#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

MATT KLABACKA AS DISTRIBUTION TRUSTEE OF THE ERIC L. NELSON NEVADA TRUST DATED MAY 30, 2001;

Electronically Filed Nov 27 2023 01:53 PM Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

Petitioner,

VS.

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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, CLARK COUNTY; THE HONORABLE

10 | REGINA M. MCCONNELL,

11 Respondents,

LYNITA SUE NELSON, individually, and in her capacity as Investment Trustee of the Lynita S. Nelson Nevada Trust, dated May 30, 2001,

and

ERIC L. NELSON,

Real Parties in Interest.

Supreme Ct. No.:

District Ct. No: D-09-411537-D

**EMERGENCY WRIT UNDER NRAP 27(e)** 

**PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS** 

SOLOMON DWIGGINS FREER & STEADMAN, LTD.

JEFFREY P. LUSZECK, ESQ., NSB #9619

E-mail: jluszeck@sdfnvlaw.com 9060 W. Cheyenne Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89129 Telephone: (702) 853-5483 Attorney for Petitioner

2728

Docket 87650 Document 2023-38279

#### I. NRAP 27(e) Certificate

Petitioners respectfully certify that this writ is filed on an emergency basis requiring relief on or before December 8, 2023 to avoid irreparable harm. Immediate relief is necessary as the district court entered judgments in favor the ELN Trust against Lynita S. Nelson and the LSN Trust in the cumulative amount of \$1,748,279.06, and Lynita S. Nelson has transferred a substantial amount of real property titled in the name of the LSN Trust to a number of entities that she created without the knowledge or consent of Eric and/or the ELN Trust. The ELN Trust is informed and believes that Lynita S. Nelson will continue to sell and transfer assets, the majority of which is real property, in order to ensure that the ELN Trust cannot collect on the outstanding judgments.

The relief sought in the Writ of Mandamus is akin to the relief requested in a Motion for Reconsideration filed by Eric L. Nelson, individually, on November 21, 2023.

A. NRAP 27(e)(3)(a) Telephone Numbers and Office Addresses of the Attorneys for the Parties.

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Trust in an "Unbundled Capacity"

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Telephone: 702-867-8313 *Attorney for Eric Nelson* 

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Attorney for Matt Klabacka,
Distribution Trustee of the Eric L.
Nelson Trust dated May 30, 2001

# B. Facts Showing the Existence and Nature of the Claimed Emergency (NRAP 27(e)(3)(b)

As indicated *supra*, immediate relief is necessary as the district court entered judgments in favor the ELN Trust against Lynita S. Nelson and the LSN Trust in the cumulative amount of \$1,748,279.06, and Lynita S. Nelson has transferred a substantial amount of real property titled in the name of the LSN Trust to a number of entities that she created without the knowledge or consent of Eric and/or the ELN Trust. The ELN Trust is informed and believes that Lynita S. Nelson will continue to sell and transfer assets, the majority of which is real property, in order to ensure that the ELN Trust cannot collect on the outstanding judgments. Notwithstanding, because of the district court's error the ELN Trust is precluded form conducting a debtor examination and/or beginning collection on the outstanding judgments.

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#### C. Notification of Parties pursuant to NRAP 27(e)(3)(c)

Counsel for the ELN Trust notified the Parties of the filing of this Writ of Mandamus. This notification was made by Jeffrey P. Luszeck, Esq. via email on November 22, 2023. Service of the Writ will take place by email and e-service upon all parties' counsel and by mail to the other interested parties, if any.

Dated this 27th day of November, 2023.

Respectfully Submitted,

SOLOMON DWIGGINS FREER & STEADMAN, LTD.

#### /s/ Jeffrey P. Luszeck

JEFFREY P. LUSZECK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9619

#### **CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE**

1. I hereby certify that this brief complies with the formatting requirements of NRAP 32(a)(4), the requirements of NRAP 32(a)(5) and the type style requirements of NRAP (32)(a)(6) because:

This brief has been prepared in a proportionally spaced typeface using Times New Romon in Microsoft Word in 14-point font.

- 2. I further certify that this brief complies with the page- and type-volume limitation of NRAP 32(a)(7), because, excluding the parts of the brief exempted by NRAP 32(a)(7)(C), because it does not exceed 30 pages.
- 3. Finally, I hereby certify that I have read this Writ, and to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, it is not frivolous or interposed for any improper purpose. I further certify that this Writ complies with all applicable Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, in particular NRAP 28(e)(1), which requires every assertion in the Writ regarding matters in the record to be supported by a reference to page and volume number, if any, of the transcript or appendix where the matter relied on is to be found. I understand that I may be subject to sanctions in the event that the accompanying Writ is not in conformity with the requirements of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure.

Dated this 27<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2023.

Respectfully Submitted,

SOLOMON DWIGGINS FREER & STEADMAN, LTD.

/s/ Jeffrey P. Luszeck

JEFFREY P. LUSZECK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9619

#### **ATTORNEY'S CERTIFICATE PURSUANT NARP 28.2**

- 1. The undersigned attorney hereby certifies that he has read the Writ
- 2. To the best of the attorneys' knowledge, information and belief, the Writ is not frivolous or interposed for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needles increase in the cost of litigation.
- 3. The Writ complies with all applicable Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, including the requirement of Rule 28(e) that every assertion in the brief regarding matters in the record be supported by a reference to the page and volume number, if any, of the appendix where the matter relied on is to be found.
- 4. The Writ complies with the formatting requirements of Rule 32(a)(4-6), and either the page- or type-volume limitations stated in Rule 32(a)(7).

Dated this 27th day of November, 2023.

Respectfully Submitted,

SOLOMON DWIGGINS FREER & STEADMAN, LTD.

/s/ Jeffrey P. Luszeck

JEFFREY P. LUSZECK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9619

#### **NRAP 26.1 DISCLOSURE**

Pursuant to Rule 26.1 of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure,
Petitioner states that they have no parent corporations and no publicly held
company owns 10% or more of the stock of Petitioner. The undersigned Counsel
of Record certifies that the following are persons and entities, as described in
NRAP 26.1(a), which must be disclosed. These representations are made in order
the honorable judges of this Court may evaluate possible disqualification or
recusal.

Counsel for Matt Klabacka, Distribution Trustee of the Eric L. Nelson Nevada Trust dated May 30, 2001:

SOLOMON, DWIGGINS FREER & STEADMAN, LTD. Jeffrey P. Luszeck, Esq.

Counsel for Eric Nelson, individually, and in his individual capacity as Investment Trustee of the Eric L. Nelson Nevada Trust dated May 30, 2001:

HAUSER FAMILY LAW Michelle A. Hauser, Esq.

Counsel for Lynita Nelson individually, and in her capacity as Investment Trustee of the Lynita S. Nelson Nevada Trust, dated May 30, 2001:

MICHAELSON LAW Stacy Howlett, Esq. Michael Whittaker, Esq.

#### NRAP 21(a)(1) ROUTING STATEMENT

NRAP 21(a)(3)(A) requires that a Writ Petition state "whether the matter falls in one of the categories of cases retained by the Supreme Court pursuant to NRAP 17(a) or presumptively assigned to the Court of Appeals pursuant to NRAP 17(b)."This case technically falls into one of the categories of cases presumptively assigned to the Court of Appeals pursuant to NRAP 17(b), *i.e.*, "cases involved family law matters other than termination of parental rights or NRS Chapter 432B proceedings." Petitioner, Matt Klabacka, Distribution Trustee of the Eric L. Nelson Nevada Trust dated May 30, 2001 ("Matt"), believes, however, that this case should be retained by the Supreme Court for all of the following reasons:

- (1) The Supreme Court has previously heard an appeal in this matter Nevada Supreme Court Case No. 66772 which resulted in a published decision: *Klabacka v. Nelson*, 133 Nev. 164, 394 P.3d 940 (2017). The *Klabacka* decision defined the district court's obligation on remand. In addition to *Klabacka*, the Supreme Court has ruled upon a number of writs in Nevada Supreme Court Case Nos.' 53432. 63545, 66772, 66772, 68292, 77254, 77473, and 81564. This matter is also currently on appeal in Nevada Supreme Court Case No. 87234.
- (2) This case involves a trust matter with a corpus in excess of \$10,000,000.

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I.

#### **RELIEF SOUGHT**

Petitioner seeks a writ of mandamus directing the district court to rule on the pending issues before it, specifically, the ELN Trust's Motion for Order Allowing Examination of Judgment Debtor, Lynita S. Nelson, Individually, and in her Capacity as Investment Trustee of the LSN Trust, and Motion to Convey Properties Titled in the Name of Pink Peonies, LLC/Pink Peonies Wyoming, LLC and Southern Magnolia, LLC.

II.

#### **ISSUES PRESENTED**

- 1. Did the district court err by finding that it lacked jurisdiction to consider pending issues because a party has appealed some, but not all, of a monetary judgment?
- 2. If it was appropriate for the district court not consider pending issues, did the district court err by not requiring a supersedeas bond be posted.

III.

#### FACTS NECESSARY TO UNDERSTAND THE ISSUES PRESENTED

This Court is intimately familiar with the facts and circumstances regarding the Parties in this matter as they have been involved in four (4) separate appeals, namely 66772, 68292, 77254 and 87234, and numerous writs. *See* 53432. 63545, 66772, 66772, 68292, 77254, 77473, and 81564.

Notwithstanding, the basic facts relating to the instant Writ, many of which come directly from this Court's Opinion in *Klabacka v. Nelson*, 133 Nev. 164, 394 P.3d 940 (2017), are as follows.

In 1993, Eric L. Nelson ("Eric") an Lynita S. Nelson ("Lynita"), husband and wife, entered into a separate property agreement in order to transmute their community assets into each Parties' respective separate property. *Klabacka*, 133

Nev. at 166, 394 P.3d at 943. Said separate property ultimately funded each Parties' respective separate property trust (*i.e.* Eric funded his separate property trust with his separate property and Lynita funded her separate property trust with her separate property). *See id*.

On May 30, 2001, Eric created a self-settled spendthrift trust named the Eric L. Nelson Nevada Trust dated May 30, 2001 ("ELN Trust") and funded said trust with the assets contained within his separate property trust. Conversely, on the same day, and Lynita created the Lynita S. Nelson Nevada Trust dated May 30, 2001 ("LSN Trust") and funded said trust with the assets contained within her separate property trust. *See id*.

Eric filed for divorce on May 6, 2009, and on August 9, 2011, both the ELN Trust and LSN Trust were added as necessary parties to the divorce action. *Klabacka*, 133 Nev. at 167, 394 P.3d at 944.

On June 3, 2013, the district court issued its Decree of Divorce, which was ultimately appealed by the ELN Trust. Said appeal resulted in this Court issuing its opinion in *Klabacka v. Nelson*, 133 Nev. 164, 394 P.3d 940 (2017), wherein it: "affirm[ed] in part and vacate[d] in part the district court's decree of divorce" . . . and remand[ed] this matter for further proceedings consistent with this opinion." *Klabacka*, 133 Nev. at 182, 394 P.3d at 954.

On remand, the parties were tasked with "tracing the assets contained within the [ELN Trust and LSN Trust] either through a reliable expert or other available means" in order to determine whether there was any community property in either the ELN Trust or LSN Trusts. *Klabacka*, 133 Nev. at 174, 394 P.3d at 949. A trial on the tracing and other issues relating to the remand occurred on March 28-31, 2022, April 1, 2022, April 6-7, 2022, April 27, 2022 and April 28, 2022. (Five years post-remand)

On June 29, 2022, the district court entered its Decision and Order wherein it concluded/found as follows: '[i]n conclusion, this Court has found that based upon the expert testimony and report by Anthem Forensics, and other testimony and exhibits presented before this Court, that Lynita has not met her burden of proof to establish by clear and convincing evidence that any community property exists with the parties respective SSSTs." *See* Decision and Order entered June 29, 2022. PAPP V1:1-22. As such, the district court ordered that "the separate property within the [ELN Trust] and [LSN Trust] from the period of May 30, 2001, to June 3, 2013, is not subject to an equitable distribution between Eric and Lynita pursuant to this Court's Decree of Divorce." *Id.* Notwithstanding, the district court requested additional evidence and testimony regarding an issue that is impertinent to the instant Writ.

On June 8, 2023, the district court entered an Order Granting in Part Motion for Immediate Payment of Funds Belonging to ELN Trust in favor of the ELN Trust against Lynita, individually, and the LSN Trust, in the amount of \$493,216.00. *See* June 8, 2023 Order. PAPP V1:23-30.

On July 27, 2023, the district court entered an Order After Hearing Denying Lynita S. Nelson's Motion to Retax Costs; and Order Awarding ELN Trust's Memorandum of Costs in favor of the ELN Trust against Lynita, individually, and the LSN Trust, in the amount of \$62,935.08. *See* July 27, 2023 Order. PAPP V1:31-34.

On July 27, 2023, the district court entered an Order After Hearing Granting ELN Trust's Request for an Award of Attorney's Fees in favor of the ELN Trust against Lynita, individually, and the LSN Trust, in the amount of \$239,772.30. *See* July 27, 2023 Order. PAPP V1:68-84.

On August 2, 2023, the district court entered an Order After Hearing Granting ELN Trust's Request for an Award of Attorney's Fees in favor of the

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ELN Trust against Lynita, individually, and the LSN Trust, in the amount of \$952,355.86 (BANONE, LLC: \$435,260 in principal and \$177,601.10 in interest; Lindell Office: \$147,667.90 in principal and \$60,253.58; Repayment of \$324,000.00: \$132,203.13 in interest). *See* August 2, 2023 Order. PAPP V1:68-84.

In summary, the ELN Trust has judgments in the cumulative amount of \$1,748,279.06 (plus statutory interest) against Lynita, individually, and the LSN Trust, which is broken down as follows:

- \$493,216.00, *see* June 8, 2023 Order;
- \$62,935.08, *see* July 27, 2023 Cost Order;
- \$239,772.30, see July 27, 2023 Attorneys' Fees Order; and
- \$952,355.68, see August 2, 2023 Order.
   TOTAL: \$1,748,279.06¹

On August 25, 2023, Lynita, individually, and as trustee of the LSN Trust filed her Notice of Appeal on the July 27, 2023 Order and August 2, 2023 Order. *See* Notice of Appeal. PAPP V1:85-87. It is important to note that the LSN Trust did not appeal the June 8, 2023 Order (in the amount of \$493,216.00) or the July 27, 2023 Cost Order (in the amount of \$62,935.08). Further, although the LSN Trust technically appealed the August 2, 2023 Order, said appeal is limited to the interest in the amount of \$370,057.81, not principal in the amount of \$582,928.05, that Lynita/the LSN Trust were ordered to pay.

As such, even though there are judgments against Lynita/the LSN Trust in favor of the ELN Trust in the cumulative amount of \$1,748,279.06, the LSN Trust has only appealed \$609,830.11 of said judgments (\$239,772.30 in attorneys' fees, see July 27, 2023 Order, and \$370,057.81 in interest, see August 2, 2023 Order). Therefore, even if successful on appeal, Lynita/the LSN Trust will still owe the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This does not include monies awarded to Eric in his individual capacity.

ELN Trust \$1,138,448.95 pursuant to the June 8, 2023 Order and July 27, 2023 Cost Order, neither of which were appealed, and the principal amount identified in the August 2, 2023 Order that is not being appealed.

In light of the fact that Lynita/the LSN Trust admittedly owes the ELN trust at least \$1,138,448.95, on September 18, 2023, the ELN Trust filed a Motion for Order Allowing Examination of Judgment Debtor, Lynita S. Nelson, Individually, and in her Capacity as Investment Trustee of the LSN Trust ("Motion for Debtor Examination").

Further, on September 22, 2023, the ELN Trust also filed a Motion to Convey Properties Titled in the Name of Pink Peonies, LLC/Pink Peonies Wyoming, LLC and Southern Magnolia, LLC ("Motion to Convey"). The Motion to Convey was intended to address the fact that the LSN Trust, during the pendency of the appeal in *Klabacka*, had transferred the majority of its real property to a number of entities that Lynita/the LSN Trust created without the knowledge or consent of Eric and/or the ELN Trust. Upon information and belief, Lynita/the LSN Trust transferred said assets to impede the ELN Trust's ability to collect on any judgment that it may ultimately receive against the LSN Trust. As such, the ELN Trust requested in its Motion to Convey that the Court compelling Lynita, in her capacity as Investment Trustee of the LSN Trust, to transfer said real property back to the LSN Trust.

On October 2, 2023, and October 6, 2023, respectively, the LSN Trust filed an opposition to the Motion for Debtor Examination and Motion to Convey. The LSN Trust's Opposition to the Motion for Debtor Examination also contained a Countermotion to Stay Execution of Judgment Pursuant to NRAP 8. Even though the LSN Trust failed to articulate why a stay of the entire judgment should be granted (in light of the fact that Lynita/the LSN Trust admittedly owe the ELN trust at least \$1,138,448.95), it conceded that should the stay of execution be granted

"Ms. Nelson will post a supersedeas bond pursuant to NRCP 62." See Opposition to Motion for Debtor Examination at 5:21-22.

On November 13, 2023, two (2) days before the hearing on the Motion for Debtor Examination, Motion to Convey and Motion for an Equitable Offset that was filed by Eric, individually, the district court entered an Order Vacating Hearing for Jurisdiction, which provides, in part:

The COURT FINDS that this matter is currently before the Supreme Court of Nevada. The Defendant filed her Notice of Appeal on August 25, 2023, and Case Appeal Statement on August 25, 2023; Cross-Claimant filed his Notice of Appeal on September 2, 2023, and Case Appeal Statement on September 2, 2023, and as a result, which the case is pending before the Supreme Court of Nevada, this Court lacks jurisdiction to consider the pending issues.

THEREFORE THIS COURT ORDERS that all hearings presently set for November 15, 2023 shall be VACATED.

THIS COURT FURTHER ORDERS that, following the completion of the appellate process, Plaintiff, Defendant and Cross-Claimant may file a Re-Notice of Hearing.

The district court's Order Vacating Hearing for Jurisdiction is contrary to Nevada law as a district court does in fact have jurisdiction to entertain pending motions despite the filing of an appeal. As such, the ELN Trust respectfully requests that this Court enter a Writ of Mandamus authorizing and instruction the district court to hear the outstanding issues.

IV.

### REASONS WHY RELIEF SHOULD ISSUE

A. The District Court Erred By Finding That It Lacked Jurisdiction To Consider Pending Issues Merely Because A Party Filed An Appeal.

This court does have jurisdiction to entertain the pending motions despite the filing of an appeal. A common misconception by parties is that filing a Notice

of Appeal automatically stays any further District Court action. The Nevada Supreme Court has repeatedly held this is not the case. In *State ex rel. P.C. v. District Court, 94 Nev. 42, 574 P.2d 272 (1978),* the Nevada Supreme Court held:

... not required to post a bond, is entitled to a stay of judgment upon the mere filing of the notice of appeal. Not only here would such a result torture our prevailing rules of court, but such a determination would render the language meaningless and would do untold mischief to the effective administration of justice.

In *Mack-Manley v. Manley, 122 Nev. 849, 138 P.3d 525 (2006)*, the Nevada Supreme Court held the District Court maintains jurisdiction to enforce its orders pending an appeal.<sup>2</sup>

In Foster v. Dingwall, 228 P.3d 453 (2010) the Nevada Supreme Court held:

We have further held that when an appeal is perfected, the district court is divested of jurisdiction to revisit issues that are pending before this court, [but] the district court retains jurisdiction to enter orders on matters that are collateral to and independent from the appealed order, *i.e.*, matters that in no way affect the appeal's merits. *Citing to* Mack-Manley, 122 Nev. At 855, 138 P.3d at 529-30.

In *Myers v. Haskins*, 381 P.3d 644 (Nev. 2012) the Nevada Supreme Court in a footnote, denoted:

In *Myers v. Haskins*, 381 P.3d 644 (Nev. 2012) the Nevada Supreme Court in a footnote, denoted: In light of this order. We deny as moot respondent's motion for temporary remand, in which he contends that the underlying proceedings are halted whenever appellant files a notice of appeal. We remind the parties and the district court that after a notice of appeal is filed, the district court retains jurisdiction to decide matters collateral to or independent from the issues on appeal, to enforce orders that are before this court on appeal, and to hold hearings concerning matters that are pending before this court. *Foster v Dingwall* 126 Nev. ------, ------, 228 P.3d 453, 455 (2010); *Mack-Manley v. Manley*, 122

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See also Rust v. Clark Cty. School District, 103 Nev. 686, 688, 747 P.2d 1380, 1382 (1987); Smith v. Emery, 11 109 Nev. 737, 740, 856 P.2d 1386, 1388 (1993); and Huneycutt v. Huneycutt, 94 Nev. 79, 80, 575 P.2d 585, 585 (1978)

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Nev. 894, 855, , 858, 138 P.3d 525, 531, 532 (2006) (providing that the district court has the authority to resolve matters that are collateral to and independent of the issues on appeal, "i.e., matters that in no way affect the appeal's merits," and explaining that a "district court is simply without jurisdiction to enter an order that modifies or affects the order being challenged on appeal. *Foster* 126 Nev. -----, 228 P.3d

The relevant case law makes it clear, that the District Court retains jurisdiction to enforce its court's orders pending an appeal.

### B. Should A Stay Issue A Supersedeas Bond Should Be Required

NRCP 62(c) provides:

**Injunction Pending an Appeal.** While an appeal is pending from an interlocutory order or final judgment that grants or refuses to grant, or dissolves or refuses to dissolve, an injunction, the court may stay, suspend, modify, restore, or grant an injunction on terms for bond or other terms that secure the opposing party's rights.

This Court may condition a party's request for a stay of judgment on the party's filing of a bond or appropriate security in the district court. NRAP 8(a)(2)(E)

As shown herein, the LSN Trust has already transferred a substantial amount of its assets to entities that may or not be owned by the LSN Trust. Absent a bond, it is likely that the ELN Trust will never be able to recover the substantial judgment awarded regarding of the outcome of this writ proceeding or the pending appeal.

V.

#### **CONCLUSION**

In light of the foregoing, Petitioner respectfully requests that this Court enter a writ of mandamus directing the district court to rule on the pending issues before it, specifically, the ELN Trust's Motion for Order Allowing Examination of Judgment Debtor, Lynita S. Nelson, Individually, and in her Capacity as Investment Trustee of the LSN Trust, and Motion to Convey Properties Titled in

the Name of Pink Peonies, LLC/Pink Peonies Wyoming, LLC and Southern Magnolia, LLC. Dated this 27th day of November, 2023. Respectfully Submitted, SOLOMON DWIGGINS FREER & STEADMAN, LTD. /s/ Jeffrey P. Luszeck JEFFREY P. LUSZECK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9619 Attorney for Petitioner 

<u>VERIFICATION BY DECLARATION</u>			
STATE OF NEVADA )			
) SS: COUNTY OF CLARK )			
Jeffrey P. Luszeck, Esq. hereby deposes and states under penalty of perjury:			
1. I am a partner at the law firm of Solomon Dwiggins & Freer, Ltd.,			
Counsel for Petitioner. I am over the age of 18 years and have personal knowledge			
of the facts stated herein, except for those stated upon information and belief, and			
as to those facts, I believe them to be true.			
2. This Petition for Writ of Mandamus ("Petition") is verified by me as			
Petitioner's counsel because the facts upon which the Petition is based are within			
my personal knowledge in that the issues primarily involve the lengthy procedural			
history of the instant matter and issue of law.			
3. I have participated in the drafting and reviewing of the Petition and			
know the content thereof. To the best of my knowledge, the Petition and the facts			
contained therein are true and correct, except those facts stated on information and			
belief of which I believe to be true.			
4. I certify and affirm that this Petition is made in good faith and not for			
purposes of delay.			
Dated this 27 <sup>th</sup> day of November, 2023.			
/s/ Jeffrey P. Luszeck			
JEFFREY P. LUSZECK, ESQ.			

#### <u>CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE</u> (NRAP FORM 9)

- 1. I hereby certify that this Petition For Writ of Mandamus ("Petition") complies with the formatting requirements of NRAP 32(a)(4), the typeface requirements of NRAP 32(a)(5) and the type style requirements of NRAP 32(a)(6) because this brief has been prepared in a proportionally spaced typeface using Microsoft Office Word 2010 in 14-point Times New Roman type style.
- 2. I further certify that this Petition complies with the page or type-volume limitations of NRAP 32(a)(7) because, excluding the parts of the brief exempted by NRAP 32(a)(7)(C), it is not proportionately spaced, has a typeface of 14 points, and contains 2,477 words.
- 3. Finally, I hereby certify that I have read this Petition, and to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, it is not frivolous or interposed for any improper purpose. I further certify that this Petition complies with all applicable Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, in particular NRAP 28(e)(1), which requires every assertion in the brief regarding matters in the record to be supported by appropriate references to page and volume number, if any, of the transcript or appendix where the matter relied on is to be found.

I understand that I may be subject to sanctions in the event that the accompanying brief is not in conformity with the requirements of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure.

DATED this 27<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2023.

SOLOMON DWIGGINS FREER & STEADMAN, LTD.

/s/ Jeffrey P. Luszeck

JEFFREY P. LUSZECK, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9619

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

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2	Pursuant to NRAP 21(a)(1), I hereby	certify that I am an employee of the			
3 4	law firm of Solomon Dwiggins & Freer, Ltd	., and that on November 27 <sup>th</sup> , 2023,			
5	served a true and correct copy of the foregoing PETITION FOR WRIT O				
6	MANDAMUS, via Hand Delivery and U	J.S. Mail, Postage Prepaid, to the			
7 8	following:				
9 10 11 12	Michelle A. Hauser, Esq. HAUSER FAMILY LAW 1489 W. Warm Springs Road, Suite 110 Henderson, Nevada 89014 michelle@hauserfamilylaw.com Attorney for Eric Nelson	Stacy Howlett, Esq. Michael Whittaker, Esq. Michaelson Law 1746 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway Henderson, NV 89012 Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 info@thedklawgroup.com Attorneys for Lynita Nelson			
14   15   16   17   18   19   19   220   221	Eighth Judicial District Court Family Division, Department O Judge Regina M. McConnel 601 N. Pecos Road Las Vegas, Nevada 89155	Curtis R. Rawlings, Esq. Pecos Law Group 8925 S. Pecos Road, Suite 14A Henderson Nevada 89074 curtis@pecoslawgroup.com Telephone: 702-388-1851 Attorney Lynita Sue Nelson and LSN Trust in an "Unbundled Capacity"			
22					
23		nerry J. Curtin-Keast			
24	An Employee of Solomon Dwiggins Freer & Steadman, Ltd.				
25					
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