IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

Electronically Filed Jan 20 2022 10:48 a.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

JOEL BURKETT, A/K/A RAYMOND HAIRE,

Appellant(s),

VS.

THE STATE OF NEVADA, Respondent(s),

Case No: A-19-800052-W *Related Case A-19-788633-W* Docket No: 83743

RECORD ON APPEAL

ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT JOEL BURKETT #16111, PROPER PERSON P.O. BOX 7000 CARSON CITY, NV 89702 ATTORNEY FOR RESPONDENT STEVEN B. WOLFSON, DISTRICT ATTORNEY 200 LEWIS AVE. LAS VEGAS, NV 89155-2212

A-19-800052-W Joel Burkett, Plaintiff(s) vs. Isidro Baca, Defendant(s)

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	JOEL BURKETT	
1	(Name)	FILED 1
2	(I.D. Number) Northern Nevada Correctional Center	
3	Post Office Box 7000 Carson City, NV 89702	AUG 0 5 2019
4		CLERK OF COURT
5	Petitioner, In Proper Person	
6		
7	IN THE E CHTH JUDICIAL DISTI	RICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVAD
8	EIGHTH CONCERNION	MCI COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVAD
9	TALAND FOR THE COUNTRY.	OF 61
10	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY	OF <u>Glark</u>
11	COEL BURKETT	Case No. A-19-800052-W
12	Petitioner,	Dept. XII Dept. No
13	vs.	Bopt. No
14	TSISBO BACA	PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS
15	Respondent.	(Non Death Penalty)
16	INSTRUCTIONS:	KIRSHINT TO NRIS
		34,500(2):(9)
17	This petition must be legibly handwritter	or typewritten, signed by the petitioner and
18	verified.	
19		t where noted or with respect to the facts which
20		lief. No citation of authorities need be furnished
21	If briefs or arguments are submitted, they sho memorandum.	ould be submitted in the form of a separate
22		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
23		ust complete the Affidavit in Support of Motion
24		n must have an authorized officer at the prison
25	any account in the institution.	noney and securities on deposit to your credit in
26		n by whom you are confined or restrained. If you
27		of corrections, name the warden or head of the
28	a department	or corrections, name the warden of nead of the

institution. If you are not in a specific institution of the department but within its custody, name the director of the department of corrections.

- (5) You must include all grounds or claims for relief which you may have regarding your conviction or sentence. Failure to raise all grounds in this petition may preclude you from filing future petitions challenging your conviction and sentence.
- (6) You must allege specific facts supporting the claims in the petition you file seeking relief from any conviction or sentence. Failure to allege specific facts rather than just conclusions may cause your petition to be dismissed. If your petition contains a claim of ineffective assistance of counsel, that claim will operate to waive the attorney-client privilege for the proceeding in which you claim your counsel was ineffective.
- (7) When the petition is fully completed, the original and copy must be filed with the clerk of the state district court for the county in which you were convicted. One copy must be mailed to the respondent, one copy to the attorney general's office, and one copy to the district attorney of the county in which you were convicted or to the original prosecutor if you are challenging your original conviction or sentence. Copies must conform in all particulars to the original submitted for filing.

PETITION

1.	Name of institution and county in which you are presently imprisoned or where and
how you are pr	esently restrained of you liberty: N.A.C.C. CARSON City. N.
2.	Name and location of court which entered the judgment of conviction under attack:
	Eighte Juck Dist
3.	Date of judgment of conviction: May 4, 1981
4.	Case Number: <u>Co52190</u>
5.	(a) Length of sentence: 4 Like with 1055 bility
OF LA	2015, 30 YEARS

1	6.	Are you presently serving a sentence for a conviction other than the conviction under
2	attack in this m	notion? Yes No
3	If "yes	", list crime, case number and sentence being served at this time:
4		
5	7.	Nature of offense involved in conviction being challenged: Robbez/co
6	Kidwas	Profes , STALLATIANT
7	·	<u> </u>
8	8.	What was your plea? (check one)
9		(a) Not guilty (c) Guilty but mentally ill
10		(b) Guilty (d) Nolo contender
11	9.	If you entered a plea of guilty to one count of an indictment or information, and a
12	plea of not g	uilty to another count of an indictment of information, or if a plea of guilty was
13	negotiated, giv	ve details:
14		
15		
16		
17	10.	If you were found guilty after a plea of not guilty, was the finding made by: (check one)
18		(a) Jury
19		(b) Judge without a jury
20	11.	Did you testify at the trial? Yes No
21	12.	Did you appeal from the judgment of conviction?
22		YesNo
23	13.	If you did appeal, answer the following:
24		(a) Name of court: Neuron S. Breeze Court
25		(b) Case number or citation:
26		(c) Result: Decision
27		(d) Date of result: 1883
28	(Attac	h copy of order or decision, if available)

14.	If you	did not a	appeal, explain briefly why you did not:
1.5			lirect appeal from the judgment of conviction and sentence, have you
15.			applications or motions with respect to this judgment in any court
state or federa			No
16.			to No. 15 was "yes," give the following information:
10.	(a)	(1)	
	(=)	(2)	Name of proceeding:
		(3)	Grounds raised: ESETTICITY 15535
er C	ند در در د	≥5C/	
		(4)	Did you receive an evidentiary hearing on your petition, application
or motion?	Yes_	V	No
		(5)	Result: DEOTED
		(6)	Date of result: 1984
		(7)	If known, citations of any written opinion or date of orders entered
pursuant to su	ich resul	lt:	
	(b)	As to	any second petition, application or motion, give the same information
		(1)	Name of court: Start Discourt
		(2)	Nature of proceeding:
		(3)	Grounds raised:
		(4)	Did you receive an evidentiary hearing on your petition, application
or motion?	Yes .		No /
		(5)	Result:
		(6)	Date of result: Feb 28 1994

1	C	7) If known, citations of any written opinion or date of orders entered
2	pursuant to such result:	
3	(c) A	as to any third or subsequent additional applications or motions, give the
4	same information as abov	e, list them on a separate sheet and attach.
5	(d) D	oid you appeal to the highest state or federal court having jurisdiction, the
6	result or action taken on a	ny petition, application or motion?
7	(1) First petition, application or motion?
8		Yes No
9	C	2) Second petition, application or motion?
10		Yes No
11	(1	Third or subsequent petitions, applications or motions?
12		Yes No
13		Citation or date of decision.
14	(e) I	f you did not appeal from the adverse action on any petition, application or
15	motion, explain briefly w	hy you did not. (You must relate specific facts in response to this question.
16	Your response may be in	cluded on paper which is 8 ½ by 11 inches attached to the petition. Your
17	response may not exceed	five handwritten or typewritten pages in length)
18		
19		
20		
21	17. Has any	ground being raised in this petition been previously presented to this or any
22	other court by way of pe	etition for habeas corpus, motion, application or any other post-conviction
23	proceeding? If so, identify	y:
24	(a) V	Which of the grounds is the same:
25		
26	_	
27		
28	(b) T	The proceedings in which these grounds were raised:

2	
3	(c) Briefly explain why you are again raising these grounds. (You must relate
4	specific facts in response to this question. Your response may be included on paper which is 8 ½ by
5	11 inches attached to the petition. Your response may not exceed five handwritten or typewritten
6	pages in length.)
7	
8	
9	18. If any of the grounds listed in Nos. 23(a, (b), (c) and (d), or listed on any additional
0	pages you have attached, were not previously presented in any other court, state or federal, list
.1	briefly what grounds were not so presented, and give your reasons for not presenting them. (You
2	must relate specific facts in response to this question. Your response may be included on paper
13	which is 8 ½ by 11 inches attached to the petition. Your response may not exceed five handwritten or
14	typewritten pages in length.)
15	Brandone, did wat exist kind To June 1771.
16	2019
17	19. Are you filing this petition more than 1 year following the filing of the judgment of
18	conviction or the filing of a decision on direct appeal? If so, state briefly the reasons for the delay.
19	(You must relate specific facts in response to this question. Your response may be included on paper
20	which is 8 ½ by 11 inches attached to the petition. Your response may not exceed five handwritten or
21	typewritten pages in length.) The issue did in the issue
22	TO JUSE 17 2019
23	20. Do you have any petition or appeal now pending in any court, either state or federal,
24	as to the judgment under attack? Yes No
25	If yes, state what court and the case number: New, 5 contract with 78868
26	21. Give the name of each attorney who represented you in the proceeding resulting in
27	your conviction and on direct appeal:
28	

1	
2	
3	22. Do you have any future sentences to serve after you complete the sentence imposed
4	by the judgment under attack:
5	Yes No
6	23. State concisely every ground on which you claim that you are being held unlawfully.
7	Summarize briefly the facts supporting each ground. If necessary you may attach pages stating
8	additional grounds and facts supporting same.
9	(a) Ground One:
10	BURKETTS SENTENCE HAS DEGLE
11	unionstitutional in Violation of
12	The Eighth AMERICAS COST
13	
14	Supporting Facts:
15	IN JAS 2002, BURKETT WAS FIRED IN
16	Solving Confidence, where HE
17	RELOND FOR TISE NEXT 16 YEARS
18	WITHOUT SOUND INTERNATION OR
19	ENVIRONMENTAL STIMELATION
20	(2) 3 YEARS 120 GOLITARY CONTINUEST
21	Buzket in 2005, began TO EXT. 6.7
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23	57725 D'SCHERS ; a ODSESSICE
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25	EXCESSIVE EXECUSE" PANIE ATTACKS
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27	PER DAY: (SEE CROWN OWE
28	Continues on lige 15)
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1	(b) Ground Two:
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6	Supporting Facts:
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1	(c) Ground T	Three:			
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li .	porting Facts:				
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1	(d) Ground Four:
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6	Supporting Facts:
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1	(e) Ground Five:
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6	Supporting Facts:
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WHEREFORE, petitioner prays that the court grant petitioner Relief to which he may be entitled in this proceeding.

Day of July , 20 19.

Soll Burtoll

<u>VERIFICATION</u>

Under penalty of perjury, the undersigned declares that he is the petitioner named in the foregoing petition and knows the contents thereof; that the pleading is true of his own knowledge, except as to those matters stated on information and belief, and as to such matters he believes them to be true.

Retitioner

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL

LAS VECAS. NOS.

89153

S gnature of Petitioner In Pro Se

AFFIRMATION Pursuant to NRS 239B.030

2	The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document.
3	OF HABERS COPPIN
4	(Title of Document)
5	
6	filed in case number:
7	
8	Document does not contain the social security number of any person
9	-OR-
10	Document contains the social security number of a person as required by:
11	A specific state or federal law, to wit:
12	(State specific state or federal law)
13	(State specific state of federal law)
14	-or-
15	For the administration of a public program
16	-or-
17	For an application for a federal or state grant
18	-0r-
19	Confidential Family Court Information Sheet (NRS 125.130, NRS 125.230 and NRS125B.055)
20	(CCO.QCZIGAVI DHR OCZ.CZI GAVI, OCI.CZI GAVI)
21	O(1)
22	Date: 7-31 - 19 (Signature)
23	(Signature)
24	(Print Name)
25	(Attorney for)
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(Ground one, Continued Fr. Pg. 7) 2 (3) Duzkett Asis Received Numerous 3. Misconduct Relaxis For As (15) 4. MASTERBATION STARTING IN 2005. 5 (4) OUER THE YEARS BURKET ANS 6. REQUESTED, MENTAL HERITE CIAE. 7. Mental Hexith Simply Retused to PROUBLE MENTH CARE TO 9. BURKETT (SEE N. D.O.S. BRIZUXUSCE 10, 2006-30-60229) 11. (5) ON JUNE 17Th 2019 BAKELT 12. APERES GETGER TESE NEURON PRACES 13, Boxed, on Courts 2,3 mos 4 14. OF AIS JUSSIENT OF CONVICTION 15, 6) Puxual TO N.R.S. 213, 12,14 16. Byakett LOSKS ASSESSED AS A 19. High Risk to RE-OFFER DASED 12. 50 EX ON A.S (P.T.S.D) AND 12 Misconduce Reports There From. 20 (7) The MADIE DOXX ON THESE 12. 2018 21. Node Stecitic RECOMMENSALIONS 22. That BLAKET RECEYSE PSYChological 23. HEIP TO REJUE HIS OWER 24 All RISK TO BE-COTTED 2 (Continued on Pe 16) 28 (15)

(Grand one Continued FR. Pg. 15) 2 (8) N. J.O.C. HAS REWISED hime in 5 (9) IT'S BURKETS CONTENTION THAT 6. THE WEU. DEPIT OF CORRECTIONS CAN 7. NOT INFLICT PSYChological Harm 8 wood them in Victation of The 9 Eignil ANEWONEUT U.S. CONSTITUTES 10 (He YEXTS IN BUTTARY CONTINENT) 11. Without BoxIN WITHALTION OR 12. ENVIRONMENTAI STIMELATIONS) THEN 13. LESE THAT EIGHTLA MIES, VIOLATION, 18 HARM THEREFROM TO ASSESS AND 15. BLORE BURKETT PURSURATIO 16 N.2.5. 213. 1214 The Arghest Risk 17. STORE TO RE-GITTED, ETTELTIVELY 18 Killing ANY POSTISITY OF PARCE 19. AS CANITED IN BURKETT'S GENTENCES 26 (10) BLAKETT CONTENSS THAT HIS 21. SENTENCES IN COUNTS 2,3 xx54 22 And BECOME WEGESTITE WAL 23 W Violation of The Eighth Autid. 29. U.S. CONST. AND TINE DURKET 26 (Coutin used ous Pg. 17) 25.. 28 (16)

Brandone Continued B. (8.16) or Cyclological Dis 2. 15 BUFFER. 45 HE is And Che DE 3 Kasa (25) 4 INCARCEDATES THE REST OF HIS 5 Lite For Sychological Harm 4 INFLICTED WOOD HID IN VIOLATION 7 OF THE EIGHT ANEWS. U.S. CONST. 8 EVEN MORE SO CONFERENCE H 9. 18 ST RECEIVING PROSER MENTAL 10 HINITA CARE 12 (11) BARETT CONTENSS THAT HE 13 SENTEYCES IN COUNT 2, 3 AND 4 14 GF, His Juguent of Convictions 15 HAUE BECOME CLOCOSTITUTIONI 16 IN VIOLATION OF THE EIGHTH 17 Ayerd. U.S. Coust. And The 18. HE 15 ENTITIES TO DE BE/21320 19 02 RESENTENCES TO A CETERMINET 20 TERM OF INTRIBUTED 21. THE STATE MAY NOT KEEP BOXKETE 22 ENCHALEDATED THE REST OF KIS 23. Lire Brosed LPGD 3 The STATE 24 INFlicted as Him in Violation ₹... 27 (Controver on Per 18) 28

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21. A 90 day PRISELS DENTERCE FOR
22. The CRINE OF being Addicted
   TO THE USE OF ARCOTICS
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(Grandone Continued 17. de 18) 2. The ofinion Rest wow The 3. Rolositions That " EVEN ONE day 4. In PRISEN WOULD BEACREEL AND 5 un usual revisament For The 6 "CRIME" OF HAVING A COMMON 7. Cold 370 4.5 AT 667 9 The Eigenin AMENDAGE PROTECTS NOT 10 and insuites " thysical Health, but 11. Their Mental Reports AS egell, The 12. Gunz Grandard That Reces 13 AGRIDSE PHYSICH TORTERE PROLIGIO 14 Alesta Tortess" contras o 15 STAIDER 639 F. 50 P 25 654 (2007) 16 17 LESERENSHERE, BURGET AND AND 18 Gychological Hazu insticted whom 19 10 Violation of The Eigene we 20 TO CONTINUE HIS INCHACERATION 21 Puzzument To M.Z. S. 213.1214 BASED 22 upon A RISK BEGGE FACTOR OFTERT HARM 23 15115 BEIT AN EXTUR ANEWSCHE 24. Violation And Co NSCIENCES 25 NEUTAL TORTUZE 26 ... 27 .. 28. (19)

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Petitioner,

vs. Isidro Baca,

Joel Burkett,

Respondent,

Case No: A-19-800052-W Department 12

ORDER FOR PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Petitioner filed a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction Relief) on August 05, 2019. The Court has reviewed the Petition and has determined that a response would assist the Court in determining whether Petitioner is illegally imprisoned and restrained of his/her liberty, and good cause appearing therefore,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Respondent shall, within 45 days after the date of this Order, answer or otherwise respond to the Petition and file a return in accordance with the provisions of NRS 34.360 to 34.830, inclusive.

IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED that this matter shall be placed on this Court's

Calendar on the 17th day of OHobee , 2019, at the hour of

830 o'clock for further proceedings.

District Court Judge

A – 19 – 800052 – W OPWH Order for Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpt

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Electronically Filed 10/10/2019 2:40 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 RSPN STEVEN B. WOLFSON 2 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 TALEEN PANDUKHT Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #005734 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 5 Attorney for Plaintiff 6 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA. 10 Plaintiff, 11 CASE NO: A-19-800052-W JOEL BURKETT, aka 12 Raymond Haire, DEPT NO: XII #609533 13 Defendant. 14 15 STATE'S RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS 16 DATE OF HEARING: OCTOBER 17, 2019 17 TIME OF HEARING: 8:30 AM COMES NOW, the State of Nevada, by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark County 18 19 District Attorney, through TALEEN PANDUKHT, Chief Deputy District Attorney, and 20 hereby submits the attached Points and Authorities in Response to Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. 21 22 This response is made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the 23 attached points and authorities in support hereof, and oral argument at the time of hearing, if 24 deemed necessary by this Honorable Court. 25 ///

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POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On January 19, 1981, the State of Nevada charged Joel Burkett by way if Information with Count 1- Robbery and Use of a Deadly Weapon In Commission of a Crime; Count 2- First Degree Kidnapping and Use of a Deadly Weapon In Commission of a Crime.; Count 3- Sexual Assault; and Count 4- Sexual Assault. On May 4, 1981, the jury found Defendant guilty on all counts.

On June 2, 1981, Defendant was sentenced to serve a term in the Nevada State Prison as follows: Count 1, fifteen (15) years for Robbery and an additional fifteen (15) for Use of a Deadly Weapon in Commission of a Crime, to be served consecutively. Count 2 is to be served consecutive to Count 1; Counts 3 and 4 to be served concurrent to the sentences imposed in Counts 1 and 2. Defendant granted credit for time served of 165 days.

On July 19, 1981, the Judgement of Conviction was filed. On July 19, 1981, Defendant filed a Notice of Appeal. On April 23, 1983, the Nevada Supreme Court dismissed the Appeal. Remittitur issued on May 10, 1983. On February 28, 1994, Defendant filed a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction). On February 28, 1994, the District Court granted in part and denied in part Defendant's petition. On June 17, 1999, Defendant filed a second petition. On August 12, 1999, the District Court denied Defendant's petition.

On August 31, 1999, Defendant filed a Notice of Appeal. On July 10, 2001, the Nevada Supreme Court affirmed the judgment of the District Court. Remittitur issued on August 7, 2001.

On November 19, 2001, Defendant filed a Third Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. On January 24, 2002, the District Court denied Defendant's petition.

On March 20, 2002, Defendant filed a Notice of Appeal. On February 6, 2003, the Nevada Supreme Court reversed the judgment of the District Court and remanded ///

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the matter for further proceedings consistent with their Order. Remittitur issued on March 4, 2003.

On February 19, 2003, Defendant filed a Fourth Petition. On May 1, 2003, the District Court denied Defendant's Third and Fourth Petitions.

On May 27, 2003, Defendant filed a Notice of Appeal. On March 5, 2004, the Nevada Supreme Court affirmed the District Court's denial of Defendant's Fourth Petition. Remittitur issued on March 30, 2004.

On September 1, 2004, Defendant filed a Fifth Petition. On October 19, 2004 the District Court denied Defendant's fifth Petition. The Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law were filed on November 1, 2004.

On May 13, 2005, Defendant filed a Sixth Petition. On July 5, 2005, the District Court dismissed Defendant's Sixth Petition. On August 9, 2005, Defendant filed a Notice of Appeal. On November 15, 2005, the Nevada Supreme Court affirmed the judgment of the District Court. Remittitur issued on December 13, 2005.

On July 7, 2011, Defendant filed a Seventh Petition. On October 25, 2011, the District Court granted the State's Motion to Dismiss and Ordered the Clerk of the Court to transfer the Petition to the Seventh Judicial District. On June 14, 2013, Defendant filed an Eighth Petition. On February 20, 2014, the Supreme Court of Nevada and affirmed the judgment of the District Court.

On November 5, 2015, Defendant filed a Notice of Appeal. The Nevada Supreme Court filed an Order of Reversal and Remand on July 12, 2017, transferring Defendant's petition challenging the computation of time served to the Eighth Judicial District Court.

On March 2, 2018, the District Court filed an Amended Judgment of Conviction to reflect what was ordered by the Court at the time of sentencing.

On August 30, 2019 Burkett filed a Ninth Post-Conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. The State's response follows.

<u>ARGUMENT</u>

I. THE PETITION IS TIME-BARRED

A petition challenging a judgment of conviction's validity must be filed within one year of the judgment or within one year of the remittitur, unless there is good cause to excuse delay. NRS 34.726(1). The Nevada Supreme Court has held that NRS 34.726 should be construed by its plain meaning. Pellegrini v. State, 117 Nev. 860, 873–74, 34 P.3d 519, 528 (2001). The one-year time bar proscribed by NRS 34.726 begins to run from the date the judgment of conviction is filed or a remittitur from a timely direct appeal is issued. Dickerson v. State, 114 Nev. 1084, 1087, 967 P.2d 1132, 1133–34 (1998).

The one-year time limit for preparing petitions for post-conviction relief under NRS 34.726 is strictly applied. In <u>Gonzales v. State</u>, 118 Nev. 590, 596, 53 P.3d 901, 904 (2002), the Nevada Supreme Court rejected a habeas petition that was filed two days late despite evidence presented by the defendant that he purchased postage through the prison and mailed the Notice within the one-year time limit.

Furthermore, the Nevada Supreme Court has held that the district court has a duty to consider whether a defendant's post-conviction petition claims are procedurally barred. State v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court (Riker), 121 Nev. 225, 231, 112 P.3d 1070, 1074 (2005). The Riker Court found that "[a]pplication of the statutory procedural default rules to post-conviction habeas petitions is mandatory," noting:

Habeas corpus petitions that are filed many years after conviction are an unreasonable burden on the criminal justice system. The necessity for a workable system dictates that there must exist a time when a criminal conviction is final.

Id. (quoting Groesbeck v. Warden, 100 Nev. 259, 261, 679 P.2d 1268, 1269 (1984)). Additionally, the Court noted that procedural bars "cannot be ignored [by the district court] when properly raised by the State." Id. at 233, 112 P.3d at 1075. The Nevada Supreme Court has granted no discretion to the district courts regarding whether to apply the statutory procedural bars; the rules *must* be applied.

Entry of an Amended Judgment of Conviction does not automatically restart the statutory time limit for post-conviction claims, <u>Sullivan v. State</u>, 120 Nev. 537, 540-1, 96 P.3d 761, 764 (2004), unless the prior Judgment of Conviction was statutorily deficient (*e.g.*, failed to fix an amount of restitution where restitution was contemplated), <u>see Whitehead v. State</u>, 128 Nev. 262, 263, 285 P.3d 1053, 1055 (2012). Otherwise, since the district court may amend the judgment of conviction at any time to correct a clerical error, or to correct an illegal sentence, restarting the one-year time period for all purposes every time an amendment occurs would frustrate the spirit and purpose of NRS 34.726. <u>Sullivan</u>, 120 Nev. at 540, 96 P.3d at 764. "[This] would undermine the doctrine of finality of judgments by allowing petitioners to file post-conviction habeas petitions in perpetuity." <u>Id.</u> Where a defendant is not challenging the proceedings related to an Amended Judgment of Conviction, the one-year time bar runs from the date Remittitur issued from the affirmance of his Judgment of Conviction, or one year from entry of his original Judgment of Conviction. <u>Id.</u> at 541, 96 P.3d at 764.

Here, Petitioner's original Judgement of Conviction ("JOC") was filed on July 29, 1981, an Amended Judgment of Conviction ("AJOC") was filed on February 28, 1994. On March 2, 2018, the District Court filed a secondary AJOC. However, Petitioner failed to file his Ninth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus ("Petition") until August 30, 2019. Therefore, the Petition must be dismissed as it was filed well after the one-year time bar.

II. THE PETITION IS SUCCESSIVE

Defendant's Petition is procedurally barred because it is successive. NRS 34.810(2) reads:

A second or successive petition *must* be dismissed if the judge or justice determines that it fails to allege new or different grounds for relief and that the prior determination was on the merits or, if new and different grounds are alleged, the judge or justice finds that the failure of the petitioner to assert those grounds in a prior petition constituted an abuse of the writ.

(emphasis added). Second or successive petitions are petitions that either fail to allege new or different grounds for relief and the grounds have already been decided on the merits or that allege new or different grounds, but a judge or justice finds that the petitioner's failure to assert

those grounds in a prior petition would constitute an abuse of the writ. Second or successive petitions will only be decided on the merits if the petitioner can show good cause and prejudice. NRS 34.810(3); Lozada v. State, 110 Nev. 349, 358, 871 P.2d 944, 950 (1994).

The Nevada Supreme Court has stated: "Without such limitations on the availability of post-conviction remedies, prisoners could petition for relief in perpetuity and thus abuse post-conviction remedies. In addition, meritless, successive and untimely petitions clog the court system and undermine the finality of convictions." Lozada, 110 Nev. at 358, 871 P.2d at 950. The Nevada Supreme Court recognizes that "[u]nlike initial petitions which certainly require a careful review of the record, successive petitions may be dismissed based solely on the face of the petition." Ford v. Warden, 111 Nev. 872, 882, 901 P.2d 123, 129 (1995). In other words, if the claim or allegation was previously available with reasonable diligence, it is an abuse of the writ to wait to assert it in a later petition. McClesky v. Zant, 499 U.S. 467, 497-498 (1991). Application of NRS 34.810(2) is mandatory. See Riker, 121 Nev. at 231, 112 P.3d at 1074.

Here, Petitioner has filed his *ninth* petition asserting a violation of his Eighth Amendment rights. Petitioner asserts he suffers "psychological pain" knowing he may be incarcerated for life and due to his "risk factor score" given to Petitioner at his parole board hearing. Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, at 19.

Prior petitions alleged: a 14th Amendment violation because Petitioner had been denied the possibility of parole contrary to his sentence; that since Petitioner has been incarcerated out of state, the parole panel has no authority to certify him; that there was a discrepancy between the orally stated sentence by the trial court and the original JOC; an ex post facto violation because he was entitled to the law in effect at the time of his conviction and the State was required to treat Count II of his sentence as one continuous term for the purpose of good time credits and parole eligibility; that Petitioner was never given a parole hearing in 1997 thus Petitioner's parole granted in 1998 should be counted from 1997; Petitioner claimed ineffective assistance of counsel, a violation of his 6th Amendment rights and his 14th Amendment rights of due process; Petitioner alleged the parole panel again lacked authority

to sentence him, and that he is entitled to release from Count II of his JOC; and the computation of his sentence, in which the Court agreed, reversed, and remanded to the District Court.

Therefore, the Petition should be dismissed because Defendant's present claims could have been raised at any time in his eight past petitions. Moreover, Petitioner's issue with the computation of his sentence has already been addressed when the Court Amended the original JOC. Thus, this Court should dismiss the present petition because it fails to allege new grounds for relief.

III. PETITIONER FAILS TO SHOW GOOD CAUSE

A showing of good cause and prejudice may overcome procedural bars. "To establish good cause, appellants *must* show that an impediment external to the defense prevented their compliance with the applicable procedural rule. A qualifying impediment might be shown where the factual or legal basis for a claim was not reasonably available at the time of default." Clem v. State, 119 Nev. 615, 621, 81 P.3d 521, 525 (2003) (emphasis added). The Court continued, "appellants cannot manufacture good cause[.]" Id. at 621, 81 P.3d at 526. To establish prejudice, the defendant must show "not merely that the errors of [the proceedings] created possibility of prejudice, but that they worked to his actual and substantial disadvantage, in affecting the state proceedings with error of constitutional dimensions." Hogan v. Warden, 109 Nev. 952, 960, 860 P.2d 710, 716 (1993) (quoting United States v. Frady, 456 U.S. 152, 170, 102 S. Ct. 1584, 1596 (1982)). To find good cause there must be a "substantial reason; one that affords a legal excuse." Hathaway v. State, 119 Nev. 248, 252, 71 P.3d 503, 506 (2003) (quoting Colley v. State, 105 Nev. 235, 236, 773 P.2d 1229, 1230 (1989)). Clearly, any delay in the filing of the petition must not be the fault of the petitioner. NRS 34.726(1)(a).

A petitioner raising good cause to excuse procedural bars must do so within a reasonable time after the alleged good cause arises. See Pellegrini, 117 Nev. at 869-70, 34 P.3d at 525-26 (holding that the time bar in NRS 34.726 applies to successive petitions); see generally Hathaway, 119 Nev. at 252-53, 71 P.3d at 506-07 (stating that a claim reasonably available to the petitioner during the statutory time period did not constitute good cause to excuse a delay in filing). A claim that is itself procedurally barred cannot constitute good

cause. Riker, 121 Nev. at 235, 112 P.3d at 1077; see also Edwards v. Carpenter, 529 U.S. 446, 453 120 S. Ct. 1587, 1592 (2000).

Here, Petitioner does not even attempt to argue good cause to overcome the procedural bars. Petitioner fails to cite any reason as to why his petition was untimely. Petitioner's disagreement with the parole panel's sentencing decision is not good cause. Moreover, Petitioner's "psychological pain" due to the possibility of being incarcerated for life fails to show good cause as Petitioner knew of this possibility when he was sentenced back in 1981. Furthermore, the Court recently clarified the computation of Petitioner's sentencing. Accordingly, this issue has not only been addressed by the Court, but lacks showing of good cause. Thus, this Petition is barred and must be denied.

CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, the State respectfully requests that the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus be denied.

DATED this _____ day of October, 2019.

Respectfully submitted,

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565

BY

TALEEN PANDUKHT
Chief Deputy District Attorne,
Nevada Bar #005734

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BYTP/ec/cg/L2

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing was made this __/oday of October, 2019, by depositing a copy in the U.S. Mail, postage pre-paid, addressed to:

JOEL BURKETT, BAC #16111 ELY STATE PRISON P.O. BOX 1989 ELY, NV 89301-1989

Y OWW SAW

Secretary for the District Attorney's Office

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ORDR

JOEL BURKETT,

VS.

ISIDRO BACA

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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

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MICHELLE LEAVITT

DISTRICT JUDGE

DEPARTMENT TWELVE LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89155 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

) Case No.: A-19-800052-W

Petitioner,

DEPT. No.: XII (Eleventh Petition)

Respondent

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. On January 19, 1981, the State of Nevada charged Joel Burkett ("Petitioner") by way of Information with Count 1, ROBBERY & USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN COMMISSION OF A CRIME (Felony NRS 200.380, 193.165); Count 2, FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING & USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN COMMISSION OF A CRIME (Felony NRS 200.310, 193.165); Count 3, SEXUAL ASSAULT (Felony NRS 200.364, 200.366); and Count 4, SEXUAL ASSAULT (Felony NRS 200.364, 200.366).
- 2. On May 4, 1981, the jury found the Petitioner guilty of Count 1, ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON; Count 2, FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON; Count 3, SEXUAL ASSAULT; and Count 4, SEXUAL ASSAULT.
- 3. On June 2, 1981, Petitioner was sentenced to serve a term in the Nevada State Prison as follows: Count 1, Fifteen years for Robbery and a consecutive fifteen (15) years for Use of a Deadly Weapon in Commission of a Crime; Count 2, Life with Possibility of Parole and a consecutive term of Life with the Possibility of Parole for Use of a Deadly Weapon in Commission of a Crime; Count 2 is to be served consecutive to Count 1; Count 3, Life with Possibility of Parole; Count 3 to run concurrent to count 2; and Count 4, Life with Possibility of Parole. Count 4 to be served consecutive to count 3.
 - 4. On June 19, 1981, Petitioner filed a direct appeal.
 - 5. On July 29, 1981, the District Court filed the Judgment of Conviction.
- 6. On April 21, 1983, the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada dismissed the appeal. Remittitur issued on May 10, 1983.

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- 7. On February 2, 1994, Petitioner filed his first Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 8. On February 28, 1994, the District Court filed an Amended Judgment of Conviction.
- 9. On June 7, 1999, Petitioner filed his second Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 10. On August 18, 1999, the District Court filed the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order whereby the District Court denied Petitioner's second Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- On August 31, 1999, Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal of the District Court's denial of his second Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 12. On August 21, 2001, the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada affirmed the District Court's denial of Petitioner's second Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- On November 19, 2001, Petitioner filed his third Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- On February 14, 2002, the District Court filed the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order whereby the District Court denied Petitioner's third Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 15. On March 20, 2002, Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal of the District Court's denial of his third Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- On February 19, 2003, Petitioner filed his fourth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- On March 7, 2003, in response to Petitioner's Notice of Appeal of the District Court's denial of his third Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction), the Nevada Supreme Court ordered "the judgment of the district court REVERSED AND REMANDED to the district court for proceedings consistent with this order."
- On May 14, 2003, the District Court filed an Order whereby the District Court denied Petitioners fourth petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 19. On May 27, 2003, Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal of the District Court's denial of his fourth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).

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DEPARTMENT TWELVE

- 20. On April 2, 2004, the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada affirmed the District Court's denial of Petitioner's fourth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 21. On September 1, 2004, Petitioner filed his fifth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 22. On November 1, 2004, the District Court filed the findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order whereby the District Court denied Petitioners fifth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 23. On May 13, 2005, Petitioner filed his sixth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 24. On July 25, 2005, the District Court filed the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order whereby the District Court dismissed Petitioners sixth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 25. On August 9, 2005, Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal of the district Court's denial of his sixth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 26. On December 16, 2005, the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada affirmed the District Court's denial of Petitioner's sixth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 27. On July 7, 2011, Petitioner filed his seventh Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 28. On November 14, 2011, the District Court filed an Order Granting State's Motion to Dismiss and Order Directing Clerk of Court to Transfer [the seventh] Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus to the Seventh Judicial District.
- 29. On June 14, 2013, Petitioner filed his eighth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 30. On July 10, 2013, the District Court filed the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order whereby the District Court denied Petitioners eighth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 31. On July 22, 2013, Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal of the District Court's denial of his eighth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 32. On February 20, 2014, the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada affirmed the District Court's denial of Petitioner's eighth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).

MICHELLE LEAVITT

DISTRICT JUDGE

DEPARTMENT TWELVE LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89155

- 33. On September 7, 2016, Petitioner filed his ninth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 34. On October 31, 2016, the District Court filed the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order whereby the District Court denied Petitioner's ninth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 35. On November 10, 2016, Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal of the District Court's denial of his ninth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 36. On August 14, 2017, the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada reversed and remanded the District Court's denial of Petitioner's ninth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) because the Petition was a time computation issue and should have been filed in the county where the Petitioner is currently serving his prison term.
- 37. On March 2, 2018, the District Court filed an Amended Judgement of Conviction clarifying that Count 3 was to run concurrent to Count 2, and Count 4 was to run consecutive to Count 3.
- 38. On June 14, 2018, Petitioner filed a notice of appeal on the Amended Judgement of Conviction and Writ of Mandamus seeking the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada to direct the Nevada Department of Corrections to accurately calculate his sentence.
- 39. On January 17, 2019, the Appeals Court of the State of Nevada filed an Order dismissing the appeal.
- 40. On February 1, 2019, Petitioner filed his tenth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 41. On February 7, 2019, Petitioner filed a Motion to amend the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus and supplemented his argument.
- 42. On April 18, 2019, the court issued Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law denying Petitioner's tenth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction). Notice of Entry of Order was filed on April 22, 2019 and Petitioner thereafter filed a Notice of Appeal on May 20, 2019.
- 43. While his appeal is still pending on the denial of his tenth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, Petitioner filed the instant eleventh Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) on August 5, 2019.

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MICHELLE LEAVITT

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LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89155

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- NRS 34.726(1) governing "Limitations on time to file...," requires that a 1. petition for writ of habeas corpus "must be filed within 1 year after entry of judgment of conviction or, if an appeal has been taken from the judgment, within 1 year after the appellate court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to the rules fixed by the Supreme Court pursuant to Section 4 of article 6 of the Nevada Constitution issues its remittitur." Late filing of a petition may be excused from procedural default if the petitioner can establish good cause for delay in bringing the claim. Id. Good cause for late filing consists of showing that; (1)"delay is not the fault of the petitioner"; and (2) "dismissal of the petition as untimely will unduly prejudice the petitioner." *Id.* at (1)(a)-(b).
- A successive petition must be dismissed if the court determines that the petitioner failed to allege new or different grounds for relief and that the prior determination was on the merits or, if the court determines that the petitioner's failure to assert those grounds in a prior petition constituted an abuse of the writ. NRS 34.810(2).
- A petitioner may file a successive petition if he can demonstrate: (1) good cause for failure to present the claim or for presenting the claim again; and (2) actual prejudice. NRS 34.810(3)(a)(b).
- 4. Unlike initial petitions, which certainly require a careful review of the record, successive petitions may be dismissed based solely on the face of the petition. Ford v. Warden, 111 Nev. 872, 882, 901 P.2d 123, 129 (1995).
- Application of the statutory procedural default rules to post-conviction habeas petitions is mandatory unless the petitioner can demonstrate good cause why the grounds were not raised in a prior petition or within the statutorily permitted time period. State v. District Court (Riker), 121 Nev. 225, 231, 112 P.3d 1070, 1074 (2005). A court must dismiss a habeas petition if it presents claims that either were or could have been presented in an earlier proceeding, unless the court finds both: (1) good cause for failing to present the claims earlier or for raising them again; and (2) actual prejudice to the petitioner. Evans v. State, 117 Nev. 609, 621-622, 28 P.3d 498, 507 (2001); NRS 34.810.
- 6. The court may excuse the failure to show good cause where the prejudice from a failure to consider the claim amounts to a fundamental miscarriage of justice. Mazzan v. Whitley, 112 Nev. 838, 842, 921 P.2d 920, 922 (1996); Pellegrini v. State, 117 Nev. 860, 887, 34 P.3d 519, 537 (2001). To meet this standard, a petitioner "must show that it is more likely than not that no reasonable juror would have convicted him absent a constitutional violation." Id.
- 7. This is Petitioner's eleventh Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (postconviction). He filed it on August 5, 2019 thirty six (36) years after issuance of the remittitur on direct appeal on May 10, 1983. Thus, the petition was untimely filed. See NRS 34.726(1). Moreover, the petition is successive because Petitioner previously filed ten

MICHELLE LEAVITT
DISTRICT JUDGE

DEPARTMENT TWELVE LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89155 (10) petitions for relief. See NRS 34.810(2). The petition is procedurally barred absent a showing of good cause and actual prejudice. See NRS 34.726(1); NRS 34.810(3).

Petitioner attempts to establish good cause by alleging the grounds were not previously available, and therefore, he can demonstrate good cause. Pursuant to his hearing before the Parole Board, Petitioner underwent an evaluation pursuant to NRS 213.1214 which resulted in Petitioner being assessed as a high risk to reoffend. Petitioner believes the high risk rating was the result of his PTSD and misconduct reports. Petitioner contends he has PTSD as a result of spending sixteen (16) years in solitary confinement. *See* Petition, pg. 15.

Petitioner alleges the parole board made specific recommendations that petitioner receive mental health counseling to reduce his overall risk to reoffend, and that the Nevada Department of Corrections failed to provide any mental health services for him. Further, petitioner alleges the Nevada Department of Corrections violated his eighth amendment rights by placing him in solitary confinement for sixteen (16) years which caused the PTSD. He contends those same violations were used to score him the highest risk to reoffend pursuant to NRS 213.1214 which has effectively denied him the right to parole on counts 2, 3 and 4 of the judgment of conviction. Accordingly, petitioner contends his sentence has become unconstitutional and he is entitled to be released or resentenced to a determinant amount of time on counts 2, 3 and 4. See Petition pg. 16-17.

The Nevada Supreme Court has previously held that a petition for writ of habeas corpus may challenge the validity of current confinement, but not the conditions thereof. *Bowen v. Warden*, 100 Nev. 489, 490, 686 P.2d 250. 250 (1984); see also *Rogers v. Warden*, 84 Nev. 539, 445 P.2d 28 (1968). In *Rogers*, the court held that a claim of brutal treatment at the hands of prison officials was not cognizable on a habeas petition because the claim spoke to the conditions and not the validity of confinement. *Rogers* 84 Nev. at 540. Petitioner's inability to challenge the conditions of his confinement does not provide the good cause to overcome the mandatory procedural bar. Furthermore, petitioner failed to demonstrate that an impediment external to the defense excused his procedural defects. *See Hathaway v. State*, 119 Nev. 248, 252, 71 P.3d 503, 506 (2003).

THERFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) shall be, and it is, hereby DENIED.

Dated this day of October, 2019.

MACHELLE LEAVITT DISTRICT COURT JUDGE DEPARTMENT XII

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

1 **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING** 2 3 I hereby certify that on the date filed, I placed a copy of the Order for 4 Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) in the U.S. Mail, postage 5 prepaid to: 6 7 Joel Burkett #16111 Steven B. Wolfson Ely State Prison Clark County District Attorney 8 P.O. Box 1989 200 Lewis Avenue Ely, Nevada 89301 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 9 Aaron Ford 10 Nevada Attorney General 555 E. Washington, Suite 3900 11 Las Vegas, NV 89101-1068 12 13 14 15 16 Pamela Rocha 17 Judicial Executive Assistant Department XII 18 Eighth Judicial District Court 19 C052190 20 Joel Burkett 21 VS. 22 Isidro Baca 23 (Eleventh Petition) 24 25 **26** 27

MICHELLE LEAVITT DISTRICT JUDGE

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DEPARTMENT TWELVE

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vs.

ISIDRO BACA; ET AL,

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DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No: A-19-800052-W

Dept No: XII

Respondent,

Petitioner,

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on October 16, 2019, the court entered a decision or order in this matter, a true and correct copy of which is attached to this notice.

You may appeal to the Supreme Court from the decision or order of this court. If you wish to appeal, you must file a notice of appeal with the clerk of this court within thirty-three (33) days after the date this notice is mailed to you. This notice was mailed on October 21, 2019.

STEVEN D. GRIERSON, CLERK OF THE COURT

/s/ Debra Donaldson

Debra Donaldson, Deputy Clerk

CERTIFICATE OF E-SERVICE / MAILING

I hereby certify that <u>on this 21 day of October 2019</u>, I served a copy of this Notice of Entry on the following:

☑ By e-mail:

Clark County District Attorney's Office Attorney General's Office – Appellate Division-

☑ The United States mail addressed as follows:

Joel Burkett # 16111 P.O. Box 7000 Carson City, NV 89702

/s/ Debra Donaldson

Debra Donaldson, Deputy Clerk

-1-

Case Number: A-19-800052-W

Electronically Filed 10/16/2019 10:56 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

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MICHELLE LEAVITT

DISTRICT JUDGE

DEPARTMENT TWELVE LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89155

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

JOEL BURKETT,

Petitioner,

Vs.

DEPT. No.: XII

(Eleventh Petition)

Respondent

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. On January 19, 1981, the State of Nevada charged Joel Burkett ("Petitioner") by way of Information with Count 1, ROBBERY & USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN COMMISSION OF A CRIME (Felony NRS 200.380, 193.165); Count 2, FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING & USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN COMMISSION OF A CRIME (Felony NRS 200.310, 193.165); Count 3, SEXUAL ASSAULT (Felony NRS 200.364, 200.366); and Count 4, SEXUAL ASSAULT (Felony NRS 200.364, 200.366).
- 2. On May 4, 1981, the jury found the Petitioner guilty of Count 1, ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON; Count 2, FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON; Count 3, SEXUAL ASSAULT; and Count 4, SEXUAL ASSAULT.
- 3. On June 2, 1981, Petitioner was sentenced to serve a term in the Nevada State Prison as follows: Count 1, Fifteen years for Robbery and a consecutive fifteen (15) years for Use of a Deadly Weapon in Commission of a Crime; Count 2, Life with Possibility of Parole and a consecutive term of Life with the Possibility of Parole for Use of a Deadly Weapon in Commission of a Crime; Count 2 is to be served consecutive to Count 1; Count 3, Life with Possibility of Parole; Count 3 to run concurrent to count 2; and Count 4, Life with Possibility of Parole. Count 4 to be served consecutive to count 3.
 - 4. On June 19, 1981, Petitioner filed a direct appeal.
 - 5. On July 29, 1981, the District Court filed the Judgment of Conviction.
- 6. On April 21, 1983, the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada dismissed the appeal. Remittitur issued on May 10, 1983.

- 7. On February 2, 1994, Petitioner filed his first Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 8. On February 28, 1994, the District Court filed an Amended Judgment of Conviction.
- 9. On June 7, 1999, Petitioner filed his second Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 10. On August 18, 1999, the District Court filed the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order whereby the District Court denied Petitioner's second Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 11. On August 31, 1999, Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal of the District Court's denial of his second Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 12. On August 21, 2001, the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada affirmed the District Court's denial of Petitioner's second Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 13. On November 19, 2001, Petitioner filed his third Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 14. On February 14, 2002, the District Court filed the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order whereby the District Court denied Petitioner's third Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 15. On March 20, 2002, Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal of the District Court's denial of his third Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 16. On February 19, 2003, Petitioner filed his fourth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 17. On March 7, 2003, in response to Petitioner's Notice of Appeal of the District Court's denial of his third Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction), the Nevada Supreme Court ordered "the judgment of the district court REVERSED AND REMANDED to the district court for proceedings consistent with this order."
- 18. On May 14, 2003, the District Court filed an Order whereby the District Court denied Petitioners fourth petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 19. On May 27, 2003, Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal of the District Court's denial of his fourth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).

DISTRICT JUDGE

- 20. On April 2, 2004, the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada affirmed the District Court's denial of Petitioner's fourth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 21. On September 1, 2004, Petitioner filed his fifth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 22. On November 1, 2004, the District Court filed the findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order whereby the District Court denied Petitioners fifth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 23. On May 13, 2005, Petitioner filed his sixth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 24. On July 25, 2005, the District Court filed the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order whereby the District Court dismissed Petitioners sixth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 25. On August 9, 2005, Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal of the district Court's denial of his sixth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 26. On December 16, 2005, the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada affirmed the District Court's denial of Petitioner's sixth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 27. On July 7, 2011, Petitioner filed his seventh Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 28. On November 14, 2011, the District Court filed an Order Granting State's Motion to Dismiss and Order Directing Clerk of Court to Transfer [the seventh] Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus to the Seventh Judicial District.
- 29. On June 14, 2013, Petitioner filed his eighth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 30. On July 10, 2013, the District Court filed the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order whereby the District Court denied Petitioners eighth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 31. On July 22, 2013, Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal of the District Court's denial of his eighth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 32. On February 20, 2014, the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada affirmed the District Court's denial of Petitioner's eighth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).

DISTRICT JUDGE

- 33. On September 7, 2016, Petitioner filed his ninth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 34. On October 31, 2016, the District Court filed the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order whereby the District Court denied Petitioner's ninth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 35. On November 10, 2016, Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal of the District Court's denial of his ninth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 36. On August 14, 2017, the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada reversed and remanded the District Court's denial of Petitioner's ninth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) because the Petition was a time computation issue and should have been filed in the county where the Petitioner is currently serving his prison term.
- 37. On March 2, 2018, the District Court filed an Amended Judgement of Conviction clarifying that Count 3 was to run concurrent to Count 2, and Count 4 was to run consecutive to Count 3.
- 38. On June 14, 2018, Petitioner filed a notice of appeal on the Amended Judgement of Conviction and Writ of Mandamus seeking the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada to direct the Nevada Department of Corrections to accurately calculate his sentence.
- 39. On January 17, 2019, the Appeals Court of the State of Nevada filed an Order dismissing the appeal.
- 40. On February 1, 2019, Petitioner filed his tenth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
- 41. On February 7, 2019, Petitioner filed a Motion to amend the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus and supplemented his argument.
- 42. On April 18, 2019, the court issued Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law denying Petitioner's tenth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction). Notice of Entry of Order was filed on April 22, 2019 and Petitioner thereafter filed a Notice of Appeal on May 20, 2019.
- 43. While his appeal is still pending on the denial of his tenth Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, Petitioner filed the instant eleventh Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) on August 5, 2019.

DISTRICT JUDGE

MICHELLE LEAVITT

DISTRICT JUDGE

DEPARTMENT TWELVE LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89155

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. NRS 34.726(1) governing "Limitations on time to file...," requires that a petition for writ of habeas corpus "must be filed within 1 year after entry of judgment of conviction or, if an appeal has been taken from the judgment, within 1 year after the appellate court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to the rules fixed by the Supreme Court pursuant to Section 4 of article 6 of the Nevada Constitution issues its remittitur." Late filing of a petition may be excused from procedural default if the petitioner can establish good cause for delay in bringing the claim. *Id.* Good cause for late filing consists of showing that: (1)"delay is not the fault of the petitioner"; and (2) "dismissal of the petition as untimely will unduly prejudice the petitioner." *Id.* at (1)(a)-(b).
- 2. A successive petition must be dismissed if the court determines that the petitioner failed to allege new or different grounds for relief and that the prior determination was on the merits or, if the court determines that the petitioner's failure to assert those grounds in a prior petition constituted an abuse of the writ. NRS 34.810(2).
- 3. A petitioner may file a successive petition if he can demonstrate: (1) good cause for failure to present the claim or for presenting the claim again; and (2) actual prejudice. NRS 34.810(3)(a)(b).
- 4. Unlike initial petitions, which certainly require a careful review of the record, successive petitions may be dismissed based solely on the face of the petition. *Ford v. Warden*, 111 Nev. 872, 882, 901 P.2d 123, 129 (1995).
- 5. Application of the statutory procedural default rules to post-conviction habeas petitions is mandatory unless the petitioner can demonstrate good cause why the grounds were not raised in a prior petition or within the statutorily permitted time period. State v. District Court (Riker), 121 Nev. 225, 231, 112 P.3d 1070, 1074 (2005). A court must dismiss a habeas petition if it presents claims that either were or could have been presented in an earlier proceeding, unless the court finds both: (1) good cause for failing to present the claims earlier or for raising them again; and (2) actual prejudice to the petitioner. Evans v. State, 117 Nev. 609, 621-622, 28 P.3d 498, 507 (2001); NRS 34.810.
- 6. The court may excuse the failure to show good cause where the prejudice from a failure to consider the claim amounts to a fundamental miscarriage of justice. *Mazzan v. Whitley*, 112 Nev. 838, 842, 921 P.2d 920, 922 (1996); *Pellegrini v. State*, 117 Nev. 860, 887, 34 P.3d 519, 537 (2001). To meet this standard, a petitioner "must show that it is more likely than not that no reasonable juror would have convicted him absent a constitutional violation." *Id.*
- 7. This is Petitioner's eleventh Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (post-conviction). He filed it on August 5, 2019 thirty six (36) years after issuance of the remittitur on direct appeal on May 10, 1983. Thus, the petition was untimely filed. *See* NRS 34.726(1). Moreover, the petition is successive because Petitioner previously filed ten

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MICHELLE LEAVITT

DISTRICT JUDGE

DEPARTMENT TWELVE
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89155

(10) petitions for relief. See NRS 34.810(2). The petition is procedurally barred absent a showing of good cause and actual prejudice. See NRS 34.726(1); NRS 34.810(3).

Petitioner attempts to cstablish good cause by alleging the grounds were not previously available, and therefore, he can demonstrate good cause. Pursuant to his hearing before the Parole Board, Petitioner underwent an evaluation pursuant to NRS 213.1214 which resulted in Petitioner being assessed as a high risk to reoffend. Petitioner believes the high risk rating was the result of his PTSD and misconduct reports. Petitioner contends he has PTSD as a result of spending sixteen (16) years in solitary confinement. *See* Petition, pg. 15.

Petitioner alleges the parole board made specific recommendations that petitioner receive mental health counseling to reduce his overall risk to reoffend, and that the Nevada Department of Corrections failed to provide any mental health services for him. Further, petitioner alleges the Nevada Department of Corrections violated his eighth amendment rights by placing him in solitary confinement for sixteen (16) years which caused the PTSD. He contends those same violations were used to score him the highest risk to reoffend pursuant to NRS 213.1214 which has effectively denied him the right to parole on counts 2, 3 and 4 of the judgment of conviction. Accordingly, petitioner contends his sentence has become unconstitutional and he is entitled to be released or resentenced to a determinant amount of time on counts 2, 3 and 4. See Petition pg. 16-17.

The Nevada Supreme Court has previously held that a petition for writ of habeas corpus may challenge the validity of current confinement, but not the conditions thereof. *Bowen v. Warden*, 100 Nev. 489, 490, 686 P.2d 250. 250 (1984); see also *Rogers v. Warden*, 84 Nev. 539, 445 P.2d 28 (1968). In *Rogers*, the court held that a claim of brutal treatment at the hands of prison officials was not cognizable on a habeas petition because the claim spoke to the conditions and not the validity of confinement. *Rogers* 84 Nev. at 540. Petitioner's inability to challenge the conditions of his confinement does not provide the good cause to overcome the mandatory procedural bar. Furthermore, petitioner failed to demonstrate that an impediment external to the defense excused his procedural defects. *See Hathaway v. State*, 119 Nev. 248, 252, 71 P.3d 503, 506 (2003).

THERFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) shall be, and it is, hereby DENIED.

Dated this day of October, 2019.

MACHELLE LEAVITT DISTRICT COURT JUDGE DEPARTMENT XII

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

1 **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING** 2 3 I hereby certify that on the date filed, I placed a copy of the Order for 4 Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) in the U.S. Mail, postage 5 prepaid to: 6 7 Joel Burkett #16111 Steven B. Wolfson Ely State Prison Clark County District Attorney 8 P.O. Box 1989 200 Lewis Avenue Ely, Nevada 89301 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 9 Aaron Ford 10 Nevada Attorney General 555 E. Washington, Suite 3900 11 Las Vegas, NV 89101-1068 12 13 14 15 16 Pamela Rocha 17 Judicial Executive Assistant Department XII 18 Eighth Judicial District Court 19 C052190 20 Joel Burkett 21 VS. 22 Isidro Baca 23 (Eleventh Petition) 24 25 **26** 27

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MICHELLE LEAVITT
DISTRICT JUDGE

DEPARTMENT TWELVE

Electronically Filed 11/4/2019 11:24 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

(Name)
(I.D. No.)
Northern Nevada Correctional Center

Northern Nevada Correctional Center Post Office Box 7000 Carson City, Nevada 89702

Petitioner/Defendant,

vs.

Dept. No. 12

15: DRO BACA

Respondent/Plaintiff

NOTICE OF APPEAL

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I, JOEI BURKETT appeal the Judgment / Order entered on the 16m day of October, 2019 by this court.

Dated this 30 day of oct ,2019

ECEIVED

(Signature)

NOV 04 2019

CLERK OF THE COURT

-1-

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL

Pursuant to NRCP Rule 5(b), I hereby certify that I am the Defendant named
herein and that on this 30 day of 0, 20ff, I mailed a
true and correct copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF APPEAL to the following:
t .
Clark County District Attorney
200 LECOIS ADE
145 Jag NO 88155-2512

(Signature)

AFFIRMATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239B.030

** I certify that the foregoing document DOES NOT contain the social security number of any persons.

10-30 · 19 (Date)

(Signature)

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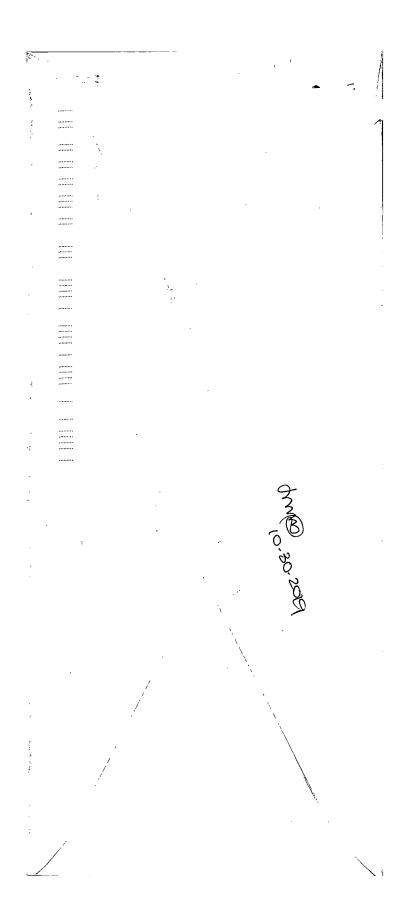
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JOEL BURKETT,

VS.

ISIDRO BACA,

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IN THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK

Case No: A-19-800052-W

Dept No: XII

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CASE APPEAL STATEMENT

1. Appellant(s): Joel Burkett

Petitioner(s),

Respondent(s),

2. Judge: Michelle Leavitt

3. Appellant(s): Joel Burkett

Counsel:

Joel Burkett #16111 P.O. Box 7000 Carson City, NV 89702

4. Respondent (s): Isidro Baca

Counsel:

Steven B. Wolfson, District Attorney 200 Lewis Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89155-2212

A-19-800052-W

-1-

Case Number: A-19-800052-W

	5.	Appellant(s)'s Attorney Licensed in Nevada: N/A Permission Granted: N/A
		Respondent(s)'s Attorney Licensed in Nevada: Yes Permission Granted: N/A
	6.	Has Appellant Ever Been Represented by Appointed Counsel In District Court: N
	7.	Appellant Represented by Appointed Counsel On Appeal: N/A
	8.	Appellant Granted Leave to Proceed in Forma Pauperis**: N/A
		**Expires 1 year from date filed Appellant Filed Application to Proceed in Forma Pauperis: Yes, Date Application(s) filed: August 5, 2019
	9.	Date Commenced in District Court: August 5, 2019
	10.	Brief Description of the Nature of the Action: Civil Writ
		Type of Judgment or Order Being Appealed: Civil Writ of Habeas Corpus
	11.	Previous Appeal: No
		Supreme Court Docket Number(s): N/A
	12.	Child Custody or Visitation: N/A
	13.	Possibility of Settlement: Unknown
		Dated This 7 day of November 2019.
		Steven D. Grierson, Clerk of the Court
		/s/ Amanda Hampton
		Amanda Hampton, Deputy Clerk 200 Lewis Ave
		PO Box 551601 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-1601
		(702) 671-0512
	,	
	cc: Joel Bu	rkett
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A-19-800052-W

Electronically Filed 11/8/2019 11:25 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE CO

. 1	OSCC CLERK OF THE COURT
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5	DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
6	JOEL BURKETT, PLAINTIFF(S) CASE NO.: A-19-800052-W
7	VS. ISIDRO BACA, DEFENDANT(S) DEPARTMENT 12
8 9	CIVIL ORDER TO STATISTICALLY CLOSE CASE Upon review of this matter and good cause appearing,
10	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Clerk of the Court is hereby directed to statistically close this case for the following reason:
11 12	DISPOSITIONS: Default Judgment
13	☐ Judgment on Arbitration☐ Stipulated Judgment☐ Summary Judgment
14	Involuntary Dismissal
15	Motion to Dismiss by Defendant(s) Stipulated Dismissal
16	U Voluntary Dismissal ☐ Transferred (before trial)
17	Non-Jury – Disposed After Trial Starts Non-Jury – Judgment Reached
19	Jury – Disposed After Trial Starts Jury – Verdict Reached
20	Other Manner of Disposition
21	
22	DATED this 5 day of November, 2019.
23	Mirlian Remark
24	MICHELLE LEAVITT
25	DISTRICA COURT JUDGE
26	
27 MICHELLE LEAVE	FT.
DISTRICT JÉBGE DEPARTMENT TWELV LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89	€ · 155

Case Number: A-19-800052-W

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

JOEL BURKETT, Appellant, vs. ISIDRO BACA, WARDEN, Respondent. Supreme Court No. 79999 District Court Case No. A800052

FILED

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE

JUN 1 0 2020

STATE OF NEVADA, ss.



I, Elizabeth A. Brown, the duly appointed and qualified Clerk of the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada, do hereby certify that the following is a full, true and correct copy of the Judgment in this matter.

JUDGMENT

The court being fully advised in the premises and the law, it is now ordered, adjudged and decreed, as follows:

"ORDER the judgment of the district court AFFIRMED."

Judgment, as guoted above, entered this 15 day of May, 2020.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my name and affixed the seal of the Supreme Court at my Office in Carson City, Nevada this June 09, 2020.

Elizabeth A. Brown, Supreme Court Clerk

By: Danielle Friend Chief Assistant Clerk

A – 19 – 800052 – W
CCJA
NV Supreme Court Clerks Certificate/Judgn
4917178

IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

JOEL BURKETT, Appellant, vs. ISIDRO BACA, WARDEN, Respondent. No. 79999-COA

FILED

MAY 15 2020

CLERK OF BUPREME COURT

BY DEPUTY CLERK O

ORDER OF AFFIRMANCE

Joel Burkett appeals from an order of the district court denying a postconviction petition for a writ of habeas corpus filed on August 5, 2019. Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County; Michelle Leavitt, Judge.

Burkett filed his petition more than 36 years after issuance of the remittitur on direct appeal on May 10, 1983, see Burkett v. State, Docket No. 13600 (Order Dismissing Appeal, April 21, 1983), and more than one year after his amended judgments of conviction were filed on February 28, 1994, and March 2, 2018. Also, Burkett's petition was filed more than 26 years after the effective date of NRS 34.726. See 1991 Nev. Stat., ch. 44, § 33, at 92; Pellegrini v. State, 117 Nev. 860, 874-75, 34 P.3d 519, 529 (2001), abrogated on other grounds by Rippo v. State, 134 Nev. 411, 423 n.12, 423 P.3d 1084, 1097 n.12 (2018). Burkett's petition was therefore untimely filed. See NRS 34.726(1). Burkett's petition was also successive insofar as

COURT OF APPEALS OF NEWADA

20-18667

¹Burkett did not appeal from either amended judgment of conviction.

he could have raised his claims in a previous petition, and an abuse of the writ insofar as he raised claims new and different from those raised in his previous petitions, ² See NRS 34.810(1)(b)(2); NRS 34.810(2). Burkett's petition was therefore procedurally barred absent a demonstration of good cause and actual prejudice. See NRS 34.726(1); NRS 34.810(1)(b); NRS 34.810(3).

Burkett claimed he had good cause to excuse his procedural bars because his claim was not available to raise until June 2019. Burkett claimed his sentence has become unconstitutional because the conditions of his confinement have so affected his mental health that he will never be able to meet the requirements to become a good candidate for parole. Burkett failed to demonstrate actual prejudice. Burkett's ability or inability to meet the requirements to become a viable candidate for parole do not affect the validity of his judgment of conviction. Further, we note that challenges to the conditions of confinement are not cognizable in a petition for a writ of habeas corpus. See Bowen v. Warden, 100 Nev. 489, 686 P.2d 250 (1984); see also Sandin v. Conner, 515 U.S. 472, 486 (1995) (holding that liberty interest protected by the Due Process Clause will generally be



²See Burkett v. State, Docket No. 63661 (Order of Affirmance, January 16, 2014); Burkett v. State, Docket No. 45769 (Order of Affirmance, November 15, 2005); Burkett v. State, Docket No. 41504 (Order of Affirmance, March 5, 2004); Burkett v. State, Docket No. 34767 (Order of Affirmance, July 10, 2001). Burkett also filed postconviction petitions for a writ of habeas corpus on February 2, 1994, and on December 7, 2015. He was granted relief for those petitions and did not appeal the district court's decisions.

limited to restraint that imposes an atypical and significant hardship on the inmate in relation to the ordinary incidents of prison life). We therefore conclude the district court did not err by denying Burkett's petition as procedurally barred, and we

ORDER the judgment of the district court AFFIRMED.

Gibbons C.

Bulla J.

cc: Hon. Michelle Leavitt, District Judge Joel Burkett Attorney General/Carson City Clark County District Attorney Eighth District Court Clerk

OF NEVADA

(0) 19478

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

JOEL BURKETT,
Appellant,
vs.
ISIDRO BACA, WARDEN,
Respondent.

Supreme Court No. 79999 District Court Case No. A800052

REMITTITUR

TO: Steven D. Grierson, Eighth District Court Clerk

Pursuant to the rules of this court, enclosed are the following:

Certified copy of Judgment and Opinion/Order. Receipt for Remittitur.

DATE: June 09, 2020

Elizabeth A. Brown, Clerk of Court

By: Danielle Friend Chief Assistant Clerk

cc (without enclosures):

Hon. Michelle Leavitt, District Judge Joel Burkett Clark County District Attorney

RECEIPT FOR REMITTITUR

Received of Elizabeth A. Brown, Clerk of the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada, the REMITTITUR issued in the above-entitled cause, onJUN 1 0 2020
HEATHER UNGERMANN
Deputy District Court Clerk

RECEIVED APPEALS JUN 1 0 2020

20-21623

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CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

COURT MINUTES

A 10 0000E2 IAI Loal Barrhott Distriction

October 17, 2019

A-19-800052-W

Writ of Habeas Corpus

Joel Burkett, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

Isidro Baca, Defendant(s)

October 17, 2019

8:30 AM

Petition for Writ of Habeas

Corpus

HEARD BY: Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Haly Pannullo

RECORDER: Kristine Santi

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Marland, Melanie H.

Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT STATED a Finding of Facts and Conclusions of Law was signed and ORDERED, Petition DENIED as it is time barred and successive; the Defendant raises issues that are not cognizable for post conviction relief. Court noted the Order has already been prepared and filed.

PRINT DATE: 01/19/2022 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: October 17, 2019

Certification of Copy and Transmittal of Record

 $\frac{State of Nevada}{County of Clark} \} SS$

Pursuant to the Supreme Court order dated January 3, 2022, I, Steven D. Grierson, the Clerk of the Court of the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, State of Nevada, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and correct copy of the complete trial court record for the case referenced below. The record comprises one volume with pages numbered 1 through 71.

JOEL BURKETT,

Plaintiff(s),

vs.

ISIDRO BACA,

Defendant(s),

now on file and of record in this office.

Case No: A-19-800052-W

Related Case A-19-788633-W

Dept. No: XII

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have hereunto Set my hand and Affixed the seal of the Court at my office, Las Vegas, Nevada This 20 day of January 2022.

Steven D. Grierson, Clerk of the Court

Amanda Hampton, Deputy Clerk