IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

Case No. 84345

CITY OF LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of Political State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, and the LAS VEGAS, a political subdivision of the State of LAS VEGAS, and the LAS VE Elizabeth A. Brown Appellant

Clerk of Supreme Court

v.

180 LAND CO, LLC, a Nevada limited-liability company, FORE STARS LTD., a Nevada limited liability company,

Respondents

District Court Case No.: A-17-758528-J Eighth Judicial District Court of Nevada

APPELLANT'S MOTION TO EXCEED PAGE LIMIT FOR REPLY TO MOTION TO STAY

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Attorneys for Appellant

Appellant City of Las Vegas moves to exceed the 5-page limit imposed by NRAP 27(d)(2) to file its Reply to Motion to Stay ("Reply") filed concurrently herewith. This motion is supported by the following points and authorities and declaration of Debbie Leonard that follows.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

NRAP 27(d)(2) states that a reply shall not exceed 5 pages unless the court permits or directs otherwise. NRAP 32(a)(7)(D) authorizes a brief that exceeds the applicable length limit "on a showing of diligence and good cause." With regard to the City's Motion to Stay, the Court granted the City's motion to exceed the page limit after the City made the necessary showing of diligence and good cause. The City requests the same relief here because the Reply had to address multiple legal issues and correct misstatements made in the Respondent's Opposition.

The City respectfully requests leave to exceed the page limit due to the extensive procedural history of the case, the numerous legal errors committed by the district court, and the need to address the merits of the appeal when analyzing whether a stay is warranted under NRAP 8(c). This case involves the district court's failure to provide the City the automatic stay of a \$34 million judgment ("the Judgment") and approximately \$14 million in fees, costs, property tax reimbursement, and pre-judgment interest ("the Additional Sums") to which the City is entitled under NRAP 62(d)-(e) and should be granted under NRAP 8(c).

Rather than stay the Judgment and Additional Sums, the district court conditioned the City's right to appeal upon the City's payment of all sums awarded. The City could not recover such sums if it is successful on appeal.

The stakes in this matter are extraordinary. In addition to the excessive amount of the Judgment and Additional Sums, the district court ruled that a local authority such as the City has no discretion to deny a land use application so long as property is zoned for the proposed use. According to the district court's flawed analysis, the City's General Plan limitations and the City Council's obligations under NRS Chapter 278 – to ensure compatibility among land uses, preserve air and water quality, promote the conservation of open space, provide for recreation, and generally promote health and welfare – do not matter. The district court decided, contrary to this Court's precedent, that zoning supersedes everything else and grants a constitutionally protected right to build whatever the property owner desires, so long as the use is a permitted use under the zoning.

The district court further held that, if the City does not approve a project simply because it is an allowed use within the applicable zoning district, the City must pay just compensation for a taking, even if the project is not allowed by the General Plan, which is a higher authority than zoning in Nevada. That conclusion is contrary to Nevada's well-established jurisprudence, which establishes that zoning does not create a vested property right, strip a decision maker of its

discretion to deny an application, or supersede the City's General Plan. If the Judgment is not stayed, rather than consider applications based on its policy-driven General Plan, the City will be compelled to approve uses that are inconsistent with its planning goals, would destroy open space, have deleterious effects on the environment, and be incompatible with the surroundings. The irreparable harm cannot be undone if the City prevails on appeal.

Counsel for the City worked diligently to present the Reply in a concise manner. Counsel spent considerable time attempting to shorten the Reply, remove words, and distill the procedural history and argument to meet the page limit. Counsel is also cognizant that the Court does not want to read long replies.

However, due to the gravity of this matter and the enormous sums of money at stake, the City likewise needed to ensure that the most important facts, conclusions and arguments are presented to the Court for consideration. The net result of counsel's effort to strike this balance is that the Reply is 30 pages, so the City seeks leave to file its Reply with 25 more pages than allowed under NRAP 27(d)(2). The City respectfully posits that under the circumstances of this case, such relief is warranted.

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AFFIRMATION

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain the social security number of any person

DATED this 24th day of March, 2022

BY: /s/ Debbie Leonard

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Attorneys for Appellant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of Leonard Law, PC, and a copy of the foregoing document was electronically filed with the Clerk of the Court for the Nevada Supreme Court on today's date by using the Nevada Supreme Court's E-Filing system (E-Flex). Participants in the case who are registered with E-Flex as users will be served by the E-Flex system and others not registered will be served via U.S. mail at the following addresses.

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Dated: March 24, 2022

Stars Ltd.

/s/ Tricia Trevino

An employee of Leonard Law, PC

DECLARATION OF DEBBIE LEONARD IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO EXCEED PAGE LIMIT

- I, Debbie Leonard, do hereby swear under penalty of perjury that the assertions in this declaration are true and correct.
- 1. I am over the age of eighteen (18) years. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated within this declaration. If called as a witness, I would be competent to testify to these facts.
- 2. I am the owner of Leonard Law, PC and counsel of record for Appellant in this case, the City of Las Vegas.
- 3. This declaration is offered in support of Appellant's Motion to Exceed Page Limit For Reply to Motion to Stay ("Motion").
- 4. Appellant respectfully requests leave to exceed the page limit due to the extensive procedural history of the case, the numerous legal errors committed by the district court, and the need to address the merits as part of the Motion. This case involves the district court's failure to provide the City the automatic stay of a \$34 million judgment ("the Judgment") and approximately \$14 million in post-judgment awards (the "Additional Sums") to which the City is entitled under NRAP 62(d)-(e) and that is warranted under NRAP 8(c). The district court conditioned the City's appeal rights on its payment of the Judgment. To bring the matter before this Court and address the NRAP 8(c) factors, the City had to brief the merits of many of the issues on appeal.

- 5. The stakes in this matter are extraordinary. In addition to the excessive amount of the Judgment and Additional Sums, the district court ruled that a local authority such as the City has no discretion to deny a land use application so long as property is zoned for the proposed use. According to the district court's flawed analysis, the City's General Plan limitations and the Council's obligations under NRS Chapter 278 to ensure compatibility among land uses, preserve air and water quality, promote the conservation of open space, provide for recreation, and generally promote health and welfare do not matter because zoning supersedes everything else.
- 6. The district court held that, if the City does not approve a project simply because it is an allowed use within the applicable zoning district, the City must pay just compensation for a taking. That conclusion is contrary to Nevada's well-established jurisprudence, which holds that zoning does not create a vested property right or strip a decision maker of its discretion to deny an application. If the Judgment is not stayed, rather than consider applications based on its policy-driven General Plan, the City will be compelled to approve uses that are inconsistent with its planning goals, would destroy open space, have deleterious effects on the environment, and be incompatible with the surroundings. The irreparable harm cannot be undone if the City prevails on appeal.

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I worked diligently to present the Reply in a concise manner. I spent

I likewise needed to ensure that the most important facts, conclusions and arguments

are presented to the Court for consideration. The net result of my effort to strike this

balance is that the Reply is 30 pages, so the City seeks leave to file its Reply with 25

more pages than allowed under NRAP 27(d)(2).

7.

8. I respectfully submit that I exercised diligence and believe good cause

exists to exceed the 5-page limit in NRAP 27(d)(2) and request leave to do so.

9. I believe diligence and good cause exist to grant the Motion to Exceed

the Page Limit, particularly because the Court granted the City's Motion to Exceed

the Word Limit for the Motion to Stay.

10. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada

that the foregoing is true and correct.

DATED March 24, 2022

/s/ Debbie Leonard
Debbie Leonard