IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE

STATE OF NEVADA

CLARK NMSD, LLC,

Appellant,

Electronically Filed Nov 21 2022 08:50 PM Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

VS

Supreme Court Case No. 84623

JENNIFER GOLDSTEIN,

Respondent.

District Court Case No. A-15-728510-B

APPELLANT'S APPENDIX: Volume 1

LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP MITCHELL STIPP, ESQ. (Nevada Bar No. 7531)

1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100

Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: 702.602.1242 mstipp@stipplaw.com Counsel for Appellant

DATED this 21st day of November, 2022.

LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP

/s/ Mitchell Stipp

MITCHELL STIPP, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7531 1180 N. Town Center Drive Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: (702) 602-1242 mstipp@stipplaw.com Counsel for Appellant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 21st day of November, 2022, I filed the foregoing

Appellant's Appendix, using the court's electronic filing system.

DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC BRIAN R. IRVINE Nevada Bar No. 7758 BROOKS T. WESTERGARD Nevada Bar No. 14300 100 West Liberty Street Suite 940 Reno, Nevada 89501

Tel.: (775) 343-7500 Fax: (844) 670-6009

Email: birvine@dickinsonwright.com

Email: bwestergard@dickinsonwright.com

By: /s/ Mitchell Stipp

An employee of Law Office of Mitchell Stipp

Application/Petition	Volume 1	000005-000027		
Opposition	Volume 1	000028-000038		
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Reply	Volume 1	000039-000059		
Minutes	Volume 1	000060-000061		
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Order to Show Cause	Volume 1	000078-000083		
Order	Volume 1	000084-000093		
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Reply	Volume 4	000245-000256		
Minutes	Volume 4	000257-000258		
Notice of Entry	Volume 4	000259-000271		
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Nevada Bar No. 7531 LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: 702.602.1242

mstipp@stipplaw.com Attorneys for NuVeda, LLC and

MITCHELL D. STIPP, ESQ.

Applicant/Petitioner, Clark NMSD, LLC

IN THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK

NUVEDA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; SHANE M. TERRY, an individual; and JENNIFER M. GOLDSTEIN, an individual;

Plaintiffs,

v.

PEJMAN BADY, an individual; **POUYA** MOHAJER, an individual; DOES I to X, inclusive; and ROES I to X, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-15-728510-B

Dept. No.: XI

APPLICATION/PETITION **PURSUANT TO NRS 31.070(5) AND** REQUEST TO PROHIBIT GOLDSTEIN FROM ANY FURTHER COLLECTION **ACTIVITY WITHOUT COURT APPROVAL**

HEARING REQUESTED

NuVeda, LLC, judgment debtor, and Applicant/Petitioner, Clark NMSD, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company d/b/a The Sanctuary ("The Sanctuary"), by and through their counsel of record, Mitchell Stipp, Esq., of the Law Office of Mitchell Stipp, hereby files the above-referenced application/petition in accordance with NRS 31.070(5).

This filing is based on the papers and pleadings on file in this action, the memorandum of points and authorities that follows, the exhibits attached hereto (or filed separately in support), and any argument of counsel permitted by the court at any hearing.

Appellant's Appendix 000005

Case Number: A-15-728510-B

	DATED 11: 12:1 1 CA
1	DATED this 12th day of August, 2021.
2	
3	LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP
4	
5	/s/ Mitchell Stipp, Esq.
6	MITCHELL STIPP, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7531
7	LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100
8	Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: 702.602.1242
9	Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: 702.602.1242 mstipp@stipplaw.com Attorneys for Clark NMSD, LLC
10	
11	[MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES FOLLOW]
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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

Jennifer Goldstein ("Goldstein"), former member of NuVeda, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("NuVeda"), has a judgment against NuVeda in the approximate amount of \$2,565,276.41 (plus interest from October 31, 2019). The judgment arises from binding arbitration (AAA Case # 01-15-005-8574), which was supervised by this court.

Goldstein's judgment is subject to an indemnification agreement with CWNevada, LLC (which through Brian Padgett controlled the arbitration proceedings). See **Exhibit 1**. This agreement is part of NuVeda's proof of claim submitted in the Receivership Action, which the receiver has refused to honor. The Sanctuary is **NOT** subject to the judgment in favor of Goldstein.

On June 11, 2021, NuVeda received copies of writs of execution filed by Goldstein in this case. The writs asked that the sheriff/constable's office seize "all cash, currency, and other monies from the cash register, vault, safe and cash box" at the following locations:

CANOPI	The Sanctuary Dispensaries	Solaris Farms
2113 N. Las Vegas Blvd.	1324 S. 3rd St.	2795 W. Brooks Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89030	Las Vegas, NV 89104	North Las Vegas, NV 89032

NUVEDA	NUVEDA
301 S. Oxbow Ave., Unit 13	1620 W. Charleston Park
Pahrump, NV 89048	Pahrump, NV 89048

The clerk of the court confirmed the existence of the judgment in favor of Goldstein against NuVeda and signed the writs. The constable's office served writs at each of the above locations and did not locate any property which belongs to NuVeda. However, the officers from the constable's office, which served writs at 1324 S. 3rd Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89104, physically forced the employees of The Sanctuary to remove \$638.00 in cash from the facility on or about August 9, 2021. See Exhibit

¹ Goldstein also submitted a proof of claim in the Receivership Action based on the indemnification agreement. Appellant's Appendix 000007

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27 28 2 (specifically Exhibit A—cash receipt). This money does not belong to NuVeda. The sole and exclusive remedy for third parties whose property is wrongfully seized is set forth in NRS 31.070. See Cooper v. Liebert, 81 Nev. 341, 344, 402 P.2d 989, 991 (1965) (confirming NRS 31.070 as exclusive remedy). Given this circumstance, any judgment creditor can claim property is located at a casino, bank, or other business, and the constable's office is apparently statutorily obligated to seize all property described in the writ without regard to ownership. Given Goldstein's tactics, it would now seem fair game for any judgment creditor who has a judgment to seek a writ seizing any and all property in the possession of Goldstein. The constable's office can seize it, and the parties can litigate ownership.

NRS 31.070 provides as follows:

NRS 31.070 Third-party claims in property levied on; undertaking by plaintiff; liability of sheriff; exception to sufficiency of sureties; hearing to determine title to property.

- 1. If the property levied on is claimed by a third person as the person's property by a written claim verified by the person's oath or that of the person's agent, setting out the person's right to the possession thereof, and served upon the sheriff, the sheriff must release the property if the plaintiff, or the person in whose favor the writ of attachment runs, fails within 7 days after written demand to give the sheriff an undertaking executed by at least two good and sufficient sureties in a sum equal to double the value of the property levied on. If such undertaking be given, the sheriff shall hold the property. The sheriff, however, shall not be liable for damages to any such third person for the taking or keeping of such property if no claim is filed by any such third person.
- 2. Such undertaking shall be made in favor of and shall indemnify such third person against loss, liability, damages, costs and counsel fees by reason of such seizing, taking, withholding or sale of such property by the sheriff. By entering into such an undertaking the sureties thereunder submit themselves to the jurisdiction of the court and irrevocably appoint the clerk of the court as agent upon whom any papers affecting liability on the undertaking may be served. Liability on such undertaking may be enforced on motion to the court without the necessity of an independent action. The motion and such reasonable notice of the motion as the court prescribes may be served on the clerk of the court, who shall forthwith mail copies to the sureties if their addresses are known.
- 3. Exceptions to the sufficiency of the sureties and their justification may be had and taken in the same manner as upon an undertaking given in other cases under titles 2 and 3 of NRS. If they, or others in their place, fail to justify at the time and place appointed, the sheriff must release the property; but if no exception is taken within 7 days after notice of receipt of the undertaking, the third person shall be deemed to have waived any and all objections to the sufficiency of the sureties.
- 4. The sheriff may demand and exact the undertaking herein provided for notwithstanding any defect, informality or insufficiency of the verified claim served upon the sheriff.
- 5. Whenever a verified third-party claim is served upon the sheriff upon levy of the writ of attachment, the plaintiff or the third-party claimant is entitled to a hearing within 10 days therefrom before the court having jurisdiction of the action, in order to determine title to the property in question, which hearing must be granted by the court upon the filing of an application or petition therefor. Seven days' notice of such hearing must be given to all parties to the action and all parties claiming an interest in the property, or their attorneys, which notice must specify that the hearing is for the purpose of determining title to the property in question. The court may continue the hearing beyond the 10-day period, but good cause must be shown for any such continuance.

[1911 CPA § 210 1/2; added 1933, 88; 1931 NCL § 8708.01] — (NRS A 1965, 550; 1973, 1178)

The Sanctuary made a written demand on the constable on August 10, 2021, which demand included a sworn declaration of Dr. Pejman Bady as manager of The Sanctuary. See Declaration

included as part of **Exhibit 2**. Accordingly, The Sanctuary requests a hearing in accordance with NRS 31.070 (i.e., on or before August 20, 2021). On the issue of ownership of the cash, Nevada law provides guidance. The seizure of property from someone is prima facie evidence of that person's entitlement, particularly when the seized property is money-negotiable instruments difficult to identify and trace. See Ferris v. United States, 501 F. Supp. 98 (D. Nev. 1980). In addition to the declaration of Dr. Bady included as part of **Exhibit 2**, Exhibit B thereto includes a shift report from the operating manager of The Sanctuary, Armando Mendoza, which confirms the cash shortfall of the business. The court should note that the report clearly identifies "Clark NMSD, LLC" as the business entity associated with the same.

After the court denied NuVeda's request to quash the writs, NuVeda supplemented its responses to Goldstein's post-judgment written discovery and provided almost 800 pages of documents. Despite the demand that the person most knowledgeable for NuVeda appear for a judgment debtor examination within 15 judicial days after service of the court's minute order, Goldstein failed to conduct the same. See Exhibit 3. While it is understandable that Goldstein is frustrated by the inability to satisfy her judgment, NuVeda has complied with its post-judgment obligations to provide responses to written discovery and appear for a judgment debtor examination.

For the record, NuVeda does not claim that Goldstein's remedies are limited to a charging order. She has the right to seize all non-exempt property **which is owned by NuVeda**. Goldstein does not have the right to seize cash which belongs to The Sanctuary despite the parent/subsidiary relationship between NuVeda and The Sanctuary. Paragraph 15 of the order entered by the court on July 30, 2021 provides as follows:

15. Here, Goldstein is not seeking to satisfy the judgment out of any member's interest in NuVeda because Goldstein does not have a judgment against any member of NuVeda, but has a judgment against NuVeda itself, and the exclusive remedy provision pursuant to NRS 86.401 therefore does not apply. Therefore, NuVeda's assets (other than interests in LLCs) are subject to execution.

NuVeda has never claimed Goldstein is seeking to satisfy her judgment out of a member's interest in NuVeda. Goldstein is a judgment creditor of NuVeda, and NuVeda is the sole member of The Sanctuary. Under NRS 86.401, Goldstein's charging order limits her recovery only with respect to The Sanctuary to NuVeda's interest in The Sanctuary, and she is not permitted to seize directly the assets of The Sanctuary. Goldstein's misrepresentations to the court regarding NuVeda's position on post-judgment collection activity pertaining to subsidiaries of NuVeda has caused the court to make findings not supported by NuVeda's position in this case.

For the reasons set forth above, the cash seized by the constable's office should be returned to The Sanctuary. Further, the court should require Goldstein to file a motion with notice to and an opportunity to be heard by NuVeda for approval of any further collection activity. It should be clear that Goldstein is abusing the court process and manipulating the court.

DATED this 12th day of August, 2021.

LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP

/s/ Mitchell Stipp, Esq.

MITCHELL STIPP, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 7531

LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP

1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100

Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

Telephone: 702.602.1242

mstipp@stipplaw.com

Attorneys for NuVeda, LLC

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3	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
4	I hereby certify that I am an employee of the Law Office of Mitchell Stipp and that on the 12th
5	day of August, 2021, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court for the Eighth
6	Judicial District Court, which provided e-service to the following:
7	Briar R. Irvine, Esq.
8 9	Brooks T. Westergard, Esq. DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC
10	100 West Liberty Street, Suite 940 Reno, Nevada 89501
11	Attorneys for Jennifer Goldstein
12	And via U.S. Mail, Hand Delivery, and Facsimile to:
13	Office of the Ex-Officio Constable Las Vegas Township
14	301 E. Clark Ave., Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89101
15	Fax: (702) 385-2436
16	
17	
18	/s/ Amy Hernandez
19	Amy Hernandez
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EXHIBIT 1

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT

THIS INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is made and entered into as of June 5th, 2018 between. CWNevada, LLC, a Nevada limited liability corporation (hereinafter "CW" or "Indemnitor"), and NuVeda, LLC, Dr. Pejman Bady and Dr. Pouya Mohajer (collectively "Indemnitees").

RECITALS

On December 3, 2015, Shane Terry and Jennifer Goldstein (collectively, "Plaintiffs") filed an action purportedly on behalf of NuVeda against Dr. Bady and Dr. Mohajer in Clark County District Court Case No. A-15-728510-B ("District Court Case"). The judge in the District Court Case ruled that the matter be sent to arbitration. As a result, Plaintiffs filed an arbitration action with AAA against the Indemnitees in Case No. 01-15-005-8574 (hereinafter "Arbitration Case"). On or about May 2, 2018, BCP 7, LLC purchased Shane Terry's interest in District Court Case and Arbitration Case, therefore, became a Co-Plaintiff with Ms. Goldstein.

It is reasonable, prudent and necessary for CW contractually to obligate itself to indemnify the Indemnitees to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law so that they will be able to defend themselves in the District Court. Arbitration Cases and appeals thereof (hereinafter collectively, "Proceedings"). This Agreement is a supplement to and in furtherance of the Operating Agreement of CW and any resolutions adopted pursuant thereto, and shall not be deemed a substitute therefor, nor to diminish or abrogate any rights of Indemnitees thereunder.

The parties hereto agree that each of the Recitals set forth above are true and correct and hereby incorporated into this Agreement by this reference and made as part hereof and further agree as follows:

INDEMNIFICATION OF INDEMNITEES

CW hereby agrees to hold harmless and indemnify Indemnitees to the fullest extent permitted by law, as such may be amended from time to time. In furtherance of the foregoing indemnification, and without limiting the generality thereof:

- A. <u>Proceedings in the Arbitration and District Court Cases.</u> Indemnitees shall be entitled to the rights of indemnification provided in this Section if, as a result of the Proceedings, Indemnitees are ordered to pay "Expenses". "Expenses" are defined as judgments, penalties, fines, and amounts paid or ordered to be paid in settlement, actually and reasonably incurred by them or on their behalf, in connection with the Proceedings, or any claim, issue or matter therein.
- B. As CW has agreed to indemnify the Indemnitees for Expenses in the Proceedings pursuant to the Terms listed in this Agreement, in consideration for such indemnity, CW has the right to direct the litigation strategy of the Proceedings subject to any objections by Indemnitees or their respective counsel. CW also shall be entitled to veto any settlement with Plaintills or payment of any judgment.
- C. Terms of the Indemnification. If Indemnitees are entitled under any provision of this Agreement to indemnification by CW. CW shall indemnify Indemnitees for the portion thereof to which Indemnitees are entitled. The parameters of the indemnity are as follows:
 - I. For any Expenses (as defined in Section A, above) below \$5M, CW agrees to completely indemnify Indemnitees:
 - 2. For any Expenses in excess of \$5M, CW agrees to indemnify Indemnitees filty percent (50%) of the Expenses. The terms and conditions of indemnification contained in this Provision (CX2) are meant to be used in conjunction with Provision (CX1) and are not to be construed as an exclusive.

PROCEDURES AND PRESUMPTIONS FOR DETERMINATION OF ENTITLEMENT TO INDEMNIFICATION

- A. To obtain indemnification under this Agreement, Indemnitees shall submit to CW a written request, including such documentation and information as is available to Indemnitees and is reasonably necessary to determine whether and to what extent Indemnitees are entitled to indemnification. CW shall upon settlement or award, and within thirty (30) business days upon receipt of such a request for indemnification, pay the Indemnitees the requested indemnification.
- B. In making a determination with respect to entitlement to indemnification hereunder, CW shall presume that Indemnitees are entitled to indemnification under this Agreement.
- C. If CW does not remit the indemnification amount to the Indemnitees within thirty (30) days after receipt by CW of the request therefor. Indemnitees shall be entitled to file an action in Clark County District Court of the State of Nevada for Indemnitees entitlement to such indemnification. CW shall not oppose Indemnitees' right to seek any such adjudication.
- D. The parties shall be precluded from asserting in any judicial proceeding to enforce this Agreement that the procedures and presumptions of this Agreement are not valid, binding and enforceable and shall stipulate in any such court that the parties are bound by all the provisions of this Agreement.

DURATION OF AGREEMENT

All agreements and obligations of CW contained herein shall continue during the period of the Proceedings, subsequent appeals and potential future Proceedings based upon the ruling on the appeals.

ENFORCEMENT

- A. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings, oral, written and implied, between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof
- B. In the event of any inconsistency or conflict between (i) this Agreement; (ii) CW's Operating Agreement; (iii) NuVeda's Operating Agreement; and (iv) the MIPA (collectively, the "Organizational Documents") with respect to indemnification, then the parties shall be bound by the provisions of this Agreement.

SEVERABILITY

The invalidity of unenforceability of any provision hereof shall in no way affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision. This Agreement is intended to confer upon Indemnitees indemnification rights to the fullest extent permitted by applicable laws.

MODIFICATION AND WAIVER

No supplement, modification, termination or amendment of this Agreement shall be binding unless executed in writing by both of the parties hereto. No waiver of any of the provisions of this Agreement shall be deemed or shall constitute a waiver of any other provisions hereof (whether or not similar) nor shall such waiver constitute a continuing waiver.

NOTICE BY INDEMNITEES

Indemnitees agrees promptly to notify CW in writing upon being served with or otherwise receiving any relating to the Proceedings which may be subject to indemnification covered hereunder. The failure to so notify the CW shall not relieve CW of any obligation which it may have to Indemnitees under this Agreement.

NOTICES

All notices and other communications given or made pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed effectively given: (a) upon personal delivery, (b) electronic mail or facsimile. (c) five (5) days after having been sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, or (d) one (1) day after deposit with a nationally recognized overnight courier, specifying next day delivery, with written verification of receipt. All communications shall be sent to the addresses below.

COUNTERPARTS

This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same Agreement.

GOVERNING LAW AND CONSENT TO JURISDICTION

This Agreement and the legal relations among the parties shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Nevada, without regard to its conflict of laws rules. CW and Indemnitees hereby irrevocably and unconditionally agree that any action or proceeding arising out of or in connection with this Agreement shall be brought only in the Clark County District Court (the "Nevada Court"). The prevailing party will be entitled to their attorney's fees.

SIGNATURES

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement on and as of the day and year first above written.

Indemnitor

CW Nevada, L

4145 W. Alibaba LN.

Las Vegas NV. 89118

Indemnitees

NuVeda, LLC

2/71 River Plate Dr.

Pahrump NV. 89048

6/5/18

Dr. Pouya Mohajer

2700 Las Vegas Blvd S. #3311

Las Vegas, NV. 89109

Dr. Pejman Bady

2700 Las Vegas Blvd S. #2709

Las Vegas, NV. 89019

EXHIBIT 2

1 2



Mitchell Stipp Law Office of Mitchell Stipp

T: 702.602.1242 | **M**: 702.378.1907

E: mstipp@stipplaw.com | www.stipplaw.com

1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100, Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

August 10, 2021

VIA FAX at 702-385-2436

Office of the Ex-Officio Constable Las Vegas Township 301 E. Clark Ave., Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89101

RE: Writs of Execution by Jennifer Goldstein Eighth Judicial District Court, State of Nevada (Case No. A-15-728510-B)

To Whom It May Concern:

My firm represents Clark NMSD, LLC ("The Sanctuary"). We sent letters to the Constable's Office dated June 15, 2021 and July 21, 2021 via fax objecting to writs of execution prepared and filed in the above-referenced case by Jennifer Goldstein. We received no response. The writs asked the Constable's Office to seize without regard to ownership "all cash, currency, and other monies from the cash register, vault, safe and cash box" at several business locations including the cannabis dispensary operated and leased by The Sanctuary addressed as 1324 S. 3rd Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89104. My firm has previously notified the Constable's Office that the judgment debtor, NuVeda, LLC, has no property at these business locations. We even supplied a sworn statement by Dr. Pejman Bady, as manager of The Sanctuary. Notwithstanding these letters, the Constable's Office served the writs. On August 9, 2021, officers from the Constable's Office placed an employee of The Sanctuary, Armando Mendoza, in handcuffs and forced the staff to open the dispensary floor area to gain access to the cash register. Despite being informed that NuVeda, LLC had no property at the facility (including by the undersigned via telephone), the officers removed \$638.00 in cash, which belongs to The Sanctuary. See Declaration of Dr. Bady included herewith; see also Cash Receipt attached as Exhibit A and Shift Report by Mr. Mendoza attached as Exhibit B.

NRS 31.070(1) provides if property levied upon "is claimed by a third person as his property by a written claim verified by his oath or that of his agent[]" and "served upon the sheriff," the sheriff "must release the property" if the plaintiff fails "within 7 days after written demand to give the sheriff an undertaking executed by at least two good and sufficient sureties in a sum equal to double the value of the property levied on." See also Cooper v. Liebert, 81 Nev. 341, 344, 402 P.2d 989, 991 (1965). The cash seized by the Constable's Office based on Ms. Goldstein's writs

must be returned unless Ms. Goldstein posts a bond in accordance with NRS 31.070. The Sanctuary and its employee, Mr. Mendoza, are reserving their rights and remedies against the Constable's Office and the officers who arrested Mr. Mendoza. The Constable's Office had adequate notice that the cash seized did not belong to the judgment debtor.

If you have any questions regarding the foregoing, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Best Regards,

Mitchell D. Stipp

Tutule super

DECLARATION UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY

Dr. Pejman Bady, as manager of Clark NMSD, LLC, declares under penalty of perjury, that the cash removed from cannabis dispensary addressed as 1324 S. 3rd Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89104, in the amount of \$638.00 on August 9, 2021, belongs to Clark NMSD, LLC.

STATE OF NEVADA)
COUNTY OF CLARK)

This Declaration was acknowledged before me on August 10, 2021, by Dr. Pejman Bady, as manager of Clark NMSD, LLC.

VICTORIA O'HARRA WAN Appointment No. 16-2215-1

Signature Victoria O / Muliscati

EXHIBIT A

Cash Tenders Opening Amoun Safe Drops Returns Expected Drawer CC Terminal



301 E. Clark #100 • Las Vegas NV 89101 • (702) 455-4099 OFFICE OF THE EX-OFFICIO CONSTABLE LVMPD - DETENTION SERVICES DIVISION CONSTABLE OPERATIONS SECTION

No. 0334

CLARK COUNTY, Sheriff

-2021

DATE: 08-09-2

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3.00 1.52

TIME:

CASH RECEIPT

CASE# A-15-728510-B

20 x \$20= \$400.00	5 x \$10= \$50.	18 x \$5= \$90, 00	x \$2= ' -	18 x \$1= \$48	Ketrie	ADDRESS: 1324 S. 3RD ST. LAS VEGAS, NV. 89104
x Dimes=	x Nickels=	x Pennies =	x \$100=	1 x \$50= \$50.00	Cash Retrieved Dollars/Cents	LAS VEGAS, NV. 89104
TOTAL = \$638	Checks =	x Dollars =	x Halves =	x Quarters =	Cash Retrieved Dollars/Cents	

Appellant's Appendix 000021

Officer's Signature:

Officer's Signature:

Rev. 7-2015

Received From:

DISTRIBUTION:

WHITE · Garnishee

Name:

Officer's Name: (Print)_

Officer's Name: (Print) S. RoBB

CANARY -Officer PINK - Book

EXHIBIT B

00 033	\$20.00	\$10.00	\$5.00	\$1.00	Date:	The Sanctuary Dispensaries
					Name: Muse M	ensaries
					Rey: /	

MOD Signature:

rand Total:

1.98

Shift Report

Clark NMSD LLC Ipad 1 08-09-2021 Shift closed by Armando Mendoza on August 09, 2021 at 10:28 am

Opening Amount Cash Tenders Safe Drops Expected Drawer Actual Drawer Short \$328.00 \$311.52 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$639.52 \$1.98 \$637.54

Returns

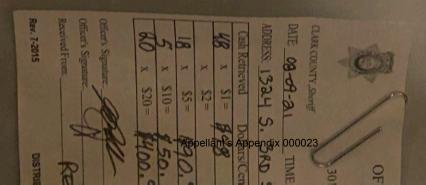


EXHIBIT 3

1 2

Mitchell Stipp <mstipp@stipplaw.com>

Re: EXTERNAL: Re: Goldstein v. NuVeda

1 message

Mitchell Stipp <mstipp@stipplaw.com>

To: "Brian R. Irvine" <BIrvine@dickinson-wright.com>

Cc: "Brooks T. Westergard" <BWestergard@dickinson-wright.com>

Mon, Aug 9, 2021 at 11:07 AM

Brian--

I received your response below. NuVeda is not taking the position that it is only required to produce its PMK by today or no examination will occur. The court has not ordered NuVeda to produce anything by any deadline. In fact, you have not asked for any additional documents since your motion for an order to show cause. Further, you did not prepare the order from that hearing or respond to my email provided to you after the same. You insisted in the recent order submitted to the court that NuVeda's PMK appear within 15 judicial days after the court served its minute order. Yet, you have done nothing to schedule the examination. You have not asked for my availability or that of NuVeda's PMK during the 15 judicial day window (despite my initial email). Instead, you sent an email late in the afternoon on Friday requesting supplemental responses to the written discovery. Of course, this approach was designed to give you cover for failing to schedule the judgment debtor examination. We produced supplemental responses with documents on the same day and advised you that Dr. Bady as the PMK for NuVeda still would be available today (within the 15 judicial day window). Instead of completing the examination, you want to push it off to the middle/end of August.

We have complied with our obligations under the court's orders. We responded to your client's written discovery. We made Dr. Bady available within 15 judicial days after service of the minute order. Your client has every right to pursue her post judgment remedies. If you would like to schedule a new judgment debtor examination, I am more than happy to coordinate the same after your client's review of the recent supplemental responses and documents. I look forward to hearing from you at that time.



Mitchell D. Stipp

Law Office of Mitchell Stipp, P.C. 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

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E: mstipp@stipplaw.com

On Fri, Aug 6, 2021 at 7:31 PM Brian R. Irvine <BIrvine@dickinson-wright.com> wrote:

Mitchell-

Respectfully, that is a ridiculous position. NuVeda did not provide documents until late this afternoon, despite being required to do so for many months due to multiple Court orders. And you have never, until today, provided a deposition date for NuVeda's PMK.

We will review the documents and prepare for the deposition. Please provide available dates in mid to late August for NuVeda's PMK. Ms. Goldstein will not take the position that NuVeda has violated the deposition deadline if you provide dates in August as requested.

Thanks,

Brian

On Aug 6, 2021, at 4:02 PM, Mitchell Stipp <mstipp@stipplaw.com> wrote:

Brian--

I received your email below. When finalizing the order from the last hearing, you desired to compress the timeframe for the judgment debtor exam based on the ambiguity in the minute order. The minute order was not specific (so you took liberties to make it sooner rather than later). You initially insisted that the judgment debtor exam be held within 15 judicial days of the date of the minutes (which were dated July 13, 2021 but e-served on July 19). When we objected, you insisted that the judgment debtor examination occur within 15 judicial days of service of the minute order. The judge agreed with your last proposal when the court entered your draft order. That 15 judicial day period ends Monday, August 9, 2021. Further, the order did not require NuVeda to produce any documents. In any event, please see the attached supplemental responses which are available for download via the enclosed Google link:



Second Response to Discovery Requests-8.6.21-Em...

After the court issued its minute order and served the same on July 19, 2021, I reached out to you to set up the judgment debtor examination. You made no attempt to do so until today. Now, you want to continue it for 10 days. Unfortunately, I cannot agree. The court's order requires the PMK for NuVeda to appear for a judgment debtor exam no later than by August 9. My client does not want to be in violation of any order of the court. Accordingly, Dr. Bady as the PMK for NuVeda will be available on Monday in Las Vegas, Nevada for an in-person examination. Please advise of the time and place.



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Mitchell D. Stipp

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Brian R. Irvine Member

100 West Liberty Street Phone 775-343-7507 Suite 940 Fax 844-670-6009

Reno NV 89501-1991

Email Blrvine@dickinsonwright.com

Profile V-Card

DICKINSON WRIGHTPLLC

ARIZONA CALIFORNIA FLORIDA ILLINOIS KENTUCKY MICHIGAN NEVADA
OHIO TENNESSEE TEXAS WASHINGTON D.C. TORONTO

On Fri, Aug 6, 2021 at 2:35 PM Brian R. Irvine <BIrvine@dickinson-wright.com> wrote:

Mitchell-

As you are aware, the Court entered its Order for Supplementary Proceedings on March 16, 2020 (attached). Pursuant to that Order, NuVeda was required to produce documents responsive to 27 different document requests. It was also required to produce its Person Most Knowledgeable for a judgment debtor examination, and was "forbidden from making any transfer of NuVeda's property, including funds in any bank or deposit account of any kind, that is not exempt from execution and from interfering therewith until further ordered."

Ms. Goldstein has attempted to obtain the documents responsive to the requests included in the Order for Supplementary Proceedings. Only after Ms. Goldstein file a Motion for Order to Show Cause did NuVeda finally respond to the document requests. That February 24, 2021 Response included numerous objections (which are inappropriate as the Court issued the Order with the document requests) and claimed that, for Requests 1-9 and 11-21, there are no responsive documents which are available for production. NuVeda did not produce documents responsive to Request No. 10, claiming that the term "property assessment notices" was not defined. NuVeda indicated that it would produce documents responsive to Requests Nos. 22-25 subject to a confidentiality order. NuVeda refused to provide documents responsive to Request No. 26, claiming that responsive documents are publicly available. NuVeda objected to Request No. 27 as follows:

NuVeda incorporates general objections herein. NuVeda objects to the underlying request for production, and thus to this request, because asking for all papers, pleadings, and discovery is impermissibly overbroad. Because the information sought is overbroad and unduly burdensome, it will require unreasonable efforts and expense on behalf of NuVeda to identify and/or produce. NuVeda also objects to this request on the basis that it seeks information and knowledge in the possession of Ms. Goldstein, who has access to the filings in the identified cases. Additionally, asking for the production of documents which are not publicly available seeks to obtain counsel's mental impressions, conclusions, opinions and legal theories and matters which are otherwise confidential. Therefore, NuVeda objects to this request on the basis of the attorney-client privilege and the attorney work-product

doctrine.

With regard to Request No. 10, that request was intended to refer to property tax assessment notices. With regard to Requests 22-25, the Court indicated that Ms. Goldstein and her counsel could receive those documents, and that they "will not share documents marked as confidential with any other party." (Minutes of March 1, 2021 hearing). With regard to Request No. 26, NuVeda's response is unacceptable – even if some responsive documents may be publicly available, Ms. Goldstein cannot be expected to scour court dockets across the country looking for them. And, arbitration awards would not necessarily be public. NuVeda's response to Request No. 27 is equally unacceptable for the same reasons. Moreover, the Court granted the Motion for Order to Show Cause with awareness of NuVeda's responses.

Ms. Goldstein needs to obtain all responsive documents and proceed with the PMK deposition, as ordered yet again by the Court in the Order Denying NuVeda's Motion to Quash Writs of Execution (attached). To date, NuVeda has not produced even a single page. Please produce all responsive documents within ten (10) days. Please also identify NuVeda's person(s) most knowledgeable and provide me with available dates for the deposition(s) within ten (10) days. Absent compliance, we will be filing another Motion for Order to Show Cause and will seek sanctions.

Appellant's Appendix 000026

Please let me know if vou have anv questions	Please	let me	know if	vou have	anv	questions
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Thank you,

Brian Irvine

Brian R. Irvine Member

 100 West Liberty Street
 Phone 775-343-7507

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 Reno NV 89501-1991
 Email Blrvine@dickinsonwright.com

Reno NV 89501-1991 <image33cf82.JPG> <image301ef5.JPG>

<image38ea1e.JPG>

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1 **OPPS** DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC 2 BRIAN R. IRVINE Nevada Bar No. 7758 3 BROOKS T. WESTERGARD Nevada Bar No. 14300 4 100 West Liberty Street Suite 940 5 Reno, Nevada 89501 Tel.: (775) 343-7500 6 Fax: (844) 670-6009 Email: birvine@dickinsonwright.com 7 Email: bwestergard@dickinsonwright.com 8 Attorneys for Plaintiff Jennifer M. Goldstein 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 11 NUVEDA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability 12 company, SHANE M. TERRY, a Nevada resident; and JENNIFER M. GOLDSTEIN, a 13 Nevada resident. 14 Plaintiffs, VS. 15 PEJMAN BADY; POUYA MOHAJER; DOE 16 Individuals I-X and ROE Entities I-X, inclusive, 17

Defendants.

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Case No.: A-15-728510-B

Dept. No.: XI

HEARING DATE: September 17, 2021 HEARING TIME: Chambers

OPPOSITION TO APPLICATION/PETITION PURSUANT TO NRS 31.070(5) AND REQUEST TO PROHIBIT GOLDSTEIN FROM ANY FURTHER COLLECTION ACTIVITY WITHOUT COURT APPROVAL

Plaintiff Jennifer Goldstein ("Goldstein"), by and through her counsel of record, Dickinson Wright PLLC, hereby respectfully files her Opposition to NuVeda, LLC's ("NuVeda") Application Petition Pursuant to NRS 31.070(5) and Request to Prohibit Goldstein from ant further Collection Activity without Court Approval ("Application"). This Opposition is

Appellant's Appendix 000029

Case Number: A-15-728510-B

based on the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities, all papers and pleadings on file herein and in related cases, and any oral argument this Court chooses to consider.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

The Application filed by NuVeda and its wholly-owned subsidiary, NMSD, LLC ("Clark"), must be denied for several reasons. First, NuVeda has, at every turn, attempted to interfere with Goldstein's valid collection efforts and has violated a number of this Court's Orders. Despite this, and with no legal support for its request, NuVeda asks this Court to require Goldstein to seek Court approval through a motion each time she needs to conduct collection activities permitted under Nevada law. This request should be rejected.

Second, Clark has failed to comply with the requirement under NRS 31.070 to submit a verified claim under oath and cannot now seek relief under that statute.

Finally, Clarks' assertion that it owns all of the property at The Sanctuary cannabis dispensary directly contradicts the positions taken by NuVeda in this case and other litigation and also contradicts the findings made by this Court with regard to NuVeda's ownership of that location. Accordingly, the Application should be denied in its entirety.

II. FACTUAL AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Goldstein is the creditor, and NuVeda the debtor, on a judgment in the amount of \$2,426,163.80 entered against Nevada on November 15, 2019 (the "Judgment"). (*See* [140] Notice of Entry of Order and Judgment). On December 26, 2019, Goldstein filed her Motion for Supplementary Proceedings, wherein she moved this Court for an order pursuant to NRS 21.270 requiring NuVeda through its designated Person Most Knowledgeable, to appear before a master appointed by this Court for examination supplementary to execution upon the ground that a judgment has been entered herein in favor of Goldstein and against NuVeda which remains unsatisfied. (*See generally*, [142] Motion For Supplementary Proceedings).

This Court granted Goldstein's Motion for Supplementary Proceedings by its Order dated March 12, 2020, wherein it ordered:

- That the Person Most Knowledgeable for NuVeda appear on the 31st day of March, 2020, at 10:00 a.m. at Dickinson Wright PLLC . . . to then and there answer upon oath concerning the property of NuVeda and for such other proceedings as may there occur consistent with proceedings supplementary to execution.
- That not later than March 23, 2020, NuVeda produce to Plaintiffs' counsel, at the law
 offices of Dickinson Wright PLLC . . . the following books and records identified in
 Exhibit A attached to the Order;
- That the failure by NuVeda to produce all responsive documents and or appear at the above ordered examination may subject NuVeda to contempt of court; and
- That NuVeda, or anyone acting on its behalf, are forbidden from making any transfer of NuVeda's property, including funds in any bank or deposit account of any kind, that is not exempt from execution and from interfering therewith until ordered.

([149] Order for Supplemental Proceedings).

NuVeda failed to comply with this Court's Order, and, on January 27, 2021, Goldstein filed Motion requesting that this Court enter an Order to show cause why NuVeda, LLC should not be sanctioned for failing to comply with this Court's March 12, 2020 Order for Supplementary Proceedings. ([154] Motion for Order to Show Cause). NuVeda opposed the Motion for Order to Show Cause and filed a purported Countermotion to Stay Collection Proceedings, arguing that "Goldstein's judgment is subject to an indemnification agreement with CWNevada" and that "[u]ntil the disputes between NuVeda and CWNevada are resolved, postjudgment collection activity should be stayed." ([156] Opposition to Motion for an Order to Show Cause and Countermotion for Related Relief). This Court granted Goldstein's Motion for Order to Show Cause and ordered NuVeda to produce: (1) the documents responsive to the

requests in the Order for Supplementary Proceedings; and (2) its witness for a Judgment Debtor's examination¹.

On June 11, 2021, Goldstein caused writs of execution to be issued for several locations that are part of NuVeda's business operations, Execution directed at NuVeda and various third-parties who are in possession of property subject to execution. (*See* Dkt. Nos. 160, 161, 164 and 165). NuVeda filed a Motion to Quash Writs of Execution, again arguing that "Goldstein's judgment is subject to an indemnification agreement with CWNevada, LLC." ([162] Motion to Quash Writs of Execution). NuVeda also argued that it "does not own or have rights to any property at the addresses" where the writs of execution were directed. (*Id.*). This Court denied the Motion to Quash Writs of Execution because: (1) "NuVeda lacks standing to assert exemptions on behalf of third parties"; (2) NuVeda "failed to identify what property subject to the Writs of Execution is exempt, as required to NRS Chapter 21"; and (3) "the Court is not persuaded by NuVeda's argument that Goldstein's exclusive remedy is in the form of a charging order pursuant to NRS 86.401" because "Goldstein is not seeking to satisfy the judgment out of any member's interest in NuVeda." ([168] Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order Denying Motion to Quash Writs of Execution at 3-4).

Now, NuVeda has filed another motion as part of its continued to attempt to interfere with and frustrate Goldstein's valid efforts to collect on her judgment. In the application, NuVeda again claims that Goldstein's judgment is somehow "subject to" an indemnity agreement between NuVeda and CWNevada, LLC (Application at 3), accuses Goldstein of making unspecified misrepresentations regarding NuVeda's position in the case and requests, with no supporting legal authority, that Goldstein be required "to file a motion with notice to and an opportunity to be heard by NuVeda for approval of any further collection activity." (Application at 6). There is simply no basis under Nevada law for NuVeda to make such a

¹ The Court also entered a protective order at NuVeda's request, which delayed the judgment debtor's examination until NuVeda's witness was physically able to be deposed, and also prohibited Goldstein from sharing any documents produced by NuVeda as confidential with any other party. (*See* March 1, 2021 Minute Order).

request, and the request is comical given NuVeda's repeated violation of this Court's Orders in an effort to avoid paying the judgment in favor of Goldstein. NuVeda's conduct continues to violate of this Court's Order wherein NuVeda was expressly ordered to not interfere with Goldstein's execution efforts.

The Application is also purported filed on behalf of NuVeda's wholly-owned subsidiary, Clark. Clark, which is not a party to this case, requests a hearing in accordance with NRS 31.070 (Application at 4-5) and demands that the \$638.00 seized pursuant to the writ of execution be returned. (*Id.* at 6). The sole basis for this request is a purported declaration from Dr. Pejman Bady, manager of Clark. (Application at Ex. 2, p. 3). However the relief sought by Clark is unsupported for several reasons.

First, the "declaration" of Dr. Bady is not a declaration at all. It is a letter that is not signed by Dr. Bady, but instead is signed by counsel for NuVeda, Mitchell Stipp. (Application at Ex. 2). Although Exhibit 2 to the Application includes an acknowledgement signed by a notary, there is nothing at all signed by Dr. Bady, so it is entirely unclear what is notarized. As such, Clark has not met the requirements of NRS 31.070.

Second, even had Clark complied with the requirements of NRS 31.070, which it has not, the statement in the letter to the Constable attached to the Application, that NuVeda has no property located at 1324 S. 3rd Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89104, is directly contradicted by prior statements made by NuVeda to this very Court. NuVeda has consistently taken the position in this case and in the CWNevada Receivership Case, that NuVeda owns and operates the locations where the Writs were directed, including the 1324 S. 3rd Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89104. This Court has also found that NuVeda operates these locations. NuVeda and its subsidiary, Clark, should be judicially estopped from now attempting to avoid Goldstein's collection efforts by taking a contrary position in the Motion.

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II. ARGUMENT

A. NuVeda provides no legal support for its request to require Goldstein to seek Court permission before any collection activities, and there is no basis for that request.

NuVeda's request, that Goldstein be required "to file a motion with notice to and an opportunity to be heard by NuVeda for approval of any further collection activity" (Application at 6) is not supported under Nevada law. NuVeda has not even identified what rule forms the basis for the Application or any authority that supports the relief it seeks. Nor could it. Under NRCP 62(b), a "court may stay execution on a judgment – or any proceedings to enforce it – pending disposition of" (1) a motion under Rule 50 for judgment as a matter of law; (2) a motion to amend findings under Rule 52(b); (3) a motion for a new trial or to amend judgment under Rule 59, or (4) a motion for relief from judgment under Rule 60. None of the motions enumerated under NRCP 62(b) are currently pending.

In addition, it is NuVeda, not Ms. Goldstein, that has continually ignored this Court's Orders and abused the judicial process. NuVeda ignored both this Court's March 12, 2020 Order for Supplemental Proceedings and its March 1, 2021 Minute Order, both of which required NuVeda to produce documents. Despite these Orders, NuVeda failed to produce even a single page of responsive documents until August 6, 2021. (*See* Application at Ex. 3, p. 1 (email from Mitchell Stipp to Brian Irvine with link to documents). And NuVeda never provided available dates for Dr. Bady's deposition until August 6, 2021, when it advised Goldstein that Dr. Bady was available only on August 9, 2021, only one business day after NuVeda had produced its first documents in the case. (*Id.*).

There is no basis whatsoever to require Ms. Goldstein to file a Motion prior to any collection activity. This is just yet another attempt by NuVeda to obstruct Ms. Goldstein's collection efforts in violation of this Court's Order. (*See* [149] Order for Supplemental Proceedings at 2 (ordering that NuVeda is "forbidden from making any transfer of NuVeda's

property . . . that is not exempt from execution and from interfering therewith until further ordered.")). This Court should deny NuVeda's request.

B. Clark has failed to comply with NRS 31.070.

In order to avail itself of any of the remedies afforded by NRS 31.070, Clark must serve the constable with "a written claim verified by the person's oath or that of the person's agent, setting out the person's right to the possession" of the property at issue. Here, Clark purports to satisfy that requirement with Exhibit 2 to the application. However, that document does not meet the statutory requirements. Exhibit 2 is an August 10, 2021 letter signed by Mitchell Stipp as counsel for Clark. Mr. Stipp's signature is not notarized or otherwise verified. The letter is followed by a notary page that purports to authenticate a declaration from Dr. Bady, not Mr. Stipp. However, that page is not signed by Dr. Bady at all. Therefore, Clark has failed to comply with the requirements under NRS 31.070 and is not entitled to any relief under that statute, including its request for a hearing or the return of the \$638.

C. Clark's position, that it owns all of the property located at 1324 S. 3rd Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89104, is completely inconsistent with NuVeda's prior assertions of ownership of that location in Court filings and should be disregarded under the doctrine of judicial estoppel.

Even if this Court were to consider Exhibit 2, the statements contained in that letter and the following "declaration", that Clark and not NuVeda owns all of the property at 1324 S. 3rd Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89104, should be disregarded. It has always been NuVeda's position in this case and in the CWNevada Receivership case that it is the owner of the cannabis licenses that are in use at the locations where Goldstein has directed the subject Writs. (See Case No. A-17-755479-C (CWNevada Receivership Case), April 8, 2020 Supplement to NuVeda's Motion to Lift the Litigation Stay and Opposition to Receiver's Motion to Approve Retention of Counsel Sponsored by Phil Ivey and Related Matters at p. 6:18-19 ("The receiver claims in its filing that CWNevada did not receive any benefit from the joint venture with NuVeda. Apparently, the receiver is ignoring the money CWNevada pulled out of NuVeda's

dispensaries while operating the same."); Id. at 8:8 ("NuVeda is not subject to an agreement to sell its licenses to a third-party.") (emphasis added); Case No. A-15-728510-B, October 9, 2019 Case Appeal Statement at 4 ("This matter involves an intra-company dispute by and between the members of NuVeda, a limited liability company that was awarded and continues to possess and conduct operations related to six marijuana licenses based in Clark County, Nevada.") (emphasis added). NuVeda should be judicially estopped from contradicting its prior position, that it possessed and conducted operations at the locations where Goldstein has directed the subject Writs, in order to attempt to avoid those Writs being executed upon. Under the legal doctrine of judicial estoppel, "a party may be estopped merely by the fact of having alleged or admitted in his pleadings in a former proceeding the contrary of the assertion sought to be made." Sterling Builders, Inc. v, Fuhrman, 80 Nev. 543, 549, 396 P.2d 850, 854 (1964) (quoting 31 C.J.S. Estoppel § 121 at 649).

This Court has also twice held that NuVeda was in business "to operate dispensaries, cultivation and processing facilities for medical marijuana ("MME") pursuant to licenses obtained from certain political subdivisions." (See January 1, 2016 Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law Denying Defendant's Countermotion for Preliminary Injunction and Joinder, and Entering Provisional Remedy Pursuant to NRS 38.222 at 2; see also September 6, 2019 Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order: (1) Granting Plaintiff Jennifer Goldstein's Motion to Continue Hearing on NuVeda LLC's Motion to Vacate Arbitration Award and to Extend Briefing Deadlines; (2) Denying Defendant NuVeda LLC's Motion to Vacate Arbitration Award; and (3) Confirming Arbitration Award at 2). And, the Arbitration Award that was confirmed by this Court clearly based its valuation of Goldstein's interest in NuVeda on the valuation of the six cannabis licenses. (See June 17, 2019 NuVeda, LLC's Motion to vacate Arbitration Award at Ex. 20, p. 2 ("Through the Subsidiaries, NuVeda applied for and received six (6) valuable and privileged licenses to legally cultivate, process and dispense marijuana (collectively, the "Licenses") . . . [f]or purposes of this Arbitration, the

1 parties stipulated that I was to assume, without deciding, that the fair market value of NuVeda 2 includes the fair market value of the Licenses.") 3 There is simply no question that NuVeda is the owner and operator of the locations 4 where Goldstein has directed the subject Writs, and the relief requested by Clark should be 5 denied. III. **CONCLUSION** 6 For the reasons stated in this Opposition, the Application should be denied. 7 DATED this 26th day of August, 2021. 8 9 DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC 10 /s/ Brian R. Irvine 11 BRIAN R. IRVINE Nevada Bar No. 7758 12 BROOKS T. WESTERGARD Nevada Bar No. 14300 13 100 West Liberty Street, Suite 940 Reno, Nevada 89501 14 Email: birvine@dickinsonwright.com 15 Email: bwestergard@dickinsonwright.com Attorneys for Plaintiff Jennifer M. Goldstein 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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Nevada Bar No. 7531 LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

Telephone: 702.602.1242 mstipp@stipplaw.com Attorneys for NuVeda, LLC and

MITCHELL D. STIPP, ESQ.

Applicant/Petitioner, Clark NMSD, LLC

IN THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK

NUVEDA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; SHANE M. TERRY, an individual; and JENNIFER M. GOLDSTEIN, an individual;

Plaintiffs,

v.

PEJMAN BADY, an individual; **POUYA** MOHAJER, an individual; DOES I to X, inclusive; and ROES I to X, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-15-728510-B

Dept. No.: 22

REPLY TO OPPOSITION TO APPLICATION/PETITION PURSUANT TO NRS 31.070(5) AND REQUEST TO PROHIBIT GOLDSTEIN FROM ANY FURTHER COLLECTION ACTIVITY WITHOUT COURT APPROVAL

NuVeda, LLC, judgment debtor, and Applicant/Petitioner, Clark NMSD, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company d/b/a The Sanctuary ("The Sanctuary"), by and through their counsel of record, Mitchell Stipp, Esq., of the Law Office of Mitchell Stipp, hereby files the above-referenced reply to the opposition by Jennifer Goldstein

This filing is based on the papers and pleadings on file in this action, the memorandum of points and authorities that follows, the exhibits attached hereto (or filed separately in support), and any argument of counsel permitted by the court at any hearing.

Appellant's Appendix 000040

Case Number: A-15-728510-B

1	DATED this 14th day of September, 2021.
2	
3	LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP
4	
5	/s/ Mitchell Stipp, Esq.
6	MITCHELL STIPP, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7531
7	LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100
8	Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: 702.602.1242
9	mstipp@stipplaw.com Attorneys for NuVeda, LLC and
10	Clark ŇMSD, LLC
11	[MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES FOLLOW]
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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

Jennifer Goldstein ("Goldstein") is a creditor of NuVeda, LLC ("NuVeda"). Goldstein, a former member of NuVeda and its General Counsel, was expelled from the partnership due to misconduct (including conspiring with Shane Terry to block the joint venture with CWNevada, LLC). The expulsion of Goldstein still provided her a right under NuVeda's operating agreement to the fair market value of her interests, which was determined in private arbitration before the American Arbitration Association and reduced to judgment.

Goldstein has a charging order which permits her to receive any distributions from subsidiaries of NuVeda. See Notice of Entry filed on February 10, 2020. As the court will note, NuVeda even stipulated to the request for a charging order (which charging order includes any distributions from The Dispensary). Goldstein's judgment is also subject to an indemnification agreement with CWNevada, LLC (which through Brian Padgett controlled the arbitration proceedings). See Exhibit 1 to Application filed on August 12, 2021. The judgment cannot be paid or settled without the consent of CWNevada, LLC. Further, The Sanctuary is NOT subject to any judgment in favor of Goldstein.

1. Written Discovery/Judgment Debtor Examination

The undersigned substituted into this case on or about May 26, 2020. Goldstein's attorney did not contact the undersigned until November 18, 2020. See Opposition filed on February 8, 2021 Emails (Exhibit 3). Further, NuVeda was not aware of any arrangements made by prior counsel and Goldstein's attorney (including entry of the order which did NOT reflect the decision of the court at the hearing). See id. (Exhibit 4). The order entered by the court on the supplementary proceedings is

¹ NRS 86.401 Rights and remedies of creditor of member.

^{1.} On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a member, the court may charge the member's interest with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment with interest. To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of an assignee of the member's interest.

^{2.} This section:

⁽a) Provides the <u>exclusive remedy</u> by which a judgment creditor of a member or an assignee of a member may satisfy a judgment out of the member's interest of the judgment debtor, whether the limited-liability company has one member or more than one member. No other remedy, including, without limitation, foreclosure on the member's interest or a court order for directions, accounts and inquiries that the debtor or member might have made, is available to the judgment creditor attempting to satisfy the judgment out of the judgment debtor's interest in the limited-liability company, and no other remedy may be ordered by a court.

⁽b) Does not deprive any member of the benefit of any exemption applicable to his or her interest.

⁽c) Does not supersede any written agreement between a member and a creditor if the written agreement does not conflict with the limited-liability company's articles of organization or operating agreement.

broader than ordered at the hearing (i.e., not limited to information in possession of NuVeda). According to the transcript from the hearing on the matter, the court indicated that NuVeda was required to provide <u>only</u> the information that "is in its possession as the judgment debtor." <u>See id.</u> (Exhibit 5).

Goldstein has conducted post-judgement discovery. NuVeda has responded to the same. After the hearing on March 1, 2021 concerning Goldstein's motion for an order to show cause why NuVeda should not be held in contempt, NuVeda reached out to Goldstein's attorney to resolve any disputes with NuVeda's discovery responses and to coordinate a judgment debtor examination. *Goldstein's attorney provided no response*. See **Exhibit 1** attached hereto.

Goldstein prepared writs which were intentionally misleading. NuVeda filed a motion to quash the writs, which Goldstein opposed, and Judge Gonzalez determined that NuVeda did not have standing to assert any claims on behalf of third-parties (namely, The Sanctuary). See Order filed on July 30, 2021. In that order, Judge Gonzalez also required that a person with authority for NuVeda appear for a judgment debtor examination within 15 judicial days of the minute order (based in part on the draft order submitted by Goldstein). See Exhibit 2 attached hereto. NuVeda made a person available, but Goldstein demanded to conduct the examination after the 15-day window (because it was not prepared to move forward). See id.

The Sanctuary has filed an application for the return of its cash. Goldstein opposes the same arguing that NuVeda owns, operates, or otherwise has rights in The Sanctuary's Dispensary. Initially, Goldstein contended (and the court accepted the position) in response to NuVeda's motion to quash that NuVeda did not have standing to challenge the writs (because it cannot assert exemptions on behalf of a third-party). Now, Goldstein contends that the cash seized by the constable's office actually belongs to NuVeda. Which is it? If the cash belongs to NuVeda, then NuVeda had standing to ask the court to quash the writs.

2. The Sanctuary has complied with NRS 31.070.

The constable's office has accepted the claim attached as <u>Exhibit 2</u> to the application filed on August 12, 2021. <u>See **Exhibit 3**</u> attached hereto. To the extent that Dr. Pejman Bady's actual signature was required, please see below:

DECLARATION UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY

Dr. Pejman Bady, as manager of Clark NMSD, LLC, declares under penalty of perjury, that the cash removed from cannabis dispensary addressed as 1324 S. 3rd Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89104, in the amount of \$638.00 on August 9, 2021, belongs to Clark NMSD, LLC.

STATE OF NEVADA)

COUNTY OF CLARK)

Dr. Pejman Bady

This Declaration was acknowledged before me on August 10, 2021, by Dr. Pejman Bady, as manager of Clark NMSD, LLC.

Signature Victimia O 7 Magsenti



In any event, the undersigned made the claim on behalf The Dispensary (which statisfies the statutory requirements).

NRS 31.070(5) does not require intervention. The Nevada Supreme Court has stated that NRS 31.070 provides "a complete and valid remedy to third persons whose property has been attached." Cooper v. Liebert, 81 Nev. 341, 344, 402 P.2d 989, 991 (1965). Accordingly, The Sanctuary can apply directly to the court and is entitled to a hearing within ten (10) days. Here, the court previously refused to consider the matter within the timeframe permitted by the statute.

3. Judicial Estoppel does not apply.

Judicial estoppel applies when the following five (5) criteria are met:

(1) the same party has taken two positions; (2) the positions were taken in judicial or quasi-judicial administrative proceedings; (3) the party was successful in asserting the first position (i.e., the tribunal adopted the position or accepted it as true); (4) the two positions are totally inconsistent; and (5) the first position was not taken as a result of ignorance, fraud, or mistake.

Marcuse v. Del Webb Communities, 123 Nev. 278, 287-88 (Nev. 2007) (citations omitted). <u>Goldstein does not address any of the criteria</u>. Judicial estoppel should be applied <u>only</u> when a party's inconsistent position arises from intentional wrongdoing or an attempt to obtain an unfair advantage. <u>Id</u>. However, the doctrine of judicial estoppel does not preclude changes in positions that are not intended to sabotage the judicial process.

This court has never determined that The Sanctuary's dispensary is actually owned and/or operated by NuVeda. NuVeda has never claimed it owns The Sanctuary's dispensary. However, it would not be crazy or unusual for the court or NuVeda "loosely" to refer to the dispensary as "NuVeda's dispensary" since *The Sanctuary is a subsidiary of NuVeda*. Ownership of a cannabis license (or possessing and conducting operations related to marijuana licenses) are NOT admissions that NuVeda owns the The Sanctuary's dispensary. Certainly, this court is aware that a member is "the owner of a member's interest in a limited-liability company or a noneconomic member." NRS 86.081. The term "[m]ember's interest" is defined by statute as "a share of the economic interests in a limited-liability company, including profits, losses and distributions of assets." NRS 86.091. Under NRS 86.401, Goldstein's charging order limits her recovery with respect to The Sanctuary only to NuVeda's economic interest in the LLC that owns/operates the dispensary, and she is not permitted to seize directly the assets of The Sanctuary before any such assets are distributed to NuVeda. Further, under Goldstein's approach, a judgment creditor could serve writs on any person or entity, the constable would be required to seize any cash, and the parties would be forced to litigate ownership later. That is not how the process was designed to work.

For the reasons set forth above, the cash seized by the constable's office should be returned to The Sanctuary. Further, the court should require Goldstein to file a motion with notice to and an opportunity to be heard by NuVeda for approval of any further collection activity. Goldstein is abusing the court process (changing legal positions, preparing and serving writs which are intentionally misleading, etc.). While Goldstein is permitted to exercise her rights and remedies, she is not entitled to carte blanche. It is likely the reason she does not want to complete a judgment debtor examination (because she knows that there are no recoverable assets other than NuVeda's economic interests in the LLC's which are the subject of the charging order).

If this court decides to deny the application before the court, NuVeda and The Dispensary would respectfully request a stay of the proceedings so it can pursue a writ petition.

1	DATED this 14th day of September, 2021.
2	
3	LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP
4	
5	/s/ Mitchell Stipp, Esq.
6	MITCHELL STIPP, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7531
7	LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100
8	Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: 702.602.1242
9	mstipp@stipplaw.com Attorneys for NuVeda, LLC and
10	Clark NMSD, LLC
11	
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2	
3	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
4	I hereby certify that I am an employee of the Law Office of Mitchell Stipp and that on the 14th
5	day of September, 2021, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court for the Eighth
6	Judicial District Court, which provided e-service to the following:
7	Briar R. Irvine, Esq.
8 9	Brooks T. Westergard, Esq. DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC
10	100 West Liberty Street, Suite 940 Reno, Nevada 89501
11	Attorneys for Jennifer Goldstein
12	And via U.S. Mail, Hand Delivery, and Facsimile to:
13	Office of the Ex-Officio Constable Las Vegas Township
14	301 E. Clark Ave., Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89101
15	Fax: (702) 385-2436
16	
17	
18	/s/ Amy Hernandez
19	Amy Hernandez
20 21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	

EXHIBIT 1

Mitchell Stipp <mstipp@stipplaw.com>

Jennifer Goldstein

1 message

Mitchell Stipp <mstipp@stipplaw.com>

Mon, Mar 1, 2021 at 8:29 PM

To: "Brian R. Irvine" <BIrvine@dickinson-wright.com>

I will supplement our responses. NuVeda has no banking records or financial statements. It owns nothing other than membership interests. You will be able to confirm this during the judgment debtor examination.

Just so we are clear, it was not my intention to exclude documents that may be in the possession of those who act on behalf of NuVeda. I fully understand that Nuveda cannot withhold documents in Dr. Bady's possession as manager. In this instance, it does not change Nuveda's responses.

After you receive our supplement, please advise when you would like to schedule a judgment debtor examination. If possible, I would like it to be inperson.

We are also open to re-start settlement discussions. I understand that Jason Wiley did not get very far. Let me know your thoughts.



Mitchell Stipp

Law Office of Mitchell Stipp (O) 702.602.1242 | (M) 702.378.1907 | mstipp@stipplaw.com

Address: 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100

Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Website: www.stipplaw.com

EXHIBIT 2

1 2

Mitchell Stipp <mstipp@stipplaw.com>

Re: EXTERNAL: Re: Goldstein v. NuVeda

1 message

Mitchell Stipp <mstipp@stipplaw.com>

To: "Brian R. Irvine" <BIrvine@dickinson-wright.com>

Cc: "Brooks T. Westergard" <BWestergard@dickinson-wright.com>

Mon, Aug 9, 2021 at 11:07 AM

Brian--

I received your response below. NuVeda is not taking the position that it is only required to produce its PMK by today or no examination will occur. The court has not ordered NuVeda to produce anything by any deadline. In fact, you have not asked for any additional documents since your motion for an order to show cause. Further, you did not prepare the order from that hearing or respond to my email provided to you after the same. You insisted in the recent order submitted to the court that NuVeda's PMK appear within 15 judicial days after the court served its minute order. Yet, you have done nothing to schedule the examination. You have not asked for my availability or that of NuVeda's PMK during the 15 judicial day window (despite my initial email). Instead, you sent an email late in the afternoon on Friday requesting supplemental responses to the written discovery. Of course, this approach was designed to give you cover for failing to schedule the judgment debtor examination. We produced supplemental responses with documents on the same day and advised you that Dr. Bady as the PMK for NuVeda still would be available today (within the 15 judicial day window). Instead of completing the examination, you want to push it off to the middle/end of August.

We have complied with our obligations under the court's orders. We responded to your client's written discovery. We made Dr. Bady available within 15 judicial days after service of the minute order. Your client has every right to pursue her post judgment remedies. If you would like to schedule a new judgment debtor examination, I am more than happy to coordinate the same after your client's review of the recent supplemental responses and documents. I look forward to hearing from you at that time.



Mitchell D. Stipp

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On Fri, Aug 6, 2021 at 7:31 PM Brian R. Irvine <BIrvine@dickinson-wright.com> wrote:

Mitchell-

Respectfully, that is a ridiculous position. NuVeda did not provide documents until late this afternoon, despite being required to do so for many months due to multiple Court orders. And you have never, until today, provided a deposition date for NuVeda's PMK.

We will review the documents and prepare for the deposition. Please provide available dates in mid to late August for NuVeda's PMK. Ms. Goldstein will not take the position that NuVeda has violated the deposition deadline if you provide dates in August as requested.

Thanks,

Brian

On Aug 6, 2021, at 4:02 PM, Mitchell Stipp <mstipp@stipplaw.com> wrote:

Brian--

I received your email below. When finalizing the order from the last hearing, you desired to compress the timeframe for the judgment debtor exam based on the ambiguity in the minute order. The minute order was not specific (so you took liberties to make it sooner rather than later). You initially insisted that the judgment debtor exam be held within 15 judicial days of the date of the minutes (which were dated July 13, 2021 but e-served on July 19). When we objected, you insisted that the judgment debtor examination occur within 15 judicial days of service of the minute order. The judge agreed with your last proposal when the court entered your draft order. That 15 judicial day period ends Monday, August 9, 2021. Further, the order did not require NuVeda to produce any documents. In any event, please see the attached supplemental responses which are available for download via the enclosed Google link:



Second Response to Discovery Requests-8.6.21-Em...

After the court issued its minute order and served the same on July 19, 2021, I reached out to you to set up the judgment debtor examination. You made no attempt to do so until today. Now, you want to continue it for 10 days. Unfortunately, I cannot agree. The court's order requires the PMK for NuVeda to appear for a judgment debtor exam no later than by August 9. My client does not want to be in violation of any order of the court. Accordingly, Dr. Bady as the PMK for NuVeda will be available on Monday in Las Vegas, Nevada for an in-person examination. Please advise of the time and place.



www.stipplaw.com

Mitchell D. Stipp

Law Office of Mitchell Stipp, P.C. 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

T: 702.602.1242 | **M:** 702.378.1907 **E:** mstipp@stipplaw.com

Brian R. Irvine Member

100 West Liberty Street Suite 940

Phone 775-343-7507 Fax 844-670-6009

Reno NV 89501-1991
Profile V-Card

Email Blrvine@dickinsonwright.com

DICKINSON WRIGHTPLLC

ARIZONA CALIFORNIA FLORIDA ILLINOIS KENTUCKY MICHIGAN NEVADA OHIO TENNESSEE TEXAS WASHINGTON D.C. TORONTO

On Fri, Aug 6, 2021 at 2:35 PM Brian R. Irvine <BIrvine@dickinson-wright.com> wrote:

Mitchell-

As you are aware, the Court entered its Order for Supplementary Proceedings on March 16, 2020 (attached). Pursuant to that Order, NuVeda was required to produce documents responsive to 27 different document requests. It was also required to produce its Person Most Knowledgeable for a judgment debtor examination, and was "forbidden from making any transfer of NuVeda's property, including funds in any bank or deposit account of any kind, that is not exempt from execution and from interfering therewith until further ordered."

Ms. Goldstein has attempted to obtain the documents responsive to the requests included in the Order for Supplementary Proceedings. Only after Ms. Goldstein file a Motion for Order to Show Cause did NuVeda finally respond to the document requests. That February 24, 2021 Response included numerous objections (which are inappropriate as the Court issued the Order with the document requests) and claimed that, for Requests 1-9 and 11-21, there are no responsive documents which are available for production. NuVeda did not produce documents responsive to Request No. 10, claiming that the term "property assessment notices" was not defined. NuVeda indicated that it would produce documents responsive to Requests Nos. 22-25 subject to a confidentiality order. NuVeda refused to provide documents responsive to Request No. 26, claiming that responsive documents are publicly available. NuVeda objected to Request No. 27 as follows:

NuVeda incorporates general objections herein. NuVeda objects to the underlying request for production, and thus to this request, because asking for all papers, pleadings, and discovery is impermissibly overbroad. Because the information sought is overbroad and unduly burdensome, it will require unreasonable efforts and expense on behalf of NuVeda to identify and/or produce. NuVeda also objects to this request on the basis that it seeks information and knowledge in the possession of Ms. Goldstein, who has access to the filings in the identified cases. Additionally, asking for the production of documents which are not publicly available seeks to obtain counsel's mental impressions, conclusions, opinions and legal theories and matters which are otherwise confidential. Therefore, NuVeda objects to this request on the basis of the attorney-client privilege and the attorney work-product

doctrine.

With regard to Request No. 10, that request was intended to refer to property tax assessment notices. With regard to Requests 22-25, the Court indicated that Ms. Goldstein and her counsel could receive those documents, and that they "will not share documents marked as confidential with any other party." (Minutes of March 1, 2021 hearing). With regard to Request No. 26, NuVeda's response is unacceptable – even if some responsive documents may be publicly available, Ms. Goldstein cannot be expected to scour court dockets across the country looking for them. And, arbitration awards would not necessarily be public. NuVeda's response to Request No. 27 is equally unacceptable for the same reasons. Moreover, the Court granted the Motion for Order to Show Cause with awareness of NuVeda's responses.

Ms. Goldstein needs to obtain all responsive documents and proceed with the PMK deposition, as ordered yet again by the Court in the Order Denying NuVeda's Motion to Quash Writs of Execution (attached). To date, NuVeda has not produced even a single page. Please produce all responsive documents within ten (10) days. Please also identify NuVeda's person(s) most knowledgeable and provide me with available dates for the deposition(s) within ten (10) days. Absent compliance, we will be filing another Motion for Order to Show Cause and will seek sanctions.

Appellant's Appendix 000052

Thank you,	
Brian Irvine	
Brian R. Irvine Mei	mber
100 West Liberty Street Suite 940 Reno NV 89501-1991 <image33cf82.jpg> <image301ef5.jpg></image301ef5.jpg></image33cf82.jpg>	Phone 775-343-7507 Fax 844-670-6009 Email Blrvine@dickinsonwright.com
<image38ea1e.jpg></image38ea1e.jpg>	
	this e-mail, including any attachments, is confidential, intended only for the named recipient(s), and may be legally privileged. If you are not the elete the e-mail and any attachments, destroy any printouts that you may have made and notify us immediately by return e-mail.
Neither this transmission nor specifically stated herein. Th	any attachment shall be deemed for any purpose to be a "signature" or "signed" under any electronic transmission acts, unless otherwise ank you.

Neither this transmission nor any attachment shall be deemed for any purpose to be a "signature" or "signed" under any electronic transmission acts, unless otherwise specifically stated herein.

EXHIBIT 3

1 2

Mitchell Stipp <mstipp@stipplaw.com>

Re: Writ Served on Clark NMSD, LLC d/b/a The Sanctuary

1 message

Mitchell Stipp <mstipp@stipplaw.com> To: Jeffrey Rogan < Jeffrey.Rogan@clarkcountyda.com> Cc: maryjean.zalek@clarkcountynv.gov

Thu, Aug 12, 2021 at 1:28 PM

No worries. We can connect tomorrow or Monday as well.

Attached is the application filed with the court for the return of the cash. I have copied the constable's office on this email so MJ has a courtesy copy.



Mitchell D. Stipp

Law Office of Mitchell Stipp, P.C. 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

T: 702.602.1242 | M: 702.378.1907 E: mstipp@stipplaw.com

www.stipplaw.com

On Thu, Aug 12, 2021 at 10:06 AM Jeffrey Rogan Jeffrey.Rogan@clarkcountyda.com wrote:

Thanks Mitchell. I have a hearing this afternoon beginning at 12:45 and am not sure how long it will last. I will call you after the hearing if time permits.

-Jeff

From: Mitchell Stipp <mstipp@stipplaw.com> Sent: Thursday, August 12, 2021 9:59 AM

To: Jeffrey Rogan < Jeffrey.Rogan@clarkcountyda.com>

Subject: Re: Writ Served on Clark NMSD, LLC d/b/a The Sanctuary

CAUTION: This email originated from an External Source. Please use caution before opening attachments, clicking links, or responding to this email. Do not sign-in with your DA account credentials.

Thanks, Jeff. I represent NuVeda, LLC--the judgment debtor. NuVeda, LLC owns Clark NMSD, LLC d/b/a The Sanctuary. I also represent The Sanctuary and the other subsidiaries and affiliates of NuVeda, LLC. As you know, the judgment is against NuVeda, LLC. I have attached a copy of the judgment. The writs make that clear as well. Ms. Goldstein is a former member of NuVeda, LLC and its general counsel. Ms. Goldstein is aware of the organizational structure of NuVeda, LLC and its affiliates/subsidiaries. Unfortunately, the judgment cannot be satisfied because it requires the consent of a third-party, CWNevada, LLC (which is subject to a state receivership). NuVeda, LLC filed a proof of claim in the receivership action (which I have attached). The last 2 pages of the proof of claim include an indemnification agreement which provides that the judgment cannot be satisfied or settled without approval of CWNevada, LLC (since it is required to pay the same). Ms. Goldstein is obviously frustrated and decided to take advantage of the "writ system," where writs are signed by the clerk of the court simply upon verification of the judgment. As you know, the clerk of the court does not verify the property described in the writ as belonging to the judgment debtor. Apparently, the Constable's Office does not either. However, the writs provide authority only to seize NuVeda, LLC's property regardless of what is described (i.e., all cash at The Sanctuary (dispensary)). Debtors have exemption rights but no right to challenge the writs. The Constable's Office is not authorized to seize property that belongs to third-parties. However, if it occurs, NRS 31.070 provides the remedy.

It appears the Constable's Office is treating this matter as a seizure of NuVeda, LLC's property (which is the problem). The writs authorize the Constable Office's to seize NuVeda, LLC's property-not the property of others. The Constable's Office was informed that the cash at The Sanctuary does not belong to NuVeda, LLC. Further, we pointed out in our correspondence that the seizure of property from someone is prima facie evidence of that person's entitlement, particularly when the seized property is money-negotiable instruments difficult to identify and trace. See Ferris v. United States, 501 F. Supp. 98 (D. Nev. 1980). Here, the Constable's Office is ignoring The Sanctuary's rights to the return of its property. This is not an exemption issue.

I hope this additional information helps. I will follow up with you this afternoon after you have had an opportunity to review and digest.

	Mitchell D. Stipp
www.stipplaw.com	Law Office of Mitchell Stipp, P.C. 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144
	T: 702.602.1242 M: 702.378.1907
	E: mstipp@stipplaw.com
On Thu, Aug 12, 2021	at 9:28 AM Jeffrey Rogan <jeffrey.rogan@clarkcountyda.com> wrote:</jeffrey.rogan@clarkcountyda.com>
Hi Mitchell,	
	is with you. I am free from now until 12pm and can be reached at 455-4761. but for purposes of clarification, do you only nent debtor in this action? Or do you also represent a third-party with an interest in the property seized?
Thanks,	
Jeff	
Sent: Wednesday, To: Jeffrey Rogan <	p <mstipp@stipplaw.com> August 11, 2021 10:34 PM SJeffrey.Rogan@clarkcountyda.com> Served on Clark NMSD, LLC d/b/a The Sanctuary</mstipp@stipplaw.com>
	nail originated from an External Source. Please use caution before opening attachments, clicking links, or responding to this n with your DA account credentials.
Jeff—	
procedure for debto	ephone call today. NRS 31.070 is the governing statute for third-party claims to property seized. NRS 21.112 governs the irs (not third-parties) whose property is seized to object and claim an exemption. I have also attached the case referenced in which confirms NRS 31.070 is the exclusive remedy for third-parties.
	/b/a The Sanctuary is not the debtor. It is a third-party whose property was wrongfully seized by the constable's office. Please again and let's discuss before the constable takes any further action regarding the cash.
Thank you for your	cooperation.

Law Office of Mitchell Stipp, P.C. 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144
www.stipplaw.com T: 702.602.1242 M: 702.378.1907
E: mstipp@stipplaw.com
From: Mitchell Stipp <mstipp@stipplaw.com> Date: Aug 11, 2021, 10:52 AM -0700 To: maryjean.zalek@clarkcountynv.gov Subject: Fwd: Writ Served on Clark NMSD, LLC d/b/a The Sanctuary</mstipp@stipplaw.com>
MJ
Thank you for your call this morning. I appreciate your patience and understanding.
As described in my prior correspondence (see attached), the writs are materially misleading (which should be obvious to the Constable's Office). The writs signed by the clerk of the court are based on a judgment against NuVeda, LLC but list addresses for businesses in which this judgment debtor has no direct interest. In fact, the writs specifically describe the business at 1324 S. 3rd Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89104 as "The Sanctuary Dispensary." The Sanctuary is NOT NuVeda, LLC. Clark NMSD, LLC is doing business as The Sanctuary.
If it is the policy of the Constable's Office simply to take any writs signed by a clerk of the court, which lists whatever address the judgment debtor includes and seize whatever property at those locations, then the Constable's Office is assuming the risk of liability that any such seizure is unlawful. Liability is clearer in this case because the Constable's Office had actual notice of the issues by my letters dated June 15 and July 21. Under the policy of the Constable's Office (since it appears it ignores actual facts and contrary evidence of property ownership), a judgment debtor can list the address of any person, business or government agency, and the Constable's Office must blindly seize any and all property described in the writs. Even more egregious in this case, the officers serving the writs placed an employee of The Sanctuary in handcuffs (which is an arrest) to force the other employees to open the cash register.
My firm represents a number of judgment creditors. Many of them would love to exploit this policy of the Constable's Office by listing the addresses of other businesses and fight with them about the cash which is unlawfully seized. No cash business would be safe. No safety deposit box would be secure. These clients could list the addresses of banks and casinos and the Constable's Office would need to take all cash at these facilities. If the judgment debtor won't pay, what better way to collect than seize the property of others and force them to contest the seizure? Obviously, this policy makes little sense.
Please forward to the DA's office for review. You can also provide my cell phone to the attorney in the DA's office for direct telephone communication.
I look forward to working with your office and the DA to resolve this matter.
Mitchell D. Stipp
Law Office of Mitchell Stipp, P.C. 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 www.stipplaw.com
T: 702.602.1242 M: 702.378.1907
E: mstipp@stipplaw.com

Application For Return of Cash-Filed and Accepted-8.12.21.pdf 1917K

DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

Other Business Court Matters		COURT MINUTES	October 05, 2021
A-15-728510-B	VS.	, LLC , Plaintiff(s) Bady, Defendant(s)	
October 05, 2021	08:30 AM	Application/Petition Pursuant To NI Prohibit Goldstein from Any Further Court Approval	
HEARD RY:	Kishner Joanna S	COLIRTROOM: B IC Courtre	nom 12B

HEAKD BA: Kishner, Joanna S. COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12B

COURT CLERK: Garcia, Louisa RECORDER: Corcoran, Lara

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Brian R. Irvine **Attorney for Plaintiff** Mitchell D. Stipp Attorney for Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Mr. Stipp stated this was a post judgment collection matter so the matter is between Jennifer Goldstein and Nuveda. The subsidiary of Nuveda filed the application for the return of the money seized by the constable's office. Following arguments by counsel, COURT stated its findings and ORDERED, Application/Petition, DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE, in its entirety. COURT DIRECTED counsel to prepare the Order, circulate to opposing counsel, and submit to the Court pursuant to EDCR 7.21 and the current Administrative Orders.

Printed Date: 10/12/2021 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: October 05, 2021

Prepared by: Louisa Garcia Appellant's Appendix 000061

Electronically Filed 3/4/2022 1:22 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

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MITCHELL D. STIPP, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7531 **LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP** 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: 702.602.1242

Applicant/Petitioner, Clark NMSD, LLC

mstipp@stipplaw.com

IN THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK

NUVEDA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; SHANE M. TERRY, an individual; and JENNIFER M. GOLDSTEIN, an individual;

Plaintiffs,

v.

PEJMAN BADY, an individual; POUYA MOHAJER, an individual; DOES I to X, inclusive; and ROES I to X, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-15-728510-B

Dept. No.: 31

MOTION TO ENTER ORDER FROM
HEARING AND FOR
RECONSIDERATION
OF DENIAL OF
APPLICATION/PETITION
PURSUANT TO NRS 31.070(5)

HEARING REQUESTED

Applicant/Petitioner, Clark NMSD, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company d/b/a The Sanctuary ("Clark NMSD" or "The Sanctuary"), by and through its counsel of record, Mitchell Stipp, Esq., of the Law Office of Mitchell Stipp, hereby files the above-referenced motion. In the event the court decides not to reconsider its decision, The Sanctuary respectfully requests a stay of the matter so it can file a writ petition with the Nevada Supreme Court.

This filing is based on the papers and pleadings on file in this action, the memorandum of points and authorities that follows, the exhibits attached hereto (or filed separately in support), and any argument of counsel permitted by the court at any hearing.

Appellant's Appendix 000063

Case Number: A-15-728510-B

1	DATED this 4th day of March, 2022.
2	
3	LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP
4	
5	/s/ Mitchell Stipp, Esq.
6	MITCHELL STIPP, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7531
7	LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP
8	Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: 702.602.1242
9	Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: 702.602.1242 mstipp@stipplaw.com Attorneys for Petitioner/Applicant, Clark NMSD, LLC
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DECLARATION OF MITCHELL STIPP IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

The undersigned, Mitchell Stipp, certifies to the court as follows:

- 1. I am counsel for Clark NMSD, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("The Sanctuary"). The Sanctuary is a non-party in the above-referenced case.
- 2. The court denied The Sanctuary's application for the return of its cash under NRS 31.070. However, an order has not been entered from the hearing (which occurred on October 5, 2021).
- 3. I submit the above-titled declaration in support of The Sanctuary's motion. I have personal knowledge of the facts contained therein unless otherwise qualified by information and belief or such knowledge is based on the record in this case, and I am competent to testify thereto, and such facts are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Dated this 4th day of March, 2022.

/s/ Mitchell Stipp

Mitchell Stipp, Esq.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

No order has been entered for the hearing on October 5, 2022. However, the minutes indicate the court denied The Sanctuary's petition. The court has the inherent authority to reconsider its prior decisions. Trail v. Faretto, 91 Nev. 401, 536 P.2d 1026 (1975). Reconsideration should be granted when "there is a reasonable probability that the court may have arrived at an erroneous conclusion or overlooked some important question necessary to a full and proper understanding of the case." State v. Fitch, 68 Nev. 422, 233 P.2d 1070, 1072 (1951); accord, Moore v. City of Las Vegas, 92 Nev. 402, 551 P.2d 244, 246 (1976); Geller v. McCown, 64 Nev. 102, 178 P.2d 380, 381 (1947). "In a concise and non-argumentative manner, such a petition should direct attention to some controlling matter which the court has overlooked or misapprehended." Matter of Ross, 99 Nev. 657, 668 P.2d 1089 (1983). The court may also relieve a party from an order for any reason that justifies relief. See NRCP 60(b)(6). The cash seized from The Sanctuary's dispensary does not belong to NuVeda, LLC ("NuVeda"). While The Sanctuary is a subsidiary of NuVeda, the cash belongs to The Sanctuary until it is distributed to NuVeda.

Jennifer Goldstein ("Goldstein") is a creditor of NuVeda. Goldstein, a former member of NuVeda and its General Counsel, was expelled from the partnership due to misconduct (including conspiring with Shane Terry to block the joint venture with CWNevada, LLC). The expulsion of Goldstein still provided her a right under NuVeda's operating agreement to the fair market value of her interests, which was determined in private arbitration before the American Arbitration Association and reduced to judgment. The judgment is not being contested.

Goldstein has a charging order, which permits her to receive any membership distributions from subsidiaries of NuVeda.¹ Goldstein's judgment is also subject to an indemnification agreement with

¹ NRS 86.401 Rights and remedies of creditor of member.

^{1.} On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a member, the court may charge the member's interest with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment with interest. To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of an assignee of the member's interest.

^{2.} This section:

⁽a) Provides the <u>exclusive remedy</u> by which a judgment creditor of a member or an assignee of a member may satisfy a judgment out of the member's interest of the judgment debtor, whether the limited-liability company has one member or more than one member. No other remedy, including, without limitation, foreclosure on the member's interest or a court order for directions, accounts and inquiries that the debtor or member might have made, is available to the judgment creditor attempting to satisfy the judgment out of the judgment debtor's interest in the limited-liability company, and no other remedy may be ordered by a court.

⁽b) Does not deprive any member of the benefit of any exemption applicable to his or her interest.

Appellant's Appendix 000066

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CWNevada, LLC (which through Brian Padgett controlled the arbitration proceedings). See Exhibit 1. The judgment cannot be paid or settled without the consent of CWNevada, LLC. Further, The Sanctuary is <u>NOT</u> subject to any judgment in favor of Goldstein. A receiver was appointed over CWNevada, LLC (now before Department 13, Judge Denton), and the receiver refuses to pay the judgment or allow NuVeda to settle the same. Payment to Ms. Goldstein without permission from the receiver and Department 13 would be a violation of the applicable receivership orders.

Goldstein prepared writs to seize cash at the facilities she knows are owned or operated by NuVeda's subsidiaries/affiliates. NuVeda filed a motion to quash the writs, which Goldstein opposed, and Judge Gonzalez determined that NuVeda did not have standing to assert any claims on behalf of third-parties (namely in this case, The Sanctuary). See Order filed on July 30, 2021. The Sanctuary (together with NuVeda) filed an application for the return of the cash under NRS 31.070. Petition/Application filed on August 12, 2021 ("Application").² Goldstein opposed the same. Before the matter could be heard, Judge Gonzalez retired, and the case was administratively re-assigned.

The Nevada Supreme Court has stated that NRS 31.070 provides "a complete and valid remedy to third persons whose property has been attached." Cooper v. Liebert, 81 Nev. 341, 344, 402 P.2d 989, 991 (1965). Accordingly, The Sanctuary can and did apply directly to the court as permitted by <u>Cooper</u> (third-party action is not required) for the return of its property.

At a hearing on October 5, 2021, this court considered the Application and papers and pleadings filed in support and opposition thereto. The court provided the parties two (2) options: (a) an evidentiary hearing; or (2) decision on the Application. The Sanctuary elected to have the matter decided after an evidentiary hearing. Ms. Goldstein wanted the matter decided without an evidentiary hearing. Accordingly, the court decided the matter without an evidentiary hearing. First, the court determined that NuVeda did not have standing (which was consistent with the prior decision of Judge Gonzalez). The Sanctuary concedes that this aspect of the decision is correct (but only as it relates to asserting claims or exemptions which belong to The Sanctuary). If NuVeda does not have standing, implicit in this decision is that the cash seized by the constable's office **DOES NOT** belong to NuVeda

⁽c) Does not supersede any written agreement between a member and a creditor if the written agreement does not conflict with the limited-liability company's articles of organization or operating agreement.

² The Application is attached as **Exhibit 3** and page numbers added for ease of reference. Appellant's Appendix 000067

(otherwise NuVeda would have standing to make a claim or assert an exemption). Second, the court determined that The Sanctuary failed to meet its burden under NRS 31.070. The court reasoned that The Sanctuary failed to establish its relationship with NuVeda (judgment debtor) and the cash that was seized. There is no dispute that the cash was seized from The Sanctuary's dispensary.

The Sanctuary satisfied its burden under NRS 31.070. NRS 31.070 provides as follows:

NRS 31.070 Third-party claims in property levied on; undertaking by plaintiff; liability of sheriff; exception to sufficiency of sureties; hearing to determine title to property.

- 1. If the property levied on is claimed by a third person as the person's property by a written claim verified by the person's oath or that of the person's agent, setting out the person's right to the possession thereof, and served upon the sheriff, the sheriff must release the property if the plaintiff, or the person in whose favor the writ of attachment runs, fails within 7 days after written demand to give the sheriff an undertaking executed by at least two good and sufficient sureties in a sum equal to double the value of the property levied on. If such undertaking be given, the sheriff shall hold the property. The sheriff, however, shall not be liable for damages to any such third person for the taking or keeping of such property if no claim is filed by any such third person.
- 2. Such undertaking shall be made in favor of and shall indemnify such third person against loss, liability, damages, costs and counsel fees by reason of such seizing, taking, withholding or sale of such property by the sheriff. By entering into such an undertaking the sureties thereunder submit themselves to the jurisdiction of the court and irrevocably appoint the clerk of the court as agent upon whom any papers affecting liability on the undertaking may be served. Liability on such undertaking may be enforced on motion to the court without the necessity of an independent action. The motion and such reasonable notice of the motion as the court prescribes may be served on the clerk of the court, who shall forthwith mail copies to the sureties if their addresses are known.
- 3. Exceptions to the sufficiency of the sureties and their justification may be had and taken in the same manner as upon an undertaking given in other cases under titles 2 and 3 of NRS. If they, or others in their place, fail to justify at the time and place appointed, the sheriff must release the property; but if no exception is taken within 7 days after notice of receipt of the undertaking, the third person shall be deemed to have waived any and all objections to the sufficiency of the sureties.
- 4. The sheriff may demand and exact the undertaking herein provided for notwithstanding any defect, informality or insufficiency of the verified claim served upon the sheriff.
- 5. Whenever a verified third-party claim is served upon the sheriff upon levy of the writ of attachment, the plaintiff or the third-party claimant is entitled to a hearing within 10 days therefrom before the court having jurisdiction of the action, in order to determine title to the property in question, which hearing must be granted by the court upon the filing of an application or petition therefor. Seven days' notice of such hearing must be given to all parties to the action and all parties claiming an interest in the property, or their attorneys, which notice must specify that the hearing is for the purpose of determining title to the property in question. The court may continue the hearing beyond the 10-day period, but good cause must be shown for any such continuance.

[1911 CPA § 210 1/2; added 1933, 88; 1931 NCL § 8708.01] — (NRS A 1965, 550; 1973, 1178)

The statute does not require a third-party to establish any relationship with the judgment debtor or creditor. Regardless, the Application confirms that NuVeda is the sole member of The Sanctuary. See Application, page 6 (lines 1-2). NuVeda disclaimed any interest in the cash (page 4, lines 1-2 of Application), and The Sanctuary asserted that the cash belongs to The Sanctuary (pages 4-5 of

Application). Pursuant to the Application (pages 4-5), The Sanctuary expressly provided the following:³

The Sanctuary made a written demand on the constable on August 10, 2021, which demand included a sworn declaration of Dr. Pejman Bady as manager of The Sanctuary. See Declaration included as part of Exhibit 2. Accordingly, The Sanctuary requests a hearing in accordance with NRS 31.070 (i.e., on or before August 20, 2021). On the issue of ownership of the cash, Nevada law provides guidance. The seizure of property from someone is prima facie evidence of that person's entitlement, particularly when the seized property is money-negotiable instruments difficult to identify and trace. See Ferris v. United States, 501 F. Supp. 98 (D. Nev. 1980). In addition to the declaration of Dr. Bady included as part of Exhibit 2, Exhibit B thereto includes a shift report from the operating manager of The Sanctuary, Armando Mendoza, which confirms the cash shortfall of the business. The court should note that the report clearly identifies "Clark NMSD, LLC" as the business entity associated with the same.

Ms. Goldstein wants the court to disregard NuVeda's legally distinct and separate existence from The Sanctuary under Nevada law. NuVeda is not the legal owner of any cannabis facility. It does not own assets of the The Sanctuary (including its licenses).

Goldstein has a charging order. Under Weddell v. H2O, Inc., 271 P.3d 743 (Nev. 2012), she has rights only to NuVeda's share of profits, losses and distributions in its subsidiaries, and she takes no interest in the assets of the subsidiaries. Id. (citing Dixon v. American Industrial Leasing Co., 157 W.Va. 735, 205 S.E.2d 4, 9 (1974); see In re Lucas, 107 B.R. 332, 336 (Bankr.D.N.M.1989) (stating that "[a]ny assignee of the [membership] interest merely entitles the assignee to receive the profits to which the [member] would otherwise be entitled"); Kellis v. Ring, 92 Cal.App.3d 854, 155 Cal.Rptr. 297, 299 (1979) (stating that "[w]hile [the judgment creditor] has a right to receive the share of the profits or other compensation by way of income, or the return of his contributions to which his assignor would otherwise be entitled, he has no right to interfere in the management of the limited partnership" (internal quotations omitted)); Madison Hills Ltd. v. Madison Hills, Inc., 35 Conn.App. 81, 644 A.2d 363, 367 (1994) (noting that "a charging creditor does not become a full partner, [and] is not entitled to manage the partnership"); Olmstead v. F.T.C., 44 So.3d 76, 79 (Fla.2010) (providing that "an assignment of a membership interest will not necessarily transfer the associated right to participate in

³ The Reply filed on September 14, 2021 includes a signed copy of Dr. Bady's declaration. <u>See Exhibit 4</u> (page 5) (page numbers added for ease of reference).

Appellant's Appendix 000069

the LLC's management"); Green v. Bellerive, 763 A.2d at 260 (holding that the fundamental management rights of a partner are not transferred to a judgment creditor by a charging order); see also J. Gordon Gose, The Charging Order Under the Uniform Partnership Act, 28 Wash. L.Rev. 1, 13 (1953) (noting that "a receiver does not become a partner or participate in the management"). After the entry of Goldstein's charging order, NuVeda no longer had the right to future distributions from its subsidiaries to the extent of the charging order. Id. However, the cash seized by the constable's office was not distributed to NuVeda. Therefore, it remains the property of The Sanctuary.

"A district court may decline to grant an evidentiary hearing if the moving party fails to show 'adequate cause' to hold a hearing and <u>must hold</u> a hearing if the party established adequate cause for the hearing." <u>Rooney v. Rooney</u>, 109 Nev. 540, 542-43, 853 P.2d 123, 124-25 (1993) (emphasis added). Under <u>Rooney</u>, "adequate cause" is prima facie evidence. Here, the seizure of cash <u>from The Sanctuary</u> and the declaration of Dr. Bady is prima facie evidence of The Sanctuary's entitlement to the cash. <u>See</u> Application (filed on August 12, 2021) and Reply (filed on September 14, 2021); <u>see also Ferris</u>, 501 F. Supp. 98. The declaration of Dr. Bady is set forth below (page 5 of Reply):

DECLARATION UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY

Dr. Pejman Bady, as manager of Clark NMSD, LLC, declares under penalty of perjury, that the cash removed from cannabis dispensary addressed as 1324 S. 3rd Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89104, in the amount of \$638.00 on August 9, 2021, belongs to Clark NMSD, LLC.

STATE OF NEVADA)

COUNTY OF CLARK)

Dr. Pejman Bady

This Declaration was acknowledged before me on August 10, 2021, by Dr. Pejman Bady, as manager of Clark NMSD, LLC.

Signature Victoria O / AMagani)



If this court decides not to reconsider its decision and schedule an evidentiary hearing, The Sanctuary would respectfully request a stay of the proceedings (so it can pursue a writ petition before the Nevada Supreme Court). While the amount in dispute is not significant, the decision of the court sets a dangerous precedent which will likely be abused by Ms. Goldstein.

The Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure provide a mechanism for seeking a stay pending a decision from the Supreme Court. Under NRAP 8(a)(1), a party must ordinarily first seek a stay from the district court. In considering whether to grant the requested stay, the Nevada Supreme Court considers: "(1) whether the object of the ... writ petition will be defeated if the stay ... is denied; (2) whether [] petitioner will suffer irreparable or serious injury if the stay or injunction is denied; (3) whether respondent/real party in interest will suffer irreparable or serious injury if the stay ... is granted; and (4) whether [] petitioner is likely to prevail on the merits in the appeal or writ petition." NRAP 8(c), Hansen v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct., 116 Nev. 650, 657, 6 P.3d 982, 986 (2000). Any one factor is not more important than the others; however, where "one or two factors are especially strong, they may counterbalance other weak factors." Mikohn Gaming Corp. v. McCrea, 120 Nev. 248, 251, 89 P.3d 36, 38 (2004). Here, these factors, both individually and collectively, justify granting The Sanctuary's requested stay.

The purpose of the writ petition will be defeated if the court enters an order denying the application without providing a stay. Cash which belongs to The Sanctuary will be delivered to Ms. Goldstein, which is not entitled to the same. Further, Ms. Goldstein will use the court's order to support further improper, collection activity through the constable's office, which serves writs of execution/garnishment based on the signature of the clerk of the court. In fact, a judgment debtor can identify any person or entity with property which a creditor can claim belongs to the creditor, and the constable's office is required to seize the property leaving the person or entity to pursue its remedy

1	under NRS 31.070. Here, The Sanctuary pursued its remedy under NRS 31.070, but its application
2	was erroneously denied.
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7	DATED this 4th day of March of 2022.
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9	LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP
10	
11	/s/ Mitchell Stipp, Esq.
12	MITCHELL STIPP, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7531
13	LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100
14	Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: 702.602.1242
15	mstipp@stipplaw.com Attorneys for Clark NMSD, LLC
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3	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
4	I hereby certify that I am an employee of the Law Office of Mitchell Stipp and that on the 4th
5	day of March, 2022, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court for the Eight
6	Judicial District Court, which provided e-service to the following:
7 8 9	Briar R. Irvine, Esq. Brooks T. Westergard, Esq. DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC
10	100 West Liberty Street, Suite 940 Reno, Nevada 89501
11	Attorneys for Jennifer Goldstein
12	And via U.S. Mail, Hand Delivery, and Facsimile to:
13	Office of the Ex-Officio Constable Las Vegas Township
1415	301 E. Clark Ave., Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89101 Fax: (702) 385-2436
16	
17	
18	/s/ Amy Hernandez
19	Amy Hernandez
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EXHIBIT 1

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT

THIS INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is made and entered into as of June 5th, 2018 between. CWNevada, LLC, a Nevada limited liability corporation (hereinafter "CW" or "Indemnitor"), and NuVeda, LLC, Dr. Pejman Bady and Dr. Pouya Mohajer (collectively "Indemnitees").

RECITALS

On December 3, 2015, Shane Terry and Jennifer Goldstein (collectively, "Plaintiffs") filed an action purportedly on behalf of NuVeda against Dr. Bady and Dr. Mohajer in Clark County District Court Case No. A-15-728510-B ("District Court Case"). The judge in the District Court Case ruled that the matter be sent to arbitration. As a result, Plaintiffs filed an arbitration action with AAA against the Indemnitees in Case No. 01-15-005-8574 (hereinafter "Arbitration Case"). On or about May 2, 2018, BCP 7, LLC purchased Shane Terry's interest in District Court Case and Arbitration Case, therefore, became a Co-Plaintiff with Ms. Goldstein.

It is reasonable, prudent and necessary for CW contractually to obligate itself to indemnify the Indemnitees to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law so that they will be able to defend themselves in the District Court. Arbitration Cases and appeals thereof (hereinafter collectively, "Proceedings"). This Agreement is a supplement to and in furtherance of the Operating Agreement of CW and any resolutions adopted pursuant thereto, and shall not be deemed a substitute therefor, nor to diminish or abrogate any rights of Indemnitees thereunder.

The parties hereto agree that each of the Recitals set forth above are true and correct and hereby incorporated into this Agreement by this reference and made as part hereof and further agree as follows:

INDEMNIFICATION OF INDEMNITEES

CW hereby agrees to hold harmless and indemnify Indemnitees to the fullest extent permitted by law, as such may be amended from time to time. In furtherance of the foregoing indemnification, and without limiting the generality thereof:

- A. <u>Proceedings in the Arbitration and District Court Cases.</u> Indemnitees shall be entitled to the rights of indemnification provided in this Section if, as a result of the Proceedings, Indemnitees are ordered to pay "Expenses". "Expenses" are defined as judgments, penalties, fines, and amounts paid or ordered to be paid in settlement, actually and reasonably incurred by them or on their behalf, in connection with the Proceedings, or any claim, issue or matter therein.
- B. As CW has agreed to indemnify the Indemnitees for Expenses in the Proceedings pursuant to the Terms listed in this Agreement, in consideration for such indemnity, CW has the right to direct the litigation strategy of the Proceedings subject to any objections by Indemnitees or their respective counsel. CW also shall be entitled to veto any settlement with Plaintills or payment of any judgment.
- C. Terms of the Indemnification. If Indemnitees are entitled under any provision of this Agreement to indemnification by CW. CW shall indemnity Indemnitees for the portion thereof to which Indemnitees are entitled. The parameters of the indemnity are as follows:
 - I. For any Expenses (as defined in Section A, above) below \$5M, CW agrees to completely indemnify Indemnitees:
 - 2. For any Expenses in excess of \$5M, CW agrees to indemnify Indemnitees filty percent (50%) of the Expenses. The terms and conditions of indemnification contained in this Provision (CX2) are meant to be used in conjunction with Provision (CX1) and are not to be construed as an exclusive.

PROCEDURES AND PRESUMPTIONS FOR DETERMINATION OF ENTITLEMENT TO INDEMNIFICATION

- A. To obtain indemnification under this Agreement, Indemnitees shall submit to CW a written request, including such documentation and information as is available to Indemnitees and is reasonably necessary to determine whether and to what extent Indemnitees are entitled to indemnification. CW shall upon settlement or award, and within thirty (30) business days upon receipt of such a request for indemnification, pay the Indemnitees the requested indemnification.
- B. In making a determination with respect to entitlement to indemnification hereunder, CW shall presume that Indemnitees are entitled to indemnification under this Agreement.
- C. If CW does not remit the indemnification amount to the Indemnitees within thirty (30) days after receipt by CW of the request therefor. Indemnitees shall be entitled to file an action in Clark County District Court of the State of Nevada for Indemnitees entitlement to such indemnification. CW shall not oppose Indemnitees' right to seek any such adjudication.
- D. The parties shall be precluded from asserting in any judicial proceeding to enforce this Agreement that the procedures and presumptions of this Agreement are not valid, binding and enforceable and shall stipulate in any such court that the parties are bound by all the provisions of this Agreement.

DURATION OF AGREEMENT

All agreements and obligations of CW contained herein shall continue during the period of the Proceedings, subsequent appeals and potential future Proceedings based upon the ruling on the appeals.

ENFORCEMENT

- A. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings, oral, written and implied, between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof
- B. In the event of any inconsistency or conflict between (i) this Agreement; (ii) CW's Operating Agreement; (iii) NuVeda's Operating Agreement; and (iv) the MIPA (collectively, the "Organizational Documents") with respect to indemnification, then the parties shall be bound by the provisions of this Agreement.

SEVERABILITY

The invalidity of unenforceability of any provision hereof shall in no way affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision. This Agreement is intended to confer upon Indemnitees indemnification rights to the fullest extent permitted by applicable laws.

MODIFICATION AND WAIVER

No supplement, modification, termination or amendment of this Agreement shall be binding unless executed in writing by both of the parties hereto. No waiver of any of the provisions of this Agreement shall be deemed or shall constitute a waiver of any other provisions hereof (whether or not similar) nor shall such waiver constitute a continuing waiver.

NOTICE BY INDEMNITEES

Indemnitees agrees promptly to notify CW in writing upon being served with or otherwise receiving any relating to the Proceedings which may be subject to indemnification covered hereunder. The failure to so notify the CW shall not relieve CW of any obligation which it may have to Indemnitees under this Agreement.

NOTICES

All notices and other communications given or made pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed effectively given: (a) upon personal delivery, (b) electronic mail or facsimile. (c) five (5) days after having been sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, or (d) one (1) day after deposit with a nationally recognized overnight courier, specifying next day delivery, with written verification of receipt. All communications shall be sent to the addresses below.

COUNTERPARTS

This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same Agreement.

GOVERNING LAW AND CONSENT TO JURISDICTION

This Agreement and the legal relations among the parties shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Nevada, without regard to its conflict of laws rules. CW and Indemnitees hereby irrevocably and unconditionally agree that any action or proceeding arising out of or in connection with this Agreement shall be brought only in the Clark County District Court (the "Nevada Court"). The prevailing party will be entitled to their attorney's fees.

SIGNATURES

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement on and as of the day and year first above written.

Indemnitor

CW Nevada, LL

4145 W. Alibaba LN.

Las Vegas NV. 89118

Indemnitees

NuVeda, LLC

2/71 River Plate Dr.

Pahrump NV. 89048

6/5/18

Dr. Pouya Mohajer

2700 Las Vegas Blvd S. #3311

Las Vegas, NV. 89109

Dr. Pejman Bady

2700 Las Vegas Blvd S. #2709

Las Vegas, NV. 89019

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DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

NUVEDA, LLC., ET AL.;

PLAINTIFF(S),

VS.

PEJMAN BADY; ET AL.,

DEFENDANT(S).

Case No.: A-15-728510-B

Dept. No.: XXXI

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE

TO: BRIAN R. IRVINE, ESQ. MITCHELL D. STIPP, ESQ.

YOU ARE HEREBY ORDERED TO APPEAR, in District Court, Department XXXI, located at 200 Lewis Avenue, on MARCH 14, 2022, at 10:00 a.m., Courtroom 16B, to show cause regarding the non-compliance of EDCR 7.21, and the Administrative Order, by timely submitting the proposed Order regarding the "Application/Petition Pursuant to NRS 31.070(5) and Request to Prohibit Goldstein from Any Further Collection Activity Without Court Approval" heard on October 5, 2021, and/or by ensuring a proposed Order was submitted to the Court.

Department 31 will be hearing this matter via audiovisual remote appearances through Bluejeans or parties may appear in-person. Should any party wish to use CourtCall (at the party's expense), please contact the JEA, Tracy Cordoba, via email at: cordt@clarkcountycourts.us.

If appearing remotely, the Court would **strongly** prefer and encourage that **all** parties appear audiovisually. However, any/all counsel/parties appearing in Construction Defect (CD) cases, Business Court (BC) cases, or <u>any</u> multi-party cases **must** appear **audiovisually** or <u>in person</u> to better aid the Court with keeping track of connected parties.

Pursuant to the Rules and Administrative Order 21-04 (and previous versions), <u>all parties</u> must ensure they are registered for electronic service to ensure every party receives all Notices from the Court. Instructions on how to register for electronic service may be found on the Court's website,

www.clarkcountycourts.us.

The Bluejeans connection information is:

Phone Dial-in

<u>+1.408.419.1715</u> (United States(San Jose)) <u>+1.408.915.6290</u> (United States(San Jose)) (Global Numbers)

From internet browser, copy and paste:

https://bluejeans.com/621838351/1475

Room System

199.48.152.152 or bjn.vc

Meeting ID: 621 838 351 Participant Passcode: 1475

Failure to appear may result in sanctions being ordered against either or both parties as well as their counsel and said sanctions can include up to, and including, dismissal of this action or striking of the Answer.

DATED this 9th day of March, 2022

Dated this 9th day of March, 2022

HON. JOANNA S. KISHNER DISTR இது இவர் அடுந்தி Joanna S. Kishner District Court Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on or about the date filed, a copy of this Order was electronically submitted for automated Electronic Service by the Court to all counsel/registered parties, pursuant to the Nevada Electronic Filing Rules, unless otherwise noted below.

/s/ Tracy L. Cordoba
TRACY L. CORDOBA-WHEELER
JUDICIAL EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT

1	CSERV				
2	DISTRICT COURT				
3	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA				
5					
6	Nuveda, LLC, Plaintiff(s)	CASE NO: A-15-728510-B			
7	vs.	DEPT. NO. Department 31			
8	Pejman Bady, Defendant(s)				
9					
10	AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE				
11	This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District				
12	Court. The foregoing Order to Show Cause was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:				
13	Service Date: 3/9/2022				
14					
15	"Kristina R. Cole, Legal Assistant".	kcole@klnevada.com			
16	"Mary Barnes, Legal Assistant".	mbarnes@klnevada.com			
17	"Matthew T. Dushoff, Esq.".	mdushoff@klnevada.com			
18	"Ryan T. Gormley, Esq." .	rgormley@klnevada.com			
19	Amy Reams .	areams@naylorandbrasterlaw.com			
20	Claire Wildman .	buttelllawoffice@aim.com			
21 22	eFiling District.	nvdistrict@klnevada.com			
23	Jennifer Braster .	jbraster@naylorandbrasterlaw.com			
24	John Naylor .	jnaylor@naylorandbrasterlaw.com			
25	LaQuinta Smith .	laquintasmith@aol.com			
26	Jason Wiley	jwiley@wileypetersenlaw.com			
27	_				

1	Ryan Petersen	rpetersen@wileypetersenlaw.com	
$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	Jennifer Goldstein	jennifer@xanthussports.com	
4	Brian Padgett	brian@briancpadgett.com	
5	David Feuerstein	david@dfmklaw.com	
6	Shane Terry	shane@ahcgroup.co	
7	Mitchell Stipp	mstipp@stipplaw.com	
8	Brian Irvine	birvine@dickinsonwright.com	
9	Brooks Westergard	bwestergard@dickinsonwright.com	
10	Catherine Ramsey	cathy@briancpadgett.com	
11 12	Kira Harris	info@briancpadgett.com	
13	Mina Reel	mreel@dickinsonwright.com	
14			
15	If indicated below, a copy of the above mentioned filings were also served by mail via United States Postal Service, postage prepaid, to the parties listed below at their last known addresses on 3/10/2022		
16	known addresses on 5/10/2022		
17	Alvin Maupin	1100 East Bridger Las Vegas, NV, 89101	
18			
19	Vincent Aiello III	Spencer Fane Attn: Vincent Aiello, Esq	
20		300 South Fourth Street, Suite 950 Las Vegas, NV, 89101	
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Electronically Filed 03/11/2022 8:13 AM CLERK OF THE COURT

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2 DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC BRIAN R. IRVINE

3 Nevada Bar No. 7758

BROOKS T. WESTERGARD

4 Nevada Bar No. 14300

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Tel.: (775) 343-7500 Fax: (844) 670-6009

Email: birvine@dickinsonwright.com Email: bwestergard@dickinsonwright.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff Jennifer M. Goldstein

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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NUVEDA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, SHANE M. TERRY, a Nevada resident; and JENNIFER M. GOLDSTEIN, a

PEJMAN BADY: POUYA MOHAJER: DOE

15 Nevada resident,

Plaintiffs,

Defendants.

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Individuals I-X and ROE Entities I-X, inclusive,

VS.

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Case No.: A-15-728510-B Dept. No.: 31

[PROPOSED] FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER DENYING APPLICATION/PETITION PURSUANT TO PROHIBIT GOLDSTEIN FROM ANY FURTHER COLLECTION ACTIVITY WITHOUT COURT APPROVAL

Hearing Date: October 5, 2021

This matter having come on for hearing related to Defendant NuVeda, LLC ("NuVeda") and third-party Clark NMSD, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company d/b/a The Sanctuary's ("Clark") Application/Petition Pursuant to Prohibit Goldstein From Any Further Collection Activity Without Court Approval (the "Application") before the Court on October 5, 2021. Plaintiff Jennifer M. Goldstein ("Goldstein") appeared by and through her counsel of record Brian Irvine of the law firm of Dickinson Wright PLLC; and NuVeda appeared by and though its counsel of record Mitchell Stipp of the Law Office of Mitchell Stipp; the Court having read and

considered the pleadings filed by the parties; the Court having considered the oral and written arguments of counsel, and with the intent of deciding the issues before the Court related to the Application, the Court finds and orders as follows:

- 1. To avail itself of any of the remedies afforded by NRS 31.070, Clark must serve the constable with "a written claim verified by the person's oath or that of the person's agent, setting out the person's right to the possession" of the property at issue.
- 2. Clark has failed to comply with the requirements under NRS 31.070 and has not established that it has any relationship with or interest in NuVeda or the property at issue in the Application.
- 3. Moreover, as already held by this Court in its Order denying NuVeda's Motion to Quash Writs of Execution, NuVeda lacks "standing to assert exemptions on behalf of third parties." *Ciras, LLC v. Ziegler*, No. 2:10-CV-02019-RLH, 2011 WL 1979857, at *2 (D. Nev. May 20, 2011).
 - 4. NuVeda and Clark are thus not entitled to any relief under NRS 31.070.
- 5. In addition, the Application requests that the Court "require Goldstein to file a motion with notice to and an opportunity to be heard by NuVeda for approval of any further collection activity." Although the Application cites no legal authority for this request, under NRCP 62(b), a "court may stay execution on a judgment or any proceedings to enforce it pending disposition of" (1) a motion under Rule 50 for judgment as a matter of law; (2) a motion to amend findings under Rule 52(b); (3) a motion for a new trial or to amend judgment under Rule 59, or (4) a motion for relief from judgment under Rule 60. None of the motions enumerated under NRCP 62(b) are currently pending, and therefore neither NuVeda nor Clark may obtain relief under NRCP 62(b).

<u>ORDER</u>

THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Application is **DENIED**.

Dated this 11th day of March, 2022 IT IS SO ORDERED. James & Kishner 1 2 3 DD8 E60 D777 8DD6 Joanna S. Kishner **District Court Judge** 4 Respectfully submitted by: Approved as to form and content: 5 DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC LAW OFFICE OF MITCHELL STIPP 6 7 /s/ Brian R. Irvine /s/ Mitchell Stipp 8 BRIAN R. IRVINE MITCHELL STIPP Nevada Bar No. 7758 Nevada Bar No. 7531 9 **BROOKS T. WESTERGARD** 1180 N. Town Center Drive Nevada Bar No. 14300 Suite 100 10 Las Vegas, NV 89144 100 West Liberty Street Suite 940 Tel: (702) 602-1242 11 Reno, Nevada 89501 mstipp@stipplaw.com 12 Tel.: (775) 343-7500 Attorneys for NuVeda, LLC Fax: (844) 670-6009 13 Email: birvine@dickinsonwright.com Email: bwestergard@dickinsonwright.com 14 Attorneys for Plaintiff Jennifer M. Goldstein 15 16 4886-3782-8372 v1 [88728-1] 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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From: <u>Mitchell Stipp</u>
To: <u>Brian R. Irvine</u>

Subject: Re: FW: EXTERNAL: Eighth Judicial District Court - Proposed Order Returned

Date: Thursday, March 10, 2022 4:06:25 PM

Changes are fine.



Mitchell Stipp

Law Office of Mitchell Stipp, P.C.

A: 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100, Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

P: 702-602-1242 **M**: 702-378-1907

E: mstipp@stipplaw.com W: www.stipplaw.com

On Thu, Mar 10, 2022 at 10:25 AM Brian R. Irvine < BIrvine@dickinson-wright.com > wrote:

Mitchell

Thanks for the email. I think your markup adequately addresses the reasons why the NRS Chapter 31 relief sought be Clark is denied, but does not provide an explanation why the relief is denied as to NuVeda, so I have added the standing paragraph back in. Also, your markup does not address the reasons for the denial of the request that the Court require "Goldstein to file a motion with notice to and an opportunity to be heard by NuVeda for approval of any further collection activity." I also included a paragraph explaining the denial of that relief. Please let me know if I have your authority to submit the attached proposed Order to the Court with those changes.

Thanks,

Brian

From: Mitchell Stipp < mstipp@stipplaw.com > Sent: Wednesday, March 9, 2022 7:05 PM

To: Brian R. Irvine < <u>BIrvine@dickinson-wright.com</u>>

Subject: Re: FW: EXTERNAL: Eighth Judicial District Court - Proposed Order Returned

Thanks Brian. I am sorry that happened.

Attached is your revised draft in tracked changes with my comments for your review and approval.



Mitchell Stipp

Law Office of Mitchell Stipp, P.C.

A: 1180 N. Town Center Drive, Suite 100, Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

P: <u>702-602-1242</u> **M**: <u>702-378-1907</u>

E: mstipp@stipplaw.com W: www.stipplaw.com

On Wed, Mar 9, 2022 at 4:10 PM Brian R. Irvine < BIrvine@dickinson-wright.com > wrote:

Mitchell-

I submitted the bare-bones Order you approved to Department 31 today, but the Order was rejected because "The order does not comply with the rules as it gives no basis for the Court's ruling." See the email from the Court below. I have attached the proposed order that I sent you in October of last year and again last month, which tracks the reasons set forth in our opposition why the motion should be denied. Do I have your authority to submit the attached? Please respond ASAP, as the Court has issued an order to show cause.

Thanks,

Brian

Brian R. Irvine Member

100 West Liberty Street Phone 775-343-7507 Suite 940

Reno NV 89501-1991

Fax 844-670-6009

Email Blrvine@dickinsonwright.com



Brian R. Irvine Member

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Reno NV 89501-1991



Email <u>Blrvine@dickinsonwright.com</u>



From: Mina Reel < <u>WReel@dickinson-wright.com</u>>

Sent: Wednesday, March 9, 2022 3:57 PM

To: Brian R. Irvine < <u>BIrvine@dickinson-wright.com</u>>

Subject: FW: EXTERNAL: Eighth Judicial District Court - Proposed Order Returned

From: NoReply@clarkcountycourts.us < NoReply@clarkcountycourts.us >

Sent: Wednesday, March 9, 2022 3:37 PM **To:** Mina Reel < <u>WReel@dickinson-wright.com</u>>

Subject: EXTERNAL: Eighth Judicial District Court - Proposed Order Returned

A-15-728510-B - FFCO - Nuveda LLC et al v. Pejman Bady et al.

Your proposed order or document requiring a judge's signature to the court has been returned for the following reason(s): The order does not comply with the rules as it gives no basis for the Court's ruling.

Mina Reel Legal Assistant

100 West Liberty Street Phone 775-343-7509
Suite 940 Fax 844-670-6009
Reno NV 89501-1991

Email MReel@dickinsonwright.com

cid:image001.jpg@01D833CF.8AE06C00



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Neither this transmission nor any attachment shall be deemed for any purpose to be a "signature" or "signed" under any electronic transmission acts, unless otherwise specifically stated herein. Thank you.

The information contained in this e-mail, including any attachments, is confidential, intended only for the named recipient(s), and may be legally privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, please delete the e-mail and any attachments, destroy any printouts that you may have made and notify us immediately by return e-mail.

Neither this transmission nor any attachment shall be deemed for any purpose to be a "signature" or "signed" under any electronic transmission acts, unless otherwise specifically stated herein. Thank you.

1	CSERV					
2	DISTRICT COURT					
3	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA					
4						
5	Nuveda, LLC, Plaintiff(s)	CASE NO: A-15-728510-B				
7	Vs.	DEPT. NO. Department 31				
8	Pejman Bady, Defendant(s)					
9						
10	AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE					
11	This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District					
12	Court. The foregoing Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled					
13	case as listed below:					
14	Service Date: 3/11/2022					
15	"Kristina R. Cole, Legal Assistant".	kcole@klnevada.com				
16	"Mary Barnes, Legal Assistant".	mbarnes@klnevada.com				
17 18	"Matthew T. Dushoff, Esq.".	mdushoff@klnevada.com				
19	"Ryan T. Gormley, Esq." .	rgormley@klnevada.com				
20	Amy Reams .	areams@naylorandbrasterlaw.com				
21	Claire Wildman .	buttelllawoffice@aim.com				
22	eFiling District.	nvdistrict@klnevada.com				
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26	LaQuinta Smith .	laquintasmith@aol.com				
27	Jason Wiley	jwiley@wileypetersenlaw.com				

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