IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

Electronically Filed Aug 25 2021 11:23 a.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

JEFFREY BERNARD GERMAN, Appellant(s),

VS.

THE STATE OF NEVADA, Respondent(s),

Case No: C-14-300979-2

Docket No: 83300

RECORD ON APPEAL VOLUME 2

ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT JEFFREY GERMAN # 92696, PROPER PERSON P.O. BOX 208 INDIAN SPRINGS, NV 89070 ATTORNEY FOR RESPONDENT STEVEN B. WOLFSON, DISTRICT ATTORNEY 200 LEWIS AVE. LAS VEGAS, NV 89155-2212

C-14-300979-2 STATE OF NEVADA vs. JEFFREY GERMAN

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02-11-98	Trauma Shooting - Video	LVMPD	30 Min.
02-26-98	Clandestine Lab Dangers - Video	LVMPD	30 Min.
03-06-98	Secondary Devices - Video	LVMPD	30 Min.
03-09-98	Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPD)	LVMPD	4
03-31-98	Duty Weapon Qualification	LVMPD	2
05-01-98	Applied Neurolinguistic Programming	LVMPD	7
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08-24 to 08-28-98	Bloodstain Evidence Workshop I	Northwestern University, Traffic Institute	40
09-10-98	Critical Procedures Test	LVMPD	2
09-25-98	Optional Weapon	LVMPD	
12-07-98	Training - Motor Home Driving	LVMPD	4
12-19-98	Duty Weapon Qualification	LVMPD	2
02-23 to 02-25-99	Latent Print Identification	Law Enforcement Officers Training School, sponsored by LVMPD	24
03-16-99	Award Presentation and PR Photography - LVMPD	LVMPD	2
03-30-99	Duty Weapon Qualification	LVMPD	2
06-15-99	Duty Weapon Qualification	LVMPD	2
08-30 to 09-01-99	Clandestine Laboratory Safety Certification Course, Occasional Site Worker	LVMPD	24
09-21-99	Duty Weapon Qualification	LVMPD	2
08-23 to 08-27-99	Bloodstain Evidence Workshop 2	Northwestern University, Traffic Institute	40
01-20-00	Latent Fingerprint Development Workshop	U.S. Secret Service	8
05-22 to 05-24-00	Practical Homicide Investigation (Advanced Course of Instruction)	P.H.I., Investigative Consultants, Inc.	24
06-13-00	Crime Scene Analyst Certification (Certificate	IAI	

Renhard Louise Curriculum Vitae LVMPD

	being sent)		
08-01 to 08-02-00	C.P.R. Instructor Course	LVMPD	14
09-06 to 09-08-00	Shooting Incident Reconstruction	Forensic Identification Training Seminars	24
04-11 to 04-13-01	3 rd Annual Educational Conference Officer Involved Shootings	NSDIAI	3
et.	Expert Witness	66	2
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	04-17-02 ************	****	
10-08-01	Bloodstain Pattern Analysis - Certificate # 10 - completed proficiency exercises	LVMPD	3
11-13-01	Bloodstain Pattern Analysis - Angle of Impact Proficiency Exercise - Certificate #26	LVMPD - Criminalistics Bureau	3
04-03-02	Documentation of Footwear & Tire Impressions	LVMPD - Criminalistics Bureau	1
04-01-02	Clandestine Laboratory Safety - Fingerprint Processing	LVMPD - Criminalistics Bureau	1
04-02-02	Forensic Anthropology	LVMPD - Criminalistics Bureau	1.5
04-01-02	Chemical Enhancements of Bloodstains, Preliminary Steps	LVMPD - Criminalistics Bureau	1
05-06-02	Major Case Prints	LVMPD - Criminalistics Bureau	3
08-04 to 08-10-02	87 th International Educational Conference - See below	IAI	
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í.	W-11: Forensic Archaeology/Scenes Involving Skeletal Remains (Buried Remains) Field Exercise	а	8
££	W-14: Forensic Archaeology/Scenes Involving Skeletal Remains (Scattered Surface Remains) Field Exercise	ц	8

Renhard Louise Curriculum Vitae LVMPD

Statement of Qualifications Name:

07/01/10

Date:

Page: 1

LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT FORENSIC LABORATORY STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

						transfer to the same of the sa	***************************************			-
Name: Beata Vida		P#:	1427 9	7	Classification:	Forensic	Sc	ientist II		
Current Discipline of Assignment: Biolo	ogy/DN <i>F</i>	· \						<u></u>		_
EXPERIE	NCE IN	THE F	OLLOW	/ING	DISCIPLINE(S)		;;			
Controlled Substances			Bloo	d A	lcohol					_
Toolmarks			Brea	ith .	Alcohol					
Trace Evidence			Arso	on A	Analysis					
Toxicology		•	Firea	arm	 S					
Latent Prints			Crim	ne S	cene Investigation	ons				
Serology		Х	Clan	des	tine Laboratory	Response	Tea	am		
Document Examination			DNA	DNA Analysis				х		
Footwear Impressions			Tech	Technical Support /						
Quality Assurance										
	EDU	CATION	V						•	
Institution Dates		ates Attende			. Major			Degre Comple		
University of Central Florida	01/20	05-pre	sent	A	nthropology			BA-in prog	ress	
Minnesota State University Moorhead 01/19			2001	В	iology	,		BA		_
Brevard Community College 08/20		05-05/	2005	С	rime Scene Tec	hnology AS			_	
ADDITIONAL TRAINING / SEMINARS										
Course / Seminar			Location			Dates				
8 th Annual Advanced DNA Technical Workshop by BODE Technology Group			Amelia Island, FL 05		05/19/09-05/20/09					
FBI DNA Auditor 2-day Workshop		Aı	Amelia Island, FL 05/17/09			5/17/09-05/	18/09			
19th International Symposium on Human			ollywod	od,	CA		10)/14/08-11/1	16/08	

Forensic Rev. [05/10]

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ADDITIONA	AL TRA	INING / SEMINARS			1.41.1
Course / Seminar		Location			Dates
Forensic Population Genetics Workshop	Но	llywood, CA		10/13/	08
Statewide Biology Discipline Meeting	Lar	go, FL		05/14/	08-05/15/08
Florida Statewide DNA Conference	Lar	go, FL		05/12/	08-05/13/08
3130 HID Class by Applied Biosystems	Orl	ando, FL		05/01/	07-05/03/07
Serology/DNA Crime Laboratory Analyst Training Program	Orl	ando, FL		06/200	06-06/2007
7000/7500 Sequence Detection Systems Training	Orla	ando, FL		10/19/	06
Biomek 2000/3000 Training	Oria	ando, FL		09/25/	06
GeneMapper ID Computer Software Training	Orla	ando, FL		09/200)6
COURT	ггоом	EXPERIENCE			
Court		Discipline			Number of Times
Orange, Brevard, Osceloa, Seminole and Vousia Counties, Florida Serology/DNA 15					15
EMPL	.OYMEN	IT HISTORY			
Employer		Job Title			Date
Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Forensic Scientist II 06/14/2010-present					
Florida Department of Law Enforcement Crime Laboratory Analyst 04/2006-05/28/2010					
Florida Department of Law Enforcement Forensic Technologist 12/31/05-04/2006					
PROFESS	SIONAL	AFFILIATIONS			
Organization Date(s)					
American Academy of Forensic Sciences 01/2006-present					
International Association for Identification 06/2004-present					
PUBLICATION	ONS / P	PRESENTATIONS:		÷	
University of Central Florida – Introductory Forer	nsic Sc	ience Class presentation 03	3/24/2	010	
Detective Training presentation – DNA Training	For No	w Dotoctivos 10/2000			

Forensic Rev. [05/10]

Page: 3	Statement of Qualifications Name:
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Forensic Rev. [05/10]

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SUCCESSFUL TX NOTICE

NWEW STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 LEAH C. BEVERLY Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012556 200 Lewis Ayenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 Plaintiff, 11 CASE NO: C-14-300979-2 CHRISTOPHER LEROY ROACH, Christopher Roach, #2757657 JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffery Bernard German, #1602073 JAMES CURTIS IVEY, JR., #7010542 12 DEPT NO: xxm13 14 15 Defendant. NOTICE OF EXPERT WITNESSES INRS 174.234(2)1 16 17 CHRISTOPHER LEROY ROACH, aka Christopher Roach, TO: 18 19 Defendant; and C. ALMASE, ESQ, Counsel of Record: 20 TO: TO: JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffery Bernard German, 21 Defendant; and 22 D. FISCHER, ESQ., Counsel of Record: 23 TO: JAMES CURTIS IVEY, JR., Defendant; and 24 C. COLUCCI, ESQ., Counsel of Record: 25 TO: YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF 26 NEVADA intends to call the following expert witnesses in its case in chief: 27 28 W;\2014F\104\76\14F10476-NWEW-(GERMAN__JEFFREY)-001.DOCX

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1 2 3 4 5	NWEW STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 LEAH C. BEVERLY Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012556 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	Alun & Lunn CLERK OF THE COURT			
7		zam dozma			
8		UCT COURT OUNTY, NEVADA			
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,				
10	Plaintiff,				
11	-VS-	CASE NO: C-14-300979-2			
12	CHRISTOPHER LEROY ROACH, aka	DEPT NO: XXIII			
13	Christopher Roach, #2757657 JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Leffery Perpend Common, #1602073	DELINO. AAIII			
14	Jeffery Bernard German, #1602073 JAMES CURTIS IVEY, JR., #7010542				
15	Defendant.				
16	NOTICE	OF WITNESSES			
17		174.234(1)(a)]			
18					
19	TO: CHRISTOPHER LEROY ROA	CH, aka Christopher Roach,			
20	Defendant; and				
21	TO: C. ALMASE, ESQ, Counsel of	Record:			
22	·	Jeffery Bernard German, Defendant;			
23	and ·				
24	TO: D. FISCHER, ESQ., Counsel				
25	TO: JAMES CURTIS IVEY, JR., D				
26	TO: C. COLUCCI, ESQ., Counsel of Record:				
27	YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF				
28	NEVADA intends to call the following witne	sses in its case in chief:			

1	<u>NAME</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>
2	ADAMS, Z.	LVMPD #9028
3	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS or Designee	7-Eleven, 1600 Rancho Dr., LV, NV
4	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS or Designee	Citi Bank
5	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS or Designee	Clark County Marriage License Bureau
6	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS or Designee	Red Box Movie Kiosk
7	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS or Designee	State of California DMV
8	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS or Designee	State of Nevada DMV
9	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS or Designee	Wells Fargo Bank
10	DIMARIA, Donna	C/O CCDA's Office
11	DIXON, B.	LVMPD #14105
12	EBERLING, J.	LVMPD #8745
13	FRIED, J.	LVMPD #8174
14	GRIGSBY, Meghan	1950 Simmons St., #15-1067, LV, NV
15	HOWELL, T.	LVMPD #8907
16	INZO, FNU	LVMPD
17	KULL, Baylie Joslyn	3420 100 th Ct., Palmerto, FL
18	LANGGIN, M.	LVMPD #4078
19	LAROTONDA, A.	NLVPD #2232
20	LEE, F.	NLVPD #1938
21	LNU, John	Rancho Del Sol Apts., 4299 Wynn Rd., LV
22	MEDINA, Jesus, Jr.	C/O CCDA's Office
23	PETERSEN, R.	LVMPD #10051
24	POLLOCK, W.	LVMPD #7203
25	REHNARD, L.	LVMPD #5223
26	ROBINSON, Eola	2881 North Rancho Dr., #2119, LV, NV
27	RUSSO, L.	LVMPD #14737
28	SCHUMAKER, S.	LVMPD #9076
		2

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		· .
1	SHANNON, G.	LVMPD #4111
2	STOCKTON, D.	LVMPD #9989
3	TOBAK, Richard	4270 S. Valley View Bl., #2405. LV, NV
4	VANEPPS, J.	LVMPD #7724
5	VIDA, B.	LVMPD #14279
6	WARD, K.	LVMPD #9046
7	WOOLARD, B.	LVMPD #7558
8	These witnesses are in addition to t	hose witnesses endorsed on the Information or
9	Indictment and any other witness for whice	h a separate Notice of Witnesses and/or Expert
10	Witnesses has been filed.	
11		EVEN B. WOLFSON
12		STRICT ATTORNEY vada Bar #001565
13	n.s.	Z // I I C D I
14	В:	/s/ Leah C. Beverly LEAH C. BEVERLY
15		Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012556
16		
17		
18	CERTIFICATE OF FA	CSIMILE TRANSMISSION
19	I hereby certify that service of the	above and foregoing, was made this 19th day of
20	February, 2015, by facsimile transmission to	:
21	C. ALN	MASE, ESQ.
22	702-47	
23	702	FISCHER, ESQ. -974-1458
24	C.	COLUCCI, ESQ. 2-384-4453
25	/0	2-364-4433
26	By: /s/ I	O. Jason etary for the District Attorney's Office
27	Section .	ctary for the District Attorney's Office
28	djj/L5	
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SUCCESSFUL TX NOTICE

NWEW STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 LEAH C. BEVERLY Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012556 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 Plaintiff. 11 -vs-CASE NO: C-14-300979-2 CHRISTOPHER LEROY ROACH, Christopher Roach, #2757657 JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffery Bernard German, #1602073 JAMES CURTIS IVEY, JR., #7010542 12 aka DEPT NO: XXIII 13 14 15 Defendant. 16 NOTICE OF WITNESSES [NRS 174.234(1)(a)] 17 18 TO: CHRISTOPHER LEROY ROACH, aka Christopher Roach, 19 Defendant; and 20 TO: C. ALMASE, ESQ, Counsel of Record: 21 TO: JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffery Bernard German, Defendant; 22 23 and TO: D. FISCHER, ESQ., Counsel of Record: 24 JAMES CURTIS IVEY, JR., Defendant; and TO: 25 C. COLUCCI, ESQ., Counsel of Record: 26 YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF 27 NEVADA intends to call the following witnesses in its case in chief; 28

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ORIGINAL

1	AINF	
2	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565	FILED IN OPEN COURT
3	Nevada Bar #001565 LEAH BEVERLY	STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF THE COURT
4	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012556	MAR 1 1 2015
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212	The Man & Macual
6	(702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	MATHERINE STREUBER, DEPUTY
7		T COURT
8	CLARK COUN	NTY, NEVADA C-14-300979-2 AINF Amended Information
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	4440711
10	Plaintiff,	
11	-VS-	CASE NO. *C-14-300979-2
12	CHRISTOPHER LEROY ROACH, aka,	DEPT NO. XXIII
13	Christopher Roach, #2757657,	AMENDED
14	JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka, Jeffery Bernard German,	INFORMATION
15	#1602073, JAMES CURTIS IVEY, JR.,	
16	#7010542	
	Defendants.	
17		
18	STATE OF NEVADA) ss:	
19	COUNTY OF CLARK	
20	STEVEN B. WOLFSON, District Atto	rney within and for the County of Clark, State
21	of Nevada, in the name and by the authority of	the State of Nevada, informs the Court:
22	That the Defendant(s) above named,	having committed the crimes of ROBBERY
23	WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (C	Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.165 -
24	NOC 50138) and CONSPIRACY TO COM	MIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS
25	200.380, 199.480 - NOC 50147), on or between June 30, 2014 and July 1, 2014, within the	
26	County of Clark, State of Nevada, contrary to the form, force and effect of statutes in such	
27	cases made and provided, and against the peac	e and dignity of the State of Nevada,
28	///	

V

COUNT 1 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to-wit: a cellular telephone and a fanny pack and contents and/or U. S. currency, two (2) credit and/or debit cards, and a cellular telephone, from the person of BAYLIE KULL and/or EOLA ROBINSON and/or DONNA DIMARIA and/or JESUS MEDINA, JR., or in their presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of BAYLIE KULL and/or EOLA ROBINSON and/or DONNA DIMARIA and/or JESUS MEDINA, JR., with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a firearm; Defendants being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to-wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting one another in the commission of this crime with the intent to commit this crime, by providing counsel and/or encouragement, by the Defendants acting in concert; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime.

COUNT 2 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

did wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with each other to commit a robbery.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #001565

BY

Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012556

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DA#14F10476A-C/erg/L-5 LVMPD EV#1407014137 (TK6)

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ORIGINAL

GPA
STEVEN B. WOLFSON
Clark County District Attorney
Nevada Bar #001565
LEAH BEVERLY
Deputy District Attorney
Nevada Bar #012556
200 Lewis Avenue
Las Vegas, NV 89155-2212
(702) 671-2500
Attorney for Plaintiff

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FILED IN OPEN COURT STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF THE COURT

MAR 1 1 2015

1)4-

BY, TWUMING THE KATHERINE STREUBER, DEPUT

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

C - 14 - 300979 - 2 GPA Guilty Plea Agreement 4440713

THE STATE OF NEVADA.

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

-vs-

JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka, Jeffery Bernard German, #1602073

CASE NO: C-14-300979-2

DEPT NO: XXIII

GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT

I hereby agree to plead guilty to: COUNT 1 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.165 - NOC 50138) and COUNT 2 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 199.480 - NOC 50147), as more fully alleged in the charging document attached hereto as Exhibit "1".

My decision to plead guilty is based upon the plea agreement in this case which is as follows:

The State will retain the right to argue at sentencing. Additionally, the State will not seek habitual criminal treatment.

I agree to the forfeiture of any and all weapons or any interest in any weapons seized and/or impounded in connection with the instant case and/or any other case negotiated in whole or in part in conjunction with this plea agreement.

///

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unqualified right to argue for any legal sentence and term of confinement allowable for the crime(s) to which I am pleading guilty, including the use of any prior convictions I may have to increase my sentence as an habitual criminal to five (5) to twenty (20) years, life without the possibility of parole, life with the possibility of parole after ten (10) years, or a definite twenty-five (25) year term with the possibility of parole after ten (10) years.

Otherwise I am entitled to receive the benefits of these negotiations as stated in this plea agreement.

I understand and agree that, if I fail to interview with the Department of Parole and

CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLEA

I understand that by pleading guilty I admit the facts which support all the elements of the offense(s) to which I now plead as set forth in Exhibit "1".

As to Count 1, I understand that as a consequence of my plea of guilty the Court must sentence me to imprisonment in the Nevada Department of Corrections for a minimum term of not less than TWO (2) years and a maximum term of not more than FIFTEEN (15) years. The minimum term of imprisonment may not exceed forty percent (40%) of the maximum term of imprisonment, plus a consecutive minimum term of not less than ONE (1) year and a maximum term of not more than FIFTEEN (15) years, for the Deadly Weapon enhancement.

As to Count 2, I understand that as a consequence of my plea of guilty the Court must sentence me to imprisonment in the Nevada Department of Corrections for a minimum term of not less than ONE (1) year and a maximum term of not more than SIX (6) years. The minimum term of imprisonment may not exceed forty percent (40%) of the maximum term of imprisonment. I understand that I may also be fined up to \$5,000.00. I understand that the law requires me to pay an Administrative Assessment Fee.

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I understand that, if appropriate, I will be ordered to make restitution to the victim of the offense(s) to which I am pleading guilty and to the victim of any related offense which is being dismissed or not prosecuted pursuant to this agreement. I will also be ordered to reimburse the State of Nevada for any expenses related to my extradition, if any.

As to Count 1, I understand that I am not eligible for probation for the offense to which I am pleading guilty.

As to Count 2, I understand that I am eligible for probation for the offense to which I am pleading guilty. I understand that, except as otherwise provided by statute, the question of whether I receive probation is in the discretion of the sentencing judge.

I understand that I must submit to blood and/or saliva tests under the Direction of the Division of Parole and Probation to determine genetic markers and/or secretor status.

I understand that if I am pleading guilty to charges of Burglary, Invasion of the Home, Possession of a Controlled Substance with Intent to Sell, Sale of a Controlled Substance, or Gaming Crimes, for which I have prior felony conviction(s), I will not be eligible for probation and may receive a higher sentencing range.

I understand that if more than one sentence of imprisonment is imposed and I am eligible to serve the sentences concurrently, the sentencing judge has the discretion to order the sentences served concurrently or consecutively.

I understand that information regarding charges not filed, dismissed charges, or charges to be dismissed pursuant to this agreement may be considered by the judge at sentencing.

I have not been promised or guaranteed any particular sentence by anyone. I know that my sentence is to be determined by the Court within the limits prescribed by statute.

I understand that if my attorney or the State of Nevada or both recommend any specific punishment to the Court, the Court is not obligated to accept the recommendation.

I understand that if the offense(s) to which I am pleading guilty was committed while I was incarcerated on another charge or while I was on probation or parole that I am not eligible for credit for time served toward the instant offense(s).

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I understand that if I am not a United States citizen, any criminal conviction will likely result in serious negative immigration consequences including but not limited to:

- 1. The removal from the United States through deportation;
- 2. An inability to reenter the United States;
- 3. The inability to gain United States citizenship or legal residency;
- 4. An inability to renew and/or retain any legal residency status; and/or
- 5. An indeterminate term of confinement, with the United States Federal Government based on my conviction and immigration status.

Regardless of what I have been told by any attorney, no one can promise me that this conviction will not result in negative immigration consequences and/or impact my ability to become a United States citizen and/or a legal resident.

I understand that the Division of Parole and Probation will prepare a report for the sentencing judge prior to sentencing. This report will include matters relevant to the issue of sentencing, including my criminal history. This report may contain hearsay information regarding my background and criminal history. My attorney and I will each have the opportunity to comment on the information contained in the report at the time of sentencing. Unless the District Attorney has specifically agreed otherwise, the District Attorney may also comment on this report.

WAIVER OF RIGHTS

By entering my plea of guilty, I understand that I am waiving and forever giving up the following rights and privileges:

- 1. The constitutional privilege against self-incrimination, including the right to refuse to testify at trial, in which event the prosecution would not be allowed to comment to the jury about my refusal to testify.
- 2. The constitutional right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury, free of excessive pretrial publicity prejudicial to the defense, at which trial I would be entitled to the assistance of an attorney, either appointed or retained. At trial the State would bear the burden of proving beyond a reasonable doubt each element of the offense(s) charged.
- 3. The constitutional right to confront and cross-examine any witnesses who would testify against me.

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4. The constitutional right to subpoena witnesses to testify on my behalf.

5. The constitutional right to testify in my own defense.

6. The right to appeal the conviction with the assistance of an attorney, either appointed or retained, unless specifically reserved in writing and agreed upon as provided in NRS 174.035(3). I understand this means I am unconditionally waiving my right to a direct appeal of this conviction, including any challenge based upon reasonable constitutional, jurisdictional or other grounds that challenge the legality of the proceedings as stated in NRS 177.015(4). However, I remain free to challenge my conviction through other post-conviction remedies including a habeas corpus petition pursuant to NRS Chapter 34.

VOLUNTARINESS OF PLEA

I have discussed the elements of all of the original charge(s) against me with my attorney and I understand the nature of the charge(s) against me.

I understand that the State would have to prove each element of the charge(s) against me at trial.

I have discussed with my attorney any possible defenses, defense strategies and circumstances which might be in my favor.

All of the foregoing elements, consequences, rights, and waiver of rights have been thoroughly explained to me by my attorney.

I believe that pleading guilty and accepting this plea bargain is in my best interest, and that a trial would be contrary to my best interest.

I am signing this agreement voluntarily, after consultation with my attorney, and I am not acting under duress or coercion or by virtue of any promises of leniency, except for those set forth in this agreement.

I am not now under the influence of any intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance or other drug which would in any manner impair my ability to comprehend or understand this agreement or the proceedings surrounding my entry of this plea.

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1	My attorney has answered all my questions regarding this guilty plea agreement and its
2	consequences to my satisfaction and I am satisfied with the services provided by my attorney.
3	DATED this 2 day of March, 2015
4	John Joung
5	FFRET SOERMAN, aka, Jeffery Bernard German
6	Detendant
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24	AGREED TO BY:
25	HUI I
26	LEAH BEVERLY
27 28	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012556
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	d b

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CERTIFICATE OF COUNSEL: I, the undersigned, as the attorney for the Defendant named herein and as an officer of the court hereby certify that: I have fully explained to the Defendant the allegations contained in the 1. charge(s) to which guilty pleas are being entered. 4 I have advised the Defendant of the penalties for each charge and the restitution 5 2. that the Defendant may be ordered to pay. 6 I have inquired of Defendant facts concerning Defendant's immigration status 3. and explained to Defendant that if Defendant is not a United States citizen any 7 criminal conviction will most likely result in serious negative immigration consequences including but not limited to: 8 The removal from the United States through deportation; 9 a. 10 b. An inability to reenter the United States; The inability to gain United States citizenship or legal residency; 11 C. An inability to renew and/or retain any legal residency status; and/or d. 12 An indeterminate term of confinement, by with United States Federal 13 e. Government based on the conviction and immigration status. 14 Moreover, I have explained that regardless of what Defendant may have been told by any attorney, no one can promise Defendant that this conviction will not 15 result in negative immigration consequences and/or impact Defendant's ability to become a United States citizen and/or legal resident. 16 All pleas of guilty offered by the Defendant pursuant to this agreement are 4. 17 consistent with the facts known to me and are made with my advice to the 18 Defendant. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the Defendant: 19 5. Is competent and understands the charges and the consequences of 20 a. pleading guilty as provided in this agreement, 21 Executed this agreement and will enter all guilty pleas pursuant hereto b. voluntarily, and 22 Was not under the influence of intoxicating liquor, a controlled 23 C. substance or other drug at the time I consulted with the Defendant as certified in paragraphs 1 and 2 above. 24 Dated: This Z day of March, 2015. 25 26 27 erg/L-5 28 7

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Electronically Filed 05/11/2015 03:55:49 PM COSCC 1 2 **CLERK OF THE COURT** 3 DISTRICT COURT 5 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 6 STATE OF NEVADA 7 CASE NO.: C-14-300979-2 VS 8 **DEPARTMENT 23** 9 JEFFREY GERMAN 10 CRIMINAL ORDER TO STATISTICALLY CLOSE CASE 11 Upon review of this matter and good cause appearing, 12 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Clerk of the Court is hereby directed to 13 statistically close this case for the following reason: 14 **DISPOSITIONS:** 15 Nolle Prosequi (before trial) Dismissed (after diversion) 16 Dismissed (before trial) Guilty Plea with Sentence (before trial) 17 Transferred (before/during trial) 18 Bench (Non-Jury) Trial Dismissed (during trial) 19 Acquittal 20 Guilty Plea with Sentence (during trial) Conviction 21 Jury Trial 22 Dismissed (during trial) Acquittal 23 Guilty Plea with Sentence (during trial) Conviction 24 25 Other Manner of Disposition 26 DATED this 8th day of May, 2015. 27

> STEFANY MILEY DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

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Alma A. Blummer CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-VS-

CASE NO. C300979-2

DEPT. NO. XXIII

JEFFREY B. GERMAN aka Jeffery Bernard German #1602073

Defendant.

JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION (PLEA OF GUILTY)

The Defendant previously appeared before the Court with counsel and entered a plea of guilty to the crimes of COUNT 1 – ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.380, 193.165; and COUNT 2 – CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.380, 199.480; thereafter, on the 6th day of May, 2015, the Defendant was present in court for sentencing with counsel DAVID R. FISCHER, ESQ., and good cause appearing,

THE DEFENDANT IS HEREBY ADJUDGED guilty of said offenses and, in addition to the \$25.00 Administrative Assessment Fee and \$880.00 Restitution to be paid jointly and severally with Co-Defendants plus \$3.00 DNA Collection Fee, the Defendant is sentenced to the Nevada Department of Corrections as follows: as to COUNT 1 – a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of SIXTY (60) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of SIXTY (60) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon; and COUNT 2 - a MAXIMUM of SIXTY (60) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of THIRTEEN (13) MONTHS; CONSECUTIVE to COUNT 1; with THREE HUNDRED NINE (309) DAYS credit for time served. The AGGREGATE TOTAL sentence is FOUR HUNDRED TWENTY (420) MONTHS MAXIMUM with a MINIMUM of ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-THREE (133) MONTHS. As the \$150.00 DNA Analysis Fee and Genetic Testing have been previously imposed, the Fee and Testing in the current case are WAIVED.

DATED this _____ day of May, 2015

DISTRIOT COURT JUDGE

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2		CLERK OF THE COURT
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6	DISTRICT COURT	
7	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
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9	STATE OF NEVADA,)
10	Plaintiff,)) CASE NO. C300979-1
11	,	C300979-2 C300979-3
12	VS.)) DEPT. NO. XXIII
13	CHRISTOPHER LEROY ROACH, aka Christopher Roach,	
14	JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffrey Bernard German,) TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
15	JAMES CURTIS IVEY, JR.,)
16	Defendants.	
17	BEFORE THE HONORABLE STEFANY A. MILEY, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE	
18	WEDNESDAY, MARCH 11, 2015	
19	CALENDAR CALL	
20		
21	APPEARANCES:	
22	For the State:	MICHELLE SUDANO, ESQ.
23		Deputy District Attorney
24		
25	APPEARANCES CONTINUED ON PAGE 2	
		1
	I and the second	

For Defendant Christopher Roach: CAESAR V. ALMASE, ESQ. For Defendant Jeffrey German: DAVID R. FISCHER, ESQ. For Defendant James Ivey, Jr.: CARMINE J. COLUCCI

RECORDED BY: MARIA L. GARIBAY, COURT RECORDER

1	DEFENDANT IVEY: Yes.
2	THE COURT: What's your education?
3	DEFENDANT IVEY: Twelfth grade.
4	THE COURT: Fair to say you read, write, understand the English language?
5	DEFENDANT IVEY: Yes, ma'am.
6	THE COURT: Are you a U.S. citizen?
7	DEFENDANT IVEY: Yes, ma'am.
8	THE COURT: Are you taking and drugs or medication that would affect your
9	ability to understand these proceedings?
10	DEFENDANT IVEY: No, ma'am.
11	THE COURT: Sir, there's an Amended Information. It charges you with the
12	crime of robbery with the use of a deadly weapon which is a category B felony, and
13	conspiracy to commit robbery which is also a category B felony. Did you read the
14	Amended Information?
15	DEFENDANT IVEY: Yes, ma'am.
16	THE COURT: Did you talk it over with your lawyer?
17	DEFENDANT IVEY: Yes, ma'am.
18	THE COURT: Do you understand the charges against you, sir?
19	DEFENDANT IVEY: Yes, ma'am.
20	THE COURT: Sir, I have the written guilty plea agreement. Before signing
21	the written guilty plea agreement, did you read every single page?
22	DEFENDANT IVEY: Yes, ma'am.
23	THE COURT: Let's go over a few things. When we come back for
24	sentencing in a couple months, the State is going to have the right to argue, which

means they get to argue regarding the length of your sentence.

THE COURT: All right. I want you to understand that for count one, which is the robbery with use of a deadly weapon, there is a potential sentence of a minimum of two years and a maximum of 15 years; and also, another consecutive sentence for the deadly weapon of one to 15 years. Do you understand that? THE COURT: And also, for count two, it's a potential sentence of a minimum of one year and a maximum of 6 years. Do you understand that as well? THE COURT: And do you understand that on count one you're not eligible for THE COURT: Which means when we come back for sentencing you're going THE COURT: And do you understand that it's going to be the Court that makes the final decision regarding the length of each of your sentences? THE COURT: And do you understand the Court's going to make the final decision whether count one and count two run concurrently or consecutively? Do 23 you understand that as well? 24 DEFENDANT IVEY: Yes, ma'am. 25 THE COURT: With all that being said, do you have any questions regarding

THE COURT: Sir, the Court will accept your plea of guilty finding that it's

1	freely and voluntarily given. We'll give you a date for sentencing. And I'll just put all
2	the Defendants on the same date.
3	MR. ALMASE: Yes.
4	THE CLERK: May 6 th , 9:30.
5	THE COURT: All right. The next one I have is Mr and Mr. Ivey, you can sit
6	down. I have Mr. German. Which is Mr. German?
7	All right, Mr. German, good morning, sir. What's your full legal name?
8	DEFENDANT GERMAN: Jeffrey Bernard German.
9	THE COURT: How old are you?
10	DEFENDANT GERMAN: Thirty-six.
11	THE COURT: What's your education?
12	DEFENDANT GERMAN: High school and college, community college.
13	THE COURT: So it's fair to say you read, write, understand the English
14	language?
15	DEFENDANT GERMAN: Yes.
16	THE COURT: Are you a U.S. citizen?
17	DEFENDANT GERMAN: Yes.
18	THE COURT: Are you taking any drugs or medication that would affect your
19	ability to understanding these proceedings?
20	DEFENDANT GERMAN: No.
21	THE COURT: Sir, there's an Amended Information which charges you with
22	the crime of robbery with the use of a deadly weapon which is a category B felony;
23	and conspiracy to commit robbery, which is also a category B felony. Did you read
24	the Amended Information?

DEFENDANT GERMAN: Yes.

eligible for probation, which means at sentencing you will be going to prison?

an appeal are going to be limited?

DEFENDANT GERMAN: Yes.

THE COURT: Counsel, are the -- I believe the facts are the same for both.

MR. FISCHER: They are, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. German, did you hear the facts that the Court read with respect to your Co-Defendant, Mr. Ivey?

DEFENDANT GERMAN: Yes, I did.

THE COURT: And do you agree that the facts that I read with respect to Mr. Ivey are the same facts that are causing you to plead guilty today?

DEFENDANT GERMAN: Yes, they are.

THE COURT: All right. Is that enough? I think so.

All right, sir, the Court's going to accept your plea of guilty finding that it's freely and voluntarily given. We'll give you a date for sentencing.

THE CLERK: May 6th, 9:30.

DEFENDANT GERMAN: Your Honor.

THE COURT: Yeah.

DEFENDANT GERMAN: I have a question I wanted to ask you.

THE COURT: Sure.

DEFENDANT GERMAN: My return court date, I have a medical condition I was trying to get taken care of since June with my eyes. I'm legally blind and I've been walking around the facility without glasses. And I have to go to the streets to get that form to provide them the, you know, necessaries, so I don't walk around like crazy in jail. Is that possible that I can get that and come back? And if I don't, my stipulation can change where I can get hit with a habitual.

THE COURT: Well, hold on. I want to go back first. Can you read these documents? Do you mean -- these documents, I asked you whether or not you read

them and you said yes.

DEFENDANT GERMAN: Yes, I read them. But the way I can read them is when I get back into my unit, I have to put them to my face to really read them.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. FISCHER: Your Honor, we discussed that and I actually --

DEFENDANT GERMAN: He read them and pointed them out to me and I followed them with him.

THE COURT: So you feel comfortable that you know and understand everything that's contained in these documents?

DEFENDANT GERMAN: I know; yes. And then like I said, once I got back to my unit and I was able to sit down and read them on my own, I really read them the way I can read them without my contacts. So I did read them, but me going to prison like that, I can't do it. Even the doctors up there know my situation.

MR. FISCHER: Your Honor, I previously filed a motion requesting that he be given glasses. There was -- well, it was part of an O.R. motion. I made that request. He's filed -- he's made multiple requests at the jail for eyeglasses. We did talk about it. I read it out verbatim. He can read when he holds it really close to his face. So there's definitely he understood everything, but it is a need that he has. We have previously requested that.

THE COURT: What is it that he needs to file at the jail? I forgot what it's called when he needs medical.

THE CORRECTIONAL OFFICER: A medical kite.

THE COURT: Did you fill out the kite?

DEFENDANT GERMAN: I've filled out so many medical kites, Your Honor, and they tell me the same thing the prison doctor told me, that my prescription is off

the charts. I am -- I cannot see without my contacts.

THE COURT: Do you have any glasses from when you were out that your family can bring you?

DEFENDANT GERMAN: No, I wear contacts. I don't wear glasses.

THE COURT: And you don't have any more contacts?

DEFENDANT GERMAN: No, the contacts that I did have were ripped and I was not able to keep those in my eyes.

THE COURT: All right. I don't usually have much involvement with the jail sending them out. Have you looked into it?

MR. FISCHER: Your Honor, nothing beyond --

THE COURT: I mean in the very least, I'm assuming, though, send him out to get glasses.

MR. FISCHER: He's made the kite request. I don't know of any other way to go about doing that. I can certainly contact the jail and ask them if there's anything I can do to help facilitate it, so.

THE COURT: Yeah, because I don't really have any other power to order them to do anything as far as sending him out to a doctor. I mean usually they at least get their eyes checked and get glasses if they don't pay for contacts.

All right. Thank you. Your counsel is going to look into that further, okay.

DEFENDANT GERMAN: Okay, so any way I -- how would I know about if something's been done or taken care of?

MR. FISCHER: I'll come talk to you again. We'll talk about it.

THE COURT: Well, it won't be through me. Mr. Fischer is the one who will be contacting you. You won't see me until sentencing.

1	DEFENDANT GERMAN: All right.
2	THE COURT: All right. Lastly, Mr. Roach, sir.
3	Mr. Roach, what's your full legal name?
4	DEFENDANT ROACH: Christopher Leroy Roach.
5	THE COURT: How old are you, sir?
6	DEFENDANT ROACH: Twenty-two.
7	THE COURT: What's your education?
8	DEFENDANT ROACH: Eleventh grade.
9	THE COURT: Do you read, write, understand the English language?
10	DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.
11	THE COURT: Are you a U.S. citizen?
12	DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.
13	THE COURT: Are you taking any drug or medication that would affect your
14	ability to understanding these proceedings?
15	DEFENDANT ROACH: No.
16	THE COURT: Sir, I have an Amended Information that charges you with the
17	crimes of robbery with the use of a deadly weapon which is a category B felony; and
18	conspiracy to commit robbery which is also a category B felony. Did you read the
19	Amended Information?
20	DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.
21	THE COURT: Did you talk it over with your lawyer?
22	DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.
23	THE COURT: Do you understand the charges against you?
24	DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.
25	THE COURT: Sir, I also have a written guilty plea agreement. Before signing

the written guilty plea agreement, did you read every single page?

DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.

THE COURT: Did you talk it over with your lawyer?

DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.

THE COURT: Let's go over a few things. Do you understand that when we come back for sentencing in a couple months, the State's going to have the right to argue, which means they are going to argue regarding the length of your sentences and whether or not count one and count two will run consecutively or concurrently to each other. Do you understand that?

DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.

THE COURT: Do you understand that for count one, robbery with use of a deadly weapon, there's a potential sentence of two to 15 years, plus a consecutive sentence of one to 15 years for the deadly weapon enhancement? Do you understand that?

DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.

THE COURT: And do you understand that on count two, the potential sentence is one to 6 years in the Nevada Department of Corrections? Do you understand that?

DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.

THE COURT: And do you understand that count one is not probationable, which means when you come back for sentencing you're going to prison? Do you understand that?

DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.

THE COURT: And do you understand the Court's going to makes the final decision regarding the length of your sentences?

DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.

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1	THE COURT: Did you hear the facts put on the record for Mr. Ivey, the first			
2	Co-Defendant sentenced?			
3	DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.			
4	THE COURT: And do you agree that those facts are the reason that you are			
5	pleading guilty today?			
6	DEFENDANT ROACH: Yes.			
7	THE COURT: All right, anything to add by counsel?			
8	MR. ALMASE: No, Judge.			
9	THE COURT: All right. So, Mr. Roach, sir, the Court's going to accept your			
10	plea of guilty finding that it's freely and voluntarily given. We'll give you a date for			
11	sentencing.			
12	THE CLERK: May 6 th , 9:30.			
13	THE COURT: Okay, I'll see everyone on that date.			
14	PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 10:11 A.M.			
15	* * * *			
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21				
22	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.			
23	addio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.			
24	maria L. Garibau			
25	Maria L. Garibay MARIA L. GARIBAY			

Court Recorder/Transcriber

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2		CLERK OF THE COURT	
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5	DISTRIC	CT COURT	
6	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
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8)	
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA) CASE NO.: C300979-1	
10	Plaintiff,	C300979-2 C300979-3	
11	vs.	DEPT. XXIII	
12	CHRISTOPHER LEROY ROACH, aka))) TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS	
13	Christopher Roach, JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffery) TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS	
14	Bernard German, JAMES CURTIS IVEY, JR.,		
15			
16	Defendants.		
17		,	
18	BEFORE THE HONORABLE STEFANY MILEY, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE		
19	WEDNESDAY MAY 6, 2015 SENTENCING COUNTS 1 & 2		
20	<i>SENTENSING</i>		
21	APPEARANCES:		
22	For the State:	NICOLE J. CANNIZZARO, ESQ.	
23 24		Deputy District Attorney	
24 25	APPEARANCES CONTINUED ON PAGE	: _?	
-5	ALL LAIGHOLS CONTINUED ON PAGE	- 	
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For Defendant Christopher Roach: CAESAR V. ALMASE, ESQ. For Defendant Jeffrey German: DAVID R. FISCHER, ESQ. For Defendant James Ivey, Jr.: CARMINE JAMES COLUCCI, ESQ. RECORDED BY: MARIA GARIBAY, COURT RECORDER Page - 2

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 2015 at 10:58 A.M.

THE MARSHAL: We're ready to call page 6, C300979-1, Roach; and C300979-2, German; and the top of page 4, C300979-3, Ivey.

THE COURT: All right.

So, Counsel, any legal cause or reason why we should not go forward with your case?

MR. ALMASE: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

So, by the State it's the same. They were all together so I'm assuming the State has the same argument?

MS. CANNIZZARO: Yes, Your Honor, we do.

THE COURT: So I'll just let you address your general argument and what you believe is appropriate for each Defendant.

MS. CANNIZZARO: Thank you, Your Honor.

Today, the State is going to be asking that Your Honor, as to all three Defendants and as to Count 1, the robbery with use of a deadly weapon, impose a term of 2 to 15 -- excuse me, 5 to 15 years on the robbery and then the deadly weapon enhancement a consecutive 5 to 15 years, and then also on the conspiracy to commit robbery, the 28 to 72 months. And we would ask that that run consecutive as well.

And, Your Honor, I understand that that is -- quite a substantial request but in terms of cases and in terms of danger to the community and in terms of when you read a police report or reading through a case and you feel as though this is somebody who really does deserve to have that maximum sentence imposed, I

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think that this is absolutely that case.

Your Honor, in this case the facts -- and I'm gonna just go through them 'cause I think that they're quite compelling, in this case, Your Honor, on June 30th of 2014, Baylie Kull was walking home from work down the street when she was approached by the Defendants. Then -- she was on her cell phone at that point. They asked her how she was doing and when she turned around to sort of give them directions and respond to them they -- I believe it was Mr. German actually grabbed her arm and grabbed her cell phone. The three males then walked her over and -- over I guess beyond an overpass where there was a fence. They pushed her up against that fence. They stole her fanny pack which contained all of her personal items. They stole her cell phone. They forced her to give over her PIN numbers and her pass codes for her cell phones and her credit cards, debit cards, while at the same time I believe it was Mr. Ivey had a -- gun in his waistband. And I'll kind of get to that part a little bit -- later, but at the time she observes a firearm of some sort in Mr. Ivey's pants and she's told don't scream, don't fight with us, you're gonna give us all of your stuff, you're gonna give over all of your pass codes, all of you PIN numbers or we will shoot you. And that's a very real threat for her.

After taking all of her items, she's then searched under her clothes, over her breasts for any remaining items that she could possibly turn over to them. They then force her to walk aways into an entryway of, I think it's like an apartment complex or apartment building of some sort into an entryway, she's forced to walk in there and not to say anything, not to turn around, not to observe them and she's left there as they flee.

Not even 24 hours after that, Your Honor, Ms. Eola Robinson is also walking home. She's walking down the street. And as she's walking down the

street, she observes Mr. Roach cross the street. And when she crosses -- when she observes him across the street she initially thinks nothing of it and then she notices that two other males, Mr. German and Mr. Ivey, join him. They then again come up to her, and she's unable to get a great glimpse at Mr. German or Mr. Ivey, but they put their hands -- someone puts their hands over her eyes and one arm around her neck and threaten her to turn over all of her items. When she refuses to give her -- them her purse she is again told that she does not want to get shot over a purse, again, threatening with a firearm.

Your Honor, these two ladies were just walking home. They're strangers to these Defendants. They were minding their own business. And in fact, Ms. Kull was going to give them directions to an area off of Twain that they were requesting directions to. These are two women who faced a very violent and very scary situation. And attached to the PSI there was a letter from Ms. Robinson where she talks about how this has affected her and how it affects her on a regular basis.

But, Your Honor, not to -- stop there, on that same day just hours later Donna Dimaria and Jesus Medina are sitting in a car. They're boyfriend and girlfriend. They're talking. And as they're sitting in the car, Ms. Medina, Dee Medina -- or excuse me, Dimaria -- I'm gonna get that all confused, Dimaria observes that there are three males who are loitering around. She says goodbye to her boyfriend. He gets out of the car and as she locks the doors and attempts to drive away, she looks out the window and sees that Mr. Ivey has a firearm pointed directly at Mr. Medina's head. These three Defendants then approach the vehicle. They force their way inside. Ms. Dimaria is forced to keep her head down while they put a hand on the back of her neck and squeeze, telling her to give over her items that she has

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at that point. Mr. Medina is also forced into the back seat where he is held at gunpoint and told to give over -- I believe it was some sort of cross necklace that he was wearing at that point.

After taking all of their items, they then flee as well. And when they're apprehended they're apprehended because of a Find My iPhone App or Find My Cell Phone App that is able to be tracked by detectives or officers. When they actually find them, they observe what appear to be two legitimate firearms. Later on its determined that they're I think BB guns which might be an argument that might be proffered in mitigation of this, Your Honor, but to Ms. Kull, Ms. Robinson, Ms. Dimaria, and Mr. Medina those were very -- real firearms. These are individuals who -- all of them are strangers to these Defendants, all of them faced with what they believed was deadly force and that doesn't change the danger of this crime. Now to the extent that they're not gonna get shot with a real weapon, okay fine. But when they decide to take what appeared to be real firearms, approach random individuals in the community during this -- I think it's like a day -- two days and a half or something like that, crime spree of these very violent robberies, that threat is very real to these victims and I think that Ms. Robinson's letter really does indicate that. She indicates that this is something that she does live with every day whenever she's getting into her car. Remember, she's walking down the street -- whenever she's out at night. This is something she has to live with for the rest of her life and so too do these other victims. These are individuals who were just going about their daily lives and were confronted in a very violent, very dangerous situation.

And so I think that the facts in this case, the fact that there are four different victims, the fact that there are three different robberies that occur throughout the course of this requires that they have this maximum sentence. This

isn't one random incident. It's not you know an accidental shoving in a grocery store while they're trying to steal food or diapers or something like that. This is absolutely -- when you talk about violent crimes and you talk about danger to the community and you talk about individuals who deserve to have maximum penalties, this is it. This is three different incidents, four different victims and so that's the -- a lot of the reason for the State's request.

In addition, I would note that Mr. Roach has one prior felony. He was actually on probation in that felony and that was revoked. He's actually, on that case, was -- sort of find out from his juvenile history to district court as -- and treat it as an adult in that case. And, Your Honor, he learned nothing from that if these facts demonstrate anything at all. He learned nothing from that and instead continued to engage in dangerous behavior.

As to Mr. Garman [sic], he has two prior felonies, Your Honor. And as part of his negotiations, the State is not seeking habitual criminal treatment. But, Your Honor, he is certainly somebody who definitely qualifies for that.

And -- finally I want to address Mr. Ivey because Parole and Probation had recommended a lower sentence for him in their recommendations and I can only speculate that that must be because he doesn't have any priors. But, Your Honor, I don't think the fact that he doesn't have any priors mitigates any of the facts or circumstances in this case whatsoever. His decision to engage in this violent and dangerous conduct absolutely warrants a maximum sentence even though he doesn't have the priors. I think even if you don't take their criminal history into account, just this particular case warrants that. And so that's -- the State's request.

I think they -- all three have 309 days credit for time served. We are asking for \$880.00 in restitution. That is for the items that were stolen from Ms.

Dimaria and Mr. Medina, \$100.00 to Jesus Medina and \$780.00 to Donna Dimaria, and it's D-I-M-A-R-I-A. And I think I'll submit it on that, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, let's start with Mr. Colucci, go down the aisle. You represent James Ivey.

MR. COLUCCI: Yes, I do.

Your Honor, as the State has acknowledged, Mr. Ivey has no prior record. He comes from a very good family. He's a family man himself. He has a wife and --

THE COURT: Are you Mr. Ivey?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. COLUCCI: He has a wife and three children. He has job skills that would enable him to secure a good job when he gets out. He doesn't need to engage in this kind of activity. And in the past he has not engaged in any type of activity like this.

I would ask the Court to consider -- you know based on his job skills, his job skill ability, his lack of a prior record, the fact that he has a family of his own and good family support through his own parents, that the Court consider giving him 24 to 60 on Count 1 with the 16 month enhancement. And on Count 2, 12 to 36 which is what Parole and Probation recommended, and run that concurrent which is also what Probation recommended.

He's not a career criminal. This is a one-time -- I don't know, just a one single time in his life that he acted stupidly and I know that he regrets it. He'll tell you how he feels about it. He has used his time in the jail to try to better himself as best he could under the circumstances. I'd ask the Court to take that into

consideration. At least it shows that he is motivated.

And so with that, I would ask -- you to give him the 24 to 60 with a 16 month enhancement, and on Count 2, 12 to 36 and run that concurrent with 309 days credit for time served.

THE COURT: Mr. Ivey, anything you'd like to say?

DEFENDANT IVEY: I just want to apologize for my actions. I don't normally do this. It was just a one-time thing and it will never happen again.

THE COURT: All right, thank you, Mr. Ivey.

Mr. Almase.

MR. ALMASE: With regard to Mr. Roach, Judge, a few things that I think must be addressed here.

The Pre-Sentence Investigation Report, the recommendation is for all told 5 -- approximately 5 to 21 years. And that was a bit of a shock to me because typically in these -- types of cases the writer for P&P will ask for a -- whole lot more than that, sometimes upwards of 9, 10 years, but in these situations I think the Court should really take notice in what they see in Mr. Roach and what they wrote about -- in Mr. Roach's case. He has the one prior felony and this was when he was still a juvenile and was certified up unfortunately. He's 22 years of age and has significant mental health issues, Judge. I spent the last few months before sentencing getting paperwork from Nevada Department of Corrections, from CCDC, from private providers to see what exactly he's been suffering with -- and I chose not to forward those on to the Court because I think there was some sensitive information there and a lot of it was handwritten, not very discernible. But what I was able to gather there is that he has suffered from long-term chronic depression called Dysthymia and actually had attempted suicide on a number of occasions and was a very

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troubled youth and a troubled young man obviously. I don't use this as an excuse for what he did here and certainly he's taking responsibility for his actions. But it explains, in a way, how he came here, how he got to this point in his life. You know, in speaking with him and in living with this case for almost a year and all the numerous times I've spoken with him, he -- it's mind-boggling to me that he would be charged with these kinds of crimes. He's never shown any sort of aggressiveness, any kind of violent tendencies, and I think a lot of it -- and I hate to put the blame on other individuals, but I think a lot of it is because he is a follower and this certainly wasn't -- there was no indication that he was the one who orchestrated or came up with this plan or these ideas.

But be that as it may, he stands before you, Judge, at 22 years of age. I'm asking that he be given the -- with regard to Count 1 and Count 2, all told 4 years on the bottom -- 4 to 10 years and I think that's what fits given the circumstances. Yes, these are robberies. Yes, those are violent crimes by definition under the NRS. However, these individuals were not actually injured. Mr. Roach was involved, and again he's taken responsibility for his actions, and despite what the State feels this is not worth 12 years on the bottom which is what the State is recommending. Those kinds of sentences are reserved for people where there's a loss of life or there's a sexual assault. This did not occur. This is not that type of case.

And I think it bears mentioning also, State spoke about Ms. Robinson having hands over her breasts; there was never any allegation nor in her interview did she say that there was any sexual overtones here so that is -- that's something that doesn't fit here and I would ask the Court not to take -- any umbrage to that.

What occurred here is regrettable and the victims here should be made whole for the \$880.00 restitution. I think given Mr. Roach's past, his young age, the

actual events that took place here, 4 to 10 years is entirely appropriate and that's what I'm asking for.

THE COURT: All right, thank you.

And Mr. German, anything you'd like to say?

MR. ALMASE: Mr. Roach, Judge.

THE COURT: I'm sorry, Mr. Roach.

DEFENDANT ROACH: Yeah, I'd like to apologize to the victims, to the Court, for being here, my actions for the cases that brought me here. I got -- I know I got mental issues and everything but I'm not gonna use that as a excuse either you know for what I did. I know right from wrong. I know I made a mistake and I just say sorry for the three -- or the four victims that's not here right now.

THE COURT: Okay, thank you.

Mr. Fischer, on behalf of your client, Mr. German.

MR. FISCHER: It's about Mr. German, Your Honor.

Your Honor, he is probably the one that has the most serious record and his record amounts to two prior felonies and I would highlight for the Court that his last felony was in 2007. I -- my interactions with Mr. German has been positive. He's always been respectful and in my opinion he very quickly accepted responsibility for what did happen and expressed remorse for what happened.

And I would ask the Court to -- in his case to follow the PSI's recommendations. I think those are appropriate. And I -- agree with the comments of Mr. Almase with regard to the recommendation -- the -- PSI writer's -- obviously in a very good position after interviewing and taking a look at the totality here in making their recommendation and I would ask the Court to consider the acceptance of responsibility. Also, Mr. German has family support. His mother's in the

courtroom here today. She has been in contact with my office in the last few months to discuss him and his life.

Your Honor, I will submit it on that.

THE COURT: All right, Mr. German, anything you'd like to day?

DEFENDANT GERMAN: Yes. I would like to say I've never made any excuses for anything that I've done in my past and I'm not making any excuses. I will take full responsibilities for my actions in what occurred in the situation at hand and ask that the sentence that they are imposing, the 12 -- or the 5 be a 4 to 10. Like I say I've [indiscernible] everything that I've done. I've never made excuses for any of my actions. I took full responsibility which I'm taking now for it. And not only have I put the victims through a lot of thing, I put my family and those that love me through a lot also. And with that said that was -- that's all I would like to say.

THE COURT: All right.

Let's start with Mr. Ivey, and this is C300979-3.

Mr. Ivey, sir, the Court finds you guilty on Count 1, robbery with use of a deadly weapon, a felony. The Court finds you guilty on Count 2, conspiracy to commit robbery, a felony.

In accordance with the laws of the State of Nevada, the Court assesses a \$25.00 administrative fee, a \$150.00 DNA analysis and testing fee, and a \$3.00 DNA administrative assessment fee.

Count 1, robbery with use of a deadly weapon, you're sentenced to a minimum term of 60 months, a maximum sentence of 180 months. There's also an equal and consecutive minimum term of 60 months for use of a deadly weapon and an equal and consecutive maximum term of 180 months for use of a deadly weapon. There is restitution on this Count in the amount of \$880.00 which will be

paid jointly and severally with your co-Defendants.

Count 2, conspiracy to commit robbery, a felony. The Court sentences you to a minimum term of 13 months, a maximum sentence of 60 months. Count 2 will run concurrent with Count -- I'm sorry consecutive with Count 1. You will receive 309 days credit for time served.

Thank you.

Mr. Roach, sir, the Court finds you guilty on Count 1, robbery with use of a deadly weapon, a felony. The Court finds you guilty on Count 2, conspiracy to commit robbery, a felony.

In accordance with the laws of the State of Nevada, the Court assesses a \$25.00 administrative assessment fee. There's also -- DNA was previously taken and will not be required again. There's also a \$3.00 DNA administrative assessment fee.

Sir, Count 1, robbery with use of -- a deadly weapon, the Court sentences you to a minimum term of 60 months, a maximum sentence of 180 months. There is also an equal and consecutive minimum term of 60 months for use of a deadly weapon and an equal and consecutive maximum term of 180 months for use of a deadly weapon.

Count 2, conspiracy to commit robbery, you're sentenced to a minimum term of 13 months, a maximum sentence of 60 months. Count 2 will run consecutive with Count 1. On Count 1 there's also restitution in the amount of \$880.00. That amount will be paid jointly and severally with your co-Defendants -- hold on. You're entitled to 309 days credit for time served.

Yes, sir?

DEFENDANT ROACH: For the restitution, its 700 or whatever you said the --

THE COURT: \$880.00 in restitution?

DEFENDANT ROACH: Right. Where's that from?

THE COURT: That is -- she gave -- what was the breakdown? I -- let me see. I wrote it down over here.

MS. CANNIZZARO: Yes, Your Honor. It's \$780.00 to Donna Dimaria for items that were stolen from her and then \$100.00 to Jesus Medina for the damaged necklace.

THE COURT: All right, thank you.

And again, Mr. Roach will receive 309 days credit for time served.

DEFENDANT ROACH: My -- Judge?

THE COURT: Yeah?

DEFENDANT ROACH: Also that I shouldn't be able to pay that because what we -- it was nothing really stolen. The car -- whatever, car keys or whatever was supposed to be missing, whatever, when I -- when they checked us or whatever in the car, it was nothing there so I don't know why we should be --

THE COURT: You know what, you can --

DEFENDANT ROACH: -- I should --

THE COURT: -- address it with your attorney after sentencing if he feels the restitution is improperly ordered, an amount, then your attorney can file a motion for that.

Mr. German, sir, the Court finds you guilty on Count 1, robbery with use of a deadly weapon, a felony. The Court finds you guilty on Count 2, conspiracy to commit robbery, a felony.

In accordance with the laws of the State of Nevada the Court assesses a \$25.00 administrative assessment fee. DNA was previously taken and will not be

required again. There's a \$3.00 DNA administrative assessment fee.

Count 1, robbery with use of a deadly weapon, you're sentenced to a minimum of 60 months, a maximum sentence of 180 months. There's also an equal and consecutive minimum term of 60 months for use of a deadly weapon and an equal and consecutive maximum term of 180 months for use of a deadly weapon. There's also restitution on this Count in the amount of \$880.00 that is joint and several with your co-Defendants.

Count 2, conspiracy to commit robbery, a felony. The Court sentences you to a minimum term of 13 months, a maximum sentence of 60 months. Count 2 will run consecutive with Count 1. You'll receive 800 -- I'm sorry, 309 days credit for time served.

Thank you.

[Proceedings concluded at 11:20 a.m.]

ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

CYNTHIA GEORGILAS
Court Recorder/Transcriber
District Court Dept. XIII
702 671-4425

Electronically Filed

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6	DISTRIC	T COURT	
7	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
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9	STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	Plaintiff,) CASE NO. C300979-1	
11	VS.) C300979-2 C 300979-3	
12) DEPT. NO. XXIII	
13	CHRISTOPHER LEROY ROACH, aka Christopher Roach,))) TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS	
14	JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffrey Bernard German,	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS	
15	JAMES CURTIS IVEY, JR.,		
16	Defendants.)	
17	BEFORE THE HONORABLE STEFANY A. MILEY, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE		
18	WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 2014		
19 20	PETITION FOR WRIT	OF HABEAS CORPUS	
21			
22	APPEARANCES:		
23	For the State:	CAROLINE BATEMAN, ESQ. Deputy District Attorney	
24		_ 5, 4, 7	
25			
	APPEARANCES CONTINUED ON PAGE 2		
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For Defendant Christopher Roach: CAESAR V. ALMASE, ESQ. For Defendant Jeffrey German: DAVID R. FISCHER, ESQ. For Defendant James Ivey, Jr.: CARMINE J. COLUCCI RECORDED BY: MARIA L. GARIBAY, COURT RECORDER

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WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 2014, 10:40 A.M.

THE MARSHAL: Pages 14 and 15, C300979, Roach, German and Ivey.

THE COURT: Mr. Almase, it looks like you have a lot of cases on today.

MR. ALMASE: My last one, Judge.

THE COURT: Roach. Okay, so we have co-defendants here, Roach, German and there's one more. Where is --

MR. COLUCCI: Ivey.

THE COURT: -- Ivey? So, okay, over here. You're mister --

DEFENDANT IVEY: Ivey.

THE COURT: And you're mister --

DEFENDANT GERMAN: German. I can see you're pointing at me, yes.

THE COURT: That's okay. Ivey, German and Mr. Roach, right?

Okay. So, sirs, your attorneys have filed motions on your behalf.

Motions are very similar, they are petitions for writ of habeas corpus. Who wants to argue theirs first?

MR. COLUCCI: Court's indulgence one second.

THE COURT: Sure.

Yours is the thickest, Mr. Almase.

[Defense counsels confer]

MR. ALMASE: Judge, as to Mr. Roach, I'm not going to belabor the points made in my pleading; however, I think it has to be said and reiterated that during Ms. Robinson's testimony, she very honestly stated, "I cannot say that, yes, that's him, Christopher Roach. I can't." And this was monumental at the time. I point the Court to page 5 of my pleading. And I'm lifting it right from the preliminary hearing

transcript. My question, page -- or line 23: So it's fair to say your identification of Mr. Roach this morning isn't close to 100 percent? That's fair.

I put it in those terms expecting that she was going to say give me a percentage, 90, 70, 60, 40, 30, something below that. And the reason I did that is because whenever a person is shown a six-pack lineup, the officer will ask them circle the person and then put what percentage you're sure it's that person that committed this crime. And that's why I worded it that way. She did one better. She said, "I cannot say that's him. I can't." So from her own mouth, there was zero percent really that she could affirmatively say that it was my client, Mr. Roach, at the time of the robbery.

Before that, a six-pack lineup was done with her some 24 hours after the alleged robbery and she couldn't pick out anyone, couldn't pick out any of the co-defendants, couldn't pick out my client. She circled nobody. And so some months later in court identification, that is negated by her own statement, Judge. And so where does that leave us? The Court argued -- excuse me, the State argues that by virtue of the fact that he may have been involved in some robbery that occurred some -- a day before that's circumstantial evidence.

Well, granted there was some similarities between the two, but it still goes back to what happened at that occasion. And her identification really blows up what other circumstantial evidence may apply from the alleged instance from the day before. The other thing the State argues is the fact that --

THE COURT: Hold on Caesar.

[The Court and Court Clerk confer]

THE COURT: All right. I'm sorry, Mr. Almase.

MR. ALMASE: That's fine.

THE COURT: It's a little bit quieter.

MR. ALMASE: The other thing that the State argues in its opposition is the fact that these three individuals were found, were traveling in the vehicle where some of this property from the alleged victims was located. However, there was no testimony as to where in the vehicle it was located. It could've very well been in the trunk. There was no testimony as to my client, Mr. Roach, even knowing that that property was there, or that it was anywhere near his vicinity. I mean you have to establish, and this is classic possession law, that there is more than mere presence, that there was knowing that the property was within that persons reach or that they exercised some dominion and control over it. They have nothing of that sort. They have --

THE COURT: Wasn't the property in the vehicle they happened to be occupying?

MR. ALMASE: Well, it was in the vehicle. The point is that there is no testimony that my client even knew it was in the vehicle, where in the vehicle it was located, whether it was hidden under some chairs or if it was in the trunk. There's simply no testimony. There is no evidence before this Court to prevent it --

THE COURT: How many people in the vehicle? Weren't there just Mr. Roach, Mr. German and Mr. Ivey?

MR. ALMASE: And a female.

THE COURT: And there's a female.

MR. ALMASE: There's a female and they were at a convenience store and they were getting red box movies. And there is some question as to the location of these individuals when the police came up, but that wasn't presented so I'm not going there. But be that as it may, there was nothing from Mr. Roach or any of the

other individuals for that matter below during the preliminary hearing to indicate that any of them had any knowledge that this property was there.

There was another female at the time in the vehicle who's uncharged. And this occurred sometime after the incident having to do with Ms. Robinson. So it wasn't contemporaneous. We might have a different situation if Mr. Roach was found a few blocks away from where the alleged robbery occurred or had the property on him. It's remote. I mean it's within a few hours, but it's remote enough that I think the Court should take that into consideration as far as slight or marginal evidence.

For all those reasons, Judge, I would ask that counts 4 and 5 be dismissed as to my client.

THE COURT: Okay. And because all your motions are relatively the same, so the State's full response is going to be the same, why don't we just have yours, Mr. Colucci, sir, which is Mr. Ivey.

MR. COLUCCI: Yes. The only thing I would deviate from is that I raised an issue as to count 8, in addition to counts 4 and 5. And that was based on my research and understanding that you cannot be charged with robbery and possession of stolen property out of the same event.

THE COURT: I think they concede that. I mean I think the State's position is they can both go on the jury form. However, if they get convicted on both, obviously it would be not both for sentencing purposes.

MR. COLUCCI: Okay. That's it.

THE COURT: They just want to make sure that everyone is on the same page.

MR. COLUCCI: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay, that's fair.

And, Mr. Fischer.

MR. FISCHER: Your Honor, I'll join the partners. Nothing further. Submit it on that.

THE COURT: Okay. So by the State, please.

MS. BATEMAN: And, Your Honor, Ms. Beverly did file a very detailed response. I would note I started this preliminary hearing, so I remember the testimony from the other victims. And the only reason I bring that up is this is a very consistent pattern of conduct by the three co-defendants. These are robberies that are committed by these three men. Every one of the robberies charged involved the same three co-defendants.

Their conduct is very similar. One is very consistently the gunman.

One is very consistently the speaker who is ordering the victims to take certain conduct. And based on just the testimony of Ms. Robinson, I believe that even Judge Kephart, I could see down in Justice Court, had concerns based on her inability to positively 100 percent identify the defendants. However, the fact that --

THE COURT: Did Kull make an ID?

MS. BATEMAN: I'm sorry.

THE COURT: I have in my notes that Kull made an ID of the three defendants, K-u-l-I. I think it's victim one.

MS. BATEMAN: The other victims all identified the defendants, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And Robinson didn't, but Robinson's items were found in the car --

MS. BATEMAN: Correct.

THE COURT: -- where the three defendants were occupied.

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MS. BATEMAN: And I think that was the clincher for Judge Kephart. I don't think he was inclined to see that PC at that point, but once they are all identified in the vehicle having not only the identifying cards, the social security cards et cetera, of Ms. Robinson, but all of the other victims all had at least one item of property that was taken from them found in that car as well. So I know that it wasn't noted in our response, but it's very significant in my opinion the fact that there would be four robberies and the victims properties from all four robberies were found in the same vehicle with these three defendants.

I understand it wasn't immediate, but at the same time, just the totality of the circumstances, the fact that these robberies are very consistent, all involved these three co-defendants. And then this particular victim who is the basis of the three writs, her property was all found in the vehicle as well. I believe that is sufficient to establish that slight or marginal evidence to proceed to trial on those counts.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ALMASE: If I may reply briefly.

THE COURT: Yeah, of course.

MR. ALMASE: First, the fact that these three individuals are included in each of these three incidents, and it's three incidents, not four incidents that are listed in the criminal Information, I think has really limited significance. Of course they're listed because that's what they're charged with. I mean I don't know that that really enters into the equation or should be considered as proved positive that there was slight or marginal evidence below.

Second this is actually as a point of clarification in the third incident involving Donna Dimaria and Jesus Medina, they weren't consistent. They did not

name the same person as the person who had a firearm. They pointed to two different co-defendants. And my recollection was that they attributed statements made to two different individuals, one person making the statement throughout that incident, but two different individuals. So it wasn't exactly 100 percent consistent. There were some discrepancies here among the other people who testified.

But be that as it may, and I ask the Court to focus on the complete negation of the identification by Eola Robinson. She very unequivocally stated during cross-examination, "I can't say who this was. There was nothing that jumped out at me. It was a black male." She herself being African-American. It wasn't a race thing. It was just there wasn't really anything that stuck out to me when this individual walked past me on the street.

THE COURT: Okay. Anything else?

MS. BATEMAN: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. I'm going to deny all three petitions for writ of habeas corpus. I do find that there was slight or marginal evidence demonstrating -- presented at the lower court to demonstrate that a crime was committed and that the defendants are the three individuals that committed this crime. The Court does note that one of the victims did identify the three defendants. The other victim, Robinson, there's a lot of similarities between that occurrence and the Kull occurrence.

Additionally, the Court notes that with respect to Robinson several of the items that were reported to be taken from Robinson were found in a vehicle that was occupied by the three defendants in this case. Also, with respect to Dimaria, there is also circumstantial evidence that these are the individuals involved in that case as well, and that the individuals had items that were also reported taken from Dimaria. So given the low standards of bind over on these charges, I do think that

there is a slight or marginal evidence. Counsel, I do see that you have trial in March and I'll see you then. Thank you. MR. COLUCCI: Thank you, Judge. PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 10:52 A.M. ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability. Court Recorder/Transcriber

Electronically Filed 10/06/2015 12:17:49 PM MC DA PP **AOR** CLERK OF THE COURT David fischer ount Clark County NV C-14-300979-2 Case No. C-14.300979(2)

Dept 13 State of Neumon etal Hearing Date: 10-28-2015 DAVID R FISCHER Time: 9:30AM Raspondant Comes now, Jeffrey Garman , in *Pro Se*, and respectfully moves this Honorable Court for or Den to discharge I RECEIVED 武his motion is made and based upon the accompanying Memorandum of Points and Authorities, and 51 any Affidavit attached hereto. Document complies with NRS 239B.030 CERK OF THE COURT Dated this 29 day of Lent

AFFIDALIT OF JEHREY GERMAN

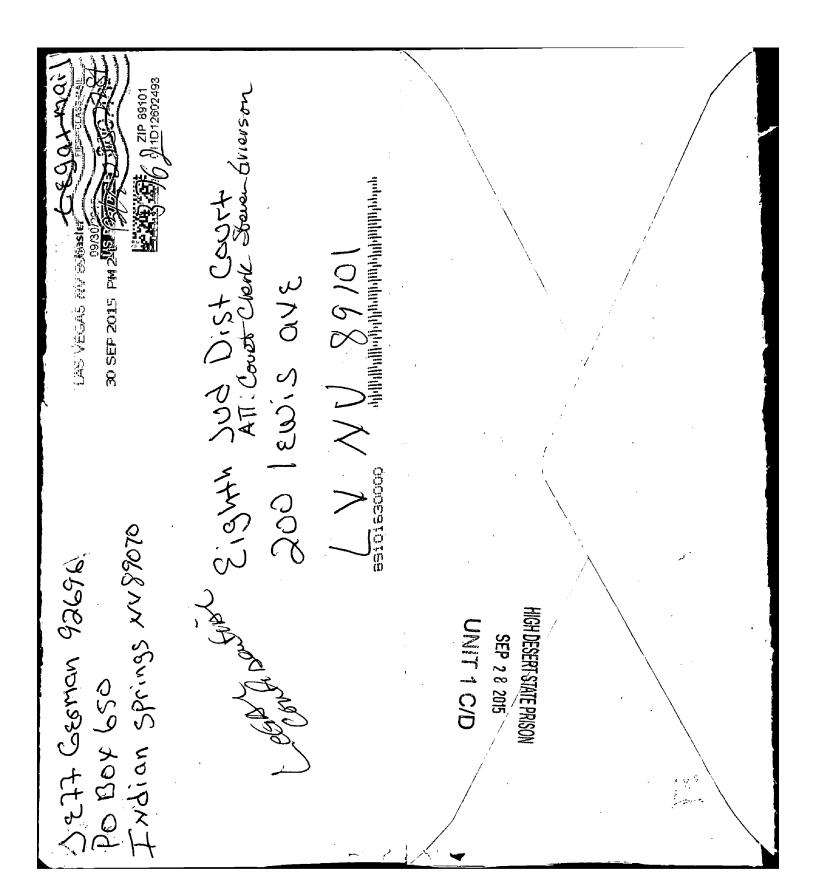
CIANK CO. Indian SPRING UV

I Jeffrey German. In Pro ser being duly Sentences Reduest From Davis R Fischer esa his Removal From my Case, And Return of All Documents, As there is No APPEAL Currently Going on, but Repuest the documents be returnED AS Soon AS Possible for timely 28USC2254 to be Files. EFFective today he will also be lent aletter to his office.

Unpen Penalth & PONJURY NRS 208,165 28USC 1746

Date Sept 29, 2015

1	
1	CERTFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAILING
2	I,
3	day of Sept , 20/5, I mailed a true and correct copy of the foregoing, "
4	8th Jup District Court Ano David Fischer 10348"
5	by depositing it in the High Desert State Prison, Legal Library, First-Class Postage, fully prepaid,
: 6	addressed as follows:
7	
8	Eighth Jun Dist Court DAVID R Fischer 10348
9	Steven Grievson - LV NV
10	200 Cenis Ave 89/01
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17	CC:FILE
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19	DATED: this 29 day of Sept, 2015.
20	
21	Affect Gorman # 92496
22	/In Propria Personam Post Office box 650 [HDSP]
23	Indian Springs. Nevada 89018 IN FORMA PAUPERIS:
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CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-vs-

JEFFREY B. GERMAN

aka Jeffery Bernard German #1602073

Defendant.

CASE NO. C300979-2

DEPT. NO. XXIII

AMENDED JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION (PLEA OF GUILTY)

The Defendant previously appeared before the Court with counsel and entered a plea of guilty to the crimes of COUNT 1 – ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.380, 193.165; and COUNT 2 – CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.380, 199.480; thereafter, on the 6th day of May, 2015, the Defendant was present in court for sentencing with counsel DAVID R. FISCHER, ESQ., and good cause appearing,

 THE DEFENDANT WAS THEREBY ADJUDGED guilty of said offenses and, in addition to the \$25.00 Administrative Assessment Fee and \$880.00 Restitution to be paid jointly and severally with Co-Defendants plus \$3.00 DNA Collection Fee, the Defendant is sentenced to the Nevada Department of Corrections as follows: as to COUNT 1 – a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of SIXTY (60) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of SIXTY (60) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon; and COUNT 2 - a MAXIMUM of SIXTY (60) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of THIRTEEN (13) MONTHS; CONSECUTIVE to COUNT 1; with THREE HUNDRED NINE (309) DAYS credit for time served. As the \$150.00 DNA Analysis Fee and Genetic Testing have been previously imposed, the Fee and Testing in the current case are WAIVED.

THEREAFTER, on the 4th day of May, 2016, Pro Per Defendant was not present in court, and pursuant to Status Check: NDOC Clarification hearing; COURT ORDERED, AGGREGATE TOTAL sentence of FOUR HUNDRED TWENTY (420) MONTHS MAXIMUM with a MINIMUM of ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-THREE (133) MONTHS is REMOVED from this sentence.

DATED this ______ day of May, 2016

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

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me OA PP

JETTERY German 92696

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Southern Desert Correctional Center

CLERK OF THE COURT

Post Office Box 208

Indian Springs, Nevada 89070-0208

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6 IN THE

JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

FOR THE COUNTY OF

Plaintiff, SEATERY GERMAN Case No: C300979
V. Dept. No:

Defendant State DT NEVada

NOTICE OF MOTION

9/7/16 @9:30am

MOTIONS FOR MODIFICATION OF SENTENCE

Comes now, Defendant, _____,pro per, and respectfully moves

this Honorable court for a modification of sentence.

This motion is based pursuant to the supporting Points and Authorities attached hereto, NRS 176.555, as well as all papers.pleading, and documents on file herein.

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

1. STANDARD OF REVIEW

The Nevada Supreme Court has long recognized that Court's have the power and Jurisdiction to Modify a sentence, see, Staley v. State, 787 P.2d 396, 106 Nev. 75 (1990):

"That if a sentencing court pronounces sentence within statutory limits, the court will have Jurisdiction to MODIFY, suspend or other wise correct that sentence if it is based upon materially untrue assumptions or mistakes which work to the extreme detriment of the defendant"

CLERK OF THE COUR

-1-

Defendant believes that this court has, based upon Staley, the jurisdiction to MODIFY his sentence, due to that sentence being pronounced based upon a Pre-Sentence Investigation Report which did have several material facts in error, which will be discussed below in the statement of facts.

.5

Respondent may argue that laches apply due to the fact that thee [3] years have passed since sentence was pronounced. However, the Nevada Supreme Court held that such time requirement does not apply to a request for Modification of Sentence, see, Passanisi v. State, 831 P2d 1371, 108 Nev. 318 (1995):

... "we note that the trial court has inherent authority to correct a sentence at any time if such sentence based on mistake of material fact that worked to the extreme detriment of the defendant. (Citations Omitted). If the trial court has inherent authority to correct a sentence, a Fortiori, if has the power to entertain a motion requesting it to exercise that inherent authority... Thus, the time limits and other restrictions with respect to a post-conviction relief do not apply to a Motion to Modify a Sentence based on a claim that the sentence was illegal or was based on an untrue assumption of the fact that amounted to denial of due process (Emphasis added) Id. 831 P2d at 1372n. 1. See also, Edwards v. State, 918 P2d 321, 324, 112 Nev. 704 (1996).

Defendant, as stated above, is alleging that his sentence by this Court was based upon assumptions founded upon his Pre-Sentence Investigation Report (PSI) that had several factors in error, and as such, his constitutional right to due process was violated. See, State v. District Court, 677 P2d 1044, 100 Nev. 90 (1984):

The district court's inherent authority to correct a judgment or sentence founded on mistake is in accord with the constitutional considerations underlying the sentencing process. The United States Supreme Court has expressly held that where a defendant is sentenced on the basis of materially untrue assumptions concerning his criminal record, "(the) result whether caused by carelessness or design, is inconsistent with due process of law". Townsend v. Burke, 736, 741, 68 S. Ct. 12552, 1255, 92 L. Ed. 1690 (1948). Further, the cases clearly established that constitutionally Violate "materially untrue assumptions" concerning a criminal record may arise either as a result of a sentencing judge's correct perception of misapprehension. (Emphasis in original). Id. 677 P2d at 1048 n. 3.

Defendant would asks that this Court not perceive this request to be pointing the finger at the Court and saying 'you were wrong' as that is not the case. Defendant is merely requesting that the Court reconsider the sentence that was pronounced based upon mistakes of fact in the PSI report and at sentencing.

NOTION TO MODIFY SENTENCE - 2

CONCLUSION

WHEREFORE, all of the above stated reasons, Defendant respectfully requests this Honorable Court to Modify his/her Sentence in accordance with this Court's fair and just consideration of the facts of the case.

Dated this Hug day of 3 2016

SEffery Gernan#97696

Southern Desert Correctional Center

P.O. BOX 208

INDIAN SPRINGS, NEVADA 89070-208

• •	
i Sen	I, certify that the foregoing "Motion For
	Modification of Sentence", was served upon the Respondent pursuant to NRCP 5 (b), by placing same in
3	the United States Postal Service, postage being fully pre-paid, and addressed as follows:
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6	Clerk of Courts District Attorney's Office
7	200 (EWIS ave
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18	SETTERY German # 92696
19	284-64 DELLI ON # A CPAP
20	P.O. Box
21	Indian Springs, NV. 89070
22	Defendant, In Proper Person
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	MOTION TO MOLIFY DENTERGE - 5

AFFIRMATION Pursuant to NRS 239B.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding
Modification (Title of Document)
filed in District Court Case number
Does not contain the social security number of any person.
-OR-
☐ Contains the social security number of a person as required by:
A. A specific state or federal law, to wit:
(State specific law)
-or-
B. For the administration of a public program or for an application for a federal or state grant.
Jeffery Cavenan 8-3-16 Date Dettery German
JETTERY GERMAN Print Name
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Title

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OPPS STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 RYAN J. MACDONALD Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012615 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff		Alun & Lunn CLERK OF THE COURT
THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
Plaintiff,		
-VS-	CASE NO:	C-14-300979-2
JEFFREY GERMAN,	DEPT NO:	XXIII
· ·		
Defendant.		
STATE'S OPPOSITION TO 1	DEFENDANT'S M	IOTION FOR
MODIFICATIO	N OF SENTENCE	
DATE OF HEARING	: SEPTEMBER 7,	2016
HIME OF HEA	KING. 9.30 A.W.	
COMES NOW, the State of Nevada	a, by STEVEN B.	WOLFSON, Clark County
District Attorney, through RYAN J. MACD	ONALD, Deputy I	District Attorney, and hereby
submits the attached Points and Authoriti	es in Opposition	to Defendant's Motion for
Modification of Sentence.		
This opposition is made and based upo	on all the papers and	I pleadings on file herein, the
attached points and authorities in support her	eof, and oral argun	nent at the time of hearing, if
deemed necessary by this Honorable Court.		
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	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 RYAN J. MACDONALD Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012615 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff DISTRIC CLARK COU THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff, -vs- JEFFREY GERMAN, aka Jeffrey B. German, #1602073 Defendant. STATE'S OPPOSITION TO J MODIFICATIO DATE OF HEARING TIME OF HEA COMES NOW, the State of Nevada District Attorney, through RYAN J. MACD submits the attached Points and Authoriti Modification of Sentence. This opposition is made and based upon attached points and authorities in support her deemed necessary by this Honorable Court. /// /// /// /// /// /// /// /// ///	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 RYAN J. MACDONALD Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012615 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff, -vs-

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On September 22, 2014, Jeffery German ("German") was charged by way of Information as follows: Count 1 – Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 199.480), Count 2- Robbery With Use of a Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony – NRS 100.380, 193.164 – NOC 50138), Count 4 – Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 199.480), Count 6 – Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 199.480), Count 7 – Robbery With Use of a Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony – NRS 100.380, 193.164 – NOC 50138), Count 8 – Possession of Stolen Property (Category C Felony – NRS 205.275 – NOC 56057), Count 9 – Possession of Credit or Debit Card Without Cardholder's Consent (Category D Felony – NRS 205.690 – NOC 50790), and Count 10 – Possession of Credit or Debit Card Without Cardholder's Consent (Category D Felony – NRS 205.690 – NOC 50790).

The State filed an Amended Information on March 16, 2015, charging German as follows: Count 1 – Robbery With Use of a Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony – NRS 100.380, 193.164 – NOC 50138), and Count 2 – Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 199.480). Pursuant to a Guilty Plea Agreement, he pleaded guilty on the same date. On May 6, 2015, German was sentenced on Count 1 to a maximum of 180 months with a minimum parole eligibility of 60 months, plus a consecutive term of a maximum of 180 months with a minimum parole eligibility of 60 months for use of a deadly weapon; and on Count 2 to a maximum of 60 months with a minimum parole eligibility of 13 months, with Count 2 to run consecutive to Count 1. The Court announced the aggregate total sentence to be 420 months maximum with a minimum of 133 months. German received credit for 309 days credit for time served. The court entered the Judgment of Conviction on May 12, 2015.

On May 4, 2016, German appeared in Court for a Status Check and the Court ordered the aggregate total sentenced be removed. The Court filed an Amended Judgment of

¹ Counts 3 and 5, omitted, only charged co-defendants.

Conviction on May 12, 2016. German filed a Motion for Modification of Sentence on August 17, 2016. The State now responds in opposition.

ARGUMENT

I. THE APPLICATION OF THE DEADLY WEAPON ENHANCEMENT WAS NOT BASED ON MISTAKEN ASSUMPTION.

German argues in his motion that the Court's application of the deadly weapon enhancement in sentencing was based upon untrue assumptions found in the Pre-Sentence Investigation (PSI) Report, which he claims contains numerous errors. Motion at 2. He claims that the decision to apply the deadly weapon enhancement should not have been the Court's at all because "in all cases where the character of the weapon in that respect is doubtful, or where the question depends upon the particular manner in which it has been used, the question should be submitted to the jury." Motion at 3 (citing State v. Davis, 14 Nev. 407, 413 (1879)).

In general, a district court lacks jurisdiction to modify a sentence once the defendant has started serving it. Passanisi v. State, 108 Nev. 318, 322, 831 P.2d 1371, 1373 (1992), overruled on other grounds by Harris v. State, 130 Nev. Adv. Op. 47 (2014). However, a district court does have inherent authority to correct, vacate, or modify a sentence where the defendant can demonstrate the sentence violates Due Process because it is based on a materially untrue assumption or mistake of fact that has worked to the defendant's extreme detriment. Edwards v. State, 112 Nev. 704, 707, 918 P.2d 321, 324 (1996); see also Passanisi, 108 Nev. at 322, 831 P.2d at 1373. Not every mistake or error during sentencing gives rise to a Due Process violation. State v. District Court, 100 Nev. 90, 97, 677 P.2d 1044, 1048 (1984). The Nevada Supreme Court has emphasized that a "motion to modify a sentence is limited in scope to sentences based on mistaken assumptions about a defendant's criminal record which work to the extreme detriment of the defendant." Edwards, 112 Nev. at 708, 918 P.2d at 325.

Here, German has alleged no materially untrue assumption or mistake of fact about his criminal record that has worked to his detriment. Instead, he alleges that a factual finding was based upon untrue information about the offense contained in the PSI. That kind of claim does not fall within the narrow scope defined by the Nevada Supreme Court. Further, even if the

information in the PSI was incorrect and German could challenge that in a motion to modify, the application of the deadly weapon enhancement would have also been warranted by his pleading guilty to an offense for which an element of the crime was use of a deadly weapon.

As German has failed to demonstrate a materially untrue assumption or mistake of fact about his criminal record was taken into consideration by the Court in determining whether or not to apply the enhancement, he is not entitled to have his sentence modified.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the State respectfully requests that this Court deny German's Motion for Modification of Sentence.

DATED this 30th day of August, 2016.

Respectfully submitted,

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar#

BY ____

Deputy District Attorney

Nevada Bar #012615

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1	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
2	I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing was made this 30th day of
3	August, 2015, by depositing a copy in the U.S. Mail, postage pre-paid, addressed to:
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5	JEFFREY GERMAN #92696 SOUTHERN DESERT CORRECTIONAL CENTER
6	P.O. BOX 208 INDIAN SPRINGS, NEVADA 89070-0208
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8	BY:
9	C. Cintola
10	Employee of the District Attorney's Office
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COURT ORDERED, motion DENIED as Defendant provided no information as to what was an extreme determent to Defendant.

Court FINDS Defendant's claim of ineffectiveness of counsel and untrue evidence should have been addressed in a writ of habeas corpus, which should have been filed no later than May 12, 2016.

Court FURTHER FINDS enhancement issue should have been addressed in appeal and stated there is no evidence of coercion.

10-6-16 DATED this _____ day of September, 2016.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 JUDGE STEFANY A. MILEY

BY

Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012649

cc/L3

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing was made this 12th day of October, 2016, by depositing a copy in the U.S. Mail, postage pre-paid, addressed to:

JEFFREY GERMAN #92696 SOUTHERN DESERT CORRECTIONAL CENTER P.O. BOX 208 INDIAN SPRINGS, NEVADA 89070-0208

C. Cintola

Employee of the District Attorney's Office

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0-14-300979-1

Case No.

Defendent/ In Propria Person
Post Office Box 258
Indian Springs, Nevada 89070

Plaintiff,

IN THE 0 JUDICAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE

OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CIGRIC

MOTION TO MODIFY AND/OR CORRE

ILLEGAL SENTENCE

Date of hearing:

Time of hearing:

in proper person, hereby motion this Honorable Court

COMES NOW, DEFENDENT, JETTET Y GETMAProceeding

This motion is made in based upon all papers and pleadings

on file, the points and authorities and exhibits attached

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The State of Nevada

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22 pursuant to N.R.S 176.555 and Edwards v. state.

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Dated; this day of Jeburoryo 20

CRAIN OF THE COURT

18776ry German # 92696

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

"Motion to modify sentence" is limited in scope to sentences based on mistaken assumptions about defendent's criminal record which work to defendant's extreme detriment, while " Motion to correct illegal sentence " addresses only facial legality of sentence. State v. District Court, 100 nev. 90, 97, 677 p.2d 1044 1048 (1984), and Edwards v. State, 918 p.2d 321 (nev. 1996).

Further N.R.S 176.555 Motion to Modify and/or Correct a sentence, may be filed at any time.

Defendant herein alleges that his sentence should be modified and/or corrected pursuant to the following facts.

Let Petitioner JEFFERY Bernard Coerman Signed a Plea Deal toe Robbery With the USE of a Deadly Weapon IN Which he Recieved a Sentence Sues to ISyes with a Consecutive Sentence for a Enhancement of Syes to ISyes and a Conspiracy to Commit Robbery with a Sentence of 13 months to 60 months IN Case No C-14-300979-1 The Plea Deal was Entered 3-11.15 Under Petitioner's Knowledge Charge of Robbery with the USE Of a Deadly Weapon was to Run Concurrant to the Conspirary to

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Page - ___

-CONT-Defendent/ In____

Defendant, request tha	to the facts and the law stated herein,
tollows: <u>HSKS th</u> Charge Of C	Conspirary to Commit
Dobbery Wit	h the original Charge
•	n the use of a deadly
WEapon	

JEFFERY GETMAN
92696
Defendant/propria person

	CERTFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAILING				
	2 I, SETTETY GETMAN, hereby certify, pursuant to NRCP 5(b), that on this				
	day of TEburgry, 20 30 I mailed a true and correct copy of the foregoing, "MO+i On				
	to correct Illegal Sentence				
:	by placing document in a sealed pre-postage paid envelope and deposited said envelope in the				
(United State Mail addressed to the following:				
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9	COLLECTIONAL CENTEL				
10	Tudian Springs NV 89070				
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18 19	name at a land				
20	DATED: this day of + Eburgry 20 30				
21	Jeffery German 92696				
22	JEFFERY GERMAN 92696				
23	/In Propria Personam Post Office Box 208.S.D.C.C.				
24	Indian Springs, Nevada 89018 IN FORMA PAUPERIS:				
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AFFIRMATION Pursuant to NRS 2398.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding MOLION
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Does not contain the social security number of any person.
-OR-
Contains the social security number of a person as required by:
A. A specific state or federal law, to wit:
(State specific law)
~Of•
B. For the administration of a public program or for an application for a federal or state grant.
ror a federal or state grant.
Stephen Capana 3-19-2020
Date Date
JE778-54 C. 5
Print Name CEEM an
Petitioner
Title





STEVEND GRERSON Clerk of Court 2000 lewis Avenue 3rd floor las veges NV 89155

FLO. Box 2018 Indian Springs NV 895-10 rettery Lerman + 92696

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CLERK OF THE COURT 1 ORDR STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney 2 Nevada Bar #001565 3 YU MENG Deputy District Attorney 4 Nevada Bar #14741 200 Lewis Avenue 5 Las Vegas, NV 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 6 Attorney for Plaintiff 7 8 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 10 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 11 Plaintiff. 12 CASE NO: C-14-300979-2 -VS-13 JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka, DEPT NO: XXIII Jeffery Bernard German, #1602073 14 Defendant. 15 16 ORDER DENYING DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO MODIFY AND/OR CORRECT ILLEGAL SENTENCE 17 DATE OF HEARING: June 22, 2020 18 TIME OF HEARING: 3:30 P.M. THIS MATTER having come on for hearing before the above entitled Court on the 22nd 19 20 day of June, 2020, the Defendant not being present, represented by In Pro Per Person, the 21 Plaintiff being represented by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, District Attorney, through YU MENG! Deputy District Attorney, and the Court without argument, based on the pleadings and good 22 23 cause appearing therefor,

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\CLARKCOUNTYDA.NET\CRMCASE2\2014\346\64\201434664C-ORDR-(GERMAN, JEFFREY)-001.DOQX

1	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Defendant's Motion to Modify and/or Correct Illega
2	Sentence, shall be, and it is DENIED; as nothing new had been presented and there being no
3	basis given for modification.
4	DATED this 7th day of July, 2020.
5	Stelland hiley
6	DISTRICT JUDGEStefany Miley
7 8	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565
9 10 11	BY YU MENG Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #14741
12	
13	
14	
15	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
16	I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing was made this day
17	of July, 2020, by depositing a copy in the U.S. Mail, postage pre-paid, addressed to:
18	JEFFREY B. GERMAN #92696 S.D.C.C.
19	P.O. BOX 208 INDIAN SPRINGS, NV, 89070-0208
20	
21	Secretary for the District Attorney's Office
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27 28	cmj/L3
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	DOT A DIVIGOUDITATION A NETT CRASCA SERVICA SERVICA GARAGE CO OP DR. (GERMAN). IEFEREVI-001 DOC'S

FILED

In	support of	this	Motion,	I allege	the fo	llowing:
					_	

1. I am an inmate incarcerated at S.D.C.C.

My mandatory release date is 3-11-2029

The Department of Corrections is required to transport offenders to and from Court if an inmate is required or requests to appear before a Court in this state.

NRS 209.274 Transportation of Offender to Appear Before Court states:

- "1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, when an offender is required or requested to appear before a Court in this state, the Department shall transport the offender to and from Court on the day scheduled for his appearance.
- 2. If notice is not provided within the time set forth in NRS 50.215, the Department shall transport the offender to Court on the date scheduled for his appearance if it is possible to transport the offender in the usual manner for the transportation of offenders by the Department. If it is not possible for the Department to transport the offender in the usual manner:
- (a) The Department shall make the offender available on the date scheduled for his appearance to provide testimony by telephone or by video conference, if so requested by the Court.
- (b) The Department shall provide for special transportation of the offender to and from the Court, if the Court so orders. If the Court orders special transportation, it shall order the county in which the Court is located to reimburse the Department for any cost incurred for the special transportation.
- (c) The Court may order the county sheriff to transport the offender to and from the Court at the expense of the county."
- 3. My presence is required at the hearing because:

☐ I AM NEEDED AS A WITNESS.

My petition raises substantial issues of fact concerning events in which I participated and about which only I can testify. See U.S. v. Hayman, 342 U.S. 205 (1952) (District Court erred when it made findings of fact concerning Hayman's knowledge and consent to his counsel's representation of a witness against Hayman without notice to Hayman or Hayman's presence at the evidentiary hearing).

☐ THE HEARING WILL BE AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING.

My petition raises material issues of fact that can be determined only in my presence. See Walker v. Johnston, 312 U.S. 275 (1941) (government's contention that allegations are improbable and unbelievable cannot serve to deny the petitioner an opportunity to support them by evidence). The Nevada Supreme Court has held that the presence of the petitioner for habeas corpus relief is required at any evidentiary hearing conducted on the merits of the claim asserted in the petition. See Gebers v. Nevada, 118 Nev. 500 (2002).

- 4. The prohibition against ex parte communication requires that I be present at any hearing at which the state is present and at which issues concerning the claims raised in my petition are addressed. U.S. Const. amends. V, VI.
- 5. If a person incarcerated in a state prison is required or is requested to appear as a witness in any action, the Department of Corrections must be notified in writing not less than 7 business days before the date scheduled for his appearance in Court if the inmate is incarcerated in a prison located not more than 40 miles from Las Vegas. NRS 50.215(4). If a person is incarcerated in a prison located 41 miles or more from Las Vegas, the Department of Corrections must be notified in writing not less than 14 business days before the date scheduled for the person's appearance in Court.

6. <u>S,</u>	D. C. C	is located approximately
2 5	miles from Las Ve	

If there is insufficient time to provide the required notice to the Department
of Corrections for me to be transported to the hearing, I respectfully request that this
Honorable Court order the Warden to make me available on the date of the
scheduled appearance, by telephone, or video conference, pursuant to NRS
209.274(2)(a), so that I may provide relevant testimony and/or be present for the
evidentiary hearing.

8. The rules of the institution prohibit me from placing telephone calls from
the institution, except for collect calls, unless special arrangements are made with
prison staff. Nev. Admin. Code DOC 718.01. However, arrangements for my
telephone appearance can be made by contacting the following staff
institution: Warben Hutchinson
whose telephone number is (725) 216.6500

Dated this D-D day of March 2021.

JETT Coerman

	CERTFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAILING
	2 I, JETT COESMAN, hereby certify, pursuant to NRCP 5(b), that on this]
	3 day of MOTCH, 20 2 I mailed a true and correct copy of the foregoing, "MOTCON a
	4 Order for Transportation of inmate "
	by placing document in a sealed pre-postage paid envelope and deposited said envelope in the
	6 United State Mail addressed to the following:
	7
	8 Clark County Clark Distict atty
9	DISTRICT COURT SOO LEWIS GIVE CAS VERGE NV ROISE -
10	NV 89155-1160
11	
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17	CC:FILE ·
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19	DATED: this day of MOCCh, 20 2
20	·
21	got Carrowan
22	/1327 Cosman # 92696
23	Post Office Box 208.S.D.C.C.
24	Indian Springs, Nevada 89018 IN FORMA PAUPERIS:
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BO XOCX DOX
BO XOCX DOX
DEAT GERMAN 93696

Clark County District court 200 LEWIS NN 89155-1160 2001 LEWIS ave 3rd 7100R

9 MAR 2021



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Electronically Filed 04/09/2021 4:22 PM CLERK OF THE COURT

1 OPI STEVEN B. WOLFSON 2 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 **DAVID STANTON** Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #03202 4 200 Lewis Avenue 5 Las Vegas, Nevada, 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 6 Attorney for Plaintiff DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, A-21-829136-W and Plaintiff, 10 CASE NO. C-14-300979-2 11 -vs-DEPT NO. XXIV 12 JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffery Bernard German, #1602073 13 Defendant. 14 ORDER FOR PRODUCTION OF INMATE 15 JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffery Bernard German, BAC #92696 16 DATE OF HEARING: May 24, 2021 17 TIME OF HEARING: 8:30 AM 18 NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS; and TO: 19 JOSEPH LOMBARDO, Sheriff of Clark County, Nevada: TO: 20 Upon the ex parte application of THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff, by STEVEN 21 B. WOLFSON, District Attorney, through DAVID STANTON, Chief Deputy District 22 Attorney, and good cause appearing therefor, 23 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS 24 shall be, and is, hereby directed to produce JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffery Bernard 25 German, Defendant in Case Number C-14-300979-2, wherein THE STATE OF NEVADA is 26 the Plaintiff, inasmuch as the said JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffery Bernard German is 27 currently incarcerated in the NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS located in 28

Clark County, Nevada, and his presence will be required in Las Vegas, Nevada, commencing on May 24, 2021, at the hour of 8:30 o'clock AM and continuing until completion of the prosecution's case against the said Defendant.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that JOSEPH LOMBARDO, Sheriff of Clark County, Nevada, shall accept and retain custody of the said JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffery Bernard German in the Clark County Detention Center, Las Vegas, Nevada, pending completion of said matter in Clark County, or until the further Order of this Court; or in the alternative shall make all arrangements for the transportation of the said JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffery Bernard German to and from the Nevada Department of Corrections facility which are necessary to insure the JEFFREY B. GERMAN, aka Jeffery Bernard German's appearance in Clark County pending completion of said matter, or until further Order of this Court.

DATED this _____ day of April, 2021.

Dated this 9th day of April, 2021

DISTRICT JUDGE

999 7A3 ECD5 E4CF Erika Ballou District Court Judge

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bap#001565

BY

D STANTON

Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #03202

27

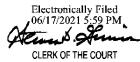
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 1 \(\text{CLARKCOUNTYDA},\text{NET\CRMCASE2\text{20}14\text{346\text{622\text{20}14346\text{62}\text{20}14346\text{62}\text{COUNTYDA},\text{NET\CRMCASE2\text{20}14\text{346\text{622\text{20}14346\text{62}\text{20}14346\text{62}\text{20}}}

GERMAN)-001.DOCX

CSERV DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA State of Nevada CASE NO: C-14-300979-2 DEPT. NO. Department 24 Jeffrey German AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE Electronic service was attempted through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system, but there were no registered users on the case. The filer has been notified to serve all parties by traditional means.



1 **FCL** STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 2 KAREN MISHLER 3 Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #013730 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 5 Attorney for Respondent 6 DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 JEFFREY GERMAN, Aka Jeffrey B. German #1602073, 10 Petitioner, A-21-829136-W CASE NO: 11 C-14-300979-2 -vs-12 THE STATE OF NEVADA, DEPT NO: XXIV 13 Respondent. 14 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF 15 LAW AND ORDER 16 DATE OF HEARING: MAY 24, 2021 TIME OF HEARING: 8:30AM 17 THIS CAUSE having come on for hearing before the Honorable ERIKA BALLOU, 18 District Judge, on the 24th day of Month, 2021, the Petitioner being present, PROCEEDING 19 IN PROPER PERSON, the Respondent being represented by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark 20 County District Attorney, by and through SARAH OVERLY, Deputy District Attorney, and 21 the Court having considered the matter, including briefs, transcripts, arguments of counsel, 22 and documents on file herein, now therefore, the Court makes the following findings of fact 23 and conclusions of law: 24 // 25 26 // 27 // // 28

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FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On September 22, 2014, the State charged Jeffrey German (hereinafter "Petitioner") by way of Information with the following: Count I – Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 199.480); Count 2 – Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony – NRS 100.380, 193.164); Count 4 – Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 199.480); Count 6 – Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 199.480); Count 7 – Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony – NRS 100.380, 193.164); Count 8 – Possession of Stolen Property (Category C Felony – NRS 205.275); Count 9 – Possession of Credit or Debit Card Without Cardholder's Consent (Category D Felony – NRS 205.690); and Count 10 – Possession of Credit or Debit Card Without Cardholder's Consent (Category D Felony – NRS 205.690).

On March 16, 2015, the State filed an Amended Information charging Petitioner as follows: Count 1 – Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony – NRS 100.380, 193.164); and Count 2 – Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 199.480). The same day, Petitioner pleaded guilty to the two counts and signed a Guilty Plea Agreement.

On May 6, 2015, the district court sentenced Petitioner as follows: Count 1 - a maximum of one hundred eighty (180) months with a minimum parole eligibility of sixty (60) months, plus a consecutive term of a maximum of one hundred eighty (180) months with a minimum parole eligibility of sixty (60) months for the Use of a Deadly Weapon; and Count 2 - a maximum of sixty (60) months with a minimum parole eligibility of thirteen (13) months, consecutive with Count 1. The total aggregate sentence was a maximum of four hundred twenty (420) months and a minimum of one hundred thirty-three (133) months. Petitioner received three hundred nine (309) days credit for time served. The Judgment of Conviction

¹ Counts 3 and 5, omitted, only charged co-defendants.

was filed on May 12, 2015. On May 12, 2016, the district court filed an Amended Judgment of Conviction, removing the total aggregate sentence from the Judgment.

On August 17, 2016, Petitioner filed a Motion for Modification of Sentence. The State filed its Opposition on August 30, 2016. On August 7, 2016, the district court denied Petitioner's Motion. The Order was filed on October 12, 2016.

Petitioner filed a second Motion to Modify/Correct Illegal Sentence on June 1, 2020. The district court denied Petitioner's Motion on June 22, 2020. The Order was filed on July 7, 2020.

On February 9, 2021, Petitioner filed the instant Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) (hereinafter "Second Petition") and Motion for Appointment of Attorney. The State filed its Response on March 23, 2021. Following a hearing on May 24, 2021, this Court finds and concludes as follows:

AUTHORITY

I. THIS PETITION IS TIME-BARRED

Petitioner's instant Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus was not filed within one year of the filing of the Judgment of Conviction. Thus, the Petition is time-barred. Pursuant to NRS 34.726(1):

Unless there is good cause shown for delay, a petition that challenges the validity of a judgment or sentence must be filed within I year of the entry of the judgment of conviction or, if an appeal has been taken from the judgment, within I year after the Supreme Court issues its remittitur. For the purposes of this subsection, good cause for delay exists if the petitioner demonstrates to the satisfaction of the court:

(a) That the delay is not the fault of the petitioner; and (b) That dismissal of the petition as untimely will unduly prejudice the petitioner.

The Nevada Supreme Court has held that NRS 34.726 should be construed by its plain meaning. Pellegrini v. State, 117 Nev. 860, 873–74, 34 P.3d 519, 528 (2001). As per the language of the statute, the one-year time bar proscribed by NRS 34.726 begins to run from the date the judgment of conviction is filed or a remittitur from a timely direct appeal is filed. Dickerson v. State, 114 Nev. 1084, 1087, 967 P.2d 1132, 1133–34 (1998).

 The one-year time limit for preparing petitions for post-conviction relief under NRS 34.726 is strictly applied. In <u>Gonzales v. State</u>, 118 Nev. 590, 596, 53 P.3d 901, 904 (2002), the Nevada Supreme Court rejected a habeas petition that was filed two (2) days late despite evidence presented by the defendant that he purchased postage through the prison and mailed the petition within the one-year time limit.

In the instant case, Petitioner's Judgment of Conviction was filed on May 12, 2015. Petitioner's Amended Judgment of Conviction was filed on May 12, 2016. Petitioner filed the instant Petition on February 9, 2021 – five years since the Amended Judgment of Conviction. Thus, the instant Petition is time-barred. Absent a showing of good cause to excuse this delay, the instant Petition is dismissed.

II. APPLICATION OF THE PROCEDURAL BARS IS MANDATORY

The Nevada Supreme Court has held that the district court has a *duty* to consider whether a defendant's post-conviction petition claims are procedurally barred. State v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court (Riker), 121 Nev. 225, 231, 112 P.3d 1070, 1074 (2005). The Riker Court found that "[a]pplication of the statutory procedural default rules to post-conviction habeas petitions is mandatory," noting:

Habeas corpus petitions that are filed many years after conviction are an unreasonable burden on the criminal justice system. The necessity for a workable system dictates that there must exist a time when a criminal conviction is final.

<u>Id</u>. Additionally, the Court noted that procedural bars "cannot be ignored [by the district court] when properly raised by the State." <u>Id</u>. at 233, 112 P.3d at 1075. The Nevada Supreme Court has granted no discretion to the district courts regarding whether to apply the statutory procedural bars; the rules *must* be applied.

This position was reaffirmed in <u>State v. Greene</u>, 129 Nev. 559, 307 P.3d 322 (2013). There the Court ruled that the defendant's petition was "untimely, successive, and an abuse of the writ" and that the defendant failed to show good cause and actual prejudice. <u>Id</u>. at 324, 307 P.3d at 326. Accordingly, the Court reversed the district court and ordered the defendant's petition dismissed pursuant to the procedural bars. <u>Id</u>. at 324, 307 P.3d at 322–23.

The procedural bars are so fundamental to the post-conviction process that they must be applied by this Court even if not raised by the State. See Riker, 121 Nev. at 231, 112 P.3d at 1074. Therefore, application of the procedural bars is mandatory.

III. PETITIONER CANNOT ESTABLISH GOOD CAUSE

A showing of good cause and prejudice may overcome procedural bars. However, Petitioner cannot demonstrate good cause to explain why his Petition was untimely.

"To establish good cause, appellants must show that an impediment external to the defense prevented their compliance with the applicable procedural rule. A qualifying impediment might be shown where the factual or legal basis for a claim was not reasonably available at the time of default." Clem v. State, 119 Nev. 615, 621, 81 P.3d 521, 525 (2003) (emphasis added). The Court continued, "appellants cannot attempt to manufacture good cause[.]" Id. at 621, 81 P.3d at 526. Rather, to find good cause, there must be a "substantial reason; one that affords a legal excuse." Hathaway v. State, 119 Nev. 248, 252, 71 P.3d 503, 506 (2003) (quoting Colley v. State, 105 Nev. 235, 236, 773 P.2d 1229, 1230 (1989)). Any delay in the filing of the petition must not be the fault of the petitioner. NRS 34.726(1)(a).

A petitioner raising good cause to excuse procedural bars must do so within a reasonable time after the alleged good cause arises. See Pellegrini, 117 Nev. at 869–70, 34 P.3d at 525–26 (holding that the time bar in NRS 34.726 applies to successive petitions); see generally Hathaway, 119 Nev. at 252–53, 71 P.3d at 506-07 (stating that a claim reasonably available to the petitioner during the statutory time period did not constitute good cause to excuse a delay in filing). A claim that is itself procedurally barred cannot constitute good cause. Riker, 121 Nev. at 235, 112 P.3d at 1077; see also Edwards v. Carpenter, 529 U.S. 446, 453 120 S. Ct. 1587, 1592 (2000).

Further, to establish prejudice, the defendant must show "not merely that the errors of [the proceedings] created possibility of prejudice, but that they worked to his actual and substantial disadvantage, in affecting the state proceedings with error of constitutional

 dimensions." Hogan v. Warden, 109 Nev. 952, 960, 860 P.2d 710, 716 (1993) (quoting United States v. Frady, 456 U.S. 152, 170, 102 S. Ct. 1584, 1596 (1982)).

In the instant case, Petitioner cannot demonstrate good cause to overcome the mandatory procedural bars because he cannot demonstrate that this claim was not reasonably available at the time of default. <u>Clem</u>, 119 Nev. at 621, 81 P.3d at 525. Petitioner fails to address good cause and does not explain why he is now raising these issues five years later. Because Petitioner cannot establish good cause to explain why his Petition was untimely, the Petition is denied as time barred.

IV. PETITIONER'S CLAIMS ARE WAIVED AND OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF A HABEAS PETITION BECAUSE PETITIONER PLED GUILTY

Petitioner's claims are waived because he failed to raise them on direct appeal. Petition, at 7-9; NRS 34.724(2)(a); NRS 34.810(1)(a); Evans v. State, 117 Nev. 609, 646-47, 29 P.3d 498, 523 (2001); Franklin v. State, 110 Nev. 750, 752, 877 P.2d 1058, 1059 (1994), disapproved on other grounds by Thomas v. State, 115 Nev. 148, 979 P.2d 222 (1999). Further, these claims are outside the scope of habeas because Petitioner pleaded guilty. NRS 34.810(1)(a). His claims are limited to ineffective assistance of counsel at plea, or that his plea was not knowingly and voluntarily entered. NRS 34.810(1)(a). Thus, these claims are outside the scope of a Petition.

The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "challenges to the validity of a guilty plea and claims of ineffective assistance of trial and appellate counsel must first be pursued in post-conviction proceedings.... [A]ll other claims that are appropriate for a direct appeal must be pursued on direct appeal, or they will be *considered waived in subsequent proceedings*." Franklin v. State, 110 Nev. 750, 752, 877 P.2d 1058, 1059 (1994) (emphasis added) (disapproved on other grounds by Thomas v. State, 115 Nev. 148, 979 P.2d 222 (1999)).

"A court must dismiss a habeas petition if it presents claims that either were or could have been presented in an earlier proceeding, unless the court finds both cause for failing to present the claims earlier or for raising them again and actual prejudice to the petitioner." Evans v. State, 117 Nev. 609, 646-47, 29 P.3d 498, 523 (2001).

A. Deadly Weapon Enhancement

Petitioner claims his deadly weapon enhancement is invalid. <u>Petition</u>, at 7-7a. In a misguided attempt to support this claim, Petitioner cites <u>United States v. Davis</u>, 588 U.S. ____, 139 S. Ct. 2319 (2019). In <u>Davis</u>, the United States Supreme Court reviewed federal statute 18 U.S.C. § 924(c) and found it overly vague as to the wording "crime of violence." 139 S. Ct. at 2324. This holding is inapplicable to the instant case. Petitioner cites to no other authority to show his Deadly Weapon enhancement is invalid. Thus, this claim is entirely without support and is dismissed.

B. 14th Amendment Rights

Petitioner claims his 14th and 9th amendment rights are being violated. <u>Petition</u>, at 8. In addition to these claims being waived, Petitioner fails to provide any cogent argument or specific facts to support this claim. <u>Hargrove v. State</u>, 100 Nev. 498, 502, 686 P.2d 222, 225 (1984). "Bare" and "naked" allegations are not sufficient, nor are those belied and repelled by the record. <u>Id. NRS 34.735(6)</u> states in relevant part, "[Petitioner] *must* allege specific facts supporting the claims in the petition[.] . . . Failure to allege specific facts rather than just conclusions may cause your petition to be dismissed." (emphasis added). Because Petitioner has failed to put forth more than a bare and naked claim, this claim is dismissed.

C. Deadly Weapon Enhancement

Lastly, Petitioner claims that his Deadly Weapon enhancement was unconstitutional. Petition, at 9. In addition to being waived, this claim is meritless. The Nevada Supreme Court has repeatedly ruled that the deadly weapon enhancement does not violate double jeopardy. Woofter v. O'Donnell, 91 Nev. 756, 761–62, 542 P.2d 1396, 1399–400 (1975); Nevada Dep't Prisons v. Bowen, 103 Nev. 477, 479–81, 745 P.2d 697, 698–99 (1987). Further, Petitioner agreed to the imposition of the deadly weapon enhancement in his guilty plea agreement. Therefore, this claim is also without merit, and the instant Petition is dismissed.

//

1	<u>ORDER</u>
2	THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Petition for Post-Conviction Relief
3	shall be, and it is, hereby denied.
4	DATED this 17 day of June, 2021. Dated this 17th day of June, 2021
5	8 its ballon
6	DISTRICT JUDGE
7	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Court Judge
8	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 District Court Judge
9	BY - for #14741
10	KARENMISHLER
11	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #013730
12	
13	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
14	I certify that on the 17th day of 2021, I mailed a copy of the foregoing
15	proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order to:
16	
17	Jeffrey German, 92696 Post Office Box 208, SDCC
18	Indian Springs, Nevada 89070
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20	Secretary for the District Attorney's Office
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3		DISTRICT COURT RK COUNTY, NEVADA
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6	Jeffrey German, Plaintiff(s)	CASE NO: A-21-829136-W
7	vs.	DEPT. NO. Department 24
8	William Hutchings, Warden,	
9	Defendant(s)	
10		
11	AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
12	Court. The foregoing Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:	
13		
14		
15	Service Date: 6/17/2021	
16	D A	motions@clarkcountyda.com
17	Dept 24 Law Clerk	dept24lc@clarkcountycourts.us
18	AG 1	rgarate@ag.nv.gov
19	AG 2	aherr@ag.nv.gov
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JEFFREY GERMAN,

vs.

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

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DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

Petitioner,

Respondent,

Case No: C-14-300979-2

Dept No: XXIV

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF FINDINGS OF FACT,

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on June 17, 20217, the court entered a decision or order in this matter, a true and correct copy of which is attached to this notice.

You may appeal to the Supreme Court from the decision or order of this court. If you wish to appeal, you must file a notice of appeal with the clerk of this court within thirty-three (33) days after the date this notice is mailed to you. This notice was mailed on June 25, 2021.

STEVEN D. GRIERSON, CLERK OF THE COURT

/s/ Amanda Hampton

Amanda Hampton, Deputy Clerk

CERTIFICATE OF E-SERVICE / MAILING

I hereby certify that on this 25 day of June 2021, I served a copy of this Notice of Entry on the following:

☑ By e-mail:

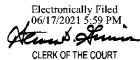
Clark County District Attorney's Office Attorney General's Office - Appellate Division-

☑ The United States mail addressed as follows:

Jeffrey German # 92696 P.O. Box 208 Indain Springs, NV 89070

/s/ Amanda Hampton

Amanda Hampton, Deputy Clerk



1 **FCL** STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 2 KAREN MISHLER 3 Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #013730 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 5 Attorney for Respondent 6 DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 JEFFREY GERMAN, Aka Jeffrey B. German #1602073, 10 Petitioner, A-21-829136-W CASE NO: 11 C-14-300979-2 -vs-12 THE STATE OF NEVADA, DEPT NO: XXIV 13 Respondent. 14 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF 15 LAW AND ORDER 16 DATE OF HEARING: MAY 24, 2021 TIME OF HEARING: 8:30AM 17 THIS CAUSE having come on for hearing before the Honorable ERIKA BALLOU, 18 District Judge, on the 24th day of Month, 2021, the Petitioner being present, PROCEEDING 19 IN PROPER PERSON, the Respondent being represented by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark 20 County District Attorney, by and through SARAH OVERLY, Deputy District Attorney, and 21 the Court having considered the matter, including briefs, transcripts, arguments of counsel, 22 and documents on file herein, now therefore, the Court makes the following findings of fact 23 and conclusions of law: 24 // 25 26 // 27 // // 28

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FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On September 22, 2014, the State charged Jeffrey German (hereinafter "Petitioner") by way of Information with the following: Count 1 - Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 199.480); Count 2 - Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony - NRS 100.380, 193.164); Count 4 - Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 199.480); Count 6 - Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 199.480); Count 7 - Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony - NRS 100.380, 193.164); Count 8 - Possession of Stolen Property (Category C Felony - NRS 205.275); Count 9 - Possession of Credit or Debit Card Without Cardholder's Consent (Category D Felony - NRS 205.690); and Count 10 -Possession of Credit or Debit Card Without Cardholder's Consent (Category D Felony - NRS 205.690).1

On March 16, 2015, the State filed an Amended Information charging Petitioner as follows: Count 1 - Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony - NRS 100.380, 193.164); and Count 2 - Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 199.480). The same day, Petitioner pleaded guilty to the two counts and signed a Guilty Plea Agreement.

On May 6, 2015, the district court sentenced Petitioner as follows: Count 1 - a maximum of one hundred eighty (180) months with a minimum parole eligibility of sixty (60) months, plus a consecutive term of a maximum of one hundred eighty (180) months with a minimum parole eligibility of sixty (60) months for the Use of a Deadly Weapon; and Count 2 – a maximum of sixty (60) months with a minimum parole eligibility of thirteen (13) months, consecutive with Count 1. The total aggregate sentence was a maximum of four hundred twenty (420) months and a minimum of one hundred thirty-three (133) months. Petitioner received three hundred nine (309) days credit for time served. The Judgment of Conviction

¹ Counts 3 and 5, omitted, only charged co-defendants.

was filed on May 12, 2015. On May 12, 2016, the district court filed an Amended Judgment of Conviction, removing the total aggregate sentence from the Judgment.

On August 17, 2016, Petitioner filed a Motion for Modification of Sentence. The State filed its Opposition on August 30, 2016. On August 7, 2016, the district court denied Petitioner's Motion. The Order was filed on October 12, 2016.

Petitioner filed a second Motion to Modify/Correct Illegal Sentence on June 1, 2020. The district court denied Petitioner's Motion on June 22, 2020. The Order was filed on July 7, 2020.

On February 9, 2021, Petitioner filed the instant Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) (hereinafter "Second Petition") and Motion for Appointment of Attorney. The State filed its Response on March 23, 2021. Following a hearing on May 24, 2021, this Court finds and concludes as follows:

<u>AUTHORITY</u>

I. THIS PETITION IS TIME-BARRED

Petitioner's instant Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus was not filed within one year of the filing of the Judgment of Conviction. Thus, the Petition is time-barred. Pursuant to NRS 34.726(1):

Unless there is good cause shown for delay, a petition that challenges the validity of a judgment or sentence must be filed within I year of the entry of the judgment of conviction or, if an appeal has been taken from the judgment, within I year after the Supreme Court issues its remittitur. For the purposes of this subsection, good cause for delay exists if the petitioner demonstrates to the satisfaction of the court:

(a) That the delay is not the fault of the petitioner; and (b) That dismissal of the petition as untimely will unduly prejudice the petitioner.

The Nevada Supreme Court has held that NRS 34.726 should be construed by its plain meaning. Pellegrini v. State, 117 Nev. 860, 873–74, 34 P.3d 519, 528 (2001). As per the language of the statute, the one-year time bar proscribed by NRS 34.726 begins to run from the date the judgment of conviction is filed or a remittitur from a timely direct appeal is filed. Dickerson v. State, 114 Nev. 1084, 1087, 967 P.2d 1132, 1133–34 (1998).

 The one-year time limit for preparing petitions for post-conviction relief under NRS 34.726 is strictly applied. In <u>Gonzales v. State</u>, 118 Nev. 590, 596, 53 P.3d 901, 904 (2002), the Nevada Supreme Court rejected a habeas petition that was filed two (2) days late despite evidence presented by the defendant that he purchased postage through the prison and mailed the petition within the one-year time limit.

In the instant case, Petitioner's Judgment of Conviction was filed on May 12, 2015. Petitioner's Amended Judgment of Conviction was filed on May 12, 2016. Petitioner filed the instant Petition on February 9, 2021 – five years since the Amended Judgment of Conviction. Thus, the instant Petition is time-barred. Absent a showing of good cause to excuse this delay, the instant Petition is dismissed.

II. APPLICATION OF THE PROCEDURAL BARS IS MANDATORY

The Nevada Supreme Court has held that the district court has a *duty* to consider whether a defendant's post-conviction petition claims are procedurally barred. State v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court (Riker), 121 Nev. 225, 231, 112 P.3d 1070, 1074 (2005). The Riker Court found that "[a]pplication of the statutory procedural default rules to post-conviction habeas petitions is mandatory," noting:

Habeas corpus petitions that are filed many years after conviction are an unreasonable burden on the criminal justice system. The necessity for a workable system dictates that there must exist a time when a criminal conviction is final.

<u>Id</u>. Additionally, the Court noted that procedural bars "cannot be ignored [by the district court] when properly raised by the State." <u>Id</u>. at 233, 112 P.3d at 1075. The Nevada Supreme Court has granted no discretion to the district courts regarding whether to apply the statutory procedural bars; the rules *must* be applied.

This position was reaffirmed in <u>State v. Greene</u>, 129 Nev. 559, 307 P.3d 322 (2013). There the Court ruled that the defendant's petition was "untimely, successive, and an abuse of the writ" and that the defendant failed to show good cause and actual prejudice. <u>Id.</u> at 324, 307 P.3d at 326. Accordingly, the Court reversed the district court and ordered the defendant's petition dismissed pursuant to the procedural bars. <u>Id.</u> at 324, 307 P.3d at 322–23.

The procedural bars are so fundamental to the post-conviction process that they must be applied by this Court even if not raised by the State. See Riker, 121 Nev. at 231, 112 P.3d at 1074. Therefore, application of the procedural bars is mandatory.

III. PETITIONER CANNOT ESTABLISH GOOD CAUSE

A showing of good cause and prejudice may overcome procedural bars. However, Petitioner cannot demonstrate good cause to explain why his Petition was untimely.

"To establish good cause, appellants must show that an impediment external to the defense prevented their compliance with the applicable procedural rule. A qualifying impediment might be shown where the factual or legal basis for a claim was not reasonably available at the time of default." Clem v. State, 119 Nev. 615, 621, 81 P.3d 521, 525 (2003) (emphasis added). The Court continued, "appellants cannot attempt to manufacture good cause[.]" Id. at 621, 81 P.3d at 526. Rather, to find good cause, there must be a "substantial reason; one that affords a legal excuse." Hathaway v. State, 119 Nev. 248, 252, 71 P.3d 503, 506 (2003) (quoting Colley v. State, 105 Nev. 235, 236, 773 P.2d 1229, 1230 (1989)). Any delay in the filing of the petition must not be the fault of the petitioner. NRS 34.726(1)(a).

A petitioner raising good cause to excuse procedural bars must do so within a reasonable time after the alleged good cause arises. See Pellegrini, 117 Nev. at 869–70, 34 P.3d at 525–26 (holding that the time bar in NRS 34.726 applies to successive petitions); see generally Hathaway, 119 Nev. at 252–53, 71 P.3d at 506-07 (stating that a claim reasonably available to the petitioner during the statutory time period did not constitute good cause to excuse a delay in filing). A claim that is itself procedurally barred cannot constitute good cause. Riker, 121 Nev. at 235, 112 P.3d at 1077; see also Edwards v. Carpenter, 529 U.S. 446, 453 120 S. Ct. 1587, 1592 (2000).

Further, to establish prejudice, the defendant must show "not merely that the errors of [the proceedings] created possibility of prejudice, but that they worked to his actual and substantial disadvantage, in affecting the state proceedings with error of constitutional

dimensions." Hogan v. Warden, 109 Nev. 952, 960, 860 P.2d 710, 716 (1993) (quoting United States v. Frady, 456 U.S. 152, 170, 102 S. Ct. 1584, 1596 (1982)).

In the instant case, Petitioner cannot demonstrate good cause to overcome the mandatory procedural bars because he cannot demonstrate that this claim was not reasonably available at the time of default. Clem, 119 Nev. at 621, 81 P.3d at 525. Petitioner fails to address good cause and does not explain why he is now raising these issues five years later. Because Petitioner cannot establish good cause to explain why his Petition was untimely, the Petition is denied as time barred.

IV. PETITIONER'S CLAIMS ARE WAIVED AND OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF A HABEAS PETITION BECAUSE PETITIONER PLED GUILTY

Petitioner's claims are waived because he failed to raise them on direct appeal. Petition, at 7-9; NRS 34.724(2)(a); NRS 34.810(1)(a); Evans v. State, 117 Nev. 609, 646-47, 29 P.3d 498, 523 (2001); Franklin v. State, 110 Nev. 750, 752, 877 P.2d 1058, 1059 (1994), disapproved on other grounds by Thomas v. State, 115 Nev. 148, 979 P.2d 222 (1999). Further, these claims are outside the scope of habeas because Petitioner pleaded guilty. NRS 34.810(1)(a). His claims are limited to ineffective assistance of counsel at plea, or that his plea was not knowingly and voluntarily entered. NRS 34.810(1)(a). Thus, these claims are outside the scope of a Petition.

The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "challenges to the validity of a guilty plea and claims of ineffective assistance of trial and appellate counsel must first be pursued in post-conviction proceedings.... [A]ll other claims that are appropriate for a direct appeal must be pursued on direct appeal, or they will be *considered waived in subsequent proceedings.*" Franklin v. State, 110 Nev. 750, 752, 877 P.2d 1058, 1059 (1994) (emphasis added) (disapproved on other grounds by Thomas v. State, 115 Nev. 148, 979 P.2d 222 (1999)).

"A court must dismiss a habeas petition if it presents claims that either were or could have been presented in an earlier proceeding, unless the court finds both cause for failing to present the claims earlier or for raising them again and actual prejudice to the petitioner." Evans v. State, 117 Nev. 609, 646-47, 29 P.3d 498, 523 (2001).

A. Deadly Weapon Enhancement

Petitioner claims his deadly weapon enhancement is invalid. <u>Petition</u>, at 7-7a. In a misguided attempt to support this claim, Petitioner cites <u>United States v. Davis</u>, 588 U.S. ____, 139 S. Ct. 2319 (2019). In <u>Davis</u>, the United States Supreme Court reviewed federal statute 18 U.S.C. § 924(c) and found it overly vague as to the wording "crime of violence." 139 S. Ct. at 2324. This holding is inapplicable to the instant case. Petitioner cites to no other authority to show his Deadly Weapon enhancement is invalid. Thus, this claim is entirely without support and is dismissed.

B. 14th Amendment Rights

Petitioner claims his 14th and 9th amendment rights are being violated. <u>Petition</u>, at 8. In addition to these claims being waived, Petitioner fails to provide any cogent argument or specific facts to support this claim. <u>Hargrove v. State</u>, 100 Nev. 498, 502, 686 P.2d 222, 225 (1984). "Bare" and "naked" allegations are not sufficient, nor are those belied and repelled by the record. <u>Id. NRS 34.735(6)</u> states in relevant part, "[Petitioner] *must* allege specific facts supporting the claims in the petition[.] . . . Failure to allege specific facts rather than just conclusions may cause your petition to be dismissed." (emphasis added). Because Petitioner has failed to put forth more than a bare and naked claim, this claim is dismissed.

C. Deadly Weapon Enhancement

Lastly, Petitioner claims that his Deadly Weapon enhancement was unconstitutional. Petition, at 9. In addition to being waived, this claim is meritless. The Nevada Supreme Court has repeatedly ruled that the deadly weapon enhancement does not violate double jeopardy. Woofter v. O'Donnell, 91 Nev. 756, 761–62, 542 P.2d 1396, 1399–400 (1975); Nevada Dep't Prisons v. Bowen, 103 Nev. 477, 479–81, 745 P.2d 697, 698–99 (1987). Further, Petitioner agreed to the imposition of the deadly weapon enhancement in his guilty plea agreement. Therefore, this claim is also without merit, and the instant Petition is dismissed.

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1	<u>ORDER</u>
2	THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Petition for Post-Conviction Relief
3	shall be, and it is, hereby denied.
4	DATED this 17 day of June, 2021. Dated this 17th day of June, 2021
5	8 its ballon
6	DISTRICT JUDGE
7	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Court Judge
8	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 District Court Judge
9	BY - for #14741
10	KARENMISHLER
11	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #013730
12	
13	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
14	I certify that on the 17th day of 2021, I mailed a copy of the foregoing
15	proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order to:
16	
17	Jeffrey German, 92696 Post Office Box 208, SDCC
18	Indian Springs, Nevada 89070
19	
20	Secretary for the District Attorney's Office
21	
22	
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28	bs/clh/L3
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2	CSERV	
3		DISTRICT COURT RK COUNTY, NEVADA
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6	Jeffrey German, Plaintiff(s)	CASE NO: A-21-829136-W
7	vs.	DEPT. NO. Department 24
8	William Hutchings, Warden, Defendant(s)	
10		
11	AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
12		
13	Court. The foregoing Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:	
14		
15	Service Date: 6/17/2021	
16	D A	motions@clarkcountyda.com
17	Dept 24 Law Clerk	dept24lc@clarkcountycourts.us
18	AG 1	rgarate@ag.nv.gov
19	AG 2	aherr@ag.nv.gov
20		
21		
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25 26		
27		
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Electronically Filed 7/2/2021 10:00 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

NEO

JEFFREY GERMAN,

vs.

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

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DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

Petitioner,

Respondent,

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Case No: C-14-300979-2

Dept No: XXIV

Amended

AMENDED NOTICE OF ENTRY OF FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND

ORDER

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on June 17, 2021, the court entered a decision or order in this matter, a true and correct copy of which is attached to this notice.

You may appeal to the Supreme Court from the decision or order of this court. If you wish to appeal, you must file a notice of appeal with the clerk of this court within thirty-three (33) days after the date this notice is mailed to you. This notice was mailed on July 2, 2021.

STEVEN D. GRIERSON, CLERK OF THE COURT

/s/ Amanda Hampton Amanda Hampton, Deputy Clerk

CERTIFICATE OF E-SERVICE / MAILING

I hereby certify that on this 2 day of July 2021, I served a copy of this Notice of Entry on the following:

☑ By e-mail:

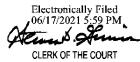
Clark County District Attorney's Office Attorney General's Office - Appellate Division-

☑ The United States mail addressed as follows:

Jeffrey German # 92696 P.O. Box 208 Indain Springs, NV 89070

/s/ Amanda Hampton

Amanda Hampton, Deputy Clerk



1 **FCL** STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 2 KAREN MISHLER 3 Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #013730 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 5 Attorney for Respondent 6 DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 JEFFREY GERMAN, Aka Jeffrey B. German #1602073, 10 Petitioner, A-21-829136-W CASE NO: 11 C-14-300979-2 -vs-12 THE STATE OF NEVADA, DEPT NO: XXIV 13 Respondent. 14 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF 15 LAW AND ORDER 16 DATE OF HEARING: MAY 24, 2021 TIME OF HEARING: 8:30AM 17 THIS CAUSE having come on for hearing before the Honorable ERIKA BALLOU, 18 District Judge, on the 24th day of Month, 2021, the Petitioner being present, PROCEEDING 19 IN PROPER PERSON, the Respondent being represented by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark 20 County District Attorney, by and through SARAH OVERLY, Deputy District Attorney, and 21 the Court having considered the matter, including briefs, transcripts, arguments of counsel, 22 and documents on file herein, now therefore, the Court makes the following findings of fact 23 and conclusions of law: 24 // 25 26 // 27 // // 28

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Counts 3 and 5, omitted, only charged co-defendants.

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On September 22, 2014, the State charged Jeffrey German (hereinafter "Petitioner") by way of Information with the following: Count 1 – Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 199.480); Count 2 – Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony – NRS 100.380, 193.164); Count 4 – Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 199.480); Count 6 – Conspiracy to Commit Robbery (Category B Felony – NRS 200.380, 199.480); Count 7 – Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony – NRS 100.380, 193.164); Count 8 – Possession of Stolen Property (Category C Felony – NRS 205.275); Count 9 – Possession of Credit or Debit Card Without Cardholder's Consent (Category D Felony – NRS 205.690); and Count 10 – Possession of Credit or Debit Card Without Cardholder's Consent (Category D Felony – NRS 205.690).

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was filed on May 12, 2015. On May 12, 2016, the district court filed an Amended Judgment of Conviction, removing the total aggregate sentence from the Judgment.

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I. THIS PETITION IS TIME-BARRED

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<u>Id</u>. Additionally, the Court noted that procedural bars "cannot be ignored [by the district court] when properly raised by the State." <u>Id</u>. at 233, 112 P.3d at 1075. The Nevada Supreme Court has granted no discretion to the district courts regarding whether to apply the statutory procedural bars; the rules *must* be applied.

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dimensions." Hogan v. Warden, 109 Nev. 952, 960, 860 P.2d 710, 716 (1993) (quoting United States v. Frady, 456 U.S. 152, 170, 102 S. Ct. 1584, 1596 (1982)).

In the instant case, Petitioner cannot demonstrate good cause to overcome the mandatory procedural bars because he cannot demonstrate that this claim was not reasonably available at the time of default. Clem, 119 Nev. at 621, 81 P.3d at 525. Petitioner fails to address good cause and does not explain why he is now raising these issues five years later. Because Petitioner cannot establish good cause to explain why his Petition was untimely, the Petition is denied as time barred.

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A. Deadly Weapon Enhancement

Petitioner claims his deadly weapon enhancement is invalid. <u>Petition</u>, at 7-7a. In a misguided attempt to support this claim, Petitioner cites <u>United States v. Davis</u>, 588 U.S. ____, 139 S. Ct. 2319 (2019). In <u>Davis</u>, the United States Supreme Court reviewed federal statute 18 U.S.C. § 924(c) and found it overly vague as to the wording "crime of violence." 139 S. Ct. at 2324. This holding is inapplicable to the instant case. Petitioner cites to no other authority to show his Deadly Weapon enhancement is invalid. Thus, this claim is entirely without support and is dismissed.

B. 14th Amendment Rights

Petitioner claims his 14th and 9th amendment rights are being violated. <u>Petition</u>, at 8. In addition to these claims being waived, Petitioner fails to provide any cogent argument or specific facts to support this claim. <u>Hargrove v. State</u>, 100 Nev. 498, 502, 686 P.2d 222, 225 (1984). "Bare" and "naked" allegations are not sufficient, nor are those belied and repelled by the record. <u>Id. NRS 34.735(6)</u> states in relevant part, "[Petitioner] *must* allege specific facts supporting the claims in the petition[.] . . . Failure to allege specific facts rather than just conclusions may cause your petition to be dismissed." (emphasis added). Because Petitioner has failed to put forth more than a bare and naked claim, this claim is dismissed.

C. Deadly Weapon Enhancement

Lastly, Petitioner claims that his Deadly Weapon enhancement was unconstitutional. Petition, at 9. In addition to being waived, this claim is meritless. The Nevada Supreme Court has repeatedly ruled that the deadly weapon enhancement does not violate double jeopardy. Woofter v. O'Donnell, 91 Nev. 756, 761–62, 542 P.2d 1396, 1399–400 (1975); Nevada Dep't Prisons v. Bowen, 103 Nev. 477, 479–81, 745 P.2d 697, 698–99 (1987). Further, Petitioner agreed to the imposition of the deadly weapon enhancement in his guilty plea agreement. Therefore, this claim is also without merit, and the instant Petition is dismissed.

//

1	<u>ORDER</u>
2	THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Petition for Post-Conviction Relief
3	shall be, and it is, hereby denied.
4	DATED this 17 day of June, 2021. Dated this 17th day of June, 2021
5	8 its ballon
6	DISTRICT JUDGE
7	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Court Judge
8	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 District Court Judge
9	BY - for #14741
10	KARENMISHLER
11	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #013730
12	
13	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
14	I certify that on the 17th day of 2021, I mailed a copy of the foregoing
15	proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order to:
16	
17	Jeffrey German, 92696 Post Office Box 208, SDCC
18	Indian Springs, Nevada 89070
19	
20	Secretary for the District Attorney's Office
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2	CSERV	
3		DISTRICT COURT RK COUNTY, NEVADA
4		,
5		
6	Jeffrey German, Plaintiff(s)	CASE NO: A-21-829136-W
7	VS.	DEPT. NO. Department 24
8	William Hutchings, Warden, Defendant(s)	
9		
10		
11	<u>AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>	
12	Court. The foregoing Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:	
13		
14		
15	Service Date: 6/17/2021	
16	D A	motions@clarkcountyda.com
17	Dept 24 Law Clerk	dept24lc@clarkcountycourts.us
18	AG 1	rgarate@ag.nv.gov
19	AG 2	aherr@ag.nv.gov
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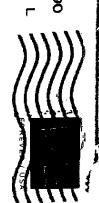
7/27/2021 11:39 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT efferey German #92696 Southern Desert Correctional center PU. Box 208 Indian Springs, NV 39070 District Court Clark County, NEVADA Tefferey Jerman Case No: C-14-300979-2 Defitioner Dept No: XXIV State of NEVADA Respondent Notice of Appeal Comes now Petitioner Jefferry German herein above respectfully moves this Honorable Court for an notice of appeal to the Supreme Court of the State of NEVADA denial of petition for writ of Habeas Corpus (post-Conviction) which was denied by Honorable Judge Erika Ballou June 17, 2021 This motion is made and based upon the accompanying Memorandum of points and Authorities Dated: Hass notice July 19, 2021 Defendant in proper personam

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Cerman # 92696

Sefferey Germany S.D.C.C P.O. Box 208 Indian Springs Nv 89070

21 JUL 2021 PM 4 L LAS VEGAS NV 890



Clerk of the Court 260 lewis Ave, 3rd Floor las legas NV 89155

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Steven D. Grierson
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C-14-300979-2

IN THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK

Case No: C-14-300979-2

Dept No: XXIV

CASE APPEAL STATEMENT

1. Appellant(s): Jefferey German

2. Judge: Erika Bailou

Plaintiff(s),

aka JEFFREY BERNARD GERMAN,

Defendant(s),

3. Appellant(s): Jefferey German

Counsel:

STATE OF NEVADA,

VS.

JEFFREY B. GERMAN

Jefferey German #92696 P.O. Box 208 Indian Springs, NV 89070

4. Respondent: The State of Nevada

Counsel:

Steven B. Wolfson, District Attorney 200 Lewis Ave.

-1-

1 Las Vegas, NV 89101 (702) 671-2700 2 5. Appellant(s)'s Attorney Licensed in Nevada: N/A 3 Permission Granted: N/A 4 Respondent(s)'s Attorney Licensed in Nevada: Yes Permission Granted: N/A 5 6 6. Has Appellant Ever Been Represented by Appointed Counsel In District Court: No 7 7. Appellant Represented by Appointed Counsel On Appeal: N/A 8 Appellant Granted Leave to Proceed in Forma Pauperis: N/A 9 9. Date Commenced in District Court: September 18, 2014 10 10. Brief Description of the Nature of the Action: Criminal 11 Type of Judgment or Order Being Appealed: Post-Conviction Relief 12 11. Previous Appeal: No 13 Supreme Court Docket Number(s): N/A 14 12. Child Custody or Visitation: N/A 15 Dated This 28 day of July 2021. 16 17 Steven D. Grierson, Clerk of the Court 18 19 /s/ Heather Ungermann Heather Ungermann, Deputy Clerk 20 200 Lewis Ave PO Box 551601 21 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-1601 22 (702) 671-0512 23 24 25 cc: Jefferey German 26 27 28

-2-

C-14-300979-2

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

C-14-300979-2 State of Nevada vs
Jeffrey German

September 23, 2014 1:00 PM Initial Arraignment

HEARD BY: De La Garza, Melisa COURTROOM: RJC Lower Level Arraignment

COURT CLERK: Roshonda Mayfield

RECORDER: Kiara Schmidt

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: DiGiacomo, Sandra Attorney

German, Jeffrey B Defendant State of Nevada Plaintiff Thomas, Byron E. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- DEFT. GERMAN ARRAIGNED, PLED NOT GUILTY, and WAIVED the 60-DAY RULE. COURT ORDERED, matter set for trial. COURT FURTHER ORDERED, counsel has 21 days from the filing of the preliminary transcript to file any writs.

CUSTODY

3/11/15 9:30 A.M. CALENDAR CALL (DEPT. 23)

3/16/15 1:00 P.M. JURY TRIAL (DEPT. 23)

PRINT DATE: 08/25/2021 Page 1 of 11 Minutes Date: September 23, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Mis	demeanor	COURT MINUTES	November 19, 2014
C-14-300979-2	State of Nev	ada	
	vs Jeffrev Germ	an	

November 19, 2014 11:00 AM Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus

HEARD BY: Miley, Stefany COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12C

COURT CLERK: Katherine Streuber

RECORDER: Maria Garibay

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Bateman, Caroline Attorney

Fischer, David R, ESQ Attorney
German, Jeffrey B Defendant
State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Counsel joined in argument and submitted on the petition. Court finds slight or marginal evidence, noted all three Defts. were identified, pointed out items were located in the vehicle and ORDERED, petition DENIED. Trial date STANDS.

CUSTODY

PRINT DATE: 08/25/2021 Page 2 of 11 Minutes Date: September 23, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	December 08, 2014
C-14-300979-2	State of Nevada vs Jeffrey German		
December 08, 2014	9:30 AM	Motion for Own Recognizance	

Release/Setting Reasonable

HEARD BY: Miley, Stefany COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12C

Bail

COURT CLERK: Katherine Streuber

RECORDER: Maria Garibay

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Bateman, Samuel G. Attorney

Fischer, David R, ESQ Attorney
German, Jeffrey B Defendant
State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Court noted bail currently set at \$60,000.00. Argument by counsel. State submitted on their response. Court stated its findings and ORDERED, motion DENIED.

CUSTODY

PRINT DATE: 08/25/2021 Page 3 of 11 Minutes Date: September 23, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES March 11, 2015

C-14-300979-2 State of Nevada vs
Jeffrey German

March 11, 2015 9:30 AM Calendar Call

HEARD BY: Miley, Stefany COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12C

COURT CLERK: Katherine Streuber

RECORDER: Maria Garibay

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Fischer, David R, ESQ Attorney

German, Jeffrey B Defendant State of Nevada Plaintiff Sudano, Michelle L. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Amended Information FILED IN OPEN COURT. NEGOTIATIONS are as contained in the Guilty Plea Agreement FILED IN OPEN COURT. DEFT. GERMAN ARRAIGNED AND PLED GUILTY to COUNT 1 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (F) and COUNT 2 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (F). Court ACCEPTED plea and ORDERED, matter referred to the Division of Parole and Probation (P & P) and set for sentencing. Colloquy regarding eyeglasses for Deft. while in custody.

CUSTODY

05-06-15 9:30 AM SENTENCING COUNTS 1 & 2

PRINT DATE: 08/25/2021 Page 4 of 11 Minutes Date: September 23, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Mis	demeanor	COURT MINUTES	May 06, 2015
C-14-300979-2	State of Nevada	1	
	vs Jeffrey German		
	•		

May 06, 2015 9:30 AM Sentencing Sentencing Counts 1

& 2

HEARD BY: Miley, Stefany COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12C

COURT CLERK: Katherine Streuber

RECORDER: Maria Garibay

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Cannizzaro, Nicole J. Attorney

Fischer, David R, ESQ Attorney
German, Jeffrey B Defendant
State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Argument by the State. Argument by counsel. Statement by Deft. DEFT. GERMAN ADJUDGED GUILTY of COUNT 1 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (F) and COUNT 2 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (F). COURT ORDERED, in addition to the \$25.00 Administrative Assessment fee, \$3.00 DNA Collection fee and \$880.00 Restitution to be paid Jointly and Severally, Deft. SENTENCED as to COUNT 1 -to a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) MONTHS and MINIMUM of SIXTY (60) MONTHS in the Nevada Department of Corrections (NDC) plus a CONSECUTIVE sentence of MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) MONTHS and a MINIMUM of SIXTY (60) MONTHS for the use of Deadly Weapon and COUNT 2 - to a MAXIMUM of SIXTY (60) MONTHS and MINIMUM of THIRTEEN (13) MONTHS in the Nevada Department of Correction (NDC) to run CONSECUTIVE to COUNT 1, with THREE HUNDRED NINE (309) DAYS credit for time served. The AGGREGATE TOTAL sentence is FOUR HUNDRED TWENTY (420) MONTHS with a MINIMUM of ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-THREE (133) MONTHS. FURTHER, \$150.00 DNA fee and testing are WAIVED. BOND, if any, EXONERATED.

PRINT DATE: 08/25/2021 Page 5 of 11 Minutes Date: September 23, 2014

NDC

CLERK'S NOTE: The above minute order has been amended to reflect the aggregate sentence. $05/07/15 \; \mathrm{kls}$

PRINT DATE: 08/25/2021 Page 6 of 11 Minutes Date: September 23, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	October 28, 2015
C-14-300979-2	State of Nevada vs Jeffrey German		
October 28, 2015	9:30 AM	Motion	Defendant's Motion to Withdraw Counsel and Return of Records NRS 7.055

HEARD BY: Miley, Stefany COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12C

COURT CLERK: Katherine Streuber

RECORDER: Maria Garibay

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Fischer, David R, ESQ Attorney

State of Nevada Plaintiff Zadrowski, Bernard B. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Mr. Fischer advised a copy of discovery had been provided in February and noted entire file had been sent. COURT ORDERED, motion GRANTED.

NDC

CLERK'S NOTE: The above minute order has been distributed to: Jeffrey B. German #92696 c/o High Desert State Prison, P.O. Box 650, Indian Springs, NV 89018. 11/2/15 kls

PRINT DATE: 08/25/2021 Page 7 of 11 Minutes Date: September 23, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	May 04, 2016
C-14-300979-2	State of Nevada vs Jeffrey German		
May 04, 2016	9:30 AM	Status Check	STATUS CHECK: NDOC CLARIFICATION
HEARD BY: Mile	ey, Stefany	COURTROOM:	RJC Courtroom 12C

COURT CLERK: Katherine Streuber

RECORDER: Maria Garibay

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Cannizzaro, Nicole J.

Attorney State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Pursuant to Letter of Discrepancy from Nevada Department of Corrections noting case did not meet aggregate standards, COURT ORDERED, aggregate sentence REMOVED. FURTHER, previously imposed sentence STANDS. Clerk's Office to prepare Amended Judgment of Conviction.

NDC

PRINT DATE: 08/25/2021 Page 8 of 11 Minutes Date: September 23, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	September 07, 2016	
C-14-300979-2	State of Nevada vs Jeffrey German			
September 07, 2016	9:30 AM	Motion	Defendant's Notice of Motion Motions for Modification of Sentence	

HEARD BY: Miley, Stefany COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12C

COURT CLERK: Katherine Streuber

RECORDER: Maria Garibay

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: State of Nevada Plaintiff
Thoman, Charles W. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Court noted Deft. was not transported as no oral argument was needed. COURT ORDERED, motion DENIED as Deft. provided no information as to what was an extreme determent to Deft. Court FINDS Deft's claim of ineffectiveness of counsel and untrue evidence should have been addressed in a writ of habeas corpus, which should have been filed no later than May 12, 2016. Court FURTHER FINDS enhancement issue should have been addressed in appeal and stated there is no evidence of coercion. State to prepare the Order.

NDC

CLERK'S NOTE: The above minute order has been distributed to: Jeffrey B. German #92696 c/o Southern Desert Correctional Center, P.O. Box 208, Indian Springs, NV 89070. 09/28/16 kls

PRINT DATE: 08/25/2021 Page 9 of 11 Minutes Date: September 23, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	June 22, 2020
C-14-300979-2	State of Nevada vs Jeffrey German		
June 22, 2020	3:30 PM	Motion to Modify Sentence	Motion to Modify and/or Correct Illegal Sentence
HEARD BY: Miley, Stefany		COURTROOM:	RJC Courtroom 12C
COURT CLERK:	Katherine Streuber		
RECORDER: Mai	ria Garibay		

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Meng, Yu Attorney
State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Court noted Deft. was not transported as no oral argument is needed. COURT ORDERED, motion DENIED as nothing new had been presented and there being no basis given for modification. State to prepare an order.

NDC

CLERK'S NOTE: The above minute order has been distributed to: Jeffrey B. German #92696 c/o Southern Desert Correctional Center, P.O. Box 208, Indian Springs, NV 89070. 07/01/20 kls

PRINT DATE: 08/25/2021 Page 10 of 11 Minutes Date: September 23, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES April 07, 2021

C-14-300979-2 State of Nevada

 \mathbf{vs}

Jeffrey German

April 07, 2021 8:30 AM Motion for Order

HEARD BY: Ballou, Erika COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12C

COURT CLERK: Ro'Shell Hurtado

RECORDER: Susan Schofield

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Stanton, David L. Attorney

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- David Stanton, Esq. present via Bluejeans video conference. Deft. not present.

COURT ORDERED, instant Motion GRANTED; advised Mr. Stanton to prepare the Order.

NDC

CLERK'S NOTE: This Minute Order was mailed to: Jeffrey German #92696, P.O.Box 208 S.D.C.C., Indian Springs, Nevada, 89018.//rh04.08.2021

PRINT DATE: 08/25/2021 Page 11 of 11 Minutes Date: September 23, 2014

Certification of Copy and Transmittal of Record

State of Nevada County of Clark SS

Pursuant to the Supreme Court order dated August 17, 2021, I, Steven D. Grierson, the Clerk of the Court of the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, State of Nevada, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and correct copy of the complete trial court record for the case referenced below. The record comprises two volumes with pages numbered 1 through 405.

STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff(s),

VS.

JEFFREY B. GERMAN aka JEFFREY BERNARD GERMAN,

Defendant(s),

now on file and of record in this office.

Case No: C-14-300979-2

Dept. No: XXIV

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have hereunto Set my hand and Affixed the seal of the Court at my office, Las Vegas, Nevada This 25 day of August 2021.

Steven D. Grierson, Clerk of the Court

Heather Ungermann, Deputy Clerk