1 IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 2 3 Electronically Filed STEVEN ALLEN FREDERICK May 06 2022 10:05 p.m. 4 Elizabeth A. Brown Docket No. 8 Werk of Supreme Court District Court No. CR 20-7222 Appellant, 5 6 VS. 7 STATE OF NEVADA, 8 Respondent. 9 RESPONDENT'S ANSWERING BRIEF 10 11 Appeal from Judgment of Conviction 12 Sixth Judicial Distract Court, County of Humboldt The Honorable Michael R. Montero 13 14 15 16 17 ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT ATTORNEY FOR RESPONDENT 18 Anthony R. Gordon 19 Matt Stermitz **Deputy District Attorney** Attorney 20 Nevada State Bar No. 2278 Nevada State Bar No. 3610 **Humboldt County** Humboldt County Public Defender 21 District Attorney's Office P.O. Box 309 22 501 S. Bridge Street Winnemucca, NV 89446 PO Box 909 (775) 623 6550 23 Winnemucca, NV 89446 (775) 623-6360 Phone 24 (775) 623-6365 Fax 25

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<u>JURISDICTIONAL STATEMENT</u>

The Respondent does not object to Appellant's jurisdictional statement.

ROUTING STATEMENT

The Respondent does not object to Appellant's routing statement.

STATEMENT OF THE ISSUE

Respondent objects to Appellant's statement of the issue and notes the issue as follows:

ISSUE I: Did the District Court abuse its discretion by sentencing the Appellant to twenty-four (24) months to sixty months (60) months in the Nevada Department of Corrections for one count of Transporting a Controlled Substance, Heroin, a Schedule 1 Controlled Substance, a Category C Felony, in violation of NRS 453.321(2)(A)?

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

The Respondent does not object to Appellant's statement of the case.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

On March 29, 2021, Appellant entered a plea of guilty pursuant to a Third Amended Information, which charged him with one count of Transporting a Controlled Substance, Heroin, a Schedule I Controlled Substance, a Category C Felony, in violation of NRS 453.321(2)(A). (See Appellant's Appendix pages 16 to 19). The facts of this case arose out of circumstances where the Appellant on or about the 24th and/or the 25th of September, 2020, was arrested and in the possession of

thirteen (13) grams of Heroin in Winnemucca, Humboldt County, Nevada. (See Appellant's Appendix pages 7 -10)

STANDARD OF REVIEW

The Respondent argues that the standard of review for Issue 1 is an abuse of discretion standard of review, as discussed below.

ARGUMENT

ISSSUE I: The District Court did not abuse its discretion by sentencing the Appellant to twenty-four (24) months to sixty months (60) months in the Nevada Department of Corrections for one count of Transporting a Controlled Substance, Heroin, a Schedule I Controlled Substance, a Category C Felony, in violation of NRS 453.321(2)(A)?

Under the Nevada law, this Court has previously ruled that the sentencing judge has wide discretion in imposing a sentence, and that this determination will not be overruled absent a showing of abuse of discretion, *Norwood v. State*, 112 Nev. 438, 915 P.2d 177 (1996), citing *Houk v. State*, 103 Nev. 659, 664, 747 P.2d 1376, 1379 (1987). Additionally, a sentencing court is often privileged to consider facts and circumstances which would clearly not be admissible at trial. *Silks v. State*, 92 Nev. 91, 93-94, 545 P.2d 1159, 1161 (1976). Moreover, it is a well-established law in Nevada that the legislature, within Constitutional limits, is empowered to define crimes and determine punishments and that the courts are not to encroach upon this domain lightly. *Schmidt v. State*, 94 Nev. 695, 697. (1978). *See also Egan v. Sheriff*, 88 Nev. 611,

503 P. 2d 16 (1972); Deveroux v. State. 96 Nev. 288. 610 P.2d 722, 723. See also State v. Sala, 63 Nev. 270, 169 P.2d 524 (1946). The degree to which a judge considers age and the absence of a prior record of offenses is within this discretionary authority. Deveroux Supra 610 P.2d at 723., and Sheriff v. Williams, 96 Nev. 22, 604 P.2d 800 (1980). There is also a general presumption in Nevada favoring the validity of statutes which dictates a recognition of their constitutionality unless a violation of Constitutional principles is clearly apparent. Schmitz Supra at 697. Similar to Norwood supra, the Court in Deveroux, supra noted that the trial judge has wide discretion in imposing a prison term and, in the absence of a showing of abuse of such discretion, this Court will not disturb the sentence. Deveroux, supra 610 P.2d at 723. See also State v. Sala, 63 Nev. 270, 169 P.2d 524 (1946). The degree to which a judge considers age and the absence of a prior record of offenses is within his discretionary authority. Deveroux, supra 610 P.2d at 723.

Additionally, this Court has held that a sentence of imprisonment which is within the limits of a valid statute, regardless of its severity, is normally not considered cruel and unusual punishment in the Constitutional sense. *Schmidt Supra* at 665. *United States v. Johnson*, 507 F.2d 826 (7th Cir. 1974), *Cert. denied.* 421 U.S. 949, 95 S.Ct. 1682, 44 L.Ed.2d 103 (1975), and that a sentencing proceeding is not a second trial and the court is privileged to consider facts and circumstances that would not be admissible at trial. *Silks v. State*, 92 Nev. 91, 94, 545 P.2d 1159, 1161 (1976).

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Finally, contrary to Appellant's assertions to the contrary, a district court is not required to articulate its reasons for imposing a particular sentence. See Campbell v. Eight Judicial Dist. Court, 114 Nev. 410, 414, 957 P.2d 1141, 1143 (1998).

In the present case, the District Court here was within its rights, based on all the facts and circumstances presented to it at sentencing surrounding the Appellant and his very extensive criminal history, to sentence the Appellant to twenty-four (24) months to sixty months (60) months in the Nevada Department of Corrections for one count of Transporting a Controlled Substance, Heroin, a Schedule 1 Controlled Substance, a Category C Felony, in violation of NRS 453.321(2)(A). Appellant does not deny the fact that he actually committed the crime in question, absconded for six months after his initial sentencing date in this matter where he was eventually arrested in the State of Oregon, and that he has twenty-two (22) prior criminal convictions, ten of those being felonies with a large significant portion of those dealing with drug offenses. (See Appellant's Appendix pages 28-29, and Respondent's Appendix pages 7 and 22).

Additionally, Appellant inadequately assumes that the District Court did not consider the "individualized circumstances" of the Appellant's guilty plea before it, including both the aggravating and mitigating circumstances on this case. As the record shows below, the Sentencing Court had a detailed Presentence Report on the Petitioner before it, which it acknowledged receipt of, and had the opportunity to offer any factual corrections, which he in fact did, as well as present additional evidence, which he declined to do so in this case.. (See Appellant's Appendix pages 4-7.

To assert now, as Appellant does in his Opening Brief, that the District Court did not consider the individual circumstances of this case that takes the individual and the crime into mitigation is simply belied by the record below. See U.S. v. Lai, 944 F.2d. 1434, 1441 (9th Cir.1991) ([t]he district court may not consider improper, inaccurate, or mistaken information, nor may it make groundless inferences in imposing sentence), which is entirely consistent with Denson v. State, 112 Nev. 489, 915 P.2d 284,(1996)([t]his Court "will reverse a sentence if it is supported solely by impalpable and highly suspect evidence") (Emphasis original). Denson, supra 112 Nev. at 492, 915 P.2d. at 286. Furthermore, in the present case, Appellant does not now allege that the District Court relied on impalpable or highly suspect evidence in sentencing him, only that it did not take the "individualized circumstances" on this case into consideration, which as noted above, is belied by sentencing transcript below. See Denson, supra and Appellant's Appendix Pages 46 to 51.

In summary, in the present case, the District Court fashioned an appropriate and legal sentence for the Appellant to serve twenty-four (24) months to sixty (60) months in the Nevada Department of Corrections for one count of Transporting a Controlled Substance, Heroin, a Schedule 1 Controlled Substance, a Category C Felony, in violation of NRS 453.321(2)(A), with one hundred-seventeen (117) days credit for time served, where the imposed term of imprisonment in this case was within the statutory limits of not less than twelve (12) months, and not more than sixty (60) months in the Nevada Department of Corrections for one count of

Transporting a Controlled Substance, Heroin, a Schedule 1 Controlled Substance, a Category C Felony, in violation of NRS 453.321(2)(A).

Finally, the sentence in this case was within the District Court's sound discretion, as allowed under *Norwood v. State*, *Supra*, and *Silks v. State*, *Supra*, nor was the sentence imposed here contrary to the Due Process Clause of the Fifth Amendment of the United States Constitution to be considered cruel and unusual punishment under *Schmidt*, *Supra* at 665 & *United States v. Johnson*, 507 F.2d 826 (7th Cir. 1974), Cert. den. 421 U.S. 949, 95 S.Ct. 1682, 44 L.Ed.2d 103 (1975).

CONCLUSION

Based on the arguments above, the State of Nevada respectfully asks this Court to affirm the sentence imposed upon Appellant in this case.

Dated this _____ day of May, 2022.

MICHAEL MACDONALD Humboldt County District Attorney

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ATTORNEY CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

I hereby certify that this brief complies with the formatting requirements of NRAP 32(a)(4), the typeface requirements of NRAP 32(a)(5) and the type style requirements of NRAP 32(a)(6) because this brief has been prepared in a proportionally spaced typeface using Microsoft Word in type face of 14 point and Garamond type face.

I further certify that this brief complies with the page or type volume limitations of NRAP 32(a)(7) because, excluding the parts of the brief exempted by NRAP 32(a)(7)(\hat{c}), it does not exceed 30 pages.

Finally, I hereby certify that I have read the respondent brief and to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, it is not frivolous or interposed for an improper purpose. I further certify that this brief complies with all the applicable Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, in particular NRAP 23(e)(1), which requires every assertion in the brief regarding matters in the record to be supported by a reference to the page and volume number, if any, of the transcript or appendix where the mater relied on is to be found. I understand that I may be subject to sanction's in

the event that the accompanying brief is not in conformity with the requirements of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure.

Dated this the _____day of May, 2022.

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b) I certify that I am an employee of the Humboldt County District Attorney's Office, and that on the ______ day of May, 2022, I mailed/delivered a copy of the RESPONDENT'S ANSWERING BRIEF to:

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