#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

In the matter of:

JAY KVAM,

Appellant,

VS.

BRIAN MINEAU; and LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC,

Respondents.

Electronically Filed Jun 10 2022 04:31 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

**Supreme Court Case No. 84443** 

District Court Case No. CV18-00764

#### **JOINT APPENDIX**

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# IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JAY KVAM,

Case No. CV18-00764

10

Plaintiff / Counterdefendant,

Dept. No. 3

VS.

BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,

Defendants / Counterclaimants.

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## OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST MOTION TO COMPEL

Defendants / Counterclaimants BRIAN MINEAU ("Mineau") and LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC ("Legion"), by and through their counsel of record, Austin K. Sweet, Esq. and Mark H. Gunderson, Esq., submit this Opposition to the *First Motion to Compel* ("Motion") filed by Plaintiff / Counterdefendant JAY KVAM ("Kvam"). This Opposition is made and based upon NRCP 26, NRCP 34, NRCP 37, and the following points and authorities and attachments.

## **MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

#### I. INTRODUCTION

This dispute concerns the parties' efforts to acquire the property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois ("Property"), renovate it, and sell it for a profit. In furtherance of these efforts, the parties entered into a very short and very poorly worded document signed by Kvam, Mineau, and Michael Spinola ("Terms of Agreement"). Kvam invested approximately \$93,784.31 in the project

GUNDERSON LAW FIRM A PROFESSIONAL LAW CORPORATION 3895 WEITER WAY RENO, NEVADA 89509 (775) 829-1222

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II. ARGUMENT

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Kvam seeks an order compelling Legion and Mineau to provide further responses to his Requests for Production of Documents Nos. 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 20. Each request will be

and Legion invested \$20,000.00 in the project. Approximately \$45,000.00 of Kvam's funds were paid directly from Kvam into escrow to purchase the Property, and the remainder was paid directly from Kvam to the contractor in Illinois, TNT Complete Facility Care Inc. ("TNT"). It is undisputed that Kvam never delivered any funds to Legion or Mineau and that none of Kvam's funds ever passed through Legion's or Mineau's bank accounts. Unfortunately, the project stalled and Kvam demanded that Legion sell the Property and sued Legion and Mineau to reimburse him for the losses he suffered in the investment.

Kvam has issued lengthy and detailed requests for production of documents which have nothing to do with Kvam, the Property, the project, or this dispute. Kvam seeks substantial financial records, tax records, and internal documents from Legion and Mineau, despite the fact that it is undisputed that neither Legion nor Mineau was ever in possession of Kvam's funds in any manner whatsoever: each of Kvam's payments went either directly to escrow (to purchase the Property) or directly to TNT to renovate the Property. Despite Kvam's allegations that he is entitled to audit all of Legion and Mineau's personal and financial records, there is simply no money "missing" in this 15|| project and there is no allegation that Legion or Mineau mishandled or misappropriated Kyam's funds 16 in any way. There is simply no reason for Kvam to request or obtain any documents from Legion or Mineau other than those documents relating or pertaining to Kvam, the Property, the project, or this litigation.

Furthermore, the Motion should be denied due to Kvam's failure to properly meet and confer. As Kvam stated in the Motion, counsel for the parties engaged in a lengthy meet and confer process, after which Legion and Mineau supplemented their responses and delivered a lengthy letter explaining their supplemental responses. See Sweet's February 21, 2019 letter to Matuska, attached as Exhibit "2." Kvam made no further effort to meet and confer concerning these issues before filing the Motion.

For these reasons, the Motion should be denied.

addressed in turn.

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#### A, Legion and Mineau Have Adequately Responded to Request No. 1.

Kvam's Request No. I seeks "any and all agreements between any of the following persons: Jay Kvam, Brian Mineau, Michael Spinola, or Legion Investments, LLC." Mineau and Legion object to this request in that it seeks irrelevant information concerning agreements to which Kvam is not a party and therefore have no bearing on this litigation. Legion and Mineau produced all agreements to which Kvam is a party. Kvam deems this response inadequate.

First, Kvam argues that Legion and Mineau's response is inconsistent and ambiguous because Legion and Mineau state that documents to which Kvam is not a party are being withheld, but that all responsive materials have been produced. Motion p. 7. This is not inconsistent: Legion and Mineau objected to the scope of the request, stated that responsive materials are being withheld on the basis of that objection, and duly responded to the rest of the request. This is precisely the procedure required by NRCP 34(b)(2)(C). Kvam goes on to criticize Legion and Mineau for not providing a privilege log, but a privilege log is not required for documents which are being withheld on the basis of an objection under NRCP 34(b)(2)(C). Critically, Kvam did not raise this issue during 16 the meet and confer process. See Motion at Ex. 4 pp. 1-2. Had Kvam raised this issue prior to the Motion, Legion and Mineau could have addressed this alleged ambiguity in their supplemental response and perhaps avoided judicial intervention.

Second, Kvam argues that Legion and Mineau have provided inconsistent information regarding the source of Legion's \$20,000.00 wire transfer to TNT, requiring Legion and Mineau to produce their agreements with Michael Spinola and Criterion NV LLC. Motion pp. 7-8. However, 22 Kvam's Request No. 1 does not seek agreements involving Criterion NV LLC or the \$20,000.00 transfer. Regardless, as Mineau has already testified, the transaction involving Mr. Spinola, Criterion 24|| NV LLC, and the \$20,000.00 wire transfer was not documented, so no responsive documents exist. See Reply in Support of Motion for Protective Order at Ex. 1. Again, Kvam did not raise this issue during the meet and confer process. See Motion at Ex. 4 pp. 1-2. Had Kvam raised this issue prior to the Motion, Legion and Mineau could have clarified this fact in their supplemental response and perhaps avoided judicial intervention.

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Kvam further argues that the requested documents are relevant to establish the background of the parties, their relationship to each other, their course of dealing, and the interpretation of the Terms of Agreement. Motion p. 8. However, this could only be true with respect to agreements to which Kvam was a party, and Legion and Mineau did not object to the production of such documents. Agreements to which Kvam was not a party could not establish any manner of background, course of dealing, or interpretation of contracts related to this litigation and is therefore irrelevant. NRCP 26(b).

Finally, Kvam argues that "the Terms of Agreement purports to make Kvam a member and he is entitled to the company's documents under NRS 86.241." Motion p. 8. Legion and Mineau adamantly dispute that the Terms of Agreement somehow made Kvam a member of Legion under NRS Chapter 86, and there is no mechanism under Nevada law for parties to become members of a preexisting entity solely with respect to a single asset of that entity. Indeed, Kvam has acknowledged this fact under oath [see Affidavit of Jay Kvam in Support of Motion for Dissolution, attached as Exhibit "3," at ¶ 8] and makes no claim in his First Amended Verified Complaint that he is a member of Legion with rights under NRS Chapter 86. Regardless, Request No. 1 does not comply with the express procedural requirements of NRS 86.241, so NRS 86.241 would not justify granting Kvam's Motion even if he was somehow deemed to be a member of Legion.

For these reasons, Legion and Mineau properly and adequately responded to Kvam's Request No. 1. Additionally, Kvam failed to sufficiently meet and confer regarding his concerns with Legion and Mineau's Supplemental Response to Request No. 1. As explained above, the Motion relies upon arguments which were not raised during the meet and confer process. Moreover, counsel for the parties met at length to discuss the issues that were raised regarding these requests and Legion and Mineau ultimately agreed to supplement their Response to Request No. 1 to clarify that the documents being withheld were documents to which Kvam was not a party. Motion at Ex. 5 p. 2. Legion and Mineau also attached a letter explaining their supplemental responses. See Ex. 2. Based upon this supplemental response and explanation, Legion and Mineau believed this issue was resolved. See Ex. 1 ¶ 6. Kvam made no effort to further discuss or resolve this issue before filing the Motion. Id.

The Motion should be denied with respect to Request No. 1.

### B. Legion and Mineau Have Adequately Responded to Request No. 6.

Kvam's Request No. 6, as amended, seeks all tax returns for Legion since January 1, 2017. Mineau and Legion object to this request in that it seeks irrelevant and confidential information because Legion's tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. In the letter accompanying their supplemental responses, Legion and Mineau explained Legion's tax returns would only be relevant to the extent related to the Property, but that Legion's 2017 tax returns contain no entries relating to the Property and Legion's 2018 tax returns are not yet completed. See Ex. 2 pp. 1-2. Legion and Mineau agreed to further supplement their responses as appropriate after Legion's 2018 tax returns are completed. Id. Kvam deems this response inadequate.

Kvam first argues that Legion's tax returns are relevant because Legion sold the Property and must therefore declare either a profit or a loss. Motion p. 9. However, Legion sold the Property in 2018 and, as Legion explained to Kvam, Legion has not yet filed its tax returns for 2018. Ex. 2 pp. 1-2. Thus, even if Legion's 2018 tax returns do contain relevant information, they do not presently exist and Legion has no responsive documents available to produce in this regard.

Kvam next relies upon <u>Cain v. Price</u>, 134 Nev. Adv. Op. 26, 415 P.3d 25 (2018) for the proposition that a plaintiff seeking punitive damages is entitled to the defendant's tax returns "when the Plaintiffs had presented sufficient evidence of fraud, civil conspiracy and conversion." Motion p. 9. However, that case also states that "a defendant's personal financial information can not be had for the mere asking." <u>Id.</u> Here, unlike in <u>Cain</u>, Kvam has presented no evidence of fraud, civil conspiracy, conversion, or misuse of funds. Indeed, it is undisputed that neither Legion nor Mineau ever had custody, possession, or control over Kvam's funds in any way whatsoever. <u>Cain</u> therefore does not support Kvam's request for Legion's tax returns.

Kvam also argues that Legion and Mineau have a duty to account to Kvam and provide him access to Legion's books and records pursuant to NRS 87.4335. Motion p. 9. Legion and Mineau dispute that a partnership was formed under NRS Chapter 87, but even if a partnership was formed, NRS 87.4335 does not require each partner to provide access to their personal books and records to the other partners. Rather, NRS 87.4335 requires each partner to furnish to its other partners any information concerning the partnership's business and affairs. As Legion has explained to Kvam,

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its 2017 tax returns contain no information relating to the Property and its 2018 tax returns have not yet been filed. Ex. 2 pp. 1-2. Thus, Legion has no responsive documents available to produce in this regard.

Kvam goes on to argue that he is entitled to review Legion's tax returns due to Legion and Mineau's "failure and refusal to provide an accounting to date," so that Kvam may see "how and whether Legion Investments reported this investment, including any expenses, loans and proceeds." Motion pp. 9-10. Kvam has never explained: why he believes Legion and Mineau owe him some duty to provide an accounting; what Kvam wishes the accounting to reflect; or how any such issues might be resolved by reviewing Legion's tax returns, especially considering that Legion and Mineau have never had custody, possession, or control over Kvam's funds in any way whatsoever. Regardless, again, as Legion has explained to Kvam, its 2017 tax returns contain no information relating to the Property and its 2018 tax returns have not yet been filed. Ex. 2 pp. 1-2. Thus, Legion has no responsive documents available to produce in this regard.

Finally, Kvam argues that discovery of Legion's tax returns "is allowed for purposes of the claim to pierce the company's limited liability shield." Motion p. 10. However, Kvam has not pled a claim to pierce Legion's limited liability shield. See generally Kvam's First Amended Verified Complaint. This argument is therefore irrelevant.

For these reasons, Legion and Mineau properly and adequately responded to Kvam's Request No. 6. Additionally, Kvam also failed to sufficiently meet and confer regarding his concerns with Legion and Mineau's Response to Request No. 6. As explained above, after counsel for the parties met at length to discuss the issues that were raised regarding these requests, Legion and Mineau informed Kvam that, regardless of their objections, Legion's 2017 tax returns contained no information relating to the Property and Legion's 2018 tax returns have not yet been filed. Ex. 2 p.

2. Based upon this explanation, Legion and Mineau believed this issue was resolved. See Ex. 1 ¶ 6. Kvam made no effort to further discuss or resolve this issue before filing the Motion. Id.

The Motion should be denied with respect to Request No. 6.

## C. Legion and Mineau Have Adequately Responded to Request No. 7.

Kvam's Request No. 7, as amended, seeks all schedule K-1s for Legion since January 1, 2017.

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Mineau and Legion object to this request because Legion's tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Again, Legion and Mineau explained that Legion's tax returns would only be relevant to the extent related to the Property, but that Legion's 2017 tax returns contain no K-1s relating to the Property and Legion's 2018 tax returns are not yet completed. See Ex. 2 pp. 1-2. Legion and Mineau agreed to further supplement their responses as appropriate after Legion's 2018 tax returns are completed. <u>Id.</u> Kvam deems this response inadequate.

In his Motion concerning Request No. 7, Kvam simply refers to his arguments with respect to Request No. 6. Legion and Mineau's responses to those arguments are stated above.

Additionally, Kvam asserts that Legion "should have been providing Kvam with a Schedule K-1 or other tax reporting information." Motion p. 10. Legion and Mineau disagree, but this dispute certainly cannot be resolved by way of the Motion.

For these reasons, the Motion should be denied with respect to Request No. 7.

#### Legion and Mineau Have Adequately Responded to Request No. 8. D.

Kvam's Request No. 8, as amended, seeks all of Mineau's Schedule Es relating to Legion 15||since January 1, 2017. Mineau and Legion object to this request in that it seeks irrelevant and 16 confidential information because Mineau's tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. In the letter accompanying their supplemental responses, Legion and Mineau explained 18 that Mineau's Schedule Es would only be relevant to the extent related to the Property, but that Mineau's 2017 tax returns contain no Schedule Es relating to the Property and Mineau's 2018 tax 20 returns are not yet completed. See Ex. 2 p. 2. Legion and Mineau agreed to further supplement their responses as appropriate after Mineau's 2018 tax returns are completed. Id. Kvam deems this response inadequate.

Kvam first argues that Mineau's Schedule Es are relevant for the reasons set forth in the discussion regarding Request No. 6. Motion p. 11. Legion and Mineau's responses to those arguments are stated above.

Kvam next argues that Mineau's Schedule Es would show whether he declared the income and loss for the project at the Property on his own tax returns, which relates to the interpretation of the Terms of Agreement. Motion p. 11. Legion and Mineau have already explained to Kvam that

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Mineau's tax returns contain no Schedule Es relating to the Property. Ex. 2 p. 2. Thus, Mineau has no relevant documents available to produce in this regard. NRCP 26(b).

Kvam goes on to argue that "Mineau's Schedule E would also reflect any income from Criterion, if he is in fact a 'principal' of that company as he claims to be." Motion p. 11. However, Request No. 8 does not request information relating to Criterion NV LLC and Kvam is not entitled to undertake a proverbial fishing expedition by auditing Mineau's tax returns to see if they happen to reflect any income from Criterion NV LLC. See Cain, supra. Further, Kvam did not raise this issue during the meet and confer process. See Motion at Ex. 4 p. 3. Had Kvam raised this issue prior to the Motion, perhaps the parties could have resolved this concern without judicial intervention.

Finally, Kvam argues that "Mineau's tax returns and Schedule E would be relevant to the question of whether he commingled project funds and would therefore relate to the alter ego allegation." Motion p. 11. However, again, it is undisputed that neither Mineau nor Legion ever had possession, custody, or control of any of Kvam's funds relating to the project, and thus Mineau could not possibly have "commingled" such funds. Regardless, Kvam has not pled a claim for alter ego, so this argument is irrelevant. See generally Kvam's First Amended Verified Complaint.

For these reasons, Legion and Mineau properly and adequately responded to Kvam's Request No. 8. Additionally, Kvam failed to sufficiently meet and confer regarding his concerns with Legion and Mineau's Response to Request No. 8. As explained above, after counsel for the parties met at length to discuss the issues that were raised regarding these requests, Legion and Mineau informed Kvam that, regardless of their objections, Mineau's 2017 tax returns contained no Schedule Es relating to the Property and Mineau's 2018 tax returns have not yet been filed. Ex. 2 p. 3. Based upon this explanation, Legion and Mineau believed this issue was resolved. See Ex. 1 ¶ 6. Kvam made no effort to further discuss or resolve this issue before filing the Motion. Id.

The Motion should be denied with respect to Request No. 8.

# E. Legion and Mineau Have Adequately Responded to Request No. 9.

Kvam's Request No. 9 seeks "all meeting minutes for Legion Investments, LLC." Mineau and Legion object to this request in that it seeks irrelevant, confidential information concerning Legion's internal business affairs which have no bearing on this litigation. After counsel met and

conferred regarding this response, Legion and Mineau supplemented their response to clarify that there are no meeting minutes which mention Kvam or the Property. Motion at Ex. 5 p. 4. Kvam deems this response inadequate.

First, Kvam again argues that he is entitled to Legion's meeting minutes because he is a member of Legion based upon the fact of the Terms of Agreement. Motion p. 12. As discussed above, Legion and Mineau adamantly dispute that the Terms of Agreement somehow made Kvam a member of Legion under NRS Chapter 86, and there is no mechanism under Nevada law for parties to become members of a preexisting entity solely with respect to a single asset of that entity. Indeed, Kvam has acknowledged this fact under oath [see Ex. 3 ¶ 8] and makes no claim in his First Amended Verified Complaint that he is a member of Legion with rights under NRS Chapter 86. As such, Kvam is not entitled to Legion's meeting minutes as a member of Legion.

Next, Kvam argues that he needs the meeting minutes to see whether Legion approved the Terms of Agreement, the project, and any other resolutions relevant to the Property. Motion p. 12. As Legion and Mineau have explained to Kvam, there are no meeting minutes which mention Kvam or the Property. Ex. 2 p. 9; Motion at Ex. 5 p. 4. Thus, Legion has no relevant documents available to produce in this regard. NRCP 26(b).

Kvam goes on to argue that "This is a fraud case, and Kvam does not have to take the word of Mineau or his attorney on what is or is not contained in the meeting minutes." Motion p. 13. Although Kvam has pled a claim for fraud, he has not produced any evidence whatsoever to support that claim. Simply pleading fraud does not entitle a plaintiff to an unconditional audit of a defendant's records to determine whether a discovery response is truthful. NRCP 26(b).

Kvam also argues that the "meeting minutes might also reflect any agreements with Criterion, which Mineau has raised as an issue." Motion p. 12. However, Request No. 9 does not request information relating to Criterion NV LLC and Kvam is not entitled to undertake a proverbial fishing expedition by auditing Legion's internal records to see if they happen to reflect any agreements with Criterion NV LLC. See NRCP 26(b). Regardless, Kvam did not raise this issue during the meet and confer process. See Motion at Ex. 4 p. 3. Had Kvam raised this issue prior to the Motion, perhaps the parties could have resolved this concern without judicial intervention.

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Finally, Kvam again argues that this information is relevant to the issue of alter ego. Motion p. 13. However, again, Kvam has not pled a claim for alter ego, so this argument is irrelevant. See generally Kvam's First Amended Verified Complaint.

For these reasons, Legion and Mineau properly and adequately responded to Kvam's Request No. 9. Additionally, Kvam failed to sufficiently meet and confer regarding his concerns with Legion and Mineau's Supplemental Response to Request No. 9. As explained above, after counsel for the parties met at length to discuss the issues that were raised regarding these issues, Legion and Mineau supplemented their Response to Request No. 9 to reflect that, regardless of their objections, Legion had no meeting minutes which mention Kvam or the Property. Motion at Ex. 5 p. 4. Based upon this supplemental response, Legion and Mineau believed this issue was resolved. See Ex. 1 § 6. Kvam made no effort to further discuss or resolve this issue before filing the Motion. Id.

The Motion should be denied with respect to Request No. 9.

#### F, Legion and Mineau Have Adequately Responded to Request No. 10.

Kvam's Request No. 10 seeks "all resolutions of the members and/or managers of Legion Investments, LLC." Mineau and Legion object to this request in that it seeks irrelevant, confidential 16 information concerning Legion's internal business affairs which have no bearing on this litigation. After counsel met and conferred regarding this response, Legion and Mineau supplemented their response to clarify that there are no resolutions for Legion which mention Kvam or the Property. See Motion at Ex. 5 pp. 4-5. Kvam deems this response inadequate.

In his Motion concerning Request No. 10, Kvam simply refers to his arguments with respect to Request No. 9. Legion and Mineau's responses to those arguments are stated above.

For these reasons, the Motion should be denied with respect to Request No. 10.

#### G. Legion and Mineau Have Adequately Responded to Request No. 11.

Kvam's Request No. 11, as amended, seeks all balance sheets for Legion Investments, LLC, since January 1, 2017. Mineau and Legion object to this request in that it seeks irrelevant and confidential information because Legion's financial and tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Nonetheless, Legion and Mineau supplemented their responses to provide financial records concerning the Property. Motion at Ex. 5 p. 5. Kvam deems this response

inadequate.

Kvam, without any justification or explanation, accuses Legion and Mineau's supplemental response of being "intentionally misleading and fraudulent." Motion p. 14. Legion has produced the financial statements which it has. Legion is not obligated to create "balance sheets (which show assets, liability and owner's equity)" in a form deemed acceptable to Kvam. Legion cannot produce that which does not exist.

Kvam again refers to the discussion regarding Request No. 6 to justify his desire to review a formal "balance sheet" for Legion. Legion and Mineau's responses to Kvam's arguments regarding Request No. 6 are stated above.

For these reasons, Legion and Mineau properly and adequately responded to Kvam's Request No. 11. Additionally, Kvam failed to sufficiently meet and confer regarding his concerns with Legion and Mineau's Supplemental Response to Request No. 11. While counsel for the parties met and conferred regarding Request No. 11, counsel for Legion and Mineau asked Kvam's counsel what he wanted to see out of an "accounting," specifically in light of the fact that Kvam had never transferred any funds to Legion or Mineau, Legion and Mineau never had possession, custody, or control of any of Kvam's funds, and Kvam was just as informed as Legion and Mineau as to the disposition of Kvam's funds. Ex. 1 ¶ 7. Kvam's counsel asked that Legion and Mineau create a spreadsheet indicating all funds they paid into the Property and all funds they received out of the Property. Id. In an effort to progress this dispute toward resolution, Legion and Mineau acquiesced, creating and producing the "financial statements" requested by Kvam's counsel. Id. ¶ 8. As such, Legion and Mineau believed this issue was resolved. Kvam made no effort to further discuss or resolve this issue before filing the Motion. Id.

The Motion should be denied with respect to Request No. 11.

## H. Legion and Mineau Have Adequately Responded to Request No. 12.

Kvam's Request No. 12 seeks "all income and expense statements, and/or profit and loss statements for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." Mineau and Legion object to this request in that it seeks irrelevant and confidential information because Legion's financial records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Nonetheless, Legion and

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Mineau supplemented their responses to provide financial records concerning the Property. Motion at Ex. 5 p. 5. Kvam deems this response inadequate.

Kvam argues that Legion and Mineau's supplemental response is "intentionally misleading and false" because "Request No. 12 was not limited to financial statements only concerning this property, and the financial statements provided were not reported in the normal course of business, but were developed solely for this response." Motion p. 15. It is wholly unclear how these statements make Legion and Mineau's supplemental response "intentionally misleading and false." Legion and Mineau expressly stated that they were only producing financial statements concerning the Property, for the reasons explained at length above. Legion and Mineau also expressly stated at the "meet and confer" that they would develop such documents solely for this response in an effort to move this dispute toward resolution. Ex. 1 ¶¶ 7 - 8. There is nothing misleading at all about this response.

Kvam goes on to complain that Legion and Mineau failed to provide "source documents (invoices, receipts, bank statements and checks)" and does not "show who or which entity received the proceeds of sale, which account it went to, and how it was reported." Motion p. 15. However, none of this information was requested in Request No. 12. Kvam's assertion that Legion and 16 Mineau's supplemental response is "intentionally misleading and false" by not including documents which were not requested is improper.

For these reasons, Legion and Mineau properly and adequately responded to Kvam's Request No. 12. Additionally, Kvam failed to sufficiently meet and confer regarding his concerns with Legion and Mineau's Supplemental Response to Request No. 12. As explained above, while counsel for the parties met and conferred regarding these requests, counsel for Legion and Mineau asked Kvam's counsel what he wanted to see out of an "accounting," specifically in light of the fact that Kyam had never transferred any funds to Legion or Mineau, Legion and Mineau never had possession, custody, or control of any of Kvam's funds, and Kvam was just as informed as Legion and Mineau as to the disposition of Kvam's funds. Ex. 1 ¶ 7. Kvam's counsel asked that Legion and Mineau create a spreadsheet indicating all funds they paid into the Property and all funds they received out of the Property. Id. In an effort to progress this dispute toward resolution, Legion and Mineau acquiesced, creating and producing the "financial statements" requested by Kvam's counsel. Id. ¶ 8. As such,

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Legion and Mineau believed this issue was resolved. <u>Id.</u> Kvam made no effort to further discuss or resolve this issue before filing the Motion. Id.

The Motion should be denied with respect to Request No. 12.

## I. Legion and Mineau Have Adequately Responded to Request No. 13.

Kvam's Request No. 13, as amended, seeks "all bank statements of Legion Investments, LLC accounts" since January 1, 2017. Mineau and Legion object to this request in that it seeks irrelevant and confidential information because Legion's financial and tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. In the letter accompanying their supplemental responses, Legion and Mineau explained that no funds pertaining to this project were ever held in Legion's bank accounts, so Legion's bank statements are irrelevant. See Ex. 2 p. 3. Kvam deems this response inadequate.

In his Motion concerning Request No. 13, Kvam refers to his arguments with respect to Request No. 6. Legion and Mineau's responses to those arguments are stated above.

Additionally, Kvam asserts that Legion's bank statements are necessary to verify the payments listed on Legion's recently produced financial statements, the source of the funds used for the \$20,000.00 wire transfer, and where the proceeds of sale were deposited." Motion p. 16. Again, none of these issues were raised during the "meet and confer" process." Motion at Ex. 4 pp. 4-5. Had Kvam raised this issue prior to the Motion, Legion and Mineau could have addressed these alleged concerns in their supplemental response and perhaps avoided judicial intervention.

The Motion should be denied with respect to Request No. 13.

## J. Legion and Mineau Have Adequately Responded to Request No. 20.

Kvam's Request No. 20 seeks "copies of all business or professional licenses ever held by Brian Mineau." Mineau and Legion objected to this request in that it seeks irrelevant and confidential information because Mineau's business and professional licenses unrelated to the Property or this project have no bearing on this litigation. Nonetheless, Legion and Mineau produced the real estate license information he has as the document identified as LEG0182, a copy of which as attached as Exhibit "4."

For these reasons, Legion and Mineau properly and adequately responded to Kvam's Request No. 20. Additionally, Kvam also failed to sufficiently meet and confer regarding his concerns with

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Legion and Mineau's Response to Request No. 20. Again, after counsel for the parties met at length to discuss the issues that were raised regarding these requests, Legion and Mineau supplemented their Response to Request No. 20. Motion at Ex. 5 p. 7; see also Ex. 4. Legion and Mineau believed this issue was resolved. Kvam made no effort to further discuss or resolve this issue before filing the Motion. See Ex. 1 ¶ 6

The Motion should be denied with respect to Request No. 20.

#### III. **SANCTIONS**

If a motion to compel under Rule 37 is denied, the court must, after giving an opportunity to be heard, require the movant, the attorney filing the motion, or both to pay the party who opposed the motion its reasonable expenses incurred in opposing the motion, including attorney fees. NRCP 37(a)(5)(B).

For the reasons explained above, the Motion should be denied. Furthermore, Kvam filed the Motion without adequately attempting to meet and confer and raised several issues in the Motion which were never addressed during the meet and confer process. Legion and Mineau should therefore be awarded their attorneys' fees and costs in opposing the Motion.

Accordingly, Legion and Mineau should be awarded their attorneys' fees and costs in an amount to be determined after Kvam has had the opportunity to be heard. NRCP 37(a)(5)(B).

#### IV. CONCLUSION

Kvam seeks irrelevant and confidential documents from Legion and Mineau, including tax records, financial records, and internal records, none of which have any bearing on this litigation. These documents which have nothing to do with Kvam, the Property, the project, or this dispute.

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Furthermore, Kvam failed to properly meet and confer concerning Legion and Mineau's supplemental responses before filing the Motion.

For these reasons, the Motion should be denied.

#### **AFFIRMATION**

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document, **OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST MOTION TO COMPEL**, filed in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, County of Washoe, does not contain the social security number of any person.

DATED this \_\_\_\_ day of March, 2019.

GUNDERSON LAW FIRM

By: John Furges. (SBN: V2372)
Austin K. Sweet. Esq.

Nevada State Bar No. 11725

Mark H. Gunderson, Esq.

Nevada State Bar No. 2134

3895 Warren Way Reno, Nevada 89509

Telephone: 775.829.1222

Attorneys for Brian Mineau and Legion

Investments

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of the law office of Gunderson Law Firm, and that on the day of March, 2019, I deposited for mailing in Reno, Nevada AND electronically filed a true and correct copy of the OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST MOTION TO COMPEL, with the Clerk of the Court by using the electronic filing system which will send a notice of electronic filing to the following:

Michael Matuska, Esq. Matuska Law Offices, Ltd. 2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6 Carson City, Nevada 89701 Attorneys for Jay Kvam

Kelly Gunderson

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# EXHIBIT LIST

Exhibit #	Description	Pages
Exhibit "1"	Declaration of Austin K. Sweet, Esq.	2
Exhibit "2"	Sweet's February 21, 2019 letter to Matuska	17
Exhibit "3"	Affidavit of Jay Kvam in Support of Motion for Dissolution	16
Exhibit "4"	Real estate license, LEG0182	1

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Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7183966 : yviloria

# Exhibit "1"

Exhibit "1"

### DECLARATION OF AUSTIN K. SWEET, ESO.

I, AUSTIN K. SWEET, ESQ., declare under penalty of perjury that the following is true and correct:

1. I am over the age of 18.

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- 2. I am counsel of record for Defendants / Counterclaimants Brian Mineau ("Mineau") and Legion Investments, LLC ("Legion") in this action.
- This Declaration is made in support of Mineau and Legion's Opposition to Plaintiff's 3. First Motion to Compel ("Opposition").
- 4. On February 7, 2019, I spent over an hour meeting with Michael Matuska, counsel for Plaintiff Jay Kvam ("Kvam"), in an effort to confer and resolve the parties' disputes concerning Legion and Mineau's Responses to Plaintiff Jay Kvam's First Request for Production of Documents.
- 5. After the meeting, Legion and Mineau supplemented their responses and delivered a lengthy letter explaining their supplemental responses. A true and correct copy of this letter is attached to the Opposition as Exhibit "2."
- Upon supplementing these responses, I was of the understanding that this dispute was 6. 16 resolved. Mr. Matuska made no further effort to meet and confer concerning these issues before filing the Motion.
  - 7. During our February 7, 2019 meeting, I asked Mr. Matuska what he wanted to see out of an "accounting," specifically in light of the fact that Kvam had never transferred any funds to Legion or Mineau, Legion and Mineau never had possession, custody, or control of any of Kvam's funds, and Kvam was just as informed as Legion and Mineau as to the disposition of Kvam's funds. Mr. Matuska asked that Legion and Mineau create a spreadsheet indicating all funds they paid into the Property and all funds they received out of the Property.
  - In an effort to progress this dispute toward resolution, Legion and Mineau acquiesced, 8. creating and producing the "financial statements" requested by Kvam's counsel. As such, I believed this issue was resolved. Mr. Matuska made no effort to further discuss or resolve this issue before filing the Motion.

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- 9. All exhibits attached to the Opposition are true and correct copies of the documents they purport to be.
  - 10. The foregoing is true and correct and based upon my own personal knowledge.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is trust and correct.

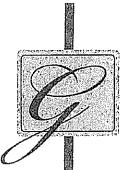
Executed at Reno, Nevada, this 25 day of March, 2019.

AUSTIN K. SWEET, ESQ.

FILED
Electronically
CV18-00764
2019-03-25 04:13:12 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7183966 : yviloria

# Exhibit "2"

Exhibit "2"



# Gunderson Law Firm

From the Desk of: Austin K. Sweet, Esq. nsweet@gundersonlaw.com

February 21, 2019

Via Email – mlm@matuskalawoffices.com and U.S. Mail:

Michael L. Matuska, Esq. 2310 South Carson Street, # 6 Carson City, NV 89701

Re: Kvam v. Legion Investments, Case No. CV18-00764 Supplemental Responses Per Meet and Confer Request

Dear Mr. Matuska:

As discussed at our meeting on February 7, 2019, enclosed are *Brian Mineau and Legion Investments' Supplemental Responses to Plaintiff Jay Kvam's First Request for Production of Documents*. The basis for our supplemental responses is as follows:

REQUEST NO. 1: Produce any and all agreements between any of the following persons: Jay Kvam, Brian Mineau, Michael Spinola, or Legion Investments, LLC.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, we have supplemented our response to clarify that the documents which are being withheld on the basis of our objection are agreements to which Jay Kvam is not a party.

REQUEST NO. 6: Produce all tax returns for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> At our meeting, you agreed to reduce the scope of this request to the years 2017 and 2018. I explained that we maintain that there is no basis for discovery pertaining to punitive damages at this point and that Legion Investments' tax returns would only be relevant to the extent related to the May Street property.

Michael L. Matuska, Esq. February 21, 2019 Page 2 of 6

Legion Investments' 2017 tax returns contain no entries relating to the May Street property and Legion Investments' 2018 tax returns are not yet completed. Therefore, we have not supplemented our response to Request No. 6. We will further supplement our responses as appropriate after Legion Investments' 2018 tax returns are completed.

REQUEST NO. 7: Produce all schedule K-1s for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014.

Supplemental Response: As with Request No. 6, you agreed to reduce the scope of this request to the years 2017 and 2018. I explained that we maintain that there is no basis for discovery pertaining to punitive damages at this point and that Legion Investments' K-1s would only be relevant to the extent related to the May Street property. Legion Investments' 2017 tax returns contain no K-1s relating to the May Street property and Legion Investments' 2018 tax returns are not yet completed. Therefore, we have not supplemented our response to Request No. 7. We will further supplement our responses as appropriate after Legion Investments' 2018 tax returns are completed.

REQUEST NO. 8: Produce all of Brian Mineau's Schedule Es relating to Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014.

Supplemental Response: As with Request No. 6, you agreed to reduce the scope of this request to the years 2017 and 2018. I explained that we maintain that there is no basis for discovery pertaining to punitive damages at this point and that Brian Mineau's Schedule Es would only be relevant to the extent related to the May Street property. Brian Mineau's 2017 tax returns contain no Schedule Es relating to the May Street property and his 2018 tax returns are not yet completed. Therefore, we have not supplemented our response to Request No. 8. We will further supplement our responses as appropriate after Brian Mineau's 2018 tax returns are completed.

REQUEST NO. 9: Produce all meeting minutes for Legion Investments, LLC.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, we have supplemented our response to clarify that there are no responsive documents that mention Jay Kvam or the May Street property.

**REQUEST NO. 10:** Produce all resolutions of the members and/or managers of Legion Investments, LLC.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, we have supplemented our response to clarify that there are no responsive documents that mention Jay Kvam or the May Street property.

REQUEST NO. 11: Produce all balance sheets for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014.

Michael L. Matuska, Esq. February 21, 2019 Page 3 of 6

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> As with Request No. 6, you agreed to reduce the scope of this request to the years 2017 and 2018. I explained that we maintain that there is no basis for discovery pertaining to punitive damages at this point and that Legion Investments' financial records would only be relevant to the extent related to the May

Street property. Legion Investments' financial statements relating to this project for 2017 and 2018 are contained in the enclosed supplemental disclosures. We have supplemented our responses accordingly.

REQUEST NO. 12: Produce all income and expense statements, and/or profit and loss statements for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> As with Request No. 6, you agreed to reduce the scope of this request to the years 2017 and 2018. I explained that we maintain that there is no basis for discovery pertaining to punitive damages at this point and that Legion Investments' financial records would only be relevant to the extent related to the May Street property. Legion Investments' financial statements relating to this project for 2017 and 2018 are contained in the enclosed supplemental disclosures. We have supplemented our responses accordingly.

**REQUEST NO. 13:** Produce all bank statements of Legion Investments, LLC accounts, since its creation on July 2, 2014.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, no funds pertaining to this project were ever held in Legion Investment's bank accounts so Legion Investments' bank statements are irrelevant. Accordingly, this response has not been supplemented.

REQUEST NO. 14: Produce all escrow and title records for the real property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois (the "Property"), including but not limited to any final and draft HUD-1 closing statements.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Legion Investments and Mr. Mineau have produced all responsive records in their possession.

**REQUEST NO. 15:** Produce all contracts for work performed or to be performed at the Property.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, there are no other contracts in Brian Mineau's or Legion Investments' possession, custody, or control, other than those that have been produced.

**REQUEST NO. 16:** Produce all invoices for materials purchased for the Property, or work performed or to be performed at the Property.

Michael L. Matuska, Esq. February 21, 2019 Page 4 of 6

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, neither Brian Mineau nor Legion Investments has any responsive material in its possession, custody or control. We have supplemented our response to clarify this fact.

REQUEST NO. 17: Produce all checks written to pay, or other evidence of payment for, invoices for materials purchased for the Property, or work performed or to be performed at the Property.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, there are no other responsive documents in Brian Mineau's or Legion Investments' possession, custody, or control, other than those that have been produced.

REQUEST NO. 18: Produce any and all documents, including copies of checks and bank statements, showing payments from any investor for the purchase or improvement of the Property, including but not limited to Jay Kvam, Brian Mineau, Michael Spinola, or Legion Investments, LLC.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, there are no other responsive documents in Brian Mineau's or Legion Investments' possession, custody, or control, other than those that have been produced.

To further elaborate on your request concerning the wire transfer from Criterion NV LLC to TNT Complete Facility Care Inc. ("TNT"), in late May 2017 Derek Cole called Brian Mineau and requested the next \$20,000.00 payment for the May Street property. Mr. Mineau was travelling at the time and was unable to promptly make direct payment; however, Mr. Mineau had sufficient cash on hand in his personal safe at home to make this payment. At Mr. Mineau's request, Michael Spinola agreed to arrange to pick up the cash and have it wired to TNT. Mr. Spinola met Mr. Mineau's wife at Mr. Mineau's residence, where Mr. Mineau's wife handed Mr. Spinola the cash, and Mr. Spinola took it to his bank to have it wired to TNT. The deposit and wire were made through Criterion NV LLC's account. This transaction was not documented because neither Mr. Mineau nor Mr. Spinola anticipated that this transaction would later be a subject of litigation. As such, there are no responsive documents evidencing these facts other than those which have been produced.

<u>REQUEST NO. 19:</u> Produce any and all reports provided by, or to, Brian Mineau or Legion Investments, LLC, regarding the status of the Property, materials to be used on the Property, or work performed or to be performed on the Property.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, there are no other responsive documents in Brian Mineau's or Legion Investments' possession, custody, or control, other than those that have been produced. No "reports" were provided by or to Brian Mineau or Legion Investments responsive to this request.

Michael L. Matuska, Esq. February 21, 2019 Page 5 of 6

**REQUEST NO. 20:** Produce copies of all business or professional licenses ever held by Brian Mineau.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, Mr. Mineau's professional license relating to real estate and lending has been produced. Our response to Request No. 20 was been supplemented accordingly.

**REQUEST NO. 21:** Produce copies of all utility bills for the Property.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, all utility bills for the Property have been produced in our supplemental disclosures.

<u>REQUEST NO. 22:</u> Produce copies of correspondence between Brian Mineau and Michael Spinola regarding the Property, or any investment or improvement to the Property.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, all responsive documents have been produced.

REQUEST NO. 24: Produce any drafts of the "Terms of Agreement" document that has been produced as "KVAM 403," and any correspondence referring to that document.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, we have supplemented our response to Request No. 24 to indicate that no known drafts of the "Terms of Agreement" exist.

REQUEST NO. 33: Produce any and all documents requesting a capital call or payment from any of the Investors for the Property, including Brian Mineau, Legion, Jay Kvam or Michael Spinola.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, we have supplemented our response to Request No. 33 to indicate that no responsive documents exist.

REQUEST NO. 34: Produce any and all documents regarding the escrow and sale of the Property, including but not limited to listing information, purchase and sale agreement, title reports, escrow instructions, escrow closing statements, and checks or other documents showing the distribution of the proceeds of sale.

<u>Supplemental Response:</u> Per our discussion, all responsive documents have been produced, including those in the enclosed supplemental production.

Michael L. Matuska, Esq. February 21, 2019 Page 6 of 6

We trust that these supplemental responses satisfy all issues regarding the outstanding discovery requests. We appreciate your cooperation in meeting and conferring to resolve these concerns. Do not hesitate to contact our office with any questions in this regard.

Very truly yours,

GUNDERSON LAW FIRM

Austin K. Sweet, Esq.

AKS/kg Enclosures

```
DISC
    GUNDERSON LAW FIRM
    Austin K. Sweet, Esq.
   Nevada State Bar No. 11725
    Mark H. Gunderson, Esq.
 4 Nevada State Bar No. 2134
    3895 Warren Way
    Reno, Nevada 89509
    Telephone: 775.829.1222
    Attorneys for Brian Mineau and Legion Investments
 7
        IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
 8
                         IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE
 9
    JAY KVAM,
                                                 Case No. CV18-00764
10
                 Plaintiff / Counterdefendant,
                                                 Dept. No. 3
11
              VS.
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    BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS,
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    LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated
    Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,
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                 Defendants / Counterclaimants.
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     BRIAN MINEAU AND LEGION INVESTMENTS' SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSES TO
      PLAINTIFF JAY KVAM'S FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS
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   PROPOUNDING PARTY: Jay Kvam
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   RESPONDING PARTY:
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                            Brian Mineau and Legion Investments, LLC
         Defendants
                    / Counterclaimants
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                                         BRIAN
                                                   MINEAU
                                                              ("Mineau")
                                                                          and
                                                                               LEGION
   INVESTMENTS, LLC ("Legion"), by and through their counsel of record, Austin K. Sweet, Esq.
   and Mark H. Gunderson, Esq., and pursuant to Rules 26 and 34 of the Nevada Rules of Civil
23
   Procedure, supplement their responses to Plaintiff / Counterdefendant JAY KVAM ("Kvam")'s
   Request for Production to Mineau and Legion ("Requests") as follows:
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GUNDERSON LAW FIRM A PROFESSIONAL LAW CORPORATION 3895 WATTON Way RENO, NEVADA 89509 (775) 829-1222

#### **REQUEST NO. 1:**

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Produce any and all agreements between any of the following persons: Jay Kvam, Brian Mineau, Michael Spinola, or Legion Investments, LLC.

## SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 1:

Objection, overly broad, unduly burdensome, and not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter. This Request seeks irrelevant information concerning agreements to which Jay Kvam is not a party and therefore have no bearing on this litigation. Documents which are responsive to Request No. 1, but to which Jay Kvam is not a party, are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

Without waiving this objection, all responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

#### REQUEST NO. 2:

Produce the Articles of Organization for Legion Investments, LLC, including any amendments.

#### **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 2:**

Objection, relevance. This Request seeks irrelevant information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's internal governing documents have no bearing on this litigation. No documents are being withheld on the basis of this 19 objection.

Without waiving this objection, all responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

## REQUEST NO. 3:

Produce the Operating Agreement for Legion Investments, LLC, including any amendments. **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 3:** 

Objection, relevance. This Request seeks irrelevant information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's internal governing documents have no bearing on this litigation. No documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

Without waiving this objection, all responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

## REQUEST NO. 4:

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Produce the Articles of Organization for Atlas Investors Southside, LLC, including any amendments.

## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 4:**

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Atlas Investors Southside, LLC is not a party to this action and its internal governing documents have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

## **REQUEST NO. 5:**

Produce the Operating Agreement for Atlas Investors Southside, LLC, including any amendments.

## RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 5:

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Atlas Investors Southside, LLC is not a party to this action and its internal governing documents have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

#### REQUEST NO. 6:

Produce all tax returns for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014.

## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 6:**

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's financial and tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

## **REQUEST NO. 7:**

Produce all schedule K-1s for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014.

/775) B28-1222

#### **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 7:**

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's financial and tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

#### **REQUEST NO. 8:**

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Produce all of Brian Mineau's Schedule Es relating to Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014.

## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 8:**

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's financial and tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

#### REQUEST NO. 9:

Produce all meeting minutes for Legion Investments, LLC.

## SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 9:

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential 18 information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion 19 Investments, LLC's internal meeting minutes are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. 20 Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

Without waiving this objection, there are no meeting minutes for Legion Investments, LLC which mention Jay Kvam or the real property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois.

## **REQUEST NO.10:**

Produce all resolutions of the members and/or managers of Legion Investments, LLC.

## SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 10:

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential

28 GUNDERSON LAW FIRM

1895 Warren Way RENO, NEVADA 89509

(775) 829-1222

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information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's internal governing documents are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

Without waiving this objection, there are no resolutions for Legion Investments, LLC which mention Jay Kvam or the real property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois.

## REQUEST NO. 11:

Produce all balance sheets for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014.

## **SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 11:**

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's financial records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

Without waiving this objection, Legion Investments, LLC's financial statements relating to 14|| the real property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois, have been produced.

#### REQUEST NO. 12:

Produce all income and expense statements, and/or profit and loss statements for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014.

## SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 12:

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's financial records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. 22 Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

Without waiving this objection, Legion Investments, LLC's financial statements relating to the real property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois, have been produced.

#### REQUEST NO. 13:

Produce all bank statements of Legion Investments, LLC accounts, since its creation on July 2, 2014.

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## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 13:**

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's bank records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

## REQUEST NO. 14:

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Produce all escrow and title records for the real property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois (the "Property"), including but not limited to any final and draft HUD-1 closing statements.

## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 14:**

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

## **REQUEST NO. 15:**

Produce all contracts for work performed or to be performed at the Property.

## 15 RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 15:

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

#### REQUEST NO. 16:

Produce all invoices for materials purchased for the Property, or work performed or to be performed at the Property.

## **SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 16:**

There are no responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control.

## 24 REQUEST NO. 17:

Produce copies of checks written to pay, or other evidence of payment for, invoices for 26 materials purchased for the Property, or work performed or to be performed at the Property.

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GUNDERSON LAW FIRM a professional 3895 Warren Way RENO, NEVADA 80508 (775) 829-1222

#### **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 17:**

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

## **REQUEST NO. 18:**

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Produce any all [sic] documents, including copies of checks and bank statements, showing payments from any investor for the purchase or improvement of the Property, including but not limited to Jay Kvam, Brian Mineau, Michael Spinola, or Legion Investments, LLC.

## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 18:**

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

## **REQUEST NO. 19:**

Produce any and all reports provided by, or to, Brian Mineau or Legion Investments, LLC, 13 | regarding the status of the Property, materials to be used on the Property, or work performed or to be 14 performed on the Property.

## 15 RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 19:

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

#### REQUEST NO. 20:

Produce copies of all business or professional licenses ever held by Brian Mineau.

## **SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 20:**

Objection, relevance. This Request seeks irrelevant information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as copies of Brian Mineau's business or professional licenses have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

Without waiving this objection, Brian Mineau's professional license relating to real estate has been produced.

## **REQUEST NO. 21:**

Produce copies of all utility bills for the Property.

## RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 21:

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

## REQUEST NO. 22:

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Produce copies of correspondence between Brian Mineau and Michael Spinola regarding the Property, or any investment in or improvement to the Property.

## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 22:**

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

## REQUEST NO. 23:

Produce all photographs of the property.

## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 23:**

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

#### REQUEST NO. 24:

Produce any drafts of the "Terms of Agreement" document that has been produced as "KVAM 403," and any correspondence referring to that document.

## SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 24:

There are no responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control.

#### REQUEST NO. 25:

Produce any document supporting your contention that Jay Kvam cut power to the Property.

## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 25:**

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

## REQUEST NO. 26:

Produce any document supporting your contention in paragraph 14 of the Counterclaim that Kvam demanded to be "bought out" of the agreement.

#### **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 26:**

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

## REQUEST NO. 27:

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Produce any document supporting your contention in paragraph 15 of the Counterclaim that Kvam undertook efforts to interfere with Mineau's business investments or harm Mineau's business relationships.

## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 27:**

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

## **REQUEST NO. 28:**

Produce all documents supporting your contentions in paragraph 16 of the Counterclaim that 13 Kvam wrongfully and fraudulently accessed Atlas' bank accounts and engaged in unauthorized and 14|| fraudulent online banking transactions.

## 15 RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 28:

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

#### REQUEST NO. 29:

Produce any documents supporting your contention in paragraph 18 of the Counterclaim that 20 Mr. Kvam caused process servers to harass, threaten, or intimidate Mr. Mineau's family.

## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 29:**

Brian Mineau and Legion Investments, LLC have no responsive documents in their possession, custody, or control.

## **REQUEST NO. 30:**

Produce any and all documents supporting your contention in paragraph 39 of the Counterclaim that Mineau and Legion enjoyed prospective economic relationships with various third parties involving the marketing and sale of the House.

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## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 30:** All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

## REQUEST NO. 31:

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Produce all documents supporting your contentions in paragraph 41 of the Counterclaim that Kvam intended to harm Mineau and Legion by preventing and/or interfering with those relationships.

## **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 31:**

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

#### REQUEST NO. 32:

Produce all documents supporting your contentions in paragraph 43 of the Counterclaim that 12|| Mineau's and Legion's prospective business relationships have been damaged.

## RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 32:

All responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

## 16 **REQUEST NO. 33:**

Produce any and all documents requesting a capital call or payment from any of the Investors for the Property, including Brian Mineau, Legion, Jay Kvam or Michael Spinola.

## SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 33:

There are no responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control.

DATED this 21 day of February, 2019.

By:

Austin K. Sweet, Esq., NSB No. 11725 Mark H. Gunderson, Esq., NSB No. 2134 3895 Warren Way, Reno, Nevada 89509

Telephone: 775.829.1222

GUNDERSON LAW FIRM

Attorneys for Brian Mineau and Legion Investments

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## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of the law office of Gunderson Law Firm, and that on the Adaptive day of February, 2019, I deposited for mailing in Reno, Nevada a true and correct copy of the BRIAN MINEAU AND LEGION INVESTMENTS' SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF JAY KVAM'S FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS, to the following:

Michael Matuska, Esq. Matuska Law Offices, Ltd. 2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6 Carson City, Nevada 89701 Attorneys for Jay Kvam

Kelly Gynderson

FILED
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CV18-00764
2019-03-25 04:13:12 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7183966 : yviloria

# Exhibit "4"

# Exhibit "4"

## Individual Information



## Brian Todd Mineau (1590431)

The Work Email Address will be used by your employer to contact you and can be updated by submitting a form filing. The Personal Email Address will be used to send system notifications and password resets and can be updated in the User Profile Page.

Name: Brian Todd Mineau

Social Security Number: xxx-xx-7258

Individual ID: 1590431

Business Phone Number: 775-525-3992

Extension:

Work Email Address (for employer contact): brian.mineau@spmc.com

Personal Email Address (for system notifications brian.t.mineau@hotmail.com Update User Profile

and password resets):

Viewable Regulatory Actions: No

, LTD.		
MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, I	2310 S. Carson Street, #6	Carean City, NV 80701

FILED
Electronically
CV18-00764
2019-03-27 01:24:46 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7188141 : csulezic

CODE: 3790

Michael L. Matuska, Esq. SBN 5711 MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD. 2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6 Carson City, NV 89701

Attorneys for Plaintiff

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THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF NEVADA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JAY KVAM,

Plaintiff,
v.

BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS,
LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated

Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. CV18-00764

Dept. No. 3

## PLAINTIFF'S REPLY TO OPPOSITON TO FIRST MOTION TO COMPEL

COMES NOW Plaintiff, JAY KVAM ("Kvam"), by and through his counsel of record, Matuska Law Offices, Ltd., Michael L. Matuska, and hereby files this *Reply* to *Opposition to Plaintiff's First Motion to Compel* ("Motion" and "Opposition," respectively), filed by Defendants BRIAN MINEAU and LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC (collectively "Mineau").

#### I. REPLY TO MINEAU'S INTRODUCTION

Mineau makes various assertions in his Introduction, none of which are supported in the record, and collectively which seem to invite Kvam and this Court to argue over the legal relevance and admissibility of documents that have not been produced. That is not the legal standard for discovery. NRCP 26(b) provides in pertinent part, as follows:

## (b) Discovery Scope and Limits.

(1) **Scope.** Unless otherwise limited by order of the court in accordance with these rules, the scope of discovery is as follows: Parties may obtain discovery regarding any nonprivileged matter that is relevant to any party's claims or defenses and proportional to the needs of the case, considering the importance of

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the issues at stake in the action, the amount in controversy, the parties' relative access to relevant information, the parties' resources, the importance of the discovery in resolving the issues, and whether the burden or expense of the proposed discovery outweighs its likely benefit. Information within this scope of discovery need not be admissible in evidence to be discoverable.

Despite being erroneous as a matter of law, Mineau's argument reveals his simplistic and wrongheaded version of the case. He seems to believe that he can refuse to provide an accounting and avoid charges of any breach of fiduciary duty, bad faith, fraud and concealment on the mere allegation that Kvam's funds were paid directly to escrow and the contractor rather than to Mineau. As with most of Mineau's case so far, he failed to cite any legal authority that would exonerate him on that simplistic fact pattern, and he failed to address the incriminating facts such as: Mineau signed the purchase contract; placed title in the name of Legion Investments, LLC; signed the listing agreement (if one was signed); signed the sales agreement; and signed the escrow papers and deed. Mineau concealed the sale from Kvam and refused to disclose where the proceeds of sale were deposited. To this day, he has not disclosed whether the proceeds were deposited into Legion's account, his personal account, or some other account.

Mineau agrees that Kvam invested a total of \$93,784.31 in the subject Property at 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois, including \$44,000 for the purchase price, another \$784.31 for closing costs, and \$49,000 toward the renovation. Mineau sold the property for \$41,000, net \$24,473.77 (See Closing Statement, Motion, Ex. "1"). By all accounts, Kvam's money was not spent on the renovations, and the Property was in worse shape when it sold in November, 2018 than when it was purchased in February, 2017. Kvam predictably demanded a complete accounting, which Mineau continues to refuse. Mineau's current strategy to wash his hands of this fiasco and claim that Kvam was anything more than an investor is part of Kvam's case, and supports the various causes of action for accounting, tortious breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing (based on Mineau's status as a fiduciary), bad faith, fraud and concealment.

Recently, Mineau concocted a theory that Kvam was not entitled to the \$24,473.77 proceeds of sale because Criterion NV, LLC had invested \$20,000 in the project. Criterion is a limited liability company of which Michael Spinola is the only member/manager of record.

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Mineau has alternately claimed that he is a principal of Criterion, associated with Criterion, and that his wife withdrew \$20,000 cash from a safe to hand to Spinola to wire to the contractor in Chicago. These facts (if true) were also concealed from Kvam.

Through it all, Mineau overlooks the fact that on the face of the February, 2017 Terms of Agreement, he, Jay Kvam and Michael Spinola are all members of Legion Investments, LLC. Even if that is not literally true, this case continues as a case for a partnership accounting and to dissolve a joint venture. All of the documents requested from Spinola relate to the pending causes of action and to the claim to pierce the company veil of Legion Investments, LLC (See First Amended Complaint, Par. 7).

Mineau's statement that "Despite Kvam's allegations that he is entitled to audit all of Legion and Mineau's personal and financial records . . ." (Opposition at 2:13-14) is a gross over statement of the scope of Kvam's discovery requests. Kvam is seeking information to determine where the proceeds of the sale were deposited, what account(s) were used to pay expenses, whether and how Mineau and Legion described this investment on their own tax returns, and the extent to which Mineau and Legion comingled their funds. Kvam has not requested all of Mineau's tax returns, but only Legion's tax returns, the Schedule K-1 which would carry over to Mineau's 1040 tax return, and Mineau's Schedule E which would report income and loss from real estate investments and partnerships (including limited liability companies). Kvam will eventually need Mineau's entire tax returns and other financial information for the case on punitive damages, but those records are not part of the outstanding requests.

#### II. REPLY TO MINEAU'S ARGUMENT

Kvam's counsel met and conferred with Mineau's counsel for 1 ½ hours. All issues were raised and Kvam's counsel agreed to limit the time period of the requests to the period commencing January, 2017. Mineau's meager supplement was not sufficient.

## Mineau Failed to Comply with REQUEST NO. 1:

"Produce any and all agreements between any of the following persons: Jay Kvam, Brian Mineau, Michael Spinola, or Legion Investments, LLC."

Mineau has placed these agreements at issue in virtually every paper he has filed in this

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case, including his recently filed Motion for Protective Order (# 7090699) ("In furtherance of these efforts, Legion caused its business associate, Criterion NV, LLC, to transfer \$20,000 to the Property's contractor, TNT Complete Care Facility Inc. ("TNT") on Legion's behalf in 2017") (Motion for Protective Order at 2:1-3). No responsive documents have been produced.

#### Mineau Failed to Comply with REQUEST NO. 6:

"Produce all tax returns for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014" [Amended by agreement to a request for documents since January 1, 2017].

Mineau's response is the product of confused legal arguments. Pursuant to NRCP 26, the scope of discovery includes all issues relevant to the various claims in Kvam's FAC, including the First Cause of Action (Declaration of Joint Venture), Fifth Cause of Action (Accounting) and claim to pierce Legion Investment's company shield (¶ 7). The fact that Mineau disputes Kvam's characterization of the investment as joint venture is irrelevant. That cause of action remains part of the pleadings, and Mineau has refused to provide any responsive documents.

Instead, Mineau's counsel asserts that the investment at 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois, is not reflected in the 2017 returns and the 2018 returns are not completed. Unfortunately, documents will be used as evidence at trial, not statements from Mineau's counsel. Further, Mineau will have a duty to supplement once the 2018 return is completed. See NRCP 26(e). Also, the absence of any reporting in the tax records of Mineau and Legion is relevant to the interpretation of the terms of agreement, and confirms Kvam's initial argument that this project should be considered a joint venture and profits and losses reported on a separate Form 1065 partnership tax return.

## Mineau Failed to Comply with REQUEST NO. 7:

"Produce all schedule K-1s for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." [Amended by agreement to a request for documents since January 1, 2017]

See Request No. 6, supra. In addition, Legion Investments should have been providing Kvam with a Schedule K-1 or other tax reporting information, and Kvam needs this information for his own tax reporting requirements. Also, Mineau failed to provide any points and authorities to support his contention that K-1s are confidential. They are not. They are given to the member

to assist with tax preparation.

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## Mineau Failed to Comply with REQUEST NO. 8:

"Produce all of Brian Mineau's Schedule Es relating to Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." [Amended by agreement to a request for documents since January 1, 2017]

Although Kvam would be entitled to request Mineau's entire tax return, he did not do so. Rather, he only requested Schedule E, which is "Supplemental Income and Loss (from real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, estates, trusts, REMICs, etc.)" Schedule E is therefore relevant to determine whether Mineau reported the investment at 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois, and whether he described it as a partnership, other real estate income/loss, etc. If he did not report, that is a problem as discussed above. Mineau cannot refuse to produce documents on the basis that he disputes Kvam's claims.

## Mineau Failed to Comply with REQUEST NO. 9:

"Produce all meeting minutes for Legion Investments, LLC."

Mineau failed to provide any legal authority to support his claim that the meeting minutes are privileged or confidential. They are not. Kvam is a member of Legion Investments based on the face of the Terms of Agreement. Kvam needs the meeting minutes to see whether and if Legion Investments approved the February, 2017 Terms of Agreement, the project at 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois, and any other resolutions relevant to the project, or to Kvam's claims in this case.

The meeting minutes might also contain information which would relate to the interpretation and construction of the Terms of Agreement, which is disputed, as well as the respective roles of the different parties in regard to the investment and the project at 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois.

The meeting minutes might also reflect any agreements with Criterion, which Mineau has raised as an issue.

This is a fraud case, and Kvam does not have to take the word of Mineau or his attorney on what is or is not contained in the meeting minutes. In fact, Mineau's evasive answer suggests that

there is information in the meeting minutes that would relate to Criterion or to some other aspect of this case.

The absence of any meeting minutes is also relevant to the issue of alter ego.

## Mineau Failed to Comply with REQUEST NO. 10:

"Produce all resolutions of the members and/or managers of Legion Investments, LLC." See Request No. 9, *supra*.

## Mineau Failed to Comply with REQUEST NO. 11:

"Produce all balance sheets for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." [Amended by agreement to a request for documents since January 1, 2017]

Mineau's response is intentionally misleading and fraudulent. In standard accounting jargon, the term "financial statements" encompasses both balance sheets (which show assets, liability and owner's equity) and profit and loss statements (which show income and expenses). Mineau has produced only some recently created profit and loss statements (discussed below), with no source documents. In Request No. 11, Kvam specifically requested Balance Sheets. Those have not been provided.

In addition, Legion Investment's balance sheets are not confidential and will show whether and how Legion Investments documented and reported its acquisition of the house at 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois, as well as the loan from Kvam. These are the central issues in this case.

## Mineau Failed to Comply with REQUEST NO. 12:

"Produce all income and expense statements, and/or profit and loss statements for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." [Amended by agreement to a request for documents since January 1, 2017]

Mineau's response is intentionally misleading and false. Request No. 12 was not limited to financial statements only concerning this property, and the financial statements provided were not prepared in the normal course of business, but were developed solely for this response. Moreover, the so-called financial statements were provided without source documents (invoices, receipts, bank statements and checks) and do not even show the sale of the Property in November, 2018. As such, Mineau still has not produced any documents to show who or which entity

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received the proceeds of sale, which account it went to, and how it was reported.

## Mineau Failed to Comply with REQUEST NO. 13:

"Produce all bank statements of Legion Investments, LLC accounts, since its creation on July 2, 2014." [Amended by agreement to a request for documents since January 1, 2017]

See discussion regarding Request No. 6, *supra*. In addition, the bank statements are necessary to verify the payments listed on Legion's recently produced balance statements, the source of the funds used for the \$20,000 wire transfer to the contractor through the Criterion account, and where the proceeds of sale were deposited. It is alarming that Mineau refuses to show Kvam and this Court what he did with the proceeds of sale.

## Mineau Failed to Comply with REQUEST NO. 20:

"Produce copies of all business or professional licenses ever held by Brian Mineau."

Mineau no longer objects to this request. Instead he claims that he responded and cites LEG 0182, which he claims is attached as Exhibit "4" to his Opposition. Mineau's Exhibit "4" appears to be some sort of printout. It is not a license, and does not even identify the putative licensing authority.

#### III. CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, Brian Mineau and Legion Investments, LLC should be compelled to provide full and complete responses to Kvam's Requests for Production, Request Nos. 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 20. Kvam's attorney has been required to spend an additional 4 ½ hours preparing this Reply and the Proposed Order, at the same hourly rate of \$285 per hour, for a total of \$3,767.50 in relation to this First Motion to Compel and Reply.

#### **AFFIRMATION**

Pursuant to NRS 239B.030, the undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain the social security number of any person.

Dated this 27th day of March 2019.

MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD.

Michael 2. Million

By:

MICHAEL L. MATUSKA, SBN 5711 Attorneys for Plaintiff, JAY KVAM, individually and derivatively on behalf the unincorporated joint venture identified as 7747

# MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD. 2310 S. Carson Street, #6 Carson City NV 89701 (775) 350-7220

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Matuska Law Offices, Ltd. and that on the 27th day of March, 2019, I served a true and correct copy of the preceding document entitled **PLAINTIFF'S REPLY TO OPPOSITION TO FIRST MOTION TO COMPEL** as follows:

Austin K. Sweet, Esq.
GUNDERSON LAW FIRM
3895 Warren Way
Reno, NV 89509
asweet@gundersonlaw.com

[X] BY CM/ECF: I electronically filed a true and correct copy of the above-identified
document with the Clerk of the Court by using the electronic filing system which will send a
notice of electronic filing to the person(s) named above.
[ ] BY U.S. MAIL: I deposited for mailing in the United States mail, with postage fully
prepaid, an envelope containing the above-identified document(s) at Carson City, Nevada, in the
ordinary course of business.
[ ] BY EMAIL: (as listed above)
[ ] BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I personally delivered the above-identified document(s)
by hand delivery to the office(s) of the person(s) named above.
[ ] BY FACSIMILE:
[ ] BY FEDERAL EXPRESS ONE-DAY DELIVERY:
[ ] BY MESSENGER SERVICE: I delivered the above-identified document(s) to Reno-
Carson Messenger Service for delivery.

/s/ SUZETTE TURLEY
SUZETTE TURLEY

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2019-03-27 01:26:30 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7188153 : csulezic

CODE: 1520

Michael L. Matuska, Esq. SBN 5711 MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD. 2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6 Carson City, NV 89701

Attorneys for Plaintiff

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THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF NEVADA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JAY KVAM,

v.

Plaintiff,

BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS,

LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. CV18-00764

Dept. No. 3

## DECLARATION OF MICHAEL L. MATUSKA, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S FIRST MOTION TO COMPEL

I, MICHAEL L. MATUSKA, am the attorney of record for the Plaintiff, JAY KVAM, in the present case, and do hereby declare as follows:

- 1. That on February 7, 2019, spent 1 ½ hours in a meet and confer session in Mr. Sweet's office. We discussed all matters at issue in the First Motion to Compel.
- 2. Exhibit 8 to this Declaration is a true and correct listing of the entire updated ledger for amounts billed to Jay Kvam for work related to the present Motion to Compel and Reply.
- 3. The fees reflected in said Exhibit 8 were actually incurred in that all of the time was actually billed and Mr. Kvam has either paid the fees and/or has been billed for said fees.
- 4. The total amount claimed, \$3,767.50 is reasonable in all respects for the actual work performed and includes 9 hours of my time billed at my normal hourly rate of \$285 per hour and 6.5 hours of my contract attorney's time billed at the rate of \$185 per hour.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 27th day of March, 2019, at Carson City, Nevada.

Respectfully submitted,

MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD.

Michael 2. Malton

By:

MICHAEL L. MATUSKA, SBN 5711 Attorneys for Plaintiff, JAY KVAM, individually and derivatively on behalf the unincorporated joint venture identified as 7747

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MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD. 2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6 Carson City NV 89701

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Matuska Law Offices, Ltd. and that on the 27th day of March, 2019, I served a true and correct copy of the preceding document entitled PLAINTIFF'S FIRST MOTION TO COMPEL as follows:

> Austin K. Sweet, Esq. **GUNDERSON LAW FIRM** 3895 Warren Way Reno, NV 89509 asweet@gundersonlaw.com

[X] BY CM/ECF: I electronically filed a true and correct copy of the above-identified document with the Clerk of the Court by using the electronic filing system which will send a notice of electronic filing to the person(s) named above.

BY U.S. MAIL: I deposited for mailing in the United States mail, with postage fully prepaid, an envelope containing the above-identified document(s) at Carson City, Nevada, in the ordinary course of business.

BY EMAIL: (as listed above)

BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I personally delivered the above-identified document(s) by hand delivery to the office(s) of the person(s) named above.

[ ] BY FACSIMILE:

BY FEDERAL EXPRESS ONE-DAY DELIVERY:

BY MESSENGER SERVICE: I delivered the above-identified document(s) to Reno-Carson Messenger Service for delivery.

/s/ SUZETTE TURLEY

SUZETTE TURLEY

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## **EXHIBIT INDEX**

EXHIBIT	DOCUMENT	NO. OF
		PAGES
8	Michael L. Matuska's Billing Ledger	1

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Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7188153: csulezic

## EXHIBIT 8

## MICHAEL L. MATUSKA'S BILLING LEDGER

(Declaration of Michael L. Matuska, Esq. In Support of Plaintiff's First Motion to Compel)

# EXHIBIT 8 MICHAEL L. MATUSKA'S BILLING LEDGER

(Declaration of Michael L. Matuska, Esq. In Support of Plaintiff's First Motion to Compel)

Date	Received From/Paid To	Explanation	Fees
Feb 22/2019	Lawyer: MLM 1.70 Hrs X 285.00	Draft motion to compel	484.50
Feb 23/2019	Lawyer: MLM 0.30 Hrs X 285.00	work on motion to compel	85.50
		Review reply; work on Chase subpoena; work on	
Feb 26/2019	Lawyer: MLM 0.40 Hrs X 285.00	motion to compel	114.00
Feb 26/2019	Lawyer: MLM 0.30 Hrs X 285.00	continue work on motion to compel	85.50
Mar 1/2019	Lawyer: MLM 0.30 Hrs X 285.00	Work on motion to compel	85.50
Mar 6/2019	1 00 Hrs X 285 00	Review order; work on exhibits to motion to compel	200
CTOZ/O IBINI	Lawyel: MiEM 1:00 IIIs A 203:00	and decidiation, review Legion accounting	785.00
		Contract attorney: review draft motion to compel;	
Mar 6/2019	Lawyer: Par1 4.00 Hrs X 185.00	compile exhibits; legal research; draft declaration	740.00
Mar 11/2019	Lawyer: MLM 0.50 Hrs X 285.00	Work on motion to compel	142.50
		Contract attorney: continue work on draft motion to	
Mar 11/2019	Lawyer: Par1 2.50 Hrs X 185.00	compei	462.50
Mar 26/2019	Lawyer: MLM 3.50 Hrs X 285.00	Review opposition; draft reply and order	997.50
Mar 27 2019	Lawyer: MLM 1.00 Hrs X 285.00	Final draft of reply, order and declaration	285.00
			3767.50

FILED Electronically 18-00764 2019-04-09 04:55:34 PM Jacqueline Bryant **CODE NO. 1945** 1 Clerk of the Court Transaction # 7210304 2 3 4 5 6 IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 7 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE 8 9 JAY KVAM, 10 Plaintiff, 11 VS. Case No. CV18-00764 12 BRIAN MINEAU et al., Dept. No. 3 13 Defendants. 14 BRIAN MINEAU et al., 15 Counterclaimants, 16 VS. 17 JAY KVAM, 18 Counterdefendant. 19 20 **RECOMMENDATION FOR ORDER** 21 Plaintiff Jay Kvam filed the original complaint in this action on April 11, 2018; an amended 22

Plaintiff Jay Kvam filed the original complaint in this action on April 11, 2018; an amended complaint was filed on January 31, 2019. Essentially, this action involves a dispute between Nevada residents over a project to purchase, improve, and re-sell residential real property located in Chicago, Illinois ("Property"). Plaintiff alleges that he entered into a joint venture agreement ("Agreement") with Defendant Brian Mineau, Defendant Legion Investments ("Legion"), and nonparty Michael Spinola. The joint venture is identified as Defendant 7747 S. May St. Plaintiff further

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alleges that the Agreement has been violated through the failure of Defendants¹ to repay any part of the \$93,781.31 he provided to purchase and improve the Property. Plaintiff seeks compensatory and punitive damages for breach of contract, tortious breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and fraud. He also requests declaratory relief, injunctive relief, rescission or reformation of the Agreement, an accounting, court-supervised dissolution and winding up of their joint venture, the appointment of a receiver, and relief pursuant to a derivative claim.

Defendants Mineau and Legion deny any liability to Plaintiff. They also assert a counterclaim based upon trespass to chattels and conversion, in connection with personal property located at the Property. They seek compensatory and punitive damages, as well as declaratory relief.<sup>2</sup>

This case was exempted from the Court Annexed Arbitration Program on July 3, 2018.

Counsel for both sides participated in an early case conference on June 21, 2018, and the parties filed a joint case conference report on August 6, 2018. The parties have not yet scheduled the trial in this action.

On August 29, 2018, Plaintiff served Defendants with an NRCP 34 request for production. Defendants served their response on October 1, 2018. Plaintiff perceived aspects of that response to be insufficient, and his counsel explained those concerns in a letter emailed to Defendants' counsel on January 15, 2019. Plaintiff's counsel also informed Defendants' counsel that a motion to compel would be filed unless certain documents were produced by January 31, 2019. Counsel for both sides further conferred about this discovery dispute in person on February 7, 2019. On February 21, 2019, Defendants served Plaintiff with their supplemental response to the NRCP 34 request, together with a letter explaining the basis for those supplemental responses.

On March 15, 2019, Plaintiff filed *Plaintiff's First Motion to Compel*. Plaintiff seeks an order directing Defendants to produce documents responsive to Category Nos. 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 20 of his NRCP 34 request. Defendants' *Opposition to Plaintiff's First Motion to Compel* was

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All references to "Defendants" in this decision are to Defendants Mineau and Legion.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The first amended counterclaim identified several other claims for relief; however, those claims were resolved through the Court's order of January 9, 2019.

filed on March 25, 2019. *Plaintiff's Reply to Opposition to First Motion to Compel* was filed on March 27, 2019, and the motion was submitted for decision on that same date.

## A. Request for Production

## 1. Category No. 1

In Category No. 1 of his request for production, Plaintiff asks Defendants to "[p]roduce any and all agreements between any of the following persons: Jay Kvam, Brian Mineau, Michael Spinola, or Legion Investments, LLC." Defendants' original response is as follows:

Objection, overly broad, unduly burdensome, and not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter. This Request seeks irrelevant information concerning agreements to which Jay Kvam is not a party and therefore have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

Without waiving this objection, all responsive materials in Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's possession, custody, or control have been produced.

Their supplemental response is substantially the same, except that Defendants have modified the last sentence of the first paragraph to clarify that "[d]ocuments which are responsive to Request No. 1, but to which Jay Kvam is not a party, are being withheld on the basis of this objection."

In their opposition, Defendants maintain that the requested agreements are relevant only to the extent that Plaintiff is a party to a particular agreement. That argument is not persuasive. Defendants are both parties to this case and to the Agreement that forms the basis for Plaintiff's claims, and Mr. Spinola was a party to the Agreement as well. Moreover, Mr. Spinola has been identified by Defendants as a percipient witness in this case. Any agreement between Mr. Spinola and either Defendant—or Plaintiff—would be relevant to Mr. Spinola's credibility because it reasonably could suggest that he might have a financial interest in one side or the other prevailing in this action, or might otherwise reflect a bias in favor of Defendants or Plaintiff.<sup>3</sup>

Further, Plaintiff alleges that Defendant Legion took title to the Property; that Defendant Mineau signed the construction contract; that Defendant Mineau acted as the project manager; and that Defendant Mineau signed the November 2018 agreement to sell the Property, together with the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> An agreement between Mr. Spinola and any litigant in this action would remain relevant and discoverable even if the agreement also involves other parties, such as the entity Criterion NV, LLC, which is mentioned in the parties' briefs.

Defendant Legion is within the scope of discovery because any such secret agreement would bear on whether Defendant Mineau acted in bad faith in connection with the alleged Agreement. For all of the foregoing reasons, Defendants are not entitled to withhold any responsive documents on the basis of their stated objections. They must therefore produce all documents responsive to Category No. 1 that are within their possession, custody, or control. Defendants must also serve Plaintiff with an amended response to Category No. 1 in which they specifically identify any responsive documents that they assert were already produced. To the extent Defendants must otherwise respond to this category with information rather than documents (e.g., a response stating that Defendants have no responsive documents; that responsive documents were lost, destroyed, or otherwise cannot be located; that responsive documents never existed; that responsive documents are in the possession of a third-party; etc.), then that information must also be set forth in the amended response.<sup>4</sup>

#### 2. Category No. 6

In this category, Plaintiff asks Defendants to "[p]roduce all tax returns for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." Defendants' original response is as follows:

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's financial and tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

Plaintiff subsequently agreed to limit the temporal scope of this request to January 1, 2017, to the present. Defendants' supplemental response is identical to their original response.

The potential scope of discovery in civil matters in set forth at NRCP 26(b)(1): "Parties may obtain discovery regarding any nonprivileged matter that is relevant to any party's claims or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Any statements in their amended response must be made under oath. <u>See Rogers v. Guirbino</u>, 288 F.R.D. 469, 485 (S.D. Cal. 2012) ("[i]f Defendant Kuzii–Ruan maintains that there is no relevant material in her control, she must state so under oath"); <u>Vazquez-Fernandez v. Cambridge Coll., Inc.</u>, 269 F.R.D. 150, 154-55 (D.P.R. 2010) (statements provided in response to request for production must be provided under oath); <u>Rayman v. Am. Charter Fed. Sav. & Loan Ass'n</u>, 148 F.R.D. 647, 651 (D. Neb. 1993) (response that requested documents have been produced must be made under oath).

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defenses and proportional to the needs of the case." This scope may be limited by other considerations. For example, NRCP 26(b)(2) identifies various considerations that may limit the scope of discovery, and NRCP 26(c) allows the Court to limit discovery through the use of a protective order. In addition, limitations may be imposed through appellate court decisions.

Notwithstanding the broader language of NRCP 26(b)(1), tax returns are subject to a limited degree of protection in Nevada: "While this state does not recognize a privilege for tax returns . . . , public policy suggests that tax returns or financial status not be had for the mere asking." See Hetter v. Dist. Court, 110 Nev. 513, 520, 874 P.2d 762, 766 (1994); accord Cain v. Price, 134 Nev., Adv. Op. 26, at 7, 415 P.3d 25, 30 (2018). Indeed, federal appellate courts have recognized a constitutional right of privacy encompassing personal financial information. See Mangum v. Action Collection Serv., Inc., 575 F.3d 935, 942 (9th Cir. 2009); Denius v. Dunlap, 209 F.3d 944, 957-58 (7th Cir. 2000); In re McVane, 44 F.3d 1127, 1138-39 (2d Cir. 1995); cf. Cain, 134 Nev., Adv. Op. 26, at 7, 415 P.3d at 30 (noting the privacy concerns and potential for abuse and harassment that are implicated with a request for an opposing party's financial information). Accordingly, our high court has held that the discovery of tax returns generally will not be permitted unless the information sought is otherwise unobtainable; even then, production would be limited to the relevant portions of a given tax return. See McNair v. Dist. Court, 110 Nev. 1285, 1290, 885 P.2d 576, 579 (1994) ("tax returns must be relevant to be discoverable, and may not be discoverable in the absence of a showing that the information is otherwise unobtainable") (emphasis added); Clark v. Dist. Court, 101 Nev. 58, 64, 692 P.2d 512, 516 (1985) (discovery of tax returns "may not be approved in the absence of a showing that the information is otherwise unobtainable" and lower court erred in ordering the production of entire tax returns without specifying the items requested and the relevancy thereof) (quoting Schlatter v. Dist. Court, 93 Nev. 189, 192, 561 P.2d 1342, 1343 (1977) (emphasis added).

The protection afforded tax returns by our supreme court is appropriate for documents in which most income-earners are <u>required</u> to reveal substantial amounts of information about their

income and assets, and which then <u>must</u> be filed with the Internal Revenue Service. <u>See Hetter</u>, 110 Nev. at 519, 874 P.2d at 765-66 ("because of the policy considerations of protecting taxpayer privacy and encouraging the filing of full and accurate tax returns, both state and federal courts have subjected discovery requests for income tax returns to a heightened scrutiny"). Thus, while any compelled disclosure of tax returns must be limited to relevant portions of those returns, a showing that information contained in tax returns is relevant—or even crucial—is not sufficient to support discovery under the supreme court's standard. The party seeking those returns also must show that the information contained therein is otherwise unobtainable.

Plaintiff argues that Defendant Legion's tax returns are relevant to his case-in-chief. But Plaintiff has not shown that Defendant Legion's business activities have been limited exclusively to the Property. To the extent that its tax returns would reflect information unrelated to the Property, Plaintiff presumptively would not be entitled to it with regard to his case-in-chief. Plaintiff might very well be entitled to see portions of Defendant Legion's tax returns that mention or otherwise pertain to the Property (e.g., expenses, profits, losses, etc.), but Category No. 6 is not limited in that way. Although the Court could impose that limitation now, Defendants represent that Defendant Legion's tax return for 2017 contains no references or information pertaining to the Property, and that its 2018 tax return has not yet been filed. Thus, Defendants effectively represent that they presently have no responsive documents to produce.

Plaintiff also argues that the tax returns are relevant to his claim for punitive damages. A party's financial condition—which could include information contained in tax returns—is a proper subject of pretrial discovery on the issue of punitive damages because it ultimately impacts any analysis of whether an award of punitive damages is excessive. See Evans v. Dean Witter Reynolds, Inc., 116 Nev. 598, 614, 5 P.3d 1043, 1053 (2000); Hetter, 110 Nev. at 519, 874 P.2d at 765. However, in recognition of the confidential nature of financial information, the Nevada Supreme Court has imposed an additional requirement before a plaintiff can obtain an opponent's financial information on that basis:

While this state does not recognize a privilege for tax returns or necessarily require that liability for punitive damages be established before discovery of financial condition, public policy suggests that tax returns or financial status not be had for the mere asking. Claims for punitive damages can be asserted with ease and can result in abuse and harassment if their assertion alone entitles plaintiff to financial discovery. We hold that before tax returns or financial records are discoverable on the issue of punitive damages, the plaintiff must demonstrate some factual basis for its punitive damage claim. . . .

Hetter, 110 Nev. at 520, 874 P.2d at 766 (citation omitted); accord Cain, 134 Nev., Adv. Op. 26, at 7, 415 P.3d at 30-31. For example, in Cain v. Price, supra, "[t]he Cains presented evidence showing that their loan proceeds were distributed to C4 officers rather than being used to purchase CMOs, as per the JVA [i.e., joint venture agreement]." See id. at 7, 415 P.3d at 31 (emphasis added).

In connection with this motion, Plaintiff has not provided evidence sufficient to support an order compelling Defendant Legion to produce its tax returns for 2017 and 2018. His briefs contain many assertions of fact, but assertions made in briefs are not evidence. See, e.g., Ladner v. Litespeed Mfg. Co., 537 F. Supp. 2d 1206, 1217 (N.D. Ala. 2008) (statements by counsel in briefs do not constitute evidence); see also Jain v. McFarland, 109 Nev. 465, 475-76, 851 P.2d 450, 457 (1993) ("[a]rguments of counsel are not evidence and do not establish the facts of the case"); Phillips v. State, 105 Nev. 631, 634, 782 P.2d 381, 383 (1989) ("[f]acts or allegations contained in a brief are not evidence and are not part of the record"). More important, even if Plaintiff can make the threshold factual showing needed to allow discovery of tax returns in connection with a claim for punitive damages, he still must demonstrate that the information he seeks is otherwise unobtainable. Thus, the pending claim for punitive damages is not a sufficient basis for compelling the disclosure of Defendant Legion's tax returns.

Plaintiff also argues that he is entitled to Defendant Legion's tax returns pursuant to NRS 87.4335, which provides, in pertinent part, as follows:

A partnership shall provide partners and their agents and attorneys access to its books and records. It shall provide former partners and their agents and attorneys access to books and records pertaining to the period during which they were partners. The right of access provides the opportunity to inspect and copy books and records during ordinary business hours. A partnership may impose a reasonable charge, covering the costs of labor and material, for copies of documents furnished.

NRS 87.4335(2) (2017). However, the parties disagree over whether a partnership was formed for purposes of NRS Chapter 87. In that regard, a discovery motion is not the proper vehicle for obtaining determinations about substantive issues that are disputed among the litigants. See Am. Air Filter Co. v. Universal Air Prods., LLC, No. 3:14-CV-665-TBR-LLK, 2015 WL 3862529, at \*1 (W.D. Ky. June 22, 2015) ("[t]he Court believes that trial or a dispositive motion, not a discovery motion, provides the proper mechanism for determining the implications of the Settlement Agreement"); Yarus v. Walgreen Co., Civil Action No. 14-1656, 2015 WL 1021282, at \*4 n.1 (E.D. Pa. Mar. 6, 2015) ("Ithe Court finds it inappropriate to debate the merits of Plaintiff's pled theory of liability in an order on a discovery motion"); Nat'l Union Fire Ins. Co. of Pittsburgh, Pa. v. Coinstar, Inc., No. C13-1014-JCC, 2014 WL 3396124, at \*2 (W.D. Wash. July 10, 2014) ("the Court finds that it would be inappropriate to rule on the merits of the underlying counterclaim when considering discovery motions"); Brown v. Bridges, No. 3:12-cv-4947-P, 2013 WL 11842015, at \*1 (N.D. Tex. Aug. 26, 2013) ("[t]his discovery motion is not the proper context for . . . merits-directed arguments"): Clark Motor Co. v. Mfrs. & Traders Tr., Co., No. 4:07-CV-856, 2008 WL 2498252, at \*1 (M.D. Pa. June 18, 2008) (objection to discovery requests "may not be used as a vehicle for deciding the merits of a case"). Moreover, NRS 87.4335 is not a discovery rule, nor is it a statute purporting to address the rights or duties of parties involved in litigation. Under these circumstances, a discovery order premised on NRS 87.4335 would be inappropriate.

Plaintiff maintains that Defendant Legion's tax returns are otherwise relevant in this case:

In addition, the finances, governance and operation of Legion Investments is a primary issue in this case, especially as it relates to an accounting for the project at 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois, and Defendants' failure and refusal to provide an accounting to date. It is necessary to review the returns for these reasons, and to see how and whether Legion Investments reported this investment, including any expenses, loans and proceeds.

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The Court cannot compel the production of Defendant Legion's tax returns based on broad, unspecified aspects of its "finances, governance and operation." Moreover, Plaintiff has not provided sufficient argument or evidence to persuade the Court that every conceivable aspect of

Defendant Legion's "finances, governance and operation" are at issue in this case, or why the entire tax returns are needed with regard to any particular aspect of its "finances, governance and operation." To the extent Plaintiff is interested in aspects of its "finances, governance and operation" that concern the Property, Defendants have stated that the 2017 tax return has no pertinent information, and the 2018 tax return has not been completed.

Finally, Plaintiff maintains that "[d]iscovery of the tax returns is also allowed for purposes of the claim to pierce the company's limited liability shield." As noted above, the Nevada Supreme Court has recognized that tax returns or financial status cannot be had for the mere asking; a litigant is entitled to some degree of privacy on matters not directly relevant to the lawsuit. See Schlatter, 93 Nev. at 192, 561 P.2d at 1343-44. In addition, a corporation ordinarily has a legal existence separate and apart from that of its owners (i.e., shareholders), officers, directors, and managers.

See LFC Mktg. Grp., Inc. v. Loomis, 116 Nev. 896, 902, 8 P.3d 841, 845 (2000) ("corporations are generally to be treated as separate legal entities").

Nevertheless, when an individual or entity is deemed the alter ego of a corporation, courts may pierce the corporate veil and hold that individual or entity liable for the corporation's obligation. The Nevada Supreme Court has identified the elements necessary to support a finding of alter-ego liability: "(1) the corporation must be influenced and governed by the person asserted to be the alter ego; (2) there must be such unity of interest and ownership that one is inseparable from the other; and (3) the facts must be such that adherence to the corporate fiction of a separate entity would, under the circumstances, sanction [a] fraud or promote injustice." See, e.g., id. at 904, 8 P.3d at 846-47. In addition, certain factors, though not conclusive, may indicate the existence of an alterego relationship between the individual and the corporate entity: "(1) commingling of funds; (2) undercapitalization; (3) unauthorized diversion of funds; (4) treatment of corporate assets as the individual's own; and (5) failure to observe corporate formalities." See, e.g., id. at 904, 8 P.3d at 847.

Any nonprivileged material that is relevant to alter-ego claims would be presumptively discoverable under NRCP 26(b)(1). See Cain, 134 Nev., Adv. Op. 26, at 10, 415 P.3d at 30

("[d]iscovery is proper for any matter that is not privileged and is relevant to the subject matter of the 2 3 4 5

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action before the court"). This would include nonprivileged evidence bearing upon commingling of funds, undercapitalization, unauthorized diversion of funds, treatment of one entity's assets as those of the other, and failure to observe corporate formalities. See Bollore S.A. v. Imp. Warehouse, Inc., 448 F.3d 317, 325 (5th Cir. 2008) (degree to which corporate and individual property have been kept separately is a factor in whether alter ego doctrine applies); Huard v. Shreveport Pirates, Inc., 147 F.3d 406, 409-10 (5th Cir. 1998) (failure to provide separate bank accounts is relevant to claimant's alter ego theory). But requests for financial information and documents are closely scrutinized to ensure that they encompass only relevant information. See, e.g. Copper Sands Home Owners Ass'n, Inc. v. Copper Sands Realty, LLC, No. 2:10-cv-00510-GMN-LRL, 2011 WL 112146, at \*3 (D. Nev. Jan. 13, 2011) (despite pending alter ego claim, plaintiffs could not serve subpoena in effort to obtain "[a]ny and all banking records" of defendants "regardless of its probable connection to this lawsuit or to transactions that tend to show a connection among the defendants").

In his motion, Plaintiff has not offered any explanation or evidence to support his contention that Defendant Legion's tax returns are needed in connection with any alter ego claim he may be asserting in this case. In that regard, the fact that his amended complaint includes a broad allegation that all entities referenced in that complaint are the alter egos of the individual defendants is insufficient.<sup>5</sup> Plaintiff also has not shown that all portions of Defendant Legion's tax returns are relevant, or that the specific information from tax returns that might be relevant to his alter-ego claim is otherwise unobtainable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> As noted previously, the court in Hetter v. Dist. Court, supra, observed that claims for punitive damages can be asserted with ease, and can result in abuse and harassment if their assertion alone entitles plaintiff to financial discovery. Accordingly, a plaintiff must demonstrate some factual basis for its punitive damage claim before discovery of tax returns and financial information would be permitted on that issue. A claim of alter ego liability likewise can be asserted with ease in many cases, and unfettered review of an opponent's financial information can result in abuse and harassment. While certain financial information can be relevant to an alter ego claim, the Court is not persuaded that the mere assertion of such a claim entitles a party to invasive discovery of an opponent's personal financial information. This conclusion is justified under the Hetter requirement of heightened scrutiny toward requests for financial information, as well as cases recognizing a constitutional right to privacy in financial information. Without sufficient evidentiary support, an order permitting discovery effectively would allow a party to allege alter-ego liability and then conduct discovery to determine whether any evidence exists to support the claim. As a general rule, pretrial discovery is not permitted so that a party can determine whether it has a valid claim. See, e.g., Cenveo, Inc. v. Rao, 659 F. Supp. 2d 312, 317 n.4 (D. Conn. 2009): Avnet, Inc. v. American Motorists Ins. Co., 115 F.R.D. 588, 592 (S.D.N.Y. 1987). Significantly, Plaintiff's alter-ego claim is premised primarily upon allegations that were made "[u]pon information and belief.

1 2 entitled to Defendant Legion's tax returns in this case. In addition, Defendants represent that 3 Defendant Legion's tax return for 2017 contains no references or information pertaining to the 4 Property, and that its 2018 tax return has not yet been filed. Therefore, Defendants have no 5 documents to produce in response to Category No. 6. However, the Court will require Defendants to 6 serve Plaintiff with an amended response to Category No. 6, under oath, in which Defendant Legion 7 (a) clarifies that no information set forth on its 2017 tax return reflects, directly or indirectly, any 8 business activities involving the Property, and (b) confirms that its 2018 tax return has not yet been

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completed and filed.6

3. Category No. 7

In Category No. 7, Defendants are asked to "[p]roduce all schedule K-1s for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." Their original response is as follows:

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's financial and tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

For all of these reasons, the Court finds that Plaintiff has not yet demonstrated that he is

Plaintiff subsequently agreed to limit the temporal scope of this request to January 1, 2017, to the present. Defendants' supplemental response is identical to their original response.

Both sides indicate in their briefs that the arguments over discoverability of these documents are the same as those concerning Defendant Legion's tax returns. Based on the analysis set forth in the preceding section of this decision, the Court is constrained to find that Plaintiff has not yet made the showing needed to support an order compelling production of Defendant Legion's Schedule K-1 filings. Defendants are therefore not presently required to produce documents in

<sup>6</sup> If that statement is no longer true and accurate, then Defendants must either produce documents containing the relevant information (with redactions for other, irrelevant financial information) or provide another response, as appropriate. This directive also applies to Category Nos. 7 and 8.

<sup>7</sup> In his motion and reply brief, Plaintiff specifically argues that Defendant Legion already should have been providing him with Schedule K-1 forms, presumably based upon his status as a partner in Defendant Legion. As noted in the discussion regarding Category No. 6, Plaintiff's status as a partner of that entity is a disputed substantive issue in this case, and must be resolved outside of this discovery motion.

response to Category No. 7. However, the Court will require Defendants to serve Plaintiff with an amended response to Category No. 7, under oath, in which Defendant Legion (a) clarifies that no information set forth on its 2017 Schedule K-1 filling reflects, directly or indirectly, any business activities involving the Property, and (b) confirms that its 2018 Schedule K-1 form has not yet been completed and filed.

#### 4. Category No. 8

In this category, Defendants are asked to "[p]roduce all of Brian Mineau's Schedule Es relating to Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." Their original response is as follows:

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Brian Mineau's and Legion Investments, LLC's financial and tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

Plaintiff subsequently agreed to limit the temporal scope of this request to January 1, 2017, to the present. Defendants' supplemental response is identical to their original response.

Plaintiff emphasizes that he is not seeking the entirety of Defendant Mineau's tax returns at this time, but argues that the requested Schedule E forms are relevant for the same reasons offered in support of Category No. 6. To that extent, the analysis provided previously would apply to Category No. 8 as well. Plaintiff specifically notes that Defendant "Mineau's Schedule E would show whether he declared the income and loss for the project at 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois on his own tax returns," which would bear on how the parties' Agreement should be interpreted. But Defendants assert in their opposition that "Mineau's 2017 tax returns contain no Schedule Es relating to the Property and Mineau's 2018 tax returns are not yet completed." They further agree to supplement this response when the 2018 return is filed. Thus, at this time, Defendants have no documents responsive to Category No. 8.

Plaintiff offers three additional arguments to support his request for these documents. First, he contends that "these documents also may clear up some of the intentionally vague or ambiguous

responses by Defendants thus far." However, no information is provided regarding those other responses, and this argument is too indefinite to support the order he seeks.

Second, he asserts that Defendant Mineau's Schedule E forms "would also reflect any income from Criterion, if he is in fact a 'principal' of that company as he claims to be." But Defendant Mineau's receipt of income from Criterion NV, LLC ("Criterion"), is not at issue in this case. The only apparent connection of Criterion to the events giving rise to this lawsuit is that Defendants previously represented that Criterion contributed \$20,000 for the purchase or improvement of the Property. They subsequently represented that Defendant Mineau and Mr. Spinola are the "principals" of Criterion, and that those two individuals caused Criterion to contribute the \$20,000 on behalf of Defendant Legion. Plaintiff also asserts that Defendant Mineau later said that he (i.e., Defendant Mineau) gave the \$20,000 to Mr. Spinola to wire directly to the project's contractor. But whether or not any of these representations are true, they do not require Plaintiff to obtain information about income paid by Criterion to Defendant Mineau. Moreover, a Schedule E form will not identify whether Defendant is or was a "principal" of Criterion. Finally, to the extent that a relationship or transactions between Criterion and Defendant Mineau are relevant, Plaintiff has not shown that the information from the Schedule E forms is otherwise unobtainable. Presumably, Criterion would possess relevant documents in that regard.

Third, Plaintiff contends that information in the Schedule E forms would be relevant to his alter-ego allegations. That issue was addressed previously in connection with Category No. 6, and Plaintiff has not presented sufficient facts to support an order compelling the production of Defendant Mineau's Schedule E forms in connection with any alter-ego claims. For all of the foregoing reasons, Defendants are not required to produce any documents in response to Category No. 8 at this time. However, the Court will require Defendants to serve Plaintiff with an amended response to Category No. 8, under oath, in which Defendant Mineau (a) clarifies that no information set forth on his 2017 Schedule E filing reflects, directly or indirectly, any business activities involving the Property, and (b) confirms that his 2018 Schedule E form has not yet been completed and filed.

#### 5. Category No. 9

In Category No. 9, Plaintiff asks Defendants to "[p]roduce all meeting minutes for Legion Investments, LLC." Defendants' original response is as follows:

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's internal meeting minutes are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

In their supplemental response, Defendants add the following statement: "Without waiving this objection, there are no meeting minutes for Legion Investments, LLC which mention Jay Kvam or the real property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois."

In his motion, Plaintiff states that the requested meeting minutes are not confidential as to him, since he is a member of Defendant Legion. As explained previously, Plaintiff's status as a member of Legion is a disputed issue between the parties. Resolution of that substantive issue is not appropriate in the context of a discovery motion.

Plaintiff also argues that he needs these meeting minutes in connection with the project involving the Property, and with his claims in this action. But Defendants have clarified that Legion has no meeting minutes which mention Plaintiff or the Property. Plaintiff adds that these minutes "might reflect any agreements with Criterion." But Defendants' representation effectively implies that the minutes do not reflect any agreements with Criterion that mention Plaintiff or the Property. Plaintiff argues that the <u>absence</u> of any meeting minutes is also relevant to his alter-ego claims, but that argument is not further explained. In any event, the assertion of an alter-ego claim does not automatically grant Plaintiff the right to pore through all of Defendant Legion's meeting minutes to see whether one or more documents might arguably support that claim.

Plaintiff maintains that "[t]his is a fraud case, and Kvam does not have to take the word of Mineau or his attorney on what is or is not contained in the meeting minutes." That statement is not accurate. When the discoverability of a document depends on whether it contains certain relevant information, courts ordinarily rely on a determination and representation by the responding party and

1 its counsel about whether that document contains the relevant information. See Kestner v. Pratt & 2 Whitne Can., Inc., No. 94-3176, 1995 WL 598995, at \*2 (E.D. Pa. Oct. 6, 1995) ("[w]hen one party 3 seeks to compel production, it is sufficient for the other party to simply respond that a particular 4 discovery item is not in existence or not in that party's possession"); In re Air Crash Disaster at 5 Detroit Metro. Airport on Aug. 16, 1987, 130 F.R.D. 641, 646 (E.D. Mich. 1989) ("in those situations 6 in which the [discovery] sought to be produced [is] not in existence, a request to produce must be 7 denied"); cf. White v. Deere & Co., Civil Action No. 1:13-cv-02173-PAB-NYW, 2015 WL 1385210, at 8 9 10 11 12 13

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\*11 (D. Colo. Mar. 23, 2015) ("the court . . . cannot compel production of documents that defense counsel represent, as officers of the court, do not exist"); Loparex, LLC v. MPI Release Techs.. LLC. No. 1:09-cv-01411-JMS-TAB, 2011 WL 1326274, at \*3 (S.D. Ind. Mar. 25, 2011) ("[d]espite the Defendants' belief that it is 'unlikely' that there would be no documents to log '[i]n this day and age.' ... the Court accepts the sworn representations to the contrary"). Absent a showing that the responding party's discovery representations have been false or inaccurate, the requesting party generally is not entitled to determine for itself whether that document contains relevant information. Based on the foregoing, the Court finds that Defendants are not presently required to produce any documents in response to Category No. 9. However, Plaintiff is entitled to a more definitive statement from Defendants regarding the lack of relevant information in the requested minutes. Therefore, Defendants must serve Plaintiff with an amended response to Category No. 9. under oath, in which they clarify that Defendant Legion's meeting minutes do not mention (a) the

#### 6. Category No. 10

Criterion that mentions the Property.

In this category, Plaintiff asks Defendants to "[p]roduce all resolutions of the members and/or managers of Legion Investments, LLC." Defendants' original response is as follows:

Agreement, (b) the Property, (c) the project pertaining to the Property, (d) any resolutions that

pertain to that project, (e) Plaintiff, (f) Plaintiff's claims in this action, or (g) any agreement with

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this

matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's internal governing documents are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

In their supplemental response, Defendants add the following statement: "Without waiving this objection, there are no resolutions for Legion Investments, LLC which mention Jay Kvam or the real property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois."

Both sides indicate in their briefs that the arguments over discoverability of these documents are the same as those concerning Defendant Legion's meeting minutes. Based on the analysis set forth in the preceding section, the Court is constrained to find that Defendants are not presently required to produce documents in response to Category No. 10. However, the Court will require Defendants to serve Plaintiff with an amended response to Category No. 10, under oath, in which they clarify that Defendant Legion's resolutions do not mention (a) the Agreement, (b) the Property, (c) the project pertaining to the Property, (d) any resolutions that pertain to that project, (e) Plaintiff, (f) Plaintiff's claims in this action, or (g) any agreement with Criterion that mentions the Property.

#### 7. Category No. 11

In Category No. 11, Defendants are asked to "[p]roduce all balance sheets for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." Their original response is as follows:

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's financial records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

Plaintiff subsequently agreed to limit the temporal scope of this request to January 1, 2017, to the present. In their supplemental response, Defendants add the following statement: "Without waiving this objection, Legion Investments, LLC's financial statements relating to the real property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois, have been produced."

Plaintiff acknowledges that Defendants provided him with "some recently created profit and loss statements," but disputes Defendants' characterization of those documents as actual "financial statements." He correctly observes that the term "financial statements" encompasses both balance

sheets and profit and loss statements. <u>See</u> John Downes & Jordan Elliot Goodman, <u>Dictionary of Finance and Investment Terms</u> 132 (2d ed. 1987) ("[t]he financial statement includes a balance sheet and an income statement (or operating statement or profit and loss statement) and may also include a statement of changes in working capital and net worth"). Plaintiff maintains that Defendants have not produced balance sheets or any source documents for the "financial statements" they provided.

In their opposition, Defendants state that "Legion has produced the financial statements it has"; that "Legion is not obligated to create 'balance sheets (which show assets, liability and owner's equity)' in a form deemed acceptable to Kvam"; and that "Legion cannot produce that which does not exist." NRCP 34 only requires a party to produce documents already in existence; it does not require a party to prepare new documents to satisfy the request. See, e.g., Acosta v. Wellfleet

Commc'ns, LLC, No. 2:16-cv-02353-GMN-GWF, 2018 WL 664779, at \*7 (D. Nev. Feb. 1, 2018).

However, Defendants' statement that "[d]ocuments are being withheld" has created confusion about whether Defendant Legion has any balance sheets for the applicable period that were not created to respond to this request. Plaintiff is entitled to greater clarity in that regard. However, assuming that Defendant Legion does not have possession, custody, or control of any balance sheets, a statement to that effect would be a sufficient response to Category No. 11.

To the extent that actual balance sheets do exist, Plaintiff's request remains problematic. Plaintiff argues that balance sheets "will show whether and how Legion Investments documented and reported its acquisition of the house at 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois, as well as the loan from Kvam." But balance sheets typically do not identify specific assets and liabilities, and it is not clear whether Defendant Legion was involved in other projects during the applicable period. Merely providing Plaintiff the total value of its undifferentiated assets—or even subcategories of assets, such as "land" or "real estate"—would be of little or no utility, and the same is true for its total undifferentiated liabilities or subcategories of liabilities. In addition, as explained previously, financial information is entitled to qualified protection.

amended response to Category No. 11, under oath, in which they unequivocally state whether Defendant Legion does or does not possess any balance sheets that were created on or after January 1, 2017.8 If Defendant Legion does not have any documents responsive to this category, then no further response is required. If one or more responsive documents do exist, however, then Defendants must produce responsive documents in which (a) the Property or Plaintiff is expressly mentioned (by whatever words), or (b) the impact of the Property or funds provided by Plaintiff (whether characterized as loans, funding, or otherwise) as an asset or liability is reflected in the amounts stated for a given asset or liability. In that event, Defendants may redact identifications and amounts for other stated categories that do not pertain to the Property or amounts provided by

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#### 8. Category No. 12

In this category, Defendants are asked to "[p]roduce all income and expense statements. and/or profit and loss statements for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." Defendants' original response is as follows:

Under these circumstances, the Court will require Defendants to serve Plaintiff with an

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's financial records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Documents are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

In their supplemental response, Defendants add that "[w]ithout waiving this objection, Legion Investments, LLC's financial statements relating to the real property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois, have been produced."

<sup>8</sup> This directive is not necessarily limited to documents with the title "Balance Sheet." The same kind of financial report sometimes goes by other names, such as "statement of condition" or "statement of financial position." However titled, it is a document showing the status of a company's assets, liabilities, and owner's equity on a given date. See John Downes & Jordan Elliot Goodman, Dictionary of Finance and Investment Terms 28 (2d ed. 1987) (definition of "balance sheet").

<sup>9</sup> Put differently, if a particular item includes amounts reflecting the Property or amounts provided by Plaintiff, then Plaintiff is entitled to see that item and the associated amount; but Plaintiff presumptively would not be entitled to see other financial information in that document.

 Plaintiff observes that this request is not limited to financial statements concerning the Property. But Plaintiff has not demonstrated how any information about Defendant Legion's income and expenses (or profits and losses) from its other properties, or other business operations unrelated to project involving the Property, would have any bearing on the claims or defenses asserted. To the extent that Plaintiff would make the same arguments for relevance that were asserted in connection with other categories of his request for production, the Court's previous analysis would apply here as well.

Under these circumstances, the Court will require Defendants to serve Plaintiff with an amended response to Category No. 12, under oath, in which they unequivocally state whether Defendant Legion does or does not possess any income and expense statements, or profit and loss statements (whatever their formal title). If Defendant Legion does not have any documents responsive to this category, then no further response is required. If one or more responsive documents do exist, however, then Defendants must produce responsive documents in which (a) the Property or Plaintiff is expressly mentioned (by whatever words), or (b) the impact of the Property or funds provided by Plaintiff is reflected in the stated entries. In that event, Defendants may redact identifications and amounts for other categories that do not pertain to the Property or amounts provided by Plaintiff.

#### 9. Category No. 13

In Category No. 13, Plaintiff asks Defendants to "[p]roduce all bank statements of Legion Investments, LLC accounts, since its creation on July 2, 2014." Defendants' original response is as follows:

Objection, relevance and confidentiality. This Request seeks irrelevant, confidential information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as Legion Investments, LLC's bank records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Document are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

Plaintiff subsequently agreed to limit the temporal scope of this request to January 1, 2017, to the present. Defendants' supplemental response is identical to their original response.

Plaintiff argues that the requested bank statements are relevant for the same reasons offered in support of Category No. 6. To that extent, the analysis provided previously would apply to Category No. 13 as well. Plaintiff further contends that, "[i]n addition, the bank statements are necessary to verify the payments listed on Legion's recently produced balance statements." But in connection with Category No. 11, Plaintiff states that Defendants failed to produce any balance sheets. In any event, the bank statements will not necessarily provide information about the value of specific assets and liabilities reflected on a balance sheet, and they presumably would contain information about transactions having no connection to this litigation. Individual bank statements containing information pertaining to the Property or Plaintiff's loan might be discoverable, but the Court is not persuaded that Plaintiff needs to see all bank statements for the stated period. Plaintiff also states that bank statements are relevant to "the source of the funds used for the \$20,000 wire transfer to the contractor through the Criterion account, and where the proceeds of sale were deposited." If this information is reflected on a given bank statement, then that statement must be produced to that extent, and irrelevant financial information can be redacted.

In their opposition, Defendants state that Defendant Legion's bank records are not discoverable at all because "no funds pertaining to this project were ever held in Legion's bank accounts." That assertion is not sufficient for the Court to find that none of the requested bank records is discoverable. If any information contained in a given bank statement shows funds that were connected to the Property, the project, or Plaintiff's loan, then that bank statement would be discoverable to that extent, and any such statement must be produced. If no bank statement bears any such information, then no records must be produced at this time. However, if that is Defendants' representation, then they must provide an amended answer to Category No. 13 in which they state that (1) no deposit or transfer of funds into a Legion bank account concerned funds, or a portion of funds, that were provided by any person or entity for any aspect of the Property or project; (2) no deposit or transfer of funds into a Legion bank account concerned funds, or a portion of funds, realized from the Property or project, whether through a sale of the property or otherwise;

and (3) no withdrawal, debit, or transfer of funds from a Legion bank account concerned any expense, in whole or in part, for the Property or project.

#### 10. Category No. 20

In this category, Plaintiff asks Defendants to "[p]roduce copies of all business or professional licenses ever held by Brian Mineau." Defendants' original response is as follows:

Objection, relevance. This Request seeks irrelevant information that is not likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this matter, as copies of Brian Mineau's business or professional licenses have no bearing on this litigation. Document are being withheld on the basis of this objection.

In their supplemental response, Defendants add that "[w]ithout waiving this objection, Brian Mineau's professional license relating to real estate has been produced." Notwithstanding that statement, Plaintiff asserts that Defendants have not produced <u>any</u> of the requested licenses. He maintains that the requested documents "are relevant for background information and to determine his qualifications to manage a real estate project as well as to serve as a loan broker and duties owed to his lender and joint venture partners."

The Court has no idea about the kind or quantity of licenses held by Defendant Mineau during the course of his life, but it observes that licenses may be required, at different jurisdictional levels, for myriad activities having no apparent connection to the claims or defenses in this action. A party is entitled to obtain reasonable discovery pertaining to an opponent's background, but a request for licenses bearing no connection to the opponent's relevant acts or omissions is not permissible. See Schlatter, 93 Nev. at 192, 561 P.2d at 1344 ("discovery rules provide no basis for such an invasion into a litigant's private affairs," and district court "exceeded its jurisdiction by ordering disclosure of information neither relevant to the tendered issues nor leading to discovery of admissible evidence"); see also Crouch v. City of Hyattsville, Md., Civil Action No. DKC 09-2544, 2011 WL 13223820, at \*5 (D. Md. Aug. 15, 2011) (denying request for "copies of all professional licenses"). Plaintiff is free to serve one or more discovery requests to obtain information about relevant licenses, but Category No. 20 is objectionably overbroad.

1 2 LEG0182, which they describe as Defendant Mineau's "real estate license information." That 3 document is attached as Exhibit 4 to Defendants' opposition, and the Court has reviewed it. As 4 Plaintiff notes, it is "some sort of printout," but "[i]t is not a license, and does not even identify the 5 putative licensing authority." Because Defendants are effectively representing that Defendant 6 Mineau has a real estate license, and a real estate license is arguably relevant as background 7 information in this action, the Court will require Defendants to produce a copy of the actual real 8 estate license issued to Defendant Mineau that LEG0182 is supposed to reflect. If Defendants 9 maintain that they do not have possession, custody, or control of a formal licensing certificate 10 associated with this license, then they must serve Plaintiff with an amended response to Category No. 20, under oath, and in which they identify the issuing authority for the license they maintain is 11

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В. Request for Expenses

set forth in LEG0182.

Plaintiff seeks an award of the reasonable expenses he incurred in connection with this motion, and Defendants likewise seek an award of expenses incurred in opposing it. When, as here, a motion to compel is granted in part and denied in part, the court may, after giving an opportunity to be heard, apportion the reasonable expenses for the motion. See NRCP 37(a)(5)(C). Under the circumstances presented here, the Court finds that each side should bear its own expenses incurred in connection with this motion.

However, in a supplemental response, Defendants produced a document identified as

ACCORDINGLY, Plaintiff's First Motion to Compel should be GRANTED in part, and DENIED in part.

IT SHOULD, THEREFORE, BE ORDERED that, no later than April 23, 2019, Defendants produce for inspection and copying by Plaintiff all documents within the possession, custody, or control of either of them that are responsive to the categories of Plaintiff's first request for production of documents, or serve Plaintiff with amended responses to those categories, to the extent required III

by and in accordance with this decision.

DATED: This  $9^{th}$  day of April, 2019.

WESLEY M. AYRES DISCOVERY COMMISSIONER

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

CASE NO. CV18-00764

I certify that I am an employee of the SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT of the STATE OF NEVADA, COUNTY OF WASHOE; that on the Q+h day of April, 2019, I electronically filed the **RECOMMENDATION FOR ORDER** with the Clerk of the Court by using the ECF system.

I further certify that I transmitted a true and correct copy of the foregoing document by the method(s) noted below:

Electronically filed with the Clerk of the Court by using the ECF system which will send a notice of electronic filing to the following:

MICHAEL L. MATUSKA, ESQ. for JAY KVAM

MARK HARLAN GUNDERSON, ESQ. for LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC, BRIAN MINEAU

AUSTIN K. SWEET, ESQ. for LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC, BRIAN MINEAU

Deposited in the Washoe County mailing system for postage and mailing with the United

States Postal Service in Reno, Nevada: [NONE]

Danielle Spinella

Administrative Secretary

FILED Electronically CV18-00764 2019-04-16 12:32:38 PM Jacqueline Bryant Clerk of the Court Transaction # 7221281: yviloria

CODE: 2630 1

Michael L. Matuska, Esq. SBN 5711 MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD. 2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6

Carson City, NV 89701

Attorneys for Plaintiff

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MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD.

2310 S. Carson Street, #6 Carson City NV 89701 (775) 350-7220

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#### THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JAY KVAM, Case No. CV18-00764 Plaintiff. v, Dept. No. 3

BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,

Defendants.

#### PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO REPORT OF COMMISSIONER

COMES NOW Plaintiff, JAY KVAM, by and through his counsel of record, Matuska Law Offices, Ltd., Michael L. Matuska, and pursuant to EJDR 2.34(f) hereby submits this Objection to the April 9, 2019 Recommendation for Order ("Recommendation").

#### INTRODUCTION I.

The Recommendation missed the essential issue regarding the scope of discovery on accounting and financial matters. Mineau has not and possibly cannot provide an accounting to Kvam for the property at 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois (the "Property"). Kvam therefore has to conduct his own discovery. Mineau and Legion did not keep a separate accounting system for the Property, such as a partnership account or a partnership tax return. The necessary information (to the extent it exists) is therefore intermingled with Mineau's and Legion's financial information. They cannot now claim privacy concerns and use their failure to keep a separate accounting system as an excuse not to provide discovery.

The Recommendation does not seem to reflect the entire record when it notes that

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"statements by counsel in briefs do not constitute evidence." (Recommendation at 7:13-14) (citing Ladner v. Litespeed Mfg. Co., 537 F.Supp. 2d 1206, 1217 (N.D. Ala. 2008). Recommendation does not seem to have the benefit of the multiple affidavits and extensive documentary evidence submitted to date or the transcript from the hearing on December 17, 2018. The Affidavits include #6771116, 6807270, 7000744 and 6983487.

The Recommendation also references Defendants' counterclaims for trespass to chattels and conversion (Recommendation at 2:7-9), when in fact, those counterclaims were dismissed and the only remaining counterclaim is the third claim for declaratory relief (Order, #7059540).

Kyam has already demonstrated that Mineau concealed the status of the project, concealed Criterion's investment, concealed the sale, concealed what happened to the proceeds of sale, and to date, has not or cannot provide an accounting.1 Kvam has also demonstrated Defendant's accounting practice of simultaneous deposits and withdrawals, such that they can show a payment or receipt, as necessary, without a corresponding change to the account balance (See Motion to Dismiss Counterclaim, or Alternatively, for a More Definite Statement #6746240 and December 17, 2018 Hearing Transcript<sup>2</sup>). There is no evidence that Kvam's investment was used to improve the Property, and it is becoming increasingly likely that Kvam's money was used for other projects that were underway by Mineau, Legion and Criterion.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The November 16, 2018 escrow closing statement was attached as Exhibit "1" to Kvam's First Motion to Compel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> At the December 17, 2018 hearing on Kvam's Motion to Dismiss, the court commented twice on Mineau's circular accounting system.

THE COURT: And then the other one had to do with the money, the \$10,000 in the Atlas account, going out and coming right back in.

MR. MATUSKA: \$20,000.

THE COURT: Coming out and going right back in, right?

<sup>(</sup>Transcript, Ex. "4" at 10:22-11:3).

THE COURT: He is saying money wasn't taken out of the account.

MR. SWEET: No, he is not.

THE COURT: It is out one hour and a couple of hours later it was put back in. Pay the bill and get the money back.

<sup>(</sup>Transcript, Ex. "4" at 18:23-19:4).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Mineau has alleged multiple times that Kvam's project funds were paid directly to the contractor, not to Mineau. Kyam recently received the contractor's bank statements from JP Morgan Chase. Those statements indicate that Mineau used this same contractor for his other projects in Chicago, and that Kvam's money was placed in the same

The Recommendation does not adequately address the fact that Kvam is a member of Legion based on the face of the Terms of Agreement. Even if that is not literally true for all of Legion's business activities, Kvam must be considered a member, at least for purposes of the Property, which entitles him to examine the books and records pursuant to NRS 86.241 without having to resort to litigation, discovery and the motion to compel. The Recommendation should have enforced his statutory rights, not limited them.

Discovery is ongoing, and Kvam should have the right to renew these discovery requests if facts warrant, regardless of this Court's decision on the pending First Motion to Compel and Recommendation.

#### II. DISCUSSION

#### A. Request for Production

1. Category No. 1

No objection.

#### 2. Category No. 6 – Legion Investments, LLC Tax Returns

The Recommendation actually makes the case for production of the requested tax returns when it acknowledges that there is no privilege for tax returns and tax returns will be produced when the information is not otherwise available, and then cites the recent controlling case of *Cain v. Price*, 134 Nev. Adv. Op. 26, 415 P.3d 25 (2018). The Recommendation further notes that the main reason for not producing tax returns are concerns of privacy and harassment. (Recommendation at 5:5-24).

In this case, Mineau and Legion have not and presumably cannot provide Kvam with an accounting. Kvam does not know what Legion and Mineau claimed for expenses and revenues related to the Property. Mineau cannot even prove that Kvam's money was used for the Property rather than for other projects that were underway by Mineau and his cohorts. There is no concern of harassment when Kvam is simply trying to discover which defendant is claiming the proceeds of the sale, and other expenses relating to the Property, and verify how his project funds were

account with other funds received for other projects. The records received to date from JP Morgan Chase are incomplete. Kvam can supplement his First Motion to Compel on this issue when the additional records are received.

spent. This information is not available from any other sources, or it would presumably have been produced by now.

Despite these seminal facts, the Recommendation is not to compel production of the tax returns for the following reason:

Plaintiff argues that Defendant Legion's tax returns are relevant to his case-in-chief. But Plaintiff has not shown that Defendant Legion's business activities have been limited exclusively to the Property. To the extent that its tax returns would reflect information unrelated to the Property, Plaintiff presumptively would not be entitled to it with regard to his case-in-chief. Plaintiff might very well be entitled to see portions of Defendant Legion's tax returns that mention or otherwise pertain to the Property (e.g., expenses, profits, losses, etc.), but Category No. 6 is not limited in that way. Although the Court could impose that limitation now, Defendants represent that Defendant Legion's tax returns for 2017 contains no references or information pertaining to the Property, and that its 2018 tax return has not yet been filed. Thus, Defendants effectively represent that they presently have no responsive documents. (Recommendation at 6:9-18)

Despite the extensive legal citations contained elsewhere in the Recommendation, this seminal passage is lacking any legal authority, imposes its own interpretation of the what the ultimate issues are for the case, and potentially impacts the scope of trial. Plaintiff <u>does not</u> have to demonstrate that Legion's business activities have been limited exclusively to the Property. Rather, Mineau and Legion boasted of their real estate experience in order to induce Kvam to invest. Mineau failed to keep separate accounts for the Property, and cannot prove that Kvam's funds were used to improve the Property. There is no presumption that Legion does not have to produce tax returns, that are otherwise discoverable, merely because other activities might be reflected on the returns. This is particularly true when those activities may themselves be relevant to the disposition of Kvam's project funds.

Likewise, there is no rule of evidence that the Defendant in a fraud case can prevent the discovery or admission of documentary evidence at trial based on a self-serving statement of what is or is not contained in the documents. Also, the question of whether Legion's 2018 tax return has been prepared is irrelevant to the question of whether it is discoverable in the first instance. Mineau and Legion have an ongoing duty to supplement their responses. NRCP 26(e).

The requested tax returns are also discoverable for the claim of punitive damages, and the

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Recommendation did not properly apply Cain v. Price. The Nevada Supreme Court observed in Cain v. Price that "Tax returns are not to be had for the mere asking." See Cain v. Price, 134 Nev. Adv. Op. 26 (Nev. April 12, 2018). In that case, the Nevada Supreme Court ruled: "While that evidence might not amount to 'clear and convincing evidence' that Price and Shackelford committed 'oppression, fraud, or malice,' NRS 42.005(1), such alleged misuse of funds contrary to the [joint venture agreement] constitutes 'some factual basis' for those claims such that discovery was proper."4 Similarly, in this case, Kvam has provided evidence of fraud, even if the evidence submitted in support of his First Motion to Compel and other briefs does not amount to clear and convincing evidence.

Although the Recommendation acknowledges the right of a partner to inspect the books and records of a partnership, the Recommendation lapses into a confused discussion of how allowing discovery on financial matters (which is the principal issue in this case) is tantamount to a judgment that a partnership existed, when that issue is still disputed by Mineau. In other words, the Recommendation suggests that Kvam has to prove his case before he is allowed discovery. In support of this position, the Recommendation cites 5 unpublished opinions from other jurisdictions. There is no such rule, and the Recommendation misinterprets the cited cases and NRCP 26(b). For instance, in the first cited case of Air Filter Co. v. Universal Air Prods., LLC, No. 3:14-DV-665-TBR-LLK, 2015 WL 3862529 (W.D. Ky., June 22, 2015), the question was whether a prior settlement agreement precluded money damages and restricted the plaintiff to injunctive relief, only. The court noted that "money damages remains within the scope of discovery." However, the court stayed discovery on money damages pending a ruling on the defendant's motion for clarification of whether the prior settlement agreement precluded such relief. The Air Filter court acknowledged that "Rule 26 does not limit discovery to issues raised in the pleadings, but those relevant to the pleadings." In this case, there are no settlement agreements, judgments or orders that would limit Kvam's causes of action or the remedies available to him. As such, the scope of discovery is not limited merely because Mineau contests

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The undersigned counsel was the attorney of record for the successful appellants in Cain v. Price, along with Robert L. Eisenberg.

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Kvam's assertion that 7747 May Street should be considered a joint venture.

The Recommendation also lapses into a lengthy discussion about alter-ego, and concludes that Kvam's general allegation of alter-ego is "insufficient" to allow discovery on that issue. (Recommendation at 10:18). The Recommendation failed to cite any cases that would require Kvam to provide a more specific allegation of alter-ego, and the allegations of alter-ego remain part the case. The requested discovery is relevant to Kvam's claim of alter-ego. As explained in the First Motion to Compel, the absence of a separate accounting system and minutes, and the comingling of project funds with personal funds supports the case for alter-ego.

#### Category No. 7 - Legion Investments K-1s

See Category No. 6, supra. Providing a response, under oath, is not a substitute for providing documents, especially when the Terms of Agreement make Kvam a member of Legion, at least for purposes concerning the Property.

#### 4. Category No. 8 – Mineau's Schedule E

Schedule E is for "Supplemental Income and Loss (from real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, estates, trusts, REMICs, etc.)" The need for Mineau's Schedule E is apparent from the phony financial statements produced to date by the Defendants, including Exhibits "1" and "2" attached hereto. Those statements show that Legion is claiming a \$20,000 investment in the Property (actually, made by Criterion) but does not show the corresponding \$24,473.77 from the sale proceeds in November, 2018. Kvam is entitled to know whether Mineau reported the proceeds of sale on his Schedule E.

#### 5. Category No. 9 – Meeting Minutes

There is no protection for meeting minutes, particularly when Kvam is a member of Legion.

#### Category No. 10 – Resolutions

See Category No. 9, supra. In addition, Legion's claim that it does not have any Resolutions pertaining to the Property is patently false. Legion was required to provide a Resolution to escrow. (See Exhibit "3") Rather than produce the Resolutions as requested, Legion responded that "there are no resolutions for Legion Investments, LLC which mention Jay

Kvam or the real property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois." The specific wording of the Resolution is irrelevant, and Mineau's contrived response suggests that there are Resolutions that are responsive to Request No. 10, even if they do not expressly mention Jay Kvam or the Property. For example, **Exhibit "3"** was provided to escrow even thought it does not specifically mention Kvam or the Property. Legion should not be allowed to limit the request, misinterpret the request, or provide a verified response in lieu of producing documents. Kvam needs to see all minutes and resolutions for Legion Investments.

- Category No. 11 Balance Sheets
   Comments reserved pending additional responses.
- 8. Category No. 12 Income and Expense Statements

Comments reserved pending additional responses. In addition, Exhibits "1" and "2" provided herewith demonstrate why Kvam needs to continue discovery on the accounting issues, and cannot simply rely on Mineau's verified responses. As shown on Exhibit "1", Legion attempts to claim Criterion's \$20,000 payment as an expense, but Legion does not report the proceeds of sale on Exhibit "2."

- Category No. 13 Bank Statements
   See Category No. 6, supra. Further comments are reserved pending additional responses.
- 10. Category No. 20 Professional Licenses

There is no limitation on discovery for professional licenses and Mineau no longer objects to this request. As such, most of the discussion in the Recommendation Part 10 is unnecessary. Rather, Mineau claims that he responded and cites LEG 0182, which he claims is attached as Exhibit "4" to his Opposition. Mineau's Exhibit "4" appears to be some sort of printout. It is not a license, and does not even identify the putative licensing authority. The Recommendation directs Mineau to provide additional information regarding LEG 0182. Further comments are therefore reserved pending additional responses.

#### III. CONCLUSION

The Recommendation's reliance on unpublished decisions and cases from other jurisdictions is unnecessary in light of NRCP 26 and the controlling case law of Cain v. Price. All

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of Plaintiff's requests either seek admissible evidence, or evidence that will likely lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Mineau apparently did not keep a separate accounting system for the Property. Also, Mineau cannot produce any evidence that Kvam's money was used to improve the Property. Rather, it is appearing increasingly likely that Kvam's project funds were co-mingled with funds for Mineau's other projects. As such, the necessary financial information is intermingled with his personal financial affairs and those of Legion, and discovery should continue as necessary to find out the ultimate use and disposition of Kvam's project funds, among other issues. Mineau and Legion should not be allowed to claim a privacy concern when they failed to keep a separate accounting system and the project accounting is intertwined with their personal accounting. To rule otherwise would be to allow Mineau to use the lack of a separate accounting system to promote fraud and mask the potential diversion of project funds.

The court should not follow the Recommendation to the extent that it attempts to create special privileges for meeting minutes, resolutions and professional licenses. There simply is no legal basis upon which to restrict these discovery requests, especially when Kvam is a member of Legion pursuant to the Terms of Agreement.

To the extent Kvam's First Motion to Compel is granted, Kvam should be awarded attorney's fees. To the extent Kvam's First Motion to Compel is denied, any such denial should be without prejudice to Kvam's right to renew the requests as additional information becomes available and circumstances warrant.

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the proceeding document does not contain the social security number of any person.

Dated this 16<sup>th</sup> day of April 2019.

MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD.

Michael 2 Malando

By:

MICHAEL L. MATUSKA, SBN 5711 Attorneys for Plaintiff, JAY KVAM, individually and derivatively on behalf of the unincorporated joint venture identified as 7747

### MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD. 2310 S. Carson Street, #6 Carson City NV 89701 (775) 350-7220

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Matuska Law Offices, Ltd. and that on the 16<sup>th</sup> day of April, 2019, I served a true and correct copy of the preceding document entitled PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTION TO RECOMMENDATION FOR ORDER as follows:

Austin K. Sweet, Esq.
GUNDERSON LAW FIRM
3895 Warren Way
Reno, NV 89509
asweet@gundersonlaw.com

[X] BY CM/ECF: I electronically filed a true and correct copy of the above-identified document with the Clerk of the Court by using the electronic filing system which will send a notice of electronic filing to the person(s) named above.

[X] BY U.S. MAIL: I deposited for mailing in the United States mail, with postage fully prepaid, an envelope containing the above-identified document(s) at Carson City, Nevada, in the ordinary course of business.

Wesley M. Ayers
DISCOVERY COMMISSIONER
75 Court Street, Room 125
Reno, NV 89501

[ ] BY EMAIL: (as listed above)			
[ ] BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I personally delivered the above-identified document(s			
by hand delivery to the office(s) of the person(s) named above.			
[ ] BY FACSIMILE:			
[ ] BY FEDERAL EXPRESS ONE-DAY DELIVERY:			
[ ] BY MESSENGER SERVICE: I delivered the above-identified document(s) to Reno			
Carson Messenger Service for delivery.			
/e/ SHZETTE THRLEY			

I:\Client Files\Litigation\Kvam\v. Mineau\Pldgs\Motion to Compel\Objection.doc

SUZETTE TURLEY

#### **EXHIBIT INDEX**

EXHIBIT	DOCUMENT	PAGES
1	Legion Investments, LLC Balance Statement for May 2017	1
2	Legion Investments, LLC Balance Statement for November 2017	1
3	Resolution on Members/Managers Authority to Execute Any	
	Instrument(s) on Behalf of Legion Investments, LLC	1
4.	Transcript of Proceedings Hearing December 17, 2018 –	
	Pages 1, 2, 10, 11, 18, 19	6

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CV18-00764
2019-04-16 12:32:38 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7221281 : yviloria

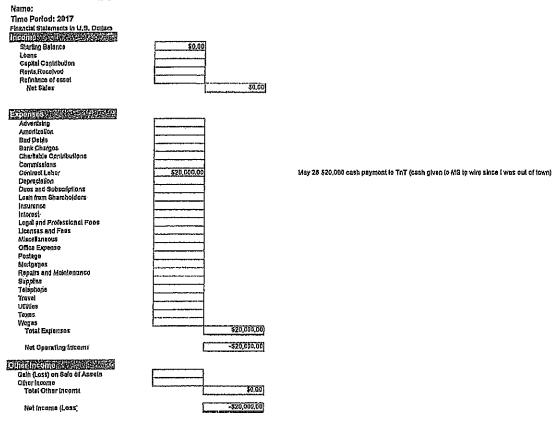
## EXHIBIT 1 TO LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC BALANCE STATEMENT FOR MAY 2017

(Plaintiff's Objections to Report of Commissioner)

## EXHIBIT 1 LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC BALANCE STATEMENT FOR MAY 2017

(Plaintiff's Objections to Report of Commissioner)

#### **Balance Statement**



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Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7221281 : yviloria

#### **EXHIBIT 2**

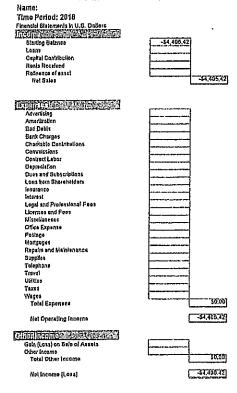
### LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC BALANCE STATEMENT FOR NOVEMBER 2017

(Plaintiff's Objections to Report of Commissioner)

#### EXHIBIT 2 LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC BALANCE STATEMENT FOR NOVEMBER 2017

(Plaintiff's Objections to Report of Commissioner)

#### Balance Statement



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2019-04-16 12:32:38 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7221281 : yviloria

#### EXHIBIT 3

#### RESOLUTION ON MEMBERS/MANAGERS AUTHORITY TO EXECUTE ANY INSTRUMENT(S) ON BEHALF OF LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC

(Plaintiff's Objections to Report of Commissioner)

# EXHIBIT 3 RESOLUTION ON MEMBERS/MANAGERS AUTHORITY TO EXECUTE ANY INSTRUMENT(S) ON BEHALF OF LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC

(Plaintiff's Objections to Report of Commissioner)

## RESOLUTION ON MEMBERS/MANAGERS AUTHORITY TO EXECUTE ANY INSTRUMENT(S) ON BEHALF OF LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC

Upon a duly made and seconded motion, a majority of the Managers/Members of LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC adopted the following resolutions:

RESOLVED, that all management decisions relating to LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC shall be made by its Managers, and that any and all Managers shall have authority to execute any instruments on behalf of LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC which may include, but not limited to the purchase and sale of real and or personal property for investment, and that any one Manager may act for and on behalf of the Company, keeping in mind a fiduciary duty to act in the best interest of the Company and to keep other Managers informed of any action taken, as set forth in the Operating Agreement of LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC.

The undersigned certifies that I am a/the duly appointed Managing Member of LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC and that the above is a true and correct copy of a resolution duly adopted at a meeting of the Managers/Members thereof, convened and held in accordance with the law and Operating Agreement of said Limited Liability Company and that such resolution is now in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have affixed my name as Manager/Member of LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC and have attached the seal of LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC to this resolution.

Lostico	Dated: 20140722
Brian Mineau, Manager	
	Dated:
Manager	
	/XI C Sec

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Transaction # 7221281 : yviloria

#### **EXHIBIT 4**

### TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS HEARING DECEMBER 17, 2018 – PAGES 1, 2, 10, 11, 18, 19

(Plaintiff's Objections to Report of Commissioner)

# EXHIBIT 4 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS HEARING DECEMBER 17, 2018 – PAGES 1, 2, 10, 11, 18, 19 (Plaintiff's Objections to Report of Commissioner)

1	Code No. 4185
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6	IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
7	OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE
8	THE HONORABLE JEROME M. POLAHA, DISTRICT JUDGE
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10	JAY KVAM,
11	Plaintiff,
12	vs. ) Case No. CV18-00764
13	BRIAN MINEAU, ) Dept. No. 3
14	Defendant. )
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17	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
18	HEARING
19	MONDAY, DECEMBER 17TH, 2018; 1:30 P.M.
20	RENO, NEVADA
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22.	Joan Dotson, NV CSR #102
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1	APPEARANCES
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4	For the Plaintiff: MICHAEL MATUSKA
5	Attorney at Law
6	Carson City, Nevada
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9	For the Defendant: AUSTIN SWEET
10	Attorney at Law
11	Reno, Nevada
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1 part of this, they need to provide the discovery on that. 2 But the --THE COURT: The reason I ask that question --3 and I'll ask counsel this. You put in your pleadings the cutoff date on 5 the electricity from the power company --6 7 MR. MATUSKA: Yes. 8 THE COURT: -- being April something, which is 9 after the alleged fraudulent or -- bad conduct of your 10 client in leaving the -- or cutting off the electricity 11 causing the pipes to freeze and break and destroy some of 12 the property inside. Now, is that coming from you or is that 13 14 coming from them or how do you get that? 15 MR. MATUSKA: Those exhibits were exhibits

MR. MATUSKA: Those exhibits were exhibits that I received from them through our written discovery request.

THE COURT: So you are far along enough --

MR. MATUSKA: Yes.

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THE COURT: -- to get discovery.

MR. MATUSKA: Yes.

THE COURT: And then the other one had to do with the money, the \$10,000 in the Atlas account, going out and coming right back in.

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MR. MATUSKA: \$20,000.

THE COURT: Coming out and going right back in, right?

MR. MATUSKA: Right.

THE COURT: And that's from them also?

MR. MATUSKA: Those bank statements were, yes, your Honor. And I bring it up in those terms and relate it -- my opening statements back to the timing. Again, this case has been pending since April.

I made a deliberate point of focussing on the relative burdens when moving for summary judgment and responding to summary judgment.

And I hope that we are agreed that -- when the party bears the burden of proof at trial, they can't just rest on the allegations of their Complaint.

Jay Kvam, as the party moving against those counterclaims, could have just pointed out a lack of evidence in our record. The burden would have been on them to come forward and affirmatively -- produce admissible evidence to affirmatively support their counterclaims. And they didn't do it.

Now on those specific issues you just identified regarding the investment issue or transfer out of the bank account and the pipes bursting, we have

THE COURT: Rule 11 you are supposed to have information that justify the pleadings.

MR. SWEET: Again, your Honor, Mr. Kvam has admitted that he turned off the power. Let me take a step back and give you a little bit more factual history about what happened.

THE COURT: How about the Atlas, \$20,000?

MR. SWEET: Your Honor, I think this might
be -- an error that I made. And that's something that
again we need to address through discovery.

Mr. Kvam doesn't dispute that he paid off the Atlas credit card. It was my understanding from my discussions with my client -- and perhaps I was wrong and we need to figure that out -- that it was this \$20,000 on April 6th.

I'm not sure. It might have been the \$18,000 on February 12th, which is on the same statement.

And, again, this is -- there is no dispute, as I understand it, that Mr. Kvam paid off the Atlas credit card. He is just saying, "Well, I didn't do it on that day. And so your case should be thrown out because you got the date wrong.'

THE COURT: He is saying money wasn't taken out of the account.

MR. SWEET: No, he is not.

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THE COURT: It is out one hour and a couple hours later it was put back in. Pay the bill and get the money back.

MR. SWEET: The transaction that I referenced in my pleading occurred on March 6th.

He says, "I didn't do that transaction." What I believe his position will be once we actually get an answer is that it is the transaction on February 12th that he did.

So what happens is -- in the original pleading he said, "Well, you didn't give me a specific date."

And then in the amended pleading we provided a specific date, which perhaps was my error. And then he said, "Well, I didn't do the transaction on that date." He has not at all disputed that he paid off the Atlas credit card. That's not disputed. What he is saying is, "I didn't do it on that date."

THE COURT: But he was specifically accused of doing such and such on a certain date.

MR. SWEET: And, your Honor, again this is why -- we need more discovery. Because it may well have been my personal misunderstanding or miscommunication

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Attorneys for Brian Mineau and Legion Investments

### IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JAY KVAM,

Case No. CV18-00764

Plaintiff / Counterdefendant,

Dept. No. 3

vs.

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I. INTRODUCTION

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This dispute concerns the parties' efforts to acquire the property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois ("Property"), renovate it, and sell it for a profit. In furtherance of these efforts, the 575

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,

Defendants / Counterclaimants.

RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTION TO REPORT OF COMMISSIONER

Defendants / Counterclaimants BRIAN MINEAU ("Mineau") and LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC ("Legion"), by and through their counsel of record, Austin K. Sweet, Esq. and Mark H. Gunderson, Esq., submit this Response to the *Objections to Report of Commissioner* ("Objection") filed by Plaintiff / Counterdefendant JAY KVAM ("Kvam"). This Response is made and based upon NRCP 26, NRCP 34, NRCP 37, and the following points and authorities and attachments.

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parties entered into a very short and very poorly worded document signed by Kvam, Mineau, and Michael Spinola ("Terms of Agreement"). Kvam invested approximately \$93,784.31 in the project and Legion invested \$20,000.00 in the project. Approximately \$45,000.00 of Kvam's funds were paid directly from Kvam into escrow to purchase the Property, and the remainder was paid directly from Kvam to the contractor in Illinois, TNT Complete Facility Care Inc. ("TNT"). It is undisputed that Kvam never delivered any funds to Legion or Mineau and that none of Kvam's funds ever passed through Legion's or Mineau's bank accounts. Unfortunately, the project stalled and Kvam demanded that Legion sell the Property and sued Legion and Mineau to reimburse him for the losses he suffered in the investment.

Kvam now argues that Legion and Mineau are responsible for accounting to Kvam concerning how TNT used Kvam's funds and, until they are able to do so to Kvam's satisfaction, Kvam is entitled to unfettered access to Legion's and Mineau's personal financial records. To that end, Kvam issued lengthy and detailed requests for production of documents which have nothing to do with Kvam, the Property, the project, or this dispute. Kvam sought substantial financial records, tax records, and internal documents from Legion and Mineau, despite the undisputed fact that neither Legion nor Mineau was ever in possession of Kvam's funds in any manner whatsoever: each of Kvam's payments went either directly to escrow (to purchase the Property) or directly to TNT to renovate the Property. There is no allegation that Legion or Mineau mishandled or misappropriated Kyam's funds in any way, nor has Kvam explained why he contends that a full audit of Legion's or Mineau's financial records will help him determine what happened to the funds Kvam transferred to TNT. Legion and Mineau make no objection to providing any information concerning this dispute, but there is simply no reason for Kvam to request or obtain any documents from Legion or Mineau other than those documents relating or pertaining to Kvam, the Property, the project, or this litigation.

For these reasons, Legion and Mineau objected to many of Kvam's discovery requests. After a lengthy meet and confer process, and after Legion and Mineau supplemented their responses, Kvam filed Plaintiff's First Motion to Compel ("Motion"). Discovery Commissioner Ayres thoroughly analyzed the issues and submitted his Recommendation for Order ("Recommendation"), recommending that the bulk of Kvam's Motion be denied because the information sought was

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irrelevant to the issues of this dispute. Commissioner Ayres further recommended that Legion and Mineau supplement their responses to state under oath when certain documents do not exist.

Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation was well-researched, well-reasoned, and well-decided. This Court should affirm the Recommendation in its entirety.

#### II. ARGUMENT

Kvam's Motion sought an order compelling Legion and Mineau to provide further responses to Kvam's Requests for Production of Documents Nos. 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 20. Kvam's Objection applies only to Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation concerning Requests for Production of Documents Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, and 20. Each objection will be addressed in turn.

# A. Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation Concerning Request No. 6 Should Be Confirmed.

Kvam's Request No. 6, as amended, seeks all tax returns for Legion since January 1, 2017. Legion and Mineau objected to this request because Legion's tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Legion and Mineau explained that Legion's tax returns would only be relevant to the extent related to the Property, but that Legion's 2017 tax returns contain no entries relating to the Property and Legion's 2018 tax returns are not yet completed. Commissioner Ayres agreed that the portions of Legions tax returns that are not related to the Property are not discoverable and recommended that Defendants serve Kvam with an amended response to Category No. 6, under oath, in which Legion (a) clarifies that no information set forth in its 2017 tax return reflects, directly or indirectly, any business activities involving the Property, and (b) confirms that its 2018 tax return has not yet been completed and filed. Recommendation pp. 6-11. This recommendation should be confirmed.

In his Objection, Kvam first argues that he is entitled to Legion's tax returns in furtherance of his case-in-chief because he "is simply trying to discover which defendant is claiming the proceeds of the sale, and other expenses relating to the Property, and verify how his project funds were spent." Objection pp. 3-4. This argument does not support a different outcome than that which the

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 Recommendation offers. Again, it is undisputed that Kvam never delivered any funds to Legion or Mineau: all funds were delivered directly from Kvam to either the title company or TNT. Kvam has offered no argument as to how reviewing Legion's financial records, including its tax returns, would explain or otherwise prove how TNT spent Kvam's project funds. Regardless, the information Kvam seeks does not appear on Legion's tax returns.

Legion did not object to producing portions of its tax returns which related to the Property; rather, Legion responded that its 2017 tax returns contain no entries relating to the Property and its 2018 tax returns are not yet completed. Commissioner Ayres recommends that these assertions be made under oath. Kvam's arguments do not explain why this recommendation is inadequate or why any information reflected on Legion's 2017 tax return, which is not related to the Property, would have any relevance to his case-in-chief.

Kvam next argues that the Recommendation improperly analyzed Kvam's right to review Legion's tax returns in furtherance of his punitive damages claims. Commissioner Ayres correctly recited that before tax returns or financial records are discoverable on the issue of punitive damages, the plaintiff must demonstrate some factual basis for its punitive damage claim...." Recommendation at 7 (quoting Hetter v. Dist. Court, 110 Nev. 513, 520, 874 P.2d 762, 766 (1994). Commissioner Ayres went on to conclude that Kvam "has not provided evidence sufficient to support an order compelling Defendant Legion to produce its tax returns for 2017 and 2018," because the arguments made in Kvam's brief are not evidence and, even if Kvam can make the threshold factual showing, Kvam failed to demonstrate that the information he seeks is otherwise unobtainable. Recommendation at 7. Kvam objects to the Recommendation in this regard by simply stating that he "has provided evidence of fraud," without citing to that evidence or attempting to demonstrate that the information he seeks is otherwise unobtainable. Kvam's Objection should therefore be overruled in this regard.

Next, Kvam argues that he is entitled to Legion's tax returns based upon his assertion that he is a member of Legion. Recommendation pp. 5-6. Kvam's argument puts the proverbial cart before

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Kvam has subpoenaed TNT's financial records which should plainly show how TNT spent Kvam's and Legion's project funds, although Kvam has yet to provide a copy of those documents to Legion and Mineau.

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the horse. In his Motion, Kvam argued that he is a member of Legion and, as such, he is entitled to review Legion's books and records pursuant to NRS Chapter 87. Commissioner Ayres correctly 3 found that Kvam's status as a member of Legion is disputed and a motion to compel is not the proper vehicle to resolve that dispute. Recommendation pp. 6-7. Critically, Kvam does not argue that he is entitled to review Legion's tax returns because they are necessary for him to prove that he is a member of Legion: conversely, Kvam argues that he is entitled to review Legion's tax returns because he is a member of Legion and is therefore entitled to such records as a matter of law. Kvam is not entitled to exercise any rights as a member of a limited liability company under NRS Chapter 87 unless and until Kvam establishes that he is, in fact, a member of that company. Kvam has not established that he is a member of Legion. As such, Commissioner Ayres correctly concluded that Kvam is not entitled to assert the rights of a member under NRS 87.4335 by way of a motion to compel. The Recommendation should be confirmed in this regard.

Finally, Kvam objects to Commissioners Ayres' conclusion that Kvam's "broad allegation that all entities referenced in that complaint are the alter egos of the individual defendants is insufficient" to overcome the general policy that a party's tax returns and financial information "cannot be had for the mere asking." Recommendation pp. 9-11. Commissioner Ayres correctly stated that a claim of alter ego can be asserted with ease in many cases, that unfettered review of an opponent's financial information can result in abuse and harassment, and that, without sufficient evidentiary support, an order permitting discovery would effectively allow a party to improperly allege alter-ego liability and then conduct discovery to determine whether any evidence exists to support the claim. Id. p. 10. Commissioner Ayres concluded that Kvam has not offered any explanation or evidence to support his contention that Legion's tax returns are needed in connection with an alter ego claim or that any specific information contained in the tax returns which might be relevant to his alter ego claim is otherwise unobtainable. Id. Kvam's Objection does not specifically address any of Commissioner Ayres' conclusions: rather, Kvam simply argues that since he has pled an alter ego claim he is entitled to obtain Legion's tax returns. Commissioner Ayres' legal citations and conclusions to the contrary are sound and his Recommendation should be confirmed,

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For these reasons, Commissioners Ayres' Recommendation concerning Kvam's Request No. 6 is well-supported by applicable and persuasive law, is well-reasoned, and should be confirmed.

### В. Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation Concerning Request No. 7 Should Be Confirmed.

Kvam's Request No. 7, as amended, seeks all schedule K-1s for Legion since January 1, 2017. Legion and Mineau objected to this request because Legion's tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Again, Legion and Mineau explained that Legion's tax returns would 8 only be relevant to the extent related to the Property, but that Legion's 2017 tax returns contain no K-1s relating to the Property and Legion's 2018 tax returns are not yet completed. Commissioner Ayres agreed that the portions of Legion's K-1s that are not related to the Property are not discoverable and recommended that Defendants serve Kvam with an amended response to Category No. 7, under oath, in which Legion (a) clarifies that no information set forth in its 2017 Schedule K-1 filings reflects, directly or indirectly, any business activities involving the Property, and (b) confirms that its 2018 Schedule K-1 form has not yet been completed and filed. Recommendation pp. 11-12. This recommendation should be confirmed.

In his Objection concerning Request No. 7, Kvam simply refers to his arguments with respect to Request No. 6. Legion and Mineau's responses to those arguments are stated above. Providing a response under oath that the documents sought either do not exist or do not contain relevant information is proper substitute for providing irrelevant, private documents.

For these reasons, Commissioners Ayres' Recommendation concerning Kvam's Request No. 7 is well-supported by applicable and persuasive law, is well-reasoned, and should be confirmed.

### *C*. Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation Concerning Request No. 8 Should Be Confirmed.

Kvam's Request No. 8, as amended, seeks all of Mineau's Schedule Es relating to Legion since January 1, 2017. Legion and Mineau objected to this request because Mineau's tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Again, Legion and Mineau explained that Mineau's Schedule Es would only be relevant to the extent related to the Property, but that Mineau's 2017 tax returns contain no Schedule Es relating to the Property and Mineau's 2018 tax returns are

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not yet completed. Commissioner Ayres agreed that the portions of Mineau's Schedule Es that are 2 | not related to the Property are not discoverable and recommended that Defendants serve Kvam with an amended response to Category No. 8, under oath, in which Mineau (a) clarifies that no information set forth his its 2017 Schedule E filings reflects, directly or indirectly, any business activities involving the Property, and (b) confirms that his 2018 Schedule E form has not yet been completed and filed. Recommendation pp. 12-13. This recommendation should be confirmed.

In his Objection concerning Request No. 8, Kvam argues that Mineau's Schedule E is necessary because Legion and Mineau have produced "phony financial statements" which show a 9||\$20,000 investment by Legion but does not show a corresponding entry for the sale proceeds<sup>2</sup> in 10|| November 2018, and that Kvam "is entitled to know whether Mineau reported the proceeds of sale on his Schedule E." Objection p. 6. While Legion and Mineau adamantly dispute that the financial information they have provided is "phony," or that Kvam is entitled to any aspect of Mineau's Schedule E that does not makes reference to the Property, the fact remains that Mineau has not yet completed and filed a 2018 Schedule E. Providing a response under oath that the documents sought either do not exist or do not contain relevant information is proper substitute for providing irrelevant. private documents.

For these reasons, Commissioners Ayres' Recommendation concerning Kvam's Request No. 8 is well-supported by applicable and persuasive law, is well-reasoned, and should be confirmed.

### D. Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation Concerning Request No. 9 Should Be Confirmed.

Kvam's Request No. 9 seeks "all meeting minutes for Legion Investments, LLC." Legion and Mineau objected to this request in that it seeks irrelevant, confidential information concerning Legion's internal business affairs which have no bearing on this litigation. Again, Legion and Mineau explained there are no meeting minutes which mention Kvam or the Property. Commissioner Ayres agreed that any of Legion's meeting minutes that are not related to the Property are not discoverable and recommended that Defendants serve Kvam with an amended response to Category No. 9, under oath, in which they clarify that Legion's meeting minutes do not mention (a) the Agreement, (b) the Property, (c) the project pertaining to the Property, (d) any resolutions that pertain to that project, (e)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Notably, those proceeds have been deposited with this Court.

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Plaintiff, (f) Plaintiff's claims in this action, or (g) any agreement with Criterion that mentions the Property. Recommendation pp. 14-15. This recommendation should be confirmed.

In his Objection concerning Request No. 9, Kvam simply states that, "There is no protection for meeting minutes, particularly when Kvam is a member of Legion." Objection p. 6. As explained above, Kvam is not entitled to exercise any rights as a member of a limited liability company under NRS Chapter 87 unless and until Kvam establishes that he is, in fact, a member of that company. Kvam has not established that he is a member of Legion. As such, Commissioner Ayres correctly concluded that Kvam is not entitled to assert the rights of a member by way of a motion to compel. The Recommendation should be confirmed in this regard.

### E. Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation Concerning Request No. 10 Should Be Confirmed.

Kvam's Request No. 10 seeks "all resolutions of the members and/or managers of Legion Investments, LLC." Legion and Mineau objected to this request because it seeks irrelevant, confidential information concerning Legion's internal business affairs which have no bearing on this litigation. Again, Legion and Mineau explained that there are no resolutions for Legion which 16|| mention Kvam or the Property. Commissioner Ayres agreed that any of Legion's resolutions that are not related to the Property are not discoverable and recommended that Defendants serve Kvam with an amended response to Category No. 10, under oath, in which they clarify that Legion's resolutions do not mention (a) the Agreement, (b) the Property, (c) the project pertaining to the Property, (d) any resolutions that pertain to that project, (e) Plaintiff's claims in this action, or (g) any agreement with Criterion that mentions the Property. Recommendation pp. 15-16. This recommendation should be confirmed.

In his Objection concerning Request No. 10, Kvam refers to his arguments with respect to Request No. 9. Legion and Mineau's responses to those arguments are stated above.

Kvam also identifies a resolution which Kvam argues was provided to escrow and argues that, in light of this resolution, "Legion's claim that it does not have any Resolutions pertaining to the Property is patently false." Objection at Ex. 3. However, the resolution attached to the Objection at Exhibit 3 makes no reference to the Agreement, the Property, the project pertaining to the Property,

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28 GUNDERSON LAW FIRM the project, Kvam, Kvam's claims in this action, or any agreement with Criterion that mentions the Property. <u>Id.</u> Indeed, the resolution was signed in 2014, three years before the facts of this dispute first arose. <u>See First Amended Verified Complaint</u> ¶ 8. This resolution neither establishes that Legion's response is "patently false" nor justifies any deviation from Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation.

For these reasons, Commissioners Ayres' Recommendation concerning Kvam's Request No. 10 is well-supported by applicable and persuasive law, is well-reasoned, and should be confirmed.

### F. Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation Concerning Request No. 12 Should Be Confirmed.

Kvam's Request No. 12 seeks "all income and expense statements, and/or profit and loss statements for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." Legion and Mineau objected to this request because Legion's financial records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Legion and Mineau explained that they were only producing financial statements concerning the Property, for the reasons explained at length above, and that these documents were developed solely for this response in an effort to move this dispute toward resolution. Commissioner Ayres agreed that the portions of Legion's financial records which are not related to the Property are not discoverable and recommended that Defendants serve Kvam with an amended response to Category No. 12, under oath, in which they unequivocally state whether Legion does or does not possess any income and expense statements, or profit and loss statements (whatever their formal title). Recommendation pp. 18-19. This recommendation should be confirmed.

Whether Kvam objects to Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation concerning Kvam's Request No. 12 is unclear. Kvam initially reserves comment "pending additional responses," but goes on to argue that Exhibits 1 and 2 to his Objection demonstrate why Kvam needs more discovery on accounting issues. Objection p. 7. Legion and Mineau do not generally object to Kvam conducting discovery concerning accounting issues related to the Property. However, providing a response under oath that the documents sought do not exist is a proper response to a request for production of documents, regardless of whether Kvam needs to continue discovery into such issues.

 For these reasons, Commissioners Ayres' Recommendation concerning Kvam's Request No. 12 is well-supported by applicable and persuasive law, is well-reasoned, and should be confirmed.

### G. Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation Concerning Request No. 13 Should Be Confirmed.

Kvam's Request No. 13, as amended, seeks "all bank statements of Legion Investments, LLC accounts" since January 1, 2017. Legion and Mineau objected to this request because Legion's financial and tax records are confidential and have no bearing on this litigation. Legion and Mineau explained that no funds pertaining to this project were ever held in Legion's bank accounts, so Legion's bank statements are irrelevant. Commissioner Ayres agreed that the portions of Legion's financial records which are not related to the Property are not discoverable and recommended that Defendants serve Kvam with an amended response to Category No. 13 in which they state that (1) no deposit or transfer of funds into a Legion bank account concerned funds, or a portion of funds, that were provided by any person or entity for any aspect of the Property or project; (2) no deposit or transfer of funds into a Legion bank account concerned funds, or a portion of funds, realized from the Property or project, whether through a sale of the property or otherwise; and (3) no withdrawal, debit, or transfer of funds from a Legion bank account concerned any expense, in whole or in part, for the Property or project. Recommendation pp. 19-21. This recommendation should be confirmed.

In his Objection concerning Request No. 13, Kvam refers to his arguments with respect to Request No. 6. Legion and Mineau's responses to those arguments are stated above. For the reasons stated, Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation concerning Kvam's Request No. 13 is well-supported by applicable and persuasive law, is well-reasoned, and should be confirmed.

## H. Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation Concerning Request No. 20 Should Be Confirmed.

Kvam's Request No. 20 seeks "copies of all business or professional licenses ever held by Brian Mineau.". Legion and Mineau objected to this request in that it seeks irrelevant and confidential information because Mineau's business and professional licenses unrelated to the Property or this project have no bearing on this litigation. Nonetheless, Legion and Mineau produced the real estate license information Mineau has. Commissioner Ayres agreed and determined that Category No. 20 is "objectionably overbroad" because, under Nevada law, a party is entitled to obtain reasonable

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discovery pertaining to an opponent's background, but a request for information bearing no connection to the relevant acts or omissions is not permissible. Recommendation p. 21. Nonetheless, Commissioner Ayres recommended that Defendants produce a copy of the actual real estate license issued to Mineau that LEG0182 is supposed to reflect or, if Mineau does not have the actual license, to serve Kvam with an amended response to Category No. 20, under oath, in which they identify the issuing authority for the license they maintain is set forth in LEG0182. Recommendation p. 22. This recommendation should be confirmed.

Whether Kvam objects to Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation concerning Kvam's Request No. 20 is unclear. Kvam restates the arguments and then reserves comments pending additional responses. Objection p. 7. Accordingly, Commissioners Ayres' Recommendation concerning Kvam's Request No. 20 should be confirmed

#### IV. CONCLUSION

Kvam seeks irrelevant and confidential documents from Legion and Mineau, including tax records, financial records, and internal records, which have no bearing on this litigation. These documents which have nothing to do with Kvam, the Property, the project, or this dispute. Discovery Commissioner Ayres thoroughly analyzed the issues and recommended that the bulk of Kvam's 17|| Motion be denied and that Legion and Mineau supplement their responses, under oath, as necessary 18|| to establish that relevant documents do not exist. Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation was wellresearched, well-reasoned, and well-decided. This Court should affirm the Recommendation in its entirety.

#### <u>AFFIRMATION</u>

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document, RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTION TO REPORT OF COMMISSIONER, filed in the Second Judicial

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(775) 829-1222

District Court of the State of Nevada, County of Washoe, does not contain the social security number of any person.

DATED this  $\frac{25}{}$  day of April, 2019.

#### **GUNDERSON LAW FIRM**

By:

Austin K. Sweet, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 11725 Mark H. Gunderson, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 2134 3895 Warren Way

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Attorneys for Brian Mineau and Legion

Investments

GUNDERSON LAW FIRM
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3895 Warren Way

RENO, NEVADA 89509

(775) 829-1222

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of the law office of Gunderson Law Firm, and that on the day of April, 2019, I deposited for mailing in Reno, Nevada and electronically filed a true and correct copy of the RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTION TO REPORT OF COMMISSIONER, with the Clerk of the Court by using the electronic filing system which will send a notice of electronic filing to the following:

Michael Matuska, Esq. Matuska Law Offices, Ltd. 2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6 Carson City, Nevada 89701 Attorneys for Jay Kvam

Kelly Gunderson

GUNDERSON LAW FIRM
A PROFESSIONAL
LAW CORPORATION
3895 WARREN WAY
RENO, NEVADA 89509

(775) 829-1222

MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD. 2310 S. Carson Street, #6 Carson City NV 89701 (775) 330-7220 FILED
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Clerk of the Court
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Michael L. Matuska, Esq. SBN 5711 MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD. 2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6 Carson City, NV 89701

Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,

Attorneys for Plaintiff

THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF NEVADA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JAY KVAM,
Plaintiff,
v.

BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS,
LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated

Case No. CV18-00764

Dept. No. 3

Defendants.

### PLAINTIFF'S REPLY TO DEFENDANTS' RESPONSE TO OBJECTION TO REPORT OF COMMISSIONER

COMES NOW Plaintiff, JAY KVAM, by and through his counsel of record, Matuska Law Offices, Ltd., Michael L. Matuska, and hereby submits this Reply to the Defendants Brian Mineau and Legion Investments, LLC's Response to Plaintiff's Objection to Report of Commissioner (hereafter, Report, Objection and Response, accordingly).

### 1. Mineau's Response is Not Allowed

Mineau's Response is not authorized by SJDCR 24. That rule provides in pertinent part that "1. The Second Judicial District Court has approved automatic referral to the discovery master of all discovery proceedings pursuant to NRCP 16, 16.1 and 16.2" and that "6. A party shall have 10 days from service of written findings of fact and recommendations within which to

<sup>1</sup> Kvam incorrectly cited EJDCR 2.34(f) in his Objection, rather than SJDCR 24 and NRCP 16.1(d)(2). That distinction has no impact, as Kvam's Objection is authorized under SJDCR 24 and NRCP 16.1(d)(2) as well as EJDCR 2.34(f).

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file an objection." Mineau's so-called Response is not allowed under either SJDCR 24 or NRCP 16.1(d)(2), and Mineau's Response is unnecessary as it presents nothing new and merely repeats Mineau's belief that the Discovery Commissioner's Report should be affirmed.

Mineau cites NRCP 16.3(c)(2) as the authority for his Response. However, that subsection was added to NRCP 16.3 effective March 1, 2019, and does not govern this case which was filed on April 11, 2018. In addition, Mineau's Response was late even if authorized by NRCP 16.3(c)(2) which requires responding authorities to be filed within seven (7) days of the objection. Kvam's Objection was filed on April 16, 2019. Mineau's Response was therefore due on or before April 23, 2019. It was not filed until April 25th. It does not help Mineau to argue that he was computing time under the former version of the rules, because the former version of the rules, which are applicable to this case, do not allow his Response. If Mineau wants to take advantage of the new NRCP 16.3(c)(2) which allows a response, he must also be bound by the deadlines contained therein.

#### 2. Mineau's Response Contains Fraudulent Information

Mineau continues to present fraudulent information to this Court. The statement that "Legion invested \$20,000 in the project" (Response at 2:2-3) has been proven false in other briefs. Mineau's continued insistence on this point warrants Kvam's discovery efforts to determine whether and where Mineau ever reported this investment, including whether he reported it on his tax returns.

Mineau's assertion that there are no resolutions that mention Kvam or the property (Response at 8:12-13:7) is intentionally misleading and irrelevant. Kvam subpoenaed records from the escrow company that included a resolution signed by Mineau, even though the resolution does not specifically mention Kvam or the property. Kvam included this resolution as Exhibit "3" to his Objection. Kvam also needs to see if there are any resolutions that mention the \$20,000 wire transfer from Criterion, which Legion is still trying to claim credit for. Neither the Discovery Commissioner nor Mineau cited any legal authority for their claim of privilege for meeting minutes and resolutions, and no such privilege exists. This is especially true considering that Kvam is a member of Legion Investment, LLC based on the face of the Terms of Agreement, and

that Mineau continues to put Legion's finances at issue, particularly as they concern the alleged \$20,000 investment.

### 3. Mineau Inadvertently Explained the Need for the Additional Discovery

Mineau conceded the following point in his Response:

Legion and Mineau make no objection to providing any information concerning this dispute, but there is simply no reason for Kvam to request or obtain any documents from Legion or Mineau other than those documents relating or pertaining to Kvam, the Property, the project or this litigation. (Response at2:21-23).

With two important corrections, Mineau's statement is accurate. What he failed to address is the fact he did not keep separate accounts and records for the project that Kvam invested in. As such, the requested financial information about the project, including any record of whether Legion invested \$20,000, is mixed with Mineau's records. Mineau cannot claim privilege for personal records that include information about the project.

The first correction to Mineau's statement regarding the scope of discovery concerns other projects. Although Mineau underscores the fact that Kvam's project funds were sent directly to the contractor in Chicago, that same contractor was working on other projects for Mineau, Legion, Criterion, and possibly other of their cohorts, such that Kvam's funds for the project at 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois appear to have been comingled with funds from other projects. Mineau has not denied that the contractor was working on other projects at the same time, and he has been unable or unwilling to verify whether Kvam's project funds were actually spent on 7747 May Street, rather than these other projects. Additional discovery will likely be needed concerning all of the ongoing projects to determine where Kvam's funds were actually spent.

The second correction to Mineau's statement regarding the scope of discovery concerns his failure to address Kvam's right to conduct discovery for the case on punitive damages. That issue is adequately addressed in Kvam's First Motion to Compel and the recently filed Objection. The Discovery Commissioner did not properly apply the recent, controlling case of *Cain v. Price*, 134 Nev. Adv. Op. 26 (Nev. April 12, 2018).

Based on the foregoing, all of Kvam's requests pertain to "Kvam, the Property, the project, or this litigation." As such, there should be no further objections to the requested discovery and Kvam's First Motion to Compel should be granted.

### **AFFIRMATION**

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the proceeding document does not contain the social security number of any person.

Dated this 30th day of April 2019.

MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD.

Michael 2. Million

By:

MICHAEL L. MATUSKA, SBN 5711 Attorneys for Plaintiff, JAY KVAM, individually and derivatively on behalf of the unincorporated joint venture identified as 7747

# MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD. 2310 S. Carson Street, #6 Carson City NV 89701 (775) 350-7220

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Matuska Law Offices, Ltd. and that on the 30th day of April, 2019, I served a true and correct copy of the preceding document entitled PLAINTIFF'S REPLY TO DEFENDANTS' RESPONSE TO OBJECTION TO REPORT OF COMMISSIONER as follows:

Austin K. Sweet, Esq.
GUNDERSON LAW FIRM
3895 Warren Way
Reno, NV 89509
asweet@gundersonlaw.com

[X] BY CM/ECF: I electronically filed a true and correct copy of the above-identified document with the Clerk of the Court by using the electronic filing system which will send a notice of electronic filing to the person(s) named above.

[ X ] BY U.S. MAIL: I deposited for mailing in the United States mail, with postage fully prepaid, an envelope containing the above-identified document(s) at Carson City, Nevada, in the ordinary course of business.

Wesley M. Ayers
DISCOVERY COMMISSIONER
75 Court Street, Room 125
Reno, NV 89501

[ ] BY EMAIL: (as listed above)
[ ] BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I personally delivered the above-identified document(s)
by hand delivery to the office(s) of the person(s) named above.
[ ] BY FACSIMILE:
[ ] BY FEDERAL EXPRESS ONE-DAY DELIVERY:
[ ] BY MESSENGER SERVICE: I delivered the above-identified document(s) to Reno-
Carson Messenger Service for delivery.
/s/ SUZETTE TURLEY
SUZETTE TURLEY

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Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7273388

### IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JAY KVAM,

Case No.

CV18-00764

Plaintiff,

Dept. No.

vs.

BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,

Defendants.

### ORDER AFFIRMING MASTER'S RECOMMENDATION

Currently before the Court is a RECOMMENDATION FOR ORDER ("the Recommendation") filed by Discovery Commissioner Wesley Ayres ("Commissioner Ayres") on April 9, 2019. PLAINTIFF JAY KVAM ("Kvam") filed PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTION TO REPORT OF COMMISSIONER ("the Objection") on April 16, 2019. DEFENDANTS BRIAN MINEAU and LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC ("Defendants") filed a RESPONSE to the Objection on April 25, 2019. On April 30, 2019 Kvam filed a REPLY to Defendants' Response. The matter was submitted for the Court's consideration the same day.

The subject of the Recommendation is Kvam's FIRST MOTION TO COMPEL ("the Motion"), filed March 15, 2019. In the Recommendation, Commissioner Ayres granted in part and denied in part the Motion. While the Motion sought an order compelling Defendants to provide responses to Kvam's Requests for Production of Documents 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 20, Kvam only objects to Commissioner Ayres' Recommendations for document numbers 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, and 20.

### Request No. 6

Request no. 6 required Defendants to "[p]roduce all tax returns for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." Mot. 8. Commissioner Ayres determined that Kvam "has not provided evidence sufficient to support an order compelling Defendant Legion to produce its tax returns for 2017 and 2018," noting that Kvam would only properly be entitled to Legion's tax return information dealing with the property at issue, and that, in order to obtain tax returns for the purposes of determining appropriate punitive damages, Kvam must provide evidence establishing a factual basis for a punitive damage claim and, additionally, "must demonstrate that the information he seeks is otherwise unobtainable." Recommendation 6-7. Commissioner Ayres also concluded that Kvam's NRS 87.4335 argument was unavailing, as the matter of whether or not a partnership was formed for the purposes of the provision is a central factual and legal question to be determined in this case.

Kvam objects to Commissioner Ayres' reasoning primarily on the basis that it lacks legal authority, and that it accepts at face value Defendants' "self-serving statement of what is or is not contained in the documents." Objection 4. Furthermore, Kvam contends that Commissioner Ayres misapplied the controlling case, *Cain v. Price*, 134 Nev. Adv. Op. 26, 415 P.3d 25 (2018), with regard to his punitive damages argument. As to his partnership argument, Kvam makes an appeal to

the absurd, stating that "the Recommendation suggests that Kvam has to prove his case before he is allowed discovery." Objection 5.

Defendants respond by noting that only transactions related to the property in question would be relevant, and that Legion's 2017 tax return reflected no such transactions, while its 2018 tax return was not yet completed. Defendants also express agreement with Commissioner Ayres that a motion to compel is not the proper vehicle by which to decide a central disputed issue in the case, i.e., the partnership status of Kvam in relation to Legion.

The Court finds Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation for Request no. 6 reasonable. Commissioner Ayres concluded that Kvam "has not shown that Defendant Legion's business activities have been limited exclusively to the Property." Recommentation 6. Kvam argues that such a showing is not necessary. But Commissioner Ayres' suggestion is based on Kvam's attempt to obtain all of Legion's tax information, only a portion—that dealing with the property—of which might actually be relevant. Defendants represent that there are no transactions related to the property reflected in the 2017 tax return, which renders the remaining information contained therein irrelevant absent some legitimate additional need for Kvam to review it. That additional need is, presumably, for the purposes of deciding punitive damages. However, Commissioner Ayres concluded that Kvam had not met "the threshold factual showing needed to allow discovery of tax returns in connection with a claim for punitive damages," and that even if he had, he would still be required to show that the information was not otherwise obtainable. Recommendation 7. Finally, the Court agrees with Commissioner Ayres that Kvam's status in relation to Legion remains a disputed issue central to the factual and legal resolution of this case. To grant Kvam access to Legion's tax returns based on NRS 87.4335 would be to assume the conclusion. The Court does not find Commissioner Ayres' decision an abuse of discretion, and as such the recommendation is hereby

affirmed.

Request No. 7

Request no. 7 required Defendants to "[p]roduce all schedule K-1s for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." Mot. 10. As Commissioner Ayres noted, the parties in briefing the Motion agreed that the arguments over the discoverability of these documents mirror those concerning the tax returns.

In briefing the Objection, the parties appear again to agree to the homogeneity of the arguments. Kvam adds merely that "[p]roviding a response, under oath, is not a substitute for providing documents." Defendants make the opposite argument in their Response.

The analysis from Request no. 6 to no. 7 remains unchanged. The Court finds Commissioner Ayres' conclusion reasonable and it will be, therefore, affirmed.

### Request No. 8

Request no. 8 required Defendants to "[p]roduce all of Brian Mineau's Schedule Es relating to Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." Mot. 10. To the extent that Plaintiff argues that these documents are needed for the same reasons as the documents in request no. 6, the analysis again remains the same. Commissioner Ayres addressed three additional arguments with regard to this Request. First, Kvam suggests these documents might clear up some confusion related to Defendants' other responses. Commissioner Ayres rejected this argument as "too indefinite" because "no information is provided regarding those other responses." Recommendation 13. Next, Kvam seeks the documents because they would presumably contain information about any income Mineau received from Criterion. Commissioner Ayres found this irrelevant because such income is not at issue in this case, and because Kvam did not show that the documents were otherwise unobtainable (e.g., from Criterion). Finally, Kvam asserts that these documents are relevant to his

 alter-ego allegations against Defendants. However, Commission Ayres did not feel Kvam had presented facts sufficient "to support an order compelling the production…in connection with any alter-ego claims." *Id.* 

Kvam's Objection asserts that the financial information Defendants have thus far provided is "phony," and that the sale proceeds of the property, sold in November of 2018, should be reflected in the Schedule Es. Defendants remind the Court that Mineau has not yet completed and filed a Schedule E for 2018, and therefore the information Kvam seeks does not yet exist.

The Court finds Commissioner Ayres' reasoning persuasive. Kvam's request for Schedule Es for the sake of resolving ambiguities cannot properly be considered without some indication of what exactly is in need of clarification. Furthermore, Commissioner Ayres is correct in concluding that any income received by Mineau from Criterion is beyond the scope of this litigation. Even where Kvam's factual allegations are true, "they do not require Plaintiff to obtain information about income paid by Criterion to Defendant Mineau." *Id.* Commissioner Ayres *did* require Defendants to serve an amended response to the Request clarifying that none of the relevant information would be reflected in Mineau's 2017 Schedule E, and confirming that Mineau's 2018 Schedule E had not yet been completed and filed. The Court affirms the Recommendation as reasonable.

### Request No. 9

Request no. 9 requires Defendants to "[p]roduce all meeting minutes for Legion Investments, LLC." Mot. 11. Commissioner Ayres first notes that Kvam's primary argument for compelling this information is that he is a member of Legion. This argument has, of course, already been disposed of in relation to Request no. 6 and the subsequent requests that were also in part based on this premise. Commissioner Ayres further explains that Defendants have represented to the Court that there are no meeting minutes which mention either Kvam or the property such that

they would become relevant to the instant litigation. Kvam's contention that he does not have to rely on Defendants' or their counsel's representations was also rejected by Commissioner Ayres "[a]bsent a showing that the responding party's discovery representations have been false or inaccurate." Recommendation 15. Commissioner Ayres did, however, require Defendants to provide a more definitive statement for the lack of relevant information in the minutes. *See Id.* 

Kvam makes no additional argument in his Objection, stating merely, "[t]here is no protection for meeting minutes, particularly when Kvam is a member of Legion." Objection 6.

Again, this argument has already been disposed of. The Court finds, therefore, no basis upon which to reject Commissioner Ayres' findings. The Recommendation will, therefore, be affirmed.

### Request No. 10

Request no. 10 requires Defendants to "[p]roduce all resolutions of the members and/or managers of Legion Investments, LLC." Mot. 13. As noted by Commissioner Ayres, the parties in briefing the Motion agreed that the arguments over the discoverability of these documents mirror those concerning the minutes in Request no. 9. The analysis, therefore, remains the same.

Commissioner Ayres did require Defendants to serve a clarifying response under oath. See id. at 16. The Court affirms this Recommendation.

### Request No. 12

Request no. 12 required Defendants to [p]roduce all income and expense statements, and/or profit and loss statements for Legion Investments, LLC, since its creation on July 2, 2014." Mot. 15. With regard to this request, Commissioner Ayres observed, "Plaintiff has not demonstrated how any information about Defendant Legion's income and expenses (or profits and losses) from its other properties, or other business operations unrelated to project involving the Property, would have any bearing on the claims or defenses asserted." Recommendation 19. Commissioner Ayres also

required an amended and clarifying response to this request from Defendants.

Kvam's objection to this Recommendation is unclear. He notes, as he has elsewhere in the Objection, "[c]omments reserved pending additional responses." Objection 7. In any event, the Court finds Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation reasonable and it is therefore affirmed.

### Request No. 13

Kvam appears to object to the Recommendation regarding Request no. 13 by merely referencing his arguments with regard to Request no. 6. Because the Court has already adopted Commissioner Ayres' Recommendation for Request no. 6, it will do so here, as well, on the same bases.

### Request No. 20

Request no. 20 requires Defendants to "[p]roduce copies of all business or professional licenses ever held by Brian Mineau." Mot. 16. Commissioner Ayres rightly referred to this request as "objectionably overbroad." Recommendation 21. However, Kvam concedes that the analysis here is mostly unnecessary because Defendants are no longer objecting to this request and have been ordered to amend the response to "identify the issuing authority for the license they maintain." Recommendation 22. As such, the Court affirms this Recommendation.

#### Attorney's Fees

Finally, Kvam argues that to the extent that his Motion was granted, he should be awarded attorney's fees. Commissioner Ayres Recommended that each side bear their own expenses, and the Court finds this reasonable and consistent with the outcome envisioned by NRCP 37(a)(5)(c), which provides, "If the Motion Is Granted in Part and Denied in Part. If the motion is granted in part and denied in part, the court...may, after giving an opportunity to be heard, apportion the reasonable expenses for the motion." The Court finds no compelling reason, and Kvam has offered none, to

apportion the expenses in any manner other than each party bearing its own costs. Therefore, the Recommendation is affirmed.

Accordingly, and good cause appearing,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Recommendation for Order filed April 9, 2019, is AFFIRMED in its entirety.

Dated this 15th day of May, 2019.

JEROME M. POLAHA DISTRICT JUDGE

	· ·
1	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
	I certify that I am an employee of the SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT of
2	the STATE OF NEVADA, COUNTY OF WASHOE; that on the day of December,
3	201 <b>%</b> I did the following:
4	□Electronically filed with the Clerk of the Court, using the eFlex system which
5	constitutes effective service for all eFiled documents pursuant to the eFile User
6	Agreement:
7	MARK HARLAN GUNDERSON, ESQ. for BRIAN MINEAU, LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC
9	AUSTIN K. SWEET, ESQ. for BRIAN MINEAU, LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC
LO	MICHAEL L. MATUSKA, ESQ. for JAY KVAM
11	☐Transmitted document to the Second Judicial District Court mailing system in a
12	sealed envelope for postage and mailing by Washoe County using the United States
L3	Postal Service in Reno, Nevada:
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**CODE 3242** 

### IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JAY KVAM.

VS.

Case No. CV18-00764

Dept. No. 6

Plaintiff,

BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION

INVESTMENTS, LLC; et al.,

Defendants.

### ORDER ACCEPTING CASE REASSIGNMENT

Pursuant to Administrative Order 2019-06 entered June 3, 2019, The Honorable Jerome Polaha, Presiding Judge in Department 3 of this Court, was assigned to preside over the Second Judicial District Court's Specialty Courts Program. *Administrative Order* 2019-06 ("AO") ¶ 2. The AO provides Court Administration shall randomly reassign to Departments 1, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 15 all existing criminal and civil matters currently assigned to Department 3. AO ¶ 3.1

The AO further provides, effective June 3, 2019, no criminal or civil case types shall be assigned to Department 3, with the exception of cases assigned to the Specialty Courts Program. AO, p. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Administrative Order 2019-06, including the full list of case reassignments, may be viewed on the Second Judicial District Court's website: <a href="https://www.washoecourts.com/Main/AdminOrder">https://www.washoecourts.com/Main/AdminOrder</a>.

The above-captioned case has been reassigned to Department 6.

Good cause appearing therefor,

### IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

- Department 6 of the Second Judicial District Court accepts the reassignment and transfer of this case.
- 2. Counsel are directed to contact Judicial Assistant Heidi Boe at (775) 328-3176 to confirm the dates of all hearing and trial dates set.

Dated this  $\frac{\sqrt{N}}{N}$  day of June, 2019.

DISTRICT JUDGE

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I certify that I am an employee of THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT; day of June, 2019, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court system which will send a notice of electronic filing to the following: MICHAEL MATUSKA, ESQ. MARK GUNDERSON, ESQ. AUSTIN SWEET, ESQ. And, I deposited in the County mailing system for postage and mailing with the United States Postal Service in Reno, Nevada, a true and correct copy of the attached document addressed as follows tridi Bre 

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**GUNDERSON LAW FIRM** Austin K. Sweet, Esq.

Nevada State Bar No. 11725

Mark H. Gunderson, Esq.

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3895 Warren Way

Reno, Nevada 89509

Telephone: 775.829.1222

Attorneys for Brian Mineau and Legion Investments

### IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JAY KVAM,

Case No. CV18-00764

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Plaintiff / Counterdefendant,

Dept. No. 6

VS.

BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated

Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,

Defendants / Counterclaimants.

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# NOTICE OF TRIAL AND PRETRIAL CONFERENCE

TO: All parties of interest and their counsel of record.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above-referenced action has been set for trial scheduled on March 2, 2020, at 9:00 a.m. in Department Number 6 of the Second Judicial District Court for the State of Nevada. The trial is set for five (5) days. A true and correct copy of the Application for

Setting is attached and incorporated by reference as Exhibit "1."

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above-referenced action has been set for a Pretrial Conference to commence on January 14, 2020, at 9:30 a.m., in Department Number 6 of the Second Judicial District Court for the State of Nevada. Attendance by counsel and all parties is 26 required. The Application for Setting is attached hereto as Exhibit "1."

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GUNDERSON LAW FIRM

A PROFESSIONAL LAW CORPORATION 3895 Warren Way RENO NEVADA 89509 (775) 829-1222

### **AFFIRMATION**

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document, NOTICE OF TRIAL AND PRETRIAL CONFERENCE, filed in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, County of Washoe, does not contain the social security number of any person.

DATED this 2 day of June, 2019.

**GUNDERSON LAW FIRM** 

By:

Austin K. Sweet, Esq.

Nevada State Bar No. 11725

Mark H. Gunderson, Esq.

Nevada State Bar No. 2134

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Reno, Nevada 89509

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Attorneys for Brian Mineau and Legion

Investments

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GUNDERSON LAW FIRM A PROFESSIONAL LAW CORPORATION 3895 Warren Way RENO, NEVADA 89509 (775) 829-1222

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of the law office of Gunderson Law Firm, and that on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of June, 2019, I electronically filed a true and correct copy of the **NOTICE OF TRIAL AND PRETRIAL CONFERENCE**, with the Clerk of the Court by using the electronic filing system which will send a notice of electronic filing to the following:

Michael Matuska, Esq. Matuska Law Offices, Ltd. 2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6 Carson City, Nevada 89701 Attorneys for Jay Kvam

Kelly Gunderson

# **EXHIBIT LIST**

Exhibit #	Description	Pages
Exhibit "1"	Application for Setting	1

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Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7317646: yviloria

# Exhibit "1"

Exhibit "1"

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Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7314833

	Clerk of the Transaction #				
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6	IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA				
7	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE				
8	JAY KVAM,				
9	Plaintiff,				
10	vs. Case No. <u>CV18-00764</u>				
11	BRIAN MINEAU, et al., Dept. No. 6				
12	Defendant. /				
13	APPLICATION FOR SETTING				
14	APPLICATION FOR SETTING  TYPE OF ACTION: Contract and Fraud				
15	MATTER TO BE HEARD: Trial Setting Date of Application : June 5, 2019 Made by: Michael L. Matuska, Esq.				
16	Plaintiff or Defendant COUNSEL FOR PLAINTIFF: Michael L. Matuska, Esq.				
17   18	COUNSEL FOR DEFENDANT: Austin K. Sweet, Esq				
19	Instructions: Check the appropriate box, Indicate who id requesting the jury, Estimated No. Of Jurors:				
20	Jury Demanded by (Name): Austin K. Sweet				
21	No Jury Demanded by (Name):				
22	Estimated Duration of Trial; 5 days				
23					
24	set by phone set by phone				
25	Attorney(s) for Plaintiff Attorney(s) for Defendant				
26	1. PTC 9360 14th January 2020				
27	Matter No. Setting at on the day of Maich 2020				
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**CODE NO. 3696** 

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Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7317747

Case No. CV18-00764

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JAY KVAM.

m+iff

Plaintiff, vs.

Dept. No. 6

BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC.; et al.,

Defendants.

### SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM PRETRIAL ORDER

The procedures described in this Pretrial Order are designed to secure a just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of this case. If any party believes any procedure required in this order will not achieve these ends, that party should seek an immediate conference among all parties and the Court so an alternative order may be discussed.

Otherwise, failure of any party to comply with the provisions of this order may result in the imposition of sanctions, which may include, but are not limited to, dismissal of the action or entry of default. All references to "counsel" include self-represented litigants.

## I. TRIAL SETTING

Unless the parties have already done so, counsel for the parties shall set trial no later than twenty (20) days after entry of this order. Please contact Heidi Boe, the Department Six Judicial Assistant at 775-328-3176 to schedule a setting appointment. Plaintiff's counsel

shall prepare the Application for Setting form. The sections regarding juries only apply if a jury trial is requested.

#### II. PRETRIAL CONFERENCES

- A. Early Pretrial and Scheduling Conference. No later than 20 days after entry of this order and simultaneously with the trial setting appointment if the trial has not already been set, counsel for the parties shall set a pretrial scheduling conference, to be held within 60 days.
- 1. <u>Purpose.</u> The pretrial scheduling conference provides the parties with an opportunity to meet directly with the Court in an effort to facilitate the purposes identified at NRCP 16(a), present suggestions regarding the matters identified at NRCP 16(c), and address disputes or problems arising out of the early case conference.
- 2. Required Attendance. Lead trial counsel for all parties, as well as all unrepresented parties, must attend the pretrial scheduling conference.
- vacate the pretrial scheduling conference and the Court will order the same if the Court is provided with a written stipulation stating the agreement of <u>all</u> parties that an early pretrial scheduling conference is not warranted, <u>and</u> including a stipulated scheduling order for entry in this case. The stipulated scheduling order must specify deadlines, using calendar dates, that comply with the provisions of NRCP 16.1(a) and (c) for:
  - filing motions to amend the pleadings or to add parties;
  - b. making initial expert disclosures;
  - c. making rebuttal expert disclosures;

- d. completing discovery proceedings; and
- e. filing dispositive motions.

The stipulated scheduling order also must specify a calendar date by which all pretrial motions, including dispositive motions and motions limiting or excluding an expert's testimony, must be <u>submitted</u> for decision, said submission date must be no later than 30 calendar days before trial.

- B. **Interim Pretrial Conference**. This Court is available to meet with the parties whenever the parties agree a meeting would be beneficial. This Court may also order one or more pretrial conferences sua sponte or upon motion by any party.
- C. **Final Pretrial Conference**. At the same time trial is scheduled, the parties must also schedule the date for a final pretrial conference, to be held no later than 30 days<sup>1</sup> prior to trial.
- Purpose. The conference is intended to develop a plan for trial, including, a protocol for facilitating the admission of evidence and to address any trialrelated disputes, needs, or requests.
  - 2. Required Attendance. This conference must be attended by:
    - (a) the attorneys who will try the case (the parties, which includes an authorized representative of any party that is an entity, may be required to attend); and
    - (b) any unrepresented parties.
- 3. <u>Use of Equipment at Trial</u>. At the final pretrial conference, counsel must advise the Court fully with respect to the following matters:

<sup>1</sup> See WDCR 6

- (a) the equipment to be used during trial, including any request to use the Court's equipment;
- (b) the presentation software to be used during trial, and whether each party is able to receive and use digital files of presentation materials prepared by another;
- (c) any expected use of videoconferencing; and
- (d) the reliability and positioning for any equipment to be brought to the courtroom.
- D. **Personal Appearance Required at all conferences.** Counsel's personal appearance is required at all conferences, except upon prior approval of the Court.

#### III. DISCOVERY

- A. Consultation Before Discovery Motion Practice. Prior to filing any discovery motion, the attorney for the moving party must consult with opposing counsel about the disputed issues. Counsel for each side must present to the other the merits of their respective positions with the same candor, specificity, and supporting material as would be used in connection with a discovery motion. The parties are reminded that the Discovery Commissioner is available to address some disputes telephonically.
- B. **Discovery Hearings.** Discovery motions typically are resolved without the need for oral argument. However, if both sides desire a dispute resolution conference pursuant to NRCP 16.I(d), counsel must contact the Discovery Commissioner's office, at (775) 328-3293, to obtain a convenient date and time for the conference. If the parties cannot agree upon the need for a conference, the party seeking the conference must file and submit a motion in that regard.

- C. Effect of Trial Continuance. A continuance of trial does <u>not</u> extend the deadline for completing discovery. A request for an extension of the discovery deadline, if needed, must be made separately or included as part of any motion for continuance of trial. The parties may include an agreement to extend discovery in a stipulation to continue trial presented for court order.
- D. **Computer Animations.** If any party intends to offer a computer-generated animation either as an evidentiary exhibit or an illustrative aid, that party must disclose that intention when expert disclosures are made pursuant to NRCP 16.1(a)(2). A copy of the animation must be furnished to all other parties and the Court no later than thirty days prior to trial. Disclosure of the animation includes copies of the underlying digital files as well as the competed animation.

#### IV. <u>SETTLEMENT AND ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION</u>

- A. **Notice of Settlement.** In the event that this case is settled prior to trial, the parties must promptly notify Judicial Assistant Heidi Boe.
- B. **Settlement Conference or Alternative Dispute Resolution.** This Court may order, upon a party's request or sua sponte, that the parties and their attorneys (1) meet in person with another judge and attempt to settle the case, or (2) participate in mediation or some other appropriate form of alternative dispute resolution in an effort to resolve this case prior to trial.

## V. TRIAL-RELATED PROCEDURES

A. **Motions in Limine.** All motions in limine, except motions in limine to exclude an expert's testimony, must be <u>submitted for decision</u> no later than fifteen 15 calendar days before trial.

B. **All Other Motions.** All motions, except motions in limine as defined above, must be <u>submitted for decision</u> no later than thirty (30) calendar days before trial.

- C. **Exhibits.** Trial counsel for the parties shall contact the Courtroom Clerk, Jenny Martin, no later than ten (10) judicial days before trial, to arrange a date and time to mark trial exhibits. In no event shall the marking of exhibits take place later than the Monday before trial, without leave of the Court.
- 1. Marking and Objections. All exhibits shall be marked in one numbered series (Exhibit 1, 2, 3, etc.) and placed in one or more binders provided by counsel, unless the Court permits a different procedure. When marking the exhibits with the clerk, counsel shall advise the clerk of all exhibits which may be admitted without objection, and those that may be admissible subject to objections. Any exhibits not timely submitted to opposing counsel and he clerk may not be offered or referenced during the trial, without leave of the Court.
- 2. <u>Copies</u>. Counsel must cooperate to insure that the official exhibits and two identical sets of exhibits are provided to the Court.
- 3. <u>Custody of Exhibits</u>. After marking trial exhibits by the clerk, the exhibits will remain in the custody of the clerk, until an order is issued directing the disposition or return to counsel.
- 4. <u>Demonstrative Exhibits</u>. Any exhibits not timely submitted to opposing counsel and the clerk in full compliance with these procedures will not be marked by the clerk, and may not be offered or referenced during the trial.
- D. **Trial Statements.** Trial Statements must conform to WDCR 5. Trial Statements must be filed and served no later than 5:00 p.m. five (5) calendar days before

trial, unless otherwise ordered by the Court. They may be served upon other parties by e-filling, personal delivery, fax, or email.

- E. **Jury Instructions and Verdict Forms.** All proposed jury instructions and verdict forms must be submitted to the Court no later than five (5) calendar days prior to trial, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.<sup>2</sup>
- 1. <u>Format</u>. All original jury instructions must be accompanied by a <u>separate</u> copy of each instruction containing a citation to the form instruction or to the authority supporting that instruction. All modifications made to instructions taken from statutory authority must be separately underscored on the citation page.
- 2. <u>Exchange</u>. The parties must exchange all proposed jury instructions and verdict forms no later than seven judicial days before trial, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.
- 3. Agreement and Submission. The parties must confer regarding the proposed jury instructions and verdict forms before they are submitted to the Court and shall use their best efforts to stipulate to uncontested instructions. All undisputed instructions and verdict forms must be submitted jointly to the Court; the parties must separately submit any disputed instructions and verdict forms.
- 4. <u>Disputes and Additional Instructions</u>. After commencement of the trial, the Court will meet with counsel to determine the jury instructions and verdict forms that will be used. At that time, the Court will resolve all disputes over instructions and verdict forms, and consider any additional instructions which could not reasonably have been foreseen prior to trial.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See WDCR 7(8)

F. Juror Notes and Questions. Jurors will be permitted to take notes during trial. Jurors will be permitted to submit questions in writing during trial; however, juror questions will be asked only after the questions are reviewed by counsel and approved by the Court.

- G. Use of Electronically Recorded Depositions. No depositions recorded by other than stenographic means may be edited until the Court rules on objections. If such a recording is to be used at trial, it must be edited to eliminate cumulative testimony and to present only those matters that are relevant and material.
- H. **Evidentiary Rulings.** Every witness that counsel intends to call at trial must be informed by counsel about any rulings that restrict or limit testimony or evidence (e.g., rulings on motions in limine) to inform them that they may not offer or mention any evidence that is subject to that ruling.
- Examination Limits. Absent extraordinary circumstances, counsel will be given the opportunity for one re-direct and one re-cross examination.

### VI. MISCELLANEOUS

A. <u>Civility.</u> The use of language which characterizes the conduct, arguments or ethics of another is to be avoided unless relevant to a motion or proceeding before the Court. In the appropriate case, the Court will upon motion or <u>sua sponte</u>, consider sanctions, including monetary penalties and/or striking the pleading or document in which such improprieties appear, and may order any other suitable measure the Court deems to be justified. This section of this Order includes, but is not limited to, written material exchanged between counsel, briefs or other written materials submitted to the Court, and conduct at depositions, hearings, trial or meetings with the Court.

- B. Communication with Department. In addition to communication by telephone, letter, or facsimile, counsel may communicate with Department 6 by e-mailing the Judicial Assistant Heidi Boe at: <a href="mailto:heidi.boe@washoecourts.us">heidi.boe@washoecourts.us</a>, or the Court Clerk, Jenny Martin at <a href="mailto:jenny.martin@washoecourts.us">jenny.martin@washoecourts.us</a>. All written communications must be copied to all opposing counsel and self-represented litigants.
- C. Page Limits. All pleadings including accompanying legal memoranda submitted in support of any motion may not exceed 20 pages in length; opposition pleadings may not exceed 20 pages in length; and reply pleadings may not exceed 10 pages in length. These limitations are exclusive of exhibits. A party may file a pleading that exceeds these limits by five pages, so long as it is filed with a certification of counsel that good cause existed to exceed the standard page limits and the reasons therefore. Briefs in excess of five pages over these limits may only be filed with prior leave of the Court, upon a showing of good cause.
- D. Request for Accommodation. Counsel must notify the Court no later than thirty (30) days before trial of any reasonable accommodation needed because of a disability, or immediately upon learning of the need if not known in advance.
- E. **Etiquette and Decorum.** Counsel must at all times adhere to professional standards of courtroom etiquette and decorum, including but not limited to the following:
  - 1. Counsel may not use speaking objections;
  - 2. Counsel must stand when speaking;
  - Counsel may not address each other during their respective arguments;

- 4. Counsel must be punctual; and
- 5. Counsel must be prepared.

## IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 124 day of June, 2019.

DISTRICT JUDGE

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

-	
2	I certify that I am an employee of THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT;
3	that on theday of June, 2019, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of
4	the Court system which will send a notice of electronic filing to the following:
5	
6	MICHAEL MATUSKA, ESQ.
7	AUSTIN SWEET, ESQ.
8	MARK GUNDERSON, ESQ.
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14	And, I deposited in the County mailing system for postage and mailing with the
15	United States Postal Service in Reno, Nevada, a true and correct copy of the attached
16	document addressed as follows
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18	<u>Hudi Pore</u>
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Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7330147 : csulezic

CODE: 2490
Michael L. Matuska, Esq. SBN 5711
MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD.
2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6
Carson City, NV 89701
Attorneys for Plaintiff

# THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JAY KVAM,

Plaintiff,
v.

BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS,
LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated
Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,

Defendants.

## MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

COMES NOW Plaintiff, JAY KVAM, by and through his counsel of record, Matuska Law Offices, Ltd., Michael L. Matuska, and hereby moves pursuant to NRCP 15(a) to file a Second Amended Complaint to add claims of conversion and violation of Nevada's racketeering act, NRS 207.350 et seq., against Brian Mineau and Legion due to their diversion of funds and other predicate acts.

This motion is made and based on the points and authorities attached hereto, the proposed Second Amended Complaint submitted herewith, and all other pleadings, exhibits and documents of record.

Dated this 19th day of June, 2019.

MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD.

Michael 2. Milton

By:

MICHAEL L. MATUSKA, SBN 5711 Attorneys for Plaintiff, JAY KVAM, individually and derivatively on behalf of the unincorporated joint venture identified as 7747

#### POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF

#### MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

On or about February 14, 2017, the Plaintiff Jay Kvam ("Kvam") entered into an agreement (the "Agreement") with Defendants Brian Mineau ("Mineau") and Legion Investments, LLC ("Legion") concerning property located at 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois (the "Property") as follows:

Terms of Agreement between Legion Investments LLC (its Members) and Jay Kvam (Initial Funding Member of Same)

Re: 7747 May Street, Chicago, Illinois.

With Regards to acquisition of the aforementioned property, it is understood that the membership of Legion Investments LLC for this acquisition is Brian Mineau, Jay Kvam and Michael Spinola. All parties are entitled to 33.33% of net profit, after all expenses are accounted for, to include interest due on funds dispersed. Initial purchase is being funded by Kvam, who is there by assigned any remedies due should the transaction fail in anyway. Initial funder will be due a 7% annual return on any funds provided due from date of disbursement. There is expected to be 3 renovation draws necessary on this project. First draw to be funded by Mr. Kvam, Due to present and ongoing business dealings between Jay and Michael, Michael has agreed to allot %50 of his 1/3 profit for both initial funding's.

See Ex. "1" attached hereto.

In his responses to Interrogatories, Mineau admits that Kvam funded \$93,000 toward the purchase and renovation of the Property. (See Response to Interrogatory No. 6, Ex. "2"). \$44,000 was used for the purchase escrow that closed on February 13, 2017. (See Settlement Statement, Ex. "3"). The other \$49,000 was supposed to be used for renovation and resale. The property sold at a loss on November 16, 2018. (See Settlement Statement, Ex. "4"). Mineau concealed that sale from Kvam, who was left to find out about the sale himself. That resulted in Kvam's Motion for Temporary Restraining Order on November 30, 2018 (Transaction #7000744) to prevent the loss of the sale proceeds, Stipulation on December 12, 2018 (Transaction #7021308), and Kvam's Motion for Leave to File First Amended Complaint on December 24, 2018 (Transaction #7037918) to include a new cause of action for fraud. That motion was granted on January 29, 2019 (Transaction # 7091712) and Kvam filed the First Amended Complaint on January 31, 2019 (Transaction # 7095466).

Through extensive discovery conducted to date, there is no evidence that Kvam's money was used to improve the Property. Based on the sale for a loss, photographs which indicate that the property was in worse shape, and newly discovered evidence that Mineau, Legion and their cohorts and colleagues were working on other projects at the same time, some of which were sold for a profit, Kvam now seeks to file the Second Amended Complaint to include causes of action for conversion/diversion of funds and RICO violations.

Leave to amend should be freely given when justice requires. NRCP 15(a); Cohen v. Mirage Resorts, Inc., 119 Nev. 1, 23, 62 P.3d 720 (Nev. 2003). The request is not made in bad faith or with a dilatory motive, so the traditional requirements for granting leave to amend are satisfied and leave to amend should be freely given. Stephens v. S. Nev. Music Co., Inc., 89 Nev. 104, 105, 507 P.2d 138, 139 (Nev. 1973). A copy of the proposed Second Amended Complaint is attached hereto as Ex. "5."

#### **AFFIRMATION**

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain the social security number of any person.

Dated this 19th day of June, 2019.

MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD.

Michael 2 Millones

By:

MICHAEL L. MATUSKA, SBN 5711 Attorneys for Plaintiff, JAY KVAM, individually and derivatively on behalf of the unincorporated joint venture identified as 7747

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Matuska Law Offices, Ltd. and that on the 19<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2019, I served a true and correct copy of the preceding document entitled **MOTION FOR LEAVE TO AMEND** as follows:

Austin K. Sweet, Esq. GUNDERSON LAW FIRM 3895 Warren Way Reno, NV 89509

icho, iv v 67507
[X] BY CM/ECF: I electronically filed a true and correct copy of the above-identified
document with the Clerk of the Court by using the electronic filing system which will send a
notice of electronic filing to the person(s) named above.
[ ] BY U.S. MAIL: I deposited for mailing in the United States mail, with postage fully
prepaid, an envelope containing the above-identified document(s) at Carson City, Nevada, in the
ordinary course of business.
[ ] BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I personally delivered the above-identified document(s)
by hand delivery to the office(s) of the person(s) named above.
[ ] BY FACSIMILE:
[ ] BY FEDERAL EXPRESS ONE-DAY DELIVERY.
[ ] BY MESSENGER SERVICE: I delivered the above-identified document(s) to
Reno-Carson Messenger Service for delivery.
/S/ SUZETTE TURLEY SUZETTE TURLEY

# **EXHIBIT INDEX**

EXHIBIT	DOCUMENT	NO. OF
		PAGES
1	Terms of Agreement	1
2	Response to Interrogatory #6	6
3	Settlement Agreement 02/13/2017	3
4	Settlement Agreement 11/16/2018	3
5	Second Amended Verified Complaint	13

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Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7330147 : csulezic

# EXHIBIT 1 TERMS OF AGREEMENT

(Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint)

# EXHIBIT 1 TERMS OF AGREEMENT

(Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint)

#### Terms of Agreement between Legion Investments LLC (its Members)

And Jay Kvam (Initial Funding Member of Same)

RE:

7747 S. May Street, Chicago Illinois.

With Regards to acquisition of the aforementioned property, it is understood that the membership of Legion Investments LLC for this acquisition is Brian Mineau, Jay Kvam, and Michael J. Spinola. All parties are entitled to 33.33% of net profit, after all expenses are accounted for, to include interest due on funds dispersed. Initial purchase is being funded by Jay Kvam, who is there by assigned any remedies due should the transaction fall in anyway. Initial funder will be due a 7% annual return on any funds provided due from date of disbursement. There is expected to be 3 renovation draws necessary on this project. First draw to be funded by Mr. Kvam, Due to present and ongoing business dealings between Jay and Michael, Michael has agreed to allot %50 of his 1/3 profit to Mr. Kvam for both initial funding's.

Jay Kvam

Date CO/-

Brian Mineau

Date 2/13/2017

Michael J. Spinola

hele the

Date <u>2/13/</u>

LORI J. CALLISON

Notary Public - State of Nevada
Appointment Recorded in Churchill County
No: 15-1098-4 - Expires March 12, 2019

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Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7330147: csulezic

## EXHIBIT 2

# **RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY #6**

(Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint)

# EXHIBIT 2 RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY #6

(Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint)

1	DISC				
2	GUNDERSON LAW FIRM				
3	Austin K. Sweet, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 11725				
4	Mark H. Gunderson, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 2134				
-T	3895 Warren Way				
5.	Reno, Nevada 89509 Telephone: 775.829.1222				
0	Attorneys for Brian Mineau and Legion Investments				
7	IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA				
8	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE				
9	JAY KVAM, Case No. CV18-00764				
10	Plaintiff / Counterdefendant, Dept. No. 3				
11	vs.				
12					
13	BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated				
14	Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,				
15	Defendants / Counterclaimants.				
16					
17	BRIAN MINEAU AND LEGION INVESTMENTS' RESPONSES TO				
18	TOTAL TRANSPORT ALL YEAR AND DEPORT OF TATOR TO A MODIFIED				
19	PROPOUNDING PARTY: Jay Kvam				
20	RESPONDING PARTY: Brian Mineau and Legion Investments, LLC				
21	Pursuant to NRCP 16.1, Defendants / Counterclaimants BRIAN MINEAU ("Mineau") and				
22	LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC ("Legion"), by and through their counsel of record, Austin K.				
23	Sweet, Esq., and Mark H. Gunderson, Esq., and pursuant to Rule 33 of the Nevada Rules of Civil				
24	Procedure, responds to Plaintiff / Counterdefendant JAY KVAM ("Kvam")'s First Set of				
25	Interrogatories to Mineau and Legion ("Requests") as follows:				
26	<i>///</i>				
27	///				
28	<i>///</i>				
M					

GUNDERSON LAW FIRM A PROFESSIONAL LAW CORPORATION 3895 Warren Way RENO, NEVADA 89509 (775) 829-1222

#### INTERROGATORY NO. 1:

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Describe when and how Mr. Kvam allegedly turned off power to the Property. Including the date and time.

#### **RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 1:**

At some point between March 1, 2018, and March 24, 2018, electrical service to the Property ceased. On April 14, 2018, Mr. Kvam confirmed via email that he had cancelled electrical service to the Property. Further details concerning when and how Mr. Kvam completed this task, including the date and time, are presently unknown.

#### **INTERROGATORY NO. 2:**

State the date and approximate time on which the water pipes burst at the house on the Property.

#### **RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 2:**

The water pipes burst at the house on the Property at some point between March 1, 2018, and March 24, 2018.

#### INTERROGATORY NO. 3:

State the date on which Legion Investments, LLC's improvements to the house at the Property were completed.

#### **RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 3:**

Objection. Interrogatory No. 3 assumes incorrect facts and therefore cannot be directly answered. Specifically, Interrogatory No. 3 assumes that Legion Investments, LLC was the party making improvements to the house at the Property and that such improvements were completed.

Without waiving this objection, Legion Investments, LLC has not itself made improvements to the house at the Property and the improvements which were being made to the house at the Property by licensed contractors have not been completed.

#### **INTERROGATORY NO. 4:**

State the date and amount of each expenditure for improvements to the Property.

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#### RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 4:

Legion Investments, LLC and Brian Mineau are aware of the following expenditures made for improvements to the Property:

March 23, 2017

\$20,000.00

April 14, 2017

\$20,000.00

May 18, 2017

\$9,000.00

May 26, 2017

\$20,000.00

#### **INTERROGATORY NO. 5:**

State date [sic] and amount of each capital call or funding request for the property.

#### RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 5:

None.

#### **INTERROGATORY NO. 6:**

Identify all persons who contributed capital or funds for the purchase and improvement of the 14|| Property. Including the names, addresses, phone numbers, dates and amounts of the contributions.

#### RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 6:

Jay Kvam

7565 Michaela Dr.

Reno, NV 89511

Contributions:

February 13, 2017

\$44,000.00

March 23, 2017

\$20,000.00

April 14, 2017 May 18, 2017

\$20,000.00

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\$9,000.00

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Criterion NV LLC

7560 Michaela Dr.

Reno, NV 89511

Contributions:

March 26, 2017

\$20,000.00

#### **INTERROGATORY NO. 7:**

Describe the heating system for the property, including the heater model and number, and whether it a [sic] gas or electric heater.

#### RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 7:

The heating system on the property is electric. The heater model and number are unknown.

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#### **INTERROGATORY NO. 8:**

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Identify all dates that Brian Mineau was present at the Property.

#### **RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 8:**

Brian Mineau has never been present at the Property.

#### **INTERROGATORY NO. 9:**

Identify all prospective economic relationships alleged in your Fourth Claim for Relief. Include the name, address, phone numbers and describe any contracts and the dates and contents thereof.

#### **RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 9:**

The earlier completion of the project and profitable sale of the Property. Although most potential buyers are not specifically known, Mutual Happiness LLC was in contract to purchase the Property but cancelled that contract. Documentation of this lost prospective economic relationship has been produced and identified as LEG0023 – LEG0036.

#### **INTERROGATORY NO. 10:**

Describe all acts of coercion, duress and intimidation identified in your Fifth claim for Relief (Deceptive Trade Practices). Include the date, time and manner of the alleged acts and any identify any [sic] witness thereto.

#### **RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 10:**

Jay Kvam repeatedly demanded to be "reimbursed" for all funds he invested into the Property, despite the fact that the project was incomplete, no disbursements were yet due to anyone under the "Terms of Agreement," and the project had been severely set back by Mr. Kvam's own actions. Brian Mineau and Legion Investments, LLC nonetheless affirmed that they intended to complete the project and perform their obligations under the "Terms of Agreement." However, Mr. Kvam demanded that the "Terms of Agreement" be renegotiated to his benefit and threatened Mr. Mineau and Legion Investments, LLC with frivolous legal action if they refused to acquiesce to those demands. Mr. Kvam also wrongfully and fraudulently accessed Atlas Investors Southside LLC ("Atlas")'s bank accounts and fraudulently, and without authorization, used Atlas's operating funds to pay off an interest-free debt held by Atlas which would not come due for several more years, causing Atlas's

operating account to be overdrawn and forcing Mr. Mineau and Legion Investments, LLC to liquidate other assets to provide Atlas with adequate operating funds and avoid drastic financial and business consequences. Mr. Kvam also demanded Legion Investments' historic financial records, without any legal or factual right to such information, again under threat of frivolous litigation. Mr. Kvam also demanded that Mr. Mineau and/or Legion Investments, LLC personally guaranty Mr. Kvam's return on his investment and provide separate collateral to protect his investment, again under threat of frivolous litigation. When Brian Mineau and Legion Investments, LLC refused, Mr. Kvam's agents harassed, threatened, and intimidated Mr. Mineau's family. Each of these acts constitutes acts of coercion, duress, and intimidation designed to compel Mr. Mineau and/or Legion Investments, LLC to buy Mr. Kvam out of the "Terms of Agreement," pay him more than he is entitled under the "Terms of Agreement." The date, time, and manner of these acts is documented in correspondence between the parties' counsel and the pleadings of this action.

#### **INTERROGATORY NO. 11:**

Describe all chattels identified in your Eighth Claim for Relief (Trespass to Chattels).

#### RESPONSE TO INTERROGATORY NO. 11:

Drywall, insulation, and copper plumbing.

DATED this day of October, 2018.

**GUNDERSON LAW FIRM** 

By.

Austin K. Sweet, Esq.

Nevada State Bar No. 11725

Mark H. Gunderson, Esq.

Nevada State Bar No. 2134

3895 Warren Way

Reno, Nevada 89509 Telephone: 775.829.1222

Attorneys for Brian Mineau and Legion

Investments

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#### **VERIFICATION**

I, Brian Mineau, a Defendant and a Manger of Legion Investments, LLC in the above-entitled action, make this verification. I have read the foregoing Brian Mineau and Legion Investments' Responses to Plaintiff Jay Kyam's First Set of Interrogatories and know the contents thereof. The same is true of my own knowledge, except as to those matters which are therein alleged upon information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed in <u>Rum</u>, <u>N</u> DATED this <u>I</u> day of October, 2018.

Brian Mineau

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF WASHOE

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This instrument was acknowledged before me on this \_\_\_\_ day of October; 2018 by Brian Mineau.

NOTARY PUBLIC for Nevada

Commission Expires: 4 4 3 3 1



GUNDERSON LAW FIRM, A PROFESSIONAL, LAW CORPORATION 3885 Warmen Way RENO, NEVADA, 89509 (775) 829-1222

-1-

### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of the law office of Gunderson Law				
Firm, and that on the day of October, 2018, I deposited for mailing in Reno, Nevada a true and				
correct copy of the BRIAN MINEAU AND LEGION INVESTMENTS' RESPONSES TO				
PLAINTIFF JAY KVAM'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES, to the following:				

Michael Matuska, Esq. Matuska Law Offices, Ltd. 2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6 Carson City, Nevada 89701 Attorneys for Jay Kvam

Kelly Gunderson

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GUNDERSON LAW FIRM
A PROFESSIONAL
LAW CORPORATION
3895 WARTON WAY
RENO, NEVADA 89509
(775) 829-1222

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Transaction # 7330147: csulezic

## EXHIBIT 3

# SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT 02/13/2017

(Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint)

# EXHIBIT 3 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT 02/13/2017

(Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint)

#### American Land Title Association

ALTA Settlement Statement - Cash Adopted 05-01-2015

File No./Escrow No.: 719630

Print Date & Time: 02/13/17 6:24 AM

Officer/Escrow Officer:

Settlement Location: Otywide Title

**Citywide Title Corporation** ALTA Universal ID:

850 W. Jackson

Suite 320 Chicago, IL 60607

Property Address:

7747 South May Street

Chicago, IL 60620

Buyer:

Legion Investments

Seller:

SDLiVest Group, LLC

Settlement Date:

02/13/2017

Disbursement Date:

02/13/2017

Additional dates per state requirements:

Seller		Description	Borrower/Buyer	
Debit	O'edit			. Credit
		Financial		e transmission and a second
	\$44,000.00	Sale Price of Property	\$44,000.00	
		Prorations/ Adjustments		
\$935.17		County PropertyTaxes from 07/01/2016 thru 12/31/2016		\$935.
\$250.52		County PropertyTaxes from 01/01/2017 thru 02/13/2017		\$250.
		Title Charges & Escrow / Settlement Charges		
\$50.00		Title - CPL Fee to First American	\$25.00	
\$3.00		Title - DFI Policy Fee to Citywide Title	7	
\$800.00		Title - Owner's Policy to Posenthal Law Group, LLC	\$800.00	
\$250.00		Title - Search Fee to Otywide Title		
\$600.00		Title - Settlement Fee to Citywide Title	\$600.00	
\$125.00		Title - Update Fee to Otywide Title	\$125,00	
\$40,00		Title - Wire Fee to Atywide Title	\$40.00	
		Government Recording and Transfer Charges		
		Pecording Fee (Deed) to Cook County Pecorder	\$50.00	
\$44.00		Transfer Tax to State of Illinois	φου.σσ	
\$132.00		Oty Transfer Tax to Oty of Chicago	\$330.00	
\$22.00		County Transfer Tax to Cook County		
		Miscellaneous		
\$1,148.99		2016 1st Cook tax to Cook County Treasurer		
\$50.00		Final water to City of Chicago		
\$750.00		Seller Attorney fee to Posenthal Law Group, LLC		

وكرون والمسائدة					
Sell	er i	Description Bor		ower/Buver	
Debit	Credit		Debit	Credit	
\$320.00		Water/zoning to Fiver North Clerking			
, Selle	ei. , , .		Borrower/	Buver .	
Debit 👵	. : Credit		Debit	Oredit	
\$5,520.68	\$44,000.00	Subtotals	\$45,970.00	\$1,185.69	
		Due From Borrower		\$44,784.31	
\$38,479.32		Due To Seller			
\$44,000.00	\$44,000.00	Totals	\$45,970.00	\$45,970.00	

Acknowledgement We/I have carefully reviewed the ALTA disbursements made on my account or Settlement Statement. We/I authorize of statement.	by me in this trans	action and further certify that	d accurate statement of all receipts and I have received a copy of the ALTA be disbursed in accordance with this
Legion Investments		SDL iVest Group, L	IC
Ву	Date	Ву	Date
Escrow Officer		- Date	

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Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7330147: csulezic

## EXHIBIT 4

## **SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT 11/16/2018**

(Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint)

# EXHIBIT 4 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT 11/16/2018

(Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint)

American Land Title Association

ALTA Settlement Statement - Cash Adopted 05-01-2015

File No./Escrow No.: 730323

Print Date & Time: 11/16/18 8:49 AM

Officer/Escrow Officer: Settlement Location:

Citywide Title

850 W. Jackson Blvd., Ste. 320

Chicago, IL 60607

Citywide Title Corporation ALTA Universal ID: 850 W. Jackson

Suite 320 Chicago, IL 60607

Chicago, is dodo?

Property Address:

7747 S May St

Chicago, IL 60620

Borrower:

Thousand Oaks Management, LLC

Selier:

Legion Investments, LLC

Settlement Date:

11/16/2018 11/16/2018

Disbursement Date:

Additional dates per state requirements:

Seller		Description	. Borrower/Buyer				
Debit	Credit .		Debit	Credit			
		Financial					
	\$41,000.00	Sale Price of Property	\$41,000.00				
		Deposit		\$1,000.0			
		Prorations/Adjustments					
\$2,233.36	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	County Property Taxes from 01/01/2018 thru 11/14/2018		\$2,233.3			
		Other Loan Charges					
		Appraisal Fee					
		Credit Report Fee					
		Flood Certification Fee					
		Tax Service Fee					
		Title Charges & Escrow / Settlement Charges					
\$50.00		Title - CPL Fee to First American	\$25.00				
\$3.00		Title - DFI Policy Fee to Citywide Title					
\$1,660.00		Title - Owner's Policy to Chi-City Title Co.					
\$250,00		Title - Search Fee to Citywide Title					
\$687.50		Title - Settlement Fee to Citywide Title	\$687.50				
\$150.00		Title - Update Fee to Chi-City Title Co.	\$150,00				
\$40.00		Title - Wire Fee to Citywide Title	\$40.00				
		Commission	T				
\$700,00		Commission to Altura Realty					
\$1,300.00		Commission to Miller Chicago, LLC					

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Page 1 of 3

File # 730323 Printed on: 11/16/18 8:49 AM

Selle		Description	Borrowe	r/Buyer
Debit	Credit	Description	Debit	Credit)
		Government Recording and Transfer Charges		
		Recording Fee (Deed) to Cook County Recorder	\$50.00	
\$41.00		Transfer Tax to State of Illinois	750,00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
\$123.00		City Transfer Tax to City of Chicago	\$307.50	
\$20.50		County Transfer Tax to Cook County		
		Miscellaneous		
		Buyer Attorney Fee to Whitacre & Stefanczuk LTD	\$500.00	<del></del>
\$650.00		Seller Attorney fee to Rosenthal Law Group, LLC		
\$1,000.00		Sold Tax TI to Citywide TI Account		
\$4,547.87		Sold Taxes to Cook County Treasurer		·
\$400.00		Survey to Urchell & Associates		
\$2,000.00		Water Bill TI to Citywide TI Account		·
\$320.00		Water/Zoning Certs to River North Clerking		
		Invoice to Altura Realty	\$2,300.00	
\$350.00		fees due prior files to Rosenthal Law Group, LLC		
Seller			Borrower	/Buyer
Debit .	Credit		Debit	Credit
\$16,526.23	\$41,000.00	Subtotals	\$45,060.00	\$3,233
		Due Fram Borrower		\$41,826
\$24,473.77		Due To Seller		
\$41,000.00	\$41,000.00	Totals	\$45,060.00	\$45,060

# Acknowledgement We/I have carefully reviewed the ALTA-Settlement Statement and find it to be a true and accurate statement of all receipts and disbursements made on my account or by me in this transaction and further certify that I have received a copy of the ALTA Settlement Statement. We/I authorize Citywide Title Corporation to cause the funds to be disbursed in accordance with this statement. Buyer/Borrower: Seller: William A. Jourge A. John J. Jourge A. John J. John

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Page 3 of 3

File # 730323 Printed on: 11/16/18 8:49 AW

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2019-06-19 02:58:48 PM
Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 7330147: csulezic

## **EXHIBIT 5**

## SECOND AMENDED VERIFIED COMPLAINT

(Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint)

# EXHIBIT 5 SECOND AMENDED VERIFIED COMPLAINT (Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint)

**CODE: 1090** 

Michael L. Matuska, Esq. SBN 5711 MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD. 2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6 Carson City, NV 89701 Attorneys for Plaintiff

THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF NEVADA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

JAY KVAM,

Plaintiff,
v.

Dept. No. 6

BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS,
LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated
Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,
Defendants.

Case No. CV18-00764

Dept. No. 6

SECOND AMENDED VERIFIED COMPLAINT

COMES NOW Plaintiff, JAY KVAM, by and through his counsel of record, Matuska Law Offices, Ltd., Michael L. Matuska, and hereby complains, alleges, and avers as follows:

I.

#### **PARTIES**

- 1. Plaintiff JAY KVAM ("KVAM") is now and at all times mentioned herein was a resident of Washoe County, Nevada.
- 2. Defendant LEGION INVESTMENTS, LLC ("LEGION") is a Nevada limited liability company, duly formed and operating pursuant to Chapter 86 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, with its principal place of business in Washoe County, Nevada.
- 3. Defendant BRIAN MINEAU ("MINEAU") is now and at all times mentioned herein was a resident of Washoe County, Nevada and the member/manager of LEGION.
- 4. 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois, is an unincorporated joint venture formed between KVAM, MINEAU, LEGION, and Michael Spinola, and is hereafter referred to "7747."

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- 5. Plaintiff does not know the true names and capacities of the Defendants sued herein as DOES I through X, and therefore sues these Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will seek permission to amend this Complaint in order to allege their true names, identities, and capacities when ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereupon alleges, that each fictitiously named Defendant is responsible in some manner for the occurrences alleged herein and that each fictitiously named Defendant is also indebted to Plaintiff.
- 6. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that each Defendant is the duly authorized agent, employee, or representative of the other named Defendants, and that each Defendant is liable for the acts and omissions of the other named Defendants.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes, and therefore alleges, that at all times relevant herein, the fictitious entities identified herein were mere shams and were organized and operated as the alter ego of the individual Defendants named herein for their personal benefit and advantage, in that the individual Defendants have at all times herein mentioned exercised total dominion and control over the fictitious entities. The individual Defendants and the fictitious entities have so intermingled their personal and financial affairs that the fictitious Defendant entities were, and are, the alter egos of the individual Defendant(s), and should be disregarded. By reason of the failure of the fictitious entities, each individual Defendant should be and is liable to the Plaintiff for the relief prayed for herein.

#### II.

#### GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 8. On or about February 14, 2017, KVAM entered an agreement with MINEAU and LEGION to participate in a joint venture, along with Michael Spinola (the "Agreement"). The purpose of the joint venture was to purchase, restore, and resell a house located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois (the "House") for profit. The general terms of the Agreement were memorialized in writing and include the following:
- KVAM would provide the money to purchase the House, and would be a. entitled to a 7% annual return on investment, with an annual payment due 12 months from the date of disbursement;

b.	Renovation would proceed through three (3) funding draws, one draw to be
funded by each joint	venturer;

- c. MINEAU would manage the project;
- d. The profits would be shared 1/3<sup>rd</sup> each between KVAM, LEGION, and Spinola; and
- e. MINEAU would transfer all interest in the joint venture to KVAM in the event the joint venture failed.
- 9. The joint venture created by the Agreement identified above and described herein as 7747 was an unincorporated association that was not registered with the Nevada Secretary of State and did not file a Statement of Partnership pursuant to NRS 87.4327.
- 10. KVAM invested \$93,784.31 in the project to date through a series of five (5) wire transfers as follows:
  - a. \$44,000 on February 13, 2017 for the purchase money
  - b. \$784.31 on February 13, 2017 for closing costs
  - c. \$20,000 on March 23, 2017 for the first draw
  - d. \$20,000 on April 14, 2017 for the second draw
  - e. \$9,000 on May 18, 2017 for the third draw.
- 11. The amounts listed in Par. 10 are exclusive of any additional costs and interest, and include KVAM's funding contribution, as well as Spinola's funding contribution, for which KVAM acceded to Spinola's interest in the joint venture such that Spinola is no longer part of the joint venture.
- 12. KVAM has not received his annual interest payment on any of the advances identified in Par. 10.
- 13. Title to the House was vested in LEGION, which is MINEAU's limited liability company.
- 14. MINEAU initially represented that the project would take approximately six (6) weeks to complete. The timeframe was later extended to 90 days for the construction phase.
  - 15. MINEAU failed to fund his required renovation draw.

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	16.	The	renovation	n stalled	l, MI	NEAU	Jand	LE	GION	I fai	led	and	refused	to	pro	vide	8
comple	tion da	ite or	budget, an	nd the H	Iouse	was e	ventu	ally	sold	for a	a los	s on	Novem	iber	16,	2018	3
MINEA	AU and	LEG	ION did n	ot infor	n KV	'AM o	f the s	sale.									

- 17. KVAM has demanded payment and an accounting from MINEAU and LEGION on multiple occasions, including demands and letters sent on February 16, 2018, March 9, 2018, and March 14, 2018. These demands have been refused and MINEAU and LEGION have not made any payment to KVAM.
  - 18. KVAM is now disassociated from 7747.
- 19. Plaintiff has been forced to retain an attorney to prosecute the action and is entitled to recover the legal fees and costs incurred a result thereof.

#### III.

# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Declaration of Joint Venture)

- 20. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference all of the paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 21. There is an actual, justifiable, present controversy between KVAM, MINEAU, and LEGION on the question of whether the Agreement identified in Par. 8 constitutes a joint venture agreement, an agreement for MINEAU to transfer his membership interest in LEGION, or some other type of agreement.
- 22. KVAM therefore requests a declaration on the legal rights created by the Agreement, the status of the unincorporated joint venture referred to herein as 7747 and the respective interests of the joint venturers.
- 23. KVAM further requests a declaration on the amount of loans and contributions made to the 7747 by each of the joint venturers.
- 24. KVAM further requests a declaration that 7747, MINEAU, and LEGION were required to assign the entire interest in the 7747 to KVAM in the event it failed in any way.

MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, 2310 S. Carson Street, #6
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# Carson City NV 89701 (775) 350-7220 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

## IV. SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (Rescission or Reformation of Agreement)

- 25. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference all of the paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 26. The parties were mutually mistaken about the viability of the project, the legal status of the joint venture created by the Agreement and identified herein as 7747, and the rights and obligations of the Parties as a result thereof.
- 27. The Agreement should be rescinded and KVAM should be restored to his original position with all money returned at a reasonable rate of interest of not less than 7%.
- 28. In the alternative, the Agreement should be reformed to clarify the status of 7747 as a joint venture and the role of the joint venturers.

#### V. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (Breach of Contract - Loan)

- 29. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference all of the paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 30. KVAM has demanded his annual payment and repayment of the monies loaned, but Defendants have failed and refused to repay him.
- KVAM has performed all conditions precedent to his right to be repaid on the loan 31. and, to the extent any further conditions were not performed, KVAM's performance was excused or rendered impossible by the acts of the Defendants.
- 32. As a result of the foregoing, KVAM has been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial in excess of \$15,000.

#### VI. FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Breach of Contract and Tortious Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing - Joint Venture Agreement)

33. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference all of the paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.

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- 34. As parties to the joint venture Agreement, MINEAU and LEGION owed multiple contractual, legal and fiduciary duties to KVAM and 7747, which included the duty to provide funding, the duty to maintain books and records, the duty to account to KVAM and 7747, the duty of loyalty, the duty of care, and the duty to fulfill the purpose of the joint venture and the terms of Agreement in good faith in a timely manner.
- 35. As parties to the joint Venture Agreement, MINEAU and LEGION further owed a duty of good faith to KVAM and 7747.
- MINEAU and LEGION breached their legal, contractual, and fiduciary duties to 36. KVAM and 7747 by inter alia: failing to provide funding; failing to properly manage and complete the renovation; comingling joint venture funds with LEGION's accounts; failing to account to KVAM and 7747; concealing facts and making multiple misrepresentations to KVAM as set forth above regarding the timing of completion, the status of the project and the sale thereof.
- 37. As a result of the foregoing, KVAM and 7747 have been damaged in an amount to be determined at trial in excess of \$15,000.
- 38. As a further result of the above-described wrongful, fraudulent, oppressive, and malicious conduct, KVAM and 7747 are also entitled to punitive and exemplary damages.

#### VII. FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Accounting)

- 39. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference all of the paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 40. As a joint venturer in 7747, MINEAU and LEGION have the duty to account to KVAM and KVAM has the right to examine the books and records of the joint venture.
- 41. The exact amount owing KVAM is yet unknown and KVAM is entitled to an equitable accounting in order to determine the same.

### VIII. SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Court Supervision of Dissolution and Winding Up, and Appointment of Receiver)

42. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference all of the paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.

- 43. KVAM has disassociated from the joint venture, the joint venture is no longer viable, the conduct of MINEAU and LEGION has frustrated the joint venture, the purpose of the joint venture has been completed, and it is not reasonably practicable to carry on the joint venture, such that 7747 should be dissolved and wound up.
- 44. As part of the winding up, KVAM is entitled to an accounting and settlement of all partnership accounts and liquidation of the partnership assets.
- 45. The winding up should be conducted with court supervision and a receiver should be appointed.

# IX. SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Temporary and Permanent Injunction)

- 46. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference all of the paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 47. Following dissolution of the joint venture, MINEAU and LEGION should be temporarily and permanently enjoined from conducting any business on behalf of 7747 or incurring any liabilities in furtherance of the joint venture, except as approved by the Court and necessary to preserve the proceeds of sale.

# X. EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Fraud, Fraudulent Inducement and Fraudulent Concealment)

- 48. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference all of the paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 49. As parties to the joint venture Agreement, MINEAU and LEGION owed multiple contractual, legal and fiduciary duties to KVAM and 7747, which included the duty to disclose material facts.
- 50. Prior to signing the Agreement, MINEAU and LEGION misrepresented and concealed the true facts, including their intention and ability to fund the project and complete the project in a timely manner.

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- concealment about the status of the project, problems with the project, diversion of project funds to other projects under way by MINEAU, LEGION and their colleagues and cohorts, some of whom may claim a financial interest the project, the listing and sale of the House, and the close of escrow and receipt of funds.
- 54. As a result of the foregoing, KVAM and 7747 have been damaged in an amount to be determined at trial in excess of \$15,000.
- 55. As a further result of the above-described wrongful, fraudulent, oppressive, and malicious conduct, KVAM and 7747 are also entitled to punitive and exemplary damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

# XI. NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Conversion)

- 56. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference all of the paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 57. By taking title to the property, diverting project funds and keeping proceeds of sale from KVAM, Defendants MINEAU and LEGION committed a distinct act or acts of dominion wrongfully exerted over the joint venture property, project funds and KVAM's investment; and
- 58. The aforementioned acts of dominion were in denial of, or inconsistent with, KVAM's title and rights.
  - 59. As a result of the foregoing, KVAM and 7747 have been damaged in an amount to

be determined at trial in excess of \$15,000.

60. As a further result of the above-described wrongful, fraudulent, oppressive, and malicious conduct, KVAM and 7747 are also entitled to punitive and exemplary damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

### XII. TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (RICO)

- 61. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference all of the paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 62. Defendants MINEAU and LEGION violated predicate racketeering acts under Nevada's Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations act (NRS 207.360 et seq.), including but not necessarily limited to the following:
  - a. Fraud, misappropriation, conversion and embezzlement;
  - b. Obtaining money by false pretenses;
  - c. Perjury;
  - d. Fraud and deceit in connection with the offer, sale and purchase of a security interest in LEGION;
    - e. Fraudulent business practices and conduct
  - 63. KVAM did not participate in the racketeering scheme.
- 64. As a result of the foregoing, KVAM and 7747 have been damaged in an amount to be determined at trial in excess of \$15,000 and under NRS 207.470, they are entitled to damages from MINEAU and LEGION for three (3) times the actual damages sustained.
- 65. As a further result of the above-described wrongful, fraudulent, oppressive, and malicious conduct, KVAM and 7747 are also entitled to punitive and exemplary damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

# XIII. ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Derivative Claim)

66. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference all of the paragraphs above as though

MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD. 2310 S. Carson Street, #6 Carson City NV 89701 (775) 350-7220 fully set forth herein.

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- 67. KVAM is disassociated from the joint venture identified herein as 7747.
- 68. Any all claims, causes of action, and prayers for relief asserted by KVAM are also asserted derivatively on behalf of 7747 to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- 69. KVAM has made multiple requests for MINEAU and LEGION to return his investment and to provide an accounting.
- 70. Because Defendants have already refused KVAM's numerous requests to cure the multiple breaches of the Agreement and to comply with the Nevada Revised Statutes, it would be futile for him to delay the filing of this Complaint in order to attempt to secure Defendants' agreement to initiate this action.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows:

- 1. For an order declaring the rights and obligations of KVAM, MINEAU, LEGION, and 7747;
- 2. For Court supervised winding up and an order appointing a receiver to secure any remaining assets and to complete any remaining steps to winding up 7747;
- 3. For a temporary and permanent injunction enjoining MINEAU and LEGION from any further involvement with 7747 and its assets;
- 4. For an order declaring that MINEAU and LEGION are liable for any debts of 7747 existing prior to or after the disassociation of KVAM and that they are further obligated to indemnify KVAM against any liabilities;
  - 5. For an equitable accounting;
  - 6. For compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial in excess of \$15,000;
  - 7. For punitive and exemplary damages in excess of \$100,000;
  - 8. For an award of costs and attorney fees incurred in prosecuting this action;
  - 9. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just in the premises.

#### AFFIRMATION

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain the social security number of any person.

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Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2019.

MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD.

By:

MICHAEL L. MATUSKA, SBN 5711 Attorneys for Plaintiff, JAY KVAM, individually and derivatively on behalf of the unincorporated joint venture identified as 7747

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STATE OF NEVADA	)	
COUNTY OF	) ss. )	

JAY KVAM, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

That he is the Plaintiff in the above-entitled action; that he has read the foregoing instrument and knows the contents thereof and that the same is true of his own knowledge except for those matters stated on information and belief, and as to those matters, he believes them to be true.

JAY KVAM

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2019, by JAY KVAM.

NOTARY PUBLIC

# MATUSKA LAW OFFICES, LTD. 2310 S. Carson Street, #6 Carson City NV 89701 (775) 350-7220

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to NRCP 5	5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Matuska Law Offices, Ltd. and
that on the day of _	, 2019, I served a true and correct copy of the preceding
document entitled SECON	D AMENDED VERIFIED COMPLAINT as follows:
	Austin K. Sweet, Esq. GUNDERSON LAW FIRM 3895 Warren Way Reno, NV 89509 asweet@gundersonlaw.com
[X] BY CM/ECF:	I electronically filed a true and correct copy of the above-identified
document with the Clerk of	the Court by using the electronic filing system which will send a
notice of electronic filing to	the person(s) named above.
[ ] BY U.S. MAII	L: I deposited for mailing in the United States mail, with postage fully
prepaid, an envelope contain	ning the above-identified document(s) at Carson City, Nevada, in the
ordinary course of business.	
[ ] BY EMAIL: (a	s listed above)
[ ] BY PERSONA	L SERVICE: I personally delivered the above-identified document(s)
by hand delivery to the offic	ce(s) of the person(s) named above.
[ ] BY FACSIMII	E:
[ ] BY FEDERAL	EXPRESS ONE-DAY DELIVERY:
[ ] BY MESSENG	ER SERVICE: I delivered the above-identified document(s) to Reno-
Carson Messenger Service f	or delivery.
	/s/ SUZETTE TURLEY SUZETTE TURLEY

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Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court

	Jacqueline Bryant
1	Clerk of the Court Transaction # 7350241 : mpure
٦	GUNDERSON LAW FIRM
2	Austin K. Sweet, Esq.
3	Nevada State Bar No. 11725 Mark H. Gunderson, Esq.
4	Nevada State Bar No. 2134
5	3895 Warren Way
5	Reno, Nevada 89509
6	Telephone: 775.829.1222 Attorneys for Brian Mineau and Legion Investments
7	
8	IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE
	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE
9	JAY KVAM, Case No. CV18-00764
10	Plaintiff / Counterdefendant, Dept. No. 6
11	Training Counteractoridating
12	vs.
	BRIAN MINEAU; LEGION INVESTMENTS,
13	LLC; 7747 S. May Street, an Unincorporated
14	Joint Venture; and DOES I-X, inclusive,
15	Defendants / Counterclaimants.
16	
17	OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT
18	Defendants / Counterclaimants BRIAN MINEAU ("Mineau") and LEGION
19	INVESTMENTS, LLC ("Legion"), by and through their counsel of record, Austin K. Sweet, Esq
20	and Mark H. Gunderson, Esq., submit the following Opposition to the Motion for Leave to Fil
21	Second Amended Complaint ("Motion") filed by Plaintiff / Counterdefendant JAY KVAM ("Kvam")
22	This Opposition is made and based upon the following memorandum of points and authorities, the
23	pleadings on file in this case, and any oral argument this Court wishes to entertain.
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GUNDERSON LAW FIRM
A PROFESSIONAL
LAW CORPORATION
3895 WAITEN WAY
RENO, NEVADA 89509
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#### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

#### I. INTRODUCTION

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This dispute concerns the parties' efforts to acquire the property located at 7747 S. May Street, Chicago, Illinois ("Property"), renovate it, and sell it for a profit. In furtherance of these efforts, the parties entered into the very short and, unfortunately, very poorly worded "Terms of Agreement" signed by Kvam, Mineau, and Michael Spinola ("Terms of Agreement").

Pursuant to the Terms of Agreement, Kvam invested approximately \$93,784.31 in the project and Legion invested \$20,000.00 in the project. Approximately \$45,000.00 of Kvam's funds were paid directly from Kyam into escrow to purchase the Property, and the remainder was paid directly 10 from Kvam to the contractor in Illinois, TNT Complete Facility Care Inc. ("TNT"). Legion's \$20,000.00 draw was also paid directly to TNT. Kvam was in direct communication with TNT throughout the course of this project. Critically, it is undisputed that Kvam never delivered any funds to Legion or Mineau and that none of Kvam's funds ever passed through Legion's or Mineau's bank accounts.

Unfortunately, the project stalled, TNT did not fulfill its obligations to renovate the Property, and a pipe burst at the Property causing substantial water damage. Rather than attempt to work through these setbacks, Kvam demanded that Mineau immediately "buy him out" of the project. Although Legion offered to do so, Kvam would not accept its terms. Legion therefore offered to transfer the Property to Kvam and assign all claims against TNT to Kvam, as required by the Terms of Agreement in the event the transaction should fail, but Kvam again refused. Instead, Kvam initiated this lawsuit against Legion and Mineau to recover the losses he suffered in the investment and demanded that Legion sell the Property. Then, when Legion acquiesced to Kvam's demand and sold the Property, Kvam amended his complaint to allege that Legion and Mineau fraudulently concealed the fact that they had sold the Property. See First Amended Verified Complaint. The proceeds from the sale have been deposited with the Court. 1

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<sup>26</sup> 

Approximately one month after the sale, and after all proceeds had been deposited with the Court pursuant to a Stipulation to Deposit Funds; Order, Legion received an additional \$1,864.14 from the escrow company related to the sale of the Property. Legion requested Kvam's stipulation to deposit these additional with the Court, but Kvam refused.

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Kyam now seeks to amend his complaint for a second time to add claims for conversion and RICO violations. The basis of Kvam's Motion is apparently that: (1) there is no evidence that Kvam's money was used to improve the Property; (2) the Property sold for a loss; (3) the Property was in worse shape when it was sold than when it was purchased; and (4) Legion and Mineau were working on other projects at the same time, some of which were profitable. Of course, (1) any claim that Kvam's money was not used to improve the Property should be made against TNT, not Legion or Mineau; (2) the Property sold for a loss because Kvam filed suit and demanded that it be sold immediately, rather than attempting to work through the setbacks, repair the water damage, and finish 9 renovating the Property before selling it; (3) the Property was in worse shape when it was sold than 10|| when it was purchased because Kvam filed suit and demanded that it be sold immediately, rather than attempting to work through the setbacks, repair the water damage, and finish renovating the Property before selling it; and (4) there is absolutely nothing unique or improper about Legion and Mineau working on other projects at the same time, some of which were profitable.

Regardless, the allegations made in the Motion and the proposed Second Amended Verified Complaint do not, in any way, support or justify conversion or RICO claims. The Motion must be denied.

#### II. **ARGUMENT**

A party may amend its pleading only with the opposing party's written consent or the court's leave. NRCP 15(a)(2). The court should freely give leave when justice so requires. Id. "Although the rule states that leave to amend shall be given when justice so requires, this does not mean that a trial judge may not, in a proper case, deny a motion to amend. If that were the intent, leave of court would not be required." Kantor v. Kantor, 116 Nev. 886, 891, 8 P.3d 825, 828 (2000) (internal quotations omitted). "Sufficient reasons to deny a motion to amend a pleading include undue delay, bad faith or dilatory motives on the part of the movant." Id. Leave to amend should also be denied "if the proposed amendment would be futile." Gardner on Behalf of L.G. v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court in & for Cty. of Clark, 405 P.3d 651, 654 (Nev. 2017) (internal citations omitted).

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## A. The Motion Should Be Denied Because Of Undue Delay.

Kvam filed his initial *Verified Complaint* in this action over a year ago, on April 11, 2018. Kvam filed his *First Amended Verified Complaint* over six months ago, on January 31, 2019. Kvam now seeks to amend his complaint for a second time to add claims for conversion and RICO violations.

Kvam argues that leave to amend is justified based upon "newly discovered evidence that Mineau, Legion and their cohorts and colleagues were working on other projects at the same time, some of which were sold for a profit...." Motion p. 3. However, neither the Motion nor the proposed Second Amended Verified Complaint explain, in any way whatsoever, how this supposedly "newly discovered evidence" justifies amending the complaint or adding new claims for relief. Kvam's Motion does not offer any other explanation as to why he seeks leave to amend his complaint at this time.

Furthermore, Kvam's proposed Second Amended Verified Complaint does not add any new factual allegations whatsoever. Rather, relying upon the same factual allegations made in the First Amended Complaint, Kvam seeks only to add a claim for conversion and a claim for RICO violations. Again, Kvam offers no explanation as to why he seeks leave to amend his complaint again at this time. Thus, the alleged "newly discovered evidence that Mineau, Legion and their cohorts and colleagues were working on other projects at the same time, some of which were sold for a profit" does not appear to have any bearing on Kvam's proposed conversion and RICO claims.

Kvam offers no explanation or argument justifying why, over a year after this lawsuit was filed and over six months after it was amended the first time, Kvam should be allowed to amend his complaint yet again to plead new claims for relief based upon the exact same facts. Kvam's delay is unjustified and the Motion should be denied.

# B. The Motion Should Be Denied Because The Proposed Amendment Would Be Futile.

In the Motion, Kvam seeks leave to file a Second Amended Verified Complaint adding claims for conversion and RICO violations. Motion p. 3. The basis of Kvam's Motion is apparently that:

(1) there is no evidence that Kvam's money was used to improve the Property; (2) the Property sold

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for a loss; (3) the Property was in worse shape when it was sold than when it was purchased; and (4) Legion and Mineau were working on other projects at the same time, some of which were profitable. Id. These allegations, even if true, simply do not support claims for conversion or RICO violations. Thus, the Second Amended Verified Complaint would not survive a motion to dismiss, making the proposed amendment futile.

#### Kvam cannot establish a conversion claim. 1.

To prevail on his proposed claim for conversion, Kvam must establish that Legion and/or Mineau committed a "distinct act of dominion wrongfully exerted over [Kvam's] personal property in denial of, or inconsistent with his title or rights therein or in derogation, exclusion, or defiance of such title or rights." M.C. Multi-Family Dev., L.L.C. v. Crestdale Assocs., Ltd., 124 Nev. 901, 910, 193 P.3d 536, 542 (2008). In his proposed Second Amended Verified Complaint, Kvam seeks to allege that, "[b]y taking title to the property, diverting project funds and keeping proceeds of sale from KVAM, Defendants MINEAU and LEGION committed a distinct act or acts of dominion wrongfully exerted over the joint venture property, project funds and KVAM's investment." Motion at Ex. 5 ¶ 57. These allegations simply cannot support a claim for conversion.

First, the claim of conversion only applies to personal property, so the allegation that Mineau and/or Legion wrongfully took title to the Property (which is adamantly disputed) cannot support a conversion claim. M.C. Multi-Family, supra.

Second, it is undisputed that Kvam never transferred or delivered any "project funds" to Legion or Mineau. All of Kvam's funds were sent either directly to escrow or directly to the contractor, TNT. The proposed Second Amended Verified Complaint does not, and cannot, allege that Legion or Mineau ever committed any distinct act of dominion over Kvam's "project funds" or in any other way whatsoever wrongfully "diverted project funds."

Finally, it is undisputed that the proceeds from the sale of the Property are currently held by the clerk of court. See Stipulation to Deposit Funds; Order. It is therefore indisputable that Legion

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and Mineau did not wrongfully exert a distinct act of dominion upon the proceeds from the sale to Kyam's detriment.<sup>2</sup>

For these reasons, the proposed Second Amended Verified Complaint fails to allege a proper claim for conversion. Even if this Court determines that the Motion is timely (which it is not), the Motion should be denied because the proposed amendment is futile.

#### 2. Kvam cannot establish a RICO claim.

Any person who is injured in his business or property by reason of any violation of NRS 207.400 has a cause of action against a person causing such injury for three times the actual damages sustained. NRS 207.470. NRS 207.400 lists several crimes relating to racketeering activity and criminal syndicates. "'Racketeering activity' means engaging in at least two crimes related to racketeering that have the same or similar pattern, intents, results, accomplices, victims, or methods of commission, or are otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics and are not isolated incidents...." NRS 207.390. "'Criminal syndicate' means any combination of persons, so structured that the organization will continue its operation even if individual members enter or leave the organization, which engages in or has the purpose of engaging in racketeering activity." NRS 207.370.

Kvam's Motion offers no argument whatsoever supporting his imaginative efforts to turn this failed investment into a RICO action. Motion p. 3. Kvam simply asserts that: (1) there is no evidence that Kvam's money was used to improve the Property; (2) the Property sold for a loss; (3) the Property was in worse shape when it was sold than when it was purchased; and (4) Legion and Mineau were working on other projects at the same time, some of which were profitable. <u>Id.</u> These assertions have absolutely nothing to do with racketeering or criminal syndicates and certainly do not justify granting Kvam leave to amend his complaint to add a RICO claim.

Reviewing Kvam's proposed Second Amended Verified Complaint sheds no further light on this incredible claim. In his proposed Second Amended Verified Complaint, Kvam alleges that Mineau and Legion "violated predicate racketeering acts," including: (a) fraud, misrepresentation,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Regardless, Kvam was granted leave to file his *First Amended Verified Complaint* to allege additional claims relating to the sale of the Property. <u>See</u> Kvam's *Motion for Leave to File Amended Complaint*, filed December 24, 2018, at p. 2. Any additional claims Kvam seeks to allege on these same grounds are untimely.

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conversion and embezzlement; (b) obtaining money by false pretenses; (c) perjury; (d) fraud and deceit in connection with the offer, sale and purchase of a security interest in Legion; and (e) fraudulent business practices and conduct. See Motion at Ex. 5 \ 62. Of course, even if Kvam could somehow prove these allegations (which he cannot), these claims are an absurdly far cry from a RICO violation.

"Racketeering activity" requires at least two similar, yet distinct, crimes. NRS 207.390. Kvam has not alleged that either Legion or Mineau committed any crimes (which of course they have not), let alone two crimes. Furthermore, this entire dispute arises out of a single transaction, and "racketeering activity" requires at least two different instances of criminal conduct. Therefore, by definition, Kvam's allegations fall well short of adequately alleging that Legion or Mineau engaged in "racketeering activity."

Similarly, a "criminal syndicate" is any combination of persons, so structured that the organization that will continue its operation even if individual members enter or leave. NRS 207.370. Kvam alleges RICO violations against Legion and Mineau, but also alleges that Legion is Mineau's company. Compare Motion at Ex. 5 ¶ 62 with Motion at Ex. 5 ¶ 13. By definition, Mineau cannot 16 have created a "criminal syndicate" with himself.

Finally, even ignoring the deep legal flaws in Kvam's proposed RICO claim, the factual 18 | allegations in the proposed Second Amended Verified Complaint are woefully inadequate to support 19|| Kvam's summary allegations of fraud, misrepresentation, perjury, and other misconduct. Allegations of fraud must be stated with particularity, and Kvam's proposed Second Amended Verified Complaint contains no specific factual allegations whatsoever to support these claims. NRCP 9(b).

For these reasons, the proposed Second Amended Verified Complaint fails to allege a proper claim for RICO violations. Even if this Court determines that the Motion is timely (which it is not), the Motion should be denied because the proposed amendment is futile.

#### III. CONCLUSION

Through his Motion, Kvam seeks leave to amend his complaint for a second time to add new claims for relief based upon the same facts that have existed and been alleged since the first time he amended his complaint. Kvam's proposed claims for conversion and RICO violations are not

supported by his own allegations, the undisputed facts of this case, or Nevada law. Kvam's Motion is untimely and his proposed amendment would be futile.

For these reasons, the Motion should be denied.

#### **AFFIRMATION**

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document, OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT, filed in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, County of Washoe, does not contain the social security number of any person.

DATED this \ day of July, 2019.

**GUNDERSON LAW FIRM** 

By:

Austin K. Sweet, Esq.

Nevada State Bar No. 11725

Mark H. Gunderson, Esq.

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Attorneys for Brian Mineau and Legion

Investments

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#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of the law office of Gunderson Law Firm, and that on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of July, 2019, I electronically filed a true and correct copy of the **OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT**, with the Clerk of the Court by using the electronic filing system which will send a notice of electronic filing to the following:

Michael Matuska, Esq. Matuska Law Offices, Ltd. 2310 South Carson Street, Suite 6 Carson City, Nevada 89701 Attorneys for Jay Kvam

Kelly Gunderson