MARC SCHACHTER #91445 TLVCC P.O. BOX 208 INDIAN SPHINGS NV ,NPLOSE

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CASENO. 86361

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

MARC POUL SCHACHTER PETITIONER

V-5. THE SECOND JUDICIAL

DISTRICT COURT-WASHIE

STATE OF NEVADA

APPENDIX IN SUPPORT OF PETITION FOR WHIT OF PROHIBITION

PETITIONER, MARC SCHACITER, IN PROSE, REQUESTS - THE FOLLOWING APPENDIX BE ADDED TO THE RECORD TO SUPPORT THE PETITION SHOULD THE COURT GRANT HIS REQUEST FOR RECONDSLUELATION.

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MARL SCHACUTER 491495

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APPENDIX

- (1) JUDGMENT-CASEND. CRIT-1044 FILED ON 3/5/15
- (2) CORRECTED JUDGHENT-CASE NO. CR-14-1044)
 FILED ON 7/30/15
 - (3) OFFER OF COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STRATE OF NENADA - CASSE NO. 84847-COA FILED ON 9/9/22
- (4) CORRECTED JUDGHENT CASE NO. CR14-1044 FLED ON 10/13/22
- (5) ORDER TO SET CASE NO. CR14-1044
 FILED ON 2/14/23



NO. 1

NO. 1

EXIL!

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Jacqueline Bryant
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 4847851

Case No. CR14-1044

Dept. No. 4

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IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

STATE OF NEVADA.

Plaintiff,

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vs.

MARC PAUL SCHACHTER,

Defendant.

JUDGMENT

The Defendant, having been found Guilty by a Jury of Attempted Robbery, a violation of NRS 193.330, being an attempt to violate NRS 200.380, a felony, as charged in Count I of the Amended Information, and no sufficient cause being shown by Defendant as to why judgment should not be pronounced against him, the Court renders judgment as follows:

That Marc Paul Schachter is guilty of the crime of Attempted Robbery, a violation of NRS 193.330, being an attempt to violate NRS 200.380, a felony, as charged in Count I of the Amended Information.

The State further filed a charge of Being A Habitual Criminal, as defined in NRS 207.010, as charged in Count III of the Amended Information. The matter was heard and the Court finds that the Defendant suffered constitutionally valid previous convictions to support the adjudication of habitual criminal. In addition, after considering all factors in mitigation, the prior lectures he has received, the prior chances from the State through



EX.#1

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 negotiations as well as his prior chances on parole, this Court finds that it is just and proper that the Defendant deserves to be declared a habitual criminal. Based upon those findings, this Court finds the Defendant to be a habitual criminal. The Defendant shall be sentenced as a Habitual Criminal, as defined in NRS 207.010(a).

The Defendant shall be punished by imprisonment in the Nevada Department of Corrections for the term of forty-eight (48) months with minimum parole eligibility of twelve (12) months with credit for two hundred sixty-three (263) days time served, for Count I; by imprisonment in the Nevada Department of Corrections for the maximum term of twenty (20) years with the minimum parole eligibility of five (5) years, with credit for two hundred sixty-three (263) days time served, for Count III, to be served concurrently with sentence imposed in Count I; and by payment of attorney's fees in the amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for reimbursement of legal expenses.

Defendant is further ordered to pay a Three Dollar (\$3.00) administrative assessment for obtaining a biological specimen and conducting a genetic marker analysis and a Twenty-Five Dollar (\$25.00) administrative assessment fee to the Clerk of the Second Judicial District Court.

The fees are subject to removal from the Defendant's books at the Nevada Department of Corrections.

Dated this _____ day of March, 2015. NUNC PRO TUNC to February 26, 2015.

> DONNIE J. SEINHEIMEB DISTRICT JUDGE

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IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff.

Dept. No. 4

Case No. CR14-1044

VS.

MARC PAUL SCHACHTER,

Defendant.

CORRECTED JUDGMENT

The Defendant, having been found Guilty by a Jury of Attempted Robbery, a violation of NRS 193.330, being an attempt to violate NRS 200.380, a felony, as charged in Count I of the Amended Information, and no sufficient cause being shown by Defendant as to why judgment should not be pronounced against him, the Court renders judgment as follows:

That Marc Paul Schachter is guilty of the crime of Attempted Robbery, a violation of NRS 193.330, being an attempt to violate NRS 200.380, a felony, as charged in Count I of the Amended Information.

The State further filed a charge of Being A Habitual Criminal, as defined in NRS 207.010, as charged in Count III of the Amended Information. The matter was heard and the Court finds that the Defendant suffered constitutionally valid previous convictions to support the adjudication of habitual criminal. In addition, after considering all factors in mitigation, the prior lectures he has received, the prior chances from the State through

EX#Z

proper that the Defendant deserves to be declared a habitual criminal. Based upon those findings, this Court finds the Defendant to be a habitual criminal. The Defendant shall be sentenced as a Habitual Criminal, as defined in NRS 207.010, a felony.

For Count I, Attempted Robbery by a habitual criminal, the Defendant shall be punished by imprisonment in the Nevada Department of Corrections for the maximum term of twenty (20) years with the minimum parole eligibility of five (5) years, with credit for two hundred sixty-three (263) days time served; and by payment of attorney's fees in the amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for reimbursement of legal expenses.

Defendant is further ordered to pay a Three Dollar (\$3.00) administrative assessment for obtaining a biological specimen and conducting a genetic marker analysis and a Twenty-Five Dollar (\$25.00) administrative assessment fee to the Clerk of the Second Judicial District Court.

The fees are subject to removal from the Defendant's books at the Nevada Department of Corrections.

Dated this <u>49</u> day of July, 2015. NUNC PRO TUNC to February 26, 2015.

ONNIE J. SEINHEIMER

No.3

No. 3

IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

MARC PAUL SCHACHTER, Appellant, vs. THE STATE OF NEVADA, Respondent. No. 84547-COA

FILED

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ORDER AFFIRMING IN PART, REVERSING IN PART AND REMANDING

Marc Paul Schachter appeals from an order of the district court denying a motion to modify and/or correct an illegal sentence filed on June 11, 2021. Second Judicial District Court, Washoe County; Connie J. Steinheimer, Judge.

Schachter first claimed the sentencing court did not have jurisdiction to issue a corrected judgment of conviction on July 30, 2015, because at that time, Schachter's appeal from his judgment of conviction was pending before the Nevada Supreme Court. A sentence is facially illegal where either the district court was without jurisdiction to impose a sentence or the sentence was imposed in excess of the statutory maximum. See Edwards v. State, 112 Nev. 704, 708, 918 P.2d 321, 324 (1996). The parties had agreed that Schacter's original sentence was illegal and should be corrected. However, once an appeal has been filed, the "district judge lacks jurisdiction over a case until the remittitur is issued." Buffington v. State, 110 Nev. 124, 126, 868 P.2d 643, 644 (1994).

Because the remittitur had not yet issued for Schachter's appeal from his original judgment of conviction when the sentencing court issued the corrected judgment of conviction, the sentencing court did not have jurisdiction to issue the corrected judgment of conviction. Accordingly,

OOURT OF APPEALS OF NEVADA

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we reverse the district court's decision denying this claim, and we remand this matter to the district court to vacate the corrected judgment of conviction filed on July 30, 2015, and to reissue the judgment following the supreme court's issuance of remittitur in this case.¹

Schachter also claimed that the issuance of the corrected judgment of conviction nunc pro tunc was improper and that he should not have been adjudicated a habitual criminal. These claims fell outside the narrow scope of claims permissible in a motion to modify or correct an illegal sentence. See Edwards, 112 Nev. at 708, 918 P.2d at 324. Therefore, without considering the merits of these claims, we conclude the district court did not err by denying them. Accordingly, we

ORDER the judgment of the district court AFFIRMED IN PART AND REVERSED IN PART AND REMAND this matter to the district court for proceedings consistent with this order.

Gibbons, C.J.

Tao, J.

Bulla

¹The district court concluded this claim was moot because, in its affirmance of Schachter's original judgment of conviction, the Nevada Supreme Court stated that the corrected judgment of conviction rendered moot Schachter's claim challenging his original sentence. See Schachter v. State, No. 67673, 2016 WL 4445661, at *1 n.1 (Nev. Aug. 10, 2016) (Order of Affirmance). However, the Nevada Supreme Court did not address whether the sentencing court had jurisdiction to enter its corrected judgment of conviction. Therefore, we conclude the district court erred by rejecting Schachter's jurisdictional argument as moot.

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Alicia L. Lerud
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 9311829

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IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

STATE OF NEVADA,

VS.

Plaintiff,

Case No. CR14-1044

Dept. No. 4

MARC PAUL SCHACHTER,

Defendant.

CORRECTED JUDGMENT

The Defendant, having been found Guilty by a Jury of Attempted Robbery, a violation of NRS 193.330, being an attempt to violate NRS 200.380, a felony, as charged in Count I of the Amended Information, and no sufficient cause being shown by Defendant as to why judgment should not be pronounced against him, the Court renders judgment as follows:

That Marc Paul Schachter is guilty of the crime of Attempted Robbery, a violation of NRS 193.330, being an attempt to violate NRS 200.380, a felony, as charged in Count I of the Amended Information.

The State further filed a charge of Being A Habitual Criminal, as defined in NRS 207.010, as charged in Count III of the Amended Information. The matter was heard and the Court finds that the Defendant suffered constitutionally valid previous convictions to support the adjudication of habitual criminal. In addition, after considering all factors in mitigation, the prior lectures he has received, the prior chances from the State through

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 negotiations as well as his prior chances on parole, this Court finds that it is just and proper and that the Defendant deserves to be declared a habitual criminal. Based upon those findings, this Court finds the Defendant to be a habitual criminal. The Defendant shall be sentenced as a Habitual Criminal, as defined in NRS 207.010, a felony.

For Count I, Attempted Robbery by a habitual criminal, the Defendant shall be punished by imprisonment in the Nevada Department of Corrections for the maximum term of twenty (20) years with the minimum parole eligibility of five (5) years, with credit for two hundred sixty-three (263) days time served; and by payment of attorney's fees in the amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for reimbursement of legal expenses.

Defendant is further ordered to pay a Three Dollar (\$3.00) administrative assessment for obtaining a biological specimen and conducting a genetic marker analysis and a Twenty-Five Dollar (\$25.00) administrative assessment fee to the Clerk of the Second Judicial District Court.

The fees are subject to removal from the Defendant's books at the Nevada Department of Corrections.

Dated this ______ day of October, 2022. NUNC PRO TUNC to February 26, 2015.

Connie 1. Hunhermes

No. 5

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Alicia L. Lerud
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 9509670

Case No. CR14-1044

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IN THE SECOND	JUDICIAL DISTRICT	COURT OF TH	E STATE OF N	NEVADA
	IN AND FOR THE CO	DUNTY OF WAS	HOF	

MARC PAUL SCHACHTER.

Petitioner.

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VS.

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Respondent.

ORDER TO SET

On September 13, 2022, the Nevada Supreme Court's Order Affirming in Part,.

Reversing in Part and Remanding entered in Case No. 84547, was filed into the above entitled matter.

On October 4, 2022, Petitioner Marc Paul Schachter (hereinafter "SCHACHTER"), in pro per, filed a *Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction*).

On October 6, 2022, the Remittitur for Nevada Supreme Court Case 84547 was issued on October 4, 2022, and entered into the above-entitled matter on October 6, 2022.

On October 13, 2022, the Court entered an Order Vacating Corrected Judgment of Conviction filed on July 30, 2015, and Re-Issuing the Corrected Judgment of Conviction Pursuant to Order by Nevada Supreme Court, and a Corrected Judgment. Also, on October 13, 2022, the Court entered an Order directing the State of Nevada to Respond to Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) filed on October 6, 2022 within forty-five (45) days of the date of the Order.

On October 18, 2022, SCHACHTER filed a *Memorandum of Points and Authorities* in Support of a Habeas Corpus.

On November 28, 2022, the STATE OF NEVADA filed a *Motion to Dismiss Petition* for Writ of Habeas Corpus. On December 19, 2022, SCHACHTER filed a Response to *Motion to Dismiss Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus – Post Conviction Relief*, and submitted his Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) for the Court's consideration.

On January 31, 2023, SCHACHTER filed a Request for Expedited Hearing on Petitioner's Writ of Habeas Corpus.

The Court having reviewed the pleadings filed herein, finds that oral arguments on the State of Nevada's Motion to Dismiss filed on November 28, 2022 would assist the Court in deciding the Motion.

Therefore, with good cause appearing and in the interests of justice,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the State of Nevada shall contact Department Four's Judicial Assistant within thirty (30) days of the date of this Order to set oral arguments on the State of Nevada's Motion to Dismiss filed on November 28, 2022. Once oral arguments on the Motion are set with the State and confirmed with the Nevada Department of Corrections, the Petitioner will be notified of the hearing date by Order of the Court.

Dated this 14 day of February, 2023.

<u> COMUS (). (JUNN)</u> DISTRICT JUDGE