CASE NO.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA

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ROWEN SEIBEL; MOTI PARTNERS, LLC; MOTI PARTNERS of Subreme Court ENTERPRISES, LLC; LLTQ ENTERPRISES 16, LLC; TPOV ENTERPRISES, LLC; TPOV ENTERPRISES 16, LLC; FERG, LLC; FERG 16, LLC; R SQUARED GLOBAL SOLUTIONS, LLC, DERIVATIVELY ON BEHALF OF DNT ACQUISITION LLC; GR BURGR, LLC; AND CRAIG GREEN

Petitioners,

VS.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK, AND THE HONORABLE TIMOTHY C. WILLIAMS, DISTRICT JUDGE,

Respondents,

-and-

DESERT PALACE, INC.; PARIS LAS VEGAS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC; PHWLV, LLC; AND BOARDWALK REGENCY CORPORATION,

Real Parties in Interest.

District Court Case No. A-17-751759-B, consolidated with A-17-760537-B

PETITIONERS' APPENDIX TO PETITION FOR EXTRAORDINARY WRIT RELIEF

VOLUME 2 OF 17

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PETITIONERS' APPENDIX TO PETITION FOR EXTRAORDINARY WRIT RELIEF

VOLUME 2 OF 17

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
Order Denying, Without Prejudice, (1) Defendant Rowen Seibel's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Claims; (2) Defendants TPOV Enterprises and TPOV Enterprises 16's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Claims; (3) Motion to Dismiss or, in the Alternative, to Stay Claims Asserted Against Defendant DNT Acquisition, LLC; (4) Amended Motion to Dismiss or, in the Alternative, to Stay Claims Asserted Against LLTQ/FERG Defendants; and (5) Amended Motion to Dismiss or, in the Alternative, to Stay Claims Asserted Against MOTI Defendants, filed June 1, 2018	2	25	PA000222 - PA000261
Defendant Rowen Seibel's Answer to Plaintiffs' Complaint, filed July 3, 2018	2	26	PA000262 - PA000282
Moti Defendants' Answer and Affirmative Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint, filed July 6, 2018	2	27	PA000283 - PA000300
Defendants TPOV Enterprises, LLC and TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC's Answer to Plaintiffs' Complaint, filed July 6, 2018	2	28	PA000301 - PA000319

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
Defendant DNT Acquisition, LLC's Answer to Plaintiffs' Complaint and Counterclaims, filed July 6, 2018	2	29	PA000320 - PA000343
LLTQ/FERG Defendants' Answer and Affirmative Defenses to Plaintiffs' Complaint and Counterclaims, filed July 6, 2018	2	30	PA000344 - PA000375
Reply to DNT Acquisition, LLC's Counterclaims, filed July 25, 2018	2	31	PA000376 - PA000387
Reply to LLTQ/FERG Defendants' Counterclaims, filed July 25, 2018	2	32	PA000388 - PA000411
Business Court Order, filed August 16, 2018	2	33	PA000412 - PA000417
Order Granting Proposed Plaintiff in Intervention the Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc. d/b/a The Old Homestead Steakhouse's Motion to Intervene, filed October 23, 2018	2	34	PA000418 - PA000419
Notice of Entry of Order Granting Proposed Plaintiff in Intervention the Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc. d/b/a The Old Homestead Steakhouse's Motion to Intervene, filed October 23, 2018	2	35	PA000420 - PA000425

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
Complaint in Intervention, filed October 24, 2018	2	36	PA000426 - PA000442
Business Court Scheduling Order Setting Civil Jury Trial and Pre-Trial Conference/Calendar Call, filed October 31, 2018	2	37	PA000443 - PA000448
Answer to Complaint in Intervention, filed November 27, 2018	2	38	PA000449 - PA000457

PETITIONERS' APPENDIX TO PETITION FOR EXTRAORDINARY WRIT RELIEF

INDEX

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
2nd Amended Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, Pre-Trial, Calendar Call, and Deadlines for Motions; Amended Discovery Scheduling Order Call, filed August 19, 2019	3	41	PA000485 - PA000490
3rd Amended Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, Pre-Trial, Calendar Call, and Deadlines for Motions; Amended Discovery Scheduling Order Call, filed October 15, 2019	3	42	PA000491 - PA000496
4th Amended Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, Pre-Trial, Calendar Call, and Deadlines for Motions; Amended Discovery Scheduling Order, filed January 10, 2020	3	44	PA000501 PA000506
5th Amended Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, Pre-Trial, Calendar Call, and Deadlines for Motions; Amended Discovery Scheduling Order Call, filed April 17, 2020	3	50	PA000567 - PA000572
6th Amended Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, Pre-Trial, Calendar Call, and Deadlines for Motions; Amended Discovery Scheduling Order Call, filed June 18, 2020	3	52	PA000578 - PA000583

Document Title:	Volume No.:	<u>Tab</u> <u>No.:</u>	Page Nos.:
7th Amended Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, Pre-Trial, Calendar Call, and Deadlines for Motions; Amended Discovery Scheduling Order Call, filed October 15, 2020	3	56	PA000661 - PA000664
Acceptance of Service of Summons and Complaint – FERG 16, LLC, filed October 4, 2017	1	16	PA000202 - PA000203
Acceptance of Service of Summons and Complaint – FERG, LLC, filed October 4, 2017	1	15	PA000200 - PA000201
Acceptance of Service of Summons and Complaint – LLTQ Enterprises, LLC, filed October 4, 2017	1	17	PA000204 - PA000205
Acceptance of Service of Summons and Complaint – LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC, filed October 4, 2017	1	18	PA000206 - PA000207
Acceptance of Service of Summons and Complaint – MOTI Partners 16, LLC, filed October 4, 2017	1	20	PA000210 - PA000211
Acceptance of Service of Summons and Complaint – MOTI Partners, LLC, filed October 4, 2017	1	19	PA000208 - PA000209
Acceptance of Service of Summons and Complaint – Rowen Seibel, filed October 4, 2017	1	21	PA000212 - PA000213

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
Acceptance of Service of Summons and Complaint – TPOV Enterprises, LLC, filed October 4, 2017	1	22	PA000214 - PA000215
Acceptance of Service of Summons and Complaint – TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC, filed October 4, 2017	1	23	PA000216 - PA000217
Acceptance of Service on behalf of Craig Green, filed March 13, 2020	3	47	PA000559 - PA000560
Acceptance of Service on behalf of DNT Acquisition, LLC, filed March 17, 2020	3	48	PA000561 - PA000562
Affidavit of Service - DNT, filed September 14, 2017	1	12	PA000183
Affidavit of Service - GR Burgr, filed September 12, 2017	1	11	PA000182
Affidavit of Service - J. Jeffrey Frederick, filed September 28, 2017	1	13	PA000184
Amended Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, Pre-Trial/ Calendar Call filed March 13, 2019	3	40	PA000480 - PA000484
Answer to Complaint in Intervention, filed November 27, 2018	2	38	PA000449 - PA000457

Document Title:	Volume No.:	<u>Tab</u> <u>No.:</u>	Page Nos.:
Answer to First Amended Complaint and Counterclaim – PHWLV LLC (Planet Hollywood), filed July 21, 2017	1	5	PA000080 - PA000104
Appendix in Support of Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime-Fraud Exception, filed January 6, 2021- FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	7	95	PA001361 - PA001576
Appendix of Exhibits to Rowen Seibel, Craig Green, and The Development Entities' Opposition to Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime Fraud Exception, Volume 1 of 6, filed January 22, 2021- FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	9	97	PA001607 - PA001838
Appendix of Exhibits to Rowen Seibel, Craig Green, and The Development Entities' Opposition to Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime Fraud Exception, Volume 2 of 6, filed January 22, 2021 - FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	10	98	PA001839 - PA002083

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
Appendix of Exhibits to Rowen Seibel, Craig Green, and The Development Entities' Opposition to Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime Fraud Exception, Volume 3-1 of 6, filed January 22, 2021 - FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	11	99	PA002084 - PA002210
Appendix of Exhibits to Rowen Seibel, Craig Green, and The Development Entities' Opposition to Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime Fraud Exception, Volume 3-2 of 6, filed January 22, 2021 - FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	12	100	PA002211 - PA002345
Appendix of Exhibits to Rowen Seibel, Craig Green, and The Development Entities' Opposition to Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime Fraud Exception, Volume 4-1 of 6, filed January 22, 2021 - FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	12	101	PA002346 - PA002420

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
Appendix of Exhibits to Rowen Seibel, Craig Green, and The Development Entities' Opposition to Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime Fraud Exception, Volume 4-2 of 6, filed January 22, 2021 - FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	13	102	PA002421 - PA002604
Appendix of Exhibits to Rowen Seibel, Craig Green, and The Development Entities' Opposition to Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime Fraud Exception, Volume 5 of 6, filed January 22, 2021 – Part 1 of 2 FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	14	103	PA002605 - PA002847
Appendix of Exhibits to Rowen Seibel, Craig Green, and The Development Entities' Opposition to Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime Fraud Exception, Volume 5 of 6, filed January 22, 2021 – Part 2 of 2 FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	15	103	PA002848 - PA002868

Document Title:	Volume No.:	<u>Tab</u> <u>No.:</u>	Page Nos.:
Appendix of Exhibits to Rowen Seibel, Craig Green, and The Development Entities' Opposition to Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime Fraud Exception, Volume 6 of 6, filed January 22, 2021 - FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	15	104	PA002869 - PA003054
Appendix to Reply in Support of Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of the Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime-Fraud Exception, filed February 3, 2021- FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	16	106	PA003068 - PA003280
Business Court Order, filed August 16, 2018	2	33	PA000412 - PA000417
Business Court Order, filed July 28, 2017	1	7	PA000127 - PA000131
Business Court Scheduling Order and Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, Pre-Trial Conference and Conference Call, filed September 1, 2017	1	10	PA000178 - PA000181
Business Court Scheduling Order Setting Civil Jury Trial and Pre-Trial Conference/Calendar Call, filed October 31, 2018	2	37	PA000443 - PA000448

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
Caesars First Amended Complaint, filed March 11, 2020	3	46	PA000512
			PA000558
Caesars' Complaint, filed August 25, 2017	1	9	PA000138
			PA000177
Caesars' Motion for Summary Judgment	16	107	PA003281
No. 1, filed February 25, 2021 - FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]			PA003306
Caesars' Motion for Summary Judgment	17	108	PA003307
No. 2, filed February 25, 2021- FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]			PA003332
Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withhold on the Pagis of Attorney Client	7	94	PA001341
Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime Fraud			PA001360
Exception, filed January 6, 2021 - FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]			
Complaint in Intervention, filed October 24,	2	36	PA000426
2018			PA000442
Court Minutes on Caesar's Motion to	17	112	PA003481
Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the			PA003482
Crime-Fraud Exception, filed on August 19, 2021- FILED UNDER SEAL –			
[PROPOSED]			

Document Title:	Volume No.:	<u>Tab</u> <u>No.:</u>	Page Nos.:
Court Minutes on Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of the Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime-Fraud Exception, filed April 12, 2021	4	68	PA000904 - PA000905
Court Minutes on The Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Greens' Motion to Compel "Confidential" Designation of Caesar's Financial Documents and Defendants' Countermotion for Protective Order, filed August 5, 2021	5	82	PA001101 - PA001102
Defendant DNT Acquisition, LLC's Answer to Plaintiffs' Complaint and Counterclaims, filed July 6, 2018	2	29	PA000320 - PA000343
Defendant Gordan Ramsay's Joinder In the Caesars Parties' Opposition to the Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Green's Motion to Compel the Return, Destruction, or Sequestering of the Court's August 19, 2021, Minute Order, filed September 20, 2021	6	86	PA001223 - PA001225
Defendant Gordon Ramsay's Answer and Affirmative Defenses to First Amended Verified Complaint, filed July 21, 2017	1	6	PA000105 - PA000126
Defendant J. Jeffrey Frederick's Answer to Plaintiff's Complaint, filed September 29, 2017	1	14	PA000185 - PA000199

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
Defendant Rowen Seibel's Answer to Plaintiffs' Complaint, filed July 3, 2018	2	26	PA000262 - PA000282
Defendants TPOV Enterprises, LLC and TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC's Answer to Plaintiffs' Complaint, filed July 6, 2018	2	28	PA000301 - PA000319
Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Granting Caesars' Motion to Strike the Seibel-Affiliated Entities' Counterclaims, and/or in the Alternative, Motion to Dismiss, filed February 3, 2021	4	59	PA000703 - PA000716
Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Granting Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime-Fraud Exception, filed June 8, 2021	5	75	PA000970 - PA000986
Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Granting Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime-Fraud Exception, filed on October 28, 2021	6	89	PA001262 - PA001278
First Amended Verified Complaint, filed June 28, 2017	1	4	PA000045 - PA000079

Document Title:	Volume No.:	<u>Tab</u> <u>No.:</u>	Page Nos.:
LLTQ/FERG Defendants' Answer and Affirmative Defenses to Plaintiffs' Complaint and Counterclaims, filed July 6, 2018	2	30	PA000344 - PA000375
Moti Defendants' Answer and Affirmative Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint, filed July 6, 2018	2	27	PA000283 - PA000300
Nominal Plaintiff, GR Burgr, LLC's Answer to First Amendment Complaint, filed June 19, 2020	3	54	PA000589 - PA000609
Notice of Compliance with June 8, 2021, Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Granting Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime-Fraud Exception, filed June 18, 2021	5	81	PA001097 - PA001100
Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Granting Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime-Fraud Exception, filed June 8, 2021	5	76	PA000987 - PA001006
Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Granting Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime-Fraud Exception, filed on October 28, 2021	6	90	PA001279 - PA001298

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part, and Denying in Part, The Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Green's Motion to Compel the Return, Destruction, or Sequestering of the Court's August 19, 2021, Minute Order Containing Privileged Attorney- Client Communications, filed on November 3, 2021	6	93	PA001329 - PA001340
Notice of Entry of Order Granting Proposed Plaintiff in Intervention the Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc. d/b/a The Old Homestead Steakhouse's Motion to Intervene, filed October 23, 2018	2	35	PA000420 - PA000425
Notice of Entry of Order Shortening Time, filed June 11, 2021	5	78	PA001041 - PA001077
Notice of Filing Petition for Extraordinary Writ Relief, filed February 5, 2021	4	61	PA000725 - PA000785
Omnibus Order Granting the Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Green's Motion to Seal and Redact, filed May 26, 2021	5	73	PA000949 - PA000960

Document Title:	Volume No.:	<u>Tab</u> <u>No.:</u>	Page Nos.:
Opposition to the Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Green's Motion to Compel the Return, Destruction, or Sequestering of the Court's August 19, 2021, Minute Order Containing Privileged Attorney-Client Communications, filed September 20, 2021	6	85	PA001129 - PA001222
Order (i) Denying the Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Green's Motion: (1) For Leave to Take Caesars' NRCP 20(b)(6) Depositions; and (2) To Compel Responses to Written Discovery on Order Shortening Time; And (ii) Granting Caesars' Countermotion for Protective Order and For Leave to Take Limited Deposition of Craig Green, filed February 4, 2021	4	60	PA000717 - PA000724
Order Denying Motion to Amend LLTQ/FERG Defendants' Answer, Affirmative Defenses and Counterclaims filed November 25, 2019	3	43	PA000497 - PA000500
Order Denying Petition for Writ of Prohibition, filed June 18, 2021	5	80	PA001094 - PA001096
Order Denying Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Injunction, filed April 12, 2017	1	2	PA000037 - PA000040

Document Title:	Volume No.:	<u>Tab</u> <u>No.:</u>	Page Nos.:
Order Denying the Development Entities' Motion for a Limited Stay of Proceedings Pending their Petition for Extraordinary Writ Relief on Order Shortening Time, filed February 24, 2021	4	66	PA000880 - PA000892
Order Denying, Without Prejudice, (1) Defendant Rowen Seibel's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Claims; (2) Defendants TPOV Enterprises and TPOV Enterprises 16's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Claims; (3) Motion to Dismiss or, in the Alternative, to Stay Claims Asserted Against Defendant DNT Acquisition, LLC; (4) Amended Motion to Dismiss or, in the Alternative, to Stay Claims Asserted Against LLTQ/FERG Defendants; and (5) Amended Motion to Dismiss or, in the Alternative, to Stay Claims Asserted Against MOTI Defendants, filed June 1, 2018	2	25	PA000222 - PA000261
Order Denying, Without Prejudice, Rowen Seibel, The Development Entities, and Craig Green's Motion to Dismiss Counts IV, V, VI, VII, and VIII of Caesars' First Amended Complaint filed May 29, 2020	3	51	PA000573 - PA000577
Order Granting Caesars' Motion for Leave to File First Amended Complaint, filed March 10, 2020	3	45	PA000507 - PA000511

Document Title:	Volume No.:	<u>Tab</u> <u>No.:</u>	Page Nos.:
Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Planet Hollywood's Motion to Dismiss, filed June 15, 2017	1	3	PA000041 - PA000044
Order Granting in Part, and Denying in Part, The Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Green's Motion to Compel the Return, Destruction, or Sequestering of the Court's August 19, 2021, Minute Order Containing Privileged Attorney- Client Communications, filed on November 3, 2021	6	92	PA001320 - PA001328
Order Granting Motion to Redact Caesars Reply in Support of Caesars Motion to Compel Withheld Documents on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime-Fraud Exception and Seal Exhibits 23, 24, 27, 30-32, and 34 Thereto, filed May 14, 2021	4	71	PA000928 - PA000938
Order Granting Motion to Redact Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime-Fraud Exception and Seal Exhibits 1,3,4,5,8,12 and 16-21 Thereto, filed February 24, 2021	4	65	PA000863 - PA000879

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
Order Granting Motion to Redact Caesars' Opposition to Rowen Seibel, The Development Entities, and Craig Green's Motion to Dismiss Counts IV, V, VI, VII, and VIII of Caesars First Amended Complaint and Seal Exhibit 2 thereto filed June 19, 2020	3	53	PA000584 - PA000588
Order Granting Motion to Redact Caesars' Opposition to the Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Green's Motion (1) for Leave to Take Caesars' NRCP 30(b)(6) Depositions; and (2) to Compel Responses to Written Discovery on Order Shortening Time; and Countermotion for Protective Order and for Leave to Take Limited Deposition of Craig Green and Seal Exhibits 3-6, 8-11, 13, 15, and 16, thereto, filed February 2, 2021	3	58	PA000692 - PA000702
Order Granting Motion to Redact Caesars' Opposition to the Development Entities, Rowen Seibel and Craig Green's Motion to Compel Confidential Designation of Caesars' Financial Documents and Countermotion for Protective Order and to Seal Exhibits 1, 2, 4, 7, 9-18, 20, 22 and 26- 30 Thereto, filed May 14, 2021	4	72	PA000939 - PA000948

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
Order Granting Motion to Redact Caesars' Reply in Support of Motion to Compel Responses to Requests for Production of Documents and Opposition to Countermotion for a Protective Order and Exhibit 20and Seal Exhibit 23 Thereto, filed June 4, 2021	5	74	PA000961 - PA000969
Order Granting Motion to Redact Portions of Caesars' Reply in Support of Its Countermotion for Protective Order and Seal Exhibits 31 Through 33 Thereto, filed May 14, 2021	4	70	PA000919 - PA000927
Order Granting Motion to Seal Exhibit 23 to Caesars' Reply in Support of Its Motion for Leave to File First Amended Complaint filed April 13, 2020	3	49	PA000563 - PA000566
Order Granting Proposed Plaintiff in Intervention the Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc. d/b/a The Old Homestead Steakhouse's Motion to Intervene, filed October 23, 2018	2	34	PA000418 - PA000419
Petition for Extraordinary Writ Relief, filed June 16, 2021 - FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	17	111	PA003433 - PA003480
Petitioners' Emergency Motion for a Stay of Compliance with the District Court's Order Compelling Production of Attorney-Client Privileged Documents, filed June 16, 2021	5	79	PA001078 - PA001093

Document Title:	Volume No.:	<u>Tab</u> <u>No.:</u>	Page Nos.:
Plaintiff's Reply to Defendant PHWLV, LLC's Counterclaims, filed August 25, 2017	1	8	PA000132 - PA000137
Reply in Support of Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime-Fraud Exception, filed February 3, 2021 - FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	15	105	PA003055 - PA003067
Reply in Support of The Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Green's Motion to Compel the Return, Destruction, or Sequestering of the Court's August 19, 2021 Minute Order Containing Privileged Attorney-Client Communication on Order Shortening Time, filed September 21, 2021	6	87	PA001226 - PA001232
Reply to DNT Acquisition, LLC's Counterclaims, filed July 25, 2018	2	31	PA000376 - PA000387
Reply to LLTQ/FERG Defendants' Counterclaims, filed July 25, 2018	2	32	PA000388 - PA000411
Reporter's Transcript of Hearings on Motion to Compel, dated February 10, 2021	4	62	PA000786 - PA000838

Document Title:	Volume No.:	<u>Tab</u> <u>No.:</u>	Page Nos.:
Reporter's Transcript of Telephonic Proceedings Re Motion to Compel the Return, Destruction, or Sequestering of the Court's August 19, 2021 Minute Order Containing Privileged Attorney-Client Communication, reported September 22, 2021	6	88	PA001233 - PA001261
Rowen Seibel, Craig Green, and The Development Entities' Opposition to Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime Fraud Exception, filed January 22, 2021 - FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	8	96	PA001577 - PA001606
Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order, filed March 12, 2019	3	39	PA000458 - PA000479
Stipulation and Order for a Limited Extension of the Dispositive Motion Deadline, filed February 17, 2021	4	63	PA000839 - PA000849
Stipulation and Order to (1) Vacate Hearing on Motions for Summary Judgment and Related Motions; (2) Vacate Deadline to File Dispositive Motions Concerning Certain Claims and (3) Vacate Trial and Related Deadlines, filed April 28, 2021	4	69	PA000906 - PA000918
Stipulation and Order to Consolidate Case No. A-17-760537-B with and Into Case No. -17-751759-B, filed February 9, 2018	1	24	PA000218 - PA000211

Document Title:	Volume No.:	Tab No.:	Page Nos.:
Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearing Dates and Set Briefing Schedule, filed March 10, 2021	4	67	PA000893 - PA000903
Stipulation and Order to Continue the Hearing on the Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Green's Motion to Compel the Return, Destruction, or Sequestering of the Court's August 19, 2021 Minute Order Containing Privileged Attorney-Client Communications and Extend Deadline to File Opposition Thereto, filed September 15, 2021	5	84	PA001119 - PA001128
Stipulation and Order to Extend Dispositive Motion Deadline, filed February 18, 2021	4	64	PA000850 - PA000862
Stipulation and Proposed Order to Extend Discovery Deadlines (Ninth Request), filed October 15, 2020	3	57	PA000665 - PA000691
The Development Entities and Rowen Seibel's Opposition to Caesars' Motion for Summary Judgment No. 1, filed March 30, 2021 - FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	17	109	PA003333 - PA003382
The Development Entities and Rowen Seibel's Opposition to Caesars' Motion for Summary Judgment No. 2, filed March 30, 2021- FILED UNDER SEAL – [PROPOSED]	17	110	PA003383 - PA003432

Document Title:	Volume No.:	<u>Tab</u> <u>No.:</u>	Page Nos.:
The Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Green's Answer to Caesars' First Amended Complaint and Counterclaims, filed June 19, 2020	3	55	PA000610 - PA000660
The Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Green's Motion to Stay Compliance with the Court's June 8, 2021 Order Pending Petition for Extraordinary Writ Relief on Order Shortening Time, filed June 10, 2021	5	77	PA001007 - PA001040
The Development Entities, Rowen Seibel, and Craig Green's Motion to Compel the Return, Destruction, or Sequestering of the Court's August 19, 2021 Minute Order Containing Privileged Attorney-Client Communications, filed August 30, 2021	5	83	PA001103 - PA001118
The Development Parties' Notice of Submission of Competing Order Concerning Supplemental Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Granting Caesars' Motion to Compel Documents Withheld on the Basis of Attorney-Client Privilege Pursuant to the Crime Fraud Exception, filed on October 28, 2021	6	91	PA001299 - PA001319
Verified Complaint and Demand for Jury Trial, filed February 28, 2017	1	1	PA000001 - PA000036

TAB 25

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Electronically Filed 6/1/2018 3:45 PM Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT**

Case No.:

A-17-751759-B

Dept. No.:

XV

Consolidated with A-17-760537-B

ORDER DENYING, WITHOUT PREJUDICE, (1) DEFENDANT ROWEN SEIBEL'S MOTION TO DISMISS PLAINTIFFS' CLAIMS; (2) DEFENDANTS TPOV ENTERPRISES AND TPOV ENTERPRISES 16'S MOTION TO DISMISS PLAINTIFFS CLAIMS; (3) MOTION TO DISMISS OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, TO STAY CLAIMS ASSERTED AGÁINST DEFENDANT DNT ACQUISITION, LLC; (4) AMENDED MOTION TO DISMISS OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, TO STAY CLAIMS ASSERTED AGAINST LLTQ/FERG DEFENDANTS; AND (5) AMENDED MOTION TO DISMISS OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, TO STAY CLAIMS ASSERTED AGAINST MOTI DEFENDANTS

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The following motions came before the Court on May 1, 2018:

- 1. Defendant Rowen Seibel's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs Claims ("Seibel's Motion to Dismiss");
- 2. Defendants TPOV Enterprises and TPOV Enterprises 16's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs Claims ("TPOV & TPOV 16's Motion to Dismiss");
- 3. Motion to Dismiss or, in the Alternative, to Stay Claims Asserted Against Defendant DNT Acquisition, LLC ("DNT's Motion to Dismiss");
- 4. Amended Motion to Dismiss or, in the Alternative, to Stay Claims Asserted Against LLTQ/FERG Defendants ("LLTQ, LLTQ 16, FERG, & FERG 16's Motion to Dismiss"); and
- 5. Amended Motion to Dismiss or, in the Alternative, to Stay Claims Asserted Against MOTI Defendants ("MOTI & MOTI 16's Motion to Dismiss").

James J. Pisanelli, Esq., M. Magali Mercera, Esq., and Brittnie Watkins, Esq., of PISANELLI BICE PLLC, and Jeffrey J. Zeiger, Esq., of KIRKLAND & ELLIS, LLP, appeared on behalf of Desert Palace, Inc., Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC, PHWLV, LLC, and Boardwalk Regency Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City (collectively the "Caesars Parties"). Dan McNutt, Esq. and Matt Wolf, Esq., of McNutt Law Firm, appeared on behalf of TPOV Enterprises, LLC ("TPOV") and TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC ("TPOV 16"). Paul Sweeney, Esq., of CERTILMAN BALIN ADLER & HYMAN, LLP, appeared on behalf of TPOV, TPOV 16, Rowen Seibel ("Seibel"), DNT Acquisition, LLC ("DNT"), LLTQ Enterprises, LLC ("LLTQ"), LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC ("LLTQ 16"), FERG, LLC ("FERG"), FERG 16, LLC ("FERG 16"), MOTI Partners, LLC ("MOTI"), and MOTI Partners 16, LLC ("MOTI 16"). Nathan Rugg, Esq., of BARACK FERRAZZANO KIRSCHBAUM & NAGELBERG LLP, appeared on behalf of LLTQ, LLTQ 16, FERG, FERG 16, MOTI, and MOTI 16. Allen Wilt, Esq., of Fennemore Craig, PC, appeared on behalf of Gordon Ramsay.

The Court having considered the above-referenced motions and related briefings, as well as argument of counsel presented at the hearing, and good cause appearing therefor,

THE COURT FINDS that the first-to-file doctrine is a doctrine of discretion. Under the totality of circumstances before the Court, the Court finds that it should exercise its discretion and not defer to the first-to-file doctrine;

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that in ruling upon a motion to dismiss, the Court must treat all factual allegations in the complaint as true and draw all inferences in favor of the Caesars Parties. See Buzz Stew, LLC v. City of North Las Vegas, 124 Nev. 224, 228, 181 P.3d 670, 672 (2008). Further, "[a]s a general rule, the court may not consider matters outside the pleading being attacked. However, the court may take into account matters of public record, orders, items present in the record of the case, and any exhibits attached to the complaint when ruling on a motion to dismiss for failure to state a claim upon which relief can be granted. Breliant v. Preferred Equities Corp., 109 Nev. 842, 847, 858 P.2d 1258, 1261 (1993). Thus, here the Court considered the subject contracts that were either referred to, attached to or incorporated in the pleadings.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that the subject contracts have nearly identical suitability provisions, which supports denial of the Motions. This Court agrees that this action involves issues of suitability pertaining to Mr. Seibel and, thus, there exists a great potential for inconsistent rulings amongst the various actions. Denying the Motions will help alleviate if not resolve the potential of inconsistent rulings on suitability amongst all of the various actions. Therefore, the Court finds, pursuant to its discretion, the totality of the circumstances, and to avoid inconsistent rulings, that it would be most efficient to resolve the suitability issues in one forum. This is the most comprehensive action in which to make a determination on this key issue.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that comity supports denial of the Motions. In reaching its conclusion on the Motions and determining that these matters should be proceeding before this Court, the Court agrees with Judge Davis' Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law ("FFCL") related to MOTI, MOTI 16, LLTQ, LLTQ 16, FERG, & FERG 16's Motions to Transfer Venue and the Caesars Parties' Motions to Remand. Judge Davis' FFCL are attached

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hereto as Exhibits 1 and 2, and the Court hereby incorporates Judge Davis' reasoning as set forth therein.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that a stay is inappropriate and denies this request, without prejudice.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that issues related to discovery taken in other actions can be addressed, as appropriate, in the future by this Court.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that FERG is in a unique position in light of sections 14.10(b)-(c) of the subject contract which would ordinarily require that actions, not just arbitration matters, be litigated in New Jersey. However, the parties are already involved in litigation in a forum other than New Jersey, namely the United State Bankruptcy Court in Illinois, which along with the other circumstances discussed above supports denial of LLTQ, LLTQ 16, FERG, & FERG 16's Motion to Dismiss, without prejudice.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that while other courts have made comments regarding aspects of the litigation, those courts have made clear that such comments are not determinations on the merits of any matter and, in fact, determination on the merits have not been reached in the other actions.

THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED as follows:

- 1. Seibel's Motion to Dismiss is hereby DENIED, without prejudice;
- 2. TPOV & TPOV 16's Motion to Dismiss is hereby DENIED, without prejudice;
- 3. DNT's Motion to Dismiss is hereby DENIED, without prejudice;
- 4. LLTQ, LLTQ 16, FERG, & FERG 16's Motion to Dismiss is hereby DENIED, without prejudice; and

1	5. MOTI & MOTI 16's Motion to Dismiss is hereby DENIED, without prejudice.
2	IT IS SO ORDERED.
3	DATED this day of May 2018.
4	Cotharde
5	THE HONORABLE JOE HARDY EIGHTN JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
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7	Respectfully submitted by:
8	PISANELLI BICE PLLC
9	By: (Sulland)
10	James Pisahelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 Debra Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 M. Magali Margara, Egg., Bar No. 11742
11	M. Magali Mercera, Esq., Bar No. 11742 Brittnie Watkins, Esq., Bar No. 13612
12	400 South 7 th Street, Suite 300 Las Vegas, NV 89101
13	and
14	Kirkland & Ellis LLP
15	Jeffrey J. Zeiger, P.C., Esq. (admitted pro hac vice) William E. Arnault, IV, Esq. (admitted pro hac vice)
16	300 North LaSalle Chicago, IL 60654
17	Telephone: 312.862.2000
18	Attorneys for Desert Palace, Inc.; Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC;
19	PHWLV, LLČ; and Boardwalk Regency Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City
20	
21	Approved as to form and content:
22	FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C.
23	By: /s/ Allen J. Wilt Allen Wilt, Esq., Bar No.4798
24	John Tennert, Esq., Bar No.11728 300 East 2 nd Street, Suite 1510
25	Reno, NV 89501
26	Attorneys for Gordon Ramsay
27	
28	

EXHIBIT 1

Joseph	SUPER BANKERIT CO.
Honorable Laurel E. Davis United States Bankruptcy Judge	THE TOT NEW YORK

Entered on Docket

December 14, 2017

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25 26 UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

DISTRICT OF NEVADA

* * * * * *

REGENCY)

Adv. Proceeding No.: 17-01237-LED

Plaintiffs,

DESERT PALACE, INC.; PARIS LAS VEGAS)

OPERATING COMPANY, LLC; PHWLV,)

CORPORATION dba CAESARS ATLANTIC)

BOARDWALK

VS.

MOTI PARTNERS, LLC; MOTI PARTNER) 16, LLC; J. JEFFREY FREDERICK; ROWEN) SEIBEL; LLTQ ENTERPRISES, LLC; LLTQ) ENTERPRISES 16, LLC; FERG, LLC; FERG) 16 LLC; TPOV ENTERPRISES, LLC; TPOV) 16, LLC; ENTERPRISES ACQUISITION, LLC; GR BURGR, LLC,

Defendants.

Date:

December 4, 2017 Time: 1:30 p.m.

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW¹

On December 4, 2017, the court held a combined hearing on the "Motion to Transfer Venue for Claims against MOTI Defendants" (AECF No. 9) (the "Motion to Transfer Venue")

All references to "AECF No." are to the numbers assigned to the documents filed in the above-captioned adversary proceeding as they appear on the docket maintained by the Clerk of Court. All references to "ECF No." are to the numbers assigned to the documents filed in the bankruptcy proceeding as they appear on the docket maintained by the Clerk of Court of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois in Case No. 15-01145. All references to "FRBP" are to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure. All references to "FRCP" are to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

and "Plaintiffs' Amended Motion to Remand" (AECF No. 34) (the "Amended Motion to Remand"). Appearances were noted on the record.

The court has considered the pleadings, arguments of counsel, the case law and statutes applicable to this matter, and the court takes judicial notice of the pleadings filed in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case (defined below) pursuant to Federal Rules of Evidence 201(b). In accordance with FRCP 52, made applicable to adversary proceedings by FRBP 7052, the court makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law. Any finding of fact that should be a conclusion of law is deemed a conclusion of law; any conclusion of law that should be a finding of fact is deemed a finding of fact.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. In 2009, Desert Palace, Inc. ("Desert Palace") and MOTI Partners, LLC entered into an agreement relating to the development and operation of a Las Vegas restaurant (the "MOTI Agreement"). (AECF No. 1 at ¶ 2; see also AECF No. 1-1 at ¶ 14).
- 2. On January 15, 2015, Desert Palace filed a voluntary chapter 11 petition with the Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois (the "Illinois Bankruptcy Court") as Case No. 15-01167. On that same day, the Illinois Bankruptcy Court entered an order directing joint administration of Desert Palace's chapter 11 case, among others, with the lead chapter 11 case filed by Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. as Case No. 15-01145 (the "Caesars Bankruptcy Case"). (ECF No. 43).
- 3. On September 2, 2016, Desert Palace sent MOTI Partners, LLC a letter terminating the MOTI Agreement. (AECF No. 1 at ¶ 6; AECF No. 1-1 at ¶ 110).
- 4. On November 30, 2016, MOTI Partners, LLC and MOTI Partners, 16, LLC (collectively, "MOTI") filed a "Request for Payment of Administrative Expense" in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case relating to the termination of the MOTI Agreement (the "MOTI Administrative Expense Claim"). (ECF No. 5862). The MOTI Administrative Expense Claim remains pending before the Illinois Bankruptcy Court.

- 5. On January 17, 2017, the Illinois Bankruptcy Court entered an order (the "Confirmation Order") in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case confirming the Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization (the "Confirmed Plan"). (ECF No. 6334).
- 6. On August 25, 2017, Desert Palace, Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC, PHWLV, LLC, and Boardwalk Regency Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City (collectively, the "Plaintiffs") filed a Complaint in the District Court for Clark County, Nevada (the "State Court") as Case No. A-17-760537-B (the "State Court Case") against Rowen Seibel, J. Jeffrey Frederick, LLTQ Enterprises, LLC, LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC (together with LLTQ Enterprises, LLC, "LLTQ"), FERG, LLC, FERG 16, LLC (together with FERG, LLC, "FERG"), MOTI, TPOV Enterprises, LLC, TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC (together with TPOV Enterprises, LLC, "TPOV"), DNT Acquisition, LLC ("DNT"), and GR Burgr, LLC ("GRB," and collectively with Rowen Seibel, J. Jeffrey Frederick, LLTQ, FERG, MOTI, TPOV, and DNT, the "Defendants"). (AECF No. 1 at Ex. A).
- 7. The Complaint alleges three causes of action (the "Removed Claims") seeking declaratory judgments relating to contracts, including the MOTI Agreement (collectively, the "Seibel Agreements"),² entered into by and among Plaintiffs and the Defendants.
- 8. Count I of the Complaint seeks a "Declaratory Judgment Against All Defendants Declaring That Caesars Properly Terminated All of the Seibel Agreements."
- 9. Count II of the Complaint seeks a "Declaratory Judgment Against All Defendants Declaring That Caesars Does Not Have Any Current or Future Obligations to Defendants Under the Seibel Agreements."

² The Complaint defines the contracts as the "Seibel Agreements."

- 10. Count III of the Complaint seeks a "Declaratory Judgment Against All Defendants Declaring that the Seibel Agreements Do Not Prohibit or Limit Existing or Future Restaurant Ventures Between Caesars and Gordon Ramsay."
- 11. On September 27, 2017,³ MOTI removed the State Court Case to this court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1452(a) and 1334(b) and FRBP 9027.⁴ (AECF No. 1). MOTI argues that the issues made the subject of the Removed Claims are subsumed within the MOTI Administrative Expense Claim currently pending in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case.
- 12. On October 2, 2017, MOTI filed a Motion to Transfer Venue, pursuant to which MOTI seeks to transfer the Removed Claims to the Illinois Bankruptcy Court.
- 13. On October 6, 2017, the effective date of the Confirmed Plan occurred. (ECF No. 7482).
- 14. On October 23, 2017, Plaintiffs filed an objection to the Motion to Transfer Venue (AECF No. 29)⁵ and a Motion to Remand (AECF No. 30), pursuant to which Plaintiffs seek to remand the Removed Claims back to the State Court.
 - 15. On October 24, 2017, Plaintiffs filed their Amended Motion to Remand.
- 16. On October 24, 2017, the Plaintiffs and some of the Defendants, including MOTI, filed a Stipulation to remand certain parties and claims back to the State Court (the "Stipulation"). (AECF No. 35).

³ On September 27, 2017, LLTQ and FERG filed a second Notice of Removal with this court as Case No. 17-01238-LED. The court will address similar motions for removal and/or transfer filed in that adversary proceeding by separate findings of fact and conclusions of law entered therein.

⁴ Plaintiffs have not contested the timeliness of MOTI's removal.

⁵ On October 18, 2017, J. Jeffrey Frederick also filed a limited objection to the Motion to Transfer Venue (AECF No. 28), which has since been resolved and is not currently before the court.

- 17. On November 1, 2017, MOTI filed a reply in support of its Motion to Transfer Venue. (AECF No. 38).
- 18. On November 2, 2017, the court entered an "Order Approving Stipulation to Remand Certain Claims," pursuant to which the court remanded back to the State Court "[a]Il claims and counts asserted against TPOV, DNT, GRB, Rowen Seibel, and J. Jeffrey Frederick; and the claims asserted against LLTQ and FERG in Count I." (AECF No. 39 at p. 2, ¶ 1). At the December 4 hearing, MOTI's counsel clarified that the Count I claim as to MOTI was not remanded and remains with this court.⁶
- 19. On November 7, 2017, LLTQ, FERG, and MOTI (collectively, the "Objectors")⁷ filed a joint objection to the Amended Motion to Remand. (AECF No. 47).
- 20. On November 17, 2017, Plaintiffs filed their reply in support of the Amended Motion to Remand. (AECF No. 58).
- 21. At the court's request, on November 28, 2017, the Objectors filed a "Supplemental Brief in Support of Motions to Transfer" (AECF No. 64), and on November 30, 2017, the Plaintiffs filed a "Supplemental Brief Regarding Removal of Claims" (AECF No. 65).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Jurisdiction

A. The court has jurisdiction to enter final orders on the Amended Motion to Remand and Motion to Transfer Venue pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1412, 1447 and 1452 and FRBP 7087 and 9027. Neither party has argued to the contrary. See Citicorp Sav. of Ill. v. Chapman (In re Chapman), 132 B.R. 153, 160-61 (Bankr. N.D. Ill. 1991) (recognizing the

⁶ Counts II and III are asserted against, among other parties, LLTQ and FERG, and not MOTI.

 $^{^{7}}$ The Objectors filed a joint objection because "[t]he Remand Motions filed in these two adversary proceedings are identical to one another" (AECF No. 47 at p. 2, n.1).

split in the case law but concluding that the bankruptcy court had authority to enter a final order on a motion to remand).

- B. "[A] bankruptcy court's post-confirmation 'related to' jurisdiction is substantially more limited than its pre-confirmation jurisdiction" Montana v. Goldin (In re Pegasus Gold Corp.), 394 F.3d 1189, 1191 (9th Cir. 2005). "[T]he essential inquiry appears to be whether there is a close nexus to the bankruptcy plan or proceeding sufficient to uphold bankruptcy court jurisdiction over the matter[,]" and "matters affecting 'the interpretation, implementation, consummation, execution, or administration of the confirmed plan will typically have the requisite close nexus." Id. at 1194 (quoting Binder v. Price Waterhouse & Co., LLP (In re Resorts Int'l, Inc.), 372 F.3d 154, 166-67 (3d Cir. 2004)).
- C. Count I seeks a declaration regarding Desert Palace's right to terminate the MOTI Agreement based upon Nevada state law, a fact that MOTI concedes. MOTI nevertheless argues that the "unique circumstances" of the Caesars Bankruptcy Case require some different conclusion. (See AECF No. 47 at p. 6). The court disagrees.
- D. The disclosure statement approved in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case listed an estimated 1,800 administrative claims that are provided for by either payment in full or other resolution during the post-confirmation period. (ECF No. 4220-1 at p. 105). Any state law issue arising in Count I is distinct from the MOTI Administrative Expense Claim. And, MOTI's counsel conceded during the December 4 hearing that Count I is a nullity because Desert Palace had the right to terminate the MOTI Agreement for any reason. Consequently, the determination of Count I in the State Court Case will not affect the interpretation, implementation, consummation, execution, or administration of the Confirmed Plan.
- E. Language in the Confirmed Plan providing for the Illinois Bankruptcy Court's retention of jurisdiction over administrative claims does not alter this conclusion, as the

court's subject matter jurisdiction may not be conferred by the parties' consent with respect to state law contract claims that do not satisfy the "close nexus" test regarding post-confirmation jurisdiction. Go Global, Inc. v. Rogich (In re Go Global, Inc.), 2016 WL 6901265, at *7 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. Nov. 22, 2016) (citing In re Resorts Int'l, Inc., 372 F.3d at 161) ("[T]o the extent the plan could be construed as reserving jurisdiction to the bankruptcy court to adjudicate that claim, such a reservation would be, by itself, ineffective.").

- F. Because this court finds and concludes that there is a not a sufficiently "close nexus" between Count I and the Caesars Bankruptcy Case, the court does not reach the question of supplemental jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- G. For all of these reasons, the court lacks jurisdiction over Count I, which shall be remanded back to the State Court.

Remand of Claims

- H. Even if the court has jurisdiction over Count I, the court exercises its discretion to remand Count I back to the State Court. See Pac. Inv. Mgmt. Co., LLC v. OCP Opportunities Fund III, L.P. (In re Enron Corp.), 296 B.R. 505, 508 (C.D. Cal. 2003) (citing 28 U.S.C. § 1452(b)) ("Bankruptcy courts have broad discretion to remand cases over which they otherwise have jurisdiction on any equitable ground.").
- I. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1452(a), a party is authorized to "remove any claim or cause of action in a civil action . . . to the district court for the district where such civil action is pending, if such district court has jurisdiction of such claim or cause of action under section 1334 of this title."
- J. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1452(b), "[t]he court to which such claim or cause of action is removed may remand such claim or cause of action on any equitable ground."
- K. "This 'any equitable ground' remand standard is an unusually broad grant of authority. It subsumes and reaches beyond all of the reasons for remand under

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nonbankruptcy removal statutes." <u>McCarthy v. Prince (In re McCarthy)</u>, 230 B.R. 414, 417 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 1999). "At bottom, the question is committed to the sound discretion of the bankruptcy judge." <u>Id.</u>

- L. The court may consider 14 non-exclusive factors during its discretionary analysis. See Wood v. Bank of N.Y. (In re Wood), 2011 WL 7145617, at *8-9 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. Dec. 12, 2011). "[A]ny one of the relevant factors may provide a sufficient basis for equitable remand" Fenicle v. Boise Cascade Co., 2015 WL 5948168, at *6 (N.D. Cal. Oct. 13, 2015) (quotations and citations omitted).
- The first factor involves "the effect or lack thereof on the efficient M. administration of the estate if the Court recommends [remand]" In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *8. The court finds and concludes that remand will not affect the efficient administration of the Caesars Bankruptcy Case because any state law issue involving Count I is distinct from the MOTI Administrative Expense Claim, which is only one of an estimated 1,800 such claims that are provided for by the Confirmed Plan. Furthermore, MOTI's counsel conceded during the December 4 hearing that Count I is a nullity because Desert Palace had the right to terminate the MOTI Agreement for any reason. See Christensen v. Tucson Estates, Inc. (In re Tucson Estates, Inc.), 912 F.2d 1162, 1169 (9th Cir. 1990) (finding that issues involving state law interpretation of a restrictive covenant's reach "are distinct from the administration of the bankruptcy estate."); In re Go Global, Inc., 2016 WL 6901265, at *7 (holding that the court lacked post-confirmation jurisdiction to decide a cause of action that was not discussed in the disclosure statement or confirmed plan); Machine Zone, Inc. v. Peak Web LLC (In re Peak Web LLC), 559 B.R. 738, 741-42 (Bankr, D. Or. 2016) (finding that the first factor weighed in favor of remand because "reorganization is not dependent on resolution of the [removed] claims."). See also RG Adding L.L.C. v. Carrier Mid-Atlantic HQ (In re Fedders N. Am., Inc.), 2009 WL 2151245, at *1-2 (Bankr, D. Del. July 17, 2009) (abstaining from deciding an action to collect a

receivable purchased during the bankruptcy case because, among other things, state law predominates and resolution of this action "will have no effect on the administration of the estate because the Debtor's plan has been confirmed"); Sun Healthcare Group, Inc. v. Levin (In re Sun Healthcare Group, Inc.), 267 B.R. 673, 679 (Bankr. D. Del. 2000) (abstaining from hearing the debtor's adversary proceeding involving breach of contract and tortious interference with business relations' claims because, among other things, "there is no impact on the administration of the bankruptcy estate").

- N. The second factor involves the "extent to which state law issues predominate over bankruptcy issues" In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. As MOTI has acknowledged, the court finds and concludes that this factor strongly weighs in favor of remand because Count I involves a state law contract issue. See AECF No. 47 at p. 6 (stating that the Removed Claims involve a "state law contract dispute"); see also In re Peak Web LLC, 559 B.R. at 742 (finding that the second factor weighed in favor of remand because state law issues predominate and "no bankruptcy issues . . . need to be determined before the case can be tried.").
- O. The third factor involves whether there are "difficult or unsettled [issues] of applicable law" <u>In re Wood</u>, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. Although the parties did not argue this factor, MOTI's counsel conceded that Desert Palace had the right to terminate the MOTI Agreement for any reason. In light of this concession, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand.
- P. The fourth factor involves the "presence of a related proceeding commenced in state court or other nonbankruptcy proceeding" <u>Id.</u> The State Court Case constitutes a related proceeding to which this court has already remanded certain claims and parties pursuant to the Stipulation. <u>See Maya, LLC v. Cytodyn of N. Mexico, Inc. (In reCytodyn of N. Mexico, Inc.)</u>, 374 B.R. 733, 739 (Bankr. C.D. Cal. 2007) (finding this factor weighed in favor of remand even though the state court case may have technically been

"extinguished" upon removal). Furthermore, after considering the pleadings and counsels' arguments, the court is convinced that similar issues involving Nevada law permeate all of the Removed Claims, as well as the claims that have already been remanded back to the State Court. Indeed, Plaintiffs' counsel represented to the court that all parties have agreed that if the Removed Claims are remanded back to the State Court, then the State Court Case will be consolidated with another related Nevada state court matter pending before Judge Joe Hardy as Case No. A-17-751759-B. For all of these reasons, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand.

- Q. The fifth factor involves the "jurisdictional basis, if any, other than § 1334 " In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. MOTI does not argue that any jurisdictional basis exists other than 28 U.S.C. § 1334. Therefore, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand.
- R. The sixth factor involves the "degree of relatedness or remoteness of [the] proceeding to [the] main bankruptcy case " <u>Id.</u> MOTI argues that overlapping facts exist in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case relating to the MOTI Administrative Expense Claim. Plaintiffs indirectly refute this, arguing, among other things, that Count I is not "related to" the interpretation or enforcement of the Confirmed Plan in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case. The court agrees. Claims objections routinely require a bankruptcy court's interpretation of state law issues, and the existence of overlapping facts does not, standing alone, convert purely state law claims to a bankruptcy matter that must be decided by a bankruptcy court. <u>See Butner v. U.S.</u>, 440 U.S. 48, 54 (1979) ("Congress has generally left the determination of property rights in the assets of a bankruptcy's estate to state law."). Consequently, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand.

⁸ Also raising similar issues is a case pending in the U.S. District Court for the District of Nevada, entitled *TPOV Enterprises 16*, *LLC v. Paris Las Vegas Operating Co.*, *LLC*, et al., Case No. 2:17-CV-00346-JCM-VCF.

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- S. The seventh factor involves "the substance rather than the form of an asserted core proceeding." In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. MOTI argues that Count I is a core proceeding under 28 U.S.C. §§ 157(b)(2)(A) or 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2)(O) because it is "inextricably bound" with the MOTI Administrative Claim Expense Claim. See Honigman, Miller, Schwartz & Cohn v. Weitzman (In re Delorean Motor Co.), 155 B.R. 521, 525 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 1993) ("[A] proceeding will not be considered a core matter, even if it falls within the literal language of sections 157(b)(2)(A) or 157(b)(2)(O), if it is a state law claim that could exist outside of bankruptcy and is not inextricably bound to the claims allowance process or a right created by the Bankruptcy Code."). Pursuant to the MOTI Administrative Expense Claim, MOTI seeks damages based on post-termination events. However, the only issue involved in Count I is Desert Palace's right to terminate the MOTI Agreement under Nevada state law, an issue that MOTI's counsel has conceded is no longer in dispute. Consequently, Count 1 is not "inextricably bound" to the administrative claims process pending before the Illinois Bankruptcy Court. Therefore, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand.
- T. The eighth factor relates to "the feasibility of severing state law claims from core bankruptcy matters to allow judgments to be entered in state court with enforcement left to the bankruptcy court" In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. The court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand because any findings made by the State Court on Count I may, to the extent applicable, be utilized by the Illinois Bankruptcy Court with respect to the matters pending before it.
- U. The ninth factor involves "the burden on the bankruptcy court's docket"

 Id. Plaintiffs cite to a transcript from the Caesars Bankruptcy Case in which U.S.

 Bankruptcy Judge A. Benjamin Goldgar stated regarding another matter his preference for a state court to determine a state law issue. See Amended Motion to Remand at p. 14 and Ex.

 C. The parties also cite other statements by Judge Goldgar to the effect that particular

issues should be decided by the bankruptcy court. These comments by Judge Goldgar are not consistent and therefore do not provide a basis upon which to make findings and conclusions regarding this factor. As a result, the court finds and concludes that this factor is neutral.

- V. The tenth factor involves "the likelihood that the commencement of the proceeding in bankruptcy court involves forum shopping by one of the parties" In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. MOTI argues that Plaintiffs engaged in forum shopping by filing the State Court Case after receiving unfavorable comments from Judge Goldgar. This contention is not relevant to the tenth factor, which "addresses forum shopping in connection with the initiation of the bankruptcy court proceeding" Kamana O'Kala, LLC v. Lite Solar, LLC, 2017 WL 1100568, at *7 (D. Or. Feb. 13, 2017). Even if it was relevant, the "court determines that the evidence does not indicate that any party chose . . . its respective forum in an attempt to abuse or manipulate the judicial process." Torres v. NE Opco, Inc. (In re NE Opco, Inc.), 2014 WL 4346080, at *3 (Bankr. C.D. Cal. Aug. 28, 2014). For these reasons, the court finds and concludes that this factor is neutral.
- W. The eleventh factor involves "the existence of a right to a jury trial" In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. MOTI states that no jury trial has been demanded, see AECF No. 47 at p. 9. Plaintiffs do not refute this claim. For this reason, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs slightly against remand.
- X. The twelfth factor involves "the presence in the proceeding of nondebtor parties" In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. Desert Palace, as a reorganized debtor, is a separate legal entity from the debtor that was involved in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case. See Confirmed Plan at p. 71, Art. IV, § AA. Furthermore, two of the plaintiffs and all the defendants in the State Court Case are non-debtors. As a result, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand.

Y. The thirteenth factor involves "comity" In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. "Comity dictates that [Nevada] courts should have the right to adjudicate the exclusively state law claims involving [Nevada]-centric plaintiffs⁹ and [Nevada]-centric transactions." Pac. Inv. Mgmt. Co., LLC v. OCP Opportunities Fund III, L.P. (In re Enron Corp.), 296 B.R. 505, 509 (C.D. Cal. 2003). See also Kamana O'Kala, LLC, 2017 WL 1100568, at *7 (finding the thirteenth factor weighed "heavily" in favor of remand "because Kamana's claims arise out of Oregon law, and because Kamana selected the [applicable state] court as the forum for litigation of its claims."); In re NE Opco, Inc., 2014 WL 4346080, at *3 (finding the same "because California courts have an interest in adjudicating Plaintiff's California state law claims."); Brincko v. Rio Props., Inc. (In re Nat'l Consumer Mortg.), 2010 WL 2384217, at *4 (C.D. Cal. June 10, 2010) (transferring venue from the California bankruptcy court to Nevada because, among other reasons, "Nevada has an interest in having the controversy decided within its borders."). For these reasons, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs strongly in favor of remand.

Z. The fourteenth factor involves "the possibility of prejudice to other parties in the action " In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. Plaintiffs' counsel argued that overlapping facts exist regarding "suitability" provisions in the Seibel Agreements and the scope of restrictive covenants. Absent a single forum to decide these issues, Plaintiffs contend that the risk of inconsistent decisions by different courts constitutes prejudice. The court agrees. See W. Helicopters, Inc. v. Hiller Aviation, Inc., 97 B.R. 1, 7 (E.D. Cal. 1988) ("In addition to the unnecessary expense and expenditure of duplicative judicial resources, bifurcating this civil claim creates the real danger of inconsistent results. Such a risk should be avoided if there are no countervailing benefits."). Finally, the State Court

⁹ According to the Complaint, Boardwalk Regency Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City LLC is the only Plaintiff that is not incorporated in Nevada. (See AECF No. 1-1 at ¶¶ 9-12).

Case involves two non-debtor plaintiffs and 12 non-debtor defendants. For these reasons, 1 the court finds and concludes that this factor strongly weighs in favor of remand. 2 AA. In summation, factors 1-8 and 12-14 weigh in favor of remand, factor 11 3 weighs slightly against remand, and factors 9-10 are neutral. The court finds and concludes that the 11 factors in favor of remand substantially outweigh the one factor weighing 5 slightly against remand. The court therefore grants the Amended Motion to Remand and 6 remands Count I back to the State Court. The Motion to Transfer is therefore denied as 7 moot. CONCLUSION 9 Pursuant to FRBP 9021, the court will enter separate orders and judgments 10 consistent with these Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. 11 IT IS SO ORDERED. 12 Copies sent via BNC to: 13 14 STEVEN B CHAIKEN on behalf of Defendant MOTI PARTNER 16, LLC ADELMAN & GETTLEMAN, LTD 53 W JACKSON BLVD, SUITE 1050 CHICAGO, IL 60604 16 STEVEN B CHAIKEN on behalf of Defendant MOTI PARTNERS, LLC 17 ADELMAN & GETTLEMAN, LTD 53 W JACKSON BLVD, SUITE 1050 18 CHICAGO, IL 60604 19 DAN MCNUTT on behalf of Defendant MOTI PARTNER 16, LLC CARBAJAL & MCNUTT, LLP 20 625 S. EIGHTH STREET LAS VEGAS, NV 89101 21 DAN MCNUTT on behalf of Defendant MOTI PARTNERS, LLC 22 CARBAJAL & MCNUTT, LLP 625 S. EIGHTH STREET 23 LAS VEGAS, NV 89101 24 M. MAGALI MERCERA on behalf of Plaintiff BOARDWALK REGENCY CORPORATION PISANELLI BICE PLLC 25 400 SO 7TH ST, STE 300

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	Case 17-01237-led Doc 68 Entered 12/14/17 15:27:27 Page 16 of 16
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EXHIBIT 2

Honorable Laurel E. Davis United States Bankruptcy Judge

Adv. Proceeding No.: 17-01238-LED

December 4, 2017

1:30 p.m.

Entered on Docket December 14, 2017

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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

DISTRICT OF NEVADA

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* * * * * *

Date:

Time:

DESERT PALACE, INC.; PARIS LAS VEGAS) OPERATING COMPANY, LLC; PHWLV,) BOARDWALK REGENCY) CORPORATION dba CAESARS ATLANTIC) CITY,

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Plaintiffs.

16, LLC;

Defendants.

13 VS.

MOTI PARTNERS, LLC; MOTI PARTNER) 16, LLC; J. JEFFREY FREDERICK; ROWEN) 15 SEIBEL; LLTQ ENTERPRISES, LLC; LLTQ) ENTERPRISES 16, LLC; FERG, LLC; FERG) 16 LLC; TPOV ENTERPRISES, LLC; TPOV) 16 ENTERPRISES

17 ACQUISITION, LLC; GR BURGR, LLC,

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FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW¹

DNT

On December 4, 2017, the court held a combined hearing on the "Motion to Transfer Venue of Claims against LLTQ/FERG Defendants" (AECF No. 8) (the "Motion to Transfer

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¹ All references to "AECF No." are to the numbers assigned to the documents filed in the above-captioned adversary proceeding as they appear on the docket maintained by the Clerk of Court. All references to "ECF No." are to the numbers assigned to the documents filed in the bankruptcy proceeding as they appear on the docket maintained by the Clerk of Court of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois in Case No. 15-01145. All references to "FRBP" are to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure. All references to "FRCP" are to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

PA000245

 Venue") and "Plaintiffs' Amended Motion to Remand" (AECF No. 43) (the "Amended Motion to Remand"). Appearances were noted on the record.

The court has considered the pleadings, arguments of counsel, the case law and statutes applicable to this matter, and the court takes judicial notice of the pleadings filed in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case (defined below) pursuant to Federal Rules of Evidence 201(b). In accordance with FRCP 52, made applicable to adversary proceedings by FRBP 7052, the court makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law. Any finding of fact that should be a conclusion of law is deemed a conclusion of law; any conclusion of law that should be a finding of fact is deemed a finding of fact.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. In April 2012, Desert Palace, Inc. ("Desert Palace") and LLTQ Enterprises, LLC entered into a Development and Operation Agreement (the "LLTQ Agreement"). (See ECF No. 1755 at p. 4; ECF No. 1774 at p. 1, ¶ 1).
- 2. On May 16, 2014, Boardwalk Regency Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City ("Boardwalk") and FERG, LLC entered into a Consulting Agreement (the "FERG Agreement" and together with the LLTQ Agreement, the "LLTQ/FERG Agreements"). Id.
- 3. On January 15, 2015, Desert Palace and Boardwalk filed separate voluntary chapter 11 petitions with the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois (the "Illinois Bankruptcy Court") as Case Nos. 15-01167 and 15-01151, respectively. On that same day, the Illinois Bankruptcy Court entered an order directing joint administration of the Removed Parties' chapter 11 cases, among others, with the lead chapter 11 case filed by Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. as Case No. 15-01145 (the "Caesars Bankruptcy Case"). (ECF No. 43).
- 4. On June 8, 2015, the jointly administered debtors (the "Debtors") filed "Debtors' Fourth Omnibus Motion for the Entry of an Order Authorizing the Debtors to Reject Certain Executory Contracts <u>Nunc Pro Tune</u> to June 11, 2015" in the Caesars

Bankruptcy Case, pursuant to which the Debtors requested rejection of, in pertinent part, the LLTQ/FERG Agreements (the "First Rejection Motion"). (ECF No. 1755) (emphasis in original). The First Rejection Motion remains pending before the Illinois Bankruptcy Court.

- 5. On November 4, 2015, LLTQ and FERG filed a "Request for Payment of Administrative Expense" in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case relating to alleged post-petition amounts owed by the Removed Parties under the LLTQ/FERG Agreements (the "LLTQ/FERG Administrative Expense Claim"). (ECF No. 2531). The LLTQ/FERG Administrative Expense Claim remains pending before the Illinois Bankruptcy Court.
- 6. On January 14, 2016, the Debtors filed "Debtors' Motion for the Entry of an Order Authorizing the Debtors to (A) Reject Certain Existing Restaurant Agreements and (B) Enter into New Restaurant Agreements" in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case, pursuant to which the Debtors seek to reject certain agreements entered into with celebrity chef Gordon Ramsay and Gordon Ramsay Holdings Limited regarding, among other things, the operation of Gordon Ramsay Pub & Grill restaurants at Caesars' properties (the "Second Rejection Motion" and together with the First Rejection Motion, the "Rejection Motions"). (ECF No. 3000). In the Second Rejection Motion, the Debtors state that they "entered into separate agreements with restaurateur Rowen Seibel and his affiliates, FERG, LLC and LLTQ Enterprises, LLC . . . to obtain consulting services regarding employee staffing and training, marketing, and various operational matters for the Ramsay Restaurants " Id. at p. 3, ¶ 3. The Debtors subsequently deemed the LLTQ/FERG Agreements no longer beneficial to their business operations and seek, by the Second Rejection Motion, to reject these affiliated agreements with Gordon Ramsay and enter into a new business relationship with him without LLTQ's and FERG's involvement. The Second Rejection Motion remains pending before the Illinois Bankruptcy Court.

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- 7. On January 17, 2017, the Illinois Bankruptcy Court entered an order (the "Confirmation Order") in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case confirming the Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization (the "Confirmed Plan"). (ECF No. 6334).
- 8. On August 25, 2017, Desert Palace, Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC, PHWLV, LLC, and Boardwalk (collectively, the "Plaintiffs") filed a Complaint in the District Court for Clark County, Nevada (the "State Court") as Case No. A-17-760537-B (the "State Court Case") against Rowen Seibel, J. Jeffrey Frederick, LLTQ Enterprises, LLC, LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC (together with LLTQ Enterprises, LLC, "LLTQ"), FERG, LLC, FERG 16, LLC (together with FERG, LLC, "FERG"), MOTI Partners, LLC, MOTI Partners 16, LLC (together with MOTI Partners, LLC, "MOTI"), TPOV Enterprises, LLC, TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC (together with TPOV Enterprises, LLC, "TPOV"), DNT Acquisition, LLC ("DNT"), and GR Burgr, LLC ("GRB," and collectively with Rowen Seibel, J. Jeffrey Frederick, LLTQ, FERG, MOTI, TPOV, and DNT, the "Defendants"). (AECF No. 1 at Ex. A).
- 9. The Complaint alleges three causes of action (the "Removed Claims") seeking declaratory judgments relating to contracts, including the LLTQ/FERG Agreements (collectively, the "Seibel Agreements"),² entered into by and among Plaintiffs and the Defendants.
- 10. Count I of the Complaint seeks a "Declaratory Judgment Against All Defendants Declaring That Caesars Properly Terminated All of the Seibel Agreements."
- 11. Count II of the Complaint seeks a "Declaratory Judgment Against All Defendants Declaring That Caesars Does Not Have Any Current or Future Obligations to Defendants Under the Seibel Agreements."

² The Complaint defines the contracts as the "Seibel Agreements."

12. Count III of the Complaint seeks a "Declaratory Judgment Against All Defendants Declaring that the Seibel Agreements Do Not Prohibit or Limit Existing or Future Restaurant Ventures Between Caesars and Gordon Ramsay."

- 13. On September 27, 2017,³ LLTQ and FERG removed the State Court Case to this court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1452(a) and 1334(b) and FRBP 9027.⁴ (AECF No. 1). LLTQ and FERG argue that the issues made the subject of the Removed Claims are subsumed within the Rejection Motions and the LLTQ/FERG Administrative Expense Claim currently pending in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case.
- 14. On October 2, 2017, LLTQ and FERG filed a Motion to Transfer Venue, pursuant to which they seek to transfer the Removed Claims to the Illinois Bankruptcy Court.
- 15. On October 6, 2017, the effective date of the Confirmed Plan occurred. (ECF No. 7482).
- 16. On October 23, 2017, Plaintiffs filed an objection to the Motion to Transfer Venue (AECF No. 37)⁵ and a Motion to Remand (AECF No. 38), pursuant to which Plaintiffs seek to remand the Removed Claims back to the State Court.
- 17. On October 24, 2017, Plaintiffs filed an amended objection to the Motion to Transfer Venue (AECF No. 42) and the Amended Motion to Remand.
- 18. On November 1, 2017, LLTQ and FERG filed a reply in support of their Motion to Transfer Venue. (AECF No. 48).

³ On September 27, 2017, MOTI filed a Notice of Removal with this court as Case No. 17-01237-LED. The court will address similar motions for removal and/or transfer filed in that adversary proceeding by separate findings of fact and conclusions of law entered therein.

⁴ Plaintiffs have not contested the timeliness of the removal.

⁵ On October 18, 2017, J. Jeffrey Frederick also filed a limited objection to the Motion to Transfer Venue (AECF No. 36), which has since been resolved and is not currently before the court.

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19. On November 7, 2017, LLTQ, FERG, and MOTI (collectively, the "Objectors")⁶ filed a joint objection to the Amended Motion to Remand. (AECF No. 55).

- 20. On November 17, 2017, Plaintiffs filed their reply in support of the Amended Motion to Remand. (AECF No. 60).
- 21. On November 21, 2017, the Plaintiffs and certain of the Defendants, including LLTQ and FERG, filed a Stipulation to remand certain parties and claims back to the State Court (the "Stipulation"). (AECF No. 61). On that same day, the court entered an "Order Approving Stipulation to Remand Certain Claims," pursuant to which the court remanded back to the State Court "[a]ll claims and counts asserted against TPOV, DNT, GRB, Rowen Seibel, and J. Jeffrey Frederick; and the claims asserted against LLTQ and FERG in Count I." (AECF No. 62 at p. 2, ¶ 2). Pursuant to the court-approved Stipulation, only Counts II and III as to LLTQ and FERG remain pending before this court.
- 22. At the court's request, on November 28, 2017, the Objectors filed a "Supplemental Brief in Support of Motions to Transfer" (AECF No. 66), and on November 30, 2017, the Plaintiffs filed a "Supplemental Brief Regarding Removal of Claims" (AECF No. 67).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Jurisdiction

The court has jurisdiction to enter final orders on the Amended Motion to Remand and Motion to Transfer Venue pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1412, 1447 and 1452 and FRBP 7087 and 9027. Neither party has argued to the contrary. See Citicorp Sav. of Ill. v. Chapman (In re Chapman), 132 B.R. 153, 160-61 (Bankr. N.D. III. 1991) (recognizing the

⁶ Objectors filed a joint objection because "[t]he Remand Motions filed in these two adversary proceedings are identical to one another " (AECF No. 55 at p. 2, n.1).

split in the case law but concluding that the bankruptcy court had authority to enter a final order on a motion to remand).

- B. "[A] bankruptcy court's post-confirmation 'related to' jurisdiction is substantially more limited than its pre-confirmation jurisdiction" <u>Montana v. Goldin</u> (In re Pegasus Gold Corp.), 394 F.3d 1189, 1191 (9th Cir. 2005). "'[T]he essential inquiry appears to be whether there is a close nexus to the bankruptcy plan or proceeding sufficient to uphold bankruptcy court jurisdiction over the matter[,]'" and "matters affecting 'the interpretation, implementation, consummation, execution, or administration of the confirmed plan will typically have the requisite close nexus." <u>Id.</u> at 1194 (quoting <u>Binder v. Price Waterhouse & Co., LLP (In re Resorts Int'l, Inc.)</u>, 372 F.3d 154, 166-67 (3d Cir. 2004)).
- C. Counts II and III seek a declaration regarding the Plaintiff's right to terminate the LLTQ/FERG Agreements under state law, a fact that LLTQ and FERG concede. LLTQ/FERG nevertheless argue that the "unique circumstances" of the Caesars Bankruptcy Case require a different conclusion. (See AECF No. 55 at p. 6). The court disagrees.
- D. The disclosure statement approved in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case listed an estimated 1,800 administrative claims that are provided for by either payment in full or other resolution during the post-confirmation period. (ECF No. 4220-1 at p. 105). Any state law issue arising in Counts II and III is distinct from the LLTQ/FERG Administrative Expense Claim. Plaintiffs' counsel further stated at the hearing that the Confirmed Plan provides for a reserve of funds to pay any rejection claims. Consequently, the determination of Counts II and III in the State Court Case will not affect the interpretation, implementation, consummation, execution, or administration of the Confirmed Plan.
- E. Language in the Confirmed Plan providing for the Illinois Bankruptcy Court's retention of jurisdiction over administrative claims and rejection motions does not alter this conclusion, as the court's subject matter jurisdiction may not be conferred by the parties'

consent with respect to state law contract claims that do not satisfy the "close nexus" test regarding post-confirmation jurisdiction. <u>Go Global, Inc. v. Rogich (In re Go Global, Inc.)</u>, 2016 WL 6901265, at *7 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. Nov. 22, 2016) (citing <u>In re Resorts Int'l, Inc.</u>, 372 F.3d at 161) ("[T]o the extent the plan could be construed as reserving jurisdiction to the bankruptcy court to adjudicate that claim, such a reservation would be, by itself, ineffective.").

- F. Because this court concludes that there is a not a sufficiently "close nexus" between Counts II and III and the Caesars Bankruptcy Case, the court does not reach the question of supplemental jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- G. For all of these reasons, the court lacks jurisdiction over Counts II and III, and both counts shall be remanded back to the State Court.

Remand of Claims

- H. Even if the court has jurisdiction, it exercises its discretion to remand Counts II and III back to the State Court. See Pac. Inv. Mgmt. Co., LLC v. OCP Opportunities Fund III, L.P. (In re Enron Corp.), 296 B.R. 505, 508 (C.D. Cal. 2003) (citing 28 U.S.C. § 1452(b)) ("Bankruptcy courts have broad discretion to remand cases over which they otherwise have jurisdiction on any equitable ground.").
- I. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1452(a), a party is authorized to "remove any claim or cause of action in a civil action . . . to the district court for the district where such civil action is pending, if such district court has jurisdiction of such claim or cause of action under section 1334 of this title."
- J. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1452(b), "[t]he court to which such claim or cause of action is removed may remand such claim or cause of action on any equitable ground."
- K. "This 'any equitable ground' remand standard is an unusually broad grant of authority. It subsumes and reaches beyond all of the reasons for remand under nonbankruptcy removal statutes." McCarthy v. Prince (In re McCarthy), 230 B.R. 414, 417

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(B.A.P. 9th Cir. 1999). "At bottom, the question is committed to the sound discretion of the bankruptcy judge." <u>Id.</u>

- L. The court may consider fourteen non-exclusive factors during its discretionary analysis. See Wood v. Bank of N.Y. (In re Wood), 2011 WL 7145617, at *8-9 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. Dec. 12, 2011). "[A]ny one of the relevant factors may provide a sufficient basis for equitable remand" Fenicle v. Boise Cascade Co., 2015 WL 5948168, at *6 (N.D. Cal. Oct. 13, 2015) (quotations and citations omitted).
- M. The first factor involves "the effect or lack thereof on the efficient administration of the estate if the Court recommends [remand] " In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *8. The court finds and concludes that remand will not affect the efficient administration of the Caesars Bankruptcy Case because any state law issue arising in Counts II and III is distinct from the LLTQ/FERG Administrative Expense Claim, which is only one of an estimated 1,800 such claims that are provided for by the Confirmed Plan, as well as any rejection claim that is likewise provided for by the Confirmed Plan. See Christensen v. Tucson Estates, Inc. (In re Tucson Estates, Inc.), 912 F.2d 1162, 1169 (9th Cir. 1990) (finding that issues involving state law interpretation of a restrictive covenant's reach "are distinct from the administration of the bankruptcy estate."); In re Go Global, Inc., 2016 WL 6901265, at *7 (holding that the court lacked post-confirmation jurisdiction to decide a cause of action that was not discussed in the disclosure statement or confirmed plan); Machine Zone, Inc. v. Peak Web LLC (In re Peak Web LLC), 559 B.R. 738, 741-42 (Bankr. D. Or. 2016) (finding that the first factor weighed in favor of remand because "reorganization is not dependent on resolution of the [removed] claims."). See also RG Adding L.L.C. v. Carrier Mid-Atlantic HQ (In re Fedders N. Am., Inc.), 2009 WL 2151245, at *1-2 (Bankr. D. Del. July 17, 2009) (abstaining from deciding an action to collect a receivable purchased during the bankruptcy case because, among other things, state law predominates and resolution of this action "will have no effect on the administration of the

estate because the Debtor's plan has been confirmed"); Sun Healthcare Group, Inc. v. Levin (In re Sun Healthcare Group, Inc.), 267 B.R. 673, 679 (Bankr. D. Del. 2000) (abstaining from hearing the debtor's adversary proceeding involving breach of contract and tortious interference with business relations' claims because, among other things, "there is no impact on the administration of the bankruptcy estate").

- N. The second factor involves the "extent to which state law issues predominate over bankruptcy issues" In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. As LLTQ and FERG have acknowledged, the court finds and concludes that this factor strongly weighs in favor of remand because Counts II and III involve state law contract issues. See AECF No. 55 at p. 6 (stating that the Removed Claims involve a "state law contract dispute"); see also In re Peak Web LLC, 559 B.R. at 742 (finding that the second factor weighed in favor of remand because state law issues predominate and "no bankruptcy issues . . . need to be determined before the case can be tried.").
- O. The third factor involves whether there are "difficult or unsettled [issues] of applicable law" <u>In re Wood</u>, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. Because the parties did not discuss this factor, the court finds and concludes that it is neutral.
- P. The fourth factor involves the "presence of a related proceeding commenced in state court or other nonbankruptcy proceeding" <u>Id.</u> The State Court Case constitutes a related proceeding to which this court has already remanded certain claims and parties pursuant to the Stipulation. <u>See Maya, LLC v. Cytodyn of N. Mexico, Inc. (In re Cytodyn of N. Mexico, Inc.)</u>, 374 B.R. 733, 739 (Bankr. C.D. Cal. 2007) (finding this factor weighed in favor of remand even though the state court case may have technically been "extinguished" upon removal). Furthermore, after considering the pleadings and counsels' arguments, the court is convinced that similar issues involving Nevada law permeate all of the Removed Claims, as well as the claims that have already been remanded back to the State Court. Indeed, Plaintiffs' counsel represented to the court that all parties have agreed

 that if the Removed Claims are remanded back to the State Court, then the State Court Case will be consolidated with another related Nevada state court matter pending before Judge Joe Hardy as Case No. A-17-751759-B.⁷ For all of these reasons, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand.

- Q. The fifth factor involves the "jurisdictional basis, if any, other than § 1334 " In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. LLTQ and FERG do not argue that any jurisdictional basis exists other than 28 U.S.C. § 1334. Therefore, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand.
- R. The sixth factor involves the "degree of relatedness or remoteness of [the] proceeding to [the] main bankruptcy case " <u>Id.</u> LLTQ and FERG argue that overlapping facts exist in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case relating to the Rejection Motions and the LLTQ/FERG Administrative Expense Claim. Plaintiffs indirectly refute this, arguing, among other things, that Counts II and III are not "related to" the interpretation or enforcement of the Confirmed Plan in the Bankruptcy Case. The court agrees. Claims objections and contract rejections routinely require a bankruptcy court's interpretation of state law issues, and the existence of overlapping facts does not, standing alone, convert purely state law claims to bankruptcy matters that must be decided by a bankruptcy court. <u>See Butner v. U.S.</u>, 440 U.S. 48, 54 (1979) ("Congress has generally left the determination of property rights in the assets of a bankruptcy's estate to state law."). Consequently, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand.
- S. The seventh factor involves "the substance rather than the form of an asserted core proceeding." In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. LLTQ and FERG argue that Counts II and III are core proceedings under 28 U.S.C. §§ 157(b)(2)(A) or 28 U.S.C. §

⁷ Also raising similar issues is a case pending in the U.S. District Court for the District of Nevada, entitled *TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC v. Paris Las Vegas Operating Co., LLC, et al.*, Case No. 2:17-CV-00346-JCM-VCF.

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157(b)(2)(O) because they are "inextricably bound" with the Rejection Motions and the LLTQ/FERG Administrative Claim Expense Claim. See Honigman, Miller, Schwartz & Cohn v. Weitzman (In re Delorean Motor Co.), 155 B.R. 521, 525 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 1993) ("[A] proceeding will not be considered a core matter, even if it falls within the literal language of sections 157(b)(2)(A) or 157(b)(2)(O), if it is a state law claim that could exist outside of bankruptcy and is not inextricably bound to the claims allowance process or a right created by the Bankruptcy Code."). Under Count I, Plaintiffs seek a declaratory judgment that they properly terminated the Seibel Agreements, including the LLTQ/FERG Agreements. The Complaint further states, in pertinent part, that because the Seibel Agreements were properly terminated (an issue conceded by MOTI's counsel), the restrictive covenants in the LLTQ/FERG Agreements are no longer enforceable. (See Complaint at ¶¶ 67-68 and 89-90). These allegations form the gravaman of Counts II and III. By the court-approved Stipulation, however, LLTQ and FERG voluntarily remanded Count I back to the State Court, while inconsistently arguing that Counts II and III are "inextricably bound" with the Rejection Motions and the LLTQ/FERG Administrative Expense Claim. For all of these reasons, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand because Counts II and III are not core proceedings.

- T. The eighth factor relates to "the feasibility of severing state law claims from core bankruptcy matters to allow judgments to be entered in state court with enforcement left to the bankruptcy court" In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. The court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand because any findings made by the State Court on Counts II and III may, to the extent applicable, be utilized by the Illinois Bankruptcy Court with respect to the matters pending before it.
- U. The ninth factor involves "the burden on the bankruptcy court's docket"

 Id. Plaintiffs cite to a transcript from the Caesars Bankruptcy Case in which U.S.

 Bankruptcy Judge A. Benjamin Goldgar stated regarding another matter his preference for a

state court to determine a state law issue. See Amended Motion to Remand at p. 14 and Ex. C. The parties also cite other statements by Judge Goldgar to the effect that particular issues should be decided by the bankruptcy court. These comments by Judge Goldgar are not consistent and therefore do not provide a basis upon which to make findings and conclusions regarding this factor. As a result, the court finds and concludes that this factor is neutral.

- V. The tenth factor involves "the likelihood that the commencement of the proceeding in bankruptcy court involves forum shopping by one of the parties" In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. LLTQ and FERG argue that Plaintiffs engaged in forum shopping by filing the State Court Case after receiving unfavorable comments from Judge Goldgar. This contention is not relevant to the tenth factor, which "addresses forum shopping in connection with the initiation of the bankruptcy court proceeding"

 Kamana O'Kala, LLC v. Lite Solar, LLC, 2017 WL 1100568, at *7 (D. Or. Feb. 13, 2017). Even if it was relevant, the "court determines that the evidence does not indicate that any party chose . . . its respective forum in an attempt to abuse or manipulate the judicial process." Torres v. NE Opco, Inc. (In re NE Opco, Inc.), 2014 WL 4346080, at *3 (Bankr. C.D. Cal. Aug. 28, 2014). For these reasons, the court finds and concludes that this factor is neutral.
- W. The eleventh factor involves "the existence of a right to a jury trial" <u>In</u> re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. LLTQ and FERG state that no jury trial has been demanded, see AECF No. 55 at p. 9. Plaintiffs do not refute this claim. For this reason, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs slightly against remand.
- X. The twelfth factor involves "the presence in the proceeding of nondebtor parties" In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. Desert Palace, as reorganized debtor, is a separate legal entity from the debtor that was involved in the Caesars Bankruptcy Case.

 See Confirmed Plan at p. 71, Art. IV, § AA. Furthermore, two of the plaintiffs and nine of

the defendants in the state court action are non-debtor parties who will separately litigate the Removed Claims in state court. As a result, the court finds and concludes that this factor weighs in favor of remand.

- Y. The thirteenth factor involves "comity" In re Wood, 2011 WL
 7145617, at *9. "Comity dictates that [Nevada] courts should have the right to adjudicate
 the exclusively state law claims involving [Nevada]-centric plaintiffs⁸ and [Nevada]-centric
 transactions." Pac. Inv. Mgmt. Co., LLC v. OCP Opportunities Fund III, L.P. (In re Enron
 Corp.), 296 B.R. 505, 509 (C.D. Cal. 2003). See also Kamana O'Kala, LLC, 2017 WL
 1100568, at *7 (finding the thirteenth factor weighed "heavily" in favor of remand "because
 Kamana's claims arise out of Oregon law, and because Kamana selected the [applicable
 state] court as the forum for litigation of its claims."); In re NE Opco, Inc., 2014 WL
 4346080, at *3 (finding the same "because California courts have an interest in adjudicating
 Plaintiff's California state law claims."); Brincko v. Rio Props., Inc. (In re Nat'l Consumer
 Mortg.), 2010 WL 2384217, at *4 (C.D. Cal. June 10, 2010) (transferring venue from the
 California bankruptcy court to Nevada because, among other reasons, "Nevada has an
 interest in having the controversy decided within its borders."). For these reasons, the court
 finds and concludes that this factor weighs strongly in favor of remand.
- Z. The fourteenth factor involves "the possibility of prejudice to other parties in the action" In re Wood, 2011 WL 7145617, at *9. Pursuant to the Complaint's allegations, any ruling on Count I, which LLTQ and FERG voluntarily remanded back to the State Court, will inform the determination of Counts II and III. Plaintiffs' counsel argued that overlapping facts exist regarding "suitability" provisions in the Seibel Agreements and the scope of restrictive covenants. Absent a single forum to decide these issues, Plaintiffs contend that the risk of inconsistent decisions by different courts

⁸ According to the Complaint, Boardwalk is the only Plaintiff that is not incorporated in Nevada. (See AECF No. 1-1 at ¶¶ 9-12).

constitutes prejudice. The court agrees. See W. Helicopters, Inc. v. Hiller Aviation, Inc., 1 97 B.R. 1, 7 (E.D. Cal. 1988) ("In addition to the unnecessary expense and expenditure of 2 duplicative judicial resources, bifurcating this civil claim creates the real danger of 3 inconsistent results. Such a risk should be avoided if there are no countervailing benefits."). 4 Finally, the State Court Case involves two non-debtor plaintiffs and 12 non-debtor 5 defendants. For these reasons, this factor strongly weighs in favor of remand. 6 In summation, factors 1, 2, 4-8 and 12-14 weigh in favor of remand, factor 11 7 weighs slightly against remand, and factors 3 and 9-10 are neutral. The court finds and 8 concludes that the ten factors in favor of remand substantially outweigh the one factor 9 weighing slightly against remand. The court, therefore, grants the Amended Motion to 10 11 Remand and remands Counts II and III back to the State Court. The Motion to Transfer is therefore denied as moot. 12 CONCLUSION 13 Pursuant to FRBP 9021, the court will enter separate orders and judgments 14 consistent with these Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. 15 IT IS SO ORDERED. 16 Copies sent via BNC to: 17 18 STEVEN B CHAIKEN on behalf of Defendant MOTI PARTNER 16, LLC ADELMAN & GETTLEMAN, LTD 19 53 W JACKSON BLVD, SUITE 1050 CHICAGO, IL 60604 20 STEVEN B CHAIKEN on behalf of Defendant MOTI PARTNERS, LLC 21 ADELMAN & GETTLEMAN, LTD 53 W JACKSON BLVD, SUITE 1050 22 CHICAGO, IL 60604 23 DAN MCNUTT on behalf of Defendant MOTI PARTNER 16, LLC CARBAJAL & MCNUTT, LLP 24 625 S. EIGHTH STREET

DAN MCNUTT on behalf of Defendant MOTI PARTNERS, LLC

LAS VEGAS, NV 89101

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1 2	CARBAJAL & MCNUTT, LLP 625 S. EIGHTH STREET LAS VEGAS, NV 89101
3	M. MAGALI MERCERA on behalf of Plaintiff BOARDWALK REGENCY CORPORATION
4	PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 SO 7TH ST, STE 300 LAS VEGAS, NV 89101
5	M. MAGALI MERCERA on behalf of Plaintiff DESERT PALACE, INC.
6	PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 SO 7TH ST, STE 300
7	LAS VEGAS, NV 89101
8	M. MAGALI MERCERA on behalf of Plaintiff PARIS LAS VEGAS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC
9	PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 SO 7TH ST, STE 300
10	LAS VEGAS, NV 89101
11	M. MAGALI MERCERA on behalf of Plaintiff PHWLV, LLC PISANELLI BICE PLLC
12	400 SO 7TH ST, STE 300 LAS VEGAS, NV 89101
13	NATHAN Q RUGG on behalf of Defendant MOTI PARTNER 16, LLC
14 15	ADELMAN & GETTLEMAN, LTD 53 W JACKSON BLVD, SUITE 1050 CHICAGO, IL 60604
16	NATHAN Q RUGG on behalf of Defendant MOTI PARTNERS, LLC
17	ADELMAN & GETTLEMAN, LTD 53 W JACKSON BLVD, SUITE 1050
18	CHICAGO, IL 60604
19	BRITTNIE WATKINS on behalf of Plaintiff BOARDWALK REGENCY CORPORATION PISANELLI BICE PLLC
20	400 SOTH 7TH ST, STE 300 LAS VEGAS, NV 89101
21	BRITTNIE WATKINS on behalf of Plaintiff DESERT PALACE, INC.
22	PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 SOTH 7TH ST, STE 300
23	LAS VEGAS, NV 89101
24	BRITTNIE WATKINS on behalf of Plaintiff PARIS LAS VEGAS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC PISANELLI BICE PLLC
25	400 SOTH 7TH ST, STE 300 LAS VEGAS, NV 89101
26	

	Case 17-01238-led Doc 70 Entered 12/14/17 15:38:54 Page 17 of 17
1	BRITTNIE WATKINS on behalf of Plaintiff PHWLV, LLC PISANELLI BICE PLLC
2	400 SOTH 7TH ST, STE 300 LAS VEGAS, NV 89101
3	JEFFREY JOHN ZEIGER on behalf of Plaintiff BOARDWALK REGENCY CORPORATION
5	KIRKLAND & ELLIS, LLP 300 N. LASALLE STREET CHICAGO, IL 60654
6	JEFFREY JOHN ZEIGER on behalf of Plaintiff DESERT PALACE, INC. KIRKLAND & ELLIS, LLP
7	300 N. LASALLE STREET CHICAGO, IL 60654
8	JEFFREY JOHN ZEIGER on behalf of Plaintiff PARIS LAS VEGAS OPERATING COMPANY,
9	LLC KIRKLAND & ELLIS, LLP 300 N. LASALLE STREET
11	CHICAGO, IL 60654
12	JEFFREY JOHN ZEIGER on behalf of Plaintiff PHWLV, LLC KIRKLAND & ELLIS, LLP
13	CHICAGO, IL 60654
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TAB 26

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ANS 1 DANIEL R. MCNUTT (SBN 7815) MATTHEW C. WOLF (SBN 10801) 2 MCNUTT LAW FIRM, P.C. 625 South Eighth Street 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tel. (702) 384-1170 / Fax. (702) 384-5529 drm@mcnuttlawfirm.com mcw@mcnuttlawfirm.com 5 PAUL SWEENEY* 6 CERTILMAN BALIN ADLER & HYMAN, LLP 90 Merrick Avenue 7 East Meadow, New York 11554 8 Tel. (516) 296-7032/ Fax. (516) 296-7111 psweeney@certilmanbalin.com 9 *Admitted Pro Hac Vice Attoneys for Defendant Rowen Seibel 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 ROWEN SEIBEL, an individual and citizen of Case No.: A-17-751759-B New York, derivatively on behalf of Real Party Dept. No.: 11 13 in Interest GR BURGR LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Consolidated with: 14 Case No.: A-17-760537-B Plaintiff, 15 DEFENDANT ROWEN SEIBEL'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT 16 v. 17 PHWLV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; GORDON RAMSAY, an individual; 18 DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I This document applies to: A-17-760537-B through X, 19 Defendants. 20

AND ALL RELATED MATTERS

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Defendant Rowen Seibel ("Seibel") hereby answers the claims asserted by Plaintiffs in the above-captioned matter as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 1, except admit that Caesars entered into multiple agreements with entities previously owned by, managed by or affiliated with Seibel, and that Caesars requested and received "Business Information Forms" from Seibel at the outset of the MOTI and DNT business relationships. The contents of the agreements and "Business

DEFENDANT ROWEN SEIBEL'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT - 1

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Information Forms" speak for themselves, and Seibel respectfully refers to those documents for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 2. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 2.
- 3. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 3, except admits that on April 18, 2016, he pled guilty to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, which is a class E felony and served one month in prison.
 - 4. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 4.
- 5. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 5, except admits that Caesars wrongfully purported to terminate the agreements and state that the contents of the certain agreements referenced in paragraph 5 speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned agreements for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 6. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 6, except admit thats Caesars wrongfully attempted to the agreements, that Caesars cannot continue to operate the restaurants subject to such agreements absent providing compensation, that certain defendants have initiated legal proceedings against Caesars relating to the termination of the agreements, and that Caesars commenced the present action against Seibel and other Defendants by a complaint that speaks for itself, and Seibel respectfully refers to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 7. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 7, except admit that certain defendants are seeking monetary relief from Caesars in different courts across the country related to the agreements, and that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and Seibel respectfully refers to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 8. Seibel denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 8, except admits that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and Seibel respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

9. Seibel admits the allegations contained in paragraph 9.

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- 10. Seibel admits the allegations contained in paragraph 10.
- 11. Seibel admits the allegations contained in paragraph 11.
- 12. Seibel admits the allegations contained in paragraph 12.
- 13. Seibel admits that he currently resides in New York and admits that a lawsuit is currently pending in the District Court, Clark County, Nevada styled Rowen Seibel, derivatively as Nominal Plaintiff on behalf of Real Party in Interest GR BURGR, LLC v. PHWLV, LLC et. al., Case No. A-17-751759-B. As to the remaining allegations contained in paragraph 13, deny.
- 14. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 14 except admits that MOTI Parnters, LLC is a New York limited liability company and that the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 15. Seibel denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in the first sentence of paragraph 15. Seibel denies the allegations contained in the second sentence, except admits that the referenced letter was sent in or about April 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof. Seibel denies the allegations contained in the third sentence.
- 16. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 16 except admits that DNT Acquisition, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company and that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 17. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 17 except admits that TPOV Enterprises, LLC is a New York limited liability company and that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 18. Seibel denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in the first sentence of paragraph 18. Seibel denies the allegations contained in the second sentence, except admits that the referenced letter was sent in or about April 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full

and complete contents thereof. Seibel denies the allegations contained in the third sentence.

- 19. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 19 except admits that LLTQ Enterprises, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company and that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 20. Seibel denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in the first sentence of paragraph 20. Seibel denies the allegations contained in the second sentence, except admits that the referenced letter was sent in or about April 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof. Seibel denies the allegations contained in the third sentence.
- 21. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 21 except admits that GR Burgr, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company and that the GRB Agreement was entered into on or about December 13, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the GRB Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 22. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 22 except admits that FERG, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company and that the FERG Agreement was entered into in or about May 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 23. Seibel denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in the first sentence of paragraph 15. Seibel denies the allegations contained in the second sentence, except admits that the referenced letter was sent in or about April 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof. Seibel denies the allegations contained in the third sentence.
- 24. Seibel admits that he assigned his duties and obligations under the LLTQ, FERG, TPOV, and MOTI Agreements to Mr. Frederick. Seibel denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the balance of the allegations contained in paragraph 24.
 - 25. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 25.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 26. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 26 except admits that Seibel is a restauranteur, that the negotiations for a Serendipity restaurant with Caesars began in or around 2009, and that the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 27. Seibel denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of whether, "In reliance on those representations (among other things), Caesars Palace and MOTI entered into the MOTI Agreement." Seibel denies the balance of the allegations contained in paragraph 27 except admits that Seibel submitted a "Business Information Form" to Caesars, the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 28. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 28 except admits that the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 29. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 29 except admits that the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 30. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 30 except admits that the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 31. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 31 except admits that the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof, and admits that Seibel submitted a "Business Information Form", the contents of the referenced "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 32. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 32 except admits that the MOTI

Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 33. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 33 except admits that the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 34. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 34 except admits that the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 35. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 35 except admits that the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 36. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 36, except admits that Caesars entered into multiple agreements with entities previously owned by, managed by or affiliated with Seibel, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned agreements for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 37. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 37 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011 concerning the Old Homestead Restaurant, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 38. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 38 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof, and admits that Seibel submitted a "Business Information Form", the contents of the referenced "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 39. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 39 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 40. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 40 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 41. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 41 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 42. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 42 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 43. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 43 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 44. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 44 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 45. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 45 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 46. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 46.
- 47. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 47 except admits that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011 concerning a restaurant at the Paris casino known as Gordon Ramsay Steak, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 48. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 48 except admits that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 49. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 49 except admits that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves,

and respectfully refers to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 50. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 50 except admits that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 51. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 51 except admits that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 52. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 52 except admits that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 53. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 53 except admits that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 54. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 54 except admits that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 55. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 55.
 - 56. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 56.
- 57. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 57 except admits that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012 concerning the restaurant at Caesars Palace known as Gordon Ramsay Pub, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 58. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 58 except admits that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 59. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 59 except admits that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 60. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 60 except admits that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 61. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 61 except admits that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 62. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 62 except admits that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 63. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 63 except admits that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 64. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 64 except admits that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 65. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 65.
 - 66. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 66.
- 67. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 67 except admits that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 68. Seibel denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 68, except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 69. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 69 except admits that the GRB Agreement was entered into on or about December 13, 2012 concerning a restaurant in Planet Hollywood known as BURGR Gordon Ramsay, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the GRB Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

70.	Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 70 except admits that the GRB
Agreement	was entered into on or about December 13, 2012, the contents of which speak for
themselves,	and respectfully refers to the GRB Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 71. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 71 except admits that the GRB Agreement was entered into on or about December 13, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the GRB Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 72. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 72 except admits that the GRB Agreement was entered into on or about December 13, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the GRB Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 73. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 73 except admits that the GRB Agreement was entered into on or about December 13, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the GRB Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 74. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 74 except admits that the GRB Agreement was entered into on or about December 13, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the GRB Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 75. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 75 except admits that the GRB Agreement was entered into on or about December 13, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the GRB Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 76. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 76 except admits that the GRB Agreement was entered into on or about December 13, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the GRB Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 77. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 77.
 - 78. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 78.
- 79. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 79 except admits that the FERG Agreement was entered into in or about May 2014 concerning a restaurant in Caesars Atlantic City known as Gordon Ramsay Pub& Grill, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 80. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 80 except admits that the FERG

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27 28 Agreement was entered into in or about May 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 81. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 81 except admits that the FERG Agreement was entered into in or about May 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 82. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 82 except admits that the FERG Agreement was entered into in or about May 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 83. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 83 except admits that the FERG Agreement was entered into in or about May 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 84. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 84 except admits that the FERG Agreement was entered into in or about May 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 85. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 85 except admits that the FERG Agreement was entered into in or about May 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 86. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 86 except admits that the FERG Agreement was entered into in or about May 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 87. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 87.
 - 88. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 88.
- 89. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 89 except admits that the FERG Agreement was entered into in or about May 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 90. Seibel denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 90, except admits except admits that the FERG Agreement was entered into in or about May 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers

to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 91. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 91.
- 92. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 92, except to state that the allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.
- 93. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 93, except to state that the allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.
- 94. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 94, except to state that the allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.
- 95. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 95, except to state that the allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.
- 96. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 96, except to state that the allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.
 - 97. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 97, except to state that the

allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.

- 98. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 98, except to state that the allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.
- 99. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 99, except to state that the allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.
- 100. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 100, except to state that the allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.
- 101. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 101, Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 99. except to state that the allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.
- 102. Seibel deniess the allegations contained in paragraph 102, Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 99. except to state that the allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the

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27 28 due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.

- 103. Seibel does not have knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in paragraph 103.
- 104. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 104, except to state that the allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.
- 105. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 105, except to state that the allegations in this paragraph concern matters that were the subject of Seibel's guilty plea to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, and Seibel respectfully refers to his guilty plea and related documents in that proceeding for the full and complete recitation of facts.
- 106. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 106 except admits that on April 18, 2016, Seibel pled guilty to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, which is a class E felony, and refers to the transcript from that plea for the full and complete contents of statements made by Seibel on that date.
 - 107. Seibel admits the allegations contained in paragraph 107.
- 108. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 108 except admits that the letter referenced in paragraph 108 was sent on or about April 8, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 109. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 109.
- 110. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 110 except admits that the letter referenced in paragraph 110 was dated September 2, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves,

and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 111. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 111 except admits that the letter referenced in paragraph 111 was dated September 2, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 112. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 112.
- 113. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 113 except admits that the letter referenced in paragraph 113 was dated September 2, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 114. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 114 except admits that the letter referenced in paragraph 114 was dated September 2, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 115. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 115 except admits that the letter referenced in paragraph 115 was dated September 2, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 116. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 116.
- 117. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 117 except admits that the letter referenced in paragraph 117 was dated September 2, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 118. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 118 except admit that the contents of the certain referenced letters speak for themselves and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letters for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 119. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 119 except admits that the aforementioned letter from Caesars Palace was dated September 12, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 120. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 120 except admits that the bankruptcy court docket speaks for itself.
 - 121. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 121 except admits that the

bankruptcy court docket speaks for itself.

- 122. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 122 except admits that the bankruptcy court docket speaks for itself.
- 123. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 123 except admits that the bankruptcy court docket speaks for itself.
- 124. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 124 except admits that the bankruptcy court docket speaks for itself.
- 125. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 125 except admits that the bankruptcy court docket speaks for itself.
- 126. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 126 except admit that the referenced documents filed in the GRB action and the court docket for that action speak for themselves and respectfully refer to the aforementioned documents and court docket for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 127. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 127 except admits that the referenced state court decision speaks for itself and respectfully refers to the aforementioned decision for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 128. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 128 except admits that the referenced state court filings and decision speaks for themselves and respectfully refers to the aforementioned documents for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 129. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 129 except admits that the referenced documents filed in the TPOV Federal Action and the court docket for that Action speak for themselves and respectfully refer to the aforementioned documents and court docket for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 130. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 130 except admits that the referenced documents filed in the TPOV Federal Action and the court docket for that Action speak for themselves and respectfully refer to the aforementioned documents and court docket for the full and complete contents thereof.

1		<u>COUNT I</u>
2	131.	Seibel hereby repeats and realleges each and every one of Seibel's responses in
3	paragraphs 1-	-130 above as if fully set forth herein.
4	132.	Seibel states that the referenced statute speaks for itself.
5	133.	Seibel admits that the parties dispute whether Caesars properly terminated the
6	agreements, b	out deny there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.
7	134.	Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 134, except admit that Caesars
8	seeks declaratory relief in the present action.	
9	135.	Seibel denies the allegations set forth in paragraph 135, except admit that the complaint
10	filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and Seibe	
11	respectfully r	efers to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.
12		<u>COUNT II</u>
13	136.	Seibel hereby repeats and realleges each and every one of Seibel's responses to the
14	above paragra	aphs as if fully set forth herein.
15	137.	Seibel states that the referenced statute speaks for itself.
16	138.	Seibel admits that the parties dispute whether Caesars properly terminated the
17	agreements, but deny there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.	
18	139.	Seibel denies the allegations set forth in paragraph 139.
19	140.	Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 140, except admits that the
20	agreements sp	peak for themselves, and respectfully refers to those documents for the full and complete
21	contents thereof.	
22	141.	Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 141, except admit that the
23	agreements sp	peak for themselves, and respectfully refers to those documents for the full and complete
24	contents thereof.	
25	142.	Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 142.
26	143.	Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 143.
27	144.	Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 144.
28	145.	Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 145, except admits that Caesars

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seeks declaratory relief in the present action.

146. Seibel denies the allegations set forth in paragraph 146, except admits that the complaint filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and respectfully refers to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

COUNT III

- 147. Seibel hereby repeats and realleges each and every one of Seibel's responses to the above paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
 - 148. Seibel states that the referenced statute speaks for itself.
- 149. Seibel admits that the parties dispute whether the referenced section of the agreements are enforceable, but denies there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.
 - 150. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 150.
 - 151. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 151.
 - 152. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 152.
 - 153. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 153.
 - 154. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 154.
- 155. Seibel denies the allegations contained in paragraph 155, except admits that Caesars seeks declaratory relief in the present action.
- 156. Seibel denies the allegations set forth in paragraph 156, except admits that the complaint filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and respectfully refers to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

AS AND FOR A FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

157. The Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

AS AND FOR A SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

158. Seibel expressly incorporates herein as affirmative defenses his allegations and claims in (a) *TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC v. Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC*, case no. Case 2:17-cv-00346-JCM-VCF in District of Nevada; (b) *Seibel v. PHWLV, LLC, et. al.*, case no. A-17-751759-B in the Eighth Judicial District Court; and (c) *In re: Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc., et. al.*, case no. 15-01145 (ABG) in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District

5	AS AND FOR A FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
6	160. Plaintiff's claims warrant dismissal under the first-to-file rule and due to forum	
7	shopping.	
8	AS AND FOR A FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
9	161. Plaintiffs are precluded from obtaining the relief they seek because, based or	
10	information and belief, they do or have done business with persons who have criminal records or are	
11	actually or potentially unsuitable.	
12	AS AND FOR A SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
13	162. Plaintiffs are precluded from obtaining the relief they seek because they owe money	
14	to Defendants.	
15	AS AND FOR A SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
16	163. Plaintiffs are precluded under the applicable contracts from continuing to operate the	
17	restaurants, use the licensed materials, and do business with Ramsay.	
18	AS AND FOR A EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
19	164. Plaintiffs breached the applicable contracts with Defendants and therefore are	
20	precluded from pursuing their claims.	
21	AS AND FOR A NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
22	165. Plaintiffs claims are barred by the statute of limitations or statute of repose.	
23	AS AND FOR A TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
24	166. Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of acquiescence	
25	estoppel, laches, ratification, unclean hands, unjust enrichment, or waiver, as well as all other	
26	applicable equitable doctrines.	
27	AS AND FOR AN ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
28	167. Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by their own conduct, including but	

AS AND FOR A THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Seibel expressly incorporates herein as affirmative defenses his argument in his motion

of Illinois (Eastern Division) and all related matters and proceedings.

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to dismiss this action.

1	not limited to their failure to mitigate their damages.	
2	AS AND FOR A TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
3	168. The alleged unsuitability of Seibel is immaterial and irrelevant because, inter alia, he	
4	assigned his interests, if any, in Defendants or the contracts.	
5	AS AND FOR A THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
6	169. This court lacks jurisdiction over Seibel as he is not a party to any of the agreements	
7	that are the subject of Plaintiffs' claims.	
8	AS AND FOR A FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
9	170. This Court lacks jurisdiction over the allegations, claims, and theories alleged by	
10	Plaintiffs that already are pending: (a) before the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern	
11	District of Illinois (Eastern Division) in In re: Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc., et.	
12	al., case no. 15-01145 (ABG); (b) before the United States District Court for the District of Nevada in	
13	TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC v. Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC, case no. Case 2:17-cv-	
14	00346-JCM-VCF; and (c) before the Eighth Judicial District Court in Seibel v. PHWLV, LLC, et. al.,	
15	case no. A-17-751759-B and all related matters and proceedings.	
16	AS AND FOR A FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
17	171. All possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient	
18	facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon the filing of Defendants' answer. Therefore,	
19	Defendants reserve the right to amend their answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if	
20	subsequent investigation so warrants. Defendants reserve the right to (a) rely upon such other	
21	affirmative defenses as may be supported by the facts to be determined through full and complete	
22	discovery, and (b) voluntarily withdraw any affirmative defense.	
23	DATED July 3, 2018.	
24	MCNUTT LAW FIRM, P.C.	
25		
26	/s/ Dan McNutt DANIEL R. MCNUTT (SBN 7815)	
27	MATTHEW C. WOLF (SBN 10801) 625 South Eighth Street	
28	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attoneys for Defendant Rowen Seibel	

1	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 5(b) and EDCR 8.05 on July 3, 2018 I
3	caused service of the foregoing DEFENDANT ROWEN SEIBEL'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS'
4	COMPLAINT to be made by depositing a true and correct copy of same in the United States Mail,
5	postage fully prepaid, addressed to the following and/or via electronic mail through the Eighth Judicial
6	District Court's E-Filing system to the following at the e-mail address provided in the e-service list:
James Pisanelli, Esq. (SBN 4027) Debra Spinelli, Esq. (SBN 9695) Brittnie Watkins, Esq. (SBN 13612) PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 South 7 th Street, Suite 300 Las Vegas, NV 89101 jip@pisanellibice.com dls@pisanellibice.com btw@pisanellibice.com Attorneys for Defendant PHWLV, LLC Allen Wilt, Esq. (SBN 4798) John Tennert, Esq. (SBN 11728) FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C. 300 East 2 nd Street, Suite 1510 Reno, NV 89501 awilt@fclaw.com itenpert@fclaw.com itenpert@fclaw.com	
17 18	Attorneys for Defendant Gordon Ramsay
Robert E. Atkinson, Esq. (SBN 9958) Atkinson Law Associates Ltd. 8965 S. Eastern Ave. Suite 260 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Robert@nv-lawfirm.com Attorney for Defendant J. Jeffrey Frederick	Atkinson Law Associates Ltd. 8965 S. Eastern Ave. Suite 260 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Robert@nv-lawfirm.com
22	/s/ Lisa A. Heller
23	Employee of McNutt Law Firm
24	
25	
26	
_ I	

TAB 27

Electronically Filed 7/6/2018 10:44 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

ANS 1 DANIEL R. MCNUTT (SBN 7815) MATTHEW C. WOLF (SBN 10801) 2 MCNUTT LAW FIRM, P.C. 625 South Eighth Street 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tel. (702) 384-1170 / Fax. (702) 384-5529 4 drm@mcnuttlawfirm.com mcw@mcnuttlawfirm.com 5 NATHAN Q. RUGG* 6 BARACK FERRAZZANO KIRSCHBAUM & NAGELBERG LLP 200 W. MADISON ST., SUITE 3900 7 CHICAGO, IL 60606 8 Tel. (312) 984-3127 / Fax. (312) 984-3150 Nathan.Rugg@bfkn.com 9 STEVEN B. CHAIKEN* 10 ADELMAN & GETTLEMAN, LTD. 53 West Jackson Boulevard, Suite 1050 11 Chicago, IL 60604 Tel. (312) 435-1050 / Fax. (312) 435-1059 12 sbc@ag-ltd.com *Admitted Pro Hac Vice 13 Attoneys for MOTI Partners, LLC and MOTI Partners 16, LLC 14 **DISTRICT COURT** 15 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 16 ROWEN SEIBEL, an individual and citizen of | Case No.: A-17-751759-B 17 New York, derivatively on behalf of Real Party Dept. No.: 11 in Interest GR BURGR LLC, a Delaware limited 18 liability company, Consolidated with: Case No.: A-17-760537-B 19 Plaintiff. MOTI DEFENDANTS' ANSWER AND 20 **AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES TO** v. PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT 21 PHWLV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; GORDON RAMSAY, an individual; This document applies to: 22 DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I A-17-760537-B through X, 23 Defendants, 24 AND ALL RELATED MATTERS 25 26

Defendants MOTI PARTNERS, LLC, and MOTI PARTNERS 16, LLC (collectively, the "MOTI Defendants") hereby answer the claims asserted by Plaintiffs in the above-captioned matter as follows:

MOTI DEFENDANTS' ANSWER AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT - 1

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PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

- 1. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 1, except admit that Caesars entered into multiple agreements with entities previously owned by, managed by or affiliated with Rowen Seibel, and that Caesars requested and received "Business Information Forms" from Mr. Seibel in connection with the MOTI and DNT business relationships. The contents of the agreements and "Business Information Forms" speak for themselves, and MOTI Defendants respectfully refer to those documents for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 2. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 2.
- 3. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 3, except admit that on April 18, 2016, Rowen Seibel pled guilty to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, which is a class E felony and served one month in prison.
 - 4. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 4.
- 5. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 5, except admit that Caesars wrongfully purported to terminate the agreements and state that the contents of the certain agreements referenced in paragraph 5 speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned agreements for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 6. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 6, except admit that Caesars wrongfully attempted to terminate their agreements, that Caesars cannot continue to operate the restaurants subject to such agreements absent providing compensation to the MOTI Defendants, that the MOTI Defendants and certain of the Plaintiffs are parties to litigation commenced in the jointly-administered chapter 11 bankruptcy cases of Caesars Palace in the United States Bankruptcy Court, Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, Case No. 15-01145 ("Bankruptcy Actions"), and that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and MOTI Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 7. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 7, except admit that certain defendants are seeking monetary relief from Caesars in different courts across the country related to the agreements, and that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks

for itself, and MOTI Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

8. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 8, except admit that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and MOTI Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

- 9. The MOTI Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 9.
- 10. The MOTI Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 10.
- 11. The MOTI Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 11.
- 12. The MOTI Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 12.
- 13. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 13.
- 14. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 14 except admit that Moti Partners, LLC is a New York limited liability company, and the Moti Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009 in connection with a restaurant in the Caesars Palace casino known as "Serendipity 3", the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 15. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 15 except admit that MOTI Partners 16, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company, and that a letter was sent informing Caesars of the assignment.
- 16. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 16.
- 17. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 17.
- 18. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 18.
 - 19. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as

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to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 19.

- 20. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 20.
- 21. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in paragraph 21.
- 22. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in paragraph 22.
- 23. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in paragraph 23.
- 24. The MOTI Defendants admit that Seibel assigned his duties and obligations under the MOTI Agreement to Mr. Frederick, to the extent any duties existed. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the balance of the allegations contained in paragraph 24.
 - 25. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 25.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 26. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in paragraph 26.
- 27. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of whether, "In reliance on those representations (among other things), Caesars Palace and MOTI entered into the MOTI Agreement." The MOTI Defendants deny the balance of the allegations contained in paragraph 27 except admit that to the extent that a "Business Information Form" is referenced in paragraph 27, the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 28. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 28 except admit the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009 in connection with a restaurant in the Caesars Palace casino known as "Serendipity 3", the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 29. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 29 except admit the

MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009 in connection with a restaurant in the Caesars Palace casino known as "Serendipity 3", the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 30. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 30 except admit the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009 in connection with a restaurant in the Caesars Palace casino known as "Serendipity 3", the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 31. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 31 except admit that to the extent a "Business Information Form" is referenced in paragraph 31, the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 32. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 32 except admit the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009 in connection with a restaurant in the Caesars Palace casino known as "Serendipity 3", the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 33. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 33 except admit the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009 in connection with a restaurant in the Caesars Palace casino known as "Serendipity 3", the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 34. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 34 except admit the MOTI Agreement was entered into in or about March 2009 in connection with a restaurant in the Caesars Palace casino known as "Serendipity 3", the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the MOTI Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 35. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 35.
- 36. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 36, except admit that Caesars entered into multiple agreements with entities previously owned by, managed by or affiliated with Rowen Seibel, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the

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aforementioned agreements for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 37. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 37.
- 38. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 38 except admit that the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 39. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 39.
- 40. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 40.
- 41. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 41.
- 42. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 42.
- 43. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 43.
- 44. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 44.
- 45. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 45.
- 46. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 46.
- 47. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 47.
- 48. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 48.
 - 49. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as

to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 49.

- 50. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 50.
- 51. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 51.
- 52. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 52.
- 53. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 53.
- 54. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 54.
- 55. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 55.
- 56. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 56.
- 57. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 57.
- 58. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 58.
- 59. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 59.
- 60. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 60.
- 61. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 61.
- 62. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 62.
 - 63. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as

to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 63.

- 64. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 64.
- 65. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 65.
- 66. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 66.
- 67. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 67.
- 68. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 68.
- 69. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 69.
- 70. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 70.
- 71. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 71.
- 72. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 72.
- 73. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 73.
- 74. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 74.
- 75. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 75.
- 76. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 76.
 - 77. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as

to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 77.

- 78. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 78.
- 79. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 79.
- 80. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 80.
- 81. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 81.
- 82. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 82.
- 83. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 83.
- 84. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 84.
- 85. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 85.
- 86. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 86.
- 87. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 87.
- 88. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 88.
- 89. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 89.
- 90. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 90.
 - 91. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 91.

- 92. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 92.
- 93. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 93.
- 94. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 94.
- 95. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 95.
- 96. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 96.
- 97. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 97.
- 98. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 98.
- 99. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 99.
- 100. The MOTI Defendants aver that paragraph 100 contains conclusions of law to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, the MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 100.
- 101. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 101.
- 102. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 102.
- 103. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 103.
- 104. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 104.

105. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 105.

- 106. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 106 except admit that on April 18, 2016, Rowen Seibel pled guilty to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, which is a class E felony.
- 107. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 107 except admit that on August 19, 2016, the Southern District of New York sentenced Rowen Seibel to serve one month in prison, six months in home detention, and 300 hours of community service.
- 108. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 108 except admit that the letter referenced in paragraph 108 was sent on or about April 8, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 109. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 109, except admit that Caesars wrongfully purported to terminate all of its agreements with entities that were associated or had been associated with Rowen Seibel.
- 110. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 110 except admit that the aforementioned letter from Caesars Palace to MOTI was dated September 2, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 111. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 111.
- 112. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 112.
- 113. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 113.
 - 114. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as

to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 114.

- 115. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 115.
- 116. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 116.
- 117. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 117.
- 118. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 118 except admit certain referenced letters were sent to Caesars, which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letters for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 119. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 119 except admit that the aforementioned letter from Caesars Palace was dated September 12, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 120. The MOTI Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 120.
- 121. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 121 except admit that Caesars Palace filed the motion to reject and that LLTQ and FERG objected to the motion.
- 122. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 122 except admit that LLTQ and FERG filed the administrative expense request and that Caesars Palace and CAC objected to the request.
- 123. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 123 except admit that MOTI filed the administrative expense request and that Caesars Palace objected to the request.
- 124. The MOTI Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 124 except deny the defenses and contentions made by Caesars Palace and CAC.
 - 125. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 125.
- 126. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 126.
 - 127. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as

to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 127.

- 128. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 128.
- 129. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 129.
- 130. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 130.

COUNT I

- 131. The MOTI Defendants hereby repeat and reallege each and every one of the MOTI Defendants' responses in paragraphs 1-130 above as if fully set forth herein.
 - 132. The MOTI Defendants state that the referenced statute speaks for itself.
- 133. The MOTI Defendants admit that the parties dispute whether Caesar properly terminated the agreements, but deny there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.
- 134. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 134, except admit that Caesars seeks declaratory relief in the present action.
- 135. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations set forth in paragraph 135, except admit that the complaint filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and MOTI Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

COUNT II

- 136. The MOTI Defendants hereby repeat and reallege each and every one of the MOTI Defendants' responses to the above paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
 - 137. The MOTI Defendants state that the referenced statute speaks for itself.
- 138. The MOTI Defendants admit that the parties dispute whether Caesar properly terminated the agreements, but deny there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.
 - 139. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations set forth in paragraph 139.

- 140. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 140, except admit that the agreements speak for themselves, and MOTI Defendants respectfully refer to those documents for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 141. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 141, except admit that the agreements speak for themselves, and MOTI Defendants respectfully refer to those documents for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 142. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 142.
 - 143. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 143.
 - 144. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 144.
- 145. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 145, except admit that Caesars seeks declaratory relief in the present action.
- 146. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations set forth in paragraph 146, except admit that the complaint filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and MOTI Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

COUNT III

- 147. The MOTI Defendants hereby repeat and reallege each and every one of the MOTI Defendants' responses to the above paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
 - 148. The MOTI Defendants state that the referenced statute speaks for itself.
- 149. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 149.
- 150. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 150.
- 151. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 151.
- 152. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 152.
 - 153. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as

to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 153.

- 154. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 154.
- 155. The MOTI Defendants admit that Caesars seeks declaratory relief in the present action. The MOTI Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained in paragraph 155.
- 156. The MOTI Defendants deny the allegations set forth in paragraph 156, except admit that the complaint filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and MOTI Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

AS AND FOR A FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

157. The Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

AS AND FOR A SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

158. The MOTI Defendants expressly incorporate herein as affirmative defenses their allegations and claims in the contested matters between the MOTI Defendants and Caesars Palace in the Bankruptcy Actions and all related matters and proceedings.

AS AND FOR A THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

159. The MOTI Defendants expressly incorporate herein as affirmative defenses their arguments in their motion to dismiss this action.

AS AND FOR A FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

160. Plaintiff's claims warrant dismissal under the first-to-file rule and due to forum shopping.

AS AND FOR A FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

161. By paying money to MOTI 16 under the MOTI Agreement, Plaintiffs consented to and ratified the assignments from MOTI to MOTI 16 and from Seibel to Frederick.

AS AND FOR A SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

162. Plaintiffs are precluded from obtaining the relief they seek because, based on information and belief, they do or have done business with persons who have criminal records or are

7	Serendipity 3 restaurant and use the licensed materials after termination without compensation to the		
8	MOTI Defenda	nts.	
9		AS AND FOR A NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
10	165.	Plaintiffs breached the applicable contracts with MOTI Defendants and therefore are	
11	precluded from	pursuing their claims.	
12		AS AND FOR A TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
13	166.	Plaintiffs' claims are barred by the statute of limitations or statute of repose.	
14		AS AND FOR AN ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
15	[167.]	Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of acquiescence	
16	estoppel, lache	s, ratification, unclean hands, unjust enrichment, or waiver, as well as all othe	
17	applicable equitable doctrines.		
18		AS AND FOR A TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
19	168.	Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by their own conduct, including bu	
20	not limited to th	neir failure to mitigate their damages.	
21		AS AND FOR A THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
22	169.	The alleged unsuitability of Seibel is immaterial and irrelevant because, inter alia, he	
23	assigned his int	erests, if any, in MOTI Defendants or the contracts.	
24		AS AND FOR A FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
25	170.	This Court lacks jurisdiction over the allegations, claims, and theories alleged by	
26	Plaintiffs that a	lready are pending in the Bankruptcy Actions and all related matters and proceedings	
27		AS AND FOR A FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE	
28	171.	All possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficien	
- 1	11		

MOTI DEFENDANTS' ANSWER AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT - 16

PA000298

AS AND FOR A SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS AND FOR AN EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiffs are precluded from obtaining the relief they seek because they owe money to

Plaintiffs are precluded under the applicable contracts from continuing to operate the

actually or potentially unsuitable.

163.

MOTI Defendants.

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facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon the filing of MOTI Defendants' answer. Therefore, Defendants reserve the right to amend their answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation so warrants. Defendants reserve the right to (a) rely upon such other affirmative defenses as may be supported by the facts to be determined through full and complete discovery, and (b) voluntarily withdraw any affirmative defense.

RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

Pursuant to Rule 13 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, MOTI Defendants are not intending to bring and are not bringing at this time any claims that existed at the time this matter was commenced and which were already (and remain) the subject of the pending matters between the parties before the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois. MOTI Defendants reserve the right to pursue any such claims before this court in the event the Bankruptcy Court either stays or abstains from hearing any such claims.

In addition, the complaint is subject to a Petition for Writ of Mandamus or Prohibition in connection with certain defendants' motion to dismiss or stay, and an appeal of the remand of certain counts of the complaint ordered by the United States Bankruptcy Court, District of Nevada (collectively, the "Pending Appeals"). Based on the Pending Appeals, the MOTI Defendants do not concede that this Court should be proceeding with this matter at this time. Accordingly, the MOTI Defendants reserve their right to further amend, withdraw, or modify this Answer and Affirmative Defenses, and to bring counterclaims in connection with the complaint pending a final determination of the Pending Appeals.

DATED July 6, 2018.

MCNUTT LAW FIRM, P.C.

/s/ Dan McNutt

DANIEL R. MCNUTT (SBN 7815)

MATTHEW C. WOLF (SBN 10801)
625 South Eighth Street
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attoneys for MOTI Partners, LLC
and MOTI Partners 16, LLC

1	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING		
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 5(b) and EDCR 8.05 on July 6, 2018 I		
3	caused service of the foregoing MOTI DEFENDANTS' ANSWER AND AFFIRMATIVE		
4	DEFENSES TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT to be made by depositing a true and correct copy of		
5	same in the United States Mail, postage fully prepaid, addressed to the following and/or via electronic		
6	mail through the Eighth Judicial District Court's E-Filing system to the following at the e-mail address		
7	provided in the e-service list:		
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	James Pisanelli, Esq. (SBN 4027) Debra Spinelli, Esq. (SBN 9695) Brittnie Watkins, Esq. (SBN 13612) PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 South 7 th Street, Suite 300 Las Vegas, NV 89101 jjp@pisanellibice.com dls@pisanellibice.com btw@pisanellibice.com Attorneys for Defendant PHWLV, LLC Allen Wilt, Esq. (SBN 4798) John Tennert, Esq. (SBN 11728) FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C. 300 East 2 nd Street, Suite 1510 Reno, NV 89501 awilt@fclaw.com jtennert@fclaw.com Attorneys for Defendant Gordon Ramsay		
20 21 22	Robert E. Atkinson, Esq. (SBN 9958) Atkinson Law Associates Ltd. 8965 S. Eastern Ave. Suite 260 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Robert@nv-lawfirm.com Attorney for Defendant J. Jeffrey Frederick		
23	/s/ Lisa A. Heller		
24	Employee of McNutt Law Firm		
25			
26			
27			

TAB 28

Electronically Filed 7/6/2018 10:46 AM Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT**

ANS 1 DANIEL R. MCNUTT (SBN 7815) MATTHEW C. WOLF (SBN 10801) 2 MCNUTT LAW FIRM, P.C. 625 South Eighth Street 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tel. (702) 384-1170 / Fax. (702) 384-5529 drm@mcnuttlawfirm.com mcw@mcnuttlawfirm.com 5 PAUL SWEENEY* 6 CERTILMAN BALIN ADLER & HYMAN, LLP 90 Merrick Avenue 7 East Meadow, New York 11554 8 Tel. (516) 296-7032/ Fax. (516) 296-7111 psweeney@certilmanbalin.com 9 *Admitted Pro Hac Vice Attorneys for Defendants 10 TPOV Enterprises, LLC and TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC 11 DISTRICT COURT 12 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 13 ROWEN SEIBEL, an individual and citizen of New York, derivatively on behalf of Real Party 14 in Interest GR BURGR LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, 15 Plaintiff. 16

PHWLV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; GORDON RAMSAY, an individual;

DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I

Case No.: A-17-751759-B

Dept. No.: 11

Consolidated with:

Case No.: A-17-760537-B

DEFENDANTS TPOV ENTERPRISES, LLC AND TPOV ENTERPRISES 16, LLC'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT

This document applies to: A-17-760537-B

through X, Defendants,

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v.

AND ALL RELATED MATTERS

Defendants TPOV Enterprises, LLC ("TPOV") and TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC ("TPOV 16") (collectively, the "TPOV Defendants") hereby answer the claims asserted by Plaintiffs in the abovecaptioned matter as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 1, except admit that Caesars entered into multiple agreements with entities previously owned by, managed by or affiliated

DEFENDANTS TPOV ENTERPRISES, LLC AND TPOV ENTERPRISES 16, LLC'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT - 1

with Rowen Seibel, and that Caesars requested and received "Business Information Forms" from Mr. Seibel at the outset of the MOTI and DNT business relationships. The contents of the agreements and "Business Information Forms" speak for themselves, and TPOV Defendants respectfully refer to those documents for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 2. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 2.
- 3. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 3, except admit that on April 18, 2016, Rowen Seibel pled guilty to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, which is a class E felony and served one month in prison.
 - 4. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 4.
- 5. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 5, except admit that Caesars wrongfully purported to terminate the agreements and state that the contents of the certain agreements referenced in paragraph 5 speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned agreements for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 6. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 6, except admit that Caesars wrongfully attempted to terminate their agreements, that Caesars cannot continue to operate the restaurants subject to such agreements absent providing compensation to the TPOV Defendants, that TPOV 16 commenced litigation against Caesars in February 2017 in the United States District Court, District of Nevada ("TPOV Federal Action"), and that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and TPOV Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 7. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 7, except admit that certain defendants are seeking monetary relief from Caesars in different courts across the country related to the agreements, and that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and TPOV Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 8. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 8, except admit that Caesars commenced the

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complaint for the full and complete contents thereof. PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and TPOV Defendants respectfully refer to the

- 9. The TPOV Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 9.
- 10. The TPOV Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 10.
- 11. The TPOV Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 11.
- 12. The TPOV Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 12.
- 13. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 13.
- 14. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 14.
- 15. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 15.
- The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as 16. to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 16.
- 17. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 17 except TPOV admits that TPOV Enterprises, LLC is a New York limited liability company, and that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 18. The TPOV Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 18.
- 19. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the location and corporate status of LLTQ Enterprises, LLC. The TPOV Defendants deny the remaining allegations contained in paragraph 19 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 20. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in paragraph 20.
 - 21. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as

to the allegations contained in paragraph 21.

- 22. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in paragraph 22.
- 23. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in paragraph 23.
- 24. The TPOV Defendants admit that Seibel assigned his duties and obligations under the TPOV Agreement to Mr. Frederick. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the balance of the allegations contained in paragraph 24.
 - 25. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 25.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 26. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in paragraph 26.
- 27. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of whether, "In reliance on those representations (among other things), Caesars Palace and MOTI entered into the MOTI Agreement." The TPOV Defendants deny the balance of the allegations contained in paragraph 27 except admit that to the extent that a "Business Information Form" is referenced in paragraph 27, the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 28. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 28.
- 29. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 29.
- 30. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 30.
- 31. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 31 except admit that to the extent a "Business Information Form" is referenced in paragraph 31, the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the "Business Information Form" for the full and

complete contents thereof.

- 32. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 32.
- 33. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 33.
- 34. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 34.
 - 35. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations in paragraph 35.
- 36. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 36, except admit that Caesars entered into multiple agreements with entities previously owned by, managed by or affiliated with Rowen Seibel, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned agreements for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 37. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 37.
- 38. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 38 except admit that the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 39. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 39.
- 40. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 40.
- 41. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 41.
- 42. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 42.
- 43. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 43.

- 44. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 44.
- 45. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 45.
 - 46. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 46.
- 47. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 47 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011 in connection with a restaurant in the Paris casino known as "Gordon Ramsay Steak", the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 48. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 48 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 49. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 49 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 50. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 50 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 51. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 51 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 52. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 52 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents

thereof.

- 53. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 53 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 54. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 54 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 55. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 55.
 - 56. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 56.
- 57. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 57 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012 in connection with a restaurant in the Caesars Palace casino known as the Gordon Ramsay Pub, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 58. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 58 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 59. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 59 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 60. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 60 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 61. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 61 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 62. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 62 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 63. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 63 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 64. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 64 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 65. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 65 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 66. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 66.
- 67. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 67 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 68. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 68, except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully

refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof, and admit the allegations contained in the first sentence of paragraph 68 and that the LLTQ/FERG Defendants assert that Section 13.22 is enforceable.

- 69. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 69.
- 70. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 70.
- 71. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 71.
- 72. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 72.
- 73. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 73.
- 74. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 74.
- 75. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 75.
- 76. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 76.
- 77. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 77.
 - 78. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 78.
- 79. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 79.
- 80. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 80.
- 81. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 81.

- 82. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 82.
- 83. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 83.
- 84. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 84.
- 85. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 85.
- 86. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 86.
- 87. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 87.
 - 88. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 88.
- 89. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 89.
- 90. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of allegations contained in paragraph 90.
 - 91. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 91.
- 92. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 92.
- 93. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 93.
- 94. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 94.
- 95. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 95.
- 96. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 96.

- 97. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 97.
- 98. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 98.
- 99. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 99.
- 100. The TPOV Defendants aver that paragraph 100 contains conclusions of law to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, the TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 100.
- 101. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 101.
- 102. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 102.
- 103. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 103.
- 104. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 104.
- 105. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 105.
- 106. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 106 except admit that on April 18, 2016, Rowen Seibel pled guilty to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, which is a class E felony.
- 107. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 107 except admit that on August 19, 2016, the Southern District of New York sentenced Rowen Seibel to serve one month in prison, six months in home detention, and 300 hours of community service.

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- 108. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 108 except admit that the letter referenced in paragraph 108 was sent on or about April 8, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 109. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 109, except admit that Caesars wrongfully purported to terminate all of its agreements with entities that were associated or had been associated with Rowen Seibel.
- 110. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 110.
- 111. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 111.
- 112. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 112.
- 113. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 113 except admit that the aforementioned letter from Caesars Palace to TPOV was dated September 2, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 114. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 114.
- 115. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 115.
- 116. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 116.
- 117. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 117.
- 118. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 118 except admit certain referenced letters were sent to Caesars, which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letters for the full and complete contents thereof.

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119. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 119 except admit
that the aforementioned letter from Caesars Palace was dated September 12, 2016, the contents of
which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letter for the full and
complete contents thereof.

- 120. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 120.
- 121. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 121.
- 122. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 122.
- 123. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 123.
- The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as 124. to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 124.
- 125. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 125.
- 126. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 126.
- 127. The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 127.
- The TPOV Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 128.
- 129. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 129 except admit that the referenced documents filed in the TPOV Federal Action and the court docket for that Action speak for themselves and respectfully refer to the aforementioned documents and court docket for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 130. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 130 except admit that the referenced documents filed in the TPOV Federal Action and the court docket for that Action

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speak for themselves and respectfully refer to the aforementioned documents and court docket for the full and complete contents thereof.

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COUNT I

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131. The TPOV Defendants hereby repeat and reallege each and every one of the TPOV Defendants's responses in paragraphs 1-130 above as if fully set forth herein.

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The TPOV Defendants state that the referenced statute speaks for itself. 133. The TPOV Defendants admit that the parties dispute whether Caesars properly

terminated the agreements, but deny there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.

- 134. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 134, except admit that Caesars seeks declaratory relief in the present action.
- 135. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations set forth in paragraph 135, except admit that the complaint filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and TPOV Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

COUNT II

- 136. The TPOV Defendants hereby repeat and reallege each and every one of the TPOV Defendants's responses to the above paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
 - 137. The TPOV Defendants state that the referenced statute speaks for itself.
- 138. The TPOV Defendants admit that the parties dispute whether Caesars properly terminated the agreements, but deny there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.
 - 139. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations set forth in paragraph 139.
- 140. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 140, except admit that the agreements speak for themselves, and TPOV Defendants respectfully refer to those documents for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 141. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 141, except admit that the agreements speak for themselves, and TPOV Defendants respectfully refer to those documents

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for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 142. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 142.
- 143. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 143.
- 144. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 144.
- 145. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 145, except admit that Caesars seeks declaratory relief in the present action.
- 146. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations set forth in paragraph 146, except admit that the complaint filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and TPOV Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

COUNT III

- 147. The TPOV Defendants hereby repeat and reallege each and every one of the TPOV Defendants's responses to the above paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
 - 148. The TPOV Defendants state that the referenced statute speaks for itself.
- 149. The TPOV Defendants admit that the parties dispute whether the referenced section of the agreements are enforceable, but deny there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.
 - 150. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 150.
 - 151. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 151.
 - 152. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 152.
 - 153. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 153.
 - 154. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 154.
- 155. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 155, except admit that Caesars seeks declaratory relief in the present action.
- 156. The TPOV Defendants deny the allegations set forth in paragraph 156, except admit that the complaint filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and TPOV Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

AS AND FOR A SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

172. All possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon the filing of Defendants' answer. Therefore, Defendants reserve the right to amend their answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation so warrants. Defendants reserve the right to (a) rely upon such other affirmative defenses as may be supported by the facts to be determined through full and complete discovery, and (b) voluntarily withdraw any affirmative defense.

DATED July 6, 2018.

MCNUTT LAW FIRM, P.C.

/s/ Dan McNutt

DANIEL R. MCNUTT (SBN 7815) MATTHEW C. WOLF (SBN 10801) 625 South Eighth Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorneys for Defendants TPOV Enterprises, LLC and TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC

1	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 5(b) and EDCR 8.05 on July 6, 2018 I
3	caused service of the foregoing DEFENDANTS TPOV ENTERPRISES , LLC AND TPOV
4	ENTERPRISES 16, LLC'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT to be made by
5	depositing a true and correct copy of same in the United States Mail, postage fully prepaid, addressed
6	to the following and/or via electronic mail through the Eighth Judicial District Court's E-Filing system
7	to the following at the e-mail address provided in the e-service list:
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	James Pisanelli, Esq. (SBN 4027) Debra Spinelli, Esq. (SBN 9695) Brittnie Watkins, Esq. (SBN 13612) PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 South 7 th Street, Suite 300 Las Vegas, NV 89101 jjp@pisanellibice.com dls@pisanellibice.com btw@pisanellibice.com Attorneys for Defendant PHWLV, LLC Allen Wilt, Esq. (SBN 4798) John Tennert, Esq. (SBN 11728) FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C. 300 East 2 nd Street, Suite 1510 Reno, NV 89501 awilt@fclaw.com jtennert@fclaw.com Attorneys for Defendant
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Robert E. Atkinson, Esq. (SBN 9958) Atkinson Law Associates Ltd. 8965 S. Eastern Ave. Suite 260 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Robert@nv-lawfirm.com Attorney for Defendant J. Jeffrey Frederick /s/ Lisa A. Heller Employee of McNutt Law Firm

TAB 29

Electronically Filed 7/6/2018 10:48 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

AACC 1 DANIEL R. MCNUTT (SBN 7815) MATTHEW C. WOLF (SBN 10801) 2 MCNUTT LAW FIRM, P.C. 625 South Eighth Street 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tel. (702) 384-1170 / Fax. (702) 384-5529 4 drm@mcnuttlawfirm.com mcw@mcnuttlawfirm.com 5 PAUL SWEENEY* 6 CERTILMAN BALIN ADLER & HYMAN, LLP 90 Merrick Avenue 7 East Meadow, New York 11554 8 Tel. (516) 296-7032/ Fax. (516) 296-7111 psweeney@certilmanbalin.com 9 *Admitted Pro Hac Vice Attorneys for R Squared Global 10 Solutions, LLC, appearing derivatively On behalf of Defendant DNT ACQUISITION LLC 11 DISTRICT COURT 12 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 13 ROWEN SEIBEL, an individual and citizen of Case No.: A-17-751759-B 14 New York, derivatively on behalf of Real Party Dept. No.: 11 in Interest GR BURGR LLC, a Delaware limited 15 liability company, Consolidated with: Case No.: A-17-760537-B 16 Plaintiff, **DEFENDANT DNT ACQUISITION, LLC'S** 17 ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT AND COUNTERCLAIMS 18 PHWLV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; GORDON RAMSAY, an individual; 19 DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I 20 through X, This document applies to: A-17-760537-B 21 Defendants, 22 AND ALL RELATED MATTERS 23

Defendant DNT Acquisition, LLC, appearing derivatively by one of its two members, R Squared Global Solutions, LLC ("DNT"), hereby answers the claims asserted by Plaintiffs in the above-captioned matter as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 1, except admits that Caesars

DEFENDANT DNT ACQUISITION, LLC'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT - 1

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entered into multiple agreements with entities previously owned by, managed by or affiliated with Rowen Seibel, and that Caesars requested and received "Business Information Forms" from Mr. Seibel at the outset of the MOTI and DNT business relationships. The contents of the agreements and "Business Information Forms" speak for themselves, and DNT respectfully refers to those documents for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 2. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 2.
- 3. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 3, except admits that on April 18, 2016, Rowen Seibel pled guilty to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, which is a class E felony and served one month in prison.
 - 4. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 4.
- 5. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 5, except admits that Caesars wrongfully purported to terminate the agreements and state that the contents of the certain agreements referenced in paragraph 5 speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned agreements for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 6. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 6, except admits that Caesars wrongfully attempted to terminate their agreements, that Caesars cannot continue to operate the restaurants subject to such agreements absent providing compensation to DNT, and that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and DNT respectfully refers to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 7. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 7, except admits that certain defendants are seeking monetary relief from Caesars in different courts across the country related to the agreements, and that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and DNT respectfully refers to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 8. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 8, except admits that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and DNT respectfully refers to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

contained in paragraph 23.

- 24. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 24.
 - 25. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 25.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 26. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in paragraph 26.
- 27. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of whether, "In reliance on those representations (among other things), Caesars Palace and MOTI entered into the MOTI Agreement." DNT denies the balance of the allegations contained in paragraph 27 except admits that to the extent that a "Business Information Form" is referenced in paragraph 27, the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 28. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 28.
- 29. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 29.
- 30. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 30.
- 31. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 31 except admits that to the extent a "Business Information Form" is referenced in paragraph 31, the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 32. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 32.
- 33. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 33.
 - 34. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the

allegations contained in paragraph 34.

- 35. DNT denies the allegations in paragraph 35.
- 36. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 36, except admits that Caesars entered into multiple agreements with entities previously owned by, managed by or affiliated with Rowen Seibel, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned agreements for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 37. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 37 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011 in connection with a restaurant in the Caesars Palace casino known as "Old Homestead Steakhouse", the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 38. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 38 except admits that the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof, and admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 39. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 39 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 40. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 40 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 41. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 41 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 42. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 42 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 43. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 43 except admits that the DNT

Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 44. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 44 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 45. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 45 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 46. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 46.
- 47. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 47.
- 48. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 48.
- 49. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 49.
- 50. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 50.
- 51. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 51.
- 52. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 52.
- 53. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 53.
- 54. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 54.
- 55. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 55.
 - 56. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 56.

- 57. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 57.
- 58. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 58.
- 59. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 59.
- 60. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 60.
- 61. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 61.
- 62. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 62.
- 63. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 63.
- 64. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 64.
- 65. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 65.
 - 66. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 66.
- 67. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 67.
- 68. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 68.
- 69. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 69.
- 70. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 70.
 - 71. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the

allegations contained in paragraph 71.

- 72. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 72.
- 73. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 73.
- 74. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 74.
- 75. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 75.
- 76. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 76.
- 77. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 77.
 - 78. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 78.
- 79. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 79.
- 80. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 80.
- 81. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 81.
- 82. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 82.
- 83. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 83.
- 84. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 84.
- 85. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 85.

- 86. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 86.
- 87. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 87.
 - 88. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 88.
- 89. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 89.
- 90. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of allegations contained in paragraph 90.
 - 91. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 91.
- 92. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 92.
- 93. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 93.
- 94. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 94.
- 95. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 95.
- 96. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 96.
- 97. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 97.
- 98. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 98.
- 99. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 99.
- 100. DNT avers that paragraph 100 contains conclusions of law to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, DNT denies knowledge and information

sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 100.

- 101. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 101.
- 102. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 102.
- 103. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 103.
- 104. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 104.
- 105. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 105.
- 106. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 106 except admits that on April 18, 2016, Rowen Seibel pled guilty to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, which is a class E felony.
- 107. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 107 except admits that on August 19, 2016, the Southern District of New York sentenced Rowen Seibel to serve one month in prison, six months in home detention, and 300 hours of community service.
- 108. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 108 except admits that the letter referenced in paragraph 108 was sent on or about April 8, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 109. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 109, except admit that Caesars wrongfully purported to terminate all of its agreements with entities that were associated or had been associated with Rowen Seibel.
- 110. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 110.

- 111. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 111 except admit that the aforementioned letter from Caesars Palace to DNT was dated September 2, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 112. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 112 except admits that the DNT Agreement was entered into on or about June 21, 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the DNT Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 113. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 113.
- 114. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 114.
- 115. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 115.
- 116. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 116.
- 117. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 117.
- 118. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 118 except admit certain referenced letters were sent to Caesars, which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letters for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 119. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 119 except admit that the aforementioned letter from Caesars Palace was dated September 12, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 120. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 120 except admits that Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection in the United States Bankruptcy Court, Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division and that the court docket for that

Action speaks for itself and respectfully refers to the aforementioned court docket for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 121. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 121.
- 122. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 122.
- 123. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 123.
- 124. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 124.
- 125. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 125.
- 126. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 126.
- 127. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 127.
- 128. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 128.
- 129. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 129.
- 130. DNT denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 130.

COUNT I

- 131. DNT hereby repeats and realleges each and every one of DNT's responses in paragraphs 1-130 above as if fully set forth herein.
 - 132. DNT states that the referenced statute speaks for itself.
- 133. DNT admits that the parties dispute whether Caesars properly terminated the agreements, but denies there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.

- 134. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 134, except admits that Caesars seeks declaratory relief in the present action.
- 135. DNT denies the allegations set forth in paragraph 135, except admits that the complaint filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and DNT respectfully refers to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

COUNT II

- 136. DNT hereby repeats and realleges each and every one of DNT's responses to the above paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
 - 137. DNT states that the referenced statute speaks for itself.
- 138. DNT admits that the parties dispute whether Caesars properly terminated the agreements, but deny there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.
 - 139. DNT denies the allegations set forth in paragraph 139.
- 140. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 140, except admit that the agreements speak for themselves, and DNT respectfully refers to those documents for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 141. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 141, except admits that the agreements speak for themselves, and DNT respectfully refers to those documents for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 142. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 142.
 - 143. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 143.
 - 144. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 144.
- 145. DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 145, except admit that Caesars seeks declaratory relief in the present action.
- 146. DNT denies the allegations set forth in paragraph 146, except admits that the complaint filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and DNT respectfully refers to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

1		<u>COUNT III</u>		
2	147.	DNT hereby repeats and realleges each and every one of DNT's responses to the above		
3	paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.			
4	148.	DNT states that the referenced statute speaks for itself.		
5	149.	DNT admits that the parties dispute whether the referenced section of the agreement		
6	are enforceab	ole, but deny there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.		
7	150.	DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 150.		
8	151.	DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 151.		
9	152.	DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 152.		
10	153.	DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 153.		
11	154.	DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 154.		
12	155.	DNT denies the allegations contained in paragraph 155, except admits that Caesar		
13	seeks declaratory relief in the present action.			
14	156.	DNT denies the allegations set forth in paragraph 156, except admits that the complain		
15	filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and DN			
16	respectfully refers to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.			
17		AS AND FOR A FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
18	157.	The Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.		
19		AS AND FOR A SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
20	158.	DNT expressly incorporates herein as affirmative defenses its allegations and claims in		
21	In re: Caesar	es Entertainment Operating Company, Inc., et. al., case no. 15-01145 (ABG) in the United		
22	States Bankru	aptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois (Eastern Division) and all related matter		
23	and proceeding	ngs.		
24		AS AND FOR A THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
25	159.	DNT expressly incorporates herein as affirmative defenses its argument in their motion		
26	to dismiss thi	s action.		
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28				

7	actually or potentially unsuitable.			
8	AS AND FOR A SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE			
9	162. Pla	aintiffs are precluded from obtaining the relief they seek because they owe money to		
10	Defendants.			
11		AS AND FOR A SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
12	163. Pla	uintiffs are precluded under the applicable contracts from continuing to operate the		
13	restaurants and use the licensed materials.			
14		AS AND FOR AN EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
15	164. Pla	aintiffs breached the applicable contracts with Defendants and therefore are		
16	precluded from pursuing their claims.			
17		AS AND FOR A NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
18	165. Pla	aintiffs' claims are barred by the statute of limitations or statute of repose.		
19		AS AND FOR A TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
20	166. Pla	nintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of acquiescence,		
21	estoppel, laches, ratification, unclean hands, unjust enrichment, or waiver, as well as all other			
22	applicable equitab	ple doctrines.		
23		AS AND FOR AN ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
24	167. Pla	aintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by their own conduct, including but		
25	not limited to thei	r failure to mitigate their damages.		
26		AS AND FOR A TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE		
27	168. Th	e alleged unsuitability of Seibel is immaterial and irrelevant because, inter alia, he		
28	assigned his intere	assigned his interests, if any, in Defendants or the contracts.		
		DEFENDANT DNT ACQUISITION, LLC'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT - 15		

AS AND FOR A FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS AND FOR A FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

information and belief, they do or have done business with persons who have criminal records or are

Plaintiff's claims warrant dismissal under the first-to-file rule and due to forum

Plaintiffs are precluded from obtaining the relief they seek because, based on

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AS AND FOR A THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

169. This Court lacks jurisdiction over the allegations, claims, and theories alleged by Plaintiffs that already are pending before the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois (Eastern Division) in In re: Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc., et. al., case no. 15-01145 (ABG) and all related matters and proceedings.

AS AND FOR A FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

170. All possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon the filing of Defendants' answer. Therefore, Defendants reserve the right to amend their answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation so warrants. Defendants reserve the right to (a) rely upon such other affirmative defenses as may be supported by the facts to be determined through full and complete discovery, and (b) voluntarily withdraw any affirmative defense.

COUNTERCLAIMS

NOW COMES DNT ACQUISITION, LLC ("DNT"), appearing derivatively by one of its two members, R SQUARED GLOBAL SOLUTIONS, LLC ("RSG")¹, by and through its undersigned counsel, and for its Counterclaims against Desert Palace, Inc. ("Caesars") alleges as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. DNT is a Delaware limited liability company.
- 2. DNT's two members are RSG and The Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc. ("OHS"), a New York corporation.
- 3. Caesars is a Nevada corporation and has a principal place of business of 3570 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, Nevada, which is a resort hotel casino known as "Caesars Palace."

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

The DNT Agreement and Restrictions

4. Effective as of June 21, 2011, DNT, OHS, and Caesars entered into an agreement for

The bases for R Squared Global Solutions, LLC's ("RSG") derivative appearance are set forth in exhibit M to the Appendix of Exhibits in support of the DNT Motion to Dismiss filed in the instant action.

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the development, operation, and license with respect to an Old Homestead Steakhouse (the "Restaurant") in Caesars Palace, Las Vegas, Nevada (the "DNT Agreement").

- 5. Representatives of Caesars, DNT, and OHS engaged in multiple meetings to negotiate the terms of the design, development, construction, and operation of and the sharing of profits from that certain "Old Homestead Steakhouse" (defined as the "Restaurant" in the DNT Agreement) located at the "Restaurant Premises" (as defined in the DNT Agreement) in a property owned and operated by Caesars in Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 6. Since its opening, the Restaurant has been one of the most profitable restaurants for Caesars at its Las Vegas location.

The Bankruptcy Matters

- 7. On January 15, 2015 (the "Petition Date"), Caesars, CAC and several of their affiliated entities (collectively, the "Debtors") each filed voluntary petitions under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, thereby commencing the Chapter 11 Cases.
- 8. On April 30, 2015, OHS, one of the members of DNT, filed a proof of claim [Docket No. 1883] asserting a pre-petition debt against Caesars for monies due and owing to DNT under the DNT Agreement as of the Petition Date in the amount of no less than \$204,964.75 (the "OHS Pre-Petition Claim").
- 9. On May 22, 2015, DNT filed a proof of claim [Docket No. 3346] asserting a prepetition debt against Caesars for monies due and owing to DNT under the DNT Agreement as of the Petition Date in the amount of no less than \$204,964.75 (the "DNT Pre-Petition Claim").
- 10. Also on May 22, 2015, RSG filed a proof of claim [Docket No. 3304] asserting a prepetition debt against Caesars for monies due and owing to RSG under the DNT Agreement as of the Petition Date in the amount of no less than \$91,201.62 (the "RSG Pre-Petition Claim," and collectively with the OHS Pre-Petition Claim and the DNT Pre-Petition Claim, are referred to herein as the "DNT Claims").
- 11. The filing of the DNT Claims commenced the action between DNT and the Debtor Plaintiffs in The Illinois Bankruptcy Court.

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- 12. Additionally, on November 6, 2017, RSG, in its own right, filed a proof of claim asserting rejection damages against Caesars (the "RSG Rejection Damages POC") and derivatively on behalf of DNT, as a member of DNT (the "DNT Rejection Damages POC," and collectively with the RSG Rejection Damages POC, the "DNT/RSG Rejection Damages POCs").
- 13. On June 28, 2016, Caesars filed its proposed Second Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Proposed Second Amended Plan") [Dkt. No. 4218].
- 14. On July 18, 2016, filed a Supplement to Debtors' Second Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization and includes the DNT Agreement on Schedule HH to assume the DNT Agreement under the proposed Second Amended Plan. [Dkt. No. 4389].
- 15. On August 17, 2016, DNT filed a limited preliminary objection to the Cure Schedule asserting that the proper cure amount is no less than \$204,964.75, as reflected in the DNT Claims. [Dkt. No. 4702].
- 16. On January 13, 2017, Caesars filed its Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, dated January 13, 2017 [Dkt. No. 6318]. On January 17, 2017, the Illinois Bankruptcy Court entered an order confirming the Third Amended Plan. [Dkt. No. 6334].
- 17. On October 6, 2017 (the "Plan Effective Date"), the Effective Date of the Third Amended Joint Plan occurred and was consummated.
- 17. On November 20, 2017, RSG directly, and derivatively on behalf of DNT as a member of DNT, filed a request for payment of an administrative expense claim [Dkt. No. 7607] (the "DNT Admin Claim"). The DNT Admin Claim challenges Caesars' termination of the DNT Agreement and asserts, among other things, that even if the DNT Agreement was terminated, the effect of termination provisions in that agreement expressly survive such termination and still bind the parties to the DNT Agreement.
- 18. On December 6, 2017, Debtors objected to the DNT Admin Claim (the "Caesars Objection to DNT Admin Claim"), claiming that Debtors do not owe DNT any payment following termination of the DNT Agreement. [Docket No. 7658].

- 19. Debtors also claimed in their objection to the DNT Admin Claim to have entered into a valid contract with OHS with respect to the operation of the Restaurant. [Docket No. 7658].
- 20. The Caesars Objection to DNT Admin Claim also contains averments that the Restaurant is still in operation "under the same name, in the same manner, and with the same [intellectual property], menu, and website as [OHS]'s other two restaurants." [Docket No. 7658].
 - 21. The DNT Admin Claim remains pending.

Purported Termination of the DNT Agreement

- 22. On February 29, 2016, the United States government filed a Notice of Intent to File an Information against Rowen Seibel. A Notice of Intent to File an Information is not a charging instrument.
- 23. On April 8, 2016, the Debtors were notified via letter (the "Assignment Letter") that, among other things, effective as of April 13, 2016, all obligations and duties of DNT and/or Seibel that were specifically designated to be performed by Seibel would be assigned and delegated by DNT and/or Seibel to, and would be performed by, J. Jeffrey Frederick.
- 24. Effective as of April 13, 2016, Mr. Seibel divested himself of any direct or indirect membership interests in DNT by assigning all of his ownership interests in RSG to The Seibel Family 2016 Trust, as permitted under the DNT Agreement.
- 25. Five days after Mr. Seibel divested himself of any interests relating to the Restaurant, on April 18, 2016, the United States Attorney's Office filed an information as to Mr. Seibel in case no. 16-CR-00279, in the U.S. District Court South District of New York (the "Seibel Case").
- 26. Also on April 18, 2016, Mr. Seibel entered a guilty plea for violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7212(a) (the "Seibel Plea").
 - 27. On May 16, 2016, an order was entered in the Seibel Case accepting the Seibel Plea.
- 28. On August 19, 2016, Mr. Seibel was sentenced and a judgment was entered against him in the Seibel Case.
- 29. On or about September 2, 2016, Caesars sent a letter addressed to Seibel, one of the managers of DNT, and to the other managers of DNT warning that <u>if</u> DNT and OHS did not (i) terminate any relationship with Seibel based on Caesars' determination that Seibel is an "unsuitable

person" under the DNT Agreement based on the Seibel's recent guilty plea to a single count of obstruction of the due administration of tax laws and (ii) provide written evidence of the terminated relationship to Caesars within ten business days, then Caesars would have to terminate the DNT Agreement under Section 4.2.3 of the DNT Agreement.

- 30. By letter dated September 7, 2016, counsel to DNT responded to the September 2 Letter, referring to an assignment of interests in April 2016 which resulted in Seibel having no interest in the relevant entities.
- 31. In response, by letter dated September 21, 2016, Caesars advised counsel to DNT that the assignments and assignees are not approved and the DNT Agreement was purportedly terminated.
- 32. Notwithstanding the purported Termination, the Restaurant remains open and, upon information and belief, profitable.
- 33. Caesars has not compensated DNT for the monies due under the DNT Agreement from the period of September 20, 2016 to present.

COUNT I – Breach of the DNT Agreement

(against Caesars)

- 34. All preceding paragraphs are incorporated herein.
- 35. The object of the DNT Agreement is the development, construction, and operation of the Old Homestead Restaurant.
- 36. The Restaurant was developed and constructed, and Caesars has continued to operate the Old Homestead Restaurant since it opened in 2011.
 - 37. The Restaurant continues to generate revenues and is profitable.
- 38. Caesars continues to operate the Restaurant in the same manner and fashion as Caesars operated the Restaurant since its opening.
 - 39. Caesars intends to continue operating the Restaurant.
- 40. Caesars has not been fined or sanctioned in any manner by any gaming authorities in connection with its continued operations of the Restaurant.
- 41. Caesars has not compensated DNT as required pursuant to the DNT Agreement despite Caesars' continued operation of the Restaurant.

1		COUNT II – Accounting
2		(against Caesars)
3	42.	All preceding paragraphs are incorporated herein.
4	43.	The DNT Agreement permits DNT to request and conduct an audit concerning the
5	monies owed	under the DNT Agreement.
6	44.	The laws of equity also allow for DNT to request an accounting of Caesars. Without
7	an accounting	g, DNT may not have adequate remedies at law because the exact amount of monies owed
8	to it could be unknown.	
9	45.	The accounts between the parties are of such a complicated nature than an accounting
10	is necessary a	and warranted.
11	46.	DNT has entrusted and relied upon Caesars to maintain accurate and complete record
12	to compute th	e amount of monies due under the DNT Agreement.
13	47.	DNT requests an accounting of the monies owed to it under the DNT Agreement, as
14	well as all fur	ther relief found just, fair and equitable.
15		PRAYER FOR RELIEF
16	WHE	REFORE, DNT Acquisition, LLC, appearing derivatively by one of its two members, F
17	Squared Glob	oal Solutions, LLC, respectfully requests the entry of judgment in its favor and agains
18	Caesars as fol	llows:
19	A.	Monetary damages in excess of \$15,000, including:
20		i) all payments due under the DNT Agreement accruing since the Plan Effective
21		Date of October 6, 2017, through the present and continuing through and
22		including December 22, 2026; and
23	B.	Equitable relief;
24	C.	Reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and interest associated with the prosecution of this
25	lawsuit; and	
26	D.	Any additional relief this Court may deem just and proper.
27		RESERVATION OF RIGHTS
28	Pursua	ant to Rule 13 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, DNT is not intending to bring and

is not bringing at this time any claims that existed at the time this matter was commenced and which were already (and remain) the subject of the pending matters between the parties before the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois. The foregoing counterclaim is being asserted because of the timing of the filing of the DNT/RSG Rejection Damages POCs as against the commencement of this action. To the extent the DNT/RSG Rejection Damages POCs are deemed or considered to predate the commencement of this action because of any relation-back to the filing of the DNT Claims or Caesar's filing for bankruptcy, notwithstanding being filed with the Bankruptcy Court subsequent to the commencement of this action, then such claims would not be compulsory counterclaims under Rule 13 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure. In any event, regardless of any timing issues implicated by Rule 13 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, the aforementioned claims sought hereunder will not exceed the amounts sought in the Bankruptcy Court, subject to any rights of amendment to those claims. Regardless, DNT reserves the right to pursue any such claims before this court in the event the Bankruptcy Court either stays or abstains from hearing any such claims.

In addition, the complaint is subject to a Petition for Writ of Mandamus or Prohibition in connection with certain defendants' motion to dismiss or stay, and an appeal of the remand of certain counts of the complaint ordered by the United States Bankruptcy Court, District of Nevada (collectively, the "Pending Appeals"). Based on the Pending Appeals, DNT does not concede that this Court should be proceed with this matter at this time. Accordingly, DNT reserves its right to further amend, modify, or withdraw this Answer, Affirmative Defenses and Counterclaims, and to bring additional counterclaims in connection with the complaint pending a final determination of the Pending Appeals.

DATED July 2, 2018.

MCNUTT LAW FIRM P.C.

/s/ Dan McNutt
DANIEL R. MCNUTT (SBN 7815)
MATTHEW C. WOLF (SBN 10801)
625 South Eighth Street
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Attorneys for R Squared Global

Solutions, LLC, appearing derivatively On behalf of Defendant DNT ACQUISITION LLC

1 2

1	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING	
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 5(b) and EDCR 8.05 on July 2, 2018 I	
3	caused service of the foregoing DEFENDANT DNT ACQUISITION, LLC'S ANSWER TO	
4	PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT AND COUNTERCLAIMS to be made by depositing a true and	
5	correct copy of same in the United States Mail, postage fully prepaid, addressed to the following and/or	
6	via electronic mail through the Eighth Judicial District Court's E-Filing system to the following at the	
7	e-mail address provided in the e-service list:	
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	James Pisanelli, Esq. (SBN 4027) Debra Spinelli, Esq. (SBN 9695) Brittnie Watkins, Esq. (SBN 13612) PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 South 7 th Street, Suite 300 Las Vegas, NV 89101 jjp@pisanellibice.com dls@pisanellibice.com btw@pisanellibice.com Attorneys for Defendant PHWLV, LLC Allen Wilt, Esq. (SBN 4798) John Tennert, Esq. (SBN 11728) FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C. 300 East 2 nd Street, Suite 1510 Reno, NV 89501 awilt@fclaw.com jtennert@fclaw.com Attorneys for Defendant Gordon Ramsay	
18		
20	Robert E. Atkinson, Esq. (SBN 9958) Atkinson Law Associates Ltd. 8965 S. Eastern Ave. Suite 260 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Robert@nv-lawfirm.com	
22	Attorney for Defendant J. Jeffrey Frederick	
23	/s/ Lisa A. Heller	
24	Employee of McNutt Law Firm	
25		
26		
27		

TAB 30

Electronically Filed 7/6/2018 10:50 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

AACC 1 DANIEL R. MCNUTT (SBN 7815) MATTHEW C. WOLF (SBN 10801) 2 MCNUTT LAW FIRM, P.C. 625 South Eighth Street 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tel. (702) 384-1170 / Fax. (702) 384-5529 4 drm@mcnuttlawfirm.com mcw@mcnuttlawfirm.com 5 NATHAN Q. RUGG* 6 BARACK FERRAZZANO KIRSCHBAUM & NAGELBERG LLP 200 W. MADISON ST., SUITE 3900 7 CHICAGO, IL 60606 8 Tel. (312) 984-3127 / Fax. (312) 984-3150 Nathan.Rugg@bfkn.com 9 STEVEN B. CHAIKEN* 10 ADELMAN & GETTLEMAN, LTD. 53 West Jackson Boulevard, Suite 1050 11 Chicago, IL 60604 Tel. (312) 435-1050 / Fax. (312) 435-1059 12 sbc@ag-ltd.com *Admitted Pro Hac Vice 13 Attoneys for LLTQ Enterprises, LLC; LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC; FERG, LLC; 14 and FERG 16, LLC 15 DISTRICT COURT 16 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 17 ROWEN SEIBEL, an individual and citizen of Case No.: A-17-751759-B 18 New York, derivatively on behalf of Real Party Dept. No.: 11 in Interest GR BURGR LLC, a Delaware limited 19 liability company, Consolidated with: Case No.: A-17-760537-B 20 Plaintiff, LLTQ/FERG DEFENDANTS' ANSWER 21 AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES TO v. PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT AND 22 PHWLV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability COUNTERCLAIMS company; GORDON RAMSAY, an individual; 23 DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I This document applies to: through X, A-17-760537-B 24 Defendants, 25 AND ALL RELATED MATTERS 26 Defendants LLTQ Enterprises, LLC, LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC, FERG, LLC, and FERG 16, 27

LLC (collectively, the "LLTQ/FERG Defendants") hereby answer the claims asserted by Plaintiffs in

LLTQ/FERG DEFENDANTS' ANSWER AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT AND COUNTERCLAIMS - 1

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the above-captioned matter as follows:

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PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

- 1. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 1, except admit that Caesars entered into multiple agreements with entities previously owned by, managed by or affiliated with Rowen Seibel, and that Caesars requested and received "Business Information Forms" from Mr. Seibel in connection with the MOTI and DNT business relationships. The contents of the agreements and "Business Information Forms" speak for themselves, and LLTQ/FERG Defendants respectfully refer to those documents for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 2. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 2.
- 3. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 3, except admit that on April 18, 2016, Rowen Seibel pled guilty to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, which is a class E felony and served one month in prison.
 - 4. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 4.
- 5. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 5, except admit that Caesars wrongfully purported to terminate the agreements and state that the contents of the certain agreements referenced in paragraph 5 speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned agreements for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 6. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 6, except admit that Caesars wrongfully attempted to terminate their agreements, that Caesars cannot continue to operate the restaurants subject to such agreements absent providing compensation to the LLTQ/FERG Defendants, that the LLTQ/FERG Defendants and certain of the Plaintiffs are parties to litigation commenced in the jointly-administered chapter 11 bankruptcy cases of Caesars Palace and CAC in the United States Bankruptcy Court, Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, Case No. 15-01145 ("Bankruptcy Actions"), and that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and LLTQ/FERG Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 7. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 7, except

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admit that certain defendants are seeking monetary relief from Caesars in different courts across the country related to the agreements, and that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and LLTQ/FERG Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

8. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 8, except admit that Caesars commenced the present action by a complaint that speaks for itself, and LLTQ/FERG Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

- 9. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 9.
- 10. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 10.
- 11. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 11.
- 12. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 12.
- 13. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 13.
- 14. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 14.
- 15. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 15.
- 16. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 16.
- 17. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 17 except the LLTQ/FERG Defendants admit that TPOV Enterprises, LLC is a New York limited liability company, and that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 18. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 18 except admit that TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company, and that a letter was

sent informing Caesars of the assignment.

- 19. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 19 except admit the location and corporate status of LLTQ Enterprises, LLC, that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 20. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 20 except admit that LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company, and that a letter was sent informing Caesars of the assignment.
- 21. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in paragraph 21.
- 22. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 22 except admit the location and corporate status of FERG, LLC, that the FERG Agreement was entered into on or about May 16, 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 23. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 23 except admit that FERG 16, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company, and that a letter was sent informing CAC of the assignment.
- 24. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants admit that Seibel assigned his duties and obligations under the LLTQ Agreement and FERG Agreement to Mr. Frederick, to the extent any duties existed. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the balance of the allegations contained in paragraph 24.
 - 25. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 25.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 26. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the allegations contained in paragraph 26.
- 27. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of whether, "In reliance on those representations (among other things), Caesars Palace and MOTI entered into the MOTI Agreement." The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the balance

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Information Form" is referenced in paragraph 27, the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof. 28. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a

of the allegations contained in paragraph 27 except admit that to the extent that a "Business

- belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 28.
- 29. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 29.
- 30. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 30.
- 31. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 31 except admit that to the extent a "Business Information Form" is referenced in paragraph 31, the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 32. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 32.
- 33. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 33.
- 34. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 34.
- 35. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 35.
- 36. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 36, except admit that Caesars entered into multiple agreements with entities previously owned by, managed by or affiliated with Rowen Seibel, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned agreements for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 37. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a

belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 37.

- 38. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 38 except admit that the contents of said "Business Information Form" speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the "Business Information Form" for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 39. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 39.
- 40. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 40.
- 41. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 41.
- 42. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 42.
- 43. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 43.
- 44. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 44.
- 45. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 45.
- 46. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 46.
- 47. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 47 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011 in connection with a restaurant in the Paris casino known as "Gordon Ramsay Steak", the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 48. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 48 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents

thereof.

- 49. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 49 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 50. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 50 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 51. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 51 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 52. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 52 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 53. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 53 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 54. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 54 except admit that the TPOV Agreement was entered into in or about November 2011, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the TPOV Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 55. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 55.
 - 56. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 56.
 - 57. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a

belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 57 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012 in connection with a restaurant in the Caesars Palace casino known as the Gordon Ramsay Pub, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 58. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 58 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 59. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 59 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 60. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 60 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 61. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 61 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 62. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 62 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 63. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 63 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

64. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 64 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 65. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 65 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 66. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 66.
- 67. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 67 except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 68. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 68, except admit that the LLTQ Agreement was entered into on or about April 4, 2012, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the LLTQ Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof, and admit the allegations contained in the first sentence of paragraph 68 and that the LLTQ/FERG Defendants assert that Section 13.22 is enforceable.
- 69. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 69.
- 70. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 70.
- 71. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 71.
- 72. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 72.
 - 73. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a

belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 73.

- 74. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 74.
- 75. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 75.
- 76. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 76.
- 77. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 77.
- 78. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 78.
- 79. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 79 except admit that the FERG Agreement was entered into on or about May 16, 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 80. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 80 except admit that the FERG Agreement was entered into on or about May 16, 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 81. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 81 except admit that the FERG Agreement was entered into on or about May 16, 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 82. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 82 except admit that the FERG Agreement was entered into on or about May 16, 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 83. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a

belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 83 except admit that the FERG Agreement was entered into on or about May 16, 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 84. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 84 except admit that the FERG Agreement was entered into on or about May 16, 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 85. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 86 except admit that the FERG Agreement was entered into on or about May 16, 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 86. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 86 except admit that the FERG Agreement was entered into on or about May 16, 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 87. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 87 except admit that the FERG Agreement was entered into on or about May 16, 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 88. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 88.
- 89. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 89 except admit that the FERG Agreement was entered into on or about May 16, 2014, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 90. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 90, except admit that the FERG Agreement was entered into on or about May 16, 2015, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the FERG Agreement for the full and complete contents thereof, and admit

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- the allegations contained in the first sentence of paragraph 90 and that the LLTQ/FERG Defendants assert that Section 4.1 is enforceable.
 - 91. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 91.
- 92. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 92.
- 93. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 93.
- 94. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 94.
- 95. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 95.
- 96. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 96.
- 97. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 97.
- 98. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 98.
- 99. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 99.
- 100. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants aver that paragraph 100 contains conclusions of law to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, the LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 100.
- 101. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 101.
- 102. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 102.
 - 103. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a

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belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 103.

- 104. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 104.
- 105. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 105.
- 106. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 106 except admit that on April 18, 2016, Rowen Seibel pled guilty to one count of a corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws under 26 U.S.C. § 7212, which is a class E felony.
- 107. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 107 except admit that on August 19, 2016, the Southern District of New York sentenced Rowen Seibel to serve one month in prison, six months in home detention, and 300 hours of community service.
- 108. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 108 except admit that the letter referenced in paragraph 108 was sent on or about April 8, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refers to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 109. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 109, except admit that Caesars wrongfully purported to terminate all of its agreements with entities that were associated or had been associated with Rowen Seibel.
- 110. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 110.
- 111. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 111.
- 112. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 112.
- 113. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 113 except admit that the aforementioned letter from Caesars Palace to TPOV was dated September 2, 2016, the

contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.

- 114. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 114 except admit that the aforementioned letter from Caesars Palace to LLTQ was dated September 2, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 115. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 115.
- 116. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 116.
- 117. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 117 except admit that the aforementioned letter from Caesars Palace to FERG was dated September 2, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 118. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 118 except admit certain referenced letters were sent to Caesars, which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letters for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 119. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 119 except admit that the aforementioned letter from Caesars Palace was dated September 12, 2016, the contents of which speak for themselves, and respectfully refer to the aforementioned letter for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 120. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 120.
- 121. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 121 except admit that Caesars Palace filed the motion to reject and that LLTQ and FERG objected to the motion.
- 122. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 122 except admit that LLTQ and FERG filed the administrative expense request and that Caesars Palace and CAC objected to the request.
 - 123. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 123 except

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27 28 admit that MOTI filed the administrative expense request and that Caesars Palace objected to the request.

- 124. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 124 except deny the defenses and contentions made by Caesars Palace and CAC.
 - 125. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 125.
- The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a 126. belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 126.
- 127. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 127.
- 128. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 128.
- 129. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 129 except admit that the referenced documents filed in the TPOV Federal Action and the court docket for that Action speak for themselves and respectfully refer to the aforementioned docket for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 130. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 130 except admit that the referenced documents filed in the TPOV Federal Action and the court docket for that Action speak for themselves and respectfully refer to the aforementioned docket for the full and complete contents thereof.

COUNT I

- 131. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants hereby repeat and reallege each and every one of the LLTQ/FERG Defendants' responses in paragraphs 1-130 above as if fully set forth herein.
 - 132. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants state that the referenced statute speaks for itself.
- 133. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants admit that the parties dispute whether Caesar properly terminated the agreements, but deny there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.
- 134. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 134, except admit that Caesars seeks declaratory relief in the present action.

135. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations set forth in paragraph 135, except admit that the complaint filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and LLTQ/FERG Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

COUNT II

- 136. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants hereby repeat and reallege each and every one of the LLTQ/FERG Defendants' responses to the above paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
 - 137. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants state that the referenced statute speaks for itself.
- 138. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants admit that the parties dispute whether Caesar properly terminated the agreements, but deny there is a justiciable controversy ripe for adjudication among the parties.
 - 139. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations set forth in paragraph 139.
- 140. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 140, except admit that the agreements speak for themselves, and LLTQ/FERG Defendants respectfully refer to those documents for the full and complete contents thereof.
- 141. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 141, except admit that the agreements speak for themselves, and LLTQ/FERG Defendants respectfully refer to those documents for the full and complete contents thereof.
 - 142. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 142.
 - 143. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 143.
 - 144. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 144.
- 145. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 145, except admit that Caesars seeks declaratory relief in the present action.
- 146. The LLTQ/FERG Defendants deny the allegations set forth in paragraph 146, except admit that the complaint filed in the present action seeks certain relief, that the complaint that speaks for itself, and LLTQ/FERG Defendants respectfully refer to the complaint for the full and complete contents thereof.

AS AND FOR A FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims warrant dismissal under the first-to-file rule and due to forum

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not limited to their failure to mitigate their damages.

AS AND FOR A THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

169. The alleged unsuitability of Seibel is immaterial and irrelevant because, inter alia, he assigned his interests, if any, in LLTQ/FERG Defendants or the contracts.

AS AND FOR A FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

170. This Court lacks jurisdiction over the allegations, claims, and theories alleged by Plaintiffs that already are pending in the Bankruptcy Actions and all related matters and proceedings.

AS AND FOR A FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

171. All possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon the filing of LLTQ/FERG Defendants' answer. Therefore, Defendants reserve the right to amend their answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation so warrants. Defendants reserve the right to (a) rely upon such other affirmative defenses as may be supported by the facts to be determined through full and complete discovery, and (b) voluntarily withdraw any affirmative defense.

COUNTERCLAIMS

NOW COMES LLTQ ENTERPRISES, LLC ("LLTQ"), LLTQ ENTERPRISES 16, LLC ("LLTQ 16"), FERG, LLC ("FERG") and FERG 16, LLC ("FERG 16"), by and through their undersigned counsel, and for their Counterclaims against Desert Palace, Inc. ("Caesars") and Boardwalk Regency Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City ("CAC"), allege as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. LLTQ is a Delaware limited liability company.
- 2. FERG is a Delaware limited liability company and an affiliate of LLTQ.
- 3. LLTQ 16 is a Delaware limited liability company and successor in interest to LLTQ.
- 4. FERG 16 is a Delaware limited liability company and successor in interest to FERG.
- 5. Caesars is a Nevada corporation and has a principal place of business of 3570 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, Nevada, which is a resort hotel casino known as "Caesars Palace."
- 6. CAC is a Delaware limited liability company, an affiliate of Caesars, and has a principal place of business of 2100 Pacific Avenue, Atlantic City, New Jersey.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

The LLTQ Agreement and Restrictions

- 7. LLTQ and Caesars entered into that certain Development and Operation Agreement with an effective date of April 12, 2012 (the "LLTQ Agreement").
- 8. In connection with entering into the LLTQ Agreement, Caesars did not require LLTQ nor its Associated Persons (as that term is defined in the LLTQ Agreement to provide information concerning LLTQ's "suitability" or complete a business information form.
- 9. Contemporaneously with entering into the LLTQ Agreement, Caesars entered into that certain Development, Operation and License Agreement (the "Ramsay LV Agreement") with Gordon Ramsay and his affiliate business, Gordon Ramsay Holdings Limited (collectively, "Ramsay").
- 10. The LLTQ Agreement and the Ramsay LV Agreement were negotiated contemporaneously with among the parties. Mr. Rowen Seibel on behalf of LLTQ assisted in the negotiations of the Ramsay LV Agreement.
- 11. Representatives of Caesars, LLTQ and Ramsay engaged in multiple meetings to negotiate the terms of the design, development, construction, and operation of and the sharing of profits from that certain "Gordon Ramsay Pub" (defined as the "Restaurant" in the LLTQ Agreement) located at the "Restaurant Premises" (as defined in the LLTQ Agreement) in a property owned and operated by Caesars in Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 12. Both Caesars and LLTQ contributed an amount not less than \$1,000,000 of the costs required to develop the Gordon Ramsay Pub.
- 13. The LLTQ Agreement and the Ramsay LV Agreement are integrated and, together, establish a single transaction and agreement among LLTQ, Caesars and Ramsay to design, develop, construct, and operate the Gordon Ramsay Pub and share the profits therefrom.
- 14. Both the LLTQ Agreement and the Ramsay LV Agreement were (a) executed and effective as of the same day, (b) concern the same subject matter, and (c) refer to each other. Caesars is a party to both contracts, which contain the same choice of law, dispute resolution, and other provisions.
- 15. For the consideration received under the LLTQ Agreement, including a \$1,000,000 development contribution provided by LLTQ, Caesars agreed that it and its affiliates would not pursue

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a venture similar to, among other ventures, the Gordon Ramsay Pub without entering into an agreement with LLTQ (or its affiliates) similar to the LLTQ Agreement.

- 16. Specifically, Section 13.22 of the LLTQ Agreement provides: If Caesars elects under this Agreement to pursue any venture similar to (i) the Restaurant (i.e., any venture generally in the nature of a pub, bar, café or tavern) or (ii) the "Restaurant" as defined in the development and operation agreement entered into December 5, 2011 between TPOV Enterprises, LLC (an affiliate of LLTQ), on the one hand, and Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC, on the other hand (i.e., any venture generally in the nature of a steak restaurant, fine dining steakhouse or chop house) [each a "Restricted Restaurant Venture," and, collectively, the "Restricted Restaurant Ventures"], Caesars and LLTQ shall, or shall cause an Affiliate to, execute a development and operation agreement on the same terms and conditions as this Agreement, subject only to revisions proposed by Caesars or its Affiliate as are necessary to reflect the difference in location between the Restaurant and such other venture (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Baseline Amount, permitted Operating Expenses and necessary Project Costs).
- 17. Section 13.22 of the LLTQ Agreement survives both expiration and termination of the LLTQ Agreement.
- 18. Section 10.2 of the LLTQ Agreements provides Caesars the right to terminate for unsuitability. Section 4.2.5 indicates Caesars can terminate the contract based on suitability per section 10.2. Section 4.3.2. states that after termination Caesars maintains its rights in the Restaurant Premises, the furniture and equipment and its marks, and that Caesars can only operate "a restaurant in the Restaurant Premises."
 - 19. Section 4.3.1 of the LLTQ Agreement expressly provides:

The provisions of this <u>Section 4.3</u> and <u>Section 2.3(b)</u>, the last sentence of <u>Section 11.2.2</u> and <u>Articles 12</u> and <u>13</u> (other than <u>Section 13.16)</u> shall survive any termination or expiration of this Agreement.

20. Since its opening, the Gordon Ramsay Pub has been one of the most profitable restaurants for Caesars at its Las Vegas location.

The First Restricted Restaurant Venture

21. Due in part to the restrictions contained in Section 13.22 of the LLTQ Agreement and a developing falling out between Rowen Seibel, the former principal of LLTQ, and Ramsay, in December

2013, Caesars made clear to representatives of both LLTQ and Ramsay that both LLTQ and Ramsay were required for Caesars (or its affiliate) to proceed with a restaurant similar to the Gordon Ramsay Pub to be located at a property owned and operated by CAC, in Atlantic City, New Jersey.

- 22. In an email to representatives for both LLTQ and Ramsay, Jeffrey Frederick (Caesars' then Regional Vice President Food & Beverage and one of its representatives heavily involved in the negotiations of the LLTQ Agreement and the Ramsay LV Agreement), stated that "we [Caesars] are not able to proceed" with a Ramsay Pub without both Mr. Seibel and Gordon Ramsay "agreeing to do so."
- 23. Mr. Frederick's email goes on to state: "I want to be clear. I've confirmed with Tom [Jenkin Global President of Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc.] and our [Caesars'] legal counsel we are not able to proceed with GR Steak or GR P&G [Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill] without both you and Rowen agreeing to do so, nor a concept similar in the Steakhouse, Chophouse, Bar & Grill, Pub or Tavern Categories."
- 24. Representatives of Caesars, FERG, and Ramsay engaged in multiple meetings to negotiate the terms of the design, development, construction, and operation of and the sharing of profits of a restaurant similar to the Gordon Ramsay Pub to be located at a property owned and operated by CAC, in Atlantic City, New Jersey.
- 25. FERG and CAC entered into that certain Consulting Agreement concerning the Atlantic City venture with an effective date of May 16, 2014 (the "FERG Agreement").
- 26. Contemporaneously with entering into the FERG Agreement, CAC entered into that certain Development, Operation and License Agreement concerning the Atlantic City venture (the "Ramsay AC Agreement") with Ramsay.
- 27. The FERG Agreement and the Ramsay AC Agreement were negotiated contemporaneously with one another between the parties.
- 28. The FERG Agreement and the Ramsay AC Agreement are integrated and, together, establish a single transaction and agreement among FERG, CAC and Gordon Ramsay to design, develop, construct, and operate the "Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill" (defined as the "Restaurant" in the FERG Agreement) located at the "Restaurant Premises" (as defined in the FERG Agreement) in CAC's location in Atlantic City.

- 29. Both the FERG Agreement and the Ramsay AC Agreement were (a) executed and effective as of the same day, (b) concern the same subject matter, and (c) the FERG Agreement references the Ramsay AC Agreement in numerous provisions. CAC is a party to both contracts, which contain the same choice of law, dispute resolution, and other provisions.
- 30. Section 4.1 of the FERG Agreement states: "In the event a new agreement is executed between CAC and/or its Affiliate and Gordon Ramsay and/or his Affiliate relative to the [Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill] or the [Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill] Premises, this Agreement shall be in effect an binding on the parties during the term thereof."
- 31. Section 4.2(a) and (b) of the FERG Agreement provide certain termination rights of the FERG Agreement only "if CAC simultaneously terminates the [Ramsay AC Agreement] and no different or amended agreement is entered into with Gordon Ramsay and/or his Affiliate(s) relative to the" Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill or its premises.
- 32. Section 4.2(c) of the FERG Agreement provides that the FERG Agreement may be terminated upon no less than ninety (90) days written notice "if the [Ramsay AC Agreement] is terminated and no different or amended agreement is entered into with Gordon Ramsay and/or his Affiliate(s) relative to the" Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill or its premises.
- 33. Section 11.2 of the FERG Agreements provides CAC the right to terminate for unsuitability. Section 4.2(e) indicates CAC can terminate the contract based on suitability per section 11.2. Section 4.3(b) states that after termination CAC maintains its rights in the Restaurant Premises, the furniture and equipment and its marks, and that CAC can only operate "a restaurant in the Restaurant Premises."
- 34. Since its opening, the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill has been one of the most profitable restaurants for CAC at its Atlantic City location.

The Bankruptcy Matters

35. On January 15, 2015 (the "**Petition Date**"), Caesars, CAC and several of their affiliated entities (collectively, the "**Debtors**") each filed voluntary petitions under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, thereby commencing the Chapter 11 Cases.

- 36. On June 8, 2015, the Debtors filed that certain Fourth Omnibus Motion for the Entry of an Order Authorizing the Debtors to Reject Certain Executory Contracts Nunc Pro Tunc to June 11, 2015 [Docket No. 1755] (the "**Rejection Motion**"). In the Rejection Motion the Debtors seek to reject the LLTQ Agreement and the FERG Agreement pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 37. LLTQ and FERG objected to the relief sought in the Rejection Motion asserting, among other things, that Section 13.22 of the LLTQ Agreement is an enforceable restrictive covenant.
 - 38. The Rejection Motion is contested and remains pending.
- 39. On November 4, 2015, LLTQ and FERG filed that certain *Request for Payment of Administrative Expense* [Docket No. 2531] (the "Admin Request") seeking payments to which LLTQ and FERG claim they are owed under the LLTQ Agreement and FERG Agreement (collectively, the "Pub Agreements") as a result of the Debtors' continued operations of the Gordon Ramsay Pub in Las Vegas and the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill in Atlantic City (collectively, the "Ramsay Pubs").
- 40. The Debtors objected to the relief sought in the Admin Request asserting, among other things, that the Pub Agreements may not be valid, enforceable agreements and, instead, may be void, voidable or void *ab initio*.
 - 41. The Admin Request is contested and remains pending.
- 42. On January 14, 2016, the Debtors filed that certain *Motion for the Entry of an Order Authorizing the Debtors to (A) Reject Certain Existing Restaurant Agreements and (B) Enter Into New Restaurant Agreements* [Docket No. 3000] (the "Ramsay Rejection Motion"). In the Ramsay Rejection Motion the Debtors seek to reject the Ramsay LV Agreement and the Ramsay AC Agreement (the "Original Ramsay Agreements") and simultaneously enter into new agreements with Ramsay to continue operating the Ramsay Pubs (the "New Ramsay Agreements"). The Debtors only seek rejection of Original Ramsay Agreements if the Illinois Bankruptcy Court approves the Debtors' entry into the New Ramsay Agreements.
- 43. LLTQ and FERG objected to the relief sought in the Ramsay Rejection Motion asserting, among other things, that Section 13.22 of the LLTQ Agreement and Sections 4.1 and 4.2 of the FERG Agreement are enforceable restrictive covenants.
 - 44. The Ramsay Rejection Motion is contested and remains pending.

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- 45. On October 5, 2016, the Debtors filed their Sixteenth Amended Plan of Reorganization.
- 46. On January 17, 2017, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order confirming the Plan.
- 47. On October 6, 2017 (the "**Plan Effective Date**"), the Effective Date of the Plan occurred, and the Plan was consummated.

Purported Termination of the LLTQ Agreement and FERG Agreement

- 48. On February 29, 2016, the United States government filed a Notice of Intent to File an Information against Rowen Seibel. A Notice of Intent to File an Information is not a charging instrument.
- 49. On April 8, 2016, the Debtors were notified via letters (the "Assignment Letters") that, among other things, effective as of April 13, 2016: (i) the membership interests in LLTQ and FERG, previously owned, directly or indirectly, by Mr. Seibel were being transferred to The Seibel Family 2016 Trust (the "Trust"); and (ii) the LLTQ Agreement and the FERG Agreement were being assigned to new entities (LLTQ 16 and FERG 16) in which Mr. Seibel was not a manager and did not hold any membership interests, directly or indirectly.
- 50. Effective as of April 13, 2016, Mr. Seibel divested himself of any direct or indirect membership interests in LLTQ and in FERG.
- 51. Effective as of April 13, 2016, LLTQ assigned the LLTQ Agreement to LLTQ 16, an entity in which Mr. Seibel never directly or indirectly held any ownership or management interest.
- 52. Effective as of April 13, 2016, FERG assigned the FERG Agreement to FERG 16, an entity in which Mr. Seibel never directly or indirectly held any ownership or management interest.
- 53. Five days after Mr. Seibel divested himself of any interests relating to the Ramsay Pubs, on April 18, 2016, the United States Attorney's Office filed an information as to Mr. Seibel in case no. 16-CR-00279, in the U.S. District Court South District of New York (the "Seibel Case").
- 54. Also on April 18, 2016, Mr. Seibel entered a guilty plea for violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7212(a) (the "**Seibel Plea**").
 - 55. On May 16, 2016, an order was entered in the Seibel Case accepting the Seibel Plea.
- 56. On August 19, 2016, Mr. Seibel was sentenced and a judgment was entered against him in the Seibel Case.

- 57. On September 2, 2016, Caesars and CAC issued notices of termination of the LLTQ Agreement and the FERG Agreement "effective immediately" (the "**Termination**"). The asserted basis for the Termination provided was allegations that Mr. Seibel fraudulently induced the Debtors into entering into and breached the Pub Agreements by failing to disclose certain material facts alleged in the Information or otherwise relating to the Seibel Case.
- 58. The Debtors were informed that Mr. Seibel had no relationship with the Trust, but if the assignees could be found to jeopardize the Debtors' gaming licenses, LLTQ, FERG (or their successors and assigns) would work with the Debtors to agree upon different assignees that would not jeopardize any gaming licenses.
- 59. The Debtors were informed that the Trust expressly provides protections to avoid any possible issues concerning "unsuitable" persons.
- 60. Notwithstanding the purported Termination, both Ramsay Pubs remain open and, upon information and belief, profitable.

New Restricted Restaurant Ventures

- 61. In October 2014, Flamingo Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC ("**Flamingo**") entered into an agreement (the "**Fish & Chips Agreement**") with Gordon Ramsay Holdings Limited and Gordon Ramsay for the development and operation of a restaurant ("**Fish & Chips**") to be located in Las Vegas at certain premises located at the retail center known as The Linq (the "**Linq**"). Flamingo is an affiliate of Caesars.
- 62. At no time prior to entering into the Fish & Chips Agreement did Caesars or any of its affiliates inform LLTQ or any of its affiliates of the Debtors' pursuit of Fish & Chips.
- 63. On or about October 7, 2016, Fish & Chips opened at the Linq. At no time, whether prior to opening Fish & Chips or anytime thereafter, did Caesars or any of its affiliates seek to enter into an agreement with LLTQ, LLTQ 16 or any of their respective affiliates in connection with Fish & Chips.
- 64. Caesars has not caused Flamingo to enter into any agreement with LLTQ, LLTQ 16 or an affiliate of LLTQ or LLTQ 16 in connection with Fish & Chips.
 - 65. Fish & Chips is a Restricted Restaurant Venture.
 - 66. Horseshoe Baltimore Casino is an affiliate of Caesars.

- 67. Horseshoe Baltimore Casino, Gordon Ramsay Holdings Limited and Gordon Ramsay entered into a license agreement for a Gordon Ramsay Steak restaurant to be located in Baltimore, Maryland ("GR Steak Baltimore").
- 68. GR Steak Baltimore is a venture similar to the Gordon Ramsay Steak restaurant at the Paris hotel in Las Vegas and which is the subject of the development and operation agreement entered into December 5, 2011 between TPOV Enterprises, LLC (an affiliate of LLTQ), on the one hand, and Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC, on the other hand.
- 69. Caesars has not caused Horseshoe Baltimore Casino to enter into any agreement with LLTQ, LLTQ 16 or an affiliate of LLTQ or LLTQ 16 in connection with GR Steak Baltimore.
 - 70. GR Steak Baltimore is a Restricted Restaurant Venture.
- 71. Upon and information and belief, Ramsay intends to open additional restaurants in the United States and one or more of such restaurant ventures is: (a) between Ramsay and Caesars or one of its affiliates; and (b) qualifies as a Restricted Restaurant Venture.
- 72. On September 26, 2017, LLTQ, among others, sent a letter to Caesars requesting Caesars comply with Section 13.22 of the LLTQ Agreement and provide a proposed development and operation agreement in connection with GR Steak Baltimore along with any proposed changes from the LLTQ Agreement.
- 73. In November 2017, GR Steak Baltimore opened. At no time, whether prior to opening GR Steak Baltimore or anytime thereafter, did Caesars or any of its affiliates seek to enter into an agreement with LLTQ, LLTQ 16 or any of their respective affiliates in connection with GR Steak Baltimore.

COUNT I - Breach of the LLTQ Agreement

(against Caesars)

- 74. All preceding paragraphs are incorporated herein.
- 75. The object of the LLTQ Agreement is the development, construction, and operation of the Gordon Ramsay Pub.
- 76. The Gordon Ramsay Pub was developed and constructed, and Caesars has continued to operate the Gordon Ramsay Pub since it opened in December 2012.
 - 77. The Gordon Ramsay Pub continues to generate revenues and is profitable.

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- 78. Caesars continues to operate the Gordon Ramsay Pub in the same manner and fashion as Caesars operated the Gordon Ramsay Pub since its opening.
 - 79. Caesars intends to continue operating the Gordon Ramsay Pub.
- 80. Caesars has not been fined or sanctioned in any manner by any gaming authorities in connection with its continued operations of the Gordon Ramsay Pub.
- 81. Caesars has not compensated LLTQ, LLTQ 16 or any of their respective affiliates as required pursuant to the LLTQ Agreement despite Caesars' continued operation of the Gordon Ramsay Pub, Fish & Chips, and GR Steak Baltimore.

COUNT II – Breach of the FERG Agreement

(against CAC)

- 82. All preceding paragraphs are incorporated herein.
- 83. The object of the FERG Agreement is the development and operation of the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill.
- 84. The Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill was developed and CAC has continued to operate Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill since it opened in 2015.
 - 85. The Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill continues to generate revenues and is profitable.
- 86. CAC continues to operate the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill in the same manner and fashion as CAC operated the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill since its opening.
 - 87. CAC intends to continue operating the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill.
- 88. CAC has not been fined or sanctioned in any manner by any gaming authorities in connection with its continued operations of the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill.
- 89. CAC has not compensated FERG, FERG 16 or any of their respective affiliates as required pursuant to the FERG Agreement despite Caesars' continued operation of the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill.

COUNT III - Accounting

(against Caesars)

- 90. All preceding paragraphs are incorporated herein.
- 91. The LLTQ Agreement permits LLTQ and LLTQ 16 to request and conduct an audit concerning the monies owed under the LLTQ Agreement.

Monetary damages in excess of \$15,000, including:

A.

- all payments due under the LLTQ Agreement accruing since the Plan Effective
 Date of October 6, 2017, through the present and continuing so long as the
 Gordon Ramsay Pub is open;
- ii) all damages and payments due arising out of the pursuit and operation by Caesars or its affiliates of any and all Restricted Ramsay Ventures since the Plan Effective Date of October 6, 2017; and
- all payments due under the FERG Agreement accruing since the Plan Effective Date of October 6, 2017, through the present and continuing so long as the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill is open;
- B. Equitable relief;
- C. Reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and interest associated with the prosecution of this lawsuit; and
 - D. Any additional relief this Court may deem just and proper.

RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

Pursuant to Rule 13 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, LLTQ ENTERPRISES, LLC, LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC, FERG, LLC and FERG 16, LLC are not intending to bring and are not bringing at this time any claims that existed at the time this matter was commenced and which were already (and remain) the subject of the pending matters between the parties before the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois. LLTQ ENTERPRISES, LLC, LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC, FERG, LLC and FERG 16, LLC reserve the right to pursue any such claims before this court in the event the Bankruptcy Court either stays or abstains from hearing any such claims.

In addition, the complaint is subject to a Petition for Writ of Mandamus or Prohibition in connection with certain defendants' motion to dismiss or stay, and an appeal of the remand of certain counts of the complaint ordered by the United States Bankruptcy Court, District of Nevada (collectively, the "Pending Appeals"). Based on the Pending Appeals, the LLTQ/FERG Defendants do not concede that this Court should be proceeding with this matter at this time. Accordingly, the LLTQ/FERG Defendants reserve their right to further amend, modify, or withdraw this Answer, Affirmative Defenses

1	and Counterclaims, and to bring additional counterclaims in connection with the complaint pending		
2	final determination of the Pending Appeals.		
3	DATED July 2, 2018.		
4	MCNUTT LAW FIRM, P.C.		
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6	/s/ Dan McNutt DANIEL R. MCNUTT (SBN 7815)		
7	MATTHEW C. WOLF (SBN 10801) 625 South Eighth Street		
8	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attoneys for LLTO Enterprises, LLC;		
9	LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC; FERG, LLC; and FERG 16, LLC		
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1	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING			
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 5(b) and EDCR 8.05 on July 2, 2018 I			
3	caused service of the foregoing LLTQ/FERG DEFENDANTS' ANSWER AND AFFIRMATIVE			
4	DEFENSES TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT AND COUNTERCLAIMS to be made by			
5	depositing a true and correct copy of same in the United States Mail, postage fully prepaid, addressed			
6	to the following and/or via electronic mail through the Eighth Judicial District Court's E-Filing system			
7	to the following at the e-mail address provided in the e-service list:			
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	James Pisanelli, Esq. (SBN 4027) Debra Spinelli, Esq. (SBN 9695) Brittnie Watkins, Esq. (SBN 13612) PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 South 7th Street, Suite 300 Las Vegas, NV 89101 jjp@pisanellibice.com dls@pisanellibice.com btw@pisanellibice.com Attorneys for Defendant PHWLV, LLC Allen Wilt, Esq. (SBN 4798) John Tennert, Esq. (SBN 11728) FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C. 300 East 2nd Street, Suite 1510 Reno, NV 89501 awilt@fclaw.com jtennert@fclaw.com Attorneys for Defendant Attorneys for Defendant			
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Robert E. Atkinson, Esq. (SBN 9958) Atkinson Law Associates Ltd. 8965 S. Eastern Ave. Suite 260 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Robert@nv-lawfirm.com Attorney for Defendant J. Jeffrey Frederick /s/ Lisa A. Heller Employee of McNutt Law Firm			

TAB 31

7/25/2018 11:50 AM Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT** 1 James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 JJP@pisanellibice.com 2 Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 DLS@pisanellibice.com 3 M. Magali Mercera, Esq., Bar No. 11742 MMM@pisanellibice.com 4 Brittnie T. Watkins, Esq., Bar No. 13612 BTW@pisanellibice.com 5 PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 South 7th Street, Suite 300 6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702.214.2100 7 Facsimile: 702.214.2101 8 Jeffrey J. Zeiger, P.C., Esq. (admitted pro hac vice) JZeiger@kirkland.com 9 William E. Arnault, IV, Esq. (admitted pro hac vice) WArnault@kirkland.com 10 KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP 300 North LaSalle 11 Chicago, IL 60654 Telephone: 312.862.2000 12 Attorneys for Desert Palace, Inc.; 13 Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC; PHWLV, LLC; and Boardwalk Regency 14 Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City 15 DISTRICT COURT 16 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 17 ROWEN SEIBEL, an individual and citizen of Case No.: A-17-751759-B New York, derivatively on behalf of Real Party 18 in Interest GR BURGR LLC, a Delaware Dept. No.: XVI limited liability company, 19 Consolidated with A-17-760537-B Plaintiff, 20 v. 21 PHWLV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability REPLY TO DNT ACQUISITION, LLC'S company; GORDON RAMSAY, an individual; **COUNTERCLAIMS** 22 DOÉS I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X. 23 Defendants, 24 and 25 GR BURGR LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, 26 Nominal Plaintiff. 27 28 AND ALL RELATED MATTERS

Electronically Filed

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Desert Palace, Inc. ("Desert Palace"), by and through its undersigned counsel, hereby responds to the allegations set forth in the Counterclaims (the "Counterclaim") filed by DNT Acquisition, LLC ("DNT"), purporting to appear derivatively through one of its members, R Squared Global Solutions, LLC ("RSG"), as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Desert Palace is informed and believes, and thereon admits that DNT is a Delaware limited liability company.
- 2. Upon information and belief, Desert Palace admits that DNT's two members are RSG and The Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc. ("OHS"). Desert Palace is informed and believes, and thereon admits that OHS is a New York corporation.
- 3. Desert Palace admits that it is a Nevada corporation and has its principal place of business at 3570 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, Nevada. Desert Palace denies that it is a resort hotel casino known as Caesars Palace. Desert Palace operates the Caesars Palace resort, hotel, and casino.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

The DNT Agreement and Restrictions

- 4. Desert Palace admits that DNT, OHS, and Desert Palace entered into a Development, Operation and License Agreement (the "DNT Agreement") effective as of June 21, 2011 for the development, operation, and license of an Old Homestead Steakhouse in Caesars Palace, Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 5. Desert Palace admits that representatives of Caesars, DNT, and OHS engaged in multiple meetings to negotiate the terms of the design, development, construction, and operation of and the sharing of profits from that certain "Old Homestead Steakhouse" (defined as the "Restaurant" in the DNT Agreement) located at the "Restaurant Premised" (as defined in the DNT Agreement) in a property owned and operated by Caesars in Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 6. Desert Palace admits that since its opening the Old Homestead Restaurant has been a profitable restaurant at its Las Vegas location, and denies all other allegations in Paragraph 6 of the Counterclaim.

The Bankruptcy Matters

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- 7. Desert Palace admits that, on January 15, 2015, Desert Palace, CAC and several of their affiliated entities (collectively, the "Reorganized Debtors") each filed voluntary petitions under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, thereby commencing the Chapter 11 cases.
- 8. Desert Palace admits that OHS is one of the members of DNT. Desert Palace admits that OHS filed a Proof of Claim (the "OHS Pre-Petition Claim") on April 30, 2015. The OHS Pre-Petition Claim is Claim No. 1883, not Docket No. 1883 as DNT has alleged, and Desert Palace refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 8.
- 9. Desert Palace admits that DNT filed a Proof of Claim (the "DNT Pre-Petition Claim") on May 22, 2015. The DNT Pre-Petition Claim is Claim No. 3346, not Docket No. 3346 as DNT has alleged, and Desert Palace refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 9.
- 10. Desert Palace admits that RSG filed a Proof of Claim (the "RSG Pre-Petition Claim") on May 22, 2015. The RSG Pre-Petition Claim is Claim No. 3304, not Docket No. 3304 as DNT has alleged, and Desert Palace refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 10.
- 11. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 11 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 11.
- 12. Desert Palace admits that RSG filed two Proofs of Claim on November 6, 2017, one on behalf of itself and the other purportedly on behalf of DNT (together, the "DNT/RSG Rejection Damages POCs") and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 12.
- 13. Desert Palace admits that the Reorganized Debtors filed their Second Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on June 28, 2016. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 13.

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- 14. Desert Palace admits that the Reorganized Debtors filed their Supplement to their Second Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on July 18, 2016 and included the DNT Agreement on Exhibit HH indicating that it would be assumed under the proposed Second Amended Plan. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 14.
- 15. Desert Palace admits that DNT filed a Limited Objection to Proposed Cure Amount for Assumption of Contract between Debtors and DNT Acquisition, LLC (the "Limited Objection") on August 17, 2016 and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 15.
- 16. Desert Palace admits that the Reorganized Debtors filed a Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on January 13, 2017. Desert Palace admits that the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois entered an Order Confirming Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Plan") on January 17, 2017. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 16.
- 17. Desert Palace admits that the "Effective Date" of the Plan (as defined in the Plan) occurred on October 6, 2017 and the Plan was consummated.
- 17. [sic] Desert Palace admits that RSG, on its own behalf and purportedly derivatively on behalf of DNT, filed a Motion for Request for Payment of Administrative Expenses (the "DNT Admin Claim") on November 20, 2017, and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in [the second] Paragraph 17.
- 18. Desert Palace admits that the Reorganized Debtors filed a Preliminary Objection to Request for Payment of Administrative Expense (the "Caesars Objection to DNT Admin Claim") on December 6, 2017, and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 18.

DNT's Counterclaim contains 2 paragraphs identified as number 17.

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- 19. In answering Paragraph 19, Desert Palace admits to the existence of the Caesars Objection to DNT Admin Claim and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 19.
- 20. In answering Paragraph 20, Desert Palace admits to the existence of the Caesars Objection to DNT Admin Claim and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 20.
 - 21. Desert Palace admits that the DNT Admin Claim remains pending.

Purported Termination of the DNT Agreement

- 22. Desert Palace admits that the United States government filed a Notice of Intent to File an Information against Rowen Seibel on February 29, 2016. Desert Palace states that the allegations in the second sentence of Paragraph 22 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required to the second sentence of Paragraph 22, Desert Palace is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of those allegations.
- 23. In answering Paragraph 23, which purports to restate the terms of certain letters dated April 8, 2016 that were sent to the Debtors, Desert Palace admits the existence of those letters and refers to those letters for an accurate recitation of their contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 23.
- 24. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 24 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 24.
- 25. Desert Palace states that the allegation that "Mr. Seibel divested himself of any interests relating to the Restaurant" is a legal conclusion to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies these allegations in Paragraph 25. Desert Palace admits that, on April 18, 2016, the United States Attorney's Office filed an Information charging Rowen Seibel in Case No. 16 CR 279 in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.

- 26. Desert Palace admits that Rowen Seibel pleaded guilty for violation of 28 U.S.C. § 7212(a) on April 18, 2016.
- 27. Desert Palace admits that the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York entered an Order accepting Rowen Seibel's guilty plea on May 16, 2016.
- 28. Desert Palace admits that Rowen Seibel was sentenced for a violation of 28 U.S.C. § 7212(a) and a judgment was entered against him on August 19, 2016.
- 29. In answering Paragraph 29, which purports to restate the terms of a letter from Desert Palace on September 2, 2016, Desert Palace admits the existence of that letter and refers to that letter for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 29.
- 30. In answering Paragraph 30, which purports to restate the terms of a letter from counsel for DNT on September 7, 2016, Desert Palace admits the existence of that letter and refers to that letter for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 30.
- 31. In answering Paragraph 31, which purports to restate the terms of a letter from Desert Palace on September 21, 2016, Desert Palace admits the existence of that letter and refers to that letter for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 31.
- 32. Desert Palace admits that the Old Homestead Steakhouse remains open and profitable.
- 33. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 33 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 33.

COUNT I - Breach of the DNT Agreement

(against Caesars)

34. Desert Palace repeats and realleges each and every response to the preceding Paragraphs as if set forth fully herein.

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1	35.	In answering Paragraph 35, Desert Palace admits the existence of the DNT			
2	Agreement, and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace				
3	denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 35.				
4	36.	Desert Palace admits that the Restaurant has been developed and constructed.			
5	Desert Palace admits that the Restaurant opened in 2011 and Desert Palace has operated it since				
6	that time.				
7	37.	Desert Palace admits that the Restaurant has generated revenue since 2011 and is			
8	profitable.				
9	38.	Desert Palace states that the terms "same manner and fashion" are vague and			
10	ambiguous.	Desert Palace admits that it continues to operate the Old Homestead Steakhouse.			
11	Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 38.				

- 39. Desert Palace admits that, as of the date of this Answer, it intends to continue operating the Old Homestead Steakhouse.
- 40. Desert Palace admits that it has not been fined or sanctioned in any manner by any gaming authorities in connection with its continued operations of the Old Homestead Steakhouse.
- 41. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 41 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 41.

COUNT II – Accounting (against Caesars)

- 42. Desert Palace repeats and realleges each and every response to the preceding Paragraphs as if set forth fully herein.
- 43. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 43 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. In addition, Desert Palace admits to the existence of the DNT Agreement, refers to that agreement for an accurate recitation of its contents, and denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 43.

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- 44. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 44 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 44.
 - 45. Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 45.
- 46. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 46 and therefore denies the same.
- 47. Desert Palace admits that DNT seeks the relief requested in Paragraph 47 as part of ts Counterclaim and denies all remaining allegations therein.

GENERAL DENIAL

All allegations in the Counterclaim that have not been expressly admitted, denied, or otherwise responded to, are denied.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Desert Palace asserts the following affirmative defenses and reserves the right to assert other defenses and claims, including, without limitation, counterclaims, crossclaims, and third-party claims, as and when appropriate and/or available in this or any other action. The statement of any defense herein does not assume the burden of proof for any issue as to which applicable law otherwise places the burden of proof on Desert Palace.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Counterclaim fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

DNT's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by its own conduct, including its failure to nitigate damages.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

DNT's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of waiver, estoppel, laches, acquiescence, unclean hands, unjust enrichment, and/or ratification, as well as other applicable equitable doctrines.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

DNT's damages or harm, if any, were not caused by any conduct of Desert Palace.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Insofar as any alleged breach of contract is concerned, DNT failed to give Desert Palace timely notice thereof.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

DNT breached the DNT Agreement, which excuses any failure to perform by Desert Palace.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

DNT is not entitled to any recovery because they failed to fulfill the terms of the DNT Agreement.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

DNT engaged in fraudulent and deceitful conduct as set forth in Count II of the Complaint, which bars its right to recovery, if any, upon the Counterclaim on file herein. Specifically, Rowen Seibel and DNT fraudulently induced Desert Palace to enter into the DNT Agreement on June 21, 2011 when they failed to disclose Mr. Seibel's illegal activities at any time before the DNT Agreement was executed. Mr. Seibel and/or DNT represented—through the January 5, 2009 Business Information Form for the agreement with Moti Partners, LLC ("MOTI") and the June 3, 2011 DNT Business Information Form—that he had not been a party to any felony in the past ten years and there was nothing in Mr. Seibel's past that would prevent him from being licensed by a gaming authority. To the extent the MOTI suitability disclosures became inaccurate, they had to be updated without Desert Palace making a request. Desert Palace therefore reasonably relied on Mr. Seibel's contemporaneous and prior representations to satisfy itself that Mr. Seibel remained a suitable person when entering into the DNT Agreement.

In addition, Desert Palace also relied on the representations in Sections 10.2, 11.1, and 11.2 of the DNT Agreement when deciding to enter into the DNT Agreement. Mr. Seibel and DNT knew that these representations were false when made.

///

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The injuries to DNT, if any, as alleged in the Counterclaim, were provoked and brought about by DNT, and any actions taken by Desert Palace in response to DNT's conduct were justified and privileged under the circumstances.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

All possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon the filing of Desert Palace's Answer to the Counterclaim and therefore, Desert Palace reserves the right to amend its Answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation so warrants.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Desert Palace reserves the right to (a) rely upon such other affirmative defenses as may be supported by the facts to be determined through full and complete discovery, and (b) voluntarily withdraw any affirmative defense.

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WHERE	EFORI	E, Desert Palace prays as follows:
(1)	DNT takes nothing by its Counterclaim;

- (2) For judgment in favor of Desert Palace;
- (3) For Desert Palace's costs; and,
- (4) For such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.

DATED this 25th day of July 2018.

PISANELLI BICE PLLC

By:

James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 M. Magali Mercera, Esq. Bar No. 11742 Brittnie T. Watkins, Esq., Bar No. 13612 400 South 7th Street, Suite 300 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

and

Jeffrey J. Zeiger, P.C., Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*) William E. Arnault, IV, Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*) KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP 300 North LaSalle Chicago, IL 60654

Attorneys for Desert Palace, Inc.; Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC; PHWLV, LLC; and Boardwalk Regency Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City

PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 SOUTH 7TH STREET, SUITE 300 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC and that, on this			
25th day of July 2018, I caused to be served via the 0	Court's e-filing/e-service system a true and		
correct copy of the above and foregoing REPL	Y TO DNT ACQUISITION, LLC'S		
COUNTERCLAIMS to the following:			
Daniel R. McNutt, Esq.	Nathan O. Rugg, Esq. BARACK FERRAZZANO KIRSCHBAUM &		
MCNUTT LAW FIRM, P.C.	NAGELBERG LLP 200 W. Madison St., Suite 3900 Chicago, IL 60606		
Las Vegas, NV 89101			
Paul Sweeney CERTILMAN BALIN	Steven B. Chaiken, Esq. ADELMAN & GETTLEMAN, LTD.		
ADLER & HYMAN, LLP	53 W. Jackson blvd., Suite 1050 Chicago, IL 60604		
East Meadow, NY 11554	Attorneys for LLTQ Enterprises, LLC;		
Attorneys for Rowen Seibel, DNT Acquisition LLC, Moti Partners, LLC, Moti Partner 16s, LLC,	LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC, FERG, LLC; FERG 16, LLC; MOTI Partners, LLC; and MOTI Partners 16, LLC		
LLTQ Enterprises, LLC, LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC,			
FERG, LLC, and FERG 16, LLC			
Allen J. Wilt, Esq. John D. Tennert III. Esq.	Robert E. Atkinson ATKINSON LAW ASSOCIATES LTD.		
300 East Second Street, Suite 1510	8965 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 260 Las Vegas, NV 89123		
	Attorneys for J. Jeffrey Frederick		
Kurt Heyman, Esq.			
Wilmington, DE 19801			
Trustee for GR Burgr, LLC			
An amala	of Digares Li Dige Di Lo		
	25th day of July 2018, I caused to be served via the Correct copy of the above and foregoing REPL COUNTERCLAIMS to the following: Daniel R. McNutt, Esq. Matthew C. Wolf, Esq. MCNUTT LAW FIRM, P.C. 625 South Eighth Street Las Vegas, NV 89101 Paul Sweeney CERTILMAN BALIN ADLER & HYMAN, LLP 90 Merrick Avenue East Meadow, NY 11554 Attorneys for Rowen Seibel, DNT Acquisition LLC, Moti Partners, LLC, Moti Partner 16s, LLC, LLTQ Enterprises, LLC, LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC, TPOV Enterprises, LLC, TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC, FERG, LLC, and FERG 16, LLC Allen J. Wilt, Esq. John D. Tennert III, Esq. 300 East Second Street, Suite 1510 Reno, NV 89501 Attorneys for Gordon Ramsay VIA U.S. MAIL Kurt Heyman, Esq. 300 Delaware Ave., Suite 200 Wilmington, DE 19801		

An employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC

TAB 32

Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT** 1 James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 JJP@pisanellibice.com 2 Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 DLS@pisanellibice.com 3 M. Magali Mercera, Esq., Bar No. 11742 MMM@pisanellibice.com 4 Brittnie T. Watkins, Esq., Bar No. 13612 BTW@pisanellibice.com 5 PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 South 7th Street, Suite 300 6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702.214.2100 7 Facsimile: 702.214.2101 8 Jeffrey J. Zeiger, P.C., Esq. (admitted pro hac vice) JZeiger@kirkland.com 9 William E. Arnault, IV, Esq. (admitted pro hac vice) WArnault@kirkland.com 10 KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP 300 North LaSalle 11 Chicago, IL 60654 Telephone: 312.862.2000 12 Attorneys for Desert Palace, Inc.; 13 Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC; PHWLV, LLC; and Boardwalk Regency 14 Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City 15 DISTRICT COURT 16 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 17 ROWEN SEIBEL, an individual and citizen of A-17-751759-B Case No.: New York, derivatively on behalf of Real Party 18 in Interest GR BURGR LLC, a Delaware Dept. No.: XVI limited liability company, 19 Consolidated with A-17-760537-B Plaintiff, 20 v. 21 PHWLV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability REPLY TO LLTQ/FERG DEFENDANTS' company; GORDON RAMSAY, an individual; **COUNTERCLAIMS** 22 DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, 23 Defendants, 24 and 25 GR BURGR LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, 26 Nominal Plaintiff. 27 28 AND ALL RELATED MATTERS

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Defendants Desert Palace, Inc. ("Desert Palace") and Boardwalk Regency Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City ("CAC"), by and through their undersigned counsel, hereby respond to the counterclaims (the "Counterclaim") of Defendants LLTQ Enterprises, LLC ("LLTQ"), LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC ("LLTQ 16"), FERG, LLC ("FERG"), and FERG 16, LLC ("FERG 16") dated July 6, 2018, as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Desert Palace and CAC are informed and believe, and thereon admit that LLTQ is a Delaware limited liability company.
- 2. Desert Palace and CAC are informed and believe, and thereon admit that FERG is a Delaware limited liability company. Desert Palace and CAC state that the allegation that FERG is an "affiliate" of LLTQ is a legal conclusion to which no response is required. Desert Palace and CAC also state that the term "affiliate" is vague and ambiguous. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace and CAC state that, as the term "Affiliate" is defined in the LLTQ Agreement and the FERG Agreement, FERG is an "affiliate" of LLTQ.
- 3. Desert Palace and CAC are informed and believe, and thereon admit that LLTQ 16 is a Delaware limited liability company. Desert Palace and CAC state that the allegation that LLTQ 16 is a "successor in interest to LLTQ" is a legal conclusion to which no response is required. Desert Palace and CAC also state that the term "successor is interest" is vague and ambiguous. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace and CAC deny that LLTQ 16 is a successor in interest to LLTQ.
- 4. Desert Palace and CAC are informed and believe, and thereon admit that FERG 16 is a Delaware limited liability company. Desert Palace and CAC state that the allegation that FERG 16 is a "successor in interest to FERG" is a legal conclusion to which no response is required. Desert Palace and CAC also state that the term "successor is interest" is vague and ambiguous. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace and CAC deny that FERG 16 is a successor in interest to FERG.
- 5. Desert Palace and CAC admit that Desert Palace is a Nevada corporation and has its principal place of business at 3570 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, Nevada. Desert Palace

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and CAC deny that Desert Palace is a resort hotel casino known as Caesars Palace. Desert Palace operates the Caesars Palace casino.

6. Desert Palace and CAC admit that CAC is a Delaware limited liability company and has its principal place of business at 2100 Pacific Avenue, Atlantic City, New Jersey. Desert Palace and CAC state that the allegation that CAC is an "affiliate" of Caesars is a legal conclusion to which no response is required. Desert Palace and CAC also state that the term "affiliate" is vague and ambiguous. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace and CAC state that, as the term "Affiliate" is defined in the LLTQ Agreement and the FERG Agreement, CAC is an "affiliate" of Desert Palace.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

The LLTQ Agreement and Restrictions

7. Desert Palace admits that it and LLTQ entered into a Development and Operation Agreement (the "LLTQ Agreement") with an effective date of April 4, 2012, not April 12, 2012 as alleged by LLTQ and FERG.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 7 and therefore denies the same.

8. Desert Palace denies that it did not require LLTQ or its "Affiliates" (as that term is defined in the LLTQ Agreement) to provide new information concerning "suitability" as to LLTQ and its "Affiliates" in connection with entering into the LLTQ Agreement or complete a business information form in connection with entering into the LLTQ Agreement because Caesars relied on the prior representations in the business information forms with Moti Partners, LLC ("MOTI") and DNT Acquisition, LLC ("DNT"). Desert Palace denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 8 of the Counterclaim.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 8 and therefore denies the same.

9. Desert Palace states that the term "contemporaneously" is vague and ambiguous. Desert Palace takes the phrase "contemporaneously" to mean "around the same time," and, subject to that clarification, admits that Caesars entered into the LLTQ Agreement around the same time

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as Desert Palace entered into a Development, Operation and License Agreement (the "Ramsay LV Agreement") with Gordon Ramsay and Gordon Ramsay Holdings Limited.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 9 and therefore denies the same.

10. Desert Palace states that the term "contemporaneously" is vague and ambiguous. Desert Palace takes the phrase "contemporaneously" to mean "around the same time," and, subject to that clarification, admits that the LLTQ Agreement and the Ramsay LV Agreement were negotiated around the same time among the parties. Desert Palace further admits that Rowen Seibel on behalf of LLTQ assisted in the negotiations of the Ramsay LV Agreement.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 10 and therefore denies the same.

11. Desert Palace admits that representatives of Desert Palace, LLTO, and Ramsay engaged in multiple meetings to negotiate the terms of the design, development, construction, and operation of and the sharing of profits of the "Restaurant" (as defined in the LLTQ Agreement) that was located at the "Restaurant Premises" (as defined in the LLTQ Agreement) at a property owned and operated by Desert Palace in Las Vegas, Nevada.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 11 and therefore denies the same.

12. Desert Palace admits that it and LLTQ paid for Project Costs (as defined in the LLTQ Agreement) of \$1,000,000 for the design and construction of the Gordon Ramsay Pub. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 12.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 12 and therefore denies the same.

13. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 13 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 13. Moreover, Desert Palace admits the existence of the LLTQ Agreement and the Ramsay LV Agreement referenced in Paragraph 13 of the Counterclaim, refers to such

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agreements for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof, and otherwise denies the allegations.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 13 and therefore denies the same.

14. Desert Palace admits that the LLTQ Agreement and the Ramsay LV Agreement were executed and became effective as of the same day. Desert Palace denies that the LLTO Agreement and the Ramsay LV Agreement concern the same subject matter. Desert Palace admits that the LLTQ Agreement and the Ramsay LV Agreement contain references to each other and Desert Palace is a party to both contracts. Desert Palace denies that the LLTO Agreement and the Ramsay LV Agreement contain the "same choice of law, dispute resolution, and other provisions." Desert Palace refers to the agreements for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof, and otherwise denies the allegations.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 14 and therefore denies the same.

In responding to Paragraph 15, Desert Palace admits the existence of the LLTQ 15. Agreement referenced therein and refers to the agreement for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof. Moreover, Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 15 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 15.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 15 and therefore denies the same.

16. In responding to Paragraph 16, Desert Palace admits the existence of the LLTQ Agreement referenced therein and admits that the language quoted in Paragraph 16 of the Counterclaim appears in that agreement. Desert Palace refers to the agreement for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof, and denies any remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 16.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 16 and therefore denies the same.

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LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101

17. In responding to Paragraph 17, Desert Palace admits the existence of the LLTQ Agreement referenced therein and refers to the agreement for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof. Moreover, Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 17 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 17.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 17 and therefore denies the same.

18. In responding to Paragraph 18, Desert Palace admits the existence of the LLTQ Agreement referenced therein and refers to the agreement for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof. Moreover, Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 18 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 18.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 18 and therefore denies the same.

19. In responding to Paragraph 19, Desert Palace admits the existence of the LLTQ Agreement referenced therein and admits that the language quoted in Paragraph 19 of the Counterclaim appears in that agreement. Desert Palace refers to the agreement for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof, and denies any remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 19.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 19 and therefore denies the same.

20. Desert Palace admits that, since its opening, the Gordon Ramsay Pub has been a profitable restaurant for Desert Palace at its Las Vegas location, and denies all other allegations in Paragraph 20 of the Counterclaim.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 20 and therefore denies the same.

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The First Restricted Restaurant Venture

21. To the extent Paragraph 21 purports to restate the terms of communications from Desert Palace to representatives of LLTQ and Gordon Ramsay, Desert Palace refers to those documents for a complete and accurate recitation of their contents and no further response is required. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 21.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 21 and therefore denies the same.

22. Desert Palace admits that J. Jeffrey Frederick was the former Regional Vice President of Food and Beverage and a participant in the negotiations of the LLTQ Agreement and the Ramsay LV Agreement. To the extent Paragraph 22 purports to restate an email from Mr. Frederick, Desert Palace admits the existence of that email, refers to that email for a complete and accurate recitation of its contents, and no further response is required. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 22.

CAC also admits that Mr. Frederick was the former Regional Vice President of Food and Beverage. CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of all other allegations of Paragraph 22 and therefore denies the same.

23. To the extent Paragraph 23 purports to restate an email from J. Jeffrey Frederick, Desert Palace admits the existence of that email, refers to that email for a complete and accurate recitation of its contents, and no further response is required. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 23.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 23 and therefore denies the same.

24. Desert Palace denies that representatives of Desert Palace, FERG, and Ramsay engaged in multiple meetings to negotiate the terms of the design, development, construction, and operation of and the sharing of profits of a restaurant similar to the Gordon Ramsay Pub to be located at a property owned and operated by CAC, in Atlantic City, New Jersey.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 24 and therefore denies the same.

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25. CAC admits that it and FERG entered into a Consulting Agreement (the "FERG Agreement") with an effective date of May 16, 2014 and that related to a restaurant that would be located in CAC's Atlantic City hotel. CAC denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 25.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 25 and therefore denies the same.

CAC states that the term "contemporaneously" is vague and ambiguous. CAC takes 26. the phrase "contemporaneously" to mean "around the same time," and, subject to that clarification, admits that CAC entered into the FERG Agreement around the same time as CAC entered into a Development, Operation and License Agreement (the "Ramsay LV Agreement") with Gordon Ramsay and Gordon Ramsay Holdings Limited related to a restaurant that would be locate in CAC's Atlantic City hotel. CAC refers to the agreements for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof, and otherwise denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 26.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 26 and therefore denies the same.

27. CAC states that the term contemporaneously is vague and ambiguous. CAC takes the phrase "contemporaneously" to mean "around the same time," and, subject to that clarification, admits that the FERG Agreement and the Ramsay AC Agreement were negotiated around the same time between the parties.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 27 and therefore denies the same.

28. CAC states that the allegations in Paragraph 28 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. Moreover, CAC admits the existence of the FERG Agreement and the Ramsay AC Agreement referenced in Paragraph 28 of the Counterclaim, refers to such agreements for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof, and otherwise denies the allegations in Paragraph 28.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 28 and therefore denies the same.

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29. CAC admits that the FERG Agreement and the Ramsay AC Agreement were executed and became effective as of the same day. CAC denies that the FERG Agreement and the Ramsay AC Agreement concern the same subject matter. CAC denies that the FERG Agreement and the Ramsay AC Agreement contain references to each other. CAC admits that it is a party to both contracts. CAC denies that the FERG Agreement and the Ramsay AC Agreement contain the "same choice of law, dispute resolution, and other provisions." CAC refers to the agreements for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof, and otherwise denies the allegations.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 29 and therefore denies the same.

30. In responding to Paragraph 30, CAC admits the existence of the FERG Agreement referenced therein and admits that the language quoted in Paragraph 30 of the Counterclaim appears in that agreement. CAC refers to the agreement for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof, and denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 30.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 30 and therefore denies the same.

31. In responding to Paragraph 31, CAC admits the existence of the FERG Agreement referenced therein and admits that the language quoted in Paragraph 31 of the Counterclaim appears in that agreement. CAC refers to the agreement for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof. Moreover, CAC states that the allegations in Paragraph 31 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, CAC denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 31.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 31 and therefore denies the same.

32. In responding to Paragraph 32, CAC admits the existence of the FERG Agreement referenced therein and admits that the language quoted in Paragraph 32 of the Counterclaim appears in that agreement. CAC refers to the agreement for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof, and denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 32.

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Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 32 and therefore denies the same.

33. In responding to Paragraph 33, CAC admits the existence of the FERG Agreement referenced therein and refers to the agreement for a complete and accurate statement of the terms thereof. Moreover, CAC states that the allegations in Paragraph 33 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, CAC denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 33.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 33 and therefore denies the same.

34. CAC admits that since its opening, the Gordon Ramsay Pub & Grill has been a profitable restaurant for CAC at its Atlantic City location.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 34 and therefore denies the same.

The Bankruptcy Matters

- 35. Desert Palace and CAC admit that, on January 15, 2015, Desert Palace, CAC and several of their affiliated entities (collectively, the "Reorganized Debtors") each filed voluntary petitions under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, thereby commencing the Chapter 11 cases.
- 36. Desert Palace and CAC admit that the Reorganized Debtors filed a Fourth Omnibus Motion for the Entry of an Order Authorizing the Debtors to Reject Certain Executory Contracts Nunc Pro Tunc to June 11, 2015 (the "Rejection Motion") on June 11, 2015, and refer to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace and CAC deny all other allegations contained in Paragraph 36.
- 37. In answering Paragraph 37, Desert Palace and CAC admit to the existence of the LLTQ's and FERG's objection to the Rejection Motion and refer to the document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace and CAC deny all other allegations contained in Paragraph 37.
- 38. Desert Palace and CAC admit that the Rejection Motion constitutes a contested matter and remains pending.

- 39. Desert Palace and CAC admit that LLTQ and FERG filed a Notice of Motion and Request for Payment of Administrative Expense (the "Admin Request") on November 4, 2015, and refer to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace and CAC deny all other allegations contained in Paragraph 39.
- 40. In answering Paragraph 40, Desert Palace and CAC admit the existence of the Reorganized Debtors' objection to the Admin Request and refer to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace and CAC deny all other allegations contained in Paragraph 40.
- 41. Desert Palace and CAC admit that the Admin Request constitutes a contested matter and remains pending.
- 42. Desert Palace and CAC admit that the Reorganized Debtors filed a Motion for the Entry of an Order Authorizing the Debtors to (A) Reject Certain Existing Restaurant Agreements and (B) Enter Into New Restaurant Agreement (the "Ramsay Rejection Motion") on January 14, 2016, and refer to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace and CAC deny all other allegations contained in Paragraph 42.
- 43. In answering Paragraph 43, Desert Palace and CAC admit the existence of LLTQ's and FERG's objection to the Ramsay Rejecting Motion and refer to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace and CAC deny all other allegations contained in Paragraph 43.
- 44. Desert Palace and CAC admit that the Ramsay Rejection Motion constitutes a contested matter and remains pending.
 - 45. Desert Palace and CAC deny the allegations contained in Paragraph 45.
- 46. Desert Palace and CAC admit that the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois entered an Order Confirming Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Plan") on January 17, 2017.
- 47. Desert Palace and CAC admit that the "Effective Date" of the Plan (as defined in the Plan) occurred on October 6, 2017, and the Plan was consummated.

Purported Termination of the LLTQ Agreement and FERG Agreement

- 48. Desert Palace and CAC admit that the United States government filed a Notice of Intent to File an Information against Rowen Seibel on February 29, 2016. Desert Palace and CAC state that the allegations in the second sentence of Paragraph 48 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required to the second sentence of Paragraph 48, Desert Palace and CAC are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of those allegations.
- 49. To the extent Paragraph 49 purports to restate the terms of certain letters dated April 8, 2016 that were sent to certain of the Reorganized Debtors, Desert Palace and CAC each admit the existence of just those letters sent to them and refer to their respective letters for an accurate recitation of their contents. Desert Palace and CAC each lack knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations in Paragraph 49 to the extent they regard letters received by others and therefore each denies the same. Desert Palace and CAC deny all other allegations contained in Paragraph 49.
- 50. Desert Palace and CAC state that the allegations in Paragraph 50 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies that "Mr. Seibel divested himself of any direct or indirect membership interests in LLTQ" and lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of whether "Mr. Seibel divested himself of any direct or indirect membership interests ... in FERG" and therefore denies the same. To the extent a response is required, CAC denies that "Mr. Seibel divested himself of any direct or indirect membership interests ... in FERG" and lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of whether "Mr. Seibel divested himself of any direct or indirect membership interests in LLTQ" and therefore denies the same.
- 51. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 51 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 51.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 51 and therefore denies the same.

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52. CAC states that the allegations in Paragraph 52 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, CAC denies the allegations in Paragraph 52.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 52 and therefore denies the same.

- 53. Desert Palace and CAC state that the allegation that "Mr. Seibel divested himself of any interests relating to the Ramsay Pubs" is a legal conclusion to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace and CAC deny these allegations in Paragraph 53. Desert Palace and CAC admit that, on April 18, 2016, the United States Attorney's Office filed an Information charging Rowen Seibel in Case No. 16 CR 279 in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.
- 54. Desert Palace and CAC admit that Rowen Seibel pleaded guilty for a violation of 28 U.S.C. § 7212(a) on April 18, 2016.
- 55. Desert Palace and CAC admit that the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York entered an order accepting Rowen Seibel's guilty plea on May 16, 2016.
- 56. Desert Palace and CAC admit that Rowen Seibel was sentenced for a violation of 28 U.S.C. § 7212(a) and a judgment was entered against him on August 19, 2016.
- 57. In answering Paragraph 57, Desert Palace and CAC admit the existence of their respective notices of termination issued by each of them on September 2, 2016, and refer to those notices for an accurate recitation of their contents. Desert Palace and CAC each lack knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations in Paragraph 57 to the extent they regard letters sent by others and therefore each denies the same. Desert Palace and CAC deny all other allegations contained in Paragraph 57.
- 58. In answering Paragraph 58, which purports to restate the terms of written communications with the Reorganized Debtors, Desert Palace and CAC refer to that correspondence for an accurate recitation of their contents. Desert Palace and CAC deny all other allegations contained in Paragraph 58.

60. Desert Palace admits that the Gordon Ramsay Pub in Las Vegas is open and profitable, and CAC admits that the Gordon Ramsay Pub & Grill in Atlantic City is open and profitable. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to whether Gordon Ramsay Pub & Grill in Atlantic City is profitable and therefore denies the same, and CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to whether Gordon Ramsay Pub in Las Vegas is profitable and therefore denies the same. Desert Palace and CAC deny the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 60.

New Restricted Restaurant Ventures

- 61. Desert Palace and CAC admit that Flamingo, Gordon Ramsay Holdings Limited, and Gordon Ramsay (to the limited extent provided in the agreement) entered into a development, operation, and license agreement in October 2014 relating to the development and operation of a restaurant located in Las Vegas in premises that are part of the retail center known as The LINQ. Desert Palace and CAC refer to that agreement for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace and CAC admit that Flamingo is an affiliate of Desert Palace (as the term "Affiliate" is defined in the LLTQ Agreement). Desert Palace and CAC deny all other allegations contained in Paragraph 61.
- 62. Desert Palace and CAC admit that at no time prior to entering into the Fish & Chips Agreement did Caesars or any of its affiliates have any communications with LLTQ or any of its affiliates with respect to any proposed terms for LLTQ or its affiliates to participate in Gordon Ramsay Fish & Chips.
- 63. Desert Palace and CAC admit that Fish & Chips opened at The LINQ on or about October 7, 2016. Desert Palace and CAC admit that at no time did Desert Palace or its affiliates seek to enter into an agreement with LLTQ, LLTQ 16 or any of their respective affiliates in connection with Fish & Chips.

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connection with Fish & Chips.

and ambiguous. Desert Palace and CAC take the phrase "cause" to mean "compel as a matter of legal right," and, subject to that clarification, admit that Desert Palace could not cause and has not caused Flamingo to enter into an agreement with LLTQ, LLTQ 16 or their respective affiliates in

Desert Palace and CAC state that the term "cause" as used in Paragraph 64 is vague

- 65. Desert Palace and CAC state that the allegations in Paragraph 65 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace and CAC deny the allegations in Paragraph 65.
- 66. Desert Palace and CAC admit that Horseshoe Baltimore Casino is an affiliate of Desert Palace (as the term "Affiliate" is defined in the LLTQ Agreement).
- 67. Desert Palace and CAC admit that Horseshoe Baltimore Casino, Gordon Ramsay Holdings Limited, and Gordon Ramsay (to the limited extent provided in the agreement) entered into an agreement for a Gordon Ramsay steak restaurant to be located in Baltimore, Maryland.
- 68. Desert Palace and CAC deny that GR Steak Baltimore is similar to the Gordon Ramsay Steak restaurant in Las Vegas but admit that both serve steak. Desert Palace and CAC also admit that the Gordon Ramsay Steak restaurant in the Paris hotel in Las Vegas is the restaurant referenced in the development and operation agreement entered into December 5, 2011 between TPOV Enterprises, LLC (an affiliate of LLTQ) and Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC. Desert Palace and CAC deny all other allegations contained in Paragraph 68.
- 69. Desert Palace and CAC state that the term "cause" as used in Paragraph 69 is vague and ambiguous. Desert Palace and CAC take the phrase "cause" to mean "compel as a matter of legal right," and, subject to that clarification, admit that Desert Palace could not cause and has not caused Horseshoe Baltimore Casino to enter into an agreement with LLTQ, LLTQ 16 or their respective affiliates in connection with GR Steak Baltimore.
- 70. Desert Palace and CAC state that the allegations in Paragraph 70 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace and CAC deny the allegations in Paragraph 70.

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- 71. Desert Palace and CAC are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations in Paragraph 71 that Ramsay intends to open additional restaurants in the United States. Desert Palace and CAC further state that the allegations in Paragraph 71 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace and CAC deny the allegations in Paragraph 71.
- 72. In answering Paragraph 72, which purports to restate the terms of a September 26, 2017 letter from LLTQ and others, Desert Palace and CAC refer to that letter for an accurate recitation of its contents, and deny all other allegations contained therein.
- 73. Desert Palace and CAC admit that GR Steak Baltimore opened in November 2017. Desert Palace and CAC admit that Desert Palace and its affiliates did not seek to enter into an agreement with LLTQ, LLTQ 16 or their respective affiliates in connection with GR Steak Baltimore.

COUNT I - Breach of the LLTQ Agreement (against Caesars)

- 74. Desert Palace and CAC repeat and reallege each and every response to the preceding Paragraphs as if set forth fully herein.
- 75. In answering Paragraph 75, Desert Palace admits the existence of the LLTQ Agreement, and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 75.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 75 and therefore denies the same.

76. Desert Palace admits that the Gordon Ramsay Pub has been developed and constructed. Desert Palace admits that the Gordon Ramsay Pub opened in December 2012 and Desert Palace has operated it since that time.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 76 and therefore denies the same.

77. Desert Palace admits the Gordon that the Gordon Ramsay Pub has generated revenue since December 2012 and is profitable.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 77 and therefore denies the same.

78. Desert Palace states that the terms "same manner and fashion" are vague and ambiguous. Desert Palace admits that it continues to operate the Gordon Ramsay Pub. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained herein.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 79 and therefore denies the same.

79. Desert Palace admits that, as of the date of this Answer, it intends to continue operating the Gordon Ramsay Pub.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 80 and therefore denies the same.

80. Desert Palace admits that it has not been fined or sanctions in any manner by any gaming authorities in connection with its continued operations of the Gordon Ramsay Pub.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 80 and therefore denies the same.

81. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 81 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 81.

CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 81 and therefore denies the same.

COUNT II – Breach of the FERG Agreement (against CAC)

- 82. Desert Palace and CAC repeat and reallege each and every response to the preceding Paragraphs as if set forth fully herein.
- 83. In answering Paragraph 83, CAC admits to the existence of the FERG Agreement, and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. CAC denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 83.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 83 and therefore denies the same.

84. CAC admits that the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill has been developed. CAC admits that it opened the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill in 2015 and has operated the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill since that time.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 84 and therefore denies the same.

85. CAC admits the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill has generated revenue since 2015 and is profitable.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 85 and therefore denies the same.

86. CAC states that the terms "same manner and fashion" are vague and ambiguous. CAC admits that it continues to operate the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill. CAC denies all other allegations contained herein.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 86 and therefore denies the same.

87. CAC admits that, as of the date of this Answer, it intends to continue operating the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 87 and therefore denies the same.

88. CAC admits that it has not been fined or sanctioned in any manner by any gaming authorities in connection with its continued operations of the Gordon Ramsay Pub and Grill.

Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 88 and therefore denies the same.

89. CAC states that the allegations in Paragraph 89 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, CAC denies the allegations in Paragraph 89.

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Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 89 and therefore denies the same.

COUNT III – Accounting

(against Caesars)

- 90. Desert Palace and CAC repeat and reallege each and every response to the preceding Paragraphs as if set forth fully herein.
- 91. In answering Paragraph 91, Desert Palace admits the existence of the LLTQ Agreement, and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Moreover, Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 91 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 91. CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 91 and therefore denies the same.
- 92. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 92 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 92. CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 92 and therefore denies the same.
- 93. Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 93. CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 93 and therefore denies the same.
- 94. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 94 and therefore denies the same. CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 94 and therefore denies the same.
- 95. Desert Palace admits that LLTQ and LLTQ 16 as part of their Counterclaim seek the relief requested in Paragraph 95 and denies all remaining allegations therein. CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 95 and therefore denies the same.

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COUNT IV – Accounting (against CAC)

- 96. Desert Palace and CAC repeat and reallege each and every response to the preceding Paragraphs as if set forth fully herein.
- 97. In answering Paragraph 97, CAC admits to the existence of the LLTQ Agreement, and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. In addition, CAC states that the allegations in Paragraph 97 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, CAC denies the allegations in Paragraph 97. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 97 and therefore denies the same.
- 98. CAC states that the allegations in Paragraph 98 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, CAC denies the allegations in Paragraph 98. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 98 and therefore denies the same.
- 99. CAC states that the allegations in Paragraph 99 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, CAC denies the allegations in Paragraph 99. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 99 and therefore denies the same.
- 100. CAC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 100 and therefore denies the same. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 100 and therefore denies the same.
- 101. CAC admits that LLTQ and LLTQ 16 as part of their Counterclaim seek the relief requested in Paragraph 101 and denies all remaining allegations therein. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 101 and therefore denies the same.

GENERAL DENIAL

All allegations in the Counterclaim that have not been expressly admitted, denied, or otherwise responded to, are denied.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Desert Palace and CAC assert the following affirmative defenses and reserve the right to assert other defenses and claims, including without limitation counterclaims, cross-claims, and third-party claims, as and when appropriate and/or available in this or any other action. The statement of any defense herein does not assume the burden of proof for any issue as to which applicable law otherwise places the burden of proof on Desert Palace and CAC.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Counterclaim fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

LLTQ's and FERG's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by their own conduct, including their failure to mitigate damages.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

LLTQ's and FERG's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of waiver, estoppel, laches, acquiescence, unclean hands, unjust enrichment, and/or ratification, as well as other applicable equitable doctrines.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

LLTQ's and FERG's damages or harm, if any, were not caused by any conduct of Desert Palace or CAC, respectively.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Insofar as any alleged breach of contract is concerned, LLTQ and FERG failed to give Desert Palace and CAC, respectively, timely notice thereof.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

LLTQ and FERG breached the LLTQ Agreement and the FERG Agreement, respectively, which excuses any failure to perform by Desert Palace and CAC, respectively.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

LLTQ and FERG are not entitled to any recovery because they failed to fulfill the terms of the LLTQ and the FERG Agreement, respectively.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

LLTQ and FERG engaged in fraudulent and deceitful conduct as set forth in Count II of the Complaint, which bars their right to recovery, if any, upon the Counterclaim on file herein. Specifically, Rowen Seibel, LLTQ, and FERG fraudulently induced Desert Palace and CAC to enter into the LLTQ Agreement on April 4, 2012 and the FERG Agreement on May 16, 2014, respectively, when they failed to disclose Mr. Seibel's illegal activities at any time before the LLTQ Agreement and the FERG Agreement were executed. Mr. Seibel represented—through the January 5, 2009 MOTI Business Information Form and the June 3, 2011 DNT Business Information Form—that he had not been a party to any felony in the past ten years and there was nothing in Mr. Seibel's past that would prevent him from being licensed by a gaming authority. Although Caesars had the right to request information from each entity to satisfy itself that Mr. Seibel was suitable from a regulatory perspective, it had received such assurances in the MOTI and DNT Business Information Forms. To the extent the MOTI and DNT suitability disclosures became inaccurate, they had to be updated without Desert Palace and CAC making a request. Desert Palace and CAC therefore reasonably relied on Mr. Seibel's prior representations to satisfy itself that Mr. Seibel remained a suitable person when entering into the LLTQ Agreement and the FERG Agreement, respectively.

In addition, Desert Palace relied on the representations in Sections 9.2, 10.1, and 10.2 of the LLTQ Agreement when deciding to enter into the LLTQ Agreement, and CAC relied on the representations in Sections 10.2, 11.1, and 11.2 of the FERG Agreement when deciding to enter into the FERG Agreement. Mr. Seibel, LLTQ, and FERG knew that their respective representations were false when made.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The injuries to LLTQ and FERG, if any, as alleged in the Counterclaim, were provoked and brought about by LLTQ and FERG, and any actions taken by Desert Palace and CAC in response to LLTQ's and FERG's conduct were justified and privileged under the circumstances.

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TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

All possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon the filing of Desert Palace's and CAC's Answer to the Counterclaim and therefore, Desert Palace and CAC reserve the right to amend their Answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation so warrants.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Desert Palace and CAC reserve the right to (a) rely upon such other affirmative defenses as may be supported by the facts to be determined through full and complete discovery, and (b) voluntarily withdraw any affirmative defense.

WHEREFORE, Desert Palace and CAC pray as follows:

- (1) LLTQ and FERG take nothing by their Counterclaim;
- (2) For judgment in favor of Desert Palace and CAC;
- (3) For Desert Palace and CAC's costs; and,
- (4) For such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.

DATED this 25th day of July 2018.

PISANELLI BICE PLLC

By:

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Attorneys for Desert Palace, Inc.; Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC; PHWLV, LLC; and Boardwalk Regency Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City

PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 SOUTH 7TH STREET, SUITE 300 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

- 1	,	
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee o	of PISANELLI BICE PLLC and that, on this
3	25th day of July 2018, I caused to be served via the 0	Court's e-filing/e-service system a true and
4	correct copy of the above and foregoing REPL	Y TO LLTQ/FERG DEFENDANTS'
5	COUNTERCLAIMS to the following:	
6	Daniel R. McNutt, Esq.	Nathan O. Rugg, Esq.
7	Matthew C. Wolf, Esq. MCNUTT LAW FIRM, P.C.	Barack Ferrazzano Kirschbaum & Nagelberg LLP
8	625 South Eighth Street Las Vegas, NV 89101	200 W. Madison St., Suite 3900 Chicago, IL 60606
9	Paul Sweeney	Steven B. Chaiken, Esq.
10	CERTILMAN BALIN ADLER & HYMAN, LLP	ADELMAN & GETTLEMAN, LTD. 53 W. Jackson blvd., Suite 1050
11	90 Merrick Avenue East Meadow, NY 11554	Chicago, IL 60604
12	Attorneys for Rowen Seibel, DNT Acquisition LLC,	Attorneys for LLTQ Enterprises, LLC; LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC, FERG, LLC;
13	Moti Partners, LLC, Moti Partner 16s, LLC, LLTQ Enterprises, LLC, LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC,	FERG 16, LLC; MOTI Partners, LLC; and MOTI Partners 16, LLC
14	TPOV Enterprises, LLC, TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC, FERG, LLC, and FERG 16, LLC	
15	Allen J. Wilt, Esq.	Robert E. Atkinson
16	John D. Tennert III, Esq. 300 East Second Street, Suite 1510	ATKINSON LAW ASSOCIATES LTD. 8965 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 260
17	Reno, NV 89501	Las Vegas, NV 89123
18	Attorneys for Gordon Ramsay	Attorneys for J. Jeffrey Frederick
19	VIA U.S. MAIL Kurt Heyman, Esq.	
20	300 Delaware Ave., Suite 200 Wilmington, DE 19801	
21	Trustee for GR Burgr, LLC	
22		
23		joure

An employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC

TAB 33

_	ВСО		8/16/2018 9:18 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT
1	·	OLIDE.	Atumb. Sum
2	DISTRICT CO	OURT	()
3	CLARK COUNTY	, NEVADA	
4	DESERT PALACE, INC.;		
5	PARIS LAS VEGAS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC; PHWLV, LLC; and)	
6	ROWEN SEIBEL, an individual and citizen of New)	
7	York, derivatively on behalf of Real Party of Interest GR BURGR LLC, a Delaware limited) CASE NO.:	A-17-751759-B
8	liability company,) DEPT. NO.:	XVI
9	Plaintiff,) Hearing Date	e: September 11, 2018
10	v.) Hearing Time	e: 10:30 am
11)	
12	PHWLV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; GORDON RAMSAY, an individual; DOES I) Consolidated	With
	through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X,)	·
13	Defendants) Case No.: A-	17-760537-В
14	AND ALL RELATED MATTERS.	_)	
15		- '	
16	BUSINESS COUR	RT ORDER	
17	This Business Court Order ("Order") is ent	ered to reduce the	costs of litigation, to assist
18	the parties in resolving their disputes if possible an	d, if not, to reduce	the costs and difficulties of
19	discovery and trial. This case is deemed complex a	and is automatical	ly evennt from arbitration
20			•
21	This Order may be amended or modified by the Court upon good cause shown, and is made		cause shown, and is made
22	subject to any Orders that have heretofore been en	ntered herein.	
23	ACCORDINGLY, IT IS HEREBY OR	DERED:	
24	I. Mandatory Rule 16 Conference		
25		aga managamant a	conformacy with the Court
26	A. Pursuant to NRCP 16, a mandatory ca		
27	and counsel/parties in proper person will be held	on Tuesday, Sept	tember 11, 2018 at 10:30
28	a.m. in Courtroom 3H of the Eighth Judicial Distr	rict Court, Depart	ment XVI, 200 Lewis

TIMOTHY C. WILLIAMS DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT SIXTEEN LAS VEGAS NV 89155

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PA000412

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Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89155, unless before then the record shows that this case is in the Court-Annexed Arbitration Program.

- B. If the parties hold an Early Case Conference and prepare a Joint Case Conference Report prior to the date and time set for the mandatory case management conference, a courtesy copy of the parties' Joint Case Conference Report shall be submitted directly to the District Court Judge in lieu of the Discovery Commissioner.
- C. The purpose of this case management conference is to expedite settlement or other appropriate disposition of the case. Counsel/parties in proper person must be prepared to discuss the following:
 - (1) Status of settlement discussions and a review of possible court assistance;
 - (2) Alternative dispute resolution, if any, appropriate to this case;
 - (3) Simplification of issues;
- (4) A summary of discovery conducted to date and the nature and timing of all remaining discovery;
- (5) Whether the parties believe an Electronic Filing and Service Order should be entered;
- (6) An estimate of the volume of documents and/or electronic information likely to be the subject of discovery in the case from parties and nonparties and whether there are technological means, including, but not limited to, production of electronic images rather than paper documents and any associated protocol, that may render document discovery more manageable at an acceptable cost;
- (7) Identification of any and all document retention/destruction policies including electronic data, and whether a demand for presentation of electronic data has been made;
 - (8) The extent to which electronic discovery may be relevant to the case, to

include scope, presentation, collection, review, format, search procedures and privilege;

- (9) Whether the appointment of a special master or receiver is necessary and/or may aid in the prompt disposition of this action;
 - (10) Any special case management procedures appropriate to this case;
 - (11) Trial setting; and
 - (12) Other matters as may aid in the prompt disposition of this action.
- D. Trial or lead counsel for all parties are required to attend the case management conference unless excused by the Court.
 - E. Parties desiring a settlement conference shall so notify the Court at the setting.
- F. Plaintiff is responsible for serving a copy of this Order upon counsel for all parties who have not formally appeared in this case as of the date of the filing of this order.

II. Pretrial Motions

- A. Any requests for injunctive relief must be made with notice to the opposing party unless extraordinary circumstances exist. All parties shall advise the Court in writing if there is an agreement to consolidate the trial on the merits with the preliminary injunction hearing pursuant to NRCP 65(a)(2).
- B. With the exception of motions in limine (see below), any motions which should be addressed prior to trial including, without limitation, motions for summary judgment shall be served, filed and scheduled for hearing as set forth in the applicable Trial Order. Except upon a showing of unforeseen extraordinary circumstances, the Court will not shorten time for the hearing of any such motions.
- C. Motions in limine shall be served, filed and scheduled as set forth in the Trial

 Order. Except upon a showing of unforeseen extraordinary circumstances, the Court will not

shorten time for the hearing of any such motions.

III. Discovery

- A. Discovery disputes in this matter shall be handled by the District Court Judge rather than the Discovery Commissioner.
- B. A continuance of trial does not extend the deadline for completing discovery. A request for an extension of the discovery deadline, if needed, must be presented in compliance with EDCR 2.35.
- C. A party objecting to a written discovery request must, in the original objection, specifically detail the reasons that support the objection, and include affidavits or other evidence for any factual assertions upon which an objection is based.
- D. Documents produced in compliance with NRCP 16.1 or in a response to a written discovery request, must be consecutively Bates stamped or numbered and accompanied by an index with a reasonably specific description of the documents.
- E. Any party, whether in compliance with NRCP 16.1 or in a response to a written discovery request not producing all documents in its possession, custody or control, shall:
- (1) identify any documents withheld with sufficient particularity to support a Motion to Compel; and
 - (2) state the basis for refusing to produce the documents(s).
- F. If photographs are produced in compliance with NRCP 16.1 or in a response to a written discovery request, the parties are instructed to include one (1) set of color prints (Color laser copies of sufficient clarity are acceptable), accompanied by a front page index, location depicted in the photograph (with reasonable specificity) and the date the photograph was taken. If color laser copies are deposited, any party wishing to view the original photographs shall make a request to do so with the other party.

William F Arnault

Allen Wilt.

When a case is settled, counsel for the plaintiff and each unrepresented plaintiff of record shall notify the District Court Judge in writing within twenty-four (24) hours of the settlement and shall advise the Court of the identity of the party or parties who will prepare and present the judgment, dismissal, or stipulation of dismissal, which shall be presented within twenty (20) days of the notification of settlement.

Failure to comply with any provision of this Order may result in the imposition of sanctions.

DATED: August 16, 2018.

TIMOTHY J. WILLIAMS
District Court Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on or about the date filed, a copy of the foregoing **BUSINESS COURT ORDER** was E-Served to the following parties registered with Odyssey File &

Serve as follows:

warnault@kirkland.com

William E Amault	Warriault@Kirkiaild.COIII
Magali Mercera	mmm@pisanellibice.com
Cinda Towne	cct@pisanellibice.com
Jeffrey J Zeiger	jzeiger@kirkland.com
Paul Sweeney	PSweeney@certilmanbalin.com
Robert Atkinson	robert@nv-lawfirm.com
Litigation Paralegal	bknotices@nv-lawfirm.com
Kevin M. Sutehall	ksutehall@foxrothschild.com
"James J. Pisanelli, Esq." .	lit@pisanellibice.com
"John Tennert, Esq." .	jtennert@fclaw.com

awilt@fclaw.com

1	Brittnie T. Watkins .	btw@pisanellibice.com
2	Dan McNutt .	drm@cmlawnv.com
3	Debra L. Spinelli .	dls@pisanellibice.com
	Diana Barton .	db@pisanellibice.com
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8	Steven Chaiken	sbc@ag-ltd.com
9	Christine Gioe	christine.gioe@lsandspc.com
10	Alan Lebensfeld	alan.lebenfeld@lsandspc.com
11	Doreen Loffredo	dloffredo@foxrothschild.com
12	Daniel McNutt	drm@cmlawnv.com
	Nathan Rugg	nathan.rugg@bfkn.com
13	Brett Schwartz	brett.schwartz@lsandspc.com
14	And a copy mailed to:	
15	And a copy maned to.	
16	Mark J. Connot, Esq. Fox Rothschild, LLP	
17	1980 Festival Plaza Driv	e, #700
18	Las Vegas, NV 89135	
19		Zu. 1
20		Lynn Berkheim
21		Judicial Executi
22	,	
l		
23		
1/	1	

TIMOTHY C. WILLIAMS

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DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT SIXTEEN LAS VEGAS NV 89155

Judicial Executive Assistant

TAB 34

Electronically Filed 10/23/2018 11:19 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No. A-17-751759-B Dept. No. XVI

Consolidated with: Case No. A-17-760537-B

ORDER GRANTING PROPOSED PLAINTIFF IN INTERVENTION THE ORIGINAL HOMESTEAD RESTAURANT, INC. D/B/A THE OLD HOMESTEAD STEAKHOUSE'S MOTION TO INTERVENE

Page 1 of 2

PA000418

2 Inc. d/b/a The Old Homestead Steakhouse ("OHR") filed its Motion to Intervene. The deadline to 3 file an opposition to the Motion pursuant to EDCR 2.20(e) passed and no oppositions were filed. 4 The Court conducted a hearing on OHR's Motion to Intervene on October 23, 2018 at 5 10:00 a.m. Having considered the papers and pleadings on file, and the argument of counsel for 6 the parties at the hearing, and with good cause appearing, 7 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Proposed Plaintiff in Intervention The Original 8 Homestead Restaurant, Inc. d/b/a The Old Homestead Steakhouse's Motion to Intervene is 9 GRANTED. 10 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that OHR has 10 days from the date of entry of this Order to 11 file their Complaint in Intervention. DATED this 23 day of October, 2018. 12 13 14 15 16 Submitted by: 17 FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP 18 19 20 MARK J. CONNOT (SBN 10010) KEVIN M. SUTEHALL (SBN 9437) 21 1980 Festival Plaza Drive, #700 Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 22 LEBENSFELD SHARON & SCHWARTZ P.C. 23 ALAN M. LEBENSFELD (pro hace vice forthcoming) 24 140 Broad Street Red Bank, New Jersey 07701 25 Attorneys for proposed Plaintiff in Intervention The Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc. 26 27

On August 6, 2018, Proposed Plaintiff in Intervention The Original Homestead Restaurant,

Page 2 of 2

TAB 35

Page 1 of 4

Electronically Filed

1 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an Order Granting Proposed Plaintiff in Intervention The 2 Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc. d/b/a The Old Homestead Steakhouse's Motion to Intervene, 3 was entered in the above-entitled matter on October 23, 2018, a copy of which is attached hereto. DATED this 23rd day of October, 2018. 4 5 FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP 6 7 /s/ Kevin M. Sutehall MARK J. CONNOT (SBN 10010) 8 KEVIN M. SUTEHALL (SBN 9437) 1980 Festival Plaza Drive, #700 9 Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 10 LEBENSFELD SHARON & SCHWARTZ P.C. 11 ALAN M. LEBENSFELD (Admitted PHV) 140 Broad Street 12 Red Bank, New Jersey 07701 Attorneys for Plaintiff in Intervention 13 The Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

1	<u>CERTIFICAT</u>	<u>ΓΕ OF SERVICE</u>
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I	am an employee of FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP and
3	that on the 23 rd day of October, 2018, I caused	d the above and foregoing NOTICE OF ENTRY
4	OF ORDER GRANTING PROPOSED	
5	ORIGINAL HOMESTEAD RESTAURAN	NT, INC. D/B/A THE OLD HOMESTEAD
6		NE to be served via electronic service through the
7		by U.S. Mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows:
8	Court's Odyssey I he and serve system and/or e	by O.S. Wan, postage prepaid, addressed as follows.
9	James J. Pisanelli, Esq. Debra Spinelli, Esq.	Daniel R. McNutt, Esq. Matthew C. Wolf, Esq.
10	M. Magali Mercera, Esq.	McNutt Law Firm, PC
11	Brittnie Watkins, Esq.	625 South Eighth Street
11	Pisanelli Bice PLLC 400 South 7th Street, Suite 300	Las Vegas, NV 89101 drm@mcnuttlawfirm.com
12	Las Vegas, NV 89101	mcw@mcnuttlawfirm.com
13	JJP@pisanellibice.com	
	DLS@pisanellibice.com	Paul B. Sweeney, Esq.
14	MMM@pisanellibice.com	Certilman Balin Adler & Hyman, LLP
15	BTW@pisanellibice.com	90 Merrick Avenue, 9th Floor
13	Attorneys for Desert Palace, Inc.; Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC;	East Meadow, NY 11554 psweeney@certilmanbalin.com
16	PHWLV, LLC; and Boardwalk Regency	psweeney & certification in conf
17	Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City	Nathan Q. Rugg, Esq. (Admitted PHV)
		Barack Ferrazzano Kirschbaum &
18		Nagelberg LLP
19		200 W. Madison Street, Ste. 3900
1)		Chicago, IL 60606 Nathan.rugg@gfkn.com
20		ivathan.rugg@gixn.com
21		Steven B. Chaiken, Esq. (Admitted PHV)
22		Adelman & Gettleman, Ltd.
22		53 West Jackson Blvd., Ste. 1050 Chicago, IL 60604
23		sbc@ag-ltd.com
24		Attorneys for Rowen Seibel/
24		LLTQ Enterprises, LLC;
25		LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC; FERG, LLC;
26		FERG 16, LLC; MOTI Partners, LLC;
۷٥		MOTI Partners 16, LLC; TPOV Enterprises, LLC;
27		and TPOV Enterprises 16 IIC

1 Allen J. Wilt, Esq. Robert E. Atkinson, Esq. John D. Tennert, Esq. Atkinson Law Associates Ltd. 2 Fennemore Craig, PC 8965 S. Eastern Ave. Suite 260 300 East Second Street, Suite 1510 Las Vegas, NV 89123 3 Reno, NV 89501 robert@nv-lawfirm.corn awilt@fclaw.com Attorney for J. Jeffrey Frederick 4 jtennert@fclaw.com 5 Attorneys for Gordon Ramsay 6 I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. 7 DATED this 23rd day of October, 2018. 8 9 10 /s/ Doreen Loffredo 11 An employee of FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

Electronically Filed 10/23/2018 11:19 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No. A-17-751759-B Dept. No. XVI

Consolidated with: Case No. A-17-760537-B

ORDER GRANTING PROPOSED PLAINTIFF IN INTERVENTION THE ORIGINAL HOMESTEAD RESTAURANT, INC. D/B/A THE OLD HOMESTEAD STEAKHOUSE'S MOTION TO INTERVENE

Page 1 of 2

PA000424

2 Inc. d/b/a The Old Homestead Steakhouse ("OHR") filed its Motion to Intervene. The deadline to 3 file an opposition to the Motion pursuant to EDCR 2.20(e) passed and no oppositions were filed. 4 The Court conducted a hearing on OHR's Motion to Intervene on October 23, 2018 at 5 10:00 a.m. Having considered the papers and pleadings on file, and the argument of counsel for 6 the parties at the hearing, and with good cause appearing, 7 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Proposed Plaintiff in Intervention The Original 8 Homestead Restaurant, Inc. d/b/a The Old Homestead Steakhouse's Motion to Intervene is 9 GRANTED. 10 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that OHR has 10 days from the date of entry of this Order to 11 file their Complaint in Intervention. DATED this ²³ day of October, 2018. 12 13 14 15 16 Submitted by: 17 FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP 18 19 20 MARK J. CONNOT (SBN 10010) KEVIN M. SUTEHALL (SBN 9437) 21 1980 Festival Plaza Drive, #700 Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 22 LEBENSFELD SHARON & SCHWARTZ P.C. 23 ALAN M. LEBENSFELD (pro hace vice forthcoming) 24 140 Broad Street Red Bank, New Jersey 07701 25 Attorneys for proposed Plaintiff in Intervention The Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc. 26 27

On August 6, 2018, Proposed Plaintiff in Intervention The Original Homestead Restaurant,

Page 2 of 2

TAB 36

28

Electronically Filed 10/24/2018 11:51 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 MARK J. CONNOT (SBN 10010) KEVIN M. SUTEHALL (SBN 9437) FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP 1980 Festival Plaza Drive, #700 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 (702) 699-5924 tel (702) 597-5503 fax mconnot@foxrothschild.com ksutehall@foxrothschild.com ALAN M. LEBENSFELD (Admitted PHV) LEBENSFELD SHARON & SCHWARTZ P.C. 140 Broad Street Red Bank, New Jersey 07701 (732) 530-4600 tel (732) 530-4601 fax Alan.lebensfeld@lsandspc.com Attorneys for Plaintiff in Intervention The Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc. DISTRICT COURT 11 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 12 13 DESERT PALACE, INC.; Case No. A-17-751759-B PARIS LAS VEGAS OPERATING Dept. XVI 14 COMPANY, LLC; PHWLV, LLC; and **BOARDWALK REGENCY** Consolidated with: 15 CORPORATION d/b/a CAESARS Case No. A-17-760537-B ATLANTIC CITY; 16 Plaintiffs, 17 v. 18 **COMPLAINT IN INTERVENTION** ROWEN SEIBEL; LLTQ 19 ENTERPRISES, LLC; LLTQ ENTERPRISES 16, LLC; FERG, LLC; 20 FERG 16, LLC; MOTI PARTNERS, LLC; MOTI PARTNERS 16, LLC; TPOV 21 ENTERPRISES, LLC; TPOV ENTERPRISES, LLC; TPOV 22 ENTERPRISES 16, LLC; DNT ACQUISITION, LLC; GR BURGR, LLC; 23 And J. JEFFREY FREDERICK, 24 Defendants. 25 26

Page 1 of 17

THE ORIGINAL HOMESTEAD
RESTAURANT, INC. d/b/a the OLD
HOMESTEAD STEAKHOUSE,

Plaintiff in intervention,

V.
DESERT PALACE, INC.,

Defendant in intervention.

COMPLAINT IN INTERVENTION

The Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc., d/b/a the Old Homestead Steakhouse ("Plaintiff in Intervention" or "OHR"), by and through its attorneys of record Fox Rothschild LLP and Lebensfeld Sharon & Schwartz P.C., and pursuant to Rule 24 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, files this Complaint in Intervention against Defendant Desert Palace, Inc., ("Defendant in Intervention" or "Caesars"), and alleges as follows:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. OHR is a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York, with its principal offices and place of business located at 56 9th Avenue, New York, New York 10011-4901.
- Caesars is a Nevada corporation that operates Caesars Palace casino ("Caesars Palace") with its principal place of business located at 3570 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, Nevada 89109.
- 3. This Court has jurisdiction over this complaint-in-intervention and venue is proper because the agreements, acts, events, occurrences, decisions, transactions, and/or omissions giving rise to this lawsuit occurred or were performed in Clark County, Nevada.
 - 4. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Caesars pursuant to NRS 14.065.
- 5. This Court has granted Plaintiff's Motion to Intervene, thereby granting Plaintiff leave to file this complaint-in-intervention pursuant to NRCP 24.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 6. OHR is the developer and owner of a distinctive proprietary system for operating steakhouses under the Old Homestead Steakhouse® trade name which includes, without limitation, signature products, unique menus and menu items, ingredients, recipes, methods of preparation, specifications for food products and beverages, methods of inventory, operations control, and equipment and design (collectively, the "**Old Homestead System**").
- 7. OHR also is the owner of distinctive service marks, trademarks, designs, trade dress, service names, logos, emblems and indicia of origin, including, but not limited to, a registered mark for the Old Homestead Steakhouse® (the "Old Homestead Marks").
- 8. OHR further possesses certain copyrights, works of authorship, programs, techniques, processes, formulas, developmental and experimental work, works in process, methods and trade secrets (the "**Old Homestead Materials**"), which it uses in connection with the Old Homestead System and Old Homestead Marks, and in Old Homestead Steakhouses.®
- 9. For more than a century, OHR (and/or its predecessors-in-interest) have owned and operated the legendary Old Homestead Steakhouse® located in downtown Manhattan, which is believed to be New York's oldest, continuously operating steakhouse.
- 10. In addition to operating its legacy New York City restaurant, OHR currently licenses the Old Homestead System, Old Homestead Marks and Old Homestead Materials to: (i) MGM Resorts, which operates an Old Homestead Steakhouse® in the Borgata Hotel, Casino & Spa in Atlantic City; and (ii) Caesars, which operates and manages an Old Homestead Steakhouse® in Caesars Palace.
- 11. OHR is one of the two Members of DNT Acquisition, LLC ("**DNT**"), holding a fifty (50%) ownership interest therein. At all relevant times herein, R Squared Global Solutions LLC ("**RSG**") held the remaining fifty (50%) percent ownership interest in DNT.
- 12. At all relevant times, RSG's sole manager and member was, and in fact through this date remains, Rowen Seibel ("Seibel").

- 13. DNT is a limited liability company duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Delaware, with its principal offices and places of business located at 56 9th Avenue, New York, New York 10014, and 200 Central Park South, 19th Floor, New York, New York 10019.
 - 14. Seibel was, and upon information and belief remains, a manager of DNT.

The Licensing Agreement Among Caesars, DNT and OHR

- 15. As a gaming entity, Caesars is a highly regulated business, existing by virtue of privileged licenses granted to it by governmental authorities, and subject to rigorous regulation by the Nevada Gaming Commission.
- 16. On June 6, 2011 and in anticipation of entering into a sub-license agreement with Caesars, Seibel completed and submitted to Caesars and OHR a "Business Information Form" ("BIF"), in which Seibel individually and on behalf of DNT represented under oath, among other things, that he had not been a party to a felony in the last ten (10) years, and that there was nothing "that would prevent [him] from being licensed by a gaming authority."
- 17. In express reliance upon the BIF, on or about June 21, 2011, Caesars entered into a Development, Operation and License Agreement with OHR and DNT (the "**DNT Sub-License Agreement**"). Pursuant to the DNT Sub-License Agreement, the Old Homestead System, Old Homestead Marks and Old Homestead Materials were licensed to Caesars for its operation and management of an Old Homestead Steakhouse in Caesars Palace.

The Relevant Terms of the DNT Sub-License Agreement

- 18. In relevant part, the DNT Sub-License Agreement provided as follows:
 - B. OH[R] has developed, and owns and operates, a restaurant concept known as the "Old Homestead Steakhouse" which currently has locations at 56 9th Avenue, New York, New York, and in the Borgata Resort Hotel Casino located in Atlantic City, New Jersey;
 - C. OH[R] has developed and owns a distinctive proprietary system for operating steakhouses under the "Old Homestead Steakhouse" trade name...;

- E. OH[R] possesses the exclusive right to license the Old Homestead System, the Old Homestead Marks and the Old Homestead Materials ..., and has licensed DNT to utilize the same in connection with, and for the purposes specified in, this Agreement;
- F. DNT, through its members or the principals of its members, Marc Sherry, Greg Sherry and Rowen Seibel (collectively, the "Principals"), possesses certain qualifications, expertise and a reputation in the development and operation of first-class restaurants;
- G. DNT, as a licensee of OH[R], possesses the right to utilize and further sublicense the Old Homestead System, Old Homestead Marks and Old Homestead Materials, as herein below set forth; ...
- I. Caesars desires to obtain a sub-license from DNT to utilize the Old Homestead System, the Old Homestead Marks and the Old Homestead Materials in connection with the Restaurant, and ... to perform certain services and fulfill certain obligations with respect to consultation concerning the design, development, construction and operation of the Restaurant in accordance with the terms hereof
- §6. LICENSE.
- §6.1. <u>Marks and Materials</u>. Each of OH[R], . . . represent and warrant to Caesars that OH[R] is and at all times during the Term will be the sole owner of the Old Homestead Marks, Old Homestead Materials and Old Homestead System
- §6.2. **Ownership**.
- §6.2.1. **By OH[R]**. Caesars acknowledges and agrees that OH[R] is the owner of the Old Homestead Marks, Old Homestead Materials and Old Homestead System and that all use of the Old Homestead Marks (including, without limitation, any goodwill generated by such use) shall inure to the benefit of OH[R]
- §6.3. <u>Intellectual Property License</u>. DNT hereby grants to Caesars ... a sublicense, during the Term (the "License"), to use and employ the Old Homestead Marks, the Old Homestead System and the Old Homestead Materials on and in connection with the operation of the Restaurant. ...
- §3.4.1. Menu Development. DNT shall develop the initial food and beverage menus of the Restaurant, subject to the ultimate final approval of Caesars, and the recipes for same, and thereafter, DNT shall revise the food and beverage menus of the Restaurant, subject to the ultimate final approval of Caesars, and the recipes for same (the "Menu Development Services"), all of which recipes shall be owned by OH[R].

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§4.1. <u>Term.</u> The initial term of this Agreement shall commence on the Effective Date and shall expire on that date that is ten (10) years from the date on which the Restaurant first opens to the general public for business (the "Opening Date"), unless extended by Caesars or unless earlier terminated pursuant to the terms hereof (the "Initial Term"). ...

§4.2. **Termination.**

- §4.2.1. **For Convenience**. At any time following the second anniversary of the Opening Date, this Agreement may be terminated by Caesars by written notice to the DNT Parties [¹] specifying the date of termination.
- §4.2.2. **Breach of Standards**. This Agreement may be terminated by Caesars upon written notice to the DNT Parties having immediate effect if following a breach of Section 11.1 of this Agreement, Caesars sends written notice of such breach to the DNT Parties and the DNT Parties fail to cure such material breach within thirty (30) days after receipt of such notice.

§11. STANDARDS; PRIVILEGED LICENSE.

§11.1. <u>Standards</u>. The DNT Parties acknowledge that the Caesars Palace is an exclusive first-class resort hotel casino and that the Restaurant shall be an exclusive first-class restaurant and that the maintenance of Caesars', the Old Homestead Marks', Caesars Palace's and the Restaurant's reputation and the goodwill of all of Caesars', Caesars Palace's and the Restaurant's guests and invitees is absolutely essential to Caesars, and that any impairment thereof whatsoever will cause great damage to Caesars. The DNT Parties therefore covenant and agree that (a) they shall not and they shall cause their Affiliates [²] not to use or license Old Homestead Marks, Old Homestead Materials or Old Homestead System in a manner that is inconsistent with, or take any action that dilutes or denigrates, the current level of quality, integrity and upscale positioning associated with the Old Homestead Marks, Old Homestead Materials and Old Homestead System and (b) they shall, and they shall cause their Affiliates to, conduct themselves in accordance with the highest standards of honesty, integrity,

¹ The agreement defines a "DNT Party" or "DNT Parties" to mean either of DNT or OHR, or both DNT and OHR.

² The agreement defines "Affiliate [to] mea[n], with respect to a specified Person, any other Person who or which is directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, the specified Person, or any member, stockholder or comparable principal of, the specified Person, or such other Person. For purposes of this definition, "control", "controlling" and/or "Controlled" mean the right to exercise, directly or indirectly, at least five percent (5%) of the voting power of the stockholders, members or owners and, with respect to any individual, partnership, trust or other entity or association, the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct, or cause the direction of, the management or policies of the controlled Person. ..." (bolding added)

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quality and courtesy so as to maintain and enhance the reputation and goodwill of Caesars, the Old Homestead Marks, the Old Homestead Materials, the Old Homestead System, the Caesars Palace and the Restaurant and at all times in keeping with and not inconsistent with or detrimental to the operation of an exclusive, first-class resort hotel casino and an exclusive, first-class restaurant. The DNT Parties shall use commercially reasonable efforts to continuously monitor the performance of each of its and its Affiliates' respective agents, employees, servants, contractors and licensees and shall ensure the foregoing standards are consistently maintained by all of them. **Any failure by any of the DNT** Parties, their Affiliates or any of their respective agents, employees, servants, contractors or licensees to maintain the standards described in this Section 11.1 shall, in addition to any other rights or remedies Caesars may have, give Caesars the right to terminate this Agreement pursuant to Section 4.2.2 in its sole and absolute discretion.

- §4.2.3. <u>Unsuitability</u>. This Agreement may be terminated by Caesars upon written notice to the DNT Parties having immediate effect as contemplated by Section *11.2*.
- §11.2 Privileged License. The DNT Parties acknowledges that Caesars and Caesars' Affiliates are businesses that are or may be subject to and exist because of privileged licenses issued by U.S., state, local and foreign governmental, regulatory and administrative authorities, agencies, boards and officials (the "Gaming Authorities") responsible for or involved in the administration of application of laws, rules and regulations relating gaming or gaming activities or the sale, distribution and possession of alcoholic beverages. The Gaming Authorities require Caesars, and Caesars deems it advisable, to have a compliance committee (the "Compliance Committee") that does its own background checks on, and issues approvals of Persons involved with Caesars and its Affiliates. Prior to the execution of this Agreement and, in any event, prior to the payment of any monies by Caesars to the DNT Parties hereunder, and thereafter on each anniversary of the Opening Date during the Term, (a) the DNT Parties shall provide to Caesars written disclosure regarding the DNT Associates, and (b) the Compliance Committee shall have issued approvals of the DNT Associates. Additionally, during the Term, on ten (10) calendar days written request by Caesars to the DNT Parties, the DNT Parties shall disclose to Caesars the identity of all DNT Associates. [3] To the extent that any prior disclosure becomes inaccurate, the DNT

³ Section 2.2 of the DNT Sub-License Agreement provides, in relevant part, that "the rights and obligations of each party under this Agreement ... is conditioned upon ... (a) submission by the DNT Parties to Caesars of all information requested by Caesars regarding the DNT Parties, their Affiliates and the directors and officers of each as well as the employees, agents, representatives and other associates of the DNT Parties or any of their Affiliates (all of the foregoing, "DNT"

Associates") to ensure that none of the foregoing is an Unsuitable Person; and (b) Caesars being Page 7 of 17

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Parties shall, within ten (10) calendar days from the event, update the prior disclosure without Caesars making any further request. The DNT Parties shall cause all DNT Associates to provide all requested information and apply for and obtain all necessary approvals required or requested by Caesars or the Gaming Authorities. If any DNT Associate fails to

satisfy or such requirement, ... or if Caesars shall determine, in Caesars' sole and exclusive judgment, that any DNT Associate is an Unsuitable Person, ...,then, immediately following notice by Caesars to DNT, (a) the DNT Parties shall terminate any relationship with the Person who is the source of such issue, (b) the DNT Parties shall cease the activity or relationship creating the issue to Caesars' satisfaction, in Caesars' sole judgment, or (c) if such activity or relationship is not subject to cure as set forth in the foregoing clauses (a) and (b), as determined by Caesars in its sole discretion, Caesars shall, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of Caesars including at law or in equity, have the right to terminate this Agreement and its relationship with the DNT Parties. ... Any termination by Caesars pursuant to this Section 11.2 shall not be subject to dispute by the DNT Parties.... (italics and emphasis supplied)

* * *

"Unsuitable Person" is any Person (a) whose association with Caesars or its Affiliates could be anticipated to result in a disciplinary action relating to, or the loss of, inability to reinstate or failure to obtain, any registration, application or license or any other rights or entitlements held or required to be held by Caesars or any of its Affiliates under any United States, state, local or foreign laws, rules or regulations relating to gaming or the sale of alcohol, (b) whose association or relationship with Caesars or its Affiliates could be anticipated to violate any United States, state, local or foreign laws, rules or regulations relating to gaming or the sale of alcohol to which Caesars or its Affiliates are subject, (c) who is or might be engaged or about to be engaged in any activity which could adversely impact the business or reputation of Caesars or its Affiliates, or (d) who is required to be licensed, registered, qualified or found suitable under any United States, state, local or foreign laws, rules or regulations relating to gaming or the sale of alcohol under which Caesars or any of its Affiliates is licensed, registered, qualified or found suitable, and such Person is not or does not remain so licensed, registered, qualified or found suitable.

§4.3.2. Certain Rights of Caesars Upon Expiration or Termination.

(b) Caesars shall retain all right, title and interest in and to the Restaurant Premises except for the Old Homestead Marks, Old Homestead Materials, and Old Homestead System;

satisfied, in its sole discretion, that no DNT Associate is an Unsuitable Person." (emphasis supplied)

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(c)	Caesars shall retain all right, title and interest in and to the furniture,
	fixtures, equipment, inventory, supplies and other tangible and intangible
	assets used or held for use in connection with the Restaurant, except as
	expressly provided in Section 4.3.3;

- (d) Caesars shall retain all right, title and interest in and to Caesars Marks and Materials; and
- (e) Caesars shall have the right, but not the obligation, immediately or at any time after such expiration or termination, to operate a restaurant in the Restaurant Premises; provided, however, such restaurant shall not employ the Restaurant's food and beverage menus or recipes developed by DNT pursuant to Section 3.4 or use any of the Old Homestead Marks, Old Homestead Materials or Old Homestead System.

§8.2 Timing and Manner of Payment

- . . . Unless otherwise directed in a written instrument signed by OHS, DNT and Rowen Seibel, it is agreed that Caesars shall pay all amounts due to DNT pursuant to this Agreement as follows:
- 8.2.1 The four percent (4%) License Fee due to DNT pursuant to Section 8.1.1 (a) shall be paid two and one-half percent (2.5%) to OHS and one and one-half percent (1.5%) to Rowen Seibel or his designee.
- 8.2.2 The eight percent (8%) License Fee (if any) due DNT pursuant to Section 8.1.1(b) shall be paid four percent (4%) to OHS and four percent (4%) to Rowen Seibel or his designee.
- 8.2.3 The Net Profits (if any) due DNT pursuant to Section 8.1.5 shall be paid fifty percent (50%) to OH[R] and fifty percent (50%) to Rowen Seibel or his designee.
- 19. As a signatory party and pursuant to Section 8.2 of the DNT Sub-License Agreement, OHR had and still retains the right to receive payment of its share of the License Fees and Net Profits directly from Caesars.
- 20. From on or about June 21, 2011 until September 21, 2016 and pursuant to the DNT Sub-License Agreement, Caesars operated and managed an Old Homestead Steakhouse in Caesars Palace.

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Caesars Files for Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Protection:

- 21. On January 15, 2015, Caesars filed a Chapter 11 Petition ("Petition") in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois under Case No. 15-01145 (the "Caesars Bankruptcy Proceedings").
- 22. At the time of Caesars' filing of the Petition and pursuant to the terms of the DNT Sub-License Agreement, License Fees in the aggregate amount of \$204,964.75 lawfully were due and owing to DNT (the "Pre-Petition License Fees"), with a proportionate share payable directly by Caesars to OHR.
- On or about April 30, 2015, OHR filed a proof of claim in the Caesars 23. Bankruptcy Proceedings seeking recovery of the Pre-Petition License Fees. Through the date hereof, those fees have not been paid either to OHR or DNT, as explained herein below
- 24. Subsequent to the filing of its Petition, Caesars proposed to DNT and OHR to assume (as opposed to rejecting) the DNT Sub-License Agreement, albeit on modified financial terms.
- 25. For several months thereafter, Caesars and DNT, through their respective bankruptcy counsel, engaged in negotiations with respect to the modified DNT Sub-License Agreement to be assumed by Caesars in its eventual Plan of Reorganization.

Seibel Pleads Guilty To A Federal Crime

- 26. Commencing in or about 2004 and continuing through in or about the first part of 2016, Seibel was engaged in a covert criminal enterprise involving, among other things, rampant tax fraud through the maintenance of Swiss bank accounts not reported to the Internal Revenue Service.
- 27. On April 18, 2016, as a result of a criminal investigation conducted by, and a plea deal reached with, the United States Attorney's Office for the Southern District of New York, a criminal information was filed against Seibel, charging him with having corruptly attempted to obstruct or impede the administration of the Internal Revenue laws, in violation of 26 U.S.C. §7212(a). See In United States of America v. Rowen Seibel, U.S.D.C., S.D.N.Y., Case Number 15 CRIM 279.

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28	On that same day, April 18, 2016, Seibel pleaded guilty to one count of a corrupt
endeavor	obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws, 26 U.S.C.
§ 7212(a)	Class E Felony (the "Guilty Plea").

- 29. Seibel's entry of the Guilty Plea represented, among other things, a tacit admission that the BIF he previously had submitted to Caesars, DNT and OHR in June 2011 was intentionally false and misleading.
- 30. On August 19, 2016, Seibel appeared before United States District Court Judge William H. Pauley III for his sentencing hearing, wherein he was sentenced to thirty (30) days in prison, six (6) months of home confinement and 300 hours of community service.
- 31. The very next day, <u>i.e.</u>, August 20, 2016, multiple news services ran articles across the internet with the headline "Gordon Ramsey's Business Partner [Seibel] Gets Jail Time for Tax Evasion Scheme," and stating, in relevant part, as follows:

A wealthy Manhattan restaurateur [Seibel] was sentenced to a month in the slammer for lying to the IRS about more than \$1 million he stashed in Switzerland as part of a years-long tax evasion scheme.

32. At no time prior to August 20, 2016, did Seibel disclose to DNT, OHR or Caesars his submission of the false and misleading BIF, his engagement in felonious conduct, his entry of the Guilty Plea, or his criminal sentencing.

Caesars Terminates The DNT Sub-License Agreement

33. As a result of the foregoing events, on September 2, 2016, Caesars' counsel forwarded a letter to Seibel and his counsel, stating, in relevant part, as follows:

Pursuant to Section 11.2 of the Agreement, the DNT Parties have acknowledged and agree that Caesars and/or its affiliates conduct business that are or may be subject to and exist because of privileged licenses issued by governmental authorities. Additionally, Section 11.2 provides that Caesars determines, in its sole and absolute judgment, that any DNT Associate is an Unsuitable Person, the DNT Parties shall cease the activity or relationship creating the issue.

Caesars is aware that Rowen Seibel, who is a DNT Associate under the Agreement, has recently pleaded guilty to a one-count criminal

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information charging him with impeding the administration of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. § 7212) (corrupt endeavor to obstruct and impede the due administration of the Internal Revenue Laws), a Class E Felony. Such felony conviction renders Rowen Seibel an Unsuitable Person.

Therefore, the DNT Parties shall, within 10 business days of the receipt of this letter, terminate any relationship with Mr. Seibel and provide Caesars with written evidence of such terminated relationship. If the DNT Parties fails to terminate the relationship with Mr. Seibel, Caesars will be required to terminate the Agreement pursuant to Section 4.2.3 of the Agreement.

34. On September 21, 2016, Caesars terminated the DNT Sub-License Agreement based upon, among other things, Seibel's criminal conviction and failure to dissociate himself from DNT, stating in relevant part, as follows:

> As of 11:59 p.m. on September 20, 2016, Caesars had not received any evidence that DNT and OHS have disassociated with Rowen Seibel an individual who is an Unsuitable Person, pursuant to the Agreement.

Because DNT and OHS have failed to disassociate with an Unsuitable Person, Caesars hereby terminates the Agreement pursuant to Section 4.2.3 of the Agreement, effective immediately.

35. Following Caesar's proper termination of the DNT Sub-License Agreement, OHR and Caesars entered into a new License Agreement, pursuant to which OHR directly licensed to Caesars the right and privilege to operate and manage an Old Homestead Steakhouse® in Caesars Palace, utilizing the Old Homestead System, Old Homestead Marks and Old Homestead Materials – OHR's proprietary assets to which RSG and Seibel had forfeited all rights.

Caesars' Refusal to Pay the Pre-Petition License Fees

- 36. On January 17, 2017, Caesars' Third Amended Plan of Reorganization as modified, dated January 13, 2017 (the "Bankruptcy Plan"), was confirmed in the Bankruptcy Proceedings. The Plan subsequently was declared effective as of October 6, 2017.
- 37. Pursuant to the Bankruptcy Plan, DNT and OHR are Class M Holders of an "Allowed Par Recovery Unsecured Claim," and are entitled to "receive recovery in full of [their]

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Allowed Par Recovery Unsecured Claim, including Post-Petition Interest from [their] Pro Rata share of (but in no event more than payment in full (with Post-Petition interest), as follows:

- (i) . . . New CEC Convertible Notes, which shall be convertible pursuant to the terms of the New CEC Convertible Notes Indenture in the aggregate for up to 0.167% of new CEC Common Equity on a fully diluted basis; and
- OpCo Series A Preferred Stock, which shall be exchanged (ii) pursuant to the CEOC Merger for 0.52% of the New CEC Common Equity on a fully diluted basis (giving effect to the issuance of the New CEC Convertible Notes), which shall be approximately equivalent to 0.582% of New CEC Common Equity before giving effect to the conversion of the New CEC Convertible Notes. (collectively, the "Plan Notes/Stock")
- 38. The foregoing notwithstanding and despite OHR's demands therefor, Caesars has refused to issue and deliver to DNT the Plan Notes/Stock (or, alternatively, to issue and deliver to OHR its proportionate share thereof, as is its right), claiming that notwithstanding the clear and unambiguous terms of the Bankruptcy Plan, it was prohibited from doing so pursuant to Nevada gaming regulations; to wit, by reason of Seibel having been determined to be an "unsuitable person" more than one year after the Pre-Petition License Fees lawfully had become due and owing to OHR pursuant to the then extant DNT Sub-License Agreement.
- 39. As a matter of contract and law, OHR lawfully is entitled to be issued and to receive its proportionate share of the Plan Notes/Stock from Caesars pursuant to and in accordance with the relevant terms of the Bankruptcy Plan.
- 40. The foregoing notwithstanding, in its complaint filed herein Caesars has sought a declaratory judgment, adjudicating that it does not have any current or future obligation to DNT (and thus by implication, to OHR) to issue and distribute the Plan Notes/Stock.
- 41. As a result of the foregoing, there presently exists a justiciable dispute and controversy by and between OHR and Caesars, if not between Caesars and DNT, as to Caesars' obligation to issue and deliver to OHR its proportionate share of the Plan Notes/Stock.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Declaratory Judgment Against Caesars)

- 42. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 43. NRS 30.040(1) provides that "[a]ny person interested under [a written contract] or whose rights, status or other legal relations are affected by a [contract] may have determined any question of construction or validity arising under the [contract] and obtain a declaration of rights, status or other legal relations thereunder."
- 44. OHR disputes Caesars' determination that it has no current or future obligation to issue and deliver to OHR its proportionate share of the Plan Notes/Stock by reason of Seibel's actions and its *ex post facto* determination that Seibel was an "unsuitable person."
- 45. OHR therefore seeks a declaration that Caesars is required to issue and deliver to OHR its proportionate share of (or alternatively, to issue and deliver to DNT) the Plan Notes/Stock in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Bankruptcy Plan.

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WHEREFORE, OHR respectfully prays for judgment as follows:

- 1. Declaratory Relief as requested herein; and
- 2. Awarding to OHR such other and further relief that the Court deems just and proper under the circumstances.

DATED this 24th day of October, 2018.

FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP

/s/ Mark J. Connot

MARK J. CONNOT (SBN 10010) KEVIN M. SUTEHALL (SBN 9437) 1980 Festival Plaza Drive, #700 Las Vegas, Nevada 89135

LEBENSFELD SHARON & SCHWARTZ P.C.

/s/ Alan M. Lebensfeld

ALAN M. LEBENSFELD (Admitted PHV) 140 Broad Street Red Bank, New Jersey 07701 Attorneys for Plaintiff in Intervention The Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc.

1	<u>CERTIFICA</u>	TE OF SERVICE							
2	Durguent to NDCD 5(h) I contify that I	om an amplayed of EOV DOTHSCHILD LLD and							
3	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP and								
4	that on the 24 th day of October, 2018, I caused the above and foregoing COMPLAINT IN								
	INTERVENTION to be served via electronic service through the Court's Odyssey File and								
5	Serve system and/or by U.S. Mail, postage pre	paid, addressed as follows:							
6									
7	James J. Pisanelli, Esq.	Daniel R. McNutt, Esq.							
8	Debra Spinelli, Esq. M. Magali Mercera, Esq.	Matthew C. Wolf, Esq. McNutt Law Firm, PC							
U	Brittnie Watkins, Esq.	625 South Eighth Street							
9	Pisanelli Bice PLLC	Las Vegas, NV 89101							
10	400 South 7th Street, Suite 300	drm@mcnuttlawfirm.com							
10	Las Vegas, NV 89101	mcw@mcnuttlawfirm.com							
11	JJP@pisanellibice.com								
1.0	DLS@pisanellibice.com	Paul B. Sweeney, Esq.							
12	MMM@pisanellibice.com	Certilman Balin Adler & Hyman, LLP							
13	BTW@pisanellibice.com	90 Merrick Avenue, 9th Floor							
	Attorneys for Desert Palace, Inc.; Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC;	East Meadow, NY 11554 psweeney@certilmanbalin.com							
14	PHWLV, LLC; and Boardwalk Regency	psweeney@certimanoann.com							
15	Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City	Nathan Q. Rugg, Esq. (Admitted PHV)							
13		Barack Ferrazzano Kirschbaum &							
16		Nagelberg LLP							
17		200 W. Madison Street, Ste. 3900							
17		Chicago, IL 60606							
18		Nathan.rugg@gfkn.com							
19		Steven B. Chaiken, Esq. (Admitted PHV)							
20		Adelman & Gettleman, Ltd.							
20		53 West Jackson Blvd., Ste. 1050							
21		Chicago, IL 60604 sbc@ag-ltd.com							
22		Attorneys for Rowen Seibel/							
22		LLTQ Enterprises, LLC;							
23		LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC; FERG, LLC;							
2.4		FERG 16, LLC; MOTI Partners, LLC;							
24		MOTI Partners 16, LLC;							
25		TPOV Enterprises, LLC; and TPOV Enterprises 16, LLC							
26		and II Or Emerprises 10, EEC							
27									

1	Allen J. Wilt, Esq. John D. Tennert, Esq.	Robert E. Atkinson, Esq. Atkinson Law Associates Ltd.
2	Fennemore Craig, PC	8965 S. Eastern Ave. Suite 260
3	300 East Second Street, Suite 1510 Reno, NV 89501	Las Vegas, NV 89123 robert@nv-lawfirm.corn
4	awilt@fclaw.com jtennert@fclaw.com	Attorney for J. Jeffrey Frederick
5	Attorneys for Gordon Ramsay	
6		
7		
8	I declare under penalty of perjury th	at the foregoing is true and correct.
9	DATED this 24 th day of October, 20	018.
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11		/s/ Doreen Loffredo An employee of FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP
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TAB 37

10/31/2018 2:16 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 **OSCJC** 2 3 DISTRICT COURT 4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 5 ROWEN SEIBEL, an individual and citizen 6 of New York, derivatively on behalf of Real Case No. A-17-751759-B Party in Interest GR BURGR LLC, LLC, a Dept No. XVI Delaware limited liability company, 8 Plaintiff, **CONSOLIDATED WITH:** 9 v. 10 Case No.: A-17-760537-B PHWLV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability 11 company; GORDON RAMSAY, an ENTERED individual; DOES I through X; ROE 12 CORPORATOINS I through X, 13 Defendants. 14 and 15 GR BURGER LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, 16 Nominal Plaintiff 17 AND ALL RELATED CLAIMS 18 19 BUSINESS COURT SCHEDULING ORDER SETTING 20 CIVIL JURY TRIAL AND PRE-TRIAL CONFERENCE/CALENDAR CALL 21 22 This BUSINESS COURT SCHEDULING ORDER SETTING TRIAL ("Scheduling 23

Order") is entered following the Rule 16 conference conducted on October 23, 2018.

Pursuant to NRCP 16.1(f) this case has been deemed complex and all discovery disputes will

be resolved by this Court. Based upon the information presented at the conference and the

agreement of the parties, EDCR Rule 2.55 is superseded by this Scheduling Order. This

TIMOTHY C. WILLIAMS
DISTRICT JUDGE

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DEPARTMENT SIXTEEN LAS VEGAS NV 89155

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summary judgment previously made, a summary of any anticipated legal issues remaining, a brief summary of the opinions to be offered by any witness to be called to offer opinion testimony as well as any objections to the opinion testimony.

- D. All motions in limine must be in writing and filed no later than June 3, 2019.

 Orders shortening time will not be signed except in extreme emergencies.
- E. All original depositions anticipated to be used in any manner during the trial must be delivered to the clerk prior to the final Pre-Trial Conference. If deposition testimony is anticipated to be used in lieu of live testimony, a designation (by page/line citation) of the portions of the testimony to be offered must be filed and served by facsimile or hand, two (2) judicial days prior to the final Pre-Trial Conference. Any objections or counter-designations (by page/line citation) of testimony must be filed and served by facsimile or hand, one (1) judicial day prior to the final Pre-Trial Conference commencement. Counsel shall advise the clerk prior to publication.
- F. In accordance with EDCR 2.67, counsel shall meet, review, and discuss exhibits. All exhibits must comply with EDCR 2.27. Two (2) sets must be three-hole punched and placed in three ring binders along with the exhibit list. The sets must be delivered to the clerk prior to the final Pre-Trial Conference. Any demonstrative exhibits including exemplars anticipated to be used must be disclosed prior to the calendar call. Pursuant to EDCR 2.68, at the final Pre-Trial Conference, counsel shall be prepared to stipulate or make specific objections to individual proposed exhibits. Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties, demonstrative exhibits are marked for identification but not admitted into evidence.
- G. In accordance with EDCR 2.67, counsel shall meet, review, and discuss items to be included in the Jury Notebook. Pursuant to EDCR 2.68, at the final Pre-Trial Conference, counsel shall be prepared to stipulate or make specific objections to items to be included in the Jury Notebook.

H. In accordance with EDCR 2.67, counsel shall meet and discuss preinstructions to the jury, jury instructions, special interrogatories, if requested, and verdict forms. Each side shall provide the Court, at the final Pre-Trial Conference, an agreed set of jury instructions and proposed form of verdict along with any additional proposed jury instructions with an electronic copy in Word format.

I. In accordance with EDCR 7.70, counsel shall file and serve by facsimile or hand, two (2) judicial days prior to the final Pre-Trial Conference voir dire proposed to be conducted pursuant to conducted pursuant to EDCR 2.68.

Failure of the designated trial attorney or any party appearing in proper person to appear for any court appearances or to comply with this Order shall result in any of the following: (1) dismissal of the action (2) default judgment; (3) monetary sanctions; (4) vacation of trial date; and/or any other appropriate remedy or sanction.

Counsel is asked to notify the Court Reporter at least two (2) weeks in advance if they are going to require daily copies of the transcripts of this trial or real time court reporting. Failure to do so may result in a delay in the production of the transcripts or the availability of real time court reporting.

Counsel is required to advise the Court immediately when the case settles or is otherwise resolved prior to trial. A stipulation which terminates a case by dismissal shall also indicate whether a Scheduling Order has been filed and, if a trial date has been set, the date of that trial. A copy should be given to Chambers.

DATED: October 31, 2018.

TIMOTHY C. WILLIAMS

District Court Judge

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on or about the date filed, a copy of the foregoing **BUSINESS**

COURT SCHEDULING ORDER SETTING CIVIL JURY TRIAL AND PRE-TRIAL

CONFERENCE/CALENDAR CALL was E-Served, mailed or a copy was placed in the

attorney's folder in the Clerk's Office as follows:

William E Arnault

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Robert Atkinson

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Litigation Paralegal

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4	Nathan Rugg
5	Brett Schwartz
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TAB 38

11/27/2018 3:56 PM Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT** 1 James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 JJP@pisanellibice.com 2 Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 DLS@pisanellibice.com 3 M. Magali Mercera, Esq., Bar No. 11742 MMM@pisanellibice.com 4 Brittnie T. Watkins, Esq., Bar No. 13612 BTW@pisanellibice.com 5 PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 South 7th Street, Suite 300 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702.214.2100 7 Facsimile: 702.214.2101 8 Jeffrey J. Zeiger, P.C., Esq. (admitted pro hac vice) JZeiger@kirkland.com William E. Arnault, IV, Esq. (admitted pro hac vice) WArnault@kirkland.com KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP 10 300 North LaSalle Chicago, IL 60654 11 Telephone: 312.862.2000 12 Attorneys for Desert Palace, Inc.; 13 Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC; PHWLV, LLC; and Boardwalk Regency 14 Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City 15 DISTRICT COURT 16 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 17 ROWEN SEIBEL, an individual and citizen of Case No.: A-17-751759-B New York, derivatively on behalf of Real Party 18 in Interest GR BURGR LLC, a Delaware Dept. No.: XVI limited liability company, 19 Consolidated with A-17-760537-B Plaintiff, 20 21 PHWLV, LLC, a Nevada limited liability ANSWER TO COMPLAINT IN company; GORDON RAMSAY, an individual; **INTERVENTION** 22 DOES I through X; ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, 23 Defendants, 24 and 25 GR BURGR LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, 26 Nominal Plaintiff. 27 AND ALL RELATED MATTERS 28

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Desert Palace, Inc. ("Desert Palace"), by and through its undersigned counsel, hereby responds to the allegations set forth in the Complaint in Intervention (the "Complaint") filed by The Original Homestead Restaurant, Inc., d/b/a the Old Homestead Steakhouse ("OHR"), as follows:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- Desert Palace is informed and believes, and thereon admits the allegations in 1. Paragraph 1.
 - 2. Desert Palace admits the allegations in Paragraph 2.
- 3. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 3 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace admits that the venue is proper and denies any and all remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 3.
- 4. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 4 are legal conclusions to which no responsive pleading is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace admits that jurisdiction is proper and denies any and all remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 4.
 - Desert Palace admits the allegations in Paragraph 5. 5.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the 6. truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 6 and therefore denies the same.
- 7. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 7 and therefore denies the same.
- 8. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 8 and therefore denies the same.
- 9. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 9 and therefore denies the same.
- 10. Desert Palace admits that it operates and manages an Old Homestead Steakhouse in Caesars Palace. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the remaining allegations of Paragraph 10 and therefore denies the same.
- 11. Desert Palace is informed and believes, and thereon admits the allegations in Paragraph 11.

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- Desert Palace is informed and believes, and thereon admits the allegations in 12. Paragraph 12.
- Desert Palace is informed and believes, and thereon admits that DNT is a limited 13. liability company duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Delaware located at 200 Central Park South, 19th Floor, New York, New York 10019. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the remaining allegations of Paragraph 13 and therefore denies the same.
- 14. Desert Palace is informed and believes, and thereon admits the allegations in Paragraph 14.

The Licensing Agreement Among Caesars, DNT and OHR

- 15. Desert Palace admits the allegations in Paragraph 15.
- Desert Palace admits that on or around June 6, 2011 and in anticipation of entering 16. into an agreement with Desert Palace, Rowen Seibel ("Seibel") completed and submitted to Desert Palace a "Business Information Form" ("BIF"), in which Seibel represented, among other things, that he had not been a party to a felony in the last ten (10) years, and that there was nothing "that would prevent [him] from being licensed by a gaming authority." Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the remaining allegations of Paragraph 16 and therefore denies the same.
- 17. Desert Palace admits that upon reliance upon the BIF, on or about June 21, 2011, Desert Palace entered into a Development, Operation and License Agreement with OHR and DNT (the "DNT Sub-License Agreement").
- 18. To the extent Paragraph 18 purports to restate the terms of the DNT Sub-License Agreement, Desert Palace admits the existence of the DNT Sub-License Agreement and refers to that agreement for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 18.
- 19. To the extent Paragraph 19 purports to restate the terms of the DNT Sub-License Agreement, Desert Palace admits the existence of the DNT Sub-License Agreement and refers to

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that agreement for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 19.

20. Desert Palace admits that it operated and managed an Old Homestead Steakhouse in Caesars Palace pursuant to the DNT Sub-License Agreement. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 20.

Caesars Files for Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Protection:

- 21. Desert Palace admits the allegations in Paragraph 21.
- 22. To the extent Paragraph 22 purports to restate the terms of the DNT Sub-License Agreement, Desert Palace admits the existence of the DNT Sub-License Agreement and refers to that agreement for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 22.
 - 23. Desert Palace admits the allegations in Paragraph 23.
 - 24. Desert Palace admits the allegations in Paragraph 24.
 - 25. Desert Palace admits the allegations in Paragraph 23.

Seibel Pleads Guilty to a Federal Crime.

- 26. Desert Palace is informed and believes, and thereon admits that commencing in or about 2004 Seibel was engaged in tax fraud through the maintenance of Swiss bank accounts not reported to the Internal Revenue Service. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the remaining allegations of Paragraph 26 and therefore denies the same.
- 27. Desert Palace is informed and believes, and thereon admits the allegations in Paragraph 27.
- 28. Desert Palace is informed and believes, and thereon admits the allegations in Paragraph 28.
- 29. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 29 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace admits the allegations in Paragraph 29.

30.	Desert	Palace	is	informed	and	believes,	and	thereon	admits	the	allegations	in
Paragraph 30.												

- 31. Desert Palace is informed and believes, and thereon admits that various news services ran articles regarding Seibel's conviction. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the remaining allegations of Paragraph 31 and therefore denies the same.
 - 32. Desert Palace admits the allegations in Paragraph 32.

Caesars Terminates the DNT Sub-License Agreement

- 33. To the extent Paragraph 33 purports to restate the terms of a letter from Desert Palace on September 2, 2016, Desert Palace admits the existence of that letter and refers to that letter for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 33.
- 34. To the extent Paragraph 34 purports to restate the terms of a letter from Desert Palace on September 21, 2016, Desert Palace admits the existence of that letter and refers to that letter for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 33.
- 35. Desert Palace admits that following its proper termination of the DNT Sub-License Agreement, OHR and Desert Palace entered into a license agreement. To the extent Paragraph 35 purports to restate the terms of that agreement, Desert Palace refers to that agreement for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 35.
- 36. Desert Palace admits that the Reorganized Debtors filed a Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on January 13, 2017. Desert Palace admits that the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Illinois entered an Order Confirming Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Plan") on January 17, 2017. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 36.
- 37. To the extent Paragraph 37 purports to restate the terms Debtors' Third Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, Desert Palace admits

the existence of that document and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents.

Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 37.

- 38. Desert Palace admits that it has not delivered New CEC Convertible Notes to DNT or OHR and that it determined Seibel was an "unsuitable person." The remaining allegations in Paragraph 38 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the same.
- 39. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 39 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 39.
- 40. To the extent Paragraph 40 purports to restate the terms of the Complaint filed by Desert Palace on or about August 25, 2017, Desert Palace admits the existence of that complaint and refers to that document for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 40.
- 41. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 41 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace admits there exists a dispute between Desert Palace, OHR, and DNT and denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 41.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Declaratory Judgment Against Caesars)

- 42. Desert Palace repeats and realleges each and every response to the preceding Paragraphs as if set forth fully herein.
- 43. To the extent Paragraph 43 purports to restate NRS 30.040(1), Desert Palace refers to that statute for an accurate recitation of its contents. Desert Palace denies all other allegations contained in Paragraph 43.
- 44. Desert Palace lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations of Paragraph 44 and therefore denies the same.

45. Desert Palace states that the allegations in Paragraph 45 are legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Desert Palace denies the allegations in Paragraph 45.

GENERAL DENIAL

All allegations in the Complaint that have not been expressly admitted, denied, or otherwise responded to, are denied.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Desert Palace asserts the following affirmative defenses and reserves the right to assert other defenses and claims, including, without limitation, counterclaims, crossclaims, and third-party claims, as and when appropriate and/or available in this or any other action. The statement of any defense herein does not assume the burden of proof for any issue as to which applicable law otherwise places the burden of proof on Desert Palace.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

OHR's damages or harm, if any, were not caused by any conduct of Desert Palace.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The injuries to OHR, if any, as alleged in the Complaint, were provoked and brought about by third party or parties over whom Desert Palace has no control, and any actions taken by Desert Palace were justified and privileged under the circumstances.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

All possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon the filing of Desert Palace's Answer and therefore, Desert Palace reserves the right to amend its Answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation so warrants.

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FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Desert Palace reserves the right to (a) rely upon such other affirmative defenses as may be supported by the facts to be determined through full and complete discovery, and (b) voluntarily withdraw any affirmative defense.

WHEREFORE, Desert Palace prays as follows:

- (1) OHR takes nothing by its Complaint;
- (2) For judgment in favor of Desert Palace;
- (3) For Desert Palace's costs; and,
- (4) For such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.

DATED this 27 day of November 2018.

PISANELLI BICE PLLC

1/1/1/200

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Attorneys for Desert Palace, Inc.; Paris Las Vegas Operating Company, LLC; PHWLV, LLC; and Boardwalk Regency Corporation d/b/a Caesars Atlantic City

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

	1						
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC and that, on this						
3	27 day of November 2018, I caused to be served via the Court's e-filing/e-service system a true						
4	and correct copy of the above and foregoing ANSWER TO COMPLAINT IN INTERVENTION						
5	to the following:						
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12	Attorneys for Rowen Seibel, DNT Acquisition Moti Partners, LLC, Moti Partner 16s, LLC,	n LLC, LLTQ Enterprises 16, LLC; FERG, LLC;					
13	LLTQ Enterprises, LLC, LLTQ Enterprises TPOV Enterprises, LLC, TPOV Enterprises	16, LLC, and MOTI Partners 16, LLC					
14	FERG, LLC, and FERG 16, LLC	TO, EEC,					
15	Allen J. Wilt, Esq. John D. Tennert III, Esq.	Mark J. Connot, Esq. Kevin M. Sutehall, Esq.					
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18	Attorneys for Gordon Ramsdy	Attorneys for Plaintiff in Intervention The Original Homestead Restaurant,					
19	Alon I ahanafald Faa	Inc.					
20	Alan Lebensfeld, Esq. LEBENSFELD SHARON & SCHWARTZ,	P.C.					
21	140 Broad Street Red Bank, NJ 07701						
22	Attorneys for DNT Acquisition LLC	YILA ILG MAII					
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25	Attorneys for J. Jeffrey Frederick	Trustee for GR Burgr, LLC					
26							
27		Joune					
20		An employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC					