## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

### INDICATE FULL CAPTION:

HERMAN WILLIAMS, Appellant,	No. 83263 Electronically Filed  Aug 27 2021 02:45 p.m  DOCKETING SFlizabeth A. Brown  CIVIL APPLEX of Supreme Court
NADINE WILLIAMS, Respondent.	

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Appellants must complete this docketing statement in compliance with NRAP 14(a). The purpose of the docketing statement is to assist the Supreme Court in screening jurisdiction, identifying issues on appeal, assessing presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, scheduling cases for oral argument and settlement conferences, classifying cases for expedited treatment and assignment to the Court of Appeals, and compiling statistical information.

#### WARNING

This statement must be completed fully, accurately and on time. NRAP 14(c). The Supreme Court may impose sanctions on counsel or appellant if it appears that the information provided is incomplete or inaccurate. *Id.* Failure to fill out the statement completely or to file it in a timely manner constitutes grounds for the imposition of sanctions, including a fine and/or dismissal of the appeal.

A complete list of the documents that must be attached appears as Question 27 on this docketing statement. Failure to attach all required documents will result in the delay of your appeal and may result in the imposition of sanctions.

This court has noted that when attorneys do not take seriously their obligations under NRAP 14 to complete the docketing statement properly and conscientiously, they waste the valuable judicial resources of this court, making the imposition of sanctions appropriate. See <u>KDI Sylvan Pools v. Workman.</u> 107 Nev. 340. 344, 810 P.2d 1217, 1220 (1991). Please use tab dividers to separate any attached documents.

	Department I
County Clark	Judge Sunny Bailey
District Ct. Case No. D-19-58629	1-D
2. Attorney filing this docketing	statement:
Attorney F. Peter James	Telephone 702-256-0087
Firm Law Offices of F. Peter James	, Esq.
Address 3821 West Charleston Bou Las Vegas, Nevada 89102	levard, Suite 250
Client(s) Appellant, Herman William	ms
the names of their clients on an additional s	llants, add the names and addresses of other counsel and sheet accompanied by a certification that they concur in the
the names of their clients on an additional s filing of this statement.	sheet accompanied by a certification that they concur in the
the names of their clients on an additional sfiling of this statement.  3. Attorney(s) representing response	sheet accompanied by a certification that they concur in the
the names of their clients on an additional stilling of this statement.  3. Attorney(s) representing responsible.  Attorney Frank J. Toti, Esq.	sheet accompanied by a certification that they concur in the condents(s):
	sheet accompanied by a certification that they concur in the condents(s):  Telephone 702-517-5687
the names of their clients on an additional stilling of this statement.  3. Attorney(s) representing responsible.  Attorney Frank J. Toti, Esq.  Firm Law Offices of Frank J. Toti  Address 6900 Westcliff Drive, Suite	sheet accompanied by a certification that they concur in the condents(s):  Telephone 702-517-5687  500
the names of their clients on an additional stiling of this statement.  3. Attorney(s) representing responsible.  Attorney Frank J. Toti, Esq.  Firm Law Offices of Frank J. Toti  Address 6900 Westcliff Drive, Suite Las Vegas, Nevada 89145	sheet accompanied by a certification that they concur in the condents(s):  Telephone 702-517-5687  500
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4. Nature of disposition below (chec	k all that apply):			
▼ Judgment after bench trial	☐ Dismissal:			
☐ Judgment after jury verdict	☐ Lack of jurisdiction			
☐ Summary judgment	☐ Failure to state a claim			
☐ Default judgment	☐ Failure to prosecute			
☐ Grant/Denial of NRCP 60(b) relief	☐ Other (specify):			
☐ Grant/Denial of injunction	☐ Divorce Decree:			
☐ Grant/Denial of declaratory relief	➤ Original			
☐ Review of agency determination	▼ Other disposition (specify): Rehearing			
5. Does this appeal raise issues conc	erning any of the following?			
Child Custody				
☐ Venue				
☐ Termination of parental rights				
가지 않는 그 경기 있는 것은 사람들에 가장 사람들이 되었다면 하지 않는 것이 없는 것이다면 없는 것이 없는 것이었다면 없는 것이 없는 것이었다면 없는 것이 없는 것이었다면 없는 없는 것이었다면 없는 없는 것이었다면 없었다면 없는 것이었다면 없는 것이었다면 없었다면 없는 것이었다면 없었다면 없었다면 없었다면 없었다면 없었다면 없었다면 없었다면 없	this court. List the case name and docket number sently or previously pending before this court which			
N/A				

7. Pending and prior proceedings in other courts. List the case name, number and court of all pending and prior proceedings in other courts which are related to this appeal (e.g., bankruptcy, consolidated or bifurcated proceedings) and their dates of disposition: N/A

Divorce with child	ction. Briefly describe the nature of the action and the result below: custody action. District court awarded joint legal custody and awarded
the mother (Responsole legal and primincome for Appella	ndent) primary physical custody over father's (Appellant's) requests for eary physical custody. Court determined child support (with an incorrec nt). Court determined assets and debts (though Appellant alleges error
here as well). Cour	rt ordered no alimony to Appellant.
0. Insulan au aurus	al. Otata appairable the univalual insertable this apparal (attack apparate
sheets as necessary	al. State concisely the principal issue(s) in this appeal (attach separate
	ct court erred as to its custody award (joint legal and primary physical t
Whether the distric	ct court erred in calculating Appellant's income;
Whether the distric	ct court erred in the asset / debt division;
Whether the distric	ct court erred in failing to award alimony to Appellant.
	(B. M. ) - (트립니트 ) 이 이 사람이 있습니다. (B. M. ) 나는 이렇게 되었는 그리고 하는 이 그는 사람이 되었는 그래요 그래요 그래요 하는 사람이 되었다. (12 전 ) 그리고 하는
aware of any procee	eedings in this court raising the same or similar issues. If you are edings presently pending before this court which raises the same or d in this appeal, list the case name and docket numbers and identify the ae raised:

11. Constitutional issues. If this appeal challenges the constitutionality of a statute, and the state, any state agency, or any officer or employee thereof is not a party to this appeal, have you notified the clerk of this court and the attorney general in accordance with NRAP 44 and NRS 30.130?
□ N/A
☐ Yes
▼ No
If not, explain:
12. Other issues. Does this appeal involve any of the following issues?
☐ Reversal of well-settled Nevada precedent (identify the case(s))
☐ An issue arising under the United States and/or Nevada Constitutions
☐ A substantial issue of first impression
☐ An issue of public policy
An issue where en banc consideration is necessary to maintain uniformity of this court's decisions
☐ A ballot question
If so, explain:

13. Assignment to the Court of Appeals or retention in the Supreme Court. Briefly set forth whether the matter is presumptively retained by the Supreme Court or assigned to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, and cite the subparagraph(s) of the Rule under which the matter falls. If appellant believes that the Supreme Court should retain the case despite its presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals, identify the specific issue(s) or circumstance(s) that warrant retaining the case, and include an explanation of their importance or significance:

Pursuant to NRAP 17(b)(10), the matter is presumptively assigned to the Court of Appeals as this is a matter in family court that does not involve NRS 432B or termination of parental rights.

Appellant sees no cause at this point to request that the Supreme Court retain the case.

14. Trial. If this action proceeded to trial, how many days did the trial last? 1

Was it a bench or jury trial? Bench

15. Judicial Disqualification. Do you intend to file a motion to disqualify or have a justice recuse him/herself from participation in this appeal? If so, which Justice? N/A

# TIMELINESS OF NOTICE OF APPEAL

16. Date of entry of	written judgment or order appealed from Feb 26, 2021
If no written judg seeking appellate	ment or order was filed in the district court, explain the basis for review:
17. Date written no	otice of entry of judgment or order was served Apr 1, 2021
Was service by:	
☐ Delivery	
Mail/electroni	c/fax
18. If the time for f (NRCP 50(b), 52(b),	iling the notice of appeal was tolled by a post-judgment motion , or 59)
(a) Specify the the date of	type of motion, the date and method of service of the motion, and filing,
☐ NRCP 50(b)	Date of filing
▼ NRCP 52(b)	Date of filing Apr 15, 2021
▼ NRCP 59	Date of filing Apr 15, 2019
	pursuant to NRCP 60 or motions for rehearing or reconsideration may toll the a notice of appeal. See AA Primo Builders v. Washington, 126 Nev, 245 0).
(b) Date of entr	ry of written order resolving tolling motion Jun 30, 2021
(c) Date writte	n notice of entry of order resolving tolling motion was servedJul 12, 2021
Was service	by:
Delivery	

	ty has appealed from the judgment or order, list the date each filed and identify by name the party filing the notice of appeal:
20. Specify statute or ru 2.g., NRAP 4(a) or other	de governing the time limit for filing the notice of appeal,
	lders v. Washington, 126 Nev. 578, 245 P.3d 578 (2017)
	SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY
	or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to review
the judgment or order a	
the judgment or order a (a)	appealed from:
the judgment or order a (a)  NRAP 3A(b)(1)	ppealed from:  □ NRS 38,205

22. List all parties involved in the action or consolidated actions in the district court: (a) Parties: Appellant, Herman Williams (the Defendant in the district court). Respondent, Nadine Williams (the Plaintiff in the district court).
Respondent, Nadme williams (the Flaintill in the district court).
(b) If all parties in the district court are not parties to this appeal, explain in detail why those parties are not involved in this appeal, e.g., formally dismissed, not served, or other:
N/A
23. Give a brief description (3 to 5 words) of each party's separate claims,
counterclaims, cross-claims, or third-party claims and the date of formal disposition of each claim.
Both parties filed essentially reciprocal actions for divorce, child custody, asset / debt division, and alimony.
24. Did the judgment or order appealed from adjudicate ALL the claims alleged below and the rights and liabilities of ALL the parties to the action or consolidated actions below?
x Yes
□ No
25. If you answered "No" to question 24, complete the following:

(b) Specify the p	parties remaining below:
(c) Did the distr pursuant to NR	ict court certify the judgment or order appealed from as a final judgment CP 54(b)?
☐ Yes	
□ No	
	ict court make an express determination, pursuant to NRCP 54(b), that reason for delay and an express direction for the entry of judgment?
☐ Yes	
□ No	
	ed "No" to any part of question 25, explain the basis for seeking (e.g., order is independently appealable under NRAP 3A(b)):

## 27. Attach file-stamped copies of the following documents:

- e The latest-filed complaint, counterclaims, cross-claims, and third-party claims
- e Any tolling motion(s) and order(s) resolving tolling motion(s)
- e Orders of NRCP 41(a) dismissals formally resolving each claim, counterclaims, crossclaims and/or third-party claims asserted in the action or consolidated action below, even if not at issue on appeal
- e Any other order challenged on appeal
- e Notices of entry for each attached order

## VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read this docketing statement, that the information provided in this docketing statement is true and complete to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, and that I have attached all required documents to this docketing statement.

Herman Williams		F. Peter James
Name of appellant		Name of counsel of record
Aug 27, 2021		/s/ F. Peter James
Date		Signature of counsel of record
Clark County, Nevada		
State and county where s	igned	141
	CERTIFICATI	E OF SERVICE
I certify that on the	day of	, I served a copy of this
completed docketing state	ement upon all couns	el of record:
☐ By personally serv	ving it upon him/her;	or
address(es): (NOT	rst class mail with so E: If all names and a a separate sheet with	ufficient postage prepaid to the following addresses cannot fit below, please list names in the addresses.)
	X	
Dated this	day of	
1		
		Signature

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

	The following	lowing a	are listed	on th	e Master	Service	List an	d are	served	via tł	ıe
Cour	t's electro	onic fili	ng and so	ervice	system (	eFlex):					

Frank Toti, Esq.
Counsel for Respondent

Ishi Kunin, Esq. Settlement Judge

# THIS FORM CANNOT BE ELECTRONICALLY SIGNED.

Once you complete the form, you must print it out and sign it. Your original signature must appear on the document that is filed with the court.

···: ... .:--:::

Your Name: Madri Williams Address: 1016 Desert Trees St		Electronically Filed 03/19/2019
City, State, Zip: 100 V 2500 NV 29141  Phone: 70-646 3169250		CLERK OF THE COURT
Email: noogay @ yahoo on Self-Represented Plaintiff		
DISTRIC CLARK COUN		
Nadre Williams	CASE NO.: D	-19-586291-C
Plaintiff, vs.	DEPT: D	ept: E
Human Williams Ir Defendant.		
Plaintiff (your name) 1. Residency. The following spouse has be	Illiams en a resident of the Sta	_respectfully states: te of Nevada for at least
six weeks prior to filing this Complaint a indefinite period of time: (name of Nevaa	la resident) Huma	and the second s
<ul> <li>2. Marriage. The parties were married on (city)</li></ul>	(date)	parties are incompatible.
Neither spouse is pregnant.	tradija tradija Herio Herio Liria kristi	
☐ The following spouse is pregnant: (no The other spouse ☐ is / ☐ is not the page 1.2.)		.**
born on (date):   It is unknown whether either spouse is © 2017 Family Law Self-Help Center		plaint for Divorce (With Kids)

<sup>\*</sup> You are responsible for knowing the law about your case. For more information on the law, this form, and free classes, visit www.familylawselfhelpcenter.org or the Family Law Self Help Center at 601 N. Pecos Road. To find an attorney, call the State Bar of Nevada at (702) 382-0504.

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	10. Ch	ild Suppo	rt. Comp	lete the a	ttached C	s being pro Child Supporthis section	ort Work.	sheet that		o your	
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1.1 4., 		support) _	in)		: . ::	present.	:	(date bac	K CHIIA SU	apport	
		:: ~:	thholding	order sho	uld be ent	tered to sec be entered.		ent of any	support o	wed.	

.:-:::

13. H	ealth Insuran	ce. (⊠ <i>c</i>	heck all	that ap	ply) 🔡 :		:::			::::
Ø	Both parties	should	provide	future	health	insuranc	e for	the mir	or child	l(ren) i
<b>./</b> ::	available.	.:··:: !::::	1 11	::: :::						
	Future health	ı insuran	ce for th	he min	or child	(ren) she	ould be	e provid	led by (	name o
: . ::	parent)		.:	·· :: <del>- · · · · · ·</del>	.:411	if	availa	ole.	H:	::::: ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
					:::					::::
14. U	nreimbursed	Medical	Expense	es. (🗵	check of	ıe)	::: :::			
P	Any expense	s not cove	ered by i	nsuranc	e should	l be paid	equall	y by bot	h parties.	
	Any expense	es not c	overed	by insi	urance	should b	e paid	l by ( <i>r</i>	name of	parent
	<u> </u>	::::::	:::::	<u>::::d</u>	ue to the	e followi	ng extr	aordinaı	ry circun	istances
	(explain)	:: ::::: ::::	11.11.13. <u></u>	11.11	: : :: :.:.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
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15. "	30/30 Rule." (	$\boxtimes$ check	one)		·: :::: ·:::::		11 1.	†; :: :::		
	The Court sl	ould ord	ler the 3	0/30 R	ule for	payment	of all	unreim	bursed n	nedical
	dental expens	ses.1: (see	below fo	or explo	ination)					11.1
	The Court sh	ould NO	T order	the 30/	30 Rule	for payr	nent o	unreim	bursed n	nedical
: .	dental expens	ses.					: ::			
		··:`::	:.:	::				:-:	::: ::::	-:1.1 .::1::
	ax Deduction the child on the									
	ie chiia on inei 332.  Talk to a			–.						
 	Plaintiff show	ıld claim	the foll	owing	children	as dene	ndents	for tax	purpose	s everv
:. <b></b>	year: (insert			•;•						
	Defendant sh	144 144			childre	n as dep	endent	s for tax	purpose	es every
	year: (insert	1.1 (11)			: : :					
-17	The tax dedu				ith Plain	tiff clain	ing th	e child(1	en) in (D	– ☑ check
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	The tax dedu	7 5,77								
	THO TUX GOOD									:::

The "30/30 Rule:" If a parent pays a medical or dental expense for a child that is not paid by insurance, that parent must send proof of the expense to the other parent within 30 days of incurring the expense. The other parent then has 30 days to reimburse the paying parent ½ the cost.

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		18. C	ommunity l	Debt. (⊠	check one	e)	orie Litorofer	:: <del>!::</del> .::	<del>ii</del> i i	urin Fortu	orien 134 - Eric	arin Harita
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			Any comm	unity deb	t has alrea	dy been di	vided.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
			I do not kn	ow the fu	ll extent o	f the comm	unity debt	t. !! !!!!				
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			No spousal Plaintiff sh				th in spo	usal suppo	rt for the	novt (nun	ahar)	
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			yε	ears.								
1 1.17		20. Na	me Chang	e. ( $oxtimes$ che	ck one)							
			Plaintiff do	es not requ	uest a nan	ne change.						
		/	Plaintiff wo			***	: /! .:**	11 .1111	(insert for	mer name	you	:
			would like	to go back	to)	- Lugine	. <u>u</u> m			•		
		<b>21.</b> If Pl	laintiff is al	ole to hire	counsel.	attorney's	fees and c	osts are re	guested.			
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	Pla	aintiff r	equests:	ne marriag	e evicting	. hetween	Plaintiff s	and Defend	lant he dis	solved an	d that	
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## **VERIFICATION**

Under penalty of perjury, I declare that I am the Plaintiff in the above-entitled action; that I have read the foregoing Complaint and know the contents thereof; that the pleading is true of my own knowledge, except for those matters therein contained stated upon information and belief, and that as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

DATED this (day) 19 day of (month) MUM, 2019.

Submitted By: (your signature) Madue Williams

(print your name) Madue Williams

EXHIBIT 1: Parenting Timeshare and Holiday Schedule

☐ No Visitation Requested Because: (explain)

	and the second s
Regular Schedule:	Nom Saturday 8 am - 8pm
Be very specific. Include	
the times and days of the	Dad Sunday 8an - 8pm
week for each parent's	Dard: Monday - Wied
timeshare.	
(ex.: <u>Mom</u> : Saturday 7pm –	and allow and and and and
Wednesday 3pm,	Whomas his don 2001 - Saturday 8pm
<i> Dad: Wednesday 3pm –</i> '	Midnigday 3PM - Saturday 8pm
Saturday 7pm)	
arii arii arii	
l hat hat hat	Sunday - hliduolog 8 am - 3 pm
Summer Schedule:	Same as the regular schedule.
arin arin	Other:
lei lei lei l	
Mother's Day and Mother's	Mother every year from 9am – 7pm.
	Other:
Birthday: 11/21/82	
liter literatur	
Father's Day and Father's	$\Box$ Father every year from 9am – 7pm.
Birthday: 08/05/69	Other: The Third Chart Chart Chart
00105169	
: <u>: ::</u>	Fron years with (narent) FULM MM - WILLIAM
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04	Fron years with (narent) FULM MM - WILLIAM
: <u>: ::</u>	Even years with (parent) fur man Will jaus.  Odd years with (parent) / Jadine Lyllaus.
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04	Even years with (parent) fly MM WW/Jaw.  Odd years with (parent) / Vadjus Lyllaus  *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04	Even years with (parent) fur man Will jaus.  Odd years with (parent) / Jadine Lyllaus.
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 OS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent) Fur Man WW Jaw .  Odd years with (parent) / Vadjus Lyllaus  *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*  Other:
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04	Even years with (parent) fur man Will fund of the shall be from 9am - 7pm.*    Other:   Even Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 OS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent) fur man Williams  Odd years with (parent) / Vadim Lillars  *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*  Other:  Even Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent) firman Williams,
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 OS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent) fur man Williams  Odd years with (parent) / Vadim Lillars  *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*  Other:  Even Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent) firman Williams,
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 OS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent) fur Man Williams.  Odd years with (parent) / Adjust Lyllans.  *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*  Other:  Even Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent) fur war Williams.  President's Day, Independence Day, Nevada Admissions
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent) fur Mall Williams  Odd years with (parent) / Admi Lilliams  *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*  Other:  Even Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent) fur Mour Williams,  President's Day, Independence Day, Nevada Admissions  Day with the other parent.
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent) fur Maluly (us)  Odd years with (parent) / Admi Lyulaus  *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*  Other:  Even Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent) fur Mulus  President's Day, Independence Day, Nevada Admissions  Day with the other parent.  Odd Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent) fur manufactus.  Odd years with (parent) / Adjust Littles.  *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*  Other:  Even Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent) fur war hillers.  President's Day, Independence Day, Nevada Admissions Day with the other parent.  Odd Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent) Ladie hillers.
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent) for Mall Williams  Odd years with (parent) / Admi Lilliams  *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*  Other:  Even Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent) for Wold Williams,  President's Day, Independence Day, Nevada Admissions Day with the other parent.  Odd Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent) Ladle for Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent) Ladle for Day, Nevada Admissions.
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent) fur M WW full  Odd years with (parent) / Adjust Lyllaus  *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*  Other:  Even Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with  (parent) full  President's Day, Independence Day, Nevada Admissions  Day with the other parent.  Odd Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with  (parent) Ladle full  President's Day, Independence Day, Nevada Admissions  Day with the other parent.
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent) fur M WW full  Odd years with (parent) / Adjust Lyllaus  *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*  Other:  Even Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent) fur Wall  President's Day, Independence Day, Nevada Admissions Day with the other parent.  Odd Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent) Labor Day with (parent) Labor Day, Nevada Admissions Day with the other parent.  *Time begins when school lets out the day before the holiday
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent)   M. M. W.
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent) / M. W.
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent)   M. M. Will Jaw.   Odd years with (parent)   Adjust   Autous     *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*   Other:
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent) / M. W.
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent)   M. M. Will Jaw.   Odd years with (parent)   Adjust   Autous     *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*   Other:
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent)   M. M. W. W.    Odd years with (parent)   Adjust Light    *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*  Other:    Even Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with (parent)   M. W.
Child's Birthday: 10/24/04 PS/24/08 J	Even years with (parent)   M. M. W. W.

	Easter / Spr	ing Break		Odd y *Time befo □ Other	vears with e shall beg ore school		school let	s out until			
	Thanksgivi	ng:		Even *Time befo	years with e shall beg ore school :		parent. school let	s out until	noon the		
	Winter Bre	ak / Christ	mas:	Decei Segm until i Even segm Odd y segm	mber 26 at ent 2 (New noon the d years: seg ent 2 with years: segrent 2 with	istmas) connoon.  v Year's) cay before soment 1 with the other point 1 with 1 wit	consists of school result (parent) parent.	December	r 26 at noc	on :	
	Other Holid	lays:		Other							
	Vacation:			☐ The r	parents wil	l not estab	lish a form	nal vacatio	n plan, an mes with	d will	
				child Each per ye paren at lea Vaca	(ren). parent ma ear with the t of the va st (number	y have up e child(rer cation and ') <u>/D</u> di is not allo	to ( <i>numbe</i>	r) @ <b>32</b> rent shall general vathe planner	vacation of the acation iting	days other nerary on.	

Electronically Filed 06/03/2019

CLERK OF THE COURT

ACDAS Your Name: Remail Williams Address: 10116 Desert tree St City, State, Zip: LAS Years NY 89115 & Phone: 102 120 950   Email: 102 man Williams 002 6 9mail Self-Represented Defendant	9941. L. WH
DISTRIC'S CLARK COUN	Γ COURT NTY, NEVADA
Plaintiff,  VS. Williams  Defendant.	CASE NO.: D19586291-B. DEPT: DEPT T
ANSWER AND COUN AND UCCJEA I (With C	
Defendant (vour name) Horman William	QMS , respectfully states:
1. Defendant admits the following allegat  Complaint you agree with)	ions: (write the paragraph numbers from the
2. Defendant denies the following allegate Complaint you disagree with	ions: (write the paragraph numbers from the
3. Defendant is without sufficient knowled	ge to admit or deny the following allegations:  asure about)

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Answer & Counterclaim for Divorce (Kids)

\* You are responsible for knowing the law about your case. For more information on the law, this form, and free classes, visit <a href="https://www.familylawselfhelpcenter.org">www.familylawselfhelpcenter.org</a> or the Family Law Self Help Center at 601 N. Pecos Road. To find an attorney, call the State Bar of Nevada at (702) 382-0504.

#### AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

	☐ Neither party is a Nevada 1	esident.	•		
	☐ Nevada is not the home sta	te of the child	d(ren).		
	☐ There is another case conc	erning these p	parties in anoth	ner state.	
	Other: Adultry				·
	, ,				
	COUNT	TERCLAIM	FOR DIVOR	CE	·
1.	Residency. The following sp	ouse has been	n a resident of	the State of Nevada	for at least
	six weeks prior to filing this			<b>^</b>	
	an indefinite period of time: (	name of Neve	ada resident) _	HERMAN W	)ILLIAMS
				ah 1 2001	•
2.	Marriage. The parties were (city) New York, (	re married of	n (date) <u>I IH</u> I	101 212004	in
	(city) New York, (	state)\\	MAORIC	The parties are in	compatible.
3.	Pregnancy. ( check one)				
	Neither spouse is pregnant	t <b>.</b>			
	☐ The following spouse is p	regnant: (nan	ne of pregnant	t spouse)	·
	The other spouse $\square$ is $/\square$	is not the par	rent of the unb	orn child. The child	is due to be
	born on (date):	•			
	☐ It is unknown whether eith	ner spouse is	currently pregi	nant.	
		, <b>L</b>			
4.	Children. There are (number	er) <u>7.</u> 1	minor childrer	in common born to	or adopted
	4 .4				
	by the parties.				
		Date of		How long child	Disability
	Child's Name	Birth	Residence	How long child lived in the state	
	Child's Name  Abagail Williams	Birth 10-27-04	Residence		NO.
	Child's Name  Abagail Williams  Fleman III Williams	Birth 10-27-04 8-24-08	Residence NEVADA NUMBAGA		No.
	Child's Name  Abagail Williams	Birth 10-27-04	Residence		NO.

□ a.	The child(ren) h	have lived in Nevada for the have NOT lived in Nevada for the have NOT lived in Nevada for the have not lived in Nevada for the lived lived in Nevada for the lived lived lived in Nevada for the lived live	for the past six months.  the children have lived	
- 1	Time Period no/yr – mo/yr)   8   19 - present   205 - 3   2019	Name of Person the Child(ren) Lived With:  Heman Williams.  Heman + Nadine Williams	City and State	Child's Name (if not all children)
		urrent addresses of each no		lived with during the
I C	have / Thave are case involving court, children	n Other Cases: ( check of not participated as a party g the child(ren): (if you had involved, the case number	or witness or in some	cs including the state

	d.	Person(s) Who Claim Custody / Visitation: (⊠ check one)
	Ιロ	do / 🗷 do not know of anyone other than the parents who has physical custody of the
	chil	d(ren) or who claims custody/visitation rights to the child(ren). (if so, list names and
	ada	lresses of anyone who claims custody/visitation rights)
6.		<b>gal Custody.</b> Legal custody refers to the ability to make major decisions about the ild, such as medical care, education, and religious upbringing. $(\boxtimes$ check one)
		The parties should share joint legal custody of the child(ren).
		Plaintiff should have sole legal custody of the child(ren).
	X	Defendant should have sole legal custody of the child(ren).
		Nevada is not the "home state" of the child(ren) and cannot enter custody orders.
7.		<b>sysical Custody.</b> Physical custody refers to the amount of time the child spends with $(\boxtimes check one)$
		The parties should share joint physical custody of the child(ren) (each parent must
		have the child(ren) at least 40% of the time, or 146 days per year). A proposed
		parenting timeshare and holiday schedule is attached as Exhibit 1.
		The (⊠ check one) □ Plaintiff / □ Defendant should have primary physical custody
		of the child(ren). A proposed parenting timeshare and holiday schedule is attached
		as Exhibit 1.
	×	The (⊠ check one) □ Plaintiff / ☑ Defendant should have sole physical custody of
		the child(ren).
		Nevada is not the "home state" of the child(ren) and cannot enter custody orders.
<b>8.</b>	Ot	ther Considerations. The Court should consider the following issues in determining
	cu	stody: ( $\boxtimes$ check all that apply)
		Domestic Violence □ State of Residency
	又	CPS Involvement   Other:
		Military Deployment

9.	Public Assistance. (⊠ check one)				
[	☐ None of the parties in this case have ever received state assistance or welfare.				
Å	State assistance or welfare has been or is being provided to parties in this case. Hedicaid				
	Child Support. Complete the attached Child Support Worksheet that applies to your custody arrangement before you complete this section. $(\boxtimes check one)$				
Ţ	Child support should be paid by (name of parent who should pay child support)				
	Madine, Williams in the amount of (amount) \$ 3100 per				
	month. This is based on: (⊠ check one)				
	☐ The statutory minimum of \$100/month per child.				
	☐ The calculation from the attached Child Support Worksheet.				
	☐ The amount already established by the District Attorney, Family Support				
	Division, case (insert case number) R				
Ī	☐ No child support is requested. (Explain why not):				
Ī	☐ I'm not sure how much child support should be paid, and ask the court to set support.				
11.	Child Support Arrears. (⊠ check one)				
[	☐ No back child support or arrears are requested.				
i	☐ Child support arrears are being handled by the District Attorney, Family Support				
	Division, case (insert case number) R and should continue as ordered				
	in that case.				
į	Back child support should be paid by (name of parent who should pay back child				
	support) Nadine Williams. from (date back child support should begin) 3/8/2019 to present.				
12.	Wage Withholding. (⊠ check one)				
y	A wage withholding order should be entered to secure payment of any support owed.				
ļ	☐ A wage withholding order should NOT be entered.				

13. H	ealth Insurance. (\( \subseteq \text{check all that apply} \)
	Both parties should provide future health insurance for the minor child(ren) if available.
	Future health insurance for the minor child(ren) should be provided by (name of parent) if available. Hedicald.
<b>14. U</b> i	nreimbursed Medical Expenses. ( check all that apply)
	Any expenses not covered by insurance should be paid equally by both parties.
	Any expenses not covered by insurance should be paid by (name of parent)
	(explain) She never had insurance on any of US. the 4 children or myself and she makes more money than I do.
<b>15.</b> "3	30/30 Rule." (\(\times\) check one)
	The Court should order the 30/30 Rule for payment of all unreimbursed medical /
	dental expenses. (see below for explanation)
<b>X</b>	The Court should NOT order the 30/30 Rule for payment of unreimbursed medical / dental expenses.
th	<b>ax Deduction.</b> IRS rules state that the custodial parent usually has the right to claim e child on their taxes. The custodial parent can waive this right by filling out IRS Form 332. Talk to a tax professional if you are not sure what to do. $(\boxtimes$ check all that apply)
	The Plaintiff should claim the following children as dependents for tax purposes
	every year: (insert child(ren)'s names):
×	The Defendant should claim the following children as dependents for tax purposes
	every year: (insert child(ren)'s names): AbigGil, Herman III, Hatthew, Elisha Williams
	The tax deduction should alternate, with Plaintiff claiming the child(ren) in ( check
	one) $\square$ even / $\square$ odd years, and Defendant claiming the child(ren) the other years.
	The tax deduction should be allocated per federal law.

The "30/30 Rule:" If a parent pays a medical or dental expense for a child that is not paid by insurance, that parent must send proof of the expense to the other parent within 30 days of incurring the expense. The other parent then has 30 days to reimburse the paying parent ½ the cost.

17. Community Property. (⊠ check one)				
☐ There is no community property to divide.				
☐ Any community property has already been divided.				
☐ I do not know the full extent of the community property.				
The community property should be divided as follows:				
Property to Plaintiff:				
1. 2019 Traverse				
2. 2008 Ka plate # 398 LND.				
3.				
4.				
Property to Defendant:	•			
1. 2015 Chevy Silverado 8500 HD.				
2. Scaffolds Black Bor B-Q geill				
3. Tile Cutter orange shop vac				
4. <u>Trampoline</u>				
18. Community Debt. (⊠ check one)				
☐ There is no community debt to divide.				
☐ Any community debt has already been divided.				
☐ I do not know the full extent of the community debt.				
The community debt should be divided as follows:				
Debts to Plaintiff:				
1. Continue to pay FOR traverse & Silverad	ð.			
2. pay off medical bills over 68,0	<b>00</b>			
3.				
4.				
Debts to Defendant:				
1. <u>Silverado</u> 2015				
2.				
3.				
4.				

19. Al	imony. (⊠ check one)					
	☐ No spousal support is requested.					
Ďζ	Plaintiff should pay \$ 1500 per month in spousal support for the next (number) years.					
	☐ Defendant should pay \$ per month in spousal support for the next (number)					
	years.					
20. Na	ame Change. (⊠ check one)					
<b>)</b> X	Defendant does not request a name change.					
	☐ Defendant would like to be restored to his/her former name of (insert former name					
	you would like to go back to)					
	Defendant is able to hire counsel, attorney's fees and costs are requested.  It requests:					
	1. That the marriage existing between Plaintiff and Defendant be dissolved and that					
	Defendant be granted an absolute Decree of Divorce and that each of the parties					
•	be restored to the status of a single, unmarried person;					
	2. That the Court grant the relief requested in this Counterclaim; and					
	3. For such other relief as the Court finds to be just and proper.					
DATED t	his (day) 29 day of (month), 2019.					
	Submitted By: (your signature)					
	(print your name) Herman williams					

## **VERIFICATION**

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I am the Defendant in the above-entitled action; that I have read the foregoing Answer and Counterclaim and know the contents thereof; that the pleading is true of my own knowledge, except for those matters therein contained stated upon information and belief, and that as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

DATED this (day)  $\frac{29}{}$  day of (month)  $\frac{4}{}$  , 20  $\frac{19}{}$  .

Submitted By: (your signature) + Alexan willams

# **EXHIBIT 1: Parenting Timeshare and Holiday Schedule**

No Visitation Requested Because: (explain) SEEKING SOLE CUSTONY

Regular Schedule: <u>Be very specific</u> . Include the times and days of the week for each parent's timeshare. (ex.: <u>Mom</u> : Saturday 7pm – Wednesday 3pm, <u>Dad</u> : Wednesday 3pm – Saturday 7pm)	Any visitation for the mother I want it to be Supervised. Hom- Sunday 8am-8pm morn- Mon- Thur- 4pm-8pm
Summer Schedule:	Same as the regular schedule.  Other: NO OVER MONS.
Mother's Day and Mother's Birthday: ///2//82	☐ Mother every year from 9am - 7pm. ☐ Other: if in School. Upm - 8pm. it Sat DC Sun the Holiday fall ons 9AM-7
Father's Day and Father's Birthday: 08/05/69	☐ Father every year from 9am – 7pm. ☐ Other:
Child's Birthday; ABIGAIL 10/27/2004 HERMAN III 8/24/2008 Matthew 5/13/2010 Elisha 4/26/2013	Even years with (parent) Herman Williams  Odd years with (parent) Nadine Williams  *Time shall be from 9am - 7pm.*  Other: Supply Sea + i mes with Mother.
3 Day Weekends:  NO OVER  Nights with.  Hother.	□ Even Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with  (parent)   Permon   Permon   Permon   President's Day, Independence Day, Nevada Admissions Day with the other parent.  Odd Years: MLK Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day with  (parent)   Permon   Perm

Easter / Spring Break:	□ Even years with (parent)
Thanksgiving: 12pH - 5pH	□ Odd years with (parent) Notice williams.  Even years with the other parent.  *Time shall begin the day school lets out until noon the day before school resumes.*  □ Other:
Winter Break / Christmas:  NO OVER.  Nights.  With Mother	Segment 1 (Christmas) consists of the day school lets out until December 26 at noon.  Segment 2 (New Year's) consists of December 26 at noon until noon the day before school resumes.  Even years: segment 1 with (parent) Nerman Williams, segment 2 with the other parent.  Odd years: segment 1 with (parent) Noons, segment 2 with the other parent.  Other:
Other Holidays: NO OVER NIGHTS with. MOTHER.	mother works from Hon-Sin teom Ram-Sou. She can visit with the children from Copy-Roy with Supervision
Vacation:  NO Vacqtion,  OVER night times.  With the mother.  She can visit But  Still with Supervision	I 19 19 1

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Operation the Gross Monthly Income (GMI) of the Gross monthly income is the income received from all so income, you can calculate the number with the formula of	urces. If you do not know the parent's gross monthly
Determine Child Support Obligation.  .18 (for 1 Child)  X .25 (for 2 Children)  .29 (for 3 Children)  .31 (for 4 Children)  Add .02 for each additional	= Monthly Child Support:  \$ _3100 OR \$100 per child \$ (write the higher amount) Higher Amount: \$ child
Apply the Presumptive Maximum (rarely applicated Usually, this is the maximum amount a parent may be recipild (and can reduce – not increase – the amount that wo ②). This amount changes every year on July 1st and can http://nvcourts.gov and searching the phrase "presumptive you are using the most current chart.	puired to pay per month per build be owed under step be found by going to  Presumptive Maximum Reduction to:  \$\
Deviations. You may request an amount of child support your reason(s) must be based upon one of the following form the cost of health insurance  The cost of childcare  Special educational needs  Age of the child  Parent's legal responsibility to support others  The value of services contributed by either parent  Public assistance paid to support the child  Explain:	Expenses reasonably related to the mother's pregnancy and confinement  ☐ Cost of transportation for visitation if the custodial parent moved out of the jurisdiction  ☐ The amount of time the child spends with each parent  Any other necessary expenses for the benefit of the child  ☐ The relative income of both parents
Explain:	\$ 3100

Worksheet A - <u>Primary Physical Custody</u> Child Support Calculation Worksheet
If you are asking for primary physical custody, fill out this worksheet and attach it to the document you are filing. Primary physical custody exists when one parent has the child more than 60% (219 days) of the time calculated over a one year period.

rent 1's Name: [		Parent 2'	s Name:	
Gross monthly inco income, you can ca	rent's Gross Monthly Income ( me is the income received from all lculate the number with the formula	sources. If y a on the last	vou do not know a	
Parent 2 GMI S  Parent 2 GMI S	.18 (for 1 Child) .25 (for 2 Children) X .29 (for 3 Children) .31 (for 4 Children) Add .02 for each addition	=	Write the higher Ame Higher Ame Parent 2's Monthly OR 5	amount and use in step 3) punt: \$
Apply the Presumpusually, this is the ma (and can reduce – not amount changes every		ble). quired to pay e owed under	paid by  per month per chier step ③). This  http://nvcourts.gov	Name of higher income parent  Presumptive Maximu Reduction to:
Deviations. You mareason(s) must be bas	y request an amount of child supposed upon one of the following facto	rt that is low rs. (☑ <i>check</i> □ Ex	er or higher than t	y related to the mother's
I he cost of chil		□ Co	st of transportati	on for visitation if the wed out of the jurisdiction
		□ Th par □ Ar	e amount of time	the child spends with early expenses for the benefit

Worksheet B - Joint Physical Custody Child Support Calculation Worksheet

# To Determine a Parent's Gross Monthly Income:

Gross monthly income is a parent's income from all sources before taxes. To find this number, calculate the following:

		( レ.)
	Parent 1	Parent 2
*Monthly Wages from Employment (before taxes)	\$	\$3000
Monthly Tip Income	\$	\$ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
Monthly Self-Employment Income (after business expenses)	\$	\$ 0
Monthly Unemployment Benefits	\$	\$ Ø
Social Security	\$	\$ \Q
Social Security Disability	\$	2 B
Retirement / Pension	\$	\$ \$
Other:	\$	2 %
TOTAL INCOME	\$	\$3000.

## \*To Determine a Parent's Employment Income:

If you do not know a parent's gross monthly income from employment, you can calculate the number if you know the 1) hourly wage, 2) weekly income, or 3) annual income.

Gross Monthly Income	Based on Annual Income:	
Annual Income \$	÷ 12 = \$	
Gross Monthly Income	Based on Weekly Income:	
Weekly Income \$	x 52 = Annual Income \$	<del></del>
Annual Income \$	÷ 12 = \$	
Gross Monthly Income	Based on Hourly Wage:	•
Hourly Wage \$	x # of Hours Worked per week	= Weekly Income \$
	x 52 = Annual Income \$	
Annual Income \$	÷ 12 = \$	

CLERK OF THE COURT

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Sunny Bailey
DISTRICT JUDGE
amily Division, Dept. I

# DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

\*\*\*\*

NADINE ALECIA WILLIAMS,

Plaintiff,

VS.

HERMAN GEORGE WILLIAMS,

Defendant.

CASE NO.: D-19-586291-D

DEPT: I

DATE OF HEARING: 02/11/2021

TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 A.M.

#### **DECISION AND ORDER**

THIS MATTER came before the Court for Non-Jury Trial on February 11, 2021. Plaintiff, Nadine Alecia Williams ("Nadine"), appeared with her attorney, Frank Toti, Esq., over the *Blue Jeans* video application and Defendant, Herman George Williams ("Herman"), appeared with his unbundled attorney, Kenneth Robbins, Esq., over the *Blue Jeans* video application. The Court heard the testimony from the parties. The Court, after a review of the pleadings and papers on file herein, considering and weighing the credibility of the parties, and good cause appearing issues the following *Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Orders:* 

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#### **SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY**

- 1. Nadine lives at 284 Harper Ferry Avenue in Las Vegas, Nevada. She has been a resident of Nevada for more than six (6) weeks prior to filing this action. She intends to remain in Nevada. She is not pregnant.
- 2. The parties were married March 2, 2004 in New York. Nadine testified that their interests are no longer compatible and they are not likely to reconcile. She requests her former name be restored to Nadine Gayle. She relocated to Clark County in September of 2015 with the Elisha and her mother. Herman brought the three older children three weeks later. Herman was absent from Clark County at various times until November 2018.
- 3. The parties have four (4) children (collectively referenced as "minor children"):

Abigail Williams (16) born on October 27, 2004.

Herman Williams III (12) born on August 24, 2008.

Matthew Williams (11) born on May 13, 2010

Elisha Williams (7) born on April 26, 2013.

4. Herman also has an adult daughter from a different relationship.

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5. Abigail currently attends Nevada State High School. Nadine enrolled Abigail for the current school year without consulting with Herman. Nadine stated that Herman is listed as a parent and can obtain information from the school.

- 6. Elisha and Matthew attend Gwendolyn Elementary School and Herman II attends Cram. Nadine would like the boys to attend Doral Academy for the 2021-2022 school year. There is a location approximately ten miles from him and fifteen miles from her. Herman does not oppose the boys attending Doral Academy.
- 7. Herman runs his own tow truck company. He can set his own schedule. It is a Limited Liability Company (LLC) and he works as an independent contractor. Nadine is not a member of the LLC, nor does she have an objection to the award of the LLC to Herman. It is currently in default status.
- 8. Nadine is a registered nurse with Advanced Health Care. Her usual schedule is Monday through Friday.
- 9. Herman vacated the marital residence which was a rental.

  Nadine came home March 8, 2019, to a U-Haul in the driveway and Herman and his friends emptying the house. They removed approximately 90% of the furniture. There was not a conversation about him leaving.

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- 10. Herman took the children with him because he showed her paperwork from CPS that appeared he was to have the minor children. She later learned the paperwork was false. He moved approximately twenty-five minutes away from her.
- 11. Herman made multiple reports to CPS. One report alleged Nadine hit Abigail in the head with a PVC pipe. Nadine claimed all reports were unsubstantiated and that Abigail was coached by her father and grandmother.
- 12. Nadine tried to reach out to the children through Herman but he denied her access or contact. She only had contact with the children once before the court hearing in July of 2019. Herman took the children to meet her once for lunch before the court date.
- 13. After the July, 2019 hearing, the Court awarded Nadine visitations every Saturday between 10:00 a.m. 6:00 p.m. The Court expanded her visitation to Friday to Monday visits after a review of the child interviews. They exchange the boys on Mondays between 7:30 a.m. 7:40 a.m. She prepares breakfast for them but they usually prefer to wait until Herman picks them up because he will take them to McDonalds.
- 14. Abigail ended up moving in with Nadine in October of 2019.This schedule has been in place for over a year.

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15. Herman was to engage in reunification therapy with Abigail but he has not started it. Herman was to have visitation with Abigail on weekends. Abigail did not have teen discretion but Herman has only exercised visitation with her once since October of 2019. There was an issue where Herman took away Abigail's vape pen during that visit. Nadine does not allow Abigail to smoke marijuana in her home. She has grounded Abigail by turning off her phone.

- 16. Abigail has tried to reach out to Herman but he has not responded. She reached out to his family and they also have not responded.
- 17. Herman has not attempted to communicate with Abigail.

  Nadine has not dropped off Abigail for visits with Herman.
- 18. Nadine has not spoken to Herman since June of 2019. First, Herman blocked her number and then he changed his number. Despite a court order to utilize a parenting app, he has yet to do so.
- 19. Although Nadine would not prevent a relationship with children, Herman prevents her from having a relationship with the children. He undermines her authority with the minor children and tells them that they do not have listen to her and that they can call 911.
- 20. After July 2019, Herman still prevented contact. He would communicate the children were not feeling well, or they just did not show up for exchanges.

- 21. Nadine describes the level of conflict between herself and Herman as very high. If Herman feels someone has wronged him, he will do whatever he can to hurt you. He refuses to communicate with her at all.
- 22. Her (Nadine stated?) relationship with Abigail has approved drastically since she moved in with her. She and the boys have a good time during their visits, but it is difficult to co-parent with Herman.
- 23. An incident occurred on January 22, 2020. Nadine went to Herman's apartment to pick up Elisha. Herman reported to her that Elisha was sick and had been home all week. Herman refused to allow Elisha to leave with Nadine. As a result, she blocked the exit to the complex and refused to allow Herman to leave the complex. Abigail was present with Nadine during this incident.
- 24. Nadine filed her Financial Disclosure Form (FDF). She earns \$9,583.00 every month. Her previous FDF reported an annual income of \$159,265.55 for 2019. However, her company restructured and her position became salaried and not per diem.
- 25. When Nadine resided with Herman, he earned approximately \$6,000.00 \$10,000.00 a month. Herman filed an FDF that claimed \$5,666.00 a month but \$11,300.00 a month for the total. She believes the \$11,300.00.00 is the more accurate number. He also did not list any assets. She and Herman do not share bank accounts and neither possesses a retirement fund or stocks.

- 26. The Court previously granted Herman the 2015 Silverado to use in his tow business. Nadine had canceled registration of Silverado because she felt he was lying to obtain the vehicle. She did not notify him because she did not have a way to contact him. Herman has paid the 2021 registration on the Silverado. He dropped off a check to her attorney's office.
- 27. She was to pay for the registration and Herman was to pay the monthly payment on the loan and insurance, but he has not. Nadine made all the payments and requests reimbursement. In addition to the 2015 Silverado, she believes he is in possession of three more vehicles. Two other Silverado vehicles are utilized in his tow business.
- 28. Nadine also reported a break in to the police. She had two rings of a three piece ring set valued at \$3,500.00 stolen during the break in.

  The police investigated and discovered that Herman had pawned the two rings.
- 29. In regards to debt, the community debt consists of a tax serve debt from Bridgeport for the taxes on the vehicles and a consolidation loan.
- 30. Nadine testified that Herman also possesses tools (wrenches, electric drills, saws, compressor, screwdrivers, etc.) that were purchased at a cost of approximately \$15,000.00. The tools were purchased for a body shop they owned.

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- 31. At one point, Herman requested items previously left in the home. The items included a BBQ grill and a freezer. They communicated through attorneys in regards to the time to pick up the items. Herman did not retrieve the items.
- 32. In regards to the trampoline he requested, Nadine stated it was broken. She refused to give him the scaffold because she claims she purchased it.
- Nadine purchased a printing machine. She obtained a loan of 33. \$35,000.00 (although she called it a lease). The machine is currently in a business in Jamaica where it was intended to be a secondary source of income for them. Nadine paid \$1,500.00.00 a month until December of 2019. She does not own a business in Jamaica.
- Herman Williams testified that he also requests the Court grant 34. the divorce.
- 35. He would like to have a relationship with Abigail. The Court ordered that Nadine was responsible for payment of reunification therapy with Abigail. However, once Abigail moved back in with her, she cancelled the therapist.

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36. His last visitation with Abigail was in January of 2020. It was a weekend and he was supposed to have her until Monday. She locked herself in her room. Herman went to sleep and when he woke up, the patio door was open and Abigail was gone. He called the police and Nadine who told him that Abigail had not run away. However, Herman did not learn that Abigail was with Nadine until the boys returned home on Monday.

- 37. Herman does not know Abigail's phone number. He had purchased a phone for her but Nadine gave her a different phone so the phone he purchased was turned off.
- 38. Nadine does not drop off Abigail at exchanges. Herman chooses not to get out of his car at exchanges to avoid conflict and contact with Nadine. The Court ordered a talking app for the parties to communicate. He signed up on his one phone but Nadine did not accept him. His phone was stolen (he believes Abigail took it) and he did not have a phone with the ability to download an app until Christmas of 2020. Herman is now willing to install the app to communicate.
- 39. He never personally witnessed Nadine being violent towards the children but Abigail did call him about the incident in 2018. He personally does not use physical discipline with the children. He yells and screams at them.

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- 40. Herman prefers the current schedule. He describes his relationship with the boys as great. However, he has issues with the Monday exchanges. He requests a Sunday evening drop off due to the fact that Nadine is often late and the boys are hungry and their faces are dirty at the exchanges. They request McDonalds, although they only get McDonalds on Fridays.
- 41. There was an incident at his apartment complex on January 22, 2020 with Nadine. Her attorney contacted him that Nadine wanted visitation with Elisha. He was at work at the time and Elisha was ill and was on medication. She showed up with Abigail and knocked on the door. Herman attempted to leave in his vehicle but she blocked the exit. He eventually had to sneak out a side gate. As a result, he had to move out of the apartment complex.
- 42. Herman drives a tow truck. He is an independent contractor. He receives six calls a day via an app. He is paid by zone.
- 43. He mostly uses the 2015 Silverado to tow vehicles because it has a universal tow system. The 2004 Silverado is used but it is an undercarriage tow. If Nadine is awarded the 2015 Silverado, he will be unable to work.

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- 44. He prepared his FDF a week before the trial. He left town to visit his sick father. He forgot to add expenses and assets. Herman initially testified that he did earn the \$11,300.00 a month but then corrected himself to state the \$5,667.00 was more accurate.
- 45. Herman testified that he makes cash payments for the 2004 Silverado at \$250.00 a month but that he does not have receipts. He pays approximately \$2,000.00 a month for fuel for his vehicles. He drives them both for work and personal business.
- 46. He also pays \$349.00 for his cell phone and the cell phone for the boys. Herman estimated he spends approximately \$300.00 a month for his clothes.
- 47. Herman claims he does not own a single asset but when further questioned, he stated he estimates the 2015 Silverado to be worth \$20,000.00 the 2004 Silverado to be worth \$3,500.00 (although he still owes \$1,000.00), and the 2001 Silver Chevy but he did not state the value. Herman was adamant that Nadine is not entitled to one half of the value of the vehicles.
- 48. Herman also has a hospital bill of over \$68,000.00 to Dignity Health. However, he has not received a bill since April of 2019, and has not made any payments towards it. He does not know if Dignity Health has written it off or not.

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- 49. In regards to the debt consolidation, Nadine handled finances. Herman would be willing to pay half the debt if she brings back the machine that went to Jamaica. He was aware of the purchase at the time it was made but stated Nadine did not consult him prior to the purchase. Herman testified he gave her \$6,000.00 to buy machine but did not provide receipts. He is unaware of the loan but believes it to be worth \$34,000.00.
- 50. In regards to the compressor, tools and frame machine requested by Nadine, many items were thrown away before the move from New York to Las Vegas. Herman has purchased approximately \$1,000.00 in tools since the two separated.
- 51. Phyllis Gayle testified that she is the mother of Nadine. She resided with Nadine and Herman in Connecticut and also moved to Las Vegas with them.
  - 52. Phyllis currently resides with Herman and pays him rent.
- 53. Phyllis and Nadine were involved in an argument in February of 2019 when she told Nadine's boyfriend to get out of the house. Nadine grabbed her by the throat. She also pulled her outside, but due to her screaming, Nadine pulled her back into the house. The children were present during the incident. As a result, Phyllis injured her arm. The police were called and a report was taken but Phyllis stated she did not follow up. Nadine kicked her out of the house after the incident.

- 54. Phyllis stated she witnessed Nadine become physical with the children on more than one occasion. She was present when Nadine struck Abigail with a piece of PVC pipe and cut her forehead.
- 55. Phyllis never called the police in regards to Nadine becoming violent with the children.
- 56. The FMC interviewed the children twice. The first interview occurred on August 19, 2019. The children noted that Nadine resorts to physical discipline using extension cords, gauge wires, belts, rubber insulation from the window and a pipe on one occasion. The result is that it sometimes leaves marks, or in the case of the pipe, a scar.
- 57. During this initial interview, Matthew rated his relationship with Nadine as a nine and with Herman, a ten. Abigail rated her relationship with Nadine a one and a ten with Herman. Herman III rated his relationship with Nadine a five and a nine with Herman. Elisha was too young to comprehend the scale, but when asked to describe his mother, he stated she beat him when he was asleep.
- 58. The second interview occurred on January 29, 2020. Matthew refused to participate. During the secondary interview, Herman III rated his relationship with Nadine as an eight and his relationship with Herman a ten. Elisha rated his relationships with both Herman and Nadine a ten. Elisha disclosed that Herman states that Nadine is very mean and calls her the 'F' word.

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59. Abigail rated her relationship with Nadine a nine and her relationship with Herman a one. Abigail stated she will not go back to Herman's house. She reported that Herman is very angry and vengeful and constantly trying to ruin Nadine.

60. The children reported that Herman lives with his "home girl" Kim. Nadine also has a significant other in her life, Stephen.

#### **CONCLUSIONS**

Nadine requests this Court grant her a divorce from Herman, joint legal custody and primary physical custody of the minor children. She does not request spousal support but that community debt is divided equally. Herman also requests this Court grant the divorce but requests sole legal and sole physical custody of Herman, Matthew and Elisha and joint legal custody of Abigail. He requests that the Court grant Nadine primary physical custody of Abigail. He also seeks child support and alimony in the amount of \$1,000.00 a month. Both Nadine and Herman requests the Court grant them attorney's fees.

Both parties filed Motions for Orders to Show Cause, which were granted. However, neither party filed the Orders to Show Cause, or served the Orders on the appropriate parties. Therefore, the Orders to Show Cause are denied.

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Sunny Bailey DISTRICT JUDGE Family Division, Dept. I Las Vegas, NV 89101

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Sunny Bailey DISTRICT JUDGE Family Division, Dept. I

#### I. CUSTODY

As to joint legal custody, NRS 125C.002 states:

- 1. When a court is making a determination regarding the legal custody of a child, there is a presumption, affecting the burden of proof, that joint legal custody would be in the best interest of a minor child if:
- (a) The parents have agreed to an award of joint legal custody or so agree in open court at a hearing for the purpose of determining the legal custody of the minor child; or
- (b) A parent has demonstrated, or has attempted to demonstrate but has had his or her efforts frustrated by the other parent, an intent to establish a meaningful relationship with the minor child.
- 2. The court may award joint legal custody without awarding joint physical custody.

The evidence established that both Nadine and Herman have frustrated the efforts of the noncustodial parent to establish a meaningful relationship with the minor children. As further discussed below, Herman refused to either communicate at all or sign up for the parenting app. He blocked Nadine's number and later changed his number without notice to her. He failed to appear for exchanges. Additionally, communication between the parties had to go through the attorneys for the parties.

Nadine frustrated Herman's attempts to maintain a meaningful relationship with Abigail. When he communicated with Nadine, when Abigail ran away, she never told him that Abigail was with her. Additionally, she did not enroll Abigail in reunification therapy or encourage Abigail to maintain her relationship with Herman.

Both parents attempted to frustrate the noncustodial parent's relationship with the children.

**THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED** that Nadine and Herman shall share Joint Legal Custody of the minor children.

The Court must next consider presumptions against joint physical custody pursuant to NRS 125C.003 which states in relevant part:

## Best interests of child: Primary physical custody; presumptions; child born out of wedlock.

- 1. A court may award primary physical custody to a parent if the court determines that joint physical custody is not in the best interest of a child. An award of joint physical custody is presumed not to be in the best interest of the child if:
  - (a) The court determines by substantial evidence that a parent is unable to adequately care for a minor child for at least 146 days of the year;
  - (b) A child is born out of wedlock and the provisions of subsection 2 are applicable; or
  - (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6 of NRS 125C.0035 or NRS 125C.210, there has been a determination by the court after an evidentiary hearing and finding by clear and convincing evidence that a parent has engaged in one or more acts of domestic violence against the child, a parent of the child or any other person residing with the child. The presumption created by this paragraph is a rebuttable presumption.
- 2. A court may award primary physical custody of a child born out of wedlock to:
  - (a) The mother of the child if:
  - (1) The mother has not married the father of the child;
  - (2) A judgment or order of a court, or a judgment or order entered pursuant to an expedited process, determining the paternity of the child has not been entered; and

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(3) The father of the child:

(I) Is not subject to any presumption of paternity under NRS 126.051;

(II) Has never acknowledged paternity pursuant to NRS 126.053; or

(III) Has had actual knowledge of his paternity but has abandoned the child.

There was evidence that Herman has not cared for Abigail at least 146 days of the year. There was also evidence that Nadine has not cared for Herman III, Matthew and Elisha for at least 146 days of the year. Therefore, Nadine has established a presumption that primary physical custody for Abigail is in her best interest. Herman has established a presumption that primary physical custody for Herman III, Matthew and Elisha is in their best interest. However, as further outlined below, primary physical custody by either Nadine or Herman is not in the best interest of the minor children.

The Court now turns its attention to NRS 125C.0035(5) which states:

Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6 or NRS 125C.210, a determination by the court after an evidentiary hearing and finding by clear and convincing evidence that either parent or any other person seeking physical custody has engaged in one or more acts of domestic violence against the child, a parent of the child or any other person residing with the child creates a rebuttable presumption that sole or joint physical custody of the child by the perpetrator of the domestic violence is not in the best interest of the child. Upon making such a determination, the court shall set forth:

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(a) Findings of fact that support the determination that one or more acts of domestic violence occurred; and

The Court finds by clear and convincing evidence that Nadine has committed two incidents of domestic violence. The first incident was between herself and Abigail, and the second incident occurred between herself and her mother.

(a) All prior acts of domestic violence involving either party;

The Court heard evidence of two incidents of domestic violence that involved Nadine.

Phyllis stated she witnessed Nadine become physical with the children on more than one occasion. She was present when Nadine struck Abigail with a piece of PVC pipe and cut her forehead. Abigail also reported the incident during the FMC interview.

The second incident Phyllis and Nadine were involved in an argument in February of 2019 when she told Nadine's boyfriend to get out of the house. Nadine grabbed her by the throat. She also pulled her outside, but due to her screaming, Nadine pulled her back into the house. The children were present during the incident. As a result, Phyllis injured her arm. The police were called and a report was taken but Phyllis stated she did not follow up. Nadine kicked her out of the house after the incident. The Court finds Phyllis credible.

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(b) The relative severity of the injuries, if any, inflicted upon the persons involved in those prior acts of domestic violence;

The Court heard testimony that Abigail suffered a cut to her forehead and as a result, still has a scar. Phyllis testified she suffered an injury to her arm after the incident.

(c) The likelihood of future injury;

The Court did not receive credible evidence that there was a likelihood of future injury. The Court previously ordered that neither parent was allowed to use corporal punishment on the children. The evidence the Court received after the order was in place expressed a change in Nadine's punishment of the children. During the second interview with FMC, they expressed positive relations with Nadine with no other incidents of physical discipline.

The evidence presented supports a finding that the incident with her mother was a one-time occurrence. Phyllis reports that she no longer lives with Nadine and that she and Nadine are not in communication with each other at this time. Therefore, the likelihood of future injury is minimal.

(d) Whether, during the prior acts, one of the parties acted in self-defense; and

The Court did not receive any evidence on this factor.

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Sunny Bailey DISTRICT JUDGE mily Division, Dept, I (e) Any other factors which the court deems relevant to the determination.

The Court finds substantial evidence to establish by clear and convincing evidence that Nadine committed two acts of domestic violence. However, the Court subsequently ordered that she not utilize corporal punishment on the children. The evidence presented established through the FMC interviews that Nadine no longer utilizes corporal punishment on the children. She also no longer lives with her mother. Additionally, each child rated an improved relationship with Nadine after the initial FMC interview. Therefore, the Court finds that Nadine overcame the presumption that sole or joint physical custody of the child by the perpetrator of the domestic violence was not in the best interest of the minor children.

The Court must also consider the best interests of the parties' children by considering the factors established under NRS 125C.0035(4):

4. In determining the best interest of the child, the court shall consider and set forth its specific findings concerning, among other things:

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(a) The wishes of the child if the child is of sufficient age and capacity to form an intelligent preference as to his or her physical custody.

At 16 years of age, Abigail is of sufficient age and capacity to form an intelligent preference as to her physical custody. Abigail rated her relationship with her dad as a one and her relationship with her mother as a nine. This is the direct opposite of her initial interview with FMC. Abigail described her relationship with her father as "horrible" and that they are not even on speaking terms. She does not wish to have anything to do with him.

Elisha rated his relationship with his mother as a ten and his relationship with his father as a ten. Elisha described the current scheduled as "fine." Herman rated his relationship with this mother as an eight, and his father a ten. Herman rated the current schedule as a five.

However, all three children related that Herman speaks negatively about Nadine. Herman tells the children that Nadine is "mean and calls her the 'F' word" and that she abused the children. Abigail reported her mother says Herman is vengeful. Elisha and Herman denied that Nadine speaks negatively about Herman.

(b) Any nomination of a guardian for the child by a parent.

Nomination of guardianship is not relevant in these proceedings between two parents and not involving a third party.

(c) Which parent is more likely to allow the child to have frequent associations and a continuing relationship with the noncustodial parent.

The Court does not find in favor of either parent. The evidence established that both Nadine and Herman have frustrated the efforts of the noncustodial parent to establish a meaningful relationship with the minor children.

As further discussed below, Herman refused to either communicate at all or sign up for the parenting app. The Court did not find him credible when he testified that he did not have the ability to download the app because of his phone, especially when he later testified he used an app for his tow business. He also blocked Nadine's number and later changed his number without notice to her. He failed to appear for exchanges. His refusal to communicate resulted in the only communication between the parties available was through the attorneys. The children all revealed during the FC interview that Herman spoke in a disparaging manner about Nadine.

Nadine frustrated Herman's attempts to maintain a meaningful relationship with Abigail. When he did communicate with her when Abigail ran away, she never told him that Abigail was with her. Additionally, she did not enroll Abigail in reunification therapy or encourage Abigail to maintain her relationship with Herman.

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(d) The level of conflict between the parents.

The Court finds Nadine's favor. Both Nadine and Herman acknowledge the high level of conflict between them. The Court notes that Herman could not contain his anger at the notion that Nadine was entitled to community assets. His reaction supported the reports of Nadine and the children that he harbors extreme hostility towards Nadine. It further reflects his complete lack of ability to co-parent.

Herman III reported that his parents do not like each other at all.

"They only talk if there's a problem and then it usually ends up in an argument. They just don't like each other, well, my dad doesn't like my mom." Abigail stated that Nadine "has tried, but my dad isn't having it. My father does things to create conflict." Nadine reported that Herman has blocked Nadine from calling him, changed his number and not told Nadine and doesn't follow the Court order for time between Abigail and her siblings.

(f) The mental and physical health of the parents.

The Court did not receive testimonial evidence in regards to this factor. However, Herman admitted his Dignity Health hospital records from November 24, 2018, when he was detained on a Legal 2000 for suicidal ideation. He was admitted.

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(g) The physical, developmental and emotional needs of the child.

The Court did not receive evidence in regards to this factor.

(h) The nature of the relationship of the child with each parent.

The Court finds this factor to be neutral between Nadine and Herman. Despite their efforts to damage the noncustodial parent's relationship with the minor children, they appear to be balancing the high conflict custody situation better than their parents. Matthew did not participate in the second interview but both Elisha and Herman III rate their relationships with both Nadine and Herman favorably.

Abigail has changed her ratings of her relationship with Nadine and Herman from a one to a nine to a one. At the age of 16 years, the Court is unclear as to whether she is manipulating one parent against the other for her own gain. However, it is clear to this Court, that Herman must repair his relationship with Abigail, which he has expressed a desire to do.

(i) The ability of the child to maintain a relationship with any sibling.

The Court finds this factor neutral. The minor children are able to maintain their relationships with each other. The boys are together at all times and see Abigail at their mother's house.

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(j) Any history of parental abuse or neglect of the child or a sibling of the child.

The Court addressed the issue of parental abuse in its analysis above.

(k) Whether either parent or any other person seeking physical custody has engaged in an act of domestic violence against the child, a parent of the child or any other person residing with the child.

The Court addressed this issue in more detail above.

(1) Whether either parent or any other person seeking physical custody has committed any act of abduction against the child or any other child.

There was no credible evidence in regards to this factor.

THE COURT CONCLUDES that neither Nadine nor Herman met their burden to establish that an award of primary physical custody is in the minor children's best interest. The Court is extremely concerned about the effect of the separation, divorce proceedings and the antics of the parties on Abigail. The Court is disheartened that the counseling previously ordered did not occur. The Court will not reward either parent in their attempts to gain primary custody of the minor children through pathogenic parenting.

The Court is persuaded by the positive relationship described by the children supports joint custody. Additionally, the Court finds that both parents would benefit from the UNLV Cooperative Parenting Class, which the Court is ordering at this time.

**THE COURT FINDS** that Joint Physical Custody is in the minor children's best interest.

In regards to child support, NAC 425.115 states:

Determination of child support obligation in accordance with guidelines if no stipulation; adjustment of obligation based upon type of custody held by parent.

1. If the parties do not stipulate to a child support obligation pursuant to NAC 425.110, the court must determine the child support obligation in accordance with the guidelines set forth in this chapter.

2. If a party has primary physical custody of a child, he or she is deemed to be the obligee and the other party is deemed to be the obligor, and the child support obligation of the obligor must be determined.

Both parties filed FDFs, however, Herman's did not include any assets. Additionally, Herman only included three pay sheets that do not adequately demonstrate his monthly income.

Herman is not paid hourly, he is paid as a tow truck driver per job.

However, his invoice does not reflect the correct numbers of days. The Court is unsure if it is due to the holidays or other reasons undisclosed.

The Court does not find Herman credible in regards to his income. He testified he works at least five days a week and utilizes an app for six tows a day. Based upon his invoice, the tow rate varies from as low as \$34.00 (which made up the majority) to up to \$56.00 (on only one occasion). At six tows per day, Herman would earn \$204.00 minimum per day. This calculation is not supported by the evidence provided to the Court.

The Court's analysis is further supported by a review of Herman's bank statements. *See* HGW303 – 345. His lowest payment received was on October 2, 2020, for \$870.00. His highest compensation was \$1,788.00 received on September 4, 2020. The Court did not receive bank statements from January, April, May or June. His yearly compensation for the remaining months was \$73,322.00 for thirty –two weeks of work. That averages to \$2,291.31 per week. The yearly wage for Herman is actually \$114,566.00 (factoring in two unpaid weeks for vacation, etc.), which equates to \$9,547.00 a month, the amount the Court now imputes as income to Herman. Additionally, Herman receives \$700.00 a month rent from his mother-in-law, which increases his gross income to \$10,247.00 a month.

Nadine's gross income on her FDF is listed as \$9,583.00. However, her pay stubs reflect a biweekly salary of \$4,791.67, which would equate to gross income of \$145,583.00 per year, or \$10,382.00 per month.

Therefore, Herman's monthly obligation comes to \$9.45 a month. The Court finds the disparity of income between the parties to be negligible and therefore, pursuant to NAC 425.100, the Court will not order child support. However, Nadine also provides health insurance for the children in the amount of \$417.00 a month. Herman is responsible for one half of that amount, or \$208.50. Therefore Herman's total obligation is therefore \$208.50 due on the first of every month.

#### II. DIVISION OF PROPERTY AND DEBT

#### A. Community Property

NRS 125.150(1)(b) provides that:

In granting a divorce, the court . . . [s]hall, to the extent practicable, make an equal disposition of the community property of the parties, except that the court may make an unequal disposition of the community property in such proportions as it deems just if the court finds a compelling reason to do so and sets forth in writing the reasons for making the unequal disposition.

Under NRS 125.150(1), the Court is required to make an equal division of community property (the exact portion of which is unknown) absent a compelling reason to make an unequal distribution.

In regards to other community assets and debts, the Court finds the following:

#### a) Bank Accounts

The Court did not receive any credible evidence of the value of the parties' bank accounts, leaving the only method of dividing the account to equally divide the balances. In this regard, however, it makes sense for each party to identify and keep any bank accounts in their individual names. If a joint bank account exists, it is to be equally divided.

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#### b) Vehicles

It is undisputed that the 2015 Silverado, 2001 Chevy and 2004 Silverado are community property. Additionally, Nadine's insurance statements list a 2010 GMC Acadia and a 2019 Chevy Traverse, however, other than the \$150.00 a month listed on Nadine's FDF for car loan/lease, the Court did not receive any evidence related to these vehicles, or the value of each. See Plaintiff's Exhibit 2. Herman testified that although he failed to list it on his FDF, he pays per month \$250.00 cash for the 2004 Silverado. Herman did not state the value of the 2001 Chevy.

Nadine requested the Court award her the 2015 Silverado. Nadine did not give a basis for her request for the 2015 Silverado, other than she made payments on it and she pays for insurance. The payments made for the Silverado were made from community assets even if the funds came from her separate account. It is undisputed that this vehicle and the 2004 Silverado are utilized in Herman's tow business which causes the Court to find Nadine not credible as to her request for the 2015 Silverado. It appears the request was based on spite, which is further supported by the evidence the Court heard in regards to the relationship between Herman and Nadine. As outlined in her FDF and insurance paperwork, Nadine possesses one or two vehicles. The Court does not find it credible that she needs the 2015 Silverado as her third vehicle.

The Court does not have sufficient evidence to determine the value of any vehicles in Nadine's possession. The Court awards each party the vehicles in their possessions. Nadine is to receive one half the value of the 2015 Silverado, 2001 Chevy and the 2004 Silverado from Herman based upon the Bluebook average value for a private sale of each vehicle. This will be completed within thirty (30) days of the entry of this Order.

#### c) Retirement

Neither party testified as to retirement accounts. Therefore, the Court did not consider retirement accounts in its analysis.

#### d) Life Insurance

The Court did not receive competent testimony that either party has a life insurance policy, therefore, it was not considered in its analysis.

#### e) Credit Cards

Nadine listed extensive debt in her FDF. She included debt for credit cards in the amount of \$16,634.00. It was not disputed that the debt was accumulated during the marriage. Each party shall be responsible for one half the debts for the credit cards.

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#### f) Other debt

Nadine listed additional debt to Freedom Financial for \$22,486.00, Consolidation Plus loan of \$21,617.00, Equiant Financial Services for \$7,641.00, Tax Serv for Bridgeport of \$8,270.78, Global Finance for \$29,800.00, and student loans for \$76,195.00. The Court did not receive any evidence that any property was the separate property of either Herman or Nadine, therefore, the Court will treat the debts as community property.

Herman failed to properly prepare his FDF. The Court was able to determine debts to Midland Credit Management statement in the amount of \$729.00 (HGW 007), Wakefield and Associates in the amount of \$1,348.22 (HGW 011), and Americollect in the amount of \$1,872.00. It is undisputed that the debts were community debt.

Herman submitted documents from the IRS that outlines an outstanding balance and a payment agreement (HGM 279-302). The Court did not receive any evidence, other than the exhibits, in order to determine the extent of the debt, if any. The Court orders that the parties will equally divide any tax debt, if any, incurred during the marriage.

Herman also provided medical bills from Dignity Health totaling \$75,627.30 (HGM 001, 009), Emergency Physician Statement in the amount of \$1,300.00 (HGM 002), Digestive Associates for \$677.00, and Bessler MD for \$663.43. It is undisputed that the debts were community debt.

Each party shall be responsible for one half of the other debt with Herman assuming the Dignity Health debt and Nadine assuming the student loan debt as follows with Herman taking an additional amount of debt to offset the \$5,126.59 owed for the 2015 Silverado reimbursement outlined in subsection B below:

OTHER DEBT	Nadine		Herman	
Freedom Financial	1.5	22,486,00		
Equiant Financial Services	3	7,641,00		
Censolidation Plas			5	21.617.00
TaxServe for Bridgepon			5	6,270.78
Midland Credit management			-5	729,00
Global Finance	8	14,900.00	%	14,900,00
Wakefield and Associates			S	1.349.00
Americollect			S	1,872.00
Emergency Physician			\$	1.300.00
Digestive Associates			X	677.00
Bessler MD			5	604.00
	1.5	45,027,00	\$	51, 176.78

#### (f) anything else?

Nadine had two rings stolen from the house. It was undisputed that the rings were Nadine's separate property (wedding rings). Herman pawned the rings for \$3,500.00. The Court orders that Herman will reimburse Nadine the value of the two rings pawned.

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Nadine requested one half of the value of the tools in Herman's possession. Herman stated most of the tools were sold prior to the move to Las Vegas but tools in his possession were purchased for \$1,000.00. Herman requested the return of numerous items, including scaffolding and other items. The Court orders that each party will retain the personal tools and other equipment currently in their possession which appear to be roughly equal in value.

#### B. Business debts and assets

Herman runs his own company, Exquisite Towing Roadside

Assistance. The Court only received information in regards to private

vehicles utilized for the company as the only assets of the company, along

with a bank account that appears to be utilized for Herman's private expenses

as well.

It is undisputed the company was started during the marriage.

However, Nadine expressly testified that the business be awarded to Herman.

As a business valuation was not completed, the Court did not receive competent testimony in order to divide assets or debts, if any.

However, pursuant to the December 16, 2019 orders of Judge Steel, Herman was to pay all expenses related to the 2015 Silverado, with the exception of the registration. Therefore, Herman is ordered to reimburse

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Nadine for the insurance paid on the vehicle from December 16, 2019 to present in the amount of \$3, 265.00 (\$1,361.00 + \$1,104.00 + \$800.00). (Exhibit 2). Additionally, Herman is ordered to pay for the finance payments to Chase Auto in the amount of \$1,861.59. (Exhibit 3). The Court has compensated for the amount owed to Nadine by allocating additional debt to Herman for the \$5,127.00.

The Court awards Exquisite Towing Roadside Assistance to Herman along with any assets or debts in its name.

#### **ALIMONY**

Herman is seeking alimony in the amount of \$1,000.00 per month.

NRS 125.150(1)(a) provides that in granting a divorce, the Court "[m]ay award such alimony to either spouse, in a specified principal sum or as specified periodic payments, as appears just and equitable." Alimony may be awarded to narrow the gap between the parties' respective financial circumstances after divorce and to help maintain the marital standard of living to the lower income spouse. Kogod v. Cioffi-Kogod, 439 P.2d 397 (April 25, 2019) citing Wright v. Osburn, 112 Nev, 1367, 970 P.2d 1071 (1998). His request is unreasonable and not supported by any of the evidence presented, especially in light of the fact his monthly income exceeds that of Nadine's income.

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In making a "just and equitable" determination, the Court is required to apply NRS 125.150(9) which provides as follows:

#### (a) The financial condition of each spouse;

The community has substantial debt of approximately \$248,229.00. Nadine and Herman will split this substantial debt. That debt includes vehicles, business debt, medical debt and personal debt. The assets are limited. A total of possibly four vehicles, personal and business bank accounts of an unknown accumulated value, and whatever furniture and personal effects are currently in their possessions. The Court did not receive competent evidence as to the furniture and personal effects in the possession of each party, nor their value.

Herman claimed he cannot pay his monthly bills and that he is deeply in debt. However, the Court calculated his monthly actual income of approximately \$9,547.00, plus the \$700.00 a month rent paid by his mother in law for a total of \$10,247.00. Herman's monthly expenses, pursuant to his FDF and testimony, equal approximately \$8,106.00. This leaves Herman with a balance of \$2,829.00. Nadine's balance after expenses is \$1,465.00. Herman has the superior financial position on a monthly basis.

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### (b) The nature and value of the respective property of each spouse;

The Court did not receive evidence in regards to the value of furniture or personal belongs of each party. Therefore, the analysis is based on the evidence that was provided to the Court. In regards to physical property, Herman has property, consisting of vehicles, valued substantially higher than Nadine's property.

## (c) The contribution of each spouse to any property held by the spouses pursuant to NRS 123.030;

This factor is not relevant.

#### (d) The duration of the marriage;

This is a marriage of almost seventeen (17) years.

## (e) The income, earning capacity, age and health of each spouse

Herman and Nadine are both healthy. There is no reason why either party cannot continue to earn an income.

#### (f) The standard of living during the marriage;

There was little information concerning the standard of living during the marriage. However, the parties have amassed a significant debt of over \$200,000.00 that will be divided equally between them.

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(g) The career before the marriage of the spouse who would receive the alimony;

There was no evidence provided to the Court in regards to this factor.

(h) The existence of specialized education or training or the level of marketable skills attained by each spouse during the marriage;

There was no evidence that either party obtain specialized education or training during the marriage.

(i) The contribution of either spouse as homemaker;

The Court did not receive any competent, reliable evidence that either party sacrificed a career in order to stay at home.

(j) The award of property granted by the court in the divorce, other than child support and alimony, to the spouse who would receive the alimony; and

Herman will receive significantly more property than Nadine, subject to an equalization payment of the value of the three vehicles in his possession.

(k) The physical and mental condition of each party as it relates to the financial condition, health and ability to work of that spouse.

There is no evidence that either party suffers physical or mental impediments to maintaining their current careers.

The Court concludes that based upon the financial conditions of the party an award of alimony to Herman would not be fair and equitable.

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THE COURT FINDS that Nadine is now and has been an actual bona fide resident of the State of Nevada and has been actually domiciled in the State of Nevada for more than six weeks immediately prior to the commencement of this action.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Nadine and Herman were married on March 2, 2004 and have since remained married. The parties have become, and continue to be, incompatible in marriage, and no reconciliation is possible.

**NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** that Nadine shall assume, indemnify and hold Herman harmless from any debts and obligations in her individual names.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman shall assume, indemnify and hold Nadine harmless from any debts and obligations in his individual names.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Nadine shall retain any bank accounts or property in her individual name.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman shall retain any bank accounts or property in his individual name.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that neither party shall be awarded alimony.

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Sunny Bailey DISTRICT JUDGE amily Division, Dept. I Las Vegas, NV 89101 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman will pay Nadine an asset equalization of one half the Bluebook value (for a private sale) of the 2015 Silverado, 2001 Chevy and the 2004 Silverado. Said sum is reduced to judgment with a stay of execution and interest contingent upon timely payment in the amount of \$150.00 a month due before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of each month commencing on April 15, 2021. If Herman fails to make a payment by the assigned monthly date, the stay on said sum is lifted and becomes immediately due and payable with any interest that has accrued.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman will pay Nadine an asset equalization of \$3,500.00 for the sale of the rings. Said sum is reduced to judgment with a stay of execution and interest contingent upon timely payment in the amount of \$50.00 a month due before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of each month commencing on April 15, 2021. If Herman fails to make a payment by the assigned monthly date, the stay on said sum is lifted and becomes immediately due and payable with any interest that has accrued.

NOW, THEREFORE, based upon the foregoing *Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law* and good cause appearing therefore:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the bonds of matrimony now existing between the parties are hereby wholly dissolved, and an absolute Decree of Divorce is hereby granted to the parties, and each of the parties are hereby restored to the status of a single, unmarried person.

#### CHILD CUSTODY AND CHILD SUPPORT ORDER

**NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that Herman and Nadine shall exercise Joint Legal Custody of the minor children and that the parties shall abide by the following joint legal custody provisions:

- A. The parties shall consult and cooperate with each other in substantial questions relating to religious upbringing, educational programs, significant changes in social environment, and health care of the child.
- B. The parties shall have access to medical and school records pertaining to the child and be permitted to independently consult with any and all professionals involved with the child.
- C. The parties shall participate in decisions regarding all schools attended, and all providers of child care of the parties' minor child.
- D. Each party shall be empowered to obtain emergency health care for the child without the consent of the other party. Each party is to notify the other party as soon as reasonably practicable of any illness requiring medical attention, or any emergency involving the child.
- E. Each party is to provide the other party, upon receipt, information concerning the well-being of the child, including, but not limited to, copies of report cards; school meeting notices; vacation

schedules; class programs; requests for conferences; results of standardized or diagnostic tests; notices of activities involving the child; samples of school work; order forms for school pictures; all communications from health care providers; the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all schools, health care providers, regular day care providers and counselors.

- F. Each party is to advise the other party of the school, athletic, and social events in which the child participates. Both parties may participate in activities for the child, such as open house, attendance at an athletic event, etc.
- G. Each party is to provide the other party with the address and telephone number at which the minor child resides, and to notify the other party prior to any change of address and provide the telephone number as soon as it is assigned.
- H. Each party is to provide the other party with a travel itinerary and, whenever reasonably possible, telephone numbers and addresses at which the child can be reached whenever the child will be away from the parties' home for a period of two (2) nights or more.
- I. Each party shall be entitled to reasonable telephone communication with the child. Each party is restrained from

unreasonably interfering with the child's right to privacy during such telephone conversation. Telephone conversations shall be initiated either by the child or parent and are to occur during reasonable household hours.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that Nadine and Herman shall exercise Joint Physical Custody of the minor children.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that due to the negligible disparity of income between the parties, the Court, pursuant to NAC 425.100, does not order child support.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman is responsible for one half of the amount for insurance provided by Nadine, or \$208.50, payable on the first of every month.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Nadine shall secure and pay for reunification counseling for Herman and Abigail and transition Abigail into the joint physical custody.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that reunification counseling will begin no less than thirty (30) days from the entry of this order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Abigail's timeshare will follow the recommendation of the reunification counselor until the time schedule matches the schedule for the other minor children (week on/week off), or June 1, 2021, whichever occurs first.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the parties shall utilize a parenting app which, absent an emergency, shall be the exclusive means of communication between the parties. The parties shall engage in polite, respectful communications concerning the minor children.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that all significant others shall remain in the background and shall not be allowed to interfere in communications between the parties. They shall not be permitted to participate in the kind of activities in which legal custody is required such as a health care appointment, a parent/teacher conference, etc. They shall, however, be permitted to attend public events such as a performance or school event. Neither parent may allow anyone else to share the title "mom," "mother," "mommy," "dad," "father," "daddy," or anything else similar.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman's monthly child support obligation comes to \$9.45 a month. The Court finds the disparity of income between the parties to be negligible and therefore, pursuant to NAC 425.100, the Court will not order child support.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that any unreimbursed medical, dental, optical, orthodontic or other health related expenses incurred for the minor child shall be divided equally between the parties. Either party incurring an out-of-pocket health care expense shall provide a copy of the paid invoice/receipt to the other party within 30 days of incurring such expense. If the

invoice/receipt is not tendered within the thirty day period, the Court may

consider it as a waiver of reimbursement. The other party will then have 30 days from receipt within which to dispute the expense in writing or reimburse the incurring party for one-half of the expense. If not disputed or paid within the 30 day period, the party may be subject to a finding of contempt and appropriate sanctions.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that for the tax year 2020 forward, Herman shall be entitled to claim as tax dependents Herman III and Elisha in all years, and Nadine shall be entitled to claim as tax dependents Abigail and Matthew. As each minor child emancipates, if one of the parties can claim only one minor child while the other party claims two, then Herman shall be entitled to claim Elisha as a tax dependent on even years and Nadine shall be entitled to claim Elisha as a tax dependent on odd years. Once all the minor children except Elisha emancipates, Herman shall be entitled to claim Elisha as a tax dependent on even years and Nadine shall be entitled to claim Elisha as a tax dependent on odd years.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the parties shall exchange their tax returns, together with all schedules and forms, no later than April 30 annually for the purpose of determining whether there has been a change in circumstance justifying revisiting the child support obligation.

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#### **STATUTORY NOTICES**

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that pursuant to NRS 125C.0045(6):

PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF THE ORDER: ABDUCTION, CONCEALMENT OR DETENTION OF A CHILD IN VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS PUNISHABLE AS A CATEGORY D FELONY AS PROVIDED IN NRS 193.130. NRS 200.359 provides that every person having a limited right of custody to a child or any parent having no right of custody to the child who willfully detains, conceals or removes the child from a parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a right of visitation of the child in violation of an order of this court, or removes the child from the jurisdiction of the court without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation is subject to being punished for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

#### NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to NRS

25C.0045(7)(8): The terms of the Hague Convention of October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of the Hague Conference on Private International Law, apply if a parent abducts or wrongfully retains a child in a foreign country as follows:

If a parent of the child lives in a foreign country or has significant commitments in a foreign country:

(a) The parties may agree, and the court shall include in the order for custody of the child, that the United States is the country of habitual residence of the child for the purposes of applying the terms of the Hague Convention as set forth in subsection 7.

Sunny Bailey
DISTRICT JUDGE

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(b) Upon motion of one of the parties, the court may order the parent to post a bond if the court determines that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child outside the country of habitual residence. The bond must be in an amount determined by the court and may be used only to pay for the cost of locating the child and returning the child to his or her habitual residence if the child is wrongfully removed from or concealed outside the country of habitual residence. The fact that a parent has significant commitments in a foreign country does not create a presumption that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child.

## **NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that, pursuant to NRS 125C.0065:

- 1. If JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODY has been established pursuant to an order, judgment or decree of a court and one parent intends to relocate his or her residence to a place outside of this State or to a place within this State that is at such a distance that would substantially impair the ability of the other parent to maintain a meaningful relationship with the child, and the relocating parent desires to take the child with him or her, the relocating parent shall, before relocating:
- (a) Attempt to obtain the written consent of the non-relocating parent to relocate with the child; and
- (b) If the non-relocating parent refuses to give that consent, petition the court for primary physical custody for the purpose of relocating.
- 2. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the relocating parent if the court finds that the non-relocating parent refused to consent to the relocating parent's relocation with the child:
- (a) Without having reasonable grounds for such refusal; or
- (b) For the purpose of harassing the relocating parent.
- 3. A parent who relocates with a child pursuant to this section before the court enters an order granting the parent primary physical custody of the child and permission to relocate with the child is subject to the provisions of NRS 200.359.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the non-custodial parent may be subject to the withholding of wages and commissions for delinquent payments of support pursuant to NRS 31A.010, *et. seq.* and NRS 125.007.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that pursuant to NRS 125B.145, the parties may request a review of child support every three years, or at any time upon changed circumstances.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that both parties shall submit the information required by NRS125B.055, NRS 125.30 and NRS 125.230 on a separate form to the Court and to the Welfare Division of the Department of Human Resources within ten days from the date this Order is filed. Such information shall be maintained by the Clerk in a confidential manner and not part of the public record. The parties shall update the information filed with the Court and the Welfare Division of the Department of Human Resources within ten days should any of that information become inaccurate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that if you want to adjust the amount of child support established in this order, you MUST file a motion to modify the order with or submit a stipulation to the court. If a motion to modify the order is not filed or a stipulation is not submitted, the child support obligation established in this order will continue until such time as all children who are the subject of this order reach 18 years of age or, if the youngest child

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who is subject to this order is still in high school when he or she reaches 18 years of age, when the child graduates from high school or reaches 19 years of age, whichever comes first. Unless the parties agree otherwise in a stipulation, any modification made pursuant to a motion to modify the order will be effective as of the date the motion was filed.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that each party shall assume their own attorney fees and costs.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED Attorney Frank Toti shall file the Notice of Entry of Order of this Decision and Order.

Dated this 26th day of February, 2021

9B8 DD8 3F27 05F8 Sunny Bailey District Court Judge

Sunny Bailey
DISTRICT JUDGE
Family Division, Dept. I

Sunny Bailey DISTRICT JUDGE Family Division, Dept. I Las Vegas, NV 89101 **EXHIBIT 1** 

# Eighth Judicial District Court Department I – Family Division Holiday and Vacation Plan

This schedule shall remain in effect unless: (1) the parties agree in writing, signed by both parties, to an alternate schedule; or (2) by subsequent order of the Court.

#### Precedence:

The *holiday* schedule shall take precedence over *vacation* periods; and *vacation* periods shall take precedence over regular timeshare periods. Where there is an overlap of conflicting holidays, the following priority shall prevail:

	Odd Year	Even Year
Overlap Precedent	DAD	MOM

#### Weekend Holidays

The parents will share weekend holidays based on the following schedule. The holiday weekend begins upon the release of school for the holiday period and continues until the morning school resumes following the holiday, at the first morning bell, unless otherwise noted. In the event that school is not in session, the following holiday time will begin on Friday at 3:00 p.m., and continue until 9:00 a.m., on the first weekday following the holiday.

Martin Luther King Day Weekend	Odd Year MOM	Even Year DAD
President's Day Weekend	DAD	MOM
Mother's Day Weekend	MOM	MOM
Memorial Day Weekend	MOM	DAD
Father's Day Weekend	DAD	DAD
Independence Day <sup>1</sup>	DAD	MOM
Labor Day Weekend	MOM	DAD
Nevada Admission Day Weekend	DAD	MOM
Halloween Day <sup>2</sup>	DAD	MOM
Veterans' Day Weekend <sup>3</sup>	MOM	DAD

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Independence Day will include the weekend if the holiday occurs on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday of any given year. In the event the holiday occurs on Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday, it will be treated as a one day holiday and shall begin at 9:00 a.m. on July 3<sup>rd</sup> and continue until July 5<sup>th</sup> at 9:00 a.m.

Sunny Bailey DISTRICT JUDGE Family Division, Dept. I Las Vegas, NV 89101

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Halloween will be celebrated as a one day holiday, beginning upon the release of school, or 9:00 a.m., if school is not in session, and continuing until the next morning when school resumes or 9:00 a.m., if school is not is session.

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$_{2}$	Birthdays  The parents will share birthdays based on the schedule set forth below. The birthday schedule will begin after school on the birthday (or if school is not in session, at 9:00 a.m.		
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4	and continue until the morning following at the first morning bell, if school is in	_ ,	_
5	resume. The designated parent shall his/her care during the birthday period.		of the parties' children in
6		Odd Year	Even Year
7	Children's Birthdays	MOM	DAD
	Easter/Spring Break The parents will share the Faster/Spri	ng Break based on the foll	owing schedule, with the
8 9	holiday period to begin upon the release of school for the holiday period and continue u		
10		Odd Year	Even Year
11	Easter/Spring Break	DAD	MOM
12	Thanksgiving	5 11 1 1 1	
13	The parents will share the Thanksgiving Break based on the following schedule, with the holiday period to begin upon the release of school before Thanksgiving and shall continuous		
14	until school resumes following the holiday		
15	Thanksgiving Break	Odd Year MOM	Even Year DAD
16	Winter Break		
17	The Winter Break holiday period will be divided into two segments based on the school		
18	calendar. Specifically, the first segme for the break and shall continue until	December 26 <sup>th</sup> at 12:00 p.r.	n. (noon), when the other
19	parent's timeshare shall begin, to continue until school resumes following the W Break.		es following the Winter
20		Odd Vaan	F. W
21	First Segment/Christmas	<u>Odd Year</u> DAD	<u>Even Year</u> MOM
22	Second Segment/New Year's	MOM	DAD
23	Religious Holidays	valiaious haliafa asah mama	nt aball boys the might to
24	When parents do not share the same religious beliefs, each parent shall have the right provide religious instruction of their choosing to the child(ren). When both parents are the same faith, both parents shall have the opportunity to enjoy the right to celebrate religious holiday with the child(ren) on an alternating year basis. The following samp		When both parents are of
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26	religious holiday schedules are intende	ed to provide examples of	shared holiday schedules

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Veterans' Day will include the weekend if it is attached to a weekend holiday period. In the event the holiday is celebrated as a oneday holiday by the school district, it shall begin at 9:00 a.m. on November 11th and continue until November 12th at 9:00 a.m. In the event the school district does not provide a release from school for Veterans' Day, neither party shall be entitled to a variance from the regular timeshare for this holiday period.

for religious holidays and apply *only if* one or both parents have traditionally celebrated such holidays with the parties' child(ren):

#### Sample Jewish Holiday

The following holidays begin upon the release of school before the holiday period, or if school is not in session at 3:00 p.m., and continue as designated until school resumes the day after the holiday period, or if school is not in session at 9:00 a.m.:

Passover [1 <sup>st</sup> two nights]	Odd Year DAD	Even Year MOM
Rosh Hashanah [2 day holiday]	MOM	DAD
Yom Kippur [One day holiday]	DAD	MOM
Purim [One day holiday]	MOM	DAD
Sukkot [1 <sup>st</sup> two nights]	DAD	MOM
Hanukkah [1 <sup>st</sup> two nights]	MOM	DAD

#### Sample Baha'i Holy Days and Commemorative Days

The following holidays, when work is to be suspended, begin upon the release of school before the holiday period, or if school is not in session at 3:00 p.m., and continue as designated until school resumes the day after the holiday period, or if school is not in session at 9:00 a.m.:

	Odd Year	Even Year
Naw-Ruz	DAD	MOM
March 21		
Festival of Ridvan	MOM	DAD
April 21		
Declaration of the Bab	DAD	MOM
May 23		
Ascension of Baha'u'Ilah	MOM	DAD
May 29		
Martyrdom of Bab	DAD	MOM
July 9		
Birth of the Bab	MOM	DAD
October 20		
Birth of Baha'u'Ilah	DAD	MOM
November 12		

#### Summer/Track Vacation

Each parent shall have on fourteen (14) day uninterrupted summer timeshare with the child(ren) per year during the period of summer or track release for the Clark County School District. The fourteen (14) day period may not be added to regular timeshare dates

to extend a parent's summer vacation beyond fourteen (14) days without the written consent of the other party.

The parent with selection priority shall provide notice of his/her summer vacation dates in writing via email by March 1<sup>st</sup> with the other parent providing notice of her/his summer vacation dates in writing via email by March 15<sup>th</sup>. Track vacation dates must be designated at least thirty (30) days before the track break begins. Failure to provide notice of summer/track vacation dates by deadline provided shall constitute a waiver of priority and the other party shall have the right to provide written notice of his/her summer/track vacations dates, which shall take precedence for that year only. If a party does not provide written notice of his or her vacation dates by May 1<sup>st</sup>, that party shall have waived his/her right to exercise a vacation period for that year only.

Vacation Selection Priority

Odd Year
DAD

Even Year
MOM

#### Year-Round School

In the event the parties' child(ren) attend year round school, the regular timeshare shall continue during all track breaks unless: (1) either party has designated a vacation period, as set forth above, or (2) otherwise agreed in a writing signed by both parties.

#### In-Service/Professional Development Days

Undesignated school holidays shall follow the parties' regular timeshare schedule. However, in the event an in-service day is attached to a weekend or other holiday period, the undesignated holiday shall attach to the weekend or other holiday period and the parent assigned the weekend or holiday period (including any undesignated period) until school resumes following the weekend or other holiday period, at the first morning bell.

#### **Transportation**

The receiving parent shall be responsible for providing transportation, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

1	CSERV		
2	DISTRICT COURT		
3 4	CLARI	K COUNTY, NEVADA	
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6	Nadine Alecia Williams, Plaintiff	CASE NO: d-19-586291-d	
7	VS.	DEPT. NO. Department I	
8	Herman George Williams,		
9	Defendant.		
10			
11	<u>AUTOMATED</u>	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
12	This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District Court. The foregoing Decision and Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system.		
13		e on the above entitled case as listed below:	
14	Service Date: 2/26/2021		
15	Frank Toti f	Frank@fjtesq.com	
16	Kenneth Robbins, Esq.	FamilyFirst@HalfPriceLawyers.com	
17 18	David Barragan	david@fjtesq.com	
19			
20	If indicated below, a copy of the above mentioned filings were also served by mail via United States Postal Service, postage prepaid, to the parties listed below at their last		
known addresses on 3/1/2021			
22		205 W Russell RD STE 240 as Vegas, NV, 89148	
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Electronically Filed 4/1/2021 10:36 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

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KENNETH M. ROBBINS, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 13572

JASON ONELLO, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 14411

ROBBINS & ONELLO LLP

9205 W. Russell Rd., Suite 240

Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

(702) 608-2331 (Phone)

(702) 442-9971 (Fax)

Email: staff@onellolaw.com

Attorney for *Defendant* 

#### **DISTRICT COURT - FAMILY DIVISION**

#### **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

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NADINE ALECIA WILLIAMS

Plaintiff,

14 || V.

HERMAN GEORGE WILLIAMS

Defendant.

Case No.: **D-19-586291-D** 

Dept. No.: I

#### NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER

TO: Plaintiff, NADINE ALECIA WILLIAMS

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a Decision and Order was entered on February 26, 2021. A copy of the Order is attached hereto.

Dated this 1st day of April 2021.

/s/ Kenneth M. Robbins, Esq.

KENNETH M. ROBBINS, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 13572

**ROBBINS & ONELLO LLP** 

9205 W. Russell Rd., Suite 240

Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

(702) 608-2331 (Phone)

(702) 442-9971 (Fax)

Email: staff@onellolaw.com

Attorney for *Defendant* 

Case Number: D-19-586291-D

## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that service of the foregoing document:

#### 1. Notice of Entry of Order

was made this 1st day of April 2021, by:

\_X\_\_ electronic filing on the date hereof and service through the Notice of Electronic Filling automatically generated by the Court's facilities to those parties listed on the Master Calendar Service List as follows:

David Barragan – david@fjtesq.com Frank Toti – frank@fjtesq.com

\_\_\_\_email correspondence on the date of electronic filing at the following address:

\_\_\_\_by depositing a copy of the same in the U.S. Mails at Las Vegas, Nevada, postage prepaid, addressed to:

\_\_\_\_\_/s/ Nicole Fasulo\_\_\_\_ An Employee of Robbins & Onello, LLP

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Electronicall Filed 02/26/2021 0:39 AM CLERK OF THE COURT

## DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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NADINE ALECIA WILLIAMS,

CASE NO.: D-19-586291-D

Plaintiff,

DEPT: I

vs.

**DATE OF HEARING: 02/11/2021** 

HERMAN GEORGE

TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 A.M.

 $_{10}$  || WILLIAMS,

Defendant.

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**DECISION AND ORDER** 

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THIS MATTER came before the Court for Non-Jury Trial on February

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11, 2021. Plaintiff, Nadine Alecia Williams ("Nadine"), appeared with her

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attorney, Frank Toti, Esq., over the Blue Jeans video application and

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Defendant, Herman George Williams ("Herman"), appeared with his

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unbundled attorney, Kenneth Robbins, Esq., over the Blue Jeans video

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application. The Court heard the testimony from the parties. The Court, after

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a review of the pleadings and papers on file herein, considering and weighing

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the credibility of the parties, and good cause appearing issues the following

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Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Orders:

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 $\|III$ 

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Sumny Bailey DISTRICT JUDGE Family Division, Dept. I Las Vegas, NV 89101

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Case Number: D-19-586291-D

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#### **SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY**

- 1. Nadine lives at 284 Harper Ferry Avenue in Las Vegas, Nevada. She has been a resident of Nevada for more than six (6) weeks prior to filing this action. She intends to remain in Nevada. She is not pregnant.
- 2. The parties were married March 2, 2004 in New York. Nadine testified that their interests are no longer compatible and they are not likely to reconcile. She requests her former name be restored to Nadine Gayle. She relocated to Clark County in September of 2015 with the Elisha and her mother. Herman brought the three older children three weeks later. Herman was absent from Clark County at various times until November 2018.
- 3. The parties have four (4) children (collectively referenced as "minor children"):

Abigail Williams (16) born on October 27, 2004. Herman Williams III (12) born on August 24, 2008.

Matthew Williams (11) born on May 13, 2010

Elisha Williams (7) born on April 26, 2013.

4. Herman also has an adult daughter from a different relationship.

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- 5. Abigail currently attends Nevada State High School. Nadine enrolled Abigail for the current school year without consulting with Herman. Nadine stated that Herman is listed as a parent and can obtain information from the school.
- 6. Elisha and Matthew attend Gwendolyn Elementary School and Herman II attends Cram. Nadine would like the boys to attend Doral Academy for the 2021-2022 school year. There is a location approximately ten miles from him and fifteen miles from her. Herman does not oppose the boys attending Doral Academy.
- 7. Herman runs his own tow truck company. He can set his own schedule. It is a Limited Liability Company (LLC) and he works as an independent contractor. Nadine is not a member of the LLC, nor does she have an objection to the award of the LLC to Herman. It is currently in default status.
- 8. Nadine is a registered nurse with Advanced Health Care. Her usual schedule is Monday through Friday.
- 9. Herman vacated the marital residence which was a rental.

  Nadine came home March 8, 2019, to a U-Haul in the driveway and Herman and his friends emptying the house. They removed approximately 90% of the furniture. There was not a conversation about him leaving.

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- 10. Herman took the children with him because he showed her paperwork from CPS that appeared he was to have the minor children. She later learned the paperwork was false. He moved approximately twenty-five minutes away from her.
- 11. Herman made multiple reports to CPS. One report alleged Nadine hit Abigail in the head with a PVC pipe. Nadine claimed all reports were unsubstantiated and that Abigail was coached by her father and grandmother.
- 12. Nadine tried to reach out to the children through Herman but he denied her access or contact. She only had contact with the children once before the court hearing in July of 2019. Herman took the children to meet her once for lunch before the court date.
- 13. After the July, 2019 hearing, the Court awarded Nadine visitations every Saturday between 10:00 a.m. 6:00 p.m. The Court expanded her visitation to Friday to Monday visits after a review of the child interviews. They exchange the boys on Mondays between 7:30 a.m. 7:40 a.m. She prepares breakfast for them but they usually prefer to wait until Herman picks them up because he will take them to McDonalds.
- 14. Abigail ended up moving in with Nadine in October of 2019.This schedule has been in place for over a year.

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- but he has not started it. Herman was to have visitation with Abigail on weekends. Abigail did not have teen discretion but Herman has only exercised visitation with her once since October of 2019. There was an issue where Herman took away Abigail's vape pen during that visit. Nadine does not allow Abigail to smoke marijuana in her home. She has grounded Abigail by turning off her phone.
- 16. Abigail has tried to reach out to Herman but he has not responded. She reached out to his family and they also have not responded.
- 17. Herman has not attempted to communicate with Abigail.Nadine has not dropped off Abigail for visits with Herman.
- 18. Nadine has not spoken to Herman since June of 2019. First,
  Herman blocked her number and then he changed his number. Despite a court
  order to utilize a parenting app, he has yet to do so.
- 19. Although Nadine would not prevent a relationship with children, Herman prevents her from having a relationship with the children. He undermines her authority with the minor children and tells them that they do not have listen to her and that they can call 911.
- 20. After July 2019, Herman still prevented contact. He would communicate the children were not feeling well, or they just did not show up for exchanges.

- 21. Nadine describes the level of conflict between herself and Herman as very high. If Herman feels someone has wronged him, he will do whatever he can to hurt you. He refuses to communicate with her at all.
- 22. Her (Nadine stated?) relationship with Abigail has approved drastically since she moved in with her. She and the boys have a good time during their visits, but it is difficult to co-parent with Herman.
- 23. An incident occurred on January 22, 2020. Nadine went to Herman's apartment to pick up Elisha. Herman reported to her that Elisha was sick and had been home all week. Herman refused to allow Elisha to leave with Nadine. As a result, she blocked the exit to the complex and refused to allow Herman to leave the complex. Abigail was present with Nadine during this incident.
- 24. Nadine filed her Financial Disclosure Form (FDF). She earns \$9,583.00 every month. Her previous FDF reported an annual income of \$159,265.55 for 2019. However, her company restructured and her position became salaried and not per diem.
- 25. When Nadine resided with Herman, he earned approximately \$6,000.00 \$10,000.00 a month. Herman filed an FDF that claimed \$5,666.00 a month but \$11,300.00 a month for the total. She believes the \$11,300.00.00 is the more accurate number. He also did not list any assets. She and Herman do not share bank accounts and neither possesses a retirement fund or stocks.

- 26. The Court previously granted Herman the 2015 Silverado to use in his tow business. Nadine had canceled registration of Silverado because she felt he was lying to obtain the vehicle. She did not notify him because she did not have a way to contact him. Herman has paid the 2021 registration on the Silverado. He dropped off a check to her attorney's office.
- 27. She was to pay for the registration and Herman was to pay the monthly payment on the loan and insurance, but he has not. Nadine made all the payments and requests reimbursement. In addition to the 2015 Silverado, she believes he is in possession of three more vehicles. Two other Silverado vehicles are utilized in his tow business.
- 28. Nadine also reported a break in to the police. She had two rings of a three piece ring set valued at \$3,500.00 stolen during the break in.

  The police investigated and discovered that Herman had pawned the two rings.
- 29. In regards to debt, the community debt consists of a tax serve debt from Bridgeport for the taxes on the vehicles and a consolidation loan.
- 30. Nadine testified that Herman also possesses tools (wrenches, electric drills, saws, compressor, screwdrivers, etc.) that were purchased at a cost of approximately \$15,000.00. The tools were purchased for a body shop they owned.

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31. At one point, Herman requested items previously left in the home. The items included a BBQ grill and a freezer. They communicated through attorneys in regards to the time to pick up the items. Herman did not retrieve the items.

- 32. In regards to the trampoline he requested, Nadine stated it was broken. She refused to give him the scaffold because she claims she purchased it.
- 33. Nadine purchased a printing machine. She obtained a loan of \$35,000.00 (although she called it a lease). The machine is currently in a business in Jamaica where it was intended to be a secondary source of income for them. Nadine paid \$1,500.00.00 a month until December of 2019. She does not own a business in Jamaica.
- 34. Herman Williams testified that he also requests the Court grant the divorce.
- 35. He would like to have a relationship with Abigail. The Court ordered that Nadine was responsible for payment of reunification therapy with Abigail. However, once Abigail moved back in with her, she cancelled the therapist.

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- 36. His last visitation with Abigail was in January of 2020. It was a weekend and he was supposed to have her until Monday. She locked herself in her room. Herman went to sleep and when he woke up, the patio door was open and Abigail was gone. He called the police and Nadine who told him that Abigail had not run away. However, Herman did not learn that Abigail was with Nadine until the boys returned home on Monday.
- 37. Herman does not know Abigail's phone number. He had purchased a phone for her but Nadine gave her a different phone so the phone he purchased was turned off.
- 38. Nadine does not drop off Abigail at exchanges. Herman chooses not to get out of his car at exchanges to avoid conflict and contact with Nadine. The Court ordered a talking app for the parties to communicate. He signed up on his one phone but Nadine did not accept him. His phone was stolen (he believes Abigail took it) and he did not have a phone with the ability to download an app until Christmas of 2020. Herman is now willing to install the app to communicate.
- 39. He never personally witnessed Nadine being violent towards the children but Abigail did call him about the incident in 2018. He personally does not use physical discipline with the children. He yells and screams at them.

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40. Herman prefers the current schedule. He describes his relationship with the boys as great. However, he has issues with the Monday exchanges. He requests a Sunday evening drop off due to the fact that Nadine is often late and the boys are hungry and their faces are dirty at the exchanges. They request McDonalds, although they only get McDonalds on Fridays.

- 41. There was an incident at his apartment complex on January 22, 2020 with Nadine. Her attorney contacted him that Nadine wanted visitation with Elisha. He was at work at the time and Elisha was ill and was on medication. She showed up with Abigail and knocked on the door. Herman attempted to leave in his vehicle but she blocked the exit. He eventually had to sneak out a side gate. As a result, he had to move out of the apartment complex.
- 42. Herman drives a tow truck. He is an independent contractor. He receives six calls a day via an app. He is paid by zone.
- 43. He mostly uses the 2015 Silverado to tow vehicles because it has a universal tow system. The 2004 Silverado is used but it is an undercarriage tow. If Nadine is awarded the 2015 Silverado, he will be unable to work.

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- 44. He prepared his FDF a week before the trial. He left town to visit his sick father. He forgot to add expenses and assets. Herman initially testified that he did earn the \$11,300.00 a month but then corrected himself to state the \$5,667.00 was more accurate.
- 45. Herman testified that he makes cash payments for the 2004 Silverado at \$250.00 a month but that he does not have receipts. He pays approximately \$2,000.00 a month for fuel for his vehicles. He drives them both for work and personal business.
- 46. He also pays \$349.00 for his cell phone and the cell phone for the boys. Herman estimated he spends approximately \$300.00 a month for his clothes.
- 47. Herman claims he does not own a single asset but when further questioned, he stated he estimates the 2015 Silverado to be worth \$20,000.00 the 2004 Silverado to be worth \$3,500.00 (although he still owes \$1,000.00), and the 2001 Silver Chevy but he did not state the value. Herman was adamant that Nadine is not entitled to one half of the value of the vehicles.
- 48. Herman also has a hospital bill of over \$68,000.00 to Dignity Health. However, he has not received a bill since April of 2019, and has not made any payments towards it. He does not know if Dignity Health has written it off or not.

- 49. In regards to the debt consolidation, Nadine handled finances. Herman would be willing to pay half the debt if she brings back the machine that went to Jamaica. He was aware of the purchase at the time it was made but stated Nadine did not consult him prior to the purchase. Herman testified he gave her \$6,000.00 to buy machine but did not provide receipts. He is unaware of the loan but believes it to be worth \$34,000.00.
- 50. In regards to the compressor, tools and frame machine requested by Nadine, many items were thrown away before the move from New York to Las Vegas. Herman has purchased approximately \$1,000.00 in tools since the two separated.
- 51. Phyllis Gayle testified that she is the mother of Nadine. She resided with Nadine and Herman in Connecticut and also moved to Las Vegas with them.
  - 52. Phyllis currently resides with Herman and pays him rent.
- 53. Phyllis and Nadine were involved in an argument in February of 2019 when she told Nadine's boyfriend to get out of the house. Nadine grabbed her by the throat. She also pulled her outside, but due to her screaming, Nadine pulled her back into the house. The children were present during the incident. As a result, Phyllis injured her arm. The police were called and a report was taken but Phyllis stated she did not follow up. Nadine kicked her out of the house after the incident.

- 54. Phyllis stated she witnessed Nadine become physical with the children on more than one occasion. She was present when Nadine struck Abigail with a piece of PVC pipe and cut her forehead.
- 55. Phyllis never called the police in regards to Nadine becoming violent with the children.
- 56. The FMC interviewed the children twice. The first interview occurred on August 19, 2019. The children noted that Nadine resorts to physical discipline using extension cords, gauge wires, belts, rubber insulation from the window and a pipe on one occasion. The result is that it sometimes leaves marks, or in the case of the pipe, a scar.
- 57. During this initial interview, Matthew rated his relationship with Nadine as a nine and with Herman, a ten. Abigail rated her relationship with Nadine a one and a ten with Herman. Herman III rated his relationship with Nadine a five and a nine with Herman. Elisha was too young to comprehend the scale, but when asked to describe his mother, he stated she beat him when he was asleep.
- 58. The second interview occurred on January 29, 2020. Matthew refused to participate. During the secondary interview, Herman III rated his relationship with Nadine as an eight and his relationship with Herman a ten. Elisha rated his relationships with both Herman and Nadine a ten. Elisha disclosed that Herman states that Nadine is very mean and calls her the 'F' word.

59. Abigail rated her relationship with Nadine a nine and her relationship with Herman a one. Abigail stated she will not go back to Herman's house. She reported that Herman is very angry and vengeful and constantly trying to ruin Nadine.

60. The children reported that Herman lives with his "home girl" Kim. Nadine also has a significant other in her life, Stephen.

#### CONCLUSIONS

Nadine requests this Court grant her a divorce from Herman, joint legal custody and primary physical custody of the minor children. She does not request spousal support but that community debt is divided equally. Herman also requests this Court grant the divorce but requests sole legal and sole physical custody of Herman, Matthew and Elisha and joint legal custody of Abigail. He requests that the Court grant Nadine primary physical custody of Abigail. He also seeks child support and alimony in the amount of \$1,000.00 a month. Both Nadine and Herman requests the Court grant them attorney's fees.

Both parties filed Motions for Orders to Show Cause, which were granted. However, neither party filed the Orders to Show Cause, or served the Orders on the appropriate parties. Therefore, the Orders to Show Cause are denied.

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CUSTODY

I.

As to joint legal custody, NRS 125C.002 states:

- When a court is making a determination regarding the legal custody of a child, there is a presumption, affecting the burden of proof, that joint legal custody would be in the best interest of a minor child if:
- (a) The parents have agreed to an award of joint legal custody or so agree in open court at a hearing for the purpose of determining the legal custody of the minor child; or
- (b) A parent has demonstrated, or has attempted to demonstrate but has had his or her efforts frustrated by the other parent, an intent to establish a meaningful relationship with the minor child.
- The court may award joint legal custody without awarding joint physical custody.

The evidence established that both Nadine and Herman have frustrated the efforts of the noncustodial parent to establish a meaningful relationship with the minor children. As further discussed below, Herman refused to either communicate at all or sign up for the parenting app. He blocked Nadine's number and later changed his number without notice to her. He failed to appear for exchanges. Additionally, communication between the parties had to go through the attorneys for the parties.

Nadine frustrated Herman's attempts to maintain a meaningful relationship with Abigail. When he communicated with Nadine, when Abigail ran away, she never told him that Abigail was with her. Additionally, she did not enroll Abigail in reunification therapy or encourage Abigail to maintain her relationship with Herman.

Both parents attempted to frustrate the noncustodial parent's relationship with the children.

THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED that Nadine and Herman shall share Joint Legal Custody of the minor children.

The Court must next consider presumptions against joint physical custody pursuant to NRS 125C.003 which states in relevant part:

# Best interests of child: Primary physical custody; presumptions; child born out of wedlock.

- 1. A court may award primary physical custody to a parent if the court determines that joint physical custody is not in the best interest of a child. An award of joint physical custody is presumed not to be in the best interest of the child if:
  - (a) The court determines by substantial evidence that a parent is unable to adequately care for a minor child for at least 146 days of the year;
  - (b) A child is born out of wedlock and the provisions of subsection 2 are applicable; or
  - (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6 of NRS 125C.0035 or NRS 125C.210, there has been a determination by the court after an evidentiary hearing and finding by clear and convincing evidence that a parent has engaged in one or more acts of domestic violence against the child, a parent of the child or any other person residing with the child. The presumption created by this paragraph is a rebuttable presumption.
- 2. A court may award primary physical custody of a child born out of wedlock to:
  - (a) The mother of the child if:
  - (1) The mother has not married the father of the child;
  - (2) A judgment or order of a court, or a judgment or order entered pursuant to an expedited process, determining the paternity of the child has not been entered; and

(3) The father of the child:

(I) Is not subject to any presumption of paternity under NRS 126.051;

(II) Has never acknowledged paternity pursuant to NRS 126.053; or

(III) Has had actual knowledge of his paternity but has abandoned the child.

There was evidence that Herman has not cared for Abigail at least 146 days of the year. There was also evidence that Nadine has not cared for Herman III, Matthew and Elisha for at least 146 days of the year. Therefore, Nadine has established a presumption that primary physical custody for Abigail is in her best interest. Herman has established a presumption that primary physical custody for Herman III, Matthew and Elisha is in their best interest. However, as further outlined below, primary physical custody by either Nadine or Herman is not in the best interest of the minor children.

The Court now turns its attention to NRS 125C.0035(5) which states:

Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6 or NRS 125C.210, a determination by the court after an evidentiary hearing and finding by clear and convincing evidence that either parent or any other person seeking physical custody has engaged in one or more acts of domestic violence against the child, a parent of the child or any other person residing with the child creates a rebuttable presumption that sole or joint physical custody of the child by the perpetrator of the domestic violence is not in the best interest of the child. Upon making such a determination, the court shall set forth:

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(a) Findings of fact that support the determination that one or more acts of domestic violence occurred; and

The Court finds by clear and convincing evidence that Nadine has committed two incidents of domestic violence. The first incident was between herself and Abigail, and the second incident occurred between herself and her mother.

(a) All prior acts of domestic violence involving either party;

The Court heard evidence of two incidents of domestic violence that involved Nadine.

Phyllis stated she witnessed Nadine become physical with the children on more than one occasion. She was present when Nadine struck Abigail with a piece of PVC pipe and cut her forehead. Abigail also reported the incident during the FMC interview.

The second incident Phyllis and Nadine were involved in an argument in February of 2019 when she told Nadine's boyfriend to get out of the house. Nadine grabbed her by the throat. She also pulled her outside, but due to her screaming, Nadine pulled her back into the house. The children were present during the incident. As a result, Phyllis injured her arm. The police were called and a report was taken but Phyllis stated she did not follow up. Nadine kicked her out of the house after the incident. The Court finds Phyllis credible.

(b) The relative severity of the injuries, if any, inflicted upon the persons involved in those prior acts of domestic violence;

The Court heard testimony that Abigail suffered a cut to her forehead and as a result, still has a scar. Phyllis testified she suffered an injury to her arm after the incident.

(c) The likelihood of future injury;

The Court did not receive credible evidence that there was a likelihood of future injury. The Court previously ordered that neither parent was allowed to use corporal punishment on the children. The evidence the Court received after the order was in place expressed a change in Nadine's punishment of the children. During the second interview with FMC, they expressed positive relations with Nadine with no other incidents of physical discipline.

The evidence presented supports a finding that the incident with her mother was a one-time occurrence. Phyllis reports that she no longer lives with Nadine and that she and Nadine are not in communication with each other at this time. Therefore, the likelihood of future injury is minimal.

(d) Whether, during the prior acts, one of the parties acted in selfdefense; and

The Court did not receive any evidence on this factor.

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(e) Any other factors which the court deems relevant to the determination.

The Court finds substantial evidence to establish by clear and convincing evidence that Nadine committed two acts of domestic violence. However, the Court subsequently ordered that she not utilize corporal punishment on the children. The evidence presented established through the FMC interviews that Nadine no longer utilizes corporal punishment on the children. She also no longer lives with her mother. Additionally, each child rated an improved relationship with Nadine after the initial FMC interview. Therefore, the Court finds that Nadine overcame the presumption that sole or joint physical custody of the child by the perpetrator of the domestic violence was not in the best interest of the minor children.

The Court must also consider the best interests of the parties' children by considering the factors established under NRS 125C.0035(4):

4. In determining the best interest of the child, the court shall consider and set forth its specific findings concerning, among other things:

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(a) The wishes of the child if the child is of sufficient age and capacity to form an intelligent preference as to his or her physical custody.

At 16 years of age, Abigail is of sufficient age and capacity to form an intelligent preference as to her physical custody. Abigail rated her relationship with her dad as a one and her relationship with her mother as a nine. This is the direct opposite of her initial interview with FMC. Abigail described her relationship with her father as "horrible" and that they are not even on speaking terms. She does not wish to have anything to do with him.

Elisha rated his relationship with his mother as a ten and his relationship with his father as a ten. Elisha described the current scheduled as "fine." Herman rated his relationship with this mother as an eight, and his father a ten. Herman rated the current schedule as a five.

However, all three children related that Herman speaks negatively about Nadine. Herman tells the children that Nadine is "mean and calls her the 'F' word" and that she abused the children. Abigail reported her mother says Herman is vengeful. Elisha and Herman denied that Nadine speaks negatively about Herman.

(b) Any nomination of a guardian for the child by a parent.

Nomination of guardianship is not relevant in these proceedings between two parents and not involving a third party.

(c) Which parent is more likely to allow the child to have frequent associations and a continuing relationship with the noncustodial parent.

The Court does not find in favor of either parent. The evidence established that both Nadine and Herman have frustrated the efforts of the noncustodial parent to establish a meaningful relationship with the minor children.

As further discussed below, Herman refused to either communicate at all or sign up for the parenting app. The Court did not find him credible when he testified that he did not have the ability to download the app because of his phone, especially when he later testified he used an app for his tow business. He also blocked Nadine's number and later changed his number without notice to her. He failed to appear for exchanges. His refusal to communicate resulted in the only communication between the parties available was through the attorneys. The children all revealed during the FC interview that Herman spoke in a disparaging manner about Nadine.

Nadine frustrated Herman's attempts to maintain a meaningful relationship with Abigail. When he did communicate with her when Abigail ran away, she never told him that Abigail was with her. Additionally, she did not enroll Abigail in reunification therapy or encourage Abigail to maintain her relationship with Herman.

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(d) The level of conflict between the parents.

The Court finds Nadine's favor. Both Nadine and Herman acknowledge the high level of conflict between them. The Court notes that Herman could not contain his anger at the notion that Nadine was entitled to community assets. His reaction supported the reports of Nadine and the children that he harbors extreme hostility towards Nadine. It further reflects his complete lack of ability to co-parent.

Herman III reported that his parents do not like each other at all.

"They only talk if there's a problem and then it usually ends up in an argument. They just don't like each other, well, my dad doesn't like my mom." Abigail stated that Nadine "has tried, but my dad isn't having it. My father does things to create conflict." Nadine reported that Herman has blocked Nadine from calling him, changed his number and not told Nadine and doesn't follow the Court order for time between Abigail and her siblings.

(f) The mental and physical health of the parents.

The Court did not receive testimonial evidence in regards to this factor. However, Herman admitted his Dignity Health hospital records from November 24, 2018, when he was detained on a Legal 2000 for suicidal ideation. He was admitted.

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III

Sunny Barley DISTRICT JUDGE pily Division, Dest. [ (g) The physical, developmental and emotional needs of the child.

The Court did not receive evidence in regards to this factor.

(h) The nature of the relationship of the child with each parent.

The Court finds this factor to be neutral between Nadine and Herman. Despite their efforts to damage the noncustodial parent's relationship with the minor children, they appear to be balancing the high conflict custody situation better than their parents. Matthew did not participate in the second interview but both Elisha and Herman III rate their relationships with both Nadine and Herman favorably.

Abigail has changed her ratings of her relationship with Nadine and Herman from a one to a nine to a one. At the age of 16 years, the Court is unclear as to whether she is manipulating one parent against the other for her own gain. However, it is clear to this Court, that Herman must repair his relationship with Abigail, which he has expressed a desire to do.

(i) The ability of the child to maintain a relationship with any sibling.

The Court finds this factor neutral. The minor children are able to maintain their relationships with each other. The boys are together at all times and see Abigail at their mother's house.

(j) Any history of parental abuse or neglect of the child or a sibling of the child.

The Court addressed the issue of parental abuse in its analysis above.

(k) Whether either parent or any other person seeking physical custody has engaged in an act of domestic violence against the child, a parent of the child or any other person residing with the child.

The Court addressed this issue in more detail above.

(l) Whether either parent or any other person seeking physical custody has committed any act of abduction against the child or any other child.

There was no credible evidence in regards to this factor.

THE COURT CONCLUDES that neither Nadine nor Herman met their burden to establish that an award of primary physical custody is in the minor children's best interest. The Court is extremely concerned about the effect of the separation, divorce proceedings and the antics of the parties on Abigail. The Court is disheartened that the counseling previously ordered did not occur. The Court will not reward either parent in their attempts to gain primary custody of the minor children through pathogenic parenting.

The Court is persuaded by the positive relationship described by the children supports joint custody. Additionally, the Court finds that both parents would benefit from the UNLV Cooperative Parenting Class, which the Court is ordering at this time.

THE COURT FINDS that Joint Physical Custody is in the minor children's best interest.

In regards to child support, NAC 425.115 states:

Determination of child support obligation in accordance with guidelines if no stipulation; adjustment of obligation based upon type of custody held by parent.

1. If the parties do not stipulate to a child support obligation pursuant to NAC 425.110, the court must determine the child support obligation in accordance with the guidelines set forth in this chapter.

2. If a party has primary physical custody of a child, he or she is deemed to be the obligee and the other party is deemed to be the obligor, and the child support obligation of the obligor must be determined.

Both parties filed FDFs, however, Herman's did not include any assets. Additionally, Herman only included three pay sheets that do not adequately demonstrate his monthly income.

Herman is not paid hourly, he is paid as a tow truck driver per job.

However, his invoice does not reflect the correct numbers of days. The Court is unsure if it is due to the holidays or other reasons undisclosed.

The Court does not find Herman credible in regards to his income. He testified he works at least five days a week and utilizes an app for six tows a day. Based upon his invoice, the tow rate varies from as low as \$34.00 (which made up the majority) to up to \$56.00 (on only one occasion). At six tows per day, Herman would earn \$204.00 minimum per day. This calculation is not supported by the evidence provided to the Court.

The Court's analysis is further supported by a review of Herman's bank statements. See HGW303 – 345. His lowest payment received was on October 2, 2020, for \$870.00. His highest compensation was \$1,788.00 received on September 4, 2020. The Court did not receive bank statements from January, April, May or June. His yearly compensation for the remaining months was \$73,322.00 for thirty –two weeks of work. That averages to \$2,291.31 per week. The yearly wage for Herman is actually \$114,566.00 (factoring in two unpaid weeks for vacation, etc.), which equates to \$9,547.00 a month, the amount the Court now imputes as income to Herman. Additionally, Herman receives \$700.00 a month rent from his mother-in-law, which increases his gross income to \$10,247.00 a month.

Nadine's gross income on her FDF is listed as \$9,583.00. However, her pay stubs reflect a biweekly salary of \$4,791.67, which would equate to gross income of \$145,583.00 per year, or \$10,382.00 per month.

Therefore, Herman's monthly obligation comes to \$9.45 a month. The Court finds the disparity of income between the parties to be negligible and therefore, pursuant to NAC 425.100, the Court will not order child support. However, Nadine also provides health insurance for the children in the amount of \$417.00 a month. Herman is responsible for one half of that amount, or \$208.50. Therefore Herman's total obligation is therefore \$208.50 due on the first of every month.

#### II. DIVISION OF PROPERTY AND DEBT

#### A. Community Property

NRS 125.150(1)(b) provides that:

In granting a divorce, the court . . . [s]hall, to the extent practicable, make an equal disposition of the community property of the parties, except that the court may make an unequal disposition of the community property in such proportions as it deems just if the court finds a compelling reason to do so and sets forth in writing the reasons for making the unequal disposition.

Under NRS 125.150(1), the Court is required to make an equal division of community property (the exact portion of which is unknown) absent a compelling reason to make an unequal distribution.

In regards to other community assets and debts, the Court finds the following:

#### a) Bank Accounts

The Court did not receive any credible evidence of the value of the parties' bank accounts, leaving the only method of dividing the account to equally divide the balances. In this regard, however, it makes sense for each party to identify and keep any bank accounts in their individual names. If a joint bank account exists, it is to be equally divided.

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#### b) Vehicles

It is undisputed that the 2015 Silverado, 2001 Chevy and 2004 Silverado are community property. Additionally, Nadine's insurance statements list a 2010 GMC Acadia and a 2019 Chevy Traverse, however, other than the \$150.00 a month listed on Nadine's FDF for car loan/lease, the Court did not receive any evidence related to these vehicles, or the value of each. *See* Plaintiff's Exhibit 2. Herman testified that although he failed to list it on his FDF, he pays per month \$250.00 cash for the 2004 Silverado. Herman did not state the value of the 2001 Chevy.

Nadine requested the Court award her the 2015 Silverado. Nadine did not give a basis for her request for the 2015 Silverado, other than she made payments on it and she pays for insurance. The payments made for the Silverado were made from community assets even if the funds came from her separate account. It is undisputed that this vehicle and the 2004 Silverado are utilized in Herman's tow business which causes the Court to find Nadine not credible as to her request for the 2015 Silverado. It appears the request was based on spite, which is further supported by the evidence the Court heard in regards to the relationship between Herman and Nadine. As outlined in her FDF and insurance paperwork, Nadine possesses one or two vehicles. The Court does not find it credible that she needs the 2015 Silverado as her third vehicle.

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The Court does not have sufficient evidence to determine the value of any vehicles in Nadine's possession. The Court awards each party the vehicles in their possessions. Nadine is to receive one half the value of the 2015 Silverado, 2001 Chevy and the 2004 Silverado from Herman based upon the Bluebook average value for a private sale of each vehicle. This will be completed within thirty (30) days of the entry of this Order.

#### c) Retirement

Neither party testified as to retirement accounts. Therefore, the Court did not consider retirement accounts in its analysis.

#### d) Life Insurance

The Court did not receive competent testimony that either party has a life insurance policy, therefore, it was not considered in its analysis.

#### e) Credit Cards

Nadine listed extensive debt in her FDF. She included debt for credit cards in the amount of \$16,634.00. It was not disputed that the debt was accumulated during the marriage. Each party shall be responsible for one half the debts for the credit cards.

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#### f) Other debt

Nadine listed additional debt to Freedom Financial for \$22,486.00, Consolidation Plus loan of \$21,617.00, Equiant Financial Services for \$7,641.00, Tax Serv for Bridgeport of \$8,270.78, Global Finance for \$29,800.00, and student loans for \$76,195.00. The Court did not receive any evidence that any property was the separate property of either Herman or Nadine, therefore, the Court will treat the debts as community property.

Herman failed to properly prepare his FDF. The Court was able to determine debts to Midland Credit Management statement in the amount of \$729.00 (HGW 007), Wakefield and Associates in the amount of \$1,348.22 (HGW 011), and Americollect in the amount of \$1,872.00. It is undisputed that the debts were community debt.

Herman submitted documents from the IRS that outlines an outstanding balance and a payment agreement (HGM 279-302). The Court did not receive any evidence, other than the exhibits, in order to determine the extent of the debt, if any. The Court orders that the parties will equally divide any tax debt, if any, incurred during the marriage.

Herman also provided medical bills from Dignity Health totaling \$75,627.30 (HGM 001, 009), Emergency Physician Statement in the amount of \$1,300.00 (HGM 002), Digestive Associates for \$677.00, and Bessler MD for \$663.43. It is undisputed that the debts were community debt.

Each party shall be responsible for one half of the other debt with Herman assuming the Dignity Health debt and Nadine assuming the student loan debt as follows with Herman taking an additional amount of debt to offset the \$5,126.59 owed for the 2015 Silverado reimbursement outlined in subsection B below:

OTHER DEBT	Nadine		Herman
Freedom Financial	\$	22,486.00	
Equiant Financial Services	\$	7,641.00	
Consolidation Plus			\$ 21.617.00
TaxServe for Bridgeport			\$ 8,270.78
Midland Credit management			\$ 729.00
Global Finance	\$	14,900.00	\$ 14.900.00
Wakefield and Associates			\$ 1.349.00
Americollect			\$ 1,872.00
Emergency Physician			\$ 1,300.00
Digestive Associates			\$ 677.00
Bessler MD			\$ 664.00
	\$	45,027.00	\$ 51,378.78

### (f) anything else?

Nadine had two rings stolen from the house. It was undisputed that the rings were Nadine's separate property (wedding rings). Herman pawned the rings for \$3,500.00. The Court orders that Herman will reimburse Nadine the value of the two rings pawned.

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Nadine requested one half of the value of the tools in Herman's possession. Herman stated most of the tools were sold prior to the move to Las Vegas but tools in his possession were purchased for \$1,000.00. Herman requested the return of numerous items, including scaffolding and other items. The Court orders that each party will retain the personal tools and other equipment currently in their possession which appear to be roughly equal in value.

#### B. Business debts and assets

Herman runs his own company, Exquisite Towing Roadside

Assistance. The Court only received information in regards to private

vehicles utilized for the company as the only assets of the company, along

with a bank account that appears to be utilized for Herman's private expenses
as well.

It is undisputed the company was started during the marriage.

However, Nadine expressly testified that the business be awarded to Herman.

As a business valuation was not completed, the Court did not receive competent testimony in order to divide assets or debts, if any.

However, pursuant to the December 16, 2019 orders of Judge Steel,

Herman was to pay all expenses related to the 2015 Silverado, with the

exception of the registration. Therefore, Herman is ordered to reimburse

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Nadine for the insurance paid on the vehicle from December 16, 2019 to present in the amount of \$3, 265.00 (\$1,361.00 + \$1,104.00 + \$800.00).

(Exhibit 2). Additionally, Herman is ordered to pay for the finance payments to Chase Auto in the amount of \$1,861.59. (Exhibit 3). The Court has compensated for the amount owed to Nadine by allocating additional debt to Herman for the \$5,127.00.

The Court awards Exquisite Towing Roadside Assistance to Herman along with any assets or debts in its name.

#### **ALIMONY**

Herman is seeking alimony in the amount of \$1,000.00 per month.

NRS 125.150(1)(a) provides that in granting a divorce, the Court "[m]ay award such alimony to either spouse, in a specified principal sum or as specified periodic payments, as appears just and equitable." Alimony may be awarded to narrow the gap between the parties' respective financial circumstances after divorce and to help maintain the marital standard of living to the lower income spouse. Kogod v. Cioffi-Kogod, 439 P.2d 397 (April 25, 2019) citing Wright v. Osburn, 112 Nev, 1367, 970 P.2d 1071 (1998). His request is unreasonable and not supported by any of the evidence presented, especially in light of the fact his monthly income exceeds that of Nadine's income.

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In making a "just and equitable" determination, the Court is required to apply NRS 125.150(9) which provides as follows:

#### (a) The financial condition of each spouse;

The community has substantial debt of approximately \$248,229.00. Nadine and Herman will split this substantial debt. That debt includes vehicles, business debt, medical debt and personal debt. The assets are limited. A total of possibly four vehicles, personal and business bank accounts of an unknown accumulated value, and whatever furniture and personal effects are currently in their possessions. The Court did not receive competent evidence as to the furniture and personal effects in the possession of each party, nor their value.

Herman claimed he cannot pay his monthly bills and that he is deeply in debt. However, the Court calculated his monthly actual income of approximately \$9,547.00, plus the \$700.00 a month rent paid by his mother in law for a total of \$10,247.00. Herman's monthly expenses, pursuant to his FDF and testimony, equal approximately \$8,106.00. This leaves Herman with a balance of \$2,829.00. Nadine's balance after expenses is \$1,465.00. Herman has the superior financial position on a monthly basis.

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(b) The nature and value of the respective property of each spouse;

The Court did not receive evidence in regards to the value of furniture or personal belongs of each party. Therefore, the analysis is based on the evidence that was provided to the Court. In regards to physical property, Herman has property, consisting of vehicles, valued substantially higher than Nadine's property.

(c) The contribution of each spouse to any property held by the spouses pursuant to NRS 123.030;

This factor is not relevant.

(d) The duration of the marriage;

This is a marriage of almost seventeen (17) years.

(e) The income, earning capacity, age and health of each spouse

Herman and Nadine are both healthy. There is no reason why either party cannot continue to earn an income.

(f) The standard of living during the marriage;

There was little information concerning the standard of living during the marriage. However, the parties have amassed a significant debt of over \$200,000.00 that will be divided equally between them.

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(g) The career before the marriage of the spouse who would receive the alimony;

There was no evidence provided to the Court in regards to this factor.

(h) The existence of specialized education or training or the level of marketable skills attained by each spouse during the marriage;

There was no evidence that either party obtain specialized education or training during the marriage.

(i) The contribution of either spouse as homemaker;

The Court did not receive any competent, reliable evidence that either party sacrificed a career in order to stay at home.

(j) The award of property granted by the court in the divorce, other than child support and alimony, to the spouse who would receive the alimony; and

Herman will receive significantly more property than Nadine, subject to an equalization payment of the value of the three vehicles in his possession.

(k) The physical and mental condition of each party as it relates to the financial condition, health and ability to work of that spouse.

There is no evidence that either party suffers physical or mental impediments to maintaining their current careers.

The Court concludes that based upon the financial conditions of the party an award of alimony to Herman would not be fair and equitable.

THE COURT FINDS that Nadine is now and has been an actual bona fide resident of the State of Nevada and has been actually domiciled in the State of Nevada for more than six weeks immediately prior to the commencement of this action.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Nadine and Herman were married on March 2, 2004 and have since remained married. The parties have become, and continue to be, incompatible in marriage, and no reconciliation is possible.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Nadine shall assume, indemnify and hold Herman harmless from any debts and obligations in her individual names.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman shall assume, indemnify and hold Nadine harmless from any debts and obligations in his individual names.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Nadine shall retain any bank accounts or property in her individual name.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman shall retain any bank accounts or property in his individual name.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that neither party shall be awarded alimony.

Sunny Bailey DISTRICT JUDGE Family Division, Dept. I Las Vegas, NV 89101

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman will pay Nadine an asset equalization of one half the Bluebook value (for a private sale) of the 2015 Silverado, 2001 Chevy and the 2004 Silverado. Said sum is reduced to judgment with a stay of execution and interest contingent upon timely payment in the amount of \$150.00 a month due before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of each month commencing on April 15, 2021. If Herman fails to make a payment by the assigned monthly date, the stay on said sum is lifted and becomes immediately due and payable with any interest that has accrued.

equalization of \$3,500.00 for the sale of the rings. Said sum is reduced to judgment with a stay of execution and interest contingent upon timely payment in the amount of \$50.00 a month due before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of each month commencing on April 15, 2021. If Herman fails to make a payment by the assigned monthly date, the stay on said sum is lifted and becomes immediately due and payable with any interest that has accrued.

NOW, THEREFORE, based upon the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and good cause appearing therefore:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the bonds of matrimony now existing between the parties are hereby wholly dissolved, and an absolute Decree of Divorce is hereby granted to the parties, and each of the parties are hereby restored to the status of a single, unmarried person.

#### CHILD CUSTODY AND CHILD SUPPORT ORDER

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman and Nadine shall exercise Joint Legal Custody of the minor children and that the parties shall abide by the following joint legal custody provisions:

- A. The parties shall consult and cooperate with each other in substantial questions relating to religious upbringing, educational programs, significant changes in social environment, and health care of the child.
- B. The parties shall have access to medical and school records pertaining to the child and be permitted to independently consult with any and all professionals involved with the child.
- C. The parties shall participate in decisions regarding all schools attended, and all providers of child care of the parties' minor child.
- D. Each party shall be empowered to obtain emergency health care for the child without the consent of the other party. Each party is to notify the other party as soon as reasonably practicable of any illness requiring medical attention, or any emergency involving the child.
- E. Each party is to provide the other party, upon receipt, information concerning the well-being of the child, including, but not limited to, copies of report cards; school meeting notices; vacation

schedules; class programs; requests for conferences; results of standardized or diagnostic tests; notices of activities involving the child; samples of school work; order forms for school pictures; all communications from health care providers; the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all schools, health care providers, regular day care providers and counselors.

- F. Each party is to advise the other party of the school, athletic, and social events in which the child participates. Both parties may participate in activities for the child, such as open house, attendance at an athletic event, etc.
- G. Each party is to provide the other party with the address and telephone number at which the minor child resides, and to notify the other party prior to any change of address and provide the telephone number as soon as it is assigned.
- H. Each party is to provide the other party with a travel itinerary and, whenever reasonably possible, telephone numbers and addresses at which the child can be reached whenever the child will be away from the parties' home for a period of two (2) nights or more.
- I. Each party shall be entitled to reasonable telephone communication with the child. Each party is restrained from

unreasonably interfering with the child's right to privacy during such telephone conversation. Telephone conversations shall be initiated either by the child or parent and are to occur during reasonable household hours.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Nadine and Herman shall exercise

Joint Physical Custody of the minor children.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that due to the negligible disparity of income between the parties, the Court, pursuant to NAC 425.100, does not order child support.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman is responsible for one half of the amount for insurance provided by Nadine, or \$208.50, payable on the first of every month.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Nadine shall secure and pay for reunification counseling for Herman and Abigail and transition Abigail into the joint physical custody.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that reunification counseling will begin no less than thirty (30) days from the entry of this order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Abigail's timeshare will follow the recommendation of the reunification counselor until the time schedule matches the schedule for the other minor children (week on/week off), or June 1, 2021, whichever occurs first.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman III, Matthew and Elisha's (and Abigail's after June 1, 2021) timeshare shall be as follows: Week 1 (Nadine): Sunday 6:00 p.m. to the following Sunday 6:00 p.m. Week 2 (Herman): Sunday at 6:00 p.m. to the following Sunday 6:00 p.m. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the receiving parent shall provide the transportation for the child custody exchange. All exchanges are to occur in a mutually agreed upon public location. Should the parties not agree to a public location, exchanges will occur at Donna's House located at 601 N. Pecos, Las Vegas, NV. Upon request an order will be issued for the supervised exchanges with the parties equally dividing the costs. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that neither party shall make any negative comments about the other party. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the non-custodial parent shall have unsupervised daily communication with the minor children by phone or video each evening between 7:00 p.m. and 7:30 p.m. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the parties will follow the Department I Holiday Schedule outlined in Exhibit 1. 

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the parties shall utilize a parenting app which, absent an emergency, shall be the exclusive means of communication between the parties. The parties shall engage in polite, respectful communications concerning the minor children.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that all significant others shall remain in the background and shall not be allowed to interfere in communications between the parties. They shall not be permitted to participate in the kind of activities in which legal custody is required such as a health care appointment, a parent/teacher conference, etc. They shall, however, be permitted to attend public events such as a performance or school event. Neither parent may allow anyone else to share the title "mom," "mother," "mommy," "dad," "father," "daddy," or anything else similar.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Herman's monthly child support obligation comes to \$9.45 a month. The Court finds the disparity of income between the parties to be negligible and therefore, pursuant to NAC 425.100, the Court will not order child support.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that any unreimbursed medical, dental, optical, orthodontic or other health related expenses incurred for the minor child shall be divided equally between the parties. Either party incurring an out-of-pocket health care expense shall provide a copy of the paid invoice/receipt to the other party within 30 days of incurring such expense. If the

invoice/receipt is not tendered within the thirty day period, the Court may consider it as a waiver of reimbursement. The other party will then have 30 days from receipt within which to dispute the expense in writing or reimburse the incurring party for one-half of the expense. If not disputed or paid within the 30 day period, the party may be subject to a finding of contempt and appropriate sanctions.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that for the tax year 2020 forward,
Herman shall be entitled to claim as tax dependents Herman III and Elisha in
all years, and Nadine shall be entitled to claim as tax dependents Abigail and
Matthew. As each minor child emancipates, if one of the parties can claim
only one minor child while the other party claims two, then Herman shall be
entitled to claim Elisha as a tax dependent on even years and Nadine shall be
entitled to claim Elisha as a tax dependent on odd years. Once all the minor
children except Elisha emancipates, Herman shall be entitled to claim Elisha as
a tax dependent on even years and Nadine shall be entitled to claim Elisha as a
tax dependent on odd years.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the parties shall exchange their tax returns, together with all schedules and forms, no later than April 30 annually for the purpose of determining whether there has been a change in circumstance justifying revisiting the child support obligation.

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Sumny Bailey
DISTRICT JUDGE
Family Division, Dept. I
Las Vegas, NV 89101

#### STATUTORY NOTICES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to NRS 125C.0045(6):

PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDER: THE ABDUCTION, CONCEALMENT OR DETENTION OF A CHILD IN VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS PUNISHABLE AS A CATEGORY D FELONY AS PROVIDED IN NRS 193.130. NRS 200.359 provides that every person having a limited right of custody to a child or any parent having no right of custody to the child who willfully detains, conceals or removes the child from a parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a right of visitation of the child in violation of an order of this court, or removes the child from the jurisdiction of the court without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation is subject to being punished for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

### NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to NRS

25C.0045(7)(8): The terms of the Hague Convention of October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of the Hague Conference on Private International Law, apply if a parent abducts or wrongfully retains a child in a foreign country as follows:

If a parent of the child lives in a foreign country or has significant commitments in a foreign country:

(a) The parties may agree, and the court shall include in the order for custody of the child, that the United States is the country of habitual residence of the child for the purposes of applying the terms of the Hague Convention as set forth in subsection 7.

(b) Upon motion of one of the parties, the court may order the parent to post a bond if the court determines that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child outside the country of habitual residence. The bond must be in an amount determined by the court and may be used only to pay for the cost of locating the child and returning the child to his or her habitual residence if the child is wrongfully removed from or concealed outside the country of habitual residence. The fact that a parent has significant commitments in a foreign country does not create a presumption that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child.

# **NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that, pursuant to NRS 125C.0065:

- 1. If JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODY has been established pursuant to an order, judgment or decree of a court and one parent intends to relocate his or her residence to a place outside of this State or to a place within this State that is at such a distance that would substantially impair the ability of the other parent to maintain a meaningful relationship with the child, and the relocating parent desires to take the child with him or her, the relocating parent shall, before relocating:
- (a) Attempt to obtain the written consent of the non-relocating parent to relocate with the child; and
- (b) If the non-relocating parent refuses to give that consent, petition the court for primary physical custody for the purpose of relocating.
- 2. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the relocating parent if the court finds that the non-relocating parent refused to consent to the relocating parent's relocation with the child:
- (a) Without having reasonable grounds for such refusal; or
- (b) For the purpose of harassing the relocating parent.
- 3. A parent who relocates with a child pursuant to this section before the court enters an order granting the parent primary physical custody of the child and permission to relocate with the child is subject to the provisions of NRS 200.359.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the non-custodial parent may be subject to the withholding of wages and commissions for delinquent payments of support pursuant to NRS 31A.010, et. seq. and NRS 125.007.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that pursuant to NRS 125B.145, the parties may request a review of child support every three years, or at any time upon changed circumstances.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that both parties shall submit the information required by NRS125B.055, NRS 125.30 and NRS 125.230 on a separate form to the Court and to the Welfare Division of the Department of Human Resources within ten days from the date this Order is filed. Such information shall be maintained by the Clerk in a confidential manner and not part of the public record. The parties shall update the information filed with the Court and the Welfare Division of the Department of Human Resources within ten days should any of that information become inaccurate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that if you want to adjust the amount of child support established in this order, you MUST file a motion to modify the order with or submit a stipulation to the court. If a motion to modify the order is not filed or a stipulation is not submitted, the child support obligation established in this order will continue until such time as all children who are the subject of this order reach 18 years of age or, if the youngest child

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Surmy Bailey ISTRICT JUDGE

who is subject to this order is still in high school when he or she reaches 18 years of age, when the child graduates from high school or reaches 19 years of age, whichever comes first. Unless the parties agree otherwise in a stipulation, any modification made pursuant to a motion to modify the order will be effective as of the date the motion was filed.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that each party shall assume their own attorney fees and costs.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED Attorney Frank Toti shall file the Notice of Entry of Order of this Decision and Order.

Dated this 26th day of February, 2021

9B8 DD8 3F27 05F8 Sunny Bailey

Junta Ba

District Court Judge

**EXHIBIT 1** 

Sunny Bailey DISTRICT JUDGE Family Division, Dept. I Las Vegas NV 89101

### Eighth Judicial District Court Department I – Family Division Holiday and Vacation Plan

This schedule shall remain in effect unless: (1) the parties agree in writing, signed by both parties, to an alternate schedule; or (2) by subsequent order of the Court.

#### Precedence:

The *holiday* schedule shall take precedence over *vacation* periods; and *vacation* periods shall take precedence over regular timeshare periods. Where there is an overlap of conflicting holidays, the following priority shall prevail:

	Odd Year	Even Year
Overlap Precedent	DAD	MOM

#### Weekend Holidays

The parents will share weekend holidays based on the following schedule. The holiday weekend begins upon the release of school for the holiday period and continues until the morning school resumes following the holiday, at the first morning bell, unless otherwise noted. In the event that school is not in session, the following holiday time will begin on Friday at 3:00 p.m., and continue until 9:00 a.m., on the first weekday following the holiday.

Martin Luther King Day Weekend	Odd Year MOM	Even Year DAD
President's Day Weekend	DAD	MOM
Mother's Day Weekend	MOM	MOM
Memorial Day Weekend	MOM	DAD
Father's Day Weekend	DAD	DAD
Independence Day <sup>1</sup>	DAD	MOM
Labor Day Weekend	MOM	DAD
Nevada Admission Day Weekend	DAD	MOM
Halloween Day <sup>2</sup>	DAD	MOM
Veterans' Day Weekend <sup>3</sup>	MOM	DAD

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Independence Day will include the weekend if the holiday occurs on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday of any given year. In the event the holiday occurs on Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday, it will be treated as a one day holiday and shall begin at 9:00 a.m. on July 3<sup>rd</sup> and continue until July 5<sup>th</sup> at 9:00 a.m.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Halloween will be celebrated as a one day holiday, beginning upon the release of school, or 9:00 a.m., if school is not in session, and continuing until the next morning when school resumes or 9:00 a.m., if school is not is session.

#### Birthdays

The parents will share birthdays based on the schedule set forth below. The birthday schedule will begin after school on the birthday (or if school is not in session, at 9:00 a.m.) and continue until the morning following the birthday at 9:00 a.m., or when school begins, at the first morning bell, if school is in session, when the regular residential schedule will resume. The designated parent shall be entitled to have ALL of the parties' children in his/her care during the birthday period.

	Odd Year	Even Year
Children's Birthdays	MOM	DAD

# Easter/Spring Break

The parents will share the Easter/Spring Break based on the following schedule, with the holiday period to begin upon the release of school for the holiday period and continue until school resumes following the Spring Break at the first morning bell.

	Odd Year	Even Year
Easter/Spring Break	DAD	MOM

#### **Thanksgiving**

The parents will share the Thanksgiving Break based on the following schedule, with the holiday period to begin upon the release of school before Thanksgiving and shall continue until school resumes following the holiday.

	Odd Year	Even Year
Thanksgiving Break	MOM	DAD

#### Winter Break

The Winter Break holiday period will be divided into two segments based on the school calendar. Specifically, the first segment will begin on the day the school calendar releases for the break and shall continue until December 26<sup>th</sup> at 12:00 p.m. (noon), when the other parent's timeshare shall begin, to continue until school resumes following the Winter Break.

	Odd Year	Even Year
First Segment/Christmas	DAD	MOM
Second Segment/New Year's	MOM	DAD

## Religious Holidays

When parents do not share the same religious beliefs, each parent shall have the right to provide religious instruction of their choosing to the child(ren). When both parents are of the same faith, both parents shall have the opportunity to enjoy the right to celebrate a religious holiday with the child(ren) on an alternating year basis. The following sample religious holiday schedules are intended to provide examples of shared holiday schedules

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Veterans' Day will include the weekend if it is attached to a weekend holiday period. In the event the holiday is celebrated as a one-day holiday by the school district, it shall begin at 9:00 a.m. on November 11<sup>th</sup> and continue until November 12<sup>th</sup> at 9:00 a.m. In the event the school district does not provide a release from school for Veterans' Day, neither party shall be entitled to a variance from the regular timeshare for this holiday period.

for religious holidays and apply only if one or both parents have traditionally celebrated such holidays with the parties' child(ren):

## Sample Jewish Holiday

The following holidays begin upon the release of school before the holiday period, or if school is not in session at 3:00 p.m., and continue as designated until school resumes the day after the holiday period, or if school is not in session at 9:00 a.m.:

Passover [1 <sup>st</sup> two nights]	Odd Year DAD	Even Year MOM
Rosh Hashanah [2 day holiday]	MOM	DAD
Yom Kippur [One day holiday]	DAD	MOM
Purim [One day holiday]	MOM	DAD
Sukkot [1st two nights]	DAD	MOM
Hanukkah [1st two nights]	MOM	DAD

## Sample Baha'i Holy Days and Commemorative Days

The following holidays, when work is to be suspended, begin upon the release of school before the holiday period, or if school is not in session at 3:00 p.m., and continue as designated until school resumes the day after the holiday period, or if school is not in session at 9:00 a.m.:

Naw-Ruz	Odd Year DAD	Even Year MOM
March 21		
Festival of Ridvan April 21	MOM	DAD
Declaration of the Bab	DAD	MOM
May 23		
Ascension of Baha'u'Ilah	MOM	DAD
May 29		
Martyrdom of Bab July 9	DAD	MOM
Birth of the Bab	MOM	DAD
October 20		
Birth of Baha'u'llah	DAD	MOM
November 12		

#### Summer/Track Vacation

Each parent shall have on fourteen (14) day uninterrupted summer timeshare with the child(ren) per year during the period of summer or track release for the Clark County School District. The fourteen (14) day period may not be added to regular timeshare dates

to extend a parent's summer vacation beyond fourteen (14) days without the written consent of the other party.

The parent with selection priority shall provide notice of his/her summer vacation dates in writing via email by March 1<sup>st</sup> with the other parent providing notice of her/his summer vacation dates in writing via email by March 15<sup>th</sup>. Track vacation dates must be designated at least thirty (30) days before the track break begins. Failure to provide notice of summer/track vacation dates by deadline provided shall constitute a waiver of priority and the other party shall have the right to provide written notice of his/her summer/track vacations dates, which shall take precedence for that year only. If a party does not provide written notice of his or her vacation dates by May 1<sup>st</sup>, that party shall have waived his/her right to exercise a vacation period for that year only.

	Odd Year	Even Year
Vacation Selection Priority	DAD	MOM

#### Year-Round School

In the event the parties' child(ren) attend year round school, the regular timeshare shall continue during all track breaks unless: (1) either party has designated a vacation period, as set forth above, or (2) otherwise agreed in a writing signed by both parties.

# In-Service/Professional Development Days

Undesignated school holidays shall follow the parties' regular timeshare schedule. However, in the event an in-service day is attached to a weekend or other holiday period, the undesignated holiday shall attach to the weekend or other holiday period and the parent assigned the weekend or holiday period (including any undesignated period) until school resumes following the weekend or other holiday period, at the first morning bell.

# **Transportation**

The receiving parent shall be responsible for providing transportation, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

Sunny Bailey STRICT JUDGE

1 **CSERV** 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 Nadine Alecia Williams, Plaintiff | CASE NO: d-19-586291-d 6 DEPT. NO. Department I 7 VS. Herman George Williams, 8 Defendant. 9 10 AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 11 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District 12 Court. The foregoing Decision and Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system 13 to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below: 14 Service Date: 2/26/2021 15 Frank Toti frank@fitesq.com 16 Kenneth Robbins, Esq. FamilyFirst@HalfPriceLawyers.com 17 David Barragan david@fjtesq.com 18 19 If indicated below, a copy of the above mentioned filings were also served by mail via United States Postal Service, postage prepaid, to the parties listed below at their last 20 known addresses on 3/1/2021 21 9205 W Russell RD STE 240 Kenneth Robbins 22 Las Vegas, NV, 89148 23 24 25 26

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KENNY ROBBINS, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 13572

JASON ONELLO, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 14411

ROBBINS & ONELLO

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(702) 442-9971 (Fax)

Email: staff@onellolaw.com

Attorney for *Defendant* 

# DISTRICT COURT - FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

NADINE ALECIA WILLIAMS

Plaintiff,

13 || v

HERMAN GEORGE WILLIAMS

Defendant.

Case No.: **D-19-586291-D** 

Dept. No.: I

Oral Argument Requested:

\_\_\_x\_\_\_ Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No

NOTICE: YOU ARE REQUIRED TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THIS MOTION WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT AND TO PROVIDE THE UNDERSIGNED WITH A COPY OF YOUR RESPONSE WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION. FAILURE TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION MAY RESULT IN THE REQUESTED RELIEF BEING GRANTED BY THE COURT WITHOUT HEARING PRIOR TO THE SCHEDULED HEARING DATE.

DEFENDANT'S EDCR 5.513 MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION OF THE

DECISION AND ORDER ENTERED FEBRUARY 9, 2021, OR IN THE

ALTERNATIVE FOR A NEW TRIAL PURSUANT TO NRCP 59, OR

[ADDITIONALLY] IN THE ALTERNATIVE RELIEF FROM A JUDGMENT,

AND FOR ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS.

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Case Number: D-19-586291-D

COMES NOW, HERMAN GEORGE WILLIAMS by and through his attorney, KENNETH ROBBINS, ESQ., of ROBBINS & ONELLO, LLP and submits this Motion for Reconsideration.

This Motion is based upon all of the papers and pleadings on file herein, the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities, submitted herewith, and any argument which may adduced at the time of hearing.

DATED this 15<sup>th</sup> day of April, 2021.

# **ROBBINS & ONELLO**

/s/ Jason Onello, Esq.

JASON ONELLO, ESQ.

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Attorney for *Defendant* 

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

#### I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Plaintiff, Nadine Williams ("Nadine"), and Defendant, Herman Williams ("Herman") were married March 2, 2004 in New York. The parties relocated to Clark County, NV in approximately 2015. The parties have four (4) minor children: Abigail (16), Herman III (12), Matthew (11), and Elisha (7). The Court held an evidentiary hearing on February 11, 2021 to resolve the following issues: (1) Custody (2) Assets and Debts (3) Child Support (4) Alimony and (5) Attorney Fees. William brings this motion requesting reconsideration of Orders that pertain to physical custody (specifically - presumptions that William believes should have been applied), reconsideration of marital property distribution (primarily "rings and student loans"), and child support calculation if the Court determines that custody shall be reconsidered.

# 1) Custody

Herman requested primary custody of the boys (Herman, Matthew and Elisha) at trial, based on a presumption derived from the domestic violence statute. As the Court found, on one occasion, Nadine had grabbed Phyllis, the maternal grandmother, by the throat in February 2019 during an argument;<sup>1</sup> Nadine did not deny the same. The children were also present during the altercation. Phyllis also witnessed Nadine strike Abigail with a piece of PVC pipe and cut her forehead, which is in the record. The CPS records corroborated this testimony. Both Phyllis and William testified to the incident

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See "Decision and Order" filed February 26, 2021; ¶ 53.

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Court also noted that the child interviews revealed further physical discipline using extension cords, gauge wires, belts, rubber insulation and a pipe. This discipline leaves marks or in the case of the pipe, a scar.<sup>2</sup>

and CPS records and the court did not find that their testimony was not credible. The

The Court concluded that Phyllis (Nadine's mother) was credible in her testimony.<sup>3</sup> The Court found no "future likelihood" of injury on the basis that no incidents of physical discipline occurred after its temporary custody order, but the PVC incident goes beyond "discipline." The Court concluded that the evidence supports a finding that the incident with Phyllis was a onetime occurrence and is not likely to happen again, but did not consider other incidents that occurred with Nadine and the severity of those incidents; specifically, Phyllis testified that Nadine had injured the children more than once. The Court concluded that by substantial evidence, clear and convincing evidence had demonstrated that Nadine committed two (2) acts of Domestic Violence, but that the FMC interviews proved that Nadine no longer used corporal punishment. William objects to this finding on the basis that the FMC interviews were not admitted into evidence and not for consideration by the Court in reaching its Additionally, William believes that the several incidents of Domestic decision. Violence show that there is a higher likelihood of future injury. As a result, William believes that the presumption against her, had not been rebutted by Nadine. William

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See "Decision and Order" filed February 26, 2021; ¶ 56.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See "Decision and Order" filled February 26, 2021; page 18; lines 27-28.

requests that this Court order that he be awarded primary physical custody of the parties' three (3) sons on the schedule requested by Herman and that the party file updated Financial Disclosure Forms to recalculate child support pursuant to the formulas found in NAC 425.

# 2) Assets / Debts - Rings, Student Debt & Herman's Medical Bills.

Regarding the wedding rings, the Court found that Nadine filed a police report regarding two (2) rings being stolen from the house, which Nadine valued at \$3,500.00 each. The police investigated and discovered that Herman had pawned the two (2) rings.<sup>4</sup> As a result, the Court ordered that Herman pay Nadine \$7,000.00 for the value of the rings. Nadine never laid any foundation as to how she calculated the value of the rings, nor is she an expert for purposes of valuing the rings. For this reason, Herman believes that the Court should allow Herman to provide evidence of what amounts Herman actually received in return for the rings and reduce the offset by that amount.

Additionally, the Court concluded that Nadine's \$76,195.00 debt in student loans was community property, rather than Nadine's separate property, which prevailing case law indicates should "go with the Degree," so to speak. As a result, the Court ordered Herman to take his medical bills through Dignity Health (approximately \$75,627.30) as his separate debt to offset the student loan debt. Herman requests that this Court specifically reconsider that order and divide his medical debt equally amongst the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See "Decision and Order" filed February 26, 2021; ¶ 28.

<sup>5</sup> See "Decision and Order" filed February 26, 2021; Page 27; lines 20-28.

<sup>6</sup> See "Decision and Order" filed February 26, 2021; ¶ 24.

parties, labeled as "community debt," and that Nadine take her student loans as her separate debt.

In conclusion, Herman asks that the Court (1) permit admission of additional evidence of what he received for the two rings and reduce the award to Nadine accordingly, (2) award Nadine's student loans as her sole and separate debt, and (3) reallocate the asset/debt division with one-half of the Dignity Health Medical bills to be allocated to Nadine's side of the equation.

# 3) Incomes (For Child Support and Alimony Rulings)

The Court found that there was not a substantial disparity of income based on the testimony and FDF's.<sup>5</sup> As a result, child support was set at zero dollars and Herman was ordered to pay \$208.50 per month for purposes of health insurance provided by Nadine.

Nadine's FDF showed her income as \$159265.55 for 2019 but Nadine filed an updated FDF before trial that showed drastically reduced income, supported by some pay stubs. Herman filed an FDF that showed he earned \$5,666.00, but also showed that he earned \$11,300.00<sup>6</sup> and the Court acknowledged that Herman had incorrectly prepared his FDF.<sup>7</sup> A review of the FDF shows that the Court was correct and that Herman wrote "\$11,000.00" by combining "annual salary" and "hourly wage." Herman's testimony, as found by the Court, showed that he is not paid hourly, but is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See "Decision and Order" filed February 26, 2021; Page 31; lines 11-16.

paid "per job," so obviously Herman is not an "hourly employee" and this was just a typo. Herman wishes the court to reconsider his income calculation and to use his salary of \$5,666.66 for purposes of calculating child support and alimony. Herman also believes that the Court should use Nadine's 2019 income for purposes of calculating support because Nadine's testimony regarding her financials was not credible.

# II.

# **LEGAL ARGUMENT**

# A. THE COURT MAY RECONSIDER ITS DECISION AND ORDER, AS THIS MOTION WAS TIMELY FILED

EDCR 5.513(a) provides:

A party seeking reconsideration and/or rehearing of a ruling (other than an order that may be addressed by motion pursuant to NRCP 50(b), 52(b), 59, or 60), must file a motion for such relief not later than 14 days after service of notice of entry of the order unless the time is shortened or enlarged by order. When the period is stated in days or a longer unit of time:

- (A) exclude the day of the event that triggers the period;
- (B) count every day, including intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays; and

(C) include the last day of the period, but if the last day is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the period continues to run until the end of the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

If a motion for reconsideration and/or rehearing is granted, the court may make a final disposition without hearing, may set it for hearing or resubmission, or may make such other orders as are deemed appropriate under the circumstances. EDCR 5.513(b)

A district court may reconsider a previously decided issue if substantially different evidence is subsequently introduced or if the prior decision was clearly erroneous. *Masonry & Tile Contractors Ass'n of Southc~m Nevada v. Jolley, Urga & Wirth, Ltd.*, 113 Nev. 737 (1976); *Moore v. City of Las Vegas*, 92 Nev. 402, 404 (1976). Points or contentions not raised in the first instance cannot be maintained or considered on rehearing. *Achrem v. Expressway Plaza, Ltd. P'ship*. 112 Nev. 737, 742 (1996). Further, a motion for reconsideration will be granted if "the District Court is presented with newly discovered evidence, committed clear error, or if there is an intervening change in the controlling law." *Kona Enterprises, Inc. v. Estate of Bishop*. 229 F.3d 877, 890 (9th Cir. 2000).

On a party's motion filed no later than 28 days after service of written notice of entry of judgment, the court may amend its findings — or make additional findings — and may amend the judgment accordingly. The time for filing the motion cannot be extended under Rule 6(b). The motion may accompany a motion for a new trial under

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Rule 59. A party may later question the sufficiency of the evidence supporting the findings, whether or not the party requested findings, objected to them, moved to amend them, or moved for partial findings. NRCP 52(a)(5)

This motion was timely filed, as the Decision was entered on April 1, 2021.

This Court has the ability to modify its orders, if in agreement with Herman's position, or at least clarify its basis for making those orders in its Decision. Herman is requesting that the Court reconsider the custody ruling based on the non-admission of the child interviews on the date of trial and on the basis that the evidence was not clear and convincing that the presumption was rebutted. Herman requests that the assets/debts allocation be reallocated to assign Nadine the entirety of the student debt and that the value of the rings be reduced to what he sold them for, rather than the "estimated value" provided by Nadine. Additionally, Herman requests that the Court reconsider the domestic support calculations based upon the Court's finding that Herman incorrectly filled out his FDF and that his gross income is only \$5,666.67 per month.

i. Student Debt is Separate Debt Unless Evidence Supports Otherwise;
 Nadine Provided No Evidence as to "Why" the Student Loans Should
 be Born Equally.

An educational degree, such as a law degree, is not marital property subject to division. Stevens v. Stevens (1986), 23 Ohio St.3d 115, syllabus." *Webb v. Webb*, No. CA97-09-167, at \*1 (Ohio Ct. App. Nov. 30, 1998) The degree and the future earning

capacity arising from the degree, however, may be considered only when determining the amount and length of spousal support to be granted in a given case. Id. *Webb v. Webb*, No. CA97-09-167, at \*1 (Ohio Ct. App. Nov. 30, 1998) Historically, student-loan debt incurred during the marriage was often treated differently from other marital debt because of its unique nature [*See* Turner, *Division of Student Loans in Divorce Cases*, 13 No. 3 Divorce Litig. 52 (2001)] In Van Bussum v. Van Bussum (1987), 728 S.W.2d 538, the Court of Appeals of Kentucky held that loans incurred in pursuit of an educational debt are borne entirely by the spouse taking out the loans. The court reasoned that the party taking out the loans would reap the benefits of the loans by obtaining the degree. The court believed that the loans should be separate property because the degree is separate property. Id. at 539. *Webb v. Webb*, No. CA97-09-167, at \*1 (Ohio Ct. App. Nov. 30, 1998)

Here, Nadine will reap the benefits of the student loan going forward and no alimony has been awarded to Herman; thus, Nadine should have to bear the entire cost of her student loans. As a result, the Court should reallocate the amount his medical bills equally and order that Nadine take her student loans as her sole and separate property.

ii. Nadine Did Not Rebut the Presumption Against Her for Committing Domestic Violence on Multiple Occasions.

Pursuant to NRS 125C.230(1), except as otherwise provided in NRS 125C.210 and 125C.220, a determination by the court after an evidentiary hearing and finding by clear and convincing evidence that either parent or any other person seeking custody of a child has engaged in one or more acts of domestic violence against the child, a parent of the child or any other person residing with the child creates a rebuttable presumption that sole or joint custody of the child by the perpetrator of the domestic violence is not in the best interest of the child. Upon making such a determination, the court shall set forth:

- (a) Findings of fact that support the determination that one or more acts of domestic violence occurred; and
- (b) Findings that the custody or visitation arrangement ordered by the court adequately protects the child and the parent or other victim of domestic violence who resided with the child.

Additionally, NRS 125C.230(2) provides:

If after an evidentiary hearing held pursuant to subsection 1 the court determines that more than one party has engaged in acts of domestic violence, it shall, if possible, determine which person was the primary physical aggressor. In determining which party was the primary physical aggressor for the purposes of this section, the court shall consider:

(a) All prior acts of domestic violence involving any of the parties;

- (b) The relative severity of the injuries, if any, inflicted upon the persons involved in those prior acts of domestic violence;
  - (c) The likelihood of future injury;
- (d) Whether, during the prior acts, one of the parties acted in self-defense; and
  - (e) Any other factors that the court deems relevant to the determination.

The Court conducted a NRS 125C.230(2) analysis which applies if there is a question as to the "primary aggressor," but none of these incidents involved Herman and there was no question as to whether Nadine was the primary aggressor; the Court found expressly that Nadine committed domestic violence. The Court found that the child interviews provided the rebuttal to the presumption, but the child interviews were never admitted into evidence. As such, Nadine could no have rebutted the presumption and given the Court's findings regarding domestic violence, the presumption certainly applies.

# Rule 59. New Trials; Amendment of Judgments

# (a) In General.

- (1) **Grounds for New Trial.** The court may, on motion, grant a new trial on all or some of the issues and to any party for any of the following causes or grounds materially affecting the substantial rights of the moving party:
- (A) irregularity in the proceedings of the court, jury, master, or adverse party or in any order of the court or master, or any abuse of discretion by which either party was prevented from having a fair trial;
  - (B) misconduct of the jury or prevailing party;
- (C) accident or surprise that ordinary prudence could not have guarded against;
- (D) newly discovered evidence material for the party making the motion that the party could not, with reasonable diligence, have discovered and produced at the trial;

. . .

- (2) **Further Action After a Nonjury Trial.** On a motion for a new trial in an action tried without a jury, the court may open the judgment if one has been entered, take additional testimony, amend findings of fact and conclusions of law or make new findings and conclusions, and direct the entry of a new judgment.
- (b) **Time to File a Motion for a New Trial.** A motion for a new trial must be filed no later than 28 days after service of written notice of entry of judgment.
- (c) **Time to Serve Affidavits.** When a motion for a new trial is based on affidavits, they must be filed with the motion. The opposing party has 14 days after being served to file opposing affidavits. The court may permit reply affidavits.
- (d) New Trial on the Court's Initiative or for Reasons Not in the Motion. No later than 28 days after service of written notice of entry of judgment, the court, on its own, may issue an order to show cause why a new trial should not be granted for any reason that would justify granting one on a party's motion. After giving the parties notice and the opportunity to be heard, the court may grant a party's timely motion for a new trial for a reason not stated in the motion. In either event, the court must specify the reasons in its order.
- (e) **Motion to Alter or Amend a Judgment.** A motion to alter or amend a judgment must be filed no later than 28 days after service of written notice of entry of judgment.
- (f) **No Extensions of Time.** The 28-day time periods specified in this rule cannot be extended under Rule 6(b).

[Amended; effective March 1, 2019.]

The Court indisputably can order a new trial to take additional evidence; the Court can even take some testimony pursuant to NRCP 59(a)(2) and amend its judgment. Herman requests that if the Court reconsiders its custodial orders, the Court should take new FDF's from the parties for purposes of determining the parties' current income and recalculate child support pursuant to NAC 425.

# III.

# **CONCLUSION**

HERMAN WILLIAMS requests the following relief at the hearing on this matter:

- 1. The Court reconsider its custodial orders and award Herman primary physical custody of the three (3) sons because the child interviews were not admitted into evidence and not considerable for purposes of trial, thus the presumption against Nadine was not rebutted.
- 2. The Court reconsider its orders regarding asset / debt allocation and order that Nadine take her student loans as her separate debt, thereby reallocating one-half of Herman's medical debts to Nadine.
- 3. The Court reconsider its order regarding income of the parties and take new evidence (FDF's) to determine appropriate support orders.

DATED this 15th day of April 2021

# **ROBBINS & ONELLO**

/s/ Jason Onello, Esq.

JASON ONELLO, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 14411

9205 W. Russel Rd., Suite 240

Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

(702) 608-2331 (Phone)

(702) 442-9971 (Fax)

Email: staff@onellolaw.com

Attorney for *Defendant* 

# **DECLARATION OF HERMAN WILLIAMS**

- I, Herman Williams, declare that I am competent to testify to the facts contained in the preceding filing.
- 2. I have read the preceding document, and I have personal knowledge of the facts contained therein, unless stated otherwise. Further, the factual averments contained therein are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, except those matters based on information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.
- 3. The factual averments contained in the preceding filing are incorporated herein as if set forth in full.

I declare under penalty of perjury, under the laws of the State of Nevada and the United States (NRS 53.045 and 28 USC § 1746), that the foregoing is true and correct.

EXECUTED 4/15/2021

Her mill
ID RHXWFJ6jKJ5iTqpR1LZog393

Herman Williams

# eSignature Details

Signer ID: Signed by: Sent to email: IP Address: Signed at: RHXwFJ6jKJ5iTqpR1LZog393 Herman Williams hermanwilliams052@gmail.com 172.58.75.6 Apr 15 2021, 4:33 pm PDT

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that service of the foregoing document:

was

# DEFENDANT'S EDCR 5.513 MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION OF THE DECISION AND ORDER ENTERED FEBRUARY 9, 2021, OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE FOR A NEW TRIAL PURSUANT TO NRCP 59, OR [ADDITIONALLY] IN THE ALTERNATIVE RELIEF FROM A JUDGMENT, AND FOR ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS.

made this 15 <sup>th</sup> day of April 2021, by:
_X_ depositing a copy of the same in the U.S. Mails at Las Vegas, Nevada,
postage prepaid, addressed to:
Nadine Alecia Williams 284 Harpers Ferry AVE Las Vegas NV 89148
facsimile to the party, or counsel for party at the following facsimile
address:
x electronic service through the Notice of Electronic Filling automatically
generated by the Court's facilities to those parties listed on the Master Calendar
Service List as follows:
David Barragan – david@fjtesq.com
Frank Toti – frank@fjtesq.com

/s/ Nicole Fasulo
An Employee of ROBBINS & ONELLO

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١	ORDR
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1	6900 Westcliff Drive #500 Las Vegas Nevada 89145 p 702.364.1604 f 702.364.1603 Attorney for N. Williams

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY NEVADA

NADINE WILLIAMS

Case D 19 586291 D Dept I

Plaintiff,

**Family Court** 

V

HERMAN GEORGE WILLIAMS

Defendant

# ORDER

This matter, having come on before the Court on this the tenth day of June, 2021, Plaintiff, Nadine Williams, appearing and represented by Frank J Toti Esquire (Plaintiff and Mr. Toti appearing via video conferencing) and Defendant, Herman Williams, appearing and represented by Kenneth M. Robbins (Defendant and Mr. Robbins appearing via video conferencing); the Court having reviewed the pleadings and papers previously on file herein, having considered the arguments of counsel and good cause appearing therefore:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration of the Decision and Order is denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Plaintiff's Countermotion for Alternative Relief as to the Passports is also denied. Plaintiff will need to file a separate motion if Defendant will not sign off on the documents so the minor children can have their passports renewed.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that neither party shall be awarded attorney's fees.

Status check date of July 1, 2021 is hereby vacated and the case closed.

Dated this 30th day of June, 2021

**74B FE2 D7BF 5AFA Sunny Bailey District Court Judge** 

Approved as to form and content by:

Kenneth M. Robbins

KENNETH M. ROBBINS 013572 732 South Sixth Street #100 Las Vegas Nevada 89101 Attorney for G. Williams

# eSignature Details

rxhZv1QbwCokCYnHvbWrx8Rr Kenny Robbins kenny@robbinsandonellolaw.com 174.71.230.114 Jun 30 2021, 3:47 pm PDT Signer ID: Signed by: Sent to email: IP Address: Signed at:

1 **CSERV** 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 CASE NO: D-19-586291-D Nadine Alecia Williams, Plaintiff 6 VS. DEPT. NO. Department I 7 Herman George Williams, 8 Defendant. 9 10 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 11 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District 12 Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all 13 recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below: 14 Service Date: 6/30/2021 15 F Peter James peter@peterjameslaw.com 16 Frank Toti frank@fjtesq.com 17 Marina Valdez Marina@fjtesq.com 18 April Schultz April@PeterJamesLaw.com 19 Eservice Email Eservice@robbinsandonellolaw.com 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

Electronically Filed 7/12/2021 8:24 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

NEO FRANK J TOTI 005804 6900 Westcliff Drive #500 Las Vegas Nevada 89145 p 702.364.1604 f 702.364.1603 frank@fitesq.com Attorney for Plaintiff

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# DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

NADINE WILLIAMS,

Plaintiff,

V

HERMAN GEORGE WILLIAMS,

Defendant.

Case No. D-19-586291-D

Dept No. I

# NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER

**PLEASE TAKE NOTICE** that an **ORDER** was entered in the above-entitled action on the 30<sup>th</sup> day of JUNE, 2021via the Court's E-Filing System and that a true and correct copy of this NEO and the Order was sent as follows:

Kenneth Robbins familyfirst@halfpricelawyers.com

Peter James peter@peterjameslaw.com

/S/FRANK J TOTI FRANK J. TOTI, ESQ. 005804 6900 Westcliff Drive #500 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145

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# **ELECTRONICALLY SERVED** 6/30/2021 3:58 PM

Electronically Filed

ÑK J TOTI 005804 900 Westcliff Drive #500 Vegas Nevada 89145 702.364.1604 f 702.364.1603 Attorney for N. Williams

> DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY NEVADA

NADINE WILLIAMS

D 19 586291 D Case Dept

Plaintiff,

Family Court

HERMAN GEORGE WILLIAMS

Defendant

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# ORDER

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IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration of the Decision and Order is denied.

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Dated this 30th day of June, 2021

74B FE2 D7BF 5AFA Sunny Bailey District Court Judge

Approved as to form and content by:

Kenneth M. Robbins

KENNETH M. ROBBINS 013572 732 South Sixth Street #100 Las Vegas Nevada 89101 Attorney for G. Williams

FRANK J TOTI 005804 6900 Westcliff Drive #500 Las Vegas Nevada 89145 Attorney for N. Williams

# eSignature Details

Signer ID: Signed by: Sent to email: IP Address: Signed at:

rxhZv1QbwCokCYnHvbWrx8Rr Kenny Robbins kenny@robbinsandonellolaw.com 174.71.230.114 Jun 30 2021, 3:47 pm PDT