Case No. 85850

In the Supreme Court of Nevadalectronically Filed

A CAB SERIES LLC, f/k/a A CAB, LLC,

Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

Jan 26 2024 05:07 PM

Appellant,

US.

MICHAEL MURRAY; and MICHAEL RENO, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Respondents.

APPEAL

from the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County The Honorable MARIA GALL, District Judge District Court Case No. A-12-669926-C

APPELLANT'S APPENDIX VOLUME 11 PAGES 2501-2750

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CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE OF CONTENTS TO APPENDIX

Tab	Document	Date	Vol.	Pages
1.	Complaint	10/08/12	1	1–8
2.	Transcript re Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Complaint	01/17/13	1	9–31
3.	First Amended Complaint	01/30/13	1	32–38
4.	Notice of Entry of Decision and Order	02/13/13	1	39–47
5.	Defendant A Cab, LLC's Answer to Complaint	04/22/13	1	48–52
6.	Notice of Entry of Order	05/06/13	1	53–56
7.	Defendant A Cab, LLC's Answer to First Amended Complaint	05/23/13	1	57–61
8.	Joint Case Conference Report	05/28/13	1	62–69
9.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Counter-Motion for Default Judgment or Sanctions Pursuant to EDCR 7.602(b)	05/29/13	1	70–73
10.	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Staying All Proceedings for a Period of Ninety (90) days	01/29/14	1	74–78
11.	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Staying All Proceedings for a Period of Ninety (90) days (Second Request)	04/23/14	1	79–83
12.	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Staying All Proceedings for a Period of Sixty (60) days (Third Request)	07/28/14	1	84–87
13.	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings Notice of Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel the Production of Documents	03/18/15	1	88–107

14.	Transcript re Plaintiffs' Motion to Certify This Case as a Class Action Pursuant to NCRP Rule 23 and Appoint a Special Master Pursuant to NRCP Rule 53	08/11/15	1	108–140
15.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Motion to Serve and File a Second Amended and Supplemental Complaint	08/17/15	1	141–144
16.	Second Amended Complaint and Supplemental Complaint	08/19/15	1	145–162
17.	Defendant A Cab, LLC's Answer to Second Amended Complaint	09/14/15	1	163–169
18.	Defendant Creighton J. Nady's Answer to Second Amended Complaint	10/06/15	1	170–176
19.	Transcript of Proceedings of All Pending Motions	11/03/15	1 2	177–250 251–345
20.	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings for All Pending Motions	11/18/15	2	346–377
21.	Joint Case Conference Report	11/25/15	2	378–386
22.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Defendant's Motion for Declaratory Order Regarding Statute of Limitations	12/22/15	2	387–391
23.	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings for Discovery Production/Deferred Ruling – Defendant's Rule 37 Sanctions	01/13/16	2	392–412
24.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Certify Class Action Pursuant to NRCP Rule 23 (b)(2) and NRCP Rule 23(b)(3) and Denying Without Prejudice Plaintiffs' Motion to Appoint a Special Master Under NRCP Rule 53	02/10/16	2	413–430
25.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendant's Motion to Dismiss and for	02/18/16	2	431–434

	Summary Judgment Against Michael Murray			
26.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendant's Motion to Dismiss and for Summary Judgment Against Michael Reno	02/18/16	2	435–438
27.	Notice of Entry of Order of Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendation	03/04/16	2	439–446
28.	Notice of Entry of Order of Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendation	03/04/16	2	447–460
29.	Transcript Re: Plaintiffs' Motion to Impose Sanctions Against Defendants for Violating this Court's Order of February 10, 2016 and Compelling Compliance with that Order on OST; and Defendant's Opposition to Motion to Impose Sanctions on Order Shortening Time and Countermotion for Sanctions Against Plaintiffs	03/16/16	2	461–476
30.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion to Impose Sanctions Against Defendants	04/07/16	2	477–480
31.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendants' Motion for Stay Pending Court's Reconsideration of Prior Order	04/07/16	2	481–484
32.	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings for Further Proceedings on Discovery Production/Deferred Ruling	04/08/16	2 3	485–500 501–520
33.	Notice of Entry of Order on Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration	04/28/16	3	521-524
34.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration	05/27/16	3	525–528

	of Two Orders Entered March 4, 2016, Pertaining to Discovery Commissioner's Reports & Recommendations			
35.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Certify Class Action Pursuant to NRCP Rule 23(b)(2) and NRCP Rule 23(b)(3) and Denying Without Prejudice Plaintiffs' Motion to Appoint a Special Master Under NRCP Rule 53 and Amended by this Court in Response to Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration Heard in Chambers on March 28,2016	06/07/16	3	529–546
36.	Notice of Entry of Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendations	07/13/16	3	547–553
37.	Transcript of Proceedings re Plaintiff's Motion to Compel the Production of Documents and Interrogatory Responses - Status Check on Status of Case	09/07/16	3	554–596
38.	Transcript of Proceedings re Motions Status Check, Compliance Status Check, and Production Status Check	10/12/16	3	597-646
39.	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings re Status Check Compliance	11/18/16	3	647–671
40.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Plaintiffs' Motion to Continue Trial Date and Extend Discovery Schedule and for Other Relief	11/23/16	3	672–677
41.	Transcript of Proceedings re Motion to Compel Interrogatory Responses on Status Check Compliance - Report and Recommendation	12/09/16	3	678–741

42.	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings re Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel the Production of Documents	01/25/17	3 4	742–750 751–787
43.	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings re Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel Compliance with Subpoena	02/08/17	4	788–806
44.	Transcript re Plaintiffs' Motion on OST to Expedite Issuance of Order Granting Motion Filed on 10/14/16 to Enjoin Defendants from Seeking Settlement of any Unpaid Wage Claims Involving any Class Members Except as Part of this Lawsuit and for Other Relief and for Sanctions	02/14/17	4	807–826
45.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Certain Relief on Motion to Enjoin Defendants from Seeking Settlement of Any Unpaid Wage Claims Involving Any Class Members Except as Part of this Lawsuit and for Other Relief	02/16/17	4	827–830
46.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Plaintiffs' Motion to Have Case Reassigned to Department I per EDCR Rule 1.60 and Designated as Complex Litigation per NRCP 16.1(f)	02/21/17	4	831–834
47.	Notice of Entry of Order of Stipulation and Order	03/09/17	4	835–838
48.	Notice of Entry of Order of Discovery Commissioners Report and Recommendations	03/13/17	4	839–847
49.	Notice of Entry of Order of Discovery Commissioners Report and Recommendations	03/13/17	4	848–855

50.	Notice of Appeal	03/20/17	4	856–857
51.	Defendants' Case Appeal Statement	03/20/17	4	858-862
52.	Notice of Entry of Order of Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendations	03/31/17	4	863–871
53.	Notice of Entry of Discovery Commissioner's Report & Recommendations	05/18/17	4	872–880
54.	Transcript re All Pending Motions	05/18/17	4 5	881–1000 1001–1011
55.	Transcript re Plaintiff's Re-Notice of Motion for Partial Summary Judgment	05/25/17	5	1012–1032
56.	Notice of Entry of Decision and Order	06/07/17	5	1033–1050
57.	Transcript re Plaintiff's Motion on Order Shortening Time and Extend Damages Class Certification and for Other Relief	06/13/17	5	1051–1072
58.	Stipulation and Order	07/11/17	5	1073–1078
59.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment	07/17/17	5	1079–1084
60.	Order	07/17/17	5	1085–1086
61.	Order	07/17/17	5	1087–1088
62.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Counter-Motion for Sanctions and Attorneys' Fees and Order Denying Plaintiffs' Anti-SLAPP Motion	07/31/17	5	1089–1092
63.	Recorder's Transcript of Proceeding re Discovery Conference	08/08/17	5	1093–1110
64.	Recorder's Transcript of Proceeding re Discovery Conference – Referred by Judge	10/04/17	5	1111–1123

65.	Notice of Entry of Discovery Commissioner's Report & Recommendations	10/24/17	5	1124–1131
66.	Notice of Entry of Order	12/12/17	5	1132–1135
67.	Notice of Entry of Order	12/12/17	5	1136–1139
68.	Transcript Re: Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment and Motion to Place Evidentiary Burden on Defendants to Establish Lower Tier Minimum Wage and Declare NAC 608.102(2)(b) Invalid	12/14/17	5	1140–1198
69.	Transcript re Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment	01/02/18	5 6	1199–1250 1251–1261
70.	Notice of Entry of Order of Appointment of Co-Class Counsel Christian Gabroy	01/04/18	6	1262–1265
71.	Notice of Entry of Order Stipulation and Order	01/16/18	6	1266–1269
72.	Notice of Entry of Order	01/22/18	6	1270–1275
73.	Transcript re Plaintiffs' Omnibus Motion in Limine 1-25, Defendants' Motion in Limine to Exclude the Testimony of Plaintiffs' Experts	01/25/18	6	1276–1311
74.	Transcript re Status Check on Appointment of Special Master	02/02/18	6	1312–1332
75.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion for Bifurcation and/or to Limit Issues for Trial per NRCP 42(B)	02/02/18	6	1333–1337
76.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Appoint a Special Master	02/08/18	6	1338–1345
77.	Transcript re Appointment of Special Master	02/15/18	6	1346–1376

78.	Notice of Entry of Order Modifying Court's Previous Order of February 7, 2018 Appointing a Special Master	02/16/18	6	1377–1380
79.	Clerk's Certificate Judgment	05/07/18	6	1381–1386
80.	Transcript re Plaintiffs' Motion for Miscellaneous Relief	05/23/18	6	1387–1463
81.	Transcript re Plaintiffs' Motion to Hold Defendants in Contempt; Strike Their Answer	06/01/18	6 7	1464–1500 1501–1508
82.	Transcript re Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment	06/05/18	7	1509–1580
83.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Summary Judgment, Severing Claims, and Directing Entry of Final Judgment	08/22/18	7	1581–1646
84.	Motion to Amend Judgment	08/22/18	7	1647–1655
85.	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Amend Judgment	09/10/18	7	1656–1680
86.	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Amend Judgment	09/20/18	7	1681–1737
87.	Notice of Appeal	09/21/18	7	1738–1739
88.	Defendants' Case Appeal Statement	09/21/18	7	1740–1744
89.	Defendant's Ex-Parte Motion to Quash Writ of Execution and, in the Alternative, Motion for Partial Stay of Execution on Order Shortening	09/21/18	7 8	1745–1750 1751–1769
90.	Plaintiffs' Response and Counter-motion to Defendants Motion on OST to Quash	09/24/18	8	1770–1845
91.	Transcript re Defendant's Ex-Parte Motion to Quash Writ of Execution and, in the Alternative, Motion for Partial Stay of Execution on Order Shortening	09/26/18	8	1846–1913

92.	Transcript re Defendant's Ex-Parte Motion to Quash Writ of Execution and, in the Alternative, Motion for Partial Stay of Execution on Order Shortening, and Plaintiffs' Response to Defendant's Ex-Parte Motion to Quash Writ of Execution on OST and Countermotion for Appropriate Judgment Enforcement Relief	09/28/18	8	1914–1980
93.	Claim of Exemption from Execution – A Cab Series, LLC, Maintenance Company	10/04/18	8	1981–1986
94.	Claim of Exemption from Execution – A Cab Series, LLC, CCards Company	10/04/18	8	1987–1992
95.	Claim of Exemption from Execution – A Cab Series, LLC, Administration Company	10/04/18	8	1993–1998
96.	Claim of Exemption from Execution – A Cab Series, LLC, Taxi Leasing Company	10/04/18	8 9	1999–2000 2001–2004
97.	Claim of Exemption from Execution – A Cab Series, LLC, Employee Leasing Company Two	10/04/18	9	2005–2010
98.	Claim of Exemption from Execution – A Cab Series, LLC, Medallion Company	10/04/18	9	2011–2016
99.	Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs as per NRCP Rule 54 and the Nevada Constitution	10/12/18	9	2017–2041
100.	Notice of Entry of Order	10/22/18	9	2042-2045
101.	Transcript Re All Pending Motions	10/22/18	9	2046–2142
102.	Plaintiffs' Motion to File a Supplement in Support of an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs Per NRCP Rule 54 and the Nevada Constitution	10/29/18	9	2143-2155

103.	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs Per NRCP Rule 54 and the Nevada Constitution	11/01/18	9 10	2156–2250 2251–2294
104.	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs as Per NRCP Rule 54 and the Nevada Constitution	11/08/18	10	2295–2303
105.	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to File a Supplement in Support of an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs Per NRCP Rule 54 and the Nevada Constitution	11/16/18	10	2304–2316
106.	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to File a Supplement in Support of an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs Per NRCP Rule 54 and the Nevada Constitution	11/28/18	10	2317–2323
107.	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing on All Pending Motions	12/04/18	10	2324–2405
108.	Transcript Re Resolution Economics' Application for Order of Payment of Special Master's Fees and Motion for Contempt	12/11/18	10	2406–2423
109.	Transcript re Plaintiffs Ex Parte Motion for a Temporary Restraining Order and Motion on an Order Requiring the Turnover of Certain Property of the Judgment Debtor Pursuant to NRS 21.320	12/13/18	10	2424–2475
110.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motion to Quash Writ of Execution	12/18/18	10	2476–2498

111.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Plaintiffs' Objections to Defendants' Claims of Exemption from Execution	12/18/18	10 11	2499–2500 2501–2502
112.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiffs' Counter Motion for Judgment Enforcement Relief	01/02/19	11	2503–2510
113.	Amended Notice of Appeal	01/15/19	11	2511–2513
114.	Defendants' Amended Case Appeal Statement	01/15/19	11	2514–2518
115.	Notice of Entry of Order on Judgment and Order Granting Resolution Economics' Application for Order of Payment of Special Master's Fees and Order of Contempt	02/05/19	11	2519–2528
116.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorneys' Fees and Costs Pursuant to NRCP 54 and the Nevada Constitution	02/07/19	11	2529–2539
117.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying in Part and Continuing in Part Plaintiffs' Motion on OST to Lift Stay, Hold Defendants in Contempt, Strike Their Answer, Grant Partial Summary Judgment, Direct A Prove Up Hearing, and Coordinate Cases	03/05/19	11	2540-2543
118.	Notice of Entry of Order on Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration	03/05/19	11	2544-2549
119.	Second Amended Notice of Appeal	03/06/19	11	2550-2553
120.	Defendant's Second Amended Case Appeal Statement	03/06/19	11	2554-2558
121.	Notice of Entry of Order on Special Master Resolution Economics' Ex Parte Motion for Order Shortening Time on the Motion to Strike Defendants' Motion for	03/15/19	11	2559–2563

	Reconsideration of Judgment and Order Granting Resolution Economics Application for Order of Payment of Special Masters Fees and Oder of Contempt			
122.	Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearings	05/17/19	11	2564–2566
123.	Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearings	05/20/19	11	2567–2569
124.	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing re All Pending Motions	05/21/19	11	2570–2617
125.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration of Judgment and Order Granting Resolution Economics Application for Order of Payment of Special Master's Fees and Order of Contempt	08/08/19	11	2618–2623
126.	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing re All Pending Motions	12/03/19	11	2624–2675
127.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion to Allow Judgment Enforcement; Plaintiffs' Motion to Distribute Funds Held by Class Counsel; and Plaintiffs' Motion Requiring the Turnover of Certain Property of the Judgment Debtor Pursuant to NRS 21.320; and Order Granting Defendants' Countermotion for Stay of Collection Activities	07/17/20	11	2676–2682
128.	Notice of Appeal	08/12/20	11	2683–2684
129.	Case Appeal Statement	08/12/20	11	2685–2688
130.	Amended Case Appeal Statement	08/20/20	11	2689–2693
131.	Clerk's Certificate Judgment	12/15/20	11	2694–2702

132.	Notice of Entry of Order on Plaintiff's Motion for Appointment of Receiver to Aid Judgment Enfircement of Alternative Relief	02/22/21	11	2703–2708
133.	Notice of Appeal	02/23/21	11	2709–2710
134.	Case Appeal Statement	02/23/21	11	2711–2716
135.	Defendants' Motion for Costs	01/13/22	11 12	2717–2750 2751–2810
136.	Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion for Costs & Counter Motion to Offset Costs Against Judgment	02/03/22	12	2811–2825
137.	Reply in Support of Defendants' Motion for Costs and Opposition to Countermotion	02/09/22	12	2826–2846
138.	Supplement to Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion for Costs	02/10/22	12	2847–2850
139.	Defendants' Supplement to Response and Opposition to Plaintiffs' Rogue Supplement	02/10/22	12	2851–2853
140.	Defendants' Motion for Declaratory Order	02/11/22	12 13	2854–3000 3001–3064
141.	Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of a Modified Judgment as Provided for by Remittitur	02/14/22	13	3065–3221
142.	Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of Modified Award of Pre-Judgment Attorney's Fees as Provided for by Remittitur	02/16/22	13 14	3222–3250 3251–3272
143.	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing re All Pending Motions	02/16/22	14	3273–3301
144.	Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal	02/17/22	14	3302–3316
145.	Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal of Order Denying Receiver, Opposing Mooted	02/22/22	14	3317–3332

	Motion for Attorney's Fees, and for Costs on Appeal			
146.	Errata to Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of Modified Award of Pre-Judgment Attorney's Fees as Provided for by Remittitur	02/23/22	14	3333–3336
147.	Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion for Declaratory Order & Counter- Motion for Award of Attorney's Fees	02/25/22	14	3337–3384
148.	Defendants' Motion to Stay on Order Shortening Time	02/28/22	14 15	3385–3500 3501–3512
149.	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of a Modified Judgment as Provided for by Remittitur	02/28/22	15 16	3513–3750 3751–3786
150.	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of Modified Award of Pre-Judgment Attorney's Fees and as Provided for by Remittitur	03/02/22	16	3787–3796
151.	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal	03/03/22	16	3797–3817
152.	Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion for Stay on Order Shortening Time and Counter-Motion for Award of Attorney's Fees	03/04/22	16	3818–3859
153.	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal of Order Denying Receiver, Opposing Mooted Motion for Attorney's Fees, and for Costs on Appeal	03/08/22	16	3860–3886
154.	Reply in Support of Defendants' Motion to Stay on Order Shortening Time	03/08/22	16	3887–3901
155.	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing re Defendant's Motion to Stay on OST	03/09/22	16	3902–3916

156.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendants' Motion to Stay	05/03/22	16	3917–3921
157.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendants' Motion for Costs	05/17/22	16	3922–3927
158.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendants' Motion for Release of Cost Bonds	05/20/22	16	3928–3933
159.	Plaintiffs' Motion to Stay, Offset, or Apportion Award of Costs and/or Reconsider Award of Costs	05/31/22	16 17	3934–4000 4001–4089
160.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendants' Motion for Costs	06/03/22	17	4090–4093
161.	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Stay, Offset, or Apportion Award of Costs and/or Reconsider Award of Costs and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	06/14/22	17	4094–4193
162.	Notice of Appeal	06/14/22	17	4194–4195
163.	Case Appeal Statement	06/14/22	17	4196–4201
164.	Plaintiffs' Motion to Reconsider Award of Costs	06/16/22	17 18	4202–4250 4251–4356
165.	Transcript of Proceedings re Plaintiffs' Motion for Turnover of Property Pursuant to NRS 21.320 or Alternative Relief	06/29/22	18	4357–4379
166.	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Reconsider Award of Costs and Countermotion to Strike Duplicative Order	06/30/22	18	4380-4487
167.	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Stay, Offset, or Apportion Award of Costs and/or Reconsider Award of Costs	07/01/22	18 19	4488–4500 4501–4666

168.	Order Denying Motion Without Prejudice and with Leave to Renew	07/08/22	19	4667–4670
169.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion for Turnover of Property Pursuant to NRS 21.230 or Alternative Relief Without Prejudice	07/08/22	19	4671–4676
170.	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Reconsider Award of Costs and Response to Defendants' Counter-Motion	07/21/22	19	4677–4716
171.	Transcript of Proceedings re Case Management Conference	07/25/22	19 20	4717–4750 4751–4766
172.	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of Modified Judgment as Provided for by Remittitur	08/12/22	20	4767–4835
173.	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of Modified Award of Pre-Judgment Attorney's Fees and Provided for by Remittitur	08/12/22	20	4836–4840
174.	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal	08/12/22	20	4841–4845
175.	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorneys' Fees on Appeal of Order Denying Receiver, Opposing Mooted Motion for Attorney's Fees, and for Costs on Appeal	08/12/22	20	4846–4867
176.	Plaintiffs' Motion to Lift Stay and Have Pending Motions Decided	08/12/22	20	4868–4882
177.	Response to Plaintiffs' Motion to Lift Stay and Have Pending Motions Decided	08/26/22	20	4883–4936

178.	Supplement to Defendants' Response to Plaintiffs' Motion to Lift Stay and Have Pending Motions Decided	08/29/22	20	4937–4961
179.	Second Supplement to Defendants' Response to Plaintiffs' Motion to Lift Stay and Have Pending Motions Decided	09/09/22	20	4962–4966
180.	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Lift Stay and Have Pending Motions Decided	09/13/22	20	4967–4983
181.	Order Granting Motion to Lift Stay and Regarding Additional Briefing and Motion Practice	09/19/22	20	4984–4989
182.	Defendants' Omnibus Brief Pursuant to Court Order	09/30/22	20 21	4990–5000 5001–5199
183.	Exhibits 6-14 to Defendants' Omnibus Brief Pursuant to Court Order	09/30/22	21 22	5200–5250 5251–5300
184.	Plaintiffs' Omnibus Brief Pursuant to the Court's Order of September 19, 2022	09/30/22	22	5301-5309
185.	Defendants' Motion for Costs	10/24/22	22	5310-5326
186.	Notice of Non-Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Costs	11/01/22	22	5327–5329
187.	Plaintiffs' Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Costs	11/04/22	22	5330–5333
188.	Reply in Support of Defendants' Motion for Costs	11/07/22	22	5334–5337
189.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiff's Motion for Entry of a Modified Judgment as Provided for by Remittitur	11/14/22	22	5338–5344
190.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiff's Motion for Entry of a Modified Award of Pre-Judgment Attorney's Fees as Provided for by Remittitur	11/14/22	22	5345-5350
191.	Order Amending the Class	11/17/22	22	5351–5355

192.	Notice of Entry of Order Modifying Final Judgment Entered on August 21, 2018	11/17/22	22	5356-5376
193.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion for Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal	11/17/22	22	5377–5382
194.	Notice of Entry of Order Continuing Decision on Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal of Order Denying Receiver, Opposing Mooted Motion for Attorney's Fees, and for Costs of Appeal	11/17/22	22	5383-5386
195.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motions for Sanctions	11/17/22	22	5387–5391
196.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motion for Costs	11/17/22	22	5392-5395
197.	Notice of Entry of Order on Motion for Costs	11/17/22	22	5396-5398
198.	Order Granting Motion to Stay, Offset, or Apportion Award of Cost	11/17/22	22	5399–5403
199.	Notice of Entry of Order Modifying Order on February 6, 2019 Granting Plaintiffs an Award of Attorney's Fees and Costs	11/18/22	22	5404-5409
200.	Notice of Entry of Order on Motion to Distribute Funds Held by Class Counsel on and Order Shortening Time	11/21/22	22	5410-5421
201.	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs Motion to Reconsider Award of Costs and Striking June 3, 2022 Order	11/23/22	22	5422-5429
202.	Notice of Appeal	12/14/22	22 23	5430–5500 5501–5511
203.	Appellant's Case Appeal Statement	12/14/22	23	5512–5516
204.	Notice of Removal	12/14/22	23	5517–5526

205.	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing on	12/15/22	23	5527–5530
	Argument re Post Judgment Receiver			
	Motion to Distribute Funds Held by			
	Class Counsel on an Order Shortening			
	Time			

ALPHABETICAL TABLE OF CONTENTS TO APPENDIX

Tab	Document	Date	Vol.	Pages
130	Amended Case Appeal Statement	08/20/20	11	2689–2693
113	Amended Notice of Appeal	01/15/19	11	2511–2513
203	Appellant's Case Appeal Statement	12/14/22	23	5512–5516
129	Case Appeal Statement	08/12/20	11	2685–2688
134	Case Appeal Statement	02/23/21	11	2711–2716
163	Case Appeal Statement	06/14/22	17	4196–4201
95	Claim of Exemption from Execution – A Cab Series, LLC, Administration Company	10/04/18	8	1993–1998
94	Claim of Exemption from Execution – A Cab Series, LLC, CCards Company	10/04/18	8	1987–1992
97	Claim of Exemption from Execution – A Cab Series, LLC, Employee Leasing Company Two	10/04/18	9	2005–2010
93	Claim of Exemption from Execution – A Cab Series, LLC, Maintenance Company	10/04/18	8	1981–1986
98	Claim of Exemption from Execution – A Cab Series, LLC, Medallion Company	10/04/18	9	2011–2016
96	Claim of Exemption from Execution – A	10/04/18	8	1999–2000
	Cab Series, LLC, Taxi Leasing Company	07/07/10	9	2001–2004
79	Clerk's Certificate Judgment	05/07/18	6	1381–1386
131	Clerk's Certificate Judgment	12/15/20	11	2694–2702
1	Complaint	10/08/12	1	1–8
5	Defendant A Cab, LLC's Answer to Complaint	04/22/13	1	48–52
7	Defendant A Cab, LLC's Answer to First Amended Complaint	05/23/13	1	57-61

17	Defendant A Cab, LLC's Answer to Second Amended Complaint	09/14/15	1	163–169
18	Defendant Creighton J. Nady's Answer to Second Amended Complaint	10/06/15	1	170–176
89	Defendant's Ex-Parte Motion to Quash Writ of Execution and, in the Alternative, Motion for Partial Stay of Execution on Order Shortening	09/21/18	7 8	1745–1750 1751–1769
120	Defendant's Second Amended Case Appeal Statement	03/06/19	11	2554–2558
114	Defendants' Amended Case Appeal Statement	01/15/19	11	2514–2518
51	Defendants' Case Appeal Statement	03/20/17	4	858–862
88	Defendants' Case Appeal Statement	09/21/18	7	1740–1744
135	Defendants' Motion for Costs	01/13/22	11 12	2717–2750 2751–2810
185	Defendants' Motion for Costs	10/24/22	22	5310-5326
140	Defendants' Motion for Declaratory Order	02/11/22	12 13	2854–3000 3001–3064
148	Defendants' Motion to Stay on Order Shortening Time	02/28/22	14 15	3385–3500 3501–3512
182	Defendants' Omnibus Brief Pursuant to Court Order	09/30/22	20 21	4990–5000 5001–5199
139	Defendants' Supplement to Response and Opposition to Plaintiffs' Rogue Supplement	02/10/22	12	2851–2853
146	Errata to Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of Modified Award of Pre-Judgment Attorney's Fees as Provided for by Remittitur	02/23/22	14	3333–3336
183	Exhibits 6-14 to Defendants' Omnibus Brief Pursuant to Court Order	09/30/22	21 22	5200–5250 5251–5300

3	First Amended Complaint	01/30/13	1	32–38
8	Joint Case Conference Report	05/28/13	1	62–69
21	Joint Case Conference Report	11/25/15	2	378–386
84	Motion to Amend Judgment	08/22/18	7	1647–1655
50	Notice of Appeal	03/20/17	4	856–857
87	Notice of Appeal	09/21/18	7	1738–1739
128	Notice of Appeal	08/12/20	11	2683–2684
133	Notice of Appeal	02/23/21	11	2709–2710
162	Notice of Appeal	06/14/22	17	4194–4195
202	Notice of Appeal	12/14/22	22 23	5430–5500 5501–5511
4	Notice of Entry of Decision and Order	02/13/13	1	39–47
56	Notice of Entry of Decision and Order	06/07/17	5	1033–1050
53	Notice of Entry of Discovery Commissioner's Report & Recommendations	05/18/17	4	872–880
65	Notice of Entry of Discovery Commissioner's Report & Recommendations	10/24/17	5	1124–1131
36	Notice of Entry of Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendations	07/13/16	3	547–553
6	Notice of Entry of Order	05/06/13	1	53–56
66	Notice of Entry of Order	12/12/17	5	1132–1135
67	Notice of Entry of Order	12/12/17	5	1136–1139
72	Notice of Entry of Order	01/22/18	6	1270–1275
100	Notice of Entry of Order	10/22/18	9	2042–2045
194	Notice of Entry of Order Continuing Decision on Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal of	11/17/22	22	5383-5386

	Order Denying Receiver, Opposing Mooted Motion for Attorney's Fees, and for Costs of Appeal			
25	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendant's Motion to Dismiss and for Summary Judgment Against Michael Murray	02/18/16	2	431–434
26	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendant's Motion to Dismiss and for Summary Judgment Against Michael Reno	02/18/16	2	435–438
196	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motion for Costs	11/17/22	22	5392-5395
34	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration of Two Orders Entered March 4, 2016, Pertaining to Discovery Commissioner's Reports & Recommendations	05/27/16	3	525–528
125	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration of Judgment and Order Granting Resolution Economics Application for Order of Payment of Special Master's Fees and Order of Contempt	08/08/19	11	2618–2623
110	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motion to Quash Writ of Execution	12/18/18	10	2476–2498
195	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motions for Sanctions	11/17/22	22	5387–5391
117	Notice of Entry of Order Denying in Part and Continuing in Part Plaintiffs' Motion on OST to Lift Stay, Hold Defendants in Contempt, Strike Their Answer, Grant	03/05/19	11	2540-2543

	Partial Summary Judgment, Direct A Prove Up Hearing, and Coordinate Cases			
201	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs Motion to Reconsider Award of Costs and Striking June 3, 2022 Order	11/23/22	22	5422-5429
9	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Counter-Motion for Default Judgment or Sanctions Pursuant to EDCR 7.602(b)	05/29/13	1	70–73
62	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Counter-Motion for Sanctions and Attorneys' Fees and Order Denying Plaintiffs' Anti-SLAPP Motion	07/31/17	5	1089–1092
75	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion for Bifurcation and/or to Limit Issues for Trial per NRCP 42(B)	02/02/18	6	1333–1337
59	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment	07/17/17	5	1079–1084
169	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion for Turnover of Property Pursuant to NRS 21.230 or Alternative Relief Without Prejudice	07/08/22	19	4671–4676
127	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion to Allow Judgment Enforcement; Plaintiffs' Motion to Distribute Funds Held by Class Counsel; and Plaintiffs' Motion Requiring the Turnover of Certain Property of the Judgment Debtor Pursuant to NRS 21.320; and Order Granting Defendants' Countermotion for Stay of Collection Activities	07/17/20	11	2676–2682

30	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion to Impose Sanctions Against Defendants	04/07/16	2	477–480
45	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Certain Relief on Motion to Enjoin Defendants from Seeking Settlement of Any Unpaid Wage Claims Involving Any Class Members Except as Part of this Lawsuit and for Other Relief	02/16/17	4	827–830
157	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendants' Motion for Costs	05/17/22	16	3922–3927
160	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendants' Motion for Costs	06/03/22	17	4090–4093
158	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendants' Motion for Release of Cost Bonds	05/20/22	16	3928–3933
31	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendants' Motion for Stay Pending Court's Reconsideration of Prior Order	04/07/16	2	481–484
156	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendants' Motion to Stay	05/03/22	16	3917–3921
22	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Defendant's Motion for Declaratory Order Regarding Statute of Limitations	12/22/15	2	387–391
40	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Plaintiffs' Motion to Continue Trial Date and Extend Discovery Schedule and for Other Relief	11/23/16	3	672–677
46	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Plaintiffs' Motion to Have Case Reassigned to Department I per EDCR Rule 1.60 and	02/21/17	4	831–834

	Designated as Complex Litigation per NRCP 16.1(f)			
111	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Plaintiffs' Objections to Defendants' Claims of Exemption from Execution	12/18/18	10 11	2499–2500 2501–2502
15	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Motion to Serve and File a Second Amended and Supplemental Complaint	08/17/15	1	141–144
189	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiff's Motion for Entry of a Modified Judgment as Provided for by Remittitur	11/14/22	22	5338–5344
190	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiff's Motion for Entry of a Modified Award of Pre-Judgment Attorney's Fees as Provided for by Remittitur	11/14/22	22	5345-5350
112	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiffs' Counter Motion for Judgment Enforcement Relief	01/02/19	11	2503–2510
116	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorneys' Fees and Costs Pursuant to NRCP 54 and the Nevada Constitution	02/07/19	11	2529–2539
193	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion for Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal	11/17/22	22	5377–5382
76	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Appoint a Special Master	02/08/18	6	1338–1345
24	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Certify Class Action Pursuant to NRCP Rule 23 (b)(2) and NRCP Rule 23(b)(3) and Denying Without Prejudice Plaintiffs' Motion to	02/10/16	2	413–430

	Appoint a Special Master Under NRCP Rule 53			
35	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Certify Class Action Pursuant to NRCP Rule 23(b)(2) and NRCP Rule 23(b)(3) and Denying Without Prejudice Plaintiffs' Motion to Appoint a Special Master Under NRCP Rule 53 and Amended by this Court in Response to Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration Heard in Chambers on March 28,2016	06/07/16	3	529–546
83	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Summary Judgment, Severing Claims, and Directing Entry of Final Judgment	08/22/18	7	1581–1646
78	Notice of Entry of Order Modifying Court's Previous Order of February 7, 2018 Appointing a Special Master	02/16/18	6	1377–1380
192	Notice of Entry of Order Modifying Final Judgment Entered on August 21, 2018	11/17/22	22	5356–5376
199	Notice of Entry of Order Modifying Order on February 6, 2019 Granting Plaintiffs an Award of Attorney's Fees and Costs	11/18/22	22	5404-5409
70	Notice of Entry of Order of Appointment of Co-Class Counsel Christian Gabroy	01/04/18	6	1262–1265
27	Notice of Entry of Order of Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendation	03/04/16	2	439–446
28	Notice of Entry of Order of Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendation	03/04/16	2	447–460
52	Notice of Entry of Order of Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendations	03/31/17	4	863–871

48	Notice of Entry of Order of Discovery Commissioners Report and Recommendations	03/13/17	4	839–847
49	Notice of Entry of Order of Discovery Commissioners Report and Recommendations	03/13/17	4	848–855
47	Notice of Entry of Order of Stipulation and Order	03/09/17	4	835–838
33	Notice of Entry of Order on Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration	04/28/16	3	521–524
118	Notice of Entry of Order on Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration	03/05/19	11	2544-2549
115	Notice of Entry of Order on Judgment and Order Granting Resolution Economics' Application for Order of Payment of Special Master's Fees and Order of Contempt	02/05/19	11	2519–2528
197	Notice of Entry of Order on Motion for Costs	11/17/22	22	5396–5398
200	Notice of Entry of Order on Motion to Distribute Funds Held by Class Counsel on and Order Shortening Time	11/21/22	22	5410-5421
132	Notice of Entry of Order on Plaintiff's Motion for Appointment of Receiver to Aid Judgment Enfircement of Alternative Relief	02/22/21	11	2703–2708
121	Notice of Entry of Order on Special Master Resolution Economics' Ex Parte Motion for Order Shortening Time on the Motion to Strike Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration of Judgment and Order Granting Resolution Economics Application for Order of Payment of	03/15/19	11	2559–2563

	Special Masters Fees and Oder of Contempt			
71	Notice of Entry of Order Stipulation and Order	01/16/18	6	1266–1269
10	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Staying All Proceedings for a Period of Ninety (90) days	01/29/14	1	74–78
11	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Staying All Proceedings for a Period of Ninety (90) days (Second Request)	04/23/14	1	79–83
12	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Staying All Proceedings for a Period of Sixty (60) days (Third Request)	07/28/14	1	84–87
186	Notice of Non-Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Costs	11/01/22	22	5327–5329
204	Notice of Removal	12/14/22	23	5517-5526
151	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal	03/03/22	16	3797–3817
153	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal of Order Denying Receiver, Opposing Mooted Motion for Attorney's Fees, and for Costs on Appeal	03/08/22	16	3860–3886
103	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs Per NRCP Rule 54 and the Nevada Constitution	11/01/18	9	2156–2250 2251–2294
149	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of a Modified Judgment as Provided for by Remittitur	02/28/22	15 16	3513–3750 3751–3786
150	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of Modified Award of Pre-Judgment	03/02/22	16	3787–3796

	Attorney's Fees and as Provided for by Remittitur			
85	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Amend Judgment	09/10/18	7	1656–1680
105	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to File a Supplement in Support of an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs Per NRCP Rule 54 and the Nevada Constitution	11/16/18	10	2304–2316
166	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Reconsider Award of Costs and Countermotion to Strike Duplicative Order	06/30/22	18	4380–4487
161	Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Stay, Offset, or Apportion Award of Costs and/or Reconsider Award of Costs and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	06/14/22	17	4094–4193
60	Order	07/17/17	5	1085–1086
61	Order	07/17/17	5	1087–1088
191	Order Amending the Class	11/17/22	22	5351-5355
168	Order Denying Motion Without Prejudice and with Leave to Renew	07/08/22	19	4667–4670
181	Order Granting Motion to Lift Stay and Regarding Additional Briefing and Motion Practice	09/19/22	20	4984–4989
198	Order Granting Motion to Stay, Offset, or Apportion Award of Cost	11/17/22	22	5399–5403
144	Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal	02/17/22	14	3302–3316
145	Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal of Order Denying Receiver, Opposing Mooted Motion for Attorney's Fees, and for Costs on Appeal	02/22/22	14	3317–3332

99	Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs as per NRCP Rule 54 and the Nevada Constitution	10/12/18	9	2017–2041
141	Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of a Modified Judgment as Provided for by Remittitur	02/14/22	13	3065–3221
142	Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of Modified Award of Pre-Judgment Attorney's Fees as Provided for by Remittitur	02/16/22	13 14	3222–3250 3251–3272
102	Plaintiffs' Motion to File a Supplement in Support of an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs Per NRCP Rule 54 and the Nevada Constitution	10/29/18	9	2143-2155
176	Plaintiffs' Motion to Lift Stay and Have Pending Motions Decided	08/12/22	20	4868–4882
164	Plaintiffs' Motion to Reconsider Award of Costs	06/16/22	17 18	4202–4250 4251–4356
159	Plaintiffs' Motion to Stay, Offset, or Apportion Award of Costs and/or Reconsider Award of Costs	05/31/22	16 17	3934–4000 4001–4089
184	Plaintiffs' Omnibus Brief Pursuant to the Court's Order of September 19, 2022	09/30/22	22	5301-5309
187	Plaintiffs' Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Costs	11/04/22	22	5330–5333
180	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Lift Stay and Have Pending Motions Decided	09/13/22	20	4967–4983
86	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Amend Judgment	09/20/18	7	1681–1737
104	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs as	11/08/18	10	2295–2303

	Per NRCP Rule 54 and the Nevada Constitution			
106	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to File a Supplement in Support of an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs Per NRCP Rule 54 and the Nevada Constitution	11/28/18	10	2317–2323
167	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Stay, Offset, or Apportion Award of Costs and/or Reconsider Award of Costs	07/01/22	18 19	4488–4500 4501–4666
170	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Reconsider Award of Costs and Response to Defendants' Counter-Motion	07/21/22	19	4677–4716
172	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of Modified Judgment as Provided for by Remittitur	08/12/22	20	4767–4835
173	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Entry of Modified Award of Pre-Judgment Attorney's Fees and Provided for by Remittitur	08/12/22	20	4836–4840
174	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees on Appeal	08/12/22	20	4841–4845
175	Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorneys' Fees on Appeal of Order Denying Receiver, Opposing Mooted Motion for Attorney's Fees, and for Costs on Appeal	08/12/22	20	4846–4867

90	Plaintiffs' Response and Counter-motion to Defendants Motion on OST to Quash	09/24/18	8	1770–1845
136	Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion for Costs & Counter Motion to Offset Costs Against Judgment	02/03/22	12	2811–2825
147	Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion for Declaratory Order & Counter- Motion for Award of Attorney's Fees	02/25/22	14	3337–3384
152	Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion for Stay on Order Shortening Time and Counter-Motion for Award of Attorney's Fees	03/04/22	16	3818–3859
107	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing on All Pending Motions	12/04/18	10	2324–2405
205	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing on Argument re Post Judgment Receiver Motion to Distribute Funds Held by Class Counsel on an Order Shortening Time	12/15/22	23	5527–5530
124	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing re All Pending Motions	05/21/19	11	2570–2617
126	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing re All Pending Motions	12/03/19	11	2624–2675
143	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing re All Pending Motions	02/16/22	14	3273–3301
155	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing re Defendant's Motion to Stay on OST	03/09/22	16	3902–3916
63	Recorder's Transcript of Proceeding re Discovery Conference	08/08/17	5	1093–1110
64	Recorder's Transcript of Proceeding re Discovery Conference – Referred by Judge	10/04/17	5	1111–1123

20	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings for All Pending Motions	11/18/15	2	346–377
23	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings for Discovery Production/Deferred Ruling – Defendant's Rule 37 Sanctions	01/13/16	2	392–412
32	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings for Further Proceedings on Discovery Production/Deferred Ruling	04/08/16	2 3	485–500 501–520
13	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings Notice of Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel the Production of Documents	03/18/15	1	88–107
42	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings re Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel the Production of Documents	01/25/17	3 4	742–750 751–787
43	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings re Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel Compliance with Subpoena	02/08/17	4	788–806
39	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings re Status Check Compliance	11/18/16	3	647–671
188	Reply in Support of Defendants' Motion for Costs	11/07/22	22	5334–5337
137	Reply in Support of Defendants' Motion for Costs and Opposition to Countermotion	02/09/22	12	2826–2846
154	Reply in Support of Defendants' Motion to Stay on Order Shortening Time	03/08/22	16	3887–3901
177	Response to Plaintiffs' Motion to Lift Stay and Have Pending Motions Decided	08/26/22	20	4883–4936
16	Second Amended Complaint and Supplemental Complaint	08/19/15	1	145–162
119	Second Amended Notice of Appeal	03/06/19	11	2550–2553

179	Second Supplement to Defendants' Response to Plaintiffs' Motion to Lift Stay and Have Pending Motions Decided	09/09/22	20	4962–4966
58	Stipulation and Order	07/11/17	5	1073–1078
122	Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearings	05/17/19	11	2564-2566
123	Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearings	05/20/19	11	2567–2569
178	Supplement to Defendants' Response to Plaintiffs' Motion to Lift Stay and Have Pending Motions Decided	08/29/22	20	4937–4961
138	Supplement to Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion for Costs	02/10/22	12	2847–2850
19	Transcript of Proceedings of All Pending Motions	11/03/15	1 2	177–250 251–345
171	Transcript of Proceedings re Case Management Conference	07/25/22	19 20	4717–4750 4751–4766
41	Transcript of Proceedings re Motion to Compel Interrogatory Responses on Status Check Compliance - Report and Recommendation	12/09/16	3	678–741
38	Transcript of Proceedings re Motions Status Check, Compliance Status Check, and Production Status Check	10/12/16	3	597–646
37	Transcript of Proceedings re Plaintiff's Motion to Compel the Production of Documents and Interrogatory Responses - Status Check on Status of Case	09/07/16	3	554–596
165	Transcript of Proceedings re Plaintiffs' Motion for Turnover of Property Pursuant to NRS 21.320 or Alternative Relief	06/29/22	18	4357–4379

54	Transcript re All Pending Motions	05/18/17	4 5	881–1000 1001–1011
101	Transcript Re All Pending Motions	10/22/18	9	2046–2142
77	Transcript re Appointment of Special Master	02/15/18	6	1346–1376
91	Transcript re Defendant's Ex-Parte Motion to Quash Writ of Execution and, in the Alternative, Motion for Partial Stay of Execution on Order Shortening	09/26/18	8	1846–1913
92	Transcript re Defendant's Ex-Parte Motion to Quash Writ of Execution and, in the Alternative, Motion for Partial Stay of Execution on Order Shortening, and Plaintiffs' Response to Defendant's Ex-Parte Motion to Quash Writ of Execution on OST and Countermotion for Appropriate Judgment Enforcement Relief	09/28/18	8	1914–1980
69	Transcript re Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment	01/02/18	5 6	1199–1250 1251–1261
2	Transcript re Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Complaint	01/17/13	1	9–31
82	Transcript re Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment	06/05/18	7	1509–1580
57	Transcript re Plaintiff's Motion on Order Shortening Time and Extend Damages Class Certification and for Other Relief	06/13/17	5	1051–1072
55	Transcript re Plaintiff's Re-Notice of Motion for Partial Summary Judgment	05/25/17	5	1012–1032
109	Transcript re Plaintiffs Ex Parte Motion for a Temporary Restraining Order and Motion on an Order Requiring the Turnover of Certain Property of the	12/13/18	10	2424–2475

	Judgment Debtor Pursuant to NRS 21.320			
80	Transcript re Plaintiffs' Motion for Miscellaneous Relief	05/23/18	6	1387–1463
44	Transcript re Plaintiffs' Motion on OST to Expedite Issuance of Order Granting Motion Filed on 10/14/16 to Enjoin Defendants from Seeking Settlement of any Unpaid Wage Claims Involving any Class Members Except as Part of this Lawsuit and for Other Relief and for Sanctions	02/14/17	4	807–826
14	Transcript re Plaintiffs' Motion to Certify This Case as a Class Action Pursuant to NCRP Rule 23 and Appoint a Special Master Pursuant to NRCP Rule 53	08/11/15	1	108–140
81	Transcript re Plaintiffs' Motion to Hold Defendants in Contempt; Strike Their Answer	06/01/18	6 7	1464–1500 1501–1508
73	Transcript re Plaintiffs' Omnibus Motion in Limine 1-25, Defendants' Motion in Limine to Exclude the Testimony of Plaintiffs' Experts	01/25/18	6	1276–1311
108	Transcript Re Resolution Economics' Application for Order of Payment of Special Master's Fees and Motion for Contempt	12/11/18	10	2406–2423
74	Transcript re Status Check on Appointment of Special Master	02/02/18	6	1312–1332
68	Transcript Re: Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment and Motion to Place Evidentiary Burden on Defendants to Establish Lower Tier	12/14/17	5	1140–1198

	Minimum Wage and Declare NAC 608.102(2)(b) Invalid			
29	Transcript Re: Plaintiffs' Motion to Impose Sanctions Against Defendants for Violating this Court's Order of February 10, 2016 and Compelling Compliance with that Order on OST; and Defendant's Opposition to Motion to Impose Sanctions on Order Shortening Time and Countermotion for Sanctions Against Plaintiffs	03/16/16	2	461–476

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on the 26th day of January, 2024, I submitted the foregoing "Appellant's Appendix" for e- filing and service via the Court's eFlex electronic filing system. Electronic service of the forgoing documents shall be made upon all parties listed on the Master Service List.

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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MICHAEL MURRAY and 10 MICHAEL RENO, individually and on behalf of all others similarly 11 situated,

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Plaintiffs, 13

VS.

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A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-12-669926-C

DEPT.: I

ORDER GRANTING IN PART AND DENYING IN PART PLAINTIFFS' **OBJECTIONS TO DEFENDANTS'** CLAIMS OF EXEMPTION FROM **EXECUTION**

This matter came before the Court for a chambers decision on November 15, 2018. Via a Minute Order entered on November 29, 2018, the Court set the matter for a decision announcement on December 4, 2018, when the parties were set to appear for hearing on an unrelated motion. After reviewing the respective submissions by the parties, the Court grants in part and denies in part plaintiffs' objections. The Court finds that defendants are entitled to an exemption from execution pursuant to Nevada's "wild card" exemption under NRS 21.090(1)(z). Accordingly, a total of \$10,000.00 from the funds secured from the Wells Fargo accounts pursuant to execution are to be remitted back to the defendants.

1 The balance of the funds, which currently remain deposited with the Clerk of 2 the Court, shall be transferred to plaintiffs' counsel, Leon Greenberg, for placement in 3 their IOLTA client trust account until further order of this Court. The Clerk of the 4 Court shall disburse the funds in its possession in this case pursuant to this Order. 5 6 IT IS SO ORDERED. 7 8 12/17/2018 9 Honorable Kenneth Cdry Date 10 District Court Judge 11 12 13 Submitted by: 14 LEON GREENBERG PROF. CORP. 15 16 17 Leon Greenberg, Esq. NSB 8094 Date Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 18 2965 S. Jones Boulevard - Ste. E-3 19 Las Vegas, NV 89146 Tel (702) 383-6085 20 Attorney for the Plaintiffs 21 Approved as to Form and Content: 22 23 24 Jay Shafer, Esq. NSB 6791 Date Premier Legal Group 25 1333 North Buffalo Dr. - Suite 210 26 Las Vegas, Nevada, 89128 Tel (702) 794-4441 27 Attorney for the Defendants 28

002503

Case Number: A-12-669926-C

		00250
1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
2		
3	The undersigned certifies that on January 2, 2019, she served the within:	
4		
5	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER	
6	by court electronic service to:	
7	то:	
8	Jay Shafer, Esq. Premier Legal Group 1333 North Buffalo Drive - Suite 210 Las Vegas, NV 89128	
10	Las Vegas, NV 89128	
11		
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13	/s/ Sydney Saucier	
14	Sydney Saucier	70
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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated

. A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-12-669926-C

Dept.: I ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' COUNTER MOTION FOR JUDGMENT ENFORCEMENT RELIEF

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Hearing Dates: September 26, 2018 September 28, 2018 December 13, 2018

On September 21, 2018, Defendants filed "Defendant's Ex-Parte Motion to Quash Writ of Execution and, in the Alternative Motion for Partial Stay of Execution on Order Shortening Time. The Court set the hearing for September 26, 2018. On September 24, 2018, Plaintiffs filed "Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Ex-Parte Motion to Quash Writ of Execution on an OST and Counter-Motion for Appropriate Judgment Enforcement Relief." In Plaintiffs' Counter-Motion, Plaintiffs requested a) ordering a Judgment-Debtor examination, b) ordering property be deposited with plaintiffs' counsel, c) enjoining any transfer of funds from A Cab LLC and any of its series LLCs, d) issuing an order of attachment, and/or e) appointing a receiver. In Plaintiffs' Counter-Motion, Plaintiffs advised "Plaintiffs' counsel understands that the Court may not wish to issue any relief on the counter-motion at the scheduled

hearing given the short notice." This Court agreed, and continued Plaintiffs' Counter-Motion for Appropriate Judgment Enforcement Relief to October 22, 2018, to be heard at the same time as the several other pending motions scheduled for that day, so that Defendants may be afforded an opportunity to respond to Plaintiffs' Counter-Motion. On October 15, 2018, Defendants' filed their Opposition to Plaintiffs' Counter-Motion for Appropriate Judgment Relief.

On October 22, 2018, the Court heard 1) Defendants' Motion for Dismissal of Claims on Order Shortening Time, 2) Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration, Amendment, For New Trial, and For Dismissal of Claims, and 3) Plaintiffs' Motion to Amend Judgment. Because of the issues discussed during that hearing, the Court stayed the matter for 10 days, and continued Plaintiffs' Counter-Motion for Appropriate Judgment Relief to November 29, 2018, to be heard with the several other pending motions set to be heard on that day. On November 20, 2018, the Court issued a minute order setting those pending motions to December 4, 2018 for announcement of decision.

On December 4, 2018, the Court announced its decision on the majority of the pending motions, and heard from both sides regarding Plaintiffs' still pending Counter-Motion which requested the appointment of a receiver. The Court inquired of counsel as to the appropriate scope of the receivership and set the matter over to December 13, 2018 so that the Court may appropriately and thoughtfully determine what powers to grant the receiver given the complexity this case has presented. The Court, having reviewed the papers and pleadings on

file, having heard oral argument by counsel, and based on the entire record of these proceedings, enters the following order:

The Request for Appointment of a Receiver

The plaintiffs request the appointment of a receiver pursuant to NRS Chapter 32. The Court, given the circumstances presented, as discussed at the hearing on December 4, 2018, concludes at this time it would be more appropriate to appoint a Special Master. Accordingly, the request is granted to a limited extent in the form of an appointment of a Special Master as follows:

- 1. George C. Swarts is appointed as a Special Master pursuant to NRCP Rule 53;
- 2. The Special Master shall be provided by the judgment debtor A Cab LLC also known as A Cab Series LLC, including Creighton J. Nady and any other agents of judgment debtors, copies of all electronic and paper financial and business records of the judgment debtor A Cab LLC also known as A Cab Series LLC that the Special Master deems advisable to possess for the preparation of the report directed in this order, including but not limited to all such records involving all of its contracts or agreements with any other entity or person, including any series LLC it has issued pursuant to NRS 86.296. Upon being presented with a copy of this Order all persons and entities possessing any such records of the judgment debtor A Cab LLC also known as A Cab Series LLC shall deliver them to the Special Master;

- 3. The Special Master shall promptly advise plaintiffs' counsel of all property of the judgment debtor A Cab LLC also known as A Cab Series LLC that it has identified and plaintiffs' counsel shall take no action to proceed with any legal execution upon such property to satisfy plaintiffs' judgment pending further order of the Court following the Special Master's report;
- 4. The Special Master shall issue a report by February 1, 2019 to the Court advising the Court of:
- (a) A proposed plan, to the extent that they deem it feasible, for the Special Master to be appointed Receiver pursuant to NRS Chapter 32 over the operations of judgment debtor A Cab LLC also known as A Cab Series LLC in a manner that will allow the profits from the operation of the taxi medallions authorized to it to be applied towards satisfaction of the plaintiffs' judgment.
- 5. Plaintiffs' counsel shall be required to make available to the Special Master, from the funds they have collected on the plaintiffs' judgment and are holding in their IOLTA account pursuant to this Court's prior Orders, a sum not to exceed \$20,000 (Twenty Thousand Dollars) to pay for the Special Master's services. The Special Master shall be entitled to be paid a fee not exceeding \$300.00 (Three Hundred Dollars) per hour for their services. The Special Master shall be authorized, in their discretion, to cease further work and present the report discussed in paragraph 4 to the Court, to the extent it is able to complete such a report, once the cost for their services have exceeded 90% of the

amount specified in this paragraph that plaintiffs' counsel shall be required to make available to pay for such services.

- 6. The information and records received by the Special Master shall be kept confidential and subject to a protective order issued by the Court, precluding production to the general public except as directed by the Court.
- 7. Judgment debtors shall not create any additional Series LLCs without further order of this Court.

The Request for a Judgment Debtor Exam

As the Court ruled at the December 4, 2018 hearing this issue is the subject of a separate motion and will be addressed by a separate order.

The Request to Enjoin Certain Transfers of Funds

The plaintiffs requested that A Cab and any series LLC it has issued (the "series LLCs" that defendants also refer to as "cells" of A Cab) be enjoined from transferring any funds to defendant Nady or any of his family members. At the December 4, 2018 hearing the Court was advised by counsel for A Cab that defendant Nady's prior deposition testimony about regular transfers of funds from the series LLCs to Nady was incorrect and such transfers were actually to a trust. This branch of plaintiffs' motion is granted to the limited extent of prohibiting the transfer of any monies or other property owned by judgment debtor A Cab LLC (also known as A Cab Series LLC) to defendant Nady, to any of his family members, or to any trust of which Nady or any of his family members is a trustor, trustee or beneficiary. To the extent plaintiffs' motion

sought further restraints on transfers by the series LLCs it is, without prejudice, denied at this time.

Other Requested Relief

Plaintiffs' other requested forms of relief are, without prejudice, denied by the Court at this time.

IT IS SO ORDERED

Honorable Kenneth Cory District Court Judge 12/17/2018

Date

1 **NOAS** Michael K. Wall (2098) HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200 3 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 385-2500 Tel: (702) 385-2086 4 Fax: mwall@hutchlegal.com 5 Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. (6473) RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C. 6 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 320-8400 8 info@rodriguezlaw.com 9 Attorney for defendants A Cab, LLC and Creighton J. Nady 10

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated.

Case No.: A-12-669926-C Dept. No.: I

Plaintiffs.

AMENDED NOTICE OF APPEAL

16

A CAB TAXI SERVICE, LLC, A CAB, LLC, 17 and CREIGHTON J. NADY,

18 Defendants.

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Notice is given that A Cab, LLC, Creighton J. Nady, and A Cab Series, LLC, defendants in the above-captioned matter, appeal to the Supreme Court of Nevada from the district court's order granting summary judgment, severing claims, and directing entry of final judgment entered on August 21, 2018.

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¹Under the fiction that A Cab, LLC, and A Cab Series, LLC, are one and the same entity, the district court, subsequent to its entry of its final judgment dated August 21, 2018, purported to add A Cab Series, LLC, as a party defendant. The district court's order is far from clear, but it purports both to substitute A Cab Series, LLC, in the place and stead of A Cab, LLC, and to retain both entities as separate defendants in the action below. Therefore, we have included A Cab Series, LLC, as an appellant from the district court's final judgment and various other post-judgment orders.

1	Notice	is also given that A Cab, LLC, Creighton J. Nady, and A Cab Series, LLC,
2	appeal to the S	Supreme Court of Nevada from the following listed orders of the district court:
3	(1)	The district court's order entered on October 22, 2018, amending its August 21,
4	2018 judgmer	at to add A Cab Series, LLC, as a party defendant.
5	(2)	The district court's order entered on December 18, 2018, granting plaintiffs'
6	counter-motio	n for judgment enforcement relief (receiver and injunction).
7	(3)	The district court's order entered on December 18, 2018, granting in part and
8	denying in par	t plaintiffs' objections to defendants' claims of exemption from execution.
9	(4)	The district court's order entered on December 18, 2018, denying defendants'
10	motion to qua	sh writ of execution.

- motion to quash writ of execution.
- (5) The district court's order entered on December 20, 2018, denying defendants' post-judgment motion to dismiss for lack of subject matter jurisdiction.
- All other judgments and orders of the district court rendered appealable by any (6) of the foregoing orders and judgments.

DATED this 15 day of January, 2019.

Michael K. Wall 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200

Las Vegas, NV 89145 Tel: (702) 385-2500 Attorney for defendants

A Cab, LLC, and Creighton J. Nady

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

_		CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2		ant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of HUTCHISON & STEFFEN
3	and that on th	isday of January, 2019, I caused the above and foregoing AMENDED
4		APPEAL to be served as follows:
5 6	[]	by placing same to be deposited for mailing in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was prepaid in Las Vegas, Nevada; and/or
7	[]	pursuant to EDCR 7.26, to be sent via facsimile; and/or
8	[义]	pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f), to be electronically served through the
9		Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system, with the date and time of the electronic service substituted for the date and place of deposit in the mail and/or
10		to be hand-delivered;
11		y(s) listed below at the address and/or facsimile number indicated below:
12		
13	Leon Greenbe Dana Sniegoc	ki, Esq.
14	2965 S. Jones	rg Professional Corporation Blvd., Ste. E3
15	Las Vegas, NY Telephone: (7	02) 383-6085
16	Facsimile: (70 leongreenberg	2) 385-1827 @overtimelaw.com
17	Dana@overtir	melaw.com
18	Attorneys for p	plaintiffs

An employee of HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC

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    Michael K. Wall (2098)
    HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC
    10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200
    Las Vegas, NV 89145
           (702) 385 - 2500
    Tel:
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    Fax:
           (702) 385-2086
    mwall@hutchlegal.com
    Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. (6473)
    RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C.
    10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150
 7
    Las Vegas, NV 89145
    (702) 320-8400
 8
    info@rodriguezlaw.com
 9
    Attorney for defendants
     A Cab, LLC and Creighton J. Nady
10
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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,			Case No.: A-12-669926-C Dept. No.: I
	Plaintiffs,	{	
	v.	{	
	A CAB TAXI SERVICE, LLC, A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY,)	
	Defendants.)	

DEFENDANTS' AMENDED CASE APPEAL STATEMENT

1. Party filing this Case Appeal Statement.

This appeal and case appeal statement is filed on behalf of defendants A Cab, LLC, A Cab Series, LLC, and Creighton J. Nady in the action above. A Cab Taxi Service, LLC, although named as a defendant in the district court's caption, does not exist. There is no such entity, and no such entity participated in the action in district court.

	i e		
1	2.	Judge issuing the decision, judgment or order appealed	l from.
2		The Honorable District Judge Kenneth C. Cory, Eighth Jud	dicial District Court, Clark
3		County, Department I, District Court Case No. A669926.	
4	3.	Parties to the proceedings in the district court.	
5		Michael Murray and Michael Reno	Plaintiffs
6		A Cab, LLC, and Creighton J. Nady	Defendants
7 8		A Cab Series, LLC	Added as Defendant following final judgment.
9	4.	Parties involved in this appeal.	
10		A Cab, LLC, A Cab Series, LLC, and Creighton J. Nady	Appellants
11		Michael Murray and Michael Reno	Respondents
12	5.	The name, law firms, addresses and telephone number	s of all counsel on appeal,
13		and the party or parties they represent.	
14		Michael K. Wall (2098) Hutchison & Steffen, PLLC	
15		Nevada Bar No: 2098 10080 W. Alta Dr., Suite 200	
16	And the second s	Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Telephone (702) 385-2500	
17		Facsimile (702) 385-2086 mwall@hutchlegal.com	
18	and		
19		Esther C. Rodriguez (6473) RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C.	
20		10161 Park Run Drive, Ste. 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145	
21		Telephone: (702) 320-8400 Facsimile: (702) 320-8401	
22	and	info@rodriguezlaw.com	
23		Jay a. Shafer (6791)	
24		PŘEMIER LEGAL GROUP 1333 North Buffalo Drive Suite 210	
25		Las Vegas, Nevada 89128 Telephone: (702) 794-4411	
26		Facsimile: (702) 794-4421 jshafer@premierlegalgroup.com	
27		Attorneys for Appellants.	
28			

2		Dana Sniegocki (11715) Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation
3		2965 S. Jones Blvd., Ste. E3 Las Vegas, NV 89146
4		Telephone: (702) 383-6085 Facsimile: (702) 385-1827
5		leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com Dana@overtimelaw.com
6		Attorneys for Respondents
7		
8	6.	Whether respondents were represented by appointed or retained counsel in the district court.
9	1	Respondents were represented by retained counsel in the district court.
0	7.	Whether appellants were represented by appointed or retained counsel in the
1	/ ·	district court.
2		Appellants were represented by retained counsel in the district court.
3	8.	Whether appellants were granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis in the district
4	0.	court.
15		Appellants were not granted leave to proceed in district court in forma pauperis.
16	9.	The date the proceedings commenced in district court.
17		This action commenced with the filing of Plaintiff's Complaint on October 8, 2012.
8	4.0	
9	10.	Brief description of the nature of the action and result in district court.
20		The underlying action is a class action suit against A Cab for A Cab's alleged failure to pay its employees a sufficient wage to satisfy the Minimum Wage Act
21		of the Nevada Constitution.
22	11.	Whether the case has been the subject of a previous appeal.
23		A competing MWA action against A-Cab is pending in a different department of the
24		district court before Judge Delaney. A settlement was reached in the competing action, and Judge Delaney has granted a joint motion to approve settlement and to certify a
25		class that may or may not overlap with the class certified in this case. Previously, Judge Cory issued an injunction against A-Cab enjoining it from defending itself in the
26		competing action before Judge Delaney. A Cab and Jay Nady appealed, and that appeal was docketed in the Nevada Supreme Court as Docket No. 72691. The Nevada
27		Supreme Court reversed the injunction issued by Judge Cory.
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1	12.	Whether the appeal involves child custody or visitation.
2		There are no child custody or visitation issues in this case.
3	13.	Whether the appeal involves the possibility of settlement.
4		It is counsel's belief there is a possibility of settlement.
5		it is counsel a benefit there is a possibility of settlement.
6		DATED this 15 day of January, 2019.
7	- Company	HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC
8		M/1 11/1
9		Michael V. Well
10		Michael K. Wall Peccole Professional Park 10080 West Alta Drive Suite 200
11		10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89145 Tel: (702) 385-2500
12		Fax: (702) 385-2086
13		Attorney for defendants
14		A Cab, LLC and Creighton J. Nady
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of HUTCHISON & STEFFEN
3	and that on this 15th day of January, 2019, I caused the above and foregoing
4	DEFENDANTS' AMENDED CASE APPEAL STATEMENT to be served as follows:
5	by placing same to be deposited for mailing in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was prepaid in Las Vegas,
6	Nevada; and/or
7	[] pursuant to EDCR 7.26, to be sent via facsimile; and/or
8 9	pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f), to be electronically served through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system, with the date and time of the electronic service substituted for the date and place of deposit in the mail
10	and/or
11	[] to be hand-delivered;
12	to the attorney(s) listed below at the address and/or facsimile number indicated below:
13	Leon Greenberg, Esq.
14	Dana Sniegocki, Esq. Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation
15	2965 S. Jones Blvd., Ste. E3 Las Vegas, NV 89146
16	Telephone: (702) 383-6085 Facsimile: (702) 385-1827
17	leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com Dana@overtimelaw.com
18	Attorneys for Respondents
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21	() has fitted
22	An employee of HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC
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Electronically Filed 2/5/2019 3:57 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 **NOEJ** Peter Dubowsky, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 4972 Amanda Vogler-Heaton, Esq. 3 Nevada Bar No. 13609 DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CHTD. 300 South Fourth Street, Suite 1020 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 360-3500 Fax (702) 360-3515 6 Attorney for Special Master Resolution Economics LLC 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 9 MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL RENO,) Case No.: A-12-669926-C 10 Individually and on behalf of others similarly) situated Dept No.: I 11 Plaintiff. 12 VS. 13 A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, 14 and CREIGHTON J. NADY and DOES I-X and ROE CORPORATIONS I-X, inclusive 15 **Defendants** 16 RESOLUTION ECONOMICS LLC 17 Special Master, 18 VS. 19 20 A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY and DOES I-X and 21 ROE CORPORATIONS I-X, inclusive 22 **Defendants** 23 24

<u>NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER</u>

Please take notice that on February 4, 2019, a JUDGMENT AND ORDER GRANTING RESOLUTION ECONOMICS' APPLICATION FOR ORDER OF PAYMENT OF SPECIAL MASTER'S FEES AND ORDER OF CONTEMPT was entered by the Clerk of the Court in the above-referenced matter. A true and correct copy of the order is attached.

Dated: February 4, 2019

DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CHTD.

By: /s/Peter Dubowsky Peter Dubowsky, Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

The undersigned acknowledges that on February 5, 2019, a NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER was served upon those persons designated by the parties in the E-Service Master List for the above-referenced matter in the Eighth Judicial District Court eFiling System in accordance with the mandatory electronic service requirements of Administrative Order 14-2 and the Nevada Electronic Filing Conversion Rules:

Leon Greenberg, Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff

Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. Attorney for Defendant

/s/William Thompson
An employee of Dubowsky Law Office, Chtd.

- 1

Resolution Economics LLC ("Special Master") by and through its counsel of record, Peter Dubowsky, Esq. of the DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CHTD. having filed an Application for an Order for the payment of its Special Master Fees in the amount of \$85,280.56, and an Order of Civil Contempt; and this Court having heard the matter on December 11, 2018 and December 13, 2018; and having heard the argument of counsel and statements of interested parties, and good cause appearing therefor, the Court finds and orders as follows.

- 1. On February 7, 2018, this Court entered an Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Appoint a Special Master.
- 2. The February 7, 2018 Appointment Order stated in pertinent part the necessity of the appointment of a Special Master:

In light of the above, the Court finds that the appointment of a Special Master is the appropriate solution to determine the hours worked each pay period by each class member and the amount of minimum wages, if any, that each one is owed based upon A Cab's records. The Special Master is being appointed to report on the hours worked, and the wages paid, as documented in A Cabs admittedly accurate records; to what extent that information in those records demonstrates wages of lesser than the minimum wage (that "lower tier" rate is \$7.25 an hour since July 1, 2010) were paid during any pay period; and the amount of any such minimum wage deficiencies for each class member.

3. The February 7, 2018 Order further commented on the complexity and laboriousness of the Special Master's work:

Whether minimum wages are owed for any particular pay period is quite simple when the relevant information (Hours worked and wages paid) is known. But in this case the information must be gathered from over 200,000 trip sheets, a complex process simile, performing the calculation on many thousands of pay periods for approximate 1000 class members is also complicated and laborious.

- 4. This Court then went on to enumerate the "complicated and laborious" job required of the Special Master.
- 5. On February 13, 2018, this Court entered an Order Modifying Court's Previous Order of February 7, 2018 appointing a Special Master. The February 13, 2018 Modification Order stated, in pertinent part:

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The Court is extremely concerned with the passage of time in this matter for reasons previously expressed. In order to prevent one more issue from injecting itself into these proceedings, and in light of the possibility that any local firm may trigger another objection due to purported conflicts of interest, the Court rescinds its appointment and its selection of Mr. Rosten of Piercy Bowler Taylor & Kerns, and selects Dr. Ali Saad of Resolution Economics to be the Special Master in this case. (emphasis added)

- 6. On or around March 2, 2018, Defendants filed a Motion For Stay On an Order Shortening Time, claiming inter alia, an inability to pay the Special Master the initial \$25,000.00 required by previous court order.
 - 7. On March 6, 2018, this Court entered a Minute Order stating in pertinent part:

In the meantime [not longer than approximately 3 weeks] the Special Master is directed to cease all efforts to complete the task previously ordered by this Court until further order of this Court. Additionally, because there will be a breathing space of approximately three weeks the Defendants should well be able to set aside the initial \$25,000 deposit, and are ordered to do so. (emphasis added)

On May 23, 2018 the Court Ordered:

This case needs to go forward and the Court is disinclined to hold up the matter for non-payment to the special master. COURT FURTHER ORDERED, \$41,000.00 MUST be posted with the Clerk of the Court and the defendant is to be present at the next hearing to show proof of the posting. (emphasis added)

On August 21, 2018, this Court entered its Order Granting Summary Judgment, Severing Claims, and Directing Entry of Final Judgment ("Judgment Order), in which this Court reiterated the Defendants' failures to comply with its Orders. The Judgment Order stated in pertinent part:

The Court . . . via Orders entered on February 7, 2018 and February 13, 2018, appointed a Special Master... The Court directed that A Cab pay for such Special Master because of A Cab's failure to maintain proper records under NRS 608.115, and to deposit \$25,000 with the Special Master as a payment towards the cost of their work. . . . A Cab failed to make such payment within the time period specified by the Court. As a result, the Special Master advised the Court that they have incurred \$41,000 in costs towards their completion of their assignment and will not proceed further with that assignment until they are in receipt of sufficient assurances that they will be paid for their work. The Special Master has budgeted \$180,000 as the projected total cost to complete their assignment. (Judgment Order Page 7 lines 7-25)

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- 10. The Judgment Order further stated that "A Cab proposed no cure for its violation of the Court's Orders appointing the Special Master. It did not state when, if ever, it intended to comply with those Orders." (Judgment Order Page 9 lines 1-3)
 - 11. The Court went on to find that the Defendants were in contempt, "

[T]he Court finds that Defendants' persistent failure to comply with Court orders ... warrants holding defendants in contempt ... (Judgment Order Page 28 lines 20-22)

The willfulness of A Cab in disregarding the Court's Orders appointing a Special Master is apparent and A Cab's **** its failure to comply with those Orders is a result of a financial inability to pay the Special Master cannot be properly considered and its evidence to establish same is deficient. If A Cab truly lacks the financial resources to comply with those Orders it has a remedy under the United States Bankruptcy Code to seek the protection of the Bankruptcy Court which is empowered to relieve it from those Orders and oversee the proper disposition of whatever financial resources it does possess. It has declined to do so and continues to do business and defend this case in this Court. Having elected to do so, it must comply with this Court's Orders or face the consequences of its failure to do so. (Judgment Page 31 lines 1-10)

In this case, as all counsel will recognize, probably painfully so, we have been at pains to try and come to a resolution that was fair and just to both sides. All of this happens within the framework or the context, in my mind, of a lawsuit that is filed to vindicate constitutional rights. I've already commented before about -- what my opinion would be about is it a good idea overall to include your minimum wage act in the constitution of the state. It doesn't matter what I think. The people of this state determined that it was of sufficient importance they put it in the constitution. Now, that means something to me and it also informs the Court as to what powers it needs to exercise, both legal and equitable powers, in order to determine if these rights have been violated, and secondarily to, as much as possible, undo the violation and get them paid. At length the Court determined that the defendants simply were not willing to produce any evidence on their own. At most every turn the response that I heard was, well, it's only the time sheets, only the time sheets. But the defendant did not put forward any calculations based on the time sheets, and so ultimately because of the passage of time in this

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litigation the Court determined that we're going to have to go back and revisit a motion that had been brought by the plaintiffs earlier, much earlier. And to say that the defendants were blindsided by it I don't think is really accurate. It was argued, fully argued, briefed and argued by both sides when it was first proposed by the plaintiff. Simply it was the case that it became more obvious to the Court ultimately that something like that, as drastic and perhaps as expensive as that was the only way that we were going to get down to having the best evidence, according to the defendants, of what was owed. And so the Court ordered it and ordered that the defendant would pay the cost because it was -- the Court had already at that point determined that there had been a violation of the constitutional provisions regarding minimum wage; that there was indeed liability and the question was what the amount of the damages would be. In preparing for today I've gone back and looked at virtually all of the minute orders recounting the efforts of both sides and the Court in this case for the last at least year or perhaps more, and what I see is that the Court ordered the defendant to pay the first \$25,000. The defendant came and protested and said that it couldn't and put some forward some figures, I believe, to try and show the Court that it couldn't. Well, in hindsight what I see it was saying was that it couldn't afford to, that it didn't fit in its budget to pay such fees. Before I -- well, ultimately the Court realized that the defendant was simply refusing to pay it. They had the money. The Court ordered \$25,000 and then later \$41,000 based upon an estimate, I believe. On March 6th the Court ordered that \$25,000 be paid. On May 23rd, the Court ordered that \$41,000 be paid. Still, there was nothing from the defendants to really show that the defendant was not able to pay. And as I said, ultimately I concluded that what the defendant was really saying was not that they didn't have the money but that they didn't want to pay it because they had other business expenses. Then on September 11th a writ of execution was filed and lo and behold the defendants were in possession of somewhat over \$233,000 in cash. It is frankly ludicrous for the defendants to claim that they do not have the money. At that point that was clear. And while the defendants may argue, yeah, but that's all

gone, that was tied up, well, the defendant is still operating its business. It still has income coming in. It has made -- this record is devoid of evidence that shows that the defendants could not pay the money, that they did not have the money, and that's in the face of a Court order, several Court orders. And as was already touched upon, there was a stay put in place. The Court was constantly trying to -- I think my comment during one or more of the hearings was trying not to kill the goose that lays the golden egg. And it has all come to naught and this Court cannot help but find that in the course of protesting loudly having to pay anything, the defendant has just flat violated Court orders and refused -- not that they couldn't -- they refused to pay the \$25,000 or the \$41,000, or as was just argued by Mr. Dubowsky, in fact anything. Not a penny one has been paid and tendered. This is a willful violation of a Court order.

13. The Court had the proper authority under N.R.C.P. 53 to appoint Resolution Economics as Special Master. The Defendants incurred Special Master Fees of \$85,280.56, which shall be deemed the amount fixed by this Court.

CONTEMPT OF COURT

Based on the foregoing, and upon answer and evidence taken, the Court finds Defendants, both A CAB, TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC and CREIGHTON J. NADY individually, guilty of contempt of Court for disobedience and/or resistance to this Court's lawful Orders to pay the Special Master's compensation. This Court is reserving ruling on both the civil and criminal penalties for Defendants' contempt. The Court reserves the right to hold Defendants in Civil Contempt to coerce and/or compel the Defendants' future compliance. The Court reserves the right to hold Defendants in criminal contempt and impose a fine on Defendants for \$500.00 and/or imprison Creighton J. Nady for up to 25 days.

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JUDGMENT

Special Master, RESOLUTION ECONOMICS LLC, shall be awarded Judgment for compensation fixed by the Court, pursuant to N.R.C.P. 53, in the amount of \$85,280.56 against Defendants, A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC and CREIGHTON J. NADY individually, plus attorney's fees in the amount of \$9,500.00, pursuant to N.R.S. §22.100(3), with statutory interest accruing on the total foregoing until this Judgment is satisfied. The Special Master shall be entitled to all rights and remedies to enforce this Judgment against the delinquent Defendants, A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC and CREIGHTON J. NADY individually.

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Respectfully submitted,

DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CHTD.

16 By:

Peter Dubowsky, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 4972

Amanda C. Vogler-Heaton, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 13609

300 South Fourth Street, Suite 1020

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(702) 360-3500

Attorney for Special Master

Resolution Economics LLC

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Case Number: A-12-669926-C

TO:

Electronically Filed 2/6/2019 4:19 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1 LEON GREENBERG, ESO. Nevada Bar No.: 8094 DANA SNIEGOCKI, ESQ. 2 Nevada Bar No.: 11715 Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 3 2965 South Jones Boulevard - Suite E3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 4 (702) 383-6085 702) 385-1827(fax) 5 <u>leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com</u> dana@overtimelaw.com 6 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs, 13

NADY.

VS.

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A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J.

Defendants.

Case No.: A-12-669926-C

DEPT.: I

ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR AN AWARD OF ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS **PURSUANT TO NRCP 54 AND THE NEVADA CONSTITUTION**

This motion came before the Court for a chambers decision on November 15, 2018. Via a Minute Order entered on November 29, 2018, the Court set the motion for a decision announcement on December 4, 2018, when the parties were set to appear for hearing on an unrelated motion. After reviewing the arguments submitted by the parties in respect to plaintiffs' motion, the Court grants plaintiffs' motion, to the extent indicated in this Order, and finds as follows:

A. Attorney's Fees

Plaintiffs' motion sought an award of attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to Article 15, Section 16(B) of the Nevada Constitution which states "[a]n employee

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who prevails in any action to enforce this section shall be awarded his or her reasonable attorney's fees and costs." Plaintiffs previously secured a judgment in excess of one million dollars for over 900 members of the certified class of plaintiffs via the Court's order of August 21, 2018. The Order further granted class counsel 60 days after notice of entry of that Order to apply for an award of fees and costs. Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorneys Fees and Costs was filed on October 12, 2018, and the Court finds such motion was timely filed in compliance with the Court's August 21, 2018 Order.

The motion laid out three separate formulations under which the Court was asked to evaluate the request for fees and costs. The first formulation offered by the plaintiffs was the "aggregate hours" formulation, under which plaintiffs sought attorneys' fees based upon their counsel's recorded attorney hours expended upon litigating this matter (minus time for which plaintiffs' counsel has already received fees from the defendants pursuant to a prior sanctions order, and minus time expended upon two claims that did not proceed to judgment) and for which plaintiffs' counsel built in an across-the-board 10% discount. Under that scenario, plaintiffs were seeking a total attorneys' fee award of \$626,481.00.

Under the second alternative formulation, the "partial exclusion of hours" formulation, plaintiffs sought an award of fees that excluded for fee purposes recorded attorney hours that defendants could colorably argue were not spent exclusively on activities germane to the litigation or that defendants would argue were unnecessary, or not of great utility or efficiency, or that concerned issues never fully resolved in the litigation. They also eliminated any associate attorney time for appearances at depositions and court hearings for which lead counsel was also present. They further built in an across-the-board 10% discount. Under that scenario, plaintiffs were seeking a total attorneys' fee award of \$568,071.00.

Under the third alternative formulation, the "presumptive exclusion of hours" formulation, plaintiffs sought an award of fees based upon an exclusion of time expenditures that, in any significant measure, defendants would presumptively argue should not be included in the fee award, such as time devoted to settlement and mediation efforts (as no settlement or mediated resolution was achieved). They further built in an across-the-board 10% discount. Under that scenario, plaintiffs were seeking a total attorneys' fee award of \$527,571.00.

The Court is satisfied that plaintiffs' counsel, through their sworn declarations, have set forth a reasonable basis for an award of fees under the factors set forth in *Brunzell v. Golden Gate National Bank*, 85 Nev. 345 (1969) as re-affirmed by *Shuette v. Beazer Homes Holdings Corp.*—124 P.3d 530, 549 (Nev. Sup. Ct. 2005). The Court makes the following findings addressing the four relevant considerations established by *Brunzell* that it must examine in arriving at an appropriate attorney fee award, along with exercising its discretion in calculating that award in a fair and reasonable manner. *See, Shuette, id,* citing *Brunzell* and *University of Nevada v. Tarkanian, 879* P.2d 1180, 1188, 1186 (Nev. Sup. Ct. 1994).

The first *Brunzell* consideration is the professional qualities demonstrated by plaintiffs' counsel. The majority of attorney hours detailed in plaintiffs' motion for an attorney fee award and for which compensation is sought, and ultimately awarded by the Court, was performed by Leon Greenberg. Such counsel has demonstrated that he has over 25 years of litigation experience. Such experience includes handling other class action claims seeking unpaid wages owed to employees, including class action claims involving unpaid minimum wages, the issue in this case. The professional experience and qualities of such counsel is also confirmed by their appellate advocacy, most importantly their success in the appeal in *Thomas v. Nevada Yellow Cab* 327 P.3d 518 (Nev. Sup. Ct. 2014), such appeal establishing the basis for the minimum wage claim made in this case. The Court has also extensively personally

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observed the quality of the advocacy by Leon Greenberg and the other counsel for plaintiffs in this case and finds such advocacy was of a high quality. Such counsel's performance has -been more than adequate. They have presented the Court with appropriate written briefings and demonstrated, both in those submissions and during their oral advocacy, a level of competence, understanding of the relevant legal issues, and professional performance, that is at least equal to the norm of counsel appearing before the Court.

The second Brunzell consideration is the character of the work performed by plaintiffs' counsel, considering such factors as its intricacy, importance, and the time and skill it has required. The work performed by plaintiffs' counsel required a high level of intricacy and attention to detail. While class action litigation is not particularly common, and is not handled by most litigation attorneys, this case also posed substantial additional and difficult litigation issues besides its class action nature. Plaintiffs' counsel had to formulate a means to present -damages claims in different amounts for hundreds of class members. Unlike some class action cases, this case did not involve a single set amount of damages, if liability was established, for every single class member. Plaintiffs' counsel had to work closely with a skilled computer data analyst (Charles Bass) and expert economist (Dr. Terrence Clauretie) to present an appropriate formulation of the class members' damages for the rendering of a judgment in this case. Plaintiffs' counsel also was confronted with addressing legal issues raised by the relative newness, and not substantially litigated, minimum wage amendment to the Nevada Constitution that was only enacted in 2006. Defendants exerted considerable vigor, at times to an improper extent as demonstrated by the Court's sanction order of March 4, 2016 imposing sanctions of \$3,238.95, in opposing the plaintiffs' discovery efforts in this litigation. Defendants also opposed class certification and otherwise strongly defended this litigation. The work performed by plaintiffs' counsel was of great importance to the plaintiffs' success in this case. It was

also of presumptively great public importance, as the rights sought to be vindicated by the plaintiffs are secured directly by Nevada's Constitution. In sum, the Court finds that the character, intricacy, difficulty and importance of the work performed by plaintiffs' counsel was far above that of a typical litigation matter.

The third *Brunzell* consideration is the work actually performed by plaintiffs' counsel, and the skill, time and attention actually given to that work (this overlaps to some extent with the second consideration). The Court has observed a very high level of competence and skill exercised by plaintiffs' counsel in the performance of the work necessary to the successful prosecution of this case. As discussed in their sworn declarations submitted to the Court, such counsel has also demonstrated the number of hours that they have devoted to this litigation, a very significant amount of time. Such time expenditures, in excess of 1,000 hours from the commencement of this litigation through judgment, combined with the skillful performance of that very detailed work, supports the fee awarded.

The fourth *Brunzell* consideration is the result secured and the benefits derived from the efforts of plaintiffs' counsel. That result was substantial, the entry of a judgment in excess of \$1,000,000 on behalf of 890 persons owed unpaid minimum wages. Such a benefit is also best evaluated not just in respect to its sheer monetary size, but its advancement of an important public policy goal, the payment of minimum wages under Nevada's Constitution, to a large group of persons. Absent the considerable efforts of the plaintiffs' counsel, that benefit would not have been secured to such persons.

In rendering the fee award made by this Order the Court also finds that the hourly rates used by plaintiffs' counsel in proposing the fee to be awarded, a rate of \$400 for their senior counsel Leon Greenberg and lesser amounts for their other counsel, were justified, reasonable and appropriate. The Court also believes the attorney's fee proposed by plaintiffs' counsel is, at least to some implicit extent,

rendered reasonable by defendants' failure to provide any form of meaningful, quantified, information contesting plaintiffs' counsel's calculations and fee award claims. Defendants have provided the Court with no information concerning the hourly rates charged by their counsel or the attorney's fees they have incurred in litigating this matter. Nor have defendants contested the appropriateness of the hourly fee rates upon which plaintiffs' counsel rely or contested with any specificity their overall stated time expenditures.

-The Court is further satisfied that plaintiffs' counsel, as confirmed by their counsel, Leon Greenberg, in open court on December 4, 2018, will not and cannot, by virtue of this Court's final judgment, counsel's retainer agreements with the named plaintiffs, and Rule 23, seek to obtain additional attorneys' fees from any money that has been or will be collected for the class members in satisfaction of the judgment, absent a further order of this Court being issued authorizing the same. Finally, the Court is satisfied that plaintiffs' fee request is based upon plaintiffs' counsel's contemporaneously recorded hours and the Court will not require plaintiffs' counsel to disclose in the record their time notes. Accordingly, the Court finds an appropriate fee award should be based under plaintiffs' second formulation, the "partial exclusion of hours" formulation. Thus, the Court awards plaintiffs' counsel, pursuant to the mandatory fee-shifting provision of Article 15, Section 16 of the Nevada Constitution, \$568,071.00 in attorneys' fees.

B. Costs

With respect to plaintiffs' request for a costs award totaling \$46,528.07, the Court also finds such an award is proper.

Defendants' argue that costs must be denied because Plaintiffs are seeking in excess of \$29,000 for experts who were never utilized, but more so were subject to being stricken as having not met the required standards for admissibility, citing to Defendants Motion in Limine to Exclude Plaintiffs' Experts.

First, the Court will note that the Court was prepared to DENY Defendants motion holding that the court is satisfied that (1) Charles Bass and Terrence Claurite have the requisite knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education to express expert opinions on the Plaintiff's model; (2) their testimony as to the reliability of the model, and the propriety of using such a model in the instant case, would assist the trier of fact in determining whether and to what extent wages are owed to the class members; (3) is appropriately limited in scope to each of their areas of expertise; (4) is based upon sufficiently reliable methodology; and (5) is largely based on particularized facts.

In post summary judgment proceedings Defendants continue to allege they were blindsided by the Court's appointing a Special Master and subsequent granting of Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment, as evident once again by their citation to their Motion in Limine. The Court will take this opportunity to explain to the Defendants the course and reasoning of the December and January proceedings.

The Court heard Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on December 14, 2017. The Court GRANTED that motion to the extent Plaintiff has established liability. Thereafter, Plaintiff filed "Plaintiffs' Supplement in Support of Motion for Partial Summary Judgment" arguing that damages and liability are inextricably related. Defendants' also filed their Motion for Summary Judgment on November 27, 2017, and heard on January 2, 2018. Other motions before the Court in the end of December 2017 and early January 2018 included Plaintiffs' Motion to Place Evidentiary burden on Defendant, Plaintiffs' motion to bifurcate or limit issues at trial, Defendants' objection to the Discovery Commissioners Report and

Recommendation, both Defendants' and Plaintiffs' motions in limine, Defendants' Supplement regarding the January 2, 2018 hearing, both sides Objections pursuant to 16.1(3), and Plaintiffs' motions to strike affirmative defenses. It was upon review of all of these motions that the Court found that liability and damages were indeed inextricably related. That is precisely why the Court gave Defendants' one more opportunity to present evidence which would rebut that liability, and yet they could not.

It was in preparation of those pretrial motions that the Court inquired into what evidence would be submitted and presented at trial. In Defendants' Motion in Limine, Defendants argued that Plaintiffs' experts methodology was unreliable because it calculated damages derived from inaccurate information, despite Plaintiffs' experts using information consisting of computer data files provided by A Cab. Defendants' argued at that time that the Tripsheets were the only accurate information. That is precisely why this Court appointed a special master, who expended more than \$85,000 to review Tripsheets which did not comply with NRS 608.115, to make a determination on a precise calculation of hours. Defendants continued to use their noncompliance with the record keeping statute as both a sword and a shield. That is when this Court decided to apply the reasoning of the United States Supreme Court in *Anderson v. Mt. Clemens Pottery Co.*, 328 U.S. 680 (1946), which stated that "the employer cannot be heard to complain that the damages lack the exactness of measurement that would be possible had he kept records..." *Id.* at 687.

Contrary to the Defendants' assertions that the experts were never utilized, Plaintiffs' experts were necessary to this Court granting summary judgment. It was defendants' lack of evidence of the precise amount of work performed to negate the reasonabless of the inference to be drawn from the employees' evidence which warranted the granting of summary judgment. *See Anderson v. Mt. Clemens Pottery Co.*, 328 U.S. 680, 687 (1946) ("The burden then shifts to the employer to come

forward with evidence of the precise amount of work performed or with evidence to negative the reasonableness of the inference to be drawn from the employee's evidence. If the employer fails to produce such evidence, the court may then award damages to the employee, even though the result be only approximate."). This Court gave defendants every opportunity to come forward with precise evidence, and they did not. They also failed to provide the initial \$25,000 deposit as ordered by this Court, so that the Special Master could provide more precision to the damages calculation by recourse to the trip sheets. Defendants might have a colorable argument against Plaintiff's expert costs had the Special Master completed his work regarding the Tripsheets, and had the trial proceeded on that basis. However, that is not the case here. Plaintiffs' experts were necessary and their expenses reasonable given the extent of the work performed in calculating damages based upon computer data information provided by ACAB. Therefore, the Court grants plaintiffs' request in its entirety and awards a total of \$46,528.07 in costs. Accordingly,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiffs' Motion for an Award of Attorneys' Fees and Costs pursuant to NRCP 54 and the Nevada Constitution is GRANTED to the extent specified in this Order in the total amount of \$614,599.07.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Honorable Kenneth Cbry

District Court Judge

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Fb 6, 2019

Date

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3	The undersigned certifies that on March 5, 2019, she served the within:			
4 5	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER			
	by court electronic service to:			
	TO:			
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9	Jay Shafer, Esq. Premier Legal Group 1333 North Buffalo Drive - Suite 210 Las Vegas, NV 89128			
10	Las Vegas, NV 89128			
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13	/s/ Sydney Saucier			
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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRY, and MICAHEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated

Plaintiffs,

A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY and DOES I-X and ROE CORPORATIONS I –X, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-12-669926-C

DEPARTMENT: 1

ORDER DENYING IN PART AND CONTINUING IN PART PLAINTIFFS' MOTION ON OST TO LIFT STAY, HOLD DEFENDANTS IN CONTEMPT, STRIKE THEIR ANSWER, GRANT PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT, DIRECT A PROVE UP HEARING, AND COORDINATE CASES

Plaintiffs' Motion on Order Shortening Time to Lift Stay, Hold Defendants in Contempt, Strike Their Answer, Grant Partial Summary Judgment, Direct a Prove Up Hearing, and Coordinate Cases, having first come before the Court on May 23, 2018, the Honorable Kenneth C. Cory presiding; Leon Greenberg and Christian Gabroy appearing for and on behalf of Plaintiffs; and Esther C. Rodriguez appearing for and on behalf of Defendants. This Court having heard arguments of counsel and being fully advised in the premises, the Court incorporates by reference the Minute Order filed on February 5, 2019 and ORDERS as follows:

IT IS ORDERED that Plaintiffs' above referenced Motion is DENIED in part and

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ORDR 1 LEON GREENBERG, ESQ., Bar No. 8094 DANA SNIEGOCK, ESQ., Bar No. 11715 2 Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 South Jones Blvd- Suite E3 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Tel: (702) 383-6085 4 Fax: (702) 385-1827 5 leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com dana@overtimelaw.com 6 CHRISTIAN GABROY, ESQ., Bar No. 8805 7 KAINE MESSER, ESQ., Bar No. 14240 8 Gabroy law Offices 170 South Green Valley Pkwy- Suite 280 9 Henderson, Nevada 89012 Tel: (702) 259-7777 10 Fax: (702) 259-7704 christian@gabroy.com 11 kmesser@gabroy.com 12 13 14

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL
RENO, Individually and on behalf of others
similarly situated,
                                            Case No.: A-12-669926-C
                                            Dept. No.: I
                  Plaintiffs,
                                            ORDER ON DEFENDANTS'
                                            MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION
v.
A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC,
                                            Date of Hearing: October 22, 2018
and CREIGHTON J. NADY.
                                            Time of Hearing: 9:00 a.m.
                  Defendants.
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ORDER ON MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration, Amendment, for New Trial, and For Dismissal of Claims was heard on October 22, 2018. Plaintiffs were represented by Leon Greenberg and Dana Sniegocki. Defendants were represented by Esther Rodriguez, Michael Wall, and Jay Shafer.

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Pursuant to NRCP 52, NRCP 59, NRCP 60, NRCP 12, and NRCP 41, Defendants moved the Court for reconsideration and amendment to the summary judgment order entered on August 22, 2018, and for a new trial, and for dismissal of claims. Defendants argued that the Court lacked subject matter jurisdiction over the claims, and should reconsider its certification under NRCP 23 as improper. Defendants asserted the Court must reconsider its aggregation of these claims to establish subject matter jurisdiction, relying upon *Castillo v. United Fed. Credit Union*, 134 Nev. Adv. Op. No. 3, Feb 1, 2018, 409 P3d 54.

Defendants also requested the Court amend its judgment to acknowledge it had received the details of the settlement reached, as well as the specific overlap of the claimants and their respective claims in the matter of Jasminka Dubric v. A Cab, LLC et. al, Case No. A-15-721063-C. Defendants also argued the Court should amend the order to acknowledge it was made aware of the prior settlement of claims, and has made a determination to disapprove it.

Defendants also sought a dismissal pursuant to NRCP 41 (e), asserting that five years from the filing of the complaint had expired October 8, 2017. Defendants supplied documentation to the court which they believed demonstrated Plaintiffs continued to disregard any stay. Thus, they asserted they should be prohibited from seeking to rely upon these stays as tolling NRCP 41(e). Defendants further asserted they did not agree to waive this rule.

In the absence of a complete dismissal, Defendants also moved for a new trial on the issues which remain. Defendants argued they were prepared for a jury trial but have been deprived of the same and of their right to due process. They asserted Plaintiffs have failed to prove the bare minimum of liability as pled in their complaint and rely upon an assertion of fraudulent break times written into trip sheets. They further claimed Plaintiffs have failed to prove any actual damages, and have no Plaintiff who complied with NAC 608.155. They also asserted Plaintiffs are pursuing claims for a class, with no representative plaintiff for that class.

Defendants also argued the claims against Defendant Nady must be dismissed.

Defendants argued the Court never addressed Defendants' previous motion on this issue, but had allowed those claims to remain in limbo.

Plaintiffs asserted that Defendants' requests for relief are identical to those previously made and rejected by the court. Plaintiffs further argued, relying upon *Edwards v. Emperor's Garden Rest.*, 122 Nev. 317, 326 (2006), that this Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the claims as Plaintiffs have sought equitable relief.

Plaintiffs further asserted that the Court's granting of class certification was appropriate and that the matter should not be subject to NRCP 41(e) dismissal as the various stays ordered by the Court resulted in a suspension of the time subject to Rule 41(e) by a period of 377 days.

Plaintiffs submit the law is clear that when the Court suspends proceedings via a stay, the time under which a case must normally be brought to trial under NRCP 41(e) is extended by the duration of the stay.

Plaintiffs further argued that none of Defendants' arguments have merit or should concern the court. NAC 608.155 does not apply. Plaintiffs state all arguments have previously been given due consideration by the Court and have all previously been rejected, including Defendants' assertion that plaintiffs have pleaded claims under a fraud theory for which class certification is improper; the sufficiency of Plaintiffs' expert submissions and summaries; and the lack of a proper class representative. No basis exists for the Court to reconsider any of its prior rulings on these issues.

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Having reviewed the briefs and heard oral argument, Defendants' motion is DENIED. The Court adopts the assertions of Plaintiffs for the bases for its decision. IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated this / day of Manual Submitted by: LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL CORP. Leon Greenberg, Esq. NSB 8094 LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL CORP. 2965 S. Jones Boulevard - Ste. E-3 Las Vegas, NV 89146 Tel (702) 383-6085 Attorney for the Plaintiffs

, 2019.

NOAS 1 Michael K. Wall (2098) **HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC** 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89145 Tel: (702) 385-2500 (702) 385-2086 Fax: mwall@hutchlegal.com Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. (6473) RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C. 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 320-8400 info@rodriguezlaw.com Attorney for defendants A Cab. LLC and Creighton J. Nady 10

and CREIGHTON J. NADY,

Defendants.

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO,
Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

V.

A CAB TAXI SERVICE, LLC, A CAB, LLC,

Case No.: A-12-669926-C
Dept. No.: I

SECOND AMENDED
NOTICE OF APPEAL

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Notice is given that A Cab, LLC, Creighton J. Nady, and A Cab Series, LLC, defendants in the above-captioned matter, appeal to the Supreme Court of Nevada from the district court's order granting summary judgment, severing claims, and directing entry of final judgment entered on August 21, 2018.

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¹Under the fiction that A Cab, LLC, and A Cab Series, LLC, are one and the same entity, the district court, subsequent to its entry of its final judgment dated August 21, 2018, purported to add A Cab Series, LLC, as a party defendant. The district court's order is far from clear, but it purports both to substitute A Cab Series, LLC, in the place and stead of A Cab, LLC, and to retain both entities as separate defendants in the action below. Therefore, we have included A Cab Series, LLC, as an appellant from the district court's final judgment and various other post-judgment orders.

Notice is also given that A Cab, LLC, Creighton J. Nady, and A Cab Series, LLC, appeal to the Supreme Court of Nevada from the following listed orders of the district court:

- (1) The district court's order entered on October 22, 2018, amending its August 21, 2018 judgment to add A Cab Series, LLC, as a party defendant.
- (2) The district court's order entered on December 18, 2018, granting plaintiffs' counter-motion for judgment enforcement relief (receiver and injunction).
- (3) The district court's order entered on December 18, 2018, granting in part and denying in part plaintiffs' objections to defendants' claims of exemption from execution.
- (4) The district court's order entered on December 18, 2018, denying defendants' motion to quash writ of execution.
- (5) The district court's order entered on December 20, 2018, denying defendants' post-judgment motion to dismiss for lack of subject matter jurisdiction.
- (6) The district court's order entered on February 4, 2019, entitled "Judgment and Order Granting Resolution Economics' Application for Order of Payment of Special Master's Fees and Order of Contempt."
- (7) The district court's order entered on February 6, 2019, granting plaintiffs' motion for an award of attorney's fees and costs.
- (8) The district court's order entered on March 4, 2019, ruling on matters submitted by Special Master George C. Swarts.²
- (9) The district court's ordered entered on March 5, 2019, memorializing matters that had been resolved long before the final judgment was entered.³
 - (10) The district court's order entered on March 5, 2019, entitled "order on motion

²Because of the unorthodox manner in which the case has proceeded since the entry of judgment in August of 2018, this order appears to qualify as a special order entered after final judgment.

³Why the district court issued this order almost a year late is a mystery, but due to the timing of the issuance of the order, appellants include this order in their list of specifically appealed from orders in order to preserve all potential appellate rights.

for reconsideration."4

(6) All other judgments and orders of the district court rendered appealable by any of the foregoing orders and judgments.

DATED this day of March, 2019.

HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLAC

Michael K. Wall

10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200

Las Vegas, NV 89145 Tel: (702) 385-2500 Attorney for defendants

A Cab, LLC, and Creighton J. Nady

⁴Among other things, this order denies appellants' timely post-trial motion for a new trial. Also, this order finally resolves all post-judgment tolling motions, rendering appellants first notice of appeal from the final judgment effective. NRAP 4(a)(6).

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

-						
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of HUTCHISON & STEFFEN,					
3	and that on this day of March, 2019, I caused the above and foregoing SECOND					
4	AMENDED NOTICE OF APPEAL to be served as follows:					
5	[] by placing same to be deposited for mailing in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was prepaid in Las Vegas, Nevada; and/or					
7	[] pursuant to EDCR 7.26, to be sent via facsimile ; and/or					
8	pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f), to be electronically served through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system, with the date and time of the electronic service substituted for the date and place of deposit in the mail;					
10	and/or [] to be hand-delivered;					
l 1 12	to the attorney(s) listed below at the address and/or facsimile number indicated below:					
13	Leon Greenberg, Esq. Dana Sniegocki, Esq. Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 S. Jones Blvd., Ste. E3 Las Vegas, NV 89146 Telephone: (702) 383-6085					
14 15						
16	Facsimile: (702) 385-1827 <u>leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com</u> <u>Dana@overtimelaw.com</u>					
17 18	Attorneys for plaintiffs					
19						
20	An appropriate a CHUTCHISON POSTEFEN DI I C					

An employee of HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC

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ASTA
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    Michael K. Wall (2098)
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    HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC
    10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200
 3
    Las Vegas, NV 89145
    Tel:
           (702) 385-2500
           (702) 385-2086
 4
    Fax:
    mwall@hutchlegal.com
 5
    Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. (6473)
    RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C.
 6
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 7
    Las Vegas, NV 89145
    (702) 320-8400
    info@rodriguezlaw.com
 8
 9
    Attorney for defendants
     A Cab, LLC and Creighton J. Nady
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12
                                     DISTRICT COURT
13
                                 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
14
     MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO,
                                                     Case No.: A-12-669926-C
15
     Individually and on behalf of others similarly
                                                     Dept. No.: I
     situated,
16
            Plaintiffs,
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DEFENDANTS' SECOND AMENDED CASE APPEAL STATEMENT

1. Party filing this Case Appeal Statement.

A CAB TAXI SERVICE, LLC, A CAB, LLC,

and CREIGHTON J. NADY,

Defendants.

This appeal and case appeal statement is filed on behalf of defendants A Cab, LLC, A Cab Series, LLC, and Creighton J. Nady in the action above. A Cab Taxi Service, LLC, although named as a defendant in the district court's caption, does not exist. There is no such entity, and no such entity participated in the action in district court.

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1	2.	Judge issuing the decision, judgment or order appealed from.						
2	-	The Honorable District Judge Kenneth C. Cory, Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark						
. 3		County, Department I, District Court Case No. A669926.						
4	3.	Parties to the proceedings in the district court.						
5		Michael Murray and Michael Reno	Plaintiffs					
6 7		A Cab, LLC, and Creighton J. Nady	Defendants					
. 8		A Cab Series, LLC	Added as Defendant following final judgment.					
9	4.	Parties involved in this appeal.						
10		A Cab, LLC, A Cab Series, LLC, and Creighton J. Nady	Appellants					
11		Michael Murray and Michael Reno	Respondents					
12	5.	The name, law firms, addresses and telephone number	rs of all counsel on appeal,					
13		and the party or parties they represent.	11 /					
14		Michael K. Wall (2098) Hutchison & Steffen, PLLC						
15		Nevada Bar No: 2098 10080 W. Alta Dr., Suite 200						
16		Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Telephone (702) 385-2500						
17		Facsimile (702) 385-2086 mwall@hutchlegal.com						
18	and							
19		Esther C. Rodriguez (6473) RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C.						
20		10161 Park Run Drive, Ste. 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145						
21		Telephone: (702) 320-8400 Facsimile: (702) 320-8401						
22	and	info@rodriguezlaw.com						
23	and	I A C1 C (C701)						
24		Jay A. Shafer (6791) PREMIER LEGAL GROUP						
25		1333 North Buffalo Drive Suite 210 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128						
26		Telephone: (702) 794-4411 Facsimile: (702) 794-4421						
27		jshafer@premierlegalgroup.com						
28		Attorneys for Appellants						
-								

	11						
1		Leon Greenberg (8094) Dana Sniegocki (11715)					
2	The state of the s	Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 S. Jones Blvd., Ste. E3					
3		Las Vegas, NV 89146 Telephone: (702) 383-6085					
4		Facsimile: (702) 385-1827 leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com					
5		Dana@overtimelaw.com					
6		Christian Gabroy (8805)					
7		Kaine Messer (14240) Gabroy Law Offices					
8		170 South Green Valley Pkwy - Suite 280 Henderson, Nevada 89012					
9		Telephone: (702) 259-7777 Facsimile: (702) 259-7704					
10		<u>christian@gabroy.com</u> <u>kmesser@gabroy.com</u>					
11		Attorneys for Respondents					
12							
13	6.	Whether respondents were represented by appointed or retained counsel in the district court.					
14		Respondents were represented by retained counsel in the district court.					
15	_						
16	7.	Whether appellants were represented by appointed or retained counsel in the district court.					
17		Appellants were represented by retained counsel in the district court.					
18	8.	Whether appellants were granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis in the district					
19	0.	court.					
20		Appellants were not granted leave to proceed in district court in forma pauperis.					
21	9.	The date the proceedings commenced in district court.					
22)						
23		This action commenced with the filing of Plaintiff's Complaint on October 8, 2012.					
24	10.	Brief description of the nature of the action and result in district court.					
25		The underlying action is a class action suit against A Cab for A Cab's alleged					
26		failure to pay its employees a sufficient wage to satisfy the Minimum Wage Act of the Nevada Constitution.					
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11.	Whathan	the ease	has b	oon the	anhinat	of a	previous a	nnaal
11.	VV Hether	me case	mas v	icen inc	subject	UI a	previous a	ppcar

A competing MWA action against A-Cab is pending in a different department of the district court before Judge Delaney. A settlement was reached in the competing action, and Judge Delaney has granted a joint motion to approve settlement and to certify a class that may or may not overlap with the class certified in this case. Previously, Judge Cory issued an injunction against A-Cab enjoining it from defending itself in the competing action before Judge Delaney. A Cab and Jay Nady appealed, and that appeal was docketed in the Nevada Supreme Court as Docket No. 72691. The Nevada Supreme Court reversed the injunction issued by Judge Cory.

12. Whether the appeal involves child custody or visitation.

There are no child custody or visitation issues in this case.

13. Whether the appeal involves the possibility of settlement.

Multiple settlement conferences and mediations have failed to result in settlement, but counsel does not believe that settlement is impossible.

DATED this _____ day of March, 2019.

Michael K. Wall

Peccole Professional Park

10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200

HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PI

Las Vegas, NV 89145 Tel: (702) 385-2500 Fax: (702) 385-2086

Attorney for defendants A Cab, LLC, A Cab Series, LLC, and Creighton J. Nady

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

- 1					
2	Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of HUTCHISON & STEFFEN,				
3	and that on thisday of March, 2019, I caused the above and foregoing				
4	DEFENDANTS' SECOND AMENDED CASE APPEAL STATEMENT to be served as				
5	follows:				
6 7	by placing same to be deposited for mailing in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was prepaid in Las Vegas, Nevada; and/or				
8	[] pursuant to EDCR 7.26, to be sent via facsimile; and/or				
9 10	pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f), to be electronically served through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system, with the date and time of the electronic service substituted for the date and place of deposit in the mail; and/or				
11	[] to be hand-delivered;				
12 13	to the attorney(s) listed below at the address and/or facsimile number indicated below:				
14 15	Leon Greenberg, Esq. Dana Sniegocki, Esq. Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 S. Jones Blvd., Ste. E3 Las Vegas, NV 89146 Telephone: (702) 383-6085 Facsimile: (702) 385-1827 leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com Dana@overtimelaw.com				
16 17 18					
19	Attorneys for Respondents				
20					
21					
22	An employee of HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC				
23	7 th employee of the Terms of the STEPT EN, The				
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Electronically Filed 3/15/2019 2:13 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 **NOEJ** Peter Dubowsky, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 4972 Amanda Vogler-Heaton, Esq. 3 Nevada Bar No. 13609 DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CHTD. 300 South Fourth Street, Suite 1020 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 360-3500 Fax (702) 360-3515 6 Attorney for Special Master Resolution Economics LLC 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 9 MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL RENO,) Case No.: A-12-669926-C 10 Individually and on behalf of others similarly) situated Dept No.: I 11 Plaintiff. 12 VS. 13 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, 14 and CREIGHTON J. NADY and DOES I-X and ROE CORPORATIONS I-X, inclusive 15 Defendants 16 RESOLUTION ECONOMICS LLC 17 Special Master, 18 VS. 19 20 A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY and DOES I-X and 21 ROE CORPORATIONS I-X, inclusive 22 Defendants 23 24

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Please take notice that on March 15, 2019, a SPECIAL MASTER RESOLUTION ECONOMICS' EX PARTE MOTION FOR ORDER SHORTENING TIME ON THE STRIKE DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION OF JUDGMENT AND ORDER GRANTING RESOLUTION ECONOMICS APPLICATION FOR ORDER OF PAYMENT OF SPECIAL MASTER S FEES AND ORDER OF CONTEMPT was entered by the Clerk of the Court in the above-referenced matter. A true and correct copy of the order is attached.

Dated: February 4, 2019

DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CHTD.

By: /s/Peter Dubowsky Peter Dubowsky, Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

The undersigned acknowledges that on March 15, 2019, a NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER was served upon those persons designated by the parties in the E-Service Master List for the above-referenced matter in the Eighth Judicial District Court eFiling System in accordance with the mandatory electronic service requirements of Administrative Order 14-2 and the Nevada Electronic Filing Conversion Rules:

Leon Greenberg, Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff

Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. Attorney for Defendant

/s/William Thompson An employee of Dubowsky Law Office, Chtd.

DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CHTD.

Case Number: A-12-669926-C

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Resolution Economics LLC ("Special Master") by and through its counsel of record, Peter Dubowsky, Esq. of the DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CHTD. moves for an order shortening time on the hearing on its Motion to Strike the Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration of the District Court's Contempt Order ("Motion to Strike"). This Motion is based on these Points and Authorities, counsel's Affidavit, and all the papers and proceedings had herein.

POINTS & AUTHORITES

This Motion is brought pursuant to E.D.C.R 2.26, which states in pertinent part:

Ex parte motions to shorten time may not be granted except upon an unsworn declaration under penalty of perjury or affidavit of counsel describing the circumstances claimed to constitute good cause and justify shortening of time.

As set forth in the Motion to Strike, the Defendants are attempting to get this Court to reconsider Judge Cory's Contempt Order, in violation of EDCR 7.12. The Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration is set for Chambers Decision on April 1, 2019. However, before that reconsideration decision, this Judge must hear Resolution Economics' Motion to Strike, in order to determine whether this Court can even hear Defendants' reconsideration motion.

AFFIDAVIT OF RESOLUTION ECONOMICS' COUNSEL PETER DUBOWSKY, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR ORDER SHORTENING TIME

STATE OF NEVADA)

COUNTY OF CLARK)

Affidavit being duly sworn, deposes and states as follows.

- 1. I am counsel for Special Master Resolution Economics.
- 2. On February 25, 2019, Defendants filed a Motion for Reconsideration. There is a decision date of April 1, 2019.
- 3. As set forth in the underlying Motion to Strike, it is our position that under Local Rules, another Judge may not hear Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration. (EDCR 7.12)

1	
1	4. Accordingly, Resolution Economics filed a Motion to Strike the Defendants' Motion for
2	Reconsideration.
3	5. The Motion to Strike is set for hearing on April 15, 2019.
4	6. This Motion to Strike must be heard and decided before there can be any briefing on the
5	Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration.
6	7. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
7 8	Dated: Marce 1-1-2019
9	Peter Dubowsky, Esq.
11	CONCLUSION
12	Based on the foregoing, Resolution Economics respectfully requests that this Order
13	Shortening Time be granted.
14	ORDER SHORTENING TIME
15	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the time for hearing the SPECIAL MASTER RESOLUTION
16	ECONOMICS' MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR
17	RECONSIDERATION OF JUDGMENT AND ORDER GRANTING RESOLUTION
18	ECONOMICS APPLICATION FOR ORDER OF PAYMENT OF SPECIAL MASTERS FEES
19	AND ORDER OF CONTEMPT shall be held on the 20th day of March 2019, in
20	Department \mathcal{I} of the above entitled Court at $9: \partial A$.m. or as soon thereafter as counsel
21	can be heard.
22	
23	Dated: 3/15/19
24	District Court Judge
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1 JAY A. SHAFER, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 9184
CORY READE DOWS AND SHAFER
1333 North Buffalo Drive, Suite 210
Las Vegas, Nevada 89128
Tel: (702) 794-4411
Fax: (702) 794-4421
JShafer@crdslaw.com
Attorney for Defendants

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO,
Individually and on behalf of others similarly
situated,

Plaintiff,

Plaintiff,

V.

A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC and A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY,

Defendants.

STIPULATION AND ORDER TO CONTINUE HEARINGS

Date of Hearings: March 21, 2019

The plaintiff MICHAEL MURRAY and defendants A CAB SERIES, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY, (hereinafter "the parties"), by and through their respective counsel of record, hereby stipulate and agree to the following:

A hearing is scheduled on May 21, 2019 regarding whether this Court has jurisdiction to take action regarding the following matters, or whether it must forgo action in compliance with the "automatic stay" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sec. 362, after Defendant A Cab having been subject to an involuntary bankruptcy petition are:

- 1. Plaintiffs' Motion to Distribute Funds Held by Class Counsel;
- Plaintiffs' Motion to Amend the Court's Order Entered on December 18, 2018;

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- 3. Defendant's Motion to Pay Special Master on OST;
- Plaintiff's Response in Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Pay Special Master 4. on OST and Counter-Motion for an Order to Turn over Property;
- 5. Defendant's motion to Quash Subpoena Issued to Curb Mobility LLC;

The parties agree that (2), Plaintiffs' Motion to Amend the Court's Order Entered on December 18, 2018, and (4) Plaintiffs' Counter-Motion for an Order to Turn over Property cannot proceed as the Court cannot grant any such relief at this time by operation of the "automatic stay" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sec. 362. The parties agree that the hearing of that motion and counter-motion is suspended.

The parties agree that (5), Defendant's Motion to Quash Subpoena Issued to Curb Mobility LLC addresses a moot issue as compliance with that subpoena cannot proceed at this time as such subpoena is subject to the "automatic stay" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sec. 362. The parties agree that the hearing of that motion is suspended and that in the event the automatic stay is lifted and this action resumes against A Cab compliance with that subpoena shall be excused until that Motion to Quash is heard and decided.

The parties agree that (1) Plaintiffs' Motion to Distribute Funds Held by Class Counsel; and (3) Defendant's Motion to Pay Special Master on OST; shall be continued until June 20, Plaintiffs shall, on or before June 10, 2019, file their supplemental brief 2019 at 10:30 a.m. with the Court responding to the supplemental briefs of A Cab and Nady and addressing the impact of the "automatic stay" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sec. 362 upon the Court's ability to hear and determine those motions.

The request to continue the above hearings is made in good faith to address the issues. 1 2 arising out of the bankruptcy proceedings. Accordingly, the request is not made for the purpose 3 of delay. 4 DATED this 16th day of May, 2019. 5. 6 CORY/READE/DOWS AND SHAFER RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C. 7 8 By: Esther Rodriguez 1333 Yorth Buffalo Drive, Suite 210 Las Yegas, Nevada 89128 10161 Park Run Dr. Ste. 150 9 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Tel:/(702) 794-4411 Tel: (702) 320-8400 10 Attorney for Defendants Attorney for Defendants 11 12 LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL GROUP 13 14 Leon Greenberg 15 Dana Sniegocki 2965 South Jones Blvd., Ste. E-3 16 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Tel: (702) 383-6085 17 Attorneys for Plaintiff 18 19 IT IS SO ORDERED: 20 21 22 23 District Judge RCB BARE 24 JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT, DEPARTMENT 32 25 26 27 3 28

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STIP
JAY A. SHAFER, ESQ.
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JShafer@crdslaw.com
Attorney for Defendants

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO,
Individually and on behalf of others similarly
situated,

Plaintiff,

Plaintiff,

V.

A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC and A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY,

Defendants.

STIPULATION AND ORDER TO CONTINUE HEARINGS

Date of Hearings: March 21, 2019

The plaintiff MICHAEL MURRAY and defendants A CAB SERIES, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY, (hereinafter "the parties"), by and through their respective counsel of record, hereby stipulate and agree to the following:

A hearing is scheduled on May 21, 2019 regarding whether this Court has jurisdiction to take action regarding the following matters, or whether it must forgo action in compliance with the "automatic stay" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sec. 362, after Defendant A Cab having been subject to an involuntary bankruptcy petition are:

- 1. Plaintiffs' Motion to Distribute Funds Held by Class Counsel;
- 2. Plaintiffs' Motion to Amend the Court's Order Entered on December 18, 2018;

- 3. Defendant's Motion to Pay Special Master on OST;
- Plaintiff's Response in Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Pay Special Master on OST and Counter-Motion for an Order to Turn over Property;
- 5. Defendant's motion to Quash Subpoena Issued to Curb Mobility LLC;

The parties agree that (2), Plaintiffs' Motion to Amend the Court's Order Entered on December 18, 2018, and (4) Plaintiffs' Counter-Motion for an Order to Turn over Property cannot proceed as the Court cannot grant any such relief at this time by operation of the "automatic stay" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sec. 362. The parties agree that the hearing of that motion and counter-motion is suspended.

The parties agree that (5), Defendant's Motion to Quash Subpoena Issued to Curb Mobility LLC addresses a moot issue as compliance with that subpoena cannot proceed at this time as such subpoena is subject to the "automatic stay" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sec. 362. The parties agree that the hearing of that motion is suspended and that in the event the automatic stay is lifted and this action resumes against A Cab compliance with that subpoena shall be excused until that Motion to Quash is heard and decided.

The parties agree that (1) Plaintiffs' Motion to Distribute Funds Held by Class Counsel; and (3) Defendant's Motion to Pay Special Master on OST; shall be continued until June 27, 2019 at 10:30 a.m. Plaintiffs shall, on or before June 10, 2019, file their supplemental brief with the Court responding to the supplemental briefs of A Cab and Nady and addressing the impact of the "automatic stay" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sec. 362 upon the Court's ability to hear and determine those motions.

All other matters will remain as scheduled including: Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration of Judgment and Order Granting Resolution Economics' Application for Order of Payment of Special Master's Fees and Order of Contempt, and Special Master Resolution Economics' Ex parte Motion for Order Shortening Time on the Motion to Strike scheduled for hearing on May 21, 2019 at 10:30 am.

The request to continue the above hearings is made in good faith to address the issues". 1 arising out of the bankruptcy proceedings. Accordingly, the request is not made for the purpose 2 of delay. 3 4 DATED this 16th day of May, 2019. 5. 6 CORY READE DOWS AND SHAFER RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C. 7 By: 8 Jay A/Svafer 1333 Yorth Buffalo Drive, Suite 210 Esther Rodriguez 10161 Park Run Dr. Ste. 150 9 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128 Tel://02) 794-4411 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Tel: (702) 320-8400 10 Attorney for Defendants Attorney for Defendants 11 12 LEON ØREENBERG PROFESSIONAL GROUP 13 14 Leon Greenberg
Dana Sniegocki
2965 South Jones Blvd., Ste. E-3
Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 15 16 Tel: (702) 383-6085 17 Attorneys for Plaintiff 18 19 IT IS SO ORDERED: 20 21 22 23 District Judge RCB BARE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT, DEPARTMENT 32 24 25 26 27 3

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1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Tuesday, May 21, 2019
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3	[Hearing began at 10:55 a.m.]
4	THE LAW CLERK: Michael Murray versus A Cab Taxi
5	Service LLC.
6	THE COURT: Okay. All right, let me get this one out. All
7	right, counsel, will you make your appearances please.
8	MR. DUBOWSKY: Good morning,
9	MR. SHAFER: Jay go ahead.
10	MR. DUBOWSKY: Go ahead please.
11	MR. SHAFER: Jay Shafer for defendant Jay Nady.
12	MR. NADY: Defendant Jay Nady.
13	THE COURT: Okay.
14	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Good morning, Your Honor, Esther
15	Rodriguez for the defendants.
16	MR. WALL: Good morning, Your Honor, Michael Wall also for
17	the defendants.
18	MR. DUBOWSKY: And Good morning, Your Honor, Peter
19	Dubowsky for Special Master, Resolution Economics.
20	THE COURT: All right. And who else is with the defense
21	here today?
22	MS. RODRIGUEZ: This is the client, Mr. Creighton J. Nady.
23	THE COURT: Mr. Nady, okay right. I've seen him here
24	before. I just wanted to make sure we mentioned him.
25	MR. SHAFER: Sure. Yeah.

THE COURT: Everybody can have a seat and relax. Okay, there's a bankruptcy that's filed still, is that it?

MR. SHAFER: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And so we're waiting I think for further briefing on the jurisdictional issue that I think would flow from automatic stay provisions in a bankruptcy, right? In other words, I received the stipulation and order. The plaintiffs have until June 10th to file a supplement so obviously that's still percolating.

MR. SHAFER: I -- as to there are two sets of motions. There's ones as between plaintiff and defendant and then there's the contempt issue arising out of Res Econ's claim for payment. We submitted briefing on this. It is our position that the Court is stayed as it applies to actions against A Cab, because of the involuntary bankruptcy until that's proceedings.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. SHAFER: It's our position that essentially stays all of the motions as to plaintiff. We take a differing opinion as to the contempt issue that is arising out -- against Jay Nady, Creighton J. Nady himself personally.

THE COURT: Right, and the idea would be that's what's on the table for today.

MR. SHAFER: That is correct.

THE COURT: Correct. I just want to mention that we're aware and signed there's a stipulation and order having to do with jurisdiction on the other items --

MR. SHAFER: Yes.

THE COURT: -- that has a procedural course to still run.

MR. SHAFER: That is correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. So for today we're here having to do with -- well here's the factual predicate. Interrupt me if I have any of this wrong. There's a judgment and order granting Resolution Economics' application for an order of payment of Special Master's fees and order of contempt.

And obviously, Mr. Dubowsky, you're here representing the Special Master regarding that. That was entered and filed on February 4th, so this timeline is important. I want to make sure I have this correct. This is Judge Ken Cory. He enters and files on February 4th '19 this order I just referenced. So far so good. Then defendant's A Cab and Mr. Nady here file a motion for reconsideration of that contempt order. They file that reconsideration asking Judge Ken Cory to reconsider this contempt order. They file that on Feb 25th. So far so good.

And then sometime thereafter, shortly thereafter the matter is reassigned to this department on March 1st. So that's I guess in a non-Leap Year it's about three days from the time that the motion for reconsideration is filed to the reassignment. I think that's right. So that would mean that Judge Cory recused himself based upon his -- the issue having to do with his brother being hired, Tim Cory, right?

MR. SHAFER: Correct.

THE COURT: Yeah, that -- I think that his recusal happens after the motion for reconsideration is filed, is that right? Is that correct?

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MR. SHAFER: I don't recall.

THE COURT: Okay. Well I think that's important, because he recused himself. I mean, he wasn't asked to recuse. He made a decision to just recuse himself and so I think that's relevant to this analysis, you know. In other words, parties can't benefit from doing something to cause a recusal. But here he recused himself. I know there's this issue that I don't -- I don't know if I need to get into the idea of well you hired my -- you know, the theory is that the brother was hired for a reason.

But, you know, the point of it is if the motion for reconsideration is filed and then a Judge recusing himself my view is somehow, someway that motion has to be considered. I mean, it's a -- you have a -- there is a legal avenue allowed under the law to file a motion for reconsideration. So most of me, I want to share with you, would conclude unless somebody convinces me I'm wrong that if the motion for reconsideration is filed, then Judge recuses, well obviously that Judge cannot handle a reconsideration motion because that Judge feels as though there's a reason to warrant recusal having to do with the case and anything having to do with the case.

But since the law does allow -- there's a process under the law to allow for a motion for reconsideration. Well somebody has to decide that. Now who is the somebody? Most of me says that has to be the Judge that the case is reassigned to. And that's just all -- you know, without citing any law on that, which I hate to not do, makes sense because I usually -- I mean, always like to look at what the law requires.

There's a back and forth in here about law that may apply to this. That's the EDCR 7.12 issue. And I got to tell you I -- in my mind I've looked at this for about an hour. This EDCR 7.12 how it applies. And it seems to be a weird rule that I'm having some difficulty. Maybe I'm the least smart of all involved including my Law Clerk on down. But the fact of it is that rule puzzles me. I still don't know how to reconcile it I have to say.

If you look at 7.12 it says when an application or a petition for any writ or order shall have been made to a judge and is pending, so arguably that's the motion for reconsideration. It's made to a Judge Cory. It's pending, that's why I asked about which came first. It's pending all right. The same may not again be made to another Judge, that's me, except in accordance with applicable statute. Okay is that applicable statute the reconsideration procedural law that gives rise to the allowance to file a motion for reconsideration. Most of me would say the answer to that is yes. That could be the quote/unquote: applicable statute in question.

But it doesn't stop there. This EDCR says and upon the consent and writing of the Judge whom the application was first made. Well I don't know how to reconcile that part of it because I think I said previously something like this but I'll say it now anyway, it doesn't make sense for me to go back to the recused Judge and get some kind of blessing for me to do anything, because I think maybe even an argument could be made that that would be asking the Judge to act on the case that he recused himself from. So I don't know how that part of

the rule is even applicable.

So -- and I'm not sure if 7.12 really enters into this at all.

There's an argument made by the lawyers on this side of the room for the cab company and Mr. Nady that you don't even need to get to 7.12, because the motion for reconsideration has to be decided and there's a procedural course for it. It's pending. And the applicable statute to allow me to do anything as contemplated by 7.12 is the reconsideration procedural rule itself, which I would say I have to agree with. Because at the end of the day it wouldn't make any sense to me to say that because a Judge recused himself that you lose the procedural right to have any -- the motion for reconsideration ever heard. I think it has to be decided.

That puts -- if it's me, it put me in a rather unique circumstance doesn't it? One that I can't recall every being in in the 8 ½ years I've been here. And that is to essentially, I mean, practically speaking what am going to ask to do here, reconsider what a Judge did where that Judge had hearings on the issue that I think were extensive, had the case for 7 years. And I'm in the -- I'm the co -- I'm in the same level as the Judge. I mean, I'm another District Judge. I mean, it sounds a little bit like Appellate Court activity. It feels like Appellate Court activity. I mean, practically speaking if I do this I'm being asked to reconsider what Ken Cory did. And that sounds like Appellate Court activity to me.

So I got to tell you I'm not sure -- I'm not sure what to make of this on the aspect of this which is a motion to sort of to strike which is

here. If the parties all say to me somehow, someway that you want me
to decide the motion for reconsideration then I would if everybody
agreed to that. But that doesn't seem like that's the case. So I would
have to figure out, as a threshold matter, is it me under the law and the
rules that we've talked about or not.

And, you know, how one goes about deciding the motion for reconsideration, I mean, I'd have to -- it's kind of Appellate Court-like, like I said. I'd have to be bound by the record to the best of my ability that exists in making this decision, the record being everything that happened with Ken Cory. Part of that would not be Ken Cory's brain though because I don't have his brain. Wish I did, but I don't.

Okay, so that's the best I can say going into this, so that's probably a lot to mention, but let me turn it over to counsel. I'll start with the defense side.

MR. SHAFER: Well let me -- I'll first address the EDCR 7.2 argument, because I think it's somewhat the easiest one to address, less argumentative. Because the rules says that when an application is made it cannot be remade. We made an application for reconsideration. We have not remade that application for consider --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SHAFER: -- reconsideration.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. SHAFER: And so the rule doesn't apply, because we haven't -- it wasn't a rule that we made and that Ken Cory ruled on that we brought again.

THE COURT: Well it says or has -- yeah, okay.

MR. SHAFER: So in that respect we have not -- this Court, because of the disqualification, has stepped into the shoes of Judge Cory and are heir to this case and have the same -- are bound by the same decisions and have the same rights and ability to rule on a decision as if you were Judge Cory. And so that regard, we don't get into the forum shopping provision of EDCR 7.12 because we have not made the application again. And also to rule the other way would be nonsensical, because it would deprive a party of their statutory rights or their rules based right for reconsideration.

THE COURT: One thing I didn't say that I should have said that was important on this -- sorry for the interruption -- is I would tend to agree with you --

MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: -- for another reason I didn't mention that I should have but now it hit my head.

If you -- you know, often times it's important to look at why laws exist. And I think the policy and the reason this 7.12 exists is to avoid forum shopping. I think that's what it is. It's a don't forum shop rule. Well therefore, it's not applicable because we're not forum shopping. There's no forum shopping going on that I can see anyway. Forum shopping would be if the lawyers were doing something to try to find another Judge. Here it's the Judge who voluntarily, unilaterally recused himself. So you don't -- you don't have the -- at least going into this you don't have the philosophical reason for the rule applicable here.

MR. SHAFER: Correct.

THE COURT: You don't have forum shopping so therefore that's another reason it might not apply but go ahead.

MR. SHAFER: So I think under the -- both the intent and the plain language of the rule that doesn't preclude your -- the Court from hearing it.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SHAFER: Now as to the reconsideration and what the parties' responsibilities or the Judge's responsibilities are to an issue that a former Judge had decided that happens fairly routinely. I've been a part of several cases where a new Judge steps in after the case has been handled for some period of time. And you are never going to be able to fully replace that person's brain, but that's not what is being asked. You are there to review -- a reconsideration is not a rehearing. It is to look at the facts and law that were considered and see if there is a plain error of law or if there were facts and evidence that were missed in the prior reconsideration -- the prior determination that were missed.

We're not asking this Court to revisit the entire 6, 7 year history of this case. It's a much more discrete issue. And the issue was who was ordered to pay and what determined was made regarding their ability to pay. So this Court has the ability to look at the record, to look at the prior orders of the Court, and on that basis determine who was supposed to pay and what their obligations to Resolution Economics are as --

THE COURT: I do understand that.

MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: And just to let you know I've had about 5 pages
of outline on those issues here.
MR. SHAFER: Okay.
THE COURT: I'm just talking about the threshold matter
MR SHAFER: Right

THE COURT: -- now. Yeah.

MR. SHAFER: Right, and so I don't -- I'm not aware of any rules that preclude a court from reconsideration just because it has been heard initially by a prior Judge.

THE COURT: Okay so it's okay. Let's just focus on that.

MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: And let me get over the hurdle one way or the other. So anybody on the defense side want to say anything else about the threshold issue of this 7.12. Can I do this? Do I handle a motion for reconsideration or not issue? Just that issue.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, Your Honor. Just for the Court's information I had an opportunity to look it up. And Mr. Shafer's motion was filed on February 25th as the Court noted. And there was a minute order of March the 1st that -- in which Judge Cory recused himself so --

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- he recused himself after the filing of the reconsideration which was originally filed beforehand.

THE COURT: That's what I thought and that's kind of what I
said and that I think that makes itit's another factor in your favor to
have me do this, right.

MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SHAFER: And I think that is somewhat of a new issue for me. But this is unlike a situation. The only time I've had an issue has been where one Judge has had a hearing and has taken all the evidence into consideration and has either passed away or some other reason is precluded from issuing an order. What happens when that -- you know, or they issue a minute order in decision --

THE COURT: That one seem to easier actually.

MR. SHAFER: Well --

THE COURT: This one not so much.

MR. SHAFER: -- in fact it's much more difficult, because a determination has -- when a minute order's been determined but an order has -- a formal order has not been entered --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. SHAFER: -- you're trying to interpret the Judge's brain and what they decided and what they were ability --

THE COURT: Right.

MR. SHAFER: -- because they were the finder of fact. In this one it's not required to do that. You're looking at the order and whether there was sufficient basis to reconsider that order given the evidence at hand. And so in that regard I think that there is -- again this -- I

haven't specifically briefed this issue and I would be happy to do so if the Court would like us to, but I don't think there's any -- anything in the rules that I'm aware of or any case law that would preclude the Court from hearing this motion for reconsideration.

THE COURT: All right, Mr. Dubowsky, just on the issue of the motion to strike so to speak.

MR. DUBOWSKY: Thank you, Your Honor. I believe you already had hearing on the motion to strike and Your Honor gave his -- said that he would -- that your interpretation of the rule and you'd be able to hear it. And I don't challenge that, Your Honor. I respect your ability to make a decision on the motion. So like I said, I think we had a hearing on this on March 20th because we did a motion to strike as you just pointed out. And so I think we're past that, Your Honor, and --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DUBOWSKY: -- there's been some additional briefing since then including some briefing that -- regarding the jurisdiction. I think we're here today. We had the motion for reconsideration pending. Then there was the bankruptcy. You asked for briefing on the stay and I was in Court saying there is no stay as to Mr. Nady individually and the -- there was some argument saying they believe there is, but then as you saw from the brief they filed that no there is no stay visa-vi Mr. Nady.

THE COURT: Okay, so in your view does that take us to the merits of the motion for reconsideration?

MR. DUBOWSKY: Well it's -- I guess the procedural because there were two procedural issues they presented. One was the automatic

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stay, which they concede doesn't apply to Mr. Nady, which is what I argued at the last hearing. And then I believe Mr. Wall filed a motion -filed a supplemental brief the next day saying that it is their position that the Court is divested of jurisdiction based upon an appeal. So you're -- so Your Honor cannot grant the motion for reconsideration. You can only certify that it's inclined to grant it or outright deny it, which is what I believe Your Honor should do.

So that was the brief that was -- excuse me, Mr. Wall filed on May 9th. So basically we have no stay from our side and they are telling the Court that you have no jurisdiction to rule --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DUBOWSKY: -- to grant the motion.

THE COURT: Okay, let me ask Mr. Wall to -- since you mentioned him and he's here. Your view is I can do what here today? What's the limit of my ability jurisdictionally so to speak that I'm --

MR. WALL: That has, since the time that we filed our brief on that there's been more activity at the Nevada Supreme Court. So we're kind of in a different situation now. Not exactly the same as it was, but still partially that way. Number one, the appeal has been dismissed not held in abeyance or stayed, but as to A Cab the appeal has been dismissed. Number two, the Court has issued an order -- the Supreme Court has issued an order to show cause regarding jurisdiction with respect to the appeal for Mr. Jay Nady.

The argument that the Court has raised is that Jay Nady is not a proper appellant because Judge Cory severed the action against Judge --

against Jay Nady from the action with A Cab. We have believed and argued from the beginning that Judge Cory did not have any authority to do that and that that severance isn't appropriate. But that leaves us in this this position. If we respond to the Nevada Supreme Court and say we agree there's been a severance therefore there's no final judgment; that would render our notice of appeal with respect to Mr. Nady invalid. And if that notice of appeal is invalid it would not in any way impact the jurisdiction of this Court to go ahead and hear and decide the motion for reconsideration that is pending and is not stayed by the bankruptcy stay.

On the other hand, if we were to argue to the Nevada Supreme Court and prevail on the argument that the severance was improper there never was a final judgment and the notice of appeal is not valid. Either way that appeal is going to be dismissed but the fact of the matter is it has not yet been dismissed. And until it is dismissed only the Nevada Supreme Court has jurisdiction over the matter.

So at this point in time if Your Honor is inclined to grant the motion for reconsideration all it could do is certify to the Supreme Court it's -- that it is inclined to do so. But this Court has jurisdiction if it is -- wants to deny the motion. That's the way it sits. We're still in a *Huneycutt* situation because only the Nevada Supreme Court has appellate jurisdiction.

She wants me to say, which I thought was implicit when I said, you can hear the arguments, receive all of the argument briefing that you want on it. You certainly -- this Court is never divested of jurisdiction to hear motions. That never happens but a notice of appeal divests the

1	Court of jurisdiction to take action that is in derogation of the jurisdiction o
2	the Supreme Court on appeal. Which means you can deny the motion
3	after you hear it but you can't grant it. You can only certify your inclination
4	to do so. I believe within a short period of time it will be one way or the
5	other the appeal of Jay Nady will be dismissed and the notice of appeal
6	issue will become moot.
7	THE COURT: Most of me wants to ask this question then, why
8	wouldn't I just wait until the Supreme Court activity was finalized?
9	MR. WALL: Because there's detriment to Mr. Nady right now in
10	his business because of the business that he's in of having been held in
11	contempt. He can't be held in contempt in his business. There's
12	detriment involved from the industry itself
13	THE COURT: Okay, all right.
14	MR. WALL: in that and so we need to
15	THE COURT: Well it seems like
16	MR. WALL: at the very least
17	THE COURT: Yeah.
18	MR. WALL: this Court certainly has authority at any time to
19	stay any action or any order or judgment. At the very least this Court
20	could stay the notice of appeal or I mean the order of contempt and the
21	effectiveness of that until it has jurisdiction returned to it so that Mr. Nady
22	isn't under the detriment
23	THE COURT: Okay.
24	MR. WALL: of having that order

THE COURT: Just --

MR. WALL: -- in existence against him.

THE COURT: My thought on that would be I would stay it only if everybody agreed for me to do that. If everybody said, you know what with everything that's going on go ahead and stay the enforcement of the contempt order then I would do it if everybody agreed but that's -- that wasn't part of what was brought to my attention. And so if there's a disagreement on staying then you got to give people a chance to weigh in on that by way of pleading and argument.

And there's not a request for stay that I know of here anyway, right? I mean, there's not a motion to stay?

MR. WALL: No, we --

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. WALL: -- there hasn't been a formal motion filed for that.

THE COURT: So everybody wants me to issue some sort of stay order given everything that's gone on here I would. Is -- does everybody want that or does anybody want to oppose that?

MR. SHAFER: We would not object to that of course, Your Honor, because it would make sense for the judicial economy to do so.

MR. DUBOWSKY: We certainly would oppose, Your Honor.

This is the first time hearing about this --

THE COURT: That's all I need to know.

MR. DUBOWSKY: -- request to stay without a full motion so --

THE COURT: That's all I need to know. So that takes us to the motion for reconsideration itself then. And I appreciate, Mr. Wall, your

summary of it all but here we are. So you want to add to the briefing and what have you, make argument on it, go ahead.

MR. SHAFER: Addressing the merits of the motion for reconsideration I'd like to bring the Court back to the initial order of the Court awarding costs in favor of Resolution Economics. The party to whom those costs -- the party who was ordered to pay those costs was defendant A Cab and A Cab only. If we look at the order that was entered by the Court and this was cited in Resolution Economics' motion for fees in the first place, on February 7th Judge Corry ordered that the cost of the Special Master shall before -- shall be borne by defendant A Cab. It was not made in the plural it was not made against defendant Jay Nady. It was made against A Cab himself.

In a modification of that order on February 13th, 2018, it says defendant A Cab shall 10 days to pay. In a May 23rd minute order of the court the Court ordered that the defendant, in the singular, be present and to pay the fees. It was only defendant A Cab which was the party to whom was supposed to pay the Special Master fees which makes sense because the Special Master's task was to review the business operations of A Cab regarding the potential labor claims that were to be asserted against it. It was never as to the merits of any claim against defendant Jay Nady.

So at no point was Jay Nady himself personally ever obligated to pay this. To the extent that there were directions that were made to pay Jay Nady, it was in his capacity as an employee of the business. I think Resolution Economics has to concede this. This was made in their

application. This was made in the order in August finding the defendant A Cab was supposed to pay. And so there was no basis to do that.

We've cited case law in our brief, *Wilson versus the United*States, that says that an employee or an officer of the business cannot be held liable simply because their -- of their relationship to the business without independent acts of their own, without an independent obligation to pay. It does not make him liable.

You have to find that there was an affirmative basis to pierce the corporate veil, which is a heavy burden and requires specific findings of fact and conclusions of law to be found in order to pierce the corporate veil. And that's what has to happen for Mr. Nady himself to be personally liable for the debts to Resolution Economics. And that hasn't been found yet.

It's not an ends oriented test. We don't get to -- we just have to pay these people no matter and whatever we have to do to get there is the appropriate step. That's not the case, particularly in light of the fact that the case against Jay Nady was himself personally severed. It is bifurcated, you know, separated for the case of convenience. These are two separate cases. And the decisions of the Court in the A Cab matter are separate and distinct from the -- the claims and the assertions and the issues in the Jay Nady matter that have been severed, himself personally.

And the reason for that is that's the way that they had to get a final judgment against A Cab, because the issues hadn't been determined against Jay Nady. So we have Jay Nady himself personally sitting out

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there in an unadjudicated case to which no claims have been awarded against him personally.

THE COURT: It seems like it all comes down to whether or not Mr. Nady could be made and should have been made to pay for the Special Master involved in the post-judgment, post summary judgment activity. I mean, that's what it all is, right. I mean, at the end of the day you're basically saying that was the error.

MR. SHAFER: Well I think we are -- we don't concede that the Special Master's award -- it was appropriate in the first place. But that issue is stayed. Because of the bankruptcy we can't really ague that and A Cab's liability to the Special Master or not. But you are correct. The issue is does Jay Nady, was at some point he ordered to pay personally. And at no point was there ever a finding that Jay Nady was personally responsible for the -- debts to it.

The concern that the Court repeated was that A cab wasn't paying the Special Master and that Jay Nady as an officer should have directed A Cab to pay, which is a separate and distinct thing. It's his liability as an officer and director versus his liability as an individual.

Does A Cab -- does he have a responsibility to direct A Cab to pay? Perhaps. Does he have a responsibility to pay out of his own pocket for the fees of Resolution Economics? And the answer is no. We haven't found a piercing of the corporate veil and there was no finding of him liable personally.

And that's what was in the judgment. Not just that he was in contempt as -- in his role as an officer. But there was an actual monetary judgment awarded against Jay Nady personally --

THE COURT: Right.

MR. SHAFER: -- which is causing him problems in his business because of the regulated nature of it. It's causing him problems trying to get bonds and to try to finance his businesses. And it's causing problems with other unrelated parties because of the nature of the judgement.

THE COURT: Which I understand, I mean, I know that the industry --

MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: -- is heavily regulated and yeah I get it.

MR. SHAFER: Yeah, and so and that's why we're concerned about this so vociferously is because there was never any application to amend the judgment to add Jay Nady himself personally. There was never any specific findings as to whether or not it should be pierced corporate or the veil should be pierced on a corporate level. There was no evidence presented. No testimony no affidavit presented to that that would allow the Court to make that determination that the corporate veil should have been pierced.

In fact that was a continuing problem with the law in it. Because when you have an issue of contempt there's an issue where the Court must find by clear and convincing evidence, this is on a civil contempt standard, that a party willfully did not pay, which means that you have to find that at the time of the decision that they had the ability but chose not

to pay. There was never in any of the hearings any evidence regarding the ability of A Cab or more specifically of Jay Nady's ability to pay.

There's no evidence about his finances, no evidence, no testimony, no affidavit about whether or not he could have or should have paid. In fact -

THE COURT: So when Judge Cory called that frankly ludicrous, you don't think he had a basis for that?

MR. SHAFER: I think that he was arguing that A Cab should have paid.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SHAFER: That it was ludicrous that A Cab shouldn't have paid. Because in light of what had happened was --

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. SHAFER: -- plaintiffs had garnished \$250,000 out of the operating account of A Cab and some of the other related entities. Of course that's a whole other barrel of issues as to whether or not that was appropriate and should have been taken and belonged to A Cab or not. But that's not what we're here on. So I can see Judge Cory's frustration in that A Cab had not paid. And that he would have liked Jay Nady to direct A Cab to pay.

In fact we looked at the report of the Special Master and the report of the Special Master says there really wasn't the ability to pay at the time of the report. Now there may have been prior but there wasn't at the time of the report. And that's what we go by is at the time of the finding of the Court was there contempt? Was there an actual willingness

to pay at that moment; not was there willingness before, but whether there
was it now. Because the purpose of civil contempt is to correct; it's to
coerce; it's to cause a certain behavior. It's not to punish. So that is a
separate and distinct consideration that the Court has to make

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SHAFER: -- that we aren't even approaching here.

THE COURT: This may be something that was covered in here but we'll do the best we can I assure you to look at everything.

MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: So if this was covered.

MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: And the question that I now ask seems to indicate that I didn't see it well that because I didn't if it was covered.

MR. SHAFER: Sure.

THE COURT: It just seems to me and I like to say what I think. It just seems to me that there probably is law, case law that talks about this concept, specifically the idea of if you have a contempt going on concerning an entity at first instance here the company A Cab right, that's the company. And it calls for the company to pay in this case for a Special Master that a Court in its wisdom decided to involve sort of post-judgment, right? That's a -- this is a post-judgment, summary judgment happened here, right? This is post-judgment activity. The Special Master is in here to sort through all the things that need -- that you need to sort through given the judgment is in place, right? That's what the -- that's your client so you know that's what the Special --

MR. DUBOWSKY: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: -- you could tell me better, but that's -- just that's a pretty basic understanding of it, right?

MR. DUBOWSKY: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So it just seems to me there ought to be some law to say that if you have an entity that you feel as though needs to pay for the Special Master and that's not happening in your wisdom as a judge. There should be law to stand for the proposition of can you as a Judge -- I mean, this is what comes to my mind. I'm not trying to play Ken Cory.

MR. DUBOWSKY: Yeah.

THE COURT: But this is what comes to my mind if it were me. If it were me and I had a post-judgment Special Master appointment and I told a cab company to pay for that Special Master in whole or in part and they didn't and I entered an order saying they should, it would clearly call into my mind at some point the issue of well can I hold the officers and directors of the cab company in contempt, because companies can only operate through people, their officers and directors. They don't have any practical way of doing anything unless the officers or directors tell them to do things. So, I mean, that's obvious right?

So the cab company can only do things. They can only make a check out to the Special Master if directed within the organization itself. So the questions becomes if it were me I would probably say something like -- and I can't -- this is what I mean, if Ken Cory did this. You did this with him I just didn't see it yet so my apologies but.

MR. DUBOWSKY: Yeah.

THE COURT: Is there any law that stands for the proposition as to what the rules are? If a Judge turns in this case himself, because it's me and Ken Cory, himself to trying to get the cab company to pay the Special Master. Can a judge order an officer or director to do it or can a Judge hold that officer director, Mr. Nady, in contempt for failing to direct the company to do something. I mean, you know, --

MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: -- tell me about that, the law on that specific point.

MR. SHAFER: In the State of Nevada there's only a few cases that address that but they do address it. We cited both of these in our brief in *Eureka City* --

THE COURT: Okay, so it's -- it is in here.

MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: So it's obviously something --

MR. SHAFER: But it --

THE COURT: -- I need to look at more intently.

MR. SHAFER: Basically they found that a court can do so if it finds independent bad acts of the officer and director. It can also do so if there is a piercing of the corporate veil, if the person -- you know, the officer is treating the --

THE COURT: So independent bad acts of Mr. Nady or piercing the corporate veil --

MR. SHAFER: Correct.

1	THE COURT: in a traditional
2	MR. SHAFER: Sure.
3	THE COURT: alter ego sense.
4	MR. SHAFER: Right.
5	THE COURT: The unity of interest and all that other stuff,
6	right?
7	MR. SHAFER: Right.
8	THE COURT: Okay.
9	MR. SHAFER: In those scenarios it is possible to do so. If that
10	were the case, and I take the Court's point that a corporation is a
11	collection of people that act as through the officers and directors and
12	doesn't have itself has any independent ability to pay. But that requires a
13	it gets to the point where this judgement was against Jay Nedy himself
14	personally. And not against himself as officer and director of the company
15	to where he is coerced to force A Cab to do so. But to get to that point the
16	Court needs to find at the moment that the contempt is ordered or within a
17	reasonable time thereof that the judgment debtor or A Cab actually has
18	the ability to pay and specifically that Jay Nady has the ability to have A
19	Cab pay. That he has at that moment the ability to write a check or to tell
20	somebody to do that or to get to make payments. There was never any
21	findings on that point.
22	THE COURT: Yeah.
23	MR. SHAFER: That would that allows the Court to form the
24	basis for that determination that he himself is liable for his own bad acts or

his own personal refusal to do so and he had the ability to do so at that

Page 26

1	moment in December of 2018 or February of 2018 at some point thereof.		
2	And that is I think the basis of it. Now getting		
3	THE COURT: So you're basically saying look the error that is		
4	made this is what you're saying. There error made by the Judge is		
5	there's no evidence that the Judge had in the record to show an any		
6	independent action by Mr. Nady one way or the other.		
7	MR. SHAFER: Correct.		
8	THE COURT: And then you're also saying there's no evidence		
9	to show the traditional things you have to have in alter ego scenario under		
10	the law.		
11	MR. SHAFER: Correct.		
12	THE COURT: There's a whole body of law talking about the		
13	things that you have to have in an evidentiary way to show the unity of		
14	interest, you know, whatever that test is. I've seen it a few times.		
15	MR. SHAFER: Yeah.		
16	THE COURT: There's different prongs to it.		
17	MR. SHAFER: Yeah.		
18	THE COURT: But you're saying there's no evidence of that		
19	either?		
20	MR. SHAFER: That's correct.		
21	THE COURT: And that you're saying that what Ken Cory did		
22	basically was he desired to have the cab company pay the Special		
23	Master. When that didn't happen and he didn't like it		

Page 27

MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: -- because he ordered it. That you say the error he then makes is he just basically says well then Mr. Nady has to pay it.

MR. SHAFER: Yes.

THE COURT: Because I'm now upset and I'm in a contempt mode and that's what I'm going to do. And you -- that's where the error comes in?

MR. SHAFER: Right, and I think that is somewhat understandable because there was some mis-precision as to the use of defendant versus defendants, because there are two A Cab defendants in their names. And the fact that we weren't shown the order before it was submitted to Judge Cory. Now the other complicating factor that wasn't briefed that I want to address too --

THE COURT: You weren't shown the order?

MR. SHAFER: What's that?

THE COURT: You weren't shown the order.

MR. SHAFER: No, not until it was signed by the Judge.

THE COURT: I think there's a Supreme Court case from not too long ago that says you have to be.

MR. SHAFER: That is my understanding, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I forget the name of the case, but I saw it come up at a CLE recently and I said well I didn't I know that. I learned it. I was just at a Judge CLE and I -- the case -- I have in my outlines I can go look it up.

MR. SHAFER: I'll have to look that up, Your Honor.

THE COURT: But there's a case that says that you have to be 1 2 given a copy of an order provided to a court. MR. SHAFER: Yeah. 3 THE COURT: And if you're not then I think that that affects the 4 order. I think it's a more recent case. 5 MR. SHAFER: Okay. I will have to look. I'm not aware of that 6 7 specific case, Your Honor. MR. WALL: I don't remember the name of the case. It was 8 written by Judge Paraguirre and it raises the -- to the level of a due 9 10 process violation. 11 THE COURT: Yeah, so that's a recent case that if you -- if that 12 enters into this on top of everything it seems. 13 MR. SHAFER: I may have to look at that issue because certainly I think that's the case that -- the other issue is just in light of the 14 15 bankruptcy one of the issues with contempt is there has to be an ability to 16 pay. Right now Mr. Nady cannot have A Cab pay Resolution Economics because of the bankruptcy. Any payment that he authorizes that's beyond 17 18 the scope of the stay would be set aside as a preferential transfer. THE COURT: So this is against him personally? 19 20 MR. SHAFER: Correct. 21 THE COURT: So in theory that wouldn't have anything to do 22 with the bankruptcy. MR. SHAFER: I agree, Your Honor. But to the extent that it's 23 24 even against him as an officer he doesn't the ability to direct the payment

as of this time.

THE COURT: But it's not -- as I understand it's not against him in his capacity as an officer though.

MR. SHAFER: No.

THE COURT: I mean, as far as collecting a judgment, right?

MR. SHAFER: Correct, it is against him personally.

THE COURT: Personal bank accounts and everything else,

right?

MR. SHAFER: Correct. It's been recorded as a lien against his home and which gives rise to potential slander of title issues, but we're here to try to address the cause of this before we go any further.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. SHAFER: So I think that's in summing up there -- the direction was clearly as to A Cab and because of mistakes there was issues. Unless the Court has any questions I'll save my time to respond to Mr. Dubowsky's response.

THE COURT: Okay. All right, Mr. Dubowsky, that's a lot to talk about but go ahead.

MR. DUBOWSKY: Yes, Your Honor, and let me clarify because there's been some confusion of this issue overall as to what's going on. First of all, Your Honor, one argument we did make which I think is important since Your Honor has pointed out that dates, we do content that under EDCR 2.24(b) the motion for reconsideration is not timely. And we did lay out the time. We did serve the notice of entry of order February 5th. The 10 days including Presidents Day would have brought the time to February 20th. And this motion was not filed until February 25th. So Your

1	Honor, based upon that alone it should be denied because it's beyond the
2	10 days. And that is in the brief, Your Honor, on page 4. So it's not timely
3	so it's not even properly before the Court. Your Honor, could look at that
4	see the time, and then say it's beyond the 10 days, I have to deny the
5	motion based upon that.
6	THE COURT: Can you give me those dates again please?
7	There's just too many moving parts.
8	MR. DUBOWSKY: Yes, sure, Your Honor.
9	THE COURT: So I'd like to have that repeated.
10	MR. DUBOWSKY: The notice of entry.
11	THE COURT: Notice of entry

THE COURT: Notice of entry --

MR. DUBOWSKY: Electronically transmitted February 5th.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DUBOWSKY: And we've cited to that you don't do 3 additional days under electronic filing Rule 9(f)(2). The 10 days would have brought it to February 20th which includes -- which includes not -which includes President's Day. In other words, we don't count weekends, holidays or President's Day would have been the intervening holiday.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DUBOWSKY: Based upon our calculation that would have put this at February 20th and they filed the motion for reconsideration February 25th.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. DUBOWSKY: Your Honor, let me explain also I think since you've seen a lot of things for the first time, well at least one thing for the first time in this cases. This case, Your Honor, is absolutely it's certainly a first for me. This case has been going on since 2012. I didn't know about the case until I believe October of 2018 when I was contacted at Resolution Economics. They said we were hired by the Special Master in a case. The defendants were ordered to pay us. They never paid us and the case now is getting closed out. They didn't -- weren't specific as to what happened but they said and it's being closed out and no one is paying us. We were hired by the Court.

And I said well let me take a look. And I had to go through pages and pages and pages to get myself caught up on the record to file the motion for my client to be paid for the judgment and for the contempt. And you can see, Your Honor, I think you've also had to experience going through pages and pages and pages of the case and try to get caught up on the history. I did to the best of my ability do that with a motion for application for compensation under NRCP 53, which is the applicable NRCP, NRCP 53.

And I admitted Your Honor I was a little naïve. I thought once I brought it to the Court's attention -- by the way you made a few orders, first a \$25,000 order then a \$41,000 order and not a dime was paid to my client. I thought that would take care of it. Instead we are here now months later. My client is not only out the money that they were not paid, but of course to get me involved and use my resources they've had to pay. And believe me, Your Honor this case has been nothing less than a

drain just going through the record, filing the motions, all the hearings, and being the hearings the involve the plaintiff and everything else. It's been quite a case.

But, Your Honor, you can imagine -- I hesitate to use the word victim because Your Honor sees criminal cases where there are real victims. But to the extension of a victim in a civil case my client's really the victim. They were brought into the case by the Judge. Defendants were ordered to pay and again it was in Judge Cory's wisdom that it would be defendants that had to pay. And that's in the brief, Your Honor. And --

THE COURT: I don't think there's really an issue with the Cab company being ordered to pay. The real issue is whether or not Mr. Nady as an individual and that decision that Ken Cory made.

MR. DUBOWSKY: Correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: What do you want to say about that?

MR. DUBOWSKY: Yes, Your Honor. With regard to that, Your Honor, Mr. Nady individually was ordered to pay. Now let me just point out by the way as a procedural matter when they say A Cab, the A Cabs don't exist anymore, Your Honor. There is no such thing anymore as A Cab Taxi Service LLC. There is no entity anymore as A Cab LLC. I checked the Secretary of State as recently as this morning to make sure of that. So to say that A Cab would be the ones responsible is the same as saying you're not getting paid no matter what unfortunately.

In terms of who is ordered to pay, Mr. Nady is ordered to pay, Your Honor. I believe we have no less then -- well I didn't count all the citations. There were 32 footnotes, some -- a couple of those are cases.

But there are approximately 30 footnotes citing to the record stating that it was the defendants ordered to pay. And not only that, Your Honor, I don't believe at any time anyone got in front of the Judge to say, Your Honor, when you say Mr. Nady, when you say defendants you don't really mean Mr. Nady do you? Because it is absolutely clear from the record that he did say Mr. Nady individually. It is absolutely clear from the record that he's ordered to pay. And I don't see anywhere in the record that anyone is argued about Mr. Nady's individual liability from all the transcripts you can see there, Your Honor.

And with regard to that, Your Honor, the motion for reconsideration you can't bring up a new issue if you didn't argue it before. And we cited to the case that say just that. Reconsideration you can reargue something. But if you never argued that Mr. Nady should not be personally liable then you can't come in now and do it.

THE COURT: All right. I think what it really comes down to though is what's the legal basis for a Judge --

MR. DUBOWSKY: Thank you.

THE COURT: -- to find an individual who might be an officer, director of an entity personally in contempt for not essentially telling the entity to do something the Judge wanted the entity to do. That's really the point isn't it?

MR. DUBOWSKY: Your Honor, it's not piercing the veil. Your Honor, it's not piercing the veil. Mr. Nady was a party. And this again, Your Honor, we're not -- just a little bit of context.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DUBOWSKY: If you're coming now and this was a case against an LLC and then the judgment was willy-nilly against an officer without findings of piercing the veil I'd say yeah, okay that's an argument. But that's not what happened here, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DUBOWSKY: This - the Court did order Mr. Nady to pay individually. Under NRCP 53 the Special Master Compensation Rule, the Court has that broad discretion. So again, Your Honor, it's not like there's a pending case and there's discovery on the issue of who's liable to pay. No, Your Honor, when it comes to the Special Master and the Court's order the Court has inherent authority to order payment from one party. And Mr. Nady was a named party.

I -- again you heard arguments was he severed, not severed. It doesn't matter, he was a party to the case. And Judge Cory ordered Mr. Nady to pay. It's that simple, Your Honor. That's why under NRCP 53 the Court has that broad discretion to make that order. So it was correct for Mr. -- it was correct that Mr. Nady would pay. That was Judge Cory's order. That is in the record.

THE COURT: So you're saying that when the Judge did this he did it specifically as a party as opposed to in a capacity as an officer or director under a court piercing corporate veil theory or any other theory?

MR. DUBOWSKY: Correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And it relates to his capacity as an officer or director?

MR. DUBOWSKY: Correct, Your Honor. And that's why I said under Rule 53 he doesn't have to make specific findings. He is ordering payment of a Special Master that His Honor brought into the case. He doesn't have to make findings as to, you know, who's -- about piercing the veil. Mr. Nady was a party. And under Rule 53 Judge Cory had the discretion and broad discretion to order payment and order contempt.

Now let me just say this, Your Honor, the contempt. We've all heard the old joke about the person who killed their parents and then came to the court pleading for mercy because they're an orphan. That old joke applies here. For Mr. Nady to come in and say well we have to get rid of this contempt. Get rid of his contempt? You had opportunities to get rid of the contempt. You were ordered back a year -- or more than a year ago to make the payment. You could have made the payment.

And that leads us to the ability to pay which seems to be an argument that as you can see from the briefing that Judge Cory said this is frankly ludicrous using his words, frankly ludicrous. And on the one hand the defendants are arguing well he didn't have the ability to pay. And then after not having the ability to pay so called, they the plaintiffs in this case, not us, Your Honor, the plaintiffs executed on 233 or so thousand dollars from an account, so there was ability to pay.

Further, Your Honor, the -- Ms. Rodriguez at one of the hearings which we cited to said, Your Honor, I know you don't want to hear more argument on this but my client tried to pay. They said Mr. Nady went to the Clerk with a check to attempt to make a deposit with the Court. And the Court Clerk refused it. And this is cited to in the brief,

Your Honor. And this is -- after this is at the time of the contempt of Mr. Nady. They said no, no he tried to pay it.

So on the one hand when we're talking about the contempt the contempt is applicable. And I'm not sure how much you want to hear that. That's in the brief. Mr. Nady on one hand they say he couldn't pay but he had that ability based upon the execution. And on the other hand his attorney said they tried to pay but the Clerk wouldn't take the money, which of course Judge Cory said I don't think that ameliorates the contempt that your client has. Those are the words.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DUBOWSKY: So -- thank you, Your Honor. But again, Your Honor, the Court had the authority. It's not -- this is the inherent authority of the Court under 53 to bring in a Special Master and order payment of the Special Master. And there's no question, Your Honor. You can see clearly form the record Mr. Cory -- excuse me, Judge Cory intended Mr. Nady to be the one liable to make that payment in addition to the entities that no longer exist.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. I appreciate that argument. I understand what you're saying.

I do want to go back to something that's probably more threshold, Mr. Shafer, the EDCR 2.24 issue that Mr. Dubowsky brought up.

MR. SHAFER: Sure.

THE COURT: I think that's the rule. I have it here in my hand now. Parties seeking reconsideration must file a motion within 10 days

1	after service of written notice of the order unless the time is shortened or
2	enlarged by order. So let's start with has there ever been an order
3	shortening or enlarging time?
4	MR. SHAFER: No.
5	THE COURT: Okay, so that means you have the 10 day rule
6	applies.
7	MR. SHAFER: That is correct.
8	THE COURT: So do you agree with the 10 days that Mr.
9	Dubowsky gave, the notice of entry on February 5 th up to February 20 th
10	and so you're about 5 days late on this.
11	MR. SHAFER: I don't agree that it's late.
12	THE COURT: Okay.
13	MR. SHAFER: I do agree with the calculation of the 10 days.
14	But here's why it is not late.
15	THE COURT: Okay
16	MR. SHAFER: Because up until March 1 st of 2019 the rule was
17	that electronic filings were permitted 3 days for mailing. So by that day,
18	the 20 th takes us to a weekend and so the next day is the 25 th , the day it
19	was filed.
20	THE COURT: So do under the rules that were applicable at the
21	time
22	MR. SHAFER: That is correct.
23	THE COURT: it's timely.
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MR. SHAFER: If this motion had been filed two weeks later and
we were the under new NRCPs then Mr. Dubowsky would be correct
there would not be 3 additional days for mailing.

THE COURT: Yeah, because it became effective March 1st.

MR. SHAFER: That is correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay, that's my answer to that question.

MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: Okay. So then anything you wanted to say in further support of your request here?

MR. SHAFER: Just briefly I'll just remind the Court. There was a hearing in May in which time the Judge ordered a severance of the case. That order wasn't entered until August. But in any event it was clearly before the motion for contempt was brought.

And so at the time it was brought this was not brought in the Nady severed portion but in the A Cab severed portion.

THE COURT: Okay, all right.

MR. SHAFER: I'll just address the writ issue, or excuse me, there was an attempt to pay to the Clerk. That was made in February of '18. A Cab, Mr. Nady himself personally but with A Cab funds went to try to deposit money with the Clerk of the Court, \$5,000 which was what it had at the table able to try to make this payment. The Clerk refused to accept the payment at that point. So that's what that issue is. Not that -- but again that's as to A Cab --

THE COURT: Right.

MR. SHAFER: -- not as to Mr. Nady himself personally.

THE COURT: All right, your argument so far has centered on this idea of not piercing corporate veil and in other words all roads in your argument in my view seem to lead to this idea that Mr. Nady is an officer or director and that something would have to happen to pierce the corporate veil in alter ego sense is most of what your argument -
MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: -- anyway has been.

MR. SHAFER: Yeah.

THE COURT: But Mr. Dubowsky brings up something that I want you to react to. He says we don't need to even get to that essentially. We don't need to even get to this whole analysis of piercing corporate veils. Because under the NRCPs in dealing with appointing

MR. DUBOWSKY: Your Honor, 53.

Special Masters and all Rule -- what was it Rule 50-something.

THE COURT: 53, Rule 53 that the Judge did this individually against Nady because he's and individual defendant. What do you make of that?

MR. SHAFER: Well I believe it's somewhat of a new argument but I'll respond in this way in that there was never such a finding. The order to pay as a Special Master was solely as against defendant A Cab. That is -- yeah, sure. I think Mr. Wall has an issue regarding 53 that he would be more prepared to address if the Court would permit him to --

THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Wall.

MR. WALL: Your Honor, Mr. Dubowsky, with all due respect, is very late to this proceeding. And the argument that he makes that he

repeatedly said Mr. Nady's a party, he's a named party, he's a party is absolutely incorrect.

Judge Corey was in a road race and he had to get to a final judgment. He had only one way of doing that. He removed, specifically by order, Mr. Nady as a party to the action. He severed him out. He wasn't a party to the action at that time. And all of this followed final judgment. Mr. Nady's only participation in this is as an officer or director of A Cab. He was not a party at the time any of this went down.

THE COURT: So we're right back to the initial argument then in your view that is made that under the law --

MR. WALL: Correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: -- it's either independent activity by Nady or pierce corporate veil. There has to be a record of that or else Ken Cory made error. Right, that's your argument essentially?

MR. WALL: That's correct.

MR. SHAFER: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Anything -- anybody want to say anything else?

MR. DUBOWSKY: Yes, Your Honor. Let me go back to the 10 days on the motion for reconsideration.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DUBOWSKY: Again, Your Honor, the -- even though the changes to NRCP are irrelevant because Nevada Electronic Filing and Conversion Rule 9, subsection (f)(2), an additional 3 days must not be added to the time to respond. This is again in counting the days

everything here was done electronically, so therefore it does not change the fact that even though the new rule made it more clear as to what the dates were but the at the time it was in effect those 10 days had past, because the 10 days did not include the days for mailing. And that's not from -- that's -- and that's from the electronic filing rules, rule when counting those days.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DUBOWSKY: So yes it certainly was untimely.

Now with regard to the party again I -- admittedly I'm late --

THE COURT: I would have to say just to let you know something here now. I mean, it probably is stylistic in me, and you know, as time goes on I realize more and more there's things about the court that you're in that matter, you know. And so stylistically with me if I don't say this I'm just not telling you the truth. I in -- I would almost always find a way to let the merits of the motion be decided on something like this. If it -- you know, in other words there's a difference between us talking about the old rules, new rules and a day here, or two days, or three days.

I mean, I would normally just find a way to handle the merits than not -- I mean, I don't think I'd ever be the judge to say you know what there's a dispute on this. It's a day or two here or there. So I'm going to stand on this and say I'm not going to consider it. That would -- that normally wouldn't be something I would come up with. I'll just share with you. Normally I'd try to find a way to get to the merits of the motion.

MR. DUBOWSKY: But --

THE COURT: In other words, even if that meant saying in live court well consider this an enlargement of time and it is. I mean, I -- you know, stylistically in me I don't -- I can't remember doing something like that since I've been here, saying you know I'm just going to not let you bring your motion that's briefed and argued for hours, you know, because it was a day late. That's -- I just haven't been that Judge. Just to share with you.

MR. DUBOWSKY: I appreciate that, Your Honor. And I understand that about Your Honor. When we were here at court last you said some of the local rules are suggestive and that's why my opposition was not just that -- was not just citing to the fact that it was late and leaving it alone. You can see I --

THE COURT: I don't see that there's bad faith here. I mean, I don't have a reason to doubt that these good lawyers, and they're good ones, think it was timely. And I also don't have a quibble with you looking at it and saying now wait a second there's this other little issue and the mailing and all. But there's no bad faith filing that I can see and it's right on -- it's close to right on time if it's not on time. So I think I just should do a decision on the merits of it to the best of my ability then.

MR. DUBOWSKY: Thank you, Your Honor. And just in terms of the merits and appreciate Mr. Wall pointing out I am linked to the case. You can see, Your Honor, again I'm boarding to try to help a party that you see is unpaid.

Again the severance is irrelevant, Your Honor. I believe the payment to the Special Master was first ordered as far back as February

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2018. So again the order for payment and his order Judge Cory saying
they have to pay, again it's independent of the severance. I believe it's
prior to the severance anyway if I'm correct on that. So it's had nothing to
do with the severance, so again Under 53, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Wall's saying it happened after the severance, I think.

MR. DUBOWSKY: Okay. Is that right?

THE COURT: I think that's what he's saying. Right, Mr. Wall?

MR. WALL: Your Honor.

THE COURT: In other words the contempt happens after severance.

MR. WALL: The first --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: I'm not going to make argument, Your Honor, but I did want to -- I have been involved from the beginning --

THE COURT: Yeah.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- so I would like to just clarify a couple of things --

THE COURT: Sure.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- in case there was some confusion.

Because I know you asked Mr. Dubowksy if his client was post-judgment and he was not. There were actually have been three Special Masters appointed by Judge Cory in this matter. The first one was the local that's not involved, Piercy Bowler. Mr. Dubowsky's was the second Special Master appointed, Resolution Economics. And theirs was not post-judgment. It was for purposes of reviewing trip sheets.

And then Judge Cory appointed the third Special Master postjudgement, George Schwartz who was tasked with reviewing the financial
records to determine if Mr. Dubowsky's, Special Master number two,
could actually be paid. But on the very same day that he ordered Special
Master number three, George Schwarz to figure out if there was money to
pay number two was the same day that he issued the order of contempt.
So that's -- there's a lot of confusion there. And then that was one of our
basis as well -THE COURT: Okay.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- is he didn't wait for the financial report to

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- is he didn't wait for the financial report to determine if there was money before he found the contempt.

MR. WALL: The contempt -- all of the contempt proceedings post-date the judgement and the severance. At that point Judge Cory didn't have personal jurisdiction over Jay Nady as a party.

MR. DUBOWSKY: But I believe -- just to clarify the orders to pay did proceed the severance I believe.

THE COURT: For the entity to pay?

MR. DUBOWSKY: No for both -- for the parties to pay, Your Honor, I -- when it says defendants referred to also to Mr. Nady individually. But I believe that predates the severance. Again, Your Honor, admittedly I'm new to this -- the case --

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. DUBOWSKY: -- relatively speaking, but I believe that the - the initials orders go back to February.

THE COURT: So the order to pay the Special Master you're saying included Mr. Nady as an individual defendant and the severance happens after that.

MR. DUBOWSKY: I believe so, Your Honor. And if I'm wrong on that I'll admit I'm wrong, but again because I did arrive late to the party on this one so to speak. But I do believe that the order to pay goes back to February and March of 2018. The March -- excuse me, May 23rd was a \$41,000. The \$25,000, Your Honor, is back to March 2018. And I do believe that predates the severance, but I'm open to someone to correct me on that.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SHAFER: Your Honor, I can point to in Resolution

Economics' initial application in their order, they cite to the decision in the

Court in both February -- in the February 7th order it was to be defendant

A Cab. When you look at the final order that was entered on August 21st

of 2018 it says the Court directed that A Cab pay for such Special Master.

So it was the determination of the Court that A Cab should pay. The first
time that it comes against Jay Nady is in his capacity as an officer and
director in post-judgment and post-severance.

MR. DUBOWSKY: Your Honor, again if you read -- as far as the in the since I was still presenting, Your Honor. Again all of the transcripts it said approximately 30 citations to the record you can see it is clear that it was Mr. Nady individually, Mr. Nady for payment, Mr. Nady individually for contempt. And so, Your Honor, even the Special Master number 3, the one who did get paid found that my client could be paid

with if properly motivated. So there was money there to pay. The contempt was proper.

And again, Your Honor, you can see when it comes to contempt the Court has broad discretion to maintain the dignity of its own court.

They can order contempt against the party. They can change a civil contempt to criminal contempt. We've cited to some cases on that --

THE COURT: Yeah, that's true. All those things could happen, but I guarantee you there's a lot of procedural things you have to get right if you're going to do contempt.

MR. DUBOWSKY: And we're not asking for criminal contempt, Your Honor.

THE COURT: That's an area wrought -- there's pit falls and I mean, I'd say that 75% of the time there's problems somewhere when you're trying to do contempt as a Judge, believe me.

MR. DUBOWSKY: Your Honor, and all I wanted to say was this Your Honor, look we're not a party. We are not a party to any, the big dispute that happened here. I was hired because my client never got paid. That's it. And Mr. Nady was ordered to pay. That is based upon you can see the record is replete with it.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. DUBOWSKY: And that's all, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All we can do is try to figure it out further and come up with some sort of an order that makes sense. I don't know what that's going to be yet but the argument helped. I made -- this is the first time I think I made notes and then as many notes as I have here and then

1	each note starts off with something that says but then look at this, then it		
2	says look at this. So it's a bit of a pathway I need to take. We'll do the		
3	best we can to go down that path and figure it out. That's all I can say.		
4	We'll try to do an order. I'm not going to promise a short a quick one.		
5	But it won't be, you know, a month or more. It won't be more than		
6	probably a couple weeks. Okay. All right.		
7	MR. DUBOWSKY: Thank you, Your Honor.		
8	MR. SHAFER: Thank you for the		
9	THE COURT: Okay.		
10	MR. SHAFER: our extended period of argument. I		
11	appreciate it.		
12	[Hearing concluded at 12:03 p.m.]		
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1 **NOEJ** Peter Dubowsky, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 4972 Amanda C. Vogler-Heaton, Esq. 3 Nevada Bar No. 13609 DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CHTD. 300 South Fourth Street, Suite 1020 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 360-3500 Fax (702) 360-3515 Attorney for Plaintiff 6 DISTRICT COURT 7 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 8 MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL RENO,) Case No.: A-12-669926-C 9 Individually and on behalf of others similarly) situated Dept No.: I 10 Plaintiff, 11 VS. 12 **NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER** A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, 13 and CREIGHTON J. NADY and DOES I-X and ROE CORPORATIONS I-X, inclusive 14 Defendants 15 RESOLUTION ECONOMICS LLC 16 Special Master, 17 VS. 18 19 A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY and DOES I-X and 20

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ROE CORPORATIONS I-X, inclusive

Defendants

Please take notice that on August 8, 2019, an ORDER DENYING DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION OF JUDGMENT AND ORDER GRANTING

RESOLUTION ECONOMICS APPLICATION FOR ORDER OF PAYMENT OF SPECIAL

1 MASTER'S FEES AND ORDER OF CONTEMPT was entered by the Clerk of the Court in 2 the above-referenced matter. A true and correct copy of the order is attached. 3 Dated: August 8, 2019 4 DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CHTD. 5 By: /s/Amanda C. Vogler-Heaton 6 Amanda C. Vogler-Heaton, Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff 7 8 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 9 Pursuant to N.R.C.P 5(b), I hereby certify that on the 8th day of August, 2019, I served a 10 true and correct copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER upon those persons 11 designated by the parties in the E-Service Master List for the above-referenced matter in the 12 Eighth Judicial District Court eFiling System in accordance with the mandatory electronic 13 service requirements of Administrative Order 14-2 and the Nevada Electronic Filing 14 Conversion Rules: 15 Leon Greenberg, Esq. 16 Attorney for Plaintiff 17 Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. 18 Attorney for Defendant 19 /s/ Amanda C. Vogler-Heaton 20 An employee of Dubowsky Law Office, Chtd. 21 22 23 24 25

DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CHTD.

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Order Of Contempt ("Motion") having been filed on February 25, 2019 for reconsideration of Judge Cory's Judgment and Order Granting Resolution Economics' Application for Order of Payment of Special Master's Fees and Order of Contempt ("Judgment/Contempt Order"), which Notice of Entry of Judgment/Contempt Order was electronically transmitted on February 5, 2019, and the hearing on the Motion having come before this Court on May 21, 2019; and Special Master Resolution Economics having filed an Opposition, and Defendants not having filed a timely Reply to the Special Master Resolution Economics' Opposition¹; and on May 8, 2019, Defendants having also filed a Brief Regarding Effect of Automatic Stay of 11 USC 362 Following Plaintiff's Petition for Involuntary Bankruptcy; followed by on May 9, 2019 by the Defendants filing of a Supplement to Brief Addressing Jurisdiction of this Court, and after hearing oral argument wherein Peter Dubowsky, Esq. of the DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CTHD. appeared for Special Master Resolution Economics, and Jay A. Shafer of CORY READE DOWS and SHAFER, along with Esther C Rodriguez, Esq. of RODGRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, and Michael K. Wall, Esq. of HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC all appearing for Defendants/Contemnors, and this Court having carefully considering the briefs and evidence, the Court finds as follows.

Defendants' basis for this Motion to Reconsider is that Judge Cory's ruling is clearly erroneous because Judge Cory found Defendants A Cab Taxi Service LLC, A Cab and Creighton J. Nady individually guilty of contempt of Court for disobedience and/or resistance to the Court's lawful Orders to pay the Special Master's compensation.

At the May 21, 2019 hearing, Defendants argued that Defendant Nady, individually, was not required to pay in accordance with the Department 1 Court Order and as such, could

¹ The March 21, 2019 Minute Order states that the Defendants' Reply was due April 4, 2019.

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not be held in contempt for failure to do so. In response, this Court took the matter under advisement to fully consider all former findings.

EDCR 2.24 (a) states, "No motions once heard and disposed of may be renewed in the same cause, nor may the same matters therein embraced be reheard, unless by leave of the court granted upon motion therefor, after notice of such motion to the adverse parties." A district court may reconsider previously decided issue if substantially different evidence is subsequently introduced or decision is clearly erroneous. Masonry & Tile Contractors Ass'n of S. Nevada v. Jolley, Urga & Wirth, Ltd., 113 Nev. 737, 741, 941 P.2d 486, 489 (1997). Only in very rare instances in which new issues of fact or law are raised supporting a ruling contrary to the ruling already reached should a motion for rehearing be granted. Moore v. City of Las Vegas, 92 Nev. 402, 405, 551 P.2d 244, 246 (1976).

Judge Cory's Orders for payment were directed to the Defendants in the plural. For instance, the February 7, 2018 Order states, The Court also finds a compelling imperative to appoint in so appointing a Special Master, at defendants expense . . . On March 6, 2018, Judge Cory entered a Minute Order further ordering the Defendants to pay the initial \$25,000.00 to the Special Master, stating the Defendants should well be able to set aside the initial \$25,000.00 deposit, and are ordered to do so. Judge Cory's payment orders go back to March 2018, with warnings of contempt as far back as August 2018. In the August 2018 Judgment Order, the Court found that the Defendants were in contempt: [T]he Court finds that Defendants' persistent failure to comply with Court orders . . . warrants holding defendants in contempt . . . Further on December 11, 2018, Judge Cory stated, "I do find that Mr. Nady and the corporate defendants have willfully violated Court orders."

1 Courts have inherent power to enforce their decrees through civil contempt 2 proceedings Matter of Water Rights of Humboldt River, 118 Nev. 901 (2002), thus, even if 3 Mr. Nady was severed out, the Court had inherit power to order contempt on him as a named 4 Defendant in this case. Therefore, this Court finds that the Defendants have failed to 5 establish that this Court's decision was clearly erroneous. 6 As such, Defendants' Motion to Reconsider is hereby DENIED. 8 9 DISTRICE COURT JUDGE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT, DEPARTMENT 32 10 Respectfully submitted, Approved as to form and content, 11 DUBOWSKY LAW OFFICE, CHTD. CORY READE DOWS AND SHAFER 12 13 By: By: Peter Dubowsky, Esq. Jay A. Shafer, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 4972 14 Nevada Bar No. 9184 Amanda C. Vogler-Heaton, Esq. 1333 North Butfalo Drive, Suite 210 15 Nevada Bar No. 13609 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128 300 South Fourth Street, Suite 1020 (702) 794-4411 16 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorney for Defendants (702) 360-3500 17 Attorney for Special Master RESOLUTION ECONOMICS 18 Approved as to form and content, Approved as to form and content, 19 HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C. 20 21 By:_ By:_ Michael K. Wall, Esq. Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. 22 Nevada Bar No. 2098 Nevada Bar No. 6473 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200 23 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 (702) 385-2500 (702) 320-8400 24 Attorney for Defendants Attorney for Defendants

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5	DISTRICT COURT				
6	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA				
7	MICHAEL MURRAY,				
8	Plaintiff,	CASE NO: A-12-669926-C			
9	vs.	DEPT. XXXII			
10 11	A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC,				
12	Defendant.				
13					
14	BEFORE THE HONORABLE ROB E	BARE, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE			
15	TUESDAY, DECE	EMBER 3, 2019			
16	RECORDER'S TRANSCI				
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20	APPEARANCES ON PAGE 2:				
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25	RECORDED BY: KAIHLA BERNDT, COURT RECORDER				

1	Las Vegas, Nevada; Tuesday, December 3, 2019
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3	[Hearing commenced at 11:57 a.m.]
4	[Colloquy between the Court and the Law Clerk]
5	THE COURT: All right, counsel would you all like to make
6	your appearances, please?
7	MR. GREENBERG: Leon Greenberg and Dana Sniegocki for
8	plaintiff, Your Honor.
9	MS. SNIEGOCKI: Good morning.
0	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Good morning, Your Honor, Esther
1	Rodriguez for the defendants, and present in the courtroom is also Mr.
2	and Mrs. Nady.
3	THE COURT: All right.
4	MR. SHAFER: Jay Shafer for defendants.
5	MR. WALL: And, Michael Wall for the defendants.
16	MR. PARSONS: Your Honor, if I may, I'm Steve Parsons, bar
7	number 363. I'm here on behalf of the Court's predecessor, Judge
8	Cory's appointment of George Swarts, as Special Master.
9	THE COURT: All right, have a seat and relax
20	everyone. Let's see, what can I say to be helpful here? There are a few
21	things I could say. We're here on a defense motion to, sort of, resume
22	court hearings, and Mr. Parsons, of course, is here representing the
23	Special Master Swarts, who it's suggested should be reappointed or
24	reemployed or re-motivated or re-energized again, to supervise the
25	financials of the defense, to ensure they operate profitably, and there's

no improper withdrawals or transfers. I can tell you that that seems to be a reasonable request to me going into this, but could be I'll be persuaded otherwise.

The defense has come forth and said that they have an additional \$100,000 to add to the security, in addition to the money that the plaintiffs have in their trust account, which is another little bit more than \$200,000. So, that's about \$300,000. The plaintiffs indicate that the combined judgment is now about \$1.45 million. So, the question would be what's an adequate security?

The plaintiffs, I think rightly so, bring up that to this point the factors that you do see in this *Nelson versus Herr* case haven't really been discussed. Of course, those are factors having to do with the appropriateness of a supersedeas bond. And so, going into this, I see that. I don't see anywhere where the defense has talked about those factors with any level of writing or specificity in here, but you know, keep -- make a note, and maybe we'll talk further about that. The defense wants the matter to be stayed while they pursue some sort of appeal or declaratory relief, or something, from a higher court. And of course, they have a right to do that. The question would be what type of bond? So, if you have a sufficient bond, of course, I think that would allow for a stay; if there's a bond sufficient, and I think that's the issue here. Again, the \$200,000 plus the additional \$100,000, is that enough? And, let's see, what else?

The plaintiffs want me to allow them to distribute the monies that they do have. In other words, allow some, well, distribution of the

money that you have in your -- the \$203,000, or whatever it is. And, let's see, what else? The plaintiffs want some property to be turned over. I will share with you that at this point, I think that's probably premature. I respect the request, but I think that you should exhaust other judgment enforcement mechanisms, like judgment debtor exams, and other things you do in a post-judgment scenario before property is taken; that's just what I think going into this.

So, bottom line is, going into the hearing, I'm thinking that most likely we need to still do something more, by way of a supersedeas bond. We probably do need to have George Swarts reactivated. We probably will not -- I probably won't allow for property to be seized or taken. I would rather have, again, more conventional judgment debtor exam, post -- you know, collection activity take place. The idea of distributing the funds I agree with, going into this, but yet, a stay of a lot of this probably would happen if an appropriate supersedeas bond were put in place, consistent with an appeal of some sort.

So, let's see how it all works out, now that I've given some preliminary thoughts. And, let's see, who do we start with here? I guess I'll start with the defense side, since you're -- Ms. Rodriguez, sort of responsible for us being back here again, today.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Yes, you have -- yes, that's correct, Your Honor, it was my motion on the -- to resume the hearings on some of the issues that weren't fully flushed out --

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- the last time.

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THE COURT: Sure.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Following that hearing, the defense did have an opportunity to sit down and kind of hash out some of those issues with Mr. Swarts, as well as, Mr. Parsons. And unfortunately, right before the commencement of the hearing, we were informed that Mr. Swarts was unable to be here this morning, but I think that Mr. Parsons can still address some of the issues that we felt it was important for the Court to hear directly from the Special Master. And, you've touched on the majority of those; the only thing I did want to mention is this issue of the bond. You know, looking at the *Nelson* case and looking at Rule 62, everything also -- points to the fact about maintaining the status quo, with the goal being also not to put the company, or the debtor, out of business entirely. And, I think that's one of the points that the Special Master can address, and has addressed, in the report that was provided about a year ago.

In addition to the two items that the Court mentioned about the \$200,000 or thereabouts, it's already in Mr. Greenberg's trust account. The additional \$100,000 that A Cab is now offering, which is different from the last hearing -- we came up with an additional funds on that. There's two other things that the Court -- we ask the Court to consider. One is that, again, A Cab, the defendants, would meet -- would remain -what we're proposing is that they would remain under the watchful eye of Mr. Swarts, with him having full access to the records, the activities, to make sure that there is nothing fishy going on, as the plaintiffs have alleged -- I think Your Honor passed me your throat issue.

THE COURT: Yeah.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Excuse me.

THE COURT: Yeah, they've alleged that there was \$1.9 million taken out --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Right.

THE COURT: -- and that there was other things going on that they have concerns about. I mean, I liked the idea having, you know, a neutral, you know, receiver-style person over these situations when they occur. It makes sense to me.

But, let me ask you something about this \$100,000, because I don't know exactly how this would work, and I don't know how much it would take to get a -- how much would it take to get a supersedeas bond for the whole potential judgment amount -- or judgment amount; I guess it's not potential anymore. The \$1.4 million, or whatever it is, what kind of bond -- how much would it take to get that bond? Would \$100,000 get that bond?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: No, Your Honor. That -- that's a really good point that I think goes to the heart of the issue is that, initially when A Cab tried to obtain the million dollar bond, or thereabouts -- and we provided verifications to the Court at that time; I can dig those up, again. But, everyone that Mr. Nady went to, to try to secure a bond, was requiring \$1,000,000 dollars, in cash. They wouldn't even accept property --

THE COURT: So, why would you get a bond if -- MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- or real estate. Exactly.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: It wasn't making sense, but I think they were looking at the financial predicaments of -- they were looking at the same records that A Cab --

THE COURT: Mm-hmm.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- had at the time. And, that's what we presented to Judge Cory; we turned in the documentation showing that that -- they were -- had been rejected. I think they went to four different bonding companies, banking companies, and were rejected from basically turning over -- turning over \$1,000,000 dollars in cash to secure the bond. So, that was impossible.

THE COURT: A \$1.4 million dollar bond, or something like that?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Correct.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Correct. And, I don't think --

THE COURT: Now wait, let me ask you a question that --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- that situation has changed.

THE COURT: I'm sorry to do this to you, but is that in some ways evidence reflective of what's going on with the company, then, that there's not a lot of confidence that bond companies have in the company?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: May I have Mr. Shafer speak to that? Because, he is basically the collection --

THE COURT: Okay, sure.

1	MS. RODRIGUEZ: expert
2	THE COURT: Sure.
3	MS. RODRIGUEZ: in this area. And, I think he's more
4	familiar with what but
5	THE COURT: Okay, that's fine.
6	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Do you want to speak to that?
7	MR. SHAFER: I'll just briefly address that, and it is the
8	standard and practice when you post a judgment bond like this, for a
9	bonding company to require collateral for the full amount of the
10	judgment. Essentially, they would have to show that there was liquidity
11	of \$1.5 million dollars that could be attached within a day. Plus, you pay
12	a premium of 5 to 10% above that, and plus
13	THE COURT: Okay, so the answer is probably yes to my
14	question
15	MR. SHAFER: Yeah.
16	THE COURT: there's the bonding company wasn't sure
17	whether
18	MR. SHAFER: Well
19	THE COURT: you know, if that faithful day ever came, but
20	that kind of money could somehow be produced.
21	MR. SHAFER: And, that's not unique to this company, that's
22	the standard across all
23	THE COURT: Okay.
24	MR. SHAFER: all bonds.
25	THE COURT: Okay, I figured it was that way, but I just

1	wanted to ask and make sure. Okay, so
2	MR. SHAFER: Okay.
3	THE COURT: the \$100,000, I take it, is an offer to give to
4	Mr. Greenberg, to add to the \$203,000 or so, that they already have.
5	Would you object to it being distributed?
6	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Oh yes, Your Honor. That I think that
7	goes to the issues that we argued the last time and terms of it. Our
8	proposal would be that it would be held in trust. Originally, it was
9	deposited, I believe with the clerk, and then it was transferred. Judge
10	Cory wasn't comfortable
11	THE COURT: Okay.
12	MS. RODRIGUEZ: remaining, so
13	THE COURT: And, just being quick
14	MS. RODRIGUEZ: yeah.
15	THE COURT: with all these questions.
16	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Right.
17	THE COURT: If they have \$303,000 or so, how is that a
18	sufficient security to for me to give a stay on a supersedeas bond
19	issue?
20	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Well, it's combined with the other factors
21	that we had talked about. First, making sure it's a deposit towards the
22	judgment, and secondly, the next part of it with having George Swarts
23	monitor the activities to make sure there aren't any additional or any
24	transfers. I can represent to the Court, there haven't been any
25	fraudulent transfers, as alleged; there's no proof of that.

But, to make sure that the plaintiff is comfortable that there aren't any things of that sort happening, we would agree to have George Swarts, and his counsel, continue to monitor anything to -- the records, full access to that. Additionally, the other item that we offered was that there are pending declaratory relief actions before Judge Williams right now, where our position has been as the defendants that that money isn't properly garnished in the first place; it is not supposed to -- it does not belong to the judgment debtor. And so, we would agree --

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- to stay and not try to transfer that money, or -- and not move forward with that dec-relief action in front of Judge Williams, pending the appeal, as well. So, we're not going to challenge that money, right now. So, that would be the additional offer to secure the judgment. I think the two goals for the supersedeas bond or -- is really to have something to secure the judgment --

[Colloquy between counsel]

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- and actually, our proposal works towards that goal because if -- if the Court were to allow Mr. Greenberg to go full force, with full activity, and collect in his collection activities, I think, this is one of the things we wanted to have a Special Master speak to, because his report conveys that if the collection activities are unleashed upon the defendant, the defendant will essentially go out of business. So, there will no -- not be an ability to pay the judgment in the future. If you're maintaining the status quo, with initial -- with enough security of a deposit, the supervision of a Special Master, a stay on any

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1	dec-relief action, that in itself would secure a judgment for the future, as
2	opposed to the other alternative.
3	THE COURT: Your stay is also relevant to collection efforts
4	themselves, isn't it?
5	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Exactly
6	THE COURT: Yeah.
7	MS. RODRIGUEZ: that's really the that's the stay, but
8	in this case
9	THE COURT: Yeah, right
0	MS. RODRIGUEZ: in this particular case
1	THE COURT: Yeah, okay.
2	MS. RODRIGUEZ: it would be the collection activities.
3	Because, there's nothing further, really, to brief. The there is the
4	separate judgment that is pending out there, or the separate action
5	against Defendant Nady; that's been severed, and that's been stayed,
6	and there's nothing happening on that
7	THE COURT: Mmm.
8	MS. RODRIGUEZ: currently.
9	THE COURT: Okay, but it seems to me that, as far as
20	evidence to give a Court a comfort level on the issue of whether
21	collection efforts would put the company out of business, that would
22	have to come from an independent source, namely George Swarts.
23	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Correct. And, I don't know if Your Honor
24	is ever if you've had an opportunity to go back and review the report
25	from Mr. Swarts, but you know, one of the things that he was

mentioning -- and of course, this was based on old information. He hasn't gone back and looked at the current information, but at the time, he was opining that the cash flows were very tight, and there were times that A Cab could -- it was ebbs and flows. Sometimes there was more cash available than other times.

But, I think his -- he was of the opinion that if you take their taxi cabs, they were unable to operate, and if you go full force with the collection activities, it would be detrimental to the company. And again, you know, I don't want to make representations other than what is already in Mr. Swarts's report, but perhaps Mr. Parsons may be in a position to speak to his client's opinion.

THE COURT: Okay, maybe it'd be helpful to have Mr.

Parsons give comments to me before anybody else says anything,
because maybe all roads, in some ways, go back to an opinion the Court
would need to get, in any event, from Mr. Swarts. I don't know.

MR. PARSONS: Thank you, Your Honor. I'll go to the lectern. Your Honor, first of all, because it was the subject of misapprehension by the parties, apparently Mr. Swarts and I miscommunicated about his being here today, and he attended, instead, some personal commitments out of state.

THE COURT: Oh, don't worry about it. You -- I know -- MR. PARSONS: Correct.

THE COURT: -- you can speak on his behalf, so go ahead.

MR. PARSONS: Thank you. Let me portray to the Court the two extreme positions we find ourselves in as a neutral. We were not

able, after extensive effort, to come up with a plan where the parties can collaborate, cooperate, and stand down, if you will, while he gets his bearings. So, we have nothing to propose to the Court that's consensual. At the opposite extreme, I can report with absolute candor that these are strong personalities. They've taken very contentious positions that really don't lend to a lot of reconciliation. What we have portrayed to them, and I believe is within the ambit of this Court is, Mr. Swarts is prepared to continue his service as a Special Master.

But, I've kind of coined a new term, and that would be that he would be a receiver not in possession of A Cab. He would have all of the authority, have the discretion to act as a receiver, but Mr. Nady and the other management of A Cab would remain in place, subject to Mr. Swarts's total supervision and reportage to both the parties, and ultimately, to the Court.

THE COURT: What ultimately would Swarts tell a Court -- tell me, then, that in your view I would need to reconcile the items, today?

MR. PARSONS: I believe it is accurate that though the data is aged at this point, and when we met with A Cab, they did disclose that the trending was modestly better than it had been last year, Mr. Swarts was definitely of the opinion that any significant shifting of capital or assets away from the business, threatened the existence of the business. And, that's what he reported both to Judge Cory, and most recently, that's been his contention to me, that we are aware and independent of defendants.

I can assert to the Court that all of my experience indicates

that other than large publicly traded corporations with a special relationship with a surety, everybody else it's dollar for dollar the amount of the bond, plus an upcharge for fees; and in fact, that upcharge can be assessed annually, so it's an ongoing expense, as well. So, we don't believe that the posting of supersedeas is presently within the capacity of A Cab, but we have no essential present information to confirm that.

THE COURT: Mm-hmm.

MR. PARSONS: That was a held opinion as of February, I believe, was the latest information. Let me parenthetically note, without trying to kick anybody, the sheer start-up, gaining of the information, and assessing it, was very difficult. The way this business is maintained is a very sophisticated, interlocking series of LLCs, so as we think we'd have enough information, we'd have to go back for more. I don't think that anybody was attempting not to cooperate --

THE COURT: Mm-hmm.

MR. PARSONS: -- but clearly if he is reappointed, or reupped, or whatever we come up with as a term, because it was contemplated by Judge Cory in his order, Mr. Swarts will have to have absolute authority to demand, and upon his demand, be provided all of the operational information --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. PARSONS: -- otherwise he'll be back to this Court, quickly.

THE COURT: All right, I appreciate that, Mr. Parsons.

MR. PARSONS: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And then, Mr. Greenberg, you've been silent, so far.

MR. GREENBERG: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Because, I've made you stay that way, so -- but, it's not that what you have to say isn't important, it's just one at a time. But, you want to take this \$100,000 and put it in your trust account?

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, I do not want to see a stay issued in this case. I don't think it --

THE COURT: Okay, how about this?

MR. GREENBERG: -- is justified as a matter of law.

THE COURT: You take the \$100 -- let me suggest something to you, see if it's palatable, and if it's not, then talk to me. If -- they're offering another \$100,000 dollars. I would take -- I would say that I'll take Mr. Parson's word for the idea that if ultra-aggressive, or aggressive, collection efforts happened, that A Cab company could shut down. You don't want that, because you want the whole \$1.4 million at the end of the rainbow.

So, you take the \$100,000 that's offered, you put it in your trust account, and we get George Swarts back involved. And George Swarts then, gives further updated opinions to me, if necessary, unless everybody agrees to something that makes it such that we don't have to come back here, again. But, it -- with a view towards coming back, Swarts would provide a opinion on all the items here as to what a Court should do by way of further requirement of money to -- you know, can

they get a bond, can they post a bond, what can they even do?

Because, we don't want the company to have to shut down, it seems; that's apparent to everybody here.

And so, we just -- then I think I would have to have what I would fashion, a limited stay, okay? A limited stay would be where, you know, from a discovery sense, things that you do in a post-judgment scenario, things like judgment debtor exams and all that, you could still do all that, okay? But, the actual collection activity that might accompany further good work from a collections lawyer, those would -- that would be stayed, because we don't want to have a -- you know, Mr. Parsons says that, you know, that -- going to that level actually, you know, taking assets or taking monies in a collection sense, could cripple the business and put it out of business; so, we don't want that.

But, you still could do discovery, judgment debtor exams, and things to see what's out there and what you can maybe now use to actually collect later, if necessary. I mean, so it would be a limited stay. All discovery, you know, collection effort, again, is allowed, but actual collection of monies is stayed. That's a accommodation, that's what I'm referring to as a limited stay. The idea that Swarts is a receiver not in possession, okay; that's a good term of art. All that seems, under the circumstances, fairly reasonable to me, but you might disagree with some or all of it. So, go ahead.

MR. GREENBERG: Well, Your Honor, I respect your attempt here to find the right path forward. It is complicated. What I would propose to the Court, much in line with what Mr. Parsons was talking

about, having a receiver not in possession, is that Mr. Swarts needs to be empowered, not simply to monitor and to report, but there has to be an existing order in place in this Court, in this case, to the effect that all of the profits that are generated by the existence of the certificate of public convenience and necessity -- that's the CPCN, which is possessed by the judgment debtor. A Cab is the one who holds that. They are the judgment debtor. All of the profits generated from those activities, from those taxi medallions -- 120 taxi medallions, must be preserved and placed in trust.

The problem is the structure of the business, as Mr. Parsons was alluding to, is quite complex. Essentially, A Cab is giving away the medallions; it's leased them out to 200 or so different subseries LLCs. And so, the revenue from the taxi meter flows into one of those subseries LLCs and goes somewhere else. It never nominally arrives in the pocket of the judgment debtor. Do you understand, Your Honor? So, if Mr. --

THE COURT: Mm-hmm.

MR. GREENBERG: -- Swarts is going to be appointed receiver, he's not in possession, but simply, to let the defendants run the business. They know how -- they know the industry, they know how to run the business, I understand that. I'm not proposing that an outsider should come in and run the business. But, my client's interests --

THE COURT: Mm-hmm.

MR. GREENBERG: -- are protected by seeing two things. First of all, the profits from the operation of those taxi medallions are

preserved for their benefit, and that A Cab stops using the profits from the business to harass my clients and obstruct judgment collection.

They have two other litigations they've instituted against my clients, against a witness who provided information in the proceedings against them; they're completely frivolous and pointless. And, they know they're not going to collect any money from those actions, but they're brought simply to harass my clients, and to take up my time and effort, and they're financing those activities from the profits of the business.

So, Your Honor, if I can't get them to post the supersedeas bond, which they should do; they took out \$1.9 million dollars. The owners of A Cab have the money to post the supersedeas bond, or to pledge a guarantee on a loan to get that bond. They don't want to do it, Your Honor. They took out that money from 2016 to 2018. So, this idea that they don't have the money is just not true.

But, my client's interests are best served by seeing that the money is gotten to pay their judgment, Your Honor. The company is clearly profitable to the tune of about a half million dollars to a million dollars in 2019. I have additional financials. I have the financials from 2016, 2015, that were furnished in litigation. They're confidential, I'm not going to discuss them in the record, unless Your Honor authorizes that or I could approach and show you them; we could discuss it in more detail. But, the public information, which I discuss in my opposition, in my declaration, at Exhibit E, is from the taxi authority. Their profit -- their meter fares are up 33% this year. They're going to have passenger meter revenue of over \$10 million dollars.

THE COURT: Mm-hmm.

MR. GREENBERG: The taxi authority says the typical profit margin of a taxi business in Las Vegas is over 9%.

THE COURT: What about the idea of certain amount of profits being kept safe? Because, you know, they're going to want to pay their lawyers, and I know you think that some of the things that are happening are frivolous, but we're here, they got lawyers, today.

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, I was not proposing -- I mean look, they have an appeal they're prosecuting. I understand they have appellate rights. I have to have --

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. GREENBERG: -- some sense of compromise and accommodation to the pragmatic realities of the business and the process here, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. GREENBERG: I wasn't proposing that the receiver have the power to restrain them from paying their appellate counsel to continue their appeal. They do have a right to appeal, I understand that.

THE COURT: So, what I'm suggesting is maybe they would agree -- and, I feel like I'm running a settlement conference in some ways here, today. But, maybe they would agree to segregating a certain percentage of profits designed to pay the judgment, if after all the appellate process you prevail. Now, you'd have the \$100,000 that they're offering now; that'd give you \$303 on a \$1.4 million dollar

judgment, or whatever it is -- I realize, that's not even half, yet, but that's better than nothing.

And then, they reach an agreement that since the objective is to keep the company going -- there's two objectives, keep the company going, and then also, pay your judgment. If you prevail, they're going to appeal it, obviously. So, that's a reasonable accommodation, I think, to the situation. In other words, you take the \$100 grand; that gives you \$303. Maybe they would say, you know what, a certain percentage of profits we'll segregate as further security, frankly, to pay this judgment. And, that's a forward thinking security; but nonetheless, it is some type of security that's better than no security.

Swarts gets involved -- Swarts gives a report to the Court, consistent with everything I need to know to really make any further decisions on this whole shooting match. And, that -- and then, there's a limited stay on your collection efforts. You can do all discovery, judgment debtor exams, requests for financial documents, and all that. You just can't go any further than that while a stay's in place to collect monies, because that could cripple the business, unless Swarts, you know, he'll tell you -- he'll tell me whatever he's going to tell me, to balance this. You know, you get security, they get to run their business, they appeal the -- all the legal activity that's taken seven years or whatever it's been to get to this point, and other judges. And you know, I mean, I don't have a brother so you don't have to worry about me, okay?

MR. PARSONS: Your Honor, if I could briefly just interject. I have difficulty negotiating on Mr. Swarts's behalf. But, I can share with

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1	the Court that what term is being used, the profits be stayed, is not
2	without controversy. And so, if I were doing the best job I could for Mr.
3	Swarts
4	THE COURT: Mm-hmm.
5	MR. PARSONS: I know that his mission is to not leave any
6	assets in the business that should be applied to the judgment. But, I
7	think definitionally, that's part of the job that he has to
8	THE COURT: Could he
9	MR. PARSONS: come forth with.
10	THE COURT: let me interrupt you. Could he give an
11	opinion to the Court as to this idea, what if any percentage of profits
12	could be segregated to be a further security along the way?
13	MR. PARSONS: I am convinced he can do that.
14	THE COURT: Why don't we just do that, then?
15	MR. PARSONS: Yeah
16	THE COURT: That sounds great.
17	MR. PARSONS: that's why I think definitionally
18	THE COURT: Yeah.
19	MR. PARSONS: there's a certain rhetorical problem. This
20	is a continuous loop, and everybody wants to stop and just show their
21	part of that loop, and advocate for it. I'm not trying to pick sides, but I
22	would tell the Court that simply because we've spent the last six months
23	trying to find a consensual way of doing this, but have failed, it's going to
24	take him a little bit of start-up time
25	THE COURT: Okay.

1	MR. PARSONS: to get the current information
2	THE COURT: Well, good.
3	MR. PARSONS: and report.
4	THE COURT: I appreciate it. And, by the way, I've heard of
5	juror questions, but this is ridiculous. Okay, Mr
6	MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor
7	THE COURT: Mr. Greenberg.
8	[Colloquy between the Court and the Law Clerk]
9	MR. GREENBERG: to try to respond to your questions and
10	thoughts, Your Honor. I don't understand and agree with the idea that
11	there should be some amount of the profits that would be earmarked or
12	put in trust, through the course of the receivership.
13	THE COURT: Okay, I understand you don't agree
14	MR. GREENBERG: I'm not
15	THE COURT: with that.
16	MR. GREENBERG: I'm not disputing that the defendants
17	should be allowed to retain sufficient funds to prosecute their appeal.
18	The only I would ask that they have to seize their collateral litigation
19	involving the judgment against my clients. If they have issues regarding
20	the judgment, they should bring them before Your Honor in this case.
21	And likewise, we have a fraudulent conveyance action that is pending
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MR. GREENBERG: against the other parties, which we will
24	agree which is on a stay right now, but we will also agree to keep on
25	hiatus while the profits are deposited in trust. I would also request that

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1	the Court authorize the distribution of the \$203,000 dollars as I've
2	requested that I currently hold in the trust.
3	THE COURT: What happens if they win the appeal? If
4	even if you do that, if you distribute \$200,000 or \$300,000?
5	MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, they can post the full bond if
6	they don't want to face that possibility. The principles of the company
7	THE COURT: They can't.
8	MR. GREENBERG: have \$1.9 million dollars.
9	THE COURT: As I understand it, even from counsel for the
10	Mr. Swarts, they can't they don't have the ability to do it.
11	MR. GREENBERG: Well
12	THE COURT: Mr. Shafer's told me they've been to, you
13	know I get a feeling they the company doesn't have the
14	wherewithal
15	MR. GREENBERG: Your
16	THE COURT: to get that kind of bond, I mean, that's what I
17	get the feeling on.
18	MR. GREENBERG: I know, Your Honor. But, Your Honor is
19	just simply going by a feeling, there's no actual record here. Under
20	Nelson they need to come in with something more to establish this.
21	THE COURT: Yeah.
22	MR. GREENBERG: The issue is preserving my client's rights
23	and position as judgment creditor.
24	THE COURT: All right.
25	MR. GREENBERG: If the judgment

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. GREENBERG: -- is affirmed, and I'm back to where I am right now, we're talking, again, this Gordian knot of all of these subseries LLCs, all of this evasion of keeping property in the judgment debtor's name that I'm going to have to come back and start at ground -- day one to collect on, in a very lengthy, involved process. This is clearly --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: -- what *Nelson* says the Court needs to consider. If they were clearly going to be in a position to pay, on -- upon affirming of the judgment, then the Court could just say okay look, you guys are good for the money, you don't need to post the bond. But, they say, we don't have the money. Trying to collect the money is extremely intricate and involved here, Your Honor. None of the criteria are made out to waive the supersedeas bond. I'm talking about some cooperative understanding between the parties, where we put the receiver in place.

Clearly, the money in the business, Your Honor, at this point, is in it as it's an ongoing operation, not in its liquidation value. The money's -- because the \$1.9 million has gone out of the business since 2016, that's what Mr. Swarts determined. So, the money's been taken out of the business already. I don't need -- I don't want to continue to litigate on fraudulent conveyance; that's a separate action. Let's put in place a protocol to assure that the income coming in from the operation of those taxi medallions, which is really the only asset of the judgment debtor, goes into trust --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: -- so it'll be available for my clients.

THE COURT: All right, I think I understand the situation as well as I'm going to understand it. So, let me go ahead and give you the Court's order regarding all the matters in front of the Court here, today.

MR. GREENBERG: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right, first --

[Colloquy between counsel]

THE COURT: -- it seems like both sides agree, and Mr. Parsons agrees, that George Swarts ought to be reactivated, remotivated, reinstalled, but this time under this moniker of receiver not in possession of A Cab. And so, the Court will order that. That makes sense. And then, maybe Mr. Parsons can tell me the time period under which the Court could receive a report from Mr. Swarts, which gives the Court further comfort, and evidence, and guidance on what to do under the circumstances.

In other words, what percentage, if any, of profits could possibly be segregated in a trust account, to potentially deal with the judgment, you know, and everything else that came up in Court today, so I don't have to repeat it. I know you paid good attention -- anything that the Court would need to make effective decisions on the post-judgment activity that we're dealing with here.

Also, the \$100,000 that's been offered, I am going to order that that be given to Mr. Greenberg and placed in your trust account, to take the total now to \$300 and whatever, \$303 or \$302,000, whatever -- take that and put it in your trust account, that goes towards the

potentiality of you prevailing at the end of the day. And, how long would it take for the defense to provide that?

[Colloquy between counsel]

MR. WALL: Ten days.

THE COURT: Okay, so ten days is?

THE CLERK: December 13.

THE COURT: So, by close of business that day you'll have the extra -- you'll have that additional \$100,000 dollars. I don't -- I do not believe now -- and, for one thing that I agree *Nelson versus Herr*, the parameters of that case weren't really even discussed much in here, but it's -- it is apparent to me that at this time the defendants cannot post a supersedeas bond for the \$1.4 million, or whether -- whatever the amount is, with specificity, but it's around that amount.

And so, I cannot -- I can't grant a stay for all purposes on everything, because they can't post the bond at this point. But, they have posted a partial security, the \$300,000 now, with -- which soon will be \$300,000. So, I think a limited stay is in effect; it would be appropriate. The scope of that limited stay would be that, again, you can do any and all discovery, in a post-judgment collection sense, judgment debtor exams, requests for documents, and anything else that could -- a, you know, collections attorney would do, short of actually now either taking property or taking funds, short of actually get -- taking those items.

So, that does mean your motion requiring, you know, any sort of transfer of property, and what have you, I'm going to deny that as

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premature, in that I do think, again, this judgment debtor's exam process should be -- you can pursue it whichever way you'd like, short of actually taking property or funds. All right, so that's the limited stay. The appeal, you know, you could ask the higher Court for a stay for all purposes if you want. The -- I know that typically people ask for stays at the District Court, and you either get it or you don't; that doesn't mean you still can't get a stay from the higher Court, because you could.

And then, Mr. Parsons is going to tell me in a minute how long it'll take to get some sort of report to the Court, and of course, furnished to all parties, relevant to really what we're trying to do, and that is, provide security for the judgment to the plaintiffs. You'll have \$300,000. Maybe part of the profits ongoing can be secured, and if you win, in other words, they don't prevail in their appeal, well then, you'll have that available to you, as time goes on. If you don't, well, then you don't. That means I'm not going to allow for distribution of funds, at this time, so that part of your -- the plaintiff's motion is denied.

But, when I hear from Swarts, you know, it could be that something will happen that will put a solid procedural course in play, which will allow the cab company to health -- be healthy and continue, and it's good to hear they're doing, you know, well in their finances, going forward as a cab company. But, I would like to know, you know, how in Swarts's opinion, I can do things to now further have a security put in place that gets, you know, closer if not all the way up to the amount of the judgment. Because, right now, you have about a third of it, a little less than a third of it, with the \$300,000 that you'll have. And,

we'll just have to keep going forward with a view towards, again, allowing the company to continue to exist in a healthy way, but at the same time, security to potentially pay judgment, that should you prevail on the appeal, you know, will be put in place.

If there's any good news on this, if that happens, and your idea to maybe have a portion of the profits preserved as further security along the way, it's going to probably take time for the appellate court to reconcile all this anyway. And so, maybe what Swarts will come up with is a certain percentage, given the health of the business, and over time, maybe that will amount to, you know, half, three quarters, and then all the way up to the judgment amount, somehow being kept in some -- in these trust accounts, to potentially pay the judgment.

So, that would be my preference as to where this thing ends up. That's the best I can do, given that, you know, I appreciate -- I want to tell you, Mr. Parsons, I really appreciate what you've given me here, today, because what you've said to me is, you know, be conservative, be careful, don't do -- let too much aggressive collection effort take place, because the company will shut down. But at the same time, let's do something to evaluate, make sure there's no further -- I'm not saying there were any, but further, unauthorized transfers, or you know, make sure the accounting's safe, basically. So, that's -- that -- I think that's everything I need to do here, today, to give a effective order that makes sense to the best of my now somewhat tired ability, okay?

MR. PARSONS: There's two small claims up, if I may. THE COURT: Okay.

1	MR. PARSONS: First, there was a motion pending that we be
2	forced as Special Master under Judge Cory's order, to discourage the
3	financial information we received, which was subject to an embargo
4	giving it to plaintiffs. It's so historically old now, and I suggest that any
5	turns over from Mr. Swarts await some further protocol that he proposes
6	to the Court.
7	THE COURT: So, how long you think all that would take, for
8	the
9	MR. PARSONS: You know, I'd have to give a little
10	THE COURT: fine for this supplemental order a
11	supplemental report, is what it would be, from Swarts.
12	MR. PARSONS: I'm thinking 75 to 90 days.
13	THE COURT: Okay, well how about you pick one or the
14	other? Do you know which

MR. PARSONS: Ninety days from today -THE COURT: Ninety days, because there's holidays and all

that.

MR. PARSONS: -- the only thing we would vary on that is if we find that we cannot get the cooperation of A Cab, we'll be quick to report that.

THE COURT: Okay, good. And, so 90 days is?

THE CLERK: March 3, 2020.

THE COURT: Okay, so by March 3rd of 2020, or right at that time, Swarts is going to cause a report to be provided to the Court and all parties, and I agree, that's the appropriate time to handle any of the

other concerns, okay? Anything else?

MR. PARSONS: Yes, and that is that while I've been loathed to bring it up to both parties, we have been working without compensation since approximately April. We blew through an awful lot of money, both on an original payment that was made by plaintiffs out of the trust fund, and then a subsequent payment made by A Cab, but I believe I stopped billing when there was about \$12-\$1500 left. I'm not so much crying as I've kept until we have the Court's authority raising that issue, I didn't want to appear an extortionate, but we do have both the ongoing cost of Mr. Swarts of \$300 --

THE COURT: Well, you know, these business court Judges probably would say, who's paying for the receiver, who's paying for the Swarts --

MR. PARSONS: Yeah.

THE COURT: -- so, let's talk about that. I mean --

MR. PARSONS: Yeah. And again, I have -- both of us have moderated our billing. He's at \$300 per hour. As a courtesy, I've reduced my billing to \$300 an hour, because I understand the exigencies of both parties.

THE COURT: What's your view as to what the protocol's been by way of the payment along the way? It's --

MR. PARSONS: It's been sporadic and kind of inappropriate.

THE COURT: No, whose responsibility is it?

MR. PARSONS: I think it's both parties.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. PARSONS: I think we've got a situation where --

THE COURT: They're splitting it 50/50?

MR. PARSONS: I think that's an appropriate -- I think that lends itself to less criticism, less suspicion, and it makes everybody be more compliant with making sure that he's effective.

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, we're the judgment creditors, here. The funds we've collected are on our judgment. We would forego the appointment -- we requested the appointment of a receiver. We would -- and we put up \$20,000 dollars of what we collected to jumpstart that process.

THE COURT: Mm-hmm.

MR. GREENBERG: But, we would forego having a receiver appointed, and simply continue with enforcement efforts, take our chances at shutting down the business. If the principles of the business want to maintain it, they'll find the money to post the bond, in my view. But, I don't need to go down that road. I'd much rather see the business continue to operate, see those profits be earmarked for my clients, let the process go through orderly; that's what should happen here.

But, we should not be responsible for paying the receiver from this point forward, Your Honor. We're the creditors here; we're getting the money from them to pay the receiver. They should have to pay the receiver. They're the ones who don't want to post the bond. They're the ones who have the judgment entered against them. It shouldn't be our responsibility.

THE COURT: Okay.

1	MR. GREENBERG: And, Your Honor, I don't think it would be
2	proper for you to direct us to pay from the \$200,000 dollars we're holding
3	in trust or any of the money that's in trust, further amounts on the
4	receiver, if we don't believe it's in our interest as creditors.
5	THE COURT: All right, let me ask Ms. Rodriguez to weigh in
6	on that. And, I ask you because I've said this to you, actually probably
7	more than most lawyers in the Court, but I know you've been, you know,
8	experienced in this area, so what do you think about this?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Well, Your Honor, as Mr. Greenberg just said, he was the original one to request the appointment of Mr. Swarts --

THE COURT: Mm-hmm.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- and then he has continued to push for his appointment as a receiver. I think he's receiving everything that he's been asking for, and he is the beneficiary -- or the plaintiffs are the beneficiary in this, so I think the Court's original proposal, that the parties split it 50/50 --

THE COURT: Mm-hmm.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- is a fair proposal. Thus far, even though he said he parted with the \$20,000 dollars to transfer it per Judge Cory's order --

THE COURT: Mm-hmm.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- that was A Cab's money, that wasn't the plaintiff's money.

THE COURT: Great. Okay, anybody else -- you want to say something else on this item?

the process in negotiations. We've been in extensive negotiations, the parties. They haven't, unfortunately, resulted in an understanding. I'm not here to point fingers; that's not productive -
THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: -- I understand that, Your Honor. But

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, we agreed to that as part of

MR. GREENBERG: -- I understand that, Your Honor. Bu again, I don't believe it would be proper --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: -- for us to be required to saddle any portion of that against our --

THE COURT: Okay, you -- earlier --

MR. GREENBERG: -- consent.

THE COURT: -- I think, in the hearing, I said something about having feelings, and you said something that you can't base decisions on feelings. Well, if I can't do that, I might as well just quit today. I'll be honest with you, because a lot of things happen that you get a feeling for. Those feelings, though, come from what the law is in Nevada, not just my personal feelings; I don't do anything based upon my personal feelings, really. When I say I have feelings, it's -- I think that's [sic] means what I'm doing as a judge would be consistent with the facts and the law; that's my way of saying, I feel like this is the right way to go. So, just so you know that.

All right, but on this one, I don't know the answer. I don't like to do anything of some -- of importance, material importance, unless I know the answer. I don't know, as I sit here, maybe because I'm not a

business court Judge -- it's always interesting to me, these business court Judges, God love them, you know. I mean, they're the best. I mean, I go to Mark Denton any time I have a concern about anything, so I have no criticism with business court Judges, believe me. I used to go to Ted Williams, but I think he got tired of me.

But anyway, I don't know the answer on this, as a matter of law. I just don't know. When you appoint a, sort of, receiver not in possession, or a receiver, you know, what is the statute or the case, or whatever, that talks about ordering who pays for that receiver? As I sit here now, I just don't know, and there's a dispute on this. You say you don't have to pay; they say you should. Mr. Parsons, on behalf of the -- of Swarts wants paid, so I'd like to say whatever the obligation is, let's get the -- you know, to the extent I can order it, I will. But --

MR. PARSONS: Your Honor, I'm --

THE COURT: -- you should be paid for your efforts because I'm a -- you know, you're working on behalf of the Court to assist the Court, really is what you're doing. Your obligations are to the Court.

MR. PARSONS: And, I think the Court has just seen more now of why I didn't raise it before today, because I knew the contentions.

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. PARSONS: I'm not saying that either party is wrong in what they contend. I think that the one absence of Mr. Swarts's appearance today is that, he probably could tell the Court both the relevant statute and the practice. If you wish to leave that open, by the letter to the Court, we can inform the Court and the parties what might

otherwise be typical, and the statutory provision of it.

THE COURT: Okay. The key is, let's get him going --

MR. PARSONS: Yeah.

THE COURT: -- and I'll give you an order that he has to be paid. As far as who pays for him, I don't know. I don't know, as I sit here, because I don't know what the affirmative answer is when parties dispute who's paying for that receiver. If I should know, sorry, I don't know. And, if I don't know, I'm going to tell you, I don't know.

MR. GREENBERG: I understand, Your Honor. And, Your Honor does have to be guided by your feelings and sense of justice, and the facts, and the law. And, the policy and purpose of the receiver is to protect the ongoing status of the debtor's business, here, for presumably, for the benefit of both parties, and for the benefit --

THE COURT: You may be right --

MR. GREENBERG: -- of the --

THE COURT: -- okay.

MR. GREENBERG: -- the benefit of the creditor.

THE COURT: You may be --

MR. GREENBERG: But, if we're saying we don't care, let him go out of business, we shouldn't be forced to foster the cost of keeping them in business. We are prepared to simply have the stay listed, we will not appoint a receiver, we will proceed to execute against the business. If the principles want to come in and rescue it, they can get a loan to post that bond; they have \$1.9 million dollars. They can pledge their personal guarantee for a loan to raise that money for the bonding

company; they'll save the business. If they don't want to, and it goes out of business, they go out of business. That's our prerogative as the judgment creditor, Your Honor.

I don't believe the Court is properly interjecting itself, in terms of the decision we may choose to make there. We are willing, certainly, to agree to the appointment of a receiver, along the lines we've discussed, if the burden is on A Cab to pay for the receiver, and the receiver is put in place in a fashion to see that those taxi medallions' revenue is going to go to benefit my client, which is where it should be going.

THE COURT: And, it could be that after considering whatever the law is on this -- though I've admitted I don't know what it is, because I don't deal with it, I don't remember ever dealing -- I don't remember ever having the issue come up where there's a dispute on paying for a receiver, and I have to reconcile who's responsible for that payment. If it did, I just don't remember it, okay?

But -- and so, as I sit here, this didn't seem to be part of any of the pleadings for today, in addition to all this, so normally what judges would do is say, file some kind of supplement on the issue. And so, Mr. Greenberg I'll agree with you that you have a colorable argument. And you know, if it's such that you don't have to make any payments, then I'll order that, and then, if the defense says, well, we're not paying either, then I would have to now stop whatever Swarts is doing, I imagine, and let the chips fall where they may. I just don't know what the right answer is, as I sit here.

All I can do is say that, I think that the appointment of the receiver, which at least was acknowledged for most of the hearing today, and stipulated to, I thought, and agreed to -- you said things consistent with the utility for Swarts's involvement. I think that's a good decision to have Swarts involved with the -- in this limited scope. Plus, I don't think the costs are going to be what they would have been, or could have been, in the past, anyway, because there is so much -- somewhat of a limited scope here, to help the Court with these issues.

All I'm saying is, in fairness to the receiver, I would order that costs -- his cost be, you know -- and Mr. Parsons's fees be paid; they're reasonable. So, I don't know what else to say for now. Either you want to what -- either the lawyers weigh in with supplemental pleadings on this one limited thing, or you don't. I'm not -- you know, I don't want to have you run up more fees now, on this -- you know, filing supplements, fighting over paying for a receiver. But, if you want to do that, I guess you could.

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, again, it would be my position that we should just dispense with the receiver and lift the stay and proceed with execution, and let the cards fall where they may, rather than have my clients --

THE COURT: Okay, I understand that. I understand.

MR. GREENBERG: -- be required to pay. If the Court is not willing to take that approach and defendants are not willing to assume responsibility to pay the receiver -- if they do, then we would proceed with the receiver with my consent, under these circumstances -- then I'll

002662	

1	file an additional brief with the Court in two weeks, if that's acceptable?
2	THE COURT: How about we just do that? You file your brief
3	in two
4	MR. GREENBERG: On that issue, regarding the receiver's
5	compensation
6	THE COURT: right.
7	MR. GREENBERG: and who should pay for him.
8	THE COURT: Good.
9	MR. GREENBERG: And the Court will
10	THE COURT: I appreciate you doing that. So
11	MR. GREENBERG: Thank you, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: what's two weeks from now?
13	THE CLERK: December 17.
14	THE COURT: So, Mr. Greenberg to file a supplement along
15	the lines of what he's argued here, today. You want to respond to that?
16	MS. RODRIGUEZ: I would, Your Honor. And just, I think one
17	of the things that may be a blocking point, is the word receiver, because
18	we were in here many times before arguing about that terminology, and
19	that's why Mr. Swarts was actually named a Special Master. We didn't
20	want to talk about a receiver where he would take control of the
21	company. Now, I think we're calling him receiver not in possession, but
22	as Your Honor's probably
23	THE COURT: Mm-hmm.
24	MS. RODRIGUEZ: familiar, normally when there's a
25	Special Master appointed, then and that's usually a number of parties,

like 30 different parties, everybody splits the bill for the payment of the Special matters -- Master's duties. I think we're just now asking the Special Master to take on additional duties, or to continue, but I'll be happy to brief that, but I would -- just wanted to point that out to the Court, that on the terminology of receiver versus Special Master, that -- you know, that might be an important point in the terms that we're using, as opposed to focusing --

THE COURT: Okay, fine. I mean, if you want to file a supplement once he files his, you have two weeks to do that.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Okay.

THE COURT: What's that time frame?

THE CLERK: December 31.

THE COURT: All right.

[Colloquy between counsel]

THE COURT: Here comes another feeling from me. Maybe you can do something to not have to file these supplements. And, maybe that something is the defense just pays for this, okay? I mean, that's part of what could just happen here. Maybe Mr. Parsons could soon just simply say this is about a fair approximation of this. And, the reason I say that is because filing all these supplements might be close to what it's going to cost anyway; so, what's the point? You know what I mean? I mean, maybe defense ought to just pay for it. And, if you want to just do that --

MR. NADY: No, I don't want to do it. But -- Your Honor, but I think that George Swarts should be the person to tell who -- tell us who

02664		
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1	does it. And, I don't know what he's going to say, but he's been
2	reasonable before.
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	MR. NADY: And, I think he
5	THE COURT: Well
6	MR. NADY: knows more about it than I do.
7	THE COURT: if he wants to make a recommendation, Mr.
8	Parsons says that Swarts knows exactly what I could consider. He's not
9	a lawyer, right? But, anyway
10	MR. PARSONS: He has to have one.
11	THE COURT: But, we have a plan for supplements on this
12	issue of the who's going to pay for the receiver. I'm going to
13	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Mm-hmm.
14	THE COURT: you know, receive all that. I'm just simply
15	saying that if the parties, leaving the courtroom now, tomorrow, soon,
16	talk to each other and say, you know what and talk with Mr. Parsons
17	say, rather than all this [sic] supplements on who's going to pay for
18	Swarts, let's go ahead and get the Swarts items done, and some you
19	know, maybe the defense pays for it. I said maybe. I didn't order you to
20	do it. I just I don't know, you've been here, I've noticed, you know, this
21	gentleman here, Mr. Naggy [sic]
22	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Yes.
23	THE COURT: Nady?
24	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Nady.
25	THE COURT: Nady. Mr. Nady; not that you're naggy Nady.

And, you know, you've been here a lot. I hope you get a feel for,
whether people like it or not, I do try to get stuff right, and give ideas out
and I say things, and sometimes it gets me in trouble. And, I you
know, there were some things that happened, that maybe even
somebody in the back of the Court know about. I will tweak my way in
some ways, but not totally. I'm I always try to help people, I give
editorial comments, and I try to help, you know? If you don't want a
judge that does that, then file a pre-empt and get another one, okay?
But, that's what I do.

MR. PARSONS: Your Honor, I think that what could be helpful to the Court, from whatever we call Mr. Swarts, is upon gleaning from him both the statutory authority and practice, I'll convey that to the parties; that may staunch their desire --

THE COURT: Good.

MR. PARSONS: -- to be further --

THE COURT: I appreciate it. I appreciate that you were here, because I think -- I really get a feel for what you're doing, Mr. Parsons, is what you should -- in that maybe it's also consistent with your physical location in the courtroom. You're trying to stay neutral. You're not over there, you're not over here.

MR. PARSONS: I think --

THE COURT: So -- and you're close to me. So --

MR. PARSONS: I think --

THE COURT: -- I appreciate that.

MR. PARSONS: And, that's by design. And, thank you, but I

002666		

1	think it's also proving to me why I don't ever want to be on the bench,
2	and I'm not suitable for it. But, you can see the perils of how this case
3	management is extraordinarily difficult and very pointed.
4	THE COURT: Yeah.
5	MR. PARSONS: The minute somebody perceives a change,
6	they're up in arms. So, let's see if we can tamp it down
7	THE COURT: Okay, I appreciate you doing that. I think you
8	get the clear message
9	MR. PARSONS: Yes.
10	THE COURT: here. And I think some I really think that
11	something good is going to happen when all these when they all talk
12	to each other here in the next week or so. Okay?
13	MR. PARSONS: Thank you, Your Honor.
14	MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor
15	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, Judge.
16	MR. GREENBERG: just two points, or three. First of all, if
17	I'm going to be maintaining funds in trust, can I have authority from the
18	Court to deposit them in an interest bearing trust account
19	THE COURT: Sure.
20	MR. GREENBERG: they've been in my an old account
21	THE COURT: I don't yeah, that's fine.
22	MR. GREENBERG: because we thought they were for
23	short term deposits.
24	THE COURT: Okay.
25	MR. GREENBERG: Okay. Do we can we proceed with the

1	Court's orders as given in the transcript here, or should we submit a
2	written order for the Court regarding the stay, regarding
3	THE COURT: Yeah some
4	MR. GREENBERG: the
5	THE COURT: I just I didn't mention that, yet. That's
6	usually my final thing is, some who's going to prepare the order for
7	today?
8	MR. GREENBERG: I think I should prepare an order, but I
9	need to have Mr. Parsons and Mr. Swarts obviously involved, regarding
0	the language
1	THE COURT: Okay, no doubt.
2	MR. GREENBERG: in terms of Mr. Swarts's appointment,
3	and
4	THE COURT: And, circulate it amongst everybody, and
5	MR. GREENBERG: we will circulate it.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	MR. GREENBERG: I was going to ask, finally Your Honor,
8	there was a request that Your Honor order judgment debtor
9	THE COURT: Mm-hmm.
20	MR. GREENBERG: examination. You said this was part of
21	what Your Honor was improving of today to proceed, but was not
22	otherwise going to direct distribution or judgment enforcement.
23	THE COURT: Right.
24	MR. GREENBERG: Can I approach, Your Honor?
25	THE COURT: What's that?

1	MR. GREENBERG: This is a draft order that was presented
2	to the Court previously, regarding the judgment debtor examination.
3	This was actually granted back in December of last year, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Okay, has everybody seen this thing?
5	MR. SHAFER: No.
6	MR. GREENBERG: Yes, you have, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: She says she hasn't.
8	MS. RODRIGUEZ: I don't know which one this is.
9	MR. GREENBERG: There was correspondence with the
10	Court about this. We
11	MS. RODRIGUEZ: I think then we submitted a
12	MR. GREENBERG: And, defendants had opposed the
13	execution of the order; they wanted to essentially re-argue this. This is
14	addressed in correspondence with October 14 th , which I sent to you,
15	Your Honor, with the objections and there was a response of October
16	16 th . This was put on actually
17	THE COURT: Okay, let me have it.
18	MR. GREENBERG: for our last hearing, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: Yeah.
20	MR. GREENBERG: If you this is the order was submitted
21	in chambers, and Your Honor said, well, I'm going to take care of this
22	when we come in, when we were here
23	THE COURT: Oh, okay.
24	MR. GREENBERG: I guess it was about three weeks ago.
25	THE COURT: So, is there any objection to me oh, do you

have it here? So, we do have it. Any objection to me signing this?

MR. SHAFER: Yes, Your Honor. And, if I could address some of that. We don't necessarily have an objection to a judgment debtor exam proceeding. The objection is preliminary as to the demand for documents, both in the timeline and the subject of it. This order requires a delivery in ten days, of --

THE COURT: Okay, how much time do you need?

MR. SHAFER: Well, I think it requires it be twenty-something things, and also the scope of that. So, as far as time, I mean, thirty days would be a normal amount of time as to the appropriate scope of documents. I don't want there to be an order, that when this -- our issue has not been ruled upon by the Court, regarding the propriety of the scope of the documents. We made an objection, and then it hasn't been ruled upon.

For example, they ask for a copy of the documents which were submitted to George Swarts. And, all of those financial information -- that -- the information that was submitted to George Swarts includes not only the property of A Cab, but the property of other separate entities that was submitted to them. It also provides for documents which are subject to attorney-client privilege. The documents which are subject to --

THE COURT: Okay --

MR. SHAFER: -- protective order.

THE COURT: -- so the scope issue is not even in front of me right now, that I know of. I can sign an order for thirty days. And, how

can I do that to allow this to happen and still deal -- and have to -- and now I have to figure out this scope issue, somehow.

MR. SHAFER: If I might suggest a solution, Your Honor, you can sign an order permitting them to take the judgment debtor exam, and permitting written requests for productions, which are then sent to us. We then have thirty days to respond, and either object or provide the documents as permitted under a standard post-judgment discovery. And, I think that's appropriate and provides for both an expedited return of the appropriate documents to them, and allows for the scope issues that we're being concerned about, to have their fair day in Court.

THE COURT: Okay, that -- Mr. -- let's see, Greenberg?

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, this is discussed in my letter of October 14th.

[Colloquy between the Court and the Law Clerk]

MR. GREENBERG: Judge Cory issued an -- from the bench, you have the transcript; he heard their objections regarding the scope and the transcript.

[Colloquy between the Court and the Law Clerk]

MR. GREENBERG: And, he directed that their concerns regarding confidentiality were sufficiently protected by the protective order, which is that the materials will come to me; they're not going to --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: -- go anywhere. So, he directed that he was overruling their objections regarding the scope of the production of the financial information, and so forth. Your Honor is imposing a stay on

further judgment execution activity. So, I'm not going to actually be taking action on any of the information that's disclosed. The way the order I gave Your Honor is structured is it calls for appearance here in the department, on a particular date. Obviously, if the parties can agree, we can modify that and cause for the production of the attached items ten days prior. We can simply put that date for the appearance for the examination into February, and say the production will be, you know, thirty days or twenty days prior to the --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: -- appearance date. They'll have thirty days, forty days to get -- to gather and produce the materials, but the financial materials should be produced. They don't have any privilege against the production --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: -- they're in their possession.

THE COURT: All right, this item Q, that's in the proposed order, if the defendants can look at it. Item Q, it's on the last page, page 6, that's what we're talking about, right? A copy of all materials furnished to George Swarts, during the term of his appointment. Provide these materials in the same form. That's what we're talking about, I think, on this item that you object to scope, right?

MR. SHAFER: That is one of the significant items.

THE COURT: Would you agree -- I mean, it's been represented to me that -- and it's always great when you take cases from other judges, but it's been represented that Judge Cory already

1	decided this point.
2	MR. GREENBERG: This did he did, Your Honor, oral
3	argument was taken. We moved to have
4	THE COURT: Do you
5	MR. GREENBERG: the judgment debtor examination
6	compelled.
7	THE COURT: Do you agree with that, or
8	MR. SHAFER: No.
9	MR. GREENBERG: It's discussed in my October 14 th letter, I
10	handed you my copy there, Your Honor.
11	MR. SHAFER: We
12	MR. GREENBERG: The transcript from Judge Cory is
13	attached to my as an exhibit to my
14	THE COURT: Okay.
15	MR. GREENBERG: October 14 th letter, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: All right.
17	MR. GREENBERG: And, he said and these objections
18	regarding the documents were raised to him, and he said, I've reviewed
19	them, and I think I'm overruling them, and your interests are guarded by
20	the protective order. This information isn't going anywhere.
21	THE COURT: Okay, well I can look at it and do some pen and
22	ink changes on this thing within the next few days, and
23	MR. GREENBERG: Okay, if it
24	THE COURT: I'll either change it, or I won't. One thing I'll
25	change is the thirty day; I'll probably go with thirty instead of ten.

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002673	
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1	MR. GREENBERG: Yes, and		
2	THE COURT: Right.		
3	MR. GREENBERG: the date in February, or even March		
4	could be set for the testimony and just to give plenty of time, and if		
5	that's for that to happen, and for the documents to be produced.		
6	THE COURT: Actually, what I might just do, so I don't screw it		
7	up, is a little minute order within the next few days, on this point; just a		
8	little a minute order		
9	MR. GREENBERG: And		
10	THE COURT: that tells you, you know, what I think about		
11	this scope issue, okay?		
12	MR. GREENBERG: And then, I can submit a new order to		
13	the		
14	THE COURT: Right, that's what I think		
15	MR. GREENBERG: department or		
16	THE COURT: I think that'd be better than me doing		
17	changes to it, so		
18	MR. GREENBERG: Okay. Or		
19	[Colloquy between the Court and the Law Clerk]		
20	MR. GREENBERG: if it would help, I can send the		
21	department a Word document to work off of, as well.		
22	THE COURT: Well, I'll just do a minute order, and leave it		
23	MR. GREENBERG: Okay.		
24	THE COURT: to you, okay? So, a minute order to issue on		
25	this, within the next few days, probably. I'll make a note so I'll make sure		

I do that on scope.

[Colloquy between counsel]

THE COURT: And then, I'll use thirty days. Okay, anything else? Is -- I'll tell you what, if anybody says anything else, then you're going to have to get my group, each one of these people, a \$25 dollar Starbucks card, so proceed at your own risk. Because, they've been here since 9:30, not stopped; I don't care about me. I actually do, because the dinner plans with wife, not going to happen tonight. I just won't be in a good mood. So, but they -- another minute with them, that's Starbucks cards, I think.

MR. GREENBERG: There's always more, Your Honor. Let's save it for another time.

MR. SHAFER: And, if I could just in one sentence is one -we're preserving our objections to these requests for productions, on
this. That's all I'm going to say.

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1	THE COURT: Okay, good. All right, well that's it for today,		
2	then. Have a good day.		
3	MR. GREENBERG: Thank you for your patience, Your Honor.		
4	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, Your Honor.		
5	[Hearing concluded at 1:00 p.m.]		
6	* * * * *		
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20	ATTECT III II I		
21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my		
22	ability.		
23	Kain a handt		
24	Kaihla Berndt		
25	Court Recorder/Transcriber		

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO,
Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC and A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY,

Defendants.

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO ALLOW JUDGMENT ENFORCEMENT; PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO DISTRIBUTE FUNDS HELD BY CLASS COUNSEL; AND PLAINTIFFS' MOTION REQUIRING THE TURNOVER OF CERTAIN PROPERTY OF THE JUDGMENT DEBTOR PURSUANT TO NRS 21.320; AND ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANTS' COUNTERMOTION FOR STAY OF COLLECTION ACTIVITIES

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion to Allow Judgment

Page 1 of 2

1	Enforcement; Plaintiffs' Motion to Distribute Funds Held by Class Counsel; and Plaintiffs' Motion			
2	Requiring the Turnover of Certain Property of the Judgment Debtor Pursuant to Nrs 21.320; and			
3	Order Granting Defendants' Countermotion for Stay of Collection Activities was entered by the			
4	Court on July 17, 2020. A copy of the Order is attached hereto.			
5	5 DATED this 17 th day of July, 2020.			
6	6 RODRI	GUEZ LAW OFFICES, P. C.		
7		sther C. Rodriguez, Esq.		
8	8 Esther C	C. Rodriguez, Esq. State Bar No. 006473		
9	9 10161 P	ark Run Drive, Suite 150 as, Nevada 89145		
10		es for Defendants		
11	11			
12	CERTIFICATE OF SER	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
13	I HEREBY CERTIFY on this <u>17th</u> day of July, 20	I HEREBY CERTIFY on this 17 th day of July, 2020, I electronically filed the foregoing		
14	with the Eighth Judicial District Court Clerk of Court using	he E-file and Serve System which will		
15	send a notice of electronic service to the following:			
16		ian Gabroy, Esq. y Law Offices		
17	17 2965 South Jones Boulevard, Suite E4 170 Se	outh Green Valley Parkway # 280 erson, Nevada 89012		
18		ounsel for Plaintiffs		
19	19			
20	20 <u>/s/ Susan Dillo</u> An Employee o	w f Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C.		
21	21	,,		
22	22			
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28	28			

1 ORDR Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 6473 RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C. 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 702-320-8400 info@rodriguezlaw.com 5 Michael K. Wall, Esq. 6 Nevada Bar No. 2098 Hutchinson & Steffen, LLC 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200 7 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 8 702-385-2500 mwall@hutchlegal.com 9 Jay A. Shafer, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 006791 10 CORY READE DOWS & SHAFER 1333 North Buffalo Drive, Suite 210 11 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128

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ishafer@crdslaw.com Attorneys for Defendants

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC and A CAB, LLC,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-12-669926-C

Dept. No. XXXII

ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO ALLOW JUDGMENT ENFORCEMENT;

PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO DISTRIBUTE FUNDS HELD BY CLASS COUNSEL; AND

PLAINTIFFS' MOTION REQUIRING THE TURNOVER OF CERTAIN PROPERTY OF

THE JUDGMENT DEBTOR PURSUANT TO NRS 21.320; AND ORDER GRANTING

<u>DEFENDANTS' COUNTERMOTION FOR STAY OF COLLECTION ACTIVITIES</u>

Plaintiffs' Motion to Allow Judgment Enforcement; Motion to Distribute Funds Held by

Page 1 of 5

Class Counsel; and Plaintiffs' Motion Requiring the Turnover of Certain Property of the Judgment Debtor Pursuant to NRS 21.320 were filed on October 3, 2019. Defendants' Oppositions to said motions and Countermotion for Stay of Collection Activities were filed on October 23, 2019. The hearings on these motions and the countermotion were held on November 12, 2019 and December 3, 2019. Plaintiffs were represented at the hearings by their attorneys, Leon Greenberg and Dana Sniegocki of Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation. Defendants were represented at the hearings by their attorneys, Esther C. Rodriguez of Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C., Michael K. Wall, of Hutchison Steffen, and Jay A. Shafer of Cory Reade Dows & Shafer. Also present at the hearing of December 3, 2019, was Steven J. Parsons, Esq. on behalf of Special Master George C. Swarts.

Plaintiffs' Motion to Allow Judgment Enforcement requested an Order from the Court granting them leave to handle in their sole discretion without any further order from the Court nor challenge by Defendants on procedural grounds, collection of the judgment for \$614,599.07; as well as an order to receive Defendants' information from Special Master Swarts, previously deemed confidential by the Court, in order to utilize such information to execute upon assets to satisfy their judgment.

In response and in opposition, Defendants argued that Plaintiffs' request is in contravention to the NRCP and NRS which provide for due process and rights to object to seizures and collection activities. Defendants also asserted that Plaintiffs are not entitled to confidential materials ordered by the Court for other purposes, not for purposes of facilitating Plaintiffs' collection activities.

Defendants' Countermotion for Stay of Collection Activities Pending Appeal moved the Court for a stay of Plaintiffs' collection activities. In support of said request, Defendants offered additional security consisting of another \$100,000 to be deposited to Plaintiffs' counsels' trust account (increasing the deposit to \$303,494.54), as well as a proposal to maintain corporate transparency with the Special Master to insure no improper transfers were made which would jeopardize Plaintiffs' judgment.

Plaintiffs' *Motion Requiring the Turnover of Certain Property* requested the seizure of certain motor vehicles alleged to be owned by the taxicab company. Defendants opposed this motion as the same requested relief had previously been denied; and EDCR 7.12 bars multiple application.

Defendants also opposed the seizure of income-generating assets.

Plaintiffs' Motion to Distribute Funds Held by Class Counsel requested authority to distribute the funds held in the trust account of Plaintiffs' counsel. Defendants opposed this motion arguing that said funds were improperly taken and declaratory relief pertaining to these funds is pending in another court; the Court does not have subject matter jurisdiction over these claims; and the Plaintiffs' proposed plan for distribution does not further the stated goals of the Court.

The Court reviewed the briefing; entertained argument from both Plaintiffs and Defendants; as well as heard from counsel for Special Master Swarts (Mr. Swarts was unavailable due to personal family issues). Mr. Parsons indicated to the Court that Mr. Swarts was definitely of the opinion that any significant shifting of capital or assets away from the business, threatened the existence of the business. Further, Mr. Parsons indicated to the Court that at the time of the Special Master's analysis and reporting, the posting of a supersedeas bond was not within the capacity of A Cab, but no information was available to confirm the current financial ability to do so.

The Court, having read all the pleadings and papers on file herein, hearing the arguments of the parties, and good cause appearing, finds that a limited stay is warranted and appropriate.

Accordingly, Plaintiffs will be permitted to conducted discovery that would be appropriate in a post-judgment scenario, but actual collection activity will be stayed. The Court recognizes that the taking of assets or monies in a collection sense could cripple the business and put it out of business, which is not the desired outcome.

Accordingly, the Court **DENIES** Plaintiffs' Motion Requiring the Turnover of Certain Property of the Judgment Debtor Pursuant to NRS 21.320.

The Court finds that at this stage there are two main objectives: those being to keep the company going and to secure the judgment should Defendants lose their appeal to the Nevada Supreme Court. As such, the Court finds that it is appropriate to reactivate the role of Special Master Swarts to further analyze the corporate records of Defendant in order to report to the Court what, if any, percentage of profits could be segregated as a further security while the appeal proceeds. It is apparent to the Court that Defendants cannot post a supersedeas bond for the approximately \$1.4 million; and therefore the Court cannot grant a stay for all purposes on everything, because

Defendants are without means to post the entirety of the bond at this point. However, the Court finds that Defendants have posted a partial security which will soon exceed \$300,000, and that a limited stay is appropriate.

The Plaintiffs will maintain this security deposit as well as any future security deposits in the trust account of Plaintiffs' counsel. The Court recognizes that disbursement of these funds offered as security was not appropriate as it would be impossible to recover said funds distributed to hundreds of class members in small amounts, in the event that Defendants prevail in their appeals.

Accordingly, the Court **DENIES** Plaintiffs' Motion to Distribute Funds Held By Class Counsel.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

- 1. Plaintiffs' Motion To Allow Judgment Enforcement is **DENIED**;
- 2. Plaintiffs' Motion To Distribute Funds Held By Class Counsel is **DENIED**;
- 3. Plaintiffs' Motion Requiring The Turnover of Certain Property of The Judgment Debtor Pursuant to NRS 21.320 is **DENIED**; and
- 4. Defendants' Countermotion For Stay of Collection Activities is **GRANTED**.

FURTHER THE COURT ORDERS:

The Court-appointed Special Master, George Swarts, will be re-activated to provide additional information to the Court to address what, if any, percentage of Defendant's profits could be segregated as a further security while the appeal proceeds.

The Court will set a status check in light of the present circumstances created by the COVID-19 pandemic including the closure of non-essential businesses including the Defendants' business, to determine a realistic date to accomplish a report by the Special Master.

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1	Murray v. A Cab, LLC, et al; District Court Case A-12-669926-C				
2	The Court further instructs the parties to provide additional briefing as to whether the				
3	additional fees incurred by the Special Master should be borne equally between the parties.				
4	Plaintiffs' response on this issue is due December 17, 2019; and Defendants' response is due				
5	After reviewing the briefs, the Court ORDERS that Special Master's fees December 31, 2019, shall be equally borne by the parties.				
6	DATED this 17th day of July , 2020).			
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8					
9		DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 76			
10		ROB BARE			
11	Submitted by:	Approved as to form and content:			
_	RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C.	LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL			
13	RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, F.C.	CORPORATION			
14	Ac Rodua_	Not approved			
15	ESTHER C. RODRIGUEZ, ESQ.	LEON GREENBERG, ESQ.			
16	Nevada State Bar No. 6473 RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C.	Nevada Bar No.: 8094 2965 South Jones Boulevard, Suite E3			
17	10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145	Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Attorneys for Plaintiffs			
	Attorneys for Defendants				
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Electronically Filed 8/12/2020 1:55 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

LEON GREENBERG, ESQ., SBN 8094 Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 South Jones Blvd- Suite E3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 (702) 383-6085 (702) 385-1827(fax) leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL
RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

Vs.

A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-12-669926-C

NOTICE OF APPEAL

Notice is hereby given that MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated, plaintiffs above named, by and through their counsel of record Leon Greenberg, Esq., hereby appeal to the Supreme Court of Nevada from the District Court's ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO ALLOW JUDGMENT ENFORCEMENT; PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO DISTRIBUTE FUNDS HELD BY CLASS COUNSEL; AND PLAINTIFFS' MOTION REQUIRING THE TURNOVER OF CERTAIN PROPERTY OF THE JUDGMENT DEBTOR PURSUANT TO NRS 21.320; AND ORDER GRANTING

DEFENDANTS' COUNTERMOTION FOR STAY OF COLLECTION ACTIVITIES

such Order entered on July 17, 2020 and the prior Orders orally made and entered in

this case at or pursuant to the hearing held by the Court on December 3, 2019 as set

forth in the transcript of that hearing and/or the Court's minutes issued for that date and

		002	
1	hearing and as incorporated into or modified by the July 17, 2020 Order.		
2	Dated: August 12, 2020		
3	Submitted by		
4	Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation		
5	/s/ Leon Greenberg		
6			
7	Leon Greenberg, Esq. LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION		
8	Attorney for the Plaintiffs 2965 South Jones Boulevard - Suite E3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146		
10	(702) 383-6085 leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com		
11			
12	PROOF OF SERVICE		
13	The undersigned certifies that on August 12, 2020, he served the within:		
14	NOTICE OF APPEAL		
15	by court electronic service to:		
16	TO:		
17	Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C.		
18	10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, NV 89145		
19	Jay Shafer, Esq.		
20	Premier Legal Group 1333 North Buffalo Drive - Suite 210		
21	Las Vegas, NV 89128		
22			
23			
24	/s/ Leon Greenberg		
25	Leon Greenberg		
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002685 **Electronically Filed** 8/12/2020 2:00 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 LEON GREENBERG, ESQ., SBN 8094 Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 South Jones Blvd- Suite E3 2 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 3 702) 383-6085 702) 385-1827(fax) 4 leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com 5 6 Attorneys for Plaintiffs **DISTRICT COURT** 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL Case No.: A-12-669926-C RENO, Individually and on behalf of 9 others similarly situated, 10 Plaintiffs, 32 Dept.: 11 VS. 12 CASE APPEAL STATEMENT A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC and CREIGHTON J. NADY, 13 Defendants. 14 15 16 Name of appellants filing this case appeal statement: 1. 17 MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of 18 others similarly situated, 19 20

- 2. Identify the judge issuing the decision, judgment, or order appealed from: Honorable Rob Bare, Department 32
- 3. Identify each appellant and the name and address of counsel for each appellant:

Michael Murray and Michael Reno . Represented by Leon Greenberg, 2965 South Jones Boulevard, Suite E3, Las Vegas, Nevada 89146, (702) 383-6085

- 4. Identify each respondent and the name and address of appellate counsel, if known, for each respondent:
- All Respondents: represented by Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. 0161 Park Run

Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145; Michael K. Wall, Esq., Hutchison & Steffen, LLC, 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200, Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 and Jay A. Shafer, Esq., Cory Reade Dows & Shafer, 1333 North Buffalo Drive, Suite 210 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128.

5. Indicate whether any attorney identified above in response to question 3 or 4 is not licensed to practice law in Nevada and, if so, whether the district court granted that attorney permission to appear under SCR 42 (attach a copy of any district court order granting such permission):

All are admitted to practice law in Nevada.

6. Indicate whether appellant was represented by appointed or retained counsel in the district court:

Appellants were represented by retained counsel.

7. Indicate whether appellant is represented by appointed or retained counsel on appeal:

Appellants are represented by retained counsel.

8. Indicate whether appellant was granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis, and the date of entry of the district court order granting such leave:

Not applicable.

9. Indicate the date the proceedings commenced in the district court (e.g., date complaint, indictment, information, or petition was filed):

This action was commenced in the District Court on October 8, 2012.

10. Provide a brief description of the nature of the action and result in the district court, including the type of judgment or order being appealed and the relief granted by the district court.

This is a class action lawsuit for unpaid minimum wages pursuant to Article 15, Section 16 of the Nevada Constitution. A monetary judgment in favor of the plaintiffs was rendered by the District Court and entered on August 21, 2018. A post-judgment

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Order was entered by the District Court on February 6, 2019 awarding fees and costs to plaintiffs' counsel. This appeal concerns the District Court's post-judgment Orders as finalized in its July 17, 2020 Order that is subject to this appeal. Such Orders denied relief requested by appellants and their counsel in respect to: the enforcement of the judgment; the enforcement of the post judgment Order awarding fees and costs to plaintiffs' counsel; the appointment of a receiver (or granted that appointment on improper terms or conditions); and to the distribution of funds held in trust by appellants' counsel from collections made on such judgment and subject to control by the District Court. Such Orders also granted defendants' motion to stay judgment collection.

11. Indicate whether the case has previously been the subject of an appeal to or original writ proceeding in the Supreme Court and, if so, the caption and Supreme Court docket number of the prior proceeding:

This case has been previously under the caption "A Cab LLC and A Cab Series LLC, Appellants v. Michael Murray and Michael Reno, Individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, Respondents" Supreme Court Case No. 77050

12. Indicate whether this appeal involves child custody or visitation:

The complaint does not involve child custody or visitation.

13. If this is a civil case, indicate whether this appeal involves the possibility of settlement:

Appellants do not believe settlement of this appeal is possible.

Dated: August 12, 2020

Submitted by

Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation

/s/ Leon Greenberg

Leon Greenberg, Esq. LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION Attorney for the Plaintiffs 2965 South Jones Boulevard - Suite E3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 (702) 383-6085

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002689 **Electronically Filed** 8/20/2020 1:54 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 LEON GREENBERG, ESQ., SBN 8094 Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 South Jones Blvd- Suite E3 2 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 3 702) 383-6085 702) 385-1827(fax) 4 leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com 5 6 Attorneys for Plaintiffs **DISTRICT COURT** 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL Case No.: A-12-669926-C RENO, Individually and on behalf of 9 others similarly situated, 10 Plaintiffs, 32 Dept.: 11 VS. 12 AMENDED CASE APPEAL STATEMENT A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC and CREIGHTON J. NADY, 13 Defendants. 14 15 16 Name of appellants filing this case appeal statement: 1. 17 MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of 18 others similarly situated, 19

- 2. Identify the judge issuing the decision, judgment, or order appealed from: Honorable Rob Bare, Department 32
- 3. Identify each appellant and the name and address of counsel for each appellant:

Michael Murray and Michael Reno . Represented by Leon Greenberg, 2965 South Jones Boulevard, Suite E3, Las Vegas, Nevada 89146, (702) 383-6085

- 4. Identify each respondent and the name and address of appellate counsel, if known, for each respondent:
- All Respondents: represented by Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. 0161 Park Run

Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145; Michael K. Wall, Esq., Hutchison & Steffen, LLC, 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200, Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 and Jay A. Shafer, Esq., Cory Reade Dows & Shafer, 1333 North Buffalo Drive, Suite 210 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128.

5. Indicate whether any attorney identified above in response to question 3 or 4 is not licensed to practice law in Nevada and, if so, whether the district court granted that attorney permission to appear under SCR 42 (attach a copy of any district court order granting such permission):

All are admitted to practice law in Nevada.

6. Indicate whether appellant was represented by appointed or retained counsel in the district court:

Appellants were represented by retained counsel.

7. Indicate whether appellant is represented by appointed or retained counsel on appeal:

Appellants are represented by retained counsel.

8. Indicate whether appellant was granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis, and the date of entry of the district court order granting such leave:

No.

9. Indicate the date the proceedings commenced in the district court (e.g., date complaint, indictment, information, or petition was filed):

This action was commenced in the District Court on October 8, 2012.

10. Provide a brief description of the nature of the action and result in the district court, including the type of judgment or order being appealed and the relief granted by the district court.

This appeal is limited to the District Court's Post Judgment Order entered on July 17, 2020. That Order also incorporated, modified and finalized certain decisions of the District Court set forth in the transcript and minute order of the hearing held on

December 3, 2019. The July 17, 2020 Order appealed from resolved the following four (4) motions and counter motions heard by the District Court on December 3, 2019 and decided as follows:

Motion of Plaintiffs/Appellants to Allow Judgment Enforcement: Denied

Motion of Plaintiffs/Appellants Requiring Turnover of Certain Property of the Judgment Debtor Pursuant to NRS 21.320: Denied

Motion of Plaintiffs/Appellants to Distribute Funds Held by Class Counsel: Denied

Counter Motion of Defendant/Respondent to Stay Collection Activities: Granted

The July 17, 2020 Order appealed from also ordered that the parties were to equally pay for the expenses and fees of George Swarts who was appointed by the District Court as "receiver not in possession of A Cab" as set forth in the transcript and minute order of the hearing held on December 3, 2019.

The nature of this case is that it is a class action lawsuit for unpaid minimum wages pursuant to Article 15, Section 16 of the Nevada Constitution. It resulted in a monetary judgment in favor of the plaintiffs by the District Court against respondent A Cab entered on August 21, 2018 in the amount \$1,033,027.81 A post-judgment Order was also entered by the District Court on February 6, 2019 awarding fees and costs to plaintiffs' counsel in the amount of \$614,599.07.

11. Indicate whether the case has previously been the subject of an appeal to or original writ proceeding in the Supreme Court and, if so, the caption and Supreme Court docket number of the prior proceeding:

This case is currently before the Supreme Court under the caption "A Cab LLC and A Cab Series LLC, Appellants v. Michael Murray and Michael Reno, Individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, Respondents" Supreme Court Case No. 77050.

This case has been previously before the Supreme Court under the caption "A Cab LLC and Creighton J. Nady, Appellants v. Michael Murray and Michael Reno, Individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, Respondents" Supreme Court Case No. 72691.

This case has been previously before the Supreme Court under the caption "A Cab LLC A Nevada Limited Liability Company and Creighton J Nady An Individual, Petitioners v. The Eighth Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, In And For The County of Clark; And The Honorable Kenneth C. Cory, District Judge, Respondents, and Michael Murray and Michael Reno, Individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, Respondents Real Parties in Interest" Supreme Court Case No. 73326.

12. Indicate whether this appeal involves child custody or visitation:

This case does not involve child custody or visitation.

13. If this is a civil case, indicate whether this appeal involves the possibility of settlement:

Appellants do not believe settlement of this appeal is possible.

Dated: August 20, 2020

Submitted by

Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation

/s/ Leon Greenberg

Leon Greenberg, Esq. LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION Attorney for the Plaintiffs 2965 South Jones Boulevard - Suite E3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 (702) 383-6085

PROOF OF SERVICE The undersigned certifies that on August 20, 2020, he served the within: AMENDED CASE APPEAL STATEMENT by court electronic service to: TO: Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C. 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, NV 89145 Jay Shafer, Esq. Premier Legal Group 1333 North Buffalo Drive - Suite 210 Las Vegas, NV 89128 /s/ Leon Greenberg Leon Greenberg

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IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY; AND MICHAEL RENO, INDIVIDUALLY AND ON BEHALF OF OTHERS SIMILARLY SITUATED, Appellants, vs.

A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC; A CAB, LLC; AND CREIGHTON J NADY, Respondents.

Supreme Court No. 81641 District Court Case No. A669926

> FILED DEC 1 5 2020



CLERK'S CERTIFICATE

STATE OF NEVADA, ss.

I, Elizabeth A. Brown, the duly appointed and qualified Clerk of the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada, do hereby certify that the following is a full, true and correct copy of the Judgment in this matter.

JUDGMENT

The court being fully advised in the premises and the law, it is now ordered, adjudged and decreed, as follows:

"ORDER this appeal DISMISSED"

Judgment, as quoted above, entered this 9th day of November, 2020.

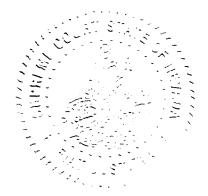
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my name and affixed the seal of the Supreme Court at my Office in Carson City, Nevada this December 04, 2020.

Elizabeth A. Brown, Supreme Court Clerk

By: Sandy Young Deputy Clerk

A – 12 – 669926 – C CCJD NV Supreme Court Clerks Certificate/Judgn





IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY; AND MICHAEL RENO, INDIVIDUALLY AND ON BEHALF OF OTHERS SIMILARLY SITUATED.

Appellants.

VS. A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC; A CAB, LLC; AND CREIGHTON J NADY, Respondents.

No. 81641

FILED

NOV 0 9 2020

ORDER DISMISSING APPEAL

This is an appeal from a district court postjudgment order: (1) denying a motion to allow judgment enforcement, (2) denying a motion to distribute funds held by class counsel, (3) denying a motion requiring the turnover of certain property of the judgment debtor pursuant to NRS 21.320, (4) granting a countermotion for a stay of collection activities pending the appeal from the underlying judgment, and (5) reactivating a special master to gather additional information regarding the possibility of requiring further security deposits during the pendency of the appeal from the underlying judgment. Respondents have filed a motion to dismiss, arguing that the district court's order is not substantively appealable. Appellants have opposed the motion, and respondents have filed a reply.

This court has limited jurisdiction, and may only consider appeals authorized by statute or court rule. Brown v. MHC Stagecoach, LLC, 129 Nev. 343, 345, 301 P.3d 850, 851 (2013). "[T]he burden rests squarely upon the shoulders of a party seeking to invoke our jurisdiction to establish, to our satisfaction, that this court does in fact have jurisdiction."

20-40864

Moran v. Bonneville Square Assocs., 117 Nev. 525, 527, 25 P.3d 898, 899 (2001).

First, appellants assert that the district court's order is appealable as a special order entered after final judgment. NRAP 3A(b)(8) allows an appeal from "[a] special order entered after final judgment." To qualify as an appealable special order entered after final judgment, the order "must be an order affecting the rights of some party to the action, growing out of the judgment previously entered." Gumm v. Mainor, 118 Nev. 912, 920, 59 P.3d 1220, 1225 (2002). Crucially, however, "no statute or court rule appears to allow for an appeal from an order that relates to the mere enforcement of a prior judgment." Superpumper, Inc. v. Leonard Tr. for Morabito, Docket Nos. 79355 & 80214 (Order Dismissing Appeal and Regarding Motions, March 6, 2020).

For example, in Gumm v. Mainor, this court concluded that a postjudgment order that distributed a significant portion of the appellant's judgment proceeds to certain lienholders was appealable because it altered his rights under the final judgment. See id. at 920, 59 P.3d at 1225. We noted, in contrast, that a postjudgment order directing a portion of the appellant's judgment proceeds to be deposited with the district court clerk pending resolution of the lien claims was not appealable. See id. at 914, 59 P.3d at 1225.

In a number of similar contexts, this court has consistently reiterated that postjudgment orders that do not affect the rights incorporated in the judgment are not appealable as special orders after final judgment. See, e.g., Superpumper, Inc. v. Leonard Tr. for Morabito, Docket Nos. 79355 & 80214 (Order Dismissing Appeal and Regarding Motions, March 6, 2020) (orders denying claims of exemption asserted by appellants

v. Margolin, Docket No. 69372 (Order Dismissing Appeal, March 4, 2016) (postjudgment order requiring appellant to appear for a debtor's examination and produce documents was not appealable).

Here, the district court's postjudgment order did not alter the

in post-judgment enforcement proceedings were not appealable); Zandian

amount of appellants' judgment or distribute any portion of the judgment to other parties. Nor did the order reduce respondents' liability or obligations under the judgment. Instead, the order simply stayed appellants' judgment enforcement proceedings during the pendency of respondents' appeal of the underlying judgment, thereby reserving resolution of appellants' efforts to enforce their judgment. Thus, because the district court's postjudgment order did not affect the rights incorporated in the judgment, it is not appealable as a special order entered after final judgment. See 15B Charles Alan Wright, Arthur R. Miller & Edward H. Cooper, Federal Practice and Procedure § 3916 (2d ed. 1992 and Supp. 2020) ("Appeal ordinarily should not be available as to any particular postjudgment proceeding before the trial court has reached its final disposition."); see also Aspen Fin. Servs. v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court, 128 Nev. 635, 640, 289 P.3d 201, 205 (2012) (noting that an order granting or denying a stay of proceedings is not appealable).2

¹Appellant cites *McCulloch v. Jeakins*, 99 Nev. 122, 659 P.2d 302 (1983), for the proposition that an order staying judgment enforcement is appealable. *McCulloch*, however, did not discuss jurisdiction and predates this court's decision in *Gumm*.

²Although appellants argue that the district court's order directed them to split the costs of a special master, this did not alter their legal rights under the substance of the judgment and, thus, does not render the order

Next, appellants contend that the district court's order is appealable as an order appointing or refusing to appoint a receiver. Under NRAP 3A(b)(4), "[a]n order appointing or refusing to appoint a receiver or vacating or refusing to vacate an order appointing a receiver" is appealable. The rule does not, however, mention an order appointing a special master. And, this court has repeatedly held that such an order is not appealable. See, e.g., Russell v. Thompson, 96 Nev. 830, 832, 619 P.2d 537, 538 (1980) (concluding that the district court's appointment of a special master to facilitate an appropriate division of certain property was not appealable, noting, "reference to a special master is not an appealable order"); Hammer v. Rasmussen, Docket No. 70647 (Order Dismissing Appeal, Aug. 9, 2016) (observing that "[n]o statutes or court rules provide for an appeal from . . . an order appointing a special master").

Here, the district court's postjudgment order neither granted nor denied a request to appoint a receiver. Rather, the order reactivated a special master to provide additional information to the court regarding the possibility of further security deposits during the pendency of the appeal from the underlying judgment. As noted, however, such an order is not appealable.³

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an appealable special order after final judgment. See generally Morrel v. Edwards, 98 Nev. 91, 92, 640 P.2d 1322, 1324 (1982) (amendment that merely struck an award of costs from a judgment "did not affect the legal rights and obligations of the parties" in the substance of the judgment and, therefore, was not appealable).

³While appellants assert that the district court's minutes show that it intended to appoint a receiver, this court has made clear that "the clerk's minute order, and even an unfiled written order are ineffective for any purpose." Rust v. Clark Cty. Sch. Dist., 103 Nev. 686, 689, 747 P.2d 1380, 1382 (1987).

Finally, appellants contend that the district court's postjudgment order is appealable as an order "resolving a supplementary judgment enforcement proceeding" under NRS 21.320. "A 'supplementary proceeding' is 'held in connection with the enforcement of a judgment, for the purpose of identifying and locating the debtor's assets available to satisfy the judgment." Nevada Direct Ins. Co. v. Fields, Docket No. 66561 (Order Vacating Judgment and Remanding, Feb. 26, 2016) (quoting Black's Law Dictionary (8th ed. 2004)). Pursuant to NRS 31.460, "appeals may be taken and prosecuted from any final judgment or order in such proceedings as in other civil cases."

Assuming, without deciding, that appellants' various postjudgment enforcement efforts could be construed as a "supplementary judgment enforcement proceeding," the district court has yet to reach a final disposition in such proceedings. Instead, as explained above, the district court stayed those proceedings during the pendency of respondents' appeal of the underlying judgment, thereby reserving resolution of appellants' efforts to enforce their judgment. Thus, the district court's postjudgment order is not appealable under NRS 31.460. As it does not appear that the challenged order is otherwise appealable at this time, we conclude that this court lacks jurisdiction, and we grant the motion to dismiss and

ORDER this appeal DISMISSED.

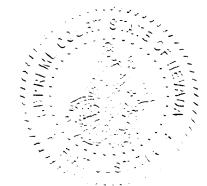
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Gilner J.

Cilvar

Surneme Count OF Newson cc: Hon. Rob Bare, District Judge
Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation
Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C.
Cory Reade Dows & Shafer
Hutchison & Steffen, LLC/Las Vegas
Eighth District Court Clerk



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CERTIFIED COPY

This document is a full, true and couper copy of the original on file and of record in any possible part of the original on file and of record in any possible part of the court Clerk, State of the series of the court Clerk, State of the

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY; AND MICHAEL RENO, INDIVIDUALLY AND ON BEHALF OF OTHERS SIMILARLY SITUATED, Appellants,

VS.

A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC; A CAB, LLC; AND CREIGHTON J NADY,

Respondents.

Supreme Court No. 81641 District Court Case No. A669926

REMITTITUR

TO: Steven D. Grierson, Eighth District Court Clerk

Pursuant to the rules of this court, enclosed are the following:

Certified copy of Judgment and Opinion/Order. Receipt for Remittitur.

DATE: December 04, 2020

Elizabeth A. Brown, Clerk of Court

By: Sandy Young Deputy Clerk

cc (without enclosures):

Hon. Rob Bare, District Judge Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation \ Leon M. Greenberg Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C. \ Esther Rodriguez Hutchison & Steffen, LLC/Las Vegas \ Michael K. Wall Cory Reade Dows & Shafer \ Jay A. Shafer

RECEIPT FOR REMITTITUR

Received of Elizabeth A. Brown, C	Clerk of the Supreme	Court of the State of	Nevada, the
REMITTITUR issued in the above-		DEC 15 2020	·

	HEATHER UNGERMANN
Deputy	District Court Clerk

RECEIVED APPEALS DEC 1 0 2020

CLERKOFTHE COURT

20-44093

		2/22/2021 10:39 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT
1	NOEO JAY A. SHAFER, ESQ.	Atomb. Lin
2	Nevada Bar No. 009184 CORY READE DOWS & SHAFER	
3	1333 North Buffalo Drive, Suite 210 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128	
4	Telephone: (702) 794-4411 Fax: (702) 794-4421	
5	jshafer@crdslaw.com Attorney for Defendants	
6	DISTRIC	CT COURT
7	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA
8		`
9	MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of others))
10	similarly situated,) Case No. : A-12-669926-C) Dept. No.: II
11	Plaintiff,)) NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER
12	V.)
13	CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC and A CAB,)
14	LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY,)
15	Defendants.	_)
16	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Cour	t entered the attached Order on February 22,
17 18	2021	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
19	DATED this day of February, 2021.	
20		
21	COJ	RX READE DOWS & SHAFER
22	ву: /	
23	JAY	A. SHAFER, ESQ. RY READE DOWS & SHAFER
24	Nev	vada Bar No. 9184
25	Las	3 North Buffalo Drive, Suite 210 Vegas, Nevada 89128
26		2) 794-4411 orney for Defendant
27		
28		

CERT	IFIC.	ATE	OF	SER	VICE

The undersigned does hereby certify that I am over 18 years of age and that on the 22 day of February, 2021, I transmitted a true and correct copy of the NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER, in the following manners:

- to be hand delivered;
- pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f), to be electronically served through the Eighth Judicial Court's electronic filing and service system, with the date and time of the electronic service substituted for the date and place of deposit in the mail to the attorneys and/or parties listed below at the address and/or facsimile number indicated below:

Leon Greenberg, Esq. Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 South Jones Boulevard, Suite E4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Co-Counsel for Plaintiffs

Christian Gabroy, Esq. Gabroy Law Offices 170 South Green Valley Parkway # 280 Henderson, Nevada 89012

Co-Counsel for Plaintiffs

A Representative of CORY READE DOWS & SHAFER

Electronically Filed 02/22/2021 10:19 AM CLERK OF THE COURT

ORDR 1 Jay A. Shafer, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9184 2 CORY READE DOWS & SHAFER 1333 North Buffalo Drive, Suite 210 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128 Telephone: (702) 794-4411 4 Fax: (702) 794-4421 jshafer@crdslaw.com 5 Attorney for Defendants 6

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly)
situated,) Case No. : A-12-669926-C
situated,) Case No. : A-12-009920-C
·) Dept. No.: II
Plaintiffs,)
	ORDER ON PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF A
v.	,
) RECEIVER TO AID JUDGMENT
A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC and A CAB,) ENFORCEMENT OR
LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY,) ALTERNATIVE RELIEF
)
Defendants.) Date of Hearing: February 1, 2021 Time of Hearing: Chambers

Plaintiffs' Motion for Appointment of a Receiver to Aid Judgment Enforcement, having been heard on February 1, 2021, with Plaintiffs represented by Leon Greenberg. Defendants were represented by Jay Shafer. Having considered Plaintiffs' Motion for Appointment of a Receiver to Aid Judgment Enforcement or Alternative Relief, Defendants' Opposition to the same and Plaintiffs' Reply in support, the Court rules as follows: Plaintiffs' motion is DENIED on several grounds. The Court hereby makes the followings findings of fact and determination of law.

First, EDCR 7.12 provides, "When an application or a petition for any writ or order shall have been made to a judge and is pending or has been denied by such judge, the same application, petition or motion may not again be made to the same or another district judge,

except in accordance with any applicable statute and upon the consent in writing of the judge to whom the application, petition or motion was first made". In reviewing the lengthy history of this case, plaintiffs have brought forth the same motion seeking the same relief multiple times before Judge Kenneth Cory and Judge Rob Bare, which were all denied as appointment of receiver was not deemed appropriate when considering the entire circumstances of the case. See Bowler v. Leonard, 269 P.2d 833 (1954) (The Court must consider the entire circumstances of the case when considering the appointment of a receiver.) The instant motion was first brought before Judge Cory on December 13, 2018. Judge Cory denied the request to appoint a receiver but granted to a limited extent in the form of an appointment of special master. The relief was brought forth again on January 30, 2019, which in the March 4, 2019 Order, the Court approved the Special Master appointment, and endorsed the report as well as the ongoing service and reappointment of the special Master. The matter was stayed due to bankruptcy but once that was lifted, plaintiffs brought the same request before Judge Bare, who reactivated the role of Special Master Swarts. Thus, plaintiffs failed to comply with EDCR 7.12 as there is no indication written consent was sought before this duplicative and untimely motion was submitted.

Second, the Court fully reviewed the briefings of the parties and finds this is a motion for reconsideration and not a new motion. As noted above, it has been litigated numerous times. Thus, it is governed by EDCR 2.24. Under EDCR 2.24(a)-(b), there is no right to a rehearing or motion for reconsideration without leave of the Court. A party seeking reconsideration of a ruling of the court, other than any order that may be addressed by motion pursuant to NRCP 50(b), 52(b), 59 or 60, must file a motion for such relief within 14 days after service of written notice of the order or judgment unless the time is shortened or enlarged by order. Here, the issue on the ruling of the receiver must have been brought for reconsideration by March 17, 2019. The Supreme Court of Nevada even noted this point in its recent order stating the district court's [July 17, 2020] post judgment order reactivated a special master pursuant to a prior order of the court. Thus reconsideration of the denial for a receiver must have been brought by January 2, 2019, or if by the March 3, 2019 order, by March 17, 2019.

Third, relief under NRCP 60(b) is time-barred. NRCP 60(b) allows relief from a final judgment, order, or proceeding for the following potential reasons: (1)mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect; (2) newly discovered evidence that, with reasonable diligence, could not have been discovered in time to move for a new trial under Rule 59(b); (3) fraud (whether previously called intrinsic or extrinsic), misrepresentation, or misconduct by an opposing party; (4) the judgment is void; (5) the judgment has been satisfied, released, or discharged; it is based on an earlier judgment that has been reversed or vacated; or applying it prospectively is no longer equitable; or (6) any other reason that justifies relief. Importantly, motions on grounds (1), (2), or (3) must be brought within 6 months. NRCP 60(c)(1) holds, the time for filing the motion cannot be extended under Rule 6(b). The other three reasons outside NRCP 60's 6-month limitation do not apply here nor have plaintiffs argued they apply here.

Absent good cause, an untimely motion for reconsideration will be denied. Carmar Drive Tr. v. Bank of Am., N.A., 386 P.3d 988 (2016).

Additionally, in <u>Geller v. McCowan</u>, the Nevada Supreme Court held re-hearings are not granted as a matter of right and are not allowed for the purpose of re-argument, unless there is a reasonable probability that the court may have arrived at an erroneous conclusion. 177 P.2d 461 (1947). Here, plaintiffs stated Judge Bare's July 17, 2020 Order was clearly erroneous, however, plaintiffs did not provide substantive argument to support this assertion. The record reflects Judge Bare was careful in his decision and he did factor in the Nelson factors before rendering a limited stay as defendants had posted a partial security of nearly \$300,000.

1	Finally, plaintiffs have put forth no good cause argument to support its almost two year
2	delay in bringing the instant motion. Thus, under EDCR 2.24 and NRCP 60, the instant motion is
3	DENIED.
4	IT IS SO ORDERED.
5	
б	Dated this day of, 2021.
7	Dated this 22nd day of February, 2021
8	(aui Kung
9	· DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
10	7CA B39 FA1B 4F3C Carli Kierny District Court Judge
11	
12	Submitted by: CORYREADE DOWS & SHAFER
13	By: JAX/A, SMAFER
14 15	Novada Bar No. 19184 1333 North Buffalo Drive, Suite 210
16	Las Vegas, Nevada 89128 (702) 794-4411
17	Fax: (702) 794-4421 jshafer@crdslaw.com
18	Assurance de to Tours and Contant.
19	Approved as to Form and Content:
20	LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL CORP.
21	Dan 13- 2/17/21
22	Leon Greenberg, Esq. NSB ² 8094 LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL CORP.
23	2965 S. Jones Boulevard - Ste. E-3
24	Las Vegas, NV 89146 Tel (702) 383-6085
25	Attorney for the Plaintiffs
26	
27	

002709 **Electronically Filed** 2/23/2021 2:18 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT **NOAS** 1 LEON GREENBERG, ESQ., SBN 8094 Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 South Jones Blvd- Suite E3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 3 702) 383-6085 702) 385-1827(fax) 4 leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com 5 Attorneys for Plaintiffs DISTRICT COURT 6 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 7 MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL Case No.: A-12-669926-C RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated, 9 Plaintiffs, 2 Dept.: 10 VS. 11 NOTICE OF APPEAL A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, 12 LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY, 13 Defendants. 14 Notice is hereby given that MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL RENO, 15 Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated, plaintiffs above named, by and 16 through their counsel of record Leon Greenberg, Esq., hereby appeal to the Supreme 17 Court of Nevada from the District Court's ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFFS' 18 MOTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF A RECEIVER TO AID JUDGMENT 19 ENFORCEMENT OR ALTERNATIVE RELIEF such Order entered on February 22, 20 2021. 21 Dated: February 23, 2021 Submitted by 22 23 Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation /s/ Leon Greenberg 24 Leon Greenberg, Esq. LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL 25 CORPORATION Attorney for the Plaintiffs 26 2965 South Jones Boulevard - Suite E3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 27 702) 383-6085 eongreenberg@overtimelaw.com 28 1

PROOF OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that on February 23, 2021, he served the within:

NOTICE OF APPEAL

by court electronic service to:

TO:

Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C. 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, NV 89145

Jay Shafer, Esq. Premier Legal Group 1333 North Buffalo Drive - Suite 210 Las Vegas, NV 89128

/s/ Leon Greenberg

Leon Greenberg

		2/23/2021 2:24 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT	00271
1	ASTA	Otemp. Lin	Mary
2	LEON GREENBERG, ESQ., SBN 8094 Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation		
3	2965 South Jones Blvd- Suite E3	uon	
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 89146		
5	(702) 383-6085 (702) 385-1827(fax)		
6	leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com		
7	Attorneys for Plaintiffs	DICT COURT	
8	DISTR	TRICT COURT	
9	CLARK CO	COUNTY, NEVADA	
10	MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL	L) Case No.: A-12-669926-C	
11	RENO, Individually and on behalf of)	
12	others similarly situated,) Dept.: 2	
13	Plaintiffs,)	
14	VC) CASE APPEAL STATEMENT	5
15	VS.) CASE ALL ELAL STATEMENT)	002711
16	A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB,	3,)	
17	LLC and CREIGHTON J. NADY,)	
18	Defendants.)	
19			
20)	
21		•	
22	Name of appellants filing th	this case appeal statement:	
23	MICUAEL MUDDAY and MICL	THAEL DENO Individually and an bahalf	of
24	WHETIAEL WORKAT, and WHET	CHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf	O1
25	others similarly situated,		
26	2. Identify the judge issuing th	the decision, judgment, or order appealed fi	rom:
27	Honorable Carli Kierny, Departme	ment 2	

3. Identify each appellant and the name and address of counsel for each appellant:

Michael Murray and Michael Reno. Represented by Leon Greenberg, 2965 South Jones Boulevard, Suite E3, Las Vegas, Nevada 89146, (702) 383-6085

4. Identify each respondent and the name and address of appellate counsel, if known, for each respondent:

All Respondents: represented by Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. 0161 Park Run

Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145; Michael K. Wall, Esq., Hutchison &

Steffen, LLC, 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200, Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 and Jay A.

Shafer, Esq., Cory Reade Dows & Shafer, 1333 North Buffalo Drive, Suite 210 Las

Vegas, Nevada 89128.

5. Indicate whether any attorney identified above in response to question 3 or 4 is not licensed to practice law in Nevada and, if so, whether the district court granted that attorney permission to appear under SCR 42 (attach a copy of any district court order granting such permission):

All are admitted to practice law in Nevada.

6. Indicate whether appellant was represented by appointed or retained counsel in the district court:

Appellants were represented by retained counsel.

7. Indicate whether appellant is represented by appointed or retained counsel on appeal:

Appellants are represented by retained counsel.

8. Indicate whether appellant was granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis, and the date of entry of the district court order granting such leave:

No.

9. Indicate the date the proceedings commenced in the district court (e.g., date complaint, indictment, information, or petition was filed):

This action was commenced in the District Court on October 8, 2012.

10. Provide a brief description of the nature of the action and result in the district court, including the type of judgment or order being appealed and the relief granted by the district court.

This appeal is limited to the District Court's Post Judgment Order entered on February 22, 2021. That Order denied the plaintiffs/appellant's motion to appoint a receiver to aid judgment enforcement or alternative relief.

The nature of this case is that it is a class action lawsuit for unpaid minimum wages pursuant to Article 15, Section 16 of the Nevada Constitution. It resulted in a monetary judgment in favor of the plaintiffs by the District Court against respondent A

Cab entered on August 21, 2018 in the amount \$1,033,027.81 A post-judgment Order was also entered by the District Court on February 6, 2019 awarding fees and costs to plaintiffs' counsel in the amount of \$614,599.07.

11. Indicate whether the case has previously been the subject of an appeal to or original writ proceeding in the Supreme Court and, if so, the caption and Supreme Court docket number of the prior proceeding:

This case has been previously before the Supreme Court under the caption "Michael Murray and Michael Reno, Individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,, Appellants v. A Cab Taxi Service LLC, A Cab, LLC and Creighton J. Nady,

Respondents" Supreme Court Case No. 81641.

This case is currently before the Supreme Court under the caption "A Cab LLC and A Cab Series LLC, Appellants v. Michael Murray and Michael Reno, Individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, Respondents" Supreme Court Case No. 77050.

This case has been previously before the Supreme Court under the caption "A Cab LLC and Creighton J. Nady, Appellants v. Michael Murray and Michael Reno, Individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, Respondents" Supreme Court Case No. 72691.

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This case has been previously before the Supreme Court under the caption "A Cab LLC A Nevada Limited Liability Company and Creighton J Nady An Individual, Petitioners v. The Eighth Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, In And For The County of Clark; And The Honorable Kenneth C. Cory, District Judge, Respondents, and Michael Murray and Michael Reno, Individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, Respondents Real Parties in Interest" Supreme Court Case No. 73326.

12. Indicate whether this appeal involves child custody or visitation:
This case does not involve child custody or visitation.

13. If this is a civil case, indicate whether this appeal involves the possibility of settlement:

Appellants do not believe settlement of this appeal is possible.

Dated: February 23, 2021

Submitted by Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation

/s/ Leon Greenberg

Leon Greenberg, Esq.
LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL
CORPORATION
Attorney for the Plaintiffs
2965 South Jones Boulevard - Suite E3
Las Vegas, Nevada 89146
(702) 383-6085

1 **PROOF OF SERVICE** 2 3 The undersigned certifies that on February 23, 2021, he served the within: 4 CASE APPEAL STATEMENT 5 by court electronic service to: 6 TO: Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C. 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 10 Las Vegas, NV 89145 11 Jay Shafer, Esq. 12 Premier Legal Group 1333 North Buffalo Drive - Suite 210 13 Las Vegas, NV 89128 14

15 16 17 18 /s/ Leon Greenberg

Leon Greenberg

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Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C.

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10161 Park**&hzligf0()** Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Tal (702) 320-8400

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

A. Appellants Rightfully Seek an Award of Costs from the District Court Pursuant to NRAP 39 and NRS 18.060.

Pursuant to NRAP 39, the following costs on appeal are taxable in the district courts:

- (1) preparation and transmission of the record;
- (2) the reporter's transcript, if needed to determine the appeal;
- (3) preparation of the appendix;
- (4) premiums paid for a supersedeas bond or other bond;
- (5) the fee for filing the notice of appeal. NRAP 39(e)

Appellant has incurred these said costs in having to appeal the judgment entered in error in this matter. The decision rendered by the Nevada Supreme Court at 137 Nev. Adv. Op. 84 on December 30, 2021, reversed the judgment in part and remanded the case back to this District Court for further proceedings. In its decision, the Nevada Supreme Court found numerous issues of error made by the prior District Court judge which it determined could only be remedied by a reversal and remand.

NRS 18.060 Costs of appeal to Court of Appeals or Supreme Court; discretion of court. In the following cases the costs of an appeal to the Court of Appeals or the Supreme Court shall be in the discretion of the court:

- 1. Where a new trial is ordered.
- 2. When a judgment is modified.

In the event no order is made by the court relative to the costs in the two instances mentioned in this section, the party obtaining any relief shall have his or her costs.

Such is the case here. Appellant was forced to incur costs in the pursuit of bringing these errors to the attention of the Nevada Supreme Court, and rightfully prevailed in having the judgment reversed and remanded.

Appellant's costs are supported by the verified Memorandum of Costs and accompanying receipts. **Exhibit 1**.

The following costs are requested:

1. Reporter's transcripts which are part of the Record on Appeal and necessary to the

appeal of this matter pursuant to NRAP 39(e)(2):

Reporter's Transcript, if needed to determine the appeal		\$6,764.87
Transcript of November 3, 2015 Proceeding	\$864.92	
Department Transcriber's fee of November 3, 2015 Proceeding	\$160.00	
Transcript of February 8, 2017 Proceeding	\$135.00	
Transcript of February 14, 2017 Proceeding	\$76.00	
Department Transcriber's fee of February 14, 2017 Proceeding	\$40.00	
Transcript of February 14, 2017 Proceeding (Dubric Injunction)	\$270.00	
Transcript of May 18, 2017 Proceeding	\$656.31	
Department Transcriber's fee of May 18, 2017 Proceeding	\$160.00	
Transcript of June 13, 2017 Proceeding	\$110.22	
Department Transcriber's fee of June 13, 2017 Proceeding	\$40.00	
Transcripts of December 14, 2017 and January 2, 2018 Proceedings	\$463.60	
Department Transcriber's fee of 12/14/17 & 01/02/18 Proceedings	\$200.00	
Transcript of 01/25/18 and 02/02/18 Proceedings	\$216.60	
Department Transcriber's fee of 1/25/18 and 02/02/18 Proceedings	\$80.00	
Transcript of February 15, 2018 Proceeding	\$117.80	
Department Transcriber's fee of February 15, 2018 Proceeding	\$40.00	
Transcript of June 5, 2018 Proceeding filed July 12, 2018	\$273.60	
Department Transcriber's fee of 6/05/18 Proceeding filed 7/12/18	\$80.00	
Transcript of 1/17/13, 8/11/15, 3/16/16, 5/23/18, 6/01/18, 9/26/18 and 9/28/18 Proceedings	\$1,250.00	
Department Transcriber's fee of 1/17/13, 8/11/15, 3/16/16, 5/23/18, 6/01/18, 9/26/18 and 9/28/18 Proceedings	\$480.00	
Transcript of October 22, 2018 Proceeding	\$368.00	
Department Transcriber's fee of October 22, 2018 Proceeding	\$122.00	
Transcript of December 4, 2018 Proceeding	\$410.82	

Page 3 of 7

Reporter's Transcript, if needed to determine the appeal		\$6,764.87
Department Transcriber's fee of December 4, 2018 Proceeding	\$80.00	
Transcript of December 11, 2018 & December 13, 2018 Proceedings	\$70.00	

2. The premiums paid for the supersedeas bond pursuant to NRAP 39(e)(4):

Premiums Paid for Supersedeas bond or other bond \$1,00		\$1,000.00
03/23/17 District Court Cost Bond (Writ re: SOL)	\$500.00	
10/02/18 District Court Cost Bond (MSJ appeal)	\$500.00	

3. The fee for filing the notice of appeal pursuant to NRAP 39(e)(5):

Fees for Filing the Notices of Appeal		\$822.50
03/20/17 Notice of Appeal Fee (Minimum Wage Issue)	\$24.00	
03/20/17 Notice of Appeal Filing Fee	\$3.50	
03/20/17 Case Appeal Statement Filing Fee	\$3.50	
03/24/17 Cost Bond Filing Fee	\$3.50	
03/31/17 Nevada Supreme Court Appeal Fee	\$250.00	
06/23/17 Nevada Supreme Court Appeal Fee (Injunction)	\$250.00	
09/21/18 Notice of Appeal Fee (MSJ)	\$24.00	
09/21/18 Notice of Appeal Filing Fee	\$3.50	
09/27/18 Nevada Supreme Court Appeal Fee	\$250.00	
10/02/18 Cost Bond Filing Fee	\$3.50	
01/15/19 Amended Notice of Appeal Filing Fee	\$3.50	
03/06/19 Amended Notice of Appeal Filing Fee	\$3.50	

2. Defendants Are the Prevailing Party in Reversing the District Court's Errors; the NSC Recognized That Reversal and Remand Were Necessary.

Defendants' request for costs is at the discretion of the District Court, and the rule does not provide for appeal of this Honorable Court's discretion. However, Appellants respectfully assert that

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it should be evident to this Court that an extraordinary amount of fees and costs were incurred in having to bring this case to the attention of the Nevada Supreme Court. The requested amount of costs is a mere fraction of the financial hit that Appellants incurred in fighting the entry of an erroneous judgment.

With its decision, the Nevada Supreme Court substantially extinguished Defendants' liability for damages by eliminating more than three (3) years of claimed damages which were far outside any statute of limitations. The Nevada Supreme Court determined that the District Court had not followed its clear guidance that these minimum wage claims are limited to a 2 year statute of limitations as outlined in *Thomas v. Nev. Yellow Cab Corp.*, 130 Nev. 484, 327 P.3d 518 (2014).

Following the Supreme Court's guidance, Appellants moved the District Court exactly on this issue in August 2015, and again in November 2016, but were repeatedly and erroneously denied. See Defendant's Motion for Declaratory Order Regarding Statute of Limitations, filed August 10, 2015 (Exhibit 2); Defendant's Motion for Judgment On the Pleadings Pursuant to NRCP 12(c) With Respect to All Claims for Damages Outside the Two Year Statute of Limitations, filed November 17, 2016 (Exhibit 3). As a result of the District Court's erroneous path, Defendants were forced to defend a claim for payments as far back as July 1, 2007. These District Court rulings completely changed the disposition of the litigation with neither party wanting to or having the financial ability to fund an analysis of thousands of tripsheets dating back to 2007.

The ramifications of the Supreme Court's remand has a staggering reduction in Defendants' liability. Per the decision and order, the only items which remain for Plaintiffs' claimed damages are from October 8, 2010 (2 years prior to the filing of their Complaint) through December 31, 2015. An analysis of this time period will demonstrate that these damages are minuscule and/or have already been paid and satisfied:

1. There is no liability after June 26, 2014 when *Thomas v. Nev. Yellow Cab Corp.*, 130 Nev. 484, 327 P.3d 518 (2014) was published, as the company changed its procedures for full compliance by excluding tips in its calculations of minimum wage (testified by the company's Person Most Knowledgeable and believed to be undisputed by Plaintiffs). Any liability that exists after this time frame would be de minimus and

10161 Park & 4/2/06 Suite 150	Las Vegas, Nevada 89145	Tel (702) 320-8400	Fax (702) 320-8401	

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- 2. Defendants have already paid out any alleged underpayment for the time period of October 1, 2010 to October 1, 2012 through a settlement with the Department of Labor which agreed that \$139,988.80 was the underpayment for a two year time period. These monies have already been paid in full. **Exhibit 4** Perez v. A Cab, USDC Case No. 2:14-cv-1615, p. 3.
- 3. Any remaining liability for the time period of April 1, 2009 through July 2, 2014 has already been settled through the matter of Jasminka Dubric v. A Cab, LLC, District Court Case No. A-15-721063-C. Final Order Approving Class Action Settlement, entered by Hon. Kathleen Delaney, Exhibit 5.

As a result of these existing judgments, any remaining liability for claimed damages in this present case will be reduced to those claimed by the 2 class representatives and the 2 drivers who were specifically excluded from the *Dubric* class settlement (Michael Sargeant and Richard Clark). See page 4 and Exhibit 1 to Delaney Order (Exhibit 5). Despite notices sent to the drivers, Richard Clark was the only driver who opted out of the settlement. Plaintiffs have not provided a calculation of damages for what remains, but in the proceedings and in the findings from the Department of Labor, Michael Murray was due \$130.70. Exhibit 6; and Michael Reno was due \$1048.94. Exhibit 7.

Conclusion

These facts support that Appellants are indeed the prevailing party in this appeal, and should be awarded their costs.

DATED this 13th day of January, 2022.

RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P. C.

/s/ Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 006473 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorneys for Defendants

L	<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>				
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY on this 13th day of January, 2022, I electronically filed the foregoing				
3	with the Eighth Judicial District Court Clerk of Court using the E-file and Serve System which will				
1	send a notice of electronic service to the following:				
5	Leon Greenberg, Esq. Christian Gabroy, Esq. Gabroy Law Offices				

Gabroy Law Offices 170 South Green Valley Parkway # 280 Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 South Jones Boulevard, Suite E4 Henderson, Nevada 89012 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Co-Counsel for Plaintiffs

> /s/ Susan Dillow An Employee of Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C.

EXHIBIT 1

EXHIBIT 1

1	MEMO
	Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.
2	Nevada Bar No. 6473
	RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C.
3	10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150
	Las Vegas, Nevada 89145
4	702-320-8400
	info@rodriguezlaw.com
5	
	, , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
6	Jay A. Shafer, Esq.
_	Nevada Bar No. 006791
7	Cory Reade Dows & Shafer
	1333 North Buffalo Drive, Suite 210
8	Las Vegas, Nevada 89128
	702-794-4411
9	jshafer@crdslaw.com
	Attorneys for Defendants

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No.:

Dept. No.

MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC and A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY,

DEFENDANTS' VERIFIED MEMORANDUM OF COSTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

 Π

A-12-669926-C

Defendants.

Description		Cost
Preparation and transmission of the record		n/a
Reporter's Transcript, if needed to determine the appeal		\$6,764.87
Transcript of November 3, 2015 Proceeding	\$864.92	
Department Transcriber's fee of November 3, 2015 Proceeding	\$160.00	
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Department Transcriber's fee of December 4, 2018 Proceeding	\$80.00	
Transcript of December 11, 2018 & December 13, 2018 Proceedings	\$70.00	
Preparation of the Appendix		n/a
Premiums Paid for Supersedeas bond or other bond		\$1,000.00
03/23/17 District Court Cost Bond (Writ re: SOL)	\$500.00	
10/02/18 District Court Cost Bond (MSJ appeal)	\$500.00	
Fees for Filing the Notices of Appeal		\$822.50
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03/20/17 Case Appeal Statement Filing Fee	\$3.50	

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Description		Cost
03/24/17 Cost Bond Filing Fee	\$3.50	
03/31/17 Nevada Supreme Court Appeal Fee	\$250.00	
06/23/17 Nevada Supreme Court Appeal Fee (Injunction)	\$250.00	
09/21/18 Notice of Appeal Fee (MSJ)	\$24.00	
09/21/18 Notice of Appeal Filing Fee	\$3.50	
09/27/18 Nevada Supreme Court Appeal Fee	\$250.00	
10/02/18 Cost Bond Filing Fee	\$3.50	
01/15/19 Amended Notice of Appeal Filing Fee	\$3.50	
03/06/19 Amended Notice of Appeal Filing Fee	\$3.50	
TOTAL:		\$8,587.37

ESTHER C. RODRIGUEZ, ESQ., being duly sworn, states:

That affiant is the attorney for the Defendants in the above matter and has personal knowledge of the above costs and disbursements expended; that the items contained in the above memorandum are true and correct to the best of this affiant's knowledge and belief; and that the said disbursements have been necessarily incurred and paid in this action.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

EXECUTED this 13th day of January, 2022.

Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 6473 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150

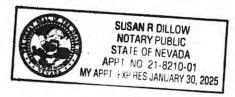
Las Vegas, Nevada 89145

STATE OF NEVADA

COUNTY OF CLARK

Signed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on January 13, 2022 by ESTHER C.

RODRIGUEZ, ESQ.



Notary Public



Invoice

	Date	Invoice #	
3/	21/2016	1844	

Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. Rodriguez Law Office, P.C. 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, NV 89145

Terms	Due Date
Due on receipt	3/21/2016

Balance Due

	Description		Qty	Rate	Amount
Transcript of hearing Motions Hearing	g held on 11/3/201	5	166	5.01	831.66
Credit Card Process	sing Fee		1	33.26	33.26
In Re Murray, et al. A Cab Taxi Service, Case No. A-669926 District Court, Clark	LLC, et al. , Dept. 1				
Phone #	Fax #	E-	mail	Total	\$864.92
303-798-0890	303-797-0432	Julie@VerbatimD	DigitalReporting.Com	Payments/Credit	s -\$864.92

CASE #	A669926						
CASE NAME:	Murray v A Cab Taxi Service						
HEARING DATE:	11/3/15						
DEPARTMENT #	1						
ORDERED BY: FIRM:	Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.						
EMAIL:	susan@rodriguezlaw.com						
PAYABLE TO	Make check payable to:						
COUNTY:	Clark County Treasurer						
	County Tax ID#: 88-6000028						
	Include case number on check						
	Pay by CC by calling (702)671-4507						
	Mailing Address: Regional Justice Center						
	Fiscal Services						
	Attn: Kim Ockey						
	200 Lewis Avenue						
	Las Vegas, NV 89155						
BILL AMOUNT:	Criminal CDs @ \$25 each =						
	Civil CDs @ \$65 each (per hour)						
	4 hours @ \$40 an hour recording fee =	\$160.00					
	pages @ per page of trans.	\$					
	Total	\$160.00					
PAYABLE TO	Make check payable to: n/a						
OUTSIDE							
TRANSCRIBER:							
BILL AMOUNT:	pages @ \$ per page of trans \$						
DATE PAID:							
	TRANSCRIPTS WILL NOT BE FILED OR RELEASED UNTIL PAYMENT IS RECEIVED						

TRANSCRIBER'S BILLING INFORMATION

CASE #	A669926						
CASE NAME:	Murray v. A Cab						
HEARING DATE:	February 8, 2017						
DEPARTMENT - RECORDER:	DISCOVERY - FRANCESCA HAAK, EXT. 4642						
ORDERED BY: FIRM: EMAIL:	Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. [By: Susan] Rodriguez Law susan@rodriguezlaw.com 702-320-84	100					
EMMIE.	Susun(w) our gueziuw.com 702 320 0-	100					
PAYABLE TO: Or pay by credit card by calling 702-671-4507 BILL AMOUNT:	Make check payable to: Clark County Treasurer County Tax ID#: 88-6000028 Include case number on check Mailing Address: Regional Justice Center Fiscal Services - Attn: Jennifer Garcia 200 Lewis Ave. Las Vegas, NV 89155 CDs @ \$25 each = \$ 1 hours @ \$40 an hour recording fee \$40.00 19 pages \$5.01 per pg transcript \$95.19 Total \$135.19						
		1					
PAYABLE TO OUTSIDE TRANSCRIBER:	Make check payable to:						
BILL AMOUNT:	pages @ \$ per page of trans \$						
DATE PAID:							
	TRANSCRIPT/CD WILL NOT BE RELEASED UNTIL PAYMENT IS						

IT IS NOT ADVISED TO MAIL YOUR CHECK. IF YOU CHOOSE TO MAIL YOUR CHECK, PLEASE EXPECT DELAYS IN PROCESSING.

CASE #	A669	926		A669926				
CASE NAME:	Murray, et al. v A Cab Taxi Service, et al.							
HEARING DATE:	2/14/	17						
DEPARTMENT #	1	1						
ORDERED BY: FIRM:	Hute	ael K. Wall, hison & Ste	ffen					
EMAIL:	cpitt:	senbarger@	hutchleg	al.com				
PAYABLE TO	Mak	e check paya	able to:					
COUNTY:	Clar	k County Tr	easurer					
	Cour	ity Tax ID#:	88-6000	028	•			
	Inclu	ide case nun	iber on c	heck				
	Pay I	by CC by ca	lling (702	2)671-4507				
,	Mail	ing Address	•					
	Regi	onal Justice	Center					
	Fisca	l Services						
	Attn	: Kim Ocke	у					
	200 1	200 Lewis Avenue						
	Las '	Las Vegas, NV 89155						
BILL AMOUNT:		Criminal CDs @ \$25 each =						
		Civil CDs @ \$65 each (per hour)						
	1	hours @ \$4	40 an hou	ir recording fee	\$40.00			
		pages @		per page of trans.	\$			
	Tota	l			\$40.00			
PAYABLE TO	Mak	e check pay	able to:	n/a				
OUTSIDE		2 0						
TRANSCRIBER:								
BILL AMOUNT:	pages @ \$ per page of trans \$							
DATE PAID:								
	TRANSCRIPTS WILL NOT BE FILED OR RELEASED							
	UNT	TIL PAYME	NT IS R	ECEIVED				

LGM Transcription Service

License # NV20111327288
Tax I.D. # 26-0738542
Liz Garcia
689 Ladywood Lane
Henderson, NV 89002
(702) 558-3682
lgm-51@embarqmail.com

May 18, 2017

TO: Michael K. Wall, Esq. Hutchison & Steffen 10080 W. Alta Drive, #200 Las Vegas, NV 89145

INVOICE

No. 1371

Transcript: Dept. I Case Name & Number	Date of Hearing	# of Pages	Rate per page	Total
Michael Murray v. A Cab Taxi Service, LLC A669926	2/14/17	20	\$3.80	\$76.00
			TOTAL DUE:	\$76.00

	1
1 2	HUTCHISON STEFFEN DATE: 6/4/2018 10080 W. ALTA #200 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89145
3	
4	
5	HOWARD & HOWARD REPORTING
6	4732 VINCENT HILL COURT N. LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89013
7	(702) 234-9394 TAX ID #20-1909491
8	
9	INVOICE
10	
11	DUBRIC vs. A CAB
12	THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT O
13	DATES AMOUNT
14	2/14/2017 Transcript 270.00
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	TOTAL: \$270.00
20	
21	* Mail your payment to the address listed
22	for Howard & Howard Reporting.
23	
24	
25	

License # NV20111327288
Tax I.D. # 26-0738542
Liz Garcia
689 Ladywood Lane
Henderson, NV 89002
(702) 558-3682
lgm-51@embarqmail.com

May 25, 2017

TO: Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C. 10161 Park Run Drive, Ste. 150 Las Vegas, NV 89145

INVOICE

No. <u>1373</u>

Transcript: Dept. I Case Name & Number	Date of Hearing	# of Pages	Rate per page	Total
Michael Murray, et al v. A Cab Taxi Service LLC A669926	5/18/17	131	\$5.01	\$656.31
(4-day expedite)				
			TOTAL DUE:	\$656.31

CASE #	A669926						
CASE NAME:	Mur	ray, et al. v	A Cab Ta	axi Service, et al.			
HEARING DATE:	5/18	5/18/17					
DEPARTMENT #	1						
ORDERED BY:	Esth	er C. Rodrig	guez, Esq	•			
FIRM:	Rod	riguez Law (Offices				
EMAIL:	susa	n@rodrigue	zlaw.com	1			
DAVA DA TITO							
PAYABLE TO		e check paya					
COUNTY:		k County Tr					
	County Tax ID#: 88-6000028						
		ude case num	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
		by CC by cal		2)671-4507			
		ling Address					
	_	onal Justice	Center				
		al Services					
		: Kim Ocke					
		Lewis Avenu	-				
	Las	Vegas, NV 8			T 4		
BILL AMOUNT:		Criminal C	•		\$		
				ch (per hour)	44.60.00		
	4	hours @ \$4	10 an hou	ır recording fee	\$160.00		
		pages @		per page of trans.	\$		
	Tota	ıl			\$160.00		
	1						
PAYABLE TO	Mak	e check paya	able to: 1	n/a			
OUTSIDE							
TRANSCRIBER:							
BILL AMOUNT:		pages @	\$	per page of trans	\$		
DATE PAID:							
	TRANSCRIPTS WILL NOT BE FILED OR RELEASED						
		TIL PAYME					

License # NV20111327288
Tax I.D. # 26-0738542
Liz Garcia
689 Ladywood Lane
Henderson, NV 89002
(702) 558-3682
lgm-51@embarqmail.com

June 16 2017

TO: Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.
Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C.
10161 Park Run Drive, Ste. 150
Las Vegas, NV 89145

INVOICE

No. <u>1384</u>

Transcript: Dept. I Case Name & Number	Date of Hearing	# of Pages	Rate per page	Total
Michael Murray, et al v. A Cab Taxi Service LLC A669926	6/13/17	22	\$5.01	\$110.22
(4-day expedite)				
			TOTAL DUE:	\$110.22

DISTRICT COURT, DEPARTMENT 1, LISA LIZOTTE 671-4327 TRANSCRIBER'S BILLING INFORMATION

CASE #	A669926						
CASE NAME:	Mur	Murray, et al. v A Cab Taxi Service, et al.					
HEARING DATE:	6/13	6/13/17					
DEPARTMENT #	1						
ORDERED BY:		er C. Rodrig		ļ•			
FIRM:		riguez Law (
EMAIL:	susa	n@rodrigue	zlaw.con	1			
PAYABLE TO COUNTY:	Make check payable to: Clark County Treasurer						
	1	nty Tax ID#:		028			
	1	ude case nun					
	Pay	by CC by ca	lling (702	2)671-4507			
	Mai	ling Address	:				
	Regi	ional Justice	Center				
	Fisc	al Services					
	1	ı: Jennifer G					
	1	Lewis Avenu					
	Las	Vegas, NV 8					
BILL AMOUNT:		Criminal C	_		\$		
				ch (per hour)			
	1	hours @ \$4	40 an ho	ur recording fee	\$40.00		
		pages @		per page of trans.	\$		
	Tota				\$40.00		
	•						
PAYABLE TO	Mak	ke check paya	able to:	n/a			
OUTSIDE		- •					
TRANSCRIBER:							
BILL AMOUNT:		pages @	\$	per page of trans	\$		
DATE PAID:							
	TRANSCRIPTS WILL NOT BE FILED OR RELEASED						
		TIL PAYME					
CITIE INTIMETE IS NECETIED							

License # NV20111327288
Tax I.D. # 26-0738542
Liz Garcia
689 Ladywood Lane
Henderson, NV 89002
(702) 558-3682

lgm-51@embarqmail.com

February 2, 2018

TO: Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.
Rodriguez Law Offices
10161 Park Run Drive, Ste. 150
Las Vegas, NV 89145

INVOICE

No. <u>1474</u>

Transcript: Dept. I Case Name & Number	Date of Hearing	# of Pages	Rate per page	Total
Michael Murray, et al v. A Cab Taxi Service, LLC A669926	12/14/17 1/02/18	59 63	\$3.80	\$463.60
			TOTAL DUE:	\$463.60

DISTRICT COURT, DEPARTMENT 1, LISA LIZOTTE 671-4327 TRANSCRIBER'S BILLING INFORMATION

CASE #	A669926						
CASE NAME:	Mur	Murray, et al. v A Cab Taxi Service, et al.					
HEARING DATE:	12/14	12/14/17; 1/2/18					
DEPARTMENT #	1	1					
ORDERED BY:	1	er C. Rodrig		•			
FIRM:	1	riguez Law (
EMAIL:	susai	n@rodrigue	zlaw.com	1			
PAYABLE TO	1	e check paya					
COUNTY:	1	k County Tr					
	1	nty Tax ID#:					
	Inclu	Include case number on check					
	Pay	by CC by cal	lling (702	2)671-4507			
	Mail	ing Address	:				
	Regi	onal Justice	Center				
	Fisca	al Services					
	Attn	: Jennifer G	Farcia				
	200 1	Lewis Avenu	ie				
	Las '	Vegas, NV 8	9155				
BILL AMOUNT:		Criminal C	CDs @ \$2	25 each =	\$		
		Civil CDs (@ \$65 ea	ch (per hour)			
	5	hours @ \$4	40 an hou	ır recording fee	\$200.00		
		pages @		per page of trans.	\$		
	Tota	l			\$200.00		
PAYABLE TO	Mak	e check paya	able to:	n/a			
OUTSIDE							
TRANSCRIBER:							
BILL AMOUNT:		pages @	\$	per page of trans	\$		
DATE PAID:							
	TRANSCRIPTS WILL NOT BE FILED OR RELEASED						
UNTIL PAYMENT IS RECEIVED							

License # NV20111327288
Tax I.D. # 26-0738542
Liz Garcia
689 Ladywood Lane
Henderson, NV 89002
(702) 558-3682

lgm-51@embarqmail.com

February 20, 2018

TO: Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.
Rodriguez Law Offices
10161 Park Run Drive, Ste. 150
Las Vegas, NV 89145

INVOICE

No. <u>1483</u>

Transcript: Dept. I Case Name & Number	Date of Hearing	# of Pages	Rate per page	Total
Michael Murray, et al v. A Cab Taxi Service, LLC A669926	1/25/18 2/02/18	36 21	\$3.80	\$216.60
			TOTAL DUE:	\$216.60

CASE #	A669926						
CASE NAME:	Mur	Murray, et al. v A Cab Taxi Service, et al.					
HEARING DATE:	1/25	/18; 2/2/18					
DEPARTMENT #	1						
ORDERED BY:		er C. Rodrig		•			
FIRM:		riguez Law (
EMAIL:	susa	n@rodrigue	zlaw.com	1			
	T _						
PAYABLE TO		e check paya					
COUNTY:		k County Tr					
		nty Tax ID#:					
	Inclu	ıde case nun	iber on c	heck			
		by CC by cal		2)671-4507			
		ing Address					
	_	onal Justice	Center				
		al Services					
		: Jennifer G					
		Lewis Avenu	-				
	Las	Vegas, NV 8					
BILL AMOUNT:		Criminal C	•		\$		
		Civil CDs (@ \$65 ea	ch (per hour)			
	2	hours @ \$4	40 an hou	ır recording fee	\$80.00		
		pages @		per page of trans.	\$		
	Tota	<u>l</u>			\$80.00		
	T						
PAYABLE TO	Mak	e check paya	able to:	n/a			
OUTSIDE							
TRANSCRIBER:							
BILL AMOUNT:		pages @	\$	per page of trans	\$		
DATE PAID:							
	TRANSCRIPTS WILL NOT BE FILED OR RELEASED						
		IL PAYME					

License # NV20111327288
Tax I.D. # 26-0738542
Liz Garcia
689 Ladywood Lane
Henderson, NV 89002
(702) 558-3682
lgm-51@embarqmail.com

March 1, 2018

TO: Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.
Rodriguez Law Offices
10161 Park Run Drive, Ste. 150
Las Vegas, NV 89145

INVOICE

No. <u>1485</u>

Transcript: Dept. I Case Name & Number	Date of Hearing	# of Pages	Rate per page	Total
Michael Murray, et al v. A Cab Taxi Service, LLC A669926	2/15/18	31	\$3.80	\$117.80
			TOTAL DUE:	\$117.80

CASE #	A669926						
CASE NAME:	Mur	ray, et al. v	A Cab Ta	axi Service, et al.			
HEARING DATE:	2/15/	2/15/18					
DEPARTMENT #	1						
ORDERED BY:	Esth	er C. Rodrig	uez, Esq	•			
FIRM:	Rod	riguez Law (Offices				
EMAIL:	susa	n@rodrigue	zlaw.com	1			
PAYABLE TO	Mak	e check paya	able to:				
COUNTY:		k County Tr					
		nty Tax ID#:					
		ıde case nun					
		by CC by cal	_	2)671-4507			
		ing Address					
	_	onal Justice	Center				
		al Services	. •				
		: Jennifer G					
		Lewis Avenu	-				
DILL AMOUNT.	Las	Vegas, NV 8)5 l.	Φ.		
BILL AMOUNT:		Criminal C	•		\$		
	1			ch (per hour)	\$40.00		
	1	nours @ \$2	o an not	ır recording fee	\$40.00		
		pages @		per page of trans.	\$		
	Tota	ıl			\$40.00		
	1						
PAYABLE TO	Mak	e check paya	able to:	n/a			
OUTSIDE							
TRANSCRIBER:		T	Г.	T			
BILL AMOUNT:		pages @	\$	per page of trans	\$		
DATE PAID:							
	TRANSCRIPTS WILL NOT BE FILED OR RELEASED						
	UNT	TIL PAYME	NT IS R	ECEIVED			

License # NV20111327288
Tax I.D. # 26-0738542
Liz Garcia
689 Ladywood Lane
Henderson, NV 89002
(702) 558-3682

lgm-51@embarqmail.com

July 2, 2018

TO: Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.
Rodriguez Law Offices
10161 Park Run Drive, Ste. 150
Las Vegas, NV 89145

INVOICE

No. <u>1515</u>

Transcript: Dept. I Case Name & Number	Date of Hearing	# of Pages	Rate per page	Total
Michael Murray, et al v. A Cab Taxi Service, LLC A669926	6/5/18	72	\$3.80	\$273.60
			TOTAL DUE:	\$273.60

DISTRICT COURT, DEPARTMENT 1, LISA LIZOTTE 671-4327 TRANSCRIBER'S BILLING INFORMATION

CASE #	A669926						
CASE NAME:	Murray, et al. v A Cab Taxi Service, et al.						
HEARING DATE:	6/5/18						
DEPARTMENT #	1	1					
ORDERED BY:	Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.						
FIRM:	Rod	riguez Law 🤇	Offices	•			
EMAIL:	susa	n@rodrigue	zlaw.con	1			
PAYABLE TO	1	e check pay					
COUNTY:	1	k County Ti					
	1	nty Tax ID#					
	Inclu	ude case nun	nber on o	check			
	Pay by CC by calling (702)671-4507						
		ing Address					
	Regional Justice Center						
	Fiscal Services						
	Attn: Jennifer Garcia						
	200 Lewis Avenue						
DILL AMOUNT	Las Vegas, NV 89155						
BILL AMOUNT:	Criminal CDs @ \$25 each =						
	2	Civil CDs @ \$65 each (per hour)					
		2 hours @ \$40 an hour recording fee \$80.0					
		pages @	\$				
	pages @ per page of trans. \$ Total \$80.00						
PAYABLE TO	Make check payable to: n/a						
OUTSIDE							
TRANSCRIBER:							
BILL AMOUNT:		pages @	\$	per page of trans	\$		
DATE DAID.							
DATE PAID:							
	TRANSCRIPTS WILL NOT BE FILED OR RELEASED						
	UNTIL PAYMENT IS RECEIVED						

License # NV20111327288
Tax I.D. # 26-0738542
Liz Garcia
689 Ladywood Lane
Henderson, NV 89002
(702) 558-3682

lgm-51@embarqmail.com

April 15, 2019

TO: Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.
Rodriguez Law Offices
10161 Park Run Drive, Ste. 150
Las Vegas, NV 89145

INVOICE

No. <u>1587</u>

Transcript: Dept. I Case Name & Number	Date of Hearing	# of Pages	Rate per page	Total
Michael Murray, et al v. A Cab Taxi Service, LLC A669926	1/17/13 8/11/15 3/16/16 5/23/18 6/01/18 9/26/18 9/28/28	23 33 16 77 45 68 67	\$3.80	\$1,250.20
		329	TOTAL DUE:	\$1,250.20

CASE #	A669926					
CASE NAME:	Murray, et al. v A Cab Taxi Service, et al.					
HEARING DATE:	1/17/13; 8/11/15; 3/16/16; 5/23/18; 6/1/18; 9/26/18; 9/28/18					
DEPARTMENT #	1					
ORDERED BY: FIRM:	Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.					
EMAIL:	susa	susan@rodriguezlaw.com				
PAYABLE TO COUNTY:	Make check payable to: Clark County Treasurer County Tax ID#: 88-6000028 Include case number on check Pay by CC by calling (702)671-4507 Mailing Address: Regional Justice Center Fiscal Services					
	Attn: Jennifer Garcia					
	200 Lewis Avenue					
	Las Vegas, NV 89155					
BILL AMOUNT:	Criminal CDs @ \$25 each = \$					
	Civil CDs @ \$65 each (per hour)				\$400.00	
	12	nours @ \$2	iu an not	ır recording fee	\$480.00	
		pages @		per page of trans.	\$	
	Total \$480.00					
PAYABLE TO OUTSIDE TRANSCRIBER:	Make check payable to: n/a					
BILL AMOUNT:		pages @	\$	per page of trans	\$	
DATE PAID:						
	TRANSCRIPTS WILL NOT BE FILED OR RELEASED UNTIL PAYMENT IS RECEIVED					

License # NV20111327288
Tax I.D. # 26-0738542
Liz Garcia
689 Ladywood Lane
Henderson, NV 89002
(702) 558-3682

lgm-51@embarqmail.com

November 19, 2018

TO: Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.
Rodriguez Law Offices
10161 Park Run Drive, Ste. 150
Las Vegas, NV 89145

INVOICE

No. <u>1554</u>

Transcript: Dept. I Case Name & Number	Date of Hearing	# of Pages	Rate per page	Total
Michael Murray, et al v. A Cab Taxi Service, LLC A669926	10/22/18	97	\$3.80	\$368.60
			TOTAL DUE:	\$368.60

CASE #	A669926						
CASE NAME:	Murray, et al. v A Cab Taxi Service, et al.						
HEARING DATE:	10/22/18						
DEPARTMENT #	1	1					
ORDERED BY:	Esth	Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.					
FIRM:	Rod	riguez Law (Offices				
EMAIL:	susa	n@rodrigue	zlaw.co	m			
PAYABLE TO		e check pay					
COUNTY:		k County Ti					
		nty Tax ID#					
		ıde case nun					
	Pay by CC by calling (702)671-4507						
		ing Address					
	Regional Justice Center						
	Fiscal Services						
	Attn: Jennifer Garcia						
	200 Lewis Avenue						
DILL AMOUNT.	Las Vegas, NV 89155						
BILL AMOUNT:		Criminal CDs @ \$25 each = \$					
	3	Civil CDs @ \$65 each (per hour) hours @ \$40 an hour recording fee \$1					
	3	nours @ \$40 an nour recording fee			\$120.00		
		pages @ per page of trans.			\$		
	Total \$120.00						
2112122222				,			
PAYABLE TO	Make check payable to: n/a						
OUTSIDE							
TRANSCRIBER:		Ι ο					
BILL AMOUNT:		pages @	\$	per page of trans	\$		
DATE PAID:							
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	TRANSCRIPTS WILL NOT BE FILED OR RELEASED						
	UNTIL PAYMENT IS RECEIVED						
	ONTIL LATIMENT IS RECEIVED						