Electronically Filed 10/1/2021 3:23 PM Steven D. Grierson 1 NOAS Shann D. Winesett, Esq. 2 Nevada Bar No. 005551 PECOS LAW GROUP 3 **Electronically Filed** 8925 South Pecos Road, Suite 14A Oct 07 2021 03:58 p.m. Henderson, Nevada 89074 Elizabeth A. Brown Telephone: (702) 388-1851 Clerk of Supreme Court 5 Facsimile: (702) 388-7406 Email: Shann@pecoslawgroup.com Attorney for Defendant 7 **DISTRICT COURT** 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 Ammie Ann Wallace, 10 Case No. **D-20-613567-Z** Dept No. S Plaintiff, 11 12 VS. 13 William Shawn Wallace, 14 Defendant. 15 16 **NOTICE OF APPEAL** 17 Notice is hereby given that William Shawn Wallace, Defendant above 18 named, hereby appeals to the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada from the 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 1

Docket 83591 Document 2021-28863

Case Number: D-20-613567-Z

1	"Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order" entered in this action on the 9th
2	day of September 2021.
3	DATED this 1st day of October 2021
4	DATED this 1st day of October 2021
5	PECOSTAW GROUP
6	
7	Shann D. Winesett, Esq.
8	Nevada Bar No. 005551 PECOS LAW GROUP
9	8925 South Pecos Rd., Suite 14A
10	Henderson, Nevada 89074 (702) 388-1851
11	Attorney for Defendant
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1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 2 Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I hereby certify that on this 1st day of October 3 2021, the Notice of Appeal, in the above-captioned case was served as follows: 4 [x] pursuant to NEFCR 9, by mandatory electronic service through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system; 5 pursuant to NRCP 5, by placing the same to be deposited for mailing 6 in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was prepaid in Henderson, Nevada; 7 8 pursuant to EDCR 7.26 to be sent via facsimile and/or email, by duly [] executed consent for service by electronic means; 9 by hand-delivery with signed Receipt of Copy. 10 To individual(s) listed below at the address: 11 12 Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq. 13 scolley@cooleylawlv.com Attorney for Plaintiff 14 15 John Kelleher, Esq. hjuilfs@kelleherandkelleher.com 16 Attorney for Defendant 17 DATED this 1st day of October 2021. 18 19 Janine Shapiro 20 An employee of PECOS LAW GROUP 21 22 23

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Steven D. Grierson
CLERK OF THE COURT

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Shann D. Winesett, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 005551

PECOS LAW GROUP

8925 South Pecos Road, Suite 14A

4 Henderson, Nevada 89074

Telephone: (702) 388-1851

Facsimile: (702) 388-7406

Email: Shann@pecoslawgroup.com

Attorney for Defendant

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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Ammie Ann Wallace,

Plaintiff,

VS.

William Shawn Wallace,

Defendant.

Case No. **D-20-613567-Z**

Dept No. S

CASE APPEAL STATEMENT

COMES NOW Defendant William Shawn Wallace, by and through his attorney, Shann D. Winesett, Esq., of the law firm of PECOS LAW GROUP, and pursuant to NRAP 3(a)(1), respectfully presents his Case Appeal Statement.

1. William Shawn Wallace, Defendant above-named, is the Appellant filing this case appeal statement.

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1	13. To Appellant's knowledge, this case does not involve the possibility of
2	settlement.
3	DATED 11: 1-1-1-0001
4	DATED this 1st day of October 2021
5	PECOS LAW GROUP
6	
7	Shann D. Winesett, Esq.
8	Nevada Bar No. 005551 PECOS LAW GROUP
9	8925 South Pecos Rd., Suite 14A
10	Henderson, Nevada 89074 (702) 388-1851
11	Attorney for Defendant
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1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 2 Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I hereby certify that on this 1st day of October 3 2021, the Case Appeal Statement, in the above-captioned case was served as 4 follows: 5 [x] pursuant to NEFCR 9, by mandatory electronic service through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system; 6 pursuant to NRCP 5, by placing the same to be deposited for mailing 7 in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was prepaid in Henderson, Nevada; 8 9 pursuant to EDCR 7.26 to be sent via facsimile and/or email, by duly executed consent for service by electronic means; 10 by hand-delivery with signed Receipt of Copy. 11 To individual(s) listed below at the address: 12 13 Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq. 14 scolley@cooleylawlv.com Attorney for Plaintiff 15 16 John Kelleher, Esq. hjuilfs@kelleherandkelleher.com 17 Attorney for Defendant

DATED this 1st day of October 2021.

Janine Shapiro

An employee of PECOS LAW GROUP

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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. D-20-613567-Z

In the Matter of the Joint Petition for Divorce of: Ammie Ann Wallace and William Shawn Wallace Location: Department S
Judicial Officer: Ochoa, Vincent
Filed on: 09/04/2020

CASE INFORMATION

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Statistical Closures

09/09/2021 Settled/Withdrawn With Judicial Conference or Hearing 09/10/2020 Settled/Withdrawn Without Judicial Conference or Hearing

Case Type: **Divorce - Joint Petition**Subtype: **Joint Petition Subject Minor(s)**

Case Status: 09

09/09/2021 Closed

DATE CASE ASSIGNMENT

Current Case Assignment

Case Number D-20-613567-Z
Court Department S
Date Assigned 09/04/2020
Judicial Officer Ochoa, Vincent

PARTY INFORMATION

Petitioner Wallace, Ammie Ann Cooley, Shelly B.

Retained 7022654505(W)

Wallace, William Shawn Kelleher, John T.

Retained 702-384-7494(W)

Subject Minor Wallace, Miller Clyde

Wallace, Quinn Rose

Wallace, William Shawn, Jr.

DATE EVENTS & ORDERS OF THE COURT

EVENTS

10/02/2021 Notice of Withdrawal

Filed by: Petitioner Wallace, William Shawn [23] Notice of Withdrawal of Attorney of Record

10/01/2021 Case Appeal Statement

Filed By: Petitioner Wallace, William Shawn

[22] Case Appeal Statement

10/01/2021 Notice of Appeal

Filed By: Petitioner Wallace, William Shawn

[21] Notice of Appeal

09/16/2021 Notice of Entry of Order

Filed By: Petitioner Wallace, Ammie Ann

[20] Notice of Entry of Order

Filed By: Petitioner Wallace, William Shawn

[19] Defendant's Objection to Plaintiff's Memorandum of Fees and Costs

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

CASE SUMMARY CASE No. D-20-613567-Z

	CASE NO. D-20-013507-Z
09/09/2021	Order [18] Order
09/08/2021	Memorandum Filed By: Petitioner Wallace, Ammie Ann [17] Memorandum of Fees and Costs
08/09/2021	Exhibits Filed By: Petitioner Wallace, Ammie Ann [16] Plaintiff s Exhibits to Opposition to Defendant s Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce and Countermotion for Attorneys Fees and Costs
07/27/2021	Exhibits Filed By: Petitioner Wallace, William Shawn [15] Exhibits to Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce and Opposition to Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs
07/27/2021	Reply to Opposition Filed by: Petitioner Wallace, William Shawn [14] Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce and Opposition to Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs
07/09/2021	Financial Disclosure Form Filed by: Petitioner Wallace, Ammie Ann [13] Plaintiff's General Financial Disclosure Form
07/09/2021	Opposition and Countermotion Filed By: Petitioner Wallace, Ammie Ann [12] Plaintiff s Opposition to Defendant s Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce and Countermotion for Attorneys Fees and Costs
06/29/2021	Financial Disclosure Form [11] General Financial Disclosure
06/28/2021	Ex Parte Application for Order Party: Petitioner Wallace, William Shawn [10] Ex Parte Application For An Order Shortening Time
06/25/2021	Certificate of Service Filed by: Petitioner Wallace, William Shawn [9] Certificate of Service
06/24/2021	Notice of Hearing [8] Notice of Hearing
06/18/2021	Motion Filed By: Petitioner Wallace, William Shawn [7] Defendant's Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce
06/18/2021	Notice of Appearance Party: Petitioner Wallace, William Shawn [6] Notice of Appearance of Counsel
09/11/2020	Notice of Entry of Decree Party: Petitioner Wallace, Ammie Ann [5] Notice of Entry of Decree
09/10/2020	Decree of Divorce [4] Decree of Divorce
09/04/2020	Affidavit of Resident Witness Filed by: Petitioner Wallace, Ammie Ann [3] Affidavit of Resident Witness
09/04/2020	

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. D-20-613567-Z

Consent

Filed By: Petitioner Wallace, Ammie Ann

[2] Consent to Self-Representation

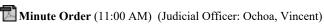
09/04/2020

Joint Petition for Summary Decree of Divorce Filed by: Petitioner Wallace, Ammie Ann

[1] Joint Petition for Divorce and UCCJEA Declaration

HEARINGS

08/12/2021



Decision Made;

Journal Entry Details:

MINUTE ORDER FROM CHAMBERS NRCP 1 and EDCR 1.10 state that the procedure in district courts shall be administered to secure efficient, speedy, and inexpensive determinations in every action. Co-Petitioner, William Wallace, filed Defendant s Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce on June 18, 2021. Petitioner, Ammie Wallace, filed Plaintiff s Opposition and Countermotion on July 9, 2021. The matter came before the Court on August 18, 2021, and the matter was taken under advisement at the hearing. The Court Orders the following: 1. Mr. Wallace s (Co-Petitioner/Defendant) Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce is denied. 2. Ms. Wallace s (Petitioner/Plaintiff) Countermotion for attorney s fees shall be granted. Ms. Wallace s attorney, Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq., shall file a Brunzell Affidavit and relevant billing statements. 3. Ms. Wallace's attorney, Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq., shall prepare the order. The Order shall contain detailed findings including the facts of the case and an analysis of the relevant law. The portion of the order awarding attorney s fees shall include a discussion of the applicable statute, which party is the prevailing party, and why the actions may be considered vexatious or without merit. The specific amount of attorney s fees shall be left blank. The proposed order shall be submitted in PDF and Word format. A copy of the Minute Order shall be provided to both parties.;

08/12/2021

All Pending Motions (9:15 AM) (Judicial Officer: Ochoa, Vincent)

Matter Heard;

Journal Entry Details:

DEFENDANT'S MOTION O MODIFY DECREE OF DIVORCE...PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO MODIFY DECREE OF DIVORCE AND COUNTERMOTION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS Attorney Shelly Cooley appeared by audiovisual with Plaintiff (Mom). Attorney John Kelleher appeared by audiovisual with Defendant (Dad). Arguments regarding Custody. COURT ORDERED, as follows: Matter UNDER ADVISEMENT. Decision will be issued in one week. This Court may call upon one of the attorneys to prepare the proposed findings of facts.;

08/12/2021

Hearing (9:15 AM) (Judicial Officer: Ochoa, Vincent)

Reply to Oppostion

Decision Made:

08/12/2021

Opposition & Countermotion (9:15 AM) (Judicial Officer: Ochoa, Vincent)

Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Costs

Decision Made;

08/12/2021

Motion (9:15 AM) (Judicial Officer: Ochoa, Vincent)

Defendant's Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce

Decision Made;

DATE

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

AMMIE ANN WALLACE,

Plaintiff,

vs.

WILLIAM SHAWN WALLACE,

Defendant.

Case No.:

D-20-613567-Z

Dept. No.:

S

Date of Hearing: 08/12/2021 Time of Hearing: 9:15 a.m.

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER

This matter having come on for hearing on the 12th day of August, 2021; Plaintiff, Ammie Ann Wallace (Ammie) being present and represented by Shelly Booth Cooley of The Cooley Law Firm via video; Defendant, William Shawn Wallace (William) being present and represented by John T. Kelleher of Kelleher & Kelleher via video. The Court having considered the papers and pleadings on file herein, as well as the argument of counsel and the parties, and after taking the matter under advisement, FINDS and ORDERS as follows.

Findings of Fact

That the parties were divorced on 09/10/2020. That the Decree of Divorce (Decree) is the controlling order in this case. That Decree consists of the Decree of Divorce and Joint Petition for Divorce and UCCJEA Declaration (Petition).

This Court has continuing personal and subject matter jurisdiction in this case. This Court has continuing exclusive custody jurisdiction over post-judgment custody matters pursuant to the UCCJEA as adopted in Nevada Revised Statutes. Ammie and William are residents of Nevada, and Nevada is the home state of the parties' minor children.

That in the Decree, Ammie and William requested that the "agreement settling all issues regarding child custody, visitation, child support, medical insurance and expenses, and the tax deduction," outlined in the Petition, "being fair, in the children's best interest, and meets the children's financial needs, be ratified, confirmed, and incorporated into the Decree as though fully set forth." Decree at 3:23-4:4.

That in the Decree, Ammie and William asserted, "that the amount of child support ordered herein is in compliance with the

1	guidelines established by the Administrator of the Division of Welfare
2	and Supportive Services or has been stipulated to by the parties with
3	the required certifications and disclosures required by the guidelines."
5	Decree at 4:14-20.
6	That pursuant to the Petition, the parties share joint legal custody
7	of the children, to wit: William Shawn Wallace, Jr., date of birth:
8	06/24/2010, age 11; Miller Clyde Wallace, date of birth: 05/15/2012, age
9	9; and, Quinn Rose Wallace, date of birth: 01/18/2015, age 6. Petition at
10	
11	4:17-19.
12	That pursuant to the Petition:
13	9. Physical Custody. The Petitioners agree that
14	primary physical custody of the children should be granted to AMMIE ANN WALLACE. The Petitioners agree that
15	WILLIAM SHAWN WALLACE should have custody of the
16	children Monday through Friday, from 3:30 p.m. (or after school if school is in session), through 6:30 p.m. The
17	Petitioners agree that weekends, defined as Friday at 6:30 p.m. to Sunday at 6:30 p.m., should be alternated: Mother's
18	weekend is 09/11/2020. Father's weekend is 09/04/2020.
19	Petition at 6:13-23. The parties agreed to a comprehensive Holiday
20	Visitation Schedule outlined in the Petition. Petition at 6:24-8:24.
21	That pursuant to the Potition:
22	That pursuant to the Petition:
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Conclusions of Law

Custody

Before the Court can change custody, a hearing must be held in order to assure all parties' rights are protected. Weise v. Granata, 110 Nev. 1410 (1994); Moser v. Moser, 108 Nev. 572 (1992). However, a hearing is not required if the moving party fails to demonstrate "adequate cause" in the affidavits and points and authorities for a change in custody. Rooney v. Rooney, 109 Nev. 540, 853 P.2d 123

(1993). Specifically, the Rooney Court stated:

cumulative or impeaching.

with broad discretion concerning child custody matters. Given such discretion in this area, we hereby adopt an "adequate cause" standard. That is, we hold that a district court has the discretion to deny a motion to modify custody without holding a hearing unless the moving party demonstrates "adequate cause" for holding a hearing. "Adequate cause" requires something more than allegations which, if proven, might permit inferences sufficient to establish grounds for a custody change. "Adequate cause" arises where the moving party presents a prima facie case for modification. To constitute a prima facie case it must be shown that: (1) the facts alleged in the affidavits are relevant to the

Nevada statutes and case law provide district courts

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(Internal Citations omitted.) <u>Id</u>. at 124-125. The Court FINDS William fails to establish in his affidavit and points and authorities "adequate cause" to require a hearing.

grounds for modification; and (2) the evidence is not merely

This Court may make an order at any time during the minority of the child for the custody, care, education, maintenance, and support of the minor children as appears in their best interests. NRS 125C.0045(1)(a). In custody matters, the polestar for judicial decisions is the best interest of the children. NRS 125C.0035 and Schwartz v. Schwartz, 107 Nev. 378, 812 P.2d 1268, 1272 (1991). Nevada statutes and case law provide that the district court has broad discretion concerning child custody matters. Rooney v. Rooney, 109 Nev. 540, 853 P.2d 123 (1993). The foundation of all custody determinations lies in the particular facts and circumstances of each case. Arnold v. Arnold, 95 Nev. 951, 604 P.2d (1979).

In his Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce, William is seeking to modify the award of primary physical custody to Ammie, to an award of joint physical custody to the parties pursuant to Truax v. Truax, 874 P.2d 10, 110 Nev. 437 (1994). William maintains that he is entitled to a change of custody because the parties never followed the Decree and followed a joint timeshare from August 2020 through March 2021. Ammie maintains that she has had primary physical custody of the children since the parties' separation in October 2017 (and since the divorce) and that the test for modifications of primary physical custody

is Ellis v. Carucci, 123 Nev. 145, 161 P.3d 239 (2007). Ammie acknowledges that the parties followed a "flexible timeshare" as both parties were working from home and the children were participating in distance learning from August 2020 to March 2021, until the children returned to in-person learning, and the parties resumed following the timeshare outlined in the Decree, the timeshare the parties had been following since their separation in August, 2017.

Pursuant to Rivero v. Rivero, 125 Nev. 410, 216 P.3d 213 (2009):

When considering whether to modify a physical custody arrangement, the district court must first determine what type of physical custody arrangement exists because different tests apply depending on the district court's determination. A modification to a joint physical custody arrangement is appropriate if it is in the child's best interest. NRS 125.510(2). In contrast, a modification to a primary physical custody arrangement is appropriate when there is a substantial change in the circumstances affecting the child and the modification serves the child's best interest. Ellis, 123 Nev. at 150, 161 P.3d at 242.

"If a parent has physical custody less than 40 percent of the time, then that parent has visitation rights and the other parent has primary physical custody." <u>Id</u>. at 226. The parties stipulated in the Decree of Divorce that Ammie would have primary physical custody of their children and William would have custody of the children Monday through Friday, from 3:30 p.m. (or after school if school is in session),

through 6:30 p.m. The parties alternated the weekends. According to the parties' custody agreement in the Decree, Ammie had primary physical custody and William had visitation, the Decree of Divorce described an approximately 80/20 (alternating weekends) timeshare, and the Decree labeled the arrangement as primary physical custody/visitation rights.

Reviewing the facts in the light most favorable to William, the parties shared joint physical custody from August 2020, through March 2021, and they have been following the timeshare in the Decree since April 2021, when the children returned to in-person schooling. Pursuant to Rivero, the district court should calculate the time during which a party has physical custody of a child over one calendar year. Id. at 225. "Calculating the timeshare over a one-year period allows the court to consider weekly arrangements." Id. Calculating the time during which each party had physical custody of the children between August 2020, and August 2021, William had custody of the children approximately 30% of the parenting time and Ammie had custody of the children approximately 70% of the parenting time. Reviewing the evidence in the light most favorable to William, the Court FINDS the parties' custody arrangement was one of primary physical custody.

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When a parent is seeking to modify an award of primary physical custody, as William is seeking, the correct standard is Ellis v. Carucci, 123 Nev. 145 (2007), where the Nevada Supreme Court concluded that a modification of primary physical custody is warranted only when (1) there has been a substantial change in circumstances affecting the welfare of the child, and (2) the modification serves the best interest of the child.

In his affidavit and points and authorities, William does not allege that there has been a substantial change in circumstances affecting the welfare of the children. Rather, William asserts that he is entitled to a "change of custody...because the parties never followed the Decree of Divorce." Reply at 6:19-21. However, in his Reply, William admits that the parties began following the timeshare in the Decree in "spring of 2021." Reply at 6:18. Reviewing the facts in the light most favorable to William as William addressed the best interest factors outlined in NRS 125C.0035(4) in his moving papers, the modification of custody would serve the child's best interest. However, William did not satisfy both elements of Ellis v. Carucci.

Pursuant to Rooney, "to constitute a prima facie case it must be shown that: (1) the facts alleged in the affidavits are relevant to the

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grounds for modification; and (2) the evidence is not merely cumulative or impeaching." In this matter, the facts alleged in William's affidavits are not relevant to the grounds for modification as they do not satisfy both elements of Ellis v. Carucci, and the evidence is merely cumulative or impeaching.

Pursuant to <u>Rooney v. Rooney</u>, the Court FINDS there is no adequate cause to hold an evidentiary hearing or trial regarding William's Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce and William's motion is denied.

Child Support

William cites to no law (statutory or caselaw) to support his request that the Court deny Ammie's claim for "back child support" (which she is pursuing through the Family Support Division) or that the Court recalculate child support.

Pursuant to EDCR 2.20(c),

A party filing a motion must also serve and file with it a memorandum of points and authorities in support of each ground thereof. The absence of such memorandum may be construed as an admission that the motion is not meritorious, as cause for its denial or as a waiver of all grounds not so supported.

William failed to file a memorandum of points and authorities in support of his request the Court deny Ammie's claim for "back child

support" or that the Court recalculate child support. The Court will construe the absence of such memorandum as an admission that William's request is not meritorious and as cause for its denial.

Attorneys' Fees

The Court is required to review elements mandated by Brunzell v. Golden Gate Nat'l Bank, 85 Nev. 345, 455 P.2d 31 (1969) related to Ammie's attorney, Shelly Booth Cooley. First, as to qualities of the advocate, the Court FINDS attorney Cooley has been licensed to practice law for over seventeen years. The Court FINDS that attorney Cooley is a licensed attorney specializing in the practice of domestic relations. Next, as to character of work completed, the Court FINDS this matter related to William's underlying post-judgment motion. With respect to work actually performed, as noted herein, this case involved review of the underlying proceedings and understanding applicable law. With respect to the result, the Court FINDS Ammie was the prevailing party pursuant to NRS 18.010.

The Court FINDS that Ammie is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to EDCR 7.60(b), as William's Motion is frivolous, unnecessary, and unwarranted, multiples the proceedings in a case as to increase costs unreasonably and vexatiously and failed to

comply with court rules. Pursuant to EDCR 5.501, William did not attempt to resolve the issues in dispute with Ammie prior to filing his Motion and his Motion was filed in violation of EDCR 5.501. Pursuant to Rooney v. Rooney, there is no adequate cause to hold an evidentiary hearing or trial regarding William's Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce. Pursuant to EDCR 2.20(c), William failed to file a memorandum of points and authorities in support of his child support requests, which may be construed as an admission that the motion is not meritorious and as cause for its denial.

The Court is required to consider the parties' respective income as set forth in Miller v. Wilfong, 121 Nev. 619, 119 P.3d 727 (2005). The Court FINDS, on 07/09/2021, Ammie filed a Financial Disclosure Form (FDF) listing total average gross monthly income (GMI) of \$14,183.34, which comports with the attached payroll statements. The Court FINDS, on 06/29/2021, William filed a FDF listing his GMI as \$10,000.00. However, William provided a 06/15/2021 Earnings

Statement listing a year to date (YTD) income of \$60,902.91. The Court FINDS that 06/15/2021 was 25 weeks into 2021. Therefore, the Court FINDS that William's actual GMI was \$10,556.52 (\$60,902.91 YTD income for 2021/25 weeks into the year = \$2,436.12 per week income X

1	52 weeks in a year = $$126,678.24$ annual income/12 months in a year =
2	\$10,556.52 actual GMI). Accordingly, the Court FINDS an income
3 4	disparity exists between the parties in Ammie's favor. Specifically,
5	Ammie earns approximately \$3,626.82, or 26%, per month more than
6	William (\$14,183.34 Ammie's GMI - \$10,556.52 William's GMI =
7	\$3,626.82 difference).
8	The Court FINDS Ammie's request for an award of attorneys' fees
9 10	and costs in the total sum of \$ is reasonable based on the
11	underlying procedural stance of the case, based on the pleadings before
12	this Court and the Court's final orders. However, this Court is required
13	to take into consideration the parties' respective financial positions
14 15	when granting any award.
16	<u>Decision</u>
17	IT IS THERFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that
18	William's Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce is denied.
19	IT IS FURTHER ORDRED, ADJDUGED AND DECREED that
20 21	Ammie's Countermotion for attorneys' fees and costs shall be granted in
22	the sum of \$\frac{7,500.00}{}, plus interest at the legal rate, said
23	amount ordered reduced to judgment. That said judgment is hereby
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1	entered in favor of Ammie and against William. That said judgment is
2	collectible using any legal means.
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5	$\underline{\mathbf{Order}}$
6	IT IS SO ORDERED.
7	Dated this 9th day of September, 2021
8	Vincent Ochoa
9	9C8 0B0 8AC9 0E06
10	Vincent Ochoa District Court Judge
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CSERV DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA In the Matter of the Joint Petition CASE NO: D-20-613567-Z for Divorce of: DEPT. NO. Department S Ammie Ann Wallace and William Shawn Wallace **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below: Service Date: 9/9/2021 John Kelleher hjuilfs@kelleherandkelleher.com scooley@cooleylawlv.com Shelly Cooley

9/16/2021 11:34 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT NEO 1 THE COOLEY LAW FIRM Shelly Booth Cooley 2 Nevada State Bar No. 8992 10161 Park Run Prive, Suite 150 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145
Telephone Number: (702) 265-4505
Facsimile Number: (702) 645-9924
E-mail: scooley@cooleylawlv.com
Attorney for Plaintiff,
AMMIE ANN WALLACE 4 6 DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 AMMIE ANN WALLACE, Case No. D-20-613567-Z Dept No. S 10 Plaintiff, 11 VS. Date of Hearing: 08/12/2021 12 WILLIAM SHAWN WALLACE, Time of Hearing: 9:15 a.m. 13 Defendant 14 15 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 16 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, 17 and Order were entered in the above-entitled matter on 09/09/2021. A 18 copy of said Order is attached hereto. 19 20 DATED this 16 day of September, 2021. 21 THE COOLEY LAW FIRM 22 By /s/ Shelly Booth Cooley Shelly Booth Cooley Nevada Bar No. 8992 23 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 24 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorney for Plaintiff, AMMIE ANN WALLACE 25 26 27 28

Electronically Filed

Page 1 of 2

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 1 The undersigned hereby certifies pursuant to NRCP 5(b) that on 2 the 16 day of September, 2021, a true and correct copy of the foregoing 3 NOTICE OF ORDER was served upon each of the parties: 4 5 6 [X]BY ELECTRONIC SERVICE: Pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a), EDCR 8.05(f), NRCP 5(b)(2)(D) and Administrative Order 14-2 captioned "In the Administrative Matter of Mandatory Electronic Service in the Eighth Judicial District Court," by mandatory electronic service through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing 7 8 system. 9 BY MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26(a)(1), by depositing a copy of the same in a sealed envelope in the United States Mail, Postage 10 Pre-Paid to the last known address of each of the parties, at Las 11 Vegas, Nevada. BY FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26(a)(3), 12 []via facsimile transmission. Attached is a copy of the Facsimile Transmittal Form, along with the Fax Call Report, confirming the 13 facsimile transmission. 14 []BY HAND DELIVERY: By hand delivery with signed Receipt of 15 Copy. To the address, email address, and/or facsimile number indicated below: 16 John T. Kelleher, Esq. Kelleher & Kelleher, LLC 40 S. Stephanie St., Suite 201 Henderson, NV 89012 Attorneys for Defendant 17 18 19 20 /s/ Shelly Booth Cooley An Employee of The Cooley Law Firm 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

ELECTRONICALLY SERVED 9/9/2021 2:55 PM

Electronically Filed 09/09/2021 2:54 PM CLERK OF THE COURT

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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

AMMIE ANN WALLACE,

Plaintiff,

VS.

WILLIAM SHAWN WALLACE,

Defendant.

Case No.:

D-20-613567-Z

Dept. No.:

S

Date of Hearing: 08/12/2021 Time of Hearing: 9:15 a.m.

$\frac{\textbf{FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND}}{\textbf{ORDER}}$

This matter having come on for hearing on the 12th day of August, 2021; Plaintiff, Ammie Ann Wallace (Ammie) being present and represented by Shelly Booth Cooley of The Cooley Law Firm via video; Defendant, William Shawn Wallace (William) being present and represented by John T. Kelleher of Kelleher & Kelleher via video. The Court having considered the papers and pleadings on file herein, as well as the argument of counsel and the parties, and after taking the matter under advisement, FINDS and ORDERS as follows.

Page 1 of 15

Case Number: D-20-613567-Z

Findings of Fact

That the parties were divorced on 09/10/2020. That the Decree of Divorce (Decree) is the controlling order in this case. That Decree consists of the Decree of Divorce and Joint Petition for Divorce and UCCJEA Declaration (Petition).

This Court has continuing personal and subject matter jurisdiction in this case. This Court has continuing exclusive custody jurisdiction over post-judgment custody matters pursuant to the UCCJEA as adopted in Nevada Revised Statutes. Ammie and William are residents of Nevada, and Nevada is the home state of the parties' minor children.

That in the Decree, Ammie and William requested that the "agreement settling all issues regarding child custody, visitation, child support, medical insurance and expenses, and the tax deduction," outlined in the Petition, "being fair, in the children's best interest, and meets the children's financial needs, be ratified, confirmed, and incorporated into the Decree as though fully set forth." Decree at 3:23-4:4.

That in the Decree, Ammie and William asserted, "that the amount of child support ordered herein is in compliance with the

1	guidelines established by the Administrator of the Division of Welfare
2	and Supportive Services or has been stipulated to by the parties with
3	the required certifications and disclosures required by the guidelines."
5	Decree at 4:14-20.
6	That pursuant to the Petition, the parties share joint legal custody
7	of the children, to wit: William Shawn Wallace, Jr., date of birth:
8	06/24/2010, age 11; Miller Clyde Wallace, date of birth: 05/15/2012, age
9	9; and, Quinn Rose Wallace, date of birth: 01/18/2015, age 6. Petition at
10	
11	4:17-19.
12	That pursuant to the Petition:
13	9. Physical Custody. The Petitioners agree that
14	primary physical custody of the children should be granted to AMMIE ANN WALLACE. The Petitioners agree that
15	WILLIAM SHAWN WALLACE should have custody of the
16	children Monday through Friday, from 3:30 p.m. (or after school if school is in session), through 6:30 p.m. The
17	Petitioners agree that weekends, defined as Friday at 6:30 p.m. to Sunday at 6:30 p.m., should be alternated: Mother's
18	weekend is 09/11/2020. Father's weekend is 09/04/2020.
19	Petition at 6:13-23. The parties agreed to a comprehensive Holiday
20	Visitation Schedule outlined in the Petition. Petition at 6:24-8:24.
21	That pursuant to the Potition:
22	That pursuant to the Petition:
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Conclusions of Law

Custody

Before the Court can change custody, a hearing must be held in order to assure all parties' rights are protected. Weise v. Granata, 110 Nev. 1410 (1994); Moser v. Moser, 108 Nev. 572 (1992). However, a hearing is not required if the moving party fails to demonstrate "adequate cause" in the affidavits and points and authorities for a change in custody. Rooney v. Rooney, 109 Nev. 540, 853 P.2d 123

(1993). Specifically, the Rooney Court stated:

cumulative or impeaching.

with broad discretion concerning child custody matters. Given such discretion in this area, we hereby adopt an "adequate cause" standard. That is, we hold that a district court has the discretion to deny a motion to modify custody without holding a hearing unless the moving party demonstrates "adequate cause" for holding a hearing. "Adequate cause" requires something more than allegations which, if proven, might permit inferences sufficient to establish grounds for a custody change. "Adequate cause" arises where the moving party presents a prima facie case for modification. To constitute a prima facie case it must be shown that: (1) the facts alleged in the affidavits are relevant to the

Nevada statutes and case law provide district courts

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(Internal Citations omitted.) <u>Id</u>. at 124-125. The Court FINDS William fails to establish in his affidavit and points and authorities "adequate cause" to require a hearing.

grounds for modification; and (2) the evidence is not merely

This Court may make an order at any time during the minority of the child for the custody, care, education, maintenance, and support of the minor children as appears in their best interests. NRS 125C.0045(1)(a). In custody matters, the polestar for judicial decisions is the best interest of the children. NRS 125C.0035 and Schwartz v. Schwartz, 107 Nev. 378, 812 P.2d 1268, 1272 (1991). Nevada statutes and case law provide that the district court has broad discretion concerning child custody matters. Rooney v. Rooney, 109 Nev. 540, 853 P.2d 123 (1993). The foundation of all custody determinations lies in the particular facts and circumstances of each case. Arnold v. Arnold, 95 Nev. 951, 604 P.2d (1979).

In his Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce, William is seeking to modify the award of primary physical custody to Ammie, to an award of joint physical custody to the parties pursuant to Truax v. Truax, 874 P.2d 10, 110 Nev. 437 (1994). William maintains that he is entitled to a change of custody because the parties never followed the Decree and followed a joint timeshare from August 2020 through March 2021. Ammie maintains that she has had primary physical custody of the children since the parties' separation in October 2017 (and since the divorce) and that the test for modifications of primary physical custody

is Ellis v. Carucci, 123 Nev. 145, 161 P.3d 239 (2007). Ammie acknowledges that the parties followed a "flexible timeshare" as both parties were working from home and the children were participating in distance learning from August 2020 to March 2021, until the children returned to in-person learning, and the parties resumed following the timeshare outlined in the Decree, the timeshare the parties had been following since their separation in August, 2017.

Pursuant to Rivero v. Rivero, 125 Nev. 410, 216 P.3d 213 (2009):

When considering whether to modify a physical custody arrangement, the district court must first determine what type of physical custody arrangement exists because different tests apply depending on the district court's determination. A modification to a joint physical custody arrangement is appropriate if it is in the child's best interest. NRS 125.510(2). In contrast, a modification to a primary physical custody arrangement is appropriate when there is a substantial change in the circumstances affecting the child and the modification serves the child's best interest. Ellis, 123 Nev. at 150, 161 P.3d at 242.

"If a parent has physical custody less than 40 percent of the time, then that parent has visitation rights and the other parent has primary physical custody." <u>Id</u>. at 226. The parties stipulated in the Decree of Divorce that Ammie would have primary physical custody of their children and William would have custody of the children Monday through Friday, from 3:30 p.m. (or after school if school is in session),

through 6:30 p.m. The parties alternated the weekends. According to the parties' custody agreement in the Decree, Ammie had primary physical custody and William had visitation, the Decree of Divorce described an approximately 80/20 (alternating weekends) timeshare, and the Decree labeled the arrangement as primary physical custody/visitation rights.

Reviewing the facts in the light most favorable to William, the parties shared joint physical custody from August 2020, through March 2021, and they have been following the timeshare in the Decree since April 2021, when the children returned to in-person schooling. Pursuant to Rivero, the district court should calculate the time during which a party has physical custody of a child over one calendar year. Id. at 225. "Calculating the timeshare over a one-year period allows the court to consider weekly arrangements." Id. Calculating the time during which each party had physical custody of the children between August 2020, and August 2021, William had custody of the children approximately 30% of the parenting time and Ammie had custody of the children approximately 70% of the parenting time. Reviewing the evidence in the light most favorable to William, the Court FINDS the parties' custody arrangement was one of primary physical custody.

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When a parent is seeking to modify an award of primary physical custody, as William is seeking, the correct standard is Ellis v. Carucci, 123 Nev. 145 (2007), where the Nevada Supreme Court concluded that a modification of primary physical custody is warranted only when (1) there has been a substantial change in circumstances affecting the welfare of the child, and (2) the modification serves the best interest of the child.

In his affidavit and points and authorities, William does not allege that there has been a substantial change in circumstances affecting the welfare of the children. Rather, William asserts that he is entitled to a "change of custody...because the parties never followed the Decree of Divorce." Reply at 6:19-21. However, in his Reply, William admits that the parties began following the timeshare in the Decree in "spring of 2021." Reply at 6:18. Reviewing the facts in the light most favorable to William as William addressed the best interest factors outlined in NRS 125C.0035(4) in his moving papers, the modification of custody would serve the child's best interest. However, William did not satisfy both elements of Ellis v. Carucci.

Pursuant to Rooney, "to constitute a prima facie case it must be shown that: (1) the facts alleged in the affidavits are relevant to the

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grounds for modification; and (2) the evidence is not merely cumulative or impeaching." In this matter, the facts alleged in William's affidavits are not relevant to the grounds for modification as they do not satisfy both elements of Ellis v. Carucci, and the evidence is merely cumulative or impeaching.

Pursuant to <u>Rooney v. Rooney</u>, the Court FINDS there is no adequate cause to hold an evidentiary hearing or trial regarding William's Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce and William's motion is denied.

Child Support

William cites to no law (statutory or caselaw) to support his request that the Court deny Ammie's claim for "back child support" (which she is pursuing through the Family Support Division) or that the Court recalculate child support.

Pursuant to EDCR 2.20(c),

A party filing a motion must also serve and file with it a memorandum of points and authorities in support of each ground thereof. The absence of such memorandum may be construed as an admission that the motion is not meritorious, as cause for its denial or as a waiver of all grounds not so supported.

William failed to file a memorandum of points and authorities in support of his request the Court deny Ammie's claim for "back child"

support" or that the Court recalculate child support. The Court will construe the absence of such memorandum as an admission that William's request is not meritorious and as cause for its denial.

Attorneys' Fees

The Court is required to review elements mandated by Brunzell v. Golden Gate Nat'l Bank, 85 Nev. 345, 455 P.2d 31 (1969) related to Ammie's attorney, Shelly Booth Cooley. First, as to qualities of the advocate, the Court FINDS attorney Cooley has been licensed to practice law for over seventeen years. The Court FINDS that attorney Cooley is a licensed attorney specializing in the practice of domestic relations. Next, as to character of work completed, the Court FINDS this matter related to William's underlying post-judgment motion. With respect to work actually performed, as noted herein, this case involved review of the underlying proceedings and understanding applicable law. With respect to the result, the Court FINDS Ammie was the prevailing party pursuant to NRS 18.010.

The Court FINDS that Ammie is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to EDCR 7.60(b), as William's Motion is frivolous, unnecessary, and unwarranted, multiples the proceedings in a case as to increase costs unreasonably and vexatiously and failed to

comply with court rules. Pursuant to EDCR 5.501, William did not attempt to resolve the issues in dispute with Ammie prior to filing his Motion and his Motion was filed in violation of EDCR 5.501. Pursuant to Rooney v. Rooney, there is no adequate cause to hold an evidentiary hearing or trial regarding William's Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce. Pursuant to EDCR 2.20(c), William failed to file a memorandum of points and authorities in support of his child support requests, which may be construed as an admission that the motion is not meritorious and as cause for its denial.

The Court is required to consider the parties' respective income as set forth in Miller v. Wilfong, 121 Nev. 619, 119 P.3d 727 (2005). The Court FINDS, on 07/09/2021, Ammie filed a Financial Disclosure Form (FDF) listing total average gross monthly income (GMI) of \$14,183.34, which comports with the attached payroll statements. The Court FINDS, on 06/29/2021, William filed a FDF listing his GMI as \$10,000.00. However, William provided a 06/15/2021 Earnings

Statement listing a year to date (YTD) income of \$60,902.91. The Court FINDS that 06/15/2021 was 25 weeks into 2021. Therefore, the Court FINDS that William's actual GMI was \$10,556.52 (\$60,902.91 YTD income for 2021/25 weeks into the year = \$2,436.12 per week income X

1	52 weeks in a year = $$126,678.24$ annual income/12 months in a year =			
2	\$10,556.52 actual GMI). Accordingly, the Court FINDS an income			
3 4	disparity exists between the parties in Ammie's favor. Specifically,			
5	Ammie earns approximately \$3,626.82, or 26%, per month more than			
6	William (\$14,183.34 Ammie's GMI - \$10,556.52 William's GMI =			
7	\$3,626.82 difference).			
8	The Court FINDS Ammie's request for an award of attorneys' fees			
9 10	and costs in the total sum of \$ is reasonable based on the			
11	underlying procedural stance of the case, based on the pleadings before			
12	this Court and the Court's final orders. However, this Court is required			
13	to take into consideration the parties' respective financial positions			
14 15	when granting any award.			
16	<u>Decision</u>			
17	IT IS THERFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that			
18	William's Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce is denied.			
19	IT IS FURTHER ORDRED, ADJDUGED AND DECREED that			
20 21	Ammie's Countermotion for attorneys' fees and costs shall be granted in			
22	the sum of \$\frac{7,500.00}{}, plus interest at the legal rate, said			
23	amount ordered reduced to judgment. That said judgment is hereby			
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1	entered in favor of Ammie and against William. That said judgment is			
2	collectible using any legal means.			
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5	$\underline{\mathbf{Order}}$			
6	IT IS SO ORDERED.			
7	Dated this 9th day of September, 2021			
8	Vincent Ochoa			
9	9C8 0B0 8AC9 0E06			
10	Vincent Ochoa District Court Judge			
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CSERV DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA In the Matter of the Joint Petition CASE NO: D-20-613567-Z for Divorce of: DEPT. NO. Department S Ammie Ann Wallace and William Shawn Wallace **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below: Service Date: 9/9/2021 John Kelleher hjuilfs@kelleherandkelleher.com scooley@cooleylawlv.com Shelly Cooley

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Divorce - Joint Petition

COURT MINUTES

August 12, 2021

D-20-613567-Z

In the Matter of the Joint Petition for Divorce of: Ammie Ann Wallace and William Shawn Wallace

August 12, 2021

9:15 AM

All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Ochoa, Vincent

COURTROOM: Courtroom 07

COURT CLERK: Yvette Clayton

PARTIES:

Ammie Wallace, Petitioner, not present

Miller Wallace, Subject Minor, not present Quinn Wallace, Subject Minor, not present

William Wallace, Petitioner, not present

William Wallace, Subject Minor, not present

Shelly Cooley, Attorney, not present

John Kelleher, Attorney, not present

IOURNAL ENTRIES

- DEFENDANT'S MOTION O MODIFY DECREE OF DIVORCE...PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO MODIFY DECREE OF DIVORCE AND COUNTERMOTION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS

Attorney Shelly Cooley appeared by audiovisual with Plaintiff (Mom). Attorney John Kelleher appeared by audiovisual with Defendant (Dad).

Arguments regarding Custody.

COURT ORDERED, as follows:

Matter UNDER ADVISEMENT. Decision will be issued in one week. This Court may call upon one of the attorneys to prepare the proposed findings of facts.

INTERIM CONDITIONS:

PRINT DATE:	10/05/2021	Page 1 of 4	Minutes Date:	August 12, 2021
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D-20-613567-Z

FUTURE HEARINGS:

	PRINT DATE:	10/05/2021	Page 2 of 4	Minutes Date:	August 12, 2021	Ì
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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Divorce - Joint Petition

COURT MINUTES

August 12, 2021

D-20-613567-Z

In the Matter of the Joint Petition for Divorce of: Ammie Ann Wallace and William Shawn Wallace

August 12, 2021

11:00 AM

Minute Order

HEARD BY: Ochoa, Vincent

COURTROOM: Chambers

COURT CLERK: ; Yvette Clayton;

PARTIES:

Ammie Wallace, Petitioner, not present

Miller Wallace, Subject Minor, not present Quinn Wallace, Subject Minor, not present

William Wallace, Petitioner, not present

William Wallace, Subject Minor, not present

Shelly Cooley, Attorney, not present

John Kelleher, Attorney, not present

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- MINUTE ORDER FROM CHAMBERS

NRCP 1 and EDCR 1.10 state that the procedure in district courts shall be administered to secure efficient, speedy, and inexpensive determinations in every action.

Co-Petitioner, William Wallace, filed Defendant's Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce on June 18, 2021. Petitioner, Ammie Wallace, filed Plaintiff's Opposition and Countermotion on July 9, 2021. The matter came before the Court on August 18, 2021, and the matter was taken under advisement at the hearing.

The Court Orders the following:

- 1. Mr. Wallace s (Co-Petitioner/Defendant) Motion to Modify Decree of Divorce is denied.
- 2. Ms. Wallace's (Petitioner/Plaintiff) Countermotion for attorney's fees shall be granted. Ms. Wallace's attorney, Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq., shall file a Brunzell Affidavit and relevant billing statements.
- 3. Ms. Wallace's attorney, Shelly Booth Cooley, Esq., shall prepare the order. The Order shall contain detailed findings including the facts of the case and an analysis of the relevant law. The portion of the

PRINT DATE: 10/05/2021 P	Page 3 of 4	Minutes Date:	August 12, 2021
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order awarding attorney s fees shall include a discussion of the applicable statute, which party is the prevailing party, and why the actions may be considered vexatious or without merit. The specific amount of attorney s fees shall be left blank. The proposed order shall be submitted in PDF and Word format.

A copy of the Minute Order shall be provided to both parties.

INTERIM CONDITIONS:

FUTURE HEARINGS:

PRINT DATE: 10/05/2021 Page 4 of 4 Minutes Date: August 1	2, 2021
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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLERK'S OFFICE NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY ON APPEAL TO NEVADA SUPREME COURT

SHANN D. WINESETT, ESQ. 8925 S. PECOS RD., SUITE 14A HENDERSON, NV 89074

> DATE: October 5, 2021 CASE: D-20-613567-Z

RE CASE: In the Matter of the Joint Petition for Divorce of: AMMIE ANN WALLACE nka AMMIE ANN OLSEN

and WILLIAM SHAWN WALLACE, Petitioner(s)

NOTICE OF APPEAL FILED: October 1, 2021

YOUR APPEAL HAS BEEN SENT TO THE SUPREME COURT.

PLEASE NOTE: DOCUMENTS **NOT** TRANSMITTED HAVE BEEN MARKED:

- \$250 Supreme Court Filing Fee (Make Check Payable to the Supreme Court)** \boxtimes If the \$250 Supreme Court Filing Fee was not submitted along with the original Notice of Appeal, it must be mailed directly to the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court Filing Fee will not be forwarded by this office if submitted after the Notice of Appeal has been filed.
- \$24 District Court Filing Fee (Make Check Payable to the District Court)**
- \$500 Cost Bond on Appeal (Make Check Payable to the District Court)** \boxtimes
 - NRAP 7: Bond For Costs On Appeal in Civil Cases
 - Previously paid Bonds are not transferable between appeals without an order of the District Court.
- Case Appeal Statement
 - NRAP 3 (a)(1), Form 2
- Order
- Notice of Entry of Order П

NEVADA RULES OF APPELLATE PROCEDURE 3 (a) (3) states:

"The district court clerk must file appellant's notice of appeal despite perceived deficiencies in the notice, including the failure to pay the district court or Supreme Court filing fee. The district court clerk shall apprise appellant of the deficiencies in writing, and shall transmit the notice of appeal to the Supreme Court in accordance with subdivision (g) of this Rule with a notation to the clerk of the Supreme Court setting forth the deficiencies. Despite any deficiencies in the notice of appeal, the clerk of the Supreme Court shall docket the appeal in accordance with Rule 12."

Please refer to Rule 3 for an explanation of any possible deficiencies.

**Per District Court Administrative Order 2012-01, in regards to civil litigants, "...all Orders to Appear in Forma Pauperis expire one year from the date of issuance." You must reapply for in Forma Pauperis status.

Certification of Copy

State of Nevada
County of Clark
SS

I, Steven D. Grierson, the Clerk of the Court of the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, State of Nevada, does hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and correct copy of the hereinafter stated original document(s):

NOTICE OF APPEAL; CASE APPEAL STATEMENT; DISTRICT COURT DOCKET ENTRIES; CIVIL COVER SHEET; FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER; DISTRICT COURT MINUTES; NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY

In the Matter of the Joint Petition for Divorce of:

AMMIE ANN WALLACE nka AMMIE ANN OLSEN and WILLIAM SHAWN WALLACE,

Petitioner(s),

Case No: D-20-613567-Z

Dept No: S

now on file and of record in this office.

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have hereunto Set my hand and Affixed the seal of the Court at my office, Las Vegas, Nevada This 5 day of October 2021.

Steven D. Grierson, Clerk of the Court

Heather Ungermann, Deputy Clerk