## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

Electronically Filed Nov 03 2022 03:22 PM Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

ROBERT BROWN, JR., Appellant(s),

VS.

THE STATE OF NEVADA, Respondent(s),

Case No: C-14-299234-1

Docket No: 85061

# RECORD ON APPEAL VOLUME 4

ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT
ROBERT BROWN, JR. # 6006120,
PROPER PERSON
330 S. CASINO CENTER BLVD.
LAS VEGAS, NV 89101

ATTORNEY FOR RESPONDENT STEVEN B. WOLFSON, DISTRICT ATTORNEY 200 LEWIS AVE. LAS VEGAS, NV 89155-2212

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1 **RTRAN** 2 3 4 5 DISTRICT COURT 6 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 7 8 9 CASE NO.: C-14-299234-1 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 DEPT. IX Plaintiff, 11 VS. TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 12 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 13 Defendant. 14 15 BEFORE THE HONORABLE JENNIFER P. TOGLIATTI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 16 THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 2017 17 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT RE: 18 DEFENDANT'S PRO PER MOTION FOR A BILL OF PARTICULARS/ CALENDAR CALL 19 APPEARANCES: 20 For the State: RICHARD SCOW, ESQ. 21 COLLEEN BAHARAV, ESQ. **Deputy District Attorneys** 22 For the Defendant: PRO SE/JENNIFER WALDO, ESQ. 23 (Standby Counsel) 24 Also Present: ALBERTO FUENTES - INVESTIGATOR 25 RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISON, COURT RECORDER

1

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Thursday, March 9, 2017 at 11:12 a.m.
2	
3	THE COURT: Robert Brown, C299234-1. He's present in custody. This is
4	on calendar for calendar call and Defendant's pro per motion for a bill of particulars.
5	Ms. Waldo, you're standing in for Ms. Gregory? Remind me, are you
6	250 certified?
7	MS. WALDO: No, neither one of us are.
8	THE COURT: Okay. I just was – I know Ms. Gregory isn't, but – so couple
9	things, first is the motion for bill of particulars, then the Defendant has a motion to
10	continue the trial I guess somewhere?
11	MS. WALDO: Yes, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Is that set for something?
13	MR. SCOW: It's set for March 28 <sup>th</sup> . It was recently filed.
14	THE COURT: Did you get a copy of it?
15	MR. SCOW: Yes.
16	THE COURT: So why don't we address your motion to continue since this is
17	the time set for calendar call.
18	THE DEFENDANT: I don't have anything new to add to it. I can say that
19	much. I think it – it speaks for itself.
20	THE COURT: Well let me ask you this
21	THE DEFENDANT: I don't have no discovery.
22	THE COURT: well let me ask you this. Let me ask you this. You take
23	issue with the Court's standby counsel. I mean you've taken issue with every
24	counsel you've ever had in this case, agreed?
25	THE DEFENDANT: Agreed.

THE COURT: Okay. So let me ask you this, pointing out – first of all, you're not entitled to an attorney of your choosing. That's not the way it works. I'm not entitled to give you an attorney of your choosing. I have three panel attorneys, and an attorney with the county that has a list of attorneys that he sends out. You don't get to pick one, and neither do I. But in any event, nobody that's appointed to your case is going to agree with – and I can't recall how you phrase it, your religious law I believe is the language you use. And so, you know, known only to you and the parameters of which are not always easily to understand, but nothing is going to require that person to litigate your case. Standby counsel is there to ask questions. And quite frankly, interestingly to me, it seemed like you objected to having standby counsel at all. Now you're objecting as to who the standby counsel is, because my recollection is, you didn't want standby counsel, and you told me you didn't need standby counsel. If I'm wrong, you should correct me now.

THE DEFENDANT: No, you're definitely wrong.

THE COURT: Pardon me?

THE DEFENDANT: You're definitely wrong.

THE COURT: Okay, so you want standby counsel who's going to help you do what? I mean, what do you need them for that's – that is the problem with the person that you have?

THE DEFENDANT: For legal advice, for the research; that's primarily it.

THE COURT: Well, there are limitations when you're a standby counsel as to how much legal advice you can give. You know that right?

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: And so, let me ask you this, what is going to be the difference between having the person represent you that doesn't accept your religious law

 versus standby counsel?

THE DEFENDANT: Well, I don't know why you keep saying I'm attempting to have them accept my religious law. You're mistaken.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: That is not my intent.

THE COURT: All right.

THE DEFENDANT: I do have a right to put on a defense. I am pro se now, so they have that obligation; that's all I'm asking them to do, is to do their job --

THE COURT: Who has what obligation?

THE DEFENDANT: -- standby counsel would have an obligation -

THE COURT: To do what?

THE DEFENDANT: -- to do what's legal.

THE COURT: To do what's legal. And your position – that all the attorneys before that you have had in the past, none of them are capable of doing that. Is that what you're telling me? And you won't to pick your own person?

THE DEFENDANT: No, what's apparent from those other attorneys is that they did nothing basically for this case. The investigators and attorneys – I'm three years in, and they've done nothing. I've done more than all three of them combined; all three sets of attorneys, within the short time that I've been pro se. That's a fact. I don't know how –

THE COURT: Okay, but part of the – part of the problem is whether your requests and demands are reasonable. So, you know, when I appoint standby counsel, it's not their job to file motions on your behalf or drop everything and do legal research for you within your parameters. I mean that's part of the concern is I feel like I could get any lawyer, you know, who's top notch, and you'll never be

THE COURT: Pardon me.

25

MR. SCOW: Part of the reason it was continued from the last hearing to today was for a reply. I did never see a reply filed. So I just –

THE COURT: Did you file a reply?

THE DEFENDANT: No I didn't. The reason the reply wasn't filed was because counsel, Waldo I believe her name is, approached me at the last court date, and basically informed me of my right to file a reply to that, which I was unware of; at which time, I explained to her that I don't have any – any – any format as to how I'm supposed to reply, so I would need that; that was not given. She told me she would provide that to me, and that hasn't been done, so that's why I haven't replied.

THE COURT: What format are you referring to?

THE DEFENDANT: Just how the motion is supposed to be filed. You know, what case law, precedence I need to – I need to put in the motion itself.

THE COURT: You mean the reply? Because you already filed the motion, so – you mean the reply? What you're supposed to –

THE DEFENDANT: Reply to my bill of particulars.

THE COURT: Okay. So, the format. See format doesn't mean substance. Format means what's the title, what's the caption. Format has a different meaning to someone who practices law than what you said. What you said was case law, and those kinds of things. That's not format. And so she told you she would give you format and she didn't, you know, it should say reply to State's opposition, to the bill of particulars, motion for bill of particulars, and it has the caption; that's a format.

THE DEFENDANT: I was under the impression that she did understand despite your analogy of our conversation.

THE COURT: Well, it's not an analogy of a conversation. I'm simply saying

what a format is versus case law and argument. I'm not here to debate you all day. I'm just telling you what format means –

THE DEFENDANT: Okay -

THE COURT: -- to a normal person who does legal work.

THE DEFENDANT: -- okay, regardless it was not provided.

THE COURT: Okay. So Ms. Waldo, do you know what he's talking about?

MS. WALDO: Yes, Your Honor. What we discussed was the motion to continue trial, which we actually did provide him some language for that.

As far as the reply, I explained to him what a reply was, and I just basically – because he had indicated at the last hearing that he did have some lengthy argument. He did not ask – I do not recall him asking me to send him the format or a form of the reply. The only thing he asked me to send was the motion to continue information, which I did provide to his investigator. But by that point, it's my understanding he actually already filed the motion to continue.

THE COURT: So, Mr. Brown, she doesn't recall you asking her to give you – I mean it's not – it's not standby counsel's – if you direction or ask for a case or ask them to look at a particular case, but they don't research the law for a reply until you figure out what you want to say in your reply and tell them, could you pull this case, could you *Shepardize* that case. Whatever it is you're going to ask them for.

So I guess I'm – if I continue this for you to file a reply to your own motion, what is specifically that you would be looking for other than, you know, obviously you call it a reply and it has to have the caption. It's whatever response you wish to make to the State's – and it has to be confined to the State's opposition, meaning you can't go off into some new subject. It has to be related to the motion to the bill of particulars in the first place and their opposition. Those are your

limitations, but otherwise, you're free to make any argument and cite case law you think might be relevant or statute or anything else you wish to say in the reply. So what do you want to do?

THE DEFENDANT: Just orally argue it.

THE COURT: Today, you wish to go forward without the reply or are you asking me for a continuance to allow you to file a reply?

THE DEFENDANT: No, we can go forward now.

THE COURT: All right. I have, for the record, reviewed the motion and the State's opposition.

THE DEFENDANT: On page 8 of the State's opposition, they state: To require the State to provide a bill of particulars, there must be some prima fascia showing that the charging documents so vague or indefinite, the Defendant is left without any notice of what the State intends to prove at the time of trial.

The purpose of the bill of particulars is to enable the Defendant to prepare an adequate defense at the time of trial and not to enter the trial without any idea of what will be presented to the jury.

In my motion, I explained that, you know, the NRS code to Nevada's murder statute does not supply an element for the actor. It simply reads: Murder defined. Murder is the unlawful killing of a human being with malice or forethought, either expressed or implied.

Now, it's plainly evident, there's no element to the act or the State is just simply refusing to tell me what that element is. I gave a list as examples of how other states provide that element, either by using the term, in one, whoever, whosoever, a person, or a human. That's all I'm asking for is simply provide me what the element is. You can't – you can't use my name to supplant the actual

element of this crime that would be specific. The constitution forbids being specific in the first place. It has to be general speaking in general terms. So that's – that's simply the question there.

I would have problems formulating a defense if I don't know this because rights are attributed to different – different elements. A person has certain rights. A human has certain rights, and they're all different. I need to formulate a proper defense accordingly.

I'm asking that basic question now. If I need to give further example of what problems I will face, I will, but this is a simple question. There is no element there. What is the element?

MR. SCOW: And I'm - I'm prepared to say something if you'd like -

THE COURT: Wait until he's done. Are you done?

MR. SCOW: Are you asking me to say something right now?

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, I'm asking just to --

THE COURT: No. No, this isn't how it works. Argument, opposition, reply, ruling, done. That's how it's going to work. It's not the free exchange of ideas. It's not a high school legal class. So, when you're done arguing, I will hear from you in an opposition. Please don't pose hypotheticals to each other. If you choose to pose a hypothetical knowing you won't get an answer, you can argue that to me. Are you done?

THE DEFENDANT: So you say – if I'm done, does that mean I'm not going to be able to further argue?

THE COURT: That means your first argument on the motion when you're done, then the State presents their opposition, then you reply, then I make a ruling, and I don't debate it with you. Just like I wouldn't debate it with a lawyer. Nothing

personal against you. I don't – argument, argument, argument, ruling. Believe me, Ms. Hoffman does it all the time, and I won't let her do it, and I won't let you do it. So, when the time comes, and I rule, we'll be done. Are you finished with your argument on your motion?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm finished.

THE COURT: Okay. State, your argument on your opposition.

MR. SCOW: Yes, Judge. Our opposition indicates that we have charged the Defendant, Robert Brown, with the crimes of murder and all the other crimes, and he specifically takes issues with the murder statute and I think – I think his main issue is there is no actor or element for an actor in the murder definition, but what he doesn't notice in NRS 200.030 subsections 4 and 5; 4 says a person convicted of murder of the first degree is guilty of an A Felony. So that right there defines the actor of first-degree murder. And in subsection 5, says a person convicted of murder of the second degree is guilty of an A Felony and should be punished, and then the punishments for second-degree murder are set forth. So that -- the statute does define that a person can be charged with murder in subsection 3, that talks about the jury deliberations if they find a person guilty of murder, and they decide if it's first or second-degree.

So the statute is not vague. It defines that a person or, in ordinary terms, that's a human being, a person can be charged with murder. The person is the actor. A person is defined in 193.0205, and he is such a person that we have charged with murder, as well as all the other charges; that's the State's response.

THE COURT: Before he argues his reply, your position on his motion to continue the trial.

MR. SCOW: Since he is his own attorney at this point, pro se status, if he

doesn't have the discovery, I don't think that there is a way we could go to trial on our current trial date, so we don't oppose the motion to continue.

THE COURT: One moment please. One thing I don't see here in your fourpage motion to continue the trial is any representation as to how long you need to get ready. If you could address that first, and then address your reply on your motion, I would appreciate it.

THE DEFENDANT: I actually did address it in the motion.

THE COURT: Where is it? You talking about page 5 to 6, I mean page 4, lines 5 and 6; this system will not relent from the accused will not endeavor to suppose one to fix a time of readiness, is that it?

THE DEFENDANT: That's it.

THE COURT: Is that what you're referring to?

THE DEFENDANT: That's it.

THE COURT: I see.

THE DEFENDANT: I sent it to your address.

THE COURT: I'm going to have to fix a time for you I think, because I'm not going to endlessly have this go forward without an actual date for trial. You can't issue subpoenas and, you know, expect people to comply by a certain date if you don't have an actual trial date. So, any allowance you need to read the purchase law books. I – I honestly not going to engage in that. Your investigator is going to have to contact Mr. Christensen and determine what if any request is being made and what the expense is and then if he has an issue with it, you can bring it before the Court if it's not resolved.

As far as transcripts, I'm not just going to prepare one transcript. They should all be getting to you –

THE COURT: Which included what?

25

THE DEFENDANT: Which included half of my discovery and half of my books. At the time the Sergeant, by the name of Sergeant Williams told me I couldn't have all of my property, otherwise I would be sent to the North Tower and [unintelligible] my access to the legal kiosk would be restricted so I didn't want to do that; so she told me she would send my property back down to the property room, and then when I need it, I can re-submit a request for it to get that property; that's when a couple months later I did submit an another grievance — I mean another request, and that's when I found out that they were saying they lost my property.

THE COURT: Okay but in order to understand what property we're talking about –

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: -- when you say half my discovery, half by date? Half by -

THE DEFENDANT: Just by amount.

THE COURT: And so how do you know what you have and don't have?

THE DEFENDANT: I don't – that's why I'm asking for re-issuance of my entire discovery because I don't know what I have and don't have.

THE COURT: Any suggestions as to how this should be handled?

MR. SCOW: Yes, what I propose is that we can put on a disc or a USB drive and provide it to the investigator, and then he can go through whatever paperwork he has, what's on the disc and what's not in paper form, that he can print out for him. That to me is the most workable solution.

THE COURT: Can you bring a lap top in there and go through the discovery with him? Somebody?

MS. WALDO: You can, Your Honor. You just have to notify the detention center.

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): I imagine so. I've never tried, but I guess if the attorney says I can, yes I – my suggestion would be just to take the disc and just copy it all and take it to him, that way he could have everything.

THE COURT: Well I – I'm not doing it, so it's just a matter of what you –
THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): No, I think I would be more
comfortable then. I'm sure he would be too. Just get a hard copy of the whole file
and just give it to him after I copy it.

THE COURT: Can you give him that?

MR. SCOW: Yes. We'll give him the disc and he can -

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): And I will submit the bill to Drew Christensen.

THE COURT: Could you step forward please – so that you can speak into the microphone?

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): Yes. If they go ahead and give me the disc, I will go to UPS, have the copy it and bring Mr. Brown the entire file and therefore, I mean I can ask the – bill – give the receipt to Mr. Christensen, and we can go from there. Mr. Christensen is waiting for the outcome of this hearing anyway to see where we're going to go as far as the continuance goes because I am at the point where I'm going to be needing additional funds myself. So, there's several things that are at issue, once we decide – or you decide, Your Honor, what date we're going to continue this to.

And I just have just one question, if I may, now that I'm standing here because I'm a little confused.

We've issued several subpoenas in this particular case, some to the Las Vegas Police Metro Day Police – Metro Las Vegas Police, some to Nevada

Energy, some to the apartment complex where Mr. Brown resided, the scene of the crime, and none of them have responded until yesterday I got a call from the police department saying they were going to try and quash those subpoenas anyway. But the other folks that have been subpoenaed, I just have one question. They were all subpoenaed to respond by the 20<sup>th</sup> of March, which was our original trial date. Now obviously we are going to continue that, but my question is should these people have to reply any way by the original date on the subpoena than if they don't?

THE COURT: I don't give legal advice. He wants to represent himself, there she is. What a lawyer does when the subpoena is completely ignored by the recipient is one of the logistical problems when you choose to represent yourself and you're incarcerated. So he's just gonna have to work within you – discussing Ms. Waldo and/or Ms. Gregory what your legal options are, like an order to show cause. They can give you a template for that. They might be willing to make a phone call and say this is standby counsel for Mr. Brown. You can call the District Attorney if you don't believe us, but I'm going to have to do an order to show cause, when all you have to do is turn over the records for now. You can have those kinds of conversations that might be – not that they wouldn't listen to you but might be more effective from Ms. Waldo.

I have had occasions where just in an effort to get it done, the District Attorney will agree. You know, we all understand that people understand the language of the badge. Sometimes when they just are trying to get a Defendant to be ready to go to trial, even though they don't want anything to do with it, they'll do it. It just depends on the circumstances. So I guess you'll have to ask, Mr. Brown, who he would you to have assist whether that's the District Attorney. If not, because it's sensitive to the nature to his defense, to engage counsel to help you either prepare

an order to show cause or make a preliminary phone call because usually, you know, if you call legal counsel for a utility, and you – and they – you know, if you have some direction you won't be wasting a lot of time on who to speak to, but I – I'm prohibited from legal advice.

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): I just asked because I -

THE COURT: You're in a logistically difficult place.

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): -- Right.

THE COURT: So, you know, it doesn't require a significant amount of legal knowledge to – to have an attorney kind of advise you of what Mr. Brown's options are.

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): Well my only concern was – now – and I have talked to Ms. Waldo about it, and she's – well, you're going to have to reissue them.

THE COURT: Right.

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): Well that's just going to -

THE COURT: He needs the information now presumably though.

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): -- yeah, I mean we gotta get ready for trial. I mean they're just going to delay it now until we get another trial date, and then –

THE COURT: Look, look -

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): -- three months down the road, they may say; hey well we don't have to produce it until August or January, whatever.

THE COURT: -- I understand.

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): Yeah.

THE COURT: But usually if you put the magical language; you may produce

the requested documents in lieu of appearance -

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): I did.

THE COURT: -- then -

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): And then?

THE COURT: -- you still have to produce the documents, and they don't have to come down here. Usually they're happy to see that language, that's why I'm saying that Ms. Gregory or Ms. Waldo should be able to call legal counsel for these places and say; what are you doing? Do you really want us to have an order to show cause to ask that you be held in contempt when we really don't want to go down that road?

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): That's fine, Your Honor. I'm sure you'll be –

THE COURT: I mean it's not a threat, it's just a conversation.

MS. WALDO: Understood, Your Honor.

THE COURT: To avoid -

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): Now the police department also called me and told me they were going to try and quash these subpoenas.

THE COURT: Sure; that's what they always do.

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): Is that a legal thing that I have to deal with or the Court is going to deal with or Ms. Waldo is going to have to do it?

THE COURT: They put on a motion to quash the subpoena, then the Defendant will be brought over for it, and it's a legal thing the Defendant has to deal with.

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): Great. Thank you. Thank you very much.

THE COURT: Okay. So, Mr. Brown, you'll need to give your investigator some direction as to – you know, do you want him to ask Ms. Waldo or Ms. Gregory to contact legal counsel for these people and the subpoenas and the people who aren't complying or do you want to have him query the District Attorney and see if they could get it sooner rather than later and send their troops out if they'll agree. Sometimes they do it just because they want to have the case tried before they're in the Public Employee Retirement System. That's a conversation you're going to need to have with your investigator okay? Yes?

THE DEFENDANT: All right.

THE COURT: Next is your reply to your motion.

THE DEFENDANT: I'm a bit confused because the District Attorney is citing statutes and perimaterial to the murder statute, without addressing the fact that still the definition is lacking an actor. He also labeled the fact that it's a human being; now I'm really confused because a person and a human being are separate. A person can actually do something that a human being cannot do, that is at least in the eyes of the law and that is act as a legal fiction.

A legal fiction, I understand in some of the statutes and perimaterial to the murder statute has a reasonable person standard which is an objective standard, which a legal fiction can do, but a human being cannot do.

So, still – I'm happy – I would have problems attempting to put on a defense not knowing which person or human for that matter the State is using in this case.

THE COURT: Okay, the Court will issue a minute order with a ruling that will be mailed to the Defendant. The Court will be mailing to the Defendant – I won't, but my staff will, transcripts as they are completed, and that will be a working progress,

 and we will endeavor to have those done well in advance of trial.

I need to know who to talk to at the jail regarding his housing and his – oh I don't know discovery property, whatever we're calling it.

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: Housing will be Classification.

THE COURT: Like Molina or somebody else?

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: No that's Records. I can find out who the Sergeant is in there right now. I believe it's Sergeant Albright [phonetics]. He's the Classification Sergeant there. And as far as his – is he going to get a copy of the –

THE COURT: Here's the problem I have, what I really need to do is I need to talk to somebody at the jail with some authority to understand the profound problems when his stuff is just removed from him.

Now, I get that there's rules, I do, but you know I got the whole jail complaints because people are waiting for trial for four years, and I got a guy who half of his discovery is gone, and my guess is, not to be assuming anything, but there's some missing discovery. He goes to the hospital, he comes back, and his stuff isn't all there. Is that a stretch for me to imagine? No.

So, respectfully, I don't agree with Mr. Brown on very much, but that I understand and probably assume to be true. So I'm trying to think of who I could talk to at the jail so that they could understand the significance that this isn't your average circumstance where he just lost a few pieces of paper, because every time he makes this claim, I'm kind of stuck in limbo and can't go to trial on this case, and you all are going to house him until that happens. So I'm trying to like get someone in the know to understand that this isn't, you know, I know you guys have a lot of people and a lot of cases, but to understand the significance of that.

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: So we are -

THE COURT: I don't know who that person would be.

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: -- Lieutenant Burrows [phonetics] he's in charge of booking, which means he's in charge of the property room as well.

THE COURT: Okay, so if I spoke to someone in classification and Lieutenant Burrows in booking, if they're not the people, they could probably give me a person?

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: That's -

THE COURT: To explain just the history here and the significance, you know, there is no lawyer, like he's it. So if you take his stuff, we're just going to keep having copies –

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: -- oh I totally understand.

THE COURT: -- copies are just gonna keep coming in, and that's just not really what you guys want.

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: No.

THE COURT: It's a total time suck right?

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: Right.

THE COURT: And a labor suck because you have to go through everything.

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: Yes that's - the thing is when they leave -

THE COURT: If you didn't throw it away in the first place or lose it, then you wouldn't have to go through it again. So those are – so those are my conversations, understanding that he gets to keep it all in his cell or it has to go down somewhere and keep getting – getting brought up. How does that work?

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: You can only have so much in your room, so whatever he needs at that time, someone will go down and get what he needs and brings it up.

THE COURT: So you're going to keep this CD yes? Or this disc, so that if

and when after you provide a full copy, anything else happens and he says I need that report on Tuesday the 15<sup>th</sup> of the forensic examiner of such and such, you could go on your laptop, print it out on a printer, and hand it to him. Does that sound like a plan?

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): That's fine to me, Your Honor; I'll do anything that I can to move this along.

THE COURT: Okay. So -

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): You want me to give him one copy first though before anything? Okay great.

THE COURT: Sadly yes. I don't think I have a choice. Anything else?

THE DEFENDANT: There is another issue that the District Attorney mentioned alluding to me using an illegal name by missing my baptism name, and how that's relevant to the issue.

l'm using an illegal name. My name is Yahshua Ariyl Ha-Kohen baptized in 2006. It's a legitimate name by common law. It's not an illegal name.

THE COURT: You're going to be Mr. Brown until you give me proof of a court order that your name has been legally changed.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: Well I'm just going to run through the common law process rather than the legal process --

THE COURT: Okay, well here's what I suggest -

THE DEFENDANT: -- -- because it's not required by legal process --

THE COURT: -- I suggest you take a writ up to the Nevada Supreme Court and lay out for them the common law process, and if they agree with your position, I

will refer to you by whatever common process that they tell me I have to, but in the mean time until you name has been legally changed, you're Mr. Brown.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay well let me add this though.

THE COURT: Anything else.

THE DEFENDANT: I understand that. Let me add this though – the relevance of that is because crimes in general, they are to be evaluated according to various relations with other persons. The crime that I'm being charged with – to me it's assuming that – like I said, I'm an objective person, rather than a subjective religious person. That's the problem.

Okay so if they're – if they're not going to specify how they charge me, whether they are going to go with objectively or subjectively, then that's just making me to do work. I have to do two defenses at the least to cover myself; and that's unreasonable in itself.

So I have – religious people have rights that's not due to the common people just – and vice versa. So that's – so that's hindering me there.

THE COURT: Mr. Brown, you'll be referred to as Mr. Brown during the pendency of this trial. You've made your argument on your motion for bill of particulars. It's been opposed. You've done a reply. I'll issue a written ruling. Anything else that you have an objection to, feel free to bring a writ to the Nevada Supreme Court. We're done. They'll be a status check resetting of trial in 30 days. If you could do the discovery between now and then, I'm going to have a conversation with somebody at the jail to try to understand their process so that I can deal with these issues in the future in a more efficient way, and then we will set a trial date in 30 days.

THE INVESTIGATOR (MR. FUENTES): Your Honor, so should I inform Mr.

THE CLERK: It'll be April 6th, 9 a.m.

١	[Proceedings concluded at 11:50 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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23	Zhette J. Sugn
24	Yvette/G. Sison
25	Coult/Recorder/Transcriber

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1 **RTRAN** 2 3 4 5 DISTRICT COURT 6 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 7 8 9 CASE NO.: C-14-299234-1 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 DEPT. IX Plaintiff, 11 VS. TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 12 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 13 Defendant. 14 15 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CHIEF JUDGE DAVID BARKER, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 16 THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 2016 17 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT RE: 18 ALL PENDING MOTIONS 19 APPEARANCES: 20 For the State: RICHARD SCOW, ESQ. 21 **Deputy District Attorney** 22 For the Defendant: ANDREA LUEM, ESQ. 23 24 RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISON, COURT RECORDER 25

MR. SCOW: That would be fine, Judge.

1	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Brown, do you understand that?
2	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
3	THE COURT: All right. One week.
4	THE CLERK: That'll be September 15 <sup>th</sup> , 9 a.m.
5	[Proceedings concluded at 9:09 a.m.]
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12	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
13	proceedings in the above children case to the best of my ability.
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1 **RTRAN** 2 3 4 5 DISTRICT COURT 6 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 7 8 9 CASE NO.: C-14-299234-1 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 DEPT. IX Plaintiff, 11 VS. TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 12 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 13 Defendant. 14 15 BEFORE THE HONORABLE JENNIFER P. TOGLIATTI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 16 THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 2016 17 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT RE: 18 STATUS CHECK: DISCOVERY 19 APPEARANCES: 20 For the State: RICHARD SCOW, ESQ. 21 **Deputy District Attorney** 22 For the Defendant: ANDREA LUEM, ESQ. 23 24 RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISON, COURT RECORDER 25

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THE COURT: You are here on Mr. Brown, page 9, C299234-1. He is present in custody. He has – as the record would reflect in this case, chosen to represent himself. We set this for a status check for discovery for you to – we went through it last time, and so if you could just supplement the record with what's happened since the last time you were here.

MS. LUEM: Judge, I went through my file and I put together everything that I believe is separate and apart from the information received from the District Attorney's office including work product and records and things like that. Went back through mitigation specialist emails and made copies of those. Got copies of memos from our investigator, and put all of that together with the exception Judge of – there is one set of records that's 1,200 pages long, so I'm going –

THE COURT: What is that?

MS. LUEM: -- it's for the mitigation case; medical records and things. I think it's -

THE COURT: The Defendant's medical records?

MS. LUEM: No Judge, it's I believe his mother's medical records.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. LUEM: So I think it's something that he's entitled to in preparation of his mitigation case, so what I'd like to do is just send that out to Kinkos because I think I would be a lot faster and cheaper --

THE COURT: Right.

MS. LUEM: -- for the County, and I will provide that to Mr. Brown via email.

THE COURT: Okay, so officer, because he represents himself in a capital

murder case -

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: Uhuh.

THE COURT: I told her to bring the discovery and hand it over today. I need to like see it go into his hands, so I have that record. There's nothing – what's in there? Can you let them look at it real quick?

MS. LUEM: Judge, and in my file, it's mostly mental health records, medical records, some photographs from things that we photographed, the Defense, not – the State has the copies of all of the discovery, so the crime scene photos and everything are in their file, and ours are just from going to the crime scene from the evidence review and –

THE COURT: Can I have it?

MS. LUEM: -- yes, and items that we took. I also included a

THE COURT: I mean there's no clips or -

MS. LUEM: No, I took all of that out.

THE COURT: -- paperclips or - it's just loose leaf pages.

MS. LUEM: Right, and it's mostly – but I know the State has a lot more than we do. And some – a lot of these items have already been provided to Mr. Brown, we know that, but just in an abundance of caution I made –

THE COURT: Sure.

MS. LUEM: -- duplicates.

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: So it's not possible for it to go through the jail?

THE COURT: I'm – he has to take it in open court. He represents himself he has to take it –

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: I understand because certain things they

 can't have -

THE COURT: Yeah, capital murder cases –

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER: -- some things they can't have so they have someone that actually goes through all of that, because we wouldn't be able to do that.

THE COURT: Yeah, you know what – sorry.

MS. LUEM: And I don't know what -

THE COURT: It's a death penalty case, and he's going to get it handed over right here. I mean he's representing himself and he's insisting on it. I don't have any options. I can't – you know – I have to have a record of exactly what's going in his hand because respectfully, Mr. Brown, a lot of Defendant's say; whenever it goes to the jail, they magically didn't get it. Not that I believe that, just that that's – I can belie that record, and there's no way for me to prove it when it's just him representing himself. I'm like – I'm between a rock and a hard place. So, I'm going to go through here and say exactly what's in here, and then if you guys want to go through it again because you – that's your rules, you know, that's up to you.

Reporter's transcript of preliminary hearing – I'm not gonna like detail anything, I'm just going through --

MS. LUEM: Those Judge are the -

THE COURT: -- records -

MS. LUEM: -- records from Mr. Brown's prior conviction of a California court records.

THE COURT: -- making sure there's no -

MS. LUEM: Do you want me to stay up here or do you want -

THE COURT: -- well if you don't mind so I can ask you about something. I

THE COURT: You mean, except for the 1,200 pages.

1	MS. LUEM: Right.
2	THE COURT: Okay.
3	MS. LUEM: There's summaries of interviews contained in there as well.
4	THE COURT: Medical records.
5	MS. LUEM: These are memos from our investigator, and the photographs
6	that he took.
7	THE COURT: How many pages would you say this is? Did you tell me yet?
8	MS. LUEM: Ummm –
9	THE COURT: I'm sorry; I just need to make a record.
10	MS. LUEM: I don't – 500 maybe – I have no idea, maybe 1,000.
11	THE COURT: Okay. And so –
12	MS. LUEM: I mean I could – I could take it back and do a paper count.
13	THE COURT: And is this an investigator that is privately – that only does
14	work for you or what?
15	MS. LUEM: Yes. Well that's the investigator that we retained for this case, so
16	he was – he's paid through the Office of Appointed Counsel and did investigation –
17	THE COURT: He or she?
18	MS. LUEM: He. Oh sorry, it's Mr. Retke who's the investigator, but that case
19	
20	THE COURT: He has other employer, employees?
21	MS. LUEM: yeah, the case brief was prepared by one of his employees
22	and that showed an overview – she goes through all the discovery and summarizes
23	it.
24	THE COURT: Retke?
25	MS. LUEM: Retke, R-e-t-k-e; first name is –

THE COURT: We're gonna have to talk about whether you're asking for an invest – you're gonna need an investigator if you're representing yourself, correct?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Do you have a conflict with this person?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: What's the conflict? The whole – here's the deal. You're the only one that believes in your religious law, never going to find an investigator that believes in that; so if that's the basis for the conflict, you know, if you have some other basis for conflict, then you should explain it to me, but if it's – he doesn't believe it or she doesn't believe in my religious law, there is no such investigator, so you'll – you're going to have to make some compromises.

MS. LUEM: And Judge -

THE COURT: -- unless the conflict is something different.

MS. LUEM: -- I met with Mr. Retke about this yesterday, and he has expressed that he does not wish to stay on the case if – if Mr. Brown is representing himself.

THE COURT: Okay. Just for the future, we're not gonna find an investigator that – you know, that has religious beliefs consistent with yours. It's not a requirement for the appointment of an investigator for them to tell me what their religion is and to agree with you about anything to do with religion. So is that gonna be a problem for you?

THE DEFENDANT: Well, for the future, I've never made that issue, so I don't know why you are making that issue right now.

THE COURT: Because that's why you fired your lawyers to begin with.

THE DEFENDANT: That's not why I fired the lawyers.

THE COURT: Well that's what you told me. One of the many things you told me.

THE DEFENDANT: Besides that, yes we do have conflict.

THE COURT: Okay. There appears to be photos of evidence, lots of photos; and an investigator report, and that's it. No photos of any autopsy or bodies or anything like that. I just looked at every single photograph so –

MS. LUEM: And Judge, for the record, I did not provide those, but I think that the State will be providing those to Mr. Brown, and I think that since he's representing himself, he needs to have all of the crime scene and autopsy photos.

THE COURT: Sure that's the – I'm just making a record what's going over – MS. LUEM: Okay.

THE COURT: -- here in open court, and they have to follow their rules and do whatever it is they have to do. If they're not – you know – that's – sorry, but it is what it is.

So, Mr. Brown, you're being handed probably 1,000 pages in open court of the things that were just detailed in very general terms. Are you prepared to tell me how long it's going to take for you to get ready for trial or do you have to look at these things and the other 1,200 pages, and speak to an investigator first?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Yes what? Yes, you're prepared to me or -

THE DEFENDANT: No I'm not prepared to tell you, until I go through those materials.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. I'm going to notify Mr. Christensen that I need a private investigator in this case, and the matter is continued – do you think you could have his stuff to him in two weeks?

1	MS. LUEM: Well he has all of the –
2	MR. SCOW: You had asked us to bring a copy of our file, and this is 2,500 to
3	3,000 pages.
4	THE COURT: Is there any staples or -
5	MR. SCOW: No.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	MR. SCOW: and I spoke with the correction officers. They don't think it's
8	physically possible for him to carry it with the handcuffs on for them – so I – I don't
9	know –
10	THE COURT: Well my marshal will bring it over with him.
11	THE MARSHAL: And do like we did before?
12	THE COURT: I'm not – I'm not having – there's no way like the DA's Office
13	books in evidence or stuff for the Defendant.
14	THE MARSHAL: No what we did with the other Defendant, take it over to
15	evidence, then take it up to the unit.
16	THE COURT: Thank you.
17	THE MARSHAL: Okay.
18	THE COURT: Okay, so the record should reflect that that's – how many
19	pages?
20	MR. SCOW: I have no idea how many but it's – to me it looks to be about
21	3,000.
22	THE COURT: And that's a complete copy of your file?
23	MR. SCOW: Yeah.
24	THE COURT: Okay with –
25	MR. SCOW: It's all the pictures – right – it's not the audios, because he can't

listen to the audio, but it – whatever transcripts, police reports, crime scene reports, autopsy, whatever reports and records there are copies in here.

THE COURT: Okay. So Mr. Brown, when we have the private investigator appointed, you can talk to them about audios and how to deal with that. So we'll pass the matter two weeks. The record should reflect that the Defense file has been provided, and the State's file has been provided, and my marshal will walk it over there after court.

THE CLERK: October 6 at 9 a.m.

THE COURT: So I need an email to Drew Christensen, and you can ask Diane to do it; Drew Christensen for a court-appointed investigator on a pro per case, and he'll need the case number, and then he'll just pick someone. Do you have anything else?

THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: So that's going to be status check appointment of investigator.

[Proceedings concluded at 9:45 a.m.]

ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

Yvette/G. Sison

Coult Recorder/Transcriber

Electronically Filed 8/21/2017 10:33 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1 **RTRAN** 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA. 8 CASE NO. C-14-299234-1 Plaintiff, 9 DEPT. IX VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 12 Defendant. BEFORE THE HONORABLE JENNIFER P. TOGLIATTI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 2016 14 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 15 **ALL PENDING MOTIONS FURTHER PROCEEDINGS: RETURN FROM COMPETENCY COURT** 16 STATUS CHECK: WITHDRAW OF MOTIONS 17 [SEE PAGE 2 FOR MOTIONS BEFORE THE COURT] 18 APPEARANCES: 19 For the State: RICHARD H. SCOW, ESQ. 20 Chief Deputy District Attorney 21 For the Defendant: AMANDA S. GREGORY, ESQ. ANDREA L. LUEM, ESQ. 22 23 24

RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISON, COURT RECORDER

1	DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR INDIVIDUAL SEQUESTERED VOIR DIRE
2	DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO BAR THE ADMISSION OF CUMULATIVE VICTIM
3	IMPACT EVIDENCE IN VIOLATION OF THE DUE PROCESS CLAUSE
4 5	DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO PRECLUDE THE COURT FROM PARTICIPATING IN REHABILITATION OF POTENTIAL JURORS
6	DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR COURT TO ALLOW PRESENTATION OF EVIDENCE TO THE JURY OF THE DISPROPORTIONALITY AND ARBITRARINESS AND UNFAIRNESS OF A DEATH SENTENCE
8	DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO PROHIBIT EVIDENCE AND ARGUMENT CONCERNING MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES NOT RAISED BY THE DEFENDANT
10 11	DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR AN ORDER PERMITTING DISCOVERY OF RECORDS PERTAINING TO FAMILY LIFE OF VICTIM
12	DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR THE COURT TO DISCLOSE ITS VIEWS
13	REGARDING THE IMPOSITION OF CAPITAL PUNISHMENT OR, IN THE
14	ALTERNATIVE, FOR THE STATE TO STIPULATE TO LIFE WITHOUT PAROLE IN THE EVENT OF A HUNG PENALTY JURY
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THE COURT: State versus Robert Brown, C299234-1. Mr. Brown is present in custody. This is the time set for *Faretta* canvass of the Defendant.

Counsel, can you state your appearances for the record.

MS. LUEM: Thank you, Judge. Andrea Luem, bar number 8844, and Amanda Gregory on behalf of Mr. Brown.

MR. SCOW: Richard Scow for the State.

THE COURT: Okay. So Mr. Brown, the record should reflect, is insisting on representing himself. He's been evaluated by multiple doctors and found competent to proceed in representing himself. They were provided numerous records and had conversations with appointed counsel; correct?

MS. LUEM: Yes.

THE COURT: And I've already made a record of all those things in competency court.

MS. LUEM: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. And so now is the time for me to conduct a *Faretta* canvass with the Defendant.

Mr. Brown, under the Sixth Amendment of the United States

Constitution you're entitled to the assistance of an attorney at all stages of the criminal proceeding. You have the right to represent yourself and conduct your own defense if you so choose. The Court cannot force a lawyer upon you should you insist you want to conduct your own defense. You are given this right under the United States Supreme Court decision of *Faretta versus California*, but you must first knowingly and voluntarily waive and give up your right to assistance of an

attorney before you can represent yourself.

Do you understand you have the right to assistance of two attorneys because this is a capital case where the State of Nevada is seeking a sentence of death, that you have the right to assistance of attorney at all stages of these proceedings?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

THE COURT: And you understand criminal law is a complex area where experience and professional training is both required and desirable?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

THE COURT: What legal training have you had?

THE DEFENDANT: None.

THE COURT: You realize an attorney is trained in the law and has the skill and experience to properly conduct a defense of your case?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

THE COURT: An attorney knows the elements of the offenses and has been charged -- that you've been charged with and the possible defenses that you could present on your own behalf; do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

THE COURT: Do you understand criminal trials present difficult choices as to strategy and tactics. And even attorneys can differ as to the proper defense to make in a case. You're not trained to make these choices. An attorney knows the degree of proof that the State must meet to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. And by investigation and review of their -- State's evidence, it can be determined that the State can't prove its case. You understand that those are advantages that lawyers have over a non-legally trained person?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

THE COURT: Also, because of the nature of the defense case -- I mean, excuse me, the nature of the penalty sought in this case, and because it's a death penalty case, Nevada Supreme Court rules require that lawyers appointed in death penalty cases have a higher level of experience and knowledge related to the defense of a murder case than just your average run-of-the-mill case, and they require two lawyers not one. And the reason they do that is because the penalty is so significant that you face, and the legal issues, and it's not just a liability part of the trial, but there's also a penalty part of the trial with a presentation of alleged aggravating factors and mitigating factors for a jury to decide what the proper penalty is; do you understand all of that?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

THE COURT: And so do you understand if you represent yourself you're going to have to determine how to subpoena witnesses to testify on your own behalf?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that, but if I may digress for just one moment, Judge. I'd like to know if -- or why isn't -- rather the motion to dismiss counsel being heard first?

THE COURT: What?

THE DEFENDANT: I filed simultaneously a motion to dismiss counsel along with --

THE COURT: That's what we're doing, a Faretta canvass, to -- I have to do a Faretta canvass before you can represent yourself. You said you wanted to fire your lawyer and represent --

THE DEFENDANT: Well --

THE COURT: -- yourself. Do you know what a Faretta canvass is?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes. Yes, I'm --

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: -- aware of what it -- what it's for, but as I explained during our ex parte hearing, essentially, if you understood, is that -- that the pro se motion would not even be necessary if the counsels were dismissed.

THE COURT: I know.

What set of lawyers are you? I can't recall.

MS. LUEM: Third.

MS. GREGORY: Third.

THE COURT: Yeah, third set of two.

MS. LUEM: Right.

THE COURT: So technically you're the fifth and sixth lawyer that he's dissatisfied with?

MS. GREGORY: Yes.

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah.

THE COURT: Yeah.

What I've said is this. I've denied your motion to replace counsel because your demands are unreasonable because the things that you expect them to do or not do are unreasonable, and that you're not going to get along with any lawyer that I appoint. I mean -- you know, after -- I realize it's a death penalty case. I do. And you got the first two removed, and you got the second two removed, but at some point it becomes you and not them. And I've spent enough time with you in private without the district attorney present to know this is definitely you and not them.

 You -- just because someone has personality issues, and are stubborn, and want to tell everybody what to do, and stick their hand in the back of their head and think they know everything more than everybody else doesn't mean they're incompetent. And so that's just your personality. And so you have two choices. They have done nothing that warrant their removal. Nothing except zealously represent you and file motions that apparently you don't agree with. So your choices are dismiss them and represent yourself, proceed with them and have the right to have an appeal and challenge their performance after a trial, if you get convicted of anything, or represent yourself. We've gone through that. So my ruling is, I'll grant your motion to dismiss counsel if that's what you want, but then you'll be representing yourself because I'm not giving you a seventh and eighth lawyer.

THE DEFENDANT: Well, for the record, I never dismissed any attorneys.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, they --

THE DEFENDANT: But [indiscernible].

THE COURT: -- moved to withdraw because you didn't -- you didn't want to cooperate with them because you disagree with everybody on -- so far anybody and everybody who's touched your case. So, that's your ruling. Is there anything else before we go through the *Faretta* canvass?

THE DEFENDANT: Nuh-uh. That's it.

THE COURT: Okay. You must determine how to subpoena witnesses on your own behalf. Do you know how to subpoena a witness?

THE DEFENDANT: I'll -- I'll learn.

THE COURT: Okay. Do you know how to disqualify a juror?

THE DEFENDANT: I'll learn.

THE COURT: All right. An attorney is trained to observe jurors and select the

MR. SCOW: They are within the ten years.

THE COURT: Okay. So the -- Nevada -- well, the law allows felony convictions within seven -- within ten years -- felony conviction -- if you have a felony conviction or convictions and more than ten years has not elapsed from the date you've been convicted or discharged from prison, parole, or probation, whichever is later, and that evidence isn't precluded from coming before the jury, and you take the stand and testify, one of the deputy district attorneys, in the presence of the jury, would be allowed to ask you have you been convicted of a felony, what was the felony and when did it happen; however, no other details could be gone into at least -- at least during testimony of the liability phase; do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

THE COURT: Okay. And during a penalty phase the details of those things could be gone into potentially; do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

THE COURT: Do you understand that — that the offenses that are included within the charge against you in the Information or Indictment, the list of charges, do you understand all the charges?

THE DEFENDANT: No, I don't, but I'm aware of them.

THE COURT: Okay. Which ones don't you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: All of them.

THE COURT: You don't understand invasion of the home while you had possession of a weapon?

THE DEFENDANT: No, I don't.

THE COURT: Okay. You don't understand burglary while in possession of a firearm?

THE DEFENDANT: No, I don't.

THE COURT: You don't understand murder?

THE DEFENDANT: No, I don't.

THE COURT: Okay. What don't you understand about it?

THE DEFENDANT: I don't understand the elements, what constitutes the crime. I don't understand the meaning of the different languages within the statute. I don't understand the omission of certain elements in the statute. So there's no way I can understand them, but I am aware of what they are under statute.

THE COURT: Okay. And there's no --

MS. LUEM: And, Judge, for the record, I did provide Mr. Brown the jury instructions for all of the crimes that's he's charged with and all the standard instructions for a capital murder case.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. GREGORY: And, Your Honor, also just for the record, when you asked Mr. Brown if he understands the charges, I think that he has a different meaning of that word versus if he perhaps comprehends the elements or -- he has a different meaning of those words, so --

THE COURT: Like what? What -- what do those words mean to --

MS. GREGORY: Mr. Brown can probably get into that.

THE COURT: Do you have your own language that you use?

THE DEFENDANT: What was this?

THE COURT: I'm using the common word charge.

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, the --

THE COURT: The crime.

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, well, to me that carries with it the fact that I'm subjected to it in the first place. And I have my own religious beliefs, religious law

THE COURT: Well, let's start with invasion of the home while in possession --

punishment for each offense listed in the charging document?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of them.

THE COURT: All right. Do you know the difference between an opening statement and a closing argument?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. What's the difference?

THE DEFENDANT: An opening statement is just to give a brief overview of what I intend to offer as evidence, et cetera. Closing arguments is closing out the case and making my final arguments. I simply --

THE COURT: Okay. An opening statement is a statement designed to tell the jury what you expect to prove in your case. And a closing argument is to argue what facts might be properly drawn from the evidence and how those facts apply to the law; that's the difference.

Do you know how to object to a question that might be improper? Do you know the rules of evidence?

THE DEFENDANT: Not -- not all of them.

THE COURT: Okay. Are you going to work on those?

THE DEFENDANT: I am.

THE COURT: Do you understand that you're going to be held to all the legal standards of a lawyer and you're still going to have to follow the rules even though you don't know them?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

THE COURT: Okay. And you understand once you decide on selfrepresentation that, you know, it's very difficult for you to just change your mind in the middle and say I want to have an attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

appeal on your own representing yourself; you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

THE COURT: And if you -- if that -- if you lose that appeal you will not have the avenue of post-conviction relief that every other person who's represented by a lawyer would have. Meaning, you can't challenge your lawyer's performance during trial because you represented yourself?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

THE COURT: Okay. So -- so if -- if the supreme court says, you know what, Judge -- Judge Togliatti's right. After appointing three full sets of lawyers, it is not reasonable to expect her, Judge Togliatti, to appoint two more lawyers to adhere to some religious protocol that only you have, that nobody really understands, and require them to try to work under those conditions as you direct them to do whatever it is you want to do under your own law, you were right, Judge Togliatti, appeal is denied. You didn't have to give him two new lawyers, lawyers seven and eight. If we get to that point, then you will not be able to pursue post-conviction relief for failures on your client's behalf, which is a huge part of death penalty litigation.

Many, many -- well, I won't say many, but there are plenty of cases where the penalty and the -- and/or the liability is vacated by an appellate court because of -- not that you would have failures, but because of attorney failures. That would not be something that you will be able to pursue; do you understand that? That's really the most important thing out of all of this that you understand that.

THE DEFENDANT: I'm aware of that.

THE COURT: All right. The motion to dismiss counsel and -- is granted in part. Counsel's ordered dismissed. Defendant's representing himself as I find he understands the nature of the charges. He understands the ramifications of

representing himself. He understands that he's going to have to explore possible defenses, learn the rules of evidence, learn the elements, to the extent he's willing to, learn the law that isn't his -- his religious law. And so he's going to represent himself.

There's a list of motions on calendar. I'm going to go through them.

You can tell me if you wish to have them heard. I think you told me this once already, but let's just go through them briefly.

Defendant's motion for individual sequestered voir dire. Do you wish to pursue that?

THE DEFENDANT: Withdrawn.

THE COURT: All right. Defendant's motion to bar the admission of cumulative victim impact evidence in violation of the due process clause.

THE DEFENDANT: Withdrawn.

THE COURT: Defendant's motion to preclude the Court from participating in rehabilitation of potential jurors?

THE DEFENDANT: Withdrawn.

THE COURT: Defendant's motion for Court to allow presentation of evidence to the jury of the disproportionality and arbitrariness and unfairness of a death sentence.

THE DEFENDANT: Withdrawn.

THE COURT: Defendant's motion to prohibit evidence and argument concerning mitigating circumstances not raised by the Defendant.

THE DEFENDANT: Withdrawn.

THE COURT: Defendant's motion for an order permitting discovery of records pertaining to family life of victim.

THE COURT: Okay. He's withdrawn the motion.

Mr. Brown, how long till you can be ready for trial?

THE DEFENDANT: I don't know and I think that's kind of a tricky question because for me -- my speedy trial rights have been violated, so for me to say I want a specific date, I don't want that to be a concession to anything.

THE COURT: Well --

THE DEFENDANT: So at this point, I guess --

MS. LUEM: Judge, I think that Mr. Brown waived his right to a speedy trial a long time before we were ever on the case.

THE COURT: Yeah. I'm not -- you know, he can file whatever he needs to file. In the meantime --

MS. LUEM: And just -- in terms of determining trial dates, all the discovery that I have, and Ms. Gregory has, is in a digital form. We received a lot of it from the State and some of it from prior counsel, so I'm just requesting that rather than we -- us printing paper copies of everything, it's just -- I think the County is charged ten cents a page. It's probably more efficient and more sound to have the District Attorney's Office produce the discovery for Mr. Brown.

THE COURT: How big is your -- how big is your discovery file?

MR. SCOW: It wouldn't be -- it wouldn't be too bad to print off. My concern would be --

THE COURT: But -- I mean, I -- he's entitled --

MR. SCOW: I think they --

THE COURT: -- to your work product. I'm concerned --

MR. SCOW: Yeah, I was going to say --

THE COURT: -- that they're not going to get --

MR. SCOW: -- they would have --

THE COURT: -- he's not going to get everything he needs.

MS. LUEM: No, the work -- I mean, the work product I'm happy to give.

MR. SCOW: Okay.

MS. LUEM: The problem is I'm -- my concern is that Mr. Brown is not going to trust the version that I produce to him as far as the discovery. So, I mean, anything that we have in terms of research, or investigation, I can produce that separately, but --

THE COURT: All right.

MS. LUEM: -- I think the actual generating of reports should probably come straight from the State.

THE COURT: So what does he have now?

MS. LUEM: I'm sorry. What does he have?

THE COURT: What does he have?

MS. LUEM: In his discovery? Or what does he --

THE COURT: Yeah. What does he have -- what have you given him?

MS. GREGORY: Your Honor, what he has -- there was one -- it was probably an entire week that I sat at the jail with Mr. Brown for several hours a day and went through everything. And he picked out everything that he wanted printed and I printed all of that and provided it to him. It wasn't the entire file. It was specifics of what he wanted.

THE DEFENDANT: Excuse me.

MS. GREGORY: So I don't recall what that was. I don't have a list of what that was. He's really the only person that knows that.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. LUEM: And he has copies of all of his motions and copies of the jury

instructions that I provided to him.

THE COURT: Okay. So, State, because he's representing himself, and because it's a capital case, I need you to make a duplicate copy of your discovery. Sorry, but he needs a hard copy.

MR. SCOW: Okay.

THE COURT: If -- how long do you think it would take you to print out a hard copy because I'm going to give it to him here in court? How long would that take?

MR. SCOW: Give us a week.

THE COURT: All right. How long will it take for you to produce whatever it is, work product, cases, or anything else that you haven't already given him? Can you have that here in a week to give him in open court?

MS. LUEM: A week, Judge. And I'll make copies of things that we've probably already gave him just to be safe.

THE COURT: All right. So the matter's continued one week for discovery. You're going to get the discovery and then you're going to have some time period since I know you're familiar with the case. Next week you have to commit to a timeframe when you can be ready.

THE DEFENDANT: I think that --

THE COURT: And then you have to tell me if you're going to want an investigator, and you're going to have to tell me if you want a mitigation specialist.

THE COURT CLERK: September 22<sup>nd</sup> at 9 a.m.

THE COURT: I assume you know what a mitigation specialist is.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay.

So if you could come back one more time.

1	MS. LUEM: Sure. Thank you, Judge.
2	THE COURT: Thank you.
3	MS. GREGORY: Thank you.
4	[Proceedings concluded at 11:01 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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24	SANDRA PRUCHNIC
25	Court Transcriber

Electronically Filed 8/21/2017 10:35 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1 **RTRAN** 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA. 8 CASE NO. C-14-299234-1 Plaintiff, 9 DEPT. IX VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 12 Defendant. BEFORE THE HONORABLE JENNIFER P. TOGLIATTI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 2017 14 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 15 STATUS CHECK: RESETTING OF TRIAL 16 APPEARANCES: 17 For the State: COLLEEN BAHARAV, ESQ. 18 **Deputy District Attorney** 19 For the Defendant: AMANDA S. GREGORY, ESQ. 20 JENNIFER M. WALDO, ESQ. Standby Counsel 21 ALSO PRESENT: **ALBERTO FUENTES** 22 Investigator 23 24 RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISON, COURT RECORDER 25

THE COURT: Page 12. State versus Robert Brown, C299234-1. He's

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24 25 MS. BAHARAV: And, Your Honor -- go ahead. I'm sorry.

present in custody. This is the time set for status check resetting of trial.

THE COURT: What?

Mr. --

MS. BAHARAV: The State filed a receipt of copy and to provide proof that we gave the Defendant additional discovery. We've also labeled the discovery this time and provided him with a listing of what it is. So if for some reason the jail takes his discovery again, he should have an idea of what he's missing.

THE COURT: Okay. Could you --

MS. WALDO: Your Honor, may I provide this to him?

THE COURT: Please.

MS. BAHARAV: And we did mail him a copy. I'm just not sure how long the mail takes to get to him.

MS. WALDO: Your Honor, what he's indicated to me is he did receive the -- his file already.

THE COURT: Okay. So we passed this for the Defendant to determine when he could be ready for trial.

THE DEFENDANT: I don't know.

THE COURT: What do you mean you don't know?

THE DEFENDANT: I indicated that to the Court last time that I would just let the Court decide.

THE COURT: You need to speak up, please.

 reflect that the Defendant is present in custody. He has two standby counsel who switched out from Ms. Waldo and is now Ms. Gregory because, I don't know, three hours has passed. I also have the presence of the Defendant's investigator.

So you dropped something off to -- that was handed to me by my staff a couple minutes ago. I assume that's not anything that needs to be discussed in open court and will be addressed through the Court and my staff. Not me, but my staff will advise you if there's any, you know, stuff related to the Defendant's defense; correct? We don't need --

MR. FUENTES: Well, Your Honor, the reason I just now gave it to them was because we went ahead and gave it to Mr. Christensen yesterday by email. And the Court had informed me before that anytime we did anything like that that you wanted a copy of not only the request, but the curriculum of the expert and what we were asking for —

THE COURT: Well, here's --

MR. FUENTES: -- this crime scene expert.

THE COURT: -- here's the reason. You under -- it would be great if I didn't have to be involved in any of this, except guess who has to sign a court order for every single penny to be paid; me. So I'm not going to go signing a court order for some expert I know nothing about. Sometimes I get these expert bills that are insane and they haven't even prepared a report yet. And so I just -- it's not because I want to. It's because I'm the one that has to order the payment, so --

MR. FUENTES: Your Honor, I'm just following your instructions, that's all.

THE COURT: Sure. No, I'm making a record.

MR. FUENTES: Okay.

THE COURT: I'm making a record that I don't know what -- so did Drew say

making sure that that's exactly what he's --

MS. GREGORY: And, Judge, if you would like, I can help Mr. Brown prepare a witness motion asking for an expert on the case to give you all the information.

THE COURT: Well, I think it's there. I don't really need a motion -
MS. GREGORY: Okay.

THE COURT: -- because I have a general understanding of, you know -- I mean, he's pretty good at explaining everything.

THE DEFENDANT: I think so. I'm saying that. But for the record again, Ms. -- Ms. Gregory's trying to hand me some paperwork, but I do object to Ms. Gregory's assignment to my case as standby counsel. And we've been through this before. I mentioned it a few times on the record.

THE COURT: Sure. Well, your choices are go without standby counsel or go with the law office of --

MS. GREGORY: Of Gregory and Waldo.

THE COURT: -- of Ms. Waldo. So --

THE DEFENDANT: Well, I can't -- the problem is you said you granted me new standby counsel then you reassign Amanda Gregory.

THE COURT: Anything else that you want to make a record of?

THE DEFENDANT: The other fact that I've asked for transcripts that I have not received. I would like my transcripts.

THE COURT: I'm not going to give you transcripts to every proceeding with -other than what's required by court rule, which I assume you're doing.

Are you mailing them to him?

THE COURT RECORDER: I mailed some.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE COURT RECORDER: Yeah, some I'm still working on.

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THE COURT: So if you're missing something you'll need to be more specific. You need a date that you say you're missing.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: I'm happy --

THE DEFENDANT: I'll find --

THE COURT: -- to do that --

THE DEFENDANT: -- I'll find the dates then.

THE COURT: -- if I have a date. That I just can -- you know, you just say I want transcripts. Okay. Well, you've been here a hundred times and that could be thousands of pages, so you need to be specific and give me the date that you say you don't have.

THE DEFENDANT: I'll find the dates then.

THE COURT: Okay.

So I'm not familiar with this request for expert witness, but assume it gets granted, then -- and knowing that we need to check and expert's schedule, and knowing all those things, just assume we build in some wiggle room there and I give a date for trial and then you find out that this person has a family reunion or whatever and can't -- can't do it. Then if you bring that to my attention sooner rather than later we'll revisit the trial -- the trial date. But assuming you get this person and all your other experts that you're in the process of pursuing, if you haven't already done so, and your investigation -- you told me you don't know last time, then I'm going to pick a date for you and that will be your aspirational goal.

MR. FUENTES: Your Honor, if I may?

THE COURT: I'm sorry. Can I finish a sentence with him?

MR. FUENTES: Well, I -- I talked to him about this situation as far as

 investigative wise, and experts, and things like that.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. FUENTES: And I was just going to go -- I was going to just suggest to the Court, I would think a date probably in January or February of the following -- the next year would give us plenty of time to not only do our investigations or -- but deal with whatever experts we may have to deal with. I don't anticipate at this point, as far as we've talked about, not having any other experts. So far we've got Dr. Chambers who we've already talked to and is already in line and waiting for a trial date. And then we have this one here as to when it will be granted, or when he will be given to us, it's up to the Court and Mr. Christensen, and then we can start working with him.

As far as my investigation is concerned, I can't see me not being ready by that date, if the Court would so grant that date. My investigation is -- is really up -- up till now almost finished and I'm just waiting for several other small details. The biggest problem is dealing with the police department, and getting subpoenas served, and things like that. But other than that, we've pretty much formulated our defense. And my investigation there's only a few things left for me to do, so I can't see me not being ready on my part if that date is granted. And then as far as the expert's concerned, it's just a matter of how much time it takes for us to get this expert, and get him going, and get him all the materials.

MS. BAHARAV: January would work for the State, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Could -- I'm sorry. He's representing himself, so if you would just give me second.

Did you hear everything he just said?

THE DEFENDANT: We did discuss --

THE COURT: Could you speak up?

THE DEFENDANT: We did discuss a timeframe and I agree to his calculations.

THE COURT: You agree to his calculations approximately?

THE DEFENDANT: Right.

THE COURT: Understanding that someone could literally die, one of your witnesses, experts between now and January of 2017 and you'd have to get another one, I understand that. Things happen, unavailability, I understand that. But generally, based upon what he said, assuming you get this expert that I haven't even looked at yet, with all things being considered, is that what you're asking for?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. That's what -- that's all I want to know.

THE DEFENDANT: If I may clarify one thing for the record. Also, Judge, as to my objection -- my objection to Amanda Gregory's assignment. I did specify in my last motion that it's the fact that she's not 250 qualified, so I'd like to clarify that as to my objection again today.

MS. GREGORY: And, Judge, I don't think Mr. Brown wants a new standby counsel. I think he wants attorneys appointed on his case to represent him at trial.

THE COURT: Well, we've -- how many lawyers have you gone through?

THE DEFENDANT: I don't know.

THE COURT: I can't remember. Should we go and count or could you just generally guess off the top of your head? I can't remember.

THE DEFENDANT: Well, I haven't fired any technically, so --

THE COURT: Pardon me?

THE DEFENDANT: I haven't fired any technically, so if that helps.

1	THE COURT: Technically; hmm.
2	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, technically.
3	MS. BAHARAV: Mr. Tomsheck represented him at the preliminary hearing.
4	Mr. Christiansen, Jr. was appointed because he's 250 qualified and Mr. Tomsheck is
5	not. Both asked to withdraw at the first trial setting. And then it was has been Ms.
6	Luem and Ms. Gregory since then.
7	THE COURT: And Ms. Gregory was 250 certified and he
8	MS. GREGORY: Ms. Luem was
9	MS. BAHARAV: Ms. Luem is.
10	MS. GREGORY: I wasn't.
11	MS. BAHARAV: Ms. Luem is.
12	THE COURT: Ms. Luem was. I mean, that's what I meant to say.
13	MS. BAHARAV: Yes.
14	THE COURT: So and you did fire them, if I recall, so technically. So this
15	so that would be he's asking for his
16	MS. BAHARAV: Third
17	THE COURT: Third or
18	MS. BAHARAV: technically set.
19	THE COURT: fifth depending on how you count it.
20	MS. BAHARAV: Yes.
21	THE COURT: And, you know, if I had any confidence that you would work
22	with the person and not fire them I don't recall why the special public defender or
23	the public defender I know the public defender had a conflict.
24	MS. BAHARAV: Yes.

THE COURT: I don't recall the special public defender having a conflict.

MS. BAHARAV: I think they claimed the similar conflict based upon witnesses criminal histories.

THE COURT: Yes. Well, there you go.

THE DEFENDANT: Judge, I would think by the fact that they have not done virtually any work in my case should speak for itself. But why --

THE COURT: Okay. Well, you're representing yourself, so you're doing your own work. If they were representing you they would be doing work, but they're not.

THE DEFENDANT: They -- they didn't do work, that's the problem. I've been here --

THE COURT: Your objection is noted.

THE DEFENDANT: -- nearly three years.

THE COURT: Your objection is noted; okay? So you can file a writ. Take it up there; okay? I've been asking you to do that. Go file one. You got all this time, and all this energy, and all this legal knowledge. Use it to your advantage and take up a writ. In the meantime, I'm just trying to get you to commit to a trial date sometime in the next, I don't know, decade. So I'm hearing that -- I'm glad you think this is funny because I don't. I am hearing that you believe that if I set it in January there's a possibility you could be ready; agreed?

THE DEFENDANT: That's a possibility.

THE COURT: Okay. So what I'm going to do then is I'm going to set your case for January 8<sup>th</sup>, 2018 at 10:30, with a calendar call January 21<sup>st</sup>, 2017 at 9 a.m., with a status check trial readiness in September on --

THE COURT CLERK: September 14<sup>th</sup> at 9 a.m.

THE COURT: Now, between now and then, if you need anything in your case your investigator will bring it to me. If you file motions they'll be scheduled by the

clerk's office and heard.

Is there anything else from the State?

MS. BAHARAV: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you have anything else --

THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: -- at this time?

THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: By the way, I need dates for trans -- I can't just give you every transcript. There isn't enough paper. So if you could just give us some dates and we can look at getting you --

THE DEFENDANT: And who I'm supposed to ask to how I'm gonna get those dates in the first place, but --

THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to ask Ms. Gregory to mail you the Odyssey case summary. There's a case summary that has every single date, kind of like a journal for lack -- with a very, very general summary of what happened. It's not even a summary. It's almost like, you know, status check, trial date, whatever. I'll get her to print --

Can you print that out for him?

MS. GREGORY: Yes.

THE COURT: She will print that out for you, get it over to you. And then if you need more -- if you could just tell her -- I mean -- you know, I know you don't want to work with her, but this is just having her print something, minutes from that day so that you know what happened that day. Just ask her --

Could you do that for him if he asks you?

MS. GREGORY: Your Honor, I'll -- I always provide him what he asks me to

MS. BAHARAV: No, Your Honor. Thank you.

MR. FUENTES: Your Honor, is it possible for me to speak to you for a few minutes?

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THE COURT: About what?

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MR. FUENTES: In reference to the situation with the attorneys.

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THE COURT: I can't right now, but if you want to make an appointment to do

1	it after next week when I'm not here in the jurisdiction
2	MR. FUENTES: When will you be back?
3	THE COURT: you certainly can.
4	MR. FUENTES: When will you be back?
5	THE COURT: April 17 <sup>th</sup> .
6	MR. FUENTES: April 17 <sup>th</sup> .
7	THE COURT: Yeah.
8	MR. FUENTES: Okay. Then I'll call your office. I'm only going to need about
9	ten minutes of your time.
10	THE COURT: Sure. It's not that. It's that I've got the competency task force
11	waiting for me
12	MR. FUENTES: No, no, I understand.
13	THE COURT: and a meeting with the chief judge, so I'm not trying
14	MR. FUENTES: I think in the interest of moving this all along, I would like to
15	just talk to you about something.
16	THE COURT: Sure.
17	MR. FUENTES: Okay. Thank you.
18	MS. BAHARAV: It's January 8 <sup>th</sup> .
19	MR. FUENTES: January 8 <sup>th</sup> ?
20	MS. BAHARAV: Mm-hmm.
21	MR. FUENTES: Perfect. Thank you, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: So, State, you're going to need to trust
23	MS. BAHARAV: Yeah.
24	THE COURT: you're going to need to trust that I will not engage in any
25	substantive conversation about the case.

1	MS. BAHARAV: Well
2	THE COURT: It is procedural only.
3	MS. BAHARAV:   understand.
4	THE COURT: And, you know, we're ethically and obligated to disclose this
5	and that, and that's almost practically impossible when someone chooses
6	MS. BAHARAV: Yeah.
7	THE COURT: to represent themselves
8	MS. BAHARAV: I know that.
9	THE COURT: and I have to have a conduit to
10	MS. BAHARAV: It's okay.
11	THE COURT: investigation and other things, so
12	MS. BAHARAV: We understand you're doing the best you can to make the
13	best record, so whatever you got to do is fine.
14	MR. FUENTES: Thank you, Your Honor.
15	[Proceedings concluded at 12:35 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
23	Francisco A Princheme
24	SANDRA PRUCHNIC
25	Court Transcriber

Electronically Filed 8/21/2017 10:37 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1 **RTRAN** 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA. 8 CASE NO. C-14-299234-1 Plaintiff, 9 DEPT. IX VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 12 Defendant. BEFORE THE HONORABLE JENNIFER P. TOGLIATTI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 **FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 2017** 14 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 15 REQUEST OF COURT: FURTHER PROCEEDINGS REGARDING LETTER FROM **DEFENDANT** 16 17 APPEARANCES: 18 For the State: RICHARD H. SCOW, ESQ. **Chief Deputy District Attorney** 19 20 For the Defendant: AMANDA S. GREGORY, ESQ. Standby Counsel 21 ALSO PRESENT: **ALBERTO FUENTES** 22 Investigator 23 24 25 RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISON, COURT RECORDER

## FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 2017 AT 10:12 A.M.

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THE COURT: C299234-1. The record should reflect the Defendant is present in custody; from the District Attorney's Office, Mr. Scow. And we have the investigator that's been assigned to this case as well, Mr. Fuentes.

The Court -- Mr. Brown is in receipt of correspondence from you asking me to consider appointing two more lawyers beyond the six that you've already had. And then -- and so I read that letter. Then on top of that letter, but yet -- I mean, it was in the same envelope, but it wasn't attached and it was separate, you had a printout of the -- lost my words, the docket. The -- can you fill in the blank? Oh, my God.

MR. FUENTES: The transcripts.

THE COURT: No, the --

MR. FUENTES: No.

THE COURT: -- entries for events.

MS. GREGORY: The minutes.

THE COURT: Yeah, it's a list -- you know, the docket -- the case summary. Sorry. The case summary and you highlighted things and you said -- so on one hand I got the letter, but then I got on top of that letter separately, not stapled to it or anything, was this other paper with the highlighted transcript requests which, you know -- there are some things that there are not transcripts for, like you highlight minutes. Minutes are something that generate from a clerk, but the actual, like event itself, can be transcribed. The problem is it was unclear to me, based upon your handwritten note that was on this one page versus the letter, whether you are asking me to consider the appointment after -- you know, I can get you these, but I

can't do it in like minutes. I mean, I got one person, 600 cases. It takes a while.

THE DEFENDANT: Well --

THE COURT: When you're in trial you get dailies by -- by rule. And then I have like three -- three people in here typing their fingers to the bone --

THE DEFENDANT: Right.

THE COURT: -- so that dailies are coming. But there's no rule and there's really no ability for me to generate it that quick. You will get them ultimately, but -- so my first question to you is am I -- are you asking me to consider this letter and address it now, or are you saying give me this first and then -- then --

THE DEFENDANT: No, no, that's not necessary to give me the --

THE COURT: Transcripts?

THE DEFENDANT: -- the transcripts first.

THE COURT: Okay. I wasn't clear. Okay. So — so number one, I am having transcripts prepared for any and all proceedings that were highlighted on this that don't say minutes, because minutes are just typed out by a person. But if anything else that occurred in open court that's highlighted will be — you know, like for example, maybe it's not clear to you, but just using March 15<sup>th</sup>, 2017 decision and it says 3 a.m. The reason it says that because I'm not in my office at 3 a.m. deciding your case, and we're not in court at 3 a.m., is because Odyssey needs a time, so that's the time that they choose when it means that the judge is just typing it at her computer and issuing it. There was no hearing. So any hearing, you're getting a transcript of. I just want to make that record.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: So that's number one. So I'm going to set that aside. I would ask that you give a little patience to this. And then if -- if you end up getting

attorneys and you don't -- they don't -- you and they don't get them in the time period within the next, I don't know, 30, 45 days.

Are you generating them when you can or how's that --

THE COURT RECORDER: That's the plan.

THE COURT: I know.

So then you can re-raise it to me. So about the letter. Your -- I don't really need -- I didn't give the district attorney a copy of this letter because they don't really -- it doesn't discuss the substance of the case. It doesn't discuss the trial date or anything where the district attorney should be able to be copied on it. However, when I appoint counsel I have to do that in open court and they are entitled to, if I'm going to consider that, be present. So you -- unless you need to address anything further, then the four pages handwritten that you've given me -- I just need you to know one thing. Number one, if I give you 250 qualified counsel pursuant to the rules, I don't get to pick them and neither do you, and neither does Mr. Fuentes. The Office of Indigent Counsel -- and the reason they do that is because, you know, 20 years ago -- you know, these people are paid by the hour. So if a judge picks an attorney, right, they make tens of thousands of dollars because I'm giving them a case. That's not appropriate. So the reason that the Office of Indigent Counsel was created in the first place was to kind of remove that ethical issue from district court judges, so it ain't my call.

If you want two attorneys then I -- I have an idea who Drew picked because I see people here, but I don't get to make that -- I just tell him, hey, I've decided to go ahead and appoint two more attorneys, and it can't be the six that he's already had; can you please send someone over. So if you want me to do that, then on the four pages that you've provided me I'm inclined to do it. There is nothing

substantive in here about the case. It's about attorney relationships and other things that the defense -- that the State is not -- and I would file this under seal, left side, and give you two attorneys at his discretion.

l assume -- is someone here on this case from the Office of Indigent Counsel?

MR. FUENTES: Well, Your Honor, but I have spoken to Mr. Christensen about this matter and he told me that once you gave them the go ahead to go ahead and appoint counsel -- we discussed some counsel that would be willing to work on the case, and willing to be working with me, and he said he would consider that as long as counsel could handle the cases as far as their caseload and/or for whatever other reason they may have a problem. But other than that, he said that he would consider those counsel. And at that point, I guess he'll either make the appointment and have them here for the next hearing --

THE COURT: Yeah. Well, I spoke to him --

MR. FUENTES: -- but this has already been discussed; yeah.

THE COURT: -- I spoke to him and said if I'm -- I'm granting this how long do I need to continue it and he said one week.

MR. FUENTES: Okay. I mean, I don't anticipate a problem.

THE COURT: But I'd rather -- I'd rather not do it on a Friday with the competency. I'd rather do it on Thursday with the regular calendar. So why don't I pass this to Thursday. I'm going to grant your request. You know, we'll see what he does and then we'll deal with it when that time comes. Okay?

THE DEFENDANT: All right.

THE COURT: Anything else?

MR. FUENTES: No, Your Honor. Thank you very much.

1	THE COURT: Anything else?
2	THE DEFENDANT: No. Thank you.
3	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you very much.
4	THE COURT CLERK: June 15 <sup>th</sup> 9 a.m.
5	THE COURT: Okay. So I am this letter, because it doesn't relate to
6	anything substantive in the case other than requests that you're making for an
7	attorney, is going to be left-side filed under seal. So, just for the record, if anybody
8	ever needed to get it for any purpose you'd need a court order because you know
9	I don't know that it would prejudice you to give it to the State, but they're not entitled
10	to it, so unless you want to give it to them, I'm not going to. What's your pleasure
11	on that?
12	THE DEFENDANT: I'd rather not give it to the State.
13	THE COURT: Okay. So it will be filed under seal. Thank you.
14	MR. FUENTES: Thank you, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: Actually, I'm probably just going to file it under seal. Yeah, left
16	side yeah, left-side filed.
17	[Proceedings concluded at 10:23 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
23	1 Parekane
24	SANDRA PRUCHNIC
25	Court Transcriber

Electronically Filed 8/21/2017 10:41 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1 **RTRAN** 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA. 8 CASE NO. C-14-299234-1 Plaintiff, 9 DEPT. IX VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 12 Defendant. BEFORE THE HONORABLE JENNIFER P. TOGLIATTI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 2017 14 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 15 STATUS CHECK: APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL 16 APPEARANCES: 17 For the State: ALICIA A. ALBRITTON, ESQ. 18 Chief Deputy District Attorney 19 For the Defendant: IVETTE A. MANINGO, ESQ. 20 PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. 21 22 23 24 25 RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISON, COURT RECORDER

MS. MANINGO: I'm sorry?

THE COURT: -- in September?

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1	THE COURT: Can we just address it in September at your status check
2	about moving that trial? I mean, you're putting the DA on notice, hey, we're going to
3	ask for more time than January. I understand you're asking for more time than
4	January, but I don't want to set a date right now
5	MS. MANINGO: Right.
6	THE COURT: because I've got a jury in the hallway and
7	MS. MANINGO: That's fine. And for the record
8	THE COURT: you have we have time.
9	MS. MANINGO: Mr. Scow said last time he wasn't opposed to a
10	continuance and then we can address it at that time.
11	THE COURT: Okay?
12	THE DEFENDANT: That's fine.
13	THE COURT: Thanks.
14	MS. MANINGO: Thank you.
15	[Proceedings concluded at 9:59 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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24	SANDRA PRUCHNIC
25	Court Transcriber

Electronically Filed 11/8/2017 12:09 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

## 1 **RTRAN** 2 3 4 5 DISTRICT COURT 6 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 7 8 9 CASE NO.: C-14-299234-1 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 DEPT. IX Plaintiff, 11 VS. TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 12 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 13 Defendant. 14 15 BEFORE THE HONORABLE JENNIFER P. TOGLIATTI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 16 THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 2017 17 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT RE: 18 STATUS CHECK: TRIAL READINESS APPEARANCES: 19 For the State: COLLEEN BAHARAV, ESQ. 20 **Deputy District Attorneys** 21 For the Defendant: PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. IVETTE MANINGO, ESQ. 22 23 24 25 RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISON, COURT RECORDER

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24 25 Las Vegas, Nevada, Thursday, September 14, 2017 at 9:25 a.m.

THE COURT: State versus Robert Brown. He's present in custody on C299234-1. Status check trial readiness. You had indicated - first of all could you state your appearance please.

MS. BAHARAV: Colleen Baharav, #11777, for the State of Nevada.

MS. MANINGO: Ivette Maningo and Patricia Palm on behalf of Mr. Brown.

THE COURT: Okay. On June 15th, the minute say that you had told me that you didn't anticipate being ready for trial in January and that I told you we would address it today.

MS. MANINGO: Yes.

THE COURT: Do you won't to address it today?

MS. MANINGO: We can, Your Honor. I mean we've been - knowing that we had the status check today we wanted to make sure we were ready to address it. As you know, Your Honor, this case has a bit of a - kind of a tortured history. It's been pending for some time, but we are new on the case.

We've actually gone to the DA, did a file review, tried to piece together our file with what the DA obviously had in theirs, and from previous counsel, which there was various attorneys on this case.

We do have what we believe is a complete file at this time; so we've sat down, reviewed everything with our team. We actually re-engaged our mitigation specialist who started a while ago on this case but really hasn't done a lot because for a minute there, Mr. Brown was representing himself and things were on ice for a moment. We've also engaged some other experts. So we have a lot of work to do.

There's – from reviewing the records, there's some medical issues, and

 a lot of things we're going to have to get into deeply in this case, so we are requesting – and again, I realize this case has been pending for some time, but we are requesting that we go into – we're going to need about a year and a half to be ready. And that's based – we have met with some experts and we know that's a long time out, but we – I know that these are firm settings with this new pilot program, and I don't want to be in the position where I tell you we can be ready in 12 months and be here in front of you asking for another continuance.

MS. BAHARAV: And Your Honor, I'll be out of the office from March to almost October anyway, so if we – if you're inclined to grant the Defense request, I don't have any opposition.

THE COURT: Did you talk to Mr. Brown about these issues?

MS. MANINGO: We have. We've talked at length about it. He understands our position, although this case has been pending. He's been in custody for some time. We're brand new on the case, and we want to do the best – the best trial we can, and he understands this. So our request would be for March of 2019.

And Your Honor, just so you're aware, we did look into maybe trying to do this in September, a year from now, but we have Stewart, the case that was just called before this. We both are going to be going to trial in November in that case, so we want to make sure that we don't have one –

THE COURT: Okay. I'm going grant your motion in part, and I'm setting it a month earlier than you're asking. You can handle that right? February 11, 2019.

MS. MANINGO: That's fine.

THE COURT: Okay, so here's what we're going to do. I'm setting this trial date with the caveat that I – I'm going to set some status checks for you to advise me how the case is progressing. You know, I need you to chisel this in stone and

not have, you know, other judges setting things that you don't give them notice in advance that this was set, that it's old as dirt by then, and you know, basically understanding that I'm going to treat it like a firm date.

MS. MANINGO: We understand, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay, so the matter I set for trial. Because it's a capital case, because counsel is new on the case, and because they have these issues that they've already detailed related to discovery and investigation and experts, the trial date for January 8, 2018 is vacated. Calendar call, December 28, 2017 is vacated. The matter is reset for trial February 11, 2019 at 10:30, with a calendar call January 31, 2019 at 9 a.m. with a status check trial readiness – we're going to do March, and then I'm going to do it every 90 days, thereafter, until you go to trial – or every 60 days; I haven't decided yet, but I just want to be able to justify that I – you know, when the numbers come out and people are looking at this date, and everybody's calendars, that I'm still following up on the case. Does anyone have any questions? Mr. Brown, do you have any questions?

THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: Thank you.

THE CLERK: March 15<sup>th</sup> at 9 a.m.

MS. MANINGO: Thank you, Your Honor.

MS. PALM: Thank you, Your Honor.

[Proceedings concluded at 9:31 a.m.]

ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

Yvette/G. Sison

Court Recorder/Transcriber

3/14/2018 3:49 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT ORDR 1 IVETTE AMELBURU MANINGO, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7076 2 LAW OFFICES OF IVETTE AMELBURU MANINGO 400 S. 4th Street, Suite 500 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 3 Tel.: (702)793-4046 4 Fax.: (844)793-4046 Email: iamaningo@iamlawnv.com 5 PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. 6 Nevada Bar No. 6009 PALM LAW FIRM, LTD. 7 1810 E. Sahara Avenue, Ste. 1420 Las Vegas, Nevada 89104 8 Tel.: (702)518-9049 Fax.: (702)386-9114 9 Email: patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com Attorneys for Defendant 10 11 OFFICE OF GENERAL COUNSEL
Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department
400 S. Martin L. King Blvd.
Las Vegas, Nevada 89106
(702) 828-3310 12 DISTRICT COURT 13 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 14 15 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 16 Plaintiff, CASE NO. C-14-299234-1 17 VS. DEPT. NO. IX 18 ROBERT BROWN JR., 19 ID #6006120 20 Defendant. 21 ORDER FOR TRANSPORT 22 23 Based on the preceding Motion, the Court being fully advised on the premises, approval 24 received from the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, Detention Services Division 25 ("DSD") (Martina Geinzer approving form and content of Order), and good cause appearing, 26 27 28 788

**Electronically Filed** 

Case Number: C-14-299234-1

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IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the DSD will transport Defendant ROBERT BROWN JR., ID# 6006120 to the Offices of Dr. David Smith, 1485 W. Warm Springs Rd.,(address), (702)433-1102 for the purpose of an eye exam.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, that the appointment will be arranged between the Medical Administration Offices of DSD and Dr. David Smith's office so that neither attorneys for the Defendant or the State of Nevada or anyone else will be informed of the date of the appointment for security reasons.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT Defendant is responsible for the transportation fee and medical costs. Prior to the appointment being made, the Defendant is responsible for providing a check for the transportation fee in the amount of \$200.00 to the DSD Inmate Accounts with the Inmate's name and ID number included, and will provide notification to the DSD Medical Administration Office when the same has occurred. At the time the appointment is made, the DSD Medical Administration Office can verify with the provider that the provider and the Defendant have made arrangements for payment of services. DSD is not responsible for any payment of services related to the appointment.

OFFICE OF GENERAL COUNSEL
Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department
400 S. Martin L. King Blvd.
Las Vegas, Nevada 89106
(702) 828-3310

All of the DSD rules, regulations and protocols will be followed in regards to the number of transport officers and the presence of the officers directly outside the secured room used for the exam. The secured room will be inspected and approved by corrections officers. The officers shall approve and follow their protocol of securing the inmate at all times both during transportation and during the examination itself to ensure the safety of civilians present at the office during the time of the appointment, this will include random physical/visual checks by the officers which may involve opening the door of the examination room if said room does not have a window in the door.

DATED this 22 day of February, 2018.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

Submitted by:

|S| Ivette Amelburu Maningo

IVETTE AMELBURÚ MANINGO

Attorney for the Defendant

Approved as to Form and Content:

23 Mertina Geinver

24 Assistant General Counsel

for Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

25 Detention Services Division

**RTRAN** 1 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 8 CASE#: C-14-299234-1 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 Plaintiff, DEPT. IX 10 VS. 11 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 12 Defendant. 13 BEFORE THE HONORABLE JENNIFER P. TOGLIATTI, 14 DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 15 THURSDAY, MARCH 15, 2018 16 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: STATUS CHECK: TRIAL READINESS 17 18 APPEARANCES: 19 For the State: MELANIE SCHEIBLE, ESQ. 20 **Deputy District Attorney** 21 For the Defendant: PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. IVETTE MANINGO, ESQ. 22 23 24 25 RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISON, COURT RECORDER

**791** Page 1

Case Number: C-14-299234-1

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Thursday, March 15, 2018
2	[Case called at 9:08 a.m.]
3	THE COURT: State versus Robert Brown, Jr., C299234-1.
4	He is present in custody. Can you state your appearances for the
5	record please?
6	MS. PALM: Patricia Palm and Ivette Maningo representing
7	Mr. Brown.
8	MS. SCHEIBLE: Melanie Scheible for the State.
9	THE COURT: Okay, the last time this was on calendar you
10	advised me of retained experts, mitigation specialists, and you are
11	moving towards readiness in less than a year now. Anything changed?
12	MS. MANINGO: No, we're moving forward, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: Okay, and you anticipate being ready?
14	MS. MANINGO: We do.
15	THE COURT: All right. The matter is continued status check
16	trial readiness August.
17	THE COURT CLERK: August 14 <sup>th</sup> at 9 a.m.
18	MS. MANINGO: Thank you.
19	THE COURT: Thank you.
20	[Hearing concluded at 9:09 a.m.]
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4	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
5	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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8	Y/ette G. Sison Court Recorder/Transcriber
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1	RTRAN	Oten A.
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5	DISTR	RICT COURT
6	CLARK CO	DUNTY, NEVADA
7		}
8	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	CASE#: C-14-299234-1
9	Plaintiff,	DEPT. IX
10	vs.	
11	ROBERT BROWN, JR.,	
12 13	Defendant.	}
14	BEFORE THE HONORA	BLE JENNIFER P. TOGLIATTI,
15		COURT JUDGE
16		AUGUST 14, 2018
17		NNSCRIPT OF HEARING: <pre>(: TRIAL READINESS</pre>
18	APPEARANCES:	
19 20	For the State:	MORGAN THOMSON, ESQ. Deputy District Attorney
21	For the Defendant:	IVETTE MANINGO, ESQ.
22		
23		
24		
25	RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISO	N, COURT RECORDER

**794** Page 1

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Tuesday, August 14, 2018
2	[Case called at 9:17 a.m.]
3	THE COURT: Robert Brown, page 1, C299234-1. This is a
4	status check trial readiness.
5	MS. MANINGO: I'm sorry, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: You good? I don't know what's going on. So,
7	are you good?
8	MS. MANINGO: Yes.
9	THE COURT: Okay. Do you have a file or what am I doing?
10	MS. THOMSON: I do, I'm sorry.
11	THE COURT: Okay. Trial set for February 11, 2019. Just
12	making sure there's nothing that you need the Court's involvement on,
13	any orders, or anything else. If everything is going along as planned, I'll
14	just continue the I'll just set a status check for November.
15	MS. MANINGO: There was some discovery, and Mr. Scow
16	has made it available. I'm picking it up now
17	THE COURT: Okay.
18	MS. MANINGO: on the 7 <sup>th</sup> floor and the only thing that's
19	outstanding, which I'm going to talk to him about, of course he's not here
20	today, are some witness addresses that I'm hoping that they'll let us
21	THE COURT: Have?
22	MS. MANINGO: get access of get access to, and that's it
23	right now, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Okay, so is there any reason, I should set this
25	earlier than November?

1	MS. MANINGO: No.
2	THE COURT: Okay.
3	MS. MANINGO: I'll put it back on calendar if it becomes a
4	problem.
5	THE COURT: All right. So, status check trial readiness
6	November 8 <sup>th</sup> at 9 a.m.
7	MS. MANINGO: Thank you.
8	THE COURT: Does that work?
9	MS. MANINGO: Yes.
10	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
11	MS. MANINGO: Thank you.
12	[Hearing concluded at 9:19 a.m.]
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17	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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19	Thate I Sugar
20	Yvette G. Sison
21	ර්ගrt Recorder/Transcriber
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**RTRAN** 1 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 8 CASE#: C-14-299234-1 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 Plaintiff, DEPT. IX 10 VS. 11 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 12 Defendant. 13 BEFORE THE HONORABLE JENNIFER P. TOGLIATTI, 14 DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 15 THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 2018 16 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: STATUS CHECK: TRIAL READINESS 17 18 APPEARANCES: 19 For the State: WILLIAM ROWLES, ESQ. 20 **Deputy District Attorney** 21 For the Defendant: IVETTE MANINGO, ESQ. ABEL YANEZ, ESQ. 22 23 24 25 RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISON, COURT RECORDER

**797** Page 1

1	trial rescheduling, December 12 <sup>th</sup>
2	MS. MANINGO: Court's indulgence.
3	THE COURT: at 9:30?
4	MS. MANINGO: That's fine, Your Honor. Thank you.
5	THE COURT: Okay? Yes?
6	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
7	THE COURT: Okay. Thanks.
8	MS. MANINGO: Thank you.
9	MR. ROWLES: Thank you, Your Honor.
10	[Hearing concluded at 9:20 a.m.]
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15	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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18	Yvette G. Sison Court Recorder/Transcriber
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**NOCH** 

Robert Brown, Jr.

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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Case No.: C-14-299234-1 State of Nevada VS Department 17

## NOTICE OF CHANGE OF HEARING

The hearing on the Status Check: Trial Readiness, presently set for January 09, 2019, at 9:30 AM, has been moved to the 9th day of January, 2019, at 8:30 AM and will be heard by Judge Michael Villani.

> STEVEN D. GRIERSON, CEO/Clerk of the Court /s/ Salevao Asifoa

By: S.L. Asifoa, Deputy Clerk of the Court

## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that this 5th day of January, 2019

- The foregoing Notice of Change of Hearing was electronically served to all registered parties for case number C-14-299234-1.
- I placed a copy of the foregoing Notice of Change of Hearing in the appropriate attorney folder located in the Clerk of the Court's Office:

Steven B Wolfson Ivette A. Maningo

/s/ Salevao Asifoa

S.L. Asifoa, Deputy Clerk of the Court

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CLERK OF THE COURT **RTRAN** 1 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE: C-14-299234-1 8 Plaintiff, DEPT. XVII 9 VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 9, 2019 14 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: 15 STATUS CHECK: TRIAL READINESS 16 17 18 19

**APPEARANCES:** 

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21

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For the State: WILLIAM ROWLES, ESQ.

**Deputy District Attorney** 

For the Defendant: IVETTE A. MANINGO, ESQ.

ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ.

RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

**804** Page 1

1	THE COURT: I'm sorry?
2	MR. ROWLES: That works for the State, Your Honor.
3	MS. MANINGO: If
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	MS. MANINGO: If you have a calendar during that month.
6	THE COURT: And if this matter does go forward, how many
7	days is it expected to take?
8	MS. MANINGO: It's - I mean, I would say two or three weeks.
9	THE COURT: Two to three; okay. How about if we start
10	September 30 <sup>th</sup> which is a Monday and then the 1 <sup>st</sup> is Tuesday?
11	MS. MANINGO: My – I start a federal case that's supposed to
12	go about – I believe about 12 weeks and it starts the first week of July. Is
13	it possible to go into October just to make sure that –
14	THE COURT: How about October 7?
15	MS. MANINGO: That should work, Your Honor.
16	[Colloquy between Defense Counsel]
7	THE COURT: All right. And again, as you know I've inherited
8	the case. Have we had all the motions filed in this matter? Has –
9	MS. MANINGO: Not all the motions have been filed in this
20	matter; no.
21	THE COURT: I mean what I call the stock motions; have all
22	those been filed?
23	MS. MANINGO: No, not the – I'm assuming you're referring to
24	some of the penalty motions. They – not all of them have been filed.
25	THE COURT: Right. And how about a juror questionnaire?

It's a 250 case: correct?

MS. MANINGO: We don't have a jury questionnaire that's been – I mean I have one prepared but we haven't filed that with the Court.

THE COURT: And when I'm referring to the stock motion, about federalizing the objections, referring –

MS. MANINGO: The penalty motions; I understand, Your Honor.

THE COURT: You know those -

MS. MANINGO: No, not all of those have been filed and I don't know if Your Honor is going to set any type of briefing schedule, but of course we're open to that.

THE COURT: Do you think we can get those done in about 60 days for hearing so –

MS. MANINGO: Sixty days from now?

THE COURT: Those stock motions, yeah.

MS. MANINGO: Well, we're – I'm going to be in a capital case starting soon, so I mean I'd like some more time to do that.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. I was just trying to -- just file those so we have enough time. And also, as you know, sometimes depending on how the motions turn out, you know, it might have an impact on the resolution of the case.

MS. MANINGO: I understand, Your Honor, and they will be filed – I don't want to say within 60 days, but I'll make sure that they are filed reasonably soon.

1	MS. MANINGO: Thank you.
2	THE COURT: Thank you.
3	[Hearing concludes at 9:06 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
23	Cunther Georgia
24	Cynthia Georgias CYNTHIA GEORGILAS Court Boordor/Transcriber
25	Court Recorder/Transcriber District Court Dept. XVII

RA:	,	
W	STATE OF NEVADA	CASE # C-14-299234-1
•	γ.	DEPT # XYII
3.	ROBERT BROWN 6006120 (legal PERSON) by	FILED
ų	Yahshua Ariyl Ha-Kohen (Spiritual Parson)	JAN 1 7 2019
<b>5</b> .	·	CLERK OF COURT
6.	MOTION TO DISMISS	COUNSEL
7.		February 14 764 C 8:30 AM
8,		e 8:30 AM
٩,	CAMES NOW, ROBERT BROWN, and moves	this Court to dismiss Counsels
10.	IVETTE A. MANINGO and ABEL M. YANEZ O	and appoint counsels to represent
	the Accused as Treasonous. See att	ached OPEN CONFESSION doc. (pp6-10)
. 12		
13.	This motion is based upon all papers, pleadings and documents on	
14.	file and/or in possession of the STA	ITE.
15.		
16.	Factual statements set forth in th	
17.	Dated this 11th Day of January 201	9_C.E.
18.		
19.		
20.	Α	ccused,
21.		OBERT BROWN
22.	<u>Ω</u>	ZXKD
23.	R A R	
24.	RECEIVED  JAN 17 2019  CLERK OF THE COURT	C-14-299234-1
25.	2019 2019	MDC Motion to Dismiss Counsel 4810253
26.	<del> </del>	
27,		All ( ID) 23/40/ (1900) by but comply side out an

	- Points and Authorities -
1,	
2.	It is respectfully requested of this Court to grant this Motion
3,	to Dismiss Counsels for the reasons listed below.
٧,	
<b>5</b> .	i. Procedural Background
6.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
٦,	Since Ivette Maningo was appointed as counsel on , zoi
8.	the Accused has been prejudiced and suffers manifest injustice
9.	based on counsels refusal or failure to:
10.	
11	1) Communicate (honestly) the basic principles of Positive Law to
17.	the Accused.
13	
14.	2) Investigate the oral or written requests of the Accused concerning
15.	problematic evidentiary issues, for which counsels neither care to
16.	provide the Accused with a written refusal, based on any legitimate
	Authorities.
18.	
19.	3) Provide the Accused with requested Copies of letters sent
20.	to counsels, which express displeasure in the issues herein.
21,	
22,	4) Inform the Court of the fact that the Accused has been
25.	refusing counsel's visits, for about a month to date. Counsels
24.	are clearly aware of their causing a breakdown in the trust
25.	ancilor confidence reasonably expected by the Accused. And as
26.	such, counsels are aware that such actions have manifest a
	Hostile relationship for which cause a BAR complaint has ensued.
	811 <sub>Z</sub> .

. 1.	5) Keep promise of trial readiness on 2-11-2018, Instead, Ivette
2.	Maningo - without informing the Accused beforehand - requested an
3.	October trial date on 1-9-2018.
ч.	
5,	6) Provide proof of, or necessity of an alleged recent Supreme
	Court reversal that Forces Ivette Maningo to take that case
<u>J.</u>	1. A 1
8.	ciain was made in Court before retired Judge Jennifer
٩.	Togliatti, who also expressed disbelief in asking how that
/0/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
11,	
!2、	7. Make a diligent, competent attempt to retrieve the Accused's
14,	
15.	counsels care not about the right of the Accused to Assist
	Counsel, etc.; and neither do they care to inform the Court.
	And this Court is aware that these same careless acts by cope
	Forced the Accused to give up his Pro Se status.
19.	
20.	8) File any Motions during the period of over a year, since
	being assigned to case.
22.	
23.	9) Honor the agreement and commitment with then co-chair
	Patricia Palm, an the "caring" team, which the Accused's now
25.	deceased investigator carefully arranged as a prerequisite of
	the Accused. (Palm abandoned the Accused shortly after a letter
	of discontent was sent to counsels). See item (D) (3), supra.
	012

3.

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<i>\</i> .	ii. Argument
2.	<b>Y</b>
3.	The Accused, ROBERT BROWN, asserts he is being denied the
ч,_	right to competent and effective counsel. ROMPILLA V. BEARD,
5.	125 S. Ct. 245 (nutlining Death Penalty Standards for Counsel).
	Counsels innate actions comport to nothing less than a
٦.	violation of Due Process. The right to counsel is also the
8	right to effective Assistance of Counsel. CUYLER V. SULLIVAN,
٩.	100 5. Ct. 1708 (1980) and FRAZIER v. U.S., 18 F. 3d 778 (9th, 1994).
10.	The Accused ought to have counsel "acting in the role of advocate."
	ANDERS V. CALIFORNIA, 87 S. Ct. 1396 and 1480 (1967).
12.	
13.	A Counsel who is unable to provide effective or adequate
<u> ૧</u> ૫	assistance, is no better than one who has no counsel at all;
.15,	and any appeal (s) would be futile in its jesture. EVITTS v. LUCEY,
16.	105 S. Ct. 830 (1985); DOUGLAS v. CALIFORNIA, 83.5. Ct. 814 (1963).
17.	
18.	Clearly, a Conflict of Interest now exists between counsels
19.	and the Accused, as all faith and trust has diminished, despite
20.	the extraordinary effort by the Accused to resolve issues by
21,	unanswered letters, etc. As a result of counsels actions or
22.	lack thereof, a showing of Conflict of Interest requires, still,
23.	no showing of Prejudice, CUYLER, supra, at 1717.
24.	
25.	Counsels' services have proven to be ineffective as per the 6th
26.	Amendment (See STRICKLAND V. WASHINGTON)
27.	
	813 .

	VERIFICATION
<u> </u>	
٦.	I, ROBERT BROWN, submit that the aforementioned
3.	is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, under
Ч.	the penalty of perjury. NRS 208.165
5,	
6.	
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10.	
11.	Respectfully submitted,
12.	<u> </u>
13.	ROBERT BROWN
14.	
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16.	
17,	DATED THIS 11th DAY OF JANUARY, 2019 C.E.
18.	
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## OPEN CONFESSION

•	•
	THE UNITED APO-STATES CONSTITUTION: A COVENANT - ALLIANCE
1.	OF THE YULGAR ("PEOPLE") TO SEPARATE THEMSELVES AS ENEMIES
2.	AGAINST THE HOLY CHURCH (ASSEMBLY) OF YAHSHUA MESSIAH
3.	(MOTION TO DECLARE THE STATE (OR ACCUSED) TREASONOUS - NRS 196.010)
١, ١	
5.	In this country there is a "Separation of Church and State."
6. !	which means "the people" (literally, Vulgar) have been set up as
	an Adversary and Opposer of recognizing the establishment of a
8.	specific type of Church "Theocracy" which by its own Holy Law
9.	precludes any Secular State from changing its Law or
10,	Status, etc. I belong to this Biblical Church, called the Body of
11,	Messiah. In England, its law had classified a "monotheistic"
12.	Church, which had One Founder whose One Will all members
13.	must conform to, as a Sole Spiritual Corporation. The
19,	Church which the Nessiah established is such a Corporate
15.	Body. And it is universally accepted that the Messiah, as the
16.	Head of the Church, is alive in heaven. Therefore, His Book
١٦.	(the Church) a sio, as members of His Sole Spiritual Corporation
\8.	can NOT be abolished. Thus, the specific "Church", which the
19.	"people" (Vulgar) naturally Oppose as Satan (literally, Adversary)
20.	is: The Holy Church of Messian as Head of an unanangeable
21.	Sale Spiritual Corporate "Theocracy".
22,	The vulgar ("pearie") therefore, have formed the
23.	Opposing type of Corporation, which conforms to such
24.	characteristics as they are: a Lay Aggregate Corporation of
25.	the Civil sort, called a STATE. Because it is Law (Secular - Worldly),
26.	
27,	1116
	815

•	
	or Common), since these [ holy Church] dignities do not exist in
2.	
3,	WHEAT 207.
4,	Because the Profane (Common-wealth) constitute an
_ 5.	Aggregate Corporation, two-thirds of their Wills dictate
	the others, and can thereby add or remove any Head, law, or
<u>7.</u>	Status, etc. It is thus "Polytheistic" by nature, acknowledging
	many gods and churches as Secular (Worldly), through its 5016)
q.	charter. But the Law of the Sole Church is "Monotheistic". Deuteronomy 6:4.
10.	
li.	Secular Society), and is a government "by and for the people"
	(Profane, Un-Holy, and Common), its [STAT-utory law is] a rule of
13.	civil conduct because they do not extend into the subjective
14.	domain of morals or religion. "J. SUTHERLAND, Statutes and
	Statutory Construction, 88 (1891).
16.	All these facts demonstrate that the nature and type
17.	of Corporation (Association of Persons) formed by Constitution
18.	(i.e. the UNITED STATES) reflect the very essence of the unhaly
19.	human system personified under the term SATAN, which
20.	literally means Adversary and Opposer. It is an Association
21.	of Persons who stand as an Enemy of Yahweh, and thus are
22.	not in a Covenant of Peace with Yahweh, since Peace involves
23.	being in a proper internal and external, Safe, Friendly, and
24.	Complete condition with another; but Yahweh is Holy.
25.	This means that every member of the One living
26.	Church of Yahshua Messiah being convicted by the Enemy
27.	STATE, by its strictly un-Holy Secular "crimes, is done as an Act of War
	816 <sub>7.</sub>

. •	
١,	against immune Servants (Ambassadors) of a Supreme Sovereign.
2.	
<u>3</u>	act as the instrument to judge and punish His people by such unholy
	Standards, etc. See Revelation 12:9; 17:7-14; 13:1-8.
5,	Every Charge and Conviction had by an Enemy STATE,
6.	against the immune subjects of any Sovereign, is not
	only an Act of Hostility, but an Act of War imputed as an
	Act by the entire nation, and not just by a judge, or state.
	And this nation cannot possibly think that its destruction
	is not coming from a War that is provoked by a two-thirds
	majority rule of those who consented against Yahwen.
12.	Moreover, because this nation claims it is "one
13.	nation under God" (4 USCS, 84), the facts above show that
14.	the UNITED apo-STATES not only stand as an Enemy, but are
15.	in a STATE of Treason against Yahweh, whom the illiterate
	"neople" call "God" because it has exalted itself above the Church.
17.	It is known, however, that the Professional class of persons
18.	
19.	the Constitution, and Declaration of Independence from
20.	
	called the BAR. Thus, it can hardly be said that an Illiterate class
	called the People understood and consented to the true STAT-us,
23.	
	to have knowingly placed this lower class vassal STATE in.
<b>2</b> 5.	How, then, can anyone stand by silent, knowing that I
	am a professed Servant of Yahweh who is being represented"
	by, and tried by a Treasonous Enemy?  817 8.
	817 <sub>8.</sub>
	•

	•
١.	With these facts in mind, the Law, and Revealed Will
2.	of Yanweh serve as Witnesses to the Act of Treason by
	the STATE, an intent perpetrated by, and imputed to the
	associates and members of the Bair. The "people" also
	serve as a Witness, since no unlearned person can be
	said to have willingly placed themselves in a STATE of
	Treason. And finally, I stand as another Witness, being
8.	
9.	Under 18 USCA, 82381; Article 3, Sec. 3 of the UNITED
	STATES Constitution; & NRS 196.010, one may be convicted of
11.	treason on the testimony of two witnesses, or confession
12.	in open court."
13.	
14.	
	Accused) has committed the act of Treason, by binding
	one's self to the other's Enemy, for the purpose of giving
	Aid and Comfort. Charges must then ensue, or else a
	passive admission works, interalia, as a Judgment of Not
	Guilty, or else must be taken as a Confession and Avoidance.
4	And if my Position or Status is left to show that I remain
. 21.	with impunity, then that impunity must extend to all charges
22.	against me, since it is an essential element that an Accused
23	must have committed a crime against the PEACE and Dignity
24	of the STATE of Nevada. And this STATE, as I have already
25.	shown, cannot itself be in a STATE of Peace with the "God"
26	whom this nation claims it is "under" in 4 Uscs, & 4, because it
27.	has exalted itself Above, and Separate from, the HOLY One, as an Enemy.
	`818 <sub>9</sub> ,

	١.	Moreover, since logic dictates that, because an inferior
	2.	STATE has wrongly provoked an Act of War against the
	1	subjects of a Supreme Spiritual Sovereign, it logically
		follows that His subjects cannot possibly be contemplated
	,	in Law or otherwise, as committing an offense against an
		active Enemy of War. And this is especially true, since the
		convictions by the Enemy STATE are the type that have nothing
		to do with the "subjective domain of morals or religion."
		J. SUTHERLAND, SUPra.
	10.	
	11,	is at Peace with Yahweh, or Yahshua Messian and His Church.
		See Mottnew 10:34-36; Jeremyah 6:14: 1 Thessalonians 5:1-3:
		John 15: 18-19; James 4:4; 1 John 2: 15-17; Daniy 17:21; 8:23-26; Revelation
		17:11-14. Apo-stasy of the Profane (Secular) becomes an apo-STATE.
·	15.	The U.S. Constitution has made the People a Company or Troop in a
	16.	Blasphemous military cloak of rebellion, which has all but certainly
		cast the souls of such Enemies into condemnation, by such an
		Aliegiance, Every dead sou is also a Witness of the STATE they're in.
	19.	
	20.	I hereby give Witness and Confession in Open Court,
	2\.	under penalty of perjury, that the aforementioned is true and
_		accurate to the best of my knowledge.
	23.	
	24.	Jan. 11th, 2019 C.E.
	25.	
	26.	Yahshua Ariyl Ha-ko'nen (Spiritual Parson)
	27.	TOBO.
		8190.

\$ 001.21°

Robert Brown 6006120 CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CENTER 330 S. Casino Biva. 715-17 Las Vegas, NV 89101 CLENK OF COURT 20c Lewis Ave. 3rd Floor La= Yegas, NV 89101

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Electronically Filed 2/20/2019 10:42 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

**RTRAN** 1 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE: C-14-299234-1 8 Plaintiff, DEPT. XVII 9 VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 2019 14 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: 15 **MOTION TO DISMISS COUNSEL** 16 17 18 APPEARANCES: 19 20 For the State: WILLIAM ROWLES, ESQ. 21 **Deputy District Attorney** 22 For the Defendant: **NO APPEARANCE** 23 24 25 RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

**821** Page 1

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Thursday, February 14, 2019
2	[Hearing begins at 10:21 a.m.]
3	THE COURT: All right, page 7, motion to dismiss counsel;
4	Robert Brown.
5	Colloquy between Court, recorder, and marshal]
6	THE COURT: Counsel is Ms. Maningo.
7	MR. ROWLES: I've not seen her, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: I don't know if she is aware of this.
9	Sir, Ms. Maningo is – it's Miss, right, Yvette Maningo?
10	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
11	THE COURT: It's not Mr. Maningo – perhaps is not aware.
12	She always makes her court appearances. We'll pass this to the next
13	homicide day.
14	THE CLERK: February 27 <sup>th</sup> , 9:00 a.m.
15	MR. ROWLES: Thank you, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: Thank you.
17	We'll contact her, sir, so she can be here. All right, thank you.
18	[Hearing concludes at 10:21 a.m.]
19	* * * * *
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
23	Conthi George 100
24	Cynthia Georgilas
25	Court Recorder/Transcriber District Court Dept. XVII

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CLERK OF THE COURT **RTRAN** 1 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE: C-14-299234-1 8 Plaintiff, DEPT. XVII 9 VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 2019 14 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: 15 MOTION TO DISMISS COUNSEL 16 17 18 19 APPEARANCES: 20 For the State: WILLIAM ROWLES, ESQ. 21 Deputy District Attorney 22 For the Defendant: IVETTE A. MANINGO, ESQ. 23 ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ. 24

RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

25

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Wednesday, February 27, 2019
2	[Hearing begins at 9:02 a.m.]
3	THE COURT: I think we can probably go forward on Robert
4	Brown with one of our DA's here.
5	Is Mr. Brown here? Robert Brown?
6	THE DEFENDANT: Here.
7	THE COURT: Sir, you filed a motion to dismiss the services
8	of Ms. Maningo – actually, we should – we need to have her here. I
9	thought we could – no, sorry.
10	MR. ROWLES: Okay.
11	[Matter trailed at 9:02 a.m.]
12	[Matter recalled at 9:27 a.m.]
13	THE MARSHAL: Page 2.
14	THE COURT: Robert Brown.
15	Ms. Maningo and Mr. Yanez, did you receive a motion from
16	your client seeking to dismiss your services?
17	MS. MANINGO: We did, Your Honor. I believe it was on
18	before but we hadn't – we did not get notice and so you passed it for
19	today's date.
20	THE COURT: Sir, I didn't quite understand everything in your
21	motion here. You're talk about the separation of church and state and
22	other matters. It's not very clear. Why do you want to get rid of your
23	attorneys?
24	THE DEFENDANT: I gave the reasons in there. One thing
25	that's particularly disturbing is the fact that I've sent both attorneys, Ms.

1	Maningo and Mr. Yanez, letters of discontent about issues and I never
2	received any response from them and that's not – that's just not
3	acceptable.
4	THE COURT: All right.
5	Ms. Maningo or Mr. Yanez.
6	MS. MANINGO: We've attempted unfortunately in the last
7	month, four times, visits and it's a refusal, so we haven't been able to
8	discuss those issues.
9	THE COURT: Sir, how can they represent you if you're
10	refusing to see them? They just told me they've
11	THE DEFENDANT: Well,
12	THE COURT: gone down there four times.
13	THE DEFENDANT: the letters have – the letter issue has
14	been occurring way before this issue of me not seeing them or me
15	refusing their visits, I should say.
16	THE COURT: Okay, well, how about now? They're willing -
17	they've been trying to come down and talk to you. It seems like they're
18	trying to resolve any issues or any misunderstandings here. I mean they
19	have to meet with you to talk to you to see if they can clarify anything.
20	THE DEFENDANT: Like I said, the letter issues have been
21	going on for a long time.
22	THE COURT: Well, sir, can –
23	THE DEFENDANT: It's been
24	THE COURT: Ms. Maningo and –
25	THE DEFENDANT: It's been at least 9 months. So for them

now to complain that I'm refusing their visits you know after 9 months of you know ignoring my letters, that's not competent at all.

MS. MANINGO: Judge – and for the record, Your Honor,-THE COURT: Yes.

MS. MANINGO: -- I think I've received, since I've been representing him, I want to say probably 3 letters. We've addressed all of them during visits. They're letters similar to what was filed in the motion today with regards to the separation of church and state, etcetera, so we've discussed that.

And one of his frustrations, which I completely understand, is that there's been a delay in the case. We're the fourth set of attorneys because the other people he had a conflict with. And, unfortunately, since I've been on the case, my co-counsel, Ms. Palm, actually transitioned over to the SPD so we had to have new counsel on the case which obviously causes a delay. And unfortunately, our investigator who has actually been with him from the very beginning even when he was representing himself, Al Fuentes, passed away at the beginning – just you know a month ago. And so, he's frustrated because of those delays which I understand but those are things that are out of my control. I'm also preparing and starting a capital case in 30 days so it's a 33 year old case that the federal court has ordered for me to try and that's why we had to continue this case. So, those are things that are frustrating him and I understand it but they are simply out of my control.

THE COURT: Sir, do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, but I've been incarcerated over 5

years and attorneys have -

THE COURT: Well, these attorneys have -

THE DEFENDANT: -- not even -

THE COURT: Well, sir, these attorneys have not been on your case for 5 years.

THE DEFENDANT: They've been on my case over a year.

THE COURT: Okay, but they haven't – so the 5 years – so, I'm going to start the clock for them for one year; okay? And they've been trying to come down and apparently there's been different attorneys and we have a problem with the investigator who apparently passed away. These are all issues outside of their control. I have known both these attorneys for a long time and they're very aggressive in their representation. You just give them a chance.

Counsel, when is – when do you think you can go down and speak with him?

MS. MANINGO: I mean we could go this -

THE COURT: Or at least one of you or -

MS. MANINGO: Well, can you go tomorrow?

MR. YANEZ: Yeah, or – not later than the end of this week by Friday.

MS. MANINGO: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Why don't we do this, I'm going to put you back on the – on our — in two weeks just a status check. They're going to come down and speak with you, sir, hopefully at the end of this week and resolve some of these issues.

1	So, let's come – I'll make a final decision on the motion to
2	dismiss counsel in two weeks from today.
3	MS. MANINGO: Okay.
4	THE CLERK: March 13 <sup>th</sup> at 9:00 a.m.
5	THE COURT: Sir, they're going to come down. Don't refuse
6	their visitation.
7	[Hearing concludes at 9:32 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
23	Cynthia Georgias
24	O NATITIA GEORGICAS
25	Court Recorder/Transcriber District Court Dept. XVII
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**RTRAN** 1 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE: C-14-299234-1 8 Plaintiff, DEPT. XVII 9 VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 2019 14 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: 15 MOTION TO DISMISS COUNSEL 16 17 18 APPEARANCES: 19 For the State: NO APPEARANCE 20 21 For the Defendant: IVETTE A. MANINGO, ESQ. ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ. 22 23 24

RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

25

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Wednesday, March 13, 2019
2	[Hearing begins at 9:50 a.m.]
3	THE MARSHAL: Page 1.
4	THE COURT: Ms. Maningo is on Robert Brown.
5	All right, Mr. Brown, we were last here February 27 <sup>th</sup> . It seems
6	- I think we were here on a motion to dismiss counsel and I thought the
7	issues were resolved back then, and now it's on calendar again for
8	motion to dismiss counsel; is that incorrect?
9	MR. YANEZ: I think we continued it, Judge, to give us an
10	opportunity to meet with –
11	THE COURT: Okay.
12	MR. YANEZ: Mr. Brown and go over that. We did meet with
13	him twice –
14	THE COURT: All right.
15	MR. YANEZ: so I'm not sure what Mr. Brown's position is,
16	but we did meet with him twice.
17	THE COURT: Mr. Brown, did Counsel in fact go meet with
18	you twice and discuss your case?
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, they did. Our first meeting wasn't
20	very pleasant.
21	THE COURT: Was or was not?
22	THE DEFENDANT: Was not very –
23	THE COURT: Okay.
24	THE DEFENDANT: pleasant. Ms. Maningo simply verbally
25	insulted me, she demeaned me, [indiscernible] me. The only thing

positive came out of our first meeting was the fact that Mr. Yanez said he was going to look into the written documents that I had been provided – the attorneys as far as my issues are concerned. He would read them is what he told me. So, that's the only thing positive came out of that.

THE COURT: Okay, how about the second meeting?

THE DEFENDANT: Well in between -

THE COURT: And I don't want you – don't go over specifics, but just tell me generally.

THE DEFENDANT: Well before I miss it though I called Mr. Yanez before the second meeting and I gave him a little bit of case law and explained to him that I needed copies. The – one of the issues, as you know, is that I have not been receiving my copies of complaints to these attorneys and even thus far they still have not provided me with all of those copies and it's critical that I have all those copies because –

THE COURT: Copies of complaints against the attorneys?

THE DEFENDANT: Right. Issues -

THE COURT: Okay, why do you need that – hang on – to defend this case?

THE DEFENDANT: Well, it's not to defend this case. It's an [indiscernible] that we have conflicts and I need to prove them. I don't expect you, Judge, to take my word over theirs [indiscernible] –

THE COURT: I'm not taking anyone's word right now, so.

THE DEFENDANT: All right, but my – part of my – part of the reason why I'm doing that is so that I can have documented proof that I have been communicating, issues have or have or not been resolved,

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: Okay, are they not – do they not have the –

THE DEFENDANT: They – that –

THE COURT: -- police reports?

THE DEFENDANT: -- as well. They're not investigating issues that go to matters concerning, for example, Officer [indiscernible]. I've give him all the documents showing them that this particular officer has fabricated statements. The audio had – there's a problem with the audio. There's a problem –

THE COURT: Are you saying the audio has been doctored? THE DEFENDANT: Right, Exactly.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Let me just -- let's just cut to the chase here.

Mr. Yanez or Ms. Maningo, I'm – as far as the issues going – preparing for trial, have you met with your client and are you preparing – I'm assuming you're preparing for trial, analyze the reports, etcetera; Counsel?

MS. MANINGO: I am aware of the issues that he's referencing. We've noted them but some of them are trial issues which will be addressed at trial.

With regards to investigation, he – well, we recently had our investigator pass away. This is an investigator that's been – was on his case for years with his other team of attorneys and when he was representing himself. The investigator, I believed to his satisfaction, really did investigate the case that he wanted to. They got along well

actually. He passed away recently. We do have follow up investigations to do with regard – which, of course, I'm not going to get into on the record, which we were in the process of doing when my investigator unexpectedly passed away. So, that's where we're at.

THE DEFENDANT: Judge, I have even matters that go to the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department staging the crime scene in my case. They refuse to address that as well. I have complaints –

THE COURT: Okay, well I don't want to get into the specifics.

THE DEFENDANT: I'm not getting into specifics.

THE COURT: If you've communicated –

THE DEFENDANT: I understand that.

THE COURT: -- to them that concern I'm sure that – first off, on cross examination they will address those issues. Presenting any motion here telling me, I think the officers are lying, I think they staged it, I think they doctored – unless [indiscernible] very specific, that's not an issue for me to decide someone's lying at this point. It's for the jury to decide; okay?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm not asking you to decide that. I'm asking you to consider that as to why I'm here, to fire them for failing to do that. Those are my rights.

THE COURT: Sir, they're doing it. They're preparing for trial.

THE DEFENDANT: They have not. They even refuse to give me a written response to these things.

THE COURT: Okay, well they don't have to do that, sir; okay?

They're documenting their file –

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MR. YANEZ: And, Judge –

THE COURT: -- of what they're doing and not doing -

MR. YANEZ: -- just one thing -

THE COURT: -- on your case.

MR. YANEZ: -- on that point. What I did tell Mr. Brown is that both Ivette and I, from this point forward I believe he wants written responses to some of his questions that he has about the case. Typically, that's just done verbally when you meet with your client. But I told him that Ivette and I have no problem writing down our response to his request so he has documentation as to that.

And we did tell him, as well, Judge, -- and this might be the frustrating part for Mr. Brown 'cause he did represent himself at one point, is the duty that – or the job of the lawyer, when it comes to what is our responsibility and what is the client's decision making, when it comes to the legal strategy and the filing of the motions the law does say that his attorneys get to make that decision. Obviously, we'll take Mr. Brown's input in that. And I don't know – that might be the frustrating part with Mr. Brown because perhaps we have disagreements as to what should be filed or not be filed. And we did have that discussion with him that that is our legal strategies; that ball is in our court and we get to make that decision. Obviously, we're going to zealously represent him and any motion that we think has merit that should draw – that should be considered by the Court we're going to do that. But my impression at least is that might be Mr. Brown's frustration that we just disagree on certain strategies. And again, he did represent himself so at one point he

was kind of running the show. And obviously, he still has that right if he – I don't think he's made that request to represent himself, but at one point Judge Togliatti gave him – canvassed him and let him represent himself. But as to the written requests, and I told this to Mr. Brown, both Ivette and I are willing to do that so that he has something in writing so I just want to put that on the record.

THE COURT: Okay, so they're going to be doing that, sir.

It seems like you want them to do things that are not appropriate at this stage. It sounds like they are preparing for trial while these issues of witnesses lying perhaps, things being doctored is for them to bring up in front of the jury. The jury decides whether or not you can believe the audio, you can believe the photographs, you can believe the testimony. It's not for me. So, I'm sure they are preparing their cross examination when they do their final —

THE DEFENDANT: But, Judge, --

THE COURT: -- prep for the trial.

THE DEFENDANT: But, Judge, there are several *de novo* issues, several. I don't understand that justifying the hypocrisy in that these attorneys intentionally are going to file stock motions that are expected by them to be dismissed but to preserve the issue, though.

THE COURT: That's their job.

THE DEFENDANT: Right. Okay. That logic is sound, but when it comes to my argument that -- a *de novo* issue that they don't know is going to be denied, they even refuse to preserve the issue.

That's –

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THE COURT: Well, sir, they -

THE DEFENDANT: -- absurd to me.

THE COURT: -- make the judgment call whether or not any motion has merit and they're making that call. And so, I don't find a basis at this point to remove them so they are on the case. And it sounds like they're going to put in writing the answers to your questions as far as anything that you are requesting so that should clear that up.

I do see that we have a calendar call September 24<sup>th</sup>, trial date October 7; are we on track to keep that date?

MS. MANINGO: And that was the next issue that I – 'cause' he's not going to be happy about this. I already brought this up in the meeting and a lot of this occurred -- and I know he's frustrated, and again, I acknowledged that last time. These are things I don't have control over. His trial date was continued because of a conflict with another trial that we had and because the investigator passed away and of course I need to get a new investigator. It's set for October. I am and since then, I've been in a status check and hearings in a federal case that I have. It's a racketeering case that is starting June 27th. We thought it was going to be an 8 week trial. When we were there last, they're talking 10 to 12 weeks. And so, I want to tell the Court this now and I want Mr. Brown to know, which I've already told him, because I don't want to run into this situation again where I'm continuing trial and he loses faith in us because of that. These were things I don't have control over so I want to put it on the record now. I'm in a federal case. Obviously, I can't be in two places at once and I want to prepare for his

trial and be ready. And so, that's my other concern and I'm sure his concern.

THE COURT: In the event that the federal case does not go forward, will you be ready to try this case?

MS. MANINGO: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Let's see how that turns out. As you know, especially in federal court, things get continued all the time and I'm sure you're preparing for that trial as well as this one; okay?

MS. MANINGO: And that is accurate. And I will know – obviously we're starting in July. I will know in early summer – or I continue to know if it's still going, and as of now, it looks like it is going, Your Honor. I just make sure –

THE COURT: All right.

MS. MANINGO: -- you know that.

THE COURT: I appreciate the heads up. And who is the DA on this case who is trying the case, do we know?

MS. MANINGO: Richard Scow.

THE COURT: All right. Okay, thank you.

All right, I'll just wait for any future motions. If – as soon as you hear that your federal case is going forward, please immediately put it back on calendar if we don't have other issues before that time.

MS. MANINGO: Right. And just so – we just had a status check two days ago and it is going forward as of now. We'll be back in court within the next 30 days and I'll know more then. I guess I could update you in another 30 days here as well.

1	THE COURT: Okay. And do you feel that you have all
2	discovery in this matter as far as forensic testing, DNA –
3	MS. MANINGO: We -
4	THE COURT: I don't know if he's items exists in your case,
5	but –
6	MS. MANINGO: We've done a file review in this case. I have
7	all the discovery. But the one thing for me is getting a new investigator
8	on the case. I was in a holding pattern because of this motion he filed
9	but if we're going to stay on the case I'm going to go ahead and – I
10	already spoke to the investigator and get a new one in there and have
11	him meet with him and left – pick up where we left off on the couple of
12	things we're working on.
13	THE COURT: All right. Great.
14	All right, thank you very much, Counsel.
15	MR. YANEZ: Thank you, Judge.
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17	[Hearing concludes at 10:03 a.m.]
18	* * * * *
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
23	(
24	Cynthia Georgilas CYNTHIA GEORGILAS
25	Court Recorder/Transcriber District Court Dept. XVII
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**OSCH** 

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No.:

C-14-299234-1

Dept. No.:

XVII

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

PLAINTIFF,

٧.

ROBERT BROWN, JR., #6006120;

DEFENDANT,

### ORDER SCHEDULING STATUS CHECK

YOU ARE HEREBY ORDERED TO APPEAR in District Court, 200 Lewis Avenue, Department XVII, on WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 2019 at 9:00 a.m. to give status to this Court as to the following:

- 1. Retention of experts
- 2. Forensic testing
- 3. Motion to suppress evidence and/or statement (Jackson Denno hearing)
- 4. Photos/video/body camera
- 5. Phone records/cell tower records
- 6. Autopsy
- 7. File review
- 8. Motion for evidence of crimes of other crimes (NRS 48.045)
- 9. Res gestae motion (NRS 48.035) and

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10. Pending offer(s).

DATED: April 15, 2019

Winn 16-

MICHAEL P. VILLANI DISTRICT JUDGE

#### **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING**

I hereby certify that on the date filed, I electronically served, mailed to the following proper persons, or placed a copy of this order in the attorney's folder in the Clerk's Office as follows:

Richard Scow, Esq. Chief Deputy District Attorney William C. Rowles, Esq. Chief Deputy District Attorney

Ivette A. Maningo, Esq.

Abel M. Yanez, Esq.

Christina Greene

Judicial Executive Assistant

MICHAEL P. VILLANI DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT XVII

**Electronically Filed** 6/14/2019 11:23 AM Steven D. Grierson

CLERK OF THE COURT **RTRAN** 1 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4

6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE: C-14-299234-1

8 Plaintiff, DEPT. XVII

9 VS.

10 ROBERT BROWN, JR.,

11 Defendant. 12

> BEFORE THE HONORABLE VALERIE ADAIR, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 2019

## RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: STATUS CHECK

APPEARANCES:

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RICHARD H. SCOW, ESQ. For the State:

Chief Deputy District Attorney

IVETTE A. MANINGO, ESQ. For the Defendant:

ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ.

RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Wednesday, May 22, 2019
2	[Hearing begins at 9:16 a.m.]
3	THE COURT: State versus Robert Brown.
4	All right, Mr. Brown is present in custody with Ms. Maningo
5	and Mr. Yanez. And we have –
6	MR. SCOW: Richard Scow for the -
7	THE COURT: Mr I know who
8	MR. SCOW: State.
9	THE COURT: you are Mr. Scow representing the State
10	and this is on for status check trial readiness. So, where are we,
11	Defense?
12	MS. MANINGO: Well, Your Honor, this is set for October. I
13	know that Mr. Villani [sic] wanted to know the status of a federal case
14	that I have that's –
15	THE COURT: You and like every other defense attorney in
16	town.
17	MS. MANINGO: I know. There's 23 defendants in that case so
18	a lot of people are on – I'm on the first group –
19	THE COURT: Okay.
20	MS. MANINGO: which is the first 8 defendants and it starts
21	the end of July.
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MS. MANINGO: It's scheduled to go like 10 to 12 weeks. And
24	so, he wanted to know the status of that. As of right now, it's still set to
25	go.

1	THE COURT: Okay.
2	MS. MANINGO: Because we were here about 30 days ago
3	and we –
4	THE COURT: Right.
5	MS. MANINGO: had a status check about a week and a half
6	ago so he wanted to know the status of that. I do know that.
7	THE COURT: Do you know what Judge Villani's plan was?
8	Do you was it to keep the trial date for right now and have the
9	attorneys continue to –
10	MS. MANINGO: Yes.
11	THE COURT: prepare the case?
12	MR. SCOW: Yes, that's my understanding.
13	MS. MANINGO: I believe that's the plan.
14	THE COURT: Okay.
15	MS. MANINGO: And he asked me that – if the Vagos case
16	didn't go if we could be ready on this case and we could –
17	THE COURT: Okay.
18	MS. MANINGO: as long as we know that relatively early.
19	But we do have status checks in that case pretty regularly so –
20	THE COURT: Okay.
21	MS. MANINGO: if that changes I'll let the Court know.
22	THE COURT: All right. In terms of your preparation, where is
23	the Defense? What's still remaining?
24	MS. MANINGO: Well, we've – I know one of the things he
25	asked me for are in the scheduling order is with regards to experts. We

1	have hired experts in this case. We're still consulting with probably the
2	one or two more to hire, but we're in the process of all that.
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	MS. MANINGO: So, that's on track for us.
5	THE COURT: And do the experts have all the records that
6	they are going to need to rely on or review?
7	MS. MANINGO: The experts that I've retained so far do have
8	what –
9	THE COURT: Okay.
10	MS. MANINGO: they need.
11	The one other issue that we had in this case, unfortunately, is
12	my investigator passed away unexpectedly –
13	THE COURT: Oh, I'm sorry.
14	MS. MANINGO: at the beginning of January. We do have a
15	new investigator on the case now. He has the entire file from the
16	[indiscernible] investigator, has reviewed it. He actually met with Mr.
17	Brown yesterday along with us, and I know he's going to start seeing
18	him more, so that issue has been resolved.
19	THE COURT: Okay.
20	Mr. Yanez, anything to add?
21	MR. YANEZ: No, just besides what Ms. Maningo said, Judge;
22	no.
23	THE COURT: Mr. Scow?
24	MR. SCOW: No, nothing to add.
25	THE COURT: All right.
1	1

1	MR. SCOW: We have – between us we've had meaningful
2	discussions –
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	MR. SCOW: and that's as far as it goes with his position. I
5	don't know, that's up to him so we'll see.
6	THE COURT: Okay. Have you made a firm offer that's been
7	discussed with Mr. Brown?
8	MS. MANINGO: There has been a firm offer made. There's
9	actually – and we've talked to Mr. Brown about it. And we've also sent
10	him a letter making sure that he understood and it was memorialized.
11	And at this point there is no negotiation – there is no resolution yet.
12	THE COURT: Okay, so at this point, Mr. Brown is not
13	interested in accepting the offer?
14	MS. MANINGO: That's correct.
15	THE COURT: Is that right, Mr. Brown, you had enough time
16	to discuss the offer with your lawyers, Ms. Maningo and Mr. Yanez, and
17	asked them whatever questions you might have had?
18	THE DEFENDANT: That's right.
19	THE COURT: All right. And it's your desire, at least today, to
20	reject that offer; is that true?
21	THE DEFENDANT: Correct.
22	THE COURT: All right. And does the offer remain open?
23	MR. SCOW: Yes.
24	THE COURT: All right.
25	So, I don't know, maybe 30 days or is that too soon? Let me

1	think.
2	MS. MANINGO: I don't think it's too soon, only because we'll
3	have – I'll know more information—
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	MS. MANINGO: on the federal case by then.
6	THE COURT: All right, 30 days for the next status check.
7	THE CLERK: June 26 <sup>th</sup> , 9:00 a.m.
8	MR. SCOW: Okay. Thank you.
9	THE COURT: All right, thank you.
10	MS. MANINGO: Thank you, Your Honor.
11	[Hearing concludes at 9:22 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
23	Carried Brailes
24	Cynthia Georgilas
25	Court Recorder/Transcriber District Court Dept. XVII

Electronically Filed 6/28/2019 7:55 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

**RTRAN** 1 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE: C-14-299234-1 8 Plaintiff, DEPT. XVII 9 VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHELLE LEAVITT, DISTRICT COURT 13 **JUDGE** 14 WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 2019 15 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: STATUS CHECK: TRIAL READINESS 16 17 APPEARANCES: 18

For the State: MICHAEL SCHWARTZER, ESQ.

Chief Deputy District Attorney

For the Defendant: IVETTE A. MANINGO, ESQ.

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ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ.

RECORDED BY: KRISTINE SANTI, COURT RECORDER

1	MS. MANINGO: basically.
2	THE COURT: So, that's going to go forward?
3	MS. MANINGO: Yeah. It looks like it's definitely going forward.
4	Like I said, we have a court date in two days. We may have more
5	information but I don't anticipate anything's going to change on that.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	What's the State's position? I mean
8	MR. SCHWARTZER: And unfortunately, Your Honor, I'm filling
9	in for Mr. Scow so I don't – it sounds like he already was aware of this
10	information, so I would just ask that we keep this trial date understanding
11	that there's a good chance it would get moved. And then the next
12	session when Mr. Scow is here then maybe they can all choose a
13	different trial date if they think this is going to conflict with the Vargos
14	trial.
15	THE COURT: Okay, can I give you 30 days and then you can
16	reset your trial date on that date?
17	MS. MANINGO: Okay.
18	THE COURT: But other than that, I mean is there anything
19	else to update the Court on? Any outstanding discovery?
20	MS. MANINGO: No.
21	THE COURT: Has an offer been made?
22	MS. MANINGO: Yes, and we – I think we talked about that
23	last time as well.
24	THE COURT: Okay.
25	MS. MANINGO: An offer has been made and Mr. Scow put on

1	the record that its still on the table but we have not negotiated the case.
2	THE COURT: Okay.
3	THE CLERK: So the status check date will be July 24 <sup>th</sup> at 9:00
4	a. m.
5	MS. MANINGO: That's just several days before we start so I
6	will be able to tell the Court –
7	THE COURT: Okay, yeah
8	MS. MANINGO: for sure. Okay, thank you.
9	MR. YANEZ: Thank you.
10	MR. SCHWARTZER: Thank you, Your Honor.
11	[Hearing concludes at 9:53 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
23	Cart Gariles
24	Cynthia Georgilas
25	Court Recorder/Transcriber District Court Dept. XVII

CLERK OF THE COURT **RTRAN** 1 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE: C-14-299234-1 8 Plaintiff, DEPT. XVII 9 VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 WEDNESDAY, JULY 10, 2019 14 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: 15 STATUS CHECK: TRIAL DATE 16 17 APPEARANCES: 18 19

For the State: WILLIAM ROWLES, ESQ.

**Deputy District Attorney** 

For the Defendant: LANCE MANINGO, ESQ.

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ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ.

RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

Las Vegas, Nevada, Wednesday, July 10, 2019
[Hearing begins at 9:30 a.m.]

MR. MANINGO: Your Honor, if we could have one -

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. MANINGO: -- one more if I may?

MR. YANEZ: It's with – its – I'm – he's filling in for Yvette. It's Mr. Brown on page 3, Judge.

THE COURT: All right. The Court put this on calendar, you may have heard if you were here earlier, Counsel, from October 7 to the 17<sup>th</sup> I'll be at judicial college.

MR. YANEZ: Right. And I don't know if Your Honor remembers, but this is the case where Ms. Maningo – we had already put the Court on notice and the State that there was probably going to be a continuance of the trial date based on the fact that she's in that federal Vagos trial which she – I spoke to her yesterday; she has confirmed again is going. It's going to be approximately, best estimate, 12 weeks, so that's going to run into the trial.

What I was going to suggest to the Court -- I think we have status check in two weeks already on this case on the 24<sup>th</sup>, what I was going to ask the Court is maybe we just put everything on hold until that date with the understanding that the trial, not only based on Your Honor's reason but based on the fact that Ms. Maningo is going to be in that federal trial still, we would reset the trial at that point. And that's where we're at, Judge.

THE COURT: State?

1	MR. ROWLES: No objection, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Okay. And, Defense, is there any, as far as you
3	know, any outstanding discovery, anything I need to order, anything?
4	MR. YANEZ: Not as of right now, Judge.
5	THE COURT: Okay. All right, so we're going to vacate the
6	trial date and we'll just see everyone back July 24 <sup>th</sup> .
7	MR. YANEZ: Correct.
8	THE COURT: Okay. And I'm going to ask both parties to
9	check your files because if there's something missing I want that to be
10	reported because I'm trying to keep a good handle on these cases.
11	MR. YANEZ: Absolutely.
12	MR. ROWLES: Yes, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: Okay, so cell towers, DNA, video, you know
14	photographs, forensics, okay?
15	MR. ROWLES: Yes, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
17	MR. YANEZ: Thank you, Judge.
18	MR. MANINGO: Thank you, Your Honor.
19	[Hearing concludes at 9:32 a.m.]
20	* * * * *
21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
23	Cynthia Georgilas CYNTHIA GEORGILAS
24	
25	Court Recorder/Transcriber District Court Dept. XVII

Electronically Filed 7/29/2019 11:26 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

### **RTRAN** 1 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE: C-14-299234-1 8 Plaintiff, DEPT. XVII 9 VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 2019 14 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: 15 STATUS CHECK: TRIAL READINESS STATUS CHECK: RESET TRIAL DATE 16 17 18 APPEARANCES: 19 RICHARD SCOW, ESQ. For the State: 20 Chief Deputy District Attorney WILLIAM ROWLES, ESQ. 21 Deputy District Attorney 22 For the Defendant: IVETTE MANINGO, ESQ. 23 ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ. 24 25

RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Wednesday, July 24, 2019
2	[Hearing begins at 9:01 a.m.]
3	MS. MANINGO: We have Mr. Scow here on Brown; page 3, I
4	believe.
5	THE MARSHAL: Page 3.
6	THE COURT: Thank you.
7	This is a status check on trial readiness.
8	MR. SCOW: Yes, Judge. The October trial date's been
9	vacated. I think we just need to set a new trial date.
10	MR. YANEZ: Yeah. We were here a few weeks ago –
11	THE COURT: Right.
12	MR. YANEZ: if you remember, Judge, and we vacated the
13	date, as Mr. Scow indicated, and we were going to select a new date.
14	Part of the issue I know is, and Ms. Maningo can explain to the Court,
15	she's going to be in a federal trial for a while so I'll let her do the talking -
16	THE COURT: A lot of -
17	MR. YANEZ: in that regard.
18	THE COURT: people from the Defense Bar will be there;
19	right?
20	MS. MANINGO: Yeah, and I'm not sure, Your Honor, if you've
21	received the letter from Judge Navarro in federal court yet. I have a copy
22	for you if you; may I approach?
23	THE COURT: I have not.
24	MS. MANINGO: Okay.
25	THE COURT: Thank you.

1	MS. MANINGO: This actually lists all the attorneys that are
2	going to be [indiscernible]. It starts Monday and it will be 12 to 16 weeks
3	[Pause in proceedings as Court reviews document]
4	THE COURT: All right, I appreciate the copy of – State, do
5	you have a copy of this letter or –
6	MR. SCOW: No. I mean I can get it later. That's fine.
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	MS. MANINGO: Yeah, I'll –
9	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
10	MS. MANINGO: actually mail it to him.
11	THE COURT: So, if its 16 weeks and it starts next week, I
12	guess, right?
13	MS. MANINGO: Yeah. We have a – she's given us a calenda
14	for it all the way through the month of November. So the hope is that it
15	will be finishing by December.
16	THE COURT: So then we're looking at 2020 then, right?
17	Have the parties discussed their respective calendars?
18	MS. MANINGO: I mean I – the only thing that I have set is – I
19	have something in March which is the Stewart trial and that's my conflict
20	THE COURT: And if this matter does go forward, how many
21	days is it – or weeks is it expected to take?
22	MR. SCOW: Probably –
23	MS. MANINGO: I would say –
24	MR. SCOW: Depending on the result of the trial portion, it
25	could be well into two weeks.

1	THE COURT: All right.
2	MS. MANINGO: I would say three weeks, Your Honor. We're
3	going to have a mitigation case to put on if it goes that far.
4	THE COURT: Are the parties available April 6? We can give
5	you three weeks.
6	MR. SCOW: Yup, that works for us.
7	MS. MANINGO: Your Honor, I have a case that's on March
8	30 <sup>th</sup> which is a death case as well.
9	THE COURT: Which case is older?
10	MS. MANINGO: Mr. Brown's case is older. Mr. Brown's case
11	is older than the Stewart case –
12	THE COURT: Okay.
13	MS. MANINGO: is my understanding.
14	THE COURT: Who is the – which department?
15	MS. MANINGO: Stewart is –
16	THE COURT: And do you have the case name and number?
17	THE JEA: It's in our department.
18	MS. MANINGO: It's – oh, yeah, it got changed.
19	THE COURT: It might be in our department.
20	THE JEA: It is. It is.
21	MS. MANINGO: Yes, it is in this department.
22	THE COURT: Okay. Well, we're –
23	MS. MANINGO: I wanted to say Togliatti and it wasn't
24	registering, I guess.
25	THE COURT: Okay. Well, we'll put this at the – what date did

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we give?

THE CLERK: You said 6, right?

THE COURT: 6<sup>th</sup> -- on April 6. And, you know one, case may negotiate or not, who knows, during the discovery process, but this case would have priority.

MS. MANINGO: Okay. Is it possible to start on April 7th, Your Honor, or is that not – just because I have something on April 6<sup>th</sup> that I know if we could start a Tuesday start? I don't know if that's a possibility.

THE COURT: The problem is I try to do it on Monday because I can give you a full day for jury selection because we start at 9:00 and if we start on Tuesday we're talking about 11:00.

MR. SCOW: If she has something Monday I wouldn't – it would be fine for us to start at 11:00. If we have three full weeks, it – we will finish in that time frame.

THE COURT: So Monday is completely out or just -MS. MANINGO: It is, Your Honor, if the Court would allow

THE COURT: All right, we'll do a Tuesday start at 10:30. THE CLERK: Calendar call will be March 24th, 2020 at 8:30

THE COURT: Ms. Maningo, as far as you know, is there any outstanding discovery, anything you are missing?

MS. MANINGO: The only thing – I think we put this on the record before when Adair was seated for you one day -- and Mr. Scow's actually, I believe, looked for it as well but we still have to touch base,

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my client was arrested in California. I am missing all the documents that are related to that arrest. Of course, I have everything once he's here in Las Vegas -- and that was something Mr. Scow was looking into. He wasn't able to find it in his files so I think we just have to dig a little deeper for that.

THE COURT: Mr. Scow?

MR. SCOW: That's an accurate representation. I don't have it in my files. And I'll reach out to – 'cause Metro went to California to do the arrest, but I'll see if there's any reports out of California or anything in addition to what the homicide detectives from Las Vegas did.

THE COURT: All right.

Besides the arrest report, anything else, like DNA, forensics, body cams, cell towers?

MS. MANINGO: No, but --

THE COURT: I don't know if they existed in this case. These are just generally the issues -

MS, MANINGO: Yeah.

THE COURT: -- that we have.

MS. MANINGO: The only other records we were waiting for we have now received which was the victim's medical records. That's and we did a full – two file reviews, so I think we're good. We'll again review the file to make sure before getting closer to trial, but I don't think there's anything else other than all the California records with regards to his surveillance and arrest.

THE COURT: All right. What I'm going to do is I'm going to

1	set a status check about 3 months from today. Please report at that time
2	that you have contacted your experts, whoever they may be, and if they
3	are available for this trial date. Again, I'm saying it's a three week trial so
4	there's a period of time that you would need them here.
5	THE CLERK: October 23 <sup>rd</sup> , 9:00 a.m.
6	MS. MANINGO: Thank you.
7	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Scow, if you can - hopefully, you
8	can report that you have those police reports and they've been turned
9	over to the Defense.
10	MR. SCOW: Yes, Judge.
11	THE COURT: Thank you.
12	MS. MANINGO: Thank you, Your Honor.
13	[Hearing concludes at 9:06 a.m.]
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20	* * * * *
21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
23	Cynthia Georgias
24	CYNTHIA GEORGILAS Court Recorder/Transcriber
25	District Court Dont VVII

District Court Dept. XVII

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Electronically Filed 10/28/2019 3:20 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COU

CLERK OF THE COURT **RTRAN** 1 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE: C-14-299234-1 8 Plaintiff, DEPT. XVII 9 VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL P. VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT 13 **JUDGE** 14 WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23, 2019 15 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: STATUS CHECK: TRIAL READINESS 16 17 18 19 APPEARANCES: 20 For the State: DANIELLE PIEPER, ESQ. **Chief Deputy District Attorney** 21 For the Defendant: ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ. 22 23

RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

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1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Wednesday, October 23, 2019
2	[Hearing begins at 9:39 a.m.]
3	MR. YANEZ: I do have one more matter, Judge,
4	THE COURT: Sure.
5	MR. YANEZ: if you wouldn't mind calling? It's Robert Brown.
6	It is page 4.
7	THE COURT: All right.
8	THE COURT: And this is a status check on trial readiness.
9	This trial is set for April 7 <sup>th</sup> , 2020. We were last here in July. There was
10	an issue about some records from California.
11	MR. YANEZ: Yes, that's what I was just informing
12	THE COURT: Okay.
13	MR. YANEZ: Ms. Pieper. I think Ms. Pieper's being nice
14	enough to stand in. We brought this to the Court's attention before.
15	Mr. Brown was actually arrested in California. Those actual arrest
16	reports we haven't received so we've been making the request that that
17	be provided by the State.
18	THE COURT: Mr. Scow was here last time. He said he was
19	checking into it. Do you have any – do you know any update?
20	MR. YANEZ: Nothing since then, Judge.
21	THE COURT: You might want to get that resolved as soon as
22	possible. Let's –
23	MS. PIEPER: I can text Mr. Scow and ask him. I just don't
24	know if he'll be here today. So if the Court wants to pass it for two weeks
25	then I'll make sure that he knows –

1	THE COURT: Let me just do that because –
2	MS. PIEPER: to have an answer.
3	THE COURT: I know we've been dealing with this issue
4	and I want to make sure we get this taken care of –
5	MR. YANEZ: Absolutely.
6	THE COURT: as soon as possible. So, let's go two weeks
7	out on the issue of the police reports from California.
8	THE CLERK: November 13 <sup>th</sup> , 9:00 a.m.
9	MS. PIEPER: I'll text him [indiscernible].
10	MR. YANEZ: Okay; thank you.
11	THE COURT: Thank you.
12	[Hearing concludes at 9:41 a.m.]
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20	* * * * *
21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
23	Conthis Previolas
24	Cynthia Georgilas CYNTHIA GEORGILAS
25	Court Recorder/Transcriber District Court Dept. XVII

**Electronically Filed** 11/15/2019 12:54 PM Steven D. Grierson

CLERK OF THE COURT

# **RTRAN** 1 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE: C-14-299234-1 8 Plaintiff, DEPT. XVII 9 VS. 10 ROBERT BROWN, JR., 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 2019 14 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: 15 STATUS CHECK: CALIFORNIA POLICE REPORTS 16 17 18 APPEARANCES: 19 RICHARD SCOW, ESQ. 20

For the State:

**Chief Deputy District Attorney** 

For the Defendant: ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ.

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RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Wednesday, November 13, 2019
2	[Hearing begins at 10:01 a.m.]
3	THE MARSHAL: 5.
4	THE COURT: Another Ms. Fleck case?
5	MS. FLECK: Probably.
6	THE COURT: All right, Robert Brown.
7	MS. FLECK: Robert Brown.
8	THE COURT: It says Ms. Maningo is on that case or –
9	[Colloquy]
10	MR. SCOW: Good morning, Judge, Richard Scow for the
11	State.
12	MR. YANEZ: Abel Yanez, bar number 7566, on behalf of Mr.
13	Brown who is present in custody. Ms. Maningo is co-counsel with me but
14	she's still in that Vagos trial in federal court, Judge.
15	THE COURT: Okay, so – and this is just a – we're not doing
16	anything dispositive here because this is a death penalty case; we
17	MR. YANEZ: Yes; that is –
18	THE COURT: do need two attorneys.
19	MR. YANEZ: correct. Today's – the purpose of today's
20	hearing, Judge, was for the State to provide an update in regards to
21	potential arrest records from Los Angeles County.
22	THE COURT: I remember; yes.
23	MR. SCOW: Yep, and we have some records that have
24	previously been provided and I provided them again, just everything that
25	the – that Metro has from California, the Defense already has them.

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They're looking for an arrest report or the record from when he was arrested and – that they have faxed confirmation from years ago when they sent that over and they're checking again to see what the status is on it. There was information that there's a corrupted PDF file with LAPD and so they're checking with the jail. That's the status right now. As of today I haven't received any word as far as if that's been received or not, but --

MR. YANEZ: And, Judge, the records Mr. Scow did send we already had those; I double checked. So, I don't know if Your Honor wants to do another status check to see if there's any new information in, I don't know, a month, whatever the Court's pleasure is. Or, if you don't want it back on calendar I can just, you know, follow up with Mr. Scow and if there's any issues that I think need to be brought before Your Honor's attention I can do that, whatever the Court's preference is.

THE COURT: How about a status check on January 8th?

MR. YANEZ: Okay.

THE COURT: Okay.

Now, as far as other discovery items, Mr. Yanez, do you have everything that's out there besides these California records?

MR. YANEZ: As of right now, that is correct. That is everything that we're looking for, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay. And since this is a 250 case, have the parties worked on a juror questionnaire together because we do need at least 30 days prior to the calendar call date?

MR. YANEZ: Not yet. But my understanding is Mr. Scow is not

1	going to be staying on this case so I mean I'll let Mr. Scow make those
2	representations, but whoever the counsel is going to be we will work on
3	that, Judge.
4	THE COURT: All right, so I just want to – when we come
5	back on the 8 <sup>th</sup> if the parties can just report to me that they've conferred
6	on a juror questionnaire I would appreciate it.
7	MR. SCOW: Okay.
8	THE COURT: Okay. See you back at that time. Thank you.
9	THE CLERK: January 8 <sup>th</sup> , 9:00 a.m.
10	THE COURT: Thank you.
11	[Hearing concludes at 10:04 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
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THE STATE OF NEVADA, ) CASE: C-14-299234-1

DISTRICT COURT

Plaintiff, ) DEPT. XVII

9 || vs.

10 | ROBERT BROWN, JR.,

Defendant.

BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 2020

RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: STATUS CHECK: CALIFORNIA POLICE REPORTS

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19 | APPEARANCES:

For the State: JAY P. RAMAN, ESQ.

Chief Deputy District Attorney

For the Defendant: ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ.

23 | 24 |

RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

MR. YANEZ: The only thing that's been provided in addition is a single page arrest report out of California. That's the new information that's been provided. Beyond that, Mr. Scow has represented to us that that is all that exists.

THE COURT: Okay. So, any other matters that you're aware of, Counsel?

MR. YANEZ: We did want to – I did want to approach on an issue, Judge, please.

THE COURT: Sure.

[Bench conference begins – transcribed as follows:]

MR. YANEZ: I want to give the Court a heads up. I spoke to Mr. Raman about this. For the past about 2 to 3 months our client's been refusing to speak to us, [Indiscernible] with me, with our investigator, and today he's again refusing. I have concerns based on that as to competency. I wanted to see how the Court wanted to go with this. My preference – I wanted the Court to know 'cause I know we have a trial date approaching, --

THE COURT: Right. It's in April; right?

MR. YANEZ: Yes. What I would prefer to do, unless the Court wants to order one itself, is allow – I just want the Court to know, we're going to do a competency evaluation. If there's issues that we think are raised on that then bring it to the Court's attention. If you're –

THE COURT: And you would your own evaluation?

MR. YANEZ: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. YANEZ: Yes.

MR. RAMAN: Two other issues, Judge. Ms. Maningo, who is co-counsel with Mr. Yanez on this case, we've been discussing the e-mail – the jury questionnaire. I – she's in the Vagos murder trial in federal court which is going to [indiscernible] probably another month at least so we're attempting to try to get a quorum on this questionnaire –

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. RAMON: -- and it's happening concurrent. The second thing is I've inherited this case from Mr. Scow. Obviously his trial schedule was not mine and I'm out of the country for the setting we have 'cause its spring break.

MR. YANEZ: I – and if the State's going to need a continuance we'll probably not going to object but –

THE COURT: Should we get a new date now instead of wait?

MR. RAMON: That would be prudent.

MR. YANEZ: I -

MR. RAMON: We're just going to be in the same position later. I've purchased my tickets.

THE COURT: And this way you can contact your experts and tell them the dates May or June, whatever.

MR. YANEZ: Can we do –

MR. RAMON: Yeah.

MR. YANEZ: Here's what I'd like to do so I don't want him thinking I'm – we're springing this on him, can we set a status check in a couple of weeks as to that?

1	THE COURT: All right, we'll go out for two weeks.
2	MR. YANEZ: Let me send him a letter. I'll get the competency
3	all set up. And then we can address it at that point –
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	MR. YANEZ: with the understanding that –
6	MR. RAMON: That's fine.
7	THE COURT: Two week status check?
8	MR. YANEZ: Yes,
9	THE COURT: Okay.
10	MR. YANEZ: please.
11	MR. RAMON: Okay. Thank you.
12	[Bench conference ends]
13	THE COURT: All right, Counsel, it appears that discovery
14	issues are resolving and – that the parties also – they advised me at the
15	bench that they're finalizing the jury questionnaire. And let's just,
16	because there's some other issues, let's come back in two weeks
17	regarding trial readiness. So here's your new date.
18	THE CLERK: January 22 <sup>nd</sup> , 9:00 a.m.
19	THE MARSHAL: Page 3.
20	THE COURT: Thank you, Counsel
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1	MR. RAMON: Thank you.
2	MR. YANEZ: Thank you.
3	[Hearing concludes at 9:16 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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25	Court Recorder/Transcriber District Court Dept. XVII

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3	DISTRIC	CT COURT
4	CLARK COL	JNTY, NEVADA
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6	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	CASE#: C-14-299234-1
7	Plaintiff,	DEPT. XVII
8	vs.	<b>\</b>
9	ROBERT BROWN, JR.	<b>\</b>
10	Defendant.	<b>\</b>
11		
12	BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHA	EL VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
13		JANUARY 22, 2020
14	RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING:	
15	STATUS CHECK:	TRIAL READINESS
16	APPEARANCES:	
17	For the State:	NICK PORTZ
18		Chief Deputy District Attorney
19	For the Defendant:	ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ.
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RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 2020
[Hearing began at 10:50 a.m.]

THE COURT: Robert Brown; this is a status check: trial readiness.

Mr. Yanez, are you here on behalf of Ms. Maningo?

MR. YANEZ: Yeah; I'm her co-counsel.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. YANEZ: She's still in that Federal trial, Judge. And I've not heard from Mr. Raman today. He did email me his schedule as we're trying to coordinate.

If Your Honor remembers last time we were here Mr. Raman is new to the case. He indicated he was going to be requesting that the trial date be moved based on a prior conflict that he had. I don't know if we want to just bump this to make sure Mr. Raman's here? Again, he did send me his schedule so I've been trying to coordinate his schedule, mine, Ivette's, and we have five experts in a death penalty case.

The date that I'm looking at is open for him. It's a little further then what I wanted, but with all our experts and their different schedules unfortunately, this is the date I came up with where there's no conflicts.

Mr. Brown, of course, wanted to go to trial coming up here in April. I did explain the situation to him that Mr. Raman's new on the case and he was requesting. This isn't my request. So whatever Your Honor would like to do. If you want to continue this to make sure Mr. Raman's here; or if we want to go ahead and select that date now, Judge.

THE COURT: Do you have a date where all of your experts are available?

weeks from today. 1 2 THE COURT CLERK: Okay. THE COURT: Just the trial readiness. 3 THE COURT CLERK: That's going to be March 4<sup>th</sup> at 9 a.m. MR. YANEZ: And just so the records clear, because I want Mr. 5 6 Brown to understand, this was the State's motion to continue, Judge, it 7 wasn't ours so --8 THE COURT: Right. MR. YANEZ: And I know I've repeated that. I still want to make it 9 clear --10 THE COURT: Right. 11 MR. YANEZ: -- for the record. 12 13 THE COURT: I understand. And good cause appearing that's why the trial's getting vacated. But then also -- I mean it's the State's request, 14 15 but also it seems like the first available date for all the Defense experts 16 and I'm telling the State to get their experts available on that day as well. MR. PORTZ: Thank you. 17 MR. YANEZ: I know how to find Mr. Raman. 18 |// 19 1// 20 |// 21 |// 22  $/\!/$ 23 |// 24 25

1	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
2	MR. YANEZ: Thank you.
3	[Hearing concluded at 10:53 a.m.]
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8	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
9	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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12	Christine Erickson, Court Recorder
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CASE: C-14-299234-1

DEPT. XVII

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DISTRICT COURT

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7 | THE OTATE OF MENADA

Plaintiff,

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

VS.

10 | ROBERT BROWN, JR.,

Defendant.

BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 2020

RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: STATUS CHECK: TRIAL READINESS

APPEARANCES:

For the State: MARC DiGIACOMO, ESQ.

Chief Deputy District Attorney

For the Defendant: ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ.

23 | IVETTE MANINGO, ESQ.

RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

1	MR. DiGIACOMO: He may be going to Bell. We just want 30
2	days to –
3	THE COURT: Right.
4	MR. DiGIACOMO: see if that -
5	THE COURT: Okay.
6	MR. YANEZ: Yes.
7	THE COURT: All right. I appreciate that.
8	MR. YANEZ: Yeah.
9	THE COURT: Thank you.
10	[Bench conference ends]
11	THE COURT: All right, Mr. Brown, we're going to have
12	another status check 30 days from today on trial readiness. And so,
13	here's our date.
14	THE CLERK: That will be April 8 <sup>th</sup> , 9:00 o'clock a.m.
15	[Hearing concludes at 10:16 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
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25	Court Recorder/Transcriber District Court Dept. XVII

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#### MOTN 1 LAW OFFICES OF IVETTE AMELBURU MANINGO 2 IVETTE AMELBURU MANINGO, ESQ. NEVADA BAR NO.: 7076 3 400 S. Fourth Street, Ste. 500 Las Vegas, NV 89101 4 Tele.: (702) 793-4046 5 Fax: (844) 793-4046 Email: iamaningo@iamlawnv.com 6 ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ. 7 NOBLES & YANEZ LÁW FIRM NEVADA BAR NO. 7566 8 324 South Third Street, Suite 2 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tele.: (702) 641-6001 Fax: (702) 641-6002 10 Email: ayanez@noblesyanezlaw.com 11 Attorneys for Defendant Robert Brown 12 13 DISTRICT COURT 14 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 15 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 16 Case No.: C-14-299234-1 Plaintiff. 17 DEPT. No: XVII VS. 18 19 ROBERT BROWN, 20 #6006120, 21 Defendant.

## DEFENDANT ROBERT BROWN'S MOTION FOR RELEASE ON HIS OWN RECOGNAZANCE OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE MOTION TO SET REASONABLE BAIL

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COMES NOW, the Defendant, ROBERT BROWN, by and through his Attorneys, IVETTE AMELBURU MANINGO, ESQ., and ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ. and hereby submits the following Motion for Release on his own Recognizance or

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in the Alternative Motion to Set Reasonable Bail. This Motion is made and based upon the papers and pleadings on file in this matter, the Points and Authorities which follow, and argument of counsel hereinafter entertained by the Court at any hearing of said Motion.

DATED this 22nd day of June, 2020

## RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED:

/s/ Ivette Amelburu Maningo IVETTE AMELBURU MANINGO, ESQ. NV Bar No. 7076 400 S. 4TH Street, Suite 500 Las Vegas, NV 89101 Attorney for Defendant Stewart

### NOTICE OF MOTION

1 TO: STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff; 2 3 TO: STEVEN WOLFSON, District Attorney, Attorney for Plaintiff; 4 TO: JAY RAMAN, Chief Deputy District Attorney, Attorney for Plaintiff; 5 YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the 6 7 above and foregoing MOTION FOR RELEASE ON OWN RECOGNIZANCE OR IN 8 THE ALTERNATIVE MOTION TO SET REASONABLE BAIL on the day of 9 \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_ at the hour of \_\_\_\_\_\_.m., in Department No. XVII of the above 10 entitled Court, or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard. 11 12 RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED: 13 /s/ Ivette Amelburu Maningo 14 IVETTE AMELBURU MANINGO, ESQ. NV Bar No. 7076 15

## MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

400 S. 4th Street, Suite 500

Las Vegas, NV 89101

#### I. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

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The instant case arises out of the death of Nichole Nick and the shootings allegedly involving Esther Maestas and Kayla Higgins on December 7, 2012. On July 3, 2014, a Preliminary Hearing was held and on July 17, 2014, a Criminal Information was filed in this Honorable Court charging Mr. Brown with one (1) count of Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon, two (2) counts of Attempted Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon, one (1) count of Invasion of the Home while in Possession of a Deadly Weapon, one (1) count of Burglary while in

Possession of a Firearm, five (5) counts of Discharge of Firearm from or Within a Structure and one (1) count of Child Abuse, Neglect, or Endangerment with Use of a Deadly Weapon. On August 8, 2014, the State filed a Notice of Intent to Seek Death Penalty against Mr. Brown.

Mr. Brown's calendar call date is set for October 20, 2020, and a jury trial is scheduled for November 2, 2020. There is currently no bail set for Mr. Brown.

### II. RELEVANT BACKGROUND AND FACTS

This Motion is brought pursuant to the changed circumstances and health concerns related to the COVID-19 pandemic, as Mr. Brown is considered high risk due to his respiratory medical condition and hypertension. As of April 22, 2020, Clark County alone has 10,774 confirmed cases of the COVID-19 and 400 confirmed deaths from the virus and the Clark County Detention Center (CCDC) is among the facilities infected with the fatal virus. Both the total number of confirmed cases and death toll are growing every day in Clark County and incarcerated individuals, particularly those with underlying health conditions, are at even higher risk than other populations.

On March 15, 2020, Governor Sisolak ordered a shutdown of non-essential services in Nevada. On May 25, 2020, the state slowly began to reopen. The State reopened to new mandated policies and procedures to attempt to curve the

I See https://www.reviewjournal.com/news/politics-and-government/clark-county/clark-county-records-288-new-covid-19-cases-as-death-toll-hits-400-2058354/

continual spread of COVID-19. Restaurants and stores are now opened, however, simply stated, everything is now different. Opened businesses have to keep people at a social distance, disinfect surfaces frequently and aren't allowed to have over a certain number of people within a particular distance at the same time.

The reopening of businesses did not occur because COVID-19 had somehow vanished and was no longer a threat to our community. It was purely for economic and political reasons. Since the reopening of businesses, the State's confirmed numbers of COVID-19 cases has drastically increased. The weekend of June 20, 2020 through June 21, 2020 saw drastic increases in confirmed cases, with over 400 new cases on both days. 2 COVID-19 is still, and will be for an extended period of time, a legitimate concern to everyone's health and the overall health of our community. Controlled quantities of people, social distancing and facemasks are going to be necessary for the imminent future to assist in slowing COVID-19's growth.

Other than hospitals, jails and prisons are the only places left with a constant large population of people in closed, crowded quarters. As mentioned above, COVID-19 is a constantly evolving threat to the health and safety of every person, but particularly to incarcerated people. According to public health experts, incarcerated individuals "are at special risk of infection, given their living

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Nevada Records over 400 new COVID-19 cases for 2nd Straight Day (June 21, 2020) https://www.reviewjournal.com/local/local-nevada/nevada-records-over-400-new-covid-19-cases-for-2nd-straight-day-2057423/

situations," and "may also be less able to participate in proactive measures to keep themselves safe." 3

The coronavirus outbreak has reached correctional facilities throughout the entire United States and specifically, on April 13, 2020, CCDC announced its first confirmed case of COVID-19.4 On April 15, 2020, CCDC announced three more inmates had tested positive.5 On April 19, 2020, Sheriff Joe Lombardo announced the release of 107 inmates consistent with the Honorable Linda Bell's Order which required the sheriff to reduce the population in the detention center and release inmates who are at a higher risk for serious illness.6 Courts and correctional institutions throughout the United States have been releasing inmates to halt the virus's spread, which would be catastrophic in a prison setting. While recent CCDC statistics have curiously not been formally released and the total amount of confirmed cases at CCDC to date are unknown by the public, it is the undersigned's understanding, in communicating with various inmates, that COVID-19 confirmed

<sup>3</sup> See Achieving A Fair and Effective COVID-19 Response: An Open Letter to Vice President Mike Pence, and Other Federal, State, and Local Leaders from Public Health and Legal Experts in the United States, signed by over 800 health experts and agencies (March 2, 2020) (available at https://bit.ly/2W9V6oS).

<sup>4</sup> See Inmate at Clark County Detention Center treated for COVID-19, (April 14, 2020) (https://www.fox5vegas.com/coronavirus/inmate-at-clark-county-detention-center-treated-for-covid-19/article fd96da8c-7de0-11ea-81a9-eb87d52a1ce4.html)

<sup>5</sup> See *Three More Clark County Jail Inmates test Positive for Coronavirus* (April 15, 2020) (https://lasvegassun.com/news/2020/apr/15/3-clark-county-jail-inmates-test-positive-virus/)

<sup>6</sup> See 107 Inmates released so far from Clark County Detention Center amid Court Order (April 19, 2020) (https://news3lv.com/news/local/107-inmates-released-so-far-from-clark-county-detention-center-amid-court-order)

cases are rising in facilities and the threat of contamination is more prominent than ever in jails and prisons, including CCDC. Irrespective of current numbers, it is uncontroverted that jails and prisons are always going to be at a high risk based on the very nature of the conditions. Jails and prisons are crowded, notoriously unsanitary and protective measures necessary to avoid COVID-19 simply are not available to Mr. Brown or any other inmate at CCDC. It is virtually impossible to achieve social distancing in the prison or jail. Inmates share toilets, sinks, showers, eat in cafeterias and have limited access to soap, hot water, and other necessary hygiene items. Inmates are controlled by the jail staff and can only wash their hands when officials allow it, are unable to avoid touching high-touch surfaces, or even clean and disinfect their own living space when necessary. Additionally, staff at CCDC pose a severe risk to the inmates, they enter and exit daily to go home to their communities and with inadequate infection screening procedures, the spread of COVID-19 within the jail is inevitable.

Overcrowding, scarce medical care, and the number of vulnerable people in custody make the risk of uncontrolled spread of COVID-19 in jails or prison even greater. Overcrowding is a particular issue at CCDC. Over the past five years, there have been almost yearly reports of overcrowding at the CCDC.8 The Las

<sup>25</sup> Prisons and Jails are Vulnerable to COVID-19 Outbreaks, The Verge, (Mar. 7, 2020) (available at https://bit.ly/33qGcfC).

<sup>\*</sup> Metro, County Jail Granted \$700,000 to combat Overcrowding, (Oct. 24, 2018) (available at https://lasvegassun.com/news/2018/oct/24/metro-county-jail-granted-700000-to-combat-overcro/) and Official Tackling Overcrowding Problem at Clark County Jail, (June 22, 2016) (available at https://www.reviewjournal.com/post/55361)

Vegas Metropolitan Police Department is constantly evaluating how to reduce the number of inmates housed there. Scarce medical care is also of grave concern as doctors, nurses, hospitals and clinics are already overwhelmed because of shortages of supplies, beds and resources. When treatment is absolutely necessary, inmates will get transferred to hospitals, if beds are available, as bad cases of COVID-19 can't be treated by medical staff at CCDC. Further, symptoms will likely go unnoticed or untreated until the very last minute. Releasing Mr. Brown will not only protect him from the risk of infection as the coronavirus outbreak inevitably gets worse in CCDC, but also avoids the inevitable impact upon the quality of the medical care he requires by taxing an already taxed system. 10

Based on research, healthy individuals and/or inmates can weather the virus if they get it, however, Mr. Brown may not be able to. Mr. Brown is among the group of people the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention categorizes as being the most at-risk for contracting COVID-19. Brown has a heightened risk of contracting severe forms of the virus because he has chronic asthma.

Mr. Brown's chronic asthma is well documented in his medical records, including those provided by the Clark County Detention Center to counsel by way

<sup>9</sup> https://news3lv.com/news/local/downtown-detention-center-exploring-early-release-grant

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See U.S. Dep't of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Laura M. Maruschak, Marcus Berzofsky, and Jennifer Unangs, Medical Problems of State and Federal Prisoners and Jail Inmates, 2011-2012 at 1-22 (Feb. 2015) (available at https://bit.ly/2WpPiI7).

<sup>11</sup> See CDC, If You Are at Higher Risk (last visited April 14, 2020) (available at https://bit.ly/2UhHAwT).

of subpoena. Mr. Brown was diagnosed with asthma as a child and used an inhaler once per month. See Exhibit "1", Pg. 2. Mr. Brown has been treated at the Detention Center for his respiratory disease since his arrest in 2014. He is prescribed Albuterol to help prevent asthma attacks. See Exhibit 1, Pgs. 2 and 5.

12 Mr. Brown had gall-bladder surgery in 2016 and tested positive for asthma, CPOD and/or OSA. See Exhibit "1", Pg. 3-4.

Further, Mr. Brown has been treated for hypertension and/or high blood pressure. See Exhibit "1", Pg. 2. Recent studies have shown that high blood pressure doubles coronavirus death risk.13 In 2014, Mr. Brown was diagnosed with hypertension at CCDC. In sum, Mr. Brown's health condition places him at a high risk for COVID-19 and contracting the virus could be fatal in his case. As such, this motion has been brought to notify this Court of Mr. Brown's serious and sensitive medical condition, as it relates to contracting the COVID-19 deadly virus, and it is respectfully requested that same be taken into consideration in releasing Mr. Brown on his own recognizance or in setting a reasonable bail in light of this current local and national crisis.

<sup>12</sup> Counsel is able to provide a sealed copy of the full CCDC records and other previous medical records if requested or required by this Court.

13 See *High Blood Pressure Doubles Coronavirus Death Risk* (last visited June 16, 2020) (available at https://www.webmd.com/lung/news/20200608/high-blood-pressure-doubles-coronavirus-death-risk

#### III. LEGAL ARGUMENT

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All persons are bailable as guaranteed by both the Nevada and United States Constitutions. The central thought is that punishment should follow conviction, not precede it. Although Mr. Brown is facing capital punishment, he is presumed innocent and is bailable where the proof is not evident, or the presumption is not great. Nevada Constitution, Article 1, Section 7. NRS 178.4851(1) gives the following authority to the Court: "Upon a showing of good cause, a court may release without bail any person entitled to bail if it appears that it can impose conditions on that person which will adequately protect the health, safety, and welfare of the community and ensure that the person will appear at all times and places ordered by the court." When bail is set at an amount greater than necessary to serve the purpose of bail, it effectively denies the Defendant his or her rights under the Nevada constitution to be bailable and for bail not to be excessive. Jose Valdez-Jimenez v. the Eighth Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, 136 Nev. 20 at \*8, 2020 WL 1846887 (Nevada Supreme Court Case Nos. No. 76417, No. 76845, filed April 9, 2020). A Defendant who has bail is entitled to an individualized hearing, where the State has to prove by clear and convincing evidence that bail, rather than less restrictive conditions, is necessary to ensure the Defendant's appearance and protect the safety of the community. *Ibid.* In addition to equitable considerations and the Court's general discretion in light of current and changed circumstances surrounding the case, the factors the Court will

consider when releasing a defendant on his own recognizance or reducing his bond are set out in NRS 178.4851(1) as follows:

- 1. The length of the residence in the community;
- 2. The status and history of employment;
- 3. Relationships with the person's spouse and children, parents, or other family members and with close friends.
  - 4. Reputation, character and mental condition;
- 5. Prior criminal record, including without limitation, any record of appearing or failing to appear after release on bail or without bail.
- 6. The identity of responsible members of the community who would vouch for the reliability of the person;
- 7. The nature of the offense with which the person is charged, the apparent probability of conviction and the likely sentence, insofar as these factors relate to the risk of not appearing;
- 8. The nature and seriousness of the danger to the alleged victim, any other person or the community that would be posed by the person's release;
- 9. The likelihood of more criminal activity by the person after release; and
- 10. Any other factors considering the person's ties to the community or bearing on the risk that the person may willfully fail to appear." See NRS 178.4853.

Currently, Mr. Brown has no bail set. Considering the above factors, the requirements of law in regard to setting bail, and the current local and national health crisis directly affecting the health and risk to Mr. Brown, this Court should release Mr. Brown on his own recognizance or, in the alternative, set a reasonable bail. Based on the current pandemic and analysis herein, said release is justified and equitable.

Mr. Brown moved to Las Vegas in 2011. Mr. Brown has both an uncle, Donald Brown, and a long-time family friend, Sharon Hooks, who reside in Las Vegas. Mr. Brown has maintained relationships with his mother, uncles and

nephews and has their support throughout his pending case. His mother is in frequent contact with Mr. Brown and very supportive of him and also remains in contact with the undersigned. Although Mr. Brown does have a violent criminal history, there can be strict measures put in place that reduce Mr. Brown's movement and risk to the community if he is released. He has family members that can vouch for his character if he is released.

Although the Government is seeking death against Mr. Brown for the death of one (1) individual and a shooting involving another two (2) individuals, the potential punishment and nature of the case should not outweigh that Mr. Brown should still be considered for bail. The Defense recognizes that these charges are of course very serious and could potentially lead to the ultimate punishment allowed in the United States. In an effort to preserve Mr. Brown's rights and his defense, at this time, the Defense is unable to provide this Court with in-depth theories or defenses, but based on the evidence available to this Court to date, Mr. Brown asserts that the proof is not evident, or the presumption great to the point that he is not entitled to bail. While there arguably is evidence to suggest that Mr. Brown is culpable of the charges against him, it does not make the proof evident or the presumption great rising to the level of making him ineligible for a bail consideration. This case has yet to go to trial and be tested before a jury. Mr. Brown has always maintained his innocence, is presumed to be under the law, and should be treated accordingly.

 In addition, the current circumstances in which Nevada and the United States are operating because of the global pandemic, COVID-19, must be considered in determining whether Mr. Brown's custody status should be reassessed. Mr. Brown is not only at high risk to contract the virus because he is incarcerated but most importantly, he is among the population that is most at risk based on his underlying medical condition effecting his respiratory health and hypertension. The combination of these realities could be deadly.

Moreover, Mr. Brown has been in custody for over four (4) years but because of the current health crisis, the Defense is unable to meaningfully continue the investigation and mitigation work that is necessary to effectively prepare for trial, which depending on what lies ahead, could lead to a continuance of the current trial date. This delay is obviously out of Mr. Brown's control and should be taken into account when considering his continued detention pending trial.

Irrespective of the probability of conviction and potential sentence in this case, bail should be considered with conditions that will ensure that Mr. Brown attends all court dates and the safety of the community. Brown's has community ties and family support and ties to ensure that he will be present at all court dates and at trial. Additionally, proper measures can be pursued, and conditions set, such as house arrest, to protect the community and ensure that Mr. Brown is not a threat to anyone, including the victim and those who are associated with the victims. There is no evidence to suggest that Mr. Brown would engage in any

# **IV.CONCLUSION**

Mr. Brown respectfully requests that this Court release him on his own
recognizance and/ or set a reasonable bail. Given the changed circumstances of
the underlying case related to the local and global COVID-19 pandemic and Mr.
Brown's medical status in this regard, Mr. Brown should be considered for
release. Mr. Brown's has chronic asthma and hypertension are both well
documented in prior records and in his CCDC medical records. He is currently
receiving treatment for his conditions. As such, he is at high risk for contracting
the possible fatal COVID-19 virus and spreading it through the jail. Also, Mr.
Brown has family ties and support to help ensure his appearance in court and the
Court can impose strict measures and conditions that make him not a risk to the
community. The law of course allows the State to prosecute Mr. Brown, but the
law also allows for judicial discretion to determine these issues of fairness. This
is particularly the case in the face of this severe health crisis. For these reasons,
this Court should exercise its discretion in favor of fairness and release Mr.
Brown on his own recognizance and/or set a reasonable bail with reasonable
conditions to ensure his appearance and safety of the community.

DATED this 22nd day of June, 2020.

# RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED:

\_\_\_\_\_\_/s/ Ivette Amelburu Maningo\_\_\_\_ IVETTE AMELBURU MANINGO, ESQ. NV Bar No. 7076 400 S. 4th Street, Suite 500 Las Vegas, NV 89101 Attorney for Defendant Brown

# CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP5(b), I certify that I am an employee of THE LAW OFFICES OF IVETTE AMELBURU MANINGO, and that on this 22nd day of June, 2020 I caused the foregoing document entitled Motion to Release on Own Recognizance and/or in the Alternative Motion to Set Bail in a Reasonable Amount to be served upon those persons designated by the parties in the E-service Master List for the above-referenced matter in the Eighth Judicial District Court eFiling System in accordance with the mandatory electronic service requirements of Administrative Order 14-2 and the Nevada Electronic Filing and Conversion Rules.

\_\_\_\_\_\_/s/ Tatum Wehr
An Employee of The Law Offices of Ivette Amelburu Maningo

Electronically Filed 6/22/2020 2:33 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

# **EXHIBIT 1**

Brown, Robert 12/24/1959

CffkxមOutpatront Visit

Visit Date: Tue, Dec 13, 2019 02:34 pm

Provider: Terry Lewis IVD (Supervisor: Terry Lewis IVD) Assistant Mayra Cruz, MA:

Location: [Wher: West Surgery

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#### SUBJECTIVE:

CC: Mr. Erown is a 46 year old male.

LCCATION: DWS SI

POST-OP PATIENT: 11/22/15 UMO BY JP, LLW'S

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MUSCULOSKELETAL: Negative for limit pain, weakness, arthraigras, joint pain and leg swelling.

NEUROLOGICAL: Positive for fainting. Negative for secures

HEMATOLOGIC/LYMPHATIC: Negative for hepatitis, says bruising, lexcussive allocating inatury of blood transfusion and

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# DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA \*\*\*\*

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CLERK OF THE COURT

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State of Nevada

Robert Brown, Jr.

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Case No.: C-14-299234-1

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# NOTICE OF HEARING

Please be advised that the Defendant Robert Brown's Motion for Release on his Own Recognizance or in the Alternative Motion to Set Bail in the above-entitled matter is set for hearing as follows:

**Date:** June 25, 2020

**Time:** 10:15 AM

**Location:** RJC Courtroom 11A

Regional Justice Center

200 Lewis Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89101

NOTE: Under NEFCR 9(d), if a party is not receiving electronic service through the Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Filing System, the movant requesting a hearing must serve this notice on the party by traditional means.

STEVEN D. GRIERSON, CEO/Clerk of the Court

By: /s/ Kadira Beckom
Deputy Clerk of the Court

# CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that pursuant to Rule 9(b) of the Nevada Electronic Filing and Conversion Rules a copy of this Notice of Hearing was electronically served to all registered users on this case in the Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Filing System.

By: /s/ Kadira Beckom
Deputy Clerk of the Court

6/24/2020 8:09 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 OPPS STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 JAY P. RAMAN Chief Deputy District Attorney 4 Nevada Bar #010193 200 Lewis Avenue 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 6 Attorney for Plaintiff 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 Plaintiff, 11 -VS-CASE NO: C-14-299234-1 12 ROBERT BROWN, JR., DEPT NO: XVII #6006120 13 Defendant. 14 STATE'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT ROBERT BROWN'S 15 MOTION FOR RELEASE ON HIS OWN RECOGNIZANCE OR IN THE 16 ALTERNATIVE MOTION TO SET REASONABLE BAIL 17 DATE OF HEARING: JUNE 25, 2020 TIME OF HEARING: 10:15 A.M. 18 COMES NOW, the State of Nevada, by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark County 19 District Attorney, through JAY P. RAMAN, Chief Deputy District Attorney, and hereby 20 submits the attached Points and Authorities in Opposition to Defendant Robert Brown's 21 Motion for Release On His Own Recognizance Or In The Alternative Motion to Set 22 23 Reasonable Bail. This Opposition is made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the 24 attached Points and Authorities in support hereof, and oral argument at the time of hearing, if 25 deemed necessary by this Honorable Court. 26 27 /// 28 ///

**Electronically Filed** 

# STATEMENT OF FACTS

On December 7, 2012 at about 10:15 PM the LVMPD call center received a 911 call from John O'Brien that multiple gunshots were heard from the apartment next to his in building #E at 5421 East Harmon Ave. Other callers stated that a woman was heard screaming and heard broken glass as well as a male entering through the window of apartment E-13, and that two people inside the apartment had been shot.

Officers and medical personnel were dispatched to the Canyon Pointe Apartments located at 5421 East Harmon Ave. They found the front window to the apartment broken out. An adult female identified as Esther Maestas met them in the living room. She had been shot and told them her daughter's boyfriend "Robert" had broken into the apartment and shot her and her daughter. The officers found another adult female, later identified as Nichole Nick, deceased from apparent gunshot wounds in the single bedroom of the apartment, along with an uninjured three-year-old female juvenile.

Homicide detectives responded and investigated. There was blood throughout the apartment, and broken glass where the window had been broken. Seven shell casings were recovered bearing R-P 9mm Luger and one bearing "PMC 9MM Luger" were found on the floor of the bedroom. There were multiple billet holes throughout bedding, mattress and box spring. The toddler bed where the child was sleeping also had bullet hole and a bullet lodged in the wall. Robert Brown Jr., who was identified as the shooter and person who broke into the apartment, had an apartment at 4475 Jimmy Durante Blvd #232. It was searched, and identifying items were found.

The police received a call on December 8, 2012 at 7:13 AM that a gun was found in the road, and the citizen removed the gun by using a shopping bag as to not touch the gun. It was a Smith and Wesson 9mm, and based upon its condition it appeared to have been thrown from a moving vehicle. Other pieces belonging to the gun were found near where the gun was discovered, in the gutter of Jimmy Durante Boulevard, north of Stephanie St.

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An autopsy was conducted on Nicole Nick and found the cause of death to be gunshot wound to the chest and significant sharp force trauma – stab wounds. The manner of death was homicide.

The surviving adult victim, Ester Maestas, was transported to Sunrise Hospital Trauma Center. She was bleeding from the neck and leg. She said that "Robert did it," her daughter Nicole's boyfriend. She stated that Robert and Nicole had been arguing earlier in the evening, and Robert left. He came back, breaking into the apartment through the front window. He shot her, he shot Nicole, and left.

Property management at the apartments believed that Nicole's boyfriend was Robert Brown Jr. at 4475 Jimmy Durante Boulevard, #232. Nicole's sister Kathleen Maestas said her sister Nicole was in a relationship with a man named Ariyl. The lease agreement for Robert Brown Jr revealed that his registered vehicle had personalized license plates "ARIYL." Nicole Nick's cell phone was located inside her apartment, and the wallpaper background was a picture of Robert Brown Jr. There was also a text history between herself and Ariyl, which discussed him returning belongings, as well as relationship and money issues.

Another neighbor, Cory Robertson, knew Robert Brown Jr as Ariyl and Pee Wee. He has known Nicole Nick since 2009 and she introduced him to Brown. He knew Brown to drive a SUV with the personalized plates "ARIYL." He recalled that on December 7, 2012 Brown came to Robertson's apartment at approximately 7:30 pm and told him that he had broken up with Nick and kicked her out of his apartment because she owed him money. Robertson went to work, and Brown called him around midnight from his cell phone. Brown asked Robertson what was going on at the apartment complex. Robertson told Brown he was at work and did not know what was happening at the complex. Brown told Robertson to get into his apartment #232 and he could take whatever he wanted for himself. Robertson asked Brown what was going on, and Brown's response was "you will find out soon enough." Brown called three

more times within the hour and kept asking what was going on at the apartment, which was unusual. When Robertson returned home and found out some of what happened, Brown called, and Robertson said SWAT had been hat his apartment. Brown said "Ah, damn" and became very quiet.

The Defendant fled to Van Nuys, California and gave his car to his adult son.

The shell casings were found to be consistent with having been fired from the recovered firearm, however the bullets were consistent but could not be conclusively tied to the firearm.

# **POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

The Defendant has been charged with Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon, two Counts of Attempted Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon, Burglary while in Possession of a Deadly Weapon, Home Invasion with a Deadly Weapon, five counts of Discharging of Firearm from or within a Structure and one count of Child Abuse, Neglect or Endangerment with Use of a Deadly Weapon. The State has filed notice that we intend to pursue the Death Penalty. The Defendant currently does not have a bail amount, as was rightfully set. In Nevada, a person charged with First Degree Murder is not entitled to bail. In fact, the Nevada Constitution and the Nevada Revised Statutes deny bail to an individual charged with murder where the proof is evident, or the presumption is great. Article 1, Section 7 of the Nevada Constitution reads:

Bail; exception for capital offenses and certain murders. All persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties; unless for Capital Offenses or murders punishable by life imprisonment without possibility of parole when the proof is evident or the presumption great.

Additionally, NRS 178.484 states, in relevant part:

4. A person arrested for murder of the first degree may be admitted to bail unless the proof is evident or the presumption great by any competent Court or Magistrate authorized by law to do so in the exercise of discretion, giving due weight to the evidence and to the nature and circumstances of the offense. (Emphasis added).

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While the proof necessary for the quantum of proof which is needed to meet this requirement has not been specifically defined, it is at least higher than probable cause. See <u>Hanley v. State</u>, 85 Nev. 154, 451 P.2d 852 (1969). In fact, a dying declaration of the victim has been deemed to be sufficient under the statute. See <u>In re Wheeler</u>, 81 Nev. 495, 406 P.2d 713 (1965). Moreover, the Court is granted broad discretion in determining the amount of proof necessary for this determination. Id.

As far back as 1917, the Nevada Supreme Court held that an affidavit was sufficient for purposes of denying bail. See <u>Ex Parte Nagel</u>, 41 Nev. 86, 88-89 (1917) ("The true rule upon the subject of bail or discharge after indictment for murder undoubtedly is for the Judge to refuse to bail or discharge upon any affidavit or proof that is susceptible of being controverted on the other side."). However, in this case there is more than an affidavit, as the Grand Jury heard evidence from witnesses, including DNA evidence, and returned a True Bill.

Defendant's Motions asked for reasonable bail and did not ask for a specific amount of bail but did ask for an own recognizance release. Additionally, absolutely zero evidence of his financial ability or inability to pay for bail has been produced by the Defendant to the Court or the State. In support of his Motion, the Defendant cited to <u>Valdez-Jimenez v. Eighth Judicial District Court</u>, 136 Nev. Adv. Op. 20 (Nev. 2020), as many Defendants have done recently, to argue for release from custody. However, <u>Valdez-Jimenez</u> does not stand for the proposition that all Defendants, especially murder Defendants, are to be released from custody or given bail. The Nevada Supreme Court, in its decision, laid out the specific analysis that must be done in determining bail. Specifically, the Court stated:

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III

A Defendant who remains in custody following arrest is constitutionally entitled to a prompt individualized determination on his or her pretrial custody status. The individualized determination must be preceded by an adversarial hearing at which the Defendant is entitled to present evidence and argument concerning the relevant bail factors. The Judge must consider the factors set forth in NRS 178.4853 and may impose bail only if the State proves by clear and convincing evidence that it is necessary to ensure the Defendant's presence at future Court proceedings or to protect the safety of the community, including the victim and the victim's family. *Valdez-Jimenez*, at 1.

Within this "individualized determination" in the case before this Court, there is far and away more than clear and convincing evidence that the bail status should remain in place because the proof is evidence and the presumption is great of the Defendant's guilt. Additionally, by more than clear and convincing evidence it is clear that the safety of the community cannot be ensured if the Defendant is released and this Court cannot be assured the Defendant will comply with conditions of release and remain trouble free.

In this case, this Court can be sure that individualized determination warrants the current bail status based on the proof being evident and the presumption great of the Defendant's guilt based on the evidence presented to the Grand Jury. Specifically, the evidence has established that the Defendant, was seen by one of the surviving victims breaking into the window of the apartment, shooting her, shooting her daughter killing her, and that where the three-year-old slept fired at least one bullet at her as well. The Defendant was well known to friends and family of the victims, as he was the Victim's boyfriend. The events leading up to this violent and tragic event are common stressors of domestic violence circumstances. Texts were in the phone where arguments about their relationship and money were found. Additionally, at approximately 7:30 PM the Defendant told Corey Robertson that they had broken up that evening, and then suspiciously called repeatedly after the murder to

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Robertson seeking info about what happened in the complex, alluding to knowing what happened in cryptic terms, and offering Robertson anything he wanted from his apartment like he was abandoning. The Defendant threw the murder weapon out of his car window and fled to California.

The Defendant has prior criminal history of a violent nature which makes him even more dangerous. In 1998 he was convicted of Carjacking and Corporal Injury, which stemmed from a case where he kidnapped and attempted to kill his then-wife.

In making this individualized determination, this Court has the discretion to maintain the bail status that has already been in place. In fact, in Ex Parte Wheeler, 81 Nev. 495 (1965), the Nevada Supreme Court stated, "In evaluating the amount of proof needed to defeat bail the lower Court is granted broad discretion. Wheeler, 716. Furthermore, the, "state need not prove accused's guilt beyond reasonable doubt." Wheeler, 716. Additionally, the Court said, "How much evidence is enough to satisfy constitutional provision that all persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties unless for capital offenses when proof is evident, or presumption great must be resolved on case by case basis. A fixed rule cannot be formulated. Wheeler, 716. The holding in Wheeler still stands today. In fact, the Nevada Supreme Court cited to Wheeler four times in its decision in Valdez-Jimenez.

In Wheeler, the Defendant sought his release on bail pending his trial for murder. The District Court heard evidence by way of testimony from a police officer of the victim's dying declaration. Additionally, "before the lower Court ruled, the prosecutor and defense counsel each made comment concerning the accused's prior criminal record and also referred to the fact that he was on bail from another state when the shooting at hand took place." After hearing all this, the District Court denied his request for bail and the Defendant appealed to the Nevada Supreme Court. The Nevada Supreme Court affirmed the District Court's denial of the Defendant's request for bail. Comparing the facts of the case before this Court to that in Wheeler, the proof is also evident and the presumption great of Defendant's guilt as it is

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based on the totality of the evidence which shows that no other person is responsible, and that the Defendant conclusively committed these acts. As such, this Court should maintain the no bail status.

The other case that the Nevada Supreme Court relied heavily upon in determining Valdez-Jimenez was United States v. Salerno, 481 U.S. 739, 107 S.Ct. 2095, 95 L.Ed.2d 697 (1987). It is unclear how the United States Supreme Court's interpretation of federal legislation, specifically, The Bail Reform Act of 1984, authorized the Nevada Supreme Court, not being the Nevada Legislature, to cut from parts of the federal legislation, specifically 18 U.S.C. § 3142 and paste such measures into Nevada law without any legislative action. But far be it for the legal doctrine of separation of powers to get in the way of another "tool" to be utilized in order to depopulate the prisons and the jails of the State of Nevada.

In Salerno the United States Supreme Court came to the conclusion that the pre-trial detention originally ordered by the District Court was appropriate and reversed the Court of Appeals, rejecting the argument that the Act violated substantive due process because the detention it authorizes does not, according the United States Supreme Court, constitute impermissible punishment before trial. Specifically, the United States Supreme Court stated, "We have repeatedly held that the Government's regulatory interest in community safety can, in appropriate circumstances, outweigh an individual's liberty interest." Salerno, at 748. The United States Supreme Court further stated, "The government's interest in preventing crime by arrestees is both legitimate and compelling. De Veau v. Braisted, 363 U.S. 144, 155, 80 S.Ct. 1146, 1152, 4 L.Ed.2d 1109 (1960)." Salerno, at 749. In juxtaposing a Defendant's liberty interest against community safety, the United States Supreme Court further stated, "On the other side of the scale, of course, is the individual's strong interest in liberty. We do not minimize the importance and fundamental nature of this right. But, as our cases hold, this right may, in circumstances where the government's interest is sufficiently weighty, be subordinated to the greater needs of society." Salerno, at 750-751.

Additionally, since the Nevada Supreme Court has pointed us towards federal law and specifically the Bail Reform Act of 1984, the Act itself presumes this Defendant should not be released. Beyond the procedure for the bail hearings, the federal law also provides guidance as to when bail is appropriate. Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3)(B), where there is probable cause to believe a Defendant used or possessed a firearm during a crime of violence, a presumption exists that no conditions exist that will reasonably assure the safety of the community and Defendant's future appearance. Detention is therefore presumed where a Defendant commits a crime of violence with a firearm. Id. In the case before this Court, the Defendant shot and killed the victim with a firearm. He shot and wounded another female victim and shot at but did not wound a 3-year-old child. Probable cause has been demonstrated supporting these charges. Consequently, the presumption mandated by the very statute the Nevada Supreme Court cited to as guidance is for detention. That presumption is clearly valid based on the totality of the facts in this case and the totality of the Defendant's history. This presumption cannot be overcome by this Defendant based on the facts of this case and his history. As such, the Defendant's bail should remain no bail.

Additionally, the United States Supreme Court also rejected the argument in Salerno that the Bail Reform Act of 1984 violated the Excessive Bail Clause of the Eighth Amendment. In so holding the Court pointed out that the often cited language from Stack v. Boyle, 342 U.S. 1, 5, 72 S.Ct. 1, 3, 96 L.Ed. 3 (1951), in which the Court stated that "[b]ail set at a figure higher than an amount reasonably calculated [to ensure the Defendant's presence at trial] is 'excessive' under the Eighth Amendment' is actually, "dictum." Salerno, at 753. (Emphasis added). The Court went on to clarify by stating:

The holding of Stack is illuminated by the Court's holding just four months later in Carlson v. Landon, 342 U.S. 524, 72 S.Ct. 525, 96 L.Ed. 547 (1952). In that case, remarkably similar to the present action, the detainees had been arrested and held without bail pending a determination of deportability. The Attorney General refused to release the individuals, "on the ground that there was reasonable cause to believe that [their] release would be prejudicial to the public interest and would endanger the welfare and safety of the United States." Id., at

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529, 72 S.Ct., at 528-529 (emphasis added). The detainees brought the same challenge that respondents bring to us today: the Eighth Amendment required them to be admitted to bail. The Court squarely rejected this proposition:

"The bail clause was lifted with slight changes from the English Bill of Rights Act. In England that clause has never been thought to accord a right to bail in all cases, but merely to provide that bail shall not be excessive in those cases where it is proper to grant bail. When this clause was carried over into our Bill of Rights, nothing was said that indicated any different concept. The Eighth Amendment has not prevented Congress from defining the classes of cases in which bail shall be allowed in this country. Thus, in criminal cases bail is not compulsory where the punishment may be death. Indeed, the very language of the Amendment fails to say all arrests must be bailable." Id., at 545–546, 72 S.Ct., at 536–537 (footnotes omitted). Salerno, at 753-754.

Finally, the United States Supreme Court summarized its rejection of the attack on the federal statute by stating, "We are unwilling to say that this congressional determination, based as it is upon that primary concern of every government—a concern for the safety and indeed the lives of its citizens—on its face violates either the Due Process Clause of the Fifth Amendment or the Excessive Bail Clause of the Eighth Amendment." Salerno, at 755.

The Nevada Supreme Court, in Valdez-Jimenez, in addition to pointing to federal legislation, directed Nevada Courts to the Nevada Revised Statutes on bail. In fact, NRS 178.498 provides as follows:

- 1. The nature and circumstances of the offense charged;
- 2. The financial ability of the Defendant to give bail;
- 3. The character of the Defendant; and
- 4. The factors listed in NRS 178.4853.

NRS 178.4853 provides as follows:

In deciding whether there is good cause to release a person without bail, the Court as a minimum shall consider the following factors concerning the person:

- 1. The length of his residence in the community;
- 2. The status and history of his employment;
- 3. His relationship with his spouse and children, parents or other members of his family and with his close friends;
- 4. His reputation, character and mental condition;
- 5. His prior criminal record, including any record of his appearing or failing to appear after release on bail or without bail;
- 6. The identity of responsible members of the community who would vouch for the Defendant's reliability;
- 7. The nature of the offense with which he is charged, the apparent probability of conviction and the likely sentence, insofar as these facts relate to the risk of his not appearing;
- 8. The nature and seriousness of the danger to any person or the community that would be posed by the person's release;
- 9. The likelihood of more criminal activity by the person after he is released;
- 10. Any other factors concerning his ties to the community or bearing on the risk that he may willfully fail to appear.

In this case analyzing the factors of NRS 178.498 shows that the nature and circumstances of the charge, murder, could be no more serious, which weighs against the Defendant's release. The Defendant has made no showing as to his financial ability to give bail. The State would point out that routinely a Defendant is given Court appointed counsel based solely on filling out a financial assessment document in Justice Court with nothing other than the self-serving representations made by the Defendant. The prosecution is never allowed to see the document, let alone challenge it, nor is the State aware of any formal guidelines lower Courts are given to make such a determination. In the absence of any guidelines as well as input and involvement by the party opponent, such judicial determinations of indigency are ripe for arbitrary determinations.

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Clearly, the "adversarial hearing" spoken of by the Nevada Supreme Court in Valdez-Jimenez must require more than just an averment on behalf of a Defendant regarding his or her ability to give bail. Some actual evidence should be produced that can be reviewed and potentially challenged by the prosecution. The Defendant has done nothing in that regard, which also weighs against the Defendant's release. The character of the Defendant based on the evidence produced at the Grand Jury regarding this case, as well as his prior criminal history, weighs heavily against release as the proof is evident and the presumption great that the Defendant is responsible for the death of Nicole Nick, and that he is capable of harming others as evidenced in this case and his prior convictions. Additionally, he is a definite flight risk, having fled the State immediately after the murder here. His character, or the lack thereof based on all of this, weighs heavily against release.

The analysis then proceeds to the factors set forth in NRS 178.4853. Specifically:

- 1. The length of his residence in the community; While the Defendant has spoken of his strong ties to Las Vegas, it is of note that when he was arrested in this case he was in California, not Las Vegas.
- 2. The status and history of his employment; the status and history of the Defendant's employment weighs against release, as he has had none for many years.
- 3. His relationship with his spouse and children, parents or other members of his family and with his close friends; Per the Defendant's Motion, he has an uncle and family friend who live in Las Vegas. While such support is positive, unfortunately, family support in the past did not dissuade the Defendant from committing crimes, including the one he currently faces that carries a possible life in prison without the possibility of parole. What also cuts against this is that he is known for committing crimes against family members in a domestic capacity - so having family ties isn't exactly comforting.

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- 5. His prior criminal record, including any record of his appearing or failing to appear after release on bail or without bail; the Defendant's criminal history, including his committing new crimes after he was released from custody pending charges, has been discussed above.
- 6. The identity of responsible members of the community who would vouch for the Defendant's reliability; Again, the State would point out that the same people who the Defendant said will be there for him if released were there for him when he committed the underlying murder and were there for him when he committed his prior crimes. Those members of the community did not dissuade him from committing his earlier crimes.
- 7. The nature of the offense with which he is charged, the apparent probability of conviction and the likely sentence, insofar as these facts relate to the risk of his not appearing; The Defendant is charged with murder and as explained above, the apparent probability of conviction is high as the Defendant's DNA is found inside the victim's vagina and rectum—the victim the Defendant claims he did not know. Any murder conviction in this case carries with it a possible life in prison sentence for the Defendant which creates a greater risk of the Defendant not appearing to Court considering the possible punishments.
- 8. The nature and seriousness of the danger to any person or the community that would be posed by the person's release; It is clear from his crimes here and previous, that he is a danger to witnesses in this case which are numerous, should he be released.

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9. The likelihood of more criminal activity by the person after he is released; The Defendant had Attempted Murder and Kidnapping charges in California and served a prison sentence as a result of his pleas. He did not come out reformed, and instead when a rough patch hit with his girlfriend Nicole Nick, killed her and tried to kill her mother and daughter. Attempting to kill, and killing are the most serious crimes, and the risk is too great for release given his violent history.

10. Any other factors concerning his ties to the community or bearing on the risk that he may willfully fail to appear. There are no other factors which apply to the Defendant.

Lastly, Defendant claims he should be released in part due to the Covid-19 pandemic. The State understands the general effort to depopulate CCDC in response to Covid-19. However, significant measures have already been taken to ensure inmates' safety¹. Further, advocates pushing for depopulating custody facilities in response to Covid-19 recommend releasing non-violent offenders. Defendant is facing an extremely violent charge—murder, and numerous other violent felonies. Nonetheless, taking into consideration those ailments, recent data has shown that asthma is not a serious risk for Covid-19 patients as previously thought and reported. In fact, the New York Times and Physician's Weekly have both reported on the data obtained from New York City Covid-19 patients. What was found was asthma appeared to be underrepresented in the comorbidities reported for patients with COVID-19, showing that only about 5 percent of COVID-19 patients who have died had asthma.² While the Court should consider the risks associated with Covid-19 in CCDC, the Court must also balance the risk dangerous inmates present to the community at large if released. The Defendant's other claimed health issues of high blood pressure does not outweigh his pre-trial detention, and the fact that he had his gallbladder removed is the cure to a problem —

not-common-in-covid-19-patients-who-have-died.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chief Judge Bell issued an Order releasing inmates on technical violations of supervision, inmates serving a sentence who are at high risk for illness, and inmates who have already served 75% of their sentence.

<sup>2</sup> https://www.nytimes.com/2020/04/16/health/coronavirus-asthma-risk.html, https://www.physiciansweekly.com/asthma-

1	not a problem by itself. Here, the underlying offense is extremely violent. The risk of releasing
2	the Defendant based on his history and crimes is not one this Court should take. In fact, the
3	Sheriff did not take such a risk when he did not release the Defendant as a part of the group of
4	nearly 300 inmates released based on the Covid-19 concerns.
5	<u>CONCLUSION</u>
6	Based on the foregoing, the State respectfully requests Defendant's Motion be
7	DENIED and his NO BAIL status remain.
8	DATED this 24th day of June, 2020.
9	Respectfully submitted,
10	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney
11	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565
12	BY Juli
13	JAY P. RAMAN Chief Deputy District Attorney
14	Nevada Bar #010193
15	CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING
16	I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing was made this 24th day of
17	June, 2020, by Electronic Filing to:
18	IVETTE MANINGO, ESQ. iamaningo@iamlawny.com
19	BY /s/ E. Goddard
20	E. Goddard Secretary for the District Attorney's Office
21	Beeretary for the District Money & Crite
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# **Evelyn Goddard**

From:

Evelyn Goddard

Sent:

Wednesday, June 24, 2020 8:06 AM

To:

iamaningo@iamlawnv.com

Subject:

C299234 - BROWN

Attachments:

Black and White0952.pdf

Please find attached a courtesy copy of State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion for OR Release

Evelyn R. Goddard – Legal Secretary Clark County District Attorney's Office Team L-5 Ph. (702) 671-2818 Fax (702) 382-7632 E-Mail – evelyn.goddard@clarkcountyda.com



Electronically Filed 7/2/2020 7:49 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

) CASE: C-14-299234-1

DEPT. XVII

ROBERT BROWN, JR.,

APPEARANCES:

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Defendant.

Plaintiff,

BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 2020

RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: DEFENDANT ROBERT BROWN'S MOTION FOR RELEASE ON HIS OWN RECOGNIZANCE OR IN THE ATERNATIVE MOTION TO SET BAIL

STATUS CHECK: TRIAL READINESS

For the State: JAY P. RAMAN, ESQ.

Chief Deputy District Attorney

For the Defendant: ABEL M. YANEZ, ESQ.

Also appearing via Bluejeans: IVETTE MANINGO, ESQ.

RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER

Case Number: C-14-299234-1

what is finally, I guess, established, you know, what it looks like, mask/ no mask, where the jury's going to be, all of that stuff. So, I just don't know at this point, Judge.

THE COURT: Well, just so you know, I'm on the – actually, I'm on the jury committee.

MR. YANEZ: Okay.

THE COURT: And our plan right now is to commence a jury trial July 27<sup>th</sup>. We're looking to select a jury, one a day. Now obviously on a homicide case, in particular a death penalty case, you know it could be four or five, even going into the second week depending on you know the jurors. And so, we still don't know how that's going to work but we are planning to be able to do some trials July 27<sup>th</sup> and we're going to see how that works. You know, so I really don't know yet. But that's our plan is to, you know, select a jury in the jury commissioners' chambers, all right, and then we may have the trials on the third floor. I'm not sure, or we may come up to the particular department, but we are working on those plans as I speak.

MR. YANEZ: Sound good. And I – obviously, we'll wait to see what that looks like. What I can tell the Court for sure is that most of our investigation has been put on hold because of the pandemic this past few months.

THE COURT: All right. I can do – I can just set it, like a 60 day status check to see where we're at as far as the trials and also in the final preparation for your trial.

MR. RAMAN: That would be fine.

# PLEADING CONTINUES IN NEXT VOLUME