. Bloom filed with the  
8 Court a Motion to Enforce the Settlement Agreement which provided for the immediate dismissal  
9 of the Order affirming the Arb. Award and the Arb. Award with prejudice. *Id.* Bloom also argued  
10 that he was a non-party to the dispute and again reiterated the need for expenses to comply. *Id.* at  
11 ¶11, p. 6. Bloom did not disclose the existence of the Settlement Agreement to the Investor  
12 Member. *Id.* at ¶13, p. 7. When the Investor Member found out about the Settlement Agreement  
13 it immediately sent notice repudiating it. The brother-in-law Farkas testified that he did not  
14 believe he had the authority to execute the Settlement Agreement on behalf of the Plaintiff LLC  
15 and that Bloom understood that. *Id.* at ¶ 15, p. 7. Ultimately, the court found that “[t]he Settlement  
16 Agreement was a sham, never designed to result in any fair benefit to Plaintiff [LLC], and, if  
17 effectuated with dismissal of the Order, the underlying Arb. Award... the ramifications to  
18 Plaintiff [LLC] would have been unacceptable under law or equity.” *Id.* at ¶32.

19         45. Judge Denton found that “Bloom disobeyed and resisted the Order in contempt of  
20 Court (civil) (the “Contempt Finding”), and further found that the Motion to Enforce was a tool  
21 of that contempt as orchestrated by Bloom in disregard of the Arb. Award confirmed by the  
22 Order.” *Id.* at p. 35:11. As the manager of the Debtor, disclosure of such contempt finding due to  
23 an abject refusal to provide books and records to a member should be included in the Disclosure  
24 Statement as a material fact related to at the very least feasibility and good faith.

25         46. The Court particularly called out the circumstances of the execution of the  
26 Settlement Agreement by Farkas in 2021. Apparently, despite Farkas’ having resigned and given  
27 all authority to the Investor Member, Jay Bloom had sent several documents to a UPS store to be  
28 executed by his brother-in-law Farkas. Jay Bloom sent the Settlement Agreement, and he also

1 sent documents purporting to fire the Plaintiff LLC's counsel, Garman Turner Gordon ("GTG"),  
2 to hire Bloom's personal counsel instead, and a release releasing and indemnifying Bloom, on  
3 behalf of the Plaintiff LLC (collectively, the "Farkas Documents"). *Id.* at p. 11. Based on those  
4 documents and relying on Bloom's representations as to Farkas' authority, Bloom's personal  
5 counsel sent correspondence to GTG representing that he was hired to replace GTG and disclosing  
6 the existence of the purported settlement agreement. *Id.* at p. 12:17.

7       47. Jay Bloom's personal counsel, in attempting to substitute in, did not contact either  
8 of the members of his client, but relied solely on Bloom's (his adversary's) representations,  
9 testifying that he took direction from Bloom because Bloom was Farkas' brother-in-law and his  
10 "conduit." *Id.* at p. 13:10. The Court points out that at all relevant times Bloom and the LLCs (the  
11 Defendants) were adverse to the Plaintiff LLC *with pending contempt proceedings against them*,  
12 and under no circumstances should Bloom have been directing Plaintiff LLCs counsel without  
13 any member of Plaintiff LLC's participation. *Id.* at p. 13:13.

14       48. The Court found that Bloom and his personal counsel (now purporting to act for  
15 the Plaintiff LLC) knew about Farkas ceding his authority to Flatto following the issuance of the  
16 Arb. Award and "were unfazed and moved forward in their enforcement efforts" with respect to  
17 the Settlement Agreement executed by Farkas, without any authority. *Id.* at ¶22, p. 13. The Court  
18 further held that "Bloom's refusal to recognize inconvenient limitations on Farkas' authority was  
19 shown to be pervasive and reckless" and that "no reasonably intelligent person with knowledge  
20 of that Arb. Award would once again attempt to enforce an agreement without Flatto's consent."  
21 *Id.* at ¶23. Bloom tried to convince the Court that the Arb. Award was based on a declaration in  
22 which Farkas committed perjury. Farkas provided rebuttal testimony that his declaration was  
23 truthful and the "Court finds there is no support for Bloom's allegation of perjury." *Id.*

24       49. Despite having received notice of Farkas' consent to the revised operating  
25 agreement giving Flatto authority, Bloom then argued that certain old documents executed by  
26 Farkas provided apparent authority, which argument the court dismissed. *Id.* at ¶26, p. 15. The  
27 Court held "there was a lack of good faith in Bloom's dealings with his brother-in-law in order to  
28 obtain the signed [Farkas] Documents with haste and in an intentional disregard of the restrictions

1 set forth in the Arb Award” *Id.* at ¶27. The court found that Bloom’s actions in making Farkas  
2 sign the documents amounted to duress by threatening his brother-in-law Farkas with civil action,  
3 especially where there are circumstances of emotional consequences, (*Id.* at ¶¶16, 17, p. 27), and  
4 that such threats amounted to bad faith subject to sanctions. *Id.* at p. 28:13.

5         50. The Court further found that Bloom’s Motion to Enforce the Settlement  
6 Agreement “was filed for the express purpose of avoiding the consequence of Defendant’s and  
7 Blooms contempt of the Order.” *Id.* at ¶34 p. 18. The Court found that due to their familial  
8 relationship “Bloom had a duty to act with the utmost good faith when dealing with Farkas” which  
9 he breached. *Id.* at p. 18:20. Farkas testified that “[Bloom] is my brother-in-law. He’s family. I  
10 didn’t think he would-he would try to do something like this...” “I trust him as a brother-in-law,  
11 and as somebody who was representing to me that he was just trying to help in this part of what  
12 was going on... I believe that he took advantage of a nuance in the law... I think the way Jay  
13 treated me was wrong and manipulative. And I think he knew exactly what he was doing.” *Id.* at  
14 p. 18:23 – 19:2. Rather than acting with the utmost good faith, Bloom actually threatened Farkas  
15 with civil action if he did not sign the Settlement Agreement and the other Bloom Documents. *Id.*  
16 at p. 19:11.

17         51. The Court stated that Bloom was only able to procure Farkas’ signature through  
18 the abuse of special confidences, the threat of adverse action and concealment of the true nature  
19 and substance of the Bloom Documents being signed. *Id.* at p. 19:16.

20         52. It is no surprise that the court granted the OSC and found Bloom in contempt  
21 holding that Bloom was not incapable of abiding by the Court’s order affirming the Arb. Award,  
22 “Bloom merely determined to do nothing to comply with the order”. *Id.* at p. 21:21-22. The court  
23 further concluded “there was no good faith basis for Bloom’s intentional disregard of the Arb.  
24 Award and Order thereon” and reliance by Bloom on Farkas’ signature was not reasonable. *Id.* at  
25 ¶11, p. 26:15.

26         53. The Denton Court found Bloom’s testimony demonstrated that the LLCs (like the  
27 Debtor here) had no continued operations, no employees, no bank accounts, no records being  
28 maintained as required under the operating agreements or NRS 86.241 and no active governance

1 of any kind (the “Breach of Entity Duties”). *Id.* at p. 32. The court held that “equity must be  
2 applied such that Bloom will not be immune from consequences from his intentional conduct for  
3 the purpose of disobeying and/or resisting the Order. Therefore, in addition to the “responsible  
4 party” rule that applies to contempt, there should be no immunity for liability when, as here,  
5 Bloom is [the LLCs] *alter ego*.” *Id.* at p. 33:1.

6 54. The Denton FFCLO found that Bloom intentionally concealed the true facts of the  
7 subject of the dispute, and that Bloom made threats to a party who he was bound to act toward in  
8 good faith and with due regard. Judge Denton found that “Farkas was threatened by Bloom with  
9 civil action by Defendants and/or their members if he did not sign the Settlement Agreement and  
10 other documents provided to him by Bloom, his family member” (*Id.* at ¶37); that “[n]ot only did  
11 Bloom conceal the true facts from Farkas, but he took active steps so that the true facts would  
12 never have to be revealed until the case was dismissed, inclusive of hiring Farkas separate counsel  
13 to orchestrate dismissal in the shadows rather than send GTG the Settlement Agreement”  
14 (collectively, the “Duress and Bad Faith Acts”) (*id.* at ¶15 at p. 27).

15 55. In addition, as part of the Breach of Entity Duties, the Denton FFCLO found as a  
16 matter of law that “[Bloom’s<sup>3</sup>] contempt of the [Court] Order through resistance and /or  
17 disobedience [was] clearly established.” *Id.* at ¶ 19.

18 56. Further, the Denton FFCLO states that Bloom followed “no corporate formalities”  
19 with regard to his entities, and “that at this juncture, Bloom is the alter ego of the named corporate  
20 Defendants” (previously defined herein as the Alter Ego Finding). *Id.* at p. 31-32.

### 21 **III. Argument**

22 Under applicable Nevada law, it is well recognized that a lender is entitled to the  
23 appointment of a receiver to protect the collateral which secures a borrower’s obligations. In this  
24 case, the obligated party is SJCV, who has possession of all the collateral including SJCV’s  
25 interest in the Judgment encumbered by the debt. SJCV has now encumbered the very same  
26 collateral by way of the Denton FFCLO. Bloom has been found to be the alter ego of SJCV and  
27 committed acts of deceit and fraud. Bloom has been found to have acted recklessly. Alternatively,  
28

---

<sup>3</sup> Bloom was found to be the “sole natural person legally associated with Defendants.” *Denton FFCLO* at ¶20, p. 28.

1 NRS §32.010(6) provides that a receiver may be appointed in all other cases where receivers have  
2 heretofore been appointed by courts of equity. Such authority, combined with the default and  
3 express agreement to such relief, unquestionably entitles Counterclaimants to the appointment of  
4 a receiver in the present case.

5 **A. Legal Standard**

6 **NRS 32.010 Cases in which receiver may be appointed.** A  
7 receiver may be appointed by the court in which an action is  
8 pending, or by the judge thereof:

9 1. In an action by a vendor to vacate a fraudulent  
10 purchase of property, or by a creditor to subject any property or fund  
11 to the creditor's claim, or between partners or others jointly owning  
12 or interested in any property or fund, on application of the plaintiff,  
13 or of any party whose right to or interest in the property or fund, or  
14 the proceeds thereof, is probable, and where it is shown that the  
15 property or fund is in danger of being lost, removed or materially  
16 injured.

17 . . .

18 5. In the cases when a corporation has been dissolved,  
19 or is insolvent, or in imminent danger of insolvency, or has forfeited  
20 its corporate rights.

21 6. In all other cases where receivers have heretofore  
22 been appointed by the usages of the courts of equity.

23 In general, "a receiver is a neutral party appointed by the court to take possession of  
24 property and preserve its value for the benefit of the person or entity subsequently determined to  
25 be entitled to the property." *Anes v. Crown Partnership, Inc.*, 113 Nev. 195, 199, 932 P.2d 1067,  
26 1069 (citing *Lynn v. Ingalls*, 100 Nev. 115, 120, 676 P.2d 797, 800-01 (1984)). A court-appointed  
27 receiver acts as an officer of the court. *Bowler v. Leonard*, 70 Nev. 370, 383, 269 P.2d 833, 839  
28 (1954). Nevada law allows for the appointment of a receiver upon the application of a creditor  
who seeks to subject any property or fund to a claim when the property or a fund is in danger of  
being dissipated. *See* NRS 32.010. Nevada law also allows for the appointment of a receiver upon  
the application of a party who has a probable claim to property or a fund. The property or fund is  
in danger of being lost, removed or materially injured. NRS 32.010 also provides that a receiver  
may be appointed in all other cases where receivers have heretofore been appointed by courts of

1 equity.

2 “The appointment of a receiver is an action within the trial court’s sound discretion and  
3 will not be disturbed absent a clear abuse.” *Medical Device Alliance, Inc. v. Ahr*, 116 Nev. 851,  
4 862, 8 P.3d 135, 142 (2000) (citing *Nishon’s Inc. v. Kendigian*, 91 Nev. 504, 505, 538 P.2d 580,  
5 581 (1975); *Peri-Gil Corp. v. Sutton*, 84 Nev. 406, 411, 442 P.2d 35, 37 (1968); *Bowler v.*  
6 *Leonard*, 70 Nev. 370, 383, 269 P.2d 833, 839 (1954)). The appointment of a receiver does not  
7 require the posting of a bond. *Bowler v. First Judicial Dist. Court*, 68 Nev. 445, 234 P.2d 593  
8 (1951).

9 In this case, this Court should exercise its discretion and appoint a receiver to collect the  
10 business records of SJCVC, determine the efforts made to collect upon the Judgment and report the  
11 financial condition of SJCVC to the Court. Jay Bloom, the alter ego of the manager of the Debtor,  
12 SJCVC, has a pattern of breaching contracts, breaching his fiduciary duties as a manager,  
13 misrepresenting facts and law, using litigation to frustrate the expectations of partners and  
14 creditors by among other things disobeying and resisting lawful court orders resulting in a  
15 judgment for contempt, using manufactured agreements obtained under duress as a tool of the  
16 contempt and refusing to perform the most basic of governance obligations, such as keeping and  
17 producing accurate books and records or filing tax returns, which pattern has continued and will  
18 continue. Accordingly, Counterclaimants easily satisfy the statutory requirements of Sections  
19 32.010, 107.100, and 107 A.260 of the Nevada Revised Statutes for the appointment of a receiver.

20 **B. Counterclaimants have Standing to Seek Appointment of a Receiver**

21 Pursuant to NRS 32.010(1), Counterclaimants have standing to seek the appointment of a  
22 receiver. Nevada allows for the appointment of a receiver upon the application of a creditor. See  
23 Trial Exhibit 1, Forbearance Agreement. The Loan is secured by the Security Agreement. See  
24 **Exhibit E**, attached hereto. The Note, Deed of Trust, Assignment of Rents, and all of the other  
25 Loan Documents were assigned by Counterclaimant CBC Partners I, LLC to Counterclaimant  
26 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC. See Recorded Assignment of Interest in Deed of Trust, Trial Exhibit  
27 100, attached hereto as **Exhibit G**.

1           **C.      Larry Bertsch is Well Qualified to Serve as Receiver**

2           Attached hereto as **Exhibit H** is a statement of the qualification of Larry Bertsch. As can  
3 be seen by the attachment, Mr. Bertsch is easily qualified, given his vast experience and  
4 familiarity with the real estate market in Nevada, to serve as receiver for the Property, to possess  
5 and control the accounts, funds, monies, books and records of the Property, upon such terms and  
6 provisions as the Court deems appropriate. Indeed, Mr. Bertsch has been appointed by courts as  
7 receiver on numerous separate occasions. Mr. Bertsch is able and willing to act as receiver for the  
8 Property in this action should the Court grant this Motion.

9           **D.      There Exists a Conflict of Interest for SJC Ventures**

10          SJCVC claims to be the irrevocable manager of SHAC. See Trial Exhibit 5, attached hereto  
11 as **Exhibit D**, specifically Bates No. 5148SH 000536, Operating Agreement of SHAC. SJCVC is  
12 also the tenant in the sole property owned by SHAC. The ownership of SJCVC rights in SHAC are  
13 in question and SJCVC has defaulted under the terms of the various forbearance agreements. As  
14 such, the rights of the true members are unrepresented, a receiver is necessary to protect those  
15 interests.

16          **IV.      Conclusion**

17          On April 6, 2021, this Court entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law Ordering  
18 that the Note is a valid existing obligation and that the Deed of Trust is a valid and existing  
19 obligation against the Property. On April 6, 2021, this Court entered its Findings of Fact and  
20 Conclusions of Law Ordering that the “Pledge Agreement is a valid existing obligation of SJCVC.”  
21 On April 6, 2021, this Court entered its Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law Finding that the  
22 Forbearance Agreement and Amendment to Forbearance Agreement “are clear and unambiguous  
23 as a matter of law.” In addition, the Denton FFCLO states that Bloom followed “no corporate  
24 formalities” with regard to his entities, and “that at this juncture, Bloom is the alter ego of the  
25 named corporate Defendants”. Bloom has refused to answer all questions regarding SJCVC’s  
26 finances and SJCVC’s ability to meet its contractual obligations.

27          Pursuant to NRS 32.010, 107.100, or 107A.260, the Court should appoint a receiver to  
28 protect Counterclaimants’ collateral in accordance with the loan documents. Due to his extensive

1 background and experience in finance and commercial real estate and as a receiver for this Court,  
2 Counterclaimants request that this Court appoint Larry Bertsch, as receiver in this case and that  
3 the Court authorize the receiver to exercise the powers set forth more specifically in the Proposed  
4 Order, attached hereto as **Exhibit I**.

5 DATED this 24<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2021

6 MUSHKIN & COPPEDGE

7  
8 /s/Michael R. Mushkin  
9 MICHAEL R. MUSHKIN, ESQ.  
10 Nevada Bar No. 2421  
11 L. JOE COPPEDGE, ESQ.  
12 Nevada Bar No. 4954  
13 6070 South Eastern Ave Ste 270  
14 Las Vegas, NV 89119  
15  
16  
17

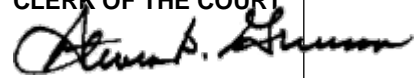
18 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

19 I hereby certify that the foregoing **Motion for Appointment of Receiver** was submitted  
20 electronically for filing and/or service with the Eighth Judicial District Court on this 24<sup>th</sup> day of  
21 June, 2021. Electronic service of the foregoing document shall be upon all parties listed on the  
22 Odyssey eFileNV service contact list.

23  
24 /s/K.L. Foley  
25 An Employee of  
26 MUSHKIN & COPPEDGE  
27  
28



# EXHIBIT “A”



1 FFCL

2  
3 **DISTRICT COURT**

4 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

5 SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
6 COMPANY, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability  
7 Company; SJC VENTURES HOLDING  
8 COMPANY, LLC, d/b/a SJC VENTURES,  
9 LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company,

Case No. A-20-813439-B

Dept. No.: XI

10 Plaintiffs,

11 v.

**FINDINGS OF FACT AND  
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

12 CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, a foreign Limited  
13 Liability Company; CBC PARTNERS, LLC, a  
14 foreign Limited Liability Company; 5148  
15 SPANISH HEIGHTS, LLC, a Nevada Limited  
16 Liability Company; KENNETH ANTOS AND  
17 SHEILA NEUMANN-ANTOS, as Trustees of  
18 the Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust and  
19 the Kenneth M. Antos & Sheila M. Neumann-  
20 Antos Trust; DACIA, LLC, a foreign Limited  
21 Liability Company; DOES I through X; and  
22 ROE CORPORATIONS I through X,  
23 inclusive,

24 Defendants.

25 5148 SPANISH HEIGHTS, LLC, a Nevada  
26 limited liability company; and CBC  
27 PARTNERS I, LLC, a Washington limited  
28 liability company,

Counterclaimants,

v.

SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
COMPANY, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability  
Company; SJC VENTURES, LLC, a Delaware  
limited liability company; SJC VENTURES  
HOLDING COMPANY, LLC, a Delaware  
limited liability company; JAY BLOOM,  
individually and as Manager, DOE

1 DEFENDANTS 1-10; and ROE  
2 DEFENDANTS 11-20,  
3 Counterdefendants.

### 4 FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

5 This matter having come on for preliminary injunction and consolidated non-jury trial on  
6 related issues pursuant to NRCP 65(a)(2)<sup>1</sup> before the Honorable Elizabeth Gonzalez beginning  
7 on February 1, 2021, February 2, 2021 , February 3, 2021,<sup>2</sup> and March 15, 2021; Plaintiffs  
8 SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION COMPANY, LLC, (“Spanish Heights”)<sup>3</sup> and SJC  
9 VENTURES HOLDING COMPANY, LLC, d/b/a SJC VENTURES, LLC (“SJC”) appearing  
10 by and through their representative Jay Bloom and their counsel of record JOSEPH A.  
11 GUTIERREZ, ESQ. and DANIELLE J. BARRAZA, ESQ. of the law firm of MAIER  
12

13  
14  
15 <sup>1</sup> Pursuant to NRCP 65(a)(2), the parties have stipulated that the following legal issues surrounding the  
16 claims and counterclaims are advanced for trial to be heard in conjunction with the hearing on the preliminary  
17 injunction hearing:

- 18 a) Contractual interpretation and/or validity of the underlying “Secured Promissory Note” between  
19 CBC Partners I, LLC, and KCI Investments, LLC, and all modifications (Counterclaim First, Fourth,  
20 Ninth, and Twelfth Claim for Relief);  
21 b) Interpretation and/or validity of the claimed third-position Deed of Trust and all modifications  
22 thereto, and determination as to whether any consideration was provided in exchange for the Deed of Trust  
23 (Counterclaim First, Fourth, Ninth, and Twelfth Claim for Relief);  
24 c) Contractual interpretation and/or validity of the Forbearance Agreement, Amended Forbearance  
25 Agreement and all associated documents/contracts (Counterclaim First, Fourth, Ninth, and Twelfth Claim  
26 for Relief);  
27 d) Whether the Doctrine of Merger applies to the claims at issue (Amended Complaint Fourth,  
28 Seventh Cause of Action); and  
e) Whether the One Action Rule applies to the claims at issue (Amended Complaint Third Cause of  
Action).

The injunctive relief claims are contained in the Amended Complaint Sixth Cause of Action.

<sup>2</sup> The Court was advised on February 3, 2021, that Spanish Heights filed for bankruptcy protection. The Court suspended these proceedings and stayed the matter for 30 days as to all parties for Defendants to seek relief from the stay. As no order lifting the stay has been entered by the Bankruptcy Court, nothing in this order creates any obligations or liabilities directly related to Spanish Heights; however, factual findings related to Spanish Heights are included in this decision. The term “Plaintiffs” as used in these Findings of fact and Conclusions of Law is not intended to imply any action by this Court against the debtor, Spanish Heights.

<sup>3</sup> As a result of the bankruptcy filing, Spanish Heights did not participate in these proceedings on March 15, 2021.

1 GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES and Defendants CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, CBC PARTNERS,  
2 LLC, appearing by and through its representative Alan Hallberg (“Hallberg”); 5148 SPANISH  
3 HEIGHTS, LLC, KENNETH ANTOS and SHEILA NEUMANN-ANTOS, as Trustees of the  
4 Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust and the Kenneth M. Antos & Sheila M. Neumann-Antos  
5 Trust; DACIA, LLC, (collectively “Defendants”) all Defendants appearing by and through their  
6 counsel of record MICHAEL R. MUSHKIN, ESQ. and L. JOE COPPEDGE, ESQ. of the law  
7 firm of MUSHKIN & COPPEDGE; the Court having read and considered the pleadings filed by  
8 the parties; having reviewed the evidence admitted during the trial; having heard and carefully  
9 considered the testimony of the witnesses called to testify and weighing their credibility; having  
10 considered the oral and written arguments of counsel, and with the intent of rendering a decision  
11 on the limited claims before the Court at this time, pursuant to NRCP 52(a) and 58; the Court  
12 makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law:

15 **I. Procedural Posture**

16 On April 9, 2020, the original complaint was filed and a Temporary Restraining Order  
17 was issued without notice by the then assigned judge.<sup>4</sup>

19 Spanish Heights and SJCV initiated this action against CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, CBC  
20 PARTNERS, LLC, 5148 SPANISH HEIGHTS, LLC, KENNETH ANTOS AND SHEILA  
21 NEUMANN-ANTOS, as Trustees of the Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust and the Kenneth  
22 M. Antos & Sheila M. Neumann-Antos Trust (“Antos Trust”); DACIA, LLC, with the First  
23 Amended Complaint being filed on May 15, 2020.

25 By Order filed May 29, 2020, the Court granted Plaintiffs’ Motion for Preliminary  
26 Injunction on a limited basis that remained in effect until after expiration of the Governor’s  
27

---

28 <sup>4</sup> This matter was reassigned to this department after an April 13, 2020, Request for Transfer to Business Court was made by the Defendants.

1 Emergency Directive 008.

2 On June 10, 2020, defendants CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, CBC PARTNERS, LLC, and  
3 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC, filed their answer to the first amended complaint.

4 Defendants CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, and 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC, have also filed a  
5 counterclaim against plaintiffs, and Jay Bloom.

6  
7 On September 3, 2020, Defendant Antos Trust filed an answer and counterclaim against  
8 SJCVC, which SJCVC answered on September 28, 2020.<sup>5</sup>

9 **II. Findings of Fact**

10 1. This action involves residential real property located at 5148 Spanish Heights  
11 Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89148, with Assessor's Parcel Number 163-29-615-007 ("Property").

12 2. The original owners of the Property were Kenneth and Sheila Antos as joint  
13 tenants, with the original deed recorded in April 2007.

14 3. On or about October 14, 2010, Kenneth M. Antos and Sheila M. Neumann-Antos  
15 (collectively, "Antos") transferred the Property to Kenneth M. Antos and Sheila M. Neumann-  
16 Antos, as Trustees of the Kenneth and Shelia Antos Living Trust dated April 26, 2007 (the  
17 "Antos Trust", and together with "Antos", the "Antos Parties").

18 4. Nonparty City National Bank is the beneficiary of a first-position Deed of Trust  
19 recorded on the Property.

20 5. Nonparty Northern Trust Bank is the beneficiary of a second-position Deed of  
21 Trust recorded on the Property.

22 6. The Property is currently owned by Spanish Heights<sup>6</sup> which has entered into a  
23  
24

25  
26  
27 \_\_\_\_\_  
28 <sup>5</sup> The Antos have a pending motion for summary judgment.

<sup>6</sup> The manager of Spanish Heights is SJCVC.

1 written lease agreement with SJC.V.<sup>7</sup>

2 7. Although the Property is residential, it is not owner occupied, but is occupied by  
3 Jay Bloom (“Mr. Bloom”) and his family.

4 8. On or about June 22, 2012, nonparty KCI entered into a Secured Promissory Note  
5 (the “Note”) with CBC Partners I, LLC, a Washington limited liability company (“CBCI”).  
6

7 9. The Note memorialized a \$300,000 commercial loan that CBCI made to Antos’  
8 restaurant company KCI to be used for the restaurant business.

9 10. On or around June 22, 2012, Kenneth and Sheila Antos, in their individual  
10 capacities, signed a “Guaranty” in which they personally guaranteed payment of the Note.  
11

12 11. The Note was secured by a “Security Agreement” dated June 22, 2012, where the  
13 security interest includes KCI’s intellectual property, goods, tools, furnishings, furniture,  
14 equipment and fixtures, accounts, deposit accounts, chattel paper, and receivables.

15 12. The Property was not included as collateral for the original Note.

16 13. The Note was modified and amended several times.

17 14. On November 13, 2013, a Fourth Modification to Secured Promissory Note  
18 (“Fourth Modification”) was executed.  
19

20 15. Paragraph 4 of the Fourth Modification amended Paragraph 6.12 of the Note as  
21 follows:

22 6.12 Antos Debt. Permit guarantor Kenneth M. Antos (“Antos”) to incur,  
23 create, assume or permit to exist any debt secured by the real property  
24 located at 5148 Spanish Heights Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89148.

25 16. Along with the Fourth Modification, the Antos Trust provided a Security  
26 Agreement with Respect to Interest in Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release (the “Security  
27

---

28 <sup>7</sup> The manager of SJC.V. is Bloom.

1 Agreement”).

2 17. This Security Agreement not only granted a security interest in a Settlement  
3 Agreement, but also contained certain Representations, Warranties and Covenants of the Antos  
4 Parties, including:

5 3.3 Sale, Encumbrance or Disposition. Without the prior written consent  
6 of the Secured Party, Antos will not (a) allow the sale or encumbrance of  
7 any portion of the Collateral and (b) incur, create, assume or permit to  
8 exist any debt secured by the real property located at 5148 Spanish  
9 Heights Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89148, other than the first and second  
position deeds of trust or mortgages...

10 18. KCI was acquired by Preferred Restaurant Brands, Inc. formerly known as Dixie  
11 Foods International, Inc. (“Dixie”).

12 19. The Note was assumed by Dixie with the Antos Parties continuing to guaranty the  
13 obligation.

14 20. On or about October 31, 2014, a Seventh Modification to Secured Promissory  
15 Note and Waiver of Defaults (“Seventh Modification”) was entered.

17 21. CBCI determined that prior to extension of additional credit; additional security  
18 was required to replace a previously released security interest in other collateral.

19 22. Paragraph 18(f) of the Seventh Modification provided for a condition precedent:

20 Execution and delivery by Kenneth M. Antos and Sheila M. Neumann-  
21 Antos, as Trustees of the Kenneth and Sheila Antos Living Trust dated  
22 April 26, 2007, and any amendments thereto (the “Antos Trust”) to Lender  
23 of a Deed of Trust on the real property located at 5148 Spanish Heights  
24 Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 (the “Real Property”), in form and  
substance satisfactory to Lender in its sole discretion.

25 23. On or about December 17, 2014, the Antos Trust delivered to CBCI a Certificate  
26 of Trust Existence and Authority (“Certificate of Trust”).

27 24. The Certificate of Trust provides in part:

28 Kenneth M. Antos and Sheila M. Neumann-Antos, as trustees (each, a

1 “Trustee”) acting on behalf of the Trust, are each authorized and  
2 empowered in the name of the Trust without the approval or consent of the  
other Trustee, the beneficiaries, or any other person:

3 To execute and deliver a Deed of Trust, Assignment of Rents,  
4 Security Agreement and Fixture Filing (the “Deed of Trust”), to  
5 secure (i) obligations owing to Lender by KCI Investments, LLC, a  
6 Nevada limited liability company, and Preferred Restaurant  
7 Brands, Inc., a Florida corporation (individually and collectively,  
8 “Borrower”), (ii) that certain Secured Promissory Note dated as of  
9 June 22, 2012, in the maximum principal amount of \$3,250,000.00  
10 (the “Note”) executed by Borrower in favor of Lender, (iii) that  
11 certain Guaranty dated June 22, 2012, executed by the Grantors as  
12 individuals and not in their capacity as trustees, and (iv) the other  
13 documents and instruments executed or delivered in connection  
14 with the foregoing.

15 25. The Certificate of Trust further provides:

16 The Deed of Trust and Lender’s provision of credit under the terms of the  
17 Note will directly and indirectly benefit the Trust and its beneficiaries.

18 The Trustees of the Trust have the authority to enter into the transactions  
19 with respect to which this Certificate is being delivered, and such  
20 transactions will create binding obligations on the assets of the Trust.

21 26. On or about December 29, 2014, a Deed of Trust, Assignment of Rents, Security  
22 Agreement and Fixture Filing (the “Deed of Trust”) was recorded against the Property in the  
23 Clark County Recorder’s Office as Instrument No. 201412290002856 for the purpose of  
24 securing the Note.

25 27. The revocable trust indirectly benefitted from this additional credit that was  
26 issued to Antos and his business by CBCI.

27 28. The Deed of Trust is subordinate to the first mortgage to City National in the  
28 principal amount of approximately \$3,240,000.00 with a monthly payment of \$19,181.07, and a  
second mortgage to Northern Trust Bank in the principal amount of approximately \$599,000.00  
with monthly payments of \$3,034.00.

29. On or about April 30, 2015, a Ninth Modification to Secured Promissory Note



1 and Waiver of Defaults (“Ninth Modification”) was executed.

2 30. Paragraph 14(c) of the Ninth Modification provides for a condition precedent as  
3 follows:

4 Execution by the Trustees of the Kenneth and Sheila Antos Living Trust  
5 dated April 26, 2007, and any amendments thereto, and delivery to Lender  
6 of the Correction to Deed of Trust Assignment of Rents, Security  
7 Agreement and Fixture Filing, in form and substance satisfactory to  
8 Lender.

9 31. On July 22, 2015, a Correction to Deed of Trust, Assignment of Rent, Security  
10 Agreement and Fixture Filing (“Correction to Deed of Trust”) was recorded in the Clark County  
11 Recorder’s Office as Instrument No. 201507220001146.

12 32. This Correction to Deed of Trust modified Paragraph One of the Deed of Trust to  
13 read:

14 One: Payment of any and all amounts (collectively, the “Guarantied  
15 Obligations”) due and owing by Trustor under that certain Guaranty from  
16 Kenneth Antos and Sheila Antos (individually and collectively,  
17 “Guarantor”) dated June 22, 2012, in favor of Beneficiary (the  
18 “Guaranty”), guarantying the indebtedness evidenced by that certain  
19 Secured Promissory Note (and any renewals, extensions, modifications  
20 and substitutions thereof) (collectively, the “Note”), executed by KCI  
21 Investments, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, and Preferred  
22 Restaurant Brands, Inc., a Florida corporation (individually and  
23 collectively, “Borrower”), dated June 22, 2012, as modified, in the  
24 maximum principal sum of THREE MILLION AND NO/100 DOLLARS  
25 (\$3,000,000.00), together with interest thereon, late charges and collection  
26 costs as provided in the Note.

27 33. On or about December 2, 2016, CBCI sold a portion of the monetary obligations  
28 of the Note in the amount of \$15,000.00 to Southridge Partners II, LP.

34. On or about December 2, 2016, CBCI and KCI entered into a Forbearance  
Agreement.

35. As part of the Forbearance Agreement, the Antos Trust executed a Consent,  
Reaffirmation, and General Release by the Trust wherein the Antos Trust agreed

1 to join in and be bound to the terms of the Representations and Warranties  
2 contained in Sections 4 and 7, and the General Release contained in  
3 Section 8 of the Agreement applicable as though the Trust were a Credit  
4 Party.

5 36. On or about December 2, 2016, a Tenth Modification to Secured Promissory Note  
6 (“Tenth Modification”) was entered into.

7 37. Paragraph 6(e) of the Tenth Modification provides for a condition precedent as  
8 follows:

9 Delivery to Lender of a duly executed First Modification to Deed of Trust,  
10 Assignment of Rents, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing, by Kenneth  
11 M. Antos and Sheila M. Neumann-Antos, Trustees of the Kenneth and  
12 Sheila Antos Living Trust dated April 26, 2007, and any amendments  
13 thereto, as trustor, related to that certain Deed of Trust, Assignment of  
14 Rents, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing made December 17, 2014,  
15 and recorded in the Official Records of Clark County, Nevada, on  
16 December 29, 2014, as instrument number 20141229-0002856.

17 38. On December 19, 2016, the First Modification to Deed of Trust, Assignment of  
18 Rents, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing was recorded in the Clark County Recorder’s  
19 Office as Instrument No. 201612190002739.

20 39. On or about July 21, 2017, Mr. Bloom proposed to service the CBCI Note in  
21 exchange for the ownership in the Property. Specifically, Mr. Bloom wrote,

22 My thought is that this proposal gets the 3rd lender:

- 23 • a full recovery of its Note balance plus all protective advances past and future,
- 24 • interim cash flow and
- 25 • provides interim additional full collateral where, given the current value of the  
26 property, the 3rd position lender is currently unsecured.

27 As to the Seller, he:

- 28 • gets out from under a potential deficiency judgment from the 3rd position  
lender and
- unburdens himself from any additional assets that may have been pledged.

40. Spanish Heights was created to facilitate this transaction.

41. On September 27, 2017, CBCI, the Antos Trust, Spanish Heights and Mr.

1 Bloom's company, SJCVC, entered into the 2017 Forbearance Agreement.

2 42. The September 27, 2017 Forbearance Agreement indicates that Mr. Bloom's  
3 company Spanish Heights intends to acquire the Property and make certain payments to CBCI  
4 pursuant to the terms of the 2017 Forbearance Agreement.

5 43. Mr. Bloom testified that he was not provided with a complete set of documents  
6 reflecting the prior transactions between the Antos and KCI<sup>8</sup> and that misrepresentations were  
7 made regarding the prior transactions by CBCI.

8 44. In the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, the Antos Parties, Spanish Heights and  
9 SJCVC acknowledged default and affirmed CBCI has fully performed.

10 45. The 2017 Forbearance Agreement contains an acknowledgement that the prior  
11 agreements between the Antos and CBCI are valid.

12 Par. 8.7 Enforceable Amended Note and Modified Deed of Trust/No Conflicts. The  
13 Amended Note and Modified Deed of Trust and the Forbearance Agreement, are legal,  
14 valid, and binding agreements of Antos Parties and the SJCVC Parties, enforceable in  
15 accordance with their respective terms, and any instrument or agreement required  
16 hereunder or thereunder, when executed and delivered, is (or will be) similarly legal,  
17 valid, binding and enforceable. This Forbearance Agreement does not conflict with any  
18 law, agreement, or obligation by which Antos Parties and the SJCVC parties is bound.

19 46. In connection with the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, on November 3, 2017, the  
20 Antos Trust conveyed the Property to Spanish Heights.

21 47. A lease agreement between Spanish Heights as the Landlord, and SJCVC as the  
22 Tenant, was executed by both Spanish Heights and SJCVC on or around August 15, 2017.

23 48. The lease agreement between Spanish Heights and SJCVC indicates that the lease  
24 term is two years, with an option for SJCVC to exercise two additional consecutive lease  
25

26  
27 <sup>8</sup> The Court finds that regardless of whether all of the prior transactional documents were provided to Mr.  
28 Bloom, Mr. Bloom was on notice of the prior transactions. The 2017 Forbearance Agreement clearly identifies the  
nature of the prior transactions in the section entitled "The Parties and Background" which begins on page 1 of the  
document.

1 extensions.

2 49. Pursuant to the terms of the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, Spanish Heights was  
3 to make certain payments to CBCI and other parties. In addition, a balloon payment of the total  
4 amount owing, under the Note, was due on August 31, 2019.

5 50. Pursuant to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, SJCVC affirmed all obligations due  
6 to CBCI under the Note and Modified Deed of Trust.

7 51. The 2017 Forbearance Agreement provides in pertinent part, "CBCI is free to  
8 exercise all of its rights and remedies under the Note and Modified Deed of Trust..."

9 52. The 2017 Forbearance Agreement states the rights and remedies are cumulative  
10 and not exclusive, and may be pursued at any time.

11 53. As part of the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, there were certain requirements of  
12 Spanish Heights attached as Exhibit B to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement.

13 54. Among the requirements was the understanding that the First Lien holder would  
14 pay the real property taxes, that CBCI would pay the 1st and 2nd Mortgage payments to prevent  
15 default, that Spanish Heights would make certain repairs and improvements to the Property,  
16 Spanish Heights would maintain the Property, and Spanish Heights would pay for a customary  
17 homeowner's insurance policy and all Homeowner's Association dues.

18 55. In addition to the requirements of the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, there was  
19 additional security to be provided by Spanish Heights, SJCVC, and others.

20 56. Among the additional security was a Pledge Agreement, through which the  
21 members of Spanish Heights pledged 100% of the membership interest in Spanish Heights.<sup>9</sup>

22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28 <sup>9</sup> The Pledge Agreement states in pertinent part:

THIS PLEDGE AGREEMENT dated 27<sup>th</sup> (sic)(this "Agreement") is made by Kenneth & Sheila Antos

1           57.     The Pledge Agreement provides in pertinent part, “Secured Party shall have the  
2 right, at any time in Secured Party’s discretion after a Non-Monetary Event of Default ... to  
3 transfer to or to register in the name of Secured Party or any of Secured Party’s nominees any or  
4 all of the Pledged Collateral.”

5           58.     Pursuant to the Pledge Agreement, upon an event of default, Pledgors (SJCVC and  
6 Antos) appointed CBCI as Pledgors’ attorney-in-fact to execute any instrument which Secured  
7 Party may deem necessary or advisable to accomplish the purposes of the Pledge Agreement.  
8

9           59.     The Pledge Agreement was signed on September 27, 2017, by the Antos and Mr.  
10 Bloom as purported manager on behalf of Spanish Heights. No separate signature block for  
11 SJCVC appears on the Pledge Agreement.  
12

13           60.     Paragraph 17 of the Pledge Agreement contained a notice provision which  
14 required notice to the Pledgors to be given to Pledgors through Plaintiffs’ current counsel, Maier  
15 Gutierrez & Associates.  
16

17           61.     As additional required security, SJCVC agreed to a Security Agreement to grant  
18 CBCI a Security Interest in a Judgment described as:

19                   SJCVC represents that First 100, LLC, and 1st One Hundred Holdings,  
20 LLC, obtained a Judgment in the amount of \$2,221,039,718.46 against  
21 Raymond Ngan and other Defendants in the matter styled *First 100, LLC,*  
22 *Plaintiff(s) vs. Raymond Ngan, Defendant(s)*, Case No, A-17-753459-C in  
23 the 8th Judicial District Court for Clark County, Nevada (the “Judgment”),  
SJCVC represents It holds a 24,912% Membership Interest in 1st One  
Hundred Holdings, LLC. SJCVC represents and warrant that no party, other

---

24                   Living Trust (the Antos Trust”), SJC Ventures, LLC (“SJCVC”)(collectively the “Pledgors”) to CBC  
25 Partners I, LLC, a Washington limited-liability company (“Secured Party” or “CBCI”).

26 \*\*\*

27                   WHEREAS, Pledgors are the owners of 100%, of the membership interests (the “Membership Interests”)  
28 of Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company (“SHAC”), which has  
been organized pursuant to the terms of the Limited Liability Company Agreement of Spanish Heights  
Acquisition Company, LLC.

1 than the Collection Professionals engaged to collect the Judgment, have a  
2 priority to receive net Judgment proceeds attributable to SJCVC before  
3 SJCVC; and that SJCVC shall receive Its interest at a minimum in pari passu  
4 with other parties who hold interests in the Judgment. 1st One Hundred  
5 Holdings, LLC, represents and warrant that no party, other than the  
6 Collection Professionals engaged to collect the Judgment and certain other  
7 creditors of 1st One Hundred Holdings, have a priority to receive net  
8 Judgment proceeds prior to distributions to 1st One Hundred Holdings  
9 Members; and that SJCVC shall receive Its interest at a minimum in pari  
10 passu with other parties who hold interests in the Judgment.

11 62. In addition to the other consideration in the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, the  
12 Antos Trust signed a Personal Guaranty Agreement, guaranteeing to CBCI the full and punctual  
13 performance of all the obligations described in the 2017 Forbearance Agreement.

14 63. Pursuant to the Amendment to Forbearance Agreement and Related Agreements,  
15 dated December 1, 2019 (the "Amendment to 2017 Forbearance Agreement"), SJCVC<sup>10</sup>  
16 acknowledged that it pledged its membership interest in Spanish Heights as collateral for the  
17 2017 Forbearance Agreement.<sup>11</sup>

---

18 <sup>10</sup> An argument has been made that SJCVC did not pledge its stock under the original Pledge Agreement.  
19 Given the notice provision in the original Pledge Agreement, Mr. Bloom's signature as manager on behalf of  
20 Spanish Heights, rather than SJCVC, and the language of the Pledge Agreement reflecting a pledge of 100% of the  
interest in membership of Spanish Heights, it appears the signature line for Mr. Bloom may have been incorrect.  
Mr. Bloom is not the manager of Spanish Heights; Mr. Bloom is the manager of SJCVC, which serves as the manager  
of Spanish Heights. The language in paragraphs 5 and 9 of the Amendment to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement  
reaffirms SJCVC's pledge of its membership interest.

21 <sup>11</sup> The Amendment to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement states in pertinent part:

22 WHEREAS, on or about September 27, 2017, the parties executed a Forbearance Agreement whereby  
23 CBCI agreed to forbear from exercising the rights and remedies under certain loan documents executed by  
24 the "Antos Parties." In addition to the Forbearance Agreement, the parties executed "Exhibit B" to the  
Forbearance Agreement, a Lease Agreement, an Account Control Agreement, a Membership Pledge  
Agreement, an Assignment of Rents, and a Security Agreement (collectively "the Related Agreements").

25 \*\*\*

26 5. The Membership Pledge Agreement executed by SJCVC and the Antos Trust shall remain in effect and  
27 the execution of this Amendment shall not be considered a waiver of CBCI's rights under the Membership  
Pledge Agreement.

28 \*\*\*

1           64.     On or about December 1, 2019, CBCI, the Antos, Spanish Heights and SJC  
2 entered into an Amendment to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement, extending the date of the  
3 balloon payment to March 31, 2020.

4           65.     The Amendment to 2017 Forbearance Agreement was signed by the Antos,  
5 Bloom as purported manager on behalf of Spanish Heights, and Bloom as manager of SJC.  
6

7           66.     Pursuant to the Amendment to 2017 Forbearance Agreement, the Security  
8 Agreement “shall remain in effect and the execution of this Amendment shall not be considered  
9 a waiver of CBCI’s rights under the Security Agreement...”

10          67.     Pursuant to the Amendment to 2017 Forbearance Agreement, any amendment  
11 must be in writing.  
12

13          68.     On March 12, 2020, Spanish Hills Community Association recorded a Health and  
14 Safety Lien against the Property. This Lien was for Nuisances and Hazardous Activities.

15          69.     On or about March 16, 2020, CBCI mailed a Notice of Non-Monetary Defaults to  
16 Spanish Heights and SJC. This Notice of Non-Monetary Default delineated the following  
17 defaults:  
18

- 19               1. Evidence of homeowner’s insurance coverage Pursuant to Paragraph  
20               1(A)(6) of Amendment to Forbearance Agreement and Related  
21               Agreements;
- 22               2. Evidence of repairs pursuant to Paragraph 3(c)(1) of Exhibit B to  
23               Forbearance Agreement;
- 24               3. Evidence of Bank of America account balance of \$150,000.00  
25               pursuant to Paragraph 6(c) of Exhibit B to Forbearance Agreement;
- 26               4. Opinion letter from SJC Ventures and 1st One Hundred Holdings  
27               counsel regarding the Judgment and Security Agreement pursuant to  
28               Paragraph 1(A)(12) of Amendment to Forbearance Agreement and  
                Related Agreements;

9. The Membership Pledge Agreement executed by SJC and the Antos Trust shall remain in effect and  
the execution of this Amendment shall not be considered a waiver of CBCI’s rights under the Membership  
Pledge Agreement.

- 1 5. Evidence of corporate authority for SJC Ventures and 1st One
- 2 Hundred Holdings pursuant to Paragraph 1(A)(13) of Amendment to
- 3 Forbearance Agreement and Related Agreements; and
- 4 6. Evidence of SJC Ventures filing of applications for mortgages to
- 5 refinance 5148 Spanish Heights Drive, pursuant to paragraph 1(C) of
- 6 Amendment to Forbearance Agreement and Related Agreements.

7 70. On April 1, 2020, a Notice of Default and Demand for Payment was sent to

8 Spanish Heights and SJCVC. This letter had a typo on the date of final balloon payment being due

9 on March 31, 2021. This was corrected and emailed to Spanish Height's and SJCVC's counsel

10 noting that the default date was corrected to March 31, 2020.

11 71. On April 1, 2020, under separate cover, counsel for CBCI sent a Notice to

12 Spanish Heights, SJCVC, and Antos that CBCI would exercise its rights under the Pledge

13 Agreement by transferring the pledged collateral to CBCI's nominee CBC Partners, LLC.

14 72. On April 1, 2020, CBC Partners received the Assignment of Company and

15 Membership Interest of Spanish Heights from the Antos Trust.

16 73. On April 3, 2020, a Notice to Vacate was sent to SJCVC.

17 74. On April 6, 2020, CBCI sold the Note and security associated with the Note, to

18 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC.

19 75. On May 28, 2020, the Assignment of Interest in Deed of Trust was recorded in

20 the Clark County Recorder's Office as Instrument No 202005280002508.

21 76. On September 15, 2020, Notice of Breach and Election to Sell Under Deed of

22 Trust was recorded in the Clark County Recorder's Office as Instrument No 202009150001405.

23 77. On December 15, 2020, Notice of Trustee's Sale was recorded in the Clark

24 County Recorder's Office Instrument No 20201215-0000746. The Sale was scheduled for

25 January 5, 2021.

26 78. CBCI, through Hallberg, and Mr. Antos, both individually and as Trustee of the

27

28



1 revocable living trust as makers; confirm the original debt and the Deed of Trust as collateral for  
2 the Note.

3 79. 5148 Spanish Heights, LLC, issued a new Notice of Default on January 4, 2021.

4 80. NRS 107.080 sets forth the notice requirements that were followed by 5148  
5 Spanish Heights, LLC, and Nevada Trust Deed Services.

6 81. Plaintiff has shown no defect or lack of adequate statutory notice in the current  
7 notice.  
8

9 82. NRS 47.240 provides for conclusive presumptions relevant to certain provisions  
10 of the relevant documents.<sup>12</sup>

11 83. Nothing in the evidence presented during these proceedings provides any basis for  
12 departure from the conclusive presumptions recited in the agreements between the parties.<sup>13</sup>  
13

14 84. At this time, CBCI has acquired the Antos interest in Spanish Heights through the  
15 Pledge Agreement. The membership interest in a limited liability company is not an interest in  
16

---

17 <sup>12</sup> **NRS 47.240 Conclusive presumptions.** The following presumptions, and no others, are conclusive:

18 \*\*\*

19 2. The truth of the fact recited, from the recital in a written instrument between the parties thereto, or their  
20 successors in interest by a subsequent title, but this rule does not apply to the recital of a consideration.

21 <sup>13</sup> For purposes of this proceeding, the Court applies the conclusive presumptions of NRS 47.240 to the  
22 following :

23 From the Pledge Agreement:

24 WHEREAS, Pledgors are the owners of 100%, of the membership interests (the "Membership Interests")  
25 of Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("SHAC"), which has  
26 been organized pursuant to the terms of the Limited Liability Company Agreement of Spanish Heights  
27 Acquisition Company, LLC.

28 From the Amendment to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement:

WHEREAS, on or about September 27, 2017, the parties executed a Forbearance Agreement whereby  
CBCI agreed to forbear from exercising the rights and remedies under certain loan documents executed by  
the "Antos Parties." In addition to the Forbearance Agreement, the parties executed "Exhibit B" to the  
Forbearance Agreement, a Lease Agreement, an Account Control Agreement, a Membership Pledge  
Agreement, an Assignment of Rents, and a Security Agreement (collectively "the Related Agreements").

1 real property. Title to the Property remains in Spanish Heights.

2 85. Plaintiff has not established unanimity of interest in title to the Property.

3 86. Plaintiff has not established an intent on behalf of the creditor to merge their lien  
4 with equitable title.

5 87. Plaintiff has provided no evidence that the 2017 Forbearance Agreement and  
6 Amendment to the 2017 Forbearance Agreement are vague or ambiguous.

7  
8 88. Plaintiff has provided no evidence of fraud or misrepresentation by any  
9 Defendant.

10 89. If any findings of fact are properly conclusions of law, they shall be treated as if  
11 appropriately identified and designated.  
12

### 13 **III. Conclusions of Law**

14  
15 1. The legal standard for granting injunctive relief is set forth in NRS 33.010, which  
16 provides:

17 Cases in which injunction may be granted. An injunction may be  
18 granted in the following cases:

19 1. When it shall appear by the complaint that the plaintiff is  
20 entitled to the relief demanded, and such relief or any part thereof  
21 consists in restraining the commission or continuance of the act  
complained of, either for a limited period or perpetually.

22 2. When it shall appear by the complaint or affidavit that the  
23 commission or continuance of some act, during the litigation,  
would produce great or irreparable injury to the plaintiff.

24 3. When it shall appear, during the litigation, that the  
25 defendant is doing or threatens, or is about to do, or is procuring or  
26 suffering to be done, some act in violation of the plaintiff's rights  
27 respecting the subject of the action, and tending to render the  
judgment ineffectual.

28 2. Given the current bankruptcy stay, the Court extends the existing injunctive relief

1 entered January 5, 2021, pending further order from the Bankruptcy Court.

2 3. The relevant documents, including, but not limited to, the 2017 Forbearance  
3 Agreement and Amendment to Forbearance Agreement and Related Agreements, dated  
4 December 1, 2019, are clear and unambiguous as a matter of law

5 4. The Note is secured by the Property.

6 5. As a condition precedent to the Fourth, Seventh, Ninth, and Tenth Modifications  
7 to the Note, a Deed of Trust encumbering the Property was required.  
8

9 6. The Antos Parties had authority, individually and as Trustees of the Antos Trust,  
10 to encumber the Property with the Deed of Trust to CBCI.

11 7. Plaintiffs have waived any defects, acknowledged the encumbrance and agreed, in  
12 writing to pay twice; first in the 2017 Forbearance Agreement and second, in the Amendment to  
13 the 2017 Forbearance Agreement.  
14

15 8. Plaintiffs agreed in the 2017 Forbearance Agreements to pay the amounts in  
16 question by separate promise to the Antos Parties.  
17

18 9. The Antos Trust received an indirect benefit from the transactions related to the  
19 Deed of Trust.

20 10. Mr. Antos testified that the Property was used as security in exchange for  
21 additional capital and release of other collateral from CBCI .  
22

23 11. Mr. Antos agrees with CBCI that Plaintiffs have failed to perform.

24 12. NRS 107.500 is only required of owner-occupied housing.

25 13. The doctrine of merger provides that “[w]hen a greater and a less estate  
26 coincide and meet in one and the same person, without any intermediate estate, the less is  
27 immediately merged in the greater, and thus annihilated.” 31 C.J.S. Estates § 153.  
28

1           14.     Plaintiffs have made no showing of the applications of the doctrine of merger in  
2 this case. As no interests have merged, and there is no showing of intent to merge

3           15.     The one-action rule “does not excuse the underlying debt.” *Bonicamp v. Vazquez*,  
4 120 Nev. 377, 382-83, 91 P.3d 584, 587 (2004).

5           16.     The One-Action Rule prohibits a creditor from “first seeking the personal  
6 recovery and then attempting, in an additional suit, to recover against the collateral.” *Bonicamp*,  
7 120 Nev. at 383, 91 P.3d at 587 (2004). When suing a debtor on a secured debt, a creditor may  
8 initially elect to proceed against the debtor or the security. If the creditor sues the debtor  
9 personally on the debt, the debtor may then either assert the one-action rule, forcing the creditor  
10 to proceed against the security first before seeking a deficiency from the debtor, or decline to  
11 assert the one-action rule, accepting a personal judgment and depriving the creditor of its ability  
12 to proceed against the security. NRS 40.435(3); *Bonicamp*, 120 Nev. at 383, 91 P.3d at 587  
13 (2004).

14           17.     The “One-Action Rule” was specifically waived by the debtor. The Deed of Trust  
15 paragraph 6.21(a) states:  
16

17                   Trustor and Guarantor each waive all benefits of the one-action  
18 rule under NRS 40.430, which means, without limitation, Trustor  
19 and Guarantor each waive the right to require Lender to (i) proceed  
20 against Borrower, any other guarantor of the Loan, any pledgor of  
21 collateral for any person’s obligations to Lender or any other  
22 person related to the Note and Loan Documents, (ii) proceed  
23 against or exhaust any other security or collateral Lender may  
24 hold, or (iii) pursue any other right or remedy for Guarantors’  
benefit.

25           18.     The 2017 Forbearance Agreement paragraph 25 gives the benefit of cumulative  
26 remedies.

27                   The rights and remedies of CBCI under this Forbearance  
28 Agreement and the Amended Note and Modified Deed of Trust are

1 cumulative and not exclusive of any rights or remedies that CBCI  
2 would otherwise have, and may be pursued at any time and from  
3 time to time and in such order as CBCI shall determine in its sole  
4 discretion.

5 19. The Court concludes as a matter of law that the Plaintiffs have not established  
6 facts or law to support the claim that the One-Action Rule bars recovery under the defaulted  
7 Note and Security documents.

8 20. The Court's Temporary Restraining Order, filed January 5, 2021, will remain in  
9 place pending further order of the Bankruptcy Court.

10 21. If any conclusions of law are properly findings of fact, they shall be treated as if  
11 appropriately identified and designated.

## 12 JUDGMENT

13 Based upon the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and other good  
14 cause appearing:

15 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED** that as to the  
16 Claims for Declaratory Relief, the Court declares the third position Deed of Trust is a valid  
17 existing obligation against the Property.


18 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED** that as to the  
19 Claims for Declaratory Relief, the Court declares that the Note is a valid existing obligation.  
20

21 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED** that as to the  
22 Claims for Declaratory Relief, the Court declares that the Pledge Agreement is a valid existing  
23 obligation of SJCV.  
24

25 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED** that as to the  
26 Claims for Declaratory Relief, the Court declares that the acquisition of a membership interest in  
27 Spanish Heights does not merge the Defendants interests.  
28

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED** that as to the Claims for Declaratory Relief, the Court declares that there has been a valid waiver of the One-Action Rule.

Dated this 6<sup>th</sup> day of April, 2021

  
Elizabeth Gonzalez, District Court Judge

## Certificate of Service

I hereby certify that on the date filed, a copy of the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law was electronically served, pursuant to N.E.F.C.R. Rule 9, to all registered parties in the Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Filing Program.

/s/ *Dan Kutinac*  
Dan Kutinac, JEA

# EXHIBIT “B”

5148 Spanish Heights Dr.

Las Vegas, Nevada

**LANDLORD**

Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC,  
a Nevada limited liability company

**TENANT**

SJC Ventures, LLC  
a Delaware limited liability company



## REAL PROPERTY LEASE

THIS LEASE is made as of August 15, 2017, by and between Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("Landlord"), and SJC Ventures, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Tenant") (the foregoing parties are collectively the "Parties" and each is a "Party").

### ARTICLE I INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS

1.1 Defined Terms. Capitalized terms used in this Lease and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings set forth or cross-referenced in Exhibit "1".

1.2 APPROVAL OF CBCI- The parties recognize that the execution this Real Property Lease is a condition to the Forbearance Agreement between CBC Partners I, LLC, and the Landlord, Tenant, and other parties. Accordingly, this Lease Agreement is subject to the written consent of CBCI ("CBCI's Consent"), in the form which is attached to Exhibit "2." The terms and conditions of CBCI's Consent, and the Forbearance Agreement shall supersede any provisions of this Lease that are inconsistent with, or contrary to, the Consent Agreement.

1.3 Basic Lease Provisions. The following are certain basic lease provisions that are part of and are referred to in subsequent provisions of this Lease:

- (a) Term:
  - (i) two (2) years commencing on the Rent Commencement Date and expiring on the Term Expiration Date, unless this Lease is extended as provided herein or is earlier terminated by Law or as otherwise provided herein.
  - (ii) Tenant shall be afforded, at Tenants sole option, two additional consecutive lease extensions consisting of a two years term for each of the two extensions, as may be exercised by Tenant.
- (b) Estimated Premises Delivery Date:  
August 15, 2013
- (c) Rent Commencement Date:  
The first day of the month following the Premises Delivery Date.
- (d) Base Rent:  
Per schedule set forth below. The monthly Base Rent shall be abated during certain months as indicated:

Initial Term Monthly Base Rent:

<u>Lease Month</u>	<u>Monthly Base Rent</u>
1-3	\$0.00
3-24	\$4,375

(e) Tenant's Name:  
SJC Ventures, LLC

(f) Permitted Use:

The Premises may be occupied and used by the Tenant and its assigned solely for those lawful purposes allowed pursuant to Statute, Ordinance and CC&Rs for the community.

(g) Notice Addresses:  
Tenant: SJC VENTURES, LLC  
5148 Spanish Heights Dr.,  
Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

With copies to:

Landlord: SPANISH HEIGHTS  
ACQUISITION COMPANY, LLC  
5148 Spanish Heights Dr.,  
Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

With copies to:

A COPY OF ANY NOTICES SHALL ALSO BE PROVIDED  
TO CBCI IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSENT  
AGREEMENT.

Payments to:

SPANISH HEIGHTS  
ACQUISITION COMPANY, LLC  
5148 Spanish Heights Dr.,  
Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

(h) First Installment of Monthly Base Rent and Security Deposit:

Within 90 days of execution and delivery of this Lease, Tenant shall pay no less than the first year of the Monthly Base Rent of \$4,375.00 which installment shall be applied to the Monthly Base Rent for the third (3rd) through twelfth (12<sup>th</sup>) full calendar months of the Term. Monthly Base Rent for any partial calendar month at the beginning of the Term shall not be billable.

(i) Guarantor:

Tenant to provide a guarantee against its distributions resultant from its interest in 1<sup>st</sup> One Hundred Holdings, LLC. and any proceeds realized therefrom under such company's collections against its judgments in the Nevada State Clark County Eighth Judicial District Court Actions, cases numbered A-16-738970-C and A-17-753459-C.

1.3 Additional Provisions. The following provisions shall apply notwithstanding anything in this Lease to the contrary:

(a) Tenant Compliance with CC&Rs: Tenant shall comply with all CC&R obligations of unit owners and residents, as set forth in the Associations Governing Documents and Covenants Conditions and Restriction.

Should there be any compliance issue, Tenant shall be responsible to cure any such violation cited, and either defend or pay an fines associated with such violations asserted.

(d) Premises Delivery Condition: Landlord shall deliver the Premises in as is where is condition.

1.4 Modified Gross Lease. This Lease is a modified gross lease.

1.5 Exhibits. The following exhibits are attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference:

EXHIBIT "1" - Definitions

EXHIBIT "2" - CBCI'S Consent to Lease.

ARTICLE II  
PREMISES

2.1 Premises. Landlord hereby leases to Tenant, and Tenant hereby leases from Landlord, the Premises, subject to (a) the terms and conditions of this Lease, (b) all matters of record, and (c) all Community Association Governing Documents and Covenants Conditions and Restrictions.

ARTICLE III  
TERM

3.1 Initial Term. The term of this Lease shall commence on the Rent Commencement Date and, unless this Lease extended as provided in Section 3.5 or is earlier terminated by Law or as elsewhere provided herein, shall expire at midnight on the "Term Expiration Date" which shall be the date at the end of the number of Lease Years stated in Section 1.2(d) (such term, as the same may be extended under Section 3.5, is referred to herein as the "Term").

3.2 Rent Commencement Date.

(a) As used in this Lease, the term "Rent Commencement Date" shall mean the date specified in Section 1.2(c).

3.3 Confirmation of Term. At any time following the Rent Commencement Date, Landlord and Tenant shall, within fifteen (15) days following the request of either Party, execute a written confirmation of the Rent Commencement Date and the Term Expiration Date.

3.4 Commencement of Tenant Obligations. From the date Landlord delivers possession of the Premises to Tenant until the Rent Commencement Date, Tenant shall observe and perform all obligations of Tenant hereunder (other than its obligations to pay Base Rent and Additional Charges) as if the term of this Lease began when possession of the Premises was so delivered to Tenant.

3.5 Extension of Term. Tenant is hereby granted an option to extend the term of this Lease, hereinafter referred to as the "Original Lease", for the additional consecutive periods set forth in Section 1.2(d), if any. Each such option shall be effectively exercised only if (a) Tenant notifies Landlord, in writing, no less than one (1) months nor more than six (6) months prior to the commencement of the applicable extension period, of Tenant's intention to exercise such option, and (b) Tenant, at the time of such notice and as of the commencement of such extension period, is not in default of this Lease. If Tenant fails to effectively exercise any such option, then such option, and any other future options to extend the term of this Lease, shall thereupon terminate. The terms and conditions of each extension period shall be the same as the terms and conditions of the Original Lease except that: (a) Tenant shall have no further right of extension after the expiration of the last extension period, and (b) the Base Rent payable during such extension period shall be calculated in accordance with Section 1.2(d).

3.6 Surrender Upon Lease Termination. Upon the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease, Tenant shall deliver and surrender to Landlord possession of the Premises in broom-clean

condition and otherwise in the state of condition and repair as Tenant is required to maintain the Premises hereunder.

3.7 Holding Over. If Tenant holds possession of the Premises after the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease, then Landlord may, in its sole and absolute discretion, treat such possession as an unauthorized holdover and as either a tenancy at sufferance or a month-to-month tenancy, upon the same terms and conditions as are hereinafter set forth, except that the monthly Base Rent shall be one hundred percent (100%) of the monthly Base Rent payable by Tenant immediately prior to such termination (prorated on a daily basis if such tenancy is treated by Landlord as a tenancy at sufferance). Nothing herein shall be construed to limit Landlord's right to obtain possession of the Premises upon termination of this Lease by unlawful detainer proceedings or otherwise if Landlord does not exercise its option to treat the continued possession by Tenant as a month-to-month tenancy, or to pursue any other remedy provided for in this Lease or available at law or in equity.

#### ARTICLE IV RENT

##### 4.1 Base Rent.

(a) Tenant hereby covenants and agrees to pay to Landlord, without deduction or set-off and without notice or demand, as "Base Rent", the amount(s) set forth in Section 1.2(d), said amount(s) to be due and payable in monthly installments, in advance, on the Rent Commencement Date and on the first day of each and every calendar month thereafter. Monthly Base Rent for any partial calendar month shall be prorated based on the actual number of days in such month. A 30-day grace period shall exist on all rent due dates.

(b) Tenant shall pay the adjusted Base Rent as calculated pursuant to Section 1.2(d) commencing with the first month of the Lease Year affected by the adjustment. However, pending the determination of the adjusted Base Rent, Tenant shall continue to pay Base Rent in the same amount as the Base Rent for the Lease Year immediately preceding the Lease Year affected by the adjustment. When the adjusted Base Rent has been determined, Tenant, concurrently with the next monthly Base Rent payment due and payable after the furnishing by Landlord to Tenant of the computation of the adjusted Base Rent, in addition to the adjusted Base Rent for such month, shall pay Landlord a sum equal to the amount of the increase in the Base Rent due for each of the previous months in the Lease Year affected by the adjustment.

4.2 Manner of Payment. All Rent and other amounts that Tenant is required to pay to Landlord hereunder shall be paid in lawful currency of the United States of America at the address set forth in Section 1.2(d) or such other place as Landlord may, from time to time, designate in writing.

4.3 Late Charges. Notwithstanding anything in this Lease to the contrary, if Tenant fails to pay any Rent or other amount that Tenant is required to pay to Landlord hereunder within thirty (30) days

following the due date thereof, then Tenant shall pay to Landlord upon demand a late charge equal to two percent (2%) of the amount due per month from the due date thereof.

4.4 Accord and Satisfaction. No payment by Tenant or receipt by Landlord of an amount less than the amount of any payment of Rent or other amount herein stipulated shall be deemed to be other than on account of the earliest stipulated Rent or other amount, nor shall any endorsement or statement on any check or any letter accompanying any check or payment of Rent or other amount be deemed an accord and satisfaction, and Landlord may accept such check or payment without prejudice to Landlord's right to recover the balance of such Rent or other amount or pursue any other remedy provided for in this Lease or available at law or in equity.

## ARTICLE V ADDITIONAL CHARGES

5.1 Status of Charges. Tenant shall additionally pay to Landlord, as part of the Rent, the amounts described in this Article VIII (collectively, the "Additional Charges").

5.2 Operating Costs.

(a) Tenant shall pay to Landlord Operating Costs. Tenant's share of the Premises Operating Costs shall be paid by Tenant to Landlord in equal monthly installments, in advance, without deduction or set-off and without notice or demand, on the first day of each calendar month during the Term in an amount equal to one-twelfth (1/12) of Tenant's share of the Premises Operating Costs as estimated by Landlord for the then current Landlord's Fiscal Year. The amount due for any partial Landlord's Fiscal Year shall be prorated based on the actual number of days in such year, and in any event, shall not exceed 10% of the base rent as specified in 1.2(d) above during the initial Lease Term. During any optional term, the 10% cap referenced in the preceding sentence will apply only to increases over the total Premises Operating Costs paid by Tenant in the final year of the initial Term.

(b) Within ninety (90) days after the end of each Landlord's Fiscal Year, Landlord shall furnish Tenant with a written statement in reasonable detail of the actual Operating Costs and the amount of Tenant's share thereof for such Landlord's Fiscal Year. If Tenant's share of the actual Operating Costs for such Landlord's Fiscal Year exceeds the aggregate of Tenant's monthly payments with respect thereto, then Tenant shall pay to Landlord any deficiency within thirty (30) days after Tenant's receipt of such statement from Landlord. If the aggregate of Tenant's monthly payments with respect thereto exceeds Tenant's share of the actual Operating Costs for such Landlord's Fiscal Year, then any surplus paid by Tenant shall be credited against the next installment of Rent due (except at the end of the Term, in which case Landlord shall pay such surplus to Tenant within thirty (30) days after Landlord's determination thereof). No failure of Landlord to provide such statement within the time prescribed shall relieve Tenant of its obligations hereunder. The obligations of Landlord and Tenant to make the foregoing adjustment shall survive the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease.

(c) As used herein, "Property Operating Costs" means all costs paid or incurred by Landlord in owning, operating, managing, maintaining, repairing, replacing, enhancing, securing, protecting and insuring the building, other improvements and spaces within the property, including,

without limitation: (i) costs of maintaining, repairing and replacing the roofs, structural portions and exteriors of the buildings in the Premises, (ii) costs of repainting the buildings and other improvements to the property, (iii) costs of electricity, water, gas, sewer and other utility services, (iv) costs of lighting, cleaning, heating, air-conditioning and otherwise cooling the premises, (v) costs of all maintenance and repairs necessary to preserve and maintain the utility and appearance of the premises, (vi) landscaping costs and costs of seasonal and other similar decorations for the premises, (vii) costs of installing, maintaining and repairing security systems, fire protection systems, lighting and utility systems, and storm drainage systems, (viii) trash, dirt, debris and other waste removal costs, (ix) pest extermination and control costs, (x) costs of supplies, materials, tools and equipment used in the operation, maintenance and repair of the premises, (xi) assessments paid or incurred by Landlord with respect to the premises under the Governing Documents or the CC&Rs, (xii) the reasonable costs of payroll, payroll taxes and employee benefits of all management personnel, including, managers, security and maintenance personnel, secretaries and bookkeepers, (xiii) reasonable consulting, accounting and legal fees and costs, (xiv) costs of purchasing and maintaining in full force all insurance that Landlord is required to maintain hereunder or that Landlord deems necessary or appropriate with respect to the premises, (xv) costs of services, if any, furnished by Landlord for the use of all tenants of the premises, including, without limitation, parcel pickup and delivery services, and (xvi) costs of improvements not part of initial premises construction which are (A) made to comply with Laws or insurance requirements not in force at the time of such initial construction, (B) undertaken for the protection of the health and safety of tenants, residents and other occupants of the premises and their agents, employees, customers and invitees, or (C) made for the purpose of reducing Premises Operating Costs.

### 5.3 Real Property Taxes.

(a) Tenant acknowledges that the Premises, its leasehold improvements and the underlying realty will be separately assessed for tax purposes. Tenant shall pay to Landlord as Tenant's share of the Real Property Taxes the portion of the Real Property Taxes set forth in Section 1.2(h). Tenant's share of Real Property Taxes shall be paid by Tenant to Landlord in equal monthly installments, in arrears, without deduction or set-off and without notice or demand, on the first day of each calendar month following the Term in an amount equal to one-twelfth (1/12) of Tenant's share of the Real Property Taxes as estimated by Landlord for the then current Landlord's Fiscal Year. The amount due for any partial Landlord's Fiscal Year shall be prorated based on the actual number of days in such year.

(b) Within ninety (90) days after Landlord's payment of the final installment of Real Property Taxes for each Landlord's Fiscal Year, Landlord shall furnish Tenant with a written statement in reasonable detail showing the actual amount of the Real Property Taxes and the amount of Tenant's share thereof for such Landlord's Fiscal Year. If Tenant's share of the actual Real Property Taxes for such Landlord's Fiscal Year exceeds the aggregate of Tenant's monthly payments with respect thereto, then Tenant shall pay to Landlord any deficiency within thirty (30) days after Tenant's receipt of such statement from Landlord. If the aggregate of Tenant's monthly payments with respect thereto exceeds Tenant's share of the actual Real Property Taxes for such Landlord's Fiscal Year, then any surplus paid by Tenant shall be credited against the next installment of Rent due (except at the end of the Term, in which case Landlord shall pay such surplus to Tenant within thirty (30) days after Landlord's determination thereof). No failure of Landlord to provide such statement within the time prescribed shall relieve Tenant of its obligations hereunder. The obligations of Landlord and Tenant to make the foregoing adjustment shall survive the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease.

(c) As used herein, "Real Property Taxes" means all taxes, assessments, levies, fees

and other governmental charges, general and special, ordinary and extraordinary, including, but not limited to, assessments for off-site public improvements for the benefit of the premises, which are laid, assessed, levied or otherwise imposed upon the premises or any part thereof and which are payable at any time during the Term, and all gross receipts taxes, rent taxes, business taxes and occupancy taxes, and shall include all of Landlord's reasonable administrative costs and all costs, including, without limitation, reasonable attorney fees, incurred by Landlord in contesting or negotiating any Premises Real Property Tax with any governmental authority, excepting only franchise, estate, inheritance, succession, capital levy, transfer, net income and excess profits taxes imposed upon Landlord.

(d) The Rent to be paid under this Lease shall be paid to Landlord absolutely and without deduction for taxes of any nature whatsoever. Landlord and Tenant recognize and acknowledge that there may be changes in the current real property tax system and that there may be imposed new forms of taxes, assessments, levies, fees or other governmental charges, or there may be an increase in certain existing taxes, assessments, levies, fees or other governmental charges placed on, or levied in connection with the ownership, leasing, occupancy or operation of, the Premises. All such new or increased taxes, assessments, levies, fees or other governmental charges which are imposed or increased as a result of or arising out of any changes in the structure of the real property tax system or any limitations on the real property taxes which can be assessed on real property including, but not limited to, any and all taxes, assessments, levies, fees and other governmental charges imposed due to the existence of this Lease (including any surcharge on the income directly derived by Landlord therefrom) or for the purpose of funding special assessment districts of the type funded by real property taxes, shall also be included within the meaning of "Premises Real Property Taxes". With respect to any general or special assessment which may be levied against or upon the Premises and which under the Laws then in force may be evidenced by improvement or other bonds, or may be paid in periodic installments, there shall be included within the meaning of "Real Property Taxes" with respect to any Landlord's Fiscal Year only the amount currently payable on such bond for such Landlord's Fiscal Year, or the periodic installment for such Landlord's Fiscal Year.

(e) Tenant shall be responsible for payment of any type of tax, excise or assessment (regardless of label or whether in the form of a rental tax, gross receipts tax, sales tax, business or occupation tax, use assessment, privilege tax, franchise tax, or otherwise, except any tax, excise or assessment which in substance is a net income or franchise tax that is based solely on Landlord's net income) which is laid, assessed, levied or otherwise imposed at any time by any governmental authority upon or against the Premises, the use or occupancy of the Premises, the Rent payable by Tenant to Landlord, or otherwise with respect to the landlord-tenant relationship hereunder. Tenant shall pay the full amount of such tax, excise or assessment directly to the appropriate governmental authority, unless the applicable law expressly imposes solely on Landlord the duty to pay or collect such tax, excise or assessment, in which case Tenant shall pay the full amount of such tax, excise or assessment as part of the Rent due and payable under this Lease to Landlord within thirty (30) days following receipt of Landlord's billing therefor. Notwithstanding that the applicable Law may impose on Landlord the duty to pay or collect such tax, excise or assessment, it is understood and agreed that Tenant shall nevertheless be obligated to pay such tax, excise or assessment and Landlord shall be indemnified against and held harmless from the same by Tenant. If (i) Tenant fails to timely pay such tax, excise or assessment and Landlord pays the same, or (ii) Landlord elects in its sole and absolute discretion to pay the same in advance, then Tenant shall promptly reimburse Landlord for the amount thereof as part of the Rent next due and payable under this Lease. The provisions of this paragraph shall also apply to any such tax, excise or assessment which may at any time replace or supplement any tax, excise or assessment described herein.



## ARTICLE VI SECURITY DEPOSIT

6.1 Security Deposit. Within 90 days of the Tenant's execution and submission of this Lease, Tenant shall deposit with Landlord and thereafter during the Term shall maintain on deposit with Landlord, without interest, the sum set forth in Section 1.2(d) as security deposit for the full, prompt and faithful performance by Tenant of all of its obligations hereunder. The Parties agree that it is the intent of the Parties that (a) such deposit or any portion thereof may be applied by Landlord to the initial obligations of the Tenant under this Agreement and/or the curing of any default that may exist, without prejudice to any other remedy or remedies which Landlord may have on account thereof, and at the end of the first year, Tenant shall pay to Landlord upon demand the amount so applied which shall be added to the security deposit so that the same will be restored to its original amount, (b) Landlord shall not be obligated to hold the security deposit as separate funds, but may commingle it with other funds, (c) if Tenant performs all of the terms, covenants and conditions of this Lease on its part to be kept and performed, then the security deposit, or any then remaining balance thereof, shall be returned to Tenant, without interest, within sixty (60) days after the expiration of the Term, and (d) should the Premises be transferred by Landlord, the security deposit or any balance thereof may be turned over to Landlord's successor or transferee, and if the security deposit is turned over to such successor or transferee, Tenant agrees to look solely to such successor or transferee with respect to any required return of the security deposit.

## ARTICLE VII UTILITIES AND OTHER SERVICES

7.1 Utilities. Landlord will provide at points available to the Premises (through conduits, shafts, ducts or otherwise) the facilities necessary to enable Tenant to obtain for the Premises electricity, water, gas, sewer, cable and telephone service. Landlord, at its sole cost and expense, shall be responsible for installing and constructing all equipment, lines, improvements and alterations necessary to pull or otherwise bring such utilities from such points to the Premises. Landlord shall be solely responsible for, and shall promptly and timely pay, all costs (including, without limitation, connection and service charges) of all electricity, water, gas, sewer, telephone, and other utilities and services consumed or used at the Premises directly to the utility or service provider or to Landlord, as Landlord may direct, on the basis, where applicable, of separate meters and otherwise on such basis as Landlord reasonably designates. Landlord shall also pay all costs of installing meters or sub-meters, to the extent available, for such utilities and services. With respect to costs for utilities and services billed directly by Landlord, Landlord shall not charge Tenant at a rate in excess of the rate the utility and service providers would otherwise charge Tenant if billed directly ("Additional Charges").

7.2 Premises HVAC. Landlord, shall maintain all equipment, alterations and improvements necessary to provide HVAC for the premises. Tenant shall ensure that all Premises HVAC equipment is installed, operated and maintained in a manner that prevents roof leaks, damage or noise due to vibrations or improper installation, operation or maintenance.

7.3 Interruption of Service. Landlord shall not be liable to Tenant in damages or otherwise if

any one or more of such utilities or services used or consumed at the Premises is interrupted or terminated because of (a) necessary repairs, maintenance, replacements, improvements or alterations, (b) the failure or inability of any provider of any such utility or service to provide such utility or service to the Premises, (c) any Law, or (d) any other cause beyond Landlord's reasonable control. No such interruption or termination of utilities or services shall relieve Tenant from any of its obligations under this Lease.

7.4 Trash. Tenant shall dispose of all garbage, refuse, trash and other waste in the kind of containers, in the areas and otherwise in the manner reasonably directed by Landlord. If Tenant requires the services of a trash compactor or any special waste processing, it agrees to arrange for and coordinate such services through Landlord. Should Landlord implement a recycling program, Tenant agrees to follow all procedures designated by Landlord in compliance therewith.

7.5 Services. Tenant acknowledges that Landlord has entered into or may in the future enter into agreements with service providers (collectively, "Service Providers") for pest control, garbage removal and disposal, recycling, telecommunications services (including, without limitation, telephone, cable, internet, data, wireless and other communications services) and other services to provide services to the premises and its tenants for the purpose of achieving uniformity of services, favorable pricing and/or limiting the number of service providers working in or providing services to the Premises and its tenants. Landlord may, at its sole discretion, assume the sole responsibility of contracting with such Service Providers, and Tenant shall then be responsible for, and shall promptly and timely pay, all costs for such common services consumed or used at the Premises by Tenant, by making payment in advance either directly to the Common Service Provider or to Landlord, as determined by Landlord, on the basis Landlord reasonably designates. Landlord shall not charge Tenant at a rate in excess of the rate the Service Providers would otherwise charge Tenant directly (except that Landlord may include a reasonable administrative charge in such costs). In the event Landlord delegates any such service responsibilities directly to Tenant, Tenant agrees to contract with such Service Providers and to abide by the terms of Landlord's agreements with such Service Providers, provided that the amounts which are to be paid to such Service Providers by Tenant, and the quality of product and level of service to be provided by such Service Providers to Tenant, shall at all times be competitive in the Las Vegas metropolitan area. Upon request by Landlord, Tenant shall provide a copy of all documentation evidencing regular and proper conduct of all such services delegated to Tenant.

## ARTICLE VIII MAINTENANCE

### 8.1 Maintenance by Landlord.

(a) Landlord shall keep and maintain the facilities described in the first sentence of Section 12.1, the roof, structural portions, interior and exterior of the Premises, in good and tenantable condition and repair during the Term; provided, however, that if the need for any such repair is attributable to or results from any violation of this Lease by Tenant or any act, omission, negligence or misconduct of Tenant, its agents, employees or contractors, then in such case Tenant shall reimburse Landlord on demand for all costs and expenses incurred by Landlord with respect to such repairs.

(b) For purposes of this Article VIII, neither the structural portions of the Premises

nor the exterior of the Premises shall be deemed to include the plate or other glass, window cases or frames, doors or door frames of the Premises.

(c) Landlord shall not be liable to Tenant for any failure by Landlord to make any repairs that Landlord is required to make hereunder unless Tenant has previously notified Landlord in writing of the need for such repairs and Landlord has failed to commence such repairs within a reasonable period of time following Landlord's receipt of Tenant's written notification or to thereafter diligently pursue such repairs to completion.

8.2 Maintenance by Tenant. Tenant, at its sole cost and expense, shall keep and maintain in good condition and repair the plate and other glass, window cases and frames, doors and door frames of the Premises; all equipment, lines, improvements and alterations for electricity, water, gas, sewer, HVAC, and other utilities and services which serve the Premises exclusively, whether located within or outside of the Premises; the interior of the Premises; all equipment, fixtures, alterations and improvements located in or exclusively serving the Premises; and all other portions of the Premises other than those that Landlord is expressly required to maintain under Section 13.1. All repairs and replacements made by Tenant under this Section 13.2 shall be in quality and class equal to the original work or item, and shall be performed in a good and workmanlike manner, in compliance with all applicable Laws, and at such times and in such manners as Landlord may reasonably designate to minimize any interference with the operation of the Premises. Tenant shall indemnify Landlord for expenses incurred by Landlord as a result of Tenant's failure to satisfy its maintenance requirements.

8.3 Casualty and Condemnation. This Article VIII shall not apply to damage caused by a fire or other casualty, or by condemnation. The relative obligations of Landlord and Tenant with respect to the repair of such damage shall instead be governed by the provisions of Article XIX or Article XX, as applicable.

## ARTICLE IX CHANGES TO PREMISES

### 9.1 Alternations and Remodeling.

(a) Tenant, at its sole cost and expense, shall have the right, during the Term, to make such interior installations, improvements and other alterations in or to the Premises as Tenant may deem necessary or desirable for its use of the Premises; provided, however, that Landlord's prior written consent shall be required for (i) any installation, improvement or other alteration that requires a building permit under any applicable Law, (ii) any changes in the appearance of the Premises from any Common Area, (iii) any change to or affecting the structure of the Premises or the Building, and (iv) any material change to or affecting the electrical, water, gas, sewer, HVAC or any other mechanical system of the Premises, the Building or the Premises. Tenant shall not make any installation, improvement or other alteration in or to any other portion of the Premises (including, without limitation, the exterior walls or roof of the Premises), or make any penetration through the floor, exterior wall, grey shell ceiling or roof of the Premises, without Landlord's prior written consent. No consent of Landlord to any installation, improvement or other alteration shall create any responsibility or liability on the part of Landlord for their design, sufficiency or compliance with any Laws. In connection with any installation, improvement or other alteration in or to the Premises by Tenant, Landlord may require Tenant, at Tenant's sole cost and expense, to furnish to Landlord a payment and performance bond naming Landlord as beneficiary from a

surety reasonably satisfactory to Landlord, or other security reasonably satisfactory to Landlord, to assure diligent and faithful payment for and performance thereof. Tenant's compliance with NRS 108.2403 shall satisfy the performance bond requirements contained in the preceding sentence. If any installation, improvement or other alteration made by Tenant impacts the structure or any mechanical system of the Premises, the Building or the Premises, or if Tenant otherwise has the same prepared, then Tenant shall deliver "as-built" plans to Landlord promptly upon completion thereof.

(b) All installations, improvements and other alterations in or to the Premises made by Tenant shall be made promptly, in a good and workmanlike manner, in accordance with all applicable Laws, using contractors approved by Landlord in writing, and at such times and in such manners as Landlord may reasonably designate to minimize any interference with the operation of the Premises.

## ARTICLE X

### LIENS

10.1 Liens. Tenant shall use reasonable efforts to prevent any mechanic's, materialman's or other lien directly attributable to the Tenant's actions from being filed against the Premises, the Building or the Premises as a result of work, labor, services or materials performed for or furnished to Tenant. If any such lien is filed, then Tenant shall (a) cause such lien to be released of record by payment, bond, order of a court of competent jurisdiction or otherwise within thirty (30) days of Tenant's receipt of notice of such filing, subject to Tenant's right to contest the claim of such lien as provided below in this Article XV, and (b) defend (using counsel reasonably acceptable to Landlord), indemnify and hold harmless Landlord against and from all legal action, damages, loss, liability and other expenses (including reasonable attorney fees) arising from or out of such lien. If Tenant desires to contest any claim of any such lien, then Tenant, at its sole cost and expense, may do so upon furnishing Landlord with security reasonably acceptable to Landlord in the amount of at least one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the amount of such claim, plus estimated costs and interest. If a final judgment establishing the validity of such claim, or any part thereof, is entered, then Tenant shall pay and satisfy the same at within fifteen (15) days of such entry.

10.2 Litigation liens. Landlord shall endeavor to clear all third party liens, resultant from judgments, against the subject premises, through the initiation of a Quiet Title action.

## ARTICLE XI

### OWNERSHIP OF TENANT IMPROVEMENTS AND PERSONAL PROPERTY

11.1 Tenant Improvements. Subject to Section 11.2, all installations, improvements and other alterations made by Tenant in or to the Premises, including, without limitation, HVAC equipment, water heaters, plumbing fixtures, lighting fixtures, wall coverings and floor finishes, shall become the property of Landlord upon completion and shall remain upon and be surrendered with the Premises upon the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease without any obligation on the part of Landlord to compensate Tenant for the same.

11.2 Tenant Personal Property. All fixtures installed by Tenant on or in the Premises ("Tenant

Personal Property") shall be and remain the property of Tenant and shall be removable at any time, including upon the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease. Tenant shall promptly repair any damage to the Premises caused by the removal of any Tenant Personal Property. Any Tenant Personal Property not removed from the Premises by Tenant upon the expiration or within fifteen (15) days after any earlier termination of this Lease may be construed by Landlord as abandoned by Tenant. Alternatively, Landlord may order Tenant to remove such Tenant Personal Property from the Premises or have the same removed at Tenant's expense. All costs associated with the installation and removal of Tenant Personal Property, inclusive of damage repair expenses, shall be the sole responsibility of Tenant.

11.3 Personal Property Taxes. Tenant shall pay before delinquency all taxes, assessments, levies, fees and other governmental charges which are laid, assessed, levied or otherwise imposed upon Tenant's business operations, leasehold improvements, trade fixtures, equipment and other personal property at the Premises.

## ARTICLE XII RIGHTS OF LANDLORD

12.1 Landlord's Right to Access and Make Repairs. Landlord, solely upon notice to and consent by the Tenant (except in the case of an emergency in which case no such notice shall be required), shall have the right to enter the Premises to inspect the Premises, to make repairs to the Premises that Landlord is required to make hereunder, to perform any other obligation of Landlord hereunder, and to make repairs to the Building, during normal business hours and at any other time the Premises is open for business (and at any time in the case of an emergency). If Tenant is not in compliance with any maintenance or repair obligation of Tenant under this Lease, then Landlord shall have the right to immediately in the case of an emergency, and otherwise upon five (5) days notice (unless Tenant commences curing such noncompliance within such five (5) day period and thereafter diligently pursues such curing to completion), enter upon the Premises to remedy said noncompliance at Tenant's expense (payable as additional rent within thirty (30) days following receipt of Landlord's billing). In connection with any exercise of its rights under this Section 12.1, Landlord shall use commercially reasonable efforts to minimize interference with Tenant's business, but shall not be liable for any interference caused thereby.

12.2 Landlord's Right to Make Payments on Behalf of Tenant. Landlord has a right to make payments on behalf of Tenant where Tenant defaults in its payments or obligations under the terms of this Lease and fails to make such payments or perform such obligations within five (5) days of Landlord's notice to Tenant of such default. Said payments by Landlord shall be considered as additional rent and be due and payable within thirty (30) days following receipt of Landlord's billing.

## ARTICLE XIII INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

13.1 Mutual Indemnification.

(a) Subject to Section 13.4, Tenant shall defend (by counsel reasonably acceptable to

Landlord), indemnify and hold harmless Landlord against and from legal action, damages, loss, liability and any other expense (including reasonable attorney fees) in connection with loss of life, bodily or personal injury or property damage arising from or out of all acts, failures, omissions or negligence of Tenant, its agents, employees or contractors which occur in the Premises, or other parts of the Premises, unless and to the extent such legal action, damages, loss, liability or other expense (including reasonable attorney fees) results from any act, omission or neglect of Landlord, its agents, contractors, employees or Persons claiming through it.

(b) Subject to Section 13.4, Landlord shall defend (by counsel reasonably acceptable to Tenant), indemnify and hold harmless Tenant against and from legal action, damages, loss, liability and any other expense (including reasonable attorney fees) in connection with loss of life, bodily or personal injury or property damage, arising from or out of all acts, failures, omissions or negligence solely due to the conduct of Landlord, its agents, employees or contractors which occur in the Premises, Premises or other parts of the Premises, unless and to the extent such legal action, damages, loss, liability or other expense (including reasonable attorney fees) results from any act, omission or neglect of Tenant, its agents, contractors, employees or Persons claiming through it.

### 13.2 Tenant's Insurance.

(a) General Requirements. Tenant shall, from and after the date of delivery of the Premises from Landlord to Tenant and during the Term, carry and maintain with respect to the Premises the types of insurance set forth in Section 13.2(b), each of which shall be in the amount hereinafter specified (or in such other amount as Landlord may from time to time reasonably request) and in the form hereinafter provided for, and each of which shall be with an insurance company authorized to do business in the State of Nevada and rated A-/VIII or better in the most current edition of Best's Insurance Report. All policies of insurance required to be carried and maintained by Tenant hereunder (other than workers compensation policies of insurance) shall (i) name as additional insureds Landlord, each Secured Lender and such other Persons as Landlord specifies from time to time, (ii) contain a provision that Landlord and the other additional insureds, although named as insureds, shall nevertheless be entitled to recover under such policies for any loss occasioned to any of them by reason of the negligence or willful misconduct of Tenant, and (iii) contain a waiver of subrogation with regard to any claim against Landlord. All policies of such insurance shall be written as primary policies and not contributing with or in excess of the coverage, if any, which Landlord or any other Person may carry, and shall provide that Landlord be given written notice thirty (30) days prior to the expiration, material alteration, cancellation, non-renewal or replacement of the existing policies. Should Tenant fail to furnish said notice or obtain the policies as is provided in this Lease, and at the times herein provided, Landlord may obtain such insurance and the premiums on such insurance shall be deemed to be an Additional Charge to be paid by Tenant to Landlord upon demand. Tenant may maintain any of its required insurance coverages under umbrella or blanket policies of insurance covering the Premises and any other premises of Tenant, or any Affiliate of Tenant, provided that the coverage afforded will not be reduced or diminished by reason of the use of such blanket policy.

#### (b) Required Insurance.

(i) Tenant shall carry and maintain commercial general liability insurance with a combined single limit of at least One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) per occurrence. The policy for such insurance shall be written on an "occurrence" basis and shall include coverage for (A) personal injury claims including, without limitation, claims for bodily injury, death and property damage, (B)

contractual liability, with defense provided in addition to the policy limits for indemnitees of the named insured, (C) personal and advertising liability, including, without limitation, liability arising from intentional torts such as libel, slander, invasion of privacy, copyright infringement and unlawful detention, and (D) products and completed operations. Such policy shall provide for severability of interests, and shall not include a deductible in excess of \$25,000.00.

(ii) Tenant shall carry and maintain property insurance covering all leasehold improvements made by Tenant (including Tenant's Work), Tenant Personal Property and other personal property from time to time in, on or upon the Premises, in an amount not less than the full replacement cost thereof, without deduction for depreciation, providing protection against any peril included within the classification "all risks" insurance (including but not limited to coverage for water damage from all causes, including sprinkler damage, sewer discharge or backup, water line breakage, and overflow from Tenant's spaces). The policy for such insurance shall be endorsed with ISO endorsements specifying coverages for additional costs of contingent liability from the operation of building codes, increased costs of construction, debris removal and demolition costs. Such policy shall include coverage for all glass windows, doors and other glass fixtures and appurtenances at the Premises. The deductible under such policy shall not exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) per occurrence. Landlord shall be named as a loss payee with respect to the coverage for Tenant improvements.

(c) Notice of Loss. Tenant shall promptly notify Landlord of any damage to Persons or property that occurs at the Premises from fire, any other casualty or serious injury.

### 13.3 Landlord's Insurance.

(a) General Requirements. Landlord shall, from and after the date of delivery of the Premises from Landlord to Tenant and during the Term, carry and maintain the types of insurance set forth in Section 13.3(b), each of which shall be in the amount hereinafter specified and in the form hereinafter provided for, and each of which shall be with an insurance company authorized to do business in the State of Nevada and rated A-/VIII or better in the most current edition of Best's Insurance Report. Landlord may maintain any of its required insurance coverages under umbrella or blanket policies of insurance covering the Building and any other premises of Landlord, or any Affiliate of Landlord, provided that the coverage afforded will not be reduced or diminished by reason of the use of such blanket policy. All premiums for insurance maintained by Landlord pursuant to this Section 13.3 shall be a part of the Premises Operating Costs.

(b) Required Insurance. Landlord shall carry and maintain (i) general liability insurance with respect to the Premises with such limits as Landlord may reasonably determine, and (ii) property insurance covering the Building (excluding Tenant's Work, Tenant Personal Property, all other property required to be covered by Tenant's insurance under Section 13(b)(ii), and all property required to be covered by the property insurance of other tenants or occupants of the Building) in such amount as Landlord may reasonably determine, but in no event less than the amount required any Secured Lender.

13.4 Waiver of Subrogation. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained elsewhere in this Lease, neither Party shall be liable to the other Party, or to any insurance company insuring the other Party by way of subrogated rights or otherwise, for any loss or damage which is covered by any insurance carried, or required to be carried, by Tenant under Section 13.2(b), or any insurance carried, or required to be carried, by Landlord under Section 13.3(b).

13.5 Limitations on Landlord's Liabilities. Landlord shall not be responsible or liable to Tenant, or those claiming by, through or under Tenant, for any loss or damage to their person or property resulting from (a) the acts or omissions of Persons occupying space adjoining or adjacent to the Premises or connected to the Premises, or occupying any other space within the Premises, (b) the acts or omissions of any other Persons (except as otherwise expressly provided in Section 13.1(b)), or (c) events such as the breaking or falling of electrical cables and wires; or the breaking, bursting, stoppage or leaking of water, gas, sewer, or steam pipes or equipment.

#### ARTICLE XIV CASUALTY

##### 14.1 Landlord's Obligation to Repair and Reconstruct.

(a) If the Premises shall be partially damaged by fire or other casualty but are not thereby rendered unsuitable for the purposes contemplated herein, Landlord shall cause the Premises to be repaired, subject to Section 14.1(c) and Section 14.2, and the Base Rent and Additional Charges shall not be abated. If by reason of such occurrence the Premises shall be rendered unsuitable for the purposes contemplated herein only in part, Landlord shall cause the Premises to be repaired, subject to Section 14.1(c) and Section 14.2, and the Base Rent and Additional Charges shall be abated proportionately as to the portion of the Premises rendered unsuitable for the purposes contemplated herein from the date of such occurrence until the earlier to occur of ninety (90) days after Landlord's restoration work has been substantially completed or the date the Premises so repaired has reopened for business.

(b) If the Premises shall be rendered wholly unsuitable for the purposes contemplated herein by reason of such occurrence, Landlord shall cause the Premises to be repaired, subject to Section 14.1(c) and Section 14.2, and the Base Rent and Additional Charges shall be abated from the date of such occurrence until the earlier to occur of ninety (90) days after Landlord's restoration work has been substantially completed or the date the Premises so repaired has reopened for business.

(c) If Landlord is required or elects to repair or reconstruct the Premises under the provisions of this Article XIV, its obligation shall be limited to that work with respect to the Premises which was Landlord's obligation to perform for Tenant at the commencement date of this Lease. Upon Landlord's completion of the work required to be performed by Landlord under this Section 14.1, other than details of construction which do not materially interfere with the performance of the work to be performed by Tenant under this Section 14.1, Tenant, at Tenant's expense, shall promptly perform all repairs and restoration not required to be done by Landlord and shall promptly re-fixture and reconstruct the Premises and recommence business in all parts thereof.

(d) Tenant shall not be entitled to any compensation or damages, other than stated herein, from Landlord for the loss of the use of the whole or any part of the Premises or damage to Tenant Personal Property or any inconvenience or annoyance occasioned by such damage, repair, reconstruction or restoration.



14.2 Option to Terminate. Landlord may elect to terminate this Lease by giving to Tenant notice of such election within ninety (90) days after the occurrence of any of the events below. If notice is given, this Lease shall terminate as of the date of such notice and Base Rent and Additional Charges shall be adjusted as of the date of such termination.

(a) the Premises are rendered wholly untenable, or damaged as a result of any cause which is not covered by Landlord's actual insurance or Landlord's required insurance under Section 13.3(b),

(b) the Premises are damaged or destroyed to the extent of twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the cost of replacement during the second-to-last Lease Year of the Term,

(c) the Premises are materially damaged or destroyed in whole or in part during the last Lease Year of the Term, or

(d) the Premises is damaged to the extent of ten percent (10%) or more of the cost of replacement, However, Landlord shall not terminate this Lease solely pursuant to this clause.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, if Landlord terminates this Lease solely pursuant to clause (b) or clause (c) of this Section 14.2, and if at the time Tenant receives notice of such termination any option of Tenant to extend the term of this Lease under Section 6.5 may still be validly exercised, then Tenant may nullify Landlord's termination notice, and require Landlord to repair the Premises in accordance with Section 14.1, by exercising such option by giving Landlord written notice of such exercise within thirty (30) days after Tenant's receipt of Landlord's notice of termination. Tenant hereby waives any statutory rights of termination which may arise out of partial or total destruction of the Premises which Landlord is obligated to restore.

14.3 Demolition of Premises. If the Premises is so substantially damaged that it is reasonably necessary, in Landlord's reasonable judgment, to demolish a portion of the Premises, including the Premises, for the purpose of reconstruction, Landlord may demolish the Premises, in which event Tenant's Base Rent and Additional Charges shall be abated from the date of the casualty until the earlier to occur of ninety (90) days after Landlord's restoration work has been substantially completed or the date the Premises so restored has reopened for business.

## ARTICLE XV CONDEMNATION

15.1 Condemnation. If the whole or substantially the whole of the Premises or the Premises shall be taken for any public or quasi-public use, by right of eminent domain or otherwise, or shall be voluntarily sold or conveyed in lieu of condemnation (but under threat of condemnation), then this Lease shall terminate as of the date when physical possession of the Premises or the Premises is taken by the condemning authority. If less than the whole or substantially the whole of the Premises is so taken, sold or conveyed, then Landlord (whether or not the Premises are affected thereby) may terminate this Lease by giving written notice thereof to Tenant prior to the date when physical possession of such portion of the Premises is taken by the condemning authority if such taking, sale or conveyance substantially impairs access to the Premises or the usefulness of the Premises as a mixed-use development, in which event this Lease shall terminate as of the date when physical possession of such portion of the Premises is taken by

the condemning authority. If less than the whole or substantially the whole of the Premises or the Premises is so taken, sold or conveyed, then either Landlord or Tenant may terminate this Lease by giving written notice thereof to the other party prior to the date when physical possession of such portion of the Premises or the Premises is taken by the condemning authority if such taking, sale or conveyance substantially impairs access to the Premises or the usefulness of the Premises for the purposes herein granted to Tenant, in which event this Lease shall terminate as of the date when physical possession of such portion of the Premises or the Premises is taken by the condemning authority. If this Lease is not so terminated upon any such taking, sale or conveyance, then (a) Landlord shall, to the extent Landlord deems feasible, restore the Premises and the Premises to substantially their former condition, but such work shall not exceed the scope of the work done by Landlord in originally constructing the Premises and the Premises, nor shall Landlord in any event be required to spend for such work an amount in excess of the amount received by Landlord as compensation for such taking, sale or conveyance, and (b) if any portion of the Premises is so taken, sold or conveyed, the Base Rent and Additional Charges shall be equitably reduced based on the manner the same are calculated hereunder (i.e., whether they are calculated on a square foot or fixed rate basis). All compensation awarded for any such taking, sale or conveyance of the fee and the leasehold, or any part thereof, shall belong to and be the property of Landlord. Tenant hereby assigns to Landlord all right, title and interest of Tenant in and to any award made for leasehold damages and/or diminution in the value of Tenant's leasehold estate. Tenant shall have the right to claim such compensation as may be separately awarded or allocated by reason of the cost or loss to which Tenant may incur in removing Tenant's fixtures, leasehold improvements and equipment from the Premises. Compensation as used in this Article XX shall mean any award given to Landlord for such taking, sale or conveyance in excess of, and free and clear of, all prior claims of the holders of any mortgages, deeds of trust or other security interests. No such taking, sale or conveyance shall operate as or be deemed an eviction of Tenant or a breach of Landlord's covenant of quiet enjoyment. Tenant hereby waives any statutory rights of termination which may arise by reason of any such partial taking, sale or conveyance of the Premises.

ARTICLE XVI  
SUBORDINATION AND ATTORNMENT BY TENANT

16.1 Subordination of Lease. This Lease and the estate of Tenant hereunder shall be subject and subordinate to any ground lease, deed of trust, mortgage lien, or any reciprocal easement agreement or other operating agreement which now encumbers or which at any time hereafter may encumber the Premises (such ground lease, deed of trust, mortgage lien, or reciprocal easement agreement or other operating agreement, and any replacement, renewal, modification, consolidation or extension thereof, being hereinafter referred to as an "Encumbrance"). Any Encumbrance shall be prior and paramount to this Lease and to the right of Tenant hereunder and all Persons claiming through and under Tenant, or otherwise, in the Premises. Tenant's acknowledgment and agreement of subordination provided for in this Section 21.1 shall be self-operative and no further instrument of subordination shall be required. However, Tenant, on Tenant's behalf, and on behalf of all Persons claiming through and under Tenant, covenants and agrees that, from time to time at the request of Landlord or the holder of any Encumbrance, Tenant will execute and deliver any necessary or proper instruments or certificates reasonably necessary to acknowledge or confirm the priority of the Encumbrance over this Lease and the subordination of this Lease thereto or to evidence Tenant's consent to any Encumbrance. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any holder of an Encumbrance may elect to the extent possible that this Lease shall have priority over such Encumbrance and, upon notification of such election by the holder of such Encumbrance, this Lease shall

be deemed to have priority over such Encumbrance, whether this Lease is dated prior to or subsequent to the date of such Encumbrance.

16.2 Attornment by Tenant. Tenant agrees that if the holder of any Encumbrance or any Person claiming under said Encumbrance shall succeed to the interest of Landlord in this Lease, then Tenant shall recognize and attorn to said holder as Landlord under the terms of this Lease. Tenant agrees that it will, upon the request of Landlord, execute, acknowledge and deliver any and all instruments necessary or reasonably requested by Landlord or its lender to give effect or notice of such attornment and failure of Tenant to execute any such document or instrument upon demand shall constitute a default by Tenant under the terms of this Lease.

## ARTICLE XVII ASSIGNMENT AND SUBLETTING

### 17.1 Landlord's Consent Required.

(a) Tenant shall not mortgage, pledge, encumber, franchise, assign or in any manner transfer this Lease, voluntarily or involuntarily, by operation of law or otherwise, nor sublet all or any part of the Premises for the conduct of any business by any unrelated third Person who does not maintain a relationship with Tenant, or for any purpose other than is herein authorized without Landlord's prior written consent, which shall not be unreasonable withheld.

(b) If Tenant is a "closely-held" entity (meaning a corporation which is not listed on a national securities exchange as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, a partnership, a limited liability company, or any other type of business entity that is not a corporation), a change in the "control" of Tenant or in the "control" of any entity that directly or indirectly "controls" Tenant ("control" meaning the ownership or control of fifty percent (50%) or more of the voting or ownership interests of an entity or, if such entity is a partnership, the general partner of such entity) without Landlord's prior written consent shall constitute an attempted assignment in violation of this Lease and shall at Landlord's election: (i) be deemed to be a default under this Lease, (ii) be deemed to be an offer of return of the Premises to Landlord pursuant to Section 22.3, or (iii) be deemed to be null and void and of no effect.

(c) Any consent by Landlord to any assignment or subletting, or other operation by a concessionaire, or licensee, shall not constitute a waiver of the necessity for such consent under any subsequent assignment or subletting or operation by a concessionaire or licensee.

(d) Reference anywhere else in this Lease to an assignee or subtenant shall not be considered as a consent by Landlord to such assignment or subletting nor as a waiver against the same except as specifically permitted in this Section 22.1.

(e) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, Tenant shall have the right to assign or otherwise transfer this Lease or sublease the Premises (in whole or in part), to its parent or to a wholly owned subsidiary or to an entity which is wholly owned by the same entity which wholly owns Tenant or to a related third party, provided, however, that (i) Tenant shall also remain primarily liable for all obligations under this Lease, (ii) the transferee shall, prior to the effective date of the transfer, deliver to

Landlord, instruments evidencing such transfer and its agreement to assume and be bound by all the terms, conditions and covenants of this Lease to be performed by Tenant, all in form acceptable to Landlord, (iii) Tenant shall not be in default under this Lease and (iv) Tenant's right to make such transfer is expressly conditioned on, and shall remain in effect only as long as the transferee maintains its relationship as parent or wholly owned subsidiary of Tenant or wholly owned subsidiary of Tenant's parent.

(f) If Landlord approves a sublease or assignment other than a sublease or assignment made pursuant to subsection 17.1(e) of this Lease, 50% of any profits generated from said sublease/assignment shall be paid by Tenant to Landlord as they are generated.

17.2 Insolvency Proceedings. If an assignment of the Premises is caused by operation of law due to Tenant's voluntary or involuntary insolvency proceedings under bankruptcy law, said assignment shall be subject to any and all provisions of the Bankruptcy Code as amended at the time of said assignment.

17.3 Return of Premises by Tenant. Prior to or simultaneously with any request by Tenant for consent as required in this Article XVII to assign this Lease or sublet the whole or substantially the whole of the Premises, Tenant shall, by written notice and without charge of any kind, offer the return of the Premises to Landlord herein. Landlord, within thirty (30) days of receipt of said written notice, shall have the option to accept the Premises without further liability upon Tenant as to the terms of this Lease ; provided, however, that if Landlord elects to accept the Premises, then Tenant may, by written notice to Landlord within thirty (30) days of Landlord's notice to Tenant of such election by Landlord, rescind such offer and continue to lease the Premises on the terms and conditions set forth herein.

17.4 Acceptance of Rent by Landlord. If this Lease be assigned, or if the Premises, or any part thereof, be subleased or occupied by anybody other than Tenant with or without Landlord's consent, Landlord may collect from assignee, subtenant or occupant, any Rent or other charges payable by Tenant under this Lease and apply the amount collected to the Rent herein reserved, but such collection by Landlord shall not be deemed a waiver of the provisions of this Lease, nor an acceptance of this assignee, subtenant or occupant, as a tenant of the Premises.

17.5 No Release of Tenant's Liability. No assignment or subletting or any other transfer by Tenant, either with or without Landlord's consent, required or otherwise, during the Term shall release Tenant from any liability under the terms of this Lease nor shall Tenant be relieved of the obligation of performing any of the terms, covenants and conditions of this Lease.

17.6 Legal Fees. In each instance where Landlord's consent to an assignment or subletting is requested by Tenant, Tenant acknowledges and agrees that Landlord shall not be deemed to be acting unreasonably if Landlord, as one of its conditions to the granting of such consent, should require Tenant to pay the reasonable attorney's fees incurred by Landlord for outside counsel, if any, or counsel for Landlord's lender if such lender's consent should be required, in the preparing, reviewing, negotiating and/or processing of documentation in connection with the requested assignment or subletting irrespective of whether or not consent is given to such assignment or subletting.

ARTICLE XVIII  
DEFAULT

18.1 Events of Default. Each of the following shall be considered an "Event of Default" and shall give rise to and entitle Landlord to the remedies provided for in Section 23.2, as well as any and all other remedies, whether at law or in equity, provided for or otherwise available to Landlord or as otherwise provided for in this Lease:

(a) Tenant shall default in the payment of any Rent or charges, or in the payment of any other sums of money required to be paid by Tenant to Landlord under this Lease, or as reimbursement to Landlord for sums paid by Landlord on behalf of Tenant in the performance of the covenants of this Lease, and said default is not cured within ten (10) days after receipt of written notice thereof from Landlord.

(c) Tenant should vacate or abandon the Premises or shall fail to operate its business on the days and hours required, or fails to continuously occupy the Premises.

(d) Tenant shall default in the performance of any other covenants, terms, conditions, provisions, rules and regulations of this Lease and such default is not cured within one hundred eighty (180) days after written notice thereof given by Landlord, excepting such defaults that cannot be cured completely within such one hundred eighty (180) day period providing Tenant, within said one hundred eighty (180) day period, commences the curing thereof and continues thereafter with all due diligence to cause such curing to proceed to completion.

(e) There is commenced any case in bankruptcy against the original named Tenant, any assignee or subtenant of the original named Tenant, any then occupant of the Premises.

(f) The sale of Tenant's interest in the Premises under attachment, execution or similar legal process.

(f) Any other Event of Default designated elsewhere herein occurs.

All cure periods provided in this Lease shall run concurrently with any periods provided by law.

18.2 Remedies and Damages.

(a) If any Event of Default occurs, Landlord may, at its option and in addition to any and all other rights or remedies provided Landlord in this Lease or at law or equity, immediately, or at any time thereafter, and without demand or notice (except as provided herein):

(i) without waiving the Event of Default, apply all or part of the security deposit, if any, to cure the Event of Default and Tenant shall upon demand after the expiration of the term restore the security deposit to its original amount;

(ii) without waiving such Event of Default, apply thereto any overpayment of Rent to curing the Event of Default in lieu of refunding or crediting the same to Tenant;

(iii) if the Event of Default pertains to work or other obligations (other than

the payment of Rent) to be performed by Tenant, without waiving such Event of Default, enter upon the Premises and perform such work or other obligation, or cause such work or other obligation to be performed, for the account of Tenant; and Tenant shall upon demand pay to Landlord the cost of performing such work or other obligation.

18.3 Rights of Redemption. Landlord expressly acknowledges any and all of Tenant's rights of redemption granted by or under any present or future laws in the event of Tenant being evicted or dispossessed for any cause, or in the event of Landlord obtaining possession of the Premises by reason of the violation, by Tenant, of any of the covenants or conditions of this Lease, or otherwise.

18.4 Default by Landlord. If Landlord fails or refuses to perform any of the provisions, covenants or conditions of this Lease on Landlord's part to be kept or performed, Tenant, prior to exercising any right or remedy Tenant may have against Landlord on account of such default, shall give written notice to Landlord and, if Tenant has been notified of the name and notice address of such lender, Landlord's lender of such default, specifying in said notice the default with which Landlord is charged and Landlord shall not be deemed in default if the same is cured within thirty (30) days of receipt of said notice. Notwithstanding any other provision hereof, Tenant agrees that if the default complained of in the notice provided for by this Section 23.6 is of such a nature that the same can be rectified or cured by Landlord, but cannot with reasonable diligence be rectified or cured within said thirty (30) day period, then such default shall be deemed to be rectified or cured if Landlord within said thirty (30) day period (or Landlord's lender in a longer reasonable time) shall commence the rectification and curing thereof and shall continue thereafter with all due diligence to cause such rectification and curing to proceed to completion.

18.5 Attorneys' Fees & Costs of Enforcement. In the event of a dispute among the parties that results in the filing of a court action seeking enforcement of the terms of this Lease, the prevailing party shall be entitled to all reasonable costs, attorney fees (including allocable in-house counsel costs) and related expenses incurred, whether or not the matter is taken to final judgment.

## ARTICLE XIX

### NOTICES

19.1 Notices to Tenant and Landlord. Any and all notices and demands by or from Landlord to Tenant, or by or from Tenant to Landlord, required or desired to be given hereunder shall be in writing and shall be validly given if sent by any of the following methods which provides a written delivery confirmation receipt: i) served personally; ii) deposited in the United States mail, certified or registered, postage prepaid, return receipt requested; iii) delivered by a nationally recognized next day delivery courier service, or; iv) transmitted by facsimile with a copy sent the same day via US first class mail postage prepaid. All notices shall be effective upon receipt. However, if such notice or demand be served by registered or certified mail or by courier service in the manner provided, service shall be conclusively deemed given the first Business Day delivery is attempted whether or not it actually occurs. Notices shall be addressed in accordance with Section 1.2(k). Either party may change its address for the purpose of receiving notices or demands as herein provided by a written notice given in the manner aforesaid to the other party hereto, which notice of change of address shall not become effective, however, until the actual receipt thereof by the other party.

19.2 Notices to Mortgagee. Tenant shall give each Landlord's mortgagee (each a "Landlord Mortgagee") written notice of any alleged default which could give rise to Tenant's termination of this Lease or expenditure of money on behalf of Landlord provided Landlord has given Tenant a notice advising Tenant of the name and address of such Landlord Mortgagee. Such Landlord Mortgagee shall also be given an appropriate time to cure such default including the opportunity to obtain possession of Landlord's interest, if necessary, to cure the default.

## ARTICLE XX MISCELLANEOUS

20.1 Force Majeure. Whenever a day is appointed herein on which, or a period of time is appointed in which, a Party is required to do or complete any act, matter or thing, the time for the doing or completion thereof shall be extended by a period of time equal to the number of days on or during which such Party is prevented from the doing or completion of such act, matter or thing because of labor disputes, civil commotion, war, warlike operations, sabotage, unforeseen governmental regulations or control, fire or other casualty, unforeseen inability to obtain materials, fuel or energy, weather or other acts of God, or other causes beyond such Party's reasonable control (financial inability excepted); provided, however, that nothing contained herein shall excuse any Party from the prompt payment of any money that such Party is required to pay hereunder.

20.2 Time of the Essence. Subject to Section 20.1, time is of the essence of this Lease and all of the terms, covenants and conditions hereof.

20.3 Brokers. Tenant and Landlord each warrants to the other that it has had no dealings with any broker or agent in connection with this Lease. Subject to the foregoing, Tenant and Landlord covenant and agree to pay, hold harmless and indemnify the other from and against any and all costs, expenses or liability for any compensation, commissions and charges claimed by any broker or agent alleging to have dealt with the indemnifying party with respect to this Lease or the negotiation hereof (including, without limitation, the cost of legal fees in connection therewith).

20.4 Recordation. This Lease may be recorded by Tenant. Tenant may also record a memorandum or short form of this Lease,

20.5 Exculpation. If Landlord shall fail to perform any term, covenant or condition of this Lease upon Landlord's part to be performed and, as a consequence of such default, Tenant shall recover a money judgment against Landlord, such judgment shall be satisfied only out of the proceeds of sale received upon the execution of such judgment and levy thereon against the right, title and interest of Landlord in the Premises and out of rent or other income from the Premises receivable by Landlord or out of the consideration received by Landlord from the sale or other disposition of all or any part of Landlord's right, title and interest in the Premises. Neither Landlord, nor any of its members, partners, venturers, shareholders, officers, directors or Affiliates shall be liable for any deficiency.

20.6 Perpetuities. If for any reason the Rent Commencement Date has not occurred within three (3) years of the date hereof, this Lease shall thereupon terminate and be of no further force or effect (except with respect to matters that arose before such termination).

20.7 Estoppel Certificates. Tenant agrees at any time, upon not less than ten (10) days prior written request by Landlord, to execute, acknowledge and deliver to Landlord a written statement certifying that this Lease is unmodified and in full force and effect (or, if there has been modifications, that the same is in full force as modified and stating the modifications), the dates to which the Rent have been paid in pursuant to this Lease and such other certification concerning this Lease as may be reasonably requested by Landlord. Tenant further agrees that such statement may be relied upon by any mortgagee or prospective purchaser of the fee or assignee of any mortgage on the fee of the Premises.

20.8 Consents. Where in this Lease, or in any rules and regulations imposed by Landlord hereunder, Landlord's or Tenant's consent or approval is required and is not expressly permitted to be withheld in Landlord's or Tenant's sole discretion, such consent or approval shall not be permitted to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed. Tenant shall pay all costs and expenses (including reasonable attorney fees) that may be incurred by Landlord in processing, documenting or administering any request by Tenant for any consent or approval of Landlord required under this Lease. The grant by Landlord of any consent or approval hereunder shall in no way result in the incurrence by Landlord of any liability related to the subject matter of such consent or approval.

20.9 No Partnership. Nothing contained in this Lease shall be deemed or construed by the Parties or by any third party to create the relationship of principal and agent, a partnership, a joint venture or any other association between Landlord and Tenant. Neither the method of computation of rent nor any other provisions contained in this Lease nor any acts of the Parties shall be deemed to create any relationship between Landlord and Tenant other than the relationship of landlord and tenant.

20.10 Effective Date of Lease. The submission of this Lease for examination or execution does not constitute a reservation of or option for the Premises; and this Lease becomes effective as a lease only upon execution and delivery thereof by both Parties.

20.11 Costs of Performing Obligations. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, each Party shall perform its obligations hereunder at its sole cost and expense and without any right to receive any reimbursement therefore from the other Party.

20.12 Drafting. This Lease shall not be construed either for or against Landlord or Tenant, but shall be interpreted in accordance with the general tenor of its language.

20.13 Covenants. Whenever in this Lease any words of obligation or duty are used in connection with either Party, such words shall have the same force and effect as though framed in the form of express covenants on the part of such Party.

20.14 Captions. The captions appearing at the commencement of the articles and sections hereof, and as the title to the exhibits attached hereto, are descriptive only and for convenience in reference to this Lease, and in no way define, limit or describe the scope or intent of this Lease, nor in any way affect this Lease.

20.15 Limitation Language. In this Lease, the use of words such as "including" or "such as" shall not be deemed to limit the generality of the term, covenant or condition to which they have reference, whether or not non-limiting language (such as "without limitation", "but not limited to", or words of similar import) is used with reference thereto, but rather shall be deemed to refer to all other



items or matters that could reasonably fall within the broadest possible scope of such general term, covenant or condition.

20.16 Pronouns. Masculine and feminine pronouns shall be substituted for the neuter and vice versa, and the plural shall be substituted for the singular form and vice versa, in any place or places herein in which the context requires such substitutions.

20.17 Partial Invalidity. If any term, covenant or condition of this Lease, or any application thereof, should be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, void or unenforceable, all terms, covenants and conditions of this Lease, and all applications thereof, not held invalid, void or unenforceable, shall continue in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated thereby. In lieu of such invalid, void or unenforceable term, covenant or condition, there shall be added to this Lease a term, covenant or condition that is valid, not void and enforceable and that most closely approximates the intent of such invalid, void or unenforceable term, covenant or condition as may be possible.

20.18 Entire Agreement. This Lease sets forth the entire understanding and agreement between the Parties, and supersedes all previous communications, negotiations and agreements (including, without limitation, letters of intent), whether written or oral, with respect to the subject matter hereof. No addition to or modification of this Lease shall be binding on any Party unless reduced to writing and duly executed and delivered by the Parties. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Tenant acknowledges and agrees that unless otherwise expressly set forth herein, neither Landlord nor any of its agents, representatives or employees has made any agreement with Tenant, or any covenant, promise, representation or warranty to Tenant, with respect to any of the following: (a) exclusive rights to sell goods or services within the Premises, (b) limitations on or restrictions against competing businesses within the Premises, (c) the future opening of other businesses within the Premises, (d) the type or quality of existing or prospective tenants located or to be located within the Premises, (e) work to be performed by Landlord in improving the Premises, (f) contributions by Landlord towards Tenant's leasehold improvement costs, (g) the annual amounts of Tenant's share of Premises Operating Costs or Tenant's share of Real Property Taxes during the Term, or (h) promotion or advertising of Tenant's business or Tenant's products or services.

20.19 Remedies Cumulative. The various rights, options, elections and remedies of Landlord contained in this Lease shall be cumulative and no one of them shall be construed as exclusive of any other, or of any right, priority or remedy allowed or provided for by law and not expressly waived in this Lease.

20.20 Waiver. Landlord and Tenant shall have the right at all times to enforce the terms, covenants and conditions of this Lease in strict accordance with the terms thereof, notwithstanding any conduct or custom on the part of Landlord or Tenant in refraining from so doing at any time or times. No failure by Landlord or Tenant to insist upon the strict performance of any term, covenant or condition of this Lease or to exercise any right or remedy available for a breach thereof, and no acceptance by Landlord of full or partial Rent during the continuance of any such breach by Tenant, shall constitute a waiver of any such breach or any such right or remedy. No term or condition of this Lease required to be performed by Landlord or Tenant, and no breach thereof, shall be waived, altered or modified except by a written instrument executed by the other party. A waiver by Landlord in respect to any tenant of the Premises shall not constitute a waiver in favor of any other tenant. No waiver by Landlord or Tenant of the breach of any condition, covenant or provision of this Lease shall excuse a future breach of the same

condition, covenant or provision or of any other condition, covenant or provision of this Lease. After the service of any notice or commencement of any suit, or final judgment therein, Landlord may receive and collect any Rent due, and such collection or receipt shall not operate as a waiver of nor affect such notice, suit or judgment unless the collection by Landlord of such Rent fully settles the subject matter of such notice, suit or judgment.

20.21 Insolvency and Death. It is understood and agreed that neither this Lease, nor any interest herein or hereunder, nor any estate hereby created in favor of Tenant, shall pass by operation of law under any insolvency, bankruptcy, inheritance or other similar Law to any trustee, receiver, assignee for the benefit of creditors, heir, legatee, devisee or other Person.

20.22 Successors and Assigns. The conditions, covenants and agreements contained in this Lease shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and permitted assigns.

20.23 Joint Liability. If Tenant now or hereafter shall consist of more than one Person, then all such Persons shall be jointly and severally liable as Tenant hereunder.

20.24 Transfer of Landlord's Interest. Landlord shall be liable under this Lease only while owner of the Premises. If Landlord should sell or otherwise transfer Landlord's interest in the Premises, then such purchaser or transferee shall be responsible for all of the covenants and undertakings thereafter accruing of Landlord. Tenant agrees that Landlord shall, after such sale or transfer of Landlord's interest, have no liability to Tenant under this Lease or any modification or amendment thereof, or extensions or renewals thereof, except for such liabilities which (a) might have accrued prior to the date of such sale or transfer of Landlord's interest to such purchaser or transferee, and (b) are not assumed by such purchaser or transferee.

20.25 Waiver of Jury Trial. The Parties shall and hereby do waive all rights to trial by jury in any action, proceeding or counterclaim brought by either of the Parties against the other on any matters whatsoever arising out of or in any way connected with this Lease, the relationship of Landlord and Tenant, Tenant's use or occupancy of the Premises, or any claim of injury or damage.

20.26 Consents. No Party shall be deemed to have given any consent, approval or agreement required under this Lease unless and until such Party gives such consent, approval or agreement in writing.

20.27 Governing Law. The laws of the State of Nevada shall govern the validity, construction, performance and effect of this Lease. Any legal suit, action or proceeding against Landlord or Tenant arising out of or relating to this Lease shall be instituted in any federal or state court in Clark County, Nevada, and each Party waives any objection which it may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any such suit, action or proceeding, and each Party hereby irrevocably submits to the jurisdiction of any such court in any suit, action or proceeding.

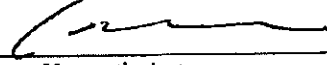
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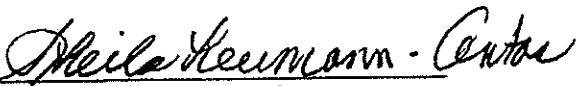
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have executed this Lease as of the day and year first written above.

LANDLORD:

Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC, a  
Nevada limited liability company

By: Member - ANTOS, KENNETH & SHEILA  
LIV TR, KENNETH M ANTOS SHEILA M.  
NEUMANN-ANTOS TRUST, Kenneth Antos and Sheila  
Neumann-Antos as Trustees

By:   
Name: Kenneth Antos  
Title: Trustee  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

By:   
Name: Sheila Neumann-Antos  
Title: Trustee  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

TENANT:

SJC Ventures, LLC  
a Nevada limited liability company

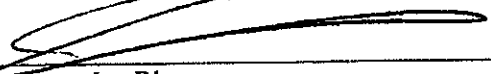
By:   
Name: Jay Bloom  
Title: Manager  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

EXHIBIT "1"  
DEFINITIONS

The following terms used in this Lease shall have the following meanings (unless otherwise expressly provided herein):

"Additional Charges" has the meaning given in Section 7.1.

"Affiliate" means a Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, a specified Person. For purposes of this definition, the term "control" shall mean the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting interests, by contract or otherwise.

"Base Rent" has the meaning given in Section 1.2(d).

"Building" means the building now existing or to be constructed within the Premises at which the Premises is located.

"Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or another day upon which banks in the State of Nevada are authorized or required to be closed.

"Service Providers" has the meaning given in Section 7.5.

"CPI-U" means the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumers Price Index for all Urban Consumers, All Cities Average, Subgroup "all items" (base reference period 1982-84=100). If during the Term the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, ceases to publish a CPI-U, such other index or standard as will most nearly accomplish the aim and purpose of said CPI-U and the use thereof in this Lease shall be selected by Landlord in its reasonable discretion.

"Encumbrance" has the meaning given in Section 16.1.

"Event of Default" has the meaning given in Section 18.1.

"HVAC" means heating, ventilation and air conditioning.

"Landlord" has the meaning given in the preamble.

"Landlord Mortgagee" has the meaning given in Section 19.2.

"Landlord's Fiscal Year" shall mean the calendar year or such other twelve (12) month period as Landlord may from time to time elect in its sole and absolute discretion.

"Laws" means all laws, statutes, rules, orders, ordinances, directions, regulations and requirements of federal, state, county and municipal authorities as are in force from time to time.

"Lease" means this Lease, including all exhibits hereto, as the same may be amended from time to time.

"Lease Year" means each twelve (12) month period during the Term commencing on the day and month of the Rent Commencement Date; provided, however, that if the Rent Commencement Date is not the first day of a calendar month, then the first Lease Year shall commence on the Rent Commencement Date and end on the last day of the twelfth full calendar month thereafter and each subsequent Lease Year shall commence on the first day of the calendar month after the month of the Rent Commencement Date.

"Real Property Taxes" has the meaning given in Section 5.3(c).

"Original Lease" has the meaning given in Section 3.5.

"Parties" or "Party" has the meaning given in the preamble.

"Person" means any individual or any government entity, general partnership, limited partnership, joint venture, limited liability company, corporation, trust, cooperative, association or other similar organization.

"Premises" means that Real Property known as known as 5148 Spanish Heights Dr., Las Vegas, NV 89148, as the same may be reconfigured, expanded, reduced or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance herewith.

"Premises Real Property Taxes" has the meaning given in Section 5.3(c).

"Prevailing Party" has the meaning given in Section 18.5.

"Rent" means Base Rent and Additional Charges.

"Rent Commencement Date" has the meaning given in Section 6.2(a).

"Tenant" has the meaning given in the preamble.

"Tenant Personal Property" has the meaning given in Section 11.2.

"Term" has the meaning given in Section 1.2(a).

"Term Expiration Date" has the meaning given in Section 3.1.

"Premises" has the meaning given in Section 4.1.

"Premises Operating Costs" has the meaning given in Section 5.2(a).

EXHIBIT "2"

CONSENT TO LEASE

THIS CONSENT TO LEASE (the "Consent") is made and entered into this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_\_\_, (the "Effective Date") by and between Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC ("Owner") of 5184 Spanish Heights Drive, Las Vegas, NV, (the "Property") and SJC Ventures, LLC (the "Tenant"), and CBC Partners I, LLC (the "CBCI").

RECITALS:

WHEREAS, the Tenant and Owner have entered into the Lease attached hereto (the "Lease"), for the Property.

WHEREAS, the parties recognize that the execution this Lease is a condition to the Forbearance Agreement between CBC Partners I, LLC, and the Landlord, Tenant, and other parties. Further, this Lease is subject to the written consent of CBCI

WHEREAS, the CBCI hereby consents to such Assignment upon the terms and conditions contained hereunder:

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the covenants and obligations contained herein, CBCI, Tenant and Owner Agree represent and agree as follows:

CBCI hereby consents to the Lease attached hereto, subject to the following conditions:

1. The Lease shall be subject and subordinate to the lien and effect of the Forbearance Agreement insofar as it affects the real and personal property or which the Property form a part, and to all renewals, modifications, consolidations, replacements and extensions thereof, and to all advances made or to be made thereunder, to the full extent of amounts secured thereby and interest thereon.

2. In the event CBCI or any trustee for CBCI takes possession of the Property, as mortgagee-in-possession or otherwise, forecloses on the Property, sells the Property, or otherwise exercises its rights under the Forbearance Agreement, CBCI may terminate the Lease.

3. Although the foregoing provisions of this Agreement shall be self-operative, Tenant agrees to execute and deliver to CBCI such other instrument or instruments as CBCI or such other person shall from time to time request in order to confirm such provision.

5. Tenant hereby warrants and represents, covenants, and agrees to and with CBCI:

(a) not to alter or modify the Lease in any respect without prior written consent of CBCI;

(b) to deliver to CBCI at the address indicated above a duplicate of each notice of default delivered to Landlord at the same time as such notice is given to Landlord;

(d) not to seek to terminate the Lease by reason of any default of Landlord without prior written notice thereof to CBCI;

(e) not to pay any rent or other sums due or to become due under the Lease more than 30 days in advance of the date on which the same are due or to become due under the Lease;

(f) to certify promptly in writing to CBCI in connection with any proposed assignment of the Forbearance Agreement, whether or not any default on the part of Landlord then exists under the Lease; and

7. Any notices required to be sent to CBCI shall be sent to:

777 108th Ave NE Suite 1895  
Bellevue, WA 98004

With a copy to:

The Law Office of Vernon Nelson  
9480 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 252  
Las Vegas, NV 89123

8. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, CBCI, Tenant and Assignee have executed this Consent on the day and year first above written.

Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC

BY: 

Its: Manager

Print

Name: Jay Blam

CBC Partners I, LLC

BY: 

Its: President

Print

Name: John Otter

# EXHIBIT “C”



## PLEDGE AGREEMENT

THIS PLEDGE AGREEMENT dated 27<sup>th</sup> (this "Agreement") is made by Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust (the "Antos Trust"), SJC Ventures, LLC ("SJCVC") (collectively the "Pledgors" to CBC Partners I, LLC, a Washington limited-liability company ("Secured Party" or "CBCI").

### WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, Pledgors and Secured Party are parties to a certain Forbearance Agreement (the "Forbearance Agreement") dated as of the 27<sup>th</sup> day of September 2017 by and among CBC Partners I, LLC ("CBCI"), Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust (the "Living Trust"), Kenneth M. Antos & Sheila M. Neumann-Antos Trust (the "K & S Trust"), Kenneth Antos and Sheila Neumann-Antos, as Trustees of the Living Trust and the K & S Trust, and as Personal Guarantors of the Secured Promissory Note described below, Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC ("SHAC"), and SJC Ventures, LLC ("SJCVC").

WHEREAS, Pledgors are the owners of 100%, of the membership interests (the "Membership Interests") of Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("SHAC"), which has been organized pursuant to the terms of the Limited Liability Company Agreement of Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC.

WHEREAS, the Forbearance Agreement provides that several conditions must be satisfied before CBCI agrees to forbear from exercising its rights and remedies under the Forbearance Agreement. In particular, one of the conditions requires the Antos Trust and SJCVC have agreed to pledge all right, title and interest in and to 100% of its membership interests in Spanish Heights Acquisition Company to Secured Party pursuant to this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and intending to be legally bound hereby, Pledgors hereby agrees as follows:

1. Pledge. Pledgors hereby pledges to Secured Party, and grants to Secured Party security interests in and to the following (collectively, the "Pledged Collateral"):

- (a) the Membership Interests and the certificates representing the Membership Interests, if any, and all dividends, profits, income, cash, receipts, instruments, distributions (whether in cash or in-kind property) and other property from time to time received, receivable or otherwise distributed in respect of or in exchange for any or all of the Membership Interests;
- (b) any and all additional membership interests in SHAC acquired by Pledgors in any manner, and all securities convertible into and warrants, options, and other rights to purchase or otherwise acquire interest in SHAC and the certificates representing such additional shares, and all dividends, profits, income, cash, receipts, instruments and other property or proceeds from time to time received, receivable or otherwise distributed in respect of or in exchange for any or all of such shares, additional securities, warrants, options or other rights;

- (c) to the extent not covered by clauses (a) and (b) above, all proceeds of any or all of the foregoing Pledged Collateral.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "proceeds" shall include whatever is receivable or received when Pledged Collateral or proceeds thereof are sold, exchanged, collected or otherwise disposed of, whether such disposition is voluntary or involuntary, and shall include, without limitation, proceeds of any indemnity or guaranty payable to Pledgors from time to time with respect to any of the Pledged Collateral.

2. Security for Obligations. This Agreement partially secures all the obligations of Pledgors under the Forbearance Agreement and this Pledge (all such obligations being collectively referred to herein as the "Obligations").

3. Delivery of Pledged Collateral. All certificates or instruments representing or evidencing the Pledged Collateral shall be delivered to and held by or on behalf of Secured Party pursuant hereto and shall be in suitable form for transfer by delivery, or shall be accompanied by duly executed instruments of transfer or assignment in blank, all in form and substance satisfactory to Secured Party. Secured Party shall have the right, at any time in Secured Party's discretion after a Non-Monetary Event of Default (as defined below) after notice and a 30 day cure period having been provided to Pledgors, to transfer to or to register in the name of Secured Party or any of Secured Party's nominees any or all of the Pledged Collateral, subject only to the revocable rights specified in Section 6(a). In addition, Secured Party shall have the right at any time to exchange certificates or instruments representing or evidencing Pledged Collateral for certificates or instruments of smaller or larger denominations.

4. Representations and Warranties. Pledgors, covenant, represent, warrant and agree as follows:

- (a) The Membership Interests have been duly authorized and are validly issued.
- (b) Pledgors are the legal and beneficial owner of the Pledged Collateral free and clear of any liens, security interests, options or other charges or encumbrances, except for the security interest created by this Agreement.
- (c) Upon the filing of the Uniform Commercial Code Financing Statement with respect to the Pledged Collateral, the pledge of the Membership Interests pursuant to this Agreement creates a valid and perfected first priority security interest in the Pledged Collateral, securing the payment of the Obligations.
- (d) Subject to such other consents or approvals which have been obtained, no consent of any other person or entity and no authorization, approval, or other action by, and no notice to or filing with, any governmental authority or regulatory body is required (i) for the pledge by Pledgors of the Pledged Collateral pursuant to this Agreement or for the execution, delivery or performance of this Agreement by Pledgors, (ii) for the perfection or maintenance of the security interests created hereby (including the first priority nature of such security interest), or (iii) for the exercise by Secured Party of the voting or other rights provided for in this Agreement or the remedies in respect of the Pledged Collateral pursuant to this Agreement (except as may be required in connection with any disposition of any portion of the Pledged Collateral by laws affecting the offering and sale of securities generally).

- (e) The Membership Interests constitute 100% of the membership interests of the Pledgors.
- (f) There are no conditions precedent to the effectiveness of this Agreement that have not been either satisfied or waived.
- (g) Pledgors have, independently and without reliance upon Secured Party, and based upon such documents and information as Pledgors have deemed appropriate, made their own credit analysis and decision to enter into this Agreement.

5. Inconsistent Provision of the Operating Agreement. If the Operating Agreement contains any provision that is contrary to the terms of this Agreement, this Agreement shall control. Such provisions include Sections 2.6 and 6.01 of the Operating Agreement. Regarding Section 2.6, the Members shall be liable to CBCI under this Agreement and the Forbearance Agreement. Regarding Section 6.01, SJCV agrees that it may not resign as Manager of SHAC and that SJCV will appoint Jay Bloom to perform the duties of the Manager throughout the term of this Agreement and the Forbearance Agreement.

6. Further Assurances. Pledgors agree that at any time and from time to time, at the sole cost and expense of Pledgors, Pledgors will promptly execute and deliver all further reasonable instruments and documents, and take all further reasonable action, that may be necessary or desirable, or that Secured Party may reasonably request, in order to perfect and protect any security interest granted or purported to be granted hereby or to enable Secured Party to exercise and enforce Secured Party's rights and remedies hereunder with respect to any Pledged Collateral.

7. Voting Rights. Pledgors shall refrain from exercising any and all voting and other consensual rights pertaining to the Pledged Collateral or any part thereof. Pledgors shall, as members, not undertake any action that would have a material adverse effect on the value of the Pledged Collateral or any part thereof.

8. Transfers and Other Liens; Additional Shares. Pledgors agrees that he will not (i) sell, assign (by operation of law or otherwise) or otherwise dispose of, or grant any option with respect to, any of the Pledged Collateral, or (ii) create or permit to exist any lien, security interest, option or other charge or encumbrance upon or with respect to any of the Pledged Collateral, except for the security interest under this Agreement.

Pledgors agree that Pledgors will (i) not consent or otherwise facilitate SHAC to issue any stock, membership interests, or other securities in addition to or in substitution for the Membership Interests, except to Pledgors, and (ii) pledge hereunder, immediately upon Pledgors' acquisition (directly or indirectly) thereof, any and all additional shares of stock, membership interests, or other securities of SHAC.

9. Secured Party Appointed Attorney-in-Fact. Upon an Event of Default, and after the requisite cure period expires, should such Event of Default continue to exist, Pledgors hereby appoint Secured Party as Pledgors' attorney-in-fact, with full authority in the place and stead of Pledgors and in the name of Pledgors or otherwise, from time to time in Secured Party's sole discretion, to take any action and to execute any instrument which Secured Party may deem necessary or advisable to accomplish the purposes of this Agreement, including, without limitation, to receive, indorse and collect all instruments made payable to Pledgors representing any dividend or other distribution in respect of the Pledged Collateral or any part thereof and to give full discharge for the same.

10. Secured Party May Perform. If Pledgors fail to perform any agreement contained herein following the expiration of any applicable grace period, Secured Party may perform, or cause performance of, any such agreement, and the reasonable expenses of Secured Party incurred in connection therewith (including attorneys' fees and expenses) shall be payable by Pledgors to Secured Party, or alternatively, Secured Party shall have the right to add such reasonable expenses incurred to the secured balance due, pursuant to the provisions of Section 13 hereof.

11. Secured Party's Duties. The powers conferred on Secured Party hereunder are solely to protect Secured Party's interest in the Pledged Collateral and shall not impose any duty upon Secured Party to exercise any such powers. Except for the safe custody of any Pledged Collateral in Secured Party's possession and the accounting for moneys actually received by Secured Party hereunder, Secured Party shall have no duty as to any Pledged Collateral, as to ascertaining or taking action with respect to calls, conversions, exchanges, maturities, tenders or other matters relative to any Pledged Collateral, whether or not Secured Party has or is deemed to have knowledge of such matters, or as to the taking of any necessary steps to preserve rights against any parties or any other rights pertaining to any Pledged Collateral.

12. Remedies upon Default. If any Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing:

(a) Secured Party may exercise, in respect of the Pledged Collateral, in addition to other rights and remedies provided for herein or otherwise available to Secured Party at law or in equity, all of the rights and remedies of a secured party on default under the Uniform Commercial Code in effect in the State of Nevada at that time (the "Code") (whether or not the Code applies to the affected Pledged Collateral), and may also, without notice except as specified below, sell the Pledged Collateral or any part thereof in one or more parcels at public or private sale, at any exchange, broker's board or at any of Secured Party's offices or elsewhere, for cash, on credit or for future delivery, and upon such other terms as Secured Party may deem commercially reasonable. Pledgors agree that, to the extent notice of sale shall be required by law, at least ten (10) days' notice to Pledgors of the time and place of any public sale or the time after which any private sale is to be made shall constitute reasonable notification. Secured Party shall not be obligated to make any sale of Pledged Collateral regardless of notice of sale having been given. Secured Party may adjourn any public or private sale from time to time by announcement at the time and place fixed therefor, and such sale may, without further notice, be made at the time and place to which it was so adjourned.

(b) Any cash held by Secured Party as Pledged Collateral and all cash proceeds received by Secured Party in respect of any sale of, collection from, or other realization upon all or any part of the Pledged Collateral may, in the sole discretion of Secured Party, be held by Secured Party as collateral for, and/or then or at any time thereafter be applied (after payment of any amounts payable to Secured Party pursuant to Section 13) in whole or in part by Secured Party against, all or any part of the Obligations in such order as Secured Party shall elect. Any surplus of such cash or cash proceeds held by Secured Party and remaining after payment in full of all the Obligations shall be paid over to Pledgors or to whomsoever may be lawfully entitled to receive such surplus.

13. Event of Default. The occurrence of any of the following events shall constitute an "Event of Default" hereunder:

(a) Monetary Default. If there shall occur any breach, failure or violation by Pledgors in the payment or performance of any of Pledgors' obligations, covenants or warranties under this Agreement, the Note, the Other Pledges and such breach, failure or violation continues uncorrected for a period of fifteen (15) days after written notice thereof from Secured Party to Pledgors;

(b) Non-Monetary Default. A non-monetary Event of Default shall occur:

1. If there shall occur any Event of Default by Pledgors of the Obligations, that is not a Monetary Default.

2. If either of the Pledgors resigns or is removed from the position of manager of SHAC.

14. Expenses. Pledgors will, upon demand, pay to Secured Party, or in the alternative, the Secured Party may add to the amount due and receivable, the amount of any and all reasonable expenses, including the reasonable fees and expenses of Secured Party's counsel and of any experts and agents, which Secured Party may incur in connection with (i) the administration of this Agreement, (ii) the custody or preservation of, or the sale of, collection from, or other realization upon, any of the Pledged Collateral, (iii) the exercise or enforcement of any of the rights of Secured Party hereunder, or (iv) the failure by Pledgors to perform or observe any of the provisions hereof.

15. Security Interest Absolute. All rights of Secured Party and security interests hereunder, and all obligations of Pledgors hereunder, shall be absolute and unconditional irrespective of:

(a) any lack of validity or enforceability of the Other Pledges;

(b) any change in the time, manner or place of payment of, or in any other term of, all or any of the Obligations, or any other amendment or waiver of or any consent to any departure from the Other Pledges, including, without limitation, any increase in the Obligations resulting from the extension of additional credit to Pledgors or otherwise;

(c) any taking, exchange, release or non-perfection of any other collateral, or any taking, release or amendment or waiver of or consent to departure from any guaranty, for all or any of the Obligations;

(d) any manner of application of collateral, or proceeds thereof, to all or any of the Obligations, or any manner of sale or other disposition of any collateral for all or any of the Obligations or any other assets of Pledgors; or

(e) any other circumstance which might otherwise constitute a defense available to, or a discharge of, Pledgors or a third party pledgor.

16. Amendments, Etc. No amendment or waiver of any provision of this Agreement, and no consent to any departure by Pledgors therefrom, shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by Secured Party, and then such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose for which given.

17. Notices. Any notice, election, demand, request or other document or communication required or permitted under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed sufficiently given only if delivered in person or sent by certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, addressed to Secured Party or Pledgors, as the case may be, as follows:

If to Pledgors:

c/o Maier Gutierrez & Associates 8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue  
Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

If to Secured Party:

777 108th Ave NE Suite 1895  
Bellevue, WA 98004

With a copy to:

The Law Office of Vernon Nelson  
9480 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 252  
Las Vegas, NV 89052

18. Continuing Security Interest; Assignments under Credit Agreement. This Agreement shall create a continuing security interest in the Pledged Collateral and shall (i) remain in full force and effect until the Pledgors' payment in full of, or their express written release by Secured Party from, the Obligations and all other amounts payable under this Agreement, (ii) be binding upon and inure to the benefit of Pledgors, and Pledgors' respective heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns, and (iii) inure to the benefit of, and be enforceable by, and be binding upon Secured Party and Secured Party's heirs, legal representatives, successors, transferees and assigns. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing clause (iii), Secured Party may assign or otherwise transfer all or any portion of Secured Party's rights under the Loan Documents to any other person or entity, and such other person or entity shall thereupon become vested with all the benefits in respect thereof granted to Secured Party herein or otherwise and charged with the obligations and responsibilities of Pledgors thereunder. Upon the payment in full of all amounts due and payable under this Agreement and the release of Pledgors from the Obligations, the security interest granted hereby shall terminate and all rights to the Pledged Collateral shall revert to Pledgors. Upon any such termination, Secured Party will, at Pledgors' expense, promptly return to Pledgors such of the Pledged Collateral as shall not have been sold or otherwise applied pursuant to the terms hereof and execute and deliver to Pledgors such documents as Pledgors shall reasonably request to evidence such termination.

19. Governing Law; Terms. This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Nevada. Pledgors, on behalf of themselves and their respective heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns, irrevocably consents that any legal action or proceeding against them under, arising out of, or in any manner relating to, this Agreement, may be brought in any court presiding in the State of Nevada, County of Clark. Pledgors, by execution and delivery of this Agreement and on behalf of themselves and their respective heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns, expressly and irrevocably consents and submits to the personal jurisdiction of any of such courts in any such action or proceeding. Pledgors, on behalf of themselves and their respective heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns, further irrevocably consents to the service of any complaint, summons, notice or other process relating to any such action or proceeding by delivery thereof to any of them by hand or by certified mail, delivered or addressed to Pledgors' address set forth herein.

Pledgors, on behalf of themselves and their respective heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns, hereby expressly and irrevocably waives any claim or defense in any such action or proceeding based on any alleged lack of personal jurisdiction, improper venue or forum non conveniens or any similar basis. Nothing in this paragraph shall affect or impair in any manner or to any extent the right of Secured Party or Secured Party's heirs, legal representatives, successors or assigns, to commence legal proceedings or otherwise proceed against Pledgors in any jurisdiction or to serve process in any manner permitted by law.

Pledgors hereby waive all right to require a marshalling of assets by Secured Party.

Pledgors shall not, without Secured Party's prior written consent, create, incur or assume any Indebtedness in connection with the Pledged Collateral. "Indebtedness" means any and all liabilities and obligations owing by Pledgors to any person, including principal, interest, charges, fees, reimbursements and expenses, however evidenced, whether as principal, surety, endorser, guarantor or otherwise, direct or indirect, absolute or contingent, joint or several, due or not due, primary or secondary, liquidated or unliquidated, secured or unsecured, original, renewed or extended, (i) in respect of any borrowed money (whether by loans, the issuance and sale of debt securities or the sale of any property to another person subject to an understanding, agreement, contract or otherwise to repurchase such property) or for the deferred purchase price of any property or services, (ii) under direct or indirect guarantees and obligations (contingent or otherwise) to purchase or otherwise acquire, or otherwise assure any creditor against loss in respect of the obligations of others, (iii) in respect of letters of credit or similar instruments issued or accepted by banks and other financial institutions for the account of such indebted person, (v) in respect of unfunded vested benefits under plans covered by ERISA or any similar liabilities to, for the benefit of, or on behalf of, any employees of such indebted person, (vi) all obligations secured by any Lien on property owned by such person, whether or not the obligations have been assumed, (vii) all obligations under any agreement providing for a swap, ceiling rates, ceiling and floor rates, contingent participation or other hedging mechanisms with respect to interest payable on any of the items described above in this definition, or (viii) actual obligations imposed under the operating agreement for the LLC.

[THE NEXT PAGE IS THE SIGNATURE PAGE]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Pledgors has caused this Agreement to be duly executed and delivered as of the date first above written.

PLEDGORS:

Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust

By: [Signature]  
Kenneth Antos, Trustee

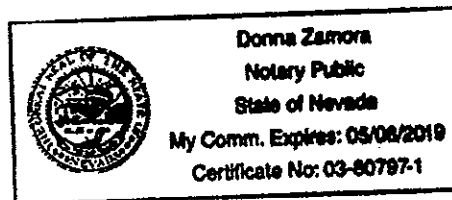
By: [Signature]  
Sheila Antos, Trustee

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS:

STATE OF NEVADA :  
: ss.:  
COUNTY OF CLARK :

On the 27 day of September, 2017 before me, the undersigned, personally appeared Kenneth Antos, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual(s) whose name(s) is(are) subscribed to within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument, the individual(s), or the person upon behalf of which the individual(s) acted executed the instrument.

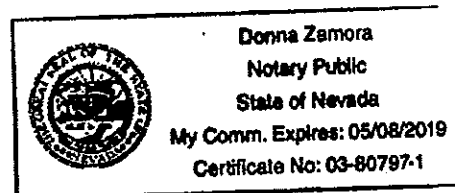
[Signature]  
Notary Public



STATE OF NEVADA :  
: ss.:  
COUNTY OF CLARK :

On the 27 day of September, 2017 before me, the undersigned, personally appeared Sheila Antos, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual(s) whose name(s) is(are) subscribed to within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument, the individual(s), or the person upon behalf of which the individual(s) acted executed the instrument.

[Signature]  
Notary Public



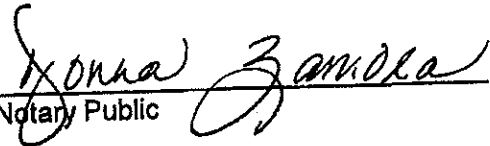


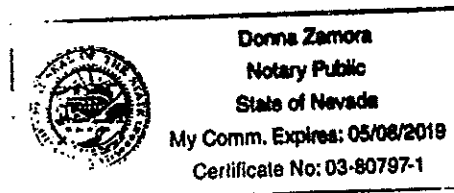
SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION COMPANY, LLC

BY:   
Jay Bloom, Manager

STATE OF NEVADA :  
: ss.:  
COUNTY OF CLARK :

On the 27 day of September, 2012 before me, the undersigned, personally appeared Jay Bloom, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual(s) whose name(s) is(are) subscribed to within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument, the individual(s), or the person upon behalf of which the individual(s) acted executed the instrument.

  
Notary Public



# EXHIBIT “D”

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**LIMITED LIABILTY COMPANY AGREEMENT  
OF  
SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION COMPANY, LLC**

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# **LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT**

## **OF**

### **Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC**

This Limited Liability Company Agreement (this "Agreement") of Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC (the "Company"), a limited liability company organized pursuant to the Nevada Liability Company Act (the "Act"), is hereby entered into by and among SJC Ventures Holdings, LLC, LLC (hereinafter referred to as, the "Investor" or the "Investor Member"), and ANTOS, KENNETH & SHEILA LIV TR, KENNETH M ANTOS SHEILA M. NEUMANN-ANTOS TRUST, Kenneth Antos and Sheila Neumann-Antos as Trustees (hereinafter referred to as, the "Seller" or the "Seller Member").

## **INTRODUCTION**

WHEREAS, the Company has been formed to, among other things, purchase that real property otherwise known as 5148 Spanish Heights Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89148 (the "Property"); and

WHEREAS, the Investor Member, Lender Member and Seller Member desire to enter into this Agreement to set forth their respective rights and obligations with respect to the Company and one another,

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants herein expressed, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

## **ARTICLE I**

### **DEFINITIONS**

Certain defined terms used in this Agreement are set forth in Exhibit A.

## **ARTICLE II**

### **ORGANIZATION**

#### **2.01. Formation.**

The Company has been organized as a Nevada (the "State of Formation") limited liability company by the filing of its Certificate of Formation with the Nevada Secretary of State on August 4, 2017.

2.02. Name.

The name of the Company is "Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC" and all Company business shall be conducted under that name or such other names as comply with applicable law that the Manager (as defined in Section 6.01(a)) may select from time to time.

2.03. Registered Agent; Registered Office.

The registered agent of the Company shall be Maier Gutierrez and Associates PLLC, and the registered office of the Company in the State of Formation shall be 8816 Spanish Ridge Ave, Las Vegas, NV 89148 or such other office (which need not be a place of business of the Company) as the Manager may designate from time to time in the manner provided by law.

2.04. Principal Office; Other Offices.

The principal office of the Company shall be at such place as the Manager may designate from time to time, which need not be in the State of Formation. The initial principal office of the Company shall be at 2485 Village View Dr., Suite 190, Henderson, NV 89074. The Company may change its principal office or have such other offices as the Manager may designate from time to time.

2.05. Purposes.

The purposes of the Company (the "Purposes") are to hold ownership of that certain real property otherwise known as 5148 Spanish Heights Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89148, (ii) perfect the Company's interest in such property, (iii) hold, monitor and maintain the Company's Property, and (iv) engage in any activity in furtherance of, related to or necessary to support the Company's investment in, or subsequent disposition of its investment in, the Property, in each case, as determined by the Manager.

2.06. Term.

The Company and this agreement shall continue in perpetuity, unless sooner terminated in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

2.07. Powers.

The Company shall possess and may exercise any and all the powers and privileges granted by the Act or by any other applicable law to limited liability companies or by this Agreement, together with any powers incidental thereto, so far as such powers and privileges are necessary or convenient to the conduct, promotion or attainment of the purposes of the Company, in each case as determined by the Manager.

2.08. No State Law Partnership.

The Members intend that the Company shall not be a partnership or joint venture, and that no Member shall be a partner or joint venturer of any other Member, for any purpose other than federal, state, and local tax purposes, and the provisions of this Agreement shall not be construed otherwise.

2.09. Liability to Third Parties.

No Member shall be liable for the debts, obligations, or liabilities of the Company, except to the extent required under the Act with respect to amounts distributed to the Member at a time when the Company was insolvent or was rendered insolvent by virtue of the distribution.

### ARTICLE III

#### **MEMBERS; CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND COMMITMENTS; CAPITAL ACCOUNTS; REVALUATIONS; PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

3.01. Classes of Units; Members.

(a) The authorized Units shall consist of Class A Units, which shall have the terms set forth in this Agreement. The Class A Units shall have voting rights, and shall be held by the Investor Member and the Selling Member.

(b) The name and address of the Investor Member is set forth on Exhibit B attached hereto, and the Investor Member (i) has made a Commitment (as defined in Section 3.02(b)) to make Capital Contributions in the amounts set forth opposite the name of the Investor Member on Exhibit B and (ii) holds the number of Class A Units set forth opposite the name of the Investor Member on Exhibit B. The Investor Member has been issued the number of Class A Units set forth opposite its name on Exhibit B in exchange for the Commitment set forth opposite the Investor Member's name on Exhibit B.

(c) The Seller Member holds the number of Class A Units set forth opposite the Seller Member's name on Exhibit B. The address of the Seller Member is set forth on Exhibit B.

(e) The number of Units held by the Members may be updated by the Company in good faith from time to time to reflect, among other things, additional Capital Contributions, the admission of new Members and redemptions of Membership Interests. The number of Units of a class may be split, combined or otherwise re-classified by the Manager, provided that a proportionate adjustment is made to all then outstanding Units of such class.

3.02. Additional Members; Capital Contributions in respect of the Commitments; Additional Capital Contributions.

(a) No Person shall be admitted to the Company as an additional Member without the approval of the Manager, which approval may be granted or withheld in the sole and absolute discretion of the Manager. The approval of the Manager shall be required to accept Capital Contributions to the Company from any non-member, in any amount.

(b) The Investor Member has made a commitment (each, a "Commitment") to fund the amount of Capital Contributions in the amount set forth opposite its name on Exhibit B attached hereto. The Investor Member shall make Capital Contributions to the Company in an amount equal to its Commitment (the "Initial Capital Contributions") at the execution of this Agreement, provided that the Required Funding Condition (as defined in Section 8.02(c)) has been satisfied.

Capital Contributions in respect of the Commitments from the Investor Member shall be used solely to fund (x) the payment by the Company of Lender Member's debt held against the property, (y) the payment of utilities used at the Property and (z) expenses associated with Property; provided, however, in no event shall the Company be responsible for funding, or shall any Capital Contributions in respect of the Commitments be used to fund, the overhead of, or any costs and expenses incurred by, any of the Members in providing services pursuant to the this Agreement, in excess of those commitments contemplated by this transaction. The Investor Member shall not be required to make Capital Contributions in excess of its Commitment.

(c) No Member shall be obligated to make any Capital Contributions to the Company, except for the obligation of the Investor Member to make the Initial Capital Contributions as provided in Section 3.02(b) above. However, if a new or existing Member shall make additional Capital Contributions to the Company hereafter, which may be done only as permitted by the Manager and subject to compliance with this Agreement (including Section 3.02(a)), then (y) the number and class of Units of Membership Interest credited in recognition of such Capital Contribution shall be based upon, as determined by the Manager, in its sole discretion, the fair market value of the new Capital Contribution relative to the fair market value of the Company in its entirety (including the new Capital Contribution), determined after giving effect to a revaluation of Company assets to reflect Gross Asset Value pursuant to Section 3.05 and (z) an appropriate adjustment shall be made to the percentages set forth in Sections 5.01(b)(II) and (III) of this Agreement so that the percentages to be issued in respect of such new Capital Contributions shall dilute, pro rata, the percentages attributable to the outstanding Class A Units immediately prior to such additional Capital Contributions. The Company will update its records to reflect the issuance of any additional Units and the admission of any new Member in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

3.03. Return of Capital Contributions; Special Rules.

Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, (i) no Member shall be entitled to the return of any part of its Capital Contribution or to be paid interest in respect of its Capital Account balance or its Capital Contribution, (ii) neither the Manager nor any Member, its agents,

affiliates, officers, directors, assigns, successors or heirs shall have any personal liability for the return of the Capital Contribution of any other Member and (iii) no Member shall have any priority over any other Member with respect to the return of any Capital Contribution.

#### 3.04. Capital Accounts.

A Capital Account shall be established and maintained for each Member in accordance with the following provisions:

(a) To each Member's Capital Account, there shall be credited such Member's Capital Contributions, such Member's distributive share of Net Profits, any items in the nature of income or gain that are specially allocated pursuant to this Agreement, and the amount of any liabilities of the Company that are assumed by such Member, or that are secured by any assets of the Company distributed to such Member.

(b) From each Member's Capital Account, there shall be debited the amount of cash and the Gross Asset Value of any Company assets distributed to such Member pursuant to any provision of this Agreement, such Member's distributive share of Net Losses, any items in the nature of expenses or losses that are specially allocated pursuant to this Agreement, and the amount of any liabilities of such Member assumed by the Company or that are secured by any property contributed by such Member to the Company.

(c) If ownership of any Membership Interest in the Company is assigned in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, the assignee shall succeed to the Capital Account of the assignor to the extent it relates to the assigned Membership Interest.

(d) In determining the amount of any liability for purposes of Sections 3.04(a) and (b) above, there shall be taken into account Code Section 752(c) and any other applicable provisions of the Code and Regulations.

(e) To each Member's Capital Account, there shall be debited or credited, as the case may be, adjustments which are necessary to reflect a revaluation of Company assets to reflect the Gross Asset Value of all Company assets, as required by Regulations Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(f) and Section 3.05.

The foregoing provisions and the other provisions of this Agreement relating to the maintenance of Capital Accounts are intended to comply with Code Section 704 and Regulations Section 1.704-1(b) and shall be interpreted and applied in a manner consistent with such Regulations. The Company shall make any adjustments that are necessary or appropriate to maintain equality between the Capital Accounts of the Members and the amount of Company capital reflected on the Company's balance sheet as computed for book purposes in accordance with Regulations Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(q).

#### 3.05. Gross Asset Value.

The Gross Asset Value of any asset of the Company shall be equal to the asset's adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes, except as follows:



(a) The initial Gross Asset Value of any asset contributed by a Member to the Company shall be the gross fair market value of such asset, as determined by the contributing Member and the Company.

(b) The Gross Asset Values of all Company assets shall be adjusted to equal their respective gross fair market values in connection with (and to be effective immediately prior to) the following events: (i) the acquisition of an additional Membership Interest in the Company by any new or existing Member in exchange for more than a *de minimis* Capital Contribution; (ii) the distribution by the Company to a Member of more than a *de minimis* amount of property (including cash) as consideration for an interest in the Company; or (iii) the liquidation of the Company within the meaning of Regulations Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(g); *provided, however*, that an adjustment pursuant to clauses (i) or (ii) above shall be made only if the Manager reasonably determines that such adjustment is necessary or appropriate to reflect the relative economic interests of the Members in the Company.

(c) The Gross Asset Value of any Company asset distributed to any Member shall be the gross fair market value of such asset on the date of distribution.

(d) The Gross Asset Values of Company assets shall be increased (or decreased) to reflect any adjustments to the adjusted bases of such assets pursuant to Code Section 734(b) or Code Section 743(b), but only to the extent that such adjustments are taken into account in determining Capital Accounts pursuant to Regulations Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(m) and ARTICLE IV; *provided, however*, that Gross Asset Values shall not be adjusted pursuant to this Section 3.05(d) to the extent they were adjusted pursuant to Section 3.05(b) above in connection with a transaction that otherwise would result in an adjustment pursuant to this section.

(e) If the Gross Asset Value of an asset has been determined or adjusted pursuant to this Section 3.05, such Gross Asset Value shall thereafter be adjusted by the Depreciation taken into account with respect to such asset for purposes of computing Net Profits and Net Losses.

### 3.06. Pre-Emptive Rights.

(a) The Company hereby grants to each Member the right to purchase, in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 3.06, the Member's Percentage Interest of any New Units which the Company (acting through its Manager) may, from time to time, propose to sell and issue (hereinafter referred to as the "Preemptive Right").

(b) In the event that the Company proposes to issue and sell New Units, the Company shall notify each Member in writing (the "New Units Notice"). Each New Units Notice shall set forth: (i) the number and class of New Units proposed to be issued by the Company and the per Unit purchase price; (ii) such Member's Percentage Interest of the New Units; and (iii) any other material terms including, if known, the expected date of consummation of the purchase and sale of the New Units.

(c) Each Member shall be entitled to exercise its right to purchase such New Units by delivering an irrevocable written notice to the Company within fifteen (15) days from the date of receipt of any such New Units Notice specifying the number of New Units to be subscribed at the price and on the terms and conditions specified in the New Units Notice.

(d) The Company and each Member shall work together, in good faith, to consummate the closing of the purchase and sale of any New Units that a Member has elected to subscribe for and purchase within fifteen (15) days following the expiration of the notice period set forth in Section 3.06(c) above.

(e) The Company may amend this Agreement in connection with the issuance of New Units in accordance with this Section 3.06 to the extent necessary to set forth the rights, preferences and privileges of the New Units, but only to the extent such amendment has been approved by the Investor Member.

## ARTICLE IV

### ALLOCATION OF PROFITS AND LOSSES

#### 4.01. Allocation of Profits and Losses.

(a) Allocations of Net Profits and Net losses. Except as otherwise provided in Section 4.01(b) or Section 4.01(c), Net Profits and Net Losses for any Fiscal Year or other period shall be allocated among the Members in such a manner that, as of the end of such Fiscal Year or other period, the Capital Account of each Member shall equal (a) the amount that would be distributed to such Member determined *as if* the Company were to (i) liquidate the assets of the Company for an amount equal to their respective book values and (ii) distribute the proceeds of such liquidation pursuant to Section 10.02, minus (b) the amount of such Member's share of Company Minimum Gain (as determined according to Regulations Section 1.704-2(g)) and such Member's share of Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain (as determined according to Regulations Section 1.704-2(i)(5)).

(b) Regulatory Allocations. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the following allocations shall be made prior to any other allocations under this Agreement:

(i) Minimum Gain Chargeback. Except as otherwise provided in Regulations Section 1.704-2(f), notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 4.01, if there is a net decrease in Company Minimum Gain during any Fiscal Year or other period, each Member shall be specially allocated items of Company income and gain for such Fiscal Year or period (and, if necessary, subsequent Fiscal Years or periods) in an amount equal to such Member's share of the net decrease in Company Minimum Gain, determined in accordance with Regulations Section 1.704-2(g). Allocations pursuant to the previous sentence shall be made in proportion to the respective amounts required to be allocated to each Member pursuant thereto. The items to be so allocated shall be determined in accordance with Regulations Sections 1.704-2(f)(6) and 1.704-2(j)(2). This Section 4.01(b)(i) is intended to comply with the minimum gain

chargeback requirement in Regulations Section 1.704-2(f) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

(ii) Member Minimum Gain Chargeback. Except as otherwise provided in Regulations Section 1.704-2(i)(4), notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 4.01, if there is a net decrease in Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain attributable to a Member Nonrecourse Debt during any Fiscal Year or other period, each Member who has a share of the Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain attributable to such Member Nonrecourse Debt, determined in accordance with Regulations Section 1.704-2(i)(5), shall be specially allocated items of Company income and gain for such Fiscal Year or other period (and, if necessary, subsequent Fiscal Years or other periods) in an amount equal to such Member's share of the net decrease in Member Nonrecourse Debt, determined in accordance with Regulations Section 1.704-2(i)(4). Allocations pursuant to the previous sentence shall be made in proportion to the respective amounts required to be allocated to each Member pursuant thereto. The items to be so allocated shall be determined in accordance with Regulations Sections 1.704-2(i)(4) and 1.704-2(j)(2). This Section 4.01(b)(ii) is intended to comply with the minimum gain chargeback requirement in Regulations Section 1.704-2(i)(4) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

(iii) Qualified Income Offset. In the event any Member unexpectedly receives any adjustments, allocations, or distributions described in Regulations Sections 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(4), 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(5) or 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(6), items of Company income and gain shall be specially allocated to such Member in an amount and manner sufficient to eliminate, to the extent required by the Treasury Regulations, the Adjusted Capital Account Deficit of the Member as quickly as possible, provided that an allocation pursuant to this Section 4.01(b)(iii) shall be made only if and to the extent that the Member would have an Adjusted Capital Account Deficit after all other allocations provided for in this Section 4.01 have been tentatively made as if this Section 4.01(b)(iii) were not in this Agreement. This Section 4.01(b)(iii) is intended to comply with the qualified income offset requirement of Regulations Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d).

(iv) Nonrecourse Deductions. Nonrecourse Deductions for any Fiscal Year or other period shall be specially allocated to the Members in any manner permitted under applicable Regulations, as reasonably determined by the Manager.

(v) Member Nonrecourse Deductions. Any Member Nonrecourse Deductions for any Fiscal Year or other period shall be specially allocated to the Member who bears the economic risk of loss with respect to the Member Nonrecourse Debt to which such Member Nonrecourse Deductions are attributable in accordance with Regulations Section 1.704-2(i)(l).

(vi) Net Losses. Notwithstanding Section 4.01(b), no Net Losses (or items of Net Loss or deduction) shall be allocated to a Member to the extent such allocation would increase or cause such Member to have an Adjusted Capital Account Deficit. Any such Net Losses (or items of Net Loss or deduction) shall be specially allocated to the other Members

to the extent that such allocation will not cause such other Members to have an Adjusted Capital Account Deficit.

(c) Curative Allocations.

(i) To the extent necessary to avoid any economic distortions that may result from application of Section 4.01(b) (the "Regulatory Allocations"), future items of income, gain, loss, and deduction shall be allocated as appropriate in the reasonable discretion of the Manager in order to remedy any economic distortions that the Regulatory Allocations might otherwise cause. In exercising its discretion under this Section 4.01(c)(i), the Manager shall take into account future Regulatory Allocations that, although not yet made, are likely to offset other Regulatory Allocations previously made under Section 4.01(b).

(ii) Modifications to Preserve Underlying Economic Objectives. If there is a change in the U.S. federal income tax laws, or the allocations provided for in this Agreement do not comply with the substantial economic effect and capital account rules set forth under Code Section 704 and the Regulations thereunder, or otherwise do not properly reflect the economic interests of the Member, then the Manager acting in its reasonable discretion after consultation with tax advisors to the Company, shall make such modifications to the allocation provisions of this Agreement as are necessary to preserve the underlying economic objectives of the Members and to comply with such provisions of the Code and the Regulations. In this regard, it is intended that prior to a distribution of the proceeds from a liquidation of the Company, the positive Capital Account balance of each Member shall be equal to the amount that such Member is entitled to receive pursuant to Section 10.02 hereof. Accordingly, notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, to the extent permissible under Code Section 704(b) and the Regulations promulgated thereunder, Net Profits and Net Losses and, if necessary, items of gross income and gross deductions, of the Company for the year of liquidation of the Company shall be allocated among the Members so as to bring the positive Capital Account balance of each Member as close as possible to the amount that such Member would receive if the Company were liquidated and all the proceeds were distributed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10.02 hereof.

(d) Tax Allocations. For U.S. federal, state and local income tax purposes, items of income, gain, loss, deduction and credit shall be allocated to the Members in accordance with the allocations of the corresponding items for Capital Account purposes under this Section 4.01, except that items with respect to which there is a difference between tax and book basis will be allocated in accordance with Code Section 704(c) and the Regulations thereunder (using the traditional method with curative allocations, but curative allocations will be limited to the allocation of gains or losses to overcome a ceiling limitation in a prior taxable year, consistent with Regulations Section 1.704-3(c)(3)(ii)).

(e) All elections, decisions and other matters concerning the allocation of income, gains, expenses and losses among the Members, and accounting procedures not specifically and expressly provided for by the terms of this Agreement, shall be determined by the Manager in its sole discretion and shall be final and conclusive as to all Members.

## ARTICLE V

### DISTRIBUTIONS

#### 5.01. Distributions.

(a) Distributions, if any, shall be made from the Company to the Members at such times as the Manager may determine.

(b) All distributions shall be made to the Members in the following manner and order of priority:

(I) One hundred percent (100%) to the Investor Member.

#### 5.02. Distributions of Proceeds Upon Sale of Membership Interests.

Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, any sale of Units permitted under this Agreement, or a merger, in each case, in connection with a Sale Transaction, as a result of which the Members, rather than the Company, receive the proceeds of such sale or merger: (a) subject to any holdback or reserve described in clause (b) of this Section 5.02, the Members, as a group, hereby agree to apportion and, upon the closing of such sale or merger, pay over the proceeds among those Members participating in such Sale Transaction so that, as nearly as possible, the payments to each Member shall correspond to and be in accordance with the distribution provisions set forth in Section 5.01; and (b) the Company shall have the right to withhold, and each of the Members agrees to contribute and pay over from the proceeds received or receivable by such Member, a portion of the proceeds payable in any such transaction equal to an amount necessary, as reasonably determined by the Manager, to satisfy any post-transaction indemnification, purchase price adjustment or other similar escrow or holdback obligation; provided, however, that in no event shall a Member be obligated to make a contribution to the Company pursuant to the foregoing in excess of its pro rata portion of such proceeds. Any amount withheld pursuant to clause (b) of this Section 5.02 shall be held in a separate account for the ratable benefit of the Members participating in the transaction giving rise to such proceeds, and may be used, as determined by the Manager, to satisfy any such post-transaction obligation described in clause (b); provided, however, that none of the Company, the Managers nor any of their respective officers, directors, employees, partners, members, shareholders, agents or Affiliates, shall have any liability with respect to amounts so withheld or paid, except for fraud, gross negligence or willful misconduct.

## ARTICLE VI

### MANAGEMENT

#### 6.01. Management.

(a) Management and control of the Company shall be vested exclusively and irrevocably with the Investor Member. Authority to sell the property rests exclusively in a Manager (the "Manager"), and while the business and affairs of the Company

shall be managed by the Investor Member, any sale is solely under the direction of the Manager. The Investor Member shall retain always the authority to make management decisions notwithstanding any delegation of duties by the Manager to (y) employees, officers or agents or (z) the Investor Member (if any duties are expressly delegated to the Investor Member). Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything contained herein to the contrary, the approval of the Manager shall be required to take any of the actions set forth in Section 6.01(h) of this Agreement. The officers of the Company serve at the sole discretion of the Manager, and such officers (or other agents) who are appointed by the Manager may be removed, at any time or from time to time, by the Manager, with or without cause upon unanimous consent of the Manager. No Member of the Company shall have any rights, powers or duties in respect of the management of the Company, except as otherwise expressly set forth in this Agreement.

The bank account of the Company shall be controlled by the Investor Member, and the Investor Member shall have sole authority to make withdrawals from the bank account and to write checks on behalf of the Company, except as otherwise provided in the last sentence of Section 6.01(i) of this Agreement. Notwithstanding, at the sole discretion of the Investor Member, a third party Lender, holding a receivable due from the Selling Member, who is secured by the property, may be a signer on the account as well, and is authorized to make payments to itself under the modified terms of its debt held against the property that may be due and payable, which have not been made from this account by the Investor Member.

(b) A Manager may resign at any time by giving written notice to the other Managers (the “Resignation Notice”). The resignation of such Manager shall take effect upon delivery of the Resignation Notice or at such later time as shall be specified in the Resignation Notice and, unless otherwise specified therein, the acceptance of such resignation by the Company or the other Managers shall not be necessary to make it effective. The resignation of a Manager shall not affect the resigning Manager’s rights, if any, as a Member and shall not constitute such resigning Manager’s resignation as a Member, if applicable. The Person or Persons having the right to appoint a Manager shall have the sole right to fill any vacancy as a result of such removal or resignation, except as otherwise provided in Section 6.01(c).

(c) Unless waived by the Managers, each Member shall be given at least forty-eight (48) hours notice of any meeting (which notice shall state the date, hour and location of the meeting and all actions to be considered at the meeting), and each Member shall be permitted to participate in any meeting by telephone or similar communications equipment. Any Manager may call a meeting of the Manager. Any action may be taken by the Manager without a meeting if authorized by the written consent of the Members necessary to authorize the action as specified in Section 6.01(f) below. Notice of a meeting need not be given to any Manager who signs a waiver of notice or a consent to holding the meeting or an approval of the minutes thereof, whether before or after the meeting, or who attends the meeting without protesting, prior thereto or at its commencement, the lack of notice to such Manager. No action may be taken at any meeting of the Manager unless such action was specified in the notice of such meeting that was delivered to the Managers in accordance with this Section 6.01(e).

(d) A Person shall cease to serve as a Manager upon (i) his or her death, (ii) his or her resignation in accordance with Section 6.01(d) above or (iii) the removal of such Manager in accordance with Section 6.01(c) or Section 6.01(d).

(e) Managers shall not receive any fee or other compensation for services rendered on behalf of the Company as a Member of the Manager.

(f) The Manager may not take any of the following actions without the prior approval of the Seller Member's lender, CBC Partners:

(1) Create, incur, assume or make any payment in respect of any borrowed money indebtedness or guarantee the borrowed money indebtedness of any other person or entity, unless such action results in the satisfaction of the Lender CBC Partners receivable secured by the property;

(2) Directly permit to exist any lien or security interest on any of the asset of the Company, unless such action results in the satisfaction of the Lender CBC Partners receivable secured by the property;

(3) Dispose of its properties or assets, unless such action results in the satisfaction of the Lender CBC Partners receivable secured by the property;

(4) Declare or pay any dividend or distribution on any membership interest of the Company, unless such action results in the satisfaction of the Lender CBC Partners receivable secured by the property;

(5) Purchase or redeem any membership interests of, or rights, options or warrants to acquire membership interests of, the Company, unless such action results in the satisfaction of the Lender CBC Partners receivable secured by the property;

(6) Issue any additional membership interests of, or rights, options or warrants to acquire, membership interests of the Company, unless such action results in the satisfaction of the Lender CBC Partners receivable secured by the property;

(7) Consummate, or enter into an agreement that results in, a sale of the Company (whether by merger, sale of assets, sale of Units or otherwise), unless such action results in the satisfaction of the Lender CBC Partners receivable secured by the property;

(8) Enter into, or cause, suffer or permit to exist any transaction, arrangement or contract with any of its Managers, Members or any of their respective affiliates or family members, except for Capital Contributions from the Investor Member in respect of its Commitment as expressly provided in Section 3.02(b)

of this Agreement, unless such action results in the satisfaction of the Lender CBC Partners receivable secured by the property;

(9) Cause a material change in the strategic direction or the nature of the business of the Company, unless such action results in the satisfaction of the Lender CBC Partners receivable secured by the property; or

(10) Enter into any agreement to do any of the foregoing, unless such agreement results in the satisfaction of the Lender CBC Partners receivable secured by the property.

#### 6.02. Liability of Parties.

No Member, Manager nor any Representative of a Member or a Manager shall be liable to the Company or to any other Member or Manager for (a) the performance of, or the omission to perform, any act or duty on behalf of the Company if, in good faith, such Person determined that such conduct was in the best interests of the Company, and such conduct did not constitute fraud, gross negligence, reckless or intentional misconduct or a breach of this Agreement or a breach by the Lender Member; (b) the termination of the Company and this Agreement pursuant to the terms hereof; or (c) the performance of, or the omission to perform, any act on behalf of the Company in good-faith reliance on the advice of legal counsel, accountants, or other professional advisors to the Company.

#### 6.03. Indemnification of Manager and Officers.

The Company, its receiver, or its trustee, as the case may be, shall indemnify, defend, and hold each Manager, Director or Officer (collectively, the "Indemnified Parties") harmless from and against any expense, loss, damage, or liability incurred or connected with any claim, suit, demand, loss, judgment, liability, cost, or expense (including reasonable attorneys' fees) arising from or related to the Company or any act or omission of the Indemnified Parties on behalf of the Company and amounts paid in settlement of any of the foregoing; provided that the same were not the result of (i) fraud, gross negligence, or reckless or intentional misconduct on the part of the Indemnified Party against whom a claim is asserted, (ii) a breach of this Agreement by the Indemnified Party or (iii) a breach of the Agreement by the Investing Member. The Company shall advance to any Indemnified Party the costs of defending any claim, suit, or action against such Indemnified Party (other than any claim, suit or action consisting of allegations covered by clauses (i), (ii) or (iii) of the immediately preceding sentence) if the Indemnified Party undertakes to repay the funds advanced, with interest, should it later be determined that the Indemnified Party is not entitled to indemnification under this Section 6.03.

#### 6.04. Conflicts of Interest.

Subject to compliance by each Member's Related Parties with Section 8.02, each Member of the Company and any Manager at any time and from time to time may engage in and possess interests in other business ventures of any and every type and description, independently



or with others, including ones in competition with the Company, with no obligation to offer to the Company or to any other Member the right to participate therein.

6.05. Waiver of Duties.

The Members waive, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, any fiduciary duties or obligations that the Managers may owe to the Members.

## ARTICLE VII

### RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERS

7.01. Restrictions on Transfers.

Except as otherwise expressly permitted in this ARTICLE VII, no Member may Transfer all or any portion of its Membership Interest in the Company without the prior consent of the Manager, which consent may be granted or withheld in the sole and absolute discretion of the Manager. Members may not Transfer all or any portion of its Class A Units, except pursuant to a Transfer permitted by Sections 7.02, 7.09 or 7.10. Any Transfer (whether voluntary or involuntary) or attempted Transfer by a Member in violation of the immediately preceding sentence shall result in the automatic voiding of any such unauthorized transfer.

7.02. Permitted Transfers.

A Member shall be free at any time to Transfer all or any portion of its Membership Interest to: (a) in the case of a Member that is a natural person, any one or more of an existing Member's Family Members or a trust or estate for the benefit of such Family Members; (b) to any Affiliate of the Member or any Family Member of such Affiliate or to any limited partner or investor or Affiliate thereof in any investment vehicle managed by the Member or its Affiliates; or (c) to a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Member. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, without the prior written consent of the non transferring Member, a Member may not Transfer its Units pursuant to clause (b) of the immediately preceding sentence to a non-Affiliated Person that, at the time of the proposed Transfer, is actively engaged in litigation with, or has previously been engaged in litigation with, the Investor Members. A Member that is a natural person also may Transfer all or any portion of his or her Membership Interest upon his or her death or involuntarily by operation of law. For purposes of this ARTICLE, a Member's "Family Members" shall mean the Member's spouse, ancestors, issue (including adopted children and their issue) and trusts or custodianships for the primary benefit of the Member himself or such spouse, ancestors, or issue (including adopted children and their issue). Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the case of any Transfer permitted under this Section 7.02, it shall be a condition to such Transfer that such transferee agrees (y) to be bound by this Agreement by executing a joinder agreement in a form acceptable to the Manager and (z) that the Units acquired by such transferee may not be subsequently Transferred except in strict accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

7.03. Conditions to Transfer.

Notwithstanding any other provision of Section 7.01 or 7.02, no Transfer shall be permitted, except in the case of a Transfer on death or involuntarily by operation of law, unless the following additional conditions precedent are satisfied (or waived by the Manager in its sole and absolute discretion):

(a) The transferor and transferee shall execute and deliver to the Company such documents and instruments of conveyance as may be necessary or appropriate in the opinion of counsel to the Company to effect such Transfer and to confirm the agreement of the transferee to be bound by the provisions of this Agreement (including this ARTICLE VII); and

(b) At the request of the Manager, the transferor shall provide an opinion of counsel satisfactory to the Company to the effect that such Transfer will not violate any applicable securities laws regulating the transfer of securities or any of the provisions of any agreement to which the Company is a party.

7.04. Admission of Transferee as Member.

Subject to the other provisions of this ARTICLE VII, a transferee of a Membership Interest may be admitted to the Company as a Member only upon satisfaction of all of the following conditions:

(a) The Membership Interest with respect to which the transferee is admitted was acquired by means of a Transfer permitted under Sections 7.01 and 7.02;

(b) The transferee becomes a party to this Agreement as a Member and executes such documents and instruments as the Manager reasonably may request as necessary or appropriate to confirm such transferee as a Member in the Company and such transferee's agreement to be bound by the terms and conditions hereof; and

(c) The transferee furnishes copies of all instruments effecting the Transfer, opinions of counsel and such other certificates, instruments, and documents as the Manager may reasonably require.

7.05. Effect of Disposition.

Following any Transfer of a Member's entire Membership Interest, the Member shall have no further rights as a Member of the Company. In addition, following any permitted Transfer of a portion of a Member's Membership Interest, the Member shall have no further rights as a Member of the Company with respect to that portion Transferred.

7.06. Rights of Unadmitted Transferee.

A transferee of a Membership Interest who is not admitted as a Member pursuant to Sections 7.03 and 7.04 shall be entitled to allocations and distributions attributable to the

Membership Interest Transferred to the same extent as if the transferee were a Member, but shall have no right to vote or give a consent on any matter, if any, calling for the approval or consent of the Members (and notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary any requisite percentage or majority shall be computed as if the Transferred Membership Interest did not exist), shall have no right to any information or accounting of the affairs of the Company, shall not be entitled to inspect the books or records of the Company, and shall not have any of the other rights of a Member under the Act or this Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, if a Member Transfers or attempts to Transfer any Class A Units in violation of Section 7.01 of this Agreement, then such transfer shall automatically be voided.

7.07. Prohibited Transfers.

Any purported Transfer that is not permitted under this ARTICLE VII shall be null and void and of no effect whatsoever. In the case of a Transfer or attempted Transfer that is not such a permitted Transfer, the parties engaging or attempting to engage in such Transfer shall be liable to indemnify and hold harmless the Company and the other Members from all cost, liability, and damage that any of such indemnified persons may incur (including incremental tax liability and attorneys' fees and expenses) as a result of such Transfer or attempted Transfer and efforts to enforce the indemnity granted hereby.

7.08. [reserved]

7.09. Tag-Along Rights.

(a) In the event that the Investor Member desires to Transfer (other than a Transfer pursuant to Section 7.02 or a Transfer in accordance with Section 7.10) all or any portion of its Class A Units (the Units to be Transferred are hereinafter referred to as the "Third Party Purchaser Units") to a bona fide, non-Affiliated third party (a "Third Party Purchaser"), then the Investor Member shall promptly notify the other Members (the "Other Members"), in writing (the "Tag-Along Sale Notice"), specifying the price per Unit to be Transferred and the other material terms and conditions of the proposed Transfer to the Third Party Purchaser (the "Third Party Terms"). The Other Members shall have the right (to be exercised as described in this Section 7.09), but not the obligation, to participate in the proposed Transfer to the Third Party Purchaser (hereinafter referred to as the "Tag-Along Right") on the Third Party Terms, as modified by the terms set forth in this Section 7.09 (including Section 7.09(g)).

(b) Each Other Member that desires to exercise its Tag-Along Right shall deliver to the Investor Member a written notice (the "Tag-Along Acceptance Notice") within fifteen (15) days of such Other Member's receipt of the Tag-Along Sale Notice (the "Tag-Along Acceptance Period"). The Tag-Along Acceptance Notice shall state the number of Units being sold by the Investor Member that such Other Member proposes to include in such Transfer to the proposed Third Party Purchaser. The Tag-Along Acceptance Notice given by the Other Member shall constitute the Other Member's binding agreement to sell the number of Units specified in the Tag-Along Acceptance Notice on the Third Party Terms, as modified by the terms set forth in this Section 7.09 (including Section 7.09(g)).

(c) If a Tag-Along Acceptance Notice from an Other Member is not received by the Investor Member within fifteen (15) days of delivery by the Investor Member of the Tag-Along Sale Notice, the Investor Member shall have the right to consummate the sale without the participation of such Other Member, but only if the per Unit purchase price is no more favorable to the Investor Member than as stated in the Tag-Along Sale Notice and only if such sale occurs on a date within the one hundred twenty (120) day period (the "Sale Period") following the expiration of the Tag-Along Acceptance Period. If such sale does not occur within the Sale Period, the Units that were to be subject to such sale thereafter shall continue to be subject to all of the restrictions contained in this Section 7.09.

(d) In connection with any Transfer of Units to the Third Party Purchaser pursuant to this Section 7.09, each of the Investor Member and the Other Members shall have the right to sell to the Third Party Purchaser a number of Units equal to its pro rata portion (based on the number of Units held by the Members, which shall only include the Class A Units to the extent provided in Section 7.09(h) below) of the Third Party Purchaser Units.

(e) At the closing of the Transfer to any Third Party Purchaser of any Third Party Purchaser Units pursuant to this Section 7.09, the Third Party Purchaser shall remit to the Investor Member and the Other Members participating in such sale the aggregate consideration payable to the Investor Member and the Other Members for the Units sold pursuant to Section 7.09 hereof (less any such Member's pro rata share of the consideration to be escrowed or held back, if any, as described below), against delivery by such Member of the Units being sold by it, free and clear of all liens, claims and encumbrances (other than encumbrances imposed by this Agreement), as evidenced by such documentation as the Third Party Purchaser reasonably requests, and the compliance by the Investor Member and the Other Members with any other conditions to closing requested by the Third Party Purchaser.

(f) The consummation of the proposed Transfer triggering the Tag-Along Right shall be subject to the sole discretion of the Investor Member, who shall have no liability or obligation whatsoever to the Other Members for not consummating such proposed Transfer other than its obligations as set forth in this Section 7.09. The Other Members shall receive the same form of consideration received by the Investor Member from the Third Party Purchaser, subject to Section 7.09(g) below. To the extent that the parties are to provide any indemnification or otherwise assume any other post-closing liabilities in favor of the Third Party Purchaser, the Investor Member shall seek to have such indemnification or post-closing liabilities be on a several but not joint basis (and on a pro rata basis in accordance with the proceeds received by such Member) to the extent permitted by the Third Party Purchaser; provided, however, in no event shall any Member's respective potential liability thereunder exceed the proceeds received by such Member. To the extent any such indemnification or post-closing liabilities are made on a joint and several basis and a Member bears more than its pro rata share (based on the proceeds to be received by such Member) of such indemnification or post-closing liabilities, then the other Member(s) shall contribute such Member such amount as is necessary to cause each Member to bear its pro rata share of such indemnification or post-closing liabilities.

(g) The aggregate net proceeds of any Transfer of Units pursuant to this Section 7.09 shall be allocated among the Members participating in such Transfer in accordance with the distribution provisions of Section 5.01(b) of this Agreement.

(h) The Seller Member shall only be entitled to include Class A Units in any Transfer pursuant to this Section 7.09 if, prior to such Transfer, the Investor Member has received the full distribution preference it is entitled to receive under Section 5.01(b)(I) of this Agreement.

#### 7.10. Drag-Along.

If the Manager and the Investor Member approve a Sale Transaction to a non-Affiliated third party (a "Third Party Transferee"), then the Investor Member shall have the right, but not the obligation, to require the Seller Member to consent to and approve the Sale Transaction and, if the Sale Transaction is structured as a sale of Units by the Members, to require the Seller Member to Transfer to the same Third Party Transferee all of the Units held by the Seller Member on the same terms and conditions as the Investor Member, subject to the last sentence of this Section 7.10. In connection therewith, upon request of the Investor Member, the Seller Member shall (i) consent to and raise no objections against such Sale Transaction and (ii) execute and deliver a definitive purchase and sale agreement, in substantially the same form and substance as the definitive agreement executed and delivered by the Investor Member; provided, that, to the extent that the parties are to provide any indemnification or otherwise assume any other post-closing liabilities, the Investor Member shall seek to have such indemnification or post-closing liabilities be on a several but not joint basis (and on a pro rata basis in accordance with the proceeds received by such Members) to the extent permitted by the Third Party Transferee; provided, however, in no event shall any Member's respective potential liability thereunder exceed the proceeds received by such Member in connection with such Sale Transaction. Subject to compliance with the proviso set forth in the immediately preceding sentence, if the Seller Member shall fail to execute and deliver such definitive agreement, the Company and the Investor Member shall have a power of attorney (which may be relied upon by the purchaser(s) in any such sale) and for that purpose the Seller Member, without any further action or deed, shall be deemed to have appointed the Company and the Investor Member as the Seller Member's agent and attorney-in-fact, with full power of substitution, for the purpose of executing and delivering the definitive agreement in the name and on behalf of the Seller Member and performing all such action as may be necessary or appropriate to consummate the sale of the Seller Member's interest pursuant to that agreement. Each Member shall bear its pro rata share of the costs of any transaction pursuant to this Section 7.10 (based on the net proceeds to be received by each Member in connection with the Sale Transaction) to the extent such costs are incurred for the benefit of all Members and are not otherwise paid by the Company or the acquiring party. The aggregate net proceeds of any Sale Transaction pursuant to this Section 7.10 shall be allocated among the Members in accordance with Section 5.01(b) of this Agreement.

### ARTICLE VIII

#### MEMBER COVENANTS

##### 8.01. Confidentiality.

Each Member agrees that Confidential Information will be furnished to it or its Representatives in connection with (i) such Member's ownership of Units in the Company and/or (ii) such Member's designee(s) serving as a Manager or, in the case of the Investor Member, the provision of services by the Investor Member to the Company. Each Member agrees that it shall use, and that it shall cause its Representative to use, the Confidential Information only in connection with its investment in the Company and not for any other

purpose. Each Member further acknowledges and agrees that it shall not disclose any Confidential Information to any Person, except that Confidential Information may be disclosed:

(a) to such Member's Representatives in the normal course of the performance of their duties or to any financial institution providing credit to such Member;

(b) to the extent required by applicable law, rule or regulation (including complying with any oral or written questions, interrogatories, requests for information or documents, subpoena, civil investigative demand or similar process to which a Member is subject, provided that such Member agrees to give the Company prompt notice of such request(s), to the extent practicable, so that the Company may seek an appropriate protective order or similar relief (and such Person shall cooperate with such efforts by the Company, and shall in any event make only the minimum disclosure required by such law, rule or regulation));

(c) to any Person to whom such Member is contemplating a transfer of its Units, provided that such Transfer would not be in violation of the provisions of this Agreement and such potential transferee is advised of the confidential nature of such information and agrees to be bound by a confidentiality agreement consistent with the provisions of this Section 8.01;

(d) to any regulatory authority or rating agency to which the Member or any of its Affiliates is subject or with which it has regular dealings, as long as such authority or agency is advised of the confidential nature of such information;

(e) to any Representative to the extent related to the tax treatment of the Units held by such Member, or

(f) if the prior written consent of the Manager shall have been obtained.

Nothing contained herein shall prevent the use of Confidential Information in connection with the assertion or defense of any claim by or against any Member.

#### 8.02. Investor Member Covenants.

The Investor Member hereby covenants, acknowledges and agrees with the Company and the Seller Member and Lender Member as follows:

(a) Investor Member shall:

(i) Provide for the funding of a annual expense reserve account in the amount of \$150,000.00 within ninety days of the execution of this Agreement, from which non member CBC Partners is authorized to issue payment against its obligations due from Seller Member should Investor Member fail to effect such payments in a timely fashion.

- (ii) Provide for a second funding of an annual expense reserve account one year later in the additional amount of \$150,000.00 within ninety days of the first anniversary of the execution of this Agreement, from which non Member CBC Partners is authorized to issue payment against its Note should Investor Member fail to effect such payments in a timely fashion.
- (iii) Cause the Company to service the non Member CBC Partners receivable against the subject property commencing 90 days after the closing of this Agreement, under the modified terms and conditions thereto, as agreed upon by the Investor Member.
- (iv) Cause the Company to effect repairs to the premises to bring it back to top quality standard and working repair
- (v) Cause the Company to maintain and provide for all costs related to the ongoing maintenance of the property
- (vi) Cause the Company to pay all utilities
- (vii) Cause the Company to pay for all real property insurance
- (viii) Cause the Company to pay all HOA assessments and fines
- (ix) Cause the Company to pay for all landscaping
- (x) Provide for its benefit from that portion of its judgment proceeds distributions from its interest in 1<sup>st</sup> One Hundred Holdings to serve as additional collateral to further securitize Lending Member's Note against any deficiency in the existing real property serving as collateral prior to this Agreement
- (xi) At the earlier of 2 years or upon collection of the judgment proceeds, pay off in full the CBC receivable as relates to the property
- (xii) At the earlier of 2 years or upon collection of the judgment proceeds, either assume service of or retire either or both of the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> position lenders
- (xiii) At the earlier of 2 years or upon collection of the judgment proceeds, pay off past due and accrued property tax assessments, if not already addressed by 1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> lender



(xiv) Utilize its lawyers to effectuate a Quiet Title action for the purposes of extinguishing any and all judgment creditor liens against the property.

(b) the Company shall comply, at all times, with the terms and conditions of the Agreement.

(c) the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement by the Investor Member does not conflict with or constitute a breach of or a default under the Articles of Organization of the Investor Member, the Operating Agreement of the Investor Member or any contract, agreement, instrument or debenture to which the Investor Member is a party or to which any of its assets are subject.

#### 8.03 Seller Member Covenants.

The Seller Member hereby covenants, acknowledges and agrees with the Company and the Seller Member and Investor Member as follows:

(a) Seller Member shall:

(i) Convey all rights of Possession to the Investor Member

(ii) Upon payment in full of the CBC Partners receivable secured against the premises, transfer its Membership Interest in the Company to Investor Member.

(iii) At execution of this Operating Agreement Execute a Deed of Sale conveying ownership of the premises to the Company

(iv) To execute those amendments to the Lender Member Note as necessary

(b) the Seller Member shall comply, at all times, with the terms and conditions of the Agreement.

(c) the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement by the Seller Member does not conflict with or constitute a breach of or a default under any contract, agreement, instrument or debenture to which the Investor Member is a party or to which any of his assets are subject.

### **ARTICLE IX WITHDRAWAL**

#### 9.01. Restrictions on Withdrawal.

A Member does not have the right to withdraw from the Company as a Member or to terminate its Membership Interest, except to the extent expressly provided herein.

## ARTICLE X

### DISSOLUTION, LIQUIDATION, AND TERMINATION

#### 10.01. Dissolution.

(a) The Company shall be dissolved automatically and its affairs shall be wound up upon the first to occur of the following:

(i) at any time upon the written consent of the Investor Member, so long as the Manager shall have also consented in writing thereto, or upon the written consent of the sole remaining Member; or

(ii) ninety (90) days after the date on which the Company no longer has at least one (1) Member, unless a new Member is admitted to the Company during such ninety (90) day period.

#### 10.02. Liquidation.

(a) Upon a dissolution of the Company requiring the winding-up of its affairs, the Manager shall wind up its affairs. The assets of the Company shall be sold within a reasonable period of time to the extent necessary to pay or to provide for the payment of all debts and liabilities of the Company, and may be sold to the extent deemed practicable and prudent by the Manager.

(b) The net assets of the Company remaining after satisfaction of all such debts and liabilities and the creation of any reserves under Section 10.02(d), shall be distributed to the Members in accordance with Section 5.01(b) of this Agreement, after giving effect to all contributions, distributions and allocations for all periods, including the period during which such liquidation occurs. Any property distributed in kind in the liquidation shall be valued at fair market value.

(c) Distributions to Members pursuant to this ARTICLE X shall be made by the end of the taxable year of the liquidation, or, if later, ninety (90) days after the date of such liquidation in accordance with Regulations Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(g).

(d) The Manager may withhold from distribution under this Section 10.02 such reserves as are required by applicable law and such other reserves for subsequent computation adjustments and for contingencies, including contingent liabilities relating to pending or anticipated litigation or to Internal Revenue Service examinations. Any amount withheld as a reserve shall reduce the amount payable under this Section 10.02 and shall be held in a segregated interest-bearing account (which may be commingled with similar accounts). The unused portion of any reserve shall be distributed with interest thereon pursuant to this Section 10.02 after the Manager shall have determined that the need therefor shall have ceased.

(e) Deficit Capital Accounts. If a Member has a deficit balance in its Capital Account after giving effect to all contributions, distributions, and allocations for all taxable years, including the year in which the liquidation occurs, the Member shall have no obligation to make any contribution to the capital of the Company with respect to such deficit, and such deficit shall not be considered a debt owed by such Member to the Company or to any other Person, for any purpose whatsoever. Notwithstanding, Lender Member's secured note against the Property shall not be compromised under this provision.

## **ARTICLE XI**

### **BOOKS AND RECORDS, ACCOUNTING, AND TAX ELECTIONS**

#### **11.01. Maintenance of Records.**

The Company shall maintain true and correct books and records, in which shall be entered all transactions of the Company, and shall maintain all other records necessary, convenient, or incidental to recording the Company's business and affairs, which shall be sufficient to record the allocation of Net Profits and Net Losses and distributions as provided for herein. All decisions as to accounting principles, accounting methods, and other accounting matters shall be made by the Manager. The Company shall keep a current list of all Members and their Capital Contributions, adjusted for any withdrawals, which shall be available for inspection by all Members. Each Member or its authorized representative may examine any of the books and records of the Company during normal business hours upon reasonable notice for a proper purpose reasonably related to the Member's interest in the Company.

#### **11.02. Reports to Members.**

As soon as practicable after the end of each Fiscal Year, the Company shall cause to be prepared and sent to each Member a report setting forth in sufficient detail all such information and data with respect to the Company for such Fiscal Year as shall enable each Member to prepare its income tax returns. Any financial statements, reports and tax returns required pursuant to this Section 11.02 shall be prepared at the expense of the Company.

#### **11.03. Tax Elections; Determinations Not Provided for in Agreement.**

The Manager shall be empowered to make or revoke any elections now or hereafter required or permitted to be made by the Code or any state or local tax law, and to decide in a fair and equitable manner any accounting procedures and other matters arising with respect to the Company or under this Agreement that are not expressly provided for in this Agreement. In this regard, the Members agree that the Company shall make a valid election under Code Section 754. Notwithstanding the foregoing, absent the unanimous consent of the Manager to the contrary, the Company and all Members shall take any steps that may be necessary to elect partnership status for purposes of the Code and any applicable state or local tax law.

11.04. Tax Matters Partner.

The Investor is hereby designated the “Tax Matters Partner” of the Company for purposes of the Code.

**ARTICLE XII**

**GENERAL PROVISIONS**

12.01. Notices.

Except as expressly provided in this Agreement, all notices, consents, waivers, requests, or other instruments or communications given pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing, shall be signed by the party giving the same, and shall be delivered by hand; sent by registered or certified United States mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid; or sent by a recognized overnight delivery service. Such notices, instruments, or communications shall be addressed, in the case of the Company, to the Company at its principal place of business and, in the case of any of the Members, to the address set forth in the Company’s books and records; except that any Member may, by notice to the Company and each other Member, specify any other address for the receipt of such notices, instruments, or communications. Except as expressly provided in this Agreement, any notice, instrument, or other communication shall be deemed properly given when sent in the manner prescribed in this Section 12.01. In computing the period of time for the giving of any notice, the day on which the notice is given shall be excluded and the day on which the matter noticed is to occur shall be included. If notice is given by personal delivery, then it shall be deemed given on the date personally delivered to such Person. If notice is given by mail in the manner permitted above, it shall be deemed given three (3) days after being deposited in the mail addressed to the Person to whom it is directed at the last address of the Person as it appears on the records of the Company, with prepaid postage thereon. If notice is given by nationally recognized overnight courier delivery service, then it shall be deemed given on the date actually delivered to the address of the recipient by such nationally recognized overnight courier delivery service. If notice is given in any other manner authorized herein or by law, it shall be deemed given when actually delivered, unless otherwise specified herein or by law.

12.02. Interpretation.

(a) ARTICLE, Section, and Subsection headings are not to be considered part of this Agreement, are included solely for convenience of reference and are not intended to be full or accurate descriptions of the contents thereof.

(b) Use of the terms “herein,” “hereunder,” “hereof,” and like terms shall be deemed to refer to this entire Agreement and not merely to the particular provision in which the term is contained, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

(c) Use of the word “including” or a like term shall be construed to mean “including, but not limited to.”

(d) Exhibits and schedules to this Agreement are an integral part of this Agreement.

(e) Words importing a particular gender shall include every other gender, and words importing the singular shall include the plural and vice-versa, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

(f) Any reference to a provision of the Code, Regulations, or the Act shall be construed to be a reference to any successor provision thereof.

#### 12.03. Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Venue.

This Agreement and all matters arising herefrom or with respect hereto, including, without limitation, tort claims (the “Covered Matters”) shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the internal laws of State of Nevada, without reference to the choice of law principles thereof. The Members agree that any dispute between them or between any of them and the Company arising out of, or in connection with, the execution, interpretation, performance or non-performance of this Agreement (including the validity, scope and enforceability of these arbitration provisions) shall be settled by arbitration conducted in Clark County Nevada, in the English language, in accordance with the commercial arbitration rules of the American Arbitration Association (“AAA”), by a single arbitrator, designated by the AAA in accordance with the rules of the AAA. The decision of the AAA shall be final and binding on the Members and the Company, and not subject to further review, and judgment on the awards of the AAA may be entered in and enforced by any court having jurisdiction over the parties or their assets subject to the procedural requirements in such jurisdiction. The arbitration hearing shall be held solely in the State of Formation. Notwithstanding the foregoing agreement to arbitrate, the parties expressly reserve the right to seek (i) provisional relief from any court of competent jurisdiction to preserve their respective rights pending arbitration and (ii) equitable relief in any court of competent jurisdiction in the State of Formation. All costs of the arbitrator shall be split equally by the claimant, on the one hand, and the respondents, on the other hand; provided, however, the arbitrator shall have the right to apportion such costs in accordance with what the arbitrator deems just and equitable under the circumstances. The arbitrator shall have the authority to award reimbursement of attorneys’ fees to the prevailing party in the arbitration.

#### 12.04. Binding Agreement.

This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Members and the Managers and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, personal representatives, and successors.

#### 12.05. Dispute Resolution.

In the event of a failure to reasonably resolve any issues among any of the Parties (or their owners, assigns, or successors), the disputes of those parties will be referred to binding arbitration for resolution thereof, and each party waives any right to litigation in favor of such resolution through binding arbitration. Arbitration shall be conducted under Nevada’s Arbitration Rules). Judgment on the arbitrator’s award may be entered in any court having

jurisdiction thereof. The arbitration shall be held in the City of Las Vegas and State of Nevada, and shall be conducted before a single arbitrator agreeable to the parties. The arbitrator shall make findings of fact and law in writing in support of his decision, and shall award reimbursement of attorney's fees and other costs of arbitration to the prevailing party as the arbitrator deems appropriate. The provisions hereof shall not preclude any party from seeking preliminary injunctive relief to protect or enforce its rights hereunder, or prohibit any court from making preliminary findings of fact in connection with granting or denying such preliminary injunctive relief after and in accordance with the decision of the arbitrator. No decision of the arbitrator shall be subject to judicial review or appeal; the parties waive any and all rights of judicial appeal or review of any decision of the arbitrator. Should any party initiate a civil proceeding against any other, notwithstanding the binding arbitration provision above, such party initiating civil litigation shall recognize that it has caused material damage and harm to the other by way of their breach of this agreement, and hereby agrees to an award, to each named defendant party, liquidated damages in the amount of any costs of defense incurred by the aggrieved party plus ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00).

12.06. Severability.

Each item and provision of this Agreement is intended to be severable. If any term or provision of this Agreement is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable for any reason whatsoever, that term or provision shall be modified only to the extent necessary to be enforced, such term or provision shall be enforced to the maximum extent permitted by law, and the validity of the remainder of this Agreement shall not be adversely affected thereby.

12.07. Entire Agreement.

This Agreement (including the exhibits hereto and the Services Agreement) supersedes any and all other understandings and agreements, either oral or in writing, between the Members with respect to the Membership Interests and constitutes the sole agreement between the Members with respect to the Membership Interests.

12.08. Further Action.

Each Member shall, upon the request of the Manager, execute and deliver all papers, documents, and instruments and perform all acts that are necessary or appropriate to implement the terms of this Agreement and the intent of the Members.

12.09. Amendment or Modification.

This Agreement (including the exhibits hereto) may be amended or modified from time to time only upon the written approval of the Company (acting through the Manager) and the Investor Member; provided, however, for so long as the Seller Member owns any Class A Units, the approval of the Seller Member shall be required to amend Section 5.01 of this Agreement (other than in connection with the issuance of New Units) or Section 6.01(b)(ii) of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no amendment shall create any personal

liability or personal obligation of any Member for the debts, obligations, or liabilities of the Company not otherwise provided under the Act without such Member's written consent.

12.10. Counterparts.

This Agreement may be executed in original or by facsimile in several counterparts and, as so executed, shall constitute one agreement, binding on all of the parties hereto, notwithstanding that all of the parties are not signatory to the original or to the same counterpart.

*[Signature Pages Follow.]*

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the Members have executed and adopted this Limited Liability Company Agreement effective as of September 30, 2017.

**MEMBERS:**

Kenneth Antos (Seller Member)

*Ken Antos Rest*

By: 

Name: *Ken Antos*

Title: *Member*

SJC Ventures Holdings, LLC (Investor Member)

By: 

Name: *Jay Bloom*

Title: *Manager*

**MANAGER:**

  
Jay Bloom, as Manager SJC Ventures Holdings, LLC



## EXHIBIT A

### DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

“Adjusted Capital Account Deficit” means, with respect to any Person, the deficit balance, if any, in such Person’s Capital Account as of the end of the relevant Fiscal Year or other period, after giving effect to the following adjustments:

(a) credit to such Capital Account any amounts which such Person is obligated to restore pursuant to any provision of this Agreement or is deemed to be obligated to restore pursuant to the next to the last sentence of Regulations Sections 1.704-2(g)(1) and 1.704-2(i)(5) after taking into account any changes during such year in Company Minimum Gain and Member Minimum Gain; and

(a) debit to such Capital Account the items described in Regulations Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(4), (5) and (6).

The foregoing definition of Adjusted Capital Account Deficit is intended to comply with the provisions of Regulations Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

“Affiliate” means, with respect to any Person, a Person that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the first mentioned Person. A Person shall be deemed to control another Person if such first Person possesses directly or indirectly the power to direct, or cause the direction of, the management and policies of the second Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.

“Business Day” means a day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, on which commercial banks in New York, NY are open for the general transaction of business.

“Capital Account” means, with respect to any Member, the Member’s Capital Contributions, increased or decreased as provided in this Agreement.

“Capital Contribution” means, with respect to the Investor Member, the amount of money contributed to the Company by the Investor Member.

“Class A Units” means a class of Units that are denominated as “Class A Units”.

“Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time.

“Company Minimum Gain” has the meaning ascribed to the term “partnership minimum gain” in the Regulations Section 1.704-2(d).

“Confidential Information” means any information concerning the Company or the financial condition, business, operations, prospects or assets of the Company (including the terms of this Agreement), provided that the term “Confidential Information” does not include information that (i) is or becomes generally available to the public other than as a result of a disclosure by a Member or any of a Member’s Representatives in violation of this Agreement, (ii) is or was available to such Member on a non-confidential basis prior to its disclosure by the Company to such Member or the Representatives of such Member or (iii) was or becomes available to such Member on a non-confidential basis from a source other than the Company, which source is or was (at the time of receipt of the relevant information) not, to such Member’s knowledge, bound by a confidentiality agreement with (or other confidentiality obligation to) the Company or another Person.

“Depreciation” means an amount equal to the depreciation, amortization or other cost recovery deduction allowable with respect to an asset for the Fiscal Year or other period, except that if the Gross Asset Value of an asset differs from its adjusted tax basis at the beginning of the Fiscal Year or other period, Depreciation will be an amount which bears the same ratio to the beginning Gross Asset Value as the Federal income tax depreciation, amortization or other cost recovery deduction for the Fiscal Year or other period bears to the beginning adjusted tax basis; provided, however, that if the Federal income tax depreciation, amortization or other cost recovery deduction for the Fiscal Year or other period is zero, Depreciation will be determined by reference to the beginning Gross Asset Value using any reasonable method selected by the Manager.

“Fiscal Year” means the calendar year; but, upon the organization of the Company, “Fiscal Year” means the period from the first day of the term of the Company to the next following December 31, and upon dissolution of the Company, shall mean the period from the end of the last preceding Fiscal Year to the date of such dissolution.

“Gross Asset Value” means, with respect to any asset, the asset’s adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes, adjusted as provided in this Agreement.

“Liquidation” has the meaning as set forth in Regulations Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(g).

“Manager” means each Person comprising the Manager in accordance with Section 6.01(b) of this Agreement. A Manager may be a natural person or an entity; a Member or a non-member.

“Member” means each Person executing this Agreement as a Member or hereafter admitted to the Company as a Member as provided in this Agreement, but does not include any Person who has ceased to be a Member of the Company. For purposes of interpreting this Agreement, references to the term “Member” in ARTICLE IV and ARTICLE V shall be deemed to refer to a transferee of an interest in the Company who is not admitted as a Member under Section 7.04 unless such interpretation is inconsistent with the provisions of Section 7.06.

“Member Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain” has the meaning ascribed to the term “partner nonrecourse debt minimum gain” in Regulations Section 1.704-2(i)(2).

“Member Nonrecourse Debt” has the meaning ascribed to the term “partner nonrecourse debt” in Regulations Section 1.704-2(b)(4).

“Member Nonrecourse Deduction” has the meaning ascribed to the term “partner nonrecourse deduction” in Regulations Section 1.704-2(i)(2).

“Membership Interest” means the entire interest of a Member in the Company, including, without limitation, rights to distributions (liquidating or otherwise), allocations, information, and the right to participate in the management of the business and affairs of the Company, including the right to vote on, consent to, or otherwise participate in any decision or action of or by the Members granted by this Agreement or the Act.

“Net Proceeds”, with respect to a Sale Transaction, means the gross proceeds from the Sale Transaction less (i) the payment of any indebtedness for borrowed money of the Company, together with all interest, premiums and fees due and owing thereon, (ii) the payment of any transaction fees and expenses incurred by the Company that are directly related to the Sale Transaction and (iii) any holdback, reserve or escrow established by the Manager in connection with the Sale Transaction to satisfy any post-transaction indemnification, purchase price adjustment or similar obligation (and, once the Manager determines that the need for such holdback, reserve or escrow shall have ceased, any remaining proceeds shall be distributed to the Members in accordance with Section 5.01).

“Net Profits” and “Net Losses” means, for any Fiscal Year or other period, an amount equal to the Company’s taxable income or loss for such year or period, determined in accordance with Code Section 703(a) (for this purpose, all items of income, gain, loss or deduction required to be stated separately pursuant to Code Section 703(a)(1) shall be included in taxable income or loss), with the following adjustments:

(a) Any income of the Company that is exempt from federal income tax and not otherwise taken into account in computing Net Profits or Net Losses shall be added to such taxable income or loss;

(b) Any expenditures of the Company described in Code Section 705(a)(2)(B) or treated as Code Section 705(a)(2)(B) expenditures pursuant to Regulations Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(i) and not otherwise taken into account in computing Net Profits or Net Losses shall be subtracted from Net Profits or Net Losses;

(c) Gains or losses resulting from any disposition of Company asset with respect to which gains or losses are recognized for federal income tax purposes shall be computed with reference to the Gross Asset Value of the Company asset disposed of, notwithstanding the fact that the adjusted tax basis of such Company asset differs from its Gross Asset Value;

(d) In lieu of the depreciation, amortization and other cost recovery deductions taken into account in computing the taxable income or loss, there will be taken into account Depreciation; and

(e) If the Gross Asset Value of any Company asset is adjusted pursuant to the definition of “Gross Asset Value,” the amount of the adjustment will be taken into account as gain or loss from the disposition of the asset for purposes of computing Net Profits or Net Losses.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, any items of income, gain, loss or deduction that are specially allocated under Section 4.01(b) or any other Section of this Agreement shall not be taken into account in computing Net Profits or Net Losses.

“New Units” mean any Units issued by the Company after the date hereof or any Units issuable by the Company upon exercise, exchange or conversion of any exercisable, exchangeable or convertible securities issued after the date hereof.

“Nonrecourse Deductions” has the meaning set forth in Regulations Sections 1.704-2(b) and (c).

“Other SPV” means a special purpose entity formed by the Company and an Investor to pursue the Purposes and which special purpose entity is funded solely by such Investor.

“Percentage Interest” means, as of any date of determination, with respect to the Investor Member, the percentage interest determined by dividing (x) the number of Class A Units owned by the Investor Member by (y) the aggregate number of Class A Units owned by all of the Members. The sum of the outstanding Percentage Interests of the Members shall at all times equal one hundred percent (100%).

“Permitted States” means States with an HOA “Super Priority” or “Safe Harbor” provision codified in its statutes, and any other such other states as may be approved by the Manager.

“Person” means an individual, corporation, association, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company, estate, trust, or any other legal entity.

“Regulations” means the Treasury Regulations promulgated under the Code, as such Regulations may be amended from time to time.

“Regulatory Allocations” has the meaning set forth in Section 4.01(c)(i).

“Representative” of a Person means that Person’s directors, officers, general partners, members, managers, employees, and agents.

“Sale Transaction” (i) a sale of all or substantially all of the issued and outstanding Units of the Company or (ii) the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company (including by means of merger, consolidation, other business combination, exclusive license, equity exchange or other reorganization) to a third party.

“Services Agreement” means that certain Services Agreement, dated as of January 20, 2015, between the Company and the Seller Member.

“Transfer” means, as a noun, any voluntary or involuntary transfer, sale, pledge, hypothecation, gift, or other disposition and, as a verb, voluntarily or involuntarily to transfer, sell, pledge, hypothecate, give, or otherwise dispose of.

“Unit” means a denomination of a Membership Interest.

“Members Related Party” means each of the Members, their respective Representatives (including Jay Bloom) and any of its or their respective Affiliates.

## EXHIBIT B

Name and Address of Member	Commitment	% Membership Interest	
Seller Member Kenneth Antos  Fax: Attn:  with a copy to:  Fax: Attention:	\$100	49%	

Name and Address of Member	Commitment	% Membership Interest	
Investor Member SJC Ventures Holdings, LLC  Fax: 702-974-0284 Attn: Jay Bloom  with a copy to:  Fax: 702-629-7925 Attention: Joseph Gutierrez, Esq.	\$150,000.00	51%	

# EXHIBIT “E”

## SECURITY AGREEMENT

This Security Agreement is made by and between SJC Ventures, LLC ("SJC") (the "Debtor") to CBC Partners I, LLC, a Washington limited-liability company ("Secured Party" or "CBCI").

### WITN ESSETH:

WHEREAS, Debtor, other creditors, and Secured Party are parties to a certain Forbearance Agreement (the "Forbearance Agreement") dated as of the 27<sup>th</sup> day of September 2017 by and among CBC Partners I, LLC ("CBCI"), Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust (the "Living Trust"), Kenneth M. Antos & Sheila M. Neumann-Antos Trust (the "K & S Trust"), Kenneth Antos and Sheila Neumann-Antos, as Trustees of the Living Trust and the K & S Trust, and as Personal Guarantors of the Secured Promissory Note described below., Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC ("SHAC"), and SJC Ventures, LLC ("SJC").

WHEREAS, the Forbearance Agreement provides that several conditions must be satisfied before CBCI agrees to forbear from exercising its rights and remedies under the Forbearance Agreement.

WHEREAS, one of the conditions of the Forbearance Agreement requires SJC to execute a Security Agreement with respect to the "Creditors Judgment Interest" described below (the "Collateral") in favor of CBCI.

WHEREAS, subject to the terms of this Security Agreement, the SJC agree to grant CBCI a Security Interest in the Collateral described below to secure the obligations of all parties to the Forbearance Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and intending to be legally bound hereby, SJC ("Debtor") and CBCI ("Secured Party") hereby agrees as follows:

1. *Grant of security interest.* In consideration of the Forbearance Agreement, the Debtor and Secured Party hereby grants to the Secured Party a security interest in the Collateral defined below as security for the prompt payment, performance, and observance by the Debtor, and all other parties to the Forbearance Agreement (the "Obligations").

#### 2. *Collateral.*

(a) The term "Collateral" shall include that portion of Debtors current, or after-acquired, beneficial interest in the "Judgment" described below necessary to secure the Secured Party's Interest (the "Creditor's Judgment Interest"), regardless of whether the Creditor's Judgment Interest is the Judgment is considered "rights to cash or non-cash proceeds", accounts, contract rights, accounts receivable instruments, documents, chattel paper, securities, deposits, credits, "claims and demands," general intangibles, payment intangibles; and all ledger sheets, files, records, documents, and instruments (including, but not limited to, computer programs, tapes, and related electronic data processing software) evidencing any interest in or relating to the above described Collateral. The locations of the office where the records concerning rights are kept is set forth at the bottom of this Agreement. Debtor's address above stated against the Secured Party, and all proceeds, products, returns, additions, accessions and substitutions of and to any of the foregoing.

(b) All terms used herein which are defined in the Uniform Commercial Code of the State of Nevada shall have the meanings therein stated.



(c) The Creditor's Judgment Interest is described as follows:

SJCV represents that First 100, LLC and 1<sup>st</sup> One Hundred Holdings, LLC, obtained a Judgment in the amount of \$2,221,039,718.46 against Raymond Ngan and other Defendants in the matter styled *First 100, LLC, Plaintiff(s) vs. Raymond Ngan, Defendant(s)*, Case No. A-17-753459-C in the 8<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Court for Clark County, Nevada (the "Judgment"). SJCV represents it holds a 24.912% Membership Interest in 1<sup>st</sup> One Hundred Holdings, LLC. SJCV represents and warrant that no party, other than the Collection Professionals engaged to collect the Judgment, have a priority to receive net judgment proceeds attributable to SJCV before SJCV; and that SJCV shall receive its interest at a minimum in pari passu with other parties who hold interests in the Judgment. 1<sup>st</sup> One Hundred Holdings, LLC represents and warrant that no party, other than the Collection Professionals engaged to collect the Judgment and certain other creditors of 1<sup>st</sup> One Hundred Holdings, have a priority to receive net judgment proceeds prior to distributions to 1<sup>st</sup> One Hundred Holdings Members; and that SJCV shall receive its interest at a minimum in pari passu with other parties who hold interests in the Judgment.

3. *Warranties and agreements.* The Debtor warrants and agrees that:

(a) *Collateral location and use.* The Debtor's chief places of business, its financial books and records relating to the Collateral, and the Collateral, are located at the address set forth at the bottom of this agreement. The Debtor will not move any of the Collateral from said location without the prior written consent of the Secured Party.

(b) *Existing liens, security interests, and encumbrances.* Except for the security interest granted herein, and except for the liens of certain "Collection Professionals," as set forth on the schedule annexed hereto as Schedule C and initialed by the Secured Party and the Debtor, the Debtor owns and will keep the Collateral free and clear of liens, security interests, or encumbrances, and will not assign, sell, mortgage, lease, transfer, pledge, grant a security interest in, encumber or otherwise dispose of or abandon any part or all of the Collateral without the prior written consent of the Secured Party. Accordingly, Debtor Any default by any party to the Forbearance Agreement, or any of the agreements related thereto shall constitute an event of default under this Security Agreement.

(c) *Inspection.* The Secured Party shall at all times have free access to and the right of inspection of any part or all of the Collateral and any records of the Debtor (and the right to make extracts from such records), and the Debtor shall deliver to the Secured Party the originals or true copies of such papers and instruments relating to any or all of the Collateral as the Secured Party may request at any time.

(d) *Collateral to remain personal property.* The Collateral is now and shall be and remain personal property, notwithstanding the manner in which the Collateral or any part thereof shall be now or hereafter affixed, attached or annexed to real estate. Debtor authorizes the Secured Party to enter upon any premises of the Debtor at any time to remove the Collateral.

(e) *Maintain security interests, reports.* In addition to all other provisions hereof, the Debtor will from time to time at its expense, perform any and all steps requested by the Secured Party at any time to perfect and maintain the Secured Party's security interest in the Collateral, including (but not limited to) transferring any part or all of the Collateral to the Secured Party or any nominee of the Secured Party, including placing and maintaining signs, executing and filing financing statements and notices of lien, delivering to the Secured Party documents of title representing the Collateral or evidencing the Secured Party's security interest in any other manner acceptable to and requested by the Secured Party.

If at any time any part or all of the Collateral is in the possession or control of any of the Debtor's bailees, agents, or processors, the Debtor will notify such persons of the Secured Party's security interest therein. Upon the Secured Party's request, the Debtor will instruct such persons to hold all such Collateral for the Secured Party's account and subject to the Secured Party's instructions and the Debtor will obtain and deliver to the Secured Party such instrument(s) requested by the Secured Party pursuant to which such persons consent to the security interest

granted herein, disclaim any interest in the Collateral, waive in favor of the Secured Party all liens upon and claims to the Collateral or any part thereof, and authorize the Secured Party at any time to enter upon and remove the Collateral from any premises upon which the same may be located.

(f) *Further documentation.* The Debtor shall, at its expense, upon the Secured Party's request, at any time and from time to time, execute and deliver to the Secured Party one or more financing statements pursuant to the Uniform Commercial Code, and all other papers, documents or instruments required by the Secured Party in connection herewith; including an Assignment of Judgment Interest in a form acceptable to Secured Party. The Debtor hereby authorizes the Secured Party to execute and file, at any time and from time to time, on behalf of the Debtor, one or more financing statements with respect to all or any part of the Collateral, the filing of which is advisable, in the sole judgment of the Secured Party, pursuant to the law of the State of Nevada, although the same may have been executed only by the Secured Party as secured party. The Debtor also irrevocably appoints the Secured Party, its agents, representatives and designees, as the Debtor's agent and attorney-in-fact, to execute and file, from time to time, on behalf of the Debtor, one or more financing statements with respect to all or any part of the Collateral.

(g) *Collection of accounts.* The Debtor is authorized, at its expense, to collect the proceeds of the Collateral for the Secured Party. In the event of default, the Debtor shall promptly turn over to the Secured Party the proceeds of accounts, up to the amount secured, and in no event in any amount greater than such amount secured, whether consisting of cash, commercial paper, or any other instrument, in precisely the form received, except for the Debtor's endorsement when required. Until so turned over, the proceeds up to the amount secured, shall be deemed to be held in trust by the Debtor for and as the property of the Secured Party. All remittances are received subject to collection. The Secured Party may endorse the name of the Debtor on all notes, checks, drafts, bills of exchange, money orders, commercial paper of any kind whatsoever, and any other document received in payment of or in connection with the Collateral or otherwise.

(h) *Settlement of Accounts.* The Debtor is not authorized or empowered to compromise or extend the time for payment of any of the Collateral, without the prior written consent of the Secured Party.

(i) *Payment of debtor's obligations, reimbursement.* The Secured Party may in its discretion, for the account and expense of the Debtor: (i) pay any amount or do any act which is required by the Debtor under this Security Agreement and which the Debtor fails to do or pay as herein required, and (ii) pay or discharge any lien, security interest or encumbrance in favor of anyone other than the Secured Party which covers or affects the Collateral or any part thereof. The Debtor will promptly reimburse and pay the Secured Party for any and all sums, costs and expenses which the Secured Party may pay or incur by reason of defending, protecting or enforcing the security interest herein granted or the priority thereof or in enforcing payment of the Obligations or in discharging any lien or claim against the Collateral or any part thereof or in the exchange, collection, compromise or settlement of any of the Collateral or receipt of the proceeds thereof or for the care of the Collateral, by litigation or otherwise, and with respect to either the Debtor, account debtors, guarantors of the Debtor and other persons, including but not limited to all court costs, collection charges, travel, and reasonable attorneys' fees, and all reasonable expenses (including reasonable counsel fees) incident to the enforcement of payment of any obligations of the Debtor by any action or participation in, or in connection with, a case or proceeding under the Bankruptcy Code, or any successor statute thereto. All sums paid and all costs, expenses and liabilities incurred by the Secured Party pursuant to the foregoing provisions, together with interest thereon at the rate of 12 percent per annum, shall be added to and become part of the Obligations secured hereby.

4. *Transfer of collateral.* The right is expressly granted to the Secured Party, at its discretion, to exchange any or all of the Collateral in the possession of the Secured Party for other property upon the reorganization, recapitalization or other readjustment of the Debtor and in connection therewith to deposit any or all of such Collateral with any committee or depository upon such terms as the Secured Party may determine; At its discretion the Secured Party may, whether or not any of the Obligations are due, in its name or in the name of the Debtor or otherwise, notify any

account debtor or the obligor on any instrument, agreement, or consent order to make payment to the Secured Party, demand, sue for, collect or receive any money or property at any time payable or receivable on account of or in exchange for, or make any compromise or settlement deemed desirable by the Secured Party with respect to, any of the Collateral, but shall be under no obligation to do so, and/or the Secured Party may extend the time of payment, arrange for payment in installments, or otherwise modify the terms of, or release any of the Collateral, without thereby incurring responsibility to, or discharging or otherwise affecting any liability of, the Debtor. At any time, the Secured Party may assign, transfer and/or deliver to any transferee of any of the Obligations any or all of the Collateral, and thereafter the Secured Party shall be fully discharged from all responsibility with respect to the Collateral so assigned, transferred and/or delivered. Such transferee shall be vested with all the powers and rights of the Secured Party hereunder, with respect to such Collateral, but the Secured Party shall retain all rights and powers hereby given with respect to any of the Collateral not so assigned, transferred or delivered.

5. *Defaults.* The occurrence of any one or more of the following events shall constitute an event of default by the Debtor under this Security Agreement: if at any time the Secured Party, in its discretion, reasonably considers the Collateral or any part thereof unsatisfactory or insufficient, and the Debtor does not on demand furnish other Collateral or make payment on account, satisfactory to the Secured Party; if the Debtor or any obligor, maker, endorser, acceptor, surety or guarantor of, or any other party to any of the Obligations or the Collateral (the same, including the Debtor, being collectively referred to herein as "Obligors") defaults in the punctual payment of any sum payable with respect to, or in the performance of any of the terms and conditions of, any of the Obligations (or of any instruments evidencing the same) or of any terms or conditions of this Security Agreement or the Collateral; if any warranty, representation or statement of fact made herein or furnished to the Secured Party at any time by or on behalf of the Debtor proves to have been false in any material respect when made or furnished; in the event of loss, theft, substantial damage or destruction of any of the Collateral, or the making of any levy on, seizure or attachment of any of the Collateral; if the Debtor executes or files a certificate or other instrument evidencing the legal change of name of the Debtor without furnishing the Secured Party at least 10 days' prior written notice thereof; if any of the Obligors are dissolved; if any of the Obligors are party to a merger or consolidation without the prior written consent of the Secured Party; if any of the Obligors fail to maintain its corporate existence in good standing; if any of the Obligors default in the observance or performance of any term, covenant or agreement contained herein or in any instrument or document delivered pursuant hereto; if any of the Obligors become insolvent (however such insolvency may be defined or evidenced), or make or send notice of an intended bulk transfer, or fail, after demand, to furnish any financial information or to permit the inspection of books or records of account; if there is filed by or against any of the Obligors any petition for any relief under the bankruptcy laws of the United States as now or hereafter in effect or under any insolvency, readjustment of debt, dissolution or liquidation law or statute now or hereafter in effect (and whether any such action or proceeding is at law, in equity or under any bankruptcy, reorganization, arrangement, insolvency, readjustment of debt, receivership, liquidation or dissolution law or statute); if any of the Obligors suspend the transaction of its usual business, if any petition or application to any court or tribunal, at law or in equity, is filed by or against any of the Obligors for the appointment of any receiver or any trustee for any of the Obligors; if any governmental authority or any court or other tribunal takes possession or jurisdiction of any substantial part of the property of, or assumes control over the affairs or operations of, or a receiver is appointed of, any substantial part of the property of any of the Obligors; or if a meeting of the creditors or principal creditors of any of the Obligors is convened.

6. *Remedies on default.* If any one or more of the above events of default shall occur, the Secured Party may, at any time thereafter, declare any or all of the Debtor's Obligations immediately due and payable, after notice to or demand upon the Debtor and the provision of a 30-day cure period. In such event, the Secured Party shall have the following rights and remedies, all of which shall be cumulative and not exclusive, and shall be in addition to all other rights and remedies of a secured party under the Uniform Commercial Code or other applicable statute or rule in any jurisdiction in which enforcement is sought:

(a) *Collateral.* The Secured Party may, at any time and from time to time, Upon no less than 24 hours' notice, enter upon any premises in which all or any part of the Collateral is located and to the extent practicable, take possession of the Collateral, without the Debtor's resistance or interference; dispose of all or any part of the Collateral on any premises of the Debtor; require the Debtor to assemble and make available to the Secured Party all or any part of the Collateral at any place and time designated by the Secured Party which is reasonably convenient to the Secured Party and the Debtor; remove all or any part of the Collateral from any premises on which any part thereof is located for the purpose of effecting sale or other disposition thereof; sell, resell, lease, assign and deliver, or otherwise dispose of, the Collateral or any part thereof in its existing condition or following any commercially reasonable preparation or processing, at public or private proceedings, in one or more parcels at the same or different times with or without having the Collateral at the place of sale or other disposition, for cash, upon credit or for future delivery, and in connection therewith the Secured Party may grant options, at such place or places and time or times and to such persons, firms or corporations as the Secured Party deems best, and without demand for performance or any notice or advertisement whatsoever, except that where an applicable statute requires reasonable notice of sale or other disposition the Debtor hereby agrees that five days' notice by ordinary mail, postage prepaid, to any address of the Debtor set forth at the foot of this Security Agreement, of the place and time of any public sale or of the place and time after which any private sale or other disposition may be made, shall be deemed reasonable notice of such sale or other disposition; and liquidate or dispose of the Collateral or any part thereof in any other commercially reasonable manner.

If the Secured Party sells any of the Collateral upon credit or for future delivery, it shall not be liable for the failure of the purchaser to purchase or pay for the same and, in the event of any such failure, the Secured Party may resell such Collateral. The Debtor hereby waives all equity and right of redemption. The Secured Party may buy any part or all of the Collateral at any public sale and if any part of all of the Collateral is of a type customarily sold in a recognized market or is of a type which is the subject of widely distributed standard price quotations the Secured Party may buy at private sale, all free from any equity or right of redemption which is hereby waived and released by the Debtor, and the Secured Party may make payment therefor (by endorsement without recourse) in notes of the Debtor to the order of the Secured Party in lieu of cash to the amount then due thereon which the Debtor hereby agrees to accept.

The Secured Party may apply the cash proceeds actually received from any sale or other disposition to the reasonable expenses of retaking, holding, preparing for sale, selling, leasing and the like, to reasonable attorney's fees if this Security Agreement or any of the Obligations is referred to an attorney for enforcement, to all legal expenses, court costs, collection charges, travel and other expenses which may be incurred by the Secured Party in attempting to collect the Obligations or to enforce this Security Agreement and realize upon the Collateral, or in the prosecution or defense of any action or proceeding related to the subject matter of this Security Agreement; and then to the Obligations in such order and as to principal or interest as the Secured Party may desire; and the Debtor shall at all times be and remain liable and, after crediting the net proceeds of sale or other disposition as aforesaid, will pay the Secured Party on demand any deficiency remaining, including interest thereon and the balance of any expenses at any time unpaid, with any surplus to be paid to the Debtor, subject to any duty of the Secured Party imposed by law to the holder of any subordinate security interest in the Collateral known to the Secured Party.

The Debtor recognizes that the Secured Party may be unable to effect a public sale of all or a part of the Collateral, but may be compelled to resort to one or more private sales. The Debtor agrees that private sales so made may be at prices and other terms less favorable to the seller than sales were made at public sales, and that the Secured Party has no obligation to delay sale of all or any part of the Collateral. The Debtor agrees that private sales made under the foregoing circumstances shall be deemed to have been made in a commercially reasonable manner.

(b) *Secured Party deposits, balances, etc.* The Secured Party may appropriate, set off and apply for the payment of any or all of the Obligations, any and all balances, sums, property, claims, credits, deposits, accounts, reserves, collections, drafts, notes, or other items or proceeds of the Collateral in or coming into the possession of the Secured

Party or its agents and belonging or owing to the Debtor, without notice to the Debtor, and in such manner as the Secured Party may in its discretion determine.

(c) *Proceeds.* Any of the proceeds of the Collateral received by the Debtor shall not be commingled with other property of the Debtor, but shall be segregated, held by the Debtor in trust for the Secured Party as the exclusive property of the Secured Party, and the Debtor will immediately deliver to the Secured Party the identical checks, moneys or other proceeds of Collateral received, and the Secured Party shall have the right to endorse the name of the Debtor on any and all checks, or other forms of remittance received, where such endorsement is required to effect collection. The Debtor hereby designates, constitutes and appoints the Secured Party and any designee or agent of the Secured Party as attorney-in-fact of the Debtor, irrevocably and with power of substitution, with authority to receive, open and dispose of all mail addressed to the under signed, to notify the Post Office authorities to change the address for delivery of mail addressed to the Debtor, to such address as the Secured Party may designate; to endorse the name of the Debtor on any notes, acceptances, checks, drafts, money orders or other evidences of payment or proceeds of the Collateral that may come into the Secured Party's possession; to sign the name of the Debtor on any invoices, documents, drafts against account debtors of the Debtor, assignments, requests for verification of accounts and notices to debtors of the Debtor; to execute any endorsements, assignments, or other instruments of conveyance or transfer; and to do all other acts and things necessary and advisable in the sole discretion of the Secured Party to carry out and enforce this Security Agreement. All acts of said attorney or designee are hereby ratified and approved and said attorney or designee shall not be liable for any acts of commission or omission nor for any error of judgment or mistake of fact or law. This power of attorney being coupled with an interest is irrevocable while any of the Obligations shall remain unpaid.

7. *Liability disclaimer.* Under no circumstances whatsoever shall the Secured Party be deemed to assume any responsibility for or obligation or duty with respect to any part or all of the Collateral, of any nature or kind whatsoever, or any matter or proceedings arising out of or relating thereto. The Secured Party shall not be required to take any action of any kind to collect or protect any interest in the Collateral, including but not limited to any action necessary to preserve its or the Debtor's rights against prior parties to any of the Collateral. The Secured Party shall not be liable or responsible in any way for the safekeeping, care or custody of any of the Collateral, or for any loss or damage thereto, or for any diminution in the value thereof, or for any act or default of any agent or bailee of the Secured Party or the Debtor, or of any carrier, forwarding agency or other person whomsoever, or for the collection of any proceeds, but the same shall be at the Debtor's sole risk at all times. The Debtor hereby releases the Secured Party from any claims, causes of action and demands at any time arising out of or with respect to this Security Agreement or the Obligations, and any actions taken or omitted to be taken by the Secured Party with respect thereto, and the Debtor hereby agrees to hold the Secured Party harmless from and with respect to any and all such claims, causes of action and demands. The Secured Party's prior recourse to any part of all of the Collateral shall not constitute a condition of any demand for payment of the Obligations or of any suit or other proceeding for the collection of the Obligations.

8. *Nonwaiver.* No failure or delay on the part of the Secured Party in exercising any of its rights and remedies hereunder or otherwise shall constitute a waiver thereof, and no single or partial waiver by the Secured Party of any default or other right or remedy which it may have shall operate as a waiver of any other default, right or remedy or of the same default, right or remedy on a future occasion.

9. *Waivers by debtor.* The Debtor hereby waives presentment, notice of dishonor and protest of all instruments included in or evidencing any of the Obligations or the Collateral and any and all other notices and demands whatsoever (except as expressly provided herein) whether or not relating to such instruments. In the event of any litigation at any time arising with respect to any matter connected with this Security Agreement or the Obligations, the Debtor hereby waives the right to a trial by jury and the Debtor hereby waives any and all defenses, rights of setoff and rights to interpose counterclaims of any nature.

10. *Modification.* No provision hereof shall be modified, altered or limited except by an instrument expressly referring to this Security Agreement and to the provision so modified or limited, and executed by the party to be charged.

11. *Authorization.* The execution and delivery of this Security Agreement has been authorized by the Members and/or Manager(s) Boards of Directors of the Debtor and by any necessary vote or consent of Member(s) of the Debtor. The Debtor shall provide the Secured Party with certified copy of a proper resolution of the Member(s) and/or Managers of the Debtor, in a form reasonably acceptable to Secured Party.

12. *Binding effect.* This Security Agreement and all Obligations of the Debtor hereunder shall be binding upon the Debtor's successors and assigns and shall, together with the rights and remedies of the Secured Party hereunder, inure to the benefit of the Secured Party and its successors, endorsees and assigns.

13. *Headings.* Headings in this Agreement are only for convenience and shall not be used to interpret or construe its provisions.

14. *Governing law.* Any and all matters of dispute between the parties to this Agreement, whether arising from the agreement itself or arising from alleged extracontractual matters occurring prior to, during, or subsequent to the formation of the Agreement, including, without limitation, fraud, misrepresentation, negligence, or any other alleged tort or violation of the contract, shall be governed by, construed, and enforced in accordance with the laws of the state of Nevada, regardless of the legal theory upon which such matter is asserted.

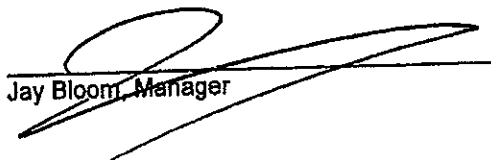
15. *Counterparts.* This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

16. *Severability.* If any term of this Security Agreement is held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, such determination shall not affect the validity of the remaining terms.

17. *Merger.* The parties intend this statement of their agreement to constitute the complete, exclusive, and fully integrated statement of their agreement with respect to this Security Agreement. The parties also intend that this complete, exclusive, and fully integrated statement of their agreement with respect to this Security Agreement. This Security Agreement may not be supplemented or explained (interpreted) by any evidence of trade usage or course of dealing.

In witness whereof the Parties have executed or caused this Security Agreement to be executed this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of September, 2017.

SJC Ventures, LLC.

By:   
Jay Bloom, Manager

CBC Partners I, LLC

BY: 

# EXHIBIT “F”

*Heather S. Smith*  
CLERK OF THE COURT

FFCL

DISTRICT COURT  
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

TGC/FARKAS FUNDING, LLC,  
Plaintiff/Judgment Creditor,

vs.

FIRST 100, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability  
Company; FIRST ONE HUNDRED  
HOLDINGS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability  
company aka 1<sup>st</sup> ONE HUNDRED HOLDINGS  
LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company,

Defendants/ Judgment Debtors.

CASE NO. A-20-822273-C  
DEPT. 13

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF  
LAW, & ORDER RE EVIDENTIARY  
HEARING

Hearing Date: March 3 and 10, 2021

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW & ORDER

INTRODUCTION

The above-captioned matter has involved motion practice regarding several items: 1) the December 18, 2020 order to show cause why Defendants/Judgment Debtors, First 100, LLC (“First 100”) and First One Hundred Holdings aka 1st One Hundred Holdings LLC (“1<sup>st</sup> 100,” and together with First 100, “Defendants”) and Jay Bloom (“Bloom”) should not be found in contempt of court (the “OSC”) for their failures to comply with the Order Confirming Arbitration Award, Denying Countermotion to Modify, and Judgment entered November 17, 2020 (the “Order”), 2) the January 19, 2021 motion to enforce settlement and vacate post-judgment discovery proceedings filed by Defendants (the “Motion to Enforce”), which was denied without prejudice pending the resolution of outstanding questions of fact following the evidentiary hearing, 3) the January 26, 2021 countermotion for sanctions (“Countermotion for Sanctions”) filed by Plaintiff/Judgment Creditor TGC/Farkas Funding, LLC (“Plaintiff”) in conjunction with its opposition to the Motion to Enforce, which was denied without prejudice pending the evidentiary hearing, and 4) the February 19, 2021 motion for sanctions filed by Plaintiff in conjunction with Plaintiff’s motion to compel that was reserved for resolution following the evidentiary hearing (the “Motion for Sanctions”). The Court held the evidentiary



1 hearing on March 3, 2021 and March 10, 2021 (the “hearing”) to resolve the Claims. Erika Pike  
2 Turner, Esq. of the law firm of Garman Turner Gordon LLP (“GTG”) appeared on behalf of  
3 Plaintiff, Joseph Gutierrez, Esq. (“Gutierrez”) of the law firm of Maier Gutierrez & Associates  
4 (“MGA”) appeared on behalf of Defendants and Bloom, and evidence was presented by the  
5 parties through exhibits and testimony. Based thereon, the Court finds and concludes, as follows:

### 6 FINDINGS OF FACT

7 1. In 2013, Plaintiff was formed for the purpose of facilitating an investment in  
8 Defendants consisting of \$1 million from 50% member TGC 100 Investor, LLC, managed by  
9 Adam Flatto (“Flatto”), and services (aka sweat equity) from 50% member Matthew Farkas  
10 (“Farkas”).<sup>1</sup> In exchange for Plaintiff’s contributions, Plaintiff received a 3% membership  
11 interest in Defendants.<sup>2</sup>

12 2. Defendants are affiliated Nevada limited liability companies governed by nearly  
13 identical operating agreements.<sup>3</sup> At the hearing, Bloom identified himself as a “director” of  
14 Defendants who “participated in the management.”<sup>4</sup> The Secretary of State documents filed by  
15 Bloom on behalf of Defendants do not identify any “directors.”<sup>5</sup> Defendants’ operating  
16 agreements and the Secretary of State records show that since formation, both Defendants have  
17 been single manager-managed with SJ Ventures Holding Company, LLC (“SJV”) appointed the  
18 sole manager with Bloom as the sole manager of SJV.<sup>6</sup>

19 3. The business of Defendants was to acquire HOA liens and then acquire the  
20 underlying properties at foreclosure.<sup>7</sup> Defendants’ active business concluded in 2016, except for  
21 attempts to monetize a judgment obtained in favor of Defendants against Raymond Ngan and his

22 <sup>1</sup> Exhibit 20, PLTF\_154, 170.

23 <sup>2</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTF\_006.

24 <sup>3</sup> Exhibits 7 and 8; Hearing Transcript of Testimony, March 3, 2021 (“3/3 Trans.”), 8:10-16.

25 <sup>4</sup> 3/3 Trans., 160:3-7.

26 <sup>5</sup> Exhibits 25-26.

27 <sup>6</sup> Exhibit 7, §§ 1.19 (designating SJV as Manager); 6.1 (Management by Manager) and PTF\_055; Exhibit 8, §§ 1.19  
(designating SJV as Manager); 6.1 (Management by Manager) and PTF\_082; see also 3/3 Trans., 221:18-23.

28 <sup>7</sup> 3/3 Trans., 159:23-160:2.

1 affiliated entities in 2017 (the “Ngan Judgment”). As Plaintiff did not receive any accounting to  
2 show what happened to Defendants’ business or its assets and had questions, on May 2, 2017,  
3 Plaintiff made a written demand for the books and records of Defendants pursuant to the terms of  
4 Defendants’ operating agreements and NRS 86.241.<sup>8</sup> Defendants did not provide any documents  
5 in response to Plaintiff’s demand, resulting in Plaintiff filing an arbitration demand under a  
6 provision of Defendants’ operating agreements requiring that such matters be determined through  
7 arbitration with the party bringing the matter required to pay all the upfront costs of the  
8 arbitration, subject to reimbursement in the event said party prevailed.<sup>9</sup>

9 4. On September 15, 2020, a 3-arbitrator panel entered a “Decision and AWARD of  
10 Arbitration Panel (1) Compelling Production of Company Records; and Ordering  
11 Reimbursement of [Plaintiff’s] Attorneys’ Fees and Costs” (the “Arb. Award”).<sup>10</sup> The Arb.  
12 Award cited the May 2, 2017 demand as the “initial request for company records that is the  
13 subject of the arbitration demand filed by Plaintiff,” and found that Defendants’ response to that  
14 May 2, 2017 demand was the “first in a long and bad faith effort by [Defendants] to avoid their  
15 statutory and contractual duties to a member to produce requested records.”<sup>11</sup>

16 5. After moving to Las Vegas in 2013, Farkas (Bloom’s brother-in-law)<sup>12</sup> started  
17 working with Bloom on behalf of Defendants and was provided a title of Vice President of  
18 Finance and the primary role of raising capital for Defendants consistent with his background  
19 experience on Wall Street (investment banker, operating a hedge fund, buying and selling  
20 securities).<sup>13</sup> Farkas left his employment with Defendants in the summer of 2016, and thereafter  
21 had very little involvement with Defendants’ operations.<sup>14</sup> During the course of Plaintiff’s efforts

22 <sup>8</sup> Exhibit 1.

23 <sup>9</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTG\_006; Exhibits 7 and 8, § 13.9 (any dispute arising out of or relating to the Operating Agreements  
24 “shall solely be settled by arbitration”).

25 <sup>10</sup> Exhibits 2 and II.

26 <sup>11</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTF\_006.

27 <sup>12</sup> 3/3 Trans., 123:2-13.

28 <sup>13</sup> *Id.*, 84:15- 85:5, 15-21, 89:3-5, 123:14-23.

<sup>14</sup> *Id.*, 124:1-125:21, 141:10-15, 152:6-24.

1 to obtain books and records Bloom has requested and Farkas has signed a series of documents  
2 purporting to bind Plaintiff to its detriment and then argued for enforcement of those documents  
3 based on the fact a signature of Farkas is affixed. This was done despite Plaintiff's affirmative  
4 notice that Farkas did not have authority to bind Plaintiff without Flatto's consent delivered on  
5 July 13, 2017, to Defendants and MGA, as counsel for Defendants, as well as the registered  
6 agent for Defendants,<sup>15</sup> which notice attached a prior notice to Defendants emailed on April 18,  
7 2017, and explained to Defendants that Farkas is not the Plaintiff's manager and Farkas does not  
8 have the authority to bind Plaintiff.<sup>16</sup>

9         6.       The Arb. Award conclusively resolved Defendants' multiple arguments that they  
10 were not required to produce the records, including Defendants' argument that Farkas had signed  
11 a form of redemption agreement that released Defendants from any responsibility to make  
12 company records available to Plaintiff.<sup>17</sup> The redemption agreement was deemed irrelevant by  
13 the arbitrators, as Farkas did not have the authority to bind Plaintiff without the consent of Flatto,  
14 as well as there being a lack of performance by Defendants.<sup>18</sup>

15         7.       The Arb. Award granted relief in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants "in all  
16 respects" on the claim for books and records of Defendants arising from Defendants' operating  
17 agreements and NRS 86.241<sup>19</sup> and ordered Defendants to "forthwith, but no later than ten (10)  
18 calendar days from the date of this AWARD, make all the requested documents and information  
19 available from both companies to [Plaintiff] for inspection and copying."<sup>20</sup> Fees and costs were  
20 awarded Plaintiff.<sup>21</sup> The Arb. Award further provided that the "Award is in full settlement of all  
21 claims submitted to this arbitration. All claims not expressly granted herein are hereby

22  
23 <sup>15</sup> Exhibit 26, PLTF\_218, and Exhibit 27, PLTF\_235.

24 <sup>16</sup> Exhibit 22.

25 <sup>17</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTF\_007.

26 <sup>18</sup> *Id.*

27 <sup>19</sup> *See* Exhibit 1, PLTF\_002.

28 <sup>20</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTF\_009.

<sup>21</sup> *Id.*

1 denied.”<sup>22</sup>

2 8. Plaintiff commenced this case for the purpose of confirming the Arb. Award. In  
3 response to Plaintiff’s motion to confirm Arb. Award, Defendants filed a countermotion to  
4 modify the Arb. Award and provide for the imposition of expenses to be paid by Plaintiff as a  
5 condition of Defendants furnishing the books and records. Attached to Defendants’  
6 countermotion was Bloom’s declaration contending that Defendants had no funds or employees,  
7 and the only way for Defendants to obtain and furnish the records in compliance with the Arb.  
8 Award would be to have the Court order Plaintiff to first pay expenses.<sup>23</sup> Defendants had an  
9 obligation to arbitrate its request for Plaintiff to pay expenses associated with the production of  
10 the books and records under the arbitration provision of their operating agreements.<sup>24</sup> The Court  
11 analyzed Defendants’ attempt to alter the merits of the Arb. Award to award Defendants’ relief  
12 that was absent from the Arb. Award, and denied the countermotion to modify the Arb. Award as  
13 part of the Order.<sup>25</sup>

14 9. The Order was entered November 17, 2020, constituting a final, appealable  
15 judgment. No appeal was filed by Defendants. On December 18, 2020, the OSC was filed upon  
16 Plaintiff’s application citing no compliance or communicated intention to comply with the Order.  
17 The OSC scheduled a hearing for January 21, 2021.<sup>26</sup> The OSC was served on MGA on  
18 December 18, 2020; in addition, Bloom was personally served with the OSC on December 22,  
19 2020.<sup>27</sup> On December 21, 2020, notices of judgment debtor examinations for each of  
20 Defendants and post-judgment discovery were served on MGA.<sup>28</sup> Bloom was also personally  
21

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22 <sup>22</sup> *Id.*

23 <sup>23</sup> Exhibit 3.

24 <sup>24</sup> Exhibits 7 and 8, § 13.9.

25 <sup>25</sup> Exhibit 4, PLTF\_019, ll. 15-27.

26 <sup>26</sup> Exhibit 5.

27 <sup>27</sup> See OSC Certificate of Service (MGA served through Odyssey e-service); Declaration of Service of the OSC on Bloom, filed December 30, 2020.

28 <sup>28</sup> See the December 21, 2020 Notice of Entry of Order for Judgment Debtor Examinations.

1 served with post-judgment discovery under NRCP 69(2) on December 29, 2020.<sup>29</sup>

2 10. On January 19, 2021, Defendants filed the Motion to Enforce on an order  
3 shortening time, arguing that a written settlement agreement dated January 6, 2021 (the  
4 “Settlement Agreement”) executed by Farkas, purportedly on behalf of Plaintiff, and by Bloom,  
5 on behalf of Defendants, mooted the OSC hearing and post-judgment discovery because it  
6 provides for immediate dismissal of the Order, the underlying Arb. Award and other motions  
7 pending in this case, with prejudice. In opposition to the Motion to Enforce, Plaintiff argued that  
8 the Settlement Agreement is not valid and enforceable for multiple reasons, including that it was  
9 executed by Farkas without Flatto’s knowledge or consent and therefore could not bind Plaintiff,  
10 and that the circumstances surrounding the Settlement Agreement, including those underlying the  
11 Motion to Compel, are further evidence of Defendants’ and Bloom’s contempt of this Court’s  
12 Order, warranting sanctions against Defendants and Bloom.

13 11. Defendants’ and Bloom’s response to the OSC filed January 20, 2021  
14 incorporated the Motion to Enforce and reiterated the previously denied argument that no  
15 production of books and records should be required until Plaintiff first pays demanded expenses  
16 associated with the production. Bloom also argued immunity from penalties for contempt as a  
17 non-party to the Order.

18 12. The purported Settlement Agreement expressly provides that upon execution of the  
19 Settlement Agreement, Plaintiff “will file a dismissal with prejudice of the current actions  
20 related to this matter, including the arbitration award and all relation [sic] motions and actions  
21 pending in the District Court.”<sup>30</sup> In exchange, Defendants agreed to pay Plaintiff \$1 million, plus  
22 6% per annum since the date of investment, but contingent on its collection of proceeds from a  
23 sale of the Ngan Judgment.<sup>31</sup> Defendants’ Motion to Enforce seeks specific performance of  
24 Plaintiff’s obligation under the Settlement Agreement to effectuate dismissal of this case, with  
25 prejudice.

26 <sup>29</sup> See the Declarations of Service of Subpoena on Bloom, filed January 5 and January 7, 2021.

27 <sup>30</sup> Exhibit 13, PLTF\_106.

28 <sup>31</sup> *Id.*



1           13.     On the evening of January 14, 2021, Raffi Nahabedian, Esq. (“Nahabedian”)  
2 made the first mention of a settlement to Plaintiff in connection with his demand for substitution  
3 of counsel for Plaintiff in the case,<sup>32</sup> and by the next day, January 15, 2021, even before the  
4 Settlement Agreement was disclosed to Plaintiff, Plaintiff immediately sent notice of repudiation  
5 to Defendants through its counsel of record, GTG.<sup>33</sup> On January 19, 2021, the Motion to Enforce  
6 was filed, attaching the Settlement Agreement- the first time that the Settlement Agreement was  
7 provided Plaintiff after its execution.<sup>34</sup> On January 26, 2021, Plaintiff filed an Opposition to the  
8 Motion to Enforce, reiterating its repudiation upon the declarations of both Flatto and Farkas.<sup>35</sup>

9           14.     From the January 7, 2021 execution of the Settlement Agreement through the  
10 time of Plaintiff’s repudiation (and continuing to the date of the hearing), Defendants did not  
11 ever pay, or make any attempt to tender payment to Plaintiff in performance of its obligations  
12 under the Settlement Agreement.<sup>36</sup> To the contrary, the only evidence of Defendants’  
13 performance pursuant to the Settlement Agreement was Bloom’s efforts in conjunction with his  
14 counsel to secure dismissal of the Order and underlying Arb. Award to Plaintiff’s detriment.<sup>37</sup>

15           15.     Farkas, as the purported agent, testified clearly that he did not believe he had  
16 authority to enter into the Settlement Agreement (or that he was signing a Settlement Agreement  
17 on behalf of Plaintiff), and that Bloom understood that.<sup>38</sup>

18           16.     Under the operating agreement for Plaintiff dated October 21, 2013, Farkas was  
19 designated the “Administrative Member” with authority to bind Plaintiff, but only “after  
20 consultation with, and upon the consent of, all Members [to wit: Flatto for TGC Investor].”<sup>39</sup>  
21 Farkas testified that once Farkas left his employment with Defendants, he effectively stepped out

22 <sup>32</sup> Exhibit 11, PLTF\_097.

23 <sup>33</sup> Exhibit 25.

24 <sup>34</sup> See Exhibit 38, PLTF\_405 (Nahabedian’s email).

25 <sup>35</sup> Exhibits FF and J.

26 <sup>36</sup> 3/3 Trans., 71:14-72:3, 138:19-21, 140:7-141:15, 215:15-18, 216:2-4, 18-21, 217:3-13.

27 <sup>37</sup> See, e.g., Exhibit 28.

28 <sup>38</sup> Exhibit FF, ¶ 17, 3/3 Trans., 118:19-119:2, 128:18-131:4, 154:13-15.

<sup>39</sup> Exhibit 20, §§ 3.4(a), 4.1(c).

1 of a management role with Plaintiff and left everything to Flatto and counsel, whether or not that  
2 was reflected in a formal amendment to Plaintiff's operating agreement.<sup>40</sup> Further, whether  
3 Defendants could rely on the signature of Farkas alone to bind Plaintiff was specifically  
4 addressed in multiple communications to Defendants. First, there was the April 18, 2017  
5 email,<sup>41</sup> then the July 13, 2017 letter<sup>42</sup> (attaching the April 18, 2017 email and further stating  
6 "Farkas is not the manager." "Farkas does not have the authority to bind [Plaintiff]"), and then  
7 there was the Arb. Award's conclusion that a document executed by Farkas was irrelevant  
8 without the consent of Flatto as Farkas' signature alone did not bind Plaintiff.<sup>43</sup>

9 17. Following the entry of the Arb. Award, on September 17, 2020, Farkas delivered  
10 his written consent to an amended operating agreement governing Plaintiff, which amendment  
11 provides that TGC 100 managed by Flatto had "full, exclusive, and complete discretion, power  
12 and authority" . . . "to manage, control, administer and operate the business and affairs of the  
13 [Plaintiff]."<sup>44</sup> Pursuant to the amendment, Farkas was expressly prevented from taking *any*  
14 action on behalf of Plaintiff, and Flatto had exclusive authority to bind Plaintiff. The purpose of  
15 the amendment was to alleviate pressure on Farkas as a result of his feeling uncomfortable being  
16 adverse to his brother-in-law, Bloom.<sup>45</sup>

17 18. The circumstances surrounding how the Settlement Agreement was prepared and  
18 executed are also relevant. The Settlement Agreement was drafted by Bloom<sup>46</sup> and executed by  
19 Bloom, as manager of Defendants.<sup>47</sup> It is dated January 6, 2021 but was executed by Farkas on  
20 January 7, 2021 at the same time that Farkas executed other documents sent by Bloom to a UPS

21  
22 <sup>40</sup> 3/3 Trans., 108:5-17.

23 <sup>41</sup> Exhibit 21.

24 <sup>42</sup> Exhibit 22, PLTF\_, 179, 190.

25 <sup>43</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTF\_007

26 <sup>44</sup> Exhibit 23.

27 <sup>45</sup> 3/3 Trans., 67:16-68:23; 131:7-13.

28 <sup>46</sup> Id., 193:25-194:2.

<sup>47</sup> Exhibit 13, PLTF\_108.

1 store for Farkas' signing and return.<sup>48</sup> Farkas did not know he was signing a Settlement  
2 Agreement when he signed it,<sup>49</sup> and there is no evidence he intended to bind Plaintiff to anything  
3 when he executed the documents. Notwithstanding the express terms of the Settlement  
4 Agreement providing that the signatories were duly authorized,<sup>50</sup> Farkas did not read that  
5 provision (or any provision)<sup>51</sup> and testified he never otherwise represented to Bloom or anyone  
6 else that he had authority to enter into the Settlement Agreement on behalf of Plaintiff.<sup>52</sup> Farkas  
7 testified he did not negotiate the terms of the Settlement Agreement with Bloom, which is  
8 corroborated by the lack of evidence of any back and forth on terms prior to the agreement being  
9 finalized by Bloom.<sup>53</sup> There is no evidence Bloom provided Farkas a copy of the Settlement  
10 Agreement for Farkas, Flatto or counsel's review prior to sending it to the UPS store with other  
11 documents to be signed.<sup>54</sup> Farkas testified he believed that the documents he signed at the UPS  
12 store related to resolution of a threatened claim against him by Defendants in connection with his  
13 prior employment and included the retention of personal counsel for him.<sup>55</sup> This testimony was  
14 corroborated by Nahabedian's January 14, 2021 correspondence referencing a threat of adverse  
15 action against Farkas from Defendants<sup>56</sup> and the fact that a form of Release between Farkas and  
16 Defendants was executed at the same time as the Settlement Agreement.<sup>57</sup>

17 19. Flatto was clear in his testimony at the hearing that he understood his consent was  
18 required for all decisions made by Plaintiff and he did not hold Farkas out as having authority to  
19 bind Plaintiff without his consent,<sup>58</sup> particularly after Plaintiff made its May 2, 2017 demand for

20 <sup>48</sup> See, e.g., 3/3 Trans., 137:16-24.

21 <sup>49</sup> Exhibit FF, ¶ 16. See 3/3 Trans., 100:15-101-4, 102:14-20, 104:2-5, 115:11-21, 119:9-15, 137:16-24, 156:13-18.

22 <sup>50</sup> Exhibit 13, PLTF\_107, § 14.

23 <sup>51</sup> 3/3 Trans., 103:22, 118:3-9, 119:4-7.

24 <sup>52</sup> *Id.*, 136:16-19.

25 <sup>53</sup> 3/3 Trans., 137:1-8, 13-15.

26 <sup>54</sup> *Id.*, 211:17-25; 213:15-23.

27 <sup>55</sup> See 3/3 Trans., 100:15-101-4, 102:14-20, 104:2-5, 115:11-21, 119:9-15, 137: 16-24, 143:21-25, 156:13-18.

28 <sup>56</sup> Exhibit 11, PLTF\_097.

<sup>57</sup> Exhibit 28, PLTF\_247-253; *see also* Exhibit 16 (text from Bloom threatening adverse action).

<sup>58</sup> 3/3 Trans., 35:23-36:20, 69:1-70:5.



1 books and records. This is corroborated by the 2017 communications to Defendants, his  
2 declaration in the arbitration, the Arb. Award, and the September 2020 amendment to Plaintiff's  
3 operating agreement.<sup>59</sup> Given the communications from Plaintiff in 2017, the Arb. Award, and  
4 no communications to the contrary subsequent to the Arb. Award from Flatto to Defendants, the  
5 Court concludes it was unreasonable for Defendants to believe any agreement entered into with  
6 Plaintiff without Flatto's consent would be valid and enforceable.

7 20. The circumstances surrounding the execution and attempts to enforce the  
8 Settlement Agreement, known to Defendants, further demonstrate that Farkas did not have  
9 apparent authority to bind Plaintiff to the terms of the agreement, which circumstances were  
10 actively concealed from Plaintiff and its counsel of record until the Motion to Compel was  
11 granted and records were produced by Nahabedian. Bloom did not act in good faith in his  
12 dealings with Plaintiff, nor did he give heed to any of the opposing restrictions brought to his  
13 notice.

14 It was revealed from Nahabedian's records:

- 15 • On January 4, 2021, Bloom contacted Nahabedian, Bloom's personal counsel on  
16 another matter,<sup>60</sup> via phone to discuss Nahabedian representing Plaintiff.<sup>61</sup> Within  
17 minutes of hanging up the phone, Nahabedian emailed Bloom an attorney retainer  
18 agreement for Farkas to execute *on behalf of Plaintiff* for Nahabedian to  
19 represent Plaintiff in this case.<sup>62</sup> Farkas was never advised Nahabedian was being  
20 hired to be Plaintiff's lawyer and he thought Nahabedian was going to be his  
21 personal counsel.<sup>63</sup> Farkas did not understand that Nahabedian was Bloom's

22 <sup>59</sup> Exhibits 2, 21-23, E, ¶ 5; 3/3 Trans. 59:23-60:20.

23 <sup>60</sup> See *Nevada Speedway v. Bloom, et al.*, Case No. A-20-809882-B of the Eighth Jud. Dist. Court (showing  
24 Nahabedian represented Bloom in the relevant January 2021 time period), 3/3 Trans., 13-15; 3/10 Trans., 45:11-19.  
25 Nahabedian was also former counsel for Defendants. 3/10 Trans., 20-22. Further, MGA is Nahabedian's personal  
counsel. 3/10 Trans., 45:23-46:1.

26 <sup>61</sup> Exhibit 30; 3/10 Trans., 48:6-21.

27 <sup>62</sup> Exhibit 28, PLTF\_240-244.

28 <sup>63</sup> 3/3 Trans., 149:25-150:7.

1 personal counsel.<sup>64</sup> Bloom was even planning to advance the retainer to  
2 Nahabedian (although Nahabedian did not charge one notwithstanding his  
3 attorney retainer agreement provides its payment is a condition of his  
4 employment).<sup>65</sup>

- 5 • On January 7, 2021, at 1:58 pm, Bloom emailed the following documents  
6 (collectively, the “Bloom Documents”) to a UPS store near Farkas’ home: 1) the  
7 Settlement Agreement, 2) the Nahabedian attorney retainer agreement, 3) a letter,  
8 dated January 6, 2021, directed to Plaintiff’s counsel, GTG, with Farkas  
9 purporting to terminate them,<sup>66</sup> and 4) a Release, Hold Harmless and  
10 Indemnification Agreement (“Release”). Together with the attached Bloom  
11 Documents, Bloom emailed directions to the UPS store that Farkas would be in,  
12 they should print one copy of each of the four documents, and once Farkas signs  
13 them, they should scan the signed documents, email than back to Bloom, and mail  
14 the hard copies to Bloom.<sup>67</sup> The Bloom Documents were *not* emailed or otherwise  
15 delivered to Farkas (let alone Flatto or GTG) at any time, before or  
16 after the UPS store was emailed the Bloom Documents, despite that Bloom knew  
17 Farkas’ email address.<sup>68</sup>
- 18 • On January 7, 2021, at 2:40 pm (less than 45 minutes after they were first sent by  
19 Bloom), the UPS Store emailed Bloom a copy of the scanned, signed Bloom  
20 Documents.<sup>69</sup> On January 7, 2021, at 2:48 pm, Bloom forwarded the executed  
21 Bloom Documents to MGA attorneys Gutierrez and Jason Maier, Esq. (“Maier”),  
22 and Nahabedian via email with an exclamation “Here you go!” and follow-up

23 <sup>64</sup> 3/3 Trans., 150:25-151:1; 3/10 Trans., 48:6-49:2.

24 <sup>65</sup> 3/10 Trans., 35:5-16

25 <sup>66</sup> The letter was not written by Farkas, and he did not review or approve of its contents. 3/3 Trans., 148:25-149:24.

26 <sup>67</sup> Exhibit 28, PLTF\_245.

27 <sup>68</sup> See Exhibit 17, PLTF\_123.

28 <sup>69</sup> Exhibit 28, PLTF\_245-261.

1 instructions to “get the Substitution of Attorney and Stip to Dismiss filed *for*  
2 *[Plaintiff]* and put this to bed in the next day or two...”<sup>70</sup> Bloom was directing  
3 action on behalf of both Defendants and Plaintiff to effectuate dismissal of the  
4 case, despite that he and Defendants were adverse to Plaintiff.

- 5 • On January 8, 2021, Nahabedian informed Bloom and Gutierrez that he needed a  
6 substitution of counsel to be executed by Farkas and GTG so that he could  
7 effectuate the dismissal, and Bloom explained that getting Farkas to “sign stuff is  
8 a pain in the ass.”<sup>71</sup> The next day, Bloom explained to Nahabedian and Gutierrez  
9 (together with other MGA attorneys Maier and Danielle Barraza) that his  
10 intention was to “put in front of [Farkas]” further documents “for a second set of  
11 signatures.” Bloom followed, “I’ll have [Farkas] sign everything tomorrow.”<sup>72</sup>
- 12 • Nahabedian started to question Farkas’ authority to bind Plaintiff, but only to  
13 Bloom and MGA.<sup>73</sup> Notwithstanding that Nahabedian had still not had any email,  
14 text or one-on-one communication with Farkas in order to confirm his authority,<sup>74</sup>  
15 on January 14, 2021, Nahabedian sent correspondence to GTG as counsel for  
16 Plaintiff,<sup>75</sup> representing that he was hired to replace GTG. This correspondence  
17 was the first time it was disclosed to Plaintiff that there was an executed settlement  
18 agreement,<sup>76</sup> although the agreement was not attached to Nahabedian’s  
19 correspondence. Farkas did not participate in the drafting of Nahabedian’s  
20 January 14, 2021 correspondence, and he did not approve it before it was sent.<sup>77</sup>  
21 The correspondence was drafted by Maier (Defendants and Bloom’s counsel in

22 <sup>70</sup> *Id.* at PLTF\_245 (emphasis added).

23 <sup>71</sup> *Id.* at PLTF\_266.

24 <sup>72</sup> *Id.* at PLTF\_278.

25 <sup>73</sup> *Id.* at PLTF\_281, 284, 288.

26 <sup>74</sup> Exhibits 28-30; 3/10 Trans., 85:1-9.

27 <sup>75</sup> Exhibit 11.

28 <sup>76</sup> *Id.* at PLTF-097.

<sup>77</sup> 3/3 Trans., 144:22-148:24.

1 this case), revised by Nahabedian (Bloom's counsel in another matter purporting  
2 to be acting on behalf of Plaintiff), and then approved by Bloom and Gutierrez  
3 (also Defendants and Bloom's counsel) before it was sent.<sup>78</sup>

4 21. Farkas and Flatto were conspicuously absent from any communications with  
5 Nahabedian for the purpose of effectuating dismissal of the case pursuant to the Settlement  
6 Agreement's terms or confirming authority to bind Plaintiff. Confronted at the hearing with the  
7 fact that Nahabedian did not communicate with Plaintiff's representative, but communicated  
8 with Plaintiff's adversaries, MGA and Bloom, relating to his purported representation of  
9 Plaintiff, Nahabedian testified that he took direction from Bloom because Bloom was Farkas'  
10 brother-in-law and his "conduit."<sup>79</sup> This exemplifies the lack of apparent authority from  
11 Plaintiff. At all relevant times, Bloom and his companies, Defendants, were adverse to Plaintiff  
12 with pending contempt proceedings against them, and under no circumstances should he have  
13 been directing Plaintiff's counsel without any member of Plaintiff's participation.

14 22. Although there is dispute between Farkas and Bloom regarding when Bloom was  
15 specifically informed that Farkas was removed from having *any* management interest in  
16 Plaintiff in September 2020,<sup>80</sup> Bloom and Nahabedian both knew that Farkas had officially  
17 resigned his management position in September 2020 by at least the time the Motion to Enforce  
18 was filed.<sup>81</sup> Despite learning of the restriction on Farkas' authority, Bloom and his counsel<sup>82</sup>  
19 were unfazed and moved forward on their enforcement efforts.

20 23. Bloom's refusal to recognize inconvenient limitations on Farkas' authority was  
21 shown to be pervasive and reckless. Given the arbitrators' expressly stated determination that

22 <sup>78</sup> PLTF\_311, 316-317, 318, 323, 328-332.

23 <sup>79</sup> 3/10 Trans., 51:17-20.

24 <sup>80</sup> Exhibit FF, ¶¶ 8, 17, 3/3 Trans., 136:12-21, 198:2-21, 212:21-22; Exhibit 15, ¶¶ 19-21. At the Hearing, Bloom  
25 testified that the January 9-11 time subject of his sworn declaration submitted to the Court in support of the Reply in  
26 support of the Motion to Enforce was qualified by "on or about" because the dates were not certain; however, the  
27 timing of January 9-11 are actually consistent with the timing that Nahabedian started inquiring about Farkas'  
28 authority. Exhibit 28, PLTF\_281.

<sup>81</sup> Exhibit 15, ¶¶ 19-21; Exhibit 28, PLTF\_366.

<sup>82</sup> Maier is the only declarant in the Motion to Enforce.

1 Flatto's consent was required to bind Plaintiff (before the September 2020 amendment was  
2 entered), the Court finds that no reasonably intelligent person with knowledge of that Arb.  
3 Award would once again attempt to enforce an agreement without Flatto's consent. In the  
4 hearing, Bloom testified he did not heed the Arb. Award because the evidence relied upon by the  
5 arbitrators in the arbitration hearing, to wit: a declaration provided by Farkas, was false.<sup>83</sup>  
6 Farkas testified unequivocally in rebuttal at the hearing that the contents of the declaration  
7 submitted to the arbitrators was reviewed by him, approved, and the contents were truthful.<sup>84</sup>  
8 Farkas' testimony, as well as the arbitrator's decision, is corroborated by the other documents in  
9 evidence, and the Court finds there is no support for Bloom's allegation of perjury.<sup>85</sup>

10 24. Not only did Bloom disregard the Arb. Award, but also the basis for the Arb.  
11 Award, including the April 18, 2017 email to Defendants providing notice that Farkas cannot  
12 bind Plaintiff without Flatto's consent in addition to the declarations of Flatto and Farkas.<sup>86</sup>  
13 Further, on July 13, 2017, Plaintiff also sent written correspondence to MGA<sup>87</sup> representing  
14 Farkas is "not the manager" of Plaintiff and that "Farkas does not have the authority to bind  
15 [Plaintiff]."<sup>88</sup> Bloom did not heed any of the notices of Farkas' restricted authority to bind  
16 Plaintiff.

17 25. In the Motion to Enforce, Maier testified<sup>89</sup> that Farkas had authority based on  
18 Plaintiff's engagement letter with GTG, which Farkas executed as a member of Plaintiff "and  
19

20 <sup>83</sup> 3/3 Trans., 201:1-6; *see also* 200:10-20 (disregarding notices of restricted authority of Farkas), 203:2-11 (limiting  
the holding to the authority to execute the redemption agreement without limitation of a settlement agreement).

21 <sup>84</sup> 3/10 Trans., 87:25-88:14.

22 <sup>85</sup> *See, e.g.*, Exhibit 21-22 (the 2017 communications to Defendants) and Exhibit A, FIRST0031-32 (the redemption  
agreement including Farkas' signature as "VP Finance"- the title he had with Defendants, and no reference to  
Plaintiff).

23 <sup>86</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTF\_007.

24 <sup>87</sup> At the Hearing, Defendants argued that no notice was effective without being sent certified mail pursuant to the  
Subscription Agreement. However, MGA has been counsel for Defendants even since before the subject disputes  
25 arose in May 2017, and MGA was the registered agent for Defendants in July 2017 when the letter was sent.  
Exhibit 26, PLTF\_218.; Exhibit 27, PLTF\_235.

26 <sup>88</sup> Exhibit 22.

27 <sup>89</sup> Motion to Enforce, 3:1-6.



1 also interlineated a restriction of no litigation against First 100.” Flatto executed the engagement  
2 letter along with Farkas as a “member,”<sup>90</sup> and the interlineation on the engagement letter was  
3 made by Flatto’s lawyer and not Farkas, and the interlineation did not restrict litigation, only  
4 served to place a cap on fees except to the extent the scope expanded to include litigation.<sup>91</sup>

5 26. In addition, Maier testified in support of the Motion to Enforce<sup>92</sup> that Plaintiff’s  
6 operating agreement provided the apparent authority for Farkas to bind Plaintiff to the terms of  
7 the Settlement Agreement. Section 3.4 of the operating agreement, which was in effect prior to  
8 September 2020, provides that the Administrative Member (Farkas) could not act without first  
9 obtaining the consent of the other members (Flatto).<sup>93</sup> At Section 4.4, it provides that persons  
10 dealing with Plaintiff are entitled to rely conclusively upon the power and authority of the  
11 Administrative Member (Farkas until September 2020).<sup>94</sup> However, by the time of the Motion  
12 to Enforce, Defendants and Bloom had received notice of the amendment executed in  
13 September 2020 that changed the Administrative Member to Flatto and Flatto was the only  
14 person with authority to bind Plaintiff subsequent to that date.<sup>95</sup> In addition, the entry of the  
15 Arb. Award and 2017 communications providing notice of a restriction on Farkas’ authority  
16 post-dated the operating agreement, negating Defendants’ ability to conclusively rely upon  
17 Farkas’ signature as binding authority under Section 4.4.

18 27. Finally, there was a lack of good faith in Bloom’s dealings with his brother-in-law  
19 in order to obtain the signed Bloom Documents with haste and in intentional disregard of the  
20 restrictions set forth in the Arb. Award, the April 13, 2017 email and July 13, 2017 letter. At a  
21 minimum, Bloom was placed on notice that Plaintiff would dispute any document signed by  
22 Farkas without Flatto’s knowledge and consent. Further, given that the Bloom Documents were

23 <sup>90</sup> Exhibit 28, PLTF\_299-300.

24 <sup>91</sup> 3/3 Trans., 33:1-19; Exhibit 28, PLTF\_298.

25 <sup>92</sup> Motion to Enforce, 3:6-11.

26 <sup>93</sup> Exhibit 20, PLTF\_159.

27 <sup>94</sup> *Id.* at Exhibit 20, PLTF\_162.

28 <sup>95</sup> *See* fn. 81 above.

1 sent by Bloom to the UPS store for execution and they were returned by the UPS Store in less  
2 than an hour signed by Farkas, it was not reasonable for Bloom to believe that that was  
3 sufficient time for Farkas to review them, understand what he was signing, somehow  
4 communicate the matters to Flatto, receive the benefit of counsel regarding the terms, and  
5 receive Flatto's consent.

6 28. Under all the circumstances, the Court finds it was unreasonable for Bloom to  
7 ignore the notices of the restrictions that Farkas did not have authority to bind Plaintiff without  
8 Flatto's consent, and the Court thus concludes that there was a lack of apparent authority for  
9 Farkas to bind Plaintiff to the Settlement Agreement.

10 29. The Settlement Agreement expressly provides that, in exchange for dismissal, if  
11 Defendants sell the Ngan Judgment, Defendants will pay Plaintiff \$1,000,000.00, plus 6%  
12 interest.<sup>96</sup> There is no evidence of any actual sale, or even ability to sell<sup>97</sup> the Ngan Judgment  
13 for a sufficient sum to pay Plaintiff \$1,000,000.00 plus interest. Further, Defendants' promise  
14 for payment in the future upon a sale of the Ngan Judgment is particularly speculative upon the  
15 concession that the Ngan Judgment has not resulted in any collections since its entry in 2017,  
16 despite diligent collection efforts from MGA and other collection counsel.<sup>98</sup>

17 30. Further, per Defendants' operating agreements, Plaintiff is already entitled to *pro*  
18 *rata* distributions with the other members of the net proceeds from any sale.<sup>99</sup> Given the "if"  
19 qualifier of payment, and no sale amount that could be used to calculate whether Plaintiff would  
20 ostensibly receive more or less with the Settlement Agreement than with a distribution as a  
21 member, the Settlement Agreement does not support a finding of consideration beyond what  
22 Plaintiff could ostensibly already be entitled to recover from Defendants following a sale of the  
23 Ngan Judgment if it were to ever occur.

24 <sup>96</sup> Exhibit 13, PLTF\_106.

25 <sup>97</sup> Under Defendants' operating agreements, the sale of the only remaining asset of Defendants would require  
26 approval of Defendants' members. Exhibits 7 and 8, §6.1(B)(1).

27 <sup>98</sup> 3/3 Trans., 217:18-24. 218:9-15.

28 <sup>99</sup> Exhibits 7 and 8, Article V.

1           31.       Additionally, the Release was not disclosed until after the hearing on the Motion  
2 to Compel. After its discovery, Defendants and Bloom were conspicuously silent on the  
3 Release's application, which under the plain terms would eliminate any consideration provided  
4 Plaintiff under the Settlement Agreement, by virtue of the express, broad release of the parties  
5 to the Release (Farkas and Defendants) as well as their representatives and affiliates from any  
6 and all claims, promises, damages or liabilities of every kind and nature whatsoever from the  
7 beginning of time until the January 6, 2021 effective date of the Release, covering any future  
8 liability under the Settlement Agreement also dated January 6, 2021.

9           32.       “A meeting of the minds exists when the parties have agreed upon the contract's  
10 essential terms.” *Certified Fire Prot. Inc. v. Precision Constr.*, 128 Nev. 371, 378, 283 P.3d 250,  
11 255 (2012).

12           Neither Plaintiff, Flatto, nor Plaintiff's known counsel, GTG, saw or reviewed the  
13 Settlement Agreement before it was executed by Farkas.<sup>100</sup> Farkas had not even reviewed it.  
14 The only time that Farkas had to review the Settlement Agreement's terms was during those  
15 minutes he was at the UPS store and the Settlement Agreement was provided with the other  
16 documents for his signature. Even after the Settlement Agreement was executed, Bloom, MGA  
17 and Nahabedian did not forward the Settlement Agreement to Farkas, Flatto or GTG. The first  
18 time Plaintiff received a copy of the Settlement Agreement was when it was attached to the  
19 Motion to Enforce.

20           33.       Conceding that Bloom never negotiated the Settlement Agreement with Plaintiff,  
21 Bloom's testimony relating to a meeting of the minds on the terms was that Bloom had  
22 discussions with Flatto in 2017 and was in receipt of a communication from Flatto to Farkas  
23 dated January 23, 2017 (before the May 2, 2017 initial demand for Defendants' books and  
24 records), which Farkas forwarded to Bloom on April 27, 2017 asking for a return of his  
25 investment.<sup>101</sup> The Court finds this email and any related 2017 discussions with Flatto cannot be

26           <sup>100</sup> 3/3 Trans., 72:15- 73:5.

27           <sup>101</sup> 3/3 Trans., 203:16-25; Exhibit C, FIRST0188.



1 reasonably construed as Flatto's agreement to the terms of the Settlement Agreement, as there  
2 had been the passage of over three years' time, and in that time, Plaintiff was forced to file the  
3 arbitration and obtain the Order for the production of Defendants' books and records, and the  
4 Settlement Agreement provided for immediate dismissal of the fruits of that litigation, with  
5 prejudice, a term not subject of Flatto's April 2017 email. Further, the Settlement Agreement  
6 does not provide for the payment of funds in exchange for the dismissal of the Order, Arb.  
7 Award and other pending matters. Rather, it provides for the payment of funds if they are ever  
8 received from a sale of the Ngan Judgment, a sale that is speculative as there is no evidence of  
9 any actual sale agreement or proof of funds. The Court finds there was insufficient evidence to  
10 establish a meeting of the minds on the Settlement Agreement's essential terms.

11 34. The Motion to Enforce was filed for the express purpose of avoiding the  
12 consequence of Defendants and Bloom's contempt of the Order. Given the timing, the Court  
13 gives special care to determine if the equities support an order for specific performance. In  
14 addition to those inequities discussed above (lack of consideration, claim and issue preclusion,  
15 concealment of material facts and bad faith), the Court also finds that there are indicia of duress  
16 and fraud here that would prevent specific performance.

17 35. In addition to being the manager of Defendants, Farkas' prior employer, Bloom is  
18 within Farkas' family. Even though the parties stood in an adversarial relationship *vis a vis* this  
19 case, Bloom and Farkas continued to have their familial connection. Under the circumstances, at  
20 a minimum, Bloom had a duty to act with the utmost good faith when dealing with Farkas.  
21 Even though the parties stood in an adversarial relationship here, the circumstances surrounding  
22 Farkas' execution of the Settlement Agreement demonstrate that the documents sent to the UPS  
23 Store for Farkas' execution would not have occurred but-for Bloom's familial relationship with  
24 Farkas. As Farkas testified, "[Bloom] is my brother-in-law. He's family. I didn't think he  
25 would-he would try to do this..."<sup>102</sup> "I trust him as-a brother in law, and as somebody who was  
26 representing to me that he was just trying to help in this part of what was going on....I believe

27 <sup>102</sup> 3/3 Trans., 116:1-21, 119:9-16.  
28

1 that he took advantage of a nuance in the law....I think the way Jay treated me was wrong and  
2 manipulative. And I think he knew exactly what he was doing.”<sup>103</sup>

3 36. Farkas was self-effacing throughout his testimony at the Hearing, explaining that it  
4 was his fault for trusting Bloom and not reading the documents before signing them.<sup>104</sup> If this  
5 was a typical arms’ length transaction with no special duties owed between the persons signing  
6 the subject agreement, Farkas’ admitted failure to even review the documents before signing them  
7 could be a real issue (assuming he had authority in the first place). However, here, the  
8 Court finds that there was a special confidence as a result of a familial relationship that resulted in  
9 Farkas’ blind trust in Bloom and Bloom’s representations to him about the Bloom Documents’  
10 contents.<sup>105</sup>

11 37. Farkas was threatened by Bloom with civil action by Defendants and/or their  
12 members if he did not sign the Settlement Agreement and other documents provided to him by  
13 Bloom, his family member.<sup>106</sup> Farkas felt that he had no choice but to sign any document that  
14 Bloom put in front of him. Farkas involuntarily accepted the Bloom Documents and executed  
15 them without diligence because he believed otherwise he would suffer adverse action he could  
16 not afford to address—a belief that is completely subjective. Where Defendants were only able  
17 to procure Farkas’ signature through the abuse of special confidences, the threat of adverse  
18 action and concealment of the true nature and substance of the Bloom Documents being signed,  
19 enforcement of the Settlement Agreement against the innocent Plaintiff would be inequitable.

20 38. By its OSC, Plaintiff seeks an order compelling Defendants and their principal,  
21 Bloom, to comply with the Order, and to require them to pay the fees and costs incurred in the  
22 enforcement of the Order as necessary to redress the non-compliance. This requested relief is  
23 authorized pursuant to NRS Chapter 22 (Contempts). *See* NRS 22.010(3) (disobedience or  
24 resistance to any lawful writ, order, rule or process issued by the court constitutes contempt) and

25 <sup>103</sup> *Id.*, 154:16-155:23, 156:13-18.

26 <sup>104</sup> *See, e.g.*, 3/3 Trans., 101:7-9, 141:20-25.

27 <sup>105</sup> *Id.* at 102:17-20.

28 <sup>106</sup> 3/3 Trans., 100:19-101:6, 116:15-21, 117:7-8, 119:17-18, 132:3-22, 134:18-21.

1 NRS 22.100-110 (penalties for contempt). The Court is addressing and treating the contempt  
2 proceedings as civil contempt proceedings.

3 39. The Order required Defendants to produce “all the requested documents and  
4 information available from both companies to Plaintiff for inspection and copying, as set forth in  
5 the [Arb. Award] and Exhibit 13 to Claimant’s Appendix to Claimant’s Arbitration Brief.”<sup>107</sup>  
6 “Exhibit 13 to Claimant’s Appendix to Claimant’s Arbitration Brief”<sup>108</sup> provides the following  
7 list of documents to be produced by each of the Defendants:

- 8 1) The Company’s company books, inclusive of any and all  
9 agreements relating to the Company’s governance (Company operating  
10 agreements, amendments, consents and resolutions)
- 11 2) Financial Statements, inclusive of balance sheets and profit & loss  
12 statements
- 13 3) General ledger and back up, inclusive of invoices
- 14 4) Documents sufficient to show the Company’s assets and their  
15 location
- 16 5) Documents relating to value of the Company and/or the  
17 Company’s assets
- 18 6) Documents sufficient to show the Company’s members and their  
19 status, inclusive of any redeemed members
- 20 7) Tax returns for the Company
- 21 8) Documents sufficient to show the accounts payable incurred by the  
22 Company, paid by the Company, and remaining due from the Company
- 23 9) Documents sufficient to show payments made to the Company  
24 managers, members and/or affiliates of any managers or members
- 25 10) Company insurance policies
- 26 11) Documents sufficient to show the status of any Company lawsuits
- 27 12) Documents sufficient to show the use of the Investors’ funds (and  
28 any other members’ investment) with the Company

40. It is undisputed that Defendants have not produced to Plaintiff one record or  
document within this list since entry of the Order.<sup>109</sup>

41. The evidence shows that MGA has custody of certain books and records for  
Defendants, and no excuse was provided for the failure of counsel to deliver what is in their  
custody to Plaintiff in compliance with the Order.<sup>110</sup> Bloom denied having any documents, and

<sup>107</sup> Exhibit 4, p. 3.

<sup>108</sup> Exhibit 6.

<sup>109</sup> 3/3 Trans., 219:4-9.

<sup>110</sup> See Exhibit 32; 3/10 Trans., 17:2-18:20.

1 said they are all in the custody of Farkas and/or Defendants' former controller, Henricksen (the  
2 "Controller").<sup>111</sup>

3 42. Farkas denies taking any books and records of Defendants with him when he left  
4 his employment with Defendants (indeed, if he had taken books and records with him, that  
5 would have eliminated the need for Plaintiff to request the production of Defendants' books and  
6 records in May 2017).<sup>112</sup> There is no record of any request from Defendants to produce  
7 documents subsequent to May 2, 2017 or any evidence that Farkas was properly designated a  
8 custodian of Defendants' records. To the contrary, Bloom is the only person listed in the  
9 Operating Agreement or the records of the Secretary of State as having the managerial  
10 responsibilities as well as the duties of the registered agent.<sup>113</sup>

11 43. Moreover, the failure to produce even one record demonstrates that the cost of  
12 production is not a credible excuse for Defendants' disobedience of the Order. Relatedly, lack of  
13 funds is no defense to Defendants' performance where there is no evidence of Defendants'  
14 compliance with their own governing documents for the purpose of raising funds to meet the  
15 Order obligations. As set forth at Section 4.2 of the Defendants' respective Operating  
16 Agreements:<sup>114</sup>

17 If necessary and appropriate to enable the Company to meet its costs,  
18 expenses, obligations, and liabilities, and if no lending source is available,  
19 then the Manager shall notify each Class A Member ("Capital Call") of  
20 the need for any additional capital contributions, and such capital demand  
21 shall be made on each Class A Member in proportion to its Class A  
22 Membership Interest....

23 Defendants are not incapable of abiding by the Order; Bloom merely determined to do nothing to  
24 comply with the Order.<sup>115</sup> Bloom's affiliated SJC is the 45.625% Class A Member of First 100.<sup>116</sup>

25 <sup>111</sup> 3/10 Trans., 14:9-18.

26 <sup>112</sup> 3/3 Trans., 125:9-21, 126:11-25; 3/10 Trans., 87:10-24.

27 <sup>113</sup> Exhibits 26 and 27.

28 <sup>114</sup> Exhibits 7 and Exhibit 8, p. 8.

<sup>115</sup> 3/3 Trans., 74:15-20; 3/10 Trans., 7:13-19.

1 The 23.709% Class A Member of 1<sup>st</sup> 100, and Bloom's other affiliates, SJC 1, LLC and SJC 2,  
2 LLC, have further Class A Member interests of 6.708% and 12.208% in 1<sup>st</sup> 100, respectively.<sup>117</sup>  
3 Therefore, Bloom's affiliates have the lion's share of any capital call obligation for either entity  
4 to meet their performance obligation.

5 44. There is no question here that Bloom had notice of the Order, and he even filed a  
6 response to the OSC in conjunction with Defendants. Bloom is the only person appointed under  
7 Defendants' operating agreements and with the Nevada Secretary of State to act as the Manager  
8 of the companies.<sup>118</sup> Throughout Bloom's testimony, he attempted to distance himself from this  
9 manager role and its responsibilities to Defendants. However, Defendants are manager-managed,  
10 and Bloom is expressly the only person with authority or power under the Defendants' operating  
11 agreements to do any act that would be binding on Defendants, or incur any expenditures on  
12 behalf Defendants.<sup>119</sup> Bloom is not only the only Manager listed in the operating agreements and  
13 with the Nevada Secretary of State; he is also the "Registered Agent" with the Nevada Secretary  
14 of State.

15 45. In his Response to the OSC, Bloom argues he is absolutely immune from  
16 contempt proceedings under NRS 86.371, which provides that no member or manager of a  
17 Nevada LLC is individually liable for the debts or liabilities of the company. The subject  
18 contempt is not to address the non-payment of the monetary award that is included in the Order;  
19 it is solely for disobedience and/or resistance of a Court order requiring certain action solely  
20 within Bloom's responsibilities under the Defendants' Operating Agreements and as designated  
21 with the Nevada Secretary of State for each of the Defendants.

22 If any of the foregoing Findings of Fact would be more appropriately deemed to be  
23 Conclusions of Law, they shall be so deemed.

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24 <sup>116</sup> Exhibit 7, p. 28.

25 <sup>117</sup> Exhibit 8, p. 29.

26 <sup>118</sup> Exhibits 7-8, 26-27.

27 <sup>119</sup> Exhibits 7 and 8, Sects. 3.17, 6.1(A).



1 FROM the foregoing Findings of Fact, the Court makes the following:

2 **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

3 1. “A settlement agreement, which is a contract, is governed by principles of  
4 contract law.” *Mack v. Estate of Mack*, 125 Nev. 80, 95, 206 P.3d 98, 108 (2009) (internal  
5 citations omitted). “As such, a settlement agreement will not be an enforceable contract unless  
6 there is ‘an offer and acceptance, meeting of the minds, and consideration.’” *Id.*

7 Because requests to enforce settlement agreements seek “specific performance,” the  
8 actions are equitable in nature. *Park W. Companies, Inc. v. Amazon Constr. Corp.*, 473 P.3d 459  
9 (Nev. 2020) (unpublished disposition) (citing *Calabi v. Gov’t Emps. Ins. Co.*, 728 A.2d 2016,  
10 208 (Md. 1999), 81A C.J.S. *Specific Performance* § 2 (2015) (“The remedy of specific  
11 performance is equitable in nature” and therefore “governed by equitable principles”)). In  
12 addition to the elements of an enforceable contract being required, specific performance as a  
13 remedy under the subject contract is available only when: (1) the terms of the contract are  
14 definite and certain; (2) the remedy at law is inadequate; (3) the movant has tendered  
15 performance; and (4) the court is willing to order specific performance. *Mayfield v. Koroghli*,  
16 124 Nev. 343, 351, 184 P.3d 362, 367 (2008) (citing *Serpa v. Darling*, 107 Nev. 299, 305, 810  
17 P.2d 778, 782 (1991)).

18 2. Repudiation of a contract prior to performance by either party excuses any  
19 performance under the contract by either party. *See Kahle v. Kostiner*, 85 Nev. 355, 358, 455  
20 P.2d 42, 44 (1969) (repudiation requires “a definite unequivocal and absolute intent not to  
21 perform” under the contract). Under the circumstances, the Court concludes that Plaintiff’s  
22 repudiation prior to any performance excused any further performance obligation under the  
23 Settlement Agreement by either party.

24 3. To bind Plaintiff in an enforceable settlement agreement, Farkas must have had  
25 Plaintiff’s actual or apparent authority. *Simmons Self-Storage v. Rib Roof, Inc.*, 130 Nev. 540,  
26 549, 331 P.3d 850, 856 (2014) (citing *Dixon v. Thatcher*, 103 Nev., 414, 417, 742 P.2d 1029,  
27 1031 (1987)).

28 4. “An agent acts with actual authority when, at the time of taking action that has

1 legal consequences for the principal, the agent reasonably believes, in accordance with the  
2 principal's manifestations to the agent, that the principal wishes the agent so to act.” *Simmons*  
3 *Self-Storage*, at 549, 331 P.3d at 856 (citing Restatement (Third) of Agency § 2.01 (2006)).

4 When examining whether actual authority exists, the courts are to focus on an agent's reasonable  
5 belief. *Id.* (citing § 2.02 & cmt. e (“Whether an agent's belief is reasonable is determined from  
6 the viewpoint of a reasonable person in the agent's situation under all of the circumstances of  
7 which the agent has notice.”)).

8 5. Without any appreciation for all that he was signing at the UPS store, Farkas did  
9 not consult with Flatto or counsel for Plaintiff regarding the Settlement Agreement.<sup>120</sup> Farkas’  
10 belief he lacked consent to bind Plaintiff to the terms of the Settlement Agreement was  
11 reasonable under the circumstances. In particular, at all times, actions taken on behalf of  
12 Plaintiff required Flatto’s consent and the failure to obtain the consent of Flatto is conclusive  
13 evidence that Farkas’ belief that he lacked authority to bind Plaintiff when he executed the  
14 Settlement Agreement was reasonable. Accordingly, the Court concludes Farkas did not have  
15 actual authority to bind Plaintiff under the Settlement Agreement.

16 6. An agent has apparent authority where the “principal holds his agent out as  
17 possessing or permits him to exercise or to represent himself as possessing” and “there must also  
18 be evidence of the principal's knowledge and acquiescence.” *Simmons Self-Storage v. Rib Roof,*  
19 *Inc.*, 130 Nev. 540, 550, 331 P.3d 850, 857 (2014)(quoting *Ellis v. Nelson*, 68 Nev. 410, 418–19,  
20 233 P.2d 1072, 1076 (1951)). Thus, “[a]pparent authority (when in excess of actual authority)  
21 proceeds on the theory of equitable estoppel; it is in effect an estoppel against the [principal] to  
22 deny agency when by his conduct he has clothed the agent with apparent authority to act.” *Ellis*  
23 *v. Nelson*, 68 Nev. 410, 418–19, 233 P.2d 1072, 1076 (1951). Moreover, to be clothed with  
24 apparent authority, there “must also be evidence of the principal's knowledge and acquiescence in  
25 them.” *Id.* There is no authority “simply because the party claiming has acted upon his  
26 conclusions.” *Id.* There can only be apparent authority, “where a person of ordinary prudence,  
27 conversant with business usages and the nature of the particular business, acting in good faith.

28 <sup>120</sup> 3/3 Trans., 72:19-23.

1 and giving heed not only to opposing inferences but also to all restrictions which are brought  
2 to his notice, would reasonably rely.” *Id.* (emphasis added) (noting that where inferences against  
3 the existence of apparent authority are as equally reasonable as those supporting it, a party may  
4 not rely on apparent authority).

5 7. “[A] party claiming apparent authority of an agent as a basis for contract  
6 formation must prove (1) that he subjectively believed that the agent had authority to act for the  
7 principal and (2) that his subjective belief in the agent’s authority was objectively reasonable.”  
8 *Great Am. Ins. Co. v. Gen. Builders, Inc.*, 113 Nev. 346, 352, 934 P.2d 257, 261 (1997).  
9 Reasonable reliance on the agent’s authority “is a necessary element.” *Id.*; *Forrest Tr. v. Fid.*  
10 *Title Agency of Nevada, Inc.*, 281 P.3d 1173 (Nev. 2009). In determining reasonableness, “the  
11 party who claims reliance must not have closed his eyes to warnings or inconsistent  
12 circumstances.” *Great Am. Ins. Co.*, 113 Nev. at 352, 934 P.2d at 261, (citing *Tsouras v.*  
13 *Southwest Plumbing and Heating*, 94 Nev. 748, 751, 587 P.2d 1321, 1322 (1978)) (emphasis  
14 added). As the Nevada Supreme Court has explained, “the reasonable reliance requirement  
15 [includes] the performance of due diligence” to learn the voracity of representations of  
16 authority.” *In re Cay Clubs*, 130 Nev. 920, 932–33, 340 P.3d 563, 571–72 (2014) (emphasis  
17 added).

18 8. The Settlement Agreement is not the first time that Bloom has directed Farkas to  
19 sign a document and then taken the position that Farkas’ signature bound Plaintiff to its detriment.  
20 The question of Farkas’ authority to bind Plaintiff without Flatto’s consent was raised in  
21 the arbitration, and it was resolved **against Defendants** as part of the Arb. Award. Thus, even  
22 before Plaintiff amended its operating agreement in September 2020 to remove Farkas, it was  
23 clearly established by the arbitrators that Farkas had no authority to bind Plaintiff without the  
24 consent of Flatto.

25 9. *Res judicata* precludes Defendants’ reiterated argument that Farkas’ signature on  
26 a document is sufficient to bind Plaintiff to its detriment. *Univ. of Nev. v. Tarkanian*, 110 Nev.  
27 581, 598, 879 P.2d 1180, 1191 (1994) (defining *res judicata* as encompassing both issue and  
28 claim preclusion doctrines). The issue of Farkas’ authority to bind Plaintiff without Flatto’s



1 consent- the same issue at bar--was previously raised and decided in the Arb. Award, confirmed  
2 by the Order. As the Order is a final judgment that was appealable, the finality of the  
3 determination is concrete and immutable here. *See Kirsch v. Traver*, 134 Nev. 163, 166, 414  
4 P.3d 818, 821 (2018) (defining “final judgment” for the purpose of analyzing *res judicata* as  
5 being procedurally definite without any reservation for future determination following the parties  
6 having an opportunity to be heard, a reasoned opinion supporting the determination, and that the  
7 determination having been subject to appeal) (citing *Univ. of Nev. v. Tarkanian*, 110 Nev. at 598,  
8 879 P.2d at 1191, *holding modified on other grounds by Exec. Mgmt., Ltd. v. Ticor Title Ins.*  
9 *Co.*, 114 Nev. 823, 963 P.2d 465 (1998)).

10 10. As a matter of law, as established by the Order confirming the Arb. Award,  
11 Farkas did not have apparent authority to bind Plaintiff absent Flatto’s consent, and here, the  
12 failure to obtain Flatto’s consent to the Settlement Agreement is undisputed. On this basis  
13 alone, Farkas did not have actual or apparent authority to bind Plaintiff under the Settlement  
14 Agreement.

15 11. The Court therefore concludes there was no good faith basis for Bloom’s  
16 intentional disregard of the Arb. Award and Order thereon and reliance by Bloom on Farkas’  
17 signature on the Settlement Agreement was not reasonable.

18 12. “Consideration is the exchange of a promise or performance, bargained for by the  
19 parties.” *Jones v. SunTrust Mortg., Inc.*, 128 Nev. 188, 191, 274 P.3d 762, 764 (2012).  
20 In addition to consideration being an essential element of any contract, gross inadequacy of  
21 consideration may be relevant to issues of capacity, fraud, mistake, misrepresentation, duress, or  
22 undue influence in addition to being relevant to whether there is an essential element of a  
23 contract. *Oh v. Wilson*, 112 Nev. 38, 41–42, 910 P.2d 276, 278–79 (1996) (*citing* Restatement  
24 (Second) of Contracts § 79 cmt. c (1979)). Inadequacy of consideration is often said to be a  
25 “badge of fraud,” justifying a denial of specific performance. *Id.*

26 13. The Court concludes that there is such inadequacy of consideration to Plaintiff in  
27 exchange for dismissal of its hard-fought rights under the Order that it justifies denial of the  
28 requested specific performance.

1           14.     A special relationship arises in any situation where “kinship or professional,  
2 business, or social relationships between the parties” results in one party gaining the confidence of  
3 another and purporting to advise or act consistently with the other party’s interest. *Perry v.*  
4 *Jordan*, 111 Nev. 943, 947, 900 P.2d 335, 337–338 (1995) (citations omitted). An equitable duty  
5 is owed as a result of such a confidential relationship, which is akin to a fiduciary duty. *See*  
6 *Executive Mgmt., Ltd. v. Ticor Title Ins. Co.*, 114 Nev. 823, 841, 963 P.2d 465, 477 (1998) (citing  
7 *Long v. Towne*, 98 Nev. 11, 13, 639 P.2d 528, 529–30 (1982)). Constructive fraud is the breach  
8 of that equitable duty, which the law declares fraudulent because of its tendency to deceive others  
9 to violate confidence. *Id.*

10           15.     In equity and good conscience, Bloom was bound to act in good faith and with  
11 due regard to the interests of Farkas who was reposing his confidence in Bloom. *Perry*, 111 Nev.  
12 at 946–47, 900 P.3d 337 (citing *Long*, 98 Nev. at 13, 639 P.2d at 529–30). Particularly in light  
13 of the Arb. Award, Bloom had a duty to at least disclose to Farkas (as well as Flatto) his plan to  
14 settle this case under the Settlement Agreement and have the Order, underlying Arb. Award and  
15 pending OSC dismissed, with prejudice. Bloom should have emailed or otherwise provided a  
16 copy of the documents to Farkas so Farkas could consult with Flatto and counsel. Not only did  
17 Bloom conceal the true facts from Farkas, but he took active steps so that the true facts would  
18 never have to be revealed until after the case was dismissed, inclusive of hiring Farkas separate  
19 counsel to orchestrate dismissal in the shadows rather than send GTG the Settlement Agreement.

20           16.     Duress is a valid basis to set aside a contract or avoid specific performance. *Kaur*  
21 *v. Singh*, 136 Nev. Adv. Op. 77, 477 P.3d 358, 362 (2020); *Levy v. Levy*, 96 Nev. 902, 903–04,  
22 620 P.2d 860, 861 (1980) (recognizing duress as a basis to set aside a settlement). “The coercion  
23 or duress exception applies when “(1) . . . one side involuntarily accepted the terms of another;  
24 (2) . . . circumstances permitted no other alternative; and (3) . . . circumstances were the result of  
25 coercive acts of the opposite party.” *Nevada Ass’n Servs., Inc. v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct.*, 130 Nev.  
26 949, 956, 338 P.3d 1250, 1255 (2014).

27           17.     An improper threat can exist when a party is threatened with civil action,  
28 especially when there are circumstances of emotional consequences. Restatement (Second) of

1 Contracts § 175, cmt. b (1981). “[A] party's manifestation of assent is induced by duress if the  
2 duress substantially contributes to his decision to manifest his assent. *Id.*, cmt. c. “The test is  
3 subjective and the question is, did the threat actually induce assent on the part of the person  
4 claiming to be the victim of duress.” *Id.* In making the determination, courts consider, “the age,  
5 background and relationship of the parties” and the rule is designed to protect “persons of a weak  
6 or cowardly nature.” *Id.*; *see also Schmidt v. Merriweather*, 82 Nev. 372, 376, 418 P.2d 991, 993  
7 (1966).

8 18. A threat is improper if “what is threatened is the use of civil process and the threat  
9 is made in bad faith.” Restatement (Second) of Contracts § 176 (1)(c). Accordingly, when  
10 evaluating duress, bad faith of one party is relevant as to another party’s capacity to contract.  
11 *Barbara Ann Hollier Tr. v. Shack*, 131 Nev. 582, 587, 356 P.3d 1085, 1088 (2015); Restatement  
12 (Second) of Contracts § 205 cmt. c (1981) (“Bad faith in negotiation, although not within the  
13 scope of [the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing], may be subject to  
14 sanctions. Particular forms of bad faith in bargaining are the subjects of rules as to capacity to  
15 contract, mutual assent and consideration and of rules as to invalidating causes such as fraud  
16 and duress.”).

17 19. Defendants’ contempt of the Order through resistance and/or disobedience of the  
18 Order is clearly established.

19 20. Bloom, as the sole natural person legally associated with Defendants, did not  
20 testify to any efforts to marshal Defendants’ books and records for production to Plaintiff, except  
21 to obtain a letter dated February 12, 2021 (nearly two months after the OSC was entered),  
22 providing that the Controller was seeking payment to compile and produce Defendants’  
23 records.<sup>121</sup> Defendants’ requested condition of Plaintiff’s payment of expenses incurred by  
24 Defendants to comply with its Order obligation is barred by *res judicata*. Again, the Order  
25 confirming the Arb. Award, a final judgment, precludes a second action on the underlying claim  
26 or any part of it. *Univ. of Nev.*, at 599, 879 P.2d at 1191. Issue preclusion applies to any issue

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27 <sup>121</sup> Exhibit V.  
28

1 actually raised and decided in the judgment. *Id.* Claim preclusion “embraces all grounds of  
2 recovery that were asserted in a suit, as well as those that could have been asserted, and thus, [it]  
3 has a broader reach” than the issue preclusion doctrine. *Id.* at 600, 879 P.2d at 1192.

4 21. The very purpose of the issue preclusion doctrine is “to prevent multiple litigation  
5 causing vexation and expense to the parties and wasted judicial resources by precluding parties  
6 from relitigating issues.” *Kirsch v. Traver*, 134 Nev. 163, 166, 414 P.3d 818, 821 (2018); *see*  
7 *also Alcantara ex rel. Alcantara v. Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.*, 130 Nev. 252, 258, 321 P.3d 912, 916  
8 (2014) (issue preclusion is appropriately applied to conserve judicial resources, maintain  
9 consistency, and avoid harassment or oppression of the adverse party (citing *Berkson v. LePome*,  
10 245 P.3d 560, 566 (Nev. 2010))).

11 22. Plaintiff’s demand for Defendants’ books and records under the terms of  
12 Defendants’ operating agreements and NRS 86.241 resulting in the Order was arbitrated, and the  
13 arbitrators ruled in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants on the entirety of the claim, and  
14 even awarded Plaintiff fees and costs.<sup>122</sup> Defendants’ claimed expenses associated with the  
15 demand for production was required to be arbitrated,<sup>123</sup> and there was clearly no award of  
16 expenses in favor of Defendants following the arbitration. Ignoring their obligation to arbitrate  
17 any request for expenses associated with the production of documents in the arbitration,  
18 Defendants waited until Plaintiff’s Motion to Confirm Arb. Award to seek to modify the Arb.  
19 Award to include a condition for production of the ordered books and records on Plaintiff’s prior  
20 payment for Defendants’ expenses associated with production.<sup>124</sup> The Court made reasoned  
21 conclusions regarding the procedural infirmity of bringing the request for relief to the Court  
22 when the relief was not awarded by the arbitrators, and DENIED it as part of the Order.<sup>125</sup> The  
23 Order is a final judgment not subject to any appeal, and as it specifically addressed and resolved  
24 Defendants’ argument for a condition of Plaintiff’s payment of expenses of production, the Order

25 <sup>122</sup> Exhibit 4.

26 <sup>123</sup> Exhibits 7 and 8, Sect. 13.9 (Dispute Resolution provision).

27 <sup>124</sup> Exhibit 3 (the Declaration of Bloom in support of the Countermotion to Modify Arbitration Award).

28 <sup>125</sup> Exhibit 4, p. 2:11-25; 3:15-16.

1 itself defeats any argument from Defendants that production of the documents pursuant to the  
2 Order is in any way conditioned on payment of any purported expenses demanded by  
3 Defendants.

4 23. Under the circumstances, the Court concludes that Plaintiff's non-payment of  
5 expenses demanded on February 12, 2021 is not a valid excuse for Defendants' disobedience  
6 and/or resistance of the subject Order. The books and records must be produced forthwith and  
7 without the imposition of any conditions.

8 24. Bloom argues that since he is not a party to the Order in his individual capacity, he  
9 should not be a party to these contempt proceedings. The relevant authority provides otherwise.  
10 The Nevada contempt statutes (NRS Chapter 22) as well as relevant Nevada Rules of  
11 Civil Procedure ("NRCPP") are directed *to conduct* of persons resisting or disobeying enforceable  
12 Court orders and does not limit its reach to the defendants alone. Limited liability companies  
13 such as Defendants engage in conduct through responsible persons- here, there is only Bloom  
14 and his counsel working at his direction. *See, e.g.*, NRCPP 69 (describing procedures for  
15 execution on judgment to include obtaining discovery from any person); NRCPP 71 ("When an  
16 order grants relief . . . [that] may be enforced against a nonparty, the procedure for enforcing the  
17 order is the same as for a party."); NRCPP 37(b) (providing for orders compelling compliance and  
18 sanctions for failure of a "party or its officers, directors or managing agents" to comply with  
19 court discovery orders).

20 25. The "responsible party" rule is longstanding, providing that the contempt powers  
21 of the Courts reach through the corporate veil to command not only the entity, but those who are  
22 officially responsible for the conduct of its affairs. If a person is apprised of the Order directed  
23 to the entity, prevents compliance or fails to take appropriate action within their power for the  
24 performance of the corporate duty, they are guilty of disobedience and may be punished for  
25 contempt. *Wilson v. United States*, 221 U.S. 361, 377 (1911) ("When a copy of the writ which  
26 has been ordered is served upon the clerk of the board, it will be served on the corporation, and  
27 be equivalent to a command that the persons who may be members of the board shall do what is  
28 required. If the members fail to obey, those guilty of disobedience may, if necessary, be



1 punished for the contempt . . . . While the board is proceeded against in its corporate capacity,  
2 the individual members are punished in their natural capacities for failure to do what the law  
3 requires of them as representatives of the corporation.”); *Electrical Workers Pension Trust Fund*  
4 *of Local Union #58, IBEW v. Gary’s Elec. Service Co.*, 340 F.3d 373, 380 (6th Cir. 2003)  
5 (holding that sole officer of the defendant, who was not himself a party, could be held in  
6 contempt for the defendant’s failure to obey the court’s judgment and order). In order to hold an  
7 officer, director or other managing agent in contempt, the movant must show that he had notice  
8 of the order and its contents. *Id.*

9 26. A non-party who fails to produce documents in compliance with a Court order  
10 will be jointly and severally liable for disobedience when he is found to have abetted the  
11 disobedience or is legally identified with the responsible party. *See Luv n Care Ltd. v. Laurain*,  
12 2019 WL 4279028, at \* 4 (D. Nev. Sept. 10, 2019) (finding the managing member jointly and  
13 severally liable for contempt and payment of fees and costs), (citing *United States v. Wilson*;  
14 *Electrical Workers Pension Trust Fund of Local Union #58*; *United States v. Laurins*, 857 F.2d  
15 529, 535 (9th Cir. 1988) (“A nonparty may be liable for contempt if he or she either abets or is  
16 legally identified with the named defendant. . . . **An order to a corporation binds those who are**  
17 **legally responsible for the conduct of its affairs.**”) (emphasis added)); *Peterson v. Highland*  
18 *Music, Inc.*, 140 F.3d 1313, 1323–24 (9th Cir. 1988); *NLRB v. Sequoia Dist. Council of*  
19 *Carpenters*, 568 F.2d 628, 633 (9th Cir. 1977); *1<sup>st</sup> Tech, LLC v. Rational Enter., Ltd.*, 2008 WL  
20 4571057, at \*8 (D. Nev. July 29, 2008). Put another way, an order to an entity binds those who  
21 are legally responsible for the conduct of its affairs. *Luv n Care Ltd.*, at \*4 (citing *Laurins*).

22 27. As such, once Bloom had notice of the Order, he could not delegate the  
23 responsibility for performance on a third party, but he himself had to take reasonable steps to  
24 provide the records in compliance with the Order in his capacity as the sole person legally  
25 associated with Defendants and responsible for the books and records of Defendants, as manager  
26 of Defendants’ manager.

27 28. As set forth above, the “responsible party” rule applies to contempt proceedings;  
28 otherwise there would never be a consequence for an entity’s non-compliance, particularly here

1 when there are no formalities being followed and, at least at this juncture, Bloom is the *alter ego*  
2 of Defendants. Bloom ignores the holding of the Nevada Supreme Court in *Gardner on Behalf*  
3 *of L.G. v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court in & for Cty. of Clark*, 133 Nev. 730, 735, 405 P.3d 651,  
4 655–56 (2017), which explained that those bases for corporate veil piercing, such as *alter ego*,  
5 illegality or other unlawfulness, will equally apply to a Nevada LLC. “As recognized by courts  
6 across the country, LLCs provide the same sort of possibilities for abuse as corporations, and  
7 creditors of LLCs need the same ability to pierce the LLCs’ veil when such abuse exists.” *Id.*,  
8 133 Nev. at 736, 405 P.3d 656.

9 Related to *alter ego*, NRS 86.376 then specifically provides, as follows:

- 10 1. Except as otherwise specifically provided by statute or agreement, no  
11 person other than the limited-liability company is individually liable for a debt or  
12 liability of the limited-liability company unless the person acts as the alter ego of  
13 the limited-liability company.  
14 2. A person acts as the alter ego of a limited-liability company only if:  
15 (a) The limited-liability company is influenced and governed by the person;  
16 (b) There is such unity of interest and ownership that the limited-liability  
17 company and the person are inseparable from each other; and  
18 (c) Adherence to the notion of the limited-liability company being an entity  
19 separate from the person would sanction fraud or promote manifest injustice.  
20 3. The question of whether a person acts as the alter ego of a limited-liability  
21 company must be determined by the court as a matter of law.

22 29. Both Defendants are in “default” status with the Nevada Secretary of State. The  
23 testimony of Bloom demonstrated that Defendants have no continued operations, there are no  
24 employees, there are no bank accounts, there are no records being maintained as required under  
25 the operating agreements or NRS 86.241, and there is no active governance of any kind.<sup>126</sup>  
26 While Bloom self-servingly represents that there are “directors” and “officers” of Defendants, he  
27 concedes, as he must, that there were no writings to reflect that any director or officer has any  
28 authority to bind Defendants instead of Bloom. In addition, equity must be applied such that  
Bloom will not be immune from consequences for his intentional conduct for the purpose of

<sup>126</sup> See, e.g., 3/3 Trans., 220:9-11, 226:2-4, 3/10 Trans., 12:10-19, 14:9-17, 15:16-25; Exhibits 7-8, § 2.3 (providing the company shall maintain records, including at the principal office or registered office, both c/o Bloom); Exhibits 26-27.

1 disobeying and/or resisting the Order. Therefore, in addition to the “responsible party” rule that  
2 applies to contempt, there should be no immunity for liability when, as here, Bloom is  
3 Defendants’ *alter ego*.

4 30. Furthermore, the Nevada Supreme Court has explained the broad, independent  
5 authority of the Court to enforce its decrees independent of the rules or statutes, including  
6 sanctions for non-compliance by non-parties with its orders and legal processes. *See Halverson*  
7 *v. Hardcastle*, 123 Nev. 245, 261–62, 163 P.3d 428, 440–441 (2007) (“the court has inherent  
8 power to protect the dignity and decency of its proceedings and to enforce its decrees, and thus it  
9 may issue contempt orders and sanction . . . for litigation abuses. Further, courts have inherent  
10 power to prevent injustice and to preserve the integrity of the judicial process . . .”).

11 31. Under the Court’s inherent authority to enforce its decrees against those appearing  
12 and demonstrating disregard for its Order, the “responsible party” rule recognized in the common  
13 law, Nevada’s contempt statutes, Nevada’s Rules of Civil Procedure, as well as NRS 86.376,  
14 Bloom is a proper party to the subject contempt proceedings.

15 32. The Settlement Agreement was a sham, never designed to result in any fair benefit  
16 to Plaintiff, and, if effectuated with the dismissal of the Order, underlying Arb. Award  
17 and pending contempt motions, with prejudice, the ramifications to Plaintiff would have been  
18 unacceptable under law or equity. The Eighth Judicial District Court has enacted its own rule,  
19 EDCR 7.60(b) to provide the Court further express authority to impose sanctions upon a party,  
20 including attorneys’ fees, when a party, without just cause, presents a motion to the Court that is  
21 “obviously frivolous, unnecessary or unwarranted,” or “so multiplies the proceedings in a case as  
22 to increase costs unreasonably and vexatiously.”

23 33. The Court determines that sanctions are properly awarded against Defendants  
24 inclusive of the reasonable fees and costs expended by Plaintiff relating to the Motion to Enforce  
25 and Response to OSC.

26 34. The expenses associated with addressing the re-litigated defenses asserted by  
27 Defendants and Bloom were then unnecessarily increased by Bloom’s wrongful direction to not  
28



1 permit the disclosure of any communications between or among Nahabedian and Bloom and/or  
2 MGA, regardless of whether they related to Plaintiff and this action.<sup>127</sup>

3 35. Sanctions are awardable under NRCP 37 for failure to provide discovery.

4 Any of the foregoing Conclusions of Law that would more appropriately be deemed to be  
5 Findings of Fact shall be so deemed.

6 **ORDER**

7 NOW, THEREFORE, based upon the Foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of  
8 Law, the Court makes the following rulings:

9 1) The Court declines to reverse its prior denial of the Motion to Enforce.

10 2) Based on its determination that Defendants and Bloom disobeyed and resisted the Order  
11 in contempt of Court (civil), the Court orders immediate compliance. In order to purge their  
12 contempt, Defendants, and any manager, representative or other agent of Defendants receiving  
13 notice of this order shall take all reasonable steps to comply with the Order, and within 10 days  
14 of notice of entry of this order, shall produce the following books and records for Defendants to  
15 Plaintiff<sup>128</sup> at their expense:<sup>129</sup>

- 16 1) Each of Defendants' company books, inclusive of any and all agreements  
17 relating to governance (operating agreements, amendments, consents and  
18 resolutions);  
19 2) Financial Statements, inclusive of balance sheets and profit & loss  
20 statements;  
21 3) General ledger and back up, inclusive of invoices;  
22 4) Documents sufficient to show each of Defendants' assets and their  
23 location;  
24 5) Documents relating to value of each of each of Defendants and/or their  
25 assets;  
26 6) Documents sufficient to show Defendants' members and their status,  
27 inclusive of any redeemed members;  
28 7) Tax returns for each of Defendants;  
8) Documents sufficient to show the accounts payable incurred, paid and  
remaining due for each of Defendants;

<sup>127</sup> Exhibit 28, PLTF\_480, and the Motion to Compel.

<sup>128</sup> The list of documents ordered to be produced in the Arbitration Award is set forth at Exhibits 6 and QQ, and was expressly incorporated into the Order.

<sup>129</sup> There are indemnification provisions in Defendants' operating agreements that Bloom and anyone "serving at his direction" to comply with the Order could ostensibly enforce. Exhibits 7-8, Article VII.

- 1 9) Documents sufficient to show payments made to each of Defendants'  
2 managers, members and/or affiliates of any managers or members;  
3 10) Each of Defendants' insurance policies  
4 11) Documents sufficient to show the status of any lawsuits involving either of  
5 Defendants; and  
6 12) Documents sufficient to show the use of investors' funds (and any other  
7 members' investment) for each of Defendants.

8 For any documents not produced within 10 days of entry of this order, there shall be certification  
9 from Bloom establishing all steps taken to marshal and produce the documents, where the  
10 documents are located, why they were not provided by the deadline and when they will be  
11 provided.

12 3) Also, the Court orders reimbursement of Plaintiff's reasonable fees and costs  
13 incurred in connection with the finding of contempt pursuant to the OSC, the Countermotion for  
14 Sanctions, and the Motion for Sanctions, as follows:

15 Based on the determination that Defendants and Bloom disobeyed and resisted the Order  
16 in contempt of Court (civil), and the Motion to Enforce was a tool of that contempt as  
17 orchestrated by Bloom in disregard of the Arb. Award confirmed by the Order, the Court orders  
18 Defendants and Bloom are jointly and severally responsible for the payment of all the reasonable  
19 fees and costs incurred by Plaintiff since entry of the Order for the purpose of coercing  
20 compliance with the Order in order to make them whole, inclusive of responding to the Motion to  
21 Enforce and bringing the Motion to Compel.

22 Within 10 days of entry of this order, counsel for Plaintiff shall provide a declaration and  
23 supporting documentation as necessary to meet the factors outlined in *Brunzell v. Golden Gate*  
24 *National Bank*, 85 Nev. 345, 55 P.2d 31 (1969), and delineating the fees and costs expended in  
25 relating to the Motion to Compel, Motion to Enforce and OSC, following which, there will be an  
26 opportunity to respond to Plaintiff's submission within 10 days of service of Plaintiff's  
27 supplement, and Plaintiff can file a reply within 7 days thereof. The Court will then consider the  
28 submissions and enter its further order on the amount of fees and costs to be awarded, and  
payment will be due within thirty (30) days thereafter.

4) Any failure to comply with the Order compelling compliance and requiring  
payment of the expenses incurred shall be subject to appropriate consequences. A status check is

1 scheduled for May 24, 2021 at 9:00 a.m.

Dated this 7th day of April, 2021

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D39 950 89AB 02DB  
Mark R. Denton  
District Court Judge

1 **CSERV**

2  
3 DISTRICT COURT  
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

4  
5  
6 TGC/Farkas Funding, LLC,  
Plaintiff(s)

CASE NO: A-20-822273-C

7  
8 vs.

DEPT. NO. Department 13

9 First 100, LLC, Defendant(s)

10  
11 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

12 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District  
13 Court. The foregoing Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Judgment was served via the  
14 court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled  
case as listed below:

15 Service Date: 4/7/2021

16 Dylan Ciciliano dciciliano@gtg.legal

17 Erika Turner eturner@gtg.legal

18 MGA Docketing docket@mgalaw.com

19 Tonya Binns tbinns@gtg.legal

20 Bart Larsen blarsen@shea.law

21 Max Erwin merwin@gtg.legal

22  
23 If indicated below, a copy of the above mentioned filings were also served by mail  
24 via United States Postal Service, postage prepaid, to the parties listed below at their last  
25 known addresses on 4/8/2021

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Joseph Gutierrez

Maier Gutierrez & Associates  
Attn: Joseph A. Gutierrez  
8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue  
Las Vegas, NV, 89148

# EXHIBIT “G”

APN: 163-29-615-007

**Recording requested by and return to:**  
Michael R. Mushkin, Esq.  
6070 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 270  
Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

**Mail tax statements to:**  
5148 Spanish Heights, LLC  
6070 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 270  
Las Vegas, NV 89119

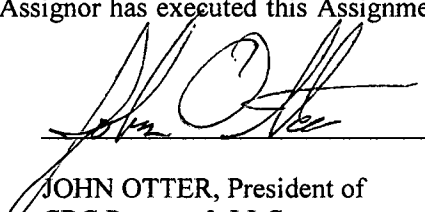
Inst #: 20200528-0002508  
Fees: \$42.00  
05/28/2020 02:10:18 PM  
Receipt #: 4086476  
Requestor:  
FIRST AMERICAN TITLE INSURA  
Recorded By: BGN Pgs: 2  
DEBBIE CONWAY  
CLARK COUNTY RECORDER  
Src: ERECORD  
Ofc: ERECORD

### ASSIGNMENT OF INTEREST IN DEED OF TRUST

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, the undersigned hereby grants, assigns and transfers to **5148 Spanish Heights, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company**, all beneficial interest under that certain Deed of Trust dated December 17, 2014, executed by Kenneth M. Antos and Sheila M. Neumann-Antos, Trustees of the Kenneth and Sheila Antos Living Trust dated April 26, 2007, and any amendments thereto, Trustor, to First American Title Insurance Company, a Nebraska corporation, as Trustee and recorded December 29, 2014, Instrument No. 20141229-0002856; modified by Instrument No. 20150722-0001146; modified by Instrument No. 20161219-0002739 in Clark County Official Records, Clark County, Nevada together with the Note secured by said Deed of Trust and also all rights accrued or to accrue under said Deed of Trust. The property encumbered by said Deed of Trust is described as:

SEE EXHIBIT A

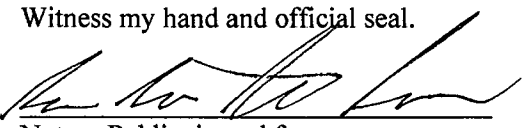
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned Assignor has executed this Assignment of Deed of Trust on this 8 day of April, 2020.

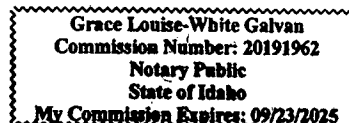
  
JOHN OTTER, President of  
CBC Partners I, LLC, a  
Washington limited liability company

STATE OF WASHINGTON     )  
                                      ) SS  
COUNTY OF KING         )

On this 8<sup>th</sup> day of April, 2020, before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said State, personally appeared JOHN OTTER, President of CBC Partners I, LLC, proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the persons whose names are subscribed to the within instrument, and acknowledged to me that they executed the same freely and voluntarily and for the uses and purposes therein mentioned.

Witness my hand and official seal.

  
Notary Public, in and for  
said County and State



(the above area for official notarial seal)

5148SH 001054

**EXHIBIT A**

Lot Seven (7) in Block Five (5) of SPANISH HILLS ESTATES UNIT 5A, as shown by map thereof on file in Book 107 of Plats, Page 58 in the Office of the County recorder of Clark County, Nevada

(Assessor's Parcel Number 163-29-615-007)



# EXHIBIT “H”

**Other Experience:** Taught courses in accounting, auditing, CPA problems, financial analysis, casino accounting and management, and strategic planning at Rutgers University, the University of Nevada Reno (UNR), Atlantic Community College, Stockton State College and University of Nevada Las Vegas (UNLV).

# **Larry L. Bertsch, CPA, CFF, GCMA**

## **Curriculum Vitae**

### **Chapter 7 Bankruptcies**

Since 1991 have administered and closed over 8,000 cases

### **Chapter 11 Trustee**

Mountain Diagnostics (Radiology)  
Force One (Multi-level Marketing)  
ATM Services (Cash Advance)  
Ingersoll (Dentist)  
Western Linen (Laundry)  
John Tobin (Hearing Aids)  
Dryifs, Inc. (Construction)  
Tom & Maria Lioubas (Double Eagle Casino & Apartment Complex)  
Citywide Funding, Inc. (Check Cashing)  
Stewart Matthews Wilson (Beauty Shop)  
ADAMA (Real Estate Development with 66 LLC's)  
Sixth & Gass, LLC (Office Building) (Operate and Protect Company Assets until completion of bankruptcy)  
21<sup>st</sup> Century Technologies (Listed Venture Capital Company) (Liquidation Trustee)  
Marlyns, Inc dba Rock- a- Billys (Night Club)  
Draft Bars (Dispensary equipment)

### **Chapter 7 Operating Bankruptcy**

Bowman & Sons Printing (Printing)  
City Oil Company – City Cutbank (Oil Production)  
Citywide Funding, Inc. (Check Cashing)  
James Hogan M.D. (Medical Doctor)  
Las Vegas Sportspark (Recreation Center)

### **Special Master (Bankruptcy Court)**

Selma Andrews (Determine amount due Citywide Home Loans, Inc.)

### **Liquidating Trustee (Bankruptcy Court)**

21<sup>st</sup> Century (Investment Company)

### **Special Assignments (Bankruptcy Court)**

Adama Plaza, LLC (Strip Mall), Manager  
Rodeo Paradise (Strip Mall), Manager

### **Receiver (State Court)**

Baby Grand dba Maxim Hotel/Casino  
Main Street Station (Hotel/Casino)  
Wright Company (Oil Distribution)  
CBS, Inc (Computer Business Solutions)  
Gem Wildrose Partnership (Construction)  
Boulder-Sahara Shopping Center  
John Hampton (Housing for American Bank of Commerce, Pioneer Citizens, and Sun State Bank)  
Magic Cleaners (Partnership Dispute)  
Boulevard Hotel (Motel)

Elena Tanasescu (Apartments)  
Tigger Experience (Partnership Dispute)  
Federal Electric, Inc. (Construction – Ownership Dispute)  
Grand Court II (Senior Citizens Residences)  
Thomas v. Thomas (Divorce)  
Uptown Motel (Motel (30 units)) (Operate and Protect Company Assets until Foreclosure)  
Southwest Exchange (1031 Qualified Intermediary) (Embezzlement)  
    Qualified Exchange, Inc  
    Blackstone Limited, LLC  
    International Integrated Industries, LLC  
    Sirius Capital, LLC  
    Ventana Coast, LLC  
    Capital Reef Management, LLC  
    Global Aviation Delaware, LLC  
    Nexgen Management, LLC  
    Trinity Star, LLC  
    Nevada Safe Harbor, Inc  
    Americade, LLC  
    Bianathar, LLC  
McAnlis v. Kerr (“Vencenza”) (Dispute in LLC) (Development Property)  
Landbridge, LLC (Land Development) (Owner Dispute)  
TNA Wireless, LLC (Owner Dispute)  
DFA, LLC v. Leo Davenport (Mortgage Broker) (Marshal Company Assets)  
    GFD Investments, LLC  
    Southwest Financial,  
    Tonyoyl, LLC  
    D&G Development Group, LLC  
    OPM Group, LLC  
    Glenn’s Construction Control Services  
Landesbank Baden-Württemberg, Bank (“LBBW”) v. FX Luxury Las Vegas I, LLC (Operate 18 acres of  
    Real Property located on Las Vegas Strip involving over 90 leases)  
Lightning Group Inc v. Charles Weibe (Marshal Asset for Court)  
MS Concrete, Inc (Concrete Company) (Collect, Marshal, Liquidate Company Assets)  
National Money Service Corp (Pay Day Loan Company) (Owner Dispute)  
Providence Village, LLC (Shopping Center) (Operate and Protect Company Assets until Foreclosure)  
Seibt Desert Retreat (RV Resort) (Operate and Protect Company Assets until Foreclosure)  
Richard Kall et al v. Razorstream, LLC et al (Preparation of Income Tax Returns)  
Clark County Credit Union v. TX, LLC (Apartment Complex) (Protect Company Assets until  
    Foreclosure)  
Branch Banking & Trust v. Ford Family Eastern, LLC (Shopping Center) (Operate and Protect Company  
    Assets until Foreclosure)  
Branch Banking & Trust v Ford Family LLC @ Stephanie (Shopping Center) (Operate and Protect  
    Company Assets until Foreclosure)  
Barth v. Stuart (Monitor Assets to collect on confession of Judgment)  
Olympic Gardens (Maintain Sexually Oriented Business License)  
Albrecht v. Kalinko (Partnership Dispute)  
Boulder Dam Credit Union (Foreclosure on Building)  
Donut Mania (Partnership Dispute)  
Miramar (Ownership Dispute)

National Money (Pay Day Loan Business)  
Olympic Gardens (Operate to keep License)  
Lucky Dragon (Casino foreclosure and Sale)  
Global Pacific Construction (Construction)

#### **Receiver (Family Court)**

Carr v. Carr (Monitor Business Assets)  
Que v. Que (Finding and administration of Assets)  
Kinkead v. Kinkead (Monitor Income and Distribute per Court Order) (Verification of Income)  
Peterson v. Peterson (Monitor Income and Distribute per Court Order) (Verification of Income)  
Allied Flooring (sales and Installation of Carpet, Tile, and Marble)

#### **Receiver Consultation**

Guru Enterprises (Convenience Store)  
Motel - North Las Vegas (Sunrise Inn)  
Motel - Valley View (Quality Inn)

#### **Special Master (Federal District Court)**

Appointed by the Honorable Philip M. Pro, District Judge, United States District of Nevada at the request of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (John Anderson properties including the Maxim Hotel/Casino) (Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation vs. John Anderson and Edith Anderson---CV-S-95-00679-PMP(LRL)).

Appointed by the Honorable Judge Abramson, United States District of Texas, to operate the Maxim Hotel until the foreclosure took place by Mortgage Holder. (800 Rooms)

#### **Special Master (State Court)**

Trade Show Specialties (Ownership Dispute)  
Blue Moon v LVMB (Dispute between Advertising Agency and Client)  
Vion Operations, LLC et al v. (Mob Experience) Jay Bloom, Carolyn Farkis and Companies  
Eagle Group Holdings, LLC  
Murder, Inc.  
The Mafia Collection, LLC  
A.D.D. Productions, LLC  
Order 66 Entertainment  
Eagle Group Productions, LLC  
Con X

#### **Special Master (Family Court)**

Keeter v. Keeter (Divorce) (Collect, Marshal, Liquidate Personal Assets)  
Nelson v. Nelson (Divorce) (Define assets and summarize receipts and disbursements)  
Sorenson v. Sorenson (Liquidate two properties and Airplane)  
Clark v. Clark (Monitor liquidation of certain assets)

#### **Trustee (Federal District Court)**

Appointed by the Honorable Lloyd D. George, District judge, United States District of Nevada, at the request of the Internal Revenue Service (Appointed to oversee the investigation, collection, and

liquidation of assets of Defendant and related entities---United States of America vs. Christensen CR-S-95-074-LDG(LRL)).

### **Bankruptcy Examinations**

Primvest  
Valley & ABCO Concrete  
Indian Springs Casino (Casino)  
Gibraltar Insurance (Insurance)  
GMF, Inc. (Auto Dealer)  
PPB, Inc. (Pure Pleasure Book)  
AR Gaming dba Mahoney's Silver Nugget (Casino)  
NES (Nevada Electrical Supply)  
Angelo Grouziles  
NEC (Electrical Contractor)  
Ronald/Corrine Byrd dba Cherokee Construction  
ROJAC dba Club Paradise  
Odyssey Transportation (Air Transport)  
G&A Medical Personnel (Pharmacy Evaluations)  
Principle Centered, Inc. (Construction Companies)  
Anderson Maintenance (Valuation of Company)  
Saxton, Inc. (Real Estate Company)  
National Audit Defense Network (NADN) (Tax & Computer program sales)

### **Bankruptcy Disbursing Agent**

Riviera Hotel/Casino  
Four Queens  
Stratosphere (Executive Compensation) Expert (Bankruptcy Court)  
Continental Hotel/Casino (Close the Hotel/Casino)

### **Consulting**

Debbie Reynolds Hotel (Casino/Hotel)  
GMF, Inc. (Automobile Dealership)  
Bicycle Club (Card Club/Casino)  
Maxim Hotel (Management Agreement)  
Bourbon Street (Casino/Hotel)  
Artisan Hotel & Spa (Hotel) (Consultant for Court Appointed Receiver)  
Blue Moon LLC (Hotel) (Consultant for FDIC Receiver)  
Community Bancorp (Bank Holding Company) (Consultant for Bankruptcy Trustee)  
Silver State Bancorp (Bank Holding Company) (Consultant for Bankruptcy Trustee)  
Silver State Helicopters (Helicopter Flight School involving government grants) (Consultant for Bankruptcy Trustee)  
Progressive Gaming (Gaming Company) (Tax Issues) (Consultant for Bankruptcy Trustee)  
One Cap (Mortgage Broker) (Consultant for Bankruptcy Trustee)  
Davis Bowling (Company Transition) (Consultant for Bankruptcy Trustee)  
Dave's Detailing (Airplane Detailing) (Analysis of Covenants on Settlement)  
Hooters (Bankruptcy Transition)  
Dunkin Donuts (Retail - Donuts) (Sale of Las Vegas Properties)

Ely City Council (Steam Train from Kennecott Copper)

### **Expert Witness**

Lindquest v. Stefan (Vegas Cabinets) (92-A-305398-C, State Court)  
Southwest Securities dba Marina Hotel/Casino (87-A-255637-C, State Court)  
Sutton v. Sutton (Divorce) (Valuation of herd of cattle in a divorce case, Family Court)  
Landmark Hotel/Casino BK-85-21113 – (Southern Nevada Federal Court)  
Crosslands Mortgage v. Calabrese (95-A-352222-C, State Court)  
Marlene Michaels (Partnership Dispute) (BK-93-22242-RCJ, Bankruptcy Court)  
Glendonon vs. GMF (Employee Termination Dispute) (Gave deposition but settled)  
Metron, Inc. (Shareholder Dispute) (CV-S-03-0756-LDG (RJJ), Federal Court)  
Joe v. Joe (Divorce) (Had deposition taken)  
Romona Lee's v. Shef Products, Inc. (A-458218-CC-2005, State Court)  
Aviation Insurance Services v Leslie C. Dewald (2:06-cv-01461-JCM-LRL), Federal Court  
Besdow, LLC (Arbitration) (Valuation of Company)  
National Auto, LLC (Arbitration) (Valuation of Company)  
AMG v. LIG (Real Estate) (Management Contract)  
Sandy Hackett v. Richard Feeney, et al (entertainment) (Partner Dispute)  
Creative Light Source, Inc. v Brackin, et al (Lighting Company - Examination of books and records)  
Landbridge, LLC (Partnership Dispute)  
    Oldman Power, LLC  
    Highland Land Development, LLC  
Mark Perez v. Greg McCoy et al. (A-13-690077-B, Clark County District Court) (Partner Dispute)  
Larry Callahan Trust (Investor Dispute) (Forensic Examination of books and records)  
Nevada State Bar (Trust Funds Investigation)  
Vegas One Realty (Forensic Examination for Embezzlement)  
Lionel Sawyer Collins (Classification and Collection of Accounts Receivable)  
Rose – 1031 (Section 1031 Exchange)

### **Trustee Consultation**

Community Bank  
Silver State Bank  
Silver State Bancorp

### **Forensic Examinations (Other)**

Movado Group, Inc. v. The Jewelers (Forensic Examination for Arbitration)  
Daood Sada, v. Sabah Boles (Owner dispute) (Forensic Examination of business books and records)  
Michael J. Amador (Asset Location for Law Suit)  
Kaercher Campbell Insurance (Insurance Company) (Owner dispute)  
FDIC v OHDB, LLC (Motel Property - Examination of books and records)  
Trimmer (Personal Assets - Fiduciary Transactions)

# EXHIBIT “I”



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*Attorneys for Defendant and Counterclaimants  
5148 Spanish Heights, LLC and  
CBC Partners I, LLC*

**DISTRICT COURT**

**CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
COMPANY, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability  
Company; SJC VENTURES HOLDING  
COMPANY, LLC, d/b/a SJC VENTURES,  
LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company,

Plaintiffs,

v.

CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, a foreign Limited  
Liability Company; CBC PARTNERS, LLC, a  
foreign Limited Liability Company; 5148  
SPANISH HEIGHTS, LLC, a Nevada Limited  
Liability Company; KENNETH ANTOS AND  
SHEILA NEUMANN-ANTOS, as Trustees of  
the Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust and  
the Kenneth M. Antos & Sheila M. Neumann-  
Antos Trust; DACIA, LLC, a foreign Limited  
Liability Company; DOES I through X; and  
ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,

Defendants.

AND RELATED MATTERS

Case No. A-20-813439-B

Dept. No.: 11

**ORDER APPOINTING RECEIVER**



1 Management Agent[s] (if necessary), care for, manage, preserve, protect, sell, operate, and collect  
2 the revenues generated by SJCVC's business operations and the Receivership Estate in its  
3 reasonable business judgment as is most beneficial to SJCVC's creditors and as instructed by the  
4 Court, consistent with the laws of Nevada,

5       2.       The Receiver is authorized to perform a review and accounting of all of SJCVC's  
6 assets, holdings, and interests, and may, but shall not be required to, apply to the Court on an  
7 order shortening time with notice to all parties to amend this Order as necessary to provide the  
8 Receiver with the authority to act on behalf of the Receivership Estate and/or to identify and  
9 include any asset or entity that belongs to the Receivership Estate. The Receiver is empowered to  
10 use any and all lawful means to identify and secure the assets, rights, holdings, and interests of  
11 the Receivership Estate.

12       3.       The Receiver may contact any party it reasonably believes to be an account debtor  
13 of SJCVC and arrange for direct payment of the obligations due from account debtors to the  
14 Receiver. The Receiver is further empowered to commence a lawsuit against an account debtor  
15 or defend any lawsuit brought by an account debtor.

16       4.       The Receiver shall serve without bond.

17       5.       Immediately upon the filing of the Receiver's oath, the Receiver in its business  
18 judgment may direct and, if so directed, SJCVC and/or any of its officers, directors, managers, and  
19 members shall:

20               a.       Turnover and surrender to the Receiver all assets of and income from the  
21 Receivership Estate currently held by SJCVC or any of its officers, directors, managers,  
22 affiliates, employees, members, principals, agents, representatives, or others;

23               b.       Turnover and surrender to the Receiver all property of the Receivership  
24 Estate, including (without limitation): (i) all monies accountable to the proceeds,  
25 revenues, issues and profits of the Receivership Estate, now in the possession, custody or  
26 control of SJCVC and its affiliates, agents, members, principals, representatives or others;  
27 (ii) all records, statements, copies of checks, bills, invoices and other data from all bank  
28 accounts maintained by SJCVC in connection with the Receivership Estate, including but

1 not limited to all accounts maintained at any bank, credit union, brokerage firm, or any  
2 financial institution, any other accounts where the funds relating to the Receivership  
3 Estate were transferred or deposited, and all other records, books of account, ledgers,  
4 business records, expense accounts and all documents and records (including records  
5 maintained in electronic form) pertaining to the operation, maintenance and control of the  
6 Receivership Estate (collectively, the "Books and Records"), whether in the possession  
7 and control of SJCV or in the possession and control of affiliates, agents, members,  
8 managers, representatives, principals, servants, or employees of SJCV or others, provided,  
9 however, that said Books and Records shall be made available for the use of SJCV upon  
10 reasonable notice in the normal course of the performance of its duties, as necessary; (iii)  
11 all keys relating to the Receivership Estate, (iv) all computer systems, servers, and/or  
12 software, including any cloud storage or cloud/remote based programs, intellectual  
13 property rights, and websites (with all associated system access information, passwords,  
14 alarm codes, keycards, software, or similar items) that may be used in connection with the  
15 Receivership Estate, wherever located in and whatever mode maintained; (v) all  
16 documents and rights that constitute or pertain to insurance policies, whether currently in  
17 effect or lapsed which relate to the Receivership Estate; (vi) all contracts, leases and  
18 subleases, royalty agreements, licenses, assignments or other agreements of any kind  
19 whatsoever, whether currently in effect or lapsed, which relate to any interest in the  
20 Receivership Estate; (vii) all income and monies derived from the Receivership Estate  
21 wherever, whenever, and however deposited, stored, secured, and/or maintained; (viii) all  
22 mail relating to the Receivership Estate; (ix) all keys, passwords, and combinations for all  
23 safes and locks relating to or located on any property or premises associated with the  
24 Receivership Estate; and (x) all credit card terminals and merchant accounts. c. Provide  
25 access and control to the Receiver to all real property, personal property, intangible  
26 property, and any other physical facilities relating to the Receivership Estate.

27 c. The Receiver is the holder of all privileges held by SJCV including without  
28 limitation, the attorney-client privilege and the attorney work product privilege.

1           6.       Immediately upon the filing of the Receiver's oath, the Receiver shall immediately  
2 have the following powers and legal responsibilities, which it may exercise in its business  
3 judgment, working with the Management Agent[s] as appropriate:

4           a.       The Receiver is authorized to exclude SJCV and any affiliates, members,  
5 managers, principals, agents, attorneys, employees, or representatives thereof, or anyone  
6 claiming under any of them, from operating or managing the Receivership Estate, or being  
7 present at any location within the Receivership Estate;

8           b.       The Receiver is authorized to take physical custody and possession of, and  
9 SJCV shall assist the Receiver in taking physical custody and possession of, all the real  
10 property and personal property, whether tangible or intangible, and other facilities,  
11 furniture, fixtures, and equipment constituting the Receivership Estate;

12           c.       The Receiver is authorized to continue to operate, care for, preserve,  
13 maintain and collect revenue generated by, and sell the Receivership Estate in the normal  
14 course of business in a manner necessary to preserve its overall value and shall incur the  
15 expenses necessary in such operation, care, preservation, maintenance, collection and sale  
16 of the Receivership Estate, all without further order of this Court; that monies coming into  
17 the possession of the Receiver pursuant hereto and not expended for any of the purposes  
18 herein authorized shall be held by the Receiver, subject to such orders as this Court may  
19 hereinafter issue as to its disposition;

20           d.       The Receiver is authorized to determine, in its discretion, how best to use,  
21 operate, manage, control, market and sell the Receivership Estate, so long as any sale of  
22 the Receivership Estate outside of SJCV's normal course of business must be approved  
23 by the Court;

24           e.       The Receiver is authorized to purchase materials, supplies, and services  
25 and to pay therefor at ordinary and usual rates and prices out of funds that shall come into  
26 its possession as Receiver, and to compromise debts of the Receivership Estate, and as  
27 Receiver to do all things and to incur the risks and obligations ordinarily incurred by  
28 owners, managers, and operators of similar businesses and that no such risk or obligation

1 so incurred shall be the personal risk or obligation of the Receiver but shall be a risk or  
2 obligation of the Receivership Estate. No funds of the Receivership Estate may be  
3 expended without the authorization of the Receiver and the Receiver may impose  
4 whatever safeguards it deems necessary to ensure every expenditure is properly  
5 authorized;

6 f. By virtue of its appointment, the Receiver shall have the authority to, in its  
7 sole and absolute discretion, terminate or reject any contracts or agreements relating to  
8 the Receivership Estate. The Receiver may employ other or additional agents and  
9 employees, as necessary to preserve, protect, maintain, manage, and sell the Receivership  
10 Estate and to pay each of the foregoing, at ordinary and usual rates and prices, pursuant  
11 to appropriate contracts, or otherwise, out of funds that come into its possession as  
12 Receiver without seeking the Court's consent for such employment;

13 g. The Receiver is authorized to review, analyze, account for, and approve  
14 the Receivership Estate's expenses, payments, transfers, withdrawals, and distributions  
15 (collectively "Payments") to ensure that all such Payments are proper and made in the  
16 ordinary course of business. In addition, the Receiver shall have the authority to write  
17 checks for the purpose of making any payments required or permitted to be made  
18 hereunder, including, without limitation, expenses on account of bank service charges,  
19 commissions, marketing and sale costs, dues and publications, insurance, maintenance,  
20 accounting and other professional services, postage costs and courier or other delivery  
21 costs, interest, inventory, office expenses, rent or other payment arising under a lease or  
22 rental agreement, repairs and maintenance, supplies, taxes, utilities and telephone  
23 expenses, wages and premiums. The Receiver may open any/all operating or security  
24 accounts deemed necessary for the estate and transfer any/all funds from estate accounts  
25 to these receivership accounts and operate out of these receivership accounts, if deemed  
26 necessary and appropriate, in order to preserve and protect the estate and in order to be  
27 able to supply reviewed and reconciled financials;

28 h. The Receiver is authorized to take all proper actions related to the (i)

1 marketing and sale of all or any portion of the Receivership Estate in the normal course  
2 of business, (ii) collection of accounts receivable and other amounts owed in respect of  
3 the Receivership Estate, (iii) removal from the Receivership Estate of persons not entitled  
4 to entry thereon, (iv) securement and protection of the Receivership Estate, (v) damage  
5 caused to the Receivership Estate, (vi) recovery of possession of the Receivership Estate,  
6 and (vii) initiation or prosecution of any claims or litigation for the benefit of the  
7 Receivership Estate;

8 i. The Receiver may hire, employ, retain, terminate, and otherwise obtain the  
9 advice and assistance of legal counsel, accounting, and other professionals, as may be  
10 reasonably necessary to the proper discharge of the Receiver's duties (and to pay such  
11 professionals' reasonable fees), without further order of the Court;

12 j. The Receiver is authorized to receive proceeds and profits from any sale,  
13 use, transfer, or disposition of the Receivership Estate; and to deposit and hold such funds  
14 in one or more interest-bearing accounts as deemed appropriate;

15 k. The Receiver may hire, employ, retain, and terminate consultants,  
16 operating companies and/or other professionals, management, brokers, auctioneers and  
17 any other personnel or employees which the Receiver deems necessary to assist it in the  
18 discharge of his duties, to whom the Receiver may delegate operational responsibilities  
19 for the Receivership Estate, subject to applicable regulations and laws, as set forth in this  
20 Order and, at the Receiver's election, pay any federal, state, and local payroll and other  
21 taxes due in connection with employees and operations of the Receiver and Receivership  
22 Estate, provided, however, that no contract shall extend beyond the termination of the  
23 receivership unless authorized by the Court;

24 l. The Receiver shall immediately disclose to all parties any financial  
25 relationship between the Receiver and any person or entity hired to assist in the  
26 management or sale of all or any portion of the Receivership Estate;

27 m. The Receiver is authorized to immediately acquire from SJCVC and all of  
28 its affiliates, members, managers, principals, employees, agents or officers, all keys,

1 passwords, system access and/or alarm codes, locks, keycards, and similar items relating  
2 to the Receivership Estate, and may change any and all of the foregoing;

3 n. The Receiver may, in its sole and absolute discretion, continue in effect  
4 and/or assume any contracts, agreements, leases, letters of credit and all other instruments  
5 presently existing and not in default relating to the Receivership Estate;

6 o. The Receiver may enter into and modify contracts related to the normal  
7 course of business for the sale of all or any portion of the Receivership Estate with any  
8 other liquidation or sale of the Receivership Estate assets, including licenses, being  
9 completed only subject to prior notice and Court approval (as necessary);

10 p. The Receiver may communicate, directly or indirectly, with any person,  
11 firm, or entity, including without limitation, any representative of SJCV;

12 q. The Receiver may take any and all steps necessary to retrieve, collect and  
13 review all mail and/or e-mail addressed to SJCV or related entities or individuals at the  
14 Receivership Estate and the Receiver is authorized to instruct the United States Postmaster  
15 to reroute, hold and/or release said mail to the Receiver. The Receiver shall redirect mail  
16 determined (whether before or after opening) to be of a personal nature, not involving the  
17 business activities of SJCV conducted at the Receivership Estate, to the person to whom  
18 the mail was intended to be delivered (if the Receiver knows the forwarding address of  
19 said person) or shall return such mail to the sender;

20 r. The Receiver shall have all the powers, duties and authority that the  
21 Receiver believes may be necessary or appropriate to secure, operate, manage, control and  
22 sell the Receivership Estate and/or to protect, preserve and maximize the value of the  
23 Receivership Estate and/or to do any other acts and incur any of the risks and obligations  
24 ordinarily taken or incurred by an owner of property similar to the property at issue in the  
25 normal course of business; provided, however, that no such risk or obligation shall be the  
26 personal risk or obligation of the Receiver, but shall be solely the risk and obligation of  
27 the Receivership Estate; and

28 s. The Receiver may, after expending the necessary funds to operate the



1 business of the Receivership Estate and paying all reasonable and necessary costs and  
2 expenses associated with such operation, maintain any remaining funds for distribution to  
3 creditors and such other party or non-party as may be legally entitled to receive such funds  
4 in accordance with Nevada law; and may distribute such funds from time to time upon  
5 further order of this Court.

6 7. The Receiver shall, within thirty days of its qualification hereunder, file in this  
7 action an inventory of all property of which it shall have taken possession pursuant hereto,  
8 including, without limitation, the identity of all written or non-written contracts (whether for sale  
9 or otherwise), options, insurance policies, fixtures, or personal property. The Receiver may  
10 thereafter, to the extent necessary, conduct periodic inventories of all property of the Receivership  
11 Estate of which he shall have taken possession pursuant to this Order, and to provide counsel  
12 herein with regular and material updates.

13 8. Upon entering into an agreement for sale or transfer of any material asset or  
14 property in the Receivership Estate outside the sale of SJCVC's products and inventory in the  
15 normal course of business, the Receiver shall file a Motion with the Court, giving at least thirty  
16 days' notice to all parties, setting forth the details of the proposed sale and seeking the Court's  
17 approval for said sale. This shall be done for each proposed sale of any asset of SJCVC in the  
18 possession or control of the Receiver outside of the ordinary course of business.

19 9. The Receiver shall prepare monthly operating reports which shall include a  
20 statement reflecting the Receiver's fees and expenses incurred for said period in the operation and  
21 administration of the Receivership Estate, as well as the fees and expenses of any attorneys,  
22 accountants, Management Agent[s] or other professionals employed by the Receiver ("Interim  
23 Receiver Report").

24 10. Upon completion of an Interim Receiver Report and ten days after mailing the  
25 report to the parties' respective attorneys of record (or via e-mail, at counsel's request) or any  
26 other designated person or agent, the Receiver shall be paid from Receivership Estate funds, if  
27 any, the amount of the invoice as per the Interim Receiver Report as set forth herein. Payment of  
28 the Receiver's fees and administrative expenses shall be submitted to the Court for final approval

1 and confirmation, in the form of either a noticed interim request for fees, stipulation among the  
2 parties, or in monthly interim reports or the Receiver's Final Account and Report.

3 11. The Receiver shall have the power to execute any and all documents (including  
4 documents for the sale of any portion of the Receivership Estate in the normal course of business)  
5 without a specific court order, to close existing bank accounts, money market accounts, CDs or  
6 other financial instruments associated with the Receivership Estate, and shall maintain or  
7 establish accounts at such bank as the Receiver may determine are necessary for the Receivership  
8 Estate for the purpose of securing and depositing the funds of the Receivership Estate collected  
9 by the Receiver, and the Receiver shall have the authority to write checks on such accounts for  
10 the purpose of making any payments required or permitted to be made hereunder by the  
11 Receivership Estate, and the Receiver shall receive the federal tax identification number from  
12 SJCVC or its agents to provide to the bank so as to establish such an account. The Receiver may  
13 also employ a third-party certified accountant to reconcile and review monthly financials.

14 12. The Receiver is authorized and empowered to take possession of all bank accounts  
15 of SJCVC and all cash or other liquid funds, accounts and chattel paper wherever located, and shall  
16 receive possession of any money on deposit in said bank accounts immediately upon appointment.  
17 The receipt by the Receiver for said funds shall discharge said bank from further responsibility  
18 for accounting to said account holder for funds as to which the Receiver shall give his receipt.

19 13. The Receiver may use any federal taxpayer identification numbers of SJCVC  
20 relating to the Receivership Estate for any lawful purpose.

21 14. The Receiver shall, as necessary and appropriate, notify all vendors and suppliers,  
22 known creditors, and any and all others who provide goods or services to the Receivership Estate  
23 of its appointment as Receiver.

24 15. All pending or potential court actions and litigation or other adversarial action  
25 brought by or against SJCVC shall be stayed from entry of this Order, unless the Court, upon a  
26 motion brought by the Receiver or other interested party (providing notice and an opportunity for  
27 interested parties to be heard) orders the stay lifted, extended, or otherwise modified upon a  
28 showing of good cause (the "Litigation Stay"). Pursuant to the Litigation Stay: (i) no individual

1 or entity may sue the Receiver or bring an action with respect to the Receivership Estate without  
2 first obtaining the permission of this Court; and (ii) all civil legal proceedings of any nature,  
3 including, but not limited to, bankruptcy proceedings, arbitration proceedings, mediation  
4 proceedings, foreclosure actions, default proceedings, or other actions of any nature involving the  
5 Receivership Estate are stayed unless the stay is lifted pursuant to this paragraph;

6 16. The Receiver is acting solely in its capacity as a court-appointed Receiver and the  
7 debts of the Receiver are solely the debts of the Receivership Estate. In no event shall the Receiver  
8 or its personnel have any personal liability or obligation for the proper debts of the Receiver  
9 and/or the Receivership Estate.

10 17. If the Receiver receives notice that a bankruptcy has been filed and part of the  
11 bankruptcy estate includes property that is the subject of this Order, the Receiver may file  
12 appropriate motions with the bankruptcy court to remain in possession of such property during  
13 the pendency of the bankruptcy. Upon receiving notice of bankruptcy as set forth above, the  
14 Receiver's authority to preserve the property at issue shall be limited as follows until further  
15 instruction from the bankruptcy court:

16 a. The Receiver may continue to collect income;

17 b. The Receiver may make only those disbursements necessary to preserve  
18 and protect the Receivership Estate, to pay taxes on the Receivership Estate;

19 c. The Receiver shall not execute any contracts, except those which the  
20 Receiver deems necessary to assist it in the discharge of its duties under this Paragraph  
21 18; and

22 d. The Receiver shall do nothing that would effect a material change in the  
23 circumstances of the Receivership Estate. The Receiver may petition the court to retain  
24 legal, counsel to assist the Receiver with issues arising out of the bankruptcy proceedings  
25 that affect the receivership.

26 18. In addition to the powers hereinabove set forth, the Receiver is hereby vested  
27 during its appointment with all powers, authorities, and rights under applicable law possessed by  
28 SJCVC and its officers, directors, members, managers, and general and limited partners of SJCVC

1 under applicable law. In this, the powers of any officers, directors, members, managers, and  
2 general and limited partners of SJCV are hereby suspended and such persons shall have no  
3 authority with respect to SJCV or the Receivership Estate, except which may be granted hereafter  
4 by future order of the Court.

5 19. The Receiver shall be authorized to borrow money, if necessary, in total amounts  
6 and upon such terms as authorized by the Court, to perform its duties during appointment and to  
7 issue Receiver's Certificates of Indebtedness ("Certificates") to evidence such borrowings. With  
8 respect to such borrowings:

9 a. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the principal and interest  
10 evidenced by the Certificates shall be a first and prior lien and security interest upon the  
11 Receivership Estate. The lien of each Certificate shall be prior and superior to the rights,  
12 titles, and interests in the Receivership Estate of all parties to this action and creditors of  
13 SJCV. The lien of each Certificate shall be prior and superior to the interest or lien of all  
14 judgment holders, mechanics' lien claimants, partners, members, managers, officers,  
15 directors, shareholders, and creditors of SJCV; and

16 b. Nothing herein shall obligate any party to advance all or any part of the  
17 borrowings authorized herein;

18 20. SJCV and its agents, servants, members, managers, principals, officers, affiliates,  
19 employees, representatives, and all other persons and entities who are successors in interest to or  
20 who are acting in concert or participating with them, or any of them are hereby restrained and  
21 enjoined from engaging in or performing, directly or indirectly, any of the following acts:

22 a. Retaining possession of the Receivership Estate or any other portion of the  
23 Receivership Estate, including any assets of the Receivership Estate as to which the  
24 Receiver has requested be turned over;

25 b. Expending, disbursing, transferring, assigning, selling, conveying,  
26 devising, pledging, mortgaging, creating a security interest in, encumbering, concealing  
27 or in any manner whatsoever dealing in or disposing of the whole or any part of the assets  
28 of the Receivership Estate, including, but not limited to, any contract or other agreement

1 concerning the Receivership Estate, without the written consent of the Court first  
2 obtained;

3 c. Demanding, collecting, receiving, expending, disposing, assigning,  
4 secreting or in any other way diverting, using or making unavailable to the Receiver any  
5 asset of the Receivership Estate or any of the rents, issues, proceeds, or profits thereof;

6 d. Doing any act which will, or which will tend to, impair, defeat, divert,  
7 prevent, or prejudice the preservation of the Receivership Estate or creditor's interest  
8 therein, in whatever form the interest is held or used as of this date, pending further  
9 proceedings in this action;

10 e. Destroying, altering, concealing, transferring or failing to preserve any  
11 document and other record (including records maintained in electronic form) which  
12 evidences, reflects, relates, or pertains to SJCV, including (without limitation) the factual  
13 basis of any actual or anticipated lawsuit involving SJCV, or SJCV's disposition of the  
14 Receivership Estate, or any part thereof; and

15 f. Interfering in any manner with the operation of the Receivership Estate or  
16 the Receiver's possession thereof, including, without limitation, interfering with the  
17 Receiver's efforts to secure the Receivership Estate or otherwise interfering with the  
18 management, preservation, protection, maintenance, operation, or control of the  
19 Receivership Estate (including but not limited to) removing funds from estate accounts,  
20 and/or concealing cash or other funds belonging to the Receivership Estate.

21 21. The Receiver and the interested parties to the Receivership Estate may petition this  
22 Court for instructions in connection with this Order and any further orders which this Court may  
23 make.

24 22. The Receiver shall continue in possession of the Receivership Estate until  
25 discharged by this Court. The Receiver shall also apply to the Court for a formal discharge and  
26 approval of its final accounting no later than sixty days after it relinquishes control of the  
27 Receivership Estate or otherwise ordered by the Court. Until such time as the Receiver's final  
28 report and accounting has been approved by the Court, or by earlier order of this Court, the

1 Receiver shall not turn over any receivership funds to any party or entity without prior Court  
2 order.

3 23. All persons or entities now in possession of any part of the Receivership Estate  
4 must vacate and surrender possession thereof upon the request of the Receiver.

5 24. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the Receiver shall file tax returns on behalf  
6 of SJCVC or the Receivership Estate as required by law.

7 25. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the Receiver shall not be responsible for  
8 paying any expense of SJCVC, or other payables owed to third parties, which payables were due  
9 and owing prior to the appointment of the Receiver. However, the Receiver may, in his sole  
10 discretion, pay costs and expenses incurred prior to the Receiver's appointment if the Receiver  
11 determines in its business judgment that payment of such items is necessary for the preservation,  
12 care and maintenance of the Receivership Estate, or otherwise in the best interests of the  
13 Receivership Estate.

14 26. Unless expressly limited herein, the Receiver shall be further granted all powers  
15 given to an equity receiver, provided by N.R.S. Chapter 32 and/or common law.

16 27. Larry Bertsch is acting solely in his capacity as Receiver and no risk, obligation  
17 or expense incurred shall be the personal risk, obligation, or expense of Larry Bertsch, but shall  
18 be the risk, obligation, or expense of the Receivership Estate.

19 28. No individual or entity may sue the Receiver without first obtaining the permission  
20 of this Court.

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1           29.     Individuals or entities interested in the Receivership Estate may contact the  
2 Receiver directly by and through the following individual:

3  
4                   Larry Bertsch  
5                   265 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104  
6                   Las Vegas, Nevada 89119  
7                   (702) 471-7223

8                   **IT IS SO ORDERED**

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13  
14           Respectfully Submitted by:  
15           MUSHKIN & COPPEDGE

\_\_\_\_\_  
16  
17  
18  
19           Read and Approved:  
20           MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES

21           \_\_\_\_\_  
22           MICHAEL R. MUSHKIN, ESQ.,  
23           Nevada Bar No. 2421  
24           L. JOE COPPEDGE, ESQ.,  
25           Nevada Bar. No. 4954  
26           6070 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 270  
27           Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

28           *Attorneys for*  
             *Defendants/Counterclaimants*

\_\_\_\_\_  
             JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ.  
             Nevada Bar No. 9046  
             DANIELLE J. BARRAZA, ESQ.  
             Nevada Bar No. 13822  
             8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue  
             Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

*Attorneys for Plaintiffs/Counterdefendants*

# **EXHIBIT 7**

# **EXHIBIT 7**



Michael R. Mushkin, Esq.  
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L. Joe Coppedge, Esq.  
Nevada Bar No. 4954  
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Michael@mccnvlaw.com  
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*Attorneys for Defendant and Counterclaimants*  
*5148 Spanish Heights, LLC and*  
*CBC Partners I, LLC*

**DISTRICT COURT**

**CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

SPANISH HEIGHTS ACQUISITION  
COMPANY, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability  
Company; SJC VENTURES HOLDING  
COMPANY, LLC, d/b/a SJC VENTURES,  
LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company,

Plaintiffs,

v.

CBC PARTNERS I, LLC, a foreign Limited  
Liability Company; CBC PARTNERS, LLC, a  
foreign Limited Liability Company; 5148  
SPANISH HEIGHTS, LLC, a Nevada Limited  
Liability Company; KENNETH ANTOS AND  
SHEILA NEUMANN-ANTOS, as Trustees of  
the Kenneth & Sheila Antos Living Trust and  
the Kenneth M. Antos & Sheila M. Neumann-  
Antos Trust; DACIA, LLC, a foreign Limited  
Liability Company; DOES I through X; and  
ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,

Defendants.

AND RELATED MATTERS

Case No. A-20-813439-B

Dept. No.: 11

**ORDER APPOINTING RECEIVER**

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THE COURT FINDS that a receiver over SJC Ventures, LLC (“SJCv”) is appropriate at this time given the evidence presented during the trial of this matter, as well as Judge Denton’s findings in the *TGC/Farkas Funding, LLC v. First 100, LLC* matter before the Eighth Judicial District Court (Case No. A-20-822273-C).

THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- Page 2 of 4

1 authorities, or responsibilities aside from those explicitly stated in this Order.

2 7. Counterdefendant Bloom is specifically ordered to cooperate with the Receiver in  
3 providing the business records of SJCV and any subsidiary and affiliated entities in which SJCV  
4 has an ownership interest, specifically First 100, LLC and Spanish Heights Acquisition Company,  
5 LLC;

6 8. The Receiver shall be the agent of the Court and shall be accountable directly to  
7 this Court. This Court hereby asserts exclusive jurisdiction The Receiver is authorized to perform  
8 a review and accounting of all of SJCV's assets, holdings, and interests. The Receiver is  
9 empowered to use any and all lawful means to identify the assets, rights, holdings, and interests  
10 of SJCV and any subsidiary and affiliated entities in which SJCV has an ownership interest,  
11 specifically First 100, LLC and Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC; The Receiver is  
12 acting solely in its capacity as a court-appointed Receiver and the debts of the Receiver are solely  
13 the debts of the Receivership Estate. In no event shall the Receiver or its personnel have any  
14 personal liability or obligation for the proper debts of the Receiver and/or the Receivership Estate.

15 9. The Receiver and the interested parties to the Receivership Estate may petition this  
16 Court for instructions in connection with this Order and any further orders which this Court may  
17 make.

18 10. Unless expressly limited herein, the Receiver shall be further granted all powers  
19 given to an equity receiver, provided by N.R.S. Chapter 32 and/or common law.

20 11. Larry Bertsch is acting solely in his capacity as Receiver and no risk, obligation  
21 or expense incurred shall be the personal risk, obligation, or expense of Larry Bertsch.

22 12. No individual or entity may sue the Receiver without first obtaining the permission  
23 of this Court.

24 ///

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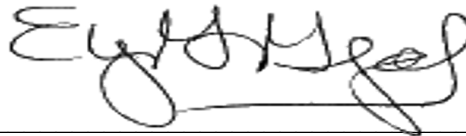
26 ///

1           13.     Individuals or entities interested in the Receivership Estate may contact the  
2 Receiver directly by and through the following individual:

3  
4                   Larry Bertsch  
5                   265 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104  
6                   Las Vegas, Nevada 89119  
7                   (702) 471-7223

8                   **IT IS SO ORDERED**

9                   **Dated this 10th day of August, 2021**

10                     
11                   \_\_\_\_\_

12                   **E9A D44 3F77 4620**  
13                   **Elizabeth Gonzalez**  
14                   **District Court Judge**

15                   Respectfully Submitted by:  
16                   MUSHKIN & COPPEDGE

17                   Read and Approved:  
18                   MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES

19                   /s/Michael R. Mushkin  
20                   MICHAEL R. MUSHKIN, ESQ.,  
21                   Nevada Bar No. 2421  
22                   L. JOE COPPEDGE, ESQ.,  
23                   Nevada Bar. No. 4954  
24                   6070 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 270  
25                   Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

26                   Did Not Approve  
27                   JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ.  
28                   Nevada Bar No. 9046  
                    DANIELLE J. BARRAZA, ESQ.  
                    Nevada Bar No. 13822  
                    8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue  
                    Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

*Attorneys for*  
                    *Defendants/Counterclaimants*

*Attorneys for Plaintiffs/Counterdefendants*

1 **CSERV**

2  
3 DISTRICT COURT  
4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

5  
6 Spanish Heights Acquisition  
7 Company LLC, Plaintiff(s)

CASE NO: A-20-813439-B

8 vs.

DEPT. NO. Department 11

9 CBC Partners I LLC,  
10 Defendant(s)

11 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

12  
13 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District  
14 Court. The foregoing Order Granting Motion was served via the court's electronic eFile  
system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:

15 Service Date: 8/10/2021

16 MGA Docketing

docket@mgalaw.com

17 Karen Foley

kfoley@mccnvlaw.com

18 Michael Mushkin

michael@mccnvlaw.com

19 Kimberly Yoder

kyoder@mccnvlaw.com

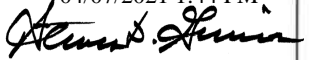
20 Jady Hayes

jhayes@mccnvlaw.com

21  
22  
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# **EXHIBIT 8**

# **EXHIBIT 8**

  
CLERK OF THE COURT

FFCL

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

TGC/FARKAS FUNDING, LLC,

Plaintiff/Judgment Creditor,

vs.

FIRST 100, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability  
Company; FIRST ONE HUNDRED  
HOLDINGS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability  
company aka 1<sup>st</sup> ONE HUNDRED HOLDINGS  
LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company,

Defendants/ Judgment Debtors.

CASE NO. A-20-822273-C  
DEPT. 13

**FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF  
LAW, & ORDER RE EVIDENTIARY  
HEARING**

**Hearing Date: March 3 and 10, 2021**

**FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW & ORDER**

**INTRODUCTION**

The above-captioned matter has involved motion practice regarding several items: 1) the December 18, 2020 order to show cause why Defendants/Judgment Debtors, First 100, LLC (“First 100”) and First One Hundred Holdings aka 1st One Hundred Holdings LLC (“1<sup>st</sup> 100,” and together with First 100, “Defendants”) and Jay Bloom (“Bloom”) should not be found in contempt of court (the “OSC”) for their failures to comply with the Order Confirming Arbitration Award, Denying Countermotion to Modify, and Judgment entered November 17, 2020 (the “Order”), 2) the January 19, 2021 motion to enforce settlement and vacate post-judgment discovery proceedings filed by Defendants (the “Motion to Enforce”), which was denied without prejudice pending the resolution of outstanding questions of fact following the evidentiary hearing, 3) the January 26, 2021 countermotion for sanctions (“Countermotion for Sanctions”) filed by Plaintiff/Judgment Creditor TGC/Farkas Funding, LLC (“Plaintiff”) in conjunction with its opposition to the Motion to Enforce, which was denied without prejudice pending the evidentiary hearing, and 4) the February 19, 2021 motion for sanctions filed by Plaintiff in conjunction with Plaintiff’s motion to compel that was reserved for resolution following the evidentiary hearing (the “Motion for Sanctions”). The Court held the evidentiary

**MARK R. DENTON**  
DISTRICT JUDGE

DEPARTMENT THIRTEEN  
LAS VEGAS, NV 89155

1 hearing on March 3, 2021 and March 10, 2021 (the “hearing”) to resolve the Claims. Erika Pike  
2 Turner, Esq. of the law firm of Garman Turner Gordon LLP (“GTG”) appeared on behalf of  
3 Plaintiff, Joseph Gutierrez, Esq. (“Gutierrez”) of the law firm of Maier Gutierrez & Associates  
4 (“MGA”) appeared on behalf of Defendants and Bloom, and evidence was presented by the  
5 parties through exhibits and testimony. Based thereon, the Court finds and concludes, as follows:

### 6 **FINDINGS OF FACT**

7 1. In 2013, Plaintiff was formed for the purpose of facilitating an investment in  
8 Defendants consisting of \$1 million from 50% member TGC 100 Investor, LLC, managed by  
9 Adam Flatto (“Flatto”), and services (aka sweat equity) from 50% member Matthew Farkas  
10 (“Farkas”).<sup>1</sup> In exchange for Plaintiff’s contributions, Plaintiff received a 3% membership  
11 interest in Defendants.<sup>2</sup>

12 2. Defendants are affiliated Nevada limited liability companies governed by nearly  
13 identical operating agreements.<sup>3</sup> At the hearing, Bloom identified himself as a “director” of  
14 Defendants who “participated in the management.”<sup>4</sup> The Secretary of State documents filed by  
15 Bloom on behalf of Defendants do not identify any “directors.”<sup>5</sup> Defendants’ operating  
16 agreements and the Secretary of State records show that since formation, both Defendants have  
17 been single manager-managed with SJ Ventures Holding Company, LLC (“SJV”) appointed the  
18 sole manager with Bloom as the sole manager of SJV.<sup>6</sup>

19 3. The business of Defendants was to acquire HOA liens and then acquire the  
20 underlying properties at foreclosure.<sup>7</sup> Defendants’ active business concluded in 2016, except for  
21 attempts to monetize a judgment obtained in favor of Defendants against Raymond Ngan and his

22 <sup>1</sup> Exhibit 20, PLTF\_154, 170.

23 <sup>2</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTF\_006.

24 <sup>3</sup> Exhibits 7 and 8; Hearing Transcript of Testimony, March 3, 2021 (“3/3 Trans.”), 8:10-16.

25 <sup>4</sup> 3/3 Trans., 160:3-7.

26 <sup>5</sup> Exhibits 25-26.

27 <sup>6</sup> Exhibit 7, §§ 1.19 (designating SJV as Manager); 6.1 (Management by Manager) and PTF\_055; Exhibit 8, §§ 1.19  
(designating SJV as Manager); 6.1 (Management by Manager) and PTF\_082; see also 3/3 Trans., 221:18-23.

28 <sup>7</sup> 3/3 Trans., 159:23-160:2.



1 affiliated entities in 2017 (the “Ngan Judgment”). As Plaintiff did not receive any accounting to  
2 show what happened to Defendants’ business or its assets and had questions, on May 2, 2017,  
3 Plaintiff made a written demand for the books and records of Defendants pursuant to the terms of  
4 Defendants’ operating agreements and NRS 86.241.<sup>8</sup> Defendants did not provide any documents  
5 in response to Plaintiff’s demand, resulting in Plaintiff filing an arbitration demand under a  
6 provision of Defendants’ operating agreements requiring that such matters be determined through  
7 arbitration with the party bringing the matter required to pay all the upfront costs of the  
8 arbitration, subject to reimbursement in the event said party prevailed.<sup>9</sup>

9 4. On September 15, 2020, a 3-arbitrator panel entered a “Decision and AWARD of  
10 Arbitration Panel (1) Compelling Production of Company Records; and Ordering  
11 Reimbursement of [Plaintiff’s] Attorneys’ Fees and Costs” (the “Arb. Award”).<sup>10</sup> The Arb.  
12 Award cited the May 2, 2017 demand as the “initial request for company records that is the  
13 subject of the arbitration demand filed by Plaintiff,” and found that Defendants’ response to that  
14 May 2, 2017 demand was the “first in a long and bad faith effort by [Defendants] to avoid their  
15 statutory and contractual duties to a member to produce requested records.”<sup>11</sup>

16 5. After moving to Las Vegas in 2013, Farkas (Bloom’s brother-in-law)<sup>12</sup> started  
17 working with Bloom on behalf of Defendants and was provided a title of Vice President of  
18 Finance and the primary role of raising capital for Defendants consistent with his background  
19 experience on Wall Street (investment banker, operating a hedge fund, buying and selling  
20 securities).<sup>13</sup> Farkas left his employment with Defendants in the summer of 2016, and thereafter  
21 had very little involvement with Defendants’ operations.<sup>14</sup> During the course of Plaintiff’s efforts

22 <sup>8</sup> Exhibit 1.

23 <sup>9</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTG\_006; Exhibits 7 and 8, § 13.9 (any dispute arising out of or relating to the Operating Agreements  
24 “shall solely be settled by arbitration”).

25 <sup>10</sup> Exhibits 2 and II.

26 <sup>11</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTF\_006.

27 <sup>12</sup> 3/3 Trans., 123:2-13.

28 <sup>13</sup> *Id.*, 84:15- 85:5, 15-21, 89:3-5, 123:14-23.

<sup>14</sup> *Id.*, 124:1-125:21, 141:10-15, 152:6-24.

1 to obtain books and records Bloom has requested and Farkas has signed a series of documents  
2 purporting to bind Plaintiff to its detriment and then argued for enforcement of those documents  
3 based on the fact a signature of Farkas is affixed. This was done despite Plaintiff's affirmative  
4 notice that Farkas did not have authority to bind Plaintiff without Flatto's consent delivered on  
5 July 13, 2017, to Defendants and MGA, as counsel for Defendants, as well as the registered  
6 agent for Defendants,<sup>15</sup> which notice attached a prior notice to Defendants emailed on April 18,  
7 2017, and explained to Defendants that Farkas is not the Plaintiff's manager and Farkas does not  
8 have the authority to bind Plaintiff.<sup>16</sup>

9         6. The Arb. Award conclusively resolved Defendants' multiple arguments that they  
10 were not required to produce the records, including Defendants' argument that Farkas had signed  
11 a form of redemption agreement that released Defendants from any responsibility to make  
12 company records available to Plaintiff.<sup>17</sup> The redemption agreement was deemed irrelevant by  
13 the arbitrators, as Farkas did not have the authority to bind Plaintiff without the consent of Flatto,  
14 as well as there being a lack of performance by Defendants.<sup>18</sup>

15         7. The Arb. Award granted relief in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants "in all  
16 respects" on the claim for books and records of Defendants arising from Defendants' operating  
17 agreements and NRS 86.241<sup>19</sup> and ordered Defendants to "forthwith, but no later than ten (10)  
18 calendar days from the date of this AWARD, make all the requested documents and information  
19 available from both companies to [Plaintiff] for inspection and copying."<sup>20</sup> Fees and costs were  
20 awarded Plaintiff.<sup>21</sup> The Arb. Award further provided that the "Award is in full settlement of all  
21 claims submitted to this arbitration. All claims not expressly granted herein are hereby  
22

23 <sup>15</sup> Exhibit 26, PLTF\_218, and Exhibit 27, PLTF\_235.

24 <sup>16</sup> Exhibit 22.

25 <sup>17</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTF\_007.

26 <sup>18</sup> *Id.*

27 <sup>19</sup> *See* Exhibit 1, PLTF\_002.

28 <sup>20</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTF\_009.

<sup>21</sup> *Id.*

1 denied.”<sup>22</sup>

2 8. Plaintiff commenced this case for the purpose of confirming the Arb. Award. In  
3 response to Plaintiff’s motion to confirm Arb. Award, Defendants filed a countermotion to  
4 modify the Arb. Award and provide for the imposition of expenses to be paid by Plaintiff as a  
5 condition of Defendants furnishing the books and records. Attached to Defendants’  
6 countermotion was Bloom’s declaration contending that Defendants had no funds or employees,  
7 and the only way for Defendants to obtain and furnish the records in compliance with the Arb.  
8 Award would be to have the Court order Plaintiff to first pay expenses.<sup>23</sup> Defendants had an  
9 obligation to arbitrate its request for Plaintiff to pay expenses associated with the production of  
10 the books and records under the arbitration provision of their operating agreements.<sup>24</sup> The Court  
11 analyzed Defendants’ attempt to alter the merits of the Arb. Award to award Defendants’ relief  
12 that was absent from the Arb. Award, and denied the countermotion to modify the Arb. Award as  
13 part of the Order.<sup>25</sup>

14 9. The Order was entered November 17, 2020, constituting a final, appealable  
15 judgment. No appeal was filed by Defendants. On December 18, 2020, the OSC was filed upon  
16 Plaintiff’s application citing no compliance or communicated intention to comply with the Order.  
17 The OSC scheduled a hearing for January 21, 2021.<sup>26</sup> The OSC was served on MGA on  
18 December 18, 2020; in addition, Bloom was personally served with the OSC on December 22,  
19 2020.<sup>27</sup> On December 21, 2020, notices of judgment debtor examinations for each of  
20 Defendants and post-judgment discovery were served on MGA.<sup>28</sup> Bloom was also personally

21  
22 <sup>22</sup> *Id.*

23 <sup>23</sup> Exhibit 3.

24 <sup>24</sup> Exhibits 7 and 8, § 13.9.

25 <sup>25</sup> Exhibit 4, PLTF\_019, ll. 15-27.

26 <sup>26</sup> Exhibit 5.

27 <sup>27</sup> See OSC Certificate of Service (MGA served through Odyssey e-service); Declaration of Service of the OSC on Bloom, filed December 30, 2020.

28 <sup>28</sup> See the December 21, 2020 Notice of Entry of Order for Judgment Debtor Examinations.

1 served with post-judgment discovery under NRCP 69(2) on December 29, 2020.<sup>29</sup>

2 10. On January 19, 2021, Defendants filed the Motion to Enforce on an order  
3 shortening time, arguing that a written settlement agreement dated January 6, 2021 (the  
4 “Settlement Agreement”) executed by Farkas, purportedly on behalf of Plaintiff, and by Bloom,  
5 on behalf of Defendants, mooted the OSC hearing and post-judgment discovery because it  
6 provides for immediate dismissal of the Order, the underlying Arb. Award and other motions  
7 pending in this case, with prejudice. In opposition to the Motion to Enforce, Plaintiff argued that  
8 the Settlement Agreement is not valid and enforceable for multiple reasons, including that it was  
9 executed by Farkas without Flatto’s knowledge or consent and therefore could not bind Plaintiff,  
10 and that the circumstances surrounding the Settlement Agreement, including those underlying the  
11 Motion to Compel, are further evidence of Defendants’ and Bloom’s contempt of this Court’s  
12 Order, warranting sanctions against Defendants and Bloom.

13 11. Defendants’ and Bloom’s response to the OSC filed January 20, 2021  
14 incorporated the Motion to Enforce and reiterated the previously denied argument that no  
15 production of books and records should be required until Plaintiff first pays demanded expenses  
16 associated with the production. Bloom also argued immunity from penalties for contempt as a  
17 non-party to the Order.

18 12. The purported Settlement Agreement expressly provides that upon execution of the  
19 Settlement Agreement, Plaintiff “will file a dismissal with prejudice of the current actions  
20 related to this matter, including the arbitration award and all relation [sic] motions and actions  
21 pending in the District Court.”<sup>30</sup> In exchange, Defendants agreed to pay Plaintiff \$1 million, plus  
22 6% per annum since the date of investment, but contingent on its collection of proceeds from a  
23 sale of the Ngan Judgment.<sup>31</sup> Defendants’ Motion to Enforce seeks specific performance of  
24 Plaintiff’s obligation under the Settlement Agreement to effectuate dismissal of this case, with  
25 prejudice.

26 <sup>29</sup> See the Declarations of Service of Subpoena on Bloom, filed January 5 and January 7, 2021.

27 <sup>30</sup> Exhibit 13, PLTF\_106.

28 <sup>31</sup> *Id.*

1           13.     On the evening of January 14, 2021, Raffi Nahabedian, Esq. (“Nahabedian”)  
2 made the first mention of a settlement to Plaintiff in connection with his demand for substitution  
3 of counsel for Plaintiff in the case,<sup>32</sup> and by the next day, January 15, 2021, even before the  
4 Settlement Agreement was disclosed to Plaintiff, Plaintiff immediately sent notice of repudiation  
5 to Defendants through its counsel of record, GTG.<sup>33</sup> On January 19, 2021, the Motion to Enforce  
6 was filed, attaching the Settlement Agreement- the first time that the Settlement Agreement was  
7 provided Plaintiff after its execution.<sup>34</sup> On January 26, 2021, Plaintiff filed an Opposition to the  
8 Motion to Enforce, reiterating its repudiation upon the declarations of both Flatto and Farkas.<sup>35</sup>

9           14.     From the January 7, 2021 execution of the Settlement Agreement through the  
10 time of Plaintiff’s repudiation (and continuing to the date of the hearing), Defendants did not  
11 ever pay, or make any attempt to tender payment to Plaintiff in performance of its obligations  
12 under the Settlement Agreement.<sup>36</sup> To the contrary, the only evidence of Defendants’  
13 performance pursuant to the Settlement Agreement was Bloom’s efforts in conjunction with his  
14 counsel to secure dismissal of the Order and underlying Arb. Award to Plaintiff’s detriment.<sup>37</sup>

15           15.     Farkas, as the purported agent, testified clearly that he did not believe he had  
16 authority to enter into the Settlement Agreement (or that he was signing a Settlement Agreement  
17 on behalf of Plaintiff), and that Bloom understood that.<sup>38</sup>

18           16.     Under the operating agreement for Plaintiff dated October 21, 2013, Farkas was  
19 designated the “Administrative Member” with authority to bind Plaintiff, but only “after  
20 consultation with, and upon the consent of, all Members [to wit: Flatto for TGC Investor].”<sup>39</sup>  
21 Farkas testified that once Farkas left his employment with Defendants, he effectively stepped out

22 <sup>32</sup> Exhibit 11, PLTF\_097.

23 <sup>33</sup> Exhibit 25.

24 <sup>34</sup> See Exhibit 38, PLTF\_405 (Nahabedian’s email).

25 <sup>35</sup> Exhibits FF and J.

26 <sup>36</sup> 3/3 Trans., 71:14-72:3, 138:19-21, 140:7-141:15, 215:15-18, 216:2-4, 18-21, 217:3-13.

27 <sup>37</sup> See, e.g., Exhibit 28.

28 <sup>38</sup> Exhibit FF, ¶ 17, 3/3 Trans., 118:19-119:2, 128:18-131:4, 154:13-15.

<sup>39</sup> Exhibit 20, §§ 3.4(a), 4.1(c).

1 of a management role with Plaintiff and left everything to Flatto and counsel, whether or not that  
2 was reflected in a formal amendment to Plaintiff's operating agreement.<sup>40</sup> Further, whether  
3 Defendants could rely on the signature of Farkas alone to bind Plaintiff was specifically  
4 addressed in multiple communications to Defendants. First, there was the April 18, 2017  
5 email,<sup>41</sup> then the July 13, 2017 letter<sup>42</sup> (attaching the April 18, 2017 email and further stating  
6 "Farkas is not the manager." "Farkas does not have the authority to bind [Plaintiff]"), and then  
7 there was the Arb. Award's conclusion that a document executed by Farkas was irrelevant  
8 without the consent of Flatto as Farkas' signature alone did not bind Plaintiff.<sup>43</sup>

9 17. Following the entry of the Arb. Award, on September 17, 2020, Farkas delivered  
10 his written consent to an amended operating agreement governing Plaintiff, which amendment  
11 provides that TGC 100 managed by Flatto had "full, exclusive, and complete discretion, power  
12 and authority" . . . "to manage, control, administer and operate the business and affairs of the  
13 [Plaintiff]."<sup>44</sup> Pursuant to the amendment, Farkas was expressly prevented from taking *any*  
14 action on behalf of Plaintiff, and Flatto had exclusive authority to bind Plaintiff. The purpose of  
15 the amendment was to alleviate pressure on Farkas as a result of his feeling uncomfortable being  
16 adverse to his brother-in-law, Bloom.<sup>45</sup>

17 18. The circumstances surrounding how the Settlement Agreement was prepared and  
18 executed are also relevant. The Settlement Agreement was drafted by Bloom<sup>46</sup> and executed by  
19 Bloom, as manager of Defendants.<sup>47</sup> It is dated January 6, 2021 but was executed by Farkas on  
20 January 7, 2021 at the same time that Farkas executed other documents sent by Bloom to a UPS

21  
22 <sup>40</sup> 3/3 Trans., 108:5-17.

23 <sup>41</sup> Exhibit 21.

24 <sup>42</sup> Exhibit 22, PLTF\_, 179, 190.

25 <sup>43</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTF\_007

26 <sup>44</sup> Exhibit 23.

27 <sup>45</sup> 3/3 Trans., 67:16-68:23; 131:7-13.

28 <sup>46</sup> Id., 193:25-194:2.

<sup>47</sup> Exhibit 13, PLTF\_108.

1 store for Farkas' signing and return.<sup>48</sup> Farkas did not know he was signing a Settlement  
2 Agreement when he signed it,<sup>49</sup> and there is no evidence he intended to bind Plaintiff to anything  
3 when he executed the documents. Notwithstanding the express terms of the Settlement  
4 Agreement providing that the signatories were duly authorized,<sup>50</sup> Farkas did not read that  
5 provision (or any provision)<sup>51</sup> and testified he never otherwise represented to Bloom or anyone  
6 else that he had authority to enter into the Settlement Agreement on behalf of Plaintiff.<sup>52</sup> Farkas  
7 testified he did not negotiate the terms of the Settlement Agreement with Bloom, which is  
8 corroborated by the lack of evidence of any back and forth on terms prior to the agreement being  
9 finalized by Bloom.<sup>53</sup> There is no evidence Bloom provided Farkas a copy of the Settlement  
10 Agreement for Farkas, Flatto or counsel's review prior to sending it to the UPS store with other  
11 documents to be signed.<sup>54</sup> Farkas testified he believed that the documents he signed at the UPS  
12 store related to resolution of a threatened claim against him by Defendants in connection with his  
13 prior employment and included the retention of personal counsel for him.<sup>55</sup> This testimony was  
14 corroborated by Nahabedian's January 14, 2021 correspondence referencing a threat of adverse  
15 action against Farkas from Defendants<sup>56</sup> and the fact that a form of Release between Farkas and  
16 Defendants was executed at the same time as the Settlement Agreement.<sup>57</sup>

17 19. Flatto was clear in his testimony at the hearing that he understood his consent was  
18 required for all decisions made by Plaintiff and he did not hold Farkas out as having authority to  
19 bind Plaintiff without his consent,<sup>58</sup> particularly after Plaintiff made its May 2, 2017 demand for

20 <sup>48</sup> See, e.g., 3/3 Trans., 137:16-24.

21 <sup>49</sup> Exhibit FF, ¶ 16. See 3/3 Trans., 100:15-101-4, 102:14-20, 104:2-5, 115:11-21, 119:9-15, 137:16-24, 156:13-18.

22 <sup>50</sup> Exhibit 13, PLTF\_107, § 14.

23 <sup>51</sup> 3/3 Trans., 103:22, 118:3-9, 119:4-7.

24 <sup>52</sup> *Id.*, 136:16-19.

25 <sup>53</sup> 3/3 Trans., 137:1-8, 13-15.

26 <sup>54</sup> *Id.*, 211:17-25; 213:15-23.

27 <sup>55</sup> See 3/3 Trans., 100:15-101-4, 102:14-20, 104:2-5, 115:11-21, 119:9-15, 137: 16-24, 143:21-25, 156:13-18.

28 <sup>56</sup> Exhibit 11, PLTF\_097.

<sup>57</sup> Exhibit 28, PLTF\_247-253; *see also* Exhibit 16 (text from Bloom threatening adverse action).

<sup>58</sup> 3/3 Trans., 35:23-36:20, 69:1-70:5.

1 books and records. This is corroborated by the 2017 communications to Defendants, his  
2 declaration in the arbitration, the Arb. Award, and the September 2020 amendment to Plaintiff's  
3 operating agreement.<sup>59</sup> Given the communications from Plaintiff in 2017, the Arb. Award, and  
4 no communications to the contrary subsequent to the Arb. Award from Flatto to Defendants, the  
5 Court concludes it was unreasonable for Defendants to believe any agreement entered into with  
6 Plaintiff without Flatto's consent would be valid and enforceable.

7 20. The circumstances surrounding the execution and attempts to enforce the  
8 Settlement Agreement, known to Defendants, further demonstrate that Farkas did not have  
9 apparent authority to bind Plaintiff to the terms of the agreement, which circumstances were  
10 actively concealed from Plaintiff and its counsel of record until the Motion to Compel was  
11 granted and records were produced by Nahabedian. Bloom did not act in good faith in his  
12 dealings with Plaintiff, nor did he give heed to any of the opposing restrictions brought to his  
13 notice.

14 It was revealed from Nahabedian's records:

- 15 • On January 4, 2021, Bloom contacted Nahabedian, Bloom's personal counsel on  
16 another matter,<sup>60</sup> via phone to discuss Nahabedian representing Plaintiff.<sup>61</sup> Within  
17 minutes of hanging up the phone, Nahabedian emailed Bloom an attorney retainer  
18 agreement for Farkas to execute *on behalf of Plaintiff* for Nahabedian to  
19 represent Plaintiff in this case.<sup>62</sup> Farkas was never advised Nahabedian was being  
20 hired to be Plaintiff's lawyer and he thought Nahabedian was going to be his  
21 personal counsel.<sup>63</sup> Farkas did not understand that Nahabedian was Bloom's

22  
23 <sup>59</sup> Exhibits 2, 21-23, E, ¶ 5; 3/3 Trans. 59:23-60:20.

24 <sup>60</sup> See *Nevada Speedway v. Bloom, et al.*, Case No. A-20-809882-B of the Eighth Jud. Dist. Court (showing  
25 Nahabedian represented Bloom in the relevant January 2021 time period), 3/3 Trans., 13-15; 3/10 Trans., 45:11-19.  
Nahabedian was also former counsel for Defendants. 3/10 Trans., 20-22. Further, MGA is Nahabedian's personal  
counsel. 3/10 Trans., 45:23-46:1.

26 <sup>61</sup> Exhibit 30; 3/10 Trans., 48:6-21.

27 <sup>62</sup> Exhibit 28, PLTF\_240-244.

28 <sup>63</sup> 3/3 Trans., 149:25-150:7.



1 personal counsel.<sup>64</sup> Bloom was even planning to advance the retainer to  
2 Nahabedian (although Nahabedian did not charge one notwithstanding his  
3 attorney retainer agreement provides its payment is a condition of his  
4 employment).<sup>65</sup>

- 5 • On January 7, 2021, at 1:58 pm, Bloom emailed the following documents  
6 (collectively, the “Bloom Documents”) to a UPS store near Farkas’ home: 1) the  
7 Settlement Agreement, 2) the Nahabedian attorney retainer agreement, 3) a letter,  
8 dated January 6, 2021, directed to Plaintiff’s counsel, GTG, with Farkas  
9 purporting to terminate them,<sup>66</sup> and 4) a Release, Hold Harmless and  
10 Indemnification Agreement (“Release”). Together with the attached Bloom  
11 Documents, Bloom emailed directions to the UPS store that Farkas would be in,  
12 they should print one copy of each of the four documents, and once Farkas signs  
13 them, they should scan the signed documents, email than back to Bloom, and mail  
14 the hard copies to Bloom.<sup>67</sup> The Bloom Documents were **not** emailed or otherwise  
15 delivered to Farkas (let alone Flatto or GTG) at any time, before or  
16 after the UPS store was emailed the Bloom Documents, despite that Bloom knew  
17 Farkas’ email address.<sup>68</sup>
- 18 • On January 7, 2021, at 2:40 pm (less than 45 minutes after they were first sent by  
19 Bloom), the UPS Store emailed Bloom a copy of the scanned, signed Bloom  
20 Documents.<sup>69</sup> On January 7, 2021, at 2:48 pm, Bloom forwarded the executed  
21 Bloom Documents to MGA attorneys Gutierrez and Jason Maier, Esq. (“Maier”),  
22 and Nahabedian via email with an exclamation “Here you go!” and follow-up

23 <sup>64</sup> 3/3 Trans., 150:25-151:1; 3/10 Trans., 48:6-49:2.

24 <sup>65</sup> 3/10 Trans., 35:5-16

25 <sup>66</sup> The letter was not written by Farkas, and he did not review or approve of its contents. 3/3 Trans., 148:25-149:24.

26 <sup>67</sup> Exhibit 28, PLTF\_245.

27 <sup>68</sup> See Exhibit 17, PLTF\_123.

28 <sup>69</sup> Exhibit 28, PLTF\_245-261.

1 instructions to “get the Substitution of Attorney and Stip to Dismiss filed *for*  
2 *[Plaintiff]* and put this to bed in the next day or two...”<sup>70</sup> Bloom was directing  
3 action on behalf of both Defendants and Plaintiff to effectuate dismissal of the  
4 case, despite that he and Defendants were adverse to Plaintiff.

- 5 • On January 8, 2021, Nahabedian informed Bloom and Gutierrez that he needed a  
6 substitution of counsel to be executed by Farkas and GTG so that he could  
7 effectuate the dismissal, and Bloom explained that getting Farkas to “sign stuff is  
8 a pain in the ass.”<sup>71</sup> The next day, Bloom explained to Nahabedian and Gutierrez  
9 (together with other MGA attorneys Maier and Danielle Barraza) that his  
10 intention was to “put in front of [Farkas]” further documents “for a second set of  
11 signatures.” Bloom followed, “I’ll have [Farkas] sign everything tomorrow.”<sup>72</sup>
- 12 • Nahabedian started to question Farkas’ authority to bind Plaintiff, but only to  
13 Bloom and MGA.<sup>73</sup> Notwithstanding that Nahabedian had still not had any email,  
14 text or one-on-one communication with Farkas in order to confirm his authority,<sup>74</sup>  
15 on January 14, 2021, Nahabedian sent correspondence to GTG as counsel for  
16 Plaintiff,<sup>75</sup> representing that he was hired to replace GTG. This correspondence  
17 was the first time it was disclosed to Plaintiff that there was an executed settlement  
18 agreement,<sup>76</sup> although the agreement was not attached to Nahabedian’s  
19 correspondence. Farkas did not participate in the drafting of Nahabedian’s  
20 January 14, 2021 correspondence, and he did not approve it before it was sent.<sup>77</sup>  
21 The correspondence was drafted by Maier (Defendants and Bloom’s counsel in

22 <sup>70</sup> *Id.* at PLTF\_245 (emphasis added).

23 <sup>71</sup> *Id.* at PLTF\_266.

24 <sup>72</sup> *Id.* at PLTF\_278.

25 <sup>73</sup> *Id.* at PLTF\_281, 284, 288.

26 <sup>74</sup> Exhibits 28-30; 3/10 Trans., 85:1-9.

27 <sup>75</sup> Exhibit 11.

28 <sup>76</sup> *Id.* at PLTF-097.

<sup>77</sup> 3/3 Trans., 144:22-148:24.

1 this case), revised by Nahabedian (Bloom's counsel in another matter purporting  
2 to be acting on behalf of Plaintiff), and then approved by Bloom and Gutierrez  
3 (also Defendants and Bloom's counsel) before it was sent.<sup>78</sup>

4 21. Farkas and Flatto were conspicuously absent from any communications with  
5 Nahabedian for the purpose of effectuating dismissal of the case pursuant to the Settlement  
6 Agreement's terms or confirming authority to bind Plaintiff. Confronted at the hearing with the  
7 fact that Nahabedian did not communicate with Plaintiff's representative, but communicated  
8 with Plaintiff's adversaries, MGA and Bloom, relating to his purported representation of  
9 Plaintiff, Nahabedian testified that he took direction from Bloom because Bloom was Farkas'  
10 brother-in-law and his "conduit."<sup>79</sup> This exemplifies the lack of apparent authority from  
11 Plaintiff. At all relevant times, Bloom and his companies, Defendants, were adverse to Plaintiff  
12 with pending contempt proceedings against them, and under no circumstances should he have  
13 been directing Plaintiff's counsel without any member of Plaintiff's participation.

14 22. Although there is dispute between Farkas and Bloom regarding when Bloom was  
15 specifically informed that Farkas was removed from having *any* management interest in  
16 Plaintiff in September 2020,<sup>80</sup> Bloom and Nahabedian both knew that Farkas had officially  
17 resigned his management position in September 2020 by at least the time the Motion to Enforce  
18 was filed.<sup>81</sup> Despite learning of the restriction on Farkas' authority, Bloom and his counsel<sup>82</sup>  
19 were unfazed and moved forward on their enforcement efforts.

20 23. Bloom's refusal to recognize inconvenient limitations on Farkas' authority was  
21 shown to be pervasive and reckless. Given the arbitrators' expressly stated determination that

22 <sup>78</sup> PLTF\_311, 316-317, 318, 323, 328-332.

23 <sup>79</sup> 3/10 Trans., 51:17-20.

24 <sup>80</sup> Exhibit FF, ¶¶ 8, 17, 3/3 Trans., 136:12-21, 198:2-21, 212:21-22; Exhibit 15, ¶¶ 19-21. At the Hearing, Bloom  
25 testified that the January 9-11 time subject of his sworn declaration submitted to the Court in support of the Reply in  
26 support of the Motion to Enforce was qualified by "on or about" because the dates were not certain; however, the  
27 timing of January 9-11 are actually consistent with the timing that Nahabedian started inquiring about Farkas'  
28 authority. Exhibit 28, PLTF\_281.

<sup>81</sup> Exhibit 15, ¶¶ 19-21; Exhibit 28, PLTF\_366.

<sup>82</sup> Maier is the only declarant in the Motion to Enforce.

1 Flatto's consent was required to bind Plaintiff (before the September 2020 amendment was  
2 entered), the Court finds that no reasonably intelligent person with knowledge of that Arb.  
3 Award would once again attempt to enforce an agreement without Flatto's consent. In the  
4 hearing, Bloom testified he did not heed the Arb. Award because the evidence relied upon by the  
5 arbitrators in the arbitration hearing, to wit: a declaration provided by Farkas, was false.<sup>83</sup>  
6 Farkas testified unequivocally in rebuttal at the hearing that the contents of the declaration  
7 submitted to the arbitrators was reviewed by him, approved, and the contents were truthful.<sup>84</sup>  
8 Farkas' testimony, as well as the arbitrator's decision, is corroborated by the other documents in  
9 evidence, and the Court finds there is no support for Bloom's allegation of perjury.<sup>85</sup>

10 24. Not only did Bloom disregard the Arb. Award, but also the basis for the Arb.  
11 Award, including the April 18, 2017 email to Defendants providing notice that Farkas cannot  
12 bind Plaintiff without Flatto's consent in addition to the declarations of Flatto and Farkas.<sup>86</sup>  
13 Further, on July 13, 2017, Plaintiff also sent written correspondence to MGA<sup>87</sup> representing  
14 Farkas is "not the manager" of Plaintiff and that "Farkas does not have the authority to bind  
15 [Plaintiff]."<sup>88</sup> Bloom did not heed any of the notices of Farkas' restricted authority to bind  
16 Plaintiff.

17 25. In the Motion to Enforce, Maier testified<sup>89</sup> that Farkas had authority based on  
18 Plaintiff's engagement letter with GTG, which Farkas executed as a member of Plaintiff "and  
19

20 <sup>83</sup> 3/3 Trans., 201:1-6; *see also* 200:10-20 (disregarding notices of restricted authority of Farkas), 203:2-11 (limiting  
the holding to the authority to execute the redemption agreement without limitation of a settlement agreement).

21 <sup>84</sup> 3/10 Trans., 87:25-88:14.

22 <sup>85</sup> *See, e.g.*, Exhibit 21-22 (the 2017 communications to Defendants) and Exhibit A, FIRST0031-32 (the redemption  
agreement including Farkas' signature as "VP Finance"- the title he had with Defendants, and no reference to  
Plaintiff).

23 <sup>86</sup> Exhibit 2, PLTF\_007.

24 <sup>87</sup> At the Hearing, Defendants argued that no notice was effective without being sent certified mail pursuant to the  
Subscription Agreement. However, MGA has been counsel for Defendants even since before the subject disputes  
25 arose in May 2017, and MGA was the registered agent for Defendants in July 2017 when the letter was sent.  
Exhibit 26, PLTF\_218.; Exhibit 27, PLTF\_235.

26 <sup>88</sup> Exhibit 22.

27 <sup>89</sup> Motion to Enforce, 3:1-6.

1 also interlineated a restriction of no litigation against First 100.” Flatto executed the engagement  
2 letter along with Farkas as a “member,”<sup>90</sup> and the interlineation on the engagement letter was  
3 made by Flatto’s lawyer and not Farkas, and the interlineation did not restrict litigation, only  
4 served to place a cap on fees except to the extent the scope expanded to include litigation.<sup>91</sup>

5 26. In addition, Maier testified in support of the Motion to Enforce<sup>92</sup> that Plaintiff’s  
6 operating agreement provided the apparent authority for Farkas to bind Plaintiff to the terms of  
7 the Settlement Agreement. Section 3.4 of the operating agreement, which was in effect prior to  
8 September 2020, provides that the Administrative Member (Farkas) could not act without first  
9 obtaining the consent of the other members (Flatto).<sup>93</sup> At Section 4.4, it provides that persons  
10 dealing with Plaintiff are entitled to rely conclusively upon the power and authority of the  
11 Administrative Member (Farkas until September 2020).<sup>94</sup> However, by the time of the Motion  
12 to Enforce, Defendants and Bloom had received notice of the amendment executed in  
13 September 2020 that changed the Administrative Member to Flatto and Flatto was the only  
14 person with authority to bind Plaintiff subsequent to that date.<sup>95</sup> In addition, the entry of the  
15 Arb. Award and 2017 communications providing notice of a restriction on Farkas’ authority  
16 post-dated the operating agreement, negating Defendants’ ability to conclusively rely upon  
17 Farkas’ signature as binding authority under Section 4.4.

18 27. Finally, there was a lack of good faith in Bloom’s dealings with his brother-in-law  
19 in order to obtain the signed Bloom Documents with haste and in intentional disregard of the  
20 restrictions set forth in the Arb. Award, the April 13, 2017 email and July 13, 2017 letter. At a  
21 minimum, Bloom was placed on notice that Plaintiff would dispute any document signed by  
22 Farkas without Flatto’s knowledge and consent. Further, given that the Bloom Documents were

23 <sup>90</sup> Exhibit 28, PLTF\_299-300.

24 <sup>91</sup> 3/3 Trans., 33:1-19; Exhibit 28, PLTF\_298.

25 <sup>92</sup> Motion to Enforce, 3:6-11.

26 <sup>93</sup> Exhibit 20, PLTF\_159.

27 <sup>94</sup> *Id.* at Exhibit 20, PLTF\_162.

28 <sup>95</sup> *See* fn. 81 above.

1 sent by Bloom to the UPS store for execution and they were returned by the UPS Store in less  
2 than an hour signed by Farkas, it was not reasonable for Bloom to believe that that was  
3 sufficient time for Farkas to review them, understand what he was signing, somehow  
4 communicate the matters to Flatto, receive the benefit of counsel regarding the terms, and  
5 receive Flatto's consent.

6 28. Under all the circumstances, the Court finds it was unreasonable for Bloom to  
7 ignore the notices of the restrictions that Farkas did not have authority to bind Plaintiff without  
8 Flatto's consent, and the Court thus concludes that there was a lack of apparent authority for  
9 Farkas to bind Plaintiff to the Settlement Agreement.

10 29. The Settlement Agreement expressly provides that, in exchange for dismissal, if  
11 Defendants sell the Ngan Judgment, Defendants will pay Plaintiff \$1,000,000.00, plus 6%  
12 interest.<sup>96</sup> There is no evidence of any actual sale, or even ability to sell<sup>97</sup> the Ngan Judgment  
13 for a sufficient sum to pay Plaintiff \$1,000,000.00 plus interest. Further, Defendants' promise  
14 for payment in the future upon a sale of the Ngan Judgment is particularly speculative upon the  
15 concession that the Ngan Judgment has not resulted in any collections since its entry in 2017,  
16 despite diligent collection efforts from MGA and other collection counsel.<sup>98</sup>

17 30. Further, per Defendants' operating agreements, Plaintiff is already entitled to *pro*  
18 *rata* distributions with the other members of the net proceeds from any sale.<sup>99</sup> Given the "if"  
19 qualifier of payment, and no sale amount that could be used to calculate whether Plaintiff would  
20 ostensibly receive more or less with the Settlement Agreement than with a distribution as a  
21 member, the Settlement Agreement does not support a finding of consideration beyond what  
22 Plaintiff could ostensibly already be entitled to recover from Defendants following a sale of the  
23 Ngan Judgment if it were to ever occur.

24 <sup>96</sup> Exhibit 13, PLTF\_106.

25 <sup>97</sup> Under Defendants' operating agreements, the sale of the only remaining asset of Defendants would require  
26 approval of Defendants' members. Exhibits 7 and 8, §6.1(B)(1).

27 <sup>98</sup> 3/3 Trans., 217:18-24. 218:9-15.

28 <sup>99</sup> Exhibits 7 and 8, Article V.

1           31.       Additionally, the Release was not disclosed until after the hearing on the Motion  
2 to Compel. After its discovery, Defendants and Bloom were conspicuously silent on the  
3 Release's application, which under the plain terms would eliminate any consideration provided  
4 Plaintiff under the Settlement Agreement, by virtue of the express, broad release of the parties  
5 to the Release (Farkas and Defendants) as well as their representatives and affiliates from any  
6 and all claims, promises, damages or liabilities of every kind and nature whatsoever from the  
7 beginning of time until the January 6, 2021 effective date of the Release, covering any future  
8 liability under the Settlement Agreement also dated January 6, 2021.

9           32.       “A meeting of the minds exists when the parties have agreed upon the contract's  
10 essential terms.” *Certified Fire Prot. Inc. v. Precision Constr.*, 128 Nev. 371, 378, 283 P.3d 250,  
11 255 (2012).

12           Neither Plaintiff, Flatto, nor Plaintiff's known counsel, GTG, saw or reviewed the  
13 Settlement Agreement before it was executed by Farkas.<sup>100</sup> Farkas had not even reviewed it.  
14 The only time that Farkas had to review the Settlement Agreement's terms was during those  
15 minutes he was at the UPS store and the Settlement Agreement was provided with the other  
16 documents for his signature. Even after the Settlement Agreement was executed, Bloom, MGA  
17 and Nahabedian did not forward the Settlement Agreement to Farkas, Flatto or GTG. The first  
18 time Plaintiff received a copy of the Settlement Agreement was when it was attached to the  
19 Motion to Enforce.

20           33.       Conceding that Bloom never negotiated the Settlement Agreement with Plaintiff,  
21 Bloom's testimony relating to a meeting of the minds on the terms was that Bloom had  
22 discussions with Flatto in 2017 and was in receipt of a communication from Flatto to Farkas  
23 dated January 23, 2017 (before the May 2, 2017 initial demand for Defendants' books and  
24 records), which Farkas forwarded to Bloom on April 27, 2017 asking for a return of his  
25 investment.<sup>101</sup> The Court finds this email and any related 2017 discussions with Flatto cannot be

26           <sup>100</sup> 3/3 Trans., 72:15- 73:5.

27           <sup>101</sup> 3/3 Trans., 203:16-25; Exhibit C, FIRST0188.

1 reasonably construed as Flatto's agreement to the terms of the Settlement Agreement, as there  
2 had been the passage of over three years' time, and in that time, Plaintiff was forced to file the  
3 arbitration and obtain the Order for the production of Defendants' books and records, and the  
4 Settlement Agreement provided for immediate dismissal of the fruits of that litigation, with  
5 prejudice, a term not subject of Flatto's April 2017 email. Further, the Settlement Agreement  
6 does not provide for the payment of funds in exchange for the dismissal of the Order, Arb.  
7 Award and other pending matters. Rather, it provides for the payment of funds if they are ever  
8 received from a sale of the Ngan Judgment, a sale that is speculative as there is no evidence of  
9 any actual sale agreement or proof of funds. The Court finds there was insufficient evidence to  
10 establish a meeting of the minds on the Settlement Agreement's essential terms.

11 34. The Motion to Enforce was filed for the express purpose of avoiding the  
12 consequence of Defendants and Bloom's contempt of the Order. Given the timing, the Court  
13 gives special care to determine if the equities support an order for specific performance. In  
14 addition to those inequities discussed above (lack of consideration, claim and issue preclusion,  
15 concealment of material facts and bad faith), the Court also finds that there are indicia of duress  
16 and fraud here that would prevent specific performance.

17 35. In addition to being the manager of Defendants, Farkas' prior employer, Bloom is  
18 within Farkas' family. Even though the parties stood in an adversarial relationship *vis a vis* this  
19 case, Bloom and Farkas continued to have their familial connection. Under the circumstances, at  
20 a minimum, Bloom had a duty to act with the utmost good faith when dealing with Farkas.  
21 Even though the parties stood in an adversarial relationship here, the circumstances surrounding  
22 Farkas' execution of the Settlement Agreement demonstrate that the documents sent to the UPS  
23 Store for Farkas' execution would not have occurred but-for Bloom's familial relationship with  
24 Farkas. As Farkas testified, "[Bloom] is my brother-in-law. He's family. I didn't think he  
25 would-he would try to do this..."<sup>102</sup> "I trust him as-a brother in law, and as somebody who was  
26 representing to me that he was just trying to help in this part of what was going on....I believe

27 <sup>102</sup> 3/3 Trans., 116:1-21, 119:9-16.  
28



1 that he took advantage of a nuance in the law....I think the way Jay treated me was wrong and  
2 manipulative. And I think he knew exactly what he was doing.”<sup>103</sup>

3 36. Farkas was self-effacing throughout his testimony at the Hearing, explaining that it  
4 was his fault for trusting Bloom and not reading the documents before signing them.<sup>104</sup> If this  
5 was a typical arms’ length transaction with no special duties owed between the persons signing  
6 the subject agreement, Farkas’ admitted failure to even review the documents before signing them  
7 could be a real issue (assuming he had authority in the first place). However, here, the  
8 Court finds that there was a special confidence as a result of a familial relationship that resulted in  
9 Farkas’ blind trust in Bloom and Bloom’s representations to him about the Bloom Documents’  
10 contents.<sup>105</sup>

11 37. Farkas was threatened by Bloom with civil action by Defendants and/or their  
12 members if he did not sign the Settlement Agreement and other documents provided to him by  
13 Bloom, his family member.<sup>106</sup> Farkas felt that he had no choice but to sign any document that  
14 Bloom put in front of him. Farkas involuntarily accepted the Bloom Documents and executed  
15 them without diligence because he believed otherwise he would suffer adverse action he could  
16 not afford to address—a belief that is completely subjective. Where Defendants were only able  
17 to procure Farkas’ signature through the abuse of special confidences, the threat of adverse  
18 action and concealment of the true nature and substance of the Bloom Documents being signed,  
19 enforcement of the Settlement Agreement against the innocent Plaintiff would be inequitable.

20 38. By its OSC, Plaintiff seeks an order compelling Defendants and their principal,  
21 Bloom, to comply with the Order, and to require them to pay the fees and costs incurred in the  
22 enforcement of the Order as necessary to redress the non-compliance. This requested relief is  
23 authorized pursuant to NRS Chapter 22 (Contempts). *See* NRS 22.010(3) (disobedience or  
24 resistance to any lawful writ, order, rule or process issued by the court constitutes contempt) and

25 <sup>103</sup> *Id.*, 154:16-155:23, 156:13-18.

26 <sup>104</sup> *See, e.g.*, 3/3 Trans., 101:7-9, 141:20-25.

27 <sup>105</sup> *Id.* at 102:17-20.

28 <sup>106</sup> 3/3 Trans., 100:19-101:6, 116:15-21, 117:7-8, 119:17-18, 132:3-22, 134:18-21.

1 NRS 22.100-110 (penalties for contempt). The Court is addressing and treating the contempt  
2 proceedings as civil contempt proceedings.

3 39. The Order required Defendants to produce “all the requested documents and  
4 information available from both companies to Plaintiff for inspection and copying, as set forth in  
5 the [Arb. Award] and Exhibit 13 to Claimant’s Appendix to Claimant’s Arbitration Brief.”<sup>107</sup>  
6 “Exhibit 13 to Claimant’s Appendix to Claimant’s Arbitration Brief”<sup>108</sup> provides the following  
7 list of documents to be produced by each of the Defendants:

- 8 1) The Company’s company books, inclusive of any and all  
9 agreements relating to the Company’s governance (Company operating  
10 agreements, amendments, consents and resolutions)
- 11 2) Financial Statements, inclusive of balance sheets and profit & loss  
12 statements
- 13 3) General ledger and back up, inclusive of invoices
- 14 4) Documents sufficient to show the Company’s assets and their  
15 location
- 16 5) Documents relating to value of the Company and/or the  
17 Company’s assets
- 18 6) Documents sufficient to show the Company’s members and their  
19 status, inclusive of any redeemed members
- 20 7) Tax returns for the Company
- 21 8) Documents sufficient to show the accounts payable incurred by the  
22 Company, paid by the Company, and remaining due from the Company
- 23 9) Documents sufficient to show payments made to the Company  
24 managers, members and/or affiliates of any managers or members
- 25 10) Company insurance policies
- 26 11) Documents sufficient to show the status of any Company lawsuits
- 27 12) Documents sufficient to show the use of the Investors’ funds (and  
28 any other members’ investment) with the Company

40. It is undisputed that Defendants have not produced to Plaintiff one record or  
document within this list since entry of the Order.<sup>109</sup>

41. The evidence shows that MGA has custody of certain books and records for  
Defendants, and no excuse was provided for the failure of counsel to deliver what is in their  
custody to Plaintiff in compliance with the Order.<sup>110</sup> Bloom denied having any documents, and

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<sup>107</sup> Exhibit 4, p. 3.

<sup>108</sup> Exhibit 6.

<sup>109</sup> 3/3 Trans., 219:4-9.

<sup>110</sup> See Exhibit 32; 3/10 Trans., 17:2-18:20.

1 said they are all in the custody of Farkas and/or Defendants' former controller, Henricksen (the  
2 "Controller").<sup>111</sup>

3 42. Farkas denies taking any books and records of Defendants with him when he left  
4 his employment with Defendants (indeed, if he had taken books and records with him, that  
5 would have eliminated the need for Plaintiff to request the production of Defendants' books and  
6 records in May 2017).<sup>112</sup> There is no record of any request from Defendants to produce  
7 documents subsequent to May 2, 2017 or any evidence that Farkas was properly designated a  
8 custodian of Defendants' records. To the contrary, Bloom is the only person listed in the  
9 Operating Agreement or the records of the Secretary of State as having the managerial  
10 responsibilities as well as the duties of the registered agent.<sup>113</sup>

11 43. Moreover, the failure to produce even one record demonstrates that the cost of  
12 production is not a credible excuse for Defendants' disobedience of the Order. Relatedly, lack of  
13 funds is no defense to Defendants' performance where there is no evidence of Defendants'  
14 compliance with their own governing documents for the purpose of raising funds to meet the  
15 Order obligations. As set forth at Section 4.2 of the Defendants' respective Operating  
16 Agreements:<sup>114</sup>

17 If necessary and appropriate to enable the Company to meet its costs,  
18 expenses, obligations, and liabilities, and if no lending source is available,  
19 then the Manager shall notify each Class A Member ("Capital Call") of  
20 the need for any additional capital contributions, and such capital demand  
21 shall be made on each Class A Member in proportion to its Class A  
22 Membership Interest....

23 Defendants are not incapable of abiding by the Order; Bloom merely determined to do nothing to  
24 comply with the Order.<sup>115</sup> Bloom's affiliated SJC is the 45.625% Class A Member of First 100.<sup>116</sup>

25 <sup>111</sup> 3/10 Trans., 14:9-18.

26 <sup>112</sup> 3/3 Trans., 125:9-21, 126:11-25; 3/10 Trans., 87:10-24.

27 <sup>113</sup> Exhibits 26 and 27.

28 <sup>114</sup> Exhibits 7 and Exhibit 8, p. 8.

<sup>115</sup> 3/3 Trans., 74:15-20; 3/10 Trans., 7:13-19.

1 The 23.709% Class A Member of 1<sup>st</sup> 100, and Bloom's other affiliates, SJC 1, LLC and SJC 2,  
2 LLC, have further Class A Member interests of 6.708% and 12.208% in 1<sup>st</sup> 100, respectively.<sup>117</sup>  
3 Therefore, Bloom's affiliates have the lion's share of any capital call obligation for either entity  
4 to meet their performance obligation.

5 44. There is no question here that Bloom had notice of the Order, and he even filed a  
6 response to the OSC in conjunction with Defendants. Bloom is the only person appointed under  
7 Defendants' operating agreements and with the Nevada Secretary of State to act as the Manager  
8 of the companies.<sup>118</sup> Throughout Bloom's testimony, he attempted to distance himself from this  
9 manager role and its responsibilities to Defendants. However, Defendants are manager-managed,  
10 and Bloom is expressly the only person with authority or power under the Defendants' operating  
11 agreements to do any act that would be binding on Defendants, or incur any expenditures on  
12 behalf Defendants.<sup>119</sup> Bloom is not only the only Manager listed in the operating agreements and  
13 with the Nevada Secretary of State; he is also the "Registered Agent" with the Nevada Secretary  
14 of State.

15 45. In his Response to the OSC, Bloom argues he is absolutely immune from  
16 contempt proceedings under NRS 86.371, which provides that no member or manager of a  
17 Nevada LLC is individually liable for the debts or liabilities of the company. The subject  
18 contempt is not to address the non-payment of the monetary award that is included in the Order;  
19 it is solely for disobedience and/or resistance of a Court order requiring certain action solely  
20 within Bloom's responsibilities under the Defendants' Operating Agreements and as designated  
21 with the Nevada Secretary of State for each of the Defendants.

22 If any of the foregoing Findings of Fact would be more appropriately deemed to be  
23 Conclusions of Law, they shall be so deemed.

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24 <sup>116</sup> Exhibit 7, p. 28.

25 <sup>117</sup> Exhibit 8, p. 29.

26 <sup>118</sup> Exhibits 7-8, 26-27.

27 <sup>119</sup> Exhibits 7 and 8, Sects. 3.17, 6.1(A).

FROM the foregoing Findings of Fact, the Court makes the following:

### CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. “A settlement agreement, which is a contract, is governed by principles of contract law.” *Mack v. Estate of Mack*, 125 Nev. 80, 95, 206 P.3d 98, 108 (2009) (internal citations omitted). “As such, a settlement agreement will not be an enforceable contract unless there is ‘an offer and acceptance, meeting of the minds, and consideration.’” *Id.*

Because requests to enforce settlement agreements seek “specific performance,” the actions are equitable in nature. *Park W. Companies, Inc. v. Amazon Constr. Corp.*, 473 P.3d 459 (Nev. 2020) (unpublished disposition) (citing *Calabi v. Gov’t Emps. Ins. Co.*, 728 A.2d 2016, 208 (Md. 1999), 81A C.J.S. *Specific Performance* § 2 (2015) (“The remedy of specific performance is equitable in nature” and therefore “governed by equitable principles”)). In addition to the elements of an enforceable contract being required, specific performance as a remedy under the subject contract is available only when: (1) the terms of the contract are definite and certain; (2) the remedy at law is inadequate; (3) the movant has tendered performance; and (4) the court is willing to order specific performance. *Mayfield v. Koroghli*, 124 Nev. 343, 351, 184 P.3d 362, 367 (2008) (citing *Serpa v. Darling*, 107 Nev. 299, 305, 810 P.2d 778, 782 (1991)).

2. Repudiation of a contract prior to performance by either party excuses any performance under the contract by either party. *See Kahle v. Kostiner*, 85 Nev. 355, 358, 455 P.2d 42, 44 (1969) (repudiation requires “a definite unequivocal and absolute intent not to perform” under the contract). Under the circumstances, the Court concludes that Plaintiff’s repudiation prior to any performance excused any further performance obligation under the Settlement Agreement by either party.

3. To bind Plaintiff in an enforceable settlement agreement, Farkas must have had Plaintiff’s actual or apparent authority. *Simmons Self-Storage v. Rib Roof, Inc.*, 130 Nev. 540, 549, 331 P.3d 850, 856 (2014) (citing *Dixon v. Thatcher*, 103 Nev., 414, 417, 742 P.2d 1029, 1031 (1987)).

4. “An agent acts with actual authority when, at the time of taking action that has

1 legal consequences for the principal, the agent reasonably believes, in accordance with the  
2 principal's manifestations to the agent, that the principal wishes the agent so to act.” *Simmons*  
3 *Self-Storage*, at 549, 331 P.3d at 856 (citing Restatement (Third) of Agency § 2.01 (2006)).

4 When examining whether actual authority exists, the courts are to focus on an agent's reasonable  
5 belief. *Id.* (citing § 2.02 & cmt. e (“Whether an agent's belief is reasonable is determined from  
6 the viewpoint of a reasonable person in the agent's situation under all of the circumstances of  
7 which the agent has notice.”)).

8 5. Without any appreciation for all that he was signing at the UPS store, Farkas did  
9 not consult with Flatto or counsel for Plaintiff regarding the Settlement Agreement.<sup>120</sup> Farkas’  
10 belief he lacked consent to bind Plaintiff to the terms of the Settlement Agreement was  
11 reasonable under the circumstances. In particular, at all times, actions taken on behalf of  
12 Plaintiff required Flatto’s consent and the failure to obtain the consent of Flatto is conclusive  
13 evidence that Farkas’ belief that he lacked authority to bind Plaintiff when he executed the  
14 Settlement Agreement was reasonable. Accordingly, the Court concludes Farkas did not have  
15 actual authority to bind Plaintiff under the Settlement Agreement.

16 6. An agent has apparent authority where the “principal holds his agent out as  
17 possessing or permits him to exercise or to represent himself as possessing” and “there must also  
18 be evidence of the principal's knowledge and acquiescence.” *Simmons Self-Storage v. Rib Roof,*  
19 *Inc.*, 130 Nev. 540, 550, 331 P.3d 850, 857 (2014)(quoting *Ellis v. Nelson*, 68 Nev. 410, 418–19,  
20 233 P.2d 1072, 1076 (1951)). Thus, “[a]pparent authority (when in excess of actual authority)  
21 proceeds on the theory of equitable estoppel; it is in effect an estoppel against the [principal] to  
22 deny agency when by his conduct he has clothed the agent with apparent authority to act.” *Ellis*  
23 *v. Nelson*, 68 Nev. 410, 418–19, 233 P.2d 1072, 1076 (1951). Moreover, to be clothed with  
24 apparent authority, there “must also be evidence of the principal's knowledge and acquiescence in  
25 them.” *Id.* There is no authority “simply because the party claiming has acted upon his  
26 conclusions.” *Id.* There can only be apparent authority, “where a person of ordinary prudence,  
27 conversant with business usages and the nature of the particular business, acting in good faith.

28 <sup>120</sup> 3/3 Trans., 72:19-23.

1 and giving heed not only to opposing inferences but also to all restrictions which are brought  
2 to his notice, would reasonably rely.” *Id.* (emphasis added) (noting that where inferences against  
3 the existence of apparent authority are as equally reasonable as those supporting it, a party may  
4 not rely on apparent authority).

5 7. “[A] party claiming apparent authority of an agent as a basis for contract  
6 formation must prove (1) that he subjectively believed that the agent had authority to act for the  
7 principal and (2) that his subjective belief in the agent’s authority was objectively reasonable.”  
8 *Great Am. Ins. Co. v. Gen. Builders, Inc.*, 113 Nev. 346, 352, 934 P.2d 257, 261 (1997).  
9 Reasonable reliance on the agent’s authority “is a necessary element.” *Id.*; *Forrest Tr. v. Fid.*  
10 *Title Agency of Nevada, Inc.*, 281 P.3d 1173 (Nev. 2009). In determining reasonableness, “the  
11 party who claims reliance must not have closed his eyes to warnings or inconsistent  
12 circumstances.” *Great Am. Ins. Co.*, 113 Nev. at 352, 934 P.2d at 261, (citing *Tsouras v.*  
13 *Southwest Plumbing and Heating*, 94 Nev. 748, 751, 587 P.2d 1321, 1322 (1978)) (emphasis  
14 added). As the Nevada Supreme Court has explained, “the reasonable reliance requirement  
15 [includes] the performance of due diligence” to learn the veracity of representations of  
16 authority.” *In re Cay Clubs*, 130 Nev. 920, 932–33, 340 P.3d 563, 571–72 (2014) (emphasis  
17 added).

18 8. The Settlement Agreement is not the first time that Bloom has directed Farkas to  
19 sign a document and then taken the position that Farkas’ signature bound Plaintiff to its detriment.  
20 The question of Farkas’ authority to bind Plaintiff without Flatto’s consent was raised in  
21 the arbitration, and it was resolved **against Defendants** as part of the Arb. Award. Thus, even  
22 before Plaintiff amended its operating agreement in September 2020 to remove Farkas, it was  
23 clearly established by the arbitrators that Farkas had no authority to bind Plaintiff without the  
24 consent of Flatto.

25 9. *Res judicata* precludes Defendants’ reiterated argument that Farkas’ signature on  
26 a document is sufficient to bind Plaintiff to its detriment. *Univ. of Nev. v. Tarkanian*, 110 Nev.  
27 581, 598, 879 P.2d 1180, 1191 (1994) (defining *res judicata* as encompassing both issue and  
28 claim preclusion doctrines). The issue of Farkas’ authority to bind Plaintiff without Flatto’s

1 consent- the same issue at bar--was previously raised and decided in the Arb. Award, confirmed  
2 by the Order. As the Order is a final judgment that was appealable, the finality of the  
3 determination is concrete and immutable here. *See Kirsch v. Traver*, 134 Nev. 163, 166, 414  
4 P.3d 818, 821 (2018) (defining “final judgment” for the purpose of analyzing *res judicata* as  
5 being procedurally definite without any reservation for future determination following the parties  
6 having an opportunity to be heard, a reasoned opinion supporting the determination, and that the  
7 determination having been subject to appeal) (citing *Univ. of Nev. v. Tarkanian*, 110 Nev. at 598,  
8 879 P.2d at 1191, *holding modified on other grounds by Exec. Mgmt., Ltd. v. Ticor Title Ins.*  
9 *Co.*, 114 Nev. 823, 963 P.2d 465 (1998)).

10 10. As a matter of law, as established by the Order confirming the Arb. Award,  
11 Farkas did not have apparent authority to bind Plaintiff absent Flatto’s consent, and here, the  
12 failure to obtain Flatto’s consent to the Settlement Agreement is undisputed. On this basis  
13 alone, Farkas did not have actual or apparent authority to bind Plaintiff under the Settlement  
14 Agreement.

15 11. The Court therefore concludes there was no good faith basis for Bloom’s  
16 intentional disregard of the Arb. Award and Order thereon and reliance by Bloom on Farkas’  
17 signature on the Settlement Agreement was not reasonable.

18 12. “Consideration is the exchange of a promise or performance, bargained for by the  
19 parties.” *Jones v. SunTrust Mortg., Inc.*, 128 Nev. 188, 191, 274 P.3d 762, 764 (2012).  
20 In addition to consideration being an essential element of any contract, gross inadequacy of  
21 consideration may be relevant to issues of capacity, fraud, mistake, misrepresentation, duress, or  
22 undue influence in addition to being relevant to whether there is an essential element of a  
23 contract. *Oh v. Wilson*, 112 Nev. 38, 41–42, 910 P.2d 276, 278–79 (1996) (*citing* Restatement  
24 (Second) of Contracts § 79 cmt. c (1979)). Inadequacy of consideration is often said to be a  
25 “badge of fraud,” justifying a denial of specific performance. *Id.*

26 13. The Court concludes that there is such inadequacy of consideration to Plaintiff in  
27 exchange for dismissal of its hard-fought rights under the Order that it justifies denial of the  
28 requested specific performance.



1           14.     A special relationship arises in any situation where “kinship or professional,  
2 business, or social relationships between the parties” results in one party gaining the confidence of  
3 another and purporting to advise or act consistently with the other party’s interest. *Perry v.*  
4 *Jordan*, 111 Nev. 943, 947, 900 P.2d 335, 337–338 (1995) (citations omitted). An equitable duty  
5 is owed as a result of such a confidential relationship, which is akin to a fiduciary duty. *See*  
6 *Executive Mgmt., ltd. v. Ticor Title Ins. Co.*, 114 Nev. 823, 841, 963 P.2d 465, 477 (1998) (citing  
7 *Long v. Towne*, 98 Nev. 11, 13, 639 P.2d 528, 529–30 (1982)). Constructive fraud is the breach  
8 of that equitable duty, which the law declares fraudulent because of its tendency to deceive others  
9 to violate confidence. *Id.*

10           15.     In equity and good conscience, Bloom was bound to act in good faith and with  
11 due regard to the interests of Farkas who was reposing his confidence in Bloom. *Perry*, 111 Nev.  
12 at 946–47, 900 P.3d 337 (citing *Long*, 98 Nev. at 13, 639 P.2d at 529–30). Particularly in light  
13 of the Arb. Award, Bloom had a duty to at least disclose to Farkas (as well as Flatto) his plan to  
14 settle this case under the Settlement Agreement and have the Order, underlying Arb. Award and  
15 pending OSC dismissed, with prejudice. Bloom should have emailed or otherwise provided a  
16 copy of the documents to Farkas so Farkas could consult with Flatto and counsel. Not only did  
17 Bloom conceal the true facts from Farkas, but he took active steps so that the true facts would  
18 never have to be revealed until after the case was dismissed, inclusive of hiring Farkas separate  
19 counsel to orchestrate dismissal in the shadows rather than send GTG the Settlement Agreement.

20           16.     Duress is a valid basis to set aside a contract or avoid specific performance. *Kaur*  
21 *v. Singh*, 136 Nev. Adv. Op. 77, 477 P.3d 358, 362 (2020); *Levy v. Levy*, 96 Nev. 902, 903–04,  
22 620 P.2d 860, 861 (1980) (recognizing duress as a basis to set aside a settlement). “The coercion  
23 or duress exception applies when “(1) . . . one side involuntarily accepted the terms of another;  
24 (2) . . . circumstances permitted no other alternative; and (3) . . . circumstances were the result of  
25 coercive acts of the opposite party.” *Nevada Ass’n Servs., Inc. v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct.*, 130 Nev.  
26 949, 956, 338 P.3d 1250, 1255 (2014).

27           17.     An improper threat can exist when a party is threatened with civil action,  
28 especially when there are circumstances of emotional consequences. Restatement (Second) of

1 Contracts § 175, cmt. b (1981). “[A] party's manifestation of assent is induced by duress if the  
2 duress substantially contributes to his decision to manifest his assent. *Id.*, cmt. c. “The test is  
3 subjective and the question is, did the threat actually induce assent on the part of the person  
4 claiming to be the victim of duress.” *Id.* In making the determination, courts consider, “the age,  
5 background and relationship of the parties” and the rule is designed to protect “persons of a weak  
6 or cowardly nature.” *Id.*; *see also Schmidt v. Merriweather*, 82 Nev. 372, 376, 418 P.2d 991, 993  
7 (1966).

8 18. A threat is improper if “what is threatened is the use of civil process and the threat  
9 is made in bad faith.” Restatement (Second) of Contracts § 176 (1)(c). Accordingly, when  
10 evaluating duress, bad faith of one party is relevant as to another party’s capacity to contract.  
11 *Barbara Ann Hollier Tr. v. Shack*, 131 Nev. 582, 587, 356 P.3d 1085, 1088 (2015); Restatement  
12 (Second) of Contracts § 205 cmt. c (1981) (“Bad faith in negotiation, although not within the  
13 scope of [the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing], may be subject to  
14 sanctions. Particular forms of bad faith in bargaining are the subjects of rules as to capacity to  
15 contract, mutual assent and consideration and of rules as to invalidating causes such as fraud  
16 and duress.”).

17 19. Defendants’ contempt of the Order through resistance and/or disobedience of the  
18 Order is clearly established.

19 20. Bloom, as the sole natural person legally associated with Defendants, did not  
20 testify to any efforts to marshal Defendants’ books and records for production to Plaintiff, except  
21 to obtain a letter dated February 12, 2021 (nearly two months after the OSC was entered),  
22 providing that the Controller was seeking payment to compile and produce Defendants’  
23 records.<sup>121</sup> Defendants’ requested condition of Plaintiff’s payment of expenses incurred by  
24 Defendants to comply with its Order obligation is barred by *res judicata*. Again, the Order  
25 confirming the Arb. Award, a final judgment, precludes a second action on the underlying claim  
26 or any part of it. *Univ. of Nev.*, at 599, 879 P.2d at 1191. Issue preclusion applies to any issue

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27 <sup>121</sup> Exhibit V.

1 actually raised and decided in the judgment. *Id.* Claim preclusion “embraces all grounds of  
2 recovery that were asserted in a suit, as well as those that could have been asserted, and thus, [it]  
3 has a broader reach” than the issue preclusion doctrine. *Id.* at 600, 879 P.2d at 1192.

4 21. The very purpose of the issue preclusion doctrine is “to prevent multiple litigation  
5 causing vexation and expense to the parties and wasted judicial resources by precluding parties  
6 from relitigating issues.” *Kirsch v. Traver*, 134 Nev. 163, 166, 414 P.3d 818, 821 (2018); *see*  
7 *also Alcantara ex rel. Alcantara v. Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.*, 130 Nev. 252, 258, 321 P.3d 912, 916  
8 (2014) (issue preclusion is appropriately applied to conserve judicial resources, maintain  
9 consistency, and avoid harassment or oppression of the adverse party (citing *Berkson v. LePome*,  
10 245 P.3d 560, 566 (Nev. 2010))).

11 22. Plaintiff’s demand for Defendants’ books and records under the terms of  
12 Defendants’ operating agreements and NRS 86.241 resulting in the Order was arbitrated, and the  
13 arbitrators ruled in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants on the entirety of the claim, and  
14 even awarded Plaintiff fees and costs.<sup>122</sup> Defendants’ claimed expenses associated with the  
15 demand for production was required to be arbitrated,<sup>123</sup> and there was clearly no award of  
16 expenses in favor of Defendants following the arbitration. Ignoring their obligation to arbitrate  
17 any request for expenses associated with the production of documents in the arbitration,  
18 Defendants waited until Plaintiff’s Motion to Confirm Arb. Award to seek to modify the Arb.  
19 Award to include a condition for production of the ordered books and records on Plaintiff’s prior  
20 payment for Defendants’ expenses associated with production.<sup>124</sup> The Court made reasoned  
21 conclusions regarding the procedural infirmity of bringing the request for relief to the Court  
22 when the relief was not awarded by the arbitrators, and DENIED it as part of the Order.<sup>125</sup> The  
23 Order is a final judgment not subject to any appeal, and as it specifically addressed and resolved  
24 Defendants’ argument for a condition of Plaintiff’s payment of expenses of production, the Order

25 <sup>122</sup> Exhibit 4.

26 <sup>123</sup> Exhibits 7 and 8, Sect. 13.9 (Dispute Resolution provision).

27 <sup>124</sup> Exhibit 3 (the Declaration of Bloom in support of the Countermotion to Modify Arbitration Award).

28 <sup>125</sup> Exhibit 4, p. 2:11-25; 3:15-16.

1 itself defeats any argument from Defendants that production of the documents pursuant to the  
2 Order is in any way conditioned on payment of any purported expenses demanded by  
3 Defendants.

4 23. Under the circumstances, the Court concludes that Plaintiff's non-payment of  
5 expenses demanded on February 12, 2021 is not a valid excuse for Defendants' disobedience  
6 and/or resistance of the subject Order. The books and records must be produced forthwith and  
7 without the imposition of any conditions.

8 24. Bloom argues that since he is not a party to the Order in his individual capacity, he  
9 should not be a party to these contempt proceedings. The relevant authority provides otherwise.  
10 The Nevada contempt statutes (NRS Chapter 22) as well as relevant Nevada Rules of  
11 Civil Procedure ("NRCPP") are directed *to conduct* of persons resisting or disobeying enforceable  
12 Court orders and does not limit its reach to the defendants alone. Limited liability companies  
13 such as Defendants engage in conduct through responsible persons- here, there is only Bloom  
14 and his counsel working at his direction. *See, e.g.*, NRCPP 69 (describing procedures for  
15 execution on judgment to include obtaining discovery from any person); NRCPP 71 ("When an  
16 order grants relief . . . [that] may be enforced against a nonparty, the procedure for enforcing the  
17 order is the same as for a party."); NRCPP 37(b) (providing for orders compelling compliance and  
18 sanctions for failure of a "party or its officers, directors or managing agents" to comply with  
19 court discovery orders).

20 25. The "responsible party" rule is longstanding, providing that the contempt powers  
21 of the Courts reach through the corporate veil to command not only the entity, but those who are  
22 officially responsible for the conduct of its affairs. If a person is apprised of the Order directed  
23 to the entity, prevents compliance or fails to take appropriate action within their power for the  
24 performance of the corporate duty, they are guilty of disobedience and may be punished for  
25 contempt. *Wilson v. United States*, 221 U.S. 361, 377 (1911) ("When a copy of the writ which  
26 has been ordered is served upon the clerk of the board, it will be served on the corporation, and  
27 be equivalent to a command that the persons who may be members of the board shall do what is  
28 required. If the members fail to obey, those guilty of disobedience may, if necessary, be

1 punished for the contempt . . . . While the board is proceeded against in its corporate capacity,  
2 the individual members are punished in their natural capacities for failure to do what the law  
3 requires of them as representatives of the corporation.”); *Electrical Workers Pension Trust Fund*  
4 *of Local Union #58, IBEW v. Gary’s Elec. Service Co.*, 340 F.3d 373, 380 (6th Cir. 2003)  
5 (holding that sole officer of the defendant, who was not himself a party, could be held in  
6 contempt for the defendant’s failure to obey the court’s judgment and order). In order to hold an  
7 officer, director or other managing agent in contempt, the movant must show that he had notice  
8 of the order and its contents. *Id.*

9 26. A non-party who fails to produce documents in compliance with a Court order  
10 will be jointly and severally liable for disobedience when he is found to have abetted the  
11 disobedience or is legally identified with the responsible party. *See Luv n Care Ltd. v. Laurain*,  
12 2019 WL 4279028, at \* 4 (D. Nev. Sept. 10, 2019) (finding the managing member jointly and  
13 severally liable for contempt and payment of fees and costs), (citing *United States v. Wilson*;  
14 *Electrical Workers Pension Trust Fund of Local Union #58*; *United States v. Laurins*, 857 F.2d  
15 529, 535 (9th Cir. 1988) (“A nonparty may be liable for contempt if he or she either abets or is  
16 legally identified with the named defendant. . . . **An order to a corporation binds those who are**  
17 **legally responsible for the conduct of its affairs.**”) (emphasis added)); *Peterson v. Highland*  
18 *Music, Inc.*, 140 F.3d 1313, 1323–24 (9th Cir. 1988); *NLRB v. Sequoia Dist. Council of*  
19 *Carpenters*, 568 F.2d 628, 633 (9th Cir. 1977); *1<sup>st</sup> Tech, LLC v. Rational Enter., Ltd.*, 2008 WL  
20 4571057, at \*8 (D. Nev. July 29, 2008). Put another way, an order to an entity binds those who  
21 are legally responsible for the conduct of its affairs. *Luv n Care Ltd.*, at \*4 (citing *Laurins*).

22 27. As such, once Bloom had notice of the Order, he could not delegate the  
23 responsibility for performance on a third party, but he himself had to take reasonable steps to  
24 provide the records in compliance with the Order in his capacity as the sole person legally  
25 associated with Defendants and responsible for the books and records of Defendants, as manager  
26 of Defendants’ manager.

27 28. As set forth above, the “responsible party” rule applies to contempt proceedings;  
28 otherwise there would never be a consequence for an entity’s non-compliance, particularly here

1 when there are no formalities being followed and, at least at this juncture, Bloom is the *alter ego*  
2 of Defendants. Bloom ignores the holding of the Nevada Supreme Court in *Gardner on Behalf*  
3 *of L.G. v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court in & for Cty. of Clark*, 133 Nev. 730, 735, 405 P.3d 651,  
4 655–56 (2017), which explained that those bases for corporate veil piercing, such as *alter ego*,  
5 illegality or other unlawfulness, will equally apply to a Nevada LLC. “As recognized by courts  
6 across the country, LLCs provide the same sort of possibilities for abuse as corporations, and  
7 creditors of LLCs need the same ability to pierce the LLCs’ veil when such abuse exists.” *Id.*,  
8 133 Nev. at 736, 405 P.3d 656.

9 Related to *alter ego*, NRS 86.376 then specifically provides, as follows:

- 10 1. Except as otherwise specifically provided by statute or agreement, no  
11 person other than the limited-liability company is individually liable for a debt or  
12 liability of the limited-liability company unless the person acts as the alter ego of  
13 the limited-liability company.  
14 2. A person acts as the alter ego of a limited-liability company only if:  
15 (a) The limited-liability company is influenced and governed by the person;  
16 (b) There is such unity of interest and ownership that the limited-liability  
17 company and the person are inseparable from each other; and  
18 (c) Adherence to the notion of the limited-liability company being an entity  
19 separate from the person would sanction fraud or promote manifest injustice.  
20 3. The question of whether a person acts as the alter ego of a limited-liability  
21 company must be determined by the court as a matter of law.

22 29. Both Defendants are in “default” status with the Nevada Secretary of State. The  
23 testimony of Bloom demonstrated that Defendants have no continued operations, there are no  
24 employees, there are no bank accounts, there are no records being maintained as required under  
25 the operating agreements or NRS 86.241, and there is no active governance of any kind.<sup>126</sup>  
26 While Bloom self-servingly represents that there are “directors” and “officers” of Defendants, he  
27 concedes, as he must, that there were no writings to reflect that any director or officer has any  
28 authority to bind Defendants instead of Bloom. In addition, equity must be applied such that  
Bloom will not be immune from consequences for his intentional conduct for the purpose of

<sup>126</sup> See, e.g., 3/3 Trans., 220:9-11, 226:2-4, 3/10 Trans., 12:10-19, 14:9-17, 15:16-25; Exhibits 7-8, § 2.3 (providing the company shall maintain records, including at the principal office or registered office, both c/o Bloom); Exhibits 26-27.

1 disobeying and/or resisting the Order. Therefore, in addition to the “responsible party” rule that  
2 applies to contempt, there should be no immunity for liability when, as here, Bloom is  
3 Defendants’ *alter ego*.

4 30. Furthermore, the Nevada Supreme Court has explained the broad, independent  
5 authority of the Court to enforce its decrees independent of the rules or statutes, including  
6 sanctions for non-compliance by non-parties with its orders and legal processes. *See Halverson*  
7 *v. Hardcastle*, 123 Nev. 245, 261–62, 163 P.3d 428, 440–441 (2007) (“the court has inherent  
8 power to protect the dignity and decency of its proceedings and to enforce its decrees, and thus it  
9 may issue contempt orders and sanction . . . for litigation abuses. Further, courts have inherent  
10 power to prevent injustice and to preserve the integrity of the judicial process . . .”).

11 31. Under the Court’s inherent authority to enforce its decrees against those appearing  
12 and demonstrating disregard for its Order, the “responsible party” rule recognized in the common  
13 law, Nevada’s contempt statutes, Nevada’s Rules of Civil Procedure, as well as NRS 86.376,  
14 Bloom is a proper party to the subject contempt proceedings.

15 32. The Settlement Agreement was a sham, never designed to result in any fair benefit  
16 to Plaintiff, and, if effectuated with the dismissal of the Order, underlying Arb. Award  
17 and pending contempt motions, with prejudice, the ramifications to Plaintiff would have been  
18 unacceptable under law or equity. The Eighth Judicial District Court has enacted its own rule,  
19 EDCR 7.60(b) to provide the Court further express authority to impose sanctions upon a party,  
20 including attorneys’ fees, when a party, without just cause, presents a motion to the Court that is  
21 “obviously frivolous, unnecessary or unwarranted,” or “so multiplies the proceedings in a case as  
22 to increase costs unreasonably and vexatiously.”

23 33. The Court determines that sanctions are properly awarded against Defendants  
24 inclusive of the reasonable fees and costs expended by Plaintiff relating to the Motion to Enforce  
25 and Response to OSC.

26 34. The expenses associated with addressing the re-litigated defenses asserted by  
27 Defendants and Bloom were then unnecessarily increased by Bloom’s wrongful direction to not  
28

1 permit the disclosure of any communications between or among Nahabedian and Bloom and/or  
2 MGA, regardless of whether they related to Plaintiff and this action.<sup>127</sup>

3 35. Sanctions are awardable under NRCP 37 for failure to provide discovery.

4 Any of the foregoing Conclusions of Law that would more appropriately be deemed to be  
5 Findings of Fact shall be so deemed.

### 6 ORDER

7 NOW, THEREFORE, based upon the Foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of  
8 Law, the Court makes the following rulings:

9 1) The Court declines to reverse its prior denial of the Motion to Enforce.

10 2) Based on its determination that Defendants and Bloom disobeyed and resisted the Order  
11 in contempt of Court (civil), the Court orders immediate compliance. In order to purge their  
12 contempt, Defendants, and any manager, representative or other agent of Defendants receiving  
13 notice of this order shall take all reasonable steps to comply with the Order, and within 10 days  
14 of notice of entry of this order, shall produce the following books and records for Defendants to  
15 Plaintiff<sup>128</sup> at their expense:<sup>129</sup>

- 16 1) Each of Defendants' company books, inclusive of any and all agreements  
17 relating to governance (operating agreements, amendments, consents and  
18 resolutions);
- 19 2) Financial Statements, inclusive of balance sheets and profit & loss  
20 statements;
- 21 3) General ledger and back up, inclusive of invoices;
- 22 4) Documents sufficient to show each of Defendants' assets and their  
23 location;
- 24 5) Documents relating to value of each of each of Defendants and/or their  
25 assets;
- 26 6) Documents sufficient to show Defendants' members and their status,  
27 inclusive of any redeemed members;
- 28 7) Tax returns for each of Defendants;
- 8) Documents sufficient to show the accounts payable incurred, paid and  
remaining due for each of Defendants;

<sup>127</sup> Exhibit 28, PLTF\_480, and the Motion to Compel.

<sup>128</sup> The list of documents ordered to be produced in the Arbitration Award is set forth at Exhibits 6 and QQ, and was expressly incorporated into the Order.

<sup>129</sup> There are indemnification provisions in Defendants' operating agreements that Bloom and anyone "serving at his direction" to comply with the Order could ostensibly enforce. Exhibits 7-8, Article VII.



- 1           9) Documents sufficient to show payments made to each of Defendants'  
2           managers, members and/or affiliates of any managers or members;  
3           10) Each of Defendants' insurance policies  
4           11) Documents sufficient to show the status of any lawsuits involving either of  
5           Defendants; and  
6           12) Documents sufficient to show the use of investors' funds (and any other  
7           members' investment) for each of Defendants.

8           For any documents not produced within 10 days of entry of this order, there shall be certification  
9           from Bloom establishing all steps taken to marshal and produce the documents, where the  
10          documents are located, why they were not provided by the deadline and when they will be  
11          provided.

12          3)       Also, the Court orders reimbursement of Plaintiff's reasonable fees and costs  
13          incurred in connection with the finding of contempt pursuant to the OSC, the Countermotion for  
14          Sanctions, and the Motion for Sanctions, as follows:

15               Based on the determination that Defendants and Bloom disobeyed and resisted the Order  
16          in contempt of Court (civil), and the Motion to Enforce was a tool of that contempt as  
17          orchestrated by Bloom in disregard of the Arb. Award confirmed by the Order, the Court orders  
18          Defendants and Bloom are jointly and severally responsible for the payment of all the reasonable  
19          fees and costs incurred by Plaintiff since entry of the Order for the purpose of coercing  
20          compliance with the Order in order to make them whole, inclusive of responding to the Motion to  
21          Enforce and bringing the Motion to Compel.

22               Within 10 days of entry of this order, counsel for Plaintiff shall provide a declaration and  
23          supporting documentation as necessary to meet the factors outlined in *Brunzell v. Golden Gate*  
24          *National Bank*, 85 Nev. 345, 55 P.2d 31 (1969), and delineating the fees and costs expended in  
25          relating to the Motion to Compel, Motion to Enforce and OSC, following which, there will be an  
26          opportunity to respond to Plaintiff's submission within 10 days of service of Plaintiff's  
27          supplement, and Plaintiff can file a reply within 7 days thereof. The Court will then consider the  
28          submissions and enter its further order on the amount of fees and costs to be awarded, and  
29          payment will be due within thirty (30) days thereafter.

30          4)       Any failure to comply with the Order compelling compliance and requiring  
31          payment of the expenses incurred shall be subject to appropriate consequences. A status check is

1 scheduled for May 24, 2021 at 9:00 a.m.

Dated this 7th day of April, 2021

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Mark R. Denton  
District Court Judge

1 **CSERV**

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3 DISTRICT COURT  
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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5  
6 TGC/Farkas Funding, LLC,  
Plaintiff(s)

CASE NO: A-20-822273-C

7 vs.

DEPT. NO. Department 13

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9 First 100, LLC, Defendant(s)

10  
11 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

12 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District  
13 Court. The foregoing Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Judgment was served via the  
14 court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled  
case as listed below:

15 Service Date: 4/7/2021

16 Dylan Ciciliano dciciliano@gtg.legal

17 Erika Turner eturner@gtg.legal

18 MGA Docketing docket@mgalaw.com

19 Tonya Binns tbinns@gtg.legal

20 Bart Larsen blarsen@shea.law

21 Max Erwin merwin@gtg.legal

22  
23 If indicated below, a copy of the above mentioned filings were also served by mail  
24 via United States Postal Service, postage prepaid, to the parties listed below at their last  
25 known addresses on 4/8/2021  
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Joseph Gutierrez

Maier Gutierrez & Associates  
Attn: Joseph A. Gutierrez  
8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue  
Las Vegas, NV, 89148

# **EXHIBIT 9**

# **EXHIBIT 9**

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## DECLARATION OF JAY BLOOM

I, JAY BLOOM, hereby declare as follows:

1. I am over the age of eighteen (18) and I have personal knowledge of all the facts set forth herein. Except otherwise indicated, all facts set forth in this declaration are based upon my own personal knowledge, my review of the relevant documents, and my opinion of the matters that are the issues of this lawsuit. If called to do so, I would competently and truthfully testify to all matters set forth herein, except for those matters stated to be based upon information and belief.

2. I am providing this declaration in my capacity as Manager on behalf of SJC Ventures, LLC.

3. SJC Ventures, LLC manages ostensibly billions of dollars in property. including:

- a. commodities worth billions of dollars,
- b. crypto currency worth in excess of \$3 billion,
- c. a judgment in the amount of approximately \$2.2 billion and
- d. a variety of vehicles, real property, and entertainment endeavors, one in particular potentially worth billions of dollars

4. I have had experience in the past with Larry Bertsch as a receiver.

5. He was adjudicated as having conducted misconduct and the Court refused to adopt his findings.

6. It is my understanding and belief that this is specifically the reason that not only was a receiver requested, but specifically the non-neutral Larry Bertsch.

7. A bond of \$500 is woefully inadequate to protect against the non-neutral receiver's anticipated premeditated and prearranged misconduct.

8. SJC Ventures, LLC will undoubtedly be irreparably materially harmed if a stay is not granted pending the writ petition being submitted on the order appointing a receiver over SJC Ventures, LLC.

9. Larry Bertsch would interfere with contract negotiations, sales, applications and litigation in fields he is unbelievably unqualified representing billions of dollars in anticipated loss.

1 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the  
2 foregoing is true and correct to the best of knowledge, information and belief.

3 DATED this 12th day of August, 2021.

4  
5   
JAY BLOOM

# **EXHIBIT 10**

# **EXHIBIT 10**



## Natalie Vazquez

---

**From:** Tracy O'Steen <tosteen@carlyoncica.com>  
**Sent:** Monday, August 16, 2021 12:13 PM  
**To:** Joseph Gutierrez; jlbloom@lvem.com  
**Cc:** Larry Bertsch; Danielle Barraza; Candace Carlyon  
**Subject:** RE: Receiver Request

**Importance:** High

Mr. Bloom and Mr. Gutierrez,

To begin his work, the Receiver needs the following delivered today with respect to (1) SJC Venture Holdings, LLC d/b/a SJC Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability ("SJCVC"), (2) First 100 LLC and (3) Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC, and "any subsidiary and affiliated entities in which SJCVC has an ownership interest."

- A. All books and records of each of the foregoing entities for 2018, 2019, 2020 and through the present date of 8/16/2021.
- B. Bank Statements for each of the foregoing entities for 2018, 2019, 2020 and through the present date of 8/16/2021.
- C. Tax Returns for each of the foregoing entities, or copies of extensions if not filed, for 2018, 2019, and 2020.

See Appointment Order at page 2, lines 16-18, Section 2. Per Section 7 of the Appointment Order, if there are any other entities in which SCJV has an interest, please provide those entity names and the records set forth in A-C above for those entities as well.

If you wish to arrange for electronic delivery via a method such as Dropbox or Box, please contact our office and we can arrange a link for the documents to be uploaded.

In the future, if Mr. Gutierrez wishes for our firm to coordinate directly with Mr. Bloom without involving his office, we ask that Mr. Gutierrez please respond to this email providing Carlyon Cica Chtd. permission to communicate with Mr. Bloom despite the fact that he is represented by counsel.

Thank you,

Tracy M. O'Steen, Esq.

**CARLYON CICA CHTD.**

265 E. Warm Springs Rd. Ste. 107

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

T 702.685.4444 | D 702.936.3647

[TOSteen@CarlyonCica.com](mailto:TOSteen@CarlyonCica.com) | [www.ccclaw.vegas](http://www.ccclaw.vegas)

*Licensed in Nevada, Arizona and Mississippi*

---

**From:** Joseph Gutierrez <[jag@mgalaw.com](mailto:jag@mgalaw.com)>

**Sent:** Monday, August 16, 2021 8:52 AM

**To:** Candace Carlyon <[ccarlyon@carlyoncica.com](mailto:ccarlyon@carlyoncica.com)>; Larry Bertsch <[larry@lbcpa.com](mailto:larry@lbcpa.com)>; 'jlbloom@lvem.com'

<[jbloom@lvem.com](mailto:jbloom@lvem.com)>

Cc: Danielle Barraza <[djb@mgalaw.com](mailto:djb@mgalaw.com)>

Subject: RE: Receiver Request

What exact records are you talking about and requesting?

Please contact and coordinate with Mr. Bloom directly with specific requests so he can provide Mr. Bertsch what he is looking for.

**Joseph A. Gutierrez**

**MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES**

8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue

Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

Tel: 702.629.7900 | Fax: 702.629.7925

[jag@mgalaw.com](mailto:jag@mgalaw.com) | [www.mgalaw.com](http://www.mgalaw.com)

---

**From:** Candace Carlyon <[ccarlyon@carlyoncica.com](mailto:ccarlyon@carlyoncica.com)>

**Sent:** Monday, August 16, 2021 8:49 AM

**To:** Joseph Gutierrez <[jag@mgalaw.com](mailto:jag@mgalaw.com)>; Larry Bertsch <[larry@llbcpa.com](mailto:larry@llbcpa.com)>; 'jbloom@lvem.com' <[jbloom@lvem.com](mailto:jbloom@lvem.com)>

**Cc:** Danielle Barraza <[djb@mgalaw.com](mailto:djb@mgalaw.com)>

**Subject:** RE: Receiver Request

Mr. Bloom has been copied on these emails, and has not received the records. Please make sure they are delivered today.

---

**From:** Joseph Gutierrez <[jag@mgalaw.com](mailto:jag@mgalaw.com)>

**Sent:** Friday, August 13, 2021 9:55 AM

**To:** Candace Carlyon <[ccarlyon@carlyoncica.com](mailto:ccarlyon@carlyoncica.com)>; Larry Bertsch <[larry@llbcpa.com](mailto:larry@llbcpa.com)>; 'jbloom@lvem.com' <[jbloom@lvem.com](mailto:jbloom@lvem.com)>

**Cc:** Danielle Barraza <[djb@mgalaw.com](mailto:djb@mgalaw.com)>

**Subject:** RE: Receiver Request

I will keep you updated on the procedural status of the motions.

Please coordinate with Mr. Bloom directly on the records Mr. Bertsch is seeking. SJCV fully intends to cooperate with the court order unless there ruling otherwise.

Thanks,

**Joseph A. Gutierrez**

**MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES**

8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue

Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

Tel: 702.629.7900 | Fax: 702.629.7925

[jag@mgalaw.com](mailto:jag@mgalaw.com) | [www.mgalaw.com](http://www.mgalaw.com)

---

**From:** Candace Carlyon <[ccarlyon@carlyoncica.com](mailto:ccarlyon@carlyoncica.com)>

**Sent:** Friday, August 13, 2021 9:46 AM

**To:** Joseph Gutierrez <[jag@mgalaw.com](mailto:jag@mgalaw.com)>; Larry Bertsch <[larry@llbcpa.com](mailto:larry@llbcpa.com)>; 'jbloom@lvem.com' <[jbloom@lvem.com](mailto:jbloom@lvem.com)>

**Cc:** Danielle Barraza <[djb@mgalaw.com](mailto:djb@mgalaw.com)>

**Subject:** RE: Receiver Request

Dear Mr. Gutierrez:

Thank you for your correspondence. Please advise us immediately if a stay is obtained or any of the orders at issue are reversed or vacated. In the meantime, the Court's order is in effect and the Receiver will expect compliance. All requested assets and records should be turned over to Mr. Bertsch immediately. Thank you.

---

**From:** Joseph Gutierrez <[jag@mgalaw.com](mailto:jag@mgalaw.com)>

**Sent:** Friday, August 13, 2021 8:56 AM

**To:** Larry Bertsch <[larry@llbcpa.com](mailto:larry@llbcpa.com)>; 'jbloom@lvem.com' <[jbloom@lvem.com](mailto:jbloom@lvem.com)>

**Cc:** Candace Carlyon <[ccarlyon@carlyoncica.com](mailto:ccarlyon@carlyoncica.com)>; Danielle Barraza <[djb@mgalaw.com](mailto:djb@mgalaw.com)>

**Subject:** RE: Receiver Request

Citrix Attachments

Expires September 12, 2021

171 Motion to Stay Proceedings and Enforc...ver.pdf	4.6 MB
176 Exhibts 1-3.pdf	2.2 MB
176 Motion to Enforce.pdf	252.7 KB

Download Attachments

Joseph Gutierrez uses Citrix Files to share documents securely.

Mr. Bertsch,

We are in receipt of your email below. Jay Bloom will be the contact on behalf of SJCv.

FYI, SCJV is challenging the district court's order appointing receiver and has filed a motion to stay enforcement of the order, which is set to be heard on Monday August 16<sup>th</sup> at 8:30am. See attached.

SCJV is also filing a motion for clarification/reconsideration of the order appointing receiver and an emergency appeal based on what it believes to be a ruling appointing receiver based on a voided order by the BK court.

Bankruptcy counsel for Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC has also filed motion to enforce the BK order granting motion for sanctions based on the CBC Parties violation of the automatic stay. See attached.

Let me know if you need any more information on the procedural status of SJCv and SHAC's challenges to the court's order appointing receiver.

Thanks,

**Joseph A. Gutierrez**

**MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES**

8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue

Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

**From:** Larry Bertsch <[larry@llbcpa.com](mailto:larry@llbcpa.com)>  
**Sent:** Thursday, August 12, 2021 11:08 AM  
**To:** 'jlbloom@lvem.com' <[jlbloom@lvem.com](mailto:jlbloom@lvem.com)>; Joseph Gutierrez <[jag@mgalaw.com](mailto:jag@mgalaw.com)>  
**Cc:** 'Candace Carlyon' <[ccarlyon@carlyoncica.com](mailto:ccarlyon@carlyoncica.com)>  
**Subject:** Receiver Request

Messrs. Bloom and Gutierrez,

The Judge signed an order appointing as Receiver on 8/11/2021.

Who should I contact to comply with getting the Records as follows:

- i. **Collect Business Records (Includes Banking and Financial Records, contracts, etc.) of SJCVC and**
  1. Any subsidiary
  2. Any Affiliate
  3. Especially:
    - a. First 100 LLC
    - b. Spanish Heights Acquisition Company, LLC

### **Larry L Bertsch, CPA, CFF**

Larry L. Bertsch, CPA and Associates  
265 E. Warm Springs #104  
Las Vegas, NV 89119  
702-471-7223 (Work)  
702-471-7225 (Fax)  
[www.llbcpa.com](http://www.llbcpa.com)

### **DISCLAIMER**

Any accounting, business or tax advice contained in this communication, including attachments and enclosures, is not intended as a thorough, in-depth analysis of specific issues, nor a substitute for a formal opinion, nor is it sufficient to avoid tax-related penalties. If desired, Larry L. Bertsch, CPA & Associates, LLP would be pleased to perform the requisite research and provide you with a detailed written analysis. Such an engagement may be the subject of a separate engagement letter that would define the scope and limits of the desired consultation services.

### **PRIVILEGED AND CONFIDENTIAL**

This communication and any accompanying documents are confidential and privileged. They are intended for the sole use of the addressee. If you receive this transmission in error, you are advised that any disclosure, copying, distribution, or the taking of any action in reliance upon this communication is strictly prohibited. Moreover, any such disclosure shall not compromise or waive the attorney-client, accountant-client, or other privileges as to this communication or otherwise. If you have received this communication in error, please contact me at the above email address. Thank you.

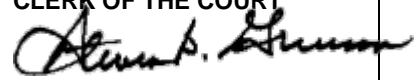
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The information contained in this transmission may contain privileged and confidential information. It is intended only for the use of the person(s) named above. If you are not the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any review, dissemination, distribution or duplication of this communication is strictly prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply email and destroy all copies of the original message.

# **EXHIBIT 11**

# **EXHIBIT 11**



**BOND**

JASON R. MAIER, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 8557

JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 9046

DANIELLE J. BARRAZA, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 13822

**MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES**

8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue

Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

Telephone: (702) 629-7900

Facsimile: (702) 629-7925

E-mail: [jrm@mgalaw.com](mailto:jrm@mgalaw.com)

[jag@mgalaw.com](mailto:jag@mgalaw.com)

[djb@mgalaw.com](mailto:djb@mgalaw.com)

*Attorneys for Defendants First 100, LLC,  
1st One Hundred Holdings, LLC and Jay Bloom*

**DISTRICT COURT**

**CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

TGC/FARKAS FUNDING, LLC,

Plaintiff,

vs.

FIRST 100, LLC, a Nevada limited liability  
company; 1st ONE HUNDRED HOLDINGS,  
LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,

Defendants.

Case No: A-20-822273-C

Dept. No.: XIII

**BOND**

Defendants, First 100, LLC and 1<sup>st</sup> One Hundred Holdings, LLC, by and through their attorneys of record, the law firm MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES, pursuant to the July 15, 2021 order, hereby files this bond in the amount of the sanction award \$151,535.81. A copy of the official

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1 receipt is attached hereto.

2 DATED this 3rd day of August, 2021.

3 Respectfully submitted,

4 **MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES**

5 /s/ Joseph A. Gutierrez

6 JASON R. MAIER, ESQ.

7 Nevada Bar No. 8557

8 JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ.

9 Nevada Bar No. 9046

10 DANIELLE J. BARRAZA, ESQ.

11 Nevada Bar No. 13822

12 8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue

13 Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

14 *Attorneys for First 100, LLC and 1<sup>st</sup> One*  
15 *Hundred Holdings, LLC*



## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2, a copy of the foregoing **BOND** electronically filed on the 3rd day of August, 2021, and served through the Notice of Electronic Filing automatically generated by the Court's facilities to those parties listed on the Court's Master Service List:

Erika P. Turner, Esq.  
Dylan T. Ciciliano, Esq.  
GARMAN TURNER GORDON, LLP  
7251 Amigo Street, Suite 210  
Las Vegas, Nevada 89119  
*Attorneys for TGC Farkas Funding LLC*

/s/ Natalie Vazquez

An Employee of MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES

# OFFICIAL RECEIPT

District Court Clerk of the Court 200 Lewis Ave, 3rd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89101

Payor  
SJC Ventures Holding Company, LLC

Receipt No.  
**2021-48205-CCCLK**

Transaction Date  
08/3/2021

Description	Amount Paid
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On Behalf Of First 100, LLC  
A-20-822273-C  
TGC/Farkas Funding, LLC, Plaintiff(s) vs. First 100, LLC, Defendant(s)  
Stay Bond

Stay Bond  
SUBTOTAL

151,535.81  
151,535.81

**PAYMENT TOTAL** **151,535.81**

Cashier Check (Ref #1292626025) Tendered	151,535.81
Total Tendered	151,535.81
Change	0.00

08/03/2021  
03:21 PM

Cashier  
Station AIKO

Audit  
37905823

## OFFICIAL RECEIPT