IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

LARRY JAY TOM

Appellant,

VS.

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STATE OF NEVADA

Respondent.

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Docket No. 845lizabeth A. Brown
District Court No. CR 21-7273

RESPONDENT'S ANSWERING BRIEF

Appeal from Judgment of Conviction Sixth Judicial Distract Court, County of Humboldt The Honorable Michael R. Montero

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1

2	Table of Authorities	ii, iii
3	Jurisdictional Statement	1
4 5	Routing Statement	1
6	Statement of the Issues	1
7	Statement of the Case	1
8	Statement of the Facts	1,2
9	Standard of Review	2
11	Argument	2-6
12	Conclusion	6
13	Certificate of Compliance	7,8
14 15	Certificate of Service	9
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

1

ا ،		
2	Cases	
3 4	Davenport v. State, 112 Nev. 475, 915 P.2d 878 (1996)	3, 5
5	Dressier v. State, 107 Nev. 686, 819 P.2d 1288 (1991)	3
6	Hobbs v. State, 127 Nev. 234, 251 P.3d 177 (2011)	3
7	Koenig v. State, 99 Nev. 780, 672 P.2d 37 (1983)	3, 5
8	Picetti v. State, 124 Nev. 782, 192 P.3d 704 (2008)	3, 4, 5
9	Pettipas v. State, 106 Nev. 377, 794 P.2d. 705 (1990)	4
11	State v. Freese, 116 Nev. 1097, 13 P.3d 442 (2000)	3
12	<u>Statutes</u>	
13	18 U.S.C.§2243	2
14 15	NRS 239B.030	6
16	NRS 484C.110	1, 2, 6
17	NR.S 484C.400	1, 6
18	5th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution	2, 3
19 20	6 th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution	2, 3
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

-111

JURISDICTIONAL STATEMENT

The Respondent does not object to Appellant's jurisdictional statement.

ROUTING STATEMENT

The Respondent does not object to Appellant's routing statement.

STATEMENT OF THE ISSUE

Respondent objects to Appellant's statement of the issues and notes the issue as follows:

ISSUE I: Are Appellant's Prior Misdemeanor Convictions for Driving Under the Influence of Alcohol in violation of NRS 484C.110, in case # 14 CR 00222 and in case # 14 CR 00960, both in the Union Township Justice Court, Humboldt County, Nevada, Constitutionally Valid for Enhancement Purposes?

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

The Respondent does not object to Appellant's statement of the case.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

The Respondent objects to Appellant's statement of the facts. The facts of this case arose due to Appellant, on or about September 22, 2019, driving a motor vehicle at or near the location of Olavarria Street and Pioneer Road in McDermitt, Humboldt County, Nevada, under the influence of an intoxicating liquor in violation of NRS 484C.110 and NRS 484C.400, after having committed two like offenses within the last seven years, which had resulted in convictions, namely, an initial conviction for NRS 484C.110 in case #14 CR 00222 in the Union Township Justice

Court, Humboldt County, Nevada Humboldt County, Nevada on April 29, 2014, and a second subsequent conviction for NRS 484C.110, in case #14 CR 00960, in the Union Township Justice Court, Humboldt County, Nevada on December 10, 2019. (See Appellant's Appendix Pages 1-25).1

STANDARD OF REVIEW

The Respondent argues that the standard of review for Issue I is an abuse of discretion standard.

ARGUMENT

ISSUE I: Appellant's Prior Misdemeanor convictions for Driving Under the Influence of Alcohol in violation of NRS 484C.110, in case # 14 CR 00222 and in case # 14 CR 00960, both in the Union Township Justice Court, Humboldt County, Nevada, are Constitutionally Valid for Enhancement Purposes.

In the present case, Appellant challenges both his prior convictions in case # 14 CR 00222 and in case # 14 CR 00960, both in the Union Township Justice Court, Humboldt County, Nevada, as being Constitutionally infirm in violation of the 5th

The time delay between the arrest in case # 14 CR 00960 on December 12, 2014, and Appellant's subsequent conviction on December 10, 2019, resulted from Appellant's supervision in an unrelated criminal case being revoked twice, initially on January 13, 2015 for eighteen (18) months, and again on February 13, 2017, for twenty-four (24) months, for a prior Federal conviction for Sexual Abuse of a Minor in violation of 18 U.S.C.§2243, which Appellant was convicted for on April 18, 2011. Appellant's criminal history information was before the District Court at sentencing in this case through the Appellant's Presentence Sentencing Report prepared by the State of Nevada. Department of Public Safety, Department of Parole and Probation.

Amendment and 6th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution. (See Appellant's Opening Brief

page 4).

In Hobbs v. State, 127 Nev. 234, 251 P.3d 177 (2011), this Court noted:

"If the State seeks to use prior misdemeanor convictions to enhance a current offense to a felony, it must also make an affirmative showing of the constitutional validity of the prior convictions. *Dressier v. State*, 107 Nev. 686, 697, 819 P.2d 1288, 1295 (1991). This includes demonstrating "either that counsel was present [during the prior misdemeanor proceedings] or that the right to counsel was validly waived, and that the spirit of constitutional principles was respected in the prior misdemeanor proceedings." *Id.* "See Hobbs v. State supra 127 Nev. at 241, 251 P.3d at 181.

Three years earlier in *Picetti v. State*, 124 Nev. 782, 192 P.3d 704, 708 (2008), this Court held in a similar vein that "in order to establish the validity of a prior misdemeanor conviction offered for enhancement purposes, the State must "affirmatively show either that counsel was present or that the right to counsel was validly waived, and that the spirit of constitutional principles was respected." *Id. See also Davenport v State*, 112 Nev. 475, 915 P.2d 878 (1996). In *Picetti*, this Court noted:

"Instead, we reaffirm our view that each case must be examined under the totality of the facts and circumstances of that particular case. Moreover, as this court concluded in *Koenig v. State*, "the realities of the typical environment of such prosecutions in these courts of limited jurisdiction cannot be ignored" and "the convenience of the parties and the court should be given considerable weight."

Picetti v. State, 124 Nev. 782, 192 P.3d 704, 708, 709(2008).²

² See Koenig v. State, 99 Nev. 780, 672 P.2d 37 (1983) and State v. Freese, 116 Nev. 1097, 1104, 13 P.3d 442, 447 (2000) where this Court previously noted that the "[t]he totality of the circumstances test has been the standard for reviewing the validity of guilty pleas for some years."

Moreover, this Court has consistently required that the State initially shoulder this burden under *Picetti v. State, supra,* when relaying on a prior misdemeanor for enhancement purposes, *citing Koenig v. State,* 99 Nev. 780, 672 P.2d 37 (1983) and *Pettipas v. State,* 106 Nev. 377, 794 P.2d. 705 (1990).

In the present case, after the Appellant objected to the admissibility of both his convictions for case # 14 CR 00222, and in case # 14 CR 00960, before the Union Township Justice Court, Humboldt County, Nevada, as the Appellant was not represented by counsel during these two prior proceedings, the District Court reviewed both of the Appellant's convictions in careful detail, and found that "these are valid convictions for "first and second DUI offenses". (Emphasis original). (See Appellant's Appendix Pages 41-45).

Before the District Court noted that the Appellant's conviction in case # 14 CR 00222 was valid, the District Court found that the Justice Court documents in case # 14 CR 00222, indicated that while the Appellant was self-represented, the documents clearly showed the entry of his plea of no contest; the violation in which Appellant was being convicted of; the sentence Appellant was to receive; that the Appellant understood and agreed to the conditions of his sentence; that he waived his right to be represented by counsel; that there was a reference to his Constitutional Right to be represented by an attorney at all stages of these proceedings; that if he

could not afford an attorney, one would be appointed to represent him at no cost; and that the Appellant had initialed this particular paragraph, as well as having done so on two similar paragraphs in the Justice Court documentation for case # 14 CR 00222. (See Appellant's Appendix Pages 1-9; 41-45).

As to case # 14 CR 00960, the District Court also found that this conviction was also valid for enhancement purposes in this case. (See Appellant's Appendix Page 45). Specifically, as to the Justice Court documentation in case # 14 CR 00960 before the District Court, the District Court noted that one document is signed indicating that the Appellant understood his sentence; agreed to the sentence he received; that he initialed on the arrangement paperwork that he was entitled to an attorney and that he waived the right to an attorney; that he waived his right a second time to be represented by counsel, which he also initialed and signed; and that there was a DUI admonishment of rights form which Appellant had initialed and signed. (See Appellant's Appendix Pages 10-21; 41-45).

In summary, based on the totality of the facts and circumstances in this case, and the realities of the typical environment of misdemeanor DUI prosecutions in the limited jurisdiction of Justice Courts in Nevada, and based on the record below. Respondent has affirmatively shown that the right to counsel was voluntarily waived by Appellant in both of his convictions and that the spirit of constitutional principles were fully respected, as noted under *Picetti*, *supra*, *Davenport*, *supra* and *Koenig*, *supra*, as shown by the Justice Court documentation in both case # 14 CR 00222, and in case

#14 CR 00960, before the Union Township Justice Court, Humboldt County, Nevada. As a result, the District Court did not abuse its discretion by allowing these two particular convictions, as described above, to be used in the present case to enhance the Appellant's conviction for a violation of Driving Under the Influence of an Intoxicating Liquor in violation of NRS 484C.110 and NRS 484C.400.

CONCLUSION

Based on the arguments above, the State of Nevada respectfully asks this Court to affirm the sentence imposed in this case.

Furthermore, pursuant to NRS 239B.030, the undersigned hereby affirms this document does not contain the social security number of any person.

Dated this the 3/5 day of May, 2022.

MICHAEL MACDONALD
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ATTORNEY CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

I hereby certify that this brief complies with the formatting requirements of NRAP 32(a)(4), the typeface requirements of NRAP 32(a)(5) and the type style requirements of NRAP 32(a)(6) because this brief has been prepared in a proportionally spaced typeface using Microsoft Word in type face of 14 point and Garamond type face.

I further certify that this brief complies with the page or type volume limitations of NRAP 32(a)(7) because, excluding the parts of the brief exempted by NRAP 32(a)(7)(c), it does not exceed 30 pages.

Finally, I hereby certify that I have read the respondent brief and to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, it is not frivolous or interposed for an improper purpose. I further certify that this brief complies with all the applicable Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, in particular NRAP 23(e)(1), which requires every assertion in the brief regarding matters in the record to be supported by a reference to the page and volume number, if any, of the transcript or appendix where the mater relied on is to be found. I understand that I may be subject to sanctions in the event that the accompanying brief is not in conformity with the requirements of

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b) I certify that I am an employee of the Humboldt County District Attorney's Office, and that on the 3/5th day of May, 2022, I mailed/delivered a copy of the RESPONDENT'S ANSWERING BRIEF to:

Matt Stermitz Humboldt County Public Defender P.O. Box 309 Winnemucca, Nevada 90446

Honorable Aaron Ford Attorney General 100 N. Carson Street Carson City, Nevada 89701

Employee, Humboldt County District Attorney's Office.