3	IN THE SUPREME COURT O		ـا
	SARAH JANEEN ROSE,	Electronically File Jul 13 2022 05:26	3 p.m.
4	Appellant,	CASE NO. 84 Elizabeth A. Brow Clerk of Supreme	/n
5	vs.	District Court Case No:	Court
6	DAVID JOHN ROSE,	D547250	
7 8	Respondent.		
9	JOINT AL	PPENDIX	
10	Volume I - (Bates Stamps Volume II - (Bates Stamps	APPX0001 - APPX0250)	
11	Volume III - (Bates Stamps	S APPX0472 - APPX0670)	
12	Volume IV - (Bates Stamps Volume V - (Bates Stamps V - (APPX0768 - APPX0941)	
13	volume vII - (Bates Stamps	APPX0942 - APPX01176) APPX01177 - APPX01391)	
14	Volume VIII - (Bates Stamps Volume IX - (Bates Stamps	APPX01392 - APPX01599) APPX01600 - APPX01842) APPX01843 - APPX01921)	
15	Volume X - (Bates Stamps A	APPX01843 - APPX01921)	
16			
17	RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ.	SHELLEY LUBRITZ, ESQ.	
18	Nevada Bar No. 11646	Nevada Bar No. 5410	
19	Kainen Law Group, PLLC 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200	Law Office Of Shelly Lubritz, PLLC 375 E. Warm Springs Road, #104	
20	Las Vegas, Nevada 89129	Las Vegas, Nevada 89119	
21	Tel: (702) 823-4900	Tel: (702)833-1300	
22	Fax: (702) 823-4488 Email: service@kainenlawgroup.com	Fax: (702) 442-9400 Email: shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com	
23	ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT	ATTORNEY FOR RESPONDENT	
	MITORIALITORALITELLANI	ATTORNET FOR RESPONDENT	
24			
25			
26			
27			

1	LIST OF A	PPENDIX DOC	CUMENTS	
2	Title of Document	Filing Date	Volume	Bates Stamp
3	Acceptance of Service	10.05.21	Vol. VI	APPX1170
4 5	Affidavit in Support of and Request for Summary Disposition of Decree of Divorce	03.23.18	Vol. I	APPX0120- APPX0122
6	Affidavit of Resident Witness	03.23.18	Vol. I	APPX0118- APPX0119
8 9 10	Amended Citation Correction to Plaintiff's Reply to Defendant's Opposition to Motion to Enforce Memo- randum of Understanding and For Attorney's Fees and Costs	6.13.19	Vol. II	APPX0344- APPX0346
11 12	Amended Order Setting Evidentiary Hearing	4.10.20	Vol. II	APPX0441- APPX0442
13	Amended Trial Subpoena Nexie Rose	1.26.20	Vol. II	APPX0433
14 15	Answer and Counterclaim for Divorce	9.26.17	Vol. I	APPX0007- APPX0014
16 17 18 19 20	Appendix to Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Amend or Add Additional Findings Pursuant to NRCP 52, or Alternatively, Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 60(b)(6) and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	6.18.20	Vol. III	APPX0472- APPX0570
21222324	Appendix of Exhibits In Support of Plaintiff's Motion to Set Aside The Paragraph Regarding Survivor Benefits in the Decree of Divorce Based Upon Mistake	04.25.18	Vol. I	APPX0198- APPX0200
25				
26				
27		Page 2 of 15		

11:				
1 2 3	Appendix of Exhibits to Defendant's Motion For Judgment Pursuant to NRCP 52(c) Or In The Alternative For Summary Judgment	2.12.20	Vol. IV	APPX0671- APPX0767
4		11 22 22		
5	Case and Non-Jury Trial Management Order	11.06.18	Vol. II	APPX0269- APPX0272
6	Certificate of Service	04.26.18	Vol. I	APPX0204- APPX0206
8	Certificate of Service	10.10.18	Vol. I	APPX0249- APPX0250
9	Certificate of Service	02.8.22	Vol. VIII	APPX1595- APPX1596
10 11	Complaint for Divorce	2.22.17	Vol. I	APPX0001- APPX0006
12	Court Minute Decision	10.21.20	Vol. III	APPX0650- APPX0656
13	Court Minutes	8.06.20	Vol. III	APPX0573
14 15	Defendant's Closing Argument	12.13.21	Vol. VIII	APPX1392- APPX1441
16 17	Defendant's Ex Parte Motion For Order Shortening Time	1.15.20	Vol. II	APPX0419- APPX0421
18				
19	Defendant's List of Witnesses to Plaintiff	11.21.18	Vol. II	APPX0273- APPX0276
20 21	Defendant's Motion For Judgment Pursuant to NRCP 52 (c) or in the Alternative	2.12.21	Vol. III	APPX0657- APPX0670
22	For Summary Judgment			
202122232425	Defendant's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment, or in the Alternative For New Trial Pursuant to NRCP 59(a)(7) and For Attorney's Fees and Costs	10.9.18	Vol. I	APPX0234- APPX0247
252627				
27				
		Page 3 of 15		

- 11				
1 2	First Request)	1.14.20	Vol. II	APPX0411- APPX0417
3 4 5 6	Defendant's Opposition to Motion to Set Aside The Paragraph Regarding Survivor Benefits in the Decree of Divorce Based on Mistake	05.10.18	Vol. I	APPX0207- APPX0222
7 8 9	Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion For Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and For Related Relief and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	9.25.20	Vol. III	APPX0639- APPX0649
11 12 13 14	Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion In Limine to Preclude The Testimony of Marshall [sic] S. Willick, Esq. and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	9.19.19	Vol. II	APPX0383- APPX0394
15 16 17 18 19 20	Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Amend or Add Additional Findings Pursuant to NRCP 52, or Alternatively, Motion For Relief Pursuant to NRCP 60(B)(6) and Countermotion For Attorney's Fees and Costs	6.18.20	Vol. II	APPX0462- APPX0471
21 22 23 24	Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Enforce Memorandum of Understanding and for Attorney's Fees and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	5.22.19	Vol. II	APPX0302- APPX0311
25 26	Defendant's Pre-Trial Memorandum	6.28.19	Vol. II	APPX0347- APPX0355
27				
		Page 4 of 15		

11				
1 2	Defendant's Rebuttal to Plaintiff's Rebuttal Closing Argument	1.10.22	Vol. III	APPX1490- APPX1515
3	Defendant's Response To Plaintiff's Objection	11.12.21	Vol. VII	APPX1368- APPX1370
5	to Notice of Appearance By audiovisual Trans- mission Filed on Behalf of Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq.			
6 7 8	Emergency Ex Parte Request to Extend Time to File Responsive Closing Argument	12.16.21	Vol. III	APPX1442- APPX1445
9 10 11	Errata to Plaintiff's Memorandum of Fees and Costs and Brunzell Affidavit of Shelley Lubritz, Esq.	2.15.22	Vol. III	APPX1597- APPX1599
12 13 14	and Declaration in Support of Request For An Order	6.11.20	Vol. II	APPX0457- APPX0459
15 16	Ex Parte Motion for Certification Pursuant to NRCP 54(b)	4.23.21	Vol. VI	APPX1100- APPX1102
17 18	Ex Parte Order Shortening Time	1.22.20	Vol. II	APPX0422
19 20 21	Exhibit Appendix In Support of Motion For Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and Other Related Relief	9.04.20	Vol. III	APPX0608- APPX0618
22232425	Exhibit Appendix In Support of Plaintiff's Motion to Continue Evidentiary Hearing (First Request)	10.10.21	Vol. VII	APPX1259- APPX1263
25 26	Final Billing of Transcript	4.7.22	Vol. X	APPX1914
27		Page 5 of 15		

1				
1	Financial Disclosure Form - David	3.22.18	Vol. I	APPX0095- APPX0106
3	Form - Sarah	3.22.18	Vol. I	APPX0107- APPX0117
4	and Order	1.31.22	Vol. VIII	APPX1516- APPX1532
6	Minute Order	4.08.20	Vol. II	APPX0439- APPX0440
7 8	Minute Order	6.26.20	Vol. III	APPX0571- APPX0572
9	Minute Order	5.07.21	Vol. VI	APPX1103- APPX1104
10 11 12	Motion for Stay of District Court Orders During Pendency of Appeal	2.25.22	Vol. IX	APPX1644- APPX1651
13 14	Motion to Enforce Memorandum of Understanding and for Attorney's Fees and Costs	5.08.19	Vol. II	APPX0289- APPX0301
15 16 17	Motion to Set Aside the Paragraph Regarding Survivor Benefits in the Decree of Divorce Based Upon Mistake	04.25.18	Vol. I	APPX0188- APPX0197
18 19	Notice of Appeal	2.15.22	Vol. IX	APPX1600- APPX1643
20 21	Notice of Appearance By Audiovisual Transmission Equipment	10.8.21	Vol. VI	APPX1173- APPX1176
22	Notice of Appearance By Audiovisual Transmission Equipment	11.9.21	Vol. VII	APPX1275- APPX1278
24	Notice of Entry of August 6, 2020 Minute Order	9.04.20	Vol. III	APPX0584- APPX0589
26	Notice of Entry of Decree	04.11.18	Vol. I	APPX0123- APPX0187
27		Page 6 of 15		- 1 - 2 - 2
1		9		

11				
1	Notice of Entry of Order	1.17.19	Vol. II	APPX0280- APPX0284
3	Order	1.31.22	Vol. III	APPX1497- APPX1514
4	Notice of Entry of Order	4.19.22	Vol. X	APPX1918- APPX1921
6	(April 8 2020 Minute	5.21.20	Vol. II	APPX0443- APPX0446
8	Notice of Entry of Order After Hearing (April 9, 2021)	6.30.21	Vol. VI	APPX1125- APPX1147
9	Notice of Entry of Order and Withdrawal of Counsel	10.1.18	Vol. I	APPX0227- APPX0233
11 12	Notice of Entry of Order Continuing October 12, 2021 Evidentiary Hearing	10.11.21	Vol. VII	APPX1269- APPX1274
13 14	Notice of Entry of Order From Hearing June 18, 2019	9.09.19	Vol. II	APPX0378- APPX0382
15 16	Notice of Entry of Order From Hearing on October 23, 2019	1.13.20	Vol. II	APPX0407- APPX0410
17 18	Notice of Entry of Order Sealing File	8.26.20	Vol. III	APPX0578- APPX0583
19 20 21	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Continue Evidentiary Hearings (First Request) and Other Deadlines	5.30.19	Vol. II	APPX0315- APPX0319
22	Notice of Hearing	1.15.20	Vol. II	APPX0418
23	Notice of Hearing	6.04.20	Vol. II	APPX0456
24	Notice of Hearing	9.04.20	Vol. III	APPX0619
25	Notice of Hearing	2.17.21	Vol. VI	APPX1073
26	Notice of Hearing	9.27.21	Vol. VI	APPX1162- APPX1163
27		Page 7 of 15		

Page 7 of 15

11.				
1	Notice of Hearing	10.11.21	Vol. VIII	APPX1264- APPX1265
3	Notice of Hearing	3.1.22	Vol. IX	APPX1652- APPX1653
4 5 6	Notice of Non-Opposition and Request to Grant Plaintiff's Motion For Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and For Other Related Relief	9.19.20	Vol. III	APPX0628- APPX0630
7 8 9 10	Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment or in the Alternative for New Trial Pursuant to NRCP 59(a)(7) and For Attorney's Fees and Costs; Countermotion For Attorney's Fees	10.24.18	Vol. II	APPX0252- APPX0260
12	Order	09.25.18	Vol. I	APPX0223- APPX0226
13 14	Order	1.16.19	Vol. II	APPX0277- APPX0279
15	Order	4.19.22	Vol. X	APPX1915- APPX1917
16 17	Order After Hearing	6.25.21	Vol. VI	APPX1105- APPX1124
18 19	Order Continuing October 12, 2021 Evidentiary Hearing	10.11.21	Vol. VII	APPX1266- APPX1268
20	Order From Hearing On June 18, 2019	9.09.19	Vol. II	APPX0375- APPX0377
2122	Order From Hearing on October 23, 2019	1.13.20	Vol. II	APPX0405- APPX0406
23	Order Sealing File	8.26.20	Vol. III	APPX0575- APPX0577
2425	Order Shortening Time	6.16.20	Vol. II	APPX0460- APPX0461
26	Plaintiff, David John Rose's Pretrial Memorandum	7.01.19	Vol. II	APPX0356- APPX0364
27		Page 8 of 15		

1				
	Plaintiff's Civil Trial Memoranda	9.23.21	Vol. VI	APPX1148- APPX1161
3	Argument	11.30.21	Vol. VII	APPX1375- APPX1391
5 6 7 8	Motion in Limine To Preclude Testimony of Marshall Willick, Esq. and To Preclude Admission of Mr. Willick's December 20, 2018 Report and Opposition to Countermetion	10.22.19	Vol. II	APPX0402- APPX0404
10	Request to Seal File	8.13.20	Vol. III	APPX0574
11	Plaintiff's Memorandum of Fees and Costs and Brunzell Affidavit of	2.7.22	Vol. VIII	APPX1551- APPX1594
13 14 15	For Relief Pursuant to Administrative	9.04.20	Vol. III	APPX0590- APPX0607
16 17	to Produde the Testiment of	9.05.19	Vol. II	APPX0365- APPX0374
18 19 20 21	Amend or Add	6.03.20	Vol. II	APPX0447- APPX0455
22 23	Plaintiff's Motion to Continue Evidentiary Hearing (First Request)	10.10.21	Vol. VII	APPX1248- APPX1258
24 25				
26				
27		Page 9 of 15		
1				

	Plaintiff's Objection to Notice of Appearance By Audiovisual Transmission Filed On Behalf of Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq.	11.11.21	Vol. VII	APPX1279- APPX1281
	 Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion For Judgment Pursuant to NRCP 52(c) or in the Alternative For Summary Judgment and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs 	3.03.21	Vol. VI	APPX1074- APPX1089
	Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Continue Trial and Countermotion For Attorney's Fees and Costs	1.23.20	Vol. II	APPX0424- APPX0431
	Plaintiff's Opposition to Motion For Stay of District Court Orders During Pendency of Appeal and Counter- Motion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	3.17.22	Vol. IX	APPX1654- APPX1666
	Plaintiff's Rebuttal Closing Argument	12.27.21	Vol. VIII	APPX1450- APPX1489
	Plaintiff's Reply to Defendant's Opposition to Motion in Limine To Preclude Testimony of Marshall Willick, Esq. and To Preclude Admission of Mr. Willick's December 20, 2018 Report and Opposition to Countermotion For Attorney's Fees and Cost	10.07.19	Vol. II	APPX0395- APPX0401
2	Plaintiff's Reply to Opposition to Motion Enforce Memorandum of Understanding and Opposition to Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	6.02.19	Vol. II	APPX0320- APPX0339
2	7	Page 10 of 15		

- 1				
	Receipt of Documents and Flash Drive	2.19.20	Vol. II	APPX0435
	 Reply To Counterclaim for Divorce 	12.15.17	Vol. I	APPX0028- APPX0031
	Reply To Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Objection to Notice of Appearance by Audio- Visual Transmission Filed on Behalf of Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq.	11.14.21	Vol. VII	APPX1371- APPX1374
	Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Ex Parte Motion For Extension of Time to File Opposition and Opposition to Countermotion For Attorney's Fees and Costs	9.21.20	Vol. III	APPX0631- APPX0638
1	Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion For Stay of Court Orders During Pendency of Appeal and Opposition to Countermotion For Attorney's Fees and Costs	4.5.22	Vol. IX	APPX1667- APPX1673
11	Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment or in the Alternative For New Trial Pursuant to NRCP 59(a)(7) and For Attorney's Fees and Costs and Opposition to Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	10.30.18	Vol. II	APPX0261- APPX0268
2	Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to for Judgment Pursuant to NRCP 52 (c) or in the Alternative For Summary Judgment and Opposition to Counter- motion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	3.09.21	Vol. VI	APPX1090- APPX1099
		Page 11 of 15		

Vol. II	
, 01. 11	APPX0434
Vol. I	APPX0248
Vol. II	APPX0251
Vol. I	APPX0032- APPX0094
Vol. I	APPX0015- APPX0027
Vol. II	APPX0312- APPX0314
Vol. VIII	APPX1446- APPX1449
Vol. II	APPX0436- APPX0438
Vol. II	APPX0285- APPX0288
Vol. III	APPX0620- APPX0627
Vol. IX	APPX1674- APPX1696
Vol. VIII	APPX1177- APPX1247
Vol. IX	APPX1697- APPX1842
	Vol. II Vol. II Vol. II Vol. III Vol. III Vol. III Vol. III Vol. III Vol. IIII

	ľ.				
	1	Transcript - 11.15.21	4.7.22	Vol. X	APPX1843- APPX1913
	2	Transcript of Proceedings - Vol. I	2.12.21	Vol. V	APPX0768- APPX0941
	4	Transcript of Proceedings - Vol. II	2.12.21	Vol. VI	APPX0942- APPX1072
	5	Transcript Re: Non-Jury Trial (Excerpt) Thursday, September 23, 2021	11.12.21	Vol. VII	APPX1282- APPX1367
	7	Trial Subpoena - Regina McConnell, Esq.	1.22.20	Vol. II	APPX0423
	9	Trial Subpoena - Regina McConnell, Esq.	10.05.21	Vol. VI	APPX1171- APPX1172
	10 11	Trial Subpoena - Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq.	10.05.21	Vol. VI	APPX1164- APPX1169
	12 13	Trial Subpoena - Nexie Rose	1.26.20	Vol. II	APPX0432
	14				
	15 16				
	17				
-	18				
	19 20				
	21				
	22				
	23				
	24				
	25				
	26				
			Page 13 of 15		

	1	AFFIRMATION				
	2	(Pursuant to NRS 239B.030)				
	3	The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding documents				
	4	filed in the above-referenced matter does not contain the social security number				
	5	of any person.				
	6	DATED this 13 day of July, 2022.				
	7	Law Office of Shelley Lubritz, Kainen Law Group, PLLC PLLC				
	8					
	9	By: SHELLEY LUBRAZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5410 By: RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 11646				
	10	Attorney for Respondent Attorney for Appellant				
	11					
	12					
p.com	13					
wGrou	14					
nenLa	15	to the second se				
×.	16					
*	17					
	18					
	19					
	20					
	21					
	22					
	23					
	24					
	25					
	26					
	2/	Page 14 of 15				

1	<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 13th day of July, 2022, I caused
3	to be served the Joint Appendix to all interested parties as follows:
4	BY MAIL: Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I caused a true copy thereof to
5	be placed in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, postage fully prepaid
6	thereon, addressed as follows:
7	BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I caused a true copy thereof to be placed
8	in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, certified mail, return receipt
9	requested, postage fully paid thereon, addressed as follows:
10	BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I caused a true copy
11	thereof to be transmitted, via facsimile, to the following number(s):
12	X BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR
13	Rule 9, I caused a true copy thereof to be served via electronic mail, via Wiznet,
14	to the following e-mail address(es):
15	shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com
16	daverose08@gmail.com
17	KAL
18	An Employee of
19	KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	Page 15 of 15
	Page In of In

Electronically Filed 6/18/2020 2:02 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

APPX EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029

RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 11646

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 (702) 823-4900

(702) 823-4488 (Fax)

Service@KainenLawGroup.com

Attorneys for Defendant

in conjunction with the Legal Aid Center of Southern Nevada

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DAVID ROSE,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO. DEPT NO.

D-17-547250-D

Date of Hearing: July 13, 2020 Time of Hearing: 9:00 a.m.

VS.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

Las Vegas. Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com

SARAH ROSE,

Defendant.

APPENDIX TO DEFENDANT'S OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO AMEND OR ADD ADDITIONAL FINDINGS PURSUANT TO NRCP 5 OR ALTERNATIVELY, MOTION FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO NRCP 60(b)(6) AND COUNTERMOTION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS

COMES NOW, Defendant, SARAH ROSE (hereinafter "Wife"), by and through her attorney, RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ., of the law firm of KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC, and hereby submits her Appendix to Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Amend or Add Additional Findings Pursuant to NRCP 52, or Alternatively, Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 60(b)(6), and requests this Court award her Attorney's Fees and Costs.

28

1	Title of Document(Description)	Exhibit No.	Bates Stamp
2	Peterson v. Peterson, issued May	Α	DEF0034 - DEF0038
4	Complaint for Civil case A-20-815750-C, filed May 29, 2020	В	DEF0039 - DEF0127
5	DATED this <u>k</u> day	of June, 2020.	
7		KAINEN LAW GROU	JP, PLLC
8	B	V: -	
9		RACHEAL H. MAST Nevada Bar No. 11646	EL, ESO.
10		Nevada Bar No. 11646 3303 Novat Street, Sui Las Vegas, Nevada 89 Attorneys for Defendar	te 200 129
11		Attorneys for Defendar	nt
12			
m 13			
70 14			
13 14 15 16 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18			
7 16 7 17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas. Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the day of June, 2020, I caused to be
3	served the Appendix to Opposition to Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to
4	Amend or Add Additional Findings Pursuant to NRCP52, or Alternatively, Motion for
5	Relief Pursuant to NRCP 60(b)(6) and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs to
6	all interested parties as follows:
7	BY MAIL: Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I caused a true copy thereof to be placed
8	in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, postage fully prepaid thereon, addressed
9	
10	BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I caused a true copy thereof to be placed in the
11	U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, certified mail, return receipt requested, postage
12	fully paid thereon, addressed as follows:
13	BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I caused a true copy thereof to
14	be transmitted, via facsimile, to the following number(s):
15	X BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR Rule 9, I
16	caused a true copy thereof to be served via electronic mail, via Wiznet, to the following
17	e-mail address(es):

Shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com

An Employee of KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

EXHIBIT "A"

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

LOUISA M. PETERSON, Appellant, vs. JAMES A. PETERSON, Respondent.

No. 77478

FILED

MAY 2 2 2020

ORDER OF REVERSAL AND REMAND

This is an appeal from a district court post-divorce-decree order denying a motion to divide omitted assets. Eighth Judicial District Court, Family Court Division, Clark County; Sandra L. Pomrenze and Bryce C. Duckworth, Judges.

Appellant Louisa Peterson and respondent James Peterson divorced in 2017. The decree divided James's military retirement benefits but did not expressly address his Thrift Savings Plan (TSP) or Survivor Benefit Plan (SBP). Louisa sought division of the TSP and SBP under NRS 125.150(3), which allows a party to move for the adjudication of community property mistakenly or fraudulently omitted from the divorce decree within three years of discovering the mistake or fraud. The district court denied her motion and this appeal followed.

Addressing the TSP, the district court found that James had not contributed any marital funds to the account and thus refused to adjudicate it as omitted community property under NRS 125.150(3). But the record does not contain substantial evidence to support this finding.

The district court relied on "counsel's representations" that James did not contribute any marital funds to the account, but "[a]rguments of counsel are not evidence and do not establish the facts of the case." Nev. Ass'n Servs., Inc. v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court, 130 Nev. 949, 957, 338 P.3d

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA

(O) 1947A

20-19557

James conceded as much when he agreed to a limited remand on this issue in his appellate brief and during oral argument. We therefore reverse the district court's order as it pertains to the TSP and remand for further proceedings. See Ogawa v. Ogawa, 125 Nev. 660, 668, 221 P.3d 699, 704 (2009) (explaining that we may set aside factual findings that lack the support of substantial evidence). On remand, James must produce evidence that he did not contribute marital funds into the TSP and the district court must render its decision based on the evidence.

Addressing the SBP, the district court found that it was "simply a right under" the military pension that the parties failed to exercise. The court therefore concluded that it was not an omitted asset under NRS 125.150(3). We review the district court's interpretation of the divorce decree and its conclusion that the SBP was not an omitted asset de novo. See Henson v. Henson, 130 Nev. 814, 818, 334 P.3d 933, 936 (2014) ("Because a district court's interpretation of a divorce decree presents a question of law, this court reviews such an interpretation de novo."); see also Kilgore v. Kilgore, 135 Nev. 357, 359-60, 449 P.3d 843, 846 (2019) (reciting the well-established rule that this court reviews factual findings deferentially, but conclusions of law de novo).

^{1250, 1255 (2014) (}internal quotation and alteration omitted). Further, the pay stubs James did offer as evidence show only that there was a three-month period in 2016 during which he did not contribute funds to the TSP, which is insufficient to support that he did not fund the TSP for the entire marriage.

To warrant adjudication under NRS 125.150(3), the SBP must be (1) community property and (2) omitted by mistake or fraud.² We have repeatedly held that benefits earned during marriage are community property even when the member spouse receives the benefit only after the marriage. *Id.* at 366, 449 P.3d at 850 (holding that "vacation and sick pay earned and accrued during a marriage are community property and subject to equal division"); *Walsh v. Walsh*, 103 Nev. 287, 288, 738 P.2d 117, 117 (1987) (holding that "retirement benefits earned during the marriage are community property"). Because James admitted both in the district court briefing and at oral argument that the SBP was a community property asset that was "inadvertently omitted" from the divorce decree, we conclude that under these particular facts, his admission is sufficient to establish that the SBP was omitted by mistake under NRS 125.150(3).³

We therefore reverse the district court's order as it pertains to the SBP and remand for the district court to adjudicate the SBP under NRS 125.150(3). On remand, the district court must comply with NRS 125.150(3)'s mandate to "equally divide the omitted community property," unless it finds "a compelling reason" not to, which it must set forth in writing. However, the district court is not required to order James to select an SBP and designate Louisa as the sole beneficiary. It might instead

²NRS 125.150(3) also requires that the party move for adjudication within three years of discovering the mistake or fraud, which Louisa undisputedly did.

³Because of James's concession, we need not make a legal determination on appeal of whether the SBP here is a community property asset or a mere "right" to be exercised under the military pension.

exercise its broad discretion to deny the requested relief or provide an alternative form of equitable relief.

Accordingly, we ORDER the judgment of the district court REVERSED AND REMAND this matter to the district court for proceedings consistent with this order.

Pickering	_, C.J
Pickering OPIN	_, 0.0
Gibbons	_, J.
Hardesty	, J.
Parraguirre	, J.
Stiglich Stiglich	, J.
Cadish	J.
Silver Silver	J.

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA



cc: Hon. Bryce C. Duckworth, District Judge, Family Court Division Hon. Sandra L. Pomrenze, District Judge, Family Court Division James J. Jimmerson, Settlement Judge Willick Law Group James E. Smith Eighth District Court Clerk

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA

EXHIBIT "B"

Electronically Filed 5/29/2020 2:47 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COU COMP COHEN|JOHNSON|PARKER|EDWARDS 2 JAMES L. EDWARDS, ESQ. State Bar No. 4256 CASE NO: A-20-8 15750-C ADAM C. EDWARDS, ESO. State Bar No.: 15405 Department 11 375 E. Warm Springs Rd. Suite 104 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Telephone: (702) 823-3500 Facsimile: (702) 823-3400 7 Attorneys for Plaintiffs EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 9 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 10 DAVID JOHN ROSE, an individual, Case No .: 11 Plaintiff, 12 Dept. No.: VS. 13 14 REGINA McCONNELL, ESQ., an individual; COMPLAINT McCONNELL LAW LTD., a Nevada limited 15 liability company; SHELLY BOOTH COOLEY, ESQ., an individual; THE COOLEY 16 LAW FIRM; a Nevada Professional Limited 17 Liability Company; SARAH JANEEN ROSE, an individual; DOE INDIVIDUALS I through 18 X and ROE CORPORATIONS XI through XX, 19 Defendants 20 COMES NOW, Plaintiff DAVID JOHN ROSE by and through his attorneys of record, 21 James L. Edwards, Esq. of the law firm of Cohen Johnson Parker Edwards files this Complaint 22 against Defendants REGINA McCONNELL, ESQ., attorney at law, McCONNELL LAW LTD., 23 24 SHELLY BOOTH COOLEY, ESQ., attorney at law, THE COOLEY LAW FIRM, SARAH 25 JANEEN ROSE, an individual, DOE INDIVIDUALS I through X, and ROE CORPORATIONS 26 XI through XX, and alleges as follows: 27 28 COMPLAINT - 1

Case Number: A-20-815750-C

DEFØ039

11

12

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

25

24

2627

28

INTRODUCTION

- 1. Plaintiff DAVID JOHN ROSE is a resident of Clark County, Nevada.
- Defendant REGINA McCONNELL, ESQ., at all times pertinent hereto, was a resident of Clark County, Nevada, and a licensed attorney practicing in the State of Nevada.
- Defendant McCONNELL LAW LTD. is a Nevada limited liability company, and law firm, located in Clark County, Nevada.
- 4. Defendant SHELLY BOOTH COOLEY, ESQ., at all times pertinent hereto, was a resident of Clark County, Nevada, and a licensed attorney practicing in the State of Nevada.
- 5. Defendant THE COOLEY LAW FIRM is a Nevada professional limited liability company, and law firm, located in Clark County, Nevada.
 - Defendant SARAH JANEEN ROSE is a resident of Clark County, Nevada.
- 7. The true identities of DOES I-X, and ROE CORPORATIONS XI-XX, are unknown to Plaintiff, but such individuals and companies were either retained or hired to represent Plaintiff in a marriage dissolution action negligently represented Plaintiff; retained or hired to represent another party in the same marriage dissolution action and acted fraudulently against Plaintiff; or were otherwise involved and tortuously damaged Plaintiff.
 - 8. Each of the defendants are the principals and/or agents of each other.

II.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

 Plaintiff DAVID JOHN ROSE retained Defendants to represent him in a marital dissolution action (Case No. D-17-547250-D).

COMPLAINT - 2

- 10. On March 23, 2018, Plaintiff and his then wife, Defendant SARAH JANEEN ROSE ("SARAH"), participated in mediation to resolve the division of community property and other issues. Defendant McConnell attended the mediation as Plaintiff's counsel.
- 11. As a member of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department ("LVMPD"),
 Plaintiff was enrolled in the Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS"). His PERS pension
 was an asset of the community and subject to division.
- 12. During the mediation, SARAH raised the issue of survivorship benefits and asked Plaintiff to name her as the survivor beneficiary. Survivor benefits are not an asset of the community; thus, SARAH had no right to them.
 - Plaintiff refused to grant survivor benefits to SARAH.
- 14. Over the course of several hours, the parties reached a resolution as to division of community assets and other issues. Plaintiff and SARAH agreed that SARAH would NOT have any survivorship benefits to Plaintiff's PERS account. Mediator Rhonda W. Forsberg, Esq., drafted a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") memorializing the terms of the agreement. A copy of the March 23, 2018, MOU is attached hereto as **Exhibit "1"** and incorporated herein by this reference.
- 15. After the parties, their attorneys, and the mediator executed the MOU, SARAH's attorney, SHELLY BOOTH COOLEY, drafted a Decree of Divorce, the terms of which were to mirror those of the MOU. A copy of the Decree of Divorce is attached hereto as **Exhibit "2"** and incorporated herein by this reference.
- 16. In drafting the Decree, SARAH's attorney, SHELLEY BOOTH COOLEY, ESQ., included the following language:
- b) One-half of the community portion, as defined within Nevada law as articulated in Gemma v. Gemma, 105 Nev. 458 (1989), and Fondi v. Fondi, 106 COMPLAINT 3

Nev. 856 (1990), in DAVID JOHN ROSE's Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada Pension benefits, said pension benefits to be divided pursuant to a Qualified Domestic Relations Order ("QDRO"), based upon a selection of Option 2 being made at the time of retirement so as to name SARAH JANEEN ROSE as the irrevocable survivor beneficiary of DAVID JOHN ROSE' pension benefits upon death, to divide said retirement account.

[Emphasis added].

- 17. As set forth, above, in paragraphs 12, 13 and 14, the parties did not agree that SARAH would be named as Plaintiff's survivor beneficiary to his PERS pension. As such, that term was not included in the MOU.
- 18. Upon Defendant MCCONNELL's advice, Plaintiff signed the Decree of Divorce as prepared by Ms. Cooley. Defendant MCCONNELL stated she would review the Decree for accuracy before submitting it to Ms. Cooley.
 - 19. Defendant MCCONNELL signed the Decree and submitted it to Ms. COOLEY.
 - 20. The Decree of Divorce was filed, and noticed, on April 11, 2018.
- 21. Sometime thereafter, Defendant MCCONNELL realized her error in advising Plaintiff to sign the Decree of Divorce as drafted by Ms. COOLEY. Accordingly, on April 15, 2018, Defendant MCCONNELL filed a Motion to Set Aside the Paragraph Regarding Survivor Benefits in the Decree of Divorce Based Upon Mistake. A copy of said motion is attached hereto as Exhibit "3" and is incorporated herein by this reference.
- 22. Defendant MCCONNELL admitted her negligence in Exhibit "3." Specifically, she wrote,

Unfortunately, upon a later reading of the Decree, it came to undersigned counsel's attention that Sarah had included an award of the PERS survivor benefit option, even though it was never agreed upon. Page 3, lines 22 – 24.

Defendant MCCONNELL went on to write,

COMPLAINT - 4

Further, the Decree states that David is awarded one-half of the community portion of his LVMPD pension pursuant to Gemma v Gemma and Fondi v Fondi and based upon a selection of Option 2 being made at the time of retirement so as to name Sarah as the irrevocable survivor beneficiary. This was not included in the Memorandum because it was not agreed upon by the parties at the time of the mediation. Therefore, David requests that this paragraph be set aside as it was not agreed upon and it was mistakenly included and not noticed upon signing. Page 3, lines 27-28 and page 4, lines 1-5.

* * *

Unfortunately, when reviewing the Decree, counsel inadvertently did not see that the option for survivor benefits was listed and awarded to Sarah. Page 6, lines 3 – 4.

III.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(negligence)

- 23. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 22 and incorporate the same as if fully plead herein.
- 24. Defendants REGINA McCONNELL, ESQ. and McCONNELL LAW, LTD. owed a duty of care to Plaintiff to exercise reasonable judgment and diligence expected of an attorney licensed to practiced law in Nevada.
- 25. Defendants REGINA McCONNELL, ESQ. and McCONNELL LAW, LTD. breached that duty in several respects, including, but not limited to:
- a. Failing to actively participate in drafting the Decree to ensure the agreed upon terms are properly reflected in the final draft;
- b. Failing to properly read, review, and object to the Decree that contained unfavorable terms that Plaintiff did not agree to;
- c. Advising Plaintiff to sign the Decree that contained unfavorable terms that Plaintiff did not agree to.

 COMPLAINT 5

///

///

///

THIRD CLAIM OF RELIEF

(breach of contract)

- 35. Plaintiff repeats and realleges paragraphs 1 through 34 and incorporate them into this claim as if fully plead herein.
- 36. Plaintiff and Defendants REGINA McCONNELL, ESQ. and McCONNELL LAW, LTD. entered into a contract wherein Defendants REGINA McCONNELL, ESQ. and McCONNELL LAW, LTD. agreed to perform legal services on Plaintiff's behalf.
- 37. Defendants REGINA McCONNELL, ESQ. and McCONNELL LAW, LTD. breached the contract in several respects, including, but not limited to:
 - a. Failing to maintain a level of competence expected of a licensed attorney;
- b. Failing to properly review a legally binding document before Plaintiff signed such document; and
 - c. Failing to give informed advice to Plaintiff.
- 38. Defendants REGINA McCONNELL, ESQ. and McCONNELL LAW, LTD.s' breach of the contract has caused Plaintiff both incidental and consequential damages in excess of \$10,000.00.
- 39. It has become necessary for Plaintiff to retain the services of attorneys to prosecute this action.

COMPLAINT - 7

 FOURTH CLAIM OF RELIEF

(Civil Conspiracy)

- 40. Plaintiff repeats and realleges paragraphs 1 through 39 and incorporate them into this claim as if fully plead herein.
- 41. Defendant SARAH and her representatives, Defendants SHELLEY BOOTH COOLEY, ESQ. and THE COOLEY LAW FIRM, acted in concert to intentionally defraud Plaintiff into signing the legally binding Decree of Divorce with terms that were not agreed to.
- 42. SARAH and her representatives, Defendants SHELLEY BOOTH COOLEY, ESQ. and THE COOLEY LAW FIRM, had no intention of abiding to the agreed upon terms as outlined in the MOU.
- 43. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned conduct of SARAH and her representatives, Defendants SHELLEY BOOTH COOLEY, ESQ. and THE COOLEY LAW FIRM, Plaintiff has suffered financial damages and loss, and will be forced to continue to suffer financial damages and loss in order to rescind the fraudulent terms of the Decree of Divorce.

VII.

FIFTH CLAIM OF RELIEF

(breach of contract)

- 44. Plaintiff repeats and realleges paragraphs 1 through 43 and incorporate them into this claim as if fully plead herein.
- 45. Plaintiff and Defendants SARAH, SHELLY BOOTH COOLEY, ESQ., and THE COOLEY LAW FIRM entered into a contract wherein Defendants agreed that SARAH would NOT receive survivorship benefits under Plaintiff's PERS account, as outlined in the MOU. COMPLAINT 8

Dated this 13th day of May, 2020. COHEN|JOHNSON|PARKER|EDWARDS /s/ James L. Edwards, Esq. JAMES L. EDWARDS, ESQ. State Bar No. 4256 ADAM C. EDWARDS, ESQ. State Bar No.: 15405 375 E. Warm Springs Rd., Suite 104 Las Vegas, NV 89119 Attorneys for Plaintiffs COMPLAINT - 10 DEF0048

APPX0491

Exhibit 1

DEF0049

APPX0492

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

The parties, David Rose ("David") and Sarah Rose ("Sarah"), have met in mediation to resolve certain disputes and entered into an agreement in case Number D-17-547250-D in Dept. I of the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada, on March 23, 2018. By this memorandum, the parties desire to memorialize their agreement resolving all issues in the above referenced case. The memorandum addresses the material terms of the agreement, and is intended to bind the parties to those terms. The parties agree, however, that counsel for Sarah shall draft a final formal agreement incorporating the terms herein. That agreement shall be ratified by the Court, but shall not merge and shall retain its separate nature as a contract.

1. The parties agree to the following:

SARAH shall receive as her sole and separate property, free of all claims of David, the following:

- (1) 2012 Scion;
- (2) Any and all furniture and furnishings in her possession;
- (3) Her interest in his Nevada PERS pursuant to Gemma v. Gemma;
- (4) All bank accounts in her name;

David shall receive as his sole and separate property, free of all claims of Sarah, the following:

- (1) 2015 Dodge Challenger;
- (2) Any and all furniture and furnishings in his possession;
- (3) His interest in his Nevada PERS pursuant to Gemma v. Gemma;
- (4) All bank accounts in his name;
- 2. David shall receive \$5,000 from the approximate \$54,868.45 in proceeds of the marital home and Sarah shall receive the remainder. Of the remainder of the sale proceeds, \$22,434.22 shall be as and for lump sum non-modifiable alimony. The parties agree that the alimony amount shall be tax deductible to David and taxed as income to Sarah.

- David shall pay \$1,886.00 per month for child support effective April 1, 2018. 3. David Shall also pay \$13,000 in constructive child support arrears. The arrears shall be payable in monthly payments of \$270.00 for 48 months commencing April 1, 2018.
- The parties dog shall travel with the children between homes once Sarah has her own home. If either party no longer wants the dog there is a "free" right of first refusal to the other party.
- 5. Each party shall be responsible for their separate debt including the debt on their respective vehicles and any and all credit card debt.
 - 6. The parties shall follow and be subject to Department I's Behavior Order.
 - 7. Sarah is waiving her community waste claim.
 - 8. Each party shall be responsible for their own respective attorney's fees.
- Each party acknowledges that they have been represented by counsel in the negotiation and preparation of this agreement, and voluntarily enters the agreement with full understanding of its terms. This agreement may be executed in counterparts.

AFFIRMED AND AGREED	\sim \sim \sim
	616
DAVID ROSE	SARAHROSE
Dated: 3-23-18	Dated: 03/83/2018
Approved as to Form and Content:	10 01 12 -11.5
PM machinel	ANULY PERTURAL
REGINA M. McConnell, ESQ.	SHELLY BOOTH COOLEY, ESO
Counsel for David Rose	Counsel for Sarah Rose
STATE OF NEVADA)	
) ss:	
COUNTY OF CLARK)	
DAVID ROSE did appear befo	ore me on the date set forth below, provided appropriate
	g Marital Settlement Agreement as acknowledgement and

agreement with its terms.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me 7,2018 UBLIC is and for said County and State



2

SARAH ROSE did appear before me on the date set forth below, provided appropriate identification, and did sign the foregoing Marital Settlement Agreement as acknowledgement and agreement with its terms.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 2B day of Meyel, 2018.

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for said County and State

RHONDA K FORSBERG Hotiny Public, State of Nevada Appointment No.04-43870-1 My Appc. Expires May 8, 2020

Exhibit 2

DEF0053

APPX0496

Electronically Filed
4/11/2018 12:11 PM
Steven D, Grierson
CLERK OF THE COURT

1 DECD THE COOLEY LAW FIRM 2 Shelly Booth Cooley 3 Nevada State Bar No. 8992 4 10161 Park Run Drive. Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 5 Telephone Number: (702) 265-4505 б Facsimile Number: (702) 645-9924 E-mail: scooley@cooleylawlv.com 7 Attorney for Defendant. 8 SARAH JANEEN ROSE

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

24

25 26

DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DAVID JOHN ROSE,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Date of Hearing: N/a

Time of Hearing: N/a

Defendant.

STIPULATED DECREE OF DIVORCE

The above captioned matter having come before this Honorable Court upon the Complaint for Divorce of the Plaintiff, DAVID JOHN ROSE, represented by his counsel of record, Regina M. McConnell, and McConnell Law Group, Ltd., and Defendant, SARAH JANEEN ROSE,

Page 1 of 39

Case Number: D-17-547250-D

DEF0054

APPX0497

represented by her counsel of record, Shelly Booth Cooley, and The Cooley
Law Firm, and having filed her Answer in the time allotted by law; and
the Court having considered the Stipulation of the parties and being fully
advised in the premises FINDS, ORDERS and DECREES as follows:

I. FACTS OF CASE

DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE were married on the 17th day of June, 2006, in the City of Las Vegas, County of Clark, State of Nevada. A Complaint for Divorce was filed by Plaintiff, DAVID JOHN ROSE, in this action on 02/22/2017. Defendant, SARAH JANEEN ROSE, filed her Answer and Counterclaim for Divorce on 09/26/2017. Plaintiff, DAVID JOHN ROSE, filed an Affidavit in support his residency on 03/23/2018.

DAVID JOHN ROSE's current address is 8059 Torremolinos

Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada. SARAH JANEEN ROSE's current address
is 63 Wyoming Avenue, Henderson, Nevada.

The Court FINDS that DAVID JOHN ROSE is age 32, and is employed on a full-time basis with Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department as a Sergeant. SARAH JANEEEN ROSE is age 29, and is employed on a full-time basis with Academica-Doral Academy Pebble Campus.

The parties have three (3) minor children born the issue of this marriage: DAVID JAMES ROSE, date of birth: 04/12/2007; CARSON DAVID ROSE, date of birth: 04/12/2007; and, LILY PAIGE ROSE, date of birth: 05/24/2011. The parties have no adopted children, SARAH JANEEN ROSE is not now pregnant and the parties are not Intended Parents.

II. FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDERS OF THE COURT

The Court FINDS that it has both personal jurisdiction over the parties and subject matter jurisdiction over this divorce action.

The Court FINDS that DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE are incompatible in their tastes, natures, views, likes and dislikes, which have become so widely separate and divergent that the parties have been and are now incompatible to such an extent that it now appears that there is no possibility of reconciliation between DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE, and there remains such an incompatible temperament between the DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE that a happy marital relationship and status can no longer exist. The parties are entitled to a Decree of Divorce on the grounds of incompatibility.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the bonds of matrimony now and heretofore existing

between DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE be dissolved; that DAVID JOHN ROSE is granted an absolute Decree of Divorce; and that each of the parties hereto be restored to the status of a single, unmarried person.

THE COURT FINDS that there are three (3) minor children born the issue of this marriage: DAVID JAMES ROSE, date of birth: 04/12/2007; CARSON DAVID ROSE, date of birth: 04/12/2007; and, LILY PAIGE ROSE, date of birth: 05/24/2011. The parties have no adopted children, SARAH JANEEN ROSE is not now pregnant and the parties are not Intended Parents.

The Court FINDS that the parties' have resolved their child custody issues by its entry of the Stipulated Parenting Agreement filed 10/30/2017, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" the terms of the Stipulated Parenting Agreement are ratified, confirmed, and approved by the Court at this time, and the same is incorporated into this Decree of Divorce as though the same were set forth in this Decree in full.

The Court FINDS that there is community property and community debt to be adjudicated by this Court.

The Court FINDS that the parties' have resolved all other issues, including, but not limited to, child support, division of assets and debts,

marital waste claims, alimony and attorneys's fees and costs as is memorialized by the Memorandum of Understanding, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "B."

A. Child Custody

The parties' have resolved their child custody issues by its entry of the Stipulated Parenting Agreement filed 10/30/2017, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A." The terms of the Stipulated Parenting Agreement are ratified, confirmed, and approved by the Court at this time, and the same is incorporated into this Decree of Divorce as though the same were set forth in this Decree in full.

AND DECREED that the parties shall abide by Judge Moss' Mutual Behavior Order, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "C," the terms of which are ratified, confirmed, and approved by the Court at this time, and the same is incorporated into this Decree of Divorce as though the same were set forth in this Decree in full.

IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the family dog, Abby, shall travel with the children between homes, once SARAH JANEEN ROSE has her own residence. If

Page 5 of 39

Page 6 of 39

27

28

to a place within this State that is at such a distance that would substantially impair the ability of the other parent to maintain a meaningful relationship with the child, and the relocating parent desires to take the child with him or her, the relocating parent shall, before relocating:

Attempt to obtain the written consent of the

If the non-relocating parent refuses to give that consent, petition the court for primary physical custody for the purpose

2. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the relocating parent if the court finds that the non-relocating parent refused to consent to the relocating parent's relocation

Without having reasonable grounds for such refusal; or

3. A parent who relocates with a child pursuant to this section before the court enters an order granting the parent primary

physical custody of the child and permission to relocate with the child is subject to the provisions of NRS 200.359.

Pursuant to chapters 125A of NRS and NRS 125C.0601 to 125C.0693, the parties, and each of them, are hereby placed on notice of

PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDER: ABDUCTION, CONCEALMENT OR DETENTION OF CHILD IN VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS PUNISHABLE AS A CATEGORY D FELONY AS PROVIDED IN NRS 193.130. NRS 200.359 provides that every person having a limited right of custody to a child or any parent having no right of custody to the child who willfully detains, conceals, or removes the child from a parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a right of visitation of the child in violation of an order of this court, or removes the child from

the jurisdiction of the court without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation is subject to being punished for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

E. Pursuant to provisions of NRS 125C.0045(7), the parties, and each of them, are hereby placed on notice that the terms of the Hague Convention of October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of the Hague Conference on Private International Law apply if a parent abducts or wrongfully retains a child in a foreign country as follows:

Section 8: If a parent of the child lives in a foreign country or has significant commitments in a foreign country:

- (a) The parties may agree, and the court shall include in the order for custody of the child, that the United States is the country of habitual residence of the child for the purposes of applying the terms of the Hague Convention as set forth in Subsection 7.
- (b) Upon motion of the parties, the court may order the parent to post a bond if the court determines that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child outside the country of habitual residence. The bond must be in an amount determined by the court and may be used only to pay for the cost of locating the child and returning him to his habitual residence if the child is wrongfully removed from or concealed outside the country of habitual residence. The fact that a parent has significant commitments in a foreign country does not create a presumption that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child.
- F. The parents understand and acknowledge that, pursuant to the

terms of the Parental Kidnaping Prevention Act, 28 U.S.C. §1738A, and the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, NRS 125A.005, et seq., the courts of Nevada have exclusive modification jurisdiction of the custody, visitation, and child support terms relating to the child at issue in this case so long as either of the parents, or the child, continue to reside in Nevada.

G. The parents acknowledge that the United States is the country and Nevada is the State of habitual residence of the minor child(ren) herein.

B. Child Support:

The Court FINDS that DAVID JOHN ROSE's gross monthly income is \$8,671. Twenty-nine percent (29%) of DAVID JOHN ROSE's gross monthly income is \$2,514.59. DAVID JOHN ROSE's gross monthly income falls into the fourth tier of the Presumptive Maximum Amounts of Child Support (NRS 125B.070) effective July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, and the presumptive maximum amount DAVID JOHN ROSE may be required to pay per month per child is \$905 (or \$2,715 for three (3) children).

The Court FINDS that SARAH JANEEN ROSE's imputed gross monthly income is \$2,166. Twenty-nine percent (29%) of SARAH

JANEEN ROSE's gross monthly income is \$628.14. SARAH JANEEN ROSE's gross monthly income falls into the first tier of the Presumptive Maximum Amounts of Child Support (NRS 125B.070) effective July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, and the presumptive maximum amount SARAH JANEEN ROSE may be required to pay per month per child is \$696 (or \$2,088 for three (3) children).

Twenty-nine percent of DAVID JOHN ROSE's gross monthly income (\$2,514) minus twenty-nine percent of SARAH JANEEN ROSE's gross monthly income (\$628) is \$1,886.

and DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE shall pay child support to SARAH JANEEN ROSE at the rate of \$1,886 per month, commencing April 1, 2017, pursuant to NRS 125B.070, NRS 125B.080, Wright v. Osborn, 114 Nev. 1367 (1998), and Wesley v. Foster, 119 Nev. 110 (2003), DAVID JOHN ROSE's child support payment will be due on the first day of each month. These provisions shall continue until such time as the children attain the age of eighteen (18) years, unless the children are still attending high school, and in such event until said children graduate from high school or attain the age of nineteen (19), or until such children are otherwise emancipated pursuant to the Nevada Revised Statutes,

7 8

whichever occurs first.

IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE shall pay SARAH JANEEN ROSE the sum of \$13,000 (Thirteen Thousand Dollars) as and for constructive child support arrears. Said constructive child support arrears shall be payable in monthly payments of \$270.00 for a period of 48 months commencing April 1, 2018.

and DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE shall continue to provide medical support for the child, if available as a benefit of employment and is reasonable in cost and accessible. Medical support includes, without limitation, coverage for health care under a plan of insurance that is reasonable in cost and accessible, including, without limitation, the payment of any premium, co-payment or deductible and the payment of medical expenses.

Payments of cash for medical support or the costs of coverage for health care under a plan of insurance are "reasonable in cost" if: (1) In the case of payments of cash for medical support, the cost to each parent who is responsible for providing medical support is not more than 5 percent of the gross monthly income of the parent; or (2) In the case of the costs of

coverage for health care under a plan of insurance, the cost of adding a dependent child to any existing coverage for health care or the difference between individual and family coverage, whichever is less, is not more than 5 percent of the gross monthly income of the parent.

Coverage for health care under a plan of insurance is "accessible" if the plan: (1) Is not limited to coverage within a geographical area; or (2) Is limited to coverage within a geographical area and the child resides within that geographical area.

These provisions shall continue until such time as the child attains the age of eighteen (18) years, unless the child is still attending high school, and in such event until said child graduates from high school or attains the age of nineteen (19), or until such child is otherwise emancipated pursuant to the Nevada Revised Statutes, whichever occurs first.

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that, pursuant to NRS 125B.080(7), the parties shall equally bear all of the children's unreimbursed medical expenses, including psychiatric, orthodontic, dental and optical costs, which are not covered by said insurance. The parties will abide by the "30/30" rule for unreimbursed medical expenses as follows:

a. Documentation of Out-of-Pocket Expenses
Required: A party who incurs an out-of-pocket
expense for medical care is required to document
that expense and proof of payment of that expense.
A receipt from the health care provider is sufficient
to prove the expense so long as it has the name of
the child on it and shows an actual payment by the
party.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

- Proof of Payment Required: A party who has paid b. a health expense for the minor child of the parties must provide a copy of the proof of payment to the other party and the insurance company within thirty (30) days of the payment being made and in no event later than the expense could have been submitted to insurance for reimbursement. The failure of a party to comply with this provision in a timely manner which causes the claim for insurance reimbursement to be denied by the insurance company as untimely will result in that party being required to pay the entire amount which would have been paid by the insurance company as well as one-half (1/2) of the expense which would not have been paid by insurance if the claim had been timely filed.
- c. Mitigation of Health Expenses Required; Use of Covered Insurance Providers: Each party has a duty to mitigate medical expenses for the minor child. Absent compelling circumstances, a party should take the minor child to a health care provider covered by the insurance in effect and use preferred providers if available in order to minimize the cost of health care as much as possible. The burden is on the party using a non-covered health care provider to demonstrate that the choice not to use a covered provider or the lowest cost option was reasonably necessary in the particular circumstances of that case. If the court

finds the choice of a non-covered or more expensive covered provider was not reasonably then the court may impose a greater portion of financial responsibility for the cost of that health care to the party who incurred that expense up to the full amount which would have been provided by the lowest cost insurance choice.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

- d. Sharing of Insurance Information Required: The party providing insurance coverage for the child has a continuing obligation to provide insurance information including, but not limited to, copies of policies and changes thereto as they are received, claim forms, preferred provider lists (as modified from time to time), and identification card. The failure of the insuring party to timely supply any of the above items to the other party which results in the claim for treatment being denied by the insurance company in whole or in part will result in the amount which would have been paid by the insurance policy being paid by the insuring party.
- Reimbursement For Out-of-Pocket Expenses: e. party who receives a written request for contribution for an out-of-pocket health care expense incurred by the other party must pay his or her share of the out-of-pocket expense to the paying party within thirty (30) days of receipt of the written request for contribution. The court written informal much encourages as documentation as possible such as a handwritten note with copies of the bills and proof of payment attached. The requesting party shall make a copy of all papers submitted to the other party and substantiation for the request. The party receiving the request for contribution must raise questions about the correctness of the request contribution within the thirty (30) day period after the request for contribution is received.

objection to the request for contribution must be made in writing with a copy made for later 2 reference by the court. The parties have stipulated 3 that if the party receiving a request for contribution does not respond to the request within 4 the thirty (30) day period, that party may be 5 assessed attorney's fees if a contempt proceeding or 6 court action is required as a result of the party's failure to pay or timely objection. If the party who 7 owes contribution for a health care expense of the 8 minor child of the parties does not pay the amount due within the thirty (30) day period and fails to 9 respond to the request within the thirty (30) days 10 and if that party is the recipient of periodic payments for child support (if such an obligation 11 arises in the future), the requesting party is 12 authorized to deduct the amount due from the other party from any periodic payments due and 13 payable thirty (30) days after the request for 14 contribution was made in writing subject to the limitation that the maximum recovery by deduction 15 from monthly periodic payments will be no more 16 than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) per month. 17 Sharing Insurance Reimbursement: f 18 party receives a payment from an insurance 19 company or medical provider which reimburses payments made out-of-pocket previously by both 20 parties or the other party only, the party receiving 21 the payment must give the other party's share of 22 the payment to the other party within seven (7) days of receipt of the payment. 23 24

25

26

27

28

Timely Submission of Claims to Insurance g. If either party is permitted under the insurance contract to submit a claim for payment to the insurance company directly, that party must do so in a timely manner. If the claim must be submitted only by one party, that party must

Page 16 of 39

If either

 submit the claim in a timely manner. Failure of a party to comply with this timely submission requirement will result in that party being required to pay the entire amount of the claim which would have been paid by insurance if timely submitted and one-half of that amount which would have been paid by insurance.

h. Effect of Not Obtaining or Maintaining Required Health Insurance Coverage: If a party is required to provide health insurance for a child of the parties and fails to do so when such insurance is available, that party shall be responsible for that portion of any medical expense that would have been paid by a reasonably priced insurance policy available at the time. Should both parties, who are obligated to provide health insurance for the minor child, lose that ability, the parties shall jointly choose and pay for an alternative policy. The court shall reserve jurisdiction to resolve any dispute relating to alternative insurance.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the parties shall alternate the dependent child tax deduction such that DAVID JOHN ROSE will claim the dependent child tax deduction for the child DAVID JAMES ROSE on his income taxes beginning with 2018, and every year thereafter, and SARAH JANEEN ROSE will claim the dependent child tax deduction for the child CARSON DAVID ROSE on her income taxes beginning with 2018, and every year thereafter. The parties shall alternate the dependent child tax deduction for the child

LILY PAIGE ROSE, such that DAVID JOHN ROSE will claim LILY PAIGE ROSE in odd years and SARAH JANEEN ROSE will claim LILY PAIGE ROSE in even years.

AND DECREED that the Court shall retain jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter hereof for the purpose of making such other and further orders as relates to the support and maintenance of the minor children of the parties as to the Court may seem meet and proper from time to time hereafter during the minority of said children.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following statutory notices relating to child support are applicable to DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE:

- 1) Pursuant to NRS 125B.095, if an installment of an obligation to pay support for a child becomes delinquent in the amount owed for 1 month's support, a 10% per annum penalty must be added to the delinquent amount.
- 2) Pursuant to NRS 125B.140, if an installment of an obligation to pay support for a child becomes delinquent, the court shall determine interest upon the arrearages at a rate established pursuant to NRS 99.040, from the time each amount became due. Interest shall

continue to accrue on the amount ordered until it is paid, and additional

Page 19 of 39

Harbor Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada, within five (5) days of executing the Decree of Divorce. The parties acknowledge that the proceeds from the sale of the Marital Residence are currently being held in the trust account of Regina M. McConnell.

One-half of the community portion, as defined within b) Nevada law as articulated in Gemma v. Gemma, 105 Nev. 458 (1989), and Fondi v. Fondi, 106 Nev. 856 (1990), in DAVID JOHN ROSE's Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada Pension benefits, said pension benefits to be divided pursuant to a Qualified Domestic Relations Order ("QDRO"), based upon a selection of Option 2 being made at the time of retirement so as to name SARAH JANEEN ROSE as the irrevocable survivor beneficiary of DAVID JOHN ROSE' pension benefits upon death, to divide said retirement account. The parties shall engage the services of Shann D. Winesett, of Las Vegas QDRO, located at 8925 South Pecos Road, Suite 14C, Henderson, Nevada 89074, Telephone: (702) 263-8438, E-Mail: customerservice@lasvegasqdro.com, for the preparation of the QDRO immediately after both parties and their respective counsel duly execute the Stipulated Decree of Divorce. SARAH JANEEN ROSE and DAVID JOHN ROSE shall equally bear the cost associated with preparing said QDRO (approximately \$800.00). Both parties are authorized to communicate with the preparer of the QDRO with regard to preparation of the QDRO. Both parties understand that The Cooley Law Firm and McConnell Law Group, Ltd. are not responsible for the preparation of the QDRO.

- c) All right, title and interest in the furniture and furnishings in his possession.
- automobile in her possession, if any, subject to any encumbrances thereon. Both parties names are associated with the loan on said automobile. As such, DAVID JOHN ROSE shall have six (6) months to refinance said loan, removing SARAH JANEEN ROSE's name from said loan obligation.
- e) Any and all bank or financial institution accounts in his name alone.
- g) All personal property and jewelry in his possession.

h) All of his personalties.

Awarded to Defendant, SARAH JANEEN ROSE:

IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that SARAH JANEEN ROSE is hereby awarded as her sole and separate property, free of any claims of DAVID JOHN ROSE, sole ownership of the following:

- a) The sum of \$27,792.98 (Twenty-seven Thousand Seven Hundred Ninety-Two Dollars and Ninety-Eight Cents) from the approximate \$55,585.95 (Fifty-five Thousand Five Hundred Eighty-Five Dollars and Ninety-Five Cents) from the proceeds from the sale of the Marital Residence located at 7705 Young Harbor Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada, to be paid within five (5) days of executing the Decree of Divorce. The parties acknowledge that the proceeds from the sale of the Marital Residence are currently being held in the trust account of Regina M. McConnell.
- b) One-half of the community portion, as defined within Nevada law as articulated in <u>Gemma v. Gemma</u>, 105 Nev. 458 (1989), and <u>Fondi v. Fondi</u>, 106 Nev. 856 (1990), in DAVID JOHN ROSE's Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada Pension benefits, said pension benefits to be divided pursuant to a Qualified Domestic Relations Order ("QDRO"), based upon a selection of Option 2 being made at the time of retirement so as to name SARAH JANEEN ROSE as the irrevocable survivor beneficiary of DAVID JOHN ROSE' pension benefits upon death, to divide said retirement account. The parties shall engage the services of Shann D. Winesett, of Las Vegas QDRO, located at 8925 South Pecos Road, Suite 14C, Henderson, Nevada 89074, Telephone: (702) 263-8438, E-Mail: customerservice@lasvegasqdro.com, for the preparation of the QDRO immediately after both parties and their respective counsel duly execute the Stipulated Decree of Divorce. \$ARAH JANEEN ROSE and DAVID JOHN ROSE shall equally bear the cost associated with preparing said QDRO (approximately \$800,00). Both parties are authorized to communicate with the preparer of the QDRO with regard to preparation of the QDRO. Both parties understand that The Cooley Law Firm and McConnell Law Group, Ltd. are not responsible for the preparation of the QDRO.

Accordingly, IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that David shall pay SARAH JANEEN ROSE the sum of \$22,792.97 (Twenty-two Thousand Seven Hundred Ninety-Two Dollars and Ninety-Seven Cents) as and for lump sum, non-modifiable alimony, to be paid within five (5) days of executing the Decree of Divorce. The parties acknowledge that DAVID JOHN ROSE shall be utilizing his share of the proceeds from the Marital Residence, currently held in trust with Regina M. McConnell, to satisfy the alimony obligation.

IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that said lump sum alimony payment received by SARAH JANEEN ROSE shall be included as income to SARAH JANEEN ROSE and deductible to DAVID JOHN ROSE on the parties' respective federal income tax returns.

F. Attorneys' Fees:

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that each party shall bear their own attorneys' fees and costs incurved relative to this matter.

G. Change of Name of Defendant, SARAH JANEEN ROSE:

IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that SARAH JANEEN ROSE shall be permitted to either

restore her maiden name: SARAH JANEEN WOODALL, and/or retain her married name: SARAH JANEEN ROSE.

H. Tax Provisions:

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that SARAH JANEEN ROSE and DAVID JOHN ROSE shall file separate tax returns beginning with the calendar year of 2018. Each party will report their own individual employment earnings, income, gains and/or deductions arising from the assets and debts awarded to them herein, and the parties agree to indemnify and hold harmless the other from any tax penalties or interest related to their individual tax obligation. Should there be any corrections to any previous tax returns, then each respective party shall be solely responsible for any portion of any liability resulting from that party's respective income.

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE hereby elect to have the division of their marital estate treated as a non-taxable transfer between spouses.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that under Circular 230 Disclosure:

To ensure compliance with United States Treasury Department
Regulations, the parties are advised that, unless otherwise expressly

indicated, any federal tax advice that may be in this Decree of Divorce, or which otherwise may pertain to this Decree of Divorce and/or any issue that may be incident to the parties' divorce or their marriage to each other, including any documents attached to this Decree of Divorce, is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, by anyone for the purpose of avoiding penalties under the Internal Revenue Code or promoting, marketing or recommending to another party any tax-related matters that may be addressed in this Decree of Divorce or otherwise.

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the parties further admit and agree that each of them has had the opportunity to discuss with independent tax counselors, other than the attorney of record in the divorce action filed pertaining to the parties, concerning the income tax and estate tax implications and consequences with respect to the agreed upon division of properties and indebtedness, and SHELLY BOOTH COOLEY, and THE COOLEY LAW FIRM and REGINA M. MCCONNELL and MCCONNELL LAW, LTD., were not expected to provide and, in fact, did not provide tax advice concerning this Decree of Divorce.

. ..

I. PROPERTY ACQUIRED IN FUTURE TO BE SEPARATE PROPERTY

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that except as otherwise specified herein, any and all property acquired, income received or liabilities incurred by either of the parties hereto, shall be the sole and separate property of the one so acquiring the same, or the sole liability of the one so incurring the same. Each of the parties hereto respectively grants to the other all such future acquisitions of property as the sole and separate property of the one so acquiring the same and holds harmless and agrees to indemnify the other party from any and all liabilities incurred.

J. RIGHT TO DISPOSE OF PROPERTY BY WILL

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE shall each have an immediate right to dispose of or bequeath by will his or her respective interests in and to any and all property belonging to him or her from and after the date hereof, and that such right shall extend to all of the aforesaid future acquisitions of property as well as to all property set over to either of the parties hereto under this Decree of Divorce.

K. WAIVER OF INHERITANCE RIGHTS

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26 27

28

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE, except as hereinafter provided, each hereby waive any and all right to the estate of the other left at his or her death and forever quitclaim any and all right to share in the estate of the other by the laws of succession, and said parties hereby release one to the other all rights to inherit from the other. Furthermore, said parties hereby renounce, one to the other, all right to be administrator or administratrix, executor or executrix, of the estate of the other, and said parties hereby waive any and all right to the estate or any interest in the estate of the other by way of inheritance, or otherwise, for family allowance therein or therefrom, to a probate or other homestead upon any property of the other, and to have set aside to him or her any property of the other exempt from execution, and from the date of this Decree of Divorce to the end of the world, said waiver by each in the estate of the other party shall be effective, and said parties shall have all the rights of single persons and maintain the relationship of such toward each other.

Page 31 of 39

L. MUTUAL RELEASE OF OBLIGATIONS AND LIABILITIES

AND DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE understand and agree that this Decree of Divorce is deemed to be a final and conclusive and integrated agreement between the parties, and that except as herein specified, each party hereto is hereby released and absolved from any and all liabilities and obligations for the future acts and duties of the other, and that each of said parties hereby releases the other from any and all liabilities, future accounts, alimony and support or otherwise, or debts or obligations of any kind or character incurred by the other except as hereinbefore provided, it being understood that this instrument is intended to settle finally and conclusively the rights of the parties hereto in all respects arising out of their marital relationship except as hereinbefore provided.

M. EXECUTION OF NECESSARY DOCUMENTS

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED,
AND DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE
shall execute any and all legal documents, certificates of title, bills of sale,
stock transfers, deeds or other instruments or documents necessary in
order to effectuate transfer of any and all interest either may have in and

to the said property hereby conveyed and/or transferred to the other as herein above specified in this Decree of Divorce within ten (10) days of presentation of same for such signature. Should either party fail to execute any of said documents to transfer interest to other, then it is agreed that this Decree of Divorce shall constitute a full and complete transfer of the interest of one to the other, as herein above provided, it is further agreed that pursuant to NRCP 70, the Clerk of the Court, shall be deemed to have hereby been appointed and empowered to sign, on behalf of the non-signing party, any of the said documents of transfer which have not been executed by the party otherwise responsible for such, and it is further agreed that this Agreement shall constitute and operate as such properly executed document and the County Assessor and County Recorder and any and all other public and private officials are hereby authorized and directed to accept this Decree of Divorce, or a properly certified copy thereof, in lieu of the document regularly required for such conveyance or transfer.

N. ACCEPTANCE OF DECREE AND ADVICE OF COUNSEL

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED

AND DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE

agree that they each have had a reasonable opportunity to seek the advice

28

of independent counsel and to obtain adequate and sufficient knowledge of the extent and approximate present value of the community property and separate property of the other, and to the extent of having declined to examine and/or investigate further, have thereby waived and do hereby waive and relinquish the right to do so.

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE further acknowledge that each party has become sufficiently acquainted with the other's earnings, property and financial obligations listed herein, and, to the extent requested, have had a reasonable opportunity to obtain knowledge of the property and financial obligations of the community and/or of the other party, and to the extent that they have not availed themselves of the opportunity to obtain such knowledge, each party expressly waives the right to further disclosure thereof; that they each have ascertained and weighed all of the facts, conditions and circumstances likely to influence their judgement herein; that all matter embodied herein, as well as all questions pertinent hereto have been satisfactorily explained; they that have individually given due consideration to such matters and questions; that, individually, each party clearly understands and consents to all of the provisions herein; that each

28

party freely, voluntarily, without duress, and with full knowledge of the consequences thereof, have waived their rights as described herein; and that each party voluntarily and expressly waives any right to further disclosure of the property, earnings and financial obligation of the community or the other party beyond the disclosures already provided and contained herein.

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE further acknowledge that the parties' counsel have undertaken neither discovery nor investigation to determine or confirm the nature, extent, or valuation of the assets and obligations of the community and/or of each party. DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE agree to indemnify and hold Counsel harmless from liability relating to the valuation of community and/or separate property, debts and/or the herein division of property and debts. DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE also acknowledge and agree that each of them has independently obtained sufficient information necessary for them to individually determine, to their satisfaction, the nature, extent and/or valuation of the subject property and debts. SARAH JANEEN further acknowledges and agrees that he has not relied

representation by Counsel as to the nature, extent, and/or valuation of the subject property and debts and/or with respect to the division of the property and debts herein.

O. OMITTED PROPERTY:

AND DECREED that in the event any community property has been omitted from this Decree of Divorce that would have been community property or otherwise jointly-held property under the law applicable as of the date hereof, the concealing or possessory party will transfer or convey to the other party, at the other party's election: (a) the full market value of the other party's interest on the date of this Decree of Divorce, plus statutory interest through and including the date of transfer or conveyance; (b) the full market value of the other party's interest at the time that party discovers that he or she has an interest in such property, plus statutory interest through and including the date of transfer or conveyance; or (c) an amount of the omitted property equal to the other party's interest therein, if it is reasonably susceptible to division.

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED,
AND DECREED that if any claim, action or proceeding is brought seeking
to hold the one of the parties hereto liable on account of any debt,

obligation, liability, act or omission assumed by the other party, the responsible party will, at his or her sole expense, defend the innocent party against any such claim or demand, and he or she will indemnify, defend and hold harmless the innocent party.

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that if any joint debt, obligation, liability, act or omission creating such liability has been omitted from this Decree of Divorce and is subsequently discovered, either party may petition the Court for an allocation of that debt, obligation, liability, or liability arising from such act or omission.

P. KNOWLEDGE AND DISCLOSURE

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED,
AND DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE
each acknowledge that he or she has full knowledge of the assets, financial
status and possibilities of inheritance of the other at the time of this
Decree of Divorce.

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED,
AND DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE
each warrant that he or she has made full disclosure of all the assets of
the parties hereto. Should it be found that there exist other community

assets which have not been disclosed and stated in this Decree of Divorce, either party may move the court for a partition of such asset(s) at any time hereafter. With respect to this paragraph, each party hereto specifically waives any and all limitation periods for the bringing of an action to partition such undisclosed asset(s) and further specifically stipulates that the failure to disclose such asset(s) constitutes extrinsic fraud, which will invoke the jurisdiction of the court to partition such undisclosed asset(s) at any future time.

Q. ENTIRE AGREEMENT

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE expressly agree that this Decree of Divorce constitutes a just and equal distribution of the community assets and liabilities as they are known today and amply addresses the contingencies should there exist assets omitted herefrom. DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE further expressly agree that this Decree of Divorce contains the entire agreement of the parties on these matters, superseding any previous agreement between them. No other agreement, statement, or promise made on or before the effective date of this Decree of Divorce by or to either party or his or her agent or representative will be binding on the

1	parties unless (a) made in writing and signed by both parties	, or (b)
3	contained in an order of a Court of competent jurisdiction.	
4	DATED this day of, 2018.	
5	COD.	
6	1 De Je	
7	SARAH JANEEN ROSE DAVID JOHN ROSE	
8 9	THE COOLEY LAW FIRM MCCONNELL LAW, LT),
10	Shelr Boother emmes	
11	Shelly Booth Cooley Regina M. McConnell	
12	Nevada Bar No. 8992 Nevada Bar No. 4445 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 9017 S. Pecos Road, 4445	
13	Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Henderson, Nevada 89074	
14 15	Attorneys for Defendant, Attorneys for Plaintiff, DAVID JOHN ROSE DAVID JOHN ROSE	
16 17 18 19	IT IS SO ORDERED this day ofAPR 0 9 2018	2018.
20	11/2 11/	
21	My O. Mm	
22	DISTRICT COURT JUDGE	(B)
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		

Exhibit "A"

DEF0093

APPX0536

Electronically Filed 10/30/2017 12:47 P Steven D. Griegson CLERK OF THE CO

THE COOLEY LAW FIRM

Shelly Booth Cooley Nevada State Bar No. 8992 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145

Telephone Number: (702) 265-4505 Facsimile Number: (702) 645-9924 E-mail: scooley@cooleylawlv.com Attorney for Detendant, SARAH ROSE

DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DAVID ROSE.

Case No. D-17-547250 Dept No. I

10

11

ı

2 3

4

5 6

7

8

9

SARAH ROSE. 12

Defendant.

Plaintiff,

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

13

STIPULATED PARENTING AGREEMENT

COME NOW the parents, SARAH ROSE ("MOTHER") and DAVID ROSE ('FATHER") (hereinafter collectively sometimes referred to as the "parents" or the "parties," and individually sometimes referred to as a "parent" or a "party"), personally, and hereby stipulate and agree as follows:

The parents have discussed between themselves and have agreed to this Parenting Agreement. The parents further recognize that it may be necessary for the terms and conditions of this Parenting Agreement to be supplemented or revised as the needs of the children and/or the circumstances of the parents change. The parents agree that any such revisions shall be in writing, signed, and dated by both parents. However, the parents understand that such agreed upon revisions and changes do not modify this Court Order. In the event a controversy arises, and until this Order is modified by the Court, this Order of the Court shall remain in full force

It is the intent of the parents, SARAH ROSE, the natural mother, and DAVID ROSE, the natural father, to make every effort to maintain free access and unhampered contact between their minor children, DAVID JAMES ROSE, date of birth: 04/12/2007; CARSON DAVID ROSE, date of birth: 04/12/20017; and LILY PAIGE ROSE, date of birth: 05/24/2011, and the other parent. Neither parent shall do anything which may estrange the children from the other parent or impair the natural development of the children's love and respect for the other parent. Both parents understand that parenting requires the acceptance of mutual responsibilities and rights insofar as the children are concerned. Each parent agrees to communicate and cooperate with the other parent with respect to all matters relating to their children. The parents understand and agree that the best interests of their children will be served by the parents continuing to openly and freely communicate with each other in a civil manner and to cooperate with each other in raising their children.

The parents further agree that it is their intent to be and serve as "co-parents' insofar as the raising of their children are concerned. In establishing such a co-parenting arrangement, the parents acknowledge and agree to comply with and abide by the following key principles of co-parenting:

- Both parents will continue to be fully involved in making major decisions about their children's health, education, welfare, and religion.
- 2. The parents will not place their children between them and their conflicts. The children are to be raised jointly by the parents and the parents agree to do so as two business-like partners. As such business partners, when it comes to the children, they agree to be cordial with each other and work out their differences in a fair and equitable manner.

3. Both parents view themselves as having a family. Neither shall be deemed to have a lesser relationship with the children due to any labels this Agreement may establish concerning custody and visitation. Each has a family home and each is entitled to make decisions and have a lifestyle of which the children will be a part when they are in that home. Neither parent shall interfere with the other parent's lifestyle and home life, and to the contrary, each parent agrees to support the other in relation to the children.

- 4. The parents agree that the children shall never be put between the two parents in making a joint decision. Decisions shall be made by the parents together and handed down to the children. The children shall not be permitted to play one parent against the other.
- 5. The parents agree that communication between them regarding their children is essential. The parents will regularly discuss their children's needs, activities and conditions. The parents also will keep each other fully informed about significant events in their children's lives.
- 6. The parents will be jointly responsible for raising their children and will work together to share fairly in their children's expenses (which does not necessarily mean 50-50), living arrangements (which does not necessarily mean 50-50), and care. Both parents will take part in school conferences, doctor's appointments, religious education, etc.
- 7. Both parents acknowledge that they each value and respect the other parent as a co-parent, regardless of their other differences. Each parent also agrees that it is essential for the children to have access to and involvement with both parents.
- 8. Finally, both parents agree that should differences arise between them, every attempt will be made to work such differences out in a fair and equitable manner, before resorting to legal action.

I. LEGAL CUSTODY PROVISIONS:

 IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the parents shall have joint legal custody of the minor children, which, in addition to the "co-parenting" principles set forth above, entails the following:

The parents shall consult and cooperate with each other in substantial questions relating to educational programs, significant changes in social environment, and health care of the children.

The parents shall have access to medical and school records pertaining to the children and be permitted to independently consult with any and all professionals involved with them.

All schools, health care providers, day care providers, and counselors shall be selected by the parents jointly. In the event that the parents cannot agree to the selection of a school, the children shall be maintained in the present school pending mediation and/or further Order of the Court.

Each parent shall be empowered to obtain emergency health care for the children without the consent of the other parent. Each parent is to notify the other parent as soon as reasonably possible of any illness requiring medical attention, or any emergency involving the children.

Each parent shall be responsible for keeping themselves apprised with information of the well-being of the children, including, but not limited to copies of report cards, school meeting notices, vacation schedules, class programs, requests for conferences, results of standardized or diagnostic tests, notices of activities involving the children, samples of school work, order forms for school pictures, all communications from health care providers, the names, addresses and telephone numbers of all schools, health care providers, regular day care providers and counselors.

Page 4 of 13

Each parent shall be responsible for keeping themselves apprised of school, athletic, and social events in which the children participate. Neither parent shall prevent the children's participation in extra-curricular activities. Both parents may participate in school activities for the children such as open house, attendance at an athletic event, etc.

Each parent is to provide the other parent with the address and telephone number at which the minor children reside, and to notify the other parent within 30 days prior to any change of address and provide the telephone number as soon as it is assigned.

Each parent is to provide the other parent with a travel itinerary and telephone numbers at which the children can be reached whenever they will be away from the parent's home for a period of 48 hours or more.

Each parent shall be entitled to daily, reasonable telephone communication with the children on any day that the parent does not have custody of the children. Said calls shall be initiated by the parent seeking to contact the children. Each parent is restrained from unreasonably interfering with the children's right to privacy during such telephone conversations. Moreover, during each parent's custodial time periods, the minor children may initiate and shall have unhampered contact and access to the other parent and all extended family members, including but not limited to telephone calls, correspondence and notices.

The parents will consult with each other hefore enrolling the minor children in any extracurricular activities. For those activities that would require the minor children to participate in them during the other parent's custodial time, those activities must be agreed to in advance by the parents, before enrolling the children in the extra-curricular activity.

Page 5 of 13

II. PHYSICAL CUSTODY PROVISIONS:

PHYSICAL CUSTODY: IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the parties shall share Joint Physical Custody of the children. MOTHER shall have custody of the children from Wednesday after school (or at 3:00 p.m. if school is no in session) through Sunday at 11:00 a.m. FATHER shall have custody of the children from Sunday at 11:00 a.m. through Wednesday after school (or at 3:00 p.m. if school is not in session). The parents agree to be flexible and to cooperate in good faith with each other with regard to their custodial time with the children.

III. HOLIDAY PROVISIONS:

IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the parents shall abide by the following holiday visitation schedule, which shall take precedence over, but not break the continuity of, the regular visitation schedule and shall be defined as follows:

HOLIDAY	ODD YEAR	EVEN YEAR	
Martin Luther King, Jr.'s Birthday: This holiday shall be defined as the third Monday in January and shall begin at 3:00 p.m. (or recess of school) on the Friday preceding the holiday weekend and continues until 9:00 a.m. (or return to school) on the first weekday following the holiday.	Father	Mother	
Presidents' Day: This holiday shall be defined as the third Monday in February and shall begin at 3:00 p.m. (or recess of school) on the Friday preceding the holiday weekend and continues until 9:00 a.m. (or return to school) on the first weekday following the holiday.	Mother	Father	
Easter Sunday: This holiday shall be begin the Saturday prior to Easter Sunday at 7:00 p.m. and shall conclude the following Monday at 9:00 a.m.	Father .	Mother	-
Mother's Day: Mother's Day shall be defined as the second Sunday in May and shall begin Sunday at 9:00 a.m. and conclude the moming following Mother's Day at 9:00 a.m. (or return to school).	Mother	Mother	
Memorial Day: This holiday shall be defined as the last Monday in May and shall begin at 3:00 p.m.	Mother	Father	

Page 6 of 13

(or recess of school) on the Friday preceding the holiday weekend and continues until 9:00 a.m. (or return to school) on the first weekday following the holiday.		
Father's Day: Father's Day shall be defined as the third Sunday in June and shall begin Sunday at 9:00 a.m. and conclude the morning following Father's Day at 9:00 a.m. (or return to school).	Father	Father
Independence Day: This holiday shall be defined as July 4th and the holiday will include the weekend if the holiday occurs on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday of any given year. In the event the holiday occurs on a Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday, it will be treated as a one day holiday and shall begin at 9:00 a.m. on July 4th and continue until July 5th at 9:00 a.m.	Mother	Father
Labor Day: This holiday shall be defined as the first Monday in September and shall begin at 3:00 p.m. (or recess of school) on the Friday preceding the holiday weekend and continues until 9:00 a.m. (or return to school) on the first weekday following the holiday.	Father	Mother
Nevada Day: This holiday shall be defined as the last Friday in October and shall begin at 3:00 p.m. (or recess of school) on the Thursday preceding the holiday weekend and continues until 9:00 a.m. (or return to school) on the first weekday following the holiday.	Father	Mother
Halloween: Halloween shall be defined as beginning on October 31st at 9:00 a.m. and concludes November 1st at 9:00 a.m.	Father	Mother
Veterans' Day: This holiday shall be defined as November 11 th and the holiday will include the weekend if the holiday occurs on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday of any given year. In the event the holiday occurs on a Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday, it will be treated as a one day holiday and shall begin at 9:00 a.m. on November 11 th and continue until November 12 th at 9:00 a.m.	Father	Mother
Thanksgiving and Family Day: This holiday shall be defined as the fourth Thursday in November and the Friday following the fourth Thursday in November and shall begin at 3:00 p.m. on the day school recesses preceding the holiday and concludes at 9:00 a.m. (or return to school) on the first weekday following the holiday.	Mother	Father
Winter Break: Winter Break shall be divided into two (2) periods with the first period commencing		

when school recesses for Winter Break (or 3:00 p.m. if the children are not in school) and continue until the midpoint of Winter Break. If the midpoint falls on December 25h, the parties shall exchange the children on December 26h at 10:00 a.m. The second period shall commence on the midpoint of Winter Break at 10:00 a.m. and continues until school is scheduled to resume (or 9:00 a.m. if the children are not in school).		
First Period/Christmas Day (December 25th)	Mother	Father
Second Period/New Year's Day (January 111)	Father	Mother
Children's Birthdays: The children's birthdays shall be defined as beginning on the day of the birthday at 9:00 a.m. and concludes the following day at 9:00 a.m.	Mother	Father
Parents' Birthdays: The children shall reside with each parent on his/her birthday on the individual day at 9:00 a.m. and concludes the morning following the individual day at 9:00 a.m. Father's birthday is May 26". Mother's birthday is August 17".		
Vacations: Each parent shall be entitled to 14 days of vacation time annually, upon 30 days written notice to the other parent. In the event that the parents' schedule conflicting vacations with the minor child, Mother's plans shall be given priority in even-numbered years and Father's plans shall be given priority in odd-numbered years. Neither parent shall schedule vacation time during the other parent's holiday time or during time the child is scheduled to be in school.		
	p.m. if the children are not in school) and continue until the midpoint of Winter Break. If the midpoint falls on December 25th, the parties shall exchange the children on December 26th at 10:00 a.m. The second period shall commence on the midpoint of Winter Break at 10:00 a.m. and continues until school is scheduled to resume (or 9:00 a.m. if the children are not in school). First Period/Christmas Day (December 25th) Second Period/New Year's Day (January 1th) Children's Birthdays: The children's birthdays shall be defined as beginning on the day of the birthday at 9:00 a.m. and concludes the following day at 9:00 a.m. Parents' Birthdays: The children shall reside with each parent on his/her birthday on the individual day at 9:00 a.m. and concludes the morning following the individual day at 9:00 a.m. Father's birthday is May 26th. Mother's birthday is August 17th. Vacations: Each parent shall be entitled to 14 days of vacation time annually, upon 30 days written notice to the other parent. In the event that the parents' schedule conflicting vacations with the minor child, Mother's plans shall be given priority in even-numbered years and Father's plans shall be given priority in odd-numbered years. Neither parent shall schedule vacation time during the	p.m. if the children are not in school) and continue until the midpoint of Winter Break. If the midpoint falls on December 25th, the parties shall exchange the children on December 26th at 10:00 a.m. The second period shall commence on the midpoint of Winter Break at 10:00 a.m. and continues until school is scheduled to resume (or 9:00 a.m. if the children are not in school). First Period/Christmas Day (December 25th) Second Period/New Year's Day (January 1th) Children's Birthdays: The children's birthdays shall be defined as beginning on the day of the birthday at 9:00 a.m. and concludes the following day at 9:00 a.m. Parents' Birthdays: The children shall reside with each parent on his/her birthday on the individual day at 9:00 a.m. and concludes the morning following the individual day at 9:00 a.m. Father's birthday is May 26th. Mother's birthday is August 17th. Vacations: Each parent shall be entitled to 14 days of vacation time annually, upon 30 days written notice to the other parent. In the event that the parents' schedule conflicting vacations with the minor child, Mother's plans shall be given priority in even-numbered years and Father's plans shall be given priority in even-numbered years and Father's plans shall be given priority in odd-numbered years. Neither parent's holiday time or during time the child

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that any holiday, break or special occasion not specifically mentioned in this Decree shall be celebrated with the parent who is regularly scheduled to be with the minor children on that day.

 IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that if either parent is required to work during their designated holiday visitation time, the other parent will be entitled to have the children during the time the other parent is working, without penalty to the working parent.

Page 8 of 13

ì

2

3

7 8 9

6

10 11

12 13

> 14 15

16 17 18

19 20

21 22 23

24 25

26 27 28

IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the parents shall be flexible and act in good faith so that the children may participate in social activities (i.e., weddings, funerals, family reunions, birthday parties, etc.) during the other parent's custodial time.

IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the parents understand and agree that the custody and holiday visitation schedule may be modified at any time by mutual agreement of the parents, and the parents will endeavor to work together with respect to custody of the minor children in a manner which best serves the children's interests. Such revisions shall be in writing, signed and dated by both parents. However, both parents understand that the agreed upon changes do not modify this Court Order. In the event of controversy, this Order of the Court will remain in full force and effect until modified by the Court.

IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the parties understand and agree that the children shall continue to be able to participate in all extra curricular and sports activities in which they have already been participating. The parents will cooperate regarding transportation to ensure that their children will continue to participate in all extra curricular and sports activities in which they have already been participating.

IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that neither parent will sign the children up for any new extra-curricular activities that will infringe upon the other parent's scheduled time with the children, without the written consent of the other parent, before enrolling the children in the extra-curricular activity.

IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the parents agree that they will consider the children's wishes and input with regard to the children's participation in extra-curricular activities.

•	i i	
1	NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following statutory notices relating	B
2	to custody are applicable to FATHER and MOTHER:	
3	A. Pursuant to EDCR 5.301, the parties, and each of them, are hereb	Y
4	placed on notice of the following:	
5 6 7 8	All lawyers and litigants possessing knowledge of matters being heard by the family division are prohibited from: (a) Discussing the issues, proceedings, pleadings, or papers on file with the court with any minor child; (b) Allowing any minor child to review any such proceedings, pleadings, or papers or the record of the proceedings before the court, whether in the form of transcripts, audio, or video recordings, or otherwise;	
9	(c) Leaving such materials in a place where it is likely of foreseeable that any child will access those materials; or	s
1	enumerated in this rule, without written consent of the parties or the permission of the court. B. Pursuant to NRS 125C.006, the parties, and each of them, are hereby	ľ
2	placed on notice of the following:	
13	1. If primary physical custody has been established pursuant to an	
14 15	within this State that is at such a distance that would substantially	
16 17	child with him or her, the custodial parent shall, before relocating: (a) Attempt to obtain the written consent of the noncustodial parent	
18	fo relocate with the child; and (b) If the noncustodial parent refuses to give that consent, petition the court for permission to relocate with the child.	
19 20	2. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the custodial parent if the court finds that the noncustodial parent refused to consent to the custodial parent's relocation with the child:	
21	(a) Without having reasonable grounds for such refusal; or (b) For the purpose of harassing the custodial parent.	
22	3. A parent who relocates with a child pursuant to this section without the written consent of the noncustodial parent or the permission of the	
23	court is subject to the provisions of NRS 200.535.	
24	C. Pursuant to NRS 125C.0065, the parties, and each of them, are here	þу
25 26	placed on notice of the following:	
26 27	If joint physical custody has been established pursuant to an order, judgment or decree of a court and one parent intends to relocate his or her residence to a place outside of this State or to a place within this	
28	Page 10 of 13	-

State that is at such a distance that would substantially impair the 1 ability of the other parent to maintain a meaningful relationship with the child, and the relocating parent desires to take the child with him or her, the relocating parent shall, before relocating:

(a) Attempt to obtain the written consent of the parent to relocate with the child; and 2 3 (b) If the non-relocating parent refuses to give that consent, petition the court for primary physical custody for the purpose of relocating. 4 5 2. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the relocating parent if the court finds that the non-relocating parent refused to consent to the relocating parent's relocation with the child:

(a) Without having reasonable grounds for such refusal; or

(b) For the purpose of harassing the relocating parent.

3. A parent who relocates with a child pursuant to this section before 6 7 8 the court enters an order granting the parent primary physical custody of the child and permission to relocate with the child is subject to the provisions of NRS 200.359. 9 10 Pursuant to chapters 125A of NRS and NRS 125C.0601 to 125C.069B, 11 the parties, and each of them, are hereby placed on notice of the following: 12 PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDER: THE ABDUCTION, CONCEALMENT OR DETENTION OF A CHILD IN VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS PUNISHABLE AS A CATEGORY D FELONY AS PROVIDED IN NRS 193.130. NRS 13 14 200.359 provides that every person having a limited right of custody to a child or any parent having no right of custody to the child who willfully detains, conceals, or removes the child from a parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a right of visitation 15 16 of the child in violation of an order of this court, or removes the child from the jurisdiction of the court without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation is subject to 17 18 being punished for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130. 19 Pursuant to provisions of NRS 125C.0045(7), the parties, and each of E. 20 them, are hereby placed on notice that the terms of the Hague Convention of 21 October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of the Hague Conference on Private 22 International Law apply if a parent abducts or wrongfully retains a child in a foreign 23 country as follows: 24 Section 8: If a parent of the child lives in a foreign country or has 25 significant commitments in a foreign country: 26 (a) The parties may agree, and the court shall include in the order for custody of the child, that the United States is the country of habitual residence of the child for the purposes of applying the terms of the Hague Convention as set forth in Subsection 7. 27

28

- F. The parents understand and acknowledge that, pursuant to the terms of the Parental Kidnaping Prevention Act, 28 U.S.C. §1738A, and the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, NRS 125A.005, et seq., the courts of Nevada have exclusive modification jurisdiction of the custody, visitation, and child support terms relating to the child at issue in this case so long as either of the parents, or the child, continue to reside in Nevada.
- G. The parents acknowledge that the United States is the country and Nevada is the State of habitual residence of the minor child herein.

The above STIPULATED PARENTING AGREEMENT reflects the rights and obligations of each parent as they pertain to the legal and physical custody of the parents' minor children. The parents hereby agree to fully comply with the same; and in witness whereof, the parents hereto have hereunto set their hands to this STIPULATED PARENTING AGREEMENT the year and date written below each parents' respective signature.

IT IS STIPULATED and THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that, by and between the parties hereto, that the above and foregoing STIPULATED PARENTING AGREEMENT is acceptable to the parents, is fair, is in the children's best interest; and the parents respectfully request the Court to adopt

27 ...

28 .

1	and ratify the same, and to enter the said STIPULATED PARENTING
2	AGREEMENT as the Order of this Court in any divorce proceeding filed to
3	terminate the parties' marriage.
4	IT IS SO AGREED by the undersigned this day of July, 2017.
5	
6	0100
7	SARAH ROSE BAVID ROSE Defendant Plaintiff
8	THE COOLEY LAW, FIRM MCCONNELL LAW, LTD.
9	Shici boother minicular
10	
11	10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 9017 S. Pecos Road, Suite 4445 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Henderson, Nevada 89074
12	Attorneys for Defendant, Attorneys for Plaintiff, SARAH ROSE DAVID ROSB
13	
14	
15	IT IS SO ORDERED thisday ofOCT 25 2017 , 2017.
16	
17	11/2 41
18	District Opurt Judge
19	Respectfully Submitted:
20	THE COOLEY LAW FIRM State of mend
21	THE COOLEY LAW FIRM State of mend Country of Clark
22	Shelly Booth Cooley Nevada Bar No. 8992 Signed and Swern to (or affirma)
23	10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150
24	Attorneys for Defendant, SARAH ROSE SARAH ROSE SARAH ROSE
25	DARAH RUSE
26	Notory Public 10/1/17
27	Dublic 10/1/19
28	1/1/09
	Page 13 of 13 STEVEN LAMBENCE SR ACTURY PUBLIC STATE OF NEVADA My Commission Spines; 10-3-2028 Certificate No. 18.280.0.1

Exhibit "B"

DEF0107

APPX0550

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

The parties, David Rose ("David") and Sarah Rose ("Sarah"), have met in mediation to resolve certain disputes and entered into an agreement in case Number D-17-547250-D in Dept. I of the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada, on March 23, 2018. By this memorandum, the parties desire to memorialize their agreement resolving all issues in the above referenced case. The memorandum addresses the material terms of the agreement, and is intended to bind the parties to those terms. The parties agree, however, that counsel for Sarah shall draft a final formal agreement incorporating the terms herein. That agreement shall be ratified by the Court, but shall not merge and shall retain its separate nature as a contract.

1. The parties agree to the following:

SARAH shall receive as her sole and separate property, free of all claims of David, the following:

- (1) 2012 Scion;
- (2) Any and all furniture and furnishings in her possession;
- (3) Her interest in his Nevada PERS pursuant to Gemma v. Gemma;
- (4) All bank accounts in her name;

David shall receive as his sole and separate property, free of all claims of Sarah, the following:

- (1) 2015 Dodge Challenger;
- (2) Any and all furniture and furnishings in his possession;
- (3) His interest in his Nevada PERS pursuant to Gemma v. Gemma;
- (4) All bank accounts in his name;
- 2. David shall receive \$5,000 from the approximate \$54,868.45 in proceeds of the marital home and Sarah shall receive the remainder. Of the remainder of the sale proceeds, \$22,434.22 shall be as and for lump sum non-modifiable alimony. The parties agree that the alimony amount shall be tax deductible to David and taxed as income to Sarah.

- 3. David shall pay \$1,886.00 per month for child support effective April 1, 2018. David Shall also pay \$13,000 in constructive child support arrears. The arrears shall be payable in monthly payments of \$270.00 for 48 months commencing April 1, 2018.
- The parties dog shall travel with the children between homes once Sarah has her own home. If either party no longer wants the dog there is a "free" right of first refusal to the other party.
- Each party shall be responsible for their separate debt including the debt on their respective vehicles and any and all credit card debt.
 - 6. The parties shall follow and be subject to Department I's Behavior Order.
 - 7. Sarah is waiving her community waste claim.
 - 8. Each party shall be responsible for their own respective attorney's fees.
- 9. Each party acknowledges that they have been represented by counsel in the negotiation and preparation of this agreement, and voluntarily enters the agreement with full understanding of its terms. This agreement may be executed in counterparts.

AFFIRMED AND AGREED	\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc
32	
DAVIÓ ROSE	SARAHROSE
Dated: 3-23-18	Dated: 03/83/3018
Approved as to Form and Content:	10 0 0 0 10 1
RM Mc Canell	Duy Partilles
REGINA M. McConnell, ESQ.	SHELLY BOOTH COOLEY, ESQ
Counsel for David Rose	Counsel for Sarah Rose
STATE OF NEVADA)	
) ss;	
COUNTY OF CLARK)	
DAVID ROSE did appear before	me on the date set forth below, provided appropriate
identification, and did sign the foregoing agreement with its terms.	Marital Settlement Agreement as acknowledgement and

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORM to before me this day of May 2018

UBLIC is and for said County and State

RHONDA K FORSBERG Notary Public, State of Nevada Appointment No.04-85870-1 My Appl. Expires May 8, 2020 SARAH ROSE did appear before me on the date set forth below, provided appropriate identification, and did sign the foregoing Marital Settlement Agreement as acknowledgement and agreement with its terms.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me

this 2B day of Ma

, 2018.

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for said Sounty and State



Exhibit "C"

DEF0111

APPX0554

l 2 3 4 5 б 7 Plaintiff, 8 VS. 9 10 11 Defendant. 12 13 14 15 16 in this Order: 17 18 19 the other party or to the child(ren). 20 21 social media).

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA **FAMILY DIVISION**

Case No:

Dept No: I

BEHAVIOR ORDER

The parties are hereby ORDERED to do, or not to do the following, as stated

- 1. No abusive contact (foul language, name calling, etc.) including telephone calls, voicemails, letters, email, texts, all forms of social media, etc., to
- 2. Avoid any unnecessary contact with the other party's "significant other" and friends not in common with you and do not initiate conflicts with them
- 3. No unnecessary contact with other people associated with or to the other party for purposes of discussing court proceedings or making negative/disparaging allegations against the other party (this includes all forms of

1

22

23

24

25 26

27

DEF**()**112

- 4. You will advise all of your friends, relatives and "significant other" not to disparage, criticize or harass the other party, and that co-parenting requires facilitating a positive relationship with the other party; that you could have your parenting time limited if you are unable to stop their negative behavior, and that you may be sanctioned if the Court finds that you are knowingly allowing them to violate the Behavior Order.
- 5. No harassment at the other party's place(s) of employment, including contacting the employer to make negative or disparaging allegations; or to send or drop off evidence as it relates to these court proceedings that appears reasonably designed to put them, or likely to put them in a bad light or to get them fired, or to have them suffer negative consequences as a result.
- 6. No providing copies of unsolicited documents (personal letters, court pleadings, emails, texts, etc.) to anyone associated with a party (significant others, family members, neighbors, employers, etc.) for the intended purpose of shedding the other party in a negative light.
- 7. Neither party shall post, nor shall you allow significant others or family members on social media to post, including, but not limited to, FaceBook, Twitter, YouTube, Instagram, LinkedIn, Tumblr, and Google+, any negative or disparaging allegation against or negative image of the other party or anyone associated with the other party.

CHERTL IL MOSS DESTRICT STOCK FAMILY DIVERCES, DEPT. I 401 Mark Pages Rand

- 8. Pursuant to EDCR 5.301, you will not discuss any of the court issues or proceedings with the minor children; this includes showing them any part of the pleadings or attachments/exhibits (including audio and video) thereto; you will take every precaution to secure copies of pleadings safely away from the eyes of the children at all times. This means all evidence of litigation generated on your side and from the other party's side.
- 9. Neither party shall interrogate the child(ren) as to the activities or events at the other parent's residence, etc., and shall try to respect and not interfere with the child(ren)'s privacy and relationship with the other parent; do not place your child(ren) in a loyalty bind between yourself and the other parent; your child(ren) need to be able to love both of you freely in both of your homes for healthy child development.
- 10. Neither party shall interfere with the other party's contact with the minor children, including but not limited to telephone, email, social networking contacts, etc.; where telephone/video conferencing is part of your parent contact you many not take a smart phone or iPad from a child as a means of discipline when a child uses this technology to contact the non-residential parent. You must maintain a device accessible to the child(ren) charged or with accessible charger at all times, absent a Court Order otherwise.

- 11. Neither party shall threaten to commit or actually commit an act of violence upon the other party, upon the child(ren) in common of the parties, upon child(ren) not in common of a party, or upon the significant other, friend, relative, employer, employee, neighbor, etc. of a party.
- 12. Child custody exchanges, visitations, etc., shall be done in a civil, law abiding manner and reasonably close to the times specified by the Court. In the event of an emergency or unforeseen circumstance that could affect an exchange of the child or the time of the exchange, a party shall call or contact the other party as soon as is reasonably possible.
- 13. In the event of an emergency or unforeseen circumstance that could affect an exchange of the child or the time of the exchange, the party experiencing the emergency shall contact the other party as soon as reasonably possible.
- 14. There shall be no spoliation, destruction, alteration or modification of electronic evidence such as emails, texts, social media of all forms, or voicemails, audio recordings, video recordings, or phones, iPads, etc., with any information that either party or the Court may deem relevant to the current court proceedings.
- 15. There shall be no invasion of the electronic devices, email accounts, social media accounts, separate bank accounts, safe deposit boxes, separate residences or separate vehicles, etc. of the other party.

1	16. Except as modified herein, all other court orders remain in full force	
2		
3	and effect.	
4	POSSIBLE SANCTIONS	
5	The parties are HEREBY PUT ON NOTICE THAT EACH AND EVERY	
6		
7	VIOLATION of this order, if admitted to, or if found after evidentiary hearing to	
8	have committed an act that violates this Order, may result in the party being held	
9	in contempt of court pursuant to NRS Ch. 22, which could result in a fine of	
10		
11	\$500.00 and/or up to 25 days in jail and/or attorneys fees for EACH	
12	VIOLATION.	
13		
14	DATED this day of, 20	
15		
16	CHERYL B. MOSS	
17	DISTRICT COURT JUDGE	
18	FAMILY DIVISION DEPT. I	
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28	5	
95 & 1877. (164 15-3146		

Exhibit 3

DEF0 17

APPX0560

Electronically Filed 4/25/2018 7:25 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

MOT
REGINA M. McCONNELL, ESQ.
Nevada State Bar No. 8029
McCONNELL LAW, LTD.
9017 S. Pecos Road, Suite 4445
Henderson, Nevada 89074
Telephone: (702) 487-3100
E-mail: Regina@MLVegas.com
Attorney for Plaintiff, David Rose

DISTRICT COURT, FAMILY DIVISION

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DAVID ROSE,

Plaintiff,

Vs.

SARAH ROSE,

Defendant.

Defendant.

CASE NO: D-17-547250-D

DEPT NO: I

Dept NO: I

Time of Hearing:07/23/2018

ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED: YES

MOTION TO SET ASIDE THE PARAGRAPH REGARDING SURVIVOR BENEFITS IN THE DECREE OF DIVORCE BASED UPON MISTAKE

NOTICE: YOU ARE REQUIRED TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THIS MOTION WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT AND TO PROVIDE THE UNDERSIGNED WITH A COPY OF YOUR RESPONSE WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION. FAILURE TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION MAY RESULT IN THE REQUESTED RELIEF BEING GRANTED BY THE COURT WITHOUT HEARING PRIOR TO THE SCHEDULED HEARING DATE.

COMES NOW, Plaintiff, DAVID ROSE, by and through his attorney of record, RECINA M. McCONNELL, ESQ., of McCONNELL LAW, LTD., and hereby files this Motion to Set Aside the Paragraph Regarding Survivor Benefits in the Decree of Divorce Based Upon Mistake. Plaintiff seeks the following relief: 1) that the Court grants Plaintiff's motion in its entirety and order the survivor beneficiary language be removed from the Decree of Divorce based upon mistake; 2) that Plaintiff be awarded attorney's fees; and 3) any and all additional relief the Court deems necessary.

///

ı	This Motion is based on all pleadings, exhibits, points, and authorities, Affidavit of DAVID
2	ROSE and any arguments at the time of said hearing.
3	DATED this 25 ⁿ day of April, 2018.
4	McCONNELL LAW, LTD.
5	
6	REGINA M. McCONNELL, ESQ.
7	Nevada Bar No. 8029 9017 S. Pecos Road, Suite 4445
8	Henderson, Nevada 89074 Attorneys for Plaintiff
9	
10	NOTICE OF MOTION
11	TO: SARAH ROSE, Defendant; and
13	TO: SHELLY BOOTH COOLEY, ESQ., her Attorney.
14	YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the above and foregoing
15	Motion on for hearing on the 23 day of July 2018, at the hour of o'clock a m. in
16	Dept. I of the Family Court Division of District Court, which is located at 601 N. Pecos Road, Las
17	Vegas, Nevada or as soon thereafter as Counsel may be heard.
18	DATED this 25th day of April, 2018.
19	McCONNELL LAW, LTD.
20	A
21	REGINA M. McCONNELL, ESO.
23	Nevada Bar No. 8029 9017 S. Pecos Road, Suite 4445
24	Henderson, Nevada 89074 Attorneys for Plaintiff
25	This negs for Examples
26	
27	
28	

ł

2

28

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

1. STATEMENT OF FACTS

Plaintiff ("David") and Defendant ("Sarah") were ordered to attend mediation with an attorney settlement master on November 1, 2017 at the Case Management Conference. As a result, the parties attended mediation with Rhonda K. Forsberg on March 23, 2018 and the parties leached an agreement. At the outset of the mediation, when all parties were sitting together, Ms. Forsberg discussed how the process would work and the issues that would be addressed to try to get the case settled. The parties both actively participated in the mediation and it and the parties agreed that David's Nevada PERS pension would be divided per Gemma, that David would pay Sarah a lump sum payment from his share of the house proceeds as taxable alimony and they agreed upon child support arrears. Defendant's counsel began working on a Decree during the mediation but unfortunately, her computer ran out of battery. As such, a Memorandum of Understanding ("Memorandum") was drafted setting forth the full terms of the agreement. (See Memorandum of Understanding, Exhibit 1, attached to Plaintiff's Appendix of Exhibits.) The Memorandum, which was attached to the Decree, did not specify that Sarah would receive any survivor benefits from David's pension because David did not agree to any such term. Further, there was no agreement that David would be solely responsible for the children's healthcare premiums. After leaving the mediation, Sarah's counsel was able to get to a computer locally (near the mediator's office) so as to get the Decree finalized and signed. Unfortunately, upon a later reading of the Decree, it came to undersigned counsel's attention that Sarah had included an award of the PERS survivor benefit option, even though it was never agreed upon. To this end, the Decree has indicated that David will be responsible for providing insurance for the children, without giving him the benefit of the cost, which was not in the Memorandum. Further, the Decree states that David is awarded one-half of the community portion of his LVMPD pension pursuant to Gemma v Gemma and Fondi v Fondi and

11

15 16

17

14

18 19

20 21

22 23

24 25

26 27

28

based upon a selection of Option 2 being made at the time of retirement so as to name Sarah as the irrevocable survivor beneficiary. This was not included in the Memorandum because it was not agreed upon by the parties at the time of the mediation. Therefore, David requests that this paragraph be set aside as it was not agreed upon and it was mistakenly included and not noticed upon signing.

II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

A. THE DECREE MUST BE SET ASIDE BASED UPON MISTAKE BECAUSE THE PARTIES DID NOT AGREE

As discussed above, the agreements that were made at the mediation were reflected in a fully signed and notarized Memorandum but were not correctly reflected in the Decree of Divorce. The Decree was signed by mistake according to NRCP 60 (b) which states in pertinent part as follows:

NRCP 60 (b) Mistakes; Inadvertence; Excusable Neglect; Newly Discovered Evidence; Fraud, Etc. On motion and upon such terms as are just, the court may relieve a party or a party's legal representative from a final judgment order, or proceeding for the following reasons: (1) mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect; (2) newly discovered evidence which by due diligence could not have been discovered in time to move for a new trial under Rule 59(b); (3) fraud (whether, heretofore denominated intrinsic misrepresentation or other misconduct of an adverse party; (4) the judgment is void; or, (5) the judgment has been satisfied, released, or discharged, or a prior judgment upon which it is based has been reversed or otherwise vacated, or it is no longer equitable that an injunction should have prospective application. The motion shall be made within a reasonable time, and for reasons (1), (2), and (3) not more than 6 months after the proceeding was taken or the date that written notice of entry of the judgment or order was served. A motion under this subdivision (b) does not affect finality of a judgment or suspend its operation. This rule does not limit the power of a court to entertain an independent action to relieve a party from a judgment, order, or proceeding, or to set aside a judgement for fraud upon the court. Writs of coram nobis, coram vobis, audita querela, and bills of review and bills in the nature of a bill of review, are abolished, and the procedure for obtaining any relief from a judgment shall be by motion as prescribed in these rules or by an independent action. (Emphasis added).

As this court is aware, the Nevada Supreme Court in Carlson v. Carlson, 108 Nev. 358, 832 P.2d 380 (1992); which noted that the purpose of Rule 60 (b) was to redress any injustices that may have resulted because of excusable neglect or the wrongs of an opposing party, and should be liberally construed to do so, citing to Nevada Indus. Dev. v. Benedetti, 103 Nev. 360, 741 P.2d 802 (1987). Lesley v. Lesley, 113 Nev. 727, 941 P.2d 451 (1997), the Nevada court reiterated that under NRCP 60(b), the district court has "wide discretion in deciding whether to grant or deny a motion to set aside a judgment," but added that "this legal discretion cannot be sustained where there is no competent evidence to justify the court's action." The factors to be applied by the court in an NRCP 60(b)(1) motion are "whether the movant: (1) promptly applied to remove the judgment; (2) lacked intent to delay the proceedings; (3) demonstrated good faith; (4) lacked knowledge of procedural requirements; and (5) tendered a meritorious defense to the claim for relief." Id. at 732 citing to Bauwens v. Evans, 109 Nev. 537, 853 P.2d 121 (1993).

The Court announced that when it reviewed district court decisions on NRCP 60(b) motions, it also examined whether the case "should be tried on the merits for policy reasons," Id. at 734 citing to Kalin v. Ornic, 108 Nev. 510, 835 P.2d 790 (1992). The Court expanded on that holding, stating that: "This court has held that Nevada has a basic underlying policy that cases should be decided on the merits. . . . Our policy is heightened in cases involving domestic relations matters," Id. at 734 to citing Hotel Last Frontier Corp. v. Frontier Properties, Inc., 79 Nev. 150, 380 P.2d 293 (1963), and Price v. Dunn, 106 Nev. 100, 787 (1990).

The Decree of Divorce that was entered by this Court warrants a set aside only as it relates to the particular portion regarding the award of David's survivor benefit to Sarah. As stated above, the terms of the parties' agreement at mediation were put in writing in the Memorandum and signed by the parties. Sarah knew that the parties did not agree that she was to receive his survivor benefits and she is only basing it on the fact that he had indicated that he wanted his children taken care of in the

l

future - this does not translate into giving her any survivor benefits. In total disregard of what was agreed upon and set forth in the Memorandum, the Decree awarded Sarah David's survivor benefits.

Unfortunately, when reviewing the Decree, counsel inadvertently did not see that the option for survivor benefits was listed and awarded to Sarah. Further, David believed, and had no reason not to believe, that the Decree was going to mirror the Memorandum, since that is what the parties agreed to at the mediation. He would not have signed the Decree, had he realized the survivor benefits were now being awarded to Sarah. This is a "bait and switch" because the intent as set forth in the Memorandum was that there was no award of survivor benefits. However, that was stripped away during the drafting of the Decree; which sadly, and by mistake, David had missed. In Nevada, unless the parties specifically agree to an award of survivor benefits, it is not considered a part of the pension. In the case at hand, David did not specifically agree to the award of survivor benefits and it was mistakenly placed in the Decree in complete disregard to the terms agreed upon and set forth in the Memorandum.

David's request is certainly timely made to this court. David believed that the parties were still under the considerations of mediation, again, under the intent of waiving the survivor benefit option. It seems rather questionable that Defendant's attorney would disregard the agreements made, then enter into an agreement with the decisions dismissed.

B. DAVID SHOULD BE AWARDED ATTORNEY'S FEES FOR HAVING TO BRING THIS MOTION

David respectfully requests an award of attorney's fees for having to bring this motion. To this end, NRS 18.010 states in pertinent part:

- 2. In addition to the cases where an allowance is authorized by specific statue, the court may make an allowance of attorney's fees to a prevailing party:
 - (a) When he has not recovered more than \$20,000; or

 (b) Without regard to the recovery sought, when the court find that the claim, counterclaim, cross-claim or third party complaint or defense of the opposing party was brought without reasonable ground or to harass the prevailing party.

Further, in *Halbrook v Halbrook*, 114 Nev. 1455, 971 P.2d 1262 (1998), the Nevada Supreme Court held that the power of the court to award attorney fees in divorce actions remain parts of the continuing jurisdiction of the court in appropriate post-judgment motions relating to support and child custody. Moreover, in *Love v Love*, 114 Nev. 572, 959 P.2d 523 (1998), the court reaffirmed NRS 18.010(2)(b) and NRS 125.150(3), holding that the district court can award fees in a post-judgment motion in a divorce case, citing with approval *Leeming v Leeming*, 87 Nev. 530, 490 P.2d 342 (1971); *Korbel v Korbel*, 101 Nev. 140, 696 P2d 993 (1985); *Fletcher v Fletcher*, 89 Nev. 540, 516 P.2d 103 (1973).

Finally, David respectfully requests the Court award him attorney's fees and costs incurred in having to file this motion. Sarah knows that David did not agree to give her any survivor penefits to his pension and it was not included in the Memorandum, but she refused to agree to make the change. Under Brunzell v Golden Gate National Bank, 85 Nev. 345 (1969), the Court should take into consideration the following factors when determining an award of attorney's fees: (1) the qualities of the advocate, (2) the character and difficulty of the work performed; (3) the work actually performed by the attorney; and (4) the result obtained. The undersigned has been practicing law over fifteen years, with approximately 95% of her practice dedicated to all aspects of family law for over ten years. The character and difficulty of the work performed in this matter is moderate, with the main issues being Sarah's actions in including language in the Decree awarding her survivor benefits to David's pension when it was not agreed upon nor included in the Memorandum because it was not agreed upon between the parties. To date, the work performed on this matter includes researching the issue of survivor benefits when not agreed upon, trying to resolve the issue, reviewing e-mails, drafting the Motion and conversations with the client regarding the motion. Counsel will provide an Affidavit of Fees upon request by the Court, following the hearing.

III. CONCLUSION

WHEREFORE, based upon the foregoing, David requests that this Court grant his Motion in its entirety and order that the paragraph awarding Sarah any survivor benefits to David's pension be removed and that she not be awarded any benefits from his pension. Finally, David requests that he be awarded his attorney's fees in having to file this Motion.

DATED this 25t day of April, 2018.

McCONNELL LAW, LTD.

Nevada Bar No. 8029 9017 S. Pecos Road, Suite 4445 Henderson, Nevada 89074

E-mail: Regina@MLVegas.com Attorneys for Plaintiff

l

 I, DAVID ROSE, declare under penalty of perjury that the following statements are true and correct:

- 1. That I am the Plaintiff in the above-entitled matter.
- 2. That I have read the above and foregoing Motion and know the contents thereof and that the same is true of my own knowledge, except as to those matters therein stated on information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.
- That I attended mediation and the agreed upon terms were set forth in a Memorandum
 of Understanding.
- 4. That I never agreed to give Sarah any portion of my survivor benefits from my pension.

Pursuant to NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Executed this 25 day of April, 2018.

DAVID ROSE

MOFI

DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DAVID ROSE	
Plaintiff/Petitioner	Case No. <u>D-17-547250-D</u>
VS.	Dept. 1
SARAH ROSE Defendant/Respondent	MOTION/OPPOSITION FEE INFORMATION SHEET
Notice: Motions and Oppositions filed after entry of a fir subject to the reopen filing fee of \$25, unless specifically Oppositions filed in cases initiated by joint petition may accordance with Senate Bill 388 of the 2015 Legislative	be subject to an additional filing fee of \$129 or \$57 in Session.
Step 1. Select either the \$25 or \$0 filing fee in	the box below.
 The Motion/Opposition is being filed entered. The Motion/Opposition is being filed established in a final order. The Motion/Opposition is for reconsist 	this form is not subject to the \$25 reopen before a Divorce/Custody Decree has been solely to adjust the amount of child support deration or for a new trial, and is being filed t or decree was entered. The final order was
Step 2. Select the \$0, \$129 or \$57 filling fee in t	The state of the s
 \\$\scrt{\$\sin}}}}}}}}}}} \scrt{\scrt{\$\scrt{\$\scrt{\$\scrt{\$\scrt{\$\scrt{\$\sind{\$\sind{\syn}}}}}}}}} \scrt{\$\scrt{\$\scrt{\$\scrt{\$\scrt{	this form is not subject to the \$129 or the d in a case that was not initiated by joint petition. on previously paid a fee of \$129 or \$57. It is subject to the \$129 fee because it is a motion er. It is form is subject to the \$57 fee because it is just or enforce a final order, or it is a motion a fee of \$129.
Step 3. Add the filing fees from Step 1 and Step	2.
The total filing fee for the motion/opposition I ar	n filing with this form is:
Party filing Motion/Opposition: Plaintiff Signature of Party or Preparer	Date April 25, 2018

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Divorce - Complaint COURT MINUTES

D-17-547250-D

David Rose, Plaintiff
vs.
Sarah Rose, Defendant.

June 26, 2020 3:30 PM Minute Order

HEARD BY: Moss, Cheryl B. **COURTROOM:** Chambers

COURT CLERK: Kendall Williams

PARTIES:

Carson Rose, Subject Minor, not present

David Rose, Plaintiff, Counter Defendant, not Shelley Lubritz, Attorney, not present

present

David Rose, Subject Minor, not present

Lily Rose, Subject Minor, not present

Sarah Rose, Defendant, Counter Claimant, not Racheal Mastel, Attorney, not present

present

JOURNAL ENTRIES

MINUTE ORDER - NO HEARING HELD AND NO APPEARANCES

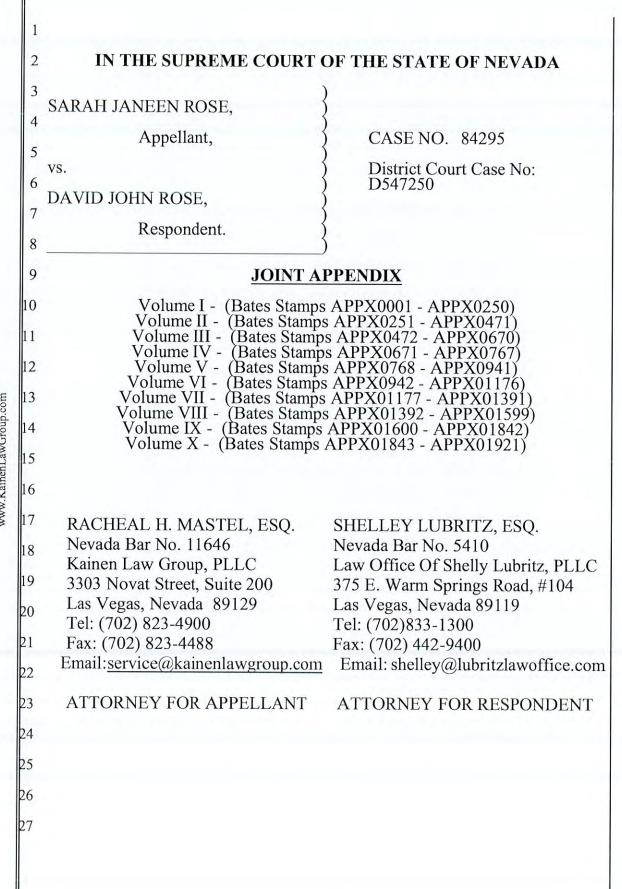
NRCP 1 and EDCR 1.10 state that the procedures in district court shall be administered to secure efficient, just, and inexpensive determinations in every action and proceeding.

Pursuant to EDCR 5.206, a party filing a motion is required to serve the opposing party with a copy of all papers filed within 3 calendar days of submission for filing.

Pursuant to Rule 2.26, if a motion to shorten time is granted, it must be served upon all parties promptly; in no event may the notice of the hearing of a motion be shortened to less than 1 full judicial day.

PRINT DATE:	06/26/2020	Page 1 of 2	Minutes Date:	June 26, 2020

Notice: Journal entries are prepared by the courtroom clerk and are not the official record of the Court.



1	LIST OF APPENDIX DOCUMENTS					
2	Title of Document	Filing Date	Volume	Bates Stamp		
3	Acceptance of Service	10.05.21	Vol. VI	APPX1170		
4 5	Affidavit in Support of and Request for Summary Disposition of Decree of Divorce	03.23.18	Vol. I	APPX0120- APPX0122		
6	Affidavit of Resident Witness	03.23.18	Vol. I	APPX0118- APPX0119		
8 9 10	Amended Citation Correction to Plaintiff's Reply to Defendant's Opposition to Motion to Enforce Memo- randum of Understanding and For Attorney's Fees and Costs	6.13.19	Vol. II	APPX0344- APPX0346		
11 12	Amended Order Setting Evidentiary Hearing	4.10.20	Vol. II	APPX0441- APPX0442		
13	Amended Trial Subpoena Nexie Rose	1.26.20	Vol. II	APPX0433		
14 15	Answer and Counterclaim for Divorce	9.26.17	Vol. I	APPX0007- APPX0014		
16 17 18 19 20	Appendix to Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Amend or Add Additional Findings Pursuant to NRCP 52, or Alternatively, Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 60(b)(6) and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	6.18.20	Vol. III	APPX0472- APPX0570		
21222324	Appendix of Exhibits In Support of Plaintiff's Motion to Set Aside The Paragraph Regarding Survivor Benefits in the Decree of Divorce Based Upon Mistake	04.25.18	Vol. I	APPX0198- APPX0200		
25						
26						
27		Page 2 of 15				

11:				
1 2 3	Appendix of Exhibits to Defendant's Motion For Judgment Pursuant to NRCP 52(c) Or In The Alternative For Summary Judgment	2.12.20	Vol. IV	APPX0671- APPX0767
4		11 22 22		
5	Case and Non-Jury Trial Management Order	11.06.18	Vol. II	APPX0269- APPX0272
6	Certificate of Service	04.26.18	Vol. I	APPX0204- APPX0206
8	Certificate of Service	10.10.18	Vol. I	APPX0249- APPX0250
9	Certificate of Service	02.8.22	Vol. VIII	APPX1595- APPX1596
10 11	Complaint for Divorce	2.22.17	Vol. I	APPX0001- APPX0006
12	Court Minute Decision	10.21.20	Vol. III	APPX0650- APPX0656
13	Court Minutes	8.06.20	Vol. III	APPX0573
14 15	Defendant's Closing Argument	12.13.21	Vol. VIII	APPX1392- APPX1441
16 17	Defendant's Ex Parte Motion For Order Shortening Time	1.15.20	Vol. II	APPX0419- APPX0421
18				
19	Defendant's List of Witnesses to Plaintiff	11.21.18	Vol. II	APPX0273- APPX0276
20 21	Defendant's Motion For Judgment Pursuant to NRCP 52 (c) or in the Alternative	2.12.21	Vol. III	APPX0657- APPX0670
22	For Summary Judgment			
202122232425	Defendant's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment, or in the Alternative For New Trial Pursuant to NRCP 59(a)(7) and For Attorney's Fees and Costs	10.9.18	Vol. I	APPX0234- APPX0247
252627				
27				
		Page 3 of 15		

- 11				
1 2	First Request)	1.14.20	Vol. II	APPX0411- APPX0417
3 4 5 6	Defendant's Opposition to Motion to Set Aside The Paragraph Regarding Survivor Benefits in the Decree of Divorce Based on Mistake	05.10.18	Vol. I	APPX0207- APPX0222
7 8 9	Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion For Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and For Related Relief and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	9.25.20	Vol. III	APPX0639- APPX0649
11 12 13 14	Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion In Limine to Preclude The Testimony of Marshall [sic] S. Willick, Esq. and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	9.19.19	Vol. II	APPX0383- APPX0394
15 16 17 18 19 20	Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Amend or Add Additional Findings Pursuant to NRCP 52, or Alternatively, Motion For Relief Pursuant to NRCP 60(B)(6) and Countermotion For Attorney's Fees and Costs	6.18.20	Vol. II	APPX0462- APPX0471
21222324	Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Enforce Memorandum of Understanding and for Attorney's Fees and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	5.22.19	Vol. II	APPX0302- APPX0311
25 26	Defendant's Pre-Trial Memorandum	6.28.19	Vol. II	APPX0347- APPX0355
27				
		Page 4 of 15		

11				
1 2	Defendant's Rebuttal to Plaintiff's Rebuttal Closing Argument	1.10.22	Vol. III	APPX1490- APPX1515
3	Defendant's Response To Plaintiff's Objection	11.12.21	Vol. VII	APPX1368- APPX1370
5	to Notice of Appearance By audiovisual Trans- mission Filed on Behalf of Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq.			
6 7 8	Emergency Ex Parte Request to Extend Time to File Responsive Closing Argument	12.16.21	Vol. III	APPX1442- APPX1445
9 10 11	Errata to Plaintiff's Memorandum of Fees and Costs and Brunzell Affidavit of Shelley Lubritz, Esq.	2.15.22	Vol. III	APPX1597- APPX1599
12 13 14	and Declaration in Support of Request For An Order	6.11.20	Vol. II	APPX0457- APPX0459
15 16	Ex Parte Motion for Certification Pursuant to NRCP 54(b)	4.23.21	Vol. VI	APPX1100- APPX1102
17 18	Ex Parte Order Shortening Time	1.22.20	Vol. II	APPX0422
19 20 21	Exhibit Appendix In Support of Motion For Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and Other Related Relief	9.04.20	Vol. III	APPX0608- APPX0618
22232425	Exhibit Appendix In Support of Plaintiff's Motion to Continue Evidentiary Hearing (First Request)	10.10.21	Vol. VII	APPX1259- APPX1263
25 26	Final Billing of Transcript	4.7.22	Vol. X	APPX1914
27		Page 5 of 15		

1				
1	Financial Disclosure Form - David	3.22.18	Vol. I	APPX0095- APPX0106
3	Form - Sarah	3.22.18	Vol. I	APPX0107- APPX0117
4	and Order	1.31.22	Vol. VIII	APPX1516- APPX1532
6	Minute Order	4.08.20	Vol. II	APPX0439- APPX0440
7 8	Minute Order	6.26.20	Vol. III	APPX0571- APPX0572
9	Minute Order	5.07.21	Vol. VI	APPX1103- APPX1104
10 11 12	Motion for Stay of District Court Orders During Pendency of Appeal	2.25.22	Vol. IX	APPX1644- APPX1651
13 14	Motion to Enforce Memorandum of Understanding and for Attorney's Fees and Costs	5.08.19	Vol. II	APPX0289- APPX0301
15 16 17	Motion to Set Aside the Paragraph Regarding Survivor Benefits in the Decree of Divorce Based Upon Mistake	04.25.18	Vol. I	APPX0188- APPX0197
18 19	Notice of Appeal	2.15.22	Vol. IX	APPX1600- APPX1643
20 21	Notice of Appearance By Audiovisual Transmission Equipment	10.8.21	Vol. VI	APPX1173- APPX1176
22	Notice of Appearance By Audiovisual Transmission Equipment	11.9.21	Vol. VII	APPX1275- APPX1278
24	Notice of Entry of August 6, 2020 Minute Order	9.04.20	Vol. III	APPX0584- APPX0589
26	Notice of Entry of Decree	04.11.18	Vol. I	APPX0123- APPX0187
27		Page 6 of 15		
1		9		

11				
1	Notice of Entry of Order	1.17.19	Vol. II	APPX0280- APPX0284
3	Order	1.31.22	Vol. III	APPX1497- APPX1514
4	Notice of Entry of Order	4.19.22	Vol. X	APPX1918- APPX1921
5	(April 8 2020 Minute	5.21.20	Vol. II	APPX0443- APPX0446
8	Notice of Entry of Order After Hearing (April 9, 2021)	6.30.21	Vol. VI	APPX1125- APPX1147
9	Notice of Entry of Order and Withdrawal of Counsel	10.1.18	Vol. I	APPX0227- APPX0233
11 12	Notice of Entry of Order Continuing October 12, 2021 Evidentiary Hearing	10.11.21	Vol. VII	APPX1269- APPX1274
13 14	Notice of Entry of Order From Hearing June 18, 2019	9.09.19	Vol. II	APPX0378- APPX0382
15 16	Notice of Entry of Order From Hearing on October 23, 2019	1.13.20	Vol. II	APPX0407- APPX0410
17 18	Notice of Entry of Order Sealing File	8.26.20	Vol. III	APPX0578- APPX0583
19 20 21	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Continue Evidentiary Hearings (First Request) and Other Deadlines	5.30.19	Vol. II	APPX0315- APPX0319
22	Notice of Hearing	1.15.20	Vol. II	APPX0418
23	Notice of Hearing	6.04.20	Vol. II	APPX0456
24	Notice of Hearing	9.04.20	Vol. III	APPX0619
25	Notice of Hearing	2.17.21	Vol. VI	APPX1073
26	Notice of Hearing	9.27.21	Vol. VI	APPX1162- APPX1163
27		Page 7 of 15		

Page 7 of 15

III.				
1	Notice of Hearing	10.11.21	Vol. VIII	APPX1264- APPX1265
3	Notice of Hearing	3.1.22	Vol. IX	APPX1652- APPX1653
4 5 6	Notice of Non-Opposition and Request to Grant Plaintiff's Motion For Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and For Other Related Relief	9.19.20	Vol. III	APPX0628- APPX0630
7 8 9 10	Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment or in the Alternative for New Trial Pursuant to NRCP 59(a)(7) and For Attorney's Fees and Costs; Countermotion For Attorney's Fees	10.24.18	Vol. II	APPX0252- APPX0260
12	Order	09.25.18	Vol. I	APPX0223- APPX0226
13 14	Order	1.16.19	Vol. II	APPX0277- APPX0279
15	Order	4.19.22	Vol. X	APPX1915- APPX1917
16 17	Order After Hearing	6.25.21	Vol. VI	APPX1105- APPX1124
18 19	Order Continuing October 12, 2021 Evidentiary Hearing	10.11.21	Vol. VII	APPX1266- APPX1268
20	Order From Hearing On June 18, 2019	9.09.19	Vol. II	APPX0375- APPX0377
21 22	Order From Hearing on October 23, 2019	1.13.20	Vol. II	APPX0405- APPX0406
23	Order Sealing File	8.26.20	Vol. III	APPX0575- APPX0577
2425	Order Shortening Time	6.16.20	Vol. II	APPX0460- APPX0461
26	Plaintiff, David John Rose's Pretrial Memorandum	7.01.19	Vol. II	APPX0356- APPX0364
27		Page 8 of 15		

1				
1	Plaintiff's Civil Trial Memoranda	9.23.21	Vol. VI	APPX1148- APPX1161
3	Argument	11.30.21	Vol. VII	APPX1375- APPX1391
4 5 6 7 8	Motion in Limine To Preclude Testimony of Marshall Willick, Esq. and To Preclude Admission of Mr. Willick's December 20, 2018 Report and Opposition to Countermotion For Attorney's Fees and Cost	10.22.19	Vol. II	APPX0402- APPX0404
9	Plaintiff's Ex Parte Request to Seal File	8.13.20	Vol. III	APPX0574
11 12	Plaintiff's Memorandum of Fees and Costs and Brunzell Affidavit of Shelley Lubritz, Esq.	2.7.22	Vol. VIII	APPX1551- APPX1594
13 14 15	Plaintiff's Motion For Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and for Other Related Relief	9.04.20	Vol. III	APPX0590- APPX0607
16 17	Plaintiff's Motion in Limine to Preclude the Testimony of Marshall S. Willick, Esq.	9.05.19	Vol. II	APPX0365- APPX0374
18 19 20 21	Plaintiff's Motion to Amend or Add Additional Findings Pursuant to NRCP or, Alternatively, Motion For Relief Pursuant to 60(B)(6)	6.03.20	Vol. II	APPX0447- APPX0455
222324252627	Plaintiff's Motion to Continue Evidentiary Hearing (First Request)	10.10.21	Vol. VII	APPX1248- APPX1258
24				
25	4.4.4			
26				
27		Page 9 of 15		
1				

	Plaintiff's Objection to Notice of Appearance By Audiovisual Transmission Filed On Behalf of Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq.	11.11.21	Vol. VII	APPX1279- APPX1281
	 Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion For Judgment Pursuant to NRCP 52(c) or in the Alternative For Summary Judgment and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs 	3.03.21	Vol. VI	APPX1074- APPX1089
	Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Continue Trial and Countermotion For Attorney's Fees and Costs	1.23.20	Vol. II	APPX0424- APPX0431
	Plaintiff's Opposition to Motion For Stay of District Court Orders During Pendency of Appeal and Counter- Motion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	3.17.22	Vol. IX	APPX1654- APPX1666
	Plaintiff's Rebuttal Closing Argument	12.27.21	Vol. VIII	APPX1450- APPX1489
	Plaintiff's Reply to Defendant's Opposition to Motion in Limine To Preclude Testimony of Marshall Willick, Esq. and To Preclude Admission of Mr. Willick's December 20, 2018 Report and Opposition to Countermotion For Attorney's Fees and Cost	10.07.19	Vol. II	APPX0395- APPX0401
2	Plaintiff's Reply to Opposition to Motion Enforce Memorandum of Understanding and Opposition to Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	6.02.19	Vol. II	APPX0320- APPX0339
2	7	Page 10 of 15		

- 1				
	Receipt of Documents and Flash Drive	2.19.20	Vol. II	APPX0435
	 Reply To Counterclaim for Divorce 	12.15.17	Vol. I	APPX0028- APPX0031
	Reply To Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Objection to Notice of Appearance by Audio- Visual Transmission Filed on Behalf of Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq.	11.14.21	Vol. VII	APPX1371- APPX1374
	Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Ex Parte Motion For Extension of Time to File Opposition and Opposition to Countermotion For Attorney's Fees and Costs	9.21.20	Vol. III	APPX0631- APPX0638
1	Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion For Stay of Court Orders During Pendency of Appeal and Opposition to Countermotion For Attorney's Fees and Costs	4.5.22	Vol. IX	APPX1667- APPX1673
11	Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment or in the Alternative For New Trial Pursuant to NRCP 59(a)(7) and For Attorney's Fees and Costs and Opposition to Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	10.30.18	Vol. II	APPX0261- APPX0268
2	Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to for Judgment Pursuant to NRCP 52 (c) or in the Alternative For Summary Judgment and Opposition to Counter- motion for Attorney's Fees and Costs	3.09.21	Vol. VI	APPX1090- APPX1099
		Page 11 of 15		

Vol. II	
, 01. 11	APPX0434
Vol. I	APPX0248
Vol. II	APPX0251
Vol. I	APPX0032- APPX0094
Vol. I	APPX0015- APPX0027
Vol. II	APPX0312- APPX0314
Vol. VIII	APPX1446- APPX1449
Vol. II	APPX0436- APPX0438
Vol. II	APPX0285- APPX0288
Vol. III	APPX0620- APPX0627
Vol. IX	APPX1674- APPX1696
Vol. VIII	APPX1177- APPX1247
Vol. IX	APPX1697- APPX1842
	Vol. II Vol. II Vol. II Vol. III Vol. III Vol. III Vol. III Vol. III Vol. IIII

	ľ.				
	1	Transcript - 11.15.21	4.7.22	Vol. X	APPX1843- APPX1913
	2	Transcript of Proceedings - Vol. I	2.12.21	Vol. V	APPX0768- APPX0941
	4	Transcript of Proceedings - Vol. II	2.12.21	Vol. VI	APPX0942- APPX1072
	5	Transcript Re: Non-Jury Trial (Excerpt) Thursday, September 23, 2021	11.12.21	Vol. VII	APPX1282- APPX1367
	7	Trial Subpoena - Regina McConnell, Esq.	1.22.20	Vol. II	APPX0423
	9	Trial Subpoena - Regina McConnell, Esq.	10.05.21	Vol. VI	APPX1171- APPX1172
	10 11	Trial Subpoena - Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq.	10.05.21	Vol. VI	APPX1164- APPX1169
	12 13	Trial Subpoena - Nexie Rose	1.26.20	Vol. II	APPX0432
	14				
	15 16				
	17				
-	18				
	19 20				
	21				
	22				
	23				
	24				
	25				
	26				
			Page 13 of 15		

	1	AFFIRMATION
	2	(Pursuant to NRS 239B.030)
	3	The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding documents
	4	filed in the above-referenced matter does not contain the social security number
	5	of any person.
	6	DATED this 13 day of July, 2022.
	7	Law Office of Shelley Lubritz, Kainen Law Group, PLLC PLLC
	8	
	9	By: SHELLEY LUBRAZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5410 By: RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 11646
	10	Attorney for Respondent Attorney for Appellant
	11	
	12	
p.com	13	
www.namenLawGroup.com	14	
nenLa	15	to the second se
w.Nai	16	
*	17	
	18	
	19	
	20	
	21	
	22	
	23	
	24	
- 14	25	
	26	
	27	Page 14 of 15

1	<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 13th day of July, 2022, I caused
3	to be served the Joint Appendix to all interested parties as follows:
4	BY MAIL: Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I caused a true copy thereof to
5	be placed in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, postage fully prepaid
6	thereon, addressed as follows:
7	BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I caused a true copy thereof to be placed
8	in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, certified mail, return receipt
9	requested, postage fully paid thereon, addressed as follows:
10	BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I caused a true copy
11	thereof to be transmitted, via facsimile, to the following number(s):
12	X BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR
13	Rule 9, I caused a true copy thereof to be served via electronic mail, via Wiznet,
14	to the following e-mail address(es):
15	shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com
16	daverose08@gmail.com
17	KAL
18	An Employee of
19	KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	Page 15 of 15
	Page In of In

On June 03, 2020 Plaintiff/Father represented by Shelley Lubritz, Esq. filed a Motion to Amend or Add Additional Findings Pursuant to NRCP 52 or Alternatively, Motion for Relief Pursuant to 60(b).

On June 04, 2020 a Notice of Hearing was issued by the Clerk of Court setting the matter for hearing on July 13, 2020 at 9:00AM. The notice of hearing was electronically served.

On June 11, 2020 Father filed an Ex Parte Application and Declaration in Support of Request for an Order Shortening Time (OST).

On June 16, 2020 the OST was granted and filed by Father.

On June 18, 2020 Defendant/Mother represented by Rachel Mastel, Esq. filed an Opposition and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs with a hearing date and time of July 13, 2020 at 9:00AM.

The COURT FINDS that Father failed to timely serve the granted OST upon Mother's counsel pursuant to Rule 2.26.

IT IS ORDERED that the hearing set on June 29, 2020 at 10:00AM is VACATED.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the above motion and opposition SHALL be heard on JULY 13, 2020 at 9:00AM

A copy of this minute order shall be served electronically.

SO ORDERED.

CLERK'S NOTE: A copy of this minute order shall be emailed to the parties/counsel. (kw 6/26/2020)

PRINT DATE:	06/26/2020	Page 2 of 2	Minutes Date:	June 26, 2020

Notice: Journal entries are prepared by the courtroom clerk and are not the official record of the Court.

DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

Divorce - Complaint COURT MINUTES August 06, 2020

D-17-547250-D David Rose, Plaintiff

VS.

Sarah Rose, Defendant.

01:30 PM Status Check August 06, 2020

HEARD BY: COURTROOM: Courtroom 13 Moss, Cheryl B.

COURT CLERK: Madrigal, Blanca

PARTIES PRESENT:

David Rose, Counter Defendant, Plaintiff, Not Shelley Lubritz, Attorney, Present

Present

Sarah Rose, Counter Claimant, Defendant, Not

Present

David Rose, Subject Minor, Not Present

Carson Rose, Subject Minor, Not Present

Lily Rose, Subject Minor, Not Present

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Racheal H. Mastel, ESQ, Attorney, Present

STATUS CHECK: TRIAL DATE

In the interest of public safety due to the Coronavirus pandemic, all parties were present via VIDEO CONFERENCE through the Bluejeans application.

Ms. Lubritz had no objection to hold trial via Bluejeans on 8/13/2020, as the case has been pending for a long time, that Judge Moss has been on the case since the beginning, and only one day left to finish trial.

Ms. Mastel objected and requested an in-person trial. Ms. Mastel had concerns with calls dropping, internet issues, inability to see everything, internet interferences, and concerns with appellate record.

COURT ORDERED, the Court shall confer with the Chief Judge to decide if the trial should proceed via Bluejeans. Ms. Lubritz may file a Motion to move forward via Bluejeans and Ms. Mastel may file an Opposition. The Trial Date of 8/13/2020 shall be VACATED pending further orders.

INTERIM CONDITIONS:

FUTURE HEARINGS:

Electronically Filed 8/13/2020 4:51 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

EXPT

1

3

4

5

6

7

2 Shelley Lubritz, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 005410

LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC

375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Telephone: (702) 833-1300 Facsimile: (702) 442-9400

|| E-mail: shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com

Attorney for Plaintiff DAVID JOHN ROSE

8

9

10

11

12

13

CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT COURT, FAMILY DIVISION

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DAVID JOHN ROSE,

SARAH JANEEN ROSE,

Plaintiff,

Defendant

∥vs.

14 ||

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Case No.: D-17-547250-D

Dept. No.: I

Hearing Date: Hearing Time:

NO ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED

PLAINTIFF'S EX PARTE REQUEST TO SEAL FILE

COMES NOW, Plaintiff, DAVID JOHN ROSE, by and through his attorney, Shelley Lubritz, Esq. of the Law Office of Shelley Lubritz, Esq. and requests the Court to order the file in this matter be sealed pursuant to NRS 125.110.

Dated this 13th day of August, 2020.

LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC

y: Dulley &

Shelley L**a**britz, Esq**∂** Nevada Bar No. 5410

375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Attorney for Plaintiff

PAGE 1 OF 1

APPX0574

Electronically Filed 08/26/2020 3 10 PM CLERK OF THE COURT

1 **ORDR** Shelley Lubritz, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 005410 LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC 3 375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 4 Telephone: (702) 833-1300 5 Facsimile: (702) 442-9400 E-mail: shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com 6 7 Attorney for Plaintiff DAVID JOHN ROSE 8 9 CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT COURT, FAMILY DIVISION 10 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 12 DAVID JOHN ROSE, Case No.: D-17-547250-D 13 Dept. No.: I 14 Plaintiff, Hearing Date: 15 VS. Hearing Time: 16 SARAH JANEEN ROSE, 17 Defendant 18 ORDER SEALING FILE 19 The Court being fully advised in the premises, pursuant to Plaintiff's Ex Parte 20 21 Request to Seal File, and good cause appearing, 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 PAGE 1 OF 2

1	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the file	in the above matter, pursuant to NR
2	125.110, be sealed.	
3 4	Dated this day of August, 2	2020. Dated this 26th day of August, 2020
5		elle 1 B. Mhome
6		DISTRICT COURT JUDGE AF
7 8	Respectfully submitted:	DCB 412 9F2E A193 Cheryl B. Moss
9	LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC	District Court Judge
10	By: Stelley Lubrity	
11	Shelley Lubritz, Eso Nevada Bar No. 5410	
12	375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119	
13	Attorney for Plaintiff	
14		
15		
16 17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		

1	CSERV		
2	DISTRICT COURT		
3		COUNTY, NEVADA	
4			
5			
6	David Rose, Plaintiff	CASE NO: D-17-547250-D	
7	vs.	DEPT. NO. Department I	
8	Sarah Rose, Defendant.		
9			
10	AUTOMATED	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
11	This automated certificate of se	ervice was generated by the Eighth Judicial District	
12	Court. The foregoing Order was served recipients registered for e-Service on the	I via the court's electronic eFile system to all ne above entitled case as listed below:	
13	Service Date: 8/26/2020		
14	Service Date: 8/20/2020		
15	"Regina M. McConnell, Esq.".	Regina@MLVegas.com	
16	Shelly Booth Cooley.	scooley@cooleylawlv.com	
17	Kimberly Glad	kglad@lipsonneilson.com	
18	Susana Nutt	snutt@lipsonneilson.com	
19	Debra Marquez	dmarquez@lipsonneilson.com	
20 21	Julie Funai	jfunai@lipsonneilson.com	
22	Racheal Mastel	Service@KainenLawGroup.com	
23	David Rose	daverose08@gmail.com	
24	Shelley Lubritz	shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com	
25			
26			
27			

Electronically Filed 8/26/2020 3:45 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1 **NEOJ** Shelley Lubritz, Esq. 2 Nevada Bar No. 005410 LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC 3 375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104 4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Telephone: (702) 833-1300 5 Facsimile: (702) 442-9400 E-mail: shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com 6 7 Attorney for Plaintiff DAVID JOHN ROSE 8 9 CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT COURT, FAMILY DIVISION 10 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 DAVID JOHN ROSE, Case No.: D-17-547250-D 12 Dept. No.: I Plaintiff, 13 Hearing Date: 14 VS. Hearing Time: 15 SARAH JANEEN ROSE, 16 Defendant 17 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER SEALING FILE 18 TO: SARAH JANEEN ROSE, Defendant and 19 20 TO: RACHEAL MASTEL, ESQ., her attorney: 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 PAGE 1 OF 3

APPX0578

1	Please take notice that on August 26, 2020, an Order Sealing File was filed in th
2	above-entitled matter, a copy of which is attached hereto.
3	Dated this 26 th day of August, 2020.
4	LEGAL SERVICES ONE, LLC
5	By. Shelley, Lubrit
6	Shelley Lubritz, Esq.
7 8	Nevada Bar No. 5410 375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 10
9	Las Vegas, Nevada 89119
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21 22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	PAGE 2 OF 3

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 26 th day of Aι	ugust, 2020, I caused to be served
the Notice of Entry of Order Sealing File to all interest	ed parties as follows:
BY MAIL: Pursuant to NRCP S(b), I caus	sed a true copy thereof to be placed
in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, postag	ge fully prepaid thereon, addressed
as follows:	
BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I caused a true co	opy thereof to be placed in the U.S.
Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, certified mail, retu	urn receipt requested, postage fully
paid thereon, addressed as follows: his last known ac	ddress
BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.2	26, I caused a true copy thereof to
be transmitted, via facsimile, to the following number(s	s):
X BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to I	EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR Rule 9, I
caused a true copy thereof to be served via electroni	c mail, via Wiznet, to the following
e-mail address(es):	
Attorney for Plaintiff	
Service@KainenLawGroup.com	
Dated this 26 th day of August, 2020.	
LAW (PLLC	OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ,
Ne 37 La	nelley Lobritz, Esq evada Bar No. 5410 75 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104 as Vegas, Nevada 89119 torney for Plaintiff

PAGE 3 OF 3

ELECTRONICALLY SERVED 8/26/2020 3:10 PM

Electronically Filed 08/26/2020 3 10 PM

CLERK OF THE COURT

1	ORDR		
	Shelley Lubritz, Esq.		
2	Nevada Bar No. 005410		
3	LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC		
,	375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104		
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Telephone: (702) 833-1300		
5	Facsimile: (702) 442-9400		
6	E-mail: shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com		
7	Attorney for Plaintiff		
8	DAVID JOHN ROSE		
9			
10	CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT	COURT, FAMILY DIVISION	
11	CLARK COUN	ITY, NEVADA	
12			
13	DAVID JOHN ROSE,	Case No.: D-17-547250-D	
		Dept. No.: I	
14	Plaintiff,	Hearing Date:	
15	VS.	Hearing Time:	
16	SARAH JANEEN ROSE,		
17	Defendant		
18	ORDER SEA	ALING FILE	
19			
20	The Court being fully advised in the	e premises, pursuant to <i>Plaintiff's Ex Parte</i>	
21	Request to Seal File, and good cause appear	aring,	
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28	PAGE	1 OF 2	

APPX0581

1	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the file	in the above matter, pursuant to NR
2	125.110, be sealed.	
3	Dated this day of August, 2	020. Dated this 26th day of August, 2020
4		Dated this 20th day of August, 2020
5	-	DISTRICT COURT INDOOR AS
6		DISTRICT COURT JUDGE AF
7 8	Respectfully submitted:	DCB 412 9F2E A193 Cheryl B. Moss District Court Judge
9	LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC	District Court Judge
10	By: Stelley Lubrity	
11	Shelley Lobritz, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5410	
12	375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119	
13	Attorney for Plaintiff	
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20 21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		

1	CSEDV		
2	CSERV		
3	DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
4			
5			
6	David Rose, Plaintiff	CASE NO: D-17-547250-D	
7	VS.	DEPT. NO. Department I	
8	Sarah Rose, Defendant.		
9			
10	AUTOMATED	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
11	This automated certificate of se	ervice was generated by the Eighth Judicial District	
12	Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:		
13	Service Date: 8/26/2020		
14	Service Date: 8/20/2020		
15	"Regina M. McConnell, Esq.".	Regina@MLVegas.com	
16	Shelly Booth Cooley .	scooley@cooleylawlv.com	
17	Kimberly Glad	kglad@lipsonneilson.com	
18	Susana Nutt	snutt@lipsonneilson.com	
19	Debra Marquez	dmarquez@lipsonneilson.com	
20	Julie Funai	jfunai@lipsonneilson.com	
21	Racheal Mastel	Service@KainenLawGroup.com	
22	David Rose	daverose08@gmail.com	
23		<u> </u>	
24	Shelley Lubritz	shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com	
25			
26			
27			

Electronically Filed 9/4/2020 11:59 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1 **NEOJ** Shelley Lubritz, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 005410 LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC 3 375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104 4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Telephone: (702) 833-1300 5 Facsimile: (702) 442-9400 E-mail: shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com 6 7 Attorney for Plaintiff DAVID JOHN ROSE 8 9 CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT COURT, FAMILY DIVISION 10 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 DAVID JOHN ROSE, Case No.: D-17-547250-D 12 Dept. No.: I Plaintiff, 13 **Hearing Date:** 14 VS. Hearing Time: 15 SARAH JANEEN ROSE, 16 Defendant 17 18

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ENTRY OF AUGUST 6, 2020 MINUTE ORDER

TO: SARAH JANEEN ROSE, Defendant and

TO: RACHEAL MASTEL, ESQ., her attorney:

21

19

20

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

PAGE 1 OF 3

APPX0584

1	Please take notice that on August 6, 2020, a Minute Order was filed in the above
2	entitled matter, a copy of which is attached hereto.
3	Dated this 4 th day of September, 2020.
4	
5	LEGAL SERVICES ONE, LLC
6	By. Shelley & Writz, Esq.
7	Nevada Bar No. 5410
8	375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 10 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	PAGE 2 OF 3

1 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 2 I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 4th day of September, 2020, I caused to be served 3 the Notice of Entry of August 6, 2020 Minute Order to all interested parties as follows: 4 BY MAIL: Pursuant to NRCP S(b), I caused a true copy thereof to be placed 5 in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, postage fully prepaid thereon, addressed 6 7 as follows: 8 BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I caused a true copy thereof to be placed in the U.S. 9 Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, certified mail, return receipt requested, postage fully 10 paid thereon, addressed as follows: his last known address 11 BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I caused a true copy thereof to 12 13 be transmitted, via facsimile, to the following number(s): 14 BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR Rule 9, 15 caused a true copy thereof to be served via electronic mail, via Wiznet, to the following 16 e-mail address(es): 17 Attorney for Plaintiff 18 19 Service@KainenLawGroup.com 20 Dated this 4th day of September, 2020. 21 22 **PLLC** 23 24 25

26

27

28

LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ. Shellev Lubritz, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5410 375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorney for Plaintiff

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

D-17-547250-D David Rose, Plaintiff

COURT MINUTES

August 06, 2020

David Rose, Plaintiff

vs.

Sarah Rose, Defendant.

August 06, 2020 3:30 PM Minute Order

HEARD BY: Moss, Cheryl B. **COURTROOM:** Chambers

COURT CLERK: Blanca Madrigal

PARTIES:

Carson Rose, Subject Minor, not present

David Rose, Plaintiff, Counter Defendant, not Shelley Lubritz, Attorney, not present

present

David Rose, Subject Minor, not present

Lily Rose, Subject Minor, not present

Sarah Rose, Defendant, Counter Claimant, not Racheal Mastel, Attorney, not present

present

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- MINUTE ORDER ENTRY: NO HEARING HELD AND NO APPEARANCES

Judge Moss heard the matter on the record via Bluejeans with Attorney Lubritz and Attorney Mastel. No clients present.

Day 1 of trial commenced on 1/27/2020.

The stipulated Decree of Divorce was filed on April 11, 2018.

The Plaintiff's Motion to Set Aside was filed on 4/25/18. Defendant filed an Opposition to the Motion to Set Aside.

PRINT DATE:	08/06/2020	Page 1 of 3	Minutes Date:	August 06, 2020

An Evidentiary Hearing was set but continued several times until trial commenced on 1/27/2020. Day 2 of trial was continued a few times due to COVID and due to Judge Moss needing to quarantine.

Court stated it was available to conclude the last day of trial via Bluejeans. Per Administrative Court Order 20-17, trials are encouraged to proceed via alternative means.

Court advised counsel it had conducted a Bluejeans trial in another case earlier in the day, for a morning half day.

Court and counsel discussed the pros and cons and various concerns of conducting a trial by videoconferencing vs. in-person.

Attorney Lubritz requested to do trial via Bluejeans as the case has been pending for a long time, that Judge Moss has been on the case since its inception, and that there is only one day left to finish the trial. This case will likely be appealed by either side no matter the outcome of the trial court decision.

Attorney Mastel stated several concerns, including appellate record concerns, calls dropping, internet issues, not being able to see everything, not being able to effectively discuss with their clients not sitting next to them, etc., with Bluejeans trials.

At least for the rest of the year 2020, Judge Moss, Attorney Lubritz, and Attorney Mastel are unable to enter the court building due to underlying medical conditions, risk of exposure, and other health and safety concerns. Notably as well, Judge Moss's judicial term ends approximately around December 31, 2020 or a few days after.

Further, Attorney Mastel noted concerns with wearing masks and the trier of fact is unable to see facial demeanors and problems with hearing voices clearly through masks.

This trial is about whether to set aside a Decree of Divorce and the impact of the decision on a marital asset to wit: the Survivor Beneficiary Provision of Plaintiff David Rose's PERS police retirement. No child issues are involved.

Judge Moss stated it would issue the instant Court Minute Order and send a courtesy copy to the Chief Judge.

Judge Moss advised that Attorney Lubritz would have to file a Motion with the Chief Judge to decide if the trial should proceed via Bluejeans, and Attorney Mastel may file an Opposition.

PRINT DATE:	08/06/2020	Page 2 of 3	Minutes Date:	August 06, 2020
PRINT DATE:	08/06/2020	rage 2 of 3	Minutes Date:	August 06, 2020

IT IS ORDERED that the trial on August 13, 2020 shall be VACATED and the JEA shall file an Amended Order Setting Trial with a setting in early 2021 and serve both counsel electronically. If the Chief Judge directs trial via Bluejeans, the trial shall be placed back on calendar forthwith.

SO ORDERED.

INTERIM CONDITIONS:

FUTURE HEARINGS:

August 06, 2020 1:30 PM Status Check Moss, Cheryl B. Courtroom 13

Jimenez, Erica

August 13, 2020 9:00 AM Evidentiary Hearing

Moss, Cheryl B. Courtroom 13 Jimenez, Erica

August 13, 2020 9:00 AM Motion

Moss, Cheryl B. Courtroom 13 Jimenez, Erica

PRINT DATE:	08/06/2020	Page 3 of 3	Minutes Date:	August 06, 2020

Electronically Filed 9/4/2020 12:01 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

MREL

1

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

VS.

2 Shelley Lubritz, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5410

LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC

375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104

4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Telephone: (702) 833-1300 Facsimile: (702) 442-9400

E-mail: shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com

Attorney for Plaintiff DAVID JOHN ROSE

CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT COURT, FAMILY DIVISION

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DAVID JOHN ROSE.

Plaintiff,

SARAH JANEEN ROSE,

Defendant

Case No.: D-17-547250-D

Dept. No.: I

Hearing Date: Hearing Time:

ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED

"NOTICE: YOU ARE REQUIRED TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THIS MOTION WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT AND TO PROVIDE THE UNDERSIGNED WITH A COPY OF YOUR RESPONSE WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION. FAILURE TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION MAY RESULT IN THE REQUESTED RELIEF BEING GRANTED BY THE COURT WITHOUT HEARING PRIOR TO THE SCHEDULED HEARING DATE."

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER 20-17 AND FOR OTHER RELATED RELIEF

COMES NOW, Plaintiff, David John Rose, by and through his counsel, Shelley

Lubritz, Esq., of Law Office of Shelley Lubritz, Esq., and submits his Motion for Relief

Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and Other Related Relief.

PAGE 1 OF 18

APPX0590

Case Number: D-17-547250-D

This Motion is made and based upon the papers and pleadings on file herein, the attached Declaration of David John Rose, the Declaration of Shelley Lubritz, Esq. Pursuant to Eighth Judicial District Rule 5.501, and the attached Memorandum of Points and Authorities. Plaintiff respectfully requests his Motion be granted and that Chief Judge Linda Marie Bell, issue its Order as follows:

- 1. Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17, the evidentiary hearing which began on January 27, 2020, shall resume, via BlueJeans.
- 2. The Hon. Cheryl B. Moss may, at her discretion, re-set day 2 of the evidentiary hearing forthwith;
- 3. Plaintiff is awarded his reasonable attorney's fees and costs for having to file this Motion; and
- 4. For any such relief as the Court deems proper in the premises.

Dated this 4th day of September, 2020.

LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC

Nevada Bar No. 5410

375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Attorney for Plaintiff David John Rose

26

27

28

PAGE 2 OF 18

. Basis of the Underlying Motion

This motion is brought pursuant to the August 6, 2020, Minute Order issued by the Hon. Cheryl B. Moss, in *Rose v. Rose* (Case No. D-17-547250).¹ The August 6, 2020, Minute Order arose from a brief status check as to whether counsel for the parties would stipulate to conducting Day 2 of an evidentiary hearing via BlueJeans. In its Order, the Court set forth the facts as follows.

An Evidentiary Hearing was set but continued several times until trial commenced on 1/27/2020. Day 2 of trial was continued a few times due to COVID and due to Judge Moss needing to quarantine.

Court stated it was available to conclude the last day of trial via Bluejeans. Per Administrative Court Order 20-17, trials are encouraged to proceed via alternative means. [emphasis added].

Court advised counsel it had conducted a Bluejeans trial in another case earlier in the day, for a morning half day.

The Court, then, summed up counsels' positions on this issue,

Attorney Lubritz requested to do trial via Bluejeans as the case has been pending for a long time, that Judge Moss has been on the case since its inception, and that there is only one day left to finish the trial. This case will likely be appealed by either side no matter the outcome of the trial court decision.

Attorney Mastel stated several concerns, including appellate record concerns, calls dropping, internet issues, not being able to see everything, not being able to effectively discuss with their clients not sitting next to them, etc., with Bluejeans trials.

¹ A copy of the August 6, 2020, Minute Order is attached to the companion filing as **Exhibit "1"** and is, hereby, fully incorporated herein by reference.

* * *

1 2

Further, Attorney Mastel noted concerns with wearing masks and the trier of fact is unable to see facial demeanors and problems with hearing voices clearly through masks.

The Court concluded the Minute Order with the following remarks and subsequent Order.

Judge Moss advised that Attorney Lubritz would have to file a Motion with the Chief Judge to decide if the trial should proceed via Bluejeans, and Attorney Mastel may file an Opposition.

IT IS ORDERED that the trial on August 13, 2020 shall be VACATED and the JEA shall file an Amended Order Setting Trial with a setting in early 2021 and serve both counsel electronically. *If the Chief Judge directs trial via Bluejeans, the trial shall be placed back on calendar forthwith*. [emphasis added].

Plaintiff, respectfully, requests an Order from Chief Judge Linda Marie Bell, directing that the trial proceed via BlueJeans. Given the history of this case, it is just and equitable for Judge Moss to take the remaining testimony and evidence and issue a ruling prior to her retirement on December 31, 2020.

II. Background

On March 23, 2018, Plaintiff, David John Rose (hereinafter "David"), and Defendant, Sarah Janeen Rose (hereinafter "Sarah"), participated in a mediation presided over by Rhonda M. Forsberg, Esq. The mediation included, only, non-custodial issues. Attorney Forsberg drafted a *Memorandum of Understanding* (hereinafter "MOU") memorializing the terms of the parties' agreement. Both parties and their respective counsel signed the MOU while at Attorney Forsberg's office.

26

27

28

At the time of the mediation, David was employed by the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department (hereinafter "LVMPD") and was a member of the LVMPD Publid Employee Retirement System (hereinafter "PERS"). The Nevada Supreme Court has long held that a PERS pension is a community property asset to be divided upon divorce. As set forth in the MOU, Sarah was entitled to receive, "Her interest in [David's] PERS pursuant to Gemma v. Gemma." [emphasis in original]

In accordance with Nevada law, at the time of the mediation² a survivor benefits to a PERS pension, was not community property and an employee-member could not be forced to name a survivor beneficiary until retirement, if he or she chose to name one at all. While the issue of survivor benefits was addressed at the mediation, the parties did not reach an agreement. Accordingly survivor benefits were not included in the MOU and should not have been written into the Decree of Divorce (hereinafter "Decree").

The Decree was drafted after the mediation on March 23, 2018. The parties and their respective counsel signed the Decree that day. It was filed with the Clerk of the Court and entered on April 11, 2018. A term, not contained in the MOU, and never agreed upon by David, was added to the Decree awarding Sarah,

> One-half of the community portion, as defined within Nevada law as articulated in Gemma v. Fondi, 105 Nev. 458 (1989), and Fondi v. Fondi, 106 Nev. 856 (1990), in DAVID JOHN ROSE's Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada Pension benefits, said pension benefits to be divided pursuant to a Qualified Domestic Relations Order ("QDRO"), based upon a selection of Option 2 being made at the time of retirement so as to name

² In its most recent decision on the issue, the Nevada Supreme Court did not rule that survivor benefits are an asset of the community. Peterson v. Peterson, S.C. No.: 77478. **PAGE 5 OF 18**

SARAH JANEEN ROSE as the irrevocable survivor beneficiary of DAVID JOHN ROSE' pension benefits upon death, to divide said retirement account. [emphasis in original].

On April 25, 2018, fourteen (14) days later, Regina McConnell, Esq., David's former attorney, filed a *Motion to Set Aside the Paragraph Regarding Survivor Benefits in the Decree of Divorce Based upon Mistake* and acknowledged she "missed" the inclusion of the above-stated term. The net issue to be determined by Judge Moss at the conclusion of the evidentiary hearing is whether the paragraph in the Decree, awarding Sarah survivor benefits to David's PERS shall be confirmed or whether the provision shall be set aside. One factor in Judge Moss's decision will, necessarily, require a determination as to why the disputed term was included in the Decree.

As this Honorable Court understands, the issue is polarizing and may be emotional; however, this Motion is not the forum for arguing the facts in dispute. The undersigned, intentionally, drafted the facts of the foregoing Motion in a neutral tenor for that very reason. The purpose of this Motion, is to seek a decision from the Hon. Chief Judge Bell as to whether day 2 of the evidentiary hearing may proceed, via BlueJeans, pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17.

III. Factual Statement

As set forth below, in detail, with one exception³, Judge Moss has heard every motion filed in this matter. She has made every ruling, presided over every settlement conference, and heard all testimony given on Day 1 of the January 27, 2020, evidentiary

³ Senior Judge Kathy Hardcastle heard and granted Plaintiff's request to set aside the provision naming Sarah as the Survivor Beneficiary.

hearing. As is her pattern and practice, Judge Moss took copious notes during the testimony. Ms. McConnell's Motion was filed more than 28 months ago. Setting the second day of trial in 2021, more than one year after the first day of trial, to be heard by a Judge who has no experience with the case, is neither equitable nor just. Even a cursory review of the documents filed, the recorded hearings, and the first day of trial will take weeks to months. Respectfully, David is entitled to a final resolution of the issues before Judge Moss retires at the end of 2020. What follows, below, is a timeline of the motions heard and ruled on by Judge Moss and other relevant pleadings.

Relevant Procedural History

- 1			
	2/27/17:	Complaint for Divorce filed;	
	9/26/17:	Answer and Counterclaim filed;	
	10/30/17:	Stipulated Parenting Plan filed;	
	3/23/18:	Memorandum of Understanding signed by parties and their respective counsel;	
	4/11/18:	Stipulated Decree of Divorce and Notice of Entry of Decree filed;	
	4/25/18:	Motion to Set Aside the Paragraph Regarding Survivor Benefits in the Decree of Divorce Based upon Mistake filed;	
	5/10/18:	Defendant's Opposition to Motion to Set Aside the Paragraph Regarding Survivor Benefits in the Decree of Divorce Based upon Mistake filed;	
	8/28/18:	Motion granted by the Hon. Kathy A. Hardcastle;	
	9/25/18:	Order after Hearing filed;	
	10/1/18:	Notice of Entry of Order and Withdrawal of Counsel filed by Defendant's counsel;	
	10/9/18:	Defendant's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment, or in the Alternative for New Trial Pursuant to NRCP 59(a)(7) and for Attorney's Fees and Costs filed by Kainen Law Group;	

1	10/9/18:	Statement of Legal Aid Representation and Fee Waiver filed on behalf of Defendant;
2		
3	10/24/18:	Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment, or in the Alternative for a New Trial Pursuant to NRCP 59(a)(7) and for Attorney's
5		Fees and Costs; Plaintiff's Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs filed;
6	10/30/18:	Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Alter or Amend
7		Judgment, or in the Alternative for a New Trial Pursuant to NRCP 59(a)(7) and for Attorney's Fees and Costs and Opposition to Plaintiff's Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs filed;
8		Countermetter reterritory or coo una coole moa,
9	11/6/18:	Motion granted by the Hon. Cheryl B. Moss;
10	1/16/19:	Order from Hearing on November 6, 2018, filed;
11	1/17/19:	Notice of Entry of Order filed;
12	1/22/19:	Supplemental Filing filed;
14	1/29/19:	Status Check re: Expert;
15	3/19/19:	Status Check;
16 17	4/28/19: 5/8/19:	Substitution of Attorney (Shelley Lubritz, Esq. on behalf of Plaintiff) filed; Plaintiff's Motion to Enforce Memorandum of Understanding and for Attorney's Fees filed;
18	5/00/40	
19	5/22/19:	Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Enforce Memorandum of Understanding and for Attorney's Fees and Countermotion for Attorney's
20		Fees and Costs filed;
21	5/24/19:	Stipulation and Order to Continue Evidentiary Hearing (First Request) and Other Deadlines, request made by Kainen Law Group due to unavailability
22		of Racheal Mastel, Esq., filed;
23	5/30/19:	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Continue Evidentiary Hearing
24		(First Request) and Other Deadlines filed;
25	6/2/19:	Plaintiff's Reply to Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Enforce
26		Memorandum of Understanding and for Attorney's Fees and Opposition to Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs filed;
27		
28		PAGE 8 OF 18

1 2	6/18/19:	Motion denied by the Hon. Cheryl B. Moss and Evidentiary date confirmed;
3	9/5/19:	Plaintiff's Motion in Limine to Preclude Testimony of Marshal S. Willick, Esq. and to Preclude Admission of his December 20, 2018 Report filed;
5	9/9/19:	Order from Hearing on June 18, 2019 and Notice of Entry of Order of Order from Hearing on June 18, 2019 filed;
6 7 8	9/19/19:	Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion in Limine to Preclude Testimony of Marshal S. Willick, Esq. and to Preclude Admission of his December 20, 2018 Report and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs filed;
9 10 11	10/7/19:	Plaintiff's Reply to Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion in Limine to Preclude Testimony of Marshal S. Willick, Esq. and to Preclude Admission of his December 20, 2018 Report and Opposition to Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs filed;
12 13 14	10/23/19: 1/13/20:	Motion granted, in part, and denied, in part, by the Hon. Cheryl B. Moss; Order from Hearing on October 23, 2019 and Notice of Entry of Order from Hearing on October 23, 2019, filed;
15 16	1/15/20:	Defendant's Motion to Continue Trial (First Request) [sic], second request made by Kainen Law Group due to unavailability of Racheal Mastel, Esq., filed;
17	1/15/20:	Defendant's Ex Parte Motion for Order Shortening Time filed;
18 19	1/22/20:	Ex Parte Order filed (no Notice of Entry of Ex Parte Order filed);
20	1/23/20:	Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Continue Trial (First Request) [sic] and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs filed;
21	1/27/20:	Motion denied by the Hon. Cheryl B. Moss;
22	1/27/20:	Day 1 of the evidentiary hearing;
23	3/10/20:	Settlement conference presided over by the Hon. Cheryl B. Moss;
24	4/8/20:	Minute Order filed;
25 26	4/10/20:	Order Setting Evidentiary Hearing filed;
27	4/14/20:	Minutes - Settlement Conference filed;
28		PAGE 9 OF 18

1	5/21/20:	Notice of Entry of April 8, 2020 Minute Order filed;	
2 3	6/3/20:	Motion to Amend or Add Additional Findings Pursuant to NRCP 52, 05, Alternatively, Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 60(b)(6) filed;	
4	6/11/20:	Ex Parte Application for Order Shortening Time filed;	
5	6/16/20:	Order Shortening Time filed;	
7	6/18/20:	Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Amend or Add Additional Findings Pursuant to NRCP 52, 05, Alternatively, Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 60(b)(6) and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and	
8		Costs;	
9	6/26/20:	Minute Order filed;	
11	7/7/20:	Hearing	
12	7/10/20	Order from Hearing on February 27, 2020 filed;	
13	7/13/20:	Notice of Entry of Order from February 27, 2020 filed;	
14	8/6/20:	Minute Order filed; and	
15 16 17	8/13/20:	Evidentiary hearing vacated and Motion to Amend or Add Additional Findings Pursuant to NRCP 52, 05, Alternatively, Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 60(b)(6) vacated.	
18	Based upon the foregoing, David requests that Chief Judge Bell issue an Or		
19	allowing Judge Moss to proceed, at her discretion, with day 2 of the evidentiary hearing		
20	via BlueJear	ns.	
21	III. Legal	Argument	
22		ne 1, 2020, Chief Judge Linda Marie Bell of the Eighth Judicial District Court	
23			
24	and Chief Justice Kristina Pickering of the Nevada Supreme Court, executed and entered		
25	Administrativ	ve Order 20 – 17. It is this Order to which David cites in support of the instant	
26	Motion,		
27			
28		PAGE 10 OF 18	

27

28

Following the March 2, 2020, Declaration of Emergency, the District Court, in consultation with the Nevada Supreme Court, concurred with the Governor and exercised its ministerial judicial powers. The District Court entered Administrative Orders 20-01 through 20-14 and 20-16 on an emergency basis. These Orders changed Court procedures to minimize person-to-person contact and mitigate the risk associated with the COVID-19 pandemic, while continuing to provide essential Court services.

Since March 12, 2020, the Governor has reopened essential and non-essential businesses with certain protections in place. As our State enters Phase 2 of recovery, in order to ensure access to justice and to prevent an excessive backlog of cases, the District Court will begin hearing all cases. At the same time, the safety of the public and Court staff remains a priority. This order, entered jointly with the Chief Justice of the Nevada Supreme Court provides for continued extensive use of alternative means appearances, social distancing protocols, and mask-wearing to allow the business of the Court to go forward safely. [emphasis added]

Page 2, lines 16 – 28

Once the authority to begin hearing cases was granted to the District Court, Chief Judge Bell and Chief Justice Pickering set forth the manner in which cases shall be heard. More specifically, Administrative Order 20-17 sets forth the methods of appearances:

Appearances by Alternative Means

During this time, due to restrictions on the entrants to the Court facilities and to reduce the potential for spread of infection, appearances by alternative means are strongly encouraged whenever possible. This includes all case types. Unless exceptional circumstances exist, District Court Judges should accommodate requests to appear by alternative means for any attorney, party or witness who is considered a vulnerable person under Governor's Directive 21§5. This includes persons who are over 65, pregnant, or suffering from an underlying health condition.

The District Court has four methods of appearance by alternative means: videoconference through BlueJeans,

PAGE 11 OF 18

telephone conference through BlueJeans, regular telephone, and CourtCall. Since Courtcall involves a cost to the litigants, no party may be required to use CourtCall at this time. Use of BlueJeans is strongly favored given the number of people the system can accommodate and its compatibility with the JAVS system. Video is also favored as it aids communication and produces a better record. [emphasis added]

P. 5, lines 18 – 28

In the August 6, 2020, Minute Order, Judge Moss acknowledged the concerns of counsel and herself regarding entering the Family Court building,

At least for the rest of the year 2020, Judge Moss, Attorney Lubritz, and Attorney Mastel are unable to enter the court building due to underlying medical conditions, risk of exposure, and other health and safety concerns. Notably as well, Judge Moss's judicial term ends approximately around December 31, 2020 or a few days after. [emphasis added]

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Attorney Mastel would not stipulate to conducting day 2 of the evidentiary hearing via alternative means, such as BlueJeans. Her concerns, as detailed by Judge Moss in the August 6, 2020, Order, do not rise to a level that would separate this case from any other being conducted using BlueJeans. Rather, Attorney Mastel's "concerns with wearing masks and the trier of fact is unable to see facial demeanors and problems with hearing vices clearly through masks" supports David's request that the case proceed through alternative means.

Attorney Obligations

Attorneys, as officers of the Court, have ethical obligations for cooperative civility under normal circumstances. This Court, under the present circumstances, *reminds attorneys that they have an obligation to cooperate with the Courts* and one another as we all navigate these challenging circumstances. *This is not the time to press for*

PAGE 12 OF 18

unwarranted tactical advantages, unreasonably deny continuances or other accommodations, or otherwise take advantage of the challenges presented due to the current pandemic. Lawyers are expected to be civil, professional, and understanding of their colleagues, parties and witnesses who are ill or otherwise unable to meet obligations because of the current restrictions. [emphasis added].

P. 9, lines 14 – 22

Attorney Mastel's refusal to move forward with the evidentiary hearing, absent an Order of the Court, could be perceived as an effort to achieve a tactical advantage. Given the fact that Judge Moss retires at the end of the year, it might also be perceived as forum-shopping. Either way, such refusal is averse to the letter and spirit of Administrative Order 20-17.

Hearings

Evidentiary hearings should go forward when possible. Appearances by witnesses parties, and lawyers should be by alternative means unless the District Court Judge finds that personal appearance by an individual is necessary to the proceeding. To the extent possible exhibits should be produced, displayed, and admitted in an electronic format. P. 12, lines 12 and 19-22

Given that no argument was made at the August 6, 2020, status check, as to why day 2 of the evidentiary hearing should not proceed via BlueJeans, and, given that Judge Moss is willing and able to calendar Day 2, forthwith, David respectfully requests that the Court issue an Order directing Judge Moss to resume the evidentiary hearing via BlueJeans pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17.

Attorney's Fees

Fees should be awarded to David for this having to file this Motion as a result of Ms. Mastel's noncompliance with the spirit and letter of Administrative Order 20-17.

PAGE 13 OF 18

28 || .

The Nevada Supreme Court adopted four factors which, in addition to hourly time schedules kept by an attorney, are to be considered in determining the reasonable value of an attorney's services. *Brunzell v. Golden Gate National Bank*, 85 Nev. 345, 349, 455 P.2d 31, 33 (1969). The factors the Court must consider are "(1) the qualities of the advocate: his ability, his training, education, experience, professional standing and skill; (2) the character of the work to be done: its difficulty, its intricacy, its importance, time and skill required, the responsibility imposed and the prominence and character of the parties where they affect the importance of the litigation; (3) the work actually performed by the lawyer: the skill, time, and attention given to the work; and (4) the result: whether the work performed by the lawyer was successful and what benefits were derived."

The qualities of the advocate:

The undersigned is well-experienced in domestic relations law having spent the majority of her 20+ years, as a licensed Nevada attorney, in this field and is in good standing with the State Bar of Nevada. The undersigned also served as a Nevada Deputy Attorney General and a Special Assistant United States Attorney for the District of Columbia.

The character of the work to be done:

The work in this matter work requires something more than a passing knowledge of domestic relations law.

The work actually performed by the lawyer:

All work conducted in this case has been performed by the undersigned at a significantly reduced hourly rate.

PAGE 14 OF 18

The result:

Plaintiff believes he will prevail on the underlying Motion.

IV. Conclusion

WHEREFORE, based upon the foregoing, Plaintiff, David Rose respectfully requests that:

- 1. Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17, the evidentiary hearing which began on January 27, 2020, shall resume, via BlueJeans.
- 2. The Hon. Cheryl B. Moss may, at her discretion, re-set day 2 of the evidentiary hearing forthwith;
- 3. Plaintiff is awarded his reasonable attorney's fees and costs for having to file this Motion; and
- For any such relief as the Court deems proper in the premises.
 Dated this 4th day of September, 2020.

LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC

By: Shelley Lubritz, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 5410

375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Attorney for Plaintiff

DECLARATION OF DAVID JOHN ROSE

David John Rose does hereby declare, pursuant to NRS 53.045 and the laws of the State of Nevada, as follows:

- 1. I am the Plaintiff in Case No. D-17-547250-D.
- 2. I have read *Motion for Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and Other Related Relief* and the facts contained therein are true and correct to the best of my knowledge except as to those matters stated upon information and belief and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

Further your declarant sayeth naught.

Dated this 4th day of September, 2020.

David John Rose

DECLARATION OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, ESQ. PURSUANT TO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT RULE 5.501

Shelley Lubritz, Esq. does hereby declare, pursuant to NRS 53.045 and the laws of the State of Nevada, as follows:

- 1. I am a duly licensed attorney in the State of Nevada. I maintain an office at 375 East Warm Springs Road, Suite 104, Las Vegas, Nevada 89119. I was retained by Plaintiff, David John Rose, to represent him in Case No. D-17-547250-D.
- 2. In accordance with EDCR 5.501, on August 31, 2020, I served Racheal Mastel, Esq. with an EDCR 5.501 letter via Odyssey⁴ in an effort to resolve the issues set forth, above, prior to filing this Motion.
- Ms. Mastel was given a deadline of September 1, 2020, to respond to the letter.
- 4. It is three (3) days past the deadline and no response to the August 31, 2020, letter has been received.
 - 5. I have complied, fully, with the requirements of EDCR 5.501. Further your declarant sayeth naught.

Dated this 4th day of September, 2020.

Shelley Labritz, Esq

⁴ A copy of the August 31, 2020, letter is attached to the companion filing as **Exhibit "2"** and is, hereby, fully incorporated herein by reference.

PAGE 17 OF 18

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 4 th day of September, 2020, I caused to be served
the Motion for Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and Other Related Relief to
all interested parties as follows:
BY MAIL: Pursuant to NRCP S(b), I caused a true copy thereof to be placed
in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, postage fully prepaid thereon, addressed
as follows:
BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I caused a true copy thereof to be placed in the U.S
Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, certified mail, return receipt requested, postage fully
paid thereon, addressed as follows:
BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I caused a true copy thereof to
be transmitted, via facsimile, to the following number(s):
X BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR Rule 9,
caused a true copy thereof to be served via electronic mail, via Wiznet, to the following
e-mail address(es):
Attorney for Defendant
Service@KainenLawGroup.com
Dated this 4 th day of September, 2020.
LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC
By: Stelley Labritz, Esq Shelley Labritz, Esq Nevada Bar No. 5410 375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorney for Plaintiff

PAGE **18** OF **18**

9/4/2020 12:07 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

Electronically Filed

EXHS

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

2 Shelley Lubritz, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5410

|| LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC

375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Telephone: (702) 833-1300 Facsimile: (702) 442-9400

E-mail: shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com

Attorney for Plaintiff DAVID JOHN ROSE

CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT COURT, FAMILY DIVISION

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DAVID JOHN ROSE.

Plaintiff,

vs.

SARAH JANEEN ROSE,

Defendant

Case No.: D-17-547250-D

Dept. No.: I

Hearing Date: Hearing Time:

ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED

EXHIBIT APPENDIX IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR RELIEF PURSANT TO ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER 20-17 AND OTHER RELATED RELIEF

COMES NOW, Plaintiff, David John Rose, by and through his counsel, Shelley Lubritz, Esq., of the Law Office of Shelley Lubritz, PLLC and hereby submits his Exhibits in support of *Motion for Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and Other Related Relief*.

25 | . .

26

27 || •

28

PAGE 1 OF 3

APPX0608

Case Number: D-17-547250-D

- 1. August 6, 2020 Minute Order; and
- EDCR 5.501 letter to Racheal Mastel re: appearance by alternative means.
 Dated this 4th day of September, 2020.

LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC

Shelley Labritz, Esq

Nevada Bar No. 5410

375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Attorney for Plaintiff David John Rose

Exhibit "1"

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Divorce - Complaint COURT MINUTES August 06, 2020

D-17-547250-D David Rose, Plaintiff

vs.

Sarah Rose, Defendant.

August 06, 2020 3:30 PM Minute Order

HEARD BY: Moss, Cheryl B. **COURTROOM:** Chambers

COURT CLERK: Blanca Madrigal

PARTIES:

Carson Rose, Subject Minor, not present

David Rose, Plaintiff, Counter Defendant, not Shelley Lubritz, Attorney, not present

present

David Rose, Subject Minor, not present

Lily Rose, Subject Minor, not present

Sarah Rose, Defendant, Counter Claimant, not Racheal Mastel, Attorney, not present

present

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- MINUTE ORDER ENTRY: NO HEARING HELD AND NO APPEARANCES

Judge Moss heard the matter on the record via Bluejeans with Attorney Lubritz and Attorney Mastel. No clients present.

Day 1 of trial commenced on 1/27/2020.

The stipulated Decree of Divorce was filed on April 11, 2018.

The Plaintiff's Motion to Set Aside was filed on 4/25/18. Defendant filed an Opposition to the Motion to Set Aside.

PRINT DATE:	08/06/2020	Page 1 of 3	Minutes Date:	August 06, 2020

An Evidentiary Hearing was set but continued several times until trial commenced on 1/27/2020. Day 2 of trial was continued a few times due to COVID and due to Judge Moss needing to quarantine.

Court stated it was available to conclude the last day of trial via Bluejeans. Per Administrative Court Order 20-17, trials are encouraged to proceed via alternative means.

Court advised counsel it had conducted a Bluejeans trial in another case earlier in the day, for a morning half day.

Court and counsel discussed the pros and cons and various concerns of conducting a trial by videoconferencing vs. in-person.

Attorney Lubritz requested to do trial via Bluejeans as the case has been pending for a long time, that Judge Moss has been on the case since its inception, and that there is only one day left to finish the trial. This case will likely be appealed by either side no matter the outcome of the trial court decision.

Attorney Mastel stated several concerns, including appellate record concerns, calls dropping, internet issues, not being able to see everything, not being able to effectively discuss with their clients not sitting next to them, etc., with Bluejeans trials.

At least for the rest of the year 2020, Judge Moss, Attorney Lubritz, and Attorney Mastel are unable to enter the court building due to underlying medical conditions, risk of exposure, and other health and safety concerns. Notably as well, Judge Moss's judicial term ends approximately around December 31, 2020 or a few days after.

Further, Attorney Mastel noted concerns with wearing masks and the trier of fact is unable to see facial demeanors and problems with hearing voices clearly through masks.

This trial is about whether to set aside a Decree of Divorce and the impact of the decision on a marital asset to wit: the Survivor Beneficiary Provision of Plaintiff David Rose's PERS police retirement. No child issues are involved.

Judge Moss stated it would issue the instant Court Minute Order and send a courtesy copy to the Chief Judge.

Judge Moss advised that Attorney Lubritz would have to file a Motion with the Chief Judge to decide if the trial should proceed via Bluejeans, and Attorney Mastel may file an Opposition.

PRINT DATE:	08/06/2020	Page 2 of 3	Minutes Date:	August 06, 2020
PRINT DATE:	08/06/2020	rage 2 of 3	Minutes Date:	August 06, 2020

IT IS ORDERED that the trial on August 13, 2020 shall be VACATED and the JEA shall file an Amended Order Setting Trial with a setting in early 2021 and serve both counsel electronically. If the Chief Judge directs trial via Bluejeans, the trial shall be placed back on calendar forthwith.

SO ORDERED.

INTERIM CONDITIONS:

FUTURE HEARINGS:

August 06, 2020 1:30 PM Status Check Moss, Cheryl B. Courtroom 13

Jimenez, Erica

August 13, 2020 9:00 AM Evidentiary Hearing

Moss, Cheryl B. Courtroom 13 Jimenez, Erica

August 13, 2020 9:00 AM Motion

Moss, Cheryl B. Courtroom 13 Jimenez, Erica

PRINT DATE:	08/06/2020	Page 3 of 3	Minutes Date:	August 06, 2020

Exhibit "2"

ELECTRONICALLY SERVED 8/31/2020 10:13 AM



August 31, 2020

Via E-mail: Service@KainenLawGroup.com

Racheal H. Mastel, Esq. Kainen Law Group, PLLC 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129

Re: Rose v. Rose (Case No. D-17-547250-D)

Dear Ms. Mastel.

Attached, please find a copy of my August 13, 2020, letter to you. Apparently, it was never served. The *Motion for Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and Other Related Relief* is drafted. Please respond to the attached letter by 5:00 p.m. on Tuesday, September 1, 2020.

If you fail to respond or if you do not consent to the use of alternative means, via BlueJeans, so the evidentiary hearing can proceed, then the Motion above referenced Motion will be filed.

Your attention to this matter is appreciated.

Regards,

SL/

cc: Dave Rose

Enclosure as stated



August 13, 2020

Via E-mail: Service@KainenLawGroup.com

Racheal H. Mastel, Esq. Kainen Law Group, PLLC 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129

Re: Rose v. Rose (Case No. D-17-547250-D)

Dear Ms. Mastel.

This letter is written, pursuant to EDCR 5.501, in an effort to resolve a dispute prior to the filing of a motion for relief. At the August 6, 2020, status check, the "Court stated it was prepared to conclude the last day of trial, set for August 13, 2020 via Bluejeans." See, the attached August 6, 2020 Minute Order.

Because you opposed the use of alternative means, the evidentiary hearing was continued. Accordingly, I am, now, compelled to prepare a Motion requesting an Order from Chief Judge Bell that allows the evidentiary hearing to proceed in a manner consistent with Administrative Order 20-17. Administrative Order 20-17 was entered on the 1st day of June, 2020 by Chief Judge Bell and Chief Justice Pickering.

I believe your statements, during the August 6, 2020 status check, opposing the use of alternative means to complete the evidentiary hearing are inconsistent with the letter and the spirit of Administrative Order 20-16. Specifically, "Ms. Mastel stated several concerns, including appellate record concerns, calls dropping, internet issues, not being able to see everything, not being able to effectively discuss with their clients not sitting next to them, etc. with Bluejeans trials." See, the August 6, 2020 Minute Order.

At the status check, you "noted concerns with wearing masks and the trier of fact is unable to see facial demeanors and problems with hearing voices clearly through masks. See, the August 6, 2020 Minute Order. This argument supports the use of alternative means, not your opposition to it.

Racheal Mastel, Esq. August 13, 2020 Page 2

Accordingly, I make this final request that you stipulate to the use of alternative means so that the evidentiary hearing may proceed. Please advise as to your position no later than 4:00 p.m. on Friday, August 14, 2020. If you choose to ignore this request or do not consent to the use of alternative means so the evidentiary can proceed, then a motion will be filed and an award of attorney's fees sought.

Regards,

SL/

cc: Dave Rose

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 4 th day of September, 2020, I caused to be served
the Exhibit Appendix in Support of Motion for Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20
17 and Other Related Relief to all interested parties as follows:
BY MAIL: Pursuant to NRCP S(b), I caused a true copy thereof to be placed
in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, postage fully prepaid thereon, addressed
as follows:
BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I caused a true copy thereof to be placed in the U.S
Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, certified mail, return receipt requested, postage fully
paid thereon, addressed as follows:
BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I caused a true copy thereof to
be transmitted, via facsimile, to the following number(s):
X BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR Rule 9,
caused a true copy thereof to be served via electronic mail, via Wiznet, to the following
e-mail address(es):
Attorney for Defendant
Service@KainenLawGroup.com
Dated this 4 th day of September, 2020.
LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC
By: Shelley Lubritz Esq. Shelley Lubritz Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5410 375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorney for Plaintiff PAGE 3 OF 3

1 2			RICT COURT OUNTY, NEVADA ****	Electronically Filed 9/4/2020 5:21 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COU	
3	David Dage D	lointiff	Casa No. D 17.5	(47250 D	
4	David Rose, P vs.	ıamım	Case No.: D-17-547250-D		
5	Sarah Rose, Defendant.		Department I		
6	NOTICE OF HE PING				
7	NOTICE OF HEARING				
	Please be advised that the Pltf's Motion for Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order				
8	20-17 and Other Related Relief in the above-entitled matter is set for hearing as follows:				
9	Date:	-			
10	Time:	9:30 AM			
11	Location: Courtroom 13 Family Courts and Services Center 601 N. Pecos Road				
12					
13		Las Vegas, NV 89101			
14	NOTE: Under NEFCR 9(d), if a party is not receiving electronic service through the				
15	Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Filing System, the movant requesting a				
16	hearing must serve this notice on the party by traditional means.				
17	STEVEN D. GRIERSON, CEO/Clerk of the Court				
18		SIE	VEN D. GRIEKSON, CEO	Clerk of the Court	
19	By: /s/ Tonya Mulvenon				
20	Deputy Clerk of the Court				
21	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE				
22	I hereby certify that pursuant to Rule 9(b) of the Nevada Electronic Filing and Conversion				
	Rules a copy	of this Notice of Hearing was electronically served to all registered users on			
23	this case in the Digital stational District Court Discourt Freedome 1 ming System.				
24		Dev. /a/Too	ava Malaanan		
25			nya Mulvenon y Clerk of the Court		
26		-			

APPX0619

Case Number: D-17-547250-D

27

28

Electronically Filed 9/18/2020 5:17 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

SUPP

1

3

5

6

7

8

Shelley Lubritz, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5410

LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC

375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104

4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Telephone: (702) 833-1300 Facsimile: (702) 442-9400

E-mail: shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com

Attorney for Plaintiff David John Rose

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT COURT, FAMILY DIVISION

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DAVID JOHN ROSE, 12

Case No.: D-17-547250-D

Plaintiff,

Dept. No.: I

VS.

Hearing Date: Hearing Time:

SARAH JANEEN ROSE.

Defendant

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24 25

26

27

28

SUPPLEMENTAL POINTS AND AUTHORITIES TO PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S EX PARTE MOTION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE OPPOSITION

AND

COUNTERMOTION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS

COMES NOW, Plaintiff, David John Rose, by and through his counsel, Shelley Lubritz, Esq., and submits his Supplemental Points and Authorities to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Ex Parte Motion for Extension of Time to File an Opposition and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs. This Supplemental Opposition is made

PAGE 1 OF 8

APPX0620

Case Number: D-17-547250-D

and based upon the papers and pleadings on file herein, the attached Declaration of Shelley Lubritz, Esq., and the attached Memorandum of Points and Authorities

Plaintiff respectfully requests this honorable Court issue its order and findings as follows:

- 1. No basis exists for Ms. Mastel to have filed Defendant's Ex Parte Motion for an Extension of Time to File Opposition on an ex parte basis;
- 2. Defendant cited no caselaw or other legal authority in *Defendant's Ex Parte* Motion for an Extension of Time to File Opposition in violation of EDCR 2.20(f);
- Defendant's Ex Parte Motion for an Extension of Time to File Opposition is denied as non-meritorious;
- Ms. Mastel failed to attach a Declaration Pursuant to EDCR 5.501 either. stating her good faith efforts to attempt resolution or why such attempts would be futile:
- 5. Plaintiff is entitled to an award of attorney's fees and costs pursuant to EDCR 5.501 and 7.60; and
- 6. Any other orders this honorable Court deems just and proper in the premises. Dated this 18th day of September, 2020.

LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ. **PLLC**

Shellev Lubritz. Eso:

Nevada Bar No. 5410

375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorney for Plaintiff

PAGE 2 OF 8

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. Statement of Facts and Law

On September 18, 2020, at 2:51 p.m., Defendant's counsel, Racheal Mastel, Esq., filed an *Ex Parte Motion to Extend the Time to File an Opposition* to *Plaintiff's Motion for Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and Other Related Relief.* Defendant's Opposition is due, today, September 18, 2020. The Motion was filed on the eve of Rosh Hashanah just as the undersigned would be preparing for one of the two most holy days in Judaism; thereby, causing the undersigned to be late attending religious services with her family.

Counsel set forth in the motion that she did not want to file an opposition because she is representing the Defendant pro bono. Yet, every Opposition filed by Ms. Mastel in this matter requests attorney's fees and sets forth law which states that she is entitled to attorney's fees despite her pro bono representation.

Plaintiff's motion was filed pursuant to this Court's August 6, 2020, Minute Order. As this Court will recall, the August 6, 2020, Minute Order arose from a brief status check as to whether counsel for the parties would stipulate to conducting Day 2 of an evidentiary hearing via BlueJeans. In its Order, the Court concluded its Order with the following remarks and subsequent Order,

Judge Moss advised that Attorney Lubritz would have to file a Motion with the Chief Judge to decide if the trial should proceed via Bluejeans, and Attorney Mastel may file an Opposition.

IT IS ORDERED that the trial on August 13, 2020 shall be VACATED and the JEA shall file an Amended Order Setting Trial with a setting in early 2021 and serve both counsel electronically. *If the Chief Judge directs trial via Bluejeans,*

PAGE 3 OF 8

11

15 16

17

18 19

20

21 22

23

24

25 26

27

28

the trial shall be placed back on calendar forthwith. [emphasis added].

An appearance of impropriety is present as a result of the manner in which Defendant's motion was filed. It was filed without regard to Nevada's laws and rules of procedure and, as if, Defendant expected the order to be rubberstamped.

No basis exists for the motion to have been filed, ex parte. The motion is supported neither in fact nor in law. The motion was filed on a Friday afternoon and on the day that the opposition is due, the undersigned was compelled to stop all other work and file an opposition in an effort to prevent Defendant's motion from being granted on an ex parte basis without objection or an opportunity for Plaintiff to be heard. The motion should be denied summarily.

Ms. Mastel's Motion is Devoid of Any Legal Authority

Conspicuously absent from Ms. Mastel's ex parte motion, is a single citation in support of her claims. She cited no caselaw, no statutes, and no other legal authority. Accordingly, this Court may make an adverse presumption that the failure to comply with EDCR 2.20(c) is an admission that the ex parte motion is non-meritorious. The same should be denied. Rule 2.20(c) states, in pertinent part, as follows:

> (c) A party filing a motion must also serve and file with it a memorandum of points and authorities in support of each ground thereof. The absence of such memorandum may be construed as an admission that the motion is not meritorious, as cause for its denial or as a waiver of all grounds not so supported.

[Emphasis added].

PAGE 4 OF 8

Plaintiff is Entitled to as Award of Attorney's Fees and Costs

Rule 2.20(f) of the local rules of practice, gives this Court the authority to decline consideration of the Motion. EDCR 2.20(f) states, in pertinent part, as follows:

(i) A memorandum of points and authorities that consists of bare citations to statutes, rules, or case authority does not comply with this rule and the court may decline to consider it. Supplemental briefs will only be permitted if filed within the original time limitations of paragraphs (d), (e), or (g), or by order of the court.

[Emphasis added].

In accordance with the foregoing, Plaintiff requests that the Court exercise its discretion and decline to consider Defendant's motion.

Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court grant his Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs. EDCR 7.60 states, in pertinent part, as follows:

- (b) The court may, after notice and an opportunity to be heard, impose upon an attorney or a party any and all sanctions which may, under the facts of the case, be reasonable, including the imposition of fines, costs or attorney's fees when an attorney or a party without just cause:
- (1) Presents to the court a motion or an opposition to a motion which is obviously frivolous, unnecessary or unwarranted.
- (2) Fails to prepare for a presentation.
- (3) So multiplies the proceedings in a case as to increase costs unreasonably and vexatiously.
- (4) Fails or refuses to comply with these rules.
- (5) Fails or refuses to comply with any order of a judge of the court.

PAGE 5 OF 8

Plaintiff respectfully asserts that he is entitled to attorney's fees and costs pursuant to EDCR 5.11. EDCR 5.501 states, in pertinent part, as follows:

- (a) Except as otherwise provided herein or by other rule, statute, or court order, before any family division matter motion is filed, the movant must attempt to resolve the issues in dispute with the other party.
- **(b)** A party filing a motion in which no attempt was made to resolve the issues in dispute with the other party shall include a statement within the motion of what provision, futility, or impracticability prevented an attempt at resolution in advance of filing.
- (c) Failure to comply with this rule may result in imposition of sanctions if the court concludes that the issues would have been resolved if an attempt at resolution had been made before filing.

IV. Conclusion

WHEREFORE, based upon the foregoing, Plaintiff, David Rose respectfully requests that:

- 1. Defendant's motion be denied in its entirety;
- 2. Plaintiff is awarded his reasonable attorney's fees and costs for having to file this Motion; and
- 3. For any such relief as the Court deems proper in the premises.

Dated this 18th day of September, 2020.

LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC

Nevada Bar No. 5410

375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

PAGE 6 OF 8

DECLARATION OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, ESQ.

SHELLEY LUBRITZ, ESQ., states under penalty of perjury pursuant to NRS 53.045:

- 1. I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada. I am employed by the Law Office of Shelley Lubritz, PLLC, and I am counsel of record for Plaintiff, David John Rose in the above-entitled actions. I have personal knowledge of the facts contained herein and I am competent to testify thereto, except for those matters stated upon information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.
- 2. I have read the forgoing Supplemental Points and Authorities to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Ex Parte Motion for Extension of Time to File an Opposition and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs and am competent to testify regarding the same. All statements set forth therein are true and correct to the best of my knowledge except for those matters stated upon information and belief and as to those matters, I believe the same to be true and correct.

DATED this 18th day of September, 2020.

Shelley Lubrity, ESQ.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE					
2	On the 18 th day of September, 2020, I caused <i>Supplemental Points and Authoritie</i>					
3	to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Ex Parte Motion for Extension of Time to File a					
5	Opposition and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs to be served on a					
6	interested parties as follows:					
7	BY MAIL: Pursuant to NRCP S(b), I caused a true copy thereof to be place					
8	in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, postage fully prepaid thereon, addresse					
9	as follows:					
10	BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I caused a true copy thereof to be placed in the U.S					
12	Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, certified mail, return receipt requested, postage full					
13	paid thereon, addressed as follows:					
14	BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I caused a true copy thereof t					
15	be transmitted, via facsimile, to the following number(s):					
16 17	X BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR Rule 9,					
18	caused a true copy thereof to be served via electronic mail, via Wiznet, to the followin					
19	e-mail address(es):					
20	Racheal Mastel, Esq.					
21	Service @ KainenLawGroup.com					
22 23	By: Stelley Lubritz, Esq.					
24	Shelley Labritz, Esq					
25						
26						
27						

PAGE 8 OF 8

Electronically Filed 9/19/2020 6:04 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

NOTC

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

2 Shelley Lubritz, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5410

LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC

375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Telephone: (702) 833-1300 Facsimile: (702) 442-9400

E-mail: shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com

Attorney for Plaintiff David John Rose

CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT COURT, FAMILY DIVISION

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DAVID JOHN ROSE,

Plaintiff,

VS.

SARAH JANEEN ROSE,

Defendant

Case No.: D-17-547250-D

Dept. No.: I

Hearing Date: Hearing Time:

NOTICE OF NON-OPPOSITION AND REQUEST TO GRANT PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER 20-17 AND FOR OTHER RELATED RELIEF

Plaintiff, David John Rose, files this Notice with respect to his pending *Motion for Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and for Other Related Relief*, filed and served on September 4, 2020. To date, Defendant, Sarah Janeen Rose, has not filed an opposition or written statement opposing the Motion.

PAGE 1 OF 3

APPX0628

Case Number: D-17-547250-D

27

28

At present, Defendant has offered no opposition to Plaintiff's Motion. Defendant received Plaintiff's filing pursuant to, EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR Rule 9, via electronic mail, via Wiznet, on September 4, 2020. As such, the opposition was due on September 18, 2020. There is no argument that can be made that the failure to oppose Plaintiff's motion was inadvertent. To the contrary, on September 18, 2020, Defendant filed her Ex Parte Motion for Extension to File Opposition in which she acknowledged it was due that day. The timing of the filing, at 2:51 p.m., evidences that Defendant never intended to oppose the motion, timely, and in accordance with local rules of practice.

EDCR 2.20(e)² allows for 14 days for an opposing party to file an opposition after being served with a motion. A party's failure to timely oppose a motion may constitute the non-moving party's consent to granting of the motion.

For the above reasons, as well as those set forth in Plaintiff's Motion for Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and for Other Related Relief, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court consider the Motion to be consented to and grant it.

Dated this 19th day of September, 2020.

LAW OFFICE OF SHELLEY LUBRITZ, PLLC

Shellev Lubritzl, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 5410

375 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 104

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Attorney for Plaintiff

¹ Defendant was served at Service@KainenLawGroup.com which is the service contact in Case No. D-17-547250-D

² NV ST 8 DIST CT RULE 2.20(e).

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Request to Grant Plaintiff's Motion for Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and
•
for Other Related Relief to be served on all interested parties as follows:
BY MAIL: Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I caused a true copy thereof to be placed
in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, postage fully prepaid thereon, addressed
as follows:
BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I caused a true copy thereof to be placed in the U.S
Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, certified mail, return receipt requested, postage fully
paid thereon, addressed as follows:
BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I caused a true copy thereof to
be transmitted, via facsimile, to the following number(s):
X BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR Rule 9,
caused a true copy thereof to be served via electronic mail, via Wiznet, to the following
e-mail address(es):
Racheal Mastel, Esq.
Service@KainenLawGroup.com
By: Shelley Lubritz, Esq

Electronically Filed 9/21/2020 4:36 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

RPLY EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029 RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 11646 KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 (702) 823-4900 (702) 823-4488 (Fax) Service@KainenLawGroup.com Attorneys for Defendant in conjunction with the Legal Aid Center of Southern Nevada 8

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DAVID ROSE,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO. DEPT NO.

D-17-547250-D

VS.

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

25

26

27

28

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com

.KainenLawGroup.com

SARAH ROSE,

Defendant.

Date of Hearing: Time of Hearing:

REPLY TO PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S EX PARTE MOTION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE OPPOSITION OPPOSITION TO COUNTERMOTION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS

COMES NOW, the Defendant, SARAH ROSE ("Wife"), by and through her attorneys, EDWARD KAINEN, ESQ., and RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ., of the law firm of KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC, submits the following points and authorities in

APPX0631

1	Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Ex Parte Motion for Extension of Time to
2	File Opposition and Opposition to COUNTER MOTION for Attorney's Fees and Costs.
3	DATED this day of September, 2020.
4	KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC
5	
6	Ву:
7	RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 11646
8	3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129
9	Attorneys for Defendant
10	POINTS AND AUTHORITIES AND ARGUMENT
11	Plaintiff, David Rose ("Husband") would like this Court to find that EDCR
12	5.501 prevents Wife's request from being considered. Husband's counsel would also like
13	this Court to find that there is a lack of equity in Wife's request, because the hearing
14	(which has not been scheduled, and which the Court has not even indicated that it will
15	schedule), will evidently be "too short" a time for an Opposition and response.
16	Husband's complaints are fundamentally flawed. First, the rule as to
17	requesting an Extension of Time is not EDCR 5.501, but rather EDCR 5.512, which
18	allows not only for a complete extension of time, but also for a temporary extension, until
19	further efforts can be made to file a noticed Motion or obtain a Stipulation. EDCR
20	5.512(d). The same allowance (for a brief extension until further resolution on the request
21	can be had by noticed Motion or Stipulation) is set forth in EDCR 2.25. Although EDCR
22	2.25 is stricter in its allowances for an Ex Parte Motion, as it has already been noted, the
23	
24	
25	
26	i
27 28	It should be noted that, unlike Husband's claims that the Motion resulted in "ex parte communication," the same was served on Husband's counsel concurrently with filing. There was nothing "ex parte" in the manner Wife made the request.

702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488

KainenLawGroup.com

www.

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

5

6

10

11

Motion was not truly made Ex Parte. It was concurrently served, and Husband has opposed the same, though only to object to notice and out of fear that he will not have sufficient time to respond. As there is not hearing on the Motion to date, this Court, if it chooses to set a hearing, can ensure time for both the Opposition and the Reply.

The Opposition was due the day the request was made. Undersigned counsel had anticipated a response from the Chief Judge as to the viability of the Motion by that time. At present, no hearing date (either oral, or in chambers) has been set on the proper calendar. Pursuant to NRCP 6(c), appropriate Motions must be set for hearings. EDCR 5.502(b), and EDCR 2.20(b), also state that hearings must be set, either in chambers or for oral argument.2

As both counsel agree, this matter is to be heard by the Chief Judge. It was erroneously filed by Husband as a normal Motion in the "D" case and therefore mis-set before Judge Moss, who had already made her decision. As a result, there is no pending proper hearing. The lack of any hearing date means that the Motion isn't proper yet, and if dismissed without a hearing date, no Opposition would be required. Additionally, the fact that both counsel acknowledge that the Motion was not before the proper Court, means that the same has not been properly served and technically, no Opposition is required.

That said, undersigned counsel did not want the confusion of the mis-set Motion, the lack of a proper hearing date, and the original service date of the Motion (which no longer has a valid hearing date) to cause confusion, and filed the brief Ex Parte Motion to provide Notice to the Court that counsel was seeking a one week continuance, in the hope that the defects with the Motion would be cured with sufficient time for counsel to respond.

26 27

28

² In fact, with regard to EDCR 2.20(b), if a designation is not made at all, the Motion is to be struck clearly the hearing date is required.

Las Vegas. Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488

1

5

6

12

13

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

www.KainenLawGroup.com

It should be noted that NRCP 6 requires service of a Motion at least 21 days before hearing. As there is no valid Motion without a hearing date (in chambers or with oral argument), if this hearing is set before the Chief Judge, it must be set at least 21 days out, giving plenty of time for additional filings. There is no prejudice to Husband in Wife's request.

Additionally, there is no logic in Husband's claims that because Wife requests fees when she generally files a Motion that somehow there is no basis for trying to avoid incurring them as pro bono counsel. Requesting fees in a Motion does not mean they will be granted. As Husband fails to acknowledge, to date Wife has not been awarded fees. Therefore, the idea that because counsel asks for fees, she shouldn't be allowed to attempt to mitigate fees and costs is ridiculous. This argument has no rational basis.

Husband's counsel is also apparently angered because of the date and time that the Request was Made. The Request was made on Friday, the day the Opposition was due. Wife had done limited drafting and research for the Opposition, but as previously stated, was waiting for the Court to determine if the Motion would be heard before expending more time and costs on the Opposition.

When it became apparent that no confirmation or dismissal would be received by Friday, Wife's counsel put together the limited response regarding the extension of time, predominately to provide notice to the Court and Husband's counsel.

Wife's counsel acknowledges the request was brief. It was Wife's intention to provide the necessary information as quickly and precisely as possible. Wife's counsel is also Jewish and was doing her best to provide notice and finalize other case work, so that she could leave with sufficient time to get ready for her family's Rosh Hashanah dinner and services.

It was by no means undersigned counsel's intention to cause Ms. Lubritz delays in her celebration. The Motion was filed only as an intent to provide notice of the delay and anticipated date of filing, on the assumption that the hearing date would be set

702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com (or the Motion denied procedurally) soon thereafter. As Wife's Motion notes, the expectation was that the Court would make its decision and the Opposition would be filed before the end of the day on Friday of this week. As the Motion was filed on Friday afternoon, undersigned counsel did not even know if Ms. Lubritz was in the office given the upcoming holiday. The intention was to ensure the potential deadline did not go by without any response.

Undersigned counsel expected that any response from Ms. Lubritz would be received on Monday (a more than reasonable time for response - and certainly the earliest counsel would be reviewing something filed Friday afternoon, and likely the earliest the Court would be addressing the issue as well). Again there was no intention to interrupt the high holidays.

II.

CONCLUSION

The simple fact is that due to the errors in the Motion filing, there is no proper proceeding to oppose at this time. Further, as previously stated, counsel was not interested in incurring the time and expense related to filing an unnecessary Opposition, if the Court intends to dismiss the Motion procedurally. Wife was not intending to create any sort of issue (let alone opening this can of worms), Wife was merely notifying Husband and the Court of the proper delay in filing, and confirm that there was no issue with the Court in delaying her response time.³

22

21

3

6

7

12

13

14

23

24

25

26

27

28

³ It should also be noted, Wife has made no request for fees herein.

Las Vegas. Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488

www.KainenLawGroup.com

Perhaps Wife could have filed a better brief on this issue, and for that undersigned counsel apologizes. That said, there is no error in Wife's request (except perhaps an error in titling). Wife hopes that the Court will provide its response as to whether the Motion will be considered shortly, and if it is to be considered, Wife will file her response before the end of the day on Friday, September 25, 2020.

DATED this 2 day of September, 2020.

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

By:

RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ Nevada Bar No. 11646 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 Attorneys for Defendant 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com

AFFIDAVIT OF RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ., IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO COMPEL AND FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES

STATE OF NEVADA) ss:

1

2

3

5

8

11

12

13

14

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ., being first duly sworn, deposes and states that I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada, and in that capacity, I represent the Defendant, Sarah Rose, in the above-entitled action.

That I have read through the foregoing Reply and the facts contained therein are true to the best of my knowledge except as to those matters stated upon information and belief and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ.

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me this 21st day of September, 2020, by Racheal H. Mastel, Esq.

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for said

County and State



KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488

www.KainenLawGroup.com

24

25

26

27

28

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 21 gt day of September, 2020, I caused to 2 be served the Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Ex Parte Motion for Extension to File Opposition to all interested parties as follows: BY MAIL: Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I caused a true copy thereof to be placed 5 in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, postage fully prepaid thereon, addressed as follows: 7 8 BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I caused a true copy thereof to be placed in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, certified mail, return receipt requested, postage fully paid thereon, addressed as follows: BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I caused a true copy thereof to 11 be transmitted, via facsimile, to the following number(s): X BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR Rule 9, I 13 caused a true copy thereof to be served via electronic mail, via Wiznet, to the following e-mail address(es): shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com 18 19 ŔAĬNEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 20 21 22 23

Electronically Filed 9/25/2020 5:11 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

OPP EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 5029 RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 11646 KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 (702) 823-4900 702) 823-4488 (Fax) Service@KainenLawGroup.com Attorneys for Defendant in conjunction with the Legal Aid Center of Southern Nevada 8 DISTRICT COURT 9 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 10 11 DAVID ROSE, 12 Plaintiff, 13 14 VS.

D-17-547250-D CASE NO. DEPT NO. I/Chief Judge

Date of Hearing: Time of Hearing:

SARAH ROSE,

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488

www.KainenLawGroup.com

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Defendant.

DEFENDANT'S OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER 20-17 AND FOR RELATED RELIEF AND COUNTERMOTION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS

COMES NOW, Defendant, SARAH ROSE, by and through her attorney, RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ., of the law firm of KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC, and submits to this Honorable Court her Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and for Related Relief and requests this Court award her 26 Attorney's Fees and Costs.

28

27

APPX0639

Case Number: D-17-547250-D

www.KainenLawGroup.com

1

3

5

9

10

11

12

13

17

21

23

24

25

28

This Opposition and Countermotion are made and based upon the pleadings on file herein, the Points and Authorities, the Affidavit and the Exhibits attached to this Opposition and argument to be adduced at the time of hearing.

DATED this 25th day September, 2020.

KAINEN LAW GROUP, LLC

By: /s/ Racheal H. Mastel RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESO. Nevada Bar No . 11646 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 Attorneys for Defendant

I.

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

Plaintiff, DAVID ROSE (hereinafter "Husband"), and Defendant, SARAH ROSE (hereinafter "Wife"), were married on June 17, 2006, and divorced by a Stipulated Decree of Divorce filed on April 11, 2018. Thereafter, on April 25, 2018, Husband filed a Motion to Set Aside the Decree, pursuant to NRCP 60(b). After substantial argument and additional hearings, an evidentiary hearing was scheduled to determine whether to set the Decree aside. The trial was continued on more than one occasion, but ultimately began on January 27, 2020. By the end of the day, Husband had finished his case in chief, but Wife had not been able to begin hers. A second day was scheduled for April 14, 2020 and counsel agreed to participate in settlement discussions with Judge Moss on March 27, 2020. The settlement discussions were conducted remotely, but no agreement was

¹ Because this Motion is not before this Court for consideration on the underlying merits, but rather to address the single issue of Judge Moss's decision to continue the trial date, Wife is not going to spend time addressing Husband's assertions regarding the facts and law related to the merits of the case. Wife will merely assert her opposition and state that as to the underlying facts and law, as well as the actual purpose of the underlying trial, Wife incorporates her previous filings as to her assertions and denials. Wife wholly disagrees with Husband's representations to this Court as to the underlying merits of this

Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com Nevada 89129

10

16

17

19

21

22

23

24

25

26

reached. Then, on April 8, 2020, the Court (Department I), issued a Minute Order continuing the trial as a result of the COVID-19 directives in place from the Governor and the Administrative Orders of the Court.

The trial was intended to go forward, in person on July 22, 2020. However, on July 07, 2020, the Court issued a Minute Order rescheduling the trial to August 13, 2020, as Judge Moss had been directed to quarantine "just in case." Thereafter, on August 6, 2020, the Court held a Status Check and Judge Moss indicated, understandably, that she was no longer comfortable holding in person hearings and would not be doing so until through the end of the year.

The Court provided an option to allow the second day of the trial to go 11 forward via Bluejeans or be continued until after the first of the year. Until August 6, 2020, the Court and the parties had been making every attempt to have the trial continue in person. At the time of the status check, undersigned counsel expressed several concerns with finishing the trial via Bluejeans. Both counsel on this case have acknowledged that this case is very likely to be appealed, regardless of the outcome. Therefore, multiple issues are of concern; for example, potential witness and credibility issues which would be more easily addressed in person, but likely more difficult to 18 identify and address via video, are critical in this matter.²

Department I's current policy is that both parties must agree to hold the trial via Bluejeans, or the same will be continued. At least in part because of undersigned counsel's concerns, the Court has continued the trial.

This Court should also note that although this case has been pending longer than many, there is no immediate issue resulting from the same. Husband requested relief

could have an impact on the anticipated appeal.

Page 3 of 11

² To date, counsel is aware of connectivity issues (having just had a one hour hearing last three hours due to the same); potential witness issues related to individuals off screen or witnesses using notes, texting, etc; the fairly common lack of clarity of the video which interferes with the Court's ability to view body language; issues related to garbled speech, and the JAVS systems ability capture all of the communication in the court room. These are only the most common and concerning possibilities which

18

22

5

is to set aside the provision of the Decree which requires him to name Wife as the beneficiary of his PERS account. He can change that beneficiary (or name one) until the day he retires. Husband is more than 12 years away from retiring at a minimum. Although no one wants this case to be unnecessarily prolonged, a six month delay will not prejudice Husband in the relief he has sought.

This Court should be aware that Husband's Motion also makes an inappropriate, and knowingly false statement, to wit: that undersigned counsel is seeking an "inappropriate tactical advantage," and "may be forum-shopping." Husband's counsel absolutely knows that is not true and her claim is willfully false. As the hearing video from that status check will confirm, undersigned counsel agreed that it was preferable for Judge Moss to finish the case. Undersigned counsel even pointed out her belief that Judge Moss would be allowed to finish the trial after her retirement, and assured both the Court and counsel that she would make no objection to the same. The fact of the matter is that undersigned counsel has an obligation to protect Wife's interests. *Knowing* the probability of this case going up on appeal, counsel has a obligation to ensure that a complete and accurate record is available for the appeal, and to make every attempt to avoid due process issues.

Husband has filed this Motion to request intervention by the Chief Judge to supplant Department I's Order, and *order* undersigned counsel to participate in the second day of trial by the method Husband wants. This is not among the Chief Judge's responsibilities, nor is it proper under the current Administrative Order, 20-17.

The responsibilities of the office of the Chief Judge are set forth in NRS 3.025 and 3.026 and EDCR 1.30, 1.31, 1.33, et al. Those responsibilities can be summed up as overseeing the efficient and appropriate administration of the Court. Those duties do involve ensuring the timely disposition of cases and addressing grievances by parties 26 related to the administration of cases. NRS 3.026(1)(a)(2) and (1)(b). Those duties also include ensuring that cases are managed as uniformly as possible. NRS 3.026(1)(a)(1). Those duties, however, specifically do not include oversight or "interlocutory appeal" on

www.KainenLawGroup.com 13

9

10

11

15

17

23

25

the merits of the decision made by at District Court Judge or Hearing Master. NRS 3.026(2)(b). In other words, while a grievance related to the delay of cases resulting from a District Court department's calendar may be appropriate before the Chief Judge, a request to reverse a District Court's Order granting a continuance would not be. EDCR 7.10 also makes it clear that it would be beyond the scope of the responsibilities of the Chief Judge to enter the Order Husband is requesting.

Further, the current Administrative Order, 20-17, leaves to the discretion of the Court whether or not it is necessary to have a trial held in person, to wit:

> Evidentiary hearings should go forward when possible. Appearances by witnesses, parties, and lawyers should be by ernative means unless the District Court Judge finds that a personal appearance by an individual is necessary to the proceeding.

Page 12, lines 19-22. **See also** Page 16, lines 9-11.

The Order also contemplates a complete stay of a civil case (to be decided on a case-by-case basis). See Page 19, lines 1-4. Domestic cases are civil cases.

It is clear that the Administrative Order, while attempting to keep cases moving with some semblance of normalcy, also contemplated the necessity to give substantial discretion to the individual District Court departments to manage their calendars for the greatest equity of each individual case. Judge Moss held a status check hearing and took argument from both parties as to the merits of either continuing the trial until it could be held in person, or ordering the same to occur via Bluejeans. Ultimately, after letting both parties be heard on the issue, she determined that it was appropriate to continue the trial. Not only would *over-ruling* that decision be beyond the scope of the responsibilities of the Chief Judge under the statute, Judge Moss's decision was completely proper under Administrative Order 20-17.

Husband would like this Court to determine, administratively, that there would be substantial prejudice to him, if this matter is continued into 2021. As previously stated, that is factually untrue. More importantly, however, determining prejudice is *per* se a decision on the merits. Further, Wife's allegation in during the hearing, addressed the

23

24

25

26

27

28

3

4

5

9

1 concern of prejudice to her, if the trial went forward via Bluejeans. It is not within the scope of the duties of the Chief Judge to weigh and balance potential issues of prejudice. The authority to review a District Court's decision in that matter lies with the Appellate Courts.

Because Husband believes he will be prejudiced by the delay, his remedy 6 lies in filing a *Writ* Petition, not in a Motion to this Court. What Husband is requesting of this Court is beyond its scope. Further, there was nothing improper about the Order issued by Judge Moss. There is no basis for the relief Husband is seeking.

There is no legal basis for Husband's Motion. It is a clear violation of NRCP 11, NRS 7.085 and EDCR 7.60. Wife is entitled and deserving of fees pursuant to the same as well as NRS 18.010(2)(b).

Although it may be compelling to suggest that since Wife is ably represented 13 in pro bono capacity, no award of fees is necessary, the case law does not support that 14 conclusion. The initial premise of *Miller v. Wilfong*, 121 Nev. 619, 119 P.3d 727 (2005) 15 articulated at page 729 - 730 states:

> Initially, we conclude that a party is not precluded from recovering attorney fees solely because his or her counsel served in a pro bono capacity. While Nevada law has been silent on this issue, many courts have concluded that an award of attorney fees is proper, even when a party is represented without fee by a nonprofit legal services organization. In addition to the various state courts, the United States Supreme Court has concluded that an award of attorney fees to a nonprofit legal services organization is to be calculated according to the prevailing market rate, stating that "Congress did not intend the calculation of fee awards to vary depending on whether plaintiff was represented by private counsel or by a nonprofit legal services organization." We agree with these a nonprofit legal services organization. We agree with these courts and conclude that significant public policy rationales support awarding fees to counsel, regardless of counsel's service in a pro bono capacity. First, the fact that a government institution or private charity has provided legal assistance should not absolve other responsible parties of their financial obligations. For example, when pro bono counsel assist a parent in a custody or child support dispute, the wealthier parent should not be relieved of an obligation to pay attorney fees. Further, in domestic matters, one partner has often created or contributed to the other partner's limited financial means by leaving the household, failing to remit child support, drawing funds from a shared account, or other similar conduct. In those

Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com

18

19

27

28

3

5

cases, if fees are not awarded to pro bono counsel, a wealthier litigant would benefit from creating conditions that force the other party to seek legal aid. In addition, pro bono counsel serve an important role in the legal system's attempt to address the unmet needs of indigent and low-income litigants within our state. To impose the burden of the cost of litigation on those who voluntary their services, when the other party has the who volunteer their services, when the other party has the means to pay attorney fees, would be unjust.

It is clear from the language in *Miller v. Wilfong*, that it is appropriate to 7 award a party fees when that party has been represented *Pro Bono*. Although the Court is 8 also to consider the *Brunzell* factors (which will be addressed below), in *Pro Bono* cases 9 there are also further equitable considerations, as delineated above, to wit: that *pro bono* 10 services do not absolve responsible parties of their financial obligations (such as those due 11 under Sargeant v. Sargeant, 88 Nev. 223, 495 P.2d 618 (1972); Leeming v. Leeming, 87 12 Nev. 530, 490 P.2d 342 (1971); *Halbrook v. Halbrook*, 114 Nev. 1455, 971 P.2d 1262 13 (1998).), that, "to impose the burden of the cost of litigation on those who volunteer 14 their services, when the other party has the means to pay attorney's fees, would be 15 unjust."

Pursuant to Brunzell v. Golden Gate National Bank, 85 Nev. 455 P.2d 31 17 (1969), in the case at bar, the Court should consider the following factors in awarding

1. **Qualities of Wife's Advocate**

The qualities of Wife's attorneys are excellent. Racheal Mastel is a partner with Kainen Law Group, PLLC. She is a Fellow of the American Academy of Matrimonial Lawyers, a Nevada Board Certified Specialist in Family Law and has 22 practiced exclusively in the area of Family Law for approximately 11 years. Ms. Mastel 23 has been named as a "Rising Star" in Super Lawyers Magazine for the Mountain States 24 Region, which includes Nevada, Idaho, Montana, Utah and Wyoming on multiple 25 occasions. Ms. Mastel has written extensive CLE materials on various aspects related to 26 the practice of family law and was appointed by the Nevada Supreme Court to the Rules

Page 7 of 11

of Civil Procedure Committee, to conduct a major review and overhaul of all of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure as the representative of the Family Law Section on that Committee.

Clearly, Wife attorneys are experienced, well trained and qualified in relation to the fees charged for there services in this matter. Ms. Mastel's hourly rate is \$375.

Paralegals were also utilized where possible, at lesser rates.

2. The Character of the Work Done

In this instance, Wife's counsel is charged with the task of Opposing Husband's Motion to have this Court intervene and overturn an Order by a District Court Judge. Wife has attempted to provide a succinct response to the Motion, identifying the legal bases under which Husband's Motion fails. Under the circumstances of this case, the character of the work completed certainly justifies the fees incurred in this matter.

3. The Work Actually Performed

Wife's attorneys have made every effort to be as efficient as possible in completing the necessary work to obtain favorable results for her. The amount of fees and costs accurately reflects the actual work done in this matter. The work was completed in the most cost efficient manner to minimize the over all fees and costs incurred. A copy of such redacted billing as reflects the work actually performed can be provided after the hearing on this matter, if requested by the Court.

4. The Results

The final factor adopted in <u>Brunzell</u> is whether the attorney was successful and what benefits were derived. It is anticipated that Wife will be successful at the hearing on this matter, as Husband's Motion has no legal basis.

24 . . .

20

25 . . .

26 . .

27 . .

28 . .

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

III.

CONCLUSION

Wife requests that Husband's Motion be denied *in toto* and that Wife be awarded her attorney's fees for the necessity of opposing the same.

Respectfully submitted this 25th day of September, 2020.

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

By: /s/ Racheal H. Mastel
RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 11646
3303 Novat Street, Suite 200
Las Vegas, Nevada 89129
Attorneys for Defendant

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

DECLARATION OF COUNSEL IN SUPPORT OF OPPOSITION

I, RACHEAL MASTEL, declare under penalty of perjury that I am counsel for the Defendant herein and that I have read the foregoing *Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Relief Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and for Related Relief and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs,* and the same is true and correct of my own knowledge, except for those matters which are therein stated upon information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

EXECUTED this 25th day of September, 2020.

/s/ Racheal H. Mastel RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ.

Page 10 of 11

				11
$\sum_{i=1}^{n}$				12
KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC	200 29	3.4488	com	13
ROUF	3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129	702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488	www.KainenLawGroup.com	14
W GF	Street , Neva	• Fax 7	nLaw(15
LA	Novat Vegas	.4900	.Kaine	16
INE	3303 Las	02.823	WWW	17
KA		7		18
				19

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 25th day of September, 2020, I caused to
3	be served the Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Relief Pursuant to
4	Administrative Order 20-17 and for Related Relief and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees
5	and Costs to all interested parties as follows:
6	BY MAIL: Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I caused a true copy thereof to be placed
7	in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, postage fully prepaid thereon, addressed
8	as follows:
9	BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I caused a true copy thereof to be placed in the U.S
10	Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, certified mail, return receipt requested, postage fully
11	paid thereon, addressed as follows:
12	BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I caused a true copy thereof to
13	be transmitted, via facsimile, to the following number(s):
14	X BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR Rule 9, I
15	caused a true copy thereof to be served via electronic mail, via Wiznet, to the following
16	e-mail address(es):
17	Counsel for Plaintiff:
18	shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com
19	
20	/s/ Carol Navarro
21	An Employee of KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	

10/21/2020 9:16 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 **DECN** 2 3 4 **DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 5 6 7 DAVID ROSE, 8 Plaintiff, 9 Case No. D-17-547250-D 10 Dept. No. I VS. 11 12 SARAH ROSE, 13 Defendant. 14 15 16 COURT MINUTE DECISION 17 18 19 On September 04, 2020 Plaintiff's Counsel filed a Motion for Relief 20 Pursuant to Administrative Order 20-17 and for Other Related Relief. 21 22 On September 25, 2020 Defendant's Counsel filed their Opposition and 23 24 Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs. 25 26 27

CHERYL B. MOSS
DISTRICT JUDGE
FAMILY DIVISION, DEPT. I
601 North Pecos Road
LAS VEGAS, NV 89101-2408

28

1

Electronically Filed

As previously stated at the Bluejeans hearing on August 6, 2020, the Court discussed with both counsel as to how the Evidentiary Hearing in this matter could be finished.

The Court is cognizant of its duty to sit and complete trials. However, due to COVID and the pandemic's impact on the Court's case docket, the trial in this case was impacted along with other pending trials. The Chief Judge issued several Administrative Orders. In those Administrative Orders, trials should proceed "when possible", and the Court shall be permitted to hear testimony from the parties and witnesses unless personal appearance is necessary.

The Court makes the following Findings:

The Court was available to do the trial virtually via BlueJeans with the capability of recording the trial proceedings.

The Court completed a few trials in 2020 via BlueJeans wherein both sides made themselves available.

The undersigned judge is retiring from the bench at the end of December 2020.

Father's counsel and Father already advised the Court at the last hearing that they were ready and available to do the trial over BlueJeans, and that they are technologically capable of doing the trial virtually.

Mother's counsel previously advised the Court of their concerns as enumerated in their most recently-filed Opposition. Mother's counsel requested that the trial be completed in-person. Thereafter, Father's counsel objected.

The Court stated its concerns at the prior BlueJeans hearing, and submits additional Findings for this Court Minute Decision and Order.

This is a very high conflict case and no matter the outcome, one of the parties will appeal the trial decision. Accordingly, the parties and their counsel will want to ensure that an accurate record is made.

An in-person trial provides the Court with the ability to see everything in the courtroom, including the demeanors of the parties and the witnesses.

The undersigned judge is unable to return to her courtroom until it is safe to do so without being forced to disclose whether she or a family member is at risk for COVID or has a medical condition. This applies to both counsel as well.

Certain lawyers are unable to come into the Courthouse, a public building where over a dozen reported cases of COVID have already occurred.

Some lawyers are unable to remain in the courtroom and wear a mask for the entire duration of the trial citing panic disorders and anxiety attacks.

The District Court has implemented the use of clear masks and face shields for trials, but certain individuals, attorneys and witnesses alike, have anxiety attacks and other physiological conditions that make it difficult for them to remain in the courtroom for an extended duration. There is an absolute strict requirement for masks in the courtroom. Neither the judge in this case nor both counsel should be placed in a situation where they would be forced to disclose personal or health information about why they can or cannot endure wearing masks in the courtroom for any given length of time.

It is the Court's understanding that Mother's counsel asserted that she is unable to enter a courtroom until it is safe. The Court is mindful also that Mother has a right to counsel of her choice, and she should not be forced to retain a new lawyer to start all over again if the trial were to be done over BlueJeans. Mother's counsel expressly stated that the only way to have a fair trial is to have an inperson trial given the contentiousness of this case and the less likelihood of irregularities occurring in the courtroom.

Some of those concerns are whether a testifying person was surreptitiously looking at notes or texting another, and whether the judge saw a party's real time

reaction and their body language in the courtroom. Additional concerns are whether the audio or video cut out on their end, and they did not hear everything the judge, the lawyer, or the witness said. It has also been observed that a lawyer can simply mute their audio and the opposing party will question what was being said. If there are some alleged procedural errors during trial, they leave open the possibility of one party filing a motion for new trial.

With this being a high conflict case, each side will be scrupulously taking note of every word spoken, every action, every procedure, every move, and everything else they can possibly see and observe on BlueJeans as a basis for appeal. Granted, the same can be said for an in-person trial, but it is less likely to occur if it was in-person.

Additionally, the Court finds that several settlement conferences have taken place with both Counsel participating in good faith.

The competing considerations between the undersigned judge's duty to sit and duty to conclude this unfinished trial are outweighed by the potential and very important concerns raised by Mother's counsel concerning her client's ability to have a trial with an accurate and complete trial record. The Court reiterates that a few unfinished trials were completed after the pandemic but only because

both sides stipulated to do the trial over BlueJeans. In this case, one party is objecting and provided bona fide reasons for their request for an in-person trial.

Mother and her counsel do not waive their right to have an in-person trial based on the above-noted concerns. Those concerns are reasonable and compelling in the Court's view and considering the potential prejudice to one or both parties. If the trial is completed over BlueJeans, one party will appeal claiming that the Court was not able to see and hear everything. Moreover, exhibits that are flashed via the "Share Screen" function may involuntarily cause the Court to see exhibits that are potentially deemed inadmissible. It has also been known to happen that in the middle of proceedings, a party or a witness will drop off the BlueJeans session due to unforeseen technical difficulties. With an in-person trial, that is less likely to happen.

Based on the above and foregoing and review of the papers and pleadings filed to date, IT IS ORDERED that Father's Motion is DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the hearings set on the Court's Calendar on October 27, 2020 at 9:30AM is VACATED.

1	A copy of this Court Minute Decision shall be served electronically. The
2	The copy of this court infinite Becision shall be served electromeany. The
3	Court shall prepare the Findings and Orders of the Court Re: Trial
4	
5	SO ORDERED.
6	
7	Dated this 21 st day of October, 2020.
8	
9	
10	My B. Marine
11	CHERYL B. MOSS District Court Judge
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	

Las Vegas. Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com

Electronically Filed 2/12/2021 5:04 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

MOT RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 11646 KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 (702) 823-4900 702) 823-4488 (Fax) Service@KainenLawGroup.com Attorneys for Defendant in conjunction with the Legal Aid Center of Southern Nevada DISTRICT COURT 7

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DAVID ROSE,

Plaintiff,

VS.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

21

22

23

24

SARAH ROSE,

Defendant.

CASE NO. DEPT NO.

D-17-547250-D I / Senior Judge Cynthia Diane Steele

Date of Hearing: Time of Hearing:

ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED? YES XX

NOTICE: PURSUANT TO EDCR 5.502(a) YOU MAY FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THIS MOTION WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT AND PROVIDE THE UNDER-SIGNED WITH A COPY OF YOUR RESPONSE 19 WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTIO FAILURE TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF MOTION MAY RESULT IN THE REQUESTED RELIEF BEING GRANTED BY THE COURT WITHOUT HEARING PRIOR TO THE SCHEDULED HEARING DATE.

DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR JUDGMENT PURSUANT TO NRCP 52(c) OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

COMES NOW, Defendant, SARAH ROSE, by and through her attorney,

25 RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ., of the KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC, and moves this

Honorable Court for a Judgment pursuant to NRCP 52(c) on Plaintiff's Motion to Set

Aside the Decree and for attorney's fees related to this matter.

1

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

19

25

.KainenLawGroup.com

This *Motion* is made and based upon the Points and Authorities submitted herewith, the Affidavit of counsel submitted herewith and oral argument of counsel at the time of the hearing of this matter.

DATED this 12 day of February, 2021.

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PELC

By:

RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 11646 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 Attorney for Defendant

I.

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES AND ARGUMENT

A. Procedural Background

Defendant, SARAH ROSE (hereinafter "Sarah"), and Plaintiff, DAVID ROSE (hereinafter "David"), were divorced by a Stipulated Decree of Divorce filed on April 11, 2018. Shortly thereafter, on April 25, 2018, David filed a Motion to Set Aside the Decree of Divorce, as it related to the survivor benefit option awarded to Sarah, on the basis of "mistake." David claimed that neither he nor his counsel at the time (Regina McConnell, Esq.) actually read the Decree before signing it and did not realize that the survivor benefit option had been included. A hearing was held on August 28, 2018, with Judge Kathy Hardcastle sitting for Judge Moss in Department I. Judge Hardcastle did not address the merits of David's Motion. Rather, Judge Hardcastle decided that she was unfamiliar with any law that allowed parties to dictate survivor benefits in a Decree prior to a party retiring and Ordered the provision struck on that basis. See *Order filed September 25, 2018*.

Sarah thereafter hired undersigned counsel who filed a Motion to Alter and Amend, as Judge Hardcastle's decision was based on a misunderstanding of the law. David opposed the Motion, and Judge Moss heard argument regarding the same on November 6, 2018. Sarah's request to have Judge Hardcastle's Order set aside was

Las Vegas. Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com

15

21

23

24

27

3

6

granted. Sarah also alleged that David's Motion failed as a matter of law, because his choice not to read the Decree (if that was indeed the case) did not constitute a "mistake" pursuant to NRCP 60(b). The Court set an evidentiary hearing to determine the intent of the parties, why the survivorship option was included, and whether or not the same was void as a matter of law. See Order filed January 16, 2019.

Prior to any trial on this matter, David fired Ms. McConnell and retained Shelley Lubritz, Esq., to represent him. After retaining Ms. Lubritz, David filed a second Motion (on May 8, 2019), arguing that the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), which was prepared prior to the Decree, was the only proper contract and that the Court should enforce that in lieu of the Decree itself. Sarah opposed the same and the Court held a hearing on June 18, 2019, acknowledging that the new Motion raised the question as to whether there was a merger of the MOU into the Decree, or whether the Decree were a second contract, and what impact either of those would have on David's request to have the survivor benefit provision removed at the time of trial.

The first day of trial occurred on October 23, 2019. See Transcript Re: All Pending Motions Volume I and II, filed concurrently herewith. David put on his case in chief and rested (Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VII: Pg 238 lines 11-12), but due to Ms. Lubritz renewing her Motion in Limine with regard to Sarah's first witness (Marshal Willick, Esq.) the Court recessed before Sarah was able to put on her case. The Court then conducted multiple settlement conferences. Because of those conferences and issues related to the pandemic (as well as the Administrative Orders of the Court related to the same), the second day of trial has not yet occurred.

B. Facts

The parties engaged in mediation with Judge Rhonda Forsberg in 2018 (prior to her appointment to the bench). At the time, Sarah was represented by Shelly Cooley, Esq. At the end of the mediation, the parties signed a MOU reflecting the general terms

¹ The MOU does not mention survivor benefits.

3303 Novat Street. Suite 200 Las Vegas. Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com

of their agreement. The MOU specifically stated:

The memorandum addresses the material terms of the agreement, and is intended to bind the parties to those terms. The parties agree, however, that counsel for Sarah shall draft a final formal agreement incorporating the terms herein.

See "Exhibit "1."

2

3

4

5

6

7

11

12

14

15

17

18

19

20

26

27

Immediately after signing the MOU, Ms. Cooley attempted to draft the Decree, while the parties were still in the same room. Unfortunately, Ms. Cooley's laptop battery died. As a result, the parties relocated to Bruce Shapiro, Esq.'s office to finish drafting the Decree.³ All of the parties were present during the drafting process.⁴ Once the Decree was drafted, a copy was printed for each party to review.⁵

It was David's testimony at trial that Ms. McConnell told him to sign it without reading it, and that she would review it after and make any changes necessary once it was signed. Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VII: Page 185 lines 9 -20. Ms. McConnell's testimony did not concur. Specifically, Ms. McConnell testified:

Did David have an opportunity to review [the Decree]. Q:

There was a copy for everyone at the end. A:

Okay. And David signed it? O:

A: Yes.

² The reason for the MOU (despite the fact that the parties intended to draft the Decree immediately) was due to the fact that Judge Forsberg needed to leave.

²¹ ³ Testimony of Ms. McConnell Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VI: Pg 141 lines13-17, Pg 150 line 17 - Pg 151 line 5, Page 154 lines 13-19;

Testimony of Sarah Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VI: Pg 113 line 10 - Pg 114 line 19; **Testimony of David** Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VI: Pg 133 lines 3-13.

⁴ Testimony of Ms. McConnell Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VI: Pg 156 line 3 - Page 157 line

Testimony of Sarah Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VI: Pg 117 line 1 - Pg 118 line 14, Pg 123 line 18 - Pg 125 line 22;

Testimony of David Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VII: Pg 181 lines 9 -23, Pg 183 line 16 - 21.

⁵ Testimony of Ms. McConnell Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VI: Pg 157 lines 5-9; Testimony of David Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VII: Pg 185 lines 7-10.

You signed it? Q: A: Yes. You wouldn't have signed the decree unless you knew that David had read Q: it and fully understood it, would you? It - I have all my clients review it, if they have any questions they ask me. A: So -Okay. And so to the best of your understanding, but you would not have Q: signed it if you thought he hadn't reviewed it and understood it? A: Well, I can really know if someone understands something. If he had told you he didn't understand something, would you have signed Q: it? Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VI, Pg 157 lines 8 - 24. Ms. McConnell's testimony is more credible. For one, she has an ethical obligation of Candor to the Court and is unlikely to risk her licence for a single client by perjuring herself. For another, Ms. McConnell is not a "greenhorn." She is well aware that signing a document means accepting the terms therein. It is inconceivable that she would direct a client to sign a document that they have not reviewed, or represent to them that the proper procedure would be to request changes after signing a document. In contrast, however, it is conceivable that a party would have buyer's remorse and change their mind after signing an agreement. That said, "buyer's remorse" is not a basis for setting aside a Decree. Nothing in David's case in chief credibly sets forth a mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect.

With regard to a "mistake," there are two kinds of mistakes which may result in setting aside a Decree - unilateral or mutual. A unilateral mistake may be utilized to set aside a Decree:

Where a mistake of one party at the time a contract was made as to a basic assumption on which he made the contract has a material effect on the agreed exchange of performances that is adverse to him, the contract is voidable by him if he does not bear the risk of the mistake under the rule stated in § 154, and

Las Vegas. Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488

2

3

5

13

14

15

21

22

26

27

28

www.KainenLawGroup.com

(b) the other party had reason to know of the mistake or his fault caused the mistake. Home Savers, Inc. v. United Sec. Co., 103 Nev. 357, 358-359, 741 P.2d 1355, 1356-1357 (1987), quoting Restatement (Second) of Contracts, ss 153 (1981).

Here, any mistake by David was clearly his risk. He was present and able to be involved with the drafting of the Decree. In fact, he was standing in the doorway of the office in which Ms. Cooley was drafting the Decree, while Ms. McConnell was present with her, and able to also review the Decree. He was provided a copy and given an opportunity to review the Decree. He created and bore the risk of a mistake by choosing not to read the Decree before signing (if that is even true, rather than a convenient excuse for his "buyer's remorse"). Sarah, who was reviewing the Decree in a separate room, had no reason to know that David would choose not to read, and she has no fault in his choice. It is clear that David's alleged "unilateral" mistake is not a basis for setting aside the Decree.

Further, there is no mutual mistake. A mutual mistake "occurs when both parties, at the time of contracting, share a misconception about a vital fact upon which they based their bargain." Anderson v. Sanchez, 131 Nev. Ad. Op 51, 355 P.3d 16, 23 (2015). Sarah reviewed the Decree. Sarah was aware that the parties had negotiated after mediation to include the survivor benefits, and Sarah was aware of the inclusion in the Decree.⁶ She was under no misconception of any vital fact. It is clear that there was no mutual mistake.

To set a Decree aside for inadvertence or neglect, the same must be excusable. Bryant v. Gibbs, 69 Nev. 167, 243 P.2d 1050, 1051 (1952). Further, the purpose of NRCP 60(b) "is to redress any injustices that may have resulted because of excusable neglect or the wrongs of an opposing party." Nev. Indus. Development, Inc.,

⁶ It is still Sarah's position that David was also aware, but for the purpose of this Motion, her point is that even if David were telling the truth, there is still no basis to set aside the Decree.

702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com .KainenLawGroup.com

13

14

17

25

3

v. Benedetti, 103 Nev. 360, 741 P.2d 802, 805 (1987). There is no injustice where a party's choices are what resulted in the Decree.

There is no excusable inadvertence or neglect where a party chooses not to read a contract before signing the same, unless there has been a misrepresentation by the opposing party. See Yee v. Weiss, 110 Nev. 657, 877 P.2d 510, 513 (1994). Sarah made no representations to David as to what was in the Decree. It is obvious that the same would have necessarily included language which was not in the MOU because a one page MOU clearly does not set forth all of the minutiae of a Decree. Further, all of the testimony supported that David and Ms. McConnell were present during the drafting of the Decree - it was not handed to them without their prior input. There was no inadvertence or excusable neglect; nor can David claim surprise where he was present during the drafting and *chose* not to read the Decree before signing.

Although David did not specifically reference a claim of fraud in his initial Motion, he has made the allegation in other ways throughout the case, including filing a civil case for Conspiracy and fraud against Sarah, Ms. Cooley and Ms. McConnell. See Exhibit "2." David is not entitled to Set Aside the Decree for fraud, either.

The elements of fraud, which a Plaintiff must prove are: 1) a false representation made by the Defendant; 2) Defendant's knowledge or belief that the representation is false (or insufficient basis for making the representation); 3) Defendant's intention to induce the Plaintiff to act or to refrain from acting in reliance upon the misrepresentation; 4) Plaintiff's justifiable reliance upon the misrepresentation; and 5) Damage to the plaintiff resulting from such reliance. Bulbman, Inc. v. Nevada Bell, 108 Nev. 105, 111, 825 P.2d 588, 592 (1992), quoting Lubbe v. Barba, 91 Nev. 596, 540 P.2d 115 (1975).

Again, Sarah made no representations to David as to the contents of the Decree, true or false. Nor was David expected to rely on any representations. He was given a copy of the Decree for his review. He chose to sign the same, apparently without reviewing it. Sarah clearly had no intention of David "relying" on any misrepresentation.

2

3

4

5

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

Nor was any reliance by David justifiable when he failed to review the Decree when offered. The simple fact is that David's failure to read a document before he signed it constitutes neither valid mistake nor fraud on Sarah's part.

David is also making the argument that the Decree must be invalidated because it does not match the MOU, and the MOU is the only valid contract. David's contention relies on a fundamental misunderstanding of the law. Nevada Law is long standing and clear - in order to have the MOU survive as an independent contract, both the Decree and the MOU must direct survival. Day v. Day, 80 Nev. 386, 395 P.2d 321 (1964), is exactly on point. Therein, the Court stated: "In the case before us, only the agreement directs survival; the decree does not. We now ... hold that the survival provision of an agreement is ineffective unless the court decree specifically directs survival." Day v. Day, 80 Nev. 386, 389, 395 P.2d 321, 322-323 (Nev. 1964).

This matter is exactly the same. The language of the MOU stated, "[t]hat agreement shall be ratified by the Court, but shall not merge and shall retain its separate nature as a contract." See Exhibit "1." In contrast however, the Decree states the following:

The Court FINDS that the parties' have resolved all other issues, including but no limited to, child support, division of assets and debts, marital waste claims, alimony and attorney's fees and costs as is memorialized by the Memorandum of Understanding, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "B."

Stipulated Decree of Divorce, filed April 11, 2018, page 4, line 27 - page 5, line 4.

There is **no** language directing the survival of the MOU. The MOU therefore cannot survive as an independent contract under Nevada Law, and cannot be held to be the enforceable agreement between the parties.

25

26

⁷ It seems clear, in the context of the paragraph that the surviving contract was intended to be the final formal agreement rather than the MOU, but ultimately the parties chose to make the Decree itself that 28 final formal agreement.

702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com

KainenLawGroup.com

1

7

8

12

18

21

26

27

That said, even if the Court were to find that the MOU is an independent contract not merged into the Decree, the same is still not enforceable over the Decree itself. Should the MOU and the Decree remain separate agreements they are at best preceding and superceding contracts.8 Although the MOU is attached and referenced in the Decree, the Decree itself contains all of the provisions set forth in the MOU, and several specific provisions (not including those related to custody) which are not included in the MOU.

Parties are free to modify contracts and enter into new agreements. Where an existing contract is replaced by a subsequent agreement, the same operates as a novation and prior obligations are extinguished as a result. See Williams v. Crusader Discount Corp., 75 Nev. 67, 334 P.2d 843 (1959).

For a novation to exist, there must have been an existing valid contract, the parties must agree to the new contract, the new contract extinguishes the old, and the new contract must be valid. United Fire Ins. Co., v. McClelland, 105 Nev. 504, 508, 780 P.2d 193, 195 (1989). Whether a novation occurred is only a question of law "when the agreement and consent of the parties are unequivocal." Id. It is "a question of fact if the evidence is such that reasonable persons can draw more than one conclusion. *Id.*

A settlement agreement is a contract. May v. Anderson, 121 Nev. 668, 672, 119 P.3d 1254, 1257 (2005). The "contract" does not need to incorporate all of the terms, so long as reasonable certainty exists as to the underlying contract; it can be a formal or informal agreement, but the same must be signed. Wiley v. Cook, 94 Nev. 558, 563, 583 P.2d 1076, 1079 (1978). There is no question, nor do the parties disagree, that the MOU was a contract. However, thereafter, the parties went to a different location and drafted a new contract. The new contract contained all of the terms included in the MOU, not just by reference, but by specific written inclusion in the Decree. The new contract also

⁸ See Restatement (Second) of Contracts ss 213(1) (1981), "A binding integrated agreement discharges prior agreements to the extent that it is inconsistent with them."

702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200

2

3

7

16

21

22

24

included additional terms, not previously addressed by either the parenting agreement or the MOU. See Stipulated Decree of Divorce, filed April 11, 2018; C.f. Exhibit "1."

By virtue of incorporating the terms of the MOU into the Decree (as well as the language that a final formal agreement would be prepared and it would be that agreement which survived), it is apparent that the intention of the new agreement was to replace the old agreement.

Although specifically dealing with a loan, the *Williams* case provides clear guidance about the replacement of a contract. In that case, a husband and wife guaranteed a loan taken out by a company called Jamboree from the Defendant "Crusader." When the terms of the loan were unmet, Jamboree agreed to a second loan with Crusader, reducing the total amount owed, and extending the time for payment. The husband, but not the wife, signed a second guaranty. The second guaranty referenced the first. Despite that fact, the Court found that the second loan operated as a novation of the first, because it was between the same parties and it was clear from the terms that it was intended as a substitution. Williams, 75 Nev. at 68-70.

It is apparent from the terms in this matter, given the incorporation of all terms of the MOU and the inclusion of several additional terms, that it was the intention that the Decree would replace, or subsume the MOU. Further evidence is the language included in the Decree at Page 38 line 21 - Page 39 line 2 of the Stipulated Decree, which is a clear merger clause. 9 It is also worth noting, that there is no other agreement which mentions the survivorship benefits. 10

^{9 &}quot;IT IS STIPULATED AND THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED...DAVID JOHN ROSE and SARAH JANEEN ROSE further expressly agree that this Decree of Divorce contains the entire agreement of the parties on these matters, superseding any previous agreement between them. No other agreement, statement, or promise made on or before the effective date of this Decree by or to either party or his or her agent or representative will be binding on the parties unless (a) made in writing and signed by both parties, or (b) contained in an order of a Court of competent jurisdiction.

¹⁰ Testimony of Ms. McConnell Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VI: Pg 140 line 22 - Pg 141 line 2, Pg 165 line 8 - Pg 166 line 23;

Testimony of Sarah Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VI: Pg 112 lines 8 - 11;

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com 13 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 KainenLawGroup.com

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

14

19

21

22

23

26

Signing a contract constitutes acceptance of the agreement and the terms therein. Further, David's failure to read the contract does not obviate his acceptance of the terms therein:

> It will not do for a man to enter into a contract, and, when called upon to respond to its obligations, to say that he did not read it when he signed it, or did not know what it contained. If this were permitted, contracts would not be worth the paper on which they are written. But such is not the law. A contractor must stand by the words of his contract; and, if he will not read what he signs, he alone is responsible for his omission.

Upton, Assignee v. Tribilcock, 91 U.S. 45, 50, 23 L.Ed. 203 (1875).

It is clear that David signed the Decree, he has accepted the terms therein.

Further, there is no valid argument that the Decree is not a valid contract. To invalidate the Decree, David would have to succeed on his NRCP 60(b) Motion, which as already addressed, he cannot do.

The MOU was a valid contract. The parties signed the Decree, indicating without exception that they had both accepted the terms of the same, and David has provided no evidence in law or fact that his intention was not to accept the Decree; the integration and incorporation of each individual specific term from the MOU into the Decree makes it apparent that the intent of the Decree was to "extinguish" and replace the MOU. The Decree is valid.

Even if the MOU did not merge into the Decree by operation of law, it was replaced by novation. In either case, the Decree is the only existing contract.

II.

CONCLUSION

David cannot succeed on his Motion. He has rested his case in chief, and the evidence he presented does not provide any basis under Nevada Law to find that the MOU is the controlling agreement. Nor does the evidence he presented provide any basis

27

Testimony of David Transcript Re: All Pending Motions, VII: Pg 180 line 21 - Pg 181 line 5.

www.KainenLawGroup.com

under Nevada law to find that there is either a (1) valid mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect; or (2) fraud.

Therefore, Sarah requests that this court grant her Motion for a judgment pursuant to NRCP 52(c), or alternatively grant summary judgment on the matter, denying David's Motion *in toto* and affirming the Decree of Divorce. Sarah also requests permission from this Court to file a Motion pursuant to NRCP 54.

DATED this <u>l</u> ay of February, 2021.

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

By

RACHEAL H. MASTEL, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 11646 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 Attorney for Defendant

AFFIDAVIT OF RACHEAL MASTEL, ESQ., IN SUPPORT DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR JUDGMENT PURSUANT TO NRCP 52(c) OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF CLARK ss:

www.KainenLawGroup.com

RACHEAL MASTEL, ESQ., being first duly sworn, deposes and states that I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada, and in that capacity, I represent the Defendant, Sarah Rose, in the above-entitled action.

That I have read through the foregoing Motion and the facts contained therein are true to the best of my knowledge except as to those matters stated upon information and belief and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

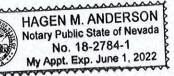
FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

RACHEAL MASTEL, ESQ.

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me by Racheal Mastel, Esq., this <u>12</u> day of February, 2021.

CTARY PUBLIC in and fo

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for said County and State



KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 3303 Novat Street, Suite 200 Las Vegas. Nevada 89129 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the $\frac{12}{12}$ day of February, 2021, I caused to
3	be served the Defendant's Motion for Judgment Pursuant to NRCP 52(c) or in the
4	Alternative for Summary Judgment to all interested parties as follows:
5	BY MAIL: Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I caused a true copy thereof to be place
6	in the U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, postage fully prepaid thereon, addressed
7	as follows:
8	BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I caused a true copy thereof to be placed in the
9	U.S. Mail, enclosed in a sealed envelope, certified mail, return receipt requested, postage
10	fully paid thereon, addressed as follows:
11	BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I caused a true copy thereof to
12	be transmitted, via facsimile, to the following number(s):
13	X BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26 and NEFCR Rule 9, I
14	caused a true copy thereof to be served via electronic mail, via Wiznet, to the following
15	e-mail address(es):
16 17	Shelley@lubritzlawoffice.com Daverose08@gmail.com
18	D and MANA
19	Evanderson
20	An Employee of KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	