IN THE NEVADA SUPREME COUR Electronically Filed

May 30 2023 06:17

May 30 2023 06:17 PM Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

Adrian Powell,

Appellant,

 $\mathbf{v}.$

State of Nevada

Respondents.

On Appeal from the Order Denying Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus Eighth Judicial District, Clark County (A-21-839265-W) Honorable Ronald J. Israel, District Court Judge

Joint Appendix Volume 2 of 4

Anthony P. Sgro, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 3811
Sgro & Roger
*Colleen Savage, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 14947
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Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
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csavage@sgroandroger.com

*Counsel for Adrian Powell

Electronically Filed 1/5/2018 1:31 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

NWEW 1 STEVEN B. WOLFSON 2 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 MICHAEL R. DICKERSON Deputy District Attorney 4 Nevada Bar #013476 200 Lewis Avenue 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 6 Attorney for Plaintiff

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

10 Plaintiff,

11 -VS-

> LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney, #8295438 ADRIAN POWELL, #8387748

Defendants.

Defendants: and

AKE, PAUL - LVMPD #8100

CASE NO:

C-17-327767-1/2

DEPT NO: Ι

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STATE'S SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF WITNESSES AND/OR EXPERT WITNESSES [NRS 174.234]

LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL,

YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF

NEVADA intends to call the following witnesses and/or expert witnesses in its case in chief:

BENJAMIN DURHAM ESQ. and MICHAEL KANE ESQ., Counsel of Record:

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TO: 18

TO:

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ANDERSON, JORDAN - LVMPD #15109

*Indicates additional witnesses and/or modifications

AOYAMA, KATHRYN - LVMPD P#8025 (or designee): LATENT PRINT EXAMINER - Expert in the science and techniques of fingerprint comparison, and comparisons done in this case and any reports prepared therefrom.

AREVALO, BRYANT - LVMPD #15771

W:\2017\2017F\176\26\17F17626-SLOW-(PINKEY)-001.DOCX

APP000242

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BALINT, RYAN - LVMPD #15912

*BARKER, KEVIN, LVMPD #6452 and/or designee; LVMPD Detective and Computer Forensic Examiner; he is an expert in the analysis of cellular site information data, including being an expert in the operations of the various cellular phone companies, including familiarity with the types of records and data kept by the cellular phone companies, interpreting the records provided by cellular phone companies, including the interpretation of the times provided in the records including the time zone of the reported times contained within the records; he is also an expert in the operation of cell towers and location of cell towers for each phone company, including knowledge of cell tower generation of calls and the ability to determine the location where generated based on that knowledge, including the generation of maps documenting the location of cell towers as well as the location of a cellular phone making calls generated through a particular cell tower. He will testify as to the cell tower information, cellular phone company records in this case, and any mapping done in the instant case.

*BASILOTTA, EUGENIO, LVMPD #8447; LVMPD Detective; he is an expert in the analysis of cellular site information data, including being an expert in the operations of the various cellular phone companies, including familiarity with the types of records and data kept by the cellular phone companies, interpreting the records provided by cellular phone companies, including the interpretation of the times provided in the records including the time zone of the reported times contained within the records; he is also an expert in the operation of cell towers and location of cell towers for each phone company, including knowledge of cell tower generation of calls and the ability to determine the location where generated based on that knowledge, including the generation of maps documenting the location of cell towers as well as the location of a cellular phone making calls generated through a particular cell tower. He will testify as to the cell tower information, cellular phone company records in this case, and any mapping done in the instant case.

*BEATTY, JAMES, LVMPD #8642; he is an expert in the analysis of cellular site information data, including being an expert in the operations of the various cellular phone companies, including familiarity with the types of records and data kept by the cellular phone

companies, interpreting the records provided by cellular phone companies, including the interpretation of the times provided in the records including the time zone of the reported times contained within the records; he is also an expert in the operation of cell towers and location of cell towers for each phone company, including knowledge of cell tower generation of calls and the ability to determine the location where generated based on that knowledge, including the generation of maps documenting the location of cell towers as well as the location of a cellular phone making calls generated through a particular cell tower. He will testify as to the cell tower information, cellular phone company records in this case, and any mapping done in the instant case.

BEHYMER, AARON - LVMPD #15768

BOBBITT, TIFFANIE - c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101

BREWER, DOROTHEA - LVMPD #15720

CHAVARRIA-VALENZUELA, JOSE - PEPES TACOS - 2490 FREMONT ST., LV

NV

COLLINS, MAURICE - LVMPD #4719

CORBETT, JAMES - LVMPD #6410

CRUZ, RAYMUNDO - LVMPD #15656

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - CCDC

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD COMMUNICATIONS

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD PHOTO LAB

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD RECORDS

FLETCHER, STEPHANIE - LVMPD P#6650 (or designee): CRIME SCENE ANALYST: Expert in the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and is expected to testify as an expert to the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of the evidence in this case.

GARLEY, MATTHEW - LVMPD #15652

GASPAR, MYRIAM - PEPES TACOS - 2490 FREMONT ST., LV NV

///

1	GAUTHIER, KELLIE - LVMPD P#8691 (or designee): Expert in the field of DNA
2	extractions, comparisons, analysis, and the identification of bodily fluids and is expected to
3	testify thereto.
4	GONZALEZ, KATHLEEN - 1580 LAVANTE AVE, LV NV
5	GRACIANO, SELENA - 4721 ARIZONA AVE, LV NV
6	*GROVEMAN, LEAH, LVMPD #15822; is employed as a Forensic Scientist with the
7	Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She will testify as an expert as to the procedures,
8	techniques and science employed in DNA analysis, all procedures employed in this case and
9	reports provided.
10	HERNANDEZ, VICTOR - LVMPD #15018
11	HESSING-RODRIGUEZ, YENEIR - WALGREENS - 4470 E. BONANZA RD. LV
12	NV
13	JOHNSON, TIFFANY - 7918 MILTON AVE, WHITTIER, CA
14	*KERN, JOHN, FBI Information Technology Forensic Examiner; Will testify as an
15	expert in the area of cellular phones, including but not limited to, cellular system technology
16	including cell tower generation of calls and ability to determine the location where generated,
17	collection and handling of cellular phones for evidentiary purposes, and the examination,
18	preservation, retrieval and analysis of cellular call and text records/data, photos and/or video
19	and/or any other data kept on a cellular phone. Further, this expert will testify to the results of
20	any and all examinations performed on the cellular phones in this case.
21	LEAVITT, SETH - LVMPD #13457
22	LEON, RUTH - DA INVESTIGATOR
23	MILLS, PADILLA - LVMPD #15850
24	ORAT, DARLENE - WALGREENS - 4470 E BONANZA RD. LV NV
25	PANDULLO, TULLIO - LVMPD #7884
26	PERKINS, SHANNISE - 6500 VEGAS DR., #2025, LV NV
27	RAFFERTY, ROBER - LVMPD #8918
28	RENHARD, LOUISE - LVMPD #5223

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RENHARD, LOUISE - LVMPD P#5223 (or designee): CRIME SCENE ANALYST: Expert in the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and is expected to testify as an expert to the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of the evidence in this case.

SCHUMMER, DAVID - LVMPD #7457

SCHWARTZ - LVMPD #15120

SCOTT, JEFFREY - LVMPD P#9618 (or designee): CRIME SCENE ANALYST: Expert in the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and is expected to testify as an expert to the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of the evidence in this case.

SERENA, LANCE - LVMPD #15888

SHINE, RAYNETTA - 3474 ALGIERS DR #2204, LV NV

SPEAS, WILLIAM - LVMPD P#5228 (or designee): CRIME SCENE ANALYST: Expert in the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and is expected to testify as an expert to the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of the evidence in this case.

THOMAS, KRISTINA - LVMPD P#13574 (or designee): CRIME SCENE ANALYST: Expert in the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and is expected to testify as an expert to the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of the evidence in this case.

TICANO, T. - LVMPD #6804

TOMMER, KYLE - LVMPD #5780

VALLEJO-RODRIGUEZ, ANTONIO - 4421 AAVERY PARK AVE, LV NV

WATKINS, DENZEL - 6500 VEGAS DR., LV NV

These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses endorsed on the Information or Indictment and any other witness for which a separate Notice of Witnesses and/or Expert Witnesses has been filed.

1	The substance of each expert witness' testimony and copy of all reports made by or at						
2	the direction of the expert witness has been provided in discovery.						
3	A copy of each expert witness' curriculum vitae, if available, is attached hereto.						
4							
5	STEVEN B. WOLFSON						
6	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565						
7							
8	BY /s/ MICHAEL R. DICKERSON						
9	MICHAEL R. DICKERSON Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #013476						
10	Nevada Bar #0134/6						
11	CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION						
12	I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing was made this 5th day of						
13	January, 2018, by electronic transmission to:						
14	BENJAMIN DURHAM						
15	bdurham@vegasdefense.com						
16	MICHAEL KANE mike@the702firm.com						
17	imke@me/ozimi.com						
18	BY /s/ J. MOSLEY Secretary for the District Attorney's Office						
19	Secretary for the District Attorney's Office						
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CURRICULUM VITAE



John E. Kern

Federal Bureau of Investigation Computer Analysis Response Team 1787 W. Lake Mead Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89106

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Feb, 2013 - present

Information Technology Specialist – Forensic Examiner (ITS FE) U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Las Vegas, NV

Serve as a digital evidence forensic examiner supporting approximately 150 Special Agents in the FBI Las Vegas Division. Perform forensic acquisition and examination of physical evidence under a documented quality assurance program that includes annual proficiency testing, peer administrative/technical reviews and adherence to standard operating procedures.

Conduct forensic examinations on computer/digital evidence, conduct research and development activities, performs search and seizure operations. Serve as Las Vegas Division CART Coordinator to ensure that FBI digital evidence operations and services are being conducted or provided in accordance with FBI policies and standard operating procedures. Also member of FBI Forensic Audio Video Image Analysis Unit (FAVIAU) Field Audio Video Program (FAVP) as an Forensic Examiner Trainee (FAVP FET) for training & certification to conduct audio and video forensic tasks in the field.

Feb. 2009 to Jun, 2010

Senior Consultant Business Operations

Verizon Corporate Services Group

Basking Ridge, NJ

Provided expertise to establish Verizon Corporate Business Continuity (BC) program. Worked with existing business unit BC organizations to analyze and document best internal/external practices and standards in all business continuity disciplines then define path to enterprise consistent transformation. Partnered with Corporate Safety to create an enterprise Public Health Emergencies and Infection Control Program. Adapted U.S. OSHA Hierarchy of Controls and four stage Occupational Risk Pyramid for Pandemic influenza for enterprise wide Verizon recommendations and requirements.

Jan, 2008 to Feb, 2009

Consulting

Califon, NJ

Provided network operations, process/organizational design, maintenance, and resilience expertise for response to Sprint core network outsourcing RFI/RFP for Nokia Siemens Networks. Provided review and analysis of existing Sprint network operations, maintenance, and provisioning processes, metrics, organizations, and methodologies. Participated on team that developed, documented, and defended integration and consolidation of Sprint work into Nokia Siemens Network organization and processes. Response included multi-stage evolution of processes through automation and workflow improvements. Developed and documented Business Continuity strategies and philosophies for the continued operation of Nokia Siemens Networks Global Network Solutions Centers in Chennai, India; Lisbon, Portugal; and Overland Park, Kansas.

John E. Kern Page 2 of 3

Oct, 1975 to Nov, 2007 Retired

Network Services AVP

AT&T

Bedminster, NJ

Assignments of increasing scope, scale, and responsibility as an individual contributor, leader, and manager with Network Infrastructure Support, Business Continuity, Resilience Engineering, Incident Response, Continuity of Operations, and Continuity of Government. Expertise includes complex information technology, wireline/wireless telecommunications networks/services, and mission critical network enterprises. Led merger related integration of global business continuity strategies, plans and capabilities for AT&T-TCG, SBC-AT&T, and AT&T-BellSouth/Cingular acquisitions. Business Continuity, Disaster Recovery, Organizational Resilience, Logistics and Incident Command Design/Deployment, Program/Project Management, Professional with extensive experience consulting with senior corporate executives, local/state/federal government officials, high value customers, law enforcement, and media on infrastructure and network initiatives of international scope. Recognized by U.S. government as Business Continuity & Disaster Recovery subject matter expert including serving as an expert witness to the U.S. Congress House Committee on Government Reform in 2004 regarding learnings from the recovery after the World Trade Center attacks in 2001.

EDUCATION

Dec, 1994 Colorado State University

Fort Collins, CO

Master of Business Administration - Business Management

Dec, 1989 Franklin University

Columbus, OH

Bachelor of Science - Business Administration

May, 1986 Prairie State College

Chicago Heights, IL

Associate of Arts - Computer Science

FORENSIC EXAMINATION / TESTIMONY EXPERIENCE

Analyzed a large amount of digital media in support of a wide variety of cases since 2013. Participated in the execution of numerous search warrants/search and seizure operations, and field examinations & reviews.

PROFESSIONAL TRAINING

September, 2017	FBI FAVP Forensic Examiner Capstone class, Quantico, VA (5 Days)
August, 2017	FBI FAVP Forensic Audio Enhancement with iZotope class,, Quantico, VA (2 Days)
March, 2017	FBI (Blackbag Technologies) macOS Essential Forensic Techniques I, Stafford, VA. (5 Days)
January, 2017	FBI Introduction to macOS Forensic Essentials (1 Day Self-Paced)
August, 2016	FBI FAVP (Salient Sciences) Accelerated DAC School and CARDINAL Mini Lab Audio/Video Training, Durham, NC. (2 Days)
August, 2016	FBI FAVP (Salient Sciences) - Video Focus for Forensic Audio and Video Analyst, Durham, NC. (3 Days)
	SPLUMING The initial Mountain TV (F. David)

July, 2016 FBI UNIX Forensics Training, Houston, TX. (5 Days)

June, 2016 FBI FAVP (Resolution Video) Introduction to FFmpeg. Quantico, VA. (2 Days)

John E. Kern Page 3 of 3	
June, 2016	FBI FAVP (Resolution Video) Adobe Premiere for Forensic Video Analysis, Quantico, VA. (3 Days)
June, 2016	FBI FAVP Criminal Investigative Division's Digital Imaging & Video Recovery, Silicon Valley, CA. (3 Days)
May, 2016	FBI FAVP Digital CCTV Technology (1 Day Self-Paced)
May, 2016	FBI FAVP Digital Video Technology. (1 Day Self-Paced)
July, 2015	FBI CART iOS Devices for Forensic Examiners (iPhAT/iPEX). (1 Day Self-Paced)
July, 2015	FBI CART Basic Mobile Devices. Linthicum, MD. (5 Days)
June, 2015	FBI CART Linux Command Line. Stafford, VA (3 Days)
May, 2015	FBI CART File System Research Paper. (Self-Paced)
April, 2015	FBI CART Exam Competency Test. (Self-Paced)
January, 2015	FBI CART AD Lab for Mac. (1 Day Self-Paced)
December, 2014	FBI CART Practicals. Stafford, VA. (5 days)
May, 2014	FBI CART File Systems Basic. Stafford, VA. (4 days)
December, 2013	SANS Windows Forensic Analysis. Orange, CA. (6 days)
September, 2013	SANS Introduction to Information Security. Las Vegas, NV (5 days)
June, 2013	FBI CART Intermediate Web Artifacts. Linthicum, MD. (3 days)
May, 2013	FBI CART Intermediate Operating System (OS) Artifacts. Philadelphia, PA. (3 days)
April, 2013	FBI CART Basic Tools. San Diego, CA. (3 days)
March, 2013	FBI CART Digital Extraction Technician. Stafford, VA. (7 days)

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATIONS

March, 2017	Macintosh Forensic Examiner Certification – Federal Bureau of Investigation
October, 2016	Unix Exam Certification – Federal Bureau of Investigation
August, 2015	Cell Phone & GPS Forensic Certification – Federal Bureau of Investigation
August, 2015	Network + Certification – CompTIA
July, 2015	Linux Command Line Certification – Federal Bureau of Investigation
June, 2015	Mac Basic Certification – Federal Bureau of Investigation
June, 2015	CART Windows Intel (WinTel) Computer Forensic Examiner – Federal Bureau of Investigation
December, 2014	AccessData Certified Examiner (ACE) – AccessData Corporation
November, 2014	A+ Certification – CompTIA
April, 2014	GIAC Certified Forensic Examiner (GCFE) – Global Information Assurance Certification
February, 2014	GIAC Information Security Fundamentals (GISF) - Global Information Assurance Certification
March, 2013	CART Technician – Federal Bureau of Investigation
March, 2015	Information Technology Infrastructure Library v3 Foundation Certified, APM Group Limited.
June, 2009	Certified Business Resilience Auditor (CBRA) – Business Resilience Consortium International
September, 2005	Certified Business Continuity Professional (CBCP) - Disaster Recovery Institute.
May, 1979	Certificate – Computer Console Operator – Prairie State College



DETECTIVE KEVIN C. BARKER P#6452

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department 400 S. Martin Luther King Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89106 Office (702) 828-1506 Email <u>k6452b@lvmpd.com</u>

CURRICULUM VITAE

CURRENT EMPLOYMENT

- Detective and Computer Forensic Examiner, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police
 Department, Secret Service Electronic Crimes Task Force
- Employed with LVMPD since 1999
- Acquired over 2,600 hours of police specific training along with more than 800 hours of documented Instructor time. Additionally, acquired more than 461 hours in areas relevant to conducting examinations on electronic storage devices and associated techniques.

EDUCATION CURRICULUM

- Nevada POST Certification
 - Basic Certificate, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, 1999
 - o Intermediate Certificate, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, 2009
 - Advanced Certificate, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, 2009
 - Instructor Certificate, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, 2012
- University of Phoenix
 - o Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration, 2009
 - Bachelor's Degree in Business Management, 2009
 - Master's Degree in Business Management, 2011
- Wilmington University
 - o Master's Degree in Information Assurance
 - o Currently Enrolled
 - Anticipate Graduating in 2019

- Walden University
 - PhD Program in Public Policy and Administration with an emphasis in Organizational Management and Leadership
 - Doctoral Candidate
 - Final Review Process for Published Dissertation
 - Anticipate Graduating in 2017
- Basic Evidence Recovery Training (BCERT)
 - o United States Secret Service's National Computer Forensics Institute
 - o Hoover Alabama, April-May 2016
 - Over 190-hour training curriculum

CERTIFICATIONS

- ACE- AccessData Certified Examiner January 2016
- Magnet Certified Forensics Examiner September 2016
- CCLO- Cellebrite Certified Logical Operator October 2016
- CCPA- Cellebrite Certified Physical Analyst October 2016

COMPUTER FORENSIC TRAINING

- AccessData Advanced Forensics
 - o By Syntricate, December 2015
- Windows Operating System Forensics
 - By Syntricate, January 2016
- Windows Forensics Registry
 - o By Syntricate, January 2016
- Computer Forensics and the Cloud
 - By Syntricate, February 2016
- Advanced FTK
 - By Syntricate, February 2016
- Forensic Fundamentals
 - o By Syntricate, February 2016
- Access Data Boot Camp
 - o By Syntricate, March 2016
- Applied Decription
 - o By Syntricate, March 2016
- Basic Computer Evidence Recovery Training

- By the United States Secret Service at The National Computer
 Forensics Institute; Hoover, Alabama April 4 May 6, 2016
- Magnet Forensics Computer Essentials Course
 - o By Magnet Forensics; Las Vegas, NV, September 2016
- Cellebrite Certified Logical Operator Course
 - o By Cellebrite; Las Vegas, NV, October 2016
- Cellebrite Certified Physical Analyst Course
 - o By Cellebrite; Las Vegas, NV, October 2016
- Miscellaneous Online Video Training Courses in Computer Forensics
 - o By Syntricate/Access Data, December 2015 June 2016

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Forensic Laboratory

CURRICULUM VITAE

					Date: 07/05	/2017	
Name: Leah Groveman		P#: _	15822	Classification:	Forensic Sci	entist II	
Current Discipline of Assignment: Bio	ology/DNA						
EXPERI	ENCE IN	THE FO	LLÖWI	NG DISCIPLINE(S			
Controlled Substances			Toxicology/Blood Alcohol				
Toolmarks			Toxic	ology/Breath Alcoho	ol		
Trace Evidence			Toxic	ology/Drugs			
Arson Analysis			Firea	rms		. <u>-</u>	
Latent Prints				e Scene Investigation			
Serology		Х	Cland	Clandestine Laboratory Response Team			-
Document Examination			DNA	DNA Analysis			X
Quality Assurance			Technical Support / DNA				a variety system
		EDUC	ATION				
Institution	Date	s Attend	ded	M	lajor 		Degree ompleted
George Washington University	08/20	01-05/2	2003	73 Forensic Molecular Biolog		M	.F.S.
Maryville College	08/19	97-05/	2001 Biochemistry		В	.A	
	ADDITION	IAL TRA	INING	/ SEMINARS	The second secon		
Course / Seminar			Location			Dates	
STRmix Training Workshop - ESR			Las Vegas, NV		V	04/2017	
Firearms for Forensic Scientists			LVMPD Forensics Lab		s Lab	09/2016	
Quality Assurance Standards Auditor Training			FBI Virtual Academy		08-09/2016		
Internal Auditor Training			LVMPD Forensics Lab 06		06/20	 016	
Ethics in Forensic Science - West Virginia University		. <u> </u>	Online Course			05-06/2016	
CJIS Security Awareness Training			LVMPD 04/201			016	

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Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Forensic Laboratory

National Institute of Justice – DNA Grantee Meeting	""".3.5		07/2007		
California Association of Criminalists 108 th Semi-Annual Seminar		Temecula, CA		10/2006	
American Academy of Forensic Sciences 5 Annual Meeting	66 th	Dallas, TX		02/2004	
American Academy of Forensic Sciences 5 Annual Meeting	5 th	h Chicago, IL		02/2003	
Mid-Atlantic Association of Forensic Scienti Annual Meeting	ists	Frederick, MD	0	04/2002	
COUR	TROO	M EXPERIENCE			
Court		Discipline	The second of th		
None				-	
EMPI	LOYMI	ENT HISTORY	(tag)		
Employer		Job Title		Date	
Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department	Fore	Forensic Scientist II		04/2016-present	
Life Science Technologies		Forensic DNA Validation Contractor, part-time		014-08/2015 rmittent)	
Armed Forces DNA Identification Laboratory	Fore	Forensic DNA Contractor, part-time		05/2010-09/2011	
Armed Forces DNA Identification Laboratory			12/2006-10/2007		
Armed Forces DNA Identification Laboratory	Forensic Scientist I		01/2006-12/2006		
Orchid Cellmark	DNA	DNA Analyst Ii		01/2004-04/2005	
Orchid Cellmark	DNA	DNA Analyst I		06/2003-12/2003	
PROFES	SIONA	L AFFILIATIONS			
Organization				Date(s)	
American Academy of Forensic Sciences, Trainee Affiliate – Criminalistics				2004	
American Academy of Forensic Sciences, Student Affiliate – Criminalistics				2003	
PUBLICAT	IONS /	PRESENTATIONS		A Company	
Research Assistant - Foran, David R. "In Se from the Exhumation of Mary Sullivan." Med	earch d Sci I	of the Boston Strangler: Genetic Law 44 (2004): 47-54. Print.	Evide	nce 2002	

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Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Forensic Laboratory

OTHER QUALIFICATIONS	
Forensic Lab Overview Presentation – College of Southern Nevada	06/2017
LVMPD Forensic Lab Representative – Career Fair – Foothills High School	11/2016
Teacher – Spring Forensics Course for Homeschoolers – Covenant Life School	03-04/2011
Teaching Assistant – Forensic Biology Graduate Course – George Washington Univ.	2002-2003
Intern – World Trade Center victim identification – Bode Technology Group	01-03/2002

The Curriculum Vitae Of:

E. "Gino" Basilotta

Currently Employed By: Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

Updated: September 2013







INTRODUCTION and SUMMARY:

Detective Eugenio "Gino" Basilotta is employed by the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department (LVMPD) and is currently assigned to the Organized Crime Bureau's Technical and Surveillance Section (TASS). The Organized Crime Bureau is a part of the Homeland Security Division of Metro Police.

Gino also has experience as an Accident Investigator for almost 3 ½ years working for LVMPD's Traffic Division. Prior to that, he worked for Bolden Area Command and for the Sheriff's Mobile Crime Saturation Team focusing on the highest crime areas in Las Vegas. Gino began his career with LVMPD in August 2004 and has been employed by the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department for 9 years as of this writing.

Prior to joining The Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, Gino spent 20 years in the private sector working with various computer technologies including specific expertise with Hospitality and Gaming Systems from 1993 until 2004. He worked in the corporate Information Technology departments with Hilton Gaming and Venetian. While employed, he opened 3 casinos – 2 with Hilton gaming (one in South America) and the Venetian Casino in Las Vegas, Nevada. Gino was also a Sales Director for a large Hospitality Technology Company managing West Coast Major Casino Accounts. Gino started his 'computer' career as an installer/technician in the 1980's during the personal computer genesis involved with IBM and Apple computer products. Gino has an Undergraduate degree in Management Information Systems (Business Administration) from The University of Arizona, in Tucson.

Currently Gino is a member in good standing with the National Technical Investigators Association and holds a Certified Technical Investigator Status.

Detective, Technical and Surveillance Section (T.A.S.S.) Las Vegas Metropolitan Police, Organized Crime Division November 2010 to Present

Gino has worked in this unit Since November of 2010. The Technical and Surveillance Section is responsible for providing technical and surveillance support to the department's commitment to the investigation of all crimes and the suppression and prevention of terrorist acts. This is accomplished through the provisioning of a myriad of electronic surveillance & technical solutions. The technical and surveillance functions support is provided to all department sections and task forces conducting criminal investigations.

TASS Unit Goals:

- o Provide electronic surveillance support
- o Provide physical surveillance support
- O Provide technical support for barricade and/or hostage situations
- o Conduct audio/video enhancements
- o Provide anti-terrorism and counter-terrorism support
- o Facilitate Pen Register implementation
- o Facilitate Precision Location
- o Facilitate Title III implementation

Gino is currently a Member of NATIA, (National Technical Investigators Association). Membership in NATIA is restricted to full time employees of Law Enforcement agencies who are actively engaged in technical surveillance, communications, and specialized support of law enforcement or intelligence activities. These individuals must represent Municipal, County, State, Federal and Military involved in the application of electronic surveillance technologies.

Gino currently holds a "Certified Technical Investigator" (CTI) certification from NATIA. CTI certification is awarded to NATIA members who have undergone extensive specialized training and have passed a rigorous examination in technical electronic surveillance techniques, procedures, equipment, and related issues. Continued advanced education is required.



During Gino's time in TASS, he has worked with many different technologies, including GPS Tracking, Cell Phone technologies, Wire Taps (Title IIIs), Pen Registers, Audio and Video Surveillance, and more proprietary technologies used within the unit, requiring a commitment to non-disclosure and OPSEC / Privacy policies.

One of Gino's main responsibilities is the maintenance and operation of the Pen Registers installed department wide by detectives and investigators. This involves handling and the provisioning of lawful Pen Register orders filed to the court by investigators.

Gino also serves on the SWAT callout resource team within TASS. TASS is deployed to active crime scenes involving Hostage and/or Barricaded suspects. TASS deploys technology to aid SWAT and Negotiators in their critical decision making processes.

Gino developed a POST certified Pen Register class which he currently teaches for LVMPD Police Detectives and other agencies. This class educates detectives on the latest technologies used by criminals to avoid law enforcement and the procedures to obtain Pen Registers and Title III's. Gino also teaches this Pen Class in the "New Detective School" and the "Advanced Investigators School" which are offered yearly to LVMPD qualified officers and detectives.

Gino testified on record to Nevada Senator's, supporting the passage of Nevada Senate Bill 268, in April 2013. The bill was nicknamed the "Kelsey Smith Act". This involved giving real world examples on how law enforcement has used cellular phone techniques in the location of missing or endangered persons. The Bill received support and has since passed and will come into effect October 2013. Gino testified on record to Nevada Senator's with regards to Assembly Bill 313. This was involving the proposal of language modification for NRS 179.530. This involved citing real world examples involving Law Enforcement and the use of Pen Registers.

Traffic Investigator / Motor Officer, Traffic Bureau Las Vegas Metropolitan Police, Patrol Division May 2007 to November 2010

Gino was assigned to the Traffic Section from May 2007 until November 2011 with his duties including DUI enforcement, accident/fatal investigation and handling calls for the valley wide Las Vegas area. Gino's goal, while in traffic, was to reduce traffic deaths and injuries by improving driving environments through education and enforcement of traffic laws. In addition, Gino's approach was to work high crime areas, to contribute to reduction in crime. Gino immediately obtained his Drug Recognition Expert certification to aid in identifying drug impaired drivers.

His work experience included setting up DUI checkpoints, Accident Investigation, Fatal Investigation, Hit and Run, and various other Traffic Enforcement Duties. His Certifications included:

- Drug Recognition Expert

- RADAR,
- HGN (Horizontal Gaze Nystagmus),
- PBT (Portable Breath Testing Device),
- Intoxilyzer 5000 Breath Machine (used during booking)

While in traffic, Gino investigated over 500 accidents over a 3 ½ year period including close to 100 DUI arrests. Basilotta has also testified many times in court and has much experience regarding testifying for DUI's.

Basilotta attended classes for Accident Investigation, DUI Detection, Standardized Field Sobriety Testing, Mobile Field Force/Tactics, Incident Command Systems, National Incident Management Systems, and Excited Delirium. Basilotta attended Metro's 160 hour Motorcycle Safety course which is known to be one of the most challenging in the United States and is based on Northwestern University's techniques.

Gino obtained a D.R.E. (Drug Recognition Expert) status on July 2007 by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. This certification allows D.R.E.'s to evaluate individuals and accurately categorize them as users of a particular type of drug. Less than 1% of Las Vegas Metropolitan Police officers held this certification at the time.



DEGREES, EXPERIENCE AND CERTIFICATIONS

DEGREES

High School Diploma, 1984 Valley High School, Las Vegas, Nevada

BSBA, Business Administration, Management Information Systems, 1991 University of Arizona, Tucson, Arizona

LAW ENFORCEMENT TIMELINE:

November 2010 to Present

Detective, Organized Crime Bureau, Technical and Surveillance Section

April 2007 to November 2010

Investigator, Traffic Division

January 2005 to March 2007

Patrol, Bolden Area Command Mobile Saturation Crime Team Problem Solving Unit Community Oriented Policing

CERTIFICATIONS OBTAINED:



Drug Recognition Expert, May 2007



Certified Technical Investigator, March 2011, Expiration, February 17th, 2014 Certification Number 2-021711



Certified Instructor, Advanced Training Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

LAW ENFORCEMENT RELATED TRAINING

January 21st, 2011



Orion GPS Tracking Devices COBHAM

February 2011



CESP 102 Covert Electronic Surveillance Program Federal Law Enforcement Training Center, Glynco, Georgia

August 2011



FBI DA/IS Conference Surveillance, Intercepts and related **Technologies**

August 29th - 30th, 2012



Pen-Link CIA Pen Registers / Title IIIs Lincoln, Nebraska

June 2012



August 27th - 28th, 2013



Pen-Link CIA Pen Registers / Title IIIs Lincoln, Nebraska

September 9th - 10th 2013

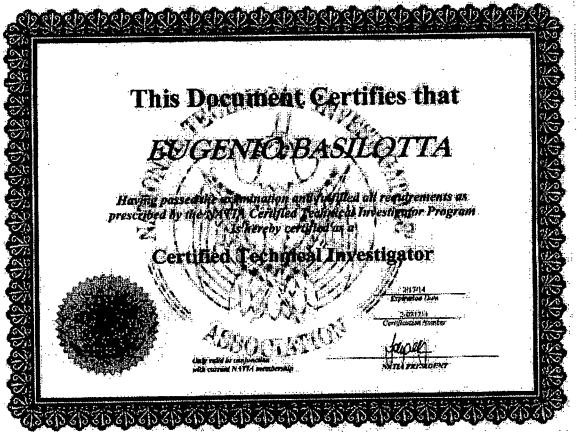


NDCAC – US DOJ/FBI (National Domestic Communications Assistance Center)

FBI CAST - PPP (Project Pin Point)
Project Pin Point (PPP) is a geo-spatial intelligence tool developed in 2004 by a Special Agent on the FBI's Violent Crimes Task Force in Philadelphia. The tool was initially intended for fugitive apprehension, but evolved to include historical cell site analysis, informant development, and targeting capabilities for intelligence related functions. It is now used by most FBI field offices.

MISCELLANEOUS SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION







Orion Training Course

The most important thing we build is truly

Congratulations to

Gino BasilottaLas Vegas Metropolitan Police Dept.

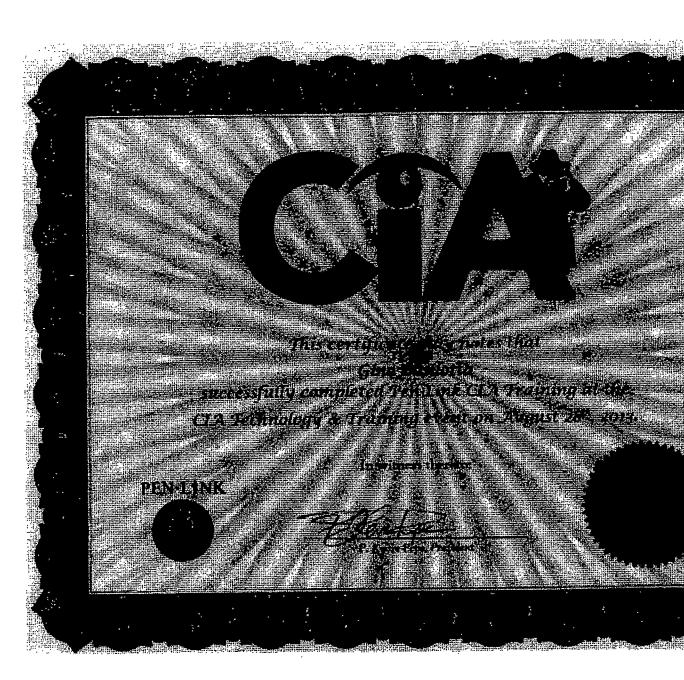
for successfully completing an Orion training course on

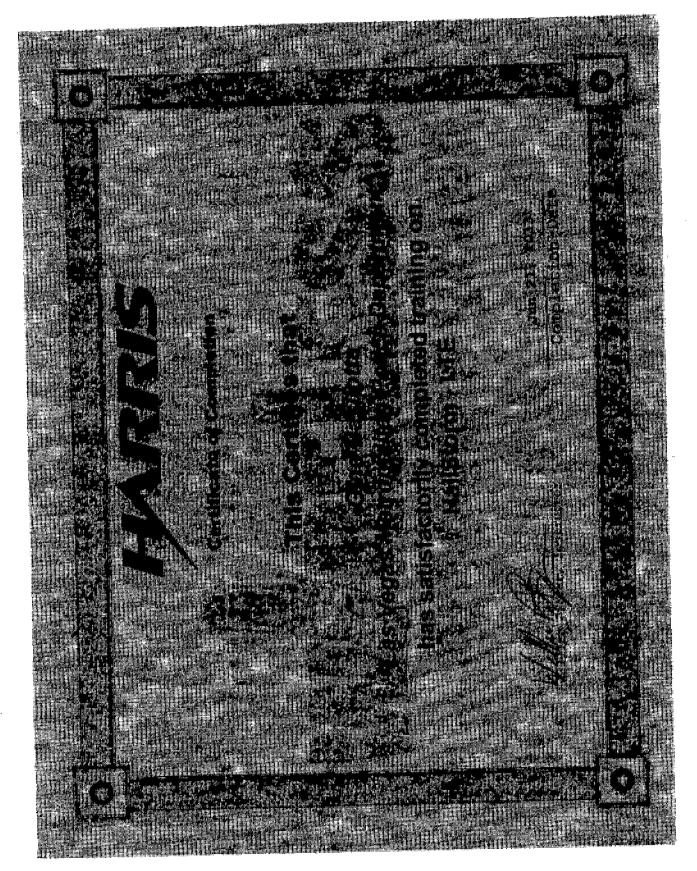
Orion GPS Tracking Devices

Journal Instructor

Jan 21, 2011 Las Vegas, N







Curriculum Vitae of E. "Gino" Basilotta

Carles and Company

sacty presented to:

Pangenio Basiloita

Far Views (Vieres Voires Pareninient

On this 10th day of Septenher 2018

Paragraphic in Electric (1912) held on September 09 - 10, 2013 in Fredericksburg, Virginia

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES January 08, 2018

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

٧S

Adrian Powell

January 08, 2018 09:00 AM Status Check: Reset Trial Date

HEARD BY: Cory, Kenneth COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 16A

COURT CLERK: Tucker, Michele

RECORDER: Lizotte, Lisa

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Adrian Powell Defendant

Matthew Cox, ESQ Attorney for Defendant
Noreen C. Demonte Attorney for Plaintiff

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Defendant Powell PRESENT, IN CUSTODY.

Mr. Cox advised he was appearing on behalf of Mr. Durham and Mr. Kane who are requesting a continuance until Wednesday. COURT SO ORDERED.

CUSTODY

CONTINUED TO: 1/10/18 9:00 AM

Printed Date: 1/10/2018 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: January 08, 2018

Prepared by: Michele Tucker

APP000271

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES January 10, 2018

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

٧S

Adrian Powell

January 10, 2018 09:00 AM Status Check: Reset Trial Date

HEARD BY: Cory, Kenneth COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 16A

COURT CLERK: Pannullo, Haly RECORDER: Lizotte, Lisa

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Adrian Powell Defendant

Bryan A. Schwartz Attorney for Plaintiff
Michael C Kane Attorney for Defendant

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Benjamin Durham, Esq., present on behalf of Co-Defendant.

Mr. Durham advised trial can be set in ordinary course; however, the Defendant previously invoked. Upon Court's inquiry, Defendant, Mr. Powell stated he is willing to waive. COURT ORDERED, trial dates VACATED and RESET.

CUSTODY

07/25/18 8:45 AM CALENDAR CALL

07/30/18 1:30 PM JURY TRIAL

CLERK'S NOTE: Counsel notified via email regarding Grand Jury Transcripts having been filed on 01/10/18. hvp/01/10/18

Printed Date: 1/23/2018 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: January 10, 2018

Prepared by: Haly Pannullo APP000272

Electronically Filed 1/12/2018 3:07 PM Steven D. Grierson

1	MICHAEL C. KANE, ESQ.	Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT
2	Nevada Bar No. 10096	CLERK OF THE COURT
3	THE702FIRM 400 S. 7 th Street, Suite 400, Box 10	
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: (702) 776-3333	
5	Facsimile: (702) 505-9787	
	mike@the702firm.com	
6 7	Attorney for Defendant	
	ł I	CT COURT UNTY, NEVADA
8	CLARK CO	UNII, NEVADA
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	Case No: C-17-327767-2 Dept. No.: I
10	Plaintiff,	Бери 140 1
11	v.	
12	ADRIAN POWELL,	JOINDER TO PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS
13	Defendant.	THE PARTY OF THE P
14	Defendant.	
15	COMES NOW Defendant ADDIAN	POWELL, by and through his attorney of record,
16		
17	MICHAEL C. KANE, ESQ., of THE702FIRM	I, respectfully submits this, his Joinder to Benjamin
18	C. Durham, Esq.'s, Petition for Writ of Habea	as Corpus filed on December 13, 2017 on behalf of
19	the Co-Defendant, Larenzo Pinkney.	
20	111	
21	1//	
22	111	
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24	///	
25	///	
26	///	
27	///	
28		

THE702FIRM
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
400 S. Seventh Street, Suite 400
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101
PHONE: (702) 776-3333

1	This Joinder is made and based upon the records and pleadings on file herein and such
2	argument of counsel as may be entertained by this Honorable Court at the time and place scheduled
3	for the hearing of this Motion.
4	DATED this \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
5	
6	THE702FIRM
7	THE/02FIRM
8	CM C FRUSY
9	MICHAEL C. KANE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10096
10	Nevada Par No. 10096 400 S. 7 th Street, Suite 400
11	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorney for Defendant
12	Intorney for Defendant
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that on the day of January, 2018, I caused service of a true and correct copy of the foregoing JOINDER TO PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS to be made by the Eighth Judicial District Court's Wiznet eservice program, upon all parties registered to use this service, in accordance with the Clark County District Court's Administrative Order No. 14-2, issued 5/9/14: motions@clarkcountyda.com Benjamin C. Durham, Esq. 601 S. 10th Street, Ste. 101 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 bdurham@vegasdefense.com I further certify that any parties listed below are not registered to use Wiznet and service was made by depositing the same in the United States Mail in Las Vegas, Nevada, postage prepaid, addressed as follows: NONE. An Employee of THE702FIRM

THE702FIRM 1 ATTORNEYS AT LAW
400 S. Seventh Street, Suite 400
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101
PHONE: (702) 776-3333

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES January 29, 2018

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

vs

Adrian Powell

January 29, 2018 09:00 AM Defendant's Joinder to Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus

HEARD BY: Cory, Kenneth COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 16A

COURT CLERK: Tucker, Michele

RECORDER: Lizotte, Lisa

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Adrian Powell Defendant

Michael C Kane Attorney for Defendant
Michael Dickerson Attorney for Plaintiff

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Defendant Powell PRESENT, IN CUSTODY.

Mr Dickerson argued the State objection to Defendant Powell's joinder as it constitutes an untimely petition for writ of habeas corpus and there would be no jurisdiction to hear the matter. Mr. Kane, argued the facts are the same. Mr. Dickerson advised the facts are not the problem, its a procedural bar to his filing of any petition for any writ of habeas corpus. Statements by the Court as to Medbury and jury question. Mr. Durham argued whether the movement had any independent significance, which there was not. Second factor is the risk of danger substantially exceeds, do not believe it went above and beyond. Mr. Dickerson argued Mendoza. Further arguments by counsel. COURT ORDERED, Matter CONTINUED FOR CHAMBERS DECISION.

CUSTODY

2/22/18 9:00 AM DECISION (PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS)

Printed Date: 2/2/2018 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: January 29, 2018

Prepared by: Michele Tucker

APP000276

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

February 22, 2018

C-17-327767-2

State of Nevada

VS

Adrian Powell

February 22, 2018

Decision

HEARD BY: Cory, Kenneth

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 16A

COURT CLERK: Michele Tucker

RECORDER: Lisa Lizotte

JOURNAL ENTRIES

COURT ORDERS, Defendant Powell's Joinder DENIED for lack of jurisdiction because Defendant's Joinder was untimely.

State to prepare the Order.

CLERK'S NOTE: The above minute order has been distributed to: Deputy District Attorney Michael Dickerson, Esq. (michael.dickerson@clarkcountyda.com) and Michael Kane, Esq. (mike@the702firm.com). / mlt

PRINT DATE: 03/02/2018 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: February 22, 2018

Electronically Filed 6/7/2018 12:28 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1 NWEW STEVEN B. WOLFSON 2 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 JOHN GIORDANI Chief Deputy District Attorney 4 Nevada Bar #02381 200 Lewis Avenue 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 6 Attorney for Plaintiff 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 Plaintiff, 11 -VS-CASE NO: C-17-327767-1/2 12 LARENZO PINKEY, aka, DEPT NO: Larenzo Pinkney, #8295438 ADRIAN POWELL, #8387748 13 14 Defendants. 15 STATE'S SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF WITNESSES AND/OR **EXPERT WITNESSES** 16 [NRS 174.234] 17 LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL, TO: Defendants; and 18 BENJAMIN DURHAM ESQ. and MICHAEL KANE ESQ., Counsel of Record: TO: 19 20 YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF NEVADA intends to call the following witnesses and/or expert witnesses in its case in chief: 21 *Indicates additional witnesses and/or modifications 22 23 AKE, PAUL - LVMPD #8100 ANDERSON, JORDAN - LVMPD #15109 24 AOYAMA, KATHRYN - LVMPD P#8025 (or designee): LATENT PRINT 25 EXAMINER - Expert in the science and techniques of fingerprint comparison, and 26 27 comparisons done in this case and any reports prepared therefrom. 28 AREVALO, BRYANT - LVMPD #15771

W:\2017\2017F\176\26\17F17626-SLOW-(BOTH 2ND)-001.DOCX

APP000278

BALINT, RYAN - LVMPD #15912

BARKER, KEVIN, LVMPD #6452 and/or designee; LVMPD Detective and Computer Forensic Examiner; he is an expert in the analysis of cellular site information data, including being an expert in the operations of the various cellular phone companies, including familiarity with the types of records and data kept by the cellular phone companies, interpreting the records provided by cellular phone companies, including the interpretation of the times provided in the records including the time zone of the reported times contained within the records; he is also an expert in the operation of cell towers and location of cell towers for each phone company, including knowledge of cell tower generation of calls and the ability to determine the location where generated based on that knowledge, including the generation of maps documenting the location of cell towers as well as the location of a cellular phone making calls generated through a particular cell tower. He will testify as to the cell tower information, cellular phone company records in this case, and any mapping done in the instant case.

BASILOTTA, EUGENIO, LVMPD #8447; LVMPD Detective; he is an expert in the analysis of cellular site information data, including being an expert in the operations of the various cellular phone companies, including familiarity with the types of records and data kept by the cellular phone companies, interpreting the records provided by cellular phone companies, including the interpretation of the times provided in the records including the time zone of the reported times contained within the records; he is also an expert in the operation of cell towers and location of cell towers for each phone company, including knowledge of cell tower generation of calls and the ability to determine the location where generated based on that knowledge, including the generation of maps documenting the location of cell towers as well as the location of a cellular phone making calls generated through a particular cell tower. He will testify as to the cell tower information, cellular phone company records in this case, and any mapping done in the instant case.

BEATTY, JAMES, LVMPD #8642; he is an expert in the analysis of cellular site information data, including being an expert in the operations of the various cellular phone companies, including familiarity with the types of records and data kept by the cellular phone

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companies, interpreting the records provided by cellular phone companies, including the interpretation of the times provided in the records including the time zone of the reported times contained within the records; he is also an expert in the operation of cell towers and location of cell towers for each phone company, including knowledge of cell tower generation of calls and the ability to determine the location where generated based on that knowledge, including the generation of maps documenting the location of cell towers as well as the location of a cellular phone making calls generated through a particular cell tower. He will testify as to the cell tower information, cellular phone company records in this case, and any mapping done in the instant case.

BEHYMER, AARON - LVMPD #15768

BOBBITT, TIFFANIE - c/o CCDA, 200 Lewis Avenue, LV, NV 89101

BREWER, DOROTHEA - LVMPD #15720

CHAVARRIA-VALENZUELA, JOSE - PEPES TACOS - 2490 FREMONT ST., LV

COLLINS, MAURICE - LVMPD #4719

CORBETT, JAMES - LVMPD #6410

CRUZ, RAYMUNDO - LVMPD #15656

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - CCDC

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD COMMUNICATIONS

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD PHOTO LAB

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD RECORDS

*CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – PEPE'S TACOS, 2490 Fremont St., Las Vegas, NV

*CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – WALGREENS, 4470 E Bonanza Rd, Las Vegas, NV

FLETCHER, STEPHANIE - LVMPD P#6650 (or designee): CRIME SCENE

ANALYST: Expert in the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and is expected to testify as an expert to the identification, documentation, collection

and preservation of the evidence in this case.

GARLEY, MATTHEW - LVMPD #15652

1	GASPAR, MYRIAM - PEPES TACOS - 2490 FREMONT ST., LV NV				
2	GAUTHIER, KELLIE - LVMPD P#8691 (or designee): Expert in the field of DNA				
3	extractions, comparisons, analysis, and the identification of bodily fluids and is expected to				
4	testify thereto.				
5	GONZALEZ, KATHLEEN - 1580 LAVANTE AVE, LV NV				
6	GRACIANO, SELENA - 4721 ARIZONA AVE, LV NV				
7	GROVEMAN, LEAH, LVMPD #15822; is employed as a Forensic Scientist with the				
8	Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She will testify as an expert as to the procedure				
9	techniques and science employed in DNA analysis, all procedures employed in this case and				
10	reports provided.				
11	HERNANDEZ, VICTOR - LVMPD #15018				
12	HESSING-RODRIGUEZ, YENEIR - WALGREENS - 4470 E. BONANZA RD. LV				
13	NV				
14	JOHNSON, TIFFANY - 7918 MILTON AVE, WHITTIER, CA				
15	KERN, JOHN, FBI Information Technology Forensic Examiner; Will testify as an				
16	expert in the area of cellular phones, including but not limited to, cellular system technology				
17	including cell tower generation of calls and ability to determine the location where generated,				
18	collection and handling of cellular phones for evidentiary purposes, and the examination,				
19	preservation, retrieval and analysis of cellular call and text records/data, photos and/or video				
20	and/or any other data kept on a cellular phone. Further, this expert will testify to the results of				
21	any and all examinations performed on the cellular phones in this case.				
22	LEAVITT, SETH - LVMPD #13457				
23	LEON, RUTH - DA INVESTIGATOR				
24	*MANGIONE, MICHAEL – LVMPD #13727				
25	MILLS, PADILLA - LVMPD #15850				
26	*MOON, RIC - DA INVESTIGATOR				
27	ORAT, DARLENE - WALGREENS - 4470 E BONANZA RD. LV NV				
28	PANDULLO, TULLIO - LVMPD #7884				

1	PERKINS, SHANNISE - 6500 VEGAS DR., #2025, LV NV					
2	RAFFERTY, ROBER - LVMPD #8918					
3	RENHARD, LOUISE - LVMPD #5223					
4	RENHARD, LOUISE - LVMPD P#5223 (or designee): CRIME SCENE ANALYST					
5	Expert in the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and is					
6	expected to testify as an expert to the identification, documentation, collection and					
7	preservation of the evidence in this case.					
8	SCHUMMER, DAVID - LVMPD #7457					
9	SCHWARTZ - LVMPD #15120					
10	SCOTT, JEFFREY - LVMPD P#9618 (or designee): CRIME SCENE ANALYST					
11	Expert in the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and i					
12	expected to testify as an expert to the identification, documentation, collection and					
13	preservation of the evidence in this case.					
14	SERENA, LANCE - LVMPD #15888					
15	SHINE, RAYNETTA - 3474 ALGIERS DR #2204, LV NV					
16	SPEAS, WILLIAM - LVMPD P#5228 (or designee): CRIME SCENE ANALYST:					
17	Expert in the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and is					
18	expected to testify as an expert to the identification, documentation, collection and					
19	preservation of the evidence in this case.					
20	THOMAS, KRISTINA - LVMPD P#13574 (or designee): CRIME SCENE					
21	ANALYST: Expert in the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of					
22	evidence and is expected to testify as an expert to the identification, documentation, collection					
23	and preservation of the evidence in this case.					
24	TICANO, T LVMPD #6804					
25	TOMMER, KYLE - LVMPD #5780					
26	VALLEJO-RODRIGUEZ, ANTONIO - 4421 AAVERY PARK AVE, LV NV					
27	WATKINS, DENZEL - 6500 VEGAS DR., LV NV					
28						

1	These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses endorsed on the Information or					
2	Indictment and any other witness for which a separate Notice of Witnesses and/or Expert					
3	Witnesses has been filed.					
4	The substance of each expert witness' testimony and copy of all reports made by or at					
5	the direction of the expert witness has been provided in discovery.					
6	A copy of each expert witness' curriculum vitae, if available, is attached hereto.					
7						
8	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565					
10						
11	BY /s/ John Giordani JOHN GIORDANI Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012381					
12						
13	Nevada Bar #012381					
14						
15						
16	CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION					
17	I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing was made this 7th day of June,					
18	2018, by electronic transmission to:					
19	BENJAMIN DURHAM					
20	bdurham@vegasdefense.com					
21	MICHAEL KANE mike@the702firm.com					
22	mike@the702mm.com					
23	BY /s/ S. JOHNSON Secretary for the District Attorney's Office					
24	Secretary for the District Attorney's Office					
25						
26						
27						
28	17F17626A-B/saj/GCU					
	A DD000202					

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES July 25, 2018

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada vs Adrian Powell

July 25, 2018 9:30 AM Calendar Call

HEARD BY: Israel, Ronald J. COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 15C

COURT CLERK: April Watkins

Michaela Tapia/mt

RECORDER: Judy Chappell

PARTIES Giordani, John Attorney for Plaintiff
PRESENT: Kane, Michael C Attorney for Defendant

Powell, Adrian Defendant State of Nevada Plaintiff

Pinkey, Larenzo Co-Defendant

Durham, Benjamin C. Attorney for Co-Defendant

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Upon Court's inquiry, State advised ready for trial but noted he had discussed continuing the matter with defense counsel and was not opposed to a continuance. Mr. Durham advised he needed additional time to investigate and requested matter be continued 90 days. Mr. Kane stated Deft. Powell was indicating he was objecting to the continuance. Colloquy regarding discovery received by Mr. Durham. Statement by Deft. Powell. Mr. Kane stated he had informed Deft. Powell it was in his best interest to allow the Court to reset the trial. Court warned Deft. Powell he would have a difficult time arguing ineffective assistance of counsel as Co-Deft. Pinkey's counsel indicated he was not ready for tiral. Deft. Powell confirmed he would like to go forward. MATTER TRAILED. MATTER RECALLED. All parties present as before. COURT ORDERED, trial date VACATED and RESET. Colloquy regarding trial schedules and jury pool.

CUSTODY

7/30/18 11:00 AM JURY TRIAL

PRINT DATE: 08/01/2018 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: July 25, 2018

FILED IN OPEN COURT 1 STEVEN D. GRIERSON AIND CLERK OF THE COURT STEVEN B. WOLFSON 2 Clark County District Attorney JUL 3 0 2018 Nevada Bar #001565 3 MICHAEL R. DICKERSON Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #013476 KATHY KLEIN, DEPUTY 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 5 6 Attorney for Plaintiff 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 Plaintiff. CASE NO: C-17-327767-1/2 11 DEPT NO: XXVIII -VS-12 LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney, #8295438 ADRIAN POWÉLL #8387748 AMENDED INDICTMENT 13 14 Defendant(s). 15 STATE OF NEVADA SS. 16 COUNTY OF CLARK The Defendant(s) above named, LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and 17 ADRIAN POWELL, accused by the Clark County Grand Jury of the crime(s) of 18 CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 199.480 -19 20 NOC 50147); BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 205.060 - NOC 50426); FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING 21 WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony - NRS 200.310, 200.320, 22 193.165 - NOC 50055); ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B 23 Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.165 - NOC 50138) and UNLAWFUL TAKING OF VEHICLE 24 (Gross Misdemeanor - NRS 205.2715 - NOC 50567), committed at and within the County 25 of Clark, State of Nevada, on or about the 28th day of September, 2017, as follows: 26 111 27 28 111

4767524

C-17-327767-2

Amended Indictment

AIND

APP000285

COUNT 1 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with each other to commit a robbery, by the Defendants committing the acts as set forth in Counts 4, 5, 6 and 7, said acts being incorporated by this reference as though fully set forth herein.

COUNT 2 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent to commit a felony, to wit: robbery, that certain business occupied by PEPE'S TACOS, located at 2490 Fremont Street, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, while possessing and/or gaining possession of a handgun and/or pneumatic gun, a deadly weapon, during the commission of the crime and/or before leaving the structure; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 3 - FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously, seize, confine, inveigle, entice, decoy, abduct, conceal, kidnap, or carry away JOSE CHAVARRIA, a human being, with the intent to hold or detain the said JOSE CHAVARRIA against his will, and without his consent, for the purpose of committing robbery, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit

the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 4 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: a necklace, from the person of ANTONIO VALLEJO, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of ANTONIO VALLEJO, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 5 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWEL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: a purse and contents, from the person of SELENA GRACIANO, or in her presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of SELENA GRACIANO, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 6 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency, from the person of MYRIAM GASPAR, or in her presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of MYRIAM GASPAR, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 7 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency, from the person of JOSE CHAVARRIA, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of JOSE CHAVARRIA, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 8 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with each other to commit a robbery, by the Defendants committing the acts as set forth in Counts 11 and 12, said acts being incorporated

by this reference as though fully set forth herein.

COUNT 9 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent to commit a felony, to wit: robbery, that certain business occupied by WALGREENS, located at 4470 East Bonanza Road, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, while possessing and/or gaining possession of a handgun and/or pneumatic gun, a deadly weapon, during the commission of the crime and/or before leaving the structure; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 10 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency, from the person of YENEIR HESSING, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of YENEIR HESSING, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

APP000289

COUNT 11 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency and/or pharmaceuticals and/or a necklace with dolphin pendant, from the person of DARLENE ORAT, or in her presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of DARLENE ORAT, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 12 - UNLAWFUL TAKING OF VEHICLE

Defendant LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney did willfully, unlawfully, without the consent of the owner, and without intent to permanently deprive the owner thereof, take, carry, or drive away the vehicle of another, to wit: a 2006 Chrysler, bearing Nevada Temporary Tag No. 368-336, belonging to RAYNETTA SHINE.

COUNT 13 - FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously, seize, confine, inveigle, entice, decoy, abduct, conceal, kidnap, or carry away TIFNIE BOBBITT, a human being, with the intent to hold or detain the said TIFNIE BOBBITT against her will, and without her consent, for the purpose of committing robbery, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit

the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 14 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency, from the person of TIFNIE BOBBITT, or in her presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of TIFNIE BOBBITT, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

DATED this 26 day of July, 2018.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565

BY

MICHAEL R. DICKERSON Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #013476

M. R. Ordens

17AGJ106A-B/17F17626A-B/jm/L2 LVMPD EV# 1709280314; 1709280495 (TK8)

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES July 30, 2018

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

vs

Adrian Powell

July 30, 2018 12:30 PM Jury Trial

HEARD BY: Israel, Ronald J. **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15C

COURT CLERK: Klein, Kathy

RECORDER: Chappell, Judy

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Adrian Powell Defendant

John Giordani Attorney for Defendant, Plaintiff

Michael C Kane Attorney for Defendant
Michael Dickerson Attorney for Plaintiff

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE PROSPECTIVE JURY: Colloquy regarding a prospective juror with medical issues and a doctor appointment. Counsel agreed to excuse the juror prior to bringing the prospective jury into the courtroom. State noted they agreed to dismiss the original count 10 and provided an Amended Indictment. Amended Indictment, FILED IN OPEN COURT. Deft. rejected the State's offer and proceeded to trial. Mr. Durham requested the jail calls recently provided be excluded as being untimely. State noted they had provided other jail calls previously, However these are the latest jail calls from 07/12/18 to current, they had just received them last night and the State had not reviewed them. Court stated the jail calls could go on, timeliness is not a factor and Deft's are aware their calls are recorded, COURT ORDERED, Deft's Oral Motion to Exclude the Jail Calls, DENIED.

PROSPECTIVE JURY PANEL PRESENT: Voir Dire.

CUSTODY

07/31/18 11:00 AM JURY TRIAL



1 **GPA** STEVEN B. WOLFSON 2 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 JOHN GIORDANI Chief Deputy District Attorney 4 Nevada Bar #012381 200 Lewis Avenue 5 Las Vegas, NV 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 6 Attorney for Plaintiff

FILED IN OPEN COURT STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF THE COURT

JUL 3 1 2018

BY, KATHY KLEIN, DEPUTY

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-VS-

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ADRIAN POWELL, #8387748

Defendant.

CASE NO:

C-17-327767-2

DEPT NO:

XXVIII

GUILTY PLEA AGREEMENT

I hereby agree to plead guilty to: CTS 1 & 8 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 199.480 - NOC 50147); CTS 2 & 9 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 205.060 - NOC 50426); CTS 3 & 13 - FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony - NRS 200.310, 200.320, 193.165 - NOC 50055); CTS - 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11 & 14 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.165 - NOC 50138) and CT 12 - UNLAWFULL TAKING OF VEHICLE (Gross Misdemeanor - NRS 205.2715 - NOC 50567), as more fully alleged in the charging document attached hereto as Exhibit "1".

My decision to plead guilty is based upon the plea agreement in this case which is as follows:

The Defendants agree to plead guilty to all counts in the Amended Indictment. The State will maintain the full right to argue, including for consecutive time between the counts,

C – 17 – 327767 – 2 GPA Guilty Plea Agreement 4767525

APP000293

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- LVMPD Event No. 170618-0989: Armed robbery at Pepe's Tacos located at 1401
 North Decatur, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, on June 18, 2017.
- LVMPD Event No. 170701-0545: Armed robbery at Roberto's located at 2685 South
 Eastern Avenue, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, on July 1, 2017.
- 12 5. LVMPD Event No. 170812-3809: Armed robbery at Pizza Bakery located at 6475 West
 13 Charleston Boulevard, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, on August 12, 2017.
 - 6. LVMPD Event No. 170817-0241: Armed robbery at Terrible Herbst located at 6380 West Charleston Boulevard, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, on August 17, 2017.
 - LVMPD Event No. 170817-0470: Armed robbery at Rebel located at 6400 West Lake
 Mead Boulevard, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, on August 17, 2017.
 - 8. LVMPD Event No. 170824-0521: Armed robbery at Roberto's located at 6820 West Flamingo Road, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, on August 24, 2017.
 - 9. LVMPD Event No. 170824-0645: Armed robbery at Roberto's located at 907 North Rainbow Boulevard, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, on August 24, 2017.
 - 10. LVMPD Event No. 170825-0589: Armed robbery at Pepe's Tacos located at 1401 North Decatur, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, on August 25, 2017.

The Defendants agree to take no position at sentencing regarding the aforementioned ten (10) armed-robbery events.

This Agreement is contingent upon the co-defendant's acceptance and adjudication on his respective Agreement.

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I agree to the forfeiture of any and all weapons or any interest in any weapons seized and/or impounded in connection with the instant case and/or any other case negotiated in whole or in part in conjunction with this plea agreement.

I understand and agree that, if I fail to interview with the Department of Parole and Probation, fail to appear at any subsequent hearings in this case, or an independent magistrate, by affidavit review, confirms probable cause against me for new criminal charges including reckless driving or DUI, but excluding minor traffic violations, the State will have the unqualified right to argue for any legal sentence and term of confinement allowable for the crime(s) to which I am pleading guilty, including the use of any prior convictions I may have to increase my sentence as an habitual criminal to five (5) to twenty (20) years, life without the possibility of parole, life with the possibility of parole after ten (10) years, or a definite twenty-five (25) year term with the possibility of parole after ten (10) years.

Otherwise I am entitled to receive the benefits of these negotiations as stated in this plea agreement.

CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLEA

I understand that by pleading guilty I admit the facts which support all the elements of the offense(s) to which I now plead as set forth in Exhibit "1".

As to Counts 1 & 8 - I understand that as a consequence of my plea of guilty the Court must sentence me to imprisonment in the Nevada Department of Corrections for a minimum term of not less than one (1) year and a maximum term of not more than six (6) years. The minimum term of imprisonment may not exceed forty percent (40%) of the maximum term of imprisonment. I understand that I may also be fined up to \$5,000.00. I understand that I am eligible for probation for the offense(s) to which I am pleading guilty. I understand that, except as otherwise provided by statute, the question of whether I receive probation is in the discretion of the sentencing judge.

As to Counts 2 & 9 - I understand that as a consequence of my plea of guilty the Court must sentence me to imprisonment in the Nevada Department of Corrections for a minimum term of not less than two (2) years and a maximum term of not more than fifteen (15) years.

The minimum term of imprisonment may not exceed forty percent (40%) of the maximum term of imprisonment. I understand that I may also be fined up to \$10,000.00. I understand that I am eligible for probation for the offense(s) to which I am pleading guilty. I understand that, except as otherwise provided by statute, the question of whether I receive probation is in the discretion of the sentencing judge.

As to Counts 3 & 13 - I understand that as a consequence of my plea of guilty the Court must sentence me to imprisonment in the Nevada State Prison for Life with the possibility of parole with eligibility for parole beginning at five (5) years; OR a definite term of fifteen (15) years with eligibility for parole beginning at five (5) years plus a consecutive term of one (1) to fifteen (15) years for the deadly weapon enhancement. I understand that I am not eligible for probation for the offense to which I am pleading guilty.

As to Counts 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11 & 14 - I understand that as a consequence of my plea of guilty the Court must sentence me to imprisonment in the Nevada Department of Corrections for a minimum term of not less than two (2) years and a maximum term of not more than fifteen (15) years plus a consecutive term of one (1) to fifteen (15) years for the deadly weapon enhancement. The minimum term of imprisonment may not exceed forty percent (40%) of the maximum term of imprisonment. I understand that I am not eligible for probation for the offense to which I am pleading guilty.

I understand that the law requires me to pay an Administrative Assessment Fee.

I understand that, if appropriate, I will be ordered to make restitution to the victim of the offense(s) to which I am pleading guilty and to the victim of any related offense which is being dismissed or not prosecuted pursuant to this agreement. I will also be ordered to reimburse the State of Nevada for any expenses related to my extradition, if any.

I understand that I must submit to blood and/or saliva tests under the Direction of the Division of Parole and Probation to determine genetic markers and/or secretor status.

I understand that if I am pleading guilty to charges of Burglary, Invasion of the Home, Possession of a Controlled Substance with Intent to Sell, Sale of a Controlled Substance, or Gaming Crimes, for which I have prior felony conviction(s), I will not be eligible for probation

and may receive a higher sentencing range.

I understand that if more than one sentence of imprisonment is imposed and I am eligible to serve the sentences concurrently, the sentencing judge has the discretion to order the sentences served concurrently or consecutively.

I understand that information regarding charges not filed, dismissed charges, or charges to be dismissed pursuant to this agreement may be considered by the judge at sentencing.

I have not been promised or guaranteed any particular sentence by anyone. I know that my sentence is to be determined by the Court within the limits prescribed by statute.

I understand that if my attorney or the State of Nevada or both recommend any specific punishment to the Court, the Court is not obligated to accept the recommendation.

I understand that if the offense(s) to which I am pleading guilty was committed while I was incarcerated on another charge or while I was on probation or parole that I am not eligible for credit for time served toward the instant offense(s).

I understand that if I am not a United States citizen, any criminal conviction will likely result in serious negative immigration consequences including but not limited to:

- 1. The removal from the United States through deportation;
- 2. An inability to reenter the United States;
- 3. The inability to gain United States citizenship or legal residency;
- 4. An inability to renew and/or retain any legal residency status; and/or
- 5. An indeterminate term of confinement, with the United States Federal Government based on my conviction and immigration status.

Regardless of what I have been told by any attorney, no one can promise me that this conviction will not result in negative immigration consequences and/or impact my ability to become a United States citizen and/or a legal resident.

I understand that the Division of Parole and Probation will prepare a report for the sentencing judge prior to sentencing. This report will include matters relevant to the issue of sentencing, including my criminal history. This report may contain hearsay information regarding my background and criminal history. My attorney and I will each have the

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opportunity to comment on the information contained in the report at the time of sentencing.

Unless the District Attorney has specifically agreed otherwise, the District Attorney may also comment on this report.

WAIVER OF RIGHTS

By entering my plea of guilty, I understand that I am waiving and forever giving up the following rights and privileges:

- 1. The constitutional privilege against self-incrimination, including the right to refuse to testify at trial, in which event the prosecution would not be allowed to comment to the jury about my refusal to testify.
- 2. The constitutional right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury, free of excessive pretrial publicity prejudicial to the defense, at which trial I would be entitled to the assistance of an attorney, either appointed or retained. At trial the State would bear the burden of proving beyond a reasonable doubt each element of the offense(s) charged.
- 3. The constitutional right to confront and cross-examine any witnesses who would testify against me.
- 4. The constitutional right to subpoena witnesses to testify on my behalf.
- 5. The constitutional right to testify in my own defense.
- 6. The right to appeal the conviction with the assistance of an attorney, either appointed or retained, unless specifically reserved in writing and agreed upon as provided in NRS 174.035(3). I understand this means I am unconditionally waiving my right to a direct appeal of this conviction, including any challenge based upon reasonable constitutional, jurisdictional or other grounds that challenge the legality of the proceedings as stated in NRS 177.015(4). However, I remain free to challenge my conviction through other post-conviction remedies including a habeas corpus petition pursuant to NRS Chapter 34.

VOLUNTARINESS OF PLEA

I have discussed the elements of all of the original charge(s) against me with my attorney and I understand the nature of the charge(s) against me.

I understand that the State would have to prove each element of the charge(s) against me at trial.

I have discussed with my attorney any possible defenses, defense strategies and circumstances which might be in my favor.

All of the foregoing elements, consequences, rights, and waiver of rights have been

thoroughly explained to me by my attorney.

I believe that pleading guilty and accepting this plea bargain is in my best interest, and that a trial would be contrary to my best interest.

I am signing this agreement voluntarily, after consultation with my attorney, and I am not acting under duress or coercion or by virtue of any promises of leniency, except for those set forth in this agreement.

I am not now under the influence of any intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance or other drug which would in any manner impair my ability to comprehend or understand this agreement or the proceedings surrounding my entry of this plea.

My attorney has answered all my questions regarding this guilty plea agreement and its consequences to my satisfaction and I am satisfied with the services provided by my attorney.

DATED this 3 day of July, 2018.

Defendant

JOHN GIORDANI

AGREED TO BY:

Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012381

CERTIFICATE OF COUNSEL:

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I, the undersigned, as the attorney for the Defendant named herein and as an officer of the court hereby certify that:

- 1. I have fully explained to the Defendant the allegations contained in the charge(s) to which guilty pleas are being entered.
- 2. I have advised the Defendant of the penalties for each charge and the restitution that the Defendant may be ordered to pay.
- 3. I have inquired of Defendant facts concerning Defendant's immigration status and explained to Defendant that if Defendant is not a United States citizen any criminal conviction will most likely result in serious negative immigration consequences including but not limited to:
 - a. The removal from the United States through deportation;
 - b. An inability to reenter the United States;
 - c. The inability to gain United States citizenship or legal residency;
 - d. An inability to renew and/or retain any legal residency status; and/or
 - e. An indeterminate term of confinement, by with United States Federal Government based on the conviction and immigration status.

Moreover, I have explained that regardless of what Defendant may have been told by any attorney, no one can promise Defendant that this conviction will not result in negative immigration consequences and/or impact Defendant's ability to become a United States citizen and/or legal resident.

- 4. All pleas of guilty offered by the Defendant pursuant to this agreement are consistent with the facts known to me and are made with my advice to the Defendant.
- 5. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the Defendant:
 - a. Is competent and understands the charges and the consequences of pleading guilty as provided in this agreement,
 - b. Executed this agreement and will enter all guilty pleas pursuant hereto voluntarily, and
 - c. Was not under the influence of intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance or other drug at the time I consulted with the Defendant as certified in paragraphs 1 and 2 above.

Dated: This 3 day of July, 2018.

AFTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT

ed/GCU

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1	AIND						
2	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney						
3	Nevada Bar #001565 MICHAEL R. DICKERSON						
4	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #013476						
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212						
6	(702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff						
7	Automicy for Framuit						
8	DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA						
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,						
10	Plaintiff,	CASE NO:	C-17-327767-2				
11	-vs-	DEPT NO:	XXVIII				
12	LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney, #8295438						
13	Larenzo Pinkney, #8295438 ADRIAN POWELL #8387748		AMENDED INDICTMENT				
14	Defendant(s).	IN					
15 16	STATE OF NEVADA) ss.						
17							
18							
19	CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 199.480 -						
20							
21	(Category B Felony - NRS 205,060 - NO	C 50426); FIRST D	EGREE KIDNAPPING				
22	WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony - NRS 200.310, 200.320,						
23	[1] [1] [1] [2] [3] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4						
24	Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.165 - NOC 50138) and UNLAWFUL TAKING OF VEHICLE						
25							
26	of Clark, State of Nevada, on or about the 28t	h day of September, 2	017, as follows:				
27	///						
28	111		118				

APP000301

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COUNT 1 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with each other to commit a robbery, by the Defendants committing the acts as set forth in Counts 4, 5, 6 and 7, said acts being incorporated by this reference as though fully set forth herein.

COUNT 2 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent to commit a felony, to wit: robbery, that certain business occupied by PEPE'S TACOS, located at 2490 Fremont Street, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, while possessing and/or gaining possession of a handgun and/or pneumatic gun, a deadly weapon, during the commission of the crime and/or before leaving the structure; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 3 - FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously, seize, confine, inveigle, entice, decoy, abduct, conceal, kidnap, or carry away JOSE CHAVARRIA, a human being, with the intent to hold or detain the said JOSE CHAVARRIA against his will, and without his consent, for the purpose of committing robbery, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit

the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 4 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: a necklace, from the person of ANTONIO VALLEJO, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of ANTONIO VALLEJO, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 5 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWEL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: a purse and contents, from the person of SELENA GRACIANO, or in her presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of SELENA GRACIANO, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 6 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency, from the person of MYRIAM GASPAR, or in her presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of MYRIAM GASPAR, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 7 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency, from the person of JOSE CHAVARRIA, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of JOSE CHAVARRIA, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 8 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with each other to commit a robbery, by the Defendants committing the acts as set forth in Counts 11 and 12, said acts being incorporated

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by this reference as though fully set forth herein.

COUNT 9 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent to commit a felony, to wit: robbery, that certain business occupied by WALGREENS, located at 4470 East Bonanza Road, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, while possessing and/or gaining possession of a handgun and/or pneumatic gun, a deadly weapon, during the commission of the crime and/or before leaving the structure; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 10 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency, from the person of YENEIR HESSING, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of YENEIR HESSING, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

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COUNT 11 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency and/or pharmaceuticals and/or a necklace with dolphin pendant, from the person of DARLENE ORAT, or in her presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of DARLENE ORAT, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 12 - UNLAWFUL TAKING OF VEHICLE

Defendant LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney did willfully, unlawfully, without the consent of the owner, and without intent to permanently deprive the owner thereof, take, carry, or drive away the vehicle of another, to wit: a 2006 Chrysler, bearing Nevada Temporary Tag No. 368-336, belonging to RAYNETTA SHINE.

COUNT 13 - FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously, seize, confine, inveigle, entice, decoy, abduct, conceal, kidnap, or carry away TIFNIE BOBBITT, a human being, with the intent to hold or detain the said TIFNIE BOBBITT against her will, and without her consent, for the purpose of committing robbery, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit

the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

COUNT 14 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

Defendants LARENZO PINKEY, aka, Larenzo Pinkney and ADRIAN POWELL did willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to wit: U.S. Currency, from the person of TIFNIE BOBBITT, or in her presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of TIFNIE BOBBITT, with use of a deadly weapon, to wit: a handgun and/or pneumatic gun; the Defendant(s) being criminally liable under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to wit: (1) by directly committing this crime; and/or (2) by aiding or abetting in the commission of this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, by counseling, encouraging, hiring, commanding, inducing and/or otherwise procuring the other to commit the crime; and/or (3) pursuant to a conspiracy to commit this crime, with the intent that this crime be committed, Defendants aiding or abetting and/or conspiring by Defendants acting in concert throughout.

DATED this _____ day of July, 2018.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565

BY

MICHAEL R. DICKERSON Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #013476

17AGJ106A-B/17F17626A-B/jm/L2 LVMPD EV# 1709280314; 1709280495 (TK8)

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES July 31, 2018

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

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Adrian Powell

July 31, 2018 11:00 AM Jury Trial

HEARD BY: Israel, Ronald J. COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 15C

COURT CLERK: Klein, Kathy

RECORDER: Chappell, Judy

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Adrian Powell Defendant

John Giordani Attorney for Defendant, Plaintiff

Michael C Kane Attorney for Defendant
Michael Dickerson Attorney for Plaintiff

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE PROSPECTIVE JURY: Negotiations.

Deft. present, in custody. Plea Entered: Counsel stated the NEGOTIATIONS as contained in the Guilty Plea Agreement, FILED IN OPEN COURT. Amended Indictment, FILED IN OPEN COURT. The State is not seeking life sentences on any of the charges. Pursuant to negotiations COURT ORDERED, Guilty Plea Agreement, AMENDED BY INTERLINEATION TO REFLECT, on page 1, line 22 & 23; Counsel deleted- Count 12, Unlawful Taking of Vehicle (F). Upon Court's inquiry, the State noted the range of each count and Deft. understood the minimum and maximums of each range. DEFENDANT POWELL ARRAIGNED AND PLED GUILTY TO;

COUNTS 1 AND 8 - CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (F)

COUNTS 2 AND 9 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON (F)

COUNTS 3 AND 13 - FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (F)

COUNTS 4,5,6,7,10,11 AND 14 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (F)

Court ACCEPTED plea and, ORDERED, matter referred to the Division of Parole and Probation (P&P) for a Presentence Investigative (PSI) Report and set for SENTENCING. COURT FURTHER ORDERED, Deft. REMANDED into Custody.

PROSPECTIVE JURY PRESENT: Court informed the prospective jury the Deft's had agreed to the negotiations and excused the jury. Exhibits returned to the State.

CUSTODY

09/12/18 9:30 AM SENTENCING - (Counts 1-11 & 13 & 14)

Prepared by: Kathy Klein APP000308

Electronically Filed 9/25/2018 11:45 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

MEMO 1 THE702FIRM BRADLEY J. MYERS, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 8857 3 MICHAEL C. KANE, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10096 THE702FIRM 400 S. 7th Street, #400 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: (702) 776-3333 Facsimile: (702) 505-9787 E-Mail: mike@the702firm.com Attorneys for Defendant 8 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 **CLARK COUNTY NEVADA** 11 STATE OF NEVADA, 12 Plaintiff, Case No.: C-17-327767-2 13 Dept. No.: XXVIII VS. 14 Sentencing Date: 9/26/2018 15 ADRIAN POWELL, **Sentencing Time: 9:30** 16 Defendant. 17 18 **DEFENDANT'S SENTENCING MEMORANDUM** 19 COMES NOW Defendant, ADRIAN POWELL, by and through his attorneys of record, 20 MICHAEL C. KANE, ESQ. of THE702FIRM, and submits this document to aid this Honorable 21 Court in its determination of sentence in the above-captioned case. Although the case at bar may 22 23 appear, on first review, to be clear-cut, the defense wishes to focus the Court's attention on several 24 issues that support *a minimum sentence*. 25 111 26 /// 27

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APP000309

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I.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Adrian Powell was charged with Conspiracy to Commit Robbery, Burglary While in Possession of a Deadly Weapon, First Degree Kidnapping, First Degree Kidnapping with Use of a Deadly Weapon, and Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon. As this Court is aware after one day of Voire Dire Adrian Powell accepted responsibility for his actions and plead guilty to the above-mentioned charges with the understanding he would be at the mercy of this Courts sentencing.

The charges that Adrian Powell plead guilty to arose from two robberies, one at Pepes Tacos and one at Walgreens. IT is important to note that no one was physically injured and the kidnapping charges arose out of the movement of the employees from one position of the store to another in an attempt to take money.

Based upon the facts of the case as well as set forth below, Powell is requesting that this Court consider a term of 6-15 consecutive with all counts based upon the nature of the crimes, Adrian's remorse and reflection as well as his chance for rehabilitation and after release a productive citizen.

III.

THE DEFENDANT AND HIS ACTIONS

Adrian is 24 years old. He has a 10-month baby in which he anticipates being the best Father possible maintaining a relationship while incarcerated and upon his anticipated release. As can be seen through his letters of support from his family he has a strong support from his family members. The Court should take time to examine Adrian's own letter addressing the Court. The letter is eloquently written in near perfect penmanship. Adrian asks the Court to understand that Adrian wrote this not in an attempt to pull wool over the Court's eyes for a reduced sentence but instead to

show the Court how he has truly changed and strives to continue to change and how he will use his time incarcerated to be a fully functional adult and citizen when he is released. Adrian has spent the last year in CCDC reflecting on the bad choices he has made and how and what he can do to never make the same choices and actions to find himself in trouble with the law. Indeed, Adrian possess the personality and skills to make it once released from prison. He is educated, speaks well, writes well, and is very intelligent. He will receive even more education and training while incarcerated and will opt to participate in any and all programs while in prison. Given the opportunity to be released while he is still relatively young will certainly decrease his odds of recidivism and grant him the opportunity to be an active participant in his child's life. This Court should note that the letters are from friends, family members.

Taking the above into consideration as well as the fact that Adrian is accepting responsibility and has pled guilty to all charges a minimum term of 6-15 years is appropriate in this case. The numerous letters provided on Adrian's behalf have shown great importance as to why an extended prison term would not be the answer for Adrian.

Adrian offers a letter from his Mother Valencia Guidroz with attached OSHA certificates. Ex. 1.

Adrian offers a letter from his child's mother Daria Perkins. Ex. 2.

Adrian offers a handwritten letter from himself. Ex. 3.

Adrian offers a letter from his Father. Ex. 4. (Will be supplemented upon receipt)

As set forth in these letters, written by friends, family, who have known him for years on end tend to show that Adrian should receive a sentence of 6-15 years.

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IV.

CONCLUSION

Whereby, Adrian respectfully requests this Court sentence Adrian to a fair term.

DATED this 25 day of September, 2018.

Respectfully Submitted,

THE702FIRM

MICHAEL C. KANE, ESO

Nevada Bar No. 11109 400 S. 7th, Suite 400 Las Vegas, NV 89101

T: (702) 776-3333 F: (702) 505-9787

mike@the702firm.com

Attorney for Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 25th day of September, 2018, the undersigned served the foregoing **DEFENDANT'S SENTENCING MEMORANDUM** on the State of Nevada in this matter via facsimile or email transmission to:

District Attorney's Office John Giordani, Chief Deputy District Attorney F: (702) 477-2952 John.Giordani@clarkcountyda.com

An Employee of THE702FIRM

C-17-327767-2

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES September 26, 2018

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

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Adrian Powell

September 26, 2018 09:30 AM Sentencing

HEARD BY: Israel, Ronald J. COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 15C

COURT CLERK: Klein, Kathy
RECORDER: Chappell, Judy

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Adrian Powell Defendant

Michael C Kane Attorney for Defendant
Michael Dickerson Attorney for Plaintiff

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Deft. POWELL present, in custody. State had no objection to the Co-Deft's Motion to Continue Trial. COURT ORDERED, Sentencing CONTINUED, and set with Co-Deft.

CUSTODY

10/24/18 9:30 AM SENTENCING (With Co-Deft. Pinkey)

Printed Date: 9/28/2018 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: September 26, 2018

Prepared by: Kathy Klein APP000314

10/2/2018 10:31 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT **MEMO** 1 THE702FIRM BRADLEY J. MYERS, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 8857 3 MICHAEL C. KANE, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10096 THE702FIRM 400 S. 7th Street, #400 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: (702) 776-3333 Facsimile: (702) 505-9787 E-Mail: mike@the702firm.com Attorneys for Defendant 8 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 **CLARK COUNTY NEVADA** 11 12 STATE OF NEVADA, 13 Plaintiff, Case No.: C-17-327767-2 14 Dept. No.: XXVIII VS. 15 Sentencing Date: 10/31/2018 ADRIAN POWELL, Sentencing Time: 9:00AM 16 17 Defendant. 18 19 SUPPLEMENT TO DEFENDANT'S SENTENCING MEMORANDUM 20 COMES NOW Defendant, ADRIAN POWELL, by and through his attorneys of record, 21 MICHAEL C. KANE, ESQ. of THE702FIRM, and hereby supplements this document to aid this 22 Honorable Court in its determination of sentence in the above-captioned case. 23 111 24 25 111 26 /// 27 111 28 APP000315

Case Number: C-17-327767-2

Page 1

Electronically Filed

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Adrian offers a letter from his step-sister Kiana Denmore. Ex. 5.

Adrian offers a letter from his step-mother Shaunda Scott-Powell. Ex. 6.

DATED this _____ day of October, 2018.

Respectfully Submitted,

THE702FIRM

MICHAEL C. KANE, ESQ Nevada Bar No. 11109 400 S. 7th, Suite 400 Las Vegas, NV 89101 T: (702) 776-3333 F: (702) 505-9787 mike@the702firm.com

Attorney for Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 2nd day of October, 2018, the undersigned served the foregoing

SUPPLEMENT TO DEFENDANT'S SENTENCING MEMORANDUM on the State of

Nevada in this matter via facsimile or email transmission to:

District Attorney's Office

John Giordani, Chief Deputy District Attorney

F: (702) 477-2952

John.Giordani@clarkcountyda.com

An Employee of THE702FIRM

APP000317

Dear Your Honor,

I am to urge leniency on the sentencing of my step-brother Adrian Powell.

I grew up with Adrian since I was the age of 5. We grew up in the urban area of South Los Angeles, California. Our parents kept us at the same schools until High School. Many odds were against us. But, I've managed to graduate from a 4-year University and currently working full-time at the #1 Media Entertainment Company in America.

Unfortunately, my brother Adrian has made a mistake that led him to missed the birth of his only son that was born last year while he was incarcerated. We grew up in a Christian religious household, and we're blessed to have had both our parents present in our home.

Adrian values the importance of family, and wants to change his life around for the better of his son that will be 1 years old in October.

I am aware of the reoccurring mistake that my brother has made, in which our entire family is saddened by what has happened, and our prayers go out to the victims that were involved. We certainly do not approve of what he has done, and in no way condone his actions.

The perception that you might have of Adrian is misjudged. I am more than capable of describing to you the image of Adrian that I know. He has always been family-oriented, protective, and respectful. I've never felt in danger being at home with him. We became baptized the same year, and built a relationship with Jesus Christ.

Adrian has made mistakes by associating with the wrong crowd that doesn't have his best interests. He has become a victim of being a "product of his environment."

Since being incarcerated he has missed out on the birth of his only child. My nephew turns 1 in October. Please don't allow my nephew to be without his father for 16 years of his life.

Adrian loves his son and has been improving on bettering himself while being incarcerated. I've noticed a change, he's reading the Bible, attending church, and being more proactive.

I can reassure you after being released from prison; Adrian will receive the full support from our family to keep him on the right path for the sake of his son.

I ask if you can please give him hope to be reunited with his baby for the first time.

Thank you for considering this request for leniency.

Sincerely,

Kiana Denmore

September 25, 2018

Clark County Detention Center 330 S Casino Blvd Las Vegas, CNV 89101

Dear you're Honor,

I am writing on behalf of my step-son Adrian Powell who is appearing before your court due to robbery charges and to plea for leniency in your sentencing so that he may be able to come out sooner because his only son and family are depending on him. Adrian is a good son, brother, and father. He's loving, caring, and smart, graduated from high school. He's sympathetic to everyone, and has a good heart.

I love my son he is not a bad person he was under strong influence of his peers beginning when he was a teenager and made bad decisions that he wouldn't normally do. I realize that this is not his first arrest and he's made mistakes in the past as a young adult and needs to take responsibility for his own actions. Adrian is feeling deeply remorseful for any wrongdoing. This situation with Adrian has been horrible, humiliating, and forever life changing for all of us. I truly believe in the power of God will turn things around for my son. Since Adrian has been incarcerated he has been studying the bible, and found the importance of a relationship with God. He's reading books and learning life skills such as decision making to better himself. Unfortunately, his son was born before he went to jail and he's very disappointed about that. He wants to be a good father, and most importantly a good man.

Adrian has family who loves him very much, and we will provide all the support he needs physically, and spiritually to help rehabilitate him when he's released and comes home so he can focus on moving forward with his life for his son, getting a trade, and find employment. We will do everything in our power to make sure that he stays motivated, moves forward to success, and stay on the right path so that he doesn't ever disappoints his son or family and return to prison ever again.

Thank you for taking time to read my letter. I hope this information proves to be helpful to your decision.

Sincerely,

Shaunda Scott-Powell

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES October 31, 2018

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

vs

Adrian Powell

October 31, 2018 09:30 AM Sentencing

HEARD BY: Israel, Ronald J. COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 15C

COURT CLERK: Thomas, Kathy RECORDER: Chappell, Judy

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Adrian Powell Defendant

John Giordani Attorney for Defendant, Plaintiff

Michael C Kane Attorney for Defendant

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Deft. POWELL present, in custody, together with Co-Deft. PINKEY. Mr. Durham noted the Deft. had concerns about his plea and Mr. Durham may need to file to a motion to withdraw the Deft's plea.; Further the Deft. requested another attorney be appointed. Mr. Kane concurred. Court noted the Deft. and Co-Deft. Pinkey had contingent Guilty Plea Agreements. State noted the Guilty Plea Agreements were accepted during day one of trial and the State made the negotiations clear to the Deft's. Colloquy regarding appointing new counsel. State requested the transcript for the entry of plea heard on 07/31/18. State noted they had agreed not to file the reports and witness statements at the time of the plea However, State requested to file them under seal at this time. Report and statements provided to the Court and marked as an exhibit under seal, (See worksheet). Upon oral request, COURT ORDERED, Defense Counsel, WITHDRAWN. COURT FURTHER ORDERED, Matter SET for Confirmation of Counsel for both Deft. and Co-Deft. and a status check regarding Deft's status of plea.

CUSTODY

11/07/18 9:00 AM CONFIRMATION OF COUNSEL...STATUS CHECK: STATUS OF PLEA

CLERK'S NOTE: Court Clerk emailed Drew Christiansen regarding appointing counsel. kk 10/31/18.

Printed Date: 11/2/2018 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: October 31, 2018

Prepared by: Kathy Thomas

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES November 07, 2018

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

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Adrian Powell

November 07, 2018 09:00 AM All Pending Motions (11/07/18)

HEARD BY: Israel, Ronald J. COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 15C

COURT CLERK: Thomas, Kathy RECORDER: Chappell, Judy

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Adrian Powell Defendant

Frank R. LoGrippo Attorney for Plaintiff

Monique A. McNeill Attorney for Defendant

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

CONFIRMATION OF COUNSEL- MCNEILL...STATUS CHECK: STATUS OF PLEA

Deft. POWELL present, in custody. Co-Deft. Pinkey, present in custody with counsel. Ms. McNeill confirmed as counsel. COURT ORDERED, Briefing schedule: Deft's Brief by 12/04/18, State's Opposition by 01/09/19, Deft's Reply by 01/16/19 and hearing regarding withdrawal of plea SET. Deft. to remain in custody.

CUSTODY

01/23/19 9:00 AM HEARING RE: WITHDRAWAL OF PLEA

Printed Date: 11/8/2018 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: November 07, 2018

Prepared by: Kathy Thomas

Electronically Filed 1/14/2019 11:14 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

MOT

MONIQUE A. MCNEILL, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 9862 325 S. Third Street

3 | Suite 200

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Telephone: (702) 497-9734 Attorney for Defendant

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7 | THE STATE OF NEVADA,

vs.

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10 ADRIAN POWELL,

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CASE NO.: C-17-327767-2

DEPT. NO.: 28

Date:

Time:

MOTION TO WITHDRAW GUILTY PLEA

COMES NOW the Defendant, by and through his attorney of record, MONIQUE MCNEILL, Esq., and respectfully submits the above-titled Motion. This Motion is based upon the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the pleadings and papers on file herein, and argument of Counsel at the time set for hearing this matter.

DATED this 10th day of January, 2019.

Plaintiff,

Defendant.

/s/ MONIQUE MCNEILL

By: _____ Monique mcneill, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 9862 Attorney for Defendant

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. BACKGROUND

On July 31, 2018, Defendant pleaded guilty to two counts of Conspiracy to Commit Robbery and two counts of Burglary While in Possession of a Firearm, two counts of First Degree Kidnapping with a Deadly Weapon, and seven counts of Robbery with Use of a Deadly Weapon. The entry of plea took place on the second day of trial. On the date of his sentencing, Mr. Powell indicated a desire to withdraw his guilty plea and current defense counsel was appointed accordingly.

Mr. Powell contends that he entered his guilty plea without first being given the opportunity to review a full and complete copy of his discovery. Additionally, his attorney did not go through the discovery with him, never discussed the defense that the attorney was going to present to the jury, did not have substantial contact with Mr. Powell before trial, and failed to give well-educated advice regarding the soundness of the plea negotiations. Mr. Powell's attorney told him that he was going to spend the rest of his life in prison unless he took the deal, and further informed Mr. Powell that the deal was a good deal because of the State agreeing not to file charges on multiple cases in which the police suspected Mr. Powell and his co-defendant. However, not only had Mr. Powell never seen discovery from those incidents, but the attorney did not even have the discovery from those events and did not have any idea about the strength of those cases. But for counsel's failure to adequately prepare his client for trial, and his counsel's failure to give well researched and advice founded on actual due diligence, Mr. Powell would not have entered the plea. Mr. Powell's contentions are listed in the attached affidavit. See Exhibit A. This Court can see from the attached jail records that prior counsel had very limited contact with Mr. Powell over the course of his representation. See Exhibit B.

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evidence that connects Mr. Powell to those cases. According to counsel for the co-defendant, the discovery on those incidents was not even provided to counsel until AFTER the defendants entered their pleas, despite the State using the incidents as leverage. The discovery lists police reports and witness statements for ten different metro event numbers. Those reports and witness statements show that the descriptions of the perpetrators varies between the events, and that in almost all of those occurrences, the suspects had their faces and hands covered. There is no mention of any processing of any fingerprints or DNA. It should be noted that in the instant case, the Metro crime lab did process Mr. Powell's DNA and compared to samples recovered in the instant case. It stands to reason that if there had been DNA collected in the uncharged cases, Metro could have processed it at the same time. There is no forensic evidence tying Mr. Powell to those uncharged incidents. As it stands, there is not enough evidence to even charge Mr. Powell in those cases, so it was a grave error for his attorney to use those cases to inform Mr. Powell as to the nature of the plea offer.

A review of the discovery provided regarding the uncharged acts indicates that there is no

II. ARGUMENT

In Nevada, a district court may grant a defendant's pre-conviction motion to withdraw a guilty plea for any "substantial reason" if it is "fair and just." *Woods v. State*, 114 Nev. 468, 475, 958 P. 2d 91, 95 (1998) (citing *State v. District Court*, 85 Nev. 381, 385, 455 P.2d 923, 926 (1969)). *See also Stevenson v. State*, 131 Nev.____, ___, 354 P.3d 1277, 1281 (2015). To determine whether the defendant advances a substantial, fair, and just reason to withdraw a guilty plea, the district court must consider the totality of the circumstances surrounding the defendant's plea. *Woods*, 114 Nev. at 475, 958 P. 2d at 95-96 (1998). In *Stevenson v. State*, the Nevada Supreme Court noted that fair and just reasons include reasons such as a defendant establishing that there

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are "circumstances which might lead a jury to refuse to convict, not withstanding technical guilt," or the defendants becoming aware of some collateral consequences. *Id*.

A criminal defendant may withdraw his guilty plea if, under the totality of the circumstances, the court finds that he did not enter that plea voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently. Woods, 114 Nev. at 475, 958 P.2d at 95-96 (1998); Crawford v. State, 117 Nev. 718, 722, 30 P. 3d 1123, 1125-26 (2001); Baal v. State, 106 Nev. 69, 787 P.2d 391 (1990). The guidelines for voluntariness of guilty pleas require that the record affirmatively show that the defendant entered his plea understandingly and voluntarily. See Heffley v. Warden, 89 Nev. 573, 574, 516 P.2d 1403, 1404 (1973). A "knowing" plea is one entered into with a full understanding of the nature of the charge and all the consequences of the plea. Boykin v. Alabama, 395 US 238 (1969). Here, Mr. Powell's plea was not knowing, as he did not have a full understanding of the nature of the charges against him due to counsel's failure to provide Mr. Powell with a review of the discovery and a discussion regarding potential defenses. Additionally, counsel advised Mr. Powell regarding incidents that counsel had never even seen discovery regarding. Because Mr. Powell's attorney did not provide meaningful communication, the plea is not knowing. Because Mr. Powell's counsel himself was uneducated regarding the evidence being used to broker a deal, the plea was not knowing. This is one fair and just reason this Court should allow Mr. Powell to withdraw his plea.

Furthermore, a plea agreement is construed according to what the defendant reasonably understood when he entered the plea. *Statz v. State*, 113 Nev. 987, 993, 944 P.2d 813, 817 (1997); *Sullivan v. State*, 115 Nev. 383, 387, 990 P.2d 1258, 1260 (1999). The defendant's reasonable understanding is distinguishable from the mere subjective belief of defendant as to any potential sentence, or hope of leniency, unsupported by a promise from the State or an indication by the court. See *Rouse v. State*, 91 Nev. 677, 541 P. 2d 643 (1975). Mr. Powell reasonably understood

that counsel informed him that he was going to serve approximately six to fifteen years in prison.

This was not based on any offer from the State, but was communicated to Mr. Powell at the time counsel discussed the plea negotiations with Mr. Powell on the second day of trial.

A defendant who enters a guilty plea based on the advice of counsel may refute the guilty plea by demonstrating the ineffectiveness of counsel's performance violated the defendant's right to counsel guaranteed under the Sixth Amendment to the United States Constitution. *Nollette v. State*, 118 Nev. 341, 348-349, 46 P.3d 87, 92 (2002); *Strickland v. Washington*, 466 U.S. 668, 687-88 (1984). A defendant must substantiate their claim of ineffective assistance of counsel by showing counsel's performance fell below an objective standard of reasonableness, and a reasonable probability exists that, but for counsel's erroneous advice, the defendant would not have pled guilty. *Id.*; *Warden v. Lyons*, 100 Nev. 430, 432, 683 P.2d 504, 505 (1984); *Hill v. Lockhart*, 474 U.S. 52, 106 S.Ct. 366, 88 L.Ed.2d 203 (1985).

Prior counsel's performance did not meet objective standards regarding criminal representation. In 2007, the Nevada Supreme Court convened a commission on the state of indigent defense in Nevada. See Exhibit C. As part of that commission, the committee came up with recommended standards of performance, which provide a guideline for this Court to measure counsel's performance. Those standards indicate that counsel should engage in a continuing interactive dialogue with the client concerning all matters that might reasonably be expected to have a material impact on the case, such as the development of a defense theory, presentation of the defense case, potential agreed-upon dispositions of the case. Mr. Powell's attorney did not meet this standard, and certainly communicating in person with a client two times before a felony jury trial on a life sentence case cannot be reasonable.

The standards also indicate that "under no circumstances should defense counsel recommend to a defendant acceptance of a plea unless appropriate investigation and study of the case has

been completed, including an analysis of controlling law and the evidence likely to be introduced at trial." ADKT 411. Mr. Powell's counsel had done none of that. His representation certainly fell below an objective standard of reasonableness. And, but for counsel using uninvestigated uncharged bad acts to make assurances that this plea was the best outcome, Mr. Powell would not have entered this plea.

In this case, Mr. Powell's plea was the product of ineffective assistance of counsel, which lead to him accepting a plea that was based on assurance that were later discovered to be untrue and unfounded. His counsel made him assurances about the sentence he would receive, telling him it was all but a given, despite what the guilty plea agreement states, and his counsel coerced the plea by informing Mr. Powell there were ten other uncharged cases looming over his head. His counsel's performance was deficient in keeping his client informed at every step of the proceedings, and was based on a lack of understanding regarding the true nature of the plea negotiations.

III. CONCLUSION

In light of the foregoing, Defendant respectfully requests that this Honorable Court grant his Motion to Withdraw Guilty Plea.

DATED this 11th day of January, 2019.

/s/ MONIQUE A. MCNEILL

By: ________

MONIQUE MCNEILL, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 9862
Attorney for Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED by the undersigned that on the 14th day of January, 2019, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing MOTION to the parties listed on the attached service list via one or more of the methods of service described below as indicated next to the name of the served individual or entity by a checked box:

VIA U.S. MAIL: by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at Las Vegas, Nevada.

VIA FACSIMILE: by transmitting to a facsimile machine maintained by the attorney or the party who has filed a written consent for such manner of service.

BY PERSONAL SERVICE: by personally hand-delivering or causing to be hand delivered by such designated individual whose particular duties include delivery of such on behalf of the firm, addressed to the individual(s) listed, signed by such individual or his/her representative accepting on his/her behalf. A receipt of copy signed and dated by such an individual confirming delivery of the document will be maintained with the document and is attached.

BY E-MAIL: by transmitting a copy of the document in the format to be used for attachments to the electronic-mail address designated by the attorney or the party who has filed a written consent for such manner of service.

BY: /s/ MONIQUE MCNEILL, Esq.

SERVICE LIST

ATTORNEYS OF RECORD	PARTIES REPRESENTED	METHOD OF SERVICE
PDMotions@clarkcountyda.com	State of Nevada	Personal service Email service Fax service Mail service
ADDITIONAL INDIVIDUALS	PARTIES	METHOD OF SERVICE
	N/A	Personal service Email service Fax service Mail service

AFFIDAVIT

ADRIAN POWELL makes the following declaration:

- 1. Prior to trial, my attorney had only visited me twice at the Clark County Detention Center, and only spoke to me on the phone a few times.
- During the first visit with my attorney, he told me that he was going to "get me home."
 That led me to believe he felt that the case was winnable. He never sat down with me and provided full discovery on my case.
- 3. My attorney did not go through the discovery with me. In fact, my attorney did not provide me with all the discovery in the case. In fact, I have never seen the discovery regarding the uncharged incidents in which the State alleges that I am a person of interest. The only discovery I received was at my second preliminary hearing setting, and never received anything after that, until the bailiff handed me a DNA report the second day of trial.
- 4. My attorney did not show me the results from the DNA processing until we had already started jury selection. My attorney gave the Marshall the paperwork with the results, and had him provide it me. He never explained to me what any of it meant.
- Prior to trial, I did not know anything about how my attorney was going to defend the
 case. At no point, did he discuss the discovery with me, or discuss the theory of defense at
 trial.
- 6. My attorney told me that I was going to spend the rest of my life in prison if I did not take the deal. He told me that it was this deal or the rest of my life. This was said to me as we were in the middle of trial. At that point., I was unaware of how he was going to defend me at trial. I did not know the entirety of the evidence against me and was scared. He told me that were it not for the uncharged cases, I could have been offered a 3-8 year sentence.
- 7. My attorney told me that regardless of what the Guilty Plea Agreement said, I was going to get a sentence of six to fifteen years.

- 8. At sentencing, when I told my attorney I was scared that I was not going to get the six to fifteen years he promised me, he became angry.
- 9. The advice my attorney gave me about taking the plea involved the uncharged cases listed in my guilty plea agreement; however, he misled me about the strength of the evidence in those cases. In fact, I have since learned that he had not actually reviewed the discovery regarding those cases until September, months after he advised me that those cases not being filed against me was beneficial to me. I have since reviewed that discovery and it is clear that the evidence in those charges is not strong and I do not believe should have been used to pressure me into this plea.
- 10. My attorney never went through the PSI with me, but instead handed it to me and left the visiting room. Prior to my interview, he told me not to tell the PSI writer that I had a substance abuse problem, and not to let the PSI writer see my tattoos, but instead to try to make the PSI writer think I was a "scholar and a student."
- 11. At sentencing, my co-defendant told me that his attorney had advised him about the lack of evidence in the uncharged cases.
- 12. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. (NRS 53.045).
 EXECUTED this 7TH day of January, 2018.

ADRIAN POWELL

Revised 05-10-2018

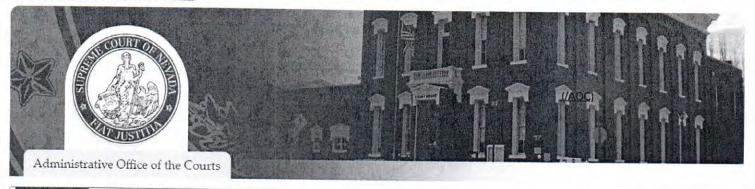
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SCOPE RECORD	\$9.00		COPY OF PROPERTY SHEET	\$0.50 PER PAGE
SOCIAL SECURITY REINSTATEMENT FORM	\$6.00		VISITOR LOG	\$0.50 PER PAGE
1 ADDITIONAL COPY (OF ABOVE ONLY)	\$0.29 PER PAGE		INMATE KITES/ MISC DOCUMENT	\$0.50 PER PAGE
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Vists With Visitor	
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ID Number: '0008387748', Start Date: '28-SEP-2017', End Date: '16-JUL-2018'	

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1	LVMPD- NT-7B- 14-U	POWELL	ADRIAN	0008387748	06-Oct-17 09:00:00	06-Oct-17 09:30:00	LEG	INV	LAWSON	ROBERT	
2	LVMPD- NT-7B- 14-U	POWELL	ADRIAN	0008387748	13-Oct-17 08:00:00	13-Oct-17 08:05:00	LEG	INV	LAWSON	ROBERT	
100	LVMPD- NT-7B- 14-U	POWELL	ADRIAN	0008387748	17-Oct-17 13:00:00	17-Oct-17 13:30:00	LEG	ATT	KANE	MICHAEL	
4	LVMPD- NT-7B- 14-U	POWELL	ADRIAN	0008387748	08-Nov-17 13:00:00	08-Nov-17 13:05:00	LEG	INV	LAWSON	ROBERT	
5	LVMPD- NT-7B- 14-U	POWELL	ADRIAN	0008387748	08-Feb-18 13:00:00	08-Feb-18 13:30:00	LEG	INV	CAMPBELL	SKYE	
6	LVMPD- NT-7B- 14-U	POWELL	ADRIAN	0008387748	26-Apr-18 13:30:00	26-Apr-18 14:00:00	LEG	INV	CAMPBELL	SKYE	



HOME (/AOC)

HOW DO 1?

ADMINISTRATION

PROGRAMS & PROJECTS

RESOURCES

FORMS & PUBLICATIONS

Commission on Indigent Defense Overview

In 2007, the Nevada Supreme Court convened the Indigent Defense Commission (IDC) under the Chairmanship of Justice Michael Cherry to examine and make recommendations regarding the delivery of indigent defense services in Nevada.

The Commission filed its initial report with the Court in November of 2007.

On January 4, 2008, the Court issued its first ADKT 411 Order which contained performance standards, a requirement to remove judges from the appointment of counsel process, and also recommended that all rural counties use the State Public Defender's Office. Additionally, the Order required all jurisdictions to file a plan for the appointment of counsel and made real the voluntary request from Clark and Washoe Counties to conduct weighted caseload studies in order to determine appropriate public defender caseloads. The Order also established a definition of 'indigent' to be used when appointing counsel.

In response to this initial Order, several groups including the district attorneys, rural judges, and counties, filed objections with the Court; a hearing was held in March 2008 and resulted in an Order on March 21, 2008. This Order required that new members be added to the IDC, the performance standards be reconsidered, and the Rural Subcommittee be reconstituted to re-examine the issues in Rural Nevada.

During this interim period, the District Attorneys and Defense Bar worked with the IDC to revise the performance standards, and the Rural Subcommittee reconvened and developed new, refined recommendations. Clark and Washoe Counties, together with cities in urban jurisdictions, formulated and began to implement plans to remove judges from the process of appointment for conflict counsel, and reformed their contract attorney systems.

In 2014, the Indigent Defense Commission's Rural Subcommittee completed its tasks of gathering and analyzing data pertaining to the number and scope of public defender appointments across the State. Early in the winter of 2014, the Rural Subcommittee used this data to present its "Rural Subcommittee Report on the Status of Indigent Defense in the 15 Rural Counties and Recommendations to Improve Service to Indigent Defendants" to the Nevada Supreme Court.

On July 23, 2015, history was made when the Nevada Supreme Court signed ADKT 0411 and adopted and/or endorsed 4 of the Rural Subcommittee's recommendations. This banned the use of strictly flat fee contracts in the delivery of indigent defense services, placed rural death penalty cases and appeals in the hands of the State Public Defender's Office, and encouraged the implementation of an Indigent Defense Board.

QUICK LINKS

Commission News (/AOC/Committees_and_Commissions/Indigent_Defense/News/)

Commission Members (/AOC/Committees_and_Commissions/Indigent_Defense/Commission_Members/)

Documents and Forms (/AOC/Templates/documents.aspx?folderID=8936)

Meeting Recordings (/AOC/Committees_and_Commissions/Indigent_Defense/Meeting_Recordings/)

Archived News (/AOC/Committees_and_Commissions/Indigent_Defense/Archived_News/)

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		CLERK OF THE COURT
1	OPPS STEVEN B. WOLFSON	Stewn b. Lum
2	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565	
3	JOHN GIORDANI	
4	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012381	
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212	
6	(702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	
7	DIGENIA	
8		CT COURT NTY, NEVADA
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	
10	Plaintiff,	
11	-VS-	CASE NO: C-17-327767-2
12	ADRIAN POWELL, #8387748	DEPT NO: XXVIII
13		
14	Defendant.	
15		O DEFENDANT'S MOTION W GUILTY PLEA
16		RING: 2/25/2019
17		RING: 9:00 AM
18	COMES NOW, the State of Nevada	, by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark County
19	District Attorney, through JOHN GIORDAN	II, Chief Deputy District Attorney, and hereby
20	submits the attached Points and Authorities in	Opposition to Defendant's Motion To Withdraw
21	Guilty Plea.	
22	This Opposition is made and based upo	on all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the
23	attached points and authorities in support her	eof, and oral argument at the time of hearing, if
24	deemed necessary by this Honorable Court.	
25	//	
26	//	
27	//	
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APP000335

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

On November 8, 2017, Indictment returned in the District Court charging Defendants Larenzo Pinkey aka, Larenzo Pinkney, and Adrian Powell with two (2) counts of Conspiracy To Commit Robbery (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 199.480), two (2) counts of Burglary While In Possession Of A Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony - NRS 205.060), three (3) counts of First Degree Kidnapping With Use Of A Deadly Weapon (Category A Felony - NRS 200.310, 200.320, 193.165), seven (7) counts of Robbery With Use Of A Deadly Weapon (Category B Felony - NRS 200.380, 193.165) and one (1) count of Unlawful Taking Of Vehicle (Gross Misdemeanor - NRS 205.2715). All charges stemmed from robberies that occurred at a Pepe's Tacos restaurant and a Walgreens store in Las Vegas, Nevada on September 28, 2017.

On November 13, 2017, Defendants Pinkney and Powell were arraigned on the aforementioned charges in the District Court. The case ultimately proceeded to jury trial on July 30, 2018. Voir Dire commenced On Monday, July 30, 2018. Court concluded for the day, and the parties returned the following day to resume jury selection. That morning, the parties negotiated for hours, and the State ultimately agreed to allow the Defendants to plead guilty pursuant to the Guilty Plea Agreement discussed below. The Defendants pled guilty, the jury was discharged, and a sentencing date was set for September 12, 2018. Prior to sentencing, the Defendants filed Motions to withdraw their guilty pleas. The State opposes as follows.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

The evidence in this case was overwhelming. The following is a summary of the victims' testimony from the Grand Jury presentation, as well as a summary of the forensic evidence (DNA AND FINGERPRINTS) and the circumstantial evidence that would have been presented at trial.

A. Testimony of Jose Chavarria

Jose Alfredo Chavarria Valenzuela was working as a cook at Pepe's Tacos located at 2490 Fremont Street, Las Vegas, Nevada on September 28, 2017. (RT1 at 32-33). At approximately 2:40 AM, Chavarria was in kitchen area when two gunmen entered the

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restaurant. (RT1 at 35). Chavarria ran toward the back refrigerator where his co-worker was located, when one of the gunman jumped the counter, followed Chavarria and pointed a gun at him. (RT1 at 35). The gunman told Chavarria to get on the ground and that he "wanted the money." Id. The gunman then forced Chavarria at gunpoint from the back of the store to the front cash registers. (RT1 35-36). At the cash registers, the gunman began jabbing Chavarria in his side, but Chavarria was unable to open the till because he did not have the correct passcode. (RT1 at 36). The second gunman then retrieved Chavarria's coworker from the back of the store and forced her to open the cash registers at the front of the store. (RT1 at 37). One of the gunmen then took Chavarria to the second cash register, threw him on the ground, and pointed a gun to Chavarria's head. Id. The gunmen took the money from the cash registers, but did not take any property from Chavarria. (RT1 at 37-38).

B. Testimony of Yenir Hessing

Yenir Hessing works as the shift lead at the Walgreens located at 4470 East Bonanza, Las Vegas, Nevada. (RT1 at 7). On September 28, 2017, Hessing was working the graveyard shift with four other Walgreens employees when, at approximately 4:05 AM, two masked gunmen entered the store. (RT1 at 8-10).

Hessing was stocking the shelves in the food aisle when one of the gunmen pointed a gun to her stomach, demanded she move to the front of the store. (RT1 at 10). The food aisle is located near the store's photo section, away from the registers and store entrance. (RT1 at 14:2-6). While pushing her to the front of the store, the gunman told Hessing to go to the cash registers in the front of the store, passing the cash register in the photo section. (RT 14:4-6). As gunman pushed Hessing, he told her this is "not a game and I'm going to kill you." (RT1 at 10).

At the front of the store, the gunman told her to open the three cash registers, which Hessing did. <u>Id.</u> At that moment, another Walgreens employee, Tifnie Bobbitt was returning from lunch and, upon seeing Bobbitt, the gunman ordered her the front of the store too. <u>Id.</u> Hessing testified that the gunman was "swearing and saying like really bad things ... grabbed both of us and he asked me where is the big money, where is the safe, and I tell him it was in the

office." (RT1 at 10:12-15). The gunman then used the gun to again push Hessing, this time toward the office located at the back of the store. (RT1 at 10).

While the gunman pushed Hessing toward the back of the store, Hessing saw down an aisle that the Walgreen's pharmacist, Darlene Orat, was being held up by another gunman in the pharmacy. (RT at 9, 12). As the gunman pushed Hessing toward the back office at gunpoint, he told Hessing "I'm going to kill you." (RT1 at 14:15). Hessing responded to the gunman, telling him "please don't hurt me, I'm nine weeks pregnant, don't do anything to me." (RT1 at 15-17). To which the gunman responded "I don't give a [fuck] I'm going to kill you if you do the wrong code or ... try to call [police]." (RT1 at 14:17-19).

Upon reaching the back office, which is behind two doors that each have a different pin code, Hessing entered the code and the gunman forced Hessing and Bobbitt into the office. (RT1 at 15-16). The door to the office closed behind them, leaving Hessing, Bobbitt and the gunman isolated from the rest of the store. (RT1 at 17-18). In the office, the gunman began hitting Hessing in the ribs with the gun and demanding that she open the safe. (RT at 17). Hessing opened the first of two safes and the gunman grabbed everything. <u>Id.</u> The gunman then demanded Hessing open the second safe, which she did. The gunman grabbed the contents from the second safe and fled from the office. <u>Id.</u>

C. Testimony of Tifnie Bobbitt.

Tifnie Bobbit was working as a cashier at the Walgreens located at 4470 East Bonanza, Las Vegas, Nevada, on September 28, 2017. (RT2 at 8). Around 4:00 AM, Bobbitt was headed to breakroom to take her lunch break when she heard a man "say the F word." (RT2 9-10:1). Bobbitt looked over to see the man crouching and walking behind Tenir Hessing. (RT2 at 10). Bobbitt entered the code to the breakroom, entered the room and approached the seconded code-locked door to the office, which she knocked on to alert the Walgreen's manager. (RT2 10-11). Bobbitt's manager left and did not return, so Bobbitt, thinking the situation was taken care of, walked out of the breakroom into the store. (RT2at 11). At that moment, the gunman saw her and yelled at her "Where the fuck do you think you're going, bitch?" ((RT2 at 11:21-24). The gunman then ordered Bobbitt to the front of the store where

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Hessing was opening the cash registers for the gunman. (RT2 at 13). From there, the gunman forced Bobbit and Hessing from the front of the store to the back office, pushing Bobbitt while telling the women they were walking too slowly. (RT2 at 13-14). At the breakroom door, they enter the code and enter the breakroom. (RT2 at 14). From there, Hessing entered the code to the office door and the gunman forced the women into the office. (RT2 at 14-15). In the office, the gunman "kept jabbing the gun" into Hessing's side as he was forcing her to open the safes. (RT2 at 15). Once the safes were open, the gunman took the money from the safes and fled. Id.

D. Evidence in addition to Grand Jury Testimony

Both of these armed robberies were captured on video surveillance. In addition, the Defendants used Mr. Pinkey's girlfriend's vehicle. After the Walgreen's event, they crashed the vehicle while fleeing. Defendant's Pinkney and Powell fled the wrecked vehicle on foot, leaving a trial of US Currency, a mask, and the proceeds of the robberies in their wake. Mr. Powell's DNA was on the red mask that he dropped when fleeing from Walgreen's, and Mr. Pinkney's fingerprints were on the prescription bottles from the Walgreen's robbery. They were apprehended a short time later wearing the same clothing they were during the robberies.

ARGUMENT

I. DEFENDANT'S PLEA WAS KNOWINGLY AND VOLUNTARILY ENTERED AND HE HAS NOT ESTABLISHED A SUBSTANTIAL REASON WARRANTING WITHDRAWAL OF HIS PLEA.

A. THERE IS NOT A SUBSTANTIAL, FAIR, AND JUST REASON TO ALLOW DEFENDANT TO WITHDRAW HIS GUILTY PLEA

"[A] motion to withdraw a plea of guilty...may be made only before sentence is imposed or imposition of sentence is suspended" unless it is necessary "to correct manifest injustice." N.R.S. 176.165; <u>Baal v. State</u>, 106 Nev. 69, 72, 787 P.2d 391, 394 (1990). The district court may grant a motion made prior to sentencing or adjudication of guilty for any substantial reason that is fair and just. <u>State v. District Court</u>, 85 Nev. 381, 385, 455 P.2d 923, 926 (1969).

However, in determining whether a Defendant has "advanced a substantial, fair, and just reason to withdraw a [guilty] plea, the District Court must consider the totality of the circumstances to determine whether the defendant entered the plea voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently." Crawford v. State, 117 Nev. 718, 722, 30 P.3d 1123, 1125-26 (2001). A Court "has a duty to review the entire record to determine whether the plea was valid ... [and] may not simply review the plea canvass in a vacuum." Mitchell v. State, 109 Nev. 137, 141, 848 P.2d 1060, 1062 (1993). Nonetheless, a defendant has no right to withdraw his plea simply because he makes his motion prior to sentencing or because the State failed to establish actual prejudice. See, Hubbard v. State, 110 Nev. 671, 675-76, 877 P.2d 519, 521 (1994).

In determining whether a guilty plea was knowingly and voluntarily entered, the Court reviews the totality of the circumstances surrounding the plea. Bryant v. State, 102 Nev. 268, 271, 721 P.2d 364, 367 (1986)(superseded by statute). However, a guilty plea is presumptively valid. Wilson v. State, 99 Nev. 362, 373, 664 P.2d 328, 334 (1983). In addition, when a guilty plea is accepted by the trial court after proper canvassing as to whether the defendant knowingly and intelligently entered his plea, such plea will be deemed properly accepted. Baal v. State, 106 Nev. 69, 72, 787 P.2d 391, 394 (1990).

If a proper canvass is conducted, the record will reflect the following: "(1) the defendant knowingly waived his privilege against self-incrimination, the right to trial by jury, and the right to confront his accusers; (2) the plea was voluntary, was not coerced, and was not the result of a promise of leniency; (3) the defendant understood the consequences of his plea and the range of punishment; and (4) the defendant understood the nature of the charge, i.e., the elements of the crime." Wilson v. State, 99 Nev. 362, 366, 664 P.2d 328, 330 (1983). However, the failure to conduct a ritualistic oral canvass does not require that the plea be invalidated. State v. Freese, 116 Nev. 1097, 13 P.3d 442 (2000).

In the instant case, Defendant signed a written Guilty Plea Agreement, wherein he acknowledged that he fully understood the entirety of the agreement, had all of his questions answered, and was knowingly and voluntarily entering his guilty pleas. Defendant further

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acknowledged in his signed Guilty Plea Agreement all of the rights he was giving up by entering the agreement:

I understand that I am waiving and forever giving up the following rights and privileges: 1. The constitutional privilege against self-incrimination...2. The constitutional right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury...3. The constitutional right to confront and cross-examine any witnesses who would testify against me...I have discussed the elements of the original charge(s) against me with my attorney and I understand the nature of the charge(s) against me.... I have discussed with my attorney any possible defenses, defense strategies and circumstances which might be in my favor... All of the foregoing elements, consequences, rights, and waiver of rights have been thoroughly explained to me by my attorney. I believe that pleading guilty and accepting this plea bargain is in my best interest, and that trial would be contrary to my best interest. I am signing this agreement voluntarily...and I am not acting under duress or coercion or by virtue of any promise of leniency, except for those set forth in this agreement...My attorney has answered all my questions regarding this guilty plea agreement and its consequences to my satisfaction and I am satisfied with the services provided by my attorney (GPA pp. 5-6).

In addition to the actual GPA, the Court discussed the terms of the agreement with both Defendants extensively on the second day of trial. Specifically, on Monday, July 30, 2018, the Court and the State began the voir dire process. The following morning on Tuesday, July 31, 2018, the State and defense attorneys negotiated the case before voir dire resumed. Pursuant to the guilty plea agreements, both Defendants essentially "pled to the sheet," and in exchange, the State agreed to not seek Life in prison, and agreed to not file charges on ten (10) additional robbery events. Because the jury trial had already commenced, the Court conducted an extremely thorough plea canvass on both Defendants, and ultimately accepted their guilty pleas as freely, knowingly, and voluntarily entered. *See* Recorder's Transcript of Plea Canvass of Pinkney and Powell attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

After Mr. Durham placed the negotiations on the record, the Court's plea canvass began with Defendant Pinkney:

THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to do these one at a time and very, hopefully, carefully. Let's start off, Mr. Pinkey –

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2	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: [Defendant spells True Name]
3	THE COURT: And how old are you?
	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: I'm 22, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: How far did you go in school?
5 6	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: I never got my high school diploma or I never got a GED, but I'm planning on getting that.
7	THE COURT: Do you have any sort of learning disability of any kind?
8 9	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, I grew up with a learning disability. I had an IEP, and I grew up with a lot like behavior, my behavior. I got the information on that too. Benjamin, he got status on the stuff, stating that type of stuff.
10	THE COURT: Okay, do you read, write and understand the English language:
11	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes.
12	THE COURT: And is English your primary language?
13	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, sir.
14 15	THE COURT: Have you been treated recently for any mental illness or addiction of any kind?
16	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: I have in the past, but not recently.
17	THE COURT: Okay. Has anyone ever suggested to you that you be treated for mental illness or an emotional condition?
18	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Well, yeah, but – and no. I say yeah and no. It's a
19	yeah on the mental affect, it has been where they wanted me to get treated, but I just hadn't.
20 21	THE COURT: Okay. Are you currently under the influence of any drug, medication, or alcoholic beverage?
22	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: No, sir.
23	THE COURT: Have you been on any medication during your time in jail?
24	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: No, sir.
25	THE COURT: Have you received a copy of the indictment – or the guilty plea
26	agreement?
27	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, I have.
28	THE COURT: Have you discussed this case with your attorney?

1	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Are you satisfied with his representation and the advice given to you by your attorney?
3	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes I have. Or, yes, I am. Sorry.
4 5	THE COURT: Okay. And as to the guilty plea agreement, are you pleading guilty to Counts [Court lists counts in the Indictment]
6	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, I do.
7	THE COURT: And do you understand all the – have you read a copy of the guilty plea agreement?
8	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, I read it over, sir.
9	THE COURT: And do you understand everything contained in the guilty plea agreement?
11	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes.
12	THE COURT: And have you had an opportunity to discuss this with your
13	attorney?
14	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes.
	THE COURT: And if you had any questions, did he answer your questions?
15	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, he did.
16	THE COURT: Do you have any questions of me regarding that at this time?
17	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: No, Your Honor.
18 19	THE COURT: And as to the charges in the guilty plea agreement that I just discussed, how are you pleading?
20	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Pleading guilty.
21	THE COURT: And is it because in truth and in fact you committed the charges
22	listed in the guilty plea agreement?
23	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes.
24	THE COURT: Are you making this plea freely and voluntarily?
25	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, I am, sir.
26	THE COURT: Has anyone forced or threatened you or anyone close to you to get you to enter this plea?
27	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: No. sir

1	THE COURT: Has anyone made any promises other than what's stated in the guilty plea agreement?
2	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: No.
3	THE COURT: And do you understand that as part of the guilty plea agreement, although you are not admitting to these crimes, that the State will
5	be allowed to argue these crimes as I'm about to list for you at the time of sentencing? [Court then lists ten armed robbery dates, locations, and event
6	numbers, which are also contained on page 2 of the guilty plea agreement].
7	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes.
8	THE COURT: And you're agreeable to the same? You're agreeable to that?
9	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, I am.
10	[Court showed Defendant his signature on the guilty plea agreement]
11	THE COURT: Okay. Before you signed it, again, did you read and discuss it with your attorney?
12	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes.
1314	THE COURT: And again, just to be clear, did you understand everything contained in the guilty plea agreement?
15	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, I did, sir.
16	THE COURT: Do you understand the constitutional rights you're giving up by [] entering a guilty plea agreement?
17	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, sir.
18 19	THE COURT: And do you understand that you have a right to appeal on reasonable constitutional, jurisdictional or other grounds that challenge the
20	legality of the proceedings?
21	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, sir.
22	[Parties recite the range of punishment for each and every count to which Defendant pled]
23	THE COURT: Do you understand the range of punishment?
24	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, sir.
25	[Colloquy regarding the maximum punishment for all counts]
26	MR. GIORDANI: As long as both Mr. Pinkney and Mr. Powell understand the
27	range for each count[a]nd then also they understand sentencing is completely up to the Court, and if the Court can either run the counts
28	concurrent or run the counts consecutive.

1	THE COURT: Okay So you understand the individual range of punishments on each of the counts?
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3	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, sir.
4	THE COURT: I can – it's at my discretion. And do you understand that the
5	counts can be run consecutively or concurrently? Once again, that's up to me.
6	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, sir.
7	THE COURT: And no one is in a position to promise you probation, leniency, or any special treatment; do you understand that?
8	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Oh, yeah, I understand that, sir.
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10	THE COURT: Thank you. What is it that you did to cause you to plead guilty?
1112	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: I committed – I went to an establishment, and I committed two robberis – two more robberies – sir.
13	THE COURT: What were the establishments?
14 15	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: It was a Pepe's, and another one was Walgreen's, sir.
16	THE COURT: All right. Do you have any questions you'd like to ask me or your attorney before I accept this plea?
17	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: No, sir. Not questions, sir, no.
18	THE COURT: The Court finds the Defendant's plea of guilty is freely and
19	voluntarily made, and the Defendant understands the nature of the offenses and consequences of his plea, and therefore, accepts the guilty plea. The matter is
20	referred to Parole & Probation for a PSI report.
21	MR. GIORDANI: Your Honor, before you move on, can I ask one more thing
22	of the Court?
23	THE COURT: Sure.
24	MR. GIORDANI: Just with regard to your first few questions of Mr. Pinkney where he indicated he had an IEP, a learning program, learning disabilities
25	growing up, can we just be clear on the record that Mr. Pinkney had sufficient
26	time with his attorney – it's been a couple hours, I think, since we broke and started really getting into the meat of this – understood fully both the written
27	words and, you know, the conversations that he had with his attorney.

1 2	MR. DURHAM: Your Honor, I signed the certificate of counsel, which indicates that I believe he's fully competent to enter the plea; that I went over it with him.
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4 5	MR. DURHAM: And so I would just ask the Court to adopt that as part of the plea agreement.
6	THE COURT: That's fine, and I certainly think I've asked him three times at
7	least now if he had any questions regarding this, and he's advised me that he does not. And you had plenty of time, for the record, to go over this with your
8	attorney since it's now 1:30 and you first met with him at approximately 11:00 a.m., correct?
9	DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes.
10	THE COURT: And once again, you have no questions regarding the
11	agreement? DEFENDANT PINKNEY: No, sir.
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13	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
14	MR. DURHAM: Thank you.
15 16	THE COURT: I find it's freely and voluntarily entered into. The Defendant is remanded.
17	Reporter's Transcript, pp. 3-12.
18	After the foregoing plea canvass of Mr. Pinkney, the Court then went on to canvass Mr.
19	Powell, as thoroughly as it had Mr. Pinkney:
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21	THE COURT: Mr. Powell, how old are you?
22	DEFENDANT POWELL: I'm 23 years old. I'll be 24 on Thursday.
23	THE COURT: How far did you go in school?
24	DEFENDANT POWELL: I graduated high school.
25	THE COURT: And do you have any learning disability?
26	DEFENDANT POWELL: No, Your Honor.
27	THE COURT: Do you read, write, and understand the English language?
28	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
	THE COURT: And is English your primary language?

1	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor?
2	THE COURT: Have you been treated recently for any mental illness or addiction of any kind?
3	DEFENDANT POWELL: No, Your Honor.
4 5	THE COURT: Has anyone ever suggested you should be treated for mental health?
6	DEFENDANT POWELL: No, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Are you currently under the influence of any drug, medication, or alcohol?
8	DEFENDANT POWELL: No, Your Honor.
9	THE COURT: Have you been on any medication during your stay in jail?
10	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
11	THE COURT: What medication?
12	DEFENDANT POWELL: Remeron.
13	THE COURT: What is – what type of medication is that?
14	DEFENDANT POWELL: It treats depression.
15	THE COURT: How do you feel today?
16	DEFENDANT POWELL: I feel excellent, Your Honor.
17	THE COURT: Do you understand what's happening?
18	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: Does the medication affect your ability to understand what's
20	going on today?
21	DEFENDANT POWELL: No, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Are you under any other effects of the medication?
23	DEFENDANT POWELL: No, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Have you received a copy of the guilty plea agreement?
25	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
26	THE COURT: Did you read the guilty plea agreement?
27	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
28	THE COURT: Did you understand everything in the guilty plea agreement?
	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.

1	THE COURT: Have you discussed this case with your attorney?
2	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: Are you satisfied with the representation and advice given to you by your attorney?
4	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
5 6	THE COURT: As to the charges in the guilty plea agreement, how do you plead?
7	DEFENDANT POWELL: I plead guilty, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: [Are you] making this plea freely and voluntarily?
9	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: Has anyone forced or threatened you or anyone close to you to get you to enter this plea?
11	DEFENDANT POWELL: No, Your Honor.
12 13	THE COURT: Has anyone made any promises other than what's in the guilty plea agreement to get you to enter this plea?
14	DEFENDANT POWELL: No, Your Honor.
15 16	THE COURT: I have before me the guilty plea agreement, and I'm going to hold this up, on page 7, is this your signature?
17	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Did you understand everything contained in the guilty plea agreement?
19	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: And do you understand that as part of the guilty plea
21	agreement, although you are not pleading guilty to these alleged offenses, the State will be allowed to argue them at the time of sentencing?
22	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
23	[Court lists ten additional robberies by date, location, and event number.]
2425	THE COURT: So I don't know if I asked you, before you signed this plea agreement, did you read it and discuss it with your attorney?
26	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
27	THE COURT: Did you understand everything contained in this
28	agreement?
20	DEFENDANT DOWELL Vos Vous Honor

1	THE COURT: You understand that there are certain constitutional rights that you're giving up by entering the guilty plea agreement?
2	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
3 4	THE COURT: You understand that you have a right to appeal on reasonable constitutional, jurisdictional or other grounds that challenge the legality of the proceedings?
5	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: And again, do you understand the range of punishment?
7	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
8 9	THE COURT: Well, we're going to go through and put these on the record, so it's clear.
10 11	[Parties recite penalty range for each and every count to which Defendant pled.]
12	THE COURT: Do you understand the range for each of those counts?
13	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: Do you understand sentencing is entirely up to me?
15	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
16 17	THE COURT: And do you understand that, again, it's up to me as to whether any or whether all of those counts run consecutively or concurrently?
18	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: And no one is in a position to promise you leniency or special treatment of any kind?
20	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: [] What is it that you did on the 28 th of September to cause you
22	to plead guilty?
23	DEFENDANT POWELL: I went into two establishments, Your Honor, and I
24	committed the armed robbery.
25	THE COURT: You went into those establishments and committed armed
26	robberies?
27	DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.
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THE COURT: And do you have any questions you'd like to ask me or your attorney before I accept this plea?

DEFENDANT POWELL: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Anything I left out?

MR. GIORDANI: No.

THE COURT: Okay. And also for the record, you had approximately two hours to discuss all of this – maybe longer than that now – with your attorney before accepting this?

DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And without telling me what they were, your attorney answered all your questions regarding the guilty plea agreement?

DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. The Court finds the Defendant's plea of guilty is freely and voluntarily made and the Defendant understands the nature and consequences of his plea and, therefore, accepts the plea of guilty.

Reporter's Transcript, pp. 15-20.

As this Court can see, there is absolutely no basis to allow either Defendant to withdraw this guilty pleas. The Court conducted an extremely thorough plea canvass of both Defendants, and they both responded appropriately and intelligently throughout. Mr. Pinkney was repeatedly asked, out of an adundance of caution, whether he understood the deal, whether he had enough time to talk to his lawyer, and whether he had any questions. Never once did he respond inappropriately to a question, or raise any concerns. Likewise, Mr. Powell responded appropriately to all questions, indicated he had ample time to talk to his lawyer, and went so far as to say he felt "excellent" during his plea canvass. That's because he knew he was getting a beneficial deal when he avoided ten additional robbery cases for pleading guilty to the charges he would have been convicted of by a jury anyway.

At the time these deals were entered into, a jury was in the hallway, and the State was entirely prepared to go complete the trial. In fact, the trial had already begun, as the pleas were entered on the second day of jury selection. These Defendants begged for negotiations, and, notwithstanding the fact that the State was confident in the outcome if the case proceeded to

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trial, the State entered into the deals. The Defendants received a large benefit that incentivized them to take the deals. Specifically, they avoided being charged with dozens of additional counts – many of which included potential Life sentences. Those charges were discussed in detail, and neither Defendant ever once raised a concern or objection to those charges being referenced. The reason for that is simple. **The Defendants themselves knew they committed the crimes, understood their exposure, and chose to avoid it.** Now, after the jury was discharged, the State released all its witnesses from subpoena, halted any investigation into the additional offenses, and sent the files to P&P for PSI's to be completed, the Defendants claim that their pleas were not knowingly and voluntarily entered. The record completely contradicts their claims, and the Motion should be denied.

Defendant has not set forth any valid basis whatsoever to withdraw his plea. Defendant's Motion rests upon three general claims: 1) the evidence in the ten additional cases was not tested in court, 2) the Defendant did not have an opportunity to review discovery on the ten related cases, and 3) trial counsel was ineffective in advising Defendant to take the plea. See Defendant's Motion to Withdraw Guilty Plea, pp. 2-3. Clearly, these claims do not provide a **substantial reason that is both fair and just** warranting withdrawl of a guilty plea – for several reasons. First, the State notes that the ineffective assistance of counsel claim will be addressed in section B, infra. As to the first two claims – that the ten related robberies had not been litigated and that they did not review discovery – those claims are nonsensical. Everyone in the room knew that those charges had not been filed, but that they could have been filed after the jury's verdict on the instant charges. That was the entire nature of the agreement. Trial counsel could not have known whether the Defendants committed those ten additional events – only the Defendants themselves knew whether they did. And obviously, since they took the instant plea deal – they did commit those offenses and sought to limit their liability. The alternative for them would have been to complete the trial, run the risk of getting convicted of all counts in the instant case anyway, and then have more exposure on the back end when the State proceeded on the ten additional events. Clearly, they wanted to limit their exposure, as they knew they were going to be convicted on the instant charges, and chose to

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avoid the chance of being convicted on dozens of additional charges. Again, the trial was already underway. Had the Defendants believed that they were innocent of the ten additional events – they could have finished the trial on the instant charges, and took their chances on the additional charges. They chose not to do so. And, based upon the plea canvass and the GPA itself, they chose to do so strategically. They cannot now withdraw their pleas on a whim. Nor can they withdraw their pleas based on a second opinion from a different attorney, or even cold feet. The legal standard for withdrawal of a guilty plea is a "substantial reason that is both fair and just" – not "cold feet" or "a second opinion."

While the State need not set forth actual prejudice, Hubbard, 110 Nev. at 675-76, 877 P.2d at 521, the State would take this opportunity to address the broader implications of allowing a defendant such as this to withdraw his plea based on nothing more than a whim. As this Court can see, there are no issues with the Guilty Plea Agreement, no issues with the plea canvass, and absolutely no reason to believe that anything else was going on behind the scenes that may render this guilty plea questionable. As such, allowing this Defendant to withdraw his plea would render plea agreements and plea canvasses meaningless. If those things are done perfectly, and there is nothing outside those records that creates a question as to the voluntary and knowing nature of the guilty plea, why would any party – State or Defense - ever enter into a guilty plea, knowing it can be withdrawn for no good reason? When the guilty pleas were entered in this case, the Court discharged the jury, the State released dozens of witnesses from subpoena, did not file additional charges related to the ten robbery events (per the agreement), and sent its file to Parole & Probation for a PSI. In a perfect world with unlimited prosecutorial resources, the State would continue to investigate and build the strength of their case up until the moment the defendant is sentenced, but as this Court is aware, that is simply not possible in the real world. Allowing Defendant's to withdraw their pleas on a whim would change the entire fabric of the justice system. That is why the law requires a substantial reason that is both fair and just before a Defendant is allowed to

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withdraw his plea. No such reason was given here.

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cases, that claim fails as well. Most importantly, there is no right to pre-indictment discovery, so there was no "discovery" to begin with. In addition, as outlined thoroughly above, the Defendants themselves knew whether they committed the ten additional events, and the strength of the evidence in those cases is irrelevant. They chose to take the deal that ensured them the least exposure, and they did so. While the new attorney may personally believe that the evidence in the additional cases was not as strong as the evidence in the instant case, that is not a basis to allow them to withdraw their guilty pleas. They pled guilty to the charges in the instant case, not the ten additional cases. Again, this is not a substantial reason that is both fair and just. Allowing the Defendants to withdraw their pleas would be unfair and unjust.

As to Defendant's claim that they had not received discovery on the ten additional

B. DEFENDANT'S TRIAL COUNSEL WAS EFFECTIVE, AND GAVE HIM SOUND ADVICE PRIOR TO HIS ENTRY OF PLEA

To the extent that a motion to withdraw plea is premised upon an allegation of ineffective assistance of counsel, to succeed a Defendant must establish that: (1) counsel's performance was deficient because it fell below an objective standard of reasonableness measured by prevailing professional norms; and, (2) counsel's deficient performance prejudiced the defendant. Strickland v. Washington, 466 U.S. 668, 687-88 (1984); Riley v. State, 110 Nev. 638, 646, 878 P.2d 272, 277-78 (1995). The Court may consider both prongs in any order and need not consider them both when a defendant's showing on either prong is insufficient. Kirksey v. State, 112 Nev. 980, 987, 923 P.2d 1102, 1107 (1996). A defendant demonstrates that Counsel's performance was deficient when he can establish that counsel made errors so grave that counsel was not functioning as the counsel guaranteed by the Sixth Amendment. Strickland v. Washington, supra, 466 U.S. at 687. To satisfy the prejudice prong of the Strickland standard, Defendant must establish a reasonable probability that but for counsel's errors, the defendant would not have pleaded guilty and would have insisted on going to trial. Reeves v. State, 113 Nev. 959, 960, 944 P.2d 795, 796 (1997). A reasonable probability means a probability sufficient to undermine confidence in the outcome of the proceeding. Kirksey v. State, supra, 112 Nev. at 988.

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"A fair assessment of attorney performance requires that every effort be made to eliminate the distorting effects of hindsight, to reconstruct the circumstances of counsel's challenged conduct, and to evaluate the conduct from counsel's perspective at the time." Kirksey v. State, supra, 112 Nev. at 987-988 (citing Strickland v. Washington, supra, 466 U.S. at 689). Moreover, "[t]he role of a court presented with allegations of ineffective counsel 'is not to pass upon the merits of the action not taken but to determine whether, under the particular facts and circumstances of the case, trial counsel failed to render reasonably effective assistance..." Donovan v. State, 94 Nev. 671, 675, 584 P.2d 708, 711 (1978)(citing Cooper v. Fitzharris, 551 F.2d 1162, 1166 (9th Cir. 1977)). Trial counsel is not obligated not make every conceivable motion regardless of the possibility of success in order to protect himself from claims of ineffectiveness. <u>Id</u>. Thus, the Court starts with a presumption that counsel offered effective assistance of counsel and then evaluates whether Defendant demonstrated that counsel was ineffective. See, Means v. State, 120 Nev. 1001, 1012, 103 P.3d 25, 33 (2004). Counsel's strategy decisions are "tactical" decisions and will be "virtually unchallengeable absent extraordinary circumstances." Doleman v. State, supra, 112 Nev. at 846; see also, Howard v. State, 106 Nev. 713, 722, 800 P.2d 175, 180 (1990); State v. Meeker, 693 P.2d 911, 917 (Ariz. 1984). "[W]hile the client may make decisions regarding the ultimate objectives of representation, the trial lawyer alone is entrusted with decisions regarding legal tactics... He, not the client, has the immediate-and ultimate-responsibility of deciding if and when to object, which witnesses, if any, to call, and what defenses to develop." Rhyne v. State, 118 Nev. 1, 8, 38 P.3d 163, 167 (2002).

In the instant case, trial counsel's performance was not deficient, nor did it prejudice Defendant in any way. While the new attorney on the case, may have done things differently, or sought a different outcome, the reality of the situation was simple – trial counsel knew his client was going to be convicted if the trial was completed, knew there were ten additional events that could be filed thereafter, and he sought a negotiation at Defendant's request. The State was inclined to finish the trial, but relented and agreed to the negotiation. Trial counsel's performance was entirely reasonable. Indeed, "[a] fair assessment of attorney performance

1	requires that every effort be made to eliminate the distorting effects of hindsight, to reconstruc
2	the circumstances of counsel's challenged conduct, and to evaluate the conduct from counsel's
3	perspective at the time." Kirksey v. State, supra, 112 Nev. at 987-988 (citing Strickland v
4	Washington, supra, 466 U.S. at 689). In fact, the alternative would have been to proceed to
5	verdict on the instant charges, and take their chances with the dozens of additional charges
6	Out of those two options, any reasonable attorney would have advised their client to limit their
7	exposure, as trial counsel did here. As to the prejudice prong of the Strickland analysis, the
8	same reasoning applies. Defendant did not suffer any prejudice based upon his counsel's
9	performance, he simply had two options, and took the better of the two.
10	
11	CONCLUSION
12	In light of the foregoing, the State respectfully requests that this Honorable Cour
13	DENY Defendant's Motion to Withdraw Guilty Plea.
14	DATED this <u>5th</u> day of February, 2019.
15	Respectfully submitted,
16	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney
17	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565
18	RY /s// IOHN GIORDANI
19	BY /s// JOHN GIORDANI JOHN GIORDANI Chief Deputy District Attorney
20	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #012381
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CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing was made this 5th day of February, 2019, by electronic transmission to: MONIQUE MCNEILL Monique.mcneill@yahoo.com BY/s// E. DEL PADRE E. DEL PADRE Secretary for the District Attorney's Office

JG/ed/GCU

Electronically Filed 7/2/2019 2:55 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

RTRAN 1 2 3 4 **DISTRICT COURT** 5 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 6 7 8 STATE OF NEVADA, CASE#: C-17-327767-1 9 Plaintiff, DEPT. XXVIII 10 VS. 11 ADRIAN POWELL, 12 Defendant. 13 14 BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL VILLANI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE MONDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 2019 15 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING 16 WITHDRAWAL OF PLEA 17 18 19 APPEARANCES: 20 For the State: LEAH BRADLEY, ESQ. 21 22 For the Defendant: NO APPEARANCE 23 24

RECORDED BY: CYNTHIA GEORGILAS, COURT RECORDER TRANSCRIBED BY: JUDY CHAPPELL, COURT RECORDER

25

APP000357

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Monday, February 25, 2019
2	
3	[Case called at 10:04 a.m.]
4	
5	THE COURT: Mr. Gaffney here? Ms. McNeill here?
6	MS. BRADLEY: Judge, on those, I don't know if they're going
7	to be appearing because I received a notification from our specialty team
8	deputy on those two cases that all three of them were requesting that the
9	case be continued so Judge Israel could hear the - the specific motion
10	because I believe he has some familiarity with –
11	THE COURT: All right.
12	MS. BRADLEY: this case. So I don't know if they felt they
13	didn't have to appear because of that.
14	THE COURT: I wish they would have told me because I
15	reviewed these over the weekend.
16	MS. BRADLEY: Oh, I'm sorry, Judge.
17	THE COURT: All right. Page 8 and 9, 8 is Pikney and 9 is
18	Powell, will be continued for two weeks.
19	THE LAW CLERK: No, to the 27 th .
20	THE COURT: To the 27 th ?
21	THE LAW CLERK: Uh-huh.
22	THE CLERK: So March – March, right?
23	THE COURT: March?
24	THE LAW CLERK: This week, like the 27 th .
25	THE CLERK: Tomorrow?

1	THE LAW CLERK: Wednesday.
2	THE CLERK: Okay.
3	February 27 th at 9 a.m.
4	
5	[Hearing concluded at 10:05 a.m.]
6	* * * * *
7	
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20	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
21	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
22	Judy Chappell Judy Chappell
23	Judy Chappell Court Recorder/Transcriber
24	Court Recorder/ Hariscriber
25	

C-17-327767-2

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES February 25, 2019

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

vs

Adrian Powell

February 25, 2019 09:00 AM Hearing Re: Withdrawal of Plea

HEARD BY: Villani, Michael COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 11A

COURT CLERK: Black, Olivia

RECORDER: Georgilas, Cynthia

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Adrian Powell Defendant

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Haley Jaramelo appearing on behalf of the State in accordance with Nevada Supreme Court Rule 49.5 under the supervision of Chief Deputy District Attorney, Leah Beverly.

Ms. McNeill not present. At the request of the State, COURT ORDERED, matter CONTINUED.

CUSTODY

CONTINUED TO: 02/27/19 9:00 AM (DEPT 28)

Printed Date: 2/26/2019 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: February 25, 2019

Prepared by: Olivia Black
APP000360

Electronically Filed 8/8/2019 4:03 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

RTRAN

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STATE OF NEVADA,

VS.

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CASE#: C-17-327767-1&2

DEPT. XXVIII

Plaintiff,

Defendant.

BEFORE THE HONORABLE RONALD J. ISRAEL, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 2019

> RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING **HEARING RE: WITHDRAWAL OF PLEA**

APPEARANCES:

LARENZO PINKEY, ADRIAN POWELL.

For the State: JOHN L. GIORDANI III, ESQ.

Chief Deputy District Attorney

For the Defendant,

Larenzo Pinkey: LUCAS J. GAFFNEY, ESQ.

Adrian Powell: MONIQUE A. MCNEILL, ESQ.

RECORDED BY: JUDY CHAPPELL, COURT RECORDER

APP000361

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Wednesday, February 27, 2019
2	
3	[Case called at 10:48 a.m.]
4	
5	THE COURT: Okay, 327767-1 & 2, Mr. Pinkey and
6	Mr. Powell.
7	Counsel, state –
8	MS. MCNEILL: Good morning, Your Honor.
9	THE COURT: your appearance.
10	MS. MCNEILL: Monique McNeill, Bar Number 9862, on
11	behalf of Mr. Powell.
12	MR. GAFFNEY: Lucas Gaffney, appearing on behalf of
13	Mr. Pikney, who's present and in custody.
14	MR. GIORDANI: John Giordani on behalf of the State. Good
15	morning.
16	THE COURT: Good morning. Okay, let's start with – this is
17	Mr. Powell's motion to withdraw his guilty plea.
18	MS. MCNEILL: Yes, Your Honor. I would ask –
19	THE COURT: I've read this, but –
20	MS. MCNEILL: Okay.
21	THE COURT: if you have anything to add.
22	MS. MCNEILL: I would – I think it's important and I think that
23	Mr. Gaffney probably concurs because these deals were contingent, the
24	outcomes do affect each other, that it's probably the most prudent to
25	have an evidentiary hearing with prior Counsel testifies to what he actual

told Mr. Powell with regards to the substance of the negotiations. One of the most concerning pieces of information is the fact that the State was indicating that they would not file charges in those other cases as a point of leverage in the offer that he pled to.

I know the State seems to indicate that Mr. Powell knows whether or not he committed those crimes but that's not how it works when you advise a client as to whether or not they should take a deal. What you have to do is tell the client what the evidence is against you and that controls whether or not it makes –

THE COURT: Well that's regarding the charges. He wasn't charged. And we – that's –

MS. MCNEILL: But it -

THE COURT: -- in their opposition and you didn't file a reply –

MS. MCNEILL: Well, Your Honor, --

THE COURT: -- that I saw, but.

MS. MCNEILL: -- if – if – if they're saying we won't file the charges on that if you plead to this, the attorney needs to know whether or not they'd actually be able to file those charges. You have to review the discovery. If you don't review the discovery, you don't know if they're actually giving you anything. I reviewed that discovery and I can tell you I don't believe they'll ever be able to file those charges. And the lawyer who told him you should take this deal because they're not going to file charges in these other cases, did not review that discovery.

THE COURT: Anything else?

MS. MCNEILL: No, Your Honor, but I think it's important that

the prior Counsel come in and testify about what he specifically told Mr. Powell with regards to those other cases with regard to the deal that he was offered.

THE COURT: State.

MR. GIORDANI: Could I just respond after Mr. Gaffney's gone so just respond one time? Or.

MR. GAFFNEY: Sure.

THE COURT: Well, I'm doing these separately.

MR. GIORDANI: Okay. As to Mr. Powell, Your Honor, number one I think the motion is both belied by the record and unsupported by what Your Honor likely recalls.

So to set the scene for this thing and with respect – respectfully to Ms. McNeill and to Mr. Gaffney, they weren't in the room when all this happened. This was Day 2 of jury selection in a trial in which 30 witnesses were prepared to testify. Every indication was that we were going to verdict and then the defense approached the State on Day 2 of jury selection and asked us for a deal. Being confident in the case, being that we already started and invested a lot of time and effort into preparing for the trial, which again was multiple victims, we weren't inclined to deal it. But they're clients indicated to them or the attorneys indicated to us that they would entertain any offer we would give and bring it back to their clients to see if they wanted it.

We took hours, with the jury in the hallway, hours to come to this agreement. Those ten additional events were a potential. Everyone in the room knew that. We discussed that in front of Your Honor. We

weren't saying that we were for sure going to file them. They didn't believe we were for sure going to file them. The real benefit of the deal was taking the life tail off the table and the opportunity to plead straight up, because they were going to be convicted anyway, and come in at sentencing and say, Judge, we accepted responsibility for this. We didn't put the Court through a week long or two-week long trial. We didn't put a jury through a two-week long trial. That was the big benefit to them.

While I understand that the ten additional counts appear to be serious because they are obviously very serious offenses, the end the day, what this was, was two options. Finish the trial out, get convicted, face the potential of a life tail and then the opportunity – or the potential that these additional charges would be filed. Again, there was no guarantee and none was ever represented that those additional charges would be filed.

I would also note, during the plea canvas, if we're just arguing Mr. Powell right now, he told this Court he felt excellent. He went out of his way to do that. And that's because he knew he was getting out from under the life tail. He was very familiar with the evidence. They had prepared for trial just like we had so they knew the writing was on the wall. Everything in that plea canvas, and I would submit to Your Honor without trying to flatter you in any way, it was extra thorough because of stakes. Because we were halfway through trial and we informed the Court, we don't want this coming back. They want to do, let's do an extra thorough plea canvas. And you do.

So now that we're here after we've released all these

1	witnesses, stopped any investigation on the additional charges and they
2	want to withdraw their plea, I think frankly it's buyer's remorse. They got
3	their PSI, they realize that they're – P&P is recommending a substantial
4	amount of prison time and they're trying to get out of it. But that's not a
5	substantial reason that is both fair and just. That's what's required by the
6	law and none was given here.
7	THE COURT: Reply.
8	MS. MCNEILL: And, Your Honor, it's one thing for the State
9	to say, well, they were told X, Y, and Z. He doesn't know what the lawyer
10	told him. Additionally, they agreed –
11	THE COURT: Well, regarding the ten potential, that I believe
12	is on the record
13	MR. GIORDANI: Oh, it was.
14	MS. MCNEILL: Well
15	THE COURT: that – that wasn't –
16	MS. MCNEILL: we don't know if his lawyer said, you should
17	take this because otherwise you're going to get these ten additional
18	cases coming at you. We also don't know what he's -
19	THE COURT: Isn't that the case in every case? We don't
20	know. We don't ever know.
21	MS. MCNEILL: But we need to know when a defendant says
22	this is what happened to me.
23	THE COURT: So you're arguing that in every single case, we
24	need to have – and I'm talking every single case, we need to have a

hearing to find out what was discussed in confidence, otherwise it's not

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knowing and voluntary?

MS. MCNEILL: No, Your Honor -

THE COURT: But that's not --

MS. MCNEILL: -- what I'm -

THE COURT: -- what the case --

MS. MCNEILL: -- what I'm -

THE COURT: -- says.

MS. MCNEILL: -- what I'm saying is it's ineffective for a lawyer to tell a client they should take a deal when they don't know the substance of the deal they're telling our client to take. If I tell a client, you should take this deal because of these other cases, and I don't know what those cases are, that's ineffective. It would be ineffective of me to tell a client to take a deal when I don't know the substance of the discovery of the case. And for Mr. Giordani to say that my client was aware, he never had all of his discovery in this case. His lawyer never provided it to him.

So you can't say he knew what the substance of the negotiations were, if one of the parts of the negotiations was these additional cases going away and no one even knew what those cases contained except for the State. Additionally, they didn't actually take life off the table. Your Honor can still sentence them to life. And going to trial, they could have won those kidnapping counts. The Supreme Court could have reversed those kidnapping counts.

I generally myself don't find the kidnapping charges to be that much leverage because the Supreme Court kicks those back frequently.

So to say we took like off the table and so that we need to know did he tell him, hey, I might be able to beat these kidnapping counts. Did he tell him, hey, the Supreme Court might reverse these.

So we don't have to do this in every case, but in a motion to withdraw a guilty plea where what the attorney told the client, because when he enters his plea, it's yes, I – he told me this, yes, I agree to that, is based on what the lawyer told him. And we don't know what he told him. But we do know that now he stands here and saying, hey, this may be wasn't – I wasn't advised well. And I don't believe he was based on my review of the case. It's ineffective to tell –

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

MS. MCNEILL: -- a client to take a deal.

THE COURT: Anything else? All right. Anything else?

MS. MCNEILL: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay, well, first, for ineffective we need to look at *Strickland*, and the burden is on the defendant must substantiate the claim that there was ineffective assistance. And it's not – is, you seem to be arguing, well, it's not the best thing, it's not what I would have done, et cetera. It's basically, for lack of better, what a reasonable defense attorney would do. And I see no grounds, if you will, under *Strickland* to substantiate the ineffective assistance. The fact that, certainly, even in court we discuss those cases weren't filed. It was only that they wouldn't be.

So I don't see, other than mere speculation, that somehow that would affect the decision and the voluntariness, and that's what

we're here about, whether the voluntary and knowingly entered into the plea. And I, well, I didn't recall, but I did review the actual canvas where your client said that, I believe, I don't want to go – take the time to go to the page, but he says something about I'm excellent. And we – I inquired extensively, the best I could that he was knowingly and voluntarily making this plea and that he was aware of all the consequences, not the least which he signed the guilty plea agreement that sets forth everything.

And although, yes, I certainly have allowed for a hearing, I don't think either the Supreme Court or the State Supreme Court requires that in every case we do this when a defendant decides that, oh, they're no longer satisfied with their plea. And I think that the overall, and I forget how the State Supreme Court worded this, the overall circumstances show that the plea was entered knowingly and voluntarily.

And therefore I'm denying the motion for Mr. Powell to withdraw his guilty plea. State will have to prepare an order.

THE COURT: Mr. Pinkey. Am I saying that correct? Yes, Mr. Pinkey.

Go ahead.

MR. GAFFNEY: Thank you, Judge. And Your Honor, I understand the –

THE COURT: And I know this one's --

MR. GAFFNEY: -- Court's ruling. I'm not --

THE COURT: -- different based on different --

MR. GAFFNEY: -- quarreling with the Court's findings.

However, I would join in Ms. McNeill's request for an evidentiary hearing. You know, what's – essentially what we're –

THE COURT: Your client, there's different facts.

MR. GAFFNEY: Right. Well, and what I'm referring to is with the uncharged robberies. I think that is important that we know what trial Counsel told Mr. Pikney in regard to the evidence of the uncharged act that induced him to enter into the plea. We don't know what that conversation – what happened during that conversation and therefore what weight Mr. Pikney would have given that benefit in his plea agreement.

And I'll just – I'll submit it for – on that issue because I understand the Court's ruling on that.

THE COURT: Oh.

MR. GAFFNEY: And Mr. Pikney he is in a different situation than Mr. Powell in that he has these mental health issues. He's a young man, he's 22 years old. He has a ninth grade education. He's never got his GED. He has a significant learning disability. Suffers from PTSD, ADHD, and all of these mental health ailments that he suffers from culminated in him not being able to understand certain aspects of his plea agreement which I laid out in the motion.

When I first spoke to him, he told me that he didn't understand any of it. And then when I started kind of drilling down to figure out what exactly precisely did he not understand, he didn't understand the sentencing structure. He believed that he was going to get – he understands that the Court now is the ultimate arbiter of what sentence

he's going to get. Back then he thought that he was going to get a 6 to 15 based on his Counsel's advice and that by entering into the negotiation, he was taking what he thought was a guaranteed life sentence off the table. And, to me, that makes zero sense that he would choose not to go to trial, be convicted of 15 counts, but instead plead guilty to 14 counts and expect his situation to change.

The one thing that Mr. Pikney was not told was that the Court has a discretion to impose the sentence. You're the final arbiter of what his sentence is going to be. So if he goes through –

THE COURT: Even though that's part of the canvas.

MR. GAFFNEY: Well, true. But at the time –

THE COURT: So you're arguing which I understand that he doesn't understand that.

MR. GAFFNEY: Correct.

THE COURT: And that's substantially different than the co-defendant. He has allegedly a learning disability.

MR. GAFFNEY: Well, and I, Your Honor, submitted as exhibits to my motion –

THE COURT: Yeah, read all of that.

MR. GAFFNEY: -- paperwork from the Social Security

Administration to show that he's been suffering from these ailments since
2004. One thing I didn't include is that when you're getting disabilities
from the Social Security Administration, you have to go in every year and
be reevaluated by a psychologist or a psychiatrist in order to continue
receiving those benefits. So it wasn't a situation where he's diagnosed

back in 2004 and he just continues to receive benefits to the present day. He was diagnosed and reaffirmed to have those issues every year by a different, well, I believe a different psychologist or psychiatrist.

And, Your Honor, I -

THE COURT: All right. You didn't attach those.

MR. GAFFNEY: I have plenty of paperwork I can, –

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GAFFNEY: -- I can submit to the Court, if you'd like.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. GAFFNEY: And so, you know, essentially, Your Honor, it's a situation where in this plea agreement there's these complex concepts. He understands simple concepts. The more complex the concept, the more difficult it is for him to comprehend. There were certain things about the plea agreement, like the sentencing structure, how the State could go about recommending their sentence that he simply didn't understand and didn't figure out until after he'd entered his plea. You know, he knows what his plea agreement contemplates now but we really talking about is what he understood on that day that he entered his plea agreement. And he simply didn't understand the direct consequences. And so without knowing the direct consequences, he couldn't have entered a knowing, voluntary, or intelligent plea.

And, Your Honor, I would submit to you that that's a fair and just reason to allow him to withdraw his plea.

THE COURT: Okay. State.

MR. GIORDANI: My argument is similar as it was – or as my

argument for Mr. Powell, but there's a couple of things to add here. Number one, what Mr. Gaffney attached to his motion were assessments of the defendant from 2012, and I believe, 2016. This all occurred last year. So while those assessments have the big buzz words, the big scary words that he's got borderline intelligence and all these things, the reality of the situation is those don't reflect his mind state at the time of the plea.

Now when this plea canvas went down, it was different from Mr. Powell's. During the course of this plea canvas, you asked him multiple times whether he understood what was contained in the guilty plea agreement. He said, yes, I did, sir. Yes, sir. Multiple times.

Then we go back and I jump in and say, as long as both Mr. Pikney and Mr. Powell understand the range for each count and they also understand sentencing is completely up to the Court, and if the Court can either run the counts concurrent or run the counts consecutive.

Your Honor says, okay, so you understand the individual range of punishment. Yes – or yes, sir.

And then you say, I can, it's at my discretion and do you understand that the counts can be run consecutively or concurrently.

Once again, that's up to me. Yes, sir.

Then we go on further in the plea canvas and the Court says to the State, anything else – or I jump in and I ask, Your Honor, before you move on, can I ask one more thing. And you allow me to and I say just with regard to your first few questions of Mr. Pikney where he indicated he had an IEP or Individualized Education Plan, a learning

program, can we just be clear on the record that Mr. Pikney had sufficient time with his attorney. It's been a couple of hours – and again that was with a jury in the hallway – since we broke and started really getting into the negotiations. And that he understands that.

And Mr. Durham jumps in, he mentions he signed the Certificate of Counsel, that his belief at the time was that Mr. Pikney was fully competent and understood.

And you then ask him again, you say, that's fine, I certainly think I've asked him three times at least now if you have requests – or questions regarding this, and you ask him again and he says yes.

Okay, that's what happens during the plea canvas. I think you can tell by my conduct that this was a big deal at the time. We wanted to make very clear that we don't release all these witnesses and have to do this all over again sometime down the road. That was done in the record.

Then after Mr. Gaffney comes on the case, Mr. Pikney is sent to competency court and those aren't attached to this motion because he was found competent by two separate doctors, after the fact. So we have a window of competence and understanding of the system and how it works at least that we can narrow it down. I mean, we have his words on the day of and I understand we don't look at these in a vacuum, but then we also have two doctors, two court-ordered doctors saying he's competent and understands what's going on, after the fact.

So unless he had just a spike of incompetence on that day, which is highly unlikely based upon what he said in the record, then there was no issue here. And this is the same argument as it was to

Mr. Powell.

MR. GAFFNEY: Well, Judge, first of all, the standard for competency is a much lower bar than, I mean, that's the *Dusky* standard. And just because he doesn't meet the *Dusky* standard doesn't mean that he understood and voluntarily entered a plea. You can see by the records I've attached that he's been suffering from these ailments for quite a while. These are ailments that cause cognitive disabilities, that is, that he has difficulty processing information. I'm not a trained professional, mental health professional. Mr. Durham's not a trained mental health professional. I can't look at Mr. Pikney and say, yeah, this guy's competent. Even after I interact with him for, you know, 30 minutes to an hour, I can't say whether or not he's competent. That's something that we have to rely on the mental health professionals for. So I didn't attach the competency —

THE COURT: So, what – what is it you're asking for?

MR. GAFFNEY: Well –

THE COURT: If you're asking for a hearing and you want to call the prior attorney, but you're saying what difference does it make, he's not a competent –

MR. GAFFNEY: Oh, no, that's not what I'm saying. What I'm – what I'm submitting to the Court is that Mr. Pikney has told me that his mental health issues were affecting his ability to understand what was going on. That's what I'm relying on, in addition to all of this mental health history to show that he actually has these diagnosed ailments. And so in an evidentiary hearing, what I would ask Counsel is, were you

1	aware of these issues? What did you do to make sure that he
2	understood what he was pleading to and that this was a knowing,
3	intelligent, and voluntary plea? You know, the discussions he had with
4	him about the sentencing structure and the discussions he had with him
5	in terms of whether he believed – what did he say to Mr. Pikney to make
6	Mr. Pikney believe that he was guaranteed to get a life sentence going
7	forward with trial as opposed to pleading to 14 out of these 15 counts.
8	Where essentially he's still in the position because you're the one who
9	decides whether or not he gets a life sentence.
10	The records I attached from 2012 and 2016, I attached them
11	because they were the most recent and a lot of what I have are sort of
12	these summaries. Judge, if you'd like to see the rest of the paperwork,
13	I'd be happy to submit it to you.
14	THE COURT: Well, is the evaluation that – was it done at
15	Lakes, his competency.
16	MR. GAFFNEY: I think –
17	MR. GIORDANI: I have the
18	THE COURT: There's –
19	MR. GAFFNEY: it was done at CCDC by two psychologists
20	or psychiatrists. I have the –
21	THE COURT: Quite frankly, the – well, I don't even think, my
22	recollection is it wasn't –
23	MR. GAFFNEY: It's completely two different standards as to

what they're trying to determine and what we're trying to determine.

They're just trying to determine whether or not he can assist Counsel in

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25

1	his defense, whether he understands –
2	THE COURT: No, I get that.
3	MR. GAFFNEY: what's going on in terms of the
4	THE COURT: I wasn't
5	MR. GAFFNEY: proceedings.
6	THE COURT: I was -
7	MR. GAFFNEY: Oh.
8	THE COURT: The person, let's see now, oh, the evaluation
9	you gave me was from a clinical psychologist. I wasn't sure –
10	MR. GAFFNEY: Oh,
11	THE COURT: that was the case.
12	MR. GAFFNEY: those are all from California, I believe.
13	MR. GIORDANI: Yes, I have the
14	THE COURT: Yeah.
15	MR. GIORDANI: actual comp evals here.
16	THE COURT: Yeah. I'll review those. Okay, anything else?
17	You can approach.
18	MR. GAFFNEY: No, Your Honor, I think – I'd submit it on that.
19	THE COURT: All right. I'm going to allow the hearing on
20	Mr. Pinkey for the limited purpose. This isn't for your first, if you will,
21	argument that regarding the discovery on 10 or whatever number of
22	cases that were never even charged, but on whether or not –
23	Who was the prior attorney? I forgot.
24	MR. GAFFNEY: Benjamin –
25	MR. GIORDANI: Ben –

1	MR. GAFFNEY: Durham.
2	MR. GIORDANI: Durham.
3	THE COURT: Whether he advised him of the – properly
4	advised him regarding the negotiations. So we'll have that in 30 days.
5	MR. GAFFNEY: Thank you, Judge.
6	THE CLERK: Okay. You want – and how long do you think
7	that'll be?
8	THE COURT: It'll take over –
9	MR. GIORDANI: I'd say an
10	THE COURT: an hour.
11	MR. GIORDANI: an hour max.
12	THE CLERK: So we're looking at March –
13	MR. GIORDANI: Nope? Longer?
14	MR. GAFFNEY: Hope not.
15	MR. GIORDANI: Oh, okay.
16	THE CLERK: Let's see. Let's do March – we already have
17	one March 27 th . We're going to have to go a little further. How about
18	April 3 rd at 10:30?
19	MR. GIORDANI: Have the Court's brief indulgence. That
20	works for me.
21	That work for you?
22	MR. GAFFNEY: I'm sorry, what time?
23	MR. GIORDANI: 10:30.
24	MR. GAFFNEY: 8:30?
25	MR. GIORDANI: 10:30.

1	MR. GAFFNEY: 10:30.
2	THE CLERK: No, 10 –
3	THE COURT: No, 10:30 it would be.
4	MR. GAFFNEY: That will work. April 3 rd ?
5	THE CLERK: Yes.
6	MR. GAFFNEY: 10:30?
7	MR. GIORDANI: And I will have Mr. Durham here.
8	Your Honor, based on the contingent nature of the deal, can
9	we set a status check on Mr. Powell that date – or, I guess, the following
10	day so –
11	THE CLERK: Well, it would have to be the following week
12	because we don't have another criminal –
13	THE COURT: Sure, following week.
14	MR. GIORDANI: Okay.
15	THE CLERK: Okay, so Mr. Powell we'll just put them both
16	together then?
17	THE COURT: Status check.
18	THE CLERK: For status checks?
19	MR. GIORDANI: Sure.
20	THE CLERK: That would be April 8 th at 9 a.m.
21	MR. GAFFNEY: And, Judge, just to clarify, the evidentiary
22	hearing is going to be focused on whether Counsel knew about his
23	mental health issues and the conversations they had regarding the –
24	THE COURT: Whether he knowingly and voluntarily accepted
25	it, whether he was apprised of it. And I suppose Mr. – and I wasn't, sorry,

1	whether prior Counsel, at least in his opinion, felt that he understood it.
2	Since you've given your opinion now that you think he now understands
3	it, I'm sure when it goes, you know, you've already said that he's not
4	even qualified to do that, to give an opinion as to his –
5	MR. GAFFNEY: Oh, sure, well he has no formal training in
6	psychology that I'm aware of.
7	THE COURT: So I, again, but all right, that's what it'll be
8	about.
9	MR. GIORDANI: Thank you.
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11	[Hearing concluded at 11:14 a.m.]
12	* * * * *
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20	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
21	
22	Judy Chappell Judy Chappell
23	Judy Chappell Court Recorder/Transcriber
24	
25	

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES February 27, 2019

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

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Adrian Powell

February 27, 2019 09:00 AM Hearing Re: Withdrawal of Plea

HEARD BY: Israel, Ronald J. **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15C

COURT CLERK: Thomas, Kathy RECORDER: Chappell, Judy

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Adrian Powell Defendant

John Giordani Attorney for Defendant, Plaintiff

Monique A. McNeill Attorney for Defendant

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Deft. POWELL present, in custody. Court noted the Court read all the pleadings. Ms. McNeill argued and requested an evidentiary hearing with prior counsel. State argued and briefed the Court of the Deft's canvaass and plea with the transcript. Court finds no grounds under Strikland v. Washington to substantiate in-effective assistance, Deft. knowingly and voluntarily accepted the plea and over the all the circumstances, COURT ORDERED, Motion to withdrawal of Plea, DENIED. Court directed the State to prepare the order. At the request of Counsel, COURT ORDERED, a Status Check be set regarding the outcome of the Co-Deft's Motion to Withdraw Plea.

CUSTODY

04/08/19 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK: OUTCOME OF CO-DEFT'S EVIDENTIARY HEARING

Printed Date: 3/1/2019 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: February 27, 2019

Prepared by: Kathy Thomas

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES April 10, 2019

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

vs

Adrian Powell

April 10, 2019 09:00 AM Status Check Re: Outcome of Co-Deft's Evidentiary Hearing

HEARD BY: Israel, Ronald J. COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 15C

COURT CLERK: Thomas, Kathy RECORDER: Chappell, Judy

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Adrian Powell Defendant

John Giordani Attorney for Defendant, Plaintiff

Monique A. McNeill Attorney for Defendant

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Deft. POWELL present, in custody. Co-Deft. present with counsel. Court noted Deft. Powell's motion to withdraw plea was denied earlier and the hearing for the Co-Deft's motion is set for 04/24/19. COURT ORDERED, Status Check Re: outcome of Co-Deft's Evidentiary Hearing, SET in chambers. State noted he would contact counsel with the sentencing date following the Co-Deft's hearing. Ms. McNeill and Deft. would not need to appear to the Co-Deft's Hearing. Ms. McNeill agreed.

04/24/19 (CHAMBERS) STATUS CHECK RE: OUTCOME OF CO-DEFT'S EVIDENTIARY HEARING

Prepared by: Kathy Thomas APP000382

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES April 24, 2019

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada vs Adrian Powell

April 24, 2019 Chambers Status Check Status Check Re: Outcome of Co-Deft's Evidentiary Hearing

HEARD BY: Israel, Ronald J. COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 15C

COURT CLERK: Kathy Thomas

RECORDER: Judy Chappell

PARTIES

PRESENT: Giordani, John Deputy District Attorney

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Deft. POWELL not present, in custody. Matter scheduled for chambers. Co-Deft's Motion to Withdraw Plea was denied and set for sentencing and therefore; COURT ORDERED, Matter SET for sentencing with the Co-Deft.

CUSTODY

05/22/19 9:00 AM SENTENCING

CLERK'S NOTE: A copy of this minute order was placed in the attorney folder(s) of: Monique McNeill, Esq. kt 04/24/19.

PRINT DATE: 04/24/2019 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: April 24, 2019

Electronically Filed 7/2/2019 2:57 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

RTRAN

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DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Plaintiff,

Defendant.

CASE#: C-17-327767-1 & 2

DEPT. XXVIII

BEFORE THE HONORABLE RONALD J. ISRAEL, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 2019

RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING SENTENCING

APPEARANCES:

LARENZO PINKEY, aka Larenzo Pinkney, and

ADRIAN POWELL,

For the State: JOHN L. GIORDANI, III, ESQ.

Chief Deputy District Attorney

For the Defendant,

Larenzo Pinkey: LUCAS J. GAFFNEY, ESQ. Adrian Powell: MONIQUE A. MCNEILL, ESQ.

RECORDED BY: JUDY CHAPPELL, COURT RECORDER

APP000384

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Wednesday, May 22, 2019
2	[Case called at 9:33 a.m.]
3	THE COURT: C327767, 1 and 2.
4	Counsel, this is the time set for sentencing. Let's start with
5	Pinkey. Are you ready to go?
6	MR. GAFFNEY: Yes, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Or Penkey.
8	MR. GAFFNEY: Pinkney.
9	THE COURT: And let the record reflect both defendants are
10	present, in custody.
11	State.
12	MR. GIORDANI: Yes, Your Honor. May I approach –
13	THE COURT: Go ahead.
14	MR. GIORDANI: before we start.
15	THE COURT: I think – oh, okay, no I don't have that.
16	MR. GIORDANI: Yeah, you wouldn't have that, Your Honor.
17	What that is, is just a chart to kind of follow along with where I'm going
18	with my argument because there are so many counts.
19	MR. GAFFNEY: And I did receive that, Your Honor.
20	MR. GIORDANI: Yes, I –
21	MS. MCNEILL: I did as well, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: So, Your Honor is probably very aware of the
23	facts of the two robberies in the instant case, but I just want to refresh the
24	Court's memory. On the two events in which the defendants ultimately
25	proceeded to trial, but then pled guilty on Day 2 of trial while we had a

jury in the hallway, those were two of a twelve-event series. The investigation originated as a robbery series to several different businesses, ten of which at the time of trial had not been filed upon.

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This case proceeded first because they were caught red-handed fleeing the scene. They left a trail of DNA and fingerprints behind along with cash and the items they stole from the businesses as well as the victims' personal property who were in the businesses working at the time. So those cases came in first. Subsequently the detectives linked them to these ten other incidents. And they did so by means of video surveillance from each and every one of the stores. Similar M.O.s, they called it the Jumping Jack series because the defendants would jump the counters and do takeover-style robberies of these different businesses. They were all close in time over a several-month period and generally within the same jurisdictional bounds. Those – all of those events were extremely violent, but what I want to do is just provide those other ten as background for what I'm going to get into. Because I think the sentence that I'm asking for of 20 to 60 years is appropriate for what they did on the two charges – or the two cases in which they proceeded to trial ultimately.

Ultimately my recommendation is going to be a 10-to-30-year term on each, Count 3 and Count 13, to run consecutively. In that diagram I provided to the Court, the two highlighted charges are what I'm asking to run consecutive. We did agree to not seek a life tail on any accounts pursuant to the negotiation. And I'm not doing that, I'm asking for a 5 to 15 on the underlying first-degree kidnapping with a consecutive

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5 to 15 for the deadly weapon on Count 3. And the same thing on Count 13, running consecutive to Count 3 with the remainder of the 14 or so counts running concurrent.

In preparation for a trial like this, obviously the State speaks to their witnesses and schedules them and gets a summary of what occurred during the course of the robbery. And because we got so far along in this case and we were actually in trial, I was able to do that. And I can represent to the Court that these victims in these two separate businesses were absolutely terrified. The majority of them were female and they were roughed up by one of both of the defendants in each of the events. One of the women was pregnant at the time and she begged and pleaded that they not shoot her. And when she did so – or she told them, I'm pregnant, please don't shoot me, please don't shoot me. And they said, I don't give a fuck, bitch, get behind the register and give me the money. That conduct is extremely egregious and that wasn't the only time where they threatened women who were working at these two stores with deadly force.

Ultimately, after they commit these two robberies close in time where there are, I believe, four victims at the Pepe's Tacos and three victims at the Walgreen's, they flee that scene in a vehicle they had borrowed from Mr. Pinkney's girlfriend at the time. They high centered that vehicle, meaning they crashed that vehicle very nearby as they're fleeing and then they return to the scene to get that vehicle and to recover what's arguably the cash and property from the stores in another vehicle. Well by the time they do that, the officers are there investigating

the robbery and they very quickly spot them and pull them over. Inside the vehicle they're pulled over is a large wad of cash and the defendants and a couple other individuals.

I understand that Mr. Powell has two prior felonies, violence related. Mr. Pinkney does not. But I don't think that they should be treated differently when it comes to sentencing here. Typically I would ask for more time for the convicted felon, but I think that their conduct was so egregious that they should be treated equally when it comes to sentencing. I understand it's not an insignificant amount of time I'm asking for, it's quite a lot of time I'm asking for, but had this case proceeded to trial, I think that's where we would have ended up. And not to mention the ten other robberies with multiple victims per robbery that would have been filed upon had they rejected the deal that we ultimately made.

So I respectfully would ask the Court to sentence them on those charges as I set forth in the sentencing chart that I provided to the Court.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Mr. Pinkey, before your attorney speaks on your behalf, is there anything you want to say?

DEFENDANT PINKNEY: Yes, sir, it is

THE COURT: Go ahead.

DEFENDANT PINKNEY: I want to take this time to tell the Court I am very sorry for my actions and not just to court, to the victims as well. On September 28th, 2017, I made a mistake. Not just any

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mistake, one of the biggest mistakes in my life. I am 22 years old and I will be 23 on the 25th of this month. I have four young children. This is my first time ever getting in trouble like this. I understand that there's consequences for my action. This time I am given today, I will take it to better myself for my family and most importantly my kids. I want to apologize to my mother, Earline Fullilove, for putting her through so much stress growing up. She raised me as a single parent and did her best to provide for me.

I want to say this once again I truly apologize to all the victims on this case and I know it don't matter how many times I say this, it will never be right what I did. I would just ask the judge that can you show me leniency this being my first felony.

Thank you for letting me speak, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. GAFFNEY: Thank you, Judge. Did the Court receive my sentencing memorandum and the letter –

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. GAFFNEY: -- from Mr. Pinkney's mother?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. GAFFNEY: Okay. So Your Honor, in the sentencing memorandum, I had recommended a sentence of 6 to 15 years. That's actually incorrect. It should be 6 to 18 years. It would essentially be a 5-to-15-year sentence on Count 3, the first-degree kidnapping. And a consecutive sentence of 1 to 3. You add those together, you come up with a 6-to-18 year sentence. And then running all the other 13 counts

concurrent to that for the 6 to 18.

And, you know, just like the State is, it feels like they are asking for a lot of time. I know that a 6 to 18 year sentence may seem like I'm asking the Court to go in the opposite direction and do a lot for Mr. Pinkney. And I believe that that's also warranted in this case. One of the things that I've laid out in the sentencing memorandum was the trauma that Mr. Pinkney has been through as a child. And I think that that's relevant here because you can see that the – there's a causal effect to the traumatic events that he experienced and where he's at today. At 7 years old, he's shot in the face with a .22 caliber firearm by a friend. That was the origin of the PTSD that he still suffers from, as he stands before the Court today. At 17 or 18 years old, he witnessed his brother commit suicide. By my calculation, that's one year before a significant amount of his substance abuse occurred. And so they do have connections – what happened to him in his past has connections with him today.

And when you take those and you couple them with the mental health afflictions, which I know the Court's already familiar with through our previous litigation, he has significant diagnoses. He's got schizophrenia, bipolarism, ADHD, significant learning disabilities, schizoaffective disorder. And what all those things do is create a situation where he has very significant impulse control problems. And he also does not appreciate the – how his actions affect other people or the consequences he may face because of them. And then when you also tie that into the substance abuse history that he has where he starts

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ingesting marijuana at age 14 in order to self-medicate these symptoms he has from his mental health issues. In 2013 is when the death of his brother occurred and then according to the PSI, a year later, he begins experiencing with cocaine and Xanax. And again those are self-medicating to try to stave off the symptoms of his mental health issues. And it also explains his affinity for Xanax because that's the kind of drug I think a doctor would prescribe to treat the sort of systems he has. It treats – it's a benzodiazepine. It treats anxiety, depression, things of that nature.

And so, Judge, what I'm trying to convey is that this is a case that was Mr. Pinkney's actions were fueled by his mental health issues and also by his substance abuse issues. And obviously when he was living in California before he came out to Las Vegas and got involved in these offenses, he had started drug abuse – or he started abusing drugs. When he was, I think, 19 years old, you see that he has a misdemeanor battery, DV. But that's different than what happened when he comes out to Las Vegas. Once he isolates himself from his mother and the support system and the family he has out in California and he comes out to Las Vegas, his substance abuse issues kick into overdrive and that's where you start to see the daily consumption of the Xanax, the cocaine, and the alcohol.

And so what I'm suggesting to the Court is that when Mr. Pinkney committed these offenses, he was not in his right state of mind. He was impaired by his mental health issues. He's impaired by these substance abuse issues. And if given the chance, I think that he is

redeemable. If he receives treatment for his substance abuse, if he receives treatment for his mental health issues, he can be a productive citizen. He can be a good parent. He hasn't had an opportunity to – well he hasn't received any treatment for those kinds of ailments and I don't think he's going to receive the kind of treatment he needs for those ailments within the NDOC. I know they have programs that are similar to what our psychologist suggested in the diversionary programs, but they're not – they're not as extensive as what he could receive on the outside. And so that was one of the reasons why I'm suggesting a minimum sentence. So he serves his time. Obviously there has to be consequences for his actions. He can't put all of his actions at the feet of his substance abuse issues and his mental health issues. So he knows he has to serve some time for those.

But what I'm asking the Court to do is to give him a lenient sentence so he can get out, start the next chapter of his life, get the kind of counseling he needs for mental health and substance abuse treatment and then move on. He is a different person than what you see when you read these reports. This is Mr. Pinkney at his rock bottom working with an impaired mentality. This is not him at his best.

And just – as far as the nature of the offense, there's only a couple of things I'd want to point out. And one was that when the – Mr. Pinkney and Mr. Powell fled from the scene and the police were recovering all these items of evidence, one of the things that they recovered was a BB gun. And so what I'm submitting to the Court was that this wasn't an actual firearm used in the robbery. I know that the

victims' fear that they felt would have been very real and would have been very traumatic. However, this is a situation where Mr. Pinkney went into these stores, not intending to shoot anybody, and he couldn't have shot anybody even if he had that intention. And as you heard from him today and as you can read in Mr. – in Dr. Pacult's report, he does understand the trauma that he's caused to the victims here. And, yeah, there are a lot of victims. And, like I said, he understands there's going to have to be consequences for his actions.

So, Your Honor, you know, one of the flaws in our criminal justice system is that we have these kinds of defendants who maybe legally don't meet the standard of being incompetent, but they have a variety of mental health issues that impair their impulse control and their intent to commit these crimes. And unfortunately, what we have in Nevada is a one-size-fits-all approach. What really Mr. Pinkney needs is treatment, maybe in some kind of institution or an asylum. But what we have is the NDOC. And so, you know, unfortunately, that's just one of the flaws that we have to work around and again that's why I'm suggesting to the Court to impose a 6-to-18-year sentence and allow Mr. Pinkney to get out, to get the treatment he needs and to start the next chapter of his life.

And, Judge, with that, I'll submit it.

THE COURT: Thank you. His statement tends to belie all the medical or psychological reports. It was eloquent and his – his IQ deficiency certainly doesn't appear to be borne out. But he doesn't have the priors like his co-defendant.

1	I hereby adjudicate you guilty of – let's go through all of these.			
2	Counts 1 and 8, conspiracy to commit robbery. Counts 2 and			
3	9, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon. Counts 3 and 13,			
4	first-degree kidnapping with the use of a deadly weapon. Counts 4, 5, 6			
5	7, 10, 11, and 14, robbery with the use of a deadly weapon. Count 12,			
6	unlawful taking of a vehicle is a gross misdemeanor.			
7	I assess you the \$25 administrative assessment, DNA of 150			
8	DNA administrative assessment of \$3.			
9	On Count 1, conspiracy to commit robbery, I sentence you to			
10	12 to 48 months in the Nevada Department of Corrections.			
11	On Count 2, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon,			
12	I sentence you to 24 to 120 in the Nevada Department of Corrections.			
13	That's concurrent to Count 1.			
14	On Count 3, I sentence you to 60 to 180 in the Nevada			
15	Department of Corrections, with a consecutive enhancement since you			
16	used a weapon and put people in fear of their lives. That's 12 to 60			
17	consecutive.			
18	On Counts 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, and, woops, and 14, those will run			
19	concurrent to Count 4.			
20	On Count 4, I sentence you to 24 to 120 in the Nevada			
21	Department of Corrections. That's consecutive to Count 3, with the			
22	enhancement of 12 to 120 for the use of the weapons.			
23	The aggregate – and I want to make –			
24	THE CLERK: Um -			
25	THE COURT: What's that?			

1	THE CLERK: You didn't get Count 12 –
2	THE COURT: I missed –
3	THE CLERK: and also –
4	THE COURT: Oh, Count 12 is the – isn't that the –
5	THE CLERK: It's the gross misdemeanor.
6	THE COURT: Yeah, the gross misdemeanor, 364 days in
7	Clark County Detention Center.
8	THE CLERK: And that's concurrent?
9	THE COURT: Concurrent.
10	THE CLERK: And then also Count 3. You did the
11	enhancement, but you didn't say if it's concurrent –
12	THE COURT: That's -
13	THE CLERK: or consecutive.
14	THE COURT: consecutive, yes. So -
15	THE CLERK: To what?
16	THE COURT: It's consecutive to Count 2.
17	THE CLERK: Okay.
18	THE COURT: So the aggregate is 11 years, which is 132
19	months on the bottom end and 600 months on the top end.
20	THE CLERK: And then you also had Count 13 that you
21	didn't state –
22	THE COURT: Count 13 is – I thought I said Count 13.
23	THE CLERK: It's the same as 3.
24	THE COURT: Count 13 is the first-degree kidnapping and
25	that's concurrent to Count 3 And I sentence you to 60 to 180 on Count

1	13 with the enhancement of 12 to 60.
2	THE CLERK: Okay.
3	THE COURT: And assuming I added all this up, again, it's
4	132 months and 600.
5	Does everybody have that?
6	MR. GIORDANI: Well, yes, Your honor, except for on Counts
7	5, 6,
8	THE COURT: 7, –
9	THE CLERK: 7, –
10	MR. GIORDANI: 7 –
11	THE CLERK: 10,
12	THE COURT: 10,
13	THE CLERK: 11 –
14	THE COURT:11, and 14 -
15	THE CLERK: 14.
16	THE COURT: yeah.
17	MR. GIORDANI: Yeah, what – what was the sentence for
18	those? I understand those are running –
19	THE COURT: Oh, sorry, you're right. Those are –
20	THE CLERK: The same as 4.
21	THE COURT: Where's 4? Same as Count 4, 24 to 120 –
22	MR. GIORDANI: Okay.
23	THE COURT: and with the enhancement for the use of a
24	deadly weapon, 12 to 120. But they're to run concurrent to Count 4.
25	MR. GIORDANI: Okay. And then Count 9 was a different

1	charge so –
2	THE CLERK: Yes.
3	MR. GIORDANI: I know that runs concurrent, but I didn't
4	get the actual sentence on Count 9.
5	THE COURT: Oh, okay.
6	MR. GIORDANI: Or Count 8, actually.
7	THE CLERK: And 8, yeah.
8	THE COURT: Yeah, you're right. I don't know how –
9	Count 8 was conspiracy to commit robbery, 12 to 48. That's
0	concurrent with Count 1. And Count 9 is burglary while in possession, 36
1	to 120, and that's also concurrent with Count 3.
2	THE CLERK: Count 3?
3	THE COURT: Yeah. So are they – woops, where is the other
4	conspiracy? Isn't there another?
5	THE CLERK: Count 9 is the same as Count 2. It should be
6	burglary while in possession.
7	THE COURT: Okay, so that should come out.
8	So it's Count 2, 24 to 120 is - Count 3, 60 to 180, minimum of
9	5 years. The consecutive enhancement, 12 to 60. Those are
20	consecutive to each other. Count 4, 24 to 120, is two years on the
21	minimum with the enhancement of 12 to 120. And that's consecutive to
22	the other to – to 3.
23	MR. GIORDANI: Okay, so, Your Honor, I'm sorry. So if
24	that's – your intent was 132 or 11 years –
25	THE COURT: Correct.

1	MR. GIORDANI: on the bottom.
2	THE COURT: Yes.
3	MR. GIORDANI: I'm showing the only consecutive counts are
4	3 and 4. So that would make 9 on the bottom.
5	THE COURT: Well, okay, no. Here, do you want to see my
6	chart, Counsel?
7	MR. GIORDANI: Sure.
8	Sorry.
9	THE COURT: No, this is – when they get the – and I, I admit
10	this was difficult but that's what.
11	Okay, so Count 2 is – Count 1 doesn't, you know, that's
12	concurrent to all the others Count 2 counts 24 to 120 is two years.
13	That's the first one, if you will.
14	MR. GIORDANI: Okay. You got 60 to 180 plus 12 to 60.
15	THE COURT: Right.
16	MR. GIORDANI: And that's con –
17	THE COURT: Consecutive to Count 2. Then Count 4 is 24 to
18	120, is consecutive to Count 3 and with the 120 – or with the 12 to 120
19	enhancement.
20	MR. GIORDANI: Oh, so 2, 3 and 4 are consecutive.
21	THE COURT: Correct.
22	MR. GIORDANI: Okay.
23	THE COURT: And the rest are all concurrent with, if you will –
24	MR. GIORDANI: Okay.
25	MR. GAFFNEY: Okay.

1	MR. GIORDANI: Thank you. And there is –
2	THE COURT: All right. Does that make –
3	MR. GIORDANI: Yes, Your Honor, there is a restitution.
4	THE COURT: Oh, yeah, it did say –
5	MR. GIORDANI: 3,942 total.
6	THE COURT: And that goes to various defendants.
7	MR. GIORDANI: Victims as set forth in the PSI.
8	THE COURT: Okay, that will be ordered, 3942.
9	MR. GIORDANI: And I believe he's entitled to –
10	THE COURT: Credit for time served?
11	MR. GIORDANI: 602 days.
12	MR. GAFFNEY: And that's, I think, joint and several.
13	MR. GIORDANI: Correct.
14	MR. GAFFNEY: Right. The restitution.
15	THE COURT: Correct. Joint and several. And 602?
16	MR. GIORDANI: Yes, Your Honor.
17	MR. GAFFNEY: Yes, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
19	All right. Mr. Powell.
20	State.
21	MR. GIORDANI: I would submit on my prior argument. Just
22	noting that this defendant has two prior felony convictions. His were
23	violent in nature. It was an attempt robbery and a robbery out of
24	California in 2013. Violated parole in 2017, and then committed the
25	instant offenses two months later in September of 2017. So this is not

this defendant's first rodeo.

I would submit it on everything I stated earlier.

THE COURT: Mr. Powell, before your attorney speaks on your behalf, is there anything you'd like to say?

DEFENDANT POWELL: Yes, Your Honor. I want to start by apologizing to the victims first. And I want to apologize to my son because he's my heart, he's my everything. I want to apologize to my family for even put them in this position. I mean it, for them to have to go through this with me in the situation that I'm in right now.

I want to start by saying this is really not the person I am. I know my background doesn't show of much of who I am, but they don't really know who you really are until they have a conversation with you. They never actually had a conversation with me so they don't really know how intelligent I really am.

Honestly, Your Honor, I feel like in this situation, I made a mistake. I did something I wasn't supposed to do. I'm taking full responsibility for my actions. That's why I pled guilty to what I pled guilty to because I felt like I need to take responsibility for my actions. As a man, stand up, take full responsibility for what I've done. All I ask you, Your Honor, is in your heart, could you please show me some leniency. My son is one years old. I never actually touched him. I don't know what it feels like to be a father, but I do know in the situation that I'm in right now that he's going to have to do without me for a while. At the end of the day, I do want to be his dad. I want to be his male role model in his life. I do want to be some — I want him to grow to be somebody in this

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crazy world that we live in. I know what I did wasn't correct. I know what I did is – there's, you can't justify none of that, period. But at the end of the day, Your Honor, I just ask for leniency because of the simple fact I made a mistake. I read in the Bible, I'm not sure if you read the Bible or not, but me I read in the Bible, 1 Corinthians, chapter 13, verse 11: when I was a child, I thought as a child, I acted as a child, but when I became a man, I put all the childish things away.

I felt like this time that I've been in CCDC, these two years that I've been here, I haven't been in no type of trouble, no situations, period, because the simple fact I feel like I'm growing up. I'm becoming a better man. I know that I've got to go sit down for a minute, I'll have to get away, I'm going to be away from my family for a while. But I'm fine myself. I've forgiven myself for letting myself get too deep in this situation and get too hard into the lifestyle that's really not me. I'm starting to find out who I really am. I had to apologize to myself because at the end of the day, I don't blame nobody for what I've done. I blame myself. Because in this situation, like I said earlier, can't nobody do anything for me but me. Can't nobody help me but me. I'm in here with me. My family always had my back. They're always going to be there. They crying in the court right now. I know why, but I'm going to hold my head up high, my head up high no matter what you give me, Your Honor. But I ask for leniency because I do want to be a father and I do want to be a male role – a male role model in my son's life. Not even just in his life, in society period. I have a woman, I do. I love her to death and I want to be there to be her man as well as be there to be my son's father.

And all I ask for leniency in the court today, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MS. MCNEILL: Thank you.

THE COURT: Counsel.

MS. MCNEILL: Thank you, Your Honor. Mr. Powell understands the – what his actions caused in the victims' lives and fear that they were in that day. And I have never heard him minimize that. I have sometimes clients who don't quite grasp the position that their actions put other people in, but Mr. Powell has had two years to think about what happened to the people that were the victims in this case as well as his family who now suffers as yet another victim because they are now being deprived of a son and a father and a love one. And so he would not minimize in any way what his actions caused to other people outside of himself.

However, as an advocate for Mr. Powell, this is probably one of the most difficult cases that I've had in a while because it's an example of the system going wrong at pretty much every stage. I understand that he has two prior felonies. Those are from one case. He was 19 years old when he got that arrest. What's interesting is that Mr. Powell is a little bit different from Mr. Pinkney in that he's educated. He's articulate. He stands before you with certificates that were sent to the Court showing that when he got out of prison, he was able to turn his life around. He was getting OSHA certified. He was working. He was fathering a child. He was doing all of the things that we would want someone to do when they were out of prison. And so Mr. Powell is certainly capable of being

the member of society that we would want him to be. What he didn't tell the Court because you say, how did you end up here. And that's – Mr. Powell, just as Mr. Pinkney, has a substance abuse problem. And while it's not an excuse, he fell back into that and made terrible decisions, went back to behaviors that he was familiar with from when he was 19 and we end up here before the Court today.

I would like to remind the Court of a few things. One, yes, the State agreed not to file charges on those other counts. However, as you're familiar from the motion to withdraw the plea, after I reviewed the discovery in that case and that's part of the reason that we filed the motion to withdraw the plea, there was nothing tying him to those incidents. They were never going to be able to identify him or Mr. Pinkney as somebody who was involved in those incidents. The surveillance showed that the people in those crimes had their faces covered and had their hands covered. And so I don't know that we should hold those against Mr. Powell when, yes, he agreed to this deal in exchange for the State not filing charges, but that was because of advice he was given from counsel who gave him that advice not having reviewed the discovery in those cases. I believe that if counsel had reviewed that discovery, he would not have advised him to take this deal.

Despite that, despite the fact that I believe that this deal was not equitable and was not fair, Mr. Powell took it knowing that. He pled to almost every single charge that he was charged with to avoid going to trial. To avoid having to have the victims come in and relive this. At no point did he actually want to go to trial. He just wanted a deal. The only

deal that the State came with was during jury selection which was basically plead to the sheet. And because he wanted to take responsibility, because he didn't want to go through a jury trial, because he didn't want to put the victims through that, because everyone in his life said you have to take responsibility for your actions, he pled to a deal that most counsel probably not have advised him to take.

And so he stands before this Court with the State asking to put him in prison for 20 years, at 24 years old. And he has taken responsibility for that. I'm asking the Court to sentence him to a total of 72 to 210 months, similar to Mr. Gaffney did. I understand that it seems like that's a slap on the wrist, but it's 6 years of his life at 24 years old that he will be spending in prison having to think every day about what he did, having to think about every day that he is going to miss out on the entirety of his child's life. The first six years of his child's life.

That we are in a situation where at any point had the system worked the way that it was supposed to work, perhaps we wouldn't have been here. And that Mr. Powell wants this court to see that is not the person who is listed in this PSI. He is not the person who is listed in the police report. And he's capable of much, much more than all of that. And he can certainly do that when he gets out of prison in six years of which is no small amount of time. He's asking Your Honor to be lenient with him based on the fact that he knows better, he can do better and he will do better in his future.

THE COURT: Thank you.

I hereby adjudicate you guilty of Counts 1 and 8, conspiracy to

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commit robbery. Counts 2 and 9, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon. Counts 3 and 13, first-degree kidnapping with the use of a deadly weapon. Counts 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, and 14, robbery with the use of a deadly weapon.

As you said, given Mr. Powell's priors, he certainly should have learned from that incarceration. But given the fact that there – the subsequent ten or the additional ten, however you want to characterize it, not even taking that into account, this was, these were violent robberies with the use of a deadly weapon putting dozens of people, changing the lives of dozens of people. I would not be at all surprised that they're in counseling for a significant period of time if not for the rest of their lives having a gun pointed at them and told them, being told that if they do something, they could be killed.

I'm going along with Parole and Probation's sentencing on this and therefore Count 1, 12 to 48 months in the Nevada Department of Corrections.

Count 2, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon, 36 to 120, that's to run concurrent.

Count 3, first-degree kidnapping with the use of a deadly weapon, that's 5 to 15, along with the enhancement of 36 to 96. The enhancement, sorry, the enhancement is consecutive and that is concurrent with Count 2. I said the enhancement was 36 to 96, yes.

Count 4, robbery with the use of a deadly weapon, 36 to 120, plus the enhancement of the use of the gun, that's 36 to 96. That's concurrent with Count 3.

1	Count 5, robbery with the use of a deadly weapon, 36 to 120,		
2	plus the use of the deadly weapon, the gun, 36 to 96. That's		
3	consecutive, that's the enhancement is consecutive. Count 5 is		
4	concurrent with Count 4.		
5	Count 6, robbery with use of a deadly weapon 36 to 120. The		
6	use of the gun, it's consecutive 36 to 96. Count 6 is concurrent with		
7	Count 5.		
8	Count 7, robbery with use of a deadly weapon 36 to 120. Use		
9	of the deadly weapon is consecutive, 36 to 96. Count 7 is concurrent		
10	with Count 6.		
11	Count 8, conspiracy to commit robbery, 12 to 48. That's		
12	concurrent with Count 7.		
13	Count 9, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon, 36		
14	to 120. That's concurrent with Count 8.		
15	Count 10, robbery with the use of a deadly weapon, 36 to 120.		
16	The use of the gun is 36 to 96. That's consecutive. Count 10 is		
17	concurrent with Count 9.		
18	Count 11, robbery with the use of a deadly weapon, 36 to 120.		
19	Use of the gun, it's consecutive to 36 to 96. Count 11 is concurrent with		
20	Count 10.		
21	Count 13, first-degree kidnapping with the use of a deadly		
22	weapon, that's 5 to 15. Use of the deadly weapon is 36 to 96, that's		
23	consecutive. And Count 13 is consecutive to Count 3.		
24	Count 14, robbery with the use of a deadly weapon, 36 to 120.		
25	The enhancement 36 to 96. Count 14 is concurrent with Count 13.		

1	That totals on the bottom end, it's 16 years and on the top end	
2	for the aggregate, I had it written down. What's the – anybody add –	
3	THE CLERK: I have 192 months with 552 months total.	
4	THE COURT: 552?	
5	THE CLERK: In months.	
6	THE COURT: In months. Okay. \$3,942 joint and several	
7	restitution to the multiple defendants. Credit for time served –	
8	MR. GIORDANI: 602.	
9	THE COURT: 602.	
10	MR. GIORDANI: Can I get that top end number again please.	
11	THE CLERK: One ninety – oh, 552. Five hundred and fifty	
12	two months. It's 192 for –	
13	THE COURT: I'm going along with Parole and Probations on	
14	that and although I don't think they did an aggregate. No.	
15	MR. GIORDANI: So 16 to 46 years aggregate?	
16	THE CLERK: Yes.	
17	THE COURT: Yes.	
18	MR. GIORDANI: Thank you, Your Honor.	
19	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.	
20	[Hearing concluded at 10:13 a.m.]	
21	* * * * *	
22	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the	
23	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.	
24	Judy Chappell Judy Chappell	
25	Judy Chappell Court Recorder/Transcriber	

APP000407

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES May 22, 2019

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

vs

Adrian Powell

May 22, 2019 09:00 AM Sentencing

HEARD BY: Israel, Ronald J. COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 15C

COURT CLERK: Thomas, Kathy RECORDER: Chappell, Judy

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Adrian Powell Defendant

John Giordani Attorney for Defendant, Plaintiff

Monique A. McNeill Attorney for Defendant

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Deft. POWELL, present, in custody. State provided charts used with State's arguments; Marked as State's exhibit (See Worksheet). Argument by the State. Statement by Deft. and Argument by Ms. McNeill. Court stated findings. DEFT POWELL ADJUDGED GUILTY of COUNTS 1 and 8 CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (F), COUNTS 2 and 9 BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON (F), COUNTS 3 and 13 FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (F) and COUNTS 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11 and 14 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (F). COURT ORDERED, in addition to the \$25.00 Administrative Assessment fee, a \$150.00 DNA Analysis fee and testing WAIVED, having been previously submitted, \$3.00 DNA Collection fee and Restitution in the Total Amount of \$3,942.00 Jointly and Severally with Co-Deft.(Payable to; \$1,100.00 to Pepe's Tacos; \$2,342.00 to Rebel Oil Co; \$500.00 to Roberto's on Rainbow). Deft. SENTENCED to

COUNT 1 - a MAXIMUM of FORTY-EIGHT (48) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of TWELVE (12) MONTHS, as to,

COUNT 2 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS, CONCURRENT with COUNT 1, as to,

COUNT 3 - a MAXIMUM of FIFTEEN (15) YEARS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of FIVE (5) YEARS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 2, as to,

COUNT 4 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 3; as to.

COUNT 5 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon,

Prepared by: Kathy Thomas APP000408

CONCURRENT with COUNT 4; as to,

COUNT 6 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 5; as to,

COUNT 7 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 6; as to,

COUNT 8 - a MAXIMUM of FORTY-EIGHT (48) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of TWELVE (12) MONTHS, CONCURRENT with COUNT 7; as to,

COUNT 9 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS, CONCURRENT with COUNT 8; as to,

COUNT 10 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 7; as to,

COUNT 11 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 10; as to,

COUNT 13 - a MAXIMUM of FIFTEEN (15) YEARS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of FIVE (5) YEARS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONSECUTIVE to COUNT 3; and

COUNT 14 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 11:

with SIX HUNDRED TWO (602) DAYS credit for time served.

The AGGREGATE TOTAL sentence is FIVE HUNDRED FIFTY-TWO (552) MONTHS MAXIMUM with a MINIMUM PAROLE ELIGIBILITY OF ONE HUNDRED NINETY-TWO (192) MONTHS.

NDC

Prepared by: Kathy Thomas

Electronically Filed 5/24/2019 9:58 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

JOCP

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-VS-

ADRIAN POWELL #8387748

Defendant.

CASE NO. C-17-327767-2

DEPT. NO. XXVIII

JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION (PLEA OF GUILTY)

The Defendant previously appeared before the Court with counsel and entered a plea of guilty to the crimes of COUNTS 1 and 8 – CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.380, 199.480; COUNTS 2 and 9 – BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 205.060; COUNTS 3 and 13 – FIRST DEGREE KIDNAPPING WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony) in violation of NRS 200.310, 200.320, 193.165; and COUNTS 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11 and 14 - ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.380, 193.165; thereafter, on the 22nd day May, 2019, the Defendant was present in Court for sentencing with counsel MONIQUE A. MCNEILL, ESQ., and good cause appearing,

2/2/M

APP000410

☐ Guilty Plea with Sent. (during trial)

☐ Dismissed (during trial)

□ Acquittal

☐ Conviction

☐ Dismissed (after diversion)

Guilty Plea with Sent (before trial)

☐ Transferred (before/during trial)

☐ Other Manner of Disposition

ismissed (before trial)

THE DEFENDANT IS HEREBY ADJUDGED guilty of said offenses and, in addition to the \$25.00 Administrative Assessment and \$3,942.00 Restitution payable jointly and severally with Co-Defendant (\$1,100.00 Pepe's Tacos; \$2,342.00 to Rebel Oil Co; \$500.00 to Roberto's on Rainbow) plus \$3.00 DNA Collection Fee, the Defendant is sentenced to the Nevada Department of Corrections (NDC) as follows: COUNT 1 - a MAXIMUM of FORTY-EIGHT (48) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of TWELVE (12) MONTHS; COUNT 2 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS, CONCURRENT with COUNT 1; COUNT 3 - a MAXIMUM of FIFTEEN (15) YEARS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of FIVE (5) YEARS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 2; COUNT 4 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 3; COUNT 5 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 4; COUNT 6 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 5; COUNT 7 - a

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MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 6; COUNT 8 - a MAXIMUM of FORTY-EIGHT (48) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of TWELVE (12) MONTHS, CONCURRENT with COUNT 7; COUNT 9 – a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS, CONCURRENT with COUNT 8; COUNT 10 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 7; COUNT 11 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 10; COUNT 13 – a MAXIMUM of FIFTEEN (15) YEARS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of FIVE (5) YEARS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONSECUTIVE to COUNT 3; and COUNT 14 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of THIRTY-SIX (36) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with COUNT 11; with SIX HUNDRED TWO (602) DAYS credit for time

served. As the \$150.00 DNA Analysis Fee and Genetic Testing have been previously imposed, the Fee and Testing in the current case are WAIVED. The AGGREGATE TOTAL sentence is FIVE HUNDRED FIFTY-TWO (552) MONTHS MAXIMUM with a MINIMUM PAROLE ELIGIBILITY OF ONE HUNDRED NINETY-TWO (192) MONTHS.

DATED this 25 day of May, 2019.

RONALD J. ISRAEL

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

Electronically Filed 6/26/2019 10:43 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1	REQT		Etens, Sum
2	MONIQUE A. MCNEILL, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 009862		
3	P.O. Box 2451 Las Vegas, Nevada 89125		
4	Phone: (702) 497-9734 Email: monique.mcneill@yahoo.com		
5	Counsel for ADRIAN POWELL		
-			
6	DISTRIC	T COURT	
7	CLARK COUN	NTY, NEVADA	
8	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)		
9)		
10	Plaintiff,)	CASE NO:	C-17-327767-2
11	VS.)	DEPT. NO:	XXVIII
12	ADRIAN POWELL,)	DATE:	
13	Defendant.)	TIME:	
14)		
15			
16	REQUEST FOR	TRANSCRIPTS	
17	TO: JUDY CHAPPELL, court recorder		
18	ADRIAN POWELL, defendant above nat	med, by and through his	Attorney, MONIQUE A.
19	MCNEILL, ESQ., requests preparation of transcr	ipts of the proceedings be	efore the district court, as
20	follows:		
21	Dates of Proceedings: 2/25/2019		
22	5/22/2019		
23	This notice requests a transcript of only	those portions of the D	istrict Court proceedings
24	which counsel reasonably and in good faith belie	eves are necessary to dete	ermine whether appellate
25	issues are present.		
26	///		
27	///		
28	///		

APP000414

1	I recognize that I must personally serve a copy of this form on the above-named court
2	recorder and that the above-named reporter shall have ten (10) days from receipt of this notice to
3	prepare and submit to the district court the rough draft transcripts requested herein.
4	DATED this 21st Day of June, 2019.
5	Bill B vino 21 Buy of vane, 2019.
	By: <u>/s/ Monique A. McNeill, Esq.</u> MONIQUE A. MCNEILL, ESQ.
6 7	Nevada Bar No. 009862 P.O. Box 2451
	Las Vegas, Nevada 89125
8	Phone: (702) 49-9734 Email: monique.mcneill@yahoo.com
9	
10	
11	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
12	I certify that on the 25 th day of June, 2019, I sent a copy of this Request for Transcript to
13	
14	the court recorder, Judy Chappell, at chappellj@clarkcountycourts.us
15	
16	MONIQUE A MONEH L EGO
17	MONIQUE A. MCNEILL, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 009862
18	P.O. Box 2451 Las Vegas, Nevada 89125
19	Phone: (702) 49-9734 Email: monique.mcneill@yahoo.com
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APP000415

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

ADRIAN POWELL, Appellant, VS. THE STATE OF NEVADA. Respondent.

Supreme Court No. 79037 District Court Case No. C327767

FILED

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE

JUN 1 6 2020

STATE OF NEVADA, ss.



I, Elizabeth A. Brown, the duly appointed and qualified Clerk of the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada, do hereby certify that the following is a full, true and correct copy of the Judgment in this matter.

JUDGMENT

The court being fully advised in the premises and the law, it is now ordered, adjudged and decreed, as follows:

ORDER the judgment of the district court REVERSED AND REMAND this matter to the district court to conduct an evidentiary hearing on Powell's presentence motion to withdraw his guilty plea."

Judgment, as quoted above, entered this 11 day of May, 2020.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my name and affixed the seal of the Supreme Court at my Office in Carson City, Nevada this June 05, 2020.

Elizabeth A. Brown, Supreme Court Clerk

By: Danielle Friend Chief Assistant Clerk C-17-327767-2 NV Supreme Court Clerks Certificate/Judga





IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

ADRIAN POWELL,
Appellant,
vs.
THE STATE OF NEVADA,
Respondent.

No. 79037-COA

FILED

MAY 1 1 2020

CLERK OF SUPPLEME COURT

SY STOCKAND

ORDER OF REVERSAL AND REMAND

Adrian Powell appeals from a judgment of conviction, pursuant to a guilty plea, of two counts each of conspiracy to commit robbery, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon, and first-degree kidnapping with the use of a deadly weapon, and seven counts of robbery with the use of a deadly weapon. Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County; Ronald J. Israel, Judge.

Powell claims the district court erred by denying his presentence motion to withdraw his guilty plea without first conducting an evidentiary hearing. A defendant may move to withdraw a guilty plea before sentencing, NRS 176.165, and "a district court may grant a defendant's motion to withdraw his guilty plea before sentencing for any reason where permitting withdrawal would be fair and just," Stevenson v. State, 131 Nev. 598, 604, 354 P.3d 1277, 1281 (2015). Courts should not focus exclusively on whether the plea was knowingly, voluntarily, and intelligently pleaded. Id. at 603, 354 P.3d at 1281. Nor should courts generally consider the guilt or innocence of the defendant. See Hargrove v. State, 100 Nev. 498, 503, 686 P.2d 222, 226 (1984).

Ineffective assistance of counsel could be a fair and just reason for withdrawing a guilty plea. See Stevenson, 131 Nev. at 604, 354 P.3d at

COURT OF APPEALS OF NEWDA

APP000417

1281. A defendant is entitled to an evidentiary hearing on a claim of ineffective assistance of counsel only if he asserts specific factual allegations that are not belied by the record and, if true, would entitle him to relief. Hargrove, 100 Nev. at 502-03, 686 P.2d at 225.

As Powell points out on appeal, he claimed counsel was ineffective for advising him to enter a guilty plea when part of the purported benefit was the State foregoing filing new charges but neither counsel nor Powell fully understood the nature of the new charges. Powell further claimed that, because he has since learned there was no evidence linking him to the new charges, he would not have pleaded guilty but would have insisted on going to trial. Powell's claims, if true and not belied by the record, entitled him to relief. See Kirksey v. State, 112 Nev. 980, 988, 923 P.2d 1102, 1107 (1996) (setting forth the deficiency and prejudice prongs of the test for ineffective assistance of counsel). The record does not belie Powell's claims. We therefore conclude the district court erred by denying this claim without first conducting an evidentiary hearing.

Powell also points out that he claimed counsel advised him he would receive a sentence of approximately 6 to 15 years, and this untrue assurance led him into accepting the guilty plea. Powell's claim, if true and not belied by the record, entitled him to relief. See id. The record does not belie Powell's claim. We therefore conclude the district court erred by denying this claim without first conducting an evidentiary hearing.

Finally, Powell claims the district court should have conducted an evidentiary hearing regarding whether or not he understood the nature of the pending trial. None of Powell's claims, either below or in this court, are particularly well pleaded, but it does not appear that Powell raised this underlying claim below. We therefore conclude the district court did not err by not conducting an evidentiary hearing on this issue.

For the foregoing reasons, we

ORDER the judgment of the district court REVERSED AND REMAND this matter to the district court to conduct an evidentiary hearing on Powell's presentence motion to withdraw his guilty plea.¹

Gibbons

Tao

J.

Bulla

cc: Hon. Ronald J. Israel, District Judge Monique A. McNeill Attorney General/Carson City Clark County District Attorney Eighth District Court Clerk

Although not raised in the appeal, we note the district court applied the wrong standard for presentence motions to withdraw a guilty plea. The district court reviewed Powell's motion for whether his guilty plea was knowingly and voluntarily entered instead of for whether there was a fair and just reason to grant withdrawal.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

ADRIAN POWELL,
Appellant,
vs.
THE STATE OF NEVADA,
Respondent.

Supreme Court No. 79037 District Court Case No. C327767

REMITTITUR

TO: Steven D. Grierson, Eighth District Court Clerk

Pursuant to the rules of this court, enclosed are the following:

Certified copy of Judgment and Opinion/Order. Receipt for Remittitur.

DATE: June 05, 2020

Elizabeth A. Brown, Clerk of Court

By: Danielle Friend Chief Assistant Clerk

cc (without enclosures):

Hon. Ronald J. Israel, District Judge Monique A. McNeill Clark County District Attorney

RECEIPT FOR REMITTITUR

Received of Elizabeth A. Brown, Clerk of the Sup REMITTITUR issued in the above-entitled cause	
Deputy	HEATHER UNGERMANN District Court Clerk

APPEALS
JUN 1 6 2020

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor COURT MINUTES June 29, 2020

C-17-327767-2 State of Nevada

vs

Adrian Powell

June 29, 2020 01:45 PM Further Proceedings RE: Court of Appeals' Order of Reversal

and Remand

HEARD BY: Israel, Ronald J. **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15C

COURT CLERK: Thomas, Kathy RECORDER: Chappell, Judy

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

Dena I. Rinetti Attorney for Plaintiff

Monique A. McNeill Attorney for Defendant

State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Deft. POWELL not present, in custody in the Nevada Department of Corrections (NDC). Deft. was not transported. Upon Court's inquiry, Ms. McNeill stated Mr. Michael Kane was prior counsel. State noted the Deft. could appear via video from the prison and counsel prepare and transport order for video from the prison. COURT ORDERED, Matter SET for hearing.

NDC

08/13/2020 1:15PM HEARING RE: APPEAL/REMAND- DENIAL OF WITHDRAWAL OF GUILTY PLEA

Prepared by: Kathy Thomas APP000422

Electronically Filed 2/11/2021 9:57 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

RTRAN 1 2 3 4 **DISTRICT COURT** 5 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 6 7 8 STATE OF NEVADA, CASE#: C-17-327767-2 9 DEPT. XXVIII Plaintiff, 10 VS. 11 ADRIAN POWELL, 12 Defendant. 13 14 BEFORE THE HONORABLE RONALD J. ISRAEL, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 2020 15 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING 16 **HEARING RE: APPEAL REMAND-DENIAL OF** 17 WITHDRAWAL OF GUILTY PLEA 18 19 APPEARANCES: 20 For the State: JOHN L. GIORDANI III, ESQ. 21 Chief Deputy District Attorney (via Bluejeans) 22 For the Defendant: MONIQUE A. MCNEILL, ESQ. 23 24

RECORDED BY: JUDY CHAPPELL, COURT RECORDER

25

APP000423

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, Thursday, August 13, 2020
2	
3	[Case called at 1:21 p.m.]
4	
5	THE COURT: 327767, Powell.
6	Counsel, state your appearance for the record.
7	MS. MCNEILL: Monique McNeill, Bar Number 9862, on
8	behalf of Mr. Powell, who is joining us via video from Southern Desert
9	Correctional Facility.
10	MR. GIORDANI: Good afternoon, John Giordani on behalf of
11	the State.
12	THE COURT: Okay. And who's testifying?
13	MS. MCNEILL: Michael Kane.
14	THE COURT: Okay. This is on remand so we can have a
15	hearing.
16	State.
17	MR. GIORDANI: I'm sorry, Your Honor, you cut out.
18	THE COURT: Oh, I just before we get started, is there
19	anything you want to say?
20	MR. GIORDANI: Not much other than in looking at the [audio
21	cut out] it appears that things that we're to discuss are the claim that
22	Mr. Kane was ineffective for advising Mr. Powell to enter a plea when
23	part of the purported benefit was the State foregoing filing new charges.
24	And then the other claim is that he claimed Counsel advised
25	him would receive a sentence of approximately 6 to 15 years and this
1	i de la companya de

1	untrue assurance led him into accepting the guilt. I believe that's what the
2	remand was limited to.
3	MS. MCNEILL: That's correct. My questions are focused only
4	to those two issues.
5	THE COURT: Okay. And before Ms. McNeill is that
6	correct?
7	MS. MCNEILL: Yes.
8	THE COURT: Okay. Is your client going to be waiving his
9	right to regarding attorney-client privilege?
10	MS. MCNEILL: Well, Judge, I don't think that Mr. Powell is
11	going to be testifying because the affidavit that we submitted is part of
12	the record. So.
13	THE COURT: But if he's basing his ineffective assistance, we
14	need to inquire of the whole purpose that Mr. Kane is here as to
15	discussions which are
16	MS. MCNEILL: Sure.
17	THE COURT: generally protected by attorney-client.
18	MS. MCNEILL: Correct and
19	THE COURT: And my understanding is if you're making that,
20	you have waive attorney-client privilege.
21	MS. MCNEILL: That is correct, Judge, and I know Mr. Powell
22	and I discussed this a long time ago when I first did the motion.
23	Mr. Powell, you understand that they're going to ask Mr. Kane
24	questions about his conversations with you and so attorney-client
25	privilege is waived between you and Mr. Kane for the purposes of this

1	hearing
2	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
3	MS. MCNEILL: today. Okay.
4	THE COURT: So and because it was a while ago, do you
5	have any questions you'd like to ask your attorney outside the presence
6	of us? In other words, you are going to be waiving your attorney-client
7	privilege. Mr. Kane is going to be talking about conversations you and he
8	had that normally would be confidential, private, and would not be
9	allowed to be discussed. But you fully understand you're waiving that
10	privilege, correct?
11	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: All right. And did you want to ask your attorney
13	any questions? Because apparently you may not have been able to talk
14	to her. We'll we could take a break.
15	THE DEFENDANT: Is there is there a possible, is there a
16	possibility she can come see me or I can get a video conference with
17	her?
18	THE COURT: Well
19	MS. MCNEILL: No, he means right now, Adrian, before we
20	start the hearing.
21	THE DEFENDANT: Okay. No, I'm okay.
22	MS. MCNEILL: Okay.
23	THE DEFENDANT: No, I'm okay. I just need to know my
24	next court date.
25	THE COURT: Okay. Call it's Mr. Kane. Who's calling

Mr. Kane?

MS. MCNEILL: I'll call Mr. Kane, Judge. Before we begin, Mr. Giordani and I, just to sort of streamline things because I know that some of these dates might not be in Mr. Kane's head. We did -- we have a stipulation to some dates.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MS. MCNEILL: So we are stipulating that the day Mr. Kane was appointed was November 13th, 2017. That the first day of trial in this case was July 30th, 2018. And then based on an email I received from co-defendant's attorney, Ben Durham, that the discovery on the uncharged cases was received September 11th, 2018. I believe Mr. Giordani is stipulating to that date.

THE COURT: Is that correct?

MR. GIORDANI: I'm stipulating to those dates, but just so we're clear, Your Honor, the discovery referenced just now by Ms. McNeill was the same packet that was provided to Your Honor prior to sentencing. And I think we'll get into this during the hearing, but there was discovery shown prior to that date. Just the packet is what we're discussing. The packet was received on September 11th, 2018.

MS. MCNEILL: Right.

THE COURT: All right.

MS. MCNEILL: And that's on the uncharged cases, not -- we're not saying that's the discovery in total on the charged cases.

MR. GIORDANI: Right.

THE COURT: Okay, fine.

1	Go ahead and swear Mr. Kane in.
2	MICHAEL KANE
3	[having been called as a witness and being first duly affirmed,
4	testified, via bluejeans, as follows:]
5	THE CLERK: Please state your name for the record.
6	THE WITNESS: Michael Kane.
7	THE COURT: Okay, just one second. The packet that
8	Will you tell you Sandy? Or, okay, go ahead.
9	That I had with the remand and everything that's supposed to
0	be on the bench. That's
1	Did you get okay, thank you.
2	Okay, go ahead.
3	MS. MCNEILL: Thank you, Judge.
4	DIRECT EXAMINATION
5	BY MS. MCNEILL:
6	Q Mr. Kane, you heard the dates that we discussed which were
7	that trial began July 30, 2018, correct?
8	A I did.
9	Q Okay. Prior to that date, well actually can you explain to us
20	when you told discussed the deal with Mr. Powell? The deal to which
21	he pled. Sorry that was a bad question.
22	A Okay. I believe it was the second day of trial during jury
23	selection. At that time, Mr. Giordani approached myself and co-counsel
24	Roy Nelson, with an offer. And that is the first time that I told him of the
25	deal. Then we went into the back and discussed it.

Q Okay. And part of the leverage that the State was offering for that deal was that they would not file some charges on a series of other criminal offenses, correct?

A No. I have a problem with the term leverage. That wasn't really a consideration for Mr. Powell during our discussions. It was more just a benefit of not having to go through that.

Q Okay. So you never had a --

A Yes, we definitely had a conversation about that -- about the ten, some of the ten other cases that were out there.

Q Okay. Did you see then not filing charges on those cases as a benefit to taking the deal? Or did you -- what were your conversations in that regard?

A Yeah, it was definitely a benefit.

Q Okay. Prior to having a conversation about the deal, had you seen the discovery on the uncharged cases?

A So I don't remember when exactly when I first became aware of the potential filing the other cases. It was during a private hearing and we discussed this. Said, hey, you know what, they had mentioned, before the hearing, they had mentioned that they may have him on ten other cases. Sometime -- well after the offer and after we had a discussion with Mr. Powell, he asked, if I remember correctly, he asked me and Roy to see what they had. Because he adamantly denied, he's like, I don't care about those cases.

THE DEFENDANT: This dude cracks me up.

THE WITNESS: So at that point, we went up to -- it was either

1	Mr. Giord	dani's office or somebody else's office in the DA, and they had,
2	we saw photos, we saw there was a police board, like a picture of the	
3	police board that had, you know, the events circled with lines. Yeah, I	
4	mean, ye	eah, that's when I first, I believe it's when I first saw.
5	BY MS. I	MCNEILL:
6	Q	Okay, but when you the day that you told him what the deal
7	was, the	second day of trial, and you mentioned that they weren't going
8	to file cha	arges on those cases, had you actually reviewed the police
9	reports in	those cases that they were willing to not file charges on?
10	Α	I don't believe so, no.
11	Q	Okay. So we had a stipulation that Ben Durham said that that
12	discovery	was received September 11, 2018. Does that sound accurate
13	to you as	to about the timeframe that you also received that discovery on
14	those un	charged cases?
15	Α	I have no reason to dispute that.
16	Q	Okay. And that's after Mr. Powell entered the plea, correct?
17	Α	Right.
18	Q	So you had a dispute with me over the term leverage, but you
19	would ag	ree that you said it was one of the benefits of taking the deal
20	would be that those charges would not get filed.	
21	Α	Correct.
22	Q	Would you agree with me that it would be important to know if
23	the State	could have actually proceeded with filing those charges against
24	Mr. Powe	ell and that would require reviewing the discovery?
25	Α	No.

1	Q	Okay. So you do not believe you needed to know if the State
2	would ha	ve ever actually been able to file those charges.
3	Α	No, I do not believe so.
4	Q	Okay. When you were discussing the deal with Mr. Powell,
5	did you te	ell him that you were going to get him a 6-to-15-year sentence?
6	Α	Never.
7	Q	You never told him that.
8	Α	Nope.
9	Q	Okay. Did you tell him that if it weren't for the uncharged
10	cases, yo	ou could have gotten the 3 to 8?
11	Α	No.
12	Q	How much contact have you had with Mr. Powell prior to the
13	start of the trial?	
14	Α	Okay. So I reviewed I went back today. I looked at it for
15	about an	hour and I looked at the original Motion to Withdraw and the
16	attached	visits which candidly didn't seem right to me. So I looked at
17	Rob Law	son's billing records which showed that he had been there eight
18	times. A	nd I believe I had been there at least two, if not three times. The
19	communi	cation that we had was he had my cell phone number and with
20	the direct	bill line that he called quite frequently usually always at the
21	same tim	e. And so we did discuss things over the phone as well.
22	Q	Okay. Do you have any recollection of how many phone
23	calls?	
24	Α	Between Mr. Powell, his mom, it's either his girlfriend or
25	fiancée, a	and his dad

1	Q	Well let's just narrow it to Mr. Powell.
2	Α	So for Mr. Powell, how many times he called or how many
3	times we	actually spoke? I mean, he called
4	Q	How many times you actually spoke?
5	Α	Okay. We probably spoke 15 plus times [indiscernible due to
6	interruption	on by inmate]
7		THE DEFENDANT: Oh, really?
8		THE COURT: Mr. Powell, this isn't your chance to speak.
9	Please re	emain quiet. If you have to talk or would like to talk to your
10	attorney,	then you can tell me and we'll take a break and you can talk to
11	your atto	rney.
12		MS. MCNEILL: Thank you, Judge.
13		THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Can I talk to my attorney?
14		THE COURT: If you want to take a break and talk to your
15	attorney,	sure. Is that do you want to do it now? Or
16		THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
17		THE COURT: wait and
18		MS. MCNEILL: Judge, I'll do it
19		THE DEFENDANT: Just afterwards.
20		MS. MCNEILL: Mr. Powell, just relax.
21		If we do it now, maybe we can cut down the interruptions if he
22	can get h	is question out.
23		THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
24		THE COURT: All right. We'll take a break.
25		MS. MCNEILL: Thank you, Judge.

1	MR. GIORDANI: Do you want me to log off?
2	THE COURT: You're going can you, usually they have a
3	number to call.
4	MS. MCNEILL: They do to CCDC. I don't know about to is
5	there an officer in the room?
6	THE DEFENDANT: Yeah.
7	THE COURT RECORDER: You know what? I can do
8	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
9	THE COURT RECORDER: I can do that conference, like I did
10	yesterday.
11	MS. MCNEILL: Oh, okay.
12	THE COURT: All right.
13	THE DEFENDANT: I didn't
14	MS. MCNEILL: I'll trust the tech woman to make it happen.
15	THE COURT: Okay.
16	THE COURT RECORDER: Mr. Giordani, I'm going to
17	just I'm going to mute you for a while so you can't hear the
18	conversation, if you want to stay on.
19	MR. GIORDANI: Okay.
20	THE COURT: All right. And I'll step out.
21	MS. MCNEILL: Thank you, Judge.
22	THE WITNESS: I think you probably need to mute me too.
23	THE COURT RECORDER: Oh, yeah, you too. Thanks.
24	MS. MCNEILL: Yeah.
25	THE COURT RECORDER: Thanks for the reminder of that.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

[Proceeding recessed at 1:37 p.m.]

[Proceeding resumed at 1:49 p.m.]

DIRECT EXAMINATION CONTINUED

BY MS. MCNEILL:

Q Thank you. Mr. Kane, I just have one last question. So you indicated that you didn't believe that you used the uncharged cases as leverage or incentive to take the deal even though you did discuss it as part of the reason. What was the reason that you advised Mr. Powell to take the deal?

A I don't believe I advised him to take the deal. Ultimately it's up to him whether he wants to proceed with trial or not as explained to him what the possible -- possibilities were going through trial as opposed to taking this which the offer was. And he decided to -- that he wanted to accept the deal as opposed to going to trial. Roy and I were fully capable and ready to proceed with trial. It was our turn to conduct voir dire which we had prepared for. We got the deal, we explained it to him. He made the decision that he wanted to take it.

- Q Okay. But as part of explaining to a client what the deal is from the State, it's not part of your practice to give your opinion on whether or not you think it's a deal a client should consider.
 - A Yeah it is part. That's true.
- Q Okay. So what was the reason you thought he might consider this deal?
 - A I don't remember the specifics, but knowing what the charges

1	were and	knowing what the evidence was against him, I thought that this
2	deal, prob	ably would have given him my opinion that this deal was better
3	than a jur	y coming back and, you know, convicting him on all the
4	charges.	
5	Q	Okay.
6		MS. MCNEILL: No further questions, Judge.
7		THE COURT: Cross. State.
8		MR. GIORDANI: Thank you.
9		CROSS-EXAMINATION
10	BY MR. G	SIORDANI:
11	Q	Mr. Kane, do you recall first of your preparation for the trial
12	that there	was both [audio cut out] evidence between Mr. Powell and
13	Mr. Pinkn	ey to the robberies that were [audio cut out] of the trial?
14	Α	I'm sorry. You broke up.
15	Q	Do you recall in your preparation for trial, that there was DNA
16	and finger	print evidence linking Mr. Powell and Mr. Pinkney to the
17	charges for	or which they were going to trial?
18	Α	Yes.
19	Q	You indicated on direct examination that you took issue with
20	the claim	part of the leverage was that the State was going to file
21	additional	charges for ten prior incidents. Do you recall that?
22	Α	Yes.
23	Q	Can you explain why you took issue with that, a little more
24	depth?	
25	Δ	Recause it wasn't it was it wasn't like that those it was

1	never pre	esented that had we not had these ten other alleged cases
2	where we	e believe that Mr. Powell was a part of, that the deal was going
3	to get an	y better. Because it was just, listen, we're going to we'll just
4	close the	se other ten files. Wasn't like had these not been there, you
5	know, thi	s is a whole different whole different offer.
6	Q	Okay. Ultimately, we were all sitting in trial having already
7	complete	ed the State's portion of jury selection when we first conveyed an
8	offer to y	ou. Is that right?
9	Α	Yes, the second day.
10	Q	Okay, correct. And prior to that, you had prepared and
11	reviewed	the evidence on the trial [audio cut out] for trial, correct?
12	Α	Correct.
13	Q	And you enlisted the assistance of Mr. Roy Nelson, attorney.
14	Α	Yes.
15	Q	And you previously mentioned Rob. Who is that?
16	Α	You broke up. Did you say Rob Lawson?
17	Q	Yes.
18	Α	He's a private investigator that we hired on this case as well.
19		MR. GIORDANI: Okay. And, Your Honor, may I just request
20	that the p	orison mute their microphone until Mr. Powell has something to
21	say beca	use I'm getting a lot of feedback.
22		THE COURT: Okay. But I'm not getting it here unless.
23		MS. MCNEILL: I think that may be what's cutting him out.
24		THE COURT: But, yeah, go ahead and mute him. If
25		THE CLERK: I get it too.

1		THE COURT: We will take a break before so you can if
2	there was	s, if you want to talk to them. If he wants to talk to you.
3		So okay. Go ahead.
4		MR. GIORDANI: Thank you, Your Honor.
5	BY MR. (GIORDANI:
6	Q	Mr. Kane, you indicated that Robert Lawson was an
7	investiga	tor enlisted by you and that he visited Mr. Powell or billed for
8	business	eight difference times? Is that correct?
9	Α	Yeah, from what I could tell by looking at his billing today.
10	Q	And you also indicated he and his family had my cell phone
11	number.	You're referring to Mr. Powell himself, correct?
12	Α	Correct.
13	Q	And you had multiple conversations with Mr. Powell leading up
14	to trial. Is	s that right?
15	Α	That's correct.
16	Q	I'm not sure if you're familiar with Mr. Powell's affidavit, but I
17	want to a	sk you a couple of questions about allegations he made in the
18	affidavit.	
19	Α	Sure.
20	Q	Paragraph 1 says: Prior to trial, my attorney had only visited
21	me twice	at the Clark County Detention Center and only spoke to me on
22	the phon	e a few times.
23		Is that true or false?
24	Α	False.
25	Q	He also indicated: My attorney did not go through the

discovery with me.

Is that true or false?

- A That is also false and I can expand on that, if you'd like me to.
- Q Please, go.

A He was very, I mean, he was obviously very active in this case and so he would, when we would go see him, either Rob or I, he would have notes for us. And even underline certain things and he'd want us to either look at or discuss in which we did. When we brought to his attention the DNA evidence, he said, I don't have it. And this is well before the start of trial. We called Rob and like, hey, could you drop him off the DNA evidence, which he did. He would have -- he wanted to talk to us about alibi witnesses, you know, that we checked out. He wanted, whenever we would -- whenever I would explain something to him, he would then request that I call his mom or call his, I think it was his fiancée, I don't -- his fiancée, girlfriend, or wife. Call them and explain it to them. So there was always tell him, and then tell the family members. And so.

- Q So the claim that you did not go through the discovery with him is false?
 - A Correct.
- Q He also claims: My attorney did not show me the results from the DNA processing until we had already started jury selection.

True or false?

- A False.
- Q He also claims: At no point did my attorney discuss the

discovery with me or discuss the theory of defense at trial.

Is that true or false?

- A That is false.
- Q And if any point you want to expound, please -- please do.

 There's also a --
 - A Yeah --

Q Oh, go ahead.

A It goes back to what I was talking about with the alibi. You know, part of the issue when we were talking about defenses was this case, it was a tough case for him. And so, you know, going through the evidence and talking to him, I would and then I know I did, and then I'm almost a hundred percent sure Rob Lawson did as well, but if you asked him, well, listen, what's missing? What should we look for? Your alibi witness, you know, whatever. And so, we did discuss the defenses leading up to trial. We discussed the defenses for -- not the defenses specifically, but the facts of the case and the evidence in the back room right there where they, where they keep the defendants for, had it was well over 30 minutes from what I recall. And I want to be conservative on that and it could have been even longer going through the evidence, the date, yeah, before he took it. I don't, yeah, that's all I got on that.

Q He also claimed in his affidavit: My attorney told me that regardless of what the guilty plea agreement said, I was going to get a sentence of 6 to 15 years.

Is that true or false?

A No, and that's, you know, when I was reading that today,

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23 24

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that's the one I took the most offense of, out of all of them. And that's because very early on in my career, I forgot how it came about, but one of my mentors, Josh Tomshek, he says, listen, you can never promise a sentence. Just like in civil cases, you can never promise a client that they're going to get X amount of money out of a settlement. Never have done it on any of my cases, either criminal or civil. And so, yeah, that absolutely did not take place. I've never promised a sentence. And going further, you go -- I went over the Guilty Plea Agreement with him as well as the sentencing memo multiple times. He -- we cannot guarantee you a sentence. You cannot be guaranteed a sentence. This is the sentencing range that you're looking at. The discretion's up to the Judge. We'll do our best. We're going to get a sentencing memo for you which we did. And we'll argue like hell for you, but, no, did not tell him that.

Q Okay. There's one more claim: The advice my attorney gave me about taking the plea involved the uncharged cases listed on Guilty Plea Agreement. However, he misled me about the strength of the evidence in those cases.

Is that true or false?

- Α That's false.
- Q And you had said previously that not -- the State not filing those additional charges was a benefit, for lack of a better term. Did you want to expound on that?
- So he -- it never really, those cases never really mattered with Α Mr. Powell anyway because just adamantly denied, laughs to whatever. So it was never -- it was never, I guess, he never made it appear that he

was worried about those, even if they charged him in fact, he probably. But the fact of the matter is, based on the prior offers or his lack thereof and the way that it was presented by yourself and co-counsel at the time of trial, that this is the offer and you know what, we'll throw in, we got these ten other cases we think he's involved in. We'll just throw those in. And so it wasn't like, yeah, so.

Q Understood. The evidence in the case we actually went to trial on or began to go to trial on, would you agree that it was really strong, for lack of a better term?

A Yeah, it was, I mean, yes, it was going to be a tough case from the defense in the sense that, you know, there really weren't a lot of defenses. I mean, Roy -- Roy and I, well a couple of weeks at least before the trial, and this is not the first time I reviewed the file, I viewed it multiple times over the course, you know, discussed a lot of, you know, what are we going to do because Mr. Powell didn't, he made it clear that he wasn't going to take anything unless it was really, really low. So, you know, we went through it. What can we attack? What are the defenses? And there was a lot -- there really wasn't a lot there, so.

Q With regard to the claim in the motion that neither counsel nor Powell fully understood the nature of those uncharged crimes, with regard to that claim, did you think according to your interactions with Mr. Powell that those uncharged acts or the dismissal of those uncharged acts are the thing that caused him to take this deal? Or was it the strength of the evidence in the case we're going to trial on?

MS. MCNEILL: Well, Judge, --

THE WITNESS: No, I --

MS. MCNEILL: -- I'm going to object to speculation unless it's actually something that was discussed.

THE COURT: Well, I'll sustain the objection as if -- unless it was discussed. But if it was discussed, it's, I guess, overruled. So let's ask him.

MS. MCNEILL: Okay, foundation was my objection too.

MR. GIORDANI: Yeah, that was a poor question. I'm sorry.

THE COURT: All right.

BY MR. GIORDANI:

Q Based on your discussions with Mr. Powell, was the main thrust of the deal the fact that the State was taking life off the table? Or was the main thrust of the deal that these uncharged acts would not be filed?

A That life was coming off the table.

Q Okay. And you previously indicated you didn't believe that seeing the full discovery file on the uncharged acts was necessary in your calculus. Why is that?

A Well, in my opinion, when I -- because that was the deal that we were going to get. In fact, I believe there was discussion that, you know, it just wasn't going to get any better. You made -- you guys made it very clear that, you know, based on the evidence that you had that there, that's the only deal you're going get is life off the table. And we'll sweeten it by throwing these other cases out that we think we have him in. So, and that's how we presented it. Roy and I presented it to him is

1	like, I'm s	aying it, almost every case. The deals, they're willing to do X.
2	We're full	y prepared to go to trial. This is what you could be looking at
3	should yo	ou lose and should you be convicted on all accounts. And let us
4	know wha	at you want to do.
5	Q	Understood. One last little area of questioning and I'll be
6	done. Do	you recall while we had the jury in the hallway on the second
7	day of jur	y selection and prior to the deals being entered, you,
8	Mr. Nelsc	on, and Mr. Durham and my co-counsel and I sitting out in the
9	ante roon	n discussing the negotiation for an extended period of time?
10	А	Yes. Yes.
11	Q	You were shown photographs in the detective's wall on the
12	quote Jur	mping Jack Robbery series which included our trial and then ten
13	uncharge	d acts, right?
14	А	Yeah, I don't know what it was called but there ten, allegedly
15	ten uncha	arged acts that were
16	Q	Right. And you were shown some discovery on those other
17	uncharge	d acts like photographs still shots of photographs from
18	surveillan	ce videos in the uncharged cases, correct?
19	А	Correct.
20	Q	And we kind of pointed out, look, you can see the shoes are
21	the exact	same in some of the events and the way they all jumped, the
22	MO is the	same. Do you recall those conversations?
23	А	I don't recall specifics. I recall that that you guys, the DA's
24	office, you	u know, thought they had evidence to file.
25	Q	Okay. And you recall going through some of it or at least

1	having so	ome understanding of there are ten other events that are
2	potential	ly related and potentially could be charged after this trial occurs,
3	correct?	
4	Α	Yeah, that's correct. And then, in fact, after that discussion,
5	we Mr.	Powell and, I don't know Pinkney or Pikney, they wanted to
6	have a c	onversation with all the attorneys together. And so we went
7	back for	an extended period of time. And I forgot about Ben, but with
8	Ben, co-	defendant, Mr. Powell, Mr. Nelson.
9		MR. GIORDANI: All right. Thank you, Mr. Kane.
10		And, Judge, I will pass the witness.
11		MS. MCNEILL: Thank you, Judge. Just briefly.
12		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
13	BY MS. I	MCNEILL:
14	Q	Mr. Kane, how many criminal jury trials have you done? At
15	the time	
16	А	That would have been my
17	Q	I'm sorry.
18	Α	That would have been my first criminal jury trial.
19	Q	Okay. What was your theory of defense?
20	А	Our theory of defense was to, if I remember correctly, was
21	to we t	hought our best shot was to see what we could go as far as
22	getting s	ome of them kicked out. Tried to attack, I don't know, like
23	witness of	credibility on the IDs. Look at see if the State, you know, didn't
24	set the ri	ght foundation on the videos oo the surveillance videos. I didn't
25	go back	and look at my trial binder, but, I mean, what we were planning

1	on doing,	I had, you know, the case law printed out, the statutes,
2	anything t	hat we're yeah.
3	Q	And so you said you brought Roy Nelson on. Was Roy going
4	to be cons	sidered first chair or second chair?
5	Α	He was going to be considered first chair, I believe. I was
6	planning o	on doing the voir dire. I was going to do at least one witness.
7	But.	
8	Q	And what made you pick Roy Nelson to be to assist you with
9	the case?	
10	Α	Well he's an ex, I believe, Chief Deputy District Attorney. He's
11	been doin	g criminal work as, I don't know how many trials he's done, but
12	it's got to	be more than 20 or 30, if not a hundred jury trials. During that
13	time, I act	ually, I called my buddy, Josh Tomsheck, first. He was in a
14	murder tri	al at the time so he could not do it. So I called Roy and Roy
15	agreed to	it, to assist.
16	Q	Did Roy have any contact with Mr. Powell prior to the start of
17	the trial?	
18	Α	He did.
19	Q	He did. Okay. So when you said you visited two or three
20	times, how	v many of those meetings was Roy in?
21	Α	One.
22	Q	Okay. And so you indicated that you believed you visited him
23	two to thre	ee times and that would have been in the months between
24	Novembe	r 2017 and July of 2018, correct?
25	Α	Yes.

- Q Okay, and so it sounds like you had --
- A I believe that's correct.
- Q Sorry I may have cut you off. Sounds like you had your investigator do the bulk of the client contact. What kinds of -- did, did Mr. Lawson provide any type of advice about the discovery?

A No. So, no I didn't have him do the bulk of the client contact. What had happened, and Mr. Powell knew this because I discussed this with him, is I had twins that were born in March -- March 1st, and then subsequently died three weeks later. And so I was working from home for a period of two months and that's when we were discussing things over the phone. It wasn't a matter of Mr. Lawson doing the heavy work.

Q Okay. You indicated that this was going to be your first criminal jury trial. Would you say that you sort of deferred to Mr. Nelson since he was more seasoned?

A No. I've conducted, at that time, at least 20 civil jury trials myself. Well recognized by most of the District Court judges here in town and have been for many years. Very good at cross-examination, every aspect of trial really. And so it was more of having his experience with, you know, if a specific issue would come up with let's say a little nuance or of criminal law and so that he would be -- just to make sure if I didn't know something that he was there. I mean, Roy's also very, very, very, good criminal defense attorney and so I wanted somebody there just like I did my first civil trial with somebody else, so.

Q Mr. Kane, were you aware that during this time period Mr. Nelson was suffering from some serious substance abuse problems?

1	Α	I was not aware of that.
2		MR. GIORDANI: And, Judge, I would just object and ask to
3	strike tha	t from the record unless there's some evidence of that or
4	foundation	n laid.
5		THE COURT: Counsel,
6		MS. MCNEILL: Judge, I'll withdraw the question. I think it'll -
7		THE COURT: All right. I'm sustaining the
8		MS. MCNEILL: Kind of germane on post-conviction.
9		THE COURT: objection. I mean, that's unless there's
10	clear evid	dence of that.
11		MS. MCNEILL: Well, they can leave that to post-conviction,
12	Judge. I'	Il withdraw it.
13	BY MS. N	MCNEILL:
14	Q	Mr. Kane, you indicated that part of your discussion with
15	Mr. Powe	ell in discussing the deal was to talk about the sentencing range
16	that he w	as facing by entering his plea, correct?
17	Α	That's correct.
18	Q	What sentencing range did you tell him you believed might be
19	likely, ba	sed on the charges to which he was pleading?
20	Α	You know I don't remember what charges he pled to. I'm
21	Q	Well, to refresh your recollection,
22	Α	sorry I don't remember, but.
23	Q	it was two counts of conspiracy to commit robbery, two
24	counts of	burglary with a firearm, two counts of first-degree kidnapping
25	with a de	adly weapon, seven counts of robbery with use of a deadly

1	weapon.	
2	Α	Yeah, I don't remember the range that I would have given him.
3	Q	Okay. No more question
4	Α	I would have told him the specific ranges on each. I don't
5	know if I d	lid that specifically or if Roy did. Or we both did.
6	Q	Okay.
7		MS. MCNEILL: Northing further, Judge.
8		THE COURT: Okay, I've got to ask and both of you can
9	address th	nis. On the remand, you talked about, on page 2, the first
10	sentence.	But the second one: Powell further claimed that because he
11	has since	learned there was no evidence linking him to the new charges,
12	he would	not have pleaded guilty but would have insisted on going to
13	trial.	
14		There was a little bit of testimony about these other charges
15	and the ev	vidence, but I think certainly the Supreme Court is relying on, I
16	guess, the	e affidavit. So what's that about? Do you see where the
17		MS. MCNEILL: Well, Judge, I think that that is Mr. Powell's
18	contention	ns and then certainly the State can argue that now
19		THE COURT: Well, all right, but
20		MS. MCNEILL: they think the record belies that.
21		THE COURT: shouldn't somebody inquire as to whether or
22	not that's	I mean, that's
23		MS. MCNEILL: Well, I guess
24		THE COURT: supposedly the substance of this hearing is
25	whether o	r not his claim would affect going to trial. And so, I

1	MS. MCNEILL: Well, I mean, I don't know that he can answer
2	that unless Mr. Powell told him that. That's
3	THE COURT: Well, right. Did they discuss it, I guess is my
4	question.
5	MS. MCNEILL: Mr. Kane, did you hear the Judge's question?
6	Did you discuss, but for those uncharged cases being filed, Mr. Powell
7	would have gone to trial?
8	MR. KANE: No.
9	MS. MCNEILL: Okay.
10	THE COURT: Does that bring up any questions for the State?
11	MR. GIORDANI: Yes, Your Honor, briefly.
12	THE COURT: Go ahead.
13	MR. GIORDANI: Mister
14	Thank you.
15	RECROSS EXAMINATION
16	BY MR. GIORDANI:
17	Q Mr. Kane, I previously asked you about where the unfiled
18	charges kind of came in to your calculus? And I believe that your
19	response was something to the effect it was a minor kind of an added
20	bonus to the deal. Is that an accurate statement or can you expound a
21	little bit?
22	A The listen, the deal, it just, we told them we don't know if
23	they're going to charge you with these. They've been, would they have
24	been talking about it for a while. They we don't know what evidence,
25	but this is the deal and they're going to throw that in. And so it was just

a -- it was a bonus. It wasn't like the deciding factor, okay, now I'm going to take it. And because -- yeah.

Q And based upon your conversations with Mr. Powell, did he enter this deal where he basically pled to the sheet, but got the benefit of life being taken off the table because it was essentially a foregone conclusion that he was going to be found guilty at trial? Or --

MS. MCNEILL: Well, objection --

MR. GIORDANI: -- likely found guilty?

MS. MCNEILL: -- you don't know what a jury's going to do.

THE COURT: Well, I think he's only asking for the discussions. Is that -- if you limit it to the discussions, I'll allow it.

Obviously --

MR. GIORDANI: Yes.

THE COURT: -- it would be a speculation, but on the other hand, the discussions regarding that are relevant.

THE WITNESS: Right. So when we went back there, obviously I don't remember specifics of what, but I do remember that we're in there, Mr. Powell and Mr. Pinkney are, you know, they're upset with the deal. We're explaining it to them. They had a lot of questions about it that we answered. And most specifically what they were. You wanted, like I said, it was like 30 minutes, but it could have well been an hour and a half that we discussed the deal. And it wasn't a lot of time spent on those ten other cases. Most of it was spent on, you know, just not a lot there for him. Didn't look good that, you know, yeah. I mean, I don't remember exactly what we talked about, but we spoke, Roy and I,

1	and Ben,	at one point, for a very long time.
2		MS. MCNEILL: And, Judge, if I
3		MR. GIORDANI: And if you recall
4		MS. MCNEILL: Oh, sorry, John. I forgot it was
5		MR. GIORDANI: Oh, I'm sorry.
6		MS. MCNEILL: your turn. Sorry.
7		MR. GIORDANI: All right.
8	BY MR. 0	GIORDANI:
9	Q	And if you recall, Mr. Kane, at the time of trial, Mr. Powell had
10	previousl	y been convicted of a robbery and an attempted robbery in a
11	prior feloi	ny case, correct?
12	Α	Yes, in California, if I remember right.
13	Q	And, therefore, it would have been, I guess, admissible as
14	impeachr	ment had he taken the stand at trial.
15	Α	Yeah.
16		MR. GIORDANI: Okay, I have no further questions, Judge.
17		THE COURT: Defense.
18		MS. MCNEILL: Just just briefly.
19		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
20	BY MS.	MCNEILL:
21	Q	As Mr. Giordani said, Mr. Powell basically pled to the sheet,
22	including	the two first-degree kidnapping counts. Are you familiar with
23	the Supre	eme Court case law on first-degree kidnapping as being
24	incidenta	to the robbery and did you think that perhaps you could get
25	those cou	unts kicked by the jury or later on an appeal?

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A Yeah, so you're talking about the *Wright* case, I believe, and that was -- we did discuss it and that was one of the things that we discussed with Ben and Roy beforehand. And, you know, understand that this was kind of unusual, I guess, the not have an offer from the District Attorney's office before -- before voir dire. And so it was unusual that we, listen, once we get -- when we got the offer too, Roy and I discussed, and Ben, we were all, you know, kind of confused and pissed for like, what he, it's not an offer. So this was explained to them, but it was prefaced with the understanding that the evidence is so bad against them and their defenses were, if they had minimal, if anything, that they weren't, it wasn't going -- we didn't believe it was going to get any better for them even with what you described the Supreme Court, their opinion in the *Wright* case. So.

Q Okay.

A They weren't made -- the offer was not going to get better.

And they made that clear that the offer was going away at the jury selection. So.

Q So it sounds like you had some time pressure on the offer?

A No, it wasn't time pressure in the sense that, I mean,

Judge Israel was very patient with us and we had -- they said, it was our
turn, we were just going to start jury selection so I'm sure we could have
continued it, but. Or told the Judge, I guess, we could have requested,
hey, he wants to think about it. Let the jury go for the day.

Q Okay, did -- did you ask for more time to talk about the offer because previously when you testified, you made it sound like you just

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had this 30-minute time period that you were talking in the back of the room while the jury's waiting. Do you think that's the best setting to talk to a client about an offer?

Α No, no. I guess you misunderstood what I was getting at when I said conservatively 30 minutes. I think it was more -- it was more like hours. And getting to the point where we were just going -- we talked about just sending the jury home, if I remember correctly, with the DA's office. They -- so it wasn't the, when I said 30 minutes it was not, I did not want it to be intended that, hey, this was a quick conversation in the back. It was more to show -- we were back there for a while. And we were back and forth talking to Ben, you know, and then going back in. They wanted to talk together, the co-defendants, they wanted to talk with all the attorneys. So, I mean, it was, it was some time. And understand, throughout the course of the case and we -- he discussed the sentences, the charges, so he knew what he was looking at. This wasn't like it was the first time that he understood. So.

MS. MCNEILL: All right. Judge, I have nothing further.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Any other witnesses?

MS. MCNEILL: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I'm going to -- did you want to talk to your client because I want to pull Strickland. I have one marked up with lots of good quotes so I need to review it.

MS. MCNEILL: Sure, Judge. If you want to take a break, I can --

THE COURT: And did you want --

1	MS. MCNEILL: see if he has any questions.
2	THE COURT: to talk with him? So.
3	MS. MCNEILL: Sure.
4	THE COURT: All right. We'll do that again.
5	MR. KANE: Your Honor, am I dismissed?
6	THE COURT: Yes, sorry.
7	MR. KANE: Thank you.
8	[Hearing trailed at 2:24 p.m.]
9	[Hearing resumed at 2:42 p.m.]
10	THE COURT: You may be seated.
11	Are we on?
12	THE COURT RECORDER: Uh-huh.
13	THE COURT: Okay. Argument. Defense.
14	MS. MCNEILL: Judge, I think I'm just going to submit. I know
15	Your Honor watched the hearing, you listened to it, I know you're well
16	briefed. Mr. Kane's testimony was what it was. Your Honor was able to
17	observe him, his demeanor. You can evaluate his credibility. And so I'm
18	going to submit, Judge.
19	THE COURT: State.
20	MR. GIORDANI: I will submit as well, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: Wow.
22	MS. MCNEILL: Easier than you thought.
23	THE COURT: Thank you.
24	All right, first of all, I did find Mr. Kane's testimony to be
25	credible. And certainly his testimony is in direct conflict with Mr. Powell's

affidavit, specifically regarding the points that are important to this hearing. The easiest one is, and I don't know if I quoted, yeah, here: I never told Mr. Powell he would receive 6 to 15.

That is on page 2, the second part of the remand. And Mr. Kane specifically, well, I'm not a -- I can't write as fast so I, but I wrote never told Mr. Powell he would receive 6 to 15. Mr. Kane's testimony, as I said, was credible. I did -- I do acknowledge that this was his first jury trial, excuse me, criminal jury trial, however, my recollection from the very, from the beginnings of it was that he was certainly a competent trial lawyer.

In any event, some of the other points -- oh, Mr. Kane testified that he did, in fact, go over the discovery. And when I say discovery about this case, with the defendant. And he went over the Guilty Plea Agreement several times with the defendant and his testimony was that the ten additional, the ten uncharged cases, and again I think it's a quote, but: those cases never mattered in this case.

We will -- the State, apparently: we will throw in those other cases.

The discussions were, the main thrust was taking life off the table. As far as, as I said, the second part of the remand, the 6 to 15, Mr. Kane was clear that he learned early in his career, notwithstanding that there was or he does significant civil and I think now, although I don't know, more criminal. In any event that he would not tell a client that whether, again, whether it's civil where getting a million dollars or in this case, I can get you 6 to 15. In fact, he specifically refuted that statement.

And so regarding the first part, and so therefore, again, if in fact that was 1 2 3 5 6 7

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never stated to the defendant, there certainly can't be any ineffective assistance of counsel on that point. So let's go to the first paragraph, and I'm reading from the remand: As Powell points out on appeal, he claimed counsel was ineffective for advising him to enter into a guilty plea when part of the purported benefit was the State foregoing filing new charges, but neither counsel nor Powell fully understood the nature of the new charges.

I think what that may be saying is understood the evidence of the new charges because the next line: Powell further claimed that because he has since learned, there was no evidence linking him to the new charges, he would not have pleaded guilty but would have assisted on going to trial.

Once again, that appears to be belied by Mr. Kane's testimony when he, although it is clear he didn't have all of the discovery on those additional uncharged ten cases, that it was Mr. Kane's motive or his objective to get life, the possibility of -- a sentence of life off the table. They did discuss, according to Mr. Kane, the possibility of these ten charges and apparently some of the, some of the evidence that existed or allegedly tied Mr. Powell to those additional uncharged crimes. We have nothing in the record or today regarding whether or not, as in Mr. Powell's affidavit, that there's no evidence, and again that's what they said, there's no evidence linking Mr. Powell to the new charges. And I believe the questioning and/or there was something about similar shoes and yes, the individuals, and I did review the original motion, which I'm

sure you have, to withdraw the guilty plea.

And the affidavit, the argument in the opposition was made that certainly Mr. Powell would know whether or not any of those uncharged cases had anything to do with him. And apparently Mr. Kane didn't feel that that was, and again I can't remember his, let me see if I have his -- I believe he said I don't believe it mattered. But that's in the transcript, so.

So once again at the third sentence: Powell's claim, if true, and not belied by the record, entitled him to relief.

And given the testimony today and the almost, well, several contradictory -- contradicted points by Mr. Kane of Mr. Powell's affidavit, it certainly appears that there was no ineffective assistance of counsel. The *Strickland* and the subsequent cases talk about the fact that it isn't the perfect lawyer and I'm just kind of summing it up, They don't use that wording. But it isn't, a perfect lawyer that the standard is held to, but -- and, I'm trying to get the exact quote from the case, but in any event, the lawyer has to do an adequate job -- okay, the proper standard, the attorney performance is that of a reasonably effective assistance considering all the circumstances.

With regard to the required showing of prejudice, the proper standard requires the defendant to show that there is a reasonable probability that but for counsel's unprofessional errors, the result of the proceeding would have been different.

Now that tangentially applies because here we have just an issue of Mr. Powell requesting to withdraw his plea and that is a different

standard for his being able to do that. But the reason for him claiming to be doing that is the ineffective assistance. Ineffective assistance of counsel could be a fair and just reason for withdrawing a guilty plea. I do not find ineffective assistance of counsel. The fact that the defendant basically pled to the charges is one factor to be considered, but the advantage that the reason for the plea was, pursuant to Mr. Kane, to take life off the table. Mr. Kane, and just to make sure I got all of these in my notes, went over the Guilty Plea Agreement several times and he stated those cases never mattered in this case. We will throw in the other cases and that was speaking of what the, I guess, the District Attorney in his mind that I think he said something that he only considered it, well you'll get these cases thrown in.

So, again, in the remand, Powell's claim of true and not belied by the record entitled him to relief. But now with the evidentiary hearing and again the fact that I do not see any ineffective assistance of counsel and, I guess, certainly the Appeals Court had the record. I thought I said, the -- at the time, it wouldn't be fair or that I base my decision on the standard. But I certainly acknowledge that the standard is permitting withdrawal would be fair and just. And in this case, this hearing, I don't see any grounds to permit, if you will, or refute that -- no, not refute, to, that there was no reason under the fair and just standard to allow the withdrawal of the plea.

So I think I covered everything. So that is for the remand and the State needs to get a copy of all this and present the order. They can -- I like it when they pass it by you and I may edit it or change it or

1	whatever, just like we do in civil cases. I may not have addressed
2	everything given the time and given the fact that I don't have all of the
3	cases in front of me, but I think that covers it.
4	MR. GIORDANI: Thank you, Your Honor.
5	MS. MCNEILL: Thank you, Judge.
6	So Mr. Giordani, just email me that order when it's done and
7	I'll say okay or not and then we'll get it to the Judge.
8	MR. GIORDANI: Will do.
9	MS. MCNEILL: Thank you.
10	THE COURT: All right.
11	MS. MCNEILL: Thank you, Judge.
12	THE COURT: Thank you.
13	MR. GIORDANI: Thank you.
14	MS. MCNEILL: Be safe everybody.
15	THE COURT: Yes, you too.
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17	[Hearing concluded at 2:59 p.m.]
18	* * * * *
19	
20	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
21	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
22	Judy Chappell Judy Chappell
23	Judy Chappell Court Recorder/Transcriber
24	Court Necorder/ Hariscriber