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1 2 NOTICE OF APPEAL TO THE SUPREME COURT FROM A JUDGMENT OR ORDER 3 OF A DISTRICT COURT Electronically Filed 4 Nov 30 2021 11:49 a.m. Elizabeth A. Brown 5 No. A-20-814819-C Phoracon Supreme Court 6 IN THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE 7 STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR 8 THE COUNTY OF CLARK 9 10 Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff } 11 } \mathbf{v} . 12 Board of Trustees of the Clark 13 County School District, 14 15 Pat Skorkowski in his Official 16 and Individual Capacity, 17 18 Dr, Edward Goldman in his Official and Individual Capacity, 19 20 21 Dr. Jeffrey Geihs in his Official) 22 and Individual Capacity,

28 and Individual Capacity, 29

30 and

32 Louis Markouzis in his Official 33 and Individual Capacity,

Neddy Alvarez in her Official

Sonia Houghton in her Official

and Individual Capacity,

Defendants 34 }

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23 24

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PLAINTIFF'S NOTICE OF APPEAL

Notice is hereby given that Tenkasi Viswanathan,

Plaintiff above named, hereby appeals to the Supreme Court of

Nevada from the final judgments and from the orders entered in

this action on the days indicated as below:

- (1) From the final judgment entered on October 20, 2021
 (Docket No. 132), granting Defendant Clark County School
 District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment;
 granting Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's joinder to
 Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees'
 Motion for Summary Judgment; denying Plaintiff's motion
 to strike Defendant Clark County School District Board of
 Trustees' Motion for Summary judgment; denying
 Plaintiff's objections to and motion to strike parts or
 all of the declarations in support of Defendant Clark
 County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for
 Summary Judgment; and granting Plaintiff's request to
 withdraw Plaintiff's motion for partial summary judgment.
- (2) From the final judgment entered on October 20, 2021 (Docket No. 131), granting Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; denying Plaintiff's motion to strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary judgment; and denying Plaintiff's objections to and motion to strike Defendant Goldman's declaration in support of Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment.
- (3) From the Order entered on January 27, 2021 (Docket No. 77) granting Defendant Louis Markouzis' Motion to Dismiss and denying Plaintiff's Counter-Motion.

Dated this 19th day of November, 2021.

Jmn3warahan

/s/ Tenkasi Viswanathan 8220 Hollister Ave

1 Las Vegas, NV 89131 2 Phone: (252) 706-0169 3 Email: Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com 4 5 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 6 7 I, TENKASI VISWANATHAN, the plaintiff in this action, HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 19th Day of November 2021, I served 8 9 true and correct copies of the foregoing Document 10 PLAINTIFF'S NOTICE OF APPEAL 11 upon the defendants mentioned hereinbelow: 12 The documents were served electronically through the District 13 Court's Electronic Filing System at the e-mail addresses 14 indicated below: 15 (1)Attorney Crystal J. Herrera, ESQ 16 Office of the General Counsel 17 Clark County School District 18 5100 W Sahara Ave. 19 Las Vegas, NV 89146 20 Herrec4@nv.ccsd.net 21 Attorney for Defendants 22 CCSD Board of Trustees 23 Louis Markouzis 24 Pat Skorkowski 25 26 (2) Attorney James R. Olson, ESQ Attorney Stephanie A. Barker, ESQ. 27 OLSON CANNON, GORMLEY & STOBERSKI 28 9950 West Cheyenne Ave 29 Las Vegas, NV 89129 30 jolson@ocgas.com 31 32 sbarker@ocgas.com Attorney for Defendant 33 Dr. Edward Goldman 34

Per NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Respectfully, this the 19^{th} Day of November 2021.

Im viswamathan

/s/ Tenkasi Viswanathan

Tenkasi M. Viswanathan, pro se

8220 Hollister Ave

Las Vegas, NV 89131

Phone: 252-706-0169

 ${\tt E-mail: Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com}$

TO:

The Hon. Clerk of The Court Eighth Judicial District Court 200 Lewis Ave

RJC: Regional Justice Center Las Vegas, NV 89155

Honorable Clerk Of the Clark County District Court:

Sub: NOTICE OF APPEAL WITH SIGNATURE OF

PRO-SE PLAINTIFF

Case No. A-20-814819-C

I am writing to have my Notice of Appeal to the Supreme Court of Nevada filed in the above Case. I am the pro-se plaintiff. I understand that pro-se litigants have to submit an original signature with the filing. I am not sure if electronic signature is acceptable. So, I am submitting two copies of the Notice one with the original signature and the other with electronic signature. I am hoping that this will cure any deficiency in the filing.

Thank you for your support.

Respectfully yours,

/s/ Tenkasi Viswanathan Tenkasi Viswanathan 8220 Hollister Ave Las Vegas, NV 89131 Phone: (252) 706-0169

Email: Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com

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    NOAS
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     NOTICE OF APPEAL TO THE SUPREME COURT FROM A JUDGMENT OR ORDER
3
                            OF A DISTRICT COURT
4
5
         No. A-20-814819-C
                                                         Department 15
6
              IN THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE
7
                        STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR
8
                            THE COUNTY OF CLARK
9
10
    Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff
                                        }
11
                     v.
                                        }
12
    Board of Trustees of the Clark
    County School District,
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14
    Pat Skorkowski in his Official
15
16
    and Individual Capacity,
17
18
    Dr, Edward Goldman in his
19
    Official and Individual Capacity, )
20
21
    Dr. Jeffrey Geihs in his Official )
22
    and Individual Capacity,
23
24
    Neddy Alvarez in her Official
    and Individual Capacity,
25
26
27
    Sonia Houghton in her Official
28
    and Individual Capacity,
29
30
            and
31
    Louis Markouzis in his Official
32
                                        )
    and Individual Capacity,
33
                                        )
34
                         Defendants
                                         }
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Notice is hereby given that Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff above named, hereby appeals to the Supreme Court of Nevada from the final judgments and from the orders entered in this action on the days indicated as below:

- 7 8 9 10 11 12
- 13 14 15 16 17 18
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- 36 /s/ Tenkasi Viswanathan 8220 Hollister Ave 37

- (1) From the final judgment entered on October 20, 2021 (Docket No. 132), granting Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; granting Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's joinder to Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; denying Plaintiff's motion to strike Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary judgment; denying Plaintiff's objections to and motion to strike parts or all of the declarations in support of Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; and granting Plaintiff's request to withdraw Plaintiff's motion for partial summary judgment.
- (2) From the final judgment entered on October 20, 2021 (Docket No. 131), granting Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; denying Plaintiff's motion to strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary judgment; and denying Plaintiff's objections to and motion to strike Defendant Goldman's declaration in support of Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment.
- (3) From the Order entered on January 27, 2021 (Docket No. 77) granting Defendant Louis Markouzis' Motion to Dismiss and denying Plaintiff's Counter-Motion.
 - Dated this 19th day of November, 2021.

1	Las Vegas, NV 89131
2	Phone: (252) 706-0169
3	Email: Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com
4	
5	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
6	
7	I, TENKASI VISWANATHAN, the plaintiff in this action,
8	HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 19^{th} Day of November 2021, I served
9	true and correct copies of the foregoing Document
10	PLAINTIFF'S NOTICE OF APPEAL
11	upon the defendants mentioned hereinbelow:
12	The documents were served electronically through the District
13	Court's Electronic Filing System at the e-mail addresses
14	indicated below:
15	(1) Attorney Crystal J. Herrera, ESQ
16	Office of the General Counsel
17	Clark County School District
18	5100 W Sahara Ave.
19	Las Vegas, NV 89146
20	Herrec4@nv.ccsd.net
21	Attorney for Defendants
22	CCSD Board of Trustees
23	Louis Markouzis
24	Pat Skorkowski
25	
26	(2) Attorney James R. Olson, ESQ
27	Attorney Stephanie A. Barker, ESQ.
28	OLSON CANNON, GORMLEY & STOBERSKI
29	9950 West Cheyenne Ave
30	Las Vegas, NV 89129
31	jolson@ocgas.com
32	sbarker@ocgas.com
33	Attorney for Defendant
34	Dr. Edward Goldman

Per NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Respectfully, this the 19th Day of November 2021.

/s/ Tenkasi Viswanathan

Tenkasi M. Viswanathan, pro se 8220 Hollister Ave Las Vegas, NV 89131

Phone: 252-706-0169

E-mail: Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com

Electronically Filed 11/23/2021 10:26 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

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IN THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK

TENKASI VISWANATHAN,

Plaintiff(s),

vs.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT; BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT; DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN in his Official and Individual Capacity; DR. JEFFREY GEIHS in his Official and Individual Capacity; NEDDY ALVAREZ in her Official and Individual Capacity; SONYA HOUGHTON in her Official and Individual Capacity; LOUIS MARKOUZIS in his Official and Individual Capacity,

Defendant(s),

Case No: A-20-814819-C

Dept No: XV

CASE APPEAL STATEMENT

1. Appellant(s): Tenkasi Viswanathan

2. Judge: Joe Harsy

3. Appellant(s): Tenkasi Viswanathan

Counsel:

Tenkasi Viswanathan 8220 Hollister Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89131

A-20-814819-C

-1-

Case Number: A-20-814819-C

1 2	4. Respondent (s): Clark County School District; Board of Trustees of the Clark County School
	District; Louis Markouzis in his Official and Individual Capacity
3	Counsel:
5	Crystal J. Herrera, Esq. 5100 W. Sahara Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89146
67	Respondent (s): De. Edward Goldman in his Official and Individual Capacity
8	Counsel:
9 10	James R. Olson, Esq. 9950 W. Cheyenne Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89129
11 12	Respondent (s): Dr Jeffrey Geihs in his Official and Individual Capacity; Neddy Alvarez in her Official and Individual Capacity; Sonya Houghton in her Official and Individual Capacity
13	Counsel:
14	Unknown
15	
16 17	5. Appellant(s)'s Attorney Licensed in Nevada: N/A Permission Granted: N/A
18 19	Respondent(s)'s Attorney Licensed in Nevada: Yes Permission Granted: N/A
20	Respondent(s)'s Attorney Licensed in Nevada: Yes Permission Granted: N/A
21 22	Respondent(s)'s Attorney Licensed in Nevada: N/A Permission Granted: N/A
23	6. Has Appellant Ever Been Represented by Appointed Counsel In District Court: No
24	7. Appellant Represented by Appointed Counsel On Appeal: N/A
25	8. Appellant Granted Leave to Proceed in Forma Pauperis**: N/A
26 27	**Expires 1 year from date filed Appellant Filed Application to Proceed in Forma Pauperis: No Date Application(s) filed: N/A
28	9. Date Commenced in District Court: May 11, 2020
-~	10. Brief Description of the Nature of the Action: Construction Defect

A-20-814819-C -2-

1	
2	Type of Judgment or Order Being Appealed: Summary Judgment
3	11. Previous Appeal: No
4	Supreme Court Docket Number(s): N/A
5	12. Child Custody or Visitation: N/A
6	13. Possibility of Settlement: Unknown
7	Dated This 23 day of November 2021.
8	Steven D. Grierson, Clerk of the Court
9	
10	/s/ Heather Ungermann
11	Heather Ungermann, Deputy Clerk 200 Lewis Ave
12	PO Box 551601
13	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-1601 (702) 671-0512
14	
15	cc: Tenkasi Viswanathan
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CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-20-814819-C

Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff(s)

Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District,

Defendant(s)

10/20/2021

Location: Department 15 Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe Filed on: 05/11/2020 Cross-Reference Case A814819

Number:

CASE INFORMATION

§

Statistical Closures

Summary Judgment

Case Type: Employment Contract

Case Status:

10/20/2021 Closed

DATE CASE ASSIGNMENT

Current Case Assignment

A-20-814819-C Case Number Court Department 15 05/11/2020 Date Assigned Judicial Officer Hardy, Joe

PARTY INFORMATION

Lead Attorneys **Plaintiff** Viswanathan, Tenkasi Pro Se

252-706-0169(H)

Defendant Alvarez, Neddy

> **Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District** Herrera, Crystal J.

> > Retained

702-382-1500(W)

Clark County School District Herrera, Crystal J. Retained

702-382-1500(W)

Geihs, Jeffrey

Goldman, Edward Olson, James R.

Retained

7023844012(W)

Houghton, Sonya

Markouzis, Louis Herrera, Crystal J.

> Retained 702-382-1500(W)

Skorkowski, Pat Removed: 11/02/2020 Herrera, Crystal J. Retained

Dismissed 702-382-1500(W)

Fontano, James A. **Arbitrator**

DATE **EVENTS & ORDERS OF THE COURT INDEX**

05/11/2020

EVENTS

Complaint

Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi

[1] Complaint for Breach of Contract Declaratory judgment and For Recovery of Property

Damages

08/04/2020	Amended Complaint Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [2] Amended Complaint, pursuant to NRCP 15(a)(1)(A)
08/04/2020	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [3] Affidavit for Service on the Defendant Board of Trustees of Clark County School District
08/04/2020	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [4] Affidavit of Service on Defendant Pat Skorkowski
08/04/2020	Amended Complaint Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [6] Amended Complaint, Pursuant to NRCP 15 (a) (1) (A)
08/06/2020	Certificate of Service [5] Plaintiff's Certificate of Service
08/11/2020	Motion for Order Extending Time Filed by: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [7] Plaintiff's Motion for Order Extending Time to File Proof of Service of Process on Defendant Dr. Goldman
08/11/2020	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [8] Affidavit in Support of Motion to Extend Time for Filing Proof of Service of Process
08/13/2020	Clerk's Notice of Nonconforming Document [9] Clerk's Notice of Nonconforming Document
08/17/2020	Certificate of Service Filed by: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [10] Certificate certifying service of the filings submitted on 08/11/2020 (MOET and AFFD)
08/17/2020	Certificate of Service Filed by: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [11] This is the Certificate of Service for the CONFILE of MOET. The MOET was submitted on 08/11/20 and the corrected CONFILE submitted and served on 08/17/20. Please excuse the defect.
08/17/2020	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [12] Affidavit of Service of Process on Defendant Dr. Goldman
08/18/2020	Clerk's Notice of Nonconforming Document and Curative Action [13] Clerk's Notice of Curative Action
08/19/2020	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [14] Notice of Hearing
08/26/2020	Motion for Order Extending Time Filed by: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi

	CASE NO. A-20-014019-C
	[15] Plaintiff's Motion for Order Extending Time to Serve Process on Five of the 8 Defendants
08/26/2020	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [16] Affidavit in Support of Motion Requesting Order Extending Time to Serve Process on the Remaining Defendants
08/27/2020	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [17] Notice of Hearing
08/27/2020	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District [18] Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion to Dismiss
08/27/2020	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Defendant Skorkowski, Pat [19] Defendant Pat Skorkowsky's Motion to Dismiss
08/28/2020	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [20] Notice of Hearing
08/28/2020	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [21] Notice of Hearing
08/31/2020	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [22] Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion to Dismiss
08/31/2020	Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [23] Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure (NRS Chapter 19)
08/31/2020	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [24] Notice of Hearing
09/14/2020	Opposition and Countermotion Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [25] Plaintiff's Oppositio and Countermotion to Defendant CCSD Board of Trustees' Motion to Dismiss
09/14/2020	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [26] Plaintiff's Affidavit in Support of his Opposition and Countermotion to CCSD's Board of Trustees Motion to Dismiss
09/14/2020	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [27] Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Pat Skorkowsky's Motion to Dismiss
09/16/2020	Notice of Change of Hearing [28] Notice of Change of Hearing
09/16/2020	Notice of Change of Hearing [29] Notice of Change of Hearing

	CASE NO. A-20-014017-C
09/16/2020	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [30] Notice of Amended Hearing
09/16/2020	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [32] Notice of Amended Hearing
09/17/2020	Opposition and Countermotion Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [33] Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Goldman's Motion to Dismiss
09/17/2020	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [34] Plaintiff's Affidavit in Support of his Opposition and Countermotion to Defendant Goldman's Motion To Dismiss
09/18/2020	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [35] Notice of Hearing
09/21/2020	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [36] Proof of Service by Affidavit; Service on Defendant Louis markouzis
09/23/2020	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District; Defendant Skorkowski, Pat [37] Stipulation and Order to Consolidate Motion Hearings
09/23/2020	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District; Defendant Skorkowski, Pat [38] Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Consolidate Motion Hearings
09/28/2020	Order Denying [39] Order Denying Extension of Time to File Proof of Service
09/28/2020	Order Extending Time to Serve [40] Order Extending Time to Serve Process
10/01/2020	Opposition Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District [41] Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Limited Opposition to Plaintiff's Countermotion
10/02/2020	Reply to Opposition Filed by: Defendant Goldman, Edward [42] Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Motion to Dismiss, and Dr. Goldman's Opposition to Plaintiff's Countermotion
10/08/2020	Amended Summons [43] Amended Summons
10/12/2020	Reply to Opposition Filed by: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District

	[44] Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Reply to Plaintiff s Opposition to its Motion to Dismiss
10/12/2020	Reply to Opposition Filed by: Defendant Skorkowski, Pat [45] Defendant Pat Skorkowsky's Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Motion to Dismiss
10/13/2020	Joinder to Opposition to Motion Filed by: Defendant Goldman, Edward [46] Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Joinder in Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to its Motion to Dismiss
10/28/2020	Order Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [47] Order Granting in part and Denying in part Defendant Dr. Goldman's Motion to Dismiss and Granting in part Plaintiff's Counter-Motion
11/02/2020	Order Granting Motion Filed By: Defendant Skorkowski, Pat [48] Order Granting Defendant Pat Snorkowsky's Motion to Dismiss
11/02/2020	Order Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District [49] Order Granting in Part and Denying in part Defendant CCSD Board of Trustees' Motion to Dismiss and Plaintiff's Counter-Motion
11/02/2020	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Skorkowski, Pat [50] Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendant Pat Skorkowsky's Motion to Dismiss
11/02/2020	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District [51] Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion to Dismiss and Plaintiff's Countermotion
11/05/2020	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [52] Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion to Dismiss and Granting in Part Plaintiff's Counter-Motion
11/09/2020	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Defendant Markouzis, Louis [53] Defendant Louis Markouzis' Motion to Dismiss
11/10/2020	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [54] Notice of Hearing
11/12/2020	Answer Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [55] Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Answer to Plaintiff's Amended Complaint
11/12/2020	Demand for Jury Trial Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [56] Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Demand for Jury Trial

	CASE NO. A-20-814819-C
11/16/2020	Answer to Amended Complaint Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District [57] Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Answer to Plaintiff's Amended Complaint
11/16/2020	Motion to Reconsider Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [58] Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration of Order Entered on 11-02-2020 Granting Defendant Skorkowsky's Motion to Dismiss
11/16/2020	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [59] Plaintiff's Affidavit in Support of Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration of Order Entered on 11/2/20 Granting Defendant Pat Skorkowsky's Motion to Dismiss
11/17/2020	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [60] Notice of Hearing
11/23/2020	Opposition and Countermotion Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [61] Plaintiff's Partial Opposition and Counter Motion to Defendant Louis Markouzis Motion To Dismiss
11/23/2020	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [62] Plaintiff's Affidavit in Support of his Partial Opposition and Counter Motion to Defendant Markouzis Motion to Dismiss
11/26/2020	Amended Certificate of Service Party: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [63] Amending the Certificates of November 16 and of November 23, 2020
12/01/2020	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District [64] Defendant Pat Skorkowsky's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration
12/07/2020	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Markouzis, Louis; Defendant Clark County School District [65] Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearing
12/08/2020	Reply to Opposition Filed by: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [66] Plaintiff's REPLY to Defendant Pat Skorkowsky's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration
12/14/2020	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Defendant Markouzis, Louis [67] Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearing
12/19/2020	Notice of Compliance Party: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [68] Notice of Plaintiff's Compliance with the ADR Commissioner's Arbitration Selection List
01/03/2021	Notice of Hearing

	CASE NO. A-20-814819-C
	Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [69] Notice notifying hearing of 01-04-2021
01/04/2021	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Markouzis, Louis [70] Defendant Louis Markouzis' Reply in Support of Motion to Dismiss
01/07/2021	Appointment of Arbitrator [71] Appointment of Arbitrator
01/19/2021	Notice of Early Arbitration Conference Filed By: Arbitrator Fontano, James A. [72] Notice of Early Arbitration Conference
01/22/2021	Notice to Appear for Arbitration Hearing Filed by: Arbitrator Fontano, James A. [73] Notice to Appear for Arbitration Hearing
01/22/2021	Arbitration Discovery Order Filed By: Arbitrator Fontano, James A. [74] Arbitration Discovery Order
01/26/2021	Order Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District [75] Order Denying Plaintiff's Motion to Reconsideration of Order Entered on November 2, 2020 Granting Defendant Pat Skorkowsky's Motion to Dismiss
01/26/2021	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District; Defendant Markouzis, Louis; Defendant Clark County School District [76] Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiff s Motion for Reconsideration of Order Entered on November 2, 2020 Granting Defendant Pat Skorkowsky s Motion to Dismiss
01/27/2021	Order Filed By: Defendant Markouzis, Louis [77] Order Granting Defendant Louis Markouzis's Motion to Dismiss and Denying Plaintiff's Counter-Motion
01/28/2021	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District; Defendant Markouzis, Louis; Defendant Clark County School District [78] Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendant Louis Markouzis Motion to Dismiss and Denying Plaintiff's Counter-Motion
02/04/2021	Order of Arbitrator Filed By: Arbitrator Fontano, James A. [79] Order Granting Motion
04/20/2021	Change of Address Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [80] Change of Plaintiff's Physical Address
05/12/2021	Arbitration Discovery Order Filed By: Arbitrator Fontano, James A. [81] ORDER GRANTING IN PART MOTION FOR DEPOSING DISMISSED DEFENDANTS

	l l
05/19/2021	Notice to Appear for Arbitration Hearing [82] AMENDED NOTICE TO APPEAR FOR ARBITRATION HEARING
05/19/2021	Order of Arbitrator Filed By: Arbitrator Fontano, James A. [83] ORDER DENYING MOTION TO ARBITRATOR REQUESTING PROTECTIVE ORDER UNDER NRCP RULE 26(c)
05/24/2021	Order of Arbitrator Filed By: Arbitrator Fontano, James A. [84] ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION
06/08/2021	Demand for Jury Trial Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [85] Plaintff Viswanathan's Demand for Jury Trial
06/14/2021	Motion for Summary Judgment Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [86] Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment
06/14/2021	Motion for Summary Judgment Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District [87] Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgement
06/14/2021	Motion for Partial Summary Judgment Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [88] (10/20/21 Withdrawn) Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment
06/15/2021	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [89] AFFD in Support of MPSJ
06/15/2021	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [90] Notice of Hearing
06/15/2021	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [91] Notice of Hearing
06/15/2021	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [92] Notice of Hearing
06/15/2021	Joinder to Motion For Summary Judgment Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [93] Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Joinder to Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment
06/20/2021	Notice Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [94] Letter to the Hon. Clerk Requesting Withdrawal of Plaintiff's MPSJ and the AFFD in Support
06/20/2021	Motion to Amend

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-20-814819-C

Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [95] Plaintiff's First Amended Partial Summary Judgment Motion 06/21/2021 Motion to Strike Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [96] Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment 06/21/2021 Motion to Strike Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [97] Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment and His Joinder to the Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustee's Motion for Summary Judgment 06/22/2021 Clerk's Notice of Hearing [98] Notice of Hearing 06/23/2021 Objection Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [99] Plaintiff Objecting to Untimely Papers under Rule 16.1 06/25/2021 Opposition to Motion For Summary Judgment Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District [100] Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment 06/25/2021 Opposition and Countermotion Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District [101] Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Defendant Board's Motion for Summary Judgment and Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline 06/28/2021 Motion for Order Extending Time Filed by: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [102] Plaintiff's Motion Requesting Order for a Seven-Day Extension of Time to Serve and File his Opposition to "Defendant Clark County School District board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment", "Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment" and Dr. Edward Goldman's Joinder to Defendant Clark County School Distrit Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment" Plaintiff's First Request for Extension 06/28/2021 Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [103] Plaintiff's Affidavit in Suport of Plaintiff's MOET 06/29/2021 Response Filed by: Defendant Goldman, Edward [104] Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Response to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment and to Strike Defendant Goldman's Joinder in the Motion for Summary Judgment by the CCSD Board of Trustees 06/29/2021 Notice of Non Opposition Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [105] Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Notice of Non-Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion Requesting a Seven-Day Extension of Time to Serve and File Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment 06/29/2021

	CASE 110. A-20-01-017-C
	Joinder to Opposition to Motion Filed by: Defendant Goldman, Edward [106] Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Joinder in Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Defendant Board's Motion for Summary Judgment and Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline
06/29/2021	Clerk's Notice of Nonconforming Document [107] Clerk's Notice of Nonconforming Document
07/04/2021	Affidavit in Support [108] Plaintiff's Affidavit in Support Resubmitted Concurrently with CONFILE
07/06/2021	Motion to Strike Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [109] Plaintiff's Motion to Strike all or Parts of the Declarations attached as Exhibit A, Exhibit B, and Exhibit C to Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment, and the Exhibits Thereto; Plaintiff's Objections to the said summary Judgment Motion and Exhibits Thereto
07/06/2021	Declaration Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [110] Plaintiff's Declaration in Support of Motion To Strike
07/06/2021	Motion to Strike Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [111] Plaintiff's Motion To Strike the Declaration of Defendant Goldman
07/07/2021	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [112] Notice of Hearing
07/08/2021	Clerk's Notice of Nonconforming Document and Curative Action [113] Clerk's Notice of Curative Action
07/08/2021	Clerk's Notice of Hearing [114] Notice of Hearing
07/09/2021	Opposition Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [115] Plaintiff Viswanathan's Opposition to Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline and to Defendant Goldman's Joinder to the Said Countermotion
07/11/2021	Amended Certificate of Service Party: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [116] Plaintiff's Amended Certificate of Service
07/12/2021	Motion to Amend Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [117] First Amended Motion Amending Plaintiff's Motion to Strike All or Parts of the Declarations Attached as Exhibit A, Exhibit B, and Exhibit C to Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment, and the Exhibits Thereto; Plaintiff's Objections to the Said Judgment Motion and Exhibits Thereto
07/12/2021	Clerk's Notice of Nonconforming Document [118] Clerk's Notice of Nonconforming Document

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07/12/2021	Non Opposition Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District [119] Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Non-Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion Requesting a Seven-Day Extension of Time to Serve and File Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment
07/13/2021	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Goldman, Edward [120] Stipulation and Order to Consolidate Hearings
07/13/2021	Notice of Change of Arbitration Hearing [121] ORDER CONTINUING ARBITRATION HEARING
07/14/2021	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [122] Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Consolidate Hearings
07/20/2021	Reply to Opposition Filed by: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [123] Plaintiff's Reply To BOT's Opposition To Plaintiff's Motion To Strike BOT's MSJD
07/20/2021	Reply to Opposition Filed by: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [124] Plaintiff's Reply To Defendant Goldman's Joinder in Opposition To Plaintiff's MSTR
07/21/2021	Opposition Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District [125] Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustee's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Declarations in Support of Defendant Board's Motion for Summary Judgment
08/05/2021	Response Filed by: Defendant Goldman, Edward [126] Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Response to Plaintiff's Objections to the Declaration of Defendant Goldman Served With His Motion for Summary Judgment and Motion to Strike the Declaration
08/05/2021	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Goldman, Edward [127] Stipulation and Order to Continue August 18, 2021 Hearing to August 25, 2021
08/06/2021	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [128] Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Continue August 18, 2021 Hearing to August 25, 2021
08/13/2021	Notice of Change of Arbitration Hearing [129] NOTICE OF CHANGE OF ARBITRATION HEARING DATE & TIME
08/18/2021	Reply Filed by: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [130] Plaintiff's Reply to Defendant Goldman's Aug 5, 2021-Response To Plaintiff's Objections and Motion To Strike

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10/20/2021 Order Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [131] Order Granting Defendant Dr Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; Granting Plaintiff's Motion to Extend the Time to Oppose Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; Denying Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; Denying Plaintiff's Objections to, and Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Declaration in Support of Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; and Denying as Moot Defendant Goldman's Joinder in Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustee's Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline 10/20/2021 Order Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District; Defendant Clark County School District [132] Order Granting Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustee's Motion for Summary Judgment; Granting Defendant Dr Edward Goldman's Joinder to Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustee's Motion for Summary Judgment; Granting Plaintiff's Motion to Extend the Time to Oppose Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; Denying Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; Denying Plaintiff's Objections to and Motion to Strike Parts or all of the Declarations in Support of Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; Denying as Moot Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline; and Granting Plaintiff's Request to Withdraw Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment 10/20/2021 Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District; Defendant Clark County School District [133] Notice of Entry of Order ADR - Change of Status 10/20/2021 [134] Change of Status 10/20/2021 Arbitrators Bill for Fees and Costs [135] Arbitrator's Bill for Fees and Costs 10/21/2021 Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Goldman, Edward [136] Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; Granting Plaintiff's Motion to Extend the Time to Oppose Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; Denying Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; Denying Plaintiff's Objections To, and Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Declaration in Support of Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; 11/17/2021 Motion to Amend Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [137] Plaintiff's Motion Under NRCP Rule 52 and Rule 59 11/17/2021 Declaration Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi [138] Plaintif's Declaration in Support of Plaintiff's Rule 59 Motion 11/19/2021 Clerk's Notice of Hearing [139] Notice of Hearing 11/19/2021 Notice of Appeal Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi

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[140] Plaintiff's Notice of Appeal

11/23/2021

Case Appeal Statement

Filed By: Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi

Case Appeal Statement

DISPOSITIONS

10/28/2020 Order of Dismissal Without Prejudice (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Debtors: Tenkasi Viswanathan (Plaintiff) Creditors: Dr. Edward Goldman (Defendant) Judgment: 10/28/2020, Docketed: 11/03/2020

Comment: Certain Claim

11/02/2020 Order of Dismissal Without Prejudice (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Debtors: Tenkasi Viswanathan (Plaintiff) Creditors: Pat Skorkowski (Defendant) Judgment: 11/02/2020, Docketed: 11/04/2020

11/02/2020 Order of Dismissal Without Prejudice (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Debtors: Tenkasi Viswanathan (Plaintiff)

Creditors: Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District (Defendant)

Judgment: 11/02/2020, Docketed: 11/04/2020

Comment: In Part/ Certain Claim

01/27/2021 **Order of Dismissal** (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Debtors: Tenkasi Viswanathan (Plaintiff) Creditors: Louis Markouzis (Defendant) Judgment: 01/27/2021, Docketed: 01/28/2021

Comment: Certain Claims

10/20/2021 **Summary Judgment** (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Debtors: Tenkasi Viswanathan (Plaintiff)

Creditors: Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District (Defendant), Dr. Edward

Goldman (Defendant), Clark County School District (Defendant)

Judgment: 10/20/2021, Docketed: 10/21/2021

10/20/2021 **Summary Judgment** (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Debtors: Tenkasi Viswanathan (Plaintiff) Creditors: Dr. Edward Goldman (Defendant) Judgment: 10/20/2021, Docketed: 10/21/2021

HEARINGS

09/21/2020 **Motion for Order** (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Plaintiff's Motion for Order Extending Time to File Proof of Service of Process on Defendant

Dr. Goldman

Denied Without Prejudice;

09/21/2020 **Motion for Order** (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Plaintiff's Motion for Order Extending Time to Serve Process on Five of the 8 Defendants

Motion Granted;

09/21/2020 | Tall Pending Motions (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Minute Order - No Hearing Held;

Journal Entry Details:

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR ORDER EXTENDING TIME TO FILE PROOF OF SERVICE OF PROCESS ON DEFENDANT DR. GOLDMAN...PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR ORDER EXTENDING TIME TO SERVE PROCESS ON FIVE OF THE 8 DEFENDANTS COURT ORDERED Plaintiff s Motion to Extend Time to Serve Process on Remaining Defendants is hereby GRANTED pursuant to NRCP 4(e)(4), and for all the reasons set forth in the Motion

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and Affidavit in Support. Plaintiff is to prepare the written order, submit it directly to Department 15 s chambers within ten days pursuant to EDCR 7.21. All proposed orders must be submitted via email at dc15inbox@clarkcountycourts.us pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17. COURT ORDERED Plaintiff s Motion for Order Extending Time to File Proof of Service of Process is hereby DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE. The Court finds the instant Motion is moot given the Affidavit of Service of Process filed on August 17, 2020. See NRCP 4 (d)(5) (Failure to make proof of service does not affect the validity of the service). CLERK'S NOTE: This Minute Order was electronically served by Courtroom Clerk, Kristin Duncan, to all registered parties for Odyssey File & Serve. (KD 9/22/2020);

10/19/2020 **Motion to Dismiss** (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion to Dismiss

Granted in Part;

10/19/2020 **Motion to Dismiss** (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Defendant Pat Skorkowsky's Motion to Dismiss

Motion Granted:

10/19/2020 **Motion to Dismiss** (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion to Dismiss

Clerical Error Granted in Part;

10/19/2020 **Opposition and Countermotion** (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Plaintiff's Oppositio and Countermotion to Defendant CCSD Board of Trustees' Motion to

Dismiss

Granted in Part;

10/19/2020 **Motion to Dismiss** (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Goldman's Motion to Dismiss

Granted in Part;

10/19/2020 All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Matter Heard:

Journal Entry Details:

All parties present via Blue Jeans. DEFENDANT PAT SKORKOWSKY'S MOTION TO DISMISS Ms. Herrera argued in support of the instant Motion, stating that Plaintiff attempted to serve Defendant Skorkowsky through the School District's legal department, and the legal department did not accept service on behalf of Defendant Skorkowsky, nor were they authorized to accept service on behalf of Defendant Skorkowsky. Mr. Viswanathan argued in opposition, stating that an Affidavit was filed by the process server, indicating that Defendant Skorkowsky had been properly served. COURT ORDERED the instant Motion was hereby GRANTED WITHOUT PREJUDICE for all of the reasons set forth in the Motion and Reply, FINDING the following: (1) Defendant Skorkowsky was not properly served with the Summons and Complaint; and (2) the Affidavit of Service indicated that the manner of service was substitute business, which was not proper. Ms. Herrera to prepare the written Order, incorporating the reasons in the Motion and Reply, as the Court's ruling, and forward it to Mr. Viswanathan via e-mail, for approval as to form and content; Mr. Viswanathan shall have two (2) days from receipt of the Proposed Order, to make any corrections, before Ms. Herrera submitted the Proposed Order to the Court. DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION TO DISMISS...PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION AND COUNTERMOTION TO DEFENDANT CCSD BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION TO DISMISS Ms. Herrera argued in support of Defendant CCSD's Motion, stating that breach of fiduciary duty, breach of contract, and breach of covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims, must be dismissed based upon the statute of limitations. Mr. Viswanathan argued in opposition, stating that Defendant raised issued in their Reply that were not raised in the Motion, which deprived him of the opportunity to address those issues. COURT ORDERED Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion to Dismiss, was hereby GRANTED IN PART / DENIED IN PART WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING and ORDERING the following: (1) the claim for breach of fiduciary duty was hereby DISMISSED, as the three year statute of limitations applied to said claim; (2) as Plaintiff admitted on page 8, lines 18-21 of the Opposition, time began to run on April 28, 2014, when the breach was discovered; (3) the Complaint was not filed until May 11, 2020, and whether the Court

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considered that Complaint, or the Amended Complaint (filed August 4, 2020), the result would be the same; (4) for the purpose of the instant Motion, the Court accepted the factual allegations contained in the original Complaint as true, including the procedural aspects; (5) the breach of fiduciary duty claim must be dismissed as a matter of law; (6) the remainder of the requested relief was DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE; (7) the Court considered the substance of the Plaintiff's claims, and accepted all facts as pled as true, as it must under the Motion to Dismiss standard; (8) the breach of contract and breach of covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims, both had six year statutes of limitations; (9) based upon the statutes of limitations, the tolling from Governor Sisolak's April 1, 2020, Executive Order, and Court's Administrative Orders, the Complaint was timely filed as to the breach of contract and breach of covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims; and (10) the preemption arguments were essentially raised for the first time in the Reply; therefore, it would not be proper to consider them at this time. COURT FURTHER ORDERED Plaintiff's Countermotion was hereby GRANTED IN PART / DENIED IN PART WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING and ORDERING the following: (1) the Countermotion was GRANTED IN PART to construe the Amended Complaint (filed on August 4, 2020 at 4:00 PM), as having been filed on August 3, 2020; and (2) the remainder of the requested relief, was hereby DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE. Ms. Herrera to prepare the written Order for the Motion and Countermotion, and forward it to Mr. Viswanathan via e-mail, for approval as to form and content; Mr. Viswanathan shall have two (2) days from receipt of the Proposed Order, to make any corrections, before Ms. Herrera submitted the Proposed Order to the Court. DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION TO DISMISS...PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION TO DISMISS Ms. Barker argued in support of Defendant Goldman's Motion, stating that Defendant Goldman was not a party to the contract between the School District and Mr. Viswanathan. Additionally, Ms. Barker argued that Governor Sisolak's Executive Order did not toll the statutes of limitations; NRS 391.100 and NRS 391.120 cited. Mr. Viswanathan argued in opposition, stating that Defendant Goldman was the manger of employee relations; therefore, it was appropriate to include him as a party in the Complaint. COURT ORDERED Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion to Dismiss, was hereby GRANTED IN PART / DENIED IN PART WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING and ORDERING the following: (1) the claim for breach of fiduciary duty was hereby DISMISSED, as the three year statute of limitations applied to said claim; (2) as Plaintiff admitted on page 8, lines 18-21 of the Opposition, time began to run on April 28, 2014, when the breach was discovered; (3) the Complaint was not filed until May 11, 2020, and whether the Court considered that Complaint, or the Amended Complaint (filed August 4, 2020), the result would be the same; (4) for the purpose of the instant Motion, the Court accepted the factual allegations contained in the original Complaint as true, including the procedural aspects; (5) the breach of fiduciary duty claim must be dismissed as a matter of law; (6) the remainder of the requested relief was DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE; (7) the Court considered the substance of the Plaintiff's claims, and accepted all facts as pled as true, as it must under the Motion to Dismiss standard; (8) the breach of contract and breach of covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims, both had six year statutes of limitations; and (9) based upon the statutes of limitations, the tolling from Governor Sisolak's April 1, 2020, Executive Order, and Court's Administrative Orders, the Complaint was timely filed as to the breach of contract and breach of covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims. COURT FURTHER ORDERED Plaintiff's Countermotion was hereby GRANTED IN PART / DENIED IN PART WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING and ORDERING the following: (1) the Countermotion was GRANTED IN PART to construe the Amended Complaint (filed on August 4, 2020 at 4:00 PM), as having been filed on August 3, 2020; and (2) the remainder of the requested relief, was hereby DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE. Ms. Barker to prepare the written Order for the Motion and Countermotion, and forward it to Mr. Viswanathan via e-mail, for approval as to form and content; Mr. Viswanathan shall have two (2) days from receipt of the Proposed Order, to make any corrections, before Ms. Barker submitted the Proposed Order to the Court.

01/06/2021



Motion For Reconsideration (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration of Order Entered on 11-02-2020 Granting Defendant Skorkowsky's Motion to Dismiss

Minute Order - No Hearing Held; Journal Entry Details:

COURT ORDERED, Plaintiff s Motion to Reconsideration of the Order Granting Defendant Pat Skorkowsky s Motion to Dismiss is hereby DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE. The Court finds that Plaintiff has not provided any new law, new evidence, or shown that the Court s ruling was clearly erroneous. On that basis, the Court finds that Plaintiff has not met her burden on reconsideration. See Masonry & Title Contractors Ass n v. Jolley, Urga & Wirth LTD, 113 Nev. 737, 741, 941 P.2d 486, 489 (1997). Counsel for Defendant Pat Skorkowsky is

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to prepare the written order, submit it to all counsel for review and approval, and submit it to Department 15 s chambers within ten days pursuant to EDCR 7.21. All proposed orders must be submitted via email at dc15inbox@clarkcountycourts.us pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17. CLERK'S NOTE: This Minute Order was electronically served by Courtroom Clerk, Kristin Duncan, to all registered parties for Odyssey File & Serve. (KD 1/6/2021);

01/11/2021

Motion to Dismiss (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Defendant Louis Markouzis' Motion to Dismiss

Motion Granted;

01/11/2021

Opposition and Countermotion (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Plaintiff's Partial Opposition and Counter Motion to Defendant Louis Markouzis Motion To

Motion Denied;

01/11/2021

All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Matter Heard;

Journal Entry Details:

DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' MOTION TO DISMISS...PLAINTIFF'S PARTIAL OPPOSITION AND COUNTER MOTION TO DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' MOTION TO DISMISS All parties present via Blue Jeans. The Court noted that it reviewed the Motion, Opposition and Countermotion, and the Reply. Ms. Herrera argued in support of Defendant Markouzis' Motion to Dismiss, stating that Plaintiff conceded that the Breach of Fiduciary Duty claims should be dismissed. Additionally, Ms. Herrera argued that Defendant Markouzis was not a party to the subject contract; therefore, the Breach of Contract and Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing claims against Mr. Markouzis should be dismissed. Furthermore, Ms. Herrera argued that the official capacity claims may be able to stand against an employee or officer, however, those claims were redundant when the actual entity was named as a Defendant, as was the scenario in the instant case. Mr. Viswanathan argued in opposition to Defendant Markouzis' Motion to Dismiss, and in support of the Counter Motion, stating that Defendant's counsel raised issues outside of the pleadings during their oral arguments; therefore, the Court should not consider those arguments. COURT ORDERED Defendant Louis Markouzis' Motion to Dismiss was hereby GRANTED WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING the following: (1) as conceded by the Plaintiff, the Breach of Fiduciary Duty claim against Defendant Markouzis, was hereby DISMISSED; (2) The Breach of Contract claim against Defendant Markouzis, as well as the Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing claim against Defendant Markouzis, were hereby DISMISSED; (3) Plaintiff's Partial Opposition and Counter Motion to Defendant Louis Markouzis' Motion to Dismiss, was hereby DENIED; (4) the Court made its ruling under the NRCP 12(b)(5) standard; therefore, Court must consider all factual allegations as true; (5) as pled, there was not contract between the Plaintiff and Defendant Markouzis; therefore, there could not be any breach of contract, or breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing; (6) Plaintiff's arguments ignored, or contradicted, their own pleadings; (7) the proposed amendment to the Complaint was futile, as there was no contract between the Plaintiff and Defendant Markouzis, based upon the current pleadings; (8) the Counter Motion was denied, as there was no proposed amended Complaint attached, as required under the rules; and (9) the preemption argument was moot, given the dismissal under the NRCP 12(b)(5) standard. Ms. Herrera to prepare the written Order, and forward it to Mr. Viswanathan for approval as to form and content.;

08/25/2021

Motion for Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Events: 06/14/2021 Motion for Summary Judgment

Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment

Motion Granted;

08/25/2021

Motion for Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Events: 06/14/2021 Motion for Summary Judgment

Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgement

Motion Granted;

08/25/2021

Motion for Partial Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)

Events: 06/14/2021 Motion for Partial Summary Judgment

Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment

	Denied Without Prejudice;	ı
08/25/2021	Joinder (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Events: 06/15/2021 Joinder to Motion For Summary Judgment Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Joinder to Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment Granted;	
08/25/2021	Motion to Strike (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment Motion Denied;	
08/25/2021	Motion to Strike (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment and His Joinder to the Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustee's Motion for Summary Judgment Motion Denied;	
08/25/2021	Opposition and Countermotion (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Defendant Board's Motion for Summary Judgment and Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline Moot;	
08/25/2021	Motion to Strike (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Plaintiff's Motion to Strike all or Parts of the Declarations attached as Exhibit A, Exhibit B, and Exhibit C to Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment, and the Exhibits Thereto; Plaintiff's Objections to the said summary Judgment Motion and Exhibits Thereto Motion Denied;	
08/25/2021	Motion for Order Extending Time (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Plaintiff's Motion Requesting Order for a Seven-Day Extension of Time to Serve and File his Opposition to "Defendant Clark County School District board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment", "Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment" and Dr. Edward Goldman's Joinder to Defendant Clark County School Distrit Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment" Plaintiff's First Request for Extension Motion Granted;	Ī
08/25/2021	Joinder (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Joinder in Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Defendant Board's Motion for Summary Judgment and Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline Denied;	
08/25/2021	Motion to Strike (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Declaration of Defendant Goldman Motion Denied;	
08/25/2021	All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Matter Heard; Journal Entry Details: All parties present via Blue Jeans. PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT Upon Court's inquiry, Mr. Viswanathan confirmed that he wished to withdraw the instant Motion. COURT ORDERED Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment, was hereby WITHDRAWN. DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENTDEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENTDEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S JOINDER TO DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENTPLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO	

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STRIKE DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT...PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE THE DECLARATION OF DEFENDANT GOLDMAN...PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND HIS JOINDER TO THE DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEE'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT...PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE ALL OR PARTS OF THE DECLARATION ATTACHED AS EXHIBIT A, EXHIBIT B, AND EXHIBIT C TO DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, AND THE EXHIBITS THERETO; PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO THE SAID SUMMARY JUDGMENT MOTION AND EXHIBITS THERETO Ms. Herrera and Ms. Barker submitted on arguments set forth in the Motions for Summary Judgment and Joinder. The Court noted that, although the Defendants did not oppose Mr. Viswanathan request for additional time to file an Opposition to the Motions and Joinder, Mr. Viswanathan chose not to do so. Mr. Viswanathan confirmed that, rather than file an Opposition, he chose to file his various Motions to Strike. The Court noted that Plaintiff filed his Motion for Summary Judgment the same day that Defendants filed theirs. Mr. Viswanathan argued in opposition to the Motions for Summary Judgment, as well as the Joinder, stating that he was entitled to judgment as a matter of law; however, the Defendants were not entitled to summary judgment under the law. Ms. Herrera argued in opposition to the Plaintiff's various Motions to Strike, stating that there was no opposition to the Plaintiff's request for additional time. Additionally, Ms. Herrera stated that arbitration was moved to October 6, 2021, which also moved the dispositive Motion deadline to forty-five days prior to arbitration; therefore the request for additional time was moot. Ms. Barker joined Ms. Herrera's arguments. Arguments in support of the Motions to Strike by Mr. Viswanathan. COURT ORDERED ALL of the Plaintiff's Motions to Strike, were hereby DENIED for all of the reasons set forth in the Oppositions, FINDING the following: (1) Plaintiff's argument that Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment were not timely filed, was moot, given the continuance of the arbitration hearing; (2) Plaintiff filed his Motion for Summary Judgment on the same day the Defendants filed theirs; therefore, the Plaintiff calculated the deadline for the Motions for Summary Judgment the same as the Defendants; therefore, it was disingenuous for the Plaintiff to withdraw his Motion for Summary Judgment, so that he could then argue that Defendants Motions were not timely filed; (3) Plaintiff has had time, opportunity, and notice, and could have responded to the Defendants' Motions, if he chose; (4) public policy favored decisions based on the substance of Motions for Summary Judgment, rather than striking a Motion for no good cause; and (5) there was an extended period of time between the Defendants filing their Motions for Summary Judgment, and the instant hearing, which provided the Plaintiff with plenty of time to respond. COURT ORDERED that Defendant Clark County School District's Motion for Summary Judgment, Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, and Dr. Edward Goldman's Joinder to Defendant Clark County School District's Motion for Summary Judgment, were hereby GRANTED for all of the reasons set forth in the Motions and Joinder, FINDING the following: (1) there were no genuine issues of material fact; (2) Plaintiff's claims against the Defendants were based upon an alleged premature non-renewal of the Plaintiff's probationary contract; (3) the Court incorporated the statement of undisputed facts set forth on pages three through five of CCSD's Motion for Summary Judgment in its ruling; (4) the Court incorporated the legal standards set forth on pages six through seven of CCSD's Motion for Summary Judgment in its ruling; (5) Plaintiff's breach of contract claim failed as a matter of law: (6) the Board had a contractual and statutory right not to renew Plaintiff's probationary contract; (7) the Board's right of nonrenewal had limited temporal limitations; (8) Plaintiff was permitted to submit a response to his evaluation, only for inclusion into his personnel file; however, that right did not affect the Board's right to terminate the contract; (9) Plaintiff failed to exercise the appropriate administrative remedies under NRS 288.110(2) and NRS 288.280; (10) the Court incorporated the undisputed facts set forth in Dr. Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, as set forth on pages four through seven in its ruling; (11) the Court incorporated the legal arguments set forth in Dr. Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, as set forth on pages seven through sixteen, in its ruling; (12) the Court's ruling was based upon NRCP 56, as well as the accompanying case law; (13) the breach of contract claim, as well as the breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing claim, against Dr. Goldman, could not stand as a matter of law; (14) as a matter of law, Dr. Goldman was not a proper party to the instant suit; (15) a claim against Dr. Goldman in his official capacity was redundant to the suit against the CCSD Board of Trustees; (16) Dr. Goldman had no authority to grant the relief being sought by the Plaintiff; (17) the negotiated agreement governing the Plaintiff's probationary teaching contract, provided the exclusive remedy for challenging the non-renewal of the contract; (18) the Court incorporated the entirety of the instant case's procedural history into its ruling; (19) although the Plaintiff was made aware of the Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment on June 14, 2021, and the Defendants did not oppose an extension of time for the Plaintiff to file Oppositions, the Plaintiff failed to file any Oppositions; (20) Plaintiff was given the opportunity

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-20-814819-C

to respond to the Motions for Summary Judgment orally at the instant hearing, but took the position that opposition was not necessary, as he had filed multiple Motions to Strike; and (21) the instant Order CONSTITUTED A FINAL JUDGMENT. Ms. Herrera to prepare the written Order regarding the Motions to Strike, as well as the Motions / Joinder for Summary Judgment, including Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and forward it to Ms. Barker and Mr. Viswanathan for approval as to form and content. DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE THE DEFENDANT BOARD'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND COUNTERMOTION TO EXTEND THE DISPOSITIVE MOTION DEADLINE...DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S JOINDER IN DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE THE DEFENDANT BOARD'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND COUNTERMOTION TO EXTEND THE DISPOSITIVE MOTION DEADLINE Given the proceedings in the case, COURT ORDERED the instant Motion and Joinder were hereby DENIED AS MOOT. PLAINTIFF'S MOTION REQUESTING ORDER FOR A SEVEN-DAY EXTENSION OF TIME TO SERVE AND FILE HIS OPPOSITION TO "DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT", "DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT" AND DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S JOINDER TO DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR EXTENSION Given that Defendants agreed to the Plaintiff's request for an extension of time to file an Opposition, COURT ORDERED the instant Motion was hereby GRANTED.;

10/06/2021

CANCELED Arbitration Hearing (7:00 AM)

Vacated

01/05/2022

Motion to Amend (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Plaintiff's Motion Under NRCP Rule 52 and Rule 59

DATE FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Defendant Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District Total Charges Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 11/23/2021	423.00 423.00 0.00
Defendant Goldman, Edward Total Charges Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 11/23/2021	200.00 200.00 0.00
Plaintiff Viswanathan, Tenkasi Total Charges Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 11/23/2021	494.00 494.00 0.00

DISTRICT COURT CIVIL COVER SHEET

CLARK

County, Nevada

Case No.

(Assigned by Clerk's Office)

CASE NO: A-20-814819-C Department 15

I. Party Information (provide both h	ome and mailing addresses if different)		
Plaintiff(s) (name/address/phone):		Defendant(s) (name/address/phone):	
Tenkasi Viswana	athan, Prose	Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District, Pat Skorkowski, Dr. Edwards	
8220 Hollis	ter Ave	Goldman, Dr. Jeffrey Geihs, Neddy Alvarez,	
Las Vegas, N	IV 89131	Sonya Houghton, Louis Markouzis	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Clark County School District, not otherwise known	
Attorney (name/address/phone):	- :		
Prose		Attorney (name/address/phone): Not known	
11036	,	NOT KHOWN	
II. Nature of Controversy (please s	select the one most applicable filing type	(Alam)	
Civil Case Filing Types	erect me one most appricable fining type b	etuw)	
Real Property		Torts	
Landlord/Tenant	Negligence	Other Torts	
Unlawful Detainer	Auto	Product Liability	
Other Landlord/Tenant	Premises Liability	Intentional Misconduct	
Title to Property	Other Negligence	Employment Tort	
Judicial Foreclosure	Malpractice	Insurance Tort	
Other Title to Property	Medical/Dental	Other Tort	
Other Real Property	Legal		
Condemnation/Eminent Domain	Accounting		
Other Real Property	Other Malpractice		
Probate	Construction Defect & Contra	Judicial Review/Appeal	
Probate (select case type and estate value)	Construction Defect	Judicial Review	
Summary Administration	Chapter 40	Foreclosure Mediation Case	
General Administration	Other Construction Defect	Petition to Seal Records	
Special Administration	Contract Case	Mental Competency	
Set Aside	Uniform Commercial Code	Nevada State Agency Appeal	
Trust/Conservatorship	Building and Construction	Department of Motor Vehicle	
Other Probate	Insurance Carrier	Worker's Compensation	
Estate Value	Commercial Instrument	Other Nevada State Agency	
Over \$200,000	Collection of Accounts	Appeal Other	
Between \$100,000 and \$200,000	Employment Contract	Appeal from Lower Court	
Under \$100,000 or Unknown	Other Contract	Other Judicial Review/Appeal	
Under \$2,500]		
Civi	l Writ	Other Civil Filing	
Civil Writ		Other Civil Filing	
Writ of Habeas Corpus	Writ of Prohibition	Compromise of Minor's Claim	
Writ of Mandamus	Other Civil Writ	Foreign Judgment	
Writ of Quo Warrant	<u> </u>	Other Civil Matters	
Business C	ourt filings should be filed using the l	Business Court civil coversheet.	
04/28/2020		7 , "	
		Improvanathan	
Date		Signature of initiating party or representative	

RECEIVED

See other side for family-related case filings.

APR 3.0 1000

Electronically Filed 10/20/2021 1:18 PM

CLERK OF THE COURT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT 1 OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL 2 CRYSTAL J. HERRERA, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12396 3 5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 4 Telephone: (702) 799-5373 Facsimile: (702) 799-7243 5 herrec4@nv.ccsd.net 6 Attorneys for Defendant, CCSD Board of Trustees 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 9 Case No.: A-20-814819-C Tenkasi Viswanathan, 10 Dept. No.: 15 11 Plaintiff, 12 v. 13 Board of Trustees of the Clark County School **Hearing Date:** August 25, 2021 **Hearing Time:** 9:00 a.m. District; Pat Skorkowski in his Official and 14 Individual Capacity; Dr, Edward Goldman in his 15 Official and Individual Capacity, Dr. Jeffrey Geihs in his Official and Individual Capacity; 16 Neddy Alvarez in her Official and Individual Capacity; Sonya Houghton in her Official and 17 Individual Capacity; and Louis Markouzis in his Official and Individual Capacity, 18 19 Defendants. 20 **ORDER** 21 GRANTING DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; 22 23 GRANTING DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S JOINDER TO DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR 24 **SUMMARY JUDGMENT;** 25 GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO EXTEND THE TIME TO OPPOSE CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY 26 JUDGMENT; 27 28

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DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT;

DENYING PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO AND MOTION TO STRIKE PARTS OR ALL OF THE DECLARATIONS IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT;

DENYING AS MOOT DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' COUNTERMOTION TO EXTEND THE DISPOSITIVE MOTION DEADLINE;

AND

GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST TO WITHDRAW PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Defendant CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' Motion for Summary Judgment and related motions, having come on for hearing on August 25, 2021, Plaintiff TENKASI VISWANATHAN having been present and representing himself pro se, Defendant GOLDMAN having been represented by STEPHANIE A. BARKER, ESQ., of the law firm of Olson Cannon Gormley & Stoberski, and Defendant CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (CCSD) BOARD OF TRUSTEES (BOT) having been represented by attorney CRYSTAL HERRERA, ESQ., of the Clark County School District Office of General Counsel;

The Court having read and considered the pleadings and papers on file herein, specifically as set forth in the procedural history hereinbelow;

AND the Court having entertained the oral arguments of counsel and of Plaintiff pro se, including Plaintiff's oral argument in opposition to Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment;

AND GOOD CAUSE APPEARING, the Court hereby makes the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, GRANTING Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; GRANTING Plaintiff's Motion to Extend the Time to Oppose Clark County School District's Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; DENYING Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Clark County School District's Board of

Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; DENYING Plaintiff's Objections to and Motion to Strike Parts or All of the Declarations in Support of Defendant Clark County School District's Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; DENYING as Moot Defendant Clark County School District's Board of Trustees' Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline; and Granting Plaintiff's Request to Withdraw Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment.

FINDINGS OF FACT

I. Plaintiff's Employment by the CCSD BOT

- 1. For the 2013-2014 school year, Plaintiff was employed by the CCSD BOT as a probationary teacher, pursuant to a Probationary Teaching Contract (Contract). The Contract contained a written provision stating that: "Probationary employees agree that they are employed only on an annual basis and that they have *no right to employment after the last day of the school year specified in this Contract* specified in writing." (Emphasis added.)
- 2. In 2013-2014, CCSD teacher contracts were governed by a Negotiated Agreement between the CCSD and the Clark County Education Association (Negotiated Agreement.), of which Plaintiff was a member. Article 36-8-2 of the Negotiated Agreement stated non-renewal of a probationary teacher's contract "shall not be subject to a hearing or arbitration under the provisions of this Article (36-8)."
- 3. For the 2013-2014 school year, Plaintiff's teaching performance was evaluated by way of three evaluations issued on November 25, 2013, January 30, 2014, and April 1, 2014, respectively.
 - 4. Article 14-2 of the Negotiated Agreement provided:

Any written response by the employee to any written report, comment, reprimand, or other document as provided for in Article 14-1 above shall also become a part of that employee's personnel file and shall remain a part of said file as long as the written report, comment, reprimand, or other document responded to remains a part of the file.

5. Plaintiff's second and third evaluations rated Plaintiff's overall teaching performance as not satisfactory and in each evaluation Plaintiff was advised that his performance

needed to improve and that his teaching contract may not be renewed for the subsequent school year.

- 6. During the 2013-2014 school year, Plaintiff also received two disciplinary documents concerning performance deficiencies—an Oral Warning dated January 24, 2014, and a Written Warning dated March 24, 2014.
- 7. Based on observations and other evidence stated in his evaluations and related discipline, CCSD administration recommended to the CCSD BOT that Plaintiff's contract not be renewed for the 2014-2015 school year.
- 8. On April 10, 2014, the CCSD BOT approved a resolution declining to offer Plaintiff a teaching contract for the 2014-2015 school year.
- 9. On April 28, 2014, Plaintiff was given written Notice of Non-Reemployment of Probationary Employee. The Notice, dated April 25, 2014, stated that Plaintiff's Contract would not be renewed for the coming school year.
- 10. On May 28, 2014, after his receipt of the Notice of Non-Renewal, Plaintiff forwarded a Grievance to CCSD's Employee Management Relations Department. The Grievance challenged the CCSD BOT's non-renewal decision.
 - 11. Article 4-1 of the Negotiated Agreement provided:

A grievance is defined as any dispute which arises regarding an interpretation, application or alleged violation of any of the provision of this Agreement.

- 12. Plaintiff did not submit a written grievance to any of his three evaluations before he submitted a Grievance on May 28, 2014, on the non-renewal decision by the CCSD BOT.
 - 13. Article 4-5(a) of the Negotiated Agreement provided:

If the grievance is not resolved at Step One, the grievant may submit in writing the unresolved grievance to the Associate Superintendent, Human Resources Division, or the Superintendent's designee not later than thirty (30) days after the grievant first knew of the act or condition upon which the grievance is based.

14. On August 1, 2014, Defendant Edward Goldman responded to Plaintiff's Grievance. Defendant Goldman's correspondence told Plaintiff that to the extent this Grievance was attempting to grieve Plaintiff's January 30, 2014, and April 1, 2014 performance

evaluations, the Grievance was untimely pursuant to Article 4-5(a) of the Negotiated Agreement which required that a grievance be filed not later than "thirty (30) days after the grievant first knew of the act or condition upon which the grievance is based." To the extent Plaintiff sought to contest his second and third evaluations, the Grievance was not submitted within 30 days of each evaluation and could not, therefore, be considered.

15. The CCSD BOT's decision not to renew Plaintiff's Contract was not grievable pursuant to the terms of the Negotiated Agreement and/or Nevada statute.

II. <u>Procedural Progress of This Litigation</u>

- 16. On May 11, 2020, slightly over six years after the non-renewal of Plaintiff's probationary teaching contract, Plaintiff filed the Complaint initiating this litigation. (Doc ID #1.) On August 4, 2020, Plaintiff filed an Amended Complaint. (Doc ID #6). As to Defendant CCSD BOT, Plaintiff contended its decision to non-renew Plaintiff's Contract was premature because the CCSD BOT did not grant him time to respond to his third evaluation.
- 17. Defendant CCSD BOT filed a Motion to Dismiss on August 27, 2020. (Doc ID #18). Plaintiff opposed the motion on September 14, 2020 (Doc ID #25), and Defendant CCSD BOT Replied to the opposition on October 12, 2020. (Doc ID #44).
- 18. On November 2, 2020, the Court granted in part, and denied in part, Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion to Dismiss (Doc ID #49), leaving two remaining claims for relief against Defendant CCSD BOT:
 - (1) Breach of Contract, and
 - (2) Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing.
- 19. On January 7, 2021, no Request for Exemption from Arbitration having been filed, the Court's Alternative Dispute Resolution office appointed an Arbitrator to hear this matter. (Doc ID #71).
- 20. After the close of discovery, Defendant Goldman and Defendant CCSD BOT filed separate motions for summary judgment on June 14, 2021. (Doc ID #86 and #87.) Defendant Goldman joined in the CCSD BOT Motion for Summary Judgment on June 15, 2021. (Doc ID #93). Plaintiff did not file opposition to either motion for summary judgment.

- 21. On June 14, 2021, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Partial Summary Judgment as to the CCSD BOT, (Doc ID #88), and on June 20, 2021, Plaintiff sought a withdrawal of the motion. (Doc ID #94 and #95). CCSD BOT opposed Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on June 25, 2021. (Doc ID #100).
- 22. As of June 14, 2021, the date all parties' motions for summary judgment were filed, the Arbitration hearing was scheduled for July 28, 2021. (Doc ID #82).
- On June 21, 2021, Plaintiff filed a Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment (Doc ID #96), and on that same day filed a Motion to Strike the CCSD BOT Motion for Summary Judgment. (Doc ID #96). Defendant CCSD BOT filed an Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike its Motion for Summary Judgment and Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline, on June 25, 2021 (Doc ID #101). Defendant Goldman joined in the Opposition and Countermotion, on June 29, 2021. (Doc ID #106). Plaintiff's replies were filed on July 20, 2021. (Doc ID #123 and #124.).
- 24. On June 28, 2021, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Order Extending Time, seeking a seven-day extension of time to file and serve opposition to both Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment. (Doc ID #102). Both Defendant Goldman and Defendant CCSD BOT filed notices of Non-Opposition to Plaintiff's requested extension of time. (Doc ID #105 and #119).
- 25. On July 6, 2021, Plaintiff filed Objections to and Motion to Strike all of parts of the Declarations in support of Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment and an amendment thereto on July 12, 2021. (Doc ID #109 and #117). Defendant CCSD BOT opposed the motion on July 21, 2021 (Doc ID #125).
- 26. On July 9, 2020, Plaintiff filed an Opposition to the CCSD BOT Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline and to Defendant Goldman's Joinder in that Countermotion. (Doc ID #115).
- 27. The foregoing Motions were initially calendared for hearing on multiple dates July 26, July 28, and August 9, 2021. On July 13, 2021, the parties stipulated to consolidate

hearing of the motions, and an Order was entered consolidating hearings for all motions to July 28, 2021. (Doc ID #120).

- 28. On July 13, 2021, the Arbitrator entered an order continuing the Arbitration hearing from July 28, 2021, to August 27, 2021. (Doc ID #121).
- 29. On July 26, 2021, the Court reset the consolidated hearings to be heard on August 18, 2021.
- 30. On August 13, 2021, the Arbitrator again entered an Order extending the Arbitration, resetting the hearing to October 6, 2021. (Doc ID #129).
- 31. On August 5, 2021, upon stipulation of the parties, the consolidated hearing was re-scheduled to August 25, 2021. (Doc ID #127).
- 32. On August 25, 2021, the Court heard and considered all pending motions in this matter, as set forth hereinabove.
- 33. As of the August 25, 2021 hearing on the motions for summary judgment, Plaintiff had filed no Opposition to Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment, even after seeking an extension of time to serve and file an opposition, with notice of non-opposition to the extension having been filed by Defendant Goldman and by Defendant CCSD BOT.
- 34. Plaintiff stated at oral argument that his intent was to strike the motions for summary judgment as untimely and to strike the Declarations in support thereof; then, if Plaintiff's Motions to Strike were denied, to thereafter file oppositions.
 - 35. Plaintiff presented oral argument after the Court's ruling which was considered.

If any of the foregoing Findings of Fact is deemed more appropriately categorized as a Conclusion of Law, it shall be so treated.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. Plaintiff, as a pro se litigant must comply with the Rules of Civil Procedure. *Rodriguez v. Fiesta Palms*, 134 Nev. 654, 659, 428 P.3d 255, 258-59 (2018) ("a pro se litigant cannot use his alleged ignorance as a shield to protect him from the consequences of failing to comply with basic procedural requirements").

2. Public policy favors disposition on the merits of a case. *Huckabay Props., Inc. v. NC Auto Parts, LLC*, 322 P.3d 429, 433-34, 130 Nev. Adv. Op. 23 (2014).

I. Plaintiff's Motion To Extend the Time to Oppose Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion For Summary Judgment.

- 3. Plaintiff's Motion sought a seven (7) day extension of time to oppose Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment, Defendant Goldman's Joinder thereto, and Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment pursuant to NRCP 6(b) and based on his personal circumstances.
- 4. Based on good cause shown and Defendants' filed non-oppositions, Plaintiff's request for additional time to oppose Defendants CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment and the corresponding Joinder, up to an including July 6, 2021, is appropriate.

II. <u>Plaintiff's Motion To Strike Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion For Summary Judgment.</u>

- 5. Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment is predicated on an asserted late filing of the summary judgment motion pursuant to NAR 4(E), which provides that dispositive motions be filed 45 days before an arbitration hearing. As applied to the July 28, 2021 Arbitration hearing in this matter, the filing date fell on June 13, 2021 a Sunday. All parties, including Plaintiff, filed their summary judgment motions on June 14, 2021, the immediately following Monday. Plaintiff asserts that the motions were more appropriately due on the immediately preceding Friday a difference of a single judicial day.
- 6. The Rules of Civil Procedure "should be construed, administered, and employed by the court and the parties to secure the just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of every action and proceeding." NRCP 1.
- 7. Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment was filed the same date as Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment. Plaintiff calculated the deadline for the Motions for Summary Judgment the same as the Defendants and, therefore, it was disingenuous for the Plaintiff to seek a withdrawal of his Motion for Partial Summary Judgment

 so that he could then argue that Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment, including Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion, were untimely.

- 8. Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment is not properly brought under NRCP 12 which governs submission of motions regarding the pleadings as set forth therein. It does not govern response to a summary judgment motion brought pursuant to NRCP 56. NRCP 12 does not provide a procedural vehicle to strike a motion for summary judgment, timely or otherwise.
- 9. The timing of the filing of Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment caused no prejudice to Plaintiff as Plaintiff has had ample opportunity to oppose the Motion. Defendant CCSD BOT did not oppose Plaintiff's request for an extension of time to respond to the Motion, and the Motion did not come on for hearing until approximately ten weeks after the Motion for Summary Judgment was filed.
- 10. At the time Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment was filed, the Arbitration hearing was scheduled for July 28, 2021. It was subsequently moved by Stipulation of the parties first to August 25, 2021, and then to October 6, 2021, resulting in the Motion having been filed more than the 45 days allotted by NAR 4 for submission. The argument that Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment was untimely pursuant to NAR 4(E) is, therefore, mooted by the extension of the arbitration hearing date.
- 11. Plaintiff received full and fair notice of Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment, more than 45 days before an arbitration hearing in this matter and was given full and fair opportunity to oppose the Motion and to be heard in opposition.
- 12. There is no legal authority cited by Plaintiff which would justify striking Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary judgment in the circumstances presented.

III. CCSD BOT's Motion For Summary Judgment

A. Standard for Summary Judgment.

13. Summary judgment is appropriate and shall be granted if the movant shows that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and the movant is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law. NRCP 56. Summary judgment is a procedural tool by which "factually

insufficient claims or defenses [may] be isolated and prevented from going to trial with the attendant unwarranted consumption of public and private resources." *Boesiger v. Desert Appraisals*, 135 Nev. Adv. Op. 25, p. 4 (2019), quoting *Celotex Corp v. Catrett*, 477 U.S. 317, 327 (1986).

- 14. Summary judgment is appropriate under NRCP 56 when the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, admissions, and affidavits, if any, that are properly before the court demonstrate that no genuine issue of material fact exists, and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. *Wood v. Safeway, Inc.*, 121 Nev. 724, 731, 121 P.3d 1026, 1031 (2005).
- 15. When the nonmoving party bears the burden of persuasion at trial, as Plaintiff does here, then the moving party may show an absence of a genuine issue of material fact by either putting forth evidence that negates an essential element of the nonmoving party's claim or by pointing to the absence of evidence in support of the nonmoving party's case. *Cuzze v. University and Community College System of Nevada*, 123 Nev. 598, 602-603, 172 P.3d. 131 (2007), citing *Celotex*, 477 U.S. at 331.
- 16. To survive summary judgment, the nonmoving party must rely upon more than general allegations and conclusions set forth in the pleadings and must present specific facts demonstrating the existence of a genuine issue. *Boesiger v. Desert Appraisals*, 135 Nev. Adv. Op. 25, p. 4 (2019), citing *Wood*, *supra*, 121 Nev. at 732, 121 P.3d at 1031 (internal quotations omitted); *see also Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co. v. Zenith Radio Corp.*, 475 U.S. 574, 586 (1986) (the nonmoving party bears the burden to do more than simply show that there is some metaphysical doubt as to the operative facts in order to avoid summary judgment being entered in the moving party's favor.)
- 17. In accordance with NRCP 56 and the foregoing direction from the Nevada Supreme Court, the Court has read and considered Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment along with all of the declarations and exhibits attached thereto.

B. Breach of Contract.

- 18. The elements of a breach of contract claim in Nevada are: 1) plaintiff and defendant entered into a valid and existing contract; 2) plaintiff performed or was excused from performance; 3) defendant breached the contract; and 4) plaintiff sustained damage as a result of the breach. *Calloway v. City of Reno*, 116 Nev. 250, 993 P.2d 1259 (2000); *Saint v. Int'l Game Tech*, 434 F. Supp. 2d 913, 919-20 (D. Nev. 2006).
- 19. When a contract is clear on its face, it will be construed from the written language and enforced as written. *Ellison v. C.S.A.A.*, 106 Nev. 601, 603, 797 P.2d 975, 977 (1990); *White Cap Indus., Inc. v. Ruppert*, 119 Nev. 126, 128, 67 P.3d 318, 319 (2003) (unambiguous contracts are construed according to their plain language).
 - 20. Plaintiff's Contract was between Plaintiff and the CCSD BOT.
- 21. By the written terms of the Contract, Plaintiff had no right to or expectation of continued employment beyond the 2013-2014 school year. The non-renewal by the CCSD BOT was contemplated by the Contract and was not in breach of its precise terms. The non-renewal by the CCSD BOT was even in accordance with the requirements set forth in NRS 391.31216 (2013).
- 22. By the written terms of the Contract, Plaintiff's ability to submit a response to his evaluations, did not postpone or delay the CCSD BOT's right not to renew his probationary contract, as argued by Plaintiff. The non-renewal by the CCSD BOT was even in accordance with the requirements set forth in NRS 391.31214 (2013).
- 23. The only temporal limitation as to when the CCSD BOT could notify a probationary employee, like Plaintiff, of the decision not to renew their contract was provided under Nevada law. In this respect, the law plainly and unambiguously stated:

The board shall notify each probationary employee in writing on or before May 1 of the first, second and third school years of the employee's probationary period, as appropriate, whether the employee is to be reemployed for the second or third year of the probationary period of for the fourth school year as a postprobationary employee...

NRS 391.31216 (3) (2013) (Emphasis added); see also, Clark County School Dist. v. Harris, 913 P.2d 1268 (Nev. 1996) (per curiam) (explaining that because performance evaluations of annual probationary employees must be conducted no later than December 1, February 1, and April 1 of the school year, with a notice of reemployment to be sent by May 1, "this pattern reflects the legislature's intent to have the notice of reemployment issued after three performance evaluations are completed." The outer limit set forth in Nevada statute was satisfied in this case seeing as Plaintiff was notified of his Contract non-renewal on April 28, 2014.

- 24. The Contract was governed by the Negotiated Agreement which stated at Article 14-2 that "Any written response by the employee to any written report, comment, reprimand, or other document as provided for in Article 14-1 above shall also become a part of that employee's personnel file and shall remain a part of said file as long as the written report, comment, reprimand, or other document responded to remains a part of the file."
- 25. By the written terms of the Contract and Negotiated Agreement, Plaintiff's ability to submit a response to his evaluations did not change the evaluation—the response was to be attached to the evaluation in the teacher's personnel file. The Contract and Negotiated Agreement were consistent with NRS 391.31214 (7) (2013) ("A copy of the evaluation and the teacher's response must be permanently attached to the teacher's personnel file").
- 26. The Contract was governed by the Negotiated Agreement which stated at Article 36-8-2 that that non-renewal of a probationary teacher's contract "shall not be subject to a hearing or arbitration under the provisions of this Article (36-8)."
- 27. The Contract was governed by the Negotiated Agreement which stated at Article 4-5(a) that a grievance must be filed no later than "thirty (30) days after the grievant first knew of the act or condition upon which the grievance is based."
- 28. The CCSD BOT's decision not renew Plaintiff's Contract was in conformity with the Contract. The CCSD BOT has not committed a breach of contract with regard to Plaintiff's Contract.

C. Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing.

- 29. Every contract imposes upon the contracting parties a duty of good faith and fair dealing. *Hilton Hotels Corp. v. Butch Lewis Prods., Inc.*, 107 Nev. 226, 808 P.2d 919, 922-23 (1991). The covenant of good faith and fair dealing that exists in every Nevada contract forbids arbitrary, unfair acts by one party to a contract that disadvantage the other. *Nelson v. Heer*, 123 Nev. 217, 226, 163 P.3d 420, 427 (2007).
- 30. A claim alleging breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing cannot be based on the same conduct establishing a separately pled breach of contract claim. *Id.*; *Shaw v. CitiMortgage, Inc.*, 201 F. Supp. 3d 1222, 1252 (D. Nev. 2016) (holding that the defendant's conduct that was a "direct and actual breach" of the subject contract could not support the plaintiff's implied-covenant claim).
- 31. Where there is no contractual duty to perform a specific act, the omission to perform that act does not constitute an arbitrary or unfair act to the plaintiff's disadvantage. *Nelson v. Heer*, 123 Nev. 226, 163 P.3d 420 (2007).
- 32. To establish a contractual breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, a plaintiff must prove each of the elements of the claim: 1) plaintiff and defendant were parties to a contract; 2) defendant owed a duty of good faith to plaintiff; 3) defendant breached that duty by performing in a manner that was unfaithful to the purpose of the contract; and 4) plaintiff's justified expectations were thus denied. *See Perry v. Jordan*, 111 Nev. 943, 900 P.2d 335 (1995).
 - 33. Plaintiff's Contract was between Plaintiff and the CCSD BOT.
- 34. Plaintiff's claim of breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing is based on the same act as the breach of contract claim—the CCSD BOT's decision to non-renew Plaintiff's Contract before Plaintiff submitted a response to his third evaluation. The action giving rise to Plaintiff's breach of contract claim against CCSD BOT cannot also give rise to Plaintiff's breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing claim against CCSD BOT.

Agreement governing the Contract and faithful to the purpose of the Contract. By the written terms of the Contract, the CCSD BOT's non-renewal of Plaintiff was contemplated by the Contract and was not in breach of its precise terms. The CCSD BOT's non-renewal of Plaintiff was even in accordance with the requirements set forth in NRS 391.31216 (2013) and NRS 391.31214 (2013).

- 36. By the very written terms of the Contract, Plaintiff had no justified expectation in renewal of the Contract or to have the non-renewal decision postponed or delayed pending Plaintiff's response to his third evaluation. Neither the Contract nor the Negotiated Agreement gave rise to an evaluation process wherein the CCSD BOT had to wait for Plaintiff's response to his third evaluation before determining whether to renew his Contract.
- 37. Defendant CCSD BOT has not committed a breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing with regard to Plaintiff's Contract.
 - D. The Negotiated Agreement Provides the Exclusive Remedy for Plaintiff's Contract-Based Claims to the Extent Based on the Terms of the Negotiated Agreement.
- 38. Plaintiff's employment with CCSD was governed by NRS Chapter 288 and covered by the Negotiated Agreement. NRS Chapter 288 is "intended to apply similar principles" as recognized by federal labor laws. *Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District v. International Ass'n of Firefighters, Local 2487*, 109 Nev. 367, 374, 849 P.2d 343 (1993).
- 39. The Negotiated Agreement, as the collective bargaining agreement governing Plaintiff's employment, provides the "uniform and exclusive method for orderly settlement of employee grievance." *Republic Steel Corp. v. Maddox*, 379 U.S. 650, 653 (1952). ("If a grievance procedure cannot be made exclusive, it loses much of its desirability as a method of settlement. A rule creating such a situation would inevitably exert a disruptive influence upon both the negotiation and administration of collective agreements."); *see also* NRS 288.150(o) (identifying that a mandatory subject of collective bargaining includes "grievance and arbitration procedures for resolution of disputes relating to interpretation or application of collective bargaining agreements").

- 40. An employee covered by a collective bargaining agreement may not challenge his employment status through state law claims which would require interpretation of the collective bargaining agreement. *MGM Grand Hotel-Reno, Inc. v. Insley*, 102 Nev. 513, 517, 728 P.2d 821 (1986) (citing *Allis Chalmers v. Lueck*, 471 U.S. 202 (1985)) (alleged breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing arising from collective bargaining agreement claim legally insufficient). The rule applies to claims "which would require the court to interpret the meaning and scope of a term" of the collective bargaining agreement. *MGM Grand Hotel-Reno, Inc. v. Insley*, supra, 102 Nev. at 517.
- 41. Plaintiff's claim against Defendant CCSD BOT is a result of his dissatisfaction with Defendant CCSD BOT's interpretation and/or application of the Negotiated Agreement, to Plaintiff's Grievance. Plaintiff's Grievance, whether as to his evaluations, the ability to respond to those evaluations, or the timeline to respond to the evaluations as against the non-renewal decision, is governed by the Negotiated Agreement.
- 42. Plaintiff's suit against Defendant CCSD BOT seeks this Court's interpretation of the Contract as governed by the Negotiated Agreement, and in pertinent part, Defendant CCSD BOT's compliance therewith.
- 43. The Negotiated Agreement governing Plaintiff's employment with the CCSD BOT provides the exclusive remedy for challenging disputes which arise regarding an interpretation, application or alleged violation of any of the provisions of the Negotiated Agreement.
- 44. Therefore, Plaintiff's contract-based claims are preempted by the Negotiated Agreement and Defendant CCSD BOT is entitled to summary judgment thereon.
 - E. <u>Plaintiff Did Not Exhaust Administrative Remedies under NRS 288.110(2) and NRS 288.280.</u>
- 45. The Employment Management Relations Board (EMRB) was created to oversee the implementation of Chapter 288 of Nevada Revised Statutes, and to relieve a burden on the courts. *Rosequist v. Int'l Ass;n of Firefighters*, 118 Nev. 444, 450-51, 49 P.3d 651, 655 (2002) (abrogated on other grounds by Allstate Ins. Co. v. Thorpe, 123 Nev. 565, 573 n. 22, 170 P.3d

989, 995 n. 22 (2007); also abrogated in part by City of Henderson v. Kilgore, 122 Nev. 331, 336 n. 10, 131 P.3d 11, 15 n. 10 (2006)); see also Hearing on S.B. 87 Before the Senate Comm. on Federal, State and Local Governments, 55th Leg. (Nev., Feb. 25, 1969).

- 46. "Once the Employee-Management Relations Act applies to a complaint, the remedies provided under the Act and before the [EMRB] must be exhausted before the district court [may hear the action]." *Rosequist* at 450-51, 655.
- 47. A claim of breach of contract based on the Negotiated Agreement must be heard by the EMRB to the extent that Plaintiff is contending he was prohibited from utilizing the grievance and arbitration process in the Negotiated Agreement. *City of Mesquite v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court*, 135 Nev. 240, 243, 445 P.3d 1244, 1248 (2019).
- 48. Therefore, any attempt by Plaintiff to bring an action against the CCSD BOT for breach of the Negotiated Agreement fails because there is no evidence to support Plaintiff exhausted his administrative remedies before the EMRB.

IV. <u>Plaintiff's Objections to and Motion To Strike Defendant CCSD BOT's Declarations in Support of its Motion For Summary Judgment</u>

- 49. NRCP 56(c)(1) provides that a party may support a motion for summary judgment by "citing to particular parts of materials in the record, including . . . documents . . . affidavits or declarations . . . or other materials."
- 50. Affidavits or declarations must be based on personal knowledge, a competent declarant or affiant, and present admissible facts. NRCP 56(c)(4).
- 51. Plaintiff improperly takes issue with the declarations attached to Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment on the basis that the declarants were not competent, lacked personal knowledge, and/or made a typographical error.
- 52. The Declarations, made under penalty of perjury, set forth the basis of the declarant's respective knowledge of the facts stated therein, attesting to CCSD documents referenced therein documents which authenticity has not been challenged by Plaintiff (NRCP 16.1(a)(3)(B)(ii)(b))—, and constitutes testimony to be offered by the declarants at the time of trial. The Declarations were made based on personal knowledge, attest to matters which the

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27 28 declarants are competent to testify as stated in the Declarations, and attest to the truth and accuracy of the statements contained therein. See NRCP 55(c)(4), and NRS 50.015 ([e]very person is competent to be a witness except as otherwise provided in this title).

53. The Declarations sufficiently comply with the requirements of NRCP 56(c)(1)and (c)(4), and Plaintiff's Objections to and Motion to Strike the Declarations is denied.

V. **Defendant CCSD BOT's Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline.**

- 54. At the time Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment was filed, the Arbitration hearing was scheduled for July 28, 2021.
- 55. NAR 4(E) provides for dispositive motions to be filed 45 days in advance of an arbitration hearing date.
- 56. All parties filed their motions for summary judgment on Monday, June 14, 2021, including Plaintiff. Plaintiff's motions to strike Defendants' motions for summary judgment asserts motions for summary judgment were due pursuant to NAR(E) on Friday, June 11 – a difference of a single judicial day. The CCSD BOT's countermotion, joined by Defendant Goldman, to extend the time for filing dispositive motions by the single judicial day to Monday, June 14, 2021, was both in good faith and reasonable in light of Plaintiff's own filing on June 14, 2021.
- 57. Further, the Arbitration hearing was subsequently moved by Stipulation of the parties first to August 25, 2021, and then to October 6, 2021. The change in the Arbitration hearing date resulted in Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion having been filed more than the 45 days allotted by NAR 4(E) for submission and consideration of dispositive motions in advance of the arbitration hearing.
- 58. Defendant CCSD BOT's request, joined by Defendant Goldman, for an extension of time to extend the dispositive motion deadline calendared from the July 28, 2021 Arbitration hearing is, therefore, without prejudice to Plaintiff – the original 45 day deadline was mooted by the extension of the Arbitration hearing date and by Defendants' non-opposition to the extension of time sought by Plaintiff to oppose Defendants' motions for summary judgment.

Viswanathan v. Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District Cast No. A-20-814819-C

1	Plaintiff's request to withdraw his Motion to	•
2	IT IS SO ORDERED this day of	$\frac{2021}{1}$ Dated this 20th day of October, 2021
3		Poplant
4		DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
5		v
6	Submitted by:	5C9 628 B7CB B8E8 Joe Hardy District Court Judge
7	CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT	District Court Judge
8	OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL	
9		
10	By: <u>/s/ Crystal J. Herrera</u> CRYSTAL J. HERRERA, ESQ.	
11	Nevada Bar No. 12396 5100 West Sahara Avenue	
12	Las Vegas, NV 89146	
13	Attorneys for Defendant, CCSD Board of Trustees	
14		
15	Approved as to Form and Content by:	Approved as to Form and Content by:
16	OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI	
17		
18	By: <u>/s/ Stephanie A. Barker</u> STEPHANIE A. BARKER, ESQ.	<u>Unable to Agree</u> TENKASI VISWANATHAN
19	Nevada Bar No. 3176	Plaintiff, Pro Se
20	9950 West Cheyenne Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89129	
$\begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 21 \end{bmatrix}$	Attorneys for Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman	
22		
23		
24 25		
$\begin{bmatrix} 25 \\ 26 \end{bmatrix}$		
$\frac{20}{27}$		
28		
	1	

Greetings, Attorney Herrera. I object to the inclusion of the paragraph below. It should be removed. The Court did not use language anywhere close to these words during the hearing.

Page 11: Paragraph 17

17. In accordance with NRCP 56 and the foregoing direction from the Nevada Supreme Court, the Court has read and considered Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment along with all of the exhibits attached thereto, . . .

Page 18, Revised Order 3rd version. Line 15. There is some confusion with respect to the expression:

"objections to" in the context of the Motion to Strike the Declarations.

Page 18 of The Revised Order, Line 15.

The expression "Objections to and" should be removed only on this Page 18 where the explicit "ORDER" of the Court appears. The Court never mentioned "objections."

You had responded to the suggestion as follows:

<u>BOT RESPONSE</u>: I will remove the references to "Objections to" with the exception of Paragraph 25 on page 6.

I had requested removal of the expression only in the ORDER PART, where it says :It is Ordered . . . " and lists a number of items. I referred to only this part of the "Proposed Order" as "Order Part". The rest set up the background and argument for the "ORDER".

So, I request that you put back "objections to" wherever "motion to strike declarations" appear and remove it from the concluding part, which I had referred to as "ORDER". It was so before in the 2nd Revised Order.

Attorney Barker had mentioned the advice given by the Judicial Executive Assistant to the Honorable Judge Joe Hardy. I assume that the same is applicable to your "Proposed" ORDER. You may attach this letter to the Proposed Order and submit it to the Court. I am, of course, open to further discussion.

May I request you to include in your letter to the Executive Assistant the following: I have communicated the same to you before.

(1) In spite of your answer to the issue of two separate orders, I am worried that the proposed Order does not comply with the Court's Minutes, which states clearly on Page 3 the following. (Please see top of Page 3 of minutes):

Ms. Herrera to prepare the written Order regarding the Motions to Strike, as well as the Motions / Joinder for Summary Judgment, including Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and forward it to Ms. Barker and Mr. Viswanathan for approval as to form and content.

It seems to me that the Court wants all motions to be consolidated and prepare a single order incorporating all findings and decisions. In my understanding, no separate order for Dr. Goldman's case was contemplated. I have raised this issue before.

- (2) There is too much of repetition without justification for the same. On the other hand, it adds weight to some arguments. For example, your concession of extending the time to file a response to your motion for summary judgment.
- (3) Secondly, the proposed Order is a verbatim adaptation of BOT'S Papers, among which are Your RESPONSE and OPPOSITION to Plaintiff's Objections to and Motion to strike the Declarations in Support of Defendants Motion for Summary Judgment, and BOT'S MOTION for Summary Judgment. I object to the verbatim adaptation. There are additions as pointed out via insertion of Paragraph 17, for example.
- (4) Thirdly, I have other objections I have transmitted to you before. In particular, the question of mootness was raised for the first time during the hearing of August 25, 2021 in the context of Defendant BOT'S Countermotion for extending the time to file a dispositive motion. (Minutes, P.2, Line 6). Plaintiff raised the issue of exemptions to the Doctrine of Mootness (*Valdez-Jimenez v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court, 460 P.3d 976 (Nev. 2020)*. But the Court did not deal with it. It is the Court which applied the question of mootness to the Motions for Summary Judgment.
- (5) The Court never used the word "merits" and your proposed order uses the word as the concluding word of the Order in the portion granting MSJD.
- (6) The court summarily rejected plaintiff's objections to and the motion to strike the declarations of BOT attached to the MSJD, even though they constitute a form of opposition to the motion for summary judgment and was filed on the date (07/06/2021) for which plaintiff had requested an extension of time to respond in opposition to the Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment. Plaintiff's argument during the hearing was that BOT's MSJD did not meet the "threshold conditions" of Rule 56(c)(B)(2) and (4) on "Declarations". This argument made in the hearing is not included in the proposed order. On that basis plaintiff objected to the Declarations submitted by BOT. Without the

Declarations of Houghton and of Markouzis , Defendant BOT'S Motion for Summary judgment has no basis and no merit.

/s/ Tenkasi Viswanathan 8220 Hollister Ave Las Vegas, NV 89131 T: (252) 706-0169

E: <u>Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com</u>

Thank you.

Yours sincerely, Tenkasi Viswanathan 8220 Hollister Ave Las Vegas, NV 89131 T: (252) 706-0169



Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

Final Suggestions: Letter of 10-14-21

3 messages

Tenkasi Viswanathan <viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com>

Thu, Oct 14, 2021 at 5:41 AM

To: "Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel]" <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

Cc: "Attorney Stephanie Barker, Barker," <sbarker@ocgas.com>, "CCSD Case:Asst. Gl. Counsel: Crystal Herrera (5258), Elsa Pena (5373)," <penaec@nv.ccsd.net>, Nan Langenderfer <nlangenderfer@ocgas.com>

Greetings, Attorney Herrera. Attached is my Letter of 10-14-21. It clears the confusion regarding the insertion and removal of the expression "Objections to". I am sorry for the confusion. Attached also is your 3rd Revised Order. Please excuse the delay. I am mailing this at dawn!

Thank you for your consideration and patience.

Sincerely, Viso Tenkasi Viswanathan 8220 Hollister Ave Las Vegas, NV 89131 T: (252) 706-0169

3 attachments



10-14-21-Letter-To-BOT-Comments.docx



10-13-21-Order re BOT MSJ (3rd revised).doc



10-13-21-Order re BOT MSJ (3rd revised).doc

Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

Thu, Oct 14, 2021 at 12:08 PM

To: Tenkasi Viswanathan <viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com>

Cc: "Attorney Stephanie Barker, Barker," <sbarker@ocgas.com>, "CCSD Case:Asst. Gl. Counsel: Crystal Herrera (5258), Elsa Pena (5373)," <penaec@nv.ccsd.net>, Nan Langenderfer <nlangenderfer@ocgas.com>

Mr. Viswanathan-

Attached is my response to your latest request for revisions. Please let me know by the end of the day if we have agreement on those terms. If we do, I will submit the Proposed Order with a copy of the letter that you provided outlining your outstanding objections to the Proposed Order.

Thank you,

Crystal Herrera

Senior Assistant General Counsel Office of the General Counsel Clark County School District 5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Ph: (702) 799-5373

Fax: (702) 799-5505 Email: herrec4@nv.ccsd.net This email constitutes official business of the Office of the General Counsel. The contents of this email are privileged as attorney-client communications and/or attorney work product and may also contain sensitive personal information. This email and its content are protected from release or unauthorized use by privileges provided under law and regulation, including the applicable rules of evidence. If you have received this email inadvertently or are not the intended recipient, please delete this email and notify the sender.

[Quoted text hidden]



10-14-21-Letter-To-BOT-Comments (4th revisions).docx

Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

Fri, Oct 15, 2021 at 2:41 PM

To: Tenkasi Viswanathan <viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com>

Cc: "Attorney Stephanie Barker, Barker," <sbarker@ocgas.com>, "CCSD Case:Asst. Gl. Counsel: Crystal Herrera (5258), Elsa Pena (5373)," <penaec@nv.ccsd.net>, Nan Langenderfer <nlangenderfer@ocgas.com>

Mr. Viswanthan-

Not having heard from you. I will be submitting the CCSD BOT's proposed order to the Court today with a copy of your last correspondence outlining your objections.

Thank you,

Crystal Herrera

Senior Assistant General Counsel Office of the General Counsel Clark County School District 5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Ph: (702) 799-5373

Fax: (702) 799-5373

Email: herrec4@nv.ccsd.net

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[Quoted text hidden]



Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

RE: Viswanathan Order Re: CCSD BOT MSJ

1 message

Stephanie Barker <sbarker@ocgas.com>

Thu, Oct 14, 2021 at 12:33 PM

To: "Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel]" <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

Cc: Tenkasi Viswanathan <viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com>, Nan Langenderfer <nlangenderfer@ocgas.com>, "Elsa Pena [Office of the General Counsel]" <penaec@nv.ccsd.net>

Yes. You are authorized to file the Order with my electronic signature.

Thank you.

Stephanie A. Barker, Esq.

Olson Cannon Gormley & Stoberski

9950 West Cheyenne Avenue

Las Vegas, Nevada 89129

PH: 702-384-4012

sbarker@ocgas.com

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From: Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] herrec4@nv.ccsd.net

Sent: Thursday, October 14, 2021 12:31 PM **To:** Stephanie Barker <sbarker@ocgas.com>

Cc: Tenkasi Viswanathan <viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com>; Nan Langenderfer <nlangenderfer@ocgas.com>; Elsa

Pena [Office of the General Counsel] openaec@nv.ccsd.net>

Subject:

Ms. Barker-

Please disregard my previous email. I inadvertently attached the wrong document.

Attached is a copy of the final proposed Order on the Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment, et al. Please let me know if I am authorized to affix your electronic signature to the Order.

Thank you,

Crystal Herrera

Senior Assistant General Counsel

Office of the General Counsel

Clark County School District

5100 West Sahara Avenue

Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Ph: (702) 799-5373

Fax: (702) 799-5505

Email: herrec4@nv.ccsd.net

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1	CSERV	
2	DISTRICT COURT	
3	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
4		
5	Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff(s)	CASE NO: A-20-814819-C
6		
7	VS.	DEPT. NO. Department 15
8	Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District,	
9	Defendant(s)	
10		
11	AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
12	This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District	
13	Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all	
14	recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:	
15	Service Date: 10/20/2021	
16	James Fontano	jim@heatonfontano.com
17	Nan Langenderfer	nlangenderfer@ocgas.com
18	Cheri Hartle	chartle@ocgas.com
19	Crystal Herrera	herrec4@nv.ccsd.net
20	Elsa Pena	penaec@nv.ccsd.net
21		
22	_	sbarker@ocgas.com
23	Tenkasi Viswanathan	Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com
24		
25		
26		
27		

10/20/2021 2:34 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT 1 OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL 2 CRYSTAL J. HERRERA, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12396 3 5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 4 Telephone: (702) 799-5373 Facsimile: (702) 799-7243 5 Herrec4@nv.ccsd.net 6 Attorneys for Defendant CCSD Board of Trustees 7 **DISTRICT COURT** 8 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 9 Tenkasi Viswanathan, Case No.: A-20-814819-C 10 Dept. No.: 15 Plaintiff, 11 v. 12 Board of Trustees of the Clark County School 13 District; Pat Skorkowski in his Official and 14 Individual Capacity; Dr, Edward Goldman in his Official and Individual Capacity, Dr. Jeffrey 15 Geihs in his Official and Individual Capacity; Neddy Alvarez in her Official and Individual 16 Capacity; Sonya Houghton in her Official and Individual Capacity; and Louis Markouzis in his 17 Official and Individual Capacity, 18 Defendants. 19 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 20 21 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Order was entered in the above-captioned matter 22 on October 20, 2021. A copy of said Order is attached hereto as Exhibit "A". DATED this 20th day of October, 2021. 23 24 CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL 25 By: /s/ Crystal J. Herrera 26 Crystal J. Herrera (#12396) 5100 West Sahara Avenue 27 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Attorney for Defendant CCSD Board of 28

Electronically Filed

Trustees

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 20 th day of October, 2021, I served a true and correct	
3	copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER to be electronically served, via the EFP	
4	Vendor System, upon the following:	
5	Tenkasi M. Viswanathan 8220 Hollister Ave.	
6	Las Vegas, NV 89131	
7	Viswanathan.Tenkasi@gmail.com Plaintiff pro se	
8	Stephanie A. Barker, Esq.	
9	OLSON CANNON GORMELY & STOBERSKI	
10	9950 W. Cheyenne Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89129	
11	<u>sbarker@ocgas.com</u> Attorneys for Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman	
12	Allorneys for Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman	
13		
14	_ /s/ Elsa C. Peña	
15	AN EMPLOYEE OF THE OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL-CCSD	
16	GENERAL COUNSEL COSP	
17		
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ELECTRONICALLY SERVED 10/20/2021 1:18 PM

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10/20/2021 1:18 PM
CLERK OF THE COURT

		your grown	
1	CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT		
2	OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL CRYSTAL J. HERRERA, ESQ.		
3	Nevada Bar No. 12396		
4	5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146		
	Telephone: (702) 799-5373		
5	Facsimile: (702) 799-7243 herrec4@nv.ccsd.net		
6	Attorneys for Defendant, CCSD Board of Trustees		
7			
8	DISTRICT COURT		
9	CLARK COUN	NTY, NEVADA	
10	Tenkasi Viswanathan,	Case No.: A-20-814819-C Dept. No.: 15	
11	Plaintiff,	Bop. 130 13	
12	v.		
13	Board of Trustees of the Clark County School	Hearing Date: August 25, 2021	
14	District; Pat Skorkowski in his Official and	Hearing Time: 9:00 a.m.	
15	Individual Capacity; Dr, Edward Goldman in his Official and Individual Capacity, Dr. Jeffrey		
16	Geihs in his Official and Individual Capacity; Neddy Alvarez in her Official and Individual		
17	Capacity; Sonya Houghton in her Official and		
18	Individual Capacity; and Louis Markouzis in his Official and Individual Capacity,		
19	Defendants.		
20			
	ORD	ER	
21	GRANTING DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF		
22	TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR	SUMMARY JUDGMENT;	
23	GRANTING DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S JOINDER TO DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT;		
24			
25	GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO EXTEND THE TIME TO OPPOSE CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT;		
26			
27	JUDGW	ILIVI,	
28			

Page 1 of 19

DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT;

DENYING PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO AND MOTION TO STRIKE PARTS OR ALL OF THE DECLARATIONS IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT;

DENYING AS MOOT DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' COUNTERMOTION TO EXTEND THE DISPOSITIVE MOTION DEADLINE;

AND

GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST TO WITHDRAW PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Defendant CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' Motion for Summary Judgment and related motions, having come on for hearing on August 25, 2021, Plaintiff TENKASI VISWANATHAN having been present and representing himself pro se, Defendant GOLDMAN having been represented by STEPHANIE A. BARKER, ESQ., of the law firm of Olson Cannon Gormley & Stoberski, and Defendant CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (CCSD) BOARD OF TRUSTEES (BOT) having been represented by attorney CRYSTAL HERRERA, ESQ., of the Clark County School District Office of General Counsel;

The Court having read and considered the pleadings and papers on file herein, specifically as set forth in the procedural history hereinbelow;

AND the Court having entertained the oral arguments of counsel and of Plaintiff pro se, including Plaintiff's oral argument in opposition to Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment;

AND GOOD CAUSE APPEARING, the Court hereby makes the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, GRANTING Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; GRANTING Plaintiff's Motion to Extend the Time to Oppose Clark County School District's Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; DENYING Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Clark County School District's Board of

Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; DENYING Plaintiff's Objections to and Motion to Strike Parts or All of the Declarations in Support of Defendant Clark County School District's Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment; DENYING as Moot Defendant Clark County School District's Board of Trustees' Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline; and Granting Plaintiff's Request to Withdraw Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment.

FINDINGS OF FACT

I. Plaintiff's Employment by the CCSD BOT

- 1. For the 2013-2014 school year, Plaintiff was employed by the CCSD BOT as a probationary teacher, pursuant to a Probationary Teaching Contract (Contract). The Contract contained a written provision stating that: "Probationary employees agree that they are employed only on an annual basis and that they have *no right to employment after the last day of the school year specified in this Contract* specified in writing." (Emphasis added.)
- 2. In 2013-2014, CCSD teacher contracts were governed by a Negotiated Agreement between the CCSD and the Clark County Education Association (Negotiated Agreement.), of which Plaintiff was a member. Article 36-8-2 of the Negotiated Agreement stated non-renewal of a probationary teacher's contract "shall not be subject to a hearing or arbitration under the provisions of this Article (36-8)."
- 3. For the 2013-2014 school year, Plaintiff's teaching performance was evaluated by way of three evaluations issued on November 25, 2013, January 30, 2014, and April 1, 2014, respectively.
 - 4. Article 14-2 of the Negotiated Agreement provided:

Any written response by the employee to any written report, comment, reprimand, or other document as provided for in Article 14-1 above shall also become a part of that employee's personnel file and shall remain a part of said file as long as the written report, comment, reprimand, or other document responded to remains a part of the file.

5. Plaintiff's second and third evaluations rated Plaintiff's overall teaching performance as not satisfactory and in each evaluation Plaintiff was advised that his performance

needed to improve and that his teaching contract may not be renewed for the subsequent school year.

- 6. During the 2013-2014 school year, Plaintiff also received two disciplinary documents concerning performance deficiencies—an Oral Warning dated January 24, 2014, and a Written Warning dated March 24, 2014.
- 7. Based on observations and other evidence stated in his evaluations and related discipline, CCSD administration recommended to the CCSD BOT that Plaintiff's contract not be renewed for the 2014-2015 school year.
- 8. On April 10, 2014, the CCSD BOT approved a resolution declining to offer Plaintiff a teaching contract for the 2014-2015 school year.
- 9. On April 28, 2014, Plaintiff was given written Notice of Non-Reemployment of Probationary Employee. The Notice, dated April 25, 2014, stated that Plaintiff's Contract would not be renewed for the coming school year.
- 10. On May 28, 2014, after his receipt of the Notice of Non-Renewal, Plaintiff forwarded a Grievance to CCSD's Employee Management Relations Department. The Grievance challenged the CCSD BOT's non-renewal decision.
 - 11. Article 4-1 of the Negotiated Agreement provided:

A grievance is defined as any dispute which arises regarding an interpretation, application or alleged violation of any of the provision of this Agreement.

- 12. Plaintiff did not submit a written grievance to any of his three evaluations before he submitted a Grievance on May 28, 2014, on the non-renewal decision by the CCSD BOT.
 - 13. Article 4-5(a) of the Negotiated Agreement provided:

If the grievance is not resolved at Step One, the grievant may submit in writing the unresolved grievance to the Associate Superintendent, Human Resources Division, or the Superintendent's designee not later than thirty (30) days after the grievant first knew of the act or condition upon which the grievance is based.

14. On August 1, 2014, Defendant Edward Goldman responded to Plaintiff's Grievance. Defendant Goldman's correspondence told Plaintiff that to the extent this Grievance was attempting to grieve Plaintiff's January 30, 2014, and April 1, 2014 performance

evaluations, the Grievance was untimely pursuant to Article 4-5(a) of the Negotiated Agreement which required that a grievance be filed not later than "thirty (30) days after the grievant first knew of the act or condition upon which the grievance is based." To the extent Plaintiff sought to contest his second and third evaluations, the Grievance was not submitted within 30 days of each evaluation and could not, therefore, be considered.

15. The CCSD BOT's decision not to renew Plaintiff's Contract was not grievable pursuant to the terms of the Negotiated Agreement and/or Nevada statute.

II. <u>Procedural Progress of This Litigation</u>

- 16. On May 11, 2020, slightly over six years after the non-renewal of Plaintiff's probationary teaching contract, Plaintiff filed the Complaint initiating this litigation. (Doc ID #1.) On August 4, 2020, Plaintiff filed an Amended Complaint. (Doc ID #6). As to Defendant CCSD BOT, Plaintiff contended its decision to non-renew Plaintiff's Contract was premature because the CCSD BOT did not grant him time to respond to his third evaluation.
- 17. Defendant CCSD BOT filed a Motion to Dismiss on August 27, 2020. (Doc ID #18). Plaintiff opposed the motion on September 14, 2020 (Doc ID #25), and Defendant CCSD BOT Replied to the opposition on October 12, 2020. (Doc ID #44).
- 18. On November 2, 2020, the Court granted in part, and denied in part, Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion to Dismiss (Doc ID #49), leaving two remaining claims for relief against Defendant CCSD BOT:
 - (1) Breach of Contract, and
 - (2) Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing.
- 19. On January 7, 2021, no Request for Exemption from Arbitration having been filed, the Court's Alternative Dispute Resolution office appointed an Arbitrator to hear this matter. (Doc ID #71).
- 20. After the close of discovery, Defendant Goldman and Defendant CCSD BOT filed separate motions for summary judgment on June 14, 2021. (Doc ID #86 and #87.) Defendant Goldman joined in the CCSD BOT Motion for Summary Judgment on June 15, 2021. (Doc ID #93). Plaintiff did not file opposition to either motion for summary judgment.

- 21. On June 14, 2021, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Partial Summary Judgment as to the CCSD BOT, (Doc ID #88), and on June 20, 2021, Plaintiff sought a withdrawal of the motion. (Doc ID #94 and #95). CCSD BOT opposed Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on June 25, 2021. (Doc ID #100).
- 22. As of June 14, 2021, the date all parties' motions for summary judgment were filed, the Arbitration hearing was scheduled for July 28, 2021. (Doc ID #82).
- On June 21, 2021, Plaintiff filed a Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment (Doc ID #96), and on that same day filed a Motion to Strike the CCSD BOT Motion for Summary Judgment. (Doc ID #96). Defendant CCSD BOT filed an Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike its Motion for Summary Judgment and Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline, on June 25, 2021 (Doc ID #101). Defendant Goldman joined in the Opposition and Countermotion, on June 29, 2021. (Doc ID #106). Plaintiff's replies were filed on July 20, 2021. (Doc ID #123 and #124.).
- 24. On June 28, 2021, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Order Extending Time, seeking a seven-day extension of time to file and serve opposition to both Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment. (Doc ID #102). Both Defendant Goldman and Defendant CCSD BOT filed notices of Non-Opposition to Plaintiff's requested extension of time. (Doc ID #105 and #119).
- 25. On July 6, 2021, Plaintiff filed Objections to and Motion to Strike all of parts of the Declarations in support of Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment and an amendment thereto on July 12, 2021. (Doc ID #109 and #117). Defendant CCSD BOT opposed the motion on July 21, 2021 (Doc ID #125).
- 26. On July 9, 2020, Plaintiff filed an Opposition to the CCSD BOT Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline and to Defendant Goldman's Joinder in that Countermotion. (Doc ID #115).
- 27. The foregoing Motions were initially calendared for hearing on multiple dates July 26, July 28, and August 9, 2021. On July 13, 2021, the parties stipulated to consolidate

hearing of the motions, and an Order was entered consolidating hearings for all motions to July 28, 2021. (Doc ID #120).

- 28. On July 13, 2021, the Arbitrator entered an order continuing the Arbitration hearing from July 28, 2021, to August 27, 2021. (Doc ID #121).
- 29. On July 26, 2021, the Court reset the consolidated hearings to be heard on August 18, 2021.
- 30. On August 13, 2021, the Arbitrator again entered an Order extending the Arbitration, resetting the hearing to October 6, 2021. (Doc ID #129).
- 31. On August 5, 2021, upon stipulation of the parties, the consolidated hearing was re-scheduled to August 25, 2021. (Doc ID #127).
- 32. On August 25, 2021, the Court heard and considered all pending motions in this matter, as set forth hereinabove.
- 33. As of the August 25, 2021 hearing on the motions for summary judgment, Plaintiff had filed no Opposition to Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment, even after seeking an extension of time to serve and file an opposition, with notice of non-opposition to the extension having been filed by Defendant Goldman and by Defendant CCSD BOT.
- 34. Plaintiff stated at oral argument that his intent was to strike the motions for summary judgment as untimely and to strike the Declarations in support thereof; then, if Plaintiff's Motions to Strike were denied, to thereafter file oppositions.
 - 35. Plaintiff presented oral argument after the Court's ruling which was considered.

If any of the foregoing Findings of Fact is deemed more appropriately categorized as a Conclusion of Law, it shall be so treated.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. Plaintiff, as a pro se litigant must comply with the Rules of Civil Procedure. *Rodriguez v. Fiesta Palms*, 134 Nev. 654, 659, 428 P.3d 255, 258-59 (2018) ("a pro se litigant cannot use his alleged ignorance as a shield to protect him from the consequences of failing to comply with basic procedural requirements").

2. Public policy favors disposition on the merits of a case. *Huckabay Props., Inc. v. NC Auto Parts, LLC*, 322 P.3d 429, 433-34, 130 Nev. Adv. Op. 23 (2014).

I. Plaintiff's Motion To Extend the Time to Oppose Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion For Summary Judgment.

- 3. Plaintiff's Motion sought a seven (7) day extension of time to oppose Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment, Defendant Goldman's Joinder thereto, and Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment pursuant to NRCP 6(b) and based on his personal circumstances.
- 4. Based on good cause shown and Defendants' filed non-oppositions, Plaintiff's request for additional time to oppose Defendants CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment and the corresponding Joinder, up to an including July 6, 2021, is appropriate.

II. <u>Plaintiff's Motion To Strike Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion For Summary Judgment.</u>

- 5. Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment is predicated on an asserted late filing of the summary judgment motion pursuant to NAR 4(E), which provides that dispositive motions be filed 45 days before an arbitration hearing. As applied to the July 28, 2021 Arbitration hearing in this matter, the filing date fell on June 13, 2021 a Sunday. All parties, including Plaintiff, filed their summary judgment motions on June 14, 2021, the immediately following Monday. Plaintiff asserts that the motions were more appropriately due on the immediately preceding Friday a difference of a single judicial day.
- 6. The Rules of Civil Procedure "should be construed, administered, and employed by the court and the parties to secure the just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of every action and proceeding." NRCP 1.
- 7. Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment was filed the same date as Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment. Plaintiff calculated the deadline for the Motions for Summary Judgment the same as the Defendants and, therefore, it was disingenuous for the Plaintiff to seek a withdrawal of his Motion for Partial Summary Judgment

 so that he could then argue that Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment, including Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion, were untimely.

- 8. Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment is not properly brought under NRCP 12 which governs submission of motions regarding the pleadings as set forth therein. It does not govern response to a summary judgment motion brought pursuant to NRCP 56. NRCP 12 does not provide a procedural vehicle to strike a motion for summary judgment, timely or otherwise.
- 9. The timing of the filing of Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment caused no prejudice to Plaintiff as Plaintiff has had ample opportunity to oppose the Motion. Defendant CCSD BOT did not oppose Plaintiff's request for an extension of time to respond to the Motion, and the Motion did not come on for hearing until approximately ten weeks after the Motion for Summary Judgment was filed.
- 10. At the time Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment was filed, the Arbitration hearing was scheduled for July 28, 2021. It was subsequently moved by Stipulation of the parties first to August 25, 2021, and then to October 6, 2021, resulting in the Motion having been filed more than the 45 days allotted by NAR 4 for submission. The argument that Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment was untimely pursuant to NAR 4(E) is, therefore, mooted by the extension of the arbitration hearing date.
- 11. Plaintiff received full and fair notice of Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment, more than 45 days before an arbitration hearing in this matter and was given full and fair opportunity to oppose the Motion and to be heard in opposition.
- 12. There is no legal authority cited by Plaintiff which would justify striking Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary judgment in the circumstances presented.

III. CCSD BOT's Motion For Summary Judgment

A. Standard for Summary Judgment.

13. Summary judgment is appropriate and shall be granted if the movant shows that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and the movant is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law. NRCP 56. Summary judgment is a procedural tool by which "factually

insufficient claims or defenses [may] be isolated and prevented from going to trial with the attendant unwarranted consumption of public and private resources." *Boesiger v. Desert Appraisals*, 135 Nev. Adv. Op. 25, p. 4 (2019), quoting *Celotex Corp v. Catrett*, 477 U.S. 317, 327 (1986).

- 14. Summary judgment is appropriate under NRCP 56 when the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, admissions, and affidavits, if any, that are properly before the court demonstrate that no genuine issue of material fact exists, and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. *Wood v. Safeway, Inc.*, 121 Nev. 724, 731, 121 P.3d 1026, 1031 (2005).
- 15. When the nonmoving party bears the burden of persuasion at trial, as Plaintiff does here, then the moving party may show an absence of a genuine issue of material fact by either putting forth evidence that negates an essential element of the nonmoving party's claim or by pointing to the absence of evidence in support of the nonmoving party's case. *Cuzze v. University and Community College System of Nevada*, 123 Nev. 598, 602-603, 172 P.3d. 131 (2007), citing *Celotex*, 477 U.S. at 331.
- 16. To survive summary judgment, the nonmoving party must rely upon more than general allegations and conclusions set forth in the pleadings and must present specific facts demonstrating the existence of a genuine issue. *Boesiger v. Desert Appraisals*, 135 Nev. Adv. Op. 25, p. 4 (2019), citing *Wood, supra*, 121 Nev. at 732, 121 P.3d at 1031 (internal quotations omitted); *see also Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co. v. Zenith Radio Corp.*, 475 U.S. 574, 586 (1986) (the nonmoving party bears the burden to do more than simply show that there is some metaphysical doubt as to the operative facts in order to avoid summary judgment being entered in the moving party's favor.)
- 17. In accordance with NRCP 56 and the foregoing direction from the Nevada Supreme Court, the Court has read and considered Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment along with all of the declarations and exhibits attached thereto.

B. Breach of Contract.

- 18. The elements of a breach of contract claim in Nevada are: 1) plaintiff and defendant entered into a valid and existing contract; 2) plaintiff performed or was excused from performance; 3) defendant breached the contract; and 4) plaintiff sustained damage as a result of the breach. *Calloway v. City of Reno*, 116 Nev. 250, 993 P.2d 1259 (2000); *Saint v. Int'l Game Tech*, 434 F. Supp. 2d 913, 919-20 (D. Nev. 2006).
- 19. When a contract is clear on its face, it will be construed from the written language and enforced as written. *Ellison v. C.S.A.A.*, 106 Nev. 601, 603, 797 P.2d 975, 977 (1990); *White Cap Indus., Inc. v. Ruppert*, 119 Nev. 126, 128, 67 P.3d 318, 319 (2003) (unambiguous contracts are construed according to their plain language).
 - 20. Plaintiff's Contract was between Plaintiff and the CCSD BOT.
- 21. By the written terms of the Contract, Plaintiff had no right to or expectation of continued employment beyond the 2013-2014 school year. The non-renewal by the CCSD BOT was contemplated by the Contract and was not in breach of its precise terms. The non-renewal by the CCSD BOT was even in accordance with the requirements set forth in NRS 391.31216 (2013).
- 22. By the written terms of the Contract, Plaintiff's ability to submit a response to his evaluations, did not postpone or delay the CCSD BOT's right not to renew his probationary contract, as argued by Plaintiff. The non-renewal by the CCSD BOT was even in accordance with the requirements set forth in NRS 391.31214 (2013).
- 23. The only temporal limitation as to when the CCSD BOT could notify a probationary employee, like Plaintiff, of the decision not to renew their contract was provided under Nevada law. In this respect, the law plainly and unambiguously stated:

The board shall notify each probationary employee in writing on or before May 1 of the first, second and third school years of the employee's probationary period, as appropriate, whether the employee is to be reemployed for the second or third year of the probationary period of for the fourth school year as a postprobationary employee...

NRS 391.31216 (3) (2013) (Emphasis added); see also, Clark County School Dist. v. Harris, 913 P.2d 1268 (Nev. 1996) (per curiam) (explaining that because performance evaluations of annual probationary employees must be conducted no later than December 1, February 1, and April 1 of the school year, with a notice of reemployment to be sent by May 1, "this pattern reflects the legislature's intent to have the notice of reemployment issued after three performance evaluations are completed." The outer limit set forth in Nevada statute was satisfied in this case seeing as Plaintiff was notified of his Contract non-renewal on April 28, 2014.

- 24. The Contract was governed by the Negotiated Agreement which stated at Article 14-2 that "Any written response by the employee to any written report, comment, reprimand, or other document as provided for in Article 14-1 above shall also become a part of that employee's personnel file and shall remain a part of said file as long as the written report, comment, reprimand, or other document responded to remains a part of the file."
- 25. By the written terms of the Contract and Negotiated Agreement, Plaintiff's ability to submit a response to his evaluations did not change the evaluation—the response was to be attached to the evaluation in the teacher's personnel file. The Contract and Negotiated Agreement were consistent with NRS 391.31214 (7) (2013) ("A copy of the evaluation and the teacher's response must be permanently attached to the teacher's personnel file").
- 26. The Contract was governed by the Negotiated Agreement which stated at Article 36-8-2 that that non-renewal of a probationary teacher's contract "shall not be subject to a hearing or arbitration under the provisions of this Article (36-8)."
- 27. The Contract was governed by the Negotiated Agreement which stated at Article 4-5(a) that a grievance must be filed no later than "thirty (30) days after the grievant first knew of the act or condition upon which the grievance is based."
- 28. The CCSD BOT's decision not renew Plaintiff's Contract was in conformity with the Contract. The CCSD BOT has not committed a breach of contract with regard to Plaintiff's Contract.

C. Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing.

- 29. Every contract imposes upon the contracting parties a duty of good faith and fair dealing. *Hilton Hotels Corp. v. Butch Lewis Prods., Inc.*, 107 Nev. 226, 808 P.2d 919, 922-23 (1991). The covenant of good faith and fair dealing that exists in every Nevada contract forbids arbitrary, unfair acts by one party to a contract that disadvantage the other. *Nelson v. Heer*, 123 Nev. 217, 226, 163 P.3d 420, 427 (2007).
- 30. A claim alleging breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing cannot be based on the same conduct establishing a separately pled breach of contract claim. *Id.*; *Shaw v. CitiMortgage, Inc.*, 201 F. Supp. 3d 1222, 1252 (D. Nev. 2016) (holding that the defendant's conduct that was a "direct and actual breach" of the subject contract could not support the plaintiff's implied-covenant claim).
- 31. Where there is no contractual duty to perform a specific act, the omission to perform that act does not constitute an arbitrary or unfair act to the plaintiff's disadvantage. *Nelson v. Heer*, 123 Nev. 226, 163 P.3d 420 (2007).
- 32. To establish a contractual breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, a plaintiff must prove each of the elements of the claim: 1) plaintiff and defendant were parties to a contract; 2) defendant owed a duty of good faith to plaintiff; 3) defendant breached that duty by performing in a manner that was unfaithful to the purpose of the contract; and 4) plaintiff's justified expectations were thus denied. *See Perry v. Jordan*, 111 Nev. 943, 900 P.2d 335 (1995).
 - 33. Plaintiff's Contract was between Plaintiff and the CCSD BOT.
- 34. Plaintiff's claim of breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing is based on the same act as the breach of contract claim—the CCSD BOT's decision to non-renew Plaintiff's Contract before Plaintiff submitted a response to his third evaluation. The action giving rise to Plaintiff's breach of contract claim against CCSD BOT cannot also give rise to Plaintiff's breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing claim against CCSD BOT.

Agreement governing the Contract and faithful to the purpose of the Contract. By the written terms of the Contract, the CCSD BOT's non-renewal of Plaintiff was contemplated by the Contract and was not in breach of its precise terms. The CCSD BOT's non-renewal of Plaintiff was even in accordance with the requirements set forth in NRS 391.31216 (2013) and NRS 391.31214 (2013).

- 36. By the very written terms of the Contract, Plaintiff had no justified expectation in renewal of the Contract or to have the non-renewal decision postponed or delayed pending Plaintiff's response to his third evaluation. Neither the Contract nor the Negotiated Agreement gave rise to an evaluation process wherein the CCSD BOT had to wait for Plaintiff's response to his third evaluation before determining whether to renew his Contract.
- 37. Defendant CCSD BOT has not committed a breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing with regard to Plaintiff's Contract.
 - D. The Negotiated Agreement Provides the Exclusive Remedy for Plaintiff's Contract-Based Claims to the Extent Based on the Terms of the Negotiated Agreement.
- 38. Plaintiff's employment with CCSD was governed by NRS Chapter 288 and covered by the Negotiated Agreement. NRS Chapter 288 is "intended to apply similar principles" as recognized by federal labor laws. *Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District v. International Ass'n of Firefighters, Local 2487*, 109 Nev. 367, 374, 849 P.2d 343 (1993).
- 39. The Negotiated Agreement, as the collective bargaining agreement governing Plaintiff's employment, provides the "uniform and exclusive method for orderly settlement of employee grievance." *Republic Steel Corp. v. Maddox*, 379 U.S. 650, 653 (1952). ("If a grievance procedure cannot be made exclusive, it loses much of its desirability as a method of settlement. A rule creating such a situation would inevitably exert a disruptive influence upon both the negotiation and administration of collective agreements."); *see also* NRS 288.150(o) (identifying that a mandatory subject of collective bargaining includes "grievance and arbitration procedures for resolution of disputes relating to interpretation or application of collective bargaining agreements").

- 40. An employee covered by a collective bargaining agreement may not challenge his employment status through state law claims which would require interpretation of the collective bargaining agreement. *MGM Grand Hotel-Reno, Inc. v. Insley*, 102 Nev. 513, 517, 728 P.2d 821 (1986) (citing *Allis Chalmers v. Lueck*, 471 U.S. 202 (1985)) (alleged breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing arising from collective bargaining agreement claim legally insufficient). The rule applies to claims "which would require the court to interpret the meaning and scope of a term" of the collective bargaining agreement. *MGM Grand Hotel-Reno, Inc. v. Insley*, supra, 102 Nev. at 517.
- 41. Plaintiff's claim against Defendant CCSD BOT is a result of his dissatisfaction with Defendant CCSD BOT's interpretation and/or application of the Negotiated Agreement, to Plaintiff's Grievance. Plaintiff's Grievance, whether as to his evaluations, the ability to respond to those evaluations, or the timeline to respond to the evaluations as against the non-renewal decision, is governed by the Negotiated Agreement.
- 42. Plaintiff's suit against Defendant CCSD BOT seeks this Court's interpretation of the Contract as governed by the Negotiated Agreement, and in pertinent part, Defendant CCSD BOT's compliance therewith.
- 43. The Negotiated Agreement governing Plaintiff's employment with the CCSD BOT provides the exclusive remedy for challenging disputes which arise regarding an interpretation, application or alleged violation of any of the provisions of the Negotiated Agreement.
- 44. Therefore, Plaintiff's contract-based claims are preempted by the Negotiated Agreement and Defendant CCSD BOT is entitled to summary judgment thereon.
 - E. <u>Plaintiff Did Not Exhaust Administrative Remedies under NRS 288.110(2) and NRS 288.280.</u>
- 45. The Employment Management Relations Board (EMRB) was created to oversee the implementation of Chapter 288 of Nevada Revised Statutes, and to relieve a burden on the courts. *Rosequist v. Int'l Ass;n of Firefighters*, 118 Nev. 444, 450-51, 49 P.3d 651, 655 (2002) (abrogated on other grounds by Allstate Ins. Co. v. Thorpe, 123 Nev. 565, 573 n. 22, 170 P.3d

989, 995 n. 22 (2007); also abrogated in part by City of Henderson v. Kilgore, 122 Nev. 331, 336 n. 10, 131 P.3d 11, 15 n. 10 (2006)); see also Hearing on S.B. 87 Before the Senate Comm. on Federal, State and Local Governments, 55th Leg. (Nev., Feb. 25, 1969).

- 46. "Once the Employee-Management Relations Act applies to a complaint, the remedies provided under the Act and before the [EMRB] must be exhausted before the district court [may hear the action]." *Rosequist* at 450-51, 655.
- 47. A claim of breach of contract based on the Negotiated Agreement must be heard by the EMRB to the extent that Plaintiff is contending he was prohibited from utilizing the grievance and arbitration process in the Negotiated Agreement. *City of Mesquite v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court*, 135 Nev. 240, 243, 445 P.3d 1244, 1248 (2019).
- 48. Therefore, any attempt by Plaintiff to bring an action against the CCSD BOT for breach of the Negotiated Agreement fails because there is no evidence to support Plaintiff exhausted his administrative remedies before the EMRB.

IV. <u>Plaintiff's Objections to and Motion To Strike Defendant CCSD BOT's Declarations in Support of its Motion For Summary Judgment</u>

- 49. NRCP 56(c)(1) provides that a party may support a motion for summary judgment by "citing to particular parts of materials in the record, including . . . documents . . . affidavits or declarations . . . or other materials."
- 50. Affidavits or declarations must be based on personal knowledge, a competent declarant or affiant, and present admissible facts. NRCP 56(c)(4).
- 51. Plaintiff improperly takes issue with the declarations attached to Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment on the basis that the declarants were not competent, lacked personal knowledge, and/or made a typographical error.
- 52. The Declarations, made under penalty of perjury, set forth the basis of the declarant's respective knowledge of the facts stated therein, attesting to CCSD documents referenced therein documents which authenticity has not been challenged by Plaintiff (NRCP 16.1(a)(3)(B)(ii)(b))—, and constitutes testimony to be offered by the declarants at the time of trial. The Declarations were made based on personal knowledge, attest to matters which the

accuracy of the statements contained therein. *See* NRCP 55(c)(4), and NRS 50.015 ([e]very person is competent to be a witness except as otherwise provided in this title).

53. The Declarations sufficiently comply with the requirements of NRCP 56(c)(1) and (c)(4), and Plaintiff's Objections to and Motion to Strike the Declarations is denied.

declarants are competent to testify as stated in the Declarations, and attest to the truth and

V. <u>Defendant CCSD BOT's Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline.</u>

- 54. At the time Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment was filed, the Arbitration hearing was scheduled for July 28, 2021.
- 55. NAR 4(E) provides for dispositive motions to be filed 45 days in advance of an arbitration hearing date.
- 56. All parties filed their motions for summary judgment on Monday, June 14, 2021, including Plaintiff. Plaintiff's motions to strike Defendants' motions for summary judgment asserts motions for summary judgment were due pursuant to NAR(E) on Friday, June 11 a difference of a single judicial day. The CCSD BOT's countermotion, joined by Defendant Goldman, to extend the time for filing dispositive motions by the single judicial day to Monday, June 14, 2021, was both in good faith and reasonable in light of Plaintiff's own filing on June 14, 2021.
- 57. Further, the Arbitration hearing was subsequently moved by Stipulation of the parties first to August 25, 2021, and then to October 6, 2021. The change in the Arbitration hearing date resulted in Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion having been filed more than the 45 days allotted by NAR 4(E) for submission and consideration of dispositive motions in advance of the arbitration hearing.
- 58. Defendant CCSD BOT's request, joined by Defendant Goldman, for an extension of time to extend the dispositive motion deadline calendared from the July 28, 2021 Arbitration hearing is, therefore, without prejudice to Plaintiff the original 45 day deadline was mooted by the extension of the Arbitration hearing date and by Defendants' non-opposition to the extension of time sought by Plaintiff to oppose Defendants' motions for summary judgment.

Viswanathan v. Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District Cast No. A-20-814819-C

1	<u>*</u>	or Partial Summary Judgement is GRANTED.
2	IT IS SO ORDERED this day of	, 2021. Dated this 20th day of October, 2021
3		Que Hand V
4		DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
5		5C9 628 B7CB B8E8
6	Submitted by:	Joe Hardy District Court Judge
7 8	CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL	
9 10 11 12 13	By: /s/ Crystal J. Herrera CRYSTAL J. HERRERA, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12396 5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, NV 89146 Attorneys for Defendant, CCSD Board of Trustees	
141516	Approved as to Form and Content by: OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI	Approved as to Form and Content by:
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	By: /s/ Stephanie A. Barker STEPHANIE A. BARKER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 3176 9950 West Cheyenne Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89129 Attorneys for Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman	Unable to Agree TENKASI VISWANATHAN Plaintiff, Pro Se
$_{28}\parallel$		

Greetings, Attorney Herrera. I object to the inclusion of the paragraph below. It should be removed. The Court did not use language anywhere close to these words during the hearing.

Page 11: Paragraph 17

17. In accordance with NRCP 56 and the foregoing direction from the Nevada Supreme Court, the Court has read and considered Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment along with all of the exhibits attached thereto, . . .

Page 18, Revised Order 3rd version. Line 15. There is some confusion with respect to the expression:

"objections to" in the context of the Motion to Strike the Declarations.

Page 18 of The Revised Order, Line 15.

The expression "Objections to and" should be removed only on this Page 18 where the explicit "ORDER" of the Court appears. The Court never mentioned "objections."

You had responded to the suggestion as follows:

<u>BOT RESPONSE</u>: I will remove the references to "Objections to" with the exception of Paragraph 25 on page 6.

I had requested removal of the expression only in the ORDER PART, where it says :It is Ordered . . . " and lists a number of items. I referred to only this part of the "Proposed Order" as "Order Part". The rest set up the background and argument for the "ORDER".

So, I request that you put back "objections to" wherever "motion to strike declarations" appear and remove it from the concluding part, which I had referred to as "ORDER". It was so before in the 2nd Revised Order.

Attorney Barker had mentioned the advice given by the Judicial Executive Assistant to the Honorable Judge Joe Hardy. I assume that the same is applicable to your "Proposed" ORDER. You may attach this letter to the Proposed Order and submit it to the Court. I am, of course, open to further discussion.

May I request you to include in your letter to the Executive Assistant the following: I have communicated the same to you before.

(1) In spite of your answer to the issue of two separate orders, I am worried that the proposed Order does not comply with the Court's Minutes, which states clearly on Page 3 the following. (Please see top of Page 3 of minutes):

Ms. Herrera to prepare the written Order regarding the Motions to Strike, as well as the Motions / Joinder for Summary Judgment, including Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and forward it to Ms. Barker and Mr. Viswanathan for approval as to form and content.

It seems to me that the Court wants all motions to be consolidated and prepare a single order incorporating all findings and decisions. In my understanding, no separate order for Dr. Goldman's case was contemplated. I have raised this issue before.

- (2) There is too much of repetition without justification for the same. On the other hand, it adds weight to some arguments. For example, your concession of extending the time to file a response to your motion for summary judgment.
- (3) Secondly, the proposed Order is a verbatim adaptation of BOT'S Papers, among which are Your RESPONSE and OPPOSITION to Plaintiff's Objections to and Motion to strike the Declarations in Support of Defendants Motion for Summary Judgment, and BOT'S MOTION for Summary Judgment. I object to the verbatim adaptation. There are additions as pointed out via insertion of Paragraph 17, for example.
- (4) Thirdly, I have other objections I have transmitted to you before. In particular, the question of mootness was raised for the first time during the hearing of August 25, 2021 in the context of Defendant BOT'S Countermotion for extending the time to file a dispositive motion. (Minutes, P.2, Line 6). Plaintiff raised the issue of exemptions to the Doctrine of Mootness (*Valdez-Jimenez v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court, 460 P.3d 976 (Nev. 2020)*. But the Court did not deal with it. It is the Court which applied the question of mootness to the Motions for Summary Judgment.
- (5) The Court never used the word "merits" and your proposed order uses the word as the concluding word of the Order in the portion granting MSJD.
- (6) The court summarily rejected plaintiff's objections to and the motion to strike the declarations of BOT attached to the MSJD, even though they constitute a form of opposition to the motion for summary judgment and was filed on the date (07/06/2021) for which plaintiff had requested an extension of time to respond in opposition to the Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment. Plaintiff's argument during the hearing was that BOT's MSJD did not meet the "threshold conditions" of Rule 56(c)(B)(2) and (4) on "Declarations". This argument made in the hearing is not included in the proposed order. On that basis plaintiff objected to the Declarations submitted by BOT. Without the

Declarations of Houghton and of Markouzis , Defendant BOT'S Motion for Summary judgment has no basis and no merit.

/s/ Tenkasi Viswanathan 8220 Hollister Ave Las Vegas, NV 89131 T: (252) 706-0169

E: <u>Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com</u>

Thank you.

Yours sincerely, Tenkasi Viswanathan 8220 Hollister Ave Las Vegas, NV 89131 T: (252) 706-0169



Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

Final Suggestions: Letter of 10-14-21

3 messages

Tenkasi Viswanathan <viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com>

Thu, Oct 14, 2021 at 5:41 AM

To: "Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel]" <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

Cc: "Attorney Stephanie Barker, Barker," <sbarker@ocgas.com>, "CCSD Case:Asst. Gl. Counsel: Crystal Herrera (5258), Elsa Pena (5373)," <penaec@nv.ccsd.net>, Nan Langenderfer <nlangenderfer@ocgas.com>

Greetings, Attorney Herrera. Attached is my Letter of 10-14-21. It clears the confusion regarding the insertion and removal of the expression "Objections to". I am sorry for the confusion. Attached also is your 3rd Revised Order. Please excuse the delay. I am mailing this at dawn!

Thank you for your consideration and patience.

Sincerely, Viso Tenkasi Viswanathan 8220 Hollister Ave Las Vegas, NV 89131 T: (252) 706-0169

3 attachments



10-14-21-Letter-To-BOT-Comments.docx



10-13-21-Order re BOT MSJ (3rd revised).doc



10-13-21-Order re BOT MSJ (3rd revised).doc

Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

Thu, Oct 14, 2021 at 12:08 PM

To: Tenkasi Viswanathan <viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com>

Cc: "Attorney Stephanie Barker, Barker," <sbarker@ocgas.com>, "CCSD Case:Asst. Gl. Counsel: Crystal Herrera (5258), Elsa Pena (5373)," <penaec@nv.ccsd.net>, Nan Langenderfer <nlangenderfer@ocgas.com>

Mr. Viswanathan-

Attached is my response to your latest request for revisions. Please let me know by the end of the day if we have agreement on those terms. If we do, I will submit the Proposed Order with a copy of the letter that you provided outlining your outstanding objections to the Proposed Order.

Thank you,

Crystal Herrera

Senior Assistant General Counsel Office of the General Counsel Clark County School District 5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Ph: (702) 799-5373

Fax: (702) 799-5505 Email: herrec4@nv.ccsd.net This email constitutes official business of the Office of the General Counsel. The contents of this email are privileged as attorney-client communications and/or attorney work product and may also contain sensitive personal information. This email and its content are protected from release or unauthorized use by privileges provided under law and regulation, including the applicable rules of evidence. If you have received this email inadvertently or are not the intended recipient, please delete this email and notify the sender.

[Quoted text hidden]



10-14-21-Letter-To-BOT-Comments (4th revisions).docx

Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

Fri, Oct 15, 2021 at 2:41 PM

To: Tenkasi Viswanathan <viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com>

Cc: "Attorney Stephanie Barker, Barker," <sbarker@ocgas.com>, "CCSD Case:Asst. Gl. Counsel: Crystal Herrera (5258), Elsa Pena (5373)," <penaec@nv.ccsd.net>, Nan Langenderfer <nlangenderfer@ocgas.com>

Mr. Viswanthan-

Not having heard from you. I will be submitting the CCSD BOT's proposed order to the Court today with a copy of your last correspondence outlining your objections.

Thank you,

Crystal Herrera

Senior Assistant General Counsel Office of the General Counsel Clark County School District 5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Ph: (702) 799-5373

Fax: (702) 799-5373

Email: herrec4@nv.ccsd.net

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[Quoted text hidden]



Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

RE: Viswanathan Order Re: CCSD BOT MSJ

1 message

Stephanie Barker <sbarker@ocgas.com>

Thu, Oct 14, 2021 at 12:33 PM

To: "Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel]" <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

Cc: Tenkasi Viswanathan <viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com>, Nan Langenderfer <nlangenderfer@ocgas.com>, "Elsa Pena [Office of the General Counsel]" <penaec@nv.ccsd.net>

Yes. You are authorized to file the Order with my electronic signature.

Thank you.

Stephanie A. Barker, Esq.

Olson Cannon Gormley & Stoberski

9950 West Cheyenne Avenue

Las Vegas, Nevada 89129

PH: 702-384-4012

sbarker@ocgas.com

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From: Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] herrec4@nv.ccsd.net

Sent: Thursday, October 14, 2021 12:31 PM **To:** Stephanie Barker <sbarker@ocgas.com>

Cc: Tenkasi Viswanathan <viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com>; Nan Langenderfer <nlangenderfer@ocgas.com>; Elsa

Pena [Office of the General Counsel] openaec@nv.ccsd.net>

Subject:

Ms. Barker-

Please disregard my previous email. I inadvertently attached the wrong document.

Attached is a copy of the final proposed Order on the Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion for Summary Judgment, et al. Please let me know if I am authorized to affix your electronic signature to the Order.

Thank you,

Crystal Herrera

Senior Assistant General Counsel

Office of the General Counsel

Clark County School District

5100 West Sahara Avenue

Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

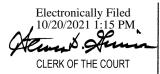
Ph: (702) 799-5373

Fax: (702) 799-5505

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1	CSERV	
2	DISTRICT COURT	
3	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
4		
5	Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff(s)	CASE NO: A-20-814819-C
6		
7	VS.	DEPT. NO. Department 15
8	Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District,	
9	Defendant(s)	
10		
11	AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
12	This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District	
13	Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all	
14	recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:	
15	Service Date: 10/20/2021	
16	James Fontano	jim@heatonfontano.com
17	Nan Langenderfer	nlangenderfer@ocgas.com
18	Cheri Hartle	chartle@ocgas.com
19	Crystal Herrera	herrec4@nv.ccsd.net
20	Elsa Pena	penaec@nv.ccsd.net
21		
22	_	sbarker@ocgas.com
23	Tenkasi Viswanathan	Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13 Law Offices of OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI 14 A Professional Corporation 9950 West Cheyenne Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 (702) 384-4012 Fax (702) 38 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

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JAMES R. OLSON, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 000116 STEPHANIE A. BARKER, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 003176 OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI 9950 West Cheyenne Avenue Las Vegas, NV 89129 Phone: 702-384-4012 Facsimile: 702-383-0701 Email: jolson@ocgas.com sbarker@ocgas.com Attornevs for Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman

Tenkasi Viswanathan;

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY NEVADA

Plaintiff. Case No.: A-20-814819-C Dept. No.: 15 VS. Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District; Pat Skorkowski in his Official and Individual Capacity: Dr. Edward Goldman in Hearing Date: August 25, 2021 his Official and Individual Capacity; Neddy Hearing Time: 9:00 a.m. Alvarez in her Official and Individual Capacity; Sonya Houghton in her Official and Individual Capacity; and Louis Markouzis in his Official and Individual Capacity,

Defendants.

ORDER

GRANTING DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT;

GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO EXTEND THE TIME TO OPPOSE **DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT:**

DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT;

DENYING PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO, AND MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S DECLARATION IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT;

Law Offices of OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI Fax (702) 383-0701 9950 West Cheyenne Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 (702) 384-4012 Fax (702) 38

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AND

DENYING AS MOOT DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S JOINDER IN DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' COUNTERMOTION TO EXTEND THE DISPOSITIVE MOTION DEADLINE

Defendant DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN's Motion for Summary Judgment and related motions having come on for hearing on August 25, 2021, Plaintiff TENKASI VISWANATHAN having been present and representing himself pro se, Defendant GOLDMAN having been represented by STEPHANIE A. BARKER, ESQ., of the law firm of Olson Cannon Gormley & Stoberski, and Defendants CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (CCSD) BOARD OF TRUSTEES (BOT) having been represented by attorney CRYSTAL HERRERA, ESQ., of the Clark County School District Office of General Counsel;

The Court having read and considered the pleadings and papers on file herein, specifically as set forth in the procedural history hereinbelow;

AND the Court having entertained the oral arguments of counsel and of Plaintiff pro se, including Plaintiff's oral argument in opposition to Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment;

AND GOOD CAUSE APPEARING, the Court hereby makes the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, GRANTING Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment; GRANTING Plaintiff's Motion to Extend the Time to Oppose Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; DENYING Plaintiff's Motion To Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment; DENYING Plaintiff's Objections to and Motion To Strike Defendant Goldman's Declaration Served with Defendant Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment; and DENYING as moot Defendant Goldman's Joinder in the CCSD BOT Counter-Motion to Extend Dispositive Motion Deadline.

FINDINGS OF FACT

I. Plaintiff's Employment by the CCSD BOT

For the 2013-2014 school year, Plaintiff was employed by the CCSD BOT as a probationary teacher, pursuant to a Probationary Teaching Contract (Contract). The Contract

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contained a written provision stating that: "Probationary employees agree that they are employed only on an annual basis and that they have no right to employment after the last day of the school year specified in this Contract specified in writing." (Emphasis added.)

- 2. In 2013-2014, CCSD teacher contracts were governed by a Negotiated Agreement between the CCSD and the Clark County Education Association. (Negotiated Agreement.) Article 36-8-2 of the Negotiated Agreement stated non-renewal of a probationary teacher's contract "shall not be subject to a hearing or arbitration under the provisions of this Article (36-8)."
- 3. On April 28, 2014, Plaintiff was given written Notice of Non-Reemployment of Probationary Employee. The Notice, dated April 25, 2014, stated that Plaintiff's Contract would not be renewed for the coming school year. The non-renewal decision was made by the CCSD BOT. It was not made by Defendant Goldman.
- 4. On May 28, 2014, after his receipt of the Notice of Non-Renewal, Plaintiff forwarded a grievance to CCSD's Employee Management Relations. (Grievance.) Grievance challenged the BOT non-renewal decision as the "opposite of [Plaintiff's] expectation" and requested three remedies:
 - (1) reappointment "for another year within CCSD;"
 - (2) that Plaintiff's second and third evaluations be "rendered null and void;" and
 - (3) other remedies "that are deemed just and appropriate."
 - 5. Article 4-1 of the Negotiated Agreement provided:
 - A grievance is defined as any dispute which arises regarding an interpretation, application, or alleged violation of any of the provisions of this Agreement.
- 6. Plaintiff's first, second, and third evaluations were issued on November 25, 2013, January 30, 2014, and April 1, 2014, respectively. Plaintiff did not submit a written grievance to any of these evaluations before he submitted the May 28, 2014, Grievance of the non-renewal decision by the CCSD BOT.
- 7. In May 2014, Defendant Goldman was an employee of the CCSD, holding the position of Assistant Superintendent of Employee Management Relations.

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8. Defendant Goldman was not a party to the Contract, did not have authority to nonrenew a probationary teaching contract, and did not have authority to review a decision by the BOT to non-renew a probationary teaching contract.

- 9. In his position as Assistant Superintendent of Employee Management Relations, Defendant Goldman responded to Plaintiff's Grievance via email on July 28, 2014. Therein Defendant Goldman told Plaintiff that he could not grieve the non-renewal pursuant to Article 36-8-2 of the Negotiated Agreement and NRS 391, because the non-renewal of a probationary teacher's contract is not subject to a hearing or arbitration. This determination was made based upon the stated nature of Plaintiff's grievance in seeking reappointment to a teaching position.
 - Article 36-8-2 of the Negotiated Agreement stated: Pursuant to NRS 391, the non-renewal of a probationary teacher's contract

shall not be subject to a hearing or arbitration under the provisions of this Article (36-8) . . .

- 11. After consultation with the CCSD Office of General Counsel, on August 1, 2014, Defendant Goldman further responded to Plaintiff's Grievance to address Plaintiff's request that Plaintiff's second and third evaluations be "rendered null and void." Defendant Goldman's correspondence told Plaintiff that to the extent this Grievance was attempting to grieve Plaintiff's January 30, 2014, and April 1, 2014 performance evaluations, the Grievance was untimely pursuant to Article 4-5(a) of the Negotiated Agreement which required that a grievance be filed not later than "thirty (30) days after the grievant first knew of the act or condition upon which the grievance is based." To the extent Plaintiff's Grievance sought to have his second and third evaluations "rendered null and void," it was not submitted within 30 days of each evaluation and could not, therefore, be considered.
 - 12. Article 4-5(a) of the Negotiated Agreement provided:
 - If the grievance is not resolved at Step One, the grievant may submit in writing the unresolved grievance to the Associate Superintendent, Human Resources Division, or the Superintendent's designee not later than thirty (30) days after the grievant first knew of the act or condition upon which the grievance is based.
- 13. On August 19, 2014, Defendant Goldman again sent correspondence in response to Plaintiff's Grievance, advising that Plaintiff's Grievance was never properly before Defendant

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Goldman because the Board of School Trustees' decision not to renew Plaintiff's Contract was not grievable pursuant to the terms of the Negotiated Agreement and/or statute.

- 14. Defendant Goldman responded to Plaintiff's Grievance on three separate occasions – July 28, August 1, and August 19, 2014 – each time addressing Defendant Goldman's inability to consider the substance of the Grievance based upon the terms of Plaintiff's Contract and of the Negotiated Agreement.
- 15. The CCSD BOT's decision not to renew Plaintiff's Contract was not grievable pursuant to the terms of the Negotiated Agreement and/or Nevada statute.

II. **Procedural Progress of This Litigation**

- On May 11, 2020, slightly over six years after the non-renewal of Plaintiff's 16. probationary teaching contract, Plaintiff filed the Complaint initiating this litigation. (Doc ID #1.) On August 4, 2020, Plaintiff filed an Amended Complaint. (Doc ID #6.) As to Defendant Goldman, Plaintiff's only allegations are that he appealed the BOT's non-renewal decision to "the higher authorities, which included Dr. Goldman," and that Dr. Goldman "did not address the issue."
- 17. Defendant Goldman filed a Motion to Dismiss on August 30, 2020. (Doc ID #22.) Plaintiff opposed the motion on September 17, 2020 (Doc ID #33), and Defendant Goldman Replied to the opposition on October 2, 2020. (Doc ID #42.)
- 18. On October 28, 2020, the Court granted in part, and denied in part, Defendant Goldman's Motion to Dismiss (Doc ID #48), leaving two remaining claims for relief against Defendant Goldman:
 - (1) Breach of Contract, and
 - (2) Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing.
- 19. On January 7, 2021, no Request for Exemption from Arbitration having been filed, the Court's Alternative Dispute Resolution office appointed an Arbitrator to hear this matter. (Doc ID #71.)
- 20. After the close of discovery, Defendant Goldman and Defendant CCSD BOT filed separate motions for summary judgment on June 14, 2021. (Doc ID #86 and #87.) Defendant

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Goldman joined in the CCSD BOT Motion for Summary Judgment on June 15, 2021. (Doc ID #93.) Plaintiff did not file opposition to either motion for summary judgment.

- 21. On June 14, 2021, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Partial Summary Judgment as to the CCSD BOT, (Doc ID #88), and on June 20, 2021, Plaintiff withdrew the motion. (Doc ID #94 and #95.)
- 22. As of June 14, 2021, the date all parties' motions for summary judgment were filed, the Arbitration hearing was scheduled for July 28, 2021. (Doc ID #82.)
- 23. On June 21, 2021, Plaintiff filed Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment (Doc ID #97), and on that same day filed a Motion to Strike the CCSD BOT Motion for Summary Judgment. (Doc ID #96.) Defendant Goldman filed a Response in Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment on June 29, 2021 (Doc ID #104), along with a Joinder (Doc ID #106) to the CCSD BOT Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the CCSD BOT Motion for Summary Judgment and to the CCSD BOT Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline. (Doc ID #101.) Plaintiff's replies were filed on July 20, 2021. (Doc ID #123 and #124.)
- On June 28, 2021, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Order Extending Time, seeking a 24. seven-day extension of time to file and serve opposition to both Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment. (Doc ID #102.) Both Defendant Goldman and Defendant CCSD BOT filed notice of Non-Opposition to Plaintiff's requested extension of time. (Doc ID #105 and #119.)
- 25. On July 6, 2021, Plaintiff filed Objections to and Motion to Strike Dr. Edward Goldman's Declaration in support of Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment. (Doc ID #111.) Defendant Goldman opposed the motion on August 5, 2021 (Doc ID #126), and Plaintiff replied thereto on August 18, 2021. (Doc ID #130.)
- 26. On July 9, 2020, Plaintiff filed an Opposition to the CCSD BOT Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline and to Defendant Goldman's Joinder in that Countermotion. (Doc ID #116.)
- 27. The foregoing Motions were initially calendared for hearing on multiple dates – July 26, July 28, and August 9, 2021. On July 13, 2021, the parties stipulated to consolidate

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hearing of the motions, and an Order was entered consolidating hearing for all motions to July 28, 2021. (Doc ID #120.)

- 28. On July 13, 2021, the Arbitrator entered an order continuing the Arbitration hearing from July 28, 2021, to August 27, 2021. (Doc ID #121.)
- 29. On July 28, 2021, the Court reset the consolidated hearings to be heard on August 18, 2021.
- On August 13, 2021, the Arbitrator again entered an Order extending the 30. Arbitration, resetting the hearing to October 6, 2021. (Doc ID #129.)
- 31. On August 5, 2021, upon stipulation of the parties, the consolidated hearing was re-scheduled to August 25, 2021. (Doc ID #127.)
- 32. On August 25, 2021, the Court heard and considered all pending motions in this matter, as set forth hereinabove.
- 33. As of the August 25, 2021 hearing on the motions for summary judgment, Plaintiff had filed no Opposition to Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, even after seeking an extension of time to serve and file an opposition, with notice of non-opposition to the extension having been filed by Defendant Goldman and by Defendant CCSD BOT.
- 34. Plaintiff stated at oral argument that his intent was to strike the motions for summary judgment as untimely and to strike the Declarations and Affidavits in support thereof; then, if Plaintiff's Motions to Strike were denied, to thereafter file oppositions.
- 35. Plaintiff presented oral argument in opposition to Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment, as well as the Joinder, stating that he was entitled to judgment as a matter of law on his motions to strike, and that opposition to the Motions for Summary Judgment was not necessary as he had filed multiple Motions to Strike.

If any of the foregoing Findings of Fact is deemed more appropriately categorized as a Conclusion of Law, it shall be so treated.

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///

OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI A Professional Corporation 9950 West Cheyenne Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 (702) 384-4012 Fax (702) 383-0701

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. Plaintiff, as a pro se litigant must comply with the Rules of Civil Procedure. *Rodriguez v. Fiesta Palms*, 134 Nev. 654, 659, 428 P.3d 255, 258-59 (2018) ("a pro se litigant cannot use his alleged ignorance as a shield to protect him from the consequences of failing to comply with basic procedural requirements").
- 2. Public policy favors disposition on the merits of a case. *Huckabay Props., Inc. v. NC Auto Parts, LLC*, 322 P.3d 429, 433-34, 130 Nev. Adv. Op. 23 (2014).

I. <u>Plaintiff's Motion to Extend the time to Oppose Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment</u>

- 3. Plaintiff's Motion sought a seven (7) day extension of time to oppose Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment and Defendant Goldman's Joinder thereto, pursuant to NRCP 6(b) and based on his personal circumstances.
- 4. Based on good cause shown and on Defendants' filed non-oppositions, Plaintiff's request for additional time up to an including July 6, 2021, to oppose Defendants Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment and Defendant Goldman's Joinder thereto, is appropriate.

II. Plaintiff's Motion To Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment

- 5. Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment is predicated on an asserted late filing of the summary judgment motion pursuant to NAR 4(E), which provides that dispositive motions be filed 45 days before an arbitration hearing. As applied to the July 28, 2021 Arbitration hearing in this matter, the filing date fell on June 13, 2021 a Sunday. All parties, including Plaintiff, filed their summary judgment motions on June 14, 2021, the immediately following Monday. Plaintiff asserts that the motions were more appropriately due on the immediately preceding Friday a difference of a single judicial day.
- 6. The Rules of Civil Procedure "should be construed, administered, and employed by the court and the parties to secure the just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of every action and proceeding." NRCP 1.

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- 7. Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment was filed the same date as Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment. Plaintiff calculated the deadline for the Motions for Summary Judgment the same as the Defendants and, therefore, it was disingenuous for the Plaintiff to withdraw his Motion for Partial Summary Judgment so that he could then argue that Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment, including Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, were not timely filed.
- 8. Plaintiff's Motion is not properly brought under NRCP 12 which governs submission of motions regarding the pleadings as set forth therein. It does not govern response to a summary judgment motion brought pursuant to NRCP 56. NRCP 12 does not provide a procedural vehicle to strike a motion for summary judgment, timely or otherwise.
- 9. The timing of the filing of Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment caused no prejudice to Plaintiff as Plaintiff has had ample opportunity to oppose the motion; Defendant Goldman did not oppose Plaintiff's request for an extension of time to respond to the motion, and the motion did not come on for hearing until approximately ten weeks after the Motion for Summary Judgment was filed.
- 10. At the time Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment was filed, the Arbitration hearing was scheduled for July 28, 2021. It was subsequently moved by Stipulation of the parties first to August 25, 2021, and then to October 6, 2021, resulting in the motion having been filed more than the 45 days allotted by NAR 4 for submission and consideration of dispositive motions in advance of the arbitration hearing. The argument that Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment was untimely pursuant to NAR 4(E) is, therefore, mooted by the extension of the arbitration hearing date.
- Plaintiff received full and fair notice of Defendant Goldman's Motion for 11. Summary Judgment, more than 45 days before an arbitration hearing in this matter and was given full and fair opportunity to oppose the motion and to be heard in opposition.
- 12. There is no legal authority cited by Plaintiff which would justify striking Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary judgment in the circumstances presented.

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III. Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment

A. Standard of For Summary Judgment

- Summary judgment is appropriate and shall be granted if the movant shows that 13. there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and the movant is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law. NRCP 56. It is a procedural tool by which "factually insufficient claims or defenses [may] be isolated and prevented from going to trial with the attendant unwarranted consumption of public and private resources." Boesiger v. Desert Appraisals, 135 Nev. Adv. Op. 25, p. 4 (2019), quoting Celotex Corp v. Catrett, 477 U.S. 317, 327 (1986).
- 14. Summary judgment is appropriate under NRCP 56 when the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, admissions, and affidavits, if any, that are properly before the court demonstrate that no genuine issue of material fact exists, and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 Nev. 724, 731, 121 P.3d 1026, 1031 (2005).
- 15. When the nonmoving party bears the burden of persuasion at trial, as Plaintiff does here, then the moving party may show an absence of a genuine issue of material fact by either putting forth evidence that negates an essential element of the nonmoving party's claim or by pointing to the absence of evidence in support of the nonmoving party's case. Cuzze v. University and Community College System of Nevada, 123 Nev. 598, 602-603, 172 P.3d. 131 (2007), citing Celotex, 477 U.S. at 331.
- 16. To survive summary judgment, the nonmoving party must rely upon more than general allegations and conclusions set forth in the pleadings and must present specific facts demonstrating the existence of a genuine issue. Boesiger v. Desert Appraisals, 135 Nev. Adv. Op. 25, p. 4 (2019), citing Wood, supra, 121 Nev. at 732, 121 P.3d at 1031 (internal quotations omitted). See also Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co. v. Zenith Radio Corp., 475 U.S. 574, 586 (1986) (the nonmoving party bears the burden to do more than simply show that there is some metaphysical doubt as to the operative facts in order to avoid summary judgment being entered in the moving party's favor.)

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17. In accordance with NRCP 56 and the foregoing direction from the Nevada Supreme Court, the Court has read and considered Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment along with all of the exhibits attached thereto, including but not limited to the Declaration of Dr. Edward Goldman.

B. **Breach of Contract**

- 18. The elements of a breach of contract claim in Nevada are: 1) plaintiff and defendant entered into a valid and existing contract; 2) plaintiff performed or was excused from performance; 3) defendant breached the contract; and 4) plaintiff sustained damage as a result of the breach. Calloway v. City of Reno, 116 Nev. 250, 993 P.2d 1259 (2000); Saint v. Int'l Game Tech., 434 F. Supp. 2d 913, 919-920 (D. Nev. 2006). Q
- 19. When a contract is clear on its face, it will be construed from the written language and enforced as written. Ellison v. C.S.A.A., 106 Nev. 601, 603, 797 P.2d 975, 977 (1990); White Cap Indus., Inc. v. Ruppert, 119 Nev. 126, 128, 67 P.3d 318, 319 (2003) (unambiguous contracts are construed according to their plain language).
- 20. Plaintiff's Contract was between Plaintiff and the CCSD BOT and was not a contract between Plaintiff and Defendant Goldman. The non-renewal by the CCSD BOT cannot constitute breach by Defendant Goldman who was not a party to the Contract and did not make the non-renewal.
- 21. By the written terms of the Contract, Plaintiff had no right to or expectation of continued employment beyond the 2013-2014 school year – the non-renewal by the CCSD BOT was contemplated by the Contract and was not in breach of its express terms.
- 22. Defendant Goldman did not breach the Contract by rejecting Plaintiff's May 28, 2014 request to grieve the non-renewal – the Contract was governed by the Negotiated Agreement which stated at Article 36-8-2 that that non-renewal of a probationary teacher's contract "shall not be subject to a hearing or arbitration under the provisions of this Article (36-8)."
- 23. Defendant Goldman did not breach the contract by rejecting Plaintiff's May 28, 2014, request to grieve the January 30, 2014, and April 1, 2014, performance evaluations – the Contract was governed by the Negotiated Agreement which stated at Article 4-5(a) that a

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grievance must be filed no later than "thirty (30) days after the grievant first knew of the act or condition upon which the grievance is based." The May 28, 2014 Grievance was untimely as to any challenge of the January 30, 2014, and April 1, 2014, performance evaluations.

24. Defendant Goldman addressed to Plaintiff's Grievance on three separate occasions - July 28, August 1, and August 19, 2014; Defendant Goldman's response to the Grievance did not breach of any provision of the Contract and Defendant Goldman cannot, therefore, be liable to Plaintiff for an alleged breach of the Contract for a failure to "address the issue" raised by the Grievance, as alleged by Plaintiff.

C. Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing

- 25. Every contract imposes upon the contracting parties a duty of good faith and fair dealing. A wrongful act committed during the course of a contractual relationship may give rise to both contractual and tort remedies. Albert H. Wohlers & Co. v. Bartgis, 114 Nev. 1249, 969 P.2d 949 (1998); Hilton Hotels Corp. v. Butch Lewis Prods., Inc., 109 Nev. 1043, 862 P.2d 1207 (1993).
- 26. The covenant of good faith and fair dealing that exists in every Nevada contract forbids arbitrary, unfair acts by one party to a contract that disadvantage the other. See Frantz v. Johnson, 116 Nev. 455, 999 P.2d 351 (2000).
- 27. Errors of judgment are not evidence of bad faith. NRS 453.030; 453.080(1). Hulse v. Sheriff, Clark County, 88 Nev. 393, 498 P.2d 1317 (1972).
- A claim alleging breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing 28. cannot be based on the same conduct establishing a separately pled breach of contract claim. *Id.*; Shaw v. CitiMortgage, Inc., 201 F. Supp. 3d 1222, 1252 (D. Nev. 2016) (holding that the defendant's conduct that was a "direct and actual breach" of the subject contract could not support the plaintiff's implied-covenant claim).
- 29. Where there is no contractual duty to perform a specific act, the omission to perform that act does not constitute an arbitrary or unfair act to the plaintiff's disadvantage. Nelson v. Heer, 123 Nev. 226, 163 P.3d 420 (2007).

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Contractual breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing

- 30. To establish a contractual breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, a plaintiff must prove each of the elements of the claim: 1) plaintiff and defendant were parties to a contract; 2) defendant owed a duty of good faith to plaintiff; 3) defendant breached that duty by performing in a manner that was unfaithful to the purpose of the contract; and 4) plaintiff's justified expectations were thus denied. See Perry v. Jordan, 111 Nev. 943, 900 P.2d 335 (1995); Hilton Hotels v. Butch Lewis Prods., 107 Nev. 226, 808 P.2d 919 (1991). The elements are conjunctive.
 - 31. Defendant Goldman was not a party to the Contract.
- 32. Plaintiff's claim against Defendant Goldman for breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, is based on the same alleged actions or inactions - namely Defendant Goldman's rejection Plaintiff's May 28, 2014 request to grieve the non-renewal. The action giving rise to Plaintiff's breach of contract claim against Dr. Goldman cannot also give rise to Plaintiff's breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing claim against Defendant Goldman.
- 33. Even if it could, Defendant Goldman's response to Plaintiff's Grievance, consistent with the Negotiated Agreement governing the Contract, was faithful to the purpose of the Contract.
- By the very written terms of the Contract, Plaintiff had no justified expectation in 34. renewal of the Contract.
- 35. Neither the Contract nor the Negotiated Agreement gave rise to a "review" process to challenge a non-renewal, and Defendant Goldman did not breach the covenant of good faith and fair dealing "by failing to address the issue" of Plaintiff's non-renewal as alleged by Plaintiff, when advising Plaintiff, in writing, that Plaintiff had no right to a review of the non-renewal, or to challenge his performance evaluations as of the date of Plaintiff's Grievance.
- 36. Defendant Goldman has not committed a contractual breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing with regard to Plaintiff's Contract.

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Tortious breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing

- 37. To establish a tortious breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing. Plaintiff must prove each element of the claim: 1) plaintiff and defendant were parties to a contract; 2) defendant owed a duty of good faith to plaintiff arising from the contract; 3) A special element of reliance of fiduciary duty existed between plaintiff and defendant where defendant was in a superior or entrusted position; 4) defendant breached the duty of good faith by engaging in misconduct; and 5) plaintiff suffered damages as a result of the breach. *Great Ameri. Ins. Co. v. Gen Builders, Inc.*, 113 Nev. 346, 934 P.2d 257 (1997). The elements are conjunctive.
- 38. Tort liability for breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing is appropriate where the party in the superior or entrusted position has engaged in "grievous and perfidious misconduct." *State, Univ. and Community College System v. Sutton*, 120 Nev. 972, 103 P.3d 8 (2004).
 - 39. Defendant Goldman was not a party to the Contract.
- 40. Defendant Goldman's response to Plaintiff's grievance consistent with the Negotiated Agreement governing the Contract, was faithful to the purpose of the Contract.
- 41. Defendant Goldman responded in writing to Plaintiff's Grievance on three separate occasions, advising that the terms of the Contract and the Negotiated Agreement did not allow Plaintiff to challenge the non-renewal of his Contract, and that the grievance was untimely as to any challenge of the performance evaluations. Where those conclusions were based upon the clear written language of the Contract and the Negotiated Agreement, Defendant Goldman has not engaged in misconduct, much less "grievous and perfidious misconduct," in reaching them.
- 42. By the very written terms of the Contract, Plaintiff had no justified expectation in renewal of the Contract.
- 43. Defendant Goldman has not engaged in conduct constituting a tortious breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

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D. Defendant Goldman is Not a Proper Party to this Suit

<u>Individual Capacity</u>

- 44. Plaintiff's allegation against Defendant Goldman is solely that Goldman failed "to address the issue" raised in Plaintiff's Grievance.
- 45. The Amended Complaint is void of any allegation that Defendant Goldman's actions were personally motivated or in some manner separate and apart from his role as the CCSD Assistant Superintendent of Employee Management Relations.
- 46. Plaintiff has presented no opposition to Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment and has not presented argument or evidence to support an allegation against Defendant Goldman in his individual capacity.
 - 47. Defendant Goldman owed no duty to Plaintiff beyond his duty as a CCSD actor.
 - 48. Defendant Goldman is entitled to summary judgment in his individual capacity. Official Capacity
- 49. A suit against a public officer or employee in his official capacity is the same as a claim against the governmental entity itself. See e.g., Brandon v. Hold, 469 U.S. 464, 469-70 (1984) ("Official capacity suits generally represent an action against an entity of which an officer is an agent.); Larez v. City of Los Angeles, 946 F.2d 630, 646 (9th Cir. 1991) (stating "a suit against a government office in his official capacity is equivalent to a suit against the governmental entity itself.")
- 50. Duplicative, redundant, or superfluous claims are properly dismissed if they are based on the same operative facts and allege the same injury. See Hoagland ex rel. Midwest Transit, Inc. v. Sandberg, Phoenix & von Gontard, P.C., 385 F.3d 737, 744 (7th Cir. 2004); see also NRCP 12(f) (authorizing courts to strike redundant material from pleadings). See also Robinson v. District of Columbia, 403 F. Supp. 2d 39, 49 (D.D.C. 2005) ("it is duplicative to name both a governmental entity and the entity's employees in their official capacity," [thus] "courts have routinely dismissed corresponding claims against individuals named in their official capacity as redundant and an inefficient use of judicial resources.")

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- 51. Plaintiff's suit against Defendant Goldman in his official capacity is redundant to the suit against the CCSD BOT as it is based on the same operative facts and alleges the same injury.
- 52. Defendant Goldman is entitled to judgment in his official capacity as an employee of the CCSD.

Discretionary Immunity

- 53. CCSD is a political subdivision of the state of Nevada. NRS 386.010. NRS Chapter 41 governs suits against and liability of political subdivisions and their employees. Defendant Goldman's liability as an employee of CCSD is, therefore, subject to NRS Chapter 41.
- 54. Plaintiff's Amended Complaint prays for "[g]eneral damages for the past and present suffering" – a tort damage.
- 55. An employee of a political subdivision has discretionary immunity for acts or omissions based upon the exercise or performance, or the failure to exercise or perform, a discretionary function or duty, whether or not the discretion involved is abused. NRS 41.032
- 56. The Berkovitz-Gaubert test determines if a public employee is entitled to discretionary immunity. Martinez v. Maruszczak, 123 Nev. 433, 168 P.3d 720 (2007), citing Berkovitz v. United States, 486 U.S. 531, 536-37, 108 S. Ct. 1954 (1988), and United States v. Gaubert, 499 U.S. 315, 322, 111 S. Ct. 1267 (1991.) A public employee's act is discretionary in nature when "the acts . . . involve an 'element of judgment or choice," and "[the] judgment [exercised] is of the kind that the discretionary-function exception was designed to shield." *Id.*
- 57. The focus of the inquiry is not the employee's subjective intent but is instead on the nature of the actions taken and whether they are susceptible to policy analysis. *Martinez*, supra, 123 Nev. at 445, 168 P.2d at 728. Decisions at all levels of government may be protected by discretionary immunity if they require analysis of government policy concerns. Martinez, supra, 123 Nev. at 446-47, 168 P.2d at 729.
- 58. Defendant Goldman's response to Plaintiff's Grievance required analysis and consideration of the public policy embodied in Plaintiff's Contract and the Negotiated Agreement.

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59. Defendant Goldman has discretionary immunity from suit for tort damages. NRS 41.032.

Authority For Relief Sought

- 60. Plaintiff's allegations against Defendant Goldman arise from Defendant Goldman's perceived duties as the CCSD Assistant Superintendent of Employee Management Relations. Defendant Goldman has no authority to review the BOT's non-renewal or to extend a new contract to Plaintiff.
- 61. NRS 41.0349 requires the CCSD BOT to indemnify Defendant Goldman as a public employee, for conduct within the course and scope of his employment. Defendant Goldman is entitled to indemnification by the CCSD.
 - 62. The damages sought by Plaintiff are not recoverable against Defendant Goldman.
 - E. The Negotiated Agreement Provides the Exclusive Remedy for Plaintiff's Contract-Based Claims as Based on the Terms of the Negotiated Agreement
- Plaintiff's employment with CCSD was governed by NRS Chapter 288 and 63. covered by the Negotiated Agreement. NRS Chapter 288 is "intended to apply similar principles" as recognized by federal labor laws." Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District v. International Ass'n of Firefighters, Local 2487, 109 Nev. 367, 374, 849 P.2d 343 (1993).
- 64. The Negotiated Agreement, as the collective bargaining agreement governing Plaintiff's employment, provides the "uniform and exclusive method for orderly settlement of employee grievance." Republic Steel Corp. v. Maddox, 379 U.S. 650, 653 (1952). ("If a grievance procedure cannot be made exclusive, it loses much of its desirability as a method of settlement. A rule creating such a situation would inevitably exert a disruptive influence upon both the negotiation and administration of collective agreements."); see also NRS 288.150(o) (identifying that a mandatory subject of collective bargaining includes "grievance and arbitration procedures for resolution of disputes relating to interpretation or application of collective bargaining agreements").
- 65. An employee covered by a collective bargaining agreement may not challenge his employment status through state law claims which would require interpretation of the collective

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bargaining agreement. MGM Grand Hotel-Reno, Inc. v. Insley, 102 Nev. 513, 517, 728 P.2d 821 (1986) (citing Allis Chalmers v. Lueck, 471 U.S. 202 (1985)) (alleged breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing arising from collective bargaining agreement claim legally insufficient). The rule applies to claims "which would require the court to interpret the meaning and scope of a term" of the collective bargaining agreement. MGM Grand Hotel-Reno, Inc. v. Insley, supra, 102 Nev. at 517.

- Plaintiff's claim against Defendant Goldman is a direct result of his dissatisfaction 66. with Defendant Goldman's response, in application of the Negotiated Agreement, to Plaintiff's Plaintiff's Grievance, whether as to the non-renewal of his Contract or as to his evaluations and the timeline for response thereto, is governed by the Negotiated Agreement.
- 67. Plaintiff's suit against Defendant Goldman seeks this Court's interpretation of the Contract as governed by the Negotiated Agreement, and in pertinent part, Defendant Goldman's compliance therewith.
- 68. The Negotiated Agreement governing Plaintiff's employment with the CCSD provides the exclusive remedy for challenging disputes which arise regarding an interpretation, application, or alleged violation of any of the provisions of the Negotiated Agreement.
- 69. Therefore, Plaintiff's contract-based claims are preempted by the Negotiated Agreement and Defendant Goldman is entitled to summary judgment thereon.

Plaintiff's Motion To Strike Defendant Goldman's Declaration in Support of **Defendant Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment**

- 70. A motion must be filed with a memorandum of points and authorities in support of each ground therefore, the absence of which may be construed as an admission that the motion is not meritorious and is cause for its denial. EDCR 2.20(c).
- 71. Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Declaration of Dr. Edward Goldman in Support of Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, contains no points or authorities discussing how Defendant Goldman's Declaration is deemed insufficient, and instead sets forth deficiencies of a Declaration by an America Lomeli – a Declaration not submitted by Defendant Goldman.

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72. Plaintiff's Motion to Strike, unsupported by reference to Defendant Goldman's Declaration, is insufficient on its face. A motion must be filed with a memorandum of points and authorities in support of each ground therefore, the absence of which may be construed as an admission that the motion is not meritorious and is cause for its denial. EDCR 2.20(c). Plaintiff's objection and motion to strike poses no specific objection to the testimony stated in Defendant Goldman's Declaration and instead makes a blanket argument without reference to Defendant Goldman's Declaration itself.

73. NRCP 56(c)(1) provides that a party may support a motion for summary judgment by "citing to particular parts of materials in the record, including . . . documents . . . affidavits or declarations . . . or other materials." Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, made under penalty of perjury, setting forth the basis of his knowledge of the facts stated therein, and attesting to the CCSD documents referenced therein – documents which authenticity has not been challenged by Plaintiff – constitutes testimony to be offered by him at the time of trial. Declaration is made based on personal knowledge, attests to matters concerning which Defendant Goldman is competent to testify as stated in the Declaration, and attests to the truth and accuracy of the statements contained therein. See NRCP 55(c)(4), and NRS 50.015 ([e]very person is competent to be a witness except as otherwise provided in this title).

74. Based upon the foregoing, Defendant Goldman's Declaration sufficiently complies with the requirements of NRCP 56(c)(1) and (c)(4), and Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Declaration is denied.

Defendant Goldman's Joinder in CCSD BOT's Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline.

- 75. At the time Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment was filed, the Arbitration hearing was scheduled for July 28, 2021.
- 76. NAR 4(E) provides for dispositive motions to be filed 45 days in advance of an Arbitration hearing date.
- 77. All parties filed their motions for summary judgment on Monday, June 14, 2021, including Plaintiff. Plaintiff's motions to strike Defendants' motions for summary judgment

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asserts motions for summary judgment were due pursuant to NAR(E) on Friday, June 11 - adifference of a single judicial day. The CCSD BOT's countermotion, joined by Defendant Goldman, to extend the time for filing dispositive motions by the single judicial day to Monday, June 14, 2021, is both in good faith and reasonable in light of Plaintiff's own filing on June 14, 2021.

- 78. Further, the Arbitration hearing was subsequently moved by Stipulation of the parties first to August 25, 2021, and then to October 6, 2021. The change in the Arbitration hearing date resulted in Defendant Goldman's Motion having been filed more than the 45 days allotted by NAR 4(E) for submission and consideration of dispositive motions in advance of the arbitration hearing.
- 79. Defendant CCSD BOT's request, joined by Defendant Goldman, for an extension of time to extend the dispositive motion deadline calendared from the July 28, 2021 Arbitration hearing is, therefore, without prejudice to Plaintiff – the original 45 day deadline was mooted by the extension of the Arbitration hearing date and by Defendant's non-opposition to the extension of time sought by Plaintiff to oppose Defendants' motions for summary judgment.

If any of the foregoing Conclusions of Law is deemed more appropriately categorized as a Finding of Fact, it shall be so treated.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

Plaintiff's Motion To Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment is DENIED;

Plaintiff's Motion to Extend the Time to Oppose Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment is GRANTED;

Defendant Goldman's Joinder in the CCSD BOT Counter-Motion to Extend Dispositive Motion Deadline is DENIED as moot;

Plaintiff's Motion To Strike Defendant Goldman's Declaration in Support of Defendant Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment, is DENIED; and

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Stephanie Barker

Las Vegas, Nevada 89129

From:

Sent:	Tuesday, October 12, 2021 1:53 PM
To:	Stephanie Barker
Cc:	Tenkasi Viswanathan; Nan Langenderfer; penaec@nv.ccsd.net
Subject:	Re: Viswanathan v. CCSD BOT & Goldman
Yes.	
m l	
Thank you,	
Crystal Herrera	
Senior Assistant General Coul	
Office of the General Couns	sel
Clark County School District	
5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146	
Ph: (702) 799-5373	
Fax: (702) 799-5505	
Email: herrec4@nv.ccsd.net	
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	evidence. If you have received this email inadvertently or are not the intended recipient,
please delete this email and notify	
On Tue, Oct 12, 2021 at 1:11 PM	Stephanie Barker < sbarker@ocgas.com > wrote:
Conductions on No. House	
Good afternoon Ms. Herrera:	
Do I have your permission to sul	bmit the attached order Granting Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, etc., with
your electronic signature?	
,	
Thank you.	
Stephanie A. Barker, Esq.	
Kummun var markets mod.	
Olson Cannon Gormley & Sto	oberski
9950 West Cheyenne Avenue	

Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] <a href="mailto: crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] crystal Herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

1	CSERV		
2	DISTRICT COURT		
3	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
4			
5	Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff(s)	CASE NO: A-20-814819-C	
6			
7	VS.	DEPT. NO. Department 15	
8	Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District,		
9	Defendant(s)		
10			
11	AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
12	This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District		
13	Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:		
14		the above entitled case as fisted below.	
15	Service Date: 10/20/2021		
16	James Fontano	jim@heatonfontano.com	
17	Nan Langenderfer	nlangenderfer@ocgas.com	
18	Cheri Hartle	chartle@ocgas.com	
19	Crystal Herrera	herrec4@nv.ccsd.net	
20	Elsa Pena	penaec@nv.ccsd.net	
21			
22	_	sbarker@ocgas.com	
23	Tenkasi Viswanathan	Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com	
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25			
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Law Offices of OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY NEVADA

Tenkasi Viswanathan;

Plaintiff, Case No.: A-20-814819-C
Dept. No.: 15

Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District; Pat Skorkowski in his Official and Individual Capacity; Dr. Edward Goldman in his Official and Individual Capacity; Neddy Alvarez in her Official and Individual Capacity; Sonya Houghton in her Official and Individual Capacity; and Louis Markouzis in his Official and Individual Capacity,

Defendants.

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD

GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; GRANTING
PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO EXTEND THE TIME TO OPPOSE DEFENDANT
GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; DENYING
PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION
FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; DENYING PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO,
AND MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S DECLARATION IN
SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY
JUDGMENT

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Law Offices of OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI A Professional Corporation 9950 West Cheyenne Avenue

TO: ALL PARTIES OF INTEREST AND THEIR COUNSEL OF RECORD:

YOU AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Court entered an Order Granting Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; Granting Plaintiff's Motion to Extend the Time to Oppose Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; Denying Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; Denying Plaintiff's Objections to, and Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Declaration in Support of Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, a copy of which is attached hereto, filed on the 20th day of October, 2021.

DATED this 21st day of October, 2021.

OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI

/s/ Stephanie A. Barker
JAMES R. OLSON, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 000116
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9950 West Cheyenne Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89129
Attorneys for Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

day of October, 2021, the undersigned employee of Olson Cannon Gormley & Stoberski, hereby served a true copy of **NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER** GRANTING DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT: GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO EXTEND THE TIME TO OPPOSE DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE **DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT;** DENYING PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO, AND MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S DECLARATION IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT on the parties listed below via the EFP Program, pursuant to the Court's Electronic Filing Service Order effective

TENKASI M. VISWANATHAN 8220 Hollister Avenue Las Vegas, NV 89131 Viswanathan.Tenkasi@gmail.com Plaintiff pro se

June 1, 2014 and/or mailed to the following:

CRYSTAL J. HERRERA, ESO. Office of the General Counsel Clark County School District 5100 W. Sahara Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89146 Herrec4@nv.ccsd.net Attorney for Defendants CCSD Board of Trustees and Pat Skorkowsky

An Employee of OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI

ELECTRONICALLY SERVED 10/20/2021 1:16 PM

Electronically Filed 10/20/2021 1:15 PM CLERK OF THE COURT

1 JAMES R. OLSON, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 000116 2 STEPHANIE A. BARKER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 003176 3 OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI 9950 West Cheyenne Avenue 4 Las Vegas, NV 89129 Phone: 702-384-4012 5 Facsimile: 702-383-0701 Email: jolson@ocgas.com 6 sbarker@ocgas.com Attorneys for Defendant 7 Dr. Edward Goldman 8 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 CLARK COUNTY NEVADA 11 Tenkasi Viswanathan; 12 Plaintiff, Case No.: A-20-814819-C 13 Law Offices of OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI Dept. No.: VS. 14 9950 West Cheyenne Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 4 Professional Corporation Board of Trustees of the Clark County School 15 District; Pat Skorkowski in his Official and Individual Capacity; Dr. Edward Goldman in Hearing Date: August 25, 2021 16 his Official and Individual Capacity; Neddy Hearing Time: 9:00 a.m. Alvarez in her Official and Individual 17 Las Ve (702) 384-4012 Capacity; Sonya Houghton in her Official and Individual Capacity; and Louis Markouzis in 18 his Official and Individual Capacity, 19 Defendants. 20 21 ORDER 22 GRANTING DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT: 23 GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO EXTEND THE TIME TO OPPOSE 24 DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; 25 **DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE** DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; 26 DENYING PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO, AND MOTION TO STRIKE 27 DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S DECLARATION IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT;

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Case Number: A-20-814819-C

Law Offices of OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI A Prefessional Corporation 9950 West Cheyenne Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 (702) 384-4012

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AND

DENYING AS MOOT DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S JOINDER IN DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' COUNTERMOTION TO EXTEND THE DISPOSITIVE MOTION DEADLINE

Defendant DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN's Motion for Summary Judgment and related motions having come on for hearing on August 25, 2021, Plaintiff TENKASI VISWANATHAN having been present and representing himself pro se, Defendant GOLDMAN having been represented by STEPHANIE A. BARKER, ESQ., of the law firm of Olson Cannon Gormley & Stoberski, and Defendants CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (CCSD) BOARD OF TRUSTEES (BOT) having been represented by attorney CRYSTAL HERRERA, ESQ., of the Clark County School District Office of General Counsel;

The Court having read and considered the pleadings and papers on file herein, specifically as set forth in the procedural history hereinbelow;

AND the Court having entertained the oral arguments of counsel and of Plaintiff pro se, including Plaintiff's oral argument in opposition to Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment;

AND GOOD CAUSE APPEARING, the Court hereby makes the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, GRANTING Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment; GRANTING Plaintiff's Motion to Extend the Time to Oppose Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment; DENYING Plaintiff's Motion To Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment; DENYING Plaintiff's Objections to and Motion To Strike Defendant Goldman's Declaration Served with Defendant Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment; and DENYING as moot Defendant Goldman's Joinder in the CCSD BOT Counter-Motion to Extend Dispositive Motion Deadline.

FINDINGS OF FACT

I. Plaintiff's Employment by the CCSD BOT

1. For the 2013-2014 school year, Plaintiff was employed by the CCSD BOT as a probationary teacher, pursuant to a Probationary Teaching Contract (Contract). The Contract

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contained a written provision stating that: "Probationary employees agree that they are employed only on an annual basis and that they have no right to employment after the last day of the school year specified in this Contract specified in writing." (Emphasis added.)

- In 2013-2014, CCSD teacher contracts were governed by a Negotiated Agreement between the CCSD and the Clark County Education Association. (Negotiated Agreement.) Article 36-8-2 of the Negotiated Agreement stated non-renewal of a probationary teacher's contract "shall not be subject to a hearing or arbitration under the provisions of this Article (36-8)."
- 3. On April 28, 2014, Plaintiff was given written Notice of Non-Reemployment of Probationary Employee. The Notice, dated April 25, 2014, stated that Plaintiff's Contract would not be renewed for the coming school year. The non-renewal decision was made by the CCSD BOT. It was not made by Defendant Goldman.
- 4. On May 28, 2014, after his receipt of the Notice of Non-Renewal, Plaintiff forwarded a grievance to CCSD's Employee Management Relations. (Grievance.) Grievance challenged the BOT non-renewal decision as the "opposite of [Plaintiff's] expectation" and requested three remedies:
 - (1) reappointment "for another year within CCSD;"
 - (2) that Plaintiff's second and third evaluations be "rendered null and void;" and
 - (3) other remedies "that are deemed just and appropriate."
 - 5. Article 4-1 of the Negotiated Agreement provided:

A grievance is defined as any dispute which arises regarding an interpretation, application, or alleged violation of any of the provisions of this Agreement.

- 6. Plaintiff's first, second, and third evaluations were issued on November 25, 2013, January 30, 2014, and April 1, 2014, respectively. Plaintiff did not submit a written grievance to any of these evaluations before he submitted the May 28, 2014, Grievance of the non-renewal decision by the CCSD BOT.
- 7. In May 2014, Defendant Goldman was an employee of the CCSD, holding the position of Assistant Superintendent of Employee Management Relations.

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8. Defendant Goldman was not a party to the Contract, did not have authority to nonrenew a probationary teaching contract, and did not have authority to review a decision by the BOT to non-renew a probationary teaching contract.

- 9. In his position as Assistant Superintendent of Employee Management Relations, Defendant Goldman responded to Plaintiff's Grievance via email on July 28, 2014. Therein Defendant Goldman told Plaintiff that he could not grieve the non-renewal pursuant to Article 36-8-2 of the Negotiated Agreement and NRS 391, because the non-renewal of a probationary teacher's contract is not subject to a hearing or arbitration. This determination was made based upon the stated nature of Plaintiff's grievance in seeking reappointment to a teaching position.
 - Pursuant to NRS 391, the non-renewal of a probationary teacher's contract shall not be subject to a hearing or arbitration under the provisions of this Article (36-8) . . .

Article 36-8-2 of the Negotiated Agreement stated:

- 11. After consultation with the CCSD Office of General Counsel, on August 1, 2014, Defendant Goldman further responded to Plaintiff's Grievance to address Plaintiff's request that Plaintiff's second and third evaluations be "rendered null and void." Defendant Goldman's correspondence told Plaintiff that to the extent this Grievance was attempting to grieve Plaintiff's January 30, 2014, and April 1, 2014 performance evaluations, the Grievance was untimely pursuant to Article 4-5(a) of the Negotiated Agreement which required that a grievance be filed not later than "thirty (30) days after the grievant first knew of the act or condition upon which the grievance is based." To the extent Plaintiff's Grievance sought to have his second and third evaluations "rendered null and void," it was not submitted within 30 days of each evaluation and could not, therefore, be considered.
 - 12. Article 4-5(a) of the Negotiated Agreement provided:
 - If the grievance is not resolved at Step One, the grievant may submit in writing the unresolved grievance to the Associate Superintendent, Human Resources Division, or the Superintendent's designee not later than thirty (30) days after the grievant first knew of the act or condition upon which the grievance is based.
- 13. On August 19, 2014, Defendant Goldman again sent correspondence in response to Plaintiff's Grievance, advising that Plaintiff's Grievance was never properly before Defendant

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- occasions July 28, August 1, and August 19, 2014 each time addressing Defendant Goldman's inability to consider the substance of the Grievance based upon the terms of Plaintiff's Contract and of the Negotiated Agreement.
- 15. The CCSD BOT's decision not to renew Plaintiff's Contract was not grievable pursuant to the terms of the Negotiated Agreement and/or Nevada statute.

II. **Procedural Progress of This Litigation**

- 16. On May 11, 2020, slightly over six years after the non-renewal of Plaintiff's probationary teaching contract, Plaintiff filed the Complaint initiating this litigation. (Doc ID #1.) On August 4, 2020, Plaintiff filed an Amended Complaint. (Doc ID #6.) As to Defendant Goldman, Plaintiff's only allegations are that he appealed the BOT's non-renewal decision to "the higher authorities, which included Dr. Goldman," and that Dr. Goldman "did not address the issue."
- 17. Defendant Goldman filed a Motion to Dismiss on August 30, 2020. (Doc ID #22.) Plaintiff opposed the motion on September 17, 2020 (Doc ID #33), and Defendant Goldman Replied to the opposition on October 2, 2020. (Doc ID #42.)
- 18. On October 28, 2020, the Court granted in part, and denied in part, Defendant Goldman's Motion to Dismiss (Doc ID #48), leaving two remaining claims for relief against Defendant Goldman:
 - (1) Breach of Contract, and
 - (2) Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing.
- 19. On January 7, 2021, no Request for Exemption from Arbitration having been filed, the Court's Alternative Dispute Resolution office appointed an Arbitrator to hear this matter. (Doc ID #71.)
- 20. After the close of discovery, Defendant Goldman and Defendant CCSD BOT filed separate motions for summary judgment on June 14, 2021. (Doc ID #86 and #87.) Defendant

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Goldman joined in the CCSD BOT Motion for Summary Judgment on June 15, 2021. (Doc ID #93.) Plaintiff did not file opposition to either motion for summary judgment.

- 21. On June 14, 2021, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Partial Summary Judgment as to the CCSD BOT, (Doc ID #88), and on June 20, 2021, Plaintiff withdrew the motion. (Doc ID #94 and #95.)
- 22. As of June 14, 2021, the date all parties' motions for summary judgment were filed, the Arbitration hearing was scheduled for July 28, 2021. (Doc ID #82.)
- 23. On June 21, 2021, Plaintiff filed Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment (Doc ID #97), and on that same day filed a Motion to Strike the CCSD BOT Motion for Summary Judgment. (Doc ID #96.) Defendant Goldman filed a Response in Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment on June 29, 2021 (Doc ID #104), along with a Joinder (Doc ID #106) to the CCSD BOT Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the CCSD BOT Motion for Summary Judgment and to the CCSD BOT Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline. (Doc ID #101.) Plaintiff's replies were filed on July 20, 2021. (Doc ID #123 and #124.)
- 24. On June 28, 2021, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Order Extending Time, seeking a seven-day extension of time to file and serve opposition to both Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment. (Doc ID #102.) Both Defendant Goldman and Defendant CCSD BOT filed notice of Non-Opposition to Plaintiff's requested extension of time. (Doc ID #105 and #119.)
- 25. On July 6, 2021, Plaintiff filed Objections to and Motion to Strike Dr. Edward Goldman's Declaration in support of Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment. (Doc ID #111.) Defendant Goldman opposed the motion on August 5, 2021 (Doc ID #126), and Plaintiff replied thereto on August 18, 2021. (Doc ID #130.)
- 26. On July 9, 2020, Plaintiff filed an Opposition to the CCSD BOT Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline and to Defendant Goldman's Joinder in that Countermotion. (Doc ID #116.)
- 27. The foregoing Motions were initially calendared for hearing on multiple dates – July 26, July 28, and August 9, 2021. On July 13, 2021, the parties stipulated to consolidate

hearing of the motions, and an Order was entered consolidating hearing for all motions to July 28, 2021. (Doc ID #120.)

- 28. On July 13, 2021, the Arbitrator entered an order continuing the Arbitration hearing from July 28, 2021, to August 27, 2021. (Doc ID #121.)
- 29. On July 28, 2021, the Court reset the consolidated hearings to be heard on August 18, 2021.
- 30. On August 13, 2021, the Arbitrator again entered an Order extending the Arbitration, resetting the hearing to October 6, 2021. (Doc ID #129.)
- 31. On August 5, 2021, upon stipulation of the parties, the consolidated hearing was re-scheduled to August 25, 2021. (Doc ID #127.)
- 32. On August 25, 2021, the Court heard and considered all pending motions in this matter, as set forth hereinabove.
- 33. As of the August 25, 2021 hearing on the motions for summary judgment, Plaintiff had filed no Opposition to Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, even after seeking an extension of time to serve and file an opposition, with notice of non-opposition to the extension having been filed by Defendant Goldman and by Defendant CCSD BOT.
- 34. Plaintiff stated at oral argument that his intent was to strike the motions for summary judgment as untimely and to strike the Declarations and Affidavits in support thereof; then, if Plaintiff's Motions to Strike were denied, to thereafter file oppositions.
- 35. Plaintiff presented oral argument in opposition to Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment, as well as the Joinder, stating that he was entitled to judgment as a matter of law on his motions to strike, and that opposition to the Motions for Summary Judgment was not necessary as he had filed multiple Motions to Strike.

If any of the foregoing Findings of Fact is deemed more appropriately categorized as a Conclusion of Law, it shall be so treated.

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CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. Plaintiff, as a pro se litigant must comply with the Rules of Civil Procedure. Rodriguez v. Fiesta Palms, 134 Nev. 654, 659, 428 P.3d 255, 258-59 (2018) ("a pro se litigant cannot use his alleged ignorance as a shield to protect him from the consequences of failing to comply with basic procedural requirements").
- 2. Public policy favors disposition on the merits of a case. *Huckabay Props., Inc. v. NC Auto Parts, LLC*, 322 P.3d 429, 433-34, 130 Nev. Adv. Op. 23 (2014).

I. <u>Plaintiff's Motion to Extend the time to Oppose Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment</u>

- 3. Plaintiff's Motion sought a seven (7) day extension of time to oppose Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment and Defendant Goldman's Joinder thereto, pursuant to NRCP 6(b) and based on his personal circumstances.
- 4. Based on good cause shown and on Defendants' filed non-oppositions, Plaintiff's request for additional time up to an including July 6, 2021, to oppose Defendants Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, Defendant CCSD BOT's Motion for Summary Judgment and Defendant Goldman's Joinder thereto, is appropriate.

II. Plaintiff's Motion To Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment

- 5. Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment is predicated on an asserted late filing of the summary judgment motion pursuant to NAR 4(E), which provides that dispositive motions be filed 45 days before an arbitration hearing. As applied to the July 28, 2021 Arbitration hearing in this matter, the filing date fell on June 13, 2021 a Sunday. All parties, including Plaintiff, filed their summary judgment motions on June 14, 2021, the immediately following Monday. Plaintiff asserts that the motions were more appropriately due on the immediately preceding Friday a difference of a single judicial day.
- 6. The Rules of Civil Procedure "should be construed, administered, and employed by the court and the parties to secure the just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of every action and proceeding." NRCP 1.

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- 7. Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment was filed the same date as Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment. Plaintiff calculated the deadline for the Motions for Summary Judgment the same as the Defendants and, therefore, it was disingenuous for the Plaintiff to withdraw his Motion for Partial Summary Judgment so that he could then argue that Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment, including Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, were not timely filed.
- 8. Plaintiff's Motion is not properly brought under NRCP 12 which governs submission of motions regarding the pleadings as set forth therein. It does not govern response to a summary judgment motion brought pursuant to NRCP 56. NRCP 12 does not provide a procedural vehicle to strike a motion for summary judgment, timely or otherwise.
- 9. The timing of the filing of Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment caused no prejudice to Plaintiff as Plaintiff has had ample opportunity to oppose the motion; Defendant Goldman did not oppose Plaintiff's request for an extension of time to respond to the motion, and the motion did not come on for hearing until approximately ten weeks after the Motion for Summary Judgment was filed.
- 10. At the time Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment was filed, the Arbitration hearing was scheduled for July 28, 2021. It was subsequently moved by Stipulation of the parties first to August 25, 2021, and then to October 6, 2021, resulting in the motion having been filed more than the 45 days allotted by NAR 4 for submission and consideration of dispositive motions in advance of the arbitration hearing. The argument that Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment was untimely pursuant to NAR 4(E) is, therefore, mooted by the extension of the arbitration hearing date.
- 11. Plaintiff received full and fair notice of Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, more than 45 days before an arbitration hearing in this matter and was given full and fair opportunity to oppose the motion and to be heard in opposition.
- 12. There is no legal authority cited by Plaintiff which would justify striking Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary judgment in the circumstances presented.

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III. Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment

A. Standard of For Summary Judgment

- Summary judgment is appropriate and shall be granted if the movant shows that 13. there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and the movant is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law. NRCP 56. It is a procedural tool by which "factually insufficient claims or defenses [may] be isolated and prevented from going to trial with the attendant unwarranted consumption of public and private resources." Boesiger v. Desert Appraisals, 135 Nev. Adv. Op. 25, p. 4 (2019), quoting Celotex Corp v. Catrett, 477 U.S. 317, 327 (1986).
- 14. Summary judgment is appropriate under NRCP 56 when the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, admissions, and affidavits, if any, that are properly before the court demonstrate that no genuine issue of material fact exists, and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 Nev. 724, 731, 121 P.3d 1026, 1031 (2005).
- 15. When the nonmoving party bears the burden of persuasion at trial, as Plaintiff does here, then the moving party may show an absence of a genuine issue of material fact by either putting forth evidence that negates an essential element of the nonmoving party's claim or by pointing to the absence of evidence in support of the nonmoving party's case. Cuzze v. University and Community College System of Nevada, 123 Nev. 598, 602-603, 172 P.3d. 131 (2007), citing Celotex, 477 U.S. at 331.
- To survive summary judgment, the nonmoving party must rely upon more than 16. general allegations and conclusions set forth in the pleadings and must present specific facts demonstrating the existence of a genuine issue. Boesiger v. Desert Appraisals, 135 Nev. Adv. Op. 25, p. 4 (2019), citing Wood, supra, 121 Nev. at 732, 121 P.3d at 1031 (internal quotations omitted). See also Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co. v. Zenith Radio Corp., 475 U.S. 574, 586 (1986) (the nonmoving party bears the burden to do more than simply show that there is some metaphysical doubt as to the operative facts in order to avoid summary judgment being entered in the moving party's favor.)

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17. In accordance with NRCP 56 and the foregoing direction from the Nevada Supreme Court, the Court has read and considered Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment along with all of the exhibits attached thereto, including but not limited to the Declaration of Dr. Edward Goldman.

В. **Breach of Contract**

- 18. The elements of a breach of contract claim in Nevada are: 1) plaintiff and defendant entered into a valid and existing contract; 2) plaintiff performed or was excused from performance; 3) defendant breached the contract; and 4) plaintiff sustained damage as a result of the breach. Calloway v. City of Reno, 116 Nev. 250, 993 P.2d 1259 (2000); Saint v. Int'l Game Tech., 434 F. Supp. 2d 913, 919-920 (D. Nev. 2006). Q
- 19. When a contract is clear on its face, it will be construed from the written language and enforced as written. Ellison v. C.S.A.A., 106 Nev. 601, 603, 797 P.2d 975, 977 (1990); White Cap Indus., Inc. v. Ruppert, 119 Nev. 126, 128, 67 P.3d 318, 319 (2003) (unambiguous contracts are construed according to their plain language).
- 20. Plaintiff's Contract was between Plaintiff and the CCSD BOT and was not a contract between Plaintiff and Defendant Goldman. The non-renewal by the CCSD BOT cannot constitute breach by Defendant Goldman who was not a party to the Contract and did not make the non-renewal.
- 21. By the written terms of the Contract, Plaintiff had no right to or expectation of continued employment beyond the 2013-2014 school year - the non-renewal by the CCSD BOT was contemplated by the Contract and was not in breach of its express terms.
- 22. Defendant Goldman did not breach the Contract by rejecting Plaintiff's May 28, 2014 request to grieve the non-renewal – the Contract was governed by the Negotiated Agreement which stated at Article 36-8-2 that that non-renewal of a probationary teacher's contract "shall not be subject to a hearing or arbitration under the provisions of this Article (36-8)."
- 23. Defendant Goldman did not breach the contract by rejecting Plaintiff's May 28, 2014, request to grieve the January 30, 2014, and April 1, 2014, performance evaluations – the Contract was governed by the Negotiated Agreement which stated at Article 4-5(a) that a

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grievance must be filed no later than "thirty (30) days after the grievant first knew of the act or condition upon which the grievance is based." The May 28, 2014 Grievance was untimely as to any challenge of the January 30, 2014, and April 1, 2014, performance evaluations.

24. Defendant Goldman addressed to Plaintiff's Grievance on three separate occasions - July 28, August 1, and August 19, 2014; Defendant Goldman's response to the Grievance did not breach of any provision of the Contract and Defendant Goldman cannot, therefore, be liable to Plaintiff for an alleged breach of the Contract for a failure to "address the issue" raised by the Grievance, as alleged by Plaintiff.

C. Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing

- 25. Every contract imposes upon the contracting parties a duty of good faith and fair dealing. A wrongful act committed during the course of a contractual relationship may give rise to both contractual and tort remedies. Albert H. Wohlers & Co. v. Bartgis, 114 Nev. 1249, 969 P.2d 949 (1998); Hilton Hotels Corp. v. Butch Lewis Prods., Inc., 109 Nev. 1043, 862 P.2d 1207 (1993).
- 26. The covenant of good faith and fair dealing that exists in every Nevada contract forbids arbitrary, unfair acts by one party to a contract that disadvantage the other. See Frantz v. Johnson, 116 Nev. 455, 999 P.2d 351 (2000).
- 27. Errors of judgment are not evidence of bad faith. NRS 453.030; 453.080(1). Hulse v. Sheriff, Clark County, 88 Nev. 393, 498 P.2d 1317 (1972).
- 28. A claim alleging breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing cannot be based on the same conduct establishing a separately pled breach of contract claim. Id.; Shaw v. CitiMortgage, Inc., 201 F. Supp. 3d 1222, 1252 (D. Nev. 2016) (holding that the defendant's conduct that was a "direct and actual breach" of the subject contract could not support the plaintiff's implied-covenant claim).
- 29. Where there is no contractual duty to perform a specific act, the omission to perform that act does not constitute an arbitrary or unfair act to the plaintiff's disadvantage. Nelson v. Heer, 123 Nev. 226, 163 P.3d 420 (2007).

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- 30. To establish a contractual breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, a plaintiff must prove each of the elements of the claim: 1) plaintiff and defendant were parties to a contract; 2) defendant owed a duty of good faith to plaintiff; 3) defendant breached that duty by performing in a manner that was unfaithful to the purpose of the contract; and 4) plaintiff's justified expectations were thus denied. See Perry v. Jordan, 111 Nev. 943, 900 P.2d 335 (1995); Hilton Hotels v. Butch Lewis Prods., 107 Nev. 226, 808 P.2d 919 (1991). The elements are conjunctive.
 - 31. Defendant Goldman was not a party to the Contract.
- 32. Plaintiff's claim against Defendant Goldman for breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, is based on the same alleged actions or inactions - namely Defendant Goldman's rejection Plaintiff's May 28, 2014 request to grieve the non-renewal. The action giving rise to Plaintiff's breach of contract claim against Dr. Goldman cannot also give rise to Plaintiff's breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing claim against Defendant Goldman.
- 33. Even if it could, Defendant Goldman's response to Plaintiff's Grievance, consistent with the Negotiated Agreement governing the Contract, was faithful to the purpose of the Contract.
- 34. By the very written terms of the Contract, Plaintiff had no justified expectation in renewal of the Contract.
- 35. Neither the Contract nor the Negotiated Agreement gave rise to a "review" process to challenge a non-renewal, and Defendant Goldman did not breach the covenant of good faith and fair dealing "by failing to address the issue" of Plaintiff's non-renewal as alleged by Plaintiff, when advising Plaintiff, in writing, that Plaintiff had no right to a review of the non-renewal, or to challenge his performance evaluations as of the date of Plaintiff's Grievance.
- 36. Defendant Goldman has not committed a contractual breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing with regard to Plaintiff's Contract.

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Tortious breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing

- 37. To establish a tortious breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, Plaintiff must prove each element of the claim: 1) plaintiff and defendant were parties to a contract; 2) defendant owed a duty of good faith to plaintiff arising from the contract; 3) A special element of reliance of fiduciary duty existed between plaintiff and defendant where defendant was in a superior or entrusted position; 4) defendant breached the duty of good faith by engaging in misconduct; and 5) plaintiff suffered damages as a result of the breach. *Great Ameri. Ins. Co. v. Gen Builders, Inc.*, 113 Nev. 346, 934 P.2d 257 (1997). The elements are conjunctive.
- 38. Tort liability for breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing is appropriate where the party in the superior or entrusted position has engaged in "grievous and perfidious misconduct." *State, Univ. and Community College System v. Sutton*, 120 Nev. 972, 103 P.3d 8 (2004).
 - 39. Defendant Goldman was not a party to the Contract.
- 40. Defendant Goldman's response to Plaintiff's grievance consistent with the Negotiated Agreement governing the Contract, was faithful to the purpose of the Contract.
- 41. Defendant Goldman responded in writing to Plaintiff's Grievance on three separate occasions, advising that the terms of the Contract and the Negotiated Agreement did not allow Plaintiff to challenge the non-renewal of his Contract, and that the grievance was untimely as to any challenge of the performance evaluations. Where those conclusions were based upon the clear written language of the Contract and the Negotiated Agreement, Defendant Goldman has not engaged in misconduct, much less "grievous and perfidious misconduct," in reaching them.
- 42. By the very written terms of the Contract, Plaintiff had no justified expectation in renewal of the Contract.
- 43. Defendant Goldman has not engaged in conduct constituting a tortious breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

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D. Defendant Goldman is Not a Proper Party to this Suit Individual Capacity

- 44. Plaintiff's allegation against Defendant Goldman is solely that Goldman failed "to address the issue" raised in Plaintiff's Grievance.
- 45. The Amended Complaint is void of any allegation that Defendant Goldman's actions were personally motivated or in some manner separate and apart from his role as the CCSD Assistant Superintendent of Employee Management Relations.
- 46. Plaintiff has presented no opposition to Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment and has not presented argument or evidence to support an allegation against Defendant Goldman in his individual capacity.
 - 47. Defendant Goldman owed no duty to Plaintiff beyond his duty as a CCSD actor.
 - 48. Defendant Goldman is entitled to summary judgment in his individual capacity. Official Capacity
- 49. A suit against a public officer or employee in his official capacity is the same as a claim against the governmental entity itself. See e.g., Brandon v. Hold, 469 U.S. 464, 469-70 (1984) ("Official capacity suits generally represent an action against an entity of which an officer is an agent.); Larez v. City of Los Angeles, 946 F.2d 630, 646 (9th Cir. 1991) (stating "a suit against a government office in his official capacity is equivalent to a suit against the governmental entity itself.")
- 50. Duplicative, redundant, or superfluous claims are properly dismissed if they are based on the same operative facts and allege the same injury. See Hoagland ex rel. Midwest Transit, Inc. v. Sandberg, Phoenix & von Gontard, P.C., 385 F.3d 737, 744 (7th Cir. 2004); see also NRCP 12(f) (authorizing courts to strike redundant material from pleadings). See also Robinson v. District of Columbia, 403 F. Supp. 2d 39, 49 (D.D.C. 2005) ("it is duplicative to name both a governmental entity and the entity's employees in their official capacity," [thus] "courts have routinely dismissed corresponding claims against individuals named in their official capacity as redundant and an inefficient use of judicial resources.")

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- 51. Plaintiff's suit against Defendant Goldman in his official capacity is redundant to the suit against the CCSD BOT as it is based on the same operative facts and alleges the same injury.
- 52. Defendant Goldman is entitled to judgment in his official capacity as an employee of the CCSD.

Discretionary Immunity

- 53. CCSD is a political subdivision of the state of Nevada. NRS 386.010. NRS Chapter 41 governs suits against and liability of political subdivisions and their employees. Defendant Goldman's liability as an employee of CCSD is, therefore, subject to NRS Chapter 41.
- 54. Plaintiff's Amended Complaint prays for "[g]eneral damages for the past and present suffering" - a tort damage.
- 55. An employee of a political subdivision has discretionary immunity for acts or omissions based upon the exercise or performance, or the failure to exercise or perform, a discretionary function or duty, whether or not the discretion involved is abused. NRS 41.032
- 56. The Berkovitz-Gaubert test determines if a public employee is entitled to discretionary immunity. Martinez v. Maruszczak, 123 Nev. 433, 168 P.3d 720 (2007), citing Berkovitz v. United States, 486 U.S. 531, 536-37, 108 S. Ct. 1954 (1988), and United States v. Gaubert, 499 U.S. 315, 322, 111 S. Ct. 1267 (1991.) A public employee's act is discretionary in nature when "the acts . . . involve an 'element of judgment or choice," and "[the] judgment [exercised] is of the kind that the discretionary-function exception was designed to shield." Id.
- 57. The focus of the inquiry is not the employee's subjective intent but is instead on the nature of the actions taken and whether they are susceptible to policy analysis. Martinez, supra, 123 Nev. at 445, 168 P.2d at 728. Decisions at all levels of government may be protected by discretionary immunity if they require analysis of government policy concerns. Martinez, supra, 123 Nev. at 446-47, 168 P.2d at 729.
- 58. Defendant Goldman's response to Plaintiff's Grievance required analysis and consideration of the public policy embodied in Plaintiff's Contract and the Negotiated Agreement.

9950 West Cheyenne Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 (702) 384-4012 Fax (702) 38 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

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59. Defendant Goldman has discretionary immunity from suit for tort damages. NRS 41.032.

Authority For Relief Sought

- 60. Plaintiff's allegations against Defendant Goldman arise from Defendant Goldman's perceived duties as the CCSD Assistant Superintendent of Employee Management Relations. Defendant Goldman has no authority to review the BOT's non-renewal or to extend a new contract to Plaintiff.
- 61. NRS 41.0349 requires the CCSD BOT to indemnify Defendant Goldman as a public employee, for conduct within the course and scope of his employment. Defendant Goldman is entitled to indemnification by the CCSD.
 - 62. The damages sought by Plaintiff are not recoverable against Defendant Goldman.
 - E. The Negotiated Agreement Provides the Exclusive Remedy for Plaintiff's Contract-Based Claims as Based on the Terms of the Negotiated Agreement
- 63. Plaintiff's employment with CCSD was governed by NRS Chapter 288 and covered by the Negotiated Agreement. NRS Chapter 288 is "intended to apply similar principles" as recognized by federal labor laws." Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District v. International Ass'n of Firefighters, Local 2487, 109 Nev. 367, 374, 849 P.2d 343 (1993).
- 64. The Negotiated Agreement, as the collective bargaining agreement governing Plaintiff's employment, provides the "uniform and exclusive method for orderly settlement of employee grievance." Republic Steel Corp. v. Maddox, 379 U.S. 650, 653 (1952). ("If a grievance procedure cannot be made exclusive, it loses much of its desirability as a method of settlement. A rule creating such a situation would inevitably exert a disruptive influence upon both the negotiation and administration of collective agreements."); see also NRS 288.150(o) (identifying that a mandatory subject of collective bargaining includes "grievance and arbitration procedures for resolution of disputes relating to interpretation or application of collective bargaining agreements").
- 65. An employee covered by a collective bargaining agreement may not challenge his employment status through state law claims which would require interpretation of the collective

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bargaining agreement. MGM Grand Hotel-Reno, Inc. v. Insley, 102 Nev. 513, 517, 728 P.2d 821 (1986) (citing Allis Chalmers v. Lueck, 471 U.S. 202 (1985)) (alleged breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing arising from collective bargaining agreement claim legally insufficient). The rule applies to claims "which would require the court to interpret the meaning and scope of a term" of the collective bargaining agreement. MGM Grand Hotel-Reno, Inc. v. Insley, supra, 102 Nev. at 517.

- 66. Plaintiff's claim against Defendant Goldman is a direct result of his dissatisfaction with Defendant Goldman's response, in application of the Negotiated Agreement, to Plaintiff's Grievance. Plaintiff's Grievance, whether as to the non-renewal of his Contract or as to his evaluations and the timeline for response thereto, is governed by the Negotiated Agreement.
- 67. Plaintiff's suit against Defendant Goldman seeks this Court's interpretation of the Contract as governed by the Negotiated Agreement, and in pertinent part, Defendant Goldman's compliance therewith.
- 68. The Negotiated Agreement governing Plaintiff's employment with the CCSD provides the exclusive remedy for challenging disputes which arise regarding an interpretation, application, or alleged violation of any of the provisions of the Negotiated Agreement.
- 69. Therefore, Plaintiff's contract-based claims are preempted by the Negotiated Agreement and Defendant Goldman is entitled to summary judgment thereon.

IV. Plaintiff's Motion To Strike Defendant Goldman's Declaration in Support of **Defendant Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment**

- 70. A motion must be filed with a memorandum of points and authorities in support of each ground therefore, the absence of which may be construed as an admission that the motion is not meritorious and is cause for its denial. EDCR 2.20(c).
- 71. Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Declaration of Dr. Edward Goldman in Support of Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, contains no points or authorities discussing how Defendant Goldman's Declaration is deemed insufficient, and instead sets forth deficiencies of a Declaration by an America Lomeli – a Declaration not submitted by Defendant Goldman.

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- by "citing to particular parts of materials in the record, including . . . documents . . . affidavits or declarations . . . or other materials." Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, made under penalty of perjury, setting forth the basis of his knowledge of the facts stated therein, and attesting to the CCSD documents referenced therein - documents which authenticity has not been challenged by Plaintiff – constitutes testimony to be offered by him at the time of trial. Declaration is made based on personal knowledge, attests to matters concerning which Defendant Goldman is competent to testify as stated in the Declaration, and attests to the truth and accuracy of the statements contained therein. See NRCP 55(c)(4), and NRS 50.015 ([e]very person is competent to be a witness except as otherwise provided in this title).
- 74. Based upon the foregoing, Defendant Goldman's Declaration sufficiently complies with the requirements of NRCP 56(c)(1) and (c)(4), and Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Declaration is denied.

V. Defendant Goldman's Joinder in CCSD BOT's Countermotion to Extend the Dispositive Motion Deadline.

- 75. At the time Defendant Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment was filed, the Arbitration hearing was scheduled for July 28, 2021.
- 76. NAR 4(E) provides for dispositive motions to be filed 45 days in advance of an Arbitration hearing date.
- 77. All parties filed their motions for summary judgment on Monday, June 14, 2021, including Plaintiff. Plaintiff's motions to strike Defendants' motions for summary judgment

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asserts motions for summary judgment were due pursuant to NAR(E) on Friday, June 11 - a difference of a single judicial day. The CCSD BOT's countermotion, joined by Defendant Goldman, to extend the time for filing dispositive motions by the single judicial day to Monday, June 14, 2021, is both in good faith and reasonable in light of Plaintiff's own filing on June 14, 2021.

- 78. Further, the Arbitration hearing was subsequently moved by Stipulation of the parties first to August 25, 2021, and then to October 6, 2021. The change in the Arbitration hearing date resulted in Defendant Goldman's Motion having been filed more than the 45 days allotted by NAR 4(E) for submission and consideration of dispositive motions in advance of the arbitration hearing.
- 79. Defendant CCSD BOT's request, joined by Defendant Goldman, for an extension of time to extend the dispositive motion deadline calendared from the July 28, 2021 Arbitration hearing is, therefore, without prejudice to Plaintiff the original 45 day deadline was mooted by the extension of the Arbitration hearing date and by Defendant's non-opposition to the extension of time sought by Plaintiff to oppose Defendants' motions for summary judgment.

If any of the foregoing Conclusions of Law is deemed more appropriately categorized as a Finding of Fact, it shall be so treated.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

Plaintiff's Motion To Strike Defendant Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment is DENIED;

Plaintiff's Motion to Extend the Time to Oppose Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment is GRANTED;

Defendant Goldman's Joinder in the CCSD BOT Counter-Motion to Extend Dispositive Motion Deadline is DENIED as moot;

Plaintiff's Motion To Strike Defendant Goldman's Declaration in Support of Defendant Goldman's Motion For Summary Judgment, is DENIED; and

		!	
	1	Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion	For Summary Judgment is GRANTED on its
	2	merits.	
	3	IT IS SO ORDERED this day of	Dated this 20th day of October, 2021
	4	,	Joelfander
	5		DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
	6	Submitted By:	0B9 860 132B B493
	7	OLSON CANNON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI	Joe Hardy District Court Judge
	8		
	9	STEPHANII A. BARKER, ESQ.	
	10	Nevada Bar No. 3176 9950 West Cheyenne Ave.	
	11	Las Vegas, NV 89129	
	12	Attorneys for Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman	
CRSKI	13	Approved as to Form and Content By: CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT	Approved as to Form and Content By:
es of LEY & STOBERS orporation nne Avenue ada 89129 Fax (702) 383-0701	14	OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL	
Low Offices of ON GORMLEY & STOBERSKI ofessional Corporation West Cheyeme Avenue Vegas, Nevada 89129 Fax (702) 383-0701	15	/s/ Crystal J. Herrera	Unable to Agree
G _ 2: W ED	16	CRYSTAL J. HERRERA, ESQ.	TENKASI VISWANATHAN
SON CANNO! A Prof. 9950 W. Las V. (702) 384-4012	17	Nevada Bar No. 12396 5100 West Sahara Avenue	Plaintiff, Pro Se
LOLSON CANNON A Profer 9950 Wc Las Ve, (702) 384-4012	18	Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Attorney for Defendant CCSD Board of Trustees	
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Stephanie Barker

Las Vegas, Nevada 89129

From:

Sent: To: Cc: Subject:	Tuesday, October 12, 2021 1:53 PM Stephanie Barker Tenkasi Viswanathan; Nan Langenderfer; penaec@nv.ccsd.net Re: Viswanathan v. CCSD BOT & Goldman
Yes.	
Thank you,	
Crystal Herrera	
Senior Assistant General Cour Office of the General Couns Clark County School District 5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Ph: (702) 799-5373 Fax: (702) 799-5505 Email: herrec4@nv.ccsd.net	
attorney-client communications an email and its content are protected	ness of the Office of the General Counsel. The contents of this email are privileged as ad/or attorney work product and may also contain sensitive personal information. This d from release or unauthorized use by privileges provided under law and regulation, vidence. If you have received this email inadvertently or are not the intended recipient, the sender.
On Tue, Oct 12, 2021 at 1:11 PM S	Stephanie Barker < <u>sbarker@ocgas.com</u> > wrote:
Good afternoon Ms. Herrera:	
Do I have your permission to subyour electronic signature?	mit the attached order Granting Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, etc., with
Thank you.	
Stephanie A. Barker, Esq.	
Olson Cannon Gormley & Stol	perski
9950 West Cheyenne Avenue	

Crystal Herrera [Office of the General Counsel] <herrec4@nv.ccsd.net>

1 **CSERV** 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff(s) CASE NO: A-20-814819-C 6 VS. DEPT. NO. Department 15 7 8 Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District, 9 Defendant(s) 10 11 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 12 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District 13 Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below: 14 Service Date: 10/20/2021 15 16 James Fontano jim@heatonfontano.com 17 Nan Langenderfer nlangenderfer@ocgas.com 18 Cheri Hartle chartle@ocgas.com 19 Crystal Herrera herrec4@nv.ccsd.net 20 Elsa Pena penaec@nv.ccsd.net 21 Stephanie Barker sbarker@ocgas.com 22 Tenkasi Viswanathan 23 Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com 24 25 26 27

Electronically Filed 01/27/2021 1:53 PM CLERK OF THE COURT

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT 1 OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL 2 CRYSTAL J. HERRERA, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12396 3 5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 4 Telephone: (702) 799-5373 Facsimile: (702) 799-7243 5 Herrec4@nv.ccsd.net 6 Attorneys for Defendant, Louis Markouzis 7

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Tenkasi Viswanathan,

Case No.: A-20-814819-C

Dept. No.: 15

| v.

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Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District; Pat Skorkowski in his Official and Individual Capacity; Dr, Edward Goldman in his Official and Individual Capacity, Dr. Jeffrey Geihs in his Official and Individual Capacity; Neddy Alvarez in her Official and Individual Capacity; Sonya Houghton in her Official and Individual Capacity; and Louis Markouzis in his Official and Individual Capacity,

Defendants.

HEARING DATE: January 11, 2021 HEARING TIME: 9:00 a.m.

ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' MOTION TO DISMISS AND DENYING PLAINTIFF'S COUNTER-MOTION

DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Amended Complaint having come on for hearing on January 11, 2021, Plaintiff TENKASI VISWANATHAN having represented himself pro se, DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS ("Defendant") having been represented by attorney CRYSTAL J. HERRERA, ESQ. of the Clark County School District Office of the General Counsel, and Defendant DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN having been represented by attorney STEPHANIE A. BARKER, ESQ. of the law firm of Olson, Cannon,

Page 1 of 3

Gormley & Stoberski, and the Court having read and considered Defendant's Motion to Dismiss, Plaintiff's Opposition and Countermotion, and Defendant's Reply in Support of the Motion to Dismiss, the Court construing the factual allegations contained in Plaintiff's Amended Complaint (filed August 4, 2020) as true in accordance with NRCP 12(b)(5), and good cause appearing,

THE COURT HEREBY ORDERS DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' MOTION TO DISMISS GRANTED, WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING AND ORDERING THE FOLLOWING:

- (1) Plaintiff's claim for Breach of Fiduciary Duty against Defendant, as conceded by Plaintiff, is hereby DISMISSED, in accordance with the Court's Order entered on November 2, 2020;
- (2) Plaintiff's claims for Breach of Contract and the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing against Defendant are hereby DISMISSED. As pled, there was no contract between Plaintiff and Defendant, therefore, there could not be any breach of contract or breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing. Plaintiff's arguments ignored or contradicted his own pleadings. Plaintiff's proposed amendment was also futile, because there was no contract between Plaintiff and Defendant, based on the current pleadings; and
- (3) The preemption arguments are most given the Court's dismissal of Plaintiff's claims against Defendant under the NRCP 12(b)(5) standard.

Viswanathan v. Clark County School District Board of Trustees, et al. EJDC Case No. A-20-814819-C, Dept. XV Order Re: Defendant CCSD's Motion to Dismiss, Continued

1	THE COURT FURTHER ORDERS	PLAINTIFF'S COUNTERMOTION IS HEREBY		
2	DENIED, WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING AND ORDERING THE FOLLOWING:			
3	(1) Plaintiff's Countermotion is hereby DENIED, as Plaintiff sought leave to amend his			
4	Amended Complaint, but did not attach a pro	oposed amended complaint as required under Eighth		
5	Judicial District Court Rule 2.30(a).			
6	DATED this day of	, 2021. Dated this 27th day of January, 2021		
7		()aclland 1		
8		DISTRICT COURT JUDGE		
9		DISTRICT COURT JODGE		
10	Submitted by:	5EB ED5 0C53 EDFF Joe Hardy		
11	CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT	Joe Hardy District Court Judge		
12	OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL			
13	By: /s/Crystal J. Herrera			
14	Crystal J. Herrera (#12396) 5100 West Sahara Avenue			
15	Las Vegas, Nevada 89146			
16	Attorney for Defendant, Louis Markouzis			
17	Approved as to Form by:			
18				
19	/s/ Tenkasi Viswanathan TENKASI VISWANATHAN			
20	Plaintiff, Pro Se			
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1	CSERV		
2	DISTRICT COURT		
3	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
4			
5	Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff(s)	CASE NO: A-20-814819-C	
6	. , ,		
7	VS.	DEPT. NO. Department 15	
8	Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District,		
9	Defendant(s)		
10			
11	AUTOMATED	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
12	This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District		
13	Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:		
15	Service Date: 1/27/2021		
16		jim@heatonfontano.com	
17			
18		nlangenderfer@ocgas.com	
19	Cheri Hartle	chartle@ocgas.com	
20	Crystal Herrera	herrec4@nv.ccsd.net	
21	Elsa Pena	penaec@nv.ccsd.net	
22	Stephanie Barker	sbarker@ocgas.com	
23	Tenkasi Viswanathan	Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com	
24			
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1/28/2021 2:50 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT 1 OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL 2 CRYSTAL J. HERRERA, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12396 3 5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 4 Telephone: (702) 799-5373 Facsimile: (702) 799-7243 5 Herrec4@nv.ccsd.net 6 Attorneys for Defendant, Louis Markouzis 7 **DISTRICT COURT** 8 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 9 Tenkasi Viswanathan, Case No.: A-20-814819-C 10 Dept. No.: 15 Plaintiff, 11 v. NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 12 **GRANTING DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' MOTION TO DISMISS** Board of Trustees of the Clark County School 13 AND DENYING PLAINTIFF'S District; Pat Skorkowski in his Official and **COUNTER-MOTION** 14 Individual Capacity; Dr, Edward Goldman in his Official and Individual Capacity, Dr. Jeffrey 15 Geihs in his Official and Individual Capacity; Neddy Alvarez in her Official and Individual 16 Capacity; Sonya Houghton in her Official and Individual Capacity; and Louis Markouzis in his 17 Official and Individual Capacity, 18 Defendants. 19 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Order Granting Defendant Louis Markouzis' 20 Motion to Dismiss and Denying Plaintiff's Counter-Motion was entered in the above-captioned 21 matter on January 27, 2021. A copy of said Order is attached hereto as Exhibit "A". 22 DATED this 28th day of January, 2021. 23 24 CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL 25 By: /s/ Crystal J. Herrera 26 Crystal J. Herrera (#12396) 5100 West Sahara Avenue 27 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Attorney for Defendant, Louis Markouzis 28

Electronically Filed

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 28 th day of January, 2021, I served a true and correct
3	copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT LOUIS
4	MARKOUZIS' MOTION TO DISMISS AND DENYING PLAINTIFF'S COUNTER-
5	MOTION to be electronically served, via the EFP Vendor System, upon the following:
6	Tenkasi M. Viswanathan
7	8220 Hollister Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89131
8	Viswanathan.Tenkasi@gmail.com Plaintiff pro se
9	Stephanie A. Barker, Esq.
10	OLSON CANNON GORMELY & STOBERSKI
11	9950 W. Cheyenne Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89129
12	<u>sbarker@ocgas.com</u> Attorneys for Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman
13	
14	
15	_/s/ Elsa C. Peña
16	AN EMPLOYEE OF THE OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL-CCSD
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ELECTRONICALLY SERVED 1/27/2021 1:54 PM

Electronically Filed 01/27/2021 1:53 PM CLERK OF THE COURT

1	CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT	CLERK OF THE C	
2	OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL CRYSTAL J. HERRERA, ESQ.		
3	Nevada Bar No. 12396		
4	5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146		
	Telephone: (702) 799-5373		
5	Facsimile: (702) 799-7243 Herrec4@nv.ccsd.net		
6	Attorneys for Defendant, Louis Markouzis		
7	DYCEDYCE	COUNT	
8	DISTRICT COURT		
9	CLARK COUN	TY, NEVADA	
	Tenkasi Viswanathan,	Case No.: A-20-814819-C	
10	Telikasi viswaliaulali,	Dept. No.: 15	
11	Plaintiff,	-	
12	V.		
13		HEADING DATE I 11 2021	
14	Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District; Pat Skorkowski in his Official and	HEARING DATE: January 11, 2021 HEARING TIME: 9:00 a.m.	
15	Individual Capacity; Dr, Edward Goldman in his		
	Official and Individual Capacity, Dr. Jeffrey Geihs in his Official and Individual Capacity;		
16	Neddy Alvarez in her Official and Individual		
17	Capacity; Sonya Houghton in her Official and Individual Capacity; and Louis Markouzis in his		
18	Official and Individual Capacity,		
19	Defendants.		
20			
- 1	OPPER C	DANIENIC	

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ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' MOTION TO DISMISS AND DENYING PLAINTIFF'S COUNTER-MOTION

DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Amended Complaint having come on for hearing on January 11, 2021, Plaintiff TENKASI VISWANATHAN having represented himself pro se, DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS ("Defendant") having been represented by attorney CRYSTAL J. HERRERA, ESQ. of the Clark County School District Office of the General Counsel, and Defendant DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN having been represented by attorney STEPHANIE A. BARKER, ESQ. of the law firm of Olson, Cannon,

Page 1 of 3

Gormley & Stoberski, and the Court having read and considered Defendant's Motion to Dismiss, Plaintiff's Opposition and Countermotion, and Defendant's Reply in Support of the Motion to Dismiss, the Court construing the factual allegations contained in Plaintiff's Amended Complaint (filed August 4, 2020) as true in accordance with NRCP 12(b)(5), and good cause appearing,

THE COURT HEREBY ORDERS DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' MOTION TO DISMISS GRANTED, WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING AND ORDERING THE FOLLOWING:

- (1) Plaintiff's claim for Breach of Fiduciary Duty against Defendant, as conceded by Plaintiff, is hereby DISMISSED, in accordance with the Court's Order entered on November 2, 2020;
- (2) Plaintiff's claims for Breach of Contract and the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing against Defendant are hereby DISMISSED. As pled, there was no contract between Plaintiff and Defendant, therefore, there could not be any breach of contract or breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing. Plaintiff's arguments ignored or contradicted his own pleadings. Plaintiff's proposed amendment was also futile, because there was no contract between Plaintiff and Defendant, based on the current pleadings; and
- (3) The preemption arguments are most given the Court's dismissal of Plaintiff's claims against Defendant under the NRCP 12(b)(5) standard.

Viswanathan v. Clark County School District Board of Trustees, et al. EJDC Case No. A-20-814819-C, Dept. XV Order Re: Defendant CCSD's Motion to Dismiss, Continued

1	THE COURT FURTHER ORDERS PLAINTIFF'S COUNTERMOTION IS HEREB		
2	DENIED, WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING AND ORDERING THE FOLLOWING:		
3	(1) Plaintiff's Countermotion is hereby DENIED, as Plaintiff sought leave to amend his		
4	Amended Complaint, but did not attach a proposed amended complaint as required under Eight		
5	Judicial District Court Rule 2.30(a).		
6	DATED this day of	, 2021 . Dated this 27th day of January, 2021	
7		()a21/2.1	
8		DISTRICT COURT JUDGE	
9		DISTRICT COURT JUDGE	
10	Submitted by:	5EB ED5 0C53 EDFF Joe Hardy	
11	CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL	District Court Judge	
12			
13	By:_/s/Crystal J. Herrera		
14	Crystal J. Herrera (#12396) 5100 West Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Attorney for Defendant, Louis Markouzis		
15			
16			
17	Approved as to Form by:		
18			
19	<u>/s/ Tenkasi Viswanathan</u> TENKASI VISWANATHAN		
20	Plaintiff, Pro Se		
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2	DISTRICT COURT	
3	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
4		
5	Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff(s)	CASE NO: A-20-814819-C
6	. , ,	
7	VS.	DEPT. NO. Department 15
8	Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District,	
9	Defendant(s)	
10		
11	<u>AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>	
12	This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District	
13	Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:	
15		
16		jim@heatonfontano.com
17		
18		nlangenderfer@ocgas.com
19	Cheri Hartle	chartle@ocgas.com
20	Crystal Herrera	herrec4@nv.ccsd.net
21	Elsa Pena	penaec@nv.ccsd.net
22	Stephanie Barker	sbarker@ocgas.com
23	Tenkasi Viswanathan	Viswanathan.tenkasi@gmail.com
24		
25		
26		
27		

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Employment Contract

COURT MINUTES

September 21, 2020

A-20-814819-C

Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District, Defendant(s)

September 21, 2020 3:00 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe COURTROOM: Chambers

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR ORDER EXTENDING TIME TO FILE PROOF OF SERVICE OF PROCESS ON DEFENDANT DR. GOLDMAN...PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR ORDER EXTENDING TIME TO SERVE PROCESS ON FIVE OF THE 8 DEFENDANTS

COURT ORDERED Plaintiff's Motion to Extend Time to Serve Process on Remaining Defendants is hereby GRANTED pursuant to NRCP 4(e)(4), and for all the reasons set forth in the Motion and Affidavit in Support.

Plaintiff is to prepare the written order, submit it directly to Department 15 s chambers within ten days pursuant to EDCR 7.21. All proposed orders must be submitted via email at dc15inbox@clarkcountycourts.us pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17.

COURT ORDERED Plaintiff s Motion for Order Extending Time to File Proof of Service of Process is hereby DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE. The Court finds the instant Motion is moot given the Affidavit of Service of Process filed on August 17, 2020. See NRCP 4(d)(5) (Failure to make proof of service does not affect the validity of the service).

PRINT DATE: 11/23/2021 Page 1 of 12 Minutes Date: September 21, 2020

CLERK'S NOTE: This Minute Order was electronically served by Courtroom Clerk, Kristin Duncan, to all registered parties for Odyssey File & Serve. (KD 9/22/2020)

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Employment Contract

COURT MINUTES

October 19, 2020

A-20-814819-C

Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District, Defendant(s)

October 19, 2020

9:00 AM

All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 11D

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER:]

Matt Yarbrough

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Barker, Stephanie A.

Attorney Attorney

Herrera, Crystal J. Viswanathan, Tenkasi

Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- All parties present via Blue Jeans.

DEFENDANT PAT SKORKOWSKY'S MOTION TO DISMISS

Ms. Herrera argued in support of the instant Motion, stating that Plaintiff attempted to serve Defendant Skorkowsky through the School District's legal department, and the legal department did not accept service on behalf of Defendant Skorkowsky, nor were they authorized to accept service on behalf of Defendant Skorkowsky. Mr. Viswanathan argued in opposition, stating that an Affidavit was filed by the process server, indicating that Defendant Skorkowsky had been properly served. COURT ORDERED the instant Motion was hereby GRANTED WITHOUT PREJUDICE for all of the reasons set forth in the Motion and Reply, FINDING the following: (1) Defendant Skorkowsky was not properly served with the Summons and Complaint; and (2) the Affidavit of Service indicated that the manner of service was substitute business, which was not proper.

Ms. Herrera to prepare the written Order, incorporating the reasons in the Motion and Reply, as the

PRINT DATE: 11/23/2021 Page 3 of 12 Minutes Date: September 21, 2020

Court's ruling, and forward it to Mr. Viswanathan via e-mail, for approval as to form and content; Mr. Viswanathan shall have two (2) days from receipt of the Proposed Order, to make any corrections, before Ms. Herrera submitted the Proposed Order to the Court.

DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION TO DISMISS...PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION AND COUNTERMOTION TO DEFENDANT CCSD BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION TO DISMISS

Ms. Herrera argued in support of Defendant CCSD's Motion, stating that breach of fiduciary duty, breach of contract, and breach of covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims, must be dismissed based upon the statute of limitations. Mr. Viswanathan argued in opposition, stating that Defendant raised issued in their Reply that were not raised in the Motion, which deprived him of the opportunity to address those issues. COURT ORDERED Defendant Clark County School District Board of Trustees' Motion to Dismiss, was hereby GRANTED IN PART / DENIED IN PART WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING and ORDERING the following: (1) the claim for breach of fiduciary duty was hereby DISMISSED, as the three year statute of limitations applied to said claim; (2) as Plaintiff admitted on page 8, lines 18-21 of the Opposition, time began to run on April 28, 2014, when the breach was discovered; (3) the Complaint was not filed until May 11, 2020, and whether the Court considered that Complaint, or the Amended Complaint (filed August 4, 2020), the result would be the same; (4) for the purpose of the instant Motion, the Court accepted the factual allegations contained in the original Complaint as true, including the procedural aspects; (5) the breach of fiduciary duty claim must be dismissed as a matter of law; (6) the remainder of the requested relief was DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE; (7) the Court considered the substance of the Plaintiff's claims, and accepted all facts as pled as true, as it must under the Motion to Dismiss standard; (8) the breach of contract and breach of covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims, both had six year statutes of limitations; (9) based upon the statutes of limitations, the tolling from Governor Sisolak's April 1, 2020, Executive Order, and Court's Administrative Orders, the Complaint was timely filed as to the breach of contract and breach of covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims; and (10) the preemption arguments were essentially raised for the first time in the Reply; therefore, it would not be proper to consider them at this time.

COURT FURTHER ORDERED Plaintiff's Countermotion was hereby GRANTED IN PART / DENIED IN PART WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING and ORDERING the following: (1) the Countermotion was GRANTED IN PART to construe the Amended Complaint (filed on August 4, 2020 at 4:00 PM), as having been filed on August 3, 2020; and (2) the remainder of the requested relief, was hereby DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

Ms. Herrera to prepare the written Order for the Motion and Countermotion, and forward it to Mr. Viswanathan via e-mail, for approval as to form and content; Mr. Viswanathan shall have two (2) days from receipt of the Proposed Order, to make any corrections, before Ms. Herrera submitted the Proposed Order to the Court.

PRINT DATE: 11/23/2021 Page 4 of 12 Minutes Date: September 21, 2020

DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION TO DISMISS...PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION TO DISMISS

Ms. Barker argued in support of Defendant Goldman's Motion, stating that Defendant Goldman was not a party to the contract between the School District and Mr. Viswanathan. Additionally, Ms. Barker argued that Governor Sisolak's Executive Order did not toll the statutes of limitations; NRS 391.100 and NRS 391.120 cited. Mr. Viswanathan argued in opposition, stating that Defendant Goldman was the manger of employee relations; therefore, it was appropriate to include him as a party in the Complaint. COURT ORDERED Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion to Dismiss, was hereby GRANTED IN PART / DENIED IN PART WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING and ORDERING the following: (1) the claim for breach of fiduciary duty was hereby DISMISSED, as the three year statute of limitations applied to said claim; (2) as Plaintiff admitted on page 8, lines 18-21 of the Opposition, time began to run on April 28, 2014, when the breach was discovered; (3) the Complaint was not filed until May 11, 2020, and whether the Court considered that Complaint, or the Amended Complaint (filed August 4, 2020), the result would be the same; (4) for the purpose of the instant Motion, the Court accepted the factual allegations contained in the original Complaint as true, including the procedural aspects; (5) the breach of fiduciary duty claim must be dismissed as a matter of law; (6) the remainder of the requested relief was DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE; (7) the Court considered the substance of the Plaintiff's claims, and accepted all facts as pled as true, as it must under the Motion to Dismiss standard; (8) the breach of contract and breach of covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims, both had six year statutes of limitations; and (9) based upon the statutes of limitations, the tolling from Governor Sisolak's April 1, 2020, Executive Order, and Court's Administrative Orders, the Complaint was timely filed as to the breach of contract and breach of covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims.

COURT FURTHER ORDERED Plaintiff's Countermotion was hereby GRANTED IN PART / DENIED IN PART WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING and ORDERING the following: (1) the Countermotion was GRANTED IN PART to construe the Amended Complaint (filed on August 4, 2020 at 4:00 PM), as having been filed on August 3, 2020; and (2) the remainder of the requested relief, was hereby DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

Ms. Barker to prepare the written Order for the Motion and Countermotion, and forward it to Mr. Viswanathan via e-mail, for approval as to form and content; Mr. Viswanathan shall have two (2) days from receipt of the Proposed Order, to make any corrections, before Ms. Barker submitted the Proposed Order to the Court.

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Employment Contract

COURT MINUTES

January 06, 2021

A-20-814819-C

Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District, Defendant(s)

January 06, 2021

3:00 AM

Motion For

Reconsideration

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe

COURTROOM: Chambers

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT ORDERED, Plaintiff's Motion to Reconsideration of the Order Granting Defendant Pat Skorkowsky's Motion to Dismiss is hereby DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE. The Court finds that Plaintiff has not provided any new law, new evidence, or shown that the Court's ruling was clearly erroneous. On that basis, the Court finds that Plaintiff has not met her burden on reconsideration. See Masonry & Title Contractors Ass n v. Jolley, Urga & Wirth LTD, 113 Nev. 737, 741, 941 P.2d 486, 489 (1997).

Counsel for Defendant Pat Skorkowsky is to prepare the written order, submit it to all counsel for review and approval, and submit it to Department 15 s chambers within ten days pursuant to EDCR 7.21. All proposed orders must be submitted via email at dc15inbox@clarkcountycourts.us pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17.

CLERK'S NOTE: This Minute Order was electronically served by Courtroom Clerk, Kristin Duncan, to all registered parties for Odyssey File & Serve. (KD 1/6/2021)

PRINT DATE: 11/23/2021 Page 6 of 12 Minutes Date: September 21, 2020

DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

Employment Contract

COURT MINUTES

January 11, 2021

A-20-814819-C

Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff(s)

Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District, Defendant(s)

January 11, 2021

9:00 AM

All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 11D

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER:

Matt Yarbrough

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Barker, Stephanie A.

Attorney **Attorney**

Herrera, Crystal J. Viswanathan, Tenkasi

Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' MOTION TO DISMISS...PLAINTIFF'S PARTIAL OPPOSITION AND COUNTER MOTION TO DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' MOTION TO DISMISS

All parties present via Blue Jeans.

The Court noted that it reviewed the Motion, Opposition and Countermotion, and the Reply. Ms. Herrera argued in support of Defendant Markouzis' Motion to Dismiss, stating that Plaintiff conceded that the Breach of Fiduciary Duty claims should be dismissed. Additionally, Ms. Herrera argued that Defendant Markouzis was not a party to the subject contract; therefore, the Breach of Contract and Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing claims against Mr. Markouzis should be dismissed. Furthermore, Ms. Herrera argued that the official capacity claims may be able to stand against an employee or officer, however, those claims were redundant when the actual entity was named as a Defendant, as was the scenario in the instant case. Mr. Viswanathan

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argued in opposition to Defendant Markouzis' Motion to Dismiss, and in support of the Counter Motion, stating that Defendant's counsel raised issues outside of the pleadings during their oral arguments; therefore, the Court should not consider those arguments. COURT ORDERED Defendant Louis Markouzis' Motion to Dismiss was hereby GRANTED WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING the following: (1) as conceded by the Plaintiff, the Breach of Fiduciary Duty claim against Defendant Markouzis, was hereby DISMISSED; (2) The Breach of Contract claim against Defendant Markouzis, as well as the Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing claim against Defendant Markouzis, were hereby DISMISSED; (3) Plaintiff's Partial Opposition and Counter Motion to Defendant Louis Markouzis' Motion to Dismiss, was hereby DENIED; (4) the Court made its ruling under the NRCP 12(b)(5) standard; therefore, Court must consider all factual allegations as true; (5) as pled, there was not contract between the Plaintiff and Defendant Markouzis; therefore, there could not be any breach of contract, or breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing; (6) Plaintiff's arguments ignored, or contradicted, their own pleadings; (7) the proposed amendment to the Complaint was futile, as there was no contract between the Plaintiff and Defendant Markouzis, based upon the current pleadings; (8) the Counter Motion was denied, as there was no proposed amended Complaint attached, as required under the rules; and (9) the preemption argument was moot, given the dismissal under the NRCP 12(b)(5) standard.

Ms. Herrera to prepare the written Order, and forward it to Mr. Viswanathan for approval as to form and content.

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Employment Contract

COURT MINUTES

August 25, 2021

A-20-814819-C

Tenkasi Viswanathan, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

Board of Trustees of the Clark County School District, Defendant(s)

August 25, 2021

9:00 AM

All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 11D

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER: A

Angelica Michaux

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Barker, Stephanie A. Attorney

Herrera, Crystal J. Attorney Viswanathan, Tenkasi Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Upon Court's inquiry, Mr. Viswanathan confirmed that he wished to withdraw the instant Motion. COURT ORDERED Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment, was hereby WITHDRAWN.

DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY
JUDGMENT...DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES'
MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT...DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S JOINDER TO
DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR
SUMMARY JUDGMENT...PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY
SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT...PLAINTIFF'S
MOTION TO STRIKE THE DECLARATION OF DEFENDANT GOLDMAN...PLAINTIFF'S MOTION

PRINT DATE: 11/23/2021 Page 9 of 12 Minutes Date: September 21, 2020

⁻ All parties present via Blue Jeans.

TO STRIKE DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND HIS JOINDER TO THE DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEE'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT...PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE ALL OR PARTS OF THE DECLARATION ATTACHED AS EXHIBIT A, EXHIBIT B, AND EXHIBIT C TO DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, AND THE EXHIBITS THERETO; PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO THE SAID SUMMARY JUDGMENT MOTION AND EXHIBITS THERETO

Ms. Herrera and Ms. Barker submitted on arguments set forth in the Motions for Summary Judgment and Joinder. The Court noted that, although the Defendants did not oppose Mr. Viswanathan request for additional time to file an Opposition to the Motions and Joinder, Mr. Viswanathan chose not to do so. Mr. Viswanathan confirmed that, rather than file an Opposition, he chose to file his various Motions to Strike. The Court noted that Plaintiff filed his Motion for Summary Judgment the same day that Defendants filed theirs. Mr. Viswanathan argued in opposition to the Motions for Summary Judgment, as well as the Joinder, stating that he was entitled to judgment as a matter of law; however, the Defendants were not entitled to summary judgment under the law. Ms. Herrera argued in opposition to the Plaintiff's various Motions to Strike, stating that there was no opposition to the Plaintiff's request for additional time. Additionally, Ms. Herrera stated that arbitration was moved to October 6, 2021, which also moved the dispositive Motion deadline to forty-five days prior to arbitration; therefore the request for additional time was moot. Ms. Barker joined Ms. Herrera's arguments. Arguments in support of the Motions to Strike by Mr. Viswanathan.

COURT ORDERED ALL of the Plaintiff's Motions to Strike, were hereby DENIED for all of the reasons set forth in the Oppositions, FINDING the following: (1) Plaintiff's argument that Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment were not timely filed, was moot, given the continuance of the arbitration hearing; (2) Plaintiff filed his Motion for Summary Judgment on the same day the Defendants filed theirs; therefore, the Plaintiff calculated the deadline for the Motions for Summary Judgment the same as the Defendants; therefore, it was disingenuous for the Plaintiff to withdraw his Motion for Summary Judgment, so that he could then argue that Defendants Motions were not timely filed; (3) Plaintiff has had time, opportunity, and notice, and could have responded to the Defendants' Motions, if he chose; (4) public policy favored decisions based on the substance of Motions for Summary Judgment, rather than striking a Motion for no good cause; and (5) there was an extended period of time between the Defendants filing their Motions for Summary Judgment, and the instant hearing, which provided the Plaintiff with plenty of time to respond.

COURT ORDERED that Defendant Clark County School District's Motion for Summary Judgment, Defendant Dr. Edward Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, and Dr. Edward Goldman's Joinder to Defendant Clark County School District's Motion for Summary Judgment, were hereby GRANTED for all of the reasons set forth in the Motions and Joinder, FINDING the following: (1) there were no genuine issues of material fact; (2) Plaintiff's claims against the Defendants were based upon an alleged premature non-renewal of the Plaintiff's probationary contract; (3) the Court incorporated the statement of undisputed facts set forth on pages three through five of CCSD's Motion for Summary Judgment in its ruling; (4) the Court incorporated the legal standards set forth

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on pages six through seven of CCSD's Motion for Summary Judgment in its ruling; (5) Plaintiff's breach of contract claim failed as a matter of law; (6) the Board had a contractual and statutory right not to renew Plaintiff's probationary contract; (7) the Board's right of non-renewal had limited temporal limitations; (8) Plaintiff was permitted to submit a response to his evaluation, only for inclusion into his personnel file; however, that right did not affect the Board's right to terminate the contract; (9) Plaintiff failed to exercise the appropriate administrative remedies under NRS 288.110(2) and NRS 288.280; (10) the Court incorporated the undisputed facts set forth in Dr. Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, as set forth on pages four through seven in its ruling; (11) the Court incorporated the legal arguments set forth in Dr. Goldman's Motion for Summary Judgment, as set forth on pages seven through sixteen, in its ruling; (12) the Court's ruling was based upon NRCP 56, as well as the accompanying case law; (13) the breach of contract claim, as well as the breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing claim, against Dr. Goldman, could not stand as a matter of law; (14) as a matter of law, Dr. Goldman was not a proper party to the instant suit; (15) a claim against Dr. Goldman in his official capacity was redundant to the suit against the CCSD Board of Trustees; (16) Dr. Goldman had no authority to grant the relief being sought by the Plaintiff; (17) the negotiated agreement governing the Plaintiff's probationary teaching contract, provided the exclusive remedy for challenging the non-renewal of the contract; (18) the Court incorporated the entirety of the instant case's procedural history into its ruling; (19) although the Plaintiff was made aware of the Defendants' Motions for Summary Judgment on June 14, 2021, and the Defendants did not oppose an extension of time for the Plaintiff to file Oppositions, the Plaintiff failed to file any Oppositions; (20) Plaintiff was given the opportunity to respond to the Motions for Summary Judgment orally at the instant hearing, but took the position that opposition was not necessary, as he had filed multiple Motions to Strike; and (21) the instant Order CONSTITUTED A FINAL JUDGMENT.

Ms. Herrera to prepare the written Order regarding the Motions to Strike, as well as the Motions / Joinder for Summary Judgment, including Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and forward it to Ms. Barker and Mr. Viswanathan for approval as to form and content.

DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE THE DEFENDANT BOARD'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND COUNTERMOTION TO EXTEND THE DISPOSITIVE MOTION DEADLINE...DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S JOINDER IN DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE THE DEFENDANT BOARD'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND COUNTERMOTION TO EXTEND THE DISPOSITIVE MOTION DEADLINE

Given the proceedings in the case, COURT ORDERED the instant Motion and Joinder were hereby DENIED AS MOOT.

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION REQUESTING ORDER FOR A SEVEN-DAY EXTENSION OF TIME TO SERVE AND FILE HIS OPPOSITION TO "DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION

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FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT", "DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT" AND DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S JOINDER TO DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR EXTENSION

Given that Defendants agreed to the Plaintiff's request for an extension of time to file an Opposition, COURT ORDERED the instant Motion was hereby GRANTED.

PRINT DATE: 11/23/2021 Page 12 of 12 Minutes Date: September 21, 2020



EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLERK'S OFFICE **NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY** ON APPEAL TO NEVADA SUPREME COURT

TENKASI VISWANATHAN 8220 HOLLISTER AVE. LAS VEGAS, NV 89131

> DATE: November 23, 2021 CASE: A-20-814819-C

RE CASE: TENKASI VISWANATHAN vs. CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT: BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT; DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN in his Official and Individual Capacity; DR. JEFFREY GEIHS in his Official and Individual Capacity; NEDDY ALVAREZ in her Official and Individual Capacity; SONYA HOUGHTON in her Official and Individual Capacity; LOUIS MARKOUZIS in his Official and Individual Capacity

NOTICE OF APPEAL FILED: November 19, 2021

YOUR APPEAL HAS BEEN SENT TO THE SUPREME COURT.

PLEASE NOTE: DOCUMENTS **NOT** TRANSMITTED HAVE BEEN MARKED:

- \$250 Supreme Court Filing Fee (Make Check Payable to the Supreme Court)** \boxtimes If the \$250 Supreme Court Filing Fee was not submitted along with the original Notice of Appeal, it must be mailed directly to the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court Filing Fee will not be forwarded by this office if submitted after the Notice of Appeal has been filed. \$24 – District Court Filing Fee (Make Check Payable to the District Court)** П
- \$500 Cost Bond on Appeal (Make Check Payable to the District Court)** \boxtimes
 - NRAP 7: Bond For Costs On Appeal in Civil Cases
 - Previously paid Bonds are not transferable between appeals without an order of the District Court.
- Case Appeal Statement П
 - NRAP 3 (a)(1), Form 2
- Order П
- Notice of Entry of Order \Box

NEVADA RULES OF APPELLATE PROCEDURE 3 (a) (3) states:

"The district court clerk must file appellant's notice of appeal despite perceived deficiencies in the notice, including the failure to pay the district court or Supreme Court filing fee. The district court clerk shall apprise appellant of the deficiencies in writing, and shall transmit the notice of appeal to the Supreme Court in accordance with subdivision (g) of this Rule with a notation to the clerk of the Supreme Court setting forth the deficiencies. Despite any deficiencies in the notice of appeal, the clerk of the Supreme Court shall docket the appeal in accordance with Rule 12."

Please refer to Rule 3 for an explanation of any possible deficiencies.

^{**}Per District Court Administrative Order 2012-01, in regards to civil litigants, "...all Orders to Appear in Forma Pauperis expire one year from the date of issuance." You must reapply for in Forma Pauperis status.

Certification of Copy

State of Nevada
County of Clark
SS

I, Steven D. Grierson, the Clerk of the Court of the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, State of Nevada, does hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and correct copy of the hereinafter stated original document(s):

PLAINTIFF'S NOTICE OF APPEAL; CASE APPEAL STATEMENT; DISTRICT COURT DOCKET ENTRIES; CIVIL COVER SHEET; ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, GRANTING DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S JOINDER TO DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO EXTEND THE TIME TO OPPOSE CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, DENYING PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO AND MOTION TO STRIKE PARTS OR ALL OF THE DECLARATIONS IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, DENYING AS MOOT DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' COUNTERMOTION TO EXTEND THE DISPOSITIVE MOTION DEADLINE, AND GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST TO WITHDRAW PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER; ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO EXTEND THE TIME TO OPPOSE DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, DENYING PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO, AND MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S DECLARATION IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, AND DENYING AS MOOT DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S JOINDER IN DEFENDANT CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES' COUNTERMOTION TO EXTEND THE DISPOSITIVE MOTION DEADLINE; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO EXTEND THE TIME TO OPPOSE DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, DENYING PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO, AND MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S DECLARATION IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT GOLDMAN'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' MOTION TO DISMISS AND DENYING PLAINTIFF'S COUNTER-MOTION; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT LOUIS MARKOUZIS' MOTION TO DISMISS AND DENYING PLAINTIFF'S COUNTER-MOTION; DISTRICT COURT MINUTES; NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY

TENKASI VISWANATHAN,

Plaintiff(s),

VS.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT; BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT; DR. EDWARD GOLDMAN in his Official and Individual Capacity; DR. JEFFREY GEIHS in his Official and Individual Capacity; NEDDY ALVAREZ in her Official and Individual Capacity; SONYA HOUGHTON in her Official and Individual Capacity; LOUIS MARKOUZIS in his Official and Individual Capacity,

Defendant(s),

now on file and of record in this office.

Case No: A-20-814819-C

Dept No: XV

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have hereunto Set my hand and Affixed the seal of the Court at my office, Las Vegas, Nevada This 23 day of November 2021.

Steven D. Grierson, Clerk of the Court

Heather Ungermann, Deputy Clerk