IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

MARCO ANTONIO TORRES

Electronically Filed Oct 14 2021 11:25 a.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

Appellant,

VS.

THE STATE OF NEVADA

Respondent.

Docket No. 83216

Appeal From A Judgment of Conviction (Guilty Plea)
Fifth Judicial District Court
The Honorable Kimberly Wanker, District Judge
District Court No. CR20-0092

APPELLANT'S APPENDIX VOLUME 4 OF 4

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CASE NO. CR20-0092 SUPREME COURT CASE NO. 83216 1 DEPARTMENT I FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE BEFORE THE HONORABLE DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 5 KIMBERLY WANKER -000-7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 8 PLAINTIFF, 9 10 -VS-MARCO ANTONIO TORRES. 11 12 DEFENDANT. 13 14 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 15 MOTION TO SUPPRESS/JACKSON DENNO HEARING 16 MARCH 25, 2021 17 COURTHOUSE 18 PAHRUMP, NEVADA 19 20 21 REPORTED BY: SUZANNE KUES ROWE 22 Nevada CCR #127 23 24

1	APPEARANCES						
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15	,						
16							
17	FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NOT PRESENT						
18	PAROLE AND PROBATION:						
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1	THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 2021, 1:39 P.M., PAHRUMP, NEVADA
2	-000-
3	THE COURT: We are here on Case Number CR20-0092, State
4	versus Marco Antonio Torres. We are here on the Motion to
5	Suppress, and the defendant's statements, and the Jackson Denno
6	hearing.
7	I have appearing, obviously from the Tonopah jail, is
8	the defendant, Marco Torres. On behalf of Mr. Torres, his
9	attorney Daniel Martinez and attorney Ronni Boskovich.
LO	On behalf of the State, I have Deputy District Attorney
L1	Mike Allmon, and Suzy Rowe is our court reporter appearing via
L2	Blue Jeans from Minden, Gardnerville.
_3	Reminder. We are going to sit and speak into the
_4	microphones so that Ms. Rowe can hear today.
L5	So, I have looked at all of the pleadings that have
_6	been filed since the last hearing.
_7	So, I am in receipt of the following:
8_	Defendant's Supplemental Brief in Support of Motion to
_9	Suppress.
20	The State's Instant Response to the Defendant's
21	Supplemental Brief in Support of Motion to Suppress.
22	And Reply to State's Instant Response to Defendant's
23	Supplemental Brief in Support of Motion to Suppress.
24	And as you recall, before I heard a Motion to Dismiss,

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and at that time I am the one who raised some issues and asked for the supplemental briefing. So, that is in conjunction with that.

In addition, back on February 26th of 2021, Mr. Martinez filed a Motion to Suppress Defendant's Statements and Request for Jackson vs. Denno hearing.

And then I have a Response to Defendant's Motion to Suppress Defendant's Statements, and Request for Jackson vs. Denno hearing.

So, my understanding of today is exactly that. We are going to talk about the Motion to Suppress, which was originally filed as a Motion to Dismiss, as well as move forward with our Jackson vs. Denno hearing. That's my understanding of today, and that's been set since February 26th of 2021.

So, I would like to address the Motion to Dismiss/Motion to Suppress first, and then we can go to the Jackson vs. Denno hearing, all right?

MR. MARTINEZ: Judge?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. MARTINEZ: Just as a preliminary matter, my understanding was that we were not here for the Jackson vs. Denno hearing today. But, I know that I filed my request for a Jackson vs. Denno hearing.

In my review of the law and whatnot, I think that's

something, after hearing motion argument, the Court could deny that request for a Jackson vs. Denno hearing.

So, first, we would have motion argument on that, and then if we were going to have a Jackson vs. Denno hearing, that it would be set separately from today.

Then, again, perhaps that was my mistake. But, I would not be prepared to go forward with the Jackson vs. Denno hearing today, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I want to hear from the state. What was your understanding of today?

MR. ALLMON: Your Honor, the state was unclear itself. The state reached out and asked, and were told to be prepared.

So, the state did call its witnesses. However, I would agree with the defense, that he would need to present his client, and I would have no objection to setting that hearing later.

THE COURT: Let me explain something to both of you. It seems like you guys aren't familiar with the rules, and this is constant.

The person that is the most prepared is the judge with the law. You guys should be ready to go today. And I know the problem. The state doesn't have any way to play any of their documents today or their exhibits, which are the confession, this, that and the other, because they didn't make any arrangements or ask the Court how they were going to do that.

And the problem is that I'm using the big screen to bring the defendant in from the Tonopah jail, and to bring my court reporter in.

So, no prior preparation. We are here at 1:30 for the hearing. Oh, my gosh. How am I going to play stuff?

Now I want to make something abundantly clear to both sides. Do not contact my office and ask what do I do, this, that or the other. You've got ten attorneys over at the DA's office. There is a group of Public Defenders. There are court rules.

You need to read them and figure them out on how things need to be done procedurally. I can't give you legal advice. I know how it's supposed to be done, but, my goodness, among ten attorneys at the DA's office and the other side, Mr. Martinez, you prepared the Notice of Hearing on the motion. And I filled it out and signed it.

So, if you had any question about what today was going to be, either side, you should have set the matter on my calendar, on a law and motion day, and we could have discussed it.

But, I have done nothing but prepare. There is a ton of prep work that has been done by the Court for today. Pretty much this is all I have done at night. I have been up until 2:30, three o'clock every morning this week, working on this. Watching the video. Getting prepared. Rereading the preliminary

hearing transcript.

And it sounds like there's one person prepared for today. The judge. That's unacceptable by both sides. I just want to bring the fact that that is unacceptable to me.

All right? You guys need to figure this out.

With that being said, I am going to address something on the Motion to Dismiss/Motion to Suppress. And that is this:

I'm a little disappointed that neither of you cited the correct Nevada law.

Again, you've got ten attorneys. I would think that somebody could do the legal research that would be able to get the correct rendition of what the law is.

So, I'm going to give it to you. I am prepared and ready to go, or I was until my stuff had to be moved around. I had my bench all set up and ready to go this morning.

So, let's talk about the emergency aid exception. The Nevada Supreme Court decision is Hannon, H A N N O N vs. State, 125 Nevada, 142, 207 Pacific 3rd, 344. It's a 2009 Nevada Supreme Court decision.

This is what the law says:

"Warrantless home entries. The chief evil against which the Fourth Amendment protects, (see Payton versus New York, 445 U.S. 573, 585, 100 Supreme Court 1371 63 Lawyers' Edition 2nd, 639, 1980,) are presumptively unreasonable unless justified

1	by a well delineated exception, such as when exigent
2	circumstances exist. See Camacho vs. State."
3	And for the court reporter, that's C A M A C H O, vs.
4	State, "119 NEV 395, 400. 75 Pacific 3rd, 370, 374, 2003.
5	"Under established law, see Alward A L W A R D, vs.
6	State, 112 Nevada 141, 151, 912 Pacific, 243, 250, 1996,
7	overruled in part on other grounds by Rosky, R O S K Y vs. State,
8	121 NEV 184, 190-91 and note ten, 111 Pacific 3rd 690, 694 and
9	note ten, 2005."
10	And Rosky, for the court reporter, is R O S K Y.
11	"One such exigency is the immediate need to, quote,
12	'render emergency assistance to an injured occupant or to protect
13	an occupant from imminent injury.'"
14	The citation is to a U.S. Supreme Court case, Brigham
15	City, 547 U.S. at 403, 126 Supreme Court, 1943.
16	"Unlike hot pursuit situations, or the need to preserve
17	evidence, warrantless entries for emergency reasons do not
18	require probable cause."
19	"See US vs. Snipe, S N I P E, 515 Fed. 3rd, 947, 952,
20	Ninth Circuit, 2008.
21	"Emergencies, therefore, are analytically distinct from
22	other exigent circumstances. Three, Wayne, W A Y N E, R.
23	LaFave, L A, capital F A V E, comma, search and seizure:
24	"A treatise of the Fourth Amendment, section 6.6(a), at

1	451, Fourth Edition, 2004:
2	"Thus, although some taxonomical debate exists
3	regarding its proper classification whether as a type of
4	exigency, or a freestanding exception to the warrant requirement,
5	id, compare U.S. versus Holloway, 290 F. 3rd, 1331,"
6	And for the court reporter, that's Holloway, H O L L O
7	WAY.
8	"1331, 1337, 11th Circ., 2002."
9	Quoting: "Emergency situations involving endangerment
10	to life fall squarely within the exigent circumstances exception,
11	with People versus Hebert."
12	HEBERT, 46 Pacific 3rd, 473, 478-9, this is a
13	Colorado case from 2002.
14	"Warrantless emergency entries fall within the
15	community caretaking exception, emergency entries are, 'assessed
16	separately and by a distinct test.'"
17	That's, again LaFave, L A capital F A V E, supra,
18	6.6(a), at 451 note six.
19	And that's coming from Hannon vs. State, the case that
20	nobody cited, 125 Nevada, 142, 145-46, 207 Pacific 3rd., 344,
21	346, 2009, as modified on June 2nd, 2009. And Lastine,
22	L A S T I N E versus State, 134 Nevada, 538, 547, 429 Pacific
23	3rd, 942, 951.
24	This is from the Nevada Appellate Court in 2018, the Nevada Court

1	of Appeals noted:
2	"Emergencies are analytically distinct from other
3	exigent circumstances."
4	And it's cited, it's at, see Hannon, H A N N O N vs.
5	State, 125 Nevada, 142, 145-46, 207 Pacific 3rd, 344, 346, 2009
6	Nevada Supreme Court decision.
7	Under the Brigham City versus Stewart case, which is
8	547 U.S. 398, 2006, United States Supreme Court decision.
9	"Under that standard, a law enforcement officer's
10	subjective motivation is irrelevant."
11	That's at 404, 126 Supreme Court, 1943.
12	"Rather, reasonableness of an emergency home entry
13	depends on whether, quote, 'the circumstances viewed objectively
14	justify the action.'"
15	And it's quoting Scott, S C O T T versus United States
16	436 U.S. 128, 138, 98 Supreme Court, 1717, 56 Lawyers' Edition
17	Second, 167, it's a 1978 case.
18	"In other words, whether law enforcement had an
19	objectively reasonable basis to believe that there was an
20	immediate need protect the lives or the safety of self or others
21	"See Snipe, 515 Fed 3rd. At 952, Najar, N A J A R, 451
22	Fed. 3rd at 718. See also U.S. versus Huffman, H U F F M A N,
23	461 Fed. 3rd, 777, 785, Sixth Circuit, 2006."
24	And that's a citation from Hannon vs. State, 125

Nevada, 142 at 147, 207 Pacific 3rd, 344 at 347.

In U.S. vs. Garcia, 749 Fed. Appendix, App'x, A P P apostrophe X, 516 on pages 520 to 521, again, a Ninth Circuit decision from 2008, the Ninth Circuit Court of appeals stated:

"The emergency aid exception prevents law enforcement officers to enter and search a home without a warrant when two conditions are satisfied:

"One, considering the totality of the circumstances, law enforcement had an objectively reasonable basis for concluding that there was an immediate need to protect others or themselves from serious harm.

"And two, the search of scope and manner were reasonable to meet the need."

"Cited U.S. versus Snipe, S N I P E, 515 F 3rd., 947, 952, Ninth Circuit 2008.

"In determining whether law enforcement satisfied these conditions, we assess officer's actions from the perspective of a reasonable officer on the scene, rather than the 20/20 vision of hindsight."

That is Sandoval, S A N D O V A L versus Las Vegas
Metro Police Department, 756 Fed. 3rd, 1154, 1163, Ninth Circuit
from 2014, quoting Ryburn, R Y B U R N vs. Huff, 565 U.S. 469,
477, 132 Supreme Court 987, 181, Lawyers' Edition 2nd, 966, 2012
U.S. Supreme Court decision.

"As the Supreme Court has repeatedly emphasized, the calculus of reasonableness must embody allowance for the fact that police officers are often forced to make split second judgments in circumstances that are tense, uncertain, and rapidly evolving."

And that's Ryburn, R Y B U R N, 565 U.S. at 477, 132 Supreme Court 987, quoting Graham vs. Connor C O N N O R, 490 U.S. 386, 396-97, 109 Supreme Court 1865 and 104 Lawyers' Edition 2nd, 443, 1989.

And that, again, is from United States versus Garcia, 749 Fed. App'x 516, 520-21, Ninth Circuit decision from 2018.

"Under the legal principles identified variously as the Emergency Doctrine, the Emergency Aid Exception or the Emergency Exception, law enforcement officers may enter a property without a warrant to render emergency assistance to an injured occupant, or to protect an occupant from imminent injury."

That's Michigan versus Fisher, 130 Supreme Court, 546, 548, 175 Lawyers' Edition 2nd, 410, 2009, U.S. Supreme Court decision.

"This emergency aid exception does not depend on the officer's subjective intent or the seriousness of any crime that officers may be investigating when the emergency arises. The test applied instead is an entirely objective one of whether there was an objectively reasonable basis for believing that

there was an occupant in need of immediate aid or protection.

"Significantly, officers do not need ironclad proof of a likely serious, life-threatening injury to invoke the emergency aid exception."

130 Supreme Court at 549:

"The entirely objective inquiry into whether there was an objectively reasonable basis for believing that assistance was needed is not subject to a hindsight determination that there, in fact, was no emergency."

The point I'm making with this and citing this authority is no one came up with the Nevada Supreme Court decision.

And Hannon versus State, the 2009 Nevada Supreme Court decision on the Emergency Aid Exception, prior to that time, they had crafted something very similar to what the defense had cited in their supplemental briefing, and that was rejected explicitly in the Hannon case by the Nevada Supreme Court, said:

"The standard that we follow is Brigham City."

So, I think there's been some confusion as to the exigent circumstances.

In this case, and I will be honest with you. I have looked at the body cams that were provided by the defense. And they are talking on the cam, do we have probable cause? Don't we have probable cause? I don't know if we have enough probable

cause. They didn't need probable cause under the Emergency Exception. That is what makes it distinct from other exigent circumstances.

And as the Nevada Supreme Court even delineated in subsequent cases, that all that is needed is the objective reasonable basis to believe that there was an immediate need to protect the lives or safety of themselves or others.

Now, it is a little disheartening to me after watching the body cam, that the Nye County Sheriff's Office waited.

The 911 call came in, and I went back and listened to the 911 call, which is at about 2:59 a.m. And then there were several attempts by the 911 operator, after the call went dead, to call back. And was unsuccessful.

That led to the dispatch of the Nye County Sheriff's Department. When they got there, Officer Gideon, and I believe there was another officer, I'll tell you quickly who that is, went, and the thing they did was, there was a trailer in front, and there is video cam of them talking to the resident, who said, "You want the trailer behind here."

It was Williams. I looked at the body cams. There was a body cam from Gideon, which I had a hard time hearing.

There was a body cam from Williams, but I watched that, so they knew that there were two people in the trailer behind.

They knew what their names were, that there had been arguing.

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They knew they were Torres and Jonathan is what they knew, or Marco and Jonathan were in that trailer.

There is over an hour where they are knocking on the trailer. Nye County Sheriff's office. At some point about 30, 35 minutes in the Sergeant shows up. That's Sergeant Fernandez. Again, they knock.

They are having a discussion, do we have enough probable cause to break the door down? Well, they didn't need probable cause. That's the whole point. They didn't need it.

So Fernandez says, Sergeant Fernandez says, I'm going to go call Lieutenant McRae. So, she goes and calls Lieutenant McRae and comes back and says Lieutenant McRae authorized a locksmith. And a locksmith was called.

Now, what's so interesting about that, is either they had probable cause, or they didn't. And whether they had broken the door down or waited the additional 45 minutes or so, the locksmith got there about 35 minutes after he was called.

But, then if you watch the body cam, it took him about 30 minutes to get the door open.

And while he is in the process of trying to unlock the door, that's when Mr. Torres comes to the window and says, "Go away." You can hear him. "Go away. We're fine in here. I'm trying to sleep."

He becomes rather combative with the officers. And it

was only after the locksmith gets the door unlocked and they are starting to open that door, he rushes in and then meets them.

But, it's interesting to me, whether they had broken down the door or waited the 45 minutes, the issue would have been the same. They were entering without a warrant.

So, to me, to be honest with you, it was very surprising, to me, at the behavior of the Nye County Sheriff's Office. When they got there, I think they should have broken the door down when they couldn't arouse somebody, and it would have been one two of things would have happened:

Either, the result probably wouldn't have been any different here in terms of either they had probable cause or they didn't. They didn't need probable cause.

So, waiting for that locksmith accomplished nothing. That just seems to me to be the oddest thing I have ever seen. You've got a call, help, help, help, false alarm.

They call back, they can't get anything.

They go to the first trailer, the man says they are arguing. It's the trailer behind.

They come up to that trailer, they see a chair, they see a rail that looks like it's freshly broken. You see furniture outside.

You see a heater thrown out. You see all this stuff, you walk around, you've got people stationed all around this

trailer.

You have tapped on the windows. At one point they were going to take the screen off the window and see if they could open the window and look in with their flashlights.

But, why would you wait for the locksmith? Either they believe they had probable cause and could have broken the door down, or they didn't have probable cause and breaking the door down, with no probable cause, or having the locksmith enter with no probable cause would have been the same outcome. It's just that it delayed them entering into the residence.

Now, I would be happy, that's sort of how I see it here. But, I think it's important to realize, I believe, that there was confusion about the, from the Nye County Sheriff's Office as to the exception. I think they believed they had to have probable cause. I think the law is very clear that they did not.

But, I will say this. That you guys both briefed this on two occasions, and nobody came up with the Nevada Supreme Court decision from 2009. It's not like it's new. It's been out there for, what, 12 years? And yet I am the one who found it. Not you guys, which is kind of surprising to me.

MR. MARTINEZ: Judge, I apologize for interrupting,
Your Honor. I wanted to hit on a few points from what you said.
First of all, Your Honor, both myself and Mr. Allmon,

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we cited to that Hannon case and in my initial motion I cited to that Hannon case, as did Mr. Allmon in his initial opposition.

THE COURT: Maybe. I just missed it then.

MR. MARTINEZ: But, we definitely did, Your Honor. I just wanted to make that point. We did have that case law. We came and we argued about the exigent circumstances last time.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. MARTINEZ: And what Your Honor wanted us to brief was whether, the possibility of the expiration of the exigent circumstances. So, I think that's why we left it out of our supplemental briefs. Because we talked about it in our initial one.

THE COURT: But, you guys never talk about it as being a separate exception. Never talk about it being a separate exception. If you look at the case authority from the Nevada Supreme Court that has cited Hannon, it makes it very clear that it is, how it's treated. It's not treated as part of the exigent circumstances. It's treated as a separate exception.

In fact, there's another community caretaker exception as well, and there's an issue there about what can you do. What is the area that you can approach?

But, everybody just lumped it, and nobody really delineated. Mr. Allmon did in his supplemental briefing, but they kind of glossed over that the requirements for exigent

circumstances and the requirements for the medical emergency were different.

Everybody argued probable cause. You didn't need probable cause to get in there. So, with that, then why would you get a warrant if you don't need probable cause to get it? Why would you call a judge and get a warrant if you have exigent circumstances? There's no reason to. That's not something that is required. Why are you calling for the warrant? Because you're telling the judge, I have probable cause to enter. But you don't need probable cause to enter, so you don't need to call the judge for a warrant.

But, it's clear to me that Nye County Sheriff's Office didn't understand that, and I think that went as far up as the lieutenant that was supervising that day.

MR. MARTINEZ: Your Honor, in the body cam footage you mentioned a couple times now where they talk about whether or not they have sufficient probable cause to enter the house.

THE COURT: They do.

MR. MARTINEZ: That's not what they talk about, Your Honor. They specifically use the word exigent circumstances when they're talking.

THE COURT: But, exigent circumstances is different.

Nevada Supreme Court treats it different, the word exigent circumstances, meaning it is a probable cause determination, then

they do this other exception.

In fact, they discussed that in Mannon, and then subsequently -- or Hannon, and then they subsequently talk about it, here is a Court of Appeals decision from 2018, Lastine. And they say this:

"Emergencies are analytically distinct from other exigent circumstances."

So, even the Nevada Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals have recognized that it's carved out separately. And I will tell you that there are a number of unpublished decisions, which I haven't cited to today, but, of course, I have read and looked at, that make it clear that this is a different, this is a different exception in the class of exceptions. Sort of how I look at it.

The law is presumptively, any time you enter a dwelling without a warrant, it's presumptively inadmissible, except, and then you go down, what are the exceptions?

Exigent circumstances can be a variety of things.

There are a number of things that fall under this umbrella. But, what the Nevada Supreme Court says is this is sort of a separate exception that we carved out.

And the reason it's analytically different is because it has a different burden of proof. It doesn't require the probable cause element that's required for other exigent

circumstances.

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So, I would carve it out in a list, as a separate exception to the requirement of a warrant. And I think that's exactly how the Nevada Supreme Court treats it. I think it's completely different.

So, with that, and I think that's what happened, and the courts are even guilty of this. A number of courts analyze it, some analyze it as an exigent circumstance, some analyze it as something else.

Now, I think the Nevada Supreme Court analyzes it as a separate exception. That's the point I'm making.

But, taking that into consideration then, they weren't required to have probable cause. If they weren't required to have probable cause, you know, the fact that they bumbled around is frightening to me, that the Nye County Sheriff's Office -- maybe, I get it when we have a deputy that doesn't know, if they're new, but they should know, but it just shows to me that they weren't very well trained on the exceptions to entering the property.

Because we had the deputies out there. We have a Sergeant and we have a Lieutenant. The Lieutenant, it's the Sheriff, the Captain and her Lieutenant.

So, it goes all the way up the chain that they aren't very well trained on the exceptions on entering the premises.

That's frightening to me, because what happened is, we have a 911 call at 3:00 in the morning. 2:59 something. It's 3:00 when they are calling back. The deputy is on scene probably about 3:05. They don't enter the premises until 4:30. They should have gone there and broken the door down.

I realize I am arm chair quarterbacking it from the back side. But, they knew what they knew. They knew that they had a hang up.

In fact, I reread the transcript today from the preliminary hearing, and one of the parties had said that they had listened back to the 911 call, which made me go back and listen to the 911 call today. And I thought that something they said was really interesting. I can find it. He talks about what he heard on the 911 call:

"I'm going break your hands."

MR. MARTINEZ: Judge, I know what you were referring to. That was Detective Fancher, and he listened pretty intently to that 911 call before he went to see Mr. Torres.

THE COURT: I think it's really telling.

At one point you're asking what he did before the interview -- here it is. This is Deputy Fancher from the preliminary, I'm sorry. Detective. Let me find it here. Detective Fancher's preliminary hearing transcript testimony begins on page 139. And then Mr. Vitto is questioning Detective

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Fancher, and this is starting on page 188, line 19.

- Q. "All right. Now have you had the opportunity to listen to the 911 call to dispatch?
 - "Yes, I did." Α.
 - "What did you hear? 0.
- "I heard a male's voice that sounds like the defendant saying, 'Get off the phone or I'm going to break your hand,' or something. 'I'm going to break your hand if you don't get off the phone.'

"But, you can kind of hear, initially you can kind of hear the decedent saying, 'Help,' in kind of like a low tone. I'm not sure if, you know, he was trying to speak low so nobody could hear him. I don't know if you can hear him say, 'Help.' kind of told that information backwards.

- Q. "That's okay. You heard the decedent ask for help, and you heard the defendant say, get off the phone, or maybe something like, I'm going to break your hand?
- "Yes. And then it sounds like there is some scuffle or something, you know? You know, on the phone something is going on and then eventually it was disconnected or when he smashed the phone they lost the connection."
- So, that's the 911 call. And then we sent the deputy out there, after 911 is unable to call back, and the deputies go to the first trailer and there's some confusion, because the 911

system gives them an approximate location, but there are a number of trailers on the property.

They speak to the gentleman who says it's the trailer behind here. They go to the trailer, it's got a number 103 on it, but it's really not trailer 103, I guess, but that's the number.

And it's at that point then that the deputies are walking around, knocking on the window, knocking on the door, trying to get Mr. Torres to respond.

And then approximately about 35 minutes after that, then Sergeant Fernandez shows up, and she's there, and they try for 10 or 15 minutes, and then she calls Lieutenant McRae. And Lieutenant McRae, she comes back and tells the deputies, Gideon and the other deputy -- I can't remember his name now. I watched his video cam, but that McRae has authorized a locksmith and the locksmith is on his way.

So, with all of that, and the principles of law involved, I don't see how one would lose if the Emergency Exception, while I'm critical, and I am, of the fact that they didn't just break the door down, especially when they tell, when they're knocking on the door, saying, if you don't open this door, if you don't come to this door, I am going to break the door down.

And they don't do it. And they wait the 35 minutes for

the locksmith to arrive. And then it takes him 30 minutes. And then when they were finally able to enter the trailer at approximately 4:30, that's when they find the decedent is dead in his bedroom.

And they see what appears to be a scuffle. Under the facts and circumstances of that, I am not going to suppress any evidence. I think that there was a valid exception. It did not require probable cause, and I am not going to dismiss or suppress any evidence from that.

While I'm critical of what the officers, how long the officers waited, and would the outcome have been different? I don't know. But, the fact remains, and I think that, quite frankly, even after the locksmith arrives and shortly after he arrived and started working on the door, that's when Mr. Torres opened the window.

And I think that would have created even another reason to have gone in. He admits that he and his roommate are there, that they are sleeping. Go away. He is confrontational, and agitated with the officers.

So, I think that, like I said, the Motion to Dismiss or Motion to Suppress, I am going to deny that.

So, now let's talk about the Jackson Denno hearing.

I'm not sure why there was confusion about that. Apparently
there is, and it appears that neither side is prepared to move

forward today, is that my understanding?

MR. MARTINEZ: Judge, in all due respect to the state, I believe they are prepared to move forward today. I am not prepared to move forward today.

Ultimately, when we do have the Jackson Denno hearing, my request is going to have Mr. Torres present in the courtroom for his testimony.

This is a special hearing where he will be allowed to testify and the testimony cannot be used against him at the time of trial.

THE COURT: I want to make something very clear about the Jackson Denno hearing.

So everybody understands the rules of that hearing, I would direct your attention to Gonzales versus State. It is 131 Nevada, 481, 354 Pacific 3rd, 654, 2015 Nevada Supreme Court decision.

And it goes through, and I can read it into the record. I am happy to do that. But, just so we all understand, the burden of proof is on the state to demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant's incriminatory statements are admissible.

And a reminder that there's going to be two parts to this. I'm not sure; I couldn't tell from the reading of the briefs in this case if both parts are going to be tested or not.

1

So, maybe I will just go through this. So we are all on the same page. You understand exactly what I understand the law to be on this.

"When a confession is challenged and a hearing is requested under Jackson vs. Denno, 378 U.S. 368, 380, 84 Supreme Court 1774, 12 Lawyers' Edition 2nd, 908, 1964.

"The state must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant's incriminatory statements are admissible."

That's Dewey vs. State, D E W E Y, for the court reporter, vs. State, 123 Nevada, 483, 492, 169 Pacific 3rd, 1149, 1154, 2007.

"When a defendant has been subjected to interrogation, the State must first demonstrate the police administered Miranda warnings prior to initiating any questioning."

That's, see State vs. Taylor, T A Y L O R, 114 Nevada, 1071, 1081, 968 Pacific 2nd, 315, 323, 1998.

"If the warnings were properly given, the state must then prove the defendant voluntarily, knowingly and intelligently understood his Constitutional right to remain silent, and/or to have an attorney present during any questioning, and agreed to waive those rights."

See Mendoza vs. State, 122 Nevada, 267, 276, 130 Pacific 3rd, 176, 182 -- 181-82, 2006.

	See a	also M	iranda	a versu	s Arizona	a, 384	1 U.S	5. 436	5, 86
Supreme	Court,	1602,	16 La	wyers'	Edition	2nd,	694	1966	United
States	Supreme	Court	decis	sion.					

"Even where such warnings were properly administered and waived, the state must also separately show that the defendants incriminatory statements were voluntary under the totality of the circumstances."

See Falcon vs. State, 110 Nevada, 530, 534, 874 Pacific 2nd, 772, 775, 1994 Nevada Supreme Court decision.

"A confession is admissible as evidence only if it is made freely, voluntarily and without compulsion or inducement."

That's Echavarria, E C H A V A R R I A, vs. State, 108 Nevada 734, 732, 839 Pacific 2nd 589, 595, 1992.

Quoting Franklin vs. State, F R A N K L I N, 96 Nevada, 417, 421, 610 Pacific 2nd, 732, 734, 1980 Nevada Supreme Court decision.

See also Passama, P A S S A M A, vs. State, 103 Nevada, 212, 123-14, 735 Pacific 2nd, 321, 322, 1987, and it cites in quotation marks:

"In order to be voluntary, a confession must be the product of a rational intellect and a free will." Internal quotation marks omitted.

"Voluntariness must be determined by reviewing the totality of the circumstances, including such factors as the

defendant's age, education and intelligence, his knowledge of his
rights, the length of his detention, the nature of the
questioning, and the physical conditions under which the
interrogation was conducted."

It cites, again, Passama, P A S S A M A, 103 Nevada at 214, 735 Pacific 2nd at 323.

"A confession is involuntary if it was coerced by physical intimidation or psychological pressure."

Brust, B R U S T, vs. State, 108 Nevada, 872, 874, 839 Pacific 2nd, 1300, 1301, 1992.

"The ultimate inquiry is whether the defendant's will was overborne by the government's actions."

That's Chambers, C H A M B E R S, vs. State, 113 Nevada, 974, 981, 944 Pacific 2nd, 805, 809, 1997.

Now, my understanding is one of the issues here is whether the defendant was intoxicated, whether under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

This Gonzales case addresses that.

"As a general preposition intoxication is a factor the district court must consider in determining whether a confession was truly voluntary.

"However, intoxication is not by itself sufficient to render a confession involuntary when the totality of the circumstances otherwise indicate that the statements were

1	voluntary."
2	It goes on: "Eg, Chambers versus State, 113 Nevada,
3	974, 981-82, 944 Pacific 2nd, 805, 809-10, 1997.
4	"Confession voluntary even when given with blood
5	alcohol content, BAC, of .27 and other drugs were present in
6	defendant's system, and defendant was in pain from an open stab
7	wound in arm."
8	Also cites Kirksey, K I R K S E Y vs. State, 112
9	Nevada, 980, 992, 923 Pacific 2nd, 1102, 1110, 1996.
LO	"To render confession involuntary defendant must have
L1	been so intoxicated that he was unable to understand the meaning
L2	of his comments." Internal quotation marks omitted.
L3	Falcon vs. State, F A L C O N vs. State, 110 Nevada,
L4	530, 533-35, 874 Pacific 2nd, 772, 774-75, 1994 case.
L5	"Confession was admitted, even though defendant was
L 6	under the influence of illegal narcotics at time of questioning."
L7	Tucker vs. State. TUCKER vs. State, 92 Nevada,
L8	486, 487-8, 553 Pacific 2nd, 951, 952, 1976 case.
L 9	"Confession admissible even though defendant's BAC was
20	.20 at the time he signed the confession."
21	Wallace vs. State, W A L L A C E vs. State, 284 Nevada,
22	603, 605, 447 Pacific 2nd, 30, 31, 1968 decision.
23	"Confession voluntary even when given in emergency room
24	after being shot."

So, I want everybody to know that that is my understanding of the law. That when -- the problem I think the state has today, and they are going to have to make arrangements for, is to be able to play their whatever they want to play today, because I've got my court reporter in on Blue Jeans. I have got the defendant in on Blue Jeans. And even if the defendant is present in the courtroom, and is prepared to testify, I still will not have the availability of my big screen TV in here.

So, you're going to have to have the equipment ready to go and have it operating and ready to play so that I can see it.

The other thing is, when I have looked at a number of Nevada Supreme Court decisions, probably 60, before coming in today that I have read especially on these Jackson Denno hearings, I would think that the state would want to make the confession available to the judge to review prior to the time of the hearing, because I think the intent was to play that confession today in Court and to have the witnesses testify.

And I may be wrong. But, I can tell you this. That in looking at the decisions that have been up on appeal on determinations made by the judge, the other thing is I believe the judge either has to clearly articulate the facts and the reasoning, if they suppress the confession on the record, or if they don't on the record, so the Appellate Court can look at it,

or it must be done in writing.

But, I did notice that in reading those decisions, the judges have reviewed the confessions.

And I would think that that would be more than just the judge sitting in court on the day that you intend to play it, and the Court reviewing it, if you will, live from the courtroom.

It appeared that the judges had reviewed that either before the hearing, or after the hearing and before rendering a decision. So, I don't have that.

But, I just want to make everybody aware, if you need equipment, you got to bring your own or you are going to have to make sure that you've got everything here and ready to go before the hearing.

MR. MARTINEZ: I have a quick question in that regard, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. MARTINEZ: Does the Court have tablets for use during trial?

THE COURT: I do have some. I have 22 iPads that are Wifi only.

MR. MARTINEZ: Okay. And just -- we can get in contact with the court perhaps if that's an option if the big screen TV isn't available, where Your Honor could have a tablet and, but with the lesser number of people that we do have using those

tablets to play whatever media we need to.

THE COURT: My biggest concern is the quality of the recordings. I will tell you that I tried to play the DVDs or CDs that you provided on my laptop. I couldn't hear it. I paired it with external speakers, I still couldn't hear it. I actually paired it to the TV. I paired my laptop to the TV and then I could finally hear it.

But, all I could hear was mumbling before then. And that's my concern of trying that. If that is something the parties intend to do, you better be sure we can hear it; because I couldn't hear it. This TV that we have is very good. And that was the only way.

So, I spent all day yesterday sitting in here connecting up my laptop to the TV so I could hear it.

We just need to be sure that we have got arrangements, we have got the equipment. Because I think that's the hold-up for the state today. They don't have the equipment to play what they want to play.

But, the next question is, when are we going to hear this? I can't move the trial date for this reason.

Mr. Martinez, you are going to be leaving under the Public Defender contract. I do not want to appoint another Public Defender to start over on this process.

I fully intend to try this case on the dates that are

set on my calendar. We're going forward.

So, now the problem I have is I'm gone Wednesday the 31st through April 6th. I come back and I'm in Tonopah that Thursday and Friday. Then Monday I start a criminal trial. I'm going to do, that is the Meeh trial, and we are going to do jury selection on that Monday at the Pahrump Nugget, because they are big enough for the jury venire, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday we are scheduled back here.

Starting the following Monday I am back at the Pahrump Nugget on a civil case that is going in front of a jury that is going to take the whole week of the following week.

So, now I'm getting worried, because obviously I got to get my jury venire out, and I am not sure when I can hear this.

Obviously, I don't think if the confession is inadmissible, and again, I don't know, would that affect the trial? We can probably still go forward. It just would be a different way that the State would be preparing, I'm assuming.

Am I right, State?

MR. ALLMON: That's accurate, Your Honor. But, the State obviously wants the evidence.

THE COURT: I know. And I know we need to have the hearing. I have got to find the space. I was ready to go today, and I understand that we've got a glitch here. And I will say this. I don't think that we ever expected with COVID to have to

bring parties in via our big screen. The point being for that big screen television was that we could use it to play.

Now, unfortunately, that creates a problem with the when the court reporter is coming in, because I can put the Blue Jeans on, or I can put the evidence on, but I can't do both.

The other thought is, I'm not hot on what we currently have. And that is the old screen that was here in the courtroom. When we upgraded the JAVS equipment, they wouldn't let us use those screens. They wouldn't warranty the system.

So, we placed that screen into the chambers and it's, I'm not going to say permanently mounted, but it is. It's not mounted on a rollable cart.

One thing that I have thought about, and this may be a resolution to this, is that my jury room has a really old piece of equipment that used to be on a stand that I mounted to the wall. That is not like our current TV, so it will take, you can play on it but it can't receive.

I don't know. It's very old technology and it's an old 40 inch. With today's technology and our 80 inch or 70 inch monitors are no longer four or \$5,000.

In fact, I was at Walmart, and I think I saw a 75 inch television there for about \$600. I don't know that I have a cart we could put that on, but I would think that we can get something that would be, I will tell you the other problem that I have had,

is, as you may know, I've had three eye surgeries in the past year.

And the additional reading and strain has been very hard on the eye that I had a torn and detached retina on, and I've been kind of concerned about that.

So, from all the strain, that's why I like being able to see it on a big monitor. And maybe the solution is that we have a different monitor here in the courtroom that we could see that the state could use, that would be separate and apart from this.

And then I would, if I could get it set somewhat mobile, then I could put it in my jury room, rather than mount it on the wall. Perhaps mount it on a cart, and that would be something that I would be willing to do.

Quite frankly, the Supreme Court has reached out to us and asked us, Judges, what is something that you need as a result of the Pandemic? As a result of the Pandemic I am now using my big screen television. I need a big screen TV.

But, I would much prefer to be able to see it on a 70 or 75 inch monitor than I would on an eight inch laptop or iPad.

But, I do have those available. Yes, I do.

MR. ALLMON: And, Your Honor, then the state would ask, I remember in Defendant Wychunas' case, where JAVS was played from justice court, we had a big screen set up here that I

thought was the Court's. Maybe we could get that again?

THE COURT: We do have that. That isn't the biggest problem. The biggest problem I have with that is I have got to figure out a way on that piece of equipment to mount it somewhere, where I can see it.

And maybe you have raised a really good issue here. Maybe the Court needs to put another big screen up, perhaps mount it to the wall over here. I mean these are circumstances, like I said, that we, normally this wouldn't be an issue, and it created an issue today. And I really can't go forward.

I know you were prepared. I know you had your witnesses here. The hitch for you is how are we going to play the information you want?

The hitch for the defense is they want their client to testify. And right, wrong or indifferent, they were under the impression that they didn't need him here in the courtroom today, or I am sure they would have requested that I have him brought down.

MR. MARTINEZ: Yes.

THE COURT: So, with that in mind, and thinking about this, what I'm going to look at is to see when I can hear this.

MR. MARTINEZ: Your Honor, I don't mean to complicate everything and throw more wrinkles in here, but just a couple things I wanted to make a record of for Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

2.2

MR. MARTINEZ: First and foremost, I have my expert witness who is a forensic pathologist. I have been working with the state. He is probably, as we speak, getting in contact with the Clark County Coroner's Office to make a trip here to observe everything. The plan right now, I will be noticing him as an expert and he will be writing a report for me. I have told him about the trial dates. He hasn't explicitly told me that will not work; I can't get it done that fast.

More importantly than that, and more concerning to me than that, Judge, they have posted my Public Defender contract for interested parties. On the posting that the county made, they put in an anticipated start date for someone to take over for me of April 20th. That is in between the calendar call date and when we would start trial on this case.

Obviously, if that is to stick, I can't see how anyone would take over for me and be prepared for trial in May. So, that's a concern that I have. Your Honor.

THE COURT: That's a concern of mine too. But, if that were to occur, I guess then I would keep you on the case and have you bill the county. I mean just because there are Public Defender contracts doesn't mean that the Court cannot retain counsel.

And given the fact that you and Ms. Boskovich have

worked on this case from the beginning, it would seem now at the 11th hour, was they have done that, that really makes no sense to me. But, that is concerning to me.

MR. MARTINEZ: Your Honor, can we have a quick side bar?

THE COURT: Sure.

(Discussion at the bench off the record.)

THE COURT: So, Mr. Martinez is right. The calendar call we set for April 2nd, which at least I think that's what I'm looking at. April 2nd, it doesn't show on my calendar, but then it shows down, interestingly, on the trial calendar that's when I've set it for.

So, that's going to have to change. And I think we probably did that just almost as an internal, for us to be sure that we summoned a jury.

We had a proper jury summons in enough time.

Because it's a little different now that we're using the Pahrump Nugget. But, rest assured, we are not going to be doing the trial there.

One of my colleagues from Elko had a trial in a casino. Apparently there's some issues that have arisen from that. One of the jokes was whether or not the jurors were out gambling and getting free drinks or whatever.

So, but they do have a banquet room that's big enough

1	for a jury venire of 120.				
2	Why don't I do this. You're both going to be in court				
3	tomorrow?				
4	MR. MARTINEZ: I will be, yes.				
5	THE COURT: Let me, Mr. Allmon, are you working the				
6	courtroom tomorrow or is that Mr. Vitto?				
7	MR. ALLMON: Mr. Vitto, Your Honor.				
8	THE COURT: All right. So, why don't we do this. Why				
9	don't I just add this on? Are you going to be here or from home				
10	at work?				
11	MR. ALLMON: I did not plan to be.				
12	THE COURT: Okay. Can you give Mr. Vitto your				
13	calendar?				
14	MR. ALLMON: I can do that. I can be in coordination				
15	with him. And I may by the end of the day have a date for you,				
16	and just e-mail you to see when we can put the Jackson Denno				
17	hearing on.				
18	THE COURT: Let me ask you. How much time does each				
19	side need to prep for that? If I say I'll squeeze it in, I can't				
20	squeeze it in next week.				
21	MR. MARTINEZ: Judge, if it was a couple of weeks, I				
22	think I would be able to be ready in that time.				
23	THE COURT: Okay. All right. They won't like it, but				
24	if I had to. I think I could bump matters. I have two matters on				

THE COURT: I do that all the time, I give out the wrong dates. April 29th, nine o'clock. By that date I will have a method that the state can play, that they can hook up so that we can see here in the courtroom.

MR. ALLMON: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I'm going to ask the Supreme Court for some funds, because they said that they would provide funds for the district courts, some of the COVID relief funds. Maybe we will, maybe we won't. But, in any event, I will have something because it really has been a problem where the TV gets hogged up, if you will, by other stuff that we're doing.

And we are so grateful. If it wasn't for Ms. Rowe, we would be in a real bind here. She has been helping out the district courts, and is even willing to help us on some of the justice court things. Thank goodness. Because court reporters are hard to come by.

All right. Anything else we need? So we understand April 29th will be an evidentiary hearing. Everybody, Mr. Martinez, and Ms. Boskovich, if you need Mr. Torres down here sooner, whenever you need him down here, I will sign an Order for you.

If you decide you need him down here a week ahead of time or two weeks, whatever you need, you let me know. I will get out an Order so you can have him down here, okay?

MR. MARTINEZ: All right. THE COURT: Again, if you need me to sign anything in terms of a subpoena or anything to get your witnesses here, let me know. Okay. Great we will see you back here on April 9th. April 9th for calendar call. (Whereupon proceedings concluded at 2:57 p.m.)

1	STATE OF NEVADA)				
2	Ss. COUNTY OF DOUGLAS				
3					
4	I, SUZANNE KUES ROWE, Certified Court Reporter,				
5	licensed in the State of Nevada, License #127, and a Notary				
6	Public in and for the State of Nevada, County of Douglas, do				
7	hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was reported by me				
8	and was thereafter transcribed under my direction into				
9	typewriting; that the foregoing is a full, complete and true				
10	record of said proceedings.				
11	I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney				
12	for either or any of the parties in the foregoing proceeding and				
13	caption named, or in any way interested in the outcome of the				
14	cause named in said caption.				
15					
16					
17					
18	Date: July 24, 2021				
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24	SUZANNE KUES ROWE, CCR #127				

FRED FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

Case No.:

CR20-0092

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2 | Dept. No.:

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IN THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

VS.

MARCO ANTONIO TORRES,

Defendant.

MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE

COMES NOW, the Defendant, Marco Antonio Torres, by and through is Public Defender, Daniel E. Martinez, Esq., hereby moves this Court to for an order vacating the trial dates set to commence on May 10, 2021, and requests a new trial setting on a date convenient to the Court.

This Motion is made and based upon the papers and pleadings on file herein, and any arguments of counsel entertained by the Court at the hearing of said Motion.

DATED this 30th day of March, 2021.

Daniel Martinez Law, LLC

Daniel E. Martinez, Esq. Nevada Bar No.: 12035

NOTICE OF MOTION

TO: Nye County, Plaintiff; and

TO: District Attorney, its Attorneys;

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the foregoing Motion to Continue Trial Date on Calendar for hearing in Department 1 of the above-entitled Court on the _____day of ______, 2021, at ______a.m. or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.

DATED this 30th day of March, 2021.

Danjel Martinez Law, LLC

Daniel E. Martinez, Esq. Nevada Bar No.: 12035

DECLARATION OF COUNSEL

DANIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ. makes the following declaration:

- 1. I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada; I have been appointed to represent the Defendant in the instant matter, and I am familiar with the facts and circumstances of this case.
- 2. On September 4, 2020, Marco Antonio Torres appeared before this court for an Arraignment hearing, and the instant case was scheduled to proceed to trial beginning on January 13, 2021.
- 3. On December 3, 2020, a hearing was held on multiple defense motions, including a motion to continue to the trial. That motion was granted, and new dates were set to commence on March 15, 2021.
- 4. On January 27, 2021, another hearing was held on multiple defense motions, including another motion to continue the trial. That motion was again granted, and new dates were set to commence on May 10, 2021.
- 5. The reason for the motion to continue was because the Defense's expert was still in the process of reviewing all the discovery in this matter so that he could offer his opinion, and recommend additional work to be performed, including the possibility of an independent autopsy.
- 6. The Defense expert has now offered his opinion, and while an independent autopsy is not necessary, the Defense expert will be traveling to the Clark County Coroner's Office to view preserved samples from the autopsy of Jonathan Piper. This visit is scheduled for April 19, 2021.
- 7. It is anticipated that after the visit to the Clark County Coroner's Office, the Defense expert will prepare a report to be disclosed in discovery, and will be noticed as an expert witness.
- 8. April 19, 2021, is also 21 days prior to the state of trial, the deadline for filing expert

disclosures. Thus, the Defense will not be able to file his expert disclosures in the time frame prescribed by statute.

- 9. Calendar Call in this case is currently set for April 9, 2021.
- 10. Because the Defense cannot file his expert disclosures in a timely fashion, the Defense will not be ready for trial in May. As such, I am requesting a continuance of the jury trial in this case.
- 11. This is the third trial setting in this matter.
- 12. This motion is made in good faith not for the purpose of delay.
- 13. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. (NRS 53.045)

EXECUTED this 30th day of March, 2021.

DAVIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Daniel E. Martinez, Esq., Nye County Public Defender and counsel for the Defendant, Marco Antonio Torres, do hereby certify that I have served the following:

Defendant's Motion to Continue Trial Date in Case No. CR20-0092

State of Nevada v. Marco Antonio Torres

upon said Plaintiff by delivering a true and correct copy thereof on March 30, 2021, to the following:

NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE

Daniel E. Martinez, Esq.

1	SUPREME COURT CASE NO. 83216 CASE NO. CR20-0092					
2	DEPARTMENT I					
3	-000-					
4	IN THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA					
5	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE					
6	BEFORE THE HONORABLE DISTRICT COURT JUDGE KIMBERLY WANKER					
7	-000-					
8	THE STATE OF NEVADA,					
9	PLAINTIFF,					
10	-VS-					
11	MARCO ANTONIO TORRES,					
12	DEFENDANT.					
13	/					
14						
15	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS					
16	MOTIONS					
17	APRIL 15, 2021					
18	COURTHOUSE					
19	PAHRUMP, NEVADA					
20						
21						
22						
23	REPORTED BY: SUZANNE KUES ROWE					
24	Nevada CCR #127					

1	APPEA	ARANCES
2	FOR THE STATE OF NEVADA:	KIRK VITTO, CHIEF CRIMINAL
3	TOK THE STATE OF NEVADA.	DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
5		1520 EAST BASIN AVE., #107
6		PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89049
7		Truncom, NEVIDA 05045
8		
9		
10	FOR THE DEFENSE:	DANIEL MARTINEZ
11		ATTORNEY AT LAW
12		PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89049
13		
14		
15	FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF	NOT PRESENT
16	PAROLE AND PROBATION:	
17		
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24		

THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 2021, 8:30 A.M., PAHRUMP, NEVADA
-000-
THE COURT: So, folks, we are here for a status
conference on CR20-0092, State of Nevada versus Marco Torres.
He's appearing from the Tonopah jail.
We have our court reporter appearing on video
conference. We have Mr. Martinez in the courtroom on behalf of
Mr. Torres, and we have Chief Criminal Deputy District Attorney
Kirk Vitto in the courtroom.
We were looking at moving this to July 12th through the
23rd, and I wanted to check to see if we thought we would be
ready for that, during that period.
MR. MARTINEZ: So, Judge
THE COURT: Okay. I'm sorry. Do we have I used the
TV yesterday when I was reviewing video. Is it possible it's the
wrong HDMI? I can try to pause it and start it again?
Do we have video turned off from our end?
THE COURT: So, let me do this. Let's call the case
again. We'll just start over.
We are here on CR20-0092, State of Nevada versus Marco
Torres. Mr. Torres is appearing via video conference from the
Tonopah jail. We have his attorney, Daniel Martinez, in the
Pahrump courtroom, and also present in the courtroom is Chief
Criminal Deputy District Attorney Kirk Vitto, along with Judge

Wanker and the Court staff.

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So, the question that we had, before, was we were waiting for some, the expert reports, and they weren't going to be available in time to proceed in May, so I looked at setting this trial from July 12th through the 23rd, and the parties were going to talk to the witnesses to ensure that they would be available at that time.

Will those weeks work for the parties?

MR. VITTO: Judge, I can tell you that -- oh, stay seated. I can tell you that it looks like we have made contact with everybody. We have three question marks, but they are not question marks that I think would force changing that date. Let me put them on the record.

We haven't spoke with Deputy Gideon yet. We don't anticipate that being a problem.

We know that Deputy Garcia is not going to be available. He is going to Boot Camp. He will be leaving prior to the start of the trial, and he will be there through the duration, obviously.

And he is the deputy who did the intake evaluation, that could be important. We do anticipate calling him at the suppression hearing April 29th and getting a cross-examine transcript to coincide with the business record documents that we have, that counsel has as discovery, and most importantly, from

my perspective, is Mr. LeDeux. Counsel will remember Mr. LeDeux was the, like, property manager or something.

THE COURT: Was he the person, when they first went out? I watched all the video. He's the person he says the two people in the next trailer, is that the gentleman?

MR. MARTINEZ: No, Mr. LeDeux was the property manager on-site who kind of lived behind where they were. The police did not make contact with him that night; they made contact and spoke with him the next morning. They gained some more information that Mr. Piper had tried to call him the night when the altercation was happening.

THE COURT: He's the gentlemen that came over and said he had been at the house that same evening, approximately six o'clock, and had a beer with the decedent.

MR. MARTINEZ: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. So, we don't think he's going to be available either?

MR. VITTO: The information I have is that apparently after this incident he was asked to leave the property.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. VITTO: I think he might be homeless-ish.

He wouldn't give an oral promise to appear. That's too far in the future. I don't know exactly where I'm going to be or what I'm going to be doing.

We're trying to track him down to personally serve him. We are doing everything we can. I, frankly, anticipate -- I need to talk to our office about getting a material witness arrest warrant, if he's, you know, simply refusing, which at this point, he is.

THE COURT: Well, that was going to be my recommendation, that I would just simply issue a material witness warrant.

Tell me a little more about Deputy Gideon. You said he's at Boot Camp. Is he going to the National Guard or what is he doing?

MR. VITTO: That's Garcia. And Garcia, if you will give me some indulgence for a moment, he is going to -- it is Boot Camp, and it is, um, I'm trying to remember what Michael told me, Judge.

I thought it was -- I don't know why I want to say Army National Guard, but it's not his drill. Apparently he's joining, so he has to go through Boot Camp. That's my recollection.

THE COURT: When does he leave?

MR. VITTO: Prior to the trial. I asked -- I asked Michael that. And he gave me the answer, and I, as you can see, I'm desperately looking for the text, and I don't see it.

THE COURT: Maybe you could step away and find out when he's leaving and when he's going to be back.

1	MR. VITTO: Do you mind if I call Michael right now?				
2	THE COURT: No, that's fine. You probably want to do				
3	that off the record. I don't necessarily need the court reporter				
4	to take that down, your call. But I would suggest that we do				
5	that, because I want to know.				
6	Mr. Martinez, how about your witnesses? Will that give				
7	them enough time to be ready?				
8	MR. MARTINEZ: I confirmed with my expert, Your Honor,				
9	the trial dates are good. I expect to have his report in mid-May				
10	when we were talking, so I think his report is going to come to				
11	me right in the middle of the trial dates that we previously had				
12	scheduled in May, so that will be plenty of time to notice the				
13	state of the report and my expert, and we will be ready to go in				
14	July.				
15	THE COURT: Okay.				
16	MR. VITTO: Your Honor, apparently it's Army, or the				
17	National Guard or the reserves. When does he leave? He thought				
18	it was I've got two responses from Michael. One is time in				
19	June, one was May. And trial is set for July.				
20	MR. MARTINEZ: That's what we were looking at.				
21	THE COURT: Originally it was set for May. So, did we				
22	not reach out to him before?				
23	MR. VITTO: The May date was after the trial in May.				
24	MR. MARTINEZ: It might be end of May beginning of				

June. 1 MR. VITTO: Right. THE COURT: We're looking at Boot Camp in probably June 3 and July? 4 MR. VITTO: 5 Yes. 6 THE COURT: The problem is, I'm looking at my calendar I've got in the middle of August is the National then. 7 Association of Drug Court Professionals. I'm just looking. 8 9 MR. VITTO: Here's the problem. Because it's always, we're always going to hear this, whatever trial date we set, 10 we're going hear something like this. If we moved it to 11 12 whenever, we're only going to have to do this again. Frankly, we think we can survive Garcia. We will look 13 diligently for LeDeux. We've got the cross-examine preliminary 14 hearing transcript if we simply can't find him, and I'm not 15 concerned about Gideon. Gideon hasn't gotten back with us. 16 But, if we have to, tell the sheriff, all leaves, all liberties are 17 canceled. 18 I will issue a material witness warrant for THE COURT: 19 We'll get him here. him too. 20 21 MR. MARTINEZ: Your Honor, if I hear the state 22 correctly, Garcia, you intend to call at our hearing on the 29th, so there would be cross-examination testimony there as well, 23

depending on what he testifies to, obviously, and I'm sure the

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MR. MARTINEZ: So, we would be able to use that transcript.

THE COURT: Probably our best bet is to continue from the 12th to the 23rd, because we have got the expert who is going to be there. It sounds like the other witnesses for the state will be there, and the state wouldn't be crippled if we went forward on those dates.

Doing that then, we are going to have to set a calendar call. If we did July 12th through the 23rd we should set our calendar call in June, which I'm thinking June 18th.

MR. VITTO: Perfect, Judge.

THE COURT: I'm going to have to move the Bautista trial, but he's out of custody. I have moved it several times, but I think that, and who knows. Maybe that will settle at the last minute. There have been offers made, then he changes his mind.

MR. MARTINEZ: Your Honor, I don't know how quickly you would want to move that trial. I know it's hard to move all these things. I can tell you that there have been offers for negotiations on this case between myself and the state, and we have gone back. The Jackson-Denno hearing and the result of that are kind of a drop dead date.

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So, I do believe that in this case there is a somewhat good chance that we may come in on the 29th, and then rather than go forward with the Jackson-Denno hearing, tell the Court that we have this matter solved, and if that's the case, obviously we won't need the trial dates in July, and we won't need to vacate the other trial.

THE COURT: I got to tell you, we moved a hundred civil matters. The criminal matters are easy for us to move. The civil matters are not, because many of the people appear pro se.

So, it is a lot of work. So, I am holding on to not moving stuff.

But, you know, at some point on the civil matters because so many people are pro se, because they have to have written Orders, it just kills us. So, this week has been good and bad.

I mean, it's been nice to have a few days off, but on the other hand, you know, the civil calendars I have coming up are just frightening.

So, why don't we leave those dates, and I won't vacate the Bautista trial at this time; I'm going to wait.

MR. VITTO: Judge, I would hold on to everything until next week.

THE COURT: The 29th is the Jackson-Denno hearing at nine a.m. So, we should be good.

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All right. We will just keep everything status quo
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     until then.
               MR. VITTO: Sounds great.
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               THE COURT: Thank you very much. Enjoy the rest of
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     your day.
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              (Whereupon proceedings concluded at 8:45 a.m.)
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1	STATE OF NEVADA) Ss.				
2	COUNTY OF DOUGLAS)				
3					
4	I, SUZANNE KUES ROWE, Certified Court Reporter,				
5	licensed in the State of Nevada, License #127, and a Notary				
6	Public in and for the State of Nevada, County of Douglas, do				
7	hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was reported by me				
8	and was thereafter transcribed under my direction into				
9	typewriting; that the foregoing is a full, complete and true				
10	record of said proceedings.				
11	I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney				
12	for either or any of the parties in the foregoing proceeding and				
13	caption named, or in any way interested in the outcome of the				
14	cause named in said caption.				
15					
16					
17					
18	Date: May 6, 2021				
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24	SUZANNE KUES ROWE, CCR #127				

APR 1 5 ZUZI

Case No. CR20-0092 Dept. 1P

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IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF

THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

THIRD AMENDED
ORDER SETTING JURY TRIAL

MARCO ANTONIO TORRES,

Defendant,

IT IS SO ORDERED that the above-captioned case is hereby set for trial before a jury in Pahrump, Nevada, commencing at 9:00 A.M. on Monday, the 12th of July, 2021. Ten (10) days, July 12-16, 2021 and July 19-23,2021 have been set aside for the trial. The services of the District Court Reporter are required. Stock Instructions will be provided by the Court, any special instructions are to be submitted to the Court no later than two (2) days before trial is to begin.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that a calendar call is set for the 18th day of June, 2021, at the hour of 9:00 a.m. Counsel and the Defendant must appear for the calendar call.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the jury draw is set on the 18th day of June, 2021, whereas the Nye County Jury Commissioner will draw a regular panel of 180 jurors at 4:30 p.m. in the presence of all those who wish to attend.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that any pre-trial motions are to be heard on the 29th day of April, 2021, at the hour of 9:00 a.m., with courtesy copies to the court by April 22, 2021, at the hour of 4:00 p.m.

DATED this day of April 2021.

EMBERLY A. WANKER DISTRICT JUDGE



C	\mathbf{ERTI}	FIC	ATIO	N OF	SERY	VICI

The undersigned hereby certifies that on the 15th day of April 2021, she mailed (or hand

delivered) copies of the foregoing ORDER to the following:

NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE PAHRUMP, NV (HAND DELIVERED)

DANIEL MARTINEZ, ESQ. PAHRUMP, NEVADA (HAND DELIVERED)

RONNI BOSKOVICH, ESQ. PAHRUMP, NEVADA (HAND DELIVERED)

> Secretary to DISTRICT JUDGE

ORIGINAL

FILED FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

1 Case No. CR20-0092

APR 2 9 2021

2 Dept. No. 1

Nye County Clerk

Terri Pembertor Peputy

The undersigned affirms that this document does not contain the social security number of any person.

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IN THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE

7

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

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Plaintiff,

V.

GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT

MARCO ANTONIO TORRES,

Defendant.

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NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY

P.O. BOX 39 PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89041 (775) 751-7080

County District Attorney, through KIRK VITTO, and MARCO ANTONIO TORRES,

COMES NOW, THE STATE OF NEVADA ("Plaintiff"), by CHRIS ARABIA, Nye

15

("Defendant"), represented by Attorney Daniel Martinez Esq., and files this Guilty Plea

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Agreement (GPA) in the above-entitled case.

17

I, MARCO ANTONIO TORRES, hereby agree to plead GUILTY to a charge of

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SECOND-DEGREE MURDER in violation of NRS 200.010/NRS 200.030, A

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CATEGORY "A" FELONY, as more fully alleged in the Amended Information for case

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number CR20-0092. My decision to plead guilty is based upon the plea agreement in

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this case, which is as follows:

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either be sentenced to life in prison with the possibility of parole, with eligibility for

1. I agree to plead guilty to the Amended Information before the court, knowing I will

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parole beginning when a minimum of 10 years has been served; or for a definite

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term of 25 years, with eligibility for parole beginning when a minimum of 10 years has been served. I understand I AM NOT eligible for probation.

- 2. In exchange for pleading guilty, the prosecution will not pursue any other charges related to the investigation culminating with 20NY-1112, this is a global negotiation encompassing all known criminal activity within Nye County to date. With this agreement I have reserved my right, pursuant to NRS 174.035(3) to appeal the denial of my suppression motion to exclude evidence recovered at the scene of the murder.
- 3. The prosecution is free to argue for any permissible sentence allowed by law and remains free to argue all facts and circumstances surrounding the crime to which I have plead guilty, including dismissed and/or reduced charges, and information contained within my presentence investigation.
- 4. I agree to the forfeiture of any/all weapons or any interest in any weapons seized and/or otherwise impounded in connection with the instant case and/or any other case negotiated or resolved in whole or in part as a result of this agreement.
- 5. I understand I could be court ordered to reimburse Nye County for costs associated with the appointment of a public defender to represent me, and that I am responsible for any/all restitution appropriately considered in this case including but not limited to: Funeral expenses for the person I murdered: Jonathan A. Piper.
- 6. I acknowledge and accept that should I fail to interview with the Department of Parole and Probation; fail to appear at any subsequent hearings in this case; escape custody; provide a sample of breath, blood or urine that tests positive for the unlawful use of a controlled substance, dangerous drug(s), or alcohol at any

point after my guilty plea pursuant to this GPA, I agree that the prosecution will be free to argue that my sentence be enhanced as an Habitual Criminal and sentenced to life in prison without the possibility of parole (LWOP), something for which I concede eligibility, but would contest applicability.

I understand that the operative law at the time I committed the murder was that with two prior felony convictions I could be sentenced from 5-20 years in prison, and that with three prior felony convictions or more, I faced the potential of life in prison without the possibility of parole, life with the possibility of parole, or a sentence of 10-25 years in prison, and that law controls the offense to which I have plead guilty.

CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLEA

I understand that by pleading guilty I admit the facts that support all the elements of the offense(s) to which I now plead as set forth in Exhibit 1.

I understand that certain Administrative Assessment Fees are mandatory and applicable, that I will be court ordered to pay them.

I understand that, if appropriate, I will be ordered to make restitution to the victim of the offense(s) to which I am pleading guilty and to the victim of any related offense(s) being dismissed or not prosecuted pursuant to this agreement. I also understand that any victim to any offense I have plead guilty to, or any victim included for the purposes of restitution, may testify at sentencing. I will also be ordered to reimburse the State of Nevada for expenses related to my extradition, if any.

I understand that information regarding charges not filed, dismissed charges or charges to be dismissed pursuant to this agreement may be considered by the judge at sentencing, and that he alone will determine my sentence.

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I have not been promised or guaranteed any particular sentence by anyone. know that my sentence will be determined by the Court within the limits prescribed by statute. I understand that if my attorney or the State of Nevada or both recommend any specific punishment to the court, the court is not obligated to accept the recommendation.

I understand that the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety will prepare a written report for the sentencing judge before sentencing. This report will include matters relevant to the issue of sentencing, including my criminal history. I understand that this report may contain hearsay information regarding my background and criminal history. My attorney and I, and the prosecution, will each have the opportunity to comment on the information contained in the report, if any, at the time of sentencing, and I understand that probation is not an option for me having committed the offense to which I have pleaded guilty.

WAIVER OF RIGHTS

By entering my plea of guilty, I understand that I have waived the following rights and privileges:

- 1. The constitutional privilege against self-incrimination, including the right to refuse to testify at trial, in which event the State would not be allowed to comment to the jury about my refusal to testify.
- 2. The constitutional right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury, free of excessive pretrial publicity prejudicial to the defense, at which trial I would be entitled to the assistance of an attorney, either appointed or retained. At trial, the State would bear the burden of proving beyond a reasonable doubt each element of each offense charged.

- 3. The constitutional right to confront and cross-examine any witnesses who would testify against me.
- 4. The constitutional right to subpoena witnesses to testify on my behalf.
- The constitutional right to testify in my own defense.
- 6. The right to appeal the conviction, with the assistance of an attorney, either appointed or retained, unless the appeal is based upon reasonable constitutional, jurisdictional, or other grounds that challenge the legality of the proceedings and except as otherwise provided by subsection 3 of NRS 174.035.

VOLUNTARINESS OF PLEA

I have discussed the elements of all the original charges against me with my attorney and I understand the nature of these charges.

I understand that the State would have to prove each element of each charge against me at trial.

I have discussed with my attorney any possible defenses and circumstances that might be in my favor.

All of the foregoing elements, consequences, rights and waiver of rights have been thoroughly explained to me by my attorney.

I believe that pleading guilty and accepting this plea bargain is in my best interests and that a trial would be contrary to my best interests.

I am signing this agreement voluntarily after consultation with my attorney and am not acting under duress or coercion or by virtue of any promises of leniency, except for those set forth in this agreement.

I am not now under the influence of intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance or other drug(s) that would in any manner impair my ability to comprehend or understand this agreement or the proceedings surrounding my entry of this plea.

My attorney has answered to my satisfaction all of my questions regarding this GPA and its consequences, and I am satisfied with the services provided by my attorney.

DATED this 29th day of April, 2021.

MARCO ANTONIO TORRES

AGREED to on this 27 day of April, 2021.

CHRIS ARABIA
NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY

MICHAEL D. ALLMON Deputy District Attorney

NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY P.O. BOX 39 PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89041 (775) 751-7080

CERTIFICATE OF COUNSEL

I, the undersigned, as the attorney for the defendant named herein and as an officer of the court hereby certify that:

- I have fully explained to the defendant the allegations contained in the charge(s) to which the guilty plea(s) is/are being entered.
- 2. I have advised the defendant of the penalties for each charge and the restitution that the defendant may be ordered to pay.
- 3. I have inquired of Defendant facts concerning Defendant's immigration status and explained to Defendant that if Defendant is not a United States citizen any criminal conviction will most likely result in serious negative immigration consequences including but not limited to: removal from the United States through deportation; an inability to reenter the United States; the inability to gain United States citizenship or legal residency; an inability to renew and/or retain any leant residency status; and/or an indeterminate term of confinement, with the United States Federal Government based on my conviction and immigration status. Moreover, I have explained that regardless of what Defendant may have been told by any attorney, no one can promise Defendant that this conviction will not result in negative immigration consequences and/or impact Defendant's ability to become a United States citizen and/or legal resident.
- 4. All pleas of guilty offered by the defendant pursuant to this agreement are consistent with all the facts known to me and are made with my advice to the defendant and are in the best interest of the defendant.
- 5. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the defendant:

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- (a) Is competent and understands the charge(s) and the consequences of pleading guilty as provided in this agreement;
- (b) Executed this agreement and will enter all guilty pleas pursuant hereto voluntarily; and
- (c) Was not under the influence of intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance or other drug at the time of the execution of this agreement.

DATED this 297h

_day of April,

Daniel Martinez Esq.

NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
P.O. BOX 39
PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89041
(775) 751-7080

EXHIBIT I



FILED FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

APR 2 1 2021

Nye	County Clerk
Brittani Smith	Deputy

Case No. CR20-0092

Department 1

The undersigned affirms that this document does not contain the social security number of any person.

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NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY

P.O. BOX 39 PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89041 (775) 751-7080

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IN THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE

THE STATE OF NEVADA.

Plaintiff,

VS.

AMENDED INFORMATION (CORRECTED CAPTION)

MARCO ANTONIO TORRES,

Defendant.

CHRIS ARABIA, District Attorney within and for the County of Nye, State of Nevada, informs the Court that MARCO ANTONIO TORRES, before the filing of this Information, did then and there, in Nye County, Nevada, commit the following offenses, to wit:

SECOND-DEGREE MURDER, in violation of NRS 200.010/NRS 200.030, A CATEGORY 'A' FELONY, committed in the following manner, to wit: That ON OR ABOUT APRIL 4, 2020, in Pahrump Township, Nye County, Nevada, said Defendant, without authority of law, did willfully, unlawfully, with malice aforethought, either express or implied, kill and murder JONATHAN A. PIPER, a human being, by beating and/or strangling the victim, causing asphyxia, at unit 4, marked by numbers 103, 835 South Linda Street;

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	2	cases made and provided, and against the pe	eace and dignity of the State of Nevada.				
	3	Witnesses and their addresses known	to the District Attorney of Nye County,				
	4	State of Nevada, at the time of the filing of this Information:					
	5	CAPTAIN DAVID BORUCHOWITZ NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE	DEPUTY COLTON WILLIAMS NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE				
	6	PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89060	PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89060				
	7	DETECTIVE ALEXANDRA FERNANDES	DEPUTY CHAD WHELAN NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE				
	8	NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE PAHRUMP, NEVADA	PAHRUMP, NEVADA				
ORNEY	9	SERGEANT CORY FOWLES NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89060	DEPUTY DAVID STONE NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE BEATTY, NEVADA				
NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY P.O. BOX 39 PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89041 (775) 751-7080	11 12	DETECTIVE JOE MARSHALL NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE	DEPUTY DANIEL FISCHER NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89060				
P.O. B(P.O. B(RUMP, N 775)	13	PAHRUMP, NEVADA	STEPHANIE RUCKER				
IYE COL	14	DEPUTY CODY MURPHY NYE COUNTY SHERIFFS OFFICE PAHRUMP, NEVADA	NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89060				
2	15	LARRY HENDRIK DRAPER	DEPUTY AMANDA JANE CHRISTEN (HEAD)				
	16	980 AMARILLLO PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89048	NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE PAHRUMP, NEVADA				
	17 18	REFUGIO DE JESUS PAHRUMP FAMILY MORTUARY 5441	DEPUTY ALEC AUGUSTINE NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE				
	19	VICKI ANN ROAD PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89048	PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89048				
	20	DETECTIVE WES FANCHER	DEPUTY XAVIER M. GIDEON NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE				
	21	NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE PAHRUMP, NEVADA	PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89060				
	22	DEPUTY BRITTON MICHAEL HOFFMANN	JAMES LOUIS MURZYN PAHRUMP FAMILY MORTUARY 5441 VICKI ANN ROAD				
	23	NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE PAHRUMP, NEVADA	PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89048				

All of which is contrary to the form, force, and effect of the statutes in such

	- 1				
	1 2	JONATHAN A PIPER 3270 W LAURENCE PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89061	KEVIN RILEY 4320 ELVIRA ST PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89048		
	3 4	CHRISTOPHER PIPER 6065 CANYONSIDE ROAD LA CRESCENTA, CALIFORNIA 91214	RICK MARTIN		
	5	DENNIS A LA DUE 835 S LINDA ST UNIT 9 PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89048	JULIA A BUNDY 4320 ELVIRA ST PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89048		
	7	DATED this 21 ST day of April, 2020.			
	8		CHRIS ARABIA NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY		
	9	N'			
NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY P.O. BOX 39 PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89041 (775) 751-7080	10	D			
T ATT()) DA 890	11	Ву	KIRKVITTO		
COUNTY DISTRICT ATTOF P.O. BOX 39 PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89041 (775) 751-7080	12		Deput District Attorney		
P.O. IRUMP,	13				
re cou	14				
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Renne McKeen, Paralegal, of the Nye County District Attorney's Office, do hereby certify that I have served the following:

AMENDED INFORMATION (CORRECTED CAPTION) in 5TH JDC Case No(s). CR20-0092 STATE v. MARCO ANTONIO TORRES

upon said Defendant(s) herein by delivering a true and correct copy thereof on

to the following:

DANIEL E MARTINEZ ESQ.

Via hand deliver at the Nye county District Attorney's Office in Pahrump Nevada.

Renne McKeen

SUPREME COURT CASE NO. 83216 CASE NO. CR20-0092 1 DEPARTMENT I FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 3 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE BEFORE THE HONORABLE DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 5 KIMBERLY WANKER -000-7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 8 PLAINTIFF, 9 10 -VS-MARCO ANTONIO TORRES, 11 12 DEFENDANT. 13 14 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 15 CHANGE OF PLEA/ARRAIGNMENT 16 APRIL 29, 2021 17 **COURTHOUSE** 18 PAHRUMP, NEVADA 19 20 21 22 REPORTED BY: SUZANNE KUES ROWE 23 Nevada CCR #127 24

1	APPE	EARANCES
2	FOR THE STATE OF NEVADA:	MICHAEL ALLMON
3		DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
4		1520 EAST BASIN AVE #107
5		PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89049
6		
7		
8		
9	FOR THE DEFENSE:	DANIEL MARTINEZ
10		ATTORNEY AT LAW
11		PAHRUMP, NEVADA 89049
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13		
14	FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF	NOT PRESENT
15	PAROLE AND PROBATION:	
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THURSDAY,	APRIL	29,	2021,	10:35	A.M.,	PAHRUMP,	NEVADA
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THE COURT: All right. So, you can hear me? Before we get started, I want to remind everybody about the ground rules of the microphones. Suzy, our court reporter, is appearing from Minden/Gardnerville. It's absolutely essential that she hears everything that goes on, because she is the official record.

So, we've got microphones with red rings. You need to sit. Please do no rustle your papers, so she can't hear. And when you speak, you may want to take your mask off today so that way we are sure that we get this. So, this is originally set, we're here on Case Number CR20-0092, State of Nevada versus Marco Antonio Torres.

Originally today was set for a Jackson-Denno hearing. My understanding is that there have been a change of plans, and that Mr. Torres intends to plead guilty today to Second Degree Murder. Am I correct on that?

MR. MARTINEZ: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay. So, today the intent is not to move forward with the Jackson-Denno hearing, but instead to arraign him on the Amended Information that was filed, charging him with Second Degree Murder. Am I correct on that as well?

MR. MARTINEZ: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Then let's move forward.

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nonprobationable, is that right?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.

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THE COURT: Okay. So, my understanding is this is a

global agreement, and that it would encompass all known criminal activity within Nye County to date.

Is that your understanding?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: Now, as part of this agreement, about a month ago, I heard a Motion to Dismiss/Motion to Suppress the evidence. And I denied that motion. As part of the Plea Agreement in this case, you still have the right to appeal my decision. Is that your understanding?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: Okay. Do you understand that at the time of sentencing, that the prosecution would be free to argue for all of the facts and circumstances surrounding Second Degree Murder, to which you are pleading guilty, or any other offenses that they are dismissing as part of this deal, and they would also be free to argue, they might get up and say, Judge, I either want life with the possibility of parole, or I want a definite term of 25 years. They can argue for whatever they want, as long as it is legally permissible.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: I do, kind of.

THE COURT: What "kind of" don't you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm sorry. I understand it, but I also thought that certain pieces of evidence could not be used at that

point, because I put in a plea.

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THE COURT: When you say, "certain pieces of evidence," I think it's important that you and I have the same understanding before I accept the guilty plea, so tell me what your understanding of this Plea Agreement is.

THE DEFENDANT: Well, my understanding is that I am pleading guilty to Second Degree Murder with the hopes of appealing later on down the line for something a little better. Of course, how can you blame me for not thinking that, or hoping that.

Other than that, I know I did wrong, I didn't mean to hurt my friend. But, other than that, I'm not sure exactly all the evidence. There's a lot of evidence, I understand that. I guess I was, maybe I'm a little confused.

THE COURT: Well, then I want to be sure before we move forward today that we have all the confusion cleared up. Because I am not going to accept a guilty plea unless you fully understand what you're doing today. So, let me explain something to you.

When you said you hoped if you were to appeal my decision on the Motion to Suppress, you hope that you would get a better deal. That's not how it works. This is what happens.

The issue that arose, as you may recall, was whether or not your counsel filed a Motion to Dismiss/Suppress based upon

their belief that there were exigent circumstances that warranted entry into the property.

I actually was very critical of the actions of the Nye County Sheriff's Office. There are eleven exceptions to the search warrant rule. Nye County Sheriff's Office should have known that probable cause was not required. They should have immediately broken the door down.

In my opinion, it was very negligent on their behalf, and it went all the way up the chain. From the deputies to the sergeant and to the lieutenant, who finally called a locksmith, which made no sense, because if you broke the door down, there was no warrant, or you waited, essentially, about 90 minutes before they made entry, again, without a warrant.

So, if they needed probable cause, they clearly had time to call for a warrant to one of the judges that were here in Nye County. That was just incredible to me. But, they knew or should have known that the law is very clear. That is one exception that requires no probable cause, and that is a medical emergency.

So, what I ruled is despite, I watched all the body cams. In my opinion, despite the Keystone cop behavior of not immediately breaking down the door, that they were justified, whether they waited 90 minutes or they would have broken the door down immediately when they got there, which common sense would

have dictated that would have been appropriate.

But, in either scenario here, they didn't need probable cause to get into that door. And that was my ruling. And so if the Nevada Supreme Court finds that I am wrong, or they push it down to the Court of Appeals and they say, Judge Wanker, you are wrong, then the evidence gets suppressed.

But, there's not a different deal. They may rule that if there's suppression, they'll probably send it back, and either order a new trial be had, but it's not going to simply reduce it to manslaughter or, you know, aggravated assault, or anything like that. It's not going to happen. So, I want to be sure you understand that.

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, I understand that.

THE COURT: I want to be clear. I spend a lot of time on the law in preparation for that motion, and I may be wrong. There are seven members of the Nevada Supreme Court and three members of the Court of Appeals, but the law, in my opinion, is very clear on that issue, and there is Nevada Supreme Court authority right on point.

But, I agreed with the state, who said, Judge, Nye County Sheriff's Office was justified. Yeah, they were justified. The problem was, they should have got in 90 minutes before they did.

But, and I blame that on training. Not so much the

deputies that showed up, but, my goodness. We have included the lieutenant, and the lieutenant should know the law.

THE DEFENDANT: I'm sorry. I should have opened the door.

(Discussion between defendant and counsel.)

THE COURT: Let's go back to the beginning, let's talk about what the deal is. So, you are going to plead guilty to Second Degree Murder.

You understand that the Court has two options for sentencing. Life with the possibility of parole, with parole eligibility not beginning until you have served at least ten years in custody. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: The other option is, I could sentence you to a definite term of 25 years with parole eligibility beginning when a minimum of ten years has been served.

So, regardless of which sentence I impose, those are my two options. You are going to serve a minimum of ten years in prison.

Now, my understanding is this happened approximately a year ago, so you have got one year in because you have been incarcerated ever since the incident in question, which I believe was like April 4th or something like that, of 2020. So, you've got a year in, so you're really looking at serving a minimum of

nine years.

But, it isn't my decision. Once I impose the sentence, the Department of Corrections, when you are eligible for parole, they are the ones, you go before the parole board, and they will determine whether or not you are eligible to get out; it will not be the Court. So, I want to be sure you understand that.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: All right. So, again, we talked about the Motion to Suppress/Motion to Dismiss that I ruled against you and ruled in favor of the Nye County Sheriff's Office.

Again, you still have the right to take that to the Supreme Court. You may have already taken it to the Supreme Court, I don't know.

But, if the Supreme Court agrees with you, then they will probably vacate the Second Degree Murder and bring it back here for further proceedings. That would be my guess as to what they will do. But, they won't say, okay, Judge, we want you to give him manslaughter, or we want you to do something different. They won't do that. I want to be sure you understand.

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah.

THE COURT: Okay. They could also agree with me. So, you know, when you enter a plea today, what I want you to understand is that you probably are going to serve either sentence A or sentence B, which is, A, life in prison with the

possibility of parole, with parole eligibility beginning when a minimum of ten years has been served, or a definite term of 25 years with parole eligibility beginning when a minimum of ten years has been served.

But, you could serve longer than ten years. The Parole Board may say you are not eligible. If I sentence you to the latter, they may make you sit there the whole 25 years. I don't have control over that, and I want you to be sure you understand that.

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, I understand it. I would hope it would be not the latter.

THE COURT: Like I said, I don't have any control over the Parole Board.

THE DEFENDANT: Right.

THE COURT: Okay? Once I enter a sentence and it goes to the Department of Corrections, I have nothing to do with good time credit or any of that. That's all done by a different agency, okay?

I want you to understand. Different branch of government.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: And at the time of sentencing, the state's going to be able to argue for any lawful sentence. And I want you to understand that. That's part of your deal.

1	Do you understand that?
2	THE DEFENDANT: Yeah.
3	THE COURT: Okay. All right. Now, you are agreeing to
4	forfeit any and all weapons or any interest that you have in any
5	weapons seized or otherwise impounded in connection with this
6	case, or any other case negotiated or resolved, in whole or in
7	part, as part of this agreement.
8	Do you understand that?
9	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
10	THE COURT: And I think part of that, if I recall back
11	to the evidence, there were some numchuks involved, so I would
12	think that would be part of the records that we are referencing.
13	Am I right, counsel?
14	MR. MARTINEZ: It wasn't anything specific, but, yes,
15	Judge.
16	THE COURT: Okay. And you also understand that I could
17	order that you reimburse Nye County the cost of your Public
18	Defender.
19	Do you understand that?
20	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.
21	THE COURT: And you also understand that you are
22	responsible for any and all restitution that is considered, that
23	I consider appropriate in this case, including, but not limited
24	to, the funeral expenses for Jonathan Piper, right?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: Okay. Now, after I take your plea today, and I agree to accept your plea, then you will interview with the Department of Parole and Probation, and they will prepare what is known as a Presentence Investigation Report.

If you fail to interview with them, if you fail to appear at any subsequent hearings in this case, if you would escape from the custody of the Nye County Sheriff's Office, if you gave me a sample, whether it be blood, breath or urine sample, and you were positive for any controlled substances without a valid prescription, that would basically free the State to argue for any lawful sentence, including as a habitual criminal.

So, apparently you have three prior felony convictions, is that right?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. So, let me explain something. Under the habitual criminal statute that was in effect at the time this crime was committed, if you had three or more felonies, had been convicted of those, the Court could impose a habitual criminal enhancement, which really, only a large criminal enhancement only gives the Court three options. Life in prison with the possibility of parole, with parole eligibility beginning when a minimum of ten years has been served, a definite term of 25 years

with parole eligibility beginning when a minimum of ten years has been served, or life in prison without the possibility of parole. That would be a large enhancement.

If a small enhancement, it would be a definite term of eight to 20 years, is that right? I don't recall off the top of my head.

MR. MARTINEZ: It's five on the bottom, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Five to 20. But, regardless, I doubt that they would be asking for the small habitual, since it's a lesser sentence than the Second Degree Murder charge. They'd probably come in and say, Judge Wanker, I want you to impose life without the possibility of parole, because they would be freed up and could argue that.

Right now they are not going to be able to argue that as part of this Plea Agreement. But, if you don't hold up your end of the bargain, then they are free from the agreement at the time of sentencing.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: Have you been promised anything else, anything at all in order to get you to plead guilty today?

THE DEFENDANT: No. I just, I mean, for the record, I'm not going to give in to any temptation that this might come across to me when I'm in the state penitentiary. I'm not

1	interested in doing any drugs or alcohol. That's all.
2	THE COURT: Okay. That's good. I'm glad that is,
3	because I am sure that they look at your conduct, one of the
4	things that the Parole Board looks at is your conduct while you
5	are in prison when they make that decision.
6	If that's everything that you have been promised, then
7	we are going to move forward with the arraignment, okay?
8	THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
9	THE COURT: Mr. Torres, I would advise you that the
10	Amended Information, the charging document reads: State of
11	Nevada versus Marco Antonio Torres. Is that your true name?
12	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
13	THE COURT: How old are you?
14	THE DEFENDANT: 58 years old.
15	THE COURT: How far did you go in school?
16	THE DEFENDANT: About first semester of 12th grade.
17	First quarter.
18	THE COURT: Do you have a GED?
19	THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am.
20	THE COURT: Okay. Can you read and write the English
21	language?
22	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
23	THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever been treated for a
24	mental disorder?

1	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Okay. And what is that disorder?
3	THE DEFENDANT: In 1987 I was diagnosed with manic
4	depression, bipolar Level II, hypomania.
5	THE COURT: Today, do you suffer from any of those
6	conditions that would prevent you from understanding what you're
7	doing?
8	THE DEFENDANT: Not chronically. I mean I have mania,
9	but I have outlets to end that. Positive outlets. Reading,
10	writing and working out.
11	THE COURT: Today as we sit in the courtroom, are you
12	experiencing any mania?
13	THE DEFENDANT: No, just a little caffeine.
14	THE COURT: Okay. All right. Just want to be sure.
15	Okay. You have a copy of the charges, the Amended
16	Information?
17	THE DEFENDANT: Yeah.
18	THE COURT: Have you read them?
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
20	THE COURT: Our clerk today is Terri. She would be
21	happy to formally read the Amended Information, or you can waive
22	its formal reading. What would you like done?
23	THE DEFENDANT: I can waive it. I went over it quite
24	well. I just. Yeah. I have a good memory for that.

1	THE COURT: Mr. Torres, before the Court will accept
2	your guilty plea, I need to be satisfied that that plea is
3	knowingly, freely and voluntarily given.
4	So I'm going to ask you a series of questions, and ther
5	I will decide whether or not to accept your guilty plea today,
6	okay?
7	THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
8	THE COURT: My first question for you, Mr. Torres, is
9	are you a United States citizen?
10	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
11	THE COURT: The reason I ask you that is because if you
12	are not a United States citizen, and you plead guilty to a
13	criminal offense, you can be arrested, detained and/or deported,
14	and your privilege to live and work in the United States can be
15	restricted or revoked. You have probably heard of an ICE hold.
16	That's what that is about.
17	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
18	THE COURT: Are you under the influence of any type of
19	drugs, alcohol or other medications, prescription or
20	nonprescription, this morning?
21	THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am.
22	THE COURT: Now, Mr. Torres, do you understand that by
23	pleading guilty today, you are waiving or giving up certain of
24	your constitutional rights?

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THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: You have a right to a speedy and public trial before a jury of your peers. Meaning, that you have a right to a jury trial within 60 days from today's date, the date of arraignment, or as quickly thereafter as I can place the matter on my congested calendar.

Now, you may recall you have been arraigned in front of me before and entered a plea of not guilty. You have waived your right to a speedy trial. But, the point being, what I'm telling you today is that normally when you enter a plea, and by pleading guilty, you will be giving up that right to a jury trial within 60 days.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: You also have the right to make the state prove the charges against you beyond a reasonable doubt at a trial, whether that trial occurs within 60 days or sometime thereafter.

And we know that we have set this case a couple of times, I think three times for trial, and currently I have blocked, you have two weeks in July to try this case.

Do you understand that by pleading guilty, there's not going to be a trial at any time in this case?

Do you understand that?

1	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Okay. Do you understand that by pleading
3	guilty today, you are waiving or giving up your right to contest
4	the charge on file against you, the Second Degree Murder charge?
5	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
6	THE COURT: Do you understand that by pleading guilty
7	today, you are giving up the right to present a defense to the
8	charge against you?
9	THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Yes.
10	THE COURT: Okay. Yes. Do you understand that?
11	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
12	THE COURT: In other words, if you were to present a
13	defense, that would be at trial, but there isn't going to be a
14	trial in this case, because you are pleading guilty?
15	THE DEFENDANT: Right. I understand.
16	THE COURT: You have the right the face your accusers,
17	to confront them here in court, and to have your lawyer
18	cross-examine them. But, by pleading guilty today, you will be
19	giving up that right.
20	Do you understand this?
21	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
22	THE COURT: You also have the right to have witnesses
23	subpoenaed and compelled to appear in court. But, by pleading
24	guilty today, you will be giving up that right.

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Do you understand this?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Now, Mr. Torres, in our system of justice in this country, you do not have to convict yourself. You have the right against self-incrimination.

In other words, you have the right to remain silent and not give any testimony against yourself. Should this case had proceeded to trial in July, you and your attorney could sit right there at counsel table and literally do nothing.

First, you wouldn't have to come up here to the witness stand and give any witness testimony.

Next, your attorney would not have to call a single witness, or any witnesses, to the stand to tell your side of the story.

And finally, your attorney would not have to ask any questions of any witnesses called by the state. So, literally, you and your legal counsel can sit at that counsel table and do nothing.

And the reason for this is that as a criminal defendant, you have zero burden. The burden rests exclusively with the state to prove the charges against you beyond a reasonable doubt.

By pleading guilty today, you are waiving or giving up your right against self-incrimination and you are, in fact,

say, you know what? I really didn't do this, but I'm going to plead guilty because I think that that's probably in my best interests to plead guilty, but I'm not really guilty.

I'm not going to accept a guilty plea from someone like that, and I want to make that clear to you.

THE DEFENDANT: I did the crime, Your Honor. I have to plead guilty.

THE COURT: Okay. I want to talk about your appeal rights for a minute.

Do you understand that by entering a plea of guilty today, you are, in effect, giving up your rights to an appeal, other than the appealable issue that you saved as part of the Plea Agreement, at least with respect to the subject of guilt or innocence.

So, if you plead guilty, if I accept that guilty plea today, other than your appeal on the Motion to Suppress/Dismiss, you really are going to only be able to appeal for four reasons:

The Court has sentenced you illegally.

The state has failed to follow through with the terms of the Plea Agreement.

Your guilty plea was not entered voluntarily.

Or the law is illegal or unconstitutional.

But, really, other than these four reasons, other than the issue that we have talked about that you have preserved for

County Nevada?

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THE COURT: That was here in Pahrump Township, Nye

1	MR. ALLMON: Yes, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Okay. You have been charged with Second
3	Degree Murder, a Category A felony. I just want to remind you
4	one final time that the penalty that the Court can impose is only
5	two-fold.
6	One, life in prison with the possibility of parole,
7	with parole eligibility beginning when a minimum of ten years
8	have been served, or a definite term of 25 years with parole
9	eligibility beginning when a minimum of ten years have been
10	served.
11	Again, there's no guarantee after ten years that you
12	will be released. That is beyond the control of the Court. That
13	belongs to the control of the Parole Board.
14	Do you understand that?
15	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: Now, let's talk about your relationship
17	with Mr. Martinez for a moment. Have you had enough time to
18	discuss your case with him?
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
20	THE COURT: Do you need more time?
21	THE DEFENDANT: Not necessarily. Only if he calls upon
22	me.
23	THE COURT: Let me tell you this. If you need more
24	time to talk about this case, if you are not ready to enter a

1	time of sentencing, that all decisions regarding sentencing in
2	this case are entirely up to the Court.
3	Do you understand that?
4	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
5	THE COURT: So, as the judge, I'm going to make the
6	decision on the sentence.
7	Do you understand that?
8	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
9	THE COURT: Has anyone promised you anything, other
10	than what we went through when we got started that is set forth
11	in your Plea Agreement in exchange for your plea of guilty today?
12	Have you been offered anything else?
13	THE DEFENDANT: No.
14	THE COURT: Has anyone threatened you, your family, or
15	anyone close to you in order to get you to plead guilty?
16	THE DEFENDANT: No.
17	THE COURT: Are you pleading guilty after having the
18	opportunity to sit down and discuss your case with Mr. Martinez?
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
20	THE COURT: Are you pleading guilty freely and
21	voluntarily?
22	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
23	THE COURT: Are you pleading guilty because you are, in
24	fact, guilty and for no other reason?

1	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Tell me what you did. Why are you in front
3	of me today?
4	THE DEFENDANT: I'm in front of you because I killed my
5	best friend, Jonathan Piper.
6	It was a terrible mistake. I didn't mean to do
7	anything. It happened. We were drinking, we were arguing.
8	There was a scuffle. I felt I I was being manipulated to
9	enable him to drink more, and I didn't want to, so I grabbed the
10	alcohol and took it away. That caused the scuffle. I squeezed
11	him too hard, and he's dead now. I'm sorry for what I did.
12	That's all I can say. At that point.
13	THE COURT: Okay. Do you have a copy of the written
14	Guilty Plea Agreement?
15	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
16	THE COURT: Okay. And in taking a look at that
17	agreement, it looks to me like there is a signature line on page
18	six, and there's, above that signature line, it says Marco
19	Antonio Torres. Is that your signature on that line?
20	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
21	THE COURT: And it looks to me like, that you signed
22	this today, the 29th day of April, 2021. Is that right?
23	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
2.4	THE COURT: I also see in the bottom right-hand corner

1	of pages one through six of the agreement, the initials MT. Are
2	those your initials?
3	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
4	THE COURT: I will tell you why I have you do that. If
5	this agreement ever becomes an issue in Court, I don't want you
6	to come in and say, Judge Wanker, I saw the first page and I saw
7	the page with my signature on it, but I have never seen the pages
8	in between.
9	So, it protects you and it protects me. I know you and
10	I have seen the same agreement today.
11	Prior to the time that you signed and initialed this
12	agreement, did you read it?
13	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
14	THE COURT: Did you understand everything contained in
15	the agreement?
16	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
17	THE COURT: Prior to the time that you signed and
18	initialed this agreement, did you have the opportunity to sit
19	down and discuss this agreement with your attorney, Daniel
20	Martinez?
21	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
22	THE COURT: And did Mr. Martinez answer to your
23	satisfaction, any questions you had about the agreement?
24	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, he did.

1	THE COURT: Do you have any questions for the Court
2	about the agreement?
3	THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am.
4	THE COURT: Did anyone threaten you, coerce you, or
5	force you in any way to sign or enter into this Guilty Plea
6	Agreement?
7	THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am.
8	THE COURT: You signed the agreement freely and
9	voluntarily?
10	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did.
11	THE COURT: Now, Mr. Torres, do you have any questions
12	Anything at all about the proceedings so far?
13	THE DEFENDANT: No.
14	THE COURT: Okay. Do you understand that by pleading
15	guilty today, you are waiving or giving up the constitutional
16	rights we talked about maybe five, ten minutes ago?
17	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
18	THE COURT: Mr. Torres, I don't care whether you plead
19	guilty or not guilty. It doesn't affect my life in any way. The
20	person it impacts is you, and only you can make that decision.
21	There's two things that are really important to me as
22	the judge. One, that you have understood everything that's gone
23	on in court today.
24	So, have you understood everything that's gone on so

far?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: And I always tell someone what the penalty is. Generally, there's a maximum possible penalty. I have told you what my two choices are. And the reason I have told you that is I don't want you to come into Court, thinking that the Court might sentence you to something less.

I have two options in this case. And I think I have made them very clear. Life in prison with the possibility of parole, with parole eligibility beginning when a minimum of ten years has been served, or a definite term of 25 years with parole eligibility beginning when a minimum of ten years has been served. Those are my only options as the judge. And I want to be sure that you understand.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: Again, I don't care whether you plead guilty or not guilty. I have a not guilty plea. I have a trial set for two weeks in the month of July.

As a judge, I am happy to go forward with the trial. I am happy to take the plea. It doesn't make any difference. My life doesn't change in any way. Your life is the one that changes.

So, this is what I'm going to do. I'm going to ask you

one more time how you want to plead. If you plead guilty, I move toward the sentencing phase. If you plead not guilty, I simply am ready to go to trial in July. So, it makes no difference to me.

Mr. Torres, based upon my questions, how would you like to plead today to the charge in the Amended Information of Second Degree Murder, a Category A felony?

THE DEFENDANT: Guilty, Your Honor.

THE COURT: The Court finds that Mr. Torres understands the offense for which he is charged, Second Degree Murder.

He understands the consequences of entering a plea of guilty to that charge, and further finds that he has knowingly, freely and voluntarily waived his Constitutional rights.

So, at this time, Mr. Torres I will accept your plea of guilty.

The Court also finds that Mr. Torres understands the terms of the written Guilty Plea Agreement, and further finds that he has knowingly, freely and voluntarily entered into that written Guilty Plea Agreement that was filed with the Court today, April 29th, 2021.

This case is now being referred over to the Division of Parole and Probation for the preparation of a Presentence Investigation Report. It will be set for entry of Judgment and Imposition of sentence on?

1	THE CLERK: June 25th.
2	THE COURT: June 25th, 2021, at nine a.m.
3	As a reminder to you, Mr. Torres, as part of your
4	Guilty Plea Agreement, you are to cooperate with Parole and
5	Probation.
6	If you fail to do so, it would free the State, and they
7	would be able to argue for the enhancement of the large habitual
8	enhancement.
9	So, you have a vested interest in cooperating fully
10	with Parole and Probation.
11	So, good luck. I will see you back here on June 25th
12	at nine a.m. for sentencing. Thank you.
13	THE COURT: Thank you, everyone. Thank you.
14	(Whereupon proceedings concluded at 9:51 a.m.)
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CTATE OF NEVADA
STATE OF NEVADA)
) Ss
COUNTY OF DOUGLAS)
I, SUZANNE KUES ROWE, Certified Court Reporter,
licensed in the State of Nevada, License #127, and a Notary
Public in and for the State of Nevada, County of Douglas, do
hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was reported by me
and was thereafter transcribed under my direction into
typewriting; that the foregoing is a full, complete and true
record of said proceedings.
I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney
for either or any of the parties in the foregoing proceeding and
caption named, or in any way interested in the outcome of the
cause named in said caption.
Date: May 12, 2021
SUZANNE KUES ROWE, CCR #127

____34__

FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT ESMERALDA AND NYE COUNTIES



FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

JUN 25 2021

Terri Periberton Clerk
Deputy

Case No. CR20-0092 Dept. 1P

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE

THE STATE OF NEVADA.

Plaintiff,

vs.

JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION

MARCO ANTONIO TORRES,

Defendant.

On April 29, 2021, the Defendant above named, appeared before the Court with his counsel, Daniel Martinez, Esq., and entered a plea of guilty to the crime of **Second** – **Degree Murder**, a violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030, a Category "A" Felony.

On June 25, 2021 the Defendant appeared personally and with his counsel, Daniel Martinez, Esq. for entry of Judgment. No sufficient legal cause was shown by the Defendant as to why judgment should not be pronounced against him. The Court adjudged the Defendant guilty of the crime of *Second – Degree Murder*, a violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030, a Category "A" Felony.

The court sentenced the Defendant to serve Life in Prison in the Nevada Department of Corrections with parole eligibility after a minimum term of 10 years have been served.

Defendant shall pay to the Clerk of the Court a \$25.00 administrative assessment fee.

Defendant shall pay to the Clerk of the Court a \$3.00 DNA administrative fee.

Defendant shall pay to the Clerk of the Court a \$150.00 DNA fee.

The Defendant shall receive credit for 447 days presentence incarceration.

DATED this 25 day of June, 2021.

KIMBERLY A. WANKER, DISTRICT JUDGE

FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

CERTIFICATION OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that on the atthday of June 2021, she mailed (or

hand delivered) copies of the foregoing JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION to the following:

NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY PAHRUMP, NV (HAND DELIVERED)

DANIEL MARTINEZ, ESQ. PAHRUMP, NV (HAND DELIVERED)

NEVADA DIVISION OF PAROLE AND PROBATION PAHRUMP, NV (HAND DELIVERED)

NYE CO. SHERIFF (DETENTION) PAHRUMP, NV (HAND DELIVERED)

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE



1	SUPREME COURT CASE NO. 83216 CASE NO. CR20-0092
2	DEPARTMENT I
3	FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
4	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE
5	BEFORE THE HONORABLE DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
6	KIMBERLY WANKER
7	-000-
8	THE STATE OF NEVADA,
9	PLAINTIFF,
10	-VS-
11	MARCO ANTONIO TORRES,
12	DEFENDANT.
13	/
14	
15	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
16	SENTENCING
17	JUNE 25, 2021
18	COURTHOUSE
19	PAHRUMP, NEVADA
20	
21	
22	
23	REPORTED BY: SUZANNE KUES ROWE
24	Nevada CCR #127
	1

1	1 APPEAR	ANCES
2	2	
3	3	
4	4	
5	5	
6	6 FOR THE STATE OF NEVADA: MI	CHAEL ALLMON
7	7 DE	PUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
8	8 15	20 EAST BASIN AVE #107
9	9 PA	HRUMP, NEVADA 89049
10	0	
11	1	
12	2	
13		ANIEL MARTINEZ
14	4 A	TTORNEY AT LAW
15	5 P	AHRUMP, NEVADA 89049
16	6	
17		
18		NTHONY DAVIS
19	PAROLE AND PROBATION:	
20	0	
21		
22		
23		
24	4	

1	FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 2021 PAHRUMP, NEVADA, 10:19 A.M.
2	-000-
3	THE COURT: Let's do Mr. Torres' case.
4	Case Number CR20-0092, State of Nevada versus Marco
5	Antonio Torres.
6	So, it's nice to see you again, Mr. Martinez.
7	MR. MARTINEZ: You too, Your Honor. Good morning.
8	THE COURT: How are you doing?
9	MR. MARTINEZ: Doing well.
10	THE COURT: Love your knew job?
11	MR. MARTINEZ: I do. It's great.
12	THE COURT: Great.
13	Good morning, Mr. Torres. How are you today?
14	THE DEFENDANT: Not too bad. Thank you, ma'am.
15	THE COURT: You can sit down.
16	THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
17	THE COURT: Mr. Vitto, are we having Mr. Allmon come
18	and do the presentation on this?
19	MR. ALLMON: Yes, Your Honor. I did just text him. Do
20	you mind if I step out?
21	THE COURT: No, that's fine.
22	Good morning, Mr. Allmon. Are we ready?
23	MR. ALLMON: Yes, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: This is the time and place set for

sentencing in Case Number 20-0092, State of Nevada versus Marco Antonio Torres. He's present with his attorney, Daniel Martinez. We have Deputy District Attorney Mike Allmon on behalf of the State.

Is there any legal reason why we should not go forward with Judgment and Sentencing today?

MR. MARTINEZ: Your Honor, over the past couple of weeks, I have met with Mr. Torres. I have spoken with him, had some extensive conversations to go over his Presentence Investigation Report, to go over what to expect today, what he would say when he addresses the Court.

What's in the mitigation report to go over the totality of everything. Last I spoke with him prior to today was on Wednesday of this week. We were planning and prepared to go forward.

When I spoke with Mr. Torres this morning briefly, he had lots or questions, lots more concerns about what's going to happen, about the process of those things, and he did want to request a continuance of his sentencing hearing to make sure those questions are answered to his satisfaction.

I know that the state does have victim witness speakers present today, so I am sure that they are going to be opposed to any sort of continuance this morning.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Allmon, were you aware that

1	Mr. Torres was going to request a continuance this morning?
2	MR. ALLMON: I was not, Your Honor. This is the first
3	I've heard.
4	THE COURT: Do you have victim witnesses today?
5	MR. ALLMON: Yes, Your Honor. We have two.
6	THE COURT: And who are they?
7	MR. ALLMON: It's Christopher Piper and Paul Wilkins,
8	Your Honor.
9	THE COURT: Given the fact that you didn't know this,
10	and given the fact that I know from, remember I've got extensive
11	knowledge of this case, because I have watched the interviews
12	from all of the pretrial motions.
13	I have watched all the body cams of the incident. I
14	have watched the confession, the interviews at the Nye County
15	Sheriff's Office, I spent several, several hours reviewing the
16	materials.
17	I think it would be unfair to the victim witnesses that
18	came today to make them come back. I would be inclined, that
19	even though Mr. Torres has asked for a continuance, at least to
20	take the testimony of those witnesses today so that they, if they
21	wish to return, they could.
22	But, they would not be forced to return to give that
23	testimony.
24	MR. MARTINEZ: Thank you, Your Honor. That sounds

1	great, Your Honor. Can I have the Court's indulgence for one
2	minute to ask Mr. Allmon a question?
3	THE COURT: Sure.
4	(Discussion off the record.)
5	MR. MARTINEZ: Yes, Your Honor. I apologize. It
6	appears the state has two witnesses. One is the brother of the
7	victim in had case, who is absolutely allowed under every law in
8	the planet to testify. We are not opposing that.
9	The other witness that they had here is not a victim
10	witness speaker. He is a rebuttal witness, and that's what I was
11	getting from the state is a little bit about what that testimony
12	is. And I think we definitely have disagreement about whether
13	that testimony is going to be allowed.
14	Based on what I have heard thus far, we are not
15	rebutting anything, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: Let's talk here a minute.
17	(Discussion at the bench off the record.)
18	THE COURT: We're going trail this matter.
19	(Whereupon other matters were heard.)
20	THE COURT: All right. So, are we ready on Case Number
21	20-0092, State of Nevada verses Marco Antonio Torres?
22	MR. ALLMON: The State's ready, Your Honor.
23	MR. MARTINEZ: May we approach briefly again, Your
24	Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

(Discussion at the bench off the record.)

THE COURT: So, this is the time and place set for sentencing in Case Number CR20-0092, State of Nevada versus Marco Antonio Torres.

I took a brief recess. Are we ready to go forward now, Mr. Martinez?

MR. MARTINEZ: Judge, Mr. Torres does have a request of the Court for how we can proceed. I know that there are a couple of witnesses for the state who are from out-of-state today.

Mr. Torres does want to continue the sentencing ultimately. So, what I would request today is allow Mr. Torres to give his statement to the Court today, allow the State's victims to speak today, perhaps the rebuttal witness if there is anything to rebut. But, I think we will ultimately argue about that, but ultimately still continue the sentencing date and have the attorneys argue about it and Your Honor pronounce sentence at a later date.

THE COURT: May I ask why that is? I mean why,
Mr. Torres? What legal reason does he have for me not to move
forward with sentencing today?

MR. MARTINEZ: Judge, he still has questions, he still has concerns about everything, and that's why he wants to make sure those are all answered satisfactorily before we go forward

today.

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THE COURT: Mr. Torres, what are your concerns? The Court would be happy to entertain any questions or provide any answers that you may need today.

I don't understand why you want to be in control of the sentencing procedure, because normally that's the purview of the District Court Judge.

So, I'm trying to figure out why I should do that.

THE DEFENDANT: Um, okay. Your Honor, I'm not trying to look bad in the Court's eyes or anything like that. It's just one issue. An inmate that I been spending the last year with, that we don't get along. Everyone else is good. Just one inmate.

He just got sentenced just a couple of days ago and he was sent back up to Tonopah. You already know who he is. You have him in drug court.

THE COURT: I don't know who he is. I have no idea who you are talking about.

THE DEFENDANT: I'm not a snitch, so I'm not saying names. He's just, we don't get along. He likes me; I don't like him. I don't like his ways. I would rather not be transported with him. And so that's really, that's the only reason.

THE COURT: The only issue you have today, because I will explain something to you. As I told you at the time of the

The Court has two options pursuant to the Nevada
Revised Statutes: Life in Prison With the Possibility of Parole
With Parole Eligibility Beginning When a Minimum of Ten Years Has
Been Served, or a definite term of 25 years with Parole
Eligibility Beginning When a Minimum of Ten Years Have Been
Served. Those are the Court's only two options. So, the Court
doesn't have a lot of sentencing options.

When the Court pronounces sentence and the Judgment of Conviction is done in writing, and my staff, as early as it is today, will probably have those judgments of conviction prepared, and I will have them signed before the close of business today.

Then the only delay is for the Nevada Department of Corrections to come and pick you up. That's it. So, you won't be housed for a long period of time with this person. You may not be housed and transported at all, because we will be waiting for the Nevada Department of Corrections simply to come and pick you up.

If I delay your sentencing today, you very well could be transported and held for, you know, up to 30 days, depending on when you're back on my calendar.

So, it would seem to me that based upon the reason that you have given me, it would make sense to complete the sentencing today. Is that the only concern that you have?

to do.

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THE DEFENDANT: Yes. I'm okay with whatever you want

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I don't know what you consider a snitch. I don't consider it a snitch. I sit at three different courthouses. And so if there are issues, I want to know what they are because I am going to make sure that they are dealt with.

I don't put up with a lot of nonsense.

THE DEFENDANT: Really, a lot of immature game playing beyond respect. Like, I've never seen anything like it. Really incredibly ridiculous.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. MARTINEZ: Mr. Torres has brought this issue up with me in the past. This is an inmate that is verbally abusive to Mr. Torres. But, this inmate says, I'm just joking, despite what Mr. Torres is saying, don't talk to me. We are not just joking were here not close like that, please stop doing that, it persists.

THE COURT: So, the issue is, like I said, I would assume that we will have the Judgment of Conviction done this afternoon, and I will have it signed before I leave the courthouse. And that then it should be as early as whenever, sometime next week, the Nevada Department of Corrections, they do a sweep. I used to sit in four different courthouses clear up to

1	Hawthorne.
2	So, as soon as I have pronounced sentence and signed
3	those judgments of convictions, the prison was there picking
4	people up.
5	I would be surprised if I pronounced sentence today
6	that they would transport you back to Tonopah. That would be
7	surprising to me. But, I don't control their transport.
8	But, I will tell you this. I don't put people in drug
9	court, if it's one of my drug court participants that is
LO	harassing you, they may be harassing others. And I have zero
L1	tolerance for that. So, unless I know about it, I can't deal
L2	with it. And that may be grounds to kick them out of the
L3	program.
L 4	So, you know, you may want to rethink about whether
L5	it's a snitch or whether or not you are protecting others. It's
L 6	all a matter of perspective.
L7	So, with that, I am going to go ahead and move forward
L8	Counsel, did you receive the Presentence Investigation
L9	Report? It was prepared May 26th, 2021. Does everyone have a
20	copy of that report?
21	MR. MARTINEZ: I do, Judge.
22	THE COURT: Does anyone have any changes or additions

MR. MARTINEZ: I do, Your Honor.

to that report?

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1	THE COURT: On the non-Stockmeier issues?
2	MR. MARTINEZ: Yes, Judge. On credit for time served.
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	MR. MARTINEZ: On page eight, it calculates the credit
5	for time served from June 4th, 2020. The date of the offense
6	when Mr. Torres was arrested was April 4th, 2020 so a total of
7	447 days credit for time served.
8	THE COURT: And I have no problem with that. I will
9	give you credit for everything you are entitled to. Other than
10	that, are we good?
11	MR. MARTINEZ: Yes, Judge.
12	THE COURT: The Court's review of the file reflects the
13	following:
14	That on August 17th, 2020 the state filed an
15	Information here in the District Court, charging the defendant
16	with:
17	Count I, First Degree Murder of a Vulnerable Person, a
18	Category A felony.
19	Count II, Open Murder, a Category A felony.
20	Count III, Invasion of the Home or Room, a Category B
21	felony.
22	Count IV, Battery By Strangulation, a Category C
23	felony.
24	Count V, Abuse of a Vulnerable Person, a Category B

felony. And that's B like in boy, Suzy.

Count VI, Interception, Interruption or Delay of Message Sent Over Telephone Line, a gross misdemeanor.

Count VII, Possession of Dangerous Weapon, a gross misdemeanor.

And Count VIII, Habitual Criminal, a Category A felony.

The defendant was arraigned in this Court on September 4th, 2020. Mr. Torres pled not guilty. He waived his right to a speedy trial, and trial dates were set.

A change of plea occurred on April 29th, 2021. On April 20th, 2021, the state filed an Amended Information charging the defendant with Second Degree Murder, a Category A felony.

On September -- I'm sorry. On April 29th, 2021, the Court arraigned Mr. Torres on the Amended Information. He pled guilty. He was canvassed by this Court on his guilty plea. The Court found that Mr. Torres had knowingly, freely and voluntarily entered his plea of guilty.

Mr. Torres also entered into a written Guilty Plea Agreement.

The Court canvassed Mr. Torres concerning his understanding of that agreement, found that he understood the Guilty Plea Agreement, and further found that he had knowingly, freely and voluntarily entered into the written Guilty Plea Agreement, which was filed with the Court, which leads to

sentencing today.

Now, pursuant to the terms of the written Guilty Plea Agreement, the prosecution is free to argue.

Therefore Mr. Torres, the Court here by adjudges you guilty of Second Degree Murder. It is a violation of Nevada Revised Statute 200.010, and 200.030. It is a Category A felony.

Mr. Martinez, at this time you may proceed.

MR. MARTINEZ: Thank you, Your Honor. And I do want to confirm, for the record, Your Honor is in receipt of my mitigation report that I did?

THE COURT: It was prepared by Mr. Paglini?

MR. MARTINEZ: Yes.

THE COURT: I read it in preparation for court today.

MR. MARTINEZ: Thank you, Your Honor.

Your Honor, I'll start a little bit with just about the facts of the case here. I know that it says in the presentence investigation, as it did in the police report, as it did in the press releases, when Mr. Torres was initially released. This all happened about a bag of marijuana that got ripped, and that was the reason for the argument.

That's not really the case, Your Honor. I know Your Honor did watch, Mr. Torres' statement that was three hours long, with the detectives. He goes a little bit more in detail about what the argument was about. And it was much, much, much deeper

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than just a bag of marijuana that got destroyed in an argument. Mr. Torres and Mr. Piper, Jonathan Piper had a long history.

They had known each other since they were kids. Mr. Torres moved out to Pahrump to help take care of Mr. Piper, who was very sick.

They developed, they had a close relationship even at that time. A relationship that almost bordered on the romantic, Your Honor. Mr. Torres had some issues with Mr. Piper about how he was being treated emotionally. About Mr. Piper ignoring him. Not wanting to pay attention to him, not being there for Mr. Torres either, which ultimately led to a lot of disagreement, which led to arguments back and forth, and everything getting amplified by alcohol that was consumed, by marijuana that was consumed.

And we know a lot of it was consumed, Your Honor, in part because there was an autopsy done on Mr. Piper, and that includes toxicology levels. And Mr. Piper was about, if not more than three times the legal limit. So, he was about a .23 and a .24.

Mr. Torres has always maintained he was going drink for drink with Mr. Piper as well, so I would expect him to be up in about the same range. Being intoxicated, alcohol was certainly a contributing factor that took everything up to another level to a place where it never would have gone otherwise.

I think there is a big difference between someone who is just going to snap over a bag of marijuana and someone who is having a domestic dispute, and someone who is arguing with a roommate, with a close friend, even with a spouse there's a big difference between those two people, and what gets someone to that point of anger.

So, I thought that was important to point out the difference in the facts in argument, Your Honor.

The mitigation report in this case was very important to me, Judge, because it paints a much better picture of Mr. Torres.

I know Your Honor has noted multiple times on the record how great Ms. Halicki was when we had her. How much time she spent with the defendants when she went through the PSI reports and wrote them. And, unfortunately, we don't have her around anymore, and PSI's are lacking in a lot of cases.

So, Dr. Paglini's mitigation report that he did prepare, I really think is very important in this case, because, again, it gives us great detail into Mr. Torres's background.

There's no excuse for what happened, obviously, but what's in the mitigation report is not making excuses, it's not trying to give a reason for everything that has happened, they are explainers. They help explain how we got to where we are, how Mr. Torres got to where he is, and explain what happened, but

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23 24 not excuse it, not give reasons for it.

Mr. Torres is someone that has suffered trauma, had mental health issues from a very young age.

Even his substance abuse issues started at a very young age. Notes in the mitigation report that his first drink of alcohol came when he was seven years old. He got so intoxicated then that he vomited.

He was sexually abused by a neighbor when he was 12. When he threatened to say, I'm going to tell the police, this shouldn't be happening, he began being paid. And that transported him into a life of prostitution.

Mr. Torres, it's unfortunate, seems like he fell into a vicious cycle. He suffered trauma. He had mental health issues, and he had substance abuse issues, and he used one to cope and deal with the others.

And, of course, that amplified everything, that took everything up, and that sent him on that path, and on his life's path, Your Honor.

I have been practicing for just about 11 years now, Your Honor, and in the time that I have been practicing in the courts, especially here in Nevada, and they have made great strides.

And I know all across the country as well, in mental health courts, in drug courts, in assessing the reasons why

someone commits a crime, and getting them into rehabilitation so we don't see them again.

And that certainly is not something that was present, we are going as far back as the eighties and nineties.

Obviously I am not going to blame the judicial system for any of Mr. Torres' history and his substance abuse issues, but it didn't help him in any way to get over that, Your Honor.

I've looked at the counseling that he was ordered to do. Nothing was ever long-term, it doesn't seem.

Your Honor's the drug court judge. You know how long someone needs to be in treatment. How long they need to be going to counseling so they can address and they can get over their addiction issues. And nothing like that ever occurred for Mr. Torres in his past.

We have multiple psychiatric hospital visits that he has gone to. And, again, it always seemed like he would go into the psychiatric hospital as soon as he was stabilized enough that he wasn't a threat to himself or anybody else, they kick him out the front door.

And, unfortunately, he never had any support, probably insurance, any money to go, continue going to see the therapist to continue on medication.

Even from a young age when a doctor tried to prescribe him Ritalin, his mother was the first one that said, no, we are

not going to put you on that medication. That kind of continued, as he got older. He had been prescribed medication before. He didn't like the way that it made him feel, so he would stop taking that medication.

And it's, you know, if I told you about someone's history like this, Judge, I don't think it would be any surprise that that person spent quite a bit of time being homeless. Whether he was literally living on the streets, was couch surfing, not having a stable roof over their heads, That's what happens with homeless. There's more violence that occurs, whether it's them getting assaulted, having to assault, a lot of his criminal history that is either, that is theft related is clearly related to being homeless.

Being hungry, not having any money, needing to go in and feel this way, that he can put food in his mouth so he doesn't die. Obviously there's root causes to all these issues, Your Honor, and that's how we get to where we are today.

The incident that occurred, again Mr. Torres totally admits that he was very intoxicated and, unfortunately when he drinks, he gets belligerent, and that's what happened. And it kicked everything up, tilted the argument to a level it never should have gotten to.

Again, Your Honor, it's no secret that when people are intoxicated, or when they are high, they are a different person

than when they are sober. And that is certainly the case with Mr. Torres, especially with his bipolar diagnosis.

He has those wild swings and, unfortunately, those wild swings cause him the lash out, as he did in this case.

Ultimately Mr. Torres, I don't believe, is a bad person. I think he is a good person. He is not someone worth throwing away and saying you need to be locked up for the rest of your life, because you are a danger to everybody in the world. He's not. He is someone that has taken steps.

I know that he has been doing therapy while he's in custody. He notes in his PSI as well as in the mitigation report that there's a lot of self care. He has taken a lot to writing his stuff on paper so he can say a lot of things.

I can tell, Your Honor, I have noticed that when I have gone to visit with him, I have had his case for more than a year now. I have had lots of meetings, lots of discussions with Mr. Torres. There's never been any lashing out. There's never been any violent swings. A big part of that is because he's sober. There's no alcohol, there is no drugs that are in the jail. So, being sober goes a long way.

He's taken advantage so far of resources that are offered to him here, and I know we have had discussions about him taking advantage of the resources at the Nevada Department of Corrections will have to offer him as well, to make sure that

1	when he is eligible for parole, he can make parole.
2	And when he does make parole, that he will be a
3	contributing member of society. He has goals, he has plans, and
4	he wants to get there.
5	In short, I am asking the Court at the end to sentence
6	him to a definite term of 25 years with parole eligibility after
7	ten.
8	And Mr. Torres has a long, tortured history of a life,
9	but it's not one that I think we should necessarily cut short.
10	think that there's still a lot of life left for Mr. Torres to
11	live, and I think he has a lot of good left to do with himself,
12	Your Honor.
13	Thank you.
14	THE COURT: Thank you. State, do you have any
15	witnesses?
16	MR. ALLMON: Yes, Your Honor. The state would call
17	Christopher Piper.
18	THE COURT: Before you sit down, if you would raise
19	your right hand I will have the clerk swear you in.
20	CHRISTOPHER PIPER,
21	called as a witness in the matter herein,
22	having been first duly sworn
23	was examined and testified as follows:
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Ι

1	THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. Sitting in
2	front of you is this black box with a red ring. That is our
3	microphone and you will see up on the big screen, that my court
4	reporter, Suzy Rowe, she is the official record for all criminal
5	matters here in the state Nevada. So, it's important that she be
6	able to hear you because she creating the official record.
7	Before I have Mr. Allmon start asking you questions,
8	there is a question I have for you. Or a statement.
9	And that is, if you could please state and spell your
10	first and last name for the court reporter?
11	THE WITNESS: Christopher Piper. CHRISTOPHE
12	R, PIPER.
13	THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Piper.
14	Mr. Allmon, you may proceed.
15	EXAMINATION
16	BY MR. ALLMON:
17	Q. Mr. Piper, would you introduce yourself to the
18	Court, explain your relationship to the victim?
19	A. I'm Jonathan Piper's only sibling.
20	Q. What's your relationship as far as who is the older
21	who is the younger?
22	A. My elder brother by four years and four months.
23	Q. Will you tell the Court about Jonathan?
24	A. Yeah. He loved nature. He would tend to live off

- Q. And did you reconnect with him as an adult?
- A. Yeah. Like in my early thirties, then he went off to Hawaii or somewhere, and then neither my brother or I had seen him for many years. And then when I found out about my brother's illness which was recently, we reconnected again.
 - Q. Explain how that reconnection happened?
- A. Um, through mutual friends from the neighborhood, both Marco and my brother's. I was trying to locate old friends. And he located my brother, and then Marco was, I talked to him and found you out he was sick, and he offered to take care of him.
 - 0. Who offered to take care of him?
 - A. Marco offered to take care of my brother.
- Q. So, it was the defendant's offer to move in with your brother?
- A. We all thought it was a good idea, because he took care of his mother before she died, and I was looking forward to coming there once a month and doing things with the two of them, going to Death Valley or things my brother loved, because I wanted him to have things to be as good as possible in his remaining days.
- Q. And based on the defendant's offer, you thought that that would actually achieve that, is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And when you met him, where was he living, the

able to do any household chores?

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He didn't have a lot energy, but he could still walk.

Denson vs. State 112 Nevada, 498, a 1996 Supreme Court case.

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THE COURT: Let me take a look at it. Jamele, can you move the screen down just a little bit?

It looks like, just looking at the head notes, I have pretty wide discretion about what I hear. I will say this. As you know, I'm the judge that reads everything, and I do it myself. So, I haven't heard anything that I haven't already known from my review of this case.

I spent a lot of time on this case, because obviously I ruled on the pretrial motions, and so, I mean, I was forward and backwards in the files and had looked at every bit of surveillance tape video that was provided, whether it was the body cams, I watched every deputy's body cam. I listened, I watched all the DVDs that were filed with regard to the interviews with Mr. Torres. I saw all of that. I spent several hours working on this.

In fact, I had traveled to Texas for Easter, and that's what I did on the plane, there and on the plane back. So, I had at least six hours just in doing that.

MR. ALLMON: Your Honor, if I could just make a quick record as to the issue the state believes is very important?

I think the Court is already onto it. In that case the state played video, surveillance video, which was evidence of the crime itself at sentencing.

It's the State's position that it's allowed to present

its sentencing argument in the most impactful method on the judge who is ultimately going to decide that. It's a persuasive sentencing issue, and that's where we're at.

THE COURT: I just would read this from the case, and it says:

"Few limitations are imposed on the Judge's right to consider evidence in imposing sentence. Courts are generally free to consider information extraneous to the presentencing report. Possession of proposed information possible concerning a defendant's life and characteristics is essential to the sentencing judge's task of determining the type and extent of punishment.

"Further, sentencing proceedings is not a second trial, and the Court is privileged to consider facts and circumstances that would not be admissible at trial.

"A District Court is vested with wide discretion regarding sentencing. But, this Court will reverse a sentence if it is supported solely by impalpable and highly suspect evidence."

And then the Nevada Supreme Court in this case went on to say:

"We conclude that the District Court's consideration of the surveillance videotape in the present case withstands the Silks test, because the District Court sentencing decision was

not founded solely upon impalpable and highly suspect evidence.

"At Denson's preliminary hearing, the state presented testimony from security personnel at five casinos regarding five separate burglaries.

"At the sentencing hearing, Silva testified that he personally saw Denson in Harrah's Casino on a number of occasions and believed Denson was intending to rob casino customers."

So, it said:

"We conclude the District Court," going on, um, "did not abuse its discretion by considering the videotape in question."

I do want to point one other thing out that the state has not referenced. I went back at looked at the Guilty Plea Agreement in this case before coming in today, and I believe there's some language that addresses this in the Guilty Plea Agreement. Let me find that.

The Guilty Plea Agreement does say this in paragraph three, page two:

"The prosecution is free to argue for any permissible sentence allowed by law and remains free to argue all facts and circumstances surrounding the crime to which I have pled guilty, including dismissed and/or reduced charges and information contained within my presentence investigation."

So, that is part of the Guilty Plea Agreement, as well.

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whole family. His own family. His friends felt betrayed. We

I don't want him to get away with this. He hurt my

1	all do.
2	MR. ALLMON: Thank you, Mr. Piper.
3	THE COURT: Mr. Martinez, do you have any questions?
4	MR. MARTINEZ: No, Judge.
5	THE COURT: Mr. Piper, at the time you reconnected with
6	Mr. Torres, were you aware that he had any criminal history?
7	THE WITNESS: Um, petty stuff. I was not aware of the
8	more serious stuff.
9	THE COURT: Were you aware that he had been convicted
10	of six prior felonies?
11	THE WITNESS: No. Not six.
12	THE COURT: Any felonies?
13	THE WITNESS: Um, you said before I connected with him
14	this last time?
15	THE COURT: Yes.
16	THE WITNESS: Yeah. Um, I thought they were like
17	misdemeanors, something like that.
18	THE COURT: Okay. Any reason for you to be concerned
19	with any sort of violent behavior, Battery, anything like that?
20	THE WITNESS: Not with my brother. We all felt he
21	would be protective of my brother, because of how they were
22	together when they were kids. This was a real curve ball.
23	THE COURT: Sometimes you have friends and they're best
24	friends from grade school on. Was that the type they may not

see each other for ten years, but they just pick up where they left off. Is that the kind of relationship between Mr. Torres and your brother?

THE WITNESS: Yeah, it seemed like that's where it was going, yes. I just dropped him off. I would call them and they seemed to be happy.

THE COURT: I'm just curious. What brought your brother to Pahrump of all places? Because he grew up in California.

THE WITNESS: Before that, my brother had a problem with alcohol. This guy's brother took him to Pahrump to help him take care of his dogs while he was away, and then we finally got him a trailer. Dad and I offered to bring him closer to us, but he didn't want to. So, he was here.

THE COURT: I was just curious. Okay. Thank you very much. I appreciate your time.

(Whereupon other matters were heard.)

THE COURT: All right. Sorry to interrupt.

Are you ready to proceed, Mr. Allmon?

MR. ALLMON: Yes, Your Honor.

Your Honor, we are here today because the defendant took the life of Jonathan Piper. We're here because the defendant's actions, his actions alone, he was entrusted with the safety and well-being of Jonathan Piper in his final stage of

life and he betrayed that trust.

This is Jonathan Piper later in his life and before the final stage.

Your Honor, there you see Jonathan Piper with the defendant here in Pahrump, later in his stage of life. You can see the difference between the two. He's frail. He's weak.

Your Honor, Dr. Sharda treated him for cancer. And Dr. Sharda, in preparation for this trial, told me that at that stage of cancer, he was in his final stage. Lifting 20 pounds above his head would have been impossible.

When he took a ride to Las Vegas for his medical care, he would lay down on the back seat, because his core strength had been diminished so much that he didn't have the ability to sit upright for that one-and-a-half hour ride to Las Vegas. That's the weakened state he was in. And that's the state the defendant was in.

On April 3rd, leading into April 4th, Your Honor is familiar with the facts of the case, I know that. What's important to remember is what the defendant did that night.

He got into an argument with his friend, Jonathan Piper. Whatever the circumstances may be, whether it was a romantic situation, whether it was over a bag of spilled marijuana, the reason the narration about the bag was, it was the defendant at the time that gave that narration to the police. He

put that out there. He denied that it was a romantic relationship.

Whatever his reasons were for denying it and saying that it is now, I don't know. But one story is not true.

Your Honor, that night, the defendant, in his fit state and the victim's weakened state, attacked Jonathan Piper.

Jonathan Piper tried to retreat back to his room, his one safe space that he should have had in his house.

Instead, the defendant came through the door, kicked that door open, while the defendant was on the phone with 911.

What's important to remember too is the defendant, in an altercation as it heated up, he reached out to people.

Reached out to the person he was closest to emotionally. That was his brother that you heard from. He received that missed call that night. He called a neighbor, hoping that that would calm things down. Nothing happened. And finally he called 911.

(Whereupon a tape was played.)

MR. ALLMON: That night Jonathan Piper called 911 and he said, I need some help. The defendant knew that the cops were on their way, and he still grabbed Jonathan Piper in his weakened state, strangled him by either choking him around the neck or by asphyxiating his ribs to the point where he couldn't expand them to breathe. That's what the defendant did to Jonathan Piper.

Here's Jonathan Piper's door. That's his room. That's

the one place in the house that he should have been able to go to safely. Instead, the defendant kicked in that door. That created the charge of home invasion of a room.

There's more evidence of what he did. He violently kicked in that door. Whether he wants to say it's a romantic relationship at the time, he said it was over spilled marijuana. And that was the defendant. That's the man that Jonathan Piper was up against that night. Jonathan Piper didn't stand a chance.

Jonathan Piper was at the mercy of that man that night.

A man that he trusted. A man that betrayed that trust and was ultimately his slayer.

Jonathan Piper died at the hands of a man that he thought was his friend. That is Jonathan Piper that night, Your Honor. There wasn't much to him. That's what the defendant did. That's who Jonathan Piper was up against. He didn't stand a chance.

Your Honor, I would like to talk about the defendant and his history. So, the defendant, in my opinion, the defendant spent most of his life getting things over on people. He manipulates. And if that doesn't work, he resorts to violence.

When he's caught with that, his next step is to blame the victim. There are basically three plays that he has. He's, he was a drug dealer before. He was a thief. He can say all he wants about how he needed help. He was a drug dealer and a

thief, and he had the help provided to him by the courts.

Let's talk about the drug use, the opportunities that he had.

Your Honor, the Presentence Investigation Report, if you look at his conviction on March 15th of 2002, he was sentenced to drug programs several times. In three cases, he was sentenced to a drug program. One time there, and he was also sentenced to a drug program in 2008.

In his Presentence Investigation Report, he also received multiple commitments to probation whether that was felony or misdemeanor probation, he was committed to probation in both instances several times.

He had his opportunity. This is just, yet again, his manipulation of the Court.

The defendant said something telling in his statement to the police that night. Your Honor, you watched the video. You remember what happened.

The first thing he did, he opened his mouth and he decided to give the police a false story about Rich. Rich did this. Rich came over to the house. (Inaudible.) When he was up against a couple of detectives, he stood no chance in his ability to pull one over on him. So, he finally admits that Rich is false.

But, then he goes to his next thing. Says I'm hoping

there's a light at the end of the tunnel. More manipulation. He tells the detectives, I think you're good guys. This is all part of his scheme, his scam to get leniency. I think you're good guys. I want a light at the end of the tunnel. That's going to be much of what you're going to hear today too.

Your Honor, the defendant has the proclivity to lie.

Back in 1995 he was convicted of false imprisonment.

Battery misdemeanors. We just see how these escalate. The criminal justice system tried with him.

1998, he's convicted of Assault, second degree felony when he attacked somebody with a skateboard. That was in Maui.

In 1999, convicted of Domestic Battery.

2000, convicted of Battery.

2001, convicted of Battery.

He does manage to stay away from violent crime for a while, I will give him that. Yet ultimately the final violent act that he commits is the ultimate crime in society. He takes the life of Jonathan Piper. He took his life from him. He robbed him of his last days on this earth.

Jonathan Piper was not allowed to pass quietly, surrounded by family, as all of us would like. Instead he dealt with the defendant, a man who strangled him to death.

Your Honor, based on the facts of who this defendant is, with six prior felony convictions, the trial that he was

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facing, with a Home Invasion, with a Battery on an Elder Person, a Battery on Strangulation, crimes that he admitted to, that was it, this Court could have sentenced him to life without.

The defendant has gotten every break that he deserved with his guilty pleas. He deserves no other breaks. The state made a very lenient offer. He deserves nothing more than what's already been given to him. He's a six-time convicted felon. He committed the ultimate crime. Your Honor, sentence him to life in prison. And to life. Jonathan Piper called out that he needed help. Give Jonathan Piper the little bit that we can at this point.

Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Mr. Martinez? Do you have anything to follow up that you would like to add? If not, Mr. Torres, do you have anything you would like to add?

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah.

THE COURT: Not yet, Mr. Torres.

THE DEFENDANT: I'm sorry.

MR. MARTINEZ: Court's indulgence. If I could have a moment to think here? Thank you.

Judge, I'll say this. The state talked about

Mr. Torres' statement, that he stood no chance against the power

of detectives, and he was trying to manipulate them. First and

foremost, this is just from me, Your Honor. That's what the detectives do.

They are trained on those manipulation techniques to try and get a confession out of somebody, and get somebody to talk, but no one else is allowed to do that.

But, that's not my big gripe. My gripe is this, Your Honor. I know Your Honor did watch that entire confession. The detectives didn't ultimately break down Mr. Torres. Mr. Torres did that himself.

The detective left the room. When they came back, Mr. Torres started crying. They said, "Why are you crying?" And Mr. Torres spilled the beans. He told them what happened. That guilt got the best of him. He needed to take responsibility.

This didn't have to do with detectives and their vast experience and all of their skills breaking him down and getting him to confess. It was the guilt, it was knowing what happened. It was taking responsibility, as Mr. Torres has done.

Mr. Torres talks about it in the interview with police, about the relationship they had. What the argument was about. It was the bag of marijuana that the officers took, and just ran with, and at the end of the day I don't think all of that necessarily will be a deciding factor, what the fight was over, but I just think it was important for me to point that out.

Again, Your Honor. I know the Court has read the

mitigation report, has read all the pleadings in this case, looked at all the video, looked at everything.

I don't want to belabor everything too much, but we have looked at his history, and it is one of the worst criminal histories. And that we would be able to guess about the trauma and the mental health issues and the drug use in the past.

The State's trying to pin a certain personality on him (inaudible) and that's absolutely not the case. Unfortunately, he hasn't dealt well with traumas, with his mental health issues in his life, but I absolutely do not believe that Marco Torres is inherently a bad person, and I don't think anybody in this courtroom does. I still believe that the 10 to 25 is the appropriate sentence in this case, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Torres, the law gives you the opportunity to speak to me now, either to tell me some legal reason why I should not move forward with Judgment and Sentencing, or to tell me anything you would like me to consider before I impose sentence? Is there anything you would like to say?

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah. I would like to let my two friends here know that I am completely, I mean, I failed. I did fail you. I failed my family. I failed you, and I'm sorry for that. I had no idea this was going to happen. I wish I would have called you and told you to pull me out.

It's not John's fault. He wanted to drink. I enabled him, and things got out of hand. And I picked the wrong night to try to discuss the, a solution, um, to get out of there. I probably shouldn't have got, never came in the first place.

So, I don't want to say a bunch of I'm sorry. I know how you feel. I ruined your life. I did not mean to. And I'm going to live with this, you know, even with the ten to 25, I may not make it out. I'm sorry. I need to face you?

THE COURT: Yes.

THE DEFENDANT: My bad. I just wanted eye contact with the two men over here that I grew up with, that I love dearly. I care about them.

I know I failed everyone. My family included. I shocked everybody. I was going to write a poem about it, maybe I will do that at a later date, but that's just not necessary right now.

I'm coming from the heart. I loved John. I cared about him. Unfortunately, I went along with enabling him. And, like I said, I picked the wrong night to try to talk about it, and I lost my cool, and I wish I would not have.

And, um, I don't know what else to say, other than, um, I am taking responsibility for it the best I can.

And considering also in September I recognized my 30th year since I been diagnosed with HIV, this September is going to

be 31 since my diagnosis, and I been called a miracle for living that long with the disease and whatnot.

Um, I don't know that I'm going to make it out of here even in ten years, so, I'll try my best to get through this.

But, like I said, Christ, I'm sorry I failed you. And I think of John every day. He comes to me in my dreams, and he wasn't mad in the dreams that I have had.

We have talked, I believe, in the hereafter. And I'm not a real big religious person, but I believe he's there, and he's waiting for me too, if I end up going while I'm in here, I don't know. Ten years is quite a while.

I feel that I could get a lot done in that time. I'm writing several books right now. So, I'll just leave it at that.

I'm not a bad person. I have learned to live with love more than hate in my life. It's hard for me to hate people. And I'm just sorry, Chris, I didn't call you to ask you to come get me. I thought about it, but I thought we would give it one more shot.

John didn't want me to leave. I said, "Do you want me to leave? I'll leave. Because all I am doing is enabling you to drink yourself to death."

I don't know how long he would have lived with the cancer, but I'm sorry I didn't call you, Chris, the come get me and get me out of there.

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I don't feel sorry for myself. I'm shaking myself because it's so cold in here, I'm trying to get some warmth. I don't know what else to say, other than you know, I didn't mean to send him, to end his life like that.

But, I know if the afterlife is true, if we get to see our loved ones in spiritual form, then he's with some wonderful people right now.

But, I didn't mean to send him there. And I'm truly, I'm really truly sorry for what I did. That's all I have.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: I hope somehow that I can be forgiven by something better than ourselves. If not, then I don't blame you, Chris, for not ever forgiving me, but I'm not that man, a menace to society.

I miss butterflies and the nature and the talks that me and John had about going on hiking trips and finding fossils, and we were going to get a puppy, maybe a kitty cat. And I miss all that. I wish it never would have happened and we could have gone on.

And the truth about the romantic relationship. There was no romantic relationship as adults. We experimented as children. We had vows to each other to be friends for life, and that was it. There was no romantic.

I love him dearly. I'll never forget him. He told me

he loved me too as a person, and all that. There was no reason for anything to be yelling at. I feel bad.

But, I don't feel sorry for myself. So, that's. Yeah. I have to take responsibility for what I've done. I will be surprised if I can make it out of here in ten years. If my syndrome goes for the worst, which at this point I'm getting medication. It would have been hard to get the medication maybe, during the time of the Corona virus, it might not have been easy to get the medication.

I guess I'm right where I'm supposed to be. Without beating myself you up, that's all I'll say.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

Well, this is an unfortunate case. I think that's the best way one can describe it. But, the events that occurred in April of 2020 from, I heard that 911 call before. I watched all of the body cam from the deputies who responded, the sergeant who responded. And a couple, I want to make a couple of comments here.

You know, I understand alcohol and substance abuse problems. But, they are never an excuse for one's conduct, regardless. No one forced anyone to drink. Nobody forced anyone to use drugs. You made that conscious decision, and there are consequences to decisions that we all make.

So, the, probably the most disturbing part about this

case for this judge, having watched everything, is two-fold. One is the fact that when the Nye County Sheriff's Office responded, they didn't break the door down.

To this day I do not understand the lack of understanding that no probable cause was needed to breach the door on the property and go in. Instead, after fumbling and bumbling for 35 minutes, finally a lieutenant made the determination to call a locksmith, and that took a significant amount of time, and then it took the locksmith a significant amount of time to get the door open.

And my comments are two-fold with regard to that. One is that if you had time to call a locksmith, you had time to call a judge, if you truly believed you needed probable cause.

But, there are eleven exceptions to the search warrant, to entering a property without a search warrant. One is the medical emergency exception. It's very well delineated under Nevada law with Nevada case authority.

So, it's troubling to me, maybe I understood the deputies, but it went from a deputy to a sergeant to a lieutenant. The lieutenant report directly to the Sheriff. So, we have eleven lieutenants here at the Nye County Detention Center. And it's troubling to me that the deputies the sergeant and the lieutenant did not understand that.

With that being said, it's equally as disturbing to me

when the Nye County Sheriff's Office was at that property, knocking on the door, knocking on the windows, that Mr. Torres stood silent. That they could hear movement in the property, but he wouldn't come to the window, or to the door.

And it was finally when the locksmith opened door that Mr. Torres was trying the push that door shut. But, before then, about a half an hour, 45 minutes into all of this Mr. Torres, opened the window and told them to go away. When they asked his name, he said, "I'm Bozo the Clown," and slammed the window shut. That's troubling.

And the reason this is so troubling to me, would the outcome have been different? I don't know if we will ever know that.

If the door had been broken down, was Mr. Piper still alive? I don't know.

I will say this. I have read the preliminary hearing transcripts in front of the Justice Court. It's concerning to me that, of that testimony, a deputy who didn't seem to understand the rules as it came to the exceptions to the search warrant rule, seemed to know what agonal breathing was. I didn't know what agonal breathing was; I had to look it up. And he said that there was agonal breathing at the time that the Sheriff's Office got in.

Now, if you look at what Mr. Torres said, he went limp,

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and Mr. Torres believed he was dead, and he didn't take any resuscitation efforts when in his room.

But, that whole scenario was very troubling to me. So. it's troubling on a number of different levels to me.

But, most importantly, the Nye County Sheriff's Office wouldn't have been there had this incident didn't occur and that being that there was a tussle that occurred, whether it occurred over marijuana, whether it occurred over another reason, this is what we do know.

Both parties had been drinking that night. never seen a domestic at the level of a District Court Judge that comes in without alcohol and/or drugs.

So, they get into an argument. What we do know is at some point Mr. Piper retreated to his room, locked the door, called 911.

Mr. Torres broke that door down, and violently broke that door down. I have looked at pictures. I have seen all of this before today. Actually sprung the door off the frame. strangled or squeezed the life out of Mr. Piper, out of his friend, Mr. Piper.

So, I think one has to answer for that kind of behavior. I don't think anybody is a bad person in this but, I think there are consequences for everyone's actions. And I think the actions on the night the question were horrific.

And so I think, Mr. Torres, I looked at the mitigating factors, and I think you had a rough childhood. I think you have are a rough life. But, I have seen a lot of people who have had rough lives who dust themselves off and put their life back together.

And one of the things, I do think you have had a history of substance abuse, but I have also seen that you have had a number of opportunities for treatment as well.

And I think the courts are now much more astute in looking at substance abuse and mental health issues from the beginning than we were back in the early nineties.

But, nonetheless, you have been offered treatment. I am not going to blame Mr. Piper for drinking. He was in the end stages of life. One needs to look at him to see his condition, and I'm sure that he suffered greatly with pain from being in the condition that he was in at the time that this incident occurred.

So, what I think is fair, and I have done a lot of thinking about this. So, what I am going to do is, in accordance with the laws of the State of Nevada, I am going to assess a \$25.00 administrative assessment fee, \$150 DNA analysis fee, three dollar DNA administrative assessment fee.

It's going to be the Order and Judgment of the Court that the defendant, Marco Antonio Torres, is sentenced to Life in Prison With the Possibility of Parole With Parole Eligibility

Beginning When a Minimum of Ten Years Have Been Served.

Credit for time served I think was noted at I think you told me 447 days, is that right?

MR. MARTINEZ: Yes, Judge. 447.

THE COURT: So, Mr. Torres, your life isn't over, whether I gave you the life in prison, because you have the possibility of parole.

What now governs is, really, your behavior at the Nevada Department of Corrections.

So, now you have a chance to do something with your life over the next ten years. What you choose to do with it is up to you, but I think that is a fair resolution.

Again, like I said, this whole scenario was unfortunate for everybody involved, and nobody walks away a winner. You don't walk away a winner, the familiarly doesn't walk away a winner. But, the whole scenario is very troubling to me on a number of different levels.

So, good luck to you. Again, we will see what you do with your life, because that's what the Parole Board will be looking at when you become eligible for parole.

You have got 440 some days in, so you are looking at really less than nine years before you first become eligible for parole.

So what happens between now and then is entirely up to

you and your behavior.
Good luck to you. Thank you.
MR. MARTINEZ: Thanks, Judge.
THE COURT: All right. I think that's all the cases
that we have today. So, thank you, Ms. Rowe. Always a pleasure.
And for everybody here, court staff, thank you. Thank
you, Jamele, for coming in and helping us out.
So, everybody, good luck. And I will see you. Next
week I'm off, so I will see you in a couple weeks. Thank you.
(Whereupon proceedings concluded at 12:24 p.m.)

1	STATE OF NEVADA)
2) Ss. COUNTY OF DOUGLAS)
3	
4	I, SUZANNE KUES ROWE, Certified Court Reporter,
5	licensed in the State of Nevada, License #127, and a Notary
6	Public in and for the State of Nevada, County of Douglas, do
7	hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was reported by me
8	and was thereafter transcribed under my direction into
9	typewriting; that the foregoing is a full, complete and true
10	record of said proceedings.
11	I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney
12	for either or any of the parties in the foregoing proceeding and
13	caption named, or in any way interested in the outcome of the
14	cause named in said caption.
15	
16	
17	
18	Date: July 24, 2021
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	SUZANNE KUES ROWE, CCR #127

FILED. DANIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ. FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT Nevada Bar No. 12035 2 **OFFICE OF THE SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER** JUL - 6 2021 330 S. Third St., Suite 800 **Electronically Filed** 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Jul Ny 5-2002/14 63316-10.m. Telephone: 702-455-0212 Elizabeth & Brown Facsimile: 702-455-6273 Clerk of Supreme Court daniel martinez@clarkcountynv.gov Email: 5 Attorney for Defendant/Appellant 6 IN THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE 7 OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE 8 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, District Court Case No. CR20-0092 Plaintiff/Respondent 10 Department No. 1 VS. 11 MARCO ANTONIO TORRES, 12 Defendant/Appellant Supreme Court Case No: 13 14 NOTICE OF APPEAL 15 DANIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ. of the Office of the Special Public Defender, attorney for Defendant/Appellant, MARCO ANTONIO TORRES, hereby gives notice of intent to appeal to the 16 Supreme Court of Nevada from the final Judgment of Conviction entered the 25th day of June, 2021 in 17 the above-captioned matter. 1.8 A copy of the Judgment of Conviction appealed from is attached to this Notice of Appeal as 19 Exhibit "1" hereto. 20 DATED this 6th day of July, 2021 21 22 23 borih # 14484 0B0 24 Nevada Bar # 12035 330 S. Third St., Suite 800 25 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 26 Telephone: 702-455-0212 Attorney for Defendant/Appellant 27

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that on the 6th day of July, 2021, I, DANIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ., served the foregoing NOTICE OF APPEAL by depositing a copy in the U.S. Mail, first-class postage prepaid, addressed to the following person(s) at the following address(es): NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY Chris R. Arabia, Esq., District Attorney Kirk D. Vitto, Esq. Chief Deputy District Attorney 1520 East Basin Avenue, Suite 107 Pahrump, Nevada 89060

EXHIBIT "1"

Page 3 of 3

FILED: FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

JUN 25 2021

Case No. CR20-0092 Dept. 1P

Terri Parabenon Clerk

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE

THE STATE OF NEVADA.

Plaintiff,

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JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION

MARCO ANTONIO TORRES,

Defendant.

On April 29, 2021, the Defendant above named, appeared before the Court with his counsel, Daniel Martinez, Esq., and entered a plea of guilty to the crime of Second -Degree Murder, a violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030, a Category "A" Felony.

On June 25, 2021 the Defendant appeared personally and with his counsel, Daniel Martinez, Esq. for entry of Judgment. No sufficient legal cause was shown by the Defendant as to why judgment should not be pronounced against him. The Court adjudged the Defendant guilty of the crime of Second - Degree Murder, a violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030, a Category "A" Felony.

The court sentenced the Defendant to serve Life in Prison in the Nevada Department of Corrections with parole eligibility after a minimum term of 10 years have been served.

Defendant shall pay to the Clerk of the Court a \$25.00 administrative assessment fee. Defendant shall pay to the Clerk of the Court a \$3.00 DNA administrative fee.



Defendant shall pay to the Clerk of the Court a \$150.00 DNA fee.

The Defendant shall receive credit for 447 days presentence incarceration.

DATED this 25th day of June, 2021.

LY A. WANKER, DISTRICT JUDGE

ipth Judicial District Court esmenalda and nye counties

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CERTIFICATION OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that on the 25th day of June 2021, she mailed (or

hand delivered) copies of the foregoing JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION to the following:

NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY PAHRUMP, NV

(HAND DELIVERED)

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DANIEL MARTINEZ, ESQ. PAHRUMP, NV

(HAND DELIVERED)

NEVADA DIVISION OF PAROLE AND PROBATION

PAHRUMP, NV

(HAND DELIVERED)

NYE CO. SHERIFF (DETENTION)

PAHRUMP, NV

(HAND DELIVERED)

MELISSA STEPP, secretary to DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

_

This is a criminal Appeal, taken from a written Judgment of Conviction entered the 25th day of June, 2021, adjudicating the Defendant/Appellant MARCO ANTONIO TORRES guilty of Count 1: *Second Degree Murder*, a Category A felony. Defendant/Appellant pled guilty to the above charge, waiving his right to a jury trial but expressly preserving his right to appeal the denial of his motion to suppress. Defendant/Appellant was sentenced on June 25, 2021. Appellant is seeking reversal of the denial of his motion to suppress.

- 11. Indicate whether the case has previously been the subject of an appeal to or original writ proceeding in the Supreme Court and, if so, the caption and Supreme Court docket number of the prior proceeding:

 To the best of Counsel for Appellant's knowledge, this case has not previously been the subject of an Appeal.
- 12. Indicate whether this appeal involves child custody or visitation:
 This case does not involve child custody or visitation.
- 13. If this is a civil case, indicate whether this appeal involves the possibility of settlement:

 This is not a civil case.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 6^{th} day of July, 2021.

<u>Hown M Elborn</u> # 144 Daniel e. martinez, esq.

Nevada Bar # 12035 330 S. Third St., Suite 800

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Telephone: 702-455-0212
Attorney for Defendant/Appellant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 6th day of July, 2021, I, DANIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ., served the foregoing CASE APPEAL STATEMENT by depositing a copy in the U.S. Mail, first-class postage prepaid, addressed to the following person(s) at the following address(es):

NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Chris R. Arabia, Esq., District Attorney Kirk D. Vitto, Esq. Chief Deputy District Attorney 1520 East Basin Avenue, Suite 107 Pahrump, Nevada 89060

> Roun' N Boshoon # 14484 030 DANIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ.

Fifth Judicial District Court - Nye County

11:51:50

Case #: CR20-0092

Judge:

WANKER, KIMBERLY

Date Filed:

08/10/2020

Department:

Case Type:

Crimes Against Persons (Felony)

Attorney(s)

Plaintiff

STATE OF NEVADA

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE

Defendant

TORRES, MARCO ANTONIO

MARTINEZ, DANIEL

Fees:

Total Paid Outstanding Date Assessed: Fee Waived 06/25/2021 \$5.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$5.00 A:DMIN \$0.00 \$0.00 \$20.00 06/25/2021 STADMIN \$20.00 06/25/2021 DNA \$150.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$150.00 \$0.00 \$3.00 \$0.00 \$3.00 06/25/2021 GENETIC

Charge: HABITUAL CRIMINAL - NRS 207.010(1)(A) F/A Count 1

Sent: LIFE WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE AFTER 10 YEARS, \$25 ADMIN FEE, \$3 DNA

FEE, \$150 DNA, 447 DAYS CTS

Disp/Judgment: Non-Trial: Guilty Date: 06/25/2021

Plea with Sentence (Before Trial)

Hearings:

Date	Time	Hearing	Court Result
08/21/2020	9:00AM	45#ARRAIGNMENT HEARING(GC)	CANC
08/28/2020	9:00AM	25#ARRAIGNMENT HEARING	CANC
09/04/2020	9:00AM	30#ARRAIGNMENT (GC)	
11/30/2020	11:00AM	MOTION TO DISMISS	CANC
12/03/2020	1:30PM	DEFT'S MTN TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE/WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS/CALENDAR CALL/ MOTION TO DISMISS	
12/04/2020	9:00AM	30#CALENDAR CALL	CANC
12/04/2020	4:30PM	99#JURY DRAW 180 JURORS FILE TO MELISSA	CANC
12/04/2020	9:00AM	31#PRE TRIAL MOTIONS	CANC
12/04/2020	11:00AM	32#WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS	CANC
01/13/2021	9:00AM	JURY TRIAL 6 DAYS JAN 13-14, 2021 JAN 19-22, 2021	CANC
01/27/2021	1:30PM	20#PRE TRIAL MOTIONS	
01/27/2021	4:30PM	30#JURY DRAW 180 JURORS	
01/27/2021	1:30PM	20#DEFT'S MTN TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE	
02/12/2021	9:00AM	CALENDAR CALL	CANC

Run:	07/13/20 11:51:52		Case Summary		Page	2
03/15	/2021	9:00AM	JURY TRIAL MARCH 15-26	CANC		
03/25	/2021	1:30PM	PRE TRIAL MOTIONS			
03/25	/2021	1:30PM	MOTION TO DISMISS/MOTION TO SUPRESS			
04/02	/2021	9:00AM	CALENDAR CALL	CANC		
04/02	/2021	4:30PM	JURY DRAW OF 180 JURORS	CANC		
04/09	/2021	9:00AM	05# CALENDAR CALL-TONOPAH/DEFENSE MAY CALL IN			
04/15	/2021	8:15AM	STATUS CHECK			
04/29	/2021	9:00AM	EVIDENTIARY HEARING/JACKSON V DENNO/PRE TRIAL MOTIONS			
05/10	/2021	9:00AM	JURY TRIAL MAY 10-21	CANC		
06/18		9:00AM	CALENDAR CALL	CANC		
	/2021	4:30PM	JURY DRAW 180 JURORS	CANC		
	/2021	9:00AM	70#SENTENCING			
07/12	/2021	9:00AM	JURY TRIAL JULY 12-23	CANC		
Filin	gs:					
Da	te	Filing				
08/10	/2020	CASE FIL	ED 08/10/2020 CASE NUMBER CR20-0	092		
08/10	/2020	PROSECUT	OR: DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE	ASSIGNED		
08/10	/2020	DEFENSE ATTORNEY: MARTINEZ, DANIEL ASSIGNED				
	/2020	(Second Electron of Copy; Or Applicat 26-39, M	S RECEIVED FROM PAHRUMP JUSTICE Amended Criminal Complaint; Orde ic Equipment in the Courtroom; A Receipt of Copy; Order to Conti der to Continue; Receipt of Copy ion for Appointment of Counsel; ledical Records from Cancer Care cer Case; Defendant Exhibits A a	r; Media Request Allowi mended Criminal Complai nue; Receipt of Copy; R ; Criminal Complaint; A Plaintiff Exhibits #1 - Center, Health Care Par	ing int; Recei Receipt of Affidavit - 24 and	ipt f and #
-	/2020		ORDER (BAIL N/A)			
	/2020		NKER, KIMBERLY: ASSIGNED			
	/2020		ION (FELONY/PERSON)			
09/01	/2020	TRANSCRI	PT OF: PRELIMINARY HEARING****PJ	C DOCUMENT*******		

09/02/2020 MEDIA REQUEST TO ALLOW ELECTRONIC RECORDING EQUIPMENT INTO THE COURTROOM

11:51:52

09/04/2020 COURT MINUTES-9/4/20 - JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER

CLERK: TERRI PEMBERTON REPORTER: TRACY MANNING BAILIFF: ERIC SCHLENER

APP: MIKE ALLMON FOR THE STATE

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS PRESENT WITH THE DEFENDANT WHO IS IN CUSTODY VIA

TELECONFERENCE

COURT CALLS THE MATTER AS AN ARRAIGNMENT HEARING. COURT OFFERS ADDITIONAL TIME FOR THE DEFENDANT TO SPEAK TO HIS ATTORNEY. THE DEFENDANT ASKS FOR SOME TIME TO SPEAK TO HIS ATTORNEY. COURT TRAILS THE MATTER TO 11 AM FOR THE DEFENDANT TO SPEAK WITH HIS ATTORNEY. COURT RECALLS THE MATTER. COURT NOTES NO GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT HAS BEEN SUBMITTED. COURT CANVASS THE DEFENDANT, OUTLINES THE MAXIMUM POSSIBLE SENTENCE. COURT QUESTIONS THE DEFENDANT IF HE HAS ANY MENTAL DISORDERS THAT MAY AFFECT HIM MOVING FORWARD TODAY. THE DEFENDANT STATES HE DOES HAVE MULTIPLE DISORDERS AND HAS TRIED MEDICATIONS BUT THE THEY ARE NOT WORKING. COURT STATES THAT SHE CANNOT MOVE FORWARD IF THERE IS AN ISSUE WITH HIS MENTAL COMPETENCY. DEFENSE ADDRESSES AND STATES THAT HE HAS MET WITH THE DEFEDANT MULTIPLE TIMES AND HAS ZERO CONCERN WITH HIS COMPETENCY. COURT CONTINUES WITH THE CANVASS. COURT ASKS THE CLERK TO FORMALLY READ THE INFORMATION. CLERKS FORMALLY READS THE INFORMATION. DEFENDANT PLEADS NOT GUILTY TO ALL COUNTS. DEFENDANT WAIVES HIS RIGHT TO SPEEDY TRIAL.

TRIAL DATES JAN 13, 14 AND JAN 19-22, CC ON DEC 4

09/08/2020 ORDER SETTING JURY TRIAL(1/13-14/21 - 1/19-22/2021

09/14/2020 EX PARTE MOTION FOR EXTRAORDINARY FEES FOR EXPERT WITNESS COSTS

09/14/2020 EX PARTE MOTION FOR EXTRAORDINARY FEES FOR INVESTIGATIVE COSTS

09/21/2020 ORDER FOR EXTRAORDINARY FEES FOR INVESTIGATIVE COSTS

09/21/2020 ORDER FOR EXTRAORDINARY FEES FOR EXPERT WITNESS COSTS

09/23/2020 MOTION TO DISMISS

09/23/2020 DEFENDANT MARCO ANTONIO TORRES PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

09/25/2020 TRANSCRIPT OF: ARRAIGNMENT(09/04/20)

10/06/2020 RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS

10/12/2020 REPLY TO STATE'S RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS

10/12/2020 ********END OF FILE #1*********

10/16/2020 ORDER TO ISSUE WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS (HEARING 12/04/2020, 11AM)

10/16/2020 WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS (ISSUED - SHARON WEHRLY, SHERIFF, NYE COUNTY, NEVADA)

10/19/2020 WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS/ RETURN OF SERVICE (SERVED 10/19/2020)

11/20/2020 RESPONSE TO PETITIONER'S PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

11/20/2020 MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE/ NOTICE OF MOTION (12/03/2020, 1:30PM)

(SUBMITTED BY DANIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ,. FOR DEFENDANT, MARCO ANTONIO

TORRES)

11/23/2020 EX PARTE MOTION FOR EXTRAORDINARY FEES FOR EXPERT WITNESS COSTS

11/24/2020 ORDER FOR EXTRAORDINARY FEES FOR EXPERT WITNESS COSTS

12/01/2020 RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE (SUBMITTED BY DA/

CDDA & DDA FOR STATE)

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11:51:52

COURT MINUTES-12/3/20 - JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER 12/01/2020

> CLERK: TERRI PEMBERTON REPORTER: CECILIA THOMAS BAILIFF: ERIC SCHLENER

APP: MIKE ALLMON AND KIRK VITTO FOR THE STATE

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS PRESENT WITH THE DEFENDANT WHO IS IN CUSTODY VIA

TELECONFERENCE RONNI BOSKOVICH IS PRESENT AS SECOND CHAIR

COURT CALLS THE MATTER AS A MOTION TO DISMISS, MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATES, CALENDAR CALL, WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS. COURT REVIEWS THE PROCEDURE OF A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS. COURT OUESTIONS THE STATE REGARDING THE CONTINUANCE OF THE MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL. THE STATE DOES NOT OPPOSE. DEFENSE STATES HE IS NOT PREPARED TO MOVE FORWARD. COURT SETS TRIAL DATES MARCH 15-26 2021 AND CALENDAR CALL ON FEBRUARY 12 2021. COURT SETS PRE TRIAL MOTIONS JANUARY 27 2021 AT 130 PM. COURT REVIEWS THE ISSUES WITH THE STATUTES. COURT STATES SHE HAS NOT READ THE STATES RESPONSE AND REVIEWS HOW IMPORTANT THE PROPER RESEARCH IS IN THE CASE TO MAKE A RULING.

AMENDED ORDER SETTING JURY TRIAL(10 DAYS MARCH 15-26 2021) 12/03/2020

12/22/2020 TRANSCRIPT OF MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL (HRG 12/03/20)

MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE/ NOTICE OF MOTION (01/27/2021, 1:30PM) 01/19/2021

(SUBMITTED BY DANIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ., FOR DEFENDANT)

Run: 07/13/2021

11:51:52

01/27/2021

COURT MINUTES (1/27/2021) - JAVS TIME: 0223

JUDGE: KIMBERLY WANKER; CLERK: JUANITA TORRES; BAILIFF: ERIC SCHLENER

REPORTER: SUZANNE ROWE, VIA VIDEO (BLUEJEANS);

APPEAR: DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, MICHAEL ALLMON, ON BEHALF OF THE STATE; ATTORNEYS DANIEL MARTINEZ AND RONNI BOSKOVICH, ON BEHALF OF THE DEFENDANT, WHO IS PRESENT IN CUSTODY, VIA VIDEO.

COURT CALLS THE MATTERS AS DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS, PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS AND MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL. COURT ANNOUNCES, ON THE RECORD, THE PARTIES THAT ARE PRESENT IN THE COURTROOM.

MARTINEZ CONFIRMS HE FILED A REPLY TO THE STATE'S OPPOSITION; HE ARGUES NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPUTIES MADE ENTRY WITHOUT A WARRANT, THE STATE CLAIMS THE EXCEPTION TO PROVIDE AIDE TO A PARTY INSIDE, MARTINEZ ARGUES THERE ARE NO FACTS TO SUPPORT THE EXCEPTION, DEPUTIES WERE RESPONDING TO A 911 DISCONNECT, THAT TURNED INTO A WELFARE CHECK, DEPUTIES HEARD FOOTSTEPS FROM INSIDE, THERE WAS NO REASONABLE CAUSE TO TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION, DEPUTIES WAITED 1 1/2 HOURS BEFORE ENTERING THE HOME; MARTINEZ OUTLINES THE STATES DISCOVERY, INFORMATION IN THE SEARCH WARRANT WAS MADE AFTER ENTRY INTO THE HOME; REQUEST DISMISS OR EVIDENTIARY HEARING ON THE MATTER.

COURT INQUIRES WHY THIS IS NOT A MOTION TO SUPPRESS EVIDENCE AND OUTLINES THE PRELIMINARY TRANSCRIPTS.

MARTINEZ EXPLAINS IT WAS AN UNLAWFUL ENTRANCE, ALL EVIDENCE NEEDS TO BE SUPPRESS, EXCEPT THE 911 CALL; HE DOES NOT BELIEVE THEY HAD PROBABLE CAUSE TO DETAIN THE DEFENDANT; HE ADVISES THE COURT HE ALSO FILE A MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL AND WILL BE FILING A MOTION TO SUPPRESS DEFENDANT'S INTERVIEW.

STATE ARGUES DUE TO THE TOTALITY OF THE CIRCUMSTANCES THE DEPUTIES HAD P.C., THERE ARE TWO ISSUES, FIRST EMERGENCY AID EXCEPTION APPLIES, SECOND PROBABLE CAUSE DETERMINATION, DEPUTIES MAY ASSUME IT IS ADMISSIBLE; ALLMON OUTLINES DEFENDANT'S REBUTTAL, OBJECTING TO WAITING FOR LOCKSMITH AS NOT BEING SWIFT ENTRY; HE OUTLINES THE INCIDENT, N.C.S.O. KNEW THERE WAS A SECOND PERSON IN THE HOME, ARGUES A WELFARE CHECK IS AN EMERGENCY; ARGUES A MOTION TO DISMISS IS INAPPROPRIATE.

MARTINEZ ARGUES EMERGENCY AID, WOULD NOT APPLY; ARGUES DEPUTIES WERE UNAWARE OF THE TOTALITY WHEN THEY ARRIVED ON SCENE; OUTLINES DIFFERENCE BETWEEN WAITING FOR A SWAT TEAM, AS TO WAITING FOR A LOCKSMITH, WHY DID N.C.S.O. WAIT SO LONG; CLAIMS HIS ARGUMENTS ARE APPROPRIATE FOR THE TRIAL COURT.

COURT STATES THE GENERAL RULES FOR A WARRANT, SO THAT IT DOES NOT VIOLATE THE 4TH AMENDMENT, FIRST PROBABLE CAUSE, SECOND EXIGENT CIRCUMSTANCE, OUTLINING THE EMERGENCY AID EXCEPTION; COURT REVIEWS, IN DETAIL, EXHIBIT 4A FROM THE PRELIMINARY HEARING, N.C.S.O.'S "CALL DETAIL RECORD" AS TO THE FIRST 911 CALL AND WHEN THE FIRST DEPUTY ARRIVED; COURT INQUIRES IF POSSIBLE EXIGENT CIRCUMSTANCES OR EMERGENCY AID EXEMPTIONS, EXPIRED; COURT REVIEWS STEPHANIE RUCKER TESTIMONY REGARDING THE 911 CALL AND LOCATION OF THE CALL AND DEPUTIES' RESPONSE ONCE ON SEEN, STOPPING AT THE FIRST TRAILER, BEING TOLD THE PARTIES WERE IN THE TRAILER BEHIND; HOW THE DEFENDANT IDENTIFIED HIMSELF TO DEPUTIES, COURT QUESTIONS IF THE DEPUTIES LOST THE EXCEPTION, BY NOT IMMEDIATELY MAKING ENTRY, HOWEVER NO ONE BRIEF THAT ISSUE; IF THEY HAD TIME TO CALL A SUPERVISOR AND A LOCKSMITH, WHY NOT A JUDGE FOR A WARRANT; COURT BELIEVES THIS SHOULD HAVE BEEN MOTION TO SUPPRESS, NOT A MOTION TO DISMISS; REQUEST THE COURT'S ISSUES BE BRIEFED AND WHAT EVIDENCE NEEDS TO BE SUPPRESS. COURT ADDRESSES THE W.H.C. AS TO THE HABITUAL ENFORCEMENT, THERE ARE NEW STATUTES THAT MAY AFFECT THE CHARGES, CHARGE INVASION OF THE HOME ON AN INTERIOR BEDROOM. MARTINEZ OUTLINES OLD/NEW LAWS REGARDING INVASION OF THE HOME AND THE INTENT OF A ROOM, CITES NEVADA LAW REGARDING FORCIBLE ENTRY. STATE ARGUES YOU CAN REVOKE CONSENT/ACCESS TO A ROOM, READS PAGE 13 OF

STATE'S RESPONSE ON THE RECORD.

COURT READS ON THE RECORD, ALFRED V. STATE, FOOTNOTE 2 CITED IN DEFENDANT'S MOTION, COURT FINDS COUNT III, INVASION OF A HOME STANDS; COURT OUTLINES

11:51:52

EACH COUNTY IN THE INFORMATION; CHARGE VII, USE OF NUNCHAKUS BEING A DANGEROUS WEAPON, THERE IS NO TESTIMONY, SLIGHT OR MARGINAL EVIDENCE INJURIES CAUSED BY THE WEAPON.

STATE ARGUES REASONABLE EVIDENCE WERE IMPRINTS OF THE NUNCHAKUS ON THE INJURIES OF THE VICTIM.

COURT READS DETECTIVE FLANCHER'S TESTIMONY, PAGE 159 OF THE PRELIMINARY HEARING TRANSCRIPT.

STATE AGREES FLANCHER IS NOT AN EXPERT, BUT ARGUES A MEDICAL EXAMINER WILL TESTIFY AS TO THE INJURIES AT TRIAL.

COURT IS FINDING SLIGHT OR MARGINAL EVIDENCE HAS NOT BEEN PRESENTED. STATE ARGUES CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE IS SUFFICIENT FOR PROBABLE CAUSE. MARTINEZ ARGUES THERE IS NO CIRCUMSTANTIAL, NOR DIRECT EVIDENCE THAT NUNCHAKUS WERE USED, THERE WAS NO DNA EVIDENCE ON THE NUNCHAKUS. COURT FINDS THERE IS NO SLIGHT OR MARGINAL EVIDENCE, CHARGE DISMISSED. COURT ADDRESSES MOTION TO CONTINUE.

MARTINEZ ADVISES THE COURT THIS IS HIS SECOND MOTION TO CONTINUE, HIS EXPERT'S OPINION WOULD NOT BE AVAILABLE UNTIL FEBRUARY, AND ADDITIONAL TIME IS NEEDED, AS TO HIS MOTION TO SUPPRESS THE DEFENDANT'S INTERVIEW. STATE HAS NOT WAIVED IT'S RIGHT TO SPEEDY TRIAL, HOWEVER DEFENDANT IS ALLOWED TO PREPARE FOR TRIAL, THE STATE IS NOT FORMALLY OPPOSING THE MOTION TO CONTINUE.

COURT GRANTS MOTION TO CONTINUE, SUPPRESSION ISSUES NEED TO BE FULLY BRIEFED/ADDRESSED.

MARTINEZ REQUEST MAY TRIAL DATES AND REQUEST THE CURRENT MARCH TRIAL DATE FOR HIS MOTION TO SUPPRESS.

COURT DENIES MOTION TO DISMISS AND SETS TRIAL DATES FOR:

JURY TRIAL 05/10/2021 - 05/21/2021,

PRETRIAL MOTIONS MARCH 25 AT 1:30 FOR THE MOTION TO SUPPRESS, CALENDAR CALL APRIL 2, 2021 AT 09:00,

JURY DRAW APRIL 2, 2021.

DEFENDANT ADDRESS THE COURT, WOULD LIKE TO SPEAK TO MARTINEZ. COURT CONCURS AND CLEARS THE COURTROOM.

01/28/2021 SECOND AMENDED ORDER SETTING JURY TRIAL (MAY 10, 2021 @ 9 AM FOR 10 DAYS)

02/12/2021 DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO SUPPRESS

MOTION TO SUPPRESS DEFENDANT'S STATEMENTS AND REQUEST FOR JACKSON V. DENNO 02/26/2021 HEARING

THE STATE'S INSTANT RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF IN SUPPORT 03/03/2021 OF MOTION TO SUPPRESS

RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO SUPRESS DEFENDANT'S STATEMENTS AND 03/10/2021 REQUEST FOR JACKSON V. DENNO HEARING

REPLY TO STATE'S INSTANT RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF IN 03/12/2021 SUPPORT OF MOTION TO SUPPRESS

03/18/2021 REQUEST FOR DISCLOSURE

03/22/2021 TRANSCRIPT OF: MOTION TO DISMISS WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS(1/28/21) 11:51:52

03/25/2021 COURT MINUTES-3/25/21 - JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER

CLERK: TERRI PEMBERTON REPORTER: SUZIE ROWE BAILIFF: JAMELE TAYLOR

APP: MIKE ALLMON FOR THE STATE

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS PRESENT WITH THE DEFENDANT WHO IS IN CUSTODY VIA

TELECONFERENCE

136PM

COURT CALLS THE MATTER AS PRE TRIAL MOTIONS, MOTION TO SUPRESS AND MOTION TO DISMISS. COURT IS IN RECEIPT OF DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF, MOTION TO SUPRESS, STATES INSTANT RESPONSE, REPLY TO STATES INSTANT RESPONSE, MOTION TO DISMISS-SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEFING. COURT WILL BEGIN WITH THE MOTION TO SUPRESS AND WILL THEN HEAR THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING. DEFENSE ADDRESSES AND STATES HE IS NOT PREPARED FOR THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING AND ASKS FOR A CONTINUANCE. THE STATE WAS NOT CLEAR ABOUT TODAYS HEARING EITHER AND HAS NO OBJECTION TO CONTINUE THE HEARING. COURT ADMONISHES THE PARTIES FOR NOT BEING PREPARED. COURT ADDRESSES THE MOTION TO DISMISS AND INFORMS THE PARTIES THAT THEY DID NOT REFERENCE THE NEVADA SUPREME COURT DECISION. COURT SO INFORMS THE PARTIES IN DETAIL OF THE NEVADA SUPREME COURT DECISION. COURT REVIEWS THE INCIDENT IN REGARD PROBABLE CAUSE AND OR EXIGENT CIRCUMSTANCES FOR ENTRY INTO THE TRAILER. DEFENSE ARGUES THAT THE NEVADA SUPREME COURT DECISION WAS IN THE INITIAL BRIEF. COURT STATES THAT THE SHERIFFS OFFICE DID NOT NEED PROBABLE CAUSE TO ENTER AS THEY DID HAVE EXIGENT CIRCUMSTANCES. COURT REVIEWS IN DETAIL THE 911 CALL. COURT DENIES THE MOTION TO SUPRESS ANY EVIDENCE. COURT MOVES TO THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING. DEFENSE IS NOT READY TO MOVE FORWARD WITH THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING. COURT RECITES THE SUPREME COURT DECISION REGARDING JACKSON V DENNO HEARING IN ORDER FOR THE PARTIES TO BE CLEAR ON WHAT TO EXPECT. DEFENSE ADDRESSES AND HAS AN EXPERT WITNESS FOR TRIAL BUT HTE EXPERT WITNESS WILL NOT BE READY BY THE TRIAL DATES. DEFENSE ASLSO STATES THAT HIS CONRACT FOR PUBLIC DEFENDER IS UP APRIL 20. DEFENSE ASKS FOR A SIDE BAR. COURT BACK IN SESSION. DEFENSE NEEDS A FEW WEEKS TO PREPARE FOR THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING. ALL PARTIES NEED A FULL DAY FOR THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING. COURT SETS THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING TO APRIL 29. COURT SETS THE CALENDAR CALL TO APRIL 9 IN TONOPAH DEFENSE MAY CALL IN.

03/30/2021 (DEFENDANT'S) MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE (TRIAL 05/10/2021)

04/09/2021 STATE'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S THIRD MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE

04/09/2021 COURT MINUTES - @ - CR CR20-0092 MARCO ANTONIO TORRES

JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER; REPORTER: SUZANNE ROWE; BAILIFF: JOHN CHIDLEY CLERK: CORI FREIDHOF,

JAVS: 09.01.36

APP: MISS BOSCOVICH, KIRK VITTO & CHRIS ARABIA DDA; OFFICER DAVIS, P&P; DANIEL MARTINEZ VIA BLUE JEANS WITH THE DEFENDANT PRESENT IN CUSTODY; DANIEL MARTINEZ IS NOT PREPARED TO GO FORWARD, EXPERT IS CURRENTLY PLANNING ON GOING TO LAS VEGAS ON APRIL 19TH, WON'T HAVE REPORT READY ON TIME. HE ADDRESSES THE COURT. COURT ADDRESSES AND WONDERS WHY ANOTHER CONTIUANCE. FROM JANUARY. THE STATE ADDRESSES THE COURT. THEY ARE READY. THERE IS A MOTION TO CONTINUE THE TRIAL. THE STATE OPPOSES THEY WILL WAIVE THE 21 DAY RULE AND WILL GO WITH A 14 DAY FOR THE REPORT. BOTH PARTIES TO SUPENOA THEIR WITNESSES AND MEET WITH JUDGE Thursday MORNING 4/15 IN THE MORNING AND CONFIRM. COURT ADDRESSES THE DEFENDANT AND EXPLAINS WHAT HAPPENED. STATUS CHECK 4/15 @8:15 TO DETERMINE IF TRIAL CAN BE MOVED TO THE 12-23RD OF JULY.

Run: 07/13/2021 Case Summary 11:51:52

04/14/2021 COURT MINUTES-4/15/21 - JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER

CLERK: TERRI PEMBERTON REPORTER: SUZIE ROWE

BAILIFF: NONE

APP: KIRK VITTO FOR THE STATE

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS PRESENT WITH THE DEFENDANT WHO IS IN CUSTODY VIA

TELECONFERENCE

COURT CALLS THE MATTER AS A STATUS CHECK ON TRIAL DATES. COURT NOTES THAT AT THE PREVIOUS HEARNG PARTIES DISCUSSED JULY 12-23 TRIAL DATES. COURT QUESTIONS THE PARTIES IF THEY WILL BE READY FOR THE JULY DATES. THE STATE REVIEWS COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE STATE AND THE WITNESSES REGARDING THE TRIAL DATE CHANGE. THE STATE INFORMS THAT A WITNESS (THE LANDLORD) IS REFUSING TO MAKE AN ORAL AGREEMENT TO APPEAR. COURT SUGGESTS A MATERIAL WARRANT FOR THAT WITNESS. THE STATE INFORMS THAT THE INTAKE OFFICER (WITNESS) WILL BE LEAVING FOR BOOT CAMP AND WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE. DEFENSE STATES THAT THE EXPERT WITNESS WILL BE READY FOR THE JULY DATES AND ANY OTHER WITNESSES. DEFENSE STATES THAT WITNESSES WILL BE PRESENT AT THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING AND IF NEED BE THE TRANSCRIPTS COULD BE USED AT TRIAL. COURT SETS CC TO 6/18/21 COURT SETS TRIAL DATES TO JULY 12-23.

04/15/2021 THIRD AMENDED ORDER SETTING JURY TRIAL

04/20/2021 INFORMATION (FELONY/PERSON)

04/21/2021 AMENDED INFORMATION (FELONY/PERSON) (CORRECTED CAPTION)

04/29/2021 COURT MINUTES-4/29/21 - JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER

CLERK: TERRI PEMBERTON REPORTER: SUZIE ROWE BAILIFF: JAMELE TAYLOR

APP:MIKE ALLMON AND KIRK VITTO FOR THE STATE

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS PRESENT WITH THE DEFENDANT WHO IS IN CUSTODY

COURT CALLS THE MATTER AS A CHANGE OF PLEA. COURT NOTES THE MATTER WAS INITIALLY SET AS A JACKSON V DENNO HEARING. HOWEVER, THE MATTER IS NOW NEGOTIATED. GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT SUBMITTED TO THE COURT. COURT OUTLINES THE NEGOTIATIONS. DEFENDANT HAS CONCERNS WITH THE PLEA AGREEMENT IN REGARD TO THE EVIDENCE. COURT INFORMS THE DEFENDANT OF THE NEGOTIATIONS, SUPRESSION AND SENTENCING PROCESS. THE DEFENDANT DOES NOW UNDERSTAND. COURT ONCE AGAIN OUTLINES THE NEGOTIATIONS IN DETAIL FOR CLARIFICATION FOR THE DEFENDANT. DEFENDANT HAS BEEN DIAGNOSED PREVIOUSLY WITH A MENTAL DISABILITY BUT HAS NO ISSUES TODAY. DEFENDANT WAIVES FORMAL READING OF THE INFORMATION. COURT CANVASS THE DEFENDANT, OUTLINES THE GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT FOR THE RECORD AND THE MAXIMUM POSSIBLE SENTENCE. DEFENDANT SO ACKNOWLEDGES, PLEADS GUILTY AND WAIVES HIS CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS TO TRIAL AND APPLET RIGHTS. THE STATE SETS FORTH THE ELEMENTS ON THE RECORD. DEFENDANT ADDRESSES THE COURT AND ADMITS THE ALLEGATIONS. DEFENDANT DENIES ANY REQUEST FOR CONTINUANCE. COURT FINDS THE GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT TO BE GIVEN FREELY AND ACCEPTS SAID PLEA. COURT SETS SENTENCING ON JUNE 25 2021

04/29/2021 GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT

05/03/2021 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS: CALENDAR CALL (4/9/21)

06/07/2021 PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION REPORT

06/09/2021 TRANSCRIPT OF: CHANGE OF PLEA/ARRAIGNMENT (4/29/21)

06/09/2021 TRANSCRIPT OF: MOTIONS (4/15/21)

Page

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06/25/2021 COURT MINUTES-6/25/21 ~ JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER

> CLERK: TERRI PEMBERTON REPORTER: SUZIE ROWE BAILIFF: JAMELE TAYLOR

APP:MIKE ALLMON FOR THE STATE

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS PRESENT WITH THE DEFENDANT WHO IS IN CUSTODY

COURT CALLS THE MATTER AS A SENTENCING HEARING. DEFENSE ADDRESSES AND INFORMS THAT THE DEFENDANT ASKS FOR A CONTINUANCE FOR HIS SENTENCING AS THE DEFENDANT HAS MORE QUESTIONS. THE STATE WAS NOT AWARE THAT THE DEFENDANT WOULD BE ASKING FOR A CONTINUANCE AND INFORMS THAT THERE ARE 2 WITNESSES PRESENT. COURT FEELS THAT IT WOULD BE UNFARE FOR THE WITNESSES TO COME BACK. COURT MOVES FORWARD WITH WITNESS TESTIMONY. DEFENSE STATES THAT ONE VICTIM IS THE BROTHER OF THE WITNESS WHICH HE DOES NOT OBJECT TO. THE SECOND "WITNESS" IS A "REBUTTAL WITNESS" AND DOESNT FEEL IT SHOULD BE ALLOWED. DEFENSE ASKS FOR A SIDE BAR. COURT BACK IN SESSION. COURT TRAILS THE MATTER. COURT RECALLS THE MATTER. DEFENSE REQUESTS TO CONTINUE THE SENTENCING BUT TO ALLOW THE STATEMENT FROM THE DEFENDANT, THE STATES SPEAKERS AND REBUTTAL WITNESS. COURT QUESTIONS THE DEFENDANT FOR HIS REQUEST FOR CONTINUANCE. DEFENDANT ADDRESSES AND STATES THAT THE INMATE HE WAS HOUSED WITH AND DOES NOT GET ALONG WITH WOULD BE TRANSPORTED WITH HIM AND HE DOES NOT WISH FOR THAT TO HAPPEN. COURT REVIEWS THE 2 OPTION'S OF THE SENTENCING AND INFORMS THE DEFENDANT THAT HE WOULD NOT BE TRANSPORTED WITH SAID DEFENDANT. COURT MOVES FORWARD WITH SENTENCING. DEFENSE STATES THE CTS IS INCORRECT IN THE PSI AND SHOULD BE 447 DAYS CTS. NO OBJECTION FROM THE STATE. COURT OUTLINES CASE HISTORY AND REVIEWS THE NEGOTIATIONS. THE STATE IS FREE TO ARGUE. COURT ADJUDICATES THE DEFENDANT GUILTY. DEFENSE REVIEWS THE FACTS OF THE CASE IN DETAIL. DEFENSE ARGUES FOR 10 TO 25 YEARS WITH PAROLE ELIGIBILITY AFTER 10 YEARS. THE STATE CALLS THE FIRST WITNESS CHRISTOPHER PIPER. CLERK SWEARS IN THE WITNESS CHRISTOPHER PIPER. THE STATE EXAMINES THE WITNESS IN REGARD TO HIS RELATIONSHIP WITH THE DEFENDANT AND VICTIM. THE WITNESS PROVIDES HIS TESTIMONY. DEFENSE OBJECTS TO THE TESTIMONY AS IT DOES NOT PERTAIN TO HOW THE INCIDENT HAS AFFECTED HIM. STATE ARGUES AND RECITES A SUPREME COURT CASE. COURT OVER RULES THE OBJECTION. THE WITNESS ASKS FOR THE MAXIMUM POSSIBLE SENTENCE. THE STATE PASSES THE WITNESS. DEFENSE HAS NO OUESTIONS FOR THE WITNESS. COURT OUESTIONS THE WITNESS. THE WITNESS IS RELEASED. COURT TRAILS THE MATTER. COURT RECALLS THE MATTER. THE STATE PROVIDES PICTURES AND VIDEO OF THE NIGHT OF THE INCIDENT. THE STATE ARGUES FOR LIFE IN PRISON WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE IN 10 YEARS. DEFENSE REVIEWS THE CONFESSION IN DETAIL AND ARGUES FOR 10/25 YEARS. DEFENDANT APOLOGIZES TO THE WITNESSES, KNOWS HE FAILED THEM AND TAKES RESPONSIBILITY. COURT REVIEWS THE INCIDENT AND RESPONSE OF THE SHERIFF'S OFFICE IN DETAIL.

COURT SENTENCES THE DEFENDANT TO LIFE WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE IN 10 YEARS. \$25 \$3 AND \$150 447 DAYS CTS

06/25/2021 JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION (FELONY/PERSON)

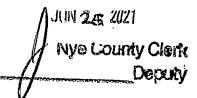
07/06/2021 NOTICE OF APPEAL (SUBMITTED BY RONNI N. BOSKOVICH, ESQ., OBO DANIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ., FOR DEFENDANT, MARCO ANTONIO TORRES)

CASE APPEAL STATEMENT (SUBMITTED BY RONNI N. BOSKOVICH, ESQ., OBO DANIEL E. 07/06/2021

MARTINEZ, ESQ., FOR DEFENDANT, MARCO ANTONIO TORRES)

FIFTH II MICIAL DISTRICT

Case No. CR20-0092 Dept. 1P



IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

vs.

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JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION

MARCO ANTONIO TORRES,

Defendant.

On April 29, 2021, the Defendant above named, appeared before the Court with his counsel, Daniel Martinez, Esq., and entered a plea of guilty to the crime of Second – Degree Murder, a violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030, a Category "A" Felony.

On June 25, 2021 the Defendant appeared personally and with his counsel, Daniel Martinez, Esq. for entry of Judgment. No sufficient legal cause was shown by the Defendant as to why judgment should not be pronounced against him. The Court adjudged the Defendant guilty of the crime of Second - Degree Murder, a violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030, a Category "A" Felony.

The court sentenced the Defendant to serve Life in Prison in the Nevada Department of Corrections with parole eligibility after a minimum term of 10 years have been served.

Defendant shall pay to the Clerk of the Court a \$25.00 administrative assessment fee. Defendant shall pay to the Clerk of the Court a \$3.00 DNA administrative fee.

ESMERALDA AND NYE COUNTIES

Defendant shall pay to the Clerk of the Court a \$150.00 DNA fee.

The Defendant shall receive credit for 447 days presentence incarceration.

DATED this 25 day of June, 2021.

RLY A. WANKER, DISTRICT JUDGE

FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT ESMERALDA AND NYE COUNTIES

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CERTIFICATION OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that on the 25th day of June 2021, she mailed (or

hand delivered) copies of the foregoing JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION to the following:

NYE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY

PAHRUMP, NV

(HAND DELIVERED)

DANIEL MARTINEZ, ESQ.

PAHRUMP, NV

(HAND DELIVERED)

NEVADA DIVISION OF PAROLE AND PROBATION

PAHRUMP, NV

(HAND DELIVERED)

NYE CO. SHERIFF (DETENTION)

PAHRUMP, NV 12

(HAND DELIVERED)

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

Fifth Judicial District Court - Nye County

11:51:50

Case #: CR20-0092

Judge: WANKER, KIMBERLY

Date Filed: 08/10/2020 Department:

Case Type: Crimes Against Persons (Felony)

Attorney(s)

Plaintiff

STATE OF NEVADA DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE

Defendant

TORRES, MARCO ANTONIO MARTINEZ, DANIEL

Fees:

Outstanding Date Assessed: Fee Total Paid Waived 06/25/2021 ADMIN \$5,00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$5.00 06/25/2021 \$20.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$20.00 STADMIN 06/25/2021 DNA \$150.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$150.00 06/25/2021 GENETIC \$3.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$3.00

Charge: HABITUAL CRIMINAL - NRS 207.010(1)(A) F/A Count 1

Sent: LIFE WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE AFTER 10 YEARS, \$25 ADMIN FEE, \$3 DNA

FEE, \$150 DNA, 447 DAYS CTS

Disp/Judgment: Non-Trial: Guilty Date: 06/25/2021

Plea with Sentence (Before Trial)

Hearings:

Date Time Hearing Court Result 08/21/2020 9:00AM CANC 45#ARRAIGNMENT HEARING (GC) 9:00AM 08/28/2020 25#ARRAIGNMENT HEARING CANC 09/04/2020 9:00AM 30#ARRAIGNMENT (GC) CANC 11/30/2020 11:00AM MOTION TO DISMISS DEFT'S MTN TO CONTINUE TRIAL 12/03/2020 1:30PM DATE/WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS/CALENDAR CALL/ MOTION TO DISMISS 12/04/2020 9:00AM 30#CALENDAR CALL CANC 99#JURY DRAW 180 JURORS FILE TO CANC 12/04/2020 4:30PM MELISSA 12/04/2020 9:00AM 31#PRE TRIAL MOTIONS CANC 12/04/2020 11:00AM 32#WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS CANC JURY TRIAL 6 DAYS JAN 13-14, 01/13/2021 9:00AM CANC 2021 JAN 19-22, 2021 01/27/2021 1:30PM 20 # PRE TRIAL MOTIONS 30#JURY DRAW 180 JURORS 01/27/2021 4:30PM 20#DEFT'S MTN TO CONTINUE TRIAL 01/27/2021 1:30PM DATE 02/12/2021 9:00AM CALENDAR CALL CANC

Run:	07/13/20 11:51:52		Case Summary		Page	2
03/15	/2021	9:00AM	JURY TRIAL MARCH 15-26	CANC		
03/25	/2021	1:30PM	PRE TRIAL MOTIONS			
03/25	/2021	1:30PM	MOTION TO DISMISS/MOTION TO SUPRESS			
04/02	/2021	9:00AM	CALENDAR CALL	CANC		
04/02	/2021	4:30PM	JURY DRAW OF 180 JURORS	CANC		
04/09	/2021	9:00AM	05# CALENDAR CALL-TONOPAH/DEFENSE MAY CALL IN			
04/15	/2021	8:15AM	STATUS CHECK			
04/29	/2021	9:00AM	EVIDENTIARY HEARING/JACKSON V DENNO/PRE TRIAL MOTIONS			
05/10	/2021	9:00AM	JURY TRIAL MAY 10-21	CANC		
06/18	/2021	9:00AM	CALENDAR CALL	CANC		
06/18	/2021	4:30PM	JURY DRAW 180 JURORS	CANC		
06/25	/2021	9:00AM	70#SENTENCING			
07/12	/2021	9:00AM	JURY TRIAL JULY 12-23	CANC		
Filin	gs:					
Da	te	Filing		•		
08/10	/2020	CASE FIL	ED 08/10/2020 CASE NUMBER CR20-0	092		
08/10	/2020	PROSECUTOR: DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE ASSIGNED				
08/10	/2020	DEFENSE ATTORNEY: MARTINEZ, DANIEL ASSIGNED				
08/10	/2020	(Second Electron of Copy; Or Applicat 26-39, M	S RECEIVED FROM PAHRUMP JUSTICE Amended Criminal Complaint; Orde ic Equipment in the Courtroom; A Receipt of Copy; Order to Conti der to Continue; Receipt of Copy ion for Appointment of Counsel; dedical Records from Cancer Care cer Case; Defendant Exhibits A a	r; Media Request Allowi mended Criminal Complai nue; Receipt of Copy; R ; Criminal Complaint; A Plaintiff Exhibits #1 - Center, Health Care Par	.ng .nt; Rece: Receipt o: Affidavit - 24 and	ipt f and #
08/10	/2020	BINDOVER	ORDER (BAIL N/A)			
08/10	/2020	JUDGE WA	NKER, KIMBERLY: ASSIGNED			
08/17	/2020	INFORMAT	INFORMATION (FELONY/PERSON)			
09/01	/2020	TRANSCRI	PT OF: PRELIMINARY HEARING****PJ	C DOCUMENT*******		
	/2020		QUEST TO ALLOW ELECTRONIC RECORD		COURTROO	М
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09/04/2020 COURT MINUTES-9/4/20 - JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER

CLERK: TERRI PEMBERTON REPORTER: TRACY MANNING BAILIFF: ERIC SCHLENER

APP: MIKE ALLMON FOR THE STATE

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS PRESENT WITH THE DEFENDANT WHO IS IN CUSTODY VIA

TELECONFERENCE

COURT CALLS THE MATTER AS AN ARRAIGNMENT HEARING. COURT OFFERS ADDITIONAL TIME FOR THE DEFENDANT TO SPEAK TO HIS ATTORNEY. THE DEFENDANT ASKS FOR SOME TIME TO SPEAK TO HIS ATTORNEY. COURT TRAILS THE MATTER TO 11 AM FOR THE DEFENDANT TO SPEAK WITH HIS ATTORNEY. COURT RECALLS THE MATTER. COURT NOTES NO GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT HAS BEEN SUBMITTED. COURT CANVASS THE DEFENDANT, OUTLINES THE MAXIMUM POSSIBLE SENTENCE. COURT QUESTIONS THE DEFENDANT IF HE HAS ANY MENTAL DISORDERS THAT MAY AFFECT HIM MOVING FORWARD TODAY. THE DEFENDANT STATES HE DOES HAVE MULTIPLE DISORDERS AND HAS TRIED MEDICATIONS BUT THE THEY ARE NOT WORKING. COURT STATES THAT SHE CANNOT MOVE FORWARD IF THERE IS AN ISSUE WITH HIS MENTAL COMPETENCY. DEFENSE ADDRESSES AND STATES THAT HE HAS MET WITH THE DEFEDANT MULTIPLE TIMES AND HAS ZERO CONCERN WITH HIS COMPETENCY. COURT CONTINUES WITH THE CANVASS. COURT ASKS THE CLERK TO FORMALLY READ THE INFORMATION. CLERKS FORMALLY READS THE INFORMATION. DEFENDANT PLEADS NOT GUILTY TO ALL COUNTS. DEFENDANT WAIVES HIS RIGHT TO SPEEDY TRIAL.

TRIAL DATES JAN 13, 14 AND JAN 19-22, CC ON DEC 4

09/08/2020 ORDER SETTING JURY TRIAL(1/13-14/21 - 1/19-22/2021

09/14/2020 EX PARTE MOTION FOR EXTRAORDINARY FEES FOR EXPERT WITNESS COSTS

09/14/2020 EX PARTE MOTION FOR EXTRAORDINARY FEES FOR INVESTIGATIVE COSTS

09/21/2020 ORDER FOR EXTRAORDINARY FEES FOR INVESTIGATIVE COSTS

09/21/2020 ORDER FOR EXTRAORDINARY FEES FOR EXPERT WITNESS COSTS

09/23/2020 MOTION TO DISMISS

09/23/2020 DEFENDANT MARCO ANTONIO TORRES PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

09/25/2020 TRANSCRIPT OF: ARRAIGNMENT(09/04/20)

10/06/2020 RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS

10/12/2020 REPLY TO STATE'S RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS

10/12/2020 *******END OF FILE #1********

10/16/2020 ORDER TO ISSUE WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS (HEARING 12/04/2020, 11AM)

10/16/2020 WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS (ISSUED - SHARON WEHRLY, SHERIFF, NYE COUNTY, NEVADA)

10/19/2020 WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS/ RETURN OF SERVICE (SERVED 10/19/2020)

11/20/2020 RESPONSE TO PETITIONER'S PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

11/20/2020 MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE/ NOTICE OF MOTION (12/03/2020, 1:30PM) (SUBMITTED BY DANIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ,. FOR DEFENDANT, MARCO ANTONIO

TORRES

11/23/2020 EX PARTE MOTION FOR EXTRAORDINARY FEES FOR EXPERT WITNESS COSTS

11/24/2020 ORDER FOR EXTRAORDINARY FEES FOR EXPERT WITNESS COSTS

12/01/2020 RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE (SUBMITTED BY DA/

CDDA & DDA FOR STATE)

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12/01/2020

COURT MINUTES-12/3/20 - JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER

CLERK: TERRI PEMBERTON REPORTER: CECILIA THOMAS BAILIFF: ERIC SCHLENER

APP: MIKE ALLMON AND KIRK VITTO FOR THE STATE

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS PRESENT WITH THE DEFENDANT WHO IS IN CUSTODY VIA

TELECONFERENCE RONNI BOSKOVICH IS PRESENT AS SECOND CHAIR

COURT CALLS THE MATTER AS A MOTION TO DISMISS, MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATES, CALENDAR CALL, WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS. COURT REVIEWS THE PROCEDURE OF A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS. COURT QUESTIONS THE STATE REGARDING THE CONTINUANCE OF THE MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL. THE STATE DOES NOT OPPOSE. DEFENSE STATES HE IS NOT PREPARED TO MOVE FORWARD. COURT SETS TRIAL DATES MARCH 15-26 2021 AND CALENDAR CALL ON FEBRUARY 12 2021. COURT SETS PRE TRIAL MOTIONS JANUARY 27 2021 AT 130 PM. COURT REVIEWS THE ISSUES WITH THE STATUTES. COURT STATES SHE HAS NOT READ THE STATES RESPONSE AND REVIEWS HOW IMPORTANT THE PROPER RESEARCH IS IN THE CASE TO MAKE A RULING.

12/03/2020

AMENDED ORDER SETTING JURY TRIAL(10 DAYS MARCH 15-26 2021)

12/22/2020

TRANSCRIPT OF MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL (HRG 12/03/20)

01/19/2021

MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE/ NOTICE OF MOTION (01/27/2021, 1:30PM)

(SUBMITTED BY DANIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ., FOR DEFENDANT)

11:51:52

01/27/2021

COURT MINUTES (1/27/2021) - JAVS TIME: 0223

JUDGE: KIMBERLY WANKER; CLERK: JUANITA TORRES; BAILIFF: ERIC SCHLENER

REPORTER: SUZANNE ROWE, VIA VIDEO (BLUEJEANS);

APPEAR: DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, MICHAEL ALLMON, ON BEHALF OF THE STATE; ATTORNEYS DANIEL MARTINEZ AND RONNI BOSKOVICH, ON BEHALF OF THE DEFENDANT, WHO IS PRESENT IN CUSTODY, VIA VIDEO.

COURT CALLS THE MATTERS AS DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS, PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS AND MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL. COURT ANNOUNCES, ON THE RECORD, THE PARTIES THAT ARE PRESENT IN THE COURTROOM.

MARTINEZ CONFIRMS HE FILED A REPLY TO THE STATE'S OPPOSITION; HE ARGUES NYE COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPUTIES MADE ENTRY WITHOUT A WARRANT, THE STATE CLAIMS THE EXCEPTION TO PROVIDE AIDE TO A PARTY INSIDE, MARTINEZ ARGUES THERE ARE NO FACTS TO SUPPORT THE EXCEPTION, DEPUTIES WERE RESPONDING TO A 911 DISCONNECT, THAT TURNED INTO A WELFARE CHECK, DEPUTIES HEARD FOOTSTEPS FROM INSIDE, THERE WAS NO REASONABLE CAUSE TO TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION, DEPUTIES WAITED 1 1/2 HOURS BEFORE ENTERING THE HOME; MARTINEZ OUTLINES THE STATES DISCOVERY, INFORMATION IN THE SEARCH WARRANT WAS MADE AFTER ENTRY INTO THE HOME; REQUEST DISMISS OR EVIDENTIARY HEARING ON THE MATTER.

COURT INOUIRES WHY THIS IS NOT A MOTION TO SUPPRESS EVIDENCE AND OUTLINES

COURT INQUIRES WHY THIS IS NOT A MOTION TO SUPPRESS EVIDENCE AND OUTLINES THE PRELIMINARY TRANSCRIPTS.

MARTINEZ EXPLAINS IT WAS AN UNLAWFUL ENTRANCE, ALL EVIDENCE NEEDS TO BE SUPPRESS, EXCEPT THE 911 CALL; HE DOES NOT BELIEVE THEY HAD PROBABLE CAUSE TO DETAIN THE DEFENDANT; HE ADVISES THE COURT HE ALSO FILE A MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL AND WILL BE FILING A MOTION TO SUPPRESS DEFENDANT'S INTERVIEW.

STATE ARGUES DUE TO THE TOTALITY OF THE CIRCUMSTANCES THE DEPUTIES HAD P.C., THERE ARE TWO ISSUES, FIRST EMERGENCY AID EXCEPTION APPLIES, SECOND PROBABLE CAUSE DETERMINATION, DEPUTIES MAY ASSUME IT IS ADMISSIBLE; ALLMON OUTLINES DEFENDANT'S REBUTTAL, OBJECTING TO WAITING FOR LOCKSMITH AS NOT BEING SWIFT ENTRY; HE OUTLINES THE INCIDENT, N.C.S.O. KNEW THERE WAS A SECOND PERSON IN THE HOME, ARGUES A WELFARE CHECK IS AN EMERGENCY; ARGUES A MOTION TO DISMISS IS INAPPROPRIATE.

MARTINEZ ARGUES EMERGENCY AID, WOULD NOT APPLY; ARGUES DEPUTIES WERE UNAWARE OF THE TOTALITY WHEN THEY ARRIVED ON SCENE; OUTLINES DIFFERENCE BETWEEN WAITING FOR A SWAT TEAM, AS TO WAITING FOR A LOCKSMITH, WHY DID N.C.S.O. WAIT SO LONG; CLAIMS HIS ARGUMENTS ARE APPROPRIATE FOR THE TRIAL COURT.

COURT STATES THE GENERAL RULES FOR A WARRANT, SO THAT IT DOES NOT VIOLATE THE 4TH AMENDMENT, FIRST PROBABLE CAUSE, SECOND EXIGENT CIRCUMSTANCE, OUTLINING THE EMERGENCY AID EXCEPTION; COURT REVIEWS, IN DETAIL, EXHIBIT 4A FROM THE PRELIMINARY HEARING, N.C.S.O.'S "CALL DETAIL RECORD" AS TO THE FIRST 911 CALL AND WHEN THE FIRST DEPUTY ARRIVED; COURT INQUIRES IF POSSIBLE EXIGENT CIRCUMSTANCES OR EMERGENCY AID EXEMPTIONS, EXPIRED; COURT REVIEWS STEPHANIE RUCKER TESTIMONY REGARDING THE 911 CALL AND LOCATION OF THE CALL AND DEPUTIES' RESPONSE ONCE ON SEEN, STOPPING AT THE FIRST TRAILER, BEING TOLD THE PARTIES WERE IN THE TRAILER BEHIND; HOW THE DEFENDANT IDENTIFIED HIMSELF TO DEPUTIES, COURT QUESTIONS IF THE DEPUTIES LOST THE EXCEPTION, BY NOT IMMEDIATELY MAKING ENTRY, HOWEVER NO ONE BRIEF THAT ISSUE; IF THEY HAD TIME TO CALL A SUPERVISOR AND A LOCKSMITH, WHY NOT A JUDGE FOR A WARRANT; COURT BELIEVES THIS SHOULD HAVE BEEN MOTION TO SUPPRESS, NOT A MOTION TO DISMISS; REQUEST THE COURT'S ISSUES BE BRIEFED AND WHAT EVIDENCE NEEDS TO BE SUPPRESS. COURT ADDRESSES THE W.H.C. AS TO THE HABITUAL ENFORCEMENT, THERE ARE NEW STATUTES THAT MAY AFFECT THE CHARGES, CHARGE INVASION OF THE HOME ON AN INTERIOR BEDROOM. MARTINEZ OUTLINES OLD/NEW LAWS REGARDING INVASION OF THE HOME AND THE INTENT OF A ROOM, CITES NEVADA LAW REGARDING FORCIBLE ENTRY. STATE ARGUES YOU CAN REVOKE CONSENT/ACCESS TO A ROOM, READS PAGE 13 OF STATE'S RESPONSE ON THE RECORD.

COURT READS ON THE RECORD, ALFRED V. STATE, FOOTNOTE 2 CITED IN DEFENDANT'S MOTION, COURT FINDS COURT III, INVASION OF A HOME STANDS; COURT OF LINES

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EACH COUNTY IN THE INFORMATION; CHARGE VII, USE OF NUNCHAKUS BEING A DANGEROUS WEAPON, THERE IS NO TESTIMONY, SLIGHT OR MARGINAL EVIDENCE INJURIES CAUSED BY THE WEAPON. STATE ARGUES REASONABLE EVIDENCE WERE IMPRINTS OF THE NUNCHAKUS ON THE INJURIES OF THE VICTIM. COURT READS DETECTIVE FLANCHER'S TESTIMONY, PAGE 159 OF THE PRELIMINARY HEARING TRANSCRIPT. STATE AGREES FLANCHER IS NOT AN EXPERT, BUT ARGUES A MEDICAL EXAMINER WILL TESTIFY AS TO THE INJURIES AT TRIAL. COURT IS FINDING SLIGHT OR MARGINAL EVIDENCE HAS NOT BEEN PRESENTED. STATE ARGUES CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE IS SUFFICIENT FOR PROBABLE CAUSE. MARTINEZ ARGUES THERE IS NO CIRCUMSTANTIAL, NOR DIRECT EVIDENCE THAT NUNCHAKUS WERE USED, THERE WAS NO DNA EVIDENCE ON THE NUNCHAKUS. COURT FINDS THERE IS NO SLIGHT OR MARGINAL EVIDENCE, CHARGE DISMISSED. COURT ADDRESSES MOTION TO CONTINUE. MARTINEZ ADVISES THE COURT THIS IS HIS SECOND MOTION TO CONTINUE, HIS EXPERT'S OPINION WOULD NOT BE AVAILABLE UNTIL FEBRUARY, AND ADDITIONAL TIME IS NEEDED, AS TO HIS MOTION TO SUPPRESS THE DEFENDANT'S INTERVIEW. STATE HAS NOT WAIVED IT'S RIGHT TO SPEEDY TRIAL, HOWEVER DEFENDANT IS ALLOWED TO PREPARE FOR TRIAL, THE STATE IS NOT FORMALLY OPPOSING THE MOTION TO CONTINUE. COURT GRANTS MOTION TO CONTINUE, SUPPRESSION ISSUES NEED TO BE FULLY BRIEFED/ADDRESSED. MARTINEZ REQUEST MAY TRIAL DATES AND REQUEST THE CURRENT MARCH TRIAL DATE FOR HIS MOTION TO SUPPRESS. COURT DENIES MOTION TO DISMISS AND SETS TRIAL DATES FOR: JURY TRIAL 05/10/2021 - 05/21/2021, PRETRIAL MOTIONS MARCH 25 AT 1:30 FOR THE MOTION TO SUPPRESS, CALENDAR CALL APRIL 2, 2021 AT 09:00, JURY DRAW APRIL 2, 2021. DEFENDANT ADDRESS THE COURT, WOULD LIKE TO SPEAK TO MARTINEZ. COURT CONCURS AND CLEARS THE COURTROOM.

01/28/2021	SECOND AMENDED ORDER SETTING JURY TRIAL (MAY 10, 2021 @ 9 AM FOR 10 DAYS)
02/12/2021	DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO SUPPRESS
02/26/2021	MOTION TO SUPPRESS DEFENDANT'S STATEMENTS AND REQUEST FOR JACKSON V. DENNO HEARING
03/03/2021	THE STATE'S INSTANT RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO SUPPRESS
03/10/2021	RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO SUPRESS DEFENDANT'S STATEMENTS AND REQUEST FOR JACKSON V. DENNO HEARING
03/12/2021	REPLY TO STATE'S INSTANT RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO SUPPRESS

03/18/2021 REQUEST FOR DISCLOSURE

TRANSCRIPT OF: MOTION TO DISMISS WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS(1/28/21) 03/22/2021

11:51:52

03/25/2021 COURT MINUTES-3/25/21 - JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER

CLERK: TERRI PEMBERTON REPORTER: SUZIE ROWE BAILIFF: JAMELE TAYLOR

APP: MIKE ALLMON FOR THE STATE

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS PRESENT WITH THE DEFENDANT WHO IS IN CUSTODY VIA

TELECONFERENCE

136PM

COURT CALLS THE MATTER AS PRE TRIAL MOTIONS, MOTION TO SUPRESS AND MOTION TO DISMISS. COURT IS IN RECEIPT OF DEFENDANT'S SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF, MOTION TO SUPRESS, STATES INSTANT RESPONSE, REPLY TO STATES INSTANT RESPONSE, MOTION TO DISMISS-SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEFING. COURT WILL BEGIN WITH THE MOTION TO SUPRESS AND WILL THEN HEAR THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING. DEFENSE ADDRESSES AND STATES HE IS NOT PREPARED FOR THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING AND ASKS FOR A CONTINUANCE. THE STATE WAS NOT CLEAR ABOUT TODAYS HEARING EITHER AND HAS NO OBJECTION TO CONTINUE THE HEARING. COURT ADMONISHES THE PARTIES FOR NOT BEING PREPARED. COURT ADDRESSES THE MOTION TO DISMISS AND INFORMS THE PARTIES THAT THEY DID NOT REFERENCE THE NEVADA SUPREME COURT DECISION. COURT SO INFORMS THE PARTIES IN DETAIL OF THE NEVADA SUPREME COURT DECISION. COURT REVIEWS THE INCIDENT IN REGARD PROBABLE CAUSE AND OR EXIGENT CIRCUMSTANCES FOR ENTRY INTO THE TRAILER. DEFENSE ARGUES THAT THE NEVADA SUPREME COURT DECISION WAS IN THE INITIAL BRIEF. COURT STATES THAT THE SHERIFFS OFFICE DID NOT NEED PROBABLE CAUSE TO ENTER AS THEY DID HAVE EXIGENT CIRCUMSTANCES. COURT REVIEWS IN DETAIL THE 911 CALL. COURT DENIES THE MOTION TO SUPRESS ANY EVIDENCE. COURT MOVES TO THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING. DEFENSE IS NOT READY TO MOVE FORWARD WITH THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING. COURT RECITES THE SUPREME COURT DECISION REGARDING JACKSON V DENNO HEARING IN ORDER FOR THE PARTIES TO BE CLEAR ON WHAT TO EXPECT. DEFENSE ADDRESSES AND HAS AN EXPERT WITNESS FOR TRIAL BUT HTE EXPERT WITNESS WILL NOT BE READY BY THE TRIAL DATES. DEFENSE ASLSO STATES THAT HIS CONRACT FOR PUBLIC DEFENDER IS UP APRIL 20. DEFENSE ASKS FOR A SIDE BAR. COURT BACK IN SESSION. DEFENSE NEEDS A FEW WEEKS TO PREPARE FOR THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING. ALL PARTIES NEED A FULL DAY FOR THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING. COURT SETS THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING TO APRIL 29. COURT SETS THE CALENDAR CALL TO APRIL 9 IN TONOPAH DEFENSE MAY CALL IN.

03/30/2021

(DEFENDANT'S) MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE (TRIAL 05/10/2021)

STATE'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S THIRD MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE

04/09/2021

COURT MINUTES - @ - CR CR20-0092 MARCO ANTONIO TORRES

04/09/2021

JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER;
REPORTER: SUZANNE ROWE;

BAILIFF: JOHN CHIDLEY CLERK: CORI FREIDHOF,

JAVS: 09.01.36

APP: MISS BOSCOVICH, KIRK VITTO & CHRIS ARABIA DDA; OFFICER DAVIS, P&P; DANIEL MARTINEZ VIA BLUE JEANS WITH THE DEFENDANT PRESENT IN CUSTODY; DANIEL MARTINEZ IS NOT PREPARED TO GO FORWARD, EXPERT IS CURRENTLY PLANNING ON GOING TO LAS VEGAS ON APRIL 19TH, WON'T HAVE REPORT READY ON TIME. HE ADDRESSES THE COURT. COURT ADDRESSES AND WONDERS WHY ANOTHER CONTIUANCE. FROM JANUARY. THE STATE ADDRESSES THE COURT. THEY ARE READY. THERE IS A MOTION TO CONTINUE THE TRIAL. THE STATE OPPOSES THEY WILL WAIVE THE 21 DAY RULE AND WILL GO WITH A 14 DAY FOR THE REPORT. BOTH PARTIES TO SUPENOA THEIR WITNESSES AND MEET WITH JUDGE Thursday MORNING 4/15 IN THE MORNING AND CONFIRM. COURT ADDRESSES THE DEFENDANT AND EXPLAINS WHAT HAPPENED. STATUS CHECK 4/15 @8:15 TO DETERMINE IF TRIAL CAN BE MOVED TO THE 12-23RD OF JULY.

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04/14/2021 COURT MINUTES-4/15/21 - JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER

CLERK: TERRI PEMBERTON REPORTER: SUZIE ROWE

BAILIFF: NONE

APP: KIRK VITTO FOR THE STATE

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS PRESENT WITH THE DEFENDANT WHO IS IN CUSTODY VIA

TELECONFERENCE

COURT CALLS THE MATTER AS A STATUS CHECK ON TRIAL DATES. COURT NOTES THAT AT THE PREVIOUS HEARNG PARTIES DISCUSSED JULY 12-23 TRIAL DATES. COURT QUESTIONS THE PARTIES IF THEY WILL BE READY FOR THE JULY DATES. THE STATE REVIEWS COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE STATE AND THE WITNESSES REGARDING THE TRIAL DATE CHANGE. THE STATE INFORMS THAT A WITNESS (THE LANDLORD) IS REFUSING TO MAKE AN ORAL AGREEMENT TO APPEAR. COURT SUGGESTS A MATERIAL WARRANT FOR THAT WITNESS. THE STATE INFORMS THAT THE INTAKE OFFICER (WITNESS) WILL BE LEAVING FOR BOOT CAMP AND WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE. DEFENSE STATES THAT THE EXPERT WITNESS WILL BE READY FOR THE JULY DATES AND ANY OTHER WITNESSES. DEFENSE STATES THAT WITNESSES WILL BE PRESENT AT THE JACKSON V DENNO HEARING AND IF NEED BE THE TRANSCRIPTS COULD BE USED AT TRIAL. COURT SETS CC TO 6/18/21 COURT SETS TRIAL DATES TO JULY 12-23.

04/15/2021 THIRD AMENDED ORDER SETTING JURY TRIAL

04/20/2021 INFORMATION (FELONY/PERSON)

04/21/2021 AMENDED INFORMATION(FELONY/PERSON) (CORRECTED CAPTION)

04/29/2021 COURT MINUTES-4/29/21 - JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER

CLERK: TERRI PEMBERTON REPORTER: SUZIE ROWE BAILIFF: JAMELE TAYLOR

APP:MIKE ALLMON AND KIRK VITTO FOR THE STATE

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS PRESENT WITH THE DEFENDANT WHO IS IN CUSTODY

COURT CALLS THE MATTER AS A CHANGE OF PLEA. COURT NOTES THE MATTER WAS INITIALLY SET AS A JACKSON V DENNO HEARING. HOWEVER, THE MATTER IS NOW NEGOTIATED. GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT SUBMITTED TO THE COURT. COURT OUTLINES THE NEGOTIATIONS. DEFENDANT HAS CONCERNS WITH THE PLEA AGREEMENT IN REGARD TO THE EVIDENCE. COURT INFORMS THE DEFENDANT OF THE NEGOTIATIONS, SUPRESSION AND SENTENCING PROCESS. THE DEFENDANT DOES NOW UNDERSTAND, COURT ONCE AGAIN OUTLINES THE NEGOTIATIONS IN DETAIL FOR CLARIFICATION FOR THE DEFENDANT. DEFENDANT HAS BEEN DIAGNOSED PREVIOUSLY WITH A MENTAL DISABILITY BUT HAS NO ISSUES TODAY. DEFENDANT WAIVES FORMAL READING OF THE INFORMATION. COURT CANVASS THE DEFENDANT, OUTLINES THE GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT FOR THE RECORD AND THE MAXIMUM POSSIBLE SENTENCE. DEFENDANT SO ACKNOWLEDGES, PLEADS GUILTY AND WAIVES HIS CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS TO TRIAL AND APPLET RIGHTS. THE STATE SETS FORTH THE ELEMENTS ON THE RECORD. DEFENDANT ADDRESSES THE COURT AND ADMITS THE ALLEGATIONS. DEFENDANT DENIES ANY REQUEST FOR CONTINUANCE. COURT FINDS THE GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT TO BE GIVEN FREELY AND ACCEPTS SAID PLEA. COURT SETS SENTENCING ON JUNE 25 2021

04/29/2021 GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT

05/03/2021 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS: CALENDAR CALL (4/9/21)

06/07/2021 PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION REPORT

06/09/2021 TRANSCRIPT OF: CHANGE OF PLEA/ARRAIGNMENT(4/29/21)

06/09/2021 TRANSCRIPT OF: MOTIONS (4/15/21)

Run: 07/13/2021 Case Summary 11:51:52

06/25/2021 COURT MINUTES-6/25/21 - JUDGE: KIMBERLY A WANKER

CLERK: TERRI PEMBERTON REPORTER: SUZIE ROWE BAILIFF: JAMELE TAYLOR

APP:MIKE ALLMON FOR THE STATE

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS PRESENT WITH THE DEFENDANT WHO IS IN CUSTODY

COURT CALLS THE MATTER AS A SENTENCING HEARING. DEFENSE ADDRESSES AND INFORMS THAT THE DEFENDANT ASKS FOR A CONTINUANCE FOR HIS SENTENCING AS THE DEFENDANT HAS MORE OUESTIONS. THE STATE WAS NOT AWARE THAT THE DEFENDANT WOULD BE ASKING FOR A CONTINUANCE AND INFORMS THAT THERE ARE 2 WITNESSES PRESENT. COURT FEELS THAT IT WOULD BE UNFARE FOR THE WITNESSES TO COME BACK. COURT MOVES FORWARD WITH WITNESS TESTIMONY. DEFENSE STATES THAT ONE VICTIM IS THE BROTHER OF THE WITNESS WHICH HE DOES NOT OBJECT TO. THE SECOND "WITNESS" IS A "REBUTTAL WITNESS" AND DOESNT FEEL IT SHOULD BE ALLOWED. DEFENSE ASKS FOR A SIDE BAR. COURT BACK IN SESSION. COURT TRAILS THE MATTER. COURT RECALLS THE MATTER. DEFENSE REQUESTS TO CONTINUE THE SENTENCING BUT TO ALLOW THE STATEMENT FROM THE DEFENDANT, THE STATES SPEAKERS AND REBUTTAL WITNESS. COURT QUESTIONS THE DEFENDANT FOR HIS REQUEST FOR CONTINUANCE. DEFENDANT ADDRESSES AND STATES THAT THE INMATE HE WAS HOUSED WITH AND DOES NOT GET ALONG WITH WOULD BE TRANSPORTED WITH HIM AND HE DOES NOT WISH FOR THAT TO HAPPEN. COURT REVIEWS THE 2 OPTION'S OF THE SENTENCING AND INFORMS THE DEFENDANT THAT HE WOULD NOT BE TRANSPORTED WITH SAID DEFENDANT. COURT MOVES FORWARD WITH SENTENCING. DEFENSE STATES THE CTS IS INCORRECT IN THE PSI AND SHOULD BE 447 DAYS CTS. NO OBJECTION FROM THE STATE. COURT OUTLINES CASE HISTORY AND REVIEWS THE NEGOTIATIONS. THE STATE IS FREE TO ARGUE. COURT ADJUDICATES THE DEFENDANT GUILTY. DEFENSE REVIEWS THE FACTS OF THE CASE IN DETAIL. DEFENSE ARGUES FOR 10 TO 25 YEARS WITH PAROLE ELIGIBILITY AFTER 10 YEARS. THE STATE CALLS THE FIRST WITNESS CHRISTOPHER PIPER. CLERK SWEARS IN THE WITNESS CHRISTOPHER PIPER. THE STATE EXAMINES THE WITNESS IN REGARD TO HIS RELATIONSHIP WITH THE DEFENDANT AND VICTIM. THE WITNESS PROVIDES HIS TESTIMONY. DEFENSE OBJECTS TO THE TESTIMONY AS IT DOES NOT PERTAIN TO HOW THE INCIDENT HAS AFFECTED HIM. STATE ARGUES AND RECITES A SUPREME COURT CASE. COURT OVER RULES THE OBJECTION. THE WITNESS ASKS FOR THE MAXIMUM POSSIBLE SENTENCE. THE STATE PASSES THE WITNESS. DEFENSE HAS NO QUESTIONS FOR THE WITNESS. COURT OUESTIONS THE WITNESS. THE WITNESS IS RELEASED. COURT TRAILS THE MATTER. COURT RECALLS THE MATTER. THE STATE PROVIDES PICTURES AND VIDEO OF THE NIGHT OF THE INCIDENT. THE STATE ARGUES FOR LIFE IN PRISON WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE IN 10 YEARS. DEFENSE REVIEWS THE CONFESSION IN DETAIL AND ARGUES FOR 10/25 YEARS. DEFENDANT APOLOGIZES TO THE WITNESSES, KNOWS HE FAILED THEM AND TAKES RESPONSIBILITY. COURT REVIEWS THE INCIDENT AND RESPONSE OF THE SHERIFF'S OFFICE IN DETAIL.

COURT SENTENCES THE DEFENDANT TO LIFE WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE IN 10 YEARS. \$25 \$3 AND \$150 447 DAYS CTS

06/25/2021 JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION (FELONY/PERSON)

07/06/2021 NOTICE OF APPEAL (SUBMITTED BY RONNI N. BOSKOVICH, ESQ., OBO DANIEL E. MARTINEZ, ESQ., FOR DEFENDANT, MARCO ANTONIO TORRES)

07/06/2021 CASE APPEAL STATEMENT (SUBMITTED BY RONNI N. BOSKOVICH, ESQ., OBO DANIEL E.

MARTINEZ, ESQ., FOR DEFENDANT, MARCO ANTONIO TORRES)

Page

OFFICE OF THE NYE COUNTY CLERK SANDRA L. MERLINO

Tonopah Office Nye County Courthouse P.O. Box 1031 101 Radar Road Tonopah, Nevada 89049 Phone (775) 482-8127 Fax (775) 482-8133



Pahrump Office Government Complex 1520 East Basin Avenue Pahrump, Nevada 89060 Phone (775) 751-7040 Fax (775)751-7047

CERTIFICATION OF COPY

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF NYE

SANDRA L. MERLINO, the duly elected, qualifying and acting Clerk of Nye County, in the State of Nevada, and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Fifth Judicial District Court, does hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and correct copy of the original documents in the action entitled:

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

VS.

Case No. CR20-0092

MARCO ANTONIO TORRES,

Defendant.

now on file and of record in this office.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the Fifth Judicial District Court at my office, Pahrump, Nevada, the 13th day of July, 2021.

SANDRA L. MERLINO, NYE COUNTY CLERK

By: Sarah A. Westfall, Deputy Clerk

OFFICE OF THE NYE COUNTY CLERK SANDRA L. MERLINO

Tonopah Office Nye County Courthouse P.O. Box 1031 101 Radar Road Tonopah, Nevada 89049 Phone (775) 482-8127 Fax (775) 482-8133



Pahrump Office Government Complex 1520 East Basin Avenue Pahrump, Nevada 89060 Phone (775) 751-7040 Fax (775)751-7047

Tuesday, July 13th, 2021

SENT VIA E-FILE

Supreme Court of Nevada – Clerk's Office 201 South Carson Street, #201 Carson City, Nevada 89701-4702

RE: THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff,

VS.

MARCO ANTONIO TORRES, Defendant.

District Court Case No. CR20-0092

Dear Clerk of Court:

I am submitting an appeal packet for an appeal received and filed July 6th, 2021, in the above referenced matter. As this is a criminal matter, no fees were collected.

Please feel free to contact me should you have any questions with regard to the foregoing.

Sincerely,

SANDRA L. MERLINO NYE COUNTY CLERK

Sarah A. Westfall

Deputy Clerk, Pahrump

cc: Daniel E. Martinez, Esq.

Nye County District Attorney Honorable Kimberly A. Wanker