IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

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THOMAS WALKER, AN INDIVIDUAL, Appellant(s),

Case No: A-18-783375-C

VS.

Docket No: 83284

FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES; WBG TRUST; ELIZABETH GRIMES; VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY; JALEE ARNONE; AND PETER ARNONE,

Respondent(s),

RECORD ON APPEAL VOLUME 1

ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT
THOMAS WALKER, PROPER PERSON
6253 ROCK MOUNTAIN AVE.
LAS VEGAS, NV 89156

ATTORNEY FOR RESPONDENT KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. 1130 WIGWAM PKWY HENDERSON, NV 89074

A-18-783375-C THOMAS WALKER vs. FLOYD GRIMES

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1 2	COMP THOMAS WALKER 6253 ROCKY MOUNTAIN AVENUE	FILED
	LAS VEGAS, NV 89156	OCT 2.4°2018
$\int \frac{3}{}$	(702) 619-1256 twalkercivil3@gmail.com	CAL 110'
4	Plaintiff, In Proper Person	CLERIK OF COURT
> 5		
6	DISTRICT CO	URT
7	CLARK COUNTY,	NEVADA
8	,	
9	THOMAS WALKER	Case No.: A18-7833
10	Plaintiff(s),	Dept. No.:
11	vs.	XXX
12	FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, WBG	
13	TRUST, Floyd Grimes, and Elizabeth Grimes as Trustees, ELIZABETH GRIMES, an individual,	(Exempt from Arbitration-
14	VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY, an individual and as the Agent of Floyd Wayne Grimes, JALEE	<u>Declaratory Relief</u> <u>Requested</u>)
	ARNONE, an individual, and PETER ARNONE, an	
15	individual, DOES 1 through 20, and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50, inclusive	A — 18 — 783375 — C COMP Comptaint
16	Defendant(s).	4791269
17)
18		
19	VERIFIED COM	<u>MPLAINT</u>
:	Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER, In Proper Person,	hereby files the above-captioned Verifie
20	Complaint:	
21	NATURE OF TH	E ACTION
22		
≥ 230	This is an action for breach of contract and related offenses committed against the	
CT 1 1 2018	Plaintiff Thomas Walker at the hands of Defendant Fl	oyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria
1 Ž	Halsey. Based on a real estate contract.	
0	Halsey. Based on a real estate contract.	
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When someone purchases a home through, a private sale, and the seller of the property offers to finance the sale, and claims to be knowledgeable and professional in real estate and financial lending, then it should not use deceitful methods to fraudulently induce a person into an oral contract it knows is not allowed for the sale of land, then later use the lack of a formal contract as a defense to avoid a law suit for the property.

Then try to coerce the buyer into signing a typed contract, which is full of unconscionable terms and has been modified, without consent of the other party, for furtherance of the sellers own unjust benefit and no does not properly reflect the true terms of the original contract.

When met with resistance, use strong arm tactic to try and force the buyer from the property it paid for. By frivolous eviction attempts and abuse the process of the justice system. With malice, knowingly and intentionally, for 2 years, try to diminish the buyer of the quality of enjoyments of the property. Without any regard for the health, safety or well-being of the buyer or its residence, purposefully deprive the buyer of its right to the use of essential services and refuse a citizen of this state, of its right to public utilities, especially one that is an essential services, such as is water.

With no remorse, in the smallest degree, cause the buyer and its residence and pets to suffer throughout 2 summers, in the Las Vegas valley without water service. When temperatures were soaring to record breaking numbers, heat warnings were being issued, the temperatures, so excruciatingly high, that the heat was the cause of multiple fatalities and without any regard or remorse, intentionally contact the water company and order the water service be shut off and instruct the Utility Company to refuse water service to the property. While unlawfully asserting dominion over the title, and all of this, after charging the buyer for water service, which the buyer paid for. Willingly and purposefully cause all this sufferance and harm, without the smallest bit of care, compassion or concern for the safety or wellbeing of the buyer or his residence.

When realizing the buyer has endured more than enough of the sellers extreme and outrageous action and has suffered beyond what anyone should be put through to purchase a home. In a last desperate attempt to take away the buyers right to possession of the property. Knowing that it purposefully failed to record the sale of the property to the buyer, stole the property from the buyer and gave it to someone else. The Defendants, by use of a Quit Claim Deed conveyed the title to the property to an insider. An individual who has been identified as Jalee Arnone, a tenant residing at a property owned by Defendant Floyd Grimes. Just to keep the buyer from obtaining the title.

Believing the Plaintiff has no legal recourse because it has only an oral contract, underestimated the Plaintiff had kept all of its documentation including the contract the Plaintiff was given, by the Defendant Victoria Halsey on January 15, 2005, a hand written contract, but still a contract, all the same. The Defendants causing all of this sufferance, harm and damages to the Plaintiff have done so intentionally and with malice while under the misconception that the Defendants are untouchable by the law and that the Plaintiff has no case against the Defendants, and no chance of succeeding. Yet this is exactly what the Defendants have done to the Plaintiff Thomas Walker.

COMES NOW the Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER, *In Proper Person*, and for causes of action against the Defendants, and each of them, complain and allege as follows:

PARTIES AND RELATED PERSONS

- Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER, is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State of Nevada, County of Clark.
- 2. Thomas Walker is a 62 year old man that works in the construction industry and is the purchaser of the mobile home and mobile home property described supra. Thomas Walker has maintained the mobile home legally described as: 1969 Newport, 60x20 singlewide mobile home, serial number S1888 and mobile home property located at, 6253 Rocky Mountain

Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89156, legally described as: SUNRISE TRLR EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK 1, as the Plaintiff's primary residence, for approximately 13-years, Thomas Walker holds a possessory interest in the mobile home and mobile home property.

- 3. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant FLOYD GRIMES is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State of Nevada, County of Clark. Floyd Grimes is a private investor that owns several properties throughout the City of Las Vegas and the City of North Las Vegas in the State of Nevada. Floyd Grimes also is engaged in real estate sales and financial lending; however Defendant Floyd Grimes limits his real estate deals and financial lending practices to his own properties in avoidance of the strict licensing requirements and regulations of the real estate and banking industries.
- 4. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Defendant WBG
 Trust is the Wayne and Betty Grimes Trust. The Trustees of WBG Trust are the Defendants
 Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes. The WBG Trust was created and is recorded in the Office
 of the Clark County Recorder, in the State of Nevada, County of Clark.
- 5. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant ELIZABETH GRIMES is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State of Nevada, County of Clark. Defendant Elizabeth Grimes is a retired woman. Elizabeth Grimes is married to the Defendant Floyd Grimes and by maintaining a marital union with Defendant Floyd Grimes in the State of Nevada, Elizabeth Grimes holds a possessory interest in the couple's community property.
- 6. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the Defendant VICTORIA
 HALSEY is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State of Nevada, County
 of Clark. Defendant, Victoria Halsey works closely with, and is the biological child of the
 Defendants Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes. Defendant Victoria Halsey serves as the Agent

and Personal Representative for her father, Defendant Floyd Grimes. Victoria Halsey works for Floyd Grimes, and is closely involved in all of Floyd Grimes business relations and real estate transactions. This including serving as the property manager for all Floyd Grimes rental properties. Victoria Halsey's name appears along with Floyd Grimes on most of Floyd Grimes Lease Agreements and Sale and Purchase contracts.

- 7. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant JALEE ARNONE is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State of Nevada, County of Clark. Defendant Jalee Arnone has close ties to the Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey. Jalee Arnone is a married woman and currently resides at 4304 Thicket Avenue, North Las Vegas, Nevada 89031. Jalee Arnone rents this property from Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey. Jalee Arnone is also the receiver, by use of Quit Claim Deed of the property located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89156, subject of this action, from the WBG Trust and signed over by Defendants Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes; therefor. Jalee Arnone hold an interest in the property.
- 8. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant PETER

 ARNONE is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State of Nevada, County

 of Clark. Defendant Peter Arnone is married to the Defendant Jalee Arnone and by maintaining a

 marital union with Jalee Arnone in the State of Nevada, Peter Arnone holds possessory interest

 in the couple's community property.
- 9. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, association or otherwise, of Defendants JOHN DOES 1 through 20 are unknown to the Plaintiff, who therefor sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed and believes and therefore alleges that each of the Defendants designated as DOES OR ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES is responsible in some manner for the events and occurrences referred to in this Verified Complaint, owes money to Plaintiff, and/or claims some right, title, or interest in the Property

1 describe

described below, that is subject of subordinate rights, interest, and asserted ownership of the Plaintiff described herein. Plaintiff will ask leave of Court to amend this Verified Complaint to insert the true names and capacities of JOHN DOES 1 through 20 and/or ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50, when the same have been ascertained, and to join Defendants in this action.

JURISDICTION/VENUE

- 10. Defendant FLOYD GRIMES, ELIZABETH GRIMES, VICTORIA HALSEY,

 JALEE ARNONE and PETER ARNONE, have each individually and in concert with one
 another, caused the acts and events alleged herein within the State of Nevada and all are subject
 to the jurisdiction of this Court. Venue is also proper in this Court.
- 11. Subject of this action, a mobile home and mobile home property, described as a 1969 Newport 60x20 singlewide mobile home, Serial number S1888, situated at SUNRISE TRLR EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK 1, commonly known as 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas Nevada 89156, is situated in the State of Nevada, County of Clark. This Court has *in-rem jurisdiction* over subject of this action.

GENERAL ALLEGATION

- 12. On or about January 15, 2005, the Plaintiff Thomas Walker entered into a real estate contract with Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey ("Defendants") to purchase a mobile home and mobile home property described supra.
- 13. The Defendants offered to sell and for the Plaintiff to purchase, the mobile home and mobile home property, legally described as: 1969 Newport, 60x20 singlewide mobile home, serial number S1888. The mobile home is located at the mobile home property that is described as, legal description, SUNRISE TRLR EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK 1, commonly known as 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas Nevada 89156 (hereinafter "property" and/or "residence") to the Plaintiff.

- 14. The purchase price for the property was \$69,000, payable in monthly payments in the amount of \$700. For the first 2 years (exactly 25 months), the monthly payments shall include an additional \$100. The additional \$100 will apply to satisfy the down payment amount of \$2500.
- 15. Upon receipt of the last payment of the purchase price from the Plaintiff,
 Defendant Floyd Grimes shall convey the title for the property to the Plaintiff.
- 16. Plaintiff accepted the Defendants offer, and made a payment toward the purchase price to Defendant Victoria Halsey. Defendant Victoria Halsey accepted Plaintiff 's first payment and provided the Plaintiff with a hand written contract, and promised to provide a formal typed contract on February 01, 2005, when the Plaintiff takes possession of the residence. A copy of the Plaintiff's contract with the Defendants is attached hereto as *EXHIBIT "A"* and is incorporate herein by this reference.
- 17. On or about February 01, 2005 the Plaintiff took possession of the residence from the Defendants, but, the Defendants did not provide the formal typed contract as promised.
- 18. The Plaintiff paid the extra \$100 in addition to the regular monthly payment of \$700, and did so for the first 2 years (exactly25 months) and therefore satisfied the down payment of \$2500.
- 19. On or about March 2008, Defendant Halsey notified the Plaintiff that the Plaintiff's monthly payment was being increased an additional \$25 and that the purpose for the increase was to reimburse the Defendant Floyd Grimes for the cost for water service to the property, and would become effective on the date when the Plaintiff's next periodic payment becomes due.
- 20. On or about November 2012, the Plaintiff contacted the Defendants and requested an account statement of the Plaintiff's payments for the purchase of the property.
 - 21. On or about November 28, 2012, the Defendants, still had not provided the

29. The Plaintiff's informed and believes and thereon alleges that while reading the

22. On or about November 29, 2012 the Plaintiff met with the Defendant Floyd Grimes at the Defendant's primary residence, at which time the Defendants Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes presented the Plaintiff with a formal typed contact and a print-out of an

amortized loan schedule. A copy of the typed contract is attached hereto as *EXHIBIT "B"* and incorporate herein by this reference

- 23. The amortized loan schedule included an amortized mortgage table for an amortized loan, beginning on February 01, 2005, in the amount of \$67,000, calculated with an annual interest rate of 11%, for a term of 30 years.
- 24. Defendants failed to provide the Plaintiff with the Plaintiff's account statement showing how much the Plaintiff had paid in payments to purchase the property.
- 25. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the Defendants provided the amortized loan schedule as an implication that this was the type payment arrangement the Defendants had intended for the Plaintiff to pay for the purchase price of the property.
- 26. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that after giving the documents to the Plaintiff, the Defendant Floyd Grimes, while waving a couple of pieces of paper back and forth in front of the Plaintiff, said to the Plaintiff, "Tom, just be glad you're one of Vicky's friends, I charged these guys 15% interest".
- 27. The Plaintiff was not feeling well and wanted to lie down. The Plaintiff told the Defendants "excuse me, but I don't feel well. I think I need to go home and lie down", the Plaintiff then, picked up the unsigned documents and left the Defendants residence.
- 28. The Plaintiff, after returning home, read the documents provided by the Defendants on November 29, 2012.

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documents, noticed the Defendants had modified the original contract from January 15, 2005.

- 30. Between the dates of January 15, 2005 and November 29, 2012, the Plaintiff had approved one modification of the original contract.
- 31. Plaintiff is informed and believes and alleges thereon that the one and only modification to the contract approved by the Plaintiff was for the Plaintiff to include an additional \$25 monthly payment for the cost of water service, and was the only modification requested by the Defendants.
- 32. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges Defendants modified the terms for which the purchase price was to be paid.
- 33. Plaintiff is informed and believes and alleges thereon, Defendants modified the terms of payment for the purchase price of \$69,000, to be paid for in 30 years at an annual interest rate of 11% and was back dated to begin on February 01, 2005, the Defendants also modified the Plaintiff's monthly payment, which originally was \$700 monthly to the modified amount of \$677 monthly which was comprised of taxes to be held by the Defendants and paid when due as computed by the same amortized loan schedule given to the Plaintiff with the typed contract.
- 34. On or about January 15, 2005 during the Plaintiffs meeting with the Defendant, at which time the contract by and between the Plaintiff and the Defendants was created, the Plaintiff asked the Defendants if the interest and taxes were included in the purchase price of \$69,000.
- 35. The Defendants knowingly, falsely stated, "Yes" that the interest, taxes and down payment were included in the purchase price of \$69,000.
- 36. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Defendants falsely represented the purchase price including tax and interest, for the property was \$69,000, was with the intent of inducing the Plaintiff to rely on the Defendant's false statements and enter

into a land installment sale contract with the Defendant.

- 37. The Plaintiff in reliance of the Defendants false statements did enter into a contract with the Defendants it otherwise would not have entered into if the false representation had not been made.
- 38. The Plaintiff would have refused the Defendants offer to purchase the property if the Defendants had stated the purchase price of \$69,000 did not include tax or interest. SEE EXHIBIT "B"
- 39. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Plaintiff was not given notice of the modifications nor did it approve any modifications of the contract, combined with the fact that the Plaintiff was not given this typed contract until 7 years after the Defendants had promised to provide it, and after reading the typed contract noticed several other unconscionable terms, therefore, the Plaintiff refused to sign the document.
- 40. The Plaintiff did continued to perform in accordance with the unmodified contract and continued making the monthly payments to the Defendants for the purchase of the property in accordance with the original contract.
- 41. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that on or about October 2015, after several failed attempts to acquire and account statement from the Defendants.
- 42. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the purchase price should have been nearly satisfied, and unable to obtain an account statement from the Defendants, began to calculate the balance of the purchase price for the property, using the Plaintiffs payment receipts, issued by the Defendants.
- 43. The Plaintiff added together its receipts for the monthly payments made to the Defendants to purchase the property.
 - 44. The Plaintiff could not locate all of its receipt; therefore, for the months absent a

receipt, the Plaintiff looked to the receipt for the following month, if the following months receipt did not indicate a past due balance indicating a partial payment or non-payment for the prior month, the Plaintiff then added the amount of \$700, for the monthly absent a receipt,

- 45. If the receipt for the following month indicated a past due balance, the Plaintiff then subtracted the amount which was indicated as past due from \$725, after subtracting the 2 amounts, the total then representing the amount that had been paid for the previous month which was absent a receipt, and that was the amount the Plaintiff would then add to the total amount paid for that month.
- 46. The Plaintiff calculated it had paid the Defendants approximately \$91,756, this would include the purchase price for the property of \$69,000 and an incidental overpayment in the amount of approximately \$22,756.
- 47. The Plaintiff contacted the Defendants and informed the Defendants the Plaintiff had calculated paying the Defendants a total of approximately \$91,756 and requested the Defendants performance in accordance with the contract.
- 48. The Defendants refused to perform in accordance with the contract and therefore had breach the contract.
- 49. Plaintiff had satisfied the purchase price of \$69,000 for the property and fulfilled the Plaintiffs obligations to the contract; therefore, the Plaintiff ceased making any further payments to the Defendants.
- 50. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that on or about November 01, 2015, when the Defendants did not receive a monthly payment from the Plaintiff the Defendants filed for summary eviction.
- 51. On or about November 23, 2015 the Defendants had the Plaintiff served with a Five-Day Notice to Pay Rent or Quit.
 - 52. On or about December 02, 2015, the Defendants had the Plaintiff served with

another Five-Day Notice to Pay Rent or Quit

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- 53. The Plaintiff filed its answer to the Defendants Five-Day Notices and a hearing was scheduled for Summary Eviction on December 14, 2015.
- 54. On or about December 14, 2015, the Plaintiff appeared in Court for a Summary Eviction hearing as the Tenant and the Defendant Victoria Halsey appeared as the Landlord.
- 55. After being sworn in, while under oath, the Defendant Victoria Halsey testified that the Plaintiff was purchasing the property and had paid an extra \$100 each month for the first 2 years for the down payment. This is confirmed by a copy of the official court minutes attached hereto as *EXHIBIT "C"* and is incorporate herein by this reference.
- 56. The Defendant Victoria Halsey also testified the Plaintiff did not have a signed contract to purchase the property.
- 57. The Plaintiff testified there was a signed contract, an informal contract, but still a contract, with the Defendants, the Plaintiff provided a copy of the Plaintiff's contract with the Defendants, to the Judicial Officer as evidence to support the Plaintiff's testimony. SEE EXHIBIT "C" & "A"
- 58. The Defendant Victoria Halsey further testified that the Defendants offered a formal typed contract to the Plaintiff and the Plaintiff refused to sign the contract; and stopped making payments. When the Plaintiff stopping making payments, the Plaintiffs purchase payments were then reverted to rent
- 59. The Court found that issues where not appropriate to be adjudicated in a hearing for Summary Eviction. The Court found this was not a Landlord /Tenant issue, that the tenant (Plaintiff Thomas Walker) has an interest in the real property. The Court denied the Summary Eviction.
- 60. On or about February 04, 2016 The Defendants had the Plaintiff served with another Five-Day Notice to Pay Rent or Quit.

- 61. The Plaintiff answered the Defendants Five-Day Notice to Pay Rent or Quit, and a hearing was scheduled for Summary Eviction on or about March 02, 2016.
- 62. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the Defendants after failing to obtain an Order for Summary Eviction against the Plaintiff during the previous hearing on December 14, 2005, the Defendants attempted to conceal the title for the property, from the Courts and the Plaintiff.
- 63. On or about February 11, 2016 the Defendant Floyd Grimes fraudulently conveyed the property to the WBG Trust.
- 64. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the WBG Trust is also known as the Wayne and Betty Grimes Trust. The Trustees designated to administer the Trust are the Defendants Floyd Grimes and Defendant Elizabeth Grimes.
- 65. On or about March 02, 2016 the Plaintiff appeared in Court as the Tenant and the Defendant Floyd Grimes appeared as the Landlord in a hearing for Summary Eviction.
- 66. After being sworn in and under oath the Defendant Floyd Grimes testified the purchase price for the property was \$69,000 but that the Plaintiff would not sign the contract.
- 67. Plaintiff testified there was a contract between the Plaintiff and the Defendant and that the Plaintiff had already paid the purchase price for the property; however the Defendant presented a typed contract years later which the Plaintiff did refuse to sign because was modified from the original contract.
- 68. The Court ruled it agreed with the Courts previous decisions. That the matter is not proper for Summary Eviction and denied the Summary Eviction
- 69. The Plaintiff contacted the Defendant Floyd Grimes after the March 02, 2016 hearing and offered to forfeit the incidental overpayment of approximately \$22,756 and would pay an additional \$5,000 to the Defendant Floyd Grimes in return for the title to the property.
 - 70. The Defendant Floyd Grimes refused the Plaintiff's offer and told the Plaintiff it

should just sign the typed contract.

- 71. On or about April 27, 2017 the Defendants served the Plaintiff with a Thirty-Day "No Cause" Notice.
- 72. On or about June 08, 2017 the Defendant Floyd Grimes contacted the North Las Vegas Water Utility (hereinafter "the Water Utility"), which is the entity that provides water service to the property, and informed the Water Utility that there "is a squatter living at the property" and to disconnect the water service.
 - 73. The Water Utility then disconnected the water service to the property.
- 74. On or about June 13, 2017 the Defendants had the Plaintiff served with a Five-Day Notice of Unlawful Detainer.
- 75. The Plaintiff filed its answer to the Defendants Notice and a hearing was scheduled for June 29, 2017.
- 76. On or about June 29, 2017 the Plaintiff appeared in Court as the Tenant and the Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey appeared as the Landlord in a hearing for Summary Eviction.
- 77. After being sworn in and under oath the Defendants testified the Plaintiff stopped making payments to purchase the property and refused to sign the purchase and sale contract Defendants had offered it to the Plaintiff.
- 78. The Plaintiff testified it had a contract to purchase the property and had already paid approximately \$95,000 to the Defendants, and that the Plaintiff had refused to sign the typed purchase and sale contract because the Defendants had modified without notice or approval of the Plaintiff.
- 79. The Defendant Floyd Grimes testified that the Plaintiff had not paid for the purchase price of the property because the purchase price was financed by Defendant Floyd Grimes and was a hard money loan, and the Plaintiff had not paid the loan off.

- 80. The Plaintiff testified the purchase price was said to be inclusive of tax and interest and it had already paid approximately \$95,000 for the property.
- 81. The Judicial Officer asked the Defendants how much the tenant (Plaintiff Thomas Walker) had paid for the property.
- 82. The Defendant Halsey filed through her paperwork and calculated a total, then answered the Judicial Officer by testifying the Plaintiff had paid \$54,118; however that did not include the first 2 years of payments, testifying further that her books that contained the Plaintiffs first 2 years of payment was gone. It had been lost after the death of Defendants late husband.
- 83. The Plaintiff testified the Defendants had also disconnected the water service to the property.
- 84. The Judicial Officer told the Defendants specifically Defendant Floyd Grimes, "Mr. Grimes, if you know there is an occupant at the property you cannot deprive someone of water service to try and force them off the property"
- 85. Defendant Floyd Grimes asked the Judicial Officer "Is that an Order of the Court?"
 - 86. The Judicial Officer replied "no, it is not an order of the Court"
- 87. The finding of the Court was that the matter was not proper for Summary Eviction, there are far too many issues and Summary Evictions was not the appropriate Court for the adjudication of those issues. The Judicial Officer told the Defendants to "stop filing for Summary Evictions, you are only going to keep getting the same results. You must file a complaint for formal eviction if you want to have the issues resolved". The Court denied the Summary Eviction.
- 88. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that during the following months the Plaintiff made numerous call to the Water Utility requesting water service. The representatives would have the Plaintiff wait and would contact Defendant Floyd Grimes to get

authorization to restore water service.

- 89. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Defendant refuse to grant permission to the Water Utility to restore the water service to the property. The Defendant instructed the Water Utility to notify the Plaintiff to sign the contract if it wanted the water service; otherwise the Water Utility was not allowed to restore the water service.
- 90. The representatives with the Water Utility would not even allow the Plaintiff to pay the past due balance and told the Plaintiff, if it wanted the water turned back on it should sign the Defendants contract, otherwise the Water Utility could not reconnect the water service without a valid lease agreement, a Court Order or the owner's consent.
- 91. On or about October 04, 2017 the Plaintiff mailed the Defendants written notice of the Defendants breach of contract, requesting the Defendant remedy the breach and return compliance with the contract.
- 92. On or about October 04, 2017 the Plaintiff also mailed the Defendants a demand letter for the conveyance of the property and the return of the Plaintiff's incidental overpayment of approximately \$25,000.
- 93. On or about October 17, 2017 the Defendants had the Plaintiff served with another Notice of Unlawful Detainer.
- 94. The Plaintiff filed its answer and a Court hearing was scheduled for on or about November, 2017.
- 95. On or about November, 2017 the Plaintiff appearing as the Tenant and the Defendants Floyd Grimes, Victoria Halsey and Elizabeth Grimes appeared in Court as the landlord.
- 96. The Court upheld the ruling of the previous 3 Summary Eviction hearing and denied the Summary Eviction.
 - 97. Beginning February 01, 2005 to the present day the Plaintiff has paid the property

- 98. The extreme and outrageous actions of the Defendants disconnecting and ordering the water service remain disconnected until the Plaintiff sign their contract have caused the Plaintiff to feel humiliated and degraded and is oppressive of the Plaintiff's right to public water.
- 99. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the Defendants actions of malice are without regard and remorse and have been intentionally to cause the Plaintiff extreme emotional distress that will force the Plaintiff to leave the property.
- 100. The Plaintiff attempted to hire a lawyer for representation and to help resolve these matters, and could not find a lawyer that was willing to represent the Plaintiff, therefor the Plaintiff began preparing to represent himself in the matter.
- 101. On or about May 25, 2018 Plaintiff, by way of registered mail, return receipt requested, mailed a Demand Letter to Defendant Floyd Grimes, demanding, the Defendant convey the title for the property to the Plaintiff, return the Plaintiff's overpayment in the amount of \$22,756 and failing to respond to the Plaintiff will result in a law suit being filed in Court against the Defendants
- 102. On or about June 23, 2018 Plaintiff, by way of registered mail, return receipt requested, mailed a Demand Letter to Defendant Victoria Halsey, demanding, the Defendants convey the title for the property to the Plaintiff, return the Plaintiff's overpayment in the amount of \$22,756 and failing to respond to the Plaintiff will result in a law suit being filed in Court against the Defendants
- 103. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Defendants failed to respond and the Plaintiff began preparing this Verified Complaint.
- 104. On or about September 05, 2018 while researching information needed to prepare this Verified Complaint the Plaintiff discovered the Defendants sold the property for a second

1 time. 2 On or about August 13, 2018, an insider, identified as the Defendant Jalee 105. 3 Arnone, a tenant residing at 4304 Thicket Avenue, North Las Vegas, Nevada, 89031, owned by 4 Defendant Floyd Grimes, executed a Quit Claim Deed by recording in the office of the Clark 5 County Recorder, a Quit Claim Deed for \$15,000, for the sale of the property located at 6253 6 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 legally known as. 7 106. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Quit Claim 8 Deed for the amount of \$15,000 is for the property which is subject of this action and is signed 9 by Defendant Floyd Grimes, Defendant Elizabeth Grimes and Defendant Jalee Arnone, is part of 10 a civil conspiracy to remove the Plaintiff from the property. 11 107. The Plaintiff, is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Plaintiff can 12 prove the allegations contained in this complaint and shall do so in trial. The Plaintiff having 13 endured the extreme and outrageous actions of the Defendants; therefore, brings forth and files 14 the Plaintiffs Verified Compliant for causes of action 15 16 FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION INJUNCTIVE RELIEF Violation of Nevada Revised Statutes 205.365 17 (Order to Set Aside Fraudulent Conveyance) 18 (Against All Defendants) 19 20 Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 107, as though 108. fully set forth at length herein. 21 22 109. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Defendant

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Floyd Grimes sold the property located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada

89156 legally described as SUNRISE TRLR EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT

27 BLOCK 1, Parcel number 140-15-414-070 (hereinafter "property", subject of this action,

twice.

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110. The Defendant Floyd Grimes with the assistance of Defendant Victoria Halsey, sold the above-described property, for the first time, to the Plaintiff Thomas Walker, on January 15, 2005

- 111. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey sold the same, above-described property, for the second time to Defendant Jalee Arnone, on August 13, 2018.
- 112. Defendants Floyd Grimes and Defendants Victoria Halsey's actions are within the meaning prescribed in NRS 205.365 and therefore violates this section of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

NRS 205.365 Fraudulently selling real estate twice

A person, after once selling, bartering or disposing of any tract of land, town lot, or executing any bond or agreement for the sale of any land or town lot, who again, knowingly and fraudulently, sells, barters or disposes of the same tract of land or lot, or any part thereof, or knowingly and fraudulently executes any bond or agreement to sell, barter or dispose of the same land or lot, or any part thereof, to any other person, for a valuable consideration, shall be punished:

- 1. Where the value of the property involved is \$650 or more, for a category C felony as provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the person to pay restitution.
- 113. The course of conduct described herein, is unlawful and is appropriate for an injunction by this Court.
- 114. As all real estate is unique in Nevada, Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law, and is therefore entitled to have the Court order the property to be re-conveyed to the Plaintiff.
- 115. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that it is plausible that the Plaintiff will prevail on the remainder of the Plaintiff's claims.
- 116. The sale of the above-described property, twice, violates the Nevada Revised

 Statute and is unlawful, therefore the sale of the property is invalid, and the Plaintiff is entitled to

an Order that the sale should be set aside, and, ordering that it be set aside, and further, to the extent necessary, enjoining and requiring Defendants to unwind the sale transaction, re-deed the "property" to the Plaintiff, and to take such further action as may be required to return ownership of the "property" to the Plaintiff Thomas Walker.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION DECLERATORY RELIEF

(AS TO DEFENDANTS FLOYD GRIMES, ELIZABETH GRIMES, WBG TRUST, VICTORIA HALSEY, JALEE ARNONE, PETER ARNONE; ALL PERSONS UNKNOWN, CLAIMING ANY LEGAL OR EQUITABLE RIGHT, TITLE, ESTATE, LIEN, OR INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN THE VERIFIED COMPLAINT ADVERSE TO PLAINTIFFS' TITLE, OR ANY CLOUD ON PLAINTIFFS' TITLE THERETO; AND DOES 1 THROUGH 20; AND ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 THROUGH 50)

- 117. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 116, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 118. The Plaintiff contends it entered into a contract with the Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey on January 15, 2005, to purchase the property, subject of this action for the purchase price of \$69,000. On or about October 2015, at which time the Plaintiff notified the Defendants it had paid approximately \$91,756, and was no longer making any more payments to the Defendants for the property and demanded the Defendants convey the title for the property in accordance with the contract. The Defendants refused to comply with the contract.
- 119. Whereas, the Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey dispute the Plaintiff's contention and contend the Defendants revert the Plaintiff's purchase payments to rent payments when the Plaintiff stopped making payments in October 2015, so the Plaintiff's purchase payments were all then rent payments, amending the purchase contract to a lease agreement. On or about December 14, 2015, during a Summary Eviction hearing the Defendant Halsey testified to this fact.

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- Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 122, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 124. On or about October 2015, the Plaintiff discovered it had paid the Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey approximately \$91,756. This was the purchase price for the property of \$69,000 plus an incidental overpayment of \$22,756. At which time the Plaintiff contacted the Defendants and demanded the Defendants convey the title for the property to the Plaintiff Thomas Walker, in accordance with the party's contract.
- 125. Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey refused to convey the title for the property to the Plaintiff, but attempted to evict the Plaintiff from the property. The Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey, unable to obtain a Court Order for Summary Eviction against the Plaintiff, then sold the property, to a third party, an insider, identified as the Defendant Jalee Arnone. The Defendants acted in conspiracy and with the intent to purposefully

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133.

fully set forth at length herein.

Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 132, as though

NRS 205.365 Fraudulently selling real estate twice A person, after once selling, bartering or disp town lot, or executing any bond or agreement

A person, after once selling, bartering or disposing of any tract of land, town lot, or executing any bond or agreement for the sale of any land or town lot, who again, knowingly and fraudulently, sells, barters or disposes of the same tract of land or lot, or any part thereof, or knowingly and fraudulently executes any bond or agreement to sell, barter or dispose of the same land or lot, or any part thereof, to any other person, for a valuable consideration, shall be punished:

- 1. Where the value of the property involved is \$650 or more, for a category C felony as provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the person to pay restitution.
- 143. The course of conduct described herein, is unlawful is appropriate for a declaration by this Court.
- 144. By virtue of the Defendant's undertaking such unlawful conduct, at the expense of the Plaintiff, the Plaintiff is entitled, against all Defendants, to such relief as the Court deems proper, including but not limited to declaratory relief, injunctive relief, and the cost and expenses of this action.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION BREACH OF CONTRACT

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

- 145. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 144, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 146. On or about January 15, 2005 Plaintiff entered into a contract with Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey to purchase the property for a purchase price of \$69,000.
 - 147. Defendant was to convey title to the property upon payment of the purchase price.
- 148. The Plaintiff paid the purchase price. This is confirmed, by the combined testimony of the Defendant Halsey in open Court, on December 14, 2015 and June 29, 2017.

149. Defendant Halsey sworn in, under oath, testified the Plaintiff paid an extra \$100

for the down payment, this would mean the Plaintiff paid \$20,000 during the first 2 years.

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- 150. Defendant Halsey later testified the Plaintiff paid \$54,118; however, this amount in not inclusive of the payments received from Thomas Walker during the first 2 years, because Defendant Halsey lost her books which contained the accounting for the first 2 years of payments received from Thomas Walker, sometime after the loss of her late husband Bruce Halsey.
- 151. The Defendant Halsey in her combined testimony, testified the Plaintiff paid the Defendants \$74,118; therefore, Defendant Halsey testified the Plaintiff paid the purchase price for the property.
- 152. Defendant Floyd Grimes owed a duty to perform its obligations to the contract and refused to convey title for the property to the Plaintiff after receiving payment of the purchase price. The Defendant Floyd Grimes actions constitute a material breach of Defendants contract with the Plaintiff.
- 153. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey actions of breach the contract, Plaintiff Thomas Walker has suffered and will continue to suffer direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in an excess of \$15,000

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION BREACH OF CONTRACT (Tort)

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

- 154. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 153, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 155. On or about January 15, 2005 Plaintiff entered into a contract with Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey to purchase the property for a purchase price of \$69,000.

- 156. Defendant was to convey title to the property upon payment of the purchase price.
- 157. The Plaintiff paid the purchase price. This is confirmed, by the combined testimony of the Defendant Halsey in open Court, on December 14, 2015 and June 29, 2017.
- 158. Defendant Halsey sworn in, under oath, testified the Plaintiff paid an extra \$100 for the down payment, this would mean the Plaintiff paid \$20,000 during the first 2 years.
- 159. Defendant Halsey later testified the Plaintiff paid \$54,118; however, this amount in not inclusive of the payments received from Thomas Walker during the first 2 years, because Defendant Halsey lost her books which contained the accounting for the first 2 years of payments received from Thomas Walker, sometime after the loss of her late husband Bruce Halsey.
- 160. The Defendant Halsey in her combined testimony, testified the Plaintiff paid the Defendants \$74,118; therefore, Defendant Halsey testified the Plaintiff paid the purchase price for the property.
- 161. Defendant Floyd Grimes owed a duty to perform its obligations to the contract and refused to convey title for the property to the Plaintiff after receiving payment of the purchase price. The Defendant Floyd Grimes actions constitute a material breach of Defendants contract with the Plaintiff.
- 162. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey actions of breach the contract, Plaintiff Thomas Walker has suffered and will continue to suffer from the Defendants breach of contract and is entitled to an award of compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in an excess of \$91,756
- 163. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others

similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION SLANDER OF TITLE

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes, WBG Trust and Victoria Halsey)

- 164. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 163, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 165. The Defendant Floyd Grimes slandered the title to the Plaintiffs property intentionally and without justification when the Defendant transferred the title for the property to the WBG Trust and recorded the transfer with the Clark County recorder, making the deed public.
- 166. The Defendants knew that the North Las Vegas Water Utility would act in reliance on the deed causing the Plaintiff to suffer a loss of water service to the property and loss of the Plaintiffs right to the use of public utilities.
- 167. The North Las Vegas Water Utility did in fact act in reliance of the deed when it refused to connect or provide water service to the property due to the recorded ownership of the deed and the deed not naming the Plaintiff as owner.
- 168. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants publicly recording the deed has induced, directly caused, and proximately caused the North Las Vegas Water Utility to refuse the Plaintiff water service to the property, destroying the Plaintiff benefits of the property, the enjoyments of the property and the Plaintiff's possessory interest in the property.
- 169. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants actions of slandering the title to the property the Plaintiff has suffered diminution to the value of the plaintiff's interest in the property, diminution in the value of the title, and diminution of the value and condition of the property and direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial but in any event in excess of \$15,000.

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170. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

NINETH CAUSE OF ACTION SLANDER

(Against Defendants Jalee Arnone, Floyd Grimes Elizabeth Grimes, WBG Trust and Victoria Halsey)

- 171. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 170, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 172. The Defendant Jalee Arnone accepted a Quit Claim Deed which transferred the title for the property from the WBG Trust, the Wayne and Betty Grimes Trust, to Defendant Jalee Arnone, which the Defendant Jalee Arnone then recorded the transfer with the Clark County recorder, making the deed public.
- 173. The Defendant Jalee Arnone knew or should have reasonably known of the property dispute between the Defendant Floyd Grimes and the Plaintiff and that the Plaintiff was the rightful owner of the property.
- 174. The Defendants knew that the Water Utility would act in reliance on the deed causing the Plaintiff to suffer a loss.
- 175. The Water Utility did in fact act in reliance of the deed when it refused to connect or provide water service to the property after checking the property owner information when the Plaintiff paid the balance of approximately \$360 to have the water service restored to the property.
- 176. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants actions which slander the title to the property the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial but in any event in excess of \$15,000.

177. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION NUISANCE

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes, Victoria Halsey and Jalee Arnone)

- 178. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 177, as though fully set forth at length herein
- 179. The Defendant have unreasonably and unlawfully used its' possession of its own title for the property to substantially interfere with the property belonging to Plaintiff. Defendants have substantially interfered with the Plaintiff's enjoyments of its own property, and therefore have acted as a nuisance.
- 180. On or about June 08, 2016 the Defendant Floyd Grimes contacted the North as Vegas Water Utility and unlawfully caused the water service to be disconnected. Using the Defendants possession of the title has caused temporary and permanent injury to the Plaintiff's property that cannot be remediated without extensive rehabilitation. The dead grass drove insects into the mobile homes. Overgrown and dying trees and bushes attracted rats and other rodents into the neighborhood. The Plaintiff has been cited on several occasions for violations of municipal ordinances and is without the ability to rehabilitate the property.
- 181. Because of the extensive temporary and permanent damages caused to the property of the Plaintiff, the Plaintiff has suffered diminution of value of its home, loss of enjoyment of its home and mental anguish.
- 182. The Defendants actions are within the meaning of NRS 40.140 and therefore violates this section of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

that Summary Eviction would not remedy or resolve the issues between the Plaintiff and the

Defendants.

191. The Defendants ignored the Justices of the piece, instructions to the Defendants, not to file again for Summary Eviction, and without any respect for the Judicial Officers instructions, the Defendants filed two more times thereafter for Summary Eviction against the Plaintiff Thomas Walker...

- 192. The Defendant's owed a duty to the Plaintiff to use the judicial process to resolve the issues, and not to abuse, while attempting to wrongfully evict the Plaintiff from the property it purchased, or to abuse while attempting to violate the Plaintiff's protected rights to the property, or for the Defendants to abuse while attempting to violating the laws of the State of Nevada..
- 193. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendant Grimes and Halsey's actions of abused of process the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest
- 194. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct

TWELVTH CAUSE OF ACTION FRAUDULENT INDUCEMENT

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

- 195. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 194, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 196. On or about January 15, 2005 the Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey were asked by the Plaintiff, "are the tax and interest included", in which they falsely and fraudulently represented the tax, interest and down payment were included in the purchase price

of \$69,000. As of January 15, 2005 the Defendants knew they intended for the Plaintiff to pay payments of \$677 which was the purchase price of \$69,000 at 11% annual interest for 30 comprised with tax to be withheld and paid by the seller as computed by an amortized loan calculator.

- 197. The Defendants representation regarding the purchase price for the property, was patently false. The true facts were the Defendants had already intended to charge 11% interest annually for 30 years on the \$69,000 purchase price, and for the Plaintiff to pay the Defendants \$677 monthly for 30 years; however, the Defendants intended not to disclose this fact to the Plaintiff until years later, once the Plaintiff had invested so much money that it would be obligated to agree to the Defendants terms, no matter how outrageous, otherwise suffer the loss of the Plaintiffs investment or the property, or both the Plaintiff investment and the property.
- 198. Defendants and each of them, at all times mentioned herein, knew this representation of the purchase price to be false and made this false representation with the intent to cause the Plaintiff to rely on it and to deceive the Plaintiff and induce the Plaintiff to accept the Defendants offer to purchase the property. Specifically, Defendants made false statements to the Plaintiff to induce the Plaintiff to enter into a purchase and sale land installment contract, to purchase the Defendant Floyd Grimes property, commonly known as: 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89156, legal description: SUNRISE TRLR EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK 1, Parcel number 140-15-414-070, including tax, interest and down payment of \$2500 for a total sum of \$69,000.
- 199. The Plaintiff believed and relied on this false representation and was thereby induced to make its initial investment and accept the Defendants offer, purchasing the above-described property and paid the Defendants a sum of no less than \$91,756. Had it not been for the Defendants false misrepresentations, the Plaintiff would not have entered into a contract with the Defendants.

	200.	As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants intentional aforesaid fraudulen
misrep	resentat	ion the Plaintiff has suffered direct, proximate and consequential damages all in
an am	ount to	be determined at trial, but in any event, in an amount in excess of \$15,000, plus
prejud	gment is	nterest.

201. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct

THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes, Victoria Halsey and Jalee Arnone)

- 202. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 201, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 203. On or about August 13, 2018 the Defendant's Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes, acting as Trustees of the WBG Trust, conveyed the property, purchased by the Plaintiff, to Defendant Jalee Arnone.
- 204. The Defendants withheld the conveyance of the property from the Plaintiff for the purpose of committing fraud against the Plaintiff.
- 205. The Defendant owed a duty to the Plaintiff to disclose the conveyance of the property to the Plaintiff to obey the laws of the State of Nevada in the County of Clark and by failing to do so have acted within the means of fraudulent concealment.
- 206. as a direct and proximate result of the Defendants actions of fraudulent concealment. The Plaintiff Thomas Walker has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest

207. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

FOURTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION FRAUDULENT TRANSFER

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

- 208. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 207, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 209. On February 11, 2016 Defendant Grimes transferred the "property" to the WBG Trust, also known as the Wayne and Betty Grimes Trust, which is administered by the Trustees Defendants Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes.
- 210. The Defendant Grimes transferred the "property" that was owed to the Plaintiff with the intention of committing fraud against the Plaintiff.
- 211. The Defendant Grimes had received payment from the Plaintiff of approximately \$91,756 for the purchase of the property, which the Defendant Grimes has retained for his own unjust benefit; however the Plaintiff did not receive conveyance of the title or any reasonable equivalent value in exchange for the transfer.
- 212. Defendant Grimes knew a lawsuit for the property was plausible and could potentially result in an award for damages, an award of the property, or an award of both the property and damages, in favor of the Plaintiff was plausible as well.
- 213. The Defendant owed a duty to the Plaintiff to obey the laws of the State of Nevada, in the County of Clark, and for failing to do so has acted within the means of a fraudulent transfer.
 - 214. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants actions of fraudulent transfer

the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest

215. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct

FIFTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION CONVERSION

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

- 216. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 215, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 217. On or about June 08, 2017 the Defendant Grimes contacted the North Las Vegas Water Utility and without knowledge or consent of the Plaintiff, Defendant Grimes asserted dominion over the title to the property and terminated the water service to the property.
- 218. The Defendants actions were in derogation, exclusion and defiance of the Plaintiff's rights.
- 219. The Defendant owed a duty to the Plaintiff to obey the laws of the State of Nevada, in the County of Clark and by unlawfully asserting dominion over the title to the property and oppressing the Plaintiff of its right to the supply and usage of the essential service, depriving the Plaintiff of water service has acted within the means of conversion.
- 220. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendant Floyd Grimes acts of conversion as stated above, the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest.
 - 221. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression,

 fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

SIXTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION UNJUST ENRICHMENT-Quantum Meruit-

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

- 222. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 221, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 223. On or about January 15, 2005 the Plaintiff purchased the property from Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey for a purchase price of \$69,000. The Plaintiff paid the defendants \$95,756, the purchase price and an incidental overpayment \$22,756. The Defendant's accepted and retained the payment of the Plaintiff's and the title to the property.
- 224. It is inequitable for the Defendants to retain the benefits of the Plaintiff's payment of and the title to the property without payment of value for the same and in doing so, the Defendants have been unjustly enriched.
- 225. The Defendants owed a duty to the Plaintiff to convey the title for the property to the Plaintiff and to return the Plaintiff's incidental over payment in the amount of approximately \$22,756, and for failing to do so the Defendants have been unjustly enriched.
- 226. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendant Grimes and Halsey's unjust enrichment, the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$95,756, plus prejudgment interest
- 227. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

SEVENTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION CONVERSION

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes, Victoria Halsey and Jalee Arnone)

- 228. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 227, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 229. On or about August 13, 2018, the Defendants intentionally, by use of Quit Claim Deed, conveyed the property, purchased by the Plaintiff, paying the Defendant approximately \$91,756, to an insider, identified as the Defendant Jalee Arnone.
- 230. Defendants Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes, Trustees of the WBG Trust, exerted dominion over the property, and such acts of the Defendants have been committed in denial of the Plaintiff's use and enjoyment of the property and were committed in derogation, exclusion and defiance of Plaintiff rights to the property.
- 231. The Defendant owed a duty to the Plaintiff to obey the laws of the State of Nevada, in the County of Clark and by failing to do so acted within the means of conversion.
- 232. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendant acts of conversion the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest.
- 233. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct

EIGHTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

234. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 233, as though

fully set forth at length herein.

235. Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey extreme and outrageous conduct has been with the intent of causing and has caused the Plaintiff extreme emotional distress.

- 236. On or about June 08, 2017 the Defendants acting with reckless disregard for the Plaintiff, The Defendant's extreme and outrageous conduct of contacting the North Las Vegas Water Utility and disconnecting the water service to the Plaintiff's property acted with malice and instructed the North Las Vegas Water Utility not to restore the water service for the Plaintiff.
- 237. The Defendants egregious, extreme and outrageous conduct acted with malice.

 The Defendants intent was to deprive the Plaintiff of water, causing the Plaintiff to suffer severe emotional distress, in an attempt to force the Plaintiff from the property.
- 238. The Defendants extreme and outrageous conduct, acting with reckless disregard, has caused the Plaintiff humiliation, embarrassment, and to feel degraded, both privately and publicly.
- 239. The Plaintiff has suffered the embarrassment of carrying buckets and coolers full of water, up the street and onto the property while the neighbors watch, just to maintain the sewer and plumbing systems to the property in working order, and to bathed and washed dishes, which the Plaintiff has had to do out of buckets of water. The Plaintiff has endured the summer heat through 2 out of 5 of the hottest summer, on record, in Las Vegas.
- 240. The Plaintiff continues to suffer these humiliations, including but not limited, to the loss of the use and of enjoyment of the property, the financial loss for having to go to the laundry mat to wash clothes every week.
- 241. The Defendants have actions include acting in disregard for the judicial instructions of a Judicial Officer. The Defendants in a hearing for Summary Eviction on June 29, 2017, were instructed by the Honorable Judge Holly S. Stoberski to reconnect the water service, notifying the Defendants if they know there is an occupant at the property they cannot disconnect

the water service in an attempt to force them off the property. The Defendants asked the honorable Judge Stoberski, if that was an order of the Court. The honorable Judge Stoberski, after already ruling the Summary Eviction Court was not the proper Court for adjudicating the Plaintiff and the Defendants issues, responded to the Defendants, "No" it was not an order of the court. The honorable Judge Stoberski not issuing an order for the Defendant's to reconnect service; the Defendants disrespectfully ignored the Judges instructions to reconnect the water.

- 242. The Defendants owed a duty to obey the laws of the State of Nevada and by the Defendants extreme and outrageous acts of malice to deprive the Plaintiff of water service, with the intent to cause the Plaintiff to suffer extreme emotional distress has failed to obey the laws in the State of Nevada, in the County of Clark.
- 243. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendant Extreme and outrageous actions have caused and will continue to cause the Plaintiff to suffer extreme emotional distress the plaintiff is entitled to compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest.
- 244. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

NINETEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION CIVIL CONSPIRACY

(Against All Defendants)

- 245. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 244, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 246. Defendant Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes Victoria Halsey, Jalee Arnone and Peter Arnone conspired together with one another, against the Plaintiff, to unlawfully transfer the

property, by use of a Quit Claim Deed, from the WBG Trust, to Defendant Jalee Arnone, to further oppress the constitutionally protected rights of the Plaintiff, further deprive the Plaintiff of the use and enjoyments of the property and to commit fraud against the Plaintiff.

- 247. The Defendants committed and caused to be recorded in the Office of the Clark County Recorder the Quit Claim Deed for the property for the unlawful fraudulent transfer of the property on August 13, 2018.
- 248. The Defendants owed a duty to the Plaintiff to not to conspire to commit fraud against the Plaintiff and to obey the laws in the State of Nevada, County of Clark and failing to do so, the Defendants have acted in civil conspiracy to commit fraud against the Plaintiff.
- 249. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants civil conspiracy the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000 plus prejudgment interest.
- 250. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

TWENTIETH CAUSE OF ACTION UNJUST ENRICHMENT

(Against Defendant Floyd Grimes, Victoria Halsey and Jalee Arnone)

- 251. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 250, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 252. Defendants Jalee Arnone, accepted and received a fraudulent transfer of the title to the property by use of a Quit Claim Deed, knowingly that the transfer was fraudulent.
- 253. Defendant Jalee Arnone had knowledge or should have known that the property had been previously purchased by the Plaintiff and therefore, rightfully belonged to the Plaintiff.

	254.	The Defendant Jalee Arnone accepted conveyance of the title for the property and
has r	etained th	be benefit of the title to the property under circumstances where it is unequitable for
the I	Defendant	Jalee Arnone to retain the benefit of the property, rightfully belonging to the
Plain	tiff.	

- 255. There Plaintiff did not offer to sell the property to the Plaintiff and there is no contract that exists between the Plaintiff and the Defendant Jalee Arnone that confers the Defendant the right to possess the property.
- 256. The Plaintiff paid approximately \$91,756 for the title to the property, while the Defendant Jalee Arnone retains the benefit of the title to the property without payment of value for the same in exchange.
- 257. The principles of justice, equity and good conscience require that the title to such property be returned to the Plaintiff.
- 258. The Defendant Jalee Arnone owes a duty to act in good conscience with the principals of justice and equity and to return the title for the property to the Plaintiff and for failing to do has been unjustly enriched.
- 259. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendant Jalee Arnone actions of unjust enrichment, the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest
- 260. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

TWENTY-FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FRAUDULENT CONVEYANCE

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes, Victoria Halsey and Jalee Arnone)

261. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 260, as though fully set forth at length herein.

- 262. On or about the last week of May 2018 and again the last week in June 2018, the Defendant's Grimes and Halsey were sent Demand Letters from the Plaintiff, demanding the Defendants convey the title to the "property" and remedy their breach of contract. This is confirmed by a copy of the Plaintiff's Demand Letters are attached hereto as Exhibit "R" and is incorporate herein by this reference.
- 263. The Defendants Grimes and Halsey received the Plaintiff's demand Letters. This is confirmed by the return receipt from the United States Post Office. A copy of the return receipt is attached hereto as Exhibit "S" and is incorporate herein by this reference.
- 264. The Defendant's Grimes and Halsey knew or should have reasonably known that a law suit for the property would be plausible when neither Defendant responded to the Plaintiff's demand letters.
- 265. The Plaintiff's demand letters specifically stated failure to respond will result in a law suit being filed against you.
- 266. The Defendant's Grimes and Halsey failing to respond to the demand letters conveyed the title to the "property" to Jalee Arnone.
- 267. The Defendant Grimes and Halsey conveyed the "property", with the intent to deceive and defraud the Plaintiff and has violated the Plaintiff's protected rights under the Nevada Revised Statute. Specifically N.R.S. 205.365
- 268. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants Grimes and Halsey's actions of fraudulent conveyance of the "property" to Jalee Arnone the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest

- 269. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct
- 270. As a result of the acts and omissions of the Defendants, Plaintiff Thomas Walker has been compelled to incur legal fees for the prosecution of Plaintiff's interests.

TWENTY-SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION DECEPTIVE TRADE PRACTICE

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

- 271. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 270, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 272. Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Halsey in the course of business engaged in deceptive trade practices in violation of the Nevada Deceptive Trade Practice Act in that it used deceptive practices and/or misrepresentations or omissions in the course as the seller in a land sale installment contract that failed to record the sale of the land sale installment contract within 30 days after receiving the buyers first payment, pay the tax on the land sale installment contract, or include or in the land sale contract and terms that provide rights and protections to the buyer that are substantially the same as those under a foreclosure.
- 273. The Defendants Grimes and Halsey's deceptive conduct constitutes multiple violations of the Nevada Deceptive Trade Act, including but not limited to:
 - (a) NRS 598.0923 "Deceptive trade practice" defined. A person engages in a "deceptive trade practice" when in the course of his or her business or occupation he or she knowingly:
 - 1. Conducts the business or occupation without all required state, county or city licenses.
 - 2. Fails to disclose a material fact in connection with the sale or lease of goods or services.
 - 3. Violates a state or federal statute or regulation relating to the sale or lease of goods or services.

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1		4. Uses coercion, duress or intimidation in a transaction.5. As the seller in a land sale installment contract, fails to:
2		(a) Disclose in writing to the buyer:
		(1) Any encumbrance or other legal interest in the real
3		property subject to such contract; or (2) Any condition known to the seller that would affect
4		the buyer's use of such property.
	ļ	(b) Disclose the nature and extent of legal access to the real
5		property subject to such agreement.
		(c) Record the land sale installment contract pursuant to NRS
6		111.315 within 30 calendar days after the date upon which the seller accepts the first payment from the buyer under such a
7		contract.
		(d) Pay the tax imposed on the land sale installment contract
8		pursuant to chapter 375 of NRS.
		(e) Include terms in the land sale installment contract providing
9		rights and protections to the buyer that are substantially the same as those under a foreclosure pursuant to chapter 40 of NRS.
10		Ê As used in this subsection, "land sale installment contract" has the
		meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (d) of subsection 1 of NRS 375.010.
11		(Added to NRS by 1985, 2256; A 1999, 3282; 2009, 1118)
	(b)	NRS 598.0915(1) "Deceptive trade practice" defined. A person
12		engages in a "deceptive trade practice" if, in the course of his or her
13		business or occupation, he or she: 1. Knowingly passes off goods or services for sale or lease as
		those of another person.
14	(c)	NRS 598.0915(9) "Deceptive trade practice" defined. A person
_ [engages in a "deceptive trade practice" if, in the course of his or her
15		business or occupation, he or she:
16		9. Advertises goods or services with intent not to sell or lease them as advertised.
	(d)	NRS 598.0915(13) "Deceptive trade practice" defined. A person
17	,	engages in a "deceptive trade practice" if, in the course of his or her
]]		business or occupation, he or she:
18		13. Makes false or misleading statements of fact concerning the
19		price of goods or services for sale or lease, or the reasons for, existence o or amounts of price reductions.
	(e)	NRS 598.0915(14) "Deceptive trade practice" defined. A person
20	, ,	engages in a "deceptive trade practice" if, in the course of his or her
		business or occupation, he or she:
21		14. Fraudulently alters any contract, written estimate of repair,
22		written statement of charges or other document in connection with the sal or lease of goods or services.
	(f)	NRS 598.0915(15) "Deceptive trade practice" defined. A person
23		engages in a "deceptive trade practice" if, in the course of his or her
		business or occupation, he or she:
24		15. Knowingly makes any other false representation in a
25		transaction.
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- 274. In the matters alleged herein the Defendants acted in the course of its business or occupation within the meaning NRS598.0903 to 598.0999
- 275. In all requisite matters herein, the Defendants acted knowingly within the meaning NRS 598.0903 to 598.0999
- 276. In all matters alleged herein the Defendants acted willingly in violation of NRS 598.0903 et seq., as a direct and proximate result of the Defendants above-mentioned actions of engaging in deceptive trade acts and/or practices, Plaintiff suffers direct, incidental and consequential damages, all in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000

TWENTY-THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

(Against All Defendants)

- 277. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 276, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 278. Defendants Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes, Trustees of the WBG Trust, Victoria Halsey, Jalee Arnone and Peter Arnone extreme and outrageous conduct have acting with malice to deprive the Plaintiff of its protected constitutional rights to possession of the property. The Defendants have actions are reckless, and without regard or remorse, to intentionally deprive and oppress the plaintiff of the use and enjoyment of the property.
- 279. The Defendants had a duty to obey the laws in the State of Nevada, County of Clark and failing to do so have acted to cause the Plaintiff to suffer severe and extreme emotional distress,
- 280. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants extreme and outrageous actions of malice and oppression against the Plaintiff, as stated above, and for acing without regard or remorse, has caused and will continue to cause the Plaintiff to suffer severe and

1 extreme emotional distress, therefore Plaintiff is entitled to an award of compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment 2 3 interest 281. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, 4 fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled 5 6 to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others 7 similarly situated from engaging in like conduct, 8 PRAYER FOR RELIEF 9 WHEREFORE Plaintiff prays for Judgment against the Defendants and each of them as 10 follows: 11 1. An Order setting aside the fraudulent conveyance of the property; 2. Award Plaintiff such preliminary injunctive and ancillary relief as may be 12 necessary to avert the likelihood of consumer injury during the pendency of this action and to 13 14 preserve the possibility of effective final relief, including, but not limited to, a preliminary 15 injunction; 3. To the extent necessary, for an Order of Injunctive Relief requiring the 16 17 Defendants, and each of them to unwind the conveyance to Jalee Arnone, and re-Deed the 18 property to the Plaintiff Thomas Walker; 19 4. For an Order of Declaratory Relief quieting title in and to the property in the name of the Plaintiff Thomas Walker; 20 5. 21 For a declaration the Plaintiff's contract with the Defendant is a land sale 22 installment contract; 23 6. For a declaration of rights, responsibilities, and obligations of Plaintiff and 24 Defendants; 25 7. For a judgment for the Plaintiff for all statutory damages against all

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1	16. Fe	or prejudgment and post-judgment interest on all the foregoing sums at
2	the highest rate permitte	d by law;
3	17. T	reble damages pursuant to NRS 41.580 on all the forgoing sums; and
4	18. Fe	or such further other relief as the Court may deem just, proper, and
5	appropriate	
6	DATED this 7 th	day of October, 2018.
7		Pursuant to NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of Perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
8		Thomas Walker
9		Thomas Walker (signature)
10		6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89156
11		(702) 619-1256 twalkerb52@gmail.com
12		Plaintiff, In Proper Person
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VERIFICATION OF THE PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT

PLAINTIFF'S AFFIDAVIT

Under penalties of perjury, the undersigned declares that he is the Plaintiff named in the foregoing Verified Complaint and knows the contents thereof; that the pleading is true of his or her own knowledge, except as to those matters stated on information and belief, and that as to such matters he believes it to be true.

DATED this 7th day of October, 2018.

Pursuant to NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of Perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Thomas Walker

_ (signature)

Thomas Walker 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 (702) 619-1256 twalkercivil3gmail.com Plaintiff, In Proper Person

EXHIBIT "A"

(tu 15. 2005 Lecend from Town Walker # 360 (midules # 100 for repair of 5 handows) towards.

Jerst months payment on 6253 forly Mountain Call, LV. NV 89115. down payment. More in on 2/1/05. Contract well be signed at that time, our group ment provoted in Feb. to come due on march 1 2005 Bette + Wayne (home 452-2428) 201 525-2335

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EXHIBIT "B"

CONTRACT OF SALE

This contract is entered into this _____th day of February, 2005, by and between Thomas Walker, hereinafter referred to as the Buyer, and Floyd W. Grimes and Victoria Jean Halsey, hereinafter referred to as the Seller.

Whereas the Seller is the owner of that certain real estate described as

SUNRISE TRUE EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11, PAGE 83 LOT 27, BLOCK 1, more commonly known as 6253 Rocky Mountain Ave, Las Vegas, NV 89115, and the 1969 Newport Mobile Home situated thereon, Serial #51888,

And whereas, Seller desires to sell said property, and Buyer desires to purchase said property, now therefore it is mutually agreed by and between the parties as follows:

- 1. Seller, for and in consideration of the sum of \$69,000.00 to be paid as hereinafter described, does hereby agree to sell, convey and transfer to Buyer all of the Seller's right, title and interest to the above described property situated in Clark County, State of Nevada.
- 2. Buyer agrees to purchase said property for the price of \$69,000.00 to be paid as hereinafter described.
- 3. Buyer agrees to pay to the Seller for the Seller's equity, the sum of \$100 per month beginning on February 1, 2005 for 25 months until the down payment of \$2500 is paid, and to pay off the outstanding balance of \$66,500.00 at \$677.00 per month, with interest at the rate of 11% per annum, interest to begin upon execution of this contract. This payment will commence on the 15th of January, 2005. February 2005 payment is due February 15, 2005, (50% of \$677, or \$339.00) thereafter payments will be due the first of each month, until Seller's equity is fully retired, as computed by a 30 year amortization schedule.

This payment of \$677.00 is comprised of principle and interest, and one/twelfth of the annual property taxes, which will be held by the Seller and paid when due. Insurance on the mobile home will be obtained and paid for by the Buyer, and proof of insurance provided to Seller.

- 4. Buyer agrees to pay all taxes, insurance and assessments of whatever nature arise against this property after the date of execution of this agreement.
- Property is being sold as is, with no warranties expressed or implied.
- 6. The Buyer agrees that he will not transfer or assign his rights or obligations under this agreement or any interest therein, without the previous written consent obtained of the Seller, and that such assignment without consent shall render this contract null and void at the election of the Seller. Seller's equity must be paid off prior to Buyer selling or transferring the property to another party.
- This note shall contain a late charge of Ten (10) percent of the total monthly payment if any monthly

installment is more than five (5) days late. In the event of a failure of the Buyer to make any of the payments called for herein, within 15 days of the due date, or perform any of his covenants and obligations, this contract shall be subject to forfeiture and termination or foreclosure at the option of the Seller, and the Buyer shall thereby, upon exercise of this option by Notice to the Buyer, forfeit all payments made by him on this contract, and such payments shall be retained by the Seller as liquidated damages by him sustained.

- 8. The Buyer agrees to pay to the Seller all costs and expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by the Seller in any action or proceeding to which the Buyer shall be made a party by reason of being a party to this Agreement or in enforcing any of the covenants and provisions of this Agreement and such costs, expenses and attorney's fees may be included in and form a part of any judgment entered in any proceeding brought by the Seller against the Buyer on or under this Agreement.
- 9. It is expressly agreed that the remedy of forfeiture herein given to the Seller shall not be exclusive of any other remedy at law or equity.
- 10. The time of payment shall be the essence of this contract and the agreements herein contained shall inure to and be obligatory upon the heirs, executors, and administrators and assigns of the respective parties.
- 11. It is agreed that after the Buyer has paid to the Seller the full principle amount of \$69,000.00 plus interest at the rate of 11%, plus property taxes, the Seller shall deliver to the Buyer title to these premises, and will execute any and all additional instruments necessary to convey the same. Escrow only at Buyer's expense.
- 12. Buyer agrees to maintain the property in good repair and appearance.
- 13. Buyer agrees that Seller shall not be liable for, and Buyer agrees to hold Seller harmless from any damage sustained or claimed by any person whomsoever, on or off the premises as a result of any condition now existing or hereafter created or permitted to exist on said premises, unless such conditions shall arise at the specific instance and initiative of the Seller.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties he	reto have set their hands thisth day	y of February, 2005.
SELLER	BUYER	
Floyd W. Grimes	Thomas J. Walker	<u> </u>
Victoria Jean Halsey		

EXHIBIT "C"

JUSTICE COURT OF LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP

	!	COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA			
Eviction	n Tenant Answer	HEARING MINUTES		Held on: December 14, 2015 At 1:32 PM	
,	15	E026926	Wayne Gr	imes, Landlord(s)	
	Summ	ary Eviction	Thomas V	vs. /alker, Tenant(s)	
HEARD BY	: Khamsi, Bita		COURTROO	M: RJC COURTROOM 1A	
CLERK:	Angela Farris		REPORTER:		
PARTIES:	Thomas Walker, Wicky Grimes, A	Occupant, not present , Tenant, present gent, present Landlord, not present	Pro Se Pro Se		
		TOTINNAL E	NOTE C		
		JOURNAL E	INTRIES		
- Occupant,	Cathy Catalto, pres	ent.			
All parties	luly sworn in.			•	
Tenant claims he was buying the home. Tenant states the rent was \$700.00 a month but he has been paying \$800.00 a month claiming the extra \$100.00 was going towards the down payment of the home. Tenant states in 2012 he questioned the owner regarding the payoff amount on the home. Tenant states he was then told he was on a 30 year contract. Tenant provides a document signed by both parties on the date of move in showing he had made \$100.00 payment towards the down payment.					
;		e Tenant had been paying		th.	
payment.	Agent states the Tenant did pay an extra \$100.00 per month for the first couple of years to pay off the down payment. Agent states the Tenant never signed the contract to purchase the home. Agent asserts they will still offer the contract to the Tenant.				
Court ques	. 1	e will agree that there was	s a contemplated	sale of the property in this business	
		ered to the Tenant for him the purchase of the home		ent states that the monies paid by	
Court finds	that there is not a L terest of this home:	andlord/Tenant relationsh Court finds this matter is	ip in this matter. not appropriate	Court finds the Tenant has a real or Summary Eviction.	
Agent state		s a Rent to Purchase agree	ment and would	have been reverted back to a rental	

Minutes for: December 14, 2015 hearing

Page 1 of 2

PRINT DATE: 12/15/2015

2	ions the Agent if she	has this agreement in v	writing.	
Agent asser	ts she does not have	t in writing.		
Court infor	ns the Agent that th	re are too many genuin	ne issues of material fact in	this case.
Tenant clai	ns he was served wi	th two different notices	in which he had filed an a	nswer to both. (15E027469)
Court order Eviction	s case number 15E0	27469 to be denied due	to this matter not being ap	propriate for Summary
Agent asser	ts they are still offer	ing the Tenant a contra-	ct to purchase the home.	
Court infor the Tenant	ms both partiesthat t	ney can attend mediatio	n to work out a solution to	the purchase of the home by
Court ORI	ERS the Summary	 Eviction DENIED.		
UTURE H	EARINGS:			
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PRINT DATE: 12/15/2015 Page 2 of 2 Minutes for: December 14, 2015 hearing

1 2 3 4 5	ACOM THOMAS WALKER 6253 ROCKY MOUNTAIN AVENUE LAS VEGAS, NV 89156 (702) 619-1256 twalkercivil3@gmail.com Plaintiff, In Proper Person	Electronically Filed 11/6/2018 3:31 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COUR	
6	DISTRICT CO	DURT	
7	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
8			
9	THOMAS WALKER	Case No.: A-18-783375-C	
10	Plaintiff(s),	Dept. No.: XXXI	
11	VS.		
12	FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, WBG TRUST, Floyd Grimes, and Elizabeth Grimes as	TC 4 C A . Il.*4 4*	
13	Trustees, ELIZABETH GRIMES, an individual, VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY, an individual and as	(Exempt from Arbitration- Declaratory Relief	
14	the Agent of Floyd Wayne Grimes, JALEE ARNONE, an individual, and PETER ARNONE, an	Requested)	
15	individual, DOES 1 through 20, and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50, inclusive	1st A 1. 1	
16		1st Amended Verified Complaint	
17	Defendant(s).		
18	VERIFIED COMPLAINT		
19	Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER, In Proper 1	Person, hereby files the above-captioned	
20	Verified Complaint:		
21	NATURE OF TH	E ACTION	
22	This is an action for breach of contract, quiet title, and multiple other related offenses		
23	committed against the Plaintiff Thomas Walker at the hands of Defendant Floyd Grimes and		
24	Defendant Victoria Halsey. Based on a real estate cor	itract.	
25	When someone purchases a home through, a	private sale, and the seller of the property	
	1		
	Case Number: A-18-78	33375-C	
ı	63	'	

offers to finance the sale, and claims to be knowledgeable and professional in real estate and financial lending, then it should not use deceitful methods to fraudulently induce a person into an oral contract it knows is not allowed for the sale of land, then later use the lack of a formal contract as a defense to avoid a law suit for the property.

Then years later try to coerce the buyer into signing a typed contract, which is full of unconscionable terms and has been modified, without the buyers consent, for the sellers own unjust benefit and no longer properly reflects the true terms of the original contract.

When met with resistance, use strong arm tactic to try and force the buyer from the property it paid for. Filing frivolous eviction attempts and abusing the process of the justice system. Maliciously and intentionally diminishing the buyer of the quality of enjoyments of the property and without regard for the health, safety or well-being of the buyer or its residence depriving the buyer of its right to the use of essential services. Refusing to allow a citizen of this state, its right to public utilities.

Without concern, in the smallest degree, the seller forced the buyer, its residence and pets to suffer the Las Vegas heat, without water, for over a year and a half and through 2 summers. And not just any 2 summers, but 2 out of the top 5 hottest summers on record. The record breaking temperatures resulted in local residence to suffer severe dehydration and had even resulted in multiple deaths, and while the weatherman and news anchors told residence to stay indoors and stay hydrated, the seller was contacting the water company and disconnected the water service, attempting to force the buyer from the property. Going to such extremes as instructing the utility company to refuse water service to the residence. Unlawfully asserting dominion over possession of the title and depriving the buyer of public water. The seller did this, after charging the buyer for water service. Water services, the buyer had already paid for. The sellers intention was malicious and with the purpose of causing the buyer to suffer to such an extreme extent that the buyer would leave the property giving up the buyer rights to possession

of the property forfeiting nearly \$100,000.00 that it had paid, for the right to possess that property.

In 1 last desperate attempt to take away the buyer's rightful possession of the property, the seller having failed to records the sale of the property to the buyer, used the unrecorded sale to steal the property back. The self-proclaimed real estate professionals conspired with a friend that resides at another property owned by the seller, and with the assistance of this conspirator and the use of Quit Claim Deed in the amount of \$15,000, the seller then conveyed the title to the property to this individual with the intent of preventing the buyer from acquiring the title to the property and with the intent the conspirator would succeed in evicting the buyer through an unlawful detainer action.

The sellers have contested that because the buyer never signed their typed contract that they just revert all the buyers' payments as rent and that, is that. The sellers making up their own rules as they go, because they have some misconception that it would be impossible for the buyer to succeeding in a legal action for the property. The sellers and conspirators have continuously violated multiple state and federal laws, with the belief that their actions will go unpunished, and that they are free from any legal penalty. The sellers and conspirators actions are morally corrupt and are without remorse. The sellers do not believe that the buyer has proof of their actions. The buyer, however, can and will prove all that is alleges is true at trial. As this is exactly what the Defendants have done to the Plaintiff Thomas Walker.

COMES NOW the Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER, *In Proper Person*, and for causes of action against the Defendants, and each of them, complain and allege as follows:

PARTIES AND RELATED PERSONS

Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER, is and was at all times relevant to this action a
resident of the State of Nevada, County of Clark.

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- 2. Thomas Walker is a 62 year old man working in construction. Thomas Walker
- purchased the mobile home and mobile home property, legally described as a: 1969 Newport,
- 60'x20' singlewide mobile home, serial number S1888 and the mobile home property located at,
- 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89156, legally described as: SUNRISE
- TRLR EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK 1, and has maintained the
- above-described property as the Plaintiff's primary residence, for approximately 13-years,
- Thomas Walker holds a possessory interest in the mobile home and mobile home property.
- 3. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant FLOYD
- GRIMES (hereafter "Grimes) is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State
- of Nevada, County of Clark. Grimes is a private investor and is the owner of multiple properties
- throughout the City of Las Vegas and the City of North Las Vegas. Grimes is engaged in real
- estate sales and financial lending. Grimes limits these real estate sales and financial lending
- 13 practices to properties that are owned by Grimes. Using unrecorded sales and private extensions
 - of credit, Grimes is able to avoid the strict licensing requirements and regulations of the real
 - estate and banking industries, and the penalties they impose.
 - 4. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Defendant WBG
 - Trust is formally known as, Wayne and Betty Grimes Trust, and is administered by the trustees,
 - Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes. The WBG Trust was created in the State of Nevada, County
 - of Clark. WBG Trust is and was at all times relevant to this action, been recorded in the Office of
 - the Clark County Recorder, in the State of Nevada.
 - 5. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant
 - ELIZABETH GRIMES is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State of
- Nevada, County of Clark. Elizabeth Grimes is married to the Defendant Floyd Grimes and by
 - maintaining a marital union with Grimes in the State of Nevada, Elizabeth Grimes holds a
 - possessory interest in the couple's community property.

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- 6. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the Defendant VICTORIA HALSEY(hereafter "Halsey") is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State of Nevada, County of Clark. Halsey is the biological child of Floyd Grimes and serves as Grimes Agent/Personal Representative, and property manager. Halsey's name appears along with Grimes on a number of Grimes Lease Agreements and Sale and Purchase contracts.
- 7. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant JALEE ARNONE is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State of Nevada, County of Clark. Defendant Jalee Arnone has close ties to Grimes and Halsey. Jalee Arnone is a married woman and currently maintains a residence at 4304 Thicket Avenue, North Las Vegas, Nevada 89031, a property which is owned by Grimes. Jalee Arnone, by use of Quit Claim Deed, has received conveyance of the title to the property which, is subject of this action, located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89156. Jalee Arnone hold an interest in the property.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant PETER ARNONE is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State of Nevada, County of Clark, Peter Arnone is married to the Defendant Jalee Arnone and by maintaining a marital union with Jalee Arnone in the State of Nevada, Peter Arnone holds a possessory interest in the couple's community property.
- 9. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, association or otherwise, of Defendants JOHN DOES 1 through 20 and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50 are unknown to the Plaintiff, who therefor sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed and believes and therefore alleges that each of the Defendants designated as DOES or ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES is responsible in some manner for the events and occurrences referred to in this Verified Complaint, owes money to Plaintiff, and/or claims some right, title, or interest in the Property described below, that is subject of subordinate

rights, interest, and asserted ownership of the Plaintiff described herein. Plaintiff will ask leave
of Court to amend this Verified Complaint to insert the true names and capacities of DOES 1
through 20 and/or ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50, when the same have been
ascertained, and to join Defendants in this action.

JURISDICTION/VENUE

- 10. Defendant FLOYD GRIMES, ELIZABETH GRIMES, VICTORIA HALSEY, JALEE ARNONE, PETER ARNONE, and WBG TRUST and its Trustees, Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes, have each individually and in concert with one another, caused the acts and events alleged herein within the State of Nevada and all are subject to the jurisdiction of this Court. Venue is also proper in this Court.
- 11. Subject of this action, a mobile home, described as a 1969 Newport 60'x20' singlewide mobile home, Serial number S1888, and mobile home lot, legal description: SUNRISE TRLR EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK 1, commonly known as 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas Nevada 89156, is situated in the State of Nevada, County of Clark. This Court has *in-rem jurisdiction* over subject of this action.

GENERAL ALLEGATION

- 12. On or about January 15, 2005, the Plaintiff Thomas Walker ("Thomas") entered into a real estate contract with Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey ("Defendants") to purchase a mobile home and mobile home property described supra.
- 13. The Defendants offered to sell, and for the Plaintiff Thomas to purchase, a mobile home and mobile home lot, owned by Defendant Grimes. The mobile home, legally described as a: 1969 Newport, 60'x20' singlewide mobile home, serial number S1888. and mobile home lot located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89156, legal description, SUNRISE TRLR EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK 1 (hereinafter "property" and/or "residence").

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- 14. The purchase price for the property was \$69,000, payable in monthly payments in the amount of \$700.
- 15. For the first 2 years (exactly 25 months), the monthly payments shall include an additional \$100. The additional \$100 will apply to satisfy the down payment amount of \$2500.
- 16. Upon receipt of the last payment of the purchase price from the Plaintiff, Defendant Grimes shall convey the title for the property to the Plaintiff.
- 17. Plaintiff accepted the Defendants offer, and made a payment toward the purchase price, to Defendant Victoria Halsey. Defendant Victoria Halsey accepted Plaintiff 's first payment and provided the Plaintiff with a hand written contract, and promised to provide a formal typed contract on February 01, 2005, at which time the Plaintiff takes possession of the residence. A copy of the Plaintiff's contract with the Defendants is attached hereto as EXHIBIT "1" and is incorporate herein by this reference.
- 18. On or about February 01, 2005 the Plaintiff took possession of the residence from the Defendants, The Defendants did not provide the formal typed contract as promised.
- 19. The Plaintiff paid the extra \$100 in addition to the regular monthly payment of \$700, and did so for the first 2 years (exactly25 months) and therefore satisfied the down payment of \$2500.
- 20. On or about March 2008, Defendant Halsey notified the Plaintiff that the Plaintiff's monthly payment was being increased an additional \$25 and that the purpose for the increase was to reimburse the Defendant Floyd Grimes for the cost for water service to the property, and would become effective on the date when the Plaintiff's next periodic payment becomes due.
- 21. On or about November 2012, the Plaintiff contacted the Defendants and requested an account statement of the Plaintiff's payments for the purchase of the property.
 - 22. On or about November 28, 2012, the Defendants, still had not provided the

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Grimes at the Defendant's primary residence, at which time the Defendants Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes presented the Plaintiff with a formal typed contact and a print-out of an amortized loan schedule. A copy of the typed contract is attached hereto as *EXHIBIT "2"* and incorporate herein by this reference.

On or about November 29, 2012 the Plaintiff met with the Defendant Floyd

- 24. The amortized loan schedule included an amortized mortgage table for an amortized loan, beginning on February 01, 2005, in the amount of \$67,000, calculated with an annual interest rate of 11%, for a term of 30 years.
- 25. Defendants failed to provide the Plaintiff with the Plaintiff's account statement showing the total amount the Plaintiff had paid in payments, for the purchase of the property.
- 26. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the Defendants provided the amortized loan schedule as an implication that this was the type payment arrangement the Defendants had intended for the Plaintiff to pay for the purchase price of the property.
- 27. The Defendant Floyd Grimes, after giving the documents to the Plaintiff, stood in front of the Plaintiff and while waving a couple of pieces of paper back and forth in front of the Plaintiff said, "Tom, just be glad you're one of Vicky's friends, I charged these guys 15% interest"
- 28. The Plaintiff told the Defendants "excuse me, but I don't feel well. I think I need to go home and lie down", the Plaintiff then, picked up the unsigned documents and left the Defendants residence.
- 29. The Plaintiff, returned home and read the documents provided by the Defendants on that 29th day of November, 2012.
 - 30. The Plaintiff read the documents and noticed the Defendants had made

- 31. Between the dates of January 15, 2005 and November 29, 2012, the Plaintiff had approved one modification of the original contract.
- 32. The only modification to the contract approved by the Plaintiff was for the increase of additional \$25 to the monthly payment for the cost of water service, and was the only modification requested by the Defendants.
 - 33. The Defendants modified the terms for which the purchase price was to be paid.
- 34. The Defendants modified the purchase price of \$69,000 to be paid for over a term 30 years at an annual interest rate of 11% to begin on February 01, 2005, in monthly payment of \$677 comprised of taxes to be held by the Defendants and paid when due as computed by an amortized mortgage calculator.
- 35. On or about January 15, 2005 during the Plaintiffs meeting with the Defendant, at which time the contract by and between the Plaintiff and the Defendants was created, the Plaintiff asked the Defendants if the interest and taxes were included in the purchase price of \$69,000.
- 36. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the Defendants knowingly, falsely stated, "Yes" that the interest, taxes and down payment were included in the purchase price of \$69,000.
- 37. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendants falsely represented the purchase price of \$69,000 to include tax and interest, with the intent of inducing the Plaintiff to rely on the Defendant's false statements and enter into a contract to purchase the property from the Defendants.
- 38. The Plaintiff in reliance of the Defendants false statements did enter into a contract with the Defendants it otherwise would not have entered into if the false representation had not been made.

- 39. The Plaintiff would have refused the Defendants offer to purchase the property if the Defendants stated the purchase price of \$69,000 did not include the interest which was to be charged at a rate of 11% annually for 30 years..
- 40. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Defendants failed to notify the Plaintiff that they had wished to modify the contract terms nor did the Plaintiff approve the modifications to the contract, therefore, the Plaintiff refused to sign the document.
- 41. The Plaintiff continued to perform in accordance with the original contract and continued making the monthly payments to the Defendants for the purchase of the property as agreed.
- 42. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Defendants were unable to provide the Plaintiff with an account statement as the Plaintiff had requested.
- 43. The Plaintiff, began to calculate the balance of the purchase price for the property, using the Plaintiffs payment receipts, issued by the Defendants.
- 44. The Plaintiff added together its receipts for the monthly payments made to the Defendants to purchase the property.
- 45. The Plaintiff could not locate all of its receipt; therefore, for the months absent a receipt, the Plaintiff looked to the receipt for the following month, if the following months receipt did not indicate a past due balance indicating a partial payment or non-payment for the prior month, the Plaintiff then added the amount of \$700, for the month absent a receipt,
- 46. If the receipt for the following month indicated a past due balance, the Plaintiff then subtracted the amount which was indicated as past due from \$700, after subtracting the 2 amounts, the total then representing the amount that had been paid for the previous month which was absent a receipt, and that was the amount the Plaintiff would then add to the total amount paid for that month.

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- 47. The Plaintiff calculated it had paid the Defendants approximately \$91,756, this would include the purchase price for the property of \$69,000 and an incidental overpayment in the amount of approximately \$22,756.
- 48. The Plaintiff notified the Defendants of the Plaintiffs payment of approximately \$91,756 and requested the Defendants performance in accordance with the contract.
- 49. The Defendants refused to perform their duties in accordance with the contract and breached the contract.
- 50. Plaintiff had satisfied the purchase price for the property of \$69,000 therefore, the Plaintiff ceased making payments to the Defendants.
- 51. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that on or about November 01, 2015, when the Defendants did not receive a monthly payment from the Plaintiff the Defendants filed for summary eviction.
- 52. On or about November 23, 2015 the Defendants caused the Plaintiff to be served with a Five-Day Notice to Pay Rent or Quit.
- 53. On or about December 02, 2015, the Defendants caused the Plaintiff to be served with a second Five-Day Notice to Pay Rent or Quit
- 54. The Plaintiff filed its answer to the Defendants Five-Day Notices and a hearing was scheduled for Summary Eviction on December 14, 2015.
- 55. On or about December 14, 2015, the Plaintiff appeared in Court for a Summary Eviction hearing as the Tenant and the Defendant Victoria Halsey appeared as the Landlord.
- 56. After being sworn in, while under oath, the Defendant Victoria Halsey testified that the Plaintiff was purchasing the property and had paid an extra \$100 each month for the first 2 years for the down payment. This is confirmed by a copy of the official court minutes attached hereto as *EXHIBIT "3"* and is incorporate herein by this reference.
 - 57. The Defendant Victoria Halsey also testified the Plaintiff did not have a signed

- 58. The Plaintiff testified there was a signed contract, an informal contract, but still a contract, with the Defendants, the Plaintiff provided a copy of the Plaintiff's contract with the Defendants, to the Judicial Officer as evidence to support the Plaintiffs testimony. SEE EXHIBIT "1" & EXHIBIT "3"
- 59. The Defendant Victoria Halsey further testified that the Defendants offered a formal typed contract to the Plaintiff and the Plaintiff refused to sign the contract; and stopped making payments. When the Plaintiff stopping making payments, the Plaintiffs purchase payments were then reverted to rent
- 60. The Court found that issues where not appropriate to be adjudicated in a hearing for Summary Eviction. The Court found this was not a Landlord /Tenant issue, that the tenant (Plaintiff Thomas Walker) has an interest in the real property. The Court denied the Summary Eviction.
- 61. On or about February 04, 2016, the Defendants caused the Plaintiff to be served with a third Five-Day Notice to Pay Rent or Quit.
- 62. The Plaintiff answered the Defendants Five-Day Notice to Pay Rent or Quit, and a hearing was scheduled for Summary Eviction on or about March 02, 2016.
- 63. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the Defendants after failing to obtain an Order for Summary Eviction against the Plaintiff during the previous hearing on December 14, 2015, the Defendants attempted to conceal the title for the property, from the Courts and the Plaintiff.
- 64. On or about February 11, 2016 the Defendant Floyd Grimes fraudulently conveyed the property to the WBG Trust.
- 65. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the WBG Trust is also known as the Wayne and Betty Grimes Trust. The Trustees designated to administer the Trust

66. On or about March 02, 2016 the Plaintiff appeared in Court as the Tenant and the Defendant Floyd Grimes appeared as the Landlord in a hearing for Summary Eviction.

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67. After being sworn in and under oath the Defendant Floyd Grimes testified the purchase price for the property was \$69,000 but that the Plaintiff would not sign the contract.

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68. Plaintiff testified there was a contract between the Plaintiff and the Defendant and the Plaintiff had already paid the purchase price for the property; however the Defendants

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refused to convey the title for the property and instead presented the Plaintiff with a modified

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contract, which the Plaintiff refused to sign.

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69. The Court ruled it agreed with the Courts previous decisions. That the matter is

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not proper for Summary Eviction and denied the Summary Eviction

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"No Cause" Notice.

hearing and offered to forfeit the incidental overpayment of approximately \$22,756 and would

The Plaintiff contacted the Defendant Floyd Grimes after the March 02, 2016

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pay an additional \$5,000 to the Defendant Floyd Grimes in return for the title to the property.

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71. The Defendant Floyd Grimes refused the Plaintiff's offer and told the Plaintiff it should just sign the modified contract.

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72. On or about April 27, 2017 the Defendants served the Plaintiff with a Thirty-Day

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73. On or about June 08, 2017 the Defendant Floyd Grimes contacted the North Las

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Vegas Water Utility (hereinafter "the Water Utility"), and disconnected the water service.

74. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the Defendant Floyd

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Grimes told the Water Utility "there is a squatter living at the residence" and the water utility,

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per the instructions of Floyd Grimes did then disconnect the water service to the property.

75. On or about June 13, 2017 the Defendants had the Plaintiff served with a Five

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75. On or about June 13, 2017 the Defendants had the Plaintiff served with a Five-Day Notice of Unlawful Detainer.

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- 76. The Plaintiff filed its answer to the Defendants Notice and a hearing was cheduled for June 29, 2017
- 77. On or about June 29, 2017 the Plaintiff appeared in Court as the Tenant and the Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey appeared as the Landlord in a hearing for Summary Eviction.
- 78. After being sworn in and under oath the Defendants testified the Plaintiff stopped making payments to purchase the property and refused to sign the purchase and sale contract Defendants had offered to the Plaintiff.
- 79. The Plaintiff testified it had a contract to purchase the property and had already paid approximately \$95,000 to the Defendants, the Plaintiff had refused to sign the typed contract because the typed contract the Defendant's provided had been modified without notice or approval from the Plaintiff.
- 80. The Defendant Floyd Grimes testified that the Plaintiff had not paid for the purchase price of the property because the purchase price was financed by Defendant Floyd Grimes and was a hard money loan, and the Plaintiff had not paid the loan off.
- 81. The Plaintiff testified the purchase price was said to be inclusive of tax and interest and it had already paid approximately \$95,000 for the property.
- 82. The Judicial Officer asked the Defendants how much the tenant (Plaintiff Thomas Walker) had paid for the property.
- 83. The Defendant Halsey filed through her paperwork and calculated a total, then answered the Judicial Officer by testifying the Plaintiff had paid \$54,118; however that did not include the first 2 years of payments, testifying further that her books that contained the Plaintiffs first 2 years of payment was gone. It had been lost after the death of Defendants late husband.
- 84. The Plaintiff testified the Defendants had also disconnected the water service to the property.

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- 85. The Judicial Officer told the Defendants specifically Defendant Floyd Grimes, "Mr. Grimes, if you know there is an occupant at the property you cannot deprive someone of water service to try and force them off the property"
- Defendant Floyd Grimes asked the Judicial Officer "Is that an Order of the 86. Court?"
 - 87. The Judicial Officer replied "no, it is not an order of the Court".
- 88. The finding of the Court was that the matter was not proper for Summary Eviction, there are far too many issues and Summary Evictions was not the appropriate Court for the adjudication of those issues. The Judicial Officer told the Defendants to "I cannot tell you what to do but if you continue to file for Summary Evictions, you are only going to keep getting the same results. You must file a complaint for formal eviction if you want to have the issues resolved". The Court denied the Summary Eviction.
- 89. During the following months the Plaintiff made numerous call to the Water Utility requesting water service. The representatives would have the Plaintiff wait and would contact Defendant Floyd Grimes to get authorization to restore water service.
- 90. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Defendant refused to grant permission to the Water Utility to restore the water service to the property. The Defendant instructed the Water Utility to notify the Plaintiff to sign the contract if it wanted the water service; otherwise the Water Utility was not allowed to restore the water service.
- 91. The representatives with the Water Utility would not even allow the Plaintiff to pay the past due balance and told the Plaintiff, if it wanted the water turned back on it should sign the Defendants contract, otherwise the Water Utility could not reconnect the water service without a valid lease agreement, a Court Order or the owner's consent.
- 92. On or about October 04, 2017 the Plaintiff mailed the Defendants written notice of the Defendants breach of contract, requesting the Defendant remedy the breach and return

- On or about October 04, 2017 the Plaintiff also mailed the Defendants a demand
- On or about October 17, 2017 the Defendants caused the Plaintiff to be served with another Notice of Unlawful Detainer.
- The Plaintiff filed its answer to the Defendants Notice and a Court hearing was scheduled for on or about January, 2018.
- On or about January, 2018 the Plaintiff appearing as the Tenant and the Defendants Floyd Grimes, Victoria Halsey and Elizabeth Grimes appeared in Court as the landlord in a case for summary eviction.
- 97. The Court upheld the Courts 3 prior ruling for Summary Eviction and denied the Summary Eviction.
- 98. Beginning February 01, 2005 to the present day the Plaintiff has paid the property taxes on the mobile home and until November 2015 Plaintiff had been paying an increased amount of \$25 for water service to the Defendants.
- 99. The extreme and outrageous actions of the Defendants for disconnecting and ordering the water service to remain disconnected until the Plaintiff signs the Defendants contract has caused the Plaintiff to feel humiliated and degraded.
- 100. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges the Defendants extreme and outrageous actions of malice are without regard and remorse and have been intentionally to cause the Plaintiff to suffer extreme emotional distress, and force the Plaintiff to leave the property.
- 101. The Plaintiff attempted to hire a lawyer for representation and to help resolve these matters, and could not find a lawyer that was willing to represent the Plaintiff, therefor the Plaintiff began preparing to represent himself in the matter.

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102. On or about May 25, 2018 Plaintiff, by way of registered mail, return receipt requested, mailed a Demand Letter to Defendant Floyd Grimes, which stated, failing to respond to the Plaintiff will result in a law suit being filed in Court against the Defendants.

103. On or about June 23, 2018 Plaintiff, by way of registered mail, return receipt requested, mailed a Demand Letter to Defendant Victoria Halsey, which stated, failing to respond to the Plaintiff will result in a law suit being filed in Court against the Defendants

104. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Defendants failed to respond to the Plaintiff, therefore the Plaintiff began preparing this Verified Complaint.

105. On or about September 05, 2018 while researching information in preparation of this Verified Complaint the Plaintiff discovered the Defendants sold the property for a second time to another individual, an insider.

106. On or about August 13, 2018, the individual identified as the Defendant Jalee Arnone, a tenant residing at 4304 Thicket Avenue, North Las Vegas, Nevada, 89031, the addressed property which is owned by Defendant Floyd Grimes, executed a Quit Claim Deed by recording in the office of the Clark County Recorder, a Quit Claim Deed in the amount of \$15,000, for the sale and conveyance of the property located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89156.

107. The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Quit Claim Deed in the amount of \$15,000 is for the property which is subject of this action and is signed by Defendant Floyd Grimes, Defendant Elizabeth Grimes and Defendant Jalee Arnone, is part of a civil conspiracy to remove the Plaintiff from the property.

108. The Plaintiff, is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Plaintiff can prove the allegations contained in this complaint and shall do so in trial. The Plaintiff, therefore, brings forth and files the Plaintiffs Verified Compliant and for following cause of action;

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

<u>Violation of Nevada Revised Statutes 205.365</u> (Order to Set Aside Fraudulent Conveyance)

(Against All Defendants)

- 109. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 108, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 110. The Defendant Floyd Grimes sold the property located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 legally described as SUNRISE TRLR EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK 1, Parcel number 140-15-414-070 for a second time.
- 111. The Defendant Floyd Grimes with the assistance of Defendant Victoria Halsey, sold the above-described property, for the first time, to the Plaintiff Thomas Walker, on January 15, 2005
- 112. The Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey sold the same, above-described property, for the second time to Defendant Jalee Arnone, on August 13, 2018.
- 113. Defendants Floyd Grimes and Defendants Victoria Halsey's actions are within the meaning prescribed in NRS 205.365 and therefore violates this section of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

NRS 205.365 Fraudulently selling real estate twice

A person, after once selling, bartering or disposing of any tract of land, town lot, or executing any bond or agreement for the sale of any land or town lot, who again, knowingly and fraudulently, sells, barters or disposes of the same tract of land or lot, or any part thereof, or knowingly and fraudulently executes any bond or agreement to sell, barter or dispose of the same land or lot, or any part thereof, to any other person, for a valuable consideration, shall be punished:

- 1. Where the value of the property involved is \$650 or more, for a category C felony as provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the person to pay restitution.
- 114. The course of conduct described herein, is unlawful and is appropriate for an

injunction by this Court.

- As all real estate is unique in Nevada, Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law, and is therefore entitled to have the Court order the property to be re-conveyed to the Plaintiff.
- The Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that it is plausible that the Plaintiff will prevail on the remainder of the Plaintiff's claims.
- The sale of the above-described property, twice, violates the Nevada Revised Statute and is unlawful, therefore the sale of the property is invalid, and the Plaintiff is entitled to an Order that the sale should be set aside, and, ordering that it be set aside, and further, to the extent necessary, enjoining and requiring Defendants to unwind the sale transaction, re-deed the "property" to the Plaintiff, and to take such further action as may be required to return ownership of the "property" to the Plaintiff Thomas Walker.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION DECLERATORY RELIEF

(AS TO DEFENDANTS FLOYD GRIMES, ELIZABETH GRIMES, WBG TRUST, VICTORIA HALSEY, JALEE ARNONE, PETER ARNONE; ALL PERSONS UNKNOWN, CLAIMING ANY LEGAL OR EQUITABLE RIGHT, TITLE, ESTATE, LIEN, OR INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN THE VERIFIED COMPLAINT ADVERSE TO PLAINTIFFS' TITLE, OR ANY CLOUD ON PLAINTIFFS' TITLE THERETO; AND DOES 1 THROUGH20; AND ROE BUSINESS **ENTITIES 20 THROUGH 50)**

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- Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 117, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- The Plaintiff contends it entered into a contract with the Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey on January 15, 2005, to purchase the property, subject of this action for the purchase price of \$69,000. On or about October 2015, at which time the Plaintiff notified the Defendants it had paid approximately \$91,756, and was no longer making any more payments to the Defendants for the property and demanded the Defendants convey the title for the property in accordance with the contract. The Defendants refused to comply with the

120. Whereas, the Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey dispute the Plaintiff's contention and contend the Defendants chose to revert the Plaintiff's purchase payments to rent payments when the Plaintiff stopped making payments in November 2015, therefore making the Plaintiff's purchase payments, to be rent payments, amending the purchase contract to a lease agreement. On or about December 14, 2015, during a Summary Eviction hearing the Defendant Halsey testified to this fact.

- 121. The course of conduct described herein, is unlawful and is appropriate for a declaration by this Court.
- 122. Accordingly a justiciable controversy has arisen between the parties whose interests are adverse, and the dispute is ripe for adjudication. Plaintiff Thomas Walker has acted lawfully and in full compliance with its contract and other governing documents and is, in fact, the purchaser of the property not a Tenant and is entitled to a declaration from this Court to that effect.
- 123. Accordingly this Court should declare and decree and enter an Order of Declaratory Relief that the Plaintiff is the rightful owner of the property and quiet title in the name of the Plaintiff Thomas Walker.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION DECLERATORY RELIEF Violation of Article 1§ 1of the Nevada Constitution

(Against All Defendants)

- 124. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 123, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 125. On or about October 2015, the Plaintiff discovered it had paid the Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey approximately \$91,756. This was the purchase price for the property of \$69,000 plus an incidental overpayment of \$22,756. At which time the

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24 25 Plaintiff contacted the Defendants and demanded the Defendants convey the title for the property to the Plaintiff Thomas Walker, in accordance with the party's contract.

- 126. Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey refused to convey the title for the property to the Plaintiff, then attempted to evict the Plaintiff from the property. The Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey, unable to obtain a Court Order for Summary Eviction against the Plaintiff, then sold the property, to a third party, an insider, identified as the Defendant Jalee Arnone. The Defendants acted in conspiracy and with the intent to purposefully deprive the Plaintiff Thomas Walker of its rights to possession of the property.
- 127. Defendant Floyd Grimes in open Court while sworn in under oath testified the Plaintiff was purchasing the property and the purchase price was \$69,000.
- 128. Defendant Victoria Halsey in her combined testimony in open Court while sworn in under oath testified the Plaintiff had paid the Defendants \$74,118.
- 129. The Plaintiff paid the purchase price for the property and therefore is entitled to a declaration of ownership.
- 130. The Constitution of The State of Nevada, Article 1 § 1 states: All men are by Nature free and equal and have certain inalienable rights among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty; Acquiring, Possessing and Protecting property and pursuing and obtaining safety and happiness
- 131. The Defendant's actions have been to intentionally deprive the Plaintiff of its right to possess property as protected under Article 1\§ 1 of The Constitution of The State of Nevada and therefore violates this Section of The Constitution of The State of Nevada.
- 132. The course of conduct described herein, taken by the Defendants, is unlawful, and is appropriate for declaration by this Court.
- By virtue of the Defendant's undertaking such unlawful conduct, at the expense of the Plaintiff, the Plaintiff is entitled, against all Defendants, to such relief as the Court deems

1 proper, including but not limited to declaratory relief, injunctive relief, and the cost and expenses 2 of this action. 3 FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION **DECLARATORY RELIEF** Violation of Article 1, § 8 (2) of the Nevada Constitution 4 5 (Against All Defendants) 6 134. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 133, as though 7 fully set forth at length herein. 8 The Constitution of The State of Nevada, Article 1\§ 8(2) states: No person shall 135. 9 be deprived of life, liberty, or property 10 136. The Defendant's actions as stated above have been to intentionally deprive the 11 Plaintiff of property, as protected under Article 1§ 8(2) of The Constitution of The State of 12 Nevada and therefore violates this Section of The Constitution of The State of Nevada. 13 137. The course of conduct described above herein, is unlawful and is appropriate for declaration by this Court. 14 15 By virtue of the Defendant's undertaking such unlawful conduct, at the expense 138. 16 of the Plaintiff, the Plaintiff is entitled, against all Defendants, to such relief as the Court deems 17 proper, including but not limited to declaratory relief, injunctive relief, and the cost and expenses of this action. 18 19 FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION **DECLERATORY RELIEF** 20 Violation of Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS 205.365) 21 (Against All Defendants) 22 139. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 138, as though fully set forth at length herein. 23 24 140. The Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey sold the property 25 twice.

- 147. On or about January 15, 2005 Plaintiff entered into a contract with Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey to purchase the property described in paragraph 11 of the Verified Complaint for \$69,000 paid for in monthly payments in the amount of \$700.
- 148. Defendant Floyd Grimes agreed convey title for the property to the Plaintiff upon receipt of the last payment of the purchase price.
- 149. The Plaintiff paid the purchase price of \$69,000. This is confirmed, by the testimony of Defendant Halsey.
- 150. Defendant Halsey testified in Court, on December 14, 2015 the Plaintiff paid an additional \$100 per month for the first 2 years to pay off the down payment of \$2500.
- 151. Defendant Halsey testified in Court on June 29, 2017, approximately 2 years later, the Plaintiff paid \$54,118; however, this amount did not include the first 2 years of the Plaintiff's payments. Halsey testified losing her books which contained the first 2 years of the Plaintiff's payments.
- 152. The Defendant Halsey in her combined testimony, testified the Plaintiff paid the Defendants \$74,118; therefore, Defendant Halsey testified the Plaintiff paid the purchase price for the property.
- 153. Defendant Floyd Grimes owed a duty to perform its obligations to the contract and by refusing to convey title for the property to the Plaintiff after receiving the last payment of the purchase price. The Defendant Floyd Grimes actions constitute a material breach of Defendants contract with the Plaintiff.
- 154. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey actions of breach the contract, Plaintiff Thomas Walker has suffered and will continue to suffer direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in an excess of \$15,000

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SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION BREACH OF CONTRACT (Tort)

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

- 155. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 154, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 156. On or about January 15, 2005 Plaintiff entered into a contract with Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Victoria Halsey to purchase the property described in paragraph 11 of the Verified Complaint for \$69,000 paid for in monthly payments in the amount of \$700.
- 157. Defendant Floyd Grimes agreed convey title for the property to the Plaintiff upon receipt of the last payment of the purchase price.
- 158. The Plaintiff paid the purchase price of \$69,000. This is confirmed, by the testimony of Defendant Halsey.
- 159. Defendant Halsey testified in Court, on December 14, 2015 the Plaintiff paid an additional \$100 per month for the first 2 years to pay off the down payment of \$2500.
- 160. Defendant Halsey testified in Court on June 29, 2017, approximately 2 years later, the Plaintiff paid \$54,118; however, this amount did not include the first 2 years of the Plaintiff's payments. Halsey testified losing her books which contained the first 2 years of the Plaintiff's payments.
- 161. The Defendant Halsey in her combined testimony, testified the Plaintiff paid the Defendants \$74,118; therefore, Defendant Halsey testified the Plaintiff paid the purchase price for the property.
- 162. Defendant Floyd Grimes owed a duty to perform its obligations to the contract and by refusing to convey title for the property to the Plaintiff after receiving the last payment of the purchase price. The Defendant Floyd Grimes actions constitute a material breach of Defendants contract with the Plaintiff.

163. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant
Victoria Halsey actions of breach the contract, Plaintiff Thomas Walker has suffered and wil
continue to suffer direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven a
trial, but in any event, in an excess of \$91,756

164. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION SLANDER OF TITLE

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes, WBG Trust and Victoria Halsey)

- 165. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1through 164, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 166. The Defendant Floyd Grimes slandered the title to the Plaintiffs property intentionally and without justification when the Defendant transferred the title for the property to the WBG Trust and recorded the transfer with the Clark County recorder, making the deed public.
- 167. The Defendants knew that the North Las Vegas Water Utility would act in reliance on the deed causing the Plaintiff to suffer a loss of water service to the property and loss of the Plaintiffs right to the use of public utilities.
- 168. The North Las Vegas Water Utility did in fact act in reliance of the deed when it refused to connect or provide water service to the property due to the recorded ownership of the deed and the deed not naming the Plaintiff as owner.
 - 169. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants publicly recording the deed has

induced, directly caused, and proximately caused the North Las Vegas Water Utility to refuse the Plaintiff water service to the property, destroying the Plaintiff benefits of the property, the enjoyments of the property and the Plaintiff's possessory interest in the property.

170. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants actions of slandering the title to the property the Plaintiff has suffered diminution to the value of the plaintiff's interest in the property, diminution in the value of the title, and diminution of the value and condition of the property and direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial but in any event in excess of \$15,000.

171. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

NINETH CAUSE OF ACTION SLANDER OF TITLE

(Against Defendants Jalee Arnone, Peter Arnone, Floyd Grimes Elizabeth Grimes, WBG Trust and Victoria Halsey)

- 172. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 171, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 173. The Defendant Jalee Arnone accepted a Quit Claim Deed which transferred the title for the property from the WBG Trust, the Wayne and Betty Grimes Trust, to Defendant Jalee Arnone, which the Defendant Jalee Arnone then recorded the transfer with the Clark County recorder, making the deed public.
- 174. The Defendant Jalee Arnone knew or should have reasonably known of the property dispute between the Defendant Floyd Grimes and the Plaintiff and that the Plaintiff was the rightful owner of the property.
 - 175. The Defendants knew that the Water Utility would act in reliance on the deed

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176. The Water Utility did in fact act in reliance of the deed when it refused to connect or provide water service to the property after checking the property owner information when the Plaintiff paid the balance of approximately \$360 to have the water service restored to the property.

177. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants actions which slander the title to the property the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial but in any event in excess of \$15,000.

178. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION NUISANCE

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes, Victoria Halsey and Jalee Arnone)

179. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 178, as though fully set forth at length herein

180. The Defendant have unreasonably and unlawfully used its' possession of its own title for the property to substantially interfere with the property belonging to Plaintiff. Defendants have substantially interfered with the Plaintiff's enjoyments of its own property, and therefore have acted as a nuisance.

181. On or about June 08, 2016 the Defendant Floyd Grimes contacted the North Las Vegas Water Utility and unlawfully caused the water service to be disconnected. Using the Defendants possession of the title has caused temporary and permanent injury to the Plaintiff's property that cannot be remediated without extensive rehabilitation. The dead grass drove insects

into the mobile homes. Overgrown and dying trees and bushes attracted rats and other rodents into the neighborhood. The Plaintiff has been cited on several occasions for violations of municipal ordinances and is without the ability to rehabilitate the property.

- 182. Because of the extensive temporary and permanent damages caused to the property of the Plaintiff, the Plaintiff has suffered diminution of value of its home, loss of enjoyment of its home and mental anguish.
- 183. The Defendants actions are within the meaning of NRS 40.140 and therefore violates this section of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 184. The Defendants owed a duty to obey the laws of the State of Nevada, Clark County and by failing to do so have acted as a nuisance.
- 185. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants nuisance actions as stated above the Plaintiff bring this count for compensatory damages and abatement in the amount \$105,000, and:
- 186. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants nuisance actions as stated above the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest
- 187. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION ABUSE OF PROCESS

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

188. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 187, as though fully set forth at length herein.

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189. The Defendant Grimes and Halsey have abused the process of Summary Eviction for the malicious purposes of trying to unlawfully evict the Plaintiff from the property and to deprive the Plaintiff of its protected rights, not for a resolution of the issues.

- 190. The Defendants Grimes and Halsey were notified by the Judge in the second Summary Eviction hearing that if the Defendants continued file for Summary Eviction it would only produce the same results and would again be denied.
- 191. The Defendants Grimes and Halsey were made aware by the Justice of the piece that Summary Eviction would not remedy or resolve the issues between the Plaintiff and the Defendants.
- 192. The Defendants ignored the Justices of the piece, and without any respect for the Judicial Officer or the Courts time, the Defendants filed two more Summary Eviction cases against the Plaintiff Thomas Walker.
- 193. The Defendant's owed a duty to the Plaintiff to use the judicial process to resolve the issues and not for purpose of trying to unlawfully and wrongfully evicting the Plaintiff from the property it purchased.
- As a direct and proximate result of Defendant Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey's actions and erroneous filing of for Summary Eviction of the Plaintiff and continued abuse of process the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest
- In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

TWELVTH CAUSE OF ACTION FRAUDULENT INDUCEMENT

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

196. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 195, as though fully set forth at length herein.

197. On or about January 15, 2005 the Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey were asked by the Plaintiff, "are the tax and interest included in the purchase price", in which they falsely and fraudulently represented the tax, interest and down payment were included in the purchase price of \$69,000. As of January 15, 2005 the Defendants knew they intended for the Plaintiff to pay an additional 11% annual interest on the purchase price.

198. The Defendants representation regarding the purchase price for the property, was patently false. The true facts were the Defendants had already intended to charge 11% interest annually for 30 years on the \$69,000 purchase price; however, the Defendants intended not to disclose this fact to the Plaintiff until years later after the Plaintiff had invested so much money that it would be obligated to agree to the Defendants terms, no matter how outrageous, otherwise suffer the loss of the Plaintiffs investment or the property, or both the Plaintiff investment and the property.

199. Defendants and each of them, at all times mentioned herein, knew this representation of the purchase price to be false and made this false representation with the intent to cause the Plaintiff to rely on it and to deceive the Plaintiff and induce the Plaintiff to accept the Defendants offer to purchase the property. Specifically, Defendants made false statements to the Plaintiff to induce the Plaintiff to enter into a purchase and sale land installment contract, to purchase the Defendant Floyd Grimes property, commonly known as: 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89156, legal description: SUNRISE TRLR EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK 1, Parcel number 140-15-414-070, including tax, interest

200. The Plaintiff believed and relied on this false representation and was thereby induced to make its initial investment and accept the Defendants offer, purchasing the above-described property and paid the Defendants a sum of no less than \$91,756. Had it not been for the Defendants false misrepresentations, the Plaintiff would not have entered into a contract with the Defendants.

201. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants intentional aforesaid fraudulent misrepresentation the Plaintiff has suffered direct, proximate and consequential damages all in an amount to be determined at trial, but in any event, in an amount in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest.

202. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct

THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes, Victoria Halsey and Jalee Arnone)

- 203. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 202, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 204. On or about August 13, 2018 the Defendant's Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes, acting as Trustees of the WBG Trust, conveyed the property, purchased by the Plaintiff, to Defendant Jalee Arnone.
- 205. The Defendants withheld the conveyance of the property from the Plaintiff for the purpose of committing fraud against the Plaintiff.
 - 206. The Defendant owed a duty to the Plaintiff to disclose the conveyance of the

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property to the Plaintiff to obey the laws of the State of Nevada in the County of Clark and by failing to do so have acted within the means of fraudulent concealment.

as a direct and proximate result of the Defendants actions of fraudulent concealment. The Plaintiff Thomas Walker has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus

In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others

FOURTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION FRAUDULENT TRANSFER

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

- Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 208, as though
- On February 11, 2016 Defendant Grimes transferred the "property" to the WBG Trust, also known as the Wayne and Betty Grimes Trust, which is administered by the Trustees
- The Defendant Grimes transferred the "property" that was owed to the Plaintiff with the intention of committing fraud against the Plaintiff.
- The Defendant Grimes had received payment from the Plaintiff of approximately \$91,756 for the purchase of the property, which the Defendant Grimes has retained for his own unjust benefit; however the Plaintiff did not receive conveyance of the title or any reasonable equivalent value in exchange for the transfer.
 - Defendant Grimes knew a lawsuit for the property was plausible and could 213.

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Nevada, in the County of Clark and by unlawfully asserting dominion over the title to the

property and oppressing the Plaintiff of its right to the supply and usage of the essential service,

As a direct and proximate result of the Defendant Grimes and Halsey's unjust

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enrichment, the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$91,756, plus prejudgment interest

228. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

SEVENTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION CONVERSION

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes, Victoria Halsey and Jalee Arnone)

- 229. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 228, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 230. On or about August 13, 2018, the Defendants intentionally, by use of Quit Claim Deed, conveyed the property, purchased by the Plaintiff, paying the Defendant approximately \$91,756, to an insider, identified as the Defendant Jalee Arnone.
- 231. Defendants Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes, Trustees of the WBG Trust, exerted dominion over the property, and such acts of the Defendants have been committed in denial of the Plaintiff's use and enjoyment of the property and were committed in derogation, exclusion and defiance of Plaintiff rights to the property.
- 232. The Defendant owed a duty to the Plaintiff to obey the laws of the State of Nevada, in the County of Clark and by failing to do so acted within the means of conversion.
- 233. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendant acts of conversion the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest.
- 234. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled

to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct

EIGHTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

- 235. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 234, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 236. Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey extreme and outrageous conduct has been with the intent of causing and has caused the Plaintiff extreme emotional distress.
- 237. On or about June 08, 2017 the Defendants acting with reckless disregard for the Plaintiff, The Defendant's extreme and outrageous conduct of contacting the North Las Vegas Water Utility and disconnecting the water service to the Plaintiff's property acted with malice and instructed the North Las Vegas Water Utility not to restore the water service for the Plaintiff.
- 238. The Defendants egregious, extreme and outrageous conduct acted with malice. The Defendants intent was to deprive the Plaintiff of water, causing the Plaintiff to suffer severe emotional distress, in an attempt to force the Plaintiff from the property.
- 239. The Defendants extreme and outrageous conduct, acting with reckless disregard, has caused the Plaintiff humiliation, embarrassment, and to feel degraded, both privately and publicly.
- 240. The Plaintiff has suffered the embarrassment of carrying buckets and coolers full of water, up the street and onto the property while the neighbors watch, just to maintain the sewer and plumbing systems to the property in working order, and to bathed and washed dishes, which the Plaintiff has had to do out of buckets of water. The Plaintiff has endured the summer heat through 2 out of 5 of the hottest summer, on record, in Las Vegas.
 - 241. The Plaintiff continues to suffer these humiliations, including but not limited, to

the loss of the use and of enjoyment of the property, the financial loss for having to go to the laundry mat to wash clothes every week.

- 242. The Defendants have actions include acting in disregard for the judicial instructions of a Judicial Officer. The Defendants in a hearing for Summary Eviction on June 29, 2017, were instructed by the Honorable Judge Holly S. Stoberski to reconnect the water service, notifying the Defendants if they know there is an occupant at the property they cannot disconnect the water service in an attempt to force them off the property. The Defendants asked the honorable Judge Stoberski, if that was an order of the Court. The honorable Judge Stoberski, after already ruling the Summary Eviction Court was not the proper Court for adjudicating the Plaintiff and the Defendants issues, responded to the Defendants, "No" it was not an order of the court. The honorable Judge Stoberski not issuing an order for the Defendant's to reconnect service; the Defendants disrespectfully ignored the Judges instructions to reconnect the water.
- 243. The Defendants owed a duty to obey the laws of the State of Nevada and by the Defendants extreme and outrageous acts of malice to deprive the Plaintiff of water service, with the intent to cause the Plaintiff to suffer extreme emotional distress has failed to obey the laws in the State of Nevada, in the County of Clark.
- 244. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendant Extreme and outrageous actions have caused and will continue to cause the Plaintiff to suffer extreme emotional distress the plaintiff is entitled to compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest.
- 245. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

NINETEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION CIVIL CONSPIRACY

(Against All Defendants)

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246. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 245, as though fully set forth at length herein.

247. Defendant Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes Victoria Halsey, Jalee Arnone and Peter Arnone conspired together with one another, against the Plaintiff, to unlawfully transfer the property, by use of a Quit Claim Deed, from the WBG Trust, to Defendant Jalee Arnone, to further oppress the constitutionally protected rights of the Plaintiff, further deprive the Plaintiff of the use and enjoyments of the property and to commit fraud against the Plaintiff.

248. The Defendants committed and caused to be recorded in the Office of the Clark County Recorder the Quit Claim Deed for the property for the unlawful fraudulent transfer of the property on August 13, 2018.

249. The Defendants owed a duty to the Plaintiff to not to conspire to commit fraud against the Plaintiff and to obey the laws in the State of Nevada, County of Clark and failing to do so, the Defendants have acted in civil conspiracy to commit fraud against the Plaintiff.

250. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants civil conspiracy the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000 plus prejudgment interest.

251. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

TWENTIETH CAUSE OF ACTION UNJUST ENRICHMENT

(Against Defendant Floyd Grimes, Victoria Halsey and Jalee Arnone)

- 252. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 251, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 253. Defendants Jalee Arnone, accepted and received a fraudulent transfer of the title to the property by use of a Quit Claim Deed, knowingly that the transfer was fraudulent.
- 254. Defendant Jalee Arnone had knowledge or should have known that the property had been previously purchased by the Plaintiff and therefore, rightfully belonged to the Plaintiff.
- 255. The Defendant Jalee Arnone accepted conveyance of the title for the property and has retained the benefit of the title to the property under circumstances where it is unequitable for the Defendant Jalee Arnone to retain the benefit of the property, rightfully belonging to the Plaintiff.
- 256. There Plaintiff did not offer to sell the property to Defendant Jalee Arnone and there is no contract that exists between the Plaintiff and the Defendant Jalee Arnone that confers the Defendant the right to possess the property.
- 257. The Plaintiff paid approximately \$91,756 for the title to the property, while the Defendant Jalee Arnone retains the benefit of the title to the property without payment of value for the same in exchange.
- 258. The principles of justice, equity and good conscience require that the title to such property be returned to the Plaintiff.
- 259. The Defendant Jalee Arnone owes a duty to act in good conscience with the principals of justice and equity and to return the title for the property to the Plaintiff and for failing to do has been unjustly enriched.
 - 260. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendant Jalee Arnone actions of unjust

enrichment, the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest

261. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct.

TWENTY-FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FRAUDULENT CONVEYANCE

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes, Victoria Halsey and Jalee Arnone)

- 262. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 261, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 263. On or about the last week of May 2018 and again the last week in June 2018, the Defendant's Grimes and Halsey were sent Demand Letters from the Plaintiff, demanding the Defendants convey the title to the "property" and remedy their breach of contract.
- 264. The Defendants Grimes and Halsey received the Plaintiff's demand Letters. This is confirmed by the return receipt from the United States Post Office.
- 265. The Defendant's Grimes and Halsey knew or should have reasonably known that a law suit for the property would be plausible when neither Defendant responded to the Plaintiff's demand letters.
- 266. The Plaintiff's demand letters specifically stated failure to respond will result in a law suit being filed against you.
- 267. The Defendant's Grimes and Halsey failing to respond to the demand letters conveyed the title to the "property" to Jalee Arnone.
- 268. The Defendant Grimes and Halsey conveyed the "property", with the intent to deceive and defraud the Plaintiff and has violated the Plaintiff's protected rights under the

Nevada Revised Statute. Specifically N.R.S. 205.365

269. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants Grimes and Halsey's actions of fraudulent conveyance of the "property" to Jalee Arnone the Plaintiff has suffered direct, incidental and consequential damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest

270. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct

271. As a result of the acts and omissions of the Defendants, Plaintiff Thomas Walker has been compelled to incur legal fees for the prosecution of Plaintiff's interests.

TWENTY-SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION DECEPTIVE TRADE PRACTICE

(Against Defendants Floyd Grimes and Victoria Halsey)

- 272. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 271, as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 273. Defendant Floyd Grimes and Defendant Halsey in the course of business engaged in deceptive trade practices in violation of the Nevada Deceptive Trade Practice Act in that it used deceptive practices and/or misrepresentations or omissions in the course as the seller in a land sale installment contract that failed to record the sale of the land sale installment contract within 30 days after receiving the buyers first payment, pay the tax on the land sale installment contract, and failed to include terms in the land sale installment contract providing rights and protections to the buyer that are substantially the same as those under a foreclosure sale pursuant to chapter 40 of NRS.
 - 274. The Defendants Grimes and Halsey's deceptive conduct constitutes multiple

1	violations of the Nev	rada Deceptive Trade Practice Act, including but not limited to:
2	(a)	NRS 598.0923 "Deceptive trade practice" defined. A person
3		engages in a "deceptive trade practice" when in the course of his or her business or occupation he or she knowingly:
4		1. Conducts the business or occupation without all required state, county or city licenses.
5		2. Fails to disclose a material fact in connection with the sale or lease of goods or services.
		3. Violates a state or federal statute or regulation relating to the sale or
6		lease of goods or services. 4. Uses coercion, duress or intimidation in a transaction.
7		5. As the seller in a land sale installment contract, fails to:(a) Disclose in writing to the buyer:
8		(1) Any encumbrance or other legal interest in the real
9		property subject to such contract; or (2) Any condition known to the seller that would affect
10		the buyer's use of such property. (b) Disclose the nature and extent of legal access to the real
		property subject to such agreement.
11		(c) Record the land sale installment contract pursuant to <u>NRS</u> 111.315 within 30 calendar days after the date upon which the
12		seller accepts the first payment from the buyer under such a contract.
13		(d) Pay the tax imposed on the land sale installment contract
14		pursuant to <u>chapter 375</u> of NRS. (e) Include terms in the land sale installment contract providing
15		rights and protections to the buyer that are substantially the same as those under a foreclosure pursuant to chapter 40 of NRS.
		Ê As used in this subsection, "land sale installment contract" has the
16		meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (d) of subsection 1 of <u>NRS 375.010</u> . (Added to NRS by <u>1985</u> , <u>2256</u> ; A <u>1999</u> , <u>3282</u> ; <u>2009</u> , <u>1118</u>)
17	(b)	NRS 598.0915(1) "Deceptive trade practice" defined. A person engages in a "deceptive trade practice" if, in the course of his or her
18		business or occupation, him or her: 1. Knowingly passes off goods or services for sale or lease as
19		those of another person.
20	(c)	NRS 598.0915(9) "Deceptive trade practice" defined. A person engages in a "deceptive trade practice" if, in the course of his or her
21		business or occupation, he or she: 9. Advertises goods or services with intent not to sell or lease
	(4)	them as advertised.
22	(d)	NRS 598.0915(13) "Deceptive trade practice" defined. A person engages in a "deceptive trade practice" if, in the course of his or her
23		business or occupation, he or she: 13. Makes false or misleading statements of fact concerning the
24		price of goods or services for sale or lease, or the reasons for, existence of or amounts of price reductions.
25		(e) NRS 598.0915(14) "Deceptive trade practice" defined.

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1 2 3 4 5 6	A person engages in a "deceptive trade practice" if, in the course of his or her business or occupation, he or she: 14. Fraudulently alters any contract, written estimate of repair, written statement of charges or other document in connection with the sale or lease of goods or services. (f) NRS 598.0915(15) "Deceptive trade practice" defined. A person engages in a "deceptive trade practice" if, in the course of his or her business or occupation, he or she: 15. Knowingly makes any other false representation in a transaction
7	275. In the matters alleged herein the Defendants acted in the course of its business of occupation within the meaning NRS598.0903 to 598.0999
8	276. In all requisite matters herein, the Defendants acted knowingly within the
9	meaning NRS 598.0903 to 598.0999
10	277. In all matters alleged herein the Defendants acted willingly in violation of NRS
11	598.0903 et seq., as a direct and proximate result of the Defendants above-mentioned actions o
12	engaging in deceptive trade acts and/or practices, Plaintiff suffers direct, incidental and
13	consequential damages, all in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess or
ا 14	\$15,000
15	TWENTY-THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION DITENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRICTS
16	INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS
ا 17	(Against All Defendants)
18	278. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges Paragraphs 1 through 277, as though
19	fully set forth at length herein.
20	279. Defendants Floyd Grimes and Elizabeth Grimes, Trustees of the WBG Trust
21	Victoria Halsey, Jalee Arnone and Peter Arnone extreme and outrageous conduct have acting
22	with malice to deprive the Plaintiff of its protected constitutional rights to possession of the
23	property. The Defendants have actions are reckless, and without regard or remorse, to
24	intentionally deprive and oppress the plaintiff of the use and enjoyment of the property.
25	280. The Defendants had a duty to obey the laws in the State of Nevada, County of
- 1	1

Clark and failing to do so have acted to cause the Plaintiff to suffer severe and extreme emotional distress,

281. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants extreme and outrageous actions of malice and oppression against the Plaintiff, as stated above, and for acing without regard or remorse, has caused and will continue to cause the Plaintiff to suffer severe and extreme emotional distress, therefore Plaintiff is entitled to an award of compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but in any event, in excess of \$15,000, plus prejudgment interest

282. In committing the acts herein above alleged, Defendants are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice towards Plaintiff Thomas Walker. As such, Plaintiff Thomas Walker is entitled to recover punitive damages from the Defendants for the purpose of deterring him and others similarly situated from engaging in like conduct,

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE Plaintiff prays for Judgment against the Defendants and each of them as follows:

- 1. An Order setting aside the fraudulent conveyance of the property;
- 2. Award Plaintiff such preliminary injunctive and ancillary relief as may be necessary to avert the likelihood of consumer injury during the pendency of this action and to preserve the possibility of effective final relief, including, but not limited to, a preliminary injunction;
- 3. To the extent necessary, for an Order of Injunctive Relief requiring the Defendants, and each of them to unwind the conveyance to Jalee Arnone, and re-Deed the property to the Plaintiff Thomas Walker;
- 4. For an Order of Declaratory Relief quieting title in and to the property in the name of the Plaintiff Thomas Walker;

I	
1	and gains achieved in whole or in part through the unfair and/or deceptive acts or practices
2	complained herein;
3	15. That the Court award plaintiff the opportunity to amend or modify the
4	provisions of this complaint as necessary or appropriate after additional or further discovery is
5	completed in this matter, and after all appropriate parties have been served;
6	16. For prejudgment and post-judgment interest on all the foregoing sums a
7	the highest rate permitted by law;
8	17. Treble damages pursuant to NRS 41.580 on all the forgoing sums; and
9	18. For such further other relief as the Court may deem just, proper, and
10	appropriate
11	DATED this 1st day of November, 2018.
12	Pursuant to NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of Perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
13	Thomas Walker
14	Thomas Walker
15	6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue
16	Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 (702) 619-1256 twalkerb52@gmail.com
17	Plaintiff, In Proper Person
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VERIFICATION OF THE PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT

PLAINTIFF'S AFFIDAVIT

Under penalties of perjury, the undersigned declares that he is the Plaintiff named in the foregoing Verified Complaint and knows the contents thereof; that the pleading is true of his or her own knowledge, except as to those matters stated on information and belief, and that as to such matters he believes it to be true.

DATED this 1st day of November, 2018.

Pursuant to NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of Perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Thomas Walker

signature)

Thomas Walker 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 (702) 619-1256 twalkercivil3gmail.com Plaintiff, In Proper Person

EXHIBIT "1"

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EXHIBIT "2"

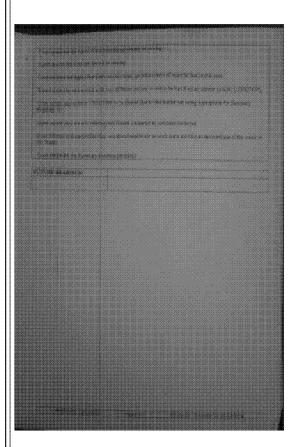
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EXHIBIT "3"

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OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF **CLARK COUNTY DETENTION** CIVIL PROCESS SECTION

THOMAS WALKER)
PLAINTIFF Vs) CASE No. A-18-783375-C) SHERIFF CIVIL NO.: 18008278
FLOYD GRIMES ET AL) SHEKIFF CIVIL NO.: 18008276
DEFENDANT) AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE
STATE OF NEVADA }	
COUNTY OF CLARK } ss:	

KENNETH ROSS, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: That he is, and was at all times hereinafter mentioned, a duly appointed, qualified and acting Deputy Sheriff in and for the County of Clark, State of Nevada, a citizen of the United States, over the age of twenty-one years and not a party to, nor interested in, the above entitled action; that on 11/20/2018, at the hour of 6:40 AM. affiant as such Deputy Sheriff sub served a copy/copies of SUMMONS AND FIRST AMENDED VERIFIED COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT issued in the above entitled action upon the defendant FLOYD GRIMES named therein, by delivering to and leaving with ELIZABETH GRIMES, at 6832 SUNCREST AVENUE LAS VEGAS, NV 89156 within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, copy/copies of SUMMONS AND FIRST AMENDED VERIFIED COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT.

I, DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY UNDER THE LAW OF THE STATE ON NEVADA THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT.

DATED: November 21, 2018.

Joseph M. Lombardo, Sheriff

KENNETH ROSS Deputy Sheriff

CLERK OF THE COURT

Electronically Filed
12/04/2018

CLERK OF THE COURT

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CIVIL PROCESS SECTION

THOMAS WALKER)
PLAINTIFF Vs) CASE No. A-18783375-C) SHERIFF CIVIL NO.: 18008281
VICTORIA HALSEY ET AL)
DEFENDANT) <u>AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE</u>
STATE OF NEVADA }	
COUNTY OF CLARK } ss:	

JEFFREY BERGSTROM, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: That he is, and was at all times hereinafter mentioned, a duly appointed, qualified and acting Deputy Sheriff in and for the County of Clark, State of Nevada, a citizen of the United States, over the age of twenty-one years and not a party to, nor interested in, the above entitled action; that on 11/20/2018, at the hour of 8:10 AM. affiant as such Deputy Sheriff served a copy/copies of SUMMONS, VERIFIED FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT issued in the above entitled action upon the defendant VICTORIA HALSEY named therein, by delivering to and leaving with said defendant VICTORIA HALSEY, at 4135 HELEN LANE LAS VEGAS, NV 89130 within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, copy/copies of SUMMONS, VERIFIED FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT.

I, DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY UNDER THE LAW OF THE STATE ON NEVADA THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT.

DATED: November 20, 2018.

Joseph M. Lombardo, Sheriff

JEFFREY BERGSTROM

Deputy Sheriff

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CLERK OF THE COURT

Electronically Filed
12/04/2018

CLERK OF THE COURT

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CIVIL PROCESS SECTION

THOMAS WALKER)
PLAINTIFF Vs) CASE No. A-18-783375-C SHERIFF CIVIL NO.: 18008283
PETER ARNONE ET AL)
DEFENDANT) <u>AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE</u>
STATE OF NEVADA }	
COUNTY OF CLARK } ss:	

JAMIE OSBURN, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: That he is, and was at all times hereinafter mentioned, a duly appointed, qualified and acting Deputy Sheriff in and for the County of Clark, State of Nevada, a citizen of the United States, over the age of twenty-one years and not a party to, nor interested in, the above entitled action; that on 11/20/2018, at the hour of 11:05 AM. affiant as such Deputy Sheriff sub served a copy/copies of SUMMONS, AMENDED VERIFIED FIRST COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT issued in the above entitled action upon the defendant PETER ARNONE named therein, by delivering to and leaving with said defendant's SPOUSE, at 4304 THICKET AVENUE NORTH LAS VEGAS, NV 89031 within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, copy/copies of SUMMONS, AMENDED VERIFIED FIRST COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT.

I, DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY UNDER THE LAW OF THE STATE ON NEVADA THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT.

DATED: November 21, 2018.

Joseph M. Lombardo, Sheriff

Deputy Sheriff

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CLERK OF THE COURT

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CIVIL PROCESS SECTION

THOMAS WALKER)	
PLAINTIFF Vs WGB TRUST ET AL) CASE No. A-18-783375) SHERIFF CIVIL NO.: 1	CASE No. A-18-783375-C
			SHERIFF CIVIL NO.: 16006280
DEFENDANT	<u>-</u>)	AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE
STATE OF NEVADA	}		
COUNTY OF CLARK	} \$S:		

-KENNETH ROSS, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: That he is, and was at all times hereinafter mentioned, a duly appointed, qualified and acting Deputy Sheriff in and for the County of Clark, State of Nevada, a citizen of the United States, over the age of twenty-one years and not a party to, nor interested in, the above entitled action; that on I1/20/2018, at the hour of 6:40 AM. affiant as such Deputy Sheriff sub served a copy/copies of SUMMONS, AMENDED FIRST VERIFIED COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT issued in the above entitled action upon the defendant WGB TRUST named therein, by delivering to and leaving with ELIZABETH GRIMES at WGB TRUST, at 6832 SUNCREST AVENUE LAS VEGAS, NV 89156 within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, copy/copies of SUMMONS, AMENDED FIRST VERIFIED COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT,

I, DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY UNDER THE LAW OF THE STATE ON NEVADA THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT.

DATED: November 21, 2018.

Joseph M. Lombardo, Sheriff

puty Sheriff

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OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CIVIL PROCESS SECTION

THOMAS WALKER)
PLAINTIFF Vs) CASE No. A-18-783375-C) SHERIFF CIVIL NO.: 1800828:
JALEE ARNONE ET AL)
DEFENDANT) <u>AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE</u>
STATE OF NEVADA }	
COUNTY OF CLARK } ss:	

JAMIE OSBURN, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: That he is, and was at all times hereinafter mentioned, a duly appointed, qualified and acting Deputy Sheriff in and for the County of Clark, State of Nevada, a citizen of the United States, over the age of twenty-one years and not a party to, nor interested in, the above entitled action; that on 11/20/2018, at the hour of 11:05 AM. affiant as such Deputy Sheriff served a copy/copies of SUMMONS, AMENDED VERIFIED FIRST COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT issued in the above entitled action upon the defendant JALEE ARNONE named therein, by delivering to and leaving with said defendant JALEE ARNONE, personally, at 4304 THICKET AVENUE NORTH LAS VEGAS, NV 89031 within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, copy/copies of SUMMONS, AMENDED VERIFIED FIRST COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT,

I, DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY UNDER THE LAW OF THE STATE ON NEVADA THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT.

DATED: November 21, 2018.

Joseph M. Lombardo, Sheriff

Deputy Sheriff

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1 **SUMM**

Thomas Walker 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 (702) 619-1256 Plaintiff

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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

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27 28 CLARK COUNTY

Plaintiff.

THOMAS WALKER

VS.

In Proper Person

FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, WBG TRUST, Floyd Wayne Grimes, as Trustee, ELIZABETH GRIMES, an individual, VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY, an individual and as the Agent of Floyd Wayne Grimes, JALEE ARNONE, an individual, and PETER ARNONE, an individual, DOES 1 through 20, and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50, inclusive

Defendant.

CASE NO.: 4- 18783375-C

DEPT. NO.: KNKI

AMENDED SUMMONS

AMENDED SUMMONS

NOTICE! YOU HAVE BEEN SUED. THE COURT MAY DECIDE AGAINST YOU WITHOUT YOUR BEING HEARD UNLESS YOU RESPOND WITHIN 20 DAYS. READ THE INFORMATION BELOW.

TO THE DEFENDANT(S): A civil Complaint has been filed by the Plaintiff against you for the relief set forth in the Complaint.

If you intend to defend this lawsuit, within 20 days after this Summons is 1. served on you, exclusive of the day of service, you must do the following:

1

- a. File with the Clerk of this Court, whose address is shown below, a formal written response to the Complaint in accordance with the rules of the Court, with the appropriate filing fee.
- b. Serve a copy of your response upon the attorney whose name is shown below.
- Unless you respond, your default will be entered upon application of the Plaintiff and this Court may enter a judgment against you for the relief demanded in the Complaint, which could result in the taking of money or property or other relief requested in the Complaint.
- 3. If you intend to seek the advice of an attorney in this matter, you should do so promptly so that your response may be filed on time.
- 4. The State of Nevada, its political subdivisions, agencies, officers, employees, board members, commission members and legislators, each have 45 days after service of this Summons within which to file an answer or other responsive pleading to the Complaint.

By:

Issued at the direction of:

STEVEN GRIERSON CLERK OF COURT

Thomas Walker

12/4/2018

Thomas Walker

6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue

Las Vegas, Nevada 89156

(702) 619-1256

twalkercivil3@gmail.com

Plaintiff

In Proper Person

Date

Deputy Clerk

Regional Justice Center

200 Lewis Avenue

Las Vegas, Nevada 89155

Shimaya Ladson

Electronically Filed 12/10/2018

CLERK OF THE COURT

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CIVIL PROCESS SECTION

THOMAS WALKER)
PLAINTIFF) CASE No. A-18-783375-C
Vs ELIZABETH GRIMES ET AL) SHERIFF CIVIL NO.: 1800827
DEFENDANT) <u>AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE</u>
STATE OF NEVADA }	
COUNTY OF CLARK }	

KENNETH ROSS, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: That he/she is, and was at all times hereinafter mentioned, a duly appointed, qualified and acting Deputy Sheriff in and for the County of Clark, State of Nevada, a citizen of the United States, over the age of twenty-one years and not a party to, nor interested in, the above entitled action; that on 11/20/2018, at the hour of 6:40 AM. affiant as such Deputy Sheriff sub served a copy/copies of SUMMONS, AMENDED FIRST VERIFIED COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT issued in the above entitled action upon the defendant ELIZABETH GRIMES named therein, by delivering to and leaving with ELIZABETH GRIMES, at 6832 SUNCREST AVENUE LAS VEGAS, NV 89156 within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, copy/copies of SUMMONS, AMENDED FIRST VERIFIED COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT, VERIFIED COMPLAINT.

I. DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY UNDER THE LAW OF THE STATE ON NEVADA THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT.

DATED: November 21, 2018.

Joseph M. Lombardo, Sheriff

KENNETH ROSS

Deputy Sheriff

DEC 10 2018
CLERK OF THE COURT

4 **Plaintiff** In Proper Person 5 EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 6 CLARK COUNTY, STATE OF NEVADA 7 8 9 10 THOMAS WALKER 11 Plaintiff, 12 VS. 13 **ACTION** FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, 14 ELIZABETH GRIMES, an individual, VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY, an individual and as the Agent of 15 Floyd Wayne Grimes, JALEE ARNONE, an 16 individual, and PETER ARNONE, an individual, DOES 1 through 20, and ROE BUSINESS 17 ENTITIES 20 through50, inclusive 18 Defendant. 19 20 21 NOTICE OF PENDENCE OF ACTION 22 23 24 25 26 CLERK OF THE COURT 27 RECEIVED 1

RECORDING REQUESTED

AND WHEN RECORDED

6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue

Las Vegas, Nevada 89156

MAIL TO:

Thomas Walker

(702) 619-1256

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Electronically Filed 12/10/2018

CLERK OF THE COURT

CASE NO.: A-18-783375-C

DEPT. NO.: XXXI

NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF

APN 140-15-414-070

Notice is given that the Verified Complaint was filed in the Eighth Judicial District Court on October 24, 2018 by Plaintiff Thomas Walker, against Defendants Floyd Grimes, Elizabeth Grimes, WBG Trust, Victoria Halsey, Jalee Arnone, Peter Arnone; All Persons unknown claiming any legal or equitable right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the property described in the Verified Complaint adverse to Plaintiff's title, or any cloud on Plaintiffs' title thereto; and Does

1through 20, and Roe Business Entities 20 through 50. This action alleges a real property claim affecting certain real property that is situated in Clark County, Nevada which is commonly known as 6253 Rock Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas Nevada 89156, and legally described as as SUNRISE TRLR EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK. APN 140-15-414-070.

Dated October 24, 2018

Thomas Wheker

(signature)

Thomas Walker 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 (702) 619-1256 twalkercivil3gmail.com Plaintiff, In Proper Person DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD **Electronically Filed** 12/11/2018 5:12 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD. 1130 Wigwam Parkway Henderson, Nevada 89074 (702) 388-1216 (Telephone) (702) 388-2514 (Facsimile) KenRoberts@drsltd.com (Émail) DavidK@drsltd.com (Email) Attorneys for Defendants

DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

THOMAS WALKER,

Plaintiff,

VS.

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KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ.

DAVID E. KRAWCZYK, ESQ.

Nevada Bar # 4729

Nevada Bar # 12423

FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, WBG TRUST, Floyd Grimes, and Elizabeth Grimes as Trustees, ELIZABETH GRIMES, an individual, VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY, an individual and as the Agent of Floyd Wayne Grimes, JALEE ARNONE, an individual, and PETÉR ARNONE, an individual, DOES 1 through 20, and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50, inclusive,

Defendant.

FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, JAYLEE ARNONE, an individual,

Counterclaimants.

VS.

THOMAS WALKER, an individual, DOES 1 through 10, ROE ENTITIES 11 through 20, inclusive,

Counterdefendants.

CASE NO. A-18-783375-C

Dept. No.: XXXI

DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD. 1130 Wigwam Parkway • Henderson, Nevada 89074 (702) 388-1216 • Fax: (702) 388-2514

DEFENDANTS' ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT

AND

DEFENDANTS' COUNTERCLAIM

COME NOW Defendants, FLOYD GRIMES, individually and as Trustee of WBG Trust; ELIZABETH GRIMES, individually and as Trustee of WBG Trust; VICTORIA JEAN GRIMES (incorrectly named as VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY); JALEE ARNONE AND PETER ARNONE, by and through their attorneys, KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. and DAVID KRAWCZYK ESQ., of the law firm of DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD., and answering the Complaint on file herein, admits, denies and alleges as follows:

- 1. Admits each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1, 5, 7, 8, 10,11, 20, 51, 57, 65, 69, 73, 75, 76, 77, 81, 84, 88, 94, 97, 98, 110, 173, 204, 210, and 218 of Plaintiff's Complaint on file herein.
- 2. Denies each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 12, 17, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 42, 48, 49, 50, 63, 70, 71, 74, 80, 99, 100, 106, 107, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 119, 121, 122, 123, 129, 131-133, 136, 138, 140, 141, 145, 147-149, 153, 154, 156, 157, 158, 162, 163, 164, 166, 169-171, 174, 175, 177, 178, 180, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 189, 194, 195, 197, 198, 199, 201, 202, 205, 206, 207, 208, 211, 212, 213, 215, 216, 219, 221, 222, 224, 226, 227, 228, 231, 233, 234, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 244, 245, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 253, 254, 255, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 265, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 279, 291, and 282 of Plaintiff's Complaint on file herein.
- 3. That as to paragraphs 9, 29, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 52, 53, 54, 58, 61, 62, 66, 67, 68, 72, 79, 82, 83, 85, 86, 87, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 95, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 125, 127, 128, 130, 135, 150, 151, 152, 159, 160, 161, 167, 168, 176, 190, 191, 192, 200, 242, 256, 263, 264, and 266 of Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendants are at the time of this answer without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.

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- 4. As to paragraphs 109, 118, 124, 234, 139, 146, 155, 165, 172, 179, 188, 196, 203, 209, 217, 223, 229, 235, 246, 252, 262, 272 and 278 of Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendants, admit, deny and are without information as previously stated in prior paragraphs.
- 5. As to paragraph 2 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that Thomas Walker is a man working in construction. Defendants further admit that he has maintained the subject property as his primary residence for approximately 13 years. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 6. As to paragraph 3 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendant FLOYD GRIMES is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State of Nevada County of Clark. Defendants further admit that Mr. Grimes is a private investor and is the owner of certain properties in the City of Las Vegas and the City of North Las Vegas. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 7. As to paragraph 4 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that WBG trust is formally known as Wayne and Betty Grimes Trust and is administered by trustees FLOYD GRIMES and Elizabeth Grimes. Defendants further admit that WBG trust was created in the State of Nevada, County of Clark. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- As to paragraph 6 of plaintiff's complaint defendants admit that Victoria Grimes (incorrectly named Halsey) is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the state of Nevada, County of Clark. Defendants further admit that Ms. Grimes is the biological child of FLOYD GRIMES. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.

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- 9. As to paragraph 13 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that the mobile home is properly described in said paragraph. Defendants further admit that plaintiff offered to purchase from defendant Grimes the subject property. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 10. As to paragraph 14 of plaintiff's complaint defendants admit that the price for the subject property that was discussed between the parties was \$69,000. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 11. As to paragraph 15 of plaintiff's complaint, defendant Grimes admits that he and plaintiff discussed the potential sale of said property including the potential for down payment to be made over a period of months. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 12. As to paragraph 16 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that Mr. Grimes and plaintiff discussed the possibility that upon receipt of the last payment of a possible purchase price should a purchase and sale be entered into, defendant Grimes would convey title to the property to plaintiff. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 13. As to paragraph 18 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that on or about February 1, 2005 the plaintiff took possession of the residence from the defendants. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 14. As to paragraph 19 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that plaintiff paid an extra \$100 in addition to the regular monthly rent payment for a period of proximally two years. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this

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Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.

- 15. As to paragraph 21 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that on or about November 2012, the plaintiffs contacted the defendants and requested an account statement.
- 16 As to paragraph 55 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that on or about December 14, 2015, the plaintiff appeared in court for a summary eviction hearing as the tenant and defendant Victoria Halsey appeared. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 17. As to paragraph 59 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendant Victoria Grimes testified that defendants at one time offered a formal typed contract to the plaintiff and the plaintiff refused to sign the contract. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 18. As to paragraph 60 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that the court found that the issues were not appropriate to be adjudicated in a hearing for summary eviction. Defendants further admit that the court denied the summary eviction. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 19. As to paragraph 64 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that on or about February 11, 2016 defendant FLOYD GRIMES conveyed the property to note WBG trust. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 20. As to paragraph 78 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that after being sworn in and under oath one of the defendants testified the plaintiff stopped making payments. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this

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Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.

- As to paragraph 96 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that on or about January, 21. 2018 the plaintiff appeared as a tenant and defendant FLOYD GRIMES appeared in court as the landlord and Victoria Grimes also appeared in court in a case for summary eviction. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 22. As to paragraph 120 of plaintiff's complaint defendants admit that defendants FLOYD GRIMES and the Victoria Grimes contend that defendants payments were rent payments and plaintiff stopped making payments in November 2015. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 23. As to paragraph 126 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that FLOYD GRIMES and defendant Victoria Grimes refused to convey the title of the property to the plaintiff and then attempted to evict the plaintiff from the property. Defendants further admit that FLOYD GRIMES conveyed the property to Jalee Arnone. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 24. As to paragraph 181 of plaintiff's complaint defendants admit that on or about June 8, 2016 defendant FLOYD GRIMES contacted the North Las Vegas water utility and caused the water service to be disconnected. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 25. As to paragraph 193 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendants owed a duty to the plaintiff to use the judicial process to resolve the issues. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.

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As to paragraph 214 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendants owed a 26. duty to the plaintiff to obey the laws of the state of Nevada and the County of Clark. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.

- As to paragraph 220 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendants owed a 27. duty to the plaintiff to obey the laws of the state of Nevada and the County of Clark. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- As to paragraph 230 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that on or about August 28. 13, 2018 defendant FLOYD GRIMES by the use of a quitclaim deed conveyed the property to defendant Jalee Arnone. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 29. As to paragraph 232 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendants owed a duty to the plaintiff to obey the laws of the state of Nevada and the County of Clark. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 30. As to paragraph 243 of plaintiff's complaint defendants admit that defendants owed a duty to obey the laws of the state of Nevada. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- As to paragraph 280 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendants had a duty to obey the laws in the state of Nevada and the County of Clark. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without

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sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

- 32. Plaintiffs' Complaint on file herein fails to state a claim against this answering Defendant upon which relief can be granted.
- 33. Defendants allege that Plaintiff is estopped from pursuing any claim against Defendant.
- 34. Plaintiff failed to commence an action in this matter within the periods of limitation as prescribed by N.R.S. 11.190 et seq., and this action is barred by the statute of limitations and no recovery may be made.
- 35. Any claim of Plaintiff is barred by the laches of Plaintiff in pursuing such claim.
- 36. Defendants allege that this Court lacks jurisdiction to consider the claim of the Plaintiffs and further allege that this Court lacks jurisdiction to consider this action.
- 37. Plaintiff, with full knowledge of all the facts connected with, or relating to, the transaction alleged in the Complaint, ratified and confirmed in all respects the acts of the Defendants by accepting the benefits to Plaintiff*s accruing from such acts.
- 38. There existed no privity of contract between Plaintiff and certain Defendants, and the allegation in the Plaintiff's Complaint which are based on an expressed or implied contract are, therefore, barred as to certain Defendants because of said lack of privity of contract.
- 39. Defendants allege that at all times relevant hereto the alleged agreement entered into between the Plaintiff and Defendants would be unenforceable and in violation of the statute of frauds and therefore void.
- 40. Defendants allege that at the time and place alleged in the Complaint, there was no consideration for the contract Plaintiff now claims is breached.
- 41. Defendants allege that Plaintiffs has waived any right-of recovery from Defendants.
- 42. Defendants intend to rely upon the defense of Plaintiff's failure to mitigate damages.
- 43. Defendants intend to rely upon the defense of unclean hands.

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- 44. Defendants intend to rely upon the defense of Plaintiff's bad faith and/or Plaintiff's breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing.
- 45. Defendants intend to assert his own good faith as a defense.
- 46. Defendants intend to rely upon the defense of knowledge and acquiescence.
- 47. Defendants intend to rely upon the defense of Plaintiff's consent.

WHEREFORE, having answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendants pray that Plaintiff take nothing by reason thereof.

COUNTERCLAIM

48. Come now Counterclaimants, FLOYD GRIMES and JALEE ARNONE, by and through their attorneys, KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. and DAVID KRAWCZYK, ESQ. of the law firm DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD., and hereby complain against the Counterdefendant as follows:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 49. Counterclaimant, FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, at all times relevant to these allegations of this counterclaim, was an individual residing in the County of Clark, State of Nevada.
- 50. Counterclaimant, JALEE ARNONE, at all times relevant to these allegations of this counterclaim, was an individual residing in the County of Clark, State of Nevada.
- 51. Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER, at all times relevant to the allegations of this complaint, was an individual residing in the State of Nevada, County of Clark.
- 52. Counterclaimants are unaware of the true names and capacities whether individual, corporation, associate, or otherwise of Counterdefendant DOE individuals 1 through 10 and ROE ENTITIES 11 through 20, inclusive, and therefore, sues these Counterdefendant's by such the fictitious names. Counterclaimant informed and believes and thereupon alleges that the DOE individuals ROE ENTITY Counterdefendant's, and each of them, are in some manner responsible and liable for the acts and damages alleged in this counterclaim. Counterclaimant

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will seek leave of this court to amend this counterclaim to allege the true names and capacities of the DOE individuals and ROE ENTITIES when they are true names are ascertained.

All acts complained of by Counterdefendant herein occurred in the County of Clark, State of Nevada.

CAUSES OF ACTION

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- 54. Counterclaimants repeat and re-alleges each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as fully set forth herein.
- In early 2005, counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER approached counterclaimant, 55. FLOYD GRIMES, regarding the possibility of WALKER purchasing from FLOYD GRIMES a certain mobile home, and the mobile home property herein described, said property titled in the name of FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES at the time of the discussions.
- 56. Counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES discussed with counterdefendant the basic concept of counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES selling and counterdefendant purchasing the subject property, legally described as a 1969 Newport single wide home, serial number S1888 and the mobile home lot located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89156.
- 57. The purchase price discussed was \$69,000 with said purchase price to be paid in a yet to be described series of payments over approximately 30 years.
- 58. By oral agreement between counterdefendant and counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES, and in anticipation of the potential sale, to be documented by a real estate sales contract, counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES allowed counterdefendant to begin residing in the subject property as a tenant and that counterdefendant would pay monthly rent.
- 59. In approximately early February 2005, in order to conclude the purchase and sale of said property, counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES provided to counterdefendant a draft document entitled "CONTRACT OF SALE."
- Upon receiving the draft CONTRACT OF SALE, counterdefendant commented that he 60. would like time to have his mother and her attorney review said document.

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- 61. Without signing the CONTRACT OF SALE, counterdefendant continued to reside in the subject mobile home as a tenant, and he continues to this date to occupy said residence.
- 62. During counterdefendant's tendency of said residence, for the periods 2005 through October, 2015, at various times counterdefendant failed to pay the monthly rent.
- 63. By approximately October 2015, counterdefendant had completely ceased paying any monthly rent.
- 64. On or about November 1, 2015 when counterdefendant again failed to pay the monthly rent, counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES filed for summary eviction in Las Vegas Justice Court.
- 65. At the hearing regarding said summary eviction, the Justice of Peace denied the summary eviction apparently based on counterdefendant's assertion that he had an ownership interest in the subject property.
- 66. On or about February 11, 2016 counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES transferred ownership of said property to the WBG Trust.
- 67. On or about August 2018, trustees FLOYD GRIMES and ELIZABETH GRIMES transferred ownership of said property to JALEE ARNONE.
- 68. On three additional occasions during the years 2016, 2017 and 2018, counterclaimants again attempted summary eviction of counterdefendant from said premises. At each hearing regarding said summary eviction, the Justice of Peace denied the summary eviction apparently based on counterdefendant's assertion that he had an ownership interest in said property.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Breach of Contract

- 69. Counterclaimants repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.
- As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendant's breach of the oral rental agreement, Counterclaimants have been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial, in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

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As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendant's breach of the agreements, 71. Counterclaimants have been forced to retain the services of an attorney, and is entitled to an award of its costs and attorney's fees in defending and prosecuting this action.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Breach of Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing

- 72. Counterclaimants repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.
- 73. Counterdefendant had an obligation under the oral rental agreement to deal with Counterclaimants in accordance with the common-law contract principle of good faith and fair dealing.
- By their actions in dealing with the Counterclaimants, Counterdefendant breached his 74. obligation to deal with the Counterclaimants in a manner of good faith and fair dealing as was their obligation.
- 75. As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendant's breach of the principle of good faith and fair dealing, Counterclaimants have been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial, in an amount in excess of \$15,000.
- 76. As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendant's breach of the principle of good faith and fair dealing, Counterclaimants have been forced to retain the services of an attorney, and is entitled to an award of their costs and attorney's fees in defending and prosecuting this action.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

UNJUST ENRICHMENT

77. Counterclaimants repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.

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- As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendant's breach of the oral rental 78. agreement, Counterclaimants have been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial, in an amount in excess of \$15,000.
- As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendant's breach of the agreements, 79. Counterclaimants have been forced to retain the services of an attorney, and is entitled to an award of its costs and attorney's fees in defending and prosecuting this action.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

SLANDER OF TITLE

- 80. Counterclaimants repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.
- Counterdefendant WALKER slandered the title to counter claimant's property on four 81. different occasions by intentionally and without justification claiming that counterdefendant owned said property.
- 82. As a direct and proximate result of counterdefendant's actions in slandering the title to said property, counterclaimants have suffered a diminution to the value of said property and further prevented counterclaimants from selling said property at market value.
- 83. As a consequence of counterdefendant's slander of title, counterclaimants have been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial but in any event in excess of \$15,000.
- 84. As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendants' slander of title, Counterclaimants have been forced to retain the services of an attorney, and is entitled to an award of her costs and attorney's fees in defending and prosecuting this action.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

85. Counterclaimants repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.

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- 86. Counterdefendant WALKER has resided in the subject residence since the year 2015 without paying monthly rent, and continues to reside in the subject residence without paying monthly rent.
- 87. Counterdefendant JAYLEE ARNONE is the true and rightful owner of title to the subject residence.
- 88. Counterclaimant JAYLEE ARNONE, seeks the assistance of this Honorable Court in removing counterdefendant from the subject property during the pendency of this action.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

UNLAWFUL DETAINER

- 89. Counterclaimants repeat and re-alleges each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.
- 90. Counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE is a resident of Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 91. Counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE became the owner of record of the subject property on or about August 10, 2018.
- 92. Counterdefendant has breached the oral rental agreement regarding said property and has not made a rental payment since approximately October 2015.
- 93. On several prior occasions, counterdefendant has been served with 5 day notices to pay rent or quit. Counterdefendant has ignored each of said notices.
- 94. On one or more occasions, counterdefendant has been served with a Thirty-Day Notice to Quit. Counterdefendant has ignored said notice(s).
- 95. Counterdefendant continues in possession of the property after more than 30 days of service of the Thirty-day Notice to Quit.
- 96. Pursuant to Nevada Revised Statute 40.251, counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE, is entitled to pursue an unlawful detainer action after counterdefendant breached the oral rental agreement and continued in possession of the property after being served a Thirty-Day Notice to Quit.

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SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

ATTORNEY'S FEES AS SPECIAL DAMAGES

- 97. Counterclaimants repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.
- 98. Counterclaimants have incurred attorney fees which were forseeable damages arising from the willful and intentional acts of the Counterdefendant in intentionally refusing to pay rent when due and claiming an ownership interest in said property.
- Such attorney fees are the natural and proximate consequence of the intentional acts 99. committed by the Counterdefendant as alleged herein, and are hereby pled as special damages pursuant to NRCP 9(g). See Sandy Valley Assocs. v. Sky Ranch Estates Owners Ass'n., 117 Nev 948, 35 P.3d 964 (2001).

WHEREFORE, Counterclaimant pleads for relief and for judgment in Counterclaimant's favor and against Counterdefendant as follows:

- 1. For an award of compensatory monetary damages in an amount to be proven at trial, in an amount in excess of \$15,000;
- 3. For costs incurred in the prosecution of this action, as allowed by the agreement and four all applicable statutes and rules;
- 4. For an award of attorney's fees incurred in the prosecution of this action, as allowed by the agreement and or applicable statutes and rules;
- 5. For prejudgment interest at a rate allowed by statutes and rules; and
- 6. For such other further relief as the court deems just and proper.
- 7. For an Order directing counterdefendant to vacate the subject premises.

Respectfully submitted by,

DEMPSEY, ROBERTS &/SMATH, LTD.

Attorney for Counterclaimants

DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD. 1130 Wigwam Parkway • Henderson, Nevada 89074 (702) 388-1216 • Fax: (702) 388-2514

VERIFICATION

STATE OF NEVADA) ss: COUNTY OF CLARK)

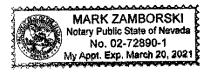
Floyd Wayne Grimes, being first duly sworn according to law, deposes and says:

That your affiant has read the foregoing DEFENDANTS' ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT AND DEFENDANTS' COUNTERCLAIM and knows the contents thereof; that the same is true of his own knowledge, except for those matters therein stated upon information and belief, and as to those matters, he believes them to be true.

FLOYDW. GRIMES

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me this ______ day of December, 2018

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for said County and State.



Electronically Filed 12/12/2018 2:39 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. Nevada Bar # 4729 DAVID E. KRAWCZYK, ESQ. Nevada Bar # 12423 DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD. 1130 Wigwam Parkway 4 Henderson, Nevada 89074 (702) 388-1216 (Telephone) (702) 388-2514 (Facsimile) KenRoberts@drsltd.com (Email) DavidK@drsltd.com (Email) Attorneys for Defendants DISTRICT COURT 1130 Wigwam Parkway, Henderson, NV 89074 Tel 702-388-1216 Fax 702-388-2514 E-mail drshtd@drshtd.com CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA THOMAS WALKER, 10 Dempsey, Roberts & Smith, Ltd. Plaintiff, 11 CASE NO. A-18-783375-C VS. 12 FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, WBG Dept. No.: XXXI 13 TRUST, Floyd Grimes, and Elizabeth Grimes as Trustees, ELIZABETH GRIMES, an individual, 14 VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY, an individual and as 15 the Agent of Floyd Wayne Grimes, JALEE ARNONE, an individual, and PETER ARNONE, an individual, DOES 1 through 20, and ROE 16 BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50, inclusive, 17 Defendants. 18 FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, JAYLEE ARNONE, an individual, INITIAL FEE DISCLOSURE 20 Counterclaimants, 21 vs. 22 THOMAS WALKER, an individual, DOES 1 through 23 10, ROE ENTITIES 11 through 20, inclusive, 24 Counterdefendants. 25

Dempsey, Roberts & Smith, Ltd. 1130 Wigwam Parkway, Henderson, NV 89074 Tel 702-388-1216 Fax 702-388-2514 E-mail drsltd@drsltd.com

Pursuant to NRS Chapter 19, as amended by Senate Bill 106, filing fees are submitted for parties appearing in the above entitled action as indicated below:

FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES	\$233.00
JALEE ARNONE	\$30.00
VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY	\$30.00
ELIZABETH GRIMES	\$30.00
WBG TRUST	\$30.00

TOTAL REMITTED: (Required) \$353.00

DATED: This 12th day of December, 2018.

/s/Kenneth M. Roberts
KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ.

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ANS KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. Nevada Bar # 4729 DAVID E. KRAWCZYK, ESQ. Nevada Bar # 12423 DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD. 1130 Wigwam Parkway Henderson, Nevada 89074 (702) 388-1216 (Telephone) (702) 388-2514 (Facsimile) KenRoberts@drsltd.com (Émail)

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CLERK OF THE COU

DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

THOMAS WALKER,

DavidK@drsltd.com (Email)

Attorneys for Defendants

Plaintiff.

VS.

FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, WBG TRUST, Floyd Grimes, and Elizabeth Grimes as Trustees, ELIZABETH GRIMES, an individual, VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY, an individual and as the Agent of Floyd Wayne Grimes, JALEE ARNONE, an individual, and PETER ARNONE, an individual, DOES 1 through 20, and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50, inclusive.

Defendant.

FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, JALEE ARNONE, an individual,

Counterclaimants,

VS.

THOMAS WALKER, an individual, DOES 1 through 10, ROE ENTITIES 11 through 20, inclusive,

Counterdefendants.

CASE NO. A-18-783375-C

Dept. No.: XXXI

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DEFENDANTS' 1ST AMENDED ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT

<u>AND</u>

DEFENDANTS' COUNTERCLAIM

COME NOW Defendants, FLOYD GRIMES, individually and as Trustee of WBG Trust; ELIZABETH GRIMES, individually and as Trustee of WBG Trust; VICTORIA JEAN GRIMES (incorrectly named as VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY); JALEE ARNONE AND PETER ARNONE, by and through their attorneys, KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. and DAVID KRAWCZYK ESQ., of the law firm of DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD., and answering the Complaint on file herein, admits, denies and alleges as follows:

- 1. Admits each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1, 5, 7, 8,11, 20, 54, 57, 65, 69, 75, 76, 77, 84, 88, 94, 97, 173, 204 and 210 of Plaintiff's Complaint on file herein.
- 2. Denies each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 10, 12, 17, 19, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30 - 42, 48, 49, 50, 56, 63, 70, 71, 73, 74, 99, 100, 106, 107, 108, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 117, 119, 121, 122, 123, 129, 131-133, 136, 137, 138, 140, 141 - 145, 147-149, 153, 154, 156, 158, 162, 163, 164, 166, 167, 169-171, 174, 175, 177, 178, 180, 181, 182, 183, 185, 186, 187, 189, 194, 195, 197, 198, 199, 201, 202, 205, 206, 207, 208, 211, 212, 213, 215, 216, 218, 219, 221, 222, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 231, 233, 234, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 244, 245, 247, 248, 250, 251, 253, 254, 255, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 265, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 279, 291, and 282 of Plaintiff's Complaint on file herein. 3. That as to paragraphs 9, 29, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 51, 52, 53, 58, 61, 62, 66, 67, 68, 72,
- 79,80, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 87, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 95, 98, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 116, 125, 127, 128, 130, 135, 150, 151, 152, 159, 160, 161, 168, 176, 190, 191, 192, 200, 242, 256, 263, 264, and 266 of Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendants are at the time of this answer without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.

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- As to paragraphs 109, 118, 124, 134, 139, 146, 155, 165, 172, 179, 188, 196, 203, 209, 4. 217, 223, 229, 235, 246, 252, 262, 272 and 278 of Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendants, admit, deny and are without information as previously stated in prior paragraphs.
- 5. As to paragraph 2 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that Thomas Walker is a man working in construction. Defendants further admit that he has maintained the subject property as his primary residence for approximately 13 years. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 6. As to paragraph 3 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendant FLOYD GRIMES is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the State of Nevada County of Clark. Defendants further admit that Mr. Grimes is a private investor and is the owner of certain properties in the City of Las Vegas and the City of North Las Vegas. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 7. As to paragraph 4 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that WBG trust is formally known as Wayne and Betty Grimes Trust and is administered by trustees FLOYD GRIMES and Elizabeth Grimes. Defendants further admit that WBG trust was created in the State of Nevada, County of Clark. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 8. As to paragraph 6 of plaintiff's complaint defendants admit that Victoria Grimes (incorrectly named Halsey) is and was at all times relevant to this action a resident of the state of Nevada, County of Clark. Defendants further admit that Ms. Grimes is the biological child of FLOYD GRIMES. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.

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- As to paragraph 13 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that the mobile home is 9. properly described in said paragraph. Defendants further admit that plaintiff offered to purchase from defendant Grimes the subject property. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- As to paragraph 14 of plaintiff's complaint defendants admit that the price for the subject 10. property that was discussed between the parties was \$69,000. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 11. As to paragraph 15 of plaintiff's complaint, defendant Grimes admits that he and plaintiff discussed the potential sale of said property including the potential for down payment to be made over a period of months. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 12. As to paragraph 16, 148 and 157 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that Mr. Grimes and plaintiff discussed the possibility that upon receipt of the last payment of a possible purchase price should a purchase and sale be entered into, defendant Grimes would convey title to the property to plaintiff. As to the remainder of said paragraphs, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 13. As to paragraph 18 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that on or about February 1, 2005 the plaintiff took possession of the residence from the defendants. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 14. As to paragraph 21 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that on or about November 2012, the plaintiffs contacted the defendants and requested an account statement.

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- As to paragraph 55 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that on or about December 15. 14, 2015, the plaintiff appeared in court for a summary eviction hearing as the tenant and defendant Victoria Halsey appeared. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 16. As to paragraph 59 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendant Victoria Grimes testified that defendants at one time offered a formal typed contract to the plaintiff and the plaintiff refused to sign the contract. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 17. As to paragraph 60 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that the court found that the issues were not appropriate to be adjudicated in a hearing for summary eviction. Defendants further admit that the court denied the summary eviction. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 18. As to paragraph 64 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that on or about February 11, 2016 defendant FLOYD GRIMES conveyed the property to note WBG trust. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 19. As to paragraph 78 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that after being sworn in and under oath one of the defendants testified the plaintiff stopped making payments. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- As to paragraph 96 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that on or about January, 2018 the plaintiff appeared as a tenant and defendant FLOYD GRIMES appeared in court as

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the landlord and Victoria Grimes also appeared in court in a case for summary eviction. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.

- As to paragraph 120 of plaintiff's complaint defendants admit that defendants FLOYD 21. GRIMES and the Victoria Grimes contend that defendants payments were rent payments and plaintiff stopped making payments in November 2015. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 22. As to paragraph 126 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that FLOYD GRIMES and defendant Victoria Grimes refused to convey the title of the property to the plaintiff and then attempted to evict the plaintiff from the property. Defendants further admit that FLOYD GRIMES conveyed the property to Jalee Arnone. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 23. As to paragraph 193 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendants owed a duty to the plaintiff to use the judicial process to resolve the issues. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 24. As to paragraph 214, 184 and 249 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendants owed a duty to the plaintiff to obey the laws of the state of Nevada and the County of Clark. As to the remainder of said paragraphs, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 25. As to paragraph 220 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendants owed a duty to the plaintiff to obey the laws of the state of Nevada and the County of Clark. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer

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without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.

- As to paragraph 230 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that on or about August 26. 13, 2018 defendant FLOYD GRIMES by the use of a quitclaim deed conveyed the property to defendant Jalee Arnone. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 27. As to paragraph 232 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendants owed a duty to the plaintiff to obey the laws of the state of Nevada and the County of Clark. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 28. As to paragraph 243 of plaintiff's complaint defendants admit that defendants owed a duty to obey the laws of the state of Nevada. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 29. As to paragraph 280 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that defendants had a duty to obey the laws in the state of Nevada and the County of Clark. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- 30. As to paragraph 248 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit that caused to be recorded in the Office of the Clark County recorder the Quit Claim Deed for the subject property. As to the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.
- As to paragraph 259 of plaintiff's complaint, defendants admit taht defendant Jalee Amone owes a duty to act in good conscience with the principals of justice and equity. As to

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the remainder of said paragraph, Defendants deny said remainder or are at the time of this Answer without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the averment, and therefore deny the same.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

- 32. Plaintiffs' Complaint on file herein fails to state a claim against this answering Defendant upon which relief can be granted.
- 33. Defendants allege that Plaintiff is estopped from pursuing any claim against Defendant.
- 34. Plaintiff failed to commence an action in this matter within the periods of limitation as prescribed by N.R.S. 11.190 et seq., and this action is barred by the statute of limitations and no recovery may be made.
- 35. Any claim of Plaintiff is barred by the laches of Plaintiff in pursuing such claim.
- 36. There existed no privity of contract between Plaintiff and certain Defendants, and the allegation in the Plaintiff's Complaint which are based on an expressed or implied contract are, therefore, barred as to certain Defendants because of said lack of privity of contract.
- 37. Defendants allege that at all times relevant hereto the alleged agreement entered into between the Plaintiff and Defendants would be unenforceable and in violation of the statute of frauds and therefore void.
- 38. Defendants allege that at the time and place alleged in the Complaint, there was no consideration for the contract Plaintiff now claims is breached.
- 39. Defendants allege that Plaintiffs has waived any right-of recovery from Defendants.
- 40. Defendants intend to rely upon the defense of Plaintiff's failure to mitigate damages.
- 41. Defendants intend to rely upon the defense of unclean hands.
- 42. Defendants intend to rely upon the defense of Plaintiff's bad faith and/or Plaintiff's breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing.
- 43. Defendants intend to assert his own good faith as a defense.
- 44. Defendants intend to rely upon the defense of knowledge and acquiescence.
- 45. Defendants intend to rely upon the defense of Plaintiff's consent.

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WHEREFORE, having answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendants pray that Plaintiff take nothing by reason thereof.

COUNTERCLAIM

46. Come now Counterclaimants, FLOYD GRIMES and JALEE ARNONE, by and through their attorneys, KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. and DAVID KRAWCZYK, ESQ. of the law firm DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD., and hereby complain against the Counterdefendant as follows:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 47. Counterclaimant, FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, at all times relevant to these allegations of this counterclaim, was an individual residing in the County of Clark, State of Nevada.
- 48. Counterclaimant, JALEE ARNONE, at all times relevant to these allegations of this counterclaim, was an individual residing in the County of Clark, State of Nevada.
- 49. Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER, at all times relevant to the allegations of this complaint, was an individual residing in the State of Nevada, County of Clark.
- 50. Counterclaimants are unaware of the true names and capacities whether individual, corporation, associate, or otherwise of Counterdefendant DOE individuals 1 through 10 and ROE ENTITIES 11 through 20, inclusive, and therefore, sues these Counterdefendant's by such the fictitious names. Counterclaimant informed and believes and thereupon alleges that the DOE individuals ROE ENTITY Counterdefendant's, and each of them, are in some manner responsible and liable for the acts and damages alleged in this counterclaim. Counterclaimant will seek leave of this court to amend this counterclaim to allege the true names and capacities of the DOE individuals and ROE ENTITIES when their true names are ascertained.
- All acts complained of by Counterdefendant herein occurred in the County of Clark, State of Nevada.

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CAUSES OF ACTION

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- 52. Counterclaimants repeat and re-alleges each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as fully set forth herein.
- In early 2005, counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER approached counterclaimant, 53. FLOYD GRIMES, regarding the possibility of WALKER purchasing from FLOYD GRIMES a certain mobile home, and the mobile home property herein described, said property titled in the name of FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES at the time of the discussions.
- 54. Counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES discussed with counterdefendant the basic concept of counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES selling and counterdefendant purchasing the subject property, legally described as a 1969 Newport single wide home, serial number S 1888 and the mobile home lot located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89156.
- 55. The purchase price discussed was \$69,000 with said purchase price to be paid in a yet to be described series of payments over approximately 30 years.
- 56. By oral agreement between counterdefendant and counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES, and in anticipation of the potential sale, to be documented by a real estate sales contract, counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES allowed counterdefendant to begin residing in the subject property as a tenant and that counterdefendant would pay monthly rent.
- 57. In approximately early February 2005, in order to conclude the purchase and sale of said property, counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES provided to counterdefendant a draft document entitled "CONTRACT OF SALE."
- 58. Upon receiving the draft CONTRACT OF SALE, counterdefendant commented that he would like time to have his mother and her attorney review said document.
- 59. Without signing the CONTRACT OF SALE, counterdefendant continued to reside in the subject mobile home as a tenant, and he continues to this date to occupy said residence.
- 60. During counterdefendant's tendency of said residence, for the periods 2005 through October, 2015, at various times counterdefendant failed to pay the monthly rent.

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- By approximately April 2015, counterdefendant had completely ceased paying any 61. monthly rent.
- 62. On or about November 1, 2015 when counterdefendant again failed to pay the monthly rent, counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES filed for summary eviction in Las Vegas Justice Court.
- At the hearing regarding said summary eviction, the Justice of Peace denied the 63. summary eviction apparently based on counterdefendant's assertion that he had an ownership interest in the subject property.
- 64. On or about February 11, 2016 counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES transferred ownership of said property to the WBG Trust.
- 65. On or about August 2018, trustees FLOYD GRIMES and ELIZABETH GRIMES transferred ownership of said property to JALEE ARNONE.
- 66. On three additional occasions during the years 2016, 2017 and 2018, counterclaimants again attempted summary eviction of counterdefendant from said premises. At each hearing regarding said summary eviction, the Justice of Peace denied the summary eviction apparently based on counterdefendant's assertion that he had an ownership interest in said property.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Breach of Contract

- 67. Counterclaimants repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.
- 68. As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendant's breach of the oral rental agreement, Counterclaimants have been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial, in an amount in excess of \$15,000.
- As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendant's breach of the agreements. Counterclaimants have been forced to retain the services of an attorney, and is entitled to an award of its costs and attorney's fees in defending and prosecuting this action.

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SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Breach of Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing

- 70. Counterclaimants repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.
- Counterdefendant had an obligation under the oral rental agreement to deal with 71. Counterclaimants in accordance with the common-law contract principle of good faith and fair dealing.
- 72. By their actions in dealing with the Counterclaimants, Counterdefendant breached his obligation to deal with the Counterclaimants in a manner of good faith and fair dealing as was their obligation.
- 73. As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendant's breach of the principle of good faith and fair dealing, Counterclaimants have been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial, in an amount in excess of \$15,000.
- 74. As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendant's breach of the principle of good faith and fair dealing, Counterclaimants have been forced to retain the services of an attorney, and is entitled to an award of their costs and attorney's fees in defending and prosecuting this action.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

UNJUST ENRICHMENT

- 75. Counterclaimants repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.
- 76. As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendant's breach of the oral rental agreement, Counterclaimants have been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial, in an amount in excess of \$15,000.
- As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendant's breach of the agreements, Counterclaimants have been forced to retain the services of an attorney, and is entitled to an award of its costs and attorney's fees in defending and prosecuting this action.

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FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

SLANDER OF TITLE

- 78. Counterclaimants repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.
- Counterdefendant WALKER slandered the title to counter claimant's property on four 79. different occasions by intentionally and without justification claiming that counterdefendant owned said property.
- 80. As a direct and proximate result of counterdefendant's actions in slandering the title to said property, counterclaimants have suffered a diminution to the value of said property and further prevented counterclaimants from selling said property at market value.
- 81. As a consequence of counterdefendant's slander of title, counterclaimants have been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial but in any event in excess of \$15,000.
- 82. As a direct and proximate result of the Counterdefendants' slander of title, Counterclaimants have been forced to retain the services of an attorney, and is entitled to an award of her costs and attorney's fees in defending and prosecuting this action.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

- 83. Counterclaimants repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.
- 84. Counterdefendant WALKER has resided in the subject residence since the year 2015 without paying monthly rent, and continues to reside in the subject residence without paying monthly rent.
- 85. Counterdefendant JALEE ARNONE is the true and rightful owner of title to the subject residence.
- 86. Counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE, seeks the assistance of this Honorable Court in removing counterdefendant from the subject property during the pendency of this action.

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SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

UNLAWFUL DETAINER

- 87. Counterclaimants repeat and re-alleges each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as fully set forth herein.
- Counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE is a resident of Las Vegas, Nevada. 88.
- 89. Counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE became the owner of record of the subject property on or about August 10, 2018.
- 90. Counterdefendant has breached the oral rental agreement regarding said property and has not made a rental payment since approximately October 2015.
- 91. On several prior occasions, counterdefendant has been served with 5 day notices to pay rent or quit. Counterdefendant has ignored each of said notices.
- 92. On one or more occasions, counterdefendant has been served with a Thirty-Day Notice to Quit. Counterdefendant has ignored said notice(s).
- Counterdefendant continues in possession of the property after more than 30 days of 93. service of the Thirty-day Notice to Quit.
- 94 Pursuant to Nevada Revised Statute 40.251, counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE, is entitled to pursue an unlawful detainer action after counterdefendant breached the oral rental agreement and continued in possession of the property after being served a Thirty-Day Notice to Quit.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

ATTORNEY'S FEES AS SPECIAL DAMAGES

- 95. Counterclaimants repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in the paragraphs above as a fully set forth herein.
- 96. Counterclaimants have incurred attorney fees which were forseeable damages arising from the willful and intentional acts of the Counterdefendant in intentionally refusing to pay rent when due and claiming an ownership interest in said property.

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Such attorney fees are the natural and proximate consequence of the intentional acts 97. committed by the Counterdefendant as alleged herein, and are hereby pled as special damages pursuant to NRCP 9(g). See Sandy Valley Assocs. v. Sky Ranch Estates Owners Ass'n., 117 Nev 948, 35 P.3d 964 (2001).

WHEREFORE, Counterclaimant pleads for relief and for judgment in Counterclaimant's favor and against Counterdefendant as follows:

- 1. For an award of compensatory monetary damages in an amount to be proven at trial, in an amount in excess of \$15,000;
- 2. For costs incurred in the prosecution of this action, as allowed by the agreement and for all applicable statutes and rules;
- 3. For an award of attorney's fees incurred in the prosecution of this action, as allowed by the agreement and or applicable statutes and rules;
- 4. For prejudgment interest at a rate allowed by statutes and rules;
- 5. For an Order requiring counterdefendant to vacate the subject premises.

and

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6. For such other further relief as the court deems just and proper.

Respectfully submitted by,

DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD.

Attorney for Counterclaimants

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VERIFICATION

STATE OF NEVADA) ss:

Jalee Arnone, being first duly sworn according to law, deposes and says:

That your affiant has read the foregoing DEFENDANTS' 1ST AMENDED ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT AND DEFENDANTS' COUNTERCLAIM and knows the contents thereof; that the same is true of her own knowledge, except for those matters therein stated upon information and belief, and as to those matters, she believes them to be true.

JALEE ARNONE

Pursuant to NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on:

Electronically Filed 12/31/2018 6:59 PM Steven D. Grierson **RCCM** CLERK OF THE COU Thomas Walker 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue 2 Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 3 (702) 619-1256 twalkercivil3@gmail.com Plaintiff, In Proper Person 4 5 6 EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 7 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 8 9 THOMAS WALKER 10 Plaintiff, Case No.: A-18-783375-C 11 Dept. No.: XXXI VS. 12 FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, WBG TRUST, Floyd Wayne Grimes, as Trustee, ELIZABETH GRIMES, an individual, VICTORIA 13 JEAN HALSEY, an individual and as the Agent of REPLY TO COUNTERCLAIM Floyd Wayne Grimes, JALEE ARNONE, an 14 ANSWER individual, and PETER ARNONE, an individual, 15 DOES 1 through 20, and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50, inclusive 16 17 REPLY TO COUNTERCLAIM 18 **ANSWER** 19 Comes Now Plaintiff and Counter-defendant THOMAS WALKER, Pro Se and hereby submits this Answer to the Counterclaim on file herein, and hereby admits, denies and alleges as 20 follows: 21 22 1. Answering paragraph 48, 49, 50, 51, 90, 91, 95 of Counterclaimant/Defendant's 23 Counterclaim, Plaintiff/ Counter-defendant ADMITS each and every allegation contained 24 therein. 25 2. Answering paragraphs 53, 55, 59, 60, 62, 63, 67, 70, 71, 73, 74, 75, 76, 78, 79,

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24 25 81, 82,83, 84, 86, 87, 88, 92, 93, 96, 98, 99 of Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counterdefendant DENIES each and every allegation contained therein.

- 3. Answering paragraphs 50, 52, 53 of Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counterdefendant is without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and therefor denies same.
- 4. Answering paragraphs 54, 69, 72, 77, 80, 85, 89, 97 of Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counter-defendant admit, deny and are without sufficient information as previously stated in prior paragraphs.
- 5. Answering paragraph 55 of Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counter-defendant THOMAS WALKER admits: "In early 2005", "WALKER purchasing from FLOYD GRIMES a certain mobile home and the mobile home property herein described, said property titled in the name of FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES at the time". As to the remainder of paragraph 55, Plaintiff deny said remainder or is at the time of this Answer without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and therefor denies the same.
- 6. Answering paragraph 56 of the Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER admits: "counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES selling and counterdefendant purchasing the subject property, legally described as a 1969 Newport single wide home, serial number S1888 and the mobile home lot located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89156. As to the remainder of paragraph 56, Plaintiff deny said remainder or is at the time of this Answer without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and therefor denies the same.
- 7. Answering paragraph 57 of the Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER admits "\$69,000 with said purchase price to be paid in a",

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"series of payments". As to the remainder of paragraph 57, Plaintiff deny said remainder or is at the time of this Answer without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and therefor denies the same.

- Answering paragraph 58 of the Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER admits "counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES allowed Counterdefendant to begin residing in the subject property". As to the remainder of paragraph 58, Plaintiff deny said remainder or is at the time of this Answer without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and therefor denies the same.
- 9. Answering paragraph 61 of the Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER admits" Without signing the CONTRACT OF SALE, Counterdefendant continued to reside in the subject mobile home". As to the remainder of paragraph 61, Plaintiff deny said remainder or is at the time of this Answer without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and therefor denies the same.
- 10. Answering paragraph 64 of the Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER admits "On or about November 1, 2015 when Counterdefendant failed to pay", "Counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES filed for summary eviction in Las Vegas Justice Court." As to the remainder of paragraph 64, Plaintiff deny said remainder or is at the time of this Answer without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and therefor denies the same.
- 11. Answering paragraph 65 of the Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER admits "At the hearing regarding said summary eviction, the Justice of Peace denied the summary eviction", Plaintiff further admits, "that he had an ownership interest in the subject property". As to the remainder of paragraph 65, Plaintiff deny

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said remainder or is at the time of this Answer without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and therefor denies the same.

- 12. Answering paragraph 66 of the Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER admits: "On or about February 11, 2016 counterclaimant FLOYS GRIMES transferred", "said property to the WBG Trust". As to the remainder of paragraph 66, Plaintiff deny said remainder or is at the time of this Answer without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and therefor denies the same.
- 13. Answering paragraph 67 of the Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER admits: "On or about August 2018, trustees FLOYD GRIMES and ELIZABETH GRIMES" sold "said property to Jalee Arnone. As to the remainder of paragraph 67, Plaintiff deny said remainder or is at the time of this Answer without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and therefor denies the same.
- 14. Answering paragraph 68 of the Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER admits "On three additional occasions during the years 2016, 2017 and 2018 Counterclaimants again attempted summary eviction of counterdefendant from said premises. At each hearing regarding said summary eviction, the Justice of the Peace denied the summary eviction", "based on counterdefendant's", "that he had an ownership interest in said property". As to the remainder of paragraph 68, Plaintiff deny said remainder or is at the time of this Answer without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and therefor denies the same.
- 15. Answering paragraph 94 of the Counterclaimant's Counterclaim, Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER admits "On one", occasion, "counterdefendant has been served

with a Thirty-Day Notice to Quit". As to the remainder of paragraph 94, Plaintiff/Counter-defendant deny said remainder or is at the time of this Answer without sufficient knowledge or information necessary to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein and therefor denies the same.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

- 16. Counterclaimant's Counterclaim on file herein fails to state a claim for which relief can be granted.
- 17. Counter-Defendant alleges that Counterclaimants are estopped from pursuing any claim against the Counter-defendant.
- 18. Any claim of the Counterclaimants is barred by laches of Defendant's/Counterclaimants in pursuing such claim.
- 19. Counterclaimant's, with full knowledge of all the facts connected with, or relating to the transaction alleged in the complaint, ratified and confirmed on all aspects, those actions of the Counter-defendant, by actions of the Defendant's/Counterclaimants accepting, and retaining, the benefits produced from said acts.
- 20. There exists no privity in contract between certain Counterclaimants and the Counter-defendant, the allegations contained in the Counterclaimants Counterclaim which are based on an express or implied contract are, therefore barred as to Certain Counterclaimants and the Counter-defendant because of lack of said privity of contract.
 - 21. Counter-defendant intends to rely upon the defense of mutuality.
 - 22. Counter-defendant intends to rely upon the defense of unclean hands
 - 23. Counter-defendant intends to rely upon the defense of frustration of purpose.
- 24. All possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged here insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon filing of this Answer. Therefore Defendant reserves the right to amend this Answer to allege additional affirmative defenses and

1	claims, coun	ter-claims, cross-claims or third-pa	arty claims, as applicable, upon further	
2	investigation and discover.			
3	WHI	EREFORE, having answered the	Counterclaimant's Counter-defendant prays that	
4	the Counterc	laimant takes nothing by reason th	ereof, and for this Honorable Court grant relief or	
5	judgment in	the Counter-defendants favor and	against the Counterclaimant's as follows:	
6	1.	Dismiss the Counterclaimant's (Counterclaim with prejudice;	
7	2.	that the Counterclaimant takes r	nothing by reason thereof	
8	3.	for an award of the relief prayed	for in the Plaintiff's Verified Complaint;	
9	2.	for an award for the Counter-de	fendant of all costs incurred in this action;	
10	3.	for an award for the Counter-de	fendant of all court fees incurred in this action;	
11	4.	for an award for the Counter-de	fendant for prejudgment and post-judgment	
12	interest at the	e highest rate of interest permitted	by law such	
13	5.	for an award for the Counter-de	fendant for any other relief as the Court deems	
ا 14	equitable, jus	st and proper.		
15	DATED this	30 day of December, 2018.	D NDC 52 045 1 dll	
16			Per NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of Perjury that the foregoing is true and correct	
17			11 1/2.	
18			Thomas Walker	
19		Respectfully Submitted:	Thomas Walker	
20			6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada89156	
21			(702)619-1256 twalkercivil3@gmail.com	
22			Plaintiff In Proper Person	
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1	<u>CERTIFICATE OF MAILING</u>				
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 31st day of December, 2018, I placed a true and correct				
3	copy of the foregoing REPLY TO COUNTERCLALIM at the United States Mail in Las				
4	Vegas, Nevada, with first-class postage prepaid, addressed to the following:				
5	DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD.				
6	KENNETHM. ROBERTS, ESQ. 1130 Wigwam Parkway				
7	Henderson, Nevada 89074 Attorney for Counterclaimants				
8	Per NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of Perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.				
9					
10	Thomas Walker				
11	Respectfully Submitted:				
12	Thomas Walker 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue				
13	Las Vegas, Nevada89156 (702)619-1256				
14	twalkercivil3@gmail.com Plaintiff				
15	In Proper Person				
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Electronically Filed 7/2/2019 9:52 PM Steven D. Grierson 1 **DMJT** CLERK OF THE COU Thomas Walker 2653 Rocky Mountain Avenue 2 Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 THOMAS WALKER 7 Plaintiff, 8 VS. FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, WBG Case No.: A-18-783375-C TRUST, Floyd Wayne Grimes, as Trustee, Dept. No.: XXXI ELIZABETH GRIMES, an individual, VICTORIA 10 JEAN HALSEY, an individual and as the Agent of Floyd Wayne Grimes, JALEE ARNONE, an 11 individual, and PETER ARNONE, an individual, 12 DOES 1 through 20, and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50, inclusive 13 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 14 TO: THE CLERK OF THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 15 THOMAS WALKER, the Plaintiff/ Counter-defendant demands that a trial in the above-16 entitled action be heard before a jury. 17 A deposit of the first day of juror fees in accordance with NRCP Rule 38 is exempt at this 18 time and shall be paid in accordance with EDCR Rule1.76 and allowable pursuant to NRCP Rule 19 83. 20 DATED this 28th day of June, 2019 21 22 Tamas Walker 23 Respectfully Submitted: 24 Thomas Walker In Proper Person 25

1	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING		
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 2 nd day of July, 2019, that I, THOMAS WALKER,		
3	placed a true and correct copy of the foregoing, DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL at the United		
4	States Mail in Las Vegas, Nevada, with first-class postage prepaid, addressed to the following:		
5	DEMPSEY,ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD. ATTN KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. &		
6	ATTN KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. & ATTN DAVID E. KRAWCZYK, ESQ. 1130 Wigwam Parkway,		
7	Henderson, Nevada 89074		
8			
9	DATED this 2 nd day of July, 2019,		
10			
11	Thomas Walker		
12	Respectfully submitted by: Thomas Walker		
13	6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89156		
14	(702)619-1256 twalkercivil3@gmail.com		
15	Plaintiff In Proper Person		
16	The Property Crash		
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Electronically Filed 7/19/2019 3:03 PM Steven D. Grierson **DMJT** CLERK OF THE COURT Thomas Walker 2 2653 Rocky Mountain Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA THOMAS WALKER 6 7 Plaintiff, 8 vs. 9 FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, WBG Case No.: A-18-783375-C TRUST, Floyd Wayne Grimes, as Trustee, Dept. No.: XXXI 10 ELIZABETH GRIMES, an individual, VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY, an individual and as the Agent of Floyd Wayne Grimes, JALEE ARNONE, an 11 individual, and PETER ARNONE, an individual, 12 DOES 1 through 20, and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through50, inclusive 13 14 JOINT CASE CONFERENCE REPORT. 15 DISPUTE RESOLUTION 16 NO XYES____ 17 18 SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE 19 YES NO X 20 I. 21 PROCEDDINGS PRIOR TO CASE CONFENCE REPORT 22 A. DATE OF FIING OF COMPLAINT: OCTOBER, 24, 2018 23 В. DATE OF FILING OF ANSWERING BY EACH DEENDANT: 24 **DECEMBER 11, 2018** DEENDANTS FIRST ANSWER 25

1	DECEMBER 31, 2018 PLAINTIFFS/COUTER-DEFENDANTS' FIRST	
2	ANSWER	
3	C. DATE THAT EARLY CASE CONFERENCE WAS HELD AND WHO	
4	ATTENDED: Conference was held on March 22, 2019.	
5	<u>Attorneys</u> <u>Party</u>	
6	Kenneth M. Roberts, Esq. Defendants/Counterclaimants	
7	Thomas Walker, Pro Se Plaintiff/Counter-defendant	
8	NOTE 1: Since the date of the Early Case Conference held on March 22, 2019.	
9	Plaintiff Thomas Walker and Defense counsel, Kenneth M. Roberts, Esq., have	
10	had several conversations by way of teleconference. The purpose of the	
11	aforementioned conversations was to resolve the issues and come to an agreemen	
12	so that a case could be resolved and a settlement could be agree upon, believing a	
13	settlement was plausible, Plaintiff Thomas Walker delayed its draft of the joint	
14	case conference report.	
15	NOTE 2: During the early case conference held on March 22, 2019 the	
16	parties agreed to submit individual case conference reports; however, the parties	
17	later, agreed to submit the case conference report jointly, due to a	
18	misunderstanding between the parties as to which party would draft the early case	
19	conference report, the Joint Case Conference Report is being filed as required by	
20	the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure.	
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22	II.	
23	A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE NATURE OF THE ACTION AND EACH	
24	CLAIM FOR RELIEF OR DEFENSE:[1631(c)(1)]	

Description of the action:

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Plaintiff alleges: On or about January 15, 2005, Plaintiff was approached by Defendant VICTORIA HALSEY, regarding Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER purchasing a home from Defendant HALSEY'S father, Defendant FLOYD GRIMES. Defendant HALSEY arranged for Defendants GRIMES and HALSEY to meet with Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER at the subject property 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89156, the Legal; description of this property: SUNRISE TRLR ESTATES UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK 1, and the mobile home situated upon subject property, legal description: 1969 NEWPORT, SINGLE WIDE 60X20 MOBILE HOME SERIAL #S1888. Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER arrived and was shown around the property and mobile home by Defendant HALSEY. Defendant GRIMES arrived a short time later and offered to sell the mobile home and mobile home property to the Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER.

Defendant GRIMES and Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER then discussed the terms of the purchase and sale Agreement and agreed to the following terms: the purchase price of the property, which includes, tax, interest, and a down payment of \$2,500 in the amount of \$69,000. Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER is to pay \$69,000 to Defendant GRIMES monthly payments in the amount of \$700 and due on the 1st day of each month. Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER agrees to pay an additional \$100 each month to pay for the down payment, and agrees to include the additional payment with the regular monthly payment for a total monthly payment of \$800 for the first 25 payments. Defendant GRIMES upon receipt of the final payment from Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER agrees transfer the title for subject property to Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER free and clear of any liens or encumbrances. All parties agreed to the aforementioned terms.

Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER accepted Defendant GRIMES offer. To verify acceptance of Defendant GRIMES offer, Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER presented Defendant GRIMES with

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a payment of \$360, one half of the 1st monthly payment due February 01, 2005. The Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER was instructed to give the payment to Defendant HALSEY and was notified that all of the purchase payments for the subject property were to be paid to Defendant HALSEY. Defendant HALSEY accepted Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER'S payment and gave Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER handwritten documentation of the payment and the Agreement for Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER'S purchase of subject property. Defendants GRIMES and HALSEY informed the Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER, that the Defendants GRIMES or HALSEY would provide a typed Agreement to the Plaintiff on February 01, 2005. Defendants GRIMES and HALSEY did not provide a typed contract as agreed on February 01, 2005.

On or about October 2012 Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER began requesting from the Defendants GRIMES and HALSEY, a payoff balance of the purchase price, due for the Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER'S purchase of the property. On or about November 2012, Defendant GRIMES presented Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER with a typed Purchase and Sale Agreement and print out from a website of a bank rate statement and informed Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER that the amount due shown on November 2012 on the bank rate printout was the balance due that was due from the Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER for the purchase of subject property. Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER refused to sign the typed contract, since it had been modified and included an additional interest charge of 11% per year for 30 years on the purchase price of \$69,000. A modification to the terms of the original Agreement, that was never discussed with the Plaintiff THOAS WALKER.

The balance due as indicated on the bank rate statement was calculated incorrectly, as it was not calculated using the terms of the original Agreement. Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER using Plaintiff's receipts calculated his balance. Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER calculated the payments made to purchase the property was in excess of approximately \$90,000. Approximately \$30,000 more, than the amount agreed upon by the parties.

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At which time the Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER requested conveyance of the title for subject property in accordance with the Agreement and a refund of the over-payment the Defendants GRIMES and HALSEY accepted from the Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER'S. Defendant GRIMES and HALSEY refused to convey the title for the subject property and began attempting to force Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER to leave the property, including, but not limited to trying to evict the Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER. After multiple failed attempts for Summary Eviction, approximately 2, Defendant GRIM ES then transferred the property to the WBG Trust. After more failed attempts for Summary Eviction, approximately 4, Defendant GRIMES requested the disconnect of water service to the subject property and refused reconnection of service to Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER, After more failed attempt for Summary Eviction, approximately 5, and multiple warnings from the Justices of the Peace, approximately 3, the Judicial Officers notifying the Defendants GRIMES and HALSEY, to cease from filing for Summary Eviction as the Defendants GRIMES and HALSEY were told on numerous previous occasions, the matter was inappropriate for the Court to adjudicate the case because the Court lacked jurisdiction, the Defendants GRIMES and HALSEY then sold the subject property for the second time to Defendant JALEE ARNONE.

Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER believes the Defendants conspired with one another and sale of subject property to Defendant ARNONE was fraudulent and for the purpose of Defendant ARNONE, to attempt to force Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER from the property using Summary Eviction. Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER filed his lawsuit on or about October 2018. On or about November 2018, Defendant ARNONE served the Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER with a notice of unlawful detainer. Defendants FLOYD GRIMES, et al., were served a copy of the Plaintiff THOMAS WALKER'S Complaint and Summons, on file herein.

Defendant's allege: In early 2005, Counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER approached counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES, regarding the possibility of

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WALKER purchasing from FLOYD GRIMES a certain mobile home, and the mobile home property herein described, said property titled in the name of FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES at the time of the discussion. Counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES discussed with the counterdefendant the basic concept of counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES selling and counterdefendant purchasing the subject property, legally described as a 1969 Newport single wide home, serial number S1888 and the mobile home lot located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89156. The purchase price discussed was \$69,000 with said purchase price it be paid in a yet to obey described series of payments over approximately 30 years.

By oral agreement between counterdefendant and counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES, and in anticipation of the potential sale, to be documented by a real estate sales contract, counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES allowed counter-defendant to begin residing in the subject property as a tenant and that counterdefendant would pay monthly rent. In approximately early February 2005, In order to consummate the purchase and sale of the said property, counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES provided to the counterdefendant a draft document entitled "CONTRACT OF SALE." After some period of days, Counterdefendant advised FLOYD GRIMES that he was refusing to sign the purchase and sale contract. Without signing the CONTRACT OF SALE, counterdefendant continued to reside in the subject mobile home as a tenant, and he continues to this date to occupy said residence.

On or about February 11, 2016 counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES transferred ownership of said property to the WBG Trust.

On or about August 2018, trustees FLOYD GRIMES and ELIZABETH GRIMES transferred ownership of said property to JALEE ARNONE.

B. Claims For Relief:

- 1. Injunctive Relief
- 2. Declaratory (sic) Relief

1	3. Declaratory (sic) Relief
2	4. Declaratory Relief
3	5. Declaratory (sic) Relief
4	6. Breach of Contract
5	7. Breach of Contract (Tort)
6	8. Slander of Title
7	9. Slander of Title
8	10. Nuisance
9	11. Abuse of Process
10	12. Fraudulent Inducement
11	13. Fraudulent Concealment
12	14. Fraudulent Transfer
13	15. Conversion
14	16. Unjust Enrichment-Quantum Meruit (sic)
15	17. Conversion
16	18. Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress
17	19. Civil Conspiracy
18	20. Unjust Enrichment
19	21. Fraudulent Conveyance
20	22. Deceptive Trade Practice
21	23. Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress
22	C. Defenses
23	Plaintiff's Defenses:
24	Defendants/Counterclaimants Counterclaim on file herein fails to
25	state a claim against the answering counter-defendant upon which relief can be granted

1	11. Defendants intend to rely upon the defense of Plaintiff's bad faith
2	and/or Plaintiff's breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing.
3	12. Defendant intends to assert his own good faith as a defense.
4	13. Defendants intent to rely upon the defense of knowledge and
5	acquiescence.
6	14. Defendants intend to rely upon the defense of Plaintiff's consent.
7	
8	III.
9	LIST OF ALL DOCUMENTS, DATA COMPLILATIONS AND TANGIBLE THINGS IN
10	THE POSSESSION, CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF EACH PARTY WHICH WERE
11	IDENTIFIED OR PROVIDED AT THE EARLY CASE CONFERENCE OR AS A
12	<u>RESULT THEREOF</u> : [16.1(a)(1)(B) and 16.1(c)(4)]
13	A. Plaintiff
14	Please see Plaintiff's "Amended Pre-Trial Disclosure List" attached hereto as
15	Exhibit "A" without exhibits.
16	Plaintiff reserves the right to amend, add or delete documents from their list of
17	documents as discovery progresses.
18	B. Defendants
19	Please see Defendants' NRCP 16.1 Disclosure Statement attached hereto as
20	Exhibit "B" without exhibits
21	Defendants' reserves the right to amend, add or delete documents from their list of
22	documents as discovery progresses.
23	
24	IV.
25	LIST OF PERSONS IDENTIFIED BY EACH PARTY AS LIKELY TO HAVE

1	<u>IN</u>	FORM.	ATION	DISCOVERABLE I	UNDER RUL	E 26(b), INCLUDING
2	IMPEACHMENT OF REBUTAL WITNESSES: [16.1(a)(1)(A) and 16.1(c)(3)]					
3	A.	Plain	tiff:			
4		Please	e see P	Plaintiff's "Amended 1	Pre-Trial Disc	closures List" attached hereto as
5	Exhibit "A"	without	exhibit	s.		
6		Plaint	iff rese	rves the right to amend	l, add or delet	e any witnesses from his list of
7	witnesses as	discove	ry prog	resses.		
. 8						
9	B.	Defer	dants:			
10		Please	e see D	efendants' 16.1 Initial	Disclosure of	Witnesses attached hereto as
11	Exhibit "B"	without	exhibit	s.		
12	Defendants reserve the right to amend, add or delete any witnesses from his list of				ete any witnesses from his list of	
13	witnesses as	discove	ry prog	resses.		
14						
15	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O				v.	
16]	DISCOVERY PLAN	[16.1(b)(2) ar	nd 16.1(c)(2)]
17		A.	Wha	t changes, if any, sho	uld be made i	n the timing, form or
18	requi	rement	s for d	isclosures under 16.1	(a)	
19			1.	Plaintiff's view:	None	
20			2.	Defendants' view	None	
21		When	disclo	sures under 16.1(a)(1)	were made or	will be made:
22			1.	Plaintiffs' Initial dis	closures:	April 19, 2019
23			2.	Defendants' Initial of	lisclosures:	April 18, 2019
24		B.	Subj	ect on which discover	y may be nee	ded:
25			1.	Plaintiffs' view:	Facts of the	case, liability, and damages as
ļ	- Annapatricular			11		

1	to the Plaintiff/Counte	er-defe	ndant and as to each to	Defendant/Counterclaimant.
2		2.	Defendants' view:	Facts of the case, liability and damages as to
3	each defendant and as	to cou	ınterdefendant	
4	C.	Shoul	ld discovery be condu	cted in phases or limited to or focused upon
5	particular iss	ues?		
6		1.	Plaintiff's view:	None
7		2.	Defendants' view:	None
8	Đ.	What	changes, if any, shou	ld be made in limitations on discovery
9	imposed under these rules and what, if any, other limitations should be imposed?			
10		1.	Plaintiff's view:	None
11		2.	Defendants' view:	None
12	E.	What	t, if any, other orders	should be entered by court under Rule
13	26(c) or Rule 16(b) and (c):			
14		1.	Plaintiff's view:	None at this time
15		2.	Defendants' view:	None at this time
16	F.	Estim	nated time for trial:	
17		1.	Plaintiff's view:	2-3 days
18		2.	Defendants' view:	2-3 days
19				
20				VI.
21		DIS	COVERY AND MOT	TION DATES [16.1(c)(5)-(8)]
22	A.	Dates	agreed by the paties:	•
23	1.	Close	of discovery:	Friday, November 22, 2019
24	2.	Final	date to file motions, ar	nend pleadings or add parties (without a
25	further Court Order):			Friday, August 16, 2019
			12	
			12	

1	3. Final dates for expert disclosures:
2	i. Initial disclosure: Friday, August 16, 2019
3	ii. Rebuttal disclosure: Friday, September 13, 2019
4	4. Final date to file dispositive motions: Friday December 20, 2019
5	VII.
6	JURY DEMAND [16.1(a)(1)]
7	A jury demand has been filed: Yes
8	VIII.
9	INITIAL DISCLOSURES/OBJECTIONS [16.1(a)(1)]
10	If a party objects during the Early Case Conference that initial disclosures are not
11	appropriate in the circumstances of this case, those objections must be stated herein. The Court
12	shall determine what disclosures, if any, are to be made and shall set the time for such disclosure.
13	This report is signed in accordance with Rule 26(g)(1) of the Nevada Rules of
14	Civil Procedure. Each signature constitutes a certification that to the best of the signer's
15	knowledge, information and belief, formed after a reasonable inquiry, the disclosures made by
16	the signer are complete and correct as of this time.
17	Parties have attempted settlement discussions in accordance with the
18	requierments.
19	Dated: this And day of July, 2019
20	Thomas Walker
21	Plaintiff, In Proper Person
22	Dated: this 9 day of July, 2019
23	Kenneth M. Roberts. Esq.
24	Dempsey Roberts & Smith, Ltd. Attorney for Defendants
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1 **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING** 2 I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 2nd day of July, 2019, I placed a true and correct copy 3 of the foregoing JOINT CASE CONFERENCE at the United States Mail in Las Vegas, 4 Nevada, with first-class postage prepaid, addressed to the following: 5 DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD. ATTN KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. & 6 ATTN DAVID E. KRAWCZYK, ESQ. 1130 Wigwam Parkway, 7 Henderson, Nevada 89074 DATED this 2nd day of July, 2019 8 9 Thomas Walker 10 11 by: Thomas Walker 12 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 13 (702)619-1256 twalkercivil3@gmail.com 14 Plaintiff In Proper Person 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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JOANNA S. KISHNER DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT XXXI LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89155

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DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

THOMAS WALKER, ET AL;

Plaintiff(s),

FLOYD GRIMES; ET AL,

Defendant(s).

CASE NO. A-18-783375-C

DEPT. NO. XXXI

HEARING DATE: AUGUST 13, 2019

HEARING TIME: 10:30 a.m.

MANDATORY RULE 16 PRE-TRIAL SCHEDULING CONFERENCE ORDER

This ORDER ("Order") is entered inter alia to assist in expediting disposition of the action; establishing early and continuing control so that the case will not be protracted because of lack of management; discouraging wasteful pretrial activities; improving the quality of the trial through more thorough preparation; and facilitating settlement. (See, NRCP 16(a)(1-5)). This Order may be amended or modified by the Court upon good cause shown, and is made subject to any Orders that have heretofore been entered herein. After the conclusion of the Pre-Trial Scheduling Conference, a Scheduling Order and Order Setting Civil Jury/Non-Jury Trial Order will issue from Department 31 pursuant to NRCP 16(b).

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

A. A mandatory Rule 16 Pre-Trial Scheduling Conference, with the Court and counsel/parties in proper person, will be held on TUESDAY, AUGUST 13, 2019, at 10:30 a.m. in Department XXXI, Courtroom 12B, located in the Regional Justice Center, 200 Lewis Ave., Las Vegas, NV 89101.

- В. At least 10 days prior to the Rule 16 Pre-Trial Scheduling Conference, the served parties are ORDERED to ensure that they have timely provided all applicable items required pursuant to NRCP 16.1(a). This provision does not implicitly or explicitly extend the time for disclosure and ensures that the Conference is not delayed due to a party inadvertently not providing its required disclosures timely. These items include-but are not limited to:
 - (1) A signed medical release for each medical provider seen by the Plaintiff for the injuries asserted in the complaint, if applicable.
 - (2) A copy of the declaration page of every insurance policy which might offer coverage for the alleged injury/damage, if applicable.
 - (3) An itemized list of damages known to date.
 - (4) The name and, if known, the address and telephone number of each individual to have information discoverable under Rule 26(b) including for impeachment or rebuttal, identifying the subjects of the information.
 - C. The following persons are required to attend the conference:
- (1) When a party is represented, trial or lead counsel for that party must appear. When determining who that counsel is for represented parties, that individual must be authorized "to make stipulations and admissions about all matters that can reasonably be anticipated for discussion at a pretrial conference." (NRCP 16(c)(1)). When an individual is representing himself or herself, he or she

JOANNA S. KISHNER DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT XXXI I.AS VEGAS, NEVADA 89155

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must be present at the Conference.

- (2) Parties and/or their representative(s) (including insureds, if applicable) may also be required to be present at the Conference if either the Court or counsel feels that his/her/their attendance would be beneficial. If <u>all</u> counsel stipulate to the attendance of parties and/or their representatives, please contact the department, in writing via fax, with a minimum of three (3) agreed-upon dates and times to schedule a telephonic conference call with the Court for a determination.

 The conference call must be scheduled at least one week prior to the Pre-Trial Scheduling Conference date. If the Court deems it necessary to have the parties and/or their representatives appear, the Court will notify counsel and will determine whether it is necessary to have the parties appear in person, or whether it will be appropriate to have the parties be reasonably available via telephone or audio visual means.
- D. Each attorney (and party or pro se litigant as applicable) participating should be familiar with, and prepared to discuss, all of the issues set forth in NRCP 16. In addition, the following is a generalized listing of the goals that Pre-Trial Scheduling Conferences are to accomplish. Counsel, pro se litigants, and parties are to ensure that they are able to discuss, make determinations, and enter into stipulations regarding each of the following as they relate to their claims/case. If there are additional issues that are not listed below, it is counsel and/or the litigant's obligation to bring the issue(s) to the attention of the Court so it/they can be addressed.
 - Timely Outstanding objections raised by any party in a NRCP 16.1(c) report;
 - 2. What form of alternative dispute resolution is appropriate for the case, including if there are identifiable discovery matters that need to be

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JOANNA S. KISHNER
DISTRICT JUDGE
DEPARTMENT XXXI
LAS VEGAS. NEVADA 89155

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undertaken before the parties can enter into a meaningful settlement conference or mediation:

- Have the parties discussed the cost of litigation vs. resolution.
 Determine a deadline by which a settlement conference/mediation shall be undertaken if appropriate;
- 4. Simplification of issues;
- Any special case management procedures appropriate to this case; e.g jurisdictional discovery issues, bifurcation issues, proceedings in other forums, related/consolidated cases, complex issues requiring the appointment of a Special Master or a receiver;
- 6. An estimate of the volume of documents and/or electronic information likely to be the subject of discovery in the case, and methods to render document discovery more manageable at an acceptable cost; identify any and all document retention/destruction policies including electronic data; and, whether confidentiality agreements are needed;
- 7. A summary of discovery conducted and the nature and timing of remaining discovery; identify any unusual issues that may impact discovery including, but not limited to: a) whether the number of depositions will exceed those allowed under the rules or the time period allowed under the rules; b) what is Plaintiff's present medical status (if a personal injury matter) as it relates to ongoing treatment for timing of discovery and trial;
- 8. Determine the contents of the NRCP 16(b) Order applicable to the instant case, as well as other Pre-Trial and trial-related dates (i.e Pre-Trial/Trial Settling Conference, Calendar Call, and Trial Stack (or Firm Trial if applicable) as well as the need for additional Pre-Trial Conferences as defined by NRCP 16(b). This includes *inter alia*: time to join other parties, date to amend the pleadings, date to complete discovery, dispositive motion cut-off, Motion in Limine cut-off, as well as additional Pre-Trial Conferences:
- Trial Setting Determine if there are there any unique trial issues the
 parties are already aware of such as: witness issues, including parties
 or witnesses who are serving in the military living overseas; the need for
 an interpreter; or the need for an accommodation; and estimated days
 needed for trial;
- 10. Any other matters that may aid in the prompt disposition and resolution of this action.

E. Plaintiff should also be prepared to address whether all Defendants have been served; and, if not, what is the status of service. The Plaintiff is responsible for serving a copy of this Order upon counsel for all parties who it may have served after this Order was filed.

F. SANCTIONS - NRCP 16(f) "on motion or on its own, the court may issue any just orders, including those authorized by rule 37(b)(1), if a party or its attorney: (A) fails to appear at a scheduling or other Pre-Trial Conference; (B) is substantially unprepared to participate—or does not participate in good faith—in the conference; or, (C) fails to obey a scheduling or other pretrial order."

- G. If the case is settled, counsel for the Plaintiff, and each unrepresented Plaintiff of record, shall notify the District Court Judge within twenty-four (24) hours of the settlement and shall advise the Court of the identity of the party or parties who will prepare and present the Judgment, Dismissal, or Stipulation of Dismissal, which shall be presented within thirty (30) days of the notification of settlement.
- H. A courtesy copy of the Joint Case Conference Report/Individual

 Case Conference Report must be provided to the Court, by the filing party, no
 less than five (5) days before the scheduled Rule 16 Pre-Trial Scheduling

 Conference.

DATED this 23rd day of July, 2019

JOANNA S. KISHNER DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

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JOANNA S. KISHNER DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT XXXI AS VEGAS. NEVADA 89155

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on or about the date filed, a copy of this Order was served via Electronic Service to all counsel/registered parties, pursuant to the Nevada Electronic Filing Rules, and/or served via in one or more of the following manners: fax, U.S. mail, or a copy of this Order was placed in the attorney's file located at the Regional Justice Center:

THOMAS WALKER 2653 ROCKY MOUNTAIN AVENUE LAS VEGAS, NV 89156

KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. DAVID E. KRAWCZYK, ESQ. DEMPSEY ROBERTS & SMITH

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TRÁCY L. CORDÓBA

Judicial Executive Assistant

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JOANNA S. KISHNER
DISTRICT AUDGE
DEPARTMENT XXXI
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89155

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JOANNA S. KISHNER
DISTRICT JUDGE
DEPARTMENT XXXI
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89155

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THOMAS WALKER, ET AL.;

FLOYD GRIMES, ET AL.;

Plaintiff(s),

CASE NO. A-18-783375-C

DEPT NO. XXXI

Defendant(s).

SCHEDULING ORDER and ORDER SETTING CIVIL JURY TRIAL, PRE-TRIAL/TRIAL SETTING CONFERENCE, and CALENDAR CALL/FINAL PRE-

TRIAL CONFERENCE

Counsel representing all parties, and after consideration by the Court,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT THE PARTIES WILL COMPLY WITH THE FOLLOWING DEADLINES:

- 1. All parties shall complete discovery on or before: **NOVEMBER 22.**
 - All parties shall file motions to amend pleadings or add parties on or before: AUGUST 16, 2019.
 - All parties shall make initial expert disclosures pursuant to N.R.C.P.
 16.1(a)(2) on or before: <u>AUGUST 16, 2019</u>.
 - All parties shall make rebuttal expert disclosures pursuant to N.R.C.P.
 16.1(a)(2) on or before: <u>SEPTEMBER 13, 2019</u>.

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- 5. All parties shall file dispositive motions on or before: <u>DECEMBER 20,</u> 2019.
- 6. All Motions in Limine must be in writing and filed no later than:

 JANUARY 21, 2020. Orders shortening time will not be signed except in extreme emergencies.
 - 7. Settlement conference/mediation has not been ordered by the Court
- 8. Other applicable date(s) agreed to by parties needed: A Status Check on this matter has been scheduled for **NOVEMBER 12, 2019 at 9:00 a.m.**
 - 9. Estimated days needed for trial: 2-3 DAYS.

IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED THAT:

- A. <u>Trial</u> This matter is set for a <u>JURY TRIAL</u> on a <u>FIVE-WEEK Trial</u>

 Stack to begin on <u>MARCH 16, 2020</u>, at <u>9:00 a.m.</u>, in Department XXXI,

 Courtroom 12B.
- B. <u>Pre-Trial/Trial Setting Conference</u> A Pre-Trial/Trial Setting

 Conference will be held on <u>FEBRUARY 13, 2020</u>, beginning at <u>10:15 a.m.</u> <u>The designated trial attorney(s)</u>, and/or parties in proper person, must be present, in person, for the Pre-Trial/Trial Setting Conference and must be prepared to state when they are available within the stack to commence trial.
- C. <u>Calendar Call/Final Pre-Trial Conference</u> A Calendar Call/Final Pre-Trial Conference will be held on <u>MARCH 10, 2020</u>, beginning at <u>9:00 a.m.</u> In accordance with EDCR 2.69, <u>unless otherwise ordered by the Court</u>, <u>the parties must bring to Calendar Call/Final Pre-Trial Conference the following:</u>
 - (1) Typed exhibit lists; with all stipulated exhibits marked;
 - (2) All exhibits marked by counsel for identification purposes;
 - (3) Jury instructions in two groups, unopposed and opposed;

(5) Proposed voir dire questions;

- (6) List of depositions and the depositions that each party intends to use;
- (7) List of equipment needed for trial, including audiovisual equipment; 1 and,
- (8) Courtesy copies of any legal briefs on trial issues.

For the parties' convenience, the Court has summarized provisions of various rules and requirements in its Handout/Procedure Guidelines for Civil Jury Trials and Civil Bench Trials. All counsel and pro se litigants must comply with the provisions of the applicable Handout/Procedure Guidelines for each Jury or Bench trial. The Handout/Procedure Guidelines gives detailed instructions on several topics including: Depositions, Audio Visual Witness Appearances, Jury Notebook, Proposed Voir Dire, Jury Instructions, Verdict Forms, Exhibits, Jury Questionnaires, as well as procedures involving the Court Recorder and Audio Visual Equipment. Copies of the Handout/Procedure Guidelines are located in the Courtroom and can be found on the District Court - Department XXXI - website.

- Status Check A Status Check has been set for **NOVEMBER 12**, D. 16|| 2019, at 9:00 a.m. Parties are to appear to discuss the current status of the case.
 - E. Pre-Trial Memorandum - The Joint/Individual Pre-Trial Memorandum(a) must be filed no later than 4:00 p.m., on MARCH 2, 2020, with a courtesy copy delivered to Department XXXI upon filing. All parties, (attorneys and parties in proper person) **MUST comply** with **All REQUIREMENTS** of E.D.C.R. 2.67, 2.68, and 2.69.

Counsel must include in the Memorandum(a): an identification of Orders on all Motions in Limine or Motions for Partial Summary Judgment previously made, a summary of any anticipated legal issues remaining, and a brief summary of the

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If counsel anticipates the need for special electronic equipment during the trial, a request must be submitted to the District Courts Court Help Desk following the Calendar Call. You can reach the Court Help Desk via E-Mail at courthelpdesk@clarkcountycourts.us

opinions to be offered by any witness to be called to offer opinion testimony as well as any objections to the opinion testimony.

F. <u>Depositions</u> - In addition to Depositions that are to be lodged with the Court pursuant to EDCR 2.69, if any Party intends to use portions of a Deposition (transcript or video) in lieu of live testimony, the Parties must comply with the deadlines set forth in the Handout/Procedure Guidelines.

Failure of the <u>designated trial counsel</u>, or any party appearing in proper person, to appear for any court appearances or to comply with this Order shall result in any of the following: (1) dismissal of the action; (2) default judgment; (3) monetary sanctions; (4) vacation of trial date; and/or any other appropriate remedy or sanction.

Counsel is required to advise the Court immediately, in writing, if the case settles or is otherwise resolved prior to trial. A stipulation which terminates a case by dismissal shall indicate any date(s) to be vacated.

DATED this 13th day of August, 2019

JOAMNA S. KISHNER DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

JOANNA S. KISHNER DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT XXXI LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89155

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on or about the date filed, a copy of this Order was served via Electronic Service to all counsel/registered parties, pursuant to the Nevada Electronic Filing Rules, and/or served via in one or more of the following manners: fax, U.S. mail, or a copy of this Order was placed in the attorney's file located at the Regional Justice Center:

THOMAS WALKER 6253 ROCKY MOUNTAIN AVENUE LAS VEGAS, NV 89156

KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. DAVID E. KRAWCZYK, ESQ. DEMPSEY ROBERTS & SMITH

TRACY L. CORDOBA-WHEELER
Judicial Executive Assistant

JOANNA S. KISHNER DISTRICT ADGE DEPARTMENT XXXI LAS VEGAS. NEVADA 89155

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3	vs.)
4	THOMAS WALKER, an individual, DOES 1 through) 10, ROE ENTITIES 11 through 20, inclusive,
6	Counterdefendants.
7)
8	COUNTEDC! AIMANTS IN FF ADMONE AND ELOVE OPINES:
9 10	COUNTERCLAIMANTS JALEE ARNONE AND FLOYD GRIMES'
11	APPLICATION FOR A TEMPORARY WRIT OF RESTITUTION
12	
13	COME NOW Counterclaimants FLOYD GRIMES and JALEE ARNON
14	

Counterclaimants,

COME NOW Counterclaimants FLOYD GRIMES and JALEE ARNONE, by and through their attorneys, Dempsey Roberts & Smith, Ltd., and hereby move this Court for a Temporary Writ of Restitution returning possession of the subject property commonly known as 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89156, to Jalee Arnone or in the alternative requiring Counterdefendant to pay fair rent for his occupancy of said residence. This application is made and based on all documents on file with the Court in this matter, the points and authorities and exhibits that follow, the affidavit of Floyd Grimes (Exhibit 1) and Jalee Arnone (Exhibit 2) and any argument or evidence that the Court may receive at the hearing on this motion.

1130 Wigwam Parkway • Henderson, Nevada 89074 (702) 388-1216 • Fax: (702) 388-2514

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POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

early 2005, counterdefendant THOMAS WALKER approached counterclaimant, FLOYD GRIMES, regarding the possibility of WALKER purchasing from FLOYD GRIMES a certain mobile home, and the mobile home lot herein described, said property titled in the name of FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES at the time of the discussions. Counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES discussed with counterdefendant the basic concept of counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES selling and counterdefendant purchasing the subject property, legally described as a 1969 Newport single wide home, serial number S1888 and the mobile home lot located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89156.1 The purchase price discussed was \$69,000 with said purchase price to be paid in a yet to be described series of payments including 11% interest over approximately 30 years.

By oral agreement between counterdefendant and counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES, and in anticipation of the potential sale, to be documented by a real estate sales contract, counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES allowed counterdefendant WALKER to begin residing in the subject property as a tenant and that counterdefendant WALKER would pay monthly rent. In approximately early

^{1.} Parcel # 140-15-414-070; SUNRISE TRLR EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK 1:

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February 2005, in order to consumate the purchase and sale of said property. counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES provided to counterdefendant WALKER a draft document entitled "CONTRACT OF SALE." (See Exhibit 3) Upon receiving the draft CONTRACT OF SALE, counterdefendant WALKER commented that he would like time to have his mother and her attorney review said document. Counterdefendant WALKER never signed the draft contract nor responded to Counterclaimant GRIMES regarding purchasing said property. Instead, without signing the CONTRACT OF SALE, counterdefendant WALKER continued to reside in the subject mobile home as a tenant, and he continues to this date to occupy said residence.

During counterdefendant's tendency of said residence, for the period 2005 through April, 2015, at various times counterdefendant failed to pay the monthly rent². By approximately October 2015, counterdefendant had completely ceased paying any monthly rent. On or about November 1, 2015 when counterdefendant again failed to pay the monthly rent, counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES filed for summary eviction in Las Vegas Justice Court.

At the hearing regarding said summary eviction, the Justice of Peace denied the summary eviction apparently based on counterdefendant's assertion that he had an ownership interest in the subject property.

See attached Exhibit 4 which shows a copy of the April 15, 2015 receipt 28dbcumenting the last payment of monthly rent known to have been made by Counterdefendant Walker.

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On or about February 11, 2016 counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES transferred ownership of said property to the WBG Trust.

On or about August 2018, trustees FLOYD GRIMES and ELIZABETH GRIMES transferred ownership of said property to JALEE ARNONE.

On three additional occasions during the years 2016, 2017 and 2018, counterclaimants again attempted summary eviction of counterdefendant from said premises. At each hearing regarding said summary eviction, the Justice of Peace denied the summary eviction apparently based on counterdefendant's assertion that he had an ownership interest in said property.

II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

NRS 40.300 states in pertinent part as follows:

- 3. At any time after the filing of the complaint and issuance of summons, the court, upon application therefore, may issue a temporary writ of restitution; provided:
- (a) that the temporary writ of restitution shall not issue ex parte but only after the issuance and service of an order to show cause why a temporary writ of restitution shall not be issued and after the defendant has been given an opportunity to oppose the issuance of the temporary writ of restitution.
- (b) that the temporary writ of restitution shall not issue until the court has had an opportunity to ascertain the facts sufficiently to enable it to estimate the probable loss to the defendant and fix the amount of a bond to indemnify the party or parties against whom the temporary writ may be issued.

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(c) that the temporary writ of restitution shall not issue until there has been filed with the approval of the court a good and sufficient bond of indemnification in the amount fixed by the court.

As stated above, counterdefendant WALKER has remained in the subject property since October 2015 without paying any rent to the owner of the property. Counterdefendant's actions constitute an unlawful detainer³.

Counterclaimants FLOYD GRIMES and JALEE ARNONE enjoy a high probability of success on the merits of its lawsuit because:

- 1. There is no contract in writing for the sale of the subject property and,
- 2. The Nevada Statute of Fraud, NRS 111.210, requires that "[e]very contract for the leasing for a longer period than 1 year, or for the sale of any lands, or any interest in lands, shall be void unless the contract, or some note or memorandum thereof, expressing the consideration, be in writing, and be subscribed by the party (or lawfully authorized agent) by whom the lease or sale is to be made."

Counterdefendant's action of remaining in the property as a holdover tenant not paying rent, if permitted to continue, will render any final judgment in this

See NRS 40.250. A tenant of real property or a mobile home for a term less than life is guilty of an unlawful detainer when the tenant continues in possession, in person by subtenant, of the property or mobile home or any part thereof, after the expiration of the term for which it is let to the tenant. In all cases where real property is leased for a ecified term or period, or by express or implied contract, whether written or parole, the telidency terminates without notice at the expiration of the specified term or period.

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matter ineffective. Counterdefendant has not paid a dollar of rent since October 2015, a period of nearly four years.

IV. CONCLUSION

Counterclaimant Jalee Arnone requests pursuant to NRS 40.300 paragraph 3. that an Order to Show Cause be issued by this Court requiring the Counterdefendant to show cause, if he can, why this Court should not issue a Temporary Writ of Restitution requiring Counterdefendant to:

- a. Remove himself and his possessions from the subject residence and leave the property in a clean and well maintained condition, or
- b. In the alternative, pay rent in the amount of \$700.00 per month to Counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE or to the court and maintain said property in a clean and well maintained condition until the final adjudication regarding the ownership of he property,

DATED 5ept 9 , 2019.

EXHIBIT 1

1130 Wigwam Parkway • Hondinson, Noveda 89074 (702) 388-1216 • Pax: (702) 388-2514

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AFFIDAVIT OF FLOYD GRIMES

STATE OF NEVADA SS: COUNTY OF CLARK

- I, FLOYD GRIMES, being first duly sworn, do hereby swear (or affirm) under penalty of perjury, that the following assertions are true of my own personal knowledge:
- In early 2005, Thomas Walker approached me regarding the possibility of him purchasing from me a certain mobile home, and the mobile home lot on which the mobile home was located. At the time he approached me, I owned the mobile home and the lot on which it was located. I discussed with Mr. Walker the basic concept of me selling the mobile home and lot to Mr. Walker. The mobile home is a 1969 Newport single wide home, serial number S1888 and the mobile home lot is located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89156. The purchase price discussed was \$69,000 with purchase price to be paid in a yet to be described series of payments plus 11% interest over approximately 30 years.
- 2. My daughter who helps manage my properties was friends with Mr. Walker and wanted to help him get in quickly and agreed to allow Mr.

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Walker to move in as a tenant and he would have to work with me as the property owner on the terms and conditions of a purchase contract. Within a few days I had drafted a real estate sales contract. In approximately early February 2005, in order to finalize the purchase and sale of said property, I provided to Mr. Walker a draft document entitled "CONTRACT OF SALE." Upon receiving the draft CONTRACT OF SALE, Mr. Walker commented that he would like time to have his mother and her attorney review said document. Mr. Walker didn't respond to the purchase agreement until years later when he demanded the deed be transerred to him. Without signing the CONTRACT OF SALE, Mr. Walker continued to reside in the subject mobile home as a tenant, and he continues to this date to occupy said residence.

- During Mr. Walker's tendency of said residence, for the period 2005 3. through October, 2015, at various times Mr. Walker failed to pay the monthly rent. By approximately April 2015, Mr. Walker had completely ceased paying any monthly rent. On or about November 1, 2015 when Mr. Walker again failed to pay the monthly rent, I filed for summary eviction in Las Vegas Justice Court.
- 4. At the hearing regarding said summary eviction, the Justice of Peace denied the summary eviction apparently based on Mr. Walker's assertion that he had an ownership interest in the subject property.

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- 5, On or about February 11, 2016 I transferred ownership of said property to the WBG Trust.
- On three additional occasions during the years 2016, 2017 and 2018, we 6. again attempted summary eviction of Mr. Walker from said premises. At each hearing regarding said summary eviction, the Justice of Peace denied the summary eviction apparently based on Mr. Walker's assertion that he had an ownership interest in said property.
- On or about August 10, 2018, my wife and I as trustees of our trust 7. transferred ownership of said property to JALEE ARNONE.

FURTHER YOUR AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.

Pursuant to NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

(date)

(signature)

(702) 388-1216 * Fax: (702) 388-2514

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AFFIDAVIT OF JALEE ARNONE

STATE OF NEVADA)
) ss:
COUNTY OF CLARK)

I, JALEE ARNONE, being first duly sworn, do hereby swear (or affirm) under penalty of perjury, that the following assertions are true of my own personal knowledge:

- On or about August 10, 2018 Floyd Grimes and his wife as trustees of the WBG Trust transferred ownership of a certain mobile home and the related mobile home lot to me. The property is commonly known as 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89256 and is more properly described by Assessors Parcel Number 140-15-414-070.
- 2. On at least one occasion during 2018, I attempted summary eviction of Mr. Walker from said premises because of his failure to pay rent. By the end of November 2018, I was served a lawsuit by Mr. Walker detailing his assertion to claim of ownership of said property.
- During the time I have been owner of the subject property, Mr. Walker has not paid me any rent.

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4.	As of the date of this affidavit, Mr. Walker continues to reside in the				
	subject residence without paying any rent.				
	FURTHER YOUR AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.				

DATED this 23 day of July , 2019.

Pursuant NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on 7/23/2019 (date)

fallQunone (signature)

CONTRACT OF SALE

This contract is entered into this _____th day of February, 2005, by and between Thomas Walker, hereinafter referred to as the Buyer, and Floyd W. Grimes and Victoria Jean Halsey, hereinafter referred to as the Seller.

Whereas the Seller is the owner of that certain real estate described as

SUNRISE TRUE EST UNIT #5B PLAT BOOK 11, PAGE 83 LOT 27, BLOCK 1, more commonly known as 6253 Rocky Mountain Ave, Las Vegas, NV 89115, and the 1969 Newport Mobile Home situated thereon, Serial #\$1888,

And whereas, Seller desires to sell said property, and Buyer desires to purchase said property, now therefore it is mutually agreed by and between the parties as follows:

- 1. Seller, for and in consideration of the sum of \$69,000.00 to be paid as hereinafter described, does hereby agree to sell, sonwey and transfer to Buyer all of the Seller's right, title and interest to the above described property situated in Clark County, State of Nevada.
- 2. Buyer agrees to purchase said property for the price of \$69,000.00 to be paid as hereinafter described.
- 3. Buyer agrees to pay to the Seller for the Seller's equity, the sum of \$100 per month beginning on February 1, 2005 for 25 months until the down payment of \$2500 is paid, and to pay off the outstanding balance of \$66,500.00 at \$677.00 per month, with interest at the rate of 11% per annum, interest to begin upon execution of this contract. This payment will commence on the 15th of January, 2005. February 2005 payment is due February 15, 2005, (50% of \$677, or \$339.00) thereafter payments will be due the first of each month, until Seller's equity is fully retired, as computed by a 30 year amortization schedule.

This payment of \$677.00 is comprised of principle and interest, and one/twelfth of the annual property taxes, which will be held by the Seller and paid when due. Insurance on the mobile home will be obtained and paid for by the Buyer, and proof of insurance provided to Seller.

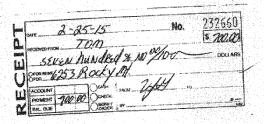
- 4. Buyer agrees to pay all taxes, insurance and assessments of whatever nature arise against this property after the date of execution of this agreement.
- 5. Property is being sold as is, with no warranties expressed or implied.
- 6. The Buyer agrees that he will not transfer or assign his rights or obligations under this agreement or any interest therein, without the previous written consent obtained of the Seller, and that such assignment without consent shall render this contract null and void at the election of the Seller. Seller's equity must be paid off prior to Buyer selling or transferring the property to another party.
- 7. This note shall contain a late charge of Ten (10) percent of the total monthly payment if any monthly

installment is more than five (5) days late. In the event of a failure of the Buyer to make any of the payments called for herein, within 15 days of the due date, or perform any of his covenants and obligations, this contract shall be subject to forfeiture and termination or foreclosure at the option of the Seller, and the Buyer shall thereby, upon exercise of this option by Notice to the Buyer, forfeit all payments made by him on this contract, and such payments shall be retained by the Seller as liquidated damages by him sustained.

- 8. The Buyer agrees to pay to the Seller all costs and expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by the Seller in any action or proceeding to which the Buyer shall be made a party by reason of being a party to this Agreement or in enforcing any of the covenants and provisions of this Agreement and such costs, expenses and attorney's fees may be included in and form a part of any judgment entered in any proceeding brought by the Seller against the Buyer on or under this Agreement.
- 9. It is expressly agreed that the remedy of forfeiture herein given to the Seller shall not be exclusive of any other remedy at law or equity.
- 10. The time of payment shall be the essence of this contract and the agreements herein contained shall inure to and be obligatory upon the heirs, executors, and administrators and assigns of the respective parties.
- 11. It is agreed that after the Buyer has paid to the Seller the full principle amount of \$69,000.00 plus interest at the rate of 11%, plus property taxes, the Seller shall deliver to the Buyer title to these premises, and will execute any and all additional instruments necessary to convey the same. Escrow only at Buyer's expense.
- 12. Buyer agrees to maintain the property in good repair and appearance.
- 13. Buyer agrees that Seller shall not be liable for, and Buyer agrees to hold Seller harmless from any damage sustained or claimed by any person whomsoever, on or off the premises as a result of any condition now existing or hereafter created or permitted to exist on said premises, unless such conditions shall arise at the specific instance and initiative of the Seller.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have set their hands thisth day of February, 200!					
SELLER	BUYER				
Floyd W. Grimes	Thomas J. Walker				
Victoria Jean Halsey					

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1 2			DISTRICT COURT RK COUNTY, NEVADA ****	9/9/2019 3:35 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COU			
3	Thomas Walk	er, Plaintiff(s)	Case No.: A-18-7	783375-C			
4	vs. Floyd Grimes,	Defendant(s)	Department 31				
5							
6	NOTICE OF HEARING						
7							
8	Please be advised that the Counterclaimants Jalee Arnone and Floyd Grimes						
9	Application for Temporary Writ of Restitution in the above-entitled matter is set for hearing as follows:						
0	Date:	October 10, 2019					
1	Time;	9:00 AM					
2	Location:	RJC Courtroom 12	2B				
3		Regional Justice C					
4		200 Lewis Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89	9101				
15	NOTE: Under NEFCR 9(d), if a party is not receiving electronic service through the						
6	Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Filing System, the movant requesting a						
17	hearing must serve this notice on the party by traditional means.						
18			STEVEN D. GRIERSON, CEC)/Clerk of the Court			
9		D	lal Maria Vramar				
20		By:	/s/ Marie Kramer Deputy Clerk of the Court				
21		CER'	TIFICATE OF SERVICE				
22	I haraby aartif	is that pursuant to B	ula O(b) of the Novada Electroni	a Filing and Conversion			
23	I hereby certify that pursuant to Rule 9(b) of the Nevada Electronic Filing and Conver Rules a copy of this Notice of Hearing was electronically served to all registered user						
24	this case in the	Eighth Judicial Dist	trict Court Electronic Filing Syst	em.			
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26		· -	/s/ Marie Kramer Deputy Clerk of the Court				
27			- •				
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1	DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA					
2	****					
3	Thomas Walker, I	Plaintiff(s)	Case No.: A-18-783375-C			
4	vs. Floyd Grimes, De	fendant(s)	Department 31			
5		142444				
6	NOTICE OF HEARING					
7						
8	Please be a	dvised that the Counter	claimants Jalee Arnone and Floyd Grimes'			
9	Application for Temporary Writ of Restitution in the above-entitled matter is set for					
10	hearing as follows	3:				
11	Date: (October 10, 2019				
	Time: 9	9:00 AM				
12 13	F	RJC Courtroom 12B Regional Justice Center				
14		200 Lewis Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89101				
15	NOTE: Under N	EFCR 9(d), if a party is	not receiving electronic service through the			
16	Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Filing System, the movant requesting a					
17	hearing must ser	ve this notice on the part	y by traditional means.			
18		STEVE	N D. GRIERSON, CEO/Clerk of the Court			
19						
20		By: /s/ Marie				
21		Deputy (Clerk of the Court			
22		CERTIFICAT	TE OF SERVICE			
23			f the Nevada Electronic Filing and Conversion			
24			electronically served to all registered users on t Electronic Filing System.			
25						
26		By: /s/ Marie				
27		Deputy C	lerk of the Court			

Electronically Filed 9/10/2019 4:36 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COUR

CERT KENNETH M. ROBERTS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 4729 DAVID E. KRAWCZYK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12423 DEMPSEY, ROBERTS & SMITH, LTD. 1130 Wigwam Parkway Henderson, Nevada 89074 Tel: 702-388-1216 Fax: 702-388-2514 E-Mail: kenroberts@drsltd.com Attorney for Defendants DISTRICT COURT 1130 Wigwam Parkway, Henderson, NV 89074 Tel 702-388-1216 Fax 702-388-2514 E-mail drshtd@drshtd.com CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA Dempsey, Robert & Smith, Ltd. THOMAS WALKER. 11 Plaintiff, 12 vs. 13 FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, WBG 14 TRUST, Floyd Grimes, and Elizabeth Grimes as Trustees, ELIZABETH GRIMES, an individual. VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY, an individual and as 16 the Agent of Floyd Wayne Grimes, JALEE ARNONE, an individual, and PETER ARNONE, 17 an individual, DOES 1 through 20, and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50, inclusive, 18

CASE NO.: A-18-783375-C

DEPT. NO.: XXXI

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

Counterdefendants.

Defendants.

FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual,

Counterclaimant,

THOMAS WALKER, an individual, DOES 1

through 10, ROE ENTITIES 11 through 20,

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vs.

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1 of 2

1130 Wigwam Parkway, Henderson, NV 89074 Tel 702-388-1216 Fax 702-388-2514 E-mail drshtd@drshtd.com Dempsey, Robert & Smith, Ltd.

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CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that pursuant to Rule 5(b) of the NRCP, on the 10th day of 3 September, 2019, I served a copy of the Counterclaimants Jalee Arnone and Floyd 4 Grimes' Application for a Temporary Writ of Restitution and Notice of Hearing (issued by the Clerk of the Court) upon all interested parties by depositing copies of the same in a sealed envelope, in the United States Mail, First Class Postage fully prepaid, and addressed to:

THOMAS WALKER 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89156

> Elsa McMurtry, an Employee Dempsey, Roberts & Smith, Ltd.

Electronically Filed 10/18/2019 1 **OPPM** THOMAS WALKER CLERK OF THE COURT 2 6253 ROCKY MOUNTAIN AVENUE LAS VEGAS, NV 89156 (702) 619-1256 3 twalkercivil3@gmail.com 4 Plaintiff, In Proper Person 5 6 DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 THOMAS WALKER Case No.: A-18-783375-C 10 Dept. No.: XXXI Plaintiff(s), 11 12 FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES, an individual, WBG TRUST, Floyd Grimes, and Elizabeth Grimes as Opposition to Defendant's/ Trustees, ELIZABETH GRIMES, an individual, 13 Counterclaimant's Motion VICTORIA JEAN HALSEY, an individual and as For Application For the Agent of Floyd Wayne Grimes, JALEE 14 ARNONE, an individual, and PETER ARNONE, an **Temporary Writ of** individual, DOES 1 through 20, and ROE 15 Restitution BUSINESS ENTITIES 20 through 50, inclusive 16 Defendant(s). 17 18 **OPPOSITION** 19 Comes Now Plaintiff/Counter-defendant THOMAS WALKER, Pro Se and 20 hereby files this Opposition To Defendant's/Counterclaimant's Motion For Application For 21 Temporary Writ of Restitution. 22 This Opposition is made and based upon the Points and Authorities attached herein, the 23 pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, an admissions on file, together with the 00天182019 idavits if any and any oral argument which may be entertained at the time of the hearing on s matter.

CLERK OF THE COURT

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

STATEMENT OF FACTS

On or about January 15 2005, Plaintiff/Counter-defendant THOMAS WALKER hereinafter ("THOMAS") entered into a contract with the Counterclaimant FLOYD WAYNE GRIMES hereinafter ("GRIMES" or "counterclaimant") and defendant VICTORIA HALSEY hereinafter ("HALSEY" or "defendant"). Whereas, counterclaimant GRIMES and defendant HALSEY offered to sell, and for THOMAS to purchase, a mobile home and real property. The mobile home legally described as a; 1969 Newport singlewide mobile home Serial #S1888; and the real property where the mobile home is situated, located at 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89156, legally described as follows:

SUNRISE TRLR EST UNIT#5B, PLAT BOOK 11 PAGE 83 LOT 27 BLOCK 1; hereinafter referred to as ("PROPERTY").

THOMAS, accepted counterclaimant GRIMES and defendant HALSEY'S offer to purchase the PROPERTY.

The parties then discussed the terms of the contract. Counterclaimant stated, he had paid \$25,000.00 for the PROPERTY, (See Exhibit 1) however, he bought the place to make a profit, not to break-even, Since THOMAS was a friend of the counterclaimant's daughter, that counterclaimant would sell the PROPERTY to THOMAS for \$69,000.00. THOMAS asked if the counterclaimant if the \$69,000.00 purchase price was inclusive of interest. Counterclaimant responded, stating yes. The parties then discussed the remainder of the terms of the contract for the sale of the PROPERTY and all parties agreed to the following:

- 1. the purchase price for the PROPERTY \$69,000.00, inclusive of interest and the down payment of \$2,500.00;
- 2. paid in 95 payments, due on the first day of each month, to be paid directly to counterclaimant GRIMES or defendant HALSEY;

- 3. payments 1 through 25 in the amount of \$800.00, payments 26 through 70 in the amount of \$700.00;
- 4. \$100.00 from each of the payments 1 through 25 to be applied to satisfy the down payment of \$2,500.00 and the remaining \$700.00 of payments 1 through 25 to be applied to the remaining \$66,500.00, the unpaid balance of the purchase price;
- 5. payments 26 through 70 in the amount of \$700.00. All \$700.00 is to be applied to the unpaid balance of the purchase price;
- 6. title for the PROPERTY to remain in the name of counterclaimant until the purchase price is satisfied as paid in full;
- 7. upon receipt of the final payment counterclaimant would immediately convey the title for the PROPERTY to THOMAS;
- water service, sewer service and trash service to remain in the name of counterclaimant until the title for the PROPERTY is conveyed to THOMAS;
- counterclaimant pays the PROPERTY tax until the title for the PROPERTY is conveyed to THOMAS.

Counterclaimant and defendant notified THOMAS he could take physical possession of the residence and begin moving in on February 01, 2005, at which time the first monthly payment would be due.

THOMAS WALKER accepted counterclaimant's and defendant's offer and to confirm THOMAS had accepted said offer, THOMAS paid the amount of \$360 of the first monthly payment due February 01, 2005.

Defendant HALSEY accepted the payment from THOMAS and handed THOMAS a hand written contract. (See Exhibit 2) Defendant HALSEY stated the hand written contract would be replaced with a typed contract, which the counterclaimant or defendant would present

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 to THOMAS on February 01, 2005.

THOMAS took physical possession of the PROPERTY on February 01, 2005; however counterclaimant and defendant failed to appear and present a typed contract to THOMAS at that time.

On or about January 2007 defendant notified THOMAS he was required to pay an additional \$35.00 each month and this additional payment was for the water service, sewer service and trash service bills that were in the name of the counterclaimant GRIMES. THOMAS agreed to pay, and did paid an additional \$35 each month. THOMAS included it with his monthly payment for the purchase the PROPERTY.

On or about September 2012, THOMAS, attempted to contact GRIMES and after multiple attempts, THOMAS was contacted by the counterclaimant and instructed to meet the counterclaimant at the GIMES personal residence.

On or about November 29, 2012 THOMAS met with counterclaimant at GRIMES personal residence. THOMAS requested an account statement. THOMAS stated that he did not believe he had very much left to pay to satisfy the purchase price for the PROPERTY. THOMAS further stated, he had made an arrangement with his mother, who had agreed to loan him the money he needed, to pay the remaining unpaid balance of the purchase price, and receive conveyance of the title for the PROPERTY. THOMAS stated he needed to give his mother a copy of the account statement, so she would know how much money to loan THOMAS..

At that time counterclaimant FLOYD GRIMES and defendant ELIZABETH GRIMES provided THOMAS WALKER with 2 documents. The first document GRIMES handed to THOMAS was a typed contract (See Exhibit 3). The second document, defendant ELIZABETH GRIMES handed to THOMAS, this document was a 10 page computer print-out computer print-out of an amortized mortgage, generated using the internet website www.bankrate.com. (See Exhibit 4) THOMAS asked the counterclaimant what was the amount of the unpaid balance of

the purchase price. GRIMES informed THOMAS that he could locate the unpaid balance on the second document, next to the corresponding date of November 2012 in the column labeled balance

THOMAS referred to the document as he had been instructed to do, and next to November 2012 in the column labeled balance THOMAS saw the amount of \$63,517.07.

THOMAS stated he was in disbelief, excused himself, and left the counterclaimant's residence.

THOMAS returned home with the documents and after carefully reviewing both documents, THOMAS contacted the counterclaimant.

THOMAS informed counterclaimant that after reviewing both documents, he found that the typed contract contained modifications which included, the addition of interest, at an annual rate of 11%, for a term of 30 years, to the purchase price of the property. THOMAS stated, the purchase price was to be inclusive of interest and informed the counterclaimant that he had not approve any modifications. Counterclaimant stated, if THOMAS wanted to continue to purchase the property he would have to sign the typed contract. THOMAS stated, he would not sign the typed contract unless the counterclaimant removed the modifications. THOMAS stated he would continue purchasing the PROPERTY and continue to pay the monthly payments pursuant to the original 2005 contract. THOMAS notified the counterclaimant that he opposed any modifications to the contract. THOMAS remained in compliance with the 2005 contract.

On or about October 2015, THOMAS had still not received an account statement other than the aforementioned computer print-out. Since the computer print-out was inaccurate, those inaccuracies included interest at a rate of 11%, per annum, for a term of 30 years, the purchase price of \$67,000, and did not reflect one single monthly payment from February 2005 through November 2012 in the amount equal to the monthly payments paid by THOMAS during that time,

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THOMAS calculated the unpaid balance he owed for the purchase price, by using the payment receipts he had received from the counterclaimant and the defendant, when THOMAS payed his monthly payments. In conclusion THOMAS calculated paying the counterclaimant and defendant a total sum of approximately \$91,756.00.

THOMAS contacted the counterclaimant and informed him that, THOMAS had fulfilled his obligations to the contract with the counterclaimant, THOMAS paid the purchase price of \$69,000.00, and incidentally overpaid \$21,756.00, to counterclaimant GRIMES and defendant HALSEY. THOMAS requested contract performance from GRIMES and demanded conveyance of the title for the PROPERTY. Counterclaimant GRIMES refused to convey the title for the PROPERTY and stated if THOMAS wanted to ever receive the title for the PROPERTY that he would have to sign the new contract, and continue to paying the monthly payments, and in another 15-20 years THOMAS could have it. THOMAS responded, informing GRIMES that he would not be bullied into paying any more money. That he already had done what he agreed to do, and the agreement was for \$69,000 total, which he had paid the counterclaimant \$90,000. THOMAS informed GRIMES if he continued to refuse to comply with the contract and remedy GRIMES breach of contract and convey the title for the PROPERTY, to THOMAS, THOMAS would seek legal action.

On or about November 01, 2015 THOMAS ceased making payments.

GRIMES and HALSEY retaliated by attempting to force THOMAS from the PROPERTY.

GRIMES served THOMAS WALKER with a Five Day Notice To Pay Rent Or Quit on November 23, 2015, December 02, 2015, February 04, 2016, a Thirty-Day "Unlawful Detainer" on April 27, 2017, and another Five Day Notice to Pay or Quit on June 02, 2017.

THOMAS attended a hearing for Summary Eviction on December 14, 2015. Defendant HALSEY was present and testified. Honorable Judge Bita Khamsi heard the case. After

reviewing the evidence presented by THOMAS WALKER Judge Khamsi asked HALSEY if THOMAS WALKER had been paying \$800 per month. HALSEY answered, stating THOMAS did pay \$800 per month for the first couple of years to pay off the down payment. HASLEY stated that the monies paid by THOMAS were going towards the purchase of the home. The court found THOMAS has a real property interest of this home. Court found this matter is not appropriate for Summary Eviction. The court denied the Summary Eviction (See Exhibit 5).

THOMAS had to appear in court for Summary Eviction for 3 additional summary eviction hearings on the following dates: March 02, 2016, June 29, 2017, and on or about January 2018. At each of the hearings for Summary Eviction, the Court held: it agreed with the prior rulings on the case and the Court found that the case was not proper for Summary Eviction, and the Courts: denied Summary Eviction.

On February 11, 2016, GRIMES conveyed the title for the PROPERTY to the WBG Trust (See Exhibit 6).

On or about June 02, 2017 GRIMES retaliated again and discontinued the water service to the property, in yet another malicious attempt to force THOMAS from the PROPERTY.

On or about October 05, 2017 THOMAS sent 3 letters. THOMAS sent letter of demand, demanding Grimes convey the title for the PROPERTY to THOMAS, a breach of contract letter informing GRIMES he was in breach of contract for failure to perform his obligations to the contract, and to remedy the breach and return contract compliance within 14 days, and another letter regarding the interruption of essential services demanding GRIMES allow restoration of water service to the PROPERTY.

Grimes retaliated with his final filing for Summary Eviction and served THOMAS with another Five Day Notice To Pay or Quit and on October 10, 2018 and or about January 2018 the case was heard and summary eviction was denied.

On or about July 2018 THOMAS sent letters of demand to GRIMES and HALSEY

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demanding conveyance of the title for the PROPERTY and stating failure respond would result in THOMAS immediate filing of a law suit. GRIMES and HALSEY failed to respond and instead retaliated and sold the PROPERTY for a second time.

On or about August 13, 2018 GRIMES sold the property to defendant/counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE (See Exhibit 7)

On October 24, 2018, THOMAS filed his Complaint and initiated a lawsuit.

On or about November 02, 2018 defendant/counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE served THOMAS with a Thirty-Day "No Cause" Notice. This was the first and only contact between THOMAS and defendant/counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE. On or about the end of November 2018 defendants and counterclaimants were served with THOMAS's Complaint and Summons. Defendants and counterclaimants then retained the services of an attorney and filed their answer and countersuit. THOMAS was served the defendants Answer and Complaint/Countersuit. The defendant/Counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE has never had any verbal communication or written communication with THOMAS. THOMAS had never been notified of the counterclaimant GRIMES intended to sell the PROPERTY. Counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE had never notified THOMAS that she had intended to buy the PROPERTY or that she had bought the PROPERTY. THOMAS believes the PROPERTY had been sold for the second time to counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE fraudulently and that the counterclaimants GRIMES and JALEE ARNONE engaged in this fraudulent sale in an attempt to force THOMAS from the PROPERTY. THOMAS has evidence to prove all that he alleges and shall introduce all evidence at trial, in compliance with the court rules, or when at any time the court may request or require THOMAS to provide said evidence. THOMAS includes his affidavit in support of his opposition. (See Exhibit 8)

2. <u>Is Counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE entitled to a Temporary Writ of Restitution</u>
pursuant to NRS 40.300?

2. If a party files a motion asking for relief pursuant to a specific statute, the moving party must have complied with the requirements of the specific statute under which it seeks to recover.

NRS 40.300(1)(2) states:

NRS 40.300 Contents of complaint; issuance and service of summons; temporary writ of restitution; notice, hearing and bond.

- 1. The plaintiff in his or her complaint, which shall in writing, must set forth the facts on which the plaintiff seeks to recover, and describe the premises with reasonable certainty and may set forth therein any circumstances of fraud, force or violence which may have accompanied the alleged forcible entry, or forcible or unlawful detainer, and claim damages therefor, or compensation for the occupation of the premises or both. In case the unlawful detainer charged be after default in the payment of rent, the complaint must state the amount of such rent.
- 2. The summons shall be issued and served as in other cases, but the court, judge or justice of the peace may shorten the time within which the defendant shall be required to appear and defend the action, in which case the officer or personerving the summons shall change the prescribed form thereof to conform to the time of service as ordered; but where publication is necessary the court shall direct publication for a period of not less than 1 week.

In this case, the counterclaimant JALEE ARNONE filed her motion for an Application for a Temporary Writ of Restitution pursuant to NRS 40.300(3); however, the counterclaimant fails to meet the statutory requirements of NRS 40.300 specifically NRS 40.300(1) which states in pertinent part, "In the case the unlawful detainer charged be after the default in the payments of rent, the complaint must state the amount of such rents." The counterclaimants Complaint/counterclaim fails to state the amount of such rent. NRS 40.300(2) which states in pertinent part, "The summons shall be issued and served as in other cases", the counterclaimants failed to serve THOMAS with a Summons.

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CONCLUSION

The counterclaimants fail to meet the statutory requirements of NRS 40.300; therefore, counterclaimants are not entitled to an issuance of a temporary writ of restitution under NRS 40.300, and for good cause shown, the court should deny the counterclaimants motion.

DATED this 9st day of October, 2019.

Pursuant to NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of Perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.



(signature)

Thomas Walker 6253 Rocky Mountain Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 (702) 619-1256 twalkerb52@gmail.com Plaintiff, In Proper Person

EXHIBIT 1

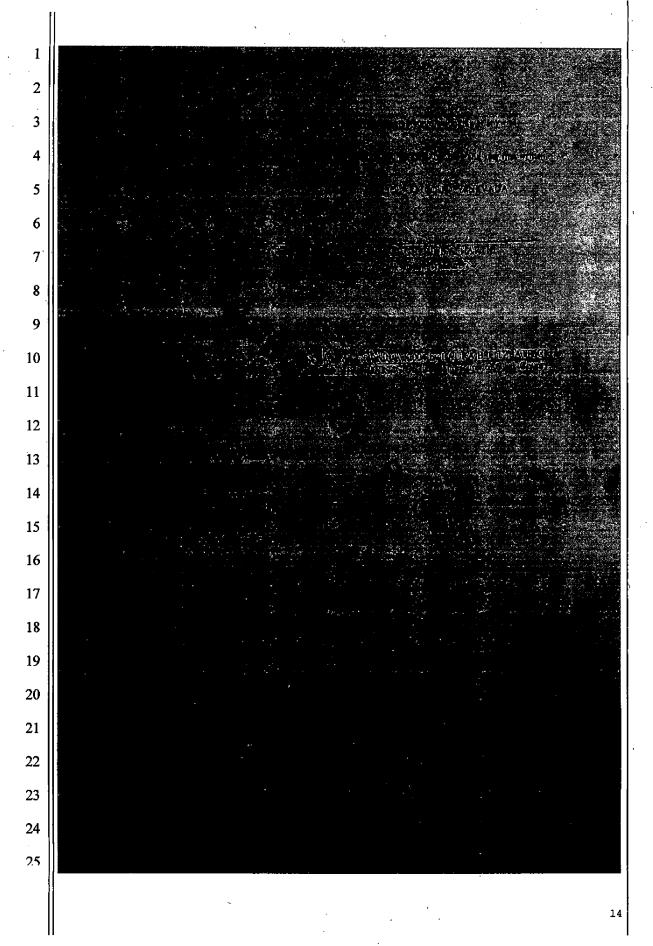


EXHIBIT 2

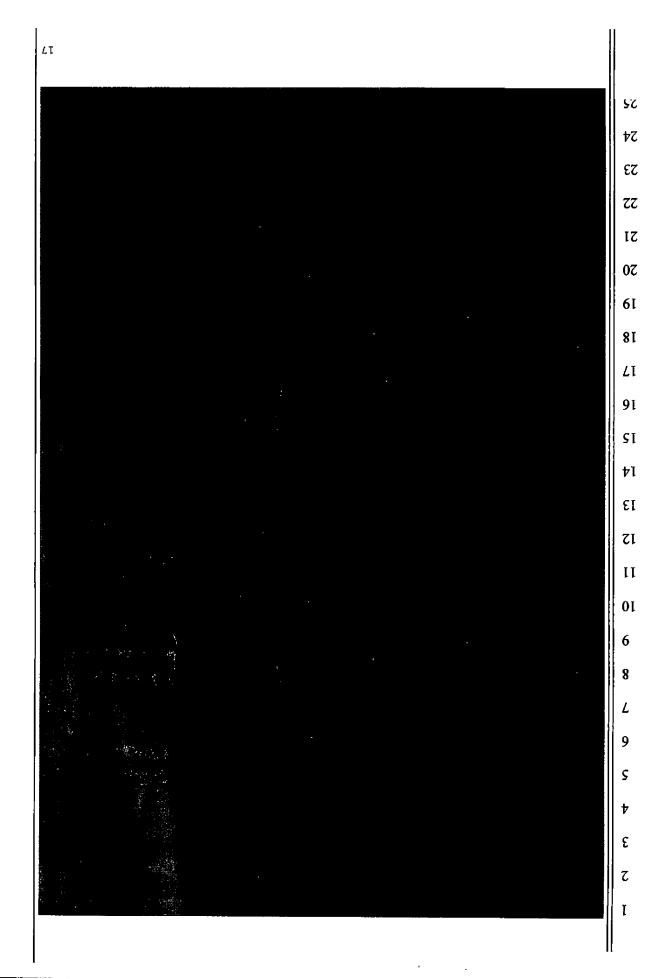


EXHIBIT 3

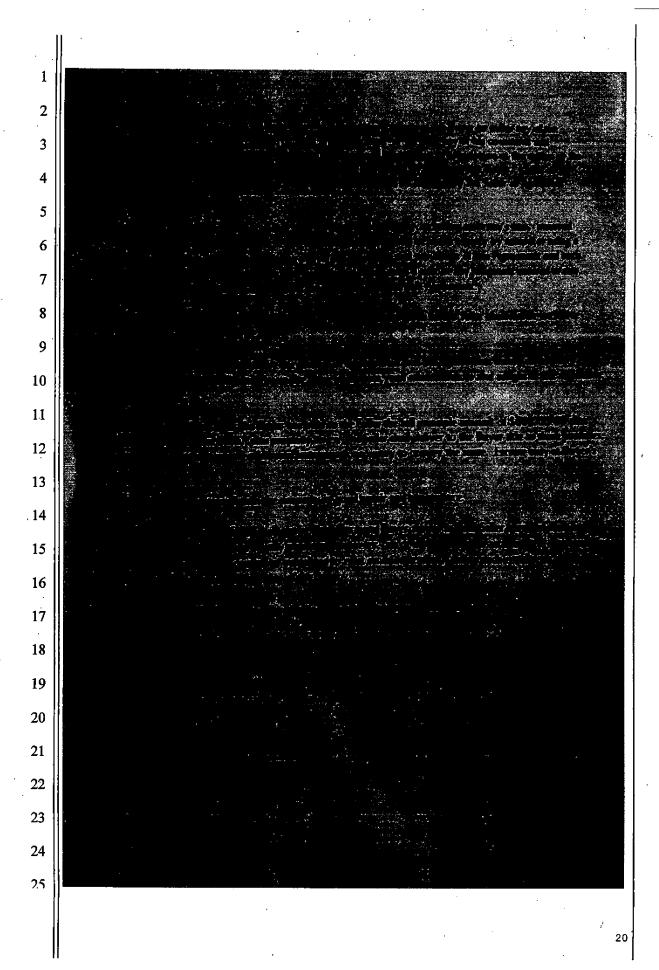


EXHIBIT 4

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1	Amostization Schedule Colculator — Bankrate com
2	Total the principle Interest Report Before
3	Point 2008 \$838,00 \$24.11 \$613.95 \$1,220.31 \$508,832.00 May 2008 \$43.00 \$24.33 \$13.73 \$1,04164 \$468,927.07 Most 2003 \$63.00 \$24.55 \$8(3).00 \$2,465.34 \$466,600,12
4	\text{\text{May2008}} \tag{85,00} \tag{\$24.76} \tag{\$810.28} \tag{\$3.060.02} \tag{\$3.060.02} \tag{\$3.060.02} \tag{\$3.661.67} \
5	\$55,0005 \$65,000 \$52,525 \$812,822 \$4,294,50 \$66,822,10 \$56,822,63 \$55,000 \$55,
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7	\$635,066 \$538,06 \$20,41 \$517,04 \$7,365,10 \$86,870,42 \$1,005 \$20,65 \$20,65 \$811,40 \$7,365,00 \$86,671,76 \$1,005,005 \$538,06 \$20,90 \$511,10 \$81,77,50 \$50,644,50
8	Mai 2006 \$638.08 \$27.16" \$610.66 \$57.72 \$66.60.32
9	July 2006 \$638.06 \$27.65 \$610.41 \$10,408.64 \$38,562.65 \$10.40 \$40,000 \$50,016.5 \$50,01
10	\$600.00 \$600.00 \$1,629.70 \$86,606.02 **Cot 2006
11	Dec 2006 \$638.06 \$28,64 \$800.12 \$13,457.65 \$66,420.80 \$28,20 \$606.66 \$28.20 \$606.66 \$14,066,70 \$66,391.40
12	Feb.2207 \$538.08 \$28.47 \$508.59 \$14,675.29 \$66,381.93 Altr. 2007 \$536.06 \$29.74 \$508.92 \$15,263.51 \$565,332.19 April 2007 \$538.06 \$30.01 \$508.06 \$15,881.66 \$88302.18
13	May 2007 \$638.06 \$30.29 \$607.77 \$16.438.43 \$965.271.89 June 2007. \$638.06 \$30.56 \$607.49 \$17,105.62 \$986241.33
14	July 2007 \$838.66 \$30.84 \$807.21 \$47.774.13 \$856.210.49 \$409.2007 \$838.06 \$31.13 \$806.83 \$18.321.06 \$66,178.35
15	Sept 2007 . \$638.06 \$31.41 \$806:94 . \$19.027.70 \$66,147.95 . Oct 2007 \$636.06 \$31.70 \$608.35 \$19.534.06 \$56.118.25 . Nov. 2007 \$638.06 \$31.89 \$606.07 \$20,140.13 \$66.084.25
16	Del. 2007 \$888.06 \$32.26 \$805.77 \$50,745,90 \$88,051,97 \$10,72008 \$830.05 \$32.58 \$605.48 \$21,351.37 \$88,019.35 :
17	Feb. 2003 \$638.06 \$32.68 \$605.16 \$21,896.55 \$65,586.55
18	### \$538.66 \$33.48 \$604.57 \$23.168.00 \$33.519.60 \$453.519.60 \$453.519.60 \$453.519.60 \$453.519.60 \$453.519.60 \$453.519.60 \$453.519 \$4503.66 \$453.70 \$4503.66 \$453.710.21 \$456.886.05 \$453.519.60 \$453.5
19	July 2008 \$838.06 \$34.41 \$503.64 \$24.977.86 \$65.817.54 \$324.977.86 \$65.817.54 \$38.73 \$803.33 \$25.581.18 \$36,782.81
20	Sept. 2019 Sept. 2019
21	100c; 2008, \$438,06 \$36.02 \$802.04 \$227,991.29 \$85,640.66
22	F-65,2006 \$836,06 \$36.66 \$601,37 \$825,567,65
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24	figitz//www.bankrate.com/cajculators/morteages/amortization-galculator.aspx?ee*id=m1898596. 11/99/2012
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