Case	No.	

In the Supreme Court of Nevada

UNITED HEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY, UNITED HEALTH CARE SERVICES, INC., UMR, INC., SIERRA HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, INC., HEALTH PLAN OF NEVADA, INC.,

Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

Nov 17 2022 10:54 AM

Electronically Filed

Petitioners,

vs.

THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Clark; and THE HONORABLE NANCY L. ALLF, District Judge,

Respondents,

and

FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD., TEAM PHYSICIANS OF NEVADA-MANDAVIA, P.C., CRUM STEFANKO AND JONES, LTD.,

Real Parties in Interest.

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66	Supplemental Appendix of Exhibits to Motion to Seal Certain Confidential Trial Exhibits – Volume 12 of 18 (FILED UNDER SEAL)	12/24/21	25 26	5954–6067 6068–6199
67	Supplemental Appendix of Exhibits to Motion to Seal Certain Confidential Trial Exhibits – Volume 13 of 18 (FILED UNDER SEAL)	12/24/21	26 27	6200–6317 6318–6418
68	Supplemental Appendix of Exhibits to Motion to Seal Certain Confidential Trial Exhibits – Volume 14 of 18 (FILED UNDER SEAL)	12/24/21	27 28	6419–6567 6568–6579
69	Supplemental Appendix of Exhibits to	12/24/21	28	6580–6737

	Motion to Seal Certain Confidential Trial Exhibits – Volume 15 of 18 (FILED UNDER SEAL)			
70	Supplemental Appendix of Exhibits to Motion to Seal Certain Confidential Trial Exhibits – Volume 16 of 18 (FILED UNDER SEAL)	12/24/21	28 29	6738–6817 6818–6854
71	Supplemental Appendix of Exhibits to Motion to Seal Certain Confidential Trial Exhibits – Volume 17 of 18 (FILED UNDER SEAL)	12/24/21	29	6855-7024
72	Supplemental Appendix of Exhibits to Motion to Seal Certain Confidential Trial Exhibits – Volume 18 of 18 (FILED UNDER SEAL)	12/24/21	29 30	7025–7067 7068–7160
82	Transcript of Hearing Regarding Unsealing Record (FILED UNDER SEAL)	10/05/22	33	7825–7845
75	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Motions (FILED UNDER SEAL)	01/12/22	31	7403–7498
76	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Motions (FILED UNDER SEAL)	01/20/22	31	7499–7552
77	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Motions (FILED UNDER SEAL)	01/27/22	31	7553–7563
79	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Motions Hearing (FILED UNDER SEAL)	02/10/22	32	7575–7695
80	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Motions Hearing (FILED UNDER SEAL)	02/16/22	32	7696–7789
83	Transcript of Status Check (FILED UNDER SEAL)	10/06/22	33	7846–7855
98	Transcript of Status Check (FILED UNDER SEAL)	10/11/22	46	11,150–11,160

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on November 15, 2022, I submitted the foregoing "Petitioners' Appendix" for filing *via* the Court's eFlex electronic filing system. Electronic notification will be sent to the following:

Pat Lundvall Kristen T. Gallagher Amanda M. Perach McDonald Carano Llp 2300 West Sahara Avenue, Suite 1200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89102

Attorneys for Real Parties in Interest

I further certify that I served a copy of this document by mailing a true and correct copy thereof, postage prepaid, at Las Vegas, Nevada, addressed as follows:

The Honorable Nancy L. Allf DISTRICT COURT JUDGE – DEPT. 27 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155

Respondent

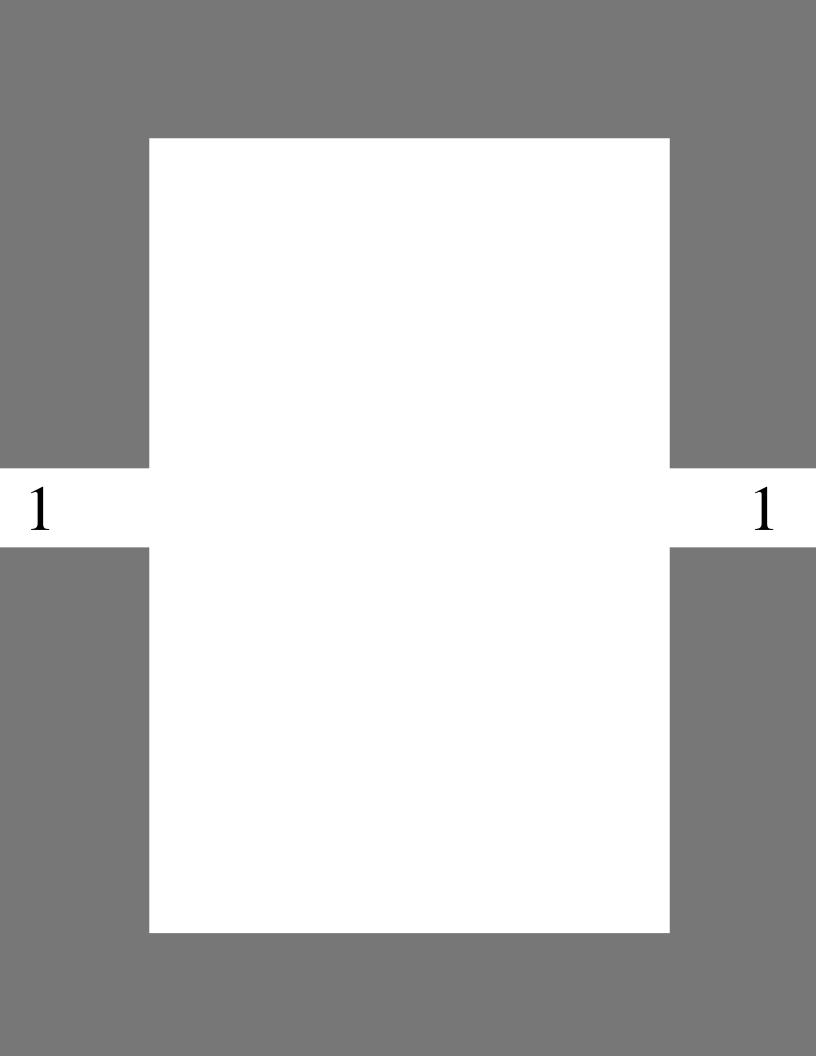
Joseph Y. Ahmad
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Michael Killingsworth
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Attorneys for Real Parties in Interest

/s/ Jessie M. Helm

An Employee of Lewis Roca Rothgerber Christie LLP



NEOJ 1 Pat Lundvall (NSBN 3761) 2 Kristen T. Gallagher (NSBN 9561) Amanda M. Perach (NSBN 12399) 3 McDONALD CARANO LLP 2300 West Sahara Avenue, Suite 1200 4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 Telephone: (702) 873-4100 5 plundvall@mcdonaldcarano.com kgallagher@mcdonaldcarano.com aperach@mcdonaldcarano.com 6 7 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 8 DISTRICT COURT 9 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 10 FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES Case No.: A-19-792978-B 11 (MANDAVIA), LTD., a Nevada Dept. No.: XXVII professional corporation; TEAM PHYSICIANS OF NEVADA-12 MANDAVIA, P.C., a Nevada professional 13 corporation; CRUM, STEFANKO AND JONES, LTD. dba RUBY CREST EMERGENCY MEDICINE, a Nevada 14 professional corporation, 15 Plaintiffs, 16 VS. 17 UNITEDHEALTH GROUP, INC., a Delaware corporation; UNITED 18 HEALTHCARE INSURANCE 19 COMPANY, a Connecticut corporation; UNITED HEALTH CARE SERVICES 20 INC., dba UNITEDHEALTHCARE, a Minnesota corporation; UMR, INC., dba UNITED MEDICAL RESOURCES, a 21 Delaware corporation; OXFORD HEALTH 22 PLANS, INC., a Delaware corporation; SIERRA HEALTH AND LIFÉ INSURANCE COMPANY, INC., a Nevada 23 corporation; SIERRA HEALTH-CARE 24 OPTIONS, INC., a Nevada corporation; HEALTH PLAN OF NEVADÁ, INC., a 25 Nevada corporation; DOES 1-10; ROE ENTITIES 11-20, 26 **Defendants** 27 28

Electronically Filed 000001 6/24/2020 4:42 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF STIPULATED **CONFIDENTIALITY AND** PROTECTIVE ORDER

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a Stipulated Confidentiality and Protective Order was entered on June 24, 2020, a copy of which is attached hereto.

DATED this 24th day of June, 2020.

McDONALD CARANO LLP

By: /s/ Kristen T. Gallagher
Pat Lundvall (NSBN 3761)
Kristen T. Gallagher (NSBN 9561)
Amanda M. Perach (NSBN 12399)
2300 West Sahara Avenue, Suite 1200
Las Vegas, Nevada 89102
plundvall@mcdonaldcarano.com
kgallagher@mcdonaldcarano.com
aperach@mcdonaldcarano.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of McDonald Carano LLP, and that on this 24th day of June, 2020, I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing **NOTICE OF ENTRY OF STIPULATED CONFIDENTIALITY AND PROTECTIVE ORDER** to be served via this Court's Electronic Filing system in the above-captioned case, upon the following:

D. Lee Roberts, Jr., Esq.
Colby L. Balkenbush, Esq.
Brittany Llewellyn, Esq.
WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS,
GUNN & DIAL, LLC
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Attorneys for Defendants

/s/ Marianne Carter
An employee of McDonald Carano LLP

2300 WEST SAHARA AVENUE, SUITE 1200 • LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89102 PHONE 702.873.4100 • FAX 702.873.9966

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Plaintiffs Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd; Team Physicians of Nevada-Mandavia, P.C.; Crum, Stefanko and Jones, Ltd. dba Ruby Crest Emergency Medicine ("Plaintiffs") and Defendants UnitedHealth Group, Inc.; United HealthCare Insurance Company;

1-10; ROE ENTITIES 11-20,

Defendants.

United HealthCare Services, Inc.; UMR, Inc.; Oxford Health Plans, Inc.; Sierra Health and Life Insurance Company, Inc.; Sierra Health-Care Options, Inc. and Health Plan of Nevada, Inc. (collectively "Defendants") referred to individually as a "Party" or collectively as the "Parties," stipulate and agree as follows:

- 1. Scope and Applicability. Certain documents or electronically stored information discoverable under NRCP 26(b)(1) may contain confidential information, as described herein, the disclosure of which may be prejudicial to the interests of a Party, and non-party individuals' health information deemed private under state and federal law. Such information is referred to herein as "Confidential Information." The Parties may, however, produce certain Confidential Information subject to the terms of this agreement. This Stipulated Confidentiality and Protective Order ("Protective Order") is applicable to the Parties, any additional parties joined in this litigation, and any third parties subject to this Protective Order and/or otherwise agreeing to be bound by this Protective Order.
- 2. <u>Designation of Information</u>. Any document or electronically stored information produced in discovery may be designated as Confidential Information by marking it as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" at the time of production. Such designation shall be made at the time that copies are furnished to a party conducting discovery, or when such documents are otherwise disclosed. Any such designation that is inadvertently omitted during production may be corrected by prompt written notification to all counsel of record.
- a. A Party may only designate as "CONFIDENTIAL" any document or any portion of a document, and any other thing, material, testimony, or other information, that it reasonably and in good faith believes contains or reflects: (a) proprietary, business sensitive, or confidential information; (b) information that should otherwise be subject to confidential treatment pursuant to applicable federal and/or state law; or (c) Protected Health Information, Patient Identifying Information, or other HIPAA-governed information.
- b. A Party may only designate as "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" any document or portion of a document, and any other thing, material, testimony, or other

information, that it reasonably and in good faith believes contains trade secrets or is of such highly competitive or commercially sensitive proprietary and non-public information that would significantly harm business advantages of the producing or designating Party or information concerning third-party pricing and/or reimbursement rates (i.e., reimbursement rates that providers other than Plaintiffs have charged or accepted and that insurers and payors other than the Defendants have paid for claims similar to those at issue in this case) and that disclosure of such information could reasonably be expected to be detrimental to the producing or designating Party's interests.

- c. "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" information and/or materials shall not include information that either:
- i. is in the public domain at the time of disclosure through no act, or failure to act, by or on behalf of the recipient, its counsel, its expert(s) or other consultant(s), or any other person to whom disclosure was authorized pursuant to this Protective Order, as evidenced by a written document or other competent evidence;
- ii. after disclosure, becomes part of the public domain through no act, or failure to act, by or on behalf of the recipient, its counsel, its expert(s) or other consultant(s), or any other person to whom disclosure was authorized pursuant to this Protective Order, as evidenced by a written document or other competent evidence;
- iii. the receiving Party can show by written document or other competent evidence was already known or in its rightful and lawful possession at the time of disclosure; or
- iv. lawfully comes into the recipient's possession subsequent to the time of disclosure from another source without restriction as to disclosure, provided such third party has the right to make the disclosure to the receiving Party.
- 3. <u>Designation of Depositions</u>. The Parties may designate information disclosed at a deposition as Confidential Information by indicating on the record at the deposition that a specific portion of testimony, or any exhibit identified during a deposition, is so designated and subject to the terms of this Protective Order or, alternatively, any Party may so designate a

portion of the deposition testimony or exhibit within 30 days of receipt of the deposition transcript by so stating in writing to opposing counsel. If designated during the deposition, the court reporter shall stamp the portions of deposition testimony or any exhibit designated as containing Confidential Information as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," and access thereto shall be limited as provided herein. Following any deposition, both Parties agree to treat the entire deposition transcript and exhibits as "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" until the 30-day window for designation following receipt of the transcript has passed. Confidential Information shall not lose its character because it is used as an exhibit to a deposition, regardless of whether the deposition or deposition transcript itself is later designated, in whole or part, as "CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."

Documents or information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" may be used or disclosed in a deposition and marked as deposition exhibits; the Parties agree that, with the exception of the witness and court reporter, the only persons permitted under this Protective Order to be present during the disclosure or use of designated documents or information during a deposition, whether "CONFIDENTIAL" pursuant to paragraph 10 or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" pursuant to paragraph 11, as applicable, are those permitted pursuant to the terms of this Protective Order to review the information or material sought to be used. Absent an agreement between the Parties, if all persons present at the deposition are not permitted under this Protective Order to review the information or material sought to be used, any person not so permitted shall be instructed by the designating party to leave the room during the period(s) in which the "CONFIDENTIAL" and/or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" documents or information is being used and/or discussed, to the extent reasonably possible. During the course of a deposition, counsel may anticipate such disclosure and designate in advance certain deposition exhibits, deposition testimony and portions of any deposition transcript as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."

4. In advance of a hearing in this matter, the Parties also agree to confer in good faith to reach an agreement regarding the appropriate protections in the event one or both parties seek to use "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" documents or information at

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- 5. Protected Health Information. Additionally, certain Confidential Information may be Protected Health Information ("PHI") as defined by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA") and the regulations promulgated thereunder at 45 CFR § 160.103. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, "PHI" includes, but is not limited to, health information, including demographic information, relating to either, (a) the past, present or future physical or mental condition of an individual, (b) the provision of care to an individual, or (c) the payment for care provided to an individual, which identifies the individual or which reasonably could be expected to identify an individual. All "covered entities" (as defined by 45 § CFR 160.103) are hereby authorized to disclose PHI to all attorneys in this litigation. Subject to the rules of procedure governing this litigation, and without prejudice to any Party's objection except as otherwise provided herein, the Parties are authorized to receive, subpoena, transmit, or disclose PHI relevant to the medical claims at issue in this litigation and discoverable under NRCP 26(b)(1), subject to all terms of this Protective Order. All PHI disclosed under this Protective Order must be designated as Confidential Information under paragraphs 2 and 3 above. To the extent documents or information produced in this litigation have already been exchanged or will again be exchanged between the Parties in the normal course of business, treatment of such documents prior to or after the conclusion of this litigation shall be governed by each Party's legal obligations.
- 6. <u>Specific Provisions Concerning Disclosure of PHI</u>. When PHI is disclosed between the Parties as authorized by this Protective Order, the names, dates of birth and Social Security numbers of any individuals whose medical claims are not at issue in this lawsuit and who are otherwise identified in the PHI may be redacted to protect the identity of the patients, if the disclosing Party believes that is warranted under the particular circumstances. Upon receipt of any PHI disclosed between the Parties during the course of this litigation, the receiving Party shall take all reasonable measures necessary for protecting the PHI from unauthorized disclosure

as required under both state and federal law including, but not limited to, HIPAA. Such measures may include filing PHI under seal and redacting patient names, dates of birth and Social Security numbers from documents containing PHI.

7. <u>Non-Waiver of Privilege</u>. The production of documents and information shall not constitute a waiver in this litigation, or any other litigation, matter or proceeding, of any privilege (including, but not limited to, the attorney-client privilege, attorney work product privilege or common defense privilege) applicable to the produced materials or for any other privileged or protected materials containing the same or similar subject matter. The fact of production of privileged information or documents by any producing Party in this litigation shall not be used as a basis for arguing that a claim of privilege of any kind has been waived in any other proceeding. Without limiting the foregoing, this Protective Order shall not affect the Parties' legal rights to assert privilege claims over documents in any other proceeding.

8. Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

- a. Each party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order (the "designating Party") must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. To the extent it is practical to do so, the designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Protective Order.
- b. If it comes to a designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all or do not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, that designating Party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.
- 9. <u>Burden of Proof and Challenges to Confidential Information</u>. The party designating information as Confidential Information bears the burden of establishing confidentiality. Nothing in this Protective Order shall constitute a waiver of any Party's right to object to the designation or non-designation of a particular document as "CONFIDENTIAL" or

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"ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." If a Party contends that any document has been erroneously or improperly designated or not designated Confidential or Attorneys' Eyes Only, the document at issue shall be treated as Confidential or Attorneys' Eyes Only under this Protective Order until (a) the Parties reach a written agreement or (b) the court issues an order ruling on the designation. In the event that a Party disagrees with a Party's designation of any document or information as Confidential or Attorneys' Eyes Only, the objecting Party shall advise counsel for the designating Party, in writing, of the objection and identify the document or item with sufficient specificity to permit identification. Within seven (7) days of receiving the objection, the designating Party shall advise whether the designating Party will change the designation of the document or item. If this cannot be resolved between the Parties, after the expiration of seven (7) days following the service of an objection, but within twenty-one (21) days of service of the written objection, the designating Party may make a motion to the court seeking to preserve the confidentiality designation. It shall be the burden of the designating Party to show why such information is entitled to confidential treatment. The protection afforded by this Protective Order shall continue until the court makes a decision on the motion. Failure of the designating Party to file a motion within the 21-day period shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of that Party's confidentiality designation to material identified in the objecting Party's written objection.

- 10. <u>Restrictions on Disclosure</u>. All Confidential Information, including PHI, other than Confidential Information designated as "Attorneys' Eyes Only," produced or disclosed by either Party in this litigation shall be subject to the following:
- a. such documents, information, and things shall be used only in this litigation and not for any other purpose whatsoever, except to the extent any documents, information, and things are exchanged in the normal course of business between the Parties and such exchange is more appropriately governed by the course of conduct observed between the Parties, the course of conduct shall control;
- b. such documents, information, and things shall not be shown or communicated in any way inconsistent with this Protective Order or to anyone other than

- c. no one except Qualified Persons identified in paragraph 12 shall be provided copies of any Confidential Information.
- 11. Restrictions on Disclosure of Confidential Information Designated as "Attorneys' Eyes Only." All Confidential Information designated as "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," produced or disclosed by either Party in this litigation shall be subject to the following restrictions:
- a. such documents, information and things shall be used only in this litigation;
- b. such documents, information and things shall not be shown or communicated to anyone other than Qualified Persons identified in paragraphs 12(a), 12(b), 12(d), 12(e), 12(f), 12(g), 12(h) and (12)(i) below, which persons receiving Confidential Information designated as Attorneys' Eyes Only shall not make further disclosure to anyone except as allowed by this Protective Order;
- c. such documents, information and things shall be maintained only at the offices of such Qualified Persons identified in paragraphs 12(a), 12(b), 12(d), 12(e), 12(f), 12(g), 12(h) and (12)(i) and only working copies shall be made of such documents; and
- d. no one except Qualified Persons identified in paragraphs 12(a), 12(b), 12(d), 12(e), 12(f), 12(g), 12(h) and (12)(i) shall be provided copies of any Confidential Information designated as Attorneys' Eyes Only.

12. <u>Qualified Persons</u>. "Qualified Persons" means:

- a. The court, court officials and authorized court personnel, jurors, stenographic reporters, and videographers at depositions taken in this action;
- b. counsel of record for the Parties (including partners, associates, paralegals, employees and persons working at the law firms of the Parties' respective counsel), contract attorneys retained by counsel for the Parties to provide services in connection with this litigation, and two pre-identified in-house counsel ("Designated In-house Counsel") with no

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role, involvement in, or responsibility relating to contract negotiations, rate negotiations, negotiation of claim payment amounts, or decision-making concerning claim payment rates or amounts with respect to network contracting with any health plan or payor in the ordinary course of business (collectively "Rate Negotiations"). In the form of Exhibit B herein, each such inhouse counsel will certify that he/she has no such role, involvement, or responsibility currently, and does not anticipate having any such role, involvement, or responsibility in Rate Negotiations during this litigation or any other litigation between the parties and/or their respective affiliates commenced during the pendency of this litigation, including appeals. To the extent each such in-house counsel acquires any such role, involvement, or responsibility during the litigation, that in-house counsel will recuse himself or herself from any matters involving or relating to the other party and may be replaced with an in-house counsel who meets the above criteria. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, Rate Negotiations shall not include overseeing and/or managing all aspects (e.g., from evaluation, to filing, to discovery, to trial, to appeal and/or to settlement, etc.) of any type of litigation, including, without limitation, out-ofnetwork litigation ("Litigation"), and this Protective Order specifically contemplates and permits in-house counsel who oversee and/or manage all aspects of Litigation to access Attorneys' Eyes Only information;

- c. if the Party is an entity, current officers or employees of the Party;
- d. third parties retained by counsel for a Party or by a Party as consulting experts or testifying expert witnesses;
- e. with respect to a specific document, the document's author, addressee, or intended or authorized recipient of the Confidential Information and who agrees to keep the information confidential, provided that such persons may see and use the Confidential information but not retain a copy;
 - f. nonparties to whom Confidential information belongs or concerns;
- g. witnesses who are appearing for deposition or other testimony in this case voluntarily or pursuant to a validly issued subpoena; and;

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- h. a mediator or other settlement judge selected or agreed-upon by the Parties in connection with any attempted resolution of the litigation;
- i. Clerical or ministerial service providers, including outside copying services, litigation support personnel, or other independent third parties retained by counsel for the Parties to provide services in connection with this litigation;
 - j. if the Party is an entity, former officers or employees of the Party; or
- k. any other person by order of the court after notice to all Parties and opportunity to be heard, or as agreed between the Parties, except that the PHI shall only be disclosed in accordance with this Protective Order or further order of the court.
- 13. <u>Acknowledgment</u>. Any Qualified Person identified in paragraph 12(d)–(k) to whom the opposing Party's Confidential Information is shown or to whom information contained in such materials is to be revealed shall first be required to execute the attached Acknowledgement and Agreement To Be Bound To Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement And Protective Order (the "Acknowledgement"), the form of which is attached hereto as "Exhibit A" and to be bound by the terms of this Protective Order. As to each person to whom any Confidential Information is disclosed pursuant to the Acknowledgement and this Protective Order, such information may be used only for purposes of this litigation and may not be used for any other purpose.
- 14. <u>Conclusion of the Litigation</u>. Upon conclusion of this Litigation, whether by judgment, settlement, or otherwise, counsel of record and each Party, person, and entity who obtained Confidential Information or information claimed to be confidential shall assemble and return to the producing Party all materials that reveal or tend to reveal information designated as Confidential Information, except all such materials constituting work product of counsel. In the alternative, all such materials may be destroyed, with written certification of destruction or deletion provided to the producing Party, except that a Party may retain Confidential Information generated by it, unless such Confidential Information incorporates the Confidential Information of another Party in which case all such Confidential Information shall be destroyed or deleted. No originals or copies of any such Confidential Information will be retained by any

person or entity to whom disclosure was made. However, counsel of record and Designated Inhouse Counsel for the Parties are permitted to retain copies of all pleadings, motions, depositions and hearing transcripts (and exhibits thereto), exhibits, and attorney work product that contain Confidential Information (other than PHI) consistent with his or her ordinary file management and/or document retention policies and/or those of his or her firm. In doing so, retaining Party agrees to execute an agreement that all such documents will be quarantined for record retention only and not for use in other matters involving the Parties or with any other client or shared outside of the organization.

- 15. <u>Equal Application</u>. This Protective Order may be applied equally to information obtained by a producer in response to any subpoena, including, in particular, information produced by non-parties. Any non-party that designates any information as "Confidential" or "Attorneys' Eyes Only" pursuant to this Protective Order may agree to submit to the Court's jurisdiction with regard to the determination of disputes involving such designations.
- 16. <u>List of Names</u>. All counsel shall maintain a list of the names of all third parties that are not parties to the underlying litigation to whom disclosure of Confidential Information or Attorneys' Eyes Only information was made.
- 17. <u>Retroactive Designation</u>. Confidential Information previously produced before the entry of this Order, if any, may be retroactively designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" and subject to this Protective Order by notice in writing of the designated class of each document by Bates number within thirty (30) days of the entry of this Order.
- 18. <u>Inadvertent Production or Disclosure of Confidential Information</u>. In the event that a Party inadvertently produces Confidential Information, without the required "CONFIDENTIAL" legend, or Attorneys' Eyes Only information, without the required or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" legend, the producing Party shall contact the receiving Party as promptly as reasonably possible after the discovery of the inadvertent production, and inform the receiving Party in writing of the inadvertent production and the specific material at issue. Such inadvertent or unintentional disclosure shall not be deemed a waiver in whole or in part of

the producing Party's claim of confidentiality, either as to specific documents and information disclosed or on the same or related subject matter. Upon receipt of such notice, the receiving Party or Parties shall treat the material identified in the notice as Confidential or Attorneys' Eyes Only under this Protective Order, subject to the provisions in paragraph 8 regarding any challenges.

- 19. <u>Use of "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Material in Trial Preparation</u>. No later than ninety days (90) prior to the first date of any trial setting, the Parties shall meet and confer in good faith for the purpose of developing a protocol for allowing trial witnesses to review documents designated "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" to the extent that counsel believes it to be necessary for the witness to review the materials in connection with preparing the witness for his or her trial testimony which is reasonable and necessary in preserving, prosecuting and/or defending their respective interests in this matter. In the event the Parties cannot agree, either Party may submit an appropriate motion for relief with the Court. This provision shall not be construed as an agreement by either Party that a trial witness who is not qualified to review "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" is entitled to do so prior to trial.
- 20. <u>Use of Confidential Information at Trial</u>. Nothing in this Order shall preclude a Party from disclosing or offering into evidence at the time of trial or during a hearing any document or information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," subject to the rules of evidence and any other Party's objections as to the admissibility or claims of confidentiality of the document or information. However, if a Party anticipates using or disclosing Confidential Information at a trial or during a hearing (except for purposes of impeachment), it shall give the Designating Party at least three (3) business days' notice prior to its use or disclosure. The Court may take such measures, as it deems appropriate, to protect the claimed confidential nature of the document or information sought to be admitted and to protect the Confidential Information from disclosure to persons other than those identified in paragraph 12 and who have signed Exhibit A, where necessary, under this Order. If a Party seeks to file unredacted Confidential Information or Attorneys' Eyes Only information, it shall file a motion with the Court for filing under seal, unless the producing Party otherwise agrees. Any disclosure

of information designated "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" to the Court under seal shall have limited dissemination to personnel of the Court under such safeguards as the Court may direct.

- 21. <u>Pre-Existing Confidentiality Obligations</u>. This Protective Order in no way modifies any prior agreement between the Parties that may be applicable.
- 22. <u>Publicly Available Documents Excluded</u>. The restrictions and terms set forth in this Protective Order shall not apply to documents or information, regardless of their designation, that are publicly available or that are obtained independently and under rightful means by the receiving Party.
- 23. <u>No Waiver</u>. This Protective Order does not waive or prejudice the right of any Party or non-party to apply to a court of competent jurisdiction for any other or further relief or to object on any appropriate grounds to any discovery requests, move to compel responses to discovery requests, and/or object to the admission of evidence at any hearing on any ground.
- 24. <u>No Admission</u>. Entering into, agreeing to, and/or complying with the terms of the Protective Order shall not operate as an admission by any Party that any particular document, testimony of information marked "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" contains or reflects trade secrets, proprietary, confidential or competitively sensitive business, commercial, financial or personal information.
- 25. <u>Modification</u>. This Protective Order may be modified or amended either by written agreement of the Parties or by order of the court upon good cause shown. No oral waivers of the terms of this Protective Order shall be permitted between the Parties.
- 26. <u>Prior Protective Order.</u> On May 14, 2019, Defendants removed this action to the United States District Court, District of Nevada (the "Federal Court"), Case No. 2:19-cv-00832-JCM-VCF. On October 22, 2019, the Federal Court entered a Stipulated Confidentiality Protective Order (ECF No. 31), pursuant to which the Parties produced documents. On February 20, 2020, the Federal Court remanded the action (ECF No. 78). The Parties agree that any documents previously produced under the protective order entered by the Federal Court shall continue to be subject to the terms of this Protective Order.

	27.	Future Orders.	Nothing in this Protective Order shall prohibit the Parties from
seeki	ng an or	der from the cou	rt regarding the production or protection of documents referenced
herei	n or othe	r materials in the	future.

28. Good Cause. The Parties submit that good cause exists for entry of this Protective Order because (1) particularized harm will occur due to public disclosure of the Confidential Information to be protected under this Protective Order given the important privacy and business interests at issue here (2) when balancing the public and private interests, a protective order must issue because the public's interest in disclosure is substantially outweighed by the Parties' important privacy, proprietary and business interests and (3) allowing for the redaction of certain information, as contemplated by this Protective Order properly allows for the disclosure of information while protecting the important interests identified herein.

DATED this 23rd day of June, 2020.

McDONALD CARANO LLP

By: /s/ Kristen T. Gallagher
Pat Lundvall (NSBN 3761)
Kristen T. Gallagher (NSBN 9561)
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Attorneys for Defendants

<u>ORDER</u>

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated this 24th day of June, 2020

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 308 58E 8271 F977

Nancy Allf

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Submitted by:

By: /s/ Kristen T. Gallagher
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Attorneys for Plaintiffs

EXHIBIT A

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES
(MANDAVIA), LTD., a Nevada professional
corporation, et al.

Plaintiffs,

VS.

UNITEDHEALTH GROUP, INC., et al.,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-19-792978-B

Dept. No.: XXVII

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND TO STIPULATED CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT AND PROTECTIVE ORDER

I, _______, hereby acknowledge receipt of a copy of the Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order ("Protective Order") entered in the above-referenced action, and agree as follows:

- 1. I acknowledge that I have read the Protective Order and agree to be bound by its terms and conditions and to hold any "Confidential" or "Attorneys' Eyes Only" information and/or materials disclosed to me in accordance with the Protective Order.
- 2. I will take all steps reasonably necessary to ensure that any secretarial, clerical, or other personnel who assist me in connection with my participation in this action will likewise comply with the terms and conditions of the Protective Order.
- 3. I further understand that I am to retain all copies of all documents or information marked pursuant to the Protective Order in a secure manner, and that all copies of such materials are to remain in my personal custody until termination of my participation in the above-referenced litigation, whereupon the originals or any copies of such materials, and any work product derived from said information and/or materials, will be returned to counsel who provided the under with such materials.
- 4. To assure my compliance with the Protective Order, I submit to the jurisdiction of the above-referenced Court for the limited purpose of any proceeding related to the enforcement of, performance under, compliance with or violation of the Protective Order and understand that the terms of the Protective Order obligate me to use materials designated as Confidential in accordance with the Protective Order solely for the purposes of the above-referenced litigation, and not to disclose any such Confidential Information to any other person, firm or concern.

I declare unde	er penalty of	perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
Dated this	day of	, 20
		Signature:
		Name (printed):
		Title/Position:
		Employer:

Address:

Page 16 of 17

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1	<u>EXHIBIT B</u>			
2	DISTRICT COURT			
3	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA			
4	FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES	Case No.: A-19-792978-B		
5	(MANDAVIA), LTD., a Nevada professional corporation, et al.	Dept. No.: XXVII		
6	Plaintiffs,	AGREEMENT CONCERNING		
7	VS.	ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY MATERIAL COVERED BY AGREED PROTECTIVE		
8	UNITEDHEALTH GROUP, INC., et al.,	ORDER		
9	Defendants.			
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11	and agree to be bound by the terms thereof.			
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13	making concerning claim payment rates or amounts with respect to network contracting w any health plan or payor in the ordinary course of business (collectively "Rate Negotiations currently, and do not anticipate having any such role, involvement, or responsibility in Rate Negotiations during this litigation or any other litigation between the parties and/or the			
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16	further understand that to the extent I acquire	endency of this litigation, including appeals. I e any such role, involvement, or responsibility		
17	during the litigation, that I will recuse myself from any matters involving or relating to the other party and may be replaced with an in-house counsel who meets the above criter Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, I understand that Rate Negotiation shall not include overseeing and/or managing all aspects (e.g., from evaluation, to filing, discovery, to trial, to appeal and/or to settlement, etc.) of any type of litigation, including without limitation, out-of-network litigation ("Litigation"), and the Protective Order specifical contemplates and permits me to oversee and/or manage all aspects of Litigation and to account to the contrary contains and permits me to oversee and/or manage all aspects of Litigation and to account to the contrary contains and to account to the contrary contains and the contrary contains			
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(Please print)

Date:

From: Balkenbush, Colby <CBalkenbush@wwhgd.com>

Sent: Tuesday, June 23, 2020 11:32 AM

To: Kristen T. Gallagher

Cc: Pat Lundvall; Amanda Perach; Roberts, Lee; Llewellyn, Brittany M.

Subject: RE: Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) Ltd vs. UnitedHealth Group et al. - protective order

Kristy,

This looks good and we have no changes. You may insert my electronic signature and submit to the Court.



Colby Balkenbush, Attorney
Weinberg Wheeler Hudgins Gunn & Dial
6385 South Rainbow Blvd. | Suite 400 | Las Vegas, NV
89118

D: 702.938.3821 | F: 702.938.3864 www.wwhgd.com | vCard

From: Kristen T. Gallagher [mailto:kgallagher@mcdonaldcarano.com]

Sent: Saturday, June 20, 2020 11:27 AM

To: Balkenbush, Colby; Roberts, Lee; Llewellyn, Brittany M.

Cc: Pat Lundvall; Amanda Perach

Subject: Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) Ltd vs. UnitedHealth Group et al. - protective order

This Message originated outside your organization.

Colby -

In order to finalize the PO, we will agree to revisit the trial-related provisions as the case progresses. Attached is the PO in Word and PDF format. Please do a final review and then respond to this email to provide authorization for insertion of your electronic signature and submission to the court.

Thanks, Kristy

Kristen T. Gallagher | Partner

McDONALD CARANO

2300 West Sahara Avenue | Suite 1200 Las Vegas, NV 89102 P: 702.873.4100 | F: 702.873.9966

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MERITAS*

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) Ltd, Plaintiff(s)

CASE NO: A-19-792978-B

VS.

DEPT. NO. Department 27

United Healthcare Insurance Company, Defendant(s)

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Colby Balkenbush

Brittany Llewellyn

Kristen Gallagher

Amanda Perach

Marianne Carter

Karen Surowiec

Beau Nelson

Pat Lundvall

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Court. The foregoing Stipulated Protective Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below: Service Date: 6/24/2020 Audra Bonney abonney@wwhgd.com Cindy Bowman cbowman@wwhgd.com D. Lee Roberts lroberts@wwhgd.com Raiza Anne Torrenueva

AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District

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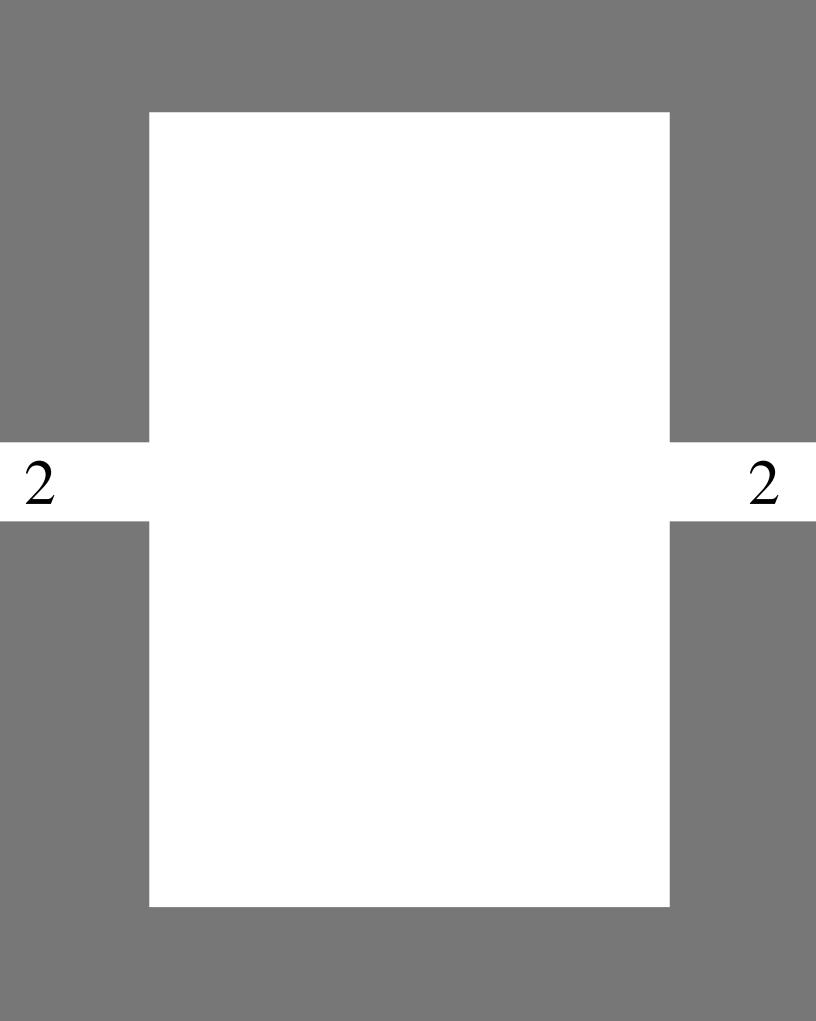
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Electronically Filed

000025 10/7/2021 1:35 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT **SACOM** 1 Pat Lundvall (NSBN 3761) Joseph Y. Ahmad (admitted pro hac vice) 2 Kristen T. Gallagher (NSBN 9561) John Zavitsanos (admitted pro hac vice) Amanda M. Perach (NSBN 12399) Jason S. McManis (admitted *pro hac vice*) 3 McDONALD CARANO LLP Michael Killingsworth (admitted *pro hac vice*) 2300 West Sahara Avenue, Suite 1200 Louis Liao (admitted *pro hac vice*) 4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 Jane L. Robinson (admitted *pro hac vice*) Telephone: (702) 873-4100 P. Kevin Leyendecker (admitted *pro hac vice*) 5 plundvall@mcdonaldcarano.com Ahmad, Zavitsanos, Anaipakos, Alavi & kgallagher@mcdonaldcarano.com Mensing, P.C. aperach@mcdonaldcarano.com 1221 McKinney Street, Suite 2500 6 Houston, Texas 77010 7 Telephone: 713-600-4901 Justin C. Fineberg (admitted *pro hac vice*) Martin B. Goldberg (admitted *pro hac vice*) joeahmad@azalaw.com Rachel H. LeBlanc (admitted pro hac vice) 8 jzavitsanos@azalaw.com Lash & Goldberg LLP jmcmanis@azalaw.com 9 Weston Corporate Centre I mkillingsworth@azalaw.com 2500 Weston Road Suite 220 lliao@azalaw.com Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33331 jrobinson@azalaw.com 10 Telephone: (954) 384-2500 kleyendecker@azalaw.com 11 ifineberg@lashgoldberg.com mgoldberg@lashgoldberg.com rleblanc@lashgoldberg.com 12 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 13 DISTRICT COURT 14 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 15 FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES Case No.: A-19-792978-B 16 (MANDAVIA), LTD., a Nevada professional Dept. No.: XXVII corporation; TEAM PHYSICIANS OF 17 NEVADA-MANDAVIA, P.C., a Nevada professional corporation; CRUM, 18 STEFANKO AND JONES, LTD. dba RUBY SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT CREST EMERGENCY MEDICINE, a 19 Nevada professional corporation, **Jury Trial Demanded** 20 Plaintiffs, 21 VS. 22 UNITED HEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY, a Connecticut corporation; 23 UNITED HEALTH CARE SERVICES INC., dba UNITEDHEALTHCARE, a Minnesota 24 corporation; UMR, INC., dba UNITED MEDICAL RESOURCES, a Delaware 25 corporation; SIERRA HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, INC., a Nevada 26 corporation; HEALTH PLAN OF NEVADA, INC., a Nevada corporation. 27 Defendants 28

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Plaintiffs Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd. ("Fremont"); Team Physicians of Nevada-Mandavia, P.C. ("Team Physicians"); Crum, Stefanko and Jones, Ltd. dba Ruby Crest Emergency Medicine ("Ruby Crest" and collectively the "Health Care Providers") as and for their First Amended Complaint against defendants United Healthcare Insurance Company ("UHCIC") United Health Care Services Inc. dba UnitedHealthcare ("UHC Services"); UMR, Inc. dba United Medical Resources ("UMR"); (together with UHC Services and UMR, and with UHCIC, the "UH Parties"); Sierra Health and Life Insurance Company, Inc. ("Sierra Health"); Health Plan of Nevada, Inc. ("HPN") (collectively "Defendants") hereby complain and allege as follows:

NATURE OF THIS ACTION

1. This action arises out of a dispute concerning the rate at which Defendants reimburse the Health Care Providers for the emergency medicine services they have already provided, and continue to provide, to patients covered under the health plans underwritten, operated, and/or administered by Defendants (the "Health Plans") (Health Plan beneficiaries for whom the Health Care Providers performed covered services that were not reimbursed correctly shall be referred to as "Patients" or "Members"). Collectively, Defendants have manipulated ad are continuing to manipulate their third party payment rates to deny them reasonable payment for their services. Defendants have reaped millions of dollars from their illegal, coercive, unfair, fraudulent conduct and will reap millions more if their conduct is not stopped.

PARTIES

2. Plaintiff Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd. ("Fremont") is a professional emergency medicine services group practice that staffs the emergency departments at ER at Aliante; ER at The Lakes; Mountainview Hospital; Dignity Health - St. Rose

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¹ The Health Care Providers do not assert any causes of action with respect to any Patient whose health insurance was issued under Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage) or is provided under the Federal Employee Health Benefits Act (FEHBA). The Health Care Providers also do not assert any claims relating to Defendants' managed Medicaid business or with respect to the right to payment under any ERISA plan. Finally, the Health Care Providers do not assert claims that are dependent on the existence of an assignment of benefits ("AOB") from any of Defendants' Members. Thus, there is – and was – no basis to remove this lawsuit to federal court under federal question jurisdiction.

- Dominican Hospitals, Rose de Lima Campus; Dignity Health St. Rose Dominican Hospitals, San Martin Campus; Dignity Health St. Rose Dominican Hospitals, Siena Campus; Southern Hills Hospital and Medical Center; and Sunrise Hospital and Medical Center located throughout Clark County, Nevada. Fremont is part of the TeamHealth Holdings, Inc. ("TeamHealth") organization.
- 3. Plaintiff Team Physicians of Nevada-Mandavia, P.C. ("Team Physicians") is a professional emergency medicine services group practice that staffs the emergency department at Banner Churchill Community Hospital in Fallon, Nevada.
- 4. Plaintiff Crum, Stefanko And Jones, Ltd. dba Ruby Crest Emergency Medicine ("Ruby Crest") is a professional emergency medicine services group practice that staffs the emergency department at Northeastern Nevada Regional Hospital in Elko, Nevada.
- 5. Defendant United HealthCare Insurance Company ("UHCIC") is a Connecticut corporation with its principal place of business in Connecticut. UHCIC is responsible for administering and/or paying for certain emergency medical services at issue in the litigation. On information and belief, United HealthCare Insurance Company is a licensed Nevada health and life insurance company.
- 6. Defendant United HealthCare Services, Inc. dba UnitedHealthcare ("UHC Services") is a Minnesota corporation with its principal place of business in Connecticut and affiliate of UHCIC. UHC Services is responsible for administering and/or paying for certain emergency medical services at issue in the litigation. On information and belief, United HealthCare Services, Inc. is a licensed Nevada health insurance company.
- 7. Defendant UMR, Inc. dba United Medical Resources ("UMR") is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Connecticut and affiliate of UHCIC. UMR is responsible for administering and/or paying for certain emergency medical services at issue in the litigation. On information and belief, UMR is a licensed Nevada health insurance company.
- 8. Defendant Sierra Health and Life Insurance Company, Inc. is a Nevada corporation and affiliate of UHCIC. Sierra Health is responsible for administering and/or paying for certain emergency medical services at issue in the litigation. On information and

belief, Sierra Health is a licensed Nevada health insurance company.

9. Defendant Health Plan of Nevada, Inc. ("HPN") is a Nevada corporation and affiliate of UHCIC. HPN is responsible for administering and/or paying for certain emergency medical services at issue in the litigation. On information and belief, HPN is a licensed Nevada Health Maintenance Organization ("HMO").

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 10. The amount in controversy exceeds the sum of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000.00), exclusive of interest, attorneys' fees and costs.
- 11. The Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, has subject matter jurisdiction over the matters alleged herein since only state law claims have been asserted and no diversity of citizenship exists. Venue is proper in Clark County, Nevada.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

The Health Care Providers Provide Necessary Emergency Care to Patients

- 12. The Health Care Providers are professional practice groups of emergency medicine physicians and healthcare providers that provides emergency medicine services 24 hours per day, 7 days per week to patients presenting to the emergency departments at hospitals and other facilities in Nevada staffed by the Health Care Providers. The Health Care Providers provide emergency department services throughout the State of Nevada.
- 13. The Health Care Providers and the hospitals whose emergency departments they staff are obligated by both federal and Nevada law to examine any individual visiting the emergency department and to provide stabilizing treatment to any such individual with an emergency medical condition, regardless of the individual's insurance coverage or ability to pay. See Emergency Medical Treatment and Active Labor Act (EMTALA), 42 U.S.C. § 1395dd; NRS 439B.410. The Health Care Providers fulfill this obligation for the hospitals which they staff. In this role, the Health Care Providers' physicians provide emergency medicine services to all patients, regardless of insurance coverage or ability to pay, including to Patients with insurance coverage issued, administered and/or underwritten by Defendants.
 - 14. Upon information and belief, Defendants operate as an HMO under NRS Chapter

695C, and is an insurer under NRS Chapters 679A, 689A (Individual Health Insurance), 689B (Group and Blanket Health Insurance), 689C (Health Insurance for Small Employers) and 695G (Managed Care Organization). Defendants provide, either directly or through arrangements with providers such as hospitals and the Health Care Providers, healthcare benefits to its members.

- 15. There is no written agreement between Defendants and the Health Care Providers for the healthcare claims at issue in this litigation; the Health Care Providers are therefore designated as a "non-participating" or "out-of-network" provider for all of the claims at issue.
- 16. Because federal and state law requires that emergency services be provided to individuals by the Health Care Providers without regard to insurance status or ability to pay, the law protects emergency service providers -- like Fremont here -- from the kind of conduct in which Defendants have engaged leading to this dispute. If the law did not do so, emergency service providers would be at the mercy of such payors, the Health Care Providers would be forced to accept payment at any rate dictated by insurers under threat of receiving no payment,. The Health Care Providers are protected by law, which requires that for the claims at issue, the insurer must reimburse the Health Care Providers at a reasonable rate or the usual and customary rate for services they provide.
- 17. The Health Care Providers regularly provide emergency services to Defendants' Patients.
- 18. Defendants are contractually and legally responsible for ensuring that Patients receive emergency services without obtaining prior approval and without regard to the "in network" or "out-of-network" status of the emergency services provider.
 - 19. Relevant to this action:
- a. From July 1, 2017 through the present, Fremont has provided emergency medicine services to Defendants' Members as an out-of-network provider of emergency services as follows: ER at Aliante (approximately July 2017-present); ER at The Lakes (approximately July 2017-present); Mountainview Hospital (approximately July 2017-present); Dignity Health St. Rose Dominican Hospitals, Rose de Lima Campus (approximately July 2017-October 2018); Dignity Health St. Rose Dominican Hospitals, San Martin Campus approximately (July 2017-

October 2018); Dignity Health – St. Rose Dominican Hospitals, Siena Campus (approximately July 2017-October 2018); Southern Hills Hospital and Medical Center (approximately July 2017-present); and Sunrise Hospital and Medical Center (approximately July 2017-present).

- b. At all times relevant hereto, Team Physicians and Ruby Crest have provided emergency medicine services to Defendants' Members as out-of-network providers of emergency services at Banner Churchill Community Hospital in Fallon, Nevada and Northeastern Nevada Regional Hospital in Elko, Nevada, respectively.
- 20. Defendants have generally adjudicated and paid claims with dates of service through July 31, 2019. As the claims continue to accrue, so do the Health Care Providers' damages. For each of the claims for which the Health Care Providers seek damages, Defendants have already determined the claim was covered and payable.

The Relationship Between the Health Care Providers and Defendants

- 21. Defendants provide health insurance to their members (i.e., their insureds).
- 22. In exchange for premiums, fees, and/or other compensation, Defendants are responsible for paying for health care services rendered to members covered by their health plans.
- 23. In addition, Defendants provide services to their Members, such as building participating provider networks and negotiating rates with providers who join their networks.
- 24. Defendants offer a range of health insurance plans. Plans generally fall into one of two categories.
- 25. "Fully Funded" plans are plans in which Defendants collect premiums directly from their members (or from third parties on behalf of their members) and pay claims directly from the pool of funds created by those premiums.
- 26. "Employer Funded" plans are plans in which Defendants provide administrative services to their employer clients, including processing, analysis, approval, and payment of health care claims, using the funds of the claimant's employer.
- 27. Defendants provide coverage for emergency medical services under both types of plans.

- 28. Defendants are contractually and legally responsible for ensuring that their members can receive such services (a) without obtaining prior approval and (b) without regard to the "in network" or "out-of-network" status of the emergency services provider.
 - 29. Defendants highlight such coverage in marketing their insurance products.
- 30. For all claims at issue in this lawsuit, the Health Care Providers were non-participating providers, meaning they did not have an express contract with Defendants.
- 31. Specifically, the reimbursement claims within the scope of this action are (a) non-participating commercial claims (including for patients covered by Affordable Care Act Exchange products), (b) that were adjudicated as covered, and allowed as payable by Defendants, (c) at rates below the reasonable payment for the services rendered, (d) as measured by the community where they were performed and by the person who provided them. These claims are collectively referred to herein as the "Non-Participating Claims."
- 32. The Non-Participating Claims involve only commercial and Exchange Products operated, insured, or administered by the insurance company Defendants. They do not involve Medicare Advantage or Medicaid products.
- 33. Further, the Non-Participating Claims at issue do not involve coverage determinations under any health plan that may be subject to the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, or claims for benefits based on assignment of benefits.²
- 34. Those counts concern the *rate* of payment to which the Health Care Providers are entitled, not whether a *right* to receive payment exists.
- 35. Defendants bear responsibility for paying for emergency medical care provided to their members regardless of whether the treating physician is an in-network or out-of-network provider.
- 36. Defendants understand and expressly acknowledge that their members will seek emergency treatment from non-participating providers and that Defendants are obligated to pay for those services.

² The Health Care Providers understand, in any event, that Defendants do not require or rely upon assignments from their members in order to pay claims for services provided by the Health Care Providers to their members.

Defendants Paid the Health Care Providers Unreasonable Rates

- 37. Defendants bear responsibility for paying for emergency medical care provided to their Members regardless of whether the treating physician is an in-network or out-of-network provider.
- 38. Defendants expressly acknowledge that their Members will seek emergency treatment from non-participating providers and that they are obligated to pay for those services.
- 39. In emergency situations, individuals go to the nearest hospital for care, particularly if they are transported by ambulance. Patients facing an emergency situation are unlikely to have the opportunity to determine in advance which hospitals and physicians are innetwork under their health plan. Defendants are obligated to reimburse the Health Care Providers at the reasonable value of the services provided.
- 40. Defendants' Members received a wide variety of emergency services (in some instances, life-saving services) from the Health Care Providers' physicians: treatment of conditions ranging from cardiac arrest, to broken limbs, to burns, to diabetic ketoacidosis and shock, to gastric and/or obstetrical distress.
- 41. As alleged herein, the Health Care Providers provided treatment on an out-of-network basis for emergency services to thousands of Patients who were Members in Defendants' Health Plans. The total underpayment amount for these related claims is in excess of \$15,000.00 and continues to grow. Defendants have likewise failed to attempt in good faith to effectuate a prompt, fair, and equitable settlement of these claims.
- 42. Defendants paid claims at a significantly reduced rate which is demonstrative of an arbitrary and selective program and motive or intent to unjustifiably reduce the overall amount Defendants pay to the Health Care Providers. Defendants implemented this program to influence and leverage the Health Care Providers as well as to unfairly and illegally profit from a manipulation of payment rates.
- 43. Defendants failed to attempt in good faith to effectuate a prompt, fair, and equitable settlement of the subject claims as legally required.
 - 44. The Health Care Providers contested the unsatisfactory rate of payment received

45. All conditions precedent to the institution and maintenance of this action have

from Defendants in connection with the claims that are the subject of this action.

been performed, waived, or otherwise satisfied.

46. The Health Care Providers bring this action to compel Defendants to pay it the reasonable value of the professional emergency medical services for the emergency services that it provided and will continue to provide Patients and to stop Defendants from profiting from their manipulation of payment rate data.

Defendants' Prior Manipulation of Reimbursement Rates

- 47. Defendants have a history of manipulating their reimbursement rates for non-participating providers to maximize their own profits at the expense of others, including their own Members.
- 48. In 2009, UnitedHealth Group, Inc. was investigated by the New York Attorney General for allegedly using its wholly-owned subsidiary, Ingenix, to illegally manipulate reimbursements to non-participating providers.
- 49. The investigation revealed that Ingenix maintained a database of health care billing information that intentionally skewed reimbursement rates downward through faulty data collection, poor pooling procedures, and lack of audits.
- 50. UnitedHealth Group, Inc. ultimately paid a \$50 million settlement to fund an independent nonprofit organization known as FAIR Health to operate a new database to serve as a transparent reimbursement benchmark.
- 51. In a press release announcing the settlement, the New York Attorney General noted that: "For the past ten years, American patients have suffered from unfair reimbursements for critical medical services due to a conflict-ridden system that has been owned, operated, and manipulated by the health insurance industry."
- 52. Also in 2009, for the same conduct, UnitedHealth Group, Inc. and Defendants United HealthCare Insurance Co., and United HealthCare Services, Inc. paid \$350 million to settle class action claims alleging that they underpaid non-participating providers for services in *The American Medical Association, et al. v. United Healthcare Corp., et al.*, Civil Action No.

00-2800 (S.D.N.Y.).

- 53. Since its inception, FAIR Health's benchmark databases have been used by state government agencies, medical societies, and other organizations to set reimbursement for non-participating providers.
- 54. For example, the State of Connecticut uses FAIR Health's database to determine reimbursement for non-participating providers' emergency services under the state's consumer protection law.
- 55. Defendants tout the use of FAIR Health and its benchmark databases to determine non-participating, out-of-network payment amounts on its website.
- 56. While Defendants give the appearance of remitting reimbursement to non-participating providers that meet the reasonable value of services based on geography that is measured from independent benchmark services such as the FAIR Health database, Defendants have found other ways to manipulate the reimbursement rate downward from a reasonable rate in order to maximize profits at the expense of the Health Care Providers.
- 57. During the relevant time, Defendants imposed significant cuts to the Health Care Providers' reimbursement rate for out-of-network claims under Defendants' fully funded plans, without rationale or justification.
- 58. Defendants pay claims under fully funded plans out of their own pool of funds, so every dollar that is not paid to the Health Care Providers is a dollar retained by Defendants for their own use.
- 59. Defendants' detrimental approach to payments for members in fully funded plans continues today,
- 60. As a result of these deep cuts in payments for services provided to Members of fully funded plans, Defendants have not paid the Health Care Providers a reasonable rate for those services.
 - 61. In so doing, Defendants have illegally retained those funds.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Breach of Implied-in-Fact Contract)

- 62. The Health Care Providers incorporate herein by reference the allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 63. At all material times, the Health Care Providers were obligated under federal and Nevada law to provide emergency medicine services to all patients presenting at the emergency departments they staff, including Defendants' Patients.
- 64. At all material times, Defendants were obligated to provide coverage for emergency medicine services to all of its Members.
- 65. At all material times, Defendants knew that the Health Care Providers were nonparticipating emergency medicine groups that provided emergency medicine services to Patients.
- 66. From July 1, 2017 to the present, Fremont has undertaken to provide emergency medicine services to UH Parties' Patients, and the UH Parties have undertaken to pay for such services provided to UH Parties' Patients.
- 67. From approximately March 1, 2019 to the present Fremont has undertaken to provide emergency medicine services to the patients of Sierra and HPN, and Sierra and HPN have undertaken to pay for such services provided to their Patients.
- 68. At all material times, Defendants were aware that the Health Care Providers were entitled to and expected to be paid at rates in accordance with the standards established under Nevada law.
- 69. At all material times, Defendants have received the Health Care Providers' bills for the emergency medicine services the Health Care Providers have provided and continue to provide to Defendants' Patients, and Defendants have consistently adjudicated and paid, and continue to adjudicate and pay, the Health Care Providers directly for the non-participating claims.
- 70. Through the parties' conduct and respective undertaking of obligations concerning emergency medicine services provided by the Health Care Providers to Defendants'

Patients, the parties implicitly agreed, and the Health Care Providers had a reasonable expectation and understanding, that Defendants would reimburse the Health Care Providers for non-participating claims at rates in accordance with the standards acceptable under Nevada law.

- 71. Under Nevada common law, including the doctrine of quantum meruit, the Defendants, by undertaking responsibility for payment to the Health Care Providers for the services rendered to Defendants' Patients, impliedly agreed to reimburse the Health Care Providers at the reasonable value of the professional emergency medical services provided by the Health Care Providers.
- 72. Defendants, by undertaking responsibility for payment to the Health Care Providers for the services rendered to the Defendants' Patients, impliedly agreed to reimburse the Health Care Providers at the reasonable value of the professional emergency medical services provided by the Health Care Providers.
- 73. In breach of its implied contract with the Health Care Providers, Defendants have and continue to unreasonably and systemically adjudicate the non-participating claims at rates substantially below the reasonable value of the professional emergency medical services provided by the Health Care Providers to the Defendants' Patients.
- 74. The Health Care Providers have performed all obligations under the implied contract with the Defendants concerning emergency medical services to be performed for Patients.
- 75. At all material times, all conditions precedent have occurred that were necessary for Defendants to perform their obligations under their implied contract to pay the Health Care Providers for the non-participating claims, at a minimum, based upon the reasonable value of the Health Care Providers' professional emergency medicine services
- 76. The Health Care Providers did not agree that the lower reimbursement rates paid by Defendants were reasonable or sufficient to compensate the Health Care Providers for the emergency medical services provided to Patients.
- 77. The Health Care Providers have suffered damages in an amount equal to the difference between the amounts paid by Defendants and the reasonable value of their

professional emergency medicine services, that remain unpaid by the Defendants through the date of trial, plus the Health Care Providers' loss of use of that money.

- 78. As a result of the Defendants' breach of the implied contract to pay the Health Care Providers for the non-participating claims at the rates required by Nevada law, the Health Care Providers have suffered injury and is entitled to monetary damages from Defendants to compensate them for that injury in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00, exclusive of interest, costs and attorneys' fees, the exact amount of which will be proven at the time of trial.
- 79. The Health Care Providers have been forced to retain counsel to prosecute this action and is entitled to receive their costs and attorneys' fees incurred herein.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Alternative Claim for Unjust Enrichment)

- 80. The Health Care Providers rendered valuable emergency services to the Patients.
- 81. Defendants received the benefit of having their healthcare obligations to their plan members discharged and their members received the benefit of the emergency care provided to them by the Health Care Providers.
- 82. As insurers or plan administrators, Defendants were reasonably notified that emergency medicine service providers such as the Health Care Providers would expect to be paid by Defendants for the emergency services provided to Patients.
- 83. Defendants accepted and retained the benefit of the services provided by the Health Care Providers at the request of the members of its Health Plans, knowing that the Health Care Providers expected to be paid the reasonable value of services provided, for the medically necessary, covered emergency medicine services it performed for Defendants' Patients.
- 84. Defendants have received a benefit from the Health Care Providers' provision of services to its Patients and the resulting discharge of their healthcare obligations owed to their Patients.
- 85. Under the circumstances set forth above, it is unjust and inequitable for Defendants to retain the benefit they received without paying the value of that benefit; i.e., by paying the Health Care Providers at the reasonable value of services provided, for the claims that

are the subject of this action and for all emergency medicine services that the Health Care Providers will continue to provide to Defendants' Members.

- 86. The Health Care Providers seek compensatory damages in an amount which will continue to accrue through the date of trial as a result of Defendants' continuing unjust enrichment.
- 87. As a result of the Defendants' actions, the Health Care Providers have been damaged in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00, exclusive of interest, costs and attorneys' fees, the exact amount of which will be proven at the time of trial.
- 88. The Health Care Providers sue for the damages caused by the Defendants' conduct and is entitled to recover the difference between the amount the Defendants' paid for emergency care the Health Care Providers rendered to its members and the reasonable value of the service that the Health Care Providers rendered to Defendants by discharging their obligations to their plan members.
- 89. As a direct result of the Defendants' acts and omissions complained of herein, it has been necessary for the Health Care Providers to retain legal counsel and others to prosecute their claims. The Health Care Providers are thus entitled to an award of attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Violation of NRS 686A.020 and 686A.310)

- 90. The Health Care Providers incorporate herein by reference the allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 91. The Nevada Insurance Code prohibits an insurer from engaging in an unfair settlement practices. NRS 686A.020, 686A.310.
- 92. One prohibited unfair claim settlement practice is "[f]ailing to effectuate prompt, fair and equitable settlements of claims in which liability of the insurer has become reasonably clear." NRS 686A.310(1)(e).
- 93. As detailed above, Defendants have failed to comply with NRS 686A.310(1)(e) by failing to pay the Health Care Providers' medical professionals the usual and customary rate

for emergency care provided to Defendants' members. By failing to pay the Health Care Providers' medical professionals the usual and customary rate Defendants have violated NRS 686A.310(1)(e) and committed an unfair settlement practice.

- 94. The Health Care Providers are therefore entitled to recover the difference between the amount Defendants paid for emergency care the Health Care Providers rendered to their members and the usual and customary rate, plus court costs and attorneys' fees.
- 95. The Health Care Providers are entitled to damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00, exclusive of interest, costs and attorneys' fees, the exact amount of which will be proven at the time of trial.
- 96. Defendants have acted in bad faith regarding their obligation to pay the usual and customary fee; therefore, the Health Care Providers are entitled to recover punitive damages against Defendants.
- 97. As a direct result of Defendants' acts and omissions complained of herein, it has been necessary for the Health Care Providers to retain legal counsel and others to prosecute their claims. The Health Care Providers are thus entitled to an award of attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred herein.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Violations of Nevada Prompt Pay Statutes & Regulations)

- 98. The Health Care Providers incorporate herein by reference the allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 99. The Nevada Insurance Code requires an HMO, MCO or other health insurer to pay a healthcare provider's claim within 30 days of receipt of a claim. NRS 683A.0879 (third party administrator), NRS 689A.410 (Individual Health Insurance), NRS 689B.255 (Group and Blanket Health Insurance), NRS 689C.485 (Health Insurance for Small Employers), NRS 695C.185 (HMO), NAC 686A.675 (all insurers) (collectively, the "NV Prompt Pay Laws"). Thus, for all submitted claims, Defendants were obligated to pay the Health Care Providers the usual and customary rate within 30 days of receipt of the claim.
 - 100. Despite this obligation, as alleged herein, Defendants have failed to reimburse the

Health Care Providers at the usual and customary rate within 30 days of the submission of the
claim. Indeed, Defendants failed to reimburse the Health Care Providers at the usual and
customary rate at all. Because Defendants have failed to reimburse the Health Care Providers a
the usual and customary rate within 30 days of submission of the claims as the Nevada
Insurance Code requires, Defendants are liable to the Health Care Providers for statutory
penalties.

- 101. For all claims payable by plans that Defendants insure wherein it failed to pay at the usual and customary fee within 30 days, Defendants are liable to the Health Care Providers for penalties as provided for in the Nevada Insurance Code.
- 102. Additionally, Defendants have violated NV Prompt Pay Laws, by among things, only paying part of the subject claims that have been approved and are fully payable.
- 103. The Health Care Providers seek penalties payable to it for late-paid and partially paid claims under the NV Prompt Pay Laws.
- 104. The Health Care Providers are entitled to damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00 to be determined at trial, including for its loss of the use of the money and its attorneys' fees.
- 105. Under the Nevada Insurance Code and NV Prompt Pay Laws, the Health Care Providers are also entitled to recover their reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

REQUEST FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Health Care Providers request the following relief:

- A. For awards of general and special damages in amounts in excess of \$15,000.00, the exact amounts of which will be proven at trial;
 - B. Judgment in their favor on the Second Amended Complaint;
- C. Awards of actual, consequential, general, and special damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00, the exact amounts of which will be proven at trial;
 - D. An award of punitive damages, the exact amount of which will be proven at trial;
- E. The Health Care Providers costs and reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to NRS 207.470;

1		F.	Reasonable attorneys' fees and court costs;
2		G.	Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest at the highest rates permitted by law;
3	and		
4		Н.	Such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.
5			JURY DEMAND
6		The	Health Care Providers hereby demand trial by jury on all issues so triable.
7		DAT	TED this 4th day of October, 2021.
8			AHMAD, ZAVITSANOS, ANAIPAKOS, ALAVI
9			& MENSING, P.C
10			By: <u>/s/ P. Kevin Leyendecker</u>
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

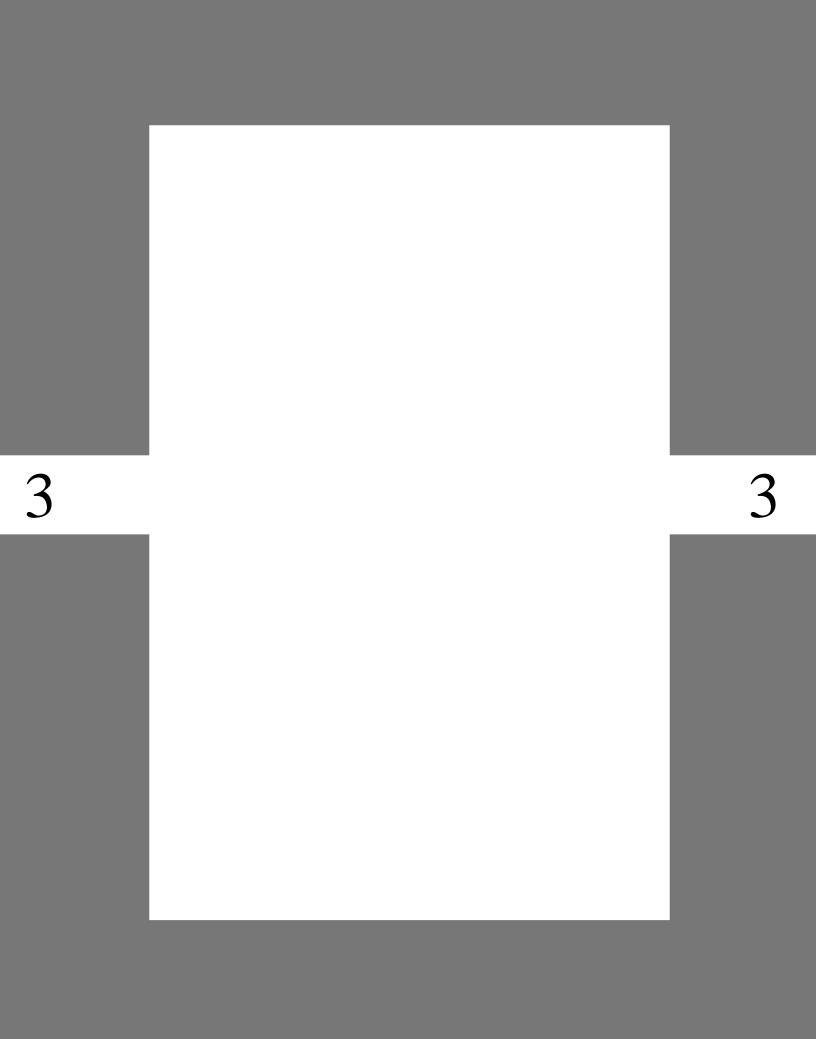
2 I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of McDonald Carano LLP, and that on this 7th day of October, 2021, I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing SECOND 3 **AMENDED COMPLAINT** to be served via this Court's Electronic Filing system in the 4 above-captioned case, upon the following: 5 D. Lee Roberts, Jr., Esq. Paul J. Wooten, Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*) Colby L. Balkenbush, Esq. Amanda Genovese, Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*) 6 Brittany M. Llewellyn, Esq. Philip E. Legendy, Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*) O'Melveny & Myers LLP 7 Phillip N. Smith, Jr., Esq. Times Square Tower, Marjan Hajimirzaee, Esq. WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS, Seven Times Square, 8 New York, New York 10036 **GUNN & DIAL, LLC** 6385 South Rainbow Blvd., Suite 400 pwooten@omm.com 9 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 agenovese@omm.com lroberts@wwhgd.com 10 plegendy@omm.com cbalkenbush@wwhgd.com bllewellyn@wwhgd.com 11 psmithjr@wwhgd.com mhajimirzaee@wwhgd.com 12 Dimitri Portnoi, Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*) Daniel F. Polsenberg, Esq. 13 Jason A. Orr, Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*) Joel D. Henriod, Esq. Adam G. Levine, Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*) Abraham G. Smith, Esq. 14 Hannah Dunham, Esq. (admitted pro hac vice) LEWIS ROCA ROTHGERBER CHRISTIE LLP Nadia L. Farjood, Esq. (admitted pro hac vice) 15 3993 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 600 O'MELVENY & MYERS LLP Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 400 South Hope Street, 18th Floor dpolsenberg@lewisroca.com 16 Los Angeles, CA 90071-2899 jhenriod@lewisroca.com dportnoi@omm.com asmith@lewisroca.com 17 jorr@omm.com alevine@omm.com Attorneys for Defendants 18 hdunham@omm.com nfarjood@omm.com 19 K. Lee Blalack, II, Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*) Judge David Wall, Special Master 20 Jeffrey E. Gordon, Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*) Attention: Mara Satterthwaite & Michelle Kevin D. Feder, Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*) Samaniego Jason Yan, Esq. (pro hac vice pending) 21 **JAMS** O'Melveny & Myers LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 11th Floor 1625 I Street, N.W. 22 Las Vegas, NV 89123 Washington, D.C. 20006 msatterthwaite@jamsadr.com Telephone: (202) 383-5374 23 msamaniego@jamsadr.com lblalack@omm.com jgordon@omm.com 24 kfeder@omm.com 25 Attorneys for Defendants /s/ Beau Nelson

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An employee of McDonald Carano LLP

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20	DICTO	ICT COURT
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21	CLARK CO	UNTY, NEVADA
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22	EDEMONT EMEDGENCY CEDVI	CES Case No.: A-19-792978-B
	FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVI	CES 5
23	(MANDAVIA), LTD., a Nevada professi corporation; TEAM PHYSICIANS	OF OF
24	NEVADA-MANDAVIA, P.C., a Ne professional corporation; CRUM, STEFAN	vada NKO DEFENDANTS' ANSWER TO
		EST PLAINTIFFS' SECOND AMENDED
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UNITED HEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY, a Connecticut corporation; UNITED HEALTH CARE SERVICES INC., dba UNITEDHEALTHCARE, a Minnesota corporation; UMR, INC., dba UNITED MEDICAL RESOURCES, a Delaware corporation; SIERRA HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, INC., a Nevada corporation; HEALTH PLAN OF NEVADA, INC., a Nevada corporation,

Defendants.

ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

Defendants UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company ("UHIC"), United HealthCare Services, Inc. ("UHS"), UMR, Inc. ("UMR"), Sierra Health and Life Insurance Co., Inc. ("SHL"), and Health Plan of Nevada, Inc. ("HPN") (collectively "Defendants"), by and through their attorneys of the law firms of Weinberg Wheeler Hudgins Gunn & Dial, LLC and O'Melveny and Myers LLP, hereby deny each and every allegation of the TeamHealth Plaintiffs' Second Amended Complaint, and the whole thereof, to the extent it purports to make claims against Defendants, and deny that they are liable for any of the happenings or events mentioned in the Second Amended Complaint. Defendants further deny that TeamHealth Plaintiffs were damaged or will sustain damages, in the sum alleged or in any other sum, or at all, by reason of any act or omission, fault, negligence, or conduct on the part of or attributable to Defendants, or any of Defendants' agents, or anyone acting on Defendants' behalf. To the extent the TeamHealth Plaintiffs have included material that is inappropriate under Rules 8 and 12(f) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, any such material should be stricken.

Defendants assert the following affirmative defenses to the TeamHealth Plaintiffs' Second Amended Complaint:

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs' Second Amended Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

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SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Some or all of the disputed claims are preempted by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA") because the members in question obtained their health care coverage through employer-based health plans. These claims relate to payments under plans governed by ERISA, and all such claims are both conflict and completely preempted by ERISA.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

This Court does not have subject matter jurisdiction over the claims asserted against Defendants. TeamHealth Plaintiffs' claims arise under ERISA and therefore implicate federal question jurisdiction.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The claims asserted are barred by the absence of an applicable duty running from Defendants to TeamHealth Plaintiffs. Among other reasons, as out-of-network providers, TeamHealth Plaintiffs have chosen not to enter into any contractual relationship or rate agreement with Defendants, nor has any duty arisen by operation of Nevada law.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The terms and conditions of the applicable health plans stand as a bar to some or all of the relief requested.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Some or all of TeamHealth Plaintiffs' billed charges are excessive under the applicable standards, and/or TeamHealth Plaintiffs have failed to identify any basis for entitlement to demand receipt of any fixed percentage of billed charges.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Some or all of the claims asserted are subject to rates set by TeamHealth Plaintiffs' participation in networks offered by MultiPlan, Inc.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

To the extent that TeamHealth Plaintiffs have any right to receive plan benefits, that right is subject to basic preconditions and prerequisites that have not been established, such as that the patients are members of health plans insured or administered by Defendants on the date of

service, that the coordination of benefits has been applied, that the services were medically necessary, that an emergency medical condition was present, that TeamHealth Plaintiffs timely submitted correctly coded claims and supplied any requested documentation, and/or that any necessary authorizations were obtained.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs lack standing to pursue claims against Defendants.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Some or all of the Defendants did not function as an insurer or issuer of the health plan coverage alleged to be at issue, and TeamHealth Plaintiffs therefore lack standing as to any such Defendant.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs failed to timely correct known defects with respect to some or all of the claims asserted.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, to the extent that they seek to unjustly enrich TeamHealth Plaintiffs by allowing them to retain funds in excess of any amounts due for covered services under plans insured or administered by Defendants.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, to the extent they have not suffered any damages.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, to the extent any alleged liability to or damages suffered by TeamHealth Plaintiffs were not proximately caused by Defendants, or by the conduct alleged.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs' claims are barred in whole or in part by the failure to exhaust mandatory administrative and/or contractual remedies.

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SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, to the extent that they have not mitigated their damages by seeking reimbursement from other sources, including, but not limited to, other health plans, programs, or entities that may have had an obligation to pay.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs' claims are barred in whole or in part, by the equitable doctrines of waiver, estoppel, and/or laches.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, to the extent TeamHealth Plaintiffs failed to sue the appropriate entity.

NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of accord and satisfaction and/or release.

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs' claims are subject to setoff and/or recoupment with respect to claims for which Defendants made payment on the basis of current procedural terminology ("CPT") or other billing codes included in TeamHealth Plaintiffs' submissions that TeamHealth Plaintiffs' clinical records of their patients' care reveal to have been improperly submitted, either because TeamHealth Plaintiffs' clinical records do not support submission of the codes at all, or because TeamHealth Plaintiffs' clinical records establish that different codes should have been submitted.

TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs' claims are subject to setoff and/or recoupment with respect to claims for which Defendants made payment on the basis of TeamHealth Plaintiffs' billed charges and those billed charges exceeded the billed charges submitted to other payors, where TeamHealth Plaintiffs never intended to collect such charges from any other payors, or where the charges were otherwise in error.

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TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs are not entitled to relief because they have received all payments due, if any, for the covered services they provided in accordance with the terms of their patients' health plans.

TWENTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

TeamHealth Plaintiffs' claim for punitive damages cannot be sustained because an award of punitive damages that is subject to no predetermined limit, such as a maximum multiple of compensatory damages or a maximum amount of punitive damages that may be imposed, would: (1) violate Defendants' Due Process rights guaranteed by the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution; (2) violate Defendants' rights not to be subjected to an excessive award; and (3) be improper under the Nevada Constitution, Nevada statutes, common law and public policies of Nevada.

TWENTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

All of TeamHealth Plaintiffs' causes of action, both legal and equitable, are barred by the doctrine of unclean hands. TeamHealth Plaintiffs wrongfully and fraudulently billed Plaintiff Fremont Emergency Services' reimbursement claims under Plaintiff Ruby Crest Emergency Medicine's tax identification number in order to deceive the Defendants into paying a higher rate of reimbursement for Fremont Emergency Services' claims.

TWENTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

It has been necessary for Defendants to employ the services of an attorney to defend the action and a reasonable sum should be allowed Defendants for attorney's fees and all incurred costs of the suit.

WHEREFORE, having fully responded to the allegations of the Second Amended Complaint, Defendants pray:

- 1. That TeamHealth Plaintiffs' Second Amended Complaint be dismissed with prejudice;
- 2. That TeamHealth Plaintiffs take nothing by their Second Amended Complaint;
- 3. That Defendants be discharged from this action without liability;

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4.	That the	Court	award	to	Defendants	all	of	their	costs	and	attorneys'	fees	in
defending this	action; aı	nd											

5. That the Court award to Defendants such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated this 8th day of October, 2021.

/s/ Colby L. Balkenbush

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 8th day October, 2021, a true and correct copy of the **DEFENDANTS'** ANSWER TO **PLAINTIFFS' SECOND** foregoing **AMENDED COMPLAINT** was electronically filed and served on counsel through the Court's electronic service system pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2 and N.E.F.C.R. 9, via the electronic mail addresses noted below, unless service by another method is stated or noted:

Pat Lundvall, Esq. Kristen T. Gallagher, Esq. Amanda M. Perach, Esq. McDonald Carano LLP 2300 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 1200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 plundvall@mcdonaldcarano.com kgallagher@mcdonaldcarano.com aperach@mcdonaldcarano.com

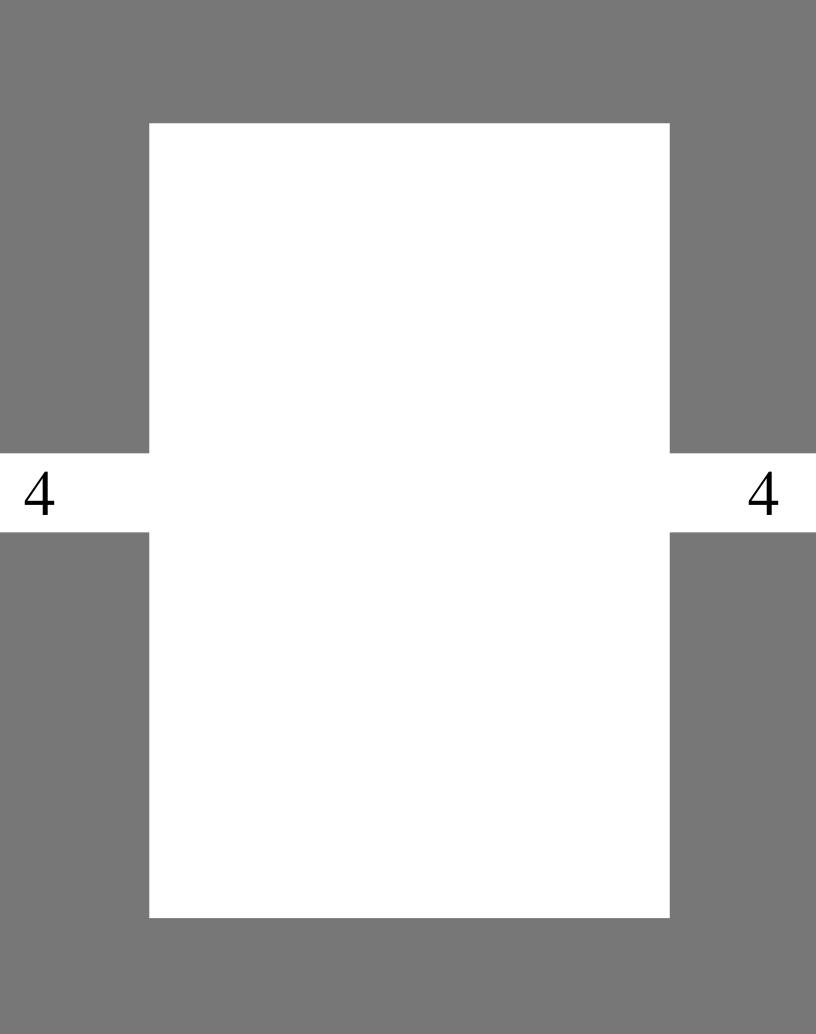
Judge David Wall, Special Master Attention: Mara Satterthwaite & Michelle Samaniego **JAMS** 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 11th Floor Las Vegas, NV 89123 msatterthwaite@jamsadr.com msamaniego@jamsadr.com

Justin C. Fineberg Martin B. Goldberg Rachel H. LeBlanc Jonathan E. Feuer Jonathan E. Siegelaub David R. Ruffner Lash & Goldberg LLP Weston Corporate Centre I 2500 Weston Road Suite 220 Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33331 jfineberg@lashgoldberg.com mgoldberg@lashgoldberg.com rleblanc@lashgoldberg.com jfeuer@lashgoldberg.com jsiegelaub@lashgoldberg.com druffner@lashgoldberg.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

/s/ _Kelly L. Pierce

An employee of WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS **GUNN & DIAL, LLC**



Electronically Filed 000052 CLERK OF THE COURT

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Freemo	ont Emergency Services)
) CASE NO: A-19-792978-B
	PLAINTIFF) DEPT. NO: 27
-VS-)
Unit	edHealth) MEDIA REQUEST AND ORDER ALLOWING) CAMERA ACCESS TO COURT PROCEEDINGS
	TO ESTABLIS A RIVES	* Please fax to (702) 671-4548 to ensure that
	DEFENDANT) the request will be processed as quickly as possible.
Johr	n Sammon (name), of L	_egal Newsline (media organization),
hereby	requests permission to broadcast, record, photog	graph or televise proceedings in the above-entitled case in
Dept. N	No. 27 the Honorable Judge Nancy	Allf Presiding, on the 25th day of
Octo	ober , ₂₀ 21	Allf Presiding, on the 25th day of
submitt		ly with Supreme Court Rules 229-246, inclusive. If this request is being above-described proceedings commence, the following facts provide good totice:
arrange	ther understood that any media camera pooling of prior to coverage, without asking for the Coutthis 15th day of October	
SIGN	ATURE: ANN Mah	er (editor) PHONE: 618-604-8688
****		REBY ORDERED THAT:
[]		submitted less than 24 hours before the scheduled proceeding was to nown to justify granting the request on shorter notice.
[]	The media request is denied for the following	ng reasons:
[]	entitled case, at the discretion of the Court, as Supreme Court Rules 229-246, inclusive, at to of any party to the action. Media access may	I media access remains in effect for each and every hearing in the above- and unless otherwise notified. This order is made in accordance with the discretion of the judge, and is subject to reconsideration upon motion be revoked if it is shown that access is distracting the participants, wise materially interfering with the administration of justice.
[]	OTHER:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		nent shall be made a part of the record of the proceedings in this case. Dated this 18th day of October, 2021
	this 18th day of October	, 20 21 Nancy L Allf
Dat 1	41-ia IOUI day of UCIODAT	70 21

109 380 7B7E 4775 Nancy Allf District Court Judge

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1 **CSERV** 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 Fremont Emergency Services CASE NO: A-19-792978-B 6 (Mandavia) Ltd, Plaintiff(s) DEPT. NO. Department 27 7 VS. 8 United Healthcare Insurance 9 Company, Defendant(s) 10 11 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 12 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District 13 Court. The foregoing Media Request and Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below: 14 Service Date: 10/18/2021 15 16 Michael Infuso minfuso@greeneinfusolaw.com 17 Frances Ritchie fritchie@greeneinfusolaw.com 18 Greene Infuso, LLP filing@greeneinfusolaw.com 19

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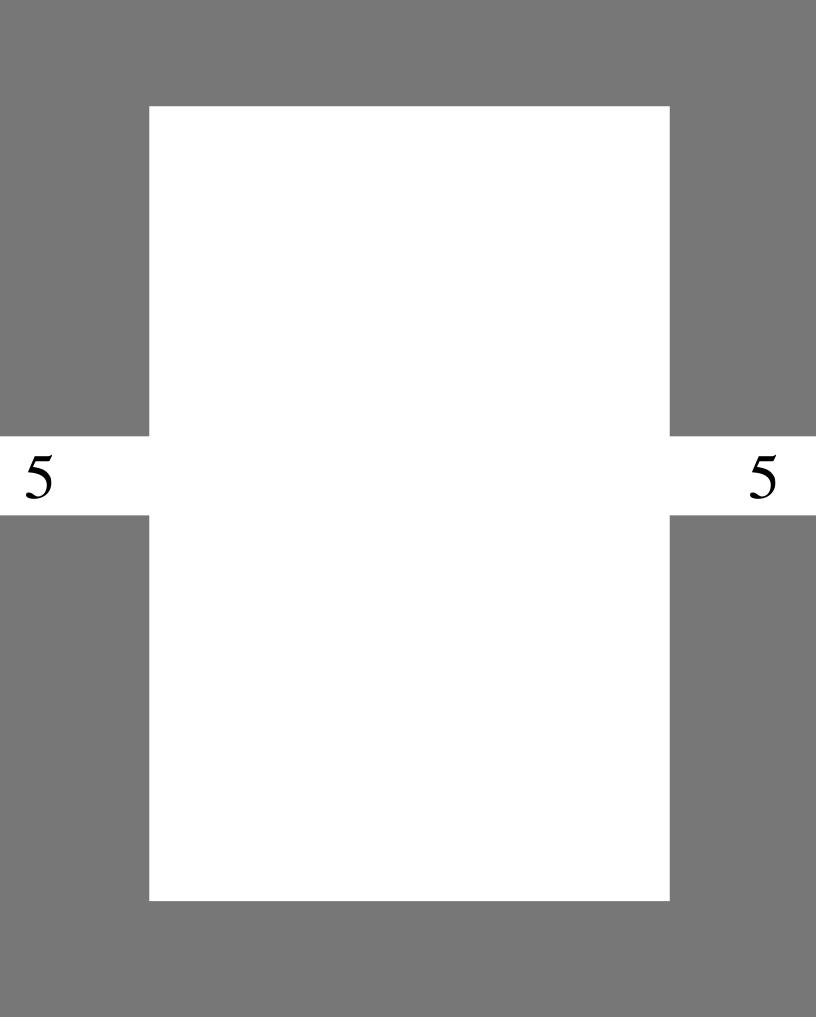
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Joe Ahmad	joeahmad@azalaw.com
	Louis Liao Jane Robinson Myrna Flores Ruth Deres Michelle Rivers Angie Keniston



Electronically Filed 000057 10/28/2021 11:45 AM CLERK OF THE COURT

EIGHTH	JUDICIAL	DISTRICT	COURT		
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA					

Carter McCormack hereby requests permission to brown to the Month of the Honora November I hereby certify that I am familian submitted less than twenty-four (cause for the Court to grant the rearranged prior to coverage, without this 26th day of October SIGNATURE: The media request is decommence, and no "good I the media request is decommence, and no "good I the media request is decommence, and no "good I the media request is decommence, and no "good I the media request is decommence, and no "good I the media request is decommence."	name), of Dolce (name), of Dolce roadcast, record, photograph of the properties of	CASE NO: A-19-792978-B DEPT. NO: XXVII MEDIA REQUEST AND ORDER ALLOWING CAMERA ACCESS TO COURT PROCEEDINGS * Please fax to (702) 671-4548 to ensure that the request will be processed as quickly as possible. efino Communications, LLC (media organization), or televise proceedings in the above-entitled case in Presiding, on the 1-23 day of Supreme Court Rules 229-246, inclusive. If this request is being described proceedings commence, the following facts provide good tements shall be the sole responsibility of the media and must be ediate disputes.
Carter McCormack hereby requests permission to brought to be the Molecular Submitted less than twenty-four (cause for the Court to grant the rearranged prior to coverage, without this 26th day of October SIGNATURE: The media request is decommence, and no "good It is media request is decommence, and no "good It is media request is decommence, and no "good It is media request is decommence, and no "good It is media request is decommence, and no "good It is media request is decommence, and no "good It is media request is decommence, and no "good It is media request is decommence, and no "good It is media request is decommence, and no "good It is media request is decommence."	name), of Dolce roadcast, record, photograph or rable Judge Nancy Allf 21 ar with, and will comply with a (24) hours before the above-d request on such short notice:	MEDIA REQUEST AND ORDER ALLOWING CAMERA ACCESS TO COURT PROCEEDINGS * Please fax to (702) 671-4548 to ensure that the request will be processed as quickly as possible. efino Communications, LLC (media organization), or televise proceedings in the above-entitled case in Presiding, on the 1-23 day of Supreme Court Rules 229-246, inclusive. If this request is being described proceedings commence, the following facts provide good
Carter McCormack hereby requests permission to bronch the McCormack Dept. No. XXVII and familian submitted less than twenty-four (cause for the Court to grant the rearranged prior to coverage, without this 26th day of October SIGNATURE: The media request is decommence, and no "good The media request is decommence, and no "good The media request is decommence."	name), of Dolce (name), of Dolce roadcast, record, photograph of the properties of	MEDIA REQUEST AND ORDER ALLOWING CAMERA ACCESS TO COURT PROCEEDINGS * Please fax to (702) 671-4548 to ensure that the request will be processed as quickly as possible. efino Communications, LLC (media organization), or televise proceedings in the above-entitled case in Presiding, on the 1-23 day of Supreme Court Rules 229-246, inclusive. If this request is being described proceedings commence, the following facts provide good
Carter McCormack hereby requests permission to bro Dept. No. XXVII, the Honora November I hereby certify that I am familian submitted less than twenty-four (cause for the Court to grant the re arranged prior to coverage, without this	name), of Dolce (name), of Dolce roadcast, record, photograph of the properties of	* Please fax to (702) 671-4548 to ensure that the request will be processed as quickly as possible. * Please fax to (702) 671-4548 to ensure that the request will be processed as quickly as possible. * Please fax to (702) 671-4548 to ensure that the request will be processed as quickly as possible. * Presiding of the media organization or televise proceedings in the above-entitled case in Presiding, on the 1-23 day of * Supreme Court Rules 229-246, inclusive. If this request is being described proceedings commence, the following facts provide good tements shall be the sole responsibility of the media and must be
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t is further understood that any rurranged prior to coverage, without at the selection of the Court to grant the restriction of the Court to grant	rable Judge Nancy Allf , 20 21 ar with, and will comply with a (24) hours before the above-d request on such short notice: media camera pooling arrange	Presiding, on the 1-23 day of Supreme Court Rules 229-246, inclusive. If this request is being described proceedings commence, the following facts provide good tements shall be the sole responsibility of the media and must be
I hereby certify that I am familian submitted less than twenty-four (cause for the Court to grant the rearranged prior to coverage, without this	rable Judge Nancy Allf , 20 21 ar with, and will comply with a (24) hours before the above-d request on such short notice: media camera pooling arrange	Presiding, on the 1-23 day of Supreme Court Rules 229-246, inclusive. If this request is being described proceedings commence, the following facts provide good tements shall be the sole responsibility of the media and must be
I hereby certify that I am familian submitted less than twenty-four (cause for the Court to grant the restrained prior to coverage, without any of the court to grant that any of the court to grant the restrained prior to coverage, without any of the court to grant the restrained prior to coverage, without any of the coverage of the	ar with, and will comply with a (24) hours before the above-d request on such short notice: media camera pooling arrange	Supreme Court Rules 229-246, inclusive. If this request is being described proceedings commence, the following facts provide good tements shall be the sole responsibility of the media and must be
thereby certify that I am familian submitted less than twenty-four (cause for the Court to grant the restrained prior to coverage, without any farranged prior to coverage, without any farranged this 26th day of Court and The media request is decommence, and no "good I are decommended in the media request is decommenced."	ar with, and will comply with a (24) hours before the above-d request on such short notice:	described proceedings commence, the following facts provide good
***************** The media request is decommence, and no "good of the media request is decommendate to the media request is decommendate.	t. Mr. Tu	, 20 <u>2\</u>
The media request is decommence, and no "good The media request is decommendate or services of the media request is decommendate."	L'IVUNAUN	PHONE: 713-898-6591
The media request is de		******************
The media request is de	II IS HEKEBY	ORDERED THAT:
	lenied because it was submitted bood cause" has been shown to	ed less than 24 hours before the scheduled proceeding was to justify granting the request on shorter notice.
XI The media request is an	denied for the following reason	ons:
entitled case, at the disc Supreme Court Rules 2 of any party to the actio	scretion of the Court, and unless 229-246, inclusive, at the discretion. Media access may be revo	access remains in effect for each and every hearing in the above- ess otherwise notified. This order is made in accordance with cretion of the judge, and is subject to reconsideration upon motion oked if it is shown that access is distracting the participants, erially interfering with the administration of justice.
I IS FURTHER URDEN		11.1
		Il be made a part of the record of the proceedings in this case.
ated this <u>28th</u> day of C	RED that this document shall	Dated this 28th day of October, 2021 Dated L Allf

0AB F5D CB3C AA9E Nancy Allf District Court Judge

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Sta	ate of Nevada)
	PLAINTIFF) CASE NO: A-19-792978-B
* 10		DEPT. NO: XXVII
-VS) MEDIA REQUEST AND ORDER ALLOWING
Unite	ed Health Care Insurance Co./UNTED NY) CAMERA ACCESS TO COURT PROCEEDINGS
	DEFENDANT	* Please fax to (702) 671-4548 to ensure that the request will be processed as quickly as possible.
Wa	ayne Dolcefino(name), of	cefino Communications, LLC (media organization),
	by requests permission to broadcast, record, photograph	
Dept.	No. XXVII , the Honorable Judge Nancy Allf	Presiding, on the 1-23 day of
N	overuber, 2021	,
Subill	for the Court to grant the request on such short notice:	h Supreme Court Rules 229-246, inclusive. If this request is being -described proceedings commence, the following facts provide good :
arrang	ged prior to coverage, without asking for the Court to n	gements shall be the sole responsibility of the media and must be nediate disputes.
Dated	1 this 26th day of October	,20 21
SIG	NATURE: Oten Dely	PHONE: 713-389-0810
***	*************************	**************
	IT IS HEREBY	Y ORDERED THAT:
]	The media request is denied because it was submit commence, and no "good cause" has been shown to	tted less than 24 hours before the scheduled proceeding was to o justify granting the request on shorter notice.
]	The media request is denied for the following reasons	ons:
]	Supreme Court Rules 229-246, inclusive, at the distortion of any party to the action. Media access may be sourced.	a access remains in effect for each and every hearing in the above- ess otherwise notified. This order is made in accordance with cretion of the judge, and is subject to reconsideration upon motion oked if it is shown that access is distracting the participants, terially interfering with the administration of justice.
]	OTHER:	
ΓIS		ll be made a part of the record of the proceedings in this case.
ated t	his day of	. 20
		DISTRICT COURT HIDGE

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Raiza Anne Torrenueva

Colby Balkenbush

1 **CSERV** 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 Fremont Emergency Services CASE NO: A-19-792978-B 6 (Mandavia) Ltd, Plaintiff(s) DEPT. NO. Department 27 7 VS. 8 United Healthcare Insurance 9 Company, Defendant(s) 10 11 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 12 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District 13 Court. The foregoing Media Request and Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below: 14 Service Date: 10/28/2021 15 16 Michael Infuso minfuso@greeneinfusolaw.com 17 Frances Ritchie fritchie@greeneinfusolaw.com 18 Greene Infuso, LLP filing@greeneinfusolaw.com 19 Audra Bonney abonney@wwhgd.com 20 Cindy Bowman cbowman@wwhgd.com 21 D. Lee Roberts lroberts@wwhgd.com 22 23 Pat Lundvall plundvall@mcdonaldcarano.com 24 Kristen Gallagher kgallagher@mcdonaldcarano.com

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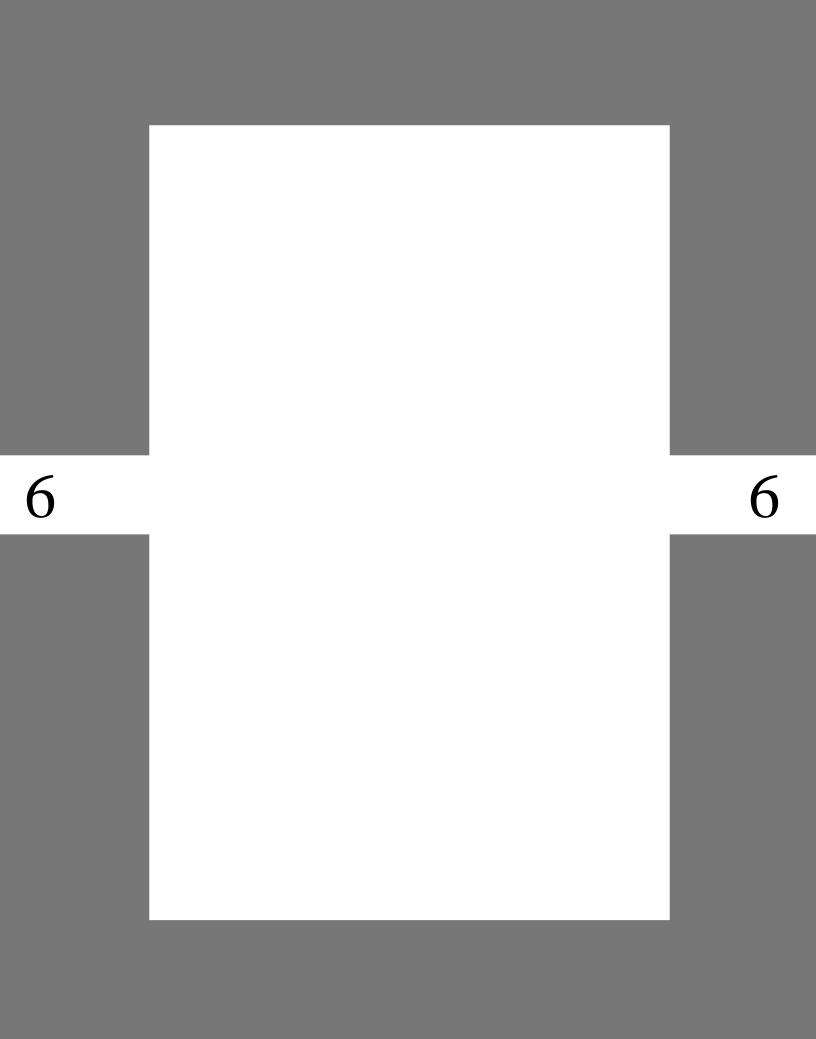
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		000062



EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Electronically Filed 00006:
CLERK OF THE COLIRT

FREMO	ONT EMERGENCY SERVICES, LTD.)
-	DI AINTENE	CASE NO: A-19-792978-B
	PLAINTIFF	DEPT. NO: XXVII
-VS-) MEDIA REQUEST AND ORDER ALLOWING
Unite	edHealth Group, Inc) CAMERA ACCESS TO COURT PROCEEDINGS
	DEFENDANT	 * Please fax to (702) 671-4548 to ensure that the request will be processed as quickly as possible.
Wa	yne Dolcefino (name), of Dol	cefino Communications, LLC (media organization),
		h or televise proceedings in the above-entitled case in
Dept.		If Presiding, on the 1st day of
Nov	vember ₂₀ 21	
submit cause It is fu arrang Dated	tted less than twenty-four (24) hours before the above for the Court to grant the request on such short notice	ngements shall be the sole responsibility of the media and must be
****	***********	***********
	arter-moduling to the property of the commence of the comment of t	BY ORDERED THAT:
[]		nitted less than 24 hours before the scheduled proceeding was to to justify granting the request on shorter notice.
[]	The media request is denied for the following rea	asons:
IXI	entitled case, at the discretion of the Court, and u Supreme Court Rules 229-246, inclusive, at the of any party to the action. Media access may be r	dia access remains in effect for each and every hearing in the above- mless otherwise notified. This order is made in accordance with discretion of the judge, and is subject to reconsideration upon motion revoked if it is shown that access is distracting the participants, materially interfering with the administration of justice.
[]	OTHER:	
IT IS	S FURTHER ORDERED that this document s	shall be made a part of the record of the proceedings in this case.
		Dated this 28th day of October, 2021
Dated	this 28th day of October	,20 21. Nancy L Allf
		DISTRICT COURT HIDGE TM

42A 1C9 D052 E9FB Nancy Allf District Court Judge

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

) CASE NO: A-19-792978-B
	PLAINTIFF	DEPT. NO: XXVII
-VS-)
Unite	edHealth Group, Inc) MEDIA REQUEST AND ORDER ALLOWING) CAMERA ACCESS TO COURT PROCEEDINGS
	DEFENDANT	 * Please fax to (702) 671-4548 to ensure that the request will be processed as quickly as possible.
	DEFENDANT	ine request with be processed as quickly as possible.
Car	ter McCormack (name), of D	olcefino Communications, LLC (media organization),
		raph or televise proceedings in the above-entitled case in
Dept.	No. XXVII, the Honorable Judge Nancy	Allf Presiding, on the 1st day of
Nov	vember ₂₀ 21	
	orther understood that any media camera pooling a ged prior to coverage, without asking for the Court	arrangements shall be the sole responsibility of the media and must be
Dated	this 28th day of October	. 20 21
Dated SIG!	NATURE: CONTUMBULA	
Dated SIG!	NATURE: <u>CBSUMUGUU</u>	
Dated SIG! ****	NATURE:	
Dated SIG!	NATURE:	PHONE: 713-898-6 ***********************************
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1 **CSERV** 2 DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 Fremont Emergency Services CASE NO: A-19-792978-B 6 (Mandavia) Ltd, Plaintiff(s) DEPT. NO. Department 27 7 VS. 8 United Healthcare Insurance 9 Company, Defendant(s) 10 11 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 12 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District 13 Court. The foregoing Media Request and Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below: 14 Service Date: 10/28/2021 15 16 Michael Infuso minfuso@greeneinfusolaw.com 17 Frances Ritchie fritchie@greeneinfusolaw.com 18 Greene Infuso, LLP filing@greeneinfusolaw.com 19 Audra Bonney abonney@wwhgd.com 20 Cindy Bowman cbowman@wwhgd.com 21 D. Lee Roberts lroberts@wwhgd.com 22 23 Pat Lundvall plundvall@mcdonaldcarano.com 24 Kristen Gallagher kgallagher@mcdonaldcarano.com 25 Raiza Anne Torrenueva rtorrenueva@wwhgd.com 26 Colby Balkenbush cbalkenbush@wwhgd.com 27

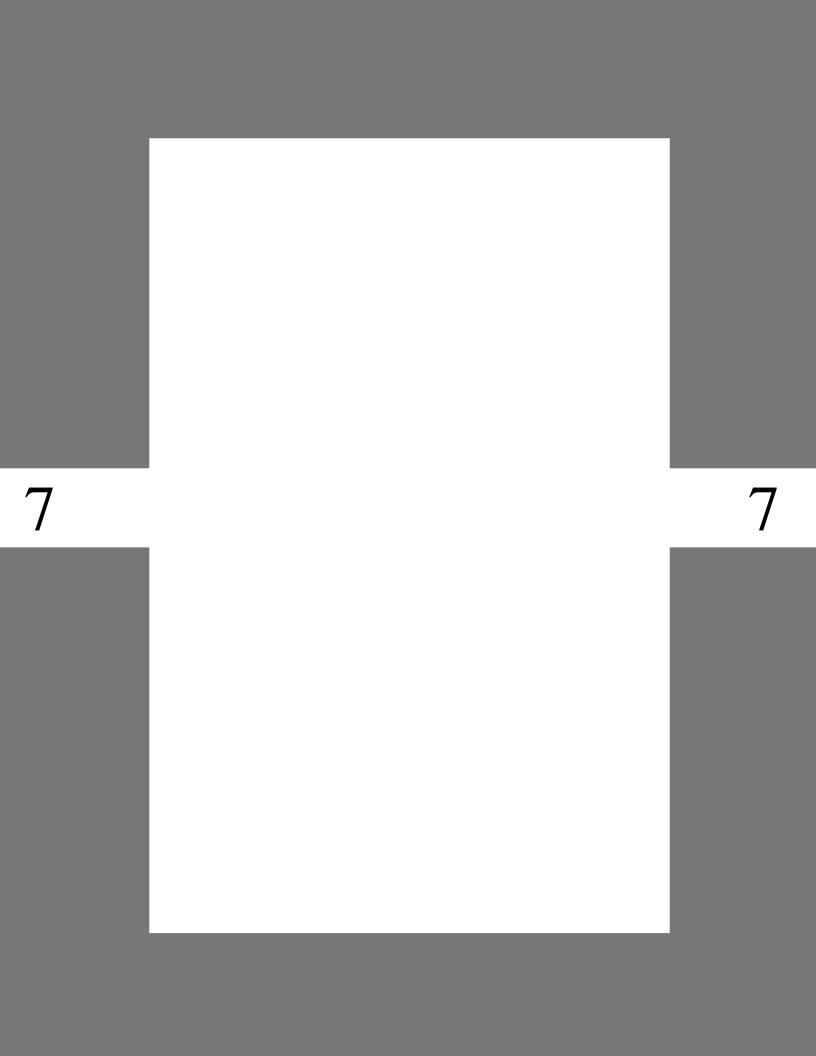
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10/28/2021 3:54 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT OBJ 1 D. Lee Roberts, Jr., Esq. Dimitri D. Portnoi, Esq.(Admitted Pro Hac Vice) dportnoi@omm.com Nevada Bar No. 8877 lroberts@wwhgd.com Jason A. Orr, Esq. (Admitted Pro Hac Vice) Colby L. Balkenbush, Esq. jorr@omm.com 3 Adam G. Levine, Esq. (Admitted Pro Hac Vice) Nevada Bar No. 13066 alevine@omm.com cbalkenbush@wwhgd.com 4 Brittany M. Llewellyn, Esq. Hannah Dunham, Esq. (Admitted Pro Hac Vice) Nevada Bar No. 13527 hdunham@omm.com 5 Nadia L. Farjood, Esq. (Admitted Pro Hac Vice) bllewellyn@wwhgd.com Phillip N. Smith, Jr., Esq. nfarjood@omm.com 6 O'Melveny & Myers LLP Nevada Bar No. 10233 400 S. Hope St., 18th Floor psmithjr@wwhgd.com Los Angeles, CA 90071 Marjan Hajimirzaee, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 11984 Telephone: (213) 430-6000 8 mhajimirzaee@wwhgd.com WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS, K. Lee Blalack, II, Esq.(Admitted Pro Hac Vice) lblalack@omm.com GUNN & DIAL, LLC 6385 South Rainbow Blvd., Suite 400 Jeffrey E. Gordon, Esq. (Admitted Pro Hac Vice) Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 jgordon@omm.com Telephone: (702) 938-3838 Kevin D. Feder, Esq. (Admitted Pro Hac Vice) 11 Facsimile: (702) 938-3864 kfeder@omm.com Jason Yan, Esq. (Admitted Pro Hac Vice) 12 | jyan@omm.com Daniel F. Polsenberg, Esq. O'Melveny & Myers LLP Nevada Bar No. 2376 13 dpolsenberg@lewisroca.com 1625 Eye St. NW Washington, DC 20006 Joel D. Henriod, Esq. 14 Nevada Bar No. 8492 Telephone: (202) 383-5374 jhenriod@lewisroca.com Abraham G. Smith, Esq. 15 Paul J. Wooten, Esq. (Admitted Pro Hac Vice) Nevada Bar No. 13250 pwooten@omm.com 16 Amanda L. Genovese (Admitted Pro Hac Vice) asmith@lewisroca.com Lewis Roca Rothgerber Christie LLP agenovese@omm.com 17 Philip E. Legendy (Admitted Pro Hac Vice) 3993 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 600 plegendy@omm.com Las Vegas, Nevada 89169-5996 18 O'Melveny & Myers LLP Telephone: (702) 949-8200 Times Square Tower, Seven Times Square 19 New York, NY 10036 Attorneys for Defendants Telephone: (212) 728-5857 20 **DISTRICT COURT** 21 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 22 Case No.: A-19-792978-B **FREMONT EMERGENCY** SERVICES 23 Dept. No.: 27 (MANDAVIA), LTD., a Nevada professional corporation; **TEAM PHYSICIANS** OF 24 NEVADA-MANDAVIA, P.C., Nevada **DEFENDANTS' OBJECTION TO** professional corporation; CRUM, STEFANKO 25 **MEDIA REQUESTS** LTD. JONES, dba RUBY CREST AND

EMERGENCY MEDICINE, Nevada

26 professional corporation,

Plaintiffs,

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Page 1 of 12

UNITED HEALTHCARE **INSURANCE** COMPANY, a Connecticut corporation; UNITED HEALTH **CARE SERVICES** INC., UNITEDHEALTHCARE, Minnesota corporation; UMR, INC., dba UNITED MEDICAL RESOURCES. Delaware a corporation; SIERRA HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, INC., a Nevada corporation; HEALTH PLAN OF NEVADA, INC., a Nevada corporation,

Defendants.

Defendants UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company ("UHIC"), United HealthCare Services, Inc. ("UHS"), UMR, Inc. ("UMR"), Sierra Health and Life Insurance Co., Inc. ("SHL"), and Health Plan of Nevada, Inc. ("HPN") (collectively "Defendants"), by and through their attorneys, object to the October 18, 2021 and October 28, 2021 media requests for permission to "broadcast, record, photograph or televise proceedings in the above-entitled case" filed by Legal Newsline and Dolcefino Communications, LLC. This Opposition is made pursuant to Supreme Court Rules 229 through 249, and is based upon the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the pleadings and papers on file herein, and any oral argument this Court may allow on this matter.

Dated this 28th day of October, 2021.

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/s/ Colby L. Balkenbush 19 D. Lee Roberts, Jr., Esq. Colby L. Balkenbush, Esq. 20 Brittany M. Llewellyn, Esq. Phillip N. Smith, Jr., Esq. 21 Marjan Hajimirzaee, Esq. WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS, 22 GUNN & DIAL, LLC 6385 South Rainbow Blvd. 23 Suite 400 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 24

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Attorneys for Defendants

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES INTRODUCTION

On October 18, 2021 and October 28, 2021, Defendants received a "Media Request and Order Allowing Camera Access to Court Proceedings" for permission to "broadcast, record, photograph or televise proceedings in the above-entitled case" filed by Legal Newsline and Dolcefino Communications, LLC ("Media Requests"). The Media Requests must be denied in their current form as this case has a Protective Order that protects certain information, materials, and testimony covered by a Confidentiality Agreement as they are Defendants' trade secrets. In reliance on the Protective Order, Defendants have disclosed, among other things, the rates they pay to other third-party providers, both in Nevada and nationwide, Defendants' internal processes and strategies regarding rates of reimbursement, the inner workings of Defendants' out-of-network cost management programs, various negotiation parameters, and contracts with self-funded employer group customers.

If media coverage of the trial is permitted the Protective Order will essentially become meaningless and other providers will be able to tune in and use Defendants' market data and negotiation parameters against them in future negotiations, to Defendants' severe financial detriment. In addition, Defendants' competitors – other insurers and claim administrators – will be able to obtain confidential, proprietary, and trade secret information about Defendants' contracted rates, out-of-network reimbursements, and contracts with self-funded employer group customers. This will allow Defendants' competitors to gain a competitive advantage visà-vis Defendants in both negotiations with providers and with self-funded employer group customers.

To be clear, Defendants do not oppose media access as a general principle. However, the Protective Order specifically contemplates that its protections will run through trial and the

Court should therefore enforce the Order and deny the Media Requests as currently submitted. In the alternative, this Court should grant the Media Requests only to the portions of the trial where documentary and testimonial evidence that are *not* Defendants' confidential, proprietary, and trade secret information are being presented.

ARGUMENT AND CITATION OF AUTHORITY

A. This Case Involves a Confidentiality Agreement and Stipulated Protective Order that Protects the At-Issue Confidential Information from Disclosure to the Public by the Media

At the outset of this case, the parties recognized and appreciated that certain information, materials and testimony regarding payment amounts, pricing and negotiations ("Confidential Information") was confidential and needed to be protected for a variety of reasons. The parties agreed that information regarding the Confidential Information should not get out to competitors, the media and public. Defendants agreed to produce Confidential Information and testify regarding confidential issues only based on the parties' agreement to enter the Confidentiality Agreement. Recognizing the sensitive nature of this information, this Court entered the Stipulated Confidentiality and Protective Order on June 24, 2020 ("Protective Order").

The Protective Order provided that only the "Qualified Persons" listed in the Order are permitted to see information that has been designated "confidential" and/or "attorneys' eyes only." Protective Order at ¶ 10(c). In general, "confidential" information may be shown to the Court and Court personnel, counsel of record, party employees, witnesses during testimony, and retained experts and consultants, but may not be shared outside the litigation. *Id.* at ¶ 12. "Attorneys' eyes only" information may not be shown to party employees except for two designated in-house counsel for each party who have no involvement in rate and contract negotiations. *Id.* at ¶ 11(b), 12(b). Critically, nothing in the Protective Order indicates that these protections expire upon the commencement of trial. Rather, the Protective Order provides

¹ Prior to this case being remanded, the Nevada Federal District Court also entered a nearly identical protective order that protected the Confidential Information. *See Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia) Ltd. v. United Healthcare Insurance Company, et al.*, Case No. 2:19-cv-00832-JAD-VCF, ECF No. 30 (Oct. 21, 2019).

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that during trial, if a party anticipates using another party's Confidential Information, it must give at least three business days' notice prior to using the Confidential Information. *Id.* at ¶ 20. The Protective Order further provides that during trial "[t]he Court may take such measures, as it deems appropriate, to protect the claimed confidential nature of the document or information sought to be admitted and to protect the Confidential Information from disclosure to persons other than the [Qualified Persons]." Id.

Relying on the Confidentiality Agreement and its promise of ongoing protection, Defendants produced Confidential Information on, among other things, (1) their in-network rates and contracts with other providers, (2) the out-of-network rates paid to other providers, (3) the providers with highest and lowest appeal rates, (4) the providers with the highest and lowest rates of reimbursement, (5) documents showing Defendants' internal processes and strategies regarding rates of reimbursement for in- and out-of-network providers, (6) negotiation parameters for resolving inquiries from out-of-network providers, (7) the inner-workings of Defendants' out-of-network cost management programs, and (8) contracts with self-funded employer group customers. Moreover, the above highly sensitive market data was not limited to Nevada, but also included national market data from all 50 states. Defendants also provided significant deposition testimony on these topics that was then designated "confidential" or "attorneys' eyes only" under the Protective Order. Although this alone merits denying the Media Requests, the Court should at a minimum enforce the Protective Order by closing the trial proceedings to the media and public only when Defendants' trade secret and other confidential or proprietary information is being used or discussed.

Nevada law recognizes that courts should protect trade secrets or other confidential information by reasonable means, including allowing parties to file documents containing such information under seal and having closed proceedings. See SRCR 3(4)(g); Nev. R. Civ. P. 26(c)(7) and (8) (a court may enter an order "that a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information not be revealed or be revealed only in a designated way," including under seal).

The Nevada Supreme Court has acknowledged "the obvious and equally well-Page 5 of 12

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established principle . . . that courts do have the inherent power to close their proceedings and records when justified by the circumstances," including "when necessary to (a) comply with established public policy set forth in the constitution, statutes, rules, or case law [and] (b) to protect trade secrets." Whitehead v. Commission on Judicial Discipline, 111 Nev. 70, 120, 839 P.2d 866, 897 (1995). As an example, the Nevada Supreme Court has previously canceled the live streaming of oral arguments to protect against the disclosure of trade secrets. Exhibit 1 (Order Precluding Live Streaming of Argument, Cox v. Copperfield et al., No. 76422 (Sept. 15, $2020))^2$ Likewise, the United States Supreme Court asserted that "[e]very court has supervisory power over its own records and files, and access has been denied where court files might have become a vehicle for improper purposes." Nixon v. Warner Communications, Inc., 435 U.S. 589, 598-99 (1978).

This Court Should Make Particular Findings To Deny the Media Requests

When determining whether to allow electronic coverage of a trial, the Judge "shall make particularized findings on the record [and]...shall consider the following factors:"

- The impact of coverage upon the right of any party to a fair trial;
- The impact of coverage upon the right of privacy of any party or witness;
- The impact of coverage upon the safety and well-being of any party, witness or juror;
- The likelihood that coverage would distract participants or would detract from the dignity of the proceedings;
- The adequacy of the physical facilities of the court for coverage; and
- Any other factor affecting the fair administration of justice.

² As context for the Nevada Supreme Court's order denying live streaming of the oral argument, the Nevada Court of Appeals had previously reversed the trial judge and found that it was appropriate to close certain portions of the trial of the underlying matter to the public to protect against the disclosure of trade secrets. Like here, the parties to that case had also signed confidentiality agreements during discovery to protect the trade secrets from disclosure. David Copperfield's Disappearing, Inc. v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cty. of Clark, 134 Nev. 928 (Nev. App. 2018).

S.C.R. 230(2).

Here, these factors weigh in favor of denying the Media Requests. First, media coverage of this trial will destroy Defendants' right keep their sensitive market data and related information private under the Court's existing Protective Order (factor b). Defendants relied on the Protective Order in producing the Confidential Information. Allowing the Media Requests would nullify the spirit and letter of the Protective Order.

Second, allowing the Media Requests would harm Defendants' well-being (factor c). Without relief from this Court, other emergency providers would be able to watch the proceedings, discover the rates Defendants pay, Defendants' negotiation strategies and the inner workings of Defendants' cost management programs. Other emergency providers could then use this information against Defendants' in future negotiations—the exact thing the Protective Order was designed to prevent. As but one example, this case will involve discussions of the negotiation parameters Defendants asked MultiPlan to use during its negotiations with out-of-network providers. If other providers learn these parameters, they will know exactly how far they need to push in negotiations to maximize payments by Defendants to them.

As another example, Defendants' competitors – other insurers and claim administrators – will be able to gain access to information regarding Defendants' in-network and out-of-network reimbursement rates. They may be able to use this information to gain a competitive advantage over Defendants both in negotiations with providers, but also in negotiations with the self-funded employer group customers. The latter concern issue is all the more salient, given that Defendants' competitors would also be able to obtain copies of Defendants' contracts with those self-funded employer group customers and obtain sensitive information contained therein.

Finally, allowing media coverage would also result in an unfair administration of justice (factor f). Based on the Court's current *in limine* rulings, Defendants stand to be harmed much more than Plaintiffs if the Protective Order is cast aside in favor of media coverage of the trial. The Court precluded Defendants from introducing evidence of the rates Plaintiffs' agreed to accept for their in-network contracts but permitted Plaintiffs to introduce evidence of Defendants' in-network rates. *See* Rulings on Defendants' Motion in Limine Nos. 1 and 2.

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Similarly, the Court precluded Defendants from introducing evidence on how Plaintiffs' set their billed charges but permitted Plaintiffs to introduce evidence on how Defendants' determine their rates of reimbursement. See Rulings on Defendants' Motion in Limine Nos. 3 and 4. In light of this, allowing media coverage would be fundamentally unfair to Defendants and the Court should be skeptical of any opposition by Plaintiffs to this Objection. Thus, this Court should find that allowing the Media Requests will impact Defendants' trade secrets and proprietary rights and deny the Media Requests.

C. This Case Involves Defendants' Trade Secrets

Defendants are seeking to protect the information subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order as it is clearly Defendants' trade secrets and proprietary information. Nevada's Uniform Trade Secrets Act defines a trade secret in NRS 600A.030 (5)(a) and (b) as follows:

"Trade secret" means information, including, without limitation, a formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique, product, system, process, design, prototype, procedure, computer programming instruction or code that:

Derives independent economic value, actual or potential, from not being (a) generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper means by the public or any other persons who can obtain commercial or economic value from its disclosure or use:

and

(b) Is the subject of efforts that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain its secrecy.

Here, the trade secret information the Defendants are attempting to protect meets both requirements outlined in NRS 600A.030(5)(a) and (b). Specifically, the Confidential Information falls under several of the categories outlined in NRS 600A.030(5)(a) as the rates Defendants' pay to other providers, Defendants' methods of negotiating out-of-network charges and Defendants' negotiation parameters all derive independent economic value from the fact that they are not known to other providers. If other emergency providers know the top rates Defendants are willing to pay and Defendants' negotiation methods and parameters, they will be able to use this information against Defendants in future negotiations. This is classic trade secret information

that has been traditionally protected by courts. *Allied Waste Servs. of N. Am., LLC v. Tibble*, 177 F. Supp. 3d 1103, 1112 (N.D. III. 2016) ("Trade secrets include . . . pricing, distribution, and marketing plans, and sales data and market analysis information."); *DF Inst., LLC v. Dalton Educ., LLC*, No. 19-CV-452-JDP, 2020 WL 4597122, at *5 (W.D. Wis. Aug. 11, 2020) (noting that market data spreadsheets were a protected trade secret); *Brubaker Kitchens, Inc. v. Brown*, No. CIV.A. 05-6756, 2006 WL 1193223, at *2 (E.D. Pa. May 3, 2006) "(market data may be protected as trade secrets...").

Defendants also have made reasonable efforts to maintain the secrecy of the trade secrets, including by entering into the Confidentiality Agreement with Plaintiffs and requiring that a Protective Order be issued in this matter prior to providing any information with respect to their trade secrets. Defendants have also regularly filed Confidential Information under seal with this Court. Therefore, the Confidential Information meets the requirements of Nevada's Uniform Trade Secrets Act and contains trade secret information. As such, these trade secrets must be protected by closing the court proceedings related to the same from the media and general public.

Courts have held that the presumption of openness in judicial proceedings may be overcome by an interest in safeguarding a trade secret and is the kind of confidential commercial information that courts have traditionally protected. *Publicker Industries, Inc. v. Cohen*, 733 F.2d at 1073 citing *Zenith Radio Corp. v. Matsushita Electric Industrial Co.*, 529 F.Supp. at 890, n. 42. Good cause exists to issue an order to close certain court proceedings, including the opening statement and closing argument, to protect Defendants' interests in the trade secret information revealing the amounts they pay to other providers, their negotiation methods, strategies and parameters and the inner workings of their out-of-network cost management programs. It is beyond dispute that the publication of the amounts Defendants pay to other providers and Defendants' negotiation parameters would cause Defendants to suffer serious financial injury as it would severely harm their ability to negotiate favorable rates with other providers and to manage spiraling out-of-network costs. To allow an open courtroom during any proceedings wherein this Confidential Information is discussed would be severely prejudicial to Defendants' business and trade.

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D. **Defendants and Witnesses Do Not Consent**

S.C.R. 240 provides that, although permission is not required, the Court may in its discretion "prohibit the filming or photographing of any participant who does not consent to being filmed or photographed." Defendants, for themselves and on behalf of their employees, agents, officers, directors, counsel, and witnesses do not consent to recording or photographs, except during portions of the trial where their Confidential Information is not being used or discussed. Accordingly, for this additional reason, the Court should deny or limit the Media Requests.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated herein, Defendants request that this Court deny or limit the Media Requests and enforce the Protective Order.

Dated this 28th day of October, 2021.

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 28th day of October, 2021, a true and correct copy of the foregoing **DEFENDANTS' OBJECTION TO MEDIA REQUESTS** was electronically filed/served on counsel through the Court's electronic service system pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2 and N.E.F.C.R. 9, via the electronic mail addresses noted below, unless service by another method is stated or noted:

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Attorneys for Plaintiffs

/s/ Cynthia S. Bowman

An employee of WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS GUNN & DIAL, LLC

EXHIBIT 1

EXHIBIT 1

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

GAVIN COX; AND MIHN-HAHN COX, HUSBAND AND WIFE, Appellants, vs.

DAVID COPPERFIELD, A/K/A DAVID S. KOTKIN, MGM GRAND HOTEL, LLC; BACKSTAGE EMPLOYMENT AND REFERRAL, INC.; DAVID COPPERFIELD'S DISAPPEARING, INC.; AND TEAM CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT, INC.,

Respondents.

No. 76422

FILED

SEP 15 2020

CLERKOF STEREME COURT

BY

CHEF DEPUTY CLERK

ORDER

Respondents filed a notice requesting this court to take measures to protect against disclosure of trade secrets during oral argument of this matter, currently scheduled for September 16, 2020. Appellants oppose the notice. Having considered the pleadings, the oral argument in this matter will not be webcast (live-streamed). The oral argument will be recorded, as is the court's practice. Respondents shall have until 5:00 p.m. on September 18, 2020, to notify this court whether they will seek redactions to the oral argument recording prior to the posting of the oral argument on the court's website.

It is so ORDERED.

, A.C.J

Gibbens

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA

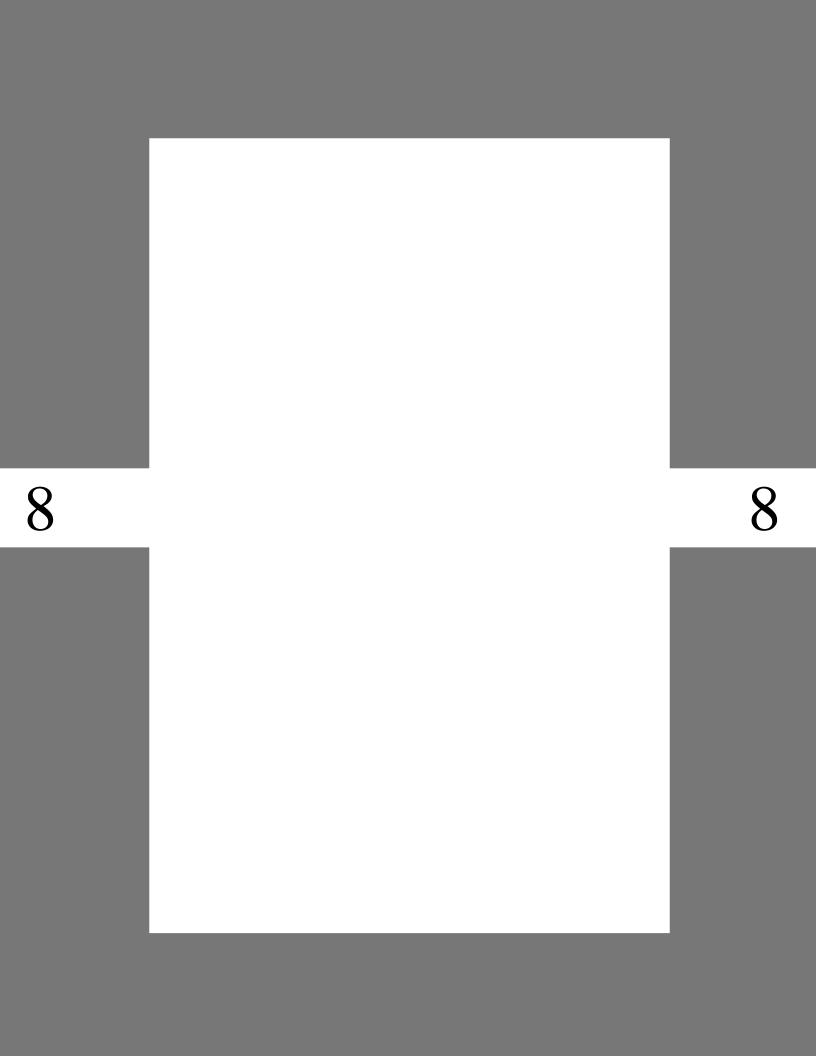
(O) 1947A

21-33925

cc: Morelli Law Firm PLLC
Harris & Harris, Injury Lawyers
Lewis Roca Rothgerber Christie LLP/Las Vegas
Weinberg, Wheeler, Hudgins, Gunn & Dial, LLC
Selman Breitman, LLP/Las Vegas
Resnick & Louis, P.C./Las Vegas
Selman Breitman, LLP/Santa Ana
Greene Infuso, LLP

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA





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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD., a Nevada professional **TEAM PHYSICIANS** corporation; OF NEVADA-MANDAVIA, P.C., Nevada professional corporation; CRUM, STEFANKO dba RUBY JONES, CREST AND LTD. **EMERGENCY** MEDICINE, Nevada professional corporation,

Plaintiffs,

28 | _{vs}

Case No.: A-19-792978-B Dept. No.: 27

SUPPLEMENT TO DEFENDANTS' OBJECTION TO MEDIA REQUESTS

Page 1 of 5

UNITED HEALTHCARE **INSURANCE** COMPANY, a Connecticut corporation; UNITED **HEALTH** CARE **SERVICES** INC., UNITEDHEALTHCARE, Minnesota INC., corporation; UMR, dba UNITED **MEDICAL** Delaware RESOURCES. a corporation; **SIERRA** HEALTH AND COMPANY, INC., INSURANCE Nevada corporation; HEALTH PLAN OF NEVADA, INC., a Nevada corporation,

Defendants.

Defendants UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company ("UHIC"), United HealthCare Services, Inc. ("UHS"), UMR, Inc. ("UMR"), Sierra Health and Life Insurance Co., Inc. ("SHL"), and Health Plan of Nevada, Inc. ("HPN") (collectively "Defendants"), by and through their attorneys, hereby file this supplement to their October 28, 2021 Objection to Media Requests.

Defendants request that the Court consider the following attached documents in conjunction with Defendants' Objection to Media Requests. Defendants intend to reference these documents during the November 1, 2021 hearing on the Objection.

• Attached as **Exhibit 1** to the Supplement is an October 29, 2021 press release by TeamHealth on the Yahoo Finance website. In particular, Defendants intend to reference the paragraph on the last page of Exhibit 1 that reads: "The Nevada trial should be the most significant view behind the managed care curtain in recent history—all of which has been largely attorneys' eyes only going into the trial."

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Attached as Exhibit 2 to the Supplement is an excerpt from the October 28, 2021
voir dire transcript that includes comments by several of jurors in regard to media
presence in the courtroom.

Dated this 31st day of October, 2021.

/s/ Colby L. Balkenbush

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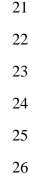
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 31st day of October, 2021, a true and correct copy of the foregoing **SUPPLEMENT TO DEFENDANTS' OBJECTION TO MEDIA REQUESTS** was electronically filed/served on counsel through the Court's electronic service system pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2 and N.E.F.C.R. 9, via the electronic mail addresses noted below, unless service by another method is stated or noted:

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Attorneys for Plaintiffs

EXHIBIT 1

Finance

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FINANCE

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How to choose the right mix of investments for your retirement portfolio.

S&P 500 4.605.38



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15.498.39



Russell 2000 2.297.19



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TeamHealth Provider Groups Continue Nevada Fight for Justice for Patients and Clinicians

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TeamHealth Fri, October 29, 2021, 2:43 PM · 4 min read

LAS VEGAS, Oct. 29, 2021 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) -- Jury selection is scheduled to enter its fifth day Monday in the longanticipated showdown between insurance behemoth United and three groups of Nevada emergency department clinicians. The clinicians, who filed their case in Clark County, Nevada district court in April 2019, seek \$10.5 million in compensatory damages, plus punitive damages.

At issue is whether or not United has paid the appropriate rate for more than eleven thousand claims that arose when the clinicians provided emergency care to United insureds. The clinicians allege gross underpayments which pose grave financial harm to them in light of their commitment never to balance bill patients. Ironically, it is this commitment that emboldened United to kick emergency providers across the country out of network in 2019 and perniciously start lowering reimbursement payments.

TeamHealth has ten cases pending against United regarding these gross underpayments, seeking tens of millions of dollars. **Ouote Lookup**

TRENDING

- American Airlines cancels flights due to staff shortages, bad weather
- **UPDATE 1-CDC says unvaccinated young** foreign travelers do not need to quarantine
- Japan votes in test for new PM Kishida, political stability
- G20 leaders face tough climate talks on second day of summit
- How an accidental phone answer exposed 'coup plan' at Canada's Rogers Communications

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stakeholders but is expected to be revealed in the course of the looming trial.





United's profits come from United's so-called "Shared Savings Program," which provides United a percentage of the "savings" the company achieves by systematically underpaying out-ofnetwork providers. United bases its administrative fee on the difference between undiscounted billed charges and the amount that the company actually pays - not on the smaller difference between prior contracted rates or rates historically accessed from rental networks. The administrative fee routinely exceeds the amount allowed the provider. United recognizes the terrible optics that creates - but proceeds anyway because this scheme generates billions of dollars.

United anticipated at the outset of its Shared Savings scheme that its members would be exposed to balance bills. To reduce that potential exposure, United launched a nefarious multipart plan to get balance billing outlawed. First, United recruited "independent" academic researchers to advance a narrative that private equity backed physician groups were terminating contracts and seeking payment of billed charges. This became the Yale Study authored by Zack Cooper. Cooper's paper blames physicians - not United - for surprise billing, but by his own admission states, "Unfortunately, there is no systemic evidence on the frequency that patients are balance billed or exposed to the full costs of an episode of care."

With its "independent" study in hand, United lobbied Congress to ban balance billing and advanced a formula that allowed

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ENTERTAINMENT

The Nevada trial should be the most significant view behind the managed care curtain in recent history – all of which has been largely attorneys' eyes only going into the trial.

About TeamHealth

FINANCE

At TeamHealth, our purpose is to perfect the practice of medicine, every day, in everything we do. We are proud to be the leading physician practice in the U.S., driven by our commitment to quality and safety and supported by our world-class operating team. To improve the experience of our physicians and advanced practice clinicians, we empower clinicians to act on what they believe is right, free clinicians from distractions so they can focus on patient care, invest in learning and development to promote growth in the clinical field and foster an environment where continuous improvement is a shared priority. Through our more than 15,000 affiliated healthcare professionals and advanced practice clinicians, TeamHealth offers emergency medicine, hospital medicine, critical care, anesthesiology, orthopedic surgery, general surgery, obstetrics, ambulatory care, postacute care and medical call center solutions to approximately 2,900 acute and post-acute facilities and physician groups nationwide. Join our team; we value and empower clinicians. Partner with us; we deliver on our promises. Learn more at www.teamhealth.com.

The term "TeamHealth" as used throughout this release includes Team Health Holdings, Inc., its subsidiaries, affiliates, affiliated medical groups and providers, all of which are part of the TeamHealth organization. "Providers" are physicians, advanced practice clinicians and other healthcare providers who are employed by or contract with subsidiaries or affiliated entities of Team Health Holdings, Inc. All such providers exercise independent clinical judgment when providing patient care. Team Health Holdings, Inc., does not have any

EXHIBIT 2

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6	CLAF	K COUNTY,	NEVADA
7)
8	FREMONT EMERGENCY SE (MANDAVIS) LTD., ET AL.,	ERVICES) CASE#: A-19-792978-B
9	Plaintiffs,	;) DEPT. XXVII)
10	vs.	;	
11	UNITED HEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY, E	Γ ΔΙ	
12	Defendants.	· / / /	
13	Defendants.		
14	_	E HONORAE RICT COUR	BLE NANCY ALLF
15			BER 28, 2021
16	RECORDER'S TRA	NSCRIPT O	F JURY TRIAL - DAY 4
17	ADDEADANGEC		
18	APPEARANCES:		
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20		JOSE	N S. MCMANIS, ESQ. PH Y. AHMAD, ESQ.
21			I LEYENDECKER, ESQ. ROBINSON, ESQ.
22	For the Defendants:		E ROBERTS, JR., ESQ.
23		K. LEI	E BLALACK, ESQ.

RTRAN

RECORDED BY: BRYNN WHITE, COURT RECORDER

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know, these are the same questions I asked you all. But if any of you have changed your mind about any of this, please raise your hand and let me know. Okay? Thank you. Oh, you raised your hand. Okay. Go ahead.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 313: 313.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yes, sir?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 313: The issue that I'm kind of struggling with, with preponderance of the evidence has to do with my job as a human resource manager for on-site. We do deal with contracts and such. And as such, my concern and what might be in the back of my mind is that if a \$10 million settlement, and you had mentioned punitive damages --

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yeah. I haven't gotten there yet. But, yes.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 313: -- and such, if that were awarded, my thought would be how would my 76 people who are employed by -employed with their contract, when their contract gets reviewed, would that be an issue? Would it be an issue with Dignity Health when they're looking to renew contracts, right? Inadvertently, we're putting 76 people out of a job then by not renewing their -- having their contract renewed.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay. So -- okay. So just to couple of clarifying points, and then I'm going to add one more little variable onto the next and see if it makes you even more uncomfortable. Okay?

So here's the -- here -- here's the issue. So Dignity Health, there will be some discussion about them, but they don't really have any

skin in the game here one way or another. In other words, they're not --nothing about that organization or that institution is -- they're not making
a claim, they're not being sued here. But there's going to be evidence
about that. Now, let me add another little wrinkle into the mix to follow
up on what you just said. There's some possibility that there will be
members of the press here, and that this case will be covered in the
news. Okay?

Now, if that happens and you see the reporters and the room, okay, is this a situation where you're thinking, oh, man, I've -- I can't award ten-and-a-half million dollars and have the risk of my name -- you know, some reporter shoving a microphone in my face after the trial, given the job that I do, that's just not real comfortable. I have to go back and explain to the person X, Y, and Z about why I did this. And I'm going to be on the defensive. And is that going to -- and none of this has anything to do with the evidence in the case right now that I'm asking you, right?

MR. ROBERTS: May we approach, Your Honor?

THE COURT: You may.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.

[Sidebar at 11:47 a.m., ending at 11:50 a.m., not transcribed]

THE COURT: Okay. Court will come back to order, please.

All right. So for the purpose of the record, I overruled the objection, but I want to make it clear to you guys that if there is media for the trial, the media will never focus on you guys, ever. Okay?

MR. ZAVITSANOS: In the courtroom.

1	THE COURT: In the courtroom.
2	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yes.
3	THE COURT: Do you have a question?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: 593. Why in the why does he
5	wait until the fourth day? Like
6	THE COURT RECORDER: Can we have a microphone,
7	please?
8	THE COURT: You know, Mr. Nesci, I'm really sorry that it just
9	came up today. But there was a media request this morning.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Okay. I don't I just personally
11	feel it wasn't full disclosure, so.
12	THE COURT: The if there is media they will they never
13	take pictures of anyone on the jury. But after the trial, it's possible that
14	someone might try to talk to you. Just
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Well, I'm a Your Honor, I'm a
16	private citizen, with the emphasis on private. And this makes me feel
17	very uncomfortable.
18	THE COURT: Thank you for letting us know.
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Thank you.
20	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay. And so I'm going to follow-up
21	with you. So you obviously are privileged not to speak with anyone.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Correct.
23	MR. ZAVITSANOS: If you end up on the jury
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Correct.
25	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay? So I am not suggesting in any

way, shape, or form that you are obligated to speak to them. I was
simply following up with this gentleman that if there's media in the
courtroom, and they're reporting on the case, is that going to affect, you
know, his thinking and evaluating the evidence, which is something
that's not part of the evidence, okay?

Now, I can tell you because of the way the process operates in Nevada, where, you know, we've been doing this kind of musical chairs thing where you keep moving, this is a topic I was going to get to. But because a number of people have been excused, justifiably so over the last few days, I didn't get to this topic until now. I was hoping to get to it a couple of days ago. I did not anticipate we were going to have this many motions. That's why. So my apologies to you for not raising this sooner, okay?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Well, your term was somebody could be shoving a microphone in your face; was it not?

MR. ZAVITSANOS: After the trial. That's correct. I cannot control what the media does. And if there are reporters outside the courtroom, and they approach you, and they come up to you, I cannot control that.

THE COURT: Well, you know --

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yeah.

THE COURT: Hang on. Let me control this situation a little bit. For anyone, if you are selected for the jury, we can make sure that you are escorted out the back door. You know, we'll take precautions, too. I don't want you guys to be worried about the possibility that this

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just a little bit. Okay?

might be in the news. I'm going to try to allay your fears as much as
possible. The marshal knows the secret entrances and exits to this
building. Okay? We would do everything we could to accommodate
everyone's concerns so that you could actually do your job as jurors.
don't want you to be sidetracked by that.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: May I proceed, Your Honor? THE COURT: Please.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay. All right. So getting back to my question, okay? So you've heard the exchange and all that. So given what I -- given what we just discussed, is this the kind of situation that makes you uncomfortable to the point that it may impact what you do because of what you'd have to explain to your employer later or because there might be news coverage or no coverage. I mean, I don't know. There might be a little bit, there may be a lot. I have no idea. Okay? I'm just -- I just need to know if this is going to impact you as a juror even

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 313: 313. In all honestly, I think it would. If something like that were to come up, I'd end up having to fly out to Nashville and talk to our CEO.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay. And I gather what that means is, let me put a finer point on it if I can, if the verdict was zero, you wouldn't have to fly out there, right? But if the verdict was over ten million plus punitives, that's what causes you concerns.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 313: Correct.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Right?

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PROSPECTIVE .	JUROR 313:	Correct.
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MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay. And that's the kind of thing that you think would put pressure on you to get the zero rather than the 10.5, because of the concerns you'd have around your career and around your employment.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 313: Correct.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Right?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 313: I'd have to be brutally honest with you.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yeah. We got you. Hey, listen, that is what we want. That's what we want, okay? So -- okay. So given that, and of course, that's something happening outside of the witness box or the exhibits that the Court admits or the instructions that the Court gives. The Court is not going to give any instructions concerning the media other than you shouldn't talk to them, and you shouldn't be on social media and read articles and things like that. There will be a long instruction on that.

But other than that, though, if there's reporting on this, if there's even a possibility of that, just me saying that, what you're telling us is you don't think you could be a completely even-levelled juror because of the potential consequences to you?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 313: Correct.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay. And therefore, you'd have a difficult time following the Court's instructions, given what I've just said.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 313: Correct.

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MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay. All right. How about the rest of
you all here in the front row? And then I'm going to get to the other folks
in the back because that is a new question.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: Punitives is, like
THE CLERK: Badge number, please.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: I'm sorry. 014. Can you explain
punitives a little bit? I
MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yeah. Right now
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: Is that where you're at?
MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yes. Can I can you indulge me and do
me a favor? I promise I'm going to get to that with you all.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: Okay.
MR. ZAVITSANOS: Right now, I'm just asking about if there
are members of the press in the courtroom
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: Okay.
MR. ZAVITSANOS: is that is that going to affect the way
you listen to the evidence or make your decision. That's really the issue.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: For me, no.
MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: I mean, if you deserve it. If you
don't deserve it, you don't.
MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay. Thank you. All right. Juror,
please? Number.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 015: Juror 015. I don't have any
problem with the media, but I also feel like this gentleman back here said

if I'm outside of the courtroom, and I'm, you know, shoving a
microphone and everything, I'm going to be uncomfortable with that
myself.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Got it. Got it. And so I'm -- I don't want to speak for the Court, but I do understand that arrangements can be made so that if that's an issue, that the Court will take steps to minimize that.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 015: Thank you, sir.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay. Okay. And Juror number?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: I'm not going to have an issue.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: You don't have an issue?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: No.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay. All right. Now, for the rest of the folks, let me start on the back row. What I just said regarding potentially, members of the media being in the courtroom or reporting on the case, would that affect either the way you evaluate the evidence or how you make a decision? Anybody in the back row?

Okay. How about the second row? Okay. The third row? Yes, sir. Let's pass that microphone.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: If there will be guarantees --

THE CLERK: Badge number, please.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: 593. If there will be guarantees that I don't have to deal with the media and I can walk safely to my car and back, I have no issue.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay.

000103			

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: If there's guarantees.
MR. ZAVITSANOS: I am not it's a very dangerous thing for
me to speak for the Court, so I'm not going to do it. Okay? I heard what
Her Honor said, and I understood it. I think you understood it. But I will
let
THE COURT: Yeah. I'll confer with court security over the
lunch break, and I can get back to you on that.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Thank you.
MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay. Thank you, sir. And by the way,
while you're holding the mic, anything else of what I just said that would
impact you one way or another on that?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Of the media issue?
MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yeah, yeah, In other words, is it
going to
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: No.
MR. ZAVITSANOS: Is it going to affect the way either you
listen to the evidence or how you make a decision?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: No.
MR. ZAVITSANOS: Or what kind of decision you make?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: No.
MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay. All right. Next row, the second
row. Yes? We've got to get juror number, and if you could speak into
the microphone.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 082: 082, and it's not really about the
media.

000104			

Don't speculate with regard to the issues, the lawyers, or the parties. Do not talk, do not post on social media that you are in jury selection. Don't text, tweet, Google issues or conduct any other type of book or computer research with regard to any issue, party, witness, or an attorney involved in the case. Most importantly, do not form or express any opinion on any subject connected with the trial until the jury is selected and the jury deliberates.

You've been great this week. Thank you for not throwing a fit about having to come back Monday. Have a good three days off and see you then.

THE MARSHAL: All rise for the jury.

[Prospective jurors out at 4:42 p.m.]

THE COURT: Okay, everybody. Room is clear. Plaintiff, do you have anything for the record?

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Not on the record, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Defendant, anything for the record?

MR. ROBERTS: Nothing for the record from the Defendants,

Your Honor.

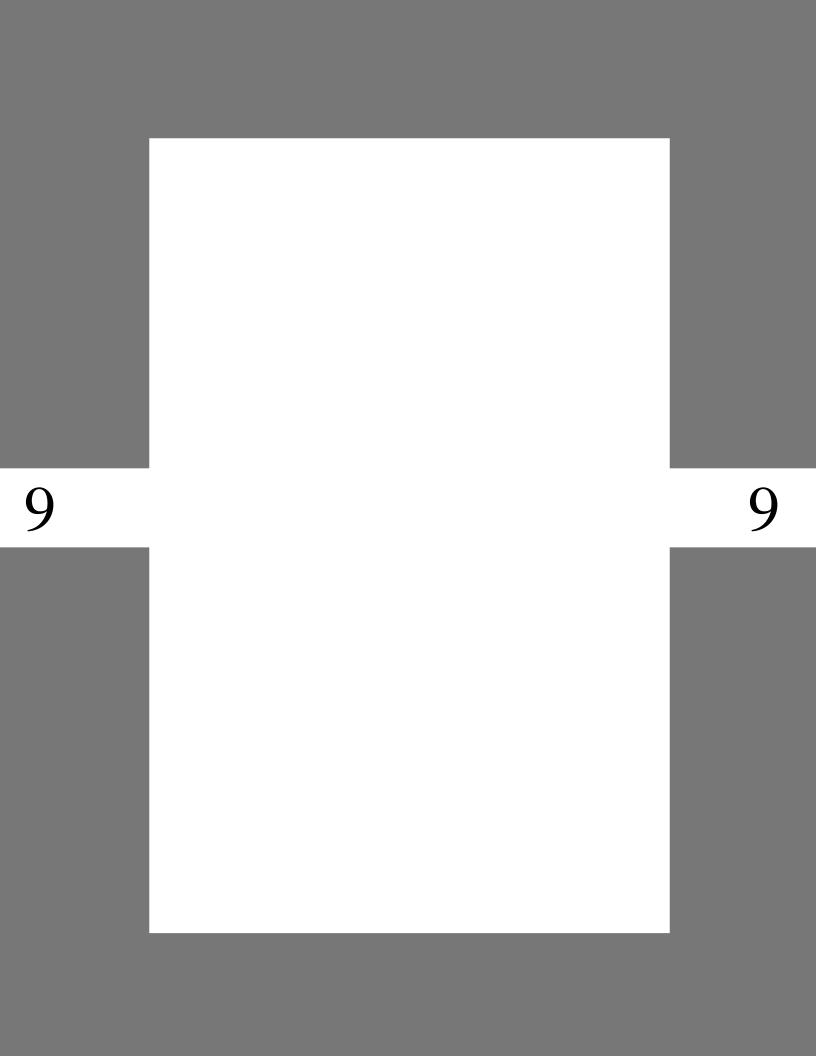
THE COURT: Okay.

[Proceedings concluded at 4:43 p.m.]

ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio-visual recording of the proceeding in the above entitled case to the best of my ability.

Maukele Transcribers, LLC

Jessica B. Cahill, Transcriber, CER/CET-708



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11/1/2021 9:13 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES (MANDAVIA), LTD., a Nevada professional corporation; TEAM PHYSICIANS OF NEVADA MANDAVIA, P.C., a Nevada professional corporation; CRUM, STEFANKO AND JONES, LTD. dba RUBY CREST EMERGENCY MEDICINE, a Nevada professional corporation,	
Plaintiffs,	

NITED HEAT THEADE INCHDAN

UNITED HEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY, a Connecticut corporation; UNITED HEALTH CARE SERVICES INC., dba UNITEDHEALTHCARE, a Minnesota corporation; UMR, INC., dba UNITED MEDICAL RESOURCES, a Delaware corporation; SIERRA HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, INC., a Nevada corporation; HEALTH PLAN OF NEVADA, INC., a Nevada corporation,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-19-792978-B Dept. No.: XXVII

PLAINTIFFS' RESPONSE TO DEFENDANTS' OBJECTION TO MEDIA REQUESTS

Fremont Emergency Services (Mandavia), Ltd.; Team Physicians of Nevada-Mandavia, P.C.; Crum, Stefanko and Jones, Ltd. dba Ruby Crest Emergency Medicine (collectively the "Health Care Providers") oppose UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company; United HealthCare Services, Inc.; UMR, Inc.; Sierra Health and Life Insurance Co., Inc.; and Health Plan of Nevada, Inc. (collectively, "United")'s Objection to Media Requests.

United's Objection is unfounded. Unless otherwise provided **by law**, the "sitting of every court of justice shall be public." NRS 1.090. "Every trial on the merits must be conducted in open court." NRCP 77(b). "[O]pen court proceedings assure that proceedings are conducted fairly and discourage perjury, misconduct by participants, and biased decision making." *Del Papa v. Steffen*, 112 Nev. 369, 374, 915 P.2d 245, 249 (1996). "At trial, the witnesses' testimony must be taken in open court unless provided otherwise by applicable law." NRCP 43(a).

Thus, the presumption is that this trial will be open to the public. That presumption shall only be overcome if United can (1) prove an overriding interest that is likely to be prejudiced; (2) propose a closure that is no broader than required to protect that overriding interest; and (3) demonstrate that there are no reasonable alternatives to closing the proceeding. And, if public, the presumption is that electronic coverage will be allowed. SCR 230.2. Importantly, a party's consent to media coverage is not required. SCR 240.1.

United has not made the required showing. Despite the purported confidentiality concern, every motion in limine was argued in a public proceeding, including recitations of evidence subject to the motions—it was all broadcast on the internet for all eyes to see. Clearly, United's newfound "confidentiality concern" has been manufactured for trial so that United might be able to shield its wrongdoing from public scrutiny. But United has offered no compelling reason to ignore the Rules and shroud this trial in secrecy. For these reasons, and as further set forth herein, the Court should overrule United's objection.

This Motion is based upon the record in this matter, the points and authorities that follow, the pleadings and papers on file in this action, and any argument of counsel entertained by the Court.

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DATED this 1st day	of November,	2021.
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McDONALD CARANO LLP

By: /s/ Pat Lundvall

Pat Lundvall (NSBN 3761) Kristen T. Gallagher (NSBN 9561) Amanda M. Perach (NSBN 12399) 2300 West Sahara Avenue, Suite 1200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 plundvall@mcdonaldcarano.com kgallagher@mcdonaldcarano.com aperach@mcdonaldcarano.com

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Attorneys for Plaintiffs

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. LEGAL STANDARD

Under otherwise set forth by Nevada law, the "sitting of every court of justice shall be public." NRS 1.090. This principle is reflected in the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, which provide that "[e]very trial on the merits must be conducted in open court." NRCP 77(b). "At trial, the witnesses' testimony must be taken in open court unless provided otherwise by applicable law." NRCP 43(a). This is, in part, because "open court proceedings assure that proceedings are conducted fairly and discourage perjury, misconduct by participants, and biased decision making." Del Papa v. Steffen, 112 Nev. 369, 374, 915 P.2d 245, 249 (1996). Before a party can close proceedings to the public, the following must occur (1) the party seeking to close the proceeding must advance an overriding interest that is likely to be prejudiced; (2) the requested closure must be shown to be no broader than necessary to protect that interest; (3) a trial court must consider reasonable alternatives; and (4) a trial court must make findings adequate to support the closure. Feazell v. State, 111 Nev. 1446, 906 P.2d 727, 729 (1995).

In furtherance of the presumption of a public trial, the Nevada Supreme Court has issued rules governing Electronic Coverage of Court Proceedings. SCR 229–246. Specifically, "[u]nder these rules, there is a presumption that all courtroom proceedings that are open to the public are subject to electronic coverage." SCR 230. In other words, if the proceedings are open to the public, they are generally subject to electronic coverage. "The consent of participants to coverage is not required." SCR 240.1. Six factors govern whether, in a public proceeding, electronic coverage should be denied: (1) the impact of coverage upon the right of any party to a fair trial; (2) the impact of coverage upon the right of privacy of any party or witness; (3) the impact of coverage upon the safety and well-being of any party, witness or juror; (4) the likelihood that coverage would distract participants or would detract from the dignigty of the proceedings; (5)

¹ "This tradition of openness is no quirk of history; rather it has long been recognized as an indispensable attribute of an Anglo–American trial." *Perry v. City & Cty. of San Francisco*, No. 10-16696, 2011 WL 2419868, at *18 (9th Cir. Apr. 27, 2011).

the adequacy of the physical facilities of the court for coverage; and (6) any other factor affecting the fair administration of justice. SCR 230.2(a)–(f).

II. ARGUMENT

A. <u>United uses its objection as a means to seal the trial and prevent public access.</u>

Throughout its Objection, United repeatedly asks the Court to close the entire courtroom to the public. See, e.g., Objection at 5 (requesting "at a minimum . . . closing the trial proceedings to the media and public"); id. at 6 (pointing out a court's power to "close their proceedings"); id. at 9 (arguing trade secrets require protection "by closing the court proceedings"); id. (arguing against "allow[ing] an open courtroom during any proceedings"). Indeed, United actually requests to "close certain court proceedings" entirely, "including the opening statement and closing argument." Id. at 9 (emphasis added).

But in making this request, United does not even cite to—let alone meet—Nevada's particular requirements for overcoming the open courts presumption. Instead, United baldly asserts that the trial will involve its trade secret information, without any showing as to whether any information actually rises to the level of a trade secret.² United's vaguely refers to purported trade secrets such as revenues and profits. But United is a publicly traded company that reports this information for anyone to see. And as to its pricing and other information, the majority of the documents on both parties' exhibit lists are from many years ago and any information, even if it had been confidential then, is long ago stale.

On top of that, the Health Care Providers have offered, on more than one occasion, to confer with United to understand what specific documents United is concerned about, in an effort to develop an agreed procedure for handling those documents. To date, United has refused that request and has not identified even a single document. How can United ask the Court to seal the entire courtroom and prevent public access to pening, closing, and unidentified portions of

² The primary case relied upon by United deals with a starkly different issue. *See David Copperfield's Disappearing, Inc. v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Ct. in & for Cty. of Clark*, 134 Nev. 928 (Nev. App. 2018). In *Copperfield*, the issue concerned disclosure of the method of performing illusions. Public disclosure necessarily would have destroyed the illusions. *Id.* Here, United has not articulated any similar type of specific harm that may result from a public trial.

In the end, other than citing to the Protective Order (which is addressed below), United provides no substance to meet the four-factor test for closing court proceedings from public view. It has identified no specific harm that might occur if the trial proceeds in open court, instead speculating that unnamed competitors may view the trial and "may be able to use" this unidentified information to United's detriment. Obj. at 7. This is hardly an overriding interest and certainly does not provide the Court with facts sufficient to allow the Court to consider reasonable alternatives, narrowly tailor any requested closure, and, ultimately, make findings adequate to support closure of the court for trial. *Feazell*, 906 P.2d at 729.

B. The Protective Order does not contemplate a private trial.

United focuses its objection heavily on the Protective Order, which was specifically entered to govern discovery under NRCP 26(b)(1). Although the Protective Order does not foreclose the possibility, there is certainly no mandate within the Protective Order to seal the courtroom at trial. And, although United argues that "nothing in the Protective Order indicates these protections expire upon the commencement of trial," the Protective Order does contemplate reduced protections as trial approaches. For example, Paragraph 12(g) of the Protective Order allows witnesses who are expected to testify at trial access to Attorneys' Eyes Only information in advance of their testimony. In other words, as trial approaches and the parties' witness lists are refined, the Protective Order contemplates that both sides witnesses would have access to the highest level of confidential information produced in the case, in preparation for trial. This is consistent with the expectation of a public trial.³

C. <u>United does not satisfy the factors for prohibiting electronic coverage.</u>

Even if United were only seeking to prohibit electronic coverage, as opposed to shutting down all public access to the trial, United has not demonstrated that it has satisfied the factors set

³ United's argument that the protective order extends beyond trial is a red herring. Hundreds of thousands of documents were produced, not all of which will be used at trial. Of course, a public trial would not have any effect on documents disclosed during discovery but not used at trial. This is consistent with how federal courts treat the issue. *See, e.g., Center for Auto Safety v. Chrysler Grp., LLC*, 809 F.3d 1092, 1097 (9th Cir. 2016) (noting a difference between the public's right to access discovery compared to trial or merits proceedings).

forth by the Nevada Supreme Court. As an initial matter, United only addresses three of the six factors—United does not argue that allowing electronic media coverage would (1) impact its right to a fair trial, (2) distract participants or detract from the dignity of the proceedings, or (3) be too much for the physical facilities of the court. SCR 230.2(a), (d)–(e).

As to the other three factors, United's arguments are unavailing. First, United argues that it has a "right of privacy" to protecting its sensitive market data under the Protective Order. Even assuming that the "right of privacy" extends beyond constitutional concerns into commercial market data, this argument suffers from the same lack of specificity as United's request to seal the courtroom. Without specifically identifying the documents and data that United is concerned with, United effectively asks to prohibit media coverage (and public access) over any portion of the trial that United unilaterally decides relates to its confidential information.⁴ This would entirely defeat Nevada's strong open courts presumption.

Second, United argues that allowing the media requests would "harm Defendants' well-being." Setting aside the fact that United is one of the largest, most profitable insurance companies in the country (and, in fact, the world), this argument is entirely speculative. United relies solely on the notion that, potentially, unidentified competitors could gain access to unidentified information and, in some unidentified manner, use that information to harm United in unidentified future business. This is hardly the type of specificity that justifies overturning the public access presumption. And it certainly does not provide the Court with information that would allow the Court the specific findings required to do so.

Finally, United argues that allowing electronic media coverage would impact the fair administration of justice. But United does not argue that it will have any impact on the jury's verdict or the conduct of the trial. In fact, if anything, the open courtroom and electronic media

⁴ This is particularly concerning in light of United's pervasive, improper over-designating of information as "Confidential" or "Attorneys' Eyes Only."

⁵ United's motivation to seal the courtroom has nothing to do with confidentiality and everything to do with hiding its misconduct from the public eye. United did not ask to seal the limine hearings or jury selection. Numerous unsealed hearings have been conducted before the Court regarding a myriad of issues (including at least one hearing on United's improper confidentiality designations). Why does United all of a sudden need the secrecy of a sealed courtroom?

Instead, United suggests—without any evidence in support—that an open trial would somehow harm United more than the Health Care Providers. But both parties produced confidential information in the case, and both parties would be subject to the same open courtroom. There is no reason to believe that any of the Court's rulings would disparately impact the disclosure of any such information.

Because United has not met the factors under SCR 230.2, the presumption of openness and electronic coverage should prevail and United's objection should be overruled.⁶

D. There are reasonable alternatives to closing the courtroom.

Finally, there are other reasonable alternatives. Although United offers the alternative of only sealing those portions of the trial that relate to its confidential information, that alternative is unworkable for at least two reason. One, United has not identified the bounds of what it considers to be confidential at trial. And two, United has a history in this lawsuit of overdesignating confidential information. United's proposed alternative would only lead to repeated stoppage of trial to argue over whether certain portions of the trial qualified for sealing or did not.

The Health Care Providers, however, have offered a reasonable alternative to United—the Health Care Providers will not oppose any post-trial motions to seal the documentary evidence that comes into trial. This would allow United to maintain confidentiality over its documents while also protecting Nevada's open courts. While testimony would be public, the documents themselves would not be, which would significantly mitigate any of United's alleged harm. This is a more practical and reasonable solution than opening and closing the court at United's whim.

III. CONCLUSION

United's objection lacks merit. United seeks solely to hide its misconduct from the public

⁶ United's supplement does not change the analysis. Open courts are open courts. The Nevada Supreme Court's rules governing Electronic Coverage of Court Proceedings already provide specific limitations on media access to jurors. And the Court has already ensured a process by which any concerned juror can prevent media inquiry following the trial.

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eye. But the public has a constitutional interest in these civil proceedings and there is a presumption in favor of public access to the trial. That presumption extends to electronic media coverage. United has not met the high bar to establish that the trial should be sealed from the public or that electronic media access should be precluded. Further, the Health Care Providers have offered a reasonable alternative. Accordingly, the Court should overrule United's objection.

DATED this 1st day of November, 2021.

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Page 9 of 11

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 1st day of November, 2021, I caused a true and correct

copy of the foregoing PLAINTIFFS' RESPONSE TO DEFENDANTS' OBJECTION TO

MEDIA REQUESTS to be served via this Court's Electronic Filing system in the above-

captioned case, upon the following:

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/s/ Kristen T. Gallagher

McDonald Carano LLP

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Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT **RTRAN** 1 2 3 4 5 DISTRICT COURT 6 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 7 CASE#: A-19-792978-B FREMONT EMERGENCY SERVICES 8 (MANDAVIS) LTD., ET AL., DEPT. XXVII Plaintiffs, 9 10 VS. UNITED HEALTHCARE 11 INSURANCE COMPANY, ET AL., 12 Defendants. 13 BEFORE THE HONORABLE NANCY ALLF 14 **DISTRICT COURT JUDGE** MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 2021 15 **RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF JURY TRIAL - DAY 5** 16 17 APPEARANCES: 18 For the Plaintiffs: PATRICIA K. LUNDVALL, ESQ. 19 JOHN ZAVITSANOS, ESQ. JASON S. MCMANIŚ, ESQ. JOSEPH Y. AHMAD, ESQ. 20 KEVIN LEYENDECKÉR, ESQ. 21 D. LEE ROBERTS, JR., ESQ. For the Defendants: 22 K. LEE BLALACK, ESQ. JEFFREY E. GORDON, ESQ. 23 COLBY L. BALKENBUSH, ESQ. 24 RECORDED BY: BRYNN WHITE, COURT RECORDER 25

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Monday, November 1, 2021
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3	[Case called at 9:26 a.m.]
4	[Outside the presence of the prospective jurors]
5	THE MARSHAL: The Honorable Judge Allf presiding.
6	THE COURT: Thanks everyone. Please be seated.
7	All right. Calling the case of Fremont v. United. Let's take
8	appearances, starting first with the Plaintiffs.
9	MS. LUNDVALL: Good morning, Your Honor. Pat Lundvall
10	from McDonald Carano, here on behalf of the healthcare providers.
11	MR. ZAVITSANOS: John Zavitsanos on behalf of the
12	healthcare providers.
13	MR. AHMAD: Joe Ahmad, also on behalf of the healthcare
14	providers.
15	MR. MCMANIS: Good morning, Your Honor. Jason
16	McManis on behalf of the healthcare providers.
17	MR. LEYENDECKER: Good morning, Your Honor. Kevin
18	Leyendecker on behalf of the healthcare providers.
19	THE COURT: Thank you. And for the defense, please?
20	MR. BLALACK: Good morning, Your Honor. Lee Blalack on
21	behalf of the Defendants.
22	MR. ROBERTS: Good morning, Your Honor. Lee Roberts o
23	behalf of the Defendants.
24	MR. GORDON: Good morning, Your Honor. Jeff Gordon or
25	behalf of the Defendants.

Lee Roberts on

Jeff Gordon on

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MR. BALKENBUSH: Good morning, Your Honor. Colby
Balkenbush on behalf of the Defendants.
THE COURT: Thank you all. Okay. So are we ready to bring
in the venire?
MR. BLALACK: I think we are, Your Honor.
MR. BALKENBUSH: Well
MR. ROBERTS: Do you have something else?
MR. BALKENBUSH: Your Honor, the defense was hoping
that we could hear its objection to the media requests that were filed last
week before we brought in the venire, if possible. I don't know if Your
Honor has had an opportunity to review that yet, but.
THE COURT: I have the law clerk working on it now. So I'd
like to take it up after lunch.
MR. BALKENBUSH: Understood. Thank you, Your Honor
THE COURT: Thank you.
MS. LUNDVALL: And I am certain that your law clerk has
seen this, but we filed a response then, to the media request that came in
this morning, Your Honor.
THE COURT: We've been talking about it all morning.
MS. LUNDVALL: Thank you very much.
THE COURT: Okay.
MR. ROBERTS: And Your Honor, there is one item I wanted
to raise with the Court. I don't know how the Court usually deals with it.

I actually have not had this come up. But we did criminal background

checks, and Juror 20, Mr. Leopold, has two convictions, October 19th,

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1998, a conviction in California for sexual penetration with a foreign
object, and the same day, a conviction for lewdness with a child under
14. And in looking at the statutes, I know that if he had been released
from parole in Nevada, the language would be in his discharge. But
given that this was California, I think there may be a chance that his civil
rights were not restored.
THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ROBERTS: And I know you have already asked just the whole venire, but would the Court be willing just to confirm with him or?

THE COURT: Let me give the Plaintiff a chance to weigh in.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yes, Your Honor. So this is the first we are hearing of this.

May I just inquire of counsel, the -- he gave the date of the first one, and he may have given the date of the second one, maybe I missed it. What's the date of the --

MR. ROBERTS: The same day. October 19th, 1998. So it's more than --

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay.

MR. ROBERTS: So he's obviously been released from his parole.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yeah. So may I have Mr. Kennedy address the Court, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes. But if you want a chance to research it, you know, and we -- and NRS has been amended, but that's for only convictions in Nevada. It's NRS 21 -- 176A.850 or 213.157.

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1	MR. ZAVITSANOS: So Your Honor, we would like a chance
2	to research it, but Mr. Kennedy does have a criminal background and
3	so
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	MR. ZAVITSANOS: I mean, I don't mean he's a criminal
6	well, maybe I do.
7	MR. KENNEDY: I saw something along those lines too, but
8	without his date of birth or further identifiers, I wouldn't I couldn't
9	confirm whether it was actually him or not.
10	THE COURT: Okay. We have age, but not
11	MR. KENNEDY: Correct.
12	THE COURT: date of birth. Okay. Let's hold that.
13	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.
14	THE COURT: And give them a chance to respond.
15	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: Was there anything else?
17	MR. ROBERTS: Not from the Defendants, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Thank you. So as soon as I see the marshal, I'll
19	give him the high sign to bring them in.
20	MR. ROBERTS: So did you need us to remove any of our
21	team from the courtroom? I know we talked about maybe needing to
22	whittle down the teams.
23	THE COURT: So it looks like there are 17. There are four of
24	us here. Yeah.
25	MP PORERTS: That would put us over That's

1	THE COURT: It will. Especia			
2	room. And we need to have the 24 in the			
3	juror still as well?			
4	(Pause)			
5	THE CLERK: Can I please hav			
6	yourself?			
7	(Pause)			
8	THE COURT: And to let you			
9	Thursday with court security, the head o			
10	the public information officer. She has i			
11	any jurors, any venire. You know, she's			
12	She has been very firm with them. But t			
13	hallway, and she has provided them with			
14	(Pause)			
15	THE COURT: Okay. I just ga			
16	THE MARSHAL: All rise for t			
17	[Prospective juror			
18	THE COURT: Very good. Mr			
19	date of birth?			
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 20: Ju			
21	morning, Your Honor.			
22	THE COURT: Good morning			
23	THE COURT: Thank you. Ple			
24	everyone.			
25	IN UNISON: Good morning.			

Т	HE COURT: It will. Especially when the marshal gets in the
room. And w	ve need to have the 24 in the box. I think we have one extra
juror still as v	vell?
(F	Pause)
T	HE CLERK: Can I please have everyone on BlueJeans mute
yourself?	
(F	Pause)
Т	HE COURT: And to let you guys all know, I met Friday or
Thursday wit	h court security, the head of security. I have since talked to
the public infe	ormation officer. She has instructed the press not to film
any jurors, ar	ny venire. You know, she's been back in touch with me.
She has been	very firm with them. But they aren't allowed to tape in the
hallway, and	she has provided them with a set of media rules.
(F	Pause)
T	HE COURT: Okay. I just gave the high sign to the marshal.
Т	HE MARSHAL: All rise for the jury.
	[Prospective jurors in at 9:35 a.m.]
Т	HE COURT: Very good. Mr. Leopold, can you give us your
date of birth?	
P	ROSPECTIVE JUROR 20: July 21, 1961. By the way, good
morning, You	ır Honor.
T	HE COURT: Good morning. All right.
T	HE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. Good morning
everyone.	

THE COURT: It's Monday. I hope you all had a nice long weekend. And Mr. Roberts, when you're ready.

Just to let everyone know, I gave you the update about meeting with court security and the two -- the top three court security. There is a media request. If you're selected to be on the jury, there is a plan and a way to safely escort you outside of the presence of the media at the end of the trial. In the meantime, I have spoken to the court's public information officer. She has notified the media that you may not be taped or photographed in this building. They know that no taping is allowed in the hallway. And she also sent them a copy of our media rules, which she has let them know that they will be strictly enforced in the event you are selected for the jury.

And Mr. Roberts?

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor. Good morning, everyone.

IN UNISON: Good morning.

MR. ROBERTS: I hope everyone had a nice long weekend. I need to reorient myself to the box. Everyone is seated a little different today. That's Herzog at the end, right? Okay.

So let me ask you this before we get started. We've got five insurance companies and claims administrators that I am representing; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company, Services, UMR, HPN, and Sierra. Has anyone thought of a negative experience over the weekend that they didn't tell me about last week with one of my clients? Great.

Let's talk about corporations first thing this morning. Who

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	here, by show of hands, thinks that corporations should be policed and			
	regulated more by the government than they are now? Does anyone			
	feel that way? Does anyone feel that corporations by their nature tend to			
	put profits over safety?			
	Okay. Let's start with you Ms. Landau, right, badge 283?			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Yes. I just feel like corporations			
	are worried more worried about their profits than usually, like, who			
	they represent.			
	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think that as a general matter, more			
	likely than not, more corporations would lie if they could make more			
	money by lying?			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Yeah.			
	MR. ROBERTS: You think that that's more common in a			
	corporation than with an individual?			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Well, I think so, yes.			
	MR. ROBERTS: Why do you think that?			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: I think corporations have more			
	power than individual and I think they recognize that.			
	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you so much.			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Uh-huh.			
	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Next hand, I believe okay, Mr.			
Walker, badge number?				
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: 450.			
	MR. ROBERTS: Great. What about with you? What makes			
	vou feel that way?			

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: From my experience working I				
2	did work for a corporation. It seemed like they did value more of the				
3	money more. They were more about profits than they were about the				
4	individual.				
5	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Your Honor I'm sorry, Your Honor. Is				
6	the microphone on, Your Honor?				
7	THE COURT: May I ask you to speak up?				
8	MR. ROBERTS: It is on.				
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: So can you hear me?				
10	MR. ROBERTS: Yes, if you hold it close. That's fine.				
11	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Thanks. And my apologies for the				
12	2 interruption.				
13	MR. ROBERTS: And so that was based on your own personal				
14	experience?				
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Yes.				
16	MR. ROBERTS: And you work for the DMV now; is that				
17	correct?				
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Yes.				
19	MR. ROBERTS: And do you find that that is you don't see				
20	that as much in a government-run organization?				
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: No.				
22	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. With your employment with the DMV,				
23	are you a member of the State Employees Benefits Plan?				
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Yes.				
25	MR. ROBERTS: Yes. And do you know if you have United				

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1	Insurance? I didn't catch that.					
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: I don't.					
3	MR. ROBERTS: You don't. Do you have a PPO or an HMO?					
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: A PPO.					
5	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And are you generally pleased with					
6 the way your PPO has worked?						
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Yeah.					
8	MR. ROBERTS: Yes. Okay.					
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Yeah.					
10	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you so much, Mr. Walker.					
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Thank you.					
12	MR. ROBERTS: All right. Mr. Zabinski?					
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: Yes, 494.					
14	MR. ROBERTS: Did the 49ers win over the weekend?					
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: They did. They beat the Bears.					
16	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Is that a dig at me?					
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: Yeah, so corporations, you just					
18	have to look at history. Tobacco companies, car manufacturers, when					
19 they look at safety in cars, a lot of times they determine which						
20	expensive, the cost to make repairs that would stabilize or is it more					
21	costly to fight it in court. And that's how they make decisions, so.					
22	Tobacco companies, the same thing. So it's you just have to just					
23	look at the history and there's your answer.					
24	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think all corporations do that?					
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: No, not					

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	MR. ROBERTS:	Or do you think there are jus	t good ones and
had ones?			

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: Oh, yeah. It's like individuals. There's good and bad, so it's not -- I'm not saying all corporations put profits over people or safety, but there are -- there is a history of it.

MR. ROBERTS: Well, to the extent that happens, what should we as a society do about that, regulate them more, punish them more? What should we do?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: Well, there are laws -- there are laws in place so I'm not in favor of more regulation. I think kind of the way it is a fair system. But to answer your question, corporations do and have put profits ahead of people on safety.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Mr. Zabinski. And Ms. Friedrich, you had your hand up too?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 522: Yes, 522. Yes. In my 40-year career, I have only worked for hospitals that were owned by corporations which did put, sometimes, a damper on things that we could do, or we could not do. It was corporate policy. It was corporate rules. So the things we didn't get that we needed for patients or -- you know, things that patients didn't get because it wasn't covered under the corporate policy. So I agree, there are good and there are bad corporations. But on the whole, I do think that they would put profit ahead of the people.

MR. ROBERTS: Would you consider the hospitals that you worked at good corporations or bad corporations as a whole?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 552: I'd say some were bad, some

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were god	od. I've I worked for five corporations in my 40 years, so some		
we had t	he things that we needed, and some we didn't. So it was just a		
matter of who I was with at the time.			
	MR. ROBERTS: What about you, do you think most		
corporati	ons would like if they could get more money by lying?		
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 522: Yes.		
	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, ma'am. Let's go to the next row,		
and			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: 038, 038. There's always some		
corporati	ons, some corporations will be more concerned about money		
than the	families that are served.		
	MR. ROBERTS: And do you think that's most corporations?		
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: I would say half.		
	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Do you have a feeling about how we		
could ma	ake that better as a society?		
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: Maybe trying to regulate it.		
	MR. ROBERTS: What about the question about lying? Do		
you think	most corporations would lie to get more money?		
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: I can't answer that.		
	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Do you think there's a difference		
between	corporations and individuals when it comes to that?		
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: Well, yes. There's both of the		
power [indiscernible].			
	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Torres. Mr.		
Nesci?			

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	PROSPECTIVE	JUROR 593:	593.	Well,	before l	ast N	londay,
when I was	allowed to wa	tch the news					

MR. ROBERTS: The news?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: You could see in current events with Facebook. They're accused now of choosing profits over safety especially for teenage children. And in my own life, I've been here a while. My whole family worked in the casinos in the '70s, when it was alleged mob-owned, in particular, Stardust Hotel. It was a great place. It was pro labor.

Steve Wynn came in -- I won't waste the Court's time. But Steve Wynn came in, public ownership, public offerings, Wall Street.

Total atmosphere changed. It went from labor first to money first, and we -- my whole family has witnessed it.

MR. ROBERTS: And do you think that's the way it currently is on the Strip?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Oh, definitely. Most definitely. Most definitely.

MR. ROBERTS: Any locally owned casinos that might be different? What do you think about that?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: I do not. Basically casinos, as soon as they get a slow day, okay, you need to go home. It's profit. It's profit. The bottom line, that's what they're concerned with. Are there good corporations? I think there may be some good corporate citizens, but fewer and fewer in my opinion.

MR. ROBERTS: What do you think we should do about that?

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	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593:	I think we should enforce
regulation.	Not	

MR. ROBERTS: Not more, just enforce it.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: I don't believe it's enforced properly or adopted. There's just too much of a backlog. And there's too many non-good corporate citizens.

MR. ROBERTS: And how do we enforce regulations? Do we fine people? Do we punish people? What do we do?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Well, what were you talking about last week, punitive damages would help if it would help to coerce them to discontinue their bad behavior, yeah. What's the bottom line? My opinion, it's money. So how do you hit them? How do you correct their behavior? By fining them, money.

MR. ROBERTS: What about the lying question? PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Oh definitely.

MR. ROBERTS: Would you think that a -- someone speaking for a corporation would be less likely to tell the truth than an individual?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Some -- no, someone's -- an individual speaking for a corporation or the corporation itself?

MR. ROBERTS: Well, how does a corporation speak other than through individuals?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Well, well in the case of Facebook, not just one person is deciding those actions. Well, maybe it was. I don't know. I'm not involved in it behind the scenes. Maybe it wasn't. It was a board of directors, I would imagine, who would make

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that decision.
MR. ROBERTS: Thanks, Mr. Nesci.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: You're welcome.
MR. ROBERTS: Appreciate it.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: You're welcome.
MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And Mr. Rucker.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 561: 561. I've lived in I've seen it.
You know, I've seen it firsthand. And this was like way back before the
whistleblower type deal because nobody wanted to be a whistleblower
back then of course, you lost your job. That's it. You know. As far as
corporations lying? Of course. Do they all lie? No.
But we have to understand what when a corporation or
individuals, whatever, believes its own reality, what they believe is true
is their reality. What I believe is true is my reality. And that's where the
problem comes in. I do agree with him when he said it needs to be
enforced. You know, it's simple enforcement and what enforcement is,
like he told you, is money. That's what it's about. It makes the world go
round.
MR. ROBERTS: Now, Mr. Rucker, when you said that you
knew from personal experience, are these corporations you've worked
for?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Yes.
MR. ROBERTS: Have some been worse than others, or are
they all bad?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: No, it was only a couple of them.

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They one wasn't so bad, and one was just it was really bad. Ye

MR. ROBERTS: Thanks, Mr. Rucker. Do we have any other hands? Let's see. Okay. All right. You're Mr. Meyer?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: 532. I might be a little off on this, but, you know, a corporation could be a closely held corporation. Then you could have a stock corporation. It could be stockholders making decisions. Also, stock corporations are -- their records are publicly known so anybody can look up financially what they're doing. Closer to the helm, you've got the family, or maybe a sole proprietor. They make the calls. So there's a difference there maybe as far as safety.

As far as lying, I'm sure that there is some lying that goes on, but I think a lot of it is maybe some things are just not disclosed, preferably. It may be a lie in of that but they kind of look at it that they don't have to disclose this, so we won't do that.

MR. ROBERTS: More of a sin of omission, might be more complicated?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: Yes.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Right.

MR. ROBERTS: Now, you mentioned corporate -corporations can be closely held or publicly traded. Do you think one is
a bigger problem than the other when it comes to profits over safety?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Well, with profits, you've got your stockholders you have to satisfy. Obviously if your dividends go down, stockholders are not going to be happy.

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	MR. ROBERTS: Yes.		
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: So that's a big point of it right		
there.			
	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think companies have an obligation		
to their stoo	ckholders to maximize profits?		
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: I think they do, yes.		
	MR. ROBERTS: How do you balance that?		
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Well, obviously the stockholders		
want profits	s but yet they don't want the company to you know, obviously		
deteriorate	by finding out there's a lawsuit against them because of a		
safety haza	rd that they just didn't disclose or things like that because that		
obviously is going to destroy the company and there goes your profits.			
	MR. ROBERTS: Right. Putting profits		
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: But there's a balancing act there I		
guess, yes.			
	MR. ROBERTS: I understand. You're saying putting profits		
over safety	may look good in the short term but the long term, it may not		
pay.			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Right. Exactly.		
	MR. ROBERTS: And do you think corporations are aware of		
that?			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: I believe they do.		
	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Meyer. Appreciate it.		
Saw a hand right here.			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: 095.		

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MR. ROBERTS: Ms. Wilson.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: So I think corporations; there are some good and some bad. I worked in the baking industry my whole life. Obviously except for one, was held by a major -- it's a major bank. So what I see in my industry is highly regulated. The punishment is almost always, when they're not doing the right thing, is a money punishment, and either by loss of customers, by fines from the government, right? So it's highly regulated.

In my opinion, there are some things it has made that good. So we can look at the mortgage crisis and understand that there was some regulation and penalties that needed to be done. There's other times when some other regulations, as somebody that works for the company, sometimes feel a little burdensome. But I also understand that they need more then.

But I think saying a blanket, that all corporations are bad, I don't think that that's true. I think that you can have bigger corporations like that that are good corporate citizens, and they do the right thing. And still make a profit for their stockholders.

MR. ROBERTS: Do you think regulations are a little too burdensome right now, or do you think it's a nice balance that we currently have?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: In the financial industry?

MR. ROBERTS: Yes.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: I believe that they're probably just right, right now. Like I don't think we need more because there is

1	some discussion about how they are right now. Yeah.
2	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Wilson.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: You're welcome.
4	MR. ROBERTS: Did I see any other hands up here? I don't
5	think I did.
6	Okay. So everyone who just commented about corporations
7	putting profits over safety, let's talk about the health insurance industry
8	in particular. Do you think corporations that are involved in the health
9	insurance industry are just as bad as other corporations? Anyone think
10	that? Anyone think they're better? Okay. So that means everyone that
11	thinks they are all about the same, right? Mr. Nesci?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: I just want to say I believe they're
13	like all other corporations. They're motivated by profit. Simple.
14	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: You're welcome.
16	MR. ROBERTS: Let's see. Can you pass the mic up for me?
17	Let's see. I'm going to go right up here to Ms. Wynn. I had a follow up
18	question for you. I did I hear correctly that you worked or have worked
19	for Southwest Medical Associates?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: Me?
21	MR. ROBERTS: Yes.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: NO.
23	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. I had my notes messed up. Does
24	anyone here work for Southwest Medical Associates, at any time?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: What last name did you say?

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MR. ROBERTS: Oh. I said Ms. Wynn.			
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: There are two black women.			
MR. ROBERTS: My mistake. Okay, very good. Ms. Wynn?			
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: I worked for Southwest Medical			
back in the 90s, and I currently work for Southern Hills now.			
MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Now currently, did you know that			
Southwest Medical Associates is an affiliate of Sierra?			
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: Yes.			
MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Were they affiliated with Sierra at the			
time you worked there?			
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: I believe so.			

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. How does your experience with an affiliate of my clients -- how does that make you feel about being on the jury?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: I've had a good experience from both sides. So when I was with Southwest and I had HPN, I had the HMO plan. And I just learned that the doctor that I had, I just had to let them know when something was going on, if I needed a referral. It didn't take long to get. So I didn't -- I've never had a PPO plan, and I've always had HMOs. So if I needed something I just knew I had to speak to -- not wait until anything I had got bad and I seemed to have whatever I needed done. So I've had a good experience.

I've had a Health Plan Nevada for I want to say almost since 1996, whenever it was offered. And it was an HMO plan, so I haven't dealt with any PPO plan, and it wouldn't sway me to go from one side

more than the other, so.

MR. ROBERTS: And when you say you had a good experience with both sides?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: Meaning where I worked at, I was an employee for Southwest Medical. I was getting my treatment through Southwest Medical doctors and my insurance was through HPN. And I have no -- I haven't had any bad experience.

MR. ROBERTS: Have you had any bad experience in your current plan?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: No. And I'm in the process of getting a new insurance plan now. So I have to -- so back then -- I looked over and the HMO plan that was being offered seemed to have what I need, so. I just know I've learned in my life to just speak up if I'm having a medical condition; don't wait until the last minute and I might need something that they don't cover.

And I've also been an outpatient or outpatient rep where you had to verify patient insurance, go over the plan. I've learned to look at the plan, not just say I have insurance and think I'm covered for everything because that's part of the issue some people have when they need something. It isn't covered. And then or its covered, 60-40 and they can't afford it. Then that's when they get upset a little bit more because now they're being told they have to pay this to have this done.

So it -- I don't have -- I can't say I've had a bad experience and I hope I don't ever have one. And even working for the affiliates, I follow the rules, so, and I feel everyone should follow the rules. So there

are times when people would do whatever they need to do to get things done. So like I said, it's fine.

MR. ROBERTS: So is part of your current job to look at policies of insurance and determine what's covered and what isn't?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: I'm a healthcare unit coordinator so I'm on one unit. I just check patients in and send them to their room that the unit tells me to send them to. If they're there to be checked, they go to a triage room. If they need to be admitted, they get admitted to that room. I'm on the maternity ward so I deal with pregnant women all -- I was going to say pregnant patients, I will say that. So that's all I can say right now at this time.

MR. ROBERTS: Very good. With your employment in the medical field --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: Do you ever hear discussions at work about reimbursement for services rendered?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: No, but what I do hear, is where a lot of people think if you hear MD, they make a lot of money. And that's all that they assume, but then there's things that they have to do as a doctor, things that they have to have to cover themself as a doctor and nurse practitioners and the nurses. So everyone has to follow, and I guess I've heard -- I didn't hear about reimbursement or everything. I don't really pay attention to that if they're talking about it.

But from where I sit, I barely can hear it at the -- with my previous employer, because I was sitting outside at the front, not where

they're at the desk talking but I have heard with some doctors, that's why they're leaving because of what they have to pay to stay in Nevada, that they have to pay to cover themselves. And I feel like it hurts patients when we lose them, but some of them say they have to do what they got to do to cover themselves and their families also.

And insurance wise, you just got to pay attention to what you select and if it's not the one, you might have to pay a little bit more to get the one that you can. I can only say I've only had HMO all my life and I've been fine with that.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, ma'am.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: You're welcome.

MR. ROBERTS: You said you disagreed that, you know, with people who -- some folks who might think that doctors are overpaid?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: Well, I disagree with some people think that the person being the doctor, they immediately make tons of money; they have enough. But they also have things that they have to take care of that some people don't know about.

MR. ROBERTS: Do you think they're severely underpaid given all those things people don't know about?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: I don't know about them being underpaid, but a lot of people just hear MD, and think money because that's all that they have enough of all the time. I don't know their expenses. I don't know what they go through but and I believe they should have insurance like we pay for our insurance. I guess they pay for theirs. I don't know. But I've heard it even from nurses. Nurses go

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through it, where they think the nurses make enough	money.	But it's
also what they have to take care of outside of just doi	ng their	job there.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you so much, Ms. Wynn. So is there anyone who would disagree with the fact that doctors are very important in the community? And the emergency room doctors in particular, would everyone agree that they're of critical importance to the community? Implied in how important they are, does anyone feel that they're not just not overpaid but that they're way underpaid?

Everyone agree with Ms. Wynn that they're probably about right based on what you believe?

I'm going to have to start calling on people individually soon.

Hopefully -- oh yes.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: 014.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Sorry, what number?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: 014.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Thank you.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: Just so you have an answer out there. I don't know that I have enough information on doctors' pay rate and what they pay out for their malpractice insurance and all that to really have an opinion on that. That's where I stand on it now. I don't know what doctors get paid. I don't know what they -- I don't know.

MR. ROBERTS: So you just really have no opinion whatsoever.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: Yeah, no opinion at all. In that field, like most people don't have a very good idea of what the doctors

and nurses deal with in the end.

MR. ROBERTS: All right. If I promise not to ask any followup questions, give me a show of hands, who agrees with Ms. Forrester that you don't know enough to know whether they're overpaid or underpaid? Okay. I keep my promise. I got a lot more hands that time.

Is anyone here unfamiliar with how health insurance works?

Can we pass the microphone to Ms. Dudley? Is that right?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: God this seating arrangement has me all messed up. So tell me about that.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: So --

THE CLERK: Badge number please?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: 224. Kelsey Dudley. As far as health insurance goes, when I was younger, I had health insurance, but I never saw medical doctors. My father's a chiropractor and we went the natural path which was wonderful. I always had unexplainable health issues that I'm becoming more aware of. And so I know I applied for Medicaid and could not get it due to income. So at this point in time I only have [indiscernible]. So -- and that's for an emergency, so when it comes to emergency doctors, I -- and accidents, in the beginning of things I can see how important chiropractors are, spiritually, and then how important medical doctors are, so that's just -- that's the best explanation I suppose I can give.

And in regards to health insurance, I know that when you are in a fearful state and don't know what's going on with your body that

you will you will go to the emergency room without or at least in my
experience, looking or having a full understanding about out-of-network
in-network, or even having health insurance, you just want to get
answers for once in your life, perhaps. And so I'm sure I'll pay for that
and happily will do so. But my view of health insurance is probably
more energetic now, in a sense, and not so much insurance and profit,
and would just [indiscernible - coughing in the background].

MR. ROBERTS: Do you think just going to the doctor without really figuring out the financial consequences are more common with an emergency room visit than going to see other doctors?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: In my experience, I more so want to just get my body working and wanted to -- once I felt that I would be able to do so, then I was going to, you know, be able to financially meet those costs inevitably.

MR. ROBERTS: So you brought up again that your father is a chiropractor?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: Yes, sir.

MR. ROBERTS: Do I remember correctly that he had a lot of problems and disputes with insurance companies and attorneys?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: Yes, he did.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And in this case where, you know, we've got a bunch of attorneys in the room and we have insurance companies in the room, do you think that the experiences that your father had with insurance companies might come to mind as you're deciding the facts of this case and listening to the evidence in this case?

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PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: That would be an emotional		
reaction. Logically, we shouldn't generalize any group, whether it be		
insurance, or a doctor, or a corporation. So I would choose from logic		
over emotionality in that regard.		
MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Do you think you might have that		
emotional response?		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: I'm human.		
MR. ROBERTS: Right.		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: So but I would still choose to		
look at the facts to the best of my ability.		
MR. ROBERTS: So even though some of those memories		
might come up and you might have an emotional response, you believe		
you can set that response		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: I		
MR. ROBERTS: aside?		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: I welcome those emotional		
responses, but also wanting to just sit back and think deeper, a deeper		
inquiry and		
MR. ROBERTS: As an okay.		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: it might just take to myself		
more time to look at the facts, but that's something I'm I feel is		
imperative to do as an individual on each individual.		

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. And you understand why I would ask that, though, right?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: Yes.

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1	MR. ROBERTS: I'm representing an insurance company	
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: Absolutely. Yes.	
3	MR. ROBERTS: in a dispute with providers.	
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: Yes.	
5	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.	
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: You might be that one in a	
7	million perfect attorneys who's out for the good, the higher good.	
8	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.	
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: So	
10	MR. ROBERTS: And your mind is open to that. That's	
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: That's [indiscernible].	
12	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you so much. So who thinks that	
13	unethical practices among health insurance companies has been	
14	increasing over the last ten years? No follow-up question, just hands.	
15	About the same?	
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: What was the question again?	
17	MR. ROBERTS: Do any of you believe that unethical	
18	practices among health insurance companies are increasing over the last	
19	ten years, that it's getting worse? Do people feel like they don't have	
20	enough information to know that? Yes?	
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: Yes.	
22	MR. ROBERTS: Is that where most people are?	
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: Right.	
24	MR. ROBERTS: Let's pass the mic back to Ms. Gonzaga.	
25	Let's go through it here. So Ms. Gonzaga?	

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: 074.	
2	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. Do you currently work for the	
3	Las Vegas Water District?	
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: I do.	
5	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. What were your prior jobs? Did you	
6	work at any other place before you went to the Water District?	
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: Yes. I worked at MGM Resorts	
8	for their corporate office.	
9	MR. ROBERTS: And what years was that?	
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: 2010 to 2015.	
11	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. And do you have a higher	
12	degree of education?	
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: Yes. I have my master's degree.	
14	MR. ROBERTS: Yes, and I saw that on your form. What	
15	subject is that in? What was your specialty?	
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: Business administration.	
17	MR. ROBERTS: And when you were with MGM, do you	
18	recall if you had a health plan administered by one of my clients?	
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: I don't remember.	
20	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Just in general, did you have any	
21	problems with your health plan getting legitimate claims paid?	
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: No.	
23	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think most people have problems	
24	collecting on legitimate claims from their insurance?	
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: No.	

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MR. ROBERTS: Do you have any preexisting beliefs, one		
way or another, whether providers are reimbursed fairly?		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: I do not have an opinion on it.		
MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Don't know enough?		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: I don't know enough.		
MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Great. Thank you. Thank you Ms.		
Gonzaga. Let's pass to Ms. Springberg.		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: 141,		
MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Ms. Springberg, did you previously		
work for a law firm?		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: Yes.		
MR. ROBERTS: And you work for Clark County?		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: Yes, for the courts.		
MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And do I recall that you know one of		
the attorneys for the Plaintiffs from your prior legal experience?		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: I do. I know a lot of people down		
here, plus staff, yes.		
MR. ROBERTS: And I think the judge already asked you this,		
but your experience with the Plaintiff's attorney that you know in this		
case, how long did you work with her?		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: I observed her in court on		
multiple occasions, in yeah, in multiple cases.		
MR. ROBERTS: And so your knowledge of her comes from		
your work as a JA? Your reports?		
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: Yes.		

1	MR. ROBERTS: And did you know when you were in private	
2	practice for a law firm?	
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: I did not, no.	
4	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And that's not going to hurt my client,	
5	the fact that you know one of the Plaintiff lawyers?	
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: No.	
7	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you. Thank you very much.	
8	What about Ms. Landau?	
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: 283.	
10	MR. ROBERTS: And as I recall, you work for Whole you	
11	work for Whole Foods?	
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Yeah.	
13	MR. ROBERTS: Did I see that you're also a student?	
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Yes.	
15	MR. ROBERTS: Where do you are you currently going to	
16	school?	
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Well, I was in school for nursing,	
18	but I decided I didn't like it, so now I'm looking at other schools to do like	
19	esthetician stuff.	
20	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Are you currently attending classes	
21	anywhere?	
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: No, not right now, so	
23	MR. ROBERTS: And you have been to emergency rooms that	
24	were staffed by the Plaintiffs?	
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Yes.	

1	MR. ROBERTS: And your experiences there, are they going	
2	to cause you to favor them in this lawsuit in any way?	
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: No.	
4	MR. ROBERTS: No?	
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: No.	
6	MR. ROBERTS: Could you be fair and impartial?	
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Yes.	
8	MR. ROBERTS: What about you; do you think it's difficult to	
9	collect from a health insurance company on a legitimate claim?	
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: I don't know enough about that,	
11	so I don't have an opinion.	
12	MR. ROBERTS: Do you have any preexisting beliefs about	
13	reimbursement rates and whether they're fairly set?	
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: No.	
15	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.	
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Uh-huh.	
17	MR. ROBERTS: You could pass it to Mr. Walker.	
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: 450.	
19	MR. ROBERTS: What about you, Mr. Walker, do you think it's	
20	tough to collect on legitimate insurance claims?	
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: I don't have enough knowledge	
22	to know about that.	
23	MR. ROBERTS: Have you personally ever had any problem	
24	collecting on what you felt was a legitimate claim?	
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: I don't think so because I've	

1	never had to respond [indiscernible].	
2	THE COURT: Mr. Walker	
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: I'm sorry.	
4	THE COURT: can I ask you to speak up?	
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: I'm sorry.	
6	THE COURT: Thank you.	
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: I don't think I've ever had to	
8	respond to anything.	
9	MR. ROBERTS: And I see you had some college, correct?	
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Yes.	
11	MR. ROBERTS: What did you declare a major or just take	
12	general courses?	
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Just did general study.	
14	MR. ROBERTS: What was your favorite subject when you	
15	were in school?	
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Science was one and civil	
17	literature.	
18	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. Mr. Zabinski?	
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: 494.	
20	MR. ROBERTS: Both of your parents are registered nurses in	
21	northern California, right?	
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: Yes. My dad's retired.	
23	MR. ROBERTS: Your dad's retired. Did you ever discuss	
24	reimbursement with them?	
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: [No audible response]	
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MR. ROBERTS: Did you ever form any beliefs about whether
healthcare providers as a whole were underpaid or overpaid or just
didn't come up?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: They felt nurses are underpaid,
but nothing as far as insurance, dealing with that, if it's
MR. ROBERTS: And I think that's because of the burden that
the nurses bore for healthcare as opposed to the doctors.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: They do more work than doctors
and make less money, so that's what they're [indiscernible].
MR. ROBERTS: You think doctors are underpaid too or just
mainly nurses?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: I don't believe doctors are
underpaid, no.
MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Do you believe nurses are underpaid
or is this just a belief that
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: As a society whole, I would say
yes.
MR. ROBERTS: Yes. Thank you, sir. Okay. Ms. Friedrich?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 522: 522. I know nurses around here,
too.
MR. ROBERTS: And obviously, you know that from personal
experience at several different health systems. What do you think about
this question, about whether it's tough to collect on a valid claim from a
health insurance company?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 522: On a valid claim, I think it's

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1	probably easy, you know, if you submit it, and it's on the insurance, it
2	usually is paid.
3	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think health insurers look for
4	loopholes to keep from paying claims?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 522: I don't think necessarily that they
6	look for them. I think if one jumps up they'll take it.
7	MR. ROBERTS: And what about reimbursements set for
8	healthcare providers by insurance companies; do you have any
9	preexisting belief as to those?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 522: No, I don't. I don't have enough
11	information on what the doctors make to know whether it's fair or not.
12	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So you believe that nurses is
13	underpaid, is that going to make you want to make us pay more in this
14	case, where nurses are involved?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 522: No, I think I would be fair.
16	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Is that going to be inside though?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 522: Might be.
18	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you. Let's if we can go right
19	in front, Ms. Ross?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: 093.
21	MR. ROBERTS: What about you, Ms. Ross? Do you think it's
22	tough to get valid claims paid?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: No, I don't think so.
24	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think insurance companies look for
25	loopholes?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: No.		
2	MR. ROBERTS: No?		
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: I don't think so. I don't know		
4	enough.		
5	MR. ROBERTS: And you've never had any problem getting		
6	your own claims paid?		
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: No.		
8	MR. ROBERTS: And you were an operations engineer?		
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: No, like computers. IT specialist.		
10	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So let me ask you this. So you wrote		
11	software, right?		
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: I didn't write it, but		
13	MR. ROBERTS: But you managed it?		
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: Yes.		
15	MR. ROBERTS: Worked with it?		
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: Yes.		
17	MR. ROBERTS: What involvement, if any, did you have with		
18	fee schedules in your job with billing software?		
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: So we usually were given a fee		
20	schedule, and we would load it into our system. The way our system		
21	paid claims is they were like benefit code driven, so we had to, like, link		
22	up a certain benefit code to a certain what is it called? CBT or SED		
23	code in order for the claim to pay, so it's kind of a table behind the		
24	scenes that would match everything up.		

MR. ROBERTS: And you would load that table into the

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1	computer software?		
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: Yes.		
3	MR. ROBERTS: And did you look at the numbers when you		
4	loaded them in?		
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: No, it was so long ago. We're		
6	talking like 1995 through 2006, so I really don't remember.		
7	MR. ROBERTS: And the benefit code that you would log in		
8	on your system?		
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: Yes.		
10	MR. ROBERTS: Would it was that like a benefit code that		
11	was part of the benefit plan or was it more of a CBT code to		
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: No, like for an office visit the		
13	benefit code might be OB, so they would have to put OB in the claim,		
14	and then that would know which CBT code or whatever to pull a claim,		
15	you know?		
16	MR. ROBERTS: Did you form any belief as to whether or not		
17	those reimbursement rates and the fee schedules you loaded in were		
18	fair?		
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: No, I never thought about it.		
20	MR. ROBERTS: Never thought about it?		
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: No, I just figured it was what it		
22	was. I don't		
23	MR. ROBERTS: And you and I'm taking it from your		
24	description of your job duties you never had any direct contact with		
25	providers about their reimbursements?		

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: No. That was all done by			
2	someone else, like about my pay scale.			
3	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you very much.			
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: Uh-huh.			
5	MR. ROBERTS: All right. Ms. Carr?			
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: 049.			
7	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. All right. What about you? Do you			
8	think it's hard to get paid on legitimate health insurance claims?			
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: I have not experienced any			
10	difficulties.			
11	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Do you think insurance companies			
12	look for loopholes?			
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: Not necessarily.			
14	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.			
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: But that's not to say it doesn't			
16	happen. I don't have enough information either.			
17	MR. ROBERTS: You don't have enough information. Your			
18	mind is open. Let's see. And you're a your best friend is an RN?			
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: Yes.			
20	MR. ROBERTS: Aunts and cousins are RNs?			
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: I'm yes, my aunts. Aunts and a			
22	cousin.			
23	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And have you ever heard them talk			
24	about reimbursements?			
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: No.			

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MR. R	OBERTS: Do you ha	ave any belief that they're
underpaid? That	nurses in general ar	e underpaid based on what they
have to do in the	community?	

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: I don't really know enough either way. I know first on their own, in their own lives, with what they are paid, and their own financial situations are not necessarily what everybody else's financial situations are, and this is across a few different states. I know the rate in Colorado is different versus California. I don't -- I've never heard either one of them complain specifically saying I am so underpaid for my job, if that's what you're asking.

MR. ROBERTS: Yes. Sort of. But let me -- let me ask this since you have so many healthcare providers in your life.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: Okay.

MR. ROBERTS: You know nothing more than the fact that two people get on the stand, a representative of an insurance company and a healthcare provider, and they disagree about something. All right. Based on your personal experience with friends and family, are you going to be more inclined to believe the healthcare provider?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: I don't know about for sure either way.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: I don't know, I don't -- I don't know who would sway me.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Good. So right now, it doesn't matter?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: No.	
2	MR. ROBERTS: It depends on what they have to say?	
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: Yes.	
4	MR. ROBERTS: Perfect. Mr. Torres?	
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: 038.	
6	MR. ROBERTS: What about you? Do you think it's tough to	
7	get legitimate claims paid?	
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: No.	
9	MR. ROBERTS: Think insurance companies look for	
10	loopholes?	
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: No.	
12	MR. ROBERTS: You've been sued, and you won, right?	
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: That was with a civil case, motor	
14	vehicle. It was I was committing fraud.	
15	MR. ROBERTS: So say that again?	
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: Would you yes, we won.	
17	MR. ROBERTS: Did I hear you say something about fraud?	
18	And you don't have to share this with the whole group if you're	
19	uncomfortable.	
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: No, I'm not comfortable.	
21	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you.	
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: I'm just going to say we won,	
23	and it was good work on the attorney's side on the client's information.	
24	MR. ROBERTS: Did you have a good experience with the	
25	legal system?	
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PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: Yes.
MR. ROBERTS: Do you feel like you got justice?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: Yes.
MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir. All right. Mr. Nesci.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: 593.
MR. ROBERTS: So let's go back to the question about is it
tough to get legitimate claims paid by insurance?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: No, I'm not I'm not really
understanding your questions because unfortunately, I have not won the
gene pool, and I've had numerous medical issues. I've always gone
prior to any I've had on the website under care and pricing, I look up
what it's going to cost. I know what my co-pay is going to be, and if I
have an issue, I just call benefit services and speak to them directly. I
know what I'm paying before I even go in. And I implore everyone, be
your own advocate. You have to. We have to. I've never had an issue
with not paying that because I know what's if it's different, it's resolved
with a phone call.
MR. ROBERTS: So do you just look at the website or do you
look at the actual detailed terms of your plan?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Oh, the detailed terms, correct.
Yeah.
MR. ROBERTS: And as long as you understand that, you've
never had a problem? Never?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Well, not [indiscernible].
Both sides, the doctors' offices and the insurance company, there's a

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	level of ineptitude on both sides. The you just have to take the positive		
2	out of it and look, and the bottom line is everything worked out and I'm		
3	still here. Will my to answer your next question, will my experiences		
4	sway my decision? I believe it will not.		
5	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. And the fact that your son is in		
6	nursing school, is going to be a healthcare provider, will that sway your		
7	decision in any way?		
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: It will not.		
9	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Fair and impartial.		
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: I believe I can be, yes,		
11	consciously.		
12	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Mr. Nesci.		
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: You're welcome, sir.		
14	MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Rucker?		
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Yes. 564.		
16	MR. ROBERTS: What do you think? Is it tough to get		
17	legitimate health insurance claims paid?		
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: I wouldn't know anything about		
19	that. I don't know anything about the claims be being paid and all that. I		
20	have no clue.		
21	MR. ROBERTS: Do you have personal experience submitting		
22	claims?		
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: No.		
24	MR. ROBERTS: Ever gotten the EOB in the mail		
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: No.		

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1	MR. ROBERTS: an explanation of benefits?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Well, yeah, I got that. Yeah. But
3	I haven't had any as far as my health insurance provider, there's never
4	been any problems.
5	MR. ROBERTS: All right. When you when you got the EOB
6	in the mail, did you read it?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Some of it.
8	MR. ROBERTS: Did you try to understand it?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: I tried to.
10	MR. ROBERTS: Just the amount due from patient was the
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Right.
12	MR. ROBERTS: main part of your looking at it?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Right.
14	MR. ROBERTS: So you've also been in a in a lawsuit over a
15	traffic accident
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Yes.
17	MR. ROBERTS: if I recall?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Yes.
19	MR. ROBERTS: All right. Do you feel that you had a good
20	experience with the justice system?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: No.
22	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Do you think you got justice?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Well, no one got anything, you
24	know, so it was it was a wash. But the whole thing was just a circus
25	act. It was it was crazy.

	MR. ROBERTS	: What specific	criticisms	did you	have	with
the legal p	process in your c	ase?				

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: That -- I don't know. It was the -- it was a bunch of false accusations, you know, that was -- that was thrown at me. This was years ago. There was a lot of false accusations that -- that, I don't know, it was -- I didn't agree with any of it. It wasn't true. We were countersuing each other, you know, and neither one of us got anything, bottom line. And it was years ago. I really don't even remember all the specifics about it, but I know there was a bunch of lies given being thrown around.

MR. ROBERTS: And one of the jobs of the jury, if you're selected in the case, is to judge the credibility of witnesses. If two people are saying two different things, how would you go about sorting out when one is closer to the truth?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: I mean I guess whatever one I feel as though is telling the truth based on facts or evidence or whatever. You know, that's the best thing I can do is to weigh them out as far as the evidence. That's it.

MR. ROBERTS: Very good. And your mom was an ER nurse, and you don't remember anything except a lot of cussing --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Uh-huh.

MR. ROBERTS: -- when she came home, right? So did she ever complain about salary or reimbursement? Did you form any belief as to --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: No.

1	MR. ROBERTS: what a nurse
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: No. She wasn't she wasn't a
3	nurse. She was she was an administrator there in the emergency
4	room.
5	MR. ROBERTS: Oh, okay.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Yeah. She wasn't a nurse.
7	MR. ROBERTS: That's right.
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: My son's a nurse.
9	MR. ROBERTS: So she worked as an administrator in an ER?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Uh-huh.
11	MR. ROBERTS: And she was an employee of the hospital?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Yes.
13	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And your none is the RN?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Right.
15	MR. ROBERTS: Right. Anything about the involvement of
16	your mom and son in the medical industry that might cause you to favor
17	one side over another here?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: No.
19	MR. ROBERTS: No? All right. You can fair to both of us?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Yep.
21	MR. ROBERTS: Other than the lawsuit over the traffic, have
22	you had any other experiences in the legal system good or bad?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: No.
24	MR. ROBERTS: No. One thing I was curious about.
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Uh-huh.

1	MR. ROBERTS: You used to be an emotional decision-maker
2	and now you're a practical decision-maker
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Uh-huh.
4	MR. ROBERTS: right?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Uh-huh.
6	MR. ROBERTS: What was that a conscious effort to change
7	your decision-making?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Of course. Of course. Yes. Very
9	conscious.
10	MR. ROBERTS: What made you decide to make that change?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: The emotional the emotional
12	decisions, the outcome was always most of the time pretty much
13	negative. So in order to change a negative from [sic] a positive, I'd have
14	to change the way I make a decision.
15	MR. ROBERTS: Has that worked?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Of course. Yeah.
17	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Of course.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: Uh-huh.
19	MR. ROBERTS: Excellent. Thank you.
20	All right. Mr Mr. Meyer?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: 532?
22	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Let's start out with the question about
23	reimbursements. Do you think it's tough to get valid health insurance
24	claims paid?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Personally I've had some tests

done earlier this year, and pretty much all my claims have been paid on
time and to what they should have been paid. One claim I is still
outstanding. So I'm not sure which way that's going yet. My results
were sent to an outside lab for further testing, and that one's still
pending. Then it was denied, but now the lab is appealing it. So it's still
in limbo. I'm still waiting for that.

MR. ROBERTS: And do you think insurance companies look for loopholes?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Again, I don't think they look for loopholes. Like what was said earlier, you know, if something maybe pops up, I think we maybe can get around this way, and just doing this instead. I believe they may do that personally.

MR. ROBERTS: Have you ever had that personal experience?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Well, it seems like it may be right now.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. With the lab --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: With my lab work.

MR. ROBERTS: -- like [indiscernible]?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Yeah, with the outstanding claim right now.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And is the lab pursuing you directly because that claim hasn't been paid by your insurance?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: No, they are not. We're in appeal right now with the insurance company.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Great. Let's see. All right. I

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1	remember you said some college?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Yes.
3	MR. ROBERTS: What coursework did you take in college?
4	Any particular subject?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Yes. Mainly mechanical design.
6	So it was mostly statics, [indiscernible] materials, operations,
7	manufacturing, and things of that nature.
8	MR. ROBERTS: Was that under the engineering department?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Yes.
10	MR. ROBERTS: Yes.
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: It was a tech school.
12	MR. ROBERTS: All right. Pass the microphone. Let's see.
13	We can just go right here in front to Ms. Wilson.
14	Ms. Wilson
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: 095.
16	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. What about you as far as
17	reimbursements, do you think insurance companies look for loophole
18	when they pay claims?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: No. That's not been my
20	experience.
21	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Do you do you think people in
22	general have problems getting valid reimbursement claims paid by their
23	health insurance?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: No. No.
25	MR. ROBERTS: All right. I'm going back and forth, and my

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1	notes are out of order. Okay. That's that was it. You are currently in
2	litigation; is that correct?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Yes
4	MR. ROBERTS: Do you have
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: that is correct. It's in it's
6	concerning a new house build, yeah.
7	MR. ROBERTS: How long has the litigation been ongoing?
8	Do you know if
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Oh, it's just a couple months.
10	We've just at the beginning of it.
11	MR. ROBERTS: Has the papers actually been filed with the
12	court? Do you know?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: I don't think so. Not yet. We're
14	just being told to wait right now. They have all our information.
15	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And is that your attorneys that are
16	telling you to wait or someone
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Correct.
18	MR. ROBERTS: else?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Correct.
20	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Yes.
22	MR. ROBERTS: And has this been going on long enough for
23	you to form an impression about the legal system?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: No. No. Not at all.
25	MR. ROBERTS: And obviously you don't know yet whether
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1	you've gotten justice, right?						
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: No, I don't.						
3	MR. ROBERTS: So your experience with balance bill						
4	billing, do I remember that one time the doctor took care of it and the						
5	other time the facility mistook what the insurance would pay?						
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Correct. Yes.						
7	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think that your own personal						
8	experience about balance billing was resolved fairly?						
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Yes, I believe it was. Like						
10	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.						
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: more than fair, to be honest.						
12	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.						
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Yeah.						
14	MR. ROBERTS: And explain why why you thought that						
15	was fair the way things ended up?						
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: So						
17	MR. ROBERTS: And not just to you. Was it also fair to the						
18	insurance						
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Well						
20	MR. ROBERTS: company and the provider?						
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: I mean the doctor and the facility						
22	are checking taking what the insurance company pays, right? To me, it's						
23	probably not fair wasn't fair to providers. If you look at it as a whole,						
24	it's probably not fair to every single patient that may have that same						
25	experience, right, because in both cases, it's a personal connection						

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because that's the reason why they went ahead and took care of the				
bill and not really based on the because it was a hardship or				
something like that, right? Like I'm a firm believer in you have to we as				
citizens have a responsibility for some of our healthcare. We cannot				
expect everything to be free for us.				
So paying our health insurance, paying our copays, paying				

So paying our health insurance, paying our copays, paying any of our, I guess you'd call it, out-of-pocket expense. That's responsibility. We don't -- we don't want socialized medicine, where somebody's making a decision for us that shouldn't be making a decision for us. This is a way for us to be able to keep our decisions made by ourselves for what's right for us. I don't know if I'm making sense or not, but --

MR. ROBERTS: Okay.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: No wrong answers. And you're --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Right.

MR. ROBERTS: -- you're making sense --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Okay.

MR. ROBERTS: -- to me. I understand what you're saying.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Yeah.

MR. ROBERTS: I appreciate it.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Thank you.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Ms. Hortillas?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: 114. I don't have enough

25 knowledge, no.

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	MR. ROBERTS: Have you ever had any problems with your			
own clair	ns?			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: No, I don't have any problems			
with billin	ng.			
	MR. ROBERTS: And you you've got no sort of opinions			
just to general as to				
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: No.			
	MR. ROBERTS: whether insurance companies look for			
loophole	s?			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: No.			
	MR. ROBERTS: Refuse to pay valid claims?			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: Right.			
	MR. ROBERTS: So and don't share anything with me that			
you're ur	ncomfortable with. But is there anything about losing your			
husband	that that might affect you as a juror?			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: Not at all.			
	MR. ROBERTS: All right. How long has it been?			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: 2008. So it's been			
	MR. ROBERTS: So it's been a while.			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: Uh-huh.			
	MR. ROBERTS: So a lot of the intensity, the emotions are			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: Yeah. I'm good now.			
	MR. ROBERTS: are gone? You're good now?			
	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: Yeah, I'm good.			
	MR. ROBERTS: That's good. Let me ask you a little bit			

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ı	different question. Do you tilink that because fleatin insurers are in the					
2	business they're in, reimbursing for people's medical care, they should					
3	be held to a higher standard than other companies?					
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: I don't have enough individual					
5	experience.					
6	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Anyone have an opinion about that?					
7	Do you think back to back to Ms. Wilson, badge					
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: 095. So, again, being from the					
9	financial industry, I think the healthcare insurers should have just as					
10	much responsibility, like yes, because people's lives that you're you					
11	know, like I said before, it was money. There are people lives and their					
12	health, so they should be held to a higher standard for sure					
13	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.					
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: yes.					
15	MR. ROBERTS: And about the same higher standard, the					
16	financial institutions or					
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: I would say about the same.					
18	Yes.					
19	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Not higher, not lower?					
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: About the same.					
21	MR. ROBERTS: Anyone else agree with Ms. Wilson? That					
22	make sense to you? Yes? So you can pass the mic back. Ms. Trambulo?					
23	Did I say that right?					
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: You did. 116.					
25	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Good. Good. What about you, do					

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you t	hink insure	ers health	insurers	look for a	reason to	deny v	⁄alid
claim	ıs?						

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: No.

MR. ROBERTS: No. Don't look for loopholes?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: No.

MR. ROBERTS: No. What did higher standard question, do you think health insurers should be held to a higher standard another company; that is the field they deal in?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: Yeah, I would agree with Ms. Wilson. You're dealing with people's lives and there's lots of impact there.

MR. ROBERTS: How would you hold a health insurer to a higher standard in this litigation? You don't know anything about it other than it's about reimbursement claims.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: I mean I guess it would be proper for whatever the reimbursement rate is.

MR. ROBERTS: One of the things that Plaintiffs told you and that we would agree with is there is no written contract. And they're suing under implied contract. So let me ask you a tough question. If there's no written contract, what would you personally look for to figure out what the terms are of an implied contract?

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Your Honor, that invades the promise of the Court, and it also attempts to commit the juror to the -- to the evidence.

THE COURT: I'm inclined to sustain the objection. Would

you like to make a record on the break?

MR. ROBERTS: Yes. That would be fine, Your Honor. How long did the Court want to go this morning?

THE COURT: This is a good time. It's --

MR. ROBERTS: All right.

THE COURT: It's 10:42. Even though you guys didn't come in until 9:40, we were here at 9:15. So let me give you the admonition for our morning recess.

During the recess, don't talk with each other or anyone else on any subject connected with the trial. Don't read, watch, or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial. Don't discuss this case with anyone connected to it by any medium of information, including, without limitation, newspapers, television, radio, Internet, cell phones, or texting.

Don't conduct any research on your own relating to the case.

Don't speck calculate about the issues, the evidence, the parties. Don't consult dictionaries, use the Internet, or use any reference materials.

Don't conduct any investigation, test any theory of the case, recreate any aspect of the case, or in any other way investigate or learn of it on your own.

You may not use social media; that you are in jury selection or if you're selected for the trial, you cannot post on social media. Don't text, Tweet, Google, or conduct any type of book or computer research with regard to any issue, party, witness, or attorney involved in the case. Most importantly, do not form or express any opinion on any subject unless you're selected for the jury and the jury deliberates.

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Thank you this morning for being so attentive and being on time. It is 10:44. Be ready at 11, please.

THE MARSHAL: All rise for the jury.

[Prospective jurors out at 10:44 a.m.]

[Outside the presence of the prospective jurors]

THE COURT: The room is now clear. Mr. Roberts, did you want to make a record on that?

MR. ROBERTS: Yes, Your Honor. I understand that the Court is going to instruct the jury on what forms an implied contract. So if -- I just looked at Rule 770. It might be a question touching on an instruction of law. But I really don't see how it's any different than asking the jury what -- or the potential jury what level of evidence they would personally want to see, would you want a higher level of evidence than preponderance, and asking her personally what she would personally look for, regardless of, you know, what the instruction may be, just helps me inquire as to her personal beliefs and inclinations and maybe what she thinks the law should be. And then as long as she can follow the law, then it's no problem for her. And I think that's where I was going, and I wasn't going to try to commit her to the facts or commit her to a verdict in this case.

THE COURT: Thank you. Is there a response?

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yes, Your Honor. So the reason I objected, Your Honor, and I've tried not to, but the reason I objected is because the form of the question was very improper. If counsel had said, if the Court gives an instruction on the following, would you

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consider something else, that's right down the fairway. He didn't do
that. And there's an issue, of course, on whether the price term has to
be part of this implied agreement or not. So asking just asking
pointblank, what kind of things you would consider to form an implied
contract, I do think invades the province of the Court. If counsel would
just rephrase it slightly, no objection.

THE COURT: Good enough.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: And I think, Your Honor, with the preponderance, I think that's what I did, which is I -- you know, I just said, look, you know, if the Court gives one, are you going to require something higher? If he does it like that, I -- that's fine.

THE COURT: And the reason I sustained it is only because the issue of whether or not the implied contract is just a direct issue in the case.

So let's take a break. We have two letters up here. The -Springberg in seat number 2 had done a long letter about why she
should be excused. Mr. Meyer's wife has been contact traced for a
COVID exposure. And then I printed the media rules out for both sides
so that you would have a copy of that. Thank you.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: See you at 11.

[Recess taken from 10:47 a.m. to 11:01 a.m.]

[Outside the presence of the prospective jurors]

THE COURT: Thanks, everyone. Please remain seated.

1	Okay. Did you get a chance to look at the letters, everybody?	
2	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yes, Your Honor.	
3	MR. BLALACK: I did, Your Honor.	
4	THE COURT: Defendant, any questions about the letters?	
5	MR. ROBERTS: No, Your Honor. We don't believe either one	
6	would justify as a hardship under the standard we did apply.	
7	MR. ZAVITSANOS: We agree, Your Honor.	
8	THE COURT: All right. And I've got copies of these for you.	
9	Did you both take them?	
10	MR. BLALACK: Oh. Yes, Your Honor.	
11	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Oh, Your Honor, the other thing is that	
12	the gentleman that we discussed earlier, the gentleman	
13	THE COURT: Yes.	
14	MR. ZAVITSANOS: That is him.	
15	THE COURT: That is him?	
16	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yes, Your Honor. So I think maybe I	
17	don't know what the Court's pleasure is. Maybe the Court could make an	
18	inquiry.	
19	THE COURT: Good enough. I can bring him in outside the	
20	presence of the other jurors.	
21	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yes, Your Honor.	
22	THE COURT: Okay. So we're going to ask Mr. Leopold to	
23	come in alone.	
24	THE MARSHAL: Yes, Your Honor.	
25	THE COURT: And then to let you guys know, we do have	

1	another venire at 11:00. I'm not going to bring them in now, only		
2	because I don't have room.		
3	MR. ZAVITSANOS: I think we have one person left.		
4	THE COURT: We do, in the back.		
5	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Okay.		
6	THE COURT: And she did have English as the second		
7	language issue.		
8	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Oh, she did?		
9	THE MARSHAL: All rise.		
10	THE COURT: So Mr. Leopold, you can stay right there. I		
11	have a couple of questions to ask you. Have you ever been convicted of		
12	a felony?		
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Yeah.		
14	THE COURT: And have your civil rights been restored?		
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Yeah.		
16	THE COURT: And when did that occur and where?		
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: 1998 in Los Angeles.		
18	THE COURT: Okay.		
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: I		
20	THE COURT: You don't have to tell us anything about what		
21	you were convicted of.		
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Yeah. I was I was exonerated.		
23	I was I was convicted in 1998. I served my time. My rights were		
24	restored in 2001.		
25	THE COURT: In 2001?		

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Yeah.
2	THE COURT: Thank you.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: I believe 2001, 2003.
4	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. So could you please step
5	back out to the hallway? Room is clear. Plaintiff, do you have anything?
6	MR. ZAVITSANOS: No, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Defendant?
8	MR. ROBERTS: Nothing, Your Honor. He's under oath, so
9	we'll accept that.
10	THE COURT: Good enough. As soon as the marshal comes
11	back, I'll give him the high sign.
12	MR. ROBERTS: Your Honor, forgive me for asking, but the
13	exchange we just had, was that on the record?
14	THE COURT: Yes.
15	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.
16	THE MARSHAL: All rise for the jury.
17	[Prospective jurors in at 11:05 a.m.]
18	THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. Go ahead, Mr.
19	Roberts.
20	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor. Ms. Trambulo,
21	Badge number 116.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: Yes.
23	MR. ROBERTS: We started did I get that right?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: Yes.
25	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Great. We had started to talk about

implied contracts. So if the Judge might you know, is obviously
going to instruct you what it takes to form an implied contract. If the
Judge instructs you that to form an implied contract requires a
manifestation by the parties of an intent to form a contract, is that the
type of thing you could hold the Plaintiffs to their burden of proof?

MR. ROBERTS: Sure. If the Court instructs you that in order to form an implied contract, the Plaintiffs have to prove that both sides manifested or showed by their actions an intention to form a contract, is that something you can hold the Plaintiffs to their burden of proving before you'll give them a verdict?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: I'm sorry. Can you repeat that?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: Yes. If the Court instructs you that you cannot find an implied contract without finding an ascertainable agreement, you know, that they've proven that not only was there an intent to contract, but this is the contract, can you hold them to that burden?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: Everyone here feel the same way? Anyone disagree that that should be the law? As long as you've -- do you still have the microphone?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: I don't.

MR. ROBERTS: No. They've marked them. Okay. I wanted to ask you about your prior work experience. I understand that you were a software engineer for a law firm; is that correct?

2	MR. ROBERTS: Oh.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: Before everything was
4	[indiscernible].
5	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Got it. And you knew one of the
6	lawyers for the Plaintiff?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: I did. Yes.
8	MR. ROBERTS: What type of law did this law firm do?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: I think it was corporate law. But
10	honestly, I wasn't there for very long, so.
11	MR. ROBERTS: Did you form any friendship with the
12	attorney that's in this case?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: No. I mean, we did, like,
14	corporate team-building things. I don't even think she was there, to be
15	honest, so.
16	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And do you have any feeling about
17	their side versus our side based on your knowledge of this lawyer for the
18	Plaintiff?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: No.
20	MR. ROBERTS: No. Did you learn the facts of any particular
21	lawsuits that this firm was involved in that interested you?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: No.
23	MR. ROBERTS: Didn't get involved in the merits of their
24	cases at all?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: No. No.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: No. So I was a runner.

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N	MR. ROBERTS: Form an opinion about whether they	
were their causes were just?		
F	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: No.	
N	MR. ROBERTS: No. What made you decide to leave the	
legal busines	ss?	
F	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: I was previously, before that, I	
was working	at Dylan Lapis [phonetic], and I was also going to school at	
UNLV. And	so I just needed a job that was flexible with my schedule,	
and they wer	re.	
N	MR. ROBERTS: How long ago did you leave the law firm?	
F	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: I want to say it was 2007, maybe.	
N	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So it's been a while.	
F	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: Yes.	
N	MR. ROBERTS: Yes. Let me ask you some follow-up	
questions ab	out your partner being a registered nurse.	
F	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: Sure.	
N	MR. ROBERTS: Has she ever complained about	
reimburseme	ent rates or salary?	
F	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: No.	
N	MR. ROBERTS: No? Do you think you'll have any difficulty	
finding agair	nst companies that work with healthcare providers?	
F	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: No.	
N	MR. ROBERTS: No? No feelings about it one way or	
another?		
l F	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: I mean, I personally think that	

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registered nurses are underpaid, but I don't have that feeling about, you
know, one way or another in this case.

MR. ROBERTS: Do you think that they're underpaid because insurance companies don't reimburse them enough?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: No. I just think their rate is low for what they do.

MR. ROBERTS: Your partner works hard?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: Yes. Okay. Let's see. If we can go to Ms. Dudley. I was trying to remember if I've covered everything. I jumped ahead when we were talking before. But I did want to ask you a little bit more about your knowledge of medical billing. Are you involved in that in any way?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: When I worked at Comprehensive Cancer Centers, but as more in regards to data entry. And then, lab requisitions. That's as far as medical billing went, but it was a fractured system there, too, so.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And you used that word Thursday when we were talking.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: I did, yeah. Yeah.

MR. ROBERTS: And do you blame anyone for the fact the system is fractured in your opinion?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: I think -- I think it's multiple -- I can't give you an honest answer. I'm not certain I know enough.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So --

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PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: I just for example, I worked at
Comprehensive Cancer Center as an [indiscernible] requisitions. And I
didn't always have requisitions if somebody didn't give them to me. So
it's kind of like it's multiple people are needed to get the job done
correctly. And so as far as medical billing goes, if one person isn't doing
the job right, then it just kind of trickles. And then it can become even a
greater issue for private investigators. So medical billing, when I say
fractured, I did really mean that there is fractured parts within each. I
don't know how to better explain that.

MR. ROBERTS: When you say investigators can get involved?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: So yeah, private investigators and research. So I don't recall enough anymore. It's been too long. But yeah, medical billing, we had another database to enter in, and anyway. Yeah.

MR. ROBERTS: So what type of data did you enter into the system?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: It was cancer. Oncology.

MR. ROBERTS: Right. But data.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: Years ago.

MR. ROBERTS: Did you enter in CPT codes and charges and -- or some other type of data?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: It had to do with charges -- I -- as well. It's -- honestly, I -- all I can say is it's been far too long for me to remember at this point that.

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MR. ROBERTS: Do you remember if people at your employer
talked about problems with the reimbursement from insurance
companies?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: I don't recall.

MR. ROBERTS: With your involvement in medical billing, is there anything about that experience that might cause it to be hard for you to enter a verdict in favor of an insurance company?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: No.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. I did want to follow up about one of the things you said back on the first day. I guess it was a week ago, I think it was. Maybe it was Tuesday. About the hardship in being away from some of your patients.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: And how are you feeling about that? Are you able to fully concentrate, give us your full attention in this matter, sort of set that aside during the day?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: As in fully concentrate, that continues to be an obstacle for me. In regards to the business, I believe this magnificent owner is able to go above and beyond finding ways to cover clientele. So as in fully concentrate, I think I'm always kind of in a -- in a state of awareness that isn't always fully here but tries to be. So I will do my due diligence to be here for you --

MR. ROBERTS: Okay.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: -- if I am called upon.

MR. ROBERTS: So I'm going to ask for a little clarification.

1	Does your mind wander every now and then?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: All the time.
3	MR. ROBERTS: All the time.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: Yeah. Yeah.
5	MR. ROBERTS: So and I really appreciate the fact that you
6	say you'll try to give me that attention because
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: Yes, sir.
8	MR. ROBERTS: you know, sometimes if you miss some
9	evidence, then it's gone, and you missed it.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: Yes, sir.
11	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think you might be able to commit to
12	that, to keeping your mind here while the evidence is coming in?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: I would love to commit to it.
14	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: I would love to. Yes.
16	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. I appreciate it. Okay. Let's go
17	with Mr. Roberts.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: 252.
19	MR. ROBERTS: What about you? Do you think health
20	insurers look for loopholes to keep from paying claims?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: I'm indifferent.
22	MR. ROBERTS: You're indifferent? Have you ever had any
23	bad personal experiences with getting your own claims through?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: No.
25	MR. ROBERTS: What about friends and family? Anyone

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1	complain about that to you?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: No.
3	MR. ROBERTS: I'm going to ask you a couple new questions
4	so that we can pick up for a few others. Have you ever felt like you've
5	been taken advantage of by a bank or financial institution?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: Every time.
7	MR. ROBERTS: Ever been cheated, scammed, defrauded by
8	anyone?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: Nothing comes to mind right
10	now.
11	MR. ROBERTS: So I don't remember if the exact question
12	was if or if there's a healthcare crisis or just who's fault is the healthcare
13	crisis. I believe you said doctors and insurance companies are both to
14	blame, right?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: Yeah.
16	MR. ROBERTS: Explain to me why you feel that way.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: As in, what's going on now or in
18	general or what?
19	MR. ROBERTS: In general. Not about this.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: If there's a problem, they should
21	come together and make a solution. If there's a problem, they're both to
22	blame. It takes two people to make a problem.
23	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think there is a crisis?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: As in?
25	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think there's a healthcare crisis?

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	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252:	Funding or?	Not in my view.
They have	a [indiscernible] now.		

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So -- and that -- I think that's intentionally a really broad question so that your own experiences and beliefs can maybe get triggered by such a broad question. It comes down to if you really don't think there is one.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: Indifferent.

MR. ROBERTS: Indifferent. Okay. Thank you, sir. If you could pass the mic to Ms. Forester.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: 014.

MR. ROBERTS: So what about you? Do you think it's tough to get paid on legitimate claims?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: Not on legitimate claims, no. I think -- I think they try their best to do, you know, what they're supposed to do and pay for what is expected of them.

MR. ROBERTS: Do you think they look for loopholes to keep from paying claims?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: I don't think they look for loopholes. I think if there is a loophole, most insurance -- people who are dealing with insurance all day, they know what loopholes are there. So I don't think they necessarily look for loopholes, but they don't let -- if the circumstance is not to -- that they don't have to pay out on it.

MR. ROBERTS: So we've had several people say they've looked at their claim documents.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: Yes.

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MR. ROBERTS: If an insurance company doesn't pay
because it's not covered by their plan, is that a loophole or is that
legitimate?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: No. If it's not covered by t

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: No. If it's not covered by the health plan that, you know, if you've agreed to the terms when you take on your healthcare. So that's not really a loophole. The one that kind of comes to mind is when I did have insurance through my mom, they didn't -- like, when I gave birth, they didn't cover my child because I was insured under my mom and my kid wasn't considered covered, which they didn't tell me until after, you know, I got the bill. Which was here nor there, you know. But if it wasn't covered, it wasn't covered. But you know, I don't think it was necessarily a loophole. I just think it's there. You know?

MR. ROBERTS: Did you think it was unfair?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: No. I mean, it makes sense. You know, I'm my mom's dependent. My kid is not listed yet. So it makes sense.

MR. ROBERTS: Some grandparents feel this right now. So what about the bank question? Do you ever feel like you've been taken advantage --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: No.

MR. ROBERTS: -- by financial institutions? Have you ever been scammed or defrauded by anyone?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: No.

MR. ROBERTS: No? Any bad experience with the legal

1	system?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: No.
3	MR. ROBERTS: No? All right. Can you pass the mic to Mr.
4	Leopold, please?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: 020.
6	MR. ROBERTS: What about you, Mr. Leopold? Do you think
7	insurance companies look for loopholes?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Look for, no. You made a
9	comment that they pop out at them, I think they would take them.
10	MR. ROBERTS: Is it a loophole if it's not covered by the
11	plan?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: No.
13	MR. ROBERTS: Ever been taken advantage of by a financial
14	institution?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: No.
16	MR. ROBERTS: Ever been scammed or defrauded by
17	anyone?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: I think we've all been scammed,
19	or someone tried to scam or defraud all of us. But no, I don't think I've
20	been gullible.
21	MR. ROBERTS: No. So people have attempted and not been
22	successful?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Yeah. You get them every day in
24	your email.
25	MR. ROBERTS: Right. Right. Any beliefs about the legal

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1	system?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: No.
3	MR. ROBERTS: No?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: No. The legal system is there,
5	has been in place for decades, sometimes centuries.
6	MR. ROBERTS: Yeah.
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: There's always good and bad to
8	everything.
9	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think it's a good way to resolve
10	disputes?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: I think so. Yeah.
12	MR. ROBERTS: Have you ever been underpaid by someone?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: That's a matter of opinion. To
14	them, no. To me?
15	MR. ROBERTS: In your opinion, have you ever been
16	underpaid by someone?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Yeah, years ago.
18	MR. ROBERTS: Are you comfortable telling me about it?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Yeah. It was just a situation that,
20	you know, the type of work I was doing at the time was [indiscernible],
21	and I was salaried. So, okay, they figured, okay, fine, you're going to get
22	paid X amount of dollars. Okay, and when I took the job, I said, okay,
23	fine, I can [indiscernible] 60 hours a week. Okay, fine. So I wind up
24	working 80, 85, 90 hours, and I got paid the same amount. So to me,
25	that isn't fair.

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1	MR. ROBERTS: And what did you do about it?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Nothing I really could do. I had a
3	contract.
4	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: I agreed to the contract when I
6	went into it. So I just knew for the future if I ever wound up getting into
7	a contract like that, I knew what to look for.
8	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So do you think it was fair that you
9	were bound to your contract?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: No. Being that I went by my
11	contract, I think it was fair.
12	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: They went by my contract. So I
14	can't really say that it was anything unfair, because like I said, all
15	according to what was written.
16	MR. ROBERTS: Lawsuit between an insurance company and
17	people seeking money on behalf of healthcare providers.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Uh-huh.
19	MR. ROBERTS: Is that the type of case where you can be
20	fair?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Absolutely.
22	MR. ROBERTS: Leaning toward either side?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Not at all. Not at all.
24	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Mr. Leopold.
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Uh-huh.

1	MR. ROBERTS: Let's see, we'll go ahead and start right here
2	in the front. And you can help first of all, can I have your badge
3	number Ms. Herzog.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: 270.
5	MR. ROBERTS: And what do you think about insurance
6	companies look for loopholes when they pay claims?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: I don't that hasn't been my
8	experience. And I have had no experience with that at all. I hope that
9	they don't.
10	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And have all of your experiences
11	have been good?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: Good, yes.
13	MR. ROBERTS: And you have no belief one way or another
14	whether it's a problem outside of your own experience or do you think
15	that it's not?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: I don't really know. I mean I
17	know my own situation, and I have a pretty clear understanding of my
18	medical plan, so I don't expect coverage on something that isn't on my
19	plan. If that makes sense.
20	MR. ROBERTS: It does.
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: Yeah.
22	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think there's a healthcare crisis in
23	America today?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: I'm not sure I would use the
25	word crisis. I think there is it could be better between providers,

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insurance, pharmaceuticals, all of it.	It could be better.	'm not sure l
would use the word crisis.		

MR. ROBERTS: What would you do to improve the system?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: Oh, that's a big -- that's a job
way bigger than me. I don't know where I would start to be honest with
you. I think, you know, it all goes -- I don't know where I would start. I
don't know enough about it.

MR. ROBERTS: Have you ever worked in healthcare?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: I'm a contract tracer with the

Southern Nevada Health District, so it's not exactly healthcare. It's more like community care.

MR. ROBERTS: Sure. And I remember you telling us that you were in contact tracing.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: I am.

MR. ROBERTS: And I was just wondering before you went to work for the health district in contact tracing, if you had held any other jobs in the medical field?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: No, I worked in -- I worked in entertainment. So it was a pre-COVID career that died when COVID came out, and so I went and had to figure something else out until the dust settled.

MR. ROBERTS: What type of entertainment did you work in?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: I worked for a big entertainment company called AEG.

MR. ROBERTS: Sure, they put on concerts and shows, yes.

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PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: Yes. That's what I did. I worked
there 17 years. We ran the Coliseum at Caesar's Palace with all of the
resident artists. So it was one of the first industries to shut down with
COVID, and it's been one of the slowest to come back.
MR. ROBERTS: Did you ever meet Rod Stewart?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: I did. I did.
MR. ROBERTS: Celine?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: I did. 1140 shows.
MR. ROBERTS: Wow. So what were your duties there a
AEG?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: I was the entertainment
manager. So once the shows were booked and then I did all of the sort
of, you know, ground transportation, private planes, hotel rooms.
MR. ROBERTS: You handled all of the logistics.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: Logistics, yeah. Backstage. All
of the backstage of.
MR. ROBERTS: Did you have to read the contracts for the
performers to know what their needs were?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: I did. Everything was in the
contract.
MR. ROBERTS: And you read them and dealt with them as
part of your job?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: Well, I wasn't the booker, so
usually they would summarize the you know because every show kind

of dealt with the same sort of things. Like this is covered, this isn't. This

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1	is on us; this is on them. This is you know, whether it's ground
2	transportation, catering. Somebody's got to pay for it. It's either them
3	or us.
4	MR. ROBERTS: And would you review the contract to figure
5	out what your responsibility was, so you would go do it, or did someone
6	else do that?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: Someone else did that.
8	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: Someone else did that.
10	MR. ROBERTS: What made you decide to go into contact
11	tracing with the health district from entertainment? It seems like a pretty
12	radical career switch.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: It was a radical I didn't decide
14	it, COVID did.
15	MR. ROBERTS: Ahh-ahh.
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: COVID did. So I needed
17	something to do until the dust settled. So I took an online course in
18	contact tracing, went to the health district. I'm still there.
19	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you, Ms. Herzog. Okay. Ms.
20	Wynn next. So we've already talked for a while this morning.
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: Yes.
22	MR. ROBERTS: Let me just ask you the big question at the
23	end. You've got the experience and good from both sides. Is there any
24	reason why you could not be fair and impartial and give a Defense
25	verdict to an insurance company if they do not meet their burden of

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ı	proof in this case?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: Repeat that one more time.
3	THE COURT RECORDER: Badge number, please.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: 254.
5	MR. ROBERTS: Is there anything about your background and
6	experience in the medical field, which would make it hard for you to
7	check off a Defense verdict for the insurance company, where they're
8	being sued by healthcare providers?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: No. Because I would look at the
10	evidence. Whatever both sides present is what would help the decision
11	making.
12	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think it's fair that they have to meet a
13	burden of proof and get over 50 percent certain.
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: Sure.
15	MR. ROBERTS: More likely true than not true.
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: It's fair that they have to present.
17	And if they meet the requirement, there should be no problem making a
18	decision.
19	MR. ROBERTS: Right even. Who's right and who's wrong.
20	It's exactly even on both sides for the evidence. Can you still send them
21	home with nothing, when they're seeking ten a half million?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: If it doesn't meet the
23	requirement. I would have to do what's right. If it doesn't meet the
24	requirement, do the 51-50, or whatever the Judge orders, then I would
25	have to do what's right. So all I can say is I'd just have to see the

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1	evidence, hear both sides and make a decision. I can't do that until
2	everything is presented.
3	MR. ROBERTS: Nothing's been presented yet. Are you
4	leaning towards one side or the other?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: No. Neither side.
6	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Wynn.
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: You're welcome.
8	MR. ROBERTS: I appreciate it. All right. Mr. Ramsey, badge
9	number.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 219: 219.
11	MR. ROBERTS: So let's talk about some of these same
12	questions. Do you think that insurance companies look for loopholes?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 219: Not necessarily. I think
14	individuals look for loopholes, but I don't like to blanket the entire
15	statement as companies in general. Companies are made up of
16	individuals, of course.
17	MR. ROBERTS: So no more and no less than people of any
18	other industry?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 219: No more, no less.
20	MR. ROBERTS: What about the question I asked about
21	financial institutions. It was brought up because they're heavily
22	regulated because they've got a sort of according to one of our jurors
23	they sort of have a higher responsibility because of the field that they're
24	in. Have you ever had a problem with a financial institution?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 219: I have not.

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1	MR. ROBERTS: Have you ever been scammed or defrauded
2	by anyone?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 219: Not that I know of.
4	MR. ROBERTS: Any feelings about the justice system? Is
5	this a good way to resolve disputes?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 219: Absolutely, yes. Best justice
7	system in the world, no doubt.
8	MR. ROBERTS: Would you be disappointed if you're not
9	chosen as a juror in this case? Half of you are going to be chosen.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 219: No, neither way.
11	MR. ROBERTS: Neither way.
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 219: I mean if I'm needed, I'll serve.
13	If not I'll gladly go home and enjoy the rest of my life.
14	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Mr. Ramsey. All right. Mr.
15	Reese, same questions. Badge number?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 094: 094.
17	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. You've got a great voice. Do
18	you think insurance companies look for loopholes when they're paying
19	claims?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 094: Sometimes. I know when I filed
21	claims for myself or my wife or I believe they've been filed by healthcare
22	providers. A lot of times they'll send letters asking where the accident
23	happened, was it involving a motor vehicle, blah, blah, blah. And it's
24	never been over an accident well, just one time. [Indiscernible]
25	trashing an ankle.

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1	MR. ROBERTS: I'm sorry.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 094: But, you know, the other one
3	was involving a motorcycle. You know, it was on private property. Or,
4	you know so it's like, you know, they're looking for somebody else to
5	pay the bill. If you want to call that a loophole, which is
6	MR. ROBERTS: Is it a loophole if it's not covered by the
7	policy?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 094: No.
9	MR. ROBERTS: What about what Mr. Ramsey said? Do you
10	agree with him that insurance companies don't do it any more than any
11	other company, or do you think that insurance
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 094: Well, you know, like was
13	discussed earlier, corporations are about profit. You know, so they're
14	going to do what they can to increase their bottom line.
15	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think that's fairly uniform across all
16	corporations?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 094: Yes.
18	MR. ROBERTS: Ever been scammed or defrauded?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 094: No, but taken advantage of. I've
20	had a couple of store credit cards charge from 24 to 29 percent interest.
21	MR. ROBERTS: So 24.9 percent interest and that's being
22	taken advantage of.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 094: I don't have them anymore.
24	MR. ROBERTS: Other than the credit cards?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 094: No, no.

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1	MR. ROBERTS: Any bad experience with financial
2	institutions?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 094: No.
4	MR. ROBERTS: What about the justice system? What do you
5	think of our justice system?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 094; I think it's great. You know, it's
7	I agree with what he said. You know, it's the best in the world.
8	MR. ROBERTS: Very good. Thank you, sir. I appreciate it.
9	Mr. Cabrales.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: 041.
11	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think insurance companies look for
12	loopholes?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: I agree that some insurance
14	companies, like individuals will take advantage of loop holes
15	[indiscernible].
16	MR. ROBERTS: More often than other types of companies do
17	you think?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: No.
19	MR. ROBERTS: No. What about, have you ever been
20	scammed or defrauded by anyone?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: Not that I can think of.
22	MR. ROBERTS: Have you ever been taken advantage of by a
23	financial institution or a bank?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: Not that I can think of.
25	MR. ROBERTS: All right. Your mom is an RN?

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company will take action?

1	position. But I do focus more on the investigative side in our team.
2	MR. ROBERTS: And what's the name of your company
3	again?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: Goodwill of Southern Nevada.
5	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Very good. When you are doing an
6	investigation, do you just put the facts down, or do you reach a
7	conclusion? It is my conclusion that so and so is guilty of fraud, or
8	embezzlement, or stealing money?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: So my job is just to collect
10	information so that managers and HR can make those kinds of decisions.
11	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So your reports would not have made
12	that judgment?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: Correct.
14	MR. ROBERTS: Do you work with your managers and
15	decision makers when they make that? You know, do they come talk to
16	you and say what do you think? Should we pull the trigger on this and
17	take action?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: Occasionally when we need to
19	characterize certain actions like suspicious. Given our store policy and
20	such, but generally speaking no.
21	MR. ROBERTS: Do you know what type of standard your
22	company required in an investigation before they take action? In other
23	words, you know, we go back to the last week. Is it a preponderance, is
24	it clear and convincing or is it beyond a reasonable doubt before your

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PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: What sort of action?
MR. ROBERTS: Well, whatever action might be appropriate.
You know, if you're investigating, you know, embezzlement.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: Right.
MR. ROBERTS: You know, would you go confront someone
and terminate them, or institute legal action? What standard does your
company need before they take an action that's appropriate based on the
allegation?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: Yeah, the company policies do
present certain things like, you know, tolerance policies where we would
have to it would be our priority to look at it. In terms of confronting,
we often do that in order to gather context about visual evidence. About
about certain types of evidence. But in terms of termination, in terms
of suspension, that's a little bit that's a higher standard.
MR. ROBERTS: How high?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: That I wouldn't know. That's
more of a discretion of HR or management. Their direct supervisor.
MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Let's start some actually, before I
start with a new topic, I started one halfway in between to keep things at
least a little more interesting, not quite as dull. Who here has been
scammed or defrauded, that hasn't been asked the question here in the
back? Ms. Springberg, badge 141.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: The unemployment claim, of
fraud that [indiscernible]

MR. ROBERTS: Yes.

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PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: I Hs [indiscernible].
MR. ROBERTS: Can you pull it a little bit closer?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: It was the unemployment fraud
[indiscernible], and it caused a lot of it was a lot of paperwork and a lot
of report that I had to do.
MR. ROBERTS: So it was actually your employer who got
defrauded, right?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: Correct.
MR. ROBERTS: But you felt like it was also you?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: Well, I'm the one who had to file
the police reports. I'm the one that filed with all of the agencies. So it
was fraud under my Social Security number, so it was me.
MR. ROBERTS: Right. Oh, okay. I didn't I forgot that part.
l apologize.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: Yeah.
MR. ROBERTS: Do you feel like that situation resolved
favorably? Satisfactorily?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: I had no negative repercussions
from it. So I guess, yes.
MR. ROBERTS: Do you feel like the person who defrauded
you should have been punished more than they were?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: I don't believe that the person
who defrauded me was punished at all. These individuals weren't
identified, so
MR. ROBERTS: Does that bother you?

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PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: It bothers me that some
government employee's information was accessed. And nobody really
knows how that happened. So that bothers me.
MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. Anybody else? Yes, Mr. Nesci.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: 593. Would you consider credit
cards being hacked fraud?
MR. ROBERTS: I would. Would you?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Yeah. Four times. And each
time I just got ahold of my credit union and of course, cancelled the
cards. I have fraud protection. Cancelled the cards. Disputed the
charges and the charges were declined all four times.
MR. ROBERTS: So it all worked out?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: It all worked out. Yes, that
angers me, like she just said. That there's it's such a there's so many
victims that they don't even bother trying to prosecute them.
MR. ROBERTS: So in your case, you would have liked to
have seen repercussions for the people who attempted to defraud you?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Absolutely. I wanted them to go
to Hungary where my credit card was used and get [indiscernible].
MR. ROBERTS: All four times for Hungary?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Two times. \$21.78 each charge.
Yeah, it's crazy, but yes.
MR. ROBERTS: So has that left sort of a bad taste in your
mouth about the legal system?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: No.

MR. ROBERTS: Or is it just one of those th	າings?
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PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: No, it's just -- it's made me more aware to -- again like I said earlier, to be my own advocate and to protect my assets on a daily basis. Look at my accounts and make sure everything's okay. You have to take care of yourself.

MR. ROBERTS: Now is this one of those situations where going after the people who attempted to defraud you would be morally right, but it's not practical, so they won't do it? Because there's so much of it, such small dollars.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Well, it's big dollars. You know, our country -- yeah, it's big dollars. But I think it's more practical not to pursue the criminal.

MR. ROBERTS: And do you agree with that judgment? PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: No. No.

MR. ROBERTS: Who here agrees with Mr. Nesci that people should be pursued for something like that even if it's not practical to do it? Anyone else raise their hand? Yes, sir, Mr. Meyer.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Badge 532. Obviously, credit card fraud. And also we had, I don't know if it's been followed, or what you're getting at, but we purchased a new home, existing home about six years ago. And a week after we moved in, the title company missed a judgment on the previous owner. So we were about to lose our new home that we just got. But we fortunately had title insurance, and I recommend that everybody buying a home. So the title insurance took care of it. I wasn't real pleased with the title -- with the previous owner. I

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don't know if they did not disclose they had a judgment or what actually
happened. But nothing ever happened with them. And then obviously
the credit card fraud it was all taken care of. But they need to stop it.
They issued a credit card, so I didn't lose any money on that.
MR. ROBERTS: So ultimately both those situations resolved
favorably for you?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: They were, yes.
MR. ROBERTS: And you were pleased with the outcomes?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Well, I [indiscernible] was. But
again, I wasn't real happy with the previous owner of our home getting
away with stuff, too.
MR. ROBERTS: Do you think that previous owner who failed
to disclose perhaps a judgment lien against the property that you now
own should have faced some repercussions?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: I believe they should have.
MR. ROBERTS: Do you have any knowledge of whether they
were [indiscernible] repercussions?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: To my knowledge, they were not.
MR. ROBERTS: Do you think practically speaking it would
have been tough to do that? To go after them.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Without the title insurance?
MR. ROBERTS: Uh-huh.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Yes, it would have been. It
would have been. We probably would have lost our home.
MR. ROBERTS: So it was a big judgment?

	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593:	Well, less than \$10 million.	lt
was a good	d size amount.		

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Mr. Meyer. Any other hands? Scammed, defrauded, taken advantage of by a financial institution?

One of the questions that Mr. Zavitsanos asked was Obamacare, Affordable Care Act, good for the country, bad for the country. Okay. Let me ask about that a little broader. As things work the way they do now, who has an unfavorable view of the healthcare system in this country, the way it is now? Can I just have a show of hands?

No one's with Mr. Nesci here? Okay. So maybe three of you, just an unfavorable view of the way things work. And everyone else, are you just sort of no opinion, or is there anyone here who thinks, man, the healthcare system -- we've got the best in the world in the United States? For the record, was that a laugh, Mr. Meyer?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: All right. Let's see if you did your homework for me. Where's the microphone? Okay. Let's pass it back. And we'll go in order starting with Ms. Gonzaga. And I'm going to get two questions in one here. I have a multiple choice test, and then an answer to our question about your most admired person.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: And I'm sorry, Your Honor. Could I get counsel to just state the juror number, please, as we go through?

MR. ROBERTS: Sure. Ms. Gonzaga, badge 74. But I haven't asked the question yet.

So in addition to telling me your most admired person, living
or dead, public figure, I want you to answer a multiple choice question.
My property taxes, A) they're too high, B) they're fair, or C) I don't pay
property taxes. Okay.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: 074, I would say Mother Teresa just due to her compassion and selflessness of the positive community -- the positive work that she would do around the community and the world. And my answer would be C.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Gonzaga. Ms. Springberg, badge 141.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: I actually gave this question about the public figure a lot of thought. And I don't have an answer for you. So there are a lot of people I admire the qualities that they have. I don't -- I didn't just want to pick one of them. So I don't really have a public figure that I admire better.

MR. ROBERTS: Tell me what qualities you admire most in a public figure that you thought of.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: Integrity, compassion, empathy, someone who is direct, forthright. And those would be -- those are qualities that I admire in public figures or in anybody. So yeah. There wasn't one person I wanted to identify. I'm sorry. You asked about the question that was multiple choice?

MR. ROBERTS: Yes. My property taxes, too high, A, B, fair, C, I don't pay them.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: I guess B, fair. I don't really think

about it because I	don't have	a choice.	It's just	something I	pay a	and it's
over.						

MR. ROBERTS: I left too low out, you know. Could you pass the mic to Ms. Landau, please, badge 283.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: For my person I chose Sojourner Truth. And she was a female's rights activist in the 19th Century. And then, for your multiple choice question, I would have to go with C.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. Mr. Walker, badge 450?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: My public figure that I picked -that I picked was Martin Luther King. One thing I liked about him was
that he was a person that stood up for what was right and that he found
an alternative other than using violence. He found an alternative to get
his point across. And for the question, the multiple choice, it would be C.

MR. ROBERTS: B?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: C like cat.

MR. ROBERTS: C like cat. Thank you, Mr. Walker. Mr.

Zabinski, badge --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: 494.

MR. ROBERTS: 494. Thank you.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: Multiple choice would be C as in cat. And then I would say Jesus would be somebody that I most admire and respect. His philosophy basically is about treating people how you would want to be treated yourself. And that's kind of a golden rule. Not getting into religion, but just treat people the way you want to be treated, and the world would be a much better place.

	MR. ROBERTS:	Thank you, Mr. Zabinski.	Ms. Friedrich,
badge 522?			

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 522: My -- the multiple choice would be B. And my admired person would be Florence Nightingale just for all the things that she did to make the nursing career as it is now.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. Ms. Ross, badge 93?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: Yes. The answer to multiple choice -- multiple choice would be B. And then, yeah, I don't know. I don't really -- I can't really think of someone that I admire. I don't -- I mean, I admire qualities in people, but I don't really have anybody specific that I would admire.

MR. ROBERTS: Can you -- can you give me a list of qualities like Ms. Springberg did?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: So like honesty, integrity, compassion. Like, people who do, like, volunteer work. Like he said, you know, you should always treat people how you want to be treated. So respect. Good qualities.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Ross. If you could pass it to Ms. Carr, badge 49, please.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: Yes. 049. For the property tax question, B. I think it's fair coming from California. For the person I admire, I kind of struggled with this. And through conversation with friends over the weekend just about what's going on with lives, I have a girlfriend who is dealing with infidelity in her marriage. And that's a really, really tough thing for, you know, anyone and any couple to get

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through. And I kind of landed on Hilary Clinton for this because she
dealt with infidelity in her marriage in a in the public eye. Everybody
felt like they were entitled to details. And somehow, she and her
husband were able to find a way to work through it, and stayed together,
which I feel like is not something every couple would be able to do. That
takes a certain amount of strength.

MR. ROBERTS: Thanks for --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: That's my answer.

MR. ROBERTS: -- thanks for putting so much thought into that. I appreciate it, Ms. Carr. Mr. Torres, badge --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: 038. I thought long on this last night. It would be Abraham Lincoln for what he did. Gave the freedom and rights to the people.

MR. ROBERTS: And that was --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 038: Oh, and my taxes, they're paid.

MR. ROBERTS: Fair. Very good. Thank you, Mr. Torres. Mr. Nesci, badge --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: 593. Taxes, A, too high. And the person I admire most would be Jackie Robinson. April 15th, 1947, for the Brooklyn Dodgers, he broke the color barrier in baseball. And the adversity that he had to overcome, horrendous, horrendous adversity and racism. He changed the game for the better. And ultimately, he changed the whole country for the better.

MR. ROBERTS: Did you see the movie?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Heck yeah, I did.

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	MR. ROBERTS: And question, have you ever lived in	
California?	I know you told us you were going to Palm Springs. F	Have
you ever o	wned property there?	

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: I never have. But -- are you asking about the property taxes?

MR. ROBERTS: I am. I was just curious.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Yeah. Well, I just have a -- you're going to put me on my soap box, you know. I have a child that I'm paying for college. Why do I still have to pay all those taxes for the school? I have no children at school. I'll pay taxes of my property. But look at the breakdown of your property taxes, and the majority of them are for Clark County School District. I don't think that's fair.

MR. ROBERTS: Understood. Thank you, sir.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: You're welcome.

MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Rucker, badge --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 564: 564. B on the taxes. They're not too bad. And Barack Obama. And I say that because at least he took a stab at healthcare. Okay. At least he had the guts to try it. Whether we agree with it or not, he tried. And that means a lot to me.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir. Mr. Meyer, badge --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: 532. I'm going to go with B. I think the taxes -- property taxes are not bad. After thought, I came up with Vince Lombardi. I look back to back in the '60s when he had groups of athletes coming on from such small colleges that didn't have the training, the background, the knowledge of big colleges. And he took

these group of kids and disciplined them and tried to fix them into a
fantastic team. Plus, he instilled in their minds that they're not going to
play football for the rest of their life, so they need to look beyond that to
get another pick of a career going. I think just doing that was fantastic
for these kids coming out of college. A lot of them didn't even go to
college that he took in.

MR. ROBERTS: Which team did he do the best job for?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: I think he did the best job with the Green Bay Packers.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Let me see if I can slide under this table here or something.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: That would be one humble opinion.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. Thank you so much. If you could pass it up to Ms. Wilson, badge 95.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: For property taxes, B. Having come from New York, we're very fair here. And my most admired is -- and the judge is going to think I'm sucking up here, but it's Ruth Bader Ginsburg. Just -- I just -- everything that she stood for, aside from the politics, I think that -- well, I can't say that in court what I was going to say. Tough woman. She stood up for what was right. Very supportive with her husband. I just -- everything about her, I admire.

MR. ROBERTS: Brilliant legal servant -- PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Absolutely.
MR. ROBERTS: -- as a lawyer.

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Yes.
2	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you for that answer.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Thank you.
4	MR. ROBERTS: I appreciate it. Ms. Hortillas, badge 114.
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: 114. Property tax, my answer is
6	C. And about the public figure, I can't think of any. Ellen DeGeneres.
7	She's funny and very generous.
8	MR. ROBERTS: Funny and generous. Good qualities. Thank
9	you.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: 116. So property tax, B. And
11	then somebody I do admire, I picked Serena Williams just because of her
12	determination, and perseverance, and all she was able to accomplish in
13	her career.
14	MR. ROBERTS: Have you seen the new Wonder Woman
15	commercial?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: Oh, no, I haven't.
17	MR. ROBERTS: I'm sure. Look for it. Thank you, Ms.
18	Trambulo. Ms. Dudley?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: 224. So I have way too many
20	names that come up in my mind, of course. But anyone who can break
21	down ego and make somebody better and cause deeper inquiry. So first
22	off, I will say Jesus Christ because he you have to become more
23	humble and appreciate the sacrifice. I adore [indiscernible]. I adore
24	Mother Mary, St. Bridget. So it's more qualities within individuals that
25	just make beings overall better. And then I don't quite pay property tax.

1	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: Yet.
3	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Dudley.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: 252. I'd go with B. And then for
5	a person, I'm going to go with Andre Agassi. He grew up here. He's a
6	good great tennis player. And then he's helping out with the
7	community. He helps out the community.
8	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir.
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: 014. I don't pay property taxes.
10	My husband does. But I think they're pretty fair, considering. I mean,
11	we we grew up in California. Me and my husband both did. It's okay
12	as far as taxes go.
13	And then, my person I'm going to tell you I have anxiety. I
14	was like, I don't know who I'm going to pick. I don't know public figures.
15	But the one person that I finally settled on this morning was Marc-Andre
16	Fleury. I think he was really a family-oriented person. He was kind. He
17	loved kids. You know, he as far as I could tell, he's an honest person.
18	He's just an all-around great guy. And he really took his game seriously.
19	Not just like taking it seriously, but he took it hard on himself when he
20	didn't you know, couldn't stop the goal. And, like, I think that's
21	awesome that he really cared that much.
22	MR. ROBERTS: Vegas Knights?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: Yeah. Hockey in general.
24	MR. ROBERTS: Very good. Mr. Leopold, tell me.
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: As far as taxes

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MR. ROBERTS: Whichever question you want first.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: property taxes, C. I rent, so.
As far as I spent a lot of time trying to figure out who I admire most.
But a name that kept coming up in my mind was Samuel Clemens.
Other than being a fantastic author, when he saw something wrong, he
spoke out. He said something. He didn't just let it go.

MR. ROBERTS: Have you read all of his books?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Oh, more than once. And to my nephew.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Mr. Leopold.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: Okay. 270. I do pay property tax. And I think it's fair, especially considering -- I mean, they could always be lower, and I would be happy with that. But I think it's fair considering what other people pay in other states. It's very -- it's fair.

I am also a Ruth Bader Ginsburg fan. I wish I had done more research and watched more about her while she was alive instead of after she died. And what she did at the time, especially, you know -- it's just amazing. It's just amazing. It's heroic. And she had, you know, a great support around her with her husband. And you know, she lost her parents when she was very -- when she was relatively young. And I just think that it was bold for her at that time to have done what she did. I wish I would have read more about her or watched more things on her when she was alive.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Herzog.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: Uh-huh.

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MR. ROBERTS:	Ms.	Wynn,	badge	number?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: Badge number 254. C, I don't pay property taxes. I also rent. And one person that I do admire is Gabrielle Union.

MR. ROBERTS: Could you explain?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: Well, for one --

MR. ROBERTS: I don't know anything about her as an individual.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 254: Okay. Well, the first thing that comes to mind is the first movie she ever played in, Bring It On. And her name just happened to be Isis. I found out during the movie when they yelled it out. But as following her through the movies she's been in, her current life, she speaks up. And that's one thing that I admire. And that she -- I feel she doesn't take sides. She cares for both. And like, even her family life that she goes through, and all the issues that they have had that are brought to the public, she doesn't mind speaking out. I will say this week -- or starting last week, I finally was able to -- I bought the book a year ago almost. And I started reading it and learned about her life, what she went through. And I could relate to some of the things. So I admire her for being who she is and what she stands for. So that's one of the reasons I chose her out of a lot of the people that I admire.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you for putting so much thought into that. I appreciate it. Mr. Ramsey, badge number?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 219: 219. Mine would be Martin Luther King, Jr. And I think just for enforcing -- or not enforcing, but

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engraining that the importance of vision, of a dream. And property
taxes, the only reason that I say A is I would take a discount any day.
MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Reese, badge number?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 094: 094. Property taxes, B. I believe
they are fair. Person I admire would be Rosa Parks. Had the courage to
stand up for her rights and the rights of all the black people regardless of
the consequences.
MR. ROBERTS: Thanks, Mr. Reese. And last, let's see, Mr.
Cabrales.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 041: 041. On property tax, C. Most
admired person is Socrates. He was principled. He was questioning. He
was courageous. He was full of integrity.
MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. Thank you, sir. Your Honor,
would this be a good time?
THE COURT: It's a good time.
MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.
THE COURT: It's can everybody be back at 1? Does that
give you enough time for lunch? Okay.
So during the recess, don't talk with each other or anyone
else on any subject connected with the trial. Don't read, watch, or listen

any person connected to it by any medium of information, including without limitation newspapers, television, radio, internet, cell phones, or

Don't conduct any research on your own relating to the case.

to any report of or commentary on the trial. Don't discuss this case with

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Don't consult dictionaries, use the internet, or use reference materials.
Don't talk, text, Tweet, Google, or conduct any other type of book or
computer research with regard to any issue, party, witness, or attorney
involved in the case. Most importantly, do not form or express any
opinion on any subject connected with the trial unless you're selected for
the jury and the jury deliberates.

You guys have been great again today. Thank you. See you at 1:00.

THE MARSHAL: All rise for the jury.

[Prospective jurors out at 12:07 p.m.]

[Outside the presence of the prospective jurors]

THE COURT: Okay. The room is clear. Plaintiff, do you have anything for the record?

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Just a minor thing, Your Honor, just as a housekeeping thing. Whenever we do seat a jury, if Your Honor would not mind asking if there are any, like, dietary restrictions or allergies since the lawyers are going to be providing lunch.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: That just occurred to me, so.

THE COURT: Thank you. And for the Defense?

MR. BLALACK: We agree.

THE COURT: Okay. Let's take up the issue at 10 to 1 on the media -- the objection on the media request. And I have some preliminary thoughts. I'm keeping my mind open to both sides. I -- what concerns me is the attorneys' eyes only and the trade secrets. The rest

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1	I'm not so concerned about. I you know, you guys chose a public form
2	for to resolve your disputes. So that's where I'm leaning. And we'll
3	argue it at 12:50.
4	MR. ZAVITSANOS: I understand.
5	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. BLALACK: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Thank you, Your Honor.

[Recess taken from 12:08 p.m. to 12:58 p.m.]

[Outside the presence of the prospective jurors]

THE CLERK: -- session. Honorable Nancy Allf presiding.

Thanks everyone. Please remain seated.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So Defendant, your motion, please.

MR. BALKENBUSH: Thank you, Your Honor and did you intend to hear the objection to media request or your --

THE COURT: That's correct.

MR. BALKENBUSH: Okay. Thank you. Move this candy out of the way, so I'm not temped. Colby Balkenbush for the Defendant, Your Honor. At the outset, what I want to make clear to the Court is by our objection, we're not seeking to completely close the courtroom to the media. That's essentially a dark trial. That is not the intent. The only thing we're seeking to protect, Your Honor, is our attorney's eyes only material. And so I'm sure Your Honor recalls in the protective order that this Court entered back in June, 2020 that we cited in our objection, there are two categories of documents, confidential documents and then

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attorney's eyes only documents.

The confidential documents, we are not requesting that the media be prohibited from videotaping those or livestreaming those when they're being referenced, just the attorney's eyes only documents. And so those are the documents that we referenced in our brief, Your Honor, that involved rates that we pay to other providers both in-network and out of network, the details of our costs, out of network cost management programs are run, parameters, negotiation parameters that we've given to certain out of network management programs.

And the purpose -- the reason that we're fighting for this, Your Honor, is we are very concerned that with the livestream of this trial, when those are being aired, not only other providers who negotiate with us, but also our direct competitors, other commercial payers, are going to have inside view of exactly how we run these programs. And Your Honor and the jury's going to hear during this trial from one of our experts, Karen King, who's going to testify to how competitive the ASO market is for securing contracts, Your Honor, to run self-funded employer programs.

And one of the key aspects of those negotiations is always the out of network cost management programs that a particular commercial payor can offer. And so what we're really concerned about is that being aired to the world to see during this trial. Now, with that said, I guess I want to just take a step back and make sure that the Court understands where we -- these proceedings stand as far as the protection of these documents. Supreme Court Rule 230 requires that

the Court make particularized findings, if it's going to limit access to the courtroom. Weigh -- balance the interest of the public versus the privacy interests of a party, but in our view, Your Honor, this Court has actually already done that when it entered the June, 2020 protective order.

In fact, if you look at that order, paragraph 28 states, quote, "Particularized harm will occur, due to public disclosure of confidential information to be protected under this protective order, given the important privacy and business interests at issue here. And two, when balancing the public and private interests, a protective order must issue, because the public's interest is disclosure is substantially outweighed by the party's important privacy, proprietary and business interests."

So there is certainly a presumption in favor of open court proceedings, but in our view, Your Honor, with the protective order in place, the Court has already analyzed that issue and found that at least in regard to attorney's eyes only documents, the balance weighs in favor of protecting those to exposure to our competitors.

And I -- the second issue, I want to address, I think opposing counsel may raise this argument that essentially, yes, the protective order was in place during the pretrial phase, but now that the parties have elected to go to trial, that this protection ceases to exist. But if you read through the protective order, it's clear that both parties contemplated these protections would exist through trial. Paragraph 20 of the order specifically addresses trial and states that a party who intends to use protected materials shall give the other party three business days' notice of its intent to use that material at trial and then

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states that the Court may take the appropriate measures to protect that material from disclosure to any individuals not listed in paragraph 12 of the protective order.

And paragraph 12 is what lists which individuals are entitled to view protected material. And under paragraph 12, among the -- it lists the counsel, witnesses, the Court. It also lists jurors. So our view is the fact that jurors are listed there indicates that when the parties entered that order, they contemplated it was going to be in effect, even for trial. I also want to point out in that protective order, in paragraph 14, it contemplates what happens to documents that have been disclosed after the litigation ends and it contemplates the parties either destroying them or returning them to each other.

So again, there wouldn't be a need for that paragraph, Your Honor, if all protection ceased at trial and everybody's attorney's eyes only documents were exposed for the world to see. So our view is that the order clearly contemplated this protection going from the pretrial phase through the trial phase. And so I think the question that the Court is faced with today is is there a reason to revisit the findings in the June 2020 protective order.

And I think what we would submit Your Honor is, if anything, the reasons in support of that order are stronger today than they were when it was entered. But back when it was entered, there had not been a significant amount of reimbursement data, out of network reimbursement data, negotiation parameters and the like produced. Since then, there's been tens of thousands of documents that relate to

that produced and in reliance on the language in that order. And I think what Plaintiffs are essentially asking for is a wholesale rescinding of the order and all of that -- all of those documents being exposed for the world to see.

So we think that would be fundamentally unfair to United, Your Honor, that produced all these documents in reliance in the language of that order to have them be aired for all their competitors and other providers to see. And I do want to point out we filed a supplement to our objection, Your Honor, last night and attached a press release that TeamHealth released on Friday, October 29th and the last paragraph of that press release is really illuminating, because what it says is -- it says, quote, "The Nevada trial should be the most significant view behind the managed care curtain in recent history, all of which has been largely attorney's eyes only going into trial."

So they're telegraphing to the Court why they're opposing or why they're in favor of allowing media in the courtroom. They want to expose all of United's attorney's eyes only material that's been protected throughout this case, that we painstakingly filed motions to seal on to ensure it wouldn't be viewed by the public. They want to air that to the world and make sure it's livestreamed to all United's competitors. So I think the Court should be skeptical of any other reason given by the Plaintiffs, given that press release.

And then I just want to -- I want to point out, too, you know, that there's two ways we've seen this play out. We handled the David Copperfield case previously before judge Denton, where this same issue

came up and we attached an order from the Supreme Court on that issue. And there were really two ways to deal with it. One was to close the courtroom to media when attorney's eyes only type material is being used and the other is to not close the courtroom, allow the media to videotape the proceedings and then permit redactions of the video recordings after the fact, just to redact portions where attorney's eyes only material was discussed.

And we would be fine with either of those options, Your Honor, whatever the Court feels would be appropriate. In the Copperfield case, the Court closed the courtroom temporarily during those proceedings and did not allow the media in when trade secrets were being discussed. And conversely, at the Supreme Court level, the Supreme Court just allowed the proceedings to be videotaped and then the parties to redact the material after the fact. So either one of those would be fine with us.

And then I think just in closing, Your Honor, I want to point out that the issue of media in the courtroom does have -- there's another element to it that's come up during voir dire and Your Honor heard there were a number of jurors who expressed concern about media coverage. And I have just in my notes, looks like -- and I know a couple of them have been excused now, I believe, but one of them said, quote, "This makes me feel very uncomfortable." Another one said, "I'm going to be very uncomfortable with that."

And that does give us just general concern, Your Honor, you know, especially, as the Defendants here. We're insurance

companies. The concern that if a juror has a microphone shoved in their face when they walk out, it's going to be a lot more uncomfortable for them to say that they didn't pay the Las Vegas doctors than if they hit an insurance company with a large multimillion dollar verdict. So I think that does kind of militate in favor of the defense. But I just want to point that out. I know some of them have been excused, but you know, if three of them said it, that means there may be, you know, six or seven of them in there who may have that same concern that just aren't voicing in.

And then just addressing the opposition that was filed this morning by the Plaintiffs. I think first of all, I think there is a concern that they should be estopped from now reversing course and trying to essentially ask that the protective order be rescinded. The Plaintiffs agreed to this protective order that protected their material as well. They successfully defended against some attempts by the Defendant to dedesignate their material from attorney's eyes only to a lesser designation.

And so for them now to say that that -- all those protections are gone, and everything showed be aired at trial and media should be allowed to air this, I don't think is appropriate at this point. But just looking at the substantive points they make, if the Court wants to entertain that. They cite to a number of statutes. They cite to NRS 1.090, and it says, quote, "The sitting of every court of justice shall be public except as otherwise provided by law." And in the portion of that statute they cited, Your Honor, the only portion they quoted was, "The sitting of

every court of justice shall be public." But the sentence doesn't end there. It says, except as otherwise provided by law. And as we pointed out, Supreme Court Rule 230 provides there are exceptions to that, and we believe those were set out in the protective order.

They cite a number of other rules. Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 77 and Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 43. But again -- and I think they're kind of citing this for the argument that there's just -- a courtroom -- a courtroom must always be open to the media. There are no exceptions. Clearly that's not the case. And even if you were to read the rules that way, under the rules of statutory instruction, Your Honor is supposed to read statutes to not be in conflict and to harmonize them. Clearly Supreme Court Rule 230 provides an exception to -- that allows the Court to temporarily close the courtroom, if needed to protect trade secrets. So with that, Your Honor, unless you have any questions, I will rest. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you. The opposition, please.

MS. LUNDVALL: Thank you, Your Honor. Pat Lundvall on behalf of the healthcare providers. In 2006, I tried a case before Judge Jessie Walsh that took us almost five months to try. It was before our state had enacted the Supreme Court rules that are at issue under this. And I will tell you that part of the reason we were five months in trial was because of literally -- the adversity that we went through because of a party who had designated materials similar to what United has done in this case as being confidential and the claim and the contention by that party then to try to get people out of the courtroom, witnesses,

documents, et cetera, et cetera.

It was after that and after all the scandals that plagued as far as this judicial district that our Nevada Supreme Court enacted the commission. They looked at the filings that were being made in this particular depart -- not department, but in this particular district that were secret, done in private out of the public eye. And they enacted then, the very rules that are issue under this --

THE COURT: I was on the Board of Governors during all of that for the State Bar.

MS. LUNDVALL: Then I'm preaching to the choir on this, because this was, in many practitioner's standpoint, one of the worst things that we could do was to have secret private proceedings that inured to the benefit of a select few, rather than having things be open and to the public, as what we are requesting in this action. And those rules then were to bring all of the districts in line to ensure that they met what was existing statute at the time, new rules of civil procedure at the time and constitutional law of the state.

And as a result of that, there is this strong presumption of openness within all court proceedings. And you have to hit a very, very high hurdle by which to overcome that strong presumption. Contrary to what Mr. Balkenbush has said, we did not misquote anything within our briefs that spoke to that strong presumption and included the idea that unless otherwise provided by law, there is a strong presumption of openness. And so with that, the question becomes is whether or not that they have met their burden.

And therefore, let's get into this particular case. When you look at what United has done during the course of discovery, they produced to us over 61,000 piece of information. Of that 61,000 pieces of information, 63 percent of that was designated AEO. 63 percent of it was designated attorney's eyes only. When he described -- which counsel has described it in their briefs, they described it as great breadth of what needs to be protected. What they are describing is this case. The cost management controls that they've tried to put in place for out of network providers. That is exactly what this entirety of this case is and that's what they contend should be outside of the public eye.

And so what they are suggesting is that by painting with some type of a broad brush during the course of discovery, that that entitles them to somehow have a private trial that does not allow any members of the public then to see what's going on. So when you take a look then at what we did and what we tried to accomplish during the course of discovery, each and every time we challenged their AEO designation, what did they do? They did one of two things. They folded on the designation or when it was challenged and we brought it to the Court's attention, the Court then overruled them as to what their designations were.

And so the extent that at least you got a glimpse or a peek at the breadth by which they are trying to use these AEO designations, what you can look at, though, also with their trial exhibit list from both sides. When you take a look at the designation of United's documents, there's hardly a single document by which that they contend as an

exhibit that should be permitted to be examined in open court. And what that means is that the breadth of what they are asking for is nearly the entirety of this trial to be done in private.

Also, one of the things you take a look at, looking at the sincerity then, of their request in this regard. The protective order did have a provision that said if we get to trial, then there'd be negotiation as to what, if anything, was going to happen then with any of these materials. We made an offer three times to United, all of which went completely in response, crickets, that if there was a document that was current and specific and that did indicate that it was some type of a trade secret, that we could work that out. In response to that, what did we get from them? Nothing. Crickets. They didn't want to as far as have any discussion as far as on that issue and they never responded to the offers that we made in an effort to try to suggest that if there was something that was current and specific for which they needed to be -- have special protection, then we could deal with it, and they did not respond to that.

In addition, when the first request for broadcast was made, there was a response by United and that was response was the filing of the lawsuit. And when you look at that lawsuit, they pushed it out over the airwaves everywhere. Since then, people have -- somebody has gone into the Wikipedia page for TeamHealth and made modifications to make reference then to allegations of what a bad company they are and all the different things that they're doing. New commercials have arisen as far as in the public airwaves then.

And so there has been this response from a public

standpoint where United is out there trying to man the airwaves and trying with their surround sound idea that they did during the course of the Yale study and the Brooking Institute study to try to make us look bad. And so one of the things that they're now trying to do is to have that out there, but not to allow anyone else to take a look at whether or not there was any accuracy, if there was any truth to the allegations or not.

In presenting the motion, one of the things that Mr.

Balkenbush intended is that there was an expert and that that expert would speak to how competitive the market is in which United practices. But what he did not tell you is that their only expert says that the outlier cost management program -- the cost management programs for the out-of-network providers, that they're being done by everybody and that this isn't anything that's unique within the industry. And that also, that their experts say that they're doing the same thing that everyone else is doing so how can that be a trade secret?

Last, Your Honor, I would point out this. There have been two trials that have preceded this one that deal with similar issues. One was in Arkansas. One was in Texas. And neither one of those courts had any type of sealing of the courtroom. Neither one of those courts did anything that would prevent the public from being able to see the people's business. And therefore, we would ask this Court to allow the public to see the people's business unadorned, unfiltered, uncensored because one of the things that they have not been able to do is to present and to identify with narrowness, with specificity, and to

articulate then the genuineness of their request that narrow, isolated,
specific piece of some information may arise so high to the level of being
a trade secret that it can't be aired public, otherwise it would cause some
type of financial harm to them.

The broad brush with which that they've painted throughout the course of discovery is continuing throughout the course of this trial. And the fact that they rejected sincere efforts at trying to maintain any legitimate cause for concern also would suggest to the Court that this request that they're making is not a legitimate one either. And so therefore, we would ask the Court to deny their objection then to the media request.

THE COURT: And the plaintiff has given notice of intent to use -- has the three-day notice been triggered at this point?

MS. LUNDVALL: The three-day notice --

THE COURT: Right. In paragraph 20 of the stipulated protected order.

MS. LUNDVALL: We -- all within the exhibit list then would fall into that three-day notice then, Your Honor. Yes.

THE COURT: Good enough. All right. Thank you. Reply, please?

MR. BALKENBUSH: So let me start, Your Honor, with addressing the issue that Ms. Lundvall raised --

THE COURT: I'm sorry. I just need to confer for a moment.

[Court and Marshal confer]

THE COURT: I'm sorry for the interruption. Please go ahead.

MR. BALKENBUSH: No problem, Your Honor. Thank you.

So let me just start with addressing this argument that she raised that essentially it's this argument that United has over designated, that we've designated material that is not truly attorney's eye only and not truly a trade secret and therefore, if this Court imposes some reasonable limitations on media access to the trial, that that is going to present problems as far as allowing any media access to the trial. The entire trial is going to be shot essentially.

So I think our response to that, Your Honor, is that first of all, the protective order has a specific process in place for challenging attorney's eyes only designations. And in fact, it provides that the party who makes the designation bears the burden of bringing a motion to protect the designation if the other side challenges it. That is all they have to do is send us an email and say Bates number 1 through 10,000, we believe all of these are not appropriately attorney's eyes only documents. All of them should have no confidential designation, and we request you de-designate them.

Under the protective order, once they do that, it triggers a 21-day time frame. We have to file a motion within 21 days and then we bear the burden of protecting that litigation. And they have done that four or five times, Your Honor, where they send us an email, and they say we don't believe these are actually confidential or attorney's eyes only. We filed a motion and each time the special master granted --denied our motion and de-designated the documents.

So the process works. And in fact, there's nothing

preventing them from filing a motion now to designate whatever documents they believe have been improperly designated attorney's eyes only and aren't truly trade secrets. But there's no question that they agreed to the language in the protective order that states what is attorney's eyes only. They agreed information related to rates of reimbursement that we make to other providers and that they accept from other commercial payors is attorney's eyes only. They agreed to that. They agreed that's a trade secret.

Now, there's a factual question if they think we've designated something that's not true -- it's not truly related to you know, rates of reimbursement or outlier cost management programs. But they've been free to challenge that this entire case, and they've shown that they know how to challenge it by doing it four or five times and winning.

So this argument that you know, somehow the Court should waive -- essentially, waive all the attorney's eyes only designations without them having ever availed themselves of the method in the protective order for them to challenge it, I just -- I don't think it's appropriate.

Again let me address too, this idea that this is not really a trade secret, this outlier cost management program. You heard Ms. Lundvall say that, you know, our expert is going to testify that many other commercial payors have outlier cost management programs, and that therefore, this isn't really a trade secret because everyone has it. But in fact, that is the reason -- that is one of the reasons we're very concerned about media coverage when we're talking about outlier cost

management systems, Your Honor. Because there are so many other competitors that use these, the process by which these programs operate, the parameters they use, those are trade secrets. Those are what other commercial payors would love to know because we're in competition with them for other self-funded insurance plans.

So that is actually an argument in favor of retaining it, not in favor of waiving all the protection without them ever having brought a motion to de-designate.

And then I just want to reference -- you know, Ms. Lundvall referenced that you know, it could take a long time, this, you know, five month trial she had to deal with. But you know, again, we have this David Copperfield case in front of Judge Denton, Your Honor. Judge Denton initially -- and this is not -- I want to make clear, I'm not citing this for persuasive authority. It's an unpublished Court of Appeals decision. But I think it's important for context because the Nevada Supreme Court ultimately, in the appeal of the case, did win live streaming of the issues related to the trade secret.

And in that case, Judge Denton initially disagreed with us and believed that the courtroom should remain open and should not be closed at all to media. But the Court of Appeals reversed, and the Nevada Supreme Court implicitly affirmed that when on appeal, they allowed -- they required the media to videotape the proceedings and then allowed redactions after the fact so that the trade secrets that were discussed at the Nevada Supreme Court would not be aired to the public.

So other courts do allow this and, you know, if their position

was going to be from the start, Your Honor, that this is the people's business, none of this should be aired to the public, they didn't have to enter into this protective order. They entered one back in October of 2019, here in federal court before it was remanded, and they entered the June 2020 one, which is almost identical to the one issued in federal court, as well. So nobody forced them to do that.

They could've taken the position then that this is a public court proceeding. Everything is going to be aired. That their -- the rates they accept from other commercial payors are going to be aired, the rates we pay are going to be aired, that they were free to take that position, but they took the position that this should be strictly protected. And I don't think they should be allowed to walk back from that now and get this Court to essentially completely eviscerate the protections of the protective order that both parties willingly entered into.

So we would request the Court take some limited -- and put some limited protections in place for just when attorney's eyes only documents are shown. Again, we're not asking that confidential documents be protected, the lower designation, just attorney's eyes only. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you. You know, this is the first time I've had to deal with this issue. So I --

MS. LUNDVALL: Your Honor, may I make one point of order?

THE COURT: Of course.

MS. LUNDVALL: Mr. Balkenbush suggests that this is the

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first time that we have raised this issue that somehow that the protective order was a discovery tool, was a case management tool, and that it was not going to apply during the -- during the jury trial. I stood at this very podium in opposition to their motion for an order to show cause to hold myself and my firm in contempt, and that was our principle argument that that protective order was a case management order applicable during discovery. And because that we couldn't ask jurors to sign protective orders, that that was Exhibit number 1 why it is that that case management order should not be applicable then throughout the course of the trial. So to suggest that somehow that this is a newfound position, that's my point of order, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: Understand. Mr. Balkenbush, it's your motion. You have the last word.

MR. BALKENBUSH: Thank you, Your Honor. I'll be -- just in response to that, I'll say, if they -- if what they wanted is the order to just apply to pretrial proceedings, there was an easy remedy for them to handle that. They could have refused to enter into paragraph 20, which expressly discusses use of AEO material at trial, requires them to give three business days' notice of their intent to use it, it requires us to do that too. And then specifically states that the Court may take appropriate measures to ensure that individuals other than those listed under paragraph 12 don't see attorney's eyes only material.

And again, paragraph 12 lists jurors under it. If this was intended to just be pretrial, why would it list jurors under it? So we would request that the Court just protect our attorney's eyes only

material and impose some limited restrictions on the dissemination of that. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And I can't really totally rule on everything now because I don't know what's going to be offered. But I suggest we take it up on a piecemeal basis. I can tell you right now that I will not seal anything that's admitted. It's not going to happen. I'd be inclined no attorney's eyes only to close the room and have a redacted transcript, but it's going to have to be taken up on a case-by-case basis. And I realize that's going to affect how the plaintiff puts on their case. So --

MS. LUNDVALL: And Your Honor, it's also going to impact as far as the time that is going to be involved. And I use this as a classic example. These folks wrote a letter to Congress -- to Congress. Sent it to Congress about balance billing. And you know what, when they produced it to us in this case, they marked it as attorney's eyes only. A public document that was sent to members of the public, and they marked it as attorney's eyes only. That is a classic example of what they have done and the length of time that it's going to take as we take up one by one, each and every one of the documents that they've identified.

Moreover, from this perspective when they talk about this wholesale idea that somehow that we have the ability by which to challenge, each and every time that we did challenge, like I said, that they either dropped it or it was overruled. And each and every time that there was massive expense that was associated with that. And so to the extent that we have identified -- we've given them our three-day notice

by including these documents on our exhibit list. We've given them the opportunity then by which to suggest that somehow that they need to take special action on each one. They are the ones that have not complied then with and taken any action.

The suggestion by Mr. Balkenbush that somehow that we still have the opportunity by which to employ the mechanism under the protective order, what he failed to tell the Court though is that that mechanism mandates for the 21-day period of time available to them that it was supposed to be maintained then as AEO protected. So what they're suggesting then is somehow that that process and that procedure then allows them that same protection during the time of the trial.

And so with that, Your Honor, then what we're trying to do is to simply herald to the Court the length of time and the difficulty. And that with a suggestion that because they do have our exhibit list, if the Court is going to insist then on some type of an exhibit-by-exhibit issue --

THE COURT: I can tell you I won't seal any exhibit that gets admitted. I think I made that clear. What I'm concerned about is the testimony, the foundation that will be laid. And let me ask of the Defense team, whoever has the answer, in Texas, and was it Arkansas, the other state? Was it the exact same issue teed up in those other litigations?

MR. BALKENBUSH: Your Honor, we were not a party to those other cases so I can only speak from reviewing the transcripts. Mr. Zavitsanos --

THE COURT

THE COURT: Mr. Zavitsanos --

MR. BALKENBUSH: -- might be able to say. But I will say this, Your Honor, while the dispute about out-of-network reimbursement was at issue I believe in one of the trials, the claims were slightly different because the programs that are at issue in this case are very much a focus of their pleadings and where I don't believe they were in the other case.

THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Zavitsanos?

MR. ZAVITSANOS: So counsel is correct. The Arkansas case was materially different, that was a contract case. In Texas, these programs -- and I'm using air quotes on that because when the first witness gets on the stand -- this is just an attempt to cut reimbursements. And that was not part of the Texas case, but the rates they were paying, what they were doing, how they were driving rates down, what their reimbursement rates were, all of that was admitted. All of that was broadcast. All of that was disclosed. Nothing was sealed. There was an attempt early on to close off some of that -- not all of it -- some of it, much narrower than what we have here, and that was denied.

And here's the real problem Your Honor, that we told them who the first witness is going to be. That gentleman, I anticipate -- and I'm just kind of previewing this right now. I've got him. He's going to be on the stand for three days. I'm going to cross-examination for three days. And it's going to be the single longest witness in the trial. And here is my concern. If I get a little rhythm going, and I start making some points, they're going to pull this lever to take the air out of the room so

that we can take up this ceiling issue to try to obstruct whatever momentum we get going, maybe meet with the witness during the break, and this is -- I mean, this is a tactic, and I just -- I mean, Your Honor, the documents they're trying to seal are where they are exchanging notes with the other insurers about how they're going to drop the rates, where they're keeping up with each other on what they're doing. And they're marking this AEO. Okay. So look, I challenge counsel to identify one document right now that they claim is a AEO. Let me see if it's on the exhibit list.

THE COURT: Well, you're going to have to talk to them before you call that witness because I won't allow you to interrupt the presentation of the case, but I am going to look at protecting your rights as to the AEO things, if necessary.

MR. BLALACK: And just to be clear, Your Honor, I don't really appreciate the characterization of what her motives are, by opposing counsel. I'm here to try the case straight up. We have right to AEO protection under the Court's order, which is all that Mr. Balkenbush is seeking to enforce. It's straightforward, and it's got no tactical, larger implications, notwithstanding the assertion here. I suggest if the Court enforces the order as written, the parties act in good faith, the concerns that are expressed on this side shouldn't be there.

MR. BALKENBUSH: I would just add --

THE COURT: And that's all I'm telling you guys, is that I'm going to. The Court may take such measures as it deems appropriate to protect the claimed confidential nature, et cetera, et cetera.

1	MR. BLALACK: Exactly.	
2	THE COURT: But if	
3	MR. BALKENBUSH: I would	
4	THE COURT: it gets admitted it's in the public domain.	
5	MR. BALKENBUSH: Can I just a point of clarification, Your	
6	Honor, that prior to admission then, there will need to be a discussion	
7	before they reference it. For example because our concern, Your	
8	Honor, for example, is that they're rather than admit it they're	
9	referencing it in their opening statement	
10	THE COURT: I just asked them to confer with you.	
11	MR. BALKENBUSH: Okay.	
THE COURT: So let's close this argument down now. Y		
13	got a venire outside. It's 1:35, I told them to come back at 1:00. We have	
14	another panel that's available if we need it. So I know the issue will	
15	come up again.	
16	So, Mr. Roberts, without holding you to it how much longer	
17	will you need?	
18	MR. ROBERTS: I should be under an hour, Your Honor.	
19	THE COURT: Great.	
20	MR. ROBERTS: And I don't see, right now any causes any	
21	cause challenges	
22	THE COURT: That was my	
23	MR. ROBERTS: by us.	
24	THE COURT: Without holding you to it.	
25	MR. ROBERTS: So we may not need that next panel, I'm	

1	very hopeful of that.	
2	THE COURT: Okay. Great. Let's bring in the venire.	
3	MR. ROBERTS: And then we had the decision on how we're	
4	going to exercise the strikes. Will there be a break where we can take	
5	that up before	
6	THE COURT: Yeah.	
7	MR. ROBERTS: we have to exercise strikes?	
8	THE COURT: We'll take a break before you do that. Yes.	
9	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.	
10	MR. BLALACK: Thanks, Your Honor.	
11	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Your Honor, one last thing, just as a	
12	2 housekeeping matter. Will Your Honor be available to address some of	
13	the other issues after we okay. Thank you.	
14	THE COURT: I was hopeful that you would we'd be able to	
15	swear in the jury today.	
16	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yes.	
17	THE COURT: So	
18	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Well, we're hopeful	
19	THE COURT: And if we have to take up the issue about what	
20	you can show during your opening, we'll either come early or have time	
21	at the end of the day.	
22	MR. ZAVITSANOS: Yes, Your Honor. Because this a big	
23	issue.	
24	THE COURT: I understand.	
25	MR ZAVITSANOS: It's a big issue So	

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THE COURT: I'm going to tell you both, after five days of jury
selection they've figured out what both sides want. Although I'm sure
you're quite aware of that yourselves.

MR. ZAVITSANOS: Your Honor, I think you figured that out a long time ago.

THE COURT: No. I think they did -- they did.

[Pause]

THE MARSHAL: All rise for the jury.

[Prospective jurors in at 1:39 p.m.]

THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. But before you start, Mr. Roberts, let me just tell you guys. It isn't that we disrespect your time, but we had matters to take up outside your presence that I thought would take shorter than they did. So thank you for your professional courtesy, because you had to wait. Now please go ahead.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor. Marshal, could we have a microphone? Let's go ahead and start up at the top with Ms. Gonzaga.

So thank you for giving us all of this time, I promise we're almost done. Before the next break I'm going to be done, and hopefully this process is going to winding down. Thank you for your patience, Your Honor, I appreciate the opportunity.

You talked about burden of proof quite a bit, this first couple of days here, and not speaking about the law, but your own personal feelings, as Mr. Zavitsanos explained, a certain amount was billed, we paid a certain amount, and they had the burden of proving we should

1	have paid more.	
2	Do you think, personally, that the insurance company should	
3	have to prove that the amount paid was reasonable?	
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: 074, I would say yes.	
5	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And why is that?	
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: Just because it depends on the	
7	type of service that the patient received.	
8	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And when it comes to deciding the	
9	case based on the instructions that the Court gives you, can you take that	
10	belief about the way the law should be, perhaps, set it aside and decide	
11	the case the way the Judge instructs you to?	
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: Yes.	
13	MR. ROBERTS: And you could hold them to their burden?	
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 074: Yes.	
15	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you. Ms. Springberger [sic],	
16	same question.	
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: Can you repeat it, sorry?	
18	MR. ROBERTS: And I'm sorry, Ms. Springberg.	
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: That's okay	
20	MR. ROBERTS: I put the E-R on the end.	
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: I've been called that before, it's	
22	fine.	
23	MR. ROBERTS: My question is this, putting aside what the	
24	law is, the Judge will instruct you on the law, do you think insurance	
25	companies in a case like this should have to prove that the amount they	

1	paid was reasonable?	
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: Outside of this environment, I	
3	would say, yes.	
4	MR. ROBERTS: Okay.	
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: Inside the courtroom and follow	
6	the Judge's rules.	
7	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And you'll hold them to their burden	
8	of proof?	
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 141: Thank you.	
10	MR. ROBERTS: Ms. Landau, badge?	
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: 283.	
12	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.	
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283 Yes. I do think that they should	
14	prove that they're reasonable.	
15	MR. ROBERTS: And if the Judge instructs you that we don't	
16	have to, in theory if we didn't put on any evidence at all, we just they	
17	didn't	
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Then I would just go based on	
19	the evidence provided to me by the just follow what the judge	
20	instructs.	
21	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And you can hold them to their	
22	burden?	
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Yeah.	
24	MR. ROBERTS: Even though you personally think we maybe	
25	shouldn't have to prove that	

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Yes. I believe	
2	MR. ROBERTS: what we did was reasonable.	
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 283: Yes.	
4	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Landau.	
5	Mr. Walker.	
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Badge 450.	
7	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir.	
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: For the insurance, the payout,	
9	that was the question; they should have paid it all.	
10	MR. ROBERTS: So my question is, putting aside what the	
11	law is	
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Okay.	
13	MR. ROBERTS: Partially, do you think an insurance company	
14	should have to prove that the amount of paid was reasonable, they paid	
15	less than the bill charges?	
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Yes. [Indiscernible].	
17	COURT RECORDER: Can you speak up, please?	
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: That is based on the type of	
19	service that was provided. Now as far as the Court goes, go based off of	
20	what's presented, and on the direction under Her Honor, and	
21	THE COURT: So if the Court instructs you that as a	
22	Defendant you don't have to prove anything in this trial, the Plaintiff has	
23	the burden of proof; can you follow that instruction?	
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 450: Yes.	
25	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.	

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 494: 494, I do not believe you have to
prove anything, the burden of proof is on the Plaintiff. If that contradicts
what the actual law is I'd be willing to follow the law, regardless of my
personal beliefs.
MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Mr. Zabinski.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 522: 522. Yes. In the sense that the insurance is setting the price, and the doctors provided the service. So it would be behooving to figure -- to say why it's going to cost you that. But as according to the law, whatever the Judge said, I would be able to follow that.

MR. ROBERTS: So even if we never said why, never tried to prove it?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 522: Correct. We can still follow the directions.

MR. ROBERTS: And hold the Plaintiffs to their burden.?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 522: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Friedrich. Ms. Ross?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 093: 093. I think on a personal level I would say you have to prove it, but not like in this case is, you know, they have to prove it [indiscernible]. So I would just follow the law and apply the evidence [indiscernible].

MR. ROBERTS: Thanks very much, Ms. Ross. Ms. Carr.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 049: 049. My brain knows that there are two sides to the story. You have reasons for why your side is saying what they have, by -- the Plaintiffs are saying what they want, this X

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	amount of money, but I know that those are not the rules for what the	
	lawsuit is.	So, yes, I could follow whatever rules are set out, that we'll
	actually be	deliberating on.
		MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Carr. Mr. Torres. 738
		PROSPECTIVE JUROR 738: I will follow the instructions of
	the Honoral	ble Judge. I'm going to listen to both sides again, and I will
	go with the	person who has more proof.
		MR. ROBERTS: Can you hold one to their burden of proof, or
	are you going to make us prove?	
		PROSPECTIVE JUROR 738: It's on the Plaintiff.
		MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you, sir. Mr. Nesci.
		PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: 593. Could you please clarify?
	They provid	de a service, they send you the bill that you paid, without
	less than the face amount of the	
		MR. ROBERTS: Correct.
		PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: But with a quote/unquote,
	explanation	of benefits where you explain, or you just say here's what
	we're givinç	g you. So if you're locked up
		MR. ROBERTS: I'm not going to get into the specific
	evidence.	
ĺ		PROSPECTIVE ILIBOR 503: Okay

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Okay.

MR. ROBERTS: My question is, first of all, putting aside what's -- the Court is going to instruct you on the law, do you think that we should have to prove that the amount to be paid was reasonable?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Yes.

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1	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. But you can set that aside and make
2	them prove the amount should have been higher.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: If the Judge's orders are that, the
4	instructions, they could follow the instructions of the Judge.
5	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you, sir.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: You're welcome.
7	MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Rucker?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 593: Yeah. As stated, they will have
9	to prove, the Defendant won't have to prove anything. And closely
10	follow the instructions of, Your Honor, you know, you have to do that.
11	MR. ROBERTS: Yes, you do, we all do. Thank you, sir. Mr.
12	Meyer?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 532: 532. Without knowing anything,
14	I would prefer to have you explain, or to prove. But I definitely could
15	follow the rules of whatever the Court dictates.
16	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you, sir.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: 095. So the first question, I think
18	personally, I'm going to prove what's reasonable, but I think absolutely
19	follow what the Judge says.
20	MR. ROBERTS: Even if we don't prove it, that they didn't
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Absolutely.
22	MR. ROBERTS: prove it, but they didn't prove that we
23	should pay more.
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Correct. Yes.
25	MR. ROBERTS: What do you do? We don't prove it, or they

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1	don't prove it?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: Well, then there's not a
3	preponderance of evidence. So
4	MR. ROBERTS: Very good.
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 095: We've been listening.
6	MR. ROBERTS: Ms. Hortillas.
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 114: 114. The same thing, I just
8	follow the instructions of the Judge.
9	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you. Ms. Trambulo?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 116: Yeah. I mean, personally I'd
11	want to understand how you guys came to that determination of what
12	was paid out, but I can also follow what the Judge says. So
13	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 224: 224, Kelsey Dudley. I'd like to
15	follow what the Honorable Judge says, seeing as she's kind of the heart
16	and soul of the courtroom. I'm the type of being that likes to understand
17	both sides of the story, probably to a fault. I understand that the burden
18	of proof relies on that, but I still couldn't I'd like to get that you would
19	want to get your own evidence to help your side of the case, just for
20	everyone to understand [indiscernible].
21	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Dudley.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 252: 252. I'd say it's the Plaintiff's job,
23	for burden of proof. You got to do that to prove it to me.
24	MR. ROBERTS: Very good. Thank you. Mr. Roberts.
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: 014. I you are talking about

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the context of you're going just [indiscernible]
MR. ROBERTS: So first of all
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: right?
MR. ROBERTS: Your personal opinion, if the insurance
company pays less than those charged, we have to prove to you that the
amount we take is reasonable?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 014: As a jury, I don't think so,
because it's their job to prove that you know, they're asking for all this
money, so they have to prove what they deserve. I don't think
[indiscernible]. It's you guys' obligation to explain you know, explain
your side of this because [indiscernible]. And, I mean, there are some
things that contradicted that, but and I'd told us I would be able to
follow it.
MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Forrester. Mr. Leopold?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: 020. Real simple, it either is or it
isn't. If the Judge says one way, we [indiscernible].
MR. ROBERTS: Well, what do you think you should
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 020: Well, if I were one of the
providers I'd like to know why you came to us. But from my standpoint,
it really doesn't matter.
MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR 270: All right. Juror 270. I think as a
citizen I would want to know why. As a juror I'd follow the instructions.
think it's two different things. My curiosity would wonder why but I'm

not sure of the evidence. Personally, personally I would want to know