IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 2 3 Electronically Filed Jul 06 2022 05:30 p.m. 4 Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court 5 CRYSTAL YVONNE AUSTIN, CASE NO.: 83345 6 Appellant, 7 VS. 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 Respondent, 11 ON APPEAL FROM THE FIFTH JUDICAL DISTRICT COURT IN AND 12 FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE, THE HONORABLE ROBERT LANE, 13 **PRESIDING** 14 PETITION FOR REVIEW 15 Appellant, CRYSTAL YVONNE AUSTIN, by and through her attorney of 16 record, DAVID H. NEELY III, ESQ., hereby petitions this Honorable Court to 17 18 Review the COURT OF APPEALS ORDER DENYING REHEARING from 19 an appeal of an order of the district court that denies a Post-Conviction Petition for 20 Writ of Habeas Corpus. 21 // 22 // 23 24

This Motion is made and based upon SCR 40B, the following Points and Authorities, all papers, pleadings and documents on file herein, as well as any oral arguments that may be entertained at the hearing of this Motion.

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

NRAP 40B(a) allows review of a decision of the Court of Appeals on petition for review. NRAP 40B(a) states:

- (a) Decisions of Court of Appeals Reviewable by Petition for Review. A decision of the Court of Appeals is a final decision that is not reviewable by the Supreme Court except on petition for review. A party aggrieved by a decision of the Court of Appeals may file a petition for review with the clerk of the Supreme Court. The petition must state the question(s) presented for review and the reason(s) review is warranted. Supreme Court review is not a matter of right but of judicial discretion. The following, while neither controlling nor fully measuring the Supreme Court's discretion, are factors that will be considered in the exercise of that discretion:
- (1) Whether the question presented is one of first impression of general statewide significance;
- (2) Whether the decision of the Court of Appeals conflicts with a prior decision of the Court of Appeals, the Supreme Court, or the United States Supreme Court;

(3) Whether the case involves fundamental issues of statewide public importance.

Here, the Court has misapprehended one (1) matter in the record.

The Court has misapprehended a material fact when it concluded that Trial Counsel was not ineffective for failing to impeach victim impact testimony during the sentencing hearing which Appellant contends was ineffective assistance of counsel.

The Court states, "Third, Austin claimed that her trial counsel was ineffective for failing to impeach victim impact testimony during the sentencing hearing. Austin asserted that the victim's testimony concerning the facts of the offense was not accurate. During the sentencing hearing, counsel cross-examined the victim concerning her version of the events. Counsel also noted during the sentencing hearing that many of the victim/s statements concerning the incident were not supported by the factual evidence, and counsel urged the sentencing court to disregard those statements when it imposed Austin's sentence. In light of counsel's cross-examination of the victim and request for the sentencing court to disregard the victim's unsupported statements, Austin did not demonstrate that her counsel's performance fell below an objective standard of reasonableness. Austin also failed to demonstrate a reasonable probability of a different outcome at sentencing had counsel performed different actions concerning the victim's impact

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testimony. Therefore, we conclude that the district court did not err by denying this claim without conducting an evidentiary hearing.

In Petitioner's own words, "I signed a 2 to 5 deal. However, I was double sentenced due to Mc Cox's lies. If you read through the testimony she (Ms. Cox) said I was out 4 years. I should be sentenced 4 years. This was all done before Mr. Martinez and the DA could Ms. Cox on her over dramatization of things that did not exist." (Appx. 0290-0291)

"Ms. Cox was allowed Oct. 28, 2019, to read a "story" of her unfactual accounts. To which Judge Lane allowed to be submitted to PNP. Ms. Cox was trying to get restitution and blame me for the death of her mother all the while not involved in the wreck."

"Ms. Cox lied under oath. I was maliciously prosecuted by Ms. Cox. Ms. Cox submitted receipts for 4 new tires. Her mother's medical proved no injuries, her service dog- no proof no receipts nor were they listed as being involved. Ms. Cox's mother wrote a statement submitted 1 year later which claimed I had open container on the floorboard. A complete lie. Malicious prosecution. That's what Nye County charged me with when making a police statement to the best of my knowledge." (Appx. 0291)

"Ms. Cox stalled my case for 4 years trying to pin the blame of her mother's death, which was I'm sure natural causes 2 years after June 1, 2016."

DA Vitto told Ms. Cox she was stretching the truth. But the "story" was already incorporated in my report. PNP Pahrump started it, Clark County finished my report." (Appx. 0291)

"Ms. Cox is a fraud and a liar. Ms. Cox submitted receipts for 4 new tires? She claims trees, her car was a sports car type (4 door KIA Optima) is no sports car. Not involved in a wreck. Merely a Golddigger." (Appx. 0291)

"With Ms. Cox perjuring herself, malicious prosecuting me, stalking my residence all last year, manipulation of the truth, the letter of lies, her trying to blame a natural COD of her mother on me. Trying to snow over the Judge controlling the courtroom telling the Judge what my sentence should be.

Meanwhile, Mr. Martinez let her do whatever with no objection. Told me all victims have a right to speak. I said she is no victim. Mr. Martinez told me to shut up." (Appx. 0291)

"The DA is the only one who basically called Ms. Cox a liar. But damage was done." Trial Counsel had a duty to defend his client at the Sentencing by objecting to testimony that included falsehoods from Ms. Cox, the victim witness. Thus, he was not functioning as the 'counsel' guaranteed the defendant by the Sixth Amendment," Strickland, 466 U.S. at 87, 104 S. Ct. at 2064. (0292)

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Counsel's performance fell below an objective standard of reasonableness and his errors were so severe that it caused Appellant to plead Guilty in the instant case in violation of Strickland since there was a reasonable probability that she would have chosen to go to trial if she knew she would be sentenced without her Trial Counsel defending her by objecting to falsehoods uttered by the victim witness.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the Court has misapprehended one material fact in the instant matter. The material fact that the Court misapprehended was when it concluded that Trial Counsel was not ineffective for failing to impeach victim impact testimony during the sentencing hearing which Appellant contends was ineffective assistance of counsel.

Review is warranted because this was a miscarriage of justice which is a fundamental issue of state wide importance when the Court of Appeals misapprehends one (1) material fact that resulted in the Appellant having lost his liberty as a result.

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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE PURSUANT TO RULES 40 and 40A

1. I hereby certify that this petition for review complies with the formatting requirements of Rule 32(a)(4), the typeface requirements of NRAP 32(a)(5) and the type style requirements of NRAP 32(a)(6) because:

[a] It has been prepared in a proportionally spaced typeface using Microsoft Word in Times Roman 14.

2. I further certify that this brief complies with the page limitations of Rule 40B(d) because it:

[X] Does not exceed 10 pages.

DATED this 6 day of July, 2022.

DAVID H. NĚELY III

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Attorney for Appellant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an agent or employee of the above
attorney, and that on the 6 day of July, 2022, I served the above and foregoing
PETITION FOR REVIEW by depositing a copy in the United States mails,
postage prepaid, addressed to the following persons or parties at their last known
addresses as indicated below:
Chris Arabia, Esq. Nye County District Attorney P. O. Box 39 Pahrump, NV 89041
Aaron Ford, Esq. Nevada Attorney General 100 North Carson Street Carson City Nevada 89701-4717

agent or employee of DAVID H. NEELY, III, ESQ.

Attorneys for Respondents