### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

Electronically Filed Sep 14 2022 02:49 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

TED MICHAEL DONKO, Appellant(s),

VS.

THE STATE OF NEVADA, Respondent(s),

Case No: C-19-345584-1 *Related Case A-22-852928-W* 

Docket No: 85261

# RECORD ON APPEAL **VOLUME**

ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT **TED DONKO # 1080899**, PROPER PERSON **1200 PRISON RD.** LOVELOCK, NV 89419

ATTORNEY FOR RESPONDENT STEVEN B. WOLFSON, DISTRICT ATTORNEY 200 LEWIS AVE. LAS VEGAS, NV 89155-2212

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1	A	Well, after I was laying there?	
2	Q	Yes.	
3	А	From underneath the truck, I could see Fernando fall in the	
4	back of	the truck.	
5	Q	Okay. Now, did you get a good look at the shooter?	
6	Α	No.	
7	Q	Why is that?	
8	Α	His gun was in front of his face.	
9	a	Okay. How many rounds did you hear?	
10	А	About 10.	
11	Q	Okay. Did you see the car after that?	
12	А	No.	
13	a	All right. What did you do after you were on the ground?	
14	А	Well, when I first got shot, I pulled my phone out, called	
15	my uncle to tell him what happened.		
16	a	Okay.	
17	А	After that, just in and out of conscious.	
18	Q	Okay. And your uncle lives with you up the street?	
19	А	Yes.	
20	Q	Okay. And the next thing you remember, is it waking up	
21	in the h	ospital?	
22	А	I remember here and there, like, in the ambulance and	
23	stuff. B	ut, yeah, waking up in the hospital.	
24	Q	Okay. And where, exactly, were you shot?	
25	А	In my right thigh, exit my right thigh, hit my left thigh.	

1	Bullet's	still lodged in my left leg.
2	Q	Okay. So you've still got a bullet in you?
3	A	Right.
4	Q	All right. And I notice that you walk with a cane?
5	А	Yes.
6	Q	Is that a result of this shooting?
7	Α	Yes.
8	Q	Okay. Now, how long were you in the house before?
9	A	Six days.
10	Q	Okay. Did you have surgery
11	Α	Yes.
12	O	for your legs? Okay.
13	Α	One leg.
14	O	And you still are suffering here today?
15	A	Yes.
16	ā	And do you have scars?
17	A	Yes.
18	a	Not to mention the bullet's still in your other leg?
19	A	Yes.
20	Q	Okay. I'm going to ask you to kind of step up, and as long
21	as you d	ould or you have the ability to do so, can you come and
22		THE COURT: And, Your Honor, may I have permission to
23	have the	e witness just step down to have the jury see those injuries?
24	Q	And, Mr. Sanchez, if you could just step down. And do
25	you nee	d help? Okay.

1		THE COURT: All right. Great. Thanks.
2		[End of bench conference.]
3		THE COURT: You can come back up, sir.
4	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
5	a	Mr. Sanchez, I know that you're nervous. So we're just
6	going to	move on, okay?
7	A	Okay.
8	a	All right. Now, when you looked back, did you see did
9	you see	you said you saw a Toyota?
10	A	Yes.
11	Q	What did it look like?
12	A	Older model.
13	a	Okay. And did you see the person come out of the
14	passeng	ger side?
15	Α	No, I didn't see him.
16	O.	Okay. Did you believe that it was the passenger who
17	shot?	
18	Α	Yes.
19	Q	And how did you know that? Or why did you think that?
20	A	The passenger door was open.
21	a	Okay.
22		MS. GOODMAN: And, Your Honor, I'll pass the witness.
23		THE COURT: Mr. Shaygan.
24		MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Thank you, Your Honor.
25		///
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### **CROSS-EXAMINATION**

2	BY MR.	SHAYGAN-FATEMI:	
3	a	Good afternoon, sir.	
4	A	Hello.	
5	a	Just to be clear, you just testified that you do know	
6	Fernanc	lo?	
7	A	Yes.	
8	Q	And you said Fernando was a friend from around the	
9	block, ce	orrect?	
10	A	Correct.	
11	a	And, actually, called you on that on the day you were	
12	shot, correct?		
13	Α	Yes.	
14	a	Just so no one is confused, you did not get a good look at	
15	the shoo	oter, correct?	
16	A	No, I didn't.	
17	O.	So you have no idea who it was that shot you, correct?	
18	A	No.	
19		THE COURT: Correct?	
20		MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Thank you, Your Honor. I could	
21	rephras	e it.	
22		THE COURT: Yeah, rephrase it. It's so tricky with that.	
23	BY MR.	SHAYGAN-FATEMI:	
24	Q	You don't know who yes or no, you don't know who	
25	shot you	u?	

1	А	No, I don't.
2	Q	Thank you.
3		And outside of a court date of December 18th, you've
4	never se	en that man before in your life, correct?
5	Α	Correct.
6	Q	Thank you for your time.
7		MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Your Honor, I have nothing
8	further.	
9		THE COURT: Okay. State?
10		MS. GOODMAN: No, Your Honor. I have no redirect.
11	Thank yo	ou.
12		THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, any questions?
13	Okay.	
14		Parties approach.
15		[Bench conference transcribed as follows.]
16		MR. HAUSER: It's one of those I think we don't tell
17	anybody	<b>/</b> .
18		[End of bench conference.]
19		THE COURT: Sir, do you remember anything regarding
20	what the	shooter was wearing?
21		THE WITNESS: No, I don't.
22		THE COURT: The answer was: No, I don't.
23		Any follow-up?
24		MS. GOODMAN: No, Your Honor.
25		MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: No, Your Honor.
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assure you, we can go with the jury instructions.

THE COURT: I'm a bad -- don't worry.

MR. LEXIS: And I can assure you, we're going to be all done tomorrow. We're going to have our lead detective tomorrow, but we should have it -- we're trying to get another witness for tomorrow. But we're going to be done. But if we could please start at 9:00, we're going to be -- we're going to rest it by noon.

MR. HAUSER: If Mr. Shaygan, and I are still the attorneys, I believe that's correct. But I can't promise that.

> THE COURT: Okay. All right. So -- okay. Okay. Got it. [End of bench conference.]

THE COURT: All right. So we're having some transportation issues. I promise you we're still ahead of schedule, so don't stress out about that. But we're going to take a pretty good afternoon recess. And then we won't break again for the rest of the day. So feel free to go down and get a snack or get something to drink, because we're not going to come back until 3:20.

During the recess you're admonished not to talk or converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject connected to this trial or read, watch, or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial of any person connected with this trial by any medium of information, including, without limitation to newspapers, television, the Internet, and radio, or form or express any opinion on any subject connected with the trial until the case is

1	finally submitted to you.
2	I will see you at 3:20.
3	[Jury recessed at 2:41 p.m.]
4	THE COURT: All right. So we will be in recess then
5	until 3:20. We can go off.
6	[Court recessed at 2:42 p.m., until 3:27 p.m.]
7	[Outside the presence of the jury.]
8	THE COURT: All right. We're back on the record is
9	C-345584-1, State of Nevada versus Ted Michael Donko. Mr. Donko
10	is present with Mr. Hauser and Mr. Shaygan on his behalf. Both
11	deputy district attorneys, Ms. Rose Goodman as well as Mr. Lexis,
12	are present.
13	Are we ready to go?
14	MR. LEXIS: We have a witness for the occasion.
15	THE COURT: Well, that's a start.
16	MR. HAUSER: Sounds good.
17	THE COURT: All right. Let's bring them in.
18	[Jury reconvened at 3:28 p.m.]
19	THE COURT: Welcome back, ladies and gentlemen.
20	Thank you for your patience. We are back on the record. Do both
21	parties stipulate to the presence of the jury?
22	MS. GOODMAN: Yes, Your Honor.
23	MR. LEXIS: Yes, Your Honor.
24	MR. HAUSER: Yes, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: All right. State, next witness.
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1		MR. LEXIS: State calls Genaro Ramos.
2		GENARO RAMOS,
3	[having	g been called as a witness and first duly sworn, testified as
4		follows:]
5		THE CLERK: Thank you. You may be seated. Please state
6	your cor	mplete name, spelling both your first and last name for the
7	record.	
8		THE WITNESS: It's Genaro Ramos. My name?
9		THE CLERK: Yes. Can you spell that for us, please?
10		THE WITNESS: It's G-E-N-A-R-O
11		THE COURT: I'm sorry. Start over, please.
12		THE WITNESS: My name?
13		THE COURT: Yeah.
14		THE WITNESS: Is spelling?
15		THE COURT: Yes, please.
16		THE WITNESS: Is G-E-N-A-R-O, R-A-M-O-S.
17		THE CLERK: Thank you.
18		THE COURT: Thank you.
19		THE WITNESS: Welcome.
20		DIRECT EXAMINATION
21	BY MR.	LEXIS:
22	Q	Sir, around October 1st, 2019, what were you doing?
23	A	I was working on my mom's car.
24	Q	Okay. And where at?
25	Α	5617 White Cap Street.
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1	Q	That was at around noon?
2	А	Yes.
3	Q	Showing you State's 7; do you see White Cap Street here
4	in the m	niddle?
5	Α	Yeah.
6	Q	The middle of
7	Α	I see it.
8	Q	Is that true?
9	Α	Yes.
10	a	Is that true and correct representation of that
11	neighbo	orhood?
12	Α	Yeah.
13	Q	Okay. That blue mark right there, the White Cap, is that
14	approxi	mately your mom's house?
15	Α	Yes, that was my mom's.
16	Q	That's your mom's house, sir?
17	Α	Yeah.
18	Q	Okay. What, if anything, did you hear around 12:15?
19	A	Gunshots.
20	Q	Around how many, sir?
21	A	Between 8 to 10.
22	Q	Okay. What, if anything, did you notice after that?
23	A	Fast car coming on the street
24	Q	Okay.
25	А	that caught my attention.
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1	O.	How long after?
2	А	A couple minutes.
3	٥	Okay. So a couple minutes after the gunshots, the car and
4	the way	it was speeding
5	A	Yeah.
6	Q	caught your attention?
7	A	Yeah.
8	Q	Okay. Can you describe that in detail?
9	A	It was a Toyota Corolla, gold, sand color, between '93
10	or '98.	
11	Q	Okay. So older model?
12	A	Yeah.
13	Q	And, particularly, what caught your attention, you said,
14	was the	speed, so were you did you hear it coming?
15	A	Yeah, I hear the car on the corner of the street.
16	Q	Okay. What did the car eventually do, sir?
17	A	He was driving fast and then he got dropped by a couple
18	houses	on Linn Street.
19		THE COURT: If you want to use that the mouse, you
20	can	
21		THE WITNESS: Oh, I so I can scoot them
22		THE COURT: Yeah. Hit the red use the mouse and then
23	the that	red pencil.
24		THE WITNESS: Okay.
25		THE COURT: All right.
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1		THE WITNESS: There. Yeah, this is Linn Street, and then
2	this is w	here the car drove off, right in this area.
3		THE COURT: Where it says Toyota Corolla?
4		THE WITNESS: Yeah.
5	BY MR.	LEXIS:
6	٥	Okay. What, if anything, did you see after that car
7	stopped	1?
8	A	I see a guy in the guy, one person.
9	a	One person? And what did that person do?
10	Α	He looked suspicious.
11	a	Why did he look suspicious, sir?
12	А	He was looking around and then searching off his waist
13	and the	n his buckets.
14		MR. LEXIS: Okay. Let the record reflect the witness is
15	grabbin	g his waist, pocket area.
16		THE WITNESS: Uh-huh. Yeah, like
17	BY MR.	LEXIS:
18	Q	Repeatedly? Did he do that repeatedly, sir?
19	Α	Yeah, a couple, several times. Yeah.
20	Q	Okay. Did he go ever go back to the car?
21	A	He tried to came back, yeah. And then after that he start
22	running	or walking on Surf Lane.
23	Q	Okay. So
24	A	North
25	Q	you said

1	A	North on Surf Lane.
2	O.	on Surf Lane?
3	A	Yeah.
4	O.	So could you go ahead and draw okay. And what
5	direction	was he going on Surf Lane?
6	A	Going north.
7	Q	Okay.
8	Α	Yeah, because hold on. This is north. Yeah. He start
9	a	Okay. So you've seen
10	A	It's okay.
11	a	initially see him at the vehicle marked Toyota Corolla,
12	and then	you see him going north where that next red dot is,
13	correct?	
14	A	Yeah. Yeah, the Surf Lane street, yeah.
15	O.	Okay. What, if anything else, was he doing suspicious?
16	Α	That's all I see after that. Then I but I see that, like, he
17	was wea	ring a red shirt.
18	Q	Okay.
19	Α	Uh-huh.
20	Q	Can you describe the person?
21	A	He's white male in his 30s.
22	Q	Okay. And you said he was wearing a red shirt?
23	A	Red shirt, yeah.
24	O.	Was he looking around at all?
25	A	When he got off of the car, yeah, he start he was looking
		70

1	around.	But I didn't see him after that when I see when the he
2	was on s	Surf Lane, I didn't see him after that.
3	Q	As he's looking around, is he that's as that's while
4	he's gra	bbing his pockets and everything?
5	Α	Uh-huh.
6	Q	Okay.
7		THE COURT: Is that a yes?
8		THE WITNESS: Yeah.
9		THE COURT: Okay.
10	BY MR.	LEXIS:
11	Q	Did a detective you eventually talked to police in the
12	area	
13	Α	Yeah.
14	Q	is that true? Did you go to them?
15	Α	To the officers.
16	Q	Yes.
17	Α	To the police? Yeah, I did.
18	Q	Okay. And is that due to the suspicious nature that you
19	saw?	
20	Α	Yes.
21	Q	Did they eventually take you to a vehicle?
22	Α	Yes.
23	Q	And was it that Toyota Corolla?
24	Α	Yes, it was the same car that I saw.
25	Q	Showing you State's 209; is that a true and accurate
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1	represer	ntation of the Toyota Corolla you saw that day?
2	A	Yeah, that's the car.
3	a	Okay.
4		MR. LEXIS: Nothing further, Your Honor.
5		THE COURT: Does
6		MR. HAUSER: Brief indulgence, Judge.
7		THE COURT: Sure.
8		CROSS-EXAMINATION
9	BY MR.	HAUSER:
10	Q	Good afternoon, sir.
11	A	Good afternoon, how are you.
12	Q	Oh, I'm well. Thank you for asking.
13	A	Thank you.
14	Q	The police never asked you to look at a series of pictures
15	in this ca	ase, did they?
16	Α	No, they didn't.
17	Q	When you talked about the car coming up Linn Lane; is
18	that righ	nt?
19	A	Yeah.
20	Q	Which direction was the car coming up Linn?
21	A	Can we go back to the map or
22	Q	No, yeah, let's see if we can pull it back up.
23		He's a lot better at this than me, so go ahead.
24	А	Yeah
25		THE COURT: Do you what to sorry.
1		

1		MR. HAUSER: Oh, I get you're right, Judge. My	
2	apologies.		
3		That's State's Exhibit 7.	
4		THE COURT: And could you zoom in?	
5		MR. HAUSER: I can try.	
6		THE COURT: There should be some arrows.	
7		MR. HAUSER: Sure are.	
8		THE COURT: There you go.	
9		MR. HAUSER: Look at all that. All right. Let's try and do	
10	that.		
11	BY MR.	HAUSER:	
12	Q	Okay. So you showed us the car coming toward the top	
13	of that picture, right?		
14	A	Is it okay if I use this?	
15	Q	Up Linn Lane?	
16		THE COURT: Yeah, of course. Just hit the red button.	
17	There y	ou go.	
18		THE WITNESS: Yeah, you see the car when he was	
19	coming in this corner, because I was over here at my mom's house		
20	working	g.	
21	BY MR.	HAUSER:	
22	Q	So you didn't see a car on Linn at all?	
23	A	No, the car was dropped of on close to Linn Street over	
24	here, w	here the car is	
25	O.	The car was close	
- 1	1	<b>5</b> 0	

1	A	over here. Yeah.
2	Q	to Linn.
3	A	To Linn.
4	Q	Okay. You didn't see the car drive up Linn Street?
5	A	Oh, Linn Street? No, I didn't. But he was driving on White
6	Cap Stre	et.
7	α	Got it.
8	A	And the car was
9	Q	And the car was speeding?
10	A	Yes.
11	Q	You described the man that got out as a white man in
12	his 30s?	
13	A	Uh-huh.
14	O.	Is that a yes?
15	Α	Yes.
16	Q	I'm sorry, we record everything here, it's very natural to
17	say uh-h	uh. We always have to say yes or no.
18	A	Okay.
19	Q	Happens all the time.
20	A	I got it.
21	a	Was there anyone else in the car?
22	A	No, he was only there, the guy the male person.
23	Q	Okay. Did you see any firearms?
24	A	No, I didn't.
25	O.	I appreciate your time, sir. Thank you very much?
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1	A	No problem.
2		THE COURT: State?
3		MR. LEXIS: Sure.
4		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. I	LEXIS:
6	Q	I know Defense counsel asked you, but I just want to be
7	clear.	
8	А	Yeah.
9	Q	When you saw him going north on Surf Lane
10	A	Yes.
11	a	is that when you lost track of him?
12	А	Yeah.
13	O.	Okay.
14		MR. LEXIS: Court's indulgence.
15		Nothing further, Judge.
16		THE COURT: Anything based on that?
17		MR. HAUSER: No, Your Honor.
18		THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, any questions from
19	the jury?	
20		[Bench conference transcribed as follows.]
21		MR. HAUSER: Yep. It's all clear.
22		[End of bench conference.]
23		THE COURT: Sir, did the person you saw leaving the
24	vehicle h	nave any tattoos?
25		THE WITNESS: I didn't pay attention to that, no.
	ĺ	75

1	THE COURT: Okay. State?
2	FURTHER EXAMINATION
3	BY MR. LEXIS:
4	Q But do you know if he had his red shirt on, sir?
5	A A red shirt on? Yeah. He did.
6	MR. LEXIS: Nothing further.
7	THE COURT: Mr. Hauser?
8	MR. HAUSER: I have no follow-up, Judge.
9	THE COURT: Any other following questions from the
10	jury?
11	Sir thank you, so much for coming in today. You are
12	released from your subpoena. But please do not discuss your
13	testimony with anyone else involved in the case.
14	THE WITNESS: Okay.
15	THE COURT: All right? Thank you very much.
16	THE WITNESS: Yeah, you're welcome. Thank you.
17	THE COURT: State?
18	MS. GOODMAN: State's going to call DeAndre Woods.
19	DeANDRE WOODS,
20	[having been called as a witness and first duly sworn, testified as
21	follows:]
22	THE CLERK: Thank you. Please have a seat. Could you
23	please state your complete name, spelling your first and last name
24	for the record.
25	THE WITNESS: My name's DeAndre Woods. It's

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1	D-e-A-N	-D-R-E, W-O-O-D-S.
2		THE CLERK: Thank you.
3		THE COURT: Mr. Woods, before we get started, can you
4	do a few	things? Would you mind putting your phone on silent or
5	turning i	t off completely, and that way we won't have any
6	disruptio	ons.
7		THE WITNESS: Okay.
8		THE COURT: Thank you. And then also, you'll notice the
9	microph	one that is sitting in front of you. If you wouldn't mind
10	scooting	up a little bit closer and keeping your voice up, and that
11	way we'	ll be able to hear you throughout the courtroom. Okay?
12		THE WITNESS: Okay.
13		THE COURT: Thank you so much. I appreciate that.
14		DIRECT EXAMINATION
15	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
16	Q	Did you get that on silent, DeAndre?
17	Α	No, I'm turning it off.
18	Q	Okay. Good.
19	A	Can you hear me now.
20	Q	Yes, we're good. All right.
21		Good afternoon, Mr. Woods.
22	A	Hi.
23	Q	I'm going to bring you to a date of September 30th, 2019.
24	Okay?	
25	A	Okay.
		77

1	Q	Do you recall that date?
2	A	Yeah.
3	Q	Okay. What happened on that date?
4	Α	Too young mens came up to me, one dude had a black
5	shirt and	one dude had a red shirt.
6	Q	Okay. And did they ask you if you knew somebody
7	named Shorty?	
8	Α	Yes.
9	Q	Okay. Where were you at?
10	Α	I was sitting in the front of my ex-girlfriend's house in a
11	chair, a black chair.	
12	Q	Okay. And that was 56 Linn Lane?
13	Α	Yeah.
14	Q	Okay. What happened after that?
15	Α	I told him I didn't know who Shorty was.
16	Q	Okay. Now, the first you said there was two gentlemen,
17	right?	
18	Α	Yes.
19	Q	Okay. What did the first one look like?
20	Α	The first one looked like a little short, you know, a little
21	skinnier.	And the second one was bigger. And he's in this room.
22	Ω	He's in this room?
23	A	Yeah.
24	Q	Okay. Can you please point that person out and identify
25	an article	e of clothing he or she is wearing?

1	A	He got a blue tie, blue shirt, that's him.
2		MS. GOODMAN: Okay. And, Your Honor, may the record
3	reflect ic	dentification of Defendant.
4		THE COURT: It will.
5	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
6	Q	Okay. So they come and they and the who you
7	identifie	d as the defendant, they asked about Shorty, and then do
8	they leav	ve?
9	A	Yeah, they left right away.
10	Q	Okay. And you first described them at you described
11	that individual as what?	
12	A	A Mexican.
13	Q	Okay. And what do you remember the height that you
14	gave?	
15	A	Like, 5-8, 5-11, and the second one
16		[Ringing phone interruption.]
17		THE WITNESS: My bad. My bad.
18	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
19	Q	That's okay.
20	Α	My bad.
21	Q	Is it off now?
22	A	No, it just turned right back on.
23	Q	Okay.
24	А	It will not ring, I hope.
25		THE COURT: Did it just turn itself back on?

1		THE WITNESS: Yeah.
2		THE COURT: That's okay.
3		THE WITNESS: My bad, y'all. Don't
4		THE MARSHAL: I'll put it in the side room.
5		THE COURT: He'll
6		THE WITNESS: All right. Thank you.
7		THE COURT: He'll help you. You'll get them back, I
8	promise.	•
9		THE WITNESS: All right. Take
10		THE COURT: Okay.
11		THE WITNESS: both of them, please. Because I don't
12	want nobody to be, like, doo, doo, doo, doo.	
13		MS. GOODMAN: No problem, DeAndre.
14	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
15	Q	Okay. So the first one you described still as a Mexican
16	and the 1	first the first one you described is how tall? Short?
17	Α	5-11, around that height, 5-11, 5-8, somewhere.
18	Q	Okay. And you described the defendant as what?
19	A	5-8, 5-11, around that height.
20	Q	Okay. So just approximately that height?
21	A	Uh-huh.
22	Q	All right. Did you see any tattoos on him at that time?
23	A	No, I didn't see no tattoos because I tried to get up and get
24	in the ho	ouse, because I was too scared.
25	Q	Okay. Did you see any facial hair at that time?
	1	

1	A	No.	
2	a	Were you looking at them like that?	
3	А	I was not looking at them like that.	
4	a	Okay.	
5	А	I was trying to get up and get in the house.	
6	Q	Okay. Now, on September 30th, did they what kind of	
7	car did they pull up in?		
8	А	A Toyota.	
9	Q	Okay.	
10	А	Like a 1996, a '95.	
11	a	So older Toyota?	
12	А	Yeah.	
13	a	Okay. I'm going to go to October 1st, okay, the day after.	
14	Were you at 56 Linn Lane here in Clark County?		
15	А	Yeah. And I was taking out the stuff that my ex-girlfriend	
16	asked me to take out of her house.		
17	a	Okay. So on October 1st, you were at that same location	
18	and you	ı were there because your ex-girlfriend?	
19	A	Asked me to take out all the stuff that was in her house,	
20	the old	stuff that she have that she wanted to take out.	
21	Q	Okay. So in now, when this is about maybe noonish	
22	or so, ri	ght around that time?	
23	A	Yeah.	
24	O.	Okay. Who was inside of the home?	
25	Α	They kids, two grandkids, two grownups, two a girl and	
		81	

1	a woma	n, a two grown women and one no, two children.
2	a	Okay. So there was people inside the home?
3	А	Yeah.
4	a	All right. Now, outside the house, who was helping you
5	move th	nis these items?
6	А	It was two young mens that was around the block that we
7	barely k	know. And they was helping us, because one of the people
8	that was in the house with me named Vink [phonetic], asked him to	
9	help us to clean do what we have to do for my ex. And that's	
10	he's not in here	
11	a	Okay.
12	A	the person that asked the person to help.
13	O.	That's okay. So was do you know somebody by the
14	name of Fernando?	
15	A	I don't know him by that name.
16	Q	Okay. But you know him his name is Fernando now?
17	A	Yeah.
18	Q	Okay. Was he there?
19	Α	Yeah.
20	a	Okay. Do you know somebody named Johnny?
21	A	Yeah.
22	a	Was he there?
23	A	Yeah.
24	a	Okay. And do you know somebody named Gilbert?
25	А	Yeah.
		82

O.	Okay. Was he there?
A	Yeah.
Q	Okay. And then the person that you had described at
Binks [si	[c]
A	Yeah.
Q	that's a that's the person that kind of had the house?
A	Yeah.
Q	Okay. Now, what, if anything now, where were you
sitting?	
A	I was sitting in the chair, the same chair they walked up on
me with	when I was sitting down the first time.
Q	Okay. So I'm going to show you this picture of him.
A	That chair right there in the back.
Q	Okay. Wait a minute, DeAndre. Okay. So there's a
mouse.	Do you see that mouse right there? Okay. What I want you
to do is	
Α	Point to the chair?
Q	go ahead and hit do you see that red spot on the
bottom	that looks like a pencil?
Α	Yeah.
Q	Go ahead and click that for me.
A	Okay. [Witness complies.]
	THE COURT: Click on it.
	THE WITNESS: I'm trying to.
	THE COURT: Got it.
	A Q Binks [si A Q A Q sitting? A me with Q A Q mouse. to do is A Q bottom

1		THE WITNESS: Yep.
2	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
3	Q	There you go. Okay. And then circle where you were
4	sitting a	at around 12:15. Okay.
5		MS. GOODMAN: Your Honor, may I approach?
6		THE COURT: Yeah.
7		THE WITNESS: No, I don't know how to
8		MS. GOODMAN: That's okay. Here, let me try to help you
9	here.	
10	BY MS. GOODMAN:	
11	Q	I'm just going to click this.
12	Α	Thank you, Judge
13	Q	And then click the red button here.
14	A	for understanding.
15		THE COURT: Oh, yeah, no problem.
16		THE WITNESS: Because I don't know how to work these
17	comput	ers.
18	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
19	a	All right. Now you can control the mouse. Go ahead and
20	just circ	ele where you were sitting around 12:15ish.
21	A	Okay. Thank you.
22	a	Oh, click. You've got to click the mouse.
23		THE COURT: Click down.
24	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
25	O.	Let's just do this. Right where we made that red mark,
		84

1	that's the chair you were sitting in?	
2	А	Yeah.
3		MS. GOODMAN: And, Your Honor, just for the record,
4	that is t	he chair that is between the truck and the driveway to the
5	left side	of the picture.
6		THE COURT: Sounds good.
7	BY MS. GOODMAN:	
8	Q	So I'm just clear this for you. Okay?
9	А	All right.
10	Q	All right. Okay. Now, DeAndre, you were sitting there
11	around 12:15 or so right before?	
12	А	Yeah.
13	Q	Okay. Did you see that same Toyota pull up?
14	А	Yeah, I saw it pulled up right here.
15	Q	Oh
16	А	Can   put
17	Q	just hover it over hover over it.
18	А	Okay. Right here.
19		MS. GOODMAN: Okay. And, Your Honor, let the record
20	reflect t	he Toyota pulled up to the right side of the vehicle next to
21	the ki	nd of to the street of the blue shopping cart.
22		THE COURT: Okay.
23	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
24	Q	Okay. And what happened after that?
25	А	I just remember shooting. And I saw a white dude come
		85

1	out of th	ne car, the same dude that asked me where Shorty was.
2	Q	Okay. And did he point a gun at you?
3	A	He pointed at the person in front of me, and that was Vink
4	Q	Okay. Did that individual start shooting?
5	A	Yeah.
6	Q	Okay. Towards your direction?
7	A	Yeah.
8	Q	Okay. Now, this is going to be a stupid question, but were
9	you in fe	ear of your life?
10	A	Yeah.
11	٥	Okay.
12	A	I tried to get up and get the hell [indiscernible]. You see
13	the chair. The chair got the all the bullets	
14	a	l gotcha.
15	A	that were supposed to get me.
16	Q	Okay. And did he say anything when he exited the
17	vehicle?	
18	A	He said, Fuck Shorty, and he got started letting off.
19	Q	Okay. And do you remember how many about how
20	many sh	nots?
21	A	I don't remember. I was just trying to get out of the way.
22	a	I'm sorry?
23	A	I tried to get out of the way.
24	Q	Okay. You tried to get out of the way? Okay.
25		And to be fair, you and we'll get there you described
	1	

1	that indi	ividual as a Hispanic male to the police officers?	
2	А	Yes, I did.	
3	Q	Okay. Now, the driver of that vehicle, do you recall if you	
4	recogniz	ze that person?	
5	А	No.	
6	Q	Okay.	
7	А	I don't remember him.	
8	Q	Okay. All right.	
9		THE COURT: I'm sorry, say it again, you what?	
10		THE WITNESS: I don't really remember him.	
11		THE COURT: Okay.	
12	BY MS. GOODMAN:		
13	O	Okay. Now, what was the person who shootthe person	
14	who shot, which you identified as who?		
15	A	The person sitting in the back of you in the blue tie and	
16	blue shi	rt.	
17	Q	Okay. Who you identified as the defendant; what was he	
18	wearing	?	
19	Α	He was wearing a red shirt.	
20	Q	Okay. Now, where did you did you see the car leave?	
21	A	When it left, I saw it go towards	
22	Q	Oh, hold on. I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 2.	
23	A	Towards Thompson.	
24	O	Okay. Let me zoom out real quick. Hold on.	
25	A	Right here.	

1	Q	Okay. So you see where that red balloon is that says
2	A	I know.
3	Q	56 North Linn?
4	А	Yeah, I see it.
5	Q	Okay.
6	Α	What you talking about.
7	Q	All right. And which direction, just move the mouse in the
8	direction	n of where he left?
9	А	He left this way.
10	a	I'm sorry, what was that?
11	Α	You see where the mouse at?
12	Q	Yep.
13	Α	That's right.
14	a	Okay. So
15	Α	Towards Charleston.
16	Q	He headed south towards Charleston.
17	Α	Yep.
18		MS. GOODMAN: And, Your Honor, just let the record
19	reflect h	e's moving the mouse from the red balloon south, in a
20	southwa	ard direction towards Charleston.
21		THE WITNESS: Sorry, it was Charleston.
22		THE COURT: Okay.
23	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
24	Q	Okay. Now, you stayed there and you're familiar with that
25	area, De	Andre?

1	Q	Okay.
2	A	I saw the truck got hit two times or three, I don't know.
3	Q	Okay. So let's talk about the impacts to the house. Were
4	those th	ere before?
5	Α	No.
6	Q	Okay. So those were caused by the
7	A	The bullets that
8	Q	bullets that day?
9	A	came in the car.
10	Q	Okay. All right. Now, do you recall on
11	October 9th, 2019	
12		MS. GOODMAN: And, I'm sorry, Your Honor. Court's
13	brief indulgence.	
14	Q	On October 9th, 2019, you talking to a detective?
15	A	Yeah.
16	Q	Okay. And do you recall him doing something called a
17	photo lir	neup?
18	A	Yeah.
19	Q	All right. I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 202, all
20	right? D	o you recall that photo lineup witness instruction?
21	Α	Yes.
22	Q	Okay. And is that your name, DeAndre Woods?
23	A	Yep.
24	Q	Okay. And date and time, 10/9/2019?
25	A	Yeah.
[	1	20

1	Q	Okay. And where it says sign here
2	A	Yep.
3	Q	is that your signature?
4	A	Yep.
5	Q	Okay. And in this photo lineup, witness instruction, I'm
6	going to	read it, okay? It says unless you want do you want
7	to can	you see it from up there? Do you want me to hold it for
8	you? Or	do you want me
9	A	I want you to read it.
10	۵	What's that?
11		THE COURT: He wants you to read it.
12	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
13	Q	Okay. So it says:
14		In a moment, I am going to show you a group of
15	phot	ographs. This group of photographs may or may not
16	cont	ain a picture of the person who committed a crime now
17	bein	g investigated. The fact that the photos are being shown to
18	you	should not cause you to believe or guess that the guilty
19	pers	on has been caught. You do not have to identify anyone. It
20	is jus	st as important to free innocent person from suspicion as it
21	is to	identify those who are guilty. Please keep in mind that
22	hairs	styles, beards, and mustaches are easily changed. Also,
23	thos	e are
24		I'm sorry.
25		also, photographs do not always depict the true

complexion of a person. It may be lighter or darker than shown in the photo. You should pay no attention to any markings or numbers that may appear on the photos. Also, pay no attention to whether the photos are in color or black and white, or any other differences in the type of style of the photographs. You should study only the person shown in each photograph. Please do not talk to anyone other than police officers while viewing the photos. You must make up your own mind and not be influenced by other witnesses, if any. When you have completed viewing all the photos, please tell me whether or not you can make an identification. If you can, tell me in your own words how you are of your identification. Please do not indicate in any way to other witnesses that you have or have not made an identification. Thank you.

Do you remember having that read to you or reading that?

- A Yeah, I had somebody read it to me.
- Q Okay. So somebody actually read that out loud --
- A Yeah.
- Q -- like I just did?
- A Yeah.
- Q Okay. And then you were showed State's Exhibit 203.
- A And I picked the one right here in the middle of the second line.
- Q Okay. So all that -- the circles that -- that is the person that you identified?

1	A	Yep.
2	O.	Okay. Is that Number 5?
3	A	Yep.
4	Q	Okay. And are those your initials that are underneath it?
5	A	Yep.
6	α	Okay. And then back to that statement part of the photo
7	lineup w	vitness instruction on State's Exhibit 202, you wrote there:
8		By the person that shot at me and was asking for Shorty.
9	A	Yep.
10	Q	95 percent sure?
11	A	Yep.
12	Q	Okay. Now, DeAndre, how why were you only 95
13	percent sure?	
14	A	Because the person on the picture
15	Q	Let me hold on, let me show you 203.
16	A	had a his head was straight, a little bit down.
17	Q	So his so the person that you saw, the hair was shorter?
18	Α	Uh-huh.
19	Q	Okay. So that's why you were 95 percent sure?
20	Α	Yeah.
21	Q	Okay. DeAndre, you remember you remember
22	testifying	g at a preliminary hearing and at that time, you identified
23	the defe	ndant as well as correct?
24	A	Yeah.
25	Q	So today you also identified the defendant?
		93

A	Yeah.	
Q	Correct? How sure are you now that you see him in	
person?		
A	Like, right now, like, I know it's him.	
Q	Okay. So you know it's this guy?	
Α	[No audible response.]	
Q	Now, when you learn later on that you've described him	
as Hispa	nic, but you learned that he was actually white, did that	
change y	your identification of him?	
A	No.	
Q	Okay. Now, you said he had no tattoos at first. Seeing	
that he has tattoos, does that change your mind about his the		
person that shot?		
A	I was not focused on tattoos. I was trying to get out of the	
way.		
Q	Okay. If when the fact that he has hair now, does that	
make yo	u any less sure that that is this individual who shot you?	
A	It's not no. It don't make me feel like that at all.	
Q	Okay.	
	MS. GOODMAN: Court's brief indulgence, Your Honor.	
	Your Honor, I'll pass the witness.	
	THE COURT: Mr. Hauser, cross-examination.	
	MR. HAUSER: Judge, may I approach the clerk?	
	THE COURT: Yeah.	
	MR. HAUSER: Thank you.	
	Q person? A Q A Q as Hispa change y A Q that he h person t A way. Q make yo A	

1		[Pause in proceedings.]	
2	CROSS-EXAMINATION		
3	BY MR. F	HAUSER:	
4	Q	Good afternoon, Mr. Woods.	
5	Α	Good afternoon.	
6	Q	Want to talk to you about the person that you saw on	
7	October	1st and on September 30th, okay? All right.	
8		You were hanging out with your buddies on October 1st,	
9	right?		
10	A	That was not my buddies.	
11	a	You don't know them?	
12	Α	Uh-uh.	
13	Q	Okay.	
14	Α	They were people on the streets.	
15	Q	Okay. How about Fernando?	
16	Α	People on the streets.	
17	Q	Okay. But you know what they look like?	
18	Α	Yeah.	
19	Q	All right. They look like Mexican guys, right?	
20	Α	Yeah.	
21	Ω	Okay. You described the shooter in this case as a Mexican	
22	guy?		
23	A	Yeah.	
24	Q	Okay. So somebody that looks like Fernando and	
25	Johnny?		
		95	

1	А	Yeah.
2	Q	Let's chat a little bit about what happened during the
3	shooting	g. So you said that somebody pulled up and started firing
4	almost i	immediately, right?
5	А	Yeah.
6	a	They said, Fuck Shorty, and then started shooting, right?
7	А	Start to shoot me.
8	a	Apologize for the language.
9	A	After that he said, Fuck Shorty.
10	σ	And at that point, you did the reasonable thing and tried
11	to get out of the way, right?	
12	А	Yeah.
13	O.	Where did you go?
14	А	Ran towards almost the gate.
15	Q	Okay. What were you hoping to hide behind at the gate?
16	Because	e you weren't hiding behind the gate, right? Like, that's
17	pretty s	ee-through.
18	А	I know that.
19	Q	But so you was just trying to get behind something
20	else?	
21	A	Yeah.
22	Q	Did you find anything?
23	A	Behind the house. The other house, the next-door
24	neighbo	or.
25	Q	Got it. Did you get behind the house?
		96

1	A	No.
2	Q	Okay. How far did you get?
3	А	Half way
4	Q	Okay.
5	А	towards that gate.
6	Q	Okay. And that's when the car drove
7	Α	And that's when the other dude fell in front of me.
8	Q	What other dude?
9	Α	What's his name? I don't I can't
10	a	One of the guys that got shot?
11	Α	Yeah.
12	O.	Okay. Not the shooter, he didn't fall?
13	Α	No.
14	O.	Got it. And then you said the car drove off, right?
15	А	Uh-huh.
16	O.	Car drove up to where Charleston
17		THE COURT: One second, Mr. Hauser.
18		Is that a yes?
19		THE WITNESS: Yes.
20		THE COURT: Okay.
21		MR. HAUSER: Thanks, Judge.
22	BY MR. I	HAUSER:
23	σ	All right. So to show you State's 2, we just looked at that
24	a little bi	t on direct. I'm just going to indicate with my pen a little
25	bit on he	re. You said the car went from Linn Lane toward

1	Charleston down here, right?		
2	A	Yep.	
3	Q	Okay. Now, you made a statement on the 1st when you	
4	spoke to	the police, right?	
5	A	Yes.	
6	Q	You wanted to give them as much information as	
7	possible	e?	
8	A	Yeah.	
9	Q	Because you wanted them to catch the people who	
10	А	Who came	
11	Q	almost shot you?	
12	А	Yeah.	
13	a	So you were trying to be as helpful as you could.	
14	A	Yeah.	
15	a	And on that day, you told the police that when they got to	
16	Charleston, they turned left, right?		
17	A	If it was left or right.	
18	Q	Well, we got to know one way or the other, right? It can't	
19	be both	•	
20	A	Because I tried to get out of the way and get out of the	
21	situatio	n.	
22	٥	And I'm not blaming you for that at all. I'm just trying to	
23	hamme	r out some details. You did the right thing, you got out of	
24	there, y	there, you didn't get shot.	
25	A	I just know they left for on towards Charleston.	

1	O.	Okay?
2	А	Which way, I thought they left on the left, like, look on the
3	paper ri	ght here, where you got a pink thing, they went towards
4	my if	l was walking, it would have been on my right.
5	Q	If you were walking?
6	Α	Yeah.
7	Q	Okay. Now, what you told the police that day was that
8	they tur	ned towards your buddy's truck, right?
9	A	Yeah.
10	a	Okay. Now, your buddy's truck is on this side of Linn
11	Street?	
12	Α	Yeah.
13	O.	And if your buddy's truck's on this side of Linn Street, and
14	they tur	n toward it, it meant they turned and went this way down
15	Charleston, right?	
16	Α	No.
17	Q	No?
18	Α	This way.
19	Q	Okay.
20	A	On Charleston.
21		THE COURT: So when he says this way and you say this
22	way, wo	ould you mind putting on the record
23		MR. HAUSER: Absolutely.
24		THE COURT: Thank you.
25	BY MR.	HAUSER:
- 1	1	

1	Q	Mexican guy?
2	А	Yeah.
3	Q	No facial hair?
4	Α	I didn't really try to look at him like that. I was looking in
5	his eyes	
6	Q	Okay. What color were his eyes?
7	Α	Blue.
8	Q	All right. What color was his facial hair?
9	Α	I really was not looking at his facial hair and stuff like that.
10	He was	far for me to
11	Q	But, Mr. Wood
12	А	see his face.
13	Q	We talked a little bit about the statement
14	А	No hair.
15	Q	you made to the cops, right?
16	А	Yeah.
17	Q	Now, you didn't tell the cops that you didn't get a look at
18	the guy,	did you?
19	Α	l got a look at him a little bit, a glance.
20	Q	Okay. And when the cops asked if you had if he had any
21	facial ha	ir, you didn't say I don't know, did you?
22	А	I told them I didn't know, because I really didn't know.
23	Q	Are you sure you told them you didn't know?
24	А	No facial hair, he didn't have.
25	Q	Say that again?
1	I	

1	Α	He didn't have no facial hair.	
2	Q	That he didn't have any facial hair	
3	Α	He had	
4	Q	that's what you told the police on October 1st?	
5	А	Shaved mustache.	
6	Q	He had a mustache?	
7	A	Shaved face.	
8		THE COURT: A shaved face.	
9	BY MR.	HAUSER:	
10	Ω	Okay. A shaved face. Right. No facial hair is what the	
11	shooter had?		
12	A	Uh-huh.	
13	O.	And they asked you is that a yes?	
14	Α	Yes.	
15	Q	Okay. Sorry, it's a natural reaction to say uh-huh. Had the	
16	same pi	oblem with the last witness, not a big deal. We have to say	
17	yes just	so it records.	
18	Α	Okay.	
19	Q	They also asked you for other descriptive information,	
20	right?		
21	A	Yeah.	
22	Ω	The police did?	
23	A	Yeah.	
24	Q	And you were trying to be as helpful as possible?	
25	A	Yeah.	
		102	

1	Q	So you told them he was a Mexican dude, right?
2	Α	Yeah.
3	Q	Told them he was 5-11 or 5-8?
4	A	Yeah.
5	Q	No facial hair?
6	A	Uh-huh.
7	Q	Is that a yes?
8	A	Yes.
9	a	No worries.
10		And no tattoos?
11	A	No tattoos.
12	Q	All right.
13	A	l didn't really realize no tattoos.
14	Q	Well, hold on. Now, you didn't say, I didn't see if there
15	were an	y tattoos. You told the police on October 1st that the
16	person v	vho shot you had no tattoos, didn't you?
17	A	I would see no tattoos, because I tried to get out of the
18	way.	
19	Q	So if the police asked you if you saw any tattoos and you
20	said no,	that is what happened, right?
21	A	Yeah. I say no, because I didn't really look at the tattoos
22	as I triec	I to get in the house.
23	Q	All right. You remember giving that interview to the
24	police, d	on't you?
25	A	Yeah.

1	O.	All right. Where you were trying to be truthful?	
2	A	Uh-huh.	
3	Q	Is that a yes?	
4	A	Yes.	
5	O.	Sorry. I'm going to give you an apologize, nothing	
6	persona	II. You were trying to be accurate, right?	
7	A	Yes.	
8	Q	You were trying to be as helpful as you could?	
9	A	Yes.	
10	۵	Because you wanted the guys to get caught?	
11	A	Yes.	
12	Q	All right. And so you were certain about your answers	
13	when you gave them to		
14		MR. HAUSER: Your Honor, may I approach?	
15		THE COURT: Yeah.	
16	BY MR.	HAUSER:	
17	Q	Mr. Woods, I'm going to show you the statement that you	
18	made to	the police on that day. Okay?	
19	A	Okay.	
20	Q	All right. And I'm going to not stand over you like that,	
21	because	e that's weird.	
22	A	Uh-huh.	
23	Q	Okay. So this is your name at the top, right?	
24	A	Uh-huh.	
25	O.	Do you know is that a yes?	
		104	

1	A	Yes.
2	Q	No worries, happens all the time.
3		All right. So this is the statement you gave to the police,
4	right?	
5	A	Yes.
6	α	You were talking to Officer Marin?
7	A	Yeah.
8	σ	Okay. So read along silently with me as I read aloud, on
9	page 4.	
10	A	I don't like to read.
11	Q	What's that?
12	A	I don't like to read.
13	Q	That's okay. I'll read it for you and you can just tell me
14	that I rea	nd it correctly, okay?
15	A	Okay.
16	Q	All right.
17	A	Or not.
18	α	We're looking at page 4 on this statement.
19		Question: Did they have any facial hair?
20		Or, excuse me.
21		Did he have any facial hair?
22		Answer: No, they
23		Question: Did he have any tattoos?
24		Answer: No.
25		Did I read that correctly?
		105

1	O.	If you'd seen those tattoos, you would have told the police
2	that you	u saw them, right?
3	А	I really didn't look at nobody tattoos.
4	Q	I understand, Mr. Woods. My question is just if you saw
5	those to	attoos
6	А	Yeah, I would saw them tattoos face to face, close-up, I
7	was kno	ow what it was.
8	Q	Right. You would tell the police, right?
9	А	Yeah.
10	Q	And it's pretty clear that this is not an arm with no tattoos
11	on it, right?	
12	А	Yeah, you got it.
13	O.	All right.
14		MR. HAUSER: Brief indulgence.
15		THE COURT: Sure.
16	BY MR.	HAUSER:
17	a	All right. Mr. Woods, when you picked out that lineup,
18	you sai	d you were 95 percent sure, right?
19	A	Yeah.
20	a	Not 100 percent sure?
21	A	Yeah.
22	a	All right. So there was some room for doubt in your
23	identific	cation?
24	A	Yeah.
25	Q	So when you looked at that lineup, I'm going to show it to

1	you aga	in, State's 203, not a lot of Mexican guys in that lineup, are
2	there?	
3	A	No.
4	Q	No. It's a lot of white guys, right?
5	Α	Yep.
6	Q	All right.
7	A	And the one I'd pick is the one in the
8	Q	Oh, hang tight, Mr. Woods. Don't worry, we're going to
9	do more	soon. And they're going to get to question you some
10	more to	o. Okay?
11		All right. Mr. Woods, when the shooting occurred, you
12	didn't ca	all 911 right away, right?
13	A	I didn't I was not the one calling 911.
14	Q	Right. Someone else called 911?
15	A	Yeah.
16	Q	So you didn't give the initial description to the police of
17	who did	the shooting, right?
18	Α	The person that called the 911 was not outside.
19	Q	Okay. Do you know who it was?
20	Α	But do I know who was the person that called 911?
21	Q	Yeah.
22	A	Yeah, I did.
23	Q	Okay. Were they there?
24	A	Yeah, they was there.
25	Q	Okay.

1	A	They was not outside
2	Q	Okay.
3	A	when the shooting was going on.
4	Q	Okay.
5	A	They was inside of the house.
6	Q	All right. You also described the shooter as bald that day,
7	right?	
8	A	Yep.
9	a	Shaved head?
10	A	Yep.
11	a	No hair?
12	A	No hair.
13	O.	And when you say no hair, you're not talking short hair,
14	right?	
15	A	I'm not
16	Q	You're talking just no hair.
17	A	Shaved, like, a little shave, like the dude right there, a little
18	bit shave	ed off.
19	Q	Which dude right away?
20	A	Right there. A little bit off, more, a little bit.
21	Q	You looked at the officer in the corner?
22	A	Uh-huh.
23	Q	Okay. Little bit more off than that?
24	A	Uh-huh.
25	O.	Okay.
		109

1		MR. HAUSER: Brief indulgence, Judge.
2		THE COURT: Yeah.
3	BY MR.	HAUSER:
4	Q	All right. Mr. Woods, you told us a few moments ago you
5	were try	ring to get the color of the shooter's eyes, right?
6	А	Uh-huh.
7	a	Is that a yes?
8	А	Yes.
9	σ	I promise I'm going to stop asking it as soon as I'm done
10	asking o	questions. But just what I got to do. Okay?
11		So you were getting a good look at his face, right?
12	А	No. His eyes I was looking at.
13	Q	Well, the eyes are in the face, right?
14	А	I was looking in the eyes only. I was not looking at facial
15	and nor	ne of that other stuff.
16	Q	That's pretty specific tunnel vision, Mr. Woods, to only see
17	the eyes	s, right?
18	A	If you was standing in front of a person by somebody that
19	would	- that coming to you to do come up to you and ask you,
20	Do you	know any Shorty? Will you look at him around, look
21	around,	look at him like this and try to scope him out? No. I didn't
22	try to so	ope him out.
23	Q	Okay. But you got a good look at his eyes, right?
24	A	Yeah.
25	Q	Okay. So you didn't see any tattoos around his eyes,

1	then?		
2	A	No.	
3	Q	Okay. So if I show you	
4	A	l didn't	
5	Q	State's B	
6	A	try to look at his face like that.	
7	Q	You didn't see any tattoos that looked like that on the	
8	shooter'	's face, right?	
9	A	I didn't really look at him like that.	
10	a	So that's a no, you didn't see any tattoos like that on the	
11	shooter's face?		
12	A	No, I didn't really look at him like that.	
13	Q	Okay.	
14		MR. HAUSER: One more brief indulgence, Judge.	
15		THE COURT: Sure.	
16	BY MR.	HAUSER:	
17	Q	All right. Mr. Woods, you did see the gun that day, right?	
18	A	Yeah.	
19	Q	All right. What color was the gun?	
20	A	Silver.	
21	Q	Okay. So you saw the gun and the shooter's eyes, right?	
22	A	Uh-huh.	
23	Q	But nothing else?	
24	A	I really was trying to get out of the way, so.	
25	O.	Lunderstand. So I'm just asking. Nothing else?	
		111	

1	A	Nothing else.
2	Q	Okay. When the detective was questioning you, that was
3	Detective	e Marin, right?
4	А	Uh-huh.
5	Q	Is that a yes?
6	Α	Yes.
7	Q	You said that the shooter looks a little like Detective
8	Marin?	
9	А	To who?
10	Q	The questioning detective.
11	A	Who would look like him?
12	Q	Yeah.
13	А	No.
14		THE COURT: He's asking you to repeat the question.
15		MR. HAUSER: Oh, I'm sorry.
16		THE WITNESS: Repeat, please.
17	BY MR. I	HAUSER:
18	Q	You told the questioning detective that the shooter looked
19	like the o	questioning detective, right?
20	A	No.
21	Q	Don't remember that?
22	A	No.
23		MR. HAUSER: One more brief indulgence, Judge.
24		You know what, Judge, I'm all set. Thank you.
25		THE COURT: Redirect?
		112

1		MS. GOODMAN: Just briefly.
2		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
3	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
4	Q	Okay, DeAndre, you talked a lot about you initially though
5	that tha	t man was Hispanic?
6	А	Yeah.
7	Q	Okay. That's what you told the cops?
8	А	Yeah.
9	σ	Okay. Let's talk about the 911 call. Would that 911 call,
10	the info	rmation, that person that called, was that coming from you?
11	A	The person was calling 911 was not me calling.
12	Q	No, I know. But the information that she was getting, was
13	that from you?	
14	А	Yeah.
15	O.	Okay. So that's your description as well, right?
16	Α	Yeah.
17	Q	No surprise that it was
18	A	Yeah.
19	Q	Hispanic, because that's what you thought at the time?
20	A	At that time.
21	Q	Let's talk about the travel the direction of travel. Okay.
22	So I sca	nned the voluntary statement. Okay. I scanned the
23	volunta	ry statement just to ensure that I wasn't missing anything.
24	And I de	on't think I was. Okay.
25		You told Mr. Hauser asked you a bunch of questions on

1	when you were describing that the car was facing the truck, the	
2	okay	
3	A	It was the opposite.
4	a	Do you recall that section of the Mr. Hauser's
5	questioning, DeAndre?	
6	A	Like, it the car was facing towards Charleston, like,
7	going towards Charleston.	
8	a	Okay. So I'm going to
9		MS. GOODMAN: And, Your Honor, permission to
10	approach?	
11		THE COURT: Yeah.
12	BY MS. GOODMAN:	
13	O.	Okay. I'm going to just show you, and you don't have to
14	read it out loud, but just look at this statement here about this	
15	whole -	-
16	А	[Witness complies.] Yeah.
17	Q	Okay. And then just keep reading.
18	А	[Witness complies.]
19	Q	Okay. You good?
20	A	Uh-huh.
21	Q	Okay. DeAndre, you just read a little part of the voluntary
22	statement that was talking about the car thief and the truck and it	
23	was going east. Okay. So what you were talking about in that	
24	statement, was it the direction of the car travel or how it was	
25	parked?	

1	A	Like, the car was parked, like, the truck was like this, and
2	the car was like this, parked like that.	
3	a	Okay. So it looks as though
4	A	The parking was like this
5		MS. GOODMAN: Your Honor, this oh, just one second.
6		It looks as though the witness is indicating his one hand
7		THE WITNESS: In a car, and then a truck.
8		MS. GOODMAN: perpendicular with the Toyota
9		THE WITNESS: The way that my sitting where I was
10	sitting a	at, how I saw it, the way it was set up, like, you see where
11	your little white thing that	
12		THE COURT: Where what?
13		THE WITNESS: That white thing, the white dot on
14	computer.	
15		THE COURT: On mine?
16		MS. GOODMAN: And your
17		THE WITNESS: On your desk.
18	BY MS. GOODMAN:	
19	Q	And, DeAndre, are we talking about this crystal thing?
20	A	Yeah, the crystal.
21	a	Okay.
22	A	That's how the car was parked, like this.
23		THE COURT: Why don't
24		MS. GOODMAN: Oh, and
25		THE COURT: Okay. Why don't we just have him
	1	115

1	THE WITNESS: And the truck was like this.	
2	THE COURT: draw it, so we can	
3	MS. GOODMAN: Okay.	
4	THE COURT: Can you draw it? Would that be easier?	
5	THE WITNESS: Yeah.	
6	THE COURT: All right. So	
7	MS. GOODMAN: I have a yellow piece of paper.	
8	THE COURT: All right. So let's just have you draw it,	
9	because	
10	THE WITNESS: Doing it	
11	THE COURT: it'll be a little bit easier. Okay?	
12	THE WITNESS: Yeah. It's complicated saying it like that.	
13	THE COURT: Okay.	
14	MS. GOODMAN: All right.	
15	THE COURT: So why don't you draw it and help us	
16	explain it.	
17	THE WITNESS: Okay. This is the truck.	
18	MS. GOODMAN: I'm going to okay.	
19	THE WITNESS: This is the truck right here. The car was	
20	parked right there.	
21	MS. GOODMAN: Okay. I'm going to just publish this.	
22	Okay? Thank you. And, Your Honor, I'm just going to	
23	THE WITNESS: And that's the front end of the car.	
24	MS. GOODMAN: I'm going to show Defense counsel.	
25	And the publish for the jury [indiscernible]. Okay.	

	1		
1	A	Yeah, that's the dude.	
2	Q	Okay. And you say that, okay, he's 95 percent sure on the	
3	photo li	neup. Would there have been something showing you	
4	that pic	ture again, State's Exhibit 203 would be would there be	
5	someth	ing that would make you 100 percent sure?	
6	A	If his hair was shaved a little bit off.	
7	Q	Okay.	
8	A	Lighter, you know.	
9	Q	So you see in that I'm sorry. You see in that picture that	
10	there's tattoos in that picture, correct?		
11	A	Yeah.	
12	Q	But you still identified him?	
13	A	Yeah.	
14	Q	Okay. So tattoos, no tattoos, you know that's the guy?	
15	A	Yeah.	
16	Q	Okay. Hispanic or not Hispanic, you know that's the guy?	
17	A	Yeah.	
18	Q	Okay.	
9		MS. GOODMAN: No further questions, Your Honor.	
20		THE COURT: Recross.	
21		MR. HAUSER: Yes, Your Honor. Briefly.	
22		RECROSS-EXAMINATION	
23	BY MR.	BY MR. HAUSER:	
24	Q	Mr. Woods, I'm going to show you again State's 203,	
25	okay?	All right. Number 5 there?	
		119	

1	Α	Yeah.	
2	O.	Is the one you identified.	
3	A	Uh-huh.	
4	Q	That's the person you've identified in this shooting, right?	
5	А	Yeah.	
6	Q	The person you identified as Mexican, right?	
7	A	Yep.	
8	Q	The person you identified as having no tattoos, right?	
9	Α	Yep.	
10	σ	The person you identified as being 19 or 20 years old?	
11	A	No.	
12	O.	You never said they were 19 or 20 years old?	
13	A	He was that's the second person.	
14	Œ	Which second person?	
15	A	He came up to me the day before.	
16	O.	Okay. So he didn't come up to you the day before?	
17	A	He did too.	
18	Q	Okay. So the second person's 19 to 20?	
19	A	Yeah.	
20	σ	All right. The first person didn't give an age?	
21	A	The first person, he that's the one that came up to me.	
22	He was t	He was the one that came right behind him. He was in back of him,	
23	asking	he was doing this, trying to say, Do you want me to kill	
24	him?		
25	Q	Okay. So you were able to ascertain that he was in	

1	a	Okay. Now, can you tell the age of a person by looking in
2	their eye	es?
3	A	Not really.
4	Q	Okay.
5	A	You can't tell. But you would tell how his actions was.
6	Q	Okay.
7		MR. HAUSER: Brief indulgence, Judge.
8		THE COURT: Yep.
9		MR. HAUSER: Nothing further at this time.
10		THE COURT: Recross or redirect?
11		MS. GOODMAN: I'm sorry, Your Honor. And it's just for
12	clarifica	tion purposes.
13		FURTHER REDIRECT EXAMINATION
14	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
15	a	Two people, correct?
16	A	Yep.
17	a	Okay. First person
18	A	19 and 20.
19	Q	Okay. Not
20	A	Not that guy.
21	a	Not that guy.
22		MS. GOODMAN: And when I say it, Your Honor, that
23	guy	
24		THE WITNESS: Not the
25		MS. GOODMAN: was the defendant.
	1	122

1		THE WITNESS: defendant right there, that's standing
2	now witl	n the blue tie.
3	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
4	Q	Okay. So we're talking about September 30th. Two
5	males, ir	ncluding the defendant, came up to you. You described the
6	first one	differently than the second one, who is the defendant,
7	correct?	
8	А	Yep.
9	Q	Okay. The first one you described as 19 to 20?
10	A	Yeah.
11	Q	So younger?
12	Α	Yeah.
13	Q	And you described him as shorter?
14	Α	Yeah, shorter and skinnier.
15	Q	And skinnier. The second one, who you identified as the
16	defenda	nt
17	A	It was stocky
18	Q	you described
19	A	more stockier and taller.
20	Q	Okay. So I just wanted to clarify the two people that we
21	were tall	king about. Okay?
22	A	You got different people.
23		MS. GOODMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
24		THE WITNESS: Two different people.
25		THE COURT: Anything based on that?
	1	123

1	MR. HAUSER: No follow-up, Judge. Thank you.
2	THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, any questions from
3	the jury?
4	[Bench conference transcribed as follows.]
5	THE COURT: So you guys have got to tell him to
6	[indiscernible] the jury.
7	MR. HAUSER: Two?
8	THE COURT: Yeah. Because he's going it's okay. He's
9	going [indiscernible] like if a good point comes up, he looks over at
10	them, and he's, like, if a bad thing happen, he shaves their head
11	he shaved his head.
12	MR. HAUSER: Pass them all.
13	THE COURT: Just let him know, like, he can't look no
14	communicating like that.
15	MR. HAUSER: Right.
16	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: I like that.
17	MR. HAUSER: Uh-huh.
18	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Yep. That's fine.
19	I'm sorry, could I see that last one?
20	THE COURT: Yep.
21	MS. GOODMAN: I don't know if
22	MR. LEXIS: Judge, after this, I'm going to recall
23	Mr. Ramos.
24	THE COURT: Okay. Is that it for today?
25	MR. LEXIS: Yes.

1	THE COURT: Okay.
2	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Okay.
3	THE COURT: Good on all?
4	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Yeah.
5	THE COURT: Okay.
6	[End of bench conference.]
7	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Woods, we have a few
8	questions for you. All right.
9	Did the man with the red shirt have a long-sleeve shirt on
10	under the red shirt or were his arms bare?
11	THE WITNESS: His arms was bare.
12	THE COURT: His arms were bare was the answer.
13	Was the white truck pointing towards Christie Lane while
14	parked in the driveway?
15	THE WITNESS: It was towards Linn Lane.
16	THE COURT: Towards what?
17	THE WITNESS: The truck was towards turning, like, in
18	the middle, like
19	THE COURT: So towards the street?
20	THE WITNESS: Uh-huh.
21	THE COURT: Is that a yes?
22	THE WITNESS: Yes.
23	THE COURT: And did the car turn in that same direction
24	when it made it to Charleston?
25	THE WITNESS: It

1	THE COURT: So did the car turn towards the Christie Lane
2	direction?
3	THE WITNESS: Yeah.
4	THE COURT: Is that a yes?
5	THE WITNESS: Yes.
6	THE COURT: Yes. And then on September 30th, did the
7	white man wear long sleeves or short sleeves to see the tattoos on
8	the arms?
9	THE WITNESS: Short sleeve, and I didn't really look at his
10	arms like that.
11	THE COURT: Short sleeves and he didn't really look at his
12	arms like that, was the answer.
13	State, follow-up?
14	MS. GOODMAN: No, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: Defense, follow-up?
16	MR. HAUSER: Yes, Your Honor.
17	FURTHER EXAMINATION
18	BY MR. HAUSER:
19	Q Mr. Woods, just to be clear, the question was about the
20	white man on September 30th. At no time in this case did you ever
21	describe the shooter as white?
22	A No.
23	MR. HAUSER: I have nothing further.
24	THE WITNESS: Do
25	THE COURT: So no. The answer was no, he never did
	126

1	that.	
2		MR. HAUSER: No, he never did that. That was my
3	underst	anding.
4		THE COURT: Right?
5		THE WITNESS: Like, okay, I did
6		THE COURT: No, I'm sorry. I just have to
7		THE WITNESS: Till now
8		MR. HAUSER: I can clarify it if you want.
9		THE COURT: Okay.
10		THE WITNESS: You can, you'll clarify?
11	BY MR.	HAUSER:
12	Q	Let me clear that one up, Mr. Woods.
13		You never told the police the shooter was white in this
14	case at	any time?
15	Α	To I just found out.
16	a	Okay. So the
17	А	Just now, during the
18	a	That's a no to my question.
19	Α	No.
20	a	At no point, at any time, did you tell the police the shooter
21	was wh	ite?
22	A	Like, no.
23	σ	No. Okay. Thank you very much.
24		THE COURT: Any follow-up, jurors? All right.
25		Mr. Woods, thank you so much for your testimony. You

1	are excused from your subpoena. Please do not share any of your
2	testimony with anyone else involved in the case. Okay, sir?
3	THE WITNESS: I won't.
4	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
5	And then my marshal has your stuff. So he'll get those to
6	you when you exit.
7	THE WITNESS: Bye.
8	THE COURT: Thank you.
9	State?
10	MR. LEXIS: The State recalls Bernardo Ramos.
11	GENARO RAMOS,
12	[having been recalled as a witness and first duly sworn, testified as
13	follows:]
14	THE CLERK: Thank you. You may be seated. Please state
15	your complete name, spelling both your first and last name for the
16	record.
17	THE WITNESS: G-E-N-A-R-O, and then R-A-M-O-S.
18	THE CLERK: And your name?
19	THE WITNESS: Genaro Ramos.
20	THE CLERK: Thank you.
21	DIRECT EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. LEXIS:
23	Q Mr. Ramos, did you just testify a little bit ago?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Okay. When you walked out the door, did I follow you
	128

aware of the previous testimony from other witnesses on what the nature of this is. There's nothing objectionable about it, it's highly relevant. If they want to cross him on -- if they think I did anything improper, go ahead. I did exactly what happened. I went outside, I released him, I said, You're good to go. He told me he was extremely nervous and he wanted to identify the man in court that he -- he got scared.

THE COURT: So, I mean, it's -- the issue here, as I understand why you objected. But legally, there's no reason why this can't come in now. Is it definite --

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Well, let's --

THE COURT: -- their cross-examination.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Let's start with there's zero discovery given to the defense that says that he has identified him anywhere. So we have never even been given any information that this man is able to identify our client. He comes in here, he takes the stand the first time. He's still unable to identify him. He -- I mean, he doesn't even ask him, Oh, is this the guy?

And he gets off the stand, he's released, they go outside, and then he comes back inside and now I can identify him. I think it's highly improper.

THE COURT: I understand what you're saying, but that's not a legal objection. And the point is, is that's all great for cross-examination. I mean, right? It's, like, you've never pointed him out before he sat here for however long, looked at him, and

1	has ider	ntified the defendant.
2		THE COURT: It shall.
3	BY MR.	LEXIS:
4	Q	Sir, just to clarify some things, the police never showed
5	you a pi	icture of the defendant?
6	A	The police? No, they never did.
7	٥	Okay. The prosecutors, myself, Ms. Rose, never showed
8	you a pi	icture of the defendant, correct?
9	A	No.
10	۵	Nobody showed you a picture of the defendant?
11	A	No, nobody.
12	Q	Have you ever met the defendant before?
13	A	No.
14	Q	Okay. And the person you're again, you're talking about
15	as the d	efendant is the person you saw in that red shirt
16	A	Yes.
17	Q	with your earlier testimony, park that Toyota Corolla
18	and the	n walk up the street?
19	A	Yeah.
20		MR. LEXIS: Nothing further, Your Honor.
21		THE COURT: Mr. Hauser?
22		MR. HAUSER: Yes, Your Honor.
23		CROSS-EXAMINATION
24	BY MR.	HAUSER:
25	Q	Afternoon again, sir.
		133

1	A	Good afternoon.
2	O.	Did you speak to the district attorney before you testified
3	today?	
4	A	No.
5		THE COURT: Sorry, which time?
6		MR. HAUSER: The first time.
7		THE WITNESS: No.
8	BY MR.	HAUSER:
9	a	You didn't speak to anybody? How did you know what
10	courtroc	om we were in?
11	A	I was just coming as a witness. I did I only speak about
12	that.	
13	Q	Okay. So you knew where to go, but you didn't talk to
14	anybody	beforehand?
15	A	No.
16	Q	Okay.
17		THE COURT: Okay. I apologize, Mr. Hauser. I need to
18	interrup	t.
19		MR. HAUSER: No, I'm all right.
20		THE COURT: Are we talking about did he speak to
21	anybody	today or just ever or can I just get a timeframe, so I
22	understa	and what's going on?
23		MR. HAUSER: That's exactly where we're going, Judge.
24		THE COURT: Okay.
25	BY MR.	HAUSER:
	1	

1	O.	So you didn't speak to anybody today before you testified,
2	right?	
3	А	Uh-huh.
4	Q	Is that a yes?
5	A	I didn't want to be here, honestly, you know.
6	Q	Okay.
7	A	So I was just here brought by as a witness.
8	Q	Okay. So someone, obviously, came to your house with a
9	subpoe	na, right?
10	A	No.
11	۵	No?
12	A	Not to my house.
13	Q	To your work?
14	A	No.
15	a	How did you even know about court today?
16	A	Because I got a citation.
17	Q.	You got a citation?
18	A	Uh-huh.
19	Q	What kind of citation?
20	A	When the officer, when I spoke that day when the
21	incident	t <del></del>
22	Q	Okay.
23	A	Uh-huh.
24	Q	So you found out about today's court date the very first
25	day that	t you spoke to the officers?
	1	

1	A	No.
2	O.	Okay. When did you find out you were supposed to be
3	here tod	aγ?
4	A	Today.
5	Q	Okay. How did you find out?
6	A	They send me a the courtroom and everything, citation.
7	Q	Right. Right.
8	A	Uh-huh.
9	Q	How did you even know to come to this building today?
10	Α	Because the officer.
11	Q	Okay. What officer, do you know?
12	A	No.
13	Q	When did you speak to that officer?
14	A	Last night.
15	Q	Last night? So an officer came to your house last night?
16	A	No. Nobody came to my house.
17	Q	Okay. Where did you speak to that officer?
18	Α	My phone.
19	Q	By phone?
20	Α	Uh-huh.
21	Q	Okay. Is that a yes?
22	Α	Yes.
23	Q	Sorry. Again, it's natural, everybody does it.
24		When you spoke to that officer, did you say you
25	rememb	ered the person?
	1	405

1	A	No, I never say that.
2	Q	Okay. So you didn't give any indication
3	A	No.
4	Q	you knew who this person was?
5	A	Uh-uh.
6	Q	Is that a no?
7	A	No.
8		MR. HAUSER: Brief indulgence, Your Honor.
9		THE COURT: Sure.
10	BY MR.	HAUSER:
11	Q	Sir, you wouldn't mistake myself for Mr. Donko, would
12	you?	
13	A	No.
14	Q	You wouldn't mistake Mr. Shaygan for Mr. Donko?
15	A	Can I have a break?
16		THE COURT: We're I think we're almost done.
17		MR. HAUSER: We're almost done.
18		THE WITNESS: Okay.
19		MR. HAUSER: I don't have very many more questions.
20	BY MR.	HAUSER:
21	Q	You would never confuse the gentleman sitting here
22	A	Uh-huh.
23	Q	for the gentleman sitting here, right?
24	А	No, I would never.
25	Ø	He looks different than the two of us, right?
	l	127

1	A	Yes. Yes, yes.
2	Q	So if you're looking at this table, looking for the guy who
3	looks m	ost like that guy, you're obviously going to pick the guy
4	Α	Point to him.
5	Q	all the way over here?
6	Α	Yeah.
7	Q	Right. Did you approach Mr. Lexis or did he approach
8	you?	
9		THE COURT: After?
10	BY MR.	HAUSER:
11	۵	After you testified the first time, excuse me.
12	A	No, I approached to him.
13	Q	Okay.
14		MR. HAUSER: I have nothing further, Judge.
15		THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Lexis?
16		MR. LEXIS: Nothing further, Judge.
17		THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, anything from you?
18		Parties approach.
19		[Bench conference transcribed as follows.]
20		MR. HAUSER: Technically outside the scope. But if it had
21	been the	e first time, I wouldn't say that.
22		THE COURT: So are you objecting?
23		MR. HAUSER: Yeah, object to outside the scope. But
24	that's you know, if they wanted to know that, they could have	
25	covered	it the first time. But that's all.

1		MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: [Indiscernible.]
2		MR. HAUSER: I don't know that I have a legal ground to
3	stand on	there, but I wanted to object.
4		THE COURT: All right. Well, I'm going to put that you
5	objected,	but the objection is overruled.
6		MR. HAUSER: There we go.
7		THE COURT: And I'm going to ask it.
8		MR. HAUSER: Thank you, Judge.
9		[End of bench conference.]
10		THE COURT: All right. Sir, question for you. When the
11	car was s	speeding, did it drive past your house?
12		THE WITNESS: Yeah, he was passing my mom's house.
13		THE COURT: Past your mother's house.
14		THE WITNESS: Yeah.
15		THE COURT: Okay. Any follow-up to that?
16		FURTHER EXAMINATION
17	BY MR. L	EXIS:
18	Q	State's 7, again, sir, your mom's house, 5675 Big Sea?
19	A	No.
20		THE COURT: No.
21	BY MR. L	EXIS:
22	Q	Or, sorry. I'm sorry.
23	A	5617 White Cap.
24		MS. GOODMAN: Can't see it, Chad.
25		THE COURT: Mr. Lexis, your head is in the way.
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1		MR. LEXIS: I'm sorry.
2		THE COURT: It's okay.
3		MR. LEXIS: I'm sorry.
4	BY MR.	LEXIS:
5	Q	Tell me again your mom's address.
6	A	5617 White Cap Street.
7	Q	All right. So
8	Α	Right here.
9	a	That blue dot here, sir?
10	A	Yeah.
11	٥	Correct?
12	A	Yes.
13	a	Okay. And tell me again with an arrow, go ahead and
14	click on	that red marker thing at the bottom, so you could draw, and
15	point ar	arrow in the direction of where that car was driving?
16	A	It was driving here, this corner, and then, like I say, he was
17	drop off here.	
18	Q	Okay. So right past your mom's house
19	A	Yeah.
20	Q	then stopped over there where the Toyota Corolla
21	A	Across to
22	Q	in any case [indiscernible] and north up the street?
23	A	Yes.
24		MR. LEXIS: Nothing further.
25		THE COURT: Follow-up cross?

1	MR. HAUSER: No, thank you, Judge.
2	THE COURT: Any other questions from the jurors?
3	All right. Sir, thank you so much again for your
4	testimony. You are excused.
5	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
6	MR. LEXIS: Judge, might we approach?
7	THE COURT: Yep.
8	[Bench conference transcribed as follows.]
9	MR. LEXIS: Judge, that's it for today. We have potentially
10	another witness and potentially another cop tomorrow. But we're
11	going to be done by the morning.
12	THE COURT: Okay.
13	MR. HAUSER: Sounds good.
14	THE COURT: All right. So
15	MR. HAUSER: I'm not
16	THE COURT: I have a [indiscernible] habeas corpus
17	hearing at Room 9. They tell me it's only going to be an hour. But
18	I'm going to give them a buffer, because I don't feel like anyone
19	ever is right on the time.
20	MR. HAUSER: Right.
21	THE COURT: So we'll start up at 10:30.
22	MR. HAUSER: Okay, cool.
23	THE COURT: Okay?
24	MR. HAUSER: Sounds good.
25	MR. LEXIS: And when did you want to go over jury

1	instructions, Judge?
2	THE COURT: Do you guys think we'll close tomorrow?
3	MR. LEXIS: Oh, yeah.
4	MR. HAUSER: I don't see any reason we would I don't
5	think we're calling anybody. I mean God forbid I have to put a
6	witness up there at this point.
7	THE COURT: God forbid what?
8	MR. HAUSER: A witness that might testify is him, and I
9	would like that to not happen.
10	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: And it [indiscernible].
11	MR. HAUSER: We'd still
12	MR. LEXIS: My rebuttal witness would be the a cop and
13	the stolen vehicle [indiscernible].
14	THE COURT: So how long will it take on I haven't read
15	through the instructions yet. Are is there going to be a lot of
16	contention?
17	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: I would imagine not. We just
18	had a very basic proposed. Probably a few we'll anticipate them
19	objecting to. And I think Your Honor makes a couple of quick
20	rulings on them [indiscernible].
21	THE COURT: So why don't we come in at 10:30 and
22	[indiscernible]?
23	MR. HAUSER: That's fine.
24	THE COURT: And then hold on. So I think okay.
25	Here. We can do it [indiscernible]. I hate when [indiscernible] if

1	you only have a little bit to do, because then it's so awkward to
2	break it late. Because if you only have two witnesses, then
3	MR. HAUSER: Break at noon.
4	THE COURT: like, 11:45, right, then there has to be a
5	witness for 45 minutes. So I'm thinking we've been running
6	at 12:30, we have them eat lunch already, and then go
7	MR. HAUSER: And just plow through it in the afternoon?
8	THE COURT: What do you guys think about that?
9	MR. HAUSER: And us meet early and do the instructions?
10	THE COURT: Yeah.
11	MR. HAUSER: Think that's bad?
12	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: I don't care.
13	MR. HAUSER: And we can just get right through it.
14	THE COURT: Yeah.
15	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: And we just heard all that
16	MR. HAUSER: 12:30.
17	THE COURT: No, 12:30. Yeah.
18	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: 12:30.
19	THE COURT: And you guys be here at 10:30 for jury
20	instructions.
21	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Okay.
22	MR. HAUSER: Yeah.
23	THE COURT: All right. Sounds good.
24	MR. HAUSER: Sounds good.
25	THE COURT: Thanks, guys.
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MR. HAUSER: Thanks, Judge.

[End of bench conference.]

THE COURT: All right, you guys, it looks like we potentially are going to finish this case tomorrow. So I'm going to do some morning calendar, and then the parties, we're going to set up some jury instructions. And then we'll continue the case. So you guys don't need to be here tomorrow until 12:30. If you could, please come already have eaten lunch, so that -- obviously, we'll take an afternoon break, but it won't be one of those longer ones, so we can power through. Okay?

During the recess you're admonished not to talk or converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject connected to this trial or read, watch, or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial of any person connected with this trial by any medium of information, including, without limitation to newspapers, television, the Internet, and radio, or form or express any opinion on any subject connected with the trial until the case is finally submitted to you.

I hope you have a good night, I'll see you back at 12:30.

[Jury recessed at 4:50 p.m.]

THE COURT: Officer, is there a door still open? Is there someone there or am I just --

MR. HAUSER: Just the marshal.

THE COURT: It's just the marshal? Okay. All right. Great.

MR. HAUSER: He's coming in.

THE COURT: All right. So we are outside the presence of the jury.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Your Honor, I'd just like to make a brief record.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: I think what happened was very unusual. Your Honor has done more trials than anybody. When you put a witness on the stand, it's one thing if some other evidence comes out and then the State wants to recall that witness to correct the -- what was presented after they got off the stand. And there might not be an NRS or something on point, but the fact that the issue of him being recalled was strictly for an identification. Absolutely nothing else.

He takes the stand, you have two beyond competent prosecutors. They certainly could have asked him, Can you make an identification of the person? Obviously, he couldn't, which is why they didn't ask him that. Obviously, they couldn't. So -- he couldn't.

So the fact that they then recall him, after the guy's been sitting there, looking at Ted, maybe he doesn't like Ted. Maybe Ted -- I don't know. And he then decides to come back in here and for the sole purpose and say, you know what, I was nervous and didn't want to say anything.

They have an opportunity to pretrial their witnesses. You know, I just thought it was absolutely ridiculous that that happened.

And I appreciate Your Honor allowing me to carry a tone. But I think the fact that he made that identification was just absolutely absurd, after he came on the stand and they didn't ask him about it the first time.

We didn't present any information that rebutted anything that he said. Now they're calling him as a rebuttal witness. Or even any of their own witnesses said anything that then they just want to kind of clarify it. I thought it was absolutely ridiculous. I think that the jury was confused as to why he was back. And I think that it made the whole process unfair for Ted.

I -- just for the record, we did ask for a mistrial at the bench. And Your Honor denied our request for a mistrial. We asked for his identification to be stricken, and Your Honor did not strike it. And so I just wanted to make a record about that and I appreciate it.

THE COURT: Okay. State?

MR. LEXIS: Your Honor, State did nothing improper. I asked him myself if, after Defense counsel got up there and asked for a mistrial, and addressed their concerns, that the State never told him, Hey, come in here and identify the victim -- or, excuse me, the defendant.

I never showed him a picture of the defendant. The cops never showed him a picture of the defendant. Simply walked him out, as he stated, told him you're good to go, and that's when he told me he wished he would have said that that was the man. He

was nervous, but he recognized that person in this court as being the guy with the red shirt. So I asked to recall him.

THE COURT: Okay. So, look, I understand both sides. Right? I don't know what are prosecutors supposed to do if a witness walks out and then turns around and says, hey, I was nervous, I wanted to ID the guy, but I was too scared to do so.

On the other side, I see the defense's position, because they feel like, well, he never ID'd him. Then he had the ability to sit here for 30 minutes or however long it was, get the opportunity to be alone, and now he wants to identify him.

But that's really kind of the beauty and mess of a trial, right? It's completely fluid and it's almost like organized chaos. You never know what's going to happen. And so here, I definitely don't think that the State did anything wrong. I don't think that they followed him out and, you know, tried to get him to change his story. It's clear, I think everybody would probably agree, he's very nervous up there. In fact, once Mr. Hauser started asking him questions, he kind of looked to me and said, I really -- I need a break, or whatever it was that he said.

So I understand why the defense is frustrated. But I don't think that there was anything wrong with what happened. I think exactly what happened, happened. He walked out, he told the prosecutor, Hey, I was scared, but I wanted to identify him. And so he came back in and he did that. I think that that was fair game for cross-examination, and I think the arguments that you are making

1	are great arguments to be hand on cross-examination and then in
2	front of a jury. But I don't think that they're objectionable and make
3	the identification inadmissible, nor do I think it's cause for a
4	mistrial.
5	So I appreciate the objections that have been made. I did
6	overrule the Motion to Strike and I also overruled the Motion or
7	denied the Motion for a Mistrial.
8	So we will let's see, we'll come back tomorrow to do
9	jury instructions at 10:30, and then we'll resume trial at 12:30.
10	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Thank you, Your Honor.
11	MR. HAUSER: Thank you, Judge.
12	THE COURT: Thank you.
13	You guys, in regards to this, I will make it a court's exhibit
14	unless you guys would like me to make it State's next. Either way,
15	it goes back to the jury as a demonstrative aid. Parties' pleasure.
16	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Guess I don't really care.
17	MR. HAUSER: We'll go another way.
18	THE COURT: Just do State's next.
19	MR. HAUSER: Whatever the label is. Yeah.
20	[Court recessed at 4:49 p.m.]
21	///
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23	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly
24	transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
25	Shawna Ortega, CE Γ*562

Electronically Filed 6/8/2020 1:12 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

TRAN 1 2 3 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 STATE OF NEVADA, 6 Plaintiff(s), Case No. C-19-345584-1 7 V\$. Department VI 8 TED MICHAEL DONKO, 9 Defendant(s). 10 11 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE JACQUELINE M. BLUTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 14 THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 2020 15 16 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS RE: JURY TRIAL - PART I - DAY 4 OF 4 17 18 **APPEARANCES:** 19 For the Plaintiff(s): CHAD N. LEXIS, ESQ. 20 LAURA ROSE GOODMAN, ESQ. (Deputy District Attorneys) 21 22 For the Defendant(s): ROBSON M. HAUSER, ESQ. KAMBIZ SHAYGAN-FATEMI, ESQ. 23 (Deputy Public Defenders) 24

RECORDED BY: DE'AWNA TAKAS, COURT RECORDER

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## EXHIBITS

For the State: Nos. 235 through 238

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No Exhibits Offered.

## LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 2020

[Proceeding commenced at 11:15 a.m.]

[Outside the presence of the jury.]

THE COURT: All right. We're on the record in State of

Nevada versus Ted Michael Donko, C-345584-1. He's present in

custody with both attorneys, Mr. Shaygan and Mr. Hauser, both

deputy district attorneys, Ms. Rose Goodman, as well as Mr. Lexis

are all present.

All right. So we have -- we are going to put the objections

to the jury instructions on the record.

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Mr. Shaygan, the first proper instruction you had, I will put as Defense Number 1. And then on Defense Proposed 1, you

A defendant in a criminal case action is presumed to be innocent.

And instead of the word, Until the contrary is proved, Defense wanted the word, Unless; is that correct?

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: That's correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And then can you put why you thought that was appropriate?

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: I did, Your Honor. I -- just a moment of indulgence.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Your Honor, we're referring to

the defense proposed at this time?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Your Honor, the reason I wanted it to be unless versus until is until gives the indication to the jury that it's inevitable that the defendant is going to be found guilty in this case, and it's only a matter of time until he's found guilty.

The unless highlights his -- the presumption of innocence.

The unless highlights the fact that the State has the burden in this case, and it's not inevitable that he's to be found guilty. And so that's why the defense wanted the unless versus the until.

THE COURT: Okay. State, your objection for the record?

MR. LEXIS: NRS 175.191 is where that instruction comes from, and it specifically states, Until.

THE COURT: All right. So I do agree that that is the language of the statute. This is the one that's customarily given, so that is the one that I'm going to give. I did mark the Defense Proposed as Defense Proposed Number 1 and it will be marked as a Court's exhibit, as well, as part of the trial record.

Number 2 is the:

If the evidence in this case is susceptible to two constructions of interpretation, each of which.

That is Defense Proffered Instruction Number 2.

Mr. Shaygan.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Thank you, Your Honor.

I know that this issue was litigated by my office on a

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homicide case by Joseph Abud [phonetic], who's a colleague of mine. And the court in that matter, in the -- did give the instruction. I know that other district courts in this jurisdiction have given this instruction. It's good case law that I've cited to, the *Bales v State* [phonetic], the Crane v State [phonetic], and the Mason vs. State. And I understand that it's a discretion -- you know, the courts may view it as a discretionary standard as to whether or not the Court can choose to give the instruction or not, it's the defense's position, Your Honor, that the Court must give the instruction. And that is why we included it in the instructions, and we'll submit it based on that.

THE COURT: State?

MR. LEXIS: It goes to reasonable doubt, it's confusing, and their own case that they cite, Mason vs. State states that it's not ever refused to give this instruction when the jury has been properly instruction on reasonable doubt, which they obviously are going to be.

THE COURT: All right. So I agree, I do think that it is confusing to the jury. I also know that it is discretionary. So in my discretion, I am choosing not to give it. But it will marked as part of the court record.

Defense Proffered Number 3 is the reasonable doubt standard, requires the jury to reach a subjective state of mere certitude. This is Defense Proffered Number 3.

Mr. Shaygan.

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MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Thank you, Your Honor.

I had indicated to the Court that the general reasonable doubt instruction can be confusing, even when attorneys read it, it is not abundantly clear exactly what it is. That's why I included the subjective certitude instruction, if you want to call it that. And the case law that I've cited, the defense believes that it's good case and we believe that the Court should give this instruction to provide a little bit more guidance as to what reasonable doubt means. And that's why we included it and I'll submit it based on that.

THE COURT: All right. State?

MR. LEXIS: Again, goes to reasonable doubt. In addition, in *Rudolph* itself, it's dicta at best, they specifically state jury instruction of reasonable doubt was correctly provided as set forth in NRS 175.211.

THE COURT: All right. So the reasonable doubt instruction that is used in every case will be used in this case, and I think that that puts -- that properly informs and instructs the jurors. So I'm not going to give this one.

Number 4, Defense Proffered Number 4:

If the State fails to prove beyond a reasonable doubt.

All right. So Proffered 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 are all Crawford -proposed *Crawford* instructions in regards to the charges in this case.

Mr. Shaygan.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Thank you, Your Honor.

 With regards to our Crawford instructions, the defense included these as, essentially, an inverse instruction. We believe that *Crawford* allows us to do that. We -- I had mentioned to the Court that oftentimes we can -- my office will pick an element and have an inverse based on the element. This is even more broad than that, which we think should be even more of a reason for the Court to give the instruction.

The language that we used to draft these instructions was taken from the charging document in this case, specifically, the information. There was no added language that I recall that changes anything in this case. Nothing that is included here changes what the instructions are. We believe that we should be given each and every one of these inverse instructions. And we believe that *Crawford* allows us to give them. And I'll submit it based on that.

THE COURT: State?

MR. LEXIS: The State objects to the form. Basically, just regurgitating what's in the information does not go to any specific element. As cited in their own paragraph that they include at the bottom of their proposed instruction, it specifically states it goes to the defense position on their theory, which, obviously, has to go to some specific element.

The Court has offered them to, if they want to come up with some specific position or theory to go to a specific element, they -- the Court gave them that opportunity. They declined.

 THE COURT: So what I said was, basically, in the Crawford case, the defense's theory in that case was that the State had -- the defendant did not have the heat of passion that was required to commit that crime. And so the defense had requested a jury instruction for the jury so that the jury would be instructed that if the State failed to prove to them that the defendant had been acting within this heat of passion, then they had to find him not guilty.

And so I do think that it needs to be a specific theory of the case. I don't think if you charge a person with 30 charges, then the defense gets to say the opposite thing of all 30 charges.

So what I offered to Defense is I said, Look, I'm not -- I don't pretend to be an attorney on your case, but it seems to me from opening arguments and from where everyone is going thus far is this a ID case, which both attorneys agreed with me. And I said, If you wish to, you know, ride two horses and said it's an ID case, but, for instance, just for example, if you find it's him, the State has not met the burden of showing he had the intent to kill, and offered a *Crawford* instruction in regards to whether or not the State had proved the defendant, in his mind, had the intent to kill someone. But they -- it's my understanding that Defense is stating no, that they don't want that.

And without any other reason of showing you what the theory of their case is and how specific detailed *Crawford* instruction could be made, I am not going to be giving that.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: You're welcome. So 4 through 8 have to do with those. So those have all been marked. So these can all be court's exhibits. They can just be Court Exhibit Number 1. And then I put Defense proffered on each of those with the correlating number.

All right. Okay. So I will, as we're sitting here, just make those few corrections on the Word document, and then I'll print a set, make sure we're all on the same page.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes?

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Are we going to address the verdict form?

THE COURT: Oh, yeah. I'm sorry. Yeah.

On the verdict form, let's talk about that.

Go ahead.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Thank you, Your Honor.

I believe, Your Honor, the State's verdict form has the guiltys and then it lists not guilty as an option. So not guilty is second. And given the presumption of innocence, given the State's burden to prove this case beyond a reasonable doubt, it's the defense's position that not guilty should actually be the first option and then the rest of the -- and then the guiltys.

So based on that, we ask that the verdict form be adjusted to reflect not guilty be mentioned first for each count, and then

obviously nervous. At one point, he gets frustrated, he even turns to you, asks for a break. He's obviously spoken to the district attorney's office prior to yesterday, as well as investigators who have got him here. And then he refers to then as officers and so forth.

I reached out to Mr. Hauser, asked him if he wants to recall Mr. Ramos to flush all that out, I'd be more than happy to bring him in today. Mr. Robson said that that would not be necessary.

MR. HAUSER: That's correct.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. HAUSER: Yeah, I agree with everything Mr. Lexis --

THE COURT: All right.

[Pause in proceedings.]

MS. GOODMAN: And, Your Honor, just the last thing.

THE COURT: Yeah.

MS. GOODMAN: We also have redacted, and I apologize, I don't remember what the exact State exhibit it was, but it was that fingerprint, the fingerprint analysis report. And we had redacted that LVMPD language out of the document and re-admitted it as another -- as the same exhibit. But we just wanted to put that on the record to ensure that that was done. I know it was published in front of the jury, but taken down soon thereafter it was brought to our attention.

THE COURT: Yeah. So I saw it, and I don't know how to

explain it, it was, like, partially -- I couldn't see the whole thing, but I could see, like, the top of the box. And knowing what these look like, I immediately just called everybody to the bench so we could talk about it. Because it was a document that was stipulated into.

And so sometimes attorneys don't care about those things and stipulate into it. So I just wanted to make sure everybody was on the same page. I don't think it was something that the jury would have either, A, recognized or really even seen, like I stated. Because by the time I saw it, it was only -- I don't know, the way the paper was up there, it was only half -- the box where it says, LVMPD Archive Prints From date -- the 2016 date, I could only see half of that. So that's why I needed the document to come up, so I could see it in its full. So I don't think there were any issues.

But I'm happy to hear from Defense, if you think differently.

MR. HAUSER: Nope. We're good.

THE COURT: All right. Sounds good.

MS. GOODMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.

[Pause in proceedings.]

THE COURT: All right. So everyone has had the opportunity to look through the instructions.

Any further objections than what we've already stated on the record, Mr. Shaygan?

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And are these a fair and accurate depiction

THE COURT: So --

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MR. HAUSER: Mr. Donko informed us of this, that he received a call last night that his mother's on life support at UMC. I believe you said your sister intends to eventually remove her from the life support probably now, and she just --

THE DEFENDANT: And she's been fighting on her last two years on breast cancer, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Oh. Okay.

MR. HAUSER: And he's wondering if he can get a supervised visit to UMC. Not an OR, by any stretch.

THE COURT: No.

MR. HAUSER: But if there's some way we can try and arrange that.

THE COURT: So I know that that has to be done by motion, and I know also that it has to be -- because Metro's actually the one who does the transport. And so I know I've seen it -- I think I saw it one other -- I mean, I've seen it a couple of times, but the only time where I was a part of it was a somewhat similar situation, but it was actually a funeral. And there was gang involvement on both sides. And so Metro actually refused any type of transport because of the danger.

So that definitely has to be -- that has to be done in motion, because there are so many moving parts to it.

MR. HAUSER: No problem.

THE COURT: I'm, obviously, happy to hear it, like, on Order Shortening Time.

subject to cross-examination by the district attorney and anything that you may say, be it on direct or direct examination, will be the subject of fair comment when the deputy district attorney speaks to the jury in his or her final argument. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: If you choose not to testify, the Court will not allow the deputy district attorney to make any comments to the jury because you have not testify; do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: If you elect not to testify, the Court will instruct the jury, but only if your attorney specifically requests as follows:

The law does not compel a defendant in a criminal case to take the stand and testify. And no presumption may be raised and no inference of any kind may be drawn from the failure of a defendant to testify.

Do you have any questions about these rights that I have explained?

THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am.

THE COURT: You are further advised that if you have a felony conviction and more than 10 years has not elapsed from the date you have been convicted or discharged from prison, parole, or probation, whichever is later, and the defense has not sought to preclude that coming before the jury, and you elect to take the stand to testify, the deputy district attorney, in the presence of the

1	jury, will be permitted to ask you the following things:
2	1. Have you been convicted of a felony?
3	2. What was that felony?
4	3. When did that happen?
5	However, no details of that may be gotten into.
6	Do you understand that?
7	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
8	THE COURT: Okay. All right.
9	THE DEFENDANT: May I ask one question?
10	THE COURT: Yeah.
11	THE DEFENDANT: You said felonies, right?
12	THE COURT: Yep.
13	THE DEFENDANT: So it would only be the attempt
14	burglary and the attempt grand larceny, not the attempt battery,
15	which is to actually bodily harm, that was a misdemeanor.
16	THE COURT: So attempt battery with substantial bodily
17	harm could either be a felony or a gross
18	THE DEFENDANT: It was a misdemeanor.
19	THE COURT: But it was pled down to?
20	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
21	THE COURT: To a battery?
22	MR. HAUSER: To gross misdemeanor in this case.
23	THE COURT: It's to gross? Okay.
24	So, correct, then, yes.
25	THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Thank you.

THE COURT: So it can only be felonies within the last 10 years.

THE DEFENDANT: Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. And so that is completely up to you. And it may change as we go. Only thing is, is I have to pull it out of the jury instructions if we're not going to use it.

MR. HAUSER: Right. Judge, if you're set with the canvass, I do want to make a record about what we're doing here.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. HAUSER: Mr. Donko and I have had numerous conversations with Mr. Shaygan as well. It is against our advice that he testifies today. We've made that very explicitly clear.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. HAUSER: I've advised him that his felonies will come in. I've also advised him that if certain doors are opened, that gross misdemeanor for attempt battery with substantial bodily harm will also be introduced to the jury.

There's another case out there that I don't believe would come in, based on what I anticipate his testimony being. I don't want to open the door to any of that. I've advised him of the risks of that, knowing what the jury's going to learn. It's his right, but I did want to make a record that he has received all of that advice.

THE COURT: All right. So your counsel, both

Mr. Shaygan and Mr. Hauser, have discussed those concerns with
you?

THE DEFENDANT: You said convicted felonies, right? Commissions?

THE COURT: Yeah.

THE DEFENDANT: I'm not convicted of those felonies that I'm being -- what I'm being heard for on -- besides this.

THE COURT: Right. So the -- what was it, attempt burg and grand larceny?

THE DEFENDANT: It was --

MR. HAUSER: Yeah.

THE DEFENDANT: -- yeah, attempt burglary and attempt grand larceny. I'm being heard on 25 counts of possession of documents that they seized from my girlfriend's house when they did the search warrant for this.

THE COURT: Yeah. No, I don't think that -- I think what Mr. Hauser's saying is it's unlikely that that would come in. But you have to be careful about the types of things that you say, because sometimes you -- we use the word you open the door, right? So, if for some reason you said something like, I've never been involved in anything violent in my whole life. Something like that. Right? And then the State would be, like, Well, that's not true, because you've got a gross misdemeanor for attempt battery with substantial bodily harm.

So that's just what Mr. Hauser's saying, is, like, that – the 25 counts shouldn't come in.

THE DEFENDANT: Uh-huh.

THE COURT: But for some reason you open the door, then the State would approach and say, Hey, look, I think he just opened the door to us being able to get into that. And then your defense are -- would make an argument one way or the other and then I would --

THE DEFENDANT: I wouldn't say that, ma'am. But I would like you -- you and me clear that this is from when I was 18 years old. I'm 30 years old now.

THE COURT: What was 18?

THE DEFENDANT: And when I caught that attempt grand larceny, I had pawned a camera for a friend. And attempt burglary, I broke my girlfriend's window to get my belongings at her house, because she was holding them from me.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: And I -- me being young and naive, I took a first deal and, you know, and there's a lot of -- Your Honor, and I understand if you guys got a job to do. And it's not for you to say if I'm innocent. It's them to say if I'm innocent. I know I'm innocent. But there's a lot of state -- facts that haven't been brought up during questioning the witnesses.

THE COURT: Sure. Lunderstand.

THE DEFENDANT: You know, like Woods stating that I had black pants on, but Gilbert's saying I had khaki shorts on. You know? And I feel like if -- I'm confused, I don't -- it's my first time going to trial. I would like to know what I could do to not fix it, but

THE COURT: Okay. And if you -- but what I've told you is, is what questions they ask are strategic decisions that are their decisions as your trial counsel. If you feel like there are certain things that you want asked, you have the opportunity to represent yourself and ask whatever questions you deem appropriate, as long as they're legally admissible.

So you have them or you choose to represent yourself.

THE DEFENDANT: I just want it to be fair, Your Honor. That's all.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: I just -- I got a whole stack of report -- detective questioning people in here where it's all messed up. And it's not being brought up that, like, when they came to see me in jail, I tried to read them a couple, and they said -- he said, We don't have time for that. You know? And how could you not take two or three minutes out to read my report, when I could be facing the rest of my life in prison for --

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: I'm scared. Your Honor, I didn't shoot these people. I've never owned a gun.

THE COURT: Okay. So do you want to continue with them, or would you like to represent yourself?

THE DEFENDANT: How would that go? What questions would I be able to ask?

THE CLERK: So I -- that's the problem is I can't counsel

you. You would be able to ask any questions that are legally admissible. So, for instance, you wanted them to ask that one gentleman whether or not he's a gang member; not admissible.

THE DEFENDANT: I understand that. I understand that.

THE COURT: So --

THE DEFENDANT: Like, Woods stating that the brothers are coming, what brothers are coming? You know what I mean? And that wasn't asked. He obviously -- these other people were showing up to that address, but he doesn't state what -- who it is.

THE COURT: I don't -- what do you mean? He didn't say -- what are you talking about? Oh, you mean in the report.

THE DEFENDANT: In the report.

THE COURT: Oh, sorry. I don't know, I thought you meant -- I thought you were talking about on the stand.

THE DEFENDANT: Gilbert states that he left right after the shooting. Why wouldn't somebody leave after the shooting and go to AutoZone?

THE COURT: Okay. But I can't have --

THE DEFENDANT: Wouldn't you be worried about me?

THE COURT: -- this conversation with you, sir, because this is not my job. My job is to make sure you are aware of your rights. Your choices are to continue on with your counsel, or if you'd like --

THE DEFENDANT: They pretty much told me already I'm guilty -- I'm going to be pled guilty.

THE COURT: Okay. So then would you like to represent yourself, if you feel like they're not doing the job?

THE DEFENDANT: What's my other options?

THE COURT: These are your two options: Them or you.

We're in the middle of a trial on the last day of trial. So --

THE DEFENDANT: I just feel like this trial went fast and not -- I just want to know what my options -- there's -- I feel like there's got to be something else that I can do. Have a new trial set or something else that I should be able to do, you know?

THE COURT: No.

THE DEFENDANT: It wasn't -- it -- I've been shut down every time I whispered to him to ask a question, it's no, we got this. We got this.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: You know?

THE COURT: So until you tell me that you would like to represent yourself, we're going to carry on as we've been carrying on. If at some point you change your mind, please let me know, because I have to canvass you on making sure you understand your rights to represent yourself.

As you sit here right now, and it -- honestly, it doesn't matter to me. I want you to do whatever you feel comfortable with. Do you believe you're going to testify? I'm going to make this jury instruction packet.

THE DEFENDANT: I'm going to testify.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: Obviously, I'm not going to represent myself, because I'm not a lawyer.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: And the only things I looked up was the things that would stick out to a 5-year-old. You know? And the DA just having the same comeback, oh, he had a red shirt on, he had a red shirt on. You know how many people wear red shirts?

THE COURT: All right. So --

THE DEFENDANT: I don't wear 4X. I wear 1X. This is a 1X shirt. I've been in jail eating.

THE COURT: That's something that you can talk about when you testify. All right.

So we're going to go off. And --

MR. HAUSER: Before we do that, Judge.

THE COURT: Yes, sir.

MR. HAUSER: Just one more brief addition to the record.

I've also advised him that he's only allowed to testify to things of which he has personal knowledge. That we can't get up there and just say, I disagree with these witnesses' statements that I saw in the discovery.

THE COURT: Right. So when you testify, you have to testify in regards to -- you don't just get to turn to them and just give a narrative. Your attorneys will ask you specific questions and then you have to answer the questions that they ask you.

1	attorney	s, Mr. Shaygan as well as Mr. Hauser. Both deputy district
2	attorney	s, Ms. Rose Goodman is as well as Mr. Lexis are also
3	present.	
4		State, next witness?
5		MS. GOODMAN: State will call Detective Marin.
6		THE COURT: And both sides stipulate to the presence of
7	the jury?	
8		MS. GOODMAN: Yes, Your Honor.
9		JASON MARIN,
10	[having	g been called as a witness and first duly sworn, testified as
11		follows:]
12		THE CLERK: Thank you. Please have a seat. Please state
13	your con	nplete name, spelling both first and last names for the
14	record.	
15		THE WITNESS: Jason Marin, J-A-S-O-N M-A-R-I-N.
16		THE CLERK: Thank you.
17		DIRECT EXAMINATION
18	BY MS. (	GOODMAN:
19	Q	Good afternoon.
20	Α	Good afternoon.
21	σ	How are you employed?
22	A	As a police officer with Las Vegas Metropolitan Police
23	Departm	ent.
24	O.	Okay. And in what capacity?
25	A	As a detective.
		29

1	Q	Okay. And how long have you been employed there?
2	А	With the department entirely, ma'am?
3	Q	Oh, yeah, I apologize. I'm so sorry.
4		THE COURT: I hear it, but I can't find it.
5		THE WITNESS: That might be my phone in the
6		THE COURT: Oh, in the anteroom?
7		MS. GOODMAN: Okay.
8		THE WITNESS: Yes. Sorry.
9		THE COURT: Do you mind if my marshal just puts it on
10	silent?	
11		THE WITNESS: Yes, that's fine.
12		THE COURT: Okay.
13		MS. GOODMAN: Thank you so much.
14	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
15	Q	And I'm sorry, with Las Vegas Metropolitan Police
16	Departm	nent as a whole?
17	Α	A little over five years.
18	Q	Okay. And how long have you been a detective?
19	Α	Approximately six months.
20	Q	Okay. Now, I'm going to direct your attention back to
21	October	1st, 2019. Okay. Were you a detective back then?
22	A	Yes.
23	Q	I know this was about four months ago?
24	Α	Yes.
25	Q	Okay. And in your capacity as a detective, you're
		30

1	assigned cases?	
2	A	Yes.
3	Q	And you're assigned to follow up on those cases?
4	A	Yes.
5	Q	Okay. You were called out to 56 Linn lane?
6	Α	Yes.
7	Q	Here in Clark County, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada?
8	A	Yes.
9	a	All right. And what was the details of those calls that you
10	came in?	
11	A	There was a shooting that had occurred and two
12	individuals were shot.	
13	Œ	Okay. And did you identify the two people eventually that
14	got shot?	
15	A	Yes.
16	Q	And who did you identify those two as?
17	A	Jonathan and Fernando.
18	Q	Okay. Jonathan Sanchez and Fernando Espinoza?
19	A	Yes.
20	Q	All right. Now, when you arrived, was patrol already on
21	the scene?	
22	A	Yes.
23	σ	Okay. Did you conduct a walk-through of the initial
24	scene?	
25	А	Yes.
- 1	ı	

1	A	Yes.
2	Q	Okay. And so typically, when it gets fired out of a
3	weapon	, fingerprints and DNA aren't collected on those casings?
4	A	Correct.
5	Q	Okay. And you said that you observed two impacts to the
6	garage o	door?
7	A	Yes, it was two impacts to the garage door.
8	Q	All right. Were the victims present?
9	A	They were not. They were already had by the time we
10	arrived, they were already transported to UMC.	
11	Q	Okay. Now, did you make contact with the people on
12	scene?	
13	A	Yes.
14	Q	Okay. Who did you make contact with?
15	A	I made contact with DeAndre Woods.
16	Q	Okay. DeAndre Woods, now, after making contact with
17	him, did	you learn that there were occupants of that residence?
18	A	Yes.
19	Q	At the time of the shooting?
20	Α	Yes.
21	Q	Okay. And who was in that residence?
22	A	Kesha and her kids.
23	Q	Okay. And, now, you observed DeAndre Woods, correct?
24	A	Yes.
25	Q	All right. And in your training and experience, you
	1	

1	learned	how to look at someone's demeanor?
2	A	Correct.
3	Q	All right. Now, did you did he appear to be intoxicated
4	at all?	
5	A	No.
6	Q	Okay. Did he have a smell of alcohol on his breath?
7	Α	No.
8	Q	Okay. So DeAndre seemed pretty normal?
9	A	Yes.
10	a	Okay. Was he still a little scared?
11	A	Yes.
12	Q	Okay. Now, based on the interview that you had with
13	DeAndre, did you develop the description of the suspect?	
14	A	Yes.
15	O.	And what was that?
16	A	It was a Hispanic male adult, 5-11, 200 pounds, wearing a
17	red t-shi	irt and nearly bald hair.
18	a	Okay. And, now, did you also learn that DeAndre had a
19	previous	s interaction with that suspect the day prior?
20	A	Yes.
21	a	Okay. And was that a short but aggressive interaction?
22	A	Yes. He stated that he was in his driveway
23	Q	Yeah okay. Go ahead.
24	A	No, go ahead. I'm sorry.
25	Q	He was in his driveway?
		34

1	O.	Okay. And I'm showing you State's Exhibit 229; is that
2	that red	shirt?
3	А	Yes.
4	Q	Okay. And then I'm going to refer you back to State's
5	Exhibit '	7. If you can see this map here, I'm going to zoom it up.
6	And, De	tective, you see a mouse that's next to you?
7	Α	Yes.
8	Q	Right there? If you squiggle the mouse and you hit that
9	red curs	sor to the very bottom right. And can you mark where the
10	shooting	g can you circle where the shooting happened?
11	Α	[Witness complies.]
12	Q	And that's at 56 Linn Lane; is that correct?
13	А	Yes.
14	Q	Okay.
15		MS. GOODMAN: And for the record, the witness had
16	circled 5	56 Linn Lane.
17		THE COURT: Okay.
18	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
19	Q	And can you circle where the Toyota Corolla was found?
20	A	[Witness complies.]
21	σ	And thank you. And then can you circle where the red
22	shirt wa	s found?
23	A	[Witness complies.]
24	Q	Thank you. Okay.
25		So this was just right in the same neighborhood, right?
	I	

1	Q	Okay. And did you recover surveillance from that 5675
2	Dixie St	reet?
3	A	Yes.
4	a	This is the surveillance that you had recovered that day?
5	A	Yes.
6		[Video played.]
7	Q	Now, Detective, I'm assuming that you watched that
8	multiple times?	
9	A	Yes.
10	a	Okay. And why was that of significant value to you?
11	A	That matched the description of the shooting suspect.
12	a	With his red shirt on?
13	A	Red shirt on and nearly bald hair.
14	a	Okay. And was he headed the same direction where the
15	red shir	t was actually found?
16	A	Yes.
17	a	Okay. Now, the part of your investigation, did you learn
18	where t	he suspect was residing at at the time of the shooting?
19	A	Yes. During an interview with him.
20	a	Okay. And where was that?
21	A	That was at 299 Linn Lane.
22	Q	I'm going to zoom out. And can you indicate on the map
23	in the sa	ame fashion where that address is?
24	A	[Witness complies.]
25	O.	So just up the street from the shooting; is that correct?
		4 C

1	A	Yes.
2	a	All right. And with Fernando, do you recall doing an
3	intervie	w with Fernando?
4	А	Yes.
5	Q	Okay. And in that interview, did Fernando Espinoza
6	indicate	e that he was at 56 Linn Lane on October 1st, 2019?
7	Α	Yes.
8	Q	And in that interview did he indicate that while he was on
9	the driv	reway, an older model Toyota pulled up to the residence?
10	А	Yes.
11	a	And in that interview, did he also tell you that he saw a
12	passenger get out and ask about Shorty?	
13	A	Yes. He either asked about Shorty or said, Fuck Shorty.
14	a	Okay. And he but he didn't get a good look at the
15	shooter	?
16	Α	Correct.
17	Q	Okay. Now, you also conducted an interview with
18	Jonathan Sanchez?	
19	A	Yes.
20	Q	Okay. Now, I'm going to bring your attention to
21	Octobe	r 8, 2019. Did you end up getting the latent print results off
22	of that I	license plate?
23	A	Yes.
24	Q	Okay. And what were those results?
25	A	It revealed the left middle finger of Ted Donko.

1	A	Yes. 10/9/2019, just for the record.
2	Q	Oh, I'm sorry.
3	A	It's okay.
4	Q	October 9th, 2019.
5	A	Yes.
6	Q	And DeAndre understood what you were what you
7	read?	
8	A	Yes.
9	a	Okay. And he signed it?
10	A	Yes.
11	Q	And you signed it?
12	A	Yes.
13	Q	Okay. And he marked can you read what he had wrote
14	there?	
15	A	Five the person that shot at me and was asking for
16	Shorty.	95 percent sure.
17	Q	Okay. And he then proceeded to State's Exhibit 203 to
18	circle Nu	ımber 5?
19	A	Yes.
20	Q	Okay. And he actually signed that?
21	A	Yes.
22	Q	Okay. And showing you State's Exhibit 204; who is that?
23	A	That's Ted Donko in Position Number 5.
24	Q	Okay. So DeAndre made a positive match to Ted Donko?
25	A	Yes.
		46

1	Q	All right. Now, on November 23rd, 2019, was Ted Donko
2	eventual	ly apprehended?
3	А	Yes.
4	Q	Okay. And that you didn't do that, correct?
5	Α	No.
6	Q	Okay. When you first saw Mr. Donko, what where were
7	you at?	
8	Α	I was at LVMPD headquarters.
9	Q	Okay. And when they when Mr. Donko and other
10	detective	es were approaching, did you see anything on his face?
11	A	No.
12	Q	Okay. When did you first see that, obviously, on State's
13	Exhibit 8, it appears that he has face tattoos?	
14	A	Yes.
15	Q	Okay. So when did you actually see his tattoos?
16	A	In a interview room when I was sitting two feet across
17	from hin	า.
18	σ	So that's when you first recognized that?
19	A	Yeah. And it wasn't immediately apparent.
20	Q	Okay.
21	A	It was shortly into.
22	Q	All right. And now you also identified his height?
23	A	Yes.
24	O.	Okay. What is Ted Donko's height?
25	A	5-11.
	•	

1	O.	Okay. And what are his what is his eye color?
2	A	Blue.
3	Q	Okay. Do you see that individual in court today?
4	Α	Yes.
5	Q	And could you please point that person out and identify
6	an articl	e of clothing he or she is wearing?
7	А	He's wearing a button-up dark blue shirt.
8		MS. GOODMAN: Okay. And let the record reflect the
9	identific	ation of the defendant.
10		THE COURT: It will.
11	BY MS. GOODMAN:	
12	O.	All right. And you said you conducted an interview with
13	him, correct?	
14	А	Yes.
15	Q	Okay. Now, after all of that is said and done, you actually
16	got the	DNA results back after the after everything else?
17	Α	Yes.
18	Q	Okay. And what were the DNA results from that red shirt?
19	А	The DNA buccal swab that we obtained from Ted Donko
20	matched	d the DNA that was swabbed from the red t-shirt.
21	Ω	Okay. Which further confirms him as the shooting
22	suspect	?
23	Α	Yes.
24	Q	All right.
25		MS. GOODMAN: I pass the witness, Your Honor.
		48

1		THE COURT: Cross?
2		MR. HAUSER: Thank you, Your Honor.
3		CROSS-EXAMINATION
4	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
5	Q	Good afternoon, Detective.
6	A	Good afternoon, sir.
7	Q	You've got to bear with me, my voice is going a bit.
8	Α	It's all right.
9	a	Let's start with Mr. Woods. You did interview Mr. Woods
10	on October 1st, right?	
11	A	Yes.
12	Q	Why is it important to interview someone right away?
13	А	When we're on scene there, it's just one of the preliminary
14	things we do immediately to interview them so we can obtain fresh	
15	information.	
16	۵	You want to get it while the information's still fresh in
17	someon	e's mind?
18	А	Correct.
19	Q	And this was immediately after the shooting, obviously?
20	А	Yes.
21	Q	All right.
22	A	About an hour and a half.
23	٥	And you want to be able to put out a description of the
24	suspect	s that haven't been found?
25	А	Correct.
		49

1	Q	And during that interview, he gave you a pretty specific
2	descript	ion of the suspects, right?
3	А	Correct.
4	Q	He specifically said it was two Mexicans?
5	А	No. I don't believe
6	α	He didn't say the word Mexican?
7	А	I can't recall if he said Mexican or Hispanic. But I can't
8	recall fro	om
9	a	If I showed you his statement, would you remember?
10	А	Yeah. Yes.
11		MR. HAUSER: Judge, may I approach?
12		THE COURT: Of course.
13	BY MR. HAUSER:	
14	Q	I'll show it to you, you can read through it. All right.
15		So, Detective, I'm showing you Mr. Woods' voluntary
16	statement, right?	
17	Α	Yes.
18	Q	All right. So that's the statement you took right after the
19	shooting?	
20	А	Yes.
21	Q	All right. Go ahead and read we'll say the top half of
22	page 3,	and then just look up at me when you're done.
23	Α	That's in front of 56 Linn, yep.
24	a	Oh, you don't have to read it out loud, sorry.
25	Α	Oh, I apologize. [Witness reads document.]

1		I'm done.
2		MR. HAUSER: May I approach, Judge?
3		THE COURT: Yes.
4	BY MR.	HAUSER:
5	Q	Did that refresh your memory as to how, exactly, he
6	describe	ed the suspects on that day?
7	A	Yes.
8	Q	All right. And he did use the word Mexican?
9	A	Yeah. So then he used Hispanic afterwards.
10	Q	Okay. So he used both Mexican and Hispanic?
11	A	Yes.
12	Q	Okay. He also told you that they had no facial hair?
13	A	Yes.
14	O.	He told you they had no tattoos?
15	A	Yes.
16	Q	He specifically said that the shooter, the one wearing the
17	red shirt	, was bald?
18	A	Can't recall if it was bald or nearly bald, but
19	a	Would you remember if I showed you?
20	A	Yes.
21	Q	All right.
22		MR. HAUSER: May I approach again, Judge.
23		THE COURT: Yes. Feel free to move freely.
24		MR. HAUSER: Thank you. I appreciate it.
25	BY MR.	HAUSER:

1	Q	All right. Detective, this is the same statement we just
2	went ove	er. Looking at page 4 here. Go ahead and read that, look
3	up at me	e when you're done. You can read silently.
4	A	[Witness complies.] I'm done.
5	Q	All set?
6	A	Yep.
7	Q	So he did specifically described the shooter as bald?
8	A	Yes.
9	a	And that's the shooter who's wearing the red shirt, right?
10	A	Yes.
11	Q	Okay.
12		MR. HAUSER: Judge, I'm going to retrieve that, if that's
13	okay.	
14		THE COURT: Okay.
15	BY MR.	HAUSER:
16	Q	I appreciate that, Detective. Thank you.
17	Α	No problem.
18	Q	That's what happens when I don't staple it.
19	Α	That's all right.
20	Q	So, detective, I think you covered this with Ms. Goodman.
21	You're ii	n charge of the entire investigation?
22	A	Yes.
23	Q	So whatever happens in this investigation comes back to
24	you?	
25	A	Yes.
		52

1	Q	It's not like they would keep information over here and not
2	show it	to you?
3	A	Correct.
4	Q	So you saw what you needed to see in this case to come
5	to your	conclusions, right?
6	A	Yes.
7	Q	Okay. Now, in this case, you actually did seize
8	Mr. Don	ko's cell phone, right, when he got arrested?
9	A	Yes.
10	Q	You sent that off for investigation?
11	A	We conducted a search warrant on it.
12	Q	Right. To the best of your knowledge, nothing came back
13	that tied	Mr. Donko to the shooting based on that cell phone record,
14	right?	
15	Α	No. It was a new cell phone that was purchased or after
16	the shoo	oting had occurred.
17	Q	Got it. Okay.
18		Let's talk about the interviews you conducted with the
19	victims.	You spoke a little bit about speaking to them in the
20	hospital	, right?
21	A	Correct.
22	Q	And that was Mr. Espinoza and Mr. Sanchez?
23	A	Yes.
24	Q	Neither of them could give you a description of the
25	shooter	?

1	A	Thank you.
2	Q	In fact, you only spoke to one other person who's actually
3	able to g	ive a description in this case; is that right?
4	А	Yes, DeAndre Woods.
5	Q	How about Edgar Miller?
6	A	I can't recall if Edgar Miller gave a description or not. I
7	can't rec	all.
8	Q	You don't recall if Mr. Miller described the suspects as
9	Hispanic	?
10	A	I can't recall.
11	a	All right. Would you remember if I showed you the
12	interview	v?
13	Α	Yes.
14	a	All right.
15		MR. LEXIS: Judge, can we approach?
16		THE COURT: Yep.
17		[Bench conference transcribed as follows.]
18		MR. LEXIS: Edgar Miller has not testified. It's hearsay.
19		MR. HAUSER: It's for further investigation, Judge. Not
20	for truth.	
21		THE COURT: And I [indiscernible] hear that's for the truth.
22	So the	
23		MS. GOODMAN: It's absolutely for the truth.
24		MR. HAUSER: Mr. Woods, it's definition [indiscernible].
25		THE COURT: But Mr. Woods testified, right? So you can
		55

1	do prior consistent or prior inconsistent.
2	MR. HAUSER: Right.
3	THE COURT: But since this guy never testified and he
4	hasn't [indiscernible] anything [indiscernible].
5	MR. HAUSER: Oh, I understand. It's not impeachment.
6	I'm saying that the hearsay's not offered for the truth. It's
7	MS. GOODMAN: It's the opposite.
8	MR. HAUSER: His subsequent investigation that he was
9	then told by both the eyewitnesses it was a Hispanic male and
10	where the investigation went from there.
11	THE COURT: So all right, so this guy what's
12	[indiscernible]?
13	MR. HAUSER: Miller.
14	THE COURT: This is Miller.
15	MR. HAUSER: Yeah.
16	THE COURT: So he believes he doesn't he talked to
17	Miller and Miller said
18	MR. HAUSER: Hispanic. That's all he got. He doesn't ge
19	anything else out of him, to the best of my recollection.
20	THE COURT: Okay. So you never I mean, it's still
21	hearsay. I think you can say, from what the other people say, you
22	were told it was two Hispanic men, and then you did what? He
23	hasn't had time to look at it, right? So
24	MR. HAUSER: Right.
25	THE COURT: I think if he

1		MR. HAUSER: It's [indiscernible]. Yeah.
2		THE COURT: Right. So it's [indiscernible] to hearsay, but
3	[indiscer	nible] same thing. So.
4		MR. HAUSER: Cool.
5		MR. LEXIS: Judge, I would move to strike that last
6	question	ı <b>.</b>
7		THE COURT: All right.
8		MR. HAUSER: All right. I'll narrow it down.
9		THE COURT: Okay.
10		[End of bench conference.]
11		THE COURT: So the last question and answer will be
12	stricken from the record. So you are to disregard the last question	
13	and ansv	wer by the detective.
14		Next question.
15	BY MR. I	HAUSER:
16	O.	Suffice it to say, Detective, no eyewitness to the shooting
17	describe	d the shooter as white?
18	Α	That's correct.
19	a	Okay. All right. Detective, I'm showing you what's been
20	admitted	l as State's 7. All right. You were looking [indiscernible],
21	right?	
22	Α	Yes.
23	Q	Do you see an address marked towards the top of that
24	screen?	
25	А	Yes.
	1	E 7

1	O.	299 North Linn?
2	A	Yes.
3	Q	Whose address is that?
4	A	At that time, when the shooting occurred, Ted Donko was
5	residing	there.
6	Q	That's Ted Donko's address at the time?
7	A	At the time, yes.
8	Q	Right. I appreciate that, Detective.
9		MR. HAUSER: Brief indulgence, Judge.
10		THE COURT: Yep.
11		[Pause in proceedings.]
12	BY MR.	HAUSER:
13	Q	Detective, you remember when the 911 call was made in
14	this case	e?
15	A	What time?
16	O.	Yeah.
17	A	I want to say it was possibly 12:14.
18	Q	12:14?
19	Α	Yeah.
20	Q	If I tell you that's right, would you believe me?
21	A	Yes.
22	Q	All right. So 12:14 the 911 call was made?
23	A	Yes.
24	Q	All right. And I want to finish by talking to you about the
25	lineup th	nat you introduced. That was down here. All right. So this
	I	

1	is State's	s 203, right? This is the lineup that you put together?
2	А	Yes.
3	Q	All right. That's the lineup you showed to Mr. Woods as
4	well, rigl	ht?
5	А	Yes.
6	Q	And you showed that to Mr. Woods on the 9th, correct?
7	А	Yes, I believe so.
8	Q	Showing you State's 202; see the date on the top up
9	there?	
10	А	Yes.
11	a	All right. So it's on the 9th?
12	А	Yes.
13	O.	Cool. Back to State's 203. Now, when you look at that
14	lineup, o	bviously, there's no Hispanic males in that lineup, right?
15	А	That's correct.
16	Q	There are no bald individuals in that lineup, right?
17	А	That's correct.
18	Q	There are, however, gentlemen with facial hair in that
19	lineup?	
20	Α	That's correct.
21	a	Now, in this lineup, Mr. Donko has no facial hair?
22	Α	I'd say he has facial hair.
23	a	I guess that little tuft under the chin, right?
24	Α	And on the sides and there's, like, some scruff.
25	Q	Yeah. So 5:00 shadow kind of thing?

1	Α	Little more than that.
2	Q	Maybe a little longer? Okay. You wouldn't call it a beard,
3	right?	
4	Α	No.
5	Q	And certainly not compared to Number 6, right?
6	A	No.
7	Q	Or Number 4?
8	A	No.
9	a	Or Number 1?
10	A	The sides are kind of like Number 1.
11	O.	But those guys all clearly have facial hair, right?
12	A	Yes.
13		MR. HAUSER: Brief indulgence, Judge.
14		THE COURT: Sure.
15		MR. HAUSER: Thank you, Judge.
16		I have no further questions at this time. Thank you,
17	Detectiv	e.
18		THE WITNESS: Thanks.
19		THE COURT: Redirect.
20		MS. GOODMAN: Just briefly, Your Honor.
21		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
22	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
23	Q	All right, Detective. Both of the victims identified the
24	passeng	er as the one who got out and shot?
25	A	Yes.
	1	6C

1	O.	Both victims said Shorty, they said something about
2	Shorty,	and he shot?
3	A	Yes.
4	Q	Okay. The eyewitness to the shooting says that he has a
5	red shir	t?
6	Α	Yes.
7	Q	Okay. Not only did that eyewitness identify Ted Donko,
8	but ider	ntifies the red shirt, correct?
9	А	Yes.
10	a	Okay. I'm pointing to the Toyota Corolla found up the
11	street, the inside of the Toyota Corolla, there's a license plate with	
12	Ted Donko's fingerprints in it?	
13	A	Yes.
14	a	Just a little bit further, there's a surveillance still that
15	shows a man wearing a white shirt towards the direction of Big	
16	Sea?	
17	A	Wearing a red shirt.
18	a	At the video surveillance that you recovered from 5675
19	Big Sea Street, shows a male with a red shirt that day, on	
20	October	r 1st?
21	A	Yes.
22	a	Okay. And that's headed the direction to the Big Sea
23	street th	nat's right here?
24	A	Yes.
25	O.	Same direction of where the red shirt was found?

1	Α	Yes.
2	Q	The red shirt containing Ted Donko's DNA?
3	А	Yes.
4	Q	Right up in the same path, that's an easy out to get to 299
5	North Li	inn?
6	Α	Yes.
7	Q	Okay.
8		MS. GOODMAN: No further questions, Your Honor.
9		THE COURT: Anything based on that, Mr. Hauser?
10		MR. HAUSER: A moment of indulgence, Your Honor.
11		THE COURT: Sure.
12		MR. HAUSER: No, thank you, Judge. I'm all set.
13		THE COURT: Any questions from the ladies and
14	gentlemen of the jury? Yes, sir.	
15		[Bench conference transcribed as follows.]
16		MR. HAUSER: Was that the only one?
17		[End of bench conference.]
18		THE COURT: All right. Detective, was a weapon ever
19	recovere	ed?
20		THE WITNESS: No.
21		THE COURT: Any follow-up by the State?
22		FURTHER EXAMINATION
23	BY MS.	GOODMAN:
24	Q	Detective, are you surprised by that?
25	A	No.
	I	

1	descripti	on to the shooting suspect.
2		THE COURT: Can everyone did everyone hear that
3	answer?	All right.
4		Follow-up?
5		MS. GOODMAN: Yes, Your Honor.
6		Your Honor, may I approach?
7		THE COURT: Yes.
8		MS. GOODMAN: And these actually are not marked.
9		THE COURT: Okay.
10		MS. GOODMAN: Can we mark these real quick? I
11	apologiz	e.
12		[Pause in proceedings.]
13		MS. GOODMAN: And, Your Honor, may   approach?
14		THE COURT: Yes.
15		ADDITIONAL EXAMINATION
16	BY MS. (	GOODMAN:
17	Q.	Can you look through those, that stack of photos,
18	Detective	e?
19	A	[Witness complies.]
20	Q	And do you recognize those?
21	A	Yes.
22	Q	What do you recognize them to be?
23	A	The still photos from the video surveillance.
24	Q	Okay. And are they, in fact, zoomed up?
25	A	Yes.
	1	64

1	O.	Okay.
2		MS. GOODMAN: And, Your Honor
3	Q	Do these truly, fairly, and accurately depict the video
4	surveilla	ance?
5		MS. GOODMAN: Again, Your Honor, I move for a State's
6	admissi	on as 235 through 238.
7		MR. HAUSER: No objection.
8		THE COURT: All right. Those will be admitted.
9		[State's Exhibit Nos. 235 through 238 admitted.]
10		MS. GOODMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
11		No further questions at this point.
12		THE COURT: All right.
13		Yes?
14		MR. HAUSER: Just one brief follow-up.
15		THE COURT: Okay.
16		ADDITIONAL EXAMINATION
17	BY MR.	HAUSER:
18	Q	Detective, I think it's fair to say you good lord, you
19	yourself	would describe those as poor quality? The video, the
20	stills?	
21	A	Yeah, they we can't get a it's not like a driver's license
22	photo.	
23	Q	Right. It's not like CSI, where you can zoom all the way in
24	and get	the clear ID.
25	A	Right. It's fairly pixilated.
	I	65

1	Q.	I appreciate it.
2		MR. HAUSER: Thank you very much, Judge.
3		THE COURT: All right. Anything else, State?
4		MS. GOODMAN: No, Your Honor.
5		THE COURT: Any other question from the jurors? Okay.
6		[Bench conference transcribed as follows.]
7		MR. LEXIS: Obviously, I say that can't be asked.
8		MR. HAUSER: I think that would be yeah, agree.
9		MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: I like that. I'm okay with that.
10		MR. LEXIS: Can you explain [indiscernible].
11		MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Yeah, I like that.
12		THE COURT: All ready? Oh, no.
13		MR. HAUSER: No, there was one.
14		THE COURT: All right.
15		MR. HAUSER: The one on the bottom now. And I think
16	if I dor	n't think you need an explanation.
17		THE COURT: Okay.
18		[End of bench conference.]
19		THE COURT: All right. Detective, were you able to find
20	traffic or	any other cameras with the car?
21		THE WITNESS: There was an AutoZone video
22	surveilla	nce. I could point it on the map. However, that video was
23	also pod	r quality. There is a vehicle that passes by that's a very
24	similar o	lescription, but, again, you can't depict that it would be the
25	evact ve	hiolo

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THE COURT: Okay. Can you explain how lineup photos are -- were selected? And why did none match the original description provided by Mr. Woods?

THE WITNESS: So we match the other five photos based off the main individual, the main suspect. The reason why the other photos weren't based off of DeAndre Woods' suspect is because if we had five Hispanic male adults and then one male adult, that male adult would stick out. So we have to pick the other photos to similarly match the suspect photo. If that -- I can elaborate if anybody has some questions.

THE COURT: Well, let's see if there's any follow-up questions.

## ADDITIONAL EXAMINATION

BY MS. GOODMAN:

0 And go ahead, you can elaborate if you'd like on why -what photos you chose to pick.

Α So they were based off height, weight, skin tone, hair length, similar facial hair. So it's -- the program is set up to where the suspects' descriptions are put into the system and then all these other people are pulled up based off the same descriptions of the suspect.

Q Okay. And the -- and Ted Donko matches a 5-11, 200 pound -- that's what his specs are?

Α Yes.

 $\mathbf{Q}$ Okay. And -- which is -- matches DeAndre's suspect, 5-11,

1	about 2	00, 200-plus pounds.
2	А	Yes.
3	a	Thank you.
4		MR. HAUSER: No further questions, Your Honor.
5		THE COURT: Defense.
6		MR. HAUSER: Yes, Your Honor.
7		ADDITIONAL EXAMINATION
8	BY MR.	HAUSER:
9	Q	Just to be clear, Detective, when you say you were picking
10	them to	match the description, that's the description of Ted Donko,
11	not the	description you received from the scene?
12	А	Correct. Description of Ted Donko being the suspect in
13	that photo.	
14	a	Thank you very much.
15		MS. GOODMAN: Nothing further, Your Honor. Thank
16	you.	
17		THE COURT: Anything else from the jury?
18		All right. Detective, you are excused from your subpoena
19	and free	e to leave. Please do not share you testimony with anyone
20	else inv	olved in the case.
21		THE WITNESS: Thank you, ma'am.
22		THE COURT: Thank you. Have a nice day.
23		State?
24		MR. LEXIS: Could we approach?
25		THE COURT: Yep.
	1	68

1	[Bench conference transcribed as follows.]
2	MR. LEXIS: We're going to rest now.
3	[End of bench conference.]
4	MR. LEXIS: With the admission of all our exhibits, the
5	State rests.
6	THE COURT: Okay. The State rests their case in chief.
7	Defense?
8	MR. HAUSER: Brief indulgence, Judge.
9	THE COURT: Sure.
10	[Pause in proceedings.]
11	MR. HAUSER: The defense does have a witness, Your
12	Honor.
13	THE COURT: Okay.
14	MR. HAUSER: Defense calls Ted Donko.
15	THE COURT: All right.
16	TED MICHAEL DONKO,
17	[having been called as a witness and first duly sworn, testified as
18	follows:]
19	THE CLERK: Thank you. You may be seated. Please state
20	your complete name, spelling both your first and last name for the
21	record.
22	THE WITNESS: Ted Michael Donko, T-E-D, D-O-N-K-O.
23	THE CLERK: Thank you.
24	///
25	///
	69

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

'		DIRECT EXAMINATION
2	BY MR.	HAUSER:
3	Q	Mr. Donko, how old are you?
4	A	30 years old.
5	Q	Where do you live?
6	A	299 North Linn.
7	Q	Is that close to 56 North Linn?
8	Α	Eight houses down.
9	Q	How long have you lived there?
10	A	Four years.
11	Q	How long you been in Las Vegas?
12	A	Since 1999.
13	O.	Did you go to school here?
14	A	Yes, I did.
15	Q	Where?
16	A	I went to Valley, I went to Chaparral, Mohave, and
17	attended	UNLV for three and a half months.
18	Q	Ted, in the interest of fairness, I want to ask this jury right
19	now, yo	u ever been in trouble before?
20	A	Yes, I have.
21	Q	What do you mean?
22	A	I have two prior convictions for attempted grand larceny
23	and atte	mpt burglary.
24	O.	So you're a convicted felon?
25	A	Yes, I am.
		7.0

1	Q.	Honesty is always the best policy. I appreciate that.
2		Ted, we've heard a lot about October 1st in this case. On
3	October	1st, you're accused of shooting at three people and hitting
4	two of t	hem. Did you shoot anybody?
5	A	No.
6	Q	Do you own a gun?
7	A	No.
8	Q	Have you ever tried to shoot anybody?
9	A	No.
10	٥	Do you know where you were on October 1st?
11	A	Yes. I was at home, and I went to Sonic, which is across
12	the street from the AutoZone.	
13	a	When you say across the street from the AutoZone, give
14	me, like, some cross-streets there.	
15	A	You as you go down Linn, and then where they said the
16	car had	made a right turn, across right across from Charleston is
17	where S	Sonic is.
18	Q	Let me show you a map and we can try to identify it,
19	okay?	
20	A	No problem.
21	a	I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 7.
22	A	Okay.
23	۵	All right. So you're looking at Charleston and Linn there,
24	right?	
25	A	Yes.
	1	71

1	Q	That's here at the bottom of the photo?
2	A	Yes.
3	Q	So the Sonic is maybe even where this
4	A	It's right here.
5	Q	Want to draw it on there for me?
6	A	Yes. It's about right there somewhere.
7	σ	Okay. So very, very close to Charleston and Linn?
8	A	Yes.
9	σ	Okay. I appreciate that.
10		Ted, have you ever met DeAndre Woods before?
11	A	Yes, I have.
12	O.	Where?
13	A	From the neighborhood. From the neighborhood we
14	hung ou	t, smoked pot together, stuff like that.
15	Q	All right. So you've seen him before?
16	A	Absolutely, yes.
17	Q	Do you know how long ago you first met him?
18	A	I met him probably back in 2017.
19	a	All right.
20	A	That's before him and his girl broke up, when he got
21	kicked o	ut of the house.
22	σ	Okay. Ted, tell me about what your house looks like;
23	what's th	ne front yard look like?
24	A	I have five cars in front of it that I work on. I'm a
25	mechani	c, do side jobs for a mechanic.

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1	Q	I appreciate it, Ted. Thank you very much.	
2		MR. HAUSER: I have no further questions of this witness.	
3		THE COURT: Cross.	
4		MR. LEXIS: Yes.	
5		THE WITNESS: Your Honor, the attorney. Sorry.	
6		MR. HAUSER: It's okay, bud.	
7		CROSS-EXAMINATION	
8	BY MR.	LEXIS:	
9	۵	Sir, you gave a statement to the police after you were	
10	arrested, correct?		
11	A	Yes, sir.	
12	Q	It was a long interview, correct?	
13	A	Yes, sir.	
14	O.	Okay. You just got up there and told this jury, with your	
15	defense attorney, that, Oh, yeah, it's common to know people by		
16	the name of Shorty, right?		
17	A	Yes, sir.	
18	Q	Okay. Do you remember when the detective first asked	
19	you if you knew a man by the name of Shorty, you said no, correct?		
20	A	I didn't say no, I said I bought methamphetamine off of	
21	him.		
22	Q	lt's yes or no.	
23	A	l didn't say l didn't know him, no.	
24	O.	Okay. So when the detective first asked you if you knew a	
25	man nai	ned Shorty, you said no, right?	
	I	7.5	

1	correct?		
2		MR. HAUSER: Objection. Badgering the witness.	
3		THE WITNESS: I find it's kind of	
4		THE COURT: Hold on just a second.	
5		I'm sorry, what was the objection?	
6		MR. HAUSER: Badgering the witness.	
7		THE COURT: Overruled.	
8		Go ahead.	
9	BY MR. LEXIS:		
10	a	Go ahead.	
11	A	Can I say something?	
12		THE COURT: Can you re-ask the question?	
13		MR. LEXIS: Yes.	
14	BY MR. LEXIS:		
15	O.	So the only viable print on that vehicle you said that you	
16	weren't in comes back to the license plate, correct?		
17	A	In the statement, it says that	
18	Q	Yes or no. I'm asking yes-or-no questions, sir. Yes or no?	
19	A	Yes or no what?	
20	Q	I'll move on.	
21		Sir, the detectives pressed you, correct, and told you that	
22	they found fingerprints in the vehicle, correct?		
23	A	Yes.	
24	O.	Okay. You actually admitted to being in a four-door	
25	sedan, o	lder model, beat-up condition, the night prior to this	
1	1		

1	shooting, correct? Yes or no.		
2	А	Yes.	
3	O.	Okay. In fact, when confronted with evidence from the	
4	detective	es, you admit to being the passenger in that vehicle,	
5	correct?		
6	Α	Yes. Again, I don't have a license in	
7	a	Yes or no?	
8	Α	Yes.	
9		MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Your Honor, is it necessary for	
10	the State to yell at him?		
11		THE COURT: So I just need you to answer just yes or no.	
12		THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am.	
13		THE COURT: And then your	
14		THE WITNESS: I apologize for it, ma'am.	
15		THE COURT: It's all right.	
16		And then your attorneys will have an opportunity to ask	
17	you questions and you can		
18		THE WITNESS: Okay.	
19		THE COURT: say more than yes or no if it calls for it.	
20		THE WITNESS: Okay.	
21		THE COURT: But when the State's asking you, if it's just	
22	yes or no, just say yes or no. Okay?		
23		THE WITNESS: Okay. I apologize, sir.	
24		THE COURT: That's all right.	
25	BY MR. I	LEXIS:	

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1	Q	Okay. You didn't say it was a truck, an SUV, correct?
2	A	No, because it wasn't.
3	Q	Okay. You didn't give a particular saying it was a newer
4	model,	you didn't say any of that, correct?
5	А	No, because that would be lying if I did.
6	Q	Okay. You, not the detective, you described it as a
7	four-do	or sedan, older model, correct?
8	А	Yes, sir.
9	Q	In which you were the passenger, correct?
10	A	Yes, sir. But he never
11	a	Nothing further.
12	A	told me he had
13	O.	Nothing further. Thank you.
14		THE COURT: Mr. Hauser?
15		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
16	BY MR.	HAUSER:
17	Q	Mr. Donko, you could have described any car, an SUV, a
18	truck, a	Maserati, any car to the cops.
19	A	Yes.
20	Q	Why didn't you?
21	A	Because I was telling the honest truth about what I was
22	doing t	ne night before. And for the record, he never told me they
23	had a fi	ngerprint inside of the car at that moment.
24	O.	Mr. Lexis asked you a lot of questions about why you
25	didn't g	ive this additional information. Were you asking the
		83

1	questions in this interview?		
2	A	No.	
3	Q	Did the ask you to just say everything you wanted to say?	
4	Α	No.	
5	Q	Were you trying to do the best you could to answer the	
6	questio	ns the detective was asking you?	
7	Α	I was very cooperative, yes.	
8	Q	And were you did you cooperate with him?	
9	Α	Absolutely.	
10	۵	Take a look back here at Exhibit 7. All these pins on here,	
11	your ho	use, the shirt, the car, the shooting; how far do you think it	
12	is between your house and the shooting? I know you said eight		
13	houses,	but give me a distance.	
14	A	Three-and-a-half-minute walk, if that.	
15	Q	So all of this is very close together, right?	
16	Α	Yes.	
17	Q	And this is your neighborhood?	
18	А	Yes.	
19	Q	How do you do laundry at your house?	
20	Α	My mom kicked me out for a while, so I had to storage all	
21	my cloti	hes in a broke-down car that I had in front of my house.	
22	Q	Did you occasionally lose some of those clothes?	
23	A	People came through and rummaged through the car.	
24	Q	Just kind of one of the hazards of being homeless?	
25	A	I guess it was not really having nowhere to take it. So I	

1	moved in with my girlfriend.	
2	a	Ted, we heard some information earlier about the bullets
3	that are	in the car. Your fingerprint's on those bullets?
4	А	No.
5	Q	Would you like for them to have been tested?
6	А	Yes.
7	Q	How long have you had your tattoos?
8	А	Since 2011.
9	Q	Roll up your sleeves for me.
10	Α	[Witness complies.]
11	Q	This is Defense Exhibit D; those are your tattoos, right?
12	А	Yes.
13	a	On your left arm there?
14	А	That's the right arm.
15	Q	That is the right arm. I'm bad at directions, man. I?
16	Α	lt's all right.
17	Q	I guess that's why I went to law school.
18		All right. How about Exhibit C; this one, then, is your left
19	arm, rig	ht?
20	А	Yes.
21	a	All right. You've had these tattoos for a long time?
22	А	Yes. As you can see, the two calendars.
23	a	What do the calendars say?
24	А	Those are times that special somebody died in my family.
25	And 12	and 14 is from the time I went to prison for the grand

1	larceny.	
2	Q	I see an 11 on there too, right?
3	А	Yes.
4	Q	Did you get that in 2011?
5	Α	Yes.
6		MR. HAUSER: Brief indulgence, Judge.
7	Q	Ted, were you honest with the detective who talked to
8	you?	
9	A	Yes.
10	a	You being honest with me right now?
11	Α	Yes, sir.
12	o.	Were you honest with Mr. Lexis when he just asked you a
13	lot of questions?	
14	А	Yes, sir.
15	Q.	Did you shoot anybody?
16	Α	No.
17		MR. HAUSER: I have nothing further at this time.
18		THE COURT: Okay. Redirect or, excuse me, recross.
19		RECROSS-EXAMINATION
20	BY MR. I	_EXIS:
21	a	Okay. Sir, you have offered no reason on why your red
22	shirt is fo	ound in the middle of the road, correct?
23	А	Sir, I just stated to you I had all my clothes in the car. It
24	got rans	acked. So a lot of my clothes was missing.
25	O.	Okay. When was your car ransacked?
		86

1	A	Multiple times.
2	Q	Oh, so multiple times your car was ransacked with that
3	red shirt	, huh?
4	Α	Yes.
5	Q	Okay. You couldn't find a date
6	A	More than that's been took.
7	Q	or can't find a date?
8	Α	Pardon me?
9	a	When was that?
10	A	I can't give you an exact date. My clothes was probably in
11	there for	anywhere from three weeks to a month and a half.
12	O.	Okay. And it just so happens it appears to be freshly
13	thrown on the side of the road minutes after the shooting on this	
14	particular	
15		MR. HAUSER: Objection. Argumentative.
16		THE COURT: Sustained.
17		THE WITNESS: When my mom kicked me out, I just
18	took I	grabbed the
19		THE COURT: So when I sustain, you don't have to
20	answer.	
21		THE WITNESS: Okay. I'm sorry, ma'am.
22		THE COURT: That's all right.
23		Next question.
24	BY MR. I	EXIS:
25	Q	So, again, sir, you've got no explanation on why that shirt

1	is sitting	there on the side of the road?
2		MR. HAUSER: Objection. Asked and answered.
3		THE COURT: Sustained.
4	BY MR.	LEXIS:
5	Q	Is that your shirt, sir?
6	A	I don't know if it's exactly my shirt. I own a few red shirts.
7	Q	Okay. That 99 or the excuse me, not the 99.
8		The DNA evidence that came in [indiscernible], but you
9	don't red	cognize that as your shirt?
10	A	If my DNA's on it, then it must have been one of the shirts
11	that was	in the car, yes. But there was also another DNA on that
12	shirt.	
13	Q	Who said it was in the car?
14	A	Pardon me?
15	Q	Who said it was in the car?
16	A	It was in my car. The broke down car in front of the
17	house.	
18	Q	Same car that you were driving where the license plate's
19	found?	
20	A	No. The car that's in front of my house where I storage
21	my cloth	nes.
22	Q	Okay.
23		MR. LEXIS: Nothing further, Judge.
24		THE COURT: Mr. Hauser.
25		MR. HAUSER: Judge, I'm all set. Thank you.

MR. LEXIS: He's claiming he was not in the car, his prints are in the car, and that he was driving around with a --

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: They're stretching, Judge.

THE COURT: What?

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: They're stretching. It shouldn't come in.

THE COURT: So can someone help me understand this?

Because I don't really know a lot about the stolen car or the circumstances around it. So can someone help me out with that?

MR. LEXIS: The timeline is extremely important, because this car was taken from the owner the night before. So the timeline is extremely important, this car is -- to try to say that he had no idea how this plate had been on this car, he's never seen that car, he's never been in that car, that is absolutely highly relevant that the owner of that car will say that he and -- he lost possession of that car or noticed it was gone between basically the middle of the night the night before.

MS. GOODMAN: So, basically, an argument, it's going to -- the argument is that the defendant in an interview sua sponte pretty much said, Oh, I was in this car at -- like, right before, you know, before midnight I was in this older car, pretty much described the car to the T to the detective. And the detective said, That's impossible, because the car was stolen after midnight. And then all of a sudden he started backtracking and be, like, Oh, well no. Oh, no. So it's relevant to pretty much impeach the defendant

that he places himself in the vehicle with the detective.

And then also the detective says it's stolen, and then he tries to backtrack his story. That's basically what the relevancy is.

MR. HAUSER: Here's the thing, Judge, it's a rebuttal witness. If they wanted it in because it was relevant, they could have litigated it before trial.

MS. GOODMAN: Well, no, that's not correct.

THE COURT: [Indiscernible].

MS. GOODMAN: Exactly.

THE COURT: Then what's the difference? Oh, he knows the argument, right?

MR. HAUSER: Right. But the door has not been opened, is what I'm saying.

THE COURT: So, I mean, I guess my thing is, is --

MS. GOODMAN: The problem that comes when impeaching, we have to be able to impeach the defendant. And in order for us to do so, we would have to call the detective. The detective has to mention that the car's stolen. And before we either -- see what I'm saying? So --

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. HAUSER: But it's not actually a contradiction.

THE COURT: Well, I guess I've been trying to [indiscernible] vehicle that he had a bunch of cars that he works on in front of his house. That idea is a little bit bothersome. And I couldn't tell if that's where he was going with that or if it's --

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: If he would have went there, Your Honor would know. And he didn't.

THE COURT: But if I know during it, right? If I'm wondering that the suggestion is -- because if you think about it, I don't know all the ins and outs of this case, right, because I got it from [indiscernible].

MR. HAUSER: Right.

THE COURT: So I'm almost in the shoes of them in regards to [indiscernible]. So he's talking about he works on cars all the time and that that's why it's confusing.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: And him saying that he works on cars doesn't rise to a level of opening a door and bringing in the detective and talking about --

THE COURT: I want to have this on the record outside the presence.

MR. HAUSER: Let's do that.

[End of bench conference.]

THE COURT: All right. Ladies and gentlemen, we are going to take a quick recess.

During the recess you're admonished not to talk or converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject connected to this trial or read, watch, or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial of any person connected with this trial by any medium of information, including, without limitation to newspapers, television, the Internet, and radio, or form or express

any opinion on any subject connected with the trial until the case is finally submitted to you.

Give me about 10 minutes, please. So be out there between 2:10 and 2:15.

[Jury recessed at 2:02 p.m.]

THE COURT: All right. So we're outside the presence.

I want to have this talk more thoroughly, ferret it out on the record, rather, and at the bench.

So, State, explain to me the timeline of the stolen vehicle and then how it relates to the defendant's statements, to the detective, when they made contact with him.

MR. LEXIS: Okay. So he initially denies being in any vehicle or anything like that. They press him on, Well, your prints are found in this car. So then he basically describes the stolen vehicle car. And then admits that he was the passenger in that car.

He -- that particular vehicle at issue in this case was stolen and the owner of that car is right outside of the courtroom, that it was stolen the night prior to the shooting. So when he gets up on the stand and says he has no idea why his print's on that car, that he works on cars, then the timeline -- the door to the timeline of when this car could have possibly be in possession of anybody other than the owner is highly relevant.

THE COURT: So they confront -- so what -- he says that he's in a car like -- look --- with all the similar --

MR. LEXIS: Yes.

THE COURT: -- characteristics at, like, 10:00 the previous night?

MR. LEXIS: Yes.

THE COURT: And then the detective confronts him with, Well, you couldn't have been in -- so that that vehicle --

MR. LEXIS: Yeah. It couldn't have been at this particular timeline, because the car was taken after that.

THE COURT: So the description of the car that he gives, though, is just a description of a car, right? He never admits to being in the vehicle with the license plate.

MR. LEXIS: No. They don't -- no, they don't give him any description of the car, and he gives them a description of a -- where is it at? -- late four-door sedan, lighter brown, older model, beat-up condition, being the passenger with a man named Patrick.

MR. HAUSER: So here's the issue, Judge. What we're trying to do is conflate the car he says he was in, therefore, it must actually be the stolen car. But on the stolen vehicle questionnaire, he said he was in the car 10:00 p.m. previous night. Stolen vehicle says it wasn't actually stolen till midnight, because that's the last time the owner saw it.

So even if we want to bring the owner in to say that vehicle was stolen, which isn't relevant, it doesn't actually match the timeline that Mr. Lexis is trying to establish. His own witness is contradicting his argument here. He says he still had the car at midnight. They're trying to put Ted in that car at 10:00 p.m. It

simply doesn't work.

THE COURT: No, isn't it -- it's vice versa. He's putting himself in the car at 10:00 p.m.

MR. HAUSER: Right.

THE COURT: The detectives are saying you couldn't have been in that car at 10:00 p.m., buddy, because it wasn't stolen till midnight.

MR. HAUSER: Right. But he's not putting himself in the car that was found at the scene. He's saying he was in a completely different car. The State is saying that's not true, you must have been in the car that was at the scene, but it simply cannot be that way, because his timeline and the timeline of the stolen car do not match.

MR. LEXIS: Well, this is the thing, Judge. He never -- he places himself in that car, but not the print in that car. And then tries to say, Oh, yeah, there's no way I could have been on that car, because I work on cars. Well, Judge, there's no way in his testimony that he's revealed that, oh, yes, between those -- midnight and the time of the shooting, he was working on a car.

He said that he was at his house and then he went to I believe he said Sonic and his girlfriend's house. Nowhere would -- was he working on cars.

MR. HAUSER: There's plenty of time there to work on cars. I don't understand how that's not possible.

THE COURT: Well, but here's the thing. Nobody's going

to get there in front of that jury and say he was working on that car and that's the reason why the fingerprint's on the license plate.

MR. HAUSER: No, not at all.

THE COURT: Because that would just be absolutely unethical, and I don't think that either of you would do that.

MR. HAUSER: No.

THE COURT: Because it also paints a picture that's clearly incorrect in front of the jury.

MR. HAUSER: Right.

THE COURT: The problem here is, is that, unfortunately, it wasn't fettered out enough when he speaks to the detectives. I mean, I think -- and correct me if I'm wrong, Mr. Lexis, but when he was on the stand, you stated, There -- just like with the red shirt, there's no reason that your fingerprint should be on that license plate. I mean, he couldn't give you a good answer, right? So you get to argue all day to the jury, this wasn't a car that he worked on, this was -- because, obviously, that's what he would have said.

The problem with the vehicle being stolen is he wasn't firm enough or descriptive enough in his statement to the detectives to prove he was driving the car. Do you know what I'm saying? Like, he gives the four-door sedan, and he gives the coloring and it's all similar and everything. But he doesn't -- I don't think that in his statement or even today he gives you enough room to open the door. And I think also when I look at that, you know, and then I look at the other bad act evidence type of stuff, where

we're looking at clear and convincing, and we're looking at probative versus prejudicial, I just don't -- I don't think it's enough.

So I'm not going to allow that in. But, obviously, I expect that all arguments in front of the jury would only be in regards to evidence that people can prove or not prove or know to be true.

MR. LEXIS: Okay. Judge, so --

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. LEXIS: -- if I understand your ruling right, I understand we're not going with that guy, then. But, again, during closing arguments, we're not going to hear of all these other reasons why this man's fingerprint could be on that license plate when it's clear that the timeframe of the car stolen was midnight.

You're not -- I understand you're not letting me in, but at the same time, you're ruling's telling them, Don't try to be arguing something that you know is not true.

THE COURT: Yeah. I mean, what was your intent in regards to -- I understand the argument you can make in front of the red shirt. Where were you going to go in regards to arguments in regards to the license plate?

MR. HAUSER: I didn't ask him any questions about the license plate.

THE COURT: I know. I'm talking about your argument in front of the jury.

MR. HAUSER: Well, you know, the thing is I didn't expect him to testify. So my argument's kind of in flux right now, I'm not

1	is present with his attorneys, Mr. Shaygan and Mr. Hauser. Both
2	deputy district attorneys, Ms. Rose Goodman, as well as Mr. Lexis,
3	are present.
4	Anything outside the presence of the jury?
5	MR. LEXIS: No, Judge.
6	MR. HAUSER: No.
7	THE COURT: All right. Let's go.
8	[Jury reconvened at 2:20 p.m.]
9	THE COURT: Both sides stipulate to the presence of the
10	jury?
11	MR. LEXIS: Yes, Judge.
12	MR. HAUSER: Yes, Judge.
13	THE COURT: All right. We are now in the State's rebuttal
14	presentation.
15	MR. LEXIS: Detective Marin.
16	JASON MARIN,
17	[having been recalled as a witness and first duly sworn, testified as
18	follows:]
19	THE CLERK: Thank you. You may be seated. Please state
20	your complete name, and spell both your first and last name for the
21	record.
22	THE WITNESS: Jason Marin, J-A-S-O-N, M-A-R-I-N.
23	THE CLERK: Thank you.
24	///
25	///
	100

## **DIRECT EXAMINATION**

'		DIRECT EXAMINATION
2	BY MR.	LEXIS:
3	Q	Detective, do you remember interviewing the defendant?
4	A	Yes.
5	Q	And as far as tactics, is it common for detectives to hold
6	back ce	rtain evidence and then present certain evidence, and as a
7	tactic to	get them to talk and see what they're going to say?
8	A	Yes.
9	Q	Okay. Did you initially confront the defendant on whether
10	or not h	e knew about the shooting?
11	A	Yes.
12	Q	And what was his response?
13	A	He denied knowing about the shooting.
14	Q	After looping back and confronting him some more, what
15	did di	d he eventually change his story?
16	Α	Yes. He said he heard that a shooting had occurred on
17	Linn La	ne.
18	Q	Okay. Did you eventually, during this interview, ask him
19	knew a	man named Shorty?
20	Α	Yes.
21	Q	And what did he initially say?
22	Α	He denied knowing Shorty.
23	Q	After confronting him with some more evidence and
24	asking l	nim again, did he switch his story?
25	A	He said he knew a Short Dog.

1	O.	Now, did you keep prying?	
2	A	Yes.	
3	Q.	And, eventually, what did he say?	
4	A	He said he did know Shorty.	
5	Q.	Sir, did he ever mention that he knew a DeAndre Woods?	
6	A	No.	
7	Q	Was there any evidence in this investigation linking those	
8	two as k	knowing each other?	
9	A	No.	
10	Q	Now, sir, obviously, one of the tactics you were going to	
11	use to try to get him to talk and extract evidence is this fingerprint,		
12	correct?		
13	A	Correct.	
14	Q	This fingerprint found in the vehicle?	
15	A	Correct.	
16	Q	Okay. Did you confront him on that you had a fingerprint	
17	in the ve	ehicle?	
18	A	Yes.	
19	Q	Did you press him and ask him more and more about it?	
20	A	Yes. I mentioned the fingerprint several times.	
21	a	Okay. Did he eventually start saying, Oh, well, I happened	
22	to be in	a vehicle the night before?	
23	A	Yes.	
24	a	Okay. Did you ever described for him to him, before	
25	giving h	im an opportunity to explain the vehicle, what the vehicle	
		102	

1	actually	was where the fingerprint was found?
2	А	No.
3	Q	Okay. And how did he describe this vehicle?
4	А	And older model sedan in beat-up condition.
5	a	Did he ever tell you it was an Audi?
6	А	No.
7	Q	And with pressing him some more, did he reveal whether
8	he was	the driver or the passenger of that vehicle?
9	A	The passenger.
10		MR. LEXIS: Nothing further.
11		THE COURT: Cross, Mr. Hauser?
12		MR. HAUSER: Yes, Judge.
13		CROSS-EXAMINATION
14	BY MR.	HAUSER:
15	Q	Detective, has anyone ever lied to you in your life?
16	А	Yes.
17	Q	In your job?
18	А	Yes.
19	a	Do people get nervous speaking to the police?
20	A	Yes.
21	Q	Do people in bad neighborhoods, when you're asking
22	about sl	hootings, get nervous talking to the police?
23	А	Yes.
24	Q	Do those people sometimes change their story
25	afterwa	rds?
1		

1	A	Yes.
2	Q	A lot of times when they change their story, do they end
3	up tellin	g you the truth?
4	A	No. Not always.
5	Q	Not always, but sometimes, right?
6	A	Maybe.
7	Q	No one ever tells you the truth?
8	A	Correct. People tell us the truth. But when you're saying
9	people a	are continuing lying, then tell us the truth, it's very rare.
10	Q	They don't ever confess later, tell you the truth?
11	Α	Sometimes. It's rare.
12	Q	You've been down in this neighborhood, right?
13	A	Yes.
14	Q	Is it fair to say that there's only one in the entire
15	neighborhood older model beat-up four-door sedan?	
16	A	No.
17	Q	There might be more?
18	Α	Yes.
19	Q	Even some that are gray or silver and tan in color?
20	A	Yes.
21		MR. HAUSER: I have nothing further at this time.
22		THE COURT: Okay.
23		MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Your Honor, a moment of
24	indulger	nce before the witness
25		THE COURT: Sure. Yeah.

1	MR. HAUSER: We're all set, Judge. Thank you.
2	THE COURT: Okay. State?
3	MR. LEXIS: Nothing further, Judge.
4	THE COURT: Anything from the jurors? All right.
5	So this time you really are released.
6	THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Please don't share your testimony with
8	anyone else involved in the case.
9	THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Have a great day.
11	State?
12	MR. LEXIS: State rests, Judge.
13	THE COURT: All right. Okay. At this time do the parties
14	need a second to set up for closing arguments, or are we ready to
15	go? Obviously, I have to read the instructions and everything.
16	MR. HAUSER: Yeah. I can grab some exhibits while
17	you're doing that.
18	MR. LEXIS: Judge, can we approach real quick?
19	THE COURT: Sure.
20	[Bench conference transcribed as follows.]
21	MR. LEXIS: I need to go get my thumb drive, Judge.
22	That's it. But I could do that while you're reading instructions.
23	MS. GOODMAN: [Indiscernible] 30 of them.
24	MR. LEXIS: Yeah. Are you guys ready?
25	MR. HAUSER: Oh, yeah. I just need to get some exhibits

1	from over here, and I'm ready.
2	THE COURT: Okay. While he's doing this, you go get
3	that, and you get that.
4	MR. HAUSER: Yeah. Yeah, yeah.
5	MR. LEXIS: Okay.
6	[End of bench conference.]
7	[Pause in proceedings.]
8	THE DEFENDANT: Excuse me, Your Honor.
9	THE COURT: Just one second.
10	THE DEFENDANT: I want to say something.
11	MR. HAUSER: Don't do that.
12	MS. GOODMAN: Your Honor, may we approach, please.
13	THE COURT: Sure.
14	[Bench conference transcribed as follows.]
15	MS. GOODMAN: I would rather have a break if there is
16	something that he just can't contain himself on, outside the
17	presence. Or is he going to be fine?
18	THE COURT: Or does he have an issue?
19	MR. HAUSER: Perpetually. But up to you.
20	THE COURT: What is he is what he wants to talk to me
21	about something you didn't do probably, like answer a specific
22	question?
23	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Yep.
24	MR. HAUSER: Yeah.
25	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Yep.

THE COURT: Or whatever --

MR. HAUSER: Cool.

MS. GOODMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.

[End of bench conference.]

THE COURT: All right. Ladies and gentlemen, now is the time that I will read you the instructions on the law that applies to this case. So each of you, obviously, can read along with me, but you also get to take them back in the room. I'm a really quick reader, and sometimes jurors panic that they're not going to get those when they get back. But I promise you those will go back. So feel free to take notes on them or whatever, they will go back to you, as well as your notepads, in the deliberations room. Okay? All right.

## [Jury instructions read.]

THE COURT: So, ladies and gentlemen, we have now reached the portion of this trial where closing arguments are given. Since the State has the burden of proof, they are allowed to both give the open and close of the closing arguments.

So, State, I will turn it over to you.

MS. GOODMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.

## **CLOSING ARGUMENT FOR THE STATE**

MS. GOODMAN: Ladies and gentlemen, we heard, Fuck Shorty, pop, pop, pop, pop, pop, eight times. The State of Nevada has to prove two things in any criminal trial. That is, number one, a crime has been committed; and number two, it's the

 defendant who committed the crime. I don't think that there's much dispute on whether or not a crime was committed. But, since we still hold our burden, which we're proud to bear, I still have to teach you about the law, what the law says and how, elementally, does this fit this crime.

So we're going to break down the crimes in itself. So we have three counts of attempt murder with use of deadly weapon.

One count is for DeAndre Woods. One count is for Jonathan Sanchez. And one count is Fernando Espinoza.

Battery with use of deadly weapon resulting in substantial bodily harm, times two, which is Jonathan Sanchez and one for Fernando Espinoza.

Then we have the count for assault with deadly weapon, which the victim in this case was -- in that count is DeAndre Woods.

Discharging a firearm at or into an occupied structure. So we're going to break down all these charges. But the easiest one to break down is what a deadly weapon is. So a deadly weapon is, one, an instrument in the ordinary manner contemplated by design and construction will or is likely to cause substantial bodily harm or death. Like for number one, a firearm, by its own basic design, when you shoot it and you pull the trigger, it's meant to cause bodily harm, or it can.

Or -- and now whenever you see an and or or, it's an or test. Not a -- it's a -- I can either stick it in my number one or number two.

Two, any weapon under the circumstances in which it's used, attempted to be used, or threatened to be used, is readily capable of causing substantial bodily harm or death. What that means is if I take a pen, which is just a pen that you write with on an everyday basis, but since -- now, with Mr. Lexis walking in, I start stabbing him with that pen, that means that pen turns into a deadly weapon. Why? Because now I'm using that pen to cause substantial bodily harm. That's what that part is.

Well, in this case, we know that a firearm was used.

Oop, -- sorry. State does not have to recover or produce the deadly weapon. Okay. So, why? It makes sense, right? When somebody just does a shooting, the first thing that typically happens, go and ditch the gun. Okay. That's what our common sense says it's -- you typically don't carry the gun with you after committing a shooting. So the State does not have to recover or produce a deadly weapon to prove beyond a reasonable doubt the deadly weapon was used.

Again, had it easier, because it's a firearm that's used. We know it was used, because there's bullets inside bodies. So a firearm is a deadly weapon. So every single count that you see deadly weapon, deadly weapon -- that that portion's satisfied.

So battery with use of deadly weapon resulting in substantial bodily harm. So one, we have to prove a battery that happened with a deadly weapon, and it -- that substantial bodily harm occurred. So we're going to break those down.

What is a battery? Battery means any wilful and unlawful use of force or violence upon the person of another. Again, a push, a shove, I if take this pointer and throw it at Mr. Lexis, those are all batteries. Any slight touching not done on accident.

Substantial bodily harm means bodily injury which creates substantial risk of death or which causes serious permanent disfigurement or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ. Again, there's the or, so it's either one or two or both.

Two, prolonged physical pain. And what that means is some physical suffering or injury that lasts longer than the pain immediately resulting from the wrongful act. Again, it's pretty easy in this case, right? So Fernando Espinoza, gunshot wound to the stomach and wrist. Several surgeries, last surgery was just two weeks ago. You saw that he just had that on his arm. Still suffering four months later. Scar from the gunshot, permanent disfigurement, right? He's still suffering. He -- it's not like he recovered in the same second that the gunshot happened; he's still recovering four months later. Easy, substantial bodily harm is met on Fernando.

Jonathan, shot in both legs, walks with a cane, left leg, bullet's still in there, impaired walking, right leg scarring. Again, he's walking with a cane. Substantial bodily harm, ladies and gentlemen, that's easy.

Okay. So assault with deadly weapon. So battery with

use of deadly weapon resulting in substantial bodily harm. You have the battery, because bullet -- you've got shot with a bullet, right? That's the battery. You have the deadly weapon with the firearm. Substantial bodily harm. All those things we just talked about. Easy. Battery with substantial bodily harm in this case is met by beyond a reasonable doubt with the crimes committed.

So assault with a deadly weapon, what does that mean?

A person who unlawfully attempts to use physical force or intentionally places another person in reasonable apprehension of a immediate bodily harm is guilty of assault with deadly weapon.

To constitute an assault, it's not necessary that the actual injury be inflicted. Okay. Well, I know it sounded like a silly question, because when we point guns in peoples' face or towards them or shoot bullets at them, you're going to be in fear of your life, because of -- you're getting a firearm aimed at you.

Again, assault with deadly weapon is pretty easy in this case. DeAndre testified, yeah, I was scared. Bullets were actually fired at him. Any reasonable person would be scared of that, which assault with deadly weapon is met. So again, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the crime of assault with deadly weapon was committed.

Oh, we just talked about aiming a firearm at DeAndre, firing at DeAndre, both constitutes the assault.

Again, evidence where DeAndre was sitting in that black plastic chair that's all shot up, but had he moved, he would be shot

So discharging at or into occupied structure; what is that? What is that count? Willfully and maliciously discharges firearm at or into any house that is occupied. What do we have here? Again, easy. Shoots eight rounds towards the house and into the house, which, because it struck the house twice in the garage, occupied by grownups and kids. You heard from DeAndre that there's kids in that home. There's also adults in that home.

Again, beyond a reasonable doubt discharging at or into occupied structure is met, pretty -- all, again, easy.

So comes up with attempt murder with use of deadly weapon. An attempt murder is a little bit bigger of a charge, right? Because it's attempt murder with use of deadly weapon. So there's a little bit more elements to be met in attempt murder.

So what's an attempt? This isn't a murder; it's an attempt. So what's an attempt? Number one, the attempt to commit the crime, performance of some act towards its commission, and failure to consummate. So it's -- I'm going to go up to a house and shoot at a bunch of people, but I actually don't kill them, it's an attempt, not a murder.

But what's the attempt murder? Performance of an act or acts which tend, but fail to kill a human being. When such acts are done with express malice, mingling with a deliberate intention to unlawfully kill, it is not necessary to prove the elements of premeditation and deliberation in order to prove attempt murder.

When we hear murder, what's the first thing we kind of think about?

That premeditated, oh, I meant to go do this; that's not an element of attempt murder.

So what's express malice? The deliberate intention unlawfully to take away the life of a human, which is manifested by external circumstances capable of proof. Unfortunately, in crimes, we don't have manifestos, we don't have somebody or confessions all the time, we don't have the reasons why people do things.

So how we get to that express malice is all the factors that happen in the case. And you're actually instructed, the intention to kill may be ascertained and deduced from the facts and circumstances of the killing, such as the use of a weapon, again, firearm, the manner of its use, and attendant circumstances characterized in the act.

So how do we know the attempt murder happened in this case? Well, Donko states, Fuck Shorty. Aims and shoots and sprays into people and hitting the house, hitting two people. Express malice, when you point, aim, and fire a weapon, there is one thing you're trying to do. You're not trying to scare them. When you're aiming at someone, pointing a gun, shooting, pop, pop, pop, pop, pop, it's not one shot, not two shots, not even three shots. Eight shots. Express malice.

Bullet impacted the house, not just all around.

[Indiscernible] on the [indiscernible], please. Again, ladies and gentlemen, this case is not -- you see the casings, you see the bullet

holes, you see the bullet part holes to the house. You see the chair that DeAndre almost got shot. I showed you pictures of Fernando, who got shot in the abdomen and in the wrist. Jonathan, who got shot right -- well, you saw where he got shot up in his upper thighs. We all know what's in the upper thighs, arteries and stuff. Ladies and gentlemen, attempt murder is satisfied in this case. We have proved beyond a reasonable doubt that attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon was committed in this case.

So why are we here? Right? Why did we just spend all this time presenting evidence if we know all the things were committed? Well, we also have to prove another thing, right? The defendant is the one who committed the crime.

And in this case, right, who did it? Ted Donko, and we'll tell you why. But who -- the shooter equals Ted Donko. How do we know that?

So you have Mr. Ramos. He says two to five minutes later -- two -- and I'm sorry, about two minutes, he said, Saw Donko pulling around the corner quickly in the Toyota. Describes white male with red shirt.

Now, Mr. Ramos, who sees the defendant, doesn't say
Mexican male or Hispanic male. He says white. See Donko park
and exit the car, acting suspicious, patting his pants, goes back to
the car, runs off to surf. Tells police, identifies the car.

Now, in court he identifies Donko. And as you heard in the last cross-exam -- or the cross-examination of the detective,

right, people get nervous from this neighborhood. Do people not want to get up there and tell you everything that happened?

Obviously.

Are people scared to come up and testify? Do people want to sit on this stand, look that man, and say, yeah, that's him. That one. Ladies and gentlemen, common sense. When your mother lives in this neighborhood, your mom lives in this neighborhood, the last thing you want to do is point out somebody and say, That guy. The last thing.

So he goes out in the hallway and knows he has to come back and do the right thing. That's what he does. And he identifies Ted Donko, that gentleman right there. He was too scared to do it the first time, and he had to come back and do it the second.

But he identifies him as white, identifies Donko. That came out of that same vehicle.

But Mr. Ramos is not the only witness that we had in this case that identifies Ted. We have the Toyota. So that gray, sandy, whatever you want to call -- whatever color you want to call it, the gray Toyota. And by the way, you see it at the -- it's dull. That car right next to it is a silver car. You see that the silver/gray, the color difference in there. It's easy to confuse. You have the Toyota, which the license plate was found wedged between the driver's seat and the console there. That's for the -- that's a plate.

And what does that plate have? It identifies the fingerprint of Ted Donko. You see a cartridge and what is that --

what's unique about that cartridge? Again, same cartridge that's found at the scene of the crime. Same head stamp, same thing, just not fired.

Weird. Right? Not so much of a coincidence anymore that two people identified Ted Donko. One person as the shooter, one person that says that he got out of the vehicle. Now you have cartridge casings from the same shooting that just occurred. Not a coincidence, ladies and gentlemen. Not a mere coincidence.

So now you have DeAndre Woods. Now, DeAndre, as you saw up on the stand, is from that neighborhood. As you saw, DeAndre said that he saw Donko the day before. At no time, no time in this case, besides the defendant's statement, did DeAndre say, Yeah, yeah, I smoked weed with him. I know him from the block. I know him. No.

What's he say? I saw him the day before the shooting. He was asking for Shorty, sees the same car that he pulled up in, the same Donko on the red shirt. Here -- oh, then the days and the next day, same Donko in the red shirt, drives up in the same car. Hears him say, Fuck Shorty. Picks him out of a lineup. Okay? That lineup right there, yeah, we -- the detectives aren't in the business of putting a bunch of Hispanic males and then him taking it out the one person that was white. That's not what the detectives are going to do. The detectives are going to -- whatever specs of Donko, that's what the detectives are going to put in their lineup.

He picks him up out of the lineup. Those witness

instructions don't pick anybody out if you don't recognize them as the shooter. Right? Don't pick them out of the lineup, you're not just picking any individual out that you know.

He then put -- but he puts up -- he puts in that it's 95 percent the shooter. And you heard, Oh, well, what DeAndre, what would make it 100 percent? If his hair was shorter.

You didn't hear DeAndre say, Oh, if he didn't have tattoos, yeah, that would be him. Or if I thought he was white and/or -- I -- maybe if he was more Hispanic, it would be him. No. Right? He says that -- he picked and circled, that that's the shooter.

You heard him that he testified at the preliminary hearing in this case. Still identifies the defendant.

Identifies him at trial. And, ladies and gentlemen, did DeAndre sit up here and immediately say, Yeah, that's him, that's him, that's the guy, that's the guy, I'm 100 percent sure? He's, like, Yeah, that's him. Yeah, that guy. And he's looking at him, looking at him, looking at him, looking at him.

And then he sits there and I say, DeAndre, are you 100 percent sure that this is the guy? 100 percent? He looked at him, did you see? It's not like he automatically was, like, Yep. He sat here looking at him, looking at him. And what does he say? I'm sure. It's not like he's making a quick judgment that this is definitely -- this is the guy. He wants to look at him, he wants to see, Yeah, that's him. Just to make sure. He says, I'm sure.

Then he says, This whole thing about defendant, that

where the car went, where the direction was going. He says went toward Charleston and goes towards Christie.

But again, ladies and gentlemen, it's not just Mr. Ramos's testimony that we have. It's not just DeAndre Woods' identification that we have. What do we also have? A red shirt. Again, coincidence? Coincidence that it's just laying around the block? This red shirt was found, Ted Donko.

Now, let's talk about this contributor, right? Someone else's DNA is on that shirt. Someone else -- that's someone else's shirt. I don't know, maybe my shirt, but somebody -- I don't know. 99 to 1. 99 to Donko, 1 to the other contributor.

Ladies and gentlemen, use your common sense on what that means. I don't have to point that out. I mean, 99 to 1 is Ted Donko's DNA is on that shirt. So 13.6 octillion times more likely it originated from Ted Donko.

That number is huge. Right? That number is huge. In a science world, it's not just yes, absolutely, 100 percent sure, because that's not how scientists work. Right? But it's 13.6 octillion times more likely to be Ted Donko's DNA on that shirt, a 99-to-1 contributor, 99 being Ted Donko.

And you have the surveillance. And you're going to have this. And I encourage you to watch it. And when you watch it, and you watch it over again if you choose to, just happens to have a man who's walking the same direction in a red shirt, who's bald, looking around. And when you watch that shirt -- when you watch

that and when you see the stills, look at it. Okay. Look at it. I don't think you're going to see a Hispanic Mexican dude in that video or on those stills.

So just coincidence that the shooting happened at 56

Lane -- 56 Linn Lane and the car headed to Charleston towards

Christie, and that just coincidence that Christie goes back up and
goes back into that neighborhood? Coincidence that Ramos,
minutes later, minutes thereafter, identified the defendant coming
out of that same Toyota Corolla where the cartridge was found, the
same cartridge that matched the casings in a shooting? Just
coincidence that then the surveillance shows a red shirt?

Coincidence that Ted Donko's shirt is then left in the path of two
where he was staying.

Ladies and gentlemen, it's not coincidence. Right? It's not a coincidence.

We have the casings and -- the casings, we have the head stamp of all those casings which match. Which match the cartridge found in the car.

So the evidence. DeAndre identifies Donko. Ramos identifies Donko. Donko's fingerprints are on the license plate found inside that Toyota. Fingerprints. So unique, right? So unique that that's how you tell twins apart. That's your fingerprints. Every individual has their fingerprints. It just doesn't happen -- by happenstance, having Ted Donko's on them.

Why was a license plate important to the detective? Well,

it's something that you grab, in and out. It just so happens that that car doesn't have a license plate on it right after the scene of a shooting. Donko's DNA on the red shirt. 99 to 1. Head stamps from casings match the head stamp found in the vehicle. The WIN - same WIN .04 S&W. Donko lives right up the street. So what makes sense?

Ladies and gentlemen, I asked you at the beginning of this trial to use your common sense. I keep saying, common sense, common sense, what makes sense in this case? Well, here's the map.

Who can make a clean getaway? You heard that these officers arrived two minutes after the shooting, a little over two minutes after the shooting, right? Who can make a clean getaway? Well, you have Donko, who is passenger, shooting, and then you have the driver. Plenty of time -- plenty of time to let a passenger out, license plate's off the car, jump in the car, and haul it back to your neighborhood where you know you can make a clean getaway.

You know that if you go right around the block, you can take your shirt off and get to your house. Plenty of time. That block's not that big. But who can make the clean getaway? Well, he can.

We know by driving from Linn Street up and around the block, that's not going to take two minutes. That's not going to -- especially when you're going back and Ramos, why did Ramos

notice the car? It's hauling butt turning the corner. That's why he notices it.

Again, who can make a clean getaway? Well, Donko can. His house is right here. Shoots, goes, goes to the pass, knows he can ditch the car. Goes -- and you can see in that video, he's, like, oh, oh, notice -- that's not parked on Linn. That's not -- that doesn't go back to the crime scene, right? That's not parked at Linn. Strategically, it's parked right at Surf.

Knows the block. How do you know -- how do you think -you think it's another coincidence that Toyota's just parked right
there by Surf? No. You know this block. You know that you can up
Surf, you can go down the other block, ditch your shirt, go back
home before you get seen on Linn.

Who can make a clean getaway? He can.

Again, I'm not just telling you to use your common sense because, you know, that's what I -- that's what your dad says. Use your common sense, every day, or your parents are, like, Use your common sense today. No, ladies and gentlemen, you don't just check your common sense at the door. You don't take all of your experiences in life and just say, Oh, nope, I'm a juror now, can't think about all that other stuff. No.

Although you are to consider only the evidence in this case in reaching a verdict, you must bring to the consideration of evidence your everyday common sense and judgment as reasonable men and women. Thus, you are not limited solely to

what you see and hear as witnesses testifying. You may draw reasonable inferences form the evidence which you are feel justified in the light of common experience, keeping in mind that such inferences should not be based on speculation and guess. A verdict may never be influenced by sympathy, prejudice, or public opinion. You're just in it to the be the product of sincere judgment and sound discretion in accordance with these rules of law.

Ladies and gentlemen, as I said to you at the beginning of this trial, and I will say it to you at the end of this trial, use your common sense. Use your reason as men and women in this case.

You're going to find the verdict form. Battery with use of a deadly weapon resulting in substantial bodily harm. Guilty of battery with the use of deadly weapon resulting in substantial bodily harm.

You're going to see that you see guilty of battery with a deadly weapon, guilty of battery and also guilty of bodily harm, guilty of battery -- we have already talked about all the charges.

We -- the charge aren't going to speak in this case.

Guilty on Count 1, guilty on Count 2, guilty on Count 3, 4, 5, with the intent to murder, with use of a deadly weapon charge, guilty on 6, and guilty on 7.

Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, Ted Donko in this case is the shooter. DeAndre Woods, I'm sure. Ramos, that's the guy. DNA, fingerprints. Ladies and gentlemen, find him guilty on all counts.

Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

Mr. Hauser, do you need set-up or anything?

MR. HAUSER: I'm going to use this, but that's about it.

THE COURT: Do you -- I meant, did you -- do you need the podium, is what I meant.

MR. HAUSER: No, I don't need the podium.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. HAUSER: No, thank you, Judge.

How do I turn this? Like that.

## REBUTTAL CLOSING ARGUMENT FOR THE DEFENDANT

MR. HAUSER: A Mexican man with no tattoos committed this crime. Two Mexican men drove up, shot up a driveway, and got away with it. Because instead, Ted Donko sits here. A Mexican man with no tattoos committed this crime.

Members of the jury, you heard the State talk a lot about the evidence that's before you. And when they list it all out like that, it sounds like a lot. Well, there's ID, there's another ID, there's fingerprints, there's DNA. That's the simple way of looking at it.

What I'm asking you to do today is not easy. What I'm asking you to do today is not take the easy way out. I'm asking you to look at this very carefully. Because when you look at the evidence in this case very carefully, you'll see that you have two choices, because you have two different sets of evidence that contradict each other in every way. Which one are you going to

believe?

But the problem is neither of them gets you to beyond a reasonable doubt that Ted Donko committed this crime. A Mexican man with no tattoos shot up that house.

Ms. Rose told you a few moments ago that she was proud to bear the burden in this case. But for someone who's so proud to bear that burden, she didn't actually tell you a lot about what it was. That's because it's not something the State likes to talk about, because of just how high that burden is.

The State has to prove to you each and every element in this case beyond a reasonable doubt. As you heard, that's the highest burden in our justice system. There is no courtroom anywhere in America in any way with a higher burden than this one right here. Because here in America, we value freedom more than money. So when money's at stake, the burden's just more likely than not.

But that's not what's at stake today. For Ted, it's freedom itself. It's liberty. And this burden is the price the government has to pay if they want to take that away. That's why the burden is so high.

And that's why the State and the State alone bears it.

Because we as the defense, we don't bear that burden. In our justice system, you don't have to come up here and prove that you are innocent. You sit before that court, innocent unless proven guilty.

So Kambi and I, we don't have to do anything in this trial. We didn't have to ask any questions. When you were all sitting in here with a full panel, Kambi didn't have to get up here and ask you anything. He didn't have to make an opening. We didn't have to get up here and question any witnesses. Ted didn't have to take the stand. And I don't have to be up here right now.

I could have sat here next to Kambi this entire trial and not said a single word, just like this. And it wouldn't change where the burden lies. The State and the State alone has to provide yo with the evidence you need to reach the highest burden in the land, to give you an abiding conviction that only Ted Donko could have committed this crime. The evidence today doesn't meet that burden.

So let's start talking about it. Our main witness in this whole case, we know, is DeAndre Woods. Because DeAndre Woods is the only person who was at the shooting who then IDs Mr. Donko. And I know he pointed to him in here, and Ms. Rose made a big deal about her standing over here and making sure that it was okay.

But let's think about what that ID actually entails. Because if we're to believe that Ted Donko is the shooter based on DeAndre Woods, we have to disbelieve DeAndre Woods. Because he's the only person that you heard from in here to give you a description of the shooter. He didn't say white guy, tatted up on his face and arms. He said a Mexican man with no tattoos, no facial hair, and a

bald head. That was his exact description to the police.

And I confirmed that with Detective Marin on the stand.

Because DeAndre, he came up here, and I get it, we're all nervous.

But the thing is, when I asked him about it, he started waffling.

Well, that's not what I told the cops. Well, you know, I was trying to tell them that I didn't really get a good look at the guy.

In fact, from behind the car all the way down the driveway on the other side of the shooter's car, I couldn't really see him, because I was focused on his eyes and his eyes alone. And the gun. I could only see the gun and his eyes.

What does this story tell us? This story tells us that, one, we know that isn't how appearances work. We know when you're 20 feet away, you're not only looking at the eyes and not seeing the rest of the face. And you certainly wouldn't just make it up. When the cops ask you that question, you're not going to be, like, eh, I'll just pick a race out of a hat, I'll pick a description out of a hat and, eh, that'll stick. No. You want to give the description of who you just saw.

Now, of course, he's trying to get away. Which is reasonable. Which means we should probably rely on the description from the day before, when he had a face-to-face conversation with the man he says showed up later. Who was that man? A Mexican man with no tattoos, no facial hair, and a bald head. That's the description of the shooter in this case.

So if we're to believe his identification, we have to ignore

what the detective told us is the important description. Because the detective told us on the stand just today, you interview people on the day of, because it's the most fresh in their minds. Not what is now 136 days later. That's not when you remember the most details. You remember it right away. And right away, what did he tell us? A Mexican man with no tattoos, no facial hair, and a bald head committed this crime.

You know what he didn't tell us? It was Ted Donko. He never told that to the police. And that's all that you need. Because it turns out he knows Ted. And apparently he doesn't like to admit that on the stand, which I get. No one wants to come before the Court and say, like, oh, yeah, I get high with dudes in my neighborhood. That's not something you want to confess to a group of strangers, much less a judge or a DA who could prosecute you. So he didn't want to say.

But he knows Ted. Ted has lived in that neighborhood four years and they've gotten high together. And if you see someone you know committing a crime, and they ask you what you look like, you have two options. One, you can lie, but we're not supposed to do that, and we don't believe he did here. Or two, you get an accurate description. You tell then exactly who you saw. And if you happen to know the name, you'd say. Who committed the shooting? Oh, it was Ted Donko. That's what he would have said if it had actually been Ted.

But what we're left with instead is the person who actually

 did it, and he's not in this courtroom. He's a Mexican man with no tattoos, no facial hair, and a bald head.

So why did he pick him out of a lineup? Why, if he didn't think Ted was the guy, did he bother to point him out in the lineup? We all saw the lineup. You're going to see it again back there. Who's the closest to the description he gave? It's Ted. Which of these six guys is a face he knows? Ted's. Which of these guys has he seen around the area of the shooting before, because he lives in the neighborhood? Ted.

So when he's looking at a lineup of six guys who don't match his description of the shooter at all, he did the best he could.

And he picked the only face he knew. And I get that.

When you're under pressure, when the cops are asking you questions, you want to be helpful. You don't want to tell them that they're wrong, so you pick Ted. That's how we get here. Everything comes from that lineup. Everything comes from the fingerprint.

But what it doesn't mean is that we throw away the fresh testimony, a Mexican man, no tattoos, no facial hair, and a bald head. And, members of the jury, I want you to think all the way back to the first witness in the case, the officer who was the initial responder, Officer Hennig.

I asked him on the stand, What was the initial description you got? Oh, it was for two Hispanic males. Who gave you that description? The witnesses at the scene. Was it DeAndre Woods

who gave it to you? No, it was someone else. And how did he describe those witnesses by race? Hispanic.

So the Hispanic witnesses who were there said it was
Hispanic guys. DeAndre Woods, who was there, said it was
Mexican guys. We don't know who did it. All we know is what they
look like. Mexican man, no tattoos, no facial hair, and a bald head.

DeAndre Woods' ID gets us nowhere in this case. When the witness has to contradict himself, that does not meet the standard you have to. That is not proof beyond a reasonable doubt. Which means you must not convict Ted Donko.

But there's a second ID. Mr. Ramos, he ID'd him the second time around. So what did we learn? When he saw the car pull up in front, he says he saw Ted get out and walk away. So we're talking about an interaction that he had no particular reason to remember. Because after all, when someone pulls up in front of somebody's house, you might see them, and if they walk away, okay. We're done here. There's nothing particularly memorable about that.

If Ted had been waving a gun around in the air, maybe there would be some reason to remember all the specific details of this. But he wasn't. This is just some guy who pulls up and walks away. So how long does that take? A few seconds? Even if you have a patted waist. A few seconds. Looking down at the street at a man apparently he hadn't seen before, that you're now asked to identify 135 days later.

Members of the jury, I applaud you sincerely if any of you can remember a single face you saw 135 days ago that isn't a member of your family. I sure can't. I have no idea who I saw that time. But they've had no interaction since then.

So why didn't Mr. Ramos ID him the first time? Because he isn't sure. The only way he got to be sure was to sit right here for 20 minutes and look at the guys at the table that says, Defendant. He knows why we're here. We're here to try. He knows it's not someone sitting here. I'm asking questions, so he knows it isn't me. It's obviously not Kambi, he doesn't look anything like the guy.

So what's the conclusion he comes to? Well, I've been sitting here for 20 minutes. There's clearly something wrong here. I guess it's the guy at the table I don't know. Must be that guy, he's a white guy that looks kind of similar to someone I saw for a few seconds a 135 days ago. That's the best thing the State can say in this case.

But here's the problem with that. What the State wants you to believe is that not only is that a good ID, which is it, but that that man that walked and was caught on video. Let's talk about the video then.

The video you just saw is a guy who's clearly white, walking behind a fence, and that's it. Well, what you can tell when you watch that video closely is that's a white guy, not a Mexican guy, that he's not bald, and that he has facial hair.

So here's, then, what we're left with. The State has two options when it comes to this video. Either that's Ted Donko or it's the shooter. It cannot be both. And here's part of the reason why.

One, obviously, the description doesn't match. And two, the timeline doesn't match. What we heard is 911 call, immediately, officers respond 12:14 on the dot. When is the video filmed? We asked the woman on the stand. 12:15, on the dot. Not around 12:15. 12:15.

So the shooters have to shoot up a house, drive onto Charleston, and I know Ms. Rose said everything can be accomplished here in two minutes, but that sounds like someone who hasn't driven on Charleston during the day. Drive up Charleston, drive around the block, come to a different place, apparently drop off the other passenger -- who, by the way, is the one alleged to have done the shooting -- somewhere else, get in front of Mr. Ramos's house, park, get out, pat himself down, walk down the street a couple of houses till he's caught on video. And that has to take 45 seconds. That's what that has to be. If that's the shooter, that can't happen. That timeline is impossible.

So the other explanation is that's Ted Donko. What does that mean? That Ted has a red shirt and lives in the area? We know those things. We know Ted's not bald. We know he has facial hair. We know he's not Hispanic. And we know that that's all true at the time of the shooting. The State can't have this both ways. Either he's the suspect or he's the guy in the video. Or the

guy in the video is the suspect and it isn't Ted. It has to be one or the other. It's impossible for it to be the shooter or Ted. The video doesn't actually add up. It adds nothing to the case.

And this is where the evidence starts to contradict itself. What we have to do to believe the State's case is believe a video, ignore the witness. Believe the witness, ignore the video. Ignore the forensic evidence, believe the witness. Or vice versa. But that doesn't work. That's not how the justice system works.

So what about that forensic evidence? Does the forensic evidence actually put Ted Donko at the scene of the crime? No. Not one piece of evidence in this case, be it the description of the shooter or the fingerprints found or the DNA actually puts Ted at the scene. The State sounds pretty sure it's him, but the evidence doesn't actually tell us that.

What the evidence tells us, when we talk about the fingerprints, is that Ted touched a license plate. That is literally all it tells us. It doesn't tell us Ted touched the license plate that is attached to the car that the shooter was apparently driving, because that's not the license plate for that car. All it tells us is at some point, and we don't know when, Ted Donko touched a license plate.

So what did he tell you today? He's a mechanic by trade. That's it. That's all the State can tell us off the fingerprints is that a mechanic might have touched a license plate at some point?

MS. GOODMAN: Your Honor --

THE COURT: Approach.

license plate in a car. So everybody understands that admonishment? All right. Everybody's nodding their head yes.

Carry on, please.

MR. HAUSER: Thank you, Judge.

What the fingerprint tells us is nothing. Doesn't put Ted on the scene, doesn't put him in the car. Which leaves us, then, with the last piece of evidence, the DNA. And DNA is like that mysterious three-letter word that *CSI* always throws around, because, well, if there's DNA, someone has to be guilty, right? Like, that's always how crime shows work.

That's not how real life works. So in real life, the DNA only tells us someone touched an object at some point. That's what we learned. And it doesn't actually mean that they're the only people that touched it. What we heard from the DNA expert on the stand was, well, not everyone that touched a shirt leaves DNA behind. You can and you can't. How many people touched the shirt in this case? We don't know.

We know that Ted did. We know that for a fact, because they swabbed the places where people tend to sweat, like me.

Right here and under the arms.

But the thing is, if someone else's DNA is here or here, logic tells us they also wore that shirt. That's what common sense tells us. It doesn't tell us that they picked it up off the street or took it out of a car and just left it somewhere. They had to actually wear it.

So we know that the shirt that ties him to the shooting wasn't only worn by him. And that's important. Who is this other person? Was that person a Mexican shooter with no facial hair, no tattoos, and a bald head? We have no idea. But the fact that we can't answer those questions means we have doubts. And if we have doubts, the State hasn't met its burden.

All of the evidence in this case leaves us with doubts. The IDs are suspect or requires to ignore it. The video timeline does not match or it is Ted and he walks away, because he's not guilty. The fingerprint doesn't put him at the scene or pulling the trigger. The DNA says it could have been someone else, or it means Ted lost a shirt at some point.

Ted, the homeless guy who was living in the car that didn't lock and got broken into lost a red shirt. That's all we really know. That's all we know for certain.

And if you're expected to give an abiding convictions, I would bet it can't be done.

Excuse me for just a moment. My voice seems to be going after this, I apologize.

Let's talk about what evidence there isn't. What the State wants you to believe is that Ted walked down the street, got caught by Mr. Ramos, got caught by the cameras, walked around the corner, ripped his shirt off, and then just walked home. Okay.

So what evidence would there be if that was true? Might there be someone who's, like, Hey, who's that really tatted guy

 walking down the street with no shirt on right after a shooting?

That person would exist. It seems like a neighborhood with a bunch of cameras, because the detective even [indiscernible] that didn't produce footage.

Might there be a video of a shirtless Ted Donko walking down the street? There might. But there isn't. Because that didn't happen. Might there be fingerprints on those bullets? Might there be DNA on those bullets? Yeah, there might.

And I understand what they're saying. Everybody's said, well, we don't run those tests, it's just standard policy that we don't do that. But here's the thing. It's easy to say that when we're talking about, well, the budget doesn't allow us to do it. That's because the only thing on the line for them is their budget.

But when it's your life on the line, when you're sitting here staring down the barrel of an attempt murder with deadly weapon, seven felony charges, you want them to run those tests. You don't care if it's the budget. You want those results. Ted would love to be able to come up here and tell you, My DNA's not on those bullets, my fingerprints aren't on those bullets. But he can't, because they didn't run the test. And he can't run it himself.

What other evidence are we missing? We heard there were a lot of people at the house when there was a shooting. We heard there were at least two other people there that the officers described as Hispanic, and who described the shooters as Hispanic males. Where are those people? Wouldn't it be nice to know why

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they thought the shooter was Hispanic? Wouldn't it be nice if you got to hear from them? Wouldn't it be nice if we got to question them? Yes. But we don't get to.

So all we have left is the limited contradictory evidence we have before us. He's on the video or he's not the shooter. The fingerprint matches or it doesn't actually put him at the scene. The DNA is his, unless, of course, it isn't, which they admit to. The ID is him if we ignore the ID. This is all they have to rely on. It's all the State has.

And they want you to meet the highest burden in the land with contradictory and flimsy evidence. With so much on the line. With so much at stake for Ted. That simply isn't enough.

Now, Ms. Rose made a big deal about witnesses on the stand being nervous, and maybe that's why the ID was a little weird. You know who else was nervous up there on that stand? Ted. He's got more reason to be nervous than anybody in this courtroom. He's the one that has something to lose, none of the rest of us do.

And he wasn't forced to take that stand. No. Every other witness here, you heard the judge say, You're released from your subpoena. They were required to be here, that's why they were here.

Ted, specifically, has a constitutional right not to get on that stand. He doesn't have to submit to questioning. You didn't have to find out he's a felon. He didn't have to try and explain

himself, because that's not the system we live in.

But he wants to defend himself. And he has done every single thing in his power to do that. No, we don't have footage of him at the Sonic. Because you can't defend yourself against an allegation you don't know is coming. If I ask any of you or if you ask me, can you tell me where you were at noon 45 days ago? And then can you prove it? Almost certainly not. That's not how we live our lives. We're not always prepared for an accusation to come our way at any given time.

So I want you to think very critically about the evidence we have before us. About the Mexican man with no tattoos who committed this crime. Because, members of the jury, you've seen Ted's tattoos. You're going to have the pictures yourselves. And if someone came up and held a gun with an arm that looked like that in what we know is a short-sleeve shirt with nothing else on under it, we'd have heard about it. We hear anything about tattoos. But Mr. Woods said no tattoos, Mr. Ramos said no tattoos. No witness saw anyone with tattoos anywhere in this case. But Ted's had these since 2011.

Members of the jury, we've done everything we can. And this is where I'm done. I don't get to come up here and talk to you again. Mr. Lexis is going to get up and he's going to disagree with everything I'm saying right now by telling you that my theories are outlandish or even ridiculous.

But what I want you to think about is that the State is

consciously asking you to ignore evidence. And try and answer these questions: Which witnesses am I supposed to ignore in order to believe he did it? Which evidence do I get to disregard that says he didn't do it in order to believe he did? Why should I have to believe the forensic evidence or the ID? Because you can't believe both.

Members of the jury, this case is very simple. I'm not up here talking about technicalities. I'm not up here talking about elements. There's no ifs, ands, or buts about it, a crime was committed. These men suffered immense pain, because they were shot by a Mexican man with no tattoos, no facial hair, and a bald head.

Ted Donko is not that man. I ask you to find him not guilty on all charges. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Hauser.

Ladies and gentlemen, how are we doing? Do we need a quick break before the last -- yes, okay. So yeah. All right.

So during the recess you're admonished not to talk or converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject connected to this trial or read, watch, or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial of any person connected with this trial by any medium of information, including, without limitation to newspapers, television, the Internet, and radio, or form or express any opinion on any subject connected with the trial until the case is finally submitted to you.

1	Let's be back at 10 till 4:00. All right? Thank you very
2	much.
3	[Jury recessed at 3:38 p.m.]
4	THE COURT: All right. We're outside the presence.
5	Anything?
6	MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Not from the defense.
7	MR. LEXIS: No, Judge.
8	THE COURT: All right. So we'll go off.
9	[Court recessed at 3:39 p.m., until 3:53 p.m.]
10	[In the presence of the jury.]
11	THE COURT: All right. Thank you. We're back on the
12	record is C-345584, State of Nevada versus Ted Michael Donko. He
13	is present with both of his counsel, Mr. Hauser and Mr. Shaygan.
14	Both deputy district attorneys are also present.
15	Do both sides stipulate to the presence of the jury?
16	MR. LEXIS: Yes, Your Honor.
17	MR. HAUSER: Yes, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Lexis.
19	SURREBUTTAL CLOSING ARGUMENT FOR THE STATE
20	MR. LEXIS: Folks, with 2 million peoples in Clark County,
21	when you have a case where somebody's being picked out of a
22	six-pack photo lineup, backed by the 2- or 3,000-pound elephants in
23	the room called DNA and fingerprints, we do this, right? And this.
24	Blame the cops, you blame the victims. Do it all you want, it
25	doesn't change the facts. Okay

It's the victims' fault that they're placed in a situation where they're met -- DeAndre's met the first day with what? It's an ultimate play. Guys trying to front, threatening him with a weapon. Second day even more so. Even quicker, actually shooting. But it's his fault, right, that he mistakes him for a Hispanic individual.

We can talk about how it's possible and speculate as to why he initially thought he was Hispanic all day long. That's not reasonable doubt, let's do that.

Then blame the police, right? It's the police's fault. They could have done this, this, and this. Once again, folks, in every case we can go around the wheel of possibilities and speculation on what they could -- police could have done, should have done. That's not reasonable doubt either.

Plus, he wants to harp on the fact, well, they had -- how about the shell casings, the fingerprints, and DNA on the shell cases? Well, as the CSA told you, that stuff's burned off when it's fired. In addition, it's not Metro's policy to test such items due to the unreliability.

Now, folks, you don't need me to tell you in this type of case, when you're dealing with this type of neighborhood and this type of crime, it is a luxury to have any victim come forward who is both able to identify and willing to identify.

Not only do you have that in this case with DeAndre, you have this with Mr. Ramos. You could cut the tension in the courtroom with that man, how nervous he is, doesn't want to be

here, scared. But he eventually comes around.

Let alone DNA evidence and fingerprint evidence. Which, as you saw, that's no guarantee in any case. You saw the amount of prints that were lifted off that car. And only one of them had a viable amount, was a viable hit, good enough to test it, good enough to run through this national database of AFIS, which comes back to not only that man, and it's one of your questions that asked, Well, how rare is it? Well, ask you heard, your identical twin doesn't even have it.

Let alone DNA evidence. It's a luxury in these type of cases to have one of the four. In this case, you have all of them.

Folks, I took notes during defense counsel's opening statement. And the whole basis of that opening statement was what? That the State is trying to convict this man on a 95 percent identification, and that's it. Is that true? If you want to talk about numbers --

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Objection, Your Honor. That misstates the opening.

THE COURT: I'm sorry, that misstates what?

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: My opening argument.

THE COURT: Okay. So what I'll say, ladies and gentlemen, is it's up to you to look at your notes or to rely on your memories in regards to what was actually said. As I've stated before, arguments by counsel are not evidence. But you can look at your own notes and your own memory, consider that. Okay?

MR. LEXIS: Direct quote from what I wrote down:

Prosecuting relying only on 95 percent identification. Folks, is that true? Part of it. First of all, as you heard that man say, we asked him, what would have made it 100 percent? And he said the man's hair was -- if that hair was shorter from that six-pack photo lineup.

Folks, you're going to have the video surveillance and these still photos. It's one of your questions that actually brought them into evidence, 235. First of all, you surely can tell how long any facial is on this man. And if it is, if he does have any facial hair, it's extremely minor.

But what you can tell, folks, is you'll see, you'll have this photo, you'll have the other photos, you could see, his hair is so short on top you could see the glare from the sun shining off his head.

Add that to the fact that in court, he's asked, you know, Look at him; is that your man? Is he the one? Is he the shooter? What's he tell you? I'm sure.

Add that to the fact, again, relying on only a 90 percent identification? Hardly. Add that to Mr. Ramos and his identification, which just happens to corroborate this man picked out of a six-pack photo lineup, who they both identify in court. Oh, no, what a coincidence.

You can't argue with the numbers with fingerprints and DNA. There's no way around it. That is actual evidence, folks.

That's not based on possibilities and speculation. And I'm going to

use that word several times. But again, to speculate as to, you know, he got his race wrong. Speculate as all the cops could have done this. It's possible this. That is not reasonable doubt.

Before I move on, I want to bring up one of the jury instructions. I'm going to go over several in my PowerPoint. But, obviously, I didn't have time after the defendant took the stand.

Folks, one of your jury instructions basically says:

If you believe that a witness has lied about a material fact in the case, you may disregard the entire testimony of that witness or any portion of his testimony which is not proof by any other evidence.

Let's talk about Mr. Donko's testimony. Right off the bat, the main -- talk about material facts, it's the main part of all the -- everything he said. Do you know about the shooting that happened down the street? No.

Then what did the detective tell you? When presented with the evidence that they had, fingerprint and the card, he said, Oh, yeah, I've heard about the shooting. Yes, I know about it.

How about this whole thing, the first day Shorty, the second day, Shorty. Again, so Mr. Donko, did you mention that you knew a Shorty to the detective? No. What does the detective say? He asked him that question and he initially denied it.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Objection. That misstates the testimony, Your Honor.

THE COURT: In regards to whether or not -- you're talking

stand. Okay. And it's pretty obvious, using your common sense. He wants a reason, right, why -- to provide by this DeAndre guy, who's pointing him out. So he has to come up with a reason.

First of all, ask yourself, do you believe this guy is giving you some Academy Award winning performance up here with regard to DeAndre Wood? Hardly. If he was trying to really play this up, to bury this man, he could have done a lot better job. From the very beginning, Yeah, Detective, 100 percent, that's the man. In court, you going to sit here and stare at him when asked, Is that the guy? No. He's going to say, That's your man.

But instead, he catches himself in another lie. Right? I asked the detective. He told me on the stand -- Defendant told me on the stand that, Yeah, I told him I knew DeAndre.

What did the detective tell you? Not only did he never mention it, but there was no link in the entire investigation that these two knew each other. Period.

But, you know, you want to take the stand and get that out, and then you're subject to everything else. It's the first two points I got across.

And then what else did he get tripped up on? Well, no, I told the detective it was an older model beat-up four-door sedan, and I was the passenger. I just -- he didn't confront me with everything, I told him that. And, by the way, it was an Audi now. What did the detective tell you? He didn't reveal that until he informed him several times with, Oh, well, we got your print inside

a car.

He kept him talking until he finally revealed what? Out of all the things you could say about the vehicle, he mentioned an older model vehicle, four-door sedan, beat up, and to top it off, that he was the passenger.

Red shirt. Gives no viable explanation of a red shirt. Oh, broken out of my car. Okay, what day, sir? Uh, uh, uh. Yeah. And it just so happens it's neatly placed there. No tire marks, not wet, nothing else. Found minutes after the shooting.

MR. SHAYGAN-FATEMI: Objection. That's burden shifting, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Overruled. It's just argument.

MR. LEXIS: And then the fingerprint, same thing. No viable explanation. Found in this unregistered vehicle. And may I point out on the most damaging, damning and damaging piece of evidence in that vehicle, a license plate which is off the unregistered vehicle, again, found minutes after the shooting.

Defense counsel then wants to come up here and talk about, well, when the first responding officer showed up, the description was Hispanic from these people. Yeah. He had two on the ground. He told the others were reluctant, fearful.

And what did DeAndre say? These people got the descriptions from him. They were in the house. He went in and basically -- when they came out and told them the description, they're the ones that called 911. But it's their fault, right? It's their

fault.

MR. HAUSER: Objection, Judge. Misstates the testimony. Could we approach?

THE COURT: Sure.

[Bench conference transcribed as follows.]

MR. HAUSER: Judge, I don't recall the testimony that DeAndre actually went in the house and provided a description. I recall the testimony that there were four people outside, one of whom was Edgar Miller, who didn't testify. And then one was the woman who called 911. I don't believe she was outside.

THE COURT: [Indiscernible] ask DeAndre [indiscernible] ask DeAndre about where did she get that information? He said she was always inside, I told her.

MR. HAUSER: I don't recall the testimony about him going in the house in any way. He specifically said he ran and hid behind the fence.

THE COURT: But yesterday, at the end of DeAndre's testimony, Ms. Goodman asked him where did she get that? And he said she got her information to me.

MR. HAUSER: Right, but that part --

THE COURT: From me.

MR. HAUSER: Right, right. That part I remember. The problem is we're talking about multiple witnesses describing them as Hispanic. We're not saying it was just her. The officer testified --

THE COURT: Yeah, I know. She --

## PLEADING CONTINUES IN NEXT VOLUME