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2	IN THE SUPREME COURT	Γ OF THE STATE OF NEVADA	
3	HENRY E. GAAR,	) Supreme Court Caselsotsonically Filed May 24 2022 06:22	1 2 n m
4	Respondent,	Docketing Statesteeth A. Brown Civil Appendsk of Supreme	2 p.m.
5	vs.		Court
6	TRAKETRA DANIELS,		
7	Appellant.		
8	Docketing Stater	ment of Civil Appeals	
9	1. Judicial District <u>Clark County Distric</u>		
10			
11	County <u>Clark County</u>	Judge <u>Arthur Ritchie</u>	
12 13	District Ct. Case No. <u>D-20-609211-0</u>	<u><u> </u></u>	
13	2. Attorney filing this docketing state	ement	
15	Attorney <u>Jennifer Isso, Esq</u>	Telephone (702) 434-4424	
16	Firm Isso Hughes Law Firm		
17 18	Address:		
19	8965 S. Eastern Ave., Suite 120		
20	Las Vegas, Nevada 89123		
21	Previous Client: <u>Traketra Daniels</u>		
22			
23	3. Attorney(s) representing respondent(s)		
24	Attorney <u>Rachel Jacobson, Esq</u>	Telephone (702) 601-0770	
25	Firm Jacobson Law Office, Ltd		
26			
27 28		Docket 84621 Document 2022-16562	
20			

1	Address:
2	64 N. Pecos Rd #200,
3	Henderson, Nevada 89074
4	Clients <u>Henry E Gaar</u>
5	1 Notrue of dianogition.
6	<b>4. Nature of disposition:</b> Final order after hearing.
7	5. Does this appeal raise issues concerning child custody, venue, or
	termination of parental rights?
8	No. Sanctions against counsel.
9	6. Pending and prior proceeding in this court.
10	Henry E. Gaar v. Traketra Daniels D-20-609211-C
11	7. Pending and prior proceedings in other courts.
12	No.
13	8. Nature of the Action.
14	1. In this highly contentious custody, Respondent reopened the case after a
15	stipulated decree was signed and entered on January 19, 2021 where the parties agreed to share Joint Legal and Joint Physical Custody. Respondent's
16	counsel sought discovery on information that was irrelevant and not
17	proportional to the needs of the case. Counsel, Isso and her client however provided hundreds of pages of information. Respondent's counsel then filed
18	a motion to compel which was granted on order shorten time. Ms. Isso
19	explained at the hearing that there was no meet and confer and raised other objections. Respondent's sourceal and Discovery Commissioner Jay Young
20	objections. Respondent's counsel and Discovery Commissioner Jay Young also engaged in ex-parte communications prior to the hearing where
21	Respondent's counsel emailed deposition audio recordings to the Discovery
	Commissioner and intentionally did not provide these to Ms. Isso. Ms. Isso did not have the audio recordings and had never listened to them. Discovery
22	Commissioner Jay Young used the information he obtained through ex-parte
23	communications from Respondent's counsel and then proceeded to sanction Ms. Isso \$1500 in front of numerous other attorneys waiting on bluejeans,
24	humiliating her and ruining the relationship between her and her client. The
25	Discovery Commissioner then ordered that certain tasks are completed prior to the time lapsing for when she can file an objection to his report and
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recommendation. Ms. Isso filed an objection to the report and recommendation. At the hearing on the objection, and was counting on Judge Ritchie to rectify the issue. He has the power to do so but chose not to. Rather, Judge Ritchie seemed ill prepared and did not ask a single question or make any inquiry and he outright affirmed and adopted the report and recommendation.

## 9. Issues on Appeal

- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that Respondent's Counsel engaged in ex-parte communications and emailed deposition audio recordings to the discovery commissioner but intentionally did not provide said recording to Ms. Isso pursuant to EDCR 2.34(g). And Respondent's counsel admitted to such acts in writing.
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the discovery commissioner's report and recommendation (herein after "DCRR") considering that there was no meet and confer pursuant to EDCR 2.34. *See also Nevada Power v. Monsanto*, 151 F.R.D. 118, 120 (D. Nev. 1993).
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that Respondent's counsel did not provide a declaration or affidavit setting forth the efforts she made to meet and confer pursuant to EDCR 2.34(d); EDCR 5.602(d) ("A discovery motion must set forth... what attempts were made to resolve the dispute, what was resolved, what wasn't resolved and the reasons therefore").
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that Respondent's counsel never communicated to Ms. Isso what was deficient in the discovery responses provided and therefore Ms. Isso and Traketra were not provided with notice or an opportunity to rectify.
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that Respondent's counsel never had any discussion with Ms. Isso re: deficient

discovery responses rather than a fulsome discussion as required. RDCR 2.34(d) Nevada Power v. Monsanto, 151 R.R.D. 118, 120 (D.Nev 1993).

- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that Respondent's counsel declaration failed to set in detail what efforts she made to meet and confer, the manner in which she communicated, the disputed issue, as well as the dates, times, and results of the discussions and why the negotiations were fruitless. *Shuffle Master Inc v. Progressive Games Inc*, 170 F.R.166, 170 (D. Nev. 1996); *Messier v. Southbury Training School*, 1998 U.S. Dist. Lexis 20315 (D. Conn. 1998).
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that Respondent was requesting information that was irrelevant and in violation of *Mcmonigle v. Mcmonigle*, 110 Nev. 1047 (D. Nev 1994), overruled regarding evidence pertaining to domestic violence in *Castle v. Simmons*, 120 Nev. 98, 86 P.3d 1042 (D. Nev. 2004).
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that Respondent's counsel was seeking information in discovery that was not relevant or proportional to the needs of the case (therefore asking for information prior to the date of the entry of the previous custody decree).
   *Venetian Casino Resort, LLC v. Eighth Judicial District Ct.*, 136 Nev. 221, 467 P.3d 1 (2020).

• Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the Discovery Commissioner raised arguments for the first time at the hearing on the motion to compel and said arguments were not raised in the written motion, thereby ambushing Ms. Isso.

• Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that there was no written order from the discovery commissioner telephonic conference held during the first deposition (which ordered that a second deposition take place for the sole purpose of asking questions to ellicit information Defendant's phone) and thereby sanctioning Ms. Isso when Respondent's counsel alleged that Ms. Isso did not follow said order.

- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the Discovery Commissioner outright and arbitraily sanctioned Ms. Isso without the opportunity to seek counsel.
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the Discovery Commissioner sanctioned Ms. Isso without notice, an opportunity to respond and be heard and failing to hold a separate hearing on the sanctions issue.
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the district court did not adequately consider less severe sanctions. *Young v. Johnny Ribeiro Bldg.*, 106 Nev. 88, 92, 787 P.2d 777, 779 (1990).
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the discovery commissioner ordered a second deposition but there was no written order to that effect and the scope and purpose of the deposition was vague and ambiguous (hence the issues at the second deposition).
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that Ms. Isso and Traketra appeared to the second deposition but only objected when Respondent's counsel would ask questions outside of the scope of the second deposition, specifically to elicit information from Traketra's phone.
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the discovery commissioner sanctioned Ms. Isso \$1500 considering that Ms. Isso has never had issues with the discovery commissioner previously before this hearing.
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the Discovery Commissioner sanctioned Ms. Isso considering that there was no claim for sanctions against Ms. Isso or her client by Respondent.

- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the Discovery Commissioner conducted the proceedings in a criminal manner rather than a civil manner.
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the Discovery Commissioner did not give an opportunity for Ms. Isso or Traketra to compel compliance before implementing harsh sanctions or that such compliance would terminate the sanctions. *See Lewis v. Lewis*, 132 Nev. 453, 456, 373, P.3d 878, 880 (2016).
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the Discovery Commissioner used the harshest form of punishment rather than making an order to intended compliance.
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the Discovery Commissioner did not consider the hundreds of pages produced by Ms. Isso's client in response to the requests for production.
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that Respondent's counsel did not comply with EDCR 2.40 when her demand to compel discovery did not set forth the interrogatory or request and the answer or answers thereto. The rule requires that each discovery request is fully stated in the body of the motion following immediately thereafter by the response that was given.
- Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the discovery commissioner violated Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct Rules 1.1, 1.2, 2.2 by accepting communications from Respondent's counsel and used this information against Ms. Isso during the hearing. Respondent's counsel intentionally did not provide Ms. Isso with the recordings contained in said communications.

Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the discovery commissioner did not sanction Respondent's Counsel pursuant to NRCP 37(a)(5)(A)(i) (contains a mandatory sanction for filing a motion under Rule 37 before attempting in good faith to obtain such information.

Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the DC heard the hearing on an order shorten time and did not give adequate time to prepare and file a response.

Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that Ms. Isso's due process rights were violated considering that she was not provided with notice, an opportunity to be heard or with a adequate opportunity to respond.

Whether the District Court erred when it adopted the DCRR considering that the sanctions imposed was not proportional to the bad conduct alleged.

• Whether NRCP 26(g)(3) is arbitrary and unconstitutional and vague and ambiguous

Whether the sanctions imposed on Ms. Isso was appropriate in light of the alleged conduct by counsel or the discovery commissioner.

10. Pending proceeding in this court raising the same or similar issues.

None.

11. Constitutional Issues.

Yes

12. Other issues. Does this appeal involve any of the following; reversal of well-settled Nevada precedent, an issue arising under the United States and/or Nevada Constitution, a substantial issue of first impression, an issue of public policy, an issue where en banc consideration is necessary to maintain uniformity of this court's decisions, or a ballot question?

No.

1	13. Assignment to the Court of Appeals or retention in the Supreme Court.		
2	Assignment to Court of Appeals		
3	14. Trial. How many days did the trial last?		
4	It was a single discovery hearing.		
5	15. Judicial Disqualification		
6	No.		
7			
8	Timeliness of Notice of Appeal		
	16. Date of entry of written judgement or order appealed from.		
9	April 20, 2022		
10	17. Date written notice of entry of judgement was served?		
11	April 20, 2022		
12	18. If the time for filing the notice of appeal was tolled by a post-judgement		
13	motion (NRCP 50(b), 52(b), or 59)		
14	No.		
15	19. Date notice of appeal was filed		
16	May 2, 2022		
	20. Specify statute or rule governing the time limit for filing the notice of		
17	appeal, e.g., NRAP 4(a) or other		
18	NRAP 4(a)(1).		
19	Substantive Appealability		
20	21. Specify the statute or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to		
21	review the judgement or order appealed from:		
22	(a)		
23	NRAP 3A(b)(1), and NRS 233B.150 ? check cheat sheet		
24	(b) How each authority provides a basis for appeal from the judgment or order:		
25	NRAP 3A(b)(1) provides that, an appeal may be taken from a final		
	judgement entered in an action or proceeding commenced in the court in		
26			
27			

which the judgement is rendered. Here, the final judgement was the report and recommendation that included sanctions affirmed by Judge Ritchie. Pursuant to 3A(b)(1) Jennfier Isso has authority to appeal the final judgement.

NRS 233B.150 provides that an aggrieved party may obtain a review of any final judgement of the district court by appeal to the appellate court of competent jurisdiction. Here Jennifer Isso was subject to a final judgement, where her objection to the discovery commissioners report and recommendations was denied.

22. List all the parties involved in the action or consolidated actions in the district court:

(a) Parties:

Jennifer Isso, Esq. (Appellant)

Rachel Jacobson, Esq., Henry E. Gaar (Respondent)

(b) If all parties in the district court are not parties to this appeal, explain in detail why those parties are not involved in this appeal:

Jennifer Isso, Esq. is not representing Traketra Daniels and has no interest in the appeal.

# 23. Description of claims

Isso against Garr re: discovery sanctions

24. Did the judgement or order appealed from adjudicate ALL the claims alleged below and the rights and liabilities of ALL the parties to the action or consolidated actions below?

No.

# 25. If no

(a) Specify the claims remaining pending below:

Child Custody modification

(b) Specify the parties remaining below

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Traketra Daniels

(c) Did the district court certify the judgment or order appealed from as a final judgement pursuant to NRCP 54(b)

No.

(d) Did the district court make an express determination, pursuant to NRCP 54(b), that there is no just reason for delay and an express direction for the entry of judgment?

No.

26. If you answered "No" to any part of question 25, explain the basis for seeking appellate review

The appeal is for the sanctions against Jennifer Isso, not the underlying custody case between Gaar and Daniels. This is a final order and independently appealable pursuant to NRAP 3Ab.

**27.** Attach file stamped copies of the following documents: The following documents attached are the order after hearing and the notice of entry of order.

# Verification

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read this docketing statement, that the information provided in the docketing statement is true and complete to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, and that I have attached all required documents to this docketing statement.

Jennifer Isso Name of the appellant

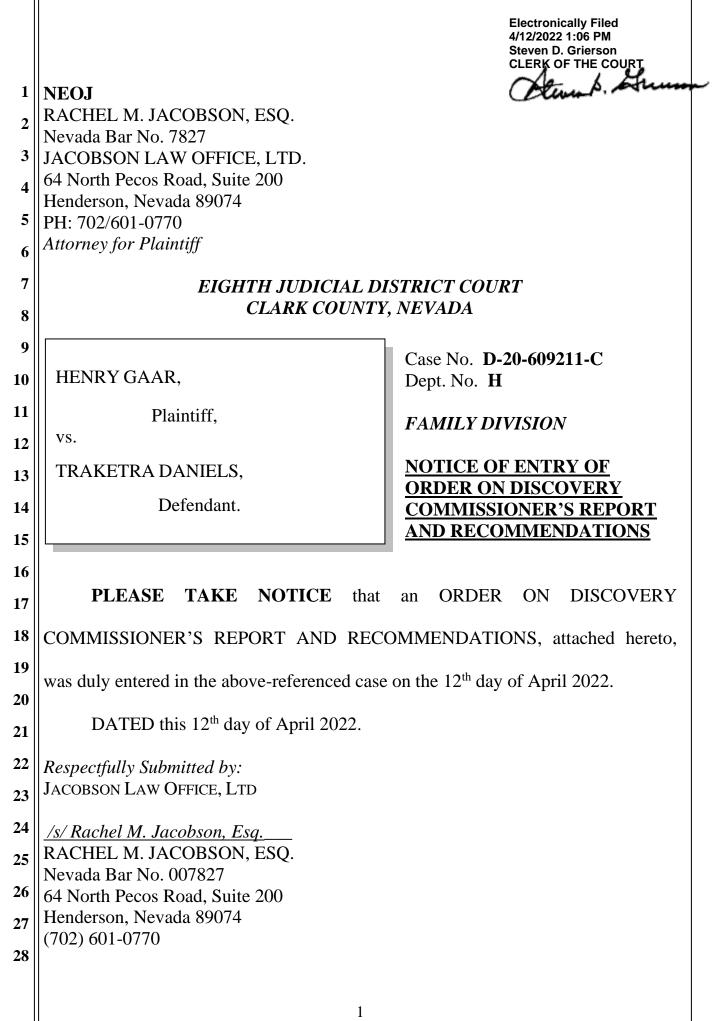
Jennifer Isso, Esq. Name of counsel of record

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I certify that on the 24th day of May, 2022, I served a copy of this completed docketing statement upon all counsel of record:

1	By emailing and via the Supreme Court Odyssey system to:
2 3	Rachel Jacobson, Esq. reli@jacobsonlawltd.com
4	
5	Dated this 24th Day of May, 2022
6	Jennifer Isso, Esq.
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JACOBSON LAW OFFICE, LTD 64 North PECOS ROAD, SUITE 200 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 Telephone (702) 601-0770

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of JACOBSON LAW		
3 4	OFFICE, LTD., and that on this 12 <sup>th</sup> day of April 2022, I caused the above and		
5	foregoing document entitled NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER ON DISCOVERY		
6			
7	COMMISSIONER'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDAITONS, with the referenced		
8	Order attached thereon, to be served as follows:		
9	⊠ BY ELECTRONIC SERVICE: Pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a), EDCR 8.05(f),		
10	NRCP 5(b)(2)(D) and Administrative Order 14-2 captioned "In the		
11	Administrative Matter of Mandatory Electronic Service in the Eighth Judicial District Court," by mandatory electronic service through the Eighth Judicial		
12	District Court's electronic filing system;		
13	□ BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the		
14	foregoing document this date via facsimile;		
15	BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of		
16	the foregoing document this date via electronic mail;		
17	BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed		
18	envelope, return receipt requested.		
19 19	To the party(s) listed below at the address, email address, and/or facsimile number		
20	indicated below:		
21	Jennifer Isso, Esq.		
22 23	ji@issohugheslaw.com		
23 24			
24 25	/s/ Carol Beitler, Legal Assistant		
26	An employee of JACOBSON LAW OFFICE, LTD.		
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4	EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT	
5	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
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7		
8	HENRY E. GAAR, Case No.: D-20-609211-C	
9	Plaintiff,	
10	vs. Dept. No. H / Discovery	
11	TRAKATRA DANIELS,	
12	Defendant	
13 14		
14	ORDER ON DISCOVERY COMMISSIONER'S REPORT AND	
16	RECOMMENDATIONS	
17	The Court having reviewed the above Report and Recommendation's prepared by	
18	the Discovery Commissioner and,	
19	No timely objection having been filed,	
20	After reviewing the objection to the Report and	
21	Recommendation's and good cause appearing,	
22	AND	
23	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED the Discovery Commissioner's	
24	Report and Recommendations are affirmed and adopted.	
25	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED the Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendations are affirmed and adopted as	
26	modified in the following matter. (attached hereto)	
27	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED this matter is remanded to the	
28	Discovery Commissioner for reconsideration or further action.	

1	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED the Discovery Commissioner's
2	Report and Recommendations are reversed.
3	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that a hearing on the Discovery
4	Commissioner's Report is
5	Set for theday of, 2022 at a.m. / p.m.
6	Dated this 12th day of April, 2022
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9	509 F7A F046 3F0D
10	T. Arthur Ritchie District Court Judge
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1	DCRR	Electronically Filed 2/22/2022 5:03 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT	
3	DISTRICT COURT, I		
4	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
5	HENRY E GAAR,	Case No.: <b>D-20-609211-C</b> Dept. No. <b>H</b>	
6	Plaintiff, vs.		
7			
8	TRAKETRA DANIELS,		
9	Defendant.		
10 11	DISCOVEDV COMMISSIONED/S DE	DODT AND DECOMMENDATIONS	
12	DISCOVERY COMMISSIONER'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS		
13	Hearing Date: February 2, 2022.		
14	Hearing Time: 1:00 p.m.		
15	Attorney for Plaintiff: Rachel M. Jacobson, Esq.		
16	Attorney for Defendant: Jennifer Isso, Esq.		
17	I. FINDINGS		
18		aptioned matter appeared telephonically before the	
19			
20	Honorable Discovery Commissioner Jay Young on PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR TO [sic] COMPEL		
21 22	DEFENDANT'S COMPLIANCE WITH DISCOVERY, FOR ADVERSE INERERNCES [sic] AND		
22	SANCTIONS FOR HER FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH DISCOVERY, AND FOR ATTORNEY'S		
24	FEES AND RELATED RELIEF (The "Motion"). Upon the Court's review of the Motion and all other		
25	pleadings and papers on file with this court, and oral		
26	appearing, the Discovery Commissioner hereby make	n of Documents on Defendant on December 14,	
27	2021. Plaintiff served his first request for Interrogato		
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In response to the Interrogatories, Defendant generally refused to answer, only asserting a reference to her 16.2 production of documents without fully answering each question. Defendant must provide the bates range as to each answer; she must also provide an answer of "yes" or "no" or include a narrative where appropriate instead of providing an answer of "n/a."

Defendant's objections to Plaintiff's Request for Production of documents were untimely and thus waived. Further, Defendant did not provide any documents and, with the notable exception to Request number 1, Defendant asserted the same boilerplate objection in response to each of Plaintiff's Request for Production of Documents. Defendant must supplement all responses to Plaintiff's Request for Production of Documents.

When responding to discovery requests, one must provide information that is fairly sought under the Rule 26(b)(1) standard. Objections not stated with specificity are boilerplate.<sup>1</sup>

The word "boilerplate" refers to "trite, hackneyed writing"—an appropriate definition in light of how boilerplate objections are used. An objection to a discovery Request is boilerplate when it merely states the legal grounds for the objection without (1) specifying how the discovery Request is deficient and (2) specifying how the objecting party would be harmed if it were forced to respond to the Request.

Matthew L. Jarvey, Boilerplate Discovery Objections: How They are Used, Why They are Wrong, and What We Can Do About Them, 61 Drake L. Rev. 913, 914 (2013) (internal citations omitted).

By rule, Nevada has declared boilerplate objections are inappropriate. NRCP 33(b)(4) ("The grounds for objecting to an interrogatory must be stated with specificity"); NRCP 34(b)(2)(B) (One must "state the ground for objecting to the Request, with specificity, including the reasons").

Further, the practice of interjecting a boilerplate objection was inappropriate even before it was explicitly prohibited by the most recent amendments to the NRCP. *Olivarez v. Rebel Oil Company, et al.*, Discovery Commissioner Opinion #11 (April, 2003) ("Meeting the burden of asserting a proper

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See, e.g., Fischer v. Forrest, No. 14 Civ. 01304, 2017 WL 773694 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 28, 2017) (Any discovery response that does not comply with Rule 34's requirement to state objections with specificity (and to clearly indicate whether responsive material is being withheld on the basis of objection) will be deemed a waiver of all objections (except as to privilege)). The Nevada Supreme Court recognizes federal decisions involving the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure provide strong persuasive authority. *Exec. Mgmt. Ltd. v. Ticor Title Ins. Co.*, 118 Nev. 46, 38 P.3d 872 (2002). This recognition became even more important after the Supreme Court approved the "comprehensive" March 1, 2019 Amendments to the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure. The 2019 Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure are modeled in large part "on the 2018 version of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure". Advisory Committee Note—2019 Amendments Preface.

discovery objection entails more than the ritual recital of boilerplate verbiage to each discovery
Request");<sup>2</sup> Partner Weekly, LLC v. Viable Mktg. Corp., No. 2:09-CV-2120-PMP-VCF, 2014 WL
1577486, at \*2 (D. Nev. Apr. 17, 2014) (citing Walker v. Lakewood Condo. Owners Ass 'n, 186 F.R.D.
584, 587 (C.D. Cal.1999)) ("Boilerplate and generalized objections are inadequate and tantamount to no objection at all"). Yet, the outdated practice persists.

One federal court suggested that tread worn objections – that the request is over burdensome or overbroad – are boilerplate unless they also answer "Why is it burdensome? How is it overly broad?" *Fischer v. Forrest*, No. 14 Civ. 1304 (PAE) (AJP), 2017 WL 773694, (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 28, 2017). The court then warned future litigants that "[f]rom now on in cases before this Court, any discovery response that does not comply with Rule 34's requirement...will be deemed a waiver of all objections (except as to privilege)." *Id.* Similarly, the court in *Liguria Foods, Inc. v. Griffith Labs., Inc.*, 320 F.R.D. 168, 170 n.1 (N.D. Iowa 2017) suggested that failure to "show specifically how" the requests were "not relevant" or "overly broad, burdensome or oppressive," violates the rules' specificity requirement and renders the objection boilerplate.

Defendant's objections are tantamount to no objection at all and, had they not been waived as untimely, they would have been deemed waived as being inappropriate. Therefore, each of the referenced boilerplate objections is waived.

All counsel certify to the Court pursuant to NRCP 26(g) that their discovery responses are consistent with the rules (including their prohibition against boilerplate objections) and warranted by law. This certification functions the same as the more-familiar Rule 11 certification—it is automatically made by signing a discovery request, response, or pleading.

Rule 26(g)(1) reads:

. . . .

By signing, an attorney or party certifies that to the best of the person's knowledge, information, and belief formed after a reasonable inquiry:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See also Alboum v. Koe, M.D., et al., Discovery Commissioner Opinion #10 (November 2001) (citing Pleasants v. Allbaugh, 2002 U.S.Dist. Lexis 8941 (D. D.C. 2002); G-69 v. Degnan, 130 F.R.D. 326 (D. N.J. 1990); Josephs v. Harris Corp., 677 F.2d 985 (3d Cir. 1982)). ("Repeating the familiar phrase that each request is 'vague, ambiguous, overly broad, unduly burdensome and oppressive, not relevant nor calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence and, further, seeks material protected by the attorney/client or other privilege and the work product doctrine' is insufficient... The burden is on the party resisting discovery to clarify and explain precisely why its objections are proper given the broad and liberal discovery rules.").

(B) with respect to a discovery Request, response, or objection, it is:
 (i) consistent with these rules and warranted by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument for extending, modifying, or reversing existing law, or for establishing new law;

(ii) not interposed for any improper purpose, such as to harass, cause unnecessary delay, or needlessly increase the cost of litigation; and

(iii) neither unreasonable nor unduly burdensome or expensive, considering the needs of the case, prior discovery in the case, the amount in controversy, and the importance of the issues at stake in the action.

Emphasis added.

Further, the rule makes a sanction mandatory when counsel "violates this rule without substantial justification." Rule 26(g)(3). Therefore, when coupled with counsel's automatic certification under NRCP 26(g), one who makes a non-tailored, overbroad or overly burdensome discovery request, makes a boilerplate objection, or files a pleading in support of the same, is subject to *mandatory* sanctions. NRCP 26(g)(3).

Defendant's counsel made a false certification regarding the Requests for Production of Documents. Having given Ms. Isso an opportunity to explain her discovery responses, the Court finds that Ms. Isso's certification was false without good reason or justification.

With regard to the Deposition of the Defendant, while the Commissioner previously limited the questioning to those questions that counsel was not able to get the answer for at the earlier deposition because the Defendant's phone was not working, the Commissioner did not limit Plaintiff's questions to three questions. Moreover, foundational and follow-up questions are appropriate.

The Court finds Ms. Isso's behavior at Defendant's deposition was repugnant and unprofessional. She behaved in a rude manner to opposing counsel, calling her "honey" in a derogatory manner, screaming, interrupting counsel, refusing to allow Plaintiff's counsel to examine Defendant, and using the four letter copulative. Further, Ms. Isso improperly instructed Defendant to refuse to answer Plaintiff's counsel's questions, after which Ms. Isso improperly terminated the deposition without justification and without immediately seeking a protective order as required. Ms. Isso impeded the fair examination of Defendant, as well as Plaintiff's counsel's ability to ask simple, foundational questions. At the hearing, Ms. Isso defended her deposition behavior as appropriate, making the repugnant behavior the more alarming.

#### **II. RECOMMENDATIONS**

IT IS HEREBY RECOMMENDED that Plaintiff's Motion to Compel be granted. Defendant must supplement responses to all Interrogatories, Requests for Production of Documents, and Rule 16.2 mandatory disclosures at issue herein. Further, Defendant must sit for an additional deposition consistent with the recommendations herein.

**IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED** that, where the Defendant asserted only a reference to her 16.2 production of documents in her answers to Plaintiff's Interrogatories, she must provide the bates range as to each answer.

**IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED** that Defendant must also provide an answer of "yes" or "no" or include a narrative where appropriate to Interrogatories to which she previously answered "n/a." Defendant shall supplement her response to Interrogatories No. 6, 7, 8, 10,12, 14, 16, 22, 26, 27, and 28.

IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED that Plaintiff shall be allowed to depose Defendant for the third time at which time the Plaintiff is permitted to ask the questions Defendant was unable or unwilling to answer at the first deposition. Plaintiff may also ask any natural follow up questions regarding any new information Defendant's answers may provide.

**IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED** that Defendant must appear by video if she does not wish to appear in person. Because this is the third attempt to depose Defendant, and because of Defendant's inability or refusal to appear on video or in person for prior depositions, Defendant must now appear for her deposition either at the Jacobson Law Office or she must appear at a deposition suite (with the cost of the same to be paid by Defendant).

**IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED** that Defendant shall bear the costs associated with the third Deposition taken of Defendant by Plaintiff.

**IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED** that, with regard to the Interrogatories and the Request for Production of Documents, the Motion is granted. The objections are waived as untimely and inappropriate.

**IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED** that Defendant shall provide supplemental responses to Plaintiff's Request for Interrogatories, specifically Interrogatories No. 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 22, 26, 27, and 28. Said supplement shall be made on or before February 14, 2022.

IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED that as it relates to any discovery compelled herein that is not provided by February 14, 2022, or any information that is otherwise withheld, an adverse inference that any withheld information would not have supported Defendant's position will automatically issue.

IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED that Counsel for Defendant, Ms. Isso, be personally sanctioned pursuant to Rule 37(d) and Rule 30(d)(2) in the amount of \$1,000.00, which amount is to be made payable to the Legal Aid Center of Southern Nevada. Ms. Isso shall remit such payment and provide proof of said payment to this Court by February 14, 2022 to avoid further sanction.

**IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED** that Counsel for Defendant, Ms. Isso, be personally sanctioned pursuant to mandatory Rule 26(g) sanction in the amount of \$500.00, which mount is to be made payable to the Legal Aid Center of Southern Nevada. Ms. Isso shall remit such payment and provide proof of said payment to this Court by February 14, 2022 to avoid further sanction.

IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED that Plaintiff's request for attorney's fees and costs should be granted pursuant to NRCP 37(a)(5) in addition to the sanctions. Plaintiff should be awarded his costs as it relates to the first deposition and should be awarded his costs and attorney's fees as it relates to the second Deposition. Likewise, Plaintiff should be awarded his attorney's fees and costs associated with his Motion to Compel and all efforts made to meet and confer regarding the same. Plaintiff shall submit a Memorandum of Fees and Costs. Plaintiff must submit a Memorandum of Fees and Costs consistent with *Brunzell v. Golden Gate Nat. Bank*, 85 Nev. 345, 455 P.2d 31 (1969); *Beattie v. Thomas*, 99 Nev. 579, 668 P.2d 268 (1983); and *Wright v. Osburn*, 114 Nev. 1367, 1370, 970 P.2d 1071, 1073 (1998) on or before March 1, 2022. Defendant may file an opposition thereto on or before March 8, 2022. No late submission will be considered.

IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED that adverse inferences shall be entered against the Defendant that any and all documents, any and all responses to Interrogatories, and Request for Production of documents and failure to make 16.2 disclosures not made by February 14, 2022 or any and all withheld information; the inference shall be that the withheld information would not have supported the Defendant's claim in this matter. The exact wording of this inference shall be up to the District Court at the time of the trial in this matter.

IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED that this court will hold a status hearing on March 16, 2022 at 1:30 P.M. regarding Ms. Isso's compliance with these recommendations and to determine the amount of attorney's fees awarded to Plaintiff. Dated: February 22, 2022

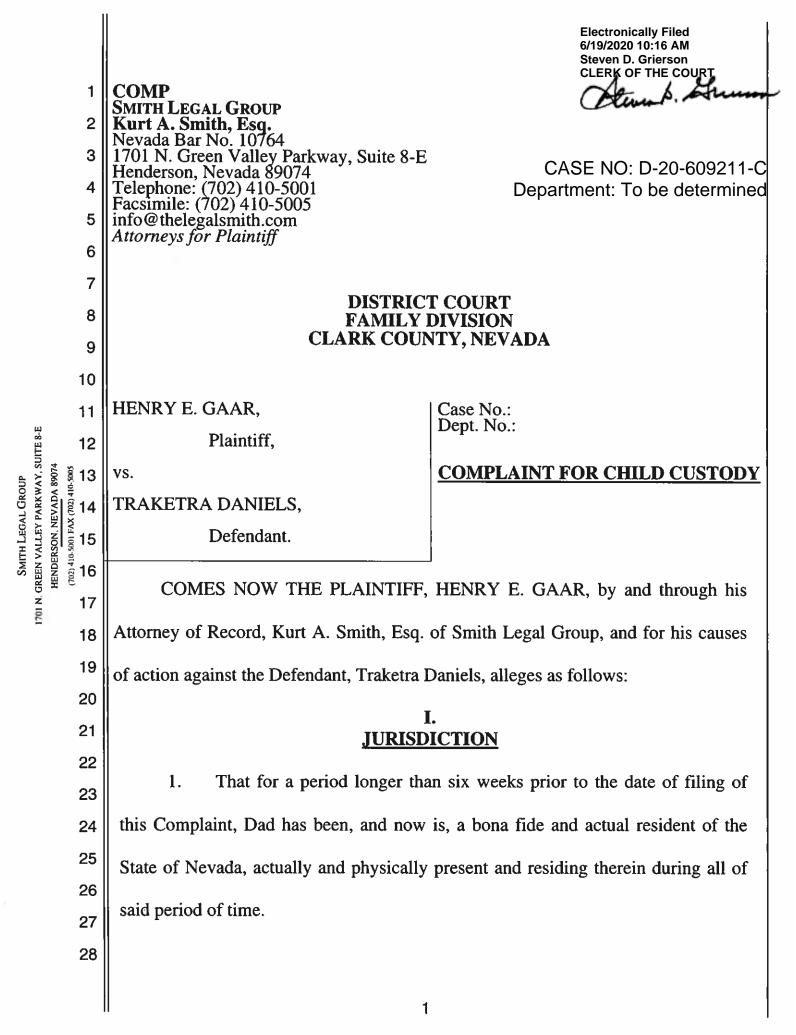
DISCOVERY COMMISSIONER

Case No.: D-20-609211-C

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3	EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT	
4	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
5		
6		
7	HENRY E. GAAR, Case No.: D-20-609211-C	
8	Plaintiff,	
10	vs. Dept. No.: H / Discovery	
11	TRAKATRA DANIELS,	
12	Defendant	
13		
14		
15	NOTICE	
16 17	Pursuant to NRCP 16.3(c)(2), you are hereby notified that within	
18	fourteen (14) days of being served with a report, any party may file and serve	
19	written objections to the recommendations. Written authorities may be filed with	
20 21	an objection, but are not mandatory. If written authorities are filed, any other party	
22	may file and serve responding party within seven (7) days after being served with	
23	objections.	
24	A copy of foregoing Discovery Commissioner's Report and	
25		
26 27	Recommendations was:	
28		

\$ e	
1	$\checkmark$ Mailed to Plaintiff/Defendant on the <sup>22ND</sup> day of FEB , 2022,
2	
3	to the following address:
4	Jennifer Isso, Esq. Isso & Hughes
5	2470 St. Rose Pkwy Ste. 306F
6	Henderson, NV 89074
7	
8 9	$\checkmark$ Electronically filed and served on the <u>22ND</u> day of <u>FEB</u> , 2022
10	Rachel Jacobson, Esq reli@jacobsonlawltd.com
11	Jennifer Isso, Esq ji@issohugheslaw.com
12	The Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendation is
13	deemed received at the time it is e-served to a party or the party's attorney.
14	
15	Alternatively, the Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendation is
16 17	deemed received three (3) days after mailing to a party or a party's attorney; or
18	three (3) days after the Clerk of the Court deposits a copy of the Report and
19	Recommendations in a folder of the party's attorney in the Clerk's Office. EDCR
20	
21	2.34(f).
22	Dated this 22ND day of FEB, 2022.
23 24	
24	Tracy George
26	Commissioner Designee
27	
28	

1	CSERV	
2	D	ISTRICT COURT
3		K COUNTY, NEVADA
4		
5		
6	Henry E Gaar, Plaintiff.	CASE NO: D-20-609211-C
7	VS.	DEPT. NO. Department H
8	Traketra Daniels, Defendant.	
9		
10	AUTOMATED	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
11	This automated certificate of se	rvice was generated by the Eighth Judicial District
12		l via the court's electronic eFile system to all be above entitled case as listed below:
13	recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:	
14	Service Date: 4/12/2022	
15	Gerald Neal ger	aldfneal@aol.com
16	Rachel Jacobson ese	rvice@jacobsonlawltd.com
17	Jennifer Isso ji@	issohugheslaw.com
18	Jennifer Isso info	o@lowestpricelawyers.com
19		
20		e above mentioned filings were also served by mail ge prepaid, to the parties listed below at their last
21	via United States Postal Service, postage prepaid, to the parties listed below at their last known addresses on 4/13/2022	
22	Jennifer Isso 2470 St. Rose PKWY STE 306F	
23	Henderso	n, NV, 89074
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		
	1	



Case Number: D-20-609211-C

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That the Child of this action has lived in Nevada for a period longer 2. than six months prior to the filing of Dad's Complaint such that Nevada has the requisite Jurisdiction pursuant to the UCCJEA to enter Orders regarding Custody, Visitation, and Support of the Child, pursuant to the Child's best interest.

# II. **FACTS**

3. Plaintiff, HENRY E. GAAR ("Dad"), is the Biological Father of the minor Child, to wit: TRISTEN MALIK GAAR, born November 6, 2017. (the "Child").

4. Defendant, TRAKETRA DANIELS ("Mom"), is the Natural Mother of the Minor Child.

5. To the best of Dad's knowledge, there is currently no Custody Order defining Dad and Mom's rights and obligations related to the Child.

6. Mom and Dad were never married. However, Dad and Mom had a four-year relationship and the Parties lived together throughout the majority of that relationship.

Approximately a year ago, the Parties' relationship began to sour. 7. 22 23 Accordingly, Dad rented an apartment for Mom to see if the distance helped mend 24 the relationship. However, although she had been provided with her own 25 26 apartment, Mom still resided the majority of the time with Dad and the Child at 27 Dad's residence.

1 8. The Lease on the apartment Dad had secured for Mom expired and 2 Dad offered to renew the apartment for Mom. However, because Mom was angry 3 that she could not remain in Dad's home, Mom left behind both Dad's house and 4 5 the offered apartment and is believed to be couch surfing with various friends. 6 9. Mom has refused to provide an address where she and the Child are 7 residing. 8 9 10. Mom is refusing Dad access to the Child. 10 11. Mom is unstable and does not have a permanent home for she and the 11 Child. 12 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 12. There is nothing more important to Dad than the Child. Although Dad believes Mom is capable of being a good mother, due to her current instability, Dad desires Sole Legal and Primary Physical Custody of the Child. 17 III. **LEGAL CUSTODY** 18 19 13. That Dad is a fit and proper person to have Sole Legal Custody of the 20 Child, Tristen Malik Gaar. 21 IV. 22 PHYSICAL CUSTODY AND VISITATION 23 That Dad is a fit and proper person to be awarded Primary Physical 14. 24 25 Custody of the Child. 26 That the Parties be put on notice of the requirements of NRS 15. 27 125C.0045(6), as follows: 28

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1701 N. GREEN VALLEY PARKWAY, SUITE 8-E SMITH LEGAL GROUP

1	(a) PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDER: THE		
2	ABDUCTION, CONCEALMENT OR DETENTION OF		
3	A CHILD IN VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS PUNISHABLE AS A CATEGORY D FELONY AS		
4	PROVIDED IN NRS 193.130. NRS 200.359 provides that		
5	every person having a limited right of custody to a Child or any parent having no right of custody to the Child who		
6	willfully detains, conceals or removes the Child from a		
7	parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a right of visitation of the Child in violation of an order of		
8	this court, or removes the Child from the jurisdiction of		
9	the court without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation is		
10	subject to being punished for a category D felony as		
11	provided in NRS 193.130.		
12	16. That the Parties be put on notice that the terms of the Hague		
4 89074 4 8005 dit	Convention of October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of the Hague		
HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 416-5005 102) 416-5005 102) 416-5005	Conference on Private International Law, apply if a parent abducts or wrongfully		
	retains a Child in a foreign country.		
17	17. That the Parties be put on notice that pursuant to NRS 125C.0045(7)-		
18	(8);		
19			
20	If a parent of a Child lives in a foreign country or has significant		
21	commitments in a foreign country:		
22	i. The parties are also to acknowledge that the State of Nevada will be		
23	the habitual residence of the Child within the United States for the		
24	purposes of applying the terms of The Hague Convention as set forth in NRS 125C.0045(7).		
25	ii. Upon motion of one of the parties, the court may order the parent to		
26 27	ii. Upon motion of one of the parties, the court may order the parent to post a bond if the court determines that the parent poses an		
27 28	imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the Child outside the country of habitual residence. The bond must be in an		
20	outside me country of naondar residence. The bond must be in an		
	4		

1701 N. GREEN VALLEY PARKWAY, SUITE 8-E SMITH LEGAL GROUP

amount determined by the court and may be used only to pay for the cost of locating the Child and returning him/her to his/her habitual residence if the Child is wrongfully removed from or concealed outside the country of habitual residence. The fact that a parent has significant commitments in a foreign country does not create a presumption that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the Child.

18. That the Parties be put on notice that pursuant to the provisions of

NRS 125C.006:

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- 1. If primary physical custody has been established pursuant to an order, judgment, or decree of a court and the custodial parent intends to relocate his or her residence to a place outside of this State or to a place within this State that is at such a distance that would substantially impair the ability of the other parent to maintain a meaningful relationship with the Child, and the custodial parent desires to take the Child with him or her, the custodial parent shall, before relocating:
- (a) Attempt to obtain the written consent of the noncustodial parent to relocate with the Child; and
- (b) If the noncustodial parent refuses to give that consent, petition the court for permission to relocate with the Child.
- 2. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the custodial parent if the court finds that the noncustodial parent refused to consent to the custodial parent's relocation with the Child:

(a) Without having reasonable grounds for such refusal; or

(b) For the purpose of harassing the custodial parent.

3. A parent who relocates with a Child pursuant to this section without the written consent of the noncustodial parent, or the permission of the court is subject to the provisions of NRS 200.359.

1701 N. GREEN VALLEY PARKWAY, SUITE 8-E HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 13 (202) 410-2001 I-XX (202) 410-2002 14 15 16 16 SMITH LEGAL GROUP

## V. <u>VISITATION</u>

19. That the Court should set a Visitation Plan for Mom, subject to the conditions placed upon Mom due to her not having a stable place for herself and the Child.

## VI. CHILD SUPPORT

20. That Mom should pay Child Support to Dad at the rate of 16% of her Gross Monthly Income pursuant to NAC 425.140.

21. That the Parties be put on notice that, pursuant to NRS 125.450, a parent responsible for paying Child Support is subject to NRS 31A.025 to 31A.330, inclusive, and Sections 2 and 3 of Chapter 31A of the Nevada Revised Statutes, regarding the withholding of wages and commissions for the delinquent payment of support. These statutes and provisions require that, if a parent responsible for paying Child Support is delinquent in paying the support of a Child that such person has been ordered to pay, then that person's wages or commissions shall immediately be subject to wage assignment, pursuant to the provision of the above-cited statutes.

24 22. That the pursuant to NRS 125B.145, the parties, and each of them, are
25 hereby, placed on notice the order for support may be reviewed at any time on the
26 basis of changed circumstances. For the purposes of this subsection, a change of 20
28 percent or more in the monthly income of a person who is subject to an order for

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the support of a Child shall be deemed to constitute changed circumstances and require a review of modification of the order for the support of a Child. Moreover, also pursuant to NRS 125B.145, the parties are on notice that the order for support will be reviewed by the court at least every three (3) years to determine whether the order should be modified. The review will be conducted upon the filing of a request by a parent or legal guardian of the Child; or the Nevada State Welfare Division of the District Attorney's Office, if the Division of the District Attorney has jurisdiction of the case.

## VII. MEDICAL INSURANCE

23. That Mom and Dad should maintain medical, dental, optical, orthodontic insurance coverage for the Child as long as it is available through his/her individual employer at a reasonable cost and be solely responsible for any individual monthly premium costs, deductibles, co-pays, and medication maintenance on behalf of the Child.

### VIII. **ATTORNEYS' FEES**

24. That Mom should be solely responsible for Dad's attorney's fees and 23 costs pursuant to NRS 18.010, NRS 125C.250 and Brunzell v. Golden Gate 24 25 National Bank, 85 Nev. 345,455 P.2d 31 (1969).

26 WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff, HENRY E. GAAR, prays for judgment as 27 follows: 28

	1 2	1. That Dad be awarded Sole Legal Custody of the Child, Tristen Malik
		Gaar;
	3	
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TE 8-E	5	Malik Gaar;
	6 7	3. That Mom be awarded Specific and limited Visitation with the Child;
	8	4. That Mom be Ordered to pay Child Support;
	9	5. That both Dad and Mom shall maintain medical, dental, optical,
	10 11	orthodontic insurance coverage for the Child as stated herein;
		6. That the Parties each be solely responsible for their individual
OUP WAY, SU	N. GREEN VALLEY PARKWAY, SUITE 8-E HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 (702) 410-5001 FAX (702) 410-5005 2 9 9 9 7 702) 410-5005	attorney's fees and costs. However, if Mom opposes Dad's reasonable requests for
SMITH LEGAL GROUP EEN VALLEY PARKWAY		relief as stated herein, that Mom be ordered to pay Dad's full attorneys' fees and
AITH LE		
		costs in this matter pursuant to NRS 18.010, NRS 125C.250 and <i>Brunzell</i> ; and
1021		7. That the Dad be granted any further relief as the Court deems just and
	19	proper.
	20	DATED this day of June 2020.
	21	SMITH DECAL GROUP
	22	
	23	Kurt A. Smith, Esq.
	24	Nevada Bar No. 10764 1701 N. Green Valley Parkway, Suite 8-E
	25	Henderson, Nevada 89074 Attorneys for Plaintiff
	26 27 28	
		8

1 **VERIFICATION OF COMPLAINT** 2 3 STATE OF NEVADA ) ) ss. 4 COUNTY OF CLARK ) 5 HENRY E. GAAR, being first duly sworn, deposes and says under penalty of 6 7 perjury of the laws of the State of Nevada: 8 That I am the Plaintiff in the above-entitled action; that I have read the 9 foregoing Complaint for Child Custody and I know the contents thereof; that the 10 11 same is true of my own knowledge, except as to those matters therein stated on 1701 N. GREEN VALLEY PARKWAY, SUITE 8-E 12 information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true. 5005-017 (202) XV:1 1005-017 (202) HENDERSON, NEVADA 89074 17 18 SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before 19 me this ) day of June 2020. 20 21 NOTARY PUBL 22 23 P BRINDISI 24 Notary Public, State of Nevada Appointment No. 00-65354-1 25 My Appt. Expires August 14, 2020 26 27 28

SMITH LEGAL GROUP

		Electronically Filed 1/19/2021 2:55 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT				
1	NED					
2	ROCHELEAU LAW GROUP					
3	dba RIGHT LAWYERS Meredith L. Weiner, Esq.					
4	Nevada Bar No. 12299 meredith@rightlawyers.com					
5	600 South Tonopah Drive, Suite 300					
	Las Vegas, Nevada 89106 702-914-0400					
6	Attorney for Plaintiff					
7	DISTRICT COURT, FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA					
9	Henry E Gaar,	CASE NO. : D-20-609211-C				
10	Plaintiff,	DEPT. NO. : H				
11	vs.					
12	Traketra Daniels,					
13	Defendant.					
14						
15	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF DECREE					
16	Please take notice that the Decree of Custody was entered in the above-					
17	entitled matter on January 19, 2021, a copy of which is attached hereto.					
18	Dated this 19 <sup>th</sup> day of January 2021.					
19	RIGHT Lawyers					
20						
21	$M\Lambda$					
22	Meredith L. Weiner, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 12299 Attorney for Plaintiff 1 of 2					
23						
24						
	Case Number: D-2	0-609211-C				

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	Pursuant to NRCP, I certify that I am an employee of RIGHT
3	LAWYERS, and that on this 19th day of January, 2021, I served a
4	copy of the foregoing <b>NOTICE OF ENTRY OF DECREE</b> as follows:
5 6	Pursuant to EDCR 8.05 (a), EDCR 8.05(f), NRCP 5(b)(2)(D) and
0 7	Administrative Order 14-2 captioned "In the Administrative Matter of
8	Mandatory Electronic Service in the Eight Judicial District Court," by
9	mandatory electronic service through the Eight Judicial District Court's
10	electronic filing system:
11	Gerald Neal, Esq.
12	emailgeraldfneal@aol.com Attorney for Defendant
13	Attorney for Defendant
14	
15	An employee of Right Lawyers
16	
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22	
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24	2 of 2

Electronically Filed 01/19/2021 2:24 PM CLERK OF THE COURT

...

1.	DECD			
	ROCHELEAU LAW GROUP			
2	dba RIGHT LAWYERS Meredith L. Weiner, Esq.			
3	Nevada Bar No. 12299			
•	meredith@rightlawyers.com 600 South Tonopah Drive, Suite 300			
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 89106			
5	702-914-0400			
5	Attorney for Plaintiff			
6	DISTRICT COURT, FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA			
-	Henry E. Gaar,			
7		CASE NO. : D-20-609211-C		
8	Plaintiff,	DEPT. NO. : H		
	VS.			
•	Traketra Daniels,			
10				
-11	Defendant.			
ĨĨ				
12	STIPULATED DECREE OF CUSTODY			
• •	COMES NOW the Plaintiff, Henr	y Gaar, by and through his attorney of		
13	A Marialth I Mainey English	DICHT LAWYERS and Defendant.		
14	record, Meredith L. Weiner, Esq., of RIGHT LAWYERS, and Defendant, Traketra Daniels, by and through her attorney of record, Gerald Neal, Esq., to			
• •				
15	submit to the court this stipulated Decr	ee of Custody. After a review of the		
16	pleadings and papers on file and the testimony given, if any, this Court finds as			
	pleadings and papers on file and the test	mony given, it any, this could thids as		
17	follows:			
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1. That The Court has jurisdiction over the parties and over the subject matter as Plaintiff has been a resident of the State of Nevada for more than six weeks prior to the filing of the Complaint for Custody and intends to remain in Nevada for the foreseeable future. Plaintiff is and has been at all times relevant a resident of Clark County, Nevada.

2. That Plaintiff and Defendant were never married.

3. The Plaintiff and Defendant have one (1) minor child born of this relationship, to wit: Tristen Malik Gaar, born November 6, 2017. That the parties have no other children in common, and The Defendant is not pregnant at this time.

4. The minor child has resided in Nevada for at least six months prior to the commencement of this action. Further, Nevada is the child's habitual residence. Therefore, the Court has the necessary UCCJEA jurisdiction over the child to enter orders as to child custody and visitation.

5. Plaintiff and Defendant are both fit and proper parents to share joint legal custody of the minor child.

15 6. Plaintiff and Defendant are both fit and proper parents to share joint
16 physical custody of the minor child.

7. The Plaintiff and Defendant have entered into an agreement settling the issue of child custody, and visitation. Any custody and visitation orders made herein are in the best interests of the child.

8. That the Plaintiff and Defendant should be granted a Decree of Custody.

NOW THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED THAT Plaintiff and Defendant waive their rights to an appeal, to Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law.

IT IS FURTHER STIPULATED THAT Plaintiff and Defendant declare
that they have carefully read this Decree of Custody and know the contents thereof.
This Agreement is made and entered into freely and voluntarily by each of the
Petitioners hereto, free from any duress, constraint or influence of any kind or nature
on the part of the other and each acting absolutely upon his or her own independent
judgment.

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NOW THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED,

AND DECREED that the terms, as they are set forth in the attached hereto as Exhibit "A" are hereby ratified, confirmed, merged, and incorporated into this Decree as though fully set forth herein.

17 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT Plaintiff and Defendant shall have

18 both joint legal and joint physical custody of the minor child with a visitation

schedule as outlined in Exhibit A, pursuant to NRS 125C.010, which is incorporated herein.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT pursuant to NAC 425, the base statutory child support obligation is \$900.00 per month based on the parties' respective incomes and the joint physical custody designation. However, the Plaintiff agrees to an upward deviation in the amount of \$700 per month, therefore making the Plaintiff's child support obligation to the Defendant \$1,600 per month in child support. Child support shall continue until the minor child reaches eighteen (18) years of age if no longer in high school, or if the child is still enrolled in high school, when that child reaches nineteen (19) years of age, · 9 or becomes emancipated or otherwise self-supporting. 10

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT no child support arrearages exist, or the entitled custodial parent waived his/her right to child support arrearages.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT good cause exists to postpone the withholding of income from the obligor parent to pay child support and spousal support, if any.

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT the minor child shall be allowed to facetime for up to ten (10) minutes with the other parent at least once during their 16 visitation with the child. This time shall be mutually agreed upon by both parents. 17

1.8

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT the parties shall inform one another of the physical location of the minor child, this includes any out of state trips.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT the Plaintiff shall have fourteen (14) to twenty-one (21) days of business travel a year. During this time the Defendant shall have the minor child. The plaintiff is to provide a thirty (30) day notice to Defendant before scheduling. Additionally, the Plaintiff shall be responsible for any daycare cost needed during this time.

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT pursuant to NRS 125B.080(7), both parties shall maintain medical and dental insurance for the child. The 30/30 8 rule applies to any unreimbursed medical, dental, optical, orthodontic, surgical, 9 and/or any other healthcare costs for the child. The 30/30 rule provides that the 10 party paying any unreimbursed medical expenses has thirty (30) days from the 11 date the expense is paid to forward proof of payment to the opposing party. If 12 that party does not timely forward the proof of payment, then that party waives 13 the right to be reimbursed for that expense. Upon receipt of a timely-forwarded 14 proof of payment of an unreimbursed medical expense, the receiving party has 15 thirty (30) days to reimburse the paying party one-half of the expense or to object to the expense. If the receiving party does not either object to the expense or 16 reimburse the paying party for half of the expense, then that party is subject to 17 sanctions for contempt of court. 18. 1

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT the Plaintiff shall claim the child Į, dependent tax credit for the child in odd-numbered tax years and the Defendant 2 shall claim the child dependent tax credit in even-numbered tax years. 3 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT that should either party need to 4 enforce the terms of this Decree of Custody, the prevailing party shall be entitled 5 to recover attorney's fees and costs related to such action. 6 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to NRS 125C.0045(6): 7 PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDER: THE ABDUCTION, CONCEALMENT OR DETENTION OF A CHILD IN VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS PUNISHABLE AS A CATEGORY D FELONY .8 AS PROVIDED IN NRS 193.130. NRS 200.359 provides that every person having a limited right of custody to a child or any parent having 9 no right of custody to the child who willfully detains, conceals or removes the child from a parent, guardian or other person having lawful 10 custody or a right of visitation of the child in violation of an order of this court, or removes the child from the jurisdiction of the court 11. without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation is subject to being punished for a category D 12 felony as provided in NRS 193.130. 111 13 177 14 РĤ 15 III16 H47 HI18 147 6 of 13

# NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to NRS 125C.0045(7)(8):

The terms of the Hague Convention of October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of the Hague Conference on Private International Law, apply if a parent abducts or wrongfully retains a child in a foreign country as follows:

If a parent of the child lives in a foreign country or has significant commitments in a foreign country:

(a) The parties may agree, and the court shall include in the order for custody of the child, that the United States is the country of habitual residence of the child for the purposes of applying the terms of the Hague Convention as set forth in subsection 7.

(b) Upon motion of one of the parties, the court may order the parent to post a bond if the court determines that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child outside the country of habitual residence. The bond must be in an amount determined by the court and may be used only to pay for the cost of locating the child and returning the child to his or her habitual residence if the child is wrongfully removed from or concealed outside the country of habitual residence. The fact that a parent has significant commitments in a foreign country does not create a presumption that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to NRS 125C.0065:

1. IF JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODY has been established pursuant to an order, judgment or decree of a court and one parent intends to relocate his or her residence to a place outside of this State or to a place within this State that is at such a distance that would substantially impair the ability of the other parent to maintain a meaningful relationship with the child, and the relocating parent desires to take the child with him or her, the relocating parent shall, before relocating:

(a) Attempt to obtain the written consent of the non-relocating parent to relocate with the child; and

(b) If the non-relocating parent refuses to give that consent, petition the court for primary physical custody for the purpose of relocating.

2. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the relocating parent if the court finds that the non-relocating parent refused to consent to the relocating parent's relocation with the child:

(a) Without having reasonable grounds for such refusal, or;

(b) For the purpose of harassing the relocating parent.

3. A parent who relocates with a child pursuant to this section before the court enters an order granting the parent primary physical custody of the child and permission to relocate with the child is subject to the provisions of NRS 200.359.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the parties may be subject to the withholding of wages and commissions for delinquent payments of support pursuant to NRS 31A.010, et. seq. and 125.450(2).

NOTICE IF HEREBY GIVEN that both parties shall submit the information required in NRS 125B.055, NRS 125.30, and NRS 125.230 on a separate form to the Court and the Welfare Division of the Department of Human Resources within ten days from the date this Order is filed. Such information shall be maintained by the Clerk in a confidential manner and not part of the public record. The parties shall update the information filed with the Court and the Welfare Division of the Department of Human Resources within ten days 12 should any of that information become inaccurate. 13

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I	i	OTICE IS HEREBY					
2	child si	apport every three ye	ears, or at any f	time upo	n changed cit	cumstances,	
3	•	nt to NRS 125B.145.					
4		T IS SO ORDERED		Dated this	CREE 19th day of Janua day of	ary, 2021,000	
5			Dated	this	day of <u>Ju</u>	1	
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7	Dated	this day of	2021 Date			2021	
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9	Henry	Gaar, Plaintiff	Trak	etra Dani	els, Defendan	ť	
10	Dated	this $14^{\text{th}}$ day of $\overline{Ja}$	<u>naury2021</u>	Dated (	this day	muang 20	21
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. 12				Gerald	F. Neal, Esq.	nial	
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### Exhibit A

# Regular Schedule Agreement

The parent's regular visitation schedule shall be as follows;

# Sample; Alternating Week

As the Parties are awarded Joint Physical Custody of the minor child, the schedule will consist of the Plaintiff having visitation with the minor child every other week starting Monday at 9:00 a.m. until that Friday at 6:00 p.m. The minor child shall reside with the Defendant the remaining time.

Visitation exchanges shall occur at a mutually agreed upon public location. Once the child enrolls in school, visitation exchanges will occur at school with the relinquishing parent dropping the child off at school in the morning and the receiving party picking the child up from school.

There shall be a six-hour right of first refusal when the custodial parent is working. Upon knowledge that the custodial parent will not be personally able to care for the child(ren) for any six-hour or larger block of time, that parent must, within a reasonable amount of time, so inform the other parent and allow that parent the first right to refuse visitation with the child(ren) for the time that the other parent is unable to care for the child(ren). If the non-custodial parent accepts, then the parties shall make arrangements to exchange the child(ren). Upon the offering parent becoming available to personally care for the child(ren), the accepting parent shall return the child(ren). If the non-custodial

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parent refuses the right, then the custodial parent may make other arrangements for the child(ren). The right of first refusal is only available if the non-custodial parent is not working on the day the custodial parent is offering the right of first

refusal.

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# Holiday Schedule Agreement

The parent's holiday and vacation provisions set forth below, with the following periods to take precedence over regularly scheduled residential time.

## 7 Three Day Weekend Holidays

8 The parents will share weekend holidays based on the following schedule, with residential time to begin upon the release of school prior to the holiday and continue until the morning school resumes following the holiday. In the event that school is not in session, the following holiday times will begin at 9 a.m. and continue until the following morning at 9 a.m.

		Odd Year	Even Year
11	Martin Luther King Day	DAD	MOM
12	President's Day	MOM	DAD
13	Memorial Day	DAD	MOM
14	Independence Day	МОМ	DAD
	Labor Day	DAD	MOM
15	Nevada Admission Day	МОМ	DAD

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# 17 Individual Holidays

The parents will birthdays based on the schedule set forth below, with residential time to begin upon the release of school on the day listed and continue until the

1 morning school resumes following the specified day. In the event that school is not in session, the following holiday times will begin at 9 a.m. and continue until the following morning at 9 a.m.

3	Father's Day	<u>Odd Year</u> DAD	Even Year DAD
4	Mother's Day	мом	МОМ
5	Mother's Birthday	MOM	МОМ
ő	Father's Birthday	DAD	DAD
7	Children's Birthday	MOM	DAD

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#### Easter/Spring Break:

The parents will share the Easter/Spring Break based on the following schedule, with residential time to begin upon the release of school prior to the holiday and continue until the morning school resumes following the holiday.

Easter/Spring Break MOM DAD

#### Thanksgiving:

13 The parents will share the Thanksgiving Break based on the following schedule, with residential time to begin immediately upon the release of school prior to the holiday [Wednesday] and continue until the morning school resumes following the holiday.

# 15Odd YearEven Year16DADMOM

#### 17 Christmas/New Year's:

18 This holiday period will be divided into two segments. The first segment will begin upon the release of school for the break and continue until December 25<sup>th</sup>

at 2:00 p.m., when the second segment will begin, to continue until the morning school resumes following the holiday break.

	Odd Year	Even Year
First Segment/Christmas	DAD	MOM
Second Segment/New Year's	MOM	DAD

#### **Summer Vacation:**

The parents will maintain their regular residential schedule during the summer, with each party to elect a two-week vacation period with the children. Each parent will provide at least a thirty-day written notice of the dates of their requested vacation period. In the event there is a conflict in dates/times, the earliest dated email will prevail.

Any additional time with the children shall be by mutual agreement of both parents.

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1	CSERV		
2	Ε	DISTRICT COURT	
3	CLAR	K COUNTY, NEVADA	
4			
5	U	CASE NO: D-20-609211-C	
6	Henry E Gaar, Plaintiff.		
7	VS.	DEPT. NO. Department H	
8	Traketra Daniels, Defendant.		
9			
10	<u>AUTOMATEI</u>	<u>) CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>	
11	This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District		
12	Court. The foregoing Custody Decree / Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:		
13 14	Service Date: 1/19/2021		
14	Gerald Neal	geraldfneal@aol.com	
16	Meredith Weiner	meredith@rightlawyers.com	
17	Right Lawyers	info@rightlawyers.com	
18	Kurt Smith	info@thelegalsmith.com	
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